

## UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948

 PART 1
## PRELIMINARY REPORT

of
INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS AND TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS FILED DURING 1949

## PREPARED UNDER DIRECTION OF THE

 COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE BY THE STATISTICAL DIVISION

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## JUL 271951

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

Treasury Department,

> Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue,
> Washington, D. C., June 22, 1951.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a preliminary report, Statistics of Income for 1948, Part 1, prepared from data reported on the individual income tax returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, and on the taxable fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, for the income year 1948.

The complete report will contain additional statistics compiled from these returns as well as data compiled from the gift tax returns, Form 709, filed by donors making gifts during 1948, and from estatetax returns, Form 706, filed during 1949.

Respectfully,
Geo. J. Schoeneman, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Hon. John W. Snyder,
Secretary of the Treasury.

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# PRELIMINARY REPORT STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948, PART 1 

## INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS

## SUMMARY DATA

The total number of individual income tax returns filed for the income year 1948 is $52,072,006$. This is $3,027,002$ returns, or 5.5 percent, less than were filed for the income year 1947. The current year returns consist of $19,245,300$ returns, Form 1040A, the employee's optional return; $20,203,306$ short-form returns, Form 1040; and 12,623,400 long-form returns, Form 1040.

There are $36,411,248$ taxable returns for 1948. This is a decrease of $5,167,276$ returns, or 12.4 percent, less than were filed last year. On the other hand, the nontaxable returns for 1948 number $15,660,758$ returns, which is an increase of $2,140,274$ returns, or 15.8 percent more than were received in 1947.

The optional standard deduction was used on $43,243,079$ returns for 1948; this is 83 percent of all returns filed. Among these returns there are $3,794,473$ returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the standard deduction is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income.

Individual returns for 1948, taxable and nontaxable, by form of return

| Form of return | Total | Taxable | Nontaxable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Form 1040A. | 19, 245, 300 | 12, 795, 500 | 6, 449, 800 |
| Form 1040 : | 20, 203, 306 | 12, 523, 432 | 7,679, 874 |
| Long-form: |  |  |  |
| With standard deduction, adjusted gross income \$5,000 or more | 3,794, 473 | 3, 794,473 |  |
| With itemized deductions: |  |  |  |
| Adjusted gross income under $\$$ \$,000-----.-- Adjusted gross income $\$ 5,000$ or more | 6, 744, 909 <br> 2, 084, 018 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,213,825 \\ & , ~ \\ & 084 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 531, 084 |
| Total | 52,072,006 | 36, 411, 248 | 15,660, 758 |

The adjusted gross income of $\$ 164,173,861,000$ for 1948 shows an increase of $\$ 13,878,586,000$, or 9.2 percent, over that reported for 1947. The adjusted gross deficit of $\$ 657,847,000$, reported on 326,309 returns, shows an increase of $\$ 98,654,000$, or 17.6 percent, over the previous year.

The income tax liability for 1948 is $\$ 15,441,529,000$, which is a decrease of $\$ 2,634,752,000$ or 14.6 percent from the tax liability of 1947.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Although the data in this report present a complete coverage of returns filed, they are subject to such revisions as are found necessary upon further processing of the returns for additional statistics for the complete report. Throughout the tables, money amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand and, therefore, may not add to the totals.

## RETURNS INCLUDED

Individual income tax returns included in this report are for the calendar year 1948, 'a fiscal year ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater part of the accounting period in 1948. The returns include Forms 1040 and 1040A, filed for citizens and resident aliens, and Form 1040B filed by nonresident aliens having a business within the United States. Tentative returns are not included and amended returns are used only if the original returns are excluded.
Form $1040 \AA$ is the employee's optional income tax return which may be filed by persons whose total income is less than $\$ 5,000$ consisting of wages from which tax is withheld and not more than a total of $\$ 100$ from other wages, dividends, and interest. The tax liability is determined by the collector of internal revenue on the basis of the income reported, in accordance with a tax table provided under Supplement T of the Internal Revenue Code. The tax in this table makes allowance for exemptions and also for the standard deduction in lieu of nonbusiness deductions and tax credits; the standard deduction is approximately 10 percent of the income. Husband and wife may file a joint return on Form 1040A if their aggregate income meets the requirements for use of this form. On a joint return, the tax liability, determined from the tax table by the collector, is the lower of two amounts: an aggregate of the tax on the separate income of the husband and of the wife or a tax on the combined income. (Tax on the combined income is the liability under the split-income method.)

Form 1040, the regular income tax return, which may be either a short-form or a long-form return, is used by persons who, by reason of the size or the source of their income, are not permitted to use Form 1040A, and by persons who, though eligible to use Form 1040A, find it to their advantage to use Form 1040. Persons with adjusted gross income of less than $\$ 5,000$, regardless of the source, may elect to file the short-form return on which nonbusiness deductions and tax credits are not reported and on which the tax is determined from the tax table provided under Supplement T, by the taxpayer on the basis of the adjusted gross income. If the taxpayer whose adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$ wishes to claim nonbusiness deductions in excess of the standard deduction allowed through use of the tax table, he must file the long-form return and compute the tax liability on the basis of net income after the allowable exemptions. Persons with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more file the longform return and compute the tax liability. In computing the net income to be taxed, the taxpayer may use, in lieu of nonbusiness deductions, the optional standard deduction which is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or an mount equal to 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that in the case of a separate return of a married person, the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.
An exiguous number of returns, Form 1040B, are filed by nonresident aliens having a place of business within the United States; these returns are edited so that the data thereon conform as nearly as possible to that tabulated from returns, Form 1040.

Nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income and returns with adjusted gross deficit included in Statistics of Income are filed in compliance with the requirement based on a specified amount of gross income (not adjusted gross income); also many returns not otherwise required to be filed are filed solely to claim refund of the tax withheld on wages. A brief résumé of the filing requirements for 1948 is included in the chart on pages 65-66.

Statistics are taken from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of official audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. For returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, the number of returns is obtained from records of the Bureau; but the distribution of the returns by classes and the related data together with their distribution by classes are estimated on the basis of samples which are described on pages 10-11.

## CHANGES IN THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE

Under the Revenue Act of 1948, amendatory of the Internal Revenue Code, there are several changes affecting the comparability of income and tax data for 1948 with those tabulated for 1947; the major changes are:
(a) An income tax return is required to be filed for every individual (citizen or resident) including minors, having $\$ 600$ or more (formerly $\$ 500$ ) gross income for the taxable year. Individuals whose gross income is less than $\$ 600$ and from whom tax was withheld should file a return to claim refund of tax.
(b) The per capita exemption for the taxpayer, his spouse, and dependents is increased, from the former $\$ 500$ exemption, to $\$ 600$.

Supplementing this general increase in per capita exemption, the 1948 Act also provides (1) an additional exemption of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer if he has attained the age of 65 before the end of the year and another $\$ 600$ exemption if blind at the end of the year; and (2) if a separate return is made by a taxpayer whose spouse has no income and is not dependent on another, an additional exemption of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer's spouse if he or she is 65 years of age before the close of the year, and another exemption of $\$ 600$ if such spouse is blind at the close of the year. These exemptions are allowable in computing both the normal tax and the surtax. (The additional exemption for blindness replaces the former special deduction of $\$ 500$ for blindness of the taxpayer.)
(c) The deduction for medical expenses paid in excess of 5 percent of adjusted gross income cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except in the case of a joint return of husband and wife the maximum is $\$ 5,000$.
(d) The optional standard deduction, formerly the smaller of $\$ 500$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, is increased to the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income; however, the limit for a married person filing a separate return remains at $\$ 500$.
(e) Although the tentative normal tax rate of 3 percent of normal tax net income and the tentative surtax rates ranging from 17 percent of the first $\$ 2,000$ of surtax net income to 88 percent of such income in excess of $\$ 200,000$, are retained, the 1948 act substitutes for the 5 percent reduction of the combined tentative taxes a series of larger reductions ranging from 17 percent of the first $\$ 400$ of combined tentative taxes to 9.75 percent of such taxes in excess of $\$ 100,000$. The combined normal tax and surtax, thus computed, cannot exceed an amount equal to 77 percent of the taxpayer's net income.

In case of a joint return of husband and wife, the combined normal tax and surtax is twice the combined normal tax and surtax determined on one-half the net income after applicable credits.
( $f$ ) The optional tax table under Supplement $\mathbf{T}$ is revised to reflect the increased amount of exemption, as well as the greater percentage reduction in the combined tentative normal tax and surtax, and to provide a tax on the basis of split-income for joint returns.
(g) The amount of tax withheld at source on wages paid on or after May 1, 1948, is reduced to 15 percent of the excess of wage payments over the withholding exemptions; and revised wage bracket withholding tables state the reduced amounts to be withheld.
( $h$ ) In the case of a fiscal year beginning in 1947 and ending in 1948, the tax liability is the sum of (1) that portion of a tax, computed under the law applicable to 1947 income, which the number of days falling in 1947 bears to the total number of days in the fiscal year, and (2) that portion of a tax, computed under the law applicable to 1948 income, which the number of days falling in 1948 bears to the total number of days in the fiscal year. The tax liability tabulated for fiscal year returns is the sum of the prorated taxes; but items other than the tax liability are those used in computing the tax applicable to the income year 1948.

For the tables in this report, individual returns are classified as taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, as returns with standard deduction or with itemized deductions, and by States and Territories; and taxable returns are classified for types of tax liability.

Taxable and nontaxable returns.-This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of a tax liability after the allowable tax credits.
Adjusted gross income classes.-Adjusted gross income, being common to all types of returns, supplies the base for segregating the returns into adjusted gross income classes; and the amount of net income or net deficit when computed is disregarded. Returns showing an adjusted gross deficit, without regard to the size, are designated "No adjusted gross income" and appear as the first adjusted gross income class under nontaxable returns.

Returns with standard deduction or with itemized deductions.-Returns with standard deduction are optional returns, Form 1040A, and short-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of less than $\$ 5,000$ on both of which the tax is determined from the tax table; and long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the optional standard deduction is used. The standard deduction in this case is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that on the return of a married person filing a separate return, the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.

Returns with itemized deductions are long-form returns, Form 1040, on which nonbusiness deductions are itemized in detail; long-form returns, Form 1040, with no deductions filed by spouses of taxpayers who itemized deductions (such spouses are denied the standard deduction); and returns with no adjusted income, Form 1040, whether or not deductions are itemized.

Types of tax liability.-Returns with normal tax and surtax are optional returns, Form 1040A, short-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$, on both of which the optional tax, determined from the tax table, is paid in lieu of the regular normal tax and surtax; and taxable long-form returns, Form 1040, except those on which the alternative tax with regard to capital gains is imposed.

Returns with alternative tax are long-form returns, Form 1040, wherein the net income includes a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, and the alternative tax liability is less than the regular normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes the net gain from sales of capital assets. The alternative tax (not effective on returns with surtax net income under $\$ 22,000$ ) is the sum of a partial tax computed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates on net income, reduced for this purpose by the amount of such long-term capital gain, and 50 percent of such long-term gain.

States and Territories.-This classification consists of the 48 States, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia. The segregation is determined by the location of the collection district in which the return is filed, except that for the District of Columbia, which comprises a
part of the collection district of Maryland, the segregation is determined from the address of the taxpayer. The Territory of Alaska comprises a part of the district of Washington; however, the sampling technique employed does not permit separate tabulation of returns showing an Alaskan address.

## SOURCES OF INCOME AND ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

Adjusted gross income is defined as gross income minus allowable trade and business deductions, expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, deductions for depreciation and depletion allowable to life tenants and income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales of property. Should these allowable deductions exceed the gross income, there is an adjusted gross deficit.

Adjusted gross income provides a means whereby different kinds of gross income are placed substantially on a par with each other; and, in cases where the adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$, the tax liability may be determined on the basis of adjusted gross income, directly from the tax table, at the option of the taxpayer. Before the concept of adjusted gross income was introduced, tax rates could not be applied to the income of persons engaged in a business or profession until the net income had been determined, that is, after there had been deducted not only the cost of doing business but also all deductions and credits the law allowed, including nonbusiness deductions such as contributions, medical expenses, taxes, interest, and casualty losses.

The amounts of income, profit, or loss tabulated as sources of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income are the net amounts to be included in the adjusted gross income; that is, gross receipts from business less trade and business expenses, salaries and wages less travel and lodging expenses in connection with employment, gross rents and royalties less expenses attributable thereto, net gains from sales of capital assets and from sales of other property, and allowable losses from capital assets and from sales of other property. When the deductions are such that the result is a net loss from the source to which they apply, the net loss nevertheless comprises a part of the adjusted gross income (or deficit); therefore, the net loss from any source as well as the net profit is tabulated as a component part of the adjusted gross income. The net profit and net loss from similar sources are tabulated in juxtaposition and when these positive and negative amounts are combined with the other items of income, the result is adjusted gross income (or deficit).

Income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income are tabulated in table 2 of this report, for all returns, for returns with standard deduction, and for returns with itemized deductions; and the items are described in accompanying footnotes. Frequency distributions of returns for each of the specific sources are presented in table 3. In table 5, salaries, dividends, and interest are tabulated by States and Territories.

The deductions tabulated in this report are those of a nontrade or nonbusiness character which are deductible from the adjusted gross income for the computation of net income (or deficit); these deductions are the allowable nonbusiness deductions reported by the segment of taxpayers who itemized their deductions and computed their tax liability without use of the tax table. Such nonbusiness deductions include contributions, medical expenses, taxes, interest, casualty losses, and other authorized deductions against adjusted gross income. These deductions are tabulated in table 2, part III, and described in footnotes; the frequency distributions of returns with deductions will be included in the final report.

The optional standard deduction is not tabulated. If the adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$, the optional standard deduction is approximately 10 percent of the adjusted gross income and is allowed automatically through use of the tax table. If the adjusted gross income is $\$ 5,000$ or more, the standard deduction to be used by the taxpayer in computing net income and tax liability is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or an amount equal to 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that in the case of a separate return of a married person, the standard deduction is $\$ 500$. Regardless of the amount of adjusted gross income, the standard deduction is not allowed the remaining spouse if the net income of one spouse is determined by itemized nonbusiness deductions. Although not tabulated, the standard deduction may be considered to be approximately 10 percent of the adjusted gross income under $\$ 10,000$ tabulated for returns with standard deduction; and on returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 10,000$ or more, the standard deduction is $\$ 1,000$ for each return, except that it is $\$ 500$ on a separate return of a married person.

## EXEMPTION

The amount of exemption allowed against net income for 1948 is the same for purposes of computing both the normal tax and surtax. If the taxpayer elects to pay the optional tax, the exemption is allowed automatically.

The allowable exemption consists of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer, $\$ 600$ for his spouse, and the additional exemptions of $\$ 600$ for blindness and $\$ 600$ for age over 65, of the taxpayer and his spouse, and $\$ 600$ for each dependent who is a close relative, specified by law, with income of less than $\$ 500$ and who received more than one-half of his support from the taxpayer.

The amount of exemption tabulated for Statistics of Income includes the exemption from returns with optional tax (Form 1040A and short-form 1040), wherein the exemption is allowed automatically, as well as the exemption from returns on which the tax is computed. Slight duplication in exemptions exists on account of dependents with less than $\$ 500$ income, who file a return in order to claim refund of tax withheld on wages; such wages are not taxable to the dependent, neither do they constitute a part of the gross income of the taxpaver claiming the dependent.

The tax liability includes the normal tax, surtax, and the alternative taxes paid in lieu thereof; namely, the optional tax, provided under Supplement T, and the alternative tax on income which includes a capital gain from sales of capital assets held for more than 6 months, provided under section 117 (c) (2).

Although the normal tax and surtax are separate entities, the two taxes are jointly computed and reported on the return. The tentative normal tax rate is 3 percent of the net income subject to normal tax; and the tentative surtax rates range from 17 percent of the first $\$ 2,000$ of surtax net income to 88 percent of such income in excess of $\$ 200,000$; however, the combined tentative normal tax and surtax is reduced by 17 percent of the first $\$ 400$ of combined tentative tax plus 12 percent of the combined tentative tax over $\$ 400$ but not over $\$ 100,000$ plus 9.75 percent of the excess over $\$ 100,000$. The resultant tax, computed without regard to tax credits, cannot exceed an amount equal to 77 percent of the taxpayer's net income. In the case of a joint return of husband and wife, the combined normal tax and surtax is twice the combined normal tax and surtax determined on the income (after deductions and credits against net income) reduced by one-half.

The optional tax, provided under Supplement T in the form of a tax table stating the tax liability for various adjusted gross income brackets and number of exemptions, may be used at the election of the taxpayer whose adjusted gross income from whatever source is less than $\$ 5,000$. The optional tax automatically allows for the standard deduction, which is 10 percent of the amount of the midpoint of the adjusted gross income bracket, and for the allowable exemptions, after which the optional tax is determined (to the nearest dollar) in the same manner and at the same rates as those used in computing the tax in detail. In tabulating tax data, no distinction is made between the optional tax and the combined normal tax and surtax.

The alternative tax on income containing a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss is imposed if, and only if, the alternative tax is less than the regular normal tax and surtax. The alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partial tax computed at the regular rates on net income reduced for this purpose by the amount of such long-term capital gain and (2) 50 percent of such long-term gain. The alternative tax occurs only on long-form returns, Form 1040, and is ineffective on separate returns with surtax net income under $\$ 22,000$, and joint returns with surtax net income under $\$ 44,000$.

The tax liability tabulated in this report is the tax after the two credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free convenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. These credits are reported only by taxpayers who itemized deductions. The tax credits are not tabulated this year. The tax liability is presented in table 2, for returns with standard deduction and for returns with itemized deductions; and in table 4 returns with normal tax and surtax are shown separately from returns with alternative tax.

For the majority of individuals, income tax is paid, in whole or in part on a current basis through the tax withheld on wages by employers and the payments made on declaration of estimated income tax by persons who are not subject to the withholding on wages or whose tax withheld is insufficient to cover the tax liability. If these payments do not cover the total tax liability, the balance is paid with the filing of the final return after the close of the income year. If the tax withheld and payments on declaration exceed the total tax liability, the overpayment of tax is refundable to the taxpayer unless he signifies on a return, Form 1040, that he wishes the overpayment to be credited on his 1949 estimated tax.

The amount of tax withheld on wages is determined by employers either by (1) use of the wage bracket withholding tables, in which the amounts to be withheld are based on various wage levels after an allowance for withholding exemption, or (2) application of the prescribed percentage rate to the amount of wages in excess of the withholding exemption. Amounts to be withheld under either method were reduced, by the 1948 act, applicable with respect to wages paid on or after May 1, 1948. Certain types of wage and salary payments, such as those for military service, agricultural labor, domestic service, and ministry of the gospel, are exempt from withholding. The amount of tax withheld is tabulated in table 2 and the frequency of returns showing a tax withheld is presented in table 3.

Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax, reported by the taxpayer on return, Form 1040, as a payment on the 1948 tax liability, are a combination of (1) amounts paid on the 1948 Declaration of Estimated Tax, Form 1040-ES, and (2) any eredit applied against the 1948 estimated tax on account of an overpayment of the 1947 income tax. Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax (including credit for 1947 tax overpayment) are tabulated in table 2; and a frequency of returns showing such payments is tabulated in table 3. This frequency is not indicative of the number of taxable declarations filed, but is rather a frequency of the income tax returns which show payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax as a payment on the 1948 tax liability; and such frequency is without regard to whether the payments are (1) only cash payments on 1948 declaration, (2) only credit claimed on account of the 1947 tax overpayment, or (3) a combination of cash payments on declaration and the credit for 1947 tax overpayment. A declaration of estimated tax does not necessarily result in actual payment because the estimated tax may be nil, or in the case of an estimated tax, the tax to be withheld and any credit for the prior year's tax overpayment may leave no unpaid balance.

Tax due at time of filing is the excess of the 1948 tax liability over the sum of the tax withheld, payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax, and any credit for the 1947 tax overpayment. The amount of tax due is paid with the filing of the final return after the close of the income year. The amount of tax due is shown in table 2, and the frequency of returns on which this item occurs is tabulated in table 3.

Overpayment of the 1948 tax liability occurs if the sum of (1) tax withheld, (2) payments on the 1948 declaration of estimated tax, and (3) credit for 1947 tax overpayment exceeds the 1948 tax liability.

Such tax overpayment is refundable, or at the request of the taxpayer using Form 1040, will be credited against his 1949 estimated tax. The amount of 1948 tax overpayment is tabulated in table 2 ; and the frequency distribution of returns with tax overpayment is shown in table 3. The final report will show the overpayment separated as to refunds and credit on 1949 estimated tax.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE SAMPLE AND LIMITATIONS OF DATA

Tables 1 to 4 in this report were derived from a basic stratified random sample of individual income tax returns designed to comprise 1 percent of returns, Form 1040A and Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$; 10 percent of returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income from $\$ 7,000$ to $\$ 10,000 ; 20$ percent of returns, Form 1040 , with adjusted gross income from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$; and 100 percent of returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 25,000$ or more. The different administrative processes applied to the various categories of returns in collectors' offices affected somewhat their availability for sampling. These categories were sufficiently heterogeneous with respect to data tabulated to warrant independent controls. Accordingly, returns in each of the above income ranges were further stratified to assure homogeneous groups subject to uniform administrative processing for sample selection, tabulation, and weighting purposes. Precise 1 percent, 10 percent, and 20 percent representation of returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$, from $\$ 7,000$ to $\$ 10,000$, and from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$, respectively, was not achieved. However, the over-all universes, applicable to the separate sampling strata, were independently estimated and the data tabulated from the samples were extended to such universes.

In computing the possible variation of a given frequency due to random sampling, a range of two standard errors was used; chances are 19 out of 20 that the frequency as estimated from the sample tabulation differs from the actual frequency, if the entire universe were tabulated, by less than twice the standard error. Variation beyond the two-error limit would occur only 1 time in 20 and would be sufficiently rare to justify a two-error range in defining sampling variability. Accordingly, in cells associated with taxable or nontaxable adjusted gross income classes under $\$ 7,000$, frequencies of the magnitude of 1 million or more are subject to variation of less than 2.8 percent; variation for lesser frequencies increases to a maximum of 9 percent at 100,000 , and a maximum of 28 percent at 10,000 . In cells associated with adjusted gross income classes from $\$ 7,000$ to $\$ 25,000$, frequencies of the magnitude of 100,000 or more are subject to less than 2.8 percent variation; variation for lesser frequencies increases to a maximum of 9 percent at 10,000 , and a maximum of 28 percent at 1,000 . The degrees of variability noted above relate only to cell frequencies and do not indicate the variability associated with money amounts of income, deductions, or tax.

Data in table 5, distributed by States and Territories, are derived from the basic sample described above, except that the returns with no
adjusted gross income are excluded since the sampling variability is too great to permit their presentation on a State basis. The aggregate data relative to returns with adjusted gross income by States in table 5 do not precisely agree with corresponding United States totals in tables 1 through 4. Minor discrepancies occur as a result of (a) the dual system of weighting, involving one series of weights uniformly applicable to all collection districts for the national distributions and independent scries of weights for each collection district for the State distributions, and (b) the use of rounded weighting factors.

## TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS

The total number of taxable fiduciary income tax returns filed for the income year 1948 is 101,283 . This is 8,714 returns, or 7.9 percent, less than were filed last year. The total income reported is $\$ 986,806,-$ 000 , a slight increase over the total income for 1947. The net income taxable to the fiduciary is $\$ 530,360,000$, resulting in a tax liability of $\$ 176,309,000$.

Comparative data, taxable fiduciary returns, 1948 and 1947
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


These preliminary data are subject to such revisions as are found necessary upon further processing of the returns for additional statistics for the complete report. Throughout the tables money amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand and, therefore, may not add to the totals.

The taxable fiduciary returns included in Statistics of Income are for the calendar year 1948, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1948. An exiguous number of taxable returns for estates and trusts filed improperly on Form 1040 are included; however, the data thereon are edited to conform to that reported on Form 1041. Tentative returns are not included and amended returns are used only if the original returns are excluded. Statistical data are completely tabulated from each taxable fiduciary return, prior to official audit by the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Although only the taxable fiduciary returns are included in Statistics of Income, nevertheless a return is required to be filed for an estate if the gross income is $\$ 600$ or more, for a trust if the net income is $\$ 100$ or more, or if the gross income is $\$ 600$ or more, regardless of
the net income, and for every estate or trust of which any beneficiary is a nonresident alien.

The rates of tax, the provisions respecting income to be reported, and the tax credits applicable to the income of individuals apply also to the income of estates and trusts. The net income of an estate or trust is computed in the same manner and on the same basis as in the case of an individual, except that, in lieu of the deduction for contributions to charitable, religious, scientific, literary, and educational organizations allowed to individuals, there is allowed as a deduction any part of the fiduciary gross income, without limitation, which is set aside to be used exclusively for such purposes; and there is allowed, as an additional deduction, the amount of income which is to be distributed currently or becomes payable to beneficiaries, as well as amounts which in the discretion of the fiduciary may be distributed to the beneficiary or accumulated, if such amounts are reported in the income of the beneficiary.

An estate is allowed an exemption of $\$ 600$ and a trust is allowed an exemption of $\$ 100$ in the form of a credit against net income for the purposes of both the normal tax and the surtax.

The tax, based on net income taxable to the fiduciary less exemption, is a liability of the fiduciary to be paid after the close of the income year inasmuch as fiduciary income is not subject to current collection.

Data with respect to sources of income reported on the taxable fiduciary returns are tabulated, as nearly as possible, in the same manner as those reported on the individual returns. The net profit and the net loss from a similar source reported under income are tabulated in juxtaposition so that when the positive and negative amounts are combined with other items of income, the resultant total income is an approximation of the adjusted gross income tabulated for individual returns elsewhere in this report. No tabulation for aggregate data from taxable fiduciary returns and individual returns is made for Statistics of Income.

It should be noted that the fiduciary return, Form 1041, differs in many respects from the individual return, Form 1040. Furthermore, the method of reporting certain items of income and deductions on the fiduciary return varies from the method of reporting similar items on the individual return, so that slight differences exist between some items common to both returns. These deviations can be determined from a comparision of the footnotes attached to the items.

Total income, being a combination of the profit and loss from rents and royalties, from trade and business, from partnerships, from sales of capital assets or other property, together with income from dividends, interest, other fiduciaries and miscellaneous income, provides a base for the classification of returns by size of income which is similar to the concept of adjusted gross income used for the classification of the individual returns.

In table 6, compiled from taxable fiduciary returns, income and loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, amount distributable, net income, exemption, and tax liability are tabulated by total income classes. Additional data and classifications will be included in the complete report.

## HISTORICAL DATA

Historical data showing number of returns, income, and tax for individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns are tabulated in table 7, by net income classes for 1914-1943; for 1944-1948, however, only the individual returns are included and the distribution is by adjusted gross income classes. Aggregate data for individual returns with no net income or with no adjusted gross income are included for 1928 and subsequent years. In comparing these data from year to year, consideration should be given to changes in the income tax laws. A chart showing filing requirements, exemption, and credit for dependent, 1914-1948, is inserted at the end of this report.


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For footnotes，see pp．54－56；for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．10－11．
Table 1.-Individual returns for 1948,









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For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.
［Adjusted gross Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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[^0]Table 2.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes-Part $I$, all returns; Part II, comprising adjusted gross income, adjusted gross income, deductions, exemption, tax liability, tax payments, and tax overpayment-Contd. PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



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Table 2.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes—Part I, all returns; Part II, deductinedur tar liability tas, income and tax over PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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 Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns.
Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more.

## For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

Table 2.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes-Part 1 , all returns; Part II, comprising adjusted gross income, adjusted gross income, deductions, exemption, tax liability, tax payments, and tax overpayment-Contd. PART II.-RETURNS WITH STANDARD DEDUCTION ${ }^{23}$
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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| Rents and royalties ${ }^{14}$ |  |  <br>  |
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For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.
$\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{Able}}$ 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II， returns with standard deduction；Part III，returns with itemized deductions：Number of returns，income or loss from each of the sources PART II．－RETURNS WITH STANDARD DEDUCTION ${ }^{23-C o n t i n u e d ~}$
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to whieh data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

Table 2.-Individual returns for 1948 , by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes-Part $I$, all returns; Part II, , adjusted gross income, deductions, exemption, tax liability, tax payments, and tax overpayment-Contd PART II.-RETURNS WITH STANDARD DEDUCTION ${ }^{23-C o n t i n u e d ~}$
Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 37 | 200 under 250 | 40 | 2,717 | 81 | 1,807 | 874 | 45 | 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 27 | 2,770 | 18 | 1,804 | 949 | (35) | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400. | 14 | 3,175 | 13 | 2,084 | 1,078 |  | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500. | 2 | 556 | 1 | 523 | 31 |  | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750. | 3 | 653 | 2 | 642 | 9 | (35) | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 2 | 1,752 | 9 | 1, 631 | 161 | 49 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under $2,000 \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000-.- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
|  | 4,000 under 5,000.... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns | 39, 064, 181 | 9, 032, 744 | 7, 338, 432 | 1,745,815 | 1. 204, 125 | 1,255, 626 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 51 | No adjusted gross income | 2, 625, 990 |  | 58,615 | 7, 127 |  | 65,742 | 50 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 1, 778, 408 |  | 47, 034 | 4,743 |  | 51,778 | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1. | 1, 752, 278 |  | 19,977 | 5,596 |  | 25, 572 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | 2, 215, 212 |  | 33, 242 | 5,586 |  | 38, 828 | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 - | 2, 057, 272 |  | 25,461 | 4,173 |  | 29, 634 | 55 |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 2,175, 851 |  | 25, 810 | 3,426 |  | 29, 236 | 56 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 | 2, 673, 683 |  | 40, 255 | 4,708 |  | 44, 963 | ${ }_{58}^{57}$ |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25- | 1, 830, 775 |  | 17,601 | 3, 089 |  | 20, 690 |  |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 . | 2, 068, 280 |  | 24, 743 | 2, 964 |  | 27, 706 | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 2, 002, 195 |  | 26, 832 | 3, 645 |  | 30. 477 | 60 |
| 61 62 | 2.75 under 3 | 1, 270, 807 |  | $\begin{array}{r}11,415 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,039 2,616 |  | 12,454 28,315 | 61 62 |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 | 1, 0999 |  | 13,578 | 2,881 |  | 14, 457 | 63 |
| 64 | 4 or more.- | 633,315 |  | 6,820 | 516 |  | 7,337 | 64 |
| 65 | Total nontaxable returns | 26, 443, 031 |  | 377, 083 | 50, 106 |  | 427, 189 | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 65, 507, 212 | 9, 032, 744 | 7,715, 515 | 1,795, 921 | 1,204, 125 | 1,682, 815 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns.--- | 58, 447, 696 | 5, 028, 501 | 5, 670, 844 | 380, 700 | 367, 847 | 1, 390, 881 | 67 |
| 68 |  | 7, 059, 516 | 4, 004, 248 | 2, 044, 670 | 1, 415, 231 | 836, 284 | 291, 934 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| Number of <br> returns | Salaries <br> and <br> wages 10 |
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For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

Table 2．－Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part $I$ ，all returns；Part $I I$ ． comprising adjusted gross income，adjusted gross income，deductions，exemption，tax liability，tax payments，and tax overpayment－Contd． PART III．－RETURNS WITH ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS ${ }^{24}$－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| $\text { Adjusted gross income classes }{ }^{1}$ |  |  |



[^1]
Table 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II， djusted gross income，deductions，exemption，tax liability，tax pay
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| 100 under 150 | 42,333 | 11,626 | 32,948 | 1,904 | 666 | 24, 518 | 113,994 | 35 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150 under 200 | 23, 242 | 5,747 | 15, 713 | 785 | 161 | 11,684 | 57, 332 | 36 |
| 200 under 250 | 13,878 | 2,957 | , 131 | 402 | 49 |  |  | ${ }_{38}$ |
| 250 under 300 | 9,711 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 589$ | 5,437 | 317 | 34 16 | 5, 606 | 23, 685 | 38 39 |
| 300 under 400 | 12,730 | 2,580 | 6,688 | 284 | 16 | 6,401 | 28, 699 | 40 |
| 400 under 500 | 6, 849 | 1, 2198 | 4, 4,813 | 827 | 5 | 4, 4 , 539 | 13, ${ }_{232}$ | 41 |
| 500 under 750 | 11,352 | 2, 718 | 2, 319 | 142 | 9 | 3,141 | 12,725 | 4 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 7,668 | 347 | 2,668 | 68 | 1 | 2,236 | 12,988 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 3,804 | 106 | 1, 050 | 6 |  | 1,068 | 6, 033 | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 3, 866 | 260 | 1,286 | 90 |  | 1,071 | 6,572 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 1,121 | 25 | 292 |  |  | 66 | 1,504 | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 1,280 | 7 | 279 | 1 |  | $\begin{array}{r}366 \\ 1,233 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, ${ }^{1}, 238$ | 47 |
| 5,000 or more. | 4, 098 | 211 | 664 |  |  | 1,233 | 6, 222 | 48 |
| Total taxable returns. | 1, 756, 240 | 892, 271 | 1, 478, 586 | 179, 034 | 1,039,806 | 1,600,522 | 6, 946,460 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ | 2,651 | 3,292 | 8, 208 | 2,448 | 3,711 | 10,843 | 31,153 | 50 |
| Under 0.5. | 1,015 | 1,129 | 2,448 | 334 | 3,310 | 2,122 | 10,357 | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 3,355 | 1,114 | 4,415 | 207 | 6,911 | 2,796 | 18,799 | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1. | 5,092 | 2, 402 | 7,015 | 873 | 13,707 | 4,923 | 34,014 | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 4, 643 | 3,086 | 7,529 | 1,176 | 12,942 | 5,714 | 35,089 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 9,078 | 5,330 | 10,739 | 1,194 | 20, 075 | 8,675 | 55, 088 | ${ }_{56}^{55}$ |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 7,508 | 5,638 | 10,023 | 2,355 | 20,513 | 8, 621 | 54, 657 | 56 |
| 1.75 under 2. | 7,002 | 5,755 | 9, 106 | 4, 250 | 20,951 | 7,731 | 54,795 | ${ }_{58}^{57}$ |
| 2 under 2.25 | 11, 507 | 9,647 | 12,246 | 2,736 | 24,630 | 13,154 | 73, 923 | ${ }_{59}^{58}$ |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | 9, 278 | 6,712 | 8,971 | 3,874 | 22,747 | 14,082 | 65, 665 | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 9,464 | 8,070 | 9,437 | 5,895 | 19,693 | 12,797 | 65, 355 | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 11,039 | 10,351 | 11,580 | 4, 042 | 20,702 | 16, 217 | 73, 333 | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 15,997 | 16, 195 | 15, 699 | 7,331 | 29,520 | 27,729 | 112,470 | ${ }_{63}^{62}$ |
| 4.5 under 4 | 11,420 15,442 | 11,744 20,989 | 10,602 20,974 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6, } \\ \text { 21, } \\ \text { 252 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 17,944 $\mathbf{2 7}, 060$ | 22, 235 70,596 | 80,895 176,391 | 64 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 124, 491 | 111, 460 | 148, 992 | 64,983 | 264, 421 | 228, 233 | 942, 581 | 65 |
| Grand total | 1,880, 731 | 1, 003, 731 | 1,627, 578 | 244, 017 | 1,304, 227 | 1, 828, 755 | 7, 889, 041 | 66 |
|  | 991, 976 | 467, 214 | 885, 142 | 86, 351 | 337, 880 | 1, 018, 098 | 3, 786, 662 | 68 |

Table 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II，
 PART III．－RETURNS WITH ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS ${ }^{24}$－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| 150 under 200 | 458, 304 |  | 5,645 | 246, 143 | 17,296 | 187, 684 | 45, 408 | 4,247 | 36 |
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| 200 under 250 | 252, 387 |  | 2, 361 | 144, 161 | 7,055 | 115,191 | 24,380 | 2,464 | 37 |
| 250 under 300 | 164, 042 |  | 1,217 | 97, 771 | 4,542 | 77,596 | 17,142 | 1,508 | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 200, 573 |  | 1,196 | 123, 926 | 4,646 | 100, 186 | 21,543 | 2,449 | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | 104, 717 |  | 472 | 66, 878 | 1,758 | 57,461 | 8,733 | 1,074 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 159, 460 |  | 513 | 103,198 | 2,212 | 86, 897 | 16,059 | 1,970 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 77,455 |  | 181 | 52,015 | ${ }_{447}^{591}$ | 43,650 53,747 | 8,300 | ${ }_{2} 52$ | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 87, 771 |  | 130 | 60, 021 | 447 | ${ }^{53,747}$ | 6,105 | 278 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 42,497 |  | 41 | 28, 189 | 328 | 26,597 | 1,679 | 415 | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 45, 960 |  | 37 | 31, 339 | 111 | 24, 626 | 7,052 | 449 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 11, 775 |  | 6 | 7,771 | 22 | 7,312 | 437 |  | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 11, 429 |  | 4 | 7,356 | 2 | 4,801 | 2, 554 |  | 47 |
| 5,000 or more. | 21,110 |  | 8 | 15,287 |  | 14, 346 | 941 |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns | 35, 965, 633 |  | 11, 792, 974 | 6, 408, 785 | 2, 818,060 | 3, 430, 220 | 1,003,021 |  | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ |  | 688, 999 | 496, 297 |  | 6,136 | 40,087 |  | 46, 223 | 50 |
| Under 0.5 under 0.75 | 3,479 28,862 | 4,429 <br> 2,609 | 32, 613 |  | 1,131 | 1,349 1,530 |  | 2, 2,681 | 51 |
| 0.75 under 1. | 51, 836 | 1,641 | 94, 103 |  | 2, 336 | 1,465 |  | 3,801 | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 54, 452 | 1,759 | 96, 433 |  | 1,812 | 2,541 |  | 4,355 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 112, 900 | 2, 342 | 160, 666 |  | 4, 130 | 2,571 |  | 6,701 | 55 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 96, 677 | 1,186 | 135, 103 | --7- | 3,726 | 1,803 |  | 5, 528 | 56 |
| 1.75 under 2. | 104, 310 | 1, 511 | 142, 295 |  | 4,067 | 2,150 |  | 6,217 | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 180, 616 | 1,058 | 218, 975 |  | 7,150 | 1,897 |  | 9, 048 | 58 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | 133, 581 | 1,024 | 164, 822 |  | 5,506 | 1,305 |  | 6, 813 | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 149, 827 | 1, 803 | 176, 888 |  | 5,950 | 2,488 |  | 8, 435 | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 187, 411 | 571 | 212, 797 |  | 7,031 | 1,733 |  | 8,764 | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 247, 908 | 1,570 | 281, 419 |  | 10,466 | 3, 894 |  | 14, 361 | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | 178, 158 | 2,254 | 198, 818 |  | 6,735 | 2, 548 |  | 9,284 | 63 |
| 4 or mor | 229, 456 | 11, 369 | 261, 188 |  | 10,431 | 8,798 |  | 19,219 | 64 |
| Total nontaxable retur | 1,759,468 | 724, 128 | 2, 739, 649 |  | 77, 104 | 76,150 |  | 153, 255 | 65 |
| Grand tota | 37, 725, 101 | 724,128 | 14, 532, 623 | 6, 408, 785 | 2, 895, 164 | 3, 506, 370 | 1, 003, 021 | 995, 769 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontax- | 15, 052, 144 | 724, 128 | 10, 437, 261 | 928, 150 | 1, 236, 793 | 198, 088 | 67,912 | 574, 641 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 22, 672, 967 |  | 4, 095, 362 | 5,480, 639 | 1,658, 372 | 3, 308, 288 | 935, 108 | 421,127 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.
Table 3．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes：Frequency distributions of returns for each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income，for each type of tax payment，and for tax overpayment

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| 39 | 300 under 400. | 683 | 500 | 647 | 589 | 63 | 263 | 67 | 96 | 45 | 204 | 52 | 39 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 269 | 192 | 254 | 241 | 31 | 108 | 35 | 33 | 62 | 65 | 23 | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 310 | 235 | 288 | 264 | 20 | 136 | 25 | 35 | 70 | 72 | 30 | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000. | 105 | 70 | 99 | 95 | 10 | 47 | 14 | 13 | 30 | 29 | 13 | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 87 | 64 | 82 | 79 | 7 | $35$ | $15$ | 10 | $26$ | $19$ | 6 | 43 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 3 | 8 | $4$ | 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $5$ |  | ${ }_{45}^{44}$ |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | $\stackrel{v}{2}$ | $1$ | 1 | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more | 4 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxaole returns | 36,411, 248 | 32, 724, 003 | 2,821,113 | 3,235, 356 | 222, 591 | 2, 225, 484 | 661,326 | 3, 662, 386 | 376, 310 | 1,279,461 | 94, 087 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income | 326, 309 | 48, 924 | 21, 596 | 29, 034 | ${ }^{38} 1,529$ | 31,488 | 22, 401 | 12, 164 | 244, 633 | ${ }^{39} 7,323$ | 41,256 | 50 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | 3, 299, 919 | 2, 914, 810 | 42, 591 | 69,383 | 12, 430 | 97, 959 | 17, 742 | 254, 221 | 42, 357 | 25, 648 | 388,905 | 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 1,781, 338 | 1, 381,559 | 65, 481 | 98, 004 | 21, 802 | 118, 667 | 10,681 | 264, 812 | 22, 527 | 34, 613 | ${ }^{384} 4,490$ | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1 | 1, 163, 603 | 788, 558 | 69,925 | 100,783 | 24, 000 | 112, 290 | 11, 573 | 263, 617 | 20,046 | 30, 574 | 383,458 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | 1, 402, 108 | 989, 963 | 68,962 | 99, 605 | 26, 221 | 118,951 | 13,525 | 331, 473 | 21,477 | 36, 199 | 383, 361 | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 1,156, 984 | 843,431 | 52, 650 | 75, 669 | 19, 230 | 85, 361 | 11, 866 | 282, 848 | 17, 553 | 30,657 | ${ }^{33} 3,006$ | 55 |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 1, 069, 108 | 816, 646 | 33, 180 | 51, 617 | 16, 310 | 72, 464 | 38 8, 392 | 246, 756 | 14, 714 | 31, 540 | ${ }^{38} 3,034$ | 56 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 | 1, 269, 056 | 993, 040 | 34, 591 | 51,674 | 11, 241 | 69, 398 | 11,761 | 284, 258 | 15, 693 | 40, 567 | ${ }^{38} 2,816$ | 57 |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25 | 782,705 | 626,794 | 26, 345 | 34,470 | 38 6, 521 | 44, 747 | 9,126 | 165, 082 | 9,267 | 24,730 | ${ }^{38} 1,559$ | 58 |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 829,850 | 685, 924 | 22, 455 | 33, 209 | ${ }^{38} 5,920$ | 47, 395 | ${ }^{38} 8,729$ | 157, 681 | 9,621 | 23, 154 | ${ }^{38} 1,692$ | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 779,680 | 651, 175 | 18,530 | 26, 288 | 384,030 | 40, 806 | 11, 005 | 144, 881 | 388,843 | 22, 650 | ${ }^{38} 1,748$ | 60 |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | 469,464 | 398, 304 | 10, 593 | 13, 742 | ${ }^{88} 2,000$ | 23, 279 | 38,5,003 | 82, 208 | ${ }^{38} 4,120$ | 12, 205 | $\left.{ }^{(39}\right)$ | 61 |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | 766, 295 | 661, 031 | 14,618 | 20, 164 | ${ }^{38} 1,522$ | 43, 108 | 38 8, 623 | 127, 235 | ${ }^{38} 7,479$ | 19,408 | ${ }^{\text {s8 }} 1,879$ | 62 |
| 63 | 3.5 under | 349, 766 | 302, 901 | 388,403 | 11, 620 | (39) | 23, 559 | ${ }^{38} 4,522$ | 59,982 | ${ }^{38} 3,202$ | 388,929 | 88974 | 63 |
| 64 | 4 or more | 214, 573 | 173, 532 | 10,889 | 12,909 | ${ }^{38} 1,260$ | 19,454 | ${ }^{38} 4,798$ | 47,772 | ${ }^{38} 2,832$ | ${ }^{38} 8,560$ | ${ }^{38} 1,009$ | 64 |
| 65 | Total nontaxable retu | 15, 660, 758 | 12, 276, 592 | 500, 809 | 728, 171 | 154, 726 | 948, 926 | 159, 747 | 2, 724, 484 | 444, 164 | 356, 757 | 79,634 | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 52, 072, 006 | 45, 000, 595 | 3, 321, 922 | 3,963, 527 | 377, 317 | 3,174,410 | 821, 073, | 6,387, 370 | 820,474 | 1,636, 218 | 173, 721 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income | 46, 193, 515 | 40, 377, 910 | 1,836, 473 | 2, 534, 038 | 306, 347 | 2, 411, 324 | 641, 595 | 5, 240, 847 | 708, 583 | 1,010,670 | 133, 351 | 67 |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 5, 878, 491 | 4, 622, 685 | 1, 485, 449 | 1, 429, 489 | 70,970 | 763, 086 | 179, 478 | 1, 146, 523. | 111,891 | 625, 548 | 40,370 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.
Table 3.-Individual returns for 1948 , by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes: Frequency distributions of returns
for each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income, for each type of tax payment, and for tax overpayment-Con.


| 37 | 200 under 250 | 808 | 346 | 11 | 36 | 499 | 175 | 787 | 1,304 | 1, 013 | 300 | 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 452 | 171 | 11 | 28 | 287 | 95 | 447 | 706 | 544 | 161 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400 | 449 | 172 | 7 | 21 | 282 | 115 | 403 | 681 | 524 | 156 | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 181 | 66 | 6 | 10 | 117 | 46 | 164 | 269 | 190 | 73 | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 218 | 74 | 13 | 11 | 149 | 53 | 188 | 307 | 233 | 75 | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 73 | 29 | 5 | 8 | 56 | 21 | 53 | 105 | 79 | 25 | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 50 | 28 | 5 | 7 | 43 | 19 | 43 | 87 | 64 | 23 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 19 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 16 | 3 | 13 | 29 | 20 | 8 | 44 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3.000 | 13 | 7 |  |  | 13 | 6 | 15 | 22 | 18 | 4 | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 |  | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more. | 4 |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  | 4 | 4 |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns | 1,364, 809 | 464, 985 | 89, 917 | 63,141 | 276, 296 | 1, 508, 949 | 31, 769, 937 | 4,250,519 | 8,099,095 | 27, 866, 234 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ - | 29, 379 | 20,100 | 383,702 | 12,945 | 38 2, 697 | 9, 276 | 41,356 | 61,315 |  | 95, 896 | 50 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | 24, 416 | 14, 943 | 38 2, 138 | 38 4,071 | 38 3, 749 | 63, 065 | 2, 767, 259 | 42,593 |  | 2, 805, 293 | 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 24, 766 | 9,696 | 38 3, 931 | ${ }^{38} 2,256$ | 38.5, 920 | 54, 214 | 1, 183, 422 | 47, 554 |  | 1, 227, 679 | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1 | 31, 397 | 10,870 | ${ }^{38} 3,937$ | 38 3, 076 | 38 7, 042 | 45, 415 | 563, 858 | 55, 647 |  | 614, 836 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | 37, 490 | 13, 204 | 38, 4, 128 | ${ }^{38} 2,949$ | 387, 254 | 56, 414 | 718, 671 | 65, 468 |  | 778, 341 | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 30, 873 | 9, 065 | 38 3, 672 | 38 2, 733 | 38 6, 563 | 43, 295 | 600, 673 | 55, 290 |  | 650, 629 | 55 |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 23, 823 | ${ }^{38} 5,985$ | 38 3, 213 | 381,609 | 38 3, 963 | 43, 515 | 581, 609 | 43, 859 |  | 621, 592 | 56 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 | 27, 069 | ${ }^{38} 6,731$ | 38 4, 730 | 382,876 | ${ }^{38} 2,961$ | 46, 770 | 761, 779 | 55, 947 |  | 810,109 | 57 |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25 | 18,325 | 886, 049 | 38 3, 296 | 381,330 | 382,031 | 28, 508 | 438, 762 | 33, 251 |  | 468, 152 | 58 |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 20, 145 | 885,243 | 38 3, 090 | 381,553 | 38 2, 852 | 29, 021 | 523, 535 | 33, 211 |  | 555,879 | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 18, 750 | ${ }^{39} 4,970$ | 38 2, 696 | 381,300 | 38 2, 173 | 27, 223 | 517, 873 | 34,1S7 |  | 546, 091 | 60 |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | 9, 616 | 38 3, 429 | 38 1,943 | (39) | (39) | 11, 657 | 316, 526 | 14, 786 |  | 329, 336 | 61 |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | 16, 491 | 38 4,589 | 381,613 | ${ }^{38} 1,373$ | ${ }^{38} 1,685$ | 25, 423 | 550, 490 | 27, 795 |  | 574, 959 | 62 |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 | 9,361 | 38 2, 949 | 38 2, 494 | $\left({ }^{(39}\right)$ | -38921 | 13, 654 | 258, 268 | 12, 251 |  | 26S, 383 | 63 |
| 64 | 4 or more. | ${ }^{38} 7,632$ | 383,315 | ${ }^{38} 1,632$ | (39) | ${ }^{38} 1,675$ | ${ }^{38} 6,445$ | 146, 523 | 12,476 |  | 156, 474 | 64 |
| 65 | Total nontaxable retur | 329, 533 | 121, 138 | 46,215 | 39, 971 | 52,090 | 503, 895 | 9, 975, 604 | 595, 630 |  | 10,503, 619 | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 1,694, 342 | 586, 123 | 136, 132 | 103,112 | 328, 386 | 2, 012, 844 | 41, 745, 541 | 4, 846, 149 | 8, 099, 095 | 38,369, 853 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 969, 246 | 327, 156 | 102, 646 | 77, 515 | 171, 332 | 1, 756, 522 | 37, 272, 111 | 2, 762,096 | 5,698,550 | 34, 925, 442 | 67 |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 725, 096 | 258, 967 | 33, 486 | 25,597 | 157, 054 | 256, 322 | 4, 473, 430 | 2, 084, 053 | 2,400, 545 | 3,444, 411 | 68 |

[^3]Table 4.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by types of tax: Number of


For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.
Table 4．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by adjusted gross income classes，and by types of tax：Number of ［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures，except average tax，in thousands of dollars］
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For footnotes, see pp. 55-56.

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## For footnotos, see pp. 55-56.

Table 6.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued


| 150 under 200 | 555 | 717 | 1,602 | 2,875 | 26, 762 | 14,688 | 12,074 | 40 | 6,497 | 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 under 250 | 309 | 508 | 1,070 | 1,888 | 22, 025 | 11, 713 | 10, 312 | 23 | 5,983 | 38 |
| 250 under 300 | 407 | 351 | ${ }^{852}$ | 1,610 | 19,159 | 11,459 | 8,760 | 18 | 4 | 40 |
| 300 under 400 | ${ }_{24}$ | ${ }_{319}^{441}$ | 1,255 | 2,668 | 11, 108 | 6,552 | 4,556 | ${ }_{6}$ | 2.817 | 41 |
| 500 under 750 | 335 | 295 | 1,164 | 1,794 | 18,923 | 14,197 | 4,725 | 6 | 2,771 | 42 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 248 | 193 | 237 | 678 | 13,601 | 6, 279 | 7,322 | 4 | 4,794 | 43 |
| 1,000 under 1,500. | 59 | 109 | 527 | 695 | 16,083 | 9,502 | ${ }_{3}^{6} 497$ | 1 | 3, ${ }_{2}$ | $4{ }_{4}^{44}$ |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 | 394 | ${ }_{383}$ | ${ }_{663}$ | 10,790 | 6,697 | 4,092 | 1 | 2,149 | 46 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 125 | + 59 | 167 | 257 | 6,274 | 2, 655 | 3,619 |  | 1,837 | 47 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  | 4, 261 | 288 | 3,973 |  | 1,987 | 48 |
| 5,000 or more | 79 | 1 | 21 | 102 | 10,838 | 50 | 10,788 | 1 | 8,375 | 49 |
| Total taxable returns | 10,403 | 21, 492 | 47,530 | 79,425 | 907, 381 | 377, 021 | 530, 360 | 30,799 | 176,309 | 50 |
| Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000$ | 903 9,500 | 3,309 18,182 | 6,055 41,475 | 10,264 69,157 | 115,452 791,926 | 25,084 351,937 | 90,370 439,990 | 21,055 9,746 | 11,795 164,514 | 51 52 |
| Taxable returns with total income of \$5,000 or more. | 9,500 |  |  |  |  | 351,937 |  |  |  | 52 |

[^5]
## Footnotes for tables 1 through 6

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted gross income classes are based on the amount of adjusted gross income (see note 2), regardless of the amount of net income or net deficit when computed; returns with adjusted gross deficit are lesignated "Nu adjusted gross income" and the size of the deficit is disregarded.
${ }^{2}$ Adjusted gross income means gross income minus allowable trade and business deductions, expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, certain deductions of life tenants and income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales or exchanges of property. Should these allowable deductions exceed the gross income, there is an adjusted gross defieit.
3 Tax liability after deducting tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on tax-free covenant bond interest and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. Such credits are reported on individual returns, Form 1040, with itemized deductions.

4 This class includes the nontaxable returns with $\$ 4,500$ or more adjusted gross income.
${ }^{5}$ Returns with no adjusted gross income are returns showing adjusted gross deficit (see note 2); that is, retarns on which the deductions allowable for the computation of adjusted gross income equal or exceed the gross income.
${ }^{6}$ Less than 0.005 percent.
${ }^{7}$ Not computed.
${ }^{8}$ Adjusted gross deficit.
${ }^{9}$ Adjusted gross income less adjusted gross deficit.
10 Salaries and wages include annuities, pensions, and retirement pay reported in the schedule for salaries, but exclude wages not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return from which no tax was withheld, reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 20).
${ }^{11}$ Dividends, foreign and domestic, include partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, but exclude dividends not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 20) and all dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries.

12 Interest received includes interest on notes, mortgages, bank deposits, corporation bonds before amortization of bond premium, and taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations before amortization of bond preminm; also, includes, when received through partnerships and fiduciaries, partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Excludes interest, not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 20).
${ }^{13}$ Income from annuities and pensions is only the taxable portion of amounts received during the vear. Amounts received to the extent of 3 percent of the total cost of the annuity are reported as income for each taxable year, until the aggregate of amounts received and excluded from gross income in this and prior years equals the total cost. Thereafter, entire amounts received are taxable and must be included in adjusted gross income. Annuities, pensions, and retirement pay upon which tax is withheld may be reported in salaries and wages.

14 Net profit from rents and royalties is the excess of gross rents received over deductions for depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses attributable to rent income; and the excess of gross royalties over depletion and other royalty expenses. Conversely, net loss from these sources is the excess of the respective expenses over gross income received.
${ }^{15}$ Net profit from business is the excess of gross receipts from business over deductions for business
expenses and the net operating loss deduction due to the unabsorbed net operating loss from business, partnership, and common trust funds for the two preceding years. Conversely, net loss from business is the excess of business expenses and net operating loss deduction over total receipts from business.
${ }^{16}$ Partnership net profit or loss excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and net gain or loss from sales of capital assets. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed.
${ }^{17}$ Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable loss used in computing adjusted gross income. Each is the result of combining net short- and long-term capital gain and loss and any capital loss carry-over from the years 1943-47, inclusive, not previously deducted. Deduction for the loss, however, is limited to the amount of such loss, or to the net income (adjusted gross income if taxed under Supplement T) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.
Sales of capital assets include worthless stocks, worthless bonds if they are capital assets, nonbusiness bad debts, certain distributions from employees' trust plans, and each participant's share of net short- and long-term capital gain and loss to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds.
18 Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets is that from the sales of (1) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) obligations of the United States or any of its possessions, a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issucd on or after March J, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue, and (3) real property used in trade or business.
${ }^{19}$ Income from estates and trusts excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. (The net operating loss deduction is allowed to estates and trusts and is deducted in computing the distributable income.)
${ }^{20}$ Miscellaneous income includes alimony received, prizes, rewards, sweepstakes winnings, gambling profits, recoveries of bad debts or insurance received as reimbursement for medical expenses if deduction for either was taken in a prior year. For returns with standard deduction, there is included $\$ 40,448,000$ of wages not subject to withholding, dividends, and interest, not exceeding in total $\$ 100$ per return, reported as other income on 896,400 returns, Form 1040A.
${ }^{21}$ Amount of exemption, allowed for purposes of both normal tax and surtax, includes the per capita exemption of the taxpayer, his spouse, and each dependent, together with additional exemptions of $\$ 600$ for blindness and $\$ 600$ for age over 65 , of the taxpayer and his spouse.
22 Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax include the credit for overpayment of prior year tax as well as the aggregate payments made on the declaration, Form 1040-ES. The frequeney of returns with such payments includes returns showing credit only, cash payments only, and those showing both.
${ }^{23}$ Returns with standard deduction are optional returns, Form 1040A, and short-form returns, Form 1040 , with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$, on both of which the tax is determined from the tax table; and long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the
(Footnotes continued on p. 55)

## Footnotes for tables 1 through 6-Continued

standard deduction is used. On the latter returns, the standard deduction is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of adjusted gross income, except that on the return of a married person filing a separate return the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.
${ }^{24}$ Returns with itemized deductions are long-form returns, Form 1040. on which nonbusiness deductions are itemized; long-form returns, Form 1040, with no deductions filed by spouses of taxpayers who itemized deductions (such spouses are denied the standard deduction); and returns, Form 1040, with no adjusted gross income whether or not deductions are itemized.
${ }^{25}$ Contributions, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include each partner's share of charitable contributions of partnerships, but cannot exceed 15 percent of the adjusted gross income.
${ }^{26}$ Interest, reported on returns with itemized deductions, is that paid on debts, bank loans, or mortgages, but excludes interest paid on busincss debts reported in schedules for rents and business, and interest on loans to buy tax-exempt securities, single-premium life insurance, or endowment contracts.
${ }_{27}$ Taxes paid, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include personal property taxes, State income taxes, certain retail sales taxes, and real estate taxes except those levied for improvements which tend to increase the value of property. This deduction does not include Federal income taxes; estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, or gift taxes; taxes on shares in a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the taxpayer; taxes deducted in the schedules for rents and business; income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as tax credit; nor Federal social security and employment taxes paid by or for the employee.
${ }^{28}$ Losses resulting from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or theft, reported on returns with itemized deductions, are the actual nonbusiness losses sustained, that is, the value of such property less salvage value and insurance or other reimbursement received.
${ }^{29}$ Medical and dental expenses, reported on returns with itemized deductions, paid for the care of the taxpayer, his spouse, or dependents, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, which exceed 5 percent of the adjusted gross income. The deduction cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except on a joint return of husband and wife the maximum is $\$ 5,000$.
30 Miscellaneous deductions, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include alimony payments, expenses incurred in the production. or collection of taxable income or in the management of property held for the production of taxable income, amortizable bond premium, the taxpayer's share of interest and real estate taxes paid by a cooperative apartment corporation, and gambling losses not exceeding gambling gains reported in income.
${ }^{31}$ Net income, reported on returns with itemized deductions, is the excess of adjusted gross income over itemized deductions.
${ }^{32}$ Net deficit reported on nontaxable returns, Form 1040. consists of adjusted gross deficit on shortform returns and the net deficit on long-form returns resulting from the combination of adjusted gross deficit and itemized deductions or from the excess of itemized deductions over adjusted gross income. There is a net deficit on 367,779 returns of which 326,309 show no adjusted gross income and 41,470 show adjusted gross income of various amounts and itemized deductions of larger amounts.
${ }^{33}$ Nontaxable returns are those with no adjusted gross income and returns with adjusted gross income
which, when reduced by deductions, standard or itemized, and exemptions, results in no tax liability. The 1,204,775 nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income and with itemized deductions include 41,470 returns with net deficit.
${ }^{34}$ Number of returns associated with this item is subject to sampling variation of more than 100 percent. Such items are not shown separately since they are considered too unreliable for general use; however, they are included in totals. For description of sample see pp. 10-11.

## 35 Less than $\$ 500$.

36 Excludes returns Form 1040A, with source of income reported as other income (see note 20 ).
${ }^{37}$ Includes 896,400 returns, Form 1040A, showing other income consisting of wages not subject to withholding, dividends, and interest not exceeding in total $\$ 100$ per return.
${ }^{33}$ Number of returns is subject to maximum sampling variation of 30 to 100 percent, depending on the number in the cell. For description of sample, see pp. 10-11.
${ }^{39}$ Number of returns is subject to sampling variation of more than 100 percent and is considered too unreliable for general use; therefore the number is not shown separately, but is included in the totals. For description of sample, see pp. 10-11.

40 Arerage tax is based on the tax liability after deducting the two tax credits relating to the income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. Such credits are allowed only on returns with itemized deductions.
${ }^{41}$ Returns with normal tax and surtax consist of (1) the optional returns, Form 1040A, and short-form returns, Form 1040, wherein the optional tax is paid in lieu of normal tay and surtax, and (2) long-form returns, Form 1040, on which the regular normal tax and surtax are reported; that is, all taxable long-form returns except those on which the alternative tax is imposed (see note 42).
${ }^{42}$ Returns with alternative tax are long-form returns, Form 1040, whercin (1) the net income includes a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, and (2) the alternative tax is less than the regular normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes net gain from sales of capital assets. Alternative tax (not effective on returns with surtax net income under $\$ 22,000$ ) is the sum of (1) a partial tax computed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates on net income reduced for this purpose by such long-term gain and (2) 50 percent of the long-term gain.
${ }^{43}$ Includes Alaska.
${ }^{44}$ Total income classes are based on the amount of total income tabulated for taxable fiduciary returns (see note 52).
45 Dividends, foreign and domestic, exclude partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations and all dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
45 Interest on bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds, taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Also includes such Government interest and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{47}$ Trade or business profit or loss is the current year profit or loss. (Net operating loss deduction is reported in miscellaneous deductions.)

43 Partnership net profit or loss excludes taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government

## Footnotes for tables 1 through 6-Continued

obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and net gain or loss from sales of capital assets. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed.
49 Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable loss used in computing the net income taxable to the fiduciary. Each is the result of combining net short- and longterm capital gain and loss and any capital loss carryover from the years 1943-47, inclusive, not previously deducted. Deduction for the loss, however, is limited to the amount of such loss, or to the net income computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.
Sales of capital assets include worthless stock, worthless bonds if they are capital assets, nonbusiness bad debts, certain distributions from employee's trust plans, and each participant's share of net short- and long-term capital gain and loss to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds.
${ }^{50}$ Income from fiduciaries excludes taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations.
${ }^{51}$ Miscellaneous income includes taxable income from sources other than those specified on the return form.
${ }_{53}$ Total income is the amount resulting from the combination of profit or loss from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, from sales or exchanges of property, together with income from dividends, interest, estates, and from miscellaneous income. (Total income is an approximation of the adjusted gross income tabulated for individual returns.)
${ }^{53}$ Interest is that paid on debts, mortgages, and bank loans; it does not include interest reported in schedule for business or rent income, nor interest on indebtedness incurred to buy tax-exempt securities, single-premium life insurance, or endowment contracts.
${ }^{54}$ Tases paid include State income taxes, certain retail sales taxes, and real estate taxes except those levied for improvements which tend to increase the value of property. This deduction does not include Federal income tax, estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, or gift taxes; nor taxes imposed upon shares in a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the taxpayer; taxes deducted in the schedules for business and rent income, nor income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as a tax credit.
${ }^{55}$ Miscellaneous deductions include the net operating loss deduction, losses resulting from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty or from theft, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, and other authorized deductions for which no separate provision is made on the return form.
${ }^{56}$ Balance income is the excess of total income over total deductions; that is, income before the amount distributable to beneficiaries is deducted.
${ }^{57}$ Net income taxable to the fiduciary is the net income after subtracting from the balance income the amount distributable to beneficiaries.
${ }^{58}$ Exemption is $\$ 600$ for each estate and $\$ 100$ for each trust, in the form of a credit against net income for purposes of both the normal tax and surtax.
${ }^{59}$ Tax liability after tax credits relating to in some tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and income tax paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1948), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1914 | 1915 | 151916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 . |  |  |  | 1, 640,758 | 1,516,938 | 1,924, 872 |
| 2 under 3 | 149, 279 | 127, 994 | 157, 149 | 838,707 560,763 | $\begin{array}{r}1,496,878 \\ 932,336 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $1,569,741$ $1,180,488$ |
| 5 under 10 | 127,448 | 120, 402 | 150, 553 | 270,666 | 319,356 | 1,180,488 |
| 10 under 25 | 58, 603 | 60, 284 | 80,880 | 112,502 | 116,569 | 162,485 |
| 25 under 50 | 14,676 | 17,301 | 23, 734 | 30, 391 | 28, 542 | 37,477 |
| 50 under 100. | 5,161 | 6, 847 | 10,452 | 12,439 | 9,996 | 13, 320 |
| 100 under 150 | 1,189 | 1,793 | 2, 900 | 3,302 | 2,358 | 2, 983 |
| 150 under 300 | 769 | 1,326 | 2,437 | 2,347 | 1, 514 | 1,864 |
| 300 under 500 | 216 | 376 | 714 | 559 | 382 | 425 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 114 | 209 | 376 | 315 | 178 | 189 |
| 1,000 or more... | 60 | 120 | 206 | 141 | 67 | 65 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 357,515 | 336,652 | 429, 401 | 3,472,890 | 4, 425, 114 | 5,332, 760 |
| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 1 | 2, 671,950 | 2, $\begin{array}{r}401,849 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 402,076 2. 471,181 | 368,502 $2,523,150$ | 344,876 $2,413,881$ | - $\begin{array}{r}98,178 \\ 1,071,992\end{array}$ |
| 2 under 3 | 2, 569,316 | 2,222. 031 | 2,129, 898 | 2,472,641 | 2,112, 993 | 842,528 |
| 3 under 5 | 1,337, 116 | 1, 072, 146 | 1, 190, 115 | 1,719,625 | 1,800,900 | 1,327, 683 |
| 5 under 10 | 1 455,442 | 1, 353, 247 | - 391, 373 | - 387, 842 | 437,330 | 1, 503, 652 |
| 10 under 25 | 171, 830 | 132,344 | 151, 329 | 170,095 | 191,216 | 236, 779 |
| 25 under 50 | 38,548 | 28,946 | 35, 478 | 39, 832 | 47,061 | 59, 721 |
| 50 under 100 | 12,093 | 8,717 | 12,000 | 12, 452 | 15, 816 | 20, 958 |
| 100 under 150 | 2,191 | 1,367 | 2,171 | 2,339 | 3,065 | 4, 759 |
| 150 under 300 | 1,063 | 739 | 1,323 | 1,301 | 1,876 | 3,223 |
| 300 under 500 | 239 | 162 | 309 | 327 | 457 | 892 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 123 | 63 | 161 | 141 | 242 | 479 |
| 1,000 or more.-. | 33 | 21 | 67 | 74 | 75 | 207 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income......... | 7, 259,944 | 6,662,176 | 6,787, 481 | 7,698,321 | 7, 369, 788 | 4, 171, 051 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted grass income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1925 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1--------------------------- | 119,513 | 126, 745 | 111,123 | 126, 172 | 150,000 | 185,391 |
| 1 under 2 | 1,045,519 | 996, 098 | 918,447 | 903, 082 | 909, 155 | 862, 153 |
| $2{ }_{3} 2$ under 3 - | 837, 792 | $\begin{array}{r}855,762 \\ 1,209 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 837, 781 | 810,347 | 767, 684 | 675, 019 |
| 5 under 5 | $1,240,400$ 560,549 | $1,209,345$ 567,700 | $1,192,613$ 628,766 | $1,172,655$ 658,039 | 1, 070,239 | 912,630 |
| 10 under 25 | 246, 730 | 252, 079 | 270, 889 | 271,454 | 198,762 | 417,655 137,754 |
| 25 under 50 | 57,487 | 60, 123 | 68.048 | 63, 689 | 40,845 | 24,308 |
| 50 under 100 | 20, 520 | 22,573 | 27, 207 | 24, 073 | 13,645 | 7,830 |
| 100 under 150 | 4,724 | 5, 261 | 7,049 | 6,376 | 3,111 | 1,634 |
| 150 under 300 | 3,267 | 3,873 | 5,678 | 5,310 | 2,071 | 1,056 |
| 300 under 500 | 892 | 1,141 | 1,756 | 1,641 | 2,052 | -268 |
| 500 under 1,000. | 468 | 557 | 983 | 976 | 318 | 149 |
| 1,000 or more | 231 | 290 | 511 | 513 | 150 | 77 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 | 4,070,851 | 4,044,327 | 3,707, 509 | 3, 225, 924 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 | 4, 143, 680 | 4,136,872 | 3,852,376 | 3, 410, 507 |
| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1--- | 359, 688 | 397.676 | 320, 460 | 299, 594 | 277, 803 | 297, 143 |
| 1 under $2 .-$ | 1, 489,589 | 1,480, 717 | 1,608,095 | $1,777,931$ $1,123,699$ | 2,111, 789 | 2, 524,763 |
| 3 under 5 | 907, <br> 703,755 | 599,075 | 762, 386 | 1, 873,673 | 1,029. 144 | 1, 1251.213 |
| 5 under 10 | 251, 014 | 229, 754 | 290, 824 | 339, 842 | 440,886 | 471, 171 |
| 10 under 25 | 79,210 | 75, 643 | 102.892 | 123; 564 | 176, 649 | 178, 446 |
| 25 under 50 | 18, 480 | 18, 423 | 20,931 | 26,029 | 41,137 | 38,948 |
| 50 under 100 | 5,902 | 6,021 | 6,093 | 8,033 | 13, 620 | 12,318 |
| 100 under 150 | 995 | 1,084 | 982 | 1,395 | 2,606 | 2, 269 |
| 150 under 300 | 595 | 695 | 690 | 896 | 1,544 | 1,358 |
| 300 under 500 | 140 |  | 116 | 206 | 330 | 312 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 86 | 81 | 86 | 109 | 178 | 162 |
| 1,000 or more | 20 | 50 | 33 | 41 | 61 | 49 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 3, 877, 430 | 3, 723, 558 | 4,094, 420 | 4, 575, 012 | 5, 413,499 | 6,350, 148 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ | 206, 293 | 168, 449 | 104, 170 | 94,609 | 73, 272 | 83,904 |
| Grand total | 4,053, 723 | 3,892.007 | 4,198,590 | 4, 669, 621 | 5, 486,771 | 6, 434, 052 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-48; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1040 A, not distributed |  |  |  | 10, 252, 708 | 16, 106, 039 | 20, 341, 523 |
| Under 1. | 389, 871 | 374, 223 | 1,941, 122 | 1, 976,368 | 3, 228,706 | 3.097, 513 |
| 1 under $2{ }^{12}$ | 2, 433, 949 | 3, 036, 444 | 5, 026, 595 | 5, 754, 402 | 7, 172, 627 | 6, 108, 585 |
| 2 under 3 | 1, 614, 982 | 2, 060, 540 | 5, 264,991 | 4, 722, 477 | 5, 430, 790 | 6,341, 999 |
| 3 under 5 | 1, 172, 409 | 1, 468, 402 | 1, 652, 825 | 2, 199, 668 | 3, 422, 331 | 6, 096, 027 |
| 5 under 10 | 415, 596 | 484, 698 | 539, 159 | 636, 901 | 785, 785 | 1, 107, 412 |
| 10 under 25 | 140, 781 | 164, 707 | 189, 291 | 243, 081 | 300, 161 | 390, 203 |
| 25 under 50- | 26, 336 | 31,992 | 37, 264 | 49, 521 | 65, 137 | 86, 203 |
| 50 under 100 | 7,259 | 9, 272 | 10. 673 | 14,850 | 19,793 | 25, 362 |
| 100 under 150 | 1, 326 | 1,618 | 1,964 | 2,784 | 3,585 | 4, 535 |
| 150 under 300 | 766 | 935 | 1,131 | 1,620 | 1,985 | 2, 361 |
| 300 under 500 | 207 | 212 | 267 | 367 | 415 | 456 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 118 | 111 | 128 | 169 | 199 | 222 |
| 1,000 or more | 57 | 45 | 52 | 57 | 40 | 55 |
| Total individual and tax- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| with net income | 6, 203, 657 | 7,633, 199 | 14, 665, 462 | 25, 854, 973 | 36,537, 593 | 43, 602, 456 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ | 100, 233 | 82,461 | 112,697 | 99,828 | 163, 136 | 216, 738 |
| Grand total | 6,303, 890 | 7, 715, 660 | 14, 778, 159 | 25, 954, 801 | 36, 700, 729 | 43, 819, 194 |


| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prelimi- } \\ \text { nary } \\ 1948 \end{gathered}$ |
| Individual returns: <br> With adjusted gross income: ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 260, 590 | 5, 452, 051 | 4, 716, 303 | 4, 315, 873 | 3, 299, 919 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 6, 068,006 | 6, 213, 141 | 6, 174, 202 | 5, 437, 964 | 4, 471, 102 |
| 1 under $1.5{ }^{12}$ | 7, 222, 582 | 7, 319, 124 | 7. 259. 343 | 6, 363, 078 | 5, 178, 887 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 6, 863, 662 | 7, 175, 731 | 7, 894, 044 | 7.357, 596 | 5, 966, 397 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 6, 000,454 | 6, 348, 181 | 7.430, 633 | 7, 606, 050 | 6, 296, 154 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 5. 301, 072 | 5, 252, 169 | 6, 021,035 | 6, 846, 245 | 6, 163, 256 |
| 3 under 4 | 6, 918, 693 | 6,737, 442 | 7, 036, 187 | 9, 162, 536 | 9, 396, 744 |
| 4 under $5{ }^{13}$ | 2, 816, 977 | 2, 612, 825 | 2, 796, 585 | 3, 886, 687 | 5, 094, 747 |
| 5 under 10 under 15 | 1, 834, 433 | 1, 885, 471 | 2, 331, 853 | 2, 837, 585 | 4, 666, 206 |
| 10 under 15 under 20 | 298, 478 | 353, 346 | 452, 271 | 486, 961 | 599, 545 |
| 15 under 20 under 25 | 129, 466 | 155, 308 | 192, 540 | 201, 300 | 236, 438 |
| 20 under 25 under 50 | 67,537 | 83. 229 | 100, 361 | 102,386 | 122, 221 |
| 25 under 50 under 100 | 100, 467 | 120, 220 | 145, 231 | 146, 782 | 185, 076 |
| 50 under 100 under 150 | 28,963 | 33, 495 | 39, 101 | 38, 049 | 52, 725 |
| 100 under 150 | 4, 873 | 5, 530 | 6, 373 | 6, 353 | 9, 619 |
| 150 under 300 | 2, 581 | 2, 871 | 3, 339 | 3,417 | 5, 145 |
| 300 under 500 500 under 1,000 | 473 | 528 | 652 | 658 | 952 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 221 | 258 | 323 | 302 | 415 |
| 1,000 or maore. | 62 | . 71 | 94 | 114 | 149 |
| Total. | 46, 919, 590 | 49, 750, 991 | 52, 600, 470 | 54, 799, 936 | 51, 745, 697 |
| With no adjusted gross income ${ }^{14}$ | 191, 905 | 181, 792 | 216, 077 | 299, 072 | 326, 309 |
| Grand total. | 47, 111, 495 | 49, 932, 783 | 52, 816, 547 | 55, 099, 008 | 52, 072, 006 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Net income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| Individual returns and taxable <br> fiduciary returns, with net <br> income: <br> Under <br> Un_-........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 |  | 2, 461, 137 | 2, 232, 355 | 2, 829, 113 | 4, 050, 067 | 3, 620, 762 |
| 2 under 3 |  | 2, 064, 977 | 3, 626, 825 | 3, 807, 286 | 6, 184, 543 | 5, 325, 931 |
| 3 under 5 | 624, 669 | 2, 115, 865 | 3, 535, 219 | 4, 513, 264 | 5, 039, 607 | 4, 054, 891 |
| 5 under 10 | 1, 037, 248 | 1. 827,508 | 2, 145, 690 | 2, 954, 137 | 3, 068, 331 | 2, 378, 759 |
| 10 under 25 | 1, 235, 016 | 1,687, 166 | 1, 736, 548 | 2, 412, 276 | 2, 547, 905 | 1, 958, 156 |
| 25 under 50 | 822, 662 | 1, 042, 320 | 978, 043 | 1,277, 365 | 1,307, 785 | 979, 629 |
| 50 under 100 | 722,795 | 846, 894 | 679, 721 | 896, 497 | 810.386 | 582, 230 |
| 100 under 150 | 357, 355 | 400, 492 | 284, 107 | 358, 393 | 265, 512 | 163, 521 |
| 150 under 300 | 505, 859 | 474, 652 | 305, 025 | 371, 149 | 215, 139 | 145, 948 |
| 300 under 500 | 271, 938 | 209, 905 | 144, 545 | 159, 071 | 89, 314 | 61, 343 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 256, 771 | 214, 631 | 119, 076 | 128, 290 | 79,963 | 42, 780 |
| 1,000 or more.. | 464, 264 | 306, 836 | 137, 487 | 152, 650 | 77, 078 | 49, 411 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 6, 298, 578 | 13, 652, 383 | 15, 924, 639 | 19, 859, 491 | 23, 735, 629 | 19,577, 213 |
| Net income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1-.-.-.--------------- | 247, 564 | 18, 252, 513 |  | 58,306 | 67, 238 |  |
| 1 under 2 | 3, 630, 571 | ${ }^{16} 3,693,642$ | 3, 564, 474 | 1, 774, 602 | 1,747, 917 | 1,645,576 |
| 2 under 3 | 5, 153. 497 | 16 6, 073,444 | 5, 277, 147 | 2, 047, 970 | 2, 042, 903 | 2, 062,275 |
| 3 under 5 | 4, 500, 558 | ${ }^{16} 6,469,195$ | 6, 827, 924 | 5, 236, 003 | 4. 872, 789 | 4, 700, 816 |
| 5 under 10 | 2, 641, 905 | ${ }^{16} 2,653,026$ | 2, 991, 188 | 3, 463, 852 | 3, 838, 953 | 3, 895, 759 |
| 10 under 25 | 2, 255, 872 | ${ }^{16} 2,538,079$ | 2, 855, 397 | 3, 544, 898 | 3, 660, 622 | 3, 748, 058 |
| 25 under 50 | 1, 208, 274 | 1, 350, 680 | 1, 599, 848 | 2, 032, 239 | 1,954, 653 | 2, 051, 771 |
| 50 under 100 | 805, 224 | 833, 898 | 1, 066, 784 | 1, 418, 948 | 1, 389, 339 | 1, 535, 387 |
| 100 under 150 | 260, 204 | 280, 656 | 377, 645 | 572,860 | 570, 190 | 636,019 |
| 150 under 300 | 266, 814 | 260, 584 | 374, 609 | 655, 300 | 661,412 | 787, 270 |
| 300 under 500 | 116,672 | 124, 569 | 171, 249 | 339, 774 | 340, 214 | 431, 122 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 107, 671 | 95, 107 | 158, 462 | 327, 368 | 317, 881 | 378, 167 |
| 1,000 or more. | 141, 387 | 152, 072 | 155, 974 | 422, 457 | 494, 394 | 600, 641 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 21, 336, 213 | ${ }^{18} 24,777,466$ | 25, 656, 153 | 21, 894, 576 | 21, 958, 506 | 22, 545, 091 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Net income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1------------------- | 64, 535 | 73, 742 | 86, 892 | 106, 622 | 231, 140 | 264, 784 |
| 1 under 2 | 1, 526, 832 | 1, 499, 908 | 1, 494, 526 | 1,399, 430 | 2, 145, 834 | 2, 093, 292 |
| 2 under 3 | 2, 030,901 | 1, 958, 595 | 1, 864, 162 | 1, 641, 594 | 2, 437, 251 | 2, 295, 586 |
| 3 under 5 | 4, 648, 098 | 4, 572, 596 | 4,151, 967 | 3, 515, 716 | ${ }^{18} 2,597,915$ | 2, 207, 458 |
| 5 under 10 | 4, 282, 520 | 4, 481, 576 | 3, 723, 763 | 2, 807, 001 | 1, 677, 039 | 1,537, 875 |
| 10 under 25 | 4, 037, 853 | 4, 025, 233 | 2, 922, 750 | 2, 006, 721 | 1, 160, 398 | 1,112, 086 |
| 25 under 50 | 2. 326, 503 | 2, 174, 458 | 1,383, 619 | 820, 648 | 629, 639 | 630,005 |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 857, 878 | 1,646, 476 | 919, 040 | 528, 049 | 393, 206 | 401, 049 |
| 100 under 150 | 850, 451 | 770, 536 | 374, 171 | 196, 598 | 119, 896 | 129, 159 |
| 150 under 300 | 1, 157, 131 | 1, 087,410 | 419, 016 | 212, 059 | 118, 008 | 139, 215 |
| 300 under 500 | 663, 900 | 628, 229 | 207, 131 | 102, 186 | 52,469 | 54, 570 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 670,862 | 669, 878 | 211, 693 | 102, 311 | 57,874 | 56, 700 |
| 1,000 or more.- | 1, 108, 863 | 1, 212, 099 | 359, 905 | 166, 060 | 35, 240 | 86, 857 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 25, 226, 327 | 24, 800, 736 | 18, 118, 635 | 13, 604, 996 | ${ }^{16} 11,655,909$ | 11, 008, 638 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ | $7499,213$ |  | ${ }^{17} 1,539,452$ | ${ }^{17} 1,936,878$ | ${ }^{17} 1,480,922$ | ${ }^{17} 1,141,331$ |


| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Net income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1...---------------- | 211, 113 | 198, 900 | 187,113 | 202, 401 | 259, 833 | 253,911 |
| 1 under 2 | 2, 277, 726 | 2,534, 828 | 3, 011, 409 | 3, 592, 283 | 3, 430, 143 | 4. 327, 850 |
| 2 under 3 | 2, 467, 851 | 2, 831, 583 | $3,325,252$ <br> 3 <br> 3 | 3, 980, 864 | 4, 091, 500 | 5, 201, 699 |
| 5 under 10 | 2, $1,952,891$ | 2, 2823 , 2402 | 3, $2,977,790$ | 4, 470,571 | 2, 783, 893 | 5, 241, 405 |
| 10 under 25 | 1, 513, 592 | 1, 822, 271 | 2, 628,692 | 2, 639, 518 | 2, 059, 779 | 2, 416,728 |
| 25 under 50 | 708530 | 882, 309 | 1, 400, 493 | 1, 319, 431 | 886, 398 | 1, 079, 972 |
| 50 under 100 | 405, 976 | 535, 772 | 913,518 | 824, 261 | 484, 768 | 617, 798 |
| 100 under 150 | 117, 744 | 166, 379 | 311, 279 | 272, 264 | 158, 413 | 193, 959 |
| 150 under 300 | 140,960 | 179, 911 | 307, 930 | 272, 724 | 154, 996 | 187, 482 |
| 300 under 500 | 43, 832 | 77,907 | 124, 523 | 117, 477 | 78, 441 | 81, 387 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 59,464 | 73, 811 | 122, 762 | 114, 399 | 81, 396 | 74, 090 |
| 1,000 or more. | 57, 775 | 73, 630 | 107, 641 | 85, 416 | 110, 103 | 81, 370 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 12, 796, 802 | 14, 909, 812 | 19, 240, 110 | 21, 238, 574 | 18, 897, 374 | 23, 191, 871 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ | ${ }^{17} 412,859$ | ${ }^{17} 381,353$ | ${ }^{17} 286,632$ | ${ }^{17} 308,518$ | ${ }^{17} 354,156$ | 17234, 327 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Net income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Under 3, Optional Form 1040A, not distributed...- | 1525,260 | 17, 531, 107 | 25, 715, 974 | 31,086, 413 |
| 1 under $2{ }^{12}$ | 7.361,338 | 8, 8 , 872,128 | $2,120,387$ $10,869,169$ | 9, 2454,184 |
| 2 under 3-- | 12, 583, 632 | 11,479,181 | 13, 294, 849 | 15, 863, 154 |
| 3 under 5 | 6,014, 768 | 8,000, 997 | 12,453, 166 | 22,181, 366 |
| 5 under 10 | 3, 604, 433 | 4, 286, 515 | 5, 254, 452 | 7,383, 871 |
| 10 under 25 | 2, 785, 641 | 3,533. 574 | 4, 452, 963 | 5, 801, 889 |
| 25 under 50 | 1, 257,086 | 1,673,403 | 2. 201, 992 | 2, 912, 220 |
| 50 under 100 | 712,495 | 991,006 | 1,324,652 | 1,690,758 |
| 100 under 150 | 235, 754 | $3: 3,998$ | 431, 323 | 544, 220 |
| 150 under 300 | 226,596 | 322, 432 | 394, 634 | 465, 726 |
| 300 under 500 | 101, 756 | 139.765 | 156. 857 | 172,486 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 84, 224 | 115, 661 | 132, 358 | 149,986 |
| 1,000 or more | 95, 564 | 106. 091 | 86, 586 | 98,860 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 36,588,546 | 58, 868, 025 | 78, 889, 362 | 99,585, 627 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ | ${ }^{17} 311,385$ | ${ }^{17}$ 292, 023 | ${ }^{17} 198,598$ | ${ }^{17} 226,346$ |


| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | $\underset{1948}{\text { Prelimninary }}$ |
| Individual returns: <br> With adjusted gross income: 4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| With adjusted gross income: 4 <br> Under 0.5 | 947, 548 | 1,498,401 | 1,295, 218 | 1,169, 815 | 928,133 |
| 0.5 under 1. | 4, 594, 223 | 4,660, 978 | 4,652, 820 | 4, 093, 033 | 3,383,376 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 9,082, 812 | 9, 213, 989 | 9,107, 885 | 7, 970, 953 | 6,503,699 |
| 1.5 under 2. | 11, 988, 824 | 12, 537, 887 | 13,818,825 | 12,892,953 | 10,469, 379 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 13, 454, 630 | 14, 236, 038 | 16.660, 568 | 17,088, 079 | 14, 164, 492 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 14, 530, 659 | 14, 394, 603 | 16,467, 266 | 18,780, 176 | 16, 921, 193 |
| 3 under 4 | 23, 773, 010 | 23, 142, 517 | 24, 113, 899 | 31, 476, 430 | 32, 484, 906 |
| 4 under $5{ }^{13}$ | 12, 432, 205 | 11, 541, 980 | 12,380, 802 | 17, 229, 570 | 22,716,705 |
| 5 under 10 | 11, 735, 065 | 12, 273, 236 | 15, 288, 504 | 18,433. 619 | 29,818,294 |
| 10 under 15 | 3, 602, 112 | 4. 267,146 | 5, 460, 356 | 5, 870, 665 | 7,200, 668 |
| 15 under 20 | 2, 224, 022 | 2, 668, 955 | 3, 306, 371 | 3, 455, 452 | 4, 054, 251 |
| 20 under 25 | 1,504,311 | 1, 853,715 | 2, 232, 572 | 2, 276,347 | 2, 717,601 |
| 25 under 50 | 3, 388, 703 | 4, 052, 666 | 4, 885, 091 | 4,923, 479 | 6, 237, 807 |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 926, 020 | 2, 232,799 | 2, 593,410 | 2, 525, 752 | 3,516,082 |
| 100 under 150 | 584,702 | 661,464 | 761, 223 | 759, 938 | 1,153, 456 |
| 150 under 300 | 510, 236 | 569, 597 | 660, 887 | 678,000 | 1,017,684 |
| 300 under 500 | 177,025 | 202, 032 | 243, 268 | 249, 255 | 353, 350 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 149, 017 | 169, 744 | 216, 896 | 201, 811 | 274, 704 |
| 1,000 or more | 109, 611 | 123, 384 | 184, 145 | 214, 946 | 258, 072 |
| Total | 116, 714, 736 | 120, 301, 131 | 134, 330,006 | 150, 295, 275 | 164, 173, 861 |
| With no adjusted gross income ${ }^{14}$ | ${ }^{17} 249,771$ | 1217 292, 472 | 17 ${ }^{13} 247,206$ | 17559, 193 | 1717 ${ }^{17}$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-49, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 16,244 | 26,482 | 24, 696 | 36,860 | 29, 161 |
| 2 under 3 - |  | 9, 097 | 35, 415 | 28, 258 | 45, 508 | 20, 712 |
| 3 under 5 | 776 | 18, 283 | 82,929 | 75, 915 | 83. 496 | 42,744 |
| 5 under 10 | 6,301 | 44, 066 | 93,058 | 91, 538 | 97,886 | 68,871 |
| 10 under 25 | 11, 637 | 80,695 | 142,449 | 164, 833 | 172, 259 | 126,886 |
| 25 under 50 | 11, 603 | 76, 593 | 130, 241 | 154, 946 | 154, 265 | 112,910 |
| 50 under 100 | 16, 299 | 85, 028 | 147, 429 | 186, 358 | 163, 718 | 115,712 |
| 100 under 150 | 12,423 | 55, 766 | 95, 680 | 118, 705 | 86,588 | 52,330 |
| 150 under 300 | 24, 007 | 86,718 | 136, 156 | 163, 095 | 92,604 | 61,496 |
| 300 under 500 | 17, 951 | 50, 228 | 79, 165 | 86,031 | 47,043 | 31, 860 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 20,902 | 59,349 | 69, 834 | 76, 228 | 45, 641 | 25, 112 |
| 1,000 or more... | 51,487 | 109,425 | 88,885 | 99,027 | 49,185 | 31, 420 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. $\qquad$ | 173, 387 | 691,493 | 1,127, 722 | 1,269, 630 | 1,075, 054 | 719,387 |
| Net income classes I | Tax ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 <br> 1 under 2 | $\begin{array}{r} 247 \\ 27,081 \end{array}$ | 16 $\begin{array}{r}317 \\ 18,253\end{array}$ | 146 10,432 | $\begin{array}{r}69 \\ 1,704 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 56 1,761 | - ${ }^{40}$ |
| 2 under 3 | 20, 730 | ${ }^{16} 16,606$ | 10, 207 | 3,809 | 4,217 | 3,970 |
| 3 under 5 | 47, 533 | ${ }^{16} 46,048$ | 26,855 | 8, 326 | 7,245 | 6,508 |
| 5 under 10 | 70, 388 | ${ }^{16} 54,075$ | 28,828 | 19,149 | 20,272 | 20,665 |
| 10 under 25 | 123, 576 | ${ }^{18} 103,109$ | 78, 069 | 74, 172 | 72, 465 | 74, 226 |
| 25 under 50 | 125, 697 | 103, 601 | 109, 360 | 120, 689 | 112, 797 | 119,475 |
| 50 under 100 | 144, 093 | 108, 879 | 136, 636 | 147, 843 | 140,947 | 156,675 |
| 100 under 150 | 71,337 | 55, 719 | 75, 678 | 79,472 | 77,900 | 87,398 |
| 150 under 300 | 98, 810 | 62,104 | 92, 481 | 103, 059 | 103, 997 | 123,776 |
| 300 under 500 | 43,488 | 31,669 | 45,771 | 55,722 | 55, 256 | 73,750 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 38,559 | 25, 498 | 42,585 | 53, 674 | 53,665 | 64, 265 |
| 1,000 or more | 49,518 | 35,788 | 47, 207 | 66, 867 | 81, 893 | 98, 657 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | .861, 057 | ${ }^{16} 661,666$ | 704, 265 | 734, 555 | 732,471 | 830,639 |
| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 <br> 1 under 2 | 60 1,550 | 17 553 | 37 1,269 | ${ }_{943}^{24}$ | 12, ${ }^{103}$ | 10, 345 |
| 2 under 3 | 4,317 | 1,404 | 3,310 | 2,466 | 9,822 | 7,710 |
| 3 under 5. | 7,475 | 2, 413 | 5,352 | 3,832 | 20,895 | 18,397 |
| 5 under 10 | 22, 896 | 9, 551 | 17,448 | 12,407 | 35, 615 | 35, 077 |
| 10 under 25 | 82,758 | 59,893 | 49, 561 | 31,897 | 50, 150 | 54, 977 |
| 25 under 50 | 136, 568 | 113, 904 | 72,708 | 40,096 | 43, 546 | 52,355 |
| 50 under 100 | 194,447 | 160, 814 | 87,379 | 44,780 | 47, 150 | 57,491 |
| 100 under 150 | 116, 855 | 99, 560 | 48,749 | 23, 135 | 24, 469 | 30, 369 |
| 150 under 300 | 182, 514 | 159, 221 | 62,463 | 28,793 | 31, 912 | 40,412 |
| 300 under 500 | 113, 250 | 97, 336 | 33, 053 | 15,411 | 18, 554 | 17, 910 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 116, 424 | 106,219 | 34, 289 | 15,457 | 19,016 | 21, 221 |
| 1,000 or more | 185, 140 | 191,054 | 61,098 | 26,886 | 16,476 | 27,759 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | 1, 164, 254 | 1,001,938 | 476, 715 | 246,127 | 329, 962 | 374, 120 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 111 | 125 | 331 | 468 | 719 | 744 |
| 1 under 2 | 8,659 | 10,058 | 14,010 | 17, 262 | 15, 202 | 21, 422 |
| 2 under 3 | 7,567 | 9,311 | 13, 988 | 15,622 | 13,789 | 21, 374 |
| 3 under 5 | 18,349 | 20,738 | 32, 232 | 38,852 | 33, 920 | 47, 424 |
| 5 under 10 | 43, 086 | 48,728 | 79,369 | 83, 529 | 71, 654 | 83, 430 |
| 10 under 25 | 83, 960 | 103, 754 | 175, 613 | 175, 709 | 134, 162 | 158,156 |
| 25 under 50 | 84,907 | 106, 670 | 191, 339 | 179,395 | 120, 594 | 146, 937 |
| 50 under 100 | 84,792 | 112, 816 | 216, 045 | 194, 507 | 116,989 | 146, 686 |
| 100 under 150 | 38,166 | 54, 132 | 116, 156 | 102, 062 | 58,224 | 71, 970 |
| 150 under 300 | 57,995 | 74,039 | 147, 381 | 131, 060 | 69,744 | 88, 234 |
| 300 under 500 | 20, 854 | 37, 245 | 71, 470 | 67, 489 | 39, 832 | 44, 237 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 30, 745 | 38,323 | 78,945 | 74, 156 | 42,353 | 44,598 |
| 1,000 or more | 32, 211 | 41,499 | 77, 138 | 61,457 | 48, 035 | 53,181 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income <br> Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{11}$ | 511, 400 | 657,439 | 1,214, 017 | 1,141,569 | $\begin{array}{r} 765,218 \\ 615 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 928,394 \\ 300 \end{array}$ |
| Grand total | 511, 400 | 657, 439 | 1,214, 017 | 1,141, 569 | 765,833 | 928,694 |


| Net income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 8 | 1943 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Income and victory tax on 1943 income! | Total income and victory $\operatorname{tax}^{10}$ |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Under 3, Optional Form 1040A, not distributed | 2115 | 328,47911,308 |  | 2, 389, 266 | 2, 652, 207 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}101,033 \\ 7688 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 256,12121841231 |
| 1 under 2 | 57,72749 | 11,308 140,676 | $\begin{array}{r} 80,802 \\ 496,013 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| 2 under 3 |  | 140,686 298,698 408 | 963, 892 | 1,668,557 | $1,902,046$$3,396,255$ |
| 3 under 5 | 78,830 | 408,916406,498 | $\begin{array}{r}1,376,442 \\ 904,148 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,971,234 \\ & 1,490,256 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 5 under 10 | 119,541253,227 |  |  |  | $3,396,255$ $1,700,001$ |
| 10 under 25 |  | 683, 247 | 1, 231, 202 | 1,786, 542 | 2, 159, 1,6290 1,424 |
| 25 under 50 | ${ }^{270} \mathbf{2 7 0} 95$ | 577, 217462,842 | - 94818162 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,845,042 \\ & 1,35,053 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 629,424 |
| 50 under 100 | 110, 629 |  | 742,361 <br> 286705 <br> 281 |  |  |
| 100 under 150 |  | 181,958 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,005,645 \\ 379,290 \end{array}$ | 1,222,948 |
| 150 under 300 | $\begin{array}{r} 122,832 \\ 61,041 \\ 51,173 \end{array}$ | 187,259838179 | 287,693122,470 | 353,706138,515 | 434,796 <br> 164,305 |
| 300 under 500-- |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 71,991 \\ & 65,756 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 102,88 \\ 105,829 \\ 65,346 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 111,233 \\ 75,404 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 136,993 \\ 86.571 \end{array}$ |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. <br> Individual returns with no net income | 1,495, 930 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,905,625 \\ 2,326 \end{array}$ | 8, 926, 712 | $14,589,324$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17,114,112 \\ 31,800 \end{array}$ |
| Grand total | 1,496, 403 | 3, 907, 951 | 8,926, 712 | 14,590,018 | 17, 145, 912 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Table 7.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income and tax, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943), and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Con.
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Tax ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prelimi- } \\ \text { nary } \\ 1948 \end{gathered}$ |
| Individual returns: <br> With adjusted gross income: ${ }^{4}$ <br> Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1 | 146,361 | 138, 405 | 112, 705 | 99, 608 | 37, 706 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 584,939 | 575, 916 | 432, 817 | 387, 787 | 187, 415 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1,026, 126 | 1, 071, 730 | 848,468 | 844,726 | 435, 023 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1, 264, 429 | 1.344, 942 | 1,142, 625 | 1,291, 807 | 704, 578 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1, 455, 234 | 1,424, 862 | 1,227,337 | 1. 510,628 | 914, 648 |
| 3 under 4 | 2, 662, 163 | 2, 569, 494 | 2, 099, 586 | 2,767, 106 | 1,990, 235 |
| 4 under 5 | 1,626, 139 | 1, 507, 599 | 1, 277.523 | 1, 761, 421 | 1,687, 046 |
| 5 under 10 | 1, 997, 510 | 2, 119,569 | 2, 160, 867 | 2, 550, 665 | 2,960, 914 |
| 10 under 15 | 866, 922 | 1, 025, 393 | 1, 105, 837 | 1, 172, 385 | 1, 002, 044 |
| 15 under 20 | 647, 519 | 775, 181 | 824,524 | 850, 451 | 684, 138 |
| 20 under 25 | 505, 473 | 619, 816 | 652, 023 | 656, 648 | 526, 578 |
| 25 under 50 | 1, 412, 266 | 1,669, 629 | 1, 800, 013 | 1,788, 766 | 1, 555, 194 |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 021, 998 | 1,156, 298 | 1,223,315 | 1, 186, 450 | 1, 247, 160 |
| 100 under 150 | 360, 446 | 387, 962 | 410, 973 | 411,090 | 503, 298 |
| 150 under 300 | 337, 501 | 350, 103 | 376, 701 | 394, 900 | 503, 445 |
| 300 under 500 | 121, 513 | 123, 617 | 142, 808 | 147, 832 | 194. 535 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 103, 804 | 109, 962 | 127, 671 | 122, 749 | 155, 866 |
| 1,000 or more | 76,058 | 79, 900 | 110, 117 | 131, 263 | 151,715 |
| Total | 16,216, 401 | 17,050, 378 | 16, 075, 913 | 18, 076, 281 | 15, 441, 529 |

Filing requirements, personal exemption, and credit for dependent, under Federal tax laws, affecting the data for individual and fiduciary returns, 1914-48

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1914-16 } \\ \text { (Act of Oct. } \\ \text { 3, 1913, and } \\ \text { Revenue } \\ \text { Act of Sept. } \\ \text { 8, 1916) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1917-20 \\ & \text { (Revenue } \\ & \text { Acts of } \\ & 1916 \text { as } \\ & \text { amended, } \\ & \text { 1917, and } \\ & \text { 1918) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1921-23 \\ \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { (Revenue } \\ \text { Act of } \\ 1921) \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | $1924$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1925-31 } \\ & \\ & \text { (Revenue } \\ & \text { Acts of } \\ & 1926 \text { and } \\ & \text { 1928) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Requirements for filing returns: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| separate incomes each to file a re-turn unless income of each is in- |  |  |  |  |  |
| cluded in joint return: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined gross income of, or exceeding ${ }^{18}$ |  |  | 5,000 | 5, 000 | 5,000 |
| Individuals, single or married and not |  |  |  |  |  |
| living with spouse; and estates: 19     <br> Net income of, or exceeding------ 3,000 1,000 1,000 $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Gross income of, or exceeding }{ }^{18}]{ }$ |  |  |  | 5,000 | 5,000 |
| Net income of, or exceeding. | 3,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | , 500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individuals, single or married and not $\quad$ - ${ }_{\text {I }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| living with spouse and not head of <br> family; and estates$\quad 3,000 ~ 1,000 ~ 1,000 \quad 1,000 \quad 1,500$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trusts, credit allowed against net income in lieu of personal exemption |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,500 |
| Credit for dependent ${ }^{21}$--------------- |  | 200 | 400 | 400 | 400 |

For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

Filing requirements, personal exemption, and credit for dependent, under Federal tax laws, affecting the data for individual and fiduciary returns, 1914-48-Con.


For footnotes, see pp. 67-68.

## Footnotes for historical data

${ }^{1}$ Net income classes are based ou the amount of net income as described in note 5 . Returns with net deficit, regardless of the amount, are designated as returns with no net income.

2 Data for returns with net income for 1914-15 are secured from the annual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; for 1916-36 tabulated' from Forms 1040 and 1040A showing net income, filed for individuals and for estates and trusts; for 1937-43 tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1040A showing net income filed for individuals, from taxable Forms 1041 filed for estates and trusts, and from returns for estates and trusts showing net income filed (improperly) on Form 1040, except that for 1938 and subsequent years, the nontaxable returns in the lastmentioned category are excluded. (For filing requirements, see chart on pp. 65-66.)

Data for 1916 are completely tabulated for each return. For individual returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$, the number of returns is obtained annually from records of the Internal Revenue Bureau, but the distribution of returns by net income classes as well as data regarding income and taxes and their distribution by net income classes, is in part estimated from samples and in part completely tabulated for 1917, 1928, and 1930-42, and is estimated based on samples for 1918-27, 1929, and 1943, except that for 1941-43 Form 1040A does not show deductions nor net income, therefore cannot be distributed by net income classes. For individual returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ under $\$ 20,000$, data and their distribution by net income classes, are estimated from samples for 1943. For fiduciary returns, Form 1041, data are completely tabulated from each return 1937-43.
${ }^{3}$ Adjusted gross income classes are based on the amount of adjusted gross income (see note 6); except that returns with adjusted gross deficit, regardless of amount, are designated as no adjusted gross income.
${ }^{4}$ Data for individual returns with adjusted gross income are tabulated from Forms W-2 and 1040 for 1944-47; and from Forms 1040A and 1040 for 1948. For returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, the number of returns is determined from various records of the Internal Revenue Bureau, but the distribution of returns by adjusted gross income classes as well as data regarding income and taxes and their distribution by such classes is estimated on the bases of samples. (For filing requirements, see chart on pp. 65-66.)
${ }^{5}$ Net income is the excess of total income over deductions and, in the case of fiduciary returns, the amount distributable to beneficiaries.
Net income for 1922-31 is current year net income, that is, before the deduction for prior year net loss which is allowable against total income; for 1922-33 includes the capital net gain taxed at $121 / 2$ percent; for 1924-33 excludes the capital loss for which a tax credit of $121 / 2$ percent was allowed; for 1940-43 is after the deduction for a net operating loss carried over from the two preceding years but not from any year beginning prior to January 1, 1939; for 1941-43 includes the gross income reported on Form 1040A which does not provide for the reporting of deductions or net income.
${ }^{6}$ Adjusted gross income is gross income minus allowable trade and business deductions (including the net operating loss deduction), expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment deductions attributable to rents and royalties, certain deductions of life tenants and income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales or exchanges of property. Should these allowable deductions exceed the gross income, there is an adjusted gross deficit.
${ }^{7}$ Tax for $1916-42$ is before the credit for foreign income tax paid although_this credit was allowable for

1918 and subsequent years, and before the credit for income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds which was allowable for all years; for 1943-48, is after such credits. Tax includes the defense tax for 1940-41; the victory tax for 1943; and the optional tax for 1941-48. The tax for 1942 and the income and victory tax on 1943 income are without regard to the forgiveness feature provided under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943 (see notes 8 and 9). The total income and victory tax resulting from the merging of 1942 and 1943 tax liabilities under this act is described in note 10.
${ }^{8}$ Income tax on 1942 income is before the deduction for allowable tax credits for foreign tax paid and for the tax paid at source on tax-free covenant bond interest, and is without regard to the amount of tax forgiven under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943, for individuals who are liable for an income tax on both 1942 and 1943 incomes. The amount of 1942 tax forgiven, as reported on the 1943 individual returns, is $\$ 4,723,467,646$.
${ }^{9}$ Income and victory tax on 1943 income is after the deduction for allowable tax credits relating to foreign tax paid and to tax paid at source on tax-free covenant bond interest, and is without regard to the amount of tax forgiven under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943, for individuals who are liable for an income tax on both 1942 and 1943 incomes. The amount of 1943 tax forgiven as reported on the 1943 individual returns, is $\$ 1,017,813,898$.

10 Total income and victory tax, reported on 1943 returns is the aggregate of (1) the income and victory tax on 1943 income less credits for tax paid at source on tax-free covenant bond interest and income tax paid to foreign countries, (2) the amount by which the 1943 tax is increased to equal the 1942 tax liability, on individual returns showing a smaller tax (or no tax) for 1943 prior to such adjustment, and (3) the unforgiven portion of the smaller of the 1942 or 1943 tax liability of individuals. The last two amounts constitute the adjustments necessary for merging the 1942 and 1943 tax liabilities of individuals as provided under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943.
${ }^{11}$ Returns with no net income are returns showing a net deficit, that is, returns on which the sum of total deductions and, in the case of fiduciary returns for 1943, the amount distributable to beneficiaries exceed total income. Data for returns with no net income are not available prior to 1928.
Data for 1928-41 are completely tabulated from Forms 1040; for 1942 are in part estimated based on a sample of Forms 1040; for 1943 are the combination of completely tabulated data from 1,253 taxable Forms 1041 and the estimated data based on a sample of Forms 1040. For 1937-43, individual returns include those showing total deductions equal to total income.

Net deficit for 1928-31 is the current year deficit, that is, before the deduction for prior year loss which is allowable against total income; for 1928-33 includes capital net gain; for 1928-31 includes capital net loss if reported in deductions by the taxpayer; for 1932-33 includes capital net loss wherever reported; for 194043 includes the net operating loss carried over from the two preceding years but not from any year beginning prior to January 1, 1939.

For 1938-41, alternative tax is reported on a negligible number of individual returns with no net income on account of a net long-term capital loss, because the combined normal tax and surtax, computed on income excluding for this purpose the net long-term capital loss, exceeds 30 percent of the net long-term capital loss. For 1943, a net victory tax is reported on 18,691 individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with no net income.

12 For 1943-45, this class includes nontaxable returns with income exceeding the designated limit.
${ }^{13}$ For 1946-48, this class includes nontaxable returns with income exceeding the designated limit.
(Footnotes continued on p. 68)

## Footnotes for historical data-Continued

14 Returns with no adjusted gross income are returns showing an adjusted gross deficit (see note 6 ); that is, returns on which the deductions allowable for the computation of adjusted gross income equal or exceed the gross income. Data for such returns are estimated based on a sample of Forms 1040.
${ }^{15}$ The number of returns for 1916 excludes 7,635 returns of married women making separate returns from husbands ( 288 returns show net income of $\$ 3,000$ under $\$ 5,000$ and 7,347 show $\$ 5,000$ and over). The net income on returns filed separately by husband and wife is combined and the total tabulated as one return. For subsequent years the returns of married women filed separately are included in their respective income class regardless of the husband's income.
${ }_{18}$ Revised:
1923: Net income and tax have been revised per Statistics of Income for 1925, pp. 28-29.

1932: Net income has been revised per statistics of Income for 1935, Part 1, p. 31, note 6.

## 17 Deficit.

${ }^{18}$ The filing requirements based on amount of gross income apply regardless of the amount of net income or deficit.
${ }^{18}$ A return is required also for every estate or trust of which any beneficiary is a nonresident alien, regardless of the amount of income. For 1937 and thereafter, fiduciary returns for estates and trusts are required to be filed on Form 1041 instead of Form 1040.

20 Exemption for normal tax only, 1914-33; for both normal tax and surtax, 1934-48, except that for $1944-45$ on a joint return where the adjusted gross income of one spouse is less than $\$ 500$ the normal-tax exemption is $\$ 500$ plus the adjusted gross income of such spouse.
${ }^{21}$ Credit for dependent is for normal tax only, 1917-33; for both normal tax and surtax, 1934-43; for surtax only, 1944-45; for both normal tax and surtax 1946-48.

For 1941-43, if head of a family only because of dependents for whom taxpayer would be entitled to credit, such credit is allowed for each such dependent except one.

On optional returns, Form 1040A, for 1912-43, a deduction from gross income of $\$ 385$ is substituted for the amount stated in this chart
${ }^{22}$ For 1943 an individual return is required alsoit there was a tax liability for 1942, regardless of the gross income for 1943. For 1943-48, an individual return must be filed to claim refund of tax, overpaid through tax withheld or payments on declaration, even though the gross income is less than stated in this chart.
${ }^{23}$ For 1944 and subsequent years, individuals include minors.
24 For net income in excess of $\$ 5,000$, personal exemption is $\$ 2,000$, but in no case shall the tax exceed that computed with an exemption of $\$ 2,500$ by more than the amount of net income in excess of $\$ 5,000$.
${ }^{25}$ Certain trusts permitting accumulation of income were not allowed credit in 1937.

# UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE 

## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948

PART 2
PRELIMINARY REPORT
OF
CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS FILED THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 1949

PREPARED UNDER DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE BY THE STATISTICAL DIVISION



UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1951
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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

> Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., July $18,1951$. Sir: I have the honor to transmit herewith a preliminary report, Statistics of Income, Part 2, prepared from corporation income tax returns for 1948, filed through December 31, 1949.

The complete report, Statistics of Income for 1948, Part 2, will contain more detailed statistics from these returns, together with data from personal holding company returns.

Respectfully,
Geo. J. Schoeneman, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.
Hon. John W. Snyder, Secretary of the Treasury.

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## PRELIMINARY REPORT

# STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948, PART 2 <br> CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS 

SUMMARY DATA

The number of corporation income tax returns for 1948, filed through December 31, 1949, is 630,670 , of which 395,860 show net income of $\$ 36,273,250,000$, while 198,383 show deficit of $\$ 1,848,226,000$, and 36,427 have no income data (inactive corporations).

The income tax liability reported on these returns is $\$ 11,920,260,000$, representing an increase of 9 percent as compared with the total for 1947. The amount of income tax does not take into account any credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession.

A comparison of the 1948 returns with the 1947 returns is provided in the following summary:

Corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1} 1948$ and 1947: Summary data
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.
Allowance of the net operating loss deduction reduced the net income for tax computation by $\$ 203,835,000$ on 36,197 returns filed for 1948, as compared with $\$ 183,605,000$ on 30,478 returns filed for 1947. See note 22, page 17 .

## RETURNS INCLUDED

The returns included in this report are the corporation income tax returns filed for the calendar year ending December 31, 1948, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1948.

The data are from corporation income tax returns, Form 1120; life insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120L; and mutual insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120M. Included for this purpose in addition to returns filed by domestic corporations are
the returns filed by foreign corporations engaged in business within the United States. The complete report, Statistics of Income for 1948, Part 2, will contain more detailed statistics from corporation income tax returns as well as data from personal holding company returns, Form 1120H.

The statistics are compiled from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue and prior to changes resulting from carry-backs, after the returns were filed. Data from amended returns and tentative returns are not included in the tabulations.

## COMPARABILITY OF DATA

The provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Revenue Act of 1945 continue in effect for the calendar year 1948 and fiscal years ending in the period July 1948 through June 1949. Accordingly, the data for 1948 are generally comparable with those for 1947.

## CONSOLIDATED RETURNS OF AFFILIATED CORPORATIONS

For 1948 the number of consolidated returns is 1,421 , of which 878 show net income amounting to $\$ 2,608,552,000$, while 540 show deficit of $\$ 102,284,000$, and 3 have no income data (inactive corporations). The number of consolidated returns filed is only 0.2 percent of all corporation returns. However, the net income reported in consolidated returns is 7.2 percent of the net income of all returns showing net income, and the income tax reported therein, amounting to $\$ 880,543,000$, is 7.4 percent of the income tax for all corporations.

The privilege of filing a consolidated return is granted to affiliated domestic corporations which meet specified requirements in respect to their connection through stock ownership with a common parent corporation.
Data from the consolidated returns are shown as a separate tabulation in table 1-A, pages 8-11, and are combined with data from other returns in the tabulations presented elsewhere in this report. The following summary shows, by industrial divisions, the number of consolidated income tax returns and the number of subsidiaries included therein, for both the years 1948 and 1947.

Consolidated corporation returns, 1948 and 1947, by industrial divisions, showing number of consolidated returns and number of subsidiaries
[Excludes consolidated returns of inactive corporations]

| Industrial divisions 4 |  | Number of consoli- <br> dated returns | Number of sub- <br> sidiaries |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.

## INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

The distribution of the corporation income tax returns for 1948 by major industrial groups for returns with net income and returns with no net income is shown in tables 1, 1-A, and 2, pages 4-14, of this report. Tables 1 and 2 include all returns, while table $1-\mathrm{A}$ includes only consolidated returns.

The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications. It is important to note that the industrial classification of a consolidated return is based on the predominant business of the affiliated corporations for which the consolidated return is filed. If it were possible to segregate the income of the subsidiary or affiliated concerns, the data for such concerns might fall in industrial divisions other than the ones in which they are here included.

For 1948 changes have been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, gencrally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. A comparison of the industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 18-22.

In analyzing the data compiled from returns classified under the major group "Insurance carriers, agents, etc.," it should be noted that life insurance companies, in reporting their income for tax purposes, are required to include only their investment income, i. e., interest, dividends, and rents. Beginning 1942, life insurance companies are allowed a "reserve and other policy liability credit" equal to a flat proportion of net investment income less tax-exempt interest. This credit, which is deducted after arriving at net income and is reported only on returns with net income, takes the place of the deductions for reserve earnings, deferred dividends, and interest paid, which formerly were allowed in computing net income.

For 1948 the credit ratio is 1.0243 , and for normal tax purposes the aggregate amount of reserve and other policy liability credit is $\$ 1,464,450,025$, of which $\$ 1,463,167,788$ is reported on returns with balance sheets. As an offset to this credit, adjustment for certain non-life insurance reserves is reported in total amount of $\$ 10,578,781$, of which $\$ 10,550,721$ is reported on returns with balance sheets. The latter adjustment, which is made in order to include in the tax base the interest received on non-life insurance reserves, applies only to life insurance companies deriving a portion of their income from contracts other than life insurance, annuities, or noncancelable health and accident insurance.

## HISTORICAL SUMMARY

A historical summary for each of the years 1939-1948 is presented in table 3 , page 15 . In comparing the data throughout the 10 -year period, the various changes in law must be taken into consideration, especially the discontinuance for 1934-1941 of the privilege of filing consolidated returns for income tax purposes (except by railroad corporations and their related holding or leasing companies and, in 1940 and 1941, by Pan-American trade corporations) and the restoration of this privilege beginning 1942.

Table 1.-Corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and
[Money figures in

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{4}$ | Total number of returns ${ }^{6}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Total complied receipts ${ }^{7}$ |
| All industrial groups $\qquad$ Agriculture, forestry, and fishery $\qquad$ | 630,670 | 395, 860 | 379, 309, 471 |
|  | 8,122 | 4,553 | 1,642,670 |
|  | 7,408 | 4,213 | 1,582, 246 |
|  | 272 442 | 183 | 30,280 30,144 |
|  | 10,962 | 5,503 | 7, 337, 631 |
|  | 1,774 | 230 | 1, 190, 474 |
|  | 2,297 | 1,434 | 2,542, 354 |
|  | 4,291 | 2,563 | 2, 362, 031 |
|  | 2,390 | 1,159 | 717, 397 |
|  | 24,826 | 16,155 | 8, 518, 903 |
| Manufacturing------------------------------------------------- | 120, 367 | 73, 638 | 185, 981, 909 |
| Beverages | 3,605 | 1,751 | 4,820,625 |
| Food and kindred products | 11, 528 | 6, 931 | $26,177,784$ $3,007,437$ |
|  | 6,205 | 123 4,161 | $3,007,437$ $11,828,790$ |
|  | 14,851 | 4,161 | 11,896, 988 |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | 6,022 | 3, 879 | 4, 160, 633 |
|  | 4, 400 | 2,724 | 2, 147, 137 |
| Paper and allied products | 2, 603 | 1,898 | 5, 737, 079 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | 12,849 7,742 | 8,978 4,323 | $5,795,347$ $13,696,104$ |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 7, 742 | 4, 323 | $13,696,104$ $19,738,277$ |
| Petroleum and coal products | 668 | 453 | 19,738,277 |
| Rubber products.-- | 670 | 1.731 | $3,307,856$ $2,734,855$ |
| Leather and products. | 3,047 4,310 | 1, 851 | 3,982, 753 |
| Stone, clay, and glass prod | 3,138 | 2,169 | 16, 746, 046 |
| Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment. | 9,564 | 6, 320 | 9,009, 132 |
| Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | 9,940 | 6,362 | 14, 472, 780 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment.--.------------ | 3,126 | 1,645 | 8,362, 169 |
| Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles...- | 1,117 | 563 | 3,345, 171 |
| Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical -- | 1,405 59 | 867 26 | $13,533,798$ 219,769 |
|  | - 59 | 999 | 219, $1,828,678$ |
| Scientific instıuments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks. | 1,714 11,574 | 999 5,855 | $1,828,678$ $4,232,701$ |
| Other manufacturing------- | 11,574 | 5,855 | 4, 232, 701 |
|  | 26,917 | 15,304 | 27, 482, 955 |
|  | 19, 173 | 10,995 | 17, 105, 238 |
|  | 4,386 | 2, 265 | 3,776, 284 |
|  | 1,358 | 969 | 6, 436, 644 |
|  | 2,000 | 1,075 | 164, 789 |
|  | 201,161 | 138,304 | 126, 237, 227 |
|  | 66, 362 | 44, 144 | 61,360, 756 |
| Commission merchants <br> Other wholesalers | $\begin{array}{r} 9,551 \\ 56,811 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,779 \\ 38,365 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,402,481 \\ 57,958,275 \end{array}$ |
|  | 112, 772 | 79,067 | 55, 563, 939 |
| Food | 8,821 | 5,006 | 11, 426, 685 |
| General merchandise | 6,990 15,070 | 5,291 10,847 | 14, 934, 673 |
| Apparel and accessories | 15,070 9,262 | 10,847 6,647 | 5, 087, 874 |
| Furniture and house furnishin | 21,837 | 18,136 | 12, 017, 520 |
| Drug stores.----.----------- | 5, 006 | 3,521 | 1,346, 633 |
| Eating and drinking places. | 14,304 | 6,563 | 1, 406, 114 |
| Building materials and hardware | 9,672 | 8,120 14,936 | 2, 691,787 |
|  | 21,810 | 14,936 | 4,644,991 |
| Trade not allocable | 22, 027 | 15, 093 | 9,312, 532 |

For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.
returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{2-C o n t i n u e d ~}$ |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{2}$ | Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{7}$ | Deficit ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock |
| 36, 273, 250 | 11, 920, 260 | 9, 278, 836 | 198, 383 | 31, 656, 177 | 1,848,226 | 107, 639 |
| 245, 694 | 79,060 | 61, 941 | 3, 141 | 219, 272 | 26, 148 | 1,209 |
| 233,092 9,269 3, | 75,559 2,488 1 | $\begin{array}{r}59,178 \\ 2,251 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,808 102 231 | 198,577 4,015 16,58 | $\begin{array}{r} 23,819 \\ 657 \end{array}$ | 1,150 6 5 |
| 3,333 | 1,013 | 512 | 231 | 16,680 | 1,672 | 53 |
| 1,221, 825 | 413, 678 | 457, 796 | 3, 582 | 569, 364 | 68, 842 | 6, 274 |
| 282, 277 | 88, 281 | 155, 839 | 670 | 84, 697 | 10,823 | 683 |
| - 318,1097 | 113,631 | 18,666 | 789 | -171,980 | 2, <br> 8,971 | 1,089 |
| 460, 206 | 157, 417 | 171,529 | 1,424 | 204, 496 | 40,718 | 4, 325 |
| 118, 638 | 42, 311 | 35, 966 | 673 | 44, 725 | 5,998 | 174 |
| 625, 246 | 210, 111 | 66, 518 | 7,325 | 870, 132 | 48, 226 | 963 |
| 18, 928, 473 | 6,821, 585 | 4, 603, 273 | 43, 108 | 14, 029,497 | 814, 485 | 33,499 |
| 510, 994 | 189, 181 | 106, 556 | 1,627 | 516, 677 | 43, 043 | 1,790 |
| 1,222, 361 | 443, 412 | 347, 482 | 4, 264 | 5,408,370 | 114, 355 | 10, 542 |
| 243, 782 | 91, 426 | 89, 049 | 102 | 33, 023 | 2,048 | 63 |
| 1, 554, 012 | 576, 468 | 292, 227 | 1,917 | 615, 101 | 46,317 | 1,338 |
| 349,645 567,813 | 121, 764 | 58,744 | 6,077 1,986 | $\begin{array}{r}1,309,971 \\ 406,489 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 71,740 29,265 | 1,423 |
| 195, 005 | 70, 244 | 34, 252 | 1,603 | 304, 450 | 22, 275 | 414 |
| 798, 787 | 295, 838 | 170, 226 | 658 | 268, 652 | 14,789 | 617 |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { 616, } \\ 1,728 \\ \hline 184 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 215, 974 | 154,815 537,538 | 3,519 3,088 | 484, 388 558,489 | 38,385 <br> 46,566 | 1,272 |
| 2, 000,180 | 660, 044 | 702, 739 | 181 | 228, 900 | 17, 142 | 370 |
| 262, 315 | 92, 297 | 65, 718 | 220 | 81, 937 | 7,345 | 105 |
| 158, 434 | 57, 448 | 41, 287 | 1,271 | 426, 264 | 26, 397 | 931 |
| 549,486 $1,746,435$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 202, } 687 \\ 644,825 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 124,836 364,967 | 1,342 | 157,056 <br> 264,080 | 18,977 17,191 | 333 1.678 1 |
| 1,070,028 | 390, 510 | 216, 237 | 3, 020 | 460, 252 | 46, 413 | 1,396 |
| 1,800, 259 | 668, 698 | 382, 133 | 3,296 | 591, 588 | 58, 795 | 1,834 |
| 923;936 | 339, 091 | 205, 684 | 1,364 | 450, 781 | 47, 804 | 1,946 |
| 270,965 | 96, 628 | 96, 543 | 493 | 441, 310 | 38, 532 | 1,150 |
| 1, 708, 263 | 628, 472 | 361,479 | 486 | 214, 470 | 25,186 | 1,199 |
| 227, 655 | 80,499 | 69, 259 | 673 | 118, 333 | 14,942 | 174 |
| 390, 286 | 137, 979 | 75, 209 | 5,010 | 670, 966 | 65, 051 | 2,485 |
| 3, 594, 232 | 1,204, 804 | 1, 437, 658 | 9.921 | 2,193,465 | 146, 212 | 14,918 |
| 1,846, 225 | 649, 661 | 407, 609 | 7,060 | 1,946, 229 | 126, 596 | 10, 281 |
| 539,006 | 135, 611 | 400, 014 | 1,819 | 107, 629 | 12, 472 | 276 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1,177,202 \\ \quad 31,799 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 409,692 \\ 9,840 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 618,749 \\ 11,286 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 306 736 | $\begin{array}{r} 124,907 \\ 14,700 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,486 \\ & 1,658 \end{aligned}$ | 4,290 |
| 6, 128, 574 | 2,127, 938 | 1,065,634 | 58, 444 | 11, 268, 073 | 370, 213 | 12,280 |
| 2, 415, 560 | 840, 185 | 409, 799 | 20,696 | 6, 501, 204 | 186, 272 | 7, 077 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 175,272 \\ 2,240,288 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56,600 \\ 783,585 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,574 \\ 375,225 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,504 \\ 17,192 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 469,702 \\ 6,031,502 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,057 \\ 166,215 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 799 \\ 6,278 \end{array}$ |
| 3, 246, 640 | 1, 132, 177 | 568, 580 | 31, 748 | 3,870, 917 | 149, 241 | 3, 999 |
| 271, 382 | 97, 900 | 53,403 | 3, 604 | 692,206 | 16, 562 | 545 |
| 1,131, 960 | 419,563 | 289, 435 | 1,561 | 265, 391 | 9,043 | 592 |
| 261, 267 | 85,276 | 48, 290 | 3,971 | 445, 509 | 21,888 | 386 |
| 125, 533 | 39, 105 | 15, 073 | 2, 518 | 289, 185 | 13, 056 | 386 |
| 937, 847 | 330, 272 | 81, 612 | 3,284 | 506, 955 | 15, 265 | 223 |
| 47,940 60,871 | 14,769 18,322 | 11,995 12929 | 1,384 | 130, 9221 | 8,479 30 | 126 |
| 60,871 191,341 | 18,322 60,651 | 12,299 | 7,442 | 663, 439 | 30, 090 | 645 |
| 218, 499 | 66, 319 | 29,651 | 6,510 | 725, 345 | 28,758 | 955 |
| 466, 374 | 155, 576 | 87, 255 | 6,000 | 895, 952 | 34,700 | 1,204 |

Table 1.-Corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets

|  | Major industrial groups 4-Continued | Total number of returns ${ }^{6}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{7}$ |
| 57 | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property. | 169, 032 | 112, 038 | 14, 548, 902 |
| 58 | Finance | 38, 406 | 28,843 | 5, 419, 035 |
| 69 60 | Banks and trust companies Credit agencies other than banks | 15,104 13 13 7 | 14, 212 | 3, 514, 051 |
| 61 | Holding and other investment companies | $\begin{array}{r}15, \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5, 267 | 984, 657 |
| 62 | Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers. | 1,597 | 787 | 128,885 |
| 63 | Insurance carriers and agents | 9,605 | 7,232 | 6, 086, 930 |
| 64 65 | Insurance carriers <br> Insurance agents and brokers | $\begin{aligned} & 2,527 \\ & 7,078 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,097 \\ & 5,135 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,706,382 \\ 380,548 \end{array}$ |
| 66 | Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings. | 114, 580 |  |  |
| 67 | Lessors of real property, except buildings. | 6, 441 | 3,864 | 296, 576 |
| 68 | Services. | 54, 173 | 29,412 | 7,460, 049 |
| 69 | Hotels and other lodging places | 6,027 | 3, 667 | 1,314, 562 |
| 71 | Pusiness services | 11, 509 | 6,796 5,811 | $1,206,188$ $1,714,722$ |
| 72 | Automotive repair services and garages | 4,139 | 2, 598 | - 309, 205 |
| 73 | Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades | 2, 133 | 1, 232 | 214, 880 |
| 74 | Motion pictures. | 5,491 | 3, 551 | 1,630,955 |
| 75 | Amusement, except motion pictures. | 6,548 | 2,498 | 532,702 |
| 76 | Other services, including schools_- | 7,736 | 3,259 | 536,835 |
| 77 | Nature of business not allocable | 15,110 | 953 | 99, 225 |

For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.
returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Continued

## thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$-Continued |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{2}$ | Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts? | Deficit ${ }^{2}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock |
| 4,761,579 | 813, 575 | 1,422,396 | 48,605 | 925, 567 | 236,402 | 26,512 |
| 1,902,977 | 424, 743 | 1, 028, 913 | 8,255 | 181,870 | 89, 074 | 19,119 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 931,498 \\ 233,591 \\ 715,851 \\ 22,037 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 272,283 \\ 77,341 \\ 69,809 \\ 5,310 \end{array}$ | 335,525 89,278 597,154 6,956 | 660 4,663 2,233 699 | 67,883 49,244 18,627 46,116 | 10,134 30,938 39,122 8,880 | 6,552 7,240 4,844 483 |
| 1,970,356 | 133, 035 | 162, 776 | 2, 101 | 210,989 | 18,541 | 2,183 |
| $1,897,948$ 72,408 | $\begin{array}{r} 111,449 \\ 21,586 \end{array}$ | 140,227 22,549 | 355 1,746 | 173,488 37,501 | 15,523 3,018 | 2,116 |
| 724, 966 | 198,490 | 133, 073 | 36,002 | 497, 584 | 115, 518 | 4,622 |
| 163, 280 | 57,307 | 97,634 | 2,247 | 35, 124 | 13,269 | 588 |
| 755, 282 | 245, 907 | 162, 070 | 21,044 | 1,557, 925 | 124, 931 | 10,788 |
| 131, 851 | 43,739 | 22,836 | 2,160 | 231, 131 | 16,608 | 578 |
| 80, 430 | 23, 180 | 14,483 | 4,467 | 285, 781 | 15, 150 | 217 |
| 152, 735 | 51,151 | 32, 170 | 4,083 | 269, 707 | 15, 273 | 244 |
| 33, 489 | 9,356 | 2,568 | 1, 407 | 62, 007 | 3, 684 | 61 |
| 16, 110 | 5, 071 | 929 | , 854 | 33, 575 | 3,310 | 8 |
| 211,410 | 70, 885 | 64,344 | 1,606 | 404, 461 | 38, 503 | 9,467 |
| 76, 507 | 26, 178 | 16,536 | 3, 312 | 142, 924 | 17,653 | 117 |
| 52,750 | 16,347 | 8,204 | 3,155 | 128, 339 | 14, 750 | 96 |
| 12,345 | 3,602 | 1,550 | 3,213 | 22, 882 | 12, 767 | 1,196 |

Table 1-A.-Consolidated corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major indusof returns, number of subsidiaries, total r.ompiled receipts, net income or deficit, net income, the income tax
[Money figures in

|  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{4}$ | Total number of consolidated returns ${ }^{6}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns | Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{6}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {? }}$ |
| 1 | All industrial groups. | 1,421 | 878 | 5,006 | 29. 425, 463 |
|  | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery | 10 | 6 | 41 | 497, 370 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 4 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | Farms and agricultural services <br> Forestry <br> Fishery | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 497,130 \\ 136 \\ 134 \end{array}$ |
| 6 | Mining and quarryi | 71 | 50 | 182 | 441,979 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 11 \end{array}$ | Metal mining <br> Anthracite mining. <br> Bituminous coal and lignite mining. <br> Crude petroleum and natural gas production <br> Nonmetallic mining and quarrying | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 5 \\ 18 \\ 29 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 3 \\ 14 \\ 21 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11 \\ & 34 \\ & 43 \\ & 63 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 59,006 \\ 102,069 \\ 91,224 \\ 177,744 \\ 11,936 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 2 | Construction | 53 | 34 | 80 | 188, 648 |
| 3 | Manufacturing - | 436 | 262 | 1,244 | 18,721, 158 |
|  | Feverages and kindred products | 16 | 5 18 | 14 149 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,025 \\ 1,263,978 \end{array}$ |
| 6 | Tobaceo manufactures....- | 1 |  |  |  |
| 7 | Textile-mill products.-..-.--....-.-.-....-- | 22 | 18 | 30 <br> 37 | 139,207 31,962 |
| 18 | Apparel and products made from amber and wood products, except furniture- | 14 | 12 | 15 | 20,952 |
| 20 |  | 7 |  | 4 | 7,207 |
| 21 | Paper and allied products | 7 | 3 | 7 | 18,377 |
| 22 | Printing, publishing, and allied industries.--- | 36 | ${ }_{28}^{23}$ | 76 | 242, 822 |
| 23 24 |  | 43 16 | 28 14 | 135 278 | 662,163 $9,027,615$ |
| 24 |  | 16 5 5 | 14 2 3 | 178 4 8 | 9, 027,715 |
| 26 | Leather and products.- | 5 | 3 | 8 | 6,790 |
| 27 | Stone, clay, and glass products. | 16 | 10 | 16 | 31,021 |
| 28 | Primary metal industries------ | 21 | 16 | 197 | 5, 128, 240 |
| 29 | Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment. | 28 | 20 | 27 | 80, 862 |
| 30 | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | 38 | 21 | 76 | 693, 682 |
| 31 | Electrical machinery and equipment.........-- | 23 17 | 11 | 36 30 | $\begin{aligned} & 186,447 \\ & 5444833 \end{aligned}$ |
| 32 | Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles. | 17 | 7 | 30 | 544, 833 |
| 33 | Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical. | 9 | 6 | 21 | 499, 093 |
| 34 |  | $\stackrel{2}{13}$ | 10 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 5,709 71,037 |
| 35 | Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks. <br> Other manufacturing | 13 32 | 10 17 | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 71,037 47,421 |
| 3738394041 | Public utilities. | 175 | 118 | 987 | 6, 229, 336 |
|  | Transportation |  | 73 | 476 | 4, 384, 929 |
|  | Communication. | 7 | 6 | 35 | 21,625 |
|  | Electric and gas utilities | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 336 140 | $1,796,841$ 25,941 |
|  | Other public utilities. | 5 |  |  |  |
| 42 | Trade. | 290 | 171 | 751 | 1,511, 459 |
|  | Wholesale | 130 | 80 | 179 | 679, 748 |
| 44 45 | Commission merchants. Other wholesalers | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 118 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 75 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 169 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19,420 \\ 660,328 \end{array}$ |
| 46 | Retail | 123 | 71 | 532 | 779, 426 |
| 47 | Food------------- | 8 | 2 | 2 | 812 |
| 48 49 | General merchandise--- | 15 29 | 17 | 221 | 186, 216 |

[^6]trial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with

## thousands of dollars]



Table 1-A.-Consolidated corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major indusof returns, number of subsidiaries, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, net income, the income tax-Continued
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.
trial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ Con. |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { income } 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }^{3}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock | Number of returns | Number of subsidiaries 6 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {? }}$ | Deficit ${ }^{2}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 354 | 94 |  | 50 |
| 670 | 240 | 92 | 6 | 8 | 15,595 | 298 | 5 | 51 |
| 2,561 | 884 | 420 | 2 | 2 | 732 | 11 |  | 52 |
| 2, 002 | 745 | 952 | 10 | 32 | 24, 661 | 374 | 339 | 53 |
|  | 171 | 135 | $\stackrel{3}{9}$ | 24 | 40, 008 | 535 | 22 | 55 |
| 2, 044 | 747 | 792 | 17 | 27 | 17,397 | 574 | 7 | 56 |
| 117, 935 | 31, 428 | 77, 101 | 102 | 252 | 54, 624 | 11,306 | 831 | 57 |
| 61, 487 | 18, 119 | 53, 132 | 33 | 79 | 36. 207 | 7,409 | 501 | 58 |
| 10,912 33,698 | 2,606 12,961 | 6,976 28,472 | 2 17 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 51 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 6,363 20,081 | 1,101 4,485 | 493 | 59 |
| -16, 592 | 2, 2141 | 17,683 | 9 | 14 | 20,457 | , 822 | 8 | 61 |
|  | 111 |  | 5 | 9 | 9,306 | 1,001 |  |  |
| 40, 902 | 8,622 | 18,223 | 4 | 7 | 217 | 43 |  | 63 |
| 37,062 3,840 | 7,638 984 | $\begin{array}{r} 14,761 \\ 3,462 \end{array}$ | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | 86 131 | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |  | 64 |
| 11, 455 | 3,246 | 1,884 | 60 | 153 | 18, 025 | 3,187 | 294 | 66 |
| 4, 091 | 1,441 | 3,862 | 5 | 13 | 175 | 667 | 36 | 67 |
| 84,807 | 29,975 | 34, 486 | 41 | 118 | 130, 151 | 4,742 | 509 | 68 |
|  | 1,340 | 761 |  |  | 7,937 | 145 |  | 69 |
| 298 | 147 | 66 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{11}$ | $\begin{array}{r}375 \\ \\ \hline 23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 25 |  | 71 |
| 2,160 | 795 | 283 |  | 11 | 23,429 | 215 |  | 72 |
| 154 | 61 |  | 2 | 3-1 |  | 71 |  | 73 |
| 74,470 | 26,832 | 32, 644 | 12 | 73 | 95, 672 | 4,015 | 509 | 74 |
| 2,066 | 777 | 730 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | +917 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{7}$ | ---.......- | 75 |
| 81 | 13 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 1,187 | 254 | ------------ | 76 |
|  |  |  | 5 | 7 | 254 | 97 | ---------.-- | 77 |

TAble 2.-Corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major inaustrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Dividends received on stock of domestic corporations and interest received on Government obligations [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TABLe 2.-Corporation income tax returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Diviporations and interest received on Government obligations-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.
Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1939-1948: Historical summary of selected items from income and declared value excess-profits tax returns,


## Footnotes for tables in this report

${ }_{1}$ The information contained in this report is compiled from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue. Data are likewise prior to any other changes made after the returns were filed, as the result of carry-backs and, for 1940 through 1945 , relief granted under section 722 of the Internal Revemue Code, recomputation of amortization of emergency facilities, or the renegotiation of war contracts. The effect of renegotiation settlements reached after the returns were filed is shown in special tabulations which appear in the complete reports, "Statisties of Income, Part 2," for each of the years 1942 through 1945.

2 "Net income" or "Deficit" for 1946-48 is the difference between the total income and the total deductions reported, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction; for 1944 and 1945 is the amount reported for declared value excess-profits tax computation, adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction and adding Government interest subject to surtix only and excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss; for $1940-43$ is the amount reported for declared value excess-profits tax computation, adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction; for 1939 is the amount reported for (declared value) excess-profits tax computation and is the difference bet veen "Total income" and "Total deductions." Net income or deficit as here defined is the basis for classification of the returns by those with net income and those with no net income.

3 "Income tax" consists of normal tax, surtax, and alternative t.ax reported in lieu of normal tax and surtax where the income includes an excess of net longterm capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if and only if such tax is less than the normal tix and surtax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of tax reported on returns with no net income, under the special provisions applicable to certain mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine.

4 The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications. A comparison of the industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 18-22.

5 "Number of subsidiaries" is the number of affiliated corporations which together with the common parent corporation file a consolidated corporation income tax return.
${ }^{6}$ Total number of returns includes returns of inactive corporations.
" "Total compiled receipts" consists of gross sales (less returns and allowances), gross receipts from operations (where inventories are not an incomedetermining factor), all interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium), other interest, rents, royalties, excess of net shortterm capital gain over net long-term capital loss, excess of net long-term capital gain over net short term capital loss, net gin from sale or exchange of property other than capital assets, dividends, and other receipts required to be included in gross income. "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable income other than tix-exempt interest received on certain Government obligations.

8 "Dividends, domestic corporations" consists of dividends received from domestic corporations subject to income taxation under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code. This item is reported in column 2, schedule E, page 2, Form 1120, and is the amount used for computation of the dividends received credit.

8 "Interest received on Government obligations, wholly taxable" consists of interest on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrument lity thereof, reported as item 9 (c), page 1, Form 1120.
10 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to surtax only" consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of over $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 9(a), page 1, Form 1120; and interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (otber than obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federa] intermediate credit banks) issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 9 (b), page 1, Form 1120.
${ }^{11}$ "Interest received on Government obligations, wholly tax-exempt" consists of interest on obligations of States, Territories, or political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal savings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940 ; Treasury bills issued prior to March 1, 1941; United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less issued prior to March 1, 1941; and obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, by Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks. Interest from such sources is reported under item 19 (a), (b), and (c) of scihedule M, page 4, Form 1120.

12 The excess profits tox shown is that imposed by section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended and should not be confused with the declared value excess-profits tax. Effective January 1, 1916, the corporate excess profits tax was repealed. For 1916 the excess profits tax data shown are from excess profits tax returns for fiscal years ending in the period July througb November 1946, and part years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946 with the greater part of the accounting period in 1946. (For fiscal years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the excess profits tax is retained for the 1945 portion of the year. In such cases the tox is determined by first computing a tentative tax under the provisions applicable to taxable years beginning on Janunry 1, 1945. The tentative t9x is then prorated on the basis of the number of days in the taxable year before January 1, 1946.) As in 1945, the amount shown is the excess profits tax less the 10 percent credit.

The allowance of the current credit of 10 percent against the excess profits tax in lieu of the post-war refund and the credit for debt retirement was provided by the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1943, but this change was not taken into account in the 1944 data for the reason that a majority of the returns for 1944 were filed previous to JuIy 31, 1945, the date of the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945, and accordingly show post-war refund and credit for debt retirement. Thus, for 1944, as in 1942 and 1943, the amount of excess profits tax shown in table 3 is the oxcess profit tax liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, less the credit for debt retirement and the net post-war refund.

The amounts for the years 1943 through 1946 are before the amount deferred under section 710(a)(5) (relating to abnormalities under section 722) and after any adjustments reported on the returns under other relief provisions. The amount for 1942 is after both the section 710(a)(5) deferment and any adjustments reported on the returns under other relief provisions.

The amount for 1941, shown in table 3, is the excess profits tax deduction (item 35, page 1, Form 1120 for 1941) allowed in the computation of normaltax net income, except that for fiscal years beginning in 1910, with the greater part of the accounting period in 1941, there is tabulated the amount of excess profits tax liability (item 32, page 1, Form 1121 for 1940).

## Footnotes for tables in this report-Continued

- The amount for 1940, shown in table 3, is tabulated from corporation excess profits tax returns for the calendar year 1940 and for fiscal years beginning in 1940 with the greater part of the accounting period in 1940 (item 32, page 1, Form 1121). The excess profits tax provisions apply only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1939.
${ }_{13}$ The excess profits net income for 1942 through 1945 is obtained from the normal-tax net income (computed without allowance of cuedit for income subject to excess profits tax and without allowance of dividends received credit) by making certain adjustments, consisting principally of the exclusion of long-term capital gains and losses, and dividends received from domestic corporations.

For returns with taxable year beginning in 1940, the excess profits net income is obtained from the normal-tax net income by making certain adjustments, consisting principally of the deduction of income and income defense taxes for the taxable year, and the exclusion of (1) dividends received from domestic corporations (this adjustment refers to that portion of dividends not deducted as dividends received credit in computing normal-tax net income), and (2) gains or losses from sale or exchange of capital assets (depreciable or nondepreciable) held for more than 18 months. For returns with taxable years beginning in 1941, the income tax is not deducted in aniving at excess profits net income, instead, the excess profits tax is allowed as a deduction in the computation of normal-tax net income. (The starting point in the computation of excess profits net income for 1941 remains the normal-tax net income computed without deduction of excess profits tax.)

14 The adjusted excess profits net income, as reported on Form 1121, is the excess profits net income less the sum of the specific exemption, excess profits credit, and unused excess profits credit adjustment. For part year returns, the amounts of excess profits net income and adjusted excess profits net income bave been placed on an annual basis.

## 15 Preliminary figures.

${ }^{16}$ The declared value excess-profits tax is repealed, effective with lespect to income-tax taxable years ending after June 30, 1946.

17 The total amount of adjusted excess profits net income for 1944 does not include a deficit of $\$ 6,579,233$ reported on 2,556 taxable excess profits tax returns with no adjusted excess profits net income.

18 "Income tax" for the years 1942 and 1943 consists of normal tax, surtax, and for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, alternative tax reported in lieu of normal tax and surtax where the income includes an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of tax reported on returns with no net income, under the special provisions applicable to certain mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine, or where receipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States, described in note 10.
10 "Income tax" for 1941 consists of income and income defense taxes reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period July through November 1941 (and on returns for a part year beginning in 1940 and ending in 1941, the greater part of the accounting period falling in 1941); and normal tax and surtax reported on eturns for the calendar year 1941 and on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period January through June 1942 (and on returns for a part year beginning and ending in 1941, and for a part year beginning in 1941 and ending in 1942, the greater part of the accounting period falling in 1941). Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of surtax reported on returns with no net income, where receipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instıumentalities of the United States, described in note 10.
${ }^{20}$ Income tax shown for 1940 includes income defense tax.
${ }^{21}$ Declared value excess-profits tax shown for 1940 includes declared value excess-profits defense tax reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in period July 1, 1940, through June 30, 1941.
${ }^{22}$ The net oporating loss deduction tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, consisting only of the net operating loss carry-over reduced by certain adjustments, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carry-hack of net operating loss from the two succeeding tax years. In general, the net operating loss carry-over is the sum of the net operating losses, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. If there is net income in the first preceding tavable year, the net operating loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net income.
Part I.-Major Industrial Groups for 1948 and Corresponding 1947 Groups

| Major industrial groups |  | Designating numbers of the industrial activities (see pp. 21-22) which affect comparability of major industrial groups |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 groups | 1947 groups | Included in major group for 1948 but excluded for 1947 | Included in major group for 1947 but excluded for 1948 |
| All industrial groups: | All industrial groups: |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishery: Farms and agricultural services | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery: Agriculture and services |  | 54. |
| Forestry-.... | Forestry.-- |  | 54. |
| Fishery | Fishery. |  |  |
| Mining and quarrying: | Mining and quarrying: |  |  |
| Mnthracite mining | Metal mining---- |  |  |
| Bituminous coal and lignite mining-------------- Crude petroleum and natural gas production | Bituminous coal, lignite, peat, etc |  | 3. |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas production | Crude petroleum and natural gas production. | 2 |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying | Nonmetallic mining and quarrying.-- |  |  |
| Construction. | Construction..----------...---- |  |  |
| Manufacturing: | Manufacturiag: |  |  |
| Feoverages and kindred products | Feod and kindred products |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures. | Tobacco manufactures |  |  |
| Textile-mill products | Textile-mill products, except cotton |  | 4. |
| Apparel and products made from fabrics. | Apparel and products made from fabrics |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | Lumber and timber basic products. | 5-8 |  |
| Furniture and fixtures.--- Paper and allied products. | Furniture and finished lumber products |  | 5-8, 50, 51. |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries | Printing and publishing industrie |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. | Chomicals and allied products. | 10 | 10, 11, $52,53$. |
| Rubber products.......-- | Rubber products.- |  |  |
| Leather and products .-.---- | Leather and products |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass produc | Stone, clay, and glass products |  |  |
| Primary metal industries |  |  | $35 \text {, }$ <br> $12-17,19,22,23,27,28,34$, |
| Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment. | Nonferrous metals and their pro | 12-26 | 18, 20, 21, 24-26, 29, 48, 49 . |
| Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | 27-33. | 36-38. |


 clocks.

Communication---i----
Electric and gas utilit
Wholesale:
Commission merchants
tail:
Food--.
General merchandise-
Apparel and accessorin
Furniture and house furnishings.
Automotive dealers and filling stations.

## Eating and drinking places.

Building materials and hardware.
Hardware trade
18
57, 58

Part I.-Major Industrial Groups for 1948 and Corresponding 1947 Groups-Continued


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Desig- } \\ \text { nating } \\ \text { number } \end{gathered}$ | Industrial activity | 1948 major industrial groups in which industrial activities are classified | 1947 major industrial groups in which industrial activitles are classiffed | Designating number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Contract sorting, grading, and packing of fruits and vegetables for the grower. | Farms and agricultural services. | Transportation |  |
| 2 | Geophysical prospecting | Crude petroleum and natural gas production- | Other service, including schools. |  |
| 3 |  | Nonmetallic mining and quarrying ----.-.- | Bituminous coal, lignite, peat, etc |  |
| 4 | Sponging or shrinking cloth for the trade | Apparel and products made from fabric. | Textile-mill products, except cotton |  |
|  | Wooden containers | Lamber and wood products, except furniture | Furniture and finisbed lumber products |  |
| 7 | Wood preserving: treating wood (sawed or planed in other establish- | do |  |  |
| 8 | ments) with creosote or other preservatives. <br> Lasts and related products (regardless of materials used), including display forms for shoes and boots; frames (metal or wooden) for mirrors and pictures; wood products, not elsewhere classified, such as ladders, scaffolds, etc. | _do | do |  |
| 9 | Cellophane bags. | Paper and allied products. | Other manufacturing |  |
| 10 | Lubricating greases and oils (not made in petroleum refineries) | Petroleum and coal products | Chemicals and allied products | 10 |
| 12 | Electrometallurgical products | Primary metal industries | -.do | 11 |
| 13 | Cutlery, hand tools, and gen | Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery and transportation equipment. | Iron, st | 12 |
| 14 | Heating apparatus (except electric), and plumbers suppli | ---do | --- do | 13 |
| 15 | Fabricated structural steel and ornamental metal work... | --do. |  | 14 |
| 16 | Metal doors, sash, frames, molding and trim....--.... | do | do | 15 16 |
| 17 | Boiler shop products | do |  | 17 |
| 18 |  | do | Nonferrous metals and their products | 18 |
| 19 | Vitreous-enameled products; automohile stampings; stamped and pressed metal products; powder metallurgy; enameling, japanning, and lacquering metal products for the trade; galvanizing and other hot-drip coating. | do. | Iron, steel and products.... | 19 |
| 20 | Engraving on metal; electroplating, plating, and polishing metal....- | do. | Nonferrous metals and their product |  |
| $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | Lighting fixtures .-.-.-- | do |  | 21 |
| 23 |  |  | Iron, steel and products. | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ |
|  | rous), safes and vanlts; steel springs, bolts, nuts, washers and rivets; screw-machine products (metal, fiber, plastic or other material). |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | Collapsible tubes (aluminum, ete.); gold, silver, tin, aluminum and other foil; metal novelties and specialties. | ..do. | Nonferrous metals and their products. | 24 |
| ${ }_{26}^{25}$ | Hose couplings. | .do | -do | 5 |



| Designating number | Industrial activity | 1948 major industrial groups in which industrial activities are classified | 1947 major industrial groups in which industricu activities are classified | Designating number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27 | Brooders and incubators. | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | Iron, steel and products.--------------------- | 27 |
| 28 |  |  | Nonforrous metals and their products. | 28 |
| 29 |  | do | Electrical machinery and equipment | 30 |
| 30 |  | do |  | 31 |
| 31 32 | Carburetors (aircraft) | do | Transportation equipment, except automobiles. | 32 |
| 33 | Carburetors (automobile motors) ----------------------------------------- | do. | Automobiles and equipment, except electrical. | 33 |
| 34 | Ordnance and accessories (whole group) | Ordnance and accessories----------------- | Iron steel and products | 34 35 |
| 35 | Thermostats_------------------------------ | Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks. |  | 36 |
| 36 | Mechanical instruments for measuring and controlling temperature, pressure, motion, humidity, combustion, etc.; physical-property testing apparatus. |  | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical. | 36 37 |
| 37 | Meters: gas, liquid, tallying, mechanical measuring (except electrical instruments, watches, clocks, measuring and dispensing pumps). | -do | do | 38 |
| 38 39 | Fare registers; governors (gas); speedometers; taximeters; turnstilesequipped with counting mechanism. <br> Laboratory, scientific, and engincering instruments | -do | Other manufacturing | 38 39 40 |
| 40 | Instrunnents for household and office use, such as thermometers, barometers, and rain gauges. | do |  | 40 41 |
| 41 | Compasses | do | do- | 42 |
| 12 | Dials, needle gauge |  | do- | 43 |
| 14 | Optical instruments and lenses. | do | do | 44 |
| 15 | Surgical, medical, and dental instruments and supplies. | -do |  | 46 |
| 16 17 |  | do |  | 47 |
| 17 18 | Photographic equipment and supplies---------- | do | Nonferrous metals and their products.--------- | 48 |
| 19 | Jewelry (precious metal), silverware, and plated ware | Other manufacturing |  | 49 |
| 50 |  | do- | Furniture and finished lumber products----- | 50 |
| 51 52 | Morticians' goods_ | do |  | 52 |
| 53 | Fireworks and pyrotechnics | do |  | 53 |
| 54 | Irrigation systems .-------- | Other public utilities | Agriculture and services | 54 |
| 55 | Antique stores. | Furniture and house furnishings | Other retail trade | 55 |
| 56 57 | Fuel dealers; ice dealers. | Other retail trade. | Security and commodity-exchange brokers | 56 57 |
| 57 |  | Holding and other investment companies. | and dealers. |  |
| 58 | Patent buying and licensing |  | Other finance companies---- | 58 59 |
| 59 60 | Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services | Business services | Other service, including schools | 58 60 |
| 60 | Film processing |  | Personal service.-- |  |

## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948

## PART I

COMPILED FROM INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS, ESTATE TAX RETURNS, AND GIFT

TAX RETURNS

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE - WASHINGTON, D.C.

## U. S. TREASURY DEPARTMENT

# STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948 



## PART 1

COMPILED FROM INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS, ESTATE TAX RETURNS, AND GIFT TAX RETURNS

PREPARED UNDER DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE BY THE STATISTICS DIVISION


UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON : 1953

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FEB-10-1954

## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

## Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., September 25, 1953.

Sir: In accordance with the provisions of section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, requiring the annual preparation and publication of statistics with respect to the operation of the Federal income tax laws, I have the honor to transmit herewith a report, "Statistics of Income for 1948, Part 1," setting forth by various classifications, data relative to income, deductions, exemptions, credits, tax liability, tax withheld on wages and other tax payments, tax refunds, and other pertinent facts reported on individual income tax returns and on taxable fiduciary income tax returns for 1948, filed during 1949. This report also contains data from estate tax returns, filed during 1949, for estates of individuals irrespective of the date of death, and data from gift tax returns for 1948, filed during 1949. In addition, there are historical presentations of significant data, published in previous reports, and a synopsis of tax rates, credits, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws which affect the comparability of historical data.

Respectfully,

T. Coleman Andrews, Commissioner of Internal Revenue:

Hon. G. M. Humphrey, Secretary of the Treasury.



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## INTRODUCTION

This report presenting data for 1948, compiled from individual income tax returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, taxable fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, estate tax returns, Form 706, and gift tax returns, Form 709, is prepared in accordance with section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, which requires the preparation and publication annually of statistics reasonably available with respect to the operation of the income tax laws, including classifications of taxpayers and of income, amounts allowed as deductions, exemptions, and credits, and any other facts deemed pertinent and valuable.

In the first section of this report, data are tabulated for individual returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, for 1948 . Although the two forms are unlike, it is possible to correlate the data reported on the employee's optional return, Form 1040A, with that reported on the regular income tax returns, Form 1040, both long-form and shortform. Following the basic tables for current year data, there are four historical tables giving a résumé of data reported on individual returns and on fiduciary returns for 1913 througb 1943 and of data reported on individual returns only for 1944 through 1948.

In the second section of this report, current year data are presented for taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041. The fiduciary return form differs in certain respects from the individual return form; nevertheless, the taxable fiduciary returns are classified and the data thereon presented, insofar as possible, in a manner similar to that used for the individual returns. No composite data for the taxable fiduciary returns and individual returns are compiled. Following the current year data, four historical tables are presented, containing a résumé of data reported on taxable fiduciary returns for 1937 through 1948.

Information reported on estate tax returns, Form 706, filed during the calendar year 1949, irrespective of the date of death of the individual or the revenue act under which the estate is taxed, is tabulated in the third section of this report. A brief summary of data reported on estate tax returns filed from September 9, 1916 through 1945 and during 1947 through 1949 concludes this section.

Data reported on gift tax returns, Form 709, for 1948 regarding property transferred by gift during the calendar year and the tax liability of the donor are shown in the fourth section of this report, together with a historical table presenting a brief summary of gift tax data from returns filed since the effective date of the present period of gift taxation, June 7, 1932 through 1948.

In order to facilitate the comparison, from year to year, of data assembled in the historical tables, there is included at the end of this report a synopsis of Federal tax laws relating to income tax, estate tax, and gift tax, setting forth for each of the revenue acts important provisions affecting the comparability of these historical data.

Facsimiles of the 1948 income tax returns, Forms 1040, 1040A, and 1041, as well as the partnership return of income, Form 1065,
are inserted at the close. The partnership return of income is an informational return and the income reported thereon is not taxed with the filing of this form; however, each partner is required to report on his income tax return, his share of the profit or loss from any partnership of which he is a member and such partnership profit or loss then forms a part of his income for income tax purposes.

A preliminary report, prepared from the 1948 individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, was published June 22, 1951, and several significant tables from this report were made available in a press release dated, July 5 , 1952.

INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS


## INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS

SUMMARY DATA

For the income year 1948, there are $52,072,006$ individual income tax returns. Compared with the number filed for 1947, there is a decrease of $3,027,002$, or 5.5 percent. The current year returns include $19,245,300$ optional returns, Form 1040A; 20,203,306 shortform returns, Form 1040; and 12,623,400 long-form returns, Form 1040.

On 43,243,079 returns, or 83 percent of all returns filed, the taxpayer elected to use the standard deduction. On $39,448,606$ returns, or 75.8 percent of all returns, the tax liability is determined from the optional tax table provided under supplement T of the Internal Revenue Code; however, on $14,129,674$ of these returns, the adjusted gross income is such that the amount thereof is without tax in the tax table on account of allowable exemptions.

There are $36,411,248$ taxable returns for 1948. This is a decrease of $5,167,276$, or 12.4 percent of the number of taxable returns for 1947. The nontaxable returns increased by $2,140,274$, or 15.8 percent over the nontaxable returns for the previous year.

Individual returns, taxable and nontaxable, by form of return

| Form of return | Total | Taxable | Nontaxable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Form 1040A | 19,245,300 | 12, 795, 500 | 6,449,800 |
| Form 1040: | 20, 203, 306 | 12, 523, 432 | 7,679,874 |
| Long-form: With standard deduction-adjusted gross income |  |  |  |
| With standard deduction-adjusted gross income $\$ 5,000$ or more | 3,794,473 | 3, 794,473 |  |
| With itemized deductions: |  |  |  |
| Adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ Adjusted gross income $\$ 5,000$ or more | $6,744,909$ $2,084,018$ | 5, 213, 825 | 1,531,084 |
| Total returns | 52, 072, 006 | 36,411, 248 | 15, 660, 758 |

The total adjusted gross income reported is $\$ 164,173,861,000$. The increase over the previous year is $\$ 13,878,586,000$, or 9.2 percent. The adjusted gross deficit for 1948 is $\$ 657,847,000$; this is an increase of $\$ 98,654,000$, or 17.6 percent over that reported for 1947.

The tax liability of $\$ 15,441,529,000$ is $\$ 2,634,752,000$, or 14.6 percent, less than the tax for the previous year. The reduction in tax is due largely to new features provided by the 1948 act, such as, increased percentage reduction of the combined tentative normal tax and surtax, the split-income method of computing tax on joint returns, and the increases in standard deduction and in exemptions.

Comparative data, individual returns, 1948 and 1947
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | 1948 | 1947 | Increase or decrease ( - ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number or amount | Percent |
| Total individual returns: |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns-. | $\begin{array}{r} 52,072,006 \\ 164,173,861 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55,099,008 \\ 150,295,275 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -3,027,002 \\ 13,878,586 \end{array}$ | -5.499.23 |
| Adjusted gross income Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns. | $\begin{array}{r} 36,411,248 \\ 142,056,885 \\ 15,441,529 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41,578,524 \\ 135,301,876 \\ 18,076,281 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -5,167,276 \\ 6,755,009 \\ -2,634,752 \end{array}$ | -12.434.99-14.58 |
| Adjusted gross income |  |  |  |  |
| Tar liability ------- |  |  |  | -14.58 |
| Nontaxable returns: | 15,660, 758 | 13, 520, 484 | 2, 140, 274 | 15.83 |
| Wumber of returns-....-...- |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns..... | $\begin{aligned} & 15,334,449 \\ & 22,116,976 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,221,412 \\ & 14,993,399 \end{aligned}$ | 2,113,037 <br> 7, 123, 577 | 15.9847.51 |
| Adjusted gross income.. |  |  |  |  |
| With no adjusted gross incon | $\begin{aligned} & 326,309 \\ & 657,847 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 299,072 \\ & 559,193 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27,237 \\ & 98,654 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9.11 \\ 17.64 \end{array}$ |
| Number of returns.-.- |  |  |  |  |

## INDIVIDUAL RETURNS INCLUDED

Individual income tax returns included in this report are for the calendar year 1948, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater part of the accounting period in 1948. The returns include Forms 1040 and 1040A, filed for citizens and resident aliens, and Form 1040B filed by nonresident aliens having a business within the United States. Tentative returns are not included and amended returns are used only if the original returns are excluded.

Form $1040 \AA$ for 1948 supersedes Form W-2, the withholding statement for wages paid and income tax withheld, previously used as an optional return. Form 1040A is the employee's optional income tax return which may be filed by persons whose total income is less than $\$ 5,000$ consisting of wages reported on Form W-2 and not more than a total of $\$ 100$ from other wages, dividends, and interest. The optional return cannot be used as a separate return for community income of husband or wife. The tax liability on Form 1040A is determined by the collector of internal revenue on the basis of the income reported, in accordance with a tax table provided under supplement $T$ of the Internal Revenue Code. The tax in this table makes allowance for exemptions and also for the standard deduction in lieu of nonbusiness deductions and tax credits; the standard deduction is approximately 10 percent of the income. Husband and wife may file a joint return on Form 1040A if their aggregate income meets the requirements for use of this form. On a joint return, the tax liability, determined from the tax table by the collector, is the lower of two amounts: an aggregate of the two taxes on the separate incomes of husband and wife or a tax on the combined income, which tax is the liability under the split-income method.

Form 1040, the regular income tax return, which may be either a short-form or a long-form return, is used by persons who, by reason of the size or the source of their income, are not permitted to use the optional return, Form 1040A, and by persons who, though eligible to use Form 1040A, find it to their advantage to use Form 1040. Persons with adjusted gross income of less than $\$ 5,000$, regardless of
the source, may elect to file the short-form return on which nonbusiness deductions and tax credits are not reported and on which the tax is determined from the tax table provided under supplement T , by the taxpayer on the basis of the adjusted gross income. If the taxpayer whose adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$ wishes to claim nonbusiness deductions in excess of the standard deduction allowed through use of the tax table, he must file the long-form return and compute the tax liability on the basis of net income after allowable exemptions. Persons with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more must file the long-form return and compute the tax liability. In computing the net income to be taxed, the taxpayer may use, in lieu of nonbusiness deductions, the optional standard deduction which is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or an amount equal to 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that in the case of a separate return of a married person, the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.

A small number of returns, Form 1040B, are filed by nonresident aliens having a place of business within the United States; these returns are edited so that the data thereon conform as nearly as possible to that tabulated from returns, Form 1040, and are included in the statistics whether or not specifically mentioned.

Nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income and returns with adjusted gross deficit included in statistics are filed in compliance with the requirement that a return for 1948 must be filed by every person who had $\$ 600$ or more gross income (not adjusted gross income), regardless of the allowable deductions and exemptions. Also individual returns showing less than $\$ 600$ gross income are filed to claim refund of tax paid by reason of the tax withheld on wages or the payments made on a Declaration of Estimated Income Tax, Form 1040-ES.

Statistics are taken from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of official audit. Facsimiles of individual returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, are shown on pp. 458-481.

## CHANGES IN THE INTERNAL RFVENUE CODE

Under the Revenue Act of 1948, amendatory of the Internal Revenue Code, there are changes affecting the comparability of income and tax data for 1948 with those tabulated for 1947. The major changes are:
(a) An income tax return is required to be filed for every individual (citizen or resident) including minors, having $\$ 600$ or more (formerly $\$ 500$ ) gross income for the taxable year. Individuals whose gross income is less than $\$ 600$ and from whom tax was withheld should file a return to claim refund of tax.
(b) The per capita exemption for the taxpayer, his spouse, and dependents is increased, from the former $\$ 500$ exemption, to $\$ 600$.

Supplementing this general increase in per capita exemption, the 1948 act also provides (1) an additional exemption of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer if he has attained the age of 65 before the end of the year and another $\$ 600$ exemption if blind at the end of the year; and (2) if a separate return is made by a taxpayer whose spouse has no income and is not dependent on another, an additional exemption of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer's spouse if he or she is 65 years of age before the close
of the year, and another exemption of $\$ 600$ if such spouse is blind at the close of the year. On a joint return, these exemptions are also allowed to each spouse even though one may have no income. The per capita and additional exemptions are allowable in computing both the normal tax and the surtax. (The additional exemption for blindness replaces the former special deduction of $\$ 500$ for blindness of the taxpayer.)
(c) The deduction for medical expenses paid in excess of 5 percent of adjusted gross income cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except in the case of a joint return of husband and wife, when the maximum is $\$ 5,000$.
(d) The optional standard deduction, formerly the smaller of $\$ 500$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, is increased to the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income; however, if husband and wife file separate returns, the standard deduction cannot exceed $\$ 500$ each.
(e) Although the tentative normal tax rate of 3 percent of normal tax net income and the tentative surtax rates ranging from 17 percent of the first $\$ 2,000$ of surtax net income to 88 percent of such income in excess of $\$ 200,000$, are retained, the 1948 act substitutes for the 5 percent reduction of the combined tentative taxes a series of larger reductions ranging from 17 percent of the first $\$ 400$ of combined tentative taxes to 9.75 percent of such taxes in excess of $\$ 100,000$. The combined normal tax and surtax, thus computed, cannot exceed an amount equal to 77 percent of the net income.

In case of a joint return of husband and wife, the combined normal tax and surtax is twice the combined normal tax and surtax determined on one-half the net income after applicable credits.
( $f$ ) The optional tax table under supplement T is revised to reflect the increased amount of exemption, as well as the greater percentage reduction in the combined tentative normal tax and surtax, and to provide a tax on the basis of split-income for joint returns.
$(g)$ The amount of tax withheld at source on wages paid on or after May 1, 1948, is reduced to 15 percent of the excess of wage payments over the withholding exemptions; and revised wage bracket withholding tables state the reduced amounts to be withheld.
(h) In the case of a fiscal year beginning in 1947 and ending in 1948, the tax liability is the sum of (1) that portion of a tax, computed under the law applicable to 1947 income, which the number of days falling in 1947 bears to the total number of days in the fiscal year, and (2) that portion of a tax, computed under the law applicable to 1948 income, which the number of days falling in 1948 bears to the total number of days in the fiscal year.

The tax liability tabulated for fiscal year returns is the sum of the prorated taxes; but amounts other than the tax liability are those used in computing the tax applicable to the income year 1948.

## BASIC ITEMS

Adjusted gross income is defined in the Code as gross income minus allowable trade and business deductions, expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, deductions for depreciation and depletion allowable to life tenants.
or to income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales of property.

The adjusted gross income and its components are tabulated; all taxable income from whatsoever source is included. However, the income or loss from any source for which deductions are specifically allowed in computing adjusted gross income is the net amount from that source; and a net loss comprises a part of the adjusted gross income (or deficit) as well as a net profit.

Adjusted gross income provides a means whereby different kinds of gross income are placed substantially on a par with each other; and, in cases where the adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$, the tax liability may be determined on the basis of adjusted gross income, directly from the tax table, at the option of the taxpayer. Before the concept of adjusted gross income was introduced, tax rates could not be applied to the income of persons engaged in business or profession until the net income had been determined, i. e., after there had been deducted not only the cost of doing business but also other nonbusiness deductions and credits which the law allowed, such as contributions, medical expenses, taxes, interest, and casualty losses.

Adjusted gross deficit occurs when the deductions allowable for the computation of adjusted gross income, mentioned above, equal or exceed the gross income.

Net income is the income tax net income reported on long-form returns, Form 1040, which have adjusted gross income in excess of the itemized deductions. Net income does not apply to returns, Form 1040A, nor to short-form returns, Form 1040. Although long-form returns, Form 1040, on which the taxpayers elected to use the optional standard deduction, do show a net income, the amount thereof is not tabulated in this report.

Net deficit, reported on returns, Form 1040, classified as returns with itemized deductions, includes the adjusted gross deficit on short-form returns and the net deficit on long-form returns resulting from the combination of adjusted gross deficit and itemized deductions or from the excess of the itemized deductions over the adjusted gross income.

Tax liability is the tax liability after deduction for the two tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. The amount of these tax credits, allowed only to taxpayers who itemize deductions, is not available for 1948. The total tax, computed without regard to tax credits, is limited to 77 percent of the net income. The tax liability includes the normal tax, surtax, and the alternative taxes paid in lieu thereof; namely, the optional tax provided under supplement $T$ of the Code, and the alternative tax, provided under section 117 (c) (2), for income which includes a net gain from the sales or exchanges of capital assets held for more than 6 months. The tax components are described on pages $32-33$.

For the majority of individuals the income tax is paid, in whole or in part, on a current basis through the tax withheld on wages and/or the payments made on a Declaration of Estimated Income Tax, Form 1040 -ES. In case these payments are insufficient to cover the tax liability, the balance of tax due is paid when the income tax return is filed. If the tax withheld and/or payments on declaration exceed the tax liability for 1948, the overpayment is refundable to the
taxpayer unless he signifies on a return, Form 1040, that he wishes the overpayment to be credited on his 1949 estimated income tax.

Tax withheld, reported on the income tax return as a payment on tax liability, is the amount of tax withheld by employers from the salaries and wages of the taxpayer. The amount of tax withheld is determined by the employers either by (1) use of the wage bracket withholding tables, in which the amounts to be withheld are based on various wage levels after an allowance for withholding exemptions, or (2) application of the prescribed percentage rate to the amount of wages in excess of the withholding exemptions. Amounts to be withheld under either method were reduced, by the 1948 act, and new withholding tables and rates were applicable with respect to wages paid on or after May 1, 1948. Certain types of wage and salary payments, such as those for military service, agricultural labor, domestic service, and ministry of the gospel, are exempt from withholding.

Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax, reported on the income tax return as a payment on tax liability, include the credit for overpayment of the prior year's tax as well as the aggregate payments made on the 1948 Declaration of Estimated Income Tax, Form 1040ES. This combined amount is reported by the taxpayer.

Tax due at time of filing is the excess of the 1948 tax liability over the sum of the tax withheld, the payments on the 1948 declaration, and the credit for an overpayment of the prior year's tax. The amount due is paid in cash with the filing of the return, except in the case of the optional returns, Form 1040A, wherein the tax is determined by the collector of internal revenue and paid upon notice of the assessment.

Overpayment (refund, or credit on 1949 estimated tax) occurs if the sum of the tax withheld, the payments on 1948 declaration, and the credit for an overpayment of the prior year's tax exceeds the tax liability for 1948. Such tax overpayment is refundable or, at the option of the taxpayer using Form 1040, may be credited against the 1949 estimated tax. The amount refunded, as indicated on the income tax returns, is tabulated separately from the amount to be credited against the 1949 estimated tax, in one table of this report.

Amount of exemption, allowed as a credit against net income for 1948, is the same for purposes of computing both the normal tax and the surtax. The allowable exemptions consist of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer, $\$ 600$ for his spouse, $\$ 600$ for each dependent, and additional exemptions of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer and his spouse if 65 years of age or over, plus $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer and his spouse if blind. Exemptions are automatically allowed if the optional tax is paid. A dependent is a close relative specified by law, with income of less than $\$ 500$, who received more than one-half of his support from the taxpayer. A close relative means: son, daughter, or a descendant of either; stepson, stepdaughter, son-in-law, daughter-in-law; father, mother, or ancestor of either; stepfather, stepmother, father-in-law, or mother-in-law; brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law; uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece; provided he or she is a citizen of the United States, Canada, or Mexico, and has not filed a joint return with another person. Dependents meeting these qualifications need not be under 18 years of age.

The number and amount of exemptions tabulated in Statistics of Income include the exemptions claimed on returns with the optional $\operatorname{tax}$ (Form 1040A and short-form 1040), wherein the exemptions are allowed automatically, as well as the exemptions claimed on returns
on which the tax is computed by the taxpayer. Slight duplication of exemption exists on account of dependents with less than $\$ 500$ income, who file a return in order to claim refund of tax withheld on wages; such wages are not taxable to the dependent, neither do they constitute a part of the gross income of the taxpayer claiming the dependent.

## CLASSIFICATION OF INDIVIDUAL RETURNS

Individual returns are classified by adjusted gross income classes, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by returns with standard deduction or with itemized deductions, by returns with tax due at time of filing or with tax overpayment, by marital status of taxpayer, by number of exemptions other than age or blindness, by States and Territories, and for frequency distributions only, by size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income. Taxable returns are classified by types of tax liability, and returns with itemized deductions are classified by net income classes for frequency distribution. Data presented under the various classifications differ, some items not being available for all classifications.

Adjusted gross income classes.-Adjusted gross income, being common to all types of returns, supplies the base for adjusted gross income classes regardless of the amount of net income or net deficit when computed. Returns with adjusted gross deficit, disregarding the amount thereof, are designated "No adjusted gross income" and appear in aggregate as the first adjusted gross income class under nontaxable returns.

Returns with standard deduction or with itemized deductions.-Returns with standard deduction are optional returns, Form 1040A, and shortform returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ on both of which deductions are allowed automatically through use of the tax table, and long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the optional standard deduction is used. The standard deduction in the latter case is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that on the return of a married person filing a separate return, the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.

Returns with itemized deductions are long-form returns, Form 1040, on which nonbusiness deductions are itemized; long-form returns, Form 1040, with no deductions filed by spouses of taxpayers who itemized deductions (such spouses are denied the standard deduction); and short-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross deficit. The latter returns are included in this classification so that all returns with no adjusted gross income may be tabulated together.

Taxable and nontaxable returns.--This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of a tax liability after tax credits, and is without regard to tax payments. In the adjusted gross income class designated $\$ 500$ under $\$ 750$, taxable returns do not occur below $\$ 600$.

Size of specific source.-For the purpose of frequency distributions only, returns are classified by the size of each specific source of income or loss comprising the adjusted gross income. The class intervals for size of specific source are the same as those used last year.

Net income classes.-Returns with itemized deductions are classified on the basis of net income for a frequency distribution. Returns with net deficit, regardless of the amount, are designated "No net income."

Types of tax liability.-Returns are segregated on the basis of the two general types of tax liability: the regular normal tax and surtax combined and the alternative tax paid in the case of capital gain from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months. Returns with normal tax and surtax consist of the optional returns, Form 1040A, and shortform returns, Form 1040, wherein the optional tax is paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax, and the taxable long-form returns, Form 1040, except those on which the alternative tax is imposed. Returns with normal tax and surtax (both short- and long-form returns, Form 1040) include all returns with net loss from sales of capital assets and those with net gain from such sales when the alternative tax is not reported.

Returns with alternative tax are long-form returns, Form 1040, wherein the net income includes a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, and the alternative tax liability is less than the regular normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes all net gain from sales of capital assets. Further description of the alternative tax is given on pages 32-33.

Returns with tax due at time of filing or with tax overpayment.-Returns with tax due at time of filing are those on which the tax liability is greater than the payments made by means of the tax withheld and/or the declaration of estimated tax. Returns with tax overpayment are those on which the tax liability is less than the payments made by the same means. Returns in each classification are tabulated according to kinds of tax payments, singly and in combination.

Marital status.-The classification of returns for marital status of the taxpayer is based on the marital status of the taxpayer at the close of the year, or on the date of the death of a spouse. The four classifications are: joint returns of husbands and wives, separate returns of husbands and wives, separate community property returns, and returns of single persons. Except for the joint returns, each group is classified as returns of men and returns of women.

Number of exemptions other than age or blindness.-For the frequency distribution of returns by number of exemptions, only the per capita exemption for the taxpayer, his spouse on a joint return, and each dependent is utilized. Elimination of the additional exemptions for age and blindness, provides the same basis for classification by number of exemptions as that used in former years. There is a class for each of one through five and for six or more exemptions for all returns in aggregate and for the joint returns of husbands and wives; and a class for each of one through three and for four or more exemptions for the separate returns of husbands and wives (including separate community property returns) and for the returns of single persons.

States and Territories.-This classification consists of the 48 States, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia. The segregation of returns on the basis of States and Territories is determined by the location of the collection district in which the return is filed, except that for the District of Columbia, the segregation is determined by the address of the taxpayer. Collection districts, or groups of such districts, are coextensive with the States and Territories, except that the District of Columbia comprises a part of the district of Maryland, and the Territory of Alaska is a part of the district of Washington. The sampling technique employed does not permit separate tabulation of returns from Alaska.

## SCOPE OF ESTIMATED DATA

Data tabulated for the individual returns for 1948 are estimated from samples of the optional returns, Form 1040A; short-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$; and long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$. The number of returns is obtained from records of the Bureau, but the distribution of the returns by income classes and the related data together with their distribution by classes are estimated based on samples. The method of selecting samples, the procedure for extending data obtained from the samples to the universe, and the resultant sampling variations are fully explained in the description of the sample and limitations of the data, pages 44-52.

## TABULATED DATA

Statistical data for individual returns for 1948 are presented in 12 basic tables, corresponding to the first 12 tables published for 1947. No industrial classification was made for the businesses operated by sole proprietors in 1948 and no sole proprietorship tables are available. Tables 1 through 10 are tabulated on a national basis by adjusted gross income classes; and taxable and nontaxable returns are shown separately except in tables 1 and 4. In order that the frequency distributions of returns may show an extensive cross classification by size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income in table 4, the taxable and nontaxable returns are combined and broader adjusted gross income classes, than appear in the other tables, are used. Data in tables 11 and 12 'are tabulated on a State basis. Only returns with adjusted gross income are included in these two tables and the taxable and nontaxable returns are tabulated together. See the discussion on State aggregates on pages 51-55 concerning the variance between State and national data.-
Tables appearing in the text, for the most part, are summaries of data from the basic tables, presented by broader class intervals and generally taxable and nontaxable returns are combined. However, there is information not elsewhere tabulated relating to the percentage distributions of income or loss from each source comprising adjusted gross income and of itemized deductions, to medical expenses reported on returns with itemized deductions, to returns with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, and to the number of each type of return filed.

Throughout the tables, money amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand and, therefore, may not add to the totals.

SIMPLE AND CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTIONS BY ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME CLASSES
The number of returns, the amount of adjusted gross income, and the tax liability for returns with adjusted gross income are tabulated by adjusted gross income classes in basic table 1 to show the simple distribution by income class, the cumulative distribution from the highest income class, the cumulative distribution from the lowest income class, and the corresponding percentage distribution. In these distributions, taxable and nontaxable returns are combined, except that the nontaxable returns with no adjusted gross income are shown in aggregate, apart from the cumulative data.

In the following table, these data are summarized by use of adjusted gross income class intervals which, in most instances, are broader than those presented in the basic table.

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total |
| Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 299, 919 | 6.38 | 51, 745, 697 | 100.00 | 3, 299, 919 | 6.38 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 5,178, 887 | 10.01 | 43, 474,676 | 84.98 | 12,949, 908 | 25.03 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 5, 966, 397 | 11.53 | 38,795, 789 | 74.97 | 18, 916,305 | 36.56 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 6, 296, 154 | 12.17 | 32, 829, 392 | 63.44 | 25, 212, 459 | 48.72 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 6,163, 256 | 11.91 | 26, 533, 238 | 51.28 | 31,375, 715 | 60.63 |
| 3 under 4 | 9, 396, 744 | 18.16 | 20, 369, 982 | 39.37 | 40,772, 459 | 78.79 |
| 4 under $5^{4}$ - | 5,094,747 | 9.85 | 10, 973, 238 | 21.21 | 45, 867, 206 | 88.64 |
| 5 under 10 | 4,666, 206 | 9.02 | 5,878, 491 | 11.36 | 50, 533, 412 | 97.66 |
| 10 under 15 | 599, 545 | 1.16 | 1, 212, 285 | 2.34 | 51, 132, 957 | 98.82 |
| 15 under 20 | 236, 438 | . 46 | 612, 740 | 1.18 | 51, 369,395 | 99.27 |
| 20 under 25 | 122, 221 | . 24 | 376, 302 | . 73 | 51,491, 616 | 99.51 |
| 25 under 50 | 185, 076 | . 36 | 254,081 | . 49 | 51, 676, 692 | 99.87 |
| 50 under 100 | 52,725 | . 10 | 69, 00.5 | . 13 | 51,729, 417 | 99. 97 |
| 100 under 150 | 9,619 | . 02 | 16, 280 | . 03 | 51, 739, 036 | 99. 99 |
| 150 under 300 | 5,145 | ${ }^{\text {(8) }} 01$ | 6, 661 | (8) 01 | 51, 744, 181 | 99. 99 |
| 300 under 500 | 952 | ${ }^{(8)}$ | 1,516 |  | 51,745, 133 | 99.99 |
| 500 under 1,000 1,000 or more | 415 149 | (6) (6) | 564 149 | (6) (6) | $51,745,548$ $51,745,697$ | 99.99 100.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Returns with no adjusted gross income, nontaxable s | 326, 309 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total | 52, 072, 006 | ${ }^{(7)}$ |  |  |  |  |


| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from bighest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |
| Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 | 928, 133 | 0.57 | 164, 173, 861 | 100.00 | 928,133 | 0.57 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 3, 383, 376 | 2.06 | 163, 245, 719 | 99.43 | 4,311,509 | 2. 63 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 6,503, 699 | 3. 96 | 159, 862, 343 | 97.37 | 10,815, 208 | 6. 59 |
| 1.5 under 2 | $10,469,379$ $14,164,492$ | 6. 38 | $153,358,644$ <br> 142,389 <br> 1 | 93.41 87.04 | $21,284,587$ $35,449,079$ | 12.96 21.59 |
| 2 under 2.5 under 3 | $14,164,492$ $16,921,193$ | 8.63 10.31 | 142, 889,265 | 878.04 | $35,449,079$ $52,370,272$ | 21.59 31.90 |
| 3 under 4 - | 32,484,906 | 19.79 | 111, 803, 580 | 68.10 | 84, 855, 178 | 51.69 |
| 4 under 5 | 22,716, 705 | 13.84 | 79, 318, 674 | 48.31 | 107, 571, 883 | 65. 62 |
| 5 under 10 | 29, 818, 294 | 18. 16 | 56, 601, 969 | 34.48 | 137, 390, 177 | 83.69 |
| 10 under 15 | 7, 200, 668 | 4.39 | 26, 783, 675 | 16.31 | 144, 590, 845 | 88.07 |
| 15 under 20 | 4, 054, 251 | 2.47 | 19,583, 007 | 11.93 | 148, 645, 096 | 90.54 |
| 20 under 25 | 2,717, 601 | 1.66 | 15, 528, 756 | 9. 46 | 151, 362, 697 | 92. 20 |
| 25 under 50 | 6, 237, 807 | 3. 81 | 12, 811,155 | 7.80 4.00 | 157, 600,504 | 96.00 98.14 |
| 50 under 100 | 3, 516, 082 | $\begin{array}{r}2.14 \\ \hline 70\end{array}$ | 6, 573, 348 $3,057,266$ | 4.00 1.86 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 161,116,586 \\ & 162,270,042 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 98.14 98.84 |
| $100 \text { under } 150$ | $1,153,456$ $1,017,684$ | . 70 | $3,057,266$ $1,903,810$ | 1.86 | $162,270,042$ $163,287,726$ | 98.84 |
| 300 under 500 | - 353,350 | . 22 | -886, 126 | . 54 | 163, 641, 076 | 99.68 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 274, 704 | . 17 | 532, 776 | . 32 | 163, 915, 780 | 99.81 |
| 1,000 or more | 258, 072 | . 16 | 258, 072 | . 16 | 164, 173, 861 | 100.00 |
| Total | 164, 173, 861 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Returns with no adjusted gross income, nontaxable ${ }^{5}$ $\qquad$ | ${ }^{8} 657,847$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand tota | ${ }^{\text {- 163, 516, }} 014$ | (7) |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, sce pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribu tion from lowest income class |  |
|  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |
| Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1. | 37,706 | 0.24 | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 | 37,706 | 0. 24 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 187, 415 | 1.21 | 15,403, 832 | ${ }^{99 .} 76$ | 225, 121 | 1. 46 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 435, 023 | 2.82 | 15, 216, 417 | 98.54 | 660,144 | 4. 28 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 704, 578 | 4.56 | 14,781, 394 | 95.72 | 1,364,722 | 8.84 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 914, 648 | 5.92 | 14,076, 816 | 91.16 | 2, 279, 370 | 14.76 |
| 3 3under 4 | 1,990, 235 | 12. 89 | 13, 162, 168 | 85.24 | 4, 269, 605 | 27, 65 |
| 5 under 5 under 10 | 1, 687,046 | 10. 93 | 11, 171, 933 | 72.35 | 5, 956, 651 | 38. 58 |
| 5 under 10 under 15 | 2, 960, 914 | 19. 18 | 9, 484, 887 | 61.42 | 8, 917, 565 | 57.75 |
| 10 under 15 under 20 | 1, 002, 044 | 6.49 | 6, 523,973 | 42.25 | 9,919,609 | 64.24 |
| 15 under 20 | 684, 138 | 4.43 | 5,521, 929 | 35. 76 | 10,603,747 | 68.67 |
| 25 under 25 | 526, 578 | 3.41 | 4, 837,791 | 31.33 | 11, 130, 325 | 72.08 |
| 25 under 50 | 1,555, 194 | 10.07 | 4,311, 213 | 27.92 | 12,685, 519 | 82.15 |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 247, 160 | 8.08 | 2, 756, 019 | 17.85 | 13, 932,679 | 90.23 |
| 100 under 150 | 503, 298 | 3.26 | 1,508, 859 | 9.77 | 14, 435, 977 | 93.49 |
| 150 under 300 | 503,445 | 3.26 | 1,005,561 | 6.51 | 14,939, 422 | 96.75 |
| 300 under 500 500 under 1,000 | 194, 535 | 1. 26 | 502,116 | 3.25 | 15, 133, 957 | 98.01 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 155, 866 | 1.01 | 307, 581 | 1.99 | 15, 289, 823 | 99.02 |
| 1,000 or more | 151, 715 | . 98 | 151,715 | . 98 | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 |
| Total. | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |
| Returns with no adjusted gross income, nontaxable ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grandtotal | 15, 441, 529 |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp.41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

## SOURCES OF INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS

The amount of income, profit, or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income is the net amount to be included in the adjusted gross income; that is, gross receipts less the deductions allowable for the computation of adjusted gross income-trade and business deductions, expenses of travel, lodging, and reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, deductions for depreciation and depletion allowable to life tenants and income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales or exchanges of property. Should these deductions result in a net loss from the source to which they apply, the net loss nevertheless comprises a part of the adjusted gross income (or deficit). Therefore, the net losses from rents and royalties, from business, from partnership, from sales of capital assets, and from sales of other property, as well as the net profits from such sources are tabulated as component parts of the adjusted gross income. Descriptions of these income and loss sources are set forth on pages 17-20. In basic table 2, the amount of income or loss from each specific source comprising adjusted gross income is tabulated by adjusted gross income classes, for all returns, for returns with standard deduction, and for returns with itemized deductions. In basic table 3, frequency distributions of the returns for each specific source of
income or loss are tabulated in a similar manner. Basic table 4 shows the frequency distributions of returns by adjusted gross income classes and by size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income (or deficit). Selected sources of income are tabulated by States and Territories in basic table 11.
The deductions tabulated are those of a nontrade or nonbusiness character which are deductible from the adjusted gross income for the computation of net income (or deficit); these deductions are the allowable deductions reported only by the segment of taxpayers who itemized their deductions, rather than using the optional standard deduction. Such deductions include contributions, medical expenses, taxes, interest, casualty losses, and other miscellaneous deductions authorized against adjusted gross income. Descriptions of these items are given on pages $20-21$. The itemized deductions and net income or deficit reported by these taxpayers are tabulated in part three of basic table 2; and the frequency distributions of returns for each specific deduction are shown in part three of table 3.

An optional standard deduction is provided under the Code, which the taxpayer may use instead of itemizing his actual deductions, if he so elects. Use of the standard deduction relieves the taxpayer of the burden of having to itemize his nonbusiness deductions in detail and of having to support them with evidence. Under the 1948 act, the standard deduction is increased from the smaller of $\$ 500$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income to the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that on a separate return of a married person the standard deduction is limited to $\$ 500$. The amount of standard deduction allowed for 1948 is not tabulated. On returns with adjusted gross income of less than $\$ 5,000$, the optional standard deduction is approximately 10 percent of the adjusted gross income and is allowed automatically through use of the tax table. On returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more, the standard deduction to be used by the taxpayer in computing net income and tax liability is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or an amount equal to 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that in case of a separate return of a married person, the standard deduction is $\$ 500$. Regardless of the amount of adjusted gross income, the standard deduction is not allowed the remaining spouse if the net income of one spouse is determined with the use of itemized nonbusiness deductions.

Amounts of income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income are shown in the following summary which also shows the itemized nonbusiness deductions and the resultant net income or deficit. Taxable and nontaxable returns are combined and the returns with standard deduction are shown apart from returns with itemized deductions which are subdivided between returns showing adjusted gross income and returns showing no adjusted gross income.

Individual returns for 1948: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income, adjusted gross income, and the deductions for returns with itemized deductions
[Money figures in thousands of doilars]

| Sources of Income and deductlons | All returns | $\begin{gathered} \text { Returns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { standard } \\ \text { deduction } 10 \end{gathered}$ | Returns with itemized deductions ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Showing adjusted gross income |  | Showing no adjust ed gross income ${ }^{6}$ |
|  |  |  | With net income | With net deficit |  |
| Number of returns, taxable and nontaxable.- | 52, 072, 006 | 43, 243, 079 | 8,461,148 | 41,470 | 326, 309 |
| Salaries and wages ${ }^{12}$ | 125, 881, 402 | 95, 784, 305 | 29, 994, 191 | 36, 330 | 66, 576 |
| Dividends ${ }^{13}$ | 4, 970, 900 | 1, 334,641 | 3, 590, 507 | 14, 479 | 31, 273 |
| Interest ${ }^{14}$ - | 1,293, 450 | 593, 218 | 679,059 | 6,767 | 14,406 |
| Annuities and pensions ${ }^{1}$ | 294, 418 | 169, 171 | 122, 377 | 1,555 | 1,315 |
| Rents and royalties: ${ }^{16}$ Net profit. | 2, 599, 422 | 1, 410, 161 | 1,152, 412 | 10, 199 | 26, 650 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $18,048,769$ $1,290,577$ | $13,407,246$ 345,861 | $\begin{array}{r}4,609,542 \\ \hline 284,532\end{array}$ | 12,621 15,748 | 19,360 644,436 |
| Partnership: ${ }^{18}$ <br> Net profit <br> Net loss | $8,064,025$ 315,709 | $4,533,717$ | 3, 503, 84,142 84 | 1, 6,154 8,607 | $\begin{array}{r} 20,163 \\ 1409670 \end{array}$ |
| Sales or exchanges of capital assets: Net gain_ | 2, 499, 662 | 1,186, 664 | 1, 261, 299 | 7,712 | 43,987 |
| Sales or exchanges of property other than capltal assets: 20 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net gain- | 111, 178 | 69, 167 | 36,642 | (29) | 4,607 |
| Net loss. | 149, 325 | 40, 745 | 40, 414 |  | 66, 844 |
| Income from estates and trusts | 1,314, 567 | 339, 812 | 963, 812 | 3,656 | 7, 287 |
| Miscellaneous income ${ }^{22}$ | 755, 090 | 509,953 | 235, 351 | 2,972 | 6,814 |
| Adjusted gross income or defi | ${ }^{\text {- 163, 516, } 014}$ | 118, 626, 001 | 45, 476, 843 | 71,017 | ${ }^{8} 657,847$ |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest ${ }^{20}$ |  |  | 1,989, 163 | 11,276 | 3, 292 |
| Taxes ${ }^{55}$ |  |  | 1, 607,178 | 12, 192 | 8, 208 |
| Losses from fire, storm, etc. ${ }^{26}$ |  |  | 126,504 | 25, 065 | 2,448 |
| Medical and dental expenses ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 1,276, 187 | 24, 329 | 3,711 |
| Miscellaneous deductions ${ }^{28}$ |  |  | 1, 788, 670 | 29,242 | 10,843 |
| Total deductions |  |  | 7,751, 742 | 106, 146 | 31, 153 |
| Net income or deficit. |  |  | 37, 725, 101 | ${ }^{30} 35,129$ | ${ }^{30} 688,999$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

## SOURCES OF INCOME OR LOSS COMPRISING ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME

Salaries and wages include salaries, wages, bonuses, fees, commissions, tips and other kinds of compensation used by the employer to pay the employee for personal services; but exclude wages not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return, upon which no tax was withheld, reported as other income on the employee's optional return, Form 1040A. Salaries include compensation of employees of Federal, State and local governments; also pensions and retirement pay if subject to with-
holding tax and reported in the salary schedule. Compensation included for persons who received pay for personal service covering a period of 36 months or more is only that portion to which the 1948 tax rates applied; back pay for a prior year, although received in 1948, is not included. Enlisted and noncommissioned military personnel exclude from gross income all active service pay; and commissioned officers exclude the first $\$ 1,500$ of annual pay for active service. Veteran pensions and disability retirement pay, monthly allowances for support of veterans and their dependents, mustering-out pay, principal of terminal leave bonds, and benefits under Serviceman's Readjustment Act are exempt from tax and therefore are not reported. Travel and lodging expenses incurred by an employee while away from home on his employer's business are deducted from gross salary received.

Dividends include foreign and domestic dividends and the taxable and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, but exclude all dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries, and the dividends, not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return, reported as other income on the optional return, Form 1040A.

Interest includes interest on notes, mortgages, and bank deposits, and interest (before amortization of bond premium) on corporation bonds and taxable and partially tax-exempt Government obligations. Also included, when received through partnerships and fiduciaries, are amounts of partially tax-exempt Government interest and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Tabulated amounts exclude interest, not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return, reported as other income on the optional return, Form 1040A.

Annuities and pensions include only the taxable portion of amounts received during the year. An amount equal to 3 percent of the total cost of the annuity is reported as income annually, until the aggregate of amounts received and excluded from gross income in this year and prior years equals the cost. Thereafter, the entire amount received is taxable and must be included in gross income for the year it is received. Pensions are generally regarded as deferred compensation for services rendered and the entire amount received is subject to income tax unless expressly exempt by law. Annuities, pensions, and retirement pay are sometimes reported in the schedule for wages, particularly if they are subject to withholding of income tax.

Rents and royalties are reported in the same schedule. The net profit from rents is the excess of gross rents received over deductions for depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses attributable to the rented property. Rent includes the fair market value of crops received as rent from farm property. Net profit from royalties is the excess of gross revenue received from copyrights, patents, trade-marks, formulas, mineral rights, and the like over the allowable depletion, amortization, and other expenses relating to royalties. Conversely, net loss from these sources is the excess of deductions over the gross income received. The separate amount of net profit or net loss from either source is not available.

Profit or loss from business or profession is reported by individuals, including farmers, who are sole proprietors of their business activity or profession. All income derived from the business or profession is
reported as total receipts from business. Expenses deductible in arriving at the net profit or loss from business include cost of goods sold, salaries and wages paid to employees, interest on business debts, taxes on business and business property, losses arising from business operations, bad debts arising from sales or service, depreciation, obsolescence or depletion, rent, repairs, cost of supplies, advertising, selling expenses, insurance premiums for business property, amortization of emergency facilities, and the net operating loss deduction due to the unabsorbed operating loss deduction from business, partnership, or common trust funds, for the two preceding years. Compensation of the sole proprietor is not an allowable deduction.

Partnership profit or loss is reported by persons who are members of a partnership, syndicate, joint venture, or the like. Each member must report as income his proportionate share of the net profit or net loss, whether actually received or not, of every such organization whose income year ends within his taxable year. The net profit or loss reported in the schedule for partnership income excludes partially taxexempt interest on Government obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets. In computing the partnership profit or loss to be distributed, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed. However, each partner shall take into account his share of the income and losses of the partnership in computing his own net operating loss deduction.

Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable loss taken into account in computing adjusted gross income whether or not the alternative tax is imposed on the gain. Either is the result of combining net short- and long-term capital gain and loss and the capital loss carry-over from the years 1943-1947, inclusive, not previously deducted; however, the deduction allowed in the computation of adjusted gross income for such a loss is limited to the amount of the loss, or to net income (adjusted gross income, if tax is determined from the optional tax table) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest. For the purpose of this report, the returns are not edited to ascertain whether or not the deduction conforms to the specified limitation and there may be instances, particularly among returns with no adjusted gross income, where the amount deducted exceeds the limitation. For a comprehensive discussion of gains and losses from sales of capital assets, the capital loss carry-over, and other pertinent facts, see pages 26-30.

Net gain or loss from sales of property other than capital assets is the net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of depreciable property and real property used in trade or business and from sales of obligations of the United States or any of its possessions, a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue. A net loss from this source is deductible without limitation. (As to the possibility of property used in trade or business being treated as a capital asset, see p. 27.)

Income from estates and trusts is the taxpayer's share (whether actually received or not) of distributable income of an estate or trust
under which the taxpayer is a beneficiary. Such income, however, excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, received through these entities but reported in interest income. In computing the distributable income of an estate or trust, the net operating loss deduction is allowed.

Miscellaneous income includes alimony received, prizes, rewards, sweepstakes winnings, gambling profits, recovery of bad debts deducted in a prior ycar, insurance received as reimbursement for medical expenses previously deducted, and all other taxable income for which an entry is not provided on the return form. Also tabulated as miscellaneous income is $\$ 40,448,000$ of wages not subject to withholding tax, dividends, and interest, not exceeding a total of $\$ 100$ per return, reported as other income on 896,400 optional returns, Form 1040A.

## ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS

Deductions tabulated in this report are those reported by $8,828,927$ taxpayers who itemized their nonbusiness deductions for the computation of net income on the long-form return, Form 1040. No deductions are reported by the $43,243,079$ taxpayers who elected to use the optional standard deduction.

Contributions are those made to organizations created in the United States or possessions thereof, or under the law of the United States, or of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals; to veterans' organizations; or to governmental organizations for public purposes exclusively. Individuals who are members of a partnership may include in their personal return their pro rata share of contributions made by the partnership. The amount of contributions allowed as a deduction is limited, in general, to 15 percent of the taxpayer's adjusted gross income. For the purpose of this report, the returns are not edited to ascertain whether or not the deduction conforms to the limitation and there may be instances, particularly among returns with no adjusted gross income, where the amount exceeds the specified limitation.

Interest paid is that paid on personal indebtedness, mortgages, installment purchases, bank loans, interest incurred in the production or collection of income or in the management, conservation, or maintenance of property; but does not include interest chargeable against rental or royalty income nor interest on business debts, such interest being reported in rental or business expenses; neither does it include interest on loans to buy tax-exempt securities nor single-premium life insurance and endowment contracts.

Taxes paid include personal property taxes, State and local income taxes, certain retail sales taxes, and real estate taxes except those levied for improvements which tend to increase the value of property. This deduction for taxes does not include Federal income taxes, Federal import duties, Federal excise or stamp taxes; estate, legacy, succession, or gift taxes; taxes on shares in a corporation which are
paid for the taxpayer by the corporation; taxes deducted in the schedules for rents and for business; income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as tax credit; nor Federal social security and employment taxes paid by or for the employee.

Losses from fire, storm, etc., are the net losses on nonbusiness property resulting from accident, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft. The deduction is limited to the net loss sustained, that is, the value of the property just before the loss, less the salvage value and insurance or other reimbursement received.

Medical and dental expenses are the medical, hospital, dental, and other expenses, paid during the year for the care of the taxpayer, his spouse, or dependents, which are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, and which exceed an amount equal to 5 percent of the adjusted gross income. The deduction cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except in the case of a joint return of husband and wife, when the maximum is $\$ 5,000$. Medical expenses include amounts paid for diagnosis, cure, treatment, or prevention of disease, or to alleviate a defect, as well as amounts paid for health, accident, and hospitalization insurance; also includible are expenses for eyeglasses, dentures, artificial limbs, hearing aids, X-ray, nursing service, medical supplies, drugs, ambulance service, and the like. Returns showing a deduction for medical expenses are tabulated separately in a table on page 31.

Miscellaneous deductions include the allowable deductions not reported elsewhere on the return, such as alimony payments, expenses incurred in the production or collection of taxable income or in the management of property held for the production of taxable income, amortizable bond premium, the taxpayer's share of interest and real estate taxes paid by a cooperative apartment corporation, and gambling losses not exceeding the gambling gains reported in gross income.
In the tabulation which follows, the income or loss from each specific source comprising adjusted gross income, the aggregate positive and negative income, and the adjusted gross income for all returns, together with the adjusted gross income, deductions, net income, and net deficit for returns with itemized deductions, are presented by broader adjusted gross income classes than are used in basic table 2; and the taxable and nontaxable returns are tabulated together. Following this tabulation, there are percentage distributions of these data. In these distributions, income and loss from each of the specific sources comprising adjusted gross income are shown as a percentage of the aggregate positive income; and each itemized deduction is shown as a percentage of the adjusted gross income for returns with itemized deductions. Aggregate positive income, used as the percentage base in this tabulation, is the sum of the positive items of income; namely, salaries and wages, dividends, interest, annuities and pensions, net profit from rents and royalties, net profit from business or profession, net profit from partnership, net gain from sales of capital assets, net gain from sales of property other than capital assets, and miscellaneous income.

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income, aggregate positive and negative income, adjusted gross income; and for returns with itemized deductions the adjusted gross income, deductions, net income, and net deficit
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income | All returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Salaries and wages ${ }^{13}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Divi- } \\ \text { dends }{ }^{13} \end{gathered}$ | Interest ${ }^{14}$ | Annuitiesandpensions ${ }^{16}$ | Rents and royalties ${ }^{18}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Net profit | Net loss |
| Taxable and nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross inincome ${ }^{5}$ | 326, 309 | 66, 576 | 31, 273 | 14, 406 | 1,315 | 26, 650 | 26, 599 |
|  | 3, 299,919 | 826,510 | 9,967 | 11, 179 | 2,736 | 30, 184 | 5, 811 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 4, 471, 102 | 2, 635, 294 | 52, 192 | 49, 095 | 24, 886 | 123, 187 | 8,578 |
| 1.5 | 5, 178, 887 | 5, 115, 343 | 77,767 | 65, 681 | 41, 999 | 153, 703 | 12,694 15,164 |
| $\frac{1.5}{} 2$ under 2.5 | 5, ${ }^{\text {6, } 2966,154}$ | 8, $12,295,300$ | 85, <br> 908 | 60, 162 | 28, 603 | 146, 120 | 15, 164 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 6,163, 256 | 14,986, 787 | 86, 675 | 58, 935 | 23, 139 | 133, 420 | 25, 857 |
| 3 under 4 | 9, 396, 744 | 29, 124, 813 | 183, 714 | 112, 523 | 25, 830 | 264, 848 | 42, 169 |
| 4 under 54 | 5, 094, 747 | 19, 849,534 | 187, 515 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 95, } \\ \hline 244 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ | 22,119 36,404 | 202, 593 | 30,643 |
| 15 under 20 | 236, 438 | 1, 656, 210 | 322, 247 | 76, 060 | 6,893 | 135, 127 | 5,966 |
| 20 under 25 | 122, 221 | 1, 029,561 | 261, 768 | 52, 813 | 5,792 | 93, 951 | 3,257 |
| 25 under 50 | 185, 076 | 2, 198, 181 | 810,635 | 134, 428 | 10,477 | 217, 682 | 7,640 |
| 50 under 100 | 52, 725 | 1, 036, 658 | 697, 785 | 78,294 | 6, 288 | 121. 802 | 4,476 |
| 100 under 150 | 9,619 | 281, 642 | 315,007 <br> 335,377 | $\begin{array}{r}25,220 \\ 22 \\ \hline 244\end{array}$ | 2,231 1,645 | 41,218 35,132 | 1,446 1,584 |
| 150 under 300 | 5, 145 | 185,450 39 | 134, 884 | 6,910 | -389 | 12,187 | 1,368 |
| 500 under 1,00 | 415 | 18, 247 | 102, 760 | 5,493 | 221 | 10,975 | 546 |
| 1,000 or more | 149 | 7, 033 | 112, 999 | 6,215 | 177 | 5, 050 | 382 |
| Total | 52,072, 006 | 125, 881, 402 | 4, 970, 900 | 1, 293, 450 | 294, 418 | 2, 599, 422 | 262, 691 |


| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | All returns-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Business or profession ${ }^{17}$ |  | Partnership ${ }^{18}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |  |
|  | Net profit | Net loss | Net profit | Net loss | Net gain | Net loss |
| Taxable and nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  | 43, 987 |  |
| No ader 0.5 | 76, 949 | 644,436 32,832 | 8, 818 | 149,692 7,062 | 43,987 10,980 | 8, 175 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 431, 734 | 40, 754 | 61, 416 | 8,986 | 32, 929 | 12, 890 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 883, 773 | 46, 605 | 116, 436 | 9,911 | 53,708 | 15, 543 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1,191, 803 | 44, 478 | 178, 756 | 6,976 | 61, 196 | 13,841 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1, 242, 922 | 44, 020 | 217, 559 | 5,426 | 72, 818 | 16,929 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1, 286, 909 | 43,138 66,367 | 272,664 502,040 | 7,202 17,305 | 80,822 169,205 | 15, 876 |
| 3 under 4 4- | 2, 118, 114 | 66, 667 | 502,040 531,716 | 17,305 19,364 | 169, 205 | 25, ${ }^{33}$, 088. |
| 5 under 10 | 3, 824,838 | 94, 465 | 1,596,027 | 31, 681 | 489, 151 | 58, 210 |
| 10 under 15 | 1, 752, 694 | 30, 289 | 970,018 | 10,547 | 224, 559 | 26,364 |
| 15 under 20 | 998, 677 | 21, 924 | 676,680 <br> 489 <br> 659 | 7,616 4,983 | 129, 199 | 15,831 10,240 |
| 20 under 25 | $\begin{array}{r}645,926 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14, 828 | 489,659 $1,237,228$ | 4, 1283 12,305 | 91,676 236,984 | 10, 21.370 |
| 25 under 50 | $1,228,731$ 471,907 | 40, 710 30 | 1, 768,871 | 12,369 7,698 | 197, 340 | 8, 676 |
| 100 under 150 | 97, 849 | 12,636 | 212, 467 | 3,077 | 97, 453 | 1,825 |
| 150 under 300 | 64, 278 | 12, 224 | 146, 373 | 3, 092 | 133, 444 | 1, 102 |
| 300 under 500 | 18, 265 | 4, 180 | 33, 098 | 1, 577 | 71, 315 | ${ }^{202}$ |
| 500 under 1,000 | 7, 665 | 3, 134 | 18,456 | 774 | 71, 410 | 87 |
| 1,000 or more | 9,802 | 3,069 | 5,782 | 472 | 67, 201 | 42 |
| Total | 18,048, 769 | 1,290, 577 | 8, 064, 025 | 315, 709 | 2, 499, 662 | 298, 569 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income, aggregate positive and negative income, adjusted gross income; and for returns with itemized deductions the adjusted gross income, deductions, net income, and net deficit-Con.
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income classes 1 | All returns-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets ${ }^{20}$ |  | Income from estates and trusts ${ }^{21}$ | Miscellaneous income ${ }^{22}$ | Aggregate |  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Net gain | Net loss |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxable and nontaxable returns: <br> No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ <br> Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4, 607 | 66, 844 | 7, 287 | 6,814 | 242, 438 | 900, 283 | ${ }^{8} 657,847$ |
|  | 777 | 4,794 | 1,791 | 7,119 | 986.810 | 58, 674 | 928, 133 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 3,496 | 3,492 | 10,320 | 33, 535 | 3, 458, 084 | 74, 700 | 3, 383, 376 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 5, 719 | 4,784 | 18, 335 | 60, 780 | 6, 593, 244 | 89, 537 | 6, 503, 699 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 6,915 | 5,025 | 19, 370 | 68, 732 | 10, 554, 868 | 85, 484 | 10, 469, 379 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 7, 451 | 4,686 | 21, 207 | 69, 408 | 14, 252, 352 | 87, 864 | 14, 164, 492 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 8, 725 | 3, 069 | 16,950 | 61, 319 | 17, 016,345 | 95, 142 | 16, 921, 193 |
| 3 under 4 | 12,993 | 11, 596 | 35, 874 | 105, 948 | 32, 655, 902 | 170, 989 | 32, 484, 908 |
| 4 under 5 | 11,926 | 6, 640 | 46, 462 | 70, 180 | 22, 858, 619 | 141.919 | 22, 716, 705 |
| 5 under 10 | 23, 450 | 17,365 | 165, 518 | 126, 747 | 30, 061, 792 | 243, 495 | 29, 818, 294 |
| 10 under 15 | 9, 235 | 4,445 | 107, 490 | 44, 239 | 7, 283, 249 | 82, 567 | 7, 200, 668 |
| 15 under 20 | 4, 561 | 2,678 | 81, 622 | 20,990 | 4, 108, 266 | 54, 015 | 4. 054,251 |
| 20 under 25 | 2, 721 | 1,754 | 63, 960 | 14, 832 | 2, 752, 659 | 35, 062 | 2, 717, 601 |
| 25 under 50 | 5, 114 | 4,414 | 206, 058 | 38, 729 | 6, 324, 247 | 86, 444 | 6, 237, 807 |
| 50 under 100 | 2, 026 | 2, 853 | 171, 464 | 17, 658 | 3, 570, 093 | 54, 011 | 3, 516, 082 |
| 100 under 150 | 496 | 948 | 95, 909 | 3, 863 | 1, 173, 385 | 19,932 | 1,153, 456 |
| 150 under 300 | 288 | 1,007 | 108, 994 | 2,967 | 1,036, 692 | 19, 009 | 1, 017, 684 |
| 300 under 500 | 65 | 160 | 42, 611 | 645 | 359, 838 | 6,487 | 353, 350 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 602 | 108 | 43, 366 | 157 | 279, 352 | 4.649 | 274, 704 |
| 1,000 or more. | 14 | 2,662 | 49,985 | 442 | 264, 700 | 6,627 | 258,072 |
| Total | 111, 178 | 149, 325 | 1,314, 567 | 755, 090 | 165, 832, 883 | 2, 316, 871 | ${ }^{2} 163,516,014$ |


| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | Returns with itemized deductions ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Deductions |  |  |  |
|  |  | Contributions ${ }^{25}$ | Interest ${ }^{34}$ | Taxes ${ }^{25}$ | Losses from fire, storm, etc. ${ }^{26}$ |
| Taxable and nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$.. | 8 657, 847 | 2,651 | 3,292 | 8,208 | 2, 448 |
| Under 0.5---- | 9,406 | 1,015 | 1,129 | 2, 448 | 334 |
| 0.5 under 1.5 | 197, 56635 | 12,606 | 4, 129 | 13,735 | 1,326. |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1, 110, 470 | 60, 677 | 23,705 | 47,987 | 11,013 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1,903, 524 | 97, 646 | 45, 340 | 72, 415 | 15, 283 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 2, 710, 989 | 128, 770 | 70,952 | 100, 373 | 22, 297 |
| 3 under 4 | 6, 790, 799 | 307, 100 | 201, 421 | 252, 370 | 48, 855 |
| 4 under 5 - | 5, 798, 981 | 245, 367 | 173, 801 | 216, 203 | 51, 599 |
| 5 under $10-$ | $9,442,695$ | 365, 680 | 232, 012 | 322, 273 | 46, 925 |
| 10 under 15 | 2, 622, 637 | 103, 172 | 55, 112 | 99, 104 | 9,660 |
| 15 under 20 | 2, 035, 597 | 73, 361 | 34, 993 | 74,147 | 5, 352 |
| 20 under 25 | 1, 625, 798 | 55, 270 | 23, 203 | 57, 814 | 3. 720 |
| 25 under 50 | 4, 648, 878 | 145, 899 | 57, 009 | 151, 607 | 10, 001 |
| 50 under 100 | 3, 121, 359 | 100, 267 | 34, 229 | 94, 219 | 6, 764 |
| 100 under 150 | 1,096,753 | 42, 333 | 11,626 | 32,948 | 1, 904 |
| 150 under 300 | 989, 096 | 46, 831 | 11, 283 | 30, 281 | 1,504 |
| 300 under 500 | 347, 543 | 19,579 | 3,778 | 9,378 | 371 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 273, 472 | 17,747 | 3, 013 | 7, 132 | 969 |
| 1,000 or more. | 255, 794 | 21,837 | 956 | 6, 239 | 181 |
| Total. | - 44, 890, 013 | 1, 880, 731 | 1, 003, 731 | 1,627, 578 | 244, 017 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income, aggregate positive and negative income, adjusted gross income; and for returns with itemized deductions the adjusted gross income, deductions, net income, and net deficit-Con.
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Returns with itemized deductions ${ }^{11}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Deductions-Continued |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { deficit }{ }^{20} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Medical \& id dental expenses? | Miscel- <br> laneous deductions ${ }^{28}$ | Total deductions |  |  |
| Taxable and nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{\text {b }}$.- | 3,711 | 10,843 | 31, 153 | 3,479 | 688,999 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 24, 803 | 9, 230 | 65, 831 | 136, 157 | 4,250 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 56, 502 | 24, 983 | 160, 361 | 410, 071 | 4,101 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 90, 482 | 43, 653 | 277, 516 | 835, 654 | 2, 697 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 127, 112 | 72,544 | 430, 346 | 1, 475, 263 | 2,082 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 151, 266 | 101, 795 | 575, 453 | 2,137, 912 | 2, 374 |
| 3 under 4 | 299, 470 | 252, 562 | 1, 361, 778 | 5, 432, 846 | 3,824 |
| 4 under 5 4, | 209, 689 | 292, 923 | 1, 189, 592 | 4, 620, 762 | 11,369 |
| 5 under 10 under 15 | 238, 469 | 520, 354 | $1,725,706$ 434,213 | 7, 716, 993 |  |
| 15 under 20 | 20, 741 | 74, 416 | 283, 011 | 1,752, 586 |  |
| 20 under 25 | 10,758 | 47, 913 | 198, 679 | 1, 427, 119 |  |
| 25 under 50 | 17, 894 | 114, 325 | 496, 739 | 4, 152, 139 |  |
| 50 under 100 | 4, 844 | 66,571 | 305, 894 | 2, 815, 466 | -... |
| 100 under 150 | 666 | 24, 518 | 113, 994 | 982, 758 |  |
| 150 under 300 | 244 | 24, 219 | 114, 364 | 874, 733 |  |
| 300 under 500 | 23 | 9,125 | 42, 253 | 305,290 |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | 14 | 7, 680 | 36. 557 | 236, 915 |  |
| 1,000 or more | 1 | 6, 040 | 35, 252 | 220, 542 |  |
| Total. | 1,304, 227 | 1, 828, 755 | 7, 889, 041 | 37, 725, 101 | 724,128 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Items of income or loss from each source shown as percentage of aggregate positive income; and for returns with itemized deductions, items of deductions shown as percentage of adjusted gross income

| Adjusted gross income classes 1 (Thousands of dollars) | All returns-Income or loss from cach source shown as percentage of aggregate positive income ${ }^{31}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Salaries and wages 12 | Dividends ${ }^{13}$ | Interest ${ }^{14}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Annu- } \\ \text { ities } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { pe-q- } \\ \text { sion } ; 18 \end{gathered}$ | Rents and royalties ${ }^{16}$ |  | Business or profession ${ }^{17}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Net profit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { loss } \end{aligned}$ | Net profit | Net loss |
| Taxable returns: and nontaxable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{\text {b }}$. | 27. 46 | 12.90 | 5.94 | 0.54 | 10.99 | 10.97 | 7.99 | 265.81 |
| Under 0.5 | 83.76 | 1. 01 | 1.13 | . 28 | 3. 06 | . 59 | 7.80 | 3.33 |
| 0.5 under 1. | 76. 21 | 1. 51 | 1.42 1.00 | . 72 | 3. 56 | . 25 | 12. 48 | 1.18 |
| 1 under 1.5 under 2. | 77.58 82.33 | 1.18 .81 | 1.00 .56 | . 64 | 2.33 1.44 | . 19 | 13. 40 11.29 | . 71 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 86.27 | .64 | . 42 | .20 | 1.03 | . 12 | 8.72 | . 31 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 88.07 | . 51 | . 35 | . 14 | . 78 | . 15 | 7.56 | . 25 |
| 3 under 4 | 89.19 | . 56 | . 34 | . 08 | . 81 | . 13 | 6.49 | .20 |
| 4 under 54 | 86.84 | . 82 | . 42 | . 10 | . 89 | . 13 | 7.33 | . 26 |
| 5 under 10 | 74.62 | 2. 14 | . 81 | . 12 | 1.60 | . 14 | 12.72 | . 31 |
| 10 under 15 | 46.80 | 5.89 | 1.56 | . 15 | 2.92 | . 15 | 24.06 | . 42 |
| 15 under 20 | 40.31 | 7. 84 | 1.85 | . 17 | 3. 29 | . 15 | 24. 31 | . 53 |
| 20 under 25 under 50 | 37.40 34.76 | 9.51 12.82 | 1.92 2.13 | . 21 | 3.41 3.44 | . 12 | 23.47 | . 54 |
| 50 under 100 | 29.04 | 19.55 | 2.19 | .18 | 3.41 | . 13 | 13. 22 | . 85 |
| 100 under 150 | 24. 00 | 26.85 | 2.15 | . 19 | 3.52 | . 12 | 8.34 | 1.08 |
| 150 under 300 | 17.89 | 32.35 | 2.19 | . 16 | 3.39 | . 15 | 6.20 | 1.18 |
| 300 under 500 | 10. 97 | 37.48 | 1.92 | . 11 | 3.39 | . 10 | 5.08 | 1.16 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 6. 53 | 36. 79 | 1.97 | . 08 | 3.93 | . 20 | 2.74 | 1.12 |
| 1,000 or more. | 2. 66 | 42.69 | 2.35 | . 07 | 1.91 | . 14 | 3.70 | 1.16 |
| Total | 75. 91 | 3.00 | . 78 | . 18 | 1.57 | . 16 | 10.88 | . 78 |


| Adjusted gross income classes 1 (Thousands of dollars) | All returns-Income or loss from each source shown as percentage of aggregate positive income ${ }^{31}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Partnership ${ }^{18}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |  | Sales orexchanges of property other than capital assets ${ }^{20}$ |  | Income from es trusts ${ }^{21}$ | Miscellaneous income ${ }^{23}$ |
|  | Net profit | Netloss | Net gain | Net loss | Net gain | Netloss |  |  |
| Taxable and nontaxable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | 8.32 | 61.74 | 18.14 | 5. 25 | 1.90 | 27.57 | 3.01 | 2. 81 |
| Under 0.5--.-------------- | . 87 | . 72 | 1.11 | . 83 | . 08 | . 49 | . 18 | . 72 |
| 0.5 under 1. | 1.78 | . 26 | . 95 | . 37 | . 10 | . 10 | . 30 | . 97 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 1.77 | . 15 | . 81 | . 24 | . 09 | . 07 | .28 | . 92 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1.69 | . 07 | . 58 | . 13 | . 07 | . 05 | . 18 | . 65 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1. 53 | . 04 | . 51 | . 12 | . 05 | . 03 | . 15 | . 49 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1.60 | . 04 | . 47 | . 09 | . 05 | . 02 | . 10 | . 36 |
| 3 under 4 | 1. 54 | . 05 | . 52 | . 10 | . 04 | . 04 | . 11 | . 32 |
| 4 under 54 | 2. 33 | . 08 | . 72 | . 11 | . 05 | . 03 | . 20 | .31 |
| 5 under 10 | 5.31 | . 11 | 1. 63 | . 19 | . 08 | . 06 | . 55 | . 42 |
| 10 under 15 | 13.32 | . 14 | 3.08 | . 36 | . 13 | . 06 | 1.48 | . 61 |
| 15 under 20 | 16.47 | . 19 | 3.14 | . 39 | . 11 | . 07 | 1. 99 | . 51 |
| 20 under 25 | 17.79 | . 18 | 3. 33 | . 37 | . 10 | . 06 | 2. 32 | . 54 |
| 25 under 50 | 19.56 | . 19 | 3. 75 | . 34 | . 08 | . 07 | 3.26 | . 61 |
| 50 under 100 | 21.54 | . 22 | 5. 53 | . 24 | . 06 | . 08 | 4.80 | . 49 |
| 100 under 150. | 18.11 | . 26 | 8.31 | . 16 | . 04 | . 08 | 8.17 | . 33 |
| 150 under 300 | 14.12 | . 30 | 12.87 | . 11 | . 03 | . 10 | 10.51 | . 29 |
| 300 under 500 | 9.20 | . 44 | 19.82 | . 06 | . 02 | . 04 | 11.84 | . 18 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 6.61 | . 28 | 25. 56 | . 03 | . 22 | . 04 | 15. 52 | . 06 |
| 1,000 or more. | 2.18 | . 18 | 25.39 | . 02 | . 01 | 1.01 | 18.88 | . 17 |
| Total | 4.86 | . 19 | 1.51 | . 18 | . 07 | . 09 | . 79 | . 46 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.


#### Abstract

Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Items of income or loss from each source shown as percentage of aggregate positive income; and for returns with itemized deductions, items of deductions shown as percentage of adjusted gross income-Continued


| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ (Thousands of dollars) | Returnswith itemized deductions ${ }^{11}$-Deductions shown as percentage of adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Contributions ${ }^{23}$ | Interest ${ }^{24}$ | Taxes ${ }^{24}$ | Losses from fire, storm, etc. ${ }^{26}$ | Medical and dental ex- penses 27 | Miscellaneous tions ${ }^{28}$ | Totaldeductions |
| Taxable and nontaxable returns: No adjusted gross income ${ }^{3}$ - | (1) | (7) | (7) | (1) | (1) | (1) | () |
|  | 10. 79 | 12.00 | 26.03 | 3.55 | 35. 19 | 22.56 | 110.11 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 6.38 | 2.09 | 6. 95 | . 67 | 12.54 | 4.67 | 33.29 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 5.81 | 2.25 | 5.07 | . 80 | 9.98 | 4.41 | 28.32 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 5. 46 | 2. 13 | 4.32 | . 99 | 8.15 | 3. 93 | 24.99 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 5.13 | 2.38 | 3.80 | . 80 | 6. 68 | 3.81 | 22.61 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 4.75 | 2. 62 | 3. 70 | . 82 | 5.58 | 3. 75 | 21. 23 |
| 3 under 4 | 4.52 | 2.97 | 3.72 | . 72 | 4.41 | 3. 72 | 20.05 |
| 4 under 54. | 4. 23 | 3.00 | 3.73 | . 89 | 3. 62 | 5.05 | 20.51 |
| 5 under 10 | 3.87 | 2.46 | 3.41 | . 50 | 2.53 | 5.51 | 18.28 |
| 10 under 15 | 3. 93 | 2. 10 | 3. 78 | . 37 | 1.69 | 4.69 | 16. 56 |
| 15 under 20 | 3. 60 | 1. 72 | 3. 64 | . 26 | 1.02 | 3. 66 | 13. 90 |
| 20 under 25 | 3.40 | 1.43 | 3.56 | . 23 | . 66 | 2.95 | 12. 22 |
| 25 under 50 | 3.14 | 1.23 | 3.26 | . 22 | . 38 | 2.46 | 10.69 |
| 50 under 100 | 3.21 | 1.10 | 3.02 | . 18 | . 16 | 2.13 | 9.80 |
| 100 under 150 | 3.86 | 1.06 | 3.00 | . 17 | . 06 | 2.24 | 10.39 |
| 150 under 300 | 4.73 | 1. 14 | 3.06 | . 15 | . 02 | 2.45 | 11.56 |
| 300 under 500 | 5. 63 | 1.09 | 2. 70 | . 11 | . 01 | 2.63 | 12.16 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 6. 49 | 1. 10 | 2.61 | . 35 | . 01 | 2.81 | 13.37 |
| 1,000 or more | 8.54 | . 37 | 2.44 | . 07 | $\left.{ }^{6}\right)$ | 2.36 | 13.78 |
| Total returns with itemized deductions ${ }^{34}$. | 4. 19 | 2.24 | 3. 63 | . 54 | 2.91 | 4.07 | 17. 57 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

## NET GAIN OR LOSS FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS

Net gain or loss from sales of capital assets is derived from sales of property defined by the Internal Revenue Code as capital assets. The term, capital assets, means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but does not include (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory if on hand at the close of the income year, (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business (3) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (4) an obligation of the United States or any possession thereof, or of a State or Territory or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue, or (5) real property used in trade or business.

If bonds in registered or coupon form and corporate stocks become worthless during the year and are capital assets, the loss therefrom is considered a loss from the sales of capital assets; also, a nonbusiness debt which becomes totally worthless within the year is considered a loss from the sale of a capital asset held not more than 6 months: and certain distributions under employees' trust plans, as specified under section 165 of the Code, to the extent that the distributions exceed the amount contributed by the employec, are considered a gain from the sales of capital assets held more than 6 months.

For the purpose of computing net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets the law distinguishes between short- and
long-term capital gain and loss and provides different rules for the treatment of each. The distinction between short- and long-term gain and loss is based on the length of time that the asset is held before the sale or exchange. Short-term applies to the gain or loss resulting from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for not more than 6 months, and 100 percent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net short-term capital gain or loss. Long-term applies to the gain or loss resulting from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for more than 6 months, and 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net long-term capital gain or loss. The amounts reported as net short- and long-term. capital gain or loss include the net shortand long-term capital gain and loss from partnerships and common trust funds.

Under certain circumstances, gain or loss from the sale of property which is not a capital asset may be treated as gain or loss from the sale of capital assets. Such gain or loss includes that from the sale of land and depreciable property used in business and from the cutting of timber or the disposal of timber under contract, if held more than 6 months. If the recognized gains upon sales or exchanges of such property plus the recognized gains from compulsory or involuntary conversion (through seizure, condemnation, destruction, fire, or theft) of property used in business and of capital assets held more than 6 months, exceed the recognized losses from such sales, exchanges, and conversions, then such gains and losses are considered as gains and losses from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months. However, if such gains do not exceed such losses, then such gains and losses are not considered as gains or losses from sales of capital assets; but each gain is fully reported and each loss, if allowable at all, is deductible in full.

The capital loss carry-over provision of the Code allows the amount of net capital loss of any income year to be carried forward as a shortterm capital loss in each of the five succeeding years to the extent that it exceeds any net capital gains of subsequent years intervening between the year in which the net capital loss is sustained and the year to which carried. If there are net capital losses carried over from more than 1 year, they are allowed in the order in which they arose. The net capital loss for any year, to be used as a capital loss carry-over, is the excess of (1) current year losses from sales of capital assets over (2) the sum of current year gains from sales of capital assets and the smaller of (a) $\$ 1,000$ or (b) net income (adjusted gross income, if tax is determined from the tax table) computed without regard to gains or losses from. sales of capital assets. For the purpose of computing the net capital loss carry-over, net capital gain for any year is the excess of (1) current year gains from sales of capital assets plus the smaller of (a) $\$ 1,000$ or (b) net income (adjusted gross income, if tax is determined from the tax table) computed without regard to capital gains or losses over (2) current year losses from sales of capital assets.

Capital loss carry-over reported on the 1948 returns is the combination of the net capital loss for 1947 and the remaining capital loss carry-overs from 1943-1946 not offset by the net capital gains of the succeeding years 1944-1947.

The net gain and the net loss from sales of capital assets reported for the computation of adjusted gross income for 1948 is a combination of the net short- and long-term capital gain and loss of 1948 and the capital loss carry-over from 1943-1947, inclusive. Deduction for the loss, however, is limited to the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or the net income (adjusted gross income, if tax is determined from the tax table) computed without regard to capital gains and losses. The amounts of net gain and of net loss from sales of capital assets are tabulated among the specific sources comprising adjusted gross income in basic table 2; and frequency distributions of returns with such net gain or loss are shown in basic tables 3 and 4. Additional data are supplied in basic table 10 which shows the net short-term capital gain, net short-term capital loss, net long-term capital gain, net long-term capital loss, and the capital loss carry-over from 1943-1947, as reported by the taxpayer in schedule $D(1)$, the schedule for sales of capital assets. Schedule $\mathrm{D}(1)$ for 1948 is set up in a different manner from that used in former years and the net short-term gain or loss is not combined with the capital loss carry-over from 1943-1947. Therefore, the net short-term capital gain and the net short-term capital loss tabulated in basic table 10 are the result of 1948 transactions and are not combined with the carry-over.

For the income year 1948, there are 586,123 returns which show a deduction from gross income of $\$ 298,569,000$ on account of a net loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets. The deduction is only that portion of the statutory capital loss conforming to the provision of section 117(d) (2) of the Code which places a limitation on the amount which may be deducted to the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or net income (adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets. The capital loss before limitation is $\$ 911,625,000$ computed as provided in section 117 (b) and (e); this amount includes capital loss carry-overs of $\$ 430,449,000$ reported on 103,413 returns.

On approximately 72 percent of the 586,123 returns, the net loss from sales of capital assets on each return is within the $\$ 1,000$ limitation and therefore the aggregate loss of $\$ 135,733,000$ (including capital loss carry-overs of $\$ 22,733,000$ on 37,348 returns) is deducted in its entirety for the computation of adjusted gross income. The remaining returns show that the net loss from sales of capital assets on each return is such that the deduction is limited to the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or net income (adjusted gross income if tax is determined from the tax table) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets; and the aggregate loss deducted for the computation of adjusted gross income is $\$ 162,838,000$ which includes an indeterminable amount of capital loss carry-over from the five prior years.

## Returns with net loss from sales of capital assets

[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


There are $1,694,230$ returns with a net gain from sales or exchanges of capital assets of $\$ 2,499,662,000$, computed as provided under section 117 (b) and (e), and included in gross income. On 15,447 of these returns, capital loss carry-overs of $\$ 20,001,000$ are reported as shortterm capital losses and have reduced the gains to that extent. Alternative tax provided under section 117 (c) is imposed on 30,896 returns which show a net gain from sales of capital assets amounting to $\$ 555,472,000$, including slightly less than $\$ 550,206,000$ net long-term capital gain or excess over net short-term capital loss which is taxed at the 50 percent alternative rate. The amount subject to the alternative rate, computed in basic table 10, is a combination of the net long-term capital gain and net short-term capital loss before the carry-over. This combination results in a slight overstatement of the amount subject to the alternative rate in cases where a carry-over was combined with a short-term loss to determine the excess of longterm gain, or where a carry-over exceeded the short-term gain resulting in a short-term loss which was used to determine the excess of longterm gain, or where there is no short-term gain or loss but a carry-over was used to determine the excess long-term gain.

Returns with net gain from sales of capital assets
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total | Returns with normal tax and surtax | Returns with alternative tax | Nontaxable returns |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns. | 1,694, 230 | 1,333, 801 | 30,896 | 329,533 |
| Net short-term capital gain. | 167, 117 | 131, 499 | 10, 967 | 24, 651 |
| Net short-term capital loss. | 47, 140 | 25, 424 | 16, 371 | 5,345 |
| Net long-term capital gain | 2, 406, 520 | 1,618,789 | 566, 577 | 221, 154 |
| Net long-term capital loss.-.-. | 6,837 | 5, 188 |  | 1,649 |
| Capital loss carry-0ver 1943-47: Number of returns-.-. |  |  |  | 1,707 |
| Amount - .-. | 20,001 | 12,265 | 5, 702 | 2, 034 |
| Capital gain included in gross income | 2, 499, 662 | 1, 707, 411 | 555, 472 | 236, 779 |

The total capital loss carry-over from the 5-year period 1943-1947, inclusive, reported on 118,860 returns, amounts to $\$ 450,450,000$. Carry-overs of $\$ 20,001,000$ reported on 15,447 returns with net gain from sales of capital assets are completely absorbed; but the carryovers of $\$ 430,449,000$ reported on 103,413 returns with net loss from sales of capital assets are absorbed to an unknown extent. In some cases, the carry-over may be completely absorbed, in others partly absorbed, and in others none is absorbed. Any carry-over from 1943 not absorbed in 1948 cannot be carried forward to 1949, since the five succeeding years are terminated.

## MEDICAL AND DENTAL EXPENSES

The deduction for medical and dental expenses reported by taxpayers who itemize deductions on long-form returns, Form 1040, pertains to the amount actually paid for medical expenses during 1948, regardless of when the illness or other event which occasioned the expenses occurred, and includes the medical expenses of the taxpayer, his spouse, and dependents if not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. Medical expenses include amounts paid for diagnosis, cure, treatment, prevention of disease, and alleviation of a defect, including services rendered by physicians, surgeons, dentists, chiropractors, and osteopaths, as well as hospital expenses and amounts paid for health, accident, and hospitalization insurance, also the cost of eyeglasses, artificial limbs, hearing aids, dentures, X-ray, nursing service, medical supplies, drugs, ambulance service, and the like. Any reimbursement received by means of insurance must be applied to reduce the total medical expenses after which a deduction is allowable for that portion of the medical expenses which exceeds an amount equal to 5 percent of the adjusted gross income. However, the maximum deduction allowed under the 1948 act is limited to $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except that on a joint return the maximum is $\$ 5,000$. No medical expenses are reported by taxpayers who elect to use the standard deduction.

The deduction for medical and dental expenses together with the number of returns on which the deduction is reported and the adjusted gross income associated with such returns is tabulated below for taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes. There are $4,133,535$ returns showing deductions for medical expenses of $\$ 1,304,227,000$. Of these returns, 8,187 show an adjusted gross deficit and presumably the medical deduction thereon amounting to $\$ 3,711,000$ is reported in its entirety, without regard to the qualification relating to the 5 percent of the adjusted gross income. The remaining $4,125,348$ returns have adjusted gross income of $\$ 15,518,688,000$ and medical deductions of $\$ 1,300,516,000$. The entire amount of medical expenses paid by these taxpayers may be determined by adding to the deduction an amount equal to 5 percent of the adjusted gross income, or $\$ 775,934,000$. This indicates that the medical expenses paid by taxpayers who itemized their deductions are a minimum of $\$ 2,080,161,000$; minimum because there are cases in which the limitation of the deduction was effective. No data are available for the medical expenses of taxpayers who filed Form 1040A, short-form 1040, or the long-form 1040 and used the optional standard deduction.

Individual returns for 1948 showing a deduction for medical and dental expenses, by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, amount of medical deduction, and adjusted gross income
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

The tax liability includes the normal tax, surtax, and the alternative taxes paid in lieu thereof; namely, the optional tax provided under supplement $T$, and the alternative tax on income which includes a gain from sales of capital assets held for more than 6 months, provided under section 117 (c)(2). The tax liability tabulated in this report is the tax after the two tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. These credits are reported only by taxpayers who itemized deductions. The amounts of these credits are not available this year.

Normal tax and surtax is the sum of the two separate taxes, which are jointly computed and reported on the income tax return. The tentative normal tax rate is 3 percent of the net income in excess of the credits for exemptions and for partially tax-exempt interest and dividends. The tentative surtax rates range from 17 percent of the first $\$ 2,000$ of net income in excess of credit for exemptions, increasing, at graduated rates, to 88 percent of such income over $\$ 200,000$. Although each tax is a separate entity, the instructions accompanying the return for the computation of tax provide a rate schedule wherein the two tax rates are integrated and the tentative normal tax and surtax liability is computed jointly; after which the first $\$ 400$ of combined tentative tax is reduced by 17 percent, and the combined tentative tax over $\$ 400$ but not more than $\$ 100,000$ is reduced by 12 percent, and the combined tentative tax over $\$ 100,000$ is reduced by 9.75 percent. The resultant tax, computed without regard to tax credits, cannot exceed an amount equal to 77 percent of the net income. If net income includes partially tax-exempt interest and dividends, the combined tentative tax is reduced by an amount equal to 3 percent of the partially tax-exempt income, before the tax reduction percentages are applied. In the case of a joint return of husband and wife, the combined normal tax and surtax liability is twice the combined normal tax and surtax that would be determined if the net income and applicable credits against net income were reduced by one-half.

The optional tax, paid in lieu of the normal tax and surtax, is tabulated without distinction as normal tax and surtax. The optional tax table states the tax liability for the various adjusted gross income brackets and the number of exemptions, and the tax table may be used at the election of the taxpayer whose adjusted gross income from whatever source is less than $\$ 5,000$. The optional tax automatically allows for the standard deduction, which is 10 percent of the amount of the midpoint of the adjusted gross income bracket, and for the exemptions, after which the optional tax is determined (to the nearest dollar) in the same manner and at the same rates as those otherwise used for computing the tax. The tax liability on $39,448,606$ returns is determined from the tax table; however the income on 14,129,674 returns is such as to result in no tax.

Alternative tax on net income containing a net gain from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months is imposed when there is a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss if, and only if, the alternative tax is less than the regular normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes all net gain from sales of capital assets. The alternative tax is not effective on separate returns with surtax net income
under $\$ 22,000$ nor on joint returns with surtax net income under $\$ 44,000$ because of the split-income provision. Alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partial tax computed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates on net income reduced for this purpose by the net longterm capital gain or the excess over net short-term capital loss and (2) 50 percent of such long-term gain.

The tax liability is tabulated in basic table 1 by simple and cumulative distributions for each adjusted gross income class; and basic table 6 shows the tax liability and related data for returns with normal tax and surtax separately from returns with alternative tax on income containing gain from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months. The average tax per return, computed for the latter table, is based on the tax liability after the two tax credits are deducted. The effective tax rate shown is based on the adjusted gross income.

## TAX PAYMENTS AND TAX OVERPAYMENT

Current collection of the income tax liability for the majority of persons is accomplished through the tax withheld on wages by employers and the payments made on account of a declaration of estimated income tax, Form $1040-E S$, filed by persons who have income not subject to the withholding of tax or whose withholding is insufficient to cover the estimated tax reported thereon. Both the tax withheld and the payments on declaration are considered payments toward the discharge of the tax liability on the final return, filed after the close of the income year. If these payments do not cover the total tax liability, the balance is paid with the filing of the final return. If the tax withheld and the payments on declaration exceed the total tax liability, the overpayment of tax is refundable to the taxpayer unless he signifies on a return, Form 1040, that he wishes the overpayment to be credited on his 1949 estimated income tax.

Returns are classified as returns with neither overpayment nor tax due at time of filing, as returns with tax overpayment, and as returns with tax due at time of filing. The first two groups are nonassessable; the third group is assessable. These groups are described subsequently. The number of returns in each group is shown below, separately for taxable and nontaxable returns. Returns with overpayment and returns with tax due are subdivided to show the kinds of tax payment, singly and in combination, resulting from current collection.

| Tax payment | Number of returns |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Taxable | Nontaxable |
| Returns with neither overpayment nor tax due at time of fling---- | 5,603, 058 | 445, 919 | 5, 157, 139 |
| Returns with tax overpayment: |  |  |  |
| Tax withheld and payments on 1948 declaration | 3, ${ }^{130} 10,161$ | 25, 862, 546 | -67,615 |
| Only payments on 1948 declaration | 1,680,965 | 1,152,950 | 528,015 |
| Total | 38, 369, 853 | 27,866, 234 | 10,503,619 |
| Returns with tax due at time of filing: |  |  |  |
| Tax withheld and payments of 1948 declaration. | 3, 734, 685 | , 734,685 |  |
| Only payments on 1948 declaration --.---- | 1, $1,341,255$ | 1, 1,394, 255 |  |
| With neither tax withheld nor payments on 1948 declaration. | 2,010,623 | 2,010, 623 |  |
| Total | 8, 099, 095 | 8,099, 095 | --...... |
| Grand total. | 52,072,008 | 36, 411, 248 | 15,660,758 |

Returns with neither overpayment nor tax due at time of filing are those on which the taxpayer reports that the amount of tax withheld and/or the payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax (including credit for the prior year's overpayment) equal the tax liability for 1948. These returns, sometimes referred to as breakevens, are tabulated in basic table 7; but the segregation of returns by kinds of tax payment is not available.

Returns with tax overpayment are those on which the taxpayer reports that the amount of tax withheld from wages and/or the payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax (including credit for the prior year's overpayment) exceed the tax liability for 1948. In basic table 7, returns with tax overpayment are segregated according to kinds of tax payment; tax withheld, payments on 1948 declaration, singly and in combination. Also, under each kind of tax payment, the returns are further subdivided to show the number of returns with a refund and the number of returns with a credit on 1949 estimated tax, together with the amount of each.

Returns with tax due at time of fling are those on which the taxpayer reports that the amount of tax withheld from wages and/or the payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax (including credit for the prior year's overpayment) are not sufficient to cover the tax liability for 1948, and those returns on which neither kind of payment is reported. In basic table 7, returns showing a tax due at time of filing are segregated according to kinds of tax payment; tax withheld, payments on 1948 declaration, singly and in combination, and neither kind of payment. The latter returns showing neither tax withheld nor payments on declaration include returns of farmers who are not required to file a declaration if a final return is filed and the tax due thereon paid in full on or before January 15, 1949.

Tax withheld on wages by employers, during 1948, was determined by the employers either by (1) use of the wage bracket withholding tables, in which the amounts to be withheld are based on various wage levels after an allowance for withholding exemption, or (2) application of the prescribed percentage rate to the amount of wages in excess of the withholding exemption. Amounts to be withheld under either method were reduced, by the 1948 act, applicable with respect to wages paid on or after May 1, 1948. Certain types of wage and salary payments, such as those for military service, agricultural labor, domestic service, and ministry of the gospel, are exempt from withholding. The amount of tax withheld, reported on the income tax return as a payment on the tax liability, is tabulated in basic table 2; and the frequency distribution of returns showing a tax withheld is tabulated in basic table 3. Basic table 7, shows the amount of tax withheld on returns with tax due at time of filing and on returns with tax overpayment, separately.

Irregularities occur in the relationship of salaries and wages and the tax withheld. The following cases serve to illustrate. (1) A return showing compensation covering 36 months or more, received during 1948 and taxed under the provisions of section 107 of the Code: Only the portion of compensation taxed at 1948 rates is included but the total amount of tax withheld is tabulated. (2) A return of a member of a partnership who received salary therefrom and reported the tax withheld: The salary is not tabulated, since for income tax purposes, it is a part of the partnership profit; therefore, the tax withheld is tabulated with no corresponding salary. (3) A return of an individual
(for instance, an actor) reporting, in the business schedule, deductible expenses in connection with employment: Data are tabulated as reported, i. e., tax withheld and no corresponding salary. (4) Pensions and retirement pay, even though a tax is withheld, reported either as salaries and wages or on the schedule for annuities and pensions: Data are tabulated as reported. (5) Returns showing an amount of tax withheld from salaries, supported by the withholding receipt, but exceeding the prescribed percentage of withholding: Data are tabulated as reported.

Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated income tax, reported by the taxpayer on return, Form 1040, as a payment on the 1948 tax liability, are a combination of (1) amounts paid on the 1948 declaration of estimated tax, Form $1040-E S$, and (2) any credit against the 1948 estimated tax on account of an overpayment of the 1947 income tax. The payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax (including credit for 1947 tax overpayment) are tabulated in basic table 2; and a frequency of returns showing such payments is tabulated in basic table 3. This frequency is not indicative of the number of taxable declarations filed, but is rather a frequency of the returns which show payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax as a payment on the 1948 tax liability; and such frequency is without regard to whether the payments are (1) only cash payments on 1948 declaration, (2) only credit claimed on account of the 1947 tax overpayment, or (3) a combination of cash payments on declaration and the credit for 1947 tax overpayment. A declaration of estimated tax does not necessarily result in actual payment because the estimated income tax may be nil or, in the case of an estimated tax, the amount of tax to be withheld (also estimated) and the credit for the prior year's tax overpayment may leave no balance to be paid. The amount reported as payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax is tabulated in basic table 7, for the returns with tax overpayment and for returns with tax due at time of filing.

Tax due at time of filing is the excess of the 1948 tax liability over the sum of the tax withheld and payments on the 1948 declaration of estimated tax including the credit for the 1947 tax overpayment. The amount of $\operatorname{tax}$ due is paid with the filing of the final return after the close of the year. The amount of tax due is shown in basic tables 2 and 7 , and the frequency of returns on which this item occurs is tabulated in basic table 3.

Overpayment of the tax liability occurs when the sum of the tax withheld and payments on the 1948 declaration of estimated tax including the credit for 1947 tax overpayment, exceeds the 1948 tax liability. The overpayment is refundable or, at the request of the taxpayer using Form 1040, is credited against his 1949 estimated income tax. The amount of tax overpayment is tabulated in basic table 2; and the frequency distribution of returns with overpayment is shown in basic table 3. In basic table 7, the amount of tax overpayment is segregated to show the amount of refund and the amount of credit on 1949 estimated income tax, as well as the number of returns on which each occurs.
The following tabulation is a condensation of the frequency distribution of returns as shown in basic table 7 , for returns with neither overpayment nor tax due at time of filing and for returns with tax overpayment and with tax due at time of filing, by kinds of tax payment.
Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by returns with tax overpayment or returns with tax due, and by types of tax payment: Frequency distribution of returns

| Adjusted gross income classes 1 (Thousands of dollars) | Total num ber of returns | Number of returns with nelther overpayment nor tax due at time of filing | Number of returns with tax overpayment |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns by types of payment |  |  |  | Number of refunds | Number of credits on 1949 estimated tax |
|  |  |  | Total | Only a tax withbeld | Tax withheld and payments on declaratlon ${ }^{37}$ | Only payments on declaration ${ }^{37}$ |  |  |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1. | 1, 526, 161 | 21, 650 | 1,251, 847 | 1,214, 624 | 364, 037 | 33, 186 | 1,237, 009 | 14, 838 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 2, 619,795 | 37, 634 | 2, 112, 510 | 2, 026,468 | 13, 320 | 72, 722 | 2, 074, 123 | 38,387 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 3, 628, 233 | 52,526 | 2,941, 911 | 2, 804, 634 | 27, 566 | 109, 711 | 2, 879, 627 | 62, 284 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 4,683, 599 | 57, 060 | 3, 850, 880 | 3,684, 388 | 50, 018 | 116, 474 | 3,768, 392 | 82, 488 |
| 2.5 under 3. | 4, 914, 112 | 54,455 | 4, 048, 617 | 3, 861, 703 | 66, 241 | 120, 673 | 3, 954, 892 | 93, 725 |
| 3 under 4 | 8,280, 683 | 101, 008 | 6, 605, 250 | 6,262, 844 | 144, 732 | 197, 674 | B, 431, 497 | 173,753 |
| 4 under 5 | 4, 880, 174 | 88, 051 | 3,610,808 | 3,362, 290 | 113, 459 | 135, 059 | 3,469, 639 | 141, 169 |
| 5 under 10 | 4, 666, 206 | 23, 063 | 3, 054, 605 | 2, 542, 197 | 273, 072 | 239, 336 | 2, 745, 200 | 309, 405 |
| 10 under 15 | 599,545 | 5,987 | 217, 428 | 75, 102 | 82, 044 | 60, 282 | 128,317 | 89, 111 |
| 15 under 20 | 236, 438 | 2,095 | 73, 085 | 11, 553 | 34, 624 | 26, 908 | 30,501 | 42,584 |
| 20 under 25 | 122, 221 | 1,093 | 36, 137 | 2,982 | 18, 384 | 14,771 | 11, 936 | 24, 201 |
| 25 under 50 | 185, 076 | 993 | 48,347 | 1,799 | 26,778 | 19,770 | 12,504 | 35,843 |
| 50 under 100 | 52,725 | 235 | 11,366 | 146 | 6,382 | 4,838 | 2,228 | 9, 138 |
| 100 under 150 | 9,619 | 37 | 1,969 | 8 | 1, 067 | 894 | 286 | 1,683 |
| 150 under 300 | 5,145 | 19 | 1, 110 |  | 625 | 485 | 154 | 956 |
| 300 under 500 | 952 | 9 | 229 | ---------------- | 126 | 103 | 38 | 191 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 415 | 3 | 100 |  | 55 | 45 | 15 | 85 |
| 1,000 or more... | 149 | 1 | 35 |  | 16 | 19 | 5 | 30 |
| Total taxable returns. | 36, 411, 248 | 445, 919 | 27, 866, 234 | 25, 850, 738 | 862, 546 | 1,152, 950 | 26, 746, 363 | 1,119, 871 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{38}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{3}$ | 326, 309 | 230, 413 | 95, 896 | 34, 581 | ${ }^{38} 6,775$ | 54,540 | 68, 859 | 27, 037 |
| Under 0.5 | 3, 299, 919 | 494, 626 | 2, 805, 293 | 2, 762, 700 | 364,559 | 33, 034 | 2,790, 131 | 15, 162 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 2, 944,941 | 1, 102, 426 | 1,842.515 | 1,739, 314 | ${ }^{36} 7,966$ | 95, 235 | 1,818, 798 | 23, 717 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 2, 559, 092 | 1,130, 122 | 1, 428, 970 | 1, 308, 212 | 11, 132 | 109, 626 | 1, 401, 496 | 27, 474 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 2, 338, 164 | 906, 463 | 1, 431, 701 | 1,331, 895 | 11, 493 | 88,313 | 1, 403, 556 | 28, 145 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1,612, 555 | 588, 554 | 1, 024, 001 | 957, 539 | 9,758 | 56,704 | 1, 003,962 | 20,039 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1,249, 144 | 373, 717 | 875, 427 | 826, 454 | ${ }^{38} 7,945$ | 41, 028 | 857,689 | 17, 738 |
| 3 under 4. | 1, 116, 061 | 272, 719 | 843, 342 | 803, 296 | ${ }^{36} 5.462$ | 34, 584 | 826,995 | 16,347 |
| 4 or more. | 214. 573 | 58,099 | 156, 474 | 143, 998 | ${ }^{36} 2,525$ | 9,951 | 150, 275 | ${ }^{36} 6,199$ |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 15, 660, 758 | 5, 157, 139 | 10, 503, 619 | 9,907, 989 | 67,615 | 528, 015 | 10, 321, 761 | 181, 858 |
| Grand total. | 52,072, 006 | 5,603, 058 | 38,369,853 | 35,758, 727 | 930, 161 | 1,680,965 | 37, 068, 124 | 1,301, 729 |


|  | Adjusted gross income classes : (Thousands of dollars) | Number of returns with tax due at time of fling |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Number of returns by types of tax payment |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Only a tax withheld | Tax withheld and payments on declaration ${ }^{37}$ | Only payments on declaration ${ }^{87}$ | Neither a tax withheld nor payments on declaration ${ }^{27}$ |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1 |  | 252, 664 | 58,641 | ${ }^{36} 900$ | ${ }^{36} 8,180$ | 184, 943 |
| 1.5 under 1.5 |  | 469, 651 | 165, 871 | ${ }^{36} 4,610$ | 36, 458 | 262, 712 |
| 2 under 2.5 - |  | 633, 796 | 290, 554 | 10,770 | 66,956 | 265, 516 |
| 2.5 under 3 under 4 |  | 811,040 | 386, 468 | 18,905 | 87,266 97,525 | 282, 964 |
| 3 3 under 4... |  | 1, 574, 425 | 992, 665 | 74,966 | 192, 663 | 314, 131 |
| 5 under 10. |  | 1, 181, 315 | 738,255 | 81, 723 | 171, 494 | 189, 843 |
| 10 under 15. |  | 1, 376, 130 | 790,556 | 298, 644 | 147, 478 | 226,181 39,452 |
| 15 under 20 |  | 161,258 | 24, 892 | 55, 693 | 68, 792 | 11, 881 |
| 25 under 50 |  | 84, 991 | 9,049 | 34, 378 | 36,946 | 4,618 |
| 50 under 100 |  | 135, 41.124 | 8, 1,005 | 65,900 22649 | 56,761 | 4,649 |
| 100 under 150 under 300 |  | 7,613 | -90 | 4, 492 | 2,978 | 624 |
| 300 under 500 |  | 4,016 | 35 | 2, 442 | 1,525 | 14 |
| 500 under 1,000 |  | 714 312 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 436 | 276 |  |
| 1,000 or more.- |  | 113 |  | 58 | 55 |  |
| Total. |  | 8, 099, 095 | 3, 959, 532 | 734, 685 | 1, 394, 255 | 2,010,623 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Individual returns are classified according to the marital status and sex of the taxpayer. Returns with no adjusted gross income are included so that all returns are classified. The marital status of the taxpayer is determined as of the last day of the income year, or on the date of the death of a spouse. Four classifications are used: joint returns of husbands and wives, separate returns of husbands and wives, separate community property returns, and returns of single persons. Returns of men and women are shown separately for each classification except that of joint returns of husbands and wives. The number of returns, adjusted gross income, amount of exemption, and tax liability for each of the four classifications are tabulated in basic table 8. The size of adjusted gross income for the separate returns of husbands and wives and for separate community property returns is based on the respective amount reported.

Joint returns of husbands and wives include joint returns filed on Form 1040A even though the collector determined the tax on the basis of separate incomes of husband and wife.

Separate returns of husbands and wives do not include joint returns, Form 1040A, on which the collector determined the tax from the separate incomes of husband and wife.

Separate community property returns of husbands and wives are filed on Form 1040 only, this form being required if husband and wife file separate community income returns. Separate community property returns, Form 1040, for 1948, showing income of spouses divided according to State laws, are filed in Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Louisiana, Michigan, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, and Washington. The community law for Michigan was repealed on May 10, 1948. A community income return may include separate income of a spouse as well as the community income; nevertheless, the return is classified as a community property return.

An unequal number of returns for men and for women in the latter two classifications is the result of insufficient information to identify the returns of married persons and the use of samples as a basis of estimating data.

The advantage of filing returns on a community income basis is greatly reduced by the introduction of the split-income method of computing tax liability on joint returns, under the 1948 act. There are only 458,901 community property returns for 1948 as compared to $3,251,483$ for 1947.

Individual returns for 1948, by marital status and by sex: Number of returns and percentage distribution, adjusted gross income, and adjusted gross deficit
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Marital status | Returns |  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Adjusted gross deficit ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent of total |  |  |
| Joint returns ${ }^{88}$ | 29,695, 806 | 57.03 | 118, 549, 475 | 477, 239 |
| Separate returns of husbands and wives: 30 |  |  |  |  |
| Men_... | 1,154, 339 | 2. 22 | 3,390,452 | 15, 822 |
| Separate community property returns: 40 |  | 2.40 |  |  |
| Men-.------- | 229, 495 | . 44 | 942, 193 | 7, 162 |
| Women | 229, 406 | . 44 | 934, 978 | 8, 198 |
| Returns of single persons: | 10, 468, 137 | 20.10 | 21, 066, 176 |  |
| Women | 9,043, 567 | 17.37 | 16, 854, 765 | 57, 879 |
| Total | 52,072, 006 | 100.00 | 164, 173, 861 | 657,847 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
EXEMPTIONS
Exemptions for the income year 1948 as provided under the 1948 act are allowed as a credit against income for the purpose of computing both normal tax and surtax. The allowable exemptions are a per capita exemption of $\$ 600$ for the taxpayer, his spouse, and each closely related dependent (specified by law) who received more than half his or her support from the taxpayer and who had less than $\$ 500$ income for the year, together with the additional exemptions of $\$ 600$ for blindness and $\$ 600$ for age 65 or over of the taxpayer and his spouse.

The number and amount of exemptions tabulated include the number and amount automatically allowed through use of the optional tax on returns, Form 1040A, and short-form returns, Form 1040, as well as the number and amount claimed by taxpayers who compute their tax liability. The amount of exemption is tabulated in basic table 2 by adjusted gross income classes and by returns with standard or itemized deductions, in basic table 6 by types of tax, and in basic table 8 by marital status and sex of the taxpayer. In basic table 9 , the total number of exemptions, the number of exemptions for age and blindness, and a frequency distribution of returns by number of exemptions other than age or blindness are tabulated by marital status of the taxpayer. This basis is similar to that of previous years. For this tabulation, separate returns of husbands and wives and separate community property returns are combined.
Slight duplication of exemptions exists on account of dependents with less than $\$ 500$ income, who file a return in order to claim refund of tax withheld on wages; such wages are not taxable to the dependent, neither do they constitute a part of the gross income of the taxpayer claiming the dependent.

The total number of exemptions claimed is $133,399,725$ of which $47,336,204$ are for dependents and $4,295,709$ are for the additional exemptions for blindness and age 65 or over. Separate enumeration of exemptions for age and for blindness is not available. The number of exemptions distributed by marital status of the taxpayer, in condensed form below, is derived from basic table 9.
Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by marital status: Number of returns and

| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ (Thousands of dollars) | All returns |  | Joint returns ${ }^{38}$ of husbands and wives |  | Separate returns of husbands and wives 2840 |  | Returns of single persons |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number of returns | Total number of exemptions ${ }^{41}$ | Number of returns | Number of exemptions ${ }^{41}$ | Number of returns | Number of exemptions ${ }^{41}$ | Number of returns | Number of exemptions ${ }^{4}$ |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.5 | 2, 1219,795 | 3, 283,406 | 221, 573 | 443,146 | 217, 875 | 1094, 559 | 2,180,347 | 1, 417, 110 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 3, 628, 233 | 5, 020,574 | 690, 728 | 1,381, 456 | 331, 249 | 413, 840 | 2,606, 256 | 3, 225,278 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 4, 683, 599 | 8,480,559 | 1, 737, 436 | 4, 403, 382 | 413, 247 | 591, 931 | 2, 532,916 | 3, 485,246 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 4, 914, 112 | 10, 771, 138 | 2, 577, 399 | 7, 355, 005 | 443, 114 | 675, 760 | 1,893,599 | 2, 740, 373 |
| 3 under 4 . | 8,280, 683 | 22, 297, 300 | 5, 986, 667 | 18, 751, 638 | 499, 532 | 849, 278 | 1,794, 484 | 2, 696, 384 |
| 4 under 5 | 4, 880, 174 | 14, 991, 325 | 4, 105, 826 | 13, 732, 003 | 185, 287 | 332, 786 | 589, 061 | 926, 536 |
| 5 under 10 | 4, 666, 206 | 14, 633, 324 | 4, 153, 720 | 13, 799, 499 | 99, 134 | 179, 863 | 408, 352 | 653, 962 |
| 10 under 15 | 599, 515 | 1, 941, 073 | 517, 479 | 1, 800, 323 | 18,808 | 33,772 | 63, 258 | 106, 978 |
| 15 under 20 | 236, 438 | 775, 281 | 202, 501 | 715, 768 | 7,635 | 13,788 | 26, 299 | 45,725 |
| 20 under 25 | 122, 221 | 405, 307 | 105, 612 | 375. 998 | 3, 610 | 6, 515 | 12,999 | 22, 794 |
| 25 under 50 | 185, 076 | 613, 996 | 153, 225 | 568. 198 | 5,693 | 10, 196 | 20, 158 | 35, 602 |
| 50 under 100 | 52, 725 | 172, 051 | 44,920 | 158, 319 | 1,594 | 2, 752 | 6, 211 | 10, 983 |
| 100 under 150 | 9, 619 | 30. 275 | 7,986 | 27,378 | 329 | 577 | 1,304 | 2,320 |
| 150 under 300 | 5,145 | 15, 807 | 4, 181 | 14, 088 | 202 | 345 | 762 | 1,374 |
| 300 under 500 | 952 | 2,806 | 731 | 2, 411 | 51 | 88 | 170 | 307 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 415 | 1,162 | 290 | 960 | 38 | 65 | 87 | 137 |
| 1,000 or more. | 149 | 378 | 65 | 210 | 49 | 111 | 35 | 57 |
| Total taxable returns | 36, 411, 248 | 81, 761, 926 | 20, 521, 342 | 63, 529, 782 | 2, 336, 498 | 3, 465, 277 | 13, 553, 408 | 17, 766, 867 |
| Nontaxable returns: 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ | 326, 309 | 827, 162 | 210, 961 | 665, 817 | 14, 017 | 18,567 | 101, 301 | 142,778 |
| Under 0.5 | 3, 299, 919 | 4, 438, 702 | 396, 624 | 1, 182, 917 | 197, 002 | 232, 522 | 2, 706, 293 | 3, 023,263 |
| 0.5 under 1. | 2, 944, 941 | 6, 145, 671 | 1,061, 539 | 3, 242, 599 | 132, 255 | 220, 207 | 1, 751, 147 | 2, 682, 865 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 2, 559, 092 | 7, 549, 301 | 1, 68t, 704 | 5, 455, 156 | 81, 651 | 206, 951 | 792, 737 | 1,887, 197 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 2, 338, 164 | 8,514, 887 | 1, 897, 396 | 7, 142, 977 | 54, 972 | 177, 318 | 385, 796 | 1, 224, 592 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1, 612, 555 | 7, 138, 087 | 1, 459, 710 | 6, 510, 901 | 23, 513 | 94,215 | 129, 302 | 502, 971 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1,249, 144 | 6, 104, 479 | 1, 175, 913 | 5, 786, 107 | 13, 301 | 57,389 | 59, 927 | 260, 983 |
| 3 under 4 | 1, 116, 031 | 6, 398, 668 | 1, 080.367 | 6, 217, 041 | 36 ${ }^{9,340}$ | 47,140 | 26,354 | 134,487 |
| 4 or more | 214, 573 | 1,490, 839 | 207, 220 | 1, 463, 082 | ${ }^{36} 1,914$ | 7,787 | ${ }^{36} 5,439$ | 19,970 |
| Total nontaxable returns. | 15, 660, 758 | 48, 637, 799 | 9, 174, 464 | 37, 696, 597 | 527, 998 | 1, 062, 096 | 5, 958, 296 | 9, 879, 106 |
| Grand total | 52,072, 006 | 133, 399, 725 | 29, 695, 806 | 101, 226, 379 | 2, 864, 496 | 4, 527, 373 | 19, 511, 704 | 27, 645, 973 |

For footnotes, see pp. 41-42; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

## Footnotes for text tables

## (Facsimiles of returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, appear on pp. 458-481)

1 Adjusted gross income classes are based on the amount of adjusted gross income (see note 2), regardless of the amount of net income or net deffcit when computed; returns with adjusted gross deficit are designater "No adjusted gross income" without regard to the amount.
${ }^{2}$ Adjusted gross income means gross fncome minus allowable trade and business deductions, expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, certain deductions of life tenants and income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales or exchanges of property. Should these allowable deductions excecd the gross income, there is an adjusted gross deficit.

3 Tax liability after deducting tax credits relating to income tax pafd at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a forelgu country or possession of the United States. Such credits are reported on individual returns, Form 1040, with itemized deductions.

4 This class includes nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income exceeding the designated ciass limit.

5 Returns with no adjusted gross income are returns showing adjusted gross deficit; that is, returns on which the deductions allowable for the computation of adjusted gross income equal or exceed the gross income (see note 2).

- Less than 0.005 percent.
${ }^{7}$ Not computed.
${ }^{8}$ Adjusted gross deficit.
- Adjusted gross income less adjusted gross deficit.

10 Returns with standard deduction are optional returns, Form 1040 A , and short-form returns, Form 1040 , with adjusted gross income less than $\$ 5,000$, on both of which the tax is determined from the tax table; and long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the standard deduction is used. On the latter returns, the standard deduction is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of adjusted gross income, except that on the return of a married person filing a separate return the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.
${ }^{11}$ Returns with itemized deductions are long-form returns, Form 1040, on which nonbusiness deductions are itemized; long-form returns, Form 1040, with no deductions filed by spouses of taxpayers who itemized deductions (such spouses are denied the standard deduction); and returns, Form 1040, with no adjusted gross income whether or not deductions are itemized.

12 Salaries and wages include annuities, pensions, and retirement pay reported in the schedule for salaries, but exclude wages not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return from which no tax was withheld reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 22).

13 Dividends, foreign and domestic, include partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Fedelal savings and loan associations, but exclude dividends not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 22) and all dividends recelved through partnerships and fiduclaries.

14 Interest received includes interest on notes, mortgages, bank deposits, and interest (before amortization of bond premium) from corporation bonds and from taxable and partially tax-exempt Government obligations; also includes, when received through partnerships and fiduciaries, partially taxexempt Government interest and partially taxexempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Excludes interest not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 22).

18 Income from annuities and pensions is only the taxable portion of amounts received during the year. Amounts recelved to the extent of 3 percent of the total cost of the annuity are reported as income for each taxable year, until the aggregate of amounts received and excluded from gross income in this and prior years equals the total cost. Thereafter, entire amounts received are taxable and must be included in adjusted gross income. Annuities, pensions, and retirement pay upon which tax is withheld may be reported in salaries and wages.
${ }^{10}$ Rents and royalties net profit is the excess of gross rents received over deductions for depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses attributable to rent income; and the excess of gross royalties over depletion and other royalty expenses. Conversely. net loss from these sources is the excess of the respective expenses over gross income received.

17 Net profit from business is the excess of gross receipts from business over deductions for business expenses and the net operating loss deduction due to the unabsorbed net operating loss from business, partnership, and common trust funds for the 2 preceding years. Conversely, net loss from business is the excess of business expenses and net operating loss deduction over total receipts from business.
${ }^{18}$ Partnership net profit or loss excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in. Federal savings and loan associations, and net gain or loss from sales of capital assets. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed.

10 Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable loss used in computing adjusted gross income. Each is the result of combining net short- and long-term capita] gain and loss and any capital loss carry-over from the years 1943-47, inclusive, not previously deducted. Deduction for the loss, however, is limited to the amount of such loss, or the net income (adjusted gross income if tax is determined from the tax table) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.

Sales of capital assets include worthless stocks, worthless bonds if they are capital assets, nonbusiness bad debts, certain distributions from employees' trust plans, and each participant's share of net shortand long-term capital gain and loss from partnerships and common trust funds.
${ }^{20}$ Net gain from sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets is that from the sales of (1) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) obligations of the United States or any of its possessions, a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable 1 year from date of issue, and (3) real property used in trade or business.
${ }^{11}$ Income from estates and trusts excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. (The net operating loss deduction is allowed to estates and trusts and is deducted in computing the distributable income.)
${ }^{22}$ Miscellaneous income includes alimony received, prizes, rewards, sweepstakes winnings, gambling profits, recoveries of bad debts or insurance recelved as reimbursement for medical expenses if deduction for either was taken in a prior year. For returns with standard deduction, there is included $\$ 40,448,000$ of wages not subject to withholding, dividends, and interest, not exceeding in total $\$ 100$ per return, reported as other income on 896,400 returns, Form 1040A.

## Footnotes for text tables-Continued

(Facsimiles of returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, appear on pp. 458-486)

${ }^{23}$ Contributions, reported on returns with item. lzed deductions, include each partner's share of charitable contributions of partnerships, but the deduction cannot exceed 15 percent of the adjusted gross income.

4 Interest, reported on returns with itemized deductions, is that paid on personal debts, bank loans, or mortgages, but excludes interest paid on business debts reported in schedules for business or rent income, and interest on loans to buy tax-exempt securities or single-premium life insurance and endowment contracts.
${ }_{25}$ Taxes paid, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include personal property taxes, State income taxes, certain retail sales taxes, and real estate taxes except those levied for improvement which tend to increase the value of property. This deduction excludes Federal income taxes; estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, or gift taxes; taxes on shares in a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the taxpayer; taxes deducted in the schedules for rents and business; income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as tax credit; and Federal social security and employment taxes paid by or for the employee.
${ }^{26}$ Lasses resulting from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or theft, reported on returns wilh itemized deductions, are the actual nonbusiness losses sustained, that is, the value of such property less salvage value and Insurance or other reimbursement received.

27 Medical and dental expenses, reported on returns with itemized deductions, paid for the care of the taxpayer, his spouse, or dependents, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, which exceed 5 percent of the adjusted gross income. The deduction cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except that on a joint return of husband and wife the maximum is $\$ 5,000$.
${ }^{28}$ Miscellaneous deductions, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include alimony payments, expenses incurred in the production or collection of taxable income or in the management of property held for the production of taxable income, amortizable bond premium, the taxpayer's share of Interest and real estate taxes paid by a cooperative apartment corporation, and gambling losses not exceeding gambiing gains reported in income.
${ }_{20}$ Number of returns associated with this Item is subject to sampling variation of more than 100 percent. Such items are not shown separately since they are considered too unreliable for general use; however, they are included in the totals. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.

30 Net deficit, reported on nontaxable returns, Form 1040, classified as returns with Itemized deductions, consists of adjusted gross deficit on shortform returns and the net deficit on long-form returns resulting from the combination of adjusted gross deflelt and itemized deductions or from the excess of
itemized deductions over adjusted gross income. There is a net deficit on 367,779 returns of which 326,309 show adjusted gross deficit and 41,470 show adjusted gross income of varlous amounts and itemized deductions of larger amounts.
${ }^{81}$ Aggregate positive income is the sum of salaries and wages, dividends, interest, annuities and pensions, net profit from rents and royalties, net profit from business, net profit from partnerships, net gain from sales of capital assets and other assets, income from estates and trusts, and miscellaneous income.
${ }^{32}$ Aggregate negative income is the sum of net losses from rents and royalties, from business, from partnerships, and from sales of capital assets and property other than capital assets.
${ }^{33}$ Net income reported on long-form returns, Form 1040, which have adjusted gross income in excess of itemized deductions.

3 Percentages for this total only are computed on the basis of adjusted gross income less adjusted gross deficit.
${ }^{35}$ Nontaxable returns are those with no adjusted gross income and those wlth adjusted gloss income which income, when reduced by deductions, standard or itemized, and exemptions, results in no tax liability.
${ }^{36}$ Number of returns is subject to maximum sampling variaticn of 30 to 100 percent, depending on the number in the cell. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.

37 Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax, reported on returns, Form 1040, include the credit for overpayment of prior year tax as well as the aggregate payments made on the declaration, Form 1040-ES. The frequency of returns with such payments includes returns showing credit only, cash payments only, and those showing both.
${ }^{38}$ Joint returns of husbands and wives include joint returns filed on Form 1040A even though the collector determined the tax on the basis of separate incomes of husband and wife.

39 Separate returns of husbands and wives do not include joint returns filed on Form 1040A even though the collector determined the tax on the basis of separate incomes of husband and wife. Unequal numbers of returns for men and women result from insufficient information to identlfy returns of married persons and from the use of samples as a basis of estimating data.
${ }^{40}$ Separate community property returns of husbands and wives are filed on Form 1040 only. Unequal numbers of returns for men and for women result from insufficient information to identify the returns of married persons and from the use of samples as a basis of estimating data.
41 Number of exemptions includes the per capita exemption of the taxpayer, his spouse, and each dependent, together with the number of additional exemptions for age and blindness.

## DATA FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES

Tabulation of income by States and Territories from the income tax returns does not represent the geographic distribution of income. There is no way to determine from the income tax returns the amount of income originating in the respective States. Data shown in this report for States and Territories are based entirely on the collection district in which the return was filed. Individual returns may be filed either in the collection district in which the individual resides or in the district in which his principal place of business is located.
The number of returns, amount of salaries and wages, dividends, interest, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, distributed by the State or Territory in which the return was filed, are tabulated in basic table 11. Basic table 12 shows the number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, for each State and Territory, by adjusted gross income classes the intervals of which are established especially for this tabulation. Data for returns with a District of Columbia address are tabulated separately although filed in Maryland. Returns showing an adjusted gross deficit are not included in these tables.

## INCOME TAX LIABILITY COMPARED WITH TAX COLLECTIONS

The income tax liability reported on individual returns for 1948, tabulated in this report, differs from the individual income tax collections for the calendar year 1948 as reported by the Treasury Department. The difference is due to numerous factors. The tax collections for 1948 include items which are not applicable to the 1948 individual tax liability; also a portion of the 1948 individual income tax liability is not paid until after December 31, 1948. Some of the significant variations between the two series are:
(a) Taxes paid on fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, covering the income year 1947, filed during 1948, are included in the individual income tax collections for 1948.
(b) The final payment made by individuals on the Declaration of Estimated Tax for 1947, Form 1040-ES, due January 15, 1948, and the payment of any balance due on individual returns, Forms W-2 and 1040, for 1947, which are filed on or before March 15, 1948, are included in the 1948 collection figures. These final tax payments include the entire 1947 tax of persons not subject to withholding who made no previous payments on a declaration. Among the latter persons are many farmers who, under certain conditions, were permitted to postpone filing a declaration until January 15, 1948.
(c) Taxes withheld by employers on wages paid during the last quarter of 1947 are received by collectors, in January 1948.
(d) Tax collections include penalties, interest, and back taxes pertaining to prior years, which are not a part of the 1948 tax liability. Additional assessments, resulting from audit and included in collections, are not a part of the tax liability reported by the taxpayer, even though they pertain to the income year 1948.
(e) Collections include the tax reported on Forms 1040C, 1040D, $1040 \mathrm{NB}, 1040 \mathrm{NB}-\mathrm{a}$, none of which is included in this report. Forms 1040C and 1040D are returns for departing aliens; Forms 1040NB and $1040 \mathrm{NB}-\mathrm{a}$ are for nonresident aliens not engaged in trade or busi-
ness within the United States and not having a place of business therein.
( $f$ ) The entire tax liability reported on individual returns for 1948 which are taxed under section 107 of the Code, if paid during 1948, is included in the collection figures; but in this report, the portion of tax attributable to prior years is excluded from the tax liability.
(g) Collections include the overpayment of tax which is refundable; tax overpayment is not a part of the tax liability in this report.
( $h$ ) Collections for 1948 do not include the final balance of tax due on 1948 returns (due January-March 15, 1949), the last payment on 1948 declaration of estimated tax (due January 15, 1949), nor any of the estimated tax on the 1948 declaration of farmers who file their original declaration on January 15, 1949.
(i) Taxes on fiscal year returns and part year returns for the two series do not coincide. Collections include the tax on all such returns received during 1948, while this report includes fiscal year returns ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949 and part year returns with the greater number of months in 1948.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE SAMPLE AND LIMITATIONS OF DATA

The statistical program with respect to individual income tax returns filed for the tax year 1948 called for extensive classifications and tabulations on a total United States basis, and for a distribution of returns, income, and tax, by size of income, as well as aggregates of selected items, for each State. To accomplish this program, a stratified sample was prescribed, with uniform representation of all States according to the same sample ratio at each level of stratification. The various strata established for sampling purposes were determined largely with reference to the classification and reporting systems adhered to by collectors in their administrative processing of returns. The sampling methods prescribed for each of the sampling strata were determined in such manner as to satisfy the requirements of randomness, without unduly interrupting or complicating the collectors' fundamental duties of assessment, collection, and refunding of tax.

There are discussed below the composition of the sample, the selection methods prescribed, the universe sizes, the weighting procedures, and the limitations of the data in terms of sampling variability. The stratification pattern evolved for 1948 is discussed in terms of (a) the thirteen major population groups available in collectors' offices for sampling; (b) the further two-way subdivision of each of three of these groups, introduced for purposes of reducing sampling variability, yielding a total of sixteen classes; and (c) the four composite strata employed for estimating purposes. A table is presented on page 49 showing, for each of the four estimating strata, the number of returns in the universe, and the number of returns in the sample.

## COMPOSITION OF THE SAMPLE

Individual income tax returns for 1948 include returns filed on Form 1040A and returns filed on Form 1040. Returns filed on Form 1040 are segregated in collectors' offices into two groups-(1) returns under the audit jurisdiction of the collector of internal revenue, here-
inafter referred to as collector returns, Form 1040, and (2) returns under the audit jurisdiction of the internal revenue agent in charge, hereinafter referred to as agent returns, Form 1040. Collector returns, Form 1040, are those showing adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$ and total receipts from business, if any, under $\$ 25,000$. Agent returns, Form 1040, are those showing adjusted gross income of $\$ 7,000$ or more or total receipts from business of $\$ 25,000$ or more. Agent returns, Form 1040, are sorted into two classes, one for returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, and the other for returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more.

Returns in each of the four primary categories-Form 1040A, collector Form 1040, agent Form 1040 with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, and agent Form 1040 with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more-are further segregated according to year-end adjustment in tax status, determined by comparison of tax liability with withholding and declaration payments, into three basic groupsnamely, (a) taxable assessable, (b) overpayment, and (c) even. Taxable assessable returns are taxable returns showing tax withheld and payments on declaration of estimated tax totaling less than tax liability. Overpayment returns are (1) taxable returns showing tax withheld and payments on declaration of estimated tax in excess of tax liability, and (2) nontaxable returns showing tax withheld and/or payments on declaration of estimated tax. Even returns are (1) taxable returns showing tax withheld and payments on declaration of estimated tax equal to tax liability, and (2) nontaxable returns showing no tax withheld or payments on declaration of estimated tax. Separate classes and controls are provided for taxable even returns and for nontaxable returns with no prepayments in the Form 1040A areas, so that four basic groups are considered for this body of returns. For administrative purposes, additional categories within the basic groups outlined above are provided in the segregation procedures, but separate controls are not maintained for such categories, and they are not distinguished for sample selection purposes.

In summary, the 13 population groups constituting the sample selection strata for 1948 are as follows:

Form 1040A:
(1) Taxable assessable
(2) Overpayment
(3) Taxable even
(4) Nontaxable no prepayment

Collector Form 1040:
(5) Taxable assessable
(6) Overpayment
(7) Even

Agent Form 1040 with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$ :
(8) Taxable assessable
(9) Overpayment
(10) Even

Agent Form 1040 with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more:
(11) Taxable assessable
(12) Overpayment
(13) Even

For sample purposes, 1 percent coverage was prescribed for returns in each of the above groups (1) to (7), inclusive. Returns in the three groups (8), (9), and (10) were segregated into those with adjusted
gross income under $\$ 10,000$ and those with adjusted gross income from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$. Ten percent coverage was prescribed for the "Under $\$ 10,000$ " adjusted gross income elements among groups (8), (9), and (10), and 20 percent for returns with adjusted gross income from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$. One hundred percent coverage was prescribed for returns in groups (11), (12), and (13)-namely, those with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more. A total of 16 strata, comprising a single stratum for each of the classification groups (1) to (7), inclusive; two strata for each of the classification groups (8), (9), and (10); and a single stratum for each of the classification groups (11), (12), and (13) were thus distinguished for sample selection purposes.

The $1,10,20$, and 100 percent coverages specified for the various sampling strata were uniformly applicable to returns filed in each of the collection districts. Precise 1, 10, and 20 percent samples were not achieved, principally because of the particular sampling techniques employed. Accordingly, the universe populations relating to the separate strata distinguished for sample selection purposes were independently determined and compared with the corresponding samples. The weighting factors made allowances for the deviation of actual sample sizes from prescribed sample sizes.

As returns, Form 1040, were received in collectors' offices, they were assigned serial numbers and blocked in units of 100 returns having consecutive serial numbers ending in " 00 " to " 99 ," inclusive. The serial number, less the ending two digits thereof, constituted the block number, which was identical for all returns within a block. Separate series of numbers were provided for collector returns, agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, and agent returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more. Within each of these categories, separate series of numbers were provided for taxable assessable returns, overpayment returns, and even returns. "Short" blocks, containing less than 100 returns, were occasionally formed, principally in certain higher income classes where receipts were sparse and intermittent, in order to preclude delay in processing until full blocks were accumulated. "Short" blocks were also employed for rare and terminal series where insufficient returns existed to permit the formation of complete blocks. After completion of the necessary assessment, refunding, or listing operations, the Form 1040 returns were available for sampling.

As returns, Form 1040A, were received, they were subjected to tax determination. They were then assigned serial numbers and blocked in units of 100 returns each, separate series of numbers being provided for taxable assessable returns, overpayment returns, taxable even returns, and nontaxable returns with no prepayments. Sixty days after completion of the necessary assessment and billing operations, the taxable assessable returns were available for sampling; the overpayment and even returns were available for sampling after completion of the necessary refunding and listing operations.

The selection of the 1 percent sample of returns for each of the seven strata encompassed by returns, Form 1040A, and collector returns, Form 1040, was accomplished in the various collectors' offices. To achieve the maximum simplification for the collectors' offices, the
sample selection operation was prescribed in terms of blocks, one block out of each hundred being required. Collectors' offices were instructed to withdraw for sample purposes all blocks with block number ending in " 50 " (representing the fifty-first of each successive 100 blocks) from among the various categories of returns, Form 1040A, and collector returns, Form 1040. Although selection of the above blocks represents a departure from a true 1 percent formula, nevertheless in most cases a substantial number of blocks were involved, and the sample approximated closely 1 percent. Furthermore, universes were determined independently and data tabulated from the sample were weighted accordingly.

Prior to 1948 all agent returns, Form 1040, were transmitted to Washington and the selection of the statistical sample of such returns was accomplished in the Statistics Division. For 1948, however, agent returns were retained in collectors' offices where selection of the sample of such returns was accomplished. Also for 1948, separate classifications for blocking purposes were provided for agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$ and for agent returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more, so that it was feasible for collectors to apply different sampling rates in the "Under $\$ 25,000$ " and " $\$ 25,000$ or more" income areas. Specifically, collectors' offices were instructed to withdraw all blocks with block number ending in " 0 " and " 5 " from among the various categories of agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, and all blocks of returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 25,000$ or more. The blocks with block number ending in " 0 " and " 5 " approximated a 20 percent sample. In the case of returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 10,000$, subsampling to achieve an approximate 10 percent sample was effected in Washington by discarding the "Under $\$ 10,000$ " components of blocks with block number ending " 5 ." The retained "Under \$10,000" components of blocks with block number ending in " 0 " approximated a 10 percent sample; the $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$ components of blocks with block number ending in " 0 " and " 5 " approximated a 20 percent sample.

To the extent that there exists homogeneity within blocks, the efficiency of the sample selected by block sampling procedures is lessened. The degrees of variability shown on page 50 take into account intrablock correlation.

## UNIVERSE SIZES

The primary sources of universe data for 1948 were statements submitted by the 64 collectors' offices showing the number of Form 1040A and collector Form 1040 returns falling into each of the categories (1) through (7), and the number of agent Form 1040 returns falling into groups (8) and (11) combined, (9) and (12) combined, and (10) and (13) combined. One hundred percent representation in the sample was prescribed for agent returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ and over, classified in groups (11), (12), and (13); the numbers of such returns received were subtracted from the combined counts of agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$ and with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more for each district to derive the universes with respect to groups (8), (9), and (10). These derived universes were then resolved into their "Under $\$ 10,000$ " and " $\$ 10,000$
to $\$ 25,000$ " components on the basis of the relative numbers of such returns observed in the sample, taking into account the comparative number of blocks ending in " 0 " and " 5 " received from each district. The foregoing estimating procedures with respect to the partitioning of the "Under $\$ 25,000$ " universes differed from prior years when precise universes with respect to all income stratification levels among agent returns were determined as part of the sampling process.

Altogether, three distinct income groups among Form 1040 returns were recognized in collectors' offices in the segregation and blocking procedures-namely, (1) returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$ and total receipts from business, if any, under $\$ 25,000$, designated herein as collector returns, (2) returns with adjusted gross income from $\$ 7,000$ to $\$ 25,000$, and returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$ and total receipts from business $\$ 25,000$ or more, designated as agent returns, and (3) returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more, also designated as agent returns. Analysis of the sample received disclosed that a number of returns were segregated and blocked erroneously-that is, returns properly classifiable in a specific group (1), (2), or (3) were classified in either of the other two groups. Throughout the sample selection, tabulation, and weighting operations, such returns were processed according to the strata in which they were blocked. After extension, the data on erroneously classified returns were merged with the strata with which their income sizes were identified, so that the size distributions reflect the income reported and not the classes into which returns were sorted for administrative purposes. The degree of overlapping between collector and agent returns, as indicated by analysis of the sample, is relatively negligible in occurrence and in effect on the final data. The largest body of erroneously segregated returns comprises approximately twenty-nine thousand returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, classified among those with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more. Since they are completely represented in the sample, their effect on the final data for the lesser income returns is in the direction of reducing sampling error. The most consequential body of erroneously segregated returns comprises an estimated total in the universe of about fourteen thousand returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more, erroneously classified among the lesser income agent returns. The effect of this group is to introduce an estimated element into the data for the larger income area, which otherwise are based upon a complete count.

The aggregates of reported stratum universes for all collection districts, after such adjustments as were clearly indicated by secondary sources, and after the partitioning of reported universes of agent returns into adjusted gross income strata, provided the basis for weights applied uniformly to the sample data from all collection districts for purposes of the national distributions. The separate collection district stratum universes provided the basis for a series of independent collection district weights for purposes of the State income distributions in table 11 and the State selected aggregates in table 12.

## WEIGHTING PROCEDURES

Although the sampling pattern for 1948 called for 16 distinct strata for sample selection and universe determination purposes, it was pos-
sible to achieve a substantial degree of simplification in the tabulating and weighting operations by combination of multiple strata, where the data in the tables are composites of strata subject to the same sample selection ratio and where the percentage representations attained for the strata were in close agreement. For example, in the case of the Form 1040A and collector Form 1040 returns, the proportions sampled for the seven separate strata were in close approximation to each other, and all such returns were jointly processed.

Similarly, combined processing of the assessable, overpayment, and even elements among agent returns, Form 1040, was accomplished for each of two income ranges-adjusted gross income under $\$ 10,000$ and adjusted gross income $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$, since representation of the various year-end adjustment statuses corresponded closely for each income range.

In total, four strata were differentiated for tabulating and weighting purposes. These comprise (1) Form 1040A and collector returns, Form 1040; (2) agent returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under $\$ 10,000$; (3) agent returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$; and (4) agent returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more.

The table below presents, for each of the four estimating strata, the number of returns in the universe and the number of returns in the sample.

## Individual returns for 1948: Number of returns filed and number of returns in sample by estimating strata

[Number of returns in thousands]

| Estimating strata | Number of returns filed | Number of returns in sample |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Form 1040A and collector veturns, Form 1040 | 49, 159 | 480 |
| Agent returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income under \$10,000 | 1,700 | 171 |
| Agent returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000{ }^{1}$ | 945 | 181 |
| Agent returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross incomo $\$ 25,000$ or more ${ }^{2}$ - | 268 | 268 |
| Total, all returns. | 52, 072 | 1,100 |

[^7]
## SAMPLING VARIABILITY

Insofar as data in this volume are tabulated from samples, they are subject to sampling variability. The degrees of variability shown on page 50 in terms of relative errors relate to specific frequency levels and not to money amounts. Each of the various income areas constituting an independent estimating stratum has its own variability pattern; accordingly, the relative errors are presented separately for three distinct income areas, as follows: (1) returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$, (2) returns with adjusted gross income from $\$ 7,000$ to $\$ 10,000$, and (3) returns with adjusted gross income from
$\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$. Group (1) is a composite, collector returns contributing about 99 percent of the total population and agent returns contributing about 1 percent. Relative errors for group (1) are based on the collector component, since the effect on relative error of agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 7,000$ is generally negligible.

In computing the limits of variation and relative sampling error of a given frequency, a range of two standard errors was used; chances are somewhat over 19 out of 20 that the frequency as estimated from the sample tabulation differs from the actual frequency, which would have resulted from tabulation of the entire universe, by less than twice the standard error. Variation beyond the two-error limit would occur less than 1 time in 20 and would be sufficiently rare to justify a two-error range in defining sampling variability. Thus, all limits of variation are determined on the basis of two standard errors, and the degrees of variability are expressed in terms of relative errors, or percents of the numbers to which they relate. Specific cell frequencies in national distributions in this volume, unless otherwise footnoted, are subject to maximum variation of less than 30 percent. Frequencies which are subject to maximum variation of more than 30 percent, but not more than 100 percent, are footnoted to indicate their great variability. Frequencies which are subject to maximum variation of more than 100 percent and associated data are not separately shown since they are considered too unreliable for general use; they are, however, included in the totals.

Sampling variability at selected frequency levels

| If the number of returns in a cell of a table is- | Returns with adjusted gross income under \$7,000 |  |  | Returns with adjusted gross income from $\$ 7,000$ to $\$ 10,000$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Then the for that ce universe li rang | number s in the e- | And the relative sampling error expressed as a percent is- | Then the number for that cell of the universe lies in the range- | And the relative sampling error expressed as a percent is- | Then the number for that cell of the universe lies in the range- | And the relative sampling error expressed as a percent is- |
|  |  | 1,200 | 140 | 300- 700 | 40 | 350- 650 | 30 |
| 5.000 | 3,000- | 7,000 | 40 | 4,300- 5,700 | 14 | 4,500- 5,500 |  |
| 10,000 | 7,000- | 13,000 | 28 | 9, 100-10,900 | 9 | 9,400-10,600 |  |
| 25,000 | 20, 000- | 30,000 | 20 | 23, 500- 26, 500 | 6 | 24, 000-26,000 |  |
| 50,000 | 43,000- | 57,000 | 14 | 48,000-52,000 | 4 | 48,500-51,500 |  |
| 75,000 | 67,000- | 83, 000 | 10 | 72, 700-77, 300 | 3 | 73, 500-76, 500 |  |
| 100,000 | 91, 000- | 109,000 | 9 | 97, 000-103, 000 | 3 | 98, 000-102, 000 |  |
| 250,000 | 235,000- | 265, 000 | 6 | 245, 000-255, 000 | 2 | 247, 000-253, 000 |  |
| 500,000 | 480, 000- | 520, 000 | 4 | 495, 000-505, 000 | 1 |  |  |
| 750,000 | 727,000- | 773, 000 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| $1,000,000$ 2,00000 | $970,000-1$, $1,960,000-2$, | 030,000 | 3 2 |  |  |  |  |

Frequencies by size of specific source in table 4 are footnoted within each adjusted gross income class to indicate sampling variability in accordance with the foregoing rules. However, the totals embracing all adjusted gross income classes are not footnoted. These totals are composites of the various estimating strata, and the sampling variabilities at specific levels are not constant, but depend on the interrelationship of the contributing strata.

As previously stated, uniform sample selection ratios within each sampling stratum were prescribed for all collection districts; however,
in view of the block sampling technique applied, some differences in percentage representation were noted between the various collection districts. In general, the differences were minor, and no appreciable bias is believed to result from the tabulation and extension of the sample data for all collection districts combined for the national distributions.

For purposes of deriving the State data in basic tables 11 and 12, separate weights were devised for each district, taking into account the particular district universes and sample sizes. The differences in data attributable to the dual weighting system are indicated in the discussion of State aggregates in a subsequent paragraph.

The preceding analyses with respect to variability have been confined to cell frequencies. Specific consideration has not been given to associated money amounts; however, the homogeneity within the strata employed for sampling purposes, and the large number of returns included in the samples, together with the progressively increased sample sizes in the higher income areas, generally serve to limit the sampling variability with respect to such amounts. An exception occurs in the case of returns with no adjusted gross income. Stratification by size of adjusted gross deficit was not administratively feasible, nor was it possible to establish separate estimating strata for returns with adjusted gross deficit, distinct from returns with adjusted gross income. Returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross deficit, regardless of size of deficit, and with total receipts from business, if any, under $\$ 25,000$, were classified along with the much larger group of returns, collector Form 1040, with adjusted gross income. Returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross deficit and with total receipts from business of $\$ 25,000$ or more were classified among agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$ and were processed statistically among agent returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 10,000$. In view of the facts that (a) the returns with adjusted gross deficit are extremely heterogeneous and were not stratified by size, (b) the samples of such returns are generally inadequate, and (c) they did not constitute an independent estimating stratum, money amounts associated with such returns in this volume may be subject to marked sampling variability.

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State AGGREGATES
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Data by States are confined to returns with adjusted gross income since returns with adjusted gross deficit were too few, and the sampling variability too great, to permit presentation on a State basis. The distributions in basic tables 11 and 12 were derived from the basic sample of returns with adjusted gross income. Independent weighting factors were established for each of the estimating strata processed for each collection district.

Despite the fact that the same sample served as a basis for both the national and the State distributions, and the fact that the national stratum universes to which sample data were extended equal the total of the State universes, slight discrepancies exist between items, as aggregated in the State tables, and corresponding items associated with returns with adjusted gross income in the national tables. These discrepancies are the result of (a) the dual system of weighting, involving one series of weights uniformly applicable to all collection
districts for the national distributions and an independent series of weights for each collection district for the State distributions, and (b) the use of rounded weighting factors.

A difference between the two series in the $\$ 25,000$ or more adjusted gross income area, results from the late receipt of a few hundred returns. These were included in the State distributions in tables 11 and 12, but were not available in time to be incorporated in the national distributions.

## HISTORICAL DATA

INDIVIDUAL RETURNS AND FIDUCIARY RETURNS, 1913-1943; INDIVIDUAL RETURNS, 1944-1948

A résumé of significant data from the individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, 1913-1943, and from individual returns, 1944-1948, is presented in basic tables 13 through 16. These tables are prepared mainly from data in the reports, Statistics of Income, published annually since 1916, in accordance with provisions of the various revenue acts, and from data in the Annual Report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for 1914-1916. The number of returns and tax tabulated for income years 1913-1915 are as reported by the Commissioner for the fiscal year ended June 30, immediately following, and the net income is estimated from the number of returns filed and the average net income for each income class.

Historical data for 1916-1936 are tabulated for individual and fiduciary returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, including individual returns with no net income for 1928-1936. Data for 1937-1940 are tabulated from individual returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, with net income and with no net income, and from taxable fiduciary returns for estates and trusts, filed on Form 1041 or filed (improperly) on Form 1040, including for 1937 nontaxable fiduciary returns for estates and trusts which were filed (improperly) on Form 1040. Data for 1941-1943 are tabulated from individual returns, Form 1040, with net income and with no net income, optional returns, Form 1040A, with gross income not over $\$ 3,000$, and taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041 (or Form 1040). Data are tabulated for 1944-1947 from individual returns, Form W-2 and Form 1040, and for 1948 from individual returns, Form 1040A and Form 1040, with adjusted gross income or with no adjusted gross income.

Basic table 13 shows historical data for the number of taxable and nontaxable returns, the income, tax, and tax credits; basic table 14 shows by income years the number of returns, the income, tax, and effective tax rate tabulated by income classes; table 15 shows for each year sources of income, deductions, and net income or deficit for all returns; and table 16 shows the number of returns, the income, and tax for each State and Territory annually for the 10 -year period ending with the current year.

Changes in the provisions of the Federal income tax laws under which the returns are filed interfere with the comparability of the statistical data over a period of years. The major provisions of the Federal tax laws from 1913-1948 are summarized on pages 426-447. Revisions in the income tax return form to incorporate changes in the law often eliminate, combine, or introduce items which make it impracticable or impossible to present comparable data from year to year.

## OAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES

In the interpretation of historical data for capital gains and losses a survey of the income tax provisions affecting the gains and losses resulting from sales and exchanges of capital assets, together with the method of tabulating these data, will be helpful. Table D, on pages 444-445, presents a résumé of the changes in tax laws pertaining to gains and losses on sales of capital assets, and, in basic table 15 which shows sources of income and deductions, the amounts of net gain and net loss from sales of capital assets are tabulated as presented in previous reports.

The revenue acts in effect from January 1, 1922, through December 31, 1933, provide for the special taxation of the net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of capital assets, and the revenue acts in effect from January 1, 1924, through December 31, 1933, provide for a tax credit on account of the net loss resulting from sales or exchanges of such capital assets. Under these acts, the term "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer for more than 2 years (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but does not mean (1) for any year, stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year; (2) for the years 1922-1923, property held for personal use; or (3) beginning January 1, 1924, property held primarily for sale in the course of trade or business.

In presenting these data in Statistics of Income, "Capital net gain" is tabulated as such and included in "Total income" and "Net income" for returns with net income for the years 1922-1933. "Capital net gain" for returns with no net income is tabulated as such for the years 1928 and 1929, is included in "Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," for 1930-1933, and is included in "Total income" and "Deficit" for the entire period 1928-1933.
"Capital net loss" for which a tax credit of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent is taken is not tabulated and is not taken into account in computing "Total deductions" or "Net income" for 1924-1933. "Capital net loss" when reported by the taxpayer as a deduction (a) in computing "Net income" is included in "Other deductions" for 1924-1928, and in "Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," for 1929-1933, and (b) in computing "Deficit" is included in "Other deductions" for 1928 and in "Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.," for 1929-1933. "Capital net loss" not taken into account by the taxpayer as a deduction in computing "Net income," and for which no tax credit of $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent is taken, is not included in "Total deductions" for 1924-1933; and "Capital net loss" not taken into account in computing "Deficit" is not included in "Total deductions" for 1928-1931, but for 1932 and 1933 is tabulated in "Net loss" from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., and both "Total deductions" and "Deficit" are adjusted to correspond.

The capital net gain and loss from sales of capital assets prior to 1934 include the taxpayer's pro rata share of capital gain or loss of a partnership in which he is a member and of an estate or trust under which he is a beneficiary, when the tax or the tax credit is computed at $12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent.

Under the provisions of the Revenue Acts of 1934 and 1936 (in effect January 1, 1934, through December 31, 1937), the definition of capital assets is expanded to include assets of the taxpayer, regardless of time.
held, instead of assets held over 2 years. Certain percentages of the gain or loss recognized upon such sales or exchanges are taken into account in computing net income. These percentages, which vary according to the period for which the assets have been held, are: 100 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held not over 1 year; 80 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 1 year but not over 2 years; 60 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 2 years but not over 5 years; 40 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 5 years but not over 10 years; and 30 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 10 years. The deduction for net capital loss (that is, after the percentages are applied and after subtracting the capital gains to be taken into account) is limited to $\$ 2,000$, or the amount of the net capital loss, whichever is smaller. (On joint returns, husband and wife are considered separate taxpayers and allowance of losses from sales of capital assets of one spouse is in all cases to be computed without regard to gains and losses of the other; thus if both have a net loss from such sales, the deduction may range from $\$ 2,000$ to $\$ 4,000$.)

The net income reported on individual income tax returns, Form 1040, for the taxable years 1934-1937, and fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, for 1937, includes net capital gain or loss computed in accordance with the limitations stated in the preceding paragraph. The net capital gain or loss, as reported for this period, excludes that received through partnerships and fiduciaries. It is not possible, by using the net capital gain and net capital loss on the returns for these years, to adjust the "Total income," "Total deductions," and "Net income" so that they will be comparable with these items as tabulated for prior years. Moreover, net capital gain or loss reported on returns for 1934-1937 is not comparable with "Profit or loss from sale of real estate, stocks, and bonds, etc.," "Capital net gain," or "Capital net lose" reported on returns for prior years.

Under the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1938 and of the Internal Revenue Code as originally enacted, the definition of capital assets is the same as that under the provisions of the Revenue Acts of 1934 and 1936, except that property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation is excluded; and securities (stocks and bonds) which became worthless during the taxable year are considered as loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets. The Revenue Act of 1941, amending the Code, excludes from capital assets an obligation of the United States or any possession thereof, or of a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue.

Under the 1938 act, the percentages of the recognized gains or losses from the sales or exchanges of capital assets to be taken into account in computing net income for the years 1938-1941 differ from the percentages of gains or losses from such sales to be taken into account for 1934-1937, and the number of periods of time for which the assets were held are reduced from five to three. The percentages, varying according to the length of time the assets were held, are: 100 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held 18 months or less; $662 / 3$ percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 18
months but not over 24 months; 50 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held over 24 months. The net capital gain or loss is separated into short-term and long-term. Net short-term gain or loss is that from the sales or exchanges of capital assets held 18 months or less, and net long-term gain or loss is that from the sales or exchanges of capital assets held over 18 months. Net short-term gain, net long-term gain, and net long-term loss are taken into account in computing current year net income. Net short-term loss, however, is not deductible in computing current year net income.

The net short-term capital loss sustained in any taxable year 19381941, while not deductible from income in the year in which the loss is sustained, may be carried over only to the next succeeding taxable year and treated as a short-term capital loss. The amount carried over cannot exceed the net income for the year in which the loss is sustained, and can be deducted only to the extent of the net short-term capital gain of the year in which the deduction is permitted. The amount of short-term capital loss carried over into 1939-1941, tabulated for Statistics of Income (see page 60), is only the amount used against the current year short-term gains reported on returns showing a net gain from sales of capital assets; amounts of the carry-over in excess of the current year short-term gains having been disregarded. The amounts of carry-over reported on returns showing a net loss from sales of capital assets were not tabulated.

In comparing "Net short-term capital gain included in total income" and "Net income" on returns for the years 1939-1941 with similar items on returns for 1938, it should be noted that the amounts for 1939-1941 are after deduction for net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year, whereas, in 1938, such a deduction was not allowable. The item "Current year net short-term capital gain" published in Statistics of Income for 1940 and 1941, is comparable with "Net short-term capital gain before deducting prior year net short-term capital loss," published in Statistics of Income for 1939, and with "Net short-term capital gain" published for 1938. The item "Net short-term capital loss of preceding taxable year deducted," published for 1940 and 1941, is comparable with "Prior year net shortterm capital loss deducted," published for the first time in 1939. Net long-term capital gain and loss for the years 1938-1941 are comparable.

The amounts of "Net short-term capital gain" and "Net long-term capital gain (or loss)" shown on the returns and tabulated for the income years 1938-1941, are not comparable with "Net capital gain (or loss)" for the income years 1934-1937 because, for 1938-1941, the periods of time for which the assets were held and the percentages of recognized gain or loss to be taken into account are changed; worthless stocks and bonds are included; the net short-term loss is disallowed as a deduction in any current year; the net long-term loss is fully deductible; and for the years 1939-1941 the capital loss carry-over is deducted from the short-term capital gain. Moreover, for the years 1938-1941, the net short-term capital gain and net long-term capital gain or loss include the net gain or loss to be taken into account from partnerships and commom trust funds; whereas, for 1934-1937, the net capital gain or loss excludes such gain or loss from partnerships and fiduciaries. It is not possible, by using the "Net short-term capital gain" and the "Net long-term capital gain (or loss)" to adjust
"Total income," "Total deductions," and Net income" for the income years 1938-1941 so that they will be comparable with these items for the income years 1934-1937.

The Revenue Act of 1942 excludes real property used in trade or business of the taxpayer from the definition of capital assets; changes the periods of time for which an asset is held in determining short-term and long-term capital gain or loss; and changes the percentages of recognized gain or loss to be taken into account as follows: 100 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held 6 months or less (short-term) and 50 percent of the gain or loss from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months (long-term). Under this act, a nonbusiness debt which becomes totally worthless within the year is considered a loss from the sale of a capital asset held not more than six months; and certain distributions under employees' trust plans as specified under section 165, to the extent that the distributions exceed the amount contributed by the employee, are considered a gain from the sale of a capital asset held more than 6 months.

Under this act, the short- and long-term capital gains and losses are combined with the capital loss carry-over for the purpose of computing the net gain or loss from sales of capital assets. If the combination results in a net loss, the deduction for the current year is limited to the amount of such loss, or to $\$ 1,000$, or to the net income (or for 1944 and thereafter, adjusted gross income if taxed under supplement T) computed without regard to capital gains and losses, whichever is smallest; if the combination results in a net gain, the amount thereof is included in income.

Under certain circumstances gain or loss from the sale of property which is not a capital asset may be treated as gain or loss from the sale of a capital asset. Such gain or loss includes that from the sales of land and depreciable property used in business and from the cutting of timber under contract, if held more than 6 months. If the recognized gains upon sales or exchanges of such property plus the recognized gains from compulsory or involuntary conversion (through seizure, condemnation, destruction, fire, or theft) of property used in business and of capital assets held more than 6 months, exceed the recognized losses from such sales, exchanges, and conversions, then such gains and losses are considered as gains and losses from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months. However, if such gains do not exceed such losses, then such gains and losses are not considered as gains or losses from sales of capital assets; but each gain is fully reported and each loss, if allowable at all, is deductible in full.

Under the 1942 act, the capital loss carry-over from 1941 into 1942 is a net short-term capital loss carry-over; it cannot exceed the net income for 1941 and is deductible only to the extent of the net shortterm capital gain for 1942; and it cannot be carried into subsequent years. The net capital loss sustained in 1942 or subsequent years includes both short- and long-term capital losses and may be carried forward as a short-term capital loss in each of five succeeding years to the extent that the net capital loss exceeds the total of any net capital gains of any years intervening between the year in which the net capital loss occurred and the year to which carried. If there are capital loss carry-overs from more than 1 year, they are allowed in the order in which they arose. The term "Net capital loss"
means the excess of (1) the current year losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets over (2) the current year gains from such sales or exchanges plus the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or net income (or for 1944 and thereafter adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to gains or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets. For the purpose of computing the capital loss carry-over, "Net capital gain" means the excess of (1) the current year gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets plus the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or net income (or for 1944 and thereafter adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets, over (2) the current year losses from such sales or exchanges.

The carry-over reported on the 1942 returns differs from that reported on the 1943-1948 returns. The carry-over reported on the 1942 returns, a 1 -year carry-over of the disallowed net short-term capital loss, is limited to the net income for 1941 as well as to the net short-term capital gain of 1942; whereas, the carry-over reported on a return for 1943 through 1948 is the cumulation of disallowed net capital losses sustained in the preceding 5 year period but not prior to January 1, 1942. This carry-over includes both short- and longterm capital losses and is reported to the extent not previously offset by the net capital gain of succeeding years. Thus a carry-over from any year, or any portion thereof not eliminated in the interim may be repeatedly reported in five succeeding years. The capital loss carry-over reported on returns for 1942 through 1948 is tabulated from returns with a net loss from sales of capital assets as well as from returns with a net gain from such sales (see page 60).

The "Net gain from sales of capital assets," reported and tabulated for 1942, is a combination of the net short- and long-term capital gains and losses including the net gain or loss to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds; also the net short-term capital loss carried over from 1941, not in excess of the net income for that year, has been deducted but only to the extent of the net short-term gain for 1942 . For 1943-1948, the "Net gain from sales of capital assets" is similar to that for 1942, except that the carryover is computed and used as described above.

The allowable deduction of a "Net loss from sales of capital assets" for 1942-1948 is limited to the amount of such loss, or to $\$ 1,000$, or to the net income (or for 1944 and thereafter, adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to capital gains or losses, whichever is smallest. For 1942, the allowable deduction for a net loss from sales of capital assets consists of the capital loss of that year; but for 1943-1948, the allowable deduction may consist of the carry-over, or the current year capital loss, or partly of the carry-over and partly of the current year capital loss.

The net gain or loss from sales of capital assets reported and tabulated for 1942-1948 is not comparable with that from sales of capital assets reported for 1938-1941 because of the changes in the periods of time for which the assets were held; the percentages of gain or loss to be taken into account; the computation of the carry-over; the amount of allowable deduction for capital loss; and because of the combination of net short- and long-term capital gain and loss, all of which affect the data for 1942-1948. It is impossible to adjust "Total income," "Total deductions," or "Net income," for 1942-43,
nor adjusted gross income for 1944-1948, so that they are comparable with items for the years 1938-1941.

A summary of the provisions of the various revenue acts, pertaining to the treatment of gains and losses from sales of capital assets is presented in table D, pages 444-445.

## CAPITAL LOSS CARRY-OVER

In connection with the historical data for capital gains and losses, a résumé of the capital loss carry-over provisions and the method of tabulating the carry-over for Statistics of Income will be of interest. The amount of capital loss carry-over tabulated from individual returns and from taxable fiduciary returns for the income years 1939-1948 are shown below.

The 1938 act provides that the disallowed net short-term capital loss sustained in 1938 and subsequent years in an amount not in excess of the net income shall be carried to the succeeding year and treated as a short-term capital loss; however, the excess of such shortterm capital loss over the net short-term capital gain of such succeeding year is not deductible. Under this act, no benefit is derived from the carry-over provision unless there is a net short-term capital gain in the succeeding year against which the carry-over can be applied.

Capital loss carry-over is tabulated from returns with net gain from sales of capital assets for the income years 1939-1942 and from returns with a net loss from such sales for the income year 1942; however, the tabulated amount of carry-over is only the amount actually applied against the net short-term capital gain, that portion of the carry-over in excess of the net short-term capital gain having been disregarded. Thus the carry-over tabulated for these years is not, in all cases, the entire amount of carry-over reported on the return and, therefore, does not represent the entire amount of short-term capital loss sustained by the taxpayers and available for the carry-over. The tabulated carry-over is a net short-term capital loss carried over from the first preceding year and applied against the net short-term capital gain as provided under the 1938 act and, accordingly, is limited to the net income of the year in which the loss arose as well as to the net short-term capital gain of the year in which the carry-over is used.

The 1942 act provides that for any income year beginning after December 31, 1941, the "Net capital loss," that is, the disallowed capital loss resulting from the current year sales of capital assets, shall be a short-term capital loss in each of five succeeding years to the extent that such loss exceeds the total of any "Net capital gains" of any years intervening between the year in which the loss arose and such succeeding year. Under this act, the net capital loss for any year is the excess of (a) the current year capital losses (both shortand long-term) over (b) the sum of current year capital gains (both short- and long-term) and the smaller of either $\$ 1,000$ or net income (or for 1944 and thereafter adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to capital gains and losses. Thus the disallowed loss to be carried forward includes both shortand long-term capital losses in contrast with the carry-over under the previous act wherein the carry-over was composed of net shortterm capital loss only and the net long-term capital loss was a deduc-
tion from total income. Furthermore, the carry-over under the 1942 act is not limited to the net income (or for 1944 and thereafter adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table), and when carried into each of five succeeding years as a short-term capital loss is applied against the "Net capital gain," to the extent not previously eliminated. The net capital gain, against which the carry-over is applied, means the excess of (a) the sum of current year capital gains (both shortand long-term) and the smaller of either $\$ 1,000$ or net income (or for 1944 and thereafter adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to capital gains and losses, over (b) the current year capital losses (both short- and long-term). Under these provisions, the carry-over is, in effect, applied against either or both net short- and long-term capital gains and against other income not exceeding $\$ 1,000$, in each of five succeeding years unless eliminated in the interim.

The capital loss carry-over is tabulated from all returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets for the income years 1943-1948. The amount is the entire carry-over reported by the taxpayer whether or not it is offset by capital gains and/or other income. The carry-over reported on the 1943 returns is the net capital loss sustained in 1942; the carry-over reported on the 1944 returns is the net capital loss sustained in 1943 together with the remaining disallowed capital loss of 1942 not eliminated by the net capital gain of 1943; the carry-over reported on the 1945 returns is the net capital loss for 1944 together with the remaining disallowed capital loss of 1942 and of 1943 not eliminated by net capital gain of subsequent years, 1943 and 1944; and the carry-over reported on the 1946 and the 1947 returns is similarly accumulated with the net.capital loss sustained in 1945 and 1946, respectively. On the 1948 returns, the carry-over is the capital net loss sustained in 1947 together with the remaining capital loss carry-over from 1943-1946 not offset by net capital gains of the succeeding years 1944-1947. Because of this amassment, a carry-over or any portion thereof not previously absorbed within its 5 -year period is repeatedly reported along with carry-overs from subsequent years.

The capital loss carry-over tabulated from returns with a net gain from sales of capital assets for 1943-1948 is entirely eliminated by current year capital gains. The capital loss carry-over tabulated from returns with a net loss from sales of capital assets in this period is in some cases partly eliminated and in some others wholly eliminated by current year capital gain and/or the allowable deduction not exceeding $\$ 1,000$. In cases where the current year capital loss exceeds the $\$ 1,000$ deduction from income, no part of the carry-over is eliminated. When the carry-over consists of capital losses incurred in more than 1 year, the losses are eliminated in the order in which the capital loss arose.

Capital loss carry-over tabulated from individual and taxable fiduciary returns for 1939-1943 and from individual returns for 1944-1948, by returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets and by returns with net income or adjusted gross income and returns with no net income or no adjusted gross income
[In thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Capital loss carry-over tabulated from- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Returns with net gain from sales of capital assets |  |  | Returns with net loss from sales of capital assets |  |  |
|  | Total capital loss carryover | On returns with net income 193943; adjusted gross income 1944-48 | On returns with no net income 1939-43; no adjusted gross income 1944-48 | Total capital loss carryover | On returns with net income 193943; adjusted gross income 1944-48 | On returns with no net income 1939-43; no adjusted gross income 1944-48 |
| Individual returns and taxable flduciary returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939------------- | $\begin{array}{r} 21,601 \\ 5,675 \\ 3,977 \\ 886 \\ 19,112 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21,231 \\ 5,036 \\ 3,977 \\ 886 \\ 18,898 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 371 \\ & 339 \end{aligned}$ | (Not tabulated) |  |  |
| 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943----......... |  |  | 214 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,989 \\ 150.617 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,989 \\ 144,816 \end{array}$ | 5, 801 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,972 \\ & 27,225 \\ & 19,624 \\ & 14,861 \\ & 20,001 \end{aligned}$ | $26,967$ | 258 | 190, 396 | 187,157 244,402 | 3,239 |
| 1946 |  | $19,624$ |  | 278, 228 | 273, 327 | 4,901 |
| 1947 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 14, \text {, } 589 \\ & 19,481 \end{aligned}$ | 272 | 331, 896 | 288, 624 | 43, 272 |
| 1948 |  |  | 520 | 430, 449 | 422, 269 | 8, 180 |

Capital loss carry-over tabulated from taxable fiduciary returns for 1939-1948, by returns with net gain or with net loss from sales of capital assets and by returns with net income or with no net income
[In thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Capital loss carry-over tabulated from- |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Returns with net gain from sales of capital assets |  |  | Returns with net loss from sales of capital assets |  |  |
|  | Total capital loss carry over | On returns with net income | On returns with no net income | Total cspital loss carryover | On returns with net income | On returns with no net income |
| Taxable fiduciary returns: 1939 | 94317224052.0541,8415,0864,9832,6781,145 | $\begin{aligned} & 943 \\ & 172 \\ & 240 \end{aligned}$ |  | (Not tabulated) |  |  |
| 1940------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 2,049 \end{array}$ | 5 | 23 8,087 | $\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ 7,130 \end{array}$ | 957 |
| 1944 |  | 1,841 |  | 5, 754 <br> 9,282 <br> 11 | 5, 754 <br> 9,282 <br> 10 | .- |
| 1945 |  | 5. 086 |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 |  | 4,983 |  | 7,948 | 7, 948 |  |
| 1947 |  | 1,145 |  | 11,44610,915 | 11,44610,915 | --..... |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## PARTNERSHIP RETURNS OF INCOME, 1917-1948

Partnership returns of income, except for the war excess-profits tax of 1917, are not subject to direct assessments of Federal income tax. However, every domestic partnership and every foreign partnership doing business in the United States or having an office or place of business therein is required to file a return of income on Form 1065 (facsimile on pages 490-497). "The term 'partnership' includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of this title, a trust or estate or a corporation * * *" (section 3797 (a)(2), Internal Revenue Code). The distributive share of net profit or net loss of the partnership (whether distributed or not) is reported on the income tax return of each partner according to his proportionate share, and the profit or loss thus reported is tabulated elsewhere in this report insofar as it is reported on individual and taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, as a source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income for individual returns, Form 1040, and as a source of income or loss comprising total income for taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041.

Significant data tabulated from partnership returns of income, Form 1065, for 1947, are available in a press release which may be obtained upon request to the Director, Statistics Division, Internal Revenue Service, Washington 25, D. C.

The number of partnership returns, Form 1065, filed for the income years 1917 through 1948, shown below as reported by the collectors of internal revenue, include calendar year returns, fiscal and part year returns filed during the succeeding calendar year regardless of month in which the income year ended, and delinquent returns.

| Income year: | Number of partnership returns | Income year: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { partnership } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1917--. | 31, 701 | 1933 | 214, 881 |
| 1918 | 100, 728 | 1934 | 221, 740 |
| 1919 | 175, 898 | 1935 | 222, 293 |
| 1920 | 240, 767 | 1936 | 237, 367. |
| 1921 | 259,359 | 1937 | 261, 470 |
| 1922 | 287, 959 | 1938 | 273, 361 |
| 1923 | 304, 996 | 1939 | 290, 876 |
| 1924 | 321, 158 | 1940 | 372, 796 |
| 1925 | 309, 414 | 1941 | 453, 911 |
| 1926 | 295, 425 | 1942 | 490, 320 |
| 1927 | 282, 841 | 1943 | 491, 544 |
| 1928 | 272, 127 | 1944 | 577, 295 |
| 1929 | 263, 519 | 1945 | 673, 771 |
| 1930 | 244, 670 | 1946 | 885, 378 |
| 1931 | 230, 407 | 1947 | 935, 936 |
| 1932 | 216, 712 | 1948 | 929, 677 |

The Source Book is a series of unpublished volumes containing comprehensive compilations of data which supplement the published reports, "Statistics of Income." The Source Book is maintained in the Statistics Division, Internal Revenue Service, and is available for research purposes to officials of the Federal and State Governments and to qualified representatives of accredited organizations upon the
presentation of a written request addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The following data from individual income tax returns for 1927-1942 (except Form 1040A for 1941-1942) are classified by States and Territories, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by net income classes: The sources of income and deductions (as published for each year in the Statistics of Income), total income, total deductions, net income, personal exemption and credit for dependents (combined for 1927-1932 and shown separately thereafter), earned income credit for 1934-1942, net loss for prior year 1927-1932, normal tax, surtax, 12 $1 / 2$ percent tax on capital net gain for $1927-1933,12 \frac{1}{2}$ percent tax credit for capital net loss for 1927-1933, tax credit for earned income for 1927-1931, alternative tax for 1938-1942, and total tax.

The number of returns with net income and the amount of net income for 1927-1942, personal exemption for 1937-1942, credit for dependents for 1937-1942, and total tax for 1941-1942 (except Form 1040A for 1941-1942) are classified by States and Territories, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net income classes, and by sex and family relationship.

The amount of Government obligations owned and the wholly and partially tax-exempt interest received thereon as reported on individual returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ and over for 1932-1940 are classified by States and Territories and by net income classes.

For 1941, the Source Book contains no data for individual returns, Form 1040A, other than that published in the report. For 1942, the Source Book shows for Form 1040A the number of returns, amount of salaries, other income (dividends, interest, and annuities in one sum), gross income, personal exemption, credit for dependents, earned income credit, and optional tax classified by gross income classes, by taxable and nontaxable returns, and by sex and relationship, for States and Territories.

The sampling technique employed for estimating data for 1943 and subsequent years does not permit tabulation of data by income classes and by sex and family relationship, for the States and Territories.

## INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURNS, 1948

## BASIC TABLES

Simple and cumulative distributions-by adjusted gross income classes:

1. Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax.

Sources of income and tax-by adjusted gross income classes and by form of deduction:
2. Income, deductions, exemption, and tax.
3. Frequency distributions of returns for each specific source of income or loss, deductions, tax payments, and tax overpayment.
Frequency distributions of returns-cross classified:
4. Number of returns-by adjusted gross income classes and by size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income.
5. Number of returns with itemized deductions-by adjusted gross income classes and by net income classes.
Tax analysis-by adjusted gross income classes:
6. Normal tax and surtax, alternative tax, average tax, and effective tax rate.
7. Tax withheld, tax payments, refund, and credit.

Marital status--by adjusted gross income classes:
8. Number of returns, adjusted gross income, exemption, and tax.
9. Total number of exemptions, exemptions for age and blindness, exemptions other than age or blindness, and frequency distribution of returns by number of exemptions other than age or blindness.
Capital gains and losses-by adjusted gross income classes:
10. Short- and long-term capital gain and loss, capital loss carryover, and capital gain and loss reported.
States and Territories:
11. Selected sources of income and tax.
12. Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax-by adjusted gross income classes.
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Table 1.-Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total |  |
| 1 | Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: Under 0.5 | 3, 299, 919 | 6.38 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 2, 151, 078 | 6. 38 4.16 | 51, 745, 697 $48,445,778$ | 100.00 93.62 | $3,299,919$ $5,450,997$ | 6.38 10.53 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 | 2, 320, 024 | 4.48 | 46, 294, 700 | 89.47 | 7, 771, 021 | 15.02 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 2, 473, 559 | 4. 78 | 43, 974, 676 | 84.98 | 10, 244, 580 | 19.80 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 2, 705, 328 | 5. 23 | 41, 501, 117 | 80.20 | 12, 949, 908 | 25. 03 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 2, 871, 027 | 5. 55 | 38, 795, 789 | 74.97 | 15, 820, 935 | 30.57 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 3, 095, 370 | 5.98 | 35, 924, 762 | 69.43 | 18, 916, 305 | 36. 56 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 3, 142,587 | 6.07 | 32, 829, 392 | 63.44 | 22, 058, 892 | 42. 63 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 3, 153, 567 | 6.09 | 29, 686, 805 | 57.37 | 25, 212, 459 | 48.72 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 3, 158, 124 | 6.10 | 26, 533, 238 | 51.28 | 28, 370, 583 | 54.83 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 3, 005, 132 | 5.81 | 23, 375, 114 | 45.17 | 31, 375, 715 | 60.63 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 5, 326, 713 | 10.29 | 20, 369, 982 | 39.37 | 36, 702, 428 | 70.93 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 4, 070, C31 | 7.87 | 15, 043, 269 | 29.07 | 40, 772, 459 | 78. 79 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 3, 047, 810 | 5.89 | 10, 973, 238 | 21.21 | 43, 820, 269 | 84.68 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 2,046, 937 | 3.96 | 7, 925, 428 | 15.32 | 45, 867, 206 | 88.64 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 2,310, 295 | 4. 46 | 5, 878, 491 | 11.36 | 48, 177, 501 | 93. 10 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 1, 162,828 | 2.25 | 3, 568, 196 | 6.90 | 49, 340, 329 | 95.35 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 590, 026 | 1.14 | 2, 405, 368 | 4.65 | 49, 930, 355 | 96.49 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 354, 540 | . 69 | 1, 815,342 | 3.51 | 50, 284, 895 | 97.18 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 248, 517 | . 48 | 1,460, 802 | 2. 82 | 50, 533, 412 | 97.66 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 188, 222 | . 36 | 1, 212, 285 | 2.34 | 50, 721, 634 | 98.02 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 138, 553 | . 27 | 1,024,063 | 1.98 | 50, 860, 187 | 98.29 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 110, 811 | . 21 | -885, 510 | 1.71 | 50, 970, 998 | 98.50 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 87, 975 | . 17 | 774, 699 | 1.50 | 51, 058, 973 | 98.67 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 73, 984 | . 14 | 686, 724 | 1.33 | 51, 132, 957 | 98.82 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 236, 438 | . 46 | 612, 740 | 1.18 | 51, 369, 395 | 99.27 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 122, 221 | . 24 | 376, 302 | . 73 | 51, 491, 616 | 99.51 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 70, 550 | . 14 | 254, 081 | . 49 | 51, 562, 166 | 99.65 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 76, 884 | . 15 | 183, 531 | . 35 | 51, 639, 050 | 99.79 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 37, 642 | . 07 | 106, 647 | . 21 | 51, 676, 692 | 99.87 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 21, 375 | . 04 | 69,005 | . 13 | 51, 698,067 | 99.91 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 13, 062 | . 03 | 47, 630 | . 09 | 51, 711, 129 | 99.93 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 8, 466 | . 02 | 34, 568 | . 07 | 51, 719, 595 | 99.95 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 5, 733 | . 01 | 26, 102 | . 05 | 51, 725, 328 | 99.96 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 4,089 | . 01 | 20, 369 | . 04 | 51, 729, 417 | 99.97 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 9,619 | . 02 | 16, 280 | . 03 | 51, 739, 036 | 99.99 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 3,122 | . 01 | 6,661 | . 01 | 51, 742, 158 | 99.99 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 1,315 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 3,539 | . 01 | 51, 743, 473 | 99.99 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | - 708 | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 2,224 | ${ }^{6}$ (8) | 51, 744, 181 | 99.99 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 683 | $\left.{ }^{6}\right)$ | 1,516 | ${ }^{6}$ ) | 51, 744, 864 | 99.99 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 269 | (6) | 1,833 | (6) | 51, 745, 133 | 99.99 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 310 | $\left.{ }^{6}\right)$ | 564 | ${ }^{6}$ ) | 51, 745, 443 | 99.99 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 105 | (6) | 254 | (6) | 51, 745, 548 | 99.99 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 87 | (6) | 149 | (6) | 51, 745, 635 | 99.99 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 29 | (6) | 62 | (6) | 51, 745, 664 | 99.99 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 22 | (6) | 33 | (6) | 51, 745, 686 | 99.99 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | ${ }^{6}$ ) | 11 | ${ }^{6}$ ) | 51, 745, 690 | 99.99 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 3 | $\left.{ }^{6}\right)$ | 7 | (6) | 51, 745, 693 | 99.99 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more. | 4 | (6) | , | ${ }^{(6)}$ | 51, 745, 697 | 100.00 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | $51,745,697$ |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 | Returns with no adjusted gross income, nontaxable. ${ }^{5}$ | $326,309$ | (7) |  |  |  |  | 51 |
| 52 | Grand total | 52, 072, 006 | (7) |  |  |  |  | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Table 1.-Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Simple and cumulatzve distributions of number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | Adjusted gross income : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |  |
|  |  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 928, 133 | 0. 57 | 164, 173, 861 | 100.00 | 928, 133 | 0. 57 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.7 | 1,352, 360 | . 82 | 163, 245, 719 | 99. 43 | 2, 280, 493 | 1. 39 | 2 |
| 3 4 4 | 0.75 under 1 | 2, 031, 016 $2,786,711$ | 1.24 | 161, 1593,359 | 98. 61 | 4, 311, 509 | 2.63 |  |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 3,716, 988 | 2. 26 | 157, 075, 632 | 95.68 | 10, 815, 208 | 6.59 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 4, 661, 841 | 2.84 | 153, 358, 644 | 93.41 | 15, 477, 049 | 9.43 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 5, 807, 538 | 3.54 | 148, 696, 803 | 90.57 | 21, 284, 587 | 12.96 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 6, 674, 789 | 4.07 | 142, 889, 265 | 87.04 | 27, 959, 376 | 17.03 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 7, 489, 703 | 4. 56 | 136, 214, 476 | 82.97 | 35, 449, 079 | 21.59 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 8,286, 415 | 5.05 | 128, 724, 773 | 78.41 | 43, 735, 494 | 26.64 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 8, 634, 778 | 5. 26 | 120, 438, 358 | 73.36 | 52, 370, 272 | 31.80 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 17, 271, 352 | 10. 52 | 111, 803, 580 | 68.10 | 69, 641, 624 | 42.42 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 15, 213, 554 | 9.27 | 94, 532, 228 | 57.58 | 84, 855, 178 | 51.69 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 13, 020, 768 | 7.93 | 79, 318, 674 | 48.31 | 97, 875, 946 | 59.62 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 9,695, 937 | 5.91 | 66, 297, 906 | 40.38 | 107, 571, 883 | 65.52 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 12, 577, 683 | 7.66 | 56, 601, 969 | 34.48 | 120, 149, 566 | 73.18 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 7, 492, 857 | 4.56 | 44, 024, 286 | 26.82 | 127, 642, 423 | 77.75 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 4, 393, 964 | 2.68 | 36, 531, 429 | 22.25 | 132, 036, 387 | 80.42 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 3, 000, 531 | 1.83 | 32, 137, 465 | 19.58 | 135, 036, 918 | 82.25 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 2, 353, 259 | 1. 43 | 29, 136, 934 | 17. 75 | 137, 390, 177 | 83.69 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,970, 543 | 1.20 | 26, 783, 675 | 16. 31 | 139, 360, 720 | 84.89 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 1,590, 030 | . 97 | 24, 813, 132 | 15. 11 | 140, 950, 750 | 85.85 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1, 383, 064 | . 84 | 23, 223, 102 | 14.15 | 142, 333. 814 | 86.70 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1, 185, 725 | . 72 | 21, 840, 038 | 13.30 | 143, 519, 539 | 87.42 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1, 071,306 | . 65 | 20, 654, 313 | 12.58 | 144, 590, 845 | 88.07 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 4, 054, 251 | 2.47 | 19, 583, 007 | 11. 93 | 148, 645, 096 | 90.54 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 2, 717, 601 | 1.66 | 15, 528, 756 | 9.46 | 151, 362, 697 | 92.20 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,924, 696 | 1.17 | 12, 811, 155 | 7.80 | 153, 287, 393 | 93.37 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 2, 639,398 | 1.61 | 10, 886, 459 | 6. 63 | 155, 926, 791 | 94.98 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 1, 673, 713 | 1.02 | 8, 247, 061 | 5. 02 | 157, 600, 504 | 96. 00 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 1, 165, 989 | . 71 | 6, 573, 348 | 4.00 | 158, 766, 493 | 96.71 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 844, 305 | . 51 | 5, 407,359 | 3.29 | 159, 610, 798 | 97.22 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 632, 508 | . 39 | 4, 563, 054 | 2.78 | 160, 243, 306 | 97.61 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 485, 649 | . 30 | 3, 930. 546 | 2.39 | 160, 728, 955 | 97.90 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 387, 631 | . 24 | 3, 444, 897 | 2.10 | 161, 116, 586 | 98. 14 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 1, 153, 456 | . 70 | 3, 057, 266 | 1.86 | 162, 270, 042 | 98.84 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 534, 345 | . 33 | 1, 903, 810 | 1.16 | 162, 804, 387 | 99.17 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 290, 723 | . 18 | 1,369, 465 | . 83 | 163, 095, 110 | 99. 34 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 192, 616 | . 12 | 1, 078, 742 | . 66 | 163, 287, 726 | 99.46 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 234, 178 | . 14 | 886, 126 | . 54 | 163, 521, 904 | 99.60 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 119, 172 | . 07 | 651, 948 | . 40 | 163, 641, 076 | 99.68 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 184, 524 | . 11 | 532, 776 | . 32 | 163, 825, 600 | 99.79 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 90, 180 | . 05 | 348, 252 | . 21 | 163, 915, 780 | 99.84 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 103, 037 | . 06 | 258, 072 | . 16 | 164, 018, 817 | 99.91 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 48, 530 | . 03 | 155, 035 | . 09 | 164, 067,347 | 90.94 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 52,532 | . 03 | 106, 505 | . 06 | 164, 119, 879 | 99.97 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 13, 279 | . 01 | 53, 973 | . 03 | 164, 133, 158 | 99.98 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 13, 362 | . 01 | 40,694 | . 02 | 164, 146, 520 | 99.98 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more | 27, 332 | . 02 | 27, 332 | . 02 | 164, 173, 861 | 100.00 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 164, 173, 861 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 | Returns with no adjusted gross income, nontaxable. ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{6} 657,847$ | () |  |  |  |  | 51 |
| 52 | Grand tota | 0163, 516, 014 | (7) |  |  |  |  | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Table 1.-Individual returns for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions-Continued
[Adjusted gross Income classes and money iggures in thousands of dollara]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest lacome class |  |  |
|  |  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | 2,965 | 0.02 | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 | 2,965 | 0.02 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1.- | 34, 741 | . 22 | 15, 438, 573 | 99.98 | 37, 706 | . 24 | 3 |
|  | 1 under 1.25 | 70,450 | . 46 | 15, 403, 832 | 99.76 | 108, 156 | . 70 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 116, 965 | . 76 | 15, 333, 382 | 99.30 | 225, 121 | 1.46 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 184, 240 | 1.19 | 15, 216, 417 | 98.54 | 409, 361 | 2. 65 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 250, 783 | 1.62 | 15, 032, 177 | 97.35 | 660, 144 | 4. 28 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 320,946 | 2.08 | 14, 781, 394 | 95.72 | 981,090 1 | 6.35 884 | 8 |
| $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2.25 under 2.5 | 383,632 438,229 | 2.48 2.84 | $14,460,448$ $14,076,816$ | 93.65 91.16 | $1,364,722$ $1,802,951$ | $\begin{array}{r}8.84 \\ 11.68 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{10}^{9}$ |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 476, 419 | 3.09 | 13, 638, 587 | 88.32 | 2, 279, 370 | 14.76 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 1,006,616 | 6. 52 | 13, 162, 168 | 85. 24 | 3, 285, 986 | 21.28 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 983, 619 | 6.37 | 12, 155, 552 | 78.72 | 4, 269, 605 | 27.65 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 899, 935 | 5.83 | 11,171, 933 | 72.35 | 5,169,540 | 33. 48 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 787, 111 | 5.10 | 10, 271, 998 | 66. 52 | 5,956, 651 | 38. 58 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 1,119,689 | 7.25 4 4 | 9, 484, 887 | 61. 42 | $7,076,340$ $7,814,052$ | 45.83 50.60 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 737, 712 | 4.78 | 8,365, 198 | 54.17 | 7,814,052 | 50.60 53.66 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 472, 033 | 3. 06 | 7,627, 486 | 49. 40 | $8,286,085$ 8,630 8 | 53.66 55.89 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9- | 344, 668 | 2. 23 | 7, 155, 453 | 46.34 | 8, 630, 753 | 55.89 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 286, 812 | 1.86 | 6, 810, 785 | 44.11 | 8, 917, 565 | 57.75 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 252, 268 | 1.63 | 6,523, 973 | 42.25 | 9,169, 833 | 59,38 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 214, 571 | 1.39 | 6, 271, 705 | 40.62 | 9, 384, 404 | 60.77 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 196, 008 | 1.27 | 6, 057, 134 | 39.23 | 9, 580, 412 | 62.04 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 - | 175, 004 | 1. 13 | 5, 861, 126 | 37.96 | 9,755, 416 | 63.18 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 164, 193 | 1.06 | 5, 686, 122 | 36.82 | 9, 919, 609 | 64.24 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 684, 138 | 4. 43 | 5, 521, 929 | 35. 76 | 10,603,747 | 68.67 | ${ }_{27} 26$ |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 526, 578 | 3.41 | 4, 837,791 | 31.33 | 11, 130, 325 | 72.08 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 418, 906 | 2.71 | 4, 311, 213 | 27.92 | 11, 549, 231 | 74.79 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 654, 532 | 4.24 | 3, 892, 307 | 25.21 | 12, 203, 763 | 79.03 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 481, 756 | 3.12 | 3, 237, 775 | 20.97 | 12, 685, 519 | 82.15 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 374, 132 | 2.42 | 2, 756, 019 | 17.85 | 13, 059, 651 | 84.57 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 293, 126 | 1. 90 | 2, 381, 887 | 15. 43 | 13, 352, 777 | 86. 47 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 234, 070 | 1.52 | 2,088, 761 | 13. 53 | 13, 586, 847 | 87.99 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 188, 812 | 1.22 | 1,854, 691 | 12. 01 | 13, 775, 659 | 89.21 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 157, 020 | 1. 02 | 1, 665, 879 | 10.79 | 13, 932, 679 | 90.23 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 503, 298 | 3.26 | 1, 508,859 | 9.77 | 14, 435, 977 | 93.49 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 256, 026 | 1.66 | 1,005,561 | 6.51 | 14, 692,003 | 95.15 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 146, 878 | . 95 | 749, 535 | 4.85 | 14, 838, 881 | 96. 10 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 100, 541 | . 65 | 602, 657 | 3.90 | 14, 939, 422 | 96.75 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 127, 101 | . 82 | 502.116 | 3.25 | 15, 066, 523 | 97.57 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 67, 434 | . 44 | 375, 015 | 2.43 | 15, 133, 957 | 98.01 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 103, 851 | . 67 | 307, 581 | 1.99 | 15, 237, 808 | 98.68 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 52,015 | . 34 | 203,730 | 1.32 | 15, 289, 823 | 99.02 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1.500 | 61,773 | . 40 | 151,715 | . 98 | 15, 351, 596 | 99. 42 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2.000 | 28,189 | . 18 | 89,942 | . 58 | 15, 379, 785 | 99.60 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 31, 339 | . 20 | 61,753 | . 40 | 15, 411, 124 | 99.80 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 7,771 | . 05 | 30, 414 | . 20 | 15, 418, 895 | 99.85 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 7,356 15,287 | . 05 | 22,643 15,287 | . 15 | 15, 426, 251 | 99.90 100 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more | 15, 287 | 10 | 15,287 | . 10 | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 52 | Grand total | 15, 441, 529 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

TABLe 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II， ，adjusted gross income，adjusted gross income，deductions，exemption，tax liability，tax payments，and tax overpayment－Con． PART I．－AIL RETURNS－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 答 } \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \substack{N \\ N \\ \infty \\ \infty} \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \underset{y}{2} \\ \text { on } \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br> が नiनimimovorifiテio | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \text { on } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & = \\ & = \\ & = \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ ©ิ |
|  かめ○が <br> － | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ \infty \\ \text { on } \\ \text { ®in } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 08 \\ & 0 \\ & 20 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |




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［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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Adjusted gross income classes 1


|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}5,839 \\ 2,401 \\ 1,244 \\ 1,204 \\ 1,273 \\ 5186 \\ 181 \\ 182 \\ 41 \\ 37 \\ 64 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 17,710 7,136 4,760 4,659 1,759 2,214 2951 456 328 11 122 22 2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total taxable retu | 142,056, 88 | 30, 857, 156 | 15,441,529 | 0,156,49 | 5,176, 03 | 207,14 | . 09 |
|  | Nontaxable re |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.75 under 1 | ${ }_{\text {l }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{1} 1.25$ under 1.25 If | 186 | 2, ${ }_{2,217,638}^{2,385}$ |  | cise | ${ }_{744}^{127}$ |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{1}^{1.75 \text { under }} 1.7$ | 7, 680 | 0,953 |  | 29,536 <br> 44,322 | , ${ }_{\text {, } 2298}$ |  | 34,74 <br> 51,180 |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ 2nder 2.25 |  | 2, ${ }_{2}^{2,049,751}$ |  | 49 |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{2.5}$ |  | 9,084 |  |  | ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | cisi, |  |  | ${ }_{\substack{4, 42,276 \\ \\ 23,741}}$ |
| ${ }_{64}^{63}$ | 3 or more.- | ${ }_{\text {1, }}^{1,007,570}$ | 1, ${ }^{\text {1294, } 503}$ |  | ${ }_{17,251}^{20}$ | ¢, ${ }_{9}^{3,314}$ |  | ${ }_{26,556}^{23,71}$ |
| 65 | Total | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Pl}, 459,12 \mathrm{l}$ | 29,182,679 |  | 454, 18 | 126, 256 |  | 580, 4 |
| 66 | Grand total | $\bigcirc$ | 80, 039, 835 | 15,4 | 10,610 | 5,302, 291 | 2,207, | 2,678 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under 85,000 and nontax- | -106, 914,03 | 884,9 | ${ }^{5,956,}$ | 6,907, | 578,781 | 335, | 1,965, |
| 68 | ${ }_{\text {Taxable }}^{\text {axier returns }}$ with adjusted gross income of 85,000 or more | 56, 601, 969 | 11,154, 88 | 9, 484, 887 | 3,703,042 | 4,7 | 1,771,392 | 713,061 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181: for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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| 36 | 150 under 200 | 110 | 1,953 | 1,016 | 166 | 13 | 752 | 38 | 4,101 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 22 | 592 | 324 | 22 |  | 38 | (3) | 1,075 | 92 | 37 |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 18 | 194 | 47 | 34 |  | 117 |  | 1,086 | 17 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400 | 14 | 103 | 79 | 34 |  | 878 | (35) | 2,152 |  | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 2 |  | 2 | 7 |  | 424 |  |  |  | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 2 | 15 | 14 | 10 |  |  | 1 | 249 |  | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 43 44 4 | 1,000 under $1,500$. | 2 | 59 | 1,083 | 1 |  |  |  | 1,133 |  | 43 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns | 29, 113, 405 | 80, 633, 451 | 1,227, 279 | 480, 549 | 95, 725 | 1,061, 992 | 97, 661 | 10, 210, 848 | 216, 498 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | 3, 270, 112 | 821, 637 | 6,798 | 9, 524 | 2,680 | 26, 409 | 4, 867 | 73,739 | 27,084 | 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 1, 712, 830 | 808. 607 | 13, 952 | 15,320 | 7,683 | 42, 970 | 2, 751 | 142, 121 | 17,528 | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1. | 1,066, 295 | 623, 646 | 17, 159 | 18,587 | 12,555 | 45,697 | 1,797 | 192, 176 | 13, 231 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25- | 1,323, 909 | 1,027, 138 | 20,796 | 21,534 | 14, 842 | 53, 535 | 3, 290 | 307, 360 | 16, 878 | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 1,037,300 | 1, 006, 361 | 11,803 | 12, 654 | 9, 964 | 31,621 | 2,457 | 296, 182 | 10,339 | 55 |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 976, 298 | 1, 172, 905 | 7,908 | 7, 619 | 8,702 | 31, 929 | 1,782 | 308, 855 | 9,384 | 56 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 | 1, 185, 206 | 1, 691, 480 | 8, 937 | 9, 173 | 5, 950 | 31, 690 | 2, 164 | 403, 835 | 10,521 | 57 |
| 58 | 2 ander 2.25 | 663, 155 | 1, 092, 215 | 4,592 | 3, 844 | 4,311 | 17,835 | 1,103 | 243, 485 | 5,528 | 58 |
| 59 60 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 746, 102 | 1, 416, 744 | 5,332 | 5,391 | 3, 654 | 21, 800 | 975 | 268, 111 | 5,934 | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 698, 592 | 1, 474, 531 | 4,513 | 2,822 | 2,425 | 15, 740 | 1,428 | 271, 633 | 5.993 | 60 |
| 61 62 | 2.75 under 3 | 378.477 | 905, 111 | 1,631 | 1,857 |  | 5,602 | 397 | 150, 276 | 1,379 | 61 |
| 62 63 | 3 under 3.5 | 655, 406 | 1, 760, 745 | 2, 441 | 2, 437 | (34) | 11, 550 | 689 | 278, 567 | 2,982 | 62 |
| 64 | 4 or more. | $\begin{aligned} & 280,339 \\ & 135,653 \end{aligned}$ |  | 817 682 | 631 1,279 | $\left({ }^{(34)}\right.$ | 6,131 5,658 | 396 <br> 374 | 138,905 121,154 | (34) ${ }^{1,502}$ | 63 <br> 64 |
| 65 | Total noutaxable returns. | 14, 129, 674 | 15,150, 854 | 107, 362 | 112, 669 | 73, 446 | 348, 169 | 24, 467 | 3, 196, 398 | 129, 363 | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 43, 243, 079 | 95, 784, 305 | 1,334, 641 | 593, 218 | 169, 171 | 1,410, 161 | 122, 128 | 13,407, 246 | 345, 861 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 39, 448, 606 | 77, 374, 589 | 454, 131 | 327, 683 | 139, 908 | 810,330 | 86,670 | 7,418, 043 | 255, 998 | 67 |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 3, 794, 473 | 18, 409, 715 | 880, 513 | 265, 538 | 29, 264 | 599, 828 | 35,463 | 5, 989, 206 | 89,867 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp, 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948，PART 1
Table 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II， returns with standard deduction；Part III，returns with itemized deductions：Number of returns，income or loss from each of the sources comprising adjusted gross income，adjusted gross income，deductions，exemption，tax liability，tax payments，and tax overpayment－Con．
PART II．－RETURNS WITH STANDARD DEDUCTION ${ }^{23}$－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| Adjusted gross income classes 1 |  |  |


| 35 | 100 under 150. | 16, 485 | 60 | 9,323 | 32 |  | 35 | 2,698 | 343 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | 150 under 200 | 3,940 | 75 | 5,516 | , | (30) |  | 1,133 |  | 36 |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 984 | 1 | 1,846 | 2 |  | 26 | 229 | (3) |  |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 767 |  | 2,388 | 2 |  | (4) | 267 | ( 8 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400. | 74 | - | 1,272 | 1 |  |  | 312 | (3) 3 | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 under 750 | 16 |  | ${ }_{927}^{461}$ |  |  |  | 2 | (3) | 40 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | (3) |  | 3 | 1 |  |  | (3i) |  | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more ----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns. | 4,152, 459 | 47, 870 | 1, 046, 312 | 97, 933 | 48, 162 | 26, 665 | 317,759 | 356, 880 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | 8,038 | 6,133 | 9,778 | 6,371 | 623 | 3,806 | 1,196 | 6, 565 | 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 18,311 | 4,260 | 11, 521 | 3, 881 | 1,202 | 1,564 | 2,264 | 9, 918 | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1 - | 20, 969 | 2,009 | 12,681 | 4,016 | 1,502 | 1,501 | 3,031 | 12, 325 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | 33,842 | 1,319 | 18, 521 | 4,306 | 1,221 | 1,276 | 3,891 | 19,794 | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 30, 202 | 5,871 | 13,150 | 3, 172 | 2,774 | 943 | 2,824 | 13,082 | 5.5 |
| 56 57 5 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 36, 186 | 1,633 | 9, 358 | 1,726 | 1, 556 | 709 | 2,295 | 15, 414 | 56 |
| 58 | 22 under 2.25 | 53, 326 | + 980 | 16,211 | 2,047 | 2,801 | (34) 352 | 1,283 | 19,468 | 57 |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 35, 713 | 1,034 1,190 | 11,511 | 1, 444 | 1,655 | ${ }^{(34)} 681$ | 1,078 2,014 | 10, 11,931 | ${ }_{59}^{58}$ |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 35, 442 | , 325 | 8,336 | 1, 196 | 1, 878 | 243 | 206 | 13, 272 | ${ }_{60}^{59}$ |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | 18,656 | (3) | 3,787 | 525 | 761 | (34) | (34) | 3,593 | 61 |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | 34,764 | (9) 930 | 8,718 | 765 | 813 |  | (3) | 9,526 | 62 |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 | 12, 235 |  | 4,341 | 636 | (3) 048 | ${ }^{(34)}$ | (3) | 5,215 | 63 |
| 64 | 4 or mo | 13, 148 | (34) | 3,163 | (34) | (34) | (34) | (3) | 2,114 | 64 |
| 65 | Total nontaxable return | 381, 258 | 26, 011 | 140, 352 | 31, 510 | 21, 005 | 14, 080 | 22,053 | 153, 073 | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 4, 533, 717 | 73,881 | 1,186, 664 | 129, 443 | 69, 167 | 40, 745 | 339,812 | 509,953 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 1, 474, 396 | 46,155 | 462,755 | 81, 217 | 41,688 | 26, 901 | 106, 128 | 370, 945 | 67 |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of \$5,000 or more-----....- | 3, 059, 322 | 27,723 | 723,899 | 48,229 | 27, 479 | 13, 847 | 233, 690 | 139, 019 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 2.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes-Part I, all returns; Part II, comprising adjusted gross income, adjusted gross income, deductions, exemption, tax liability, tax payments, and tax overpayment-Con PART II.-RETURNS WITH STANDARD DEDUCTIONS $25-$ Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Amount of exemption ${ }^{21}$ | Tsx liability | Tax withheld | $\begin{gathered} \text { Payments on } \\ \text { 1948 decla- } \\ \text { ration }{ }^{23} \end{gathered}$ | Tax due at time of filing | Overpayment (refund, or credit on 1949 tax) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 258, 807 | 217,926 | 2,902 | 17, 257 | 578 | 381 | 18, 313 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.75 under 1 - | 945, 172 | 650, 865 | 33, 374 | 66, 790 | 2,432 | 4,316 | 40, 164 | 2 |
| 3 4 4 | 1 under 1.25 . | 1,081, 417 | 578,050 | 65,584 | 83, 495 | 3,866 | 7,183 | 28, 949 | 3 |
| 4 <br> 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 1, 952, 711 | 1,111, 528 | 107, 871 | 137, 130 | 7,308 | 9,918 | 46, 485 | 4 |
| 5 <br> 8 | 1.5 under 1.75 | $2,580,301$ $2,964,028$ | 1, 308, 511 | 168,863 <br> 227,450 | 192, 9751 | 10,747 <br> 10 <br> 835 | 14, 536 | 49, 292 | 5 |
| 7 | 2 under 2.25. | 4, 411, 154 | 2, 228, 812 | 289, 717 | 328, 124 | 15, 340 | 19, 263 | 44,882 73,008 | 7 |
| 8 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 4, 665, 587 | 2, 149, 054 | 340, 464 | 369, 296 | 16, 573 | 22, 222 | 67, 627 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 5, 254, 505 | 2, 411, 631 | 385, 581 | 415, 695 | 19,475 | 24, 313 | 73, 902 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.75 under 3 . | 6 044, 568 | 2, 958, 779 | 412, 209 | 448, 665 | 23,458 | 25,437 | 85, 350 | 10 |
| 11 | 3 under 3.5 | 11, 834, 201 | 5,571, 050 | 849, 173 | 886, 900 | 51, 036 | 56, 717 | 145, 479 | 11 |
| 12 | 3.5 under 4 - | 10, 705, 358 | 4, 835, 114 | 804, 508 | 815, 226 | 51,816 | 57, 711 | 120,246 | 12 |
| 13 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 9, 071, 047 | 3, 872, 803 | 719, 353 | 704, 636 | 58,011 | 54, 621 | 97, 912 | 13 |
| 15 | 5 under 6 | 8,557, 590 | 2, 2106,488 | 806, 855 | 582, ${ }^{586}$ | -69, 116 | 54, 872 | 75,083 | 14 |
| 16 | 6 under 7 - | 5,112, 767 | 1, 465, 828 | 532, 318 | 417, 607 | 107, 676 | 65, 991 | 58,255 | 16 |
| 17 | 7 under 8 | 3,040, 942 | 759,770 | 343, 185 | 228, 910 | 80,770 | 58,985 | 25, 478 | 17 |
| 18 | 8 under 9 | 2,053, 226 | 456, 903 | 247, 292 | 139, 483 | 76, 770 | 49,304 | 18, 266 | 18 |
| 19 | 9 under 10 | 1,611,074 | 321, 174 | 204, 643 | 100, 994 | 73,691 | 44,770 | 14,813 | 19 |
| 20 | 10 under 11 | 1, 361,094 | 247, 580 | 181, 739 | 81, 639 | 69,797 | 42,298 | 11, 996 | 20 |
| 21 | 11 under 12 | 1,035, 895 | 173, 197 | 146653 | 64, 165 | 63, 172 | 38, 195 | 8,880 | 21 |
| 22 | 12 under 13 | 858, 500 | 132,283 | 127,462 | 42, 669 | 67, 758 | 34, 595 | 7, 559 | 22 |
| 23 | 13 under 14 | 715, 764 | 102,496 | 111, 066 | 34, 541 | 52, 981 | 29,884 | 6, 338 | 23 |
| 24 | 14 under 15 | 606,778 | 81, 052 | 97, 855 | 27, 657 | 48,585 | 27, 334 | 5,719 | 24 |
| 25 | 15 under 20. | 2,018,654 | 228, 590 | 359, 891 | 88, 204 | 187, 688 | 102,591 | 18,591 | 25 |
| 26 | 20 under 25 | 1,091, 803 | 95, 781 | 225, 300 | 43, 535 | 125, 721 | 66,663 | 10, 621 |  |
| 27 | 25 under 30 | 619, 132 | 44, 139 | 144,598 | 23, 173 | 80, 367 | 45, 501 | 4,443 | 27 |
| 28 | 30 under 40 | 666, 955 | 38,428 | 178, 558 | 22, 100 | 103,776 | 56, 887 | 4, 204 | 28 |
| 29 | 40 under 50 | 302, 842 | 13,099 | 95, 284 | 9, 026 | 56,394 | 31, 634 | 1,770 | 29 |
| 30 | 50 under 60 | 162, 853 | 5, 673 | 57, 622 | 4,567 | 34,768 | 19,246 | 960 | 30 |
| 31 | 60 under 70 | 98, 059 | 2,849 | 37, 696 | 2,524 | 23, 528 | 12,291 | 648 | 31 |
| 32 | 70 under 80 | 61, 614 | 1,561 | 25, 463 | 1,495 | 16, 151 | 8,159 | 343 | 32 |
| 33 | 80 under 90 | 44,534 | 1,013 | 19, 222 | 1,151 | 11, 661 | 6, 712 | 202 | 33 |
| 34 35 3 | 90 under 100 | 27, 663 | 562 | 12,432 | 552 | 8,013 | 4, 036 | 169 | 34 |
| 35 | 100 under 150 | 56, 703 | 876 | 27,608 | 1,088 | 17,952 | 8, 892 | 323 | 35 |
| 36 | 150 under 200 | 18,709 | 194 | 9,883 | 414 | 6,385 | 3,118 | 34 | 36 |


| 200 under 250 | 4,889 | 40 | 2, 717 | 81 | 1,807 | 874 | 45 | 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250 under 300 | 4,890 | 27 | 2, 770 | 18 | 1,804 | 949 | (35) | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 4,905 | 14 | 3,175 | 13 | 2,084 | 1,078 |  | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | -902 | 2 | 556 | 1 | 523 | 31 |  | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 1,232 | 3 | 653 | 2 | 642 | 9 | (35) | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 2,278 | 2 | 1,752 | 9 | 1,631 | 161 | 49 | 43 |
| $1,500 \text { under } 2,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 5,000 or more...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns. | 99, 144, 792 | 39, 064, 181 | 9, 032, 744 | 7, 338, 432 | 1,745,815 | 1,204, 125 | 1,255, 626 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{83}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| Under 0.5--.----- | 918,727 | 2, 625,990 |  | 58, 615 | 7,127 |  | 65, 742 | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 1, 043,886 | 1,778, 408 |  | 47,034 | 4,743 |  | 51, 778 | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1. | , 937, 776 | 1,752, 278 |  | 19,977 | 5,596 | ----- | 25,572 | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 1, 495, 404 | 2,215, 212 |  | 33, 242 | 5,586 | - | 38, 828 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 1, 407,837 | 2, 057, 272 |  | 25, 461 | 4,173 |  | 29, 634 | 55 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 1,587, 492 | 2,175, 851 |  | 25,810 | 3,426 |  | 29, 236 | 56 |
| 1.75 under 2 | 2, 227, 088 | 2, 673, 683 |  | 40, 255 | 4,708 | -------- | 44,963 | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 1, 410, 592 | 1,830, 775 |  | 17601 | 3, 089 |  | 20,690 | 58 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | 1, 773, 635 | 2, 068, 280 |  | 24,743 | 2,964 |  | 27, 706 | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 1, 822, 110 | 2,002, 195 |  | 26,832 | 3,645 |  | 30, 477 | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 1, 089021 | 1,270, 807 |  | 11, 415 | 1,039 | . | 12,454 | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 2, 104, 210 | 2,259, 218 |  | 25,700 | 2,616 |  | 28,315 | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | 1, 050, 338 | 1,099, 747 |  | 13,578 | 881 |  | 14,457 | 63 |
| 4 or more | 613, 095 | 633, 315 |  | 6,820 | 516 |  | 7,337 | 64 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 19,481, 209 | 26, 443, 031 |  | 377, 083 | 50,106 |  | 427, 189 | 65 |
| Grand total | 118, 626, 001 | 65, 507, 212 | 9,032, 744 | 7, 715,515 | 1,795, 921 | 1, 204, 125 | 1,682, 815 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 88, 483, 649 | 58, 447, 696 | 5, 028, 501 | 5,670,844 | 380, 700 | 367, 847 | 1,390, 881 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of \$5,000 or more........- | 30, 142, 347 | 7,059,516 | 4,004, 248 | 2,044, 670 | 1,415, 231 | 836, 284 | 291,934 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181;: for extent to which data are estimated see pp. 44-52.
Table 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part $I$ ，all returns；Part II， returns with standard deduction；Part III，returns with itemized deductions：Number of returns，income or loss from each of the sources
PART III．－RETURNS WITH ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS 24
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| 36 | 150 under 200 | 3, 012 | 108, 069 | 168, 863 | 12, 135 | 869 | 17,774 | 691 | 35, 241 | 5, 724 | 36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 1,293 | 45,975 | 95, 411 | 6,142 | 490 | 9,065 | 309 | 14,373 | 3,408 | 37 |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 690 | 28,667 | 69, 716 | 4,245 | 273 | 7,386 | 546 | 8,402 | 2,950 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400 | 669 | 27, 881 | 87, 250 | 4,528 | 186 | 8,413 | 288 | 11,302 | 2, 671 | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 267 | 11,479 | 47, 553 | 2,341 | 203 | 2, 472 | 80 | 4,811 | 1,509 | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 308 | 14,171 | 62, 636 | 4,151 | 137 | 6,597 | 253 | 5,933 | 1,840 | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 105 | 4, 061 | 40, 110 | 1,332 | 84 | 4,378 | 292 | 1,483 | 1,294 | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 85 | 3, 532 | 42,417 | 2,196 | 28 | 2,850 | 85 | 3,407 | 1,980 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 29 | 2,342 | 13, 913 | 1,241 | 30 | 1,449 | 57 | 1,139 | 372 | 4 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 22 | 847 | 17,956 | 309 | 118 | 680 | 6 | 352 | 246 | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | 234 | 7,755 | 56 | 1 | 50 | 1 |  | 256 | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000. | 3 | 10 | 4,458 | 123 |  | 5 | 36 | 3,771 | 105 | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more. | 4 | 9 | 25, 417 | 2,289 |  | 16 | 197 |  | 110 | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns | 7, 297, 843 | 28, 277, 014 | 3, 513,567 | 626, 023 | 95, 497 | 1, 018, 223 | 92,635 | 4, 149, 260 | 242,885 |  |
|  | Nontaxable returns: 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 326, 309 | 66,576 | 31,273 | 14,406 | 1,315 | 26, 650 | 26,599 | 19,360 | 644, 436 | 5 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | 29,807 | 4,873 | 3, 169 | 1, 655 | (34) | 3,775 | 944 | 3,210 | 5,748 | 5 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 68,508 | 21,335 | 3, 507 | 3,732 | 1,399 | 7,650 | 1,079 | 8,971 | 3,112 | 5 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1. | 97, 308 | 39,847 | 6,810 | 4, 649 | 1,387 | 13, 074 | 1,593 | 15, 652 | 3,246 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | 78,199 | 35, 962 | 6,845 | 5,745 | 2,725 | 14,886 | 1,313 | 22, 638 | 4,433 | 5 |
| 65 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 119, 684 | 82, 122 | 8,683 | 7,520 | 5,146 | 15, 059 | 1,263 | 40,619 | 4,918 |  |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 92, 810 | 79, 086 | 7,083 | 4,301 | 4,694 | 15, 047 | 1,316 | 33, 918 | 2,147 | 5 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 | 83, 850 | 82, 544 | 5,889 | 3,593 | 3, 061 | 11,362 | 1,718 | 45,765 | 4,190 | 5 |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25 | 119,550 | 170, 072 | 7,040 | 5, 962 | 2,065 | 10,710 | 1,754 | 48,707 | 5,465 | 5 |
| 69 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 83, 748 | 131, 745 | 5,527 | 2, 814 | 1,829 | 11, 270 | 1,149 | 37, 769 | 2,935 |  |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 81, 088 | 147, 478 | 4,972 | 3,201 | 2,479 | 6, 484 | 3, 129 | 40,372 | 2,875 |  |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | 90,987 | 196, 330 | 4,065 | 2,128 | 1,377 | 8,250 | 918 | 37,658 | 880 |  |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | 110,889 | 279, 094 | 5,695 | 3,866 | 768 | 10, 464 | 1,864 | 45, 896 | 4,558 |  |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 | 69, 427 | 197, 106 | 5,903 | 3, 048 | (34) | 6,930 | 1,637 | 35, 246 | 3, 852 |  |
| 64 | 4 or more | 78,920 | 285, 920 | 16,235 | 7,592 | 1,201 | 9,426 | 1,652 | 56, 488 | 9,036 |  |
| 65 | Total nontaxable returns | 1,531,084 | 1,820,083 | 122,692 | 74, 209 | 29,750 | 171, 038 | 47, 928 | 492, 263 | 701,831 |  |
| 66 | Grand total | 8,828, 927 | 30, 097, 097 | 3, 636, 259 | 700, 232 | 125, 247 | 1,189, 261 | 140, 563 | 4,641, 523 | 944, 716 |  |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 6, 744, 909 | 16, 215, 050 | 350,895 | 199, 244 | 72,839 | 422,519 | 97, 648 | 1,510, 106 | 766, 816 |  |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 2,084, 018 | 13, 882, 052 | 3, 285, 372 | 500,994 | 52, 413 | 766,743 | 42,918 | 3,131, 426 | 177,900 |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 2．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II， comprising adjusted gross income，adjusted gross income，deductions，exemption，tax liability，tax payments，and tax overpayment－Con． PART III．－RETURNS WITH ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS ${ }^{24}$－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.


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［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| 200 under 250 | 285, 734 | 13, 878 | 2,957 | 9,131 | 402 | 49 | 6,929 | 33,347 | 37 |
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| 250 under 300. | 187, 726 | 9,711 | 2, 579 | 5, 437 | 317 | 34 | 6,929 5,606 | 23, 685 | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 229, 273 | 12,730 | 2, 580 | 6,688 | 284 | 16 | 6,401 | 28, 699 | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | 118, 270 | 6,849 | 1,198 | 2, 690 | 87 | 7 | 2, 724 | 13, 554 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 183, 292 | 11, 352 | 2, 295 | 4, 813 | 827 | 5 | 4, 539 | 23, 832 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 90, 180 | 6,395 | -718 | 2,319 | 142 | 9 | 3, 141 | 12, 725 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 100, 759 | 7,668 | 347 | 2,668 | 68 | 1 | 2, 236 | 12, 988 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 2,000 under 3,000 | 48, 530 | 3, 804 | 106 | 1,050 | 6 |  | 1, 068 | 6, 033 | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 3,000 under 4,000 | 52,532 13,279 | 3, 866 | 260 | 1, 286 | 90 |  | 1,071 | 6,572 | 45 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 13, 362 | 1, 280 | 25 7 | 279 | 1 |  | 66 366 | 1,504 | 46 |
| 5,000 or more. | 27, 332 | 4,098 | 211 | 664 | 16 |  | 1, 233 | 6, 222 | 47 48 |
| Total taxable returns | 42, 912, 093 | 1, 756, 240 | 892, 271 | 1,478,586 | 179, 034 | 1, 039, 806 | 1,600, 522 | 6,946, 460 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{5}$ | 8657,847 | 2,651 | 3, 292 | 8,208 | 2, 448 | 3,711 | 10, 843 | 31, 153 | 50 |
| Under 0.5 | 9,406 | 1,015 | 1, 129 | 2, 448 | 2, 334 | 3,310 | 10, 2,122 | 10,357 | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 45, 050 | 3,355 | 1,114 | 4,415 | 207 | 6,911 | 2, 796 | 18, 799 | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1. | 84, 209 | 5, 092 | 2, 402 | 7,015 | 873 | 13, 707 | 4,923 | 34, 014 | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 87, 782 | 4,643 | 3. 086 | 7,529 | 1,176 | 12,942 | 5, 714 | 35, 089 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5. | 165, 645 | 9,078 | 5, 330 | 10,739 | 1,194 | 20,075 | 8, 675 | 55, 088 | 55 |
| 1.75 under 2 | 150, 148 | 7,508 | 5, 5,738 | 10, 023 | 2, 355 | 20,513 | 8, 621 | 54,657 | 56 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 157, 481 | 11,507 | 5,755 | 9,106 12,246 | 4,250 2,736 | 20, 951 | 7,731 | 54,795 | 57 |
| 2.25 under 2.5. | 198, 221 | 9, 278 | 6,712 | 8,971 | 3, 874 | 22, 747 | 13, 14.082 | 73, 923 | 58 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 213, 378 | 9, 464 | 8, 070 | 9, 437 | 5,895 | 19, 693 | 12,797 | 65, 655 | 59 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 260, 772 | 11,039 | 10, 351 | 11, 580 | 4, 042 | 20, 702 | 16, 217 | 73, 933 | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 358, 809 | 15, 997 | 16, 195 | 15, 699 | 7,331 | 29,520 | 27, 729 | 112, 470 | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | 256, 799 | 11, 420 | 11, 744 | 10, 602 | 6,952 | 17,944 | 22, 235 | 80, 895 | 63 |
| 4 or more | 394, 475 | 15, 442 | 20, 989 | 20,974 | 21,320 | 27, 060 | 70, 596 | 176, 391 | 64 |
| Total nontaxable returns | - 1,977, 920 | 124, 491 | 111, 460 | 148, 992 | 64, 983 | 264, 421 | 228, 233 | 942, 581 | 65 |
| Grand total | ${ }^{2} 44,890,013$ | 1,880,731 | 1,003, 731 | 1,627, 578 | 244, 017 | 1,304, 227 | 1,828, 755 | 7, 889, 041 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | ${ }^{9} 18,430,387$ | 888, 757 | 536, 512 | 742, 432 | 157, 673 | 966, 345 | 810,655 | 4, 102, 387 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more | 26, 459, 622 | 991, 976 | 467, 214 | 885, 142 | 86, 351 | 337, 880 | 1, 018, 098 | 3,786, 662 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181: for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52,
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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 Adjusted gross income classes 1



| 150 under 200 | 458, 304 |  | 5,645 | 246, 143 | 17, 296 | 187, 684 | 45,408 | 4,247 |  |
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| 200 under 250 | 252, 387 |  | 2, 2617 | 144, 161 | 7,055 | 115, 191 | 24, 380 | $2,46 \pm$ | 37 |
| ${ }_{300}^{250}$ under | 164, ${ }_{202}$ |  | 1,217 1,196 | - ${ }^{9723,796}$ | - 4,542 | 77,596 100,186 | ${ }_{21,543}^{17,142}$ | 1, 1 , 449 | ${ }_{39}^{38}$ |
| 400 under 500 | 104, 717 |  | 472 | 66, 878 | 1,758 | 57, 461 | 8,733 | ${ }_{1}^{1,074}$ | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 159, 460 |  | 513 | 103, 198 | 2,212 | 86, 897 | 16,059 | 1,970 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 77, 455 |  | 181 | 52,015 | 591 | 43,650 | 8,300 | 526 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 87,71 |  | 131 | 60, 021 | ${ }_{328}^{427}$ | 53, 747 | 6,105 | 278 | ${ }_{44}^{43}$ |
| ${ }_{2,000}^{1,500}$ under | ${ }_{4}^{45,960}$ |  | ${ }_{37}^{41}$ | 31,339 | 111 |  | 1,659 | 449 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 11, 775 |  | 6 | 7,771 | 22 | 7,312 | ${ }_{4} 437$ |  | 46 |
| ${ }_{5}^{4,000}$ under 5,000 | 11, 429 |  |  | 7,356 | 2 | 4, 818 | 2,554 |  | 47 |
| 5,000 or more | 21, 110 |  |  | 15, 287 |  | 14,346 | 941 |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns. | 35, 965, 633 |  | 11,792, 974 | 6,408, 785 | 2, 818,060 | 3,430, 220 | 1,003, 021 | 842, 514 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ |  | 688, 999 | 496, 297 |  | 36 | 87 |  | 46, 223 |  |
|  | 3,479 | 4, 429 | 37, 231 |  |  | 49 |  | 1, 847 | 51 |
| 0.75 under 1. | 51, 336 | 1,641 | 62,613 94,103 |  | 2,, 331 231 | 1,465 |  | 3, ${ }_{3}^{2,81}$ | ${ }_{5}^{52}$ |
| 1 under 1.25 | 54, 452 | 1,759 | 96, 433 |  | 1,812 | 2, 541 |  | 4,355 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 112,900 96,677 | 2,342 <br> 1,186 | 160,666 135,103 |  | 4,130 3,726 | $\stackrel{2}{2,571} 1$ |  | 6,701 | ${ }_{56}^{55}$ |
| 1.75 under 2 | 104, 310 | 1, 1111 | 142, 295 |  | 4,067 | 2,150 |  | 6,217 | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 180, 616 | 1,058 | 218, 975 |  | 7, 150 | 1,897 |  | 9,048 | 58 |
| ${ }_{2} 2.25$ under 2.5 | 133, 581 | 1,024 | 164,822 |  | 5,506 | 1,305 |  | 6,813 | 59 |
| ${ }_{2} 2.5$ under under 3. | ${ }_{187}^{149718}$ | 1, 871 | 176,888 |  | 5,950 | 2, 1838 |  | 88,835 |  |
| 3 under 3.5 | 247, 908 | 1,570 | 281, 419 |  | 10,466 | 3,894 |  | 14, 361 |  |
| 3.5 under 4 | 178, 158 | 2,254 | 198, 818 |  | 6,735 | 2,548 |  | 9, 284 | 63 |
| 4 or more | 229, 456 | 11,369 | 261, 188 |  | 10, 431 | 8,798 |  | 19,219 |  |
| Total nontaxable returns | 1,759,468 | 724,128 | 2,739,649 |  | 77, 104 | 76, 150 |  | 153, 255 | 65 |
| Grand total | 37, 725, 101 | 724, 128 | 14, 532, 623 | 6,408,785 | 2, 895, 164 | 3, 506, 370 | 1,003.021 | 995, 769 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and non- | 15, 052, 144 | 724, 128 | 10,437, 261 | 928, 150 | 1,236, 793 | 198, 088 | 67, 912 | 574, 641 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or | 22, 672,967 |  | 4, 095, 362 | 5,480, 639 | 1,658,372 | 3,308, 288 | 935, 108 | 421, 127 | 63 |

For footnotes, see pp.179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp.44-52.

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| 80 under 90 | 5,733 | 3, 702 | 4,766 | 4,094 | 302 | 1,816 | 341 | 1,127 | 461 | 2,173 | 164 | 33 |
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| 90 under 100 | 4,089 | 2,627 | 3, 454 | 3,015 | 241 | 1,333 | 238 | 768 | 374 | 1,531 | 118 | 34 |
| 100 under 150 | 9,619 | 6,686 | 8,417 | 7,566 | 610 | 3, 362 | 633 | 1,624 | 1,028 | 3,288 | 382 | 35 |
| 150 under 200 | 3,122 | 2, 229 | 2,787 | 2,568 | 246 | 1, 124 | 269 | 511 | 437 | 995 | 157 | 36 |
| 200 under 250 | 1,315 | 942 | 1, 203 | 1,135 | 124 | 497 | 111 | 195 | 212 | 427 | 62 | 37 |
| 250 under 300 | 708 | 525 | 651 | 616 | 53 | 274 | 65 | 109 | 106 | 195 | 41 | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 683 | 500 | 647 | 589 | 63 | 263 | 67 | 96 | 145 | 204 | 52 | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | 269 | 192 | 254 | 241 | 31 | 108 | 35 | 33 | 62 | 65 | 23 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 310 | 235 | 288 | 264 | 20 | 136 | 25 | 35 | 70 | 72 | 30 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 105 | 70 | 99 | 95 | 10 | 47 | 14 | 13 | 30 | 29 | 13 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 87 | 64 | 82 | 79 | 7 | 35 | 15 | 10 | 26 | 19 | 6 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 29 | 18 | 29 | 29 | 2 | 18 | 7 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |  | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 47 |
| 5,000 or more.- | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 3 |  |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns | 36, 411, 248 | 32, 724, 003 | 2, 821, 113 | 3,235,356 | 222, 591 | 2, 225, 484 | 661,326 | 3, 662,386 | 376,310 | 1, 279, 461 | 94,087 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{8}$ | 326,309 | 48, 924 | 21, 596 | 29, 034 | 361,529 | 31,488 | 22,401 | 12,164 | 244, 633 | ${ }^{36} 7,323$ | 41,256 | 50 |
| Under 0.5 | 3, 299, 919 | 2,914, 810 | 42, 591 | 69,383 | 12, 430 | 97,959 | 17,742 | 254, 221 | 42, 357 | 25,648 | 368,905 364,490 | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 1, 781, 338 | 1,381, 559 | 65, 481 | 98, 004 | 21, 802 | 118, 667 | 10,681 | 264, 812 | 22, 527 | 34,613 | 36 4, 490 | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1 | 1,163, 603 | 788, 558 | 69, 925 | 100,783 | 24, 000 | 112, 290 | 11, 573 | 263, 611 | 20, 046 | 30, 574 | ${ }_{36}^{36} 3,458$ | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 1, 402, 108 | 989, 963 | 68,962 | 99, 605 | 26, 221 | 118, 951 | 13, 525 | 331, 473 | 21, 477 | 36,199 | ${ }_{36}^{36} 3,361$ | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 1,156, 984 | 843, 431 | 52, 650 | 75, 669 | 19, 230 | 85, 361 | 11, 866 | 282, 848 | 17, 353 | 30,657 | ${ }_{36}^{36} 3,006$ | 55 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 1,069, 108 | 816, 646 | 33, 180 | 51, 617 | 16,310 | 72, 464 | 36 8,392 | 246, 756 | 14,714 | 31, 540 | ${ }^{36} 36,034$ | 56 57 |
| 1.75 under 2 | 1,269, 056 | 993, 040 | 34, 591 | 51, 674 | 11, 241 | 69,398 | 11, 761 | 284, 258 | 15, 693 | 40,567 | ${ }^{36} 2,816$ | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 782, 705 | 626, 794 | 26, 345 | 34, 470 | 36 6, 521 | 44,747 | -9,126 | 165, 082 | 9, 267 | 24,730 | ${ }^{36} 1,559$ | 58 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | 829, 850 | 685, 924 | 22, 455 | 33, 209 | ${ }^{36} 5,920$ | 47,395 | 368,729 | 157, 681 | 9,621 | 23, 154 | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 361,692 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 779, 680 | 651, 175 | 18, 530 | 26, 288 | 364,030 | 40, 806 | 11,005 | 144, 881 | ${ }^{36} 86,843$ | 22, 650 | ${ }^{36} 1,748$ | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 469, 464 | 398, 304 | 10, 593 | 13,742 | 362,000 | 23, 279 | ${ }_{36}^{36} 5,003$ | 82, 208 | 36 36 36 | 12,205 | $\left.{ }_{36}{ }^{(39}\right)$ | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 766, 295 | 661, 031 | 14,618 | 20, 164 | ${ }^{36} 1,522$ | 43, 108 | 388,623 364522 | 127, 235 | 36 <br>  <br> 36 <br> 36 <br> 3,479 | 19,408 388,929 | $\begin{array}{r} 361,879 \\ 36 \\ 974 \end{array}$ | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | 349,766 214,573 | 302,901 173,532 | 36 8,403 10,889 | 11,620 12,909 | ${ }_{36}{ }^{(39} 1,260$ | 23,559 19,454 | 364,522 364,798 | 59, 982 47,772 | 36 3,202 36 2,832 | 368,929 368,560 | $\begin{array}{r} 36 \\ \text { s6 } 974 \\ \hline 1,009 \end{array}$ | 63 64 |
| 4 or more | 214, 573 | 173, 532 | 10,889 | 12,909 | ${ }^{36} 1,260$ | 19,454 | ${ }^{36} 4,798$ | 47,772 | ${ }^{36} 2,832$ | ${ }^{36} 8,560$ | ${ }^{\text {so }} 1,009$ | 64 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 15, 660, 758 | 12,276, 592 | 500, 809 | 728, 171 | 154, 726 | 948, 926 | 159, 747 | 2, 724, 984 | 444, 164 | 356, 757 | 79,634 | 65 |
| Grand tota | 52,072, 006 | 45,000, 595 | 3, 321, 922 | 3, 963, 527 | 377, 317 | 3, 174, 410 | 821, 073 | 6, 387, 370 | 820,474 | 1, 636, 218 | 173, 721 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 46, 193, 515 | 40,377, 910 | 1,836, 473 | 2, 534, 038 | 306, 347 | 2, 411, 324 | 641, 595 | 5,240, 847 | 708, 583 | 1,010,670 | 133, 351 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 5,878, 491 | 4,622, 685 | 1, 485, 449 | 1,429, 489 | 70,970 | 763, 086 | 179,478 | 1,146, 523 | 111,891 | 625, 548 | 40,370 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp.44-52.
Tarle 3.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes-Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with standard deduction; Part III, returns with itemized deductions: Frequency distributions of returns for each specific source
of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income, for each deduction, for each type of tax payment, and for tax overpayment-Continued PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued


| 100 under 150 | 20 | 2,372 |  | 221 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150 under 200 | 1, 754 | -834 | 42 | 74 | 1,026 | 379 | 1,881 | 9,468 <br> 3,086 | 7,613 2,459 | 1,969 | 35 36 |
| 200 under 250 | 808 | 346 | 11 | 36 | 499 | 175 | 1787 | 1, 304 | 1,013 | 300 | 37 |
| 250 under 300 | 452 | 171 | 11 | 28 | 287 | 95 | 447 | 706 | 1,544 | 161 | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 449 | 172 | 7 | 21 | 282 | 115 | 403 | 681 | 524 | 156 | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | 181 | 66 | 6 | 10 | 117 | 46 | 164 | 269 | 190 | 73 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 218 | 74 | 13 | 11 | 149 | 53 | 188 | 307 | 233 | 75 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 73 | 29 | - 5 | 8 | 56 | 21 | 53 | 105 | 79 | 25 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 50 | 28 | 5 | 7 | 43 | 19 | 43 | 87 | 64 | 23 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 19 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 16 | 3 | 13 | 29 | 20 |  | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 13 | 7 |  |  | 13 | 6 | 15 | 22 | 18 | 4 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |  | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | 47 |
| 5,000 or mor | 4 |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  | 4 | 4 |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns | $\underline{ } 1,364,697$ | 464, 985 | 89, 917 | 63, 141 | 276, 296 | 1, 508, 949 | 31, 769, 937 | 4, 250, 519 | 8,099,095 | 27, 866, 234 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | 29,379 | 20, 100 | ${ }^{36} 3,702$ | 12,945 | ${ }^{36} 2,697$ | 9, 276 | 41,356 | 61,315 |  | 95, 896 |  |
| Under 0.5 | 24, 416 | 14,943 | ${ }^{36} 2,138$ | 36 4,071 | 36 3, 749 | 63, 065 | 2, 767, 259 | 42, 593 |  | 2, 895, 293 | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 24, 766 | -9,696 | ${ }_{36}^{36} 3,931$ | ${ }^{35} 2,256$ | ${ }^{38} 5.920$ | 54, 214 | 1, 183, 422 | 47, 554 |  | 1, 227, 679 | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1 - | 31, 397 | 10,870 | 36 35 35 | 35 3, 36 36 0 | ${ }^{36} 7.042$ | 45, 415 | 1, 563,858 | 55, 647 |  | - 614, 836 | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 under 1.5 | 37,490 30,873 | 13, 204 | 35 30 46 3 | 36 <br> 36 <br> 36 <br> 2. | ${ }^{36} 78,254$ | 56, 414 | 718, 671 | 65, 468 |  | 778, 341 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 30,873 23 23 | 9,665 | ${ }^{30} 36,672$ | ${ }^{36} 2,733$ | ${ }^{36} 6,563$ | 43, 295 | 600, 673 | 55, 290 |  | 650, 629 | 55 |
| 1.75 under 2. | 27,069 | ${ }^{30} 6$ 6, 731 | - $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 36 \\ & 4,730\end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{36}{ }^{36} 1,876$ | 36 36 2,961 | -43, 770 | 781, 779 | 43, 85 |  | 621,592 810 | 56 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 18, 325 | 366, 049 | 36 3, 296 | ${ }_{36} 1,330$ | ${ }^{36} 2,031$ | 23,508 | 438,762 | 33, 251 |  | 468, 152 | 57 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | 20, 145 | ${ }^{36} 5,243$ | ${ }^{36} 3$ 3,090 | ${ }^{36} 1,553$ | ${ }^{36} 2,852$ | 29,021 | 528, 535 | 33, 211 |  | 555, 849 | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.7 | 18,750 | ${ }^{36} 4,970$ | 36 2, 696 | ${ }^{36} 1,300$ | ${ }_{36} 2,173$ | 27, 223 | 517, 873 | 34, 187 |  | 546, 091 | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 9,616 | ${ }^{36} 38,429$ | ${ }^{36} 1,943$ | ${ }^{(38)}$ | ${ }_{38}{ }^{(39)}$ | 11, 657 | 316, 526 | 14,786 |  | 329, 336 | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 16, 491 | ${ }^{38} 4,589$ | ${ }_{36} 361,613$ | ${ }^{36} 1,373$ | ${ }_{36}^{36} 1,685$ | 25, 423 | 559, 490 | 27, 795 |  | 574, 959 | 62 |
| 3.5 und 4 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,361 \\ 397,632 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & \begin{array}{l} 36,949 \\ 36 \\ 36 \end{array}, 315 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 362,494 \\ & 361,632 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (39) \\ & (30) \\ & (39) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 36 \\ 36 & 921 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,654 \\ 36 \\ 6,445 \end{array}$ | $258,268$ <br> 146, 523 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,251 \\ & 12,476 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 268,383 \\ & 156,474 \end{aligned}$ | 63 64 |
| Total nontaxab | 329, 533 | 121, 138 | 46, 215 | 39, 971 | 52,090 | 503, 895 | 9, 975, 674 | 595, 630 |  | 10, 503, 619 | 65 |
| Grand total | 1, 694, 230 | 586, 123 | 136, 132 | 103, 112 | 328, 386 | 2, 012, 844 | 41, 745, 541 | 4, 846, 149 | 8,093, 095 | 38, 369, 853 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross ineome under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 969, 146 | 327, 156 | 102, 646 | 77, 515 | 171, 332 | 1, 756, 522 | 37, 272, 111 | 2, 762, 96 | 5, 698, 550 | 34, 925, 442 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of \$5,000 or more.- | 725, 084 | 258,967 | 33, 486 | 25,597 | 157, 054 | 256, 322 | 4, 473, 430 | 2,084, 053 | 2, 400,545 | 3, 444, 411 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52


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For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 3．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes－Part I，all returns；Part II， ted gross income，for each deduction，for each type of tax payment，and for tax overpayment－Continued
PART II．－RETURNS WITH STANDARD DEDUCTION ${ }^{23}$－Continued

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| 80 under 90 | 5, 206 | 3,452 | 4,469 | 3,847 | 280 | 1,644 | 307 | 920 | 427 | 1,950 | 145 | 33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 90 under 100 | 3,797 | 2, 505 | 3, 293 | 2,868 | 234 | 1, 245 | 228 | 644 | 360 | 1,413 | 109 | 34 |
| 100 under 150 | 9, 140 | 6,434 | 8,127 | 7,315 | 607 | 3, 202 | 611 | 1,464 | 985 | 3,072 | 371 | 35 |
| 150 under 200 | 3, 012 | 2,169 | 2, 724 | 2, 497 | 239 | 1,087 | 262 | 1,471 | 430 | 955 | 153 | 36 |
| 200 under 250 | 1,293 | 920 | 1, 188 | 1, 123 | 124 | - 489 | 110 | 186 | 209 | 419 | 61 | 37 |
| 250 under 300 | 690 | 514 | - 644 | 1, 603 | 53 | 267 | 65 | 102 | 104 | 189 | 41 | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 669 | 492 | 635 | 578 | 63 | 254 | 66 | 88 | 145 | 200 | 52 | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | 267 | 191 | 253 | 240 | 31 | 106 | 35 | 33 | 62 | 65 | 23 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 308 | 234 | 286 | 262 | 20 | 136 | 24 | 34 | 70 | 71 | 30 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000. | 105 | 70 | 99 | 95 | 10 | 47 | 14 | 13 | 30 | 29 | 13 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 85 | 63 | 80 | 78 | 7 | 35 | 15 | 9 | 26 | 18 | 6 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 29 | 18 | 29 | 29 | 2 | 18 | 7 | 4 | 11 | 2 | 6 | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000. | 22 | 20 | 22 | 21 | 3 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 47 |
| 5,000 or more. | 4 | 2 | 4 | 4 |  | 2 | 2 |  | 3 |  |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns. | 7, 297, 843 | 6,343, 812 | 1, 100, 586 | 1, 131, 051 | 94,422 | 823, 214 | 276, 154 | 829,043 | 126, 633 | 376,646 | 35,728 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{8}$ | 326, 309 | 48,924 |  | 29, 034 | ${ }^{86} 1,529$ | 31,488 | 22,401 | 12, 164 | 244, 633 | 367,323 | 41, 256 | 50 |
| Under 0.5 | 29, 807 | 867, 515 | 365,925 | 387,012 | $\left.{ }^{(39}\right)$ | 9,911 | ${ }^{36} 2,370$ | 36 8, 530 | ${ }_{36} 4,286$ | 361,287 | (39) | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 68, 508 | 31, 533 | 10, 944 | 16, 936 | ${ }^{36} 36,102$ | 17, 138 | ${ }^{36} 2,342$ | 15, 548 | ${ }^{36} 2,620$ | ${ }^{36} 1,721$ | (30) | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1 | 97, 308 | 50, 867 | 18, 245 | 20, 396 | ${ }^{86} 3,100$ | 23, 588 | ${ }^{36} 3,363$ | 21, 111 | ${ }^{36} 3,075$ | 383,292 | (39) | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 78, 199 | 36, 124 | 14,976 | 17, 190 | ${ }^{36} 4,211$ | 21, 357 | ${ }^{36} 2,974$ | 23, 498 | ${ }^{36} 2,962$ | ${ }^{36} 1,980$ | (39) | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 119, 684 | 64, 433 | 17,947 | 23, 457 | ${ }^{36} 6,700$ | 25, 348 | ${ }^{36} 3,922$ | 34, 459 | ${ }^{36} 4,083$ | ${ }^{36} 3.684$ | (30) | 55 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 92, 810 | 55, 704 | 11.976 | 15, 778 | ${ }^{36} 6,500$ | 21, 573 | ${ }^{38} 2,974$ | 26, 4.54 | ${ }^{36} 2,531$ | ${ }^{36} 4,114$ | (39) | 56 |
| 1.75 under 2 | 83, 850 | 48,720 | 9,499 | 12, 658 | ${ }^{88} 3,500$ | 16, 018 | ${ }^{36} 3,744$ | 29,579 | 36 2, 370 | ${ }^{36} 4,893$ | (39) | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25 | 119,550 | 86, 244 | 11,871 | 15. 241 | ${ }^{36} 2,001$ | 16, 984 | ${ }^{36} 4,612$ | 29, 912 | ${ }^{36} 3,072$ | 856,526 | (39) | 58 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | 83, 748 | 59, 875 | 867,759 | 9, 835 | 361,910 | 12, 895 | ${ }^{36} 4,022$ | 19, 544 | ${ }^{36} 2,378$ | ${ }^{36} 4,185$ | (30) | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 81, 088 | 58, 824 | ${ }^{36} 7,606$ | 9,263 | ${ }^{36} 1,700$ | 10, 405 | ${ }^{36} 4,194$ | 18, 759 | 362,048 | ${ }^{36} 4,756$ | (39) | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 90, 987 | 72, 300 | 865,784 | ${ }^{36} 6,623$ | ${ }^{36} 1,700$ | 10, 842 | ${ }^{86} 3,051$ | 16, 710 | ${ }^{26} 1,743$ | ${ }^{26} 3,833$ | (39) | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 110, 889 | 91, 044 | ${ }^{36} 6,390$ | ${ }^{36} 8,634$ | ${ }^{36} 802$ | 16,360 | ${ }^{86} 4,277$ | 18,940 | 382,103 | $8{ }^{86} 5,067$ | 36885 | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | 69, 427 | 56, 814 | 36 5, 265 | ${ }^{36} 6,510$ | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)^{30}$ | 9, 206 | ${ }^{36} 2,332$ | 12, 783 | ${ }^{36} 1,347$ | ${ }^{36} 3,594$ | 38832 | 63 |
| 4 or more | 78, 920 | 63, 042 | ${ }^{86} 8,582$ | 9,149 | ${ }^{36} 1,225$ | 10,364 | 363,363 | 14, 881 | 362,370 | 36 4, 636 | 36988 | 64 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 1,531, 084 | 831, 963 | 164, 365 | 207, 716 | 38, 790 | 253, 477 | 69, 941 | 302, 872 | 281, 621 | 60, 891 | 49. 502 | 65 |
| Grand total | 8,828, 927 | 7, 175, 775 | 1, 264, 951 | 1,338, 767 | 133, 212 | 1, 076, 691 | 346, 095 | 1,131,915 | 408, 254 | 437, 537 | 85, 230 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 6,744, 909 | 5, 509, 328 | 587, 349 | 742, 226 | 95, 070 | 756, 396 | 272, 174 | 803, 613 | 355, 794 | 202, 240 | 65, 626 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 2,084, 018 | 1,666, 447 | 677,602 | 596, 541 | 38,142 | 320, 295 | 73, 921 | 328, 302 | 52, 460 | 235, 297 | 19,604 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 3.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns and by adjusted gross income classes-Part I, all returns; Part II, returns with standard deduction; Part III, returns with itemized deductions: Frequency distributions of returns for each specific source PART III.-RETURNS WITH ITEMIZED DEDUCTIONS 21-Continued


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|  $\rightarrow \mathrm{AFF}$ | 即 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \underset{0}{2} \\ & \mathfrak{m} \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { N } \\ \text { N } \\ \text { N } \\ \text { N } \end{array}$ |
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For footnotes，see．pp．179－181；for extent to which data are estlmated，see pp．44－52．


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For footnotes，see pp．173－181；for extent to whịch data are estimated，see pp．44－52．

Table 4.-Individual returns for 1948 by adjusted gross income classes and by
Frequency distri
[Classes in thousands


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income: butions of returns
of dollars]

| Number of returns by size of specific source-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 under 2 | $\underset{\substack{2 \\ \text { under } \\ 2.5}}{ }$ | 2.5 under 3 | $\stackrel{3}{\text { under }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { under } \\ 5}}{ }$ | 5 under 10 | under und 25 | $\underset{\substack{\text { under } \\ 50}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \end{gathered}$ |
| salaries and wages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{80} 3,254$ | ${ }^{38} 2,942$ | ${ }^{30} 2,034$ | ${ }^{30} 2,123$ | ${ }^{36} 1,074$ | ${ }^{30} 1,578$ | (30) | ${ }^{(30)}$ | (39) | ${ }^{(80)}$ |
| ${ }^{36} 1,893$ | ${ }^{38} 1,212$ | ${ }^{30} 101,253$ | 808825 | ${ }_{30}{ }^{(80)}$ | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |
| 9, 26, 295 | 30 $\mathbf{2 0}, 976$ 9,697 | ${ }^{36} 11,057$ | 80 30 30 4,105 | ${ }^{36} 1.034$ | $(39)$ $(39)$ | (30) | 80) |  |  |
| 4, 695, 480 | 35, 250 | 13, 120 | ${ }^{30} 78,639$ | (39) | (ab) | (30) | (30) | ----.. |  |
| 184, 631 | 5, 165,046 | 40, 483 | 17,877 | ${ }^{30} 2,721$ | 30926 | (39) |  |  |  |
| 73, 997 | 208, 623 | 5, 111, 615 | 67,417 | ${ }^{36} 3,968$ | ${ }^{30} 1,905$ | (39) | (3) |  |  |
| 61,718 27,837 | 162,194 33,668 | 282, 489 489 | 8, 007, 288 | 榢 57,030 | 30 7,374 61,349 | $(30)$ $(30)$ | (39) |  |  |
| 17, 695 | 20, 628 | 29, 128 | 80, 176 | 4, 211,939 | 2, 588, 262 | ${ }_{36} 1,077$ | (39) |  |  |
| 10, 274 | 10, 716 | 10, 802 | 25, 040 | 28, 504 | 2, 745, 269 | 4,561 | (39) |  |  |
| 10,338 | 9,953 | 9, 571 | 18,760 | 15,647 | 109, 689 | 364, 249 | 951 | (30) |  |
| 1,880 | 1,960 | 1,628 | 3,374 | 2,440 | 9, 857 | 35, 555 | 45, 242 | 180 |  |
| 503 175 | 467 144 | 411 |  | 663 222 | 2,616 | 6,108 1,692 | 11,345 2,278 | 7, 708 2,779 |  |
| 175 3 1 | 144 4 | 146 3 3 | 259 8 8 | 222 6 | $\begin{array}{r}878 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,692 | 2, 278 | 2,779 | $\begin{array}{r}1,384 \\ \\ 54 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1 |  | 3 | 2 | 3 | 13 | 13 | 27 | 19 | 14 |
| 5, 125, 590 | 5, 605, 480 | 5, 556, 945 | 8, 533, 040 | 4, 414, 707 | 3, 531, 322 | 414, 378 | 60, 041 | 10,756 | 1, 486 |

with dividends ${ }^{37}$

| (80) | ${ }^{(39)}$ | (30) | $\left.{ }^{30}\right)$ | (39) | (39) | (39) | (30) | (89) | (30) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (39) | (39) | (39) |  | (39) | ${ }^{(39)}$ |  | (30) |  |  |
| ${ }^{(35)}$ | (39) | (39) |  | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{86} 2,401$ | ${ }^{28} 931$ |  | (39) | (39) | (39) | (30) |  |  |  |
| 13,881 9,073 | ${ }_{30} 361,112$ | ${ }_{30}{ }_{0}^{(39)} 1$ | (39) | (30) | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |
| 36 4, 773 | 306 6,740 | 30 4, 940 | (39) | (39) | (39) | (30) | (30) |  |  |
| 9,643 | ${ }^{36} 6,563$ | ${ }^{36} 5$ 5, 854 | ${ }^{30} 7,702$ | ${ }^{30} 1,910$ | 36844 | (30) | (89) |  |  |
| 30 8, 302 | ${ }^{36} 4,949$ | ${ }^{30} 4,306$ | ${ }^{36} 7,189$ | ${ }^{86} 5,707$ | ${ }^{36} 1,738$ | (39) | (39) | (30) | (30) |
| 13, 400 | 9, 653 | ${ }^{86} 7,127$ | 10, 074 | ${ }^{36} 7,334$ | 9, 440 | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)$ | (39) |  |  |
| 13,455 | 10, 104 | 7,115 | 9,913 | 6,467 | 16, 647 | 38313 |  |  |  |
| 24, 871 | 18, 886 | 14, 459 | 21, 431 | 15, 575 | 41,061 | 23,785 | 36154 | (30) |  |
| 6, 233 | 5, 237 | 4, 364 | 7, 279 | 5,755 | 18,958 | 22, 352 | 6, 506 | 52 | 3 |
| 1,474 | 1, 198 | 1,057 | 1, 684 | 1,400 | 5,422 | 9,515 | 7,723 | 3,121 | 20 |
| 267 | 221 | 212 | 350 | 284 | 1,054 | 1,926 | 2,194 | 3,151 | 2, 610 |
| 2 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 18 | 22 | 35 | 38 | 225 |
| 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 9 | 10 | 7 | 110 |
| 109, 046 | 73, 989 | 51,084 | 68. 101 | 45, 234 | 96, 762 | 59, 251 | 16, 774 | 6,416 | 2,973 |

with interest ${ }^{\mathbf{3} 7}$


Table 4.-Individual returns for 1948 by adjusted gross income classes and by Frequency distributions
[Classes in thousands


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income:
of returns-Continued
of dollars!
Number of returns by size of specific source-Continued

| 1.5 <br> under <br> 2 | 2 <br> under <br> 2.5 | 2.5 <br> under <br> 3 | 3 <br> under <br> 4 | 4 <br> under <br> 5 | 5 <br> under <br> 10 | 10 <br> under <br> 25 | 25 <br> under <br> 50 | 50 <br> under <br> 100 | 100 <br> or <br> more |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

annuities and pensions

rents and royalties profit

| ${ }^{36} 1,322$ | (39) | (39) | (39) | (3) | (3) | (30) | (39) | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)$ | (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (39) | (30) | (39) | (30) | (39) | (30) | (39) |  |  |  |
| (39) | (30) | (30) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{36} 887$ | (39) | (3) | (30) | (39) | $\left.{ }^{(39}\right)$ | (39) |  |  |  |
| 30, 759 | ${ }^{36} 1,525$ | (39) | (39) | (39) | ${ }^{39}$ ) | (39) |  |  |  |
| 11, 604 | 19,132 | (39) | (39) | (39) | ${ }^{(39)}$ | (39) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{86} 7,320$ | ${ }^{36} 50,565$ | 10.284 | (30) | $\left.{ }_{38}{ }^{(39}\right)$ | (30) | (39) | (39) |  |  |
| 12, 473 | ${ }^{36} 88,066$ | ${ }^{36} 6,084$ | 15.702 | ${ }^{36} 1,077$ | ${ }^{(30)}$ | (30) |  |  |  |
| 9. 368 | ${ }^{36} 5,243$ | ${ }^{36} 3,4.57$ | ${ }^{36} 6,400$ | ${ }^{36} 6,802$ | ${ }^{36} 1,220$ | (38) | (39) | ${ }^{(32)}$ |  |
| 11,861 | ${ }^{36} 8,590$ | ${ }^{36} 5,107$ | ${ }^{36} 7,023$ | ${ }^{38} 6,101$ | 9,574 | (39) |  |  |  |
| 9, 218 | 5, 952 | 4, 522 | 5, 610 | 3, 573 | 10, 014 | ${ }^{36} 226$ | (39) | (30) |  |
| 11,783 | 8, 678 | 6.658 | 10, 012 | 6, 744 | 16,629 | 10,247 | ${ }^{36} 96$ |  |  |
| 2,937 | 2, 417 | 1,915 | 2, 950 | 2, 179 | 5,564 | 4,683 | 1,666 | 35 | 1 |
| 939 | 740 | 1,540 | 882 | 794 | 2, 045 | 1,862 | 958 | 457 | 4 |
| 253 | 214 | 190 | 291 | 244 | 640 | 722 | 393 | 270 | 206 |
| 8 | 8 |  | 5 6 | 4 | 18 | 15 8 | 11 5 | 8 3 | 27 9 |
| 111, 707 | 68,328 | 40, 570 | 51, 478 | 28, 754 | 47, 792 | 18, 296 | 3,160 | 776 | 248 |

rents and royalties loss

| ${ }^{36} 1,164$ | 88932 | (39) | (39) | (38) | (30) | (39) | (3) | ${ }^{(30)}$ | ${ }^{(39)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{36} 5.443^{*}$ | 36 1,753 | ${ }^{36} 1,263$ | (39) | (39) | (39) | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)$ | (39) |  |  |
| ${ }^{86} 472$ | ${ }^{186} 262$ | ${ }^{36} 120$ | ${ }^{36} 191$ | ${ }^{38} 111$ | ${ }^{36} 141$ | (39) |  |  |  |
| 845 | 590 | ${ }^{86} 322$ | ${ }^{38} 428$ | ${ }^{38} 183$ | ${ }^{36} 228$ | ${ }^{36} 92$ | (39) | (39) |  |
| 578 | 343 | 262 | 298 | 198 | 323 | 162 | 40 | 30 | 5 |
| 8, 502 | 3, 880 | 2,187 | 2, 251 | 1,363 | 1,871 | 757 | 57 | 36 | 8 |

Table 4.-Individual returns for 1948 by adjusted gross income classes and by Frequency distributions
[Classes in thousands


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income: of returns-Continued
of dollars]


Table 4.-Individual returns for 1948 by adjusted gross income classes and by' Frequency distributions
[Classes in thousands.


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income: of returns-Continued
of dollars]

| Number of returns by size of specific source-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.5 under 2 | $\xrightarrow{\text { under }}$ | 2.5 under 3 | $\stackrel{3}{\text { under }}$ | 4 under 5 | 5 under 10 | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { under } \\ 25 \end{gathered}$ | 25 under 50 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ |
| net gain from sales of capital assets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{30} 947$ | 861,376 | ${ }^{80} 1,023$ | ${ }^{88} 997$ | 36850 | 36948 | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) |
| (30) | (39) | (39) | ${ }^{30}$ ) | (39) | $(39)$ | ${ }^{(39)}$ |  |  |  |
| 262,047 | (39) | (30) | (39) | (39) | ${ }^{30}$ ) | (30) |  |  |  |
| 361,791 | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (30) | (39) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{26} 6,227$ | ${ }^{38} 1,265$ | (39) | (30) | (30) | (30) | (39) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{36} 8,861$ | 36 5, 165 | ${ }^{36} 871$ | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |
| 36 6, 999 | ${ }^{36} 4,794$ | ${ }^{30} 2,568$ | 38801 | (30) | (39) | (30) |  |  |  |
| 12, 196 | 36 7, 948 | ${ }^{36} 5,085$ | ${ }^{36} 5,205$ | ${ }^{36} 1,036$ | ${ }^{86} 1,167$ | $(39)$ |  |  |  |
| 11, 803 | ${ }^{86} 6,113$ | ${ }^{36} 5,842$ | ${ }^{36} 6,208$ | ${ }^{36} 2,368$ | 36 <br> 892 <br> 3898 | (39) | (30) | (39) | (30) |
| 20,652 | 13, 823 | ${ }^{26} 8,146$ | 36 7, 436 | ${ }^{36} 4,480$ | ${ }^{38} 3,915$ | (30) |  |  |  |
| 12, 303 | 9,790 | 7,614 | 9,666 | 5,304 | 8,828 | 38450 | (39) | (30) |  |
| 13, 002 | 10,659 | 8,556 | 12,628 | 8,508 | 18, 470 | 7,307 | 38135 | (38) |  |
| 3,517 | 2,846 | 2,319 | 3,328 | 2,560 | 6,235 | 5,422 | 1,449 | 37 | 6 |
| 1,148 | 931 | 815 | 1,233 | 946 | 2,581 | 2,839 | 1,722 | 732 | 23 |
| 336 | 264 | 236 | 369 | 336 | 960 | 1,197 | 817 | 907 | 980 |
| 2 | 1 | 2 2 | 5 2 | 8 | 8 8 | 32 | 20 2 | 24 | 155 62 |
| 1102, 575 | 65,881 | 44,731 | 49, 584 | 26,985 | 45, 536 | 18, 115 | 4,285 | 1,729 | 1,229 |

net loss from sales of capital assets

net gain from sales of other assets

| (39) | (30) | (30) | (39) | (38) | (30) | (39) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (39) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (39) | (30) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) |  |  | -------- | ------- |
| ${ }^{(30)}$ |  |  |  | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |  |
| [36 1,023 | (39) | (39) |  | $\left({ }^{38}\right)$ | (39) |  |  |  |  |
| - (a9) | (39) | (39) |  |  | (30) |  |  |  |  |
| (39) | ${ }^{36} 1,020$ | (39) | (39) |  | (30) |  |  |  |  |
| \| 30934 | (38) | 36800 | (30) | (39) | (30) |  |  |  |  |
| (30) | (30) | (30) | (30) | (39) | (30) | (30) |  |  |  |
| (30) | (39) | (30) | (39) | (39) | (30) |  |  |  |  |
| 138482 | ${ }^{36} 362$ | ${ }^{36} 282$ | 36291 | ${ }^{36} 121$ | ${ }^{36} 340$ | (30) |  |  |  |
| [ 88446 | 36339 | ${ }^{38} 293$ | 36331 | 80243 | 721 | 38282 | (30) |  |  |
| 91 | 62 | 45 | 67 | 53 | 127 | 111 | 27 |  | 1 |
|  | 16 | 13 | 22 | 13 | 29 | 28 | 21 | 5 |  |
| 11 | 5 | 1 | 5 | 2 | 15 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 2 |
|  |  | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,650 | 4,232 | 2,969 | 2,050 | 1, 220 | 2,252 | 452 | 57 | 9 | 4 |

net loss from sales of other assets

| 30825 | (39) | ${ }^{\text {sc }} 914$ | ${ }^{36} 1,565$ | $\left({ }^{39}\right)$ | ${ }^{36} 1,229$ | (39) | (39) | (39) | (30) | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{36} 2,418$ | ${ }^{36} 1,377$ | (39) | 36886 | (39) | ${ }^{38} 935$ | (30) | (39) | -- | (3) | 20 |
| $3{ }^{3} 242$ | 38210 | ${ }^{36} 81$ | ${ }^{36} 162$ | ${ }^{36} 82$ | ${ }^{36} 110$ |  | (39) |  |  | 21 |
| 36 369 | ${ }^{36} 148$ | ${ }^{36} 190$ | ${ }^{36} 199$ | ${ }^{86} 143$ | ${ }^{36} 245$ | 384 | (39) |  |  | 22 |
| 205 | 138 | 122 | 144 | 117 | 253 | 124 | 41 | 15 | 4 | 23 |
| 4, 059 | 2,257 | 2,092 | 2, 956 | 1,693 | 2,772 | 1,200 | 306 | 240 | 27 | 24 |

Table 4.-Individual returns for 1948 by adjusted gross income classes and by Frequency distributions
[Classes in thousands.


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
size of each specific source of income or loss comprising adjusted gross income: of returns-Continued
of dollars]

| Number of returns by size of specific source-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{1}{1.5}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{2.5 \\ \text { under } \\ 3}}$ | 3 under 4 |  | $\stackrel{5}{\text { under }_{10}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { under } \\ 25 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25 \\ \text { under } \\ 50 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | 100 or more |
| from estates and trusts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (30) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (89) | ----- |
| (30) | (39) | (39) | (3) | (8) |  |  |  |  |  |
| s0 ${ }^{(39)}$ |  |  |  |  | (39) |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{86} 2,020$ | ${ }_{36}^{36} 3,812$ | ${ }^{(38)}$ |  | (a) |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{88} 1,241$ | ${ }^{30} 1,301$ | ${ }^{30} 1,600$ | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{86} 2,040$ | ${ }^{36} 1,031$ | ${ }^{31} 1.411$ | ${ }^{80} 3,611$ | (38) | (30) | (39) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{88} 1,341$ | ${ }^{361} 1,356$ | ${ }^{38} 11,020$ | ${ }^{38} 2,040$ | ${ }^{36} 2,842$ | (30) | (30) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (30) | (30) |
| ${ }^{86} 2,084$ | ${ }^{36} 2,221$ | ${ }^{36} 2,261$ | ${ }^{36} 3,550$ | ${ }^{38} 2,023$ | ${ }^{36} 5,331$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2,017 | 1. 941 | 1,442 | 1, 874 | 1,543 | 6, 578 | 86101 |  |  |  |
| 2,936 | 2, 623 | 2, 058 | 3,773 | 2,422 | 9,456 | 9,300 | ${ }^{30} 62$ |  |  |
| 931 | 818 | 667 | 1, 056 | 902 | 2, 895 | 4,592 | 2,795 | 27 | 1 |
| 284 | 255 | 229 | 386 | 329 | 1,219 | 1,633 | 1,514 | 1,128 | 11 |
| 127 | 118 |  | 166 | 140 | 461 | 850 | 709 | 810 | 871 |
| 20, 829 | 15,935 | 11, 092 | 16, 880 | 10,639 | 27, 307 | 16, 723 | 5,135 | 2,100 | 1,033 |

miscellaneous income ${ }^{88}$

| (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (39) | ${ }^{(39)}$ | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)$ | (39) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (30) | (30) |  | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |  |  |
| (30) 30 823 | (39) | (39) | (39) (39) | (39) |  | (39) |  |  |  |
| 9,485 | (39) | (39) | (39) | (30) | (39) | (5) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{36} 5,011$ | ${ }^{36} 6,563$ | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{30} 3,678$ | ${ }^{36} 1,933$ | 304,051 | (39) | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |  |
| 867.739 | ${ }^{36} 2,654$ | ${ }^{36} 2,081$ | ${ }^{36} 3,764$ | (39) | (39) | (39) |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{36} 3,989$ | ${ }^{88} 1,294$ | ${ }^{36} 1,492$ | ${ }^{36} 1,347$ | 301,622 | ${ }^{(39)}$ | (39) | (39) | (39) |  |
| ${ }^{16} 4,229$ | 30 2.561 | ${ }^{36} 1,870$ | ${ }^{38} 1,685$ | ${ }^{(36)}$ | ${ }^{36} 2,013$ |  |  |  |  |
| 2, 532 | 1,596 | 1,117 | 1, 576 | 1,053 | 1, 841 | ${ }^{(39)}$ |  |  |  |
| 2,920 | 2,129 | 1,487 | 2, 025 | 1,047 | 2, 705 | 1,376 | (39) |  |  |
| 933 | 598 | 467 | 598 | 386 | 1,112 | 610 | 283 | 2 |  |
| 338 | 200 | 129 | 270 | 162 | 361 | 266 | 86 | 43 | 2 |
| 103 |  | 41 | 83 | 40 | 109 | 82 | 25 | 19 | 13 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 3 | $\begin{gathered} 5 \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | 1 |  | - |
| 42, 122 | 20, 266 | 13, 538 | 12, 308 | 5,736 | 8, 701 | 2, 629 | 412 | 66 | 16 |

Table 5.-Individual returns for 1948 with itemized deductions, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 5.-Individual returns for 1948 with itemized deductions, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by


| 38 | 250 under 300. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 <br> 39 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | 300 under 400. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | 400 under 500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns. | 450,418 | 502, 978 | 550,450 | 522,866 | 915, 412 | 692, 641 | 495, 055 | 364, 516 | 402, 034 | 49 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55 |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 .-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 57 |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25 | 30 3,947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58 |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 9,586 | 364,033 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 18,515 | 20, 077 | ${ }^{30} 1,707$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60 |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | 19, 157 | 40, 707 | 803,403 | 301,636 |  |  |  |  |  | 61 |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | 13, 559 | -31,723 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62 |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 or more. | 384,524 36 3,852 | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 36 \\ 86 \\ 6,202 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 387 38 28 2,082 | $\begin{array}{r} 29,282 \\ 9,829 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 368,859 \\ 14,580 \end{array}$ | 38 11,615 11 | 7, 269 | 4,614 | 1,774 | 63 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65 | Total nontaxable returns | 73, 140 | 111, 100 | 27,718 | 64, 826 | 26,007 | 13,466 | ${ }^{36} 7,269$ | ${ }^{36} 4,614$ | ${ }^{16} 1,774$ | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 523, 558 | 614, 078 | 578, 168 | 587, 692 | 941, 419 | 706, 107 | 502, 324 | 369, 130 | 403, 808 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 522, 144 | 610, 522 | 573, 224 | 581,698 | 913, 757 | 624, 660 | 226, 094 | 10,288 | ${ }^{36} 1,774$ |  |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | ${ }^{26} 1,414$ | ${ }^{30} 3,556$ | ${ }^{28} 4,944$ | 265,994 | 27,662 | 81,447 | 276, 230 | 358,842 | 402,034 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Table 5.-Individual returns for 1948 with itemized deductions, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by




| 40 | 400 under 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 41 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 |  | --1.-.....-- | ------------ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 46 | 3,000 under $3,000$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - 45 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns | 97, 201 | 61, 139 | 40, 573 | 47, 874 | 25, 996 | 15, 156 | 9, 785 | 6, 198 | 4,347 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns:33 No adjusted gross income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 51 | No adjusted gross income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 |  |  | ---------- |  | --......... | -..-----...- | -------... |  |  | 55 |
| 56 <br> 57 | 1.5 under 1.75 under $2 . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56 |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58 |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 |  | ---------- | --------.- | ---------- | ----------- |  |  |  |  | 60 |
| 61 62 | 2.75 under 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 61 |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 |
| 64 | 4 or more. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| 65 | Total nontaxable returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 97, 201 | 61,139 | 40, 573 | 47, 874 | 25, 996 | 15, 156 | 9,785 | 6.198 | 4,347 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxal le returns. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| 68 | Taxal le returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 97, 201 | 61, 139 | 40,573 | 47, 874 | 25, 996 | 15, 156 | 9, 785 | 6,198 | 4,347 | 68 |

[^9]Table 5.-Individual returns for 1948 with itemized deductions, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by
[Income classes in thousands of dollars]


| 250 under 300 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 under 400 |  | 6 | 10 | ${ }_{53}$ | ${ }_{246}^{241}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{39}^{38}$ |
| 400 under 500 |  |  |  |  | 6 | 136 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 750 under 1,000- |  |  |  |  |  | 24 1 | 101 1 | 180 48 |  |  | ${ }_{42}^{41}$ |
| 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 39 |  | ${ }_{43}^{42}$ |
| ${ }_{2}^{1,5000}$ under 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{22}$ | ${ }_{46}^{45}$ |
| ${ }_{5}^{4,000}$ under 5 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 47 |
| 5,000 or more---- |  |  |  |  |  | ---. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns | 3,276 | 7,491 | 2,403 | 966 | 524 | 514 | 224 | 228 | 93 | 108 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ <br> No adjusted gross income ${ }^{8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 <br> No adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{0}^{0.5} \mathbf{7}$ under 0.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52 |
| ${ }^{0.75}$ under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 53 |
| 1.25 under 1.5. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54 |
| ${ }_{1} 1.55$ under 1.75 under 2. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56 |
| 2 under 2.25 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 58 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 59 |
| 2.75 under 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 60 |
| $3{ }^{3}$ under 3.5- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62 |
| ${ }_{4}^{3.5}$ or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 |
| 4 or more. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64 |
| Total nontaxable return |  | ------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
| Grand total | 3,276 | 7,491 | 2,403 | 966 | 524 | 514 | 224 | 228 | 93 | 108 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under \$5,000 and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more....- | 3, 276 | 7, 491 | 2,403 | 966 | 524 | 514 | 224 | 228 | 93 | 108 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

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| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |


|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \stackrel{\infty}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  | （1） | 䀎 |
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For footnotes，see pp．179－181；for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．44－52．

|  | Returns with normal tax and surtax ${ }^{42}$ |  <br>  |
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For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 7.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by returns with a tax overpayment


| 200 under 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 350 under 300 | $\begin{gathered} 708 \\ 6 \times 2 \end{gathered}$ | 8 <br> 8 <br> 8 | $\left.\begin{gathered} 144 \\ 81 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $828$ | $25.5$ | ${ }_{11}^{23}$ | ${ }_{504}^{233}$ | ${ }_{39}^{38}$ |
| 400 under 500 | 269 | 6 | 6 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,490 \\ 2,498 \end{array}$ | 1,232 | 1 | 1,231 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 310 | 2 | 4 | 1,338 | 079 | 1 |  | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 105 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 660 | 42 |
| ${ }_{1}^{1,500}$ under 2,000 | ${ }_{29}$ | 1 | $20^{-9}$ | $1,73{ }^{-1} 0^{-}$ | 944 | (is) | 944 | 4 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 5, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns | 36,411, 248 | 445, 019 | 1,145, 718 | 1, 524, 959 | 166, 363 | 106, 626 | 59,736 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns. ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross | 326, 309 | 230, 413 | 6,420 | ${ }^{392,721}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 1,781, 338 | 553, 659 | 114, 007 | 347, 113 |  |  |  | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1 | 1,163, 603 | 548, 767 | 175, 281 | 481, 603 |  |  |  | 53 |
| 1.25 under 1.25 .5 | 1, 402, 108 | 623, 767 | 268, 496 | 701, 983 |  |  |  | 54 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 1, $11.156,1084$ | 年 | ${ }_{335,852}^{291,947}$ | ${ }_{7}^{688,877}$ |  |  |  | 55 |
| 1.75 under 2 | 1, 269, 056 | 458, 947 | 384, 499 | 881,316 |  |  |  | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25. | 782, 705 | 314, 553 | 356, 419 | 667, 682 |  |  |  | 58 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | 779, 680 | 233, 589 | - 321,924 | 649,876 610,118 |  |  |  | ${ }^{59}$ |
| 2.75 under 3 | 469, 464 | 140, 128 | 210, 174 | 401, 988 |  |  |  | 61 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 766.295 | 191, 336 | 300,702 | 614, 844 |  |  |  | 62 |
| 4 or more.-- | 349,766 214,573 |  | 136, 606 | 304, 144 279, 684 |  |  |  |  |
| Total nontaxable returns | 15,660,758 | 5,157, 139 | 3, 344, 837 | - 7,082, 849 |  |  |  | 65 |
| Grand total | 52,072,006 | 5, 603, 058 | 4,400, 555 | - 8, 607, 808 | 166, 363 | 106, 626 | 59, 736 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross ineome under $\$ 5,000$ | 46, 193, 515 | 8, 569, 523 | 4,354, 455 | - 8, 257, 272 | 104, 074 | 90, 244 | 13,831 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 5, 878, 491 | 33, 535 | 136, 100 | 350, 336 | 62, 289 | 16,382 | 45,805 | 68 |

Table 7.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by returns with a tax overpayment or returns with tax due, and by types of tax payment: Number of returns, applicable items of income, tax liability, tax withheld, payments
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 32 | 70 under 80 | 1,766 | 47,021 | 6,426 | 46,343 | 334 | 1,426 | 1,432 | 4,324 | 32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | 80 under 90 | 1,182 | 36,968 | 4, 628 | 36,504 | 219 | 1,096 | 963 | 3,067 | 33 |
| 34 | 90 under 100 | , 871 | 31, 922 | 3, 532 | 31, 859 | 153 | 1,736 | 718 | 2,732 | 3 |
| 35 | 100 under 150 | 1,969 | 98,022 | 8,407 | 99, 161 | 286 | 1,751 | 1,683 | 7,796 | 35 |
| 36 | 150 under 200 | 649 | 51,515 | 3, 437 | 52, 358 | 90 | 727 | 1559 | 3, 554 | 36 |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 300 | 32,137 | 1,391 | 33, 253 | 42 | 533 | 258 | 1,975 | 37 |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 161 | 22, 210 | 889 | 22, 828 | 22 | 341 | 139 | 1,167 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400 | 156 | 27,756 | 898 | 29,307 | 28 | 653 | 128 | 1,796 | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 73 | 17,856 | 536 | 18, 393 | 10 | 115 | 63 | 959 | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 75 | 24,891 | 319 | 26,542 | 11 | 246 | 64 | 1,726 | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 25 | 11, 558 | 103 | 11,982 | 4 | 39 | 21 | - 487 | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 23 | 16,144 | 151 | 16,319 | 1 | 8 | 22 | 319 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 8 | 6, 914 | 5 | 7,324 | 4 | 279 | 4 | 136 | 44 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 4 | 6,720 | 8 | 7,160 |  |  | 4 | 449 | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 <br> 5,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns with overpayment | 27, 866, 234 | 8, 033, 074 | 8, 037, 486 | 2, 093, 737 | 26, 746, 363 | 1,681, 153 | 1,119, 871 | 416,999 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income ${ }^{8}$ - | 95,896 |  | 6,136 | 40,087 | 68,859 | 16,626 | 27, 037 | 29,598 | 50 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | 2, 805, 293 |  | 59, 113 | 8,476 | 2, 790, 131 | 62, 014 | 15, 162 | 5, 577 | 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 1, 227, 679 |  | 48,165 | 6, 273 | 1, 217, 362 | 50, 769 | 10,317 | 3, 670 | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1 - | 614,836 |  | 22, 313 | 7,061 | 601, 436 | 25, 939 | 13, 400 | 3,435 | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | 778, 341 |  | 35, 054 | 8,127 | 762,614 | 39,367 | 15,727 | 3, 813 | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 650, 629 |  | 29, 591 | 6,744 | 638, 882 | 33, 419 | 11,747 | 2,916 | 55 |
| 56 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 621, 592 |  | 29,536 | 5,229 | 610,141 | 32,611 | 11,451 | 2,153 | 56 |
| 57 | 1.75 under 2 | 810,109 |  | 44, 322 | 6. 858 | 793, 415 | 47,998 | 16,694 | 3,182 |  |
| 58 | 2 under 2.25 | 468, 152 |  | 24,751 | 4,986 | 457, 080 | 27,079 | 11,072 | 2,657 | 58 |
| 59 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 555, 849 |  | 30,249 | 4, 269 | 546, 882 | 32, 822 | 36 8,967 | 1,696 | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 546, 091 |  | 32,782 | 6, 133 | 534, 152 | 35, 314 | 11, 939 | 3,598 | 60 |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | 329, 336 |  | 18, 446 | 2,772 | 323, 537 | 19, 541 | ${ }^{36} 5,799$ | 1,676 | 61 |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | 574, 959 |  | 36, 166 | 6, 510 | 563, 451 | 38,653 | 11,508 | 4, 024 | 6 |
| 63 | 3.5 under 4 | 268, 383 |  | 20, 313 | 3,429 | 263, 544 | 21,152 | 804,839 | 2,588 | 63 |
| 64 | 4 or | 156, 474 |  | 17, 251 | 9,314 | 150, 275 | 19,444 | ${ }^{36} 6,199$ | 7,117 |  |
| 65 | Total nontaxable returns with overpaym | 10, 503, 619 |  | 454, 187 | 126, 256 | 10,321, 761 | 502, 748 | 181, 858 | 77,700 |  |
| 66 | Grand total | 38, 369, 853 | 8, 033, 074 | 8,491, 673 | 2, 219, 993 | 37, 068, 124 | 2, 183, 901 | 1,301, 729 | 494, 699 |  |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 34, 925, 442 | 4, 613, 211 | 6,142, 810 | 435, 942 | 34, 136, 940 | 1,778, 670 | 788, 502 | 186, 864 |  |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of \$5,000 or more. | 3, 444, 411 | 3, 419, 863 | 2, 348,864 | 1,784, 063 | 2, 931, 184 | 405, 231 | 513, 227 | 307, 835 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
TABLE 7.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by returns with a tax overpayment or returns with tax due, and by types of tax payment: Number of returns, applicable items of income, tax liability, tax withheld, payments on declaration, tax due at time of filing, refund, and credit on 1949 tax-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 7.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by returns with a tax overpayment or returns with tax due, and by types of tax payment: Number of returns, applicable items of income, tax liability, tax withheld, payments on declaration, tax due at time of fling, refund, and credit on 1949 tax-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 70 under 80 | 1,001 | 36,116 | 74, 831 | ${ }^{25,994}$ | 6,027 | 22,889 | 203 | 812 | ${ }^{98}$ | ${ }^{2,112}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 under 90 | 692 | 26,506 | 58, ${ }^{586}$ | ${ }_{17}^{21,225}$ | ${ }_{3}^{4,395}$ | 19,102 | 14 87 | 年 669 | 59 | 1,603 1,306 | 34 |
| 100 under 150 | 1,067 | 50, 275 | 128, 023 | 52,574 | 8,155 | 49, 242 | 166 | 900 | 901 | 3,923 | 35 |
| 150 under 200 | 361 | 20,470 | 61,270 |  | 3,437 | 26, 378 | 57 | 514 | 304 | 1,492 | 36 |
| 200 under 250 | 165 | 8,975 | 36, 437 | 17, 216 | 1,391 | 17, 269 | 27 | 367 | 138 | 1,077 | ${ }^{37}$ |
| 250 under 300 | 78 | 3,847 | 27, 108 | 13, ${ }^{1712}$ | 898 | 13, 693 | $1{ }^{10}$ | 124 | 68 | 1,011 | 39 |
| 300 under 400 | 88 | $\stackrel{4}{3}, 309$ | 21, 204 | 11,443 | 536 | 11,600 | 6 | 36 | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | 657 | 40 |
| 500 under | 40 | ${ }_{2,116}$ | 23,939 | 12,291 | 319 | 12,812 | 7 | 202 | $\begin{aligned} & 73 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | 639 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 15 |  | 13,126 | 6,835 | 103 | 6,939 | 2 | 10 | 13 | 96 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 10 | 955 | 12,386 | 6,858 | 151 | 6,842 | 1 | 8 | 9 | 128 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  | 5,102 | 2,591 | 5 | 2,799 | 2 | 209 | 1 |  | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 |  | 92 | 7,508 |  |  | 5,581 |  |  |  | 412 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{5}$, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total taxable returns with overpayment | 862, 546 | 4, 915, 196 | 6, 946, 291 | 1,123, 537 | 605, 553 | 753, 994 | 494,725 | 105, 480 | 367, 821 | 130, 527 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: 38 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gro |  | $\begin{array}{r}13,005 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}21,327 \\ 1,314 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 4, 1,203 <br> 18 | ${ }_{36}{ }_{3}{ }^{4}, 42822$ |  | ${ }_{30}{ }^{28} 2,277$ | ${ }_{950} 698$ |  |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | ${ }^{38}{ }^{3}, 297$ | 2,275 | 2,021 |  | 193 | ${ }^{1} 271$ | ${ }^{\text {893 }}$, 033 | 388 | (4i) | (4) |  |
| 0.75 under 1 | ${ }^{35} 4,669$ | 4,435 | 4,186 |  | 350 | 728 | ${ }^{\text {a }} 3$ 3,697 | 683 | ${ }^{26} 972$ |  | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | ${ }^{38} 5,798$ | 4,985 | 6,564 |  | 349 | 702 | ${ }^{38} 4,871$ | 616 | ${ }^{36} 927$ | 36 | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 |  | - ${ }^{5,613}$ | 7,265 |  | ${ }^{374}$ | ${ }_{378}^{720}$ |  | 6199 | (4i) |  |  |
| 1.5 under 1.75 |  | ${ }_{9} 98181$ | 14,314 |  | 493 | 638 | ${ }_{30} 6,639$ | 825 | ${ }_{30} 978$ |  | ${ }_{5}^{56}$ |
| ${ }_{2} 1.75$ under 2.25 | ${ }_{30}{ }^{36}$, 861 | 5, 545 | 8,196 |  | 252 | 835 | ${ }^{36} 2,808$ | 420 |  |  | 58 |
| 2.25 under 2.5 | ${ }^{38} 5,897$ | 9,519 | 13,979 |  | 388 | 534 | ${ }^{38} 5,224$ | 627 | (4i) | (11) | 59 |
| 2.5 under 2.7 | ${ }^{28} 5,969$ | 9,444 | 15, 507 |  | 481 | 476 | ${ }^{36} 5,326$ | 784 |  | (I) | 60 |
| 2.75 under 3 | ${ }^{30} 1,976$ | 2,947 | 5,714 |  | 91 | 185 | ${ }^{36} 1,404$ | 220 | (11) | (4) |  |
| 3 under 3.5 . | ${ }^{28} 3,326$ | 7, 237 | 10,776 |  | 450 | 421 | ${ }^{38} 2,881$ | 620 | (4i) | (4i) | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | ${ }^{38} 2,136$ | 5,460 | 7,931 |  | 265 | 381 | ${ }^{20} 1,485$ | 181 | (4i) |  | 析 |
| 4 or more | ${ }^{38} 2,525$ | 10, 252 | 15, 048 |  | 920 | 1,080 | ${ }^{36} 1,837$ | 1,062 | (4) | (41) |  |
| Total nontaxable returns with overpaym | 67,615 | 98, 551 | - 97, 795 |  | 6,619 | 12,640 | 55, 165 | 9,952 | 12, 450 | 9,302 |  |
| Grand tot | 930, 161 | 5,013,747 | ${ }^{7} 7,044,086$ | 1,123,537 | 612, 172 | 766, 634 | 549,890 | 115,432 | 380, 271 | 139,829 |  |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under \$5,000 and | 486, 988 | 1,155,775 | ${ }^{-1,479,188}$ | 103,777 | 101, 205 | 72, 550 | 325, 490 | 37,608 | 161, 498 | 32,363 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more...- | 443, 173 | 3, 857, 972 | 5,564,898 | 1,019,760 | 510,967 | 694,084 | 224, 400 | 77,824 | 218, 773 | 107, 466 | 68 |

Table 7.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by returns with a tax overpayment or returns with tax due, and by types of tax payment: Number of returns, applicable items of income, tax liability, tax withheld, payments on declaration, tax due at time of filing, refund, and credit on 1949 tax-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


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For footnotes，see pp．179－181；for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．44－52．
Table 7．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by adjusted gross income classes，by returns with a tax overpayment or returns with tax due，and by types of tax payment：Number of returns，applicable items of income，tax liability，tax withheld，payments on declaration，tax due at time of filing，refund，and credit on 1949 tax－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  | Returns with only tax withheld |  |  <br>  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| 30 | 50 under 60. | 16, 591 | 294, 441 | 42,993 | 168, 500 | 82,949 | 471 | 15,672 | 25,680 | 7, 803 | 3, 711 | 4, 091 | 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31 | 60 under 70 | 10,153 | 231, 029 | 29,917 | 137, 048 | 64, 064 | 236 | 7,931 | 15, 228 | 5, 028 | 2, 247 | 2, 780 | 31 |
| 32 | 70 under 80 | 6, 652 | 185, 700 | 22,699 | 112, 127 | 50, 875 | 144 | 5,647 | 10,757 | 3, 845 | 1,574 | 2, 272 | 32 |
| 33 | 80 under 90 | 4, 524 | 150, 963 | 16, 981 | 93, 524 | 40, 459 | 86 | 3, 361 | 7,317 | 2, 811 | 1,199 | 1,613 | 33 |
| 34 | 90 under 100 | 3, 204 | 124, 539 | 13, 459 | 77, 888 | 33, 191 | 68 | 2, 840 | 6, 414 | 2,406 | 1, 996 | 1, 410 | 34 |
| 35 | 100 under 150 | 7, 613 | 403, 255 | 35, 442 | 265, 505 | 102, 308 | 90 | 5, 346 | 10, 729 | 4,546 | 1, 281 | 3, 265 | 35 |
| 36 | 150 under 200 | 2, 459 | 203, 287 | 14, 114 | 140, 645 | 48,526 | 25 | 1,798 | 4,157 | 1,937 | 481 | 1,458 | 36 |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 1,013 | 114, 533 | 5,737 | 83, 543 | 25, 254 | 8 | 404 | 1,759 | 835 | 99 | 1736 | 37 |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 544 | 78,077 | 3, 648 | 56, 339 | 18, 091 | 2 | 357 | 544 | 272 | 68 | 204 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400 | 524 | 98, 830 | 3,751 | 72, 458 | 22, 621 | 2 | 49 | 732 | 344 | 7 | 338 | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500. | 190 | 48,345 | 1,222 | 38,359 | 8,764 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 233 | 77, 981 | 1,895 | 60, 019 | 16, 068 | 3 | 111 | 1, 740 | 715 | 14 | 701 | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 79 | 39,797 | 489 | 31, 008 | 8, 300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 64 | 45, 629 | 305 | 39, 059 | 6, 266 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 20 | 20,331 | 322 | 18, 329 | 1,679 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 18 | 24, 620 | 103 | 17, 465 | 7, 052 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 4 | 7,772 | 22 | 7, 312 | 437 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 3 | 7,356 | 2 | 4, 801 | 2, 554 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 48 | 5,000 or mor | 4 | 15, 287 |  | 14, 346 | 941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49 | Total returns with tax du | 8,099, 095 | 7, 242, 111 | 2, 012, 389 | 3, 022, 568 | 2, 207, 146 | 3, 959, 532 | 14, 522, 146 | 16,427, 773 | 1, 643, 771 | 1, 280, 310 | 363, 464 |  |
| 50 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$. | 5,698, 550 | 1, 239, 364 | 674, 586 | 129, 018 | 435, 759 | 3, 095, 012 | 8, 792, 029 | 9, 683, 603 | 792, 695 | 635, 495 | 157, 198 |  |
| 51 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 2, 400, 545 | 6, 002, 747 | 1,337, 803 | 2, 893, 550 | 1, 771, 392 | 864, 520 | 5, 730, 117 | 6, 744, 170 | 851, 076 | 644, 815 | 206, 266 |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
 $\$$
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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|  | $\text { Adjusted gross income classes } 1$ | * N N N N N <br>  <br>  <br>  |


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

| Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ |  | Returns with tax due at time of filing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Returns with only payments on 1948 declaration ${ }^{22}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with neither tax withheld nor payment on 1948 declaration ${ }^{22}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salaries } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { wages } 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ \text { incoss } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax lia- } \\ & \text { bility }{ }^{3} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Pay- } \\ \text { ments on } \\ \text { 1948 dea } \\ \text { laration } 22 \end{array}\right\|$ | Tax due at time of filing of filin | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { Nof } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salaries } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { wages } 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Adjusted } \\ & \text { gross } \\ & \text { income } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax lia- } \\ & \text { Bility } \end{aligned}$ | Tax due at time of filing |
|  | Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 38800 307880 | ${ }_{1}^{282}$ | ${ }_{5}^{587}$ | ${ }_{22}^{22}$ | 17 146 | 87 | $\begin{array}{r}50,353 \\ \hline 134,590\end{array}$ | 15,719 | 35,765 11688 | ${ }^{376}$ | ${ }^{376}$ |
| 3 | 1 | 15, 663 | 4,951 | 17, 558 | 1,042 | 697 | 345 | 96, 827 | 47, 959 | 107, 807 | 5,935 | 5 5,935 |
| 4 | 1.25 under 1.5 | ${ }^{20,195}$ | 6,754 | 29, 037 | 1, 951 | 1,335 | 615 | 165, 885 | 71, 189 | ${ }^{2310,239}$ | 8,073 | 8, 073 |
| 5 6 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 31, 945 | 10, 362 | 52, 515 | 3,104 <br> 4 | $\begin{array}{r}2,043 \\ 2 \\ \hline 109\end{array}$ | 1, $\begin{aligned} & 1,062 \\ & 1,380\end{aligned}$ | 150,355 | 74, 781 | 241, 697 | 10,641 11 11 571 | 10,641 111 11 |
| ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }_{2} 1.75$ under 2.25 | - ${ }_{40,286}$ | 16, | 65,624 85,630 | 4, 377 <br> 5,884 <br> , 84 | 4, 2,039 <br> 189 | 1, 1,849 | 115, 163 | - ${ }_{90,269}$ | - ${ }^{215,172}$ 338, 83 | - | 112, 799 |
| 8 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 46,980 | ${ }^{22,249}$ | ${ }^{111,584}$ | 7,371 | 4,997 | 2, 178 | 122,929 | 71, 380 | 292, 133 | 14, 027 | 14, 027 |
| ${ }_{10}^{9}$ | 2.5 under 2.75 | 47, 490 |  | 124, 851 |  | 6,167 | 3, 382 | 107, 671 | 61, 61205 | - 284,265 | 14, 1405 | 14, 305 |
| 11 | ${ }_{3}^{2.75}$ under 3 | - ${ }_{\text {50, }}^{1035}$ | 21, 52,558 52,58 | - 144,137 |  | 7,055 16,759 | 8, 321 | 1179, 7941 | 64,394 114,474 |  | 14,529 30,512 | 14,529 30,512 |
| 12 | 35 under 4 - | 91, 381 | 51, 998 | 342, 354 | 27, 212 | 17,702 | 9,511 | 134, 337 | 78, 386 | 503, 122 | 29,603 | ${ }_{29,603}$ |
| 13 | 4 under 4.5 | 89, 322 | 48, 030 | ${ }^{378,753}$ | 31,3172 <br> 34 | 21, 114 | 10, 158 | 104,738 | ${ }_{51,}^{65,202}$ | 444, 151 | 27, 406 | 27, 206 |
| 14 15 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 82,172 122 1237 | 48, 912 | 390, 223 | 34,245 64,004 6 | 22,920 <br> 42 <br> 281 | - ${ }_{21,223}^{11,323}$ | 85,105 90,207 | 51, 249 41,575 | 404,103 492,416 |  | 329, 888 |
| 15 16 | 56 under 6 - | ${ }_{96,586}^{122,23}$ | 50, 576 | 625, 664 | 64, ${ }^{649}$ | 42, 679 | 21, 361 | 57, 538 | ${ }_{28,168}^{41,58}$ | 369, 682 | 34, 438 | 34, 388 |
| 17 | 7 under 8. | 74, 682 | 38, 831 | 558,948 | 63, 164 | 41, 168 | 21; 995 | 36, 519 | 14, 758 | 271, 610 | 28, 357 | 28, 357 |
|  | 8 under 9 | 59, 665 | ${ }^{33,047}$ | 506, 065 | 60, 628 | 39, 19 | ${ }^{20,712}$ | 24,416 | 10, 986 | 206, 787 | ${ }^{23,027}$ | ${ }^{23,027}$ |
| 19 20 | 9 under 10 under 11 | 48,759 40864 408 | -23,858 <br> 21,62 | 462,274 428,152 | 568, 540 | -38, ${ }^{3691}$ | - | 17,681 12,549 | ${ }_{6,533}^{8,210}$ | 1311,568 |  | 20, 308 16,940 |
| 21 | 11 under 12 | 33, 676 | 18,253 | 386, 776 | 54, 762 | 35, 670 | 19,091 |  | ${ }_{4}^{4,530}$ | 113, 169 | 15, 649 | 15,649 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | 12 under 13 | 28, 200 | 16,858 | 351, 844 | 52, 138 | -34, ${ }^{337}$ | 17,601 | 7,646 | 3, 316 | 95, 5416 | 13, 944 | 13, 944 |
| ${ }^{23}$ | 13 under 14. | 24, 017 | 17, 885 | 323, 892 | 49, 874 | ${ }^{32,776}$ | 17,097 | 5,375 | 3, 271 | 72,411 | 10, 934 | 10, 934 |
| 24 | 14 under 15 | 20, 737 | 13, 838 | 300, 643 | 48, 222 | 31,532 13, 139 | 16, 889 | 4, 1183 | ${ }_{8}^{2,563}$ | 58, 257 | 9, 145 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 9, } 145 \\ 345 \\ \hline 159\end{array}$ |
| 25 26 | 15 under 20. | ${ }^{68,792}$ | 51, 503 | 1, 882,381 | 209, 24 | 138,179 111,663 | 71,065 <br> 55,345 | 11, 818 | 8,091 4,433 | 200, 145 | 34, 318 | 34, ${ }^{30} 118$ |
| 27 | 25 under 30 | - 30,291 |  | - 553,888 | 167, 088 | 111, ${ }_{8}^{18,563}$ | 55, 345 <br> 41,753 | $\xrightarrow{4,618}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,433 \\ 2,121 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | - 102,087 | 13, ${ }^{20,127}$ | 20, ${ }_{13}^{207}$ |
| 28 | 30 under 40 | 24, 329 | 28, 444 | 836, 128 | 218, 338 | 148, 478 | 69, 860 | 1, 806 | 2,023 | 61, 682 | 15, 896 | 15, 896 |
| ${ }_{30}^{29}$ | 40 under 50 | 12, 141 | 15, 336 | 540, 130 | 162, 940 | 113, 578 | 49,362 | ${ }^{676}$ | 1,214 | 29,912 | 8,808 | 88808 |
| ${ }_{31}^{30}$ | 50 under 60 | 6, <br> 4,243 <br> 18 | 7,060 | 272, 699 | 198, 821 | ${ }_{71}{ }^{89,128}$ | - | ${ }_{161}^{293}$ | ${ }_{355}^{433}$ | 15,928 10,431 | $\xrightarrow{5,237}$ | ¢, ${ }_{3,827}$ |


| 32 | 70 under 80 | 2,633 | 4,191 | 196,684 | 75, 943 | 54,509 | 21,434 | 84 | 308 | 6,241 | 2,335 | 2,335 | 32 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | 80 under 90 | 1,806 | 3, 155 | 152, 901 | 61,949 | 45, 547 | 16, 402 | 50 | 378 | 4,239 | 1,778 | 1,778 | 33 |
| 34 | 90 under 100 | 1,246 | 2,111 | 118, 258 | 50, 217 | 36, 897 | 13,320 | 36 | 113 | 3,428 | 1,438 | 1,438 | 34 |
| 35 | 100 under 150 | 2,978 | 6, 151 | 357, 493 | 162, 285 | 121, 225 | 41, 060 | 53 | 57 | 6,220 | 2,822 | 2, 822 | 35 |
| 36 | 150 under 200 | 937 | 2, 231 | 160, 457 | 80, 038 | 61, 439 | 18,597 | 11 | 218 | 1,863 | 921 | 921 | 36 |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 389 | 1,150 | 86, 209 | 45, 369 | 36, 116 | 9,253 | 3 | 15 | 699 | 385 | 385 | 37 |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 199 | 568 | 53, 885 | 29, 155 | 22, 493 | 6, 662 |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400. | 201 | 1, 013 | 68, 850 | 38, 687 | 29, 1784 | 8,903 |  |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 75 | 319 | 33, 638 | 20, 31,138 | 26, 293 | 4, 845 |  |  |  |  |  | 41 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 86 | $\stackrel{318}{365}$ | 34, 587 | 21, 282 | 17,499 | 3,783 |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 31 | 204 | 37, 187 | 22, 775 | 20,506 | 2,270 |  |  |  |  |  | 43 |
| 4 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 11 | 9 | 18,491 | 11,796 | 10,869 | 927 |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 6 | 159 | 13,765 | 7,970 | 7, 201 | 769 |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 |  | 3,284 | 2,258 | 2,100 | 158 |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 2 |  | 8,627 $\mathbf{2 7 , 3 3 2}$ | 5, 520 | 4,762 | 259 |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more | 4 | 9 | 27,332 | 15, 287 | 14, 346 | 941 |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total returns with tax due | 1, 394, 255 | 811, 160 | 12, 703. 694 | 2, 524, 522 | 1,770, 200 | 754, 319 | 2, 010,623 | 1, 055, 577 | 6,609, 054 | 536, 749 | 536, 749 | 49 |
| 50 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under | 660, 542 | 325, 287 | 2, 078, 224 | 161, 381 | 107,887 | 53, 497 | 1, 723, 151 | 911, 938 | 4, 128, 166 | 212, 495 | 212, 495 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 733, 713 | 485, 873 | 10, 625, 470 | 2, 363, 141 | 1, 662, 313 | 700, 822 | 287, 472 | 143, 639 | 2, 480, 888 | 324, 254 | 324, 254 | 51 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181: for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Table 8.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by marital status, and by sex: Number
of returns, adjusted gross income, exemption, and tax liability
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


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|  ベーi゙ |  |  <br>  なomm <br>  |  |  |
|  <br>  | 20 <br> $\infty$ <br> $\infty$ <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> Oin |  <br>  <br>  $\infty$ ninimininfinivnornin |  |  |
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For footnotes，see pp．179－；181 for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．44－52．
Table 8.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, by marital status, and by sex: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 8．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by adjusted gross income classes，by marital status，and by sex：Number $n s$ ，adjusted gross income，exemption，and tax liability－Continued
［Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| 30 | 150 under 200 | 14 | 2,336 | 15 | 1,319 | 15 | 2,557 | 14 | 1,466 | 36 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | 200 under 250 | 4 | 872 | 3 | 1,493 | 5 | 1,067 | 4 | 1, 592 | 37 |
| 38 | 250 under 300 | 8 | 2, 220 | 8 | 1,258 | 9 | 2,464 | 10 | 1,361 | 38 |
| 39 | 300 under 400 | 6 | 2, 000 | 5 | 1,043 | 3 | 924 | 3 | 511 | 39 |
| 40 | 400 under 500 | 3 | 1,251 | 2 | 876 | 2 | 820 | 1 | 551 | 40 |
| 41 | 500 under 750 | 4 | 2,363 | 2 | 1, 060 | 3 | 1,690 | 3 | 737 | 41 |
| 42 | 750 under 1,000 | 1 | 947 | 1 | 613 | 1 | 1,947 | 1 | 613 | 42 |
| 43 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43 |
| 44 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | Total taxable returns. | 221, 414 | 935, 452 | 213,787 | 142, 431 | 220, 452 | 926, 919 | 193, 679 | 144, 230 | 49 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | No adjusted gross income ${ }^{8}$ | ${ }^{36} 1,136$ | 87,162 | 1,151 |  | 381,319 | 88,198 | 1,016 |  | 50 |
| 51 | Under 0.5 | ${ }^{86} 1,518$ | + 410 | 1,072 | --- | ${ }^{36} 11,856$ | 495 | 1,362 |  | 51 |
| 52 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 86 2, 168 | (44) 1,357 | 1,976 |  | 381, 098 | 656 | 1.973 |  | 52 |
| 53 | 0.75 under 1-. | (44) | (44) | (44) |  | ${ }^{86} 1,138$ | 1,002 | 1,048 |  | 53 |
| 54 | 1 under 1.25 | ${ }^{88} 942$ | 1,027 | 1,130 |  | 881,182 | 1,338 | 1, 540 |  | 54 |
| 55 | 1.25 under 1.5 | (44) | (44) | ${ }^{(44)}$ |  | (44) | (4) ${ }^{\text {(4) }}$ | (44) |  | 55 |
| 56 57 | 1.5 under 1.75 | (44) | (44) | (4) |  | (44) | (44) | (44) |  | 56 |
| 57 <br> 58 | 1.75 under 2. | 881,045 | 1,925 | 1, 832 |  | 381,134 | 2,127 | 1,931 |  | 57 |
| 58 59 | 2 under 2.25.. | (44) | (44) | (44) |  | (4) | (44) | (4) |  | 58 |
| 59 60 | 2.25 under 2.5 | (44) | (4) | (44) |  | (44) | (4) | (44) |  | 59 |
| 60 | 2.5 under 2.75 | (4) | (44) | (44) |  | (4) | (44) | (4) |  | 60 |
| 61 | 2.75 under 3 | (44) | (44) | (44) |  |  |  |  |  | 61 |
| 62 | 3 under 3.5 | (4) | (4) | (44) |  | (4) | (44) | (4) |  | 62 |
| 63 64 | 3.5 under 4 ar more. 4 a | (4) | (44) | (44) |  | (44)---- |  |  |  | 63 |
| 65 | Total nontaxable returns | 888,081 | 48421 | 9, 010 |  | ${ }^{88} 8,954$ | ${ }^{81} 139$ | 9, 884 |  | 65 |
| 66 | Grand total | 229,495 | ${ }^{9} 935,031$ | 222, 797 | 142, 431 | 229, 406 | $\bigcirc 926.780$ | 203, 563 | 144, 230 | 66 |
| 67 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 198, 056 | ${ }^{9}$ 574, 730 | 188, 287 | 55,929 | 199,498 | ${ }^{9}$ 577, 271 | 174, 267 | 58, 948 | 67 |
| 68 | Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of \$5,000 or more_....- | 31, 439 | 360,301 | 34, 510 | 86, 502 | 29,908 | 349, 509 | 29, 296 | 85, 282 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.


| 50 under 200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 und er 250 | 209 85 | 35,909 18,988 | 221 92 | $\begin{aligned} & 19,287 \\ & 10.446 \end{aligned}$ | 1223 | $\begin{aligned} & 38,133 \\ & 95450 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{122}^{255}$ | 21, 168 | ${ }_{37}^{36}$ |
| 250 under 300. | 57 | 15, 557 | 56 | 8,488 | 72 | 19,497 | 78 | 11,346 | 38 |
| 300 under 400 | 54 | 18,552 | 61 | 10, 812 | 67 | 23, 070 | 70 | 13,774 | 39 |
| 400 under 500 | 18 | 7,905 | 19 | 4,796 | 31 | 13, 607 | 34 | 8,391 | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 29 | 17, 891 | 26 | 10,277 | 32 | 19,046 | 29 | 12,452 | 41 |
| 750 under 1,000 | 11 | 9, 611 | 12 | 6,293 | 15 | 12, 409 | 14 | 7,881 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 8 | 8, 626 | 8 | 5,780 | 10 | 12, 403 | 11 | 7,736 | 43 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | ${ }_{3}$ | 4,895 | 2 | 2,794 | 5 | 8, 236 | 3 | 4,949 | 44 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 | 2 | 5, 399 | 2 | 3,832 | 4 | 9,350 | 4 | 6,236 | 45 |
| 3,000 under 4,000 | 1 | 3,175 | 1 | 1,894 |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | 4,059 | 1 | 2,397 | 1 | 4,568 | 1 | 2,623 | 47 |
| 5,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| Total taxable returns. | 7, 249, 082 | 18, 896, 197 | 5,780, 687 | 2, 159, 251 | 6, 304, 326 | 14, 879, 127 | 4, 879, 433 | 1,679, 121 | 49 |
| Nontaxable returns: ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ | 62,458 | ${ }^{882,540}$ | 51,700 |  | 38,843 | ${ }^{8} 57,879$ | 33,967 |  | 50 |
| Under 0.5 | 1, 559, 553 | 438, 684 | 1,033, 556 |  | 1,146,740 | 317,671 | 780, 401 |  | 51 |
| 0.5 under 0.75 | 705, 398 | 423, 430 | 530,575 |  | 558,795 | 339, 107 | 455, 646 |  | 52 |
| 0.75 under 1. | 213, 982 | 187, 496 | 283, 631 |  | 272, 972 | 238, 743 | 339, 868 |  | 53 |
| 1 under 1.25 | 215, 231 | 242, 233 | 298, 427 |  | 274, 053 | 308, 110 | 365, 267 |  | 54 |
| 1.25 under 1.5 | 133, 167 | 179, 258 | 212, 263 |  | 170, 286 | 229, 278 | 256, 361 |  | 55 |
| 1.5 under 1.75 | 90, 789 | 147, 196 | 175, 316 |  | 96,353 | 156, 256 | 173, 883 |  | 56 |
| 1.75 under 2. | ${ }^{97}$, 767 | 183, 483 | 195,596 |  | 100, 887 | 189, 256 | 189, 960 |  | 57 |
| 2 under 2.25 <br> 2.25 under 2.5 | 39,612 | 84,163 | 97, 881 | ---------- | 32,574 | 68, 944 | 68,511 |  | 58 |
| 2.5 under 2.75 | -36, 930 | 85, 712 | 91, 302 |  | 20, 846 | 49, 300 | 43, 699 |  | 59 |
| 2.75 under 3 | 13, 174 | 37, 781 | 39,067 |  | 36 5, 751 | 16, 413 | - 13,857 |  | 60 |
| 3 under 3.5 | 16, 223 | 52, 270 | 51,868 |  | ${ }^{36} 4,263$ | 13, 558 | 10, 330 |  | 62 |
| 3.5 under 4 | ${ }^{36} 4,443$ | 16,481 | 14,651 |  | ${ }^{36} 1,425$ | 5, 222 | 3,842 |  | 63 |
| 4 or more- | ${ }^{36} 4,058$ | 21,316 | 9,844 |  | ${ }^{36} 1,381$ | 7,053 | 2,138 |  | 64 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 3, 219, 055 | ${ }^{0}$ 2, 087, 439 | 3, 156, 370 |  | 2, 739, 241 | ${ }^{9} 1,917,759$ | 2, 771, 094 |  | 65 |
| Grand total | 10, 468, 137 | ${ }^{\text {® 20, 983, } 636}$ | 8, 937, 056 | 2, 159, 251 | 9, 043, 567 | ${ }^{0} 16,796,886$ | 7,650, 527 | 1, 679, 121 | 66 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 5,000$ and nontaxable returns. | 10, 133, 942 | ${ }^{\text {® }} 17,662,529$ | 8, 615, 661 | 1, 409, 670 | 8,838,127 | ${ }^{\text { } 14, ~ 390, ~} 741$ | 7, 443, 779 | 1, 063, 415 | 67 |
| Taxable returns with adjusted gross income of \$5,000 or more...... | 334, 195 | 3, 321, 107 | 321, 395 | 749, 581 | 205, 440 | 2,406,145 | 206, 748 | 615, 706 | 68 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 9.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by marital status: Number


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 9.-Individual returns for 1948, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by marital status: Number

|  |  | Joint returns of husbands and wives ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Aggregate number of exemptions | Returns with exemption for age and/or blindness |  | Number of exemptions other than age or blindness ${ }^{50}$ | Number of returns by number of exemptions other than age or blindness 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Slx 0 | or more |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ |  | Number of exemptions for age and blindness ${ }^{4}$ | Two |  | Three | Four | Five | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Number of exemptions other than age or blindness |  |
|  | Taxable returns: 0.5 under 0.75 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 0.75 under 1-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 4 4 | 1 under 1.25 under 1.5 | 221, 573 | 443, 146 |  |  | 443, 146 | 221, 573 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 334, 564 | 669, 128 |  |  | 669, 128 | 334, 564 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | 1.75 under 2 | 356, 164 | 712, 2, 261, 234 | 43, 741 | 43, 741 | 712,328 $2,017,493$ | 356,164 422,611 | 390, 757 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 under 2.5 | -924, 068 | 2, 342, 148 | 55, 425 | 55, 425 | 2, 286, 723 | 485, 481 | 438, 587 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 1, 100, 963 | 2, 977, 933 | 46, 811 | 54, 749 | 2, 923, 184 | 494, 216 | 492, 236 | 114, 511 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | 2.75 under 3. | 1, 476, 436 | 4, 377, 072 | 91, 171 | 124, 508 | 4, 252, 564 | 560, 840 | 531,500 1 026,924 | 384,096 835,598 |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | 3 under 3.5 | 3, 097, 828 | 9, 472, 399 | 156, 111 | 213, 613 | $9,258,786$ $9,114,817$ | 1, 113, 6356 | 1, 026, 924 | 835,598 702,989 | 121, 670 |  |  |  |
| 12 | 3.5 under 4 | 2, 888, 2, 339, 971 | 9, 279,239 $7,834,622$ | 117,746 81,153 | 164, 422 | 9, 114, 817 | 956,143 <br> 749,401 | 878,980 634,291 | 702, 989 <br> 572,262 | 350, 727 274,035 | 109, 982 | 659, 894 |  |
| 14 | 4.5 under 5 | 1, 765, 855 | 5, 897, 381 | 59, 358 | 83, 376 | $5,814,005$ | 605, 041 | 460, 765 | 400, 555 | 196, 511 | 102, 982 | 636, 849 |  |
| 15 | 5 under 6. | 2, 068,472 | 6, 804, 042 | 72,814 | 102, 098 | 6, 701, 944 | 747, 573 | 543,693 268,660 | 460,809 <br> 240 <br> 14 | 207,992 100,955 | 108,405 56,520 | 692,523 370,389 |  |
| 16 | 6 under 7 - | 1, 042, 331 | 3, 455,974 | 42, 423 | 61,150 37 518 | $3,394,824$ $1,713,636$ | 375,552 182,705 | 268,660 138,240 | 240,644 119,915 | 100,955 53,511 | 56, 520 <br> 28 <br> 1545 | 370, 389 |  |
| 17 18 | 78 under 8 | 522,916 309,592 | 1, 751, 154 | 25, 924 | 37,518 $\mathbf{2 6 , 9 6 3}$ | 1, $1,025,759$ | 182,705 106,061 | 138,240 80,257 | $\begin{array}{r}119,915 \\ 71 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 33, 566 | 18,140 | 118, 764 |  |
| 19 | 9 under 10 | 215, 409 | 1, 735, 607 | 13, 913 | 20,506 | 715, 101 | 72, 968 | 55,014 | 51, 933 | 23, 011 | 12,483 | 81, 336 |  |
| 20 | 10 under 11 | 163, 596 | 562, 826 | 11, 557 | 17, 215 | 545,611 402897 | 54,587 39,515 | 42,074 29,250 | 39,197 28,879 | 18, 101 |  | 62, 922 |  |
| ${ }_{22}^{21}$ | 11 under 12 under 13 | 119,482 94,780 | 416,926 330,325 | 9,475 7,299 | 14,029 10,632 | 402,897 319,693 | 39,515 30,999 | 29,250 23,556 | 28, <br> 28,679 <br> 15 | 14,242 12,023 | 7, 596 <br> 5,587 | 36,452 |  |
| 23 | 13 under 14 | 75, 659 | 265, 692 | 5, 992 | 8,960 | 256, 732 | 24, 506 | 18,493 | 18, 478 | 9,384 7 7 | 4,798 | 31, 409 |  |
| ${ }_{25}^{24}$ | 14 under 15 | 63, 962 | 224, 554 | 5, 297 | 8,087 27,021 | $\begin{aligned} & 216,467 \\ & 688,747 \end{aligned}$ | 20,789 65,937 |  | 15,549 49,254 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 7, } \\ 24,857 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 14, ${ }^{\text {4, }} 816$ | -89, 708 |  |
| 25 <br> 26 | 15 under 20 | 202,504 105612 | 715,768 375,998 | 17,815 10,446 | 27,021 15,663 | 688,747 360,335 | - 34,743 | 25, 113 | 24, 700 | 13, 368 | 7,688 | 49,870 |  |
| 27 | 25 under 30 | 60, 652 | 216, 607 | 6,215 | 9,306 | 207, 301 | 20, 301 | 14,081 | 13, 834 | 7,773 8,407 | 4,663 5,046 | 30,255 32,768 |  |
| 28 | 30 under 40 | 66, 293 | 237, 074 | 7,409 | 11, 153 | 225, 921 | 22,682 | 14, 878 | 15, 280 | 8, 407 | 5, 046 | 32, 768 |  |


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For footnotes，see pp．179－181；for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．44－52．
Table 9．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by adjusted gross income classes，and by marital status：Number of returns，number of exemptions other than age or blindness，number of exemptions for age and blindness，and frequency distribution of returns

|  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | 会家 |  <br>  <br> 오의 | $$ | $8$ $8=$ |
|  | （ ${ }_{\text {¢ }}^{0}$ |  <br>  <br> \％\％\％\％i |  |  |
| － －i | 令｜｜ |  <br>  |  |  |
|  $\cdots$ | ｜r｜｜r｜ |  <br>  | ｜c｜｜c｜｜ |  |
|  | Total taxable returns． |  |  |  |

[^10]Table 9．－Individual returns for 1948，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by adjusted gross income classes，and by marital status：Number of returns，number of exemptions other than age or blindness，number of exemptions for age and blindness，and frequency distribution of returns by number of exemptions other than age or blindness－Continued

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of returns by number of exemptions other } \\ & \text { than age or blindness } 50 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Table 10.-Individual returns for 1948 with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by returns with net loss or with net gain from such sales: Number of returns, net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, net short- and long-term capital gain and loss, and capital loss carry-over
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.




|  | $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r- \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \text { d } \\ \text { ai } \\ \text { ai }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ e \\ w_{0}^{0} \\ \underset{\sim}{i} \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  | $\frac{\pi}{\sim}$ |  |  |
|  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{8}{7} \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { ci } \\ \text { ¢ } \\ 10 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 8 \\ 0 \\ \text { a } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
|  <br>  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \text { di } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  <br>  | [ | 들 |  |


|  <br>  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \text { on } \end{gathered}$ |  <br>  |  |  |  | \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
TABLE 10.-Individual returns for 1948 with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by adjusted gross income classes, and by returns with net loss or with net gain from such sales: Number of returns, net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, net short-and long-term capital gain and loss, and capital loss carry-over-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

Table 11.-Individual returns with adjusted gross income for 1948, by States and Territorics: Number of returns, salaries and wages, dividends, interest, adjusted gross income, and tax liability
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | States and Territorics |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Salaries } \\ & \text { and wages } 10 \end{aligned}$ | Divi- <br> dends 11 | Interest i2 | Adjusted gross income income ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tax } \\ \text { liability }{ }^{3} \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Alabama | 616. 539 | 1, 373,418 |  | 7, 261 | 1,679, 746 |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | Arizona | ${ }_{3140}^{2012} 128$ | 492, 880 | ${ }_{12}^{15,129}$ | 6.594 4.740 4 | 660, 433 |  |  |
| 4 | Californi | 4, 067 , 087 | 10.473.302 | 448, 294 | 151, 845 | 14, 307, 829 | 1, 483,005 |  |
| 5 | Colorado | 440, 969 | 868, 681 | 44, 093 | 15.266 | 1,333, 092 | 12t. 1.55 |  |
| 6 | Conncetic | 871.497 | 2, 3533,840 | 142, 751 | 27,343 | 2, 901, 236 | 309. 598 |  |
|  | Deliwar | 122. 255 | 356,6,664 | 40. 111 | 3, 975 | 485,791 | 72, 369 |  |
|  | 1)istrict | 339, 450 | 885,425 | 44, 866 | 13,917 | 1.128, 555 | 124.884 |  |
|  | 1 ln hida | 749.6.57 | 1, 544. 252 | 102.717 | 33.771 | 2. 184.876 | 192. 187 |  |
| 10 11 |  | 741, 220 | 1, 114.4224 | ${ }_{1}^{61,1.51}$ | 12,601 | 2, 0 Efi, 7666 | 181. 1964 | 10 |
|  | Itawain | 182, 227 | ${ }^{481}$ | - | 4. ${ }_{4} 143$ | ${ }_{5} 519785$ | 38,408 | 11 |
| 13 | Illinnis | 3, 600, 962 | 10, 0588.734 | ? 5 ¢, 082 | 74, 819 | 12, 9.59, 004 | 1. 344,871 |  |
| 14 | India | 1,441, 675 | 3. 3611.426 | 83.307 | 22, 425 | 4, 354.014 | 274. 381 | 4 |
| 15 | Iow | 323, 294 | 1, 50, 153 | 42. 250 | 20, 487 | 2, 736,718 | 216. 959 | 5 |
| 16 | Kansas | 645. 843 | 1, 132. 818 | 32, 725 | 13, 085 | 1. 948.127 | 173. 592 | 6 |
| 17 | Krnine | 713. 5175 | 1. 133.6884 | 53. 518 | 11. 743 | 1,934.041 | 146, 9, 914 | 7 |
|  | isi | 619,475 | 1. 365.589 | ${ }^{47.618}$ | 11.690 | 1,841, 0,8 | 170.372 | 8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | Mane |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ \text { 6, } 507.198 \\ \hline 182\end{array}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 34,624 \\ & 94,329\end{aligned}$ | 10,199 28,501 | 825,415 3. $0.66,471$ 8 |  | 9 |
| 21 | Massachu | 1,947,899 | 4. 9095.965 | 253, 029 | 57,908 | 5.949. 883 | 543.731 | 21 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | Michical | 2. 410,191 |  | 184, 377 | 50.4.54 |  | ${ }^{7} 52.115$ | 2 |
| 24 | Mississip | ${ }^{1}$ 281. 508 | - 530.919 | 12.939 | 5, 109 | , 743, 541 | $56 \% .054$ | 4 |
| 25 | M issouri | 1,287.549 | 2, 799.517 | 134. 2188 | 29,596 | 3,784, 49 | 347. 794 | 5 |
| 26 27 | Montana | 210. 173 | ${ }^{411.257}$ | 10.819 | 5015 | 664. 243 | 56. 283 |  |
| 27 | Nehraska | 466. 8138 | 718, 347 | 25,740 | ¢, 9 ¢ 445 | 1,402. 937 | 121.768 | 7 |
| 29 | Now Hamr | 211.073 | ${ }_{463,387}^{14,40}$ | 19, 734 | 5,768 | 565. 178 | ${ }_{42.075}$ | 8 |
|  | Now Inrsey | 1,993, 768 | 5, 488, 569 | 117, 9.57 | 52, 769 | 6, 628. 354 | 615. 496 |  |
| 31 32 | New Mexi | 155.756 |  | 7. 820 | 4. 0191 | 472.944 |  | 31 |
|  | Now York | 6, 2133,398 | 17, 175,6,67 | 92, ${ }_{7} 50$ | 224, 893 | 21.437, 148 | 2, 245.751 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 34 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | North | 1085 | ${ }^{253} 6$ | ${ }^{79,942}$ | ${ }^{1}$ |  | 47, 314 |  |
|  | Olis | 3, 090.503 | 8. 216.216 | 304, 071 | 59, 521 | 10, 095.565 | 949, 747 | 析 |
| 36 | Oklahome | 577. 105 | 1, 118.013 | 32, 014 | 10,086 | 1.719, 212 | 153, 119 | 36 |
| 37 | Oregon | 557. 588 | 1,275.848 | 34.712 | 18.266 | 1,835, 879 | 179, 862 | 37 |
| $39$ | Pennsylva | 4, 173.133 | 10, 507, 690 | 362, 465 | 74.555 | 12,656, 337 | 1, 145, 176 | 38 |
| 40 | Rhode islan | 331, 699 | 853, 513 | 41,757 <br> 21 <br> 183 | \% ${ }_{5}^{8}$ | 1,025,377 | 101,231 | 39 |
| 41 | South Dak | 212, 645 | 242, 102 | 6, 369 | 3,305 | ${ }^{\text {, }}$ 596,537 | 45, 329 | 41 |
| 42 | Tennes | 769, 354 | 1, 662, 99, | 39, 330 | 10,081 | 2. 041.261 | 156, 52] | 42 |
| 43 | Texas | 2, 037,366 | 4, 474, 955 | ${ }^{136,816}$ | 42.671 | 6, 482, 687 | 684. 526 | 43 |
| 45 |  | ${ }^{221} 1.328$ | 53, 275 | 11.488 |  | 6.33, 441 |  | 45 |
| 46 |  | 905, 559 | 2, 0855.575 | 75, 707 | 13, 344 | 2, 568.478 | 205.220 | ${ }_{46}$ |
| 47 | Washington ${ }^{\text {s5 }}$ | 902, 167 | 2, 240, 543 | 60, 813 | 27, 542 | 2, 970,439 | 290, 582 | 47 |
|  | West Virginia | 618,189 | 1, 488, 697 | 34, 541 | 5, 965 | 1. 730,289 | 128, 794 | 48 |
| 50 | W yoming | $\begin{array}{r} 1,285.103 \\ 99,279 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,855,273 \\ 213,738 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 96,510 4,847 | 29,902 2,197 | $3,802,274$ 320,222 | 318,840 29, 868 | ${ }^{49}$ |
| 51 |  | 51, 788, 146 | 126, 036,638 | 4, 943, 461 | 1, 281, 053 | 164, 272, 520 | 15, 459, 810 | 51 |

For footnotes see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 12.-Individual returns with adjusted gross income for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes and by States and Territories: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Alabama |  |  | Arizona |  |  | Arkansas |  |  | California |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { roturns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross incom taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 106, 792 | 59,709 | 4.353 | 27,855 40,062 | 15,620 59 | 1.753 | 59,102 92,838 | 33,993 141,593 | 3,067 | 539, 807 703.299 | 299,039 $1.075,657$ | - 2 2, 511 |  |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 1 under 2 under | 165, 129 | 407, 619 | 13, 137 | 53, 693 | 134, 853 | 6,039 | 70, 811 | 174, 560 | 5,582 | 922, 975 | 2, 326, 135 | 135, 437 |  |
| 4 | 3 under 4 | 89, 246 | 304, 904 | 14, 535 | 40, 482 | 139.115 | 7,027 | 42, 509 | 147, 889 | 7, 818 | 838.545 | 2, 905, 925 | 191. 830 |  |
| 5 | 4 under 5 | 44, 159 | 195, 851 | 12, 900 | 21, 596 | 96, 340 | 6,645 | 17. 917 | 80, 911 | 5, 856 | 477, 159 | 2, 140. 915 | 168, 695 |  |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 35, 816 | 230, 266 | 22, 207 | 17,684 | 113, 914 | 11, 123 | 14, 977 | 98, 483 | 10. 222 | 459, 824 | 2, 943, 188 | 302. 235 |  |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 5, 442 | 65, 735 | , , 272 | 2,243 | 26, 979 | $\begin{array}{r}3,875 \\ 3 \\ \hline 186\end{array}$ | ${ }^{2}, 118$ | 35, 423 | ${ }^{4,919}$ | 59, 170 | 710.220 | 102, 333 |  |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 2,215 | 28, 387 | 5,545 | +471 | 10,581 | 2,056 | , 652 | 14, 337 | 2,829 | 11, 962 | 265, 518 | 53, 686 |  |
| - | 20 under 25 | 1,645 | 17, 678 | 3, 824 | 269 | 7,372 | 1, 597 | 339 | 9,223 | 2,033 | 6,967 | 189, 886 | 42,761 | 10 |
| 11 | 25 under 30 | 702 | 24, 124 | 5,982 | 343 | 11, 777 | 2,968 | 416 | 14, 374 | 3.606 | 7. 505 | 257, 674 | 66, 098 | 11 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 330 | 14, 686 | 4, 158 | 141 | 6, 317 | 1,864 | 207 | 9, 205 | 2, 663 | 3,738 | 166. 631 | 49, 263 | 12 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 206 | 11, 310 | 3, 698 | 61 | 3,318 | 1,057 | 107 | 5, 842 | 1,913 | 2.160 | 117, 735 | 38, 468 | 13 |
| 14 | 60 under 70 | 117 | 7,596 | 2, 671 | 56 | 3,572 | 1, 281 | 62 | 4,029 | 1,424 | 1, 305 | 84, 180 | 29.590 | 14 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 59 | 4,359 | 1,656 | 28 | 2,065 | 767 | 59 | 4,399 | 1, 638 | 813 | 60.646 | 22.630 | 15 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 38 | 3,200 | 1,267 | 13 | 1,099 | 397 | 33 | 2, 805 | 1, 121 | 587 | 49.826 | 19,367 | 16 |
| 17 | 90 under 100 | 31 | 2,929 | 1,156 | ${ }^{9}$ | -866 | ${ }^{343}$ | 17 | 51,735 | 2,491 | 1, 029 | -123. 114 | 17, 187 | 17 |
| 18 | 100 under 150 | 58 | 6, 898 | 1, 441 | 15 | 2,549 | 1,180 | 11 | 1,825 | 936 | 309 | 53. 249 | 24, 869 | 18 |
| 19 | 150 under 200 | 18 | 3, 1 | 1,443 | 15 3 | 2, 672 | + 363 | 3 | 653 | 315 | 128 | 28.513 | 14. 264 | 20 |
| 20 | 200 under 250 | $\stackrel{8}{6}$ | 1,601 | 873 | 1 | 271 | 181 | 1 | 276 | 139 | 78 | 21, 272 | 10.614 | 21 |
| 22 | 300 under 400 | 1 | 313 | 195 | 2 | 654 | 363 | 3 | 1, 024 | 411 | 66 | 22,745 | 12, 315 | 22 |
| 23 | 400 under 500 | 1 | 453 | 313 |  |  |  | 1 | 459 | 233 | 15 | 6, 657 | 3, 635 | 23 |
| 24 | 500 under 750 | 2 | 1,249 | 886 |  |  |  | 1 | 577 | 310 384 | 16 | 9,015 | 4, 701 | 24 |
| 25 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 384 | 5 | 5,845 | 3, 044 | 28 |
| ${ }_{27}$ | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3, 516 | 2,011 | 27 |
| 28 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 4,991 | 2, 372 | ${ }^{28}$ |
| 29 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 4,059 | 2,397 | 30 |
| 30 31 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | Total | 616, 539 | 1, 679, 746 | 121, 400 | 206, 128 | 660. 433 | 55,947 | 304, 152 | 808, 796 | 63,875 | 4, 080, 087 | 14, 307, 823 | 1,483, 005 | 32 |


|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Colorado |  |  | Connecticut |  |  | Delaware |  |  | Dist. of Columbia |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{8}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income? | Tax liability ${ }^{8}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross in come, taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 1-------------------- | 79,327 | 43, 958 | 399 | 115, 850 | 63, 820 | 808 | 17, 858 | 9,633 | 78 | 46, 475 | 25, 590 | 182 |  |
| 2 | 1 under 2 - | 103, 351 | 156, 729 | 5,861 | 167, 320 | 258, 021 | 14, 581 | 21,710 | 32,142 | 1,125 | 72, 434 | 108, 474 | 3,504 |  |
| 3 | 2 under 3 | 109,396 74,047 | 271,562 | 12,876 14,646 | 224, 613 | 558, 993 | 38, 163 | 29,883 | 75, 688 | 4, 039 | 92,429 | 229, 064 | 15,164 |  |
| 5 | 4 under 5 | 35, 271 | 157,956 | 12,693 11 | -90, 556 | 403, 910 | 32,983 | 15,205 8,531 | 32, 3013 | $\stackrel{3}{3,066}$ | 32,883 31,262 | 141, 258 | 12, 889 |  |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 26, 635 | 181, 170 | 18,247 | 83, 387 | 529, 841 | 53, 238 | 25, 226 | 155, 911 | 15, 568 | 33, 773 | 226, 873 | 26, 053 |  |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 6, 599 | 79, 874 | 11, 334 | 10,506 | 126, 459 | 17, 287 | 1,848 | 22, 325 | 3,135 | 5,480 | 64,796 | 9, 218 |  |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 2,540 | 43,432 | 7,424 | 4, 246 | 72, 711 | 12,059 | 702 | 12,003 | 2,045 | 1,790 | 30, 704 | 5,228 |  |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | 1,146 | 25, 413 | 4,964 | 2,118 | 47, 013 | 9, 125 | 403 | 8,927 | 1,768 | 944 | 21, 020 | 4, 144 |  |
| 10 | 25 under 30 | 860 | 23, 429 | 5, 071 | 1,254 | 34, 216 | 7, 457 | 219 | 5,995 | 1,342 | 563 | 15,390 | 3,300 | 10 |
| 11 | 30 under 40 | 826 | 28, 245 | 7,033 | 1,474 | 50, 789 | 12,749 | 212 | 7,369 | 1,869 | 640 | 22, 035 | 5,506 | 11 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 382 | 16, 776 | 4, 834 | 727 | 32, 244 | 9, 218 | 119 | 5,306 | 1,575 | 281 | 12, 534 | 3, 691 | 12 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 207 | 11, 306 | 3, 557 | 385 | 21, 098 | 6, 871 | 77 | 4,183 | 1,435 | 166 | 9,069 | 3, 050 | 13 |
| 14 | 60 under 70 | 146 | 9,406 | 3, 241 | 262 | 16, 848 | 5, 929 | 52 | 3,396 | 1,253 | 107 | 6,967 | 2,428 | 14 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 76 | 5,732 | 2,106 | 174 | 12, 956 | 4,889 | 32 | 2,393 | 911 | 63 | 4, 698 | 1,716 | 15 |
| 16 | 80 under 80 | 29 | 2,434 | 908 | 116 | 9,864 | 3,885 | 25 | 2,154 | 892 | 39 | 3,303 | 1,329 | 16 |
| 17 | 90 under 100 | 29 | 2,727 | 1,110 | 84 | 7, 929 | 3,244 | 14 | 1,333 | 598 | 32 | 3,032 | 1,169 | 17 |
| 18 19 | 100 under 150 | 56 | 6,743 | 2,904 | 235 | 28, 362 | 12,670 | 57 | 7,010 | 3, 239 | 72 | 8, 656 | 3,772 |  |
| 19 | 150 under 200 | 31 | 5, 229 | 2,538 | 58 | 10, 086 | 4,921 | 22 | 3, 810 | 2,103 | 17 | 2,909 | 1,355 | 19 |
| 20 | 200 under 250 | 7 | 1,515 | 686 | 46 | 10,081 | 5, 312 | 10 | 2,262 | 1,259 | 15 | 3,325 | 1,649 | 20 |
| $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | 250 under 300 | 1 | 275 | 164 | 15 | 4,020 | 2,134 | 12 | 3. 296 | 1,793 | 6 | 1,669 | 821 |  |
| 22 | 300 under 400 | 2 | 740 | 411 | 23 | 7,853 | 4, 370 | 9 | 3,148 | 1,930 | 7 | 2,356 | 1,351 |  |
| 23 <br> 24 | 400 under 500 | 2 | 855 | 432 | 9 | 4,085 | 2,346 | 9 | 3, 999 | 2,598 |  |  |  | 23 |
| 25 | 750 under 1,000 | 1 | 858 | 536 | 3 | 2,586 | 1, 223 | 2 | 1, 811 | 1, 258 | 1 | 774 | 312 | 24 25 |
| 26 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 1 | 1,076 | 525 | 1 | 1, 101 | , 694 | 4 | 4,843 | 3, 254 |  |  |  | 26 |
| 27 28 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  | 1 | 1,614 | 1,224 | 2 | 3,181 | 2,158 | 1 | 1,720 | 1,113 | 27 |
| 28 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 7,421 | 4,864 |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | 4.000 under 5.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | 5,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | Total | 440, 969 | 1,333, 092 | 124, 155 | 871,497 | 2,901, 236 | 309, 508 | 122, 255 | 485, 791 | 72,369 | 339, 450 | 1, 128, 555 | 124, 884 | 32 |

[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Florida |  |  | Georgia |  |  | Hawaii |  |  | Idaho |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\underset{\text { of }}{\text { Number }}$ returns | Adjusted gross income | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 1----......- | 136. 764 | 77,658 | 443 | 116,548 | 68, 125 | 437 | 23, 785 | 11,615 | 149 | 37, 422 | 19,796 | 142 |  |
| 2 3 3 | 12 under 2 | 204, 272 | 308, 206 | 7, 148 | 225, 758 | 345. 021 | 7. 624 | 28.803 | 46, 561 | 2, 362 | 45, 583 | 68, 421 | 1,904 | 2 |
| 3 4 4 | 3 under 3 | 173, 517 | 429,702 377,761 | 16,437 | 186,252 98,224 | 455,632 <br> 339,137 | 16,423 17 | 52,417 <br> 39 <br> 133 | 131,470 | 8,291 | 49,533 | 123, 683 | 4,910 | 3 |
| 5 | 4 under 54 | 51.079 | 228, 117 | 15, 521 | 57, 595 | -356, 062 | 17,472 | -30, 605 | 137,347 91,109 | 10.067 8.801 | 28,879 14,559 | 99, 778 | 4, 417 | 4 5 |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 56,655 | 366, 208 | 34,950 | 43, 207 | 283, 704 | 27, 201 | 12, 882 | 87, 072 | 9, 172 | 9,657 | 62.858 | 6. 273 | 6 |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 8, 572 | 103, 133 | 14, 165 | 6,346 | 76.344 | 10,468 | 2,384 | 28,375 | 4.398 | 2, 669 | 32, 423 | 4,583 | 7 |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 3,711 | 63, 893 | 10, 446 | 2. 580 | 44. 289 | 7.32, | 839 | 14,383 | 2, 512 | 882 | 15, 145 | 2, 593 | 8 |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | $\stackrel{2}{2,003}$ | 44,651 | 8, 435 | 1,383 | 30.278 | 5,773 | 383 | 8,470 | 1.641 | 480 | 10, 740 | 2, 123 | 9 |
| 11 | 25 under 30 | 1,060 1,072 | 28,985 | 6.253 | 953 | 25. 963 | 5,539 | 201 | 5.480 | 1, 182 | 189 | 5,148 | 1, 140 | 10 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 1,534 | 23, 716 | 9,236 | 1,034 | 35, 687 | 8, 650 | 202 | 6,936 | 1.789 | 179 | 6. 0.50 | 1,531 | 11 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 282 | 15,406 | 5,011 | 252 | 23. 144 | 6., 21 | 78 | 3, 423 | 1,007 | 71 | 3, 113 | 932 | 12 |
| 14 | 60 under 70 | 194 | 12,503 | 4,387 | 156 | 10, 33 | 3,456 | ${ }_{25}$ | 1, 587 | 1, 541 | 42 | , 1710 | 613 | ${ }^{13}$ |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 95 | 7, 103 | 2. 610 | 125 | 9,432 | 3, 348 | 18 | 1,324 | 510 | 12 | -891 | 312 | 15 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 82 | 6,907 | 2. 734 | 74 | 6.293 | 2, 328 | 9 | 1,776 | 299 | 8 | 678 | 266 | 16 |
| 17 | 90 under 100 | 65 | 6, 130 | 2,494 | 44 | 4. 163 | 1,707 | 5 | 474 | 192 | 4 | 387 | 163 | 17 |
| 18 | 100 under 150 | 122 | 14,353 | 6, 127 | 104 | 12, 514 | 5. 409 | 31 | 3,804 | 1,703 | 9 | 1,035 | 478 | 18 |
| 19 20 | 150 under 200 | 42 | 7, 186 | 3. 421 | 42 | 7.248 | 3, 513 | 6 | 1,005 | 527 | 3 | 467 | 262 | 19 |
| 21 | 250 under 300 | 19 | 4.241 | 2, 143 | 24 | 5, 259 | 2,550 | 2 | 420 | 204 |  |  |  | 20 |
| 22 | 300 under 400 | 13 | 4, 465 | 2, 496 | 4 | 1. 1.489 | 1,090 | 1 | 298 | 147 |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | 400 under 500 | 6 | 2,751 | 1,458 | 1 | 1,450 | 275 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | 500 under 750 | 8 | 4, 658 | 3,005 | 6 | 3, 065 | 1,334 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 25 | 750 under 1,000 | 2 | 1,736 | 967 | 2 | 1,682 | 877 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |
| 27 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1,054 | 809 |  |  |  | 26 |
| 28 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 2 | 5,120 | 3,006 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{28}^{27}$ |
| 30 | 4,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 31 | 5,000 or more.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 32 | Total | 749, 657 | 2,184, 806 | 192, 187 | 741,220 | 2,083, 766 | 161,964 | 182, 227 | 586, 944 | 57, 618 | 193, 234 | 519, 785 | 38,408 | 32 |

Table 12.-Individual returns with adjusted gross income for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes and by States and Territories: Number of
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 12.-Individual returns with adjusted gross income for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes and by States and Territories: Number of [Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes 1 | Kentucky |  |  | Louisiana |  |  | Maine |  |  | Maryland |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{3}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{9}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  | Adjusted gross income? | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax lia- } \\ & \text { bility } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross incom taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 131,760 | 71,372 | 328 | 102, 793 | 60, 066 | 475 | 78,480 | 39, 838 | 249 | 138, 379 | 77,993 | 741 |  |
| 2 | 1 under 2 | 183, 924 | 280, 941 | 7,025 | 167. 074 | 252, 385 | 6, 826 | 84, 148 | 125, 815 | 3, 927 | 201, 459 | 311,031 | 11,445 |  |
| 3 | 2 under 3 | 188, 184 | 469, 700 | 18, 195 | 141, 874 | 353, 213 | 14, 903 | 85, 644 | 211,739 | 8,913 | 238, 138 | 597, 812 | 32, 351 | 3 |
| 4 | 3 under 4. | 100, 010 | 344, 970 | 18, 014 | 97, 938 | 340, 337 | 20, 238 | 46, 720 | 160,578 | 9,018 | 170, 039 | 581, 518 | 37, 195 |  |
| 5 | 4 under 54 | 52, 041 | 230, 798 | 15, 165 | 52, 470 | 233, 636 | 16,511 | 20, 211 | 89, 901 | 6,586 | 92, 812 | 412.957 | 33, 653 | 5 |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 41, 622 | 264, 889 | 26, 373 | 43,454 | 277, 412 | 27, 517 | 17, 419 | 109, 359 | 10.865 | 93, 352 | 603, 069 | ${ }^{61}, 664$ | 6 |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 6, 322 | 76, 753 | 10,786 | 6, 075 | 72, 926 | 10, 510 | 1,972 | 23,740 | 3, 280 | 10,973 | 130, 685 | 17,969 | 7 |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 2, 561 | 44,317 | 7,618 | 2,903 | 50, 249 | 8,801 | 1,055 | 17,957 | 3, 014 | 4,238 | 72, 792 | 12,179 | 8 |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | 1,554 | 34, 583 | 6,652 | 1,647 | 36,826 | 7,515 | 427 | 9,443 | 1,886 | 2,028 | 44,971 | 8,772 | 9 |
| 10 | 25 under 30 - | 758 | 20, 671 | 4,452 | 849 | 23, 262 | 5,399 | 278 | 7, 595 | 1, 649 | 1,274 | 34, 798 | 7,474 | 10 |
| 11 | 30 under 40 | 813 | 27,935 | 6, 913 | 992 | 34, 184 | 9, 051 | 246 | 8, 418 | 2,162 | 1,315 | 45, 012 | 11,056 | 11 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 415 | 18,307 | 5, 283 | 481 | 21,423 | 6,520 | 119 | 5, 224 | 1,511 | 625 | 27, 872 | 7,950 | 12 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 185 | 10,129 | 3, 232 | 272 | 14,840 | 5, 057 | 72 | 3, 942 | 1,328 | 368 | 20,079 | 6,438 | 13 |
| 14 | 60 under 70. | 107 | 6, 984 | 2,480 | 185 | 12,014 | 4,316 | 29 | 1,863 | 671 | 188 | 12,179 | 4,058 | 14 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 73 | 5,360 | 1,922 | 123 | 9, 246 | 3,482 | 20 | 1, 501 | 536 | 129 | 9,619 | 3,471 | 15 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 55 | 4,617 | 1,783 | 86 | 7,291 | 2,906 | 14 | 1,194 | 448 | 85 | 7,199 | 2,771 | 16 |
| 17 | 90 under 100 | 51 | 4,832 | 1,997 | 62 | 5, 893 | 2, 480 | 7 | 659 | 299 | 62 | 5,873 | 2,370 | 17 |
| 18 | 100 under 150 | 77 | 9, 322 | 4,140 | 116 | 13,957 | 6,246 | 26 | 2, 893 | 1,225 | 145 | 17,450 | 7, 531 | 18 |
| 19 | 150 under 200 | 13 | 2, 225 | 1,097 | 33 | 5, 550 | 2,672 | 7 | 1,165 | 577 | 47 | 7,914 | 3, 647 | 19 |
| 20 | 200 under 250 | 10 | 2, 217 | 1,218 | 17 | 3, 828 | 1,954 | 5 | 1,096 | 608 | 22 | 4,810 | 2, 285 | 20 |
| 21 | 250 under 300 | 3 | 802 | 479 | 9 | 2, 437 | 1,375 |  |  |  | 7 | 1,912 | 1,023 | 21 |
| 22 | 300 under 400 | 6 | 2,105 | 1,152 | 3 | 1,090 | 578 |  |  |  | 9 | 3,122 | 1,558 | 22 |
| 23 | 400 under 500 |  |  |  | 8 | 3, 292 | 1,837 | 2 | 832 | 411 | 1 | 403 | 250 | 23 |
| 24 25 | 500 under 750 under 1,000 | 2 | 1,112 | 600 | 3 | 1,740 | 910 | 1 | 663 | 391 | 2 | 1,234 | 611 | ${ }_{25}^{24}$ |
| 26 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  | 1 | 1,451 | 1,103 |  |  |  | 1 | 1,102 | 526 | 26 |
| 27 | 1.500 under 2,000 |  |  |  | 1 | 1,602 | 1,733 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |
| 28 | 2,000 under 3.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 29 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 30 | 4,000 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |
| 31 | s,000 or more----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | Total | 713, 550 | 1, 934, 941 | 146, 904 | 619, 475 | 1,841, 078 | 170, 322 | 336, 902 | 825, 415 | 59, 554 | 958, 698 | 3, 036, 471 | 279, 058 | 32 |

[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


|  | Adjusted gross income classes t | Missouri |  |  | Montana |  |  | Nebraska |  |  | Nevada |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tar liability ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross incom taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 1------.-.- | 216, 278 | 125, 174 | 1,083 | 33, 224 | 19, 711 | 209 | 81, 798 | 45. 537 | 368 | 7,772 | 6,122 | 195 |
| 2 | 1 under 2 | 332, 282 | 503, 081 | 17,101 | 48,295 | 74, 005 | 2. 508 | 113, 912 | 172, 281 | 5,519 | 16, 237 | 25, 623 | 1,423 |
| 3 | 2 under 3 | 315, 623 | 782, 667 | 38, 671 | 44,615 | 110,974 | 5,234 | 108, 035 | 238, 983 | 11,703 | 16, 237 | 42, 771 | 3,453 |
| 4 | 3 under 4 | 198, 137 | 681, 843 | 42, 222 | 39, 488 | 136, 293 | 7, 892 | 70.655 | 242, 918 | 13, 913 | 10, 911 | 40, 140 | 3, 2.91 |
| 5 | 4 under 5 | 102, 420 | 457, 500 | 36,119 | 19,773 | 83, 533 | 5,631 | 38,535 | 171, 613 | 12, 729 | ${ }^{36} 58,759$ | 29, 0.93 | 2, 103 |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 93, 872 | 601, 812 | 61, 077 | 17.963 | 118, 38 ! | 12,468 | 40,832 | 263, 027 | 27, 115 | ${ }^{85} 4,877$ | 31, 420 | 3,815 |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 13,996 | 167, 952 | 23, 539 | 3, 862 | 46, 576 | 6,649 | 6, 802 | 81, 593 | 11, 533 | -932 | 11, 647 | 1,748 |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 5, 632 | 96, 817 | 16.316 | 1, 483 | 25,694 | 4. 392 | 2,558 | 43, 557 | 7,503 | ${ }^{56} 311$ | 5,355 | 978 |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | 2,938 | 65, 232 | 12,580 | 744 | 16, 617 | 3,240 | 1, 251 | 27, 893 | 5,513 | ${ }^{85} 155$ | 3. 453 | 671 |
| 10 | 25 under 30 | 1,790 | 48, 710 | 10. 527 | 254 | 6.921 | 1,587 | 642 | 17. 520 | 3, 978 | 76 | 2,103 | 495 |
| 11 | 30 under 40 | 1,992 | 67, 647 | 16,499 | 236 | 8,093 | 2,029 | 600 | 20, 490 | 5, 313 | 89 | 3, 043 | 753 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 915 | 40.892 | 11,874 | 117 | 5,203 | 1, 532 | 291 | 12.936 | 3,933 | 42 | 1,8 80 | 517 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 550 | 30, 017 | 9,828 | 35 | 1,883 | 1,643 | 160 | 8,670 | 2,831 | 23 | 1,279 | 432 |
| 14 | 60 under 70 | 288 | 18, 621 | 6,576 | 24 | 1,524 | 535 | 81 | 5,273 | 1,950 | 13 | 1827 | 309 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 226 | 16,830 | 6,444 | 13 | - 975 | 369 | 59 | 4,391 | 1, 707 | 10 | 748 | 282 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 139 | 11,750 | 4,662 | 5 | 437 | 157 | 28 | 2,395 | 931 | 3 | 252 | 69 |
| 17 | 90 under 100 | 98 | 9. 267 | 3. 832 | 6 | 571 | 208 | 18 | 1,710 | 7:0 | 5 | 474 | 180 |
| 18 | 100 under 150 | 229 | 27, 273 | 12,174 | 3 | 350 | 165 | 33 | 4,180 | 1,879 | 18 | 2093 | 932 |
| 19 | 150 under 200 | 71 | 12, 249 | 5,955 | 2 | 313 | 169 | 12 | 2,021 | 1,994 | 10 | 1,672 | 822 |
| 20 | 200 under 250 | 25 | 5,471 | 3,089 |  |  |  | 4 | 921 | 443 | 3 | 1,672 | 341 |
| 21 | 250 under 300 | 18 | 4,840 | 2,625 | ------- |  |  | 3 | 803 | 453 | 2 | 533 | 251 |
| 22 | 300 under 400 | 12 | 4,052 | 2, 241 |  |  |  | 2 | 715 | 355 | 5 | 1,893 | 1,031 |
| 23 | 400 under 500 | 6 | 2,569 | 1,347 | -------- |  |  | 1 | 475 | 223 | - |  |  |
| 25 | 750 under 1,000 | 2 1 | 1,200 | 545 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  | 1 | 1,190 | 592 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2,277 | 1,319 |
| 29 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 31 | 4.000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Total. | 1,287, 540 | 3, 784, 449 | 347, 794 | 210, 143 | 664, 243 | 56,269 | 466,438 | 1,402,937 | 121, 768 | 63, 581 | 217, 275 | 25,796 |

[Adjusted grose Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{\text {! }}$ | New Hampshire |  |  | New Jersey |  |  | New Mexico |  |  | New York |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { ref } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tar liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross incom taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 1-...-------------- | 37,329 | 21, 271 | 175 | 253, 726 | 138, 116 | 1,284 | 28, 425 | 15, 691 | 93 | 860, 954 | 463,963 | 4,231 | 1 |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | $1{ }_{2}$ under 2 | 50,983 57,494 | $\begin{array}{r}78.476 \\ 143 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,209 7 7 | 387,730 <br> 475 <br> 194 | $\begin{array}{r}592.331 \\ 1 \\ 185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 25, 503 | 34, 428 | 51, 249 | 1,270 | 1, 262,478 | 1, 940, 032 | 81, 408 | 2 |
| 4 | 3 under 4 | 32, 922 | 112, 562 | 6,189 | 394, 171 | 1, 1859,785 | 67, 8977 | 35,183 25 | 89,967 | 4,822 | 1, 517, 121,872 | 3, <br> 3882,818 <br> 3 | 211,408 | 3 |
| 5 | 4 under $5^{4}$ | 15, 892 | 71, 116 | 5, 527 | 215, 829 | 1964, 350 | 73, 422 | 14, 531 | 64, 856 | 4,638 | 1, 610, 539 | 2, 719, 363 | 196, 783 | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ |
| 5 | 5 under 10 | 13, 650 | 84,431 | 8,009 | 219, 350 | 1,397, 568 | 135, 793 | 13, 807 | 87, 649 | 8, 576 | 643, 709 | 4,148.923 | 404, 38 ) | 6 |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 1, 513 | 17,871 | 2,409 | 24,023 | 283, 289 | 38,778 | 1,777 | 21.475 | 3,110 | 88, 879 | 1, 065,933 | 141, 632 | 7 |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 558 | 9,649 | 1,651 | 9,903 | 166. 546 | 27, 230 | 707 | 12,068 | 2,141 | 35, 114 | 672.933 | 96, 457 | 8 |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | ${ }^{68} 270$ | 6, 062 | 1,208 | 4, 833 | 108, 029 | 20, 498 | 389 | 8, 532 | 1,736 | 17,944 | 399, 670 | 72, 218 | 9 |
| 10 | 25 under 30 | 133 | 3, 611 | 776 | 2. 704 | 73, 894 | 15,759 | 234 | 6,365 | 1,466 | 11,651 | 318, 252 | 65.078 | 10 |
| 11 | 30 under 40 | 146 | 4,983 | 1,256 | 2. 765 | 94, 573 | 23, 045 | 242 | 8. 228 | 2,126 | 12,893 | 443. 236 | 102, 774 | 11 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 72 | 3, 217 | 942 | 1,338 | 59,456 | 16, 872 | 118 | 5. 229 | 1,545 | 6,712 | 298. 809 | 80. 497 | 12 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 48 | 2,631 | 873 | -710 | 38, 628 | 12, 162 | 54 | 2,936 | 1974 | 3,972 | 216. 63.5 | 64.933 | 13 |
| 14 | 60 under 70 | 19 | 1,249 | 459 | 403 | 26, 135 | 9, 117 | 30 | 1,955 | 719 | 2,483 | 161. 125 | 52, 382 | 14 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 14 | 1,047 | 378 | 315 | 23,496 | 8, 682 | 22 | 1,638 | 615 | 1,587 | 119, 801 | 41,791 | 15 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 5 | 425 | 166 | 179 | 15,050 | 5,691 | 13 | 1,097 | 419 | 1,096 | 93. 010 | 34, 051 | 16 |
| 17 | 90 under 100 |  | 290 | 129 | 120 | 11, 385 | 4, 551 | 16 | 1, 531 | 668 | 812 | 76, 962 | 23, 513 | 17 |
| 18 | 100 under 150 | 17 | 2, 012 | 885 | 299 | 35,778 | 15.705 | 22 | 2,700 | 1,259 | 2, 013 | 242, 053 | 103, 858 | 18 |
| 19 20 | 150 under 200 | 4 | 691 | 327 | 84 | 14, 495 | 7,052 | 6 | 980 | 479 | 683 | 116, 915 | $53.62)$ | 19 |
| 21 | 250 under 300 | 1 | 234 | 133 | 30 <br> 20 | 6,586 | 3,488 <br> $\mathbf{3} 280$ | 2 |  |  | 291 | 64. 559 | 31, 533 | 23 |
| 22 | 300 under 403- |  |  |  | 19 | 6,564 | 3,280 3,696 | 2 | 581 | 307 | 145 | 39,571 56,972 | 2). 181 | 21 |
| 23 | 400 under 500 |  |  |  | 7 | 3,090 | 1, 803 | 1 | 423 | 210 | 56 | 25, 016 | 14,711 | 23 |
| 24 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  | 8 | 5, 085 | 3,092 | 1 | 508 | 318 | 86 | 51, 247 | 27, 476 | 24 |
| 25 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  | 3 | 2, 547 | 1,543 |  |  |  | 34 | 29,513 | 17, 154 | 25 |
| $\stackrel{26}{ }$ | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  | 2,193 | 1,474 |  |  |  | 31 | 37, 185 | 22. 453 | 26 |
| 27 <br> 28 | 1,500 under 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  | 1 | 2, 707 |  |  |  |  | 9 5 | 15, 458 | 9. 269 | 27 |
| 29 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,080 |  |  |  | 5 | $\begin{array}{r}11,796 \\ 6824 \\ \hline 8.82\end{array}$ | 6.761 | 23 |
| 30 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 4,568 | 2, 623 | 33 |
| 31 | 5,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6. 773 | 3,305 | 31 |
| 32 | Total | 211, 073 | 565, 176 | 42,075 | 1,993,768 | 6, 628, 354 | 615,496 | 155, 756 | 472, 944 | 40,598 | 6,233,398 | 21, 437, 148 | 2,265,751 | 32 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Number of
returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

|  | Adjusted gross income classes 1 | Oregon |  |  | Pennsylvania |  |  | Rhode Island |  |  | South Carolina |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered}\text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns }\end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liqbility ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross in come, taxable and nontaxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 |  | 80.456 | 47,160 | 520 | 543, 775 | 290, 921 | 2,653 | 40,632 | 22, 884 | 337 | 80,822 | 46,790 | 400 | 1 |
| 2 <br> 3 | $\frac{1}{2}$ under 2 under 3 . | 114, 553 | 173, 823 | 7,376 | 852, 121 | 1,305, 866 | 55, 072 | 72, 848 | 112, 636 | 6,295 | 132,833 | 200, 201 | 5,458 | 2 |
| 4 | 3 under 4 | 106, 769 | 369, 310 | -18, ${ }^{18,985}$ | 1,021, 993 | 2. 563,350 | 136, 911 | -99,712 | 248, 227 | 14,791 | 105,924 53,408 | 256, 500 | 9, 247 | 3 |
| 5 | 4 under 5 | 60,646 | 271, 533 | 20, 706 | 426, 083 | 1,893, 717 | 136, 466 | 30,648 | 136, 857 | 10,127 | 26, 446 | 118, 149 | 8. 021 | 5 |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 53, 771 | 342, 472 | 33, 547 | 309, 055 | 1, 957, 375 | 192. 710 | 24, 480 | 153.807 | 15, 691 | 18,176 | 118. 260 | 11,255 | 6 |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 6,792 | 81.632 | 11. 712 | 34, 432 | 414, 727 | 57, 776 | 2, 843 | 34,629 | 5,019 | 3, 068 | 36. 783 | 5,008 | 7 |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 2,875 | 49,789 | 8,825 | 14,505 | 249, 045 | 42, 071 | 1,338 | 22, 940 | 3, 858 | 1,350 | 23, 052 | 3, 689 | 8 |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | 1,587 | 35,068 | 6,757 | 7,161 | 159, 238 | 30, 894 | 742 | 16,475 | 3, 198 | 709 | 15,753 | 2,828 | 9 |
| 10 | 25 under 30. | 790 | 21,480 | 4,680 | 4, 271 | 116, 607 | 25, 764 | 365 | 9,977 | 2, 201 | 370 | 10,107 | 2,132 | 10 |
| 11 | 30 under 40 | 896 | 30, 864 | 7,630 | 5,133 | 175, 998 | 44, 472 | 463 | 15, 900 | 3. 973 | 428 | 14.657 | 3, 476 | 11 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 385 | 16, 882 | 4, 835 | 2,565 | 113, 862 | 33,463 | 186 | 8. 273 | 2,460 | 185 | 8, 209 | 2,253 | 12 |
| 13 | 50 under 60 | 215 | 11, 715 | 3,771 | 1,447 | 79,035 | 25, 943 | 126 | 6,911 | 2, 346 | 93 | 5, 077 | 1,575 | 13 |
| 14 | 60 under 70 | 171 | 11, 050 | 3,783 | 875 | 56, 497 | 20.090 | 89 | 5, 821 | 2,085 | 60 | 3, 874 | 1,253 | 14 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 116 | 8, 674 | 3,192 | 601 | 44,870 | 16.898 | 54 | 4,045 | 1,551 | 46 | 3,443 | 1,257 | 15 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 70 | 5,907 | 2, 319 | 406 | 34, 349 | 13, 727 | 40 | 3, 368 | 1,398 | 18 | 1,539 | 565 | 16 |
| 17 18 | 90 under 100 under 150 | 40 101 | $\begin{array}{r}3,845 \\ 12 \\ \hline 181\end{array}$ | 1,518 | 291 | 27, 620 | 11, 348 | 18 | ${ }_{8}^{1,695}$ | 720 | 15 | 1. 428 | 549 | 17 |
| 18 19 | 100 under 150 under 200 | 101 | 12,231 | 5,268 | 699 | 83,761 | 37, 595 | 67 | 8,150 | 3.809 | 33 | 3, 920 | 1,623 | 18 |
| 20 | 200 under 250 | 21 | 6,681 4 4,737 | 3,107 | 228 86 | 38,872 18,729 | 19,096 | 22 | 3, 778 | 1,944 | 16 | 2,742 | 1,296 | 19 |
| 21 | 250 under 300 | 13 | 3, 510 | 1,761 | 54 | 14,658 | 8, ${ }^{\text {, }} 303$ | 10 | 2,215 2,626 | 1,095 | 5 <br> 5 | 1,177 1,419 | ${ }_{6}^{559}$ | 20 |
| 22 | 300 under 400 | 11 | 3,606 | 1,796 | 36 | 12,399 | 6,841 | 8 | 2,709 | 1,529 | 1 | , 388 | 186 | 22 |
| 23 | 400 under 500 | 1 | 430 | 226 | 24 | 10,713 | 5. 982 | 1 | 495 | 1277 |  |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | 500 under 750 | 4 | 2, 563 | 1,364 | 23 | 13,719 | 8,307 | 3 | 1,960 | 1,325 | 1 | 568 | 256 | 24 |
| 25 26 26 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  | 88 | 6,945 11,235 | 4, 7 , 472 | 2 | 2,392 |  |  |  |  | 25 |
| 27 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  | 1 | 1, 515 | 747 |  |  | 1, 5 |  |  |  | 27 |
| 28 | 2,000 under 3.000 |  |  |  | 3 | 6, 144 | 4, 061 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 29 30 | 3,000 under 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  | 1 | 3,175 | 1,894 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 30 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 4,735 | 2,336 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
|  | s,00 or more |  |  |  |  | 15, 183 | 8,982 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | Total | 557, 588 | 1,835, 879 | 179, 862 | 4, 073, 136 | 12, 656, 320 | 1,145,176 | 331,699 | 1,025, 377 | 101, 231 | 424, 012 | 1, 056, 583 | 72, 509 | 32 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Number of
［Adjusted gross Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  | 禹号 |  | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { Hix } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |
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|  | 灾号 |  <br>  <br>  | － |
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|  | 参管 |  <br>  | 烒 |
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|  |  |  <br>  | 合 |
|  | 岕号 |  <br>  | 長 |
|  |  |  |  |

For footnotes，see pp．179－181；for extent to whlch data are estimated，see pp．44－52．
Table 12.-Individual returns with adjusted gross income for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes and by States and Territories: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability-Continued
[Adjusted gross income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Vermont |  |  | Virginia |  |  | Washington ${ }^{33}$ |  |  | West Virginia |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { ref } \end{aligned}$ | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax lizbility ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{2}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  | Returns with adjusted gross income, taxable and nontaxablo: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 |  | 25, 979 | 14, 263 | 90 | 150, 126 | 85, 128 | 692 | 125, 615 | 67, 929 | 599 | 121,463 | 64, 619 | 598 |  |
| 2 | 1 under 2 - | 37,587 33,880 | 56,769 82,943 | 1,815 | 229, 493 | 347, 638 | 9,556 | 160, 887 | 24, ${ }^{431,951}$ | 10.057 | 126, 937 | 193, 349 | 6,732 |  |
| 4 | 3 under 4 | 33,880 16,667 | $\begin{array}{r}82, \\ 57 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,128 3,193 | 2284, 341 | 463, 478 | 24,595 2693 | 211, 488 | 566), 254 | 32,816 <br> 45 | 135,617 123,126 | 339, 424,962 | 14,298 22,129 |  |
| 5 | 4 under 54 | ${ }^{66} 7.181$ | 32,035 | 2, 391 | 73, 184 | 326, 4 ก8 | 24, 157 | 102, 899 | 458, 731 | 36, 005 | 67, 208 | 267, 832 | 18.106 |  |
| 6 | 5 under 10 | 7, 571 | 47, 834 | 4,783 | 64, 280 | 417, 172 | 41. 634 | 90, 213 | 573. 678 | 59, 648 | 42, 639 | 264, 833 | 25, 187 |  |
| 7 | 10 under 15 | 1,328 | 16, 099 | 2,210 | 8,080 | 96, 342 | 13.281 | 10,545 | 127, 006 | 18, 831 | 3,790 | 45, 710 | 6, 430 |  |
| 8 | 15 under 20 | 455 | 7,716 | 1,373 | 2,975 | 57, 948 | 8, 556 | 4, 101 | 71, 083 | 12, 339 | 1,700 | 29,153 | 5,026 | 8 |
| 9 | 20 under 25 | ${ }^{50} 166$ | 3,652 | 733 | 1,498 | 33. 361 | 6,541 | 2,006 | 44, 709 | 9, 427 | 956 | 21, 232 | 4,246 |  |
| 10 | 25 under 30 | 98 | 2, 647 | 561 | 943 | 25, 698 | 5, 531 | 1,258 | 34,354 | 8, 131 | 498 | 13,579 | 3, 073 | 10 |
| 11 | 30 under 40 | 88 | 2,997 | 744 | 996 | 3.4, 137 | 8, 365 | 1,285 | 44, 248 | 11,815 | 523 | 18,042 | 4,641 | 11 |
| 12 | 40 under 50 | 31 | 1,381 | 370 | 428 | 19,017 | 5,401 | 570 | 25,176 | 7,681 | 262 | 11, 596 | 3, 553 | 12 |
| 13 14 | 50 under 60 | 27 | 1,463 | 441 | 262 | 14, 280 | 4,503 | 307 | 16, 689 | 5,657 | 133 | 7,252 | 2,429 | 13 |
| 15 | 70 under 80 | 16 | 1, 022 | 353 <br> 134 | 143 | 9, 175 | 3, 198 | 209 | 13,589 | 4,962 | 86 | 5,516 | 1,993 | 14 |
| 16 | 80 under 90 | 4 | 338 | 134 | 64 | 5,410 | 2,068 | 177 | 6, 496 | 2, 372 | 42 | 3,051 | 1,453 |  |
| 17 | 90 under 100 | 4 | 383 | 158 | 42 | 4,001 | 1,580 | 67 | 6,348 | 2, 747 | 24 | 2, 252 | 1,990 | 17 |
| 18 | 100 under 150 | 9 | 1,0.33 | 436. | 102 | 12, 399 | 5, 387 | 143 | 16,976 | 7,764 | 43 | 5,240 | 2, 396 | 18 |
| 19 | 150 under 200 | 5 | -912 | 418 | 34 | 5, 881 | 2, 870 | 37 | 6,299 | 3, 198 | 11 | 1,865 | -934 | 19 |
| 20 | 200 under 250 | 2 | 452 | 257 | 14 | 3,114 | 1,685. | 19 | 4,286 | 2, 226 | 6 | 1,360 | 755 | 23 |
| 22 | 2500 under 400 |  |  |  | 2 | 531 | 292 | 5 | 1,355 | 759 | 2 | 543 | 313 | 21 |
| 23 | 400 under 500 |  |  |  |  |  | 991 | 4 | 1,683 | 1, 797 | 1 | 405 | 273 | 23 |
| 24 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  | 3 | 1,982 | 1,294 | 4 | 2,321 | 1,407 |  | 596 | 234 | 24 |
| 25 26 | 750 under 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 861 | 422 | 1 | 939 | 453 | 25 |
| 27 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |
| 28 | 2,000 under 3,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 29 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 30 31 | 5,000 or more 5,000 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 32 | Total | 131, 103 | 331, 730 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 131,103 | 331, 30 | 23, 562 | 805, 559 | 2, 568, 408 | 205, 210 | 902,167 | 2, 970,439 | 290, 582 | 618, 189 | 1, 730, 289 | 128, 794 | 32 |

For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to whlch data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.
Table 12.-Individual returns with adjusted gross income for 1948, by adjusted gross income classes and by States and Territories: Number of
returns, adjusted gross income, and tax liability-Continued


[^12]
## Footnotes for basic tables 1-12, pages 65-178

## (Facsimiles of returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, appear on pp. 458-481)

1 Adjusted gross income classes are based on the amount of adjusted gross income (sec note 2), regardless of the amount of net income or net deficit when computed; returns with adjusted gross deficit are designated "No adjusted gross income" without regard to the amount and appear as the first class under nontaxable returns.
${ }^{2}$ Adjusted gross income means gross income minus allowable trade and business deductions, expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, certain deductions of life tenants and income beneficiaries of property held in trust, and allowable losses from sales or exchanges of property. Should these allowable deductions exceed the gross income, there is an adjusted gross deficit.
${ }^{5}$ Tax liability after deducting tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. Such credits are reported on returns, Form 1040, with itemized deductions.
${ }^{1}$ This class includes nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income exceeding the designated class limit.

- Returns with no adjusted gross income are returns showing adjusted gross deficit; that is, returns on which the deductions allowable for the computation of adjusted gross income equal or exceed the gross income (see note 2).
- Less than 0.005 percent.
${ }^{1}$ Not computed.
- Adjusted gross deficit.
- Adjusted gross income less adjusted gross deflcit.
${ }^{10}$ Salaries and wages include annuities, pensions, and retirement pay reported in the schedule for salaries. but exclude wages not excceding $\$ 100$ per return from which no tax was withheld reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 20).
${ }^{11}$ Dividends, foreign and domestic, include partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, but exclude dividends not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 20) and all dividends received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{12}$ Interest received includes interest on notes, mortgages, bank deposits, and interest (before amortization of bond premium) from corporation bonds and from taxable and partially tax-exempt Government obligations; also includes, when received through partnerships and fiduciaries, partially tax-exempt Government interest and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Excludes interest not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return reported as other income on Form 1040A (see note 20).
${ }^{13}$ Income from annuities and pensions is only the taxable portion of amounts received during the year. Amounts received to the extent of 3 percent of the total cost of the annuity are reported as income for each taxable year, until the aggregate of amounts received and excluded from gross incorme in this and prior years equals the total cost. Thereafter, entire amounts received are taxable and must be included in adjusted gross income. Annuities, pensions, and retirement pay upon which tax is withheld may be reported in salaries and wages.

14 Rents and royalties net profit is the excess of gross rents received over deductions fc $\mathbf{r}$ depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses attributable to rent income; and the excess of gross royalties over depletion and other royalty expenses. Conversely, net loss from these sources is the excess of the respective expenses over gross income received.
${ }^{1 s}$ Net profit from business is the excess of gross receipts from business over deductions for business expenses and the net operating loss deduction due to the unabsorbed net operating loss from business, partnership. and common trust funds for the 2 preceding years. Conversely, net loss from business is the excess of business expenses and net operating loss deduction over total receipts from business.
${ }^{\text {r }}$ Partnership net profit or loss excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and net gain or loss from sales of capital assets. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed.
${ }^{17}$ Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable loss used in computing adjusted gross income. Each is the result of combining net short- and long-term capital gain and loss and any capital loss carry-over from the years 1943-47, inclusive, not previously deducted. Deduction for the loss. however, is limited to the amount of such loss, or to the net income (adjusted gross income if tax is determined from the tax table) computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.

Sales of capital assets include worthless stocks, worthless bonds if they are capital assets, nonbusiness bad debts, certain distributions from employees' trust plans, and each participant's share of net shortand long-terrn capital gain and loss from partnerships and common trust funds.
${ }^{19}$ Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets is that from the sales of (1) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) obligations of the United States or any of its possessions, a state or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue, and (3) real property used in trade or business.
${ }^{19}$ Income from estates and trusts excludes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. (The net operating loss deduction is allowed to estates and trusts and is deducted in computing the distributable income.)
${ }^{20}$ Miscellaneous income includes alimony received, prizes, rewards, sweepstakes winnings, gambling profits, recoveries of bad debts, or insurance received as reimbursement for medical expenses if deduction for either was taken in a prior year. For returns with standard deduction, there are included $\$ 40,448,000$ of wages not subject to withholding, dividends, and interest, not exceeding in total $\$ 100$ per return, reported as other income on 896,400 returns, Form 1040A.
${ }^{21}$ Amount of exemption, allowed for purposes of both normal tax and surtax, includes the $\$ 600$ per capita exemptions for the taxpayer, his spouse, and each dependent, together with additional exemptions of $\$ 500$ for blindness and $\$ 500$ for age 65 or over, of the taxpayer and his spouse.
22 Payments on 1948 declaration of estimated tax, reported on returns, Form 1040, include the credit for overpayment of prior year tax as well as the aggregate payments made on the declaration, Form 1040ES. The frequency of returns with such payments includes returns showing credit only, cash payments only, and those showing both.
${ }^{23}$ Returns with standard deduction are optional returns, Form 1040A, and short-form returns, Form 1040 , with adjusted gross income less than $\$ 5,000$, on both of which the tax is determined from the tax

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-12, pages 65-178-Continued

## (Facsimiles of returns, Forms 1010 and 1010A, appear on pp. 458-481)

table; and long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the stondard deduction is used On the latter returns, the standard deduction is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of adjusted gross income, except that on the return of a married person filing a separate return the standard deduction is $\$ 500$.
${ }^{24}$ Returns with itemized deductions are long-form returns, Form 1040, on which nonbusiness deductions ore itemized; long-form returns, Form 1040, with no deductions filed by spouses of taxpayers who itemized deductions (such spouses are denied the standard deduction); and returns, Form 1040, with no adjusted gross income whether or not deductions are itemized.
${ }_{25}$ Contributions, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include each partner's share of choritab!e contributions of partnerships, but cannot excced 15 percent of the adjusted gross income.
${ }^{20}$ Interest, reported on returns with itemized deductions, is that paid on persnnal debts, bank loans, or mortgages, but excludes interest paid on business debts reported in schedules for business or rent in come, and interest on loans to buy tax-exempt securities or single-premium life insurance and endowment contracts.
${ }^{27}$ Taxes paid, reported on returns with itemized deductions, include personal property taxes, State inconie taxes, certain retail sales toxes, and real estate taxes except those levied for improvements which tend to increase the value of property. This deduction excludes Federal income taxes: estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes; taxes on shares in a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the taxpayer; tixes deducted in the schedules for rents and business; income toxes paid to a foreign country or possessinn of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as t9x credit; and Federal sncial security and employment taxes paid by or for the employee.

28 Losses resulting from fire, storm, shịpwreck, or other casualty, or theft, reported on returns with itemized deductions, are the actual nonbusiness losses sustained, that is, the value of such property less salvage value and insurance or other reimbursement received.
${ }^{29} \mathrm{Medic}{ }^{2}$ and dentol expenses, reported on returns with itemized deductions, paid for the care of the taxpayer, his spouse, or dependents, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, which exceed 5 percent of the adjusted gross income. The deduction cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ multiplied by the number of exemptinns other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except that on a joint return of husband and wife the maximum is $\$ 5,000$.
${ }^{8 n}$ Misecllaneous deductions, reporter on returns with itemized deductions, include alimony nayments, expenses incurred in the production or collection of toxple income or in the management of property held for the production of taxable income, amortizable bond premium, the toxpayer's shere of interest and real estote toxes paid hy a conperative apartment corporation, and gambling losses not exceeding gambling gains reported in income.
${ }^{31}$ Net income reported on long-form returns, Form 1040, which have adjusted gross income in excess of itemized deductions. ,
${ }^{32}$ Net deficit, reported on nontoxable returns, Form 1040. clossified as returns with itemized deductions, consists of adjusted eross deficit on short-form returns and the net deficit on long-form returns resulting from the combination of a djusted gross deficit and itemized deductions or from the excess of itemized dentuctions over adjusted gross income. There is a net deficit on 367.779 returns of which 326.30 ? show adjusted gross deficit and 41,470 show adjusted gross inenme of various amounts and itemized deductions of larger amounts.
${ }^{33}$ Nontaxable returns are those with no adjusted gross income and those with adjusted gross income which income, when reduced by deductions, standard or itemized, and exemptions, results in no tax liability. The $1,204,775$ nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income and with itemized deductions include 41,470 returns with net deficit.
${ }^{34}$ Number of returns associated with this item is subject to sampling variation of more than 100 percent. Such items are not shown separately since they are eonsidered too unreliable for general use; however, they are included in the totals. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.

## ${ }^{38}$ Less than $\$ 500$.

${ }^{36}$ Number of returns is subject to maximum sqmpling variation of 30 to 100 percent, depending on the number in the cell. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.
${ }^{37}$ Frequeney of returns excludes the number of returns, Form 1040A, with this spurce of income reported as other income (sce note 20 ).
38 Frequency of returns includes 896,400 returns, Form 1040 A , showing other income consisting of wares not subject to withbolding, dividends, and interest, not exceeding in total $\$ 100$ per return.
${ }^{98}$ Number of returns is subject to sqmpling varistion of more than 100 percent and is considered too unreliable for general use; therefore the number is not shown separately, but is includer in the totals. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.
40 Net income classes are based on the amount of net ineome (see note 31); returns with net deficit (sce note 32), regardless of the amount, are in aggregate under "No net income."
"Average tax is based on the tax liability after the two tax credits relatine to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free convenant honds and to income tax naid to a forsign enuntry or possrssion of the United Statas. Such cradits are allowed only on returns with itemized deduetions.
42 Returns with normal tax and surtax consist of (1) the optional roturns, Form 1040A, and shortform returns, Form 3040, wherein the optional tax is paid in lien of normal tax and surtax, and (2) long-form returns. Form 1040, on which the regular normal tax and surtax are reported; that is, all taxable long-form returns except those on which the alternative tax is imposed (see note 43).
43 Returns with alternative tax are long-form returns, Form 1040. wherein (1) t.he net ineme includes a net long-term capital gain or an exeess of not long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, and (2) the alternative tax is less than the regnlar normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes all net gain from sales of capital assets. Alternative tax (not effoctive on returns with surtax net income under $\$ 22,000$ ) is the sum of (1) a partial tax computed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates on net income reduced for this purpose by such long-term capital gain and (2) 50 percent of such long-term gain.

44 Number of returns is subject to sampling variation of more than 100 percent. The number of returns and data associated with such returns are not shown separataly since they are considered too unreliable for general use; however, they are included in the totals. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.

45 Joint returns of husbands and wives inelude joint returns filed on Form 10104 even thnugh the collector determined the tax on the basis of separate incomes of husband and wife.

40 Separate returns of husbands and wives do not include joint returns filed on Form 10101 even though the enllector determined the tav on the basis of semarate incomes of husband and wifc. Unequal numbers of returns for men and for women result

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-12, pages 65-178-Continued

(Facsimiles of returns, Forms 1040 and 1040A, appear on pp. 458-181)
from insufficient information to ldentify returns of married persons and from the use of samples as a basis of estimating data.
${ }^{77}$ Separate community property returns of husbands and wives are filed on Form 1040 only. Unequal numbers of returns for men and for women result from insufficient information to identify the returns of married persons and trom the use of samples as a hasis of estimating data.
${ }^{18}$ Adjusted gross deficit less adjusted gross income.
${ }^{40}$ Number of exemptions for age and blindness Includes the additional exemptions claimed for age 65 or over and for blindness of the taxpayer and also those for the spouse on a joint return. (Separate cnumeration of exemptions for age and for blindness is not available.)
${ }^{80}$ Number of exemptions other than age and blindness includes the per capita exemption for the taxpayer, his spouse on a joint return, and each dependent; this enumeration of exemptions is on the same basis as that of the previous year.
${ }^{61}$ Short-term applies to gains and losses from sales or exchanges of eapital assets held 6 months or less and 100 pereent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net short-term capital gain or loss. The amount reported is a combination of short-term gains and losses for the year, together with those received through partnerships and common trust funds; but unlike last year, the amount reported is not combined with the capital loss carry-over.
${ }^{62}$ Long-term applies to gains and losses from the sales and exchanges of capital assets held more than

6 months and 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net long. term capital gain or loss. The amount reported includes such gain or loss received through partnerships and common trust funds.
${ }^{63}$ Capital loss carry-over reported on the 1948 returns is a combination of the 1947 net capital loss and the remaining capital loss carry-overs from 191346, not offset by net capital gains of the succeeding years 1944-47. A net capital loss of any year, to he used as a capital loss carry-over, is the exeess of current year capital losses over the sum of (1) current year capital gains and (2) the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or current year net income (adjusted gross income if tax is determined from tax table) computed without regard to capital gains and losses. A net capital loss may be carried forward as a short-term capital loss for five succeeding years to the extent not previously climinated.
${ }^{54}$ Amounts are a combination of the tabulated net long-term capital gain and net short-term capital loss before the carry-over. This combination results in a slight overstatement of the amount subject to the 50 percent rate in cases where a carry-over was comhined with a short-term loss to determine the excess of long-term gain, or where a carry-over exceeded the short-term gain resulting in a short-term loss which was used to determine the excess of long-term gain, or where there is no short-term gain or loss but a carry-over was used to determine the excess long-term gain.
${ }^{65}$ Includes Alaska.
${ }^{65}$ Number of returns is subject to sampling variations of 30 percent or more, depending on the number in the cell. For description of sample, see pp. 44-52.

## INDIVIDUAL RETURNS AND TAXABLE FIDUCIARY RETURNS, 1913-43

## INDIVIDUAL RETURNS ONLY, 1944-48

## HISTORICAL TABLES

13. Number of returns, income, tax, and tax credits, 1913-48.
14. Number of returns, income, tax, and effective tax rate, by income classes, 1914-48.
15. Sources of income, deductions, and income or deficit, 1916-48. 16. Number of returns, income, and tax, by States and Territories, 1939-48.

Table 13.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191843; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, tax before tax credits, tax credits, and tax; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1948 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns and net deficit or adjusted gross deficit
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Returns with net income, ${ }^{1}$ 1913-43; returns with adjusted gross income, ${ }^{2}$ 1944-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns |  |  |  |  | Net ineome, ${ }^{3}$ 1913-43; adjusted gross income, ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax before tax credits |  |
|  | Total | Taxable | Nontaxable | Percent of total |  |  | Normal tax and surtax ${ }^{7}$ | 1232 percent tax on capital net gain |
|  |  |  |  | Taxable | Non-taxable |  |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1913{ }^{1914}$ | 357, 598 |  |  |  |  | $3,900,000$ $4,000,000$ | 28,254 41,046 |  |
| 1915. | 336, 652 |  |  |  |  | 4, 600, 000 | 67. 944 |  |
| 1916 | 437,036 | 362, 970 | 74,066 | 83 | 17 | 6,298,578 | 173, 387 |  |
| 1917 | 3,472, 890 | 2, 707, 234 | 765, 656 | 78 | 22 | 13, 652, 383 | ${ }^{13} 795.381$ |  |
| 1918. | 4, 425, 114 | 3, 392,863 | 1, 1032,251 | 79 | 21 | 15, 924,639 | 1,127, 722 |  |
| 1920 | 7,259,944 | 5, 518, 310 | 1, 741, 634 | 76 | 24 | 23, 735, 629 | 1,075, 054 |  |
| 1921 | 6, 662, 176 | 3, 589, 985 | 3, 072, 191 | 54 | 46 | 19, 577, 213 | 719, 387 |  |
| 1922 | 6, 787, 481 | 3, 681, 249 | 3, 106, 232 | 54 | 46 | 21, 336, 213 | 829, 991 | 31, 066 |
| 1923 | 7,698, 321 | 4, 270, 121 | 3, 428, 200 | 55 | 45 | ${ }^{14} 24,777,466$ | 1415843,306 | ${ }^{15} 38,916$ |
| 1924 | 7, 369, 788 | 4, 489, 698 | 2, 880, 090 | 61 | 39 | 25, 656, 153 | 6959336 | 48,603 |
| 1925 | 4, 171, 051 | 2, 501, 166 | 1, 669, 885 | 60 | 40 | 21, 894, 576 | 649, 213 | 117, 571 |
| 1926 | 4, 138, 092 | 2, 470, 990 | 1,667, 102 | 60 | 40 | 21, 958, 575 | 648,930 727,548 | 112,510 |
| 1927 | 4, 101, 547 | 2, 440, 941 | $1,660,606$ $1,547,788$ 1 |  | 40 38 | 22, 545, $25,226,327$ | 727,548 970,720 | 134,034 233,451 |
|  | $4,070,851$ $4,044,327$ | 2, 523, 063 | 1,547,788 | 62 | 38 39 | $25,226,327$ $24,800,736$ | 970,720 744,725 | 233,451 284,654 |
| 1930 | 3, 707, 509 | 2, 037,645 | 1, 669,864 | 55 | 45 | 18, 118, 635 | 446, 291 | 65, 422 |
| 1931 | 3, 225, 924 | 1, 525, 546 | 1,700, 378 | 47 | 53 | 13, 604,996 | 268, 380 | 19,423 |
| 1932 | 3, 877, 430 | 1,936, 095 | 1,941, 335 | 50 | 50 | ${ }^{14} 11,655,909$ | 395, 838 | 6, 039 |
| 1933 | 3, 723, 558 | 1, 747, 740 | 1, 975, 818 | 47 | 53 | 11, 008, 638 | 408, 584 | 16,435 |
| 1934 |  | 1, 795, 920 | 2, 298, 500 | 44 46 | 56 54 | 12, 796, 802 | 511,400 |  |
| 1935 | $4,575,012$ $5,413,499$ | $2,110,890$ $2,861,108$ | $2,464,122$ <br> $2,552,391$ <br> 2 | 46 53 | 54 47 47 | $14,909,812$ $19,240,110$ | 657,439 $1,214,017$ | Alternative tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| 1937 | 6,350, 148 | 3, 371, 443 | 2, 978,705 | 53 | 47 | 21, 238, 574 | 1,141,569 |  |
| 1938 | 6, 203, 657 | 3, 048,545 | 3, 155, 112 | 49 | 51 | 18, 897, 374 | 486, 311 | 279, 522 |
| 1939 | 7,633, 199 | 3, 959, 297 | 3, 673, 902 | 52 | 48 | 23, 191, 871 | 599, 862 | 328, 832 |
| 1940 | 14, 665, 462 | 7, 504, 649 | 7,160, 813 | 51 | 49 | 36, 588, 546 | 905. 006 | 591,397 |
| 1941 | 25, 854, 973 | 17, 587, 471 | 8, 267, 502 | 68 | 32 | 58, 863, 025 | 2, 812, 871 | 1, 095, 080 |
| 1942 | 36, 537, 593 | 27, 718, 534 | 8, 819, 059 | 76 | 24 | 78, 809, 362 | 8, 483, 119 | 443,593 |
| 1943 | $\{43,602,456$ | 40, 318, 602 | 3, 283, 854 | 92 | 8 | 99, 585, 627 | 13,576, 376 | 1, 030, 445 |
| Individual returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | 46, 919,590 | $42,354,468$ | $4,565,122$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | $\begin{aligned} & 49,750,891 \\ & 52,600,470 \end{aligned}$ | $42,650,502$ $37,915,696$ | 7,100,489 | 86 72 | 14 28 28 | $120,301,131$ $134,330,006$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,055,476 \\ & 14,006,830 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,005,676 \\ & 2,085,060 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1946 | $\begin{aligned} & 52,600,470 \\ & 54,799,936 \end{aligned}$ | 41,578,524 | 14, 13821,412 | 76 | 24 | 150, 295, 275 | 16, 323, 224 | 1, 769, 131 |
| 1948 | 51, 745, 697 | 36, 411, 248 | 15, 334, 449 | 70 | 30 | 164, 173, 861 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 13.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191943; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, tax before tax credits, tax credits, and tax; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns and net deficit or adjusted gross deficit-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Returns with net income, ${ }^{1} 1913-43$; returns with adjusted gross income, ${ }^{2}$ 1944-48-Continued |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Returns with no } \\ & \text { net income, }{ }^{1928} \\ & \text { 43; returns with } \\ & \text { no adjusted gross } \\ & \text { income, } 1944-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tax before } \\ \text { tax } \\ \text { credits- } \\ \text { Continued } \end{gathered}$ | Tax credits |  |  | Tax ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | 25 percent of earned net income | 1216 per ceapital net loss | Total |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{array}$ | 1928-43; adjusted gross deficit, $1944-48$ |
| Individual returns and  <br> tazable  <br> turns  <br> fluciary  <br> re-  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1914 | $\begin{array}{r} 28,254 \\ 41,046 \\ 67,944 \\ 6794 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1916 |  |  |  |  | 173,387 |  |  |
| 1917 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1919 |  |  |  |  | 1, 269,630 |  |  |
| 1920 | 1, 719595 |  |  |  | 1, ${ }_{719} 78,387$ |  |  |
| 1922 |  |  |  |  | 861,057 |  |  |
| ${ }_{1924}^{1923}$ | $\begin{array}{r}116882,222 \\ 743,939 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 30,637 | 9,036 | 18 ${ }^{18} 220,555$ | ${ }^{17} 661,666$ |  |  |
| 1925 | 766, 784 | 24,570 | 7,659 | ${ }_{32,229}$ | 734, 55 |  |  |
| 1926. |  | 24,647 <br> $\begin{array}{l}24,915\end{array}$ <br> 20 | 4,322 <br> 6,028 | - ${ }^{28,969}$30,943 <br> 9 | ${ }_{830}^{732,471}$ |  |  |
| 1928 | 861, 582 <br> 1, 204, 170 | 24,915 34,790 | ¢, ${ }_{5}^{6,028}$ | $\begin{array}{r}30,943 \\ 39,916 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,164, 254 | 72,829 | 499, 21 |
| 1929 | 1, 1 , 2029,170 | 22, 062 | 5,378 | 27,441 | 1,001, 938 | 92, 545 | 1,025, 130 |
| 1930 | -111,713 <br> 287803 <br> 18 | 24,886 <br> 17,491 | 10,112 | 34, 998 | -476,715 | 144, 867 | 1, $1,539,452$ |
| 1931 | 287,803 401,878 | 17,491 | 边 $\begin{gathered}24,185 \\ 71,915\end{gathered}$ | 41, 716 71,915 | ${ }^{2469}$ 36, 962 | 184,583 | ${ }_{1}^{1,480,922}$ |
| 1933 | 401,878 425,019 | Credits | 50, 899 | 50,899 | 374, 120 | 168,449 | 1,141, 3 31 |
| 1935 | 511,400 657,439 1,169 |  |  |  | 657, 439 | -94, 629 | ${ }_{381,353}^{412,89}$ |
| 1936 | 1,214, 1,17 |  |  |  | 1,214, 017 | 73,272 | 286, 632 |
| 1937 |  |  |  |  | 1, 7465,833 | $\begin{array}{r}83,904 \\ 10023 \\ \hline 23\end{array}$ | - |
| 1939 | $\begin{aligned} & 765,833 \\ & 928,694 \end{aligned}$ | tax paid and tax |  |  | 928, 694 | 82, 61 | - 284,327 |
| 1940 | 1,496, 403 | paid at source ${ }^{10}$ |  |  | 1, 1969 , 403 | 112, 697 | 311,385 |
| 1941 | - ${ }_{\text {8, }}^{\text {8,926,712 }}$ |  |  |  | 188,926,712 | 163, 136 | 198, 598 |
| 1943 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}8,966,712 \\ \\ 14,606,821\end{array}\right.$ | 16,803 |  | 16,803 | ${ }^{18} 14,590,018$ | 216, 738 | 226, 346 |
| Individual returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944----------- | $\begin{aligned} & 16,224,728, ~ \\ & 17,061,52 \\ & 16,09,890 \\ & 18,092,350 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,327 \\ 10,74 \\ 15,977 \\ 16,074 \end{array}$ |  | 8,327 | 16, 216, 401 | 18, | 249,771 |
|  |  |  |  | - $\begin{array}{r}10,774 \\ 15,977\end{array}$ | 17,075,913 | 181,792 | ${ }_{247,206}^{292,472}$ |
| 1947 |  |  |  | 16, 074 | 18,076, 281 | 299,072 | 559, 193 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 15,441, 529 | 326, 309 | 657,847 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-48, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-49; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48
[Income ciasses and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 119,513 | 126, 745 | 111, 123 | 126, 172 | 150, 000 | 185, 391 |
| 1 under 2 | 1,045, 519 | 996, 098 | 918, 447 | 903, 082 | 909, 155 | 862, 153 |
| 2 under 3 | 1,837, 792 | 855, 762 | 837, 781 | 810, 347 | 767, 684 | 675, 019 |
| 3 under 5 | 1, 240, 400 | 1, 209, 345 | 1, 192, 613 | 1, 172, 655 | 1, 070,239 | 912, 630 |
| 5 under 10 | 560, 549 | 567, 700 | 628, 766 | 658, 039 | 550, 977 | 417, 655 |
| 10 under 25 | 246, 730 | 252, 079 | 270, 889 | 271, 454 | 198, 762 | 137, 754 |
| 25 under 50 | 57, 487 | 60, 123 | 68, 048 | 63, 689 | 40, 845 | 24, 308 |
| 50 under 100 | 20, 520 | 22,573 | 27, 207 | 24, 073 | 13, 645 | 7,830 |
| 100 under 150 | 4,724 | 5,261 | 7,049 | 6, 376 | 3,111 | 1,634 |
| 150 under 300 | 3,267 | 3,873 | 5, 678 | 5, 310 | 2,071 | 1,056 |
| 300 under 500 | 892 | 1,141 | 1,756 | 1,641 | 552 | 268 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 468 | 557 | 983 | 976 | 318 | 149 |
| 1,000 or more. | 231 | 290 | 511 | 513 | 150 | 77 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,070,851 \\ 72,829 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,044,327 \\ 92,545 \end{array}$ | $3,707,509$ | $3,225,924$ |
| Grand total | 4, 138, 092 | 4, 101, 547 | 4, 143, 680 | 4, 136, 872 | 3, 852, 376 | 3, 410, 507 |
| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. | 359,688 | 397, 676 | 1320,460 | 299, 594 | 277, 803 | 297, 143 |
| 2 under 2 | 1, 4897, 985 | 1, 480, 717 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 980, } \\ \text { ¢82 }\end{array}$ | 1, $1,177,931$ | 2, 1117,789 | 2, 524,763 |
| 3 under 5 | 703, 755 | 599, 075 | 762, 536 | 873, 673 | 1, 029, 144 | 1, 251, 213 |
| 5 under 10 | 251, 014 | 229, 754 | 290, 824 | 339, 842 | 440, 886 | 471, 171 |
| 10 under 25 | 79, 210 | 75, 643 | 102, 892 | 123, 564 | 176, 649 | 178, 446 |
| 25 under 50 | 18, 480 | 18, 423 | 20, 931 | 26, 029 | 41, 137 | 38,948 |
| 50 under 100 | 5,902 | 6, 021 | 6,093 | 8,033 | 13, 620 | 12,318 |
| 100 under 150 | 995 | 1,084 | 982 | 1,395 | 2, 606 | 2,269 |
| 150 under 300 | 595 | 695 | 690 | 896 | 1,544 | 1, 358 |
| 300 under 500 | 140 | 141 | 116 | 206 | 330 | 312 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 86 | 81 | 86 | 109 | 178 | 162 |
| 1,000 or more | 20 | 50 | 33 | 41 | 61 | 49 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$.- | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,877,430 \\ 206,293 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,723,558 \\ \quad 168,449 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,094,420 \\ 104,170 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,575,012 \\ 94,609 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,413,499 \\ 73,272 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,350,148 \\ 83,904 \end{array}$ |
| Grand total | 4, 083, 723 | 3, 892, 007 | 4, 198, 590 | 4, 669, 621 | 5, 486, 771 | 6, 434, 052 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-48 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1838 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduclary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ <br> Under 3, Optional Form 1040A, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 389, 871 | 374, 223 | 1,941,122 | 1, 976,368 | 3, 228, 706 | 3, 097, 513 |
| 1 under 24 | 2, 433, 949 | 3, 036, 444 | 5, 026, 595 | 5, 754, 402 | 7,172, 627 | 6, 108, 585 |
| 2 under 3 - | 1, 614, 882 | 2, 060,540 | 5, 264, 991 | 4, 722, 477 | 5, 430, 790 | 6, 341, 999 |
| 3 under 5 | 1,172,409 | 1, 468, 402 | 1,652,825 | 2, 199, 668 | 3,422,331 | 6, 096, 027 |
| 5 under 10 | 415, 596 | 1, 484, 698 | 1, 538, 159 | 636,901 | 785, 785 | 1, 107, 412 |
| 10 under 25 | 140, 781 | 164, 707 | 189, 291 | 243,081 | 300, 161 | 390, 203 |
| 25 under 50 | 26, 335 | 31, 992 | 37, 264 | 49,521 | 65, 137 | 86, 203 |
| 50 under 100 | 7,259 | 9, 272 | 10,673 | 14,850 | 19,783 | 25, 362 |
| 100 under 150 | 1,326 | 1,618 | 1,964 | 2,784 | 3,585 | 4, 535 |
| 150 under 300 | 766 | 935 | 1,131 | 1,620 | 1,985 | 2,361 |
| 300 under 500 | 207 | 212 | 267 | 367 | 415 | 456 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 118 | 111 | 128 | 169 |  | 222 |
| 1,000 or more- | 57 | 45 | 52 | 57 | 40 | 55 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income $\qquad$ | 6, 203, 657 | 7, 633, 190 | 14, 685, 462 | 25, 854, 973 | 36, 537, 583 | 43, 602, 456 |
| Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ | 100, 233 | 82,461 | 112,697 | 99,828 | 163, 136 | 216,738 |
| Grand total | 6, 303,890 | 7, 715,660 | 14, 778, 159 | 25, 954, 801 | 36, 700, 729 | 43, 819, 194 |
| Number of return |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted gross income ${ }^{21}$ classes |  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 <br> 0.5 under 1 |  | 260, 590 | 5, 452, 051 $6,213,141$ | 4, 716, 303 | 4, 315, 873 <br> $5,437,964$ | 3, 299, 919 |
| 1 under 1.5 |  | 222, 582 | 7, 319,124 | 7,259,343 | 6,363, 078 | 5, 178, 887 |
| 1.5 under 2 |  | 863, 662 | 7, 175, 731 | 7, 894,044 | 7,357, 596 | 5, 966, 397 |
| 2 under 2.5 |  | ,000,454 | 6, 348, 181 | 7, 430, 633 | 7,608, 050 | 6, 296, 154 |
| 2.5 under 3 |  | ,301,072 | 5, 252,169 | 6,021, 035 | 6, 846, 245 | $6,163,256$ |
| 3 under 4 |  | ,918, 693 | 6, 737, 442 | 7, 036, 187 | $9,162,536$ | 9, 396, 744 |
| 4 under $5^{28}$ |  | ,816, 977 | 2, 612, 825 | 2, 796, 585 | 3, 886, 687 | 5, 094, 747 |
| 5 under 10 |  | , 834, 433 | 1, 885. 471 | 2, 331, 853 | 2, 837,585 | 4, 666, 206 |
| 10 under 15 |  | 298, 478 | 353, 346 | 452, 271 | 486, 961 | 599, 545 |
| 15 under 20 |  | 129,466 | 155, 308 | 192, 540 | 201, 300 | 236, 438 |
| 20 under 25 |  | 67, 537 | 83, 229 | 100, 361 | 102, 386 | 122, 221 |
| 25 under 50 |  | 100, 467 | 120, 220 | 145, 231 | 146,782 | 185, 076 |
| 50 under 100 |  | 28,963 | 33, 495 | 39,101 | 38,049 | 52, 725 |
| 100 under 150 |  | 4,873 | 5, 530 | 6. 373 | 6, 353 | 9, 619 |
| 150 under 300 |  | 2,581 | 2,871 | 3,339 | 3,417 | 5, 145 |
| 300 under 500 |  | 473 | 528 |  | 658 | 952 |
| 500 under 1,000 |  | 221 | 258 | 323 | 302 | 415 |
| 1,000 or more |  | 62 | 71 | 94 | 114 | 149 |
| Total individual returns with adjusted gross income. <br>  |  | 46, 919,590 | 49, 750, 991 | 52, 600, 470 | 54, 799, 936 | 51, 745,697 |
| Individual returns with no adjusted gross incorne 4 |  | 191, 905 | 181,782 | 216,077 | 299, 072 | 326, 309 |
| Grand total |  | , 111,495 | 49, 932, 783 | 52, 816, 547 | 55, 099, 008 | 52,072, 008 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Net income ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1917 | 1018 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| Individual returns and taxable flduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ <br> Under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 |  | 2,461,137 | 2,232, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - 5 | 2, 2 29, 113 | 4, 050, 087 | 3,620, 782 |
| 2 under 3 |  | 2, 064,977 | 3, 626,825 | 3, 807, 286 | 6, 184, 543 | 5, 325, 931 |
| 3 under 5 | 624, 669 | 2,115, 865 | 3, 535, 219 | 4, 513, 264 | 5, 039, 607 | 4,054, 891 |
| 5 under 10 | 1,037,248 | 1,827, 508 | 2, 145, 690 | 2, 954, 137 | 3, 068,331 | 2,378, 750 |
| 10 under 25 | 1, 235, 016 | 1,687, 166 | 1, 736, 548 | 2, 412, 276 | 2, 547, 905 | 1,958, 156 |
| 25 under 50 | 822,662 | 1, 042,320 | 978,043 | 1, 277, 365 | 1,307, 785 | -979, 629 |
| 50 under 100 | 722,795 | 846, 894 | 679, 721 | -896, 497 | 1,810, 386 | 582, 230 |
| 100 under 150 | 357, 355 | 400, 492 | 284, 107 | 358, 303 | 265, 512 | 163, 521 |
| 150 under 300 | 505, 859 | 474, 652 | 305, 025 | 371, 149 | 215, 139 | 145,948 |
| 300 under 500 | 271, 938 | 209, 905 | 144,545 | 159, 071 | 89,314 | 61, 343 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 256, 771 | 214, 631 | 119, 076 | 128, 290 | 79, 963 | - 42, 780 |
| 1,000 or more | 464, 264 | 306, 836 | 137, 487 | 152, 650 | 77,078 | 49,411 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income_ | 6, 298, 578 | 13, 652, 383 | 15, 924,639 | 19, 859, 491 | 23, 735, 629 | 19, 577, 213 |
| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Net income ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 Under 1-........ | 247, 574 | 252, 513 | 235, 452 | 58, 306 | 67, 238 | 72,231 |
| 1 under 2 under | 3,630, 571 $5,153,497$ | 14 ${ }^{14} \mathbf{3 , 6 9 3 , 6 4 2}$ | $3,564,474$ $5,277,147$ | $1,774,602$ $2,047,970$ | $1,747,917$ $2,042,903$ | 1,645, 576 |
| 3 under 5 | 4, 500,558 | $146,469,195$ | 6, 827,924 | 5, 236, 003 | 4,872, 789 | 4,700, 816 |
| 5 under 10 | 2, 641, 905 | ${ }^{14} 2,653,026$ | 2, 991, 188 | 3, 463, 852 | 3, 838, 953 | 3, 895, 759 |
| 10 under 25 | 2, 255, 872 | $142,538,079$ | 2, 855, 397 | 3, 544,898 | 3,660, 622 | 3, 748, 058 |
| 25 under 50 | 1, 208, 274 | 1, 350, 680 | 1, 599, 848 | 2, 032, 239 | 1, 954, 653 | 2,051,771 |
| 50 under 100 | 805, 224 | 833, 898 | 1,066,784 | 1, 418,948 | 1,389, 339 | 1, 535,387 |
| 100 under 150 | 260, 204 | 280, 656 | 377, 645 | 572, 860 | 570, 190 | 636, 019 |
| 150 under 300 | 266, 814 | 260,584 | 374, 609 | 655, 300 | 661, 412 | 787, 270 |
| 300 under 500 | 116, 672 | 124, 569 | 171, 249 | 339,774 | 340, 214 | 431, 122 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 107, 671 | 95,107 | 158, 462 | 327, 368 | 317, 881 | 378, 167 |
| 1,000 or more | 141, 387 | 152,072 | 155, 974 | 422, 457 | 494, 394 | 600, 541 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income- | 21, 336, 213 | ${ }^{14} 24,777,466$ | 25, 656, 153 | 21, 894, 576 | 21,958, 506 | 22, 546, 091 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-210.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-49 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Net income ${ }^{\text {o }}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 <br> Under 3, Optional Form 1040A, not distributed |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,525, 260 | $17,531,107$ $1,429,168$ | 25, 715,974 | $31,083,413$ $1,983,496$ |
| 1 under 24 | 7,361, 338 | 8,872, 128 | 10, 869,168 | 9, 245, 184 |
| 2 under 3. | 12, 583,632 | 11, 479,181 | 13, 294, 849 | 15, 863,154 |
| 3 under 5 | 6, 014, 768 | 8, 000, 997 | 12,453, 166 | 22, 181, 366 |
| 5 under 10 | 3, 604,433 | 4, 286, 515 | 5, 254, 452 | 7, 383, 871 |
| - 10 under 25 | 2,785, 641 | 3, 583, 574 | 4, 452, 963 | 5, 801, 889 |
| 25 under 50 | 1, 257, 086 | 1,673,403 | 2, 201, 992 | 2,912, 220 |
| 50 under 100 | 712, 495 | 994, 006 | 1, 324,652 | 1,690,758 |
| 100 under 150 | 235, 754 | 333, 998 | 431, 323 | 544, 220 |
| 150 under 300 | 226, 596 | 322, 432 | 394, 634 | 465, 726 |
| 300 under 500 | 101, 756 | 139, 765 | 156, 857 | 172,486 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 84, 224 | 115, 661 | 132, 358 | 149, 986 |
| 1,000 or more. | 95, 564 | 106, 081 | 86, 586 | 98, 860 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income <br> Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 36,588,546 \\ 26311,385 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58,868,025 \\ & 26 \\ & 2000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78,889,362 \\ 20,108 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,585,627 \\ 20 \\ 296 \\ \hline 246 \end{array}$ |


| Adjusted gross income ${ }^{23}$ classes | Adjusted gross income ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 947, 548 | 1,498,401 | 1, 295, 218 | 1,169, 815 | 928, 133 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 4,594, 223 | 4, 660,978 | 4, 652,820 | 4, 098, 033 | 3, 383, 376 |
| 1 under $1.5{ }^{24}$ | 9,082, 812 | 9, 213, 989 | 9,107,885 | 7, 970, 953 | 6, 503, 699 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 11, 988, 824 | 12,537, 887 | 13, 818, 825 | 12, 892, 953 | 10, 469, 379 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 13, 454, 630 | 14, 236, 038 | 16, 660,568 | 17, 088, 079 | 14, 164, 492 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 14, 530, 659 | 14, 394, 603 | 16, 467, 266 | 18, 780, 176 | 16, 921,193 |
| 3 under 4. | 23, 773, 010 | 23, 142, 517 | 24, 113, 899 | 31, 476, 430 | 32, 484, 906 |
| 4 under 5 25 | 12, 432, 205 | 11,541,980 | 12, 380, 802 | 17, 229, 570 | 22, 716, 705 |
| 5 under 10 | 11,735, 065 | 12,273, 236 | 15, 288, 504 | 18, 433,619 | 29, 818, 294 |
| 10 under 15 | 3, 602, 112 | 4, 267, 146 | 5, 460, 356 | 5, 870, 665 | 7, 200, 668 |
| 15 under 20 | 2, 224, 022 | 2, 668, 955 | 3, 306, 371 | 3,455, 452 | 4, 054, 251 |
| 20 under 25 | 1, 504, 311 | 1, 853, 715 | 2, 232, 572 | 2,276, 347 | 2, 717,601 |
| 25 under 50 | 3, 388,703 | 4, 052,666 | 4,885, 091 | 4, 923, 479 | 6, 237, 807 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,926, 020 | 2, 232, 799 | 2, 593, 410 | 2, 525, 752 | 3, 516,082 |
| 100 under 150 | 584, 702 | 661, 464 | 761, 223 | 759, 938 | 1,153,456 |
| 150 under 300 | 510,236 | 569, 597 | 660,887 | 678, 000 | 1,017,684 |
| 300 under 500 | 177,025 | 202, 032 | 243, 268 | 249, 255 | 353, 350 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 149, 017 | 169,744 | 216, 896 | 201, 811 | 274,704 |
| 1,000 or more | 109, 611 | 123, 384 | 184, 145 | 214,946 | 258, 072 |
| Total individual returns with adjusted gross income.- | 116, 714, 736 | 120, 301, 131 | 134, 330, 006 | 150, 295, 275 | 164, 173, 861 |
| Individual returns with no adjusted gross income ${ }^{4}$ | ${ }^{28} 249,771$ | ${ }^{38} 292,472$ | ${ }^{26} 247,206$ | ${ }^{26} 559,193$ | ${ }^{26} 657,847$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-49 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thonsands of dollars]

| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Tax ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ <br> Under 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 |  | 16, 244 | 26, 482 | 24,696 | 36, 860 | 29, 161 |
| 2 under 3 |  | 9,097 | 35, 415 | 28, 258 | 45, 508 | 20, 712 |
| 3 under 5. | 776 | 18, 283 | 82,929 | 75,915 | 83,496 | 42, 744 |
| 5 under 10 | 6,301 | 44, 066 | 93,058 | 91, 538 | 97, 886 | 68,871 |
| 10 under 25 | 11,637 | 80, 695 | 142, 449 | 164, 833 | 172, 259 | 126,886 |
| 25 under 50 | 11,603 | 76, 593 | 130, 241 | 154, 946 | 154, 265 | 112, 910 |
| 50 under 100 | 16, 299 | 85, 028 | 147, 429 | 186,358 | 163, 718 | 115, 712 |
| 100 under 150 | 12, 423 | 55, 766 | 95,680 | 118, 705 | 86, 588 | 62, 330 |
| 150 under 300 | 24, 007 | 86, 718 | 136, 156 | 163, 095 | 92, 604 | 61, 496 |
| 300 under 500 | 17,951 | 50, 228 | 79, 165 | 86, 031 | 47, 043 | 31, 860 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 20, 902 | 59,349 | 69, 834 | 76, 228 | 45,641 | 25, 112 |
| 1,000 or more. | 51,487 | 109, 425 | 88,885 | 99, 027 | 49, 185 | 31, 420 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income.- | 173,387 | 691, 493 | 1, 127, 722 | 1, 269, 630 | 1,075, 054 | 719, 387 |
| Tax ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1922 | $1923{ }^{17}$ | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returnis, with net income: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 247 | 317 | 146 | 69 | 56 | 40 |
| 1 under 2 | 27,081 | 1418,253 | 10,432 | 1,704 | 1,761 | 1,234 |
| 2 under 3 - | 20, 730 | ${ }^{14} 16,606$ | 10, 207 | 3, 809 | 4,217 | 3, 970 |
| 3 under 5 | 47, 533 | 14 46,048 | 26,865 | 8,326 | 7,245 | 6, 508 |
| - 5 under 10 | 70, 388 | ${ }^{14} 54,075$ | 28,828 | 19,149 | 20, 272 | 20,665 |
| - 10 under 25 | 123, 576 | 14103,109 | 78, 069 | 74, 172 | 72, 465 | 74, 226 |
| 25 under 50 | 125,697 | 103, 601 | 109, 360 | 120, 689 | 112, 797 | 119, 475 |
| 50 under 100 | 144,093 | 108, 879 | 136, 636 | 147, 843 | 140,947 | 156,675 |
| - 100 under 150 | 71, 337 | 55, 719 | 75, 678 | 79,472 | 77,900 | 87, 398 |
| - 150 under 300 | 98,810 | 62, 104 | 92, 481 | 103, 059 | 103, 997 | 123, 776 |
| 300 under 500 | 43, 488 | 31,669 | 45, 771 | 55, 722 | 55, 256 | 73, 750 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 38, 559 | 25,498 | 42, 585 | 53, 674 | 53,665 | 64, 265 |
| 1,000 or more | 49, 518 | 35, 788 | 47, 207 | 66, 867 | 81, 893 | 98,657 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 861, 057 | ${ }^{14} 661,666$ | 704, 265 | 734, 555 | 732, 471 | 830,639 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income ${ }^{21}$ classes | Tax ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1928 | 1928 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 60 | 17 | 37 | 24 | 103 | 97 |
| 1 under 2 | 1, 550 | 553 | 1,269 | 943 | 12, 254 | 10,345 |
| 2 under 3 | 4,317 | 1,404 | 3, 310 | 2,466 | 9,822 | 7,710 |
| 3 under 5 | 7,475 | 2, 413 | 5,352 | 3,832 | 20,895 | 18,397 |
| 5 under 10 | 22, 896 | 9,551 | 17,448 | 12,407 | 35, 615 | 35, 077 |
| 10 under 25 | 82, 758 | 59,893 | 49, 561 | 31, 897 | 50, 150 | 54, 977 |
| 25 under 50 | 136, 568 | 113, 904 | 72, 708 | 40, 096 | 43, 546 | 52, 355 |
| 50 under 100 | 194, 447 | 160, 814 | 87, 379 | 44, 780 | 47, 150 | 57, 491 |
| 100 under 150 | 116, 855 | 99, 560 | 48, 749 | 23, 135 | 24, 469 | 30, 369 |
| 150 under 300 | 182, 514 | 159, 221 | 62, 463 | 28, 793 | 31, 912 | 40, 412 |
| 300 under 500 | 113, 250 | 97, 336 | 33, 053 | 15, 411 | 18, 554 | 17, 910 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 116, 424 | 106, 219 | 34, 289 | 15, 457 | 19, 016 | 21, 221 |
| 1,000 or more. | 185, 140 | 191, 054 | 61, 098 | 26, 886 | 16, 476 | 27, 759 |
| ciary returns, with net income. | 1, 164, 254 | 1, 001, 938 | 476, 715 | 246, 127 | 329, 962 | 374, 120 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 |
| Individual returns and taxable flduciary returns, with net income: 1 <br> Under 1 $\qquad$ 111 <br> 125 <br> 331 <br> 468 <br> 719 <br> 744 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2. | 8,659 | 10,058 | 14, 010 | 17, 262 | 15,202 | 21, 422 |
| 2 under 3 | 7,567 | 9, 311 | 13,988 | 15, 622 | 13, 789 | 21, 374 |
| 3 under 5 | 18, 349 | 20,738 | 32, 232 | 38, 852 | 33, 920 | 47, 424 |
| 5 under 10 | 43, 086 | 48, 728 | 79, 369 | 83, 529 | 71, 654 | 83, 430 |
| 10 under 25 | 83, 960 | 103, 754 | 175, 613 | 175, 709 | 134, 162 | 158, 156 |
| 25 under 50 | 84,907 | 106, 670 | 191, 339 | 179, 395 | 120, 594 | 146,937 |
| 50 under 100 | 84, 792 | 112, 816 | 216, 045 | 194,507 | 116, 989 | 146,686 |
| 100 under 150 | 38, 166 | 54, 132 | 116, 156 | 102,062 | 58, 224 | 71, 970 |
| 150 under 300 | 57,995 | 74, 039 | 147, 381 | 131,060 | 69, 744 | 88, 234 |
| 300 under 500 | 20, 854 | 37, 245 | 71, 470 | 67,489 | 39, 832 | 44, 237 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 30,745 | 38, 323 | 78,945 | 74, 156 | 42, 353 | 44, 598 |
| 1,000 or more. | 32, 211 | 41,499 | 77,138 | 61, 457 | 48, 035 | 53, 181 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income <br> Individual returns with no net income ${ }^{3}$-- | 511, 400 | 657, 439 | 1,214, 017 | 1,141, 569 | $\begin{array}{r} 765,218 \\ 615 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 928,394 \\ 300 \end{array}$ |
| Grand total | 511, 400 | 657, 439 | 1, 214, 017 | 1, 141, 569 | 765, 833 | 928,694 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money igures in thousands of dollars]


| Adjusted gross income ${ }^{23}$ classes | Tax ${ }^{11}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
|  | 146, 361 | 138,405 | 112,705 | 99,608 | 3777006 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 584, 939 | 575, 916 | 432, 817 | 387, 787 | 187, 415 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1,026, 126 | 1, 071,730 | 848, 468 | 844,726 | 435, 023 |
| 2 under 2.5 under 3 | 1, 264, 429 | 1,344, 942 | 1,142, 625 | 1, 291, 807 | 704, 578 |
| 3.5 under 4 |  | 1, 424, 862 | $1,227,337$ $2,099,586$ | $1,510,628$ $2,767,106$ | 914,648 1,990 |
| 4 under 5 . | 1, 626, 139 | 1, 507, 599 | 1, 277, 523 | 1, 761, 421 | 1, 687,046 |
| 5 under 10 | 1, 997, 510 | 2, 119, 569 | 2, 160, 867 | 2, 550, 665 | 2, 960, 914 |
| 10 under 15 | 866, 922 | 1, 025,393 | 1, 105, 837 | 1, 172, 385 | 1, 002, 044 |
| 15 under 20 under 25 | 647,519 505,473 | 775,181 619,816 | 824,524 652,023 | 850, 451 <br> 656,648 | -684, 138 |
| 20 under 25 under 50 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 505, } \\ \text { 1, } 412,268 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 619,816 $1,669,629$ | r $\begin{array}{r}652,023 \\ 1,800,013\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 656, } \\ \text { 1, } 7888 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,526, 578 |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 021,998 | 1, 156, 298 | 1, 223,315 | 1, 186, 450 | 1, 247,160 |
| 100 under 150 | 360, 446 | 387, 962 | 410, 973 | 411, 090 | 503, 298 |
| 150 under 300 | 337, 501 | 350, 103 | 376, 701 | 394, 900 | 503, 445 |
| 300 under 500 | 121, 513 | 123, 617 | 142,808 | 147, 832 | 194, 535 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 103, 804 | 109, 962 | 127, 671 | 122,749 | 155, 868 |
| 1,000 or more. | 76,058 | 79,900 | 110, 117 | 131, 263 | 151, 715 |
| Total Individual returns with adjusted gross income.............. | 16, 216, 401 | 17, 050, 378 | 16, 075, 913 | 18,076, 281 | 15, 441,529 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-49; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Effective tax rate (percent) ${ }^{27}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.18 |
| 1 under 2 | . 08 | . 07 | . 57 | . 49 | . 38 | . 40 | . 47 |
| 2 under 3 | . 18 | . 15 | . 40 | . 34 | . 31 | . 33 | 42 |
| 3 under 5 | 13 | . 11 | . 80 | . 83 | 65 | 64 | 84 |
| 5 under 10 | . 47 | . 44 | 2.12 | 2.28 | 2. 21 | 2. 13 | 2.67 |
| 10 under 25 | 1.70 | 1. 59 | 4.32 | 4. 94 | 5.55 | 5.69 | 6.68 |
| 25 under 50 | 5. 25 | 4. 89 | 6.92 | 8. 31 | 11.98 | 12. 09 | 13.66 |
| 50 under 100 | 9.51 | 8.48 | 11.99 | 14. 34 | 20. 89 | 21. 06 | 23.65 |
| 100 under 150 | 13. 03 | 11. 77 | 20.41 | 23. 51 | 32.41 | 32.54 | 37.32 |
| 150 under 300 | 14.91 | 13.58 | 27.04 | 29. 03 | 41.14 | 41.15 | 47.86 |
| 300 under 500 | 15.96 | 15. 08 | 35. 36 | 32.82 | 47. 58 | 47.81 | 57.40 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 16. 20 | 15.11 | 32.86 | 37.43 | 51.70 | 51.92 | 64.31 |
| 1,000 or more. | 16. 98 | 16. 19 | 46.75 | 31.96 | 55. 75 | 56.36 | 71.66 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. | 2.63 | 1.81 | 2.83 | 3. 40 | 4.00 | 4. 41 | 6.31 |

Effective tax rate (percent) ${ }^{\mathbf{3 7}}$

| - Net income ${ }^{\text {28 }}$ classes |  | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income: 1 <br> Under 3, Optional Form 1040A, not |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 0.23 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.14 | 1. 79 | 3. 81 | 5. 08 |
| 1 under 24 | . 48 | . 44 | . 49 | . 78 | 1. 59 | 4. 56 | 8.31 |
| 2 under 3 . | . 39 | . 34 | . 41 | . 40 | 2. 60 | 7.25 | 10. 52 |
| 3 under 5 | . 84 | 79 | . 87 | 1. 31 | 5.11 | 11. 05 | 13.40 |
| 5 under 10 | 2.63 | 2.57 | 2.57 | 3.32 | 9.48 | 17. 21 | 20.18 |
| 10 under 25 | 6.66 | 6. 51 | 6.54 | 9.09 | 19.07 | 27.65 | 30.79 |
| 25 under 50 | 13.60 | 13.60 | 13.61 | 21.55 | 34.31 | 43.06 | 46.19 |
| 50 under 100 | 23.60 | 24. 13 | 23. 74 | 35. 29 | 46. 56 | 56.04 | 59.48 |
| 100 under 150 | 37.49 | 36. 75 | 37.11 | 46. 93 | 54.48 | 66.40 | 69.69 |
| 150 under 300 | 48.06 | 45. 00 | 47. 06 | 54.21 | 58.08 | 72.90 | 75.95 |
| 300 under 500 | 57.45 | 50.78 | 54.35 | 59.99 | 59.94 | 78.08 | 80.31 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 64.82 | 52.03 | 60.19 | 60.76 | 62.24 | 78.45 | 77.50 |
| 1,000 or more. | 71.95 | 43.63 | 65. 36 | 69.71 | 61.98 | 75.47 | 76. 27 |
| Total individual and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income. $\qquad$ | 5.37 | 4.05 | 4.00 | 4.09 | 6.63 | 11. 32 | 14.65 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 14.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, by net income classes: Number of returns, 1914-43, net income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1916-43; individual returns with adjusted gross income by adjusted gross income classes: Number of returns, adjusted gross income, tax, and effective tax rate, 1944-48; also aggregates for individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only) and for individual returns with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Adjusted gross income ${ }^{28}$ classes | Effective tax rate (percent) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
| Individual returns with sdjusted gross income: ${ }^{3}$ <br> Under 0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 <br> 0.5 under 1 | 3. 19 | 2.97 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 11 |
| 1 under $1.5{ }^{34}$ | 6. 44 | 6. 25 | 4.75 | 2.87 4.87 | 2. 88 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 8. 56 | 8.55 | 6. 14 | 6.55 | 4.16 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 9. 40 | 9.45 | 6. 86 | 7.56 | 4. 97 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 10. 01 | 9.90 | 7.45 | 8. 04 | 5. 41 |
| 3 under 4 - | 11. 20 | 11. 10 | 8. 71 | 8. 79 | 6. 13 |
| 4 under $5^{25}$ | 13.08 | 13. 06 | 10. 32 | 10.22 | 7. 43 |
| 5 under 10 | 17.02 | 17.27 | 14. 13 | 13. 84 | 9.93 |
| 10 under 15 | 24.07 | 24. 03 | 20. 25 | 19.97 | 13.92 |
| 15 under 20 | 29.11 | 29. 04 | 24. 94 | 24. 61 | 16. 87 |
| 20 under 25 | 33.60 | 33. 44 | 29. 21 | 28. 85 | 19. 38 |
| 25 under 50 | 41.68 | 41. 20 | 36. 85 | 36. 33 | 24.93 |
| 50 under 100- | 53.06 | 51.79 | 47.17 | 46. 97 | 35. 47 |
| 100 under 150 | 61.65 | 58.65 | 53. 99 | 54. 10 | 43. 63 |
| 150 under 300 | 66.15 | 61.47 | 57.00 | 58. 24 | 49.47 |
| 300 under 500 | 68.64 | 61.19 | 58.70 | 59.31 | 55. 05 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 69.66 | 64. 78 | 58.86 | 60.82 | 56. 74 |
| 1,000 or more. | 69.39 | 64.76 | 59.80 | 61.07 | 58.79 |
| Total individual returns with adjusted gross income. | 13. 89 | 14.17 | 11.97 | 12.03 | 0.41 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1916 | $1917{ }^{28}$ | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns ${ }^{20}$ | 22 429, 401 | 1,832,132 | 4,425, 114 | 5, 332, 760 | 7,259,944 | 6,662,176 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{30}$ Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{3}$ | 1,851, 277 | 3,648, 438 | 8, 267, 392 | 10, 755, 693 | ${ }^{14} 15,322,873$ | 13,813,169 |
| Business profit 32 |  | [ $2,865,413$ | 3, 124, 355 | 3, 877, 550 | $143,215,555$ | 2,366, 319 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{33}$------- | 2,637, 475 | 775, 087 | 1, 214,914 | 1,831,430 | ${ }^{14} 1,706,229$ | 1,341, 186 |
| Profit from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc... | 2, 03,475 | 318, 171 | 291, 186 | 999, 364 | 1,020, 543 | 462,859 |
| Rents and royalties profit.- | 643, 803 | 684, 343 | 975, 680 | 1,019, 094 | 1,047, 424 | 1,177,958 |
| Dividends ${ }^{24}$ - | 2, 136, 469 | 2, 848,842 | 2, 468, 749 | 2, 453, 775 | 2, 735, 846 | 2, 476, 952 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{35}$-- | 379, 795 |  | (10) | $\left({ }^{40}\right)$ | (40) | (40) |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Goverament obligations ${ }^{36}$ |  | 936, 715 | (11) | 63,377 | 61, 550 | 46,994 |
| Interest and other income ${ }^{37}$ | 701, 084 |  | 1, 403,486 | 1,437, 402 | ${ }^{14} 1,580,250$ | 1,643, 344 |
| Total income | 8,349, 902 | 12,077, 009 | 17, 745, 761 | 22,437,686 | 26,690, 270 | 23,328, 782 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc.-- | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | (12) | (22) | (4) | (22) | (42) |
| Net loss from business 32 | (12) | (12) | (12) | ( ${ }^{4}$ ) | (12) | (42) |
| Net loss from partnership ${ }^{33}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest paid.---- | (12) | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | (12) | (42) | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | (42) |
| Contributions ${ }^{38}$ |  | 245, 080 | (22) | (42) | 387, 290 | $\left.{ }^{42}\right)$ |
| Other deductions ${ }^{39}$ | 2, 051, 324 | 885, 763 | 1,821,122 | 2, 578, 194 | 2,567,351 | 3,751, 569 |
| Total deductions. | 2, 051, 324 | 1,130,843 | 1,821,122 | 2, 578, 194 | 2,954,641 | 3,751,569 |
| Net income | 6, 298, 578 | 10, 946, 166 | 15, 924,639 | 19, 859, 491 | 23, 735, 629 | 19, 577, 213 |

[^13]Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1922 | $1923{ }^{14}$ | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns ${ }^{20}$ | 6,787, 481 | 7,698,321 | 7,369,788 | 4,171, 051 | 4,138, 092 | 4,101,547 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{30}$ Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{31}$ | 13, 693, 993 | 14, 195, 356 | 13, 617,663 | 9, 742, 160 | 9, 994, 315 | 10, 218,450 |
| Business profit ${ }^{32}$ | 2, 839, 771 | 4, 722, 766 | 4,755, 483 | 3,688, 804 | 3,572, 895 | 3, 287, 421 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{33}$ | 1, 427, 127 | 1,676,409 | 1, 810,014 | 1,827,025 | 1,732,581 | 1,755,145 |
| Profit from sale of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain........... | 742,104 | 863, 107 | 1,124, 566 | 1,991, 659 | 1,465, 625 | 1,813,396 |
| Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than 2 years 43 | 249, 248 | 305, 394 | 389, 148 | 940, 569 | 912,917 | 1,081,186 |
| Rents and royalties profit.- | 1,224,929 | 1, 814, 126 | 2,009, 716 | 1,471, 332 | 1,450,760 | 1, 302, 276 |
| Dividends ${ }^{34}$ | 2, 664,219 | 3,119, 829 | 3,250,914 | 3, 464,625 | 4,011,590 | 4, 254, 829 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{35}$.- | 257, 928 | 329, 124 | 310, 144 | 305, 806 | 333, 365 | 421,481 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{36}$ $\qquad$ | 33,989 | 43,711 | 29,645 | 25,651 | 36,782 | 47,479 |
| Other taxable interest Other income ${ }^{37}$ | 1,738, 601 | 2,177,771 | 2,281,703 | 1, 814, 402 | 1,936,604 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 1,675,916 \\ 350,981 \end{array}\right.$ |
| Total incom | 24, 871, 908 | 29, 247, 593 | 29, 578, 997 | 25, 272,035 | 25,447, 436 | 26, 208, 561 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | (12) | (4) |  |  |
| Capital net loss ${ }^{4}$--.-.---- |  |  | (42) | (42) |  | $\left({ }^{22}\right)$ |
| Net loss from business ${ }^{32}$ Net loss from partnership ${ }^{33}$ | (42) | (42) | (42) | (42) | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) |  |
| Interest paid | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | ( ${ }^{42}$ ) | (42) | (42) | (42) | (42) 800,806 |
| Contributions | 425, 218 | 534,797 | 533,168 | 441,590 | 484,205 | 507,705 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{30}$ | 3,110,478 | 3, 935, 330 | 3,389, 675 | 2,935, 868 | 2, 826, 509 | 2, 127, 079 |
| Total deductions | 3, 535,696 | 4,470, 127 | 3, 922, 843 | 3,377,458 | 3, 488, 930 | 3,663,470 |
| Net income | 21, 336, 213 | 24, 777, 466 | 25, 656, 153 | 21, 894, 576 | 21, 958, 506 | 22, 545, 091 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1928 |  | 1929 |  | 1930 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income ${ }^{14}$ | Individual returns with no net income | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income |
| Number of returns ${ }^{20}$ | 4, 070, 851 | 72,829 | 4, 044, 327 | 92, 545 | 3, 707, 509 | 144, 867 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{30}$ Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{31}$ <br> Business profit | $10,862,331$ $3,243,955$ | 82,193 32,811 | $11,173,068$ $3,327,989$ | 199,654 58,413 | $9,921,952$ <br> $2,628,057$ | 283,727 69,697 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{33}$ - <br> Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain. | $1,929,520$ $2,928,142$ | 16,631 53,584 | $1,846,431$ $2,335,898$ | 49,533 85,265 | $1,089,646$ 636,738 | 57, 260 |
| Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than 2 years ${ }^{43}$ | 1,879,780 | 274 | 2,385,888 | 1,426 | 556, 392 | 68,135 |
| Rents and royalties profit. | 1, 164, 518 | 67,071 | 1, 278,757 | 79,984 | 974,325 | 103, 460 |
| Dividends ${ }^{34}$---.-.-.--- | 4, 350, 979 | 88,984 | 4, 783, 240 | 297, 726 | 4, 197, 304 | 434, 988 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{\text {Pabs }}$-- | 443, 998 | 17,577 | 508, 221 | 12, 209 | 429, 459 | 19,843 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{36}$ Other taxable interest Other income ${ }^{37}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40,553 \\ 1,841,818 \\ 302,040 \end{array}$ | 1,763 59,760 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 40,184 \\ 1,908,030 \\ 296,235 \end{array}\right.$ | 2,864 115,177 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 38,134 \\ 1,608,434 \\ 249,004 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,738 \\ 161,536 \end{array}$ |
| Total income | 28, 987, 634 | 420, 649 | 29, 844, 758 | 902, 251 | 14 22,319,446 | 1, 204, 383 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (42) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (42, } 4, \end{aligned}$ | 994, 665 | 838, 984 | 1,232,776 | 1,307,143 |
| Net loss from business. <br> Net loss from partner- <br> ship ${ }^{33}$ <br> Interest paid 45 | ( ${ }^{2}$ ) | ${ }^{(22)}$ | (42) | (42) | 172, 538 | 570,023 |
|  | 1,180, 287 | (42) | 1,360, 180 | (42) |  | (22) |
| Interest paid 45 <br> Taxes paid ${ }^{45}$ Contributions Other deductions ${ }^{30}$ | 762, 967 | 125, 990 | 818, 191 | 156, 054 |  | 31,536 |
|  | 532, 886 | 8, 465 | 527,093 | 13, 016 | ${ }^{14} 417,771$ | 16,630 |
|  | 1,113,445 | 640, 847 | 1,343, 894 | 919, 327 | $112,377,726$ | 818, 503 |
| Total deductions | 3, 761, 308 | 919, 862 | 5, 044, 023 | 1,927, 381 | $144,200,811$ | 2, 743, 835 |
| Net income or def | 25, 226, 327 | ${ }^{26} 499,213$ | 24, 800, 736 | ${ }^{26} 1,025,130$ | 18, 118, 635 | ${ }^{26} 1,539,452$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191648; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| 16 | 1931 |  | 1932 |  | 1933 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.1 'Distribution | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income |
| Number of returns ${ }^{29}$ | 3, 225, 924 | 184, 583 | 3, 877, 430 | 206, 293 | 3, 723, 558 | 168, 449 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{30}$ <br> Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{31}$ <br> Business profit | $8,325,162$ $1,889,759$ | 305,684 73,186 | $8,136,717$ $1,294,952$ | 219,716 54,880 | 7, 390,356 $1,402,923$ | 174,581 51,137 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{33}$ | -729,523 | 47, 754 | 1, 482, 863 | 28,612 | 1,603, 725 | 31, 000 |
| Profit from sales of real estate, stocks, bonds, etc., other than taxed as capital net gain |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than |  | 29, 573 |  | 20,602 |  | 67, 470 |
| , 2 years ${ }^{33}$--.....-.-.-....- | 169, 949 |  | 50,074 |  | 133, 616 |  |
| Rents and royalties profit.- | 770, 764 | 117, 059 | 529, 989 | 105, 609 | 447, 883 | 83, 675 |
| 2: Dividends ${ }^{34}$------------- | 3, 113, 861 | 485, 616 | 1, 972, 133 | 216, 544 | 1, 559, 046 | 152,361 |
| Income from fiduciaries ${ }^{35}$-- | 369, 140 | 29,438 | 310,949 | 18, 843 | 276, 067 | 19,846 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| obligations ${ }^{36}$.- | 25, 325 | 5,138 | 29, 188 | 4,235 | 31,689 | 4,420 |
| Other taxable interest.-.-.- | 1,337, 606 |  | $\{1,141,799$ | 131, 993 | 961, 732 | 107, 904 |
| Other income ${ }^{37}$ | 235, 696 | 206, 302 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1,330,602\end{array}\right.$ | 30, 559 | 167, 197 | 33, 423 |
| Total incom | 17, 268, 451 | 1,299, 750 | 14, 392, 080 | 831, 592 | 13, 393, 825 | 725, 817 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sale of real |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| estate, stocks, bon | 1,160,765 | 1,818, 724 | 375, 445 | 835, 280 | 365, 782 | 773, 899 |
| Capital net loss ${ }^{41}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from business --. Net loss from partnership Tnterest <br> Interest paid ${ }^{45}$ | 134, 685 |  |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}61,985 \\ 30\end{array}\right.$ | 181, 099 |
|  | 134, 685 | 590, 123 | 112,659 | 519, 340 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}31,435 \\ \hline 507\end{array}\right.$ | 68, 850 |
|  | (42) | (42) |  | (42) | 507, 520 | 135, 232 |
|  | 328,300 | 197, 33 | 9 | 12651 | 506, 258 | 171, 387 |
| Contributions | 2, 039,705 | 605, 019 | ${ }^{14} 1,944,057$ | 767, 486 | 660, 956 | 507, 017 |
| Total deductions...- | 3, 663, 455 | 3, 236,628 | ${ }^{14} 2,736,171$ | 2, 312, 514 | 2, 385, 187 | 1,867, 148 |
| Net income or deficit | 13, 604, 996 | ${ }^{26} 1,936,878$ | ${ }^{14} 11,655,909$ | ${ }^{26} 1,480,922$ | 11, 008, 638 | ${ }^{26} 1,141,331$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1934 |  | 1935 |  | 1936 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Individual returns and returns of flduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income | Individual returns and returns of flduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no ne income | Individual returns and returns of fiduciaries, with net income | Individual returns with no net income |
| Number of returns ${ }^{20}$ | 4, 094, 420 | 104, 170 | 4, 575, 012 | 94, 609 | 5,413,499 | 73, 272 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{30}$ Salaries, wages, commissions, etc. ${ }^{31}$ $\qquad$ | 8,600,455 | 80,415 | 9, 900, 578 | 71,670 | 11, 661, 274 | 57,036 |
| Business profit | 1, 716, 842 | 30,808 | 1, 855, 019 | 25, 688 | 2,374, 258 | 22, 729 |
| Partuership profit ${ }^{33}$ | 631, 915 | 12,137 | 739, 822 | 9, 514 | 1,022, 288 | 9,450 |
| Net capital gain ${ }^{46}$ | 211, 319 | 17, 746 | 509, 714 | 20,409 | 973,796 | 22,497 |
| Rents and royalties profit.- | 509, 844 | 59, 225 | 572, 060 | 51,121 | 685,063 | 42, 091 |
| Dividends ${ }^{34}$-------------- | 1, 965,670 | 75, 078 | 2, 234, 727 | 53, 608 | 3, 173, 844 | 54, 156 |
| Income from flduciaries ${ }^{35}$-- | 288, 730 | 8, 552 | 328, 978 | 6,874 | 826,184 | 8,738 |
| Partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations ${ }^{38}$ | 38,044 | 2,224 | 43, 820 | 2,319 | 43, 627 | 1,322 |
| Other taxable interest | 909, 231 | 45, 235 | 900, 501 | 32, 985 | 887, 684 | 22,017 |
| Other income ${ }^{37}$ | 220, 910 | 12,635 | 231, 286 | 14, 465 | 240, 357 | 8,493 |
| Total incom | 15, 092, 960 | 344, 055 | 17,316, 505 | 288, 653 | 21, 888,373 | 248, 530 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from business.-.-- | 63,885 29,004 | 130,522 | 67,453 23,876 | 116,068 35,601 | $\begin{aligned} & 79,520 \\ & 21.307 \end{aligned}$ | 90,070 28,190 |
| Net capital loss ${ }^{16}$-....---.- | 183, 762 | 27, 274 | 145, 728 | 21,616 | 129,704 | 14,845 |
| Interest paid ${ }^{13}$ | 517, 217 | 88,538 | 503, 730 | 67, 924 | 544,869 | 48,189 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{45}$ | 541, 191 | 64,143 | 596, 559 | 48,415 | 698, 609 | 38,850 |
| Contributions. | 272, 822 | 6, 994 | 305, 155 | 4,998 | 385, 838 | 3,753 |
| Other deductions | 688, 277 | 396, 499 | 764, 191 | 375, 384 | 788,416 | 311, 263 |
| Total deductions | 2, 296, 158 | 756, 914 | 2, 406,693 | 670, 006 | 2, 648, 263 | 535, 161 |
| Net income or deflcit. | 12, 796, 802 | ${ }^{20} 412,859$ | 14, 909, 812 | ${ }^{96} 381,353$ | 19, 240, 110 | ${ }^{26} 286,632$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures In thousands of doliars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| 14 Distribution | 1943 |  | 1944 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income | Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with no net income | Individual returns with adjusted gross income |  | Individual returns with no adjusted gross income ${ }^{4}$ |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { With } \\ \text { standard } \\ \text { deduction } 60 \end{gathered}$ | With itemized deductions ${ }^{81}$ |  |
|  | 43, 602, 456 | 216, 738 | 38, 683, 120 | 8, 236, 470 | 191, 905 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Salaries, wages, commissions ${ }^{31}$ | 82, 713, 697 | 40,975 | 70, 879, 319 | 20, 215, 762 | 29,666 |
| Dividends ${ }^{34}$ | 3, 069,684 | 35, 546 |  |  |  |
| Partially tax-exempt ${ }^{36}$ <br> Taxable ${ }^{55}$ | 84,750 76,283 | 1,023 | 1,033, 372 | 2, 877, 738 | 12, 620 |
| Other taxable interest | 796,548 | 11,089 |  |  |  |
| Annuities ${ }^{57}$ | 125, 113 | 1, 716 | 79,486 | 100, 857 | 1,060 |
| Income from flduciaries ${ }^{35}$ | 833, 801 | 5,593 | 233, 627 | 686, 619 | 2,635 |
| Business profit ${ }^{32}$ | 11, 063,695 | 22, 813 | 7, 686, 181 | 4, 400, 137 | 12,909 |
| Business loss ${ }^{32}$ | (See ded | uctions) | 134,671 | 165, 182 | 235, 386 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{33}$ | 5, 137, 596 | 15, 265 | 2, 537,455 | 3, 229, 240 | 5,713 |
|  | (See ded | uctions) | 20,636 | 35, 991 | 29,763 |
| Net gain from sales of capital assets ${ }^{\text {53-.-- }}$ | 882, 394 | 10, 136 | 404,920 79 | 722, 526 | 11, 570 |
| Net loss from sales of capital assets ${ }^{63}$-. | (See ded | uctions) | 79,064 | 133, 674 | 11, 664 |
| than capital assets ${ }^{49}$.-... | 77,699 | 721 | 39,085 | 25, 273 | 2,156 |
| Net loss from sales of property other then capital assets 40 | (See ded | uctions) | 21,612 | 51,613 | 56, 391 |
| Rents and royalties profit | 1, 845, 605 | 34, 839 | 821, 465 | 940, 759 | 10, 165 |
| Rents and royalties loss | (See ded | uctions) | 76, 519 | 80, 291 | 11, 496 |
| Other income ${ }^{37}$ | 591,223 | 1,628 | 388, 433 | 211,735 | 3,434 |
| Total income | 107, 298, 090 | 182, 386 |  |  |  |
| Adjusted gross income or defic |  |  | 83, 770, 841 | 32, 943, 895 | 20249,771 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from business | 214, 467 | 159, 379 |  |  |  |
| Net loss from partnership ${ }^{\text {33--..-.-- }}$ | 41, 715 | 18, 803 |  |  |  |
| Net loss from sales of capital assets ${ }^{53}$ | 192, 646 | 10, 505 |  | (See sour | urces) |
|  | 75, 132 | 48, 841 |  |  |  |
| Net loss from rents and royalties | 156, 803 | 12, 444 |  |  |  |
| Interest paid ${ }^{45}$ | 1, 047, 170 | 18,431 |  | 709, 147 | 2,026 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{45}$ | 2, 125, 601 | 21, 578 |  | 1,174, 521 | 3,302 |
| Contributions ${ }^{38}$ | 1, 830, 363 | 5,643 |  | 1, 256, 750 | 1,198 |
| Medical, dental, etc., expenses ${ }^{58}$ | 785, 047 | 14, 526 |  | 801, 363 | 1,398 |
| Losses from fire, storm, etc. ${ }^{50}$ | 118, 355 | 21,615 |  | 178, 742 | (62) 516 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{39}$ Amount distributable to beneficiaries 62 | 878, 589 | 68, 945 |  | 709, 190 | 516 |
| Amount distributable to beneficiaries ${ }^{52}$ - | 246, 576 | 8,022 |  |  |  |
| Total deductions. | 7, 712, 462 | 408, 732 |  | 4, 829, 713 | 8,663 |
| Net income or deflcit | 99, 585, 627 | ${ }^{26} 226,346$ |  | ${ }^{83} 28,114,182$ | ${ }^{26} 258,434$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191643,; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-218.

Table 15.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns, with net income, 191649; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; also individual returns with no net income, 1928-43 (including fiduciary returns for 1943 only), and with no adjusted gross income, 1944-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income or adjusted gross income, deductions, and net income or deficit-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 193943; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax
[Morey figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 193943; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 193943; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\text {s }}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{64}$ | Number of returns | Net Income ${ }^{8}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Iowa |  |  | Kansas |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxablefiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 95, 830 | 241, 287 | 4, 695 | 60, 527 | 157, 366 | 2,962 |
| 1940 | 252, 638 | 477, 609 | 8, 501 | 129, 473 | 266, 464 | 5,268 |
| 1941 | 432, 255 | 803,533 | 30, 208 | 255, 045 | 520, 241 | 23, 909 |
| 1942 | 638, 552 | 1,244, 655 | ${ }^{668} 109,457$ | 444, 936 | 867, 304 | ${ }^{66} 78,483$ |
| 1943 | 748,883 | 1,495, 674 | ${ }^{66} 10175,660$ | 526, 652 | 1,104, 144 | ${ }^{60} 137,093$ |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | $\begin{aligned} & 782,428 \\ & 837,040 \\ & 916,945 \\ & 948,755 \\ & 923,294 \end{aligned}$ | $1,663,934$$1,775,146$ | 190,061209,777 | 608, 969 | 1,360,382 | 163,259165,636 |
| 1945 |  |  |  | 638, 076 | 1, 348, 436 |  |
| 1946 |  | 2,153, 414 | 216, 778 | 637, 397 | 1,502,964 | 156, 244 |
| 1947 |  | 2, 236,718 | 284,944216,959 | 677, 835 | 1, 829, 340 | 204, 778 |
| 1948--------------------------------- |  |  |  | 645, 843 | 1,948, 127 | 173, 592 |
|  | Kentucky |  |  | Louisiana |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxablefiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | $\begin{array}{r} 64,748 \\ 131,99 \\ 262,107 \\ 413,74 \\ 539,761 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 185,601 \\ 32,1,065 \\ 567,446 \\ 823,624 \\ 1,168,163 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,905 \\ 9,175 \\ 98,998 \\ 6072,980 \\ 66161,893 \\ 20189,026 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70,752 \\ 128,202 \\ 230,930 \\ 380,000 \\ 547,907 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 228,246 \\ 324,676 \\ 525,798 \\ 744,200 \\ 1,119,693 \end{array}$ | 7,304 |
| 1940 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,162 |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  | 34, 083 |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{66} 1474,135$ |
| Individual returns with |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 602, 755 <br> 636, 487 <br> 670, 579 <br> 726, 498 <br> 713, 550 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,228,999 \\ & 1,294,558 \\ & 1,453,125 \\ & 1,754,365 \\ & 1,934,941 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 134,683 \\ & 145,151 \\ & 144,358 \\ & 178,268 \\ & 146,904 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 603,200 \\ & 635,463 \\ & 639,996 \\ & 663,422 \\ & 619,475 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,318,078 \\ & 1,300,598 \\ & 1,485,655 \\ & 1,662,196 \\ & 1,841,078 \end{aligned}$ | 167, 444 |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  | 171,090 |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  | 159,774 |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  | 179, 684 |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  | 170, 322 |
|  | Maine |  |  | Maryland |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxablefiduciary returnswith net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1940 | $\begin{array}{r} 32,296 \\ 70,776 \\ 142,619 \\ 227,041 \\ 262,353 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 96,704 \\ 157,545 \\ 292,822 \\ 445,089 \\ 559,376 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,670 \\ 5,689 \\ 15,095 \\ 6643,338 \\ 6067,630 \\ 2078,117 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 161,367 \\ & 285,629 \\ & 508,679 \\ & 716,430 \\ & 841,827 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 516,644 \\ 723,501 \\ 1,211,128 \\ 1,618,930 \\ 1,962,755 \end{array}$ | 28, 290 |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  | 81, 415 |
| 1842 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{60} 186,169$ |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{66}$ 288, 615 |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | 288,359311,807326,599344,861336,902 | 608,188618,253670,226746,701825,415 | 69,98577,62164,68171,60759,554 | $\begin{aligned} & 867,185 \\ & 873,857 \\ & 918,281 \\ & 960,602 \\ & 958,698 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,211,779 \\ & 2,148,457 \\ & 2,412,911 \\ & 2,694,318 \\ & 3,036,471 \end{aligned}$ | 310, 888 |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  | 301, 693 |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  | 280, 951 |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  | 314, 292 |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  | 279, 058 |

[^14]Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 193948; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{8}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{\text {of }}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{8}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Massachusetts |  |  | Michigan |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | $\begin{array}{r} 378,791 \\ 670,697 \\ 1,177,572 \\ 1,515,858 \\ 1,724,818 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,141,825 \\ & 1,711,247 \\ & 2,596,823 \\ & 3,247,461 \\ & 3,915,863 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,412 \\ 68,768 \\ 171,174 \\ 60 \\ \hline 689,519 \\ 6850,528 \\ 20683,786 \end{array}$ | 374,01376,766$1,371,278$$1,785,117$$2,041,832$ | $1,046,909$$1,953,151$$3,369,744$$4,461,566$$5,485,135$ | 40,14278,566220,661600547,7346860,385$201,011,239$ |
| 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944------------------- | $1,784,053$ $1,858,647$ <br> 1, 998, 784 <br> 2, 040, 169 <br> 1, 947, 809 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,466,782 \\ & 4,594,761 \\ & 5,008,564 \\ & 5,324,044 \\ & 5,949,883 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 624,664 \\ & 665,426 \\ & 599,115 \\ & 639,978 \\ & 543,751 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,215,631 \\ & 2,273,787 \\ & 2,444,609 \\ & 2,707,237 \\ & 2,410,194 \end{aligned}$ | $6,237,693$$5,748,698$$6,332,542$$7,380,259$$8,175,360$ | $\begin{aligned} & 909,432 \\ & 804,959 \\ & 712,855 \\ & 837,662 \\ & 752,115 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Minnesota |  |  | Mississippi |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 131, 798 | 364, 388 | 11,121 | 24, 269 | 73,096 | 1,548 |
| 1940 | 303, 934 | 647, 370 | 17, 743 | 47, 732 | 117, 403 | 2,844 |
| 1941 | 510, 632 | 1, 044,556 | 51, 947 | 92, 262 | 224, 439 | 14,693 |
| 19+2 | 719, 251 | 1, 359,158 | ${ }^{66} 122,357$ | 165, 731 | 346, 881 | ${ }^{60} 37,410$ |
| 1943 | 873, 639 | 1, 736, 311 | ${ }^{66} 210,693$ | 223, 706 | 430, 315 | 6654,570 |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944------------------ | 897, 451 | 1, 890, 787 | 237, 630 | 261, 609 | 523, 396 | 59, 698 |
| 1945 | 992, 060 | 2, 146, 778 | 273, 639 | 298, 510 | 570, 868 | 63, 495 |
| 1946 | 1,080, 195 | 2, 448, 952 | 257, 035 | 288, 542 | 602, 284 | 58,709 |
| 1948 | 1, 113, 143 | 2, 936, 788 | 321, 326 | 293, 580 | 673, 561 | 66, 656 |
|  | 1, 066, 112 | 3, 071, 655 | 267, 983 | 281, 508 | 743, 541 | 56, 054 |
|  | Missouri |  |  | Montana |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939.-. | 168, 793 | 525, 689 | 20,423 | 36, 277 | 94, 463 | 1,456 |
| 1940 | 329, 338 | 801, 641 | 31,845 | 65, 985 | 145, 148 | 2, 474 |
| 1941 | 593, 756 | 1,343, 747 | 87,271 | 105, 770 | 226, 276 | 9,729 |
| 1942 | 898, 520 | 1,843, 671 | ${ }^{68} 197,961$ | 150, 523 | 310, 491 | 6632,110 |
| 1943 | $\{1,105,416$ | 2, 296, 333 | ${ }_{60}^{60} 309,593$ | 163, 443 | 358, 241 | ${ }^{60} 44,143$ |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944. | 1,199, 251 | 2, 723, 663 | 357, 419 | 167, 008 | 373, 608 | 43, 542 |
| 1945 | 1, 308, 035 | 2, 820,759 | 378, 768 | 185, 907 | 409, 214 | 48,520 |
| 1946 | 1, 342, 278 | 3, 217, 094 | 371, 454 | 203, 050 | 490, 014 | 52, 176 |
| 1947 | 1,396, 876 | 3, 602, 099 | 426, 254 | 213, 085 | 593, 867 | 66, 661 |
| 1948 | 1, 287, 540 | 3, 784, 449 | 347, 794 | 210, 143 | 664, 243 | 56,260 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 199943; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{6}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{\circ}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{4}$ | Number of returns | Net income 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Nebraska |  |  | Nevada |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47,610 | 134, 126 | 2, 711 | 11, 089 | 34, 248 | 1,928 |
| 1940 | 106, 211 | 227, 087 | 4,860 | 20, 716 | 53, 240 | 3,194 |
| 1941 | 181, 543 | 361, 131 | 15,971 | 38, 911 | 87, 994 | 6, 468 |
| 1942 | 323, 138 | 613, 789 | ${ }^{\text {c6 } 64, ~} 917$ | 59, 173 | 137, 218 | ${ }^{66} 17,947$ |
| 1943 | 392, 710 | 793, 772 | ${ }^{66} 94,907$ | 68, 667 | 158, 379 | ${ }^{60} 26,026$ |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944------------------- | $\begin{aligned} & 415,774 \\ & 460,076 \\ & 468,480 \\ & 503,212 \\ & 466,438 \end{aligned}$ | 860, 093 | 97, 511 | 55, 601 | 154, 191 | 25, 419 |
| 1946 |  | 980,087 | 123, 919 | 65,174 | 177, 485 | 30, 566 |
| 1947 |  | 1, $1,348,932$ | 154, 795 | 72, 909 | 229, 285 | 30,962 30 |
| 1948 |  | 1, 402, 937 | 121, 768 | 63, 581 | 217, 275 | 25, 796 |
|  | New Hampshire |  |  | New Jersey |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939--------- | 26,01053,634103,249147,007166,447 | $\begin{array}{r} 73,902 \\ 17,785 \\ 205,392 \\ 279,946 \\ 334,787 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,626 \\ 3,764 \\ 10,496 \\ 6624,151 \\ 6838,354 \\ 2045,394 \end{array}$ | 388,932734,929$1,221,792$$1,515,991$$1,729,830$ | $1,185,305$$1,850,604$$2,895,069$$3,319,236$$4,196,078$ | 47,4797,722190,56506375,399086020,18720724,392 |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944---------------.----- | 184,451194,999214,420220,524211,073 | $\begin{aligned} & 369,059 \\ & 392,882 \\ & 457,343 \\ & 506,288 \\ & 565,176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39,289 \\ & 47,393 \\ & 46,751 \\ & 53,480 \\ & 42,075 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,829,218 \\ & 1,981,047 \\ & 2,028,646 \\ & 2,01,066 \\ & 1,993,768 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,955,529 \\ & 5,225,042 \\ & 5,523,596 \\ & 6,036,480 \\ & 6,628,354 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 703,308 \\ & 737,972 \\ & 651,721 \\ & 720,213 \\ & 615,496 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | New Mexico |  |  | New York |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17,178 | 49,685 | 1,361 | 1, 294, 244 | 4, 226, 671 | 215,923 |
| 1940 | 29, 168 | 71,150 | 2,026 | 2, 180, 949 | 5, 864, 380 | 323, 155 |
| 1941 | 52,018 | 118,440 | 6,530 | 3, 470, 004 | 8, 281, 375 | 685,149 |
| 1942 | 81,083 | 169,103 | ${ }^{60} 18,141$ | 4, 453, 391 | 10, 046, 607 | ${ }^{68} 1,339,959$ |
| 1943 | 104,076 | 219,684 | ${ }^{60} 27$ 27, 623 | 5, 268, 341 | 12,910, 306 | 80 2, 163, 443 |
| Individual returns' with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944--.--------------- | $\begin{aligned} & 122,992 \\ & 140,033 \\ & 145,943 \\ & 154,001 \\ & 155,756 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 245,781 \\ & 249,776 \\ & 343,841 \\ & 391,122 \\ & 472,944 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,433 \\ & 34,844 \\ & 35,234 \\ & 42,088 \\ & 40,598 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,599,607 \\ & 6,063,750 \\ & 6,343,055 \\ & 6,537,319 \\ & 6,203,398 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,653,778 \\ & 16,816,795 \\ & 18,577,158 \\ & 20,015,459 \\ & 21,437,148 \end{aligned}$ | $2,435,681$$2,743,072$$2,613,096$$2,702,269$$2,265,751$ |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 193943; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\circ}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{4}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{8}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{\circ}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{64}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | North Carolina |  |  | North Dakota |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 61, 019 | 193, 275 | 9,163 | 13,958 | 32,695 | 342 |
| 1940 | 128,582 2771997 | 312,865 604,724 | 14,022 39 | 39,235 | 75, 195 | 754 |
| 1942 | 504, 872 | 934, 111 | 66 84,378 | r 127,323 | 150, 219,689 | 66 $\begin{array}{r}3,744 \\ 14,441\end{array}$ |
| 1943 | 668, 111 | 1,186, 994 | ${ }^{66} 141,284$ | 157, 435 | 292, 670 | ${ }^{68} 30,412$ |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-------------------- | $\begin{aligned} & 761,289 \\ & 842,833 \\ & 910,445 \\ & 918,643 \\ & 901,457 \end{aligned}$ | $1,483,498$$1,623,637$$1,946,057$$2,098,719$$2,359,574$ | 163, 057 | 160,511 | 332, 683 | 32, 856 |
| 1945 |  |  | 181,173 | 175, 955 | 350, 589 | 36, 705 |
| 1947 |  |  | 201, 703 | -188, 0164 | 546, 809 | 39,588 |
| 1948 |  |  | 177, 614 | 198, 521 | 610, 211 | 47, 331 |
|  | Ohio |  |  | Oklahoma |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939---------------1.- | $\begin{array}{r} 442,048 \\ 905,162 \\ 1,691,662 \\ 2,27,920 \\ 2,690,274 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,315,132 \\ & 2,277,911 \\ & 3,895,008 \\ & 5,095,365 \\ & 6,416,706 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}48,738 \\ 86,651 \\ 842,969 \\ { }^{86} 566,623 \\ 6892,019 \\ 20 \\ \hline 1,076,761\end{array}$ | 65, 009 | 188, 767 | 4,886 |
| 1940 |  |  |  | 112, 417 | 278, 140 | 8,812 |
| 1941 |  |  |  | 212, 510 | 476, 375 | 28,172 |
| 1942 |  |  |  | 348, 322 | 656, 608 | ${ }^{60} 59,798$ |
| 1943 |  |  |  | 459, 155 | 919,678 | ${ }_{68}^{6810,724}$ |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944-------------------- | $2,874,184$$2,953,543$$3,106,666$$3,213,264$$3,090,503$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,474,899 \\ 7,287,283 \\ 7,994,638 \\ 9,053,107 \\ 10,095,564 \end{array}$ | 1, 035, 280 | 500, 026 | 1,115,362 | 133,151 |
| 1945 |  |  | 1,015, 220 | 571, 796 | 1, 211, 284 | 137,486 |
| 1946 |  |  | -925, 026 | 593, 569 | 1,336, 871 | 125, 451 |
| 1947 |  |  | 1,079,062 | 625, 258 | 1, 529,733 | 154, 120 |
| 1948 |  |  | 949, 747 | 577, 105 | 1, 719, 212 | 153,119 |
|  | Oregon |  |  | Pennsylvania |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | $\begin{array}{r} 66,478 \\ 123,635 \\ 232,185 \\ 390,179 \\ 458,568 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 169,618 \\ 275,686 \\ 505,239 \\ 911,806 \\ 1,171,328 \end{array}$ | 3, 253 | 633, 833 | 1,858,300 | 85,926 |
| 1940 |  |  | 6,845 | 1, 227, 243 | 3, 057,110 | 137, 958 |
| 1941 |  |  | 28,219 | 2, 229, 946 | 5, 076, 950 | 338, 064 |
| 1942 |  |  | ${ }^{66} 108,305$ | 3, 046, 124 | 6, 571, 555 | ${ }^{66} 713,032$ |
| 1943 |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{66} 183,251$ | 3, 307, 461 | 7, 581, 834 | ${ }^{66} 1,076,068$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | $\begin{aligned} & 488,183 \\ & 518,109 \\ & 553,967 \\ & 616,911 \\ & 557,588 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,308,151 \\ & 1,314,582 \\ & 1,454,819 \\ & 1,664,988 \\ & 1,835,879 \end{aligned}$ | 190, 522 | 3, 698, 731 | 9, 107, 768 | 1, 228, 122 |
| 1945 |  |  | 193, 654 | 3, 872, 854 | 9,187, 829 | 1, 275, 957 |
| 1946 |  |  | 181, 582 | 4, 127, 644 | 10,074, 916 | 1,143,927 |
| 1947 |  |  | 202, 580 | 4, 193, 136 | 11, 303, 195 | 1,340, 819 |
| 1948 |  |  | 179, 862 | 4, 073, 136 | 12, 656, 320 | 1, 145, 176 |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 193949; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{8}$ 1939-43; 8djusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{44}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\circ}$ 1939-43; adjusted gross income ${ }^{6}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rhode Island |  |  | South Carolina |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable flduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 51, 297 | 156, 471 | 7,524 | 29,709 | 83,914 | 1,855 |
| 1940. | 103, 271 | 250, 894 | 12, 688 | 63,585 137,616 | 142,395 280,755 | 3,711 |
| 1942 | 263, 624 | 574, 851 | 6067,980 | 253, 251 | 472, 524 | -0 38,517 |
| 1943 | 287, 470 | 653, 368 | 00 95, 860 | 335, 802 | 593, 837 | ${ }^{06} 65,806$ |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944. | $\begin{aligned} & 297,295 \\ & 315,963 \\ & 339,076 \\ & 342,760 \\ & 331,699 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 730,029 \\ 742,636 \\ 824,923 \\ 9919,538 \\ 1,025,377 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103,401 \\ & 108,643 \\ & 100,905 \\ & 112,729 \\ & 101,231 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 372,504 \\ & 400,838 \\ & 402,279 \\ & 454,974 \\ & 424,012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 691,338 \\ 765,464 \\ 872,048 \\ 1,028,441 \\ 1,056,583 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64,716 \\ & 78,998 \\ & 80,812 \\ & 90,111 \\ & 72,509 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | South Dakota |  |  | Tennessee |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable flduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939...--. | $\begin{array}{r} 14,526 \\ 38,018 \\ 79,279 \\ 128,515 \\ 134,206 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,235 \\ 67,425 \\ 138,575 \\ 218,140 \\ 242,073 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 483 \\ 816 \\ 03,938 \\ 0014,069 \\ 06 \\ \hline 05,197 \\ \mathbf{y 0} 29,030 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 71,606 \\ 138,602 \\ 262,156 \\ 445,045 \\ 616,094 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 229,798 \\ 357,765 \\ 617,698 \\ 926,352 \\ 1,207,188 \end{array}$ |  |
| 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 159,583 \\ & 199,316 \\ & 196,414 \\ & 213,445 \\ & 212,645 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 277,578 \\ & 347,498 \\ & 437,344 \\ & 545,223 \\ & 596,537 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,124 \\ & 34,801 \\ & 40,141 \\ & 59,443 \\ & 45,329 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 694,233 \\ & 695,825 \\ & 755,103 \\ & 795,462 \\ & 769,354 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,406,248 \\ & 1,413,075 \\ & 1,675,853 \\ & 1,865,052 \\ & 2,041,261 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 159,812 \\ & 173,584 \\ & 181,932 \\ & 194,432 \\ & 156,520 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1945. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Texas |  |  | Utah |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 237,742 \\ 457,136 \\ 792,947 \\ 1,320,969 \\ \{1,720,062 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 753,070 \\ 1,162,278 \\ 1,836,788 \\ 2,696,512 \\ 3,635,677 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,571 \\ 41,051 \\ 126,046 \\ 00305,531 \\ 06513,347 \\ 20611,809 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 23,573 \\ 39,460 \\ 77,805 \\ 151,584 \\ 188,462 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 63,010 \\ 94,235 \\ 170,717 \\ 317,873 \\ 425,234 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,180 \\ 2,012 \\ 7 ., 593 \\ 06 \\ 06,556 \\ 0650,210 \\ 20 \\ 57,627 \end{array}$ |
| 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,947,800 \\ & 1,988,628 \\ & 2,111,121 \\ & 2,243,691 \\ & 2,037,366 \end{aligned}$ | $4,351,859$$4,492,619$$5,131,712$$5,850,745$$6,482,687$ | $\begin{aligned} & 559,973 \\ & 609,637 \\ & 619,742 \\ & 721,707 \\ & 684,526 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 194,344 \\ & 214,841 \\ & 224,578 \\ & 232,765 \\ & 221,326 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 457,892 \\ & 474,067 \\ & 518,138 \\ & 601,185 \\ & 653,441 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49,717 \\ & 51,680 \\ & 47,016 \\ & 54,193 \\ & 43,489 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

Table 16.-Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 194248; individual returns with adjusted gross income, 1944-48; by States and Territories: Number of returns, net income or adjusted gross income, and total tax-Con.
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Number of returns | Net income 1939-43; adjusted gross 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{04}$ | Number of returns | Net income 1939-43; adjusted gross 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{\text {o }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Vermont |  |  | Virginia |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxable fiduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939............ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,893 \\ & 34,454 \\ & 58,894 \\ & 82,057 \\ & 92,286 \end{aligned}$ | 44,83474,4761161,619151,261173,487 |  | 90,413183,289368,261595,377710,996 |  |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | $\begin{aligned} & 106,967 \\ & 113,448 \\ & 131,297 \\ & 133,032 \\ & 131,103 \end{aligned}$ | 205,539204,858257,371292, ,559331,730 | $\begin{aligned} & 21,791 \\ & 24,29 \\ & 2,29,593 \\ & 22,593 \\ & 23,562 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 775,479 \\ & 817,140 \\ & 861,239 \\ & 918,201 \\ & 905,559 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1949 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Washington ${ }^{\text {cs }}$ |  |  | West Virginia |  |  |
| Individual returns and taxahle flduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939.-------------------- | $\begin{aligned} & 126,577 \\ & 247,134 \\ & 465,691 \\ & 740,736 \\ & 938,780 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 323,347 \\ 54,694 \\ 994,996 \\ 1,58,821 \\ 2,201,773 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6,357 \\ 12,821 \\ 53,874 \\ 181,255 \\ 326,120 \end{gathered}$ | 67,914125,077265,409381,566444,801 | $\begin{aligned} & 183,744 \\ & 303,7721 \\ & 577,631 \\ & 750,391 \\ & 896,571 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | $\begin{array}{r} 896,870 \\ 999,667 \\ 997,732 \\ 1,018,941 \\ 902,167 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 331,918 \\ & 328,913 \\ & 294,913 \\ & 398,968 \\ & 290,582 \\ & 298 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480,499 \\ & 545,893 \\ & 575,930 \\ & 611,967 \\ & 618,189 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1948------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wisconsin |  |  | Wyoming |  |  |
| Individual returns and tax able flduciary returns with net income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{1940}^{1939}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 175,523 \\ 332,382 \\ 623,766 \\ 890,083 \\ 1,061,398 \end{array}\right.$ | 443, 388 727, 472 <br> 1, 269, 509 <br> 2, 156, 521 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13,735 \\ & 28,596 \\ & 48,536 \\ & 6,4,49 \\ & 79,062 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38,026 \\ 66,440 \\ 108,133 \\ 1081,137 \\ 143,707 \\ 183,307 \end{array}$ |  |
| 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individual returns with adjusted gross income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{1948}^{1947}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

## Footnotes for historical tables 13-16, pages 184-215

${ }^{1}$ Data for returns with net income for 1913-15 are secured from the annual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue; for 1916-36 tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1040A showing net income, filed for individuals and for estates and trusts; for 1937-43 tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1040A showing net income filed for individuals, from taxable Forms 1041 filed for estates and trusts, and from returns for estates and trusts showing net income filed (improperly) on Form 1040, except that for 1938 and subsequent years, the nontaxable returns in the lastmentioned category are excluded. (For requirements for filing, see table A, pp. 426-427.)

Data for 1916 are completely tabulated from each return. For individual returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$, the number of returns is obtained annually from records of the Internal Revenue Service, but the distribution of the returns by net income classes, as well as data regarding income and taxes and their distribution by net income classes, is in part estimated from samples and in part completely tabulated for 1917,1928 , and $1930-42$, and is estimated based on samples for 1918-27, 1929, and 1943, except that for 1941-43 Form 1040A does not show deductions nor net income, therefore cannot be distributed by net income classes. For individual returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ under $\$ 20,000$, data and their distribution by net income classes are estimated from samples for 1943. For fiduciary returns, Form 1041, data are completely tabulated from each return for 1937-43.
${ }^{2}$ Data for individual returns with adjusted gross income are tabulated from Forms W-2 and 1040 for 1944-47; and from Forms 1040 and 1040A for 1948. (For filing requirements, see table A, pp. 426-427.)

For returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$, the number of returns is determined from various records of the Internal Revenue Service, but the distribution of returns by adjusted gross income classes, as well as data regarding income and taxes and their distribution by classes, is estimated on the basis of samples.
${ }^{3}$ Data for returns with no net income are not available prior to 1928. Data for 1928-41 are completely tabulated from Forms 1040; and for 1942 are in part estimated based on a sample of Forms 1040; for 1943 are the combination of completely tabulated data from 1,253 taxable Forms 1041 and estimated data based on a sample of Forms 1040. For 1937-43 the number of returns include those showing total deductions equal to total income.

Net deficit for 1928-31 is before the deduction for prior year loss which is allowable against total income for those years; for 1928-33 includes capital net gain; for 1932-33 includes capital net loss and for 1928-31 only if the taxpayer included it in his deductions; for 1940-43 includes net operating loss deduction carried over from 2 preceding years but not from any year beginning prior to January 1, 1939.

For 1938-41, alternative tax is reported on a negligible number of returns with no net income on account of a net long-term capital loss, because the combined normal tax and surtax, computed on income excluding for this purpose the net long-term capital loss, exceeds 30 percent of the net long-term copital loss. For 1943, a net victory tax is reported on 18,691 individual and taxable fiduciary returns with no net income. In table 13, the alternative tax, the victory tax, and the total income and victory tax for these returns are tabulated with that for returns with net income.
4Data for individual returns with no adjusted gross income for 1944-48 are estimated based on a sample of Forms 1040. Adjusted gross deficit occurs when the allowable deductions for the computation of adjusted gross income equal or exceed gross income. (See note 6.)
${ }^{5}$ Net income is, in general, the excess of gross income over deductions; for 1922-31 is before the allowable deduction for prior year net loss; for 1922-33, includes the capital net gain taxed at 1212 percent; for 1924-33, excludes capital net loss for which a tax credit of $121 / 2$ percent was allowed; for $1940-43$, is after the deduction for a net operating loss
carried over from the 2 preceding taxable years but not from any taxable year beginning prior to January 1, 1939; for 1941-43, includes the gross income reported on Form 1040A. Net income for fiduciary returns is net income taxable to the fiduciary, that is, after the deduction of the amount distributable to beneficiaries. (Also see note 1.)

6 Ad justed gross income for 1944-48 is gross income minus allowable trade and business deductions (including the net operating loss deduction), expenses of travel and lodging in connection with employment, reimbursed expenses in connection with employment, deductions attributable to rents and royalties, certain deductions of life tenants and income beneficiaries of property hold in trust, and allowable losses from sales of property. Should these deductions exceed the gross income, there is an adjusted gross deficit. (Also see note 2.)
${ }^{7}$ Normal tax and surtax for 1913-15 are the tax receipts for the fiscal year endod June 30 immediately following the year indicated, as shown in annual reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, which receipts include fines, penalties, additional assessments, etc.; for 1913-17 include the additional tax; for 1940-41 the defense tax; for 1941-47 the optional tax; for 1943 the victory tax associated with normal tax and surtax as well as the victory tax on returns with no net income. For 1942-43, taxes are for the respective annual income, without regard to the forgiveness feature provided under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943. Normal tax and surtax before tax credits is not available for 1948. (Also see notes 1,2 , and 3.)
${ }^{8}$ Alternative tax for 1938-41, in the case of net long-term capital gain, is the sum of normal tax and surtax on net income reduced by the amount of net long-term capital gain, and 30 percent of the net longterm capital gain; and, in the case of net long-term capital loss, is the sum of normal tax and surtax on net income increased by the amount of net long-term capital loss, minus 30 percent of the net long-term capital loss. The alternative tax for 1942-48, occurring in the case of a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss, is the sum of normal tax and surtax on net income reduced for this purpose by the amount of such long-term gain, plus 50 percent of such longterm gain. Alternative tax before tax credits is not available for 1948. Alternative tax includes for 1938-41 the alternative tax on returns with no net income on account of a net long-term capital loss (see note 3); for 1940-41, the defense tax; for 1943, the victory tax associated with the alternative tax. For 1942-43, alternative tax is for the respective annual income, without regard to the forgiveness feature provided under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943. (Also see notes 1 and 2.)

- For earned income credit limitation, see table E, p. 446.

10 Credit for income tax paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States (allowable for 1918 and subsequent years) and credit for income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds (allowable for all years) were not tabulated for Statistics of Income prior to 1343 nor for 1948. Such credits are tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1041 for 1943 and Form 1040 witr itemized deductions for 1944-47.
11 Tax for 1916-42 is kefore the credit for foreign income tax paid althougli this credit was allowable for 1918 and subsequent years, and before the credit for income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds which was allowable for all years; for $1943-48$, is after such credits (see note 10). Tax includes for 1938-41 and for 1943 the tax on returns with no net income; for 1940-41 defense tax; for 1943 victory tax; for 1941-48 the optional tax. Taxes for 1942-43 are further explained in notes 18, 19, and 20. (See also notes 1, 2, and 3.)

12 Returns for 1913 pertain to the last 10 months of that year.

## Footnotes for historical tables 13-16, pages 184-215-Continued

18 Tax for 1917 includes war excess profits taxes of $\$ 101,249,781$ on individuals and $\$ 103,887,984$ on partnerships.

14 Revised figures:
1920: Certaln sources of income for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised, according to Statistics of Income for 1935, Part 1, p. 42, note 4.
1923: Sources of income, deductions, net income, and tax have been revised according to Statistics of Income for 1925, pp. 28-29.
1929: Sources of income and deductions for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised according to Statistics of Income for 1934, Part 1, p. 31, note 18.
1930: Other income, total income, contributions, other deductions, and total deductions for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised according to Statistics of Income for 1937, Part 1, p. 47, note 25.
1932: Other deductions, total deductions, and net income for returns with net income under $\$ 5,000$ have been revised according to Statistics of Income for 1935, Part 1, p. 31, note 6.
${ }^{16}$ Taxes before the 25 percent reduction provided by section 1200 (a), Revenue Act of 1924, effective for 1923.

16 The 25 percent reduction in taxes for 1923 provided by section 1200(a), Revenue Act of 1924.

17 Tax after the 25 percent reduction provided by section 1200 (a), Revenue Act of 1924, effective for 1923.

18 Tax for 1942 is before the tax credits for foreign tax naid and for tax paid at source on interest from tax $i$ ee covenant bonds, and is without regard to the: nount of tax forgiven under the Current Tax Papr ent Act of 1943, for individuals who are liable income tax on both 1942 and 1943 incomes. mount of the 1942 tax forgiven, as reported on $\$ 3$ individual returns, is $\$ 4,723,467,646$.
come and victory tax on 1943 income is after 1 h to $x$ credits relating to foreign tax paid and to id at source on interest from tax-free covenant and is without regard to the amount of tax n under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1443 icr individuals who are liable for an income tax on both 1942 and 1943 incomes. The amount of 19.43 ts $x$ forgiven, as reported on the 1943 individual zetura 3 , is $\$ 1,017,813,898$.
8 'rotal income and victory tax, reported on 1943 returns, is the aggregate of (1) the income and victory $t x$ on 1943 income less the credits for foreign tax paixl ad for tax paid at source on interest from taxfree venant bonds, (2) the amount by which the 1043 te $x$ is increased to equal the 1942 tax liability on indiri iual returns showing a smaller tax (or no tax) for 1243 prior to such adjustment, and (3) the unforgiven portion of the smaller of the 1942 or 1943 tax uabilly $y$ of individuals liable for income tax in both yuars. The last two amounts constitute the adjustmeuts necessary for merging the 1942 and 1943 tax iiabilies of individuals as provided under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943.
2. Vet income classes are based on net income 2.4)ufated. (See note 5.) Returns with net deficit, reg chess of the amount, are designated as returns wit zo net income.
\%. The number of returns for 1916 excludes 7,635 returns of married women making separate returns from husbands ( 288 returns show net income of $\$ 3,000$ under $\$ 5,000$ and 7,347 show $\$ 5,000$ or more). The net income on returns filed separately by husband and wife is combined and the total tabulated as one return. For subsequent years, the returns of marrled women filed separately are included in their respective income class regardless of the husband's income.
${ }^{28}$ Adjusted gross income classes are based on the amount of adjusted gross income as defined in note 6 ,
except that returns with adjusted gross defleit, regardless of amount, are designated as no adjusted gross income.
${ }^{24}$ For 1943-45, this class includes nontaxable returns with income exceeding the designated limit.
${ }^{25}$ For 1946-48, this class includes nontaxable returns with adjusted gross income exceedlng the designated limit.
${ }^{28}$ Deficit.
${ }^{27}$ Effective tax rates (percent) are based on the income and tax (with income and victory tax on 1943 income used for 1943) tabulated in the preceding sections of this table. Income base for $1916-43$ is net income and for 1944-48 is adjusted gross income.
${ }^{28}$ Data for 1917 exclude data for 1,640,758 returns, with net income under $\$ 2,000$ showing aggregate net income of $\$ 2,461,137,000$. Net income, other deductions, and total deductions have been adjusted to reflect the deduction for contributions, (In the Statistics of Income for 1917, contributions, although an allowable deduction, are not included in general deductions and bave not been deducted from net. income.)
${ }^{20}$ Number of returns and data are for returns with net income of $\$ 3,000$ or more for 1916 (see note 22); $\$ 2,000$ or more for 1917 (see note 28); $\$ 1,000$ or more for 1918-20; for all returns with net income for 1921-27; and all returns with income or deficit for 1928 and thereafter. (For scope of estimated data see notes 1-4.)
${ }^{30}$ Amounts of income from the various sources for 1916 are gross receipts; the deductions, not having been allocated to the various sources, are included in the aggregate deductions. Beginning with 1917, theamounts of income are the net amounts by which the gross receipts exceed deductions as reported in schedules on the return; net losses reported in sources of income are transferred in tabulation to deductions, 1917-43, and are tabulated under a specified deduction or in other deductions. Deductions exclude those for individuals filing Form 1040A for 1941-43 and individuals using the standard deduction for 1944-48. (Also see notes 1 through 4 and 29.)
${ }^{31}$ Salaries, wages, etc., reported only on individual returns, include "Professions and vocations" for 1916; the taxpayer's earned income from partnerships for 1916-26; and wages and salaries of the individual, his wife, or dependent minors derived from business conducted as a sole proprietorship prior to 1924 and for 1944-48 such wages of wife and dependent only. For 1944-48, exclude wages of less than $\$ 100$ per return, reported on Form W-2, from which no tax was withheld; such wages are tabulated as other income.

32 Business profit or loss for 1916 excludes "Professions and vocations." Prior to 1924 salaries of the proprietor and members of his family were deductible. in computing business profit or loss if the salarles are reported elsewhere as income; for 1944-48, salaries of spouse and dependents only are deductible. For 1944-48 the net operating loss deduction carried over from 2 preceding years is a business deduction.
${ }^{33}$ Partnership profit or loss excludes the partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations; dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942; interest on corporation bonds upon which a tax was paid at source for 1917 and 1920; salaries or earned income of the partner prior to 1927; dividends. on stock of domestic corporations subject to Federal income taxation prior to 1936; dividends on stock of domestic corporations not subject to Federal income taxation for 1932-33; capital net gain or loss when the tax or tax credit is computed at $121 / 2$ percent prior to 1934; and the net gain or loss from sales of capital assets for 1938-48. Amounts for the years 1918-21 include income from fiduciaries and income from personal service corporations except that dividends, partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and, in the case of fiduciaries, interest from

## Footnotes for historical tables 19-16, pages. 184-215-Continued

bonds upon which a tax was paid at source, received through such entities, are reported in their respective sources.

34 Dividends include stock dividends for 1916-19; domestic dividends received through personal service corporations for 1918-21; dividends from stock of foreign corporations deriving more than 50 percent of gross income from sources within the United States prior to 1934, and dividends from stock of domestic corporations subject to Federal income taxation prior to 1936, both of which include such dividends recelved through partnerships and fiduciarles. For 1936-48 dividends include all foreign and domestic dividends ercept dividends received through partnerships and flduciaries; dividends reported on Form 1040A for 1941-43, or Form W-2 for 1944-47, or Form 1040A for 1948; and partially taxexempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations for 1938-43.
ss Income from fiduciaries excludes the partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations; dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942; for 1917-20 interest on corporation bonds upon which a tax was paid at source; prior to 1936 dividends from domestic corporations subject to Federal income taxation; for 1932-33 dividends from domestic corporations not subject to Federal income taxation; and capital net gain or loss when the tax or tax credit is computed at $121 / 2$ percent, prior to 1934.
${ }^{20}$ Partially tax-exempt interest (exempt from normal tax) is that received from certain Government obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, namely, United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$, and from obligations of Instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or that act as amended. For 1918-21 amounts include such interest received through personal service corporations, and, for all years, that received through partnerships and fiduclaries; for 1941 include also the taxable Interest on Government obligations and the dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associatlons, reported on returns wlth no net income; and for 1943, the partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Amortizable bond premium bas been deducted from partially tax exempt interest for 1942-43 only. (Also see note 59.)

Amounts, tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1041, cover income classes $\$ 1,000$ or more for 1919-20; all classes for 1921-23; $\$ 10,000$ or more for 1924-31; $\$ 6,000$ or more for 1932; $\$ 5,00$ or more for 1933-39; all classes for 1940-43. Including Form 1040A for 1940 only. (Partially tax-exempt interest not included is in other taxable interest for 1924-39 and in other income for 1941-43.)
s7 Other income includes income from flduciaries for 1917: partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations for 1917-18; dividends from foreign corporations except those with more than 50 percent of gross income from sources in the United States, prlor to 1934; dividends from all forcign corporations for 1934-35; dlvidends from domestic corporations not subject to Federal income taxation for 1932-35; annuities prior to 1941; dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations for 1938-40; rents and royaities profit reported on Forms 1040A for 1941; dividends, interest, and annuities reported on Forms 1040A for 1941-43; and wages not subject to withholding, dividends, and interest, not exceeding $\$ 100$ per return, reported on Forms W-2 for 1944-48.
${ }^{8}$ Contributions, reported only on individual returns, were not allowed for 1916; exclude contributions made by Individuals using Form 1040A for 1941-43 or the standard deduction for 1944-48.
${ }^{39}$ Other deductions exclude the prior year net loss allowable as a deduction 1922-31; and deductions of individuals using Form 1040A for 1941-43 or the standard deduction for 1944-48; but include loss
from rents and royalties prior to 1941; bad debts reported on all individual returns prior to 1939 , those on Form 1040A for 1939-40, and on Form 1040 for 1943-48; loss from fire, storm, etc., reported on all individual returns prior to 1939 and on Form 1040A for 1939-40; bad debts and loss from fre, storm, etc.. from flduciary returns prior to 1944, and the amount distributable to beneficiaries prior to 1937; net operating loss deducted in 1940-43; amortizable bond premium on corporation bonds for 1943 and on all bonds for 1944-48: and the $\$ 500$ special deduction for blindness allowed individuals for 1944-47.

40 Included in partnership proflts.
-I Included in other income.
${ }^{48}$ Included in other deductions.
4) Capital net gain from sales of assets held more than 2 years, including that received through partnerships and fiduclaries, taxed at $121 / 2$ percent for $1922-$ 33 ; tabulated from taxable returns with net income of $\$ 30,000$ or more for $1922-23$ and $1925-31 ; \$ 25,000$ or more for 1924; and $\$ 15,000$ or more for 1932-33. Capital net gain is reduced by losses in ordinary net income for 1924-33.

4 Capital net loss from sales of assets held more than 2 years, including that received through partnershlps and fiduciaries, tabulated in other deductions for 1924-28, and in net loss from real estate, stocks, and bonds for 1929-33, is only the amount reported as a deduction in computing net income or deficit, except for 1932-33 on the returns with no net income there is included also the capital net loss reported in schedule D when not used as a deduction. Capital net loss in schedule D for which the $121 / 2$ percent tax credit is taken is not tabulated as a deduction.

45 Taxes and interest paid erclude amounts reported in schedules for business and for rents and royalties, and the taxes and interest of individuals flling Form 1040A for 1941-43 or using the standard deduction for 1944-48. (A summary of taxes paid for 1927-32 and of interest paid for 1928-32, for returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more, showing separately the amounts reported in general deductions from total income and amounts reported in business deductions, is published in Statistics of Income for 1932, table 8-A, p. 80.)

46 Net capital gain or loss for 1934-37 is the net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets regardless of time held, after certain percentages (see table D, pp. 444-445), depending on the time the assets were held, and the limitation on the deduction for capital loss have been applied. The net capital loss deduction is limited to $\$ 2,000$. Amounts reported exclude such gain or loss received through partnerships and flduciaries.
${ }^{47}$ For 1938-41, short-term applies to sales of capital assets held 18 months or less upon which 100 percent of the gain or loss is taken into account. The shortterm gain reported includes the net short-term gain or loss received through partnerships and common trust funds and, for 1939-41, is after the allowable deduction for carry-over. A net short-term capital loss is not deductible in the current year but is carried forward to the succeeding year in an amount not in excess of the net income for the year in which the loss is sustained and can be deducted only to the extent of the net short-term capital gain in such succeeding year. (For carry-over see pp. 58-60.)

48 For 1938-41, long-term applies to sales of capital assets held more than 18 months, upon which $663 \frac{3}{8}$ percent of the gain or loss on sales of assets held 18 months but not more than 24 months and 50 percent of the gain or loss on sales of assets held more than 24 months are taken into account. The amounts reported include the net long-term capital gain or loss received through partnerships and common trust funds. A net long-term capital loss is deductible from gross income.

## Footnotes for historical tables 15-16, pages 184-215-Continued

* Property other than capital assets is property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation; for 1941-48 also includes certain Government bonds which are not capital assets; and ler 1942-48 real property used in trade or business.
${ }^{30}$ Loss 'from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, tabulated from Forms 1040 for 1939-48, excludes amounts reported in schedules for business and for rents and royalties, and such loss for persons using the standard deduction for 1944-48, tabulated in other deductions prior to 1939.

11 Bad debts, 1939-42, tabulated from Forms 1040, exclude bad debts reported in schedules for business and for rents and royalties; tabulated in other deductions for all other years.

12 Amount distributable to beneficiaries, reported on fiduciary returns, is a deduction allowed in compurfing the taxable net income of an estate or trust; included in other deductions prior to 1937.

3s For 1942-48, net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the result of combining the net sDort- and long-term capital gain and loss and the allow able capital loss carry-over; also amounts received through partnerships and common trust fands. The deduction for a net loss from sales of capital assets is limited to this loss, or to the amount of net income (adjusted gross income if taxed under supplement $T$ in 1944-48) computed without regard to capital gains and losses, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.
Short-term applies to sales of capital assets held for 6 months or less upon which 100 percent of the gain or loss is taken into account; and long-term applies to sales of capital assets held more than 6 months upon which 50 percent of the gain or loss is taken into account.

A net capital loss of any year, to be used as a capital loss carry-over, is the excess of current year capital losses over the sum of (1) current year capital gains and (2) the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or current year net income (adjusted gross income if taxed under supplement $T$ in 1944-48) computed without regard to capital gains and losses. The net capital loss may be carred forward as a short-term capital loss in the five succeeding years to the extent that it exceeds the net capital gain of any year intervening between the year in which the loss is sustained and the fifth succeeding year. (For carry-over see pp. 58-60.)

> u Rents and royalties profit or loss excludes that reported on Forms 1040 A for 1941 , the only year in which this source of income could be reported on that form.
${ }^{51}$ Taxable interest on Government obligations is that received on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and on obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, issued on or after March 1, 1941 ; excludes that received through partnerships and fiduciaries and that reported on Forms 1040A for 1941-43. The amount tabulated for 1941 is only that reported on taxable returns (such interest reported on nontaxable returns is tabulated with partially tax-exempt interest). Amortizable bond premium was deducted for 194243 only.
${ }^{66}$ Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942 (exempt from normal tax), tabulated from Forms 1040 and 1041 for 1941-42, include such dividends recelved through partnerships and fiduciaries. Amounts for 1941 are only those reported on taxable returns (such dividends reported on nontaxable returns are tabulated with partially tax-exempt interest). These dividends are reported in other income for 1938-40, in partially tax-exempt interest
for 1943, in dividends and interest for 1944-45, and in dividends for 1946-48.
${ }^{67}$ Annuities, tabulated from individual returns, Form 1040, are only the taxable portion of annuities received.
${ }^{88}$ Medical and dental expenses in excess of an amount equal to 5 percent of the net income for 1942-43 or of adjusted gross income for 1944-48, computed without this deduction, exclude such expenses for persons using Forms 1040A for 1942-43 or the standard deduction for 1944-48. The deduction is limited, for 1942-43, to $\$ 2,500$ on a joint return or on return for head of family, and to $\$ 1,250$ on all other returns; for $1944-47$ is limited to $\$ 2,500$ if two or more exemptions are claimed or to $\$ 1,250$ if one exemption is claimed; for 1948 the deduction cannot exceed $\$ 1,250$ times the number of exemptions other than those for age and blindness with a maximum deduction of $\$ 2,500$, except that on a joint return, the maximum deduction is $\$ 5,000$.
*5 Interest received, 1946 and subsequent years, includes taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, also the partially taxexempt interest received through partnerships and flduciaries; but excludes any interest reported on Form W-2 for 1946-47 or on Form 1040A for 1948.
${ }^{60}$ Returns with standard deduction are the optional returns and the short-form returns, Form 1040, on which deductions are allowed automatically through use of the tax table, and the long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income of $\$ 5,000$ or more on which the optional standard deduction is used.
${ }^{01}$ Long-form returns, Form 1040, with adjusted gross income on which deductions are itemized, including long-form returns with no deductions filed by spouses of taxpayers who itemized deductions. A relatively small number of returns with adjusted gross income show a net deficit after itemized deductions.

62 Number of returns associated with this item is subject to sampling variation of more than 100 percent. Such items are not shown separately since they are considered too unreliable for general use; however, they are included in totals.

## ${ }^{03}$ Net income less deficit.

* Tax for 1939-42 is before tax credits for foreign Income tax paid and for income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds; for 1943-48 is after such credits; for 1940-41 includes defense tax; for 1941-48 includes optional tax; and for 1943 includes victory tax. Further explanation of tax for 1942-43 is given in notes 66 and 20.

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## TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS




## TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS

SUMMARY DATA

Taxable fiduciary income tax returns filed for the income of estates and trusts for the year 1948 number 101,283. This is a decrease of 8,714 returns, or 7.9 percent, below the returns filed for 1947 . However, the net income taxable to the fiduciary of $\$ 530,360,000$ increased $\$ 21,116,000$, or 4.2 percent, over that reported for the previous year; and the tax liability of $\$ 176,309,000$ also increased in the amount of $\$ 3,238,000$, or 1.9 percent, over last year.

The 59,945 returns filed for income from property held in trust represent 59.2 percent of the total taxable fiduciary returns, while the remaining 41,338 returns, or 40.8 percent, were filed for the income from estates. The returns for trusts show total income of $\$ 670,814,000$ of which $\$ 319,916,000$, or 47.7 percent, is distributable to beneficiaries, while returns for estates show $\$ 315,991,000$ total income of which 18.1 percent, or $\$ 57,105,000$, is distributable to beneficiaries. The income from trusts produced tax amounting to $\$ 105,280,000$ and the income from estates produced $\$ 71,029,000$ in tax.

Comparative data, taxable fiduciary returns, 1948 and 1947
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |

## FIDUCIARY RETURNS INCLUDED

Fiduciary income tax returns, Form 1041, from which the data contained herein are tabulated are for the calendar year 1948, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1948. However, only taxable fiduciary returns are used; that is, returns with income which, after allowable deductions and the amount distributable to beneficiaries, is in excess of the allowable exemption. A small number of taxable returns for estates and trusts filed improperly on Form 1040 are included, the data being edited to conform to that reported on Form 1041. Tentative returns are not included and amended returns are used only when the original returns are excluded.

## INCOME TAX LAW WITH RESPECT TO FIDUCIARY RETURNS

Every fiduciary, or at least one of joint fiduciaries, is required to file an income tax return on Form 1041 for every estate for which he acts, if the gross income of the estate is $\$ 600$ or more, or if any beneficiary is a nonresident alien; and for every trust for which he acts, if the net income of the trust is $\$ 100$ or more, or if the gross income is $\$ 600$ or more regardless of the amount of net income, or in either case if any beneficiary is a nonresident alien.

Supplement E of the Internal Revenue Code provides that the taxes imposed on the income of individuals by chapter 1 shall be applicable to the income of estates and to the income of property held in trust. The rates of tax, the provisions respecting gross income to be reported, the deductions with certain exceptions, and the tax credits provided for the income of individuals apply also to that of estates and trusts.

The gross income to be reported by the fiduciary includes the entire income of the estate or trust even though a portion is distributable to beneficiaries. In general, the net income of an estate or a trust is computed in the same manner and on the same basis as in the case of individuals, except that in lieu of the deduction for contributions to charitable, religious, scientific, literary, and educational organizations allowed to individuals, there is allowed as a deduction, without limitation, any part of the fiduciary gross income which is set aside to be used exclusively for such purposes; and there is allowed, as an additional deduction, the amount of income which is to be distributed currently or becomes payable to beneficiaries, as well as amounts which in the discretion of the fiduciary may be distributed to the beneficiaries or accumulated, if such amounts are reported in the income of the beneficiaries.

The exemption allowed against net income taxable to the fiduciary, for both normal tax and surtax purposes, is increased to $\$ 600$ for estates for 1948, while the exemption of $\$ 100$ for trusts remains the same. Also allowable against net income for the purpose of normal tax, is a credit for the amount of partially tax-exempt interest and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations remaining undistributed in the hands of the fiduciary.

The tax liability is based on the net income taxable to the fiduciary, less the exemption and credits mentioned in the preceding paragraph, and must be paid by the fiduciary after the close of the income year. Current collection of tax does not apply to fiduciary income. Tax credits are allowable for the fiduciary's share of the income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States and of the income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds.

## BASIC ITEMS

Total income is the amount resulting from the combination of profit or loss from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, from sales or exchanges of property, together with income from
dividends, interest, other fiduciaries, and from miscellaneous income. Total income is an approximation of the adjusted gross income tabulated for individual returns.

Balance income is the excess of total income over total deductions allowed for expenses of a nontrade or nonbusiness character, such as, interest, taxes, and casualty losses. It is the amount available for income tax payment, disposition to beneficiaries, or accumulation, according to the trust instrument in the case of a trust, or under the directives of the will or of the jurisdictional court in the case of an estate.

Amount distributable to beneficiaries is the amount of income apportioned to beneficiaries. Included are amounts which become payable to, or are permanently set aside for, beneficiaries as well as amounts actually paid to them. Each beneficiary must include his share of such distributions in his gross income, if required to file a return of income. Charitable and similar organizations are beneficiaries as well as individuals.

Net income taxable to the fiduciary is the amount of income remaining in the hands of the fiduciary after deductions for allowable expenses and the amount distributable to beneficiaries. This net income, after deduction for the exemption and credits against net income, is the basis for the tax liability of the fiduciary.

Exemption of $\$ 600$ for an estate, or $\$ 100$ for a trust, is allowable against net income taxable to the fiduciary for the computation of both the normal tax and the surtax.

Tax liability tabulated in this report is the income tax after deducting the two tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. The liability consists of the normal tax, surtax, and alternative tax. Normal tax and surtax are imposed on income which includes a net gain or an allowable loss from sales of capital assets unless the alternative tax relating to the gain is effective. Alternative tax, not effective on returns with surtax net income under $\$ 22,000$, is imposed on income containing a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss only when such alternative tax is less than the regular normal tax and surtax computed on income which includes net gain from sales of capital assets.

## CLASSIFICATION OF FIDUCIARY RETURNS

The taxable fiduciary returns are classified by total income classes, by net income classes, by types of tax liability, by States and Territories, and as returns for an estate or for a trust. The returns for trusts are further classified by the relationship of the beneficiary to the grantor. Selected items are tabulated by these classifications but not all items are available for every classification.

Total income classes.-Returns are segregated into total income classes based on the amount of total income reported on the returns
and tabulated as such in the tables of this report. The majority of the fiduciary data are tabulated by total income classes, in order that the data may be associated with that tabulated for individual returns, since total income is approximately equivalent to the adjusted gross income used for the size classification of individual returns.

Net income classes.-Returns are segregated into net income classes based on the net income taxable to the fiduciary.

Types of tax liability.-Returns with normal tax and surtax are distinguished from returns with alternative tax imposed on net income which includes a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net longterm capital gain over net short-term capital loss.

Returns for estates or for trusts.-This classification is based on the fact that certain fiduciary returns are filed for the income of an estate while other returns are filed for the income from property held in trust.

Relationship of the beneficiary to the grantor.-The relationship of the grantor to each beneficiary of a trust is required in schedule G on Form 1041. From this information, returns for trusts are classified by the relationship of the beneficiary to the grantor. These relationships are segregated into five groups-spouse, children, self, all others, and relationship not stated-the first four of which occur singly and in combination. Selected data from the returns for trusts are tabulated by these beneficiary relationships and the returns are segregated to show trusts with one beneficiary separately from trusts with two or more beneficiaries.

States and Territories.-This classification consists of the 48 States, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia. The segregation of returns is determined by the location of the collection district in which the return is filed, except that for the District of Columbia, which comprises a part of the collection district of Maryland, the segregation is determined from the address of the fiduciary. The Territory of Alaska comprises a part of the collection district of Washington, but the returns with an Alaskan address are not segregated.

## TABULATED DATA

Statistical data for fiduciary returns are tabulated from each taxable return, prior to any change that may be made as a result of official audit by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, and are presented in 11 basic tables. These data are tabulated, as nearly as possible, in the same manner as the data for individual returns. However, in view of the different forms employed and some variations in the method of reporting certain items common to both returns, the two series of data are not precisely comparable. Throughout the tables, money amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand and, therefore, may not add to the totals.

SIMPLE AND CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTIONS BY TOTAL INCOME CLASSES
The number of fiduciary returns filed, the amount of total income, and the tax liability are presented in basic table 1 by total income classes showing a simple distribution, a cumulative distribution from the highest income class, a cumulative distribution from the lowest income class, with corresponding percentage distributions. The following summary table presents the same data by total income classes which are, in most cases, of broader class intervals than those in the basic table.

Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, total income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage disiributions
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total |
| Under 0.5 | 6,879 | 6.79 | 101, 283 | 100.00 | 6,879 | 6.79 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 12,441 | 12. 28 | 94,404 | 93.21 | 19,320 | 19.08 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 10,682 | 10.55 | 81, 963 | 80.92 | 30, 002 | 29.62 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 8, 461 | 8.35 | 71, 281 | 70.38 | 38, 463 | 37.98 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 6,674 | 6.59 | 62,820 | 62.02 | 45, 137 | 44.57 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 5,419 | 5.35 | 56, 146 | 55.43 | 50, 556 | 49.92 |
| 3 under 4 | 8,385 | 8.28 | 50, 727 | 50.08 | 58, 941 | 58. 19 |
| 4 under 5. | 6,135 | 6.06 | 42, 342 | 41.81 | 65, 076 | 64.25 |
| 5 under 10 | 15,887 | 15.69 | 36, 207 | 35.75 | 80,963 | 79.94 |
| 10 under 15 | 6,753 | 6.67 | 20, 320 | 20.06 | 87, 716 | 86.60 |
| 15 under 20 | 3,756 | 3.71 | 13, 567 | 13.40 | 91, 472 | 90.31 |
| 20 under 25 | 2,223 | 2. 19 | 9, 811 | 9.69 | 93, 695 | 92.51 |
| 25 under 50 | 4,643 | 4.58 | 7, 588 | 7.49 | 98, 338 | 97.09 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,923 | 1.90 | 2,945 | 2.91 | 100, 261 | 98.99 |
| 100 under 150 | 495 | . 49 | 1, 022 | 1.01 | 100, 756 | 99.48 |
| 150 under 300 | 355 | . 35 | 527 | . 52 | 101, 111 | 99.83 |
| 300 under 500 | 94 | . 09 | 172 | . 17 | 101, 205 | 99.92 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 50 | . 05 | 78 | . 08 | 101, 255 | 99.97 |
| 1,000 or more. | 28 | . 03 | 28 | . 03 | 101, 283 | 100.00 |
| Total | 101, 283 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |
| Under 0.5 | 1,973 | 0.20 | 986, 806 | 100.00 | 1,973 | 0.20 |
| 0.5 under 1. | 9,536 | . 97 | 984, 830 | 99.80 | 11, 509 | 1.17 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 13, 185 | 1.34 | 975, 294 | 98.83 | 24,694 | 2.50 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 14,708 | 1.49 | 962, 109 | 97.50 | 39,402 | 3.99 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 14,933 | 1. 51 | 947, 401 | 96.01 | 54, 335 | 5.51 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 14,855 | 1.51 | 932, 468 | 94.49 | 69, 190 | 7.01 |
| 3 under 4 | 29,047 | 2.94 | 917,613 | 92.99 | 98, 237 | 9.96 |
| 4 under 5 | 27, 479 | 2. 78 | 888, 566 | 90.04 | 125, 716 | 12.74 |
| 5 under 10 | 112, 485 | 11. 40 | 861, 087 | 87.26 | 238, 201 | 24.14 |
| 10 under 15 | 82, 301 | 8.34 | 748, 602 | 75.86 | 320, 502 | 32.48 |
| 15 under 20 | 64, 751 | 6.56 | 666, 301 | 67.52 | 385, 253 | 39.04 |
| 20 under 25 | 49,616 | 5.03 | 601, 550 | 60.96 | 434, 869 | 44.07 |
| 25 under 50 | 159, 373 | 16.15 | 551, 934 | 55.93 | 594, 242 | 60.22 |
| 50 under 100 | 130, 853 | 13.26 | 392, 561 | 39.78 | 725, 095 | 73.48 |
| 100 under 150 | 59,690 | 6.05 | 261, 708 | 26.52 | 784, 785 | 79.53 |
| 150 under 300 | 74, 319 | 7.53 | 202, 018 | 20.47 | 859, 104 | 87.06 |
| 300 under 500 | 34,729 | 3.52 | 127,699 | 12.94 | 893, 833 | 90.58 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 34,995 | 3.55 | 92,970 | 9.42 | 928, 828 | 94.12 |
| 1,000 or more. | 57, 975 | 5.88 | 57,975 | 5.88 | 986, 806 | 100.00 |
| Total | 986,806 | . 100.00 |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

> Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, total income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions-Continued

[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Simple distribution |  | Cumulative distribution from highest income class |  | Cumulative distribution from lowest income class |  |
|  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |
| Under 0.5 | 175 | 0.10 | 176, 309 | 100.00 | 175 | 0. 10 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 648 | . 37 | 176, 134 | 99.90 | 823 | . 47 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 1,091 | . .62 | 175, 486 | 99.53 | 1,914 | 1.09 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1,345 | - .76 | 174, 395 | 98.91 | 3,259 | ¢ 1.85 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1,426 | . 81 | 173, 050 | 98.15 | 4,685 | 2. 66 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1,452 | - $\quad .82$ | 171, 624 | 97.34 | 6,137 | - 3.48 |
| 3 under 4 | 2,870 | 1.63 | 170, 172 | 96. 52 | 9,007 | - 5.11 |
| 4 under 5 | 2,788 | - 1.58 | 167, 302 | 94. 89 | 11,795 | 6.69 |
| 5 under 19 | 12, 714 | 7.21 | 164, 514 | 93.31 | 24, 509 | 13.90 |
| 10 under 15 | 10, 451 | 5.93 | 151, 800 | 86.10 | 34,960 | 19.83 |
| 15 under 20 | 8,859 | 5.02 | 141, 349 | 80.17 | 43, 819 | 24.85 |
| 20 under 25 | 7,786 | 4. 42 | 132, 490 | 75.15 | 51,605 | 29.27 |
| 25 under 50 | 29,657 | 16.82 | 124,704 | 70.73 | 81, 262 | 46.09 |
| 50 under 100 | , 27,651 | 15.68 | 95, 047 | 53.91 | 108, 913 | 61.77 |
| 100 under 150 | 14,803 | 8.40 | 67, 396 | 38.23 | 123, 716 | 70.17 |
| 150 under 300 | - 16,741 | 9.50 | 52, 593 | 29.83 | 140,457 | 79.67 |
| 300 under 500 | + 7,735 | 1-4.39 | 35, 852 | 20.33 | 148, 192 | 84.05 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 7,565 | 4.29 | 28, 117 | 15.95 | 155, 757 | 88.34 |
| 1,000 or more. | 20, 552 | 11.66 | 20, 552 | 11.66 | 176, 309 | 100.00 |
| Total | 176, 309 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

## SOURCES OF INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS

The amount of income, profit, or loss from each of the sources comprising total income is the net amount to be included in income; that is, the gross receipts less the allowable expenses and deductions applicable to the respective source for the computation of total income. If the result is a net loss, the net loss also comprises a part of total income; and such losses are tabulated as component parts of the total income. Descriptions of these income and loss sources are given below. The amount of income or loss from each source is tabulated by total income classes in basic table 2 and by net income classes in: basic table 4. The frequency with which each source of income or loss occurs is shown in basic table 3 by total income classes. Selected sources of income are tabulated by States and Territories in basic table 8.

Deductions for interest, taxes, miscellaneous deductions, and amount distributable to beneficiaries are the deductions authorized against total income for the computation of the net income taxable to the fiduciary. Items of deductions are described below and tabulated in basic table 2 by total income classes, and in basic table 4 by net income classes. Frequency of occurrence is tabulated in basic table 3 by total income classes.

Dividends, foreign and domestic, exclude the partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations,
which are reported as interest, and all dividends received through partnerships and other fiduciaries.

Interest received on bank deposits, notes, mortgages, and corporation bonds, including taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government' obligations and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and such Government interest and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts received through partnerships and other fiduciaries.

Rents and royalties are reported in the same schedule. The net profit from rents is the excess of gross rents received over deductions for depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses attributable to rented property. Rents include the cash value of property or crops received in lieu of cash rent. Net profit from royalties is the excess of gross royalties received over depletion and other expenses relating thereto. Conversely, net loss from either source is the excess of deductions over gross income. The separate amounts of net profit or loss from the two sources are not available.

Trade or business profit or loss is the current year net profit or net loss from such activities of an estate or trust. Net profit is the excess of gross receipts from business over cost of goods sold and other business expenses while net loss is the excess of the cost of goods sold and business expenses over gross receipts." Net operating loss deduction is not a business deduction but is reported with miscellaneous deductions from total income. The business activity is not classified industrially and the gross receipts from business are not available.

Partnership profit or loss is the estate's or trust's share of net profit or loss (whether received or not) of any partnership in which the estate or trust is a member, except that the distributive shares of net gain or loss from sales of capital assets and of interest on obligations of the United States are reported with capital gain or loss and interest, respectively. Charitable contributions and net operating loss deduction are not deductible by the partnership in determining net profit or loss. However, the pro rata share of income and losses of the partnership is taken into account by the fiduciary in determining the net operating loss deduction of the estate or trust.

Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable net loss included in computing total income. The net gain or net loss is the result of combining net short- and longterm capital gain and loss and the capital loss carry-over from 19431947 not previously deducted. If a net loss results, the loss allowed as a deduction from income is limited to the amount of the loss, or to the net income computed without regard to capital gains and losses, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest. The definition of capital asset and the treatment of gains and losses from sales of capital assets is the same as described for individuals, pages $26-30$. Basic table 7 contains detailed data concerning taxable fiduciary returns with gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets, including net short-term and long-term gains and losses and the capital loss carry-over, separately for returns with net loss from such sales and for returns with net gain from such transactions.

Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets is the net gain or net loss resulting from sales or exchanges of (1) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) real property used in trade or business, and (3) obligations of the United States or its possessions, or of a State or Territory or any political subdivision thereof, or of the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from date of issue. Net gain is the excess of gross sales price over the cost, plus expenses, less depreciation allowed while the reverse is true for net loss.

Income from other fiduciaries is the estate's or trust's share, as a beneficiary, of the distributable income of another estate or trust. However, interest on United States obligations and partially taxexempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations are excluded from fiduciary income and reported with interest income. Net operating loss deduction is allowed in computing the distributable income of an estate or a trust.

Miscellaneous income includes taxable income from sources other than those tabulated.

Total income is the combination of income from dividends, interest, other fiduciaries, and miscellaneous income, together with net profit or loss from rents and royalties, trade or business, partnerships, and sales or exchanges of capital assets and other property. Total income is approximately equivalent to the adjusted gross income tabulated for individual returns.

Interest paid is that paid or accrued on debts, mortgages, and bank loans but excludes interest reported in schedules for business or rent expenses, and interest on indebtedness incurred to purchase securities yielding wholly tax-exempt income or single-premium life insurance and endowment contracts.

Taxes paid include State and local income taxes, certain retail sales taxes, and real estate taxes but exclude assessments against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed, taxes deducted in schedules for business or rent expenses, taxes imposed upon shares in a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the estate or trust, Federal income taxes, estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, and income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as a tax credit.

Miscellaneous deductions include losses from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise; bad debts; expenses incurred for the production of taxable income or for the management and maintenance of property held for the production of taxable income; the net operating loss deduction due to the unabsorbed net operating loss in the two preceding years from business, partnership, or common trust funds; and other authorized deductions other than interest and taxes.

Balance income is the excess of total income over total deductions, that is, income before the amount distributable to beneficiaries is deducted.

Amount distributable to beneficiaries includes amounts of contributions (without limitation) which, pursuant to the terms of the will or deed creating the trust, are paid to, or permanently set aside for, organizations operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, educational, or public purposes, as well as amounts paid or payable to legatees, heirs, or beneficiaries. The amount distributable is a deduction from balance income in computing net income taxable to the fiduciary.

The amounts from each of the specific sources of income or loss included in total income, the aggregates of positive income and negative income, the amount of total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income taxable to the fiduciary, exemption, and tax liability are presented in the first following summary table by broader total income classes than appear in basic table 2. In the second following summary table, by the same broad total income classes, the amounts of each specific source of income or loss are shown as a percentage of aggregate positive income and the items of deductions are shown as a percentage of total income. The aggregate positive income used as the base for deriving the percentages is the sum of income from dividends, interest, and other fiduciaries together with net profits from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, from sales of capital assets and from other property, and miscellaneous income.
Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes:

| Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Totalnumber ofreturns | Dividends ${ }^{4}$ | Interests | Rents and royalties |  | Trade or business ${ }^{7}$ |  | Partnership ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of capital assets ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |  | Income from other fiduclaries ${ }^{11}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Net profit | Net loss | Net profit | Net loss | Net profit | Net loss | Net gain | Net loss | Net gain | Net loss |  |
| Under 0.5 | 6. 879 | 830 | 792 | 159 | 16 | 16 | 3 | 61 | 4 | 114 | 59 | 3 |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1. | 12,441 | 3, 668 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 251$ | 1, ${ }^{134}$ |  | r 655 | $\begin{array}{r}75 \\ 73 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 320 501 | $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}118 \\ 1,328 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 191 |  |  |  |
| 1.5 under 2 | -8,461 | 5, 823 | 2, 641 | 2,298 | 58 | 1,288 | 107 | 597 | 13 | 1,545 | - 205 | 74 | 16 |  |
| 2 under 2.5 | 6, 674 | 6, 194 | 2,343 | 2,156 | 53 | 1,245 | 33 | 663 | 28 | 1,676 | 178 | 63 | 9 | 285 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 5, 419 | 6, 396 | 2, 352 | 2,163 | 47 | 1,060 | 34 | 589 | 26 | 1,785 | 198 | 60 | 24 | 264 |
| 3 under 4 | 8,385 | 12,497 | 4,281 | 4, 014 | 104 | 2, 158 | 53 | 1,447 | 43 | 3, 540 | 245 | 144 | 35 | -482 |
| 4 under 5 | 6,135 | 12,396 | 3,999 | 3, 680 | 70 | 2, 020 | 90 | 1, 420 | 24 | 3, 246 | 239 | 91 | 32 | 331 |
| 5 under 10 | 15, 887 | 54, 516 | 14, 133 | 14, 179 | 195 | 6,507 | 232 | 6, 162 | 109 | 13, 414 | 683 | 324 | 80 | 1,305 |
| 10 under 15 | 6. 753 | 41, 716 | 8, 848 | 9,858 | 116 | 3, 905 | 220 | 5,523 | 54 | 9,782 | 369 | 206 | 64 | 1. 202 |
| 15 under 20 | 3,756 | 33, 576 | 6, 648 | 7,705 | 99 | 3,144 | 67 | 4.365 | 22 | 7, 517 | 251 | 90 | 41 | 812 |
| 20 under 25 | 2, 223 | 26. 538 | 4,443 | 5,454 | 69 | 2, 339 | 45 | 3. 226 | 60 | 6, 248 | 167 | 135 | 28 | 613 |
| 25 under 50 | 4, 613 | 88.487 | 11, 718 | 16, 867 | 159 | 6. 896 | 242 | 10,066 | 88 | 20, 188 | - 391 | 216 | 123 | 2,475 |
| 50 under 100 | 1. 923 | 74, 642 | 7, 929 | 13. 322 | 141 | 4. 802 | 296 | 7, 651 | 63 | 19,656 | 173 | 92 | 74 | 1,310 |
| 100 under 150 | 495 | 33, 497 | 2. 821 | 5,629 | 59 | 2,819 | 138 | 2,967 | 34 | 10,354 | 51 | 30 | 31 | - 1,435 |
| 150 under 300 | 355 | 44, 642 | 3,595 | 5, 464 | 21 | 3, 475 | 98 | 1,915 | 3 | 13,405 | 39 | 97 | (21) | 1, 335 |
| 300 under 500 | 94 | 19, 139 | 1,652 | 3, 224 | 19 <br> 30 |  | $\stackrel{29}{36}$ | 788 |  | 7,475 | 8 | (21) | 1 | 1,439 |
| 500 under 1,000 or more. | 50 <br> 28 | $\begin{aligned} & 21,873 \\ & 26,286 \end{aligned}$ | 1,157 603 | 3,919 13,881 | 30 73 | 1,152 | 36 <br> 15 | 628 29 | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5, } \\ 17,221 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 8 <br> 3 |  | 1 | 631 |
| Total | 101, 283 | 518, 021 | 84, 703 | 117, 635 | 1.477 | 45. 506 | 1,886 | 48,918 | 632 | 144, 583 | 3,658 | 1, 741 | 587 | 14,609 |


| Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Miscellaneous income ${ }^{12}$ | Aggregate |  | Total income? | Deduction for- |  |  | Total deductions | Balance Income ${ }^{18}$ | Amount distributable to beneficlaries | Net income taxable to fiduclary ${ }^{10}$ | Amount of exemp. tion ${ }^{20}$ | Tax <br> Hability ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Positive Income ${ }^{13}$ | Negative income ${ }^{14}$ |  | Interest ${ }^{15}$ | Taxes ${ }^{16}$ | Miscellaneous deductions ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 0.5 | 41 | 2. 056 | 83 | 1,973 | 5 | 29 | 119 | 153 | 1, 820 |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1 | 343 | 9,890 | 354 | 9, 536 | 32 | 172 | 119 | 153 | 1, 82012 | 78 719 | 1,742 8,295 | . 688 | 175 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 514 | 13, 612 | 425 | 13, 185 | 71 | 380 | 552 | 1, 003 | 19,012 12,182 | 1, 779 | 8,295 10,702 | 4. 410 | 1. 618 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 610 | 15, 103 | 399 | 14, 708 | 101 | 418 | 705 | 1, 224 | 13,483 | 2,255 | 11, 229 | 3, 107 | 1,0915 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 606 | 15, 231 | 301 | 14,933 | 108 | 435 | 748 | 1,290 | 13, 643 | 2, 687 | 10, 956 | -3, 251 | 1,315 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 516 | 15, 185 | 329 | 14,855 | 113 | 400 | 732 | 1,244 | 13, 611 | 3, 161 | 10,956 10,450 | 2,351 1,807 | 1,426 |
| 3 under 4 | 965 | 29,528 | 480 | 29, 047 | 257 | 790 | 1,445 | 2,492 | 26 556 | 3. 192 | 10,45 19 | 1,807 | 1.452 2,870 |
| 4 under 5 | 746 | 27, 929 | 455 | 27, 479 | 216 | 685 | 1, 433 | 2, 334 | 25. 145 | 7, 513 | 17, 632 | 2, 675 1,893 | 2, 878 |
| 5 under 10 | 3, 244 | 113, 783 | 1,299 | 112, 485 | 918 | 2, 686 | 5,496 | 9, 100 | 103, 381 | 35,368 | 68, 015 | 4,512 | 12,714 |
| 10 under 15 | 2, 084 | 83, 124 | 823 | 82, 301 | 721 | 1, 927 | 3, 905 | 6. 552 | 75. 747 | 28, 208 | 47,539 | 1,826 | 10, 451 |
| 15 under 20 | 1,314 | 65, 231 | 480 | 64,751 | 540 | 1, 435 | 3,242 | 5,217 | 59, 534 | 24, 523 | 35, 011 | 1,877 | 10,451 8,859 |
| 20 under 25 | - 992 | 49,988 | -369 | 49, 616 | 514 | 1, 105 | 2,249 | 3, 868 | 45, 748 | 18807 | 26,941 | 585 | 7, 786 |
| 50 under 100 | 3, 2 262 199 | 160,375 131,603 | 1, 003 | 159, 373 | 1, 751 | 3. 511 | 8, 029 | 13. 291 | 146, 081 | 62,165 | 83, 916 | 1, 139 | 29,657 |
| 100 under 150 | 2, 459 | 131,603 60,003 | 747 313 | $130,8.53$ 59,690 | 1, 5394 | 2, 629 | 7. 232 | 11,397 | 119, 456 | 57, 538 | 61, 920 | 473 | 27, 651 |
| 150 under 300 | 520 | 74, 478 | 161 | 74,319 | 1, 271 | 1, 1,576 | 3, 524 | 5,530 | 54, 160 | 25. 513 | 28,617 30.087 | 119 | 14, 803 |
| 300 under 500 | 128 | 34, 785 | 55 | 34,729 | 1, 372 | 1, 760 | 1, 579 | - 2,711 | 67.916 32,018 | 37, 860 | 30,087 13,316 | 81 19 | 16,741 7,735 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 528 | 35, 072 | 76 | 34,995 | 583 | 488 | 1,401 | 2, 2772 | 32, 524 | 18, 20.476 | 13,316 12.047 | 19 10 | 7,735 |
| 1,000 or more. | 34 | 58.066 | 91 | 57,975 | 299 | 718 | 1, 629 | 2,646 | 55, 328 | 22, 777 | 32, 551 | 5 | 20, 552 |
| Total | 19.300 | 995, 046 | 8,240 | 986, 806 | 10, 403 | 21, 492 | 47, 530 | 79,425 | 907, 381 | 377, 021 | 530, 360 | 30, 799 | 176, 309 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Income and loss from each source shown as percentage of aggregate positive income;
and each deduction shown as percentage of total income and each deduction shown as percentage of total income

| Total income classes 1 (Thousands of dollars) | Income and loss from each source shown as percentage of aggregate positive income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dividends ${ }^{4}$ | Interest ${ }^{5}$ | Rents and royalties ${ }^{6}$ |  | Trade or business ${ }^{7}$ |  | Partnership ${ }^{8}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of capital assets ${ }^{9}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Net profit | Net loss | Net profit | Net loss | Net profit | Net loss | Net gain | Net loss |
| Under 0.5. | 40.37 | 38. 52 | 7.73 | 0.78 | 0.78 | 0.15 | 2.97 | 0.19 | 5. 54 | 2. 87 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 37.09 38 | 22.76 | 15. 41 | . 40 | 6.62 | . 76 | 3. 24 <br> 3.68 | . 36 | 8.90 9.76 | 1.93 1.48 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 38. 95 | 18. 34 | 15.71 | . 80 | 7.89 8.53 | .54 .71 | 3.68 3.95 | . 18 | 9.76 10.23 | 1.48 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 38.56 | 17.49 | 15.22 | . 38 | 8.53 8.17 | . 71 | 3.95 4.35 | . 09 | 11.00 | 1.17 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 40.67 42.12 | 15. 38 15.49 | 14.16 14.24 | .35 .31 | 8.17 6.98 | . 22 | 4.35 <br> 3.88 | . 17 | 11.76 | 1.30 |
| 2.5 under 3 . | 42.12 42.32 | 15.49 14.50 | 14.24 13.59 | . 35 | 7.31 | . 18 | 4. 90 | . 15 | 11.99 | . 83 |
| 4 under $5 .-$ | 44.38 | 14. 32 | 13.18 | . 25 | 7. 23 | . 32 | 5.08 | . 09 | 11.62 | . 86 |
| 5 under 10 | 47.91 | 12.42 | 12.46 | . 17 | 5.72 | . 20 | 5. 42 | . 10 | 11.79 | . 60 |
| 10 under 15 | 50.19 | 10.64 | 11.86 | . 14 | 4.70 | . 26 | 6.64 | . 06 | 11.77 | . 44 |
| 15 under 20 | 51.47 | 10.19 | 11.81 | .15 .14 | 4.82 4.68 | . 10 | 6.69 6.45 | . 12 | 11.57 12.50 | . 33 |
| 20 under 25 | 53.09 55.18 | 8.89 7.31 | 10.91 10.52 | . 14 | 4.68 4.30 | . 09 | 6.45 6.28 | . 05 | 12. 59 | . 24 |
| 25 under 50. | 55.18 56.72 | 7.31 6.02 | 10.52 | . 11 | 4. 30 3.65 | . 22 | 5. 81 | . 05 | 14.94 | . 13 |
| 50 under 100 | 56.72 55.83 | 6.02 4.70 | 10.12 9.38 | . 11 | 3.65 4.70 | . 23 | 5. 4 4.94 | . .06 | 17. 26 | . 0 |
| 100 under 150 under 300 | 55.83 59.94 | 4.70 4.83 | 7.34 | . 03 | 4. 67 | . 13 | 2.61 |  | 18.00 | . 05 |
| 300 under 500 | 55. 02 | 4. 75 | 9.27 | . 05 | 2. 70 | . 08 | 2. 27 |  | 21.49 | . 02 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 62.37 | 3.30 | 11.17 | . 09 | 3.28 | . 10 | 1.79 |  | 14.77 29.66 | . 01 |
| 1,000 or more | 45.27 | 1.04 | 23.91 | . 13 | . 02 | . 03 | . 05 |  | 29.66 | . 01 |
| Total | 52. 06 | 8. 51 | 11.82 | . 15 | 4.57 | . 19 | 4.92 | . 06 | 14.53 | . 37 |



[^17]The tax liability tabulated for taxable fiduciary returns includes the normal tax, surtax, and alternative tax. The amount of the liability tabulated throughout this report is the tax after the allowance of the two tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States. The amount of the two credits for 1948 is not available. For statistical purposes, two types of tax are distinguished: normal tax and surtax, and alternative tax.

Normal tax and surtax is the sum of the two separate taxes, although they are jointly computed and reported as the combined normal tax and surtax. The tentative normal tax and surtax rates are the same as those applicable to individual income. Instructions accompanying the fiduciary return for the computation of tax provide a combined tax rate schedule whereby the combined tentative tax is computed after which the tax reduction percentages are applied. If the net income taxable to the fiduciary includes partially tax-exempt interest and dividends, the combined tentative tax is reduced by 3 percent of such income before the tax reduction percentages are applied.

Alternative tax on net income which includes a gain from sales of capital assets held more than 6 months is imposed only when there is a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss and the alternative tax is less than the regular normal tax and surtax. The alternative tax is not effective on returns with surtax net income under $\$ 22,000$. Alternative tax is the sum of a partial tax computed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates on net income reduced for this purpose by the net long-term capital gain or the excess over net short-term capital loss and fifty percent of such long-term gain.

Taxable fiduciary returns are tabulated in table 6, by total income classes, to show returns with normal tax and surtax separately from returns with alternative tax. Also this table contains the average tax per return based on the tax liability tabulated, and the effective tax rate based on net income taxable to the fiduciary.

## DATA FOR STATES AND TERRITORIES

Tabulation of fiduciary income by States and Territories is based on the collection district in which the return is filed. A fiduciary return may be filed in the district in which the fiduciary resides or has his principal place of business; but the income reported for the estate or trust does not necessarily arise within the district. Collection districts, or groups of such districts, are coextensive with the States and Territories, except that the District of Columbia is a part of the district of Maryland and the Territory of Alaska is, a part of Washington. Data for District of Columbia are tabulated separately from Maryland but data for Alaska are included with Washington. The number of taxable fiduciary returns, amounts of dividends, interest, total income, net income taxable to the fiduciary, and tax liability are presented in basic table 8 according to this distribution.

## RETURNS FOR ESTATES AND FOR TRUSTS

Taxable fiduciary returns filed for the income of property held in trust are distinguished from those filed for the income of estates. In basic table 9 , total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net.
income taxable to the fiduciary, exemption, and tax liability are tabu-lated by total income classes, separately for the two types of returns. Selected data from the returns for trusts, exclusively, are shown in basic tables 10 and 11 by total income classes and by net income classes, respectively. Both tabulations also provide a distribution of these selected data by the relationship of the beneficiary to the grantor of the trust.

The following summary table presents data in basic table 9 by somewhat broader total income classes than are used in that table.

Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Total number of returns, and for. returns for estates and trusts, separately: Number of returns, total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total income classes 1 | Total number of returns | Returns for estates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Total income ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{18}$ | Amount of exemption ${ }^{20}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |
| Under 0.5 | 6,879 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5 under 1 | 12,441 | 6, 333 | 5,054 | 10 | 4, 869 | 3,799 | 183 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 10,682 8,461 | 6,111 | 7,541 | 86 185 | 6, 893 | 3,667 | 536 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 8,461 | 4, 520 | 7,844 | 185 | 6,965 | 2, 714 | 703 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 6,674 | 3, 364 | 7,529 | 291 | 6,515 | 2,021 | 744 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 5,419 | 2, 532 | 6,927 | 338 | 5, 931 | 1,518 | 737 |
| 3 under 4 | 8,385 | 3, 668 | 12,708 | 785 | 10,639 | 2, 203 | 1,444 |
| 4 under 5 | - 6,135 | 2, 559 | 11, 465 | 1,005 | 9,326 | 1,535 | 1,377 |
| 5 under 10 | 15,887 | 5,848 | 41,091 | 4,946 | 32, 250 | 3,508 | 5,908 |
| 10 under 15 | 6,753 | 2,302 | 27,946 | 4,172 | 20,943 | 1,381 | 4,495 |
| 15 under 20 | 3,756 | 1,202 | 20, 719 | 3, 856 | 14, 842 | 721 | 3,727 |
| 20 under 25 | 2,223 | 725 | 16,179 | 3,208 | 11, 468 | 435 | 3,331 |
| 25 under 50 | 4,643 | 1,350 | 46, 124 | 9,035 | 31, 519 | 809 | 11, 187 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,923 | 562 | 38,479 | 10, 186 | 23, 721 | 337 | 10, 766 |
| 100 under 150 | 495 | 138 | 16, 800 | 4, 259 | 10, 095 | 83 | 5,428 |
| 150 under 300 | 355 | 91 | 19,232 | 6,657 | 10,000 | 55 | 5,805 |
| 300 under 500 | 94 | 18 | 6,857 | 3, 118 | 2,910 | 11 | 1, 671 |
| 500 under 1,000 1,000 or more | 50 28 |  | 7,719 15,780 | 2,818 2,148 | 4,202 13,287 | 7 | 2,703 10,281 |
| 1,000 or more. | 28 | 4 | 15,780 | 2,148 | 13,287 | 4 | 10,281 |
| Tota | 101,283 | 41,338 | 315,991 | 57, 105 | 226, 377 | 24,805 | 71,029 |

Returns for trusts

| Total income classes 1 | Number of returns | Total income ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{10}$ | Amount of exemp- tion 20 | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Under 0.5 | 6, 879 | 1,973 | 78 | 1,742 | 688 | 175 |
| 0.5 under 1. | 6,108 | 4,484 | 709 | 3,426 | 611 | 466 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 4,571 | 5,644 | 1,394 | 3,810 | 458 | 555 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 3, 941 | 6,864 | 2,070 | 4,264 | 394 | 642 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 3,310 | 7,405 | 2, 395 | 4,441 | 331 | 682 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 2, 887 | 7,928 | 2, 823 | 4,520 | 289 | 717 |
| 3 under 4 | 4,717 | 16, 340 | 6, 407 | 8,724 | 472 | 1,425 |
| 4 under 5 | 3,576 | 16, 015 | 6, 509 | 8,306 | 358 | 1,411 |
| 5 under 10 | 10, 039 | 71, 394 | 30, 421 | 35,765 | 1,004 | 6, 807 |
| 10 under 15 | 4,451 | 54, 356 | 24, 037 | 26,596 | 446 | 5, 956 |
| 15 under 20 | 2,554 | 44, 032 | 20,666 | 20, 169 | 256 | 5,132 |
| 20 under 25 | 1,498 | 33, 438 | 15, 599 | 15,473 | 150 | 4,455 |
| 25 under 50 | 3,293 | 113, 248 | 53, 129 | 52,397 | 329 | 18, 469 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,361 | 92, 376 | 47,350 | 38, 199 | 136 | 16,885 |
| 100 under 150 | 357 | 42,890 | 21, 254 | 18,552 | 36 | 9,375 |
| 150 under 300 | 264 | 55, 087 | 31, 203 | 20, 087 | 27 | 10,936 |
| 300 under 500 | 76 | 27,872 | 15, 584 | 10,406 | 8 | 6,064 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 39 | 27, 277 | 17,659 | 7,845 | 4 | 4,862 |
| 1,000 or more. | 24 | 42, 194 | 20,630 | 19,264 | 1 | 10,271 |
| Total | 59,945 | 670, 814 | 319, 916 | 303, 983 | 5,994 | 105, 280 |

A résumé of significant data from the taxable fiduciary returns, Form 1041, for 1937-1948, is presented in historical tables 12 through 15. The income year 1937 is the first year in which the fiduciary return, Form 1041, shows the tax liability of the fiduciary; previously, fiduciary income, any part of which was taxable to the fiduciary, was reported on an individual return, Form 1040. With the revision in the fiduciary return form, statistics for the income of estates and trusts were tabulated independently. The fiduciary income tax return, Form 1041, includes the entire income of the estate or trust even though a portion of the income is distributable to beneficiaries. Only the portion of income not distributable is taxed to the fiduciary, the beneficiary being liable for the tax on the distributable portion.

As far as it is possible, the historical tables are planned to show data similar to that in the historical tables for individual returns. Data in these tables are prepared, for the most part, from data published for taxable fiduciary returns, in the annual reports, Statistics of Income, Part 1, for 1937 and subsequent years.

Basic table 12 shows the number of returns, net income or total income, tax, and tax credits, by income years; table 13 shows the number of returns, net income or total income, tax, and effective tax rate, by income classes for each income year; table 14 shows the sources of income and deductions for each income year; and table 15 presents the number of returns, net income or total income, and tax for each State and Territory, for the latest 10 year period ending with the current year.

It will be noted that data for 1944 and subsequent years are on a total income basis, so that these historical data for 1944-1948 may be used in conjunction with the historical data for individual returns in this report.

Changes in the Federal income tax laws interfere with the comparability of the statistical data over a period of years. The major provisions of the income tax laws for 1937-1948 will be found in the synopsis of laws, pages 426-447.

## TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS, 1948

## BASIC TABLES

Simple and cumulative distributions-by total income classes:

1. Number of returns, total income, and tax.

Sources of income and tax:
2. Income, deductions, exemption, and tax-by total income classes.
3. Frequency distributions of returns for each specific sourceby total income classes.
4. Income, deductions, exemption, and tax-by net income classes.
Frequency distribution of returns-cross classified:
5. Number of returns-by total income classes and by net income classes.
Tax analysis-by total income classes:
6. Normal tax and surtax, alternative tax, average tax, and effective tax rate.
Capital gains and losses-by total income classes:
7. Short-term and long-term gain and loss, capital loss carryover, and net gain or loss reported.
States and Territories:
8. Selected sources of income and tax.

Returns for estates and for trusts-by total income classes:
9. Number of returns, total income, amount distributable, net income, exemption, and tax.
Returns for trusts-by relationship of beneficiary to grantor:
10. Number of trusts, total income, amount distributable, and net income-by total income classes.
11. Number of trusts, total income, amount distributable, and net income-by net income classes.



Table 1.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, total income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| come classes 1 |  | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Simple dis | tribution | Cumulat bution fro incom | e distrihighest class | Cumulati bution fro incom | ve distrin lowest class |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total | Number | Percent of total |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 6,879 | 6.79 | 101, 283 | 100.00 | 6, 879 | 6.79 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 5, 703 | 5.63 | 94, 404 | 93.21 | 12,582 | 12.42 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1. | 6,738 | 6.65 | 88,701 | 87.58 | 19,320 | 19.08 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 5,810 | 5.74 | 81, 963 | 80.92 | 25, 130 | 24.81 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 4,872 | 4.81 | 76, 153 | 75.19 | 30, 002 | 29.62 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 4,519 | 4.46 | 71, 281 | 70.38 | 34, 521 | 34.08 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 3,942 | 3.89 | 66, 762 | 65.92 | 38,463 | 37.98 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 3, 586 | 3.54 | 62, 820 | 62.02 | 42, 049 | 41.52 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 3, 088 | 3.05 | 59, 234 | 58.48 | 45, 137 | 44. 57 | 9 10 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 2,892 | 2.86 | 56, 146 | 55.43 | 48, 029 | 47.42 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 2,527 | 2.49 | 53, 254 | 52.58 | 50, 556 | 49.92 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 4, 621 | 4. 56 | 50,727 | 50. 08 | 55,177 | 54. 48 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 3,764 | 3.72 | 46, 106 | 45. 52 | 58, 941 | 58.19 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 3,180 | 3.14 | 42,342 | 41.81 | 62, 121 | 61.33 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 2,955 | 2.92 | 39, 162 | 38.67 | 65,076 | 64.25 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6. | 4, 5; ${ }_{\text {c }} 7$ | 4.49 | 36, 207 | 35. 75 | 69,623 | 68.74 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 3,753 | 3.71 | 31,660 | 31.26 | 73,376 | 72.45 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 3, 043 | 3.00 | 27,907 | 27.55 | 76,419 | 75.45 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 2, 483 | 2.45 | 24, 864 | 24.55 | 78, 902 | 77.90 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 2, 061 | 2.03 | 22, 381 | 22.10 | 80, 963 | 79.94 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,848 | 1.82 | 20,320 | 20.06 | 82, 811 | 81.76 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 1,454 | 1.44 | 18, 472 | 18.24 | 84, 265 | 83.20 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1,342 | 1.33 | 17,018 | 16. 80 | 85, 607 | 84.52 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1,029 | 1.02 | 15,676 | 15.48 | 86, 636 | 85.54 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1, 080 | 1.07 | 1! 1347 | 14.46 | 87, 716 | 86.60 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 3, 756 | 3.71 | 13, 567 | 13.40 | 91,472 | 90.31 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 2, 223 | 2.19 | 9,811 | 9.69 | 93, 695 | 92.51 | 27 28 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,617 | 1.60 | 7, 588 | 7.49 | 95, 312 | 94.10 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 1,928 | 1.90 | 5,971 | 5.90 | 97, 240 | 96.01 | 29 30 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 1,098 | 1.08 | 4, 043 | 3. 99 | 98, 338 | 97.09 | 30 31 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 694 | . 69 | 2,945 | 2. 91 | 99, 032 | 97.78 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 493 | . 49 | 2,251 | 2.22 | 99, 525 | 98.26 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 318 | . 31 | 1,758 | 1.74 | 99,843 | 98.58 | 33 34 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 241 | . 24 | 1,440 | 1.42 | 100, 084 | 98.82 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 177 | .17 | 1,199 | 1.18 | 100, 261 | 98.99 | 35 |
| 36 | - 100 under 150 | 495 | . 49 | 1, 022 | 1.01 | 100, 756 | 99.48 | 36 37 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 172 | . 17 | 527 | . 52 | 100, 928 | 99.65 99.76 | 37 38 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 107 | . 11 | 355 | . 35 | 101, 035 | 99.76 99.83 | 38 39 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 76 | . 08 | 248 | .24 | 101, 111 | 99.83 99.90 | 39 40 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 67 | . 07 | 172 | . 17 | 101, 178 | 99.90 99.92 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 27 | . 03 | 105 | . 10 | 101, 205 | 99.92 99.96 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 33 | . 03 | 78 | . 08 | 101, 238 | 99.96 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 17 | . 02 | 45 | . 04 | 101, 255 | 99.97 99.99 | 43 44 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 14 | (22) 01 | 28 | . 03 | 101, 269 | 99.99 99.99 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 |  | 14 | . 01 | 101, 274 | 99.99 99.99 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000. | 5 | (22) | 9 | $(22)$ | 101, 279 | 99.99 | 46 47 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 2 | (22) | 4 | (22) | 101, 281 | 99.99 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | (22) | 2 | (22) | 101, 282 | 99.99 100.00 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more.. | 1 | (22) | 1 | (22) | 101, 283 | 100.00 | 49 |
| (50 | Total | 101, 283 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  | 50 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 1.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, total income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thcusands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Total income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Simple di | tribution | Cumulat <br> bution fro incon | e distrihighest class | Cumulat bution fro incom | e distrilowest class |  |
|  |  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |  |
|  | Under 0.5 | 1,973 | 0.20 | 986, 806 | 100.00 | 1,973 | 0.20 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 3,677 | . 37 | 984, 830 | 99.80 | 5,650 | . 57 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 -- | 5, 859 | . 59 | 981, 153 | 99.43 | 11,509 | 1.17 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25-- | 6,513 | . 68 | 975, 294 | 98.83 | 18, 022 | 1.83 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 6,672 | . 68 | 968.781 | 98.17 | 24,694 | 2.50 | 5 |
| 7 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 7, 314 | . 74 | 962, 109 | 97.50 | 32,008 | 3.24 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 7, 394 | . 75 | 954,795 | 96.76 | 39,402 | 3.99 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 2nder 2.25 under 2.5 | 7,608 | . 77 | 947,401 939,793 | 96.01 | 47,010 54,335 | 4. 76 | 8 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 7,596 | . 77 | 932, 468 | 94.49 | 641,931 | 6. 28 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 7,259 | . 74 | 924, 872 | 93.72 | 69, 190 | 7.01 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 14,940 | 1.51 | 917, 613 | 92.99 | 84, 130 | 8.53 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 14, 107 | 1.43 | 902, 673 | 91.47 | 98, 237 | 9.96 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 13, 476 | 1.37 | 888, 566 | 90.04 | 111, 713 | 11. 32 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 14,003 | 1.42 | 875, 090 | 88.68 | 125, 716 | 12.74 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 24, 843 | 2.52 | 861, 087 | 87.26 | 150, 559 | 15. 26 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 . | 24, 280 | 2.46 | 836, 244 | 84.74 | 174, 839 | 17.72 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 22,753 | 2. 31 | 811, 964 | 82.28 | 197, 592 | 20.02 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 . | 21, 079 | 2.14 | 789, 211 | 79.98 | 218, 671 | 22.16 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 19,530 | 1.98 | 768, 132 | 77.84 | 238, 201 | 24.14 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 19,335 | 1.96 | 748, 602 | 75.86 | 257, 536 | 26.10 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 16,696 | 1.69 | 729, 267 | 73. 90 | 274, 232 | 27.79 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 16, 752 | 1.70 | 712, 571 | 72.21 | 290, 984 | 29.49 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 13, 878 | 1.41 | 695, 819 | 70.51 | 304, 862 | 30.89 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 15,640 | 1.58 | 681, 941 | 69.11 | 320, 502 | 32.48 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 64,751 | 6.56 | 666, 301 | 67.52 | 385, 253 | 39.04 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 49,616 | 5.03 | 601, 550 | 60.96 | 434, 869 | 44.07 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 44, 079 | 4.47 | 551, 934 | 55.93 | 478, 948 | 48.54 | 28 |
| 29 30 | 30 under 40 | 66, 374 | 6.73 | 507, 855 | 51.46 | 545, 322 | 55.26 | 29 |
| 30 31 | 40 under 50 | 48,920 | 4.96 | 441, 481 | 44.74 | 594, 242 | 60.22 | 30 |
| 31 32 | 50 under 60 | 37,870 | 3.84 | 392, 561 | 39.78 | 632, 112 | 64.06 | 31 |
| 32 33 | 60 under 70 | 31, 807 | 3.22 | 354, 691 | 35. 94 | 663, 919 | 67.28 | 32 |
| 33 <br> 34 | 70 under 80 | 23, 808 | 2.41 | 322, 884 | 32.72 | 687, 727 | 69.69 | 33 |
| 34 35 | 80 under 90 | 20, 534 | 2.08 | 299, 076 | 30.31 | 708, 261 | 71.77 | 34 |
| 35 36 | 90 under 100 | 16, 834 | 1.71 | 278, 542 | 28.23 | 725, 095 | 73.48 | 35 |
| 36 37 | 100 under 150 | 59,690 | 6.05 | 261, 708 | 26.52 | 784, 785 | 79. 53 | 36 |
| 37 38 | 150 under 200 | 29,637 | 3.00 | 202,018 | 20.47 | 814, 422 | 82.53 | 37 |
| 38 39 | 200 under 250 | 23,913 | 2.42 | 172, 381 | 17.47 | 838, 335 | 84.95 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 20,769 | 2.10 | 148,468 | 15.05 | 859, 104 | 87.06 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 22,953 | 2.33 | 127, 699 | 12.94 | 882, 057 | 89.39 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 11,776 | 1.19 | 104, 746 | 10.61 | 893, 833 | 90.58 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 20, 716 | 2.10 | 92,970 | 9.42 | 914, 549 | 92.68 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 14, 279 | 1.45 | 72, 254 | 7.32 | 928, 828 | 94.12 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 16,778 | 1.70 | 57,975 | 5.88 | 945, 606 | 95.82 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 8,011 | . 81 | 41, 197 | 4.17 | 953, 617 | 96.64 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 11, 454 | 1.16 | 33, 186 | 3.36 | 965, 071 | 97.80 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 6, 532 | . 66 | 21, 732 | 2.20 | 971, 603 | 98.46 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 4,261 10,939 | .43 1.11 | 15,200 10,939 | 1.54 1.11 | $\begin{aligned} & 975,864 \\ & 986806 \end{aligned}$ | 98.89 100.00 | 48 |
| 50 | Total | 986, 806 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  | 50 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 1.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Simple and cumulative distributions of number of returns, total income, and tax liability, with corresponding percentage distributions-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Simple di | tribution | Cumulat bution est inc | ve distriom highne class | Cumula bution est inc | e distrirom lowne class |  |
|  |  | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total | Amount | Percent of total |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 175 | 0.10 | 176, 309 | 100. 00 | 175 | 0.10 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 241 | . 14 | 176, 134 | 99.90 | 416 | . 24 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1. | 407 | . 23 | 175, 893 | 99.76 | 823 | . 47 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 521 | . 30 | 175, 486 | 99.53 | 1,344 | . 76 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 570 | . 32 | 174,965 | 99.24 | 1,914 | 1.09 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 656 | . 37 | 174, 395 | 98.91 | 2,570 | 1.46 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 689 | . 39 | 173, 739 | 98.54 | 3,259 | 1.85 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 715 | . 41 | 173, 050 | 98.15 | 3,974 | 2.25 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 711 | . 40 | 172, 335 | 97.75 | 4,685 | 2.66 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 739 | . 42 | 171, 624 | 97.34 | 5, 424 | 3.08 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 713 | . 40 | 170, 885 | 96.92 | 6,137 | 3.48 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 1,454 | . 82 | 170, 172 | 96.52 | 7,591 | 4.31 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 1,416 | . 80 | 168, 718 | 95.69 | 9,007 | 5.11 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 1,353 | . 77 | 167, 302 | 94.89 | 10,360 | 5.88 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 1, 435 | . 81 | 165, 949 | 94.12 | 11, 795 | 6.69 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 2,880 | 1.63 | 164, 514 | 93.31 | 14,675 | 8.32 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 2, 564 | 1.45 | 161, 634 | 91.68 | 17, 239 | 9.78 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 2, 524 | 1.43 | 159, 070 | 90.22 | 19, 763 | 11. 21 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 2, 460 | 1.40 | 156, 546 | 88.79 | 22, 223 | 12. 60 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 2,286 | 1.30 | 154, 086 | 87.40 | 24, 509 | 13.90 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 2,379 | 1.35 | 151,800 | 86.10 | 26,888 | 15. 25 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 2, 055 | 1.17 | 149, 421 | 84.75 | 28, 943 | 16.42 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 2,121 | 1.20 | 147, 366 | 83.58 | 31, 064 | 17.62 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1,726 | . 98 | 145, 245 | 82.38 | 32, 790 | 18.60 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 2,170 | 1.23 | 143, 519 | 81.40 | 34,960 | 19.83 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 8,859 | 5.02 | 141, 349 | 80.17 | 43,819 | 24.85 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 7,786 | 4.42 | 132, 490 | 75.15 | 51, 605 | 29.27 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 7,571 | 4.29 | 124, 704 | 70.73 | 59, 176 | 33.56 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 11,988 | 6.80 | 117, 133 | 66.44 | 71, 164 | 40.36 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 10,098 | 5.73 | 105, 145 | 59.64 | 81, 262 | 46.09 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 8, 063 | 4.57 | 95, 047 | 53.91 | 89, 325 | 50.66 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 6,837 | 3.88 | 86, 984 | 49.34 | 96, 162 | 54.54 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 4,723 | 2.68 | 80, 147 | 45.46 | 100, 885 | 57.22 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 4,260 | 2.42 | 75, 424 | 42.78 | 105, 145 | 59.64 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 3,768 | 2.14 | 71, 164 | 40.36 | 108, 913 | 61.77 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 14,803 | 8.40 | 67,396 | 38. 23 | 123, 716 | 70.17 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 6,497 | 3.69 | 52,593 | 29.83 | 130, 213 | 73.85 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 5,983 | 3.39 | 46, 096 | 26.15 | 136, 196 | 77.25 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 4,261 | 2.42 | 40,113 | 22.75 | 140,457 | 79.67 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 4,918 | 2.79 | 35,852 | 20.33 | 145, 375 | 82.45 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 2, 817 | 1. 60 | 30, 934 | 17.55 | 148, 192 | 84.05 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 2,771 | 1. 57 | 28, 117 | 15.95 | 150,963 | 85.62 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 4,794 | 2.72 | 25,346 | 14.38 | 155, 757 | 88.34 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 3, 880 | 2.20 | 20, 552 | 11.66 | 159, 637 | 90.54 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 2, 324 | 1.32 | 16,672 | 9.46 | 161,961 | 91.86 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 2,149 | 1.22 | 14,348 | 8.14 | 164, 110 | 93.08 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 1,837 | 1.04 | 12, 199 | 6.92 | 165,947 | 94.12 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 1,987 | 1. 13 | 10, 362 | 5.88 | 167,934 | 95.25 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more. | 8,375 | 4.75 | 8,375 | 4.75 | 176, 309 | 100.00 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 176,309 | 100.00 |  |  |  |  | 50 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 2.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distibutable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes 1 | Total number of returns | Dividends ${ }^{4}$ | Interest ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Rents and royalties ${ }^{6}$ |  | Trade or business ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Net profit | Net loss | Net profit | Net loss |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 6, 879 | 830 | 792 | 159 | 16 | 16 | 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 5,703 | 1,478 | 940 | 526 | 17 | 222 | 35 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 | 6,738 | 2,190 | 1,311 | 998 | 23 | 433 | 40 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 5,810 | 2, 589 | 1,251 | 1,091 | 73 | 537 | 45 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 4,872 | 2,713 | 1,246 | 1,047 | 36 | 537 | - 28 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 4,519 | 2,876 | 1,318 | 1,149 | 34 | 603 | 35 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 3, 942 | 2,947 | 1,323 | 1,149 | 24 | 685 | 72 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 3,586 | 3,196 | 1,244 | 1,083 | 31 | 592 | -19 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 3, 088 | 2, 998 | 1,099 | 1,073 | 22 | 653 | , $\quad 14$ | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 2, 892 | 3, 244 | 1,202 | 1,136 | 30 | 534 | 11. 25 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 2,527 | 3, 152 | 1,150 | 1,027 | 17 | 526 | - 9 | 11 |
| 13 | 3 under 3.5 | - 4,621 | 6,484 | 2,248 2,033 | 1,077 | 48 56 | 1,114 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ 19 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 3, 180 | 5,931 | 2,010 | 1,792 | 42 | 1,023 | $1 \quad 63$ | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 2,955 | 6,465 | 1,989 | 1,888 | 28 | 997 | -27 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 4,547 | 11, 558 | 3,302 | 3, 252 | 49 | 1,526 | - $\quad 45$ | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 3,753 | 11,732 | 3, 094 | 3, 084 | 44 | 1, 404 | - $\quad 53$ | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 3,043 | 11, 215 | 2,873 | 2,813 | 45 | 1,239 | - 44 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 2,483 | 10, 268 | 2,558 | 2, 695 | 27 | 1,230 | 1 <br> $\quad 9$ | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 2,061 | 9, 743 | 2, 305 | 2, 335 | 30 | 1,108 | - 81 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,848 | 9,695 | 2,107 | 2,168 | 23 | 961 | - 66 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 1,454 | 8, 282 | 1,882 | 2, 257 | 18 | 901 | 180 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1,342 | 8,268 | 1,772 | 2,142 | 22 | 738 | - $1 \quad 26$ | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1,029 | 7,179 | 1,510 | 1,681 | 21 | 629. | - 17 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1,080 | 8,292 | 1,577 | 1,610 | 32 | 676 | - 31 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 3, 756 | 33, 576 | 6,648 | 7,705 | 99 | 3, 144 | - 67 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 2, 223 | 26,538 | 4,443 | 5,454 | 69 | 2, 339 | $\bigcirc$ | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,617 | 24, 163 | 3,420 | 4,796 | 58 | 1,868 | -1+ 52 | 28 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 1,098 | - 27,742 | 4, 483 | 7,090 | 82 19 | 2,915 2,113 |  | 39 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 694 | 20, 725 | 2,294 | 3,890 | 40 | 1,850 | 134 +121 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 493 | 18,087 | 1,918 | 2,948 | 18 | 1,253 | 92 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 318 | 14, 437 | 1,590 | 2,149 | 20 | 445 | +66 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 241 | 11,857 | 1,127 | 2,685 | 46 | 626 |  | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 177 | 9,536 | 1,000 | 1,650 | 17 | 628 | - 9 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 495 | 33,497 | 2,821 | 5,629 | 59 | 2,819 | - 1138 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 172 | 16, 244 | 1,788 | 2,521 | 12 | 1,641 | - 13 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 107 | 15, 514 | 982 | 1,946 | 9 | 376 |  | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 76 | 12, 884 | 825 | 997 |  | 1,458 | - 4 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 67 | 12, 021 | 1,241 | 2, 441 | 16 | 940 | 2 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500. | 27 | 7,118 | 411 | 783 | 3 |  | - $\quad 27$ | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 33 | 12,472 | 699 | 3,764 | 30 | 353 | $\begin{array}{r}+\quad 27 \\ \hline \quad 0\end{array}$ | 42 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 14 | 8, 8041 | 458 | 2,985 |  | 799 10 | 9 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 | 6,314 | 43 | 1 | 73 |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000. | 5 | 7,702 | 164 | 17 |  |  | 15 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 2 | 3,066 | 7 |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | 261 | 27 |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more. | 1 | 2. | 1 | 10,878 |  | 2 |  | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 101, 283 | 518, 021 | 84,703 | 117, 635 | 1,477 | 45,506 | 1,886 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under \$5,000. | 65, 076 | 53, 106 | 21,156 | 18,132 | 497 | 9,516 | , 468 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 36, 207 | 464,912 | 63,546 | 99, 502 | 981 | 35, 991 | 1,418 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 2.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Partnership ${ }^{8}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of capital assets ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | Sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Net profit | Net loss | Net gain | Net loss | Net gain | Net loss |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 61 | 4 | 114 | 59 | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 107 | 7 | 325 | 71 | 25 | 6 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1. | 213 | 29 | 555 | 120 | 30 | 6 | 3 |
|  | 1 under 1.25 | 265 | 8 | 657 | 100 | 28 | 6 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 236 | 17 | 671 | 102 | 33 | 10 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 312 | 4 | 758 | 101 | 34 | 8 | 6 |
|  | 1.75 under 2. | 285 | 9 | 787 | 104 | 40 | 8 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 294 | 13 | 826 | 91 | 28 | 7 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 369 | 15 | 850 | 87 | 35 |  | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 313 | 20 | 908 | 93 | 34 |  | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 276 | 6 | 877 | 105 | 26 | 20 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 740 | 13 | 1,740 | 140 | 82 | 16 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 707 | 30 | 1,800 | 105 | 62 | 19 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 719 | 20 | 1,667 | 110 | 38 | 16 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 701 | 4 | 1,579 | 129 | 53 | 16 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 1,180 | 23 | 3, 082 | 169 | 87 | 19 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 1,062 | 10 | 3, 131 | 163 | 77 | 15 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 - | 1,343 | 32 | 2, 564 | 148 | 50 | 8 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 1,299 | 7 | 2,370 | 113 | 52 | 25 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 1,278 | 37 | 2, 267 | 90 | 58 | 13 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,373 | 22 | 2, 325 | 97 | 17 | 14 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 910 | 7 | 2, 058 | 69 | 42 | 18 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1,101 | 16 | 2,080 | 72 | 40 | 24 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 856 | 1 | 1,499 | 73 | 67 |  | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1,283 | 8 | 1, 820 | 58 | 40 | 3 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 4,365 | 22 | 7, 547 | 251 | 90 | 41 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25. | 3, 226 | 60 | 6, 248 | 167 | 135 | 28 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 2, 704 | 2 | 5, 640 | 125 | 89 | 25 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 3,482 | 72 | 8, 296 | 190 | 5 | 78 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 3,880 | 14 | 6,252 | 76 | 122 | 20 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 2,386 | 13 | 5,793 | 58 | 31 | 27 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 1,898 | 25 | 4,864 | 39 | 32 |  | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 1,516 | (21) 2 | 3, 283 | 35 | 3 | 32 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 90 under under 100 | 1,149 | ${ }^{(21)}{ }_{23}$ | 2,796 2,920 | 26 | 25 | 12 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 100 under 150 | 702 | ${ }_{34}^{23}$ | 2,920 10 | 15 | 1 | 2 | 35 |
| 36 37 | 100 150 under 150 200 | 2,967 1,148 | 34 2 | $\begin{array}{r}10,354 \\ 5,363 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 51 19 | 30 78 | 31 | 36 <br> 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 1,487 | 1 | 3, 874 | 13 | 6 | (21) | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 310 |  | 4, 168 | 7 | 13 |  | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 373 |  | 5,541 |  | (21) | 1 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 415 |  | 1,934 | 2 |  |  | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 544 |  | 2,330 2,851 | 3 5 |  | 1 | 43 |
| $44^{\prime}$ | 1,000 under 1,500 | 84 |  | 4,458 | 1 |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  | 1,728 | 1 |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  | 3, 576 | 1 |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000. |  |  | 3, 459 |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  | 3, 973 |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more. | 29 |  | 27 |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | f. Total | 48,948 | 632 | 144, 583 | 3,658 | 1,741 | 587 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total in- | 5,598 | 199 | 14, 114 | 1,517 | 551 | 145 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 43,350 | 434 | 130,471 | 2, 141 | 1,190 | 443 | 52 |

[^18]Table 2.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ |  | Income from other fiduciaries ${ }^{11}$ | Miscellaneous income ${ }^{12}$ | Total income? | Deduction for- |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Interest ${ }^{15}$ |  |  | Taxes ${ }^{16}$ | Miscel-deductions ${ }^{17}$ |  |
|  | Under 0.5 |  | 40 | 41 | 1,973 | 5 | 29 | 119 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 78 | 112 | 3. 677 | 11 | 48 | 132 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1-- | 116 | 231 | 5, 859 | 21 | 124 | 189 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25- | 86 | 243 | 6,513 | 30 | 183 | - $\quad 253$ | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 111 | ${ }_{341}^{271}$ | 6,672 | 41 | 197 | 299 | 5 |
| 6 |  | 102 | 341 | 7,314 | 51 | 208 | 343 3 | 6 |
|  | 1.75 under 2 | 125 | 269 | 7,394 | 50 | 210 | - 362 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 175 | 329 | 7,608 | 56 | 223 | 375 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 110 | 277 | 7,325 | 52 | 212 | 373 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 124 | 273 | 7,596 | 57 | 206 | 382 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 140 | 243 | 7,259 | 56 | 194 | 350 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 203 | 503 | 14,940 | 137 | 411 | 754 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 279 | 462 | 14, 107 | 120 | 379 | 691 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 179 | 366 | 13,476 | 100 | 328 | 696 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 152 | 380 | 14.003 | 116 | 357 | 737 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6- | 379 | 781 | 24, 843 | 222 | 609 | 1,246 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | ${ }_{212}$ | 768 | 24, 280 | 220 | 632 | 1,198 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 256 | 677 | 22,753 | 206 | 553 | 1,082 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 230 | 557 | 21, 079 | 126 | 485 | 964 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 228 | 461 | 19,530 | 144 | 407 | 1,006 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 312 | 600 | 19,335 | 199 | 47n | 910 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 270 | 286 | 16, 696 | 125 | 382 | 867 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 277 | 493 | 16,752 | 158 | 387 | 885 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 219 | 354 | 13, 878 | 126 | 353 | 616 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 124 | 351 | 15,640 | 113 | 329 | 627 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 842 | 1,314 | 64,751 | 540 | 1,435 | 3,242 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 613 | 992 | 49,616 | 514 | 1,105 | 2,249 | 27 |
| 28 | 25.under 30 | - 454 | 1,207 | 44, 079 | 482 | 1, 049 | 2,205 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 1,201 | 1,137 | 66,374 | 715 | 1,532 | 3,193 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 820 <br> 555 | 1,118 | 48,920 | 554 | 930 | 2,631 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 555 | 604 | 37, 870 | 545 | 697 | 2,019 | 31 |
| 32 | 70 under 80 | 389 | 594 <br> 420 | 31,807 23,808 | ${ }_{146}$ | 591 449 | 1,693 1,328 | 32 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 124 | 238 | 20,534 | 489 | 453 | 1,131 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 121 | 343 | 16,834 | 147 | 439 | 1,061 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 1,435 | 451 | 59, 690 | 994 | 1,347 | 3,189 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 750 | 149 | 29,637 | 555 | 717 | 1,602 | 37 |
| 38 39 | 200 under 250 | $\begin{array}{r}546 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 286 85 | 23,913, 20 2069 | 309 <br> 407 | 508 351 | 1,070 | 38 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400- | 318 | 102 | 22,953 | 348 | 441 | 1,255 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 1,121 | 26 | 11, 776 | 24 | 319 | 324 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 611 | 4 | 20,716 | 335 | 295 | 1,164 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000-. | 23 | 524 | 14, 279 | 248 | 193 | 237 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  | 24 | 16,778 | 59 | 109 | 527 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  | 8,011 | 5 | 394 | 531 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 3,000 under 4,000 |  | 10 | 11, 454 | 125 | 155 | 383 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  | 6,532 | 31 | 59 | 167 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  | 4,261 |  |  | (21) | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more. |  |  | 10,939 | 79 | 1 | 21 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 14,609 | 1ヶ, 300 | 986, 806 | 10,403 | 21,492 | 47, 530 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000$. | 2,020 | 4,341 | 125, 716 | 903 | 3,309 | 6,055 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 12,590 | 14,956 | 861,087 | 9,500 | 18, 182 | 41,475 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 2.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Total deductions | Balance income ${ }^{18}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{19}$ | Amount of exemption ${ }^{20}$ | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 153 | 1,820 | 78 | 1, 742 | 658 | 175 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 190 | 3, 487 | 276 | 3. 212 | 1,771 | 241 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 | 334 | 5,525 | 443 | 5, 083 | 2, 639 | 407 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 466 | 6, 047 | 643 | 5, 404 | 2, 265 | 521 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 537 | 6, 135 | 836 | 5,293 | 1,859 | 570 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 602 | 6. 712 | 1,088 | 5,624 | 1. 66.5 | 656 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 622 | 6,771 | 1,167 | 5,605 | 1,442 | 689 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 654 | 6, 954 | 1,359 | 5, 596 | 1, 267 | 715 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 636 | 6,689 | 1, 329 | 5, 360 | 1, 034 | 711 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 644 | 6, 952 | 1,563 | 5, 389 | 970 | 739 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 600 | 6,659 | 1,593 | 5, 061 | 837 | 713 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 1,302 | 13, 638 | 3, 641 | 9,997 | 1,478 | 1,454 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 1,190 | 12, 918 | 3, 551 | 9, 367 | 1,197 | 1,416 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 1,124 | 12. 352 | 3, 646 | 8, 706 | 983 | 1,353 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 1,210 | 12, 793 | 3, 867 | 8,926 | 910 | 1, 435 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 2, 077 | 22, 766 | 7, 330 | 15, 436 | 1,347 | 2, 880 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 2,051 | 22, 229 | 7,651 | 14, 577 | 1,054 | 2, 564 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 1,841 | 20, 911 | 7, 176 | 13, 735 | 847 | 2. 524 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 1,574 | 19, 505 | 6, 741 | 12, 764 | 693 | 2, 460 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 1,557 | 17, 973 | 6, 470 | 11,503 | 566 | 2, 286 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,585 | 17,750 | 6, 201 | 11, 548 | 513 | 2, 379 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 1,373 | 15, 322 | 5, 724 | 9,598 | 399 | 2, 055 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1,430 | 15, 322 | 5, 691 | 9, 631 | 356 | 2, 121 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1,095 | 12, 783 | 5, 170 | 7,613 | 274 | 1. 726 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1,069 | 14,570 | 5, 422 | 9, 149 | 284 | 2,170 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 5,217 | 59, 534 | 24, 523 | 35, 011 | 977 | 8, 859 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 3,869 | 45, 743 | 18, 807 | 26, 941 | 585 | 7, 786 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 3, 736 | 40,342 | 16, 504 | 23, 838 | 409 | 7,571 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 5,440 | 60, 934 | 26, 785 | 34, 149 | 461 | 11, 988 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 4,115 | 44, 805 | 18, 876 | 25, 929 | 269 | 10, 098 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 3, 261 | 34, 609 | 15, 306 | 19,304 | 171 | 8, 063 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 2,493 | 29, 314 | 13, 754 | 15, 560 | 115 | 6,837 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 1, 923 | 21,886 | 11, 553 | 10, 327 | 78 | 4,723 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 2, 073 | 18,461 | 9,462 | 9, 000 | 63 | 4, 260 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 1, 647 | 15, 186 | 7,453 | 7, 729 | 46 | 3, 763 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 5,530 | 54, 160 | 25. 513 | 28,647 | 119 | 14, 803 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 2,875 | 26,762 | 14, 688 | 12, 074 | 40 | 6, 497 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 1,888 | 22, 025 | 11. 713 | 10,312 | 23 | 5,983 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 1,610 | 19,159 | 11, 459 | 7. 701 | 18 | 4, 261 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 2, 043 | 20,910 | 12, 150 | 8,760 | 13 | 4,918 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 668 | 11.10s | 6, 552 | 4,556 | 6 | 2, 817 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 1,794 | 18,973 | 14, 197 | 4,725 | 6 | 2, 771 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 673 | 13, 601 | 6, 279 | 7,322 | 4 | 4,794 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 695 | 16, 083 | 9,502 | 6,522 | 2 | 3, 880 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 929 | 7, 082 | 3, 5>5 | 3,497 | 1 | 2,324 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 663 | 10,790 | 6,697 | 4. 092 | 1 | 2,149 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 257 | 6,274 | 2,655 | 3, 619 | (21) | 1,837 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | ${ }^{(21)}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,261 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 288 | 3,973 | (21) | 1,987 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more...- | 102 | 10,838 | 50 | 10,738 | 1 | 8,375 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 79, 425 | 907, 331 | 377, 021 | 530, 360 | 30, 799 | 176. 309 | 50 |
| $\$ 1$ | Taxable returns with total income under \$5,000. | 10,264 | 115, 452 | 25, 0.4 | 90,370 | 21, 055 | 11, 795 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 69,157 | 791, 926 | 351, 937 | 439,990 | 9,746 | 164, 514 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.


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For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
Table 3.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Frequency distributions of returns for each specific source of income or


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For footnotes，see pp．299－300．

Table 4.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by net income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes ${ }^{28}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { number } \\ & \text { of re-- } \\ & \text { turns } \end{aligned}$ | Dividends ${ }^{4}$ | Interest ${ }^{5}$ | Rents and royalties ${ }^{6}$ |  | Trade or business ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Net profit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { loss } \end{aligned}$ | Net profit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { loss } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 17,671 | 41, 680 | 11,757 | 4,706 | 102 | 775 | 14 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 9,495 | 16,501 | 4,990 | 3, 513 | 64 | 927 | 100 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1-...-------- | 9, 278 | 15,040 | 4,178 | 3,521 | 60 | 1,065 | 53 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25-.....------ | 7, 034 | 14, 189 | 3,411 | 3,504 | 85 | 1,200 | 57 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 -- | 5, 4685 | 13,590 8,961 | 2, 2398 | 2, 238 | 46 43 | 1,845 | 44 | 5 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 3, 961 | 8, 908 | 2,274 | 2, 432 | 29 | 1, 209 | 170 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 3, 475 | 8,379 | 1,997 | 2, 147 | 68 | 752 | 67 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 2, 817 | 8, 237 | 1,878 | 2,187 | 24 | 927 | 18 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 2, 525 | 8,134 | 1,682 | 2, 033 | 33 | 760 | 11 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3. | 2, 206 | 6, 180 | 1, 467 | 2,038 | 23 | 663 | 11 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5. | 3,608 | 11,414 11,216 | 2,582 2,268 2, | 3,250 <br> 2,851 | 66 77 | 1,752 | 93 | 13 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 4 4 | 2, 2,493 | 11,218 9,499 | 2, 104 | 2,783 | 25 | 1,217 | 83 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 2,130 | 8,756 | 1,904 | 2, 328 | 47 | 1,224 | 21 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6. | 3,221 | 16, 051 | 2,917 | 4, 057 | 63 | 1,869 | 57 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 . | 2,556 | 14, 779 | 2,948 | 3,811 | 74 | 1,673 | 53 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8. | 2, 020 | 12, 914 | 2,317 | 4,152 | 14 | 1,360 | 65 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 1,579 | 11, 610 | 1,643 | 3,130 | 41 | 1,421 | 30 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 1,406 | 14, 599 | 1,843 | 2,539 | 32 | 1,243 | 63 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,126 | 10,836 | 1,613 | 2, 811 | 12 | 973 | 43 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 910 | 8,060 | 1,251 | 2, 561 | 11 | 836 | 59 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13. | 781 | 7,390 | 1,172 | 1,701 | 13 | 787 | 13 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14. | 637 | 6,926 | 1,043 | 1,248 | 13 | 568 | 13 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 677 | 7,714 | 1,067 | 1,859 | 19 | 832 | 3 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 2,003 | 28,494 | 3, 738 | 6,010 | 54 <br> 34 | 2,617 2,316 | 35 100 | ${ }_{27}^{26}$ |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 1,195 | - 18,369 | 2, 1,760 | 2, 934 | 34 27 | 1,585 | 33 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 963 | 29, 922 | 3,169 | 4,192 | 43 | 2,474 | 79 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 540 | 21, 411 | 1,578 | 2,556 | 17 | 1,792 | 21 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 301 | 15, 560 | 1,386 | 1,604 | 13 | 1,487 | 32 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 235 | 14, 061 | 911 | 1,921 | 24 | 1,004 | 68 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 112 | 5, 368 | 542 | 1,700 | 38 | 625 | 4 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 77 | 4,756 | 352 | 1,700 | 1 | 543 | 77 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 82 | 7,096 | 644 | 657 | 33 | 1, 014 | 45 | ${ }_{36}^{35}$ |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 170 | 18, 010 | 884 | 3,770 | 18 | 543 | 107 | 36 37 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 57 | 9,345 | 855 268 | 547 564 |  | 260 98 | 23 | 37 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 16 | 1,640 | 52 | 83 | (21) | 289 |  | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 18 | 2, 922 | 113 | 368 | 57 |  | 10 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500...----.-- | 7 | 3,237 | 8 | 2 | 19 | 799 |  | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 7 | 3,479 | 39 |  |  |  | 9 | 42 |
| 43 44 | 750 under 1,000...--..------- | 10 | 1,656 4,373 | 74 122 | 2,186 10,887 |  | 10 2 |  | 44 |
| 45 | Total. | 101, 283 | 518, 021 | 84, 703 | 117, 635 | 1,477 | 45, 506 | 1,886 | 45 |
| 46 | Taxable returns with net income under | 79, 737 | 190, 684 | 47, 828 | 43, 001 | 792 | 16,489 | 842 | 46 |
| 47 | Taxable returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 21, 546 | 327, 338 | 36,873 | 74,637 | 684 | 29, 020 | 1, 044 | 47 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 4.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by net income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 4.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by net income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 4.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by net income classes: Number of returns, income or loss from each of the sources comprising total income, total income, deductions, balance income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes ${ }^{28}$ | Total deductions | Balance income ${ }^{18}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduci. ary ${ }^{19}$ | Amount of exemption 20 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Taxli- } \\ & \text { ability } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 5, 399 | 57,881 | 53, 203 | 4,678 | 1, 762 | 485 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 3, 056 | 26,162 | 20, 092 | 6,070 | 2,889 | 531 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 | 2,919 | 24, 411 | 16, 340 | 8,071 | 3,491 | 762 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 2, 441 | 23, 168 | 15, 290 | 7,879 | 2, 644 | 869 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 2, 432 | 20, 266 | 12, 783 | 7, 483 | 2, 052 | 903 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 1,891 | 17,466 | 9,918 | 7,547 | 1,718 | 965 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 1,893 | 15, 610 | 8, 199 | 7,411 | 1,446 | 987 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 1, 388 | 14,655 | 7,290 | 7,365 | 1,255 | 1,011 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 1,399 | 14, 116 | 7, 431 | 6,685 | 1,031 | 946 |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 1,311 | 13, 706 | 7,086 | 6,619 | -920 | 966 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 1,139 | 11,446 | 5, 115 | 6,332 | 804 | 945 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 2, 107 | 21, 166 | 9,501 | 11, 666 | 1,282 | 1,801 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 1,919 | 19, 929 | 9, 003 | 10, 926 | 1,018 | 1,750 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 1, 710 | 17, 761 | 7, 201 | 10, 560 | 846 | 1,737 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 1, 394 | 16, 450 | 6,350 | 10, 100 | 734 | 1, 719 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 2, 652 | 29, 148 | 11, 550 | 17, 598 | 1,111 | 3, 422 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 2,358 | 26,927 | 10, 378 | 16, 550 | 842 | 3, 114 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 2, 267 | 23, 606 | 8, 499 | 15, 108 | 660 | 2, 975 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 2,023 | 20, 899 | 7,506 | 13, 393 | 524 | 2, 739 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 1,718 | 23, 644 | 10,312 | 13, 332 | 447 | 2,879 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,483 | 19,258 | 7,453 | 11,805 | 350 | 2,635 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 1,293 | 15, 171 | 4,723 | 10, 448 | 287 | 2, 436 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1,024 | 13, 666 | 3,925 | 9, 741 | 256 | 2, 344 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1,038 | 12, 629 | 4,044 | 8,584 | 212 | 2,157 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1,155 | 13,878 | 4,057 | 9,821 | 208 | 2, 568 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 4,586 | 50, 404 | 15,946 | 34,458 | 628 | 9,868 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 3,372 | 38, 167 | 11,533 | 26,633 | 385 | 8,729 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 2,434 | 29, 936 | 8, 055 | 21, 881 | 242 | 7,960 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 4,064 | 49, 582 | 16, 471 | 33, 110 | 276 | 13, 271 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 2, 335 | 34, 534 | 10, 531 | 24, 003 | 157 | 10, 543 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 2,143 | 24,748 | 8,389 | 16, 359 | 93 | 7, 742 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 1,601 | 21, 957 | 6,709 | 15,248 | 68 | 7,621 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 1,208 | 11, 102 | 2,699 | 8,404 | 36 | 4,341 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | , 883 | 9, 232 | 2, 697 | 6,534 | 21 | 3,492 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 1,179 | 10, 813 | 3, 066 | 7,747 | 21 | 4,191 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 2,073 | 30, 420 | 10,061 | 20,358 | 49 | 11, 575 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 1,091 | 14,864 | 4,885 | 9,978 | 15 | 5,937 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 835 | 9,536 | 2,246 | 7,290 | 10 | 4,522 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 144 | 4,981 | 629 | 4,352 | 2 | 2,461 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 961 | 7,715 | 1,525 | 6,191 | 4 | 3,635 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 458 | 4,740 | 1,646 | 3, 094 | 3 | 2,039 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 65 | 5,039 | 460 | 4,579 | 1 | 3, 100 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 173 | 6,918 | 915 | 6,003 | 2 | 3,725 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 or more. | 413 | 29,673 | 1,309 | 28, 364 | 2 | 17,911 | 44 |
| 45 | Total | 79,425 | 907,381 | 377, 021 | 530, 360 | 30,799 | 176,309 | 45 |
| 46 | Taxable returns with net income under \$5,000. | 32, 398 | 314, 193 | 194, 802 | 119,392 | 23,892 | 16,377 | 46 |
| 47 | Taxable returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 47,029 | 593, 187 | 182, 219 | 410, 966 | 6,912 | 159, 932 | 47 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
Table 5．－Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes and by net income classes：Frequency distribution of returns

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\text { Number of returns by net income classes }{ }^{23}$ |  |  |
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| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 17 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500. | 14 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000. | 5 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000- | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 48 49 | 4,000 under 5,000- 5,000 or more..... | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | Total. | 101, 283 | 17,671 | 9,495 | 9, 278 | 7,034 | 5,468 | 4, 655 | 3, 961 | 3,475 | 2,817 | 2, 525 | 2,206 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under | 65, 076 | 14,752 | 8,229 | 8, 199 | 6, 122 | 4,700 | 3,899 | 3,279 | 2, 822 | 2, 276 | 1,971 | 1,712 |  |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 36, 207 | 2,919 | 1,266 | 1,079 | 012 | 768 | 756 | 682 | 653 | 541 | 554 | 494 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.


| 90 under 100 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 under 150 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 2 1 |  | 2 5 |  | ${ }^{5}$ | 5 2 2 |  | 2 | 36 37 37 |
| 200 under $250 .-$ | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 | 2 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 1 |  | 38 |
| 250 under 300 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 |  | ${ }_{40}^{39}$ |
| 400 under 500-..- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 1 |  | 41 |
| 500 under 750 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 42 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 44 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 2,000 under 3,000 - 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{47}^{46}$ |
| 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 5,000 or more.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| Total. | 3,608 | 2, 921 | 2,493 | 2, 130 | 3,221 | 2,556 | 2,020 | 1, 579 | 1.406 | 1,126 | 910 | 50 |
| Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000 \ldots \ldots$ Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more..- | ${ }^{2}$ 2,686 ${ }^{\text {922 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1,965 \\ & \hline 956 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 5294 | $\begin{array}{r} = \\ 1,195 \\ 1,195 \end{array}$ | 3, 221 | 2, 556 | 2, 020 | 1. 579 | 1.406 |  | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{52}^{51}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
Table 5.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes and by net income classes: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued


| 39 | 250 under 300 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6 |  |  | 2 | 2 | 39 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 40 | 300 under 400. |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 |  | 2 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | Total. | 781 | 637 | 677 | 2,003 | 1,195 | 800 | 963 | 540 | 301 | 235 | 112 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more... | 781 | 637 | 677 | 2,003 | 1,195 | 800 | 963 | 540 | 301 | 235 | 112 | 52 |

Table 5.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes and by net income classes: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued


| 36 | 100 under 150 | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{38}$ | 150 under 200 | 6 | 8 | 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 1 | 3 | 12 | 23 3 | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{39}^{38}$ |
|  | 300 under 400 | 1 | 2 | 11 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 11 |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 42 \end{aligned}$ | 400 under 500 under 750. | 1 | 2 | $\frac{1}{3}$ | 1 | 4 | 2 |  | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | 3 |  |  | ${ }_{42}^{41}$ |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | i- | 3 | 3 |  |  | ${ }_{43}^{42}$ |
| ${ }_{45}^{44}$ | 1,000 under 1,500.. |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{43}$ |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  | ${ }^{-}$ |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 | ${ }_{46}^{45}$ |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 47 |
| 49 | ${ }_{5} 5,000$ or more-.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 48 49 |
| 50 | Total | 77 | 82 | 170 | 57 | 33 | 16 | 18 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 50 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 52 \end{aligned}$ | Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000 \ldots \ldots$ Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more... | 77 | 82 | 170 | 57 | 33 | 16 | 18 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 10 | 51 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
[Total income classes and money figures, except average tax, in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  <br>  |
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| 玉"\% |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  |



Table 6．－Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948，by total income classes and by types of tax：Number of returns，total income，net income，exemption，















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Table 7.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, by total income classes and by returns with net loss or net gain from such sales: Number of returns, net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, net short-and long-term capital gain and loss, [Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

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For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
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Table 7.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, by total income classes and by returns with net loss or net gain from such sales: Number of returns, net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, net short- and long-term capital gain and loss, and capital loss carry-over-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 7.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, by total income classes and by returns with net loss or net gain from such sales: Number of returns, net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, net short- and long-term capital gain and loss, and capital loss carry-over-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes 1 | Returns with net gain from sales of capital assets ${ }^{\text {P--Continued }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Returns with normal tax and surtax ${ }^{25}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | Net gain from sales of capital assets included in total income | Short-term ${ }^{38}$ (before carry-over) |  | Long-term ${ }^{30}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Capital } \\ \text { loss carry- } \\ \text { over } \\ (1943-47)^{10} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Net shortterm capital gain | Net shortterm capital loss | Net long term capital gain | Net long. term capital loss |  |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5. | 951 | 114 | 5 | 2 | 113 | (3) | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 1,177 | 325 | 26 | 3 | 307 |  | 4 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 -...........- | 1, 484 | 555 | 62 | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | 508 | 1 | 8 | 3 |
| 4 5 |  | 1,436 1,393 1 | 657 671 | 60 74 | 3 6 | 609 616 |  | 9 8 8 | 4 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 1,393 1,397 | 671 758 | 74 59 | 9 9 | 717 | 5 | 8 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 1, 266 | 787 | 68 | 7 | 736 | 3 | 6 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 1,214 | 826 | 64 | 3 | 778 | 4 | 10 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 - | 1,113 | 850 | 75 | 3 | 789 | 2 | 8 |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 1, 113 | 908 | 55 | 9 | 869 |  | 6 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 . | 981 | 877 | 48 | 3 | 845 | 1 | 12 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5.. | 1,879 | 1,740 | 92 | 4 | 1,673 | 3 | 19 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 - | 1,614 | 1,800 | 119 | 5 | 1,703 | 4 | 13 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 1,400 | 1,667 | 126 | 16 | 1,592 | 21 | 13 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 1,282 | 1,579 | 107 | 9 | 1,513 | 2 | 30 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 2,181 | 3, 082 | 162 | 7 | 2,965 | 6 | 30 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 1,888 | 3, 131 | 215 | 27 | 2,982 | 5 | 35 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 1,511 | 2,564 | 137 | 18 | 2,478 | 5 | 28 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 1,207 | 2,370 | 98 | 17 | 2,317 | 4 | 24 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 1,070 | 2,267 | 86 | 29 | 2,246 |  | 35 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under ${ }^{11}$ | 944 | 2, 325 | 84 | 25 | 2, 288 | 2 | 21 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 759 | 2,058 | 72 | 20 | 2,036 |  |  | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 699 | 2,080 | 78 | 30 | 2,053 | 1 | 20 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 551 | 1,499 | 42 | 15 | 1,509 | 2 | 34 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under ${ }^{15}$ | 605 | 1,820 | 59 | 25 | 1,821 |  | 34 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 2,054 | 7,547 | 366 | 72 | 7,382 | 1 | 123 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 1,251 | 6,200 | 194 | 63 | 6,131 | 1 | 62 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 871 | 5,432 | 278 | 76 | 5,284 | 10 | 45 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40- | 966 | 7,618 | 302 | 57 | 7,482 | (1) 11 | 99 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 526 | 5,367 | 141 | 72 | 5,332 | (11) | 33 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 356 | 4,687 | 105 | 26 | 4, 672 |  | 64 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 - | 246 | 3. 261 | 110 | 19 | 3, 241 | (11) 4 | 68 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 -.-....-.-.-. | 164 | 2,347 | 91 | 39 | 2,311 | (11) | 16 | ${ }_{34}^{33}$ |
| 34 35 | 80 under 90 90 under 100 | 119 | 1,892 | 59 <br> 33 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,928 |  | 36 | 34 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 154 | 2, 2,792 | 74 | 32 | 2, 785 | 3 | 31 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200.-.-.-.-.-.-- | 50 | 1,069 | 37 | 30 | 1,087 |  | 25 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 24 | 379 | 72 |  | 312 |  |  | 38 |
| 39 40 | 250 under 300 under 400 | 22 | 1, 009 |  |  | 1, 017 |  | 9 | 39 40 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 -.------------ 400 | 26 5 5 | 683 |  | 1 | 524 | 11 |  | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 10 | 345 | (21) |  | 345 |  | (1) | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 3 | 107 | (11) | --7..... | 106 |  |  | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 -.----- | 4 | 587 | (11) |  | 589 |  | 2 | 44 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47. |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 38, 045 | 90, 099 | 4, 107 | 846 | 88, 033 | 133 | 1,061 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000$. | 19,700 | 14, 114 | 1,040 | 88 | 13, 368 | 50 | 155 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of \$5,000 or more. | 18,345 | 75, 988 | 3, 069 | 762 | 74, 664 | 81 | 906 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 7.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 with net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, by total income classes and by returns with net loss or net gain from such sales: Number of returns, net gain or loss from sales of capital assets, net short- and long-term capital gain and loss, and capital loss carry-over-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 8.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by States and Territories: Number of returns, dividends, interest, total income, net income, and tax liability
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | States and Territories | Number of returns | Dividends 4 | Interest ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Total income : | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{10}$ | Tax lia. bility ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Alabama. | 698 | 3,325 | 763 | 8,136 | 4,090 | 1,253 | 1 |
| 2 | Arizona. | 280 | 759 | 156 | 1,955 | 1,259 | 334 | 2 |
| 3 | Arkansas. | 346 | 738 | 170 | 2,734 | 1,801 | 474 | 3 |
| 4 | California | 7,087 | 23,480 | 4,794 | 61, 943 | 38, 601 | 12,375 | 4 |
| 5 | Colorado. | 859 | 3,417 | 643 | 6,591 | 3, 927 | 1,147 | 5 |
| 6 | Connecticut | 2, 658 | 13, 981 | 1,642 | 20, 015 | 10, 492 | 2,922 | 6 |
| 7 | Delaware | 708 | 10,814 | 690 | 14, 799 | 9, 785 | 4,938 | 7 |
| 8 | District of Columbia | 805 | 2,291 | 995 | 5,964 | 2,799 | 759 | 8 |
| 9 | Florida. | 1,485 | 9,128 | 1,031 | 14, 891 | 7,589 | 2, 220 | 9 |
| 10 | Georgia | 1, 072 | 5,793 | 649 | 10,790 | 5, 273 | 1,605 | 10 |
| 11 | Hawaii | 257 | 1,623 | 195 | 4,021 | 1,516 | 485 | 11 |
| 12 | Idaho | 179 | 160 | 49 | 710 | 485 | 85 | 12 |
| 13 | Inlinois | 8, 858 | 48, 478 | 6,911 | 99,449 | 58, 122 | 20, 310 | 13 |
| 14 | Indiana | 1,867 | 5, 658 | 1,069 | 11, 780 | 7,054 | 1,818 | 14 |
| 15 | Iowa. | 1, 994 | 3, 700 | 947 | 10, 600 | 7, 412 | 1,90? | 15 |
| 16 | Kansas | 1, 537 | 1,178 | 384 | 8, 104 | 5,561 | 1,219 | 16 |
| 17 | Kentucky | 1,114 | 3,137 | 619 | 7,180 | 3,620 | 858 | 17 |
| 18 | Louisiana | 406 | 1. 249 | 230 | 3,353 | 2, 477 | 678 | 18 |
| 19 | Maine | 551 | 1,389 | 514 | 2,801 | 1,681 | 375 | 19 |
| 20 | Maryland | 1,717 | 8,357 | 1,705 | 14,637 | 5, 986 | 1,662 | 20 |
| 21 | Massachusetts | 6,969 | 42, 953 | 6,293 | 65, 934 | 28, 984 | 8,508 | 21 |
| 22 | Michigan | 3, 405 | 20,737 | 2,353 | 34, 637 | 19,401 | 6,442 | 22 |
| 23 | Minnesota | 2,265 | 10, 889 | 1,942 | 20,698 | 12,793 | 4, 428 | 23 |
| 24 | Mississippi | 301 | 372 | 106 | 2,028 | 1,297 | 300 | 24 |
| 25 | Missouri- | 2, 713 | 12,159 | 2, 088 | 22,663 | 13,897 | 4,500 | 25 |
| 26 | Montana. | 273 | 221 | 81 | 1,130 | 958 | 188 | 26 |
| 27 | Nebraska. | 907 | 1. 211 | 268 | 4, 875 | 3,176 | 704 | 27 |
| 28 | Nevada | 92 | 659 | 64 | 1,211 | 819 | 275 | 28 |
| 29 | New Hamps | 437 | 1,534 | 300 | 2, 681 | 1,275 | 281 | 29 |
| 30 | New Jersey -- | 3, 572 | 18,855 | 3,035 | 29, 504 | 16,515 | 5,196 | 30 |
| 31 | New Mexico | 164 | 188 | 46 | 840 | 619 | 135 | 31 |
| 32 | New York. | 15,659 | 116, 121 | 20,660 | 190, 822 | 83, 808 | 27, 723 | 32 |
| 33 | North Carolina | 1,187 | 4,688 | 530 | 9,376 | 5,574 | 1, 544 | 33 |
| 34 | North Dako | 395 | 183 | 64 | 1,677 | 1,304 | 290 | 34 |
| 35 | Ohio--.- | 4,657 | 33, 271 | 3,417 | 49, 650 | 27,878 | 10, 574 | 35 |
| 36 | Oklahoma | 1,267 | 2,137 | 565 | 9, 565 | 7,104 | 2,116 | 36 |
| 37 | Oregon- | 713 | 2,293 | 439 | 5, 243 | 3,579 | 1,093 | 37 |
| 38 | Pennsylvania | 8,332 | 50, 169 | 8,797 | 84, 783 | 35, 826 | 11,713 | 38 |
| 39 | Rhode Island | 1,087 | 8,302 | 1,938 | 12,852 | 4, 708 | 1,596 | 39 |
| 40 | South Carolina | 436 | 1,949 | 341 | 4, 595 | 3,111 | 1,080 | 40 |
| 41 | South Dakota | 436 | 91 | 86 | 1,470 | 1,156 | 198 | 41 |
| 42 | Tentessee. | 926 | 3,579 | 605 | 7,951 | 4,252 | 1,165 | 42 |
| 43 | Texas | 4, 276 | 12, 942 | 2, 534 | 66, 202 | 45, 073 | 21, 375 | 43 |
| 44 | Utah. | 246 | 517 | 174 | 1,329 | 896 | 206 | 44 |
| 45 | Vermont | 264 | 637 | 147 | 1,262 | 761 | 160 | 45 |
| 46 | Virginia. | 1,301 | 4,731 | 716 | 9, 239 | 4,491 | 1,086 | 46 |
| 47 | Washington ${ }^{31}$ | 1,397 | 3, 888 | 918 | 10,347 | 7,314 | 1,976 | 47 |
| 48 | West Virginia | 673 | 3, 646 | 373 | 5,938 | 3,481 | 1, 025 | 48 |
| 49 50 | Wisconsin. | 2, 306 | 10,302 | 1,607 58 | 17,128 | 10, 194 | 2, 932 | 49 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 | Total. | 101, 283 | 518, 021 | 84, 703 | 986, 806 | 530, 360 | 176, 309 | 51 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 9.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Total number of returns, and for the returns for estates and trusts, separately: Number of returns, total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Totalnumber returns | Returns for estates |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { income }{ }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income tarable to fiduciary ${ }^{10}$ | Amount of exemp- tion 20 | Tax <br> liability $^{3}$ |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5. | 6,879 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 5,703 | 2, 403 | 1,627 | 1 | 1,603 | 1,441 |  |  |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1. | 6,738 | 3, 930 | 3, 427 | 9 | 3, 266 | 2, 358 | 153 |  |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 5,810 4,872 | 3,365 <br> 2,746 | 3,782 <br> 3,759 | 30 56 | 3,494 3,399 | 2,021 | 246 290 |  |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 4,519 | 2,425 | 3,925 | 78 | 3, 508 | 1,456 | 340 |  |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 3,942 | 2,095 | 3,919 | 107 | 3,457 | 1,258 | 363 |  |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 3,586 | 1,815 | 3, 854 | 129 | 3, 352 | 1,091 | 375 |  |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 3,088 | 1,549 | 3,675 | 162 | 3,163 | 930 | 369 |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 2, 892 | 1,363 | 3, 570 | 145 | 3, 077 | 817 | 376 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 2,527 | 1,169 | 3,357 | 193 | 2, 854 | 701 | 361 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 4, 621 | 2,028 | 6,507 | 362 | 5,546 | 1,219 | 733 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 3,764 | 1,640 | 6,141 | 423 | 5,093 | -984 | 711 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 3,180 | 1,332 | 5, 645 | 506 | 4,593 | 798 | 662 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 nnder 5 | 2,955 | 1,227 | 5,820 | 499 | 4,733 | 737 | 715 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 4, 547 | 1,787 | 9, 763 | 967 | 7,858 | 1,071 | 1, 542 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 3,753 | 1,358 | 8,793 | 1,064 | 6,865 | 815 | 1,142 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 3, 043 | 1,085 | 8,096 | 940 | 6,341 | 651 | 1,113 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 2, 483 | 899 | 7,630 | 1,026 | 5,918 | 540 | 1,100 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 2,061 | 719 | 6,809 | 949 | 5,268 | 431 | 1,011 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1,848 | 657 | 6,890 | 992 | 5,190 | 394 | 1,038 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 1,454 | 508 | 5,825 | 847 | 4,442 | 305 | 928 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 1,342 | 443 | 5,532 | 779 | 4,118 | 266 | 889 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 1,029 | 342 | 4,608 | 817 | 3,314 | 205 | 733 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 1,080 | 352 | 5, 091 | 737 | 3,879 | 211 | 907 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 3,756 | 1,202 | 20,719 | 3,856 | 14, 842 | 721 | 3, 727 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 2,223 | 725 | 16,179 | 3,208 | 11,468 | 435 | 3,331 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,617 | 495 | 13,496 | 2, 412 | 9,516 | 296 | 3,048 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 1,928 | 537 | 18,479 | 3, 861 | 12,466 | 322 | 4, 404 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 1,098 | 318 | 14,149 | 2, 762 | 9,537 | 191 | 3,735 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 694 | 204 | 11, 177 | 2,438 | 7,306 | 122 | 3,118 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 493 | 131 | 8,441 | 2,332 | 5,271 | 79 | 2, 287 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 318 | 93 | 6,897 | 1,714 | 4,615 | 56 | 2,215 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 40 | 241 | 77 | 6,542 | 1,954 | 3,666 | 46 | 1,782 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 177 | 57 | 5,422 | 1,748 | 2, 863 | 34 | 1,364 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 495 | 138 | 16, 800 | 4,259 | 10,095 | 83 | 5, 428 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 172 | 46 | 8,035 | 2,267 | 4,450 | 28 | 2, 500 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 107 | 24 | 5,453 | 1,060 | 3, 675 | 14 | 2, 207 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 76 | 21 | 5,744 | 3,330 | 1,875 | 13 | 1,098 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 67 | 12 | 4,316 | 2,013 | 1,651 | 7 | 917 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 27 | 6 | 2, 541 | 1,105 | 1, 259 | 4 | 754 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 33 | c | 3, 563 | 1,381 | 1,720 | 4 | 1,081 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000-- | 17 | 5 | 4,156 | 1,437 | 2,482 | 3 | 1,622 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 14 |  | 1,037 |  | 939 | 1 | 723 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 | 1 | 1,594 |  | 1,453 | 1 | 1,119 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 5 | 1 | 2, 210 | 2,098 | 107 | 1 | 64 | 46 |
| 48 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more | 1 | 1 | 10,939 | 50 | 10,788 | 1 | 8,375 | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 101, 283 | 41,338 | 315, 991 | 57, 105 | 226, 377 | 24, 805 | 71,029 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000$. | 65, 076 | 29,087 | 59,068 | 2,700 | 51,138 | 17,457 | 5,724 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of \$5,000 or more. | 36,207 | 12, 251 | 256, 926 | 54, 403 | 175, 237 | 7,351 | 65,302 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 9.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948, by total income classes: Total number of returns, and for the returns for estates and trusts, separately: Number of returns, total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, net income, exemption, and tax liability-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Returns for trusts |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Total income ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{10}$ | ```Amount of exemp- tion }\mp@subsup{}{}{20``` | Tax liability ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 6,879 | 1,973 | 78 | 1,742 | 688 | 175 | 1 |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 3,300 | 2, 051 | 275 | 1,609 | 330 | 212 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 | 2,808 | 2, 433 | 434 | 1,817 | 281 | 254 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 2, 445 | 2,731 | 613 | 1,910 | 245 | 275 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 2,126 | 2,913 | 781 | 1,900 | 213 | 280 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 2, 094 | 3, 389 | 1,010 | 2,116 | 209 | 316 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 1,847 | 3,475 | 1,060 | 2,148 | 185 | 326 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 1,771 | 3,754 | 1,229 | 2,244 | 177 | 340 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 1,539 | 3,651 | 1,166 | 2,197 | 154 | 342 | 9 |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 1,529 | 4, 026 | 1,418 | 2,312 | 153 | 364 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 1,358 | 3,902 | 1,405 | 2,208 | 136 | 353 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5. | 2, 593 | 8,374 | 3,279 | 4,451 | 259 | 720 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 2, 124 | 7,966 | 3,128 | 4,273 | 213 | 705 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 1, 848 | 7,831 | 3,140 | 4,113 | 185 | 692 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 1, 728 | 8,184 | 3,369 | 4,193 | 173 | 719 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 2,760 | 15, 080 | 6,362 | 7,578 | 276 | 1,338 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 2,395 | 15, 487 | 6,587 | 7,713 | 240 | 1,422 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 | 1,958 | 14, 657 | 6, 236 | 7,394 | 196 | 1, 412 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 1,584 | 13, 449 | 5, 715 | 6,845 | 158 | 1,360 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 1,342 | 12, 721 | 5, 521 | 6, 235 | 134 | 1, 275 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 1, 191 | 12, 446 | 5,210 | 6,358 | 119 | 1, 341 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 946 | 10,871 | 4,877 | 5,157 | 95 | 1,127 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 899 | 11,220 | 4,912 | 5,512 | 90 | 1, 233 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14 | 687 | 9, 270 | 4,353 | 4,299 | 69 | 992 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 728 | 10,549 | 4,685 | 5,270 | 73 | 1,263 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under. 20 | 2,554 | 44, 032 | 20,666 | 20, 169 | 256 | 5,132 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 1, 498 | 33, 438 | 15, 599 | 15, 473 | 150 | 4,455 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30 | 1,122 | 30, 582 | 14, 092 | 14, 322 | 112 | 4,523 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 1, 391 | 47, 895 | 22,923 | 21,683 | 139 | 7,583 | 29 |
| 30 | 40 under 50 | 780 | 34,771 | 16, 114 | 16,392 | 78 | 6,363 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 490 | 26, 693 | 12, 867 | 11,998 | 49 | 4,945 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 362 | 23, 366 | 11, 422 | 10, 289 | 36 | 4,550 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 225 | 16, 912 | 9,844 | 5,712 | 23 | 2, 508 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 164 | 13, 993 | 7, 507 | 5,334 | 16 | 2, 478 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 120 | 11, 412 | 5,710 | 4, 866 | 12 | 2, 404 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 357 | 42, 890 | 21, 254 | 18,552 | 36 | 9, 375 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 126 | 21, 602 | 12, 421 | 7,624 | 13 | 3,997 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 83 | 18,460 | 10,653 | 6, 637 | 8 | 3,776 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 55 | 15, 025 | 8,129 | 5,826 | 6 | 3,163 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 55 | 18, 637 | 10,137 | 7,109 | 6 | 4,001 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 21 | 9, 235 | 5,447 | 3,297 | 2 | 2, 063 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 27 | 17, 154 | 12, 816 | 3,005 | 3 | 1,690 | 42 |
| 43 | 750 under 1,000 | 12 | 10, 123 | 4,843 | 4,840 | 1 | 3, 172 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 13 | 15, 741 | 9,502 | 5,643 | (11) 1 | 3,157 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 4 | 6,417 | 3,585 | 2,043 | (21) | 1,205 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 4 | 9, 243 | 4,600 | 3,986 | (21) | 2, 085 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 | 2 | 6,532 | 2,655 | 3,619 | (21) | 1,837 | 47 |
| 48 | 4,000 under 5,000 | 1 | 4, 261 | 288 | 3,973 | (21) | 1,987 | 48 |
| 49 | 5,000 or more... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 50 | Total | 59,945 | 670,814 | 319, 916 | 303, 983 | 5,994 | 105, 280 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under $\$ 5,000$. | 35, 989 | 06,653 | 22,385 | 39, 233 | 3,601 | 6,073 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 23,956 | 604, 164 | 297, 532 | 264, 753 | 2,397 | 99,212 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

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For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
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returns for 1948 fled for trusts, by total income classes and by relationship of beneficiar
trusts, total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, and net income-Continued

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.




| Trusts with two or more beneficiaries-Continued |  |  |  |  |
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## For footnotes，see pp．299－300．

Table 10.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 filed for trusts, by total income classes and by relationship of beneficiary to grantor: Number of


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## For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 10.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 filed for trusts, by total income classes and by relationship of beneficiary to grantor: Number of trusts, total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, and net income-Continued
[Total income classes and money figures in thonsands of dollare]

|  | Total income classes ${ }^{1}$ | Trusts with two or more benefieiaries-Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Relationship of benefieiaries-Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Not stated |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of trusts | Total income of trusts ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiducian y ${ }^{10}$ |  |
|  | Taxable returns for trusts: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 under 0.75 | 68 75 | 23 48 | 5 21 | 16 | 1 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1. | 68 | 59 | 26 | 27 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 94 | 106 | 51 | 43 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 81 | 111 | 66 | 33 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 107 | 175 | 104 | 51 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 82 | 154 | 97 | 41 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under $2.25-$ | 112 | 237 | 143 | 71 | 9 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 98 | 234 | 131 | 80 | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 102 | 293 | 191 | 78 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 95 | 274 | 168 | 80 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5-1 | 189 | 610 | 390 | 167 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 170 | 641 | 370 | 222 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 154 | 655 | 445 | 159 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 152 | 722 | 451 | 202 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 276 | 1,509 | 1,000 | 362 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7 | 263 | 1,710 | 1,117 | 431 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 -- | 185 | 1,388 | 934 | 308 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9-- | 161 | 1,363 | 917 | 331 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10. | 155 | 1,468 | 1,015 | 305 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11. | 127 | 1, 336 | 905 | 327 | 21 |
| $\stackrel{22}{23}$ | 11 under 12 under 13 | 1114 | 1,215 1,426 | 802 954 | 297 347 | 22 |
| 24 | 13 under 14. | 116 | 1,571 | 1,131 | 312 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 80 | 1,161 | 812 | 272 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 364 | 6, 266 | 4, 244 | 1,421 | 27 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 251 | 5,613 | 3,795 | 1,313 | 27 |
| 28 | 25 under 30. | 181 | 4,917 | 3, 200 | 1,271 | 28 |
| 29 | 30 under 40. | 232 | 8,085 <br> 5 | 5,588 3,823 | 1, 873 | 29 30 |
| 31 | 50 under 60 | 129 | 4, 272 | 3,000 | 1,963 | ${ }^{31}$ |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 80 | 5,179 | 3, 511 | 1,368 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 55 | 4,171 | 2,955 | 776 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 43 | 3,651 | 2, 563 | 694 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 31 | 2,970 | 2, 021 | 745 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 88 | 10,679 | 6,573 | 3,138 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200. | 42 | 7,189 | 5,703 | 975 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 24 | 5. 347 | 3,903 | 1,076 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 18 | 4,860 | 2,712 | 1,862 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 16 | 5,458 | 3,850 | 1,170 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500 | 8 | 3, 472 | 2,367 6,389 | 1.941 | 41 |
| 42 | 500 under 750 | 13 | 8, 271 | 6,389 | 1,042 | 42 |
| 44 | 1,000 under 1,500. | 5 | 6,152 | 1,997 | 3,664 | 44 |
| 45 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 2 | 3,095 | 1,334 | 1,651 | 45 |
| 46 | 2,000 under 3,000. | 1 | 2,064 | 1,893 | 1,68 | 46 |
| 47 | 3,000 under 4,000 4 ... | 2 | 6,532 | 2,655 | 3,619 | 47 |
| 48 | 5,000 or more $5, \ldots$............ |  |  |  |  | 48 |
| 50 | Total | 4,894 | 133, 371 | 87, 109 | 35,676 | 50 |
| 51 | Taxable returns with total income under \$5,000- | 1,647 | 4,342 | 2,659 | 1,292 | 51 |
| 52 | Taxable returns with total income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 3,247 | 129, 028 | 84,449 | 34,381 | 52 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.
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［Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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|  | 477 | 19,908 | 5,717 | 13,016 | 262 | 7,772 | 219 | 7,129 | 141 | 6,970 | 2, 746 | 3,866 | 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 under 40 | 606 | 35. 694 | 12,932 | 20, 760 | 270 | 9,916 | 136 | 9, 263 | 253 | 18,230 | 8,750 | 8,620 | 29 |
| 40 under 50 | 334 | 24, 243 | 8,090 | 14,906 | 176 | 8,249 | 16 | 7,895 | 115 | 9, 880 | 4,384 | 5,107 | 30 |
| 50 under 60 | 176 | 17,146 | 6,412 | 9,604 | 75 | 4,453 | 224 | 4,085 | 63 | 7, 681 | 3,758 | 3,462 | ${ }^{31}$ |
| 60 under 70 | 146 | 15,736 | 5,425 | 9,488 | 71 | 4, 824 | 30 | 4, 626 | 45 | 4,935 | 1,768 | 2,909 | 32 |
| 70 under 80 | 62 | 7,472 | 2, 068 | 4, 671 | 21 | 1,678 |  | 1,574 | 31 | 3, 690 | 1,094 | 2,333 | 33 |
| 80 under 90 | 50 | 6,523 | 1, 834 | 4, 247 | 25 | 2,335 | 38 | 2, 120 | 13 | 2,170 | 936 | 1, 103 | 34 |
| 90 under 100 | 57 | 7,858 | 1,724 | 5,368 | 28 | 3, 103 | 31 | 2, 645 | 22 | 2,916 | 653 | 2, 074 | 35 |
| 100 under 150 | 107 | 19,977 | 5, 919 | 12, 786 | 38 | 4,948 | 41 | 4, 566 | 40 | 7,510 | 2,406 | 4,707 | 36 |
| 150 under 200 | 39 | 12, 262 | 4,779 | 6, 808 | 9 | 1,665 |  | 1,600 | 25 | 5,721 | 1,110 | 4,351 | 37 |
| 200 under 250 | 20 | 6,794 | 1, 841 | 4, 327 | 7 | 1,599 | 63 | 1,472 | 6 | 1,655 | 282 | 1,314 | 38 |
| 250 under 300 | 15 | 4, 822 | 629 | 4,076 | 4 | 1,132 |  | 1, 091 | 7 | 2,319 | ${ }_{153}$ | 1,897 | 39 40 |
| 300 under 400 | 14 | 6,707 | 1,019 | 4,896 1,357 | 5 | 1,801 | -- | 1,781 | 1 | 1,945 | 153 | 1,693 | ${ }_{41}^{40}$ |
| 400 under 500 | 3 | $\stackrel{2}{4} \mathbf{6 0 2}$ | 1,028 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 3,155 | 451 | 2,632 | 42 |
| 500 under 750 | 6 | 4,528 4,324 | 460 915 | 4,025 3,339 | 2 1 1 | 1,373 910 | 8 | 1,343 182 | 4 2 2 | 3,155 2,097 | 463 | 1,619 | 42 |
| 750 under 1,000 1,000 or more.-- | 8 | 17,553 | 1,259 | r 16,122 | 1 | 1,116 |  | 1, 108 | 1 | 2,263 | 10 | 2, 237 | 44 |
| Total | 59, 945 | 670, 814 | 319, 916 | 303, 983 | 27, 202 | 157,494 | 9,043 | 137, 439 | 24, 063 | 293, 988 | 170, 263 | 105, 980 | 45 |
| Taxable returns with net income under | 47, 903 | 258, 119 | 176, 190 | 60, 293 | 20,874 | 39,300 | 6,335 | 28, 769 | 20,159 | 131, 177 | 98, 770 | 22, 813 | 46 |
| Taxable returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 12, 042 | 412,695 | 143, 725 | 243,687 | 6,328 | 118, 191 | 2, 709 | 108, 669 | 3,904 | 162, 817 | 71, 496 | 83, 176 | 47 |


| [Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Net income classes ${ }^{23}$ | Trusts with one beneficiary-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Relationship of beneficiary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Spouse |  |  |  | Child |  |  |  | Self |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { trusts } \end{gathered}$ | Total income trusts ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{19}$ | Number of trusts | Total income of trusts ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{19}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { trusts } \end{gathered}$ | Total income of trusts ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneticiarles | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{10}$ |  |
|  | Taxable returns for trusts: |  |  | 3,431 | 191 | 1,421 | 5,760 | 5,0282,227 |  | 442 | 2,169 | 1,888 | 113 |  |
| 1 |  | 241 | 1,680 | 1,290 | 147 |  | 2,723 |  | 292 | 116 | 2,917 | 1,867 | 72 | 2 |
| 3 | 0.75 under 1 | 166 | 1, 801 | 1,518 | 144 | 340 | 2,031 | 1,604 | 295 | 85 | 716 | 579 | 80 | 3 |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 | 128 | 1,538 | 1,300 | 143 | 268 | 1,776 | 1,354 | 300 | 54 | 406 | 304 | 61 | 4 |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 111 | 982 | 745 | 154 | 195 | , 997 | 649 | 267 | 39 | 248 | 176 | 53 | 5 |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 93 | 693 | 474 | 150 | 169 | 1,096 | 740 | 274 | 43 | 409 | 310 | 71 | 6 |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2. | 63 | 510 | 361 | 117 | 194 | 1.049 | 621 | 364 | 33 | 414 | 297 | 62 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 67 | 511 | 331 | 142 | 154 | 1, 189 | 787 | 326 | 31 | 324 | 214 | 65 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 43 | 453 | 322 | 103 | 111 | 705 | 383 | 263 | 25 | 346 | 247 | 59 |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 49 | 485 | 317 | 128 | 86 | 681 | 412 | 224 | 18 | 242 | 175 | 47 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 -- | 48 | 614 | 428 | 138 | 81 | +728 | ${ }_{1}^{444}$ | ${ }_{528}^{231}$ | 14 | 174 | 123 | 80 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5- | 81 | 948 | 617 | 264 | 163 | 1,723 | 1,095 | 528 | ${ }_{41}^{27}$ | 241 670 | 140 | 89 | ${ }_{13}^{12}$ |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 69 54 | 799 831 | 467 <br> 544 | 258 228 | 136 132 | 1,808 1,618 | 1,155 | 508 | 41 21 | 670 359 | ${ }_{234}^{460}$ | 153 | 14 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5 | 54 51 | 8301 | 544 <br> 506 | ${ }_{243}^{228}$ | 100 | 1,385 | 830 | 473 | 10 | 152 | 99 | 47 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 62 | 1,171 | 750 | 338 | 117 | 1,431 | 723 | 634 | 31 | 518 | 317 | 169 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7. | 46 | 860 | 499 | 299 | 124 | 1,655 | 748 | 800 | 24 | 480 | 297 | 156 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8. | 48 | 961 | 549 | 360 | 108 | 1,680 | 778 | 801 | 17 | 345 | 160 | 128 | 18 |
| 19 | 8 under 9 | 25 | 640 | 383 | 214 | 83 | 1,340 | 586 | 704 | 15 | 300 | 155 | 128 | 19 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 18 | 382 | 176 | 170 | 69 | 1,543 | 822 | 659 | 11 | 230 | 112 | 105 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 37 | 988 | 543 | 387 | 69 | 1,290 | 504 | 718 | 10 | 289 | 163 | 106 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 19 | 533 | 270 | 217 | 41 | -926 | 412 | 474 | 4 | 167 | 113 35 | 47 | ${ }_{23}^{22}$ |
| 23 | 12 under 13 | 18 | 460 401 | 209 205 | 226 177 | 58 24 | 1,381 | 568 607 | ${ }_{321}^{724}$ | 5 3 | 103 | 35 59 | 40 | 24 |
| 24 25 | 13 under 14 under 15. | +88888 | 290 | 157 | 116 | 34 | +787 | 264 | 496 | 4 | 179 | 113 | 58 | 25 |


| 15 under 2 |  | 1,253 | 487 | 615 | 147 | 4,400 | 1,670 | 2,541 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 under 25 | ${ }_{21}^{24}$ | 760 1,496 | ${ }_{837}^{157}$ | 541 <br> 585 | 61 53 | 2,576 <br> 2,386 | 1,036 | 1,358 <br> 1,438 | 2 | 228 68 | 87 <br> 12 | 136 56 | $\stackrel{L 2}{28}$ |
| 25 under 30 | ${ }_{22}^{21}$ |  | ${ }_{365}$ | ${ }_{748}$ | 79 | 4.719 | 1,738 | 2,713 | 7 | 483 | 225 | 246 | 28 |
| ${ }_{40} 40$ under 50 | 10 | 1567 | 82 | 455 | 37 | 3,402 | 1,733 | 1,638 | 8 | 497 | 152 | 335 | 30 |
| 50 under 60 |  | +938 | ${ }_{438}^{406}$ | ${ }_{707}$ | 25 16 | 2,479 $\mathbf{1}, 399$ | 987 <br> 331 | 1,391 1,039 | 5 1 1 | 375 | $\begin{gathered} 78 \\ 11 \end{gathered}$ | 274 64 | - |
| 60 under 70 | 12 | 1, ${ }_{245}$ | ${ }_{92}$ | 145 | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }^{1} 647$ | 231 | , 380 |  | 175 |  |  | 33 |
| 80 under 90 | 4 | 507 | 142 | 351 | 5 | 626 | 208 | 405 |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| 90 under 100 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | +253 | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 540 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,017 | 5 9 | +667 |  | 470 1,127 1,18 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{36}$ |
| 100 under 150 | ${ }_{3}$ | 1, 584 | 64 | 1, 505 | 7 | 1,809 | 609 | 1,194 | 1 | 196 | 9 | 187 | 37 |
| 200 under 250 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 218 | 443 |  |  |  |  | 38 |
| 250 under 300 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 608 410 | 39 85 | 520 | $\frac{1}{2}$ | ${ }_{727}^{431}$ | 169 51 | 260 675 | 2 | 704 | 121 | 556 | 39 40 |
| 300 under 400 |  |  |  |  | 2 1 1 | $\begin{array}{r}727 \\ 478 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{448}$ |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| 500 under 750 | 3 | 2, 503 | 448 | 2,033 | 1 | 652 | 3 | 649 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 750 under 1,000 |  | 861 | 15 |  | 1 |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 or mo |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2,23, |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| Total | 2,470 | 38, 232 | 20,635 | 15,142 | 5,206 | 70,751 | 35, 075 | 32,040 | 1,166 | 13,765 | 8,529 | 4,197 |  |
| xable returns with net income under | 2,016 | 16,595 | 2.651 | 2, 550 | 4, 022 | 25, 269 | 18,296 | 5,306 | 999 | 7,787 | 6,013 | 1,099 | 40 |
| $\$ 5,000$. <br> Taxable returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 454 | 21,640 | 7,985 | 12, 594 | 1,184 | 45,483 | 16,778 | 26,737 | 167 | 5,979 | 2, 517 | 3,100 | 47 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

Table 11.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 filed for trusts, by net income classes and by relationship of beneficiary to grantor: Number of


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For footnotes，see pp．299－300．
Table 11.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 filed for trusts, by net income classes and by relationship of beneficiary to grantor: Number of


|  | $\begin{array}{l\|ll} \underset{\sim}{\square} \\ \underset{\sim}{\circ} & \stackrel{\infty}{8} \\ - \end{array}$ |
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For footnotes，see pp．299－300．

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| 25 | 14 under 15 - |  | 362 |  |  |  |  |  | 116 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26 | 15 under 20 |  |  | 454 | 334 | 14 | 1,409 | 878 | ${ }_{236}^{236}$ | ${ }^{23}$ | 763 | 279 | 400 | ${ }_{26}$ |
| ${ }_{28}^{27}$ | 20 under 25 | 15 | 1,019 | ${ }_{448}^{622}$ | 331 <br> 324 | 8 | 563 799 | ${ }_{3}^{331}$ | 173 193 192 | 14 | ${ }_{316}^{957}$ | 574 | 316 |  |
| 29 | 30 under 40 | 7 | 428 | 146 | ${ }_{252}$ | 7 | 700 | :43484 | 193 | 8 | 316 | 73 97 | ${ }_{344}^{224}$ | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ |
|  | 40 under 50 | 2 | 109 | 2 | 83 | 1 | 209 | 159 | 42 | 4 | 232 | 39 | 171 |  |
|  | 50 under 60 | ${ }^{3}$ | 449 | 253 | 169 | 3 | 350 | 156 | 158 | 5 | 300 | 15 | 278 | 31 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 5 |  | 306 |  | 3 | 439 | 173 | 197 | 1 | 110 | 35 |  |  |
| ${ }_{34}^{33}$ | 80 under 80 under 90 |  | 454 | 287 | 146 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | ${ }_{451}^{211}$ | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 310 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 155 81 81 |  |  |  | 155 |  |
| 35 | 900 under 100 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 90 | 1 | 102 | 10 |  |  |
| ${ }_{37}^{36}$ | 100 under 150 under 200 | ${ }_{1}^{4}$ | 757 874 | 204 590 | 507 185 | 1 | 387 | 249 | 124 | 2 |  |  | 223 | ${ }^{36}$ |
|  | 200 under 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 1 | 397 | 31 | 366 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 41 | 400 under 500 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2,130 | 793 | 67 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{41}^{40}$ |
| 42 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 750 under 1,00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | 1,000 or more |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2,368 | 559 | 1,700 | 1 | 4,261 | 288 | 3,973 | 44 |
| 45 | Total | 1,097 | 20, 523 | 13, 521 | 5,510 | 687 | 22,425 | 14,114 | 5,724 | 1,127 | 20,604 | 10,432 | 8,465 | 45 |
| 46 | Taxable returns with net income under | 870 | 9,611 | 7,717 | 1,168 | 530 | 8,173 | 6, 686 | 703 | 925 | 9, 550 | 7,414 | 1,111 | 46 |
| 47 | Taxable returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 227 | 10,912 | 5,802 | 4,340 | 157 | 14, 251 | 7,426 | 5,019 | 202 | 11, 054 | 3,015 | 7,354 | 47 |

[^19]Table 11.-Taxable fiduciary returns for 1948 filed for trusts, by net income classes and by relationship of beneficiary to grantor: Number of trusts, total income, amount distributable to beneficiaries, and net income-Continued
[Net income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Net income classes ${ }^{33}$ | Trusts with two or more beneficiaries-Con. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Relationship of beneficiaries-Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Not stated |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of trusts | Total income of trusts ${ }^{2}$ | Amount distributable to beneficiaries | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{10}$ |  |
|  | Taxable returns for trusts: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Under 0.5 | 1,452 | 13,188 | 11, 513 | 386 |  |
| 2 | 0.5 under 0.75 | 456 | 4,617 | 3,949 | 278 |  |
| 4 | 1 under 1.25 . | 322 249 | 3,812 3,729 | 3,175 3,156 | 288 |  |
| 5 | 1.25 under 1.5 | 207 | 2,614 | 2,095 | 282 |  |
| 6 | 1.5 under 1.75 | 197 | 3,172 | 2,618 | 319 |  |
| 7 | 1.75 under 2 | 141 | 2,003 | 1,556 | 264 | 7 |
| 8 | 2 under 2.25 | 124 | 1,606 | 1,221 | 263 | 8 |
| 9 | 2.25 under 2.5 | 120 | 2,312 | 1,833 | 284 |  |
| 10 | 2.5 under 2.75 | 93 | 2,025 | 1,587 | 244 | 10 |
| 11 | 2.75 under 3 | 79 | 1,556 | 1,155 | 227 | 11 |
| 12 | 3 under 3.5 | 151 | 2,992 | 2, 221 | 489 | 12 |
| 13 | 3.5 under 4 | 130 | 2, 476 | 1,751 | 489 | 13 |
| 14 | 4 under 4.5- | 98 | 2,024 | 1,423 | 418 | 14 |
| 15 | 4.5 under 5 | 68 | 1,637 | 1,158 | 321 | 15 |
| 16 | 5 under 6 | 116 | 3,438 | 2, 486 | 638 | 16 |
| 17 | 6 under 7- | 120 | 3,177 | 2, 140 | 779 | 17 |
| 18 | 7 under 8 under 9 | 71 64 | 3,041 2,137 | 2,220 1,439 | 530 | 18 |
| 20 | 9 under 10 | 57 | 2,641 | 1,928 | 541 | 20 |
| 21 | 10 under 11 | 54 | 2,926 | 2, 147 | 559 | 21 |
| 22 | 11 under 12 | 48 | 2, 292 | 1,587 | 551 | 22 |
| 23 | 12 under 13. | 45 | 1,873 | 1,180 | 563 | 23 |
| 24 | 13 under 14. | 25 | 997 | 575 | 338 | 24 |
| 25 | 14 under 15 | 32 | 1,611 | 1,041 | 462 | 25 |
| 26 | 15 under 20 | 103 | 6, 310 | 4, 063 | 1,779 | 26 |
| 27 | 20 under 25 | 64 | 4, 884 | 2. 981 | 1,444 | 27 |
| 28 28 | 25 under 30 | 34 | 2,268 | 1,243 | 927 | 28 |
| 29 30 | 30 under 40 | 49 | 5, 3n6 | 3, 094 | 1,713 | 29 |
| 31 | 40 under 50 | 26 <br> 24 | 4,666 $3,6 r .4$ | 3,148 1,910 | 1,164 | 30 |
| 32 | 60 under 70 | 18 | 4, 458 | 3,024 | 1,164 | 32 |
| 33 | 70 under 80 | 2 | 874 | 445 | 154 | 33 |
| 34 | 80 under 90 | 10 | 1,444 | - 469 | 854 | 34 |
| 35 | 90 under 100 | 4 | 922 | 488 | - 376 | 35 |
| 36 | 100 under 150 | 20 | 5,480 | 2,885 | 2, 383 | 36 |
| 37 | 150 under 200 | 4 | 4,001 | 3,078 | 673 | 37 |
| 38 | 200 under 250 | 5 | 2,461 | 933 | 1,098 | 38 |
| 39 | 250 under 300 | 4 | 1,373 | 270 | 1, 088 | 39 |
| 40 | 300 under 400 | 1 | 435 | 42 | 377 | 40 |
| 41 | 400 under 500. | 2 | 2,125 | 1,028 | 909 | 41 |
| 42 43 | 500 under 750 |  |  |  |  | 42 |
| 43 44 | 750 under 1,000. | 1 | 1,317 | 452 | 848 | 43 |
| 44 | 1,000 or more- | 4 | 7,546 | 403 | 7,105 | 44 |
| 45 | Total. | 4,894 | 133, 371 | 87, 109 | 35,676 | 45 |
| 46 | Taxable returns with net income under \$5,000 .-- | 3,887 | 49, 763 | 40, 411 | 4, 832 | 46 |
| 47 | Taxable returns with net income of $\$ 5,000$ or more. | 1,007 | 83, 607 | 46, 699 | 30, 847 | 47 |

For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

## Footnotes for fiduciary text and basic tables

## (Facsimile of return, Form 1041, appears on pp. 482-489)

1 Total income classes are based on the amount of total income tabulated for taxable fiduciary returns (see note 2).

2 Total income is the amount resulting from the combination of profit or loss from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, from sales or exchanges of property, together with income from dividends, interest, other fiduciaries, and from miscellaneous income. (Total income is an approximation of the adjusted gross income tabulated for individual returns.)
${ }^{3}$ Tax liability after tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States.
4 Dividends, foreign and domestic, exclude partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations and all dividends received through partnerships and other fiduciaries.
E Interest on bank deposits, notes, mortgages, corporation bonds, taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations. Also includes such Government interest and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts received through partnerships and other fiduciaries.

6 Rents and royalties net profit is the excess of gross rents received over deductions for depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses attributable to rent income; and the excess of gross royalties over depletion and other royalty expenses. Conversely, net loss from these sources is the excess of the respective expenses over gross income received.

7 Trade or business profit or loss is the current year net profit or loss. (Net operating loss deduction is reported in miscellaneous deductions.)
${ }^{8}$ Partnership net profit or loss excludes taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations, and net gain or loss from sales of canital assets. In computing partnership profit or loss, charitable contributions are not deductible nor is the net operating loss deduction allowed.

- Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the net gain or the allowable loss used in computing the net income taxable to the fiduciary. Each is the result of combining net short- and longterm capital gain and loss and any capital loss carryover from the years 1943-47, inclusive, not previously deducted. Deduction for the loss, however, is limited to the amount of such loss, or to the net income computed without regard to gains and losses from sales of capital assets, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.
Sales of capital assets include worthless stock, worthless bonds if they are capital assets, nonbusiness bad debts, certain distributions from employees' trust plans, and each participant's share of net shortand long-term capital gain and loss to be taken into account from partnerships and common trust funds.

10 Net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of property other than capital assets is that from the sales of (1) property used in tracie or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (2) obligations of tbe United States or any of its possessions, a State or Territery or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, issued on or after Mar. 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue, and (3) real property used in trade or business.

11 Income from other fiduciaries excludes taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations, and partially tax-exempt dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations.

12 Miscellancous income includes taxable income from sources other than those tabulate 1.
${ }^{13}$ Aggregate positive income is the sum of dividends, interest, net profits from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, from sales of capital assets and of other property, income from other fiduciaries, and miscellaneous income.
${ }_{14}$ Aggregate negative income is the sum of the net losses from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, and from sales of capital assets and of other property.
${ }^{15}$ Interest is that paid on debts, mortgages, and bank loans; it does not include interest reported in schedule for business or rent income, nor interest on indebtedness incurred to buy tax-exempt securities or single-premium life insurance and endowment contracts.

16 Taxes paid include State income taxes, certain retail $s$ les taxes, and real estate taxes except those levied for improvements which tend to increase the value of property. This deduction excludes Federal incorre tax, estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift t xes; taxes imposed upon shares in a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursem ent from the taxpayer; taxes deducted in the schedules for business and rent income, and income texes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion thereof is claimed as a tax credit.
${ }^{17}$ Miscellaneous deductions include the net operating loss deduction, losses resulting from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty or from theft, not compensated by insurance or otherwise, and all other authorized deductions except interest and taxes.
${ }^{18}$ Belance income is the excess of total income over total deductions; that is, income kefore the amount distributable to beneficiaries is deducted.

19 Net income taxable to the fiduciary is the net income remaining in the hands of the fiduciary after deductions for allowable expenses and for the amount distributable to beneficiarjes.
${ }^{20}$ Exemption is $\$ 600$ for each estate and $\$ 100$ for each trust, in the form of a credit against net income for purposes of both normal tax and surtax.
${ }^{21}$ Less than $\$ 500$.
22 Less than 0.005 percent.
${ }_{23}$ Net income classes are based on the net income taxable to the fiduciary (see note 19).
24 Average tax is based on the tax liability after deducting tax credits relating to income tax paid at source on interest from tax-free covenant bonds and to income tax paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States.
25 Returns with normal tax and surtax are returns on which the regular normal tax and surtax are reported, that is, all returns except those on which the alternative tax is imposed as described in note 27.
${ }_{26}$ Not computed.
27 Returns with alternative tax are returns showing a net long-term capital gain or an excess of net longterm capital gain over net short-term capital loss, on which the alternative tax is less than the regular normal tax and surtax computed on net income which includes the net gain from sales of capital assets. Alternative tax (not effective on returns with surtnx net income under $\$ 22,000$ ) is the sum of (1) a partial tax computed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates on net income reduced for this purpose by the amount of such long-term capital gain, and (2) fifty percent of such long-term gain.
${ }^{26}$ Short-term applies to gains and losses from the sales or exchanges of capital assets held 6 months or less and 100 percent of the recognized gain or loss

## Footnotes for fiduciary text and basic tables-Continued

## (Facsimile for return, Form 1041 appears on pp. 482-489)

thereon is taken into account in computing net shortterm capital gain or loss. The amount reported is a combination of short-term gains and losses for the year, together with those received through partnerships and common trust funds, but, unlike last year, the amount reported is not combined with the capital loss carry-over.
${ }^{29}$ Long-term applies to gains and losses from the sales and exchanges of capital assets held more than 6 months, and 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss thereon is taken into account in computing net long-term capital gain or loss. The net amount reported includes such gain or loss received through partnerships and common trust funds.
${ }^{30}$ Capital loss carry-over reported on the 1948 returns is a combination of the 1947 net capital loss and the remaining capital loss carry-overs from 1943-46, not offset by net capital gains of the succeeding years, 1944-47. A net capital loss of any year, to
be used as a capital loss carry-over, is the excess of current year capital losses over the sum of (1) current year capital gains and (2) the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or current year net income computed without regard to capital gains and losses. The net capital loss may be carried forward as a short-term capital loss for five succeeding years to the extent not previously eliminated.
${ }^{31}$ Amounts are a combination of the tabulated net long-term gain and net short-term loss before the carry-over. This combination results in a slight overstatement of the amount subject to the 50 percent rate in cases where the taxpayer combined a carryover with a short-term loss to determine the excess of long-term gain, or in cases where the carry -over exceeded the short-term gain resulting in a loss which was used to determine the excess of long-term gain.
${ }_{32}$ Includes Alaska.

## TAXABLE FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS

## 1937-1948

## HISTORICAL TABLES

12. Number of returns, income, and tax, 1937-48.
13. Number of returns, income, tax, and effective tax rate, by income classes, 1937-48.
14. Sources of income, deductions, total income, and net income, 1937-48.
15. Number of returns, income, and tax, by States and Territories, 1939-48.


Table 12.-Taxable fiduciary returns, 1937-48: Number of returns, net income 1937-43, total income 1944-48, and tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income }{ }^{1} \\ \text { 1937-43; } \\ \text { total } \\ \text { income }{ }^{2} \\ 1944-48 \end{gathered}$ | Tax before tax credits 1937-47; tax after tax credits 1948 |  |  | Credit for foreign tax paid and tax paid at source ${ }^{5}$ | Tax ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Normal tax and surtax ${ }^{3}$ | Alternative tax ${ }^{4}$ | Total |  |  |
| 1937 | 44,531 | 294, 990 | 48,406 |  | 48,406 | ${ }^{5}$ ) | 48,406 |
| 1938 | 52, 881 | 236, 444 | 24, 050 | 15,048 | 39,098 | (5) | 39,098 |
| 1939 | 62,879 | 252, 953 | 23, 263 | 14,197 | 37, 460 | (5) | 37,460 |
| 1940 | 67, 388 | 278, 827 | 28, 894 | 26, 069 | 54,963 | (5) | 54,963 |
| 1941 | 84, 884 | 340, 808 | 51,159 | 39,051 | 90, 210 | (5) | 90, 210 |
| 1942 | 81,483 | 299,633 | 84, 024 | 19,646 | 103, 670 | (5) | 103, 670 |
| 1943 | ${ }^{7} 97,156$ | 375, 766 | 98,748 | 41,648 | 140,396 | 462 | 139,933 |
| 1944 | 92, 369 | 655, 623 | 87,955 | 43,123 | 131, 078 |  | 131,078 |
| 1945 | 113, 560 | 856, 594 | 107, 510 | 68,576 | 176, 086 | 481 | 175, 605 |
| 1946 | 121, 725 | 1,065, 765 | 121, 114 | 85,102 | 206, 216 | 759 | 205,457 |
| 1947 | 109,997 | 973, 583 | 116,331 | 57, 468 | 173, 799 | 728 | 173,071 |
| 1948 | 101, 283 | 986, 806 | 115, 750 | 60,559 | 176,309 |  | 176,309 |

Table 13.-Taxable fiduciary returns by net income classes, 1937-43, and by total income classes, 1944-48: Number of returns; net income, 1937-43; total income, 1944-48; tax, and effective tax rate
[IIncome classes and money figures in thonsands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{8}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| Under 1 | 6,113 | 23, 280 | 27,702 | 29, 665 | 40,167 | 39,329 | 45,128 |
| 1 under 2 | 12,948 | 10,671 | 12,826 | 13, 976 | 16, 821 | 16,030 | 18,321 |
| 2 under 3 | 6,625 | 5,099 | 6,058 | 6,426 | 7,363 | 7,168 | 8, 832 |
| 3 under 5 | 6,534 | 4,930 | 5,844 | 6,230 | 7,443 | 6,948 | 8,441 |
| 5 under 10 | 6,165 | 4,665 | 5,387 | 5, 814 | 6,796 | 6,337 | 7, 835 |
| 10 under 25 | 4,095 | 2,841 | 3,499 | 3,604 | 4, 201 | 3,944 | 5,204 |
| 25 under 50 | 1,290 | 906 | 1,038 | 1,088 | 1,364 | 1,162 | 1,421 |
| 50 under 100 | 540 | 315 | 362 | 388 | 485 | 377 | 495 |
| 100 under 150 | 110 | 77 | 87 | 98 | 120 | 101 | 127 |
| 150 under 300 | 71 | 49 | 49 | 65 | 81 | 54 | 67 |
| 300 under 500 | 30 | 25 | 17 | 15 | 19 | 18 | 17 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 9 | 16 | 9 | 16 | 17 | 13 | 8 |
| 1,000 and over. | 1 | 7 | 1 | 3 | 7 |  |  |
| Total for returns with net income | 44,531 | 52, 881 | 62,879 | 67,388 | 84, 884 | 81, 483 | 95, 903 |
| Returns with no net income ${ }^{12}$-- |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,253 |


| Total income classes ${ }^{3}$ | Number of returns |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
| Under 0.5 | 6,615 | 7,309 | 7,199 | 7,074 | 6,879 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 15,148 | 17,649 | 17,170 | 15,978 | 12,441 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 10,937 | 13,109 | 13,283 | 11,836 | 10,682 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 7,990 | 9,805 | 10,125 | 9,261 | 8,461 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 6,344 | 7,652 | 8,197 | 7,256 | 6,674 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 4,881 | 6,292 | 6, 500 | 5,924 | 5,419 |
| 3 under 4- | 7,508 | 9,341 | 9,972 | 9,038 | 8,385 |
| 4 under 5 | 5,394 | 6,777 | 7,256 | 6,494 | 6, 135 |
| 5 under 10 | 13,199 | 16,934 | 19,098 | 16, 725 | 15,887 |
| 10 under 15 | 5, 239 | 6,786 | 8,029 | 7,044 | 6,753 |
| 15 under 20 | 2,741 | 3,618 | 4,295 | 3,704 | 3,756 |
| 20 under 25 | 1,627 | 2,090 | 2,603 | 2,427 | 2,223 |
| 25 under 50 | 3,082 | 4,009 | 4,964 | 4,528 | 4,643 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,143 | 1,511 | 1,977 | 1,762 | 1,923 |
| 100 under 150 | 275 | 314 | 560 | 440 | 495 |
| 150 under 300 | 176 | 259 | 355 | 345 | 355 |
| 300 under 500 | 38 | 57 | 61 | 84 | 94 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 25 | 36 | 56 | 56 | 50 |
| 1,000 or more. | 7 | 12 | 25 | 21 | 28 |
| Total taxable fiduciary returns | 92, 369 | 113, 560 | 121, 725 | 109,997 | 101,283 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 13.-Taxable fiduciary returns by net income classes, 1937-43, and by total income classes, 1944-48: Number of returns; net income, 1937-48; total income, 1944-48; tax, and effective tax rate-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{8}$ | Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| Under 1 | 2,165 | 9,093 | 10,748 | 12,697 | 17,604 | 18,816 | 21,579 |
| 1 under 2 | 18,731 | 15, 266 | 18,221 | 19,805 | 23,799 | 22, 826 | 26, 035 |
| 2 under 3 | 16, 210 | 12, 433 | 14,809 | 15,670 | 17,932 | 17,636 | 21,601 |
| 3 under 5 | 25, 323 | 19.108 | 22,606 | 24,003 | 28.807 | 26, 871 | 32, 679 |
| 5 under 10 | 43,049 | 32,470 | 37. 791 | 40,055 | 47, 420 | 44, 042 | 54, 694 |
| 10 under 25. | 63,009 | 43, 295 | 53, 423 | 54,715 | 63, 668 | 60,065 | 79, 225 |
| 25 under 50. | 43,646 | 30, 960 | 35, 563 | 37, 232 | 46, 942 | 39, 593 | 48, 849 |
| 50 under 100 | 36,007 | 21, 265 | 24, 652 | 26,182 | 32, 882 | 25, 354 | 34, 064 |
| 100 under 150 | 12,950 | 9,361 | 10,828 | 11,766 | 14,073 | 12,237 | 15,339 |
| 150 under 300 | 14,869 | 10,543 | 9, 667 | 12,832 | 16,358 | 11.310 | 13,694 |
| 300 under 500 | 10,948 | 9, 410 | 6, 663 | 5, 999 | 7,060 | 6, 893 | 6, 803 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 5,930 | 10,806 | 6,512 | 10,055 | 12,600 | 8,118 | 5,949 |
| 1,000 and over | 2,153 | 12,434 | 1,467 | 7,818 | 11,663 | 5,871 | 15, 255 |
| Total for returns with net income. | 294,990 | 236, 444 | 252, 953 | 278, 827 | 340, 808 | 299,633 | 375, 766 |
| Returns with no net income ${ }^{12}$-- |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{13} 663$ |


| Total income classes ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Total income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
| Under 0.5 | 1,915 | 2,134 | 2,136 | 2,024 | 1,973 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 11, 228 | 13,051 | 12,709 | 11,887 | 9, 536 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 13, 505 | 16,214 | 16,424 | 14,636 | 13, 185 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 13,880 | 16,996 | 17, 580 | 16,083 | 14,708 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 14, 180 | 17,186 | 18,334 | 16, 244 | 14,933 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 13.390 | 17,248 | 17,792 | 16,285 | 14,855 |
| 3 under 4 | 26,006 | 32,379 | 34,467 | 31,312 | 29,047 |
| 4 under 5 | 24, 127 | 30, 326 | 32, 414 | 29,008 | 27,479 |
| 5 under 10 | 93, 207 | 119,488 | 134,465 | 118, 570 | 112,485 |
| 10 under 15 | 63, 878 | 82, 581 | 97,715 | 86,122 | 82, 301 |
| 15 under 20 | 47,174 | 62,561 | 73, 892 | 64,053 | 64,751 |
| 20 under 25 | 36.340 | 46, 494 | 58.072 | 54,238 | 49,616 |
| 25 under 50 | 106, 413 | 136,915 | 170,746 | 155,973 | 159, 373 |
| 50 under 100 | 77,172 | 102,160 | 132,788 | 119,054 | 130, 853 |
| 100 under 150 | 33,143 | 37,417 | 67, 801 | 52, 875 | 59,690 |
| 150 under 300 | 35,775 | 53, 161 | 72, 818 | 70,785 | 74, 319 |
| 300 under 500 | 14, 374 | 21, 425 | 22,545 | 31,737 | 34,729 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 15.244 | 25,039 | 40, 955 | 38,921 | 34, 995 |
| 1,000 or more | 14,674 | 23, 819 | 42, 111 | 43, 778 | 57,975 |
| Total taxable fiduclary retu | 655, 623 | 856, 594 | 1,065,765 | 973, 583 | 986, 806 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 13.-Taxable fiduciary returns by net income classes, 1937-48, and by total income classes, 1944-48: Number of returns; net income, 1987-48; total income, 1944-48; tax, and effective tax rate-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



| Total income classes ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | Tax ${ }^{10}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1945 | 1946 | 1947 | 1948 |
| Under 0.5 | 223 | 241 | 197 | 201 | 175 |
| 0.5 under 1 | 999 | 1,118 | 936 | 921 | 648 |
| 1 under 1.5 | 1,528 | 1,796 | 1,549 | 1,440 | 1,091 |
| 1.5 under 2 | 1,664 | 1.955 | 1,757 | 1,683 | 1,345 |
| 2 under 2.5 | 1,743 | 2,013 | 1,898 | 1,754 | 1,426 |
| 2.5 under 3 | 1,644 | 2,052 | 1,863 | 1,748 | 1,452 |
| 3 under 4-- | 3, 239 | 3,916 | 3,636 | 3, 383 | 2, 870 |
| 4 under 5 | 3,087 | 3,760 | 3,469 | 3,209 | 2,788 |
| 5 under 10 | 12, 627 | 15,956 | 15,690 | 14,175 | 12,714 |
| 10 under 15 | 9,745 | 12,752 | 13, 211 | 11,397 | 10,451 |
| 15 under 20 | 7,989 | 10,654 | 11,341 | 9,442 | 8,859 |
| 20 under 25 | 6,935 | 8,655 | 9,783 | 9,016 | 7,786 |
| 25 under 50 | 24,013 | 31, 583 | 35, 481 | 30,314 | 29,657 |
| 50 under 100 | 21,103 | 27, 599 | 33, 371 | 27,785 | 27, 651 |
| 100 under 150 | 8,926 | 10,452 | 18,640 | 13,047 | 14,803 |
| 150 under 300 | 12,166 | 16,646 | 20,315 | 16, 981 | 16,741 |
| 300 under 500 | 3,957 | 7,409 | 6,447 | 8,276 | 7,735 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 4,291 | 8,110 | 13, 108 | 9,795 | 7,565 |
| 1,000 or more | 5,199 | 8, 938 | 12,767 | 8,507 | 20,552 |
| Total taxable fiduciary returns | 131,078 | 175,605 | 205, 457 | 173, 071 | 176, 309 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 13.-Taxable fiduciary returns by net income classes, 1937-48, and by total income classes, 1944-48: Number of returns; net income, 1937-48; total income, 1944-48; tax, and єffective tax rate-Continued
[Income classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


[^20]Table 14.-Taxable fiduciary returns, 1937-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income, deductions, and net income
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns | 44, 531 | 52,881 | 62, 879 | 67,388 | 84, 884 | 81,483 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Busines ${ }^{\text {d profit }}{ }^{15}$ | 9,497 | 6, 901 | 9,594 | 11,399 | 22, 283 | 33,832 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{16}$ Net capital gain | 7,498 79,093 | 6,147 | 6,271 | 9,071 | 19,043 | 31,644 |
| Net short-term capital gain in total income ${ }^{18}$ |  | 20, 419 | 24,247 | 17,179 | 17,297 |  |
| Net long-term capital gain ${ }^{19}$ - |  | 63,526 | 43, 405 | 47, 760 | 62,579 |  |
| Net gain from sales of capital assets ${ }^{20}$ Net gain from sales of property other than capital assets ${ }^{21}$ |  | 1,046 | 1,181 | 1,775 | 3,065 | 45,426 1,957 |
| Rents and royalties profit | 37, 588 | 40, 853 | 43, 546 | 47, 650 | 59,428 | 61, 743 |
| Income from other fiduciaries | 13, 525 | 9, 216 | 11, 103 | 11,668 | 13,515 | 15, 676 |
| Dividends ${ }^{23}$ | 325, 160 | 250, 383 | 321, 431 | 338, 335 | 390, 228 | 290, 546 |
| Interest on Government obligations: Partially tax-exempt ${ }^{24}$ Taxable ${ }^{25}$ $\qquad$ | 5,615 | 3,967 | 4,832 | 10,415 | 14,166 933 | 9,360 5,233 |
| Other taxable interest | 70,075 | 97,939 | 103, 333 | 81,689 | 89,757 | 66, 001 |
| Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations ${ }^{20}$ Other income $\qquad$ | 8,760 | 5,775 | 5,560 | 6,985 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}190 \\ 8,306\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 434 \\ 10,900 \end{array}$ |
| Total income | 556, 811 | 506, 172 | 574, 502 | 583, 926 | 700, 790 | 572, 753 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss from business ${ }^{15}$ | 745 | 579 | 524 | 711 | 856 | 660 |
| Net loss from partnership ${ }^{16}$ | 192 | 222 | 578 | 250 | 292 | 230 |
| Net capital loss ${ }^{17}$--..-.-.-- | 4,383 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net long-torm capital loss ${ }^{19}$ $\qquad$ |  | 5,265 | 6,642 | 6,867 | 11,593 | 3, 999 |
| Net loss from sales of property other than capital assets ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  | 405 | 731 | 724 |
| Net loss from rents and royalities...----- | (31) | (31) | (31) | (31) | 2,034 | 1,285 |
| Interest paid ${ }^{27}$ | 10,069 | 8,529 | 9,437 | 9,386 | 10,306 | 9, 145 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{88}$ | 24,426 | 23, 430 | 21,580 | 20,223 | 23, 424 | 21,569 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 32,958 | 28, 111 | 29,971 | 30,605 | 28,608 | 26, 904 |
| Amount distributable to beneficiaries .- | 189, 048 | 203, 112 | 252, 264 | 236,653 | 282, 136 | 208, 605 |
| Total deduction | 261, 821 | 269,728 | 321, 550 | 305, 099 | 359, 982 | 273, 120 |
| Net income taxable to fiduciary 1-.- | 294, 990 | 236, 444 | 252, 953 | 278, 827 | 340, 808 | 299,633 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 14.-Taxable fiduciary returns, 1937-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income, deductions, and net income-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 14.-Taxable fiduciary returns, 1937-48: Number of returns, sources of income, total income, deductions, and net income-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Distribution | 1948 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns | 101, 283 |
| Sources of income: ${ }^{14}$ |  |
| Business profit ${ }^{15}$. | 45,506 |
| Business loss ${ }^{15}$ | 1,886 |
| Partnership profit ${ }^{16}$ | 48,948 |
| Partnership loss ${ }^{18}$ Net gain from sales of capital assets ${ }^{20}$ | +144,583 |
| Net loss from sales of capital assets ${ }^{20}$ | 144,583 3,658 1 |
| Net gain from sales of property other than capita | 1, 741 |
| Net loss from sales of property other than capital | 1,587 |
| Rents and royalties profit. | 117, 635 |
| Rents and royalties loss | 1, 477 |
| Income from other fiduciaries ${ }^{22}$ | 14,609 |
| Interest.-.--- | 518, 021 |
| Other income.- | 84, 19,300 |
| Total income ${ }^{30}$ | 986, 806 |
| Deductions: ${ }^{14}$ |  |
| Interest paid ${ }^{27}$ | 10,403 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{28}$----- | 21, 492 |
| Other deductions 29 Amount distributable to beneficiaries | 47,530 |
| Amount distributable to beneficiaries | 377, 021 |
| Total deductions | 456, 446 |
| Net income taxable to fiduciary ${ }^{1}$. | 530, 360 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 15.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1939-48, by States and Territories: Number of returns; net income, 1939-43; total income, 1944-48; and $\operatorname{tax}$
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | Num ber of returns | Net in- come 1 1939-43; total income $^{2}$ ${ }^{2} 944-48$ | Tax ${ }^{10}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{1}$ 1939-43; total income $_{1944-48}{ }^{2}$ | Tax ${ }^{10}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ 1939-43; total income ${ }^{2}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{10}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | United States |  |  | Alabama |  |  | A laska |  |  |
| 1939 | 62, 879 | 252, 953 | 37, 460 | 286 | 1,213 | 88 | 5 | 23 | 1 |
| 1940 | 67, 388 | 278, 827 | 54, 963 | 376 | 1,439 | 186 | 7 | 28 | 1 |
| 1941 | 84, 884 | 340, 808 | 90, 210 | 493 | 1,947 | 409 | 19 | 74 | 11 |
| 1942 | 81, 483 | 299, 633 | 103, 670 | 484 | 1, 843 | 523 | 20 | 55 | 11 |
| 1943 | 95, 903 | 375, 766 | 140, 345 | 543 | 2, 353 | 834 | $\left.{ }^{33}\right)$ | (33) | (33) |
| 1944 | 92, 369 | 655, 623 | 131, 078 | 512 | 4, 552 | 808 | (33) | (33) | (33) |
| 1945 | 113, 560 | 856, 594 | 175, 605 | 634 | 5,235 | 913 | (33) | (33) | (33) |
| 1946 | 121, 725 | 1, 065,765 | 205, 457 | 725 | 6,902 | 1,062 | (33) | (3) | (33) |
| 1947 | 109, 997 | 973, 583 | 173, 071 | 739 | 7, 710 | 1,078 | (33) | (33) | (33) |
| 1948 | 101, 283 | 986, 806 | 176, 309 | 698 | 8,136 | 1,253 | (33) | (33) | (33) |
|  | Arizona |  |  | Arkansas |  |  | California |  |  |
| 1939 | 98 | 362 | 26 | 119 | 383 | 18 | 3, 309 | 14, 258 | 1,816 |
| 1940 | 112 | 352 | 25 | 163 | 485 | 27 | 4,229 | 17, 254 | 2, 969 |
| 1941 | 142 | 482 | 66 | 227 | 1,262 | 290 | 5,725 | 22, 069 | 5,096 |
| 1942 | 186 | 491 | 104 | 295 | 1,329 | 381 | 5,633 | 21,688 | 7, 633 |
| 1943 | 234 | 753 | 229 | 341 | 1,526 | 559 | 6, 739 | 28, 529 | 10,576 |
| 1944 | 223 | 1,065 | 175 | 307 | 2,253 | 542 | 6,123 | 44, 807 | 9, 986 |
| 1945 | 270 | 1,472 | 267 | 297 | 1,744 | 422 | 7, 476 | 58, 002 | 14, 005 |
| 1946 | 316 | 2,006 | 374 | 337 | 2, 506 | 569 | 8, 304 | 70, 100 | 14, 850 |
| 1947 | 287 | 1,825 | 362 | 370 | 2, 419 | 457 | 7,566 | 59, 118 | 12,156 |
| 1948 | 290 | 1,955 | 334 | 346 | 2,734 | 474 | 7,087 | 61, 943 | 12,375 |
|  | Colorado |  |  | Connecticut |  |  | Delaware |  |  |
| 1939 | 478 | 1,898 | 271 | 1,759 | 7, 430 | 880 | 667 | 6,704 | 2,080 |
| 1940 | 525 | 1,925 | 335 | 2, 135 | 8, 679 | 1,548 | 647 | 7,472 | 2,703 |
| 1941 | 643 | 2, 488 | 626 | 2, 419 | 9, 699 | 2, 594 | 680 | 7, 108 | 3,106 |
| 1942 | 676 | 2, 197 | 635 | 2, 232 | 7,910 | 2,545 | 570 | 5, 852 | 3, 002 |
| 1943 | 803 | 2, 925 | 1,136 | 2,714 | 7,877 | 2, 552 | 719 | 6,503 | 3,451 |
| 1944 | 660 | 3,597 | 591 | 2, 441 | 14,715 | 2, 803 | 726 | 12,067 | 4, 343 |
| 1945 | 897 | 5,358 | 1, 002 | 3,149 | 19,719 | 3, 599 | 864 | 16, 242 | 5,774 |
| 1946 | 934 | 6,554 | 1, 406 | 3, 429 | 22, 748 | 3,480 | 1,003 | 17, 136 | 5,299 |
| 1947 | 838 | 6, 050 | 1, 087 | 2, 820 | 19,909 | 3,215 | 767 | 13, 372 | 4,040 |
| 1948 | 859 | 6,591 | 1,147 | 2,658 | 20, 015 | 2,922 | 708 | 14, 799 | 4,838 |
|  | District of Columbia |  |  | Florida |  |  | Georgia |  |  |
| 1939 | 550 | 1,475 | 97 | 611 | 4,865 | 1,128 | 428 | 1, 840 | 243 |
| 1940 | 555 | 1,993 | 298 | 788 | 4,633 | 832 | 490 | 2,522 | 511 |
| 1941 | 786 | 2, 672 | 597 | 941 | 5, 141 | 1,308 | 713 | 3, 017 | 771 |
| 1942 | 716 | 2. 422 | 864 | 1,072 | 5,115 | 1,781 | 727 | 3, 067 | 1, 021 |
| 1943 | 736 | 2,563 | 921 | 1,332 | 7, 841 | 3, 070 | 895 | 3, 827 | 1,347 |
| 1944 | 783 | 5, 734 | 1,038 | 1,384 | 12,587 | 2, 474 | 948 | 6,780 | 1,224 |
| 1945 | 1, 039 | 7, 054 | 1, 018 | 1,562 | 14,510 | 2, 844 | 1,048 | 8, 153 | 1,408 |
| 1946 | 1,027 | 11, 115 | 1, 653 | 1,700 | 18,519 | 3, 155 | 1,209 | 10, 743 | 1, 891 |
| 1947 | 903 | 8,786 | 987 | 1,594 | 17,681 | 2, 610 | 1,113 | 11, 599 | 2,148 |
| 1948---------------- | 805 | 5,964 | 759 | 1,485 | 14,891 | 2,220 | 1,072 | 10, 790 | 1,605 |
|  | Hawaii |  |  | Idaho |  |  | minois |  |  |
| 1939 | 174 | 873 | 134 | 47 | 190 | 10 | 5,925 | 22,486 | 2,705 |
| 1940 | 200 | 1, 025 | 197 | 69 | 250 | 16 | 6,175 | 23, 534 | 3,799 |
| 1941 | 222 | 1,377 | 377 | 97 | 265 | 31 | 7, 834 | 35, 206 | 9,735 |
| 1942 | 298 | 2,373 | 1,032 | 166 | 400 | 87 | 7, 235 | 27,977 | 9,617 |
| 1943 | 312 | 1,568 | , 631 | 207 | 588 | 152 | 8,052 | 37, 834 | 15. 334 |
| 1944 | 309 | 4, 408 | 848 | 173 | 711 | 219 | 7,650 | 59, 138 | 13, 811 |
| 1945 | 319 | 4,721 | 958 | 173 | 929 | 293 | 9, 003 | 78, 595 | 17, 457 |
| 1946 | 293 | 4, 086 | 639 | 192 | 1,172 | 329 | 9, 713 | 95, 146 | 20,788 |
| 1947 | 258 | 3,747 | 467 | 218 | 979 | 167 | 9, 157 | 88, 038 | 17,619 |
| 1948 | 257 | 4,021 | 485 | 179 | 710 | 85 | 8,858 | 99, 449 | 20, 310 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 15.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1939-48, by States and Territories: Number of returns; net income, 1939-43; total income, 19.44-48; and tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands ef dollars]

| Income year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ 1939-43; total income ${ }^{2}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{10}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Net income I 1939 43; total income ${ }^{2}$ 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{10}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{1}$ 1939-43; total $\underset{\text { income }}{ }{ }^{2}$ 1944-48 | Tax 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Indiana |  |  | Iowa |  |  | Kansas |  |  |
| 1939 | 612 | 2, 859 | 274 | 750 | 2. 327 | 173 | 356 | 983 | 46 |
| 1940 | 772 | 3, 486 | 551 | 1,087 | 3, 178 | 316 | 523 | 1,418 | 114 |
| 1941 | 1,068 | 4, 294 | 999 | 1,654 | 4,380 | 650 | 822 | 2, 284 | 316 |
| 1942 | 1, 390 | 4,642 | 1,441 | 2, 374 | 5, 336 | 1,232 | 1,357 | 3, 572 | 854 |
| 1943 | 1,639 | 5, 270 | 1,649 | 2, 610 | 6,014 | 1,461 | 1, 497 | 3, 577 | 940 |
| 1944 | 1,340 | 7,135 | 1,252 | 2, 104 | 7, 175 | 1,383 | 1, 455 | 6, 262 | 1,299 |
| 1945 | 1,817 | 10, 016 | 1,999 | 2,134 | 7,754 | 1,542 | 1,423 | 4,834 | 833 |
| 1946 | 1,945 | 11, 432 | 2, 042 | 2, 266 | 11, 672 | 2, 647 | 1,571 | 6, 585 | 1, 060 |
| 1948 | 1,991 | 12, 295 | 2, 238 | 2, 207 | 10,740 | $\stackrel{2}{2,067}$ | 1,656 | 8,367 | 1,581 |
|  | 1, 867 | 11, 780 | 1,818 | 1, 994 | 10,600 | 1,902 | 1,537 | 8,104 | 1,219 |
|  | Kentucky |  |  | Louisiana |  |  | Maine |  |  |
| 1939 | 341 | 1,180 | 126 | 119 | 644 | 54 | 404 | 951 | 60 |
| 1940 | 481 | 1,520 | 206 | 150 | 641 | 65 | 480 | 1,480 | 171 |
| 1941 | 995 | 2, 410 | 448 | 189 | 803 | 136 | 420 | 1,021 | 191 |
| 1942 | 850 | 2, 272 | 664 | 201 | 949 | 260 | 487 | 1,183 | 329 |
| 1943 | 980 | 10,061 | 4,499 | 293 | 1, 644 | 570 | 555 | 1,419 | 421 |
| 1944 | 1,020 | 5,923 | 1,160 | 314 | 2, 721 | 661 | 598 | 3,398 | 576 |
| 1945 | 1,243 | 7,698 | 1,333 | 348 | 3, 013 | 740 | 703 | 3, 109 | 431 |
| 1946 | 1,282 | 8,719 | 1,481 | 412 | 3,865 | 1,004 | 665 | 3,365 | 436 |
| 1947 | 1,269 | 8,330 | 1,090 | 402 | 3, 304 | 664 | 555 | 2,756 | 378 |
| 1948 | 1,114 | 7,180 | 8.58 | 406 | 3,353 | 678 | 551 | 2,801 | 375 |
|  | Maryland |  |  | Massachusetts |  |  | Michigan |  |  |
| 1939 | 1,440 | 3,761 | 361 | 6, 036 | 20,703 | 2, 293 |  |  | 1,415 |
| 1940 | 1, 172 | 3,737 | 501 | 5,690 | 19, 105 | 2,690 | 2, 303 | 11, 327 | 1, 912 |
| 1941 | 1,525 | 4,379 | 862 | 6. 468 | 19,653 | 4, 414 | 2,627 | 14, 622 | 4, 329 |
| 1942 | 1, 224 | 3, 226 | 894 | 5,656 | 21, 049 | 7,172 | 2,838 | 14.244 | 5,585 |
| 1943 | 1,519 | 4,643 | 1,697 | 6,717 | 20, 602 | 6,731 | 3. 227 | 16,407 | 6, 474 |
| 1944 | 1,603 | 10,547 | 1,724 | 6,863 | 50, 471 | 7, 571 | 3,314 | 24, 844 | 6,320 |
| 1945 | 2, 107 | 11, 583 | 1,698 | 8,831 | 70, 143 | 10,771 | 3, 651 | 29,708 | 7,109 |
| 1946 | 2, 281 | 14.950 | 1. 901 | 9, 202 | 77, 272 | 10,816 | 3,795 | 31,870 | 6,794 |
| 1947 | 2, 088 | 14,944 | 2,018 | 7,627 | 68, 227 | 9, 206 | 3, 613 | 32, 076 | 6,786 |
|  | 1,717 | 14,637 | 1,662 | 6,969 | 65, 934 | 8,508 | 3,405 | 34, 637 | 6,442 |
|  | Minnesota |  |  | Mississippi |  |  | Missouri |  |  |
| 1939 | 1, 459 | 5,465 | 912 | 65 | 325 | 22 | 1,539 | 6, 415 | 864 |
| 1940 | 1,566 | 5,618 | 889 | 85 | 283 | 16 | 1,771 | 6,198 | 979 |
| 1941 | 2, 007 | 7,379 | 1,874 | 120 | 491 | 74 | 2, 179 | 7,727 | 1,958 |
| 1942 | 2, 156 | 8,386 | 3, 039 | 169 | 734 | 235 | 2, 030 | 6,500 | 2,084 |
| 1943 | 2, 406 | 7,981 | 2, 854 | 189 | 740 | 233 | 2,417 | 7, 764 | 2, 697 |
| 1944 | 2, 103 | 12, 875 | 3, 061 | 202 | 1,040 | 204 | 2, 411 | 15, 000 | 2, 845 |
| 1945 | 2, 471 | 17,711 | 4, 324 | 185 | 837 | 184 | 2, 789 | 17,006 | 3, 192 |
| 1946 | 2, 708 | 20, 220 | 4, 478 | 255 | 1,524 | 248 | 3,155 | 24, 373 | 4, 466 |
| 1947 | 2, 436 | 19, 828 | 4,377 | 252 | 1,870 | 308 | 2, 889 | 23, 976 | 4, 699 |
| 1948----------------- | 2, 265 | 20,698 | 4,428 | 301 | 2, 028 | 300 | 2, 713 | 22, 663 | 4, 500 |
|  | Montana |  |  | Nebraska |  |  | Nevada |  |  |
| 1939 | 89 | 335 | 18 | 252 | 881 | 92 | 27 | 256 | 30 |
| 1940 | 106 | 409 | 38 | 333 | 967 | 122 | 44 | 413 | 114 |
| 1941 | 150 | 554 | 90 | 495 | 1,366 | 235 | 59 | 381 | 96 |
| 1942 | 220 | 592 | 140 | 915 | 1,769 | 324 | 64 | 270 | 82 |
| 1943 | 271 | 774 | 217 | 1,207 | 2, 510 | 557 | 67 | 285 | 87 |
| 1944 | 275 | 853 | 177 | 1,970 | 2,915 | 469 | 61 | 550 | 92 |
| 1945 | 288 | 857 | 171 | 1,175 | 3, 714 | 567 | 92 | 1,137 | 256 |
| 1946 | 325 | 1,375 | 288 | , 888 | 3,980 | 630 | 102 | 1,498 | 374 |
| 1947 | 339 | 1,430 | 253 | 1,082 | 5,140 | 875 | 92 | 1,438 | 386 |
| 1948 | 273 | 1,130 | 188 | 907 | 4, 875 | 704 | 92 | 1,211 | 275 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 15.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1939-48, by States and Territories: Number of returns; net income, 1939-43; total income, 1944-48; and tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Income year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } 1 \\ 1939-43 ; \\ \text { total } \\ \text { income }{ }^{2} \\ 1944-48 \end{gathered}$ | Tax ${ }^{10}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income }{ }^{1} \\ \text { 1939-43; } \\ \text { total } \\ \text { income }{ }^{2} \\ 1944-48 \end{gathered}$ | Tax ${ }^{10}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ 1939-43; total income 1944-48 | Tax ${ }^{10}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New Hampshire |  |  | New Jersey |  |  | New Mexico |  |  |
| 1939 | 243 | 1,017 | 152 | 2, 074 | 10, 109 | 3,139 | 47 | 397 | 129 |
| 1940 | 255 | 655 | 61 | 2. 284 | 14, 123 | 5,452 | 49 | 132 | 7 |
| 1941 | 307 | 740 | 101 | 2, 864 | 16, 216 | 6, 549 | 70 | 221 | 32 |
| 1942 | 301 | 672 | 164 | 2,754 | 13, 870 | 6,552 | 135 | 350 | 75 |
| 1943 | 452 | 1,008 | 284 | 3, 332 | 15, 624 | 7, ¢21 | 143 | 415 | 113 |
| 1944 | 453 | 1,934 | 242 | 3,585 | 29,603 | 8,328 | 146 | 719 | 155 |
| 1945 | 562 | 2, 908 | 438 | 4, 262 | 31,808 | 9, 272 | 134 | 804 | 222 |
| 1946 | 565 | 3, 266 | 450 | 4, 280 | 41, 995 | 10, 804 | 155 | 1,166 | 335 |
|  | 473 | 2, 394 | ${ }_{281}^{253}$ | 3, 874 | 42, 044 | 7,276 | 147 | 924 840 | 151 |
|  | 437 | 2, 681 | 281 | 3,572 | 29,504 | 5,196 |  | 840 | 135 |
|  | New York |  |  | North Carolina |  |  | North Dakota |  |  |
| 1939 | 14, 817 | 52, 460 | 7,250 | 314 | 1.614 | 213 | 49 | 114 | 3 |
| 1940 | 14, 342 | 57, 991 | 13, 098 | 373 | 2, $0 \stackrel{0}{6}$ | 316 | 71 | 164 | 7 |
| 1941 | 16, 336 | 64,787 | 17,408 | 543 | 3,012 | 747 | 221 | 420 | 37 |
| 1942 | 12, 794 | 44. 203 | 15, 155 | 673 | 3, 055 | 984 | 478 | 909 | 174 |
| 1943 | 14, 800 | 63, 387 | 24, 101 | 816 | 3,302 | 1,155 | 637 | 1,260 | 263 |
| 1944 | 13. 676 | 108, 827 | 17,131 | 899 | 5,942 | 1,221 | 535 | 1,332 | 213 |
| 1945 | 19,337 | 169. 614 | 32, 549 | 1,046 | 7,750 | 1.670 | 490 | 1,371 | 239 |
| 1946 | 20,752 | 236, 879 | 43, 930 | 1,210 | 13, 763 | 3,960 | 555 | 1,688 | 245 |
| 1947. | 17, 222 | 189, 428 | 29,769 | 1,191 | 10,433 | 2, 265 | 585 | 2,294 | 381 |
| 1948 | 15,659 | 190, 822 | 27, 723 | 1,187 | 9,376 | 1,544 | 395 | 1,677 | 290 |
|  | Ohio |  |  | Oklahoma |  |  | Oregon |  |  |
| 1939 | 2, 807 | 17, 173 | 3,331 | 300 | 1,962 | 238 | 286 | 698 | 35 |
| 1940 | 3, 377 | 18,341 | 3,999 | 393 | 2, 652 | 550 | 314 | 876 | 70 |
| 1941 | 3,870 | 22,095 | 6,495 | 521 | 3, 713 | 941 | 490 | 1,618 | 324 |
| 1942 | 3, 781 | 14,739 | 4, 853 | 702 | 2, 904 | 928 | 581 | 1,749 | 454 |
| 1943 | 4, 549 | 17, 963 | ¢, 612 | 969 | 3, 820 | 1,263 | 715 | 2, 296 | 677 |
| 1944 | 4,556 | 34, 859 | 7,073 | 1,011 | 6,043 | 1,563 | 684 | 3, 568 | 682 |
| 1945 | b, 350 | 47, 833 | 11, 892 | 1,037 | 5,938 | 1,555 | 696 | 3,776 | 882 |
| 1946 | 5, 618 | 51, 631 | 11, 382 | 1,138 | 7,063 | 1.713 | 775 | 4, 411 | 769 |
| 1947 | 5, 269 | 47, 521 | 8,714 | 1,273 | 7, 903 | 1,723 | 739 | 4, 501 | 978 |
| 1948 | 4,657 | 49,650 | 10,574 | 1,267 | 9,565 | 2,116 | 713 | 5,243 | 1,093 |
|  | Pennsylvania |  |  | Rbode Island |  |  | South Carolina |  |  |
| 1939 | 6, 193 | 22,502 | 3,633 | 964 | 2,953 | 285 | 128 | 581 | 42 |
| 1940 | 5, 801 | 22, 265 | 4, 432 | 916 | 2, 874 | 434 | 152 | 700 | 86 |
| 1941 | 8,815 | 24,790 | 6,349 | 1,025 | 4, 257 | 1,040 | ${ }_{2} 217$ | 967 | 196 |
| 1942 | ¢, 604 | 21,651 | 8,062 | 1,029 | 2,948 | 1,029 | 282 | 945 | 255 |
| 1943 | 8,120 | 26, 772 | 9, 977 | 1,027 | 3,499 | 1,320 | 348 | 1,386 | 507 |
| 1944 | 8,420 | 64, 347 | 10,801 | 1,096 | 9,464 | 1,271 | 344 | 2, 046 | 513 |
| 1945 | 11,686 | 82, 182 | 13, 454 | 1,250 | 11, 027 | 1, 450 | 393 | 2, 817 | 659 |
| 1946 | 11,925 | 93, 688 | 14,157 | 1,382 | 15, 322 | 1,766 | 505 | 4,451 | 1,173 |
| 1947 | 9,895 | 86, 245 | 11,658 | 1,153 | 13,847 | 1,829 | 483 | 5, 728 | 1,765 |
|  | 8,332 | 84, 783 | 11, 713 | 1,087 | 12,852 | 1,596 | 436 | 4,595 | 1,080 |
|  | South Daknta |  |  | Tennessee |  |  | Texas |  |  |
| 1939 | 45 | 133 | 5 | 361 | 2,950 | 1,024 | 1,421 | 7,276 | 909 |
| 1940 | 91 | 210 | 9 | 430 | 2,998 | 1,116 | 1,789 | 8,565 | 1,356 |
| 1941 | 1.57 | 276 | 19 | 562 | 2,942 | 1,059 | 2, 268 | 13, 060 | 3, 466 |
| 1942 | 407 | 633 | 103 | 569 | 2,755 | 1,072 | 2, 675 | 14, 811 | 5,551 |
| 1943. | 605 | 977 | 180 | 643 | 3,093 | 1,298 | 3, 134 | 17, 512 | 7.118 |
| 1944 | 459 | 959 | 131 | 723 | 5, 926 | 1,658 | 3, 068 | 26, 204 | 6, 766 |
| 1945 | 481 | 1,053 | 155 | 859 | 6, 493 | 1,736 | 3,312 | 31, 803 | 8,098 |
| 1946 | 529 | 1,429 | 194 | 1,017 | 8, 851 | 1,976 | 3, 880 | 41, 062 | 9,618 |
| 1947 | 569 | 1,777 | 271 | 1,006 | 9, 272 | 2,350 | 4, 031 | 43, 260 | 12,486 |
| 1948 | 436 | 1,470 | 198 | 926 | 7,951 | 1,165 | 4,276 | 66, 202 | 21,375 |

For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

Table 15.-Taxable fiduciary returns with net income, 1939-48, by States and Territories: Number of returns; net income, 1939-43; total income, 1944-48; and tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

## Footnotes for historical tables 12-15, pages 303-313.

1 Net income is the net income taxable to fiduciary, that is, net income remaining in the liands of the fiduciary after deductions for allowable expenses and the amount distributable to beneficiaries.
2 Total income for 1944 and subsequent years is a combination of the profit and loss from rents and royalties, from trade or business, from partnerships, from ssles or exchanges of property, and income from dividends, interest, other fiduciaries, and miscellaneous income.

3 Normal tax and surtax include, for 1940-41; the defense tox and, for 1943, the victory tax associated with normal tax and surtax; also for 1943 the victory tax on 1,253 returns with no net income. (See note 12.)
4 Alternative tax for 1938-41, in case of net longterm copit ${ }^{-1}$ gain, is the sum of normal tsx and surtax, computed on net income reduced by the amount of net long-term capital gain, and 30 percent of the net long-term gain; and in the case of net long-term capit 1 loss, is the sum of normal tax and surtax on net income, increased by the net long-term capital loss, minus 30 percent of such loss. The alternative tax for 1942-48, occurring in case of a net long-term gain or an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term cepitsl loss, is the sum of normal tax and surtix on net income reduced by the amount of such grin, plus 50 percent of such gain. The alternative tex includes, for 1940-41, the defense tax and, for 1943, the victory tax associated with the alternative tax.
${ }^{5}$ Tax credits for the fiduciary's share of income tax paid to foreion countries or possessions of the United States and of income tox paid at source on interest from $t \cdot x$-free covenant bonds, although allowable, were not tabulated from fiduciary returns for 1937-42, 1944, nor for 1948.
6 Tax after tax credits, 1943, 1945 and subsequent
 1943 the victory tax on returns with no net income as well as that on returns with net income.
7 For 1943, the number of returns, normal tax and surtax, and totsl tax include 1,253 taxable fiduciary returns with no net income which have victory tax on victory tax net income. (See note 12.)
${ }^{8}$ Net income closses are based on the net income tabulated for 1937-43. (See note 1.)
${ }^{9}$ Totol income classes are based on the total income tabulated for 1944-48. (See note 2.)

10 Tax for 1937-44 is the tax before credits relating to foreign toxes prid and to tax paid at source. Defense tox for $1940-41$ and victory tax for 1943 are included. For 1945-48, the tax is after tax credits. (See note 5.)
${ }^{11}$ Effective t?x rates are based on the net income and $t^{n} x$ f rr 1937-43 and on the tot ${ }^{2}$ l income and $t 7 x$ for $1944-48$, as tabulated in this table for the respective years.

12 For 1943 , there are 1,253 taxable fiduciary returns which have a deficit in income tax net income tax? ble to the fiduciry, but which have a victory tax liability on victory tax net income taxable to the fiduciory. These returns are classified as taxable returns with no net income.

## 13 Deficit.

14 Amoints of income are the net amounts by which gross receipts exceed deductions as reported in the schedules on the returns; net losses reported in sources of income are transferred in tabulation to dednctions, 1937-43, and are tobulated under a specified dejuction or in other deductions.
${ }^{15}$ Business profit or loss is the current year profit or 1 ss . (Net operating loss deduction, allowable agoirst thtal illcome for 1940 and thereafter, is reported in other deductions.)

16 Partnership profit or loss excludes the taxable and partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations; dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942; and capital gain or loss for 1938 and subsequent years.

17 Net capital gain or loss for 1937 is the net capital gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets, regardless of time held, after certain percentages depending on the time the assets were held and after the limitation on the deduction for capital loss have been applied. The net capital loss deduction is limited to $\$ 2,000$. Amounts exclude such gain or loss received through partnerships and fiduciaries.
${ }^{18}$ For 1938-41, short-term applies to sales of capital assets held 18 months or less upon which 100 percent of the recognized gain or loss is taken into account. The short-term gain reported includes the net gain or loss from such soles received throngh partnerships and common trust funds, and for 1939-41, is after the allowable deduction for carry-over. The net shortterm capital loss is not deductible in the current year but is carried forward to the succeeding year in an amount not in excess of the net income for the year in which the loss is sustained and can be deducted only to the extent of the net short-term capital gain in such succecding year.
${ }^{19}$ For 1938-41, long-term applies to sales of capital assets held more than 18 months upon which 6633 percent of the recognized gain or lnss on sales of assets held 18 months but not more than 24 months and 50 percent of the recognized gain or loss on sales of assets held more than 24 montbs, are taken into account. The amounts reported include the net gain or loss from such sales received through partnerships and common trust funds. The net long-term capital loss is deductible from total income.
${ }^{20}$ For 1942-48, net gain or loss from sales or exchanges of capital assets is the result of combining the net short- and long-term capital gain and loss and the allowable carry-over, also amounts received through partnerships and common trust funds. The deduction for a net loss from sales of capital assets is limited to the loss, or to the amount of net income computed withont regard to capital gains and losses, or to $\$ 1,000$, whichever is smallest.

Short-term applies to sales of capital assets held for 6 months or less upon which 100 percent of tlie recognized gain or loss is taken into account; and long-term applies to sales of cipital assets held more than 6 months upon which 50 percent of the recog. nized gain or loss is taken into account.

The excess of net loss from current year sales of capital assets over the allowable deduction, i. e., the net capital loss, may be carried forward as a shortterm capital loss in five succeeding years to the extent that it exceeds the net capital gain of any year interrening between the year in which the loss is sustained and the fifth succeeding year. (For carry-over, see pp. 58-60.)
${ }^{21}$ Property other than capital assets is property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation; also includes for 1941-48 certain Government bonds which are not capital assets; and for 1942-48 real property used in trade or business.
22 Income from other fiduciaries excludes taxable and partinlly tax-exempt interest on Government obligations; and dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942.
${ }_{23}$ Dividends, foreign and domestic, exclude those received through partnerships and other fiducisries; and dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942.

24 Partially tax-exempt interest (exempt from normal tax) is that received on certain Government obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, namely,

## Footnotes for historical tables 12-15, pages S03-S18-Continued

United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$, and obligations of Instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or that aet as amended. Amounts include such interest received through partnerships and other fiduciaries; and for 1943 and subsequent years includes dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942. Amortizable bond premium has been deducted for 1942-46. For 1944 and subsequent years, this interest is not tabulated separately from other interest.
${ }^{25}$ Taxable interest on Government obligations is that received on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and on obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrument lity thereof, issued on or after March 1, 1941, including sucb Interest received through partnerships and other fiducirries. Amortizable bond premium has been deducted for 1942-46. This interest is not tabulated separately for 1944 and subsequent years.
${ }_{26}$ Dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to March 28, 1942, (exempt from normal tax), include those received through partnerships and other fiduciaries. Such dividends are included in other income for 1938-40; and in partially tax-exempt interest for 1943-48.
${ }^{27}$ Interest paid excludes that reported in business and rent expenses, and interest paid to carry nontaxable obligations.
${ }^{28}$ Taxes paid exclude those reported in business or rent expenses, and real estate taxes assessed against property which tend to increase the value; Federal income taxes, estate, inheritance, iegacy, or gift taxes; and foreign taxes paid if any portion thereof is claimed as a tax credit.
${ }^{29}$ Other deductions include bad debts and loss from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theit, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise; also for 1937-40 loss from rents and royalties; for 194048 net operating loss deduction.
${ }^{80}$ Total income for $1944-48$ is the result of combining the positive items of income and the net losses reported under income. It is not comparable with total income for 1943 and prior years. For this period, total income is the sum of the positive items of income only, and the net losses reported under income are tabulated as deductions.
${ }^{31}$ Included in other deductions.
${ }_{32}$ Included in other taxable interest.
${ }^{33}$ Included in Washington.
84 Includes Alaska.

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## ESTATE TAX RETURNS

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## ESTATE TAX RETURNS

## SUMMARY DATA

There are 25,904 estate tax returns for estates of citizens and aliens, which were filed during the calendar year 1949. The total gross estate value reported is $\$ 4,957,726,000$, the net estate value $\$ 2,126,183,000$, and estate tax $\$ 570,828,000$. As compared with data tabulated for the previous year, there is an increase of 1,523 returns, or 6.2 percent; gross estate increase of $\$ 166,677,000$, or 3.5 percent; net estate decrease of $\$ 471,014,000$, or 18.1 percent; and tax decrease of $\$ 145,704,000$, or 20.3 percent.

The 1,352 returns for estates of nonresident aliens show gross estate value of $\$ 24,511,000$, net estate of $\$ 19,356,000$, and estate tax of $\$ 3,407,000$.
The 24,552 returns for estates of citizens and resident aliens show gross estate value of $\$ 4,933,215,000$, which includes $\$ 661,362,000$ reported on 7,083 nontaxable returns. The 17,469 taxable returns show gross estate of $\$ 4,271,852,000$, net estate of $\$ 1,626,403,000$ subject to basic tax and $\$ 2,106,422,000$ subject to the additional tax, and tax liability of $\$ 567,421,000$. The effective tax rate for all taxable returns is 26.9 percent.

Tax credits for State inheritance taxes of $\$ 65,831,000$, for Federal gift taxes of $\$ 562,000$, and for foreign death duties of $\$ 1,047,000$ are claimed against the gross basic and additional taxes. The aggregate of these credits represents 10.6 percent of the combined gross basic and additional taxes.

## ESTATE TAX RETURNS INCLUDED

Estate tax returns, Form 706, used for this report are those for estates of citizens and aliens filed during the calendar year 1949, regardless of the date of death of the individual or the revenue act under which the estate is taxed, excluding returns which show a gross estate value below the statutory amount for which a return is required under the revenue act in eftect at time of death. Of the 24,552 returns for estates of citizens and resident aliens, 20,681 show date of death on or after January 1, 1948, and are taxed under the 1948 act; 3,812 show date of death in the period October 22, 1942 through December 31, 1947, and are taxed under the 1942 act; the remaining 59 returns are taxed under earlier acts- 15 under the 1941 act, 11 under the 1940 act, 27 under the 1935 act, 3 under the 1932 act, and 3 under the 1926 act. No cognizance is given to the act under which the 1,352 returns for estates of nonresident aliens are taxed nor to the date of death shown on these returns, other than to ascertain that there is one return for estate of a nonresident citizen who died prior to May 11, 1934. Previous to this date the estate of a nonresident citizen is subject to the same provisions as apply to the estate of a nonresident alien.

## ESTATE TAX LAW

The Federal estate tax, imposed under chapter 3 of the Internal Revenue Code, is neither a property nor an inheritance tax. It is imposed upon the transfer of the entire net estate, not upon any particular legacy, devise, or distributive share, and the transfer of property is taxable although it escheats to the State for lack of heirs. Under the 1932 and subsequent acts, the estate tax consists of ( $a$ ) a
basic tax, (b) an additional estate tax which is the excess of a tentative tax over the basic tax, and (c) the defense tax restricted to the estates filed under the 1940 act. Both the basic tax and the tentative tax are computed at graduated rates. The basic tax provisions specify rates from 1 percent of the net estate not in excess of $\$ 50,000$ increasing to 20 percent of the amount over $\$ 10,000,000$. The tentative tax rates, in effect on and after September 21, 1941, are 3 percent of the net estate not in excess of $\$ 5,000$, progressing to 77 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 10,000,000$. Estate tax under acts prior to the 1932 act corresponds, in general, to the basic tax under the 1932 act and is tabulated as basic tax in the tables for estate tax data. A résumé of the principal estate tax provisions including rates, credits, and specific exemption, applicable under each act from 1916 through 1948, is given on pages 448-452.

An estate tax return is required for the estate of every individual whose gross estate value at date of death exceeds the amount of specific exemption allowable under the act in effect at time of death. Under the 1942 and subsequent acts, an estate tax return is required for the estate of a citizen or resident alien, if the value of the gross estate at date of death exceeds $\$ 60,000$, while under the 1935 act a return is required if the gross estate exceeds $\$ 40,000$, and under the 1934 act a return is required if the gross estate exceeds $\$ 50,000$. Under earlier acts, a return is required for the estate of a resident citizen and resident alien if the value thereof exceeds $\$ 50,000$ under the 1932 act, $\$ 100,000$ under the 1926 act, and $\$ 50,000$ under the 1924 or prior acts. Under the 1942 act, the increase from $\$ 40,000$ to $\$ 60,000$ in gross estate value for which a return is required is the result of an equivalent increase in specific exemption. The increased specific exemption compensates in some measure for the provision that life insurance not in excess of $\$ 40,000$ payable to beneficiaries other than the estate, formerly excluded, is included in the gross estate under the 1942 and subsequent acts.

An estate tax return is required for the estate of a nonresident alien who died on or after October. 22, 1942, only if the part of his gross estate (as defined by statute) situated in the United States exceeds $\$ 2,000$ in value at time of death. However, if death occurred before this date, a return is required if any part of the gross estate, regardless of value, is situated in the United States. The estate of a nonresident citizen who died prior to May 11, 1934, also is subject to the latter requirement.

The estate tax return is due 15 months after the date of death; however, an extension of time for filing may be granted by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The return for the estate of a resident decedent must be filed with the collector in whose district the decedent had his domicile at time of death; and the return for the estate of a nonresident decedent must be filed with the collector in whose district the gross estate in the United States is situated. Regardless of when the return is filed, the estate is subject to the statutory provisions in effect at date of death.

The Revenue Act of 1948, dated April 2, 1948, amended the estate tax provisions of the Code in several respects, among which are:
(a) Repeal of the provisions requiring the entire value of community property to be included in the gross estate, with the result that only the decedent's one-half interest in community property is included in
the gross estate of an individual who died on or after January 1, 1948. However, the estate tax liability on an estate of an individual whose death occured on or after January 1, 1948, but before April 3, 1948, shall not exceed that which would be imposed under the 1942 act.
(b) A deduction, referred to as a marital deduction, is allowed for the computation of the net estate of a citizen or resident alien whose death occurred after December 31, 1947. The marital deduction is allowed with respect to certain property interests included in the gross estate which pass or have passed from the decedent to the surviving spouse and which qualify for such deduction, but the deduction cannot exceed 50 percent of the adjusted gross estate value.
(c) Deduction for property previously taxed cannot include property received from a spouse who died after December 31, 1947, nor property received as gifts after April 2, 1948, from a donor who at time of gift was the decedent's spouse, nor property acquired in exchange for either. If the property received by gift from other married persons was considered to have been made one-half by the donor and one-half by the donor's spouse, then one-half of the gift shall be considered as received by the decedent from each such spouse.
(d) Credit allowed against the estate tax for gift taxes paid under the gift tax provisions of the 1932 act with respect to property included in the gross estate is limited, as under the estate tax provisions prior to the 1948 act, to the smaller of: (1) the amount of gift tax paid in respect to such gifts, or (2) the amount of basic and additional estate taxes attributable to such gifts. In computing the limitations for this credit under the 1948 act, however, the value of gifts included in the gross estate is reduced so as to give effect to the gift tax provisions for the marital deduction respecting gifts to spouse and for the "split gifts" made to third parties, as well as to the estate tax provision for marital deduction.

## BASIC ITEMS

Gross estate for estates of citizens and resident aliens consists of real estate, tangible personal property, and intangible personal property. Under each category there is tabulated the vaue of jointly owned property, property transferred during the decedent's life, property subject to and/or transferred under powers of appointment, property previously taxed, and miscellaneous property. The amount tabulated for each is the value as reported in the gross estate for estate tax purposes.

The value of gross estate may be determined, either as of the date of death or as of the date 1 year after death, at the election of the executor, under the 1935 and subsequent acts. When the value subsequent to date of death is elected, it is referred to as the optional value. Under the optional value, the entire gross estate is valued as of 1 year after death, except that property distributed, sold, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of within the year, is valued as of the date of disposition. The gross estate is tabulated at whatever value the executor used for tax purposes. This provision does not affect the minimum value of gross estate for which a return must be filed, the basis of which is the value at time of death. Under the 1934 and prior acts, the value of gross estate is determined as of the date of death.

In the case of jointly owned property, the entire property is prima facie a part of the decedent's gross estate. But it is not the intent of the statute there should be included a greater part thereof than is represented by an outlay of funds, which, in the first instance, were the decedent's own, or more than a fractional part equal to that of each of the other joint owners if none of them have parted with any consideration in its acquirement. Whether the entire jointly owned property, or any part, or none of it, enters into the make-up of gross estate depends on the actual circumstances of acquisition and of ownership.

Property transferred during the decedent's life by means other than a bona fide sale for adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth is subject to estate tax if the transfer is one of several types which include transfers in contemplation of death, transfers conditioned upon the decedent's death, transfers under which the decedent reserved or retained the use or possession of the property or income therefrom, transfers under which the decedent retained the right to designate who shall possess or enjoy the property or income therefrom, and transfers under which the enjoyment of the transferred property is subject, at decedent's death, to change through the exercise of power to alter, amend, revoke, or terminate.

All property subject to powers of appointment, with the exception of certain limited powers and certain powers created prior to October 22,1942 , is includible in gross estate, if the decedent had the power of appointment at time of death, or if he exercised or released the power during his lifetime in contemplation of death, by a disposition intended to take effect at or after death, or by a disposition under which he retained possession or enjoyment of the property, or the right to the income therefrom, or under which he retained the right to designate the persons who shall possess or enjoy the property or the income therefrom. However, if the decedent died prior to October 22, 1942, there is included only the property passing under a general power of appointment exercised by the decedent.

Property previously taxed includes property received by the decedent by gift within 5 years prior to death, or received by gift, bequest, or inheritance from any person who died within 5 years prior to the death of the decedent, or property acquired in exchange therefor, with respect to which a deduction is authorized because a gift tax was paid by the donor or an estate tax was paid in behalf of the prior estate.

The entire amount of life insurance is included in the gross estate under the 1942 and subsequent acts, whether receivable by the estate or by beneficiaries other than the estate. On returns for estates taxed under the 1941 and prior acts, a negligible number of returns show an amount of tax-exempt insurance receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate, not exceeding in aggregate $\$ 40,000$ for any one estate. The 1942 act eliminated this exemption.

Marital deduction is authorized, under the 1948 act, in computing the net estate of citizens or resident aliens who died on or after January 1, 1948. The deduction is allowed with respect to property interests included in the gross estate, which pass or have passed from the decedent to the surviving spouse and which qualify for this deduction; but the aggregate amount of such transfers allowed for the
marital deduction is limited to the smaller of (1) one-half of the value of the adjusted gross estate, or (2) the value of property interests passing to the surviving spouse. The deduction is generally not available in case the gross estate consists exclusively of the decedent's interest in property held by him and his surviving spouse under community property laws. The amounts of adjusted gross estate and of property interests passing to surviving spouse (i. e., bequests to surviving spouse), used in connection with the limitation for marital deduction, are tabulated as information items and explained below.

Net deduction for property previously taxed is the deduction, subject to certain conditions and limitations, allowable when there is included in the gross estate of an individual property received by him by gift from any person within 5 years prior to death, or received by gifts, bequest, or inheritance from any person who died within 5 years prior to his death, or property acquired in exchange for property so received. The property respecting which the deduction is sought must have formed a part of the prior decedent's gross estate situated in the United States, or have been included in the total amount of the donor's gifts made within 5 years prior to the decedent's death. An estate tax or a gift tax actually must have been paid with respect to such property and such a deduction in respect of the property must not have been allowable in determining the value of the net estate of the prior decedent. The deduction for property previously taxed cannot include property received from a spouse who died after December 31, 1947, nor gifts received from a spouse after April 2, 1948, nor property exchanged for either.

This deduction is limited to the value of such property as finally determined in the case of the prior decedent or donor, or as it is valued in the gross estate of the present decedent, whichever is lower, and is further reduced by a proportionate reduction which is equal to that proportion of total deductions except property previously taxed, which the value of property previously taxed bears to gross estate. However, in the case of an individual who died on or after October 22, 1942, if the property previously taxed includible in the gross estate is not wholly subject to general claims, the computation of the net deduction gives consideration to the fact that certain claims are enforceable first, or solely, against specified property, and that the value, in whole or in part, of some property included in the gross estate (including property previously taxed), is exempt from claims of creditors. This is accomplished by two reductions in the amount otherwise deductible: First, before applying the proportionate reduction, the amount otherwise deductible is reduced by that portion thereof which represents the specific claims against the property previously taxed; and, second, the balance thus obtained is further reduced by the proportionate reduction as stated above except that the amounts therein represent only such amounts as are subject to general claims. For the estate subject to both basic and additional taxes, the allowance of a different specific exemption for the purpose of each tax causes this net deduction for property previously taxed to differ also, in which case the amount tabulated is the net deduction used in computing the net estate for additional tax.

Specific exemption for the purpose of the additional tax is $\$ 60,000$ for the estate of a citizen or a resident alien who died on or after October 22, 1942; $\$ 40,000$ if death occurred in the period August 31, 1935 through October 21,$1942 ; \$ 50,000$ if death occurred in the period

May 11, 1934 through August 30, 1935; and $\$ 50,000$ for the estate of a resident citizen or a resident alien who died in the period June 6, 1932 through May 10, 1934.

For purpose of the basic tax, there is allowed a specific exemption of $\$ 100,000$ for the estate of a resident citizen or a resident alien who died on or after February 26, 1926, and for the estate of a nonresident citizen who died on or after May 11, 1934; or $\$ 50,000$ for the estate of a resident citizen or a resident alien who died prior to February $26,1926$.

A specific exemption of $\$ 2,000$ is authorized for the estates of nonresident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, in computing the net estate for basic tax as well as the net estate for additional tax.

For estates which are subject to both basic and additional taxes, that is, estates of individuals who died on or after June 6, 1932, the specific exemption tabulated is only that allowable for purposes of the additional tax.

Disallowed deductions constitute that portion of total deductions equal to the excess of the sum of funeral and administration expenses, debts of the decedent, mortgages and liens, and support of dependents over the value of property subject to claims includible in gross estate, and are disallowed as a deduction from gross estate in computing both the net estate for basic tax and the net estate for additional tax. This provision applies only to the estates of individuals who died on or after October 22, 1942.

Net estate is the excess of gross estate over allowable deductions. Net estate for additional tax is the value thereof subject to additional tax; and the net estate for basic tax is the value thereof subject to basic tax. In the case of citizens and resident aliens, the value of net estate subject to additional tax differs from the value of net estate subject to basic tax owing to the different specific exemptions allowable which directly affect deductions and which cause a difference in the net deductions for property previously taxed, as mentioned above. If an estate is subject to both taxes, the net estate for additional tax and the net estate for basic tax are independently tabulated. Estates of nonresident aliens have the same net estate value for both basic and additional taxes.

Net estate before specific exemption is the excess of gross estate over allowable deductions except specific exemption, the allowable deductions for additional tax being used when the estate is subject to both additional and basic taxes.

Net estate for basic tax is the excess of gross estate over allowable deductions for basic tax, which deductions include the specific exemption of $\$ 100,000$ for estates of resident citizens and resident aliens who died on or after February 26, 1926, and of nonresident citizens who died on or after May 11, 1934, or the specific exemption of $\$ 50,000$ for estates of resident citizens and resident aliens who died prior to February 26, 1926. Estates of nonresident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, are allowed $\$ 2,000$ specific exemption for basic tax.

Net estate for additional tax is the excess of gross estate over the allowable deductions for additional tax, which deductions include the specific exemption of $\$ 60,000$ for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942; $\$ 40,000$ if death occurred in the period August 31, 1935 through October 21, 1942; $\$ 50,000$ if death occurred in the period May 11, 1934 through August 30, 1935; or the specific exemption of $\$ 50,000$ for the estates of resident citizens and
resident aliens who died in the period June 6, 1932 through May 10, 1934. Estates of nonresident aliens who died on or after October 22,1942 , are allowed specific exemption of $\$ 2,000$ for the computation of net estate for additional tax.

Gross basic tax is the basic tax, before tax credits, computed at basic tax rates on the net estate for basic tax. The rates in effect February 26,1926 , and thereafter ( 1926 and subsequent acts) specify 1 percent of the net estate value not in excess of $\$ 50,000$ increasing to 20 percent of the net estate in excess of $\$ 10,000,000$. (The rates under earlier acts vary from this range.)

Gross additional tax is the additional tax, before tax credits, on the net estate for additional tax. Gross additional tax is the excess of a tentative tax, computed on the net estate for additional tax at the tentative tax rates in effect at date of death, over the gross basic tax. The tentative tax rates in effect September 21, 1941, and thereafter (1941 and subsequent acts) specify 3 percent of the net estate for additional tax not in excess of $\$ 5,000$ increasing to 77 percent of such net estate value in excess of $\$ 10,000,000$. (Tentative tax rates under the earlier acts are successively lower.)

Tax credit for State inheritance, etc., taxes is allowed against the gross basic tax only. This credit is based on the amount of estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes actually paid to any State, Territory, the District of Columbia, or (after June 29, 1939) to a possession of the United States, with respect to property included in the gross estate. The amount of tax credit allowed is limited to 80 percent of the gross basic tax (prior to October 22, 1942, to 80 percent of the gross basic tax less the credit allowed for gift taxes paid).

Tax credit for Federal gift taxes is allowed against both the basic tax and the additional tax, for gift taxes paid in respect to property included in the gross estate. The amount of credit applicable to the basic and to the additional tax is not separately reported. Credit is allowed against the basic tax for any gift tax paid under the 1924 act in respect to property included in the gross estate; but the credit cannot exceed the amount of basic tax after deduction of the credit allowed for State inheritance taxes.

Credit is allowed against both the basic tax and the additional tax for gift tax paid under gift tax provisions of the 1932 and subsequent acts, in respect to property included in the gross estate. This credit is limited to the smaller of (1) the amount of gift tax paid in respect to such property, or (2) the amount of basic and additional estate taxes attributable to such gifts included in the gross estate. Under the 1948 act, the amount of each limitation is computed under a specified formula wherein the value of the included gift is reduced by exclusions, charitable gifts, and marital deduction so that the value of the gift represents only the amount taxed for gift tax purposes or for estate tax purposes as the case may be.

Tax credit for foreign death duties is authorized under conventions with Canada, United Kingdom, and France. Under these agreements for the avoidance of double taxation and prevention of fiscal evasion with respect to taxes on the estates of deceased persons, a tax credit is allowed against the Federal estate tax on the estate of a resident alien or citizen of the United States with respect to property subjected to death taxes by both the United States and the contracting country. Under the convention with Canada, effective June 14, 1941, a tax credit (with limitation) is allowable for Dominion succession duties
paid in respect to property situated in Canada and subjected to taxes in both countries. Under the convention with the United Kingdom, effective July 25, 1946, a tax credit (with limitation) is allowable for Great Britain or Northern Ireland estate duty computed in accordance with the provisions of the convention and paid in respect of property situated as provided therein and subjected to taxes by both the United States and Great Britain or Northern Ireland. Under the convention with France, effective October 17, 1949, a tax credit (with limitation) is allowable for death duties paid to France on property which is also subjected to estate tax by the United States.

Tax liability, as tabulated in this report, is the net estate tax payable; that is, a combination of the basic tax, the additional tax, and the defense tax (effective only during the period June 26, 1940 through September 20, 1941) less the allowable tax credits for State inheritance taxes, Federal gift taxes, and foreign death duties.

Bequests to surviving spouse, tabulated as an information item, represent the net value of property interests includible in gross estate which pass or have passed to the surviving spouse and which qualify for the purpose of the marital deduction. Property interests passing from the decedent to surviving spouse include interests taken as decedent's legatee, devisee, heir, or donee; as decedent's surviving tenant by the entirety or joint tenant; as appointee under the decedent's exercise of power or as taker in default upon his release or nonexercise of a power; or as beneficiary of insurance upon the life of the decedent; and also include dower or courtesy, as the case may be, interest or statutory estate in lieu thereof. To qualify for the purpose of marital deduction, the transfer of property interests must meet the conditions specified in the 1948 act; in general, the transfer must be a complete and absolute transfer to the spouse (or estate of such spouse) and not a transfer in conjunction with any other person. Certain transfers do not qualify for this deduction even though transferred to the spouse; for example, a life interest in property left to the spouse with remainder interest in the same property left to the children will not qualify.

The value of property interests passing to the surviving spouse reported for the purpose of the marital deduction is the net value; that is, the value thereof has been reduced to the extent that a deduction therefor is taken against the gross estate for fees or commissions, for mortgages or other encumbrances, for payments made in satisfaction of a claim of the surviving spouse, and for amounts expended for support of surviving spouse during settlement of the estate. Also, the value of such interests is reduced by the amount of Federal estate tax and the amount of State or other death taxes which are payable out of, or chargeable against, the property interests involved.

Adjusted gross estate, introduced under the 1948 act with respect to the limitation on the marital deduction, is shown in the tabulations as an information item. Adjusted gross estate is the excess of gross estate over the aggregate amount of deductions for funeral expenses, administration expenses, claims against the estate, mortgages, support of dependents, and losses incurred during settlement arising from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, when not compensated for by insurance and not claimed as a deduction on an income tax return. If the decedent and his surviving spouse at any time held property as community property under State laws, the gross estate is reduced by the value of property which was
at time of death held as community property and of property transferred by the decedent during life if at the time of transfer such property was held as community property, by proceeds of insurance upon the life of the decedent to the extent purchased from community property, and by an amount which bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of deductions (mentioned above) as the separate property bears to the entire gross estate. Thus the adjusted gross estate is based on values representing separate property.

## CLASSIFICATION OF ESTATE TAX RETURNS

Estate tax returns are classified as returns for the estates of citizens and resident aliens, and returns for the estates of nonresident aliens. Returns for the estates of citizens and resident aliens are classified as taxable or nontaxable, by applicable revenue acts, by States and Territories, by gross estate classes, by net estate before exemption classes, by age, sex, and marital status of the decedent, by number of children, and by types of heirs, devisees, and legatees. Data are presented by these classifications in the estate tax tables, but not all items are available for every classification.

Citizens and resident aliens, and nonresident aliens.-Estates of citizens residing in the United States, and on and after May 11, 1934, citizens residing abroad, and estates of aliens residing in the United States at date of death are taxed under provisions differing from those governing the estates of nonresident aliens, and are segregated for that reason.

Applicable revenue acts.-Estate tax returns are classified according to the revenue act under which the estate is taxed; that is, the act in effect on the date of death of the individual whose estate is reported. Returns taxed under the 1948 act are distinguished from those taxed under the 1942 act and returns taxed under the 1941 and prior acts are grouped together for this classification.

Taxable and nontaxable returns.-This classification is based on the existence or non-existence of a tax liability before tax credits. Only in rare instances do the tax credits offset the gross tax liability.

Net estate before specific exemption classes.-The size of net estate is based on the value of net estate plus the specific exemption, the net estate and specific exemption for additional tax being used if the estate is subject to both basic and additional taxes. If the combined result is a negative amount or zero, the size is designated "No net estate" and appears as the first class under nontaxable returns.

Gross estate classes.-This classification is based on the value of the entire gross estate which value may be either the date of death value or the optional value, whichever is elected by the executor for tax purposes.

Types of heirs, devisees, and legatees.-This classification is determined from the list of heirs, next of kin, devisees, and legatees, and their relationship to the decedent, submitted in the general information schedule. Only the names and relationship of the five principal ones are required. For this classification, three relationships--wife, husband, and children-are recognized and all other relationships are considered as "other" which also includes charitable legatees. These four types of heirs, devisees, and legatees, occurring singly and in combination constitute the classifications by which the returns are tabulated for a frequency distribution.

Marital status.-The classification of returns by marital status of the decedent at date of death as married, widow, widower, divorced or separated, and unmarried, is based on data reported in the general information schedule. It is quite possible that the executor, in some cases, reported the marital status as single or unmarried, when in fact, the decedent was a widow, widower, or divorced.

Age of decedent. -The age of the decedent is determined from the dates of birth and death, which are required data in the general information schedule.

Number of children.-The number of children is reported in the general information and includes living and deceased children, stepchildren, and adopted children. Returns on which the number of children is not reported are classified separately from those which state "none"; however, it is probable that there are no children.

Sex of decedent.-Classification of returns for the estates of men and of women is judged from the given name of the decedent.

States and Territories.-This classification provides for the distribution of returns by the 48 States, Alaska, Hawaii, and the District of Columbia. The segregation of returns by States and Territories is determined by the location of the collection district in which the estate tax return is filed, except that for Alaska and the District of Columbia the segregation is determined by the residence (domicile) of the individual at time of death. Collection districts, or groups of such districts, are coextensive with the States and Territories, except that Alaska comprises a part of the collection district of Washington and the District of Columbia is a part of the collection district of Maryland.

## NONRESIDENT ALIENS

The gross estate of a nonresident alien includes only property situated in the United States, but does not include the amount receivable as life insurance nor, in the case of such an alien not engaged in business in the United States, bank deposits, or United States bonds, notes, and certificates of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941. Deduction for public, charitable, and similar bequests for use within the United States is allowable. Under certain conditions, deduction may be taken of the proportion of funeral and administration expenses, debts and mortgages, support of dependents, and losses incurred during administration, that the value of gross estate in the United States bears to the entire gross estate wherever situated. If death occured on or after October 22, 1942, specific exemption of $\$ 2,000$ is allowed for the computation of the net estate for basic tax and additional tax. Under the convention with Canada, residents of that country are allowed the larger of $\$ 2,000$ or the proportion of the specific exemption allowed citizens that the value of the gross estate in the United States bears to the entire gross estate wherever situated. If death occured prior to October 22, 1942, no specific exemption is allowed, except that under the convention with Canada, provision (retroactive) is made for specific exemption on a proportional basis for residents of that country. The tax rates for estates of nonresident aliens are the same as those for estates of citizens. Tax credits are allowable for estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes paid to a State, Territory, District of Columbia, or possession of the United States, and for gift taxes paid on property included in the gross estate.

Data compiled from the 1,352 estate tax returns filed during 1949
for estates of nonresident aliens are limited to the number of returns, value of gross estate, value of net estate, and tax liability, which data are included only in the historical summary. Such returns are not classified by the revenue act under which taxed, nor for the size of gross estate or net estate. However, it was ascertained that the gross estate is $\$ 100,000$ or more on 37 returns, and the net estate is $\$ 100,000$ or more on 31 of these returns. The tax liability tabulated is the sum of the basic and additional taxes.

## TABULATED DATA

Data for estates of citizens and resident aliens are presented in estate tax tables 1 through 13. Data for nonresident aliens are shown in aggregate in table 14, which is a historical summary for all estate tax returns filed from September 9, 1916 through 1945 and during 1947-1949. (Data for 1946 are not available.) Changes in filing requirements, specific exemption, basic and tentative tax rates, and tax credits, under revenue acts from 1916 are summarized in tables F and G, synopsis of Federal tax laws, pages 448-452.

Data for estate tax returns of citizens and resident aliens are tabulated by taxable and nontaxable returns. In table 1, data are presented by the applicable revenue acts. In tables 2 and 3 , for taxable returns, and in table 4, for nontaxable returns, data are confined to estates of individuals who died on or after October 22, 1942. Tables 5,6 , and 7 show frequency distributions of returns for selected items from tables 2,3 , and 4.

Tables 8, 9 , and 10 , showing frequency distributions of returns, include the estates of individuals who died prior to October 22, 1942. The value of net estate before specific exemption is tabulated by size of net estate before specific exemption and by age of the decedent in table 11. These tables correspond with similar tables published last year. A new table 12 is added showing the amount of gross estate on returns of men and of women, by age of the decedent. Selected data are tabulated by States and Territories in table 13. The last three tables include returns filed under all acts.

Throughout the tables, money amounts are rounded to the nearest thousand and, therefore, may not add to the totals.
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## ESTATE TAX TABLES

Items of gross estate deductions, net estate, and tax:

1. All returns-by revenue acts.
2. Taxable returns for estates of persons who died on or after October 22, 1942-by net estate before specific exemption classes.
3. Taxable returns for estates of persons who died on or after October 22, 1942-by gross estate classes.
4. Nontaxable returns for estates of persons who died on or after October 22, 1942-by gross estate classes.
Frequency distributions of returns for selected items on returns for estates of persons who died on or after October 22, 1942:
5. Taxable returns-by net estate before specific exemption classes.
6. Taxable returns-by gross estate classes.
7. Nontaxable returns-by gross estate classes.

Frequency distributions of all returns by net estate before specific exemption classes and by-
8. Types of heirs, devisees, and legatees.
9. Marital status and age of decedent.
10. Marital status of decedent and number of children.

Number of returns and net estate for all returns:
11. By net estate before specific exemption classes and age of decedent.
Number of returns and gross estate for all returns:
12. By gross estate classes and by age and sex of decedent.

Selected data by States and Territories:
13. Number of nontaxable returns; and selected items for all taxable returns and for returns subject to basic tax.
Historical data:
14. Number of returns, gross estate, net estate, and tax-1916-45 and 1947-49.
'Tabie 1.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns under the applicable [Money figures in thousands of dollars]



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| $8$ | M皮止然品 <br>  <br>  ヘิธ |  |  |  |  | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { Hi } \\ & \text { § } \\ & \text { ผ } \end{aligned}$ |  $\rightarrow$ लि NOOOR <br>  <br>  <br> N |  |


Table 2．－Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22，1942，by net ［Net estate before specific exemption classes and money figures in thousands of dollars］

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|  बิ 0 － | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ \hline-9 \end{array}\right\|$ | M్రిల్లి Nopion |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  オ゙がだががincir |  |
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|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oy } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ \hline 0 \\ \text { os }^{2} \end{array}$ | ¢－（̀N | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 더․ } \\ & \text { os } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \underset{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |
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For footnotes，see p． 405.

Table 2.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942 , by net


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 2.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by net [Net estate before specific exemption classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Net estate before specific exemption classes 27 -Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} 2,500 \text { under } \\ 3,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 3,000 \text { under } \\ 3,500 \end{array}$ | $\left.\right\|_{4,000} ^{3,500 \text { under }}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 4,000 \text { under } \\ 4,500 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 4,500 \text { under } \\ 5,000 \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\int_{6,000}^{5,000} \text { under }$ | tinued  <br> 6 under <br> 6,000 6,000 <br> 7,000 |  |
| 1 | Number of returns | 12 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 2 | 7 | 3 |  |
| 2 | Gross estate, total. | 39, 638 | 40, 874 | 25,377 | 33, 400 | 9,891 | 65,552 | 22, 022 | 2 |
| 3 | Real estate, ${ }^{\text {total. }}$ | 1,837 | 358 | 311 | 1,414 | 375 | 3,176 | 303 | 3 |
| 4 | Real estate not included in items 5-8 | 1,776 | 324 | 311 | 1,414 | 261 | 2,965 | 284 | 4 |
| 6 |  | 59 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| 7 8 |  |  | 34 |  | --.-.-.---- |  | 210 | 19 | 7 |
| 9 | Tangible personal property, total | 691 | 388 | 113 | 1,042 | 124 | 409 | 20 | 9 |
| 10 11 11 12 | Tangible personal property not included in items 11-14 <br> Jointly owned <br>  | 691 | 381 | 111 | 1,042 | 124 | 353 | 20 | 10 |
| 12 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 14 | Previously taxed...--- |  | 7 | 2 |  |  | 56 | 1 | 14 |
| 15 | Intangible personal property, total | 37,110 | 40, 128 | 24, 953 | 30,914 | 9,396 | 61,967 | 21,698 | 15 |
| 16 17 17 | Federal Government bonds, ${ }^{2}$ total Wholly tax-exempt. | 1,249 | 3,860 81 81 | 1,355 | 2, 272 | 46 | 1,407 | 164 | 16 |
| 18 18 19 | Partially tax-exempt- | $\cdots$ |  | 116 | --76 |  |  | 5 |  |
| 20 | State and municipal bonds | 5,892 | $\stackrel{\text { 2,693 }}{2,686}$ | - ${ }_{\text {2 } 574} 926$ | ${ }_{3,878}^{2,246}$ | $1{ }_{1}{ }^{461}$ | 15,754 | 159 3,061 | ${ }_{20}^{19}$ |
| 21 | Other bonds-- | , 459 | 579 | 2, 487 | ${ }^{3,114}$ | ${ }^{1,23}$ | 3, ${ }^{1} 205$ | ${ }^{3} 283$ | ${ }_{21}$ |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | ${ }_{\text {Cash }}$ Corate stock | $\begin{array}{r}21,808 \\ 5,452 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 29,371 2,627 | $\begin{array}{r}11,674 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}20,565 \\ \begin{array}{r}20,955 \\ 2,95\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,833 | $\begin{array}{r}35,583 \\ \hline 4,255 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 16,200 1,418 | ${ }_{23}^{22}$ |
| 24 | Mortgages and notes-- | - 281 | 2, 229 | ${ }^{5}{ }_{487}$ | 2, ${ }_{517}$ | 111 | 4,255 449 |  | ${ }_{24}^{23}$ |
| 25 26 26 | Taxable insurance (gross) - Interest in unincorporated | 1,444 | 613 | ${ }_{293}^{162}$ | 160 | 568 | 593 | 86 | ${ }^{25}$ |
| 27 | Other intangibles ${ }^{\text {5 }}$ - | 1,444 | 143 | ${ }_{156}$ | 198 | 47 | ${ }_{296}$ |  | 26 27 |
| 28 | Total deductions | 7,278 | 8,828 | 3,473 | 4,408 | 694 | 27, 391 | 1,863 | 28 |
| 29 30 | Funeral and administration expenses | $\begin{aligned} & 2,231 \\ & 1,281 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,872 \\ & 1,282 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 999 \\ & 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,234 \\ & 591 \end{aligned}$ | 346 228 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,517 \\ & 6,277 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 661 \\ 695 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{30}^{29}$ |


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For footnotes，see p． 405.

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Table 2.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by net n classes: Number of returns, items of gross estate, deductions, net estate, and tax-Continued
[Net estate before specific exemptlon classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]
Net estate before specific exemption classes ${ }^{33}$-Continued


| Support of dependents ${ }^{6}$－ <br> Net losses during administration <br> Charitable，public，and similar bequests，total <br> Educational，scientific，or literary institutions： <br> Publicly owned． <br> Privately endowed． <br> Religious． <br> Charitable and all other gits <br> Marital deduction ${ }^{\prime}$ <br> Net deduction for property previously taxed 8 <br> Specific exemption ${ }^{\circ}$－ $\qquad$ | 8 <br> $-\cdots, 725$ <br> 10 <br> 45 <br> 5,620 <br> 50 <br> $-\cdots$ <br> $-\cdots$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,821 \\ 1,517 \\ 7,575 \\ 150 \\ 579 \\ 12,454 \\ 15 \\ 240 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disallowed deductions 10 $\qquad$ Allowable deductions（28 less 41）． | 6，818 | 5，554 | 29，157 | 1，908 |
| Net estate： <br> Before specific exemption（2 less 42 plus 40 ） <br> For basic tax <br> For additional tax（ 2 less 42 ） | 16,832 <br> 16,632 <br> 16,712 | $\begin{aligned} & 19,445 \\ & 19,245 \\ & 19,325 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 53,443 \\ & 53,043 \\ & 53,203 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,370 \\ & 40,270 \\ & 40,310 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Tax before credits： Gross basic tax－－．－ Gross additional tax | $\begin{aligned} & 2,081 \\ & 7,596 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,563 \\ & 9,100 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,023 \\ 26,497 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,408 \\ 22,019 \end{array}$ |
| Tax credits： <br> For State inheritance，etc．，taxes ${ }^{14}$ <br> For Federal gift taxes． <br> For foreign death duties ${ }^{18}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,665 \\ -\cdots- \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2， 051 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,418 \\ 1 \\ 186 \end{array}$ | 5，926 |
| Tax liability． | 8，006 | 9，612 | 27， 914 | 23， 501 |
| Information items： <br> Intangible personal property，total（item 15） | 20， 734 | 24， 237 | 80，923 | 42， 149 |
| Intangible personal property not included in 58－61： Stocks and bonds． | 16， 170 | 19，221 | 58，690 | 28，681 |
| Cash ${ }^{3}$ Mortages and | 3， 499 | 4， 521 | 2， 158 | 13， 383 |
| Taxable insurance（gross） | 732 | 59 | 2，075 | 42 |
| Other intangibles ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 263 | 271 | 12，705 | 32 |
| Transfers during decedent＇s |  |  | 5，105 | 12 |
| Previously taxed．．－－ | 2 |  |  |  |
| Bequests to surviving spouse 18 <br> Adjusted gross estate ${ }^{10}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,411 \\ 12,332 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,991 \\ & 48,850 \end{aligned}$ |  |

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Table 3.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by gross [Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 31 32 33 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 22,972 \\ 234,018 \\ 234,00 \end{array}$ | 52 2 81 | $\begin{aligned} & 373 \\ & 35 \\ & 331 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 454 \\ 6 \\ 445 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 512 \\ & 582 \\ & 580 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,133 \\ & 1,336 \\ & 1,336 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,593 \\ & 3,587 \\ & 3,58 \end{aligned}$ | 31 32 33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cbaritable, public, and similar bequests, total Educational, scientific, or literary institutions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Educational, scientine, or literary instuations. | 11,306 |  | 13 | 28 | 11 | 87 | 131 | 280 | 34 |
| 35 | Privately endowe | 84, 345 |  | 36 | 33 | 55 | 86 | 288 |  | 35 |
| ${ }^{36}$ | Religious | -24,568 | ${ }_{36}^{42}$ | $\begin{array}{r}137 \\ 145 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 162 22 | ${ }_{307}^{207}$ | 462 701 | 793 392 |  |  |
| 37 <br> 38 | Marital deduction 7 . | 404, 436 | 39 | 296 | ${ }_{959}$ | 1,735 | 7,316 | 41, 551 | 62,423 |  |
| ${ }_{39}$ | Net deductiou for property previousi |  | 25 |  | 589 |  | 2,264 | 3,528 | 5,581 | 39 |
| 40 | Specific exemption ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,045,500 | 65, 580 | 101,220 | 87,480 | 75,660 | 117,660 | 144, 720 | 145,800 | 0 |
| 41 | Disallowed deductions ${ }^{10}$ | 1,306 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41 |
| 42 | Allowable deductions (28 | ,647 | 546 | 218 | 99,707 | 13 |  |  |  | 42 |
|  | estate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 43 | Before specific exemption (2 less 42 plus | 3,150, 830 | 68, 864 | 116,341 | 111, 568 | 105, 831 | 183, 935 | 246,484 | 303,050 | ${ }_{44}^{43}$ |
| 45 |  | 2, ${ }^{10505,830}$ | 3,284 | 15, 121 | 24, 088 | 30, 171 | 66, 275 | 101,764 | 157,250 | 45 |
|  | Tax before credits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{47}^{46}$ | Gross basic tax Gross additional tax | 82,979 551,799 | 109 | 821 | 1,873 | 2.871 | 7,863 | 15, 280 | 28,447 | ${ }_{47}^{46}$ |
|  | Tax credits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | For Fate inheritance, | 65, 861 |  |  |  |  | 5 | 11 | 48 | ${ }_{49}$ |
| 50 | For foreign death duties ${ }^{15}$ | 1,047 | (20) | (20) | (20) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 | Tax liability | 567, 350 | 109 | 821 | 1,867 | 2,856 | 7,864 | 15. 299 | 28, 571 | 51 |
| 52 | Information items: <br> Intangible personal property, total (item | 3,468,039 | 47, 909 | 83,681 | 83,659 | 81, 197 | 148, 914 | 234, 436 | 313, 536 |  |
|  | Intangible personal property not included in 58-61: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53 | ${ }_{\text {cock }}$ tors | 2, 3889.690 | 10, 105 | 18, 172 | 16, 177 | 14,540 | 24, 548 | 32, 175 | 38, 350 | 54 |
| 55 | Mortgages and notes | 127,587 | 3,523 | 6,090 | 5,061 | 4,501 | 8,321 | 12,148 | 15,387 | 55 |
| 56 | Taxable irsurance (gross) | 268, 567 | 3,711 | 7, 182 | 7,450 | 8.066 | 15,188 | 30, 895 | 41,911 | 5 |
| 57 | Otrer intangibles ${ }^{\text {b }}$ - | 248, 564 | 3,196 | 7, 156 | 6. 542 | 6,975 | 13, 074 | 22,519 | 29, 932 | 5 |
| 58 | Jointlv owned | 141,708 | 5,460 | 7,129 | 6.729 | 6,487 | 9,679 | 22, 528 | 24, 217 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2,765 | 2,471 |  | 6,594 | 8.124 | 59 |
| $\stackrel{5}{6}$ | Transfers during decerent | 142.788 | 1, 191 | 2, 218 | 2, 392 | ${ }^{2}$ | -, 351 | 6, 771 | ${ }^{935}$ | 60 |
| ${ }_{6}^{60}$ | Powers of appoi | 73,099 | 565 | 1,510 | 1,798 | 1,793 | 4.434 | 6,533 | 8,617 |  |
| 61 | Previously taxed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 | Bequests to surviving spouse ${ }^{18}$. | 547, 440 | ${ }^{99}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{1,288 \\ 687}}{ }$ |  | 8,477 28,340 | 61,288 102,527 | $\xrightarrow{94.181}$ 152, 255 | ${ }_{63}^{62}$ |
| 63 | Adjusted gross estate ${ }^{19}$------ | 1,233,094 | 603 | 3,250 | 6,587 | 9,287 | 28,340 | 102, 527 | 152, 255 | 63 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 3.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by gross estate classes: Number of returns, items of gross estate, deductions, net estate, and tax-Continued


For footnotes，see p． 405.
Table 4.-Nontaxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by


Table 4.-Nontaxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 82,1942, by
[Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


| 29 | Funeral and administration expenses. | 2,859 | 1,524 | 1,351 | 825 | 509 | 370 | 149 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | Debts and mortgages.....--............ | 9, 149 | 10,532 | 6,953 | 4, 458 | 3,671 |  |  |
| 31 | Support of dependents ${ }^{6}$ | 956 | 270 | 251 | 26 |  |  |  |
| 32 | Net losses during administration -...---- | 5,632 | 2 7,200 | 10,038 | 6,200 | 4,909 | 5, 581 | 5,238 |
| 33 | Charitable, public, and similar bequests, total Educational, sclentific, or literary institutions: | 5,632 578 | 7,200 395 | 10,038 | 6,200 289 | 4,909 | 5, 88 | 5,238 |
| 34 | Publicly owned.-- | 763 | 1,021 | 1, 501 | 855 | ${ }^{1,976}$ | 917 | 5,238 |
| 35 <br> 36 | Religious...--........ | 681 | 1, 918 | 1,233 | 1,654 | 772 | 140 |  |
| 37 | Charitable and all other gifts. | 3,610 | 3,866 | 6, 306 | 3,401 | 2,104 | 4, 524 |  |
| 38 | Marital deduction ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 21, 960 | 3, 646 | 2,192 | 4310 | 294 |  |  |
| 39 40 | Net deduction for property previously taxed | 30, 360 | 9,480 | 5,700 | 2,040 | 840 | 300 | 120 |
|  | Disallowed deductions ${ }^{10}$ | 147 | 2,963 | 579 |  |  |  |  |
| 42 | Allowable deductions (28 less 41) | 71, 612 | 30,586 | 26, 406 | 14, 893 | 10, 222 | 6,282 | 5,516 |
| 43 | Net estate or no net estate before specific exemption ${ }^{11}$ (2 less 42 plus 40)- | 24, 581 | 5,909 | 2,543 | 174 | 282 | 170 | 66 |
| 44 | Information items: <br> Intanglble personal property, total (item 15) | 45, 970 | 18,653 | 16,918 | 10,112 | 7,140 | 5,685 | 4,606 |
| 45 | Intangible personal property not included in 50-53: Stocks and bonds. | 15,595 | 7,480 | 7,767 | 5,117 | 4,156 | 4,334 | 4,022 |
| 46 | Cash ${ }^{2}$ | 5,085 | 2,111 | 1,928 | 1,291 | 792 | 1,042 | 492 |
| 47 | Mortgages and notes- | 1,670 9,326 | - 2885 | 1,796 | 1,036 | 258 | 72 |  |
| 48 | Taxable insurance (gros | 6,909 | 2,840 | 1, 414 | 1, 463 | 839 | 27 | 19 |
| 50 | Jointly owned.-.... | 5, 208 | 663 | ${ }^{971}$ | 50 | 45 | 2 |  |
| 51 | Transfers during decedent's life | 1,015 | 657 | 1,022 | 139 | 806 |  | 22 |
| 52 | Powers of appointment |  | 1,126 | 764 | 554 |  |  |  |
| 53 | Previously taxed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54 | Bequests to surviving spouse ${ }^{18}$ | 37,407 | 6,810 | 3, 564 | 1,252 | 1294 |  |  |
| 55 | Adjusted gross estate ${ }^{10}$........- | 44, 459 | 8,485 | 5,117 | 2,175 | 1,310 | ---- |  |

For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 5.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by net


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 5.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by

Table 5.-Taxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22, 1942, by
[Classes in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Number of returns by net estate before specific exemption classes 2-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 7,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 8,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8,000 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { undoor } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,000 \\ & \text { 9nder } \\ & \text { under } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { under } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50,000 \\ \text { or } \\ \text { more } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | Gross estate: | 33333 | 3332 | 22222 | 22221 | 44443 | 1 |  |  |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Tangible personal property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{4}^{3}$ | Intangible personal property--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 <br> 5 | Federar Govern-enty tax federal bonds- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 7 7 | Partially tax-exempt Federal bonds- |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | 1 | ---------- | ${ }_{7}^{6}$ |
| 7 <br> 8 | Taxable Federal bonds--...------------- | ${ }_{2}^{3}$ | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | 8 |
| 8 9 9 | Bonds other than Federal, State, or municipai-- | 3 | 2 2 3 | 2 | 1 | 4 |  |  | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 10 |  | 3 <br> 3 <br> 3 | 3 | 2 2 2 | 2 | 4 | 1 | ---------- | 10 |
| ${ }_{12}^{11}$ | Cash ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | ${ }_{3}$ | 2 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ |  |  | 12 |
| 13 | Taxable insurance ------......- | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | 1 |  | 13 |
| 14 15 | Interest in unincorporated business.-- | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 3 | 1 |  | 14 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Charitable deductions (all kinds) | 2 | 2 | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 3 |  |  | ${ }_{17}^{16}$ |
| 17 18 | Marital deduction ${ }^{\text {Net deduction for property previously taxed }}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 18 |
|  | Net deauction for property prevoun tased |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 6.-Taxable estate tax returns filed.during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens who died on or after October 22,1942, by gross


For footnotes, see p. 405.
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Table 7.-Nontaxable estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens" who died"on or after"October 22,"1942, by utions of returns for selected items of gross estate and_deductions
[Classes in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 405,
Table 8.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before

|  | Net estate before specific exemption classes 22 (Thousands of dollars) | Total number of returns | Number of returns by types of heirs, devisees, and legatees ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Wife only | Husband only | Children only | Wife and children only | Husband and children only | Wife and others (not children) | Husband and others (not children) | Children and others (not spouses) | Wife, children, and others | Husband, children, and others | Combinations not elsewhere listed | Type not stated |  |
| 1 | Taxable returns: <br> 40 under 50 | 14 | 1 |  | 3 | 9 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 50 under 60 |  |  |  | - ${ }^{2}$ | 3 1,515 | 141 | 199 | 50 | 552 | 256 | 41 | 1,301 | 14 |  |
| 3 4 | 60 under 80 under 100 | 5,704 3,148 | 350 163 | 34 20 | 1, 2581 | 1,515 785 | 141 90 | 117 | 54 | 351 | 180 | 22 | 1, 697 | 14989 | 4 |
| 5 | 100 under ${ }^{\prime} 150$ | 3, 805 | 166 | 19 | 751 | 937 | 90 | 187 | 26 | 427 | 269 | 40 | 886 | 7. | 5 |
| 6 | 150 under 200 | 1, 623 | 59 | 5 | 270 | 379 | 46 | 86 | 22 | 207 | 134 | 21 | 391 | 3 | 6 |
| 7 | 200 under 300 | 1,389 | 36 | 4 | 226 | 322 | 36 | 80 | 17 | 208 | 133 | 17 | 309 | 1 | 7 |
| 8 | 300 under 400 | 607 | 19 | 1 | 96 | 124 | 19 | 41 | 8 | 84 | 68 | 5 | 142 |  | 8 |
| 9 | 400 under 500 | 336 | 5 | 1 | 45 | 78 | 9 | 20 | 7 | 62 | 36 | 7 | 66 | --------- | 10 |
| 10 | 500 under 600 | 203 | 12 | 1 | 24 | 37 | 10 | 16 | 2 | 30 | 20 | 1 | 50 |  | 10 |
| 11 | 600 under 700 | 141 | 1 | 1 | 29 | 26 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 23 | 12 | 1 | 34 |  | 11 |
| 12 | 700 under 800 | 104 | 2 |  | 15 | 19 | 3 | 6 |  | 14 | 18 | 2 | 25 |  | 12 |
| 13 | 800 under 900 | 64 | 2 |  | 8 | 13 | 1 | 3 |  | 13 | 5 | 2 | 17 |  | 13 |
| 14 | 900 under 1,000. | 42 |  |  | 4 | 14 | 2 | 4 |  | 6 19 | 5 | 7 | 7 3 |  | 14 |
| 15 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 135 |  |  | 15 | 25 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 19 | 22 9 | 7 | 33 |  | 15 |
| 16 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 55 | 1 |  | 11 | 6 | 1 | 1 | $\overline{2}$ | 13 | 9 | 1 | 14 | 1 | 16 17 |
| 18 | 2,500 under 3,000 under 3,500. | 12 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 3 | 1 |  | 5 |  | 19 |
| 20 | 3,500 under 4,000 | 6 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 4 |  | 20 |
| 21 | 4,000 under 4,500 | 7 |  |  | 2 | 2 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 21 |
| 22 | 4,500 under 5,000 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  | --- |  |  | 1 | --------- |  |  | 22 |
| 23 | 5,000 under 6,000 | 7 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 2 | --.-...- | 23 |
| 24 | 6,000 under 7,000 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | -------- | --------- |  | 1 | 1 |  | 24 |
| 25 | 7,000 under 8,000 | 3 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 26 |
| 26 | 8,000 under 9,000 9,000 under 10,000 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 27 |
| 28 | 10,000 under 20,000 | 4 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 28 |
| 29 | 20,000 under 50,000 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 29 30 |
| 30 | 50,000 or more..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns | 17, 469 | 817 | 86 | 3,443 | 4,307 | 456 | 781 | 172 | 2, 028 | 1,181 | 170 | 3,993 | 35 | 31 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | No net estate..- | $\begin{array}{r} 74 \\ 2,446 \end{array}$ | 2 404 | 2 42 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,088 | 2 76 | 216 | 36 | 21 | 146 | 13 | 348 | 4 | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under 50 | 1,796 | 265 | 28 | 62 | 1,983 | 84 | 142 | 23 | 18 | 106 | 17 | 115 | 3 | 34 |


Table 9．－Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by net estate before specific exemption classes，and by marital status and age of decedent：Frequency distribution of returns

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|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8 | $\cdots$ | ¢\％ |

Table 9.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 9.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status and age of decedent: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued

| $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | Number of returns by age of decedent |  | on |
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For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 9.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 9.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 9.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 9.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before

For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 10.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before sptcific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns

|  | Net estate before specific exemption classes ${ }^{22}$ (Thousands of dollars) | All decedents |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total number of returns | Number of returns by number of children ${ }^{20}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | None | One | Two | Three | Four | Five or more | Number of children not stated |  |
|  | Taxable returns: | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 5 \\ 5,704 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 1 \\ 1,002 \end{array}$ |  | 11 |  | 3 <br> 2 |  | 1 |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 40 under 50 <br> 50 under 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | 60 under 80 |  | 1,712 |  | 1, $172^{-1}$ | 724 | 412 | 626 | 56 | 3 |
| 4 | 80 under 100 | 3, 148 | ,926 |  | 612 | 414 | 227 | 320 | 22 | 4 |
| 5 | 100 under 150 | 3, 805 | 1,119 | 719 | 789 | 509 | 275 | 336 | 58 | 5 |
| 6 | 150 under 200 | 1,623 | 513 | 287 | 310 | 246 | 106 | 111 | 20 | 6 |
| 7 | 200 under 300------------- | 1,389 | 405 | 262 | 305 | 193 | 107 | 97 | 20 | 7 |
| 8 | 300 under 400-------.----1 | ${ }^{607}$ | 198 | 96 | 146 | 88 | 43 | 37 | 3 | 8 |
| 9 | 400 under 500-- | 336 | 88 | 64 35 | 79 40 | 63 | 22 9 | 16 16 | 4 | 10 |
| 10 11 | 600 under 700 | 141 | 40 | 28 | 28 | 14 | 12 | 15 |  | 11 |
| 12 | 700 under 800. | 104 | 30 | 18 | 26 | 16 | 6 | 8 |  | 12 |
| 13 | 800 under 900 | 64 | 21 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 8 | 5 |  | 13 |
| 14 | 900 under 1.000 | 42 | 11 | 8 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 3 |  | 14 |
| 15 | 1,000 under 1,500-------- | 135 | 40 | 15 | 39 | 20 | 14 | 6 | 1 | 15 |
| 16 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 55 | 16 | 16 4 | 10 | 9 5 | 4 | 2 |  | 17 |
| 17 18 | 2,000 under 2,500 under 3,000 | 35 12 | 7 | 4 | 13 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 18 |
| 19 | 3,000 under 3,500.. | 10 | 5 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 19 |
| 20 | 3,500 under 4,000-.------- | 6 | 3 | , | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 20 |
| 21 | 4,000 under 4,500 | 7 |  |  | 4 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 21 |
| 22 | 4,500 under 5,000 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 23 |
| 24 | 5,000 under 6,000 under 7,000.----------- | 3 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 24 |
| 25 | 7,000 under 8,000...---.---- | 3 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 25 |
| 26 | 8,000 under 9,000---- | , |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 26 |
| ${ }_{28}^{27}$ | 9,000 under 10,000 ------- | 2 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | ${ }_{28}^{27}$ |
| 28 29 | 10,000 under $20,000 \ldots . . .-\quad$. 20,000 under $50,000 \ldots$ | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ |
| 29 30 | 50,000 under 50,000 -.-.---------- |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns-- | 17, 469 | 5,217 | 3, 175 | 3, 667 | 2, 350 | 1,262 | 1,607 | 191 | 31 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 32 |
| 33 | No net estate--------------------- | 2, 446 | 816 | 510 | 470 | 298 | 134 | 161 | 27 | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under $50-$ | 1,796 | 463 | 391 | 412 | 255 | 139 | 126 | 10 | 34 |
| 35 | 50 under 60 | 2, 767 | 830 | 537 | 562 | 379 | 189 | 244 | 26 | 35 |
| 36 | 60 under 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 37 | 80 under 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| 38 | Total nontaxable | 7, 083 | 2,186 | 1,446 | 1,448 | 938 | 468 | 534 | 63 | 38 |
|  | returns. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Grand total. | 24, 552 | 7, 403 | 4, 621 | 5,115 | 3, 288 | 1,730 | 2,141 | 254 | 39 |

[^22]Table 10- Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued

|  | Net estate before speclfic exemption classes ${ }^{22}$ (Thousands of dollars) | Married decedents ${ }^{25}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns by number of children ${ }^{26}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | None | One | Two | Three | Four | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Five } \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | Number of children not stated |  |
| 1 | Taxable returns: <br> 40 under 50 | 10 | 1 | 4 |  | 1 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 2 | 50 under 60 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| 3 | 60 under 80 | 2, 654 | 499 | 524 | 698 | 411 | 221 | 294 | 7 | 3 |
| 4 | 80 under 100 | 1. 451 | 272 | 307 | 356 | 243 | 122 | 148 |  | 4 |
| 5 | 100 under 150 | 1,766 | 308 | 362 | 463 | 306 | 142 | 174 | 11 | 5 |
| 6 | 150 under 200 | 774 | 153 | 146 | 200 | 148 | 61 | 64 |  | 6 |
| 7 | 200 under 300 | 666 | 119 | 131 | 169 | 125 | 65 | 53 | 4 | 7 |
| 8 | 300 under 400 | 292 | 59 | 42 | 87 | 53 | 28 | 23 |  | 8 |
| 9 | 400 under 500 | 164 | 28 | 31 | 43 | 37 | 14 | 10 | 1 | 9 |
| 10 | 500 under 600 | 100 | 26 | 18 | 25 | 16 | 6 | 9 |  | 10 |
| 11 | 600 under 700 | 57 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 9 | 5 | 8 |  | 11 |
| 12 | 700 under 800 | 53 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 11 | 3 | 3 |  | 12 |
| 13 | 800 under 900 | 27 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 7 | 2 |  | 13 |
| 14 | 900 under 1,000 | 25 | 4 | 5 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | 14 |
| 15 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 71 | 8 | 8 | 29 | 15 | 8 | 3 |  | 15 |
| 16 | 1,500 under 2,000 | 16 |  | 9 | 3 | 3 |  |  |  | 16 |
| 17 | 2,000 under 2,500 | 18 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 17 |
| 18 | 2,500 under 3,000 $\ldots$.-...-- | 6 | 2 |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 18 |
| 19 | 3,000 under 3,500 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 19 |
| 21 | 4,000 under 4,500.........-- | 4 |  |  | 3 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 20 |
| 22 | 4,500 under 5,000 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| 23 | 5,000 under 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | 6,000 under 7,000-- | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 24 |
| 25 | 7,000 under 8,000 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 25 |
| 26 | 8,000 under 9,000 | 1 | ------ | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 27 28 | 9,000 under 10,000 <br> 10,000 under 20,000 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  |  | ${ }_{28}^{27}$ |
| 29 | $20,000 \text { under } 50,000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 30 | 50,000 or more----------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns. | 8, 168 | 1. 509 | 1,620 | 2, 133 | 1,387 | 693 | 798 | 28 | 31 |
| 32 | Nontaxable returns: No net estate | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
| 33 | Under 40...-- | 2, 033 | 521 | 471 | 448 | 290 | 132 | 157 | 14 | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under 50 | 1, 611 | 355 | 368 | 399 | 238 | 131 | 115 | 5 | 34 |
| 35 | 50 under 60 | 1,814 | 361 | 399 | 440 | 295 | 140 | 172 | 7 | 35 |
| 36 | 60 under 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 37 | 80 under 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| 38 | Total nontaxable returns. | 5, 476 | 1,243 | 1,241 | 1,288 | 828 | 406 | 444 | 26 | 38 |
| 39 | Grand total | 13, 644 | 2, 752 | 2,861 | 3, 421 | 2,215 | 1, 099 | 1,242 | 54 | 39 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 10.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued

|  | Net estate before specific exemption classes 23 (Thousands of dollars) | Widower decedents ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns by number of children ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ber of returns | None | One | Two | Three | Four | Five or more | Number of children not stated |  |
|  | Taxable returns: 40 under 50 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 87 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 167 | 167 |  | 120 |  |  |  | 3 |
| 3 4 4 | 80 under 100-------------------- | 529 | 88 | 106 | 110 | 74 | 56 | 93 | 2 | 4 |
| 5 | 100 under 150 | 631 | 123 | 129 | 129 | 88 | 65 | 94 | 3 | 5 |
| 6 | 150 under 200 | 233 | 50 | 49 | 53 | 41 | 18 | 21 | 1 | 6 |
| 7 | 200 under 300 | 240 | 50 | 59 | 62 | 29 | 20 | 18 | 2 | 7 |
| 8 | 300 under 400 | 89 | 20 | 20 | 23 | 13 | 5 | 7 | 1 | 8 |
| 9 | 400 under 500 ------------ | 68 | 11 | 16 | 20 | 12 | 4 | 5 |  | 9 |
| 10 | 500 under 600... | 38 | 6 | 8 | 11 | 5 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 10 |
| 11 | 600 under 700 | 26 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 5 |  | 11 |
| 12 | 700 under 800 -.----------- | 15 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 |  | 12 |
| 13 | 800 under 900 | 9 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 |  | 2 |  | 13 |
| 14 | 900 under 1,000 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 14 |
| 15 | 1,000 under 1,500 $\ldots$.-. --- | 173 | 2 | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | 3 | 4 | 2 | 1 |  | 16 |
| 17 | 2,000 under $2,500 \ldots \ldots$ | 5 |  |  | 3 | 1 | -- | 1 |  | 17 |
| 18 | 2,500 under 3,000-------- | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 18 |
| 19 | 3,000 under 3,500-------- | 3 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |
| 20 | 3,500 under 4,000-.------ | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |
| 21 | 4,000 under 4,500-...---- | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 21 |
| 23 | 5,000 under 6,000 | 4 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 23 |
| 24 | 6,000 under 7,000-...----- | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 25 | 7,000 under 8,000-......- | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 25 |
| 26 | 8,000 under 9,000-.---..- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 27 | 9,000 under 10,000------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |
| 28 | 10,000 under $20,000-\ldots-$ | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | ${ }^{28}$ |
| 29 | 20,000 under 50,000 _----- | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 29 30 |
| 30 | 50,000 or more..-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns_- | 2,808 | 530 | 578 | 593 | 401 | 271 | 421 | 14 | 31 |
|  | Nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32 | Under 40 | 86 | 58 | 12 |  | 3 |  | 1 | 3 | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under 50--------------1 | 41 | 18 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 |  | 34 |
| 35 | 50 under 60 | 242 | 62 | 51 | 32 | 35 | 25 | 35 | 2 | 35 |
| 36 37 | 80 under 100... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 37 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Total nontaxable returns. | 377 | 142 | 70 | 46 | 43 | 31 | 40 | 5 | 38 |
| 39 | Grand total. | 3, 185 | 672 | 648 | 639 | 444 | 302 | 461 | 19 | 38 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 10.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued


For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 10.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued

|  | Net estate before specific excmption classes ${ }^{22}$ (Thousands of dollars) | Divorced or separated deeedents ${ }^{3 /}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns by number of children 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | None | One | Two | Three | Four | Five or more | Number of children not stated |  |
|  | Taxable returns: 40 under 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 2 | 50 under 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 3 4 4 | 60 under 80 | 100 | 36 28 | 13 | 15 | 12 | 5 | 9 | 1 | 3 |
| 5 | 100 under 150 | 88 | 28 | 30 | 13 | 8 | 4 | 5 |  | 5 |
| 6 | 150 under 200 | 40 | 12 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 3 | 1 |  | 6 |
| 7 | 200 under 300 | 39 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 7 |
| 8 | 300 under 400 under 500 | 16 9 | 4 <br> 1 | 6 | 4 4 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 8 |
| 10 | 500 under 600. | 4 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 11 | 606 under 700 | 4 | 1 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 12 | 700 under 800 | 6 | 2 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 13 | 800 under 900 | 4 | 2 | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 13 |
| 15 | 1,000 under 1,500 | 4 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 16 | 1,500 under $2,000-\ldots . .$. | 2 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 16 |
| 17 | 2, 000 under 2,500 $\ldots$.....- | 3 |  | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 17 |
| 18 | 2,500 under 3,000 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| 19 20 | 3,000 under 3,500---.----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |
| 20 21 | 3,500 under 4, 4,000 under $4,500 \ldots \ldots$. | 1 | 1 | ------ | ------- |  |  |  |  | 20 |
| 22 | 4,500 under 5,000-......-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| 23 | 5,000 under 6,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | 6,000 under 7,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 25 | 7,000 under 8,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |
| 27 | 8 8,000 under 9,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| $\stackrel{27}{28}$ | 9,000 under $10,000-\ldots-\cdots-1$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 29 | 20,000 under 50,000------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 30 | 50,000 or more-.-....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns. | 397 | 132 | 91 | 85 | 40 | 21 | 25 | 3 | 31 |
| 32 | Nontaxable returns: No net cstate. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
| 33 | Under 40-.---...---......... | 23 | 13 | 6 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under 50-------------- | 23 | 9 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 |  | 34 |
| 35 | 50 under 60-.------------ | 47 | 21 | 9 | 10 | 5 |  | 1 | 1 | 35 |
| 36 | 60 under 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 37 | 80 under 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| 38 | Total nontaxable returns. | 99 | 46 | 23 | 14 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 38 |
| 39 | Grand total | 496 | 178 | 114 | 99 | 51 | 22 | 27 | 5 | 39 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 10--Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident atiens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns- Continued

|  | Net estate before specific exemption classes ${ }^{22}$ (Thousands of dollars) | Unmarrled decedents ${ }^{2 s}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Number of returns by number of children ${ }^{26}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | None | One | Two | Three | Four | Five or more | Num- <br> ber of children not stated |  |
|  | Taxable returns: <br> 40 under 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 50 under 60. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 3 | 60 under $80-$ | 661 | 629 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  | 29 | 3 |
| 4 | 80 under 100 | 349 | 334 | 2 | 2 | ------ | 1 |  | 10 | 4 |
| 5 | 100 under 150 | 433 | 392 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 37 | 5 |
| 6 | 150 under 200 | 189 | 174 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 13 | ${ }_{6}$ |
| 7 | 200 under 300 under 400 | 146 | 136 71 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 8 | 7 |
| 9 | 400 under 500 | 30 | 26 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 3 | ${ }_{9}$ |
| 10 | 500 under 600 | 31 | 30 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 10 |
| 11 | 600 under 700-- | 15 | 13 | --...- |  |  |  |  | 2 | 11 |
| 13 | 800 under 900 | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 14 | 900 under 1,000--..-.-.---- | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 15 | 1,050 under 1,500-....... | 19 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 15 |
| 16 | 1,500 under 2,000.-...... | 8 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| 17 | 2,000 under 2,500 under $3,000 \ldots \ldots$. | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |
| 19 | 2,500 under 3,000 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| 20 | 3,500 under 4,000 ---..... | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 20 |
| 21 | 4,000 under 4,500 ..-..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| 22 | 4,500 under 5,000.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| 23 | 5,000 under 6,000-.------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 24 25 | 6,000 under 7,000 under 8,000- | 1 | 1 | -.--- |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 26 | 8,000 under 9,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 27 | 9,000 under 10,000 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |
| 28 | 10,000 under 20,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28. |
| 29 | 20,000 under 50,000 50,000 or more.--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 30 | 50,000 or more----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns-- | 1,985 | 1,861 | 10 | 4 | 1 | 3 |  | 106 | 31 |
| 32 | Nontaxable returns: No net estate.-. |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Under 40.------- | 153 | 147 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under 50-- | 43 | 38 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 4 | 34 |
| 35 | 50 under 60 | 253 | 241 |  | 1 | ----- |  |  | 11 | 35 |
| 36 | 60 under 80 under 100-.............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 37 | 80 under 100.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| 38 | Total nontaxable returns. | 476 | 453 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 21 | 38 |
| 39 | Grand total | 2,461 | 2,314 | 11 | 5 | 1 | 3 |  | 127 | 39 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.

Table 10.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before specific exemption classes, and by marital status of decedent and number of children: Frequency distribution of returns-Continued

|  | Net estate before specific exemption classes ${ }^{12}$ (Thousands of dollars) | Decedents, marital status not specifled is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of roturns | Number of returns by number of children ${ }^{20}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | None | One | Two | Three | Four | Five or more | Number of children not stated |  |
|  | Taxable returns: 40 under 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 50 under 60---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 8 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | 3 |  | 3 |
| 4 |  | 6 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  |  | 4 |
| 5 | 100 under 150---.-.-.----- | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ----- |  |  | 5 |
| 6 7 | 150 under 200 under 300----------------- | 1 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| 8 | 300 under 400 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 |
| 9 | 400 under 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |
| 10 | 500 under 600------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
| 11 | 600 under 700------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 12 | 700 under 800 under 900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 15 | 1,000 under 1,500-.......- |  |  | - |  | -- |  |  |  | 15 |
| 16 | 1,500 under 2,000-.....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16 |
| 17 | 2,000 under $2,500 \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |
| 18 19 | 2,500 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| 19 <br> 20 | 3,000 under 3,500. <br> 3,500 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |
| 20 | 4,000 under 4,500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| 22 | 4,500 under 5,000-.------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| 23 | 5,000 under 6,000-......-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | 6,000 under 7,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 25 | 7,000 under 8,000-------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25 |
| 26 | 8,000 under 9,000 under $10, \ldots-\ldots-{ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 27 <br> 28 | 9,000 under 10,000-.-.--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |
| 28 28 | 10,000 under 20,000 -...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28 |
| 29 30 | 20,000 under 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| 30 | 50,000 or more----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 |
| 31 | Total taxable returns-- | 33 | 10 | 4 | 7 | 2 | ------- | 3 | 7 | 81 |
| 32 | Nontaxable returns: No net estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Under 40 -.----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 |
| 34 | 40 under 50-.----------1.- | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| 35 36 | 50 under 60-.................. 60 under 80 | 7 | 2 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 35 |
| 37 | 80 under 100------------------ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $3{ }^{36}$ |
| 38 | Total nontaxable re- | 8 | 3 |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 38 |
|  | turns. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Grand total... | 41 | 13 | 4 | 9 | 3 |  | 3 | 9 | 39 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.



Table 11.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before , and by age of decedent: Number of returns and amount of net estate before specific exemption
[Net estate before specific exemption classes and mones figures in thousands of dollars]


| 32 | Nontaxable returns: No net estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33 | Under 40 | 74 2,446 | 212,014 |  |  |  |  | 2 | ${ }^{21} 58$ | 6 | ${ }^{21} 200$ | 32 |
| 34 | 40 under 50 | 1,796 | 75, 652 |  |  | 5 | 179 | 40 | 1,295 | 171 | 5,381 | 33 |
| 35 | 50 under 60 |  | 154,337 |  |  | 3 <br> 5 | 141 | 29 | 1,309 | 149 | 6,709 | 34 |
| ${ }_{3} 3$ | 60 under 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,373 | 157 | 8,689 | 35 |
| 37 | 80 under 100 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 38 | Total nontaxable returns. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 析 | 37 |
|  |  | 7,083 | ${ }^{27} 308 ; 765$ |  |  | 13 | 600 | 114 | 27 4, 918 | 483 | ${ }^{27} 20,579$ | 38 |
| 39 | Grand total. | 24, 552 | ${ }^{27} 3,463,002$ | 4 | 396 | 43 | 4,212 | 247 | 27 23, 454 | 1,160 | ${ }^{27} 118,605$ | 39 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 11.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by net estate before
[Net estate before specific exemption classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 11．－Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens，by taxable and nontaxable returns，by net estate before y age of decedent：Number of returns and amount of net estate before specific exemption－Continued

| Age of decedent－Continued |  |  |  | 䔍｜ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | \％ $0_{0}$ |
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |  | © <br>  | \％\％ <br> si |
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|  | Nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{33}^{32}$ | No net estate. | ${ }_{303}^{6}$ | 919 9.088 | 9 196 | - $\begin{array}{r}2126 \\ 5,567\end{array}$ | 148 | 4400 | 2 | ${ }^{21} 69$ | 32 |
| 34 | 40 under 50 | 180 | 8,095 | 142 | 6,443 | 79 | ${ }_{3,516}^{3,16}$ | 77 | 3,466 | ${ }_{34}$ |
| ${ }_{36}^{35}$ | 50 under 60 | 382 | 21, 362 | 317 | 17,839 | 214 | 12,112 | 133 | 7,400 | 35 |
|  | 60 under 80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | 80 under 100 | ----------- | ------..... | --->--...--- | ------- |  |  |  |  | 3 |
| 38 | Total nontaxabie returns. | 871 | ${ }^{27} 38,536$ | 664 | ${ }^{27} 29,823$ | 440 | ${ }^{27} 18,471$ | 316 | ${ }^{27} 13,929$ | 38 |
| 39 | Grand total. | 3,634 | ${ }^{27} 584,808$ | 3,172 | ${ }^{97} 550,741$ | 2,584 | ${ }^{27} 443,076$ | 984 | ${ }^{27} 98,197$ | 39 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.
Table 12.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxab

|  | Gross estate classes ${ }^{4}$ | All decedents |  |  |  | Age of decedents |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Men |  | Women |  | Under 21 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate | Men |  | Women |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate |  |
|  | Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 2 | 40 under 50 - | 8 | 282 435 | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | 95 59 |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |
| 3 | 60 under 70-- | 592 | 39,467 | 507 | 33, 763 | 1 | 66 |  |  | 3 |
| 4 | 70 under 80 -- | 938 | 70, 316 | 753 | 56, 322 |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 5 | 80 under 90 | 799 | 67, 838 | 665 | 56, 469 |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| 6 7 | 90 under 100. | 743 | 70,464 | 521 | 49,409 | 1 |  |  |  | 6 7 |
| 8 | 120 under 150.- | 1,678 | 226, 526 | 737 | 99,014 | 1 | 147 | 1 | 122 | 8 |
| 9 | 150 under 200 | 1,754 | 301, 119 | 677 | 116, 638 |  |  |  |  | 9 |
| 10 | 200 under 300 | 1,683 | 407, 939 | 635 | 152, 513 | ---------- | --....... |  |  | 10 |
| 11 | 300 under 500 | 1,056 | 399, 496 | 403 | 152, 238 | --..------ |  |  |  | 11 |
| 12 13 | 500 under 1,000 | 661 <br> 204 <br> 1 | 453,258 276,630 | 245 93 | 165,721 126,030 |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 14 | 2,000 under 3,000 | 43 | 100,460 | 22 | 52, 039 |  |  |  |  | 14 |
| 15 | 3,000 under 5,000 | 32 | 121, 590 | 13 | 49,357 | ---------- |  |  | --- | 15 |
| 16 17 | 5,000 under 10,000. | 12 | 80,880 243,908 | 10 1 | 70,080 16,718 | --- |  |  |  | 16 |
| 18 | Total tarable returns. | 11,423 | 2,991, 942 | 6,046 | 1, 279, 910 | 3 | 318 | 1 | 122 | 18 |


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For footnotes, see p. 405.
TABLe 12.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross estate
classes, and by age and sex of decedent: Number of returns and amount of gross estate-Continued



[^23]TABLE 12.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross estate classes, and by age and sex of decedent: Number of returns and amount of gross estate-Continued
[Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



Nontaxable returns:
For footnotes, see p. 405.


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[^24]Table 12.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross estate
[Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Gross estate classes ${ }^{23}$ | Age of decedent-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 65 under 70 |  |  |  | 70 under 75 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Men |  | Women |  | Men |  | Women |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate | Number of returns | Amount of gross estate |  |
|  | Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | 50 under 60-- | 1 | $\stackrel{1}{59}$ |  |  | 1 | 47 | 2 | 95 | 1 |
| 3 | 60 under 70. | 73 | 4, 880 | 46 | 3, 077 | 69 | 4, 592 | 78 |  | 2 <br> 3 |
| 4 | 70 under 30-. | 101 | 7,588 | 63 | 4, 685 | 136 | 10,207 | 112 | 8, 8167 | 4 |
| 5 | 80 under 90 | 97 | 8, 296 | 77 | 6, 567 | 126 | 10,688 | 119 | 10,117 | 5 |
| 6 | 90 under 100 | 71 | 6,749 | 51 | 4, 834 | 125 | 11, 903 | 71 | 6,796 | 6 |
| 7 | 100 under 120 | 135 | 14,731 | 60 | 6,577 | 197 | 21, 624 | 120 | 13,172 | 7 |
| 8 | 120 under 150.- | 224 | 30, 170 | 86 | 11,570 | 245 | 33, 400 | 102 | 13,808 | 8 |
| $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 150 under 200 under 300 | 222 | 39,409 50 | 78 | 13,331 | 259 | 43, 227 | 101 | 17,476 | 9 |
| 11 | 300 under 500. | 141 | 50,472 53,417 | 72 <br> 54 | 17,353 20,008 | 278 189 | 66,850 71,315 | 107 59 | 25,650 22,396 | 10 |
| 12 | 500 under 1,000 | 93 | 65, 161 | 25 | 16,169 | 110 | 74, 899 | 40 | 27,064 | 12 |
| 13 | 1,000 under 2,000. | 25 | 35, 453 | 14 | 19,797 | 37 | 48, 932 | 11 | 13, 598 | 13 |
| 14 | 2,000 under 3,000-- | 7 | 16, 134 |  |  | 10 | 23, 135 | 2 | 5, 009 | 14 |
| 15 16 | $3,000 ~ u n d e r ~ 5,000$ 5,000 under 10,000 | 4 | 16, 493 | 1 | 3,442 | 3 | 11, 677 |  |  | 15 |
| 17 | 10,000 or more..... | 4 | 5, 66, 085 |  |  | 1 | 8, 039 | 3 | 19,363 | 16 |
| 18 | Total taxable returns.. | 1,408 | 420, 237 | ¢27 | 127, 410 | 1,788 | 440, 644 | 926 | 188, 128 | 18 |



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TABLE 12.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by taxable and nontaxable returns, by gross estate



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| :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Nontaxable returns： <br> Under 40 <br> 40 under 50 <br> 50 under 60 <br> 60 under 70 <br> 70 under 80 <br> 80 under 90 <br> 90 under 100 <br> 100 under 120 <br> 120 under 150 <br> 150 under 200 <br> 200 under 300 <br> 300 under 500 <br> 500 under 1,000 <br> 1，000 under 2，000 <br> 2,000 3,000 or mor 3,000 |
| :---: |
| Total nontax |
| Grand total |

For footnotes，see p． 405.
Table 12.-Estate tax returns filed during 1949 for estates of citizens and resident aliens, by tawable and nontaxable returns, by gross estate sex of decedent: Number of returns and amount of gross estate-Continued
[Gross estate classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



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Table 14.-Estate tax returns for estates of citizens and aliens filed Sept. 9, 1916, through 1945, and during 1947-49: Number of returns, gross estate, net estate. and tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Filing period | Number of returns |  |  | Gross estate |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Estates of- |  | Total | Estates of- |  |
|  |  | Citizens ${ }^{31}$ and resident aliens | Nouresident aliens ${ }^{11}$ |  | Citizens ${ }^{31}$ and resident aliens | Nonresident aliens ${ }^{13}$ |
| Sept. 9, 1916-Jan. 15, 1922 | $\begin{aligned} & 45,126 \\ & 13,876 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42,230 \\ & 12,563 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,896 \\ & 1,313 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,893,239 \\ & 3,014,073 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,785,642 \\ & 2,955,959 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107,597 \\ 58,113 \end{array}$ |
| Jan. 15-Dec. 31, $1922 . .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calendar year: 1923 | 15,11914,513 | 13,96313,011 | 1,1561,502 | 2, 804, 327 | 2,774, 741 |  |
| 1924-- |  |  |  |  | 2,540, 922 | 29, 5000 |
| 1925 | 16, 019 | 14,013 | 2,006 | 3,001,089 | 2, 958, 364 | 42,72521,656 |
| 1926 | 14,56710,700 | $\begin{array}{r}13,142 \\ 9,353 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,4251,347 | $3,407,923$$3,173,235$ | 3, 386, 267 |  |
| 1927 |  |  |  |  | 3, 146, 290 | 21,945 $\mathbf{2 1}$ |
| 1928 | 10,236 | 8,079 | 2,157 | $3,554,270$$3,893,246$ | 3, 503, 239 | $\begin{gathered} 51,032 \\ 49 . \\ 732 \end{gathered}$ |
| 1929 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,343 \\ & 10,382 \end{aligned}$ | 8, 882 | 1,761 |  | 3, 843, 514 |  |
| 1930 |  |  | 1,584 | 4, 165, 623$4,075,575$ | $4,108,517$$4,042,381$ | $\begin{aligned} & 49,732 \\ & 57,106 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1931 | 9,889 | 8,798 |  |  |  | 33, 195 |
| 1932 | 8, 807 | 7,113 | 1, 394 | 2, 830, 388 | 2, 795, 818 | 34,57034,025 |
| 1933 | 10,27511,853 |  | 1,5481,500 | $2,060,956$$2,267,285$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,026,931 \\ & 2,244,107 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1934 |  | $\begin{array}{r}8,727 \\ 10,353 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 34,025 23,178 24 |
| 1935 | 12,72413,321 | 11,11011,665 | 1,614 | 2, 459, 892 | 2, 435, 2822, 296, 2572 | 24,60916,163 |
| 1936 |  |  | 1, 995 |  |  |  |
| 1837 | 17,032 | 15, 037 |  | $2,793,758$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,76, ~ \\ 2,739 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 26,01922,648 |
| 1938 | $\begin{aligned} & 17,642 \\ & 16926 \end{aligned}$ | 15, 932 | 1,7101,705 |  |  |  |
| 1939 |  | 15,22115,435 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3}, 069,625 \\ & \mathbf{2}, 767,888 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,046,977 \\ & 2,746,143 \end{aligned}$ | 22, 648 |
| 1940 | 16,87617,122 |  | 1,441 | 2, 648, 199 | 2, 632, 6592,777, 657 | 15,54015,783 |
| 1941 |  | 15, 977 | 1, 145 | 2, 793, 439 |  |  |
| 1842 | 17,396 | 16, 215 | 1, 181 | 2, 737, 133 | 2, 724, 513$2,627,367$ | 12,620 |
| 1943 | 16,03314,857 | 15, 187 |  | 2, 637, 839 |  | 10,4718,712 |
| 1944 |  | 14,303 | 554 | 2,916, 332 | 2, 907,620 |  |
| 1945 | 16,55022,007 | 15, 898 |  | 3,450,425 | 3, 436, 901 | 13,52427,198 |
| 1947 |  | 20, 899 | 1,108 | 4, 251, 408 | 4, 224, 210 |  |
| 1948 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,381 \\ & 25,904 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,356 \\ & 24,556 \end{aligned}$ | 1,0251,352 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,791,049 \\ & 4,957,726 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,774,783 \\ & 4,933,215 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,266 \\ & 24,511 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1949 |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Filing period | Net estate ${ }^{33}$ |  |  | Tax ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Estates of- |  | Total | Estates of- |  |
|  |  | Citizens ${ }^{21}$ and resident aliens | Nonresident aliens ${ }^{33}$ |  | Citizens ${ }^{31}$ and resident aliens | Nonresident aliens ${ }^{31}$ |
| Sept. 9, 1916-Jan. 15, 192 | 5, 509, 522 | 5, 407,674 | 101, 849 | 356, 516 | 351, 138 | 5,378 |
| Jan. 15-Dec. 31, 1922-...--.-- 1,704, 974 $1,652,832$ 52,142 120,562 117,624 2, 238 <br> Calendar year:       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1924 | 1, 395, 816 | 1, 372, 421 | 23, 395 | 71, 939 | 71, 451 | 488 |
| 1925 | 1,658, 869 | 1, 621, 008 | 37, 861 | 87,322 | 86, 223 | 1,099 |
| 1926 | 1, 972, 537 | 1, 951, 969 | 20, 567 | 101, 805 | 101, 324 | 481 |
| 1927 | 1,761, 617 | 1,735, 840 | 25, 777 | 41,686 | 40, 931 | 755 |
| 1928 | 1, 992, 503 | 1, 943, 429 | 49,075 | 41, 959 | 40, 561 | 1,393 |
| 1929 | 2, 313, 976 | 2, 268, 323 | 45, 653 | 44, 388 | 43,303 | 1,085 |
| 1930 | 2, 427, 454 | 2, 376, 973 | 50, 481 | 41, 617 | 39, 003 | 2, 614 |
| 1931 | 2, 356, 332 | 2,327, 319 | 29,013 | 45, 200 | 44, 540 | 660 |
| 1932 | 1, 423, 437 | 1,391, 569 | 31, 868 | 23, 674 | 22,364 59 59 | 1,310 |
| 1933 | $1,000,924$ $1,170,566$ | 970,868 $1,150,533$ | 30,056 20,033 | 61, 412 | 59, <br> 929 | $\begin{array}{r}1,986 \\ \hline 988\end{array}$ |
| 1935 | 1, 339, 726 | 1,316, 838 | 22, 888 | 155, 466 | 153, 763 | 1,703 |
| 1936 | 1,260, 022 | 1, 245, 395 | 14,627 | 196, 370 | 195, 301 | 1,069 |
| 1937 | 1,646, 613 | 1,622, 618 | 23,995 | 308, 450 | 305, 784 | 2, 665 |
| 1938 | 1,745, 259 | 1,724, 589 | 20, 670 | 316, 802 | 314, 620 | 2, 182 |
| 1939 | 1, 558, 322 | 1, 537, 875 | 20,347 | 278, ${ }^{238}$ | 276,707 250,360 | 2,231 1,196 |
| 1940 | $1,493,184$ $1,575,768$ | $1,479,268$ $1,561,215$ | 13,916 14,553 | 251, 2536 | 250,360 291,758 | 1,196 |
| 1942 | 1, 536, 335 | 1, 524,881 | 11,455 | 309, 691 | 308, 342 | 1,349 |
| 1943 | 1,405, 400 | 1,396,697 | 8,703 | 363, 377 | 362, 164 | 1,212 |
| 1944. | 1,516, 225 | 1,508,953 | 7, 272 | 405, 780 | 404, 635 | 1,146 |
| 1945 | 1, 911, 157 | 1, 900,159 | 10,997 | 532, 928 | 531, 052 |  |
| 1947 | 2, 341, 182 | 2, 319, 310 | 21, 872 | 626,355 716,532 | 621, 966 |  |
| 1948 | 2, 597, 197 | $2,584,595$ $2,106,827$ | 12,602 19,356 | 716,532 570,828 | 714,707 567,421 | 1,825 3,407 |

For footnotes, see p. 405.

## Footnotes for estate tax tables 1-14, pages 334-404

1 Total real estate represents the full value of real estate reported on the estate tax return. Outstanding mortgages and liens thereon are tabulated with debts and mortgages.

2 Federal obligations are classified on the basis of the taxability of the interest thereon for Federal income tax purposes. The interest on wholly taxexempt Federal bonds is exempt from both the normal tax and surtax of the income tax; the interest on partially tax-exempt Federal bonds is exempt only from the normal tax; and the interest on taxable Federal bonds is subject to both normal tax and surtax. United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941 (on which the interest on a principal amount not in excess of $\$ 5,000$ is wholly tax-exempt and the remainder exempt from normal tax) are classified as partially taxexempt bonds. The entire value of bonds in each category is subject to the estate tax and is included in the gross estate of a citizen or resident alien.
${ }^{3}$ All items classified as cash are tabulated as intangible property.
4 Interest in an unincorporated business is the value of the decedent's interests in sole proprietorships, copartnerships, or other organizations not incorporated. The value of goodwill is included, but not that of real estate.
s Other intangibles include such items as judgments, leaseholds, trade-marks, copyrights, royalties, claims, accounts receivable; interest in estate and trust funds; accruals of interest, dividends, and rent; and amounts due from retirement funds, pensions, and annuities.

- Support of dependents is an amount allowed by the law of certain States and actually disbursed for the support of the decedent's dependents, during settlement of the estate.
${ }^{7}$ Marital deduction, effective for estates of individuals who died after December 31, 1947, is authorized with respect to certain property interests included in the gross estate which pass or have passed from the decedent to surviving spouse; but the deduction is limited to the smaller of (1) one-half the adjusted gross estate, or (2) the net value of interests passing to surviving spouse.
${ }^{8}$ Net deduction for property previously taxed is the deduction computed for purposes of the additional tax, except that in table 1 , for returns filed under the 1926 and prior acts, the deduction is the net deduction computed as provided under those acts. See p. 323 for a description of this deduction.
- Specific exemption for additional tax under the 1948 and 1942 acts is $\$ 60,000$; under the 1941, 1940 , and 1935 acts is $\$ 40,000$; and under the 1934 and 1932 acts is $\$ 50,000$. Specific exemption under the 1926 act is $\$ 100,000$. (None filed under the 1924 or prior acts.)
${ }^{10}$ Disallowed deductions applicable only to estates of individuals who died on or after October 22, 1942, are equal to the amount by which the sum of funeral and administration expenses, debts of the decedent, mortgages and liens, and support of dependents exceeds the value of property includible in gross estate, subject to claims.
${ }^{11}$ Net estate (or no net estate) before specific exemptlon tabulated for nontaxable returns is a combination of positive and negative amounts.

12 Net estate for basic tax includes the net estate for returns filed under the 1926 act. (None filed under prior acts.)
${ }^{18}$ Gross basic tax includes the tax liability for the returns filed under the 1926 act. (None filed under prior acts.)
${ }_{14}$ Tax credit allowed for estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes paid to States, Territories, District of Columbia, or (after June 29, 1939) possessions of the United States.
${ }^{16}$ Tax credit authorized under conventions for death duties paid to Canada, the United Kingdom, and France with respect to property taxed by both the United States and the contracting country.
${ }^{16}$ Defense tax applies only to estates of individuals who died in the period June 26, 1940, through September 20, 1941, effective period of the 1940 act. The defense tax is 10 percent of the tax (after credits), computed without regard to the defense tax.
${ }^{17}$ Tax-exempt insurance receivable by beneficiaries other than the estate, not to exceed in the aggregate $\$ 40,000$ for any one estate, allowable for the estates of individuals who died prior to October 22, 1942.
${ }^{18}$ Bequests to surviving spouse, reported for the purpose of marital deduction, represent the value of all transfers which qualify for this deduction reduced by deductions taken against the gross estate for fees, commissions, mortgages, or other incumbrances which apply to such transfers, for amounts paid in satisfaction of any claim of the surviving spouse, and for support of such spouse during settlement, as well as by amounts of Federal estate tax and other death taxes chargeable against the property interest involved.
${ }^{10}$ Adjusted gross estate is the gross estate minus funeral expenses, administration expenses, claims against the estate, unpaid mortgages or other indebtedness, support of dependents, and losses incurred during estate settlement arising from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft, when not compensated for by insurance and not claimed as a deduction on an income tax return.
${ }^{20}$ Less than $\$ 500$.
${ }^{21}$ Negative amount (see note 11).
${ }^{22}$ Net estate before specific exemption classes are based on the sum of the net estate and specific exemption, the net estate and specific exemption for additional tax being used when the estate is subject to both basic and additional taxes. If, on a nontaxable return, the combined result is a negative amount or zero, the size is designated "No net estate."
${ }^{23}$ Gross estate classes are based on the total gross estate, either date of death value or optional value, as elected by the executor for tax purposes.
${ }^{24}$ Types of heirs, devisees, and legatees are determined from the relationship of such heirs to the decedent, as shown in the list of principal heirs. (Also see p. 327.)
${ }^{26}$ Marital status of the decedent at date of death (see p. 328).
${ }^{26}$ Number of children includes living and deceased children, stepchildren, and adopted children.

27 Net estate before specific exemption less negative amount of net estate before specific exemption.
${ }^{28}$ Includes net estate of $\$ 404,400$ reported on 2 returns taxable under 1926 act. (None filed under 1924 or prior acts.)

20 Excludes defense tax of \$2,117.
${ }^{30}$ Returns subject to basic tax under the 1932 and subsequent acts also include returns with a tax liability under the 1926 act. (No returns filed under 1924 act.)

31 Estates of citizens include returns filed for nonresident citizens who died on or after May 11, 1934.
${ }^{32}$ Estates of nonresident aliens include returns filed for nonresident citizens who died prior to May 11, 1934.
${ }^{33}$ Net estate tabulated for 1933 and subsequent years is the net estate for additional tax plus the regular net estate for returns filed under the 1926 and prior acts; and the tax liability is the combined basic and additional taxes after tax credits and the defense tax, effective only under the 1940 act.
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## GIFT TAX RETURNS


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## GIFT TAX RETURNS

## SUMMARY DATA

For the year 1948, individual donors filed 26,200 gift tax returns, reporting the transfer of property by gift during the calendar year 1948. The total amount of property transferred is $\$ 740,923,000$. There are 6,559 taxable returns showing total gifts of $\$ 377,889,000$ before exclusions amounting to $\$ 42,013,000$ and net gifts of $\$ 209,148,000$, resulting in a gift tax liability of $\$ 45,338,000$. The 19,641 nontaxable returns show total gifts amounting to $\$ 363,034,000$ before exclusions of $\$ 88,484,000$; and the total deductions for charitablo gifts, marital deduction, and specific exemption equal the amount of gift after exclusions.

As compared with gift tax data for the previous year, there is an increase of 1,343 returns, or 5.4 percent; but there are decreases of $\$ 36,690,000$, or 4.7 percent, in the total gifts before exclusions, of $\$ 47,386,000$, or 18.5 pcrcent, in net gifts, and of $\$ 19,064,000$, or 29.6 percent, in gift tax liability. The effective tax rate for 1948 is 21.7 percent; for 1947 it was 25.1 percent.

Under the provision of the 1948 act which stipulates that gifts made after April 2, 1948, by married persons to third parties may be considered as made one-half by each spouse, gifts in the amount of $\$ 95,213,000$ are transferred from the return of the original donor to the return of the donor's spouse who then reports such gifts on his (or her) separate return. Gifts amounting to $\$ 63,538,000$ are transferred to donees who at the time of the gift were the donor's spouse; and marital deduction of $\$ 31,275,000$ is taken in respect thercto for the computation of net gifts as provided under the 1948 act.

The principal types of property transferred by gift during 1948 are stocks and bonds, cash, and real estate. As is generally the case, the value of stocks and bonds exceeds that of any other type. Stocks and bonds comprise 53.9 percent of the total gifts, cash 18.7 percent, real estate 15.0 percent, insurance 1.2 percent, and miscellaneous property 11.2 percent. Miscellaneous property includes such items as jewelry, objects of art, copyrights, forgiveness of debts, interest in an unincorporated business, assignment of judgments, leaseholds, land contracts, notes, and life interest or remainderman interest in property.

Gifts transferred in trust amount to $\$ 158,868,000$, which is 21.4 percent of the total gifts for 1948. Stocks and bonds comprise twothirds of the gifts transferred in trust.

Gifts amounting to $\$ 142,218,000$ were made to 3,240 charitable, public, and similar organizations during 1948; this is 19.2 percent of the total gifts. Charitable gifts increased about 3 million dollars over charitable gifts of the previous year. Charitable gifts are wholly deductible in the computation of gift tax (except in certain instances, if made by a nonresident alien), inasmuch as an exclusion is granted of the first $\$ 3,000$ given to each donee and the remainder is allowed as a deduction in computing net gifts to be taxed.

Gift tax returns used for the tables in this report are returns, Form 709, filed in 1949, for gifts made during the calendar year 1948, excluding returns which are not required to be filed. Data are completely tabulated from each return, prior to any revision that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service. The gift tax liability reported by the taxpayer and tabulated herein does not agree with the gift tax collections for the calendar year for 1949 as reported by the Treasury Department, because a tax deficiency may result from audit or payment of the tax liability reported may be deferred. Moreover, the collections include interest. penalties, and delinquent payments of tax, none of which are included in the tax reported.

## GIFT TAX LAW

The Federal gift tax on the transfer of property by gift is imposed by chapter 4 of the Internal Revenue Code. The gift tax is not imposed upon property but subjects to tax the transfers of property by gift and extends to the sales and exchanges of property for less than an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth. The tax is imposed whether the transfer is in trust or otherwise, whether the gift is direct or indirect or of a future interest in property, and whether the property so transferred is real or personal, tangible or intangible. The gift tax, a primary and personal liability of the donor, is an excise upon his act of making the transfer, and is measured by the value of properties passing from the donor to the donce or donees during the calendar year, regardless of the fact that the identity of any donee may not be known or ascertainable.

A gift tax return, Form 709: is required of every citizen or resident of the United States who, during the calendar year 1948, transferred to any one donce gifts totaling more than $\$ 3,000$ in value or made gifts of a future interest in property regardless of the value thereof. A nonresident alien is similarly required to file a gift tax return if the gift consists of property situated in the United States. A return is required even though because of authorized deductions a tax may not be due. The return is due on or before the 15th day of March following the close of the calendar year in which the gift is made, and cannot be filed prior to the close of the calendar year unless the return is for a deceased donor.

The entire value of gifts totaling more than $\$ 3,000$ made to any one donee during the calendar year must be reported in the total gifts of the donor, even though the first $\$ 3,000$ of such gifts are excluded for the purpose of computing the gift tax. All gifts of a future interest in property, however small, must be included in the total gifts for the year and no exclusion is allowed for such gifts in computing the gift tax. Gifts totaling less than $\$ 3,000$ to any one donee, other than gifts of future interests, generally are not required to be reported; however, under the new provision allowing spouses to divide between them gifts made to third parties after April 2, 1948, the reporting of such gifts is required when made to a common donee, if after the division either spouse is considered to have made gifts exceeding $\$ 3,000$ in value.

Under the 1948 act, if husband and wife consent, all gifts made by them to third parties after April 2, 1948, are considered as made one-half by each, if both are residents or citizens of the United States.

The spouse making the gift must report on his (or her) return the full value of the gift, provision being made on the return form for the transfer of one-half the value of such gifts to the other spouse who then must report this half on his or her separate gift tax return.

Under this act, gifts of community property made after April 2, 1948, are no longer sole gifts of the husband as is the case under the 1942 act. Each spouse may now report his or her undivided onehalf interest in community-property gifts on a separate gift tax return, or, if they prefer, division of such gifts may be accomplished by consent of both spouses as is done in the case of noncommunityproperty gifts.

Exclusions and deductions from total gifts are allowed for purposes of computing net gifts and tax. Exclusions are allowed for the first $\$ 3,000$ of gifts, except gifts of future interests, made to every donee including donees represented by gifts picked up from the return of the spouse on account of the consent to divide gifts made to third parties. Deductions from total gifts after exclusions are allowed for specific exemption, gifts to charity, and for gifts made to a spouse (the so-called marital deduction). Specific exemption of $\$ 30,000$ is stipulated for residents and citizens, which at the option of the donor, may be taken in a single year or spread over a period of years until exhausted. Deduction on account of charitable gifts (except in certain instances, if made by a nonresident alien) is the value of such gifts less exclusion of the first $\$ 3,000$ of gifts to each charitable donee. A new deduction, introduced by the 1948 act, allows citizens and residents a marital deduction equal to one-half the value of property interests, which qualify for the deduction, transferred after April 2, 1948, to a donee who at the time of the gift was the donor's spouse; however, the deduction cannot exceed the amount of such gifts included in total gifts after the exclusion pertaining thereto.

The gift tax liability is the excess of a tax computed on the aggregate net gifts transferred subsequent to June 6, 1932, over a tax computed on the aggregate net gifts exclusive of the current year net gifts. The gift tax rates are $2^{1 / 4}$ percent of the first $\$ 5,000$ of net gifts, increasing on a graduated scale to $57^{3 / 4}$ percent on net gifts in excess of $\$ 10,000,000$.

A synopsis of the various revenue acts showing requirements for filing, exclusions, specific exemption, and tax rates is presented on pages 453-456.

## BASIC ITEMS

Total gifts mean the entire value of gifts transferred by the donor, even though the first $\$ 3,000$ of gifts to each donee may be eliminated later as an exclusion. The amount of total gifts is the value of gifts reported by the donor before division of gifts between spouses who consent to divide gifts made by them to third parties, after April 2, 1948. Gifts to any one donee totaling $\$ 3,000$ or less, other than gifts of future interest in property, ordinarily need not be reported; however, on returns of married persons who consent to divide between them gifts made to a common donee, these small gifts are more often required than in former years. In tabulating the amount of total gifts for 1948, all gifts of future interests, however small, are included; but gifts other than future interests totaling $\$ 3,000$ or less to any one donee are excluded except when reported on the returns of married persons who divided gifts made to third
parties after April 2, 1948, and when divided either spouse is considered to have made a gift exceeding $\$ 3,000$.

Total gifts before exclusions are "Total gifts for the year" and are the same as total gifts in the case of single donors or of married donors who do not consent to divide between spouses gifts made to third parties. In the case of married donors who consent to consider such gifts as made one-half by each spouse, total gifts before exclusions arc the amount of gifts after the adjustments for the transfers between them; that is, total gifts of the taxpayer reduced by the portion which his (or her) spouse reports on a separate return, after which the taxpayer's gifts are increased by the amount of gifts picked up from the return of his (or her) spouse.

Exclusions are allowed as a deduction from total gifts in determining the total included amount of gifts for the year. Donors are allowed an exclusion not exceeding $\$ 3,000$ of gifts (except gifts of future interests) made to any one donee. Under provisions for dividing between spouses, gifts made to third parties, each spouse is entitled to an exclusion for gifts represented in total gifts before exclusions resulting from the adjustments for transfers between spouses; so that in such cases more exclusions are allowed than in former years. As a consequence of dividing gifts between spouses and the necessity of reporting some gifts of $\$ 3,000$ or less, an exclusion may be less than $\$ 3,000$; it does not exceed the value of gifts to the donee after adjustments for transfers between spouses.

Total gifts after exclusions mean the amount of gifts in excess of the allowable exclusions. This excess is the "Total included amount of gifts for the year," against which deductions are allowed in computing the amount of net gifts for the year.

Deduction for charitable, public, and similar gifts is allowed against total gifts after exclusions for the value of such gifts in excess of the exclusion taken for each charitable donee.

Marital deduction is allowed a citizen or resident donor under the 1948 act, in determining the amount of net gifts for the year. The amount of the deduction is equal to one-half the value of property interests which qualify for the deduction, transferred after April 2 , 1948, to a donee who at the time of the transfer was the donor's spouse, but allowed only to the extent that such gifts are included in total gifts after exclusions.

Specific exemption of $\$ 30,000$ is allowed each citizen or resident donor and may be taken in its entirety in a single year or spread over a period of years at the option of the donor. However, when the aggregate of $\$ 30,000$ has been taken, no further exemption is allowable. The amount of specific exemption for 1948 is the amount claimed in the current year by donors who have not previously used all of their specific exemption.

Net gifts for the year are the excess of total gifts after exclusions over the sum of the deductions for charitable, public, and similar gifts and, in the case of citizens and residents, marital deduction and specific exemption claimed in the current year.

Gift tax is the excess of a tax computed at the current graduated rates on the aggregate net gifts transferred since June 6, 1932, over a tax computed at the same rates on the aggregate net gifts exclusive of current year net gifts. This method of computing gift tax results in the net gifts of the current year being taxed either at the same rate applied to the net gifts of the most recent prior year or at a
higher rate, regardless of the amount transferred in the current year. Owing to the graduated tax rates and to the variations in the amounts of exclusions; deductions, and specific exemption taken, and in the amount of aggregate net gifts since June 6, 1932, donors making gifts of equal amounts in the current year may have different tax liabilitios; or one may have a tax liability and the other no tax liability.

Prior years, in reference to gift tax tabulations, apply to the interval of years between the inception of the present period of gift taxation, June 6, 1932, and the current year.

Net gifts for prior years are the aggregate net gifts transferred since June 6, 1932, exclusive of the current year gifts. The amount of net gifts for prior years is reported by the donor in schedule B on the current return. The amount reported in this schedule may exceed the actual net gifts for those years, for the reason that, if more than $\$ 30,000$ specific exemption was taken before 1943 when a larger exemption was allowable, the net gifts for preceding years are increased by an amount equal to the excess, for the purpose of computing the gift tax liability in the current year.

Tax on net gifts for prior years is a tax computed on the aggregate net gifts for preceding years (as reported in schedule B) and may not be the actual gift'tax reported for those years because it is computed at current tax rates on aggregate net gifts for prior years adjusted to include an amount equal to the specific exemption in excess of $\$ 30,000$ taken prior to 1943 .

## CLASSIFICATION OF GIFT TAX RETURNS

Gift tax returns are classified as taxable and nontaxable returns. Taxable returns show net gifts and are further classified by size of net gifts and by size of total gift plus tax. Nontaxable returns show no net gifts and are classified by size of total gifts. Identical donors are distinguished from other donors. The taxable returns of identical donors that show a tax on prior year gifts are classified by size of the aggregate net gifts for prior years. Data are presented by these classifications in the gift tax tables; but not all items are available for every classification.

Taxable and nontaxable returns.-Returns are classified as taxable and nontaxable for the current year, based on the existence or nonexistence of gift tax liability for 1948. Taxable returns show net gifts; nontaxable returns show no net gifts. Tax status for prior years is determined from the tax (or no tax) on net gifts for preceding years, reported in the tax schedule for the purpose of computing the current year gift tax.

Net gift classes.-Taxable gift tax returns are segregated into net gift classes based on the amount of net gifts for the current year.

Total gift plus tax classes.-Taxable gift tax returns are segregated into total gift plus tax classes based on the sum of total gifts before exclusions and the gift tax for the current year. (Classification on this basis is more nearly comparable with the size classification of gross estate in tables for estate tax returns, because that classification is based on an amount which included the tax payment.)

Total gift classes.-Nontaxable gift tax returns are segregated into total gift classes according to the amount of total gifts before exclusions.

Identical donors.-Identical donor is a term used to indicate an
individual who made gifts to a donee other than charitable, public, and similar organizations both in the current year and in one or more prior years. Identical donors are identified from data on the current year returns. Schedule B shows the net gifts for, and specific exemption taken in, prior years. From these data, it can be determined whether the prior year gifts were made to donees other than charitable organizations. If husband and wife consent to divide gifts between them in the current year, each is considered a donor of his or her respective total gifts for the year (that is, before exclusions), the amount of which includes gifts transferred from the return of the spouse as a result of mutual consent.

Net gift for prior years classes.-Returns of identical donors which show a tax for 1948 and also a tax on gifts for prior years are segregated into net gift for prior years classes based on the amount of aggregate net gifts for prior years as adjusted in schedule B on the current year return to include the amount in excess of $\$ 30,000$ specific exemption taken before 1943.

## IDENTICAL DONORS

Among the 26,200 gift tax returns for 1948, there are 8,324 returns filed by individuals classified as identical donors. These donors made gifts to donees other than charitable organizations in the current year and also in a prior year. Of these 8,324 identical donors, 3,574 are nontaxable for 1948 although 315 report a tax on prior year gifts; and 4,750 donors are taxable for 1948, of whom 1,144 are taxable for the first time. These 4,750 taxable returns constitute 72.4 percent of the 6,559 taxable returns filed for 1948.

The gift tax liability of the 1,144 identical donors paying gift tax for the first time is $\$ 2,644,000$; and the effective tax rate is 11.3 percent. Gift tax liability of the 3,606 identical donors, who previously have paid gift tax, is $\$ 34,776,000$ with an effective tax rate of 26.7 percent. The effective rate of 26.7 percent for identical donors who previously paid gift tax indicates the effect of the progressive tax rate method when compared with the 11.3 percent effective tax rate for identical donors who are taxed for the first time.

## TABULATED DATA

Data for gift tax returns for 1948 are presented in five gift tax tables and a sixth shows the number of returns, total gifts, net gifts, and tax for 1932 through 1948. Tables 1, 2, and 3 include all gift tax returns, taxable and nontaxable. In table 1, taxable returns are tabulated by net gift classes and nontaxable returns are in aggregate; in table 2, taxable returns are distributed by total gift plus tax classes and nontaxable returns are distributed by total gift classes. In table 3, types of property transferred by gift are shown in aggregate and also whether transferred in trust or otherwise, together with a frequency for each type of property transferred. Frequencies in this table denote the occurrence of gifts as reported by the original donor in schedule A, before division of gifts between spouses. Tables 4 and 5 present data only from the returns of identical donors. Certain information from these returns is tabulated in table 4, by the taxable status for 1948 and for prior years. A frequency distribution of identical donor returns which are taxable both for the current year and for prior years is tabulated in table 5, by size of net gifts for 1948 and by size of net gifts for prior years.

## GIFT TAX TABLES

1. Number of returns, total gifts by types of property, exclusions, total gifts before and after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax-taxable returns by net gift classes and nontaxable returns in aggregate.
2. Number of returns, total gifts, total gifts before and after exclusions, exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax-taxable returns by total gift plus tax classes and nontaxable returns by total gift classes.
3. Value of gifts transferred in trust and of gifts otherwise transferred with corresponding frequency and percentage distributions-by types of property.
4. Number of returns for identical donors, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax-by taxable status.
5. Frequency distribution of taxable returns for identical donors who reported taxable gifts for prior years-by net gift classes and by net gift for prior years classes.
6. Number of returns, total gifts before exclusions, net gifts, and tax, 1932-48.
Table 1.-Gift tax returns for 1948, taxable returns by net gift classes and nontaxable returns in aggregate: Number of returns, total gifts by types
[Classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]



[^25]Table 2.-Gift tax returns for 1948

| Table 2.-Gift tax returns for returns, toial | le returns e exclusio | by total s, exclusi <br> asses and m | ift plus $g$ ons; total <br> oney figures | ift tax cla ifts after <br> in thousand | es and no clusions <br> dollars] | ontaxable deduction | turns b net gift | total gift and tax | classes: | umber of |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | axable return |  |  |  |  |
| Total gift plus tax classes 11 | Total number of |  |  | Gifts of ta ported by | payer respouse ${ }^{2}$ | Gifts of spou by $\operatorname{tax}$ | reported yer ${ }^{3}$ | Total gifts |  | Total gifts |
|  |  |  |  | Number of returns | Amount | Number of returns | Amount | , |  | O |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |  | 1,638 |  |  |
| Under 5. <br> 5 under 10 | 3,185 5,793 |  | 1,981 | 177 245 | 1,280 | 70 | 96 286 | 1,638 | 3, 037 | 2,553 |
| 10 under 20 | 7,141 | 1, 106 | 17. 700 | 348 | 3,422 | 111 | 822 | 15, 101 | 6, 240 | 8,861 |
| 20 under 30 | 3, 900 | 678 | 18,783 | 221 | 3,849 | 119 198 | 771 | 15, 704 | 4,560 | 11, 144 |
| 30 under 40 | 2,888 | 812 | 29,305 | 205 | 5, 074 | 126 | 3. 240 | 27.471 | 4,602 | 22, 869 |
| 40 under 50 | 1,014 | , 701 | 30. 649 | 144 | 4,729 | 108 | 3,971 | 29,891 | 5,003 | 24, 888 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,437 | 1, 185 | 74, 843 | 288 | 12, 122 | 223 74 | 11,300 7,166 | 74,021 52,685 | 9,746 4,181 | $64,275$ |
| 100 under 200 | 502 | 447 | 54, 036 | 109 | 8,517 | 74 | 7, 166 | 52, 685 | 4, 181 | $48,504$ |
| 200 under 400 | 228 | 201 | 45,508 | 61 | 8, 223 | 50 | 9,708 | 46, 993 | 2, 197 | 44,796 |
| 400 under 600 | 47 | 38 | 15, 433 | 11 | 2,613 | 10 | 2,559 | 15, 389 | 342 375 | 15, 047 |
| 600 under 800 | 22 | 20 | 12,901 | 8 | 3,264 | 5 | 1, 664 | 11, 301 | 375 | 10, 926 |
| 800 under 1,000 | 9 | 6 | 5, 129 | 2 | 1,251 | 1 | 794 | 4, 672 | 153 | 4, 519 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 14 | 13 | 13, 235 | 2 | , 248 | 1 | 1 | 12,988 | 204 | 12,784 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 5 | 3 | 4, 187 | 1 | 1,309 | 1 | 1,309 | 4,187 | 24 | 4, 163 |
| 2,000 under 2,500 | 3 | 3 | 5,500 | 1 | 1,800 | 1 | 1,800 | 5,500 | 57 | 5,443 |
| 2,500 under 3,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,500 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 | 2 | 2 | 6,115 |  |  |  |  | 6, 115 | 45 | 6,070 |
| 4.500 under 5,000 | 1 | 1 | 3,500 |  |  |  | .----.-.... | 3, 500 | 21 | 3,479 |
| 5,000 under 6,000. | 2 | 2 | 8, 242 |  |  |  | ---------- | 8,242 | 90 | 8,152 |
| 6,000 under 7,000. | 2 | 1 | 5,027 |  |  |  |  | 5, 027 | 36 | 4,991 |
| 7,000 under 8.000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8.000 under 9,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9,000 under 10,000 10,000 or more |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 or more. | 5 | 3 | 31,875 |  |  |  |  | 31,875 | 159 | 31,716 |
| Total taxable returns. | 26, 200 | 6,559 | 390, 532 | 1,823 | 58, 141 | 884 | 45,498 | 377.889 | 42,013 | 335, 876 |

Total gift plus tax classes ${ }^{11}$
Taxable returns-Continued

| Total gift plus tax classes ${ }^{11}$ | Deduction |  |  |  |  |  | Net gifts |  |  | Gift tax |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Charitable, public, and similar gifts after exclusions ${ }^{3}$ | Marital deduction ${ }^{6}$ |  | Specific exemption 19487 |  | Total deductions | 1948 | Prior years ${ }^{8}$ | Aggregate | 1948 | Prior years ${ }^{\circ}$ | Aggregato |
|  |  | Number of returns | Amount | Number of returns | Amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5 |  | 8 |  |  | 20 199 |  |  |  | 32, 358 | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 235 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,379 | 5.452 |
| 5 under 10 | $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 257 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 90 129 | 240 600 | 15 <br> 92 <br> 209 | 1,014 | 4 $\mathbf{4}, 871$ | 6, 2.990 |  | 55. <br> 84,501 | 8807 | 10,390 15,102 | 10,625 |
| 20 under 30 | 445 | 70 | 520 | 217 | 2,081 | 3,047 | 8, 097 | 52,641 | 60, 738 | 1,013 | 11,061 | 12, 074 |
| 30 under 40 | 577 | 54 | 484 | 526 | 12, 823 | 13.884 | 8,985 | 36, 845 | 45, 829 | 1,090 | 7,484 | 8.574 |
| 40 under 50 | 516 | 45 | 498 | 505 | 13, 576 | 14,591 | 10, 297 | 40, 021 | 50, 318 | 1,157 | 10, 534 | 11,691 |
| 50 under 100 | 2,352 | 124 | 2, 934 | 798 | 21, 358 | 26, 645 | 37,630 | 98,742 | 136.372 | 5,015 | 27,442 | 32,457 |
| 100 under 200 | 4.694 | 59 | 2, 212 | 227 | 6, 012 | 12. 917 | 35, 587 | 113, 122 | 148, 710 | 6. 695 | 34. 271 | 40. 966 |
| 200 under 400 | 5. 001 | 27 | 2,459 | 80 | 2, 068 | 9, 528 | 35. 268 | 92, 190 | 127.457 | 8,000 | 30, 306 | 38.306 |
| 400 under 600 | 1,597 | 6 | 913 | 9 | 239 | 2. 750 | 12, 297 | 22, 711 | 35, 008 | 3. 126 | 6,841 | 9,967 |
| 600 under 800 | 2.429 |  |  | 8 | 180 | 2, 610 | 8, 316 | 36. 673 | 44, 989 | 2. 388 | 15.626 | 18. 013 |
| 800 under 1,000. | $1,9.54$ 4,260 | 2 | 230 349 |  | 90 90 |  | 2,245 8,085 | $\begin{array}{r}7,568 \\ 19,440 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9,814 27.525 | $\begin{array}{r}599 \\ \hline 2196 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  | 3. 10 10 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 under 2,000 | 4,260 | 2 | 349 | 3 1 1 | 90 <br> 30 | $\begin{array}{r}4,699 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8,085 3,860 | 19,440 3,783 | 27,525 7,583 | 2,196 1,311 | 8,195 | 10,391 2,365 |
| 2,000 under $\mathbf{3} \mathbf{2} 500$ | 1,021 |  |  | 1 | 30 | 1,051 | 4,392 | 815 | 5,207 | 1,165 | 182 | 1,347 |
| 2,500 inder 3,000 . 3,000 under 3,500 |  |  |  |  | , | --..-.-- | .------ | -........... |  |  |  |  |
| 3,500 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 | 63 |  |  |  |  | 63 | 6,006 | 1,669 | 7,675 | 2, 205 | 434 | 2,639 |
| 4,500 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,479 | 257 | 3,736 | 1,211 | 51 | 1,262 |
| 5,000 6,000 under 6, 7,000 | 3,433 |  |  |  |  | 3,433 | 4,719 4,991 | $\begin{array}{r}5,626 \\ \hline 04\end{array}$ | 10.344 5,394 | 2.206 1,963 | 1,833 86 | 4, 039 |
| 6,000 under 7,000 <br> 7,000 under 8,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,991 | 404 | 5, 394 | 1,963 | 86 | 2,049 |
| 8,000 under 9,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9,000 under 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 or more.-- | 26, 571 |  |  |  |  | 26,571 | 5, 146 | 170, 267 | 175, 412 | 2,893 | 96, 552 | 99,445 |
| Total taxable returns.- | 55, 472 | 616 | 11, 444 | 2,694 | 59,813 | 126, 729 | 209, 148 | 865,647 | 1,074,795 | 45, 338 | 285, 449 | 330,787 |

Table 2.-Gift tax returns for 1948, taxable returns by total gift plus gift tax classes and nontaxable returns by total gift classes: Number of
[Classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Total gift elasses ${ }^{18}$ | Nontaxable returns |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Total gifts | Gifts of taxpayer reported by spouse ${ }^{2}$ |  | Gifts of spouse reported by taxpayer ${ }^{3}$ |  | Total gifts before ex clusion | $\underset{\text { Exclu- }}{\text { Sions }}$ | Total gifts after exclusions |
|  |  |  | Number of re- turns | Amount | Number of returns | Amount |  |  |  |
| Nontaxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,651 4,990 | 8,032 32,880 38 | 410 680 | ${ }_{1}^{1,217}$ | ${ }_{7}^{760}$ | 2, 158 | 8,973 | 6, 105 | 2, 868 |
| ${ }_{20}^{10} \mathbf{1 0}$ under ${ }^{\text {under }} 30-\cdots$ | 6,035 | 80,506 | 680 897 | 1,2106 10,699 | 1,110 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6, } 2,054 \\ 14,528 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 84, 366 | 17,253 28,103 | ${ }_{56,263}^{17,621}$ |
| ${ }_{30} 20$ under | 3,222 | ${ }^{74,676}$ | 477 | 9,116 | ${ }^{582}$ | 12. 734 | 78, 294 | 17,626 | 60,668 |
| ${ }_{40} 40$ under 50. | 2,076 | 67,134 13,754 18 |  | $\xrightarrow{9,372} 1$ | ( $\begin{array}{r}366 \\ 38 \\ 38\end{array}$ | 11, 219 | 68. 981 | 13, 369 | 55, 612 |
| 50 under 100 | 252 | 15,399 | 19 | ${ }^{1,586}$ | 17 | 1,105 | -13, 1548 | 3,381 1,813 |  |
| 100 under 200 under 400 | 55 | 7, 217 | 4 | ${ }_{3}^{301}$ |  | 509 | 7,425 | ${ }^{424}$ | 7,001 |
| 400 under 600 | 27 9 | 8,237 4,30 |  | 336 | 1 | 1 |  | 270 69 |  |
| 800 under 800 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1,369 |  |  |  |  | 1,369 | 18 | 1,351 |
| 1,000 under 1,000. |  | $\xrightarrow{2} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{1 , 3 5 0}$ |  |  |  |  | - | 9 | 2.641 |
| ${ }^{1,500}$ 200 under |  | 3,460 |  |  |  |  | 3,460 |  | ${ }_{3,454}^{1,327}$ |
| ${ }_{2}^{2,500}$ under 3,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3, 3 , 5000 under 3 under 4,5000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 - |  | -......... |  |  |  |  | -- |  |  |
| 4,500 under 5,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{6} 6,000$ under 7,000 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7,000 under 8,000. | 1 | 6, 503 |  |  |  |  | 6,503 | 6 | 8,497 |
| 8,000 9,000 under 9,0000 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 or more...- | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 22. | - | -------- | ---- |  | 22,902 | 18 | 22,884 |
| Total nontaxable returns | 19,641 | 350, 392 | 2,865 | 37,073 | 3,804 | 49,715 | 363, 034 | 88, 484 | 274, 550 |

Total gift classes ${ }^{12}$
Nontaxable returns:

 | $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\vdots$ | $\vdots$ |
|  |  |

| Total gi | Charitable, public, and similar gifts after exclusions ${ }^{3}$ | Marital deduction ${ }^{6}$ |  | Specific exemption $1948{ }^{7}$ |  | Total deductions | Net gifts for prior years ${ }^{8} 10$ | Gift tax for prior years ${ }^{\circ} 10$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of returns | Amount | Number of returns | Amount |  |  |  |
| Nontaxable returns: $\quad 180$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \| Under 5-..... | 182 | 260 | 269 | ${ }_{4}^{1,993}$ | 2,418 13 | - 2,868 | 12,259 | 2,335 10,901 |
| 10 under 20. | 3,536 | 651 | 4,018 | 5,653 | 48.710 | 56, 263 | 50, 905 | 12,082 |
| 20 under 30 | 3,262 | 377 | 4,033 | 3, 059 | 53, 374 | 60, 668 | 38,778 | 10, 978 |
| 30 under 40 | 2,475 | 235 | 3,434 | 1,999 | 49,703 | 55, 612 | 19,747 | 4, 843 |
| 40 under 50 | 2,296 | 93 | 1, 834 | 263 | 6, 232 | 10,362 | 11,594 | 2, 710 |
| 100 under 200 | 6,147 | 140 | 3,876 | 166 4 | 4, 132 | 14.005 7,001 | 33,493 | 11,955 |
| 200 under 400. | 7,630 | 1 | 3 |  |  | 7,633 | 27, 774 | 8,676 |
| 400 under 600 | 4,261 |  |  |  |  | 4, 261 | 8,779 | 1,543 |
| 600 under 800 under 1000 | 1,351 |  |  |  |  | 1,351 2,641 | 10.205 9,095 | 4,340 1,075 |
| 1,000 under 1,500 | 1, 327 |  |  |  |  | 1,327 | 9, 144 | 4,078 |
| 1,500 under 2,000 | 3,454 |  |  |  |  | 3,454 | 318 | 59 |
| 2,000 under 2,500-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,500 under 4,000-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under 6,000.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,000 under 7,000.- | 6,497 |  |  |  |  | 6,497 |  |  |
| 7,000 under 8,000-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8,000 under $10,000$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 or more | 22,884 |  |  |  |  | 22, 884 | 130 | 22 |
| Total nontaxable | 76, 281 | 2,540 | 19,830 | 17, 192 | 178,439 | 274, 550 | 320, 293 | 85, 713 |

[^26]Table ${ }^{-}$3.-Gift tax returns for 1948, gifts by types of property in aggregate, in trust, and otherwise transferred with corresponding frequency and percentage distributions
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 4.-Gift tax returns for 1948, of identical donors, ${ }^{13}$ by taxable status for current year and for prior years: Number of returns, total gifts after exclusions, deductions, net gifts, and tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see p. 424.

Table 5.-Taxable gift tax returns for 1948, of identical donors ${ }^{13}$ who reported taxable gifts for prior years, by net gift classes and by net gift for prior years classes: Frequency distribution of returns
[Classes in thousands of dollars]


|  | Net gift for prior years classes ${ }^{14}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net gift classes 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 200 \\ \text { under } \\ 400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 400 \\ \text { under } \\ 600 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 600 \\ \text { under } \\ 800 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 800 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { 1,500 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,500 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 2,500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,500 \\ & \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ |
| Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 5....- | 143 | 86 | 30 | 10 | 10 | 12 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 5 under 10 | 64 | 43 | 10 | 10 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 1 | 2 |
| - 10 under 20 | 55 | 49 | 17 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 1 |  | 5 |
| - 20 under 30 | 32 | 22 | 12 | 9 | 3 |  | 2 |  |  |
| - 30 under 40 | 24 | 19 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 1 |  | 4 |
| - 40 under 50 | 21 | 10 | 4 | 2 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 2 |
| 50 under 100 | 34 | 44 | 15 | 10 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 7 |
| 100 under 200 | 27 | 15 |  | 8 | 3 | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1 | 5 |
| 200 under 400 | 12 |  | 6 | 4 | 4 |  | 3 |  |  |
| 400 under 600 | 4 | 4 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 600 under 8.50 |  |  | 1 | 4, 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 800 under 1,000 <br> 1,000 under 1,500 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \text { under } 1,500 \\ & 1,500 \text { under } 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| - 2,000 under 2,500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - 2,500 under 3,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,000 under 3,500 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 3,500 under 4,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,000 under 4,500. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Y 4,500 under 5,000 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 5,000 or more.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 419 | 302 | 111 | 66 | 36 | 51 | 25 | 5 | 41 |

${ }^{1}$ For footnotes, see p. 424.

Table 6.-Gift tax returns, 1932-48: Number of returns, by taxable status, total gifts before exclusions, net gifts, and tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Calendar year in which gifts were made | Number of returns |  |  | Total gifts before exclusions | Net gifts | Gift tax |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Taxable | Nontaxable |  |  |  |
| 1932 (June 7-Dec. 31) | 1,747 | 245 | 1,502 | 81,389 | 17,879 | 1,111 |
| 1933...-...---------- | 3,683 | 878 | 2, 805 | 241, 008 | 101.793 | 8.943 |
| 1934 | 9, 270 | 2, 5288 | -6.742 | 888.753 | 537,083 | 68. 383 |
| 1936 | 13, 420 | 3,770 | $\begin{array}{r}13,650 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 2, 482.783 | $1,134,979$ | 162.798 |
| 1937. | 13,695 | 4,128 | 9,567 | 568.109 | 180.939 | 22,758 |
| 1938 | 11,042 | 3,515 | 7,527 | 399.773 | 138, 801 | 17, 839 |
| 1939 | 12, 226 | 3,929 | 8,297 | 371, 604 | 131. 577 | 18,701 |
| 1940 | 15, 623 | 4,930 | 10.693 | 570.042 | 225, 972 | 34,445 |
| 1941 | 25, 788 | 8.940 | 16,848 | 1, 081.482 | 484, 319 | 69, 819 |
| 1942 | 16,906 | 4,380 | 12. 526 | 480. 223 | 120, 653 | 24, 665 |
| 1943 | 16,987 | 4.656 4.979 | 12.331 | 412.655 | 123.936 | 29, 637 |
| 1944 | 18,397 | 4,979 | 13,418 | 499.012 | 148.420 | 37,781 |
| 1945 | 20,095 | 5,540 | 14, 555 | 535. 559 | 169.625 | 36, 633 |
| 1946 | 24, 826 | 6, 808 | 18,018 | 755.604 | 265, 246 | 62, 336 |
| 1947 | 24,857 | 6,822 | 18.035 | 777.613 | 256, 534 | 64,402 |
| 1948 | 26,200 | 6,559 | 19,641 | 740.923 | 209, 148 | 45,338 |

Footnotes for gift tax tables, 1-5, pp. 416-424.

I Net gift classes are based on the amount of current year net gifts.
${ }^{2}$ Cifts of taxpayer reported hy spouse are amounts deducted from the total gifts of the taxpayer and reported hy the taxpayer's spouse as proviled under the 1948 act. This act provides that gifts made alter A pril 2, 1948, hy one sponse to third parties may he considered as made one-half by each sponse provided that both husband and wife signify their consent.
${ }^{2}$ Gifts of spouse reported by taxpayer are amounts trancferred from the return of the taxpayer's spoase as a result of the consent by hoth husband and wifo to divide equally between them, gifts made to third parties after A pril 2, 1948, as provided under the 1948 act.
4 Exclusions from total gifts are the first $\$ 3,000$ of gifts (other than gifts of future interests) made to any one donce, including charitahle donces. In case of consent to divide gifts between husband and wife, an exclusion is available to each spouse.

- Deduction for charitable, public. and similar gifts is the value of such pifts in excess of the exclusion claimed for cach charitable donee and deducted previously.
- Marital deduction for glifts made to the taxpayer's spousc after April 2, 1949, allowed citizens and residents, to the extent of one half the value of property interests which qualify for the deduction. but allowed only to the extent that such gifts-are included in total gifts after the exclusion relating tbereto.
' Specific exemption of $\$ 30,000$ less the sum of amounts claimed and allowed in prior years is allowed each resident or citizen donor. At the option of the donor, the exemption may be taken in a single year or spread over a period of years until exhausted.

F 8 Nct gifts for prior years (subsequent to June 6 , 1932), reported in schedule B, for the purpose of
computing the current year tax, may exceed net gifts actually reported in prior years, for the reason that when a specific exemption of more than $\$ 30.000$ was taken prinr to 194.3 (when a larger exemption was allowahle). the aggregate net gifts for prior ycars as reported in this schedule are increased by an amount equal to the exemption taken in excess of $\$ 30,000$.

- Gift tax for prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932), is tabulated from item 5, schedule for computation of tax, pige 1 . of the current year return. This tax on net gifts for prinr years may not be the actual tax liability reported in those years because it is a tax compated at current vear rates. on the aggrcgate net gifts for prior years adjusted as explained in note 8.
10 The amounts of net gifts and tax for prior years (tabulated as indicated in notes 8 and 9 ) on nontaxable returns are probably understated hecanse schedule $B$ is not always complete on nontaxable returns.
11 Total gift plus tax classes are based on the sum of current year total gifts before exclusions and the current year gift tax.
${ }_{12}$ Total gift. classes are based on the amount of current year total gifts hefore exclusions.
${ }^{13}$ Identical donors are individuals whose current year return shows that they made, gifts to donecs other than charitable, public, and similar organizations in 1948 and also in prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932). If husband and wife consent to divide betwcen them gifts made to third parties, each is considered a donor of his or her respective tatal gifts hefore exclusions, the amount of which includes gifts transferred from the other spouse.
${ }^{14}$ Net gift for prior years classes are based on the aggregate net gifts for prior years (subsequent to June 6, 1932), as adjusted in schedule' $B$ on the current year return. to include the amount in excess of of $\$ 30,000$ specific exemption taken prior to 1943 (see note 8).


## SYNOPSIS OF

## FEDERAL TAX LAWS

## AFFECTING THE COMPARABILITY OF HISTORICAL data in statistics of income

## INDIVIDUAL AND FIDUCIARY INCOME TAX RETURNS

A. Requirements for filing, exemptions, credit for dependents, and normal tax rates, 1913-48.
B. Surtax rates and total surtax, 1913-48.
C. Optional tax (individuals only), 1941-48.
D. Provisions pertaining to capital gains and losses, 1922-48.
E. Provisions pertaining to excess-profits tax 1917, taxes paid to foreign countries 1917-48, and earned income credit 1924-43.

## ESTATE TAX RETURNS

F. Requirements for filing, specific exemption, and credits, 1916-49.
G. Tax rates and tax, 1916-49.

## GIFT TAX RETURNS

H. Requirements for filing, exclusions, and specific exemption, 1924, 1925, and 1932-48.
I. Tax rates and tax, 1924, 1925, and 1932-48.
A.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Requirements for filing, for the income years

|  | Federal tax law 1 (Date of enactment) | Ineome year | Citizens and residents of the United States |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Requirements for filing returns ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Married and living with husband or wife ${ }^{3}$ |  | Single; married and not iiving with husband or wife; fiduciaries ${ }^{3}$ |  |
|  |  |  | Net in. come ${ }^{\circ}$ | Gross income ${ }^{7}$ regardiess of amount of net income | Net income | Gross income? regardiess of amount of net income |
| 1 | Tariff Act (Oct. 3, 1913)..........- | Mar. 1, 1913 through Dec. 31, 1915. <br> 1916 $\qquad$ | \$3,000 |  | \$3,000 | --..--...-.-- |
|  | Revenue Act of. 1916 (Sept. 8, 1916) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3,000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ | -------- |  | ---------------- |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1916 \text { as amended.-..........- } \\ 1917 \text { (Oct. 3, 1917)..---- }\end{array}\right.$ | \}1917 |  |  | 1,000 |  |
| 4 | 1918 (Feb. 24, 1919) | f1918..-...--- | $\begin{aligned} & 2,000 \\ & 2,000 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,000 | \$5,000 |
|  |  | 1919, 1920 |  |  | 1,000 |  |
| 5 | 1021 (Nov. 23, 1921) | 1921, 1922, | 2,000 | \$5,000 | $\bigcirc 1,000$ |  |
| 6 | 1924 (June 2, 1924) | 1924---............- | 2,500 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 7 | 1926 (Feb. 26, 1926) | $\begin{gathered} 1925,1926,1927 \\ (1928 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ \end{gathered}$ | 3,500 | 5,000 | 1,500 | 5,000 |
|  | 1928 (May 29, 1828) | 1929-..------------ | 3,500 | 5, 000 | 1,500 | 5,000 |
|  |  | 1930, 1931..--....-- | 2,500 | 5,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 9 | 1932 (June 6, 1932) | 1932, 1933 |  |  |  |  |
| 101112 |  |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 2,500 \\ 2,500 \end{array}\right.$ | 5,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
|  |  |  |  | 5,000 | 1,000 | 5,000 |
| 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Revenue Acts amending Code: 22 1940 (June 25, 1940) $\qquad$ |  | --.--------- |  | --..-- | 800750 |
| 14 |  |  |  | 1,500 1. 200 |  |  |
| 15 | 1942 (Oct. 21, 1942) --.---...--- |  |  | 1,200 1,200 35 |  | 500 |
| 16 | Individual Income Tax Act of 1944 (May 29, 1944). | $\int_{1948 .}^{1944,} \begin{aligned} & 1945, \\ & 1946, \end{aligned}$ |  | 500 |  | 500 |
| 17 | 1948 (April 2, 1948)... |  |  | 600 |  | 600 |

For footnotes, see pp. 428-428.
exemptions, credit for dependents, and normal tax rates under the Federal tax laws, 1913 through 1948


## Footnotes for table $A$

1 There are several statutes which, while they do not rertain to the iterss set forth in this table, do contain provisions pertaining to relsted items. References to such ststutes aremade in footnotes to this tahle es follows: Ncte 6 (c), par. 6, and note 6 (d), par. 5, refer to provisions of the Nationel Industrial Recovery Act; notes 5,6 (c), par. 8 , $\varepsilon$ nd note 9 refer to provisions of the Revenve Act of 1937; the last two pr ragrephs of note 7 refer to the Public Salary Tax Act and the Revenue Act of 1939, respectively; and notes 3 and 24 refer to the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943.

2 (a) For 1913 through 1917, individuals were required to file returns on a calendar year basis; for 1918 and subsequent years, returns are permitted for a fiscal year other tnan that ending Dec. 31.
(b) For 1913 through 1915, a citizen er resident of the United States, whose net income was less than $\$ 20,000$ and for whom a full return was made by withholding agent, was not required to file a return.
(c) For 1921 and subsequent years, citizens deriving a large percents ge of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United Ste tes are required to file returns for all income derived from sources within the United States, or from sources within or without the United Str tes received within the United States, regardless of amount.
(d) Fcr 1925 through 1942, citizens whe are nonresidents of the United States for more than six months of the year are not required to report earned income from sources without the United Strtes, and are not required to file returns unless their gross income or net income, exclusive of earned income from sources without the United States, equals or exceeds the amount indicated in this table under "Requirerrents for filing returns." Beginning 1943 the foregoing provisions epply only where the period of nonresidence covers the entire taxable year. For 1932 and subsequent years, (1) the exclusion from gross income of earned income from sources without the United States does not apply to amoints paid by the United States or any agency thereof, and (2) the compensation of resident alien employees of forcign gnvernments is excluded from gross income under cert? in conditions. See section 116(h). Revenve Act of 1936, which subsection (h) was added to section 116, Revenue Act of 1934, by Public, No. 374, Seventy-fourth Congress, and which is retroactive, subject to the statutory period of limitation.
(e) For 1941 through 1947, members of the armed forces serving abroad or on sea duty may postpone the filiug of returns and payment of ta $x$ until the 15 th day of the sixth month following the month in which they return to the United States but not beyond Junc 15, 1948.
(f) Beginning 1944, earnings received in respect to the services of a miner are the income of the minor (even though such amounts are not received by the minor) by or for whom a return must be fled if the gross income equals or exceeds the required amount for filing a return.
${ }^{8}$ The amount of income for which married persons are required to file returns is the combined net in: come of the spouses for 1913-20; either the combined net income or the combined gross income for 1921-39; the combined gross ineome for 1940-42; the combined gross income for 1943 unless one spouse has gross income in excess of $\$ 624$. in which case a return is required for thet spouse on account of the victory tax, also a return is required under the Current Tax Payment Act if there was a tax liability for 1942, regardless of the amount of 1943 income; the seperp te gross income of husband or wife for 1944-48. Throughout the entire period husband and wife file separate returns unless the combined income is included in a joint return; a joint return may be filed even though one spouse has no income.

For 1943, married persons, not liable for a 1942 tax, whose combined gross income is less than $\$ 1,200$ and whose separate gross incomes are not greater than
$\$ 624$, should file a return to claim refund of any tax the t may have been withheld on wages; beginning 1944, iny spouse with less then the required amount of gross income, which includes weges subject to withholding, shnuld file a return to clim refund of tox withheld unless such income is included in a combined return.

4 For 1943, a return is required if there was a tax lability on 1942 income, regerdless of the gross income for 1943. Also, an individual with less than $\$ 500$ gross income which includes wages subject to withholding and who wes not liable for a 1942 tax should file a return to claim refund of $t \varepsilon x$ withheld; for 1944 and subsequent years, persons with gross income less than the amounts shown, which includes wages subject to withholding, should file to claim refund of tax withheld.

5 For 1936 and prior years, income from an estate or trust taxable to the fiduciary is required to be reported on the individual incorre tax return, Form 1040, while-income from an esta te or trust not taxable to the fiduciary is required to be reported on the fiduciary return of income, Form 1041, the requirements for filing being the same as for a single perscn, except thet a return is required for every estate or trust of which any beneficiary is a nonresident alien. Beginning with 1937, all income from an estate or trust is required to be reported on the fiduclary income tax return. Form 1041, the requirements for filing continuing to be the same as for a single person, with the exception previously mentioned, and with the additional requirement, for 1938 and subscquent years, that a retur'n must be filed for every trust hav. ing a net income of $\$ 100$ or more.
${ }^{6}$ Net income means the excess of gress income (see note 7 below) over deductions as defined in the various revenue acts. Net income on fiduciery returns means net income taxable to the fiduciary. The variations in certain deductions allowable in computing net income, follow:
(a) Amertization of buildings, machinery, equipment, or other facilities constructed or acquired on or after Apr. 6, 1917, for the production of articles contributing te the prosecution of the war is included to a reasonable amount in business deductions, for any taxable year ending before Mar. 3 , 1924. Amortization of the cost of emergency facilities, completed or acquired after Dec. 31, 1939, and certified to be necessary for national defense, may be written eff, subject to certain qualificetions and limitations, over a $60-\mathrm{month}$ period instead of through the ordinary depreciation and obsolescence deduction based on estimated useful life. If the 60 -month period extends beyond the dste on which the facility ceased to be needed (or beyond Sept. 29 , 1945 , the date proclain ed by the President as ending the emergency period), the taxpayer may elect to use an amortization period shorter than 60 months ending on the date the facility cessed to be needed (or on Sept. 29, 1945, whichever is the earlicr). (The amount of the amortization deduction is not 1abulated separately in Statisties of Income, except for 1945; it is ineluded in business deductions for all years.)
(b) Contributions or gifts made by individuals within the year to corporations, associations, or societies, organized and eperated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, or educetional purposes, to an amount not in excess of 15 percent of the taxable net income computed without the benefit of the deduction for such contributions (and, for 1942-43, also without the benefit of the deduetion for medical exjenses), are, in genersl, deductible for 1917-43; for 1944-48, contributions are allowed to the extent of 15 percent of adjusted gross income. For 1938 and thereafter, such contributions are deductible only if actualiy paid during the taxable year; for 1938-39, only if paid to or for the use of domestic orgenizations; and for 1940-48, only if paid to or for the use of organizntions created in or under the laws of the United States or any possession thereof.

## Footnotes for table $A$-Continued

Sectlon 214 of the Revenue Act of 1924 introduces the provision that, if in the taxable year and in each of the 10 preceding taxable years, the amount of charitable contributions iplus, for 1928 and thereafter, the amount of income taxes paid during such year in respect of preceding taxable years) excceds 00 nercent of tre taxpayer's net incorre for each such year. the full amount of such contributions or gifts is deductible.
(c) Losses: For 1913 and subscquent years, Josses actually sustained during the taxable year. incurred in trade or husiness or arising from fire, storm, or shipwreck: other casualty or theft, 1916 and thereafter; and war losses occurring after Dec. 7, 1941, not comnensated by insurance or otherwise, are deductihle.
For 1016 and 1917, losses sustained during the taxahle year in transactions entered into for profit but not connected with trade or business, were deductible only to the extent of the aggregate income from such sources; for 1918 and subsequent years, such losses are, in general, dedictihle. Certain variations and exceptions are outlined in the follow. ing parapraphs:
Reginning 1919, losses sustained by virtue of securitics hecoming worthless during the taxahle year are deductihle. For treatment of losses due to securities, which are canital assets, becoming worthless, for 1938 and thereafter, sce table D, note 1, p. 447.

For 1921 and thereafter, losses resulting from the sale of securities after Nov. 23,1921 , are not deductihle when substantially identical securities are acquired or reacquired within 30 days before or after such transaction.
For 1924 and suhsequent years, loss on the sale or exchange of capital assets is treated as shown in table D, pp. 444-445. (For method of tabulating capital loss and the effect on net income tabulated, see pp. 53-58.)

For 1932 and 1933, losses from sales or exchanges of stocks or honds, held less than 2 years and other than bonds issued by a government or political subdivision thereof, are allowed only to the extent of the gain from such sales or exchanges, excepit that rersons dealing in securities or engaged in the banking husiness were allowed to deduct the full amount of such losses. The Revenue Act of 1932 allowed the excess of such losses to be carried forward and applied against such gains for the next succeeding year, but this carry-over was nullified by section 218(b), National Industrial Recovery Act; section 218(d) of this Act also provided that no rart of any loss disallowed to a partnership should he allowed as a deduction to a member of such partnership in computing net income for 1933.

For 1934 and subsequent years, losses from wagering transactions are allowahle, hut only to the extent of the gains from such transactions; losses are not deductible when resulting from sales or exchanges of nronerty, directly or indirectly, hetween memhers of a family or, except in case of distributions in liquidation, between an individual and a cornoration in which such individual owns, directly or indirectly, more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock of the corporation.
For 1937 and subsequent years, losses are not deductible when resulting from sales or exchanges of property between (1) a grantor and a fiduciary of any trust, (2) a fiduciary of a trust and a fiduciary of annther trust, if the same person is a grantor with respect to each trust, and (3) a fiduciary of a trust and a beneficiary of such trust.

For 1942 and thereafter, losses from involuntary conversion of property are deductible in cases of business property or property the acquisition of which was a transaction enterer into for profit. (Also see in voluntary conversions, table D, note 1, p. 447.)
(d) The provisions pertaining to net loss for prior year (excess of deductions over gross income with certain adjustments and limitations) are summarized in the following paragraphs:
A net loss for any taxable year heginning after Oct. 31, 1918, and endiag prior to Jan. 1, 1920, may
be deducted from the net Income of the preceding year, a redetermination of tax for the preceding year being made. When the net loss exceeds the net income for the preceding year, the amount of such excess is to he deducted from the net income of the succceding taxahle year.
There is no provision for deduction of net loss incurred in 1920.

A net loss sustained in any year, 1921 through 1929, may be feducted from the net income of the succeeding taxable year, and if such Joss excceds the net income of the first succeeding ycar, the amount of such excess is to he allowed in the second succeeding year. A net. loss for 1930 may be carried forward and deducted from the net income of the first succeeding year only. (The prior year loss is not deducted from net income as tabulated in Statistics of Income.)
There is no provision for deduction of a net loss Incurred in 1931 through 1938. (The Revenue Act of 1932 provides for a net loss carry-over to the first succeeding year only, hut this nrovision was never in effect, heing nullified by section 218(a), National Industrial Recovery Act.)
The Internal Revenue Code, as amended hy section 211 of the Revenue A ct of 1939 , provides that individuals engaged in trade or husiness, incurring a net operating loss in any taxahle year heginning on or after Jan. 1, 1939 , may carry such loss forward and apply it with certain adjustments and limitations, as a deduction against the net income of the first succeeding year. The excess loss, if any, that is not absorhed by the net income of the first succeeding year, may be carried forward and deducted from the net income of the second succeeding year. Section 153 of the 1942 act provides that the "net operating loss" may be carried back to the two preceding taxable years (but not to any taxable year beginning before Jan. 1, 1941) and he included in computing the net operating loss deduction for such preceding taxable year. The net operating loss for any taxable year which is not used as a carry-back may be carried forward to the two succeeding taxable years. The "net operating loss" deduction reported in other deductions for 1940-43 and in business deductions for 1944-48 is only the amount carried forward. (Net operating loss is not tabulated separately in Statistics of Income, except for $1945 ;$ it is reflected in the tabulated net income (or deficit) for 1940.43 and adjusted gross income (or deficit) for 1944-48.)
(e) Dednction is provided for amortizahle bond premium for 1942 and thereafter; for medical. dental, etc., expenses raid during the taxable year, for 194243 , to the extent that such expenses excced 5 percent of net income computed without regard to such expenses, but limited to $\$ 2,500$ in the case of the head of a family or married persons filing a joint return or to $\$ 1,250$ in the case of otber individuals, and for 1944-48, to the extent that such exrenses exceed 5 percent of adjusted gross income but limited, for 1944-47, to $\$ 2,500$ if more than one exemution (surtax exemption for 1944-45) is allowed or to $\$ 1,250$ if only one exemption is allowed, and for 1948, to a maximum of (a) $\$ 1,250$ if only one exemption is allowed, (b) $\$ 2.500$ if single or married and filing a separate return and more than one exemption is allowed, or (c) if married and filing a joint return, $\$ 2,500$ if two exemptions, $\$ 3,750$ if three exemptions, or $\$ 5,000$ if four or morc exemptions are allowed (exemptions for age or blindness are not included); and there is provided a special deduction of $\$ 500$, for 1944-47, for an individual who meets the statutory definition of blindness (for 1948 an additional exemption is provided in lieu of the deduction for blindness).
(f) No deductions are reported on Form 1040A for 1941-43 and 1948, Form W-2 for 1944-47, nor on shortform 1040 for 1944-48; however, the ontional tax on such returns makes allowance for deductions. (See table C, note 5, p. 443. .)

An optional standard deduction is provide in lieu of nonbusiness deductions for 1944 and subsequent years. If the adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$, the standard deduction is approximately 10 percent thereof and is allowed automatically through use of the optional tax. If the adjusted gross income

## Footnotes for table $A$-Continued

is \$5.000 or more, the standard deruction for 1914-47 is $\$ 500$ and for 1948 is the smaller of $\$ 1,000$ or 10 percent of the adjusted gross income, except that for a married person flling a separate return the standard deduction is $\$ 500$. (In Statistics of Income for 1941-43, gross income on Form 104nA is tahulated in lien of net income; for 1944 and suhsequent jears neither the net income nor the standard deduction is tahulated for those individuals who elect the standard deduction.)
? Aross income, in general, includes all gains or profits and inconie derived from any source whatever except such as is specifically exempt from income tar.

The following Items, under certain conditions, are among the exclusions from gross income:

1913 and thereafter-
Pruceeds of life insurance policies pald upon the death of the insured.
Wholly tax-exempt interest.
The value of property acquired by gift, bequest. devise, or descent.
Amounts reccived as return of premiums paid under life insurance, endowment, or annuity contracts.
1913 through 1938-
Compensation of all officers and emplnyees of a State or political suhdivision thereol, ineludIng puhlir school teachers, if not paid by the United States. (For 1939 and therealter, see next to last paragraph of this note.)
1918 and thereafter-
Compensation for injuries or sickness.
So much of the amount received during World War I by a person in the military or naval forces of the United States as salary or compensation in any form from the United States, for active service in such forces, as did not exceed $\$ 3.500$.
1921 and thereaftar-
Amounts received as compensation, family allotments and allowances, or as pensions from the United States for service of henofiriary or annther in military or naval forces of the United States in time of war.
Rental value of a dwelling house furnished to a minieter of the gospel.
Rereipts of shipowners' mutual protection and indemnity uscociations.
1922 throngh 1931-
So much of the amount received as dividend or interest from domestic building and loan associations, operated exclusively for purpose of making loans to members, as does not exreed $\$ 300$.
1925 through 1948-
Earned income Irom sources withont the United States. (Also see note 2(d), p. 428.)
1928 through 1938-
Salaries of teachers in Alaska and Hawali, if not naid hy the United States.
1932 and thereafter-
Compensation of employees of foreign governments.
1938 and thereafter-
Inconie exempt under treaty.
1940 and thereafter-
Compensation of emplnyees of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.
1941 through 1948-
Compensation receired hy noneommissloned personnel for active service in the military or naval forces of the United States. (Prior to enactment of the Revenue Act of 1915 and Public Law 384, Fightieth Congress, oniy $\$ 250$ If single or $\$ 30$ if married or hear of a family were excluled for 1942, and $\$ 1,500$ during 1943-44. The additional exclusions, made retroactive, are $n$ nt reflected in the salary tahulated in Statistics oi Incomo for the years 1941 through 1944.)

1942 and thercaiter-
Disahility pay for sickness or injury resulting from active service in the armed forces of any country.

1943 throngh 1948 -
Active service nay, not exceeding $\$ 1,500$, of commissioned officers In the military or naval forces of the United States.
1944 and thereafter-
Mustering-out paymento with respect to service in the military or naval forees of the United States.
Compensation received in respect of sercices of a minor is excluded from the gross Income of the parent (reported on the minor's return if recjuired to he filed).
The twn following paragraphs pertain to certaln salaries which are to be included in gross income, as Indicated:

Prior to 1932 the taxability of the salories of Federal judges was the subject of considerable !itlgatiôh. The Revenue Act of 1932 made the compensation of the President and of Federal judges whn took office after June 6, 1932, tavable. By the Public Salary Tax A ct of 1939, the salaries of Federal judges who tnok office on or before June 6. 1932. were made tarable, as well as the compensation for personal services rendered after Dec. 31, 1938, as an nfficer or employec of a State, or any political subdivision thereof or any agency or instrunsentality of any one or more of the foregoing. (See exclusion for 1913 thrnugh 1938 abore.)

Section 107 of the Code, added by the Revenue Act of 1939, provides that, for any taxable sear heginning after Dec 31, 1938 , in the case of compensation (a) received from personal services rentered by an individual in hic individual capacity. or as a member of a partnership and covering a period of Gue calendar years or more from the beginning to the completion of such services, (b) pald (or not less than 95 percent of which is paid for 1939 and 1940; 75 percent lor 1941) only on the completion of such services, and (c) required to he included in gross income of such individuals, the tax attributable to such compensation shall not be greater than the aggregate of taxes which would have been paid had the compensation been received in equal portions in earh of the years in the perior. Beginning 1942, practically the same provision obtains, excent that the time element is reduced to 3 yenrs and the portion of compens:Ition so receiver is increased to 80 percent. (For method of tabulating such compensation reported for 1948 , see p. 18.)

Exemptions are credits against net income for purposes of the normal tax or the surtax, or both. They are termed "personal exemption" for 1913-43 and allowed for the taxpayer and spouse, "nnrmaltax cxemption" and "surtax exemption" for 1944-45 and allowed for the taxpayer and spouse with additional "surtax exemptions" in lieu of credit for dependents (see note 10 below), and "cxemptinn" for 1946 and thereafter and allowed for the taxpayer, his spouse, and dependents. For 1948, additionel exemptinns are allowed for age 65 or more and for blindness of the taxpayer and/or spouse (if a joint return is filed).

Exemption is allowed for normal tax onlv for 1913-33, for both normal tax and surtax for 1934 and thereafter, except that for 1944-45 on a joint return where the adjusted gross income of onc spouse is less than $\$ 500$ the normal-tax exeinption is $\$ 500$ plus the adjusted gross income of such sponse.
Personal exemption for 1913-23 is determined by the maritel status of the taxpaver on the lost day of the taxable year; for 1924-43, if the taxpayer's status changes during the year, the personal exemption is apportioned according to the number of months during which the taxpayer oceupied each status, excent that for individuals filing Form in40A, the inarital status is determined as nf Dec. 31 for 1941 and as of July 1 for 1942-43 and the personal exemption is not prorated. For 1944 and thereafter, marital status is determincd as of the close of the taxable yoar. or if one spouse dies during the year as of the time of such death, and no proration of exemption is required. Head of family status is applicable only for 1916-43.
Personal exemption for the period Mar. 1 throngh
Dec. 31, 1913 is 56 of the amount shown. For 1921

## Footnotes for table $A$-Continued

and subsequent years, citizens deriving a large percentage of their income from sources within a possession of the United States are allowed the same exemption as a nonresident alien.

- For 1937, certain trusts which permitted accumulation of income were not allowed the exemption; for 1938 and subsequent years, a credit of $\$ 100$ against the net income of a trust was substituted for the exemption.

10 The credit against net income allowed individuals for each dependent, under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective, is determined by the number of such dejendents actually receiving their chief support from the taxpayer on the last day of the taxable year, for 1931 and prior years; for 1932-43, if the taxpayer's status, with regard to dependents, changes during the taxable year, the credit for dependents is apportioned according to the number of months during which the taxpaycr occupied each status, except in the cese of taxpayers filing Form 1040A for 1941-43, for which see table C, note 2, p. 443. For 1941-43, if the taxpayer is head of a family wholly by reason of one or more dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit, such credit is disallowed with respect to one such dependent. For 1944-48 an exemption is allowed for each closely related dependent specificd by law whose gross income for the taxable year is less than $\$ 500$ and over half of whose support was received from the taxpayer.

Credits for dependents are allowed for normal tax only, 1917-33; for both normal tax and surtax, 1934-43; for surtax only, 1944-45; and for both normal tax and surtax, 1946 and thereafter.
The credit for dependents is not spplicable to citizens deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, 1921 and subsequent ycars.
${ }^{11}$ The normal tax rates are applied to the balance of net inconle after deducting the following credits (however, for optional tax paid in lieu of normal tax and surtax for 1941 and thereafter, see table $C$, p. 443):
(a) Personal exomption, 1913-16; personal exemption and credit for dependents, 1917-43; normal-tax exemption, 1944-45; and all exemptions, 1946 and thereafter. (For nonresident aliens, see note 14, below.)
(b) Dividends on stock of domestic corporations, 1913 throngh 1935 (other than (1) eorporations deriving a large percentage of their gross incomo from sources within a possession of the United Stites, 1921 through 1935, (2) China Trade Act corporations, 1922 through 1935, and (3) corporations exempt from tax, 1932 through 1935), and dividends on stock of foreign enrporations receiving a certain amount of income from sources within the United States, 1913 through 1933. (For 1936 and subsequent years, no dividends are deductible except those on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations issued prior to Mar. 28, 1942.)
(c) Income upon which the tax has been paid or withheld for payment at the scurce, 1913 through 1917. (This amount was not tabulated soparately in Statistics of Income.)
(d) Intcrest on obligations issucd after Sept. 1, 1917, and hefore Mar. 1, 1941, by the United States or any instrumentality thereof (other than Treasury notes of the National defense series) to the extent that such interest is requircd to be included in gross income. (See Public Debt Act of 1941, sec. 4.)
(e) The earned income credit allowed individuals, 1934-43. (See table E, p. 446.)

12 The normal tax rate is that for the calendar year. In the case of a rate change during a fiscal Jear cnding in the period 1918 through 1933, the total tax is prorated on the basis of the number of months in cach year (total tax was prorated for fiscal years ending in 1919, $1922,1924,1925,1929$,
1930 , and 1932). For fiscal years beginning in the
period Jan. 1, 1934 through July 1, 1941, the rate is that for the year in which the taxable year begins. For fiscal years beginning in 1941 and ending in 1942 after June 30, a tentative tax is computed under the law in effect for each taxable year and the two tentative taxes are then prorated according to the number of days before July 1, 1942, and after June 30, 1942. For fiscal years beginning In 1943 and ending in 1944, the tentative tax method is also employed and the tentative taxes are prorated according to the number of days before Jan. 1, 1944, and the number of days after Dec. 31, 1943, also, for fiscal years beginning in 1945 or 1947 and ending in 1946 or 1948, respectively, the tax is similarly prorated.

1s In general, nonresident aliens are required to file income tax returns for all taxable income from sources within the United States regardless of amount, unless total tax has been paid at source.

14 For 1918 through 1920, nonresident aliens are allowed the personal exemption ( $\$ 1,000$ if single, $\$ 2,000$ if married) and the credit for each dependent (\$200), only when the country of which the nonresident alien is a citizen either imposes no income tax or allows similar credit to citizens of the United States not residing within such foreign country. (Also see notes 17,18 , and 20 , below.)
15 For combined net income in excess of $\$ 5,000$, personal exemption is $\$ 2,000$, but in no case shall the tax exceed that computed with an exemption of $\$ 2,500$ by more than the amount of net income in excess of $\$ 5,000$.
10 Tax for 1923, computed at these rates, was reduced 25 percent by credit or refund under section 1200 (a), Revenue Act of 1924.
${ }^{17}$ For 1921 through 1935, credit for dependent is allowed only to nonresident aliens residing in Canads or Mexico, the credit being $\$ 400$ for each dependent. (For limitation applicable to 1936 and subsequent years, see note 20 , below.)
${ }^{18}$ For 1922 through 1933, on net inconse attributable to compensation for labor or personal services actually performed in the United States, a nonresident alien who is a resident of Canada or Mcxico receives benefit of norrsal tax rate provided for United States citizens. For 1934 and 1935, the rate of normal tax is the same for all individuals. (For 1936 and thereafter, see note 20, below.)

10 These reduced rates for 1929 are provided by Joint Resolution of Congress, No. 133, approved by the President Dec. 16, 1929.
${ }^{20}$ Beginning 1936, the returns of nonresident alicns are divided into two groups-(1) those who are engaged in trade or business within the United States or have an office or place of business therein at any time within the taxable year. and (2) those Who do not have an office or place of business within the United States.

The aliens described in (1) above arc allowed exemption shown (and in the case of residents of Canada or Mexico only, credit for dependents) but are subject to the same tax rates upon their net income from sources within the United States as are provided for citizens of the United States. (The returns of these aliens are included in Statistics of Income for all years.)

Aliens in (2) above compute a tax on gross income from sources within the United States (without exemption or credit for dependents) at the rates shown. Except in the case of a resident of Canada, such aliens liaving more than a specificd amnunt of gross income from sources within the United States use the exemption shown and the normal tax and surtax rates for citizens of the United States in computing a tax on net income, which tax is compared with the tax on gross income (deseribed above) - the larger of the two taxes being the tax liability. Residents of Mexico only are permitted to claim the credit for dependents in computing the tax at normal tax and surtax rates. For variations from these general statements, for exceptions to the rates shown, and for provisions pertaining to such

## Footnotes for table A-Continued

aliens residing in countries with which treaties are in effect, see supplement $H$ of the Revenue Act of 1936 and corresponding provisions of later acts. (The returns of these aliens are not included in Statistics of Income for 1936 and subsequent years.)
${ }^{21}$ The Internal Revenue Codc. approved Feh. 10, 1939, which was enacted as law, codified certain general laws of the United States and parts of such laws relating exclusively to internal revenue in force on Jan. 2, 1939, and repealed all such liws and parts of laws eodified therein to the extent that they related exclusively to internal revenue, as of the effective dates of the respective corresponding provisions of the Code.
${ }_{22}$ Revenue acts passed after Feh. 10. 1939 (the date of the enactment of the Internal Revenue Cole) are not complete taxing stotutes in themselves. hut consist of amendments to the Code. There is no one effective date for all provisions of each act; some of the provisions are retroactive. others apply to the current tax period, while still others are effective for future taxable years.
${ }^{23}$ For 1940 there is superimposed upon the total tax, the defense tax, which is 10 percent of the total tax. The defense tax is computed on the total tax before applying any credits, and is limited to an amount not more than 10 percent of the net income in excess of the total tax computed without regard to the defense tax.

24 The Current Tax Payment Act of 1943 (enacted June 9,1943 ), while not affecting items in this table, provided:
(a) Current cellection of the income and victory tax liability of individuels, beginning July 1, 1943. through an incresse in the rate of withholding upon salories and wages and through payments on declaration of estimated tax. The withholding tax rate provided by errlier legisl tion (see note 25 (d), beJow) was incre'ser to 20 percent of the excess of eqch wage payment over the withholding excmption allowable, effective for the first complete payroll period after Iuly 1, 1943. Persons receiving more than specified amounts of income not subject to withholding were required to file, on or before Sept. 15 , 1943, a decliration of estimpted tax for the taxable year. After deducting the cstimated tax to be withheld and the payments on 1942 tax, payment of the remaining estimeted $t^{-x}$ was due in two instrllments. The first inst-llment wos to be paid at the time of filing the decloretion and the second on Dec. 15, 1943. Amounts actur lly withheld upon wages and those paid on account of the decl ration, as well as payments on the 1942 t9x, are considered p9yments on the total income and victory tax liability on the complete return for 1943.
(b) That an individual who was liable for a 1942 tax must file a 1943 return on which the prior year tax is roported, even though a 1943 return is not otherwise required.
(c) Relief from payment of two years' taxes in one year through the cancellation of part or all of the amaller year's tax liability of those individuals who were subject to tax on both 1942 and 1943 incomes. The forgiveness features, in generyl. are:

If the smaller year's tax is $\$ 50$ or less, it is all forciven.

If the smaller year's tax is more than $\$ 50$, but not over $\$ 66.67$, the forgiveness is a fiat $\$ 50$.

If the smaller year's tax is more than $\$ 66.67$, the forgiveness is 75 percent of such tax.

In the case of an individual who was in the active scrvice of the military or naval forces of the United States or any of the other United

Nations at any time during the taxable year 1942 or 1943, and whose tax liability for 1942 is greater than the tax for 194.\%, the forgiveness is Increased by recomputing the 1942 tax to eliminate as much of its excess over the 1943 tax as is due to earned net income. This may result in the 1942 tax as recomputed being no greater thau the 1943 tax.
${ }^{25}$ Except for this filing provision, the data in this table relate to the income tax and not to the victory tax. A summary of the vietory tex provisions for the income year 1943, under the Revenue Aet of 1942 follows:
(a) A victory tax is imposed at the rate of 5 percent of the victory tax net income after a spccific exemption of $\$ 624$, regardless of the maritel status. An exemption of $\$ 1,248$ is हllowed husbond and wife filing a joint return unless the vietory to $x$ net income of one spouse is less than $\$ 624$ in which case the specific exemption is limited to $\$ 624$ plus the vietory tax net income of such spouse. Against the victory tax a credit is allowed in the amount of 25 percent of the tax (but not over $\$ 500$ ) in the esse of a single person or married person not living with hushand or wife, and 40 percent of the tox (but not over $\$ 1,000$ ) for a married person living with husband or wife or for the head of a family, plus, in esch case 2 percent of the tax (but not more than $\$ 100$ ) for esch dependent with respeet to whom a credit is allowable for ineome tax purposes. The amount of victory tax (before tax credits) is limited to the excess of 00 percent of net income over the tax imposed by Chapter I of the Code.
(b) Victory tax net income differs from income tax nel income in that it does not include (1) pertially tax-exempt interest, (2) gain or loss from $s^{\circ}$ les or exchanges of capital assets, nor (3) certain compensation for injuries or sickness. It differs also in that the only deductions allowed in its determination are expenses incurred in trade or business or in the production of income.
(c) No credit for dependents is allowed for victory tax purposes other than the tax credit described in paragraph (a) of this note.

- (d) Provision is made for collection of tox at source on wages by requiring employers to deduct and withhold, on or after Jan. 1, 1943, a tax equal to 5 percent of the excess of ech wage payment over the withholding deduction sllowable. (The rate of withholding tax was increased beginning July 1, 1943, as indicated in note 24 (a), above.)
(e) When the combined gross income of hinsband and wife is below $\$ 1,200$ but one spouse hes gross income in excess of $\$ 624$, a return is required to be fled by such spousc, on account of the victory tax.
$(f)$ The victory tax is not applicable to nonresident aliens who are not enraged in trade or business in the United States, except in the case of aliens (other than residents of Canada) deriving more than $\$ 15,400$ gross income from sources within the United States.

26 The exemption is $\$ 500$ for each spouse, except that for 1944-45, on joint returns where adjusted gross income of one spouse is less than $\$ 500$, the norme] tax exemption is $\$ 500$ plus the adjusted gross income of such spolise.
${ }^{27}$ For 1946-47, the 3 percent normal tax is reduced hy 5 percent thereof under the Revenue Act of 1945. For 1948, the combined normal tax and surtax is reduced by 17 percent of the first $\$ 400$ of tox, plus 12 percent of the next $\$ 99,600$. and plus 9.75 percent of the amount in excess of $\$ 100,000$.
B.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Surtax rates and total surtax under the Federal tax laws for the income years 1913 through 1948


For footnotes, see p. 437.
B. -Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Surtax rates and total surtax under the Federal tax laws for the income years 1913 through i948-Continued


For footnotes, see p. 473.
B. -Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Surtax rates and total surtax under the Federal tax laws for the income years 1913 through 1948-Continued

|  | Income subject to surtax 1 (Thousands of dollars) |  | Revenue Act of 1934 |  | Revenue Act of 1936 and 1938 and Internal Revenue Code |  | Internal Revenue Code as amended by Revenue Act of- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1940 | 1941 |  |  |
|  |  |  | Income years |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1934, 1935 | 1936 through 1930 |  | 1940 |  | 1941 |  |  |
|  | Exceeding | $\begin{gathered} \text { Equal- } \\ \text { ing } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Rate ${ }^{2}$ (percent) | Total surtax on amount In second column | Rate ${ }^{2}$ (percent) | Total surtax on amount in second column | Rate: (percent) | Total surtax ${ }^{8}$ on amount in second column | Rate ${ }^{\prime}$ (percent) | Total surtax on amount in second column |  |
| 1 | 0 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | \$120 | 1 |
| 2 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 | 300 | 2 |
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 4 | \$40 | 4 | \$40 | 4 | \$40 | 13 | 430 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 80 | 4 | 80 | 4 |  | 13 | 560 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7.5 | 5 | 155 | 5 | 155 | 6 | 170 | 17 | 815 | 5 |
| 6 | 7.5 | 8 |  | 180 | 5 | 180 | 6 | 200 | 17 | 900 | 6 |
| 8 | 8 | 10 | 6 | 300 440 | 6 7 | 300 440 | 8 | 360 560 | $\stackrel{21}{25}$ | 1,320 1,820 | 8 |
| 8 | 10 | 12. | 7 | 440 480 | 7 | 440 480 | 10 12 | 560 620 | 25 29 | 1,820 | 8 |
| 10 | 12.5 | 13 | 8 | 520 | 8 | 520 | 12 | 680 | 29 | 2, 110 | 10 |
| 11 | 13 | 14 | 8 | 600 | 8 | 600 | 12 | 800 | 29 | 2, 400 | 11 |
| 12 | 14 | 15 |  | 690 | 9 | 690 | 15 | 950 | 32 | 2. 720 | 12 |
| 13 | 15 | 16 | 9 | 780 | 9 | 780 | 15 | 1,100 | 32 | 3, 040 | 13 |
| 14 | 16 | 18 | 11 | 1,000 | 11 | 1,000 | 18 | 1,460 | 35 | 3,740 | 14 |
| 15 | 18 | 20 | 13 | 1,260 | 13 | 1,260 | 21 | 1, 880 | 38 | 4, 500 | 15 |
| 16 | 20 | 22 | 15 | 1,560 | 15 | 1,560 | 24 | 2, 360 | 41 | 5. 320 | 16 |
| 17 | 22 | 24 | 17 | 1,900 | 17 | 1.900 | 27 | 2,900 | 44 | 6,200 | 17 |
| 18 | 24 | 26 | 17 | 2, 240 | 17 | 2, 240 | 27 | 3,440 | 44 | 7,080 | 18 |
| 19 | 26 | 28 | 19 | 2. 620 | 19 | 2, 620 | 30 | 4,040 | 47 | 8,020 | 19 |
| 20 | 28 | 30 | 19 | 3, 000 | 19 | 3, 000 | 30 | 4. 640 | 47 | 8. 960 | 20 |
| 21 | 30 | 32 | 19 | 3, 380 | 19 | 3, 380 | 30 | 5, 240 | 47 | 9,900 | 21 |
| 22 | 32 | 34 | 21 | 3, 800 | 21 | 3,800 | 33 | 5,900 | 50 | 10, 900 | 22 |
| 23 | 34 | 36 | 21 | 4,220 | 21 | 4,220 | 33 | 6,560 | 50 | 11, 900 | 23 |
| 24 | 36 | 38 | 21 | 4,640 | 21 | 4, 640 | 33 | 7,220 | 50 | 12, 900 | 24 |
| 25 | 38 | 40 | 24 | 5, 120 | 24 | 5, 120 | 36 | 7,940 | 53 | 13,960 | 25 |
| 26 | 40 | 42 | 24 | 5, 600 | 24 | 5, 600 | 36 | 8, 660 | 53 | 15,020 | 26 |
| 27 | 42 | 44 | 24 | 6, 080 | 24 | 6,080 | 36 | 9,380 | 53 | 16, 080 | 27 |
| 28 | 44 | 46 | 27 | 6, 620 | 27 | 6, 620 | 40 | 10, 180 | 55 | 17, 180 | 28 |
| 29 | 46 | 48 | 27 | 7, 160 | 27 | 7, 160 | 40 | 10, 880 | 55 | 18. 280 | 29 |
| 30 31 | 48 50 | 50 | 27 <br> 30 | 7,700 | 27 | 7,700 | 40 | 11, 780 | 55 | 19, 380 | 30 |
| 31 | 50 | 52 | 30 | 8.300 | 31 | 88320 | 44 44 | 12, 660 | 57 | 20, 520 | 31 |
| 32 | 52 | 54 | 30 <br> 30 | 8,900 | 31 31 | 8.940 | 44 44 | 13, 540 | 57 | 21. 660 | ${ }_{33}^{32}$ |
| 33 | 54 | 56 58 | 30 33 | 9,500 10 | 31 <br> 35 | 9.560 10.260 | 44 44 | 14,420 15,300 | 57 | 22. 800 23 | 33 34 |
| 34 35 3 | 56 58 | 58 60 | 33 33 | 10,160 10,820 | 35 <br> 35 | 10,260 10.960 | 44 44 4 | 15,300 16.180 | 57 57 57 | 23,940 25,080 | 34 <br> 35 |
| 36 | 60 | 62 | 33 | 11,480 | 35 | 11,660 | 47 | 17, 120 | 59 | 26, 260 | 36 |
| 37 | 62 | 64 | 36 | 12, 200 | 39 | 12, 440 | 47 | 18, 060 | 59 | 27,440 | 37 |
| 38 | 64 | 66 | 36 | 12, 920 | 39 | 13, 220 | 47 | 19, 000 | 59 | 28, 620 | 38 |
| 39 | 66 | 68 | 36 | 13, 640 | 39 | 14, 000 | 47 | 19,940 | 59 | 29,800 | 39 |
| 40 | 68 | 70 | 39 | 14,420 | 43 | 14.860 | 47 | 20, 880 | 59 | 30, 980 | 40 |
| 41 | 70 | 72 | 39 | 15, 200 | 43 | 15, 720 | 50 | 21,880 | 61 | 32. 200 | 41 |
| 42 | 72 | 74 | 39 | 15,980 | 43 | 16,580 | 50 | 22, 880 | 61 | 33.420 | 42 |
| 43 | 74 | 75 | 42 | 16, 400 | 47 | 17,050 | 50 | 23, 380 | 61 | 34.030 | 43 |
| 44 | 75 | 76 | 42 | 16, 820 | 47 | 17,520 | 50 | 23, 880 | 61 | 34, 640 | 44 |
| 45 | 76 | 78 | 42 | 17,660 | 47 | 18,460 | 50 | 24, 880 | 61 | 35, 860 | 45 |
| 46 | 78 | 80 | 42 | 18,500 | 47 | 19.400 | 50 | 25, 880 | 61 | 37.080 | 46 |
| 47 48 | 80 | 82 84 8 | 45 | 19,400 20,300 | 51 51 | 20, 420 21,440 | 53 <br> 53 | 26,940 28,000 | 63 63 | 38,340 39,600 | 47 48 |
| 49 | 84 | 86 | 45 | 21, 200 | 51 | 22,460 | 53 | 29,060 | 63 | 40,860 | 49 |
| 50 | 86 | 88 | 45 | 22, 100 | 51 | 23, 480 | 53 | 30, 120 | 63 | 42. 120 | 50 |
| 51 | 88 | 90 | 45 | 23, 000 | 51 | 24,500 | 53 | 31, 180 | 63 | 43.380 | 51 |
| 52 | 90 | 92 | 50 | 24, 000 | 55 | 25, 600 | 56 | 32, 300 | 64 | 44,660 | 52 |
| 5 | 92 | 94 | 50 | 25, 000 | 55 | 26, 700 | 56 | 33, 420 | 64 | 45,940 | 53 |
| 54 | 94 | 96 | 50 | 26, 000 | 55 | 27,800 | 56 | 34,540 | 64 | 47, 220 | 54 |
| 55 | 96 | 98 | 50 | 27, 000 | 55 | 28, 900 | 56 | 35, 660 | 64 | 48.500 | 55 |
| 56 | 98 | 100 | 50 | 28, 000 | 55 | 30, 000 | 56 | 36, 780 | 64 | 49,780 | 56 |
| 57 | 100 | 150 | 52 | 54, 000 | 58 | 59, 000 | 58 | 65. 780 | 65 | 82, 280 | 57 |
| 58 | 150 | 200 | 53 | 80,500 | 60 | 89, 000 | 60 | 95, 780 | 66 | 115, 280 | 58 |
| 59 | 200 | 250 | 54 | 107, 500 | 62 | 120, 000 | 62 | 126, 780 | 67 | 148. 780 | 59 |
| 60 61 | 250 300 | 300 400 | 54 55 | 134,500 189,500 | ${ }_{6}^{64}$ | 152,000 218,000 | 64 66 | 158,780 224,780 | 69 71 | 183. 280 | 60 61 |
| 62 | 400 | 500 | 56 | 245, 500 | 68 | 286,000 | 68 | 292, 780 | 72 | 326, 280 | 62 |
| 63 | 500 | 750 | 57 | 388, 000 | 70 | 461, 000 | 70 | 467, 780 | 73 | 508, 780 | 63 |
| 64 | 750 | 1,000 | 58 | 533, 000 | 72 | 641,000 | 72 | 647, 780 | 74 | 693, 780 | 64 |
| 65 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 59 | 828,000 | 73 | 1,006.000 | 73 | 1, 012, 780 | 75 | 1, 068.780 | 65 |
| 66 67 | 1,500 2.000 | 2,000 5,000 | 59 59 | -1, 123.000 | 73 | $1,371,000$ $3,591,000$ | 73 74 | $1,377,780$ $1,597,780$ | 75 76 | 1, 1 143, 780 | 66 67 |
| 68 | 5.000 | -2,000 | 59 | 2, | 75 | 3, $31,-\cdots-\cdots$ | 75 | 3, 597, 780 | 76 77 | 3, 723, 780 | ${ }_{68}^{67}$ |

For footnotes, see p. 437.
B.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Surtax rates and total surtax under the Federal tax laws for the income years 1913 through 1948-Continued

|  | Income subject to surtax ${ }^{1}$ (Thousands of dollars) |  | Internal Revenue Code as amended by Revenue Act of - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\because 1942$ |  | 1944 |  | 1945 |  |  |
|  |  |  | Income years |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1942, 1943 |  | 1944, 1945 |  | 1946 through 1948 |  |  |
|  | Exceeding | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Equal- } \\ & \text { ing } \end{aligned}$ | Rate? (percent) |  | Rate? (percent) | Total surtax ${ }^{6}$ on amonntt in second column | Rate: (percent) | Total surtax ${ }^{7}$ on amount in second column |  |
| 1 | 0 | 2 | 13 | \$260 | 20 | \$400 | 17 | \$340 |  |
| 2 | 2 | 4 | 16 | 580 | 22 | 840 | 19 | 720 |  |
| 3 | 4 | 5 | 20 | 780 | 26 | 1,100 | 23 | 950 |  |
| 4 | 5 |  | 20 | 980 | 26 | 1,360 | 23 | 1,180 |  |
| 5 | 6 | 7.5 | 24 | 1,340 | 30 | 1,810 | 27 | 1,585 |  |
| 6 | 7.5 | 8 | 24 | 1, 460 | 30 | - 1,960 | 27 | 1. 720 |  |
| 7 | 8 | 10 | 28 | 2,020 | 34 | 2,640 | 31 | 2. 340 |  |
| 8 | 10 | 12 | 32 | 2. 660 | 38 | 3,400 | 35 | 3, 040 |  |
| 9 | 12 | 12.5 | 36 | 2, 840 | 43 | 3.615 | 40 | 3,240 |  |
| 11 | ${ }_{13}^{12.5}$ | 13 14 | 36 36 | 3,020 | 43 43 | 3,830 <br> 4,260 | 40 | 3,440 | 10 |
| 12 | 14 | 15 | 40 | 3,780 | 47 | 4,730 | 44 | 4,280 | 12 |
| 13 | 15 | 16 | 40 | 4. 180 | 47 | 5, 200 | 44 | 4,720 | 13 |
| 14 | 16 | 18 | 43 | 5, 040 | 50 | 6, 200 | 47 | 5,660 | 14 |
| 15 | 18 | 20 | 46 | 5,960 | 53 | 7,260 | 50 | 6, 660 | 15 |
| 16 | 20 | 22 | 49 | 6,940 | 56 | 8,380 | 53 | 7,720 | 16 |
| 17 | 22 | 24 | 52 | 7,980 | 59 | 9,560 | 56 | 8, 840 | 17 |
| 18 | 24 | 26 | 52 | 9, 020 | 59 | 10,740 | 56 | 9,960 | 18 |
| 19 | 26 | 28 | 55 | 10, 120 | 62 | 11,980 | 59 | 11, 140 | 19 |
| ${ }^{20}$ | 28 | 30 | 55 | 11,220 | 62 | 13, 220 | 59 | 12, 320 | 20 |
| 21 | 30 | -32 | 55 | 12,320 | 62 | 14,460 | 59 | 13. 500 | 2 |
| 22 | 32 | 34 | 58 | 13,480 | 65 | 15.760 | 62 | 14,740 | 22 |
| ${ }_{24}^{23}$ | 34 36 | 36 38 | 58 | 14,640 | 65 | 17,060 | 62 | 15,980 | 23 |
| $\stackrel{24}{25}$ | 36 38 | 38 40 | 58 61 | 15,800 17,020 | 65 | 18,360 19,740 | 62 | 17, 220 | 24 |
| 26 | 40 | 42 | 61 | 18,240 | 69 | 21, 120 | 66 | 19,860 | 26 |
| 27 | 42 | 44 | 61 | 19, 460. | 69 | 22, 500 | 66 | 21, 180 | 27 |
| 28 | 44 | 46 | 63 | 20,720 | 72 | 23, 940 | 69 | 22,560 | 28 |
| 29 | 46 | 48 | 63 | 21,980 | 72 | 25, 380 | 69 | 23,940 | 29 |
| 30 | 48 | 50 | 63 | 23, 240 | 72 | 26,820 | 69 | 25.320 | 30 |
| 31 32 3 | 50 52 | 52 54 | 66 66 | 24,560 25,880 | 75 75 | 28,320 29,820 31, | 72 | 26.760 28.200 | 31 |
| 33 | 54 | 56 | 66 | 27,200 27,200 | 75 | 31, 320 | 72 | 29,640 | 33 |
| 34 | 56 | 58 | 66 | 28, 520 | 75 | 32, 820 | 72 | 31, 080 | 34 |
| 35 | 58 | 60 | 66 | 29,840 | 75 | 34, 320 | 72 | 32,520 | 35 |
| 36 37 | 60 | 62 | 69 | 31, 220 | 78 | 35, 880 | 75 | 34, 020 | 36 |
| $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 62 | 64 | 69 | 32, 600 | 78 | 37. 440 | 75 | 35, 520 | 37 |
| 38 <br> 39 | 64 66 | 66 68 | 69 | 33,980 35,360 | 78 | - 39,000 | 75 | 37, 020 | ${ }_{39}^{38}$ |
| 39 <br> 40 | 66 68 | 68 70 | 69 69 | 35,360 36,740 | 78 | 40,560 42,120 | 75 <br> 75 <br> 8 | 38,520 40,020 | 39 40 |
| 41 | 70 | 72 | 72 | 38, 180 | 81 | 43,740 | 78 | 41, 580 | 41 |
| 42 | 72 | 74 | 72 | 39, 620 | 81 | 45,360 | 78 | 43.140 | 42 |
| 43 | 74 | 75 | 72 | 40,340 | 81 | 46, 170 | 78 | 43, 920 | 43 |
| 44 | 75 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ \hline 78\end{array}$ | 72 | 41,060 | 81 | 46,980 | 78 | 44,700 | 44 |
| 45 | 76 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { P8 } \\ +\quad 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 72 | 42, 500 | 81 | 48, 600 | 78 | 46, 260 | 45 |
| 47 | 88 | 80 82 | $\begin{array}{r}72 \\ 75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 43,940 45,440 | 81 84 84 | 50,220 51,900 | 78 81 81 | 47,820 | 46 47 |
| 48 | 82 | - 84 | 75 | 46,940 | 84 | 53, 580 | 81 | 51, 060 | 48 |
| 49 | 84 | 86 | 75 | 48, 440 | 84 | 55, 260 | 81 | 52, 680 | 49 |
| 50 | 86 | 88 | 75 | 49, 940 | 84 | 56, 940 | 81 | 54, 300 | 50 |
| 51 | 88 | 90 | 75 | 51, 440 | 84 | 58,620 | 81 | 55, 920 | 51 |
| 52 <br> 53 | 90 | 92 | 77 | 52,980 | 87 | 60, 360 | 84 | 57, 600 | 52 |
| 53 | 92 94 | 94 96 | 777 | 54,520 56,060 | 87 87 | 62, 100 | 84 84 | 59, 280 | 53 |
| 55 | 96 | 96 98 | 77 | 56,060 57,600 | 87 <br> 87 <br> 8 | 63,840 65,580 | 84 84 | 60, 640 | 55 |
| 56 57 | 98 | 100 | 77 | 59,140 | 87 | 67, 320 | 84 | 64, 320 | 57 |
| 57 | 100 | 150 | 79 | 98. 640 | 89 | 111, 820 | 86 | 107, 320 | 57 |
| 58 | 150 | 200 | - 81 | 139, 140 | 90 | 156.820 | 87 | 150,820 | 58 |
| 59 | 200 | 250 | 82 | 180, 140 | 91 | 202. 320 | 88 | 194, 820 | 59 |
| 60 | 250 | 300 | 82 | 221, 140 | 91 | 247.820 | 88 | 238. 820 | 60 |
| 61 | 300 400 | 400 500 |  | 303,140 385,140 | 91 91 | 338,820 429,820 | 88 88 | 326,820 414,820 | 61 62 |
| 63 | 500 | 750 | 82 | 590, 140 | 91 | 657. 320 | 88 | 634,820 | 63 |
| 64 | 750 | 1,000 | 82 | 795, 140 | 91 | 884, 820 | 88 | 854, 820 | 64 |
| 65 | 1,000 | 1,500 | 82 | : 1,205, 140 | 91 | 1,339, 820 | 88 | 1,294,820 | 65 |
| ${ }_{6}^{66}$ | 1,500 | 2,000 | 82 | . 1,615, 140 | 91 | 1,794, 820 | 88 | 1, 734, 820 | 66 |
| 67 68 | 2.000 5,000 | 5, 000 | 82 82 | - 4,075, 140 | 91 91 | 4, 524, 820 | 88 88 | 4, 374, 820 | 67 68 |

For footnotes, sce p. 437.

## Footnotes for table B

${ }^{1}$ Income subject to surtax, for $1913-33$ is net income, for 1034-43 is net income less personal exemptlon and eredit for dependents, for 1944-45 is net income less surtax exemptions, and for 1946-48 is net income less exemptions.
For 1948, on joint return of hushand and wilf, the tax is computed on one-half of the net income less exemptions and the result multiplied by two.
Prior to 1934, if taxpayer clects to pay the alternative tax, net income subject to surtax is without consideration of capital gains and losses; for 1938-41, if the alternative tax is paid, the net income subject to surtax is without consideration of net long-term capital gains or losses; and for 1942 and thereafter without consideration of net long-term capital gain or the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss.

8 The surtax rate is that for the calendar year. In the case of a rate change during a fiscal year ending in the period 1918-33, the total tax is prorated on the basis of the number of months in each year (total tax is prorated for fiscal years ending in 1919, 1922, 1924, 1925, 1929, 1930, and 1932). For fiscal ycars beginning in the period Jan. 1, 1934 through July 1. 1941, the rate is that for the year in which the taxable year begins. For fiscal years beginning in 1941 and ending in 1942 after June 30; a tentalive tax is computed under the law in effect for each taxahle year and the two tentative taxes are then prorated according to the numher of days hefore July 1, 1942, and after June 30, 1942. For fiscal years beginning in 1943 and ending in 1944, the tentative tax method is also employed and the tentative taxes are prorated according to the number of days before Jan. 1, 1944, and the number of days after Dec. 31, 1943; for fiscal years beginning in 1945
or 1947 and ending in 1946 or 1948, respectlvely, the tax is similarly prorated.
The surtax rates for 1936 and subsequent years are not arplicable to all nonresident alien individuals (see table A, note 2n, p. 431-432).
"For 1913-17, surtax was called "additional tax." For 1917, the rates are a combination of the additional tax rates provided by the Revenue Acts of 1916 and 1917.

- Tax, for 1923, computed at these rates, was reduced 25 nercent by credit or refund under section 1200 (a); Revenue Act of 1924.
${ }^{5}$ For 1940 , there is superimposed upon the total tax, the defense tax, which is 10 percent of the total tax. The defense tax is computed on the total tax before applying any credits, and is limiterl to an amount not more than 10 percent of the net income in excess of the total tax computed without regard to the defonse tax.
${ }^{6}$ The combined normal tax and surtax, before tax credits, is limited to 90 percent of net income.

7 Tentative surtax. For 1946 and 1947, the tax thus computed is reduced by 5 pereent therenf and the combined normal tax and surtax (after reduction but before tax crodits) is limited to 85.5 percent of net income. For 1948, the combined tentative normal tax and surtax is reduced by 17 percent of the first $\$ 100$, plus 12 bercent of the next $\$ 99,600$, and 1 lus 9.75 , percent of the excess over $\$ 100,000$, and the combined normal tax and surtax (aftel reduction but hefore tax credits) is limited to 77 percent of the net income.
C.-Income tax returns of individuals: Optional tax for 1941 through 1948 under supplement T, Internal Revenue Code
[Form 1040A]

| Gross ineome ${ }^{1}$ after deducting credit for dependents ${ }^{2}$ |  | Single, or married and not living with husband or wife (not head of family) ${ }^{3}$ |  | Married and living with husband or wife ${ }^{3}$ but each filing a separate return ${ }^{\prime}$ |  | Married and living with hasband or wife ${ }^{3}$ ( j ) int return); or bead of family |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over | But not over | Optional tax ${ }^{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1941 | 1942, 1943 | 1941 | 1912, 1943 | 1941 | 1942, 1943 |
| \$0 | \$ 2 20 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | 50 |
| 525 | ${ }_{50} 5$ | 0 | 1 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 |
| 550 | 575 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 575 | 600 | 0 | ${ }^{7}$ | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 625 | 0 | 11 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 650 | 675 | 0 | 20 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| 675 | 700 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 700 | 725 | 0 | 28 | 0 | 9 | 0 | 0 |
| 725 | 750 | 0 | 33 | 0 | 14 | 0 | 0 |
| 750 | 775 | 1 | 37 | 1 | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| 775 | 800 825 | 2 3 | 41 | 1 3 3 | 22 27 | 0 0 | 0 |
| 800 825 | 885 | 3 5 | 46 50 | 3 5 | 27 31 | 0 0 | 0 |
| 850 | 875 | 7 | 54 | 5 7 | 35 | 0 | 0 |
| 875 | 900 | 9 | 59 | 9 | 40 | 0 | 0 |
| 900 | 925 | 11 | 63 | 11 | 44 | 0 | 0 |
| 925 | 950 | 14 | 67 | 14 | 48 | 0 | 0 |
| 950 | 975 | 16 | 71 | 16 | 52 |  | 0 |
| 975 | 1,000 | 18 | 76 | 18 | 57 |  | 0 |
| 1,000 | 1,025 | 20 | 80 | 20 | 61 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.025 | 1, 050 | 22 | 84 | 22 | 65 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,050 | 1, 075 | 24 | 89 | 24 | 70 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.075 | 1,100 | 26 | 93 | 26 | 74 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,100 | 1,125 | 29 | 97 | 29 | 78 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,125 | 1,150 | 31 | 102 | 31 | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,150 | 1,175 | 33 | 106 | 33 | 87 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,175 | 1,200 | 35 | 110 | 35 | 91 | 0 | 0 |
| 1. 200 | 1,225 | 37 | 115 | 37 | 96 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,225 | 1,250 | 39 | 119 | 39 | 100 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,250 | 1,275 | 42 | 123 | 42 | 104 | 0 | 0 |
| 1.275 | 1,300 | 44 | 128 | 44 | 109 | 0 | 1 |
| 1. 300 | 1,325 | 46 | 132 | 46 | 113 | 0 | 4 |
| 1.325 | 1,350 | 48 | 136 | 48 50 | 117 | 0 | 7 |
| 1,350 1,375 | 1.375 1,400 | 50 52 | 141 | 50 52 | 122 | 0 | 14 |
| 1,400 | 1, 425 | 55 | 149 | 55 | 130 | 0 | 17 |
| 1,425 | 1,450 | 57 | 154 | 57 | 135 | 0 | 21 |
| 1,450 | 1, 475 | 59 | 158 | 59 | 139 | 0 | 25 |
| 1,475 | 1,500 | 61 | 102 | 61 | 143 | 0 | 29 |
| 1,500 | 1,525 | 63 | 167 | 63 | 148 | 1 | $3 \pm$ |
| 1,525 | 1. 550 | 65 | 171 | 65 | 152 | 2 | 38 |
| 1,550 | 1, 575 | 68 | 175 | 68 | 156 | 3 | 42 |
| 1,575 | 1.600 | 70 | 180 | 70 | 161 | 5 | 47 |
| 1. 600 | 1.625 | 72 | 184 | 72 | 165 | 6 | 51 |
| 1,625 | 1,6.50 | 74 | 188 | 74 76 | 169 | 7 | 55 60 |
| 1,650 1,675 | 1,675 1,700 | 76 78 | 193 | 76 | 174 178 | 11 | 64 |
| 1,700 | 1,725 | 80 | 201 | 80 | 182 | 13 | 68 |
| 1,725 | 1,750 | 83 | 206 | 83 | 187 | 15 | 73 |

For footnotes, see p. 443.
C.-Income tax returns of individuals: Optional tax for 1941 through 1948 under supplement T, Internal Revenue Code-Continued
[Form 104!A]

| Gross income ${ }^{1}$ after deducting credit. for dependents $2-\mathrm{Con}$. |  | Single, or married and not living with husband or wife (not head of family) ${ }^{3}$ Continued |  | Married and living with husband or wife ${ }^{3}$ but each filing a separate return ${ }^{1}$ Continued |  | Married and living with husband or wife ${ }^{2}$ (jomt return); or head of familyContinued |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Over | But not over | Optional tax ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1911 | 1912, 1943 | 1911 | 1912, 1913 | 1941 | 1942, 1943 |
| $\$ 1.750$ $\$ 1.775$ $\$ 85$ $\$ 210$ $\$ 85$ $\$ 191$ $\$ 17$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. 775 | 1, 800 | 87 | 214 | 87 | 195 | 19 | 81 |
| 1,800 | 1, 825 | 89 | 218 | 89 | 199 | 22 | 85 |
| 1.825 | 1,850 | 91 | 223 | 91 | 201 | 24 | 90 |
| 1,850 | 1. 875 | 93 | 227 | 93 | 208 | 26 | $9 \pm$ |
| 1,875 | 1,900 | 96 | 231 | 96 | 212 | 28 | 08 |
| 1. 900 | 1. 925 | 98 | 236 | 98 | 217 | 30 | 103 |
| 1,925 | 1. 950 | 100 | 210 | 100 | 221 | 32 | 107 |
| 1,950 | 1,975 | 102 | 244 | 102 | 225 | 35 | 111 |
| 1,975 | 2,000 | 104 | 249 | 104 | 230 | 37 | 116 |
| 2,000 | 2,025 | 106 | 253 | 106 | 231 | 39 | 120 |
| 2,025 | 2. 050 | 109 | 257 | 109 | 238 | 41 | 124 |
| 2, 050 | 2. 075 | 111 | 262 | 111 | 243 | 43 | 129 |
| 2,075 | 2, 100 | 113 | 266 | 113 | 247 | 45 | 133 |
| 2, 109 | 2, 125 | 115 | 270 | 115 | 251 | 48 | 137 |
| 2, 125 | 2, 150 | 117 | 275 | 117 | 256 | 50 | 142 |
| 2, 150 | 2, 175 | 119 | 279 | 119 | 260 | 52 | 146 |
| 2,175 | 2,200 | 122 | 283 | 122 | 261 | 51 | 150 |
| 2, 200 | 2, 225 | 124 | 288 | 124 | 269 | 56 | 155 |
| 2. 225 | 2, 250 | 126 | 292 | 126 | 273 | 58 | 159 |
| 2,250 | 2, 275 | 128 | 296 | 128 | 277 | 60 | 163 |
| 2, 275 | 2, 300 | 130 | 301 | 130 | 282 | 63 | 168 |
| 2, 300 | 2, 3?5 | 132 | 305 | 132 | 286 | 65 | 172 |
| 2. 325 | 2,350 | 131 | 309 | 131 | 290 | 67 | 176 |
| 2, 350 | 2, 375 | 137 | 314 | 137 | 295 | 69 | 181 |
| 2,375 | 2, 400 | 139 | 318 | 139 | 299 | 71 | 185 |
| 2, 400 | 2, 425 | 141 | 322 | 141 | 303 | 73 | 189 |
| 2. 425 | 2, 450 | 143 | 327 | 143 | 308 | 76 | 194 |
| 2. 450 | 2. 475 | 145 | 331 | 145 | 312 | 78 | 198 |
| 2. 475 | 2, 500 | 147 | 335 | 147 | 316 | 80 | 202 |
| 2,500 | 2, 525 | 150 | 310 | 150 | 371 | 82 | 207 |
| 2, 525 | 2. 550 | 152 | 344 | 152 | 325 | 81 | 211 |
| 2,550 | 2. 575 | $15!$ | 318 | 154 | 329 | 86 | 215 |
| 2,575 | 2, 600 | 156 | 353 | 156 | 331 | 89 | 220 |
| 2,600 | 2,625 | 158 | 357 | 158 | 338 | 91 | 224 |
| 2, 625 | 2, 650 | 160 | 361 | 160 | 312 | 93 | 228 |
| 2,650 | 2,675 | 163 | 366 | 163 | 317 | 95 | 233 |
| 2.675 | 2. 700 | 165 | 371 | 165 | 351 | 97 | 237 |
| 2,700 | 2,725 | 167 | 376 | 167 | 355 | 99 | 241 |
| 2,725 | 2,750 | 169 | 381 | 169 | 359 | 102 | 24.5 |
| 2,750 | 2, 775 | 172 | 386 | 172 | 361 | 104 | 250 |
| 2. 775 | 2, 800 | 174 | 391 | 174 | 369 | 106 | 254 |
| 2. 800 | 2,825 | 177 | 396 | 177 | 374 | 108 | 258 |
| 2,825 | 2, 850 | 180 | 401 | 180 | 379 | 110 | 263 |
| 2, 850 | 2, 875 | 183 | 406 | 183 | 384 | 112 | 267 |
| 2, 875 | 2. 900 | 186 | 411 | 186 | 389 | 114 | 271 |
| 2. 900 | 2,925 | 189 | 416 | 189 | 394 | 117 | 276 |
| 2, 975 | 2,950 | 191 | 421 | 191 | 399 | 119 | 280 |
| 2,950 | 2,975 | 194 | 426 | 194 | 401 | 121 | 284 |
| 2,975 | 3, 000 | 197 | 431 | 197 | 409 | 123 | 289 |

For footnotes, see p. 443.
C.-Income tax returns of individuals: Optional tax for 1941 through 1948 under supplement T, Internal Revenue Code-Continued
[Form W-2 and short-form 1040]

| Adjusted gross income ${ }^{1}$ |  | Optional tax, 4 1944, 1945 |  |  |  |  | Adjusted gross income 1Con. |  | Optional tax, ${ }^{\text {s }}$ 1944, 1945 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Numher of surtax exemptions ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | Number of surtax exemptions ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \\ \text { least } \end{gathered}$ | But less than | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { At } \\ & \text { least } \end{aligned}$ | But less than | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { cr } \\ \text { more } \end{gathered}$ |
| \$0 | \$550 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,300 | \$2. 325 | \$364 | \$264 | \$164 | \$64 | \$47 | \$47 | \$47 | \$47 | \$47 |
| 550 | 575 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2. 325 | 2.350 | 369 | 269 | 169 | 69 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| 575 | 600 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 2. 350 | 2. 375 | 374 | 274 | 174 | 74 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| 600 | 625 | 12 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2. 375 | 2. $40 n$ | 379 | 279 | 179 | 79 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 49 |
| 625 | 650 | 17 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2. 400 | 2. 4 ¢ 5 | 384 | 284 | 184 | 84 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| 650 | 67.5 | 22 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2, 425 | 2. 450 | $3{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{P}$ | 290 | 190 | 90 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| 675 | 700 | 27 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2, 450 | 2. 475 | 395 | 295 | 195 | 95 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 | 51 |
| 700 | 725 | 32 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2. 475 | 2. 500 | 400 | 300 | 200 | 100 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 |
| 725 | 750 | 38 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 2. 500 | 2. 525 | 405 | 305 | 205 | 105 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53. |
| 750 | 775 | 43 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 2. 525 | 2, 550 | 410 | 310 | 210 | 110 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 775 | 800 | 48 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 2.550 | 2. 575 | 415 | 315 | 215 | 115 | 51 | 51 | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| 800 | 825 | 53 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 2,575 | 2.600 | 421 | 321 | 221 | 121 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| 825 | 850 | 58 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 2. 600 | 2. 625 | 426 | 326 | 226 | 126 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 850 | 875 | 64 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 2. 625 | 2, 650 | 431 | 331 | 231 | 131 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 875 | 900 | 69 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 2. 650 | 2, 675 | 436 | 336 | 236 | 136 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 | 57 |
| 900 | 925 | 74 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 2,675 | 2. 700 | 441 | 341 | 241 | 141 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 |
| 925 | 950 | 79 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 2. 700 | 2. 725 | 446 | 346 | 246 | 116 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58. |
| 950 | 975 | 84 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 2, 725 | 2.750 | 452 | 352 | 252 | 152 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 |
| 975 | 1.000 | 89 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 2, 750 | 2. 775 | 457 | 357 | 257 | 157 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 1. 000 | 1. 025 | 95 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 2,775 | 2.800 | 462 | 362 | 262 | 162 | 62 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 |
| 1. 025 | 1. 050 | 100 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 2,800 | 2, 825 | 468 | 367 | 267 | 167 | 67 | 61 | 61 | 61 | 61 |
| 1,050 | 1. 1.075 | 105 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 2, 825 | 2. 850 | 473 | 372 | 272 | 172 | 72 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 1. 075 | 1. 100 | 110 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 2.850 | 2. 875 | 479 | 378 | 278 | 178 | 78 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| 1,100 | 1, 125 | 115 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 2.875 | 2.900 | 485 | 38.3 | 28.3 | 183 | 83 | 63 | 63 | 6.3 | 63 |
| 1,125 | 1,150 | 120 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 2,900 | 2. 925 | 490 | 388 | 288 | 188 | 88 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| 1,150 | 1,175 | 126 | 26 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 2,925 | 2,950 | 496 | 393 | 293 | 193 | 93 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| 1,175 | 1. 200 | 131 | 31 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 2.950 | 2.975 | 502 | 398 | 298 | 198 | 98 | 65 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| 1.200 | 1,225 | 136 | 36 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 2.975 | 3, 000 | 507 | 403 | 30.3 | 203 | 103 | 66 | 66 | 66 | 66 |
| 1,225 | 1. 250 | 141 | 41 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 3. 000 | 3. 050 | 516 | 411 | 311 | 211 | 111 | 67 | 67 | 67 | 67 |
| 1,250 | 1.275 | 146 | 46 | 19 | 19 | 19 | 3, 050 | 3. 100 | 527 | 422 | 322 | 222 | 122 | 68 | 68 | 68 | 68 |
| 1,275 | 1. 300 | 152 | 52 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 3. 100 | 3. 150 | 538 | 432 | 332 | 232 | 132 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| 1.300 | 1. 325 | 157 | 57 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 3,150 | 3. 200 | 549 | 442 | 342 | 242 | 142 | 71 | 71 | 71 | 71 |
| 1,325 | 1. 350 | 162 | 62 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 3, 200 | 3,250 | 561 | 453 | 353 | 253 | 153 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| 1,350 | 1.375 | 167 | 67 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 3,250 | 3, 300 | 572 | 463 | 363 | 263 | 163 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| 1,375 | 1. 400 | 172 | 72 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 3,300 | 3,350 | 583 | 473 | 373 | 273 | 173 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| 1. 400 | 1,425 | 177 | 77 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 3, 350 | 3,400 | 594 | 484 | 384 | 284 | 184 | 84 | 76 | 76 | 76 |
| 1,425 | 1.450 | 183 | 8.3 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 3. 400 | 3,450 | 606 | 496 | 394 | 294 | 194 | 94 | 77 | 77 | 77. |
| 1,450 | 1, 475 | 188 | 88 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 3, 450 | 3. 500 | 617 | 507 | 404 | 304 | 204 | 101 | 79 | 79 | 70 |
| 1. 475 | 1, 500 | 193 | 93 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 3,500 | 3. 550 | 628 | 518 | 415 | 315 | 215 | 115 | 80 | 80 | $80^{\circ}$ |
| 1, 500 | 1. 525 | 198 | 98 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 3,550 | 3.600 | 639 | 529 | 425 | 325 | 225 | 125 | 82 | 82 | 82 |
| 1. 525 | 1,550 | 203 | 103 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 3,600 | 3,650 | 651 | 541 | 435 | 335 | 235 | 135 | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| 1. 550 | 1, 575 | 208 | 108 | 27 | 27 | 27 | 3, 650 | 3, 700 | 652 | 552 | 446 | 346 | 246 | 146 | 84 | 84 | 84 |
| 1. 575 | 1. 600 | 214 | 114 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 3, 700 | 3,750 | 673 | $5 \mathrm{fi3}$ | 456 | 356 | 256 | 156 | 86 | 86 | 86 |
| 1. 60.0 | 1. 625 | 219 | 119 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 3. 750 | 3.800 | 684 | 574 | 466 | 366 | 266 | 166 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| 1.625 | 1,650 | 224 | 124 | 29 | 29 | 29 | 3.800 | 3,850 | 696 | 586 | 477 | 377 | 277 | 177 | 88 | 88 | 88 |
| 1. 650 | 1.675 | 229 | 129 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 3.850 | 3. 900 | 707 | 597 | 487 | 387 | 287 | 187 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| 1. 675 | 1, 700 | 234 | 134 | 34 | 31 | 31 | 3. 900 | 3,950 | 718 | 608 | 498 | 397 | 297 | 197 | 97 | 91 | 91. |
| 1.700 | 1,725 | 239 | 139 | 39 | 31 | 31 | 3,950 | 4.000 | 729 | 619 | 509 | 408 | 308 | 208 | 108 | 92 | 92 |
| 1.725 | 1.750 | 245 | 145 | 45 | 32 | 32 | 4,000 | 4,050 | 741 | 631 | 521 | 418 | 318 | 218 | 118 | 94 | 94 |
| 1.750 | 1.775 | 250 | 150 | 50 | 33 | 33 | 4.050 | 4, 100 | 752 | 642 | 532 | 429 | 329 | 229 | 129 | 95 | 95 |
| 1. 775 | 1.800 | 255 | 155 | 55 | 33 | 33 | 4, 100 | 4,150 | 763 | 653 | 543 | 439 | 33.9 | 239 | 139 | 96 | 96 |
| 1.800 | 1,825 | 260 | 160 | 60 | 34 | 34 | 4,150 | 4. 200 | 774 | 664 | 554 | 449 | 349 | 249 | 149 | 98 | 98 |
| 1.825 | 1.850 | 265 | 165 | 65 | 35 | 35 | 4. 200 | 4.250 | 786 | 676 | 566 | 480 | 360 | 250 | 160 | 99 | 99 |
| 1. 850 | 1,875 | 271 | 171 | 71 | 35 | 35 | 4,250 | 4.300 | 797 | 687 | 577 | 470 | 370 | 270 | 170 | 100 | 100 |
| 1.875 | 1,900 | 276 | 176 | 76 | 36 | 36 | 4,300 | 4,350 | 808 | 698 | 588 | 480 | 380 | 280 | 180 | 102 | 102 |
| 1,900 | 1,925 | 281 | 181 | 81 | 37 | 37 | 4.350 | 4,400 | 819 | 709 | 599 | 491 | 391 | 291 | 191 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.925 | 1.950 | 286 | 186 | 86 | 37 | 37 | 4,400 | 4,450 | 831 | 721 | 611 | 501 | 421 | 301 | 201 | 104 | 104 |
| 1.950 | 1,975 | 291 | 191 | 91 | 38 | 38 | 4,450 | 4,500 | 812 | 732 | 622 | 512 | 411 | 311 | 211 | 111 | 106 |
| 1.975 | 2,000 | 296 | 196 | 96 | 39 | 39 | 4,500 | 4,550 | 853 | 743 | 633 | 523 | 422 | 322 | 222 | 122 | 107 |
| 2.000 | 2,025 | 302 | 202 | 102 | 39 | 39 | 4,550 | 4,600 | 864 | 754 | 644 |  | 432 | 332 | 232 | 132 | 100 |
| 2,025 | 2,050 | 307 | 207 | 107 | 40 | 40 | 4.600 | 4,650 | 876 | 766 | 656 |  | 442 | 342 | 242 | 142 | 110 |
| 2. 050 | 2. 075 | 312 | 212 | 112 | 41 | 41 | 4,650 | 4,700 | 887 | 777 | 667 | 557 50 | 453 | 353 | 253 | 153 | 111 |
| 2.075 | 2, 100 | 317 | 217 | 117 | 41 | 41 | 4,700 | 4.750 | 898 | 788 | 678 |  | 463 | 363 | 263 | 163 | 113 |
| 2. 100 | 2, 125 | 322 | 222 | 122 | 42 | 42 | 4,750 | 4,800 | 909 | 799 | 689 | 579 | 473 | 373 | 273 | 173 | 114 |
| 2,125 | 2,150 | 327 | 227 | 127 | 43 | 43 | 4.800 | 4,850 | 921 | 811 |  | 591 | 484 | 384 | 284 | 184 | 115 |
| 2,150 | 2,175 | 33.3 | 233 | 133 | 43 | 43 | 4,850 | 4,900 | 932 | 822 | 712 |  | 494 | 394 | 294 | 194 | 117 |
| 2,175 | 2.200 | 3388 | 238 | 138 | 44 | 44 | 4,900 | 4,950 | 943 | 833 | 723 |  | 504 | 404 | 304 | 204 | 118 |
| 2,200 | 2,225 | 343 | 243 | 143 | 45 | 45 | 4,950 | 5,000 | 954 | 844 | 734 | 624 | 515 | 415 | 315 | 215 | 119 |
| 2,225 | 2,250 | 348 | 248 | 148 | 48 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2,250 | 2,275 | [353 | 253 | 153 | 53 | 46 |  |  | e, the | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ss in } \\ & \operatorname{tax} \end{aligned}$ | the |  |  |  | by |  |  |
| 2,275 | 2,300 | 359 | 259 | 159 | 59 | 47 | band the s | $\begin{aligned} & \text { and wit } \\ & \text { naller as } \end{aligned}$ | fe, the | tax in gros | $\begin{aligned} & \text { the } t \\ & \text { sinco } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { able } \\ & \mathrm{me}, \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { is red } \\ & \text { ut } n \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { uced } \\ & \text { ot by } \end{aligned}$ | by | per | $\text { in } \$ 15$ |

For footnotes, see p. 443.

## C.-Income tax returns of individuols: Optional tax for 1941 through 1948 under supplement T, Iniernal Revenue Code-Continued

[Form W-2 and short-form 1040]

| Adjusted gross income! |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Optional tax, }{ }_{1946,1947} 8 \mathrm{~b} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Adjusted } \\ \text { gross } \\ \text { income } \\ \text { Continued } \end{gathered}$ |  | Optional tax, ${ }^{\text {s }}$ 1946, 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number of exemptions ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Number of exemptions ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \\ \text { least } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { But } \\ & \text { less } \\ & \text { than } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { At } \\ \text { least } \end{gathered}$ | But less than | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ |
| \$0 | \$550 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2, 200 | \$2, 225 | \$283 | \$188 | \$93 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 550 | 575 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,225 | 2, 250 | 288 | 193 | 98 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 575 | 600 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,250 | 2, 275 | 292 | 197 | 102 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 625 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,275 | 2,300 | 296 | 201 | 106 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 625 | 650 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2, 300 | 2,325 | 300 | 205 | 110 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 650 | 675 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,325 | 2,350 | 305 | 210 | 115 | 20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 675 | 700 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,350 | 2, 375 | 309 | 214 | 119 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 700 | 725 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,375 | 2, 400 | 313 | 218 | 123 | 28 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 725 | 750 | 3.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,400 | 2,425 | 318 | 223 | 128 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 750 | 775 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2, 425 | 2, 450 | 322 | 227 | 132 | 37 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 775 | 800 | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,450 | 2, 475 | 326 | 231 | 136 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 800 | 825 | 44 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,475 | 2, 500 | 330 | 235 | 140 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 825 | 850 | 48 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,500 | 2,525 | 335 | 240 | 145 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 850 | 875 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,525 | 2, 550 | 339 | 244 | 149 | 54 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 875 | 900 | 57 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,550 | 2, 575 | 343 | 248 | 153 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 900 | 925 | 61 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,575 | 2, 600 | 347 | 252 | 157 | 62 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 925 | 950 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,600 | 2, $6 \times 5$ | 352 | 257 | 162 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 950 | 975 | 70 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,625 | 2, 650 | 356 | 261 | 166 | 71 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 975 | 1,000 | 74 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,650 | 2, 675 | 360 | 265 | 170 | 75 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,000 | 1,025 | 78 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,675 | 2, 700 | 365 | 270 | 175 | 80 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,025 | 1,050 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,700 | 2, 725 | 369 | 274 | 179 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,050 | 1,075 | 87 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2, 725 | 2, 750 | 373 | 278 | 183 | 88 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,075 | 1,100 | 91 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2, 750 | 2,775 | 377 | 282 | 187 | 92 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,100 | 1,125 | 95 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,775 | 2, 800 | 382 | 287 | 192 | 97 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,125 | 1,150 | 100 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 2, 800 | 2, 825 | 387 | 291 | 196 | 101 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,150 | 1,175 | 104 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 2, 825 | 2, 850 | 391 | 295 | 200 | 105 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,175 | 1,200 | 108 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 2, 850 | 2, 875 | 396 | 299 | 204 | 109 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,200 | 1,225 | 112 | 17 | 0 | 0 | 2, 875 | 2, 500 | 401 | 304 | 209 | 114 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,225 | 1,250 | 117 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 2,900 | 2,925 | 405 | 308 | 213 | 118 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,250 | 1,275 | 121 | 26 | 0 | 0 | \| 2,92.5 | 2,950 | 410 | 312 | 217 | 122 | 27 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,275 | 1,300 | 125 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 2,950 | 2, 975 | 415 | 317 | 222 | 127 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,300 | 1,325 | 129 | 34 | 0 | 0 | 2,975 | 3,000 | 419 | 321 | 226 | 131 | 36 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,325 | 1,350 | 134 | 39 | 0 | 0 | 3, 000 | 3, 050 | 427 | 327 | 232 | 137 | 42 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,350 | 1,375 | 138 | 43 | 0 | 0 | 3, 050 | 3, 100 | 436 | 336 | 241 | 146 | 51 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,375 | 1,400 | 142 | 47 | 0 | 0 | 3, 100 | 3,150 | 445 | 344 | 249 | 154 | 59 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,400 | 1,425 | 147 | 52 | 0 | 0 | 3,150 | 3,200 | 455 | 353 | 258 | 163 | 68 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,425 | 1,450 | 151 | 56 | 0 | 0 | 3, 200 | 3,250 | 464 | 361 | 266 | 171 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,450 | 1,475 | 155 | 60 | 0 | 0 | 3, 250 | 3, 300 | 474 | 370 | 275 | 180 | 85 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,475 | 1,500 | 159 | 64 | 0 | 0 | 3, 300 | 3, 350 | 483 | 379 | 284 | 189 | 94 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,500 | 1, 525 | 164 | 69 | 0 | 0 | 3,350 | 3,400 | 492 | 388 | 292 | 197 | 102 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,525 | 1,550 | 168 | 73 | 0 | 0 | 3,400 | 3,450 | 502 | 397 | 301 | 206 | 111 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,550 | 1,575 | 172 | 77 | 0 | 0 | 3,450 | 3,500 | 511 | 407 | 309 | 214 | 119 | 24 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,575 | 1,600 | 176 | 81 | 0 | 0 | 3, 500 | 3,550 | 521 | 416 | 318 | 223 | 128 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,600 | 1,625 | 181 | 86 | 0 | 0 | 3,550 | 3, 600 | 530 | 425 | 326 | 231 | 136 | 41 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,625 | 1,650 | 185 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 3,600 | 3,650 | 539 | 435 | 335 | 240 | 145 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,650 | 1,675 | 189 | 94 | 0 | 0 | 3,650 | 3, 700 | 549 | 444 | 343 | 248 | 153 | 58 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,675 | 1,700 | 194 | 99 | 4 | 0 | 3, 700 | 3, 750 | 558 | 454 | 352 | 257 | 162 | 67 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,700 | 1,725 | 198 | 103 | 8 | 0 | 3,750 | 3,803 | 568 | 463 | 361 | 266 | 171 | 76 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,725 | 1,750 | 202 | 107 | 12 | 0 | 3, 800 | 3,85J | 577 | 472 | 369 | 274 | 179 | 84 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,750 | 1,775 | 206 | 111 | 16 | 0 | 3,850 | 3, 600 | 586 | 482 | 378 | 283 | 188 | 93 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,775 | 1, 800 | 211 | 116 | 21 | 0 | 3,900 | 3,950 | 596 | 491 | 387 | 291 | 196 | 101 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,800 | 1, 825 | 215 | 120 | 25 | 0 | 3,950 | 4,000 | 605 | 501 | 396 | 300 | 205 | 110 | 15 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,825 | 1,850 | 219 | 124 | 29 | 0 | 4,000 | 4, 050 | 615 | 510 | 406 | 308 | 213 | 118 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,850 | 1,875 | 223 | 128 | 33 | 0 | 4,050 | 4,100 | 624 | 520 | 415 | 317 | 222 | 127 | 32 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,875 | 1,900 | 228 | 133 | 38 | 0 | 4,100 | 4,150 | 633 | 529 | 424 | 325 | 230 | 135 | 40 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,900 | 1,925 | 232 | 137 | 42 | 0 | 4,150 | 4,200 | 643 | 538 | 434 | 334 | 239 | 144 | 49 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,925 | 1,950 | 236 | 141 | 46 | 0 | 4, 200 | 4, 250 | 652 | 548 | 443 | 342 | 247 | 152 | 57 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,950 | 1,975 | 241 | 146 | 51 | 0 | 4,250 | 4,300 | 662 | 557 | 453 | 351 | 256 | 161 | 66 | 0 | 0 |
| 1,975 | 2,000 | 245 | 150 | 55 | 0 | 4, 300 | 4,350 | 671 | 567 | 462 | 360 | 265 | 170 | 75 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,000 | 2,025 | 249 | 154 | 59 | 0 | 4,350 | 4,400 | 680 | 576 | 471 | 368 | 273 | 178 | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,025 | 2,050 | 253 | 158 | 63 | 0 | 4,400 | 4,450 | 690 | 585 | 481 | 377 | 282 | 187 | 92 | 0 | 0 |
| 2,050 | 2,075 | 258 | 163 | 68 | 0 | 4,450 | 4. 500 | 699 | 595 | 490 | 386 | 290 | 195 | 100 | 5 | 0 |
| 2, 075 | 2,100 | 262 | 167 | 72 | 0 | 4,500 | 4,550 | 709 | 604 | 500 | 395 | 299 | 204 | 109 | 14 | 0 |
| 2,100 | 2,125 | 266 | 171 | 76 | 0 | 4,550 | 4,600 | 718 | 614 | 509 | 405 | 307 | 212 | 117 | 22 | 0 |
| 2,125 | 2,150 | 271 | 176 | 81 | 0 | 4,600 | 4,650 | 727 | 623 | 518 | 414 | 316 | 221 | 126 | 31 | 0 |
| 2,150 | 2,175 | 275 | 180 | 85 | 0 | 4,650 | 4,700 | 737 | 632 | 528 | 423 | 324 | 229 | 134 | 39 | 0 |
| 2,175 | 2,200 | 279 | 184 | 89 | 0 | 4,700 | 4,750 4,800 | 746 | 642 | 537 | 433 | 333 | 238 | 143 | 48 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,750 | 4, 800 | 756 | 651 | 547 | 442 | 342 | 247 | 152 | 57 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,800 | 4,850 4,900 | 765 | 661 | 556 | 452 | 350 |  | 160 | 65 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,850 | 4,900 | 774 | 670 | 565 | 461 | 359 |  | $169$ | 74 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,900 | 4,950 | 784 | 679 | 575 | 470 | 367 |  |  | 82 | 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,950 | 5.000 | 793 | 689 | 584 | 480 | 376 | 281 | 186 | 91 | 0 |

For footnotes, see p. 443.
C.-Income tax returns of individuals: Optional tax for 1941 through 1948 unden supplement T, Internal Revenue Code-Continued
[Form 1040A and short-form 1040]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{Adjusted gross income \({ }^{1}\)}} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Optional tax, }{ }_{1948}^{3}
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { A djusted } \\
\text { gross } \\
\text { income } \\
\text { Con. }
\end{gathered}
\]}} \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{Optional tax, \({ }^{5} 1848\)} \\
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{4}{|r|}{Number of exemptions \({ }^{6}\)} \& \& \& \multicolumn{10}{|c|}{Number of exemptions \({ }^{\circ}\)} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 2 \& 2 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { At } \\
\text { least }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { But } \\
\& \text { less } \\
\& \text { than }
\end{aligned}
\] \& 1 \& 2 \& 3 \& \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
4 \\
\text { or } \\
\text { more }
\end{array}\right|
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { At } \\
\text { least }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { But } \\
\text { less } \\
\text { than }
\end{gathered}
\] \& 1 \& Single or married per-filing sepa-rately 4 \& Married couple ing jointly \& \begin{tabular}{|c|}
\hline Sin- \\
gle \\
or \\
mar- \\
ried \\
per- \\
son \\
fil- \\
ing \\
sepa- \\
rate- \\
ly 4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& Married couple ing joint\(1 y\) \& 4 \& 5 \& 6 \& 7 \& \[
\left|\begin{array}{c}
8 \\
\text { or } \\
\text { more }
\end{array}\right|
\] \\
\hline \$0 \& \$675 \& \$0 \& \$0 \& \$0 \& \$0 \& \$2,325 \& \(\overline{\$ 2,350}\) \& \$250 \& \$150 \& \$150 \& \$50 \& 50 \& \$0 \& 50 \& 0 \& 0 \& 80 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& 2,350 \& \& 253 \& 154 \& 154 \& \& \& \& \& 0 \& 0 \& \\
\hline 700 \& 725 \& 7 \& d \& , \& \& 2,375 \& 2,400 \& 257 \& 157 \& 157 \& 58 \& 58 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& - \& 0 \\
\hline 725 \& 750 \& 11 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2, 400 \& 2, 425 \& 261 \& 161 \& 161 \& 62 \& 62 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 750 \& 775 \& 14 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 425 \& 2, 450 \& 265 \& 165 \& 165 \& 65 \& 65 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 0 \\
\& 0
\end{aligned}
\] \& 0 \\
\hline 775
800 \& 800
825 \& 18
22 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 450
2,475 \& 2, 475
2, 500 \& 272 \& 169 \& 169
172 \& 69
73 \& 69
73 \& 0 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 0 \\
\& 0
\end{aligned}
\] \& 0 \& 0 \& 0
0 \\
\hline 825 \& 850 \& 26 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2,500 \& 2, 525 \& 276 \& 176 \& 176 \& 77 \& 77 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 850 \& 875 \& 29 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 525 \& 2,550 \& 280 \& 180 \& 180 \& 80 \& 80 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 875 \& 900 \& 33 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2, 550 \& 2,575 \& 283 \& 184 \& 184 \& 84 \& 84 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 900 \& 925 \& 37 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2,575 \& 2, 600 \& 287 \& 187 \& 187 \& 88 \& 88 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 925 \& 950 \& 40 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2,600 \& \({ }_{2}, 625\) \& 291 \& 191 \& 191 \& 92 \& 92 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \\
\hline 975 \& 1, \({ }^{975}\) \& 48 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2,625
2,650 \& 2,650
2,675 \& 298 \& 199 \& 195 \& 99 \& 99 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,000 \& 1,025 \& 52 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 675 \& 2, 700 \& 302 \& 202 \& 202 \& 103 \& 103 \& 3 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,025 \& 1, 050 \& 55 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2, 700 \& 2, 725 \& 306 \& 206 \& 206 \& 106 \& 106 \& 7 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,050 \& 1,075 \& 59 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2,725 \& 2, 750 \& 309 \& 210 \& 210 \& 110 \& 110 \& 11 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,075 \& 1, 100 \& 63 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2,750 \& 2, 775 \& 313 \& 214 \& 214 \& 114 \& 114 \& 14 \& 0 \& d \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,100 \& 1,125 \& \({ }^{6} 7\) \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2,775 \& 2,800 \& 317 \& 217 \& 217 \& 118 \& 118 \& 18 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,125 \& 1,150 \& 70 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2. \({ }_{2}^{200}\) \& 2,825
2,85 \& 324 \& 221
225 \& 225 \& 121 \& 125 \& 22 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0
0 \\
\hline 1,175 \& 1, 200 \& 78. \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 850 \& 2, 875 \& 328 \& 228 \& 228 \& 129 \& 129 \& 29 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,200 \& 1,225 \& 82 \& 0 \& 0 \& \& 2,875 \& 2,900 \& 332 \& 232 \& 232 \& 133 \& 133 \& 33 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,220 \& 1,250 \& 85 \& 0 \& , \& \& 2,900 \& 2,925 \& 336 \& 236 \& 236 \& 136 \& 136 \& 37 \& 0 \& 0. \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,250 \& 1,275 \& 89 \& 0 \& , \& \& 2,925 \& 2,950 \& 340 \& 240 \& 240 \& 140 \& 140 \& 40 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,275 \& 1,300 \& 93 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 950 \& 2,975 \& 345 \& 243 \& 243 \& 144 \& 144 \& 44 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& \\
\hline 1,300 \& 1,325 \& 96
100 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 \& 2, 975 \& 3,000
3,050 \& 349
356 \& 247 \& 247 \& 148 \& 148 \& 48 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0
0 \\
\hline 1,350 \& 1,375 \& 104 \& 4 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3, 050 \& 3,100 \& \({ }_{364}\) \& 260 \& 260 \& 161 \& 161 \& 61 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,375 \& 1,400 \& 108 \& 8 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3, 100 \& 3,150 \& 373 \& 268 \& 268 \& 168 \& 168 \& 68 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& . 0 \\
\hline 1, 400 \& 1, 425 \& 111 \& 12 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3, 150 \& 3,200 \& 382 \& 275 \& 275 \& 176 \& 176 \& 76 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,425 \& 1, 450 \& 115 \& 16 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3, 200 \& 3, 250 \& 391 \& 283 \& 283 \& 183 \& 183 \& \({ }_{91}^{83}\) \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \\
\hline 1,450 \& 1, 475 \& 119 \& 19 \& 0 \& 1

0 \& | 3,250 |
| :--- |
| 3,300 | \& 3,300

3,350 \& 399 \& 290 \& 290 \& 190 \& 190 \& 91
98 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0
0 <br>
\hline 1,500 \& 1, 525 \& 126 \& 27 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3, 350 \& 3,400 \& 417 \& 305 \& 305 \& 205 \& 205 \& 106 \& 6 \& 0 \& \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,525 \& 1,550 \& 130 \& 31 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3,400 \& 3, 450 \& 425 \& 312 \& 312 \& 213 \& 213 \& 113 \& 14 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,550 \& 1,575 \& 134 \& 34 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3, 450 \& 3,500 \& 434 \& 320 \& 320 \& 220 \& 220 \& 121 \& 21 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,575 \& 1,600 \& 138 \& 38 \& 0 \& \& 3, 500 \& 3,550 \& 443 \& 327 \& 337 \& 228 \& 228 \& 128 \&  \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,600
1,625 \& 1,625
1,650 \& 145 \& 45 \& 0 \& - 0 \& 3, 550
3,600 \& 3,600
3,650 \& 450 \& $\begin{array}{r}335 \\ 344 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 335 \& 235 \& 243 \& 143 \& 44 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,650 \& 1, 675 \& 149 \& 49 \& 0 \& - 0 \& 3, 650 \& 3,700 \& 469 \& 353 \& 350 \& 250 \& 250 \& , 151 \& 51 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,675 \& 1,700 \& 153 \& 53 \& 0 \& \& 3, 700 \& 3,750 \& 478 \& 362 \& 357 \& 258 \& 258 \& 158 \& 59 \& \& 0 \& - <br>
\hline 1,700 \& 1,725 \& 156 \& 57 \& 0 \& \& \& 3,800 \& \& 370
379 \& \& 275 \& 275 \& 173 \& 7 \& 0 \& \& <br>
\hline 1,725 \& 1,750 \& 160 \& 60
64 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3,800
3,850 \& 3,850
3,900 \& 495
504 \& 379

388 \& | 372 |
| :--- |
| 380 | \& 273 \& 273 \& ${ }^{181}$ \& 73

81 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,775 \& 1, 800 \& 167 \& 68 \& 0 \& 0 \& 3,900 \& 3,950 \& 513 \& 396 \& 387 \& 288 \& 288 \& 188 \& 88 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1, 800 \& 1,825 \& 171 \& 72 \& 0 \& \& 3, 950 \& 4,000 \& 521 \& 405 \& 395 \& 295 \& 295 \& 195 \& 96 \& 0 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1, 825 \& 1,850 \& 175 \& 75 \& 0 \& - \& 4,000 \& 4,050 \& 530 \& 414 \& 402 \& 303 \& 303 \& 203 \& 103 \& 1 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 1,850 \& 1,875 \& 179 \& 79 \& 0 \& 0 \& 4, 050 \& 4,100 \& -539 \& 423 \& 410 \& 310 \& 310 \& 210 \& 111 \& 11 \& 0 \& <br>

\hline 1,875 \& 1,900 \& 182 \& 83 \& 0 \& - 0 \& \& 4,150 \& . 547 \& 431 \& 417 \& | 317 |
| :--- |
| 325 | \& 317 \& ${ }_{225} 218$ \& 118 \& ${ }_{26}^{19}$ \& 0. \& 0

0 <br>
\hline 1,900
1,925 \& 1,925 \& 186
130 \& 87
90 \& 0 \& 0 \& 4,150
4,200 \& 4,200

4,250 \& | 556 |
| :--- |
| 565 | \& 440

449 \& 425 \& $\begin{array}{r}325 \\ 332 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 325 \& 225 \& 126 \& | 26 |
| :---: |
| 34 | \& 0 \& 0

0 <br>
\hline 1, 950 \& 1,975 \& 194 \& 94 \& 0 \& 0 \& 4, 250 \& 4,300 \& 574 \& - 457 \& +439 \& 341 \& 340 \& 240 \& 141 \& 41 \& 0 \& - <br>
\hline 1,975 \& E, 000 \& 197. \& - \& 0 \& 0 \& 4,300 \& 4,350 \& 582 \& 466 \& . 447 \& 350 \& 347 \& 248 \& 148 \& 49. \& \& <br>
\hline 2, 000 \& 2,020 \& 201 \& 101 \& \& \& 4,350
4,400 \& 4,400

4 \& - 591 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
475 <br>
483 <br>
\hline

 \& $\begin{array}{r}1454 \\ 462 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 

359 <br>
367 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 355

362 \& 255 \& . ${ }^{2} 56$ \& 56 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 2,025
2,050 \& 2, ${ }_{2} \mathbf{0} 075$ \& 205 \& 105 \& ${ }_{9}^{6}$ \& ${ }^{-1}$ \& 4,400 \& 4,450
4,500 \& -600 \& 483
492 \& - 462 \& 367
376
3 \& 362
370 \& 270 \& 178 \& 63
71 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 2, 075 \& 2, 100 \& 212 \& 113 \& 13 \& - \& 4, 500 \& 4,550 \& 617 \& 501 \& $\bigcirc 477$ \& 385 \& 377 \& 278 \& 178 \& 78 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 2, 100 \& 2,125 \& 216 \& 116 \& 17 \& 0 \& 4,550 \& 4,600 \& , 626 \& 510 \& 1484 \& 393 \& 385 \& 285 \& 186 \& 86 \& 0 \& 0 <br>
\hline 2,125 \& 2,150 \& 220 \& 120 \& 21 \& 0 \& 4,600 \& 4,650 \& -635 \& 518 \& 492 \& 402 \& 392 \& 293 \& 193 \& 93 \& 1 \& <br>
\hline 2,150 \& 2,175
2,200 \& ${ }_{227}^{223}$ \& 128 \& 24
28
28 \& 0 \& 4,650
4,700 \& 4,700

4,750 \& 643 \& | 527 |
| :--- |
| 536 | \& 499

507 \& 420 \& 407 \& 300
308 \& 208 \& 108 \& 1 \& <br>
\hline 2, 200 \& 2, 225 \& 231 \& 131 \& 32 \& - 0 \& 4,750 \& 4,800 \& 661 \& 544 \& 514 \& 428 \& 415 \& 315 \& 215 \& 116 \& 16 \& , <br>
\hline 2, 225 \& 2,250 \& 235 \& 135 \& 35 \& 5 \& 4, 800 \& 4,850 \& -669 \& 553 \& 522 \& 437. \& 422 \& 322 \& 223 \& 123 \& 24 \& 0 <br>
\hline 2,250 \& 2,275 \& 238. \& 139 \& 39 \& 9, \& 4,850 \& 4,900 \& - 678 \& 562 \& 529 \& 446 \& 430 \& 330 \& 230 \& 131 \& 31. \& 0 <br>
\hline 2,275 \& 2,300 \& ${ }_{246}^{242}$ \& 143 \& 43
47 \& , \& 4,900
4 \& 4,950 \& - 687 \& 571
579 \& 537

544 \& | 454 |
| :---: |
| 463 | \& 437 \& ${ }_{345}^{337}$ \& ${ }_{245}^{238}$ \& 138

146 \& 39
46 \& <br>
\hline 2,300 \& 2,325 \& 246 \& 146 \& 47 \& \& |l 4,950 \& 5,000 \& . 695 \& 579 \& 544 \& 463 \& 444 \& 34.5 \& 245 \& 146 \& \& 0 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

For footnotes, see p. 443.

## Footnotes for table $C$

1 Gross income, for 1941-43, must not exceed $\$ 3,000$ and for 1941 must be only from salaries, wages, other compensation for personal services, dividends, interest, rent, annuities, and royalties;' and for 1942 and 1943, must be from the same sources as for 1941 excluding rents and royalties and the return must be filed on the cash basis. Adjusted gross income for 1844-48 must be less than $\$ 5,000$ regardless of source of income or method of accounting. (For exclusions from gross income, see note 7, table A, p. 430.)

2 There is deducted from gross income a credit for each person who as of Dec. 31 was a dependent (under 18 years of age or incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective) receiving his chief support during the taxable year from the taxpayer, $\$ 400$ for 1941; and for such persons who as of July 1 were dependents, $\$ 385$ for 1942 and 1943. When the taxpayer is head of the family solely by reason of one or more dependents for whom he would be entitled to credit, such credit is disallowed with respect to one such dependent. (For credit for dependents for 1944-48, see note 6, below.)
${ }^{8}$ Marital status is determined as of the last day of the taxable year for 1941, as of July 1 for 1942 and 1943, and for 1944-48 as of the last day of the taxable year or as of the date of death if one spouse dies during the year.

- Separate returns of husband and wife, for 1942-43, may not be made on the optional return, Form 1040A, unless each elects to use this form. For 1944-48, the optional tax or the standard deduction shall not be allowed to either husband or wife if the net income of one of the spouses is determined without regard to the standard deduction.

8 In lleu of the normal tax and surtax imposed by sections 11 and 12 of the Code, a citizen or resident may elect to pay the optional tax under section 400 If, for 1941-43, his gross income (see note 1 above) Is not more than $\$ 3,000$, or for $1944-48$, his adjusted gross income is less than $\$ 5,000$. The optional tax makes allowance for personal exemption, earned income credit, and deductions for 1941-43, and for normal-tax exemptions, surtax exemptions, and standard deduction for 1944-48. For 1941, deductions are allowed by a 10 percent reduction of the tax computed, at regular rates, on the midpoint of each income bracket, with a 10 percent earned. income credit (based on the same mid point) allowed for normal tax purposes. The tax thus computed is rounded to the nearest dollar. In 1942 and 1943, 6 percent of the midpoint of each income bracket, and in 1944-48, 10 percent of the midpoint, is allowed for deductions, after which the tax is computed in the regular manner and rounded to the nearest dollar. For $1944-45$, where the return includes gross income of both spouses the tax in the table must be reduced by 3 percent of the smaller adjusted gross income but not by more than $\$ 15$. (Also see note 4, above.)

6 An exemption is allowed for the taxpayer, his spouse if a joint return is filed, and for each dependent meeting the statutory requirements. Each exemption is $\$ 500$ for 1944-47, and $\$ 600$ for 1948. For 1944-45, they are surtax exemptions, and for 1946-48, are exemptions for both normal tax and surtax. For 1948, additional exemptions are allowed for age 65 or more and for blindness of the taxpayer and/or spouse (if a joint return is filed). Unlike 1941-43, the 1944-48 exemptions for dependents are not deducted from income by the taxpayer but are automatically allowed in the optional tax.

## D.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: under the Federal tax laws

| Federal tax law | Income year | Definition of capital assets ${ }^{1}$ | Period held |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Act of: 1921. | 1922, 1923.- | Property held for profit or investment for more than 2 years (whether or not connected with trade or business) but does not include property held for the personal use or consumption of the taxpayer or his family, stock in trade, or other property which would be included in inventory. | More than 2 years.-.-.-.-... |
| 1924 | 1924.- | Property held for more than 2 years (whether or not connected with trade or business) but does not include stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be included in inventory, or property held primarily for sale in the course of trade or business. | More than 2 years. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1925-1227 \\ & 1928-1931 \\ & 1932.1933 \end{aligned}$ | Same as 1924. | More than 2 years. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1934 . \\ & 1936 \end{aligned}$ | 1934, 1935.- | All property, whether or not connected with trade or business, regardless of period held, except (1) stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be included in inventory, and (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in ordinary course of trade or business. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1 \text { year or less............-. } \\ \text { over } 1 \text { year, not over } 2 \text { years } \\ \text { Over } 22 \text { years, not over } 5 \\ \text { years. } \\ \text { over } 5 \text { years, not over } 10 \\ \text { years. years...........-.- }\end{array}\right.$ |
| 1938. | 1938.-...--- | Same as 1934-37 with the addition of: except (3) property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to allowance for depreciation. | (Short-term: 18 months or less. |
|  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Long-term: } \\ & \text { More than } 18 \text { months but } \\ & \text { not more than } 24 \\ & \text { months. } \\ & \text { More than } 24 \text { months....- } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| Internal Revenue Code. | 1939, 1940 | Same as 1938. | Same as 1938. |
| 1941 | 1941.------ | Same as 1938 with the addition of: except (4) an obligation of the United States or any of its possessions, or of a State or Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or of the District of Columbia, issued on or after Mar. 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a flxed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from date of issue. | Same as 1938. |
| 1042---------- | 1942, 1943.. | Same as 1941 with the addition of: except (5) real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Short-term: } 6 \text { months or less } \\ \text { Long-term: More than } 6 \end{array}\right.$ |
|  |  |  | $\Delta x$ |
| Individual | 1944-1948. | Same as 1942. | Same as 1942.......... |

Provisions pertaining to capital gains and losses for the income years 1922-48


## E.-Income tax returns of individuals and fiduciaries: Provisions under the Federal tax laws pertaining to excess profits tax 1917, taxes paid to foreign countries 1917-48, and earned income credit 1924-43

Excess profits tax

| Federal tax law | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { In- } \\ \text { come } \\ \text { year } \end{array}$ | Income subject to excess profits tax | Rate (percent) | Federal tax | Income year | Amount of credit against income tax liability to United States |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Act of: 1917 | 1917- | Salaries in excess of $\$ 6,000{ }^{\circ}$ and income in excess of $\$ 6,000{ }^{\circ}$ from business having no in- | 8 | Revenue Act of: 1917. | 1917--...-- | None (included in general deductions from gross income). ${ }^{9}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | . | 1918---- | 1918-1920.- | Amount paid or accrued ${ }^{\circ}$ |
|  |  | Net income from bus- | 20 | 1924 | 1924-1923--- | Amount paid or accrued. |
|  |  | iness having invested |  | 1926. | 1925-1927-- | the proportion of the |
| 3. |  | capital: ${ }^{7}$ 7. |  | 1928 | 1923-1931.- | total tax against which |
|  |  | Net income equal to |  | 1932 | 1932, 1933-- | the credit is taken, that |
|  |  | vested capital less |  | 1936....InteınalRevenueCode. | $\begin{aligned} & 1934,1935-- \\ & 1936,1937 \end{aligned}$ | the taxpayer's net in- |
|  |  | deduction. ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 25 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1938-1948- \\ & 1939-19 \end{aligned}$ | out the United States |
|  |  | Net income in excess of 15 percent of in- |  |  |  | bears to the entire net income. ${ }^{10}$ |
|  |  | not in excess of 20 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1 percentof invested |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Net income in excess | 35 |  |  | - * |
|  |  | of 20 percent of invested capital but |  |  |  |  |
| 4. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\because$ | i capital. |  | $\therefore \therefore 1$ | $\therefore$ | $\cdots{ }^{+\cdots}$ |
|  |  | Net income in excess |  |  |  |  |
| , m |  | $\therefore$ vested capital but | 45 |  |  |  |
| - "1. | $\cdots$ | not in excess of 33 | 60 |  |  |  |
| O. ! forn |  | percent of invested capital. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Netincome in excess |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | of 33 percent of in- vested capital. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | vested capital. |  | - |  |  |

EARNED INCOME CREDIT

| $\underset{\text { law }}{\text { Federal tax }}$ | Income year | Kind of credit | Earned income ${ }^{11}$ recognized for computation of credit | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Revenue } \\ \text { Act of: } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ | 1924------- | Against tax... | All net income up to $\$ 5,000$ whether earned or not, and up to $\$ 10,000$, if earned. |  |
|  |  |  |  | 25 percent of normal tax on earned net income. (Cannot exceed 25 percent of normal tax on entire net income.) |
| 1926.--- | $\begin{gathered} 1925,1926, \\ 1927 . \end{gathered}$ | ----do.-------- | All net income up to $\$ 5,000$ whether earned or not, and up to $\$ 20,000$, if earned. | 25 percent of total tax on earned net income. (Cannot exceed the sum of 25 percent of normal |
|  |  |  | , 1 ! 1 . | tax on entire net income and 25 percent of surtax on earned net income.) |
| 1928.-.- | $\begin{gathered} 1928,1929 \\ 1930,1931 . \end{gathered}$ | do | All net income up to $\$ 5,000$ whether earned or not, and up to $\$ 30,000$, if earned. | Same as 1926. |
| 1932 | 1932, 1933-- | None ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |
| 1934-... | 1934, 1935--1 |  |  |  |
| 1938.... | 1938, 1937-- | Against net income | All net income up to $\$ 3,000$ whether earned or not | 10 percent of the earned net income, but not in excess of 10 |
| Internal Revenue Code. | 1939-1943. |  | and up to $\$ 14,000$, if earncd. | percent of the entire net income. |

For footnotes, see p. 447.

## Footnotes for tables $D$ and $E$

${ }^{1}$ Losses resulting from the sale or exchange of securities consummated aftor Nov. 23, 1921, are not deductible when substantially identical securuties are acquired or reacquired within 30 days Before or after such transaction.

Beginning 1934: (1) Gains or losses from short sales of property are considered as from sales or exchanges of capital assets, (2) gains or losses attributable to the failure to exercise privileges or options to buy or sell property are considered as gains or losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets held for 1 year or less under the 1934 and 1936 acts and as short-term capital gains or losses under the 1938 and subsequent acts, and (3) amounts received by the holder upon the retircment of corporate (including Government) evidences of indebtedness are considered as received in exchange therefor.

Beginning 1938: (1) If shares of stock in a corporation or rights to subscribe for or to receive such shares become worthless during the taxable year and are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom is considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last day of the taxable year, of capital assets, and (2) if evidences of indebtedness issued by.. a corporation (including a Government) with interest coupons or in registered form are ascertained to be worthless and charged off during the taxable year, and are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom is considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last day of the taxable year, of capital assets.

Beginning 1942: (1) If gains from sales or exchanges of "property used in trade or business," held for more than 6 months, plus the gains from the compulsory or involuntary conversion of such property and capital assets held for more than 6 months, exceed the losses from such sales, exchanges, and conversions, such gains and losses shal be considered as from sales or exchanges of capital assets held for more than 6 months. If such gains are less than such losses, then these gains and losses are considered as from sales or exchanges of capital assets. (For the purpose of this provision, neither the percentage limitation on gains and losses taken into account nor the limitation regarding allowable losses is applicable; and losses upon the destruction, in whole or in part, theft or seizure, or requisition or condemnation of "property used in trade or business" or capital assets held for more than 6 months are considered losses from a compulsory or involuntary conversion.) (2) If the total distribution from an employees' trust forming a part of a stock bonus, pension, or profit-sharing plan of an employer (for the exclusive benefit of employees or beneficiaries) is paid or made available to the distributee within his taxable year on account of the employee's separation from service, the amount of such distribution which exceeds the amount contributed by the employee is considered a gain from sale or exchange of a capital asset held for more than 6 months.
Beginning 1943, if a nonbusiness debt becomes totally worthless within the taxable year, the loss resulting therefrom is considered a loss from the sale or exchange, during the taxable year, of a capital asset held for not more than 6 months.

Beginning 1944, at the election of the taxpayer, the cutting of timber (for sale or use in trade or business) by the taxpayer who owns or has the contract right to cut the timber (provided he owned or had such right for a period of more than 6 months prior to the beginning of the taxable year) is considered a sale or exchange of capital assets.
${ }^{2}$ Prior to the Revenue Act of 1921, gain from the sale of capital assets was taxed as ordinary income. Loss from such sale was not recognized for 1913-15; for 1916 and 1917 such loss was deductible to the extent of such gain, and for 1918-21 was deductible in full. By the Revenue Act of 1921, the profit or loss from the sale or exchange of assets held for more than 2 years, consummated after Dec. 31, 1921, was designated "capital gain" or "capital loss."

These rates and treatments apply to the net amount, that is, the net gain or the net loss, of each taxpayer, resulting from the sales of all capital assets in a similar category.

For 1924-33 and 1938-41, when alternative taxes are provided for either a capital gain or loss, a taxpayer who reports a capital net gain pays the smaller of the two tares computed; a taxpayer who sustains a capital net loss must pay the larger tax. For 1942 and thercafter, alternative tax is provided only for nct long-term capital gain or the excess over net short-term capital loss and is imposed if the alterna. tive tax is less than the regular tax.
" "Ordinary net income" means the net income exclusire of all items of capital gain, capital loss, and capital deductions.

4 In the case of a joint return, husbands and wives are treated as separate taxpayers and separate capital transactions are reported. Accordingly, the limitation on the allowance of losses of one spouse is camputed without regard to gains and losses of the other spouse. Thus, the net capital loss deduction is limited to $\$ 4,000$ in a joint return. (In 1940, the Supreme Court reversed this ruling but such reversal is not reflected in Statistics of Income.)
5 Net capital gain is the excess of (1) the sum of the gains from sales or exchanges of capital assets, plus net income of the taxpayer or $\$ 1,000$, whichover is smaller, over (2) the losses from such sales or exchanges.

## 6 In excess of $\$ 3,000$ for nonresident aliens.

7 A nonresident alien having business with invested capital, reported only that proportion of invested capital which net income from sources within the United States was of the entire net income.
${ }^{8}$ Deduction of $\$ 6,000$ (not allowable to non-resident aliens) plus an amount equal to the same percentage of invested capital for taxable year as the average annual pre-war income was of pre-war invested capital. (Percentage not less than 7 percent nor more than 9 percent; if business was not established during at least one whole year of the pre-war period, 8 percent; if, during the pre-war period, the individual had a deficit or a very small income from business, or if invested capital cannot be determined, same percent as that of representative businesses.)

- Nonresident aliens were not allowed either a tax credit or a deduction for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries. 1917-20.

10 For the years 1921-31; citizens and residents of the United States are permitted to include in deductions against gross income the amount of income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States in excess of that deducted as a tax credit; for 1932 and subsequent years, such individuals may elect to credit the income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States (with certain limitations) against the income tax liability to the United States or to include the entire amount of such taxes in deductions against gross income.

Beginning 1942, domestic taxpayers are permitted to include in computing the credit for foreign taxes paid, those foreign taxes paid in lieu of the tax upon income, war-profits, and excess-profits, such as taxes on gross income, gross sales, or units of production.

For 1921 and subsequent years, nonresident aliens, and citizens of the United States deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, while not allowed a tax credit, were permitted to deduct these taxes from gross income, if imposed upon income from sources within the United States.

11 "Earned income" means wages, salaries, pro" fessional fees, and other amounts received as compensation for personal services actually rendered; and, in the case of a taxpayer engaged in trade or business, a reasonable allowance for compensation not in excess of 20 percent of his share of the net profits.

12 There is no provision for earned income credit in the Revenue Act of 1932.
F.-Estate tax returns: Requirements for filing, specific exemption, and of citizens and aliens who


For footnotes, see p. 452.
credits against estate tax, under the Federal tax laws applicable to estates died after September 8, 1916.

G.-Estate tax returns: Tax rates and tax, under the Federal tax laws


For footnotes, see p. 452
applicable to estates of citizens and aliens who died after September 8, 1916


## Footnotes for tables $F$ and $G$

1 Estate tax returns are required to be filed within 15 months after date of death, except that for estates of persons who died on or before August 30, 1935, the returns are due 1 year after date of death.
${ }^{2}$ A return is required for the estate of a nonresident citizen, who died prior to May 11, 1934, if any part of his gross estate, regardless of value, is situated in the United States within the meaning of the statute.
${ }^{3}$ A return is required for the estate of a nonresident alien, who died prior to Oct. 22, 1942, if any part of his gross estate, regardless of value, is situated in the United States within the meaning of the statute.

4 In addition to the tax credits, shown in table $F$, conventions between the United States and certain foreign countries provide tax credits against Federal estate taxes as follows:

Dominion of Canada (proclaimed Mar. 6, 1945): A citizen or resident decedent of the United States, dying on or after June 14, 1941, is allowed credit against Federal estate taxes for Dominion of Canada succession duties paid with respect to property situated in Canada and subjected to such taxes by both countries.

Great Britain and Northern Ireland (proclaimed July 30, 1946): For citizens and resident decedents of the United States whose death occurred on or after Juily 25, 1946, (or after Dec. 31, 1944, and before July 25,1946 , if the executor elects that the provisions of the convention shall apply) a credit against Federal estate taxes is allowed for Great Britain or Northern Ireland estate duties in respect of property subjected to such taxes by both the United States and Great Britain or Northern Ireland.

- Estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes actually paid to States, Territories, District of Columbia, and after June 29, 1939, possessions of the United States.

0 The estate of an individual who died after 5 p. m., June 6, 1932, is subject to two Federal estate taxesa basic tax and an additional tax. The basic tax is computed at the rates provided by the Revenue Act of 1926 , which rates are embodied in the Internal Revenue Code as the basic estate tax. The additional tax is the excess of the tentative tax computed
at the rates provided by the act in force at date of death, over the basic tax.

7 Under a convention (proclaimed Mar. 6, 1945) between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, a resident decedent of Canada whose death occurs on or after June 14, 1941, and whose estate is subjected to both Federal estate taxes and Dominion succession duties is allowed an amount for specific exemption (basic and additional) not less than that proportion of the specific exemption authorized for a resident decedent which the value of the property situated in the United States bears to the value of the entire gross estate; however, if death occurs after Oct. 21, 1942, the amount of the specific exemption will not be less than $\$ 2,000$.
Effective Jan. 1, 1948, under the Revenue Act of 1948, the base for the computation of the credit is changed by reducing the gross estate by the aggregate of the charitable bequests allowed and the marital deduction and also reducing the value of the gift by the amount of the exclusion applicable at the time of the gift, by the estate tax marital deduction allowed with respect to such gift, and by the charitable deduction. Where gift was considered as made onehalf by each spouse, the amount of gift tax paid for the purpose of this credit shall include the amount paid with respect to each half of the gift.

- Net estate is the excess of the value of gross estate over allowable deductions for funeral expeuses, administration expenses, debts, mortgages, and support of dependents (however, after Oct. 21, 1942, allowable only so far as the aggregate amount does not exceed the value of property subject to claims); charitable bequests; net deduction for property previously taxed, specific exemption; and after December 31, 1947, marital deduction. Net estate for basic tax differs in amount from net estate for additional tax because of the different specific exemption and deduction for previously taxed property allowed in each case.
${ }^{10}$ A "defense tax" ( 10 percent of the sum of the basic and additional taxes after application of credits) is imposed upon the estates of individuals who died within the period June 26, 1940 through Sept. 20, 1941, the effective period of the 1940 act.
H-Gift tax returns: Requirements for filing, exclusions, and specific exemption, under the Federal tax laws affecting oifts made during the calendar years 1924, 1925, and 1932-48


[^27]


## Footnotes for tables $H$ and $I$

1 A return is required for gifts whether transferred directly or indirectly, whether in trust or otherwise, and whether of present or future interest, and for transfers of property sold for less than a fair consideration.

For 1924-25, gift tax returns are required to be filed by donors of all classes-individuals, corporations, associations, partnerships, trusts, and estates; for 1932 and thereafter, only individuals are required to file.

For 1924-25, a return is required if the total of all gifts for the year exceeds the authorized deductions (see note 6); for 1932 and subsequent years, a return is required for gifts to any one donce exceeding the amounts shown in the table, except that a return is required for a gift of future interest, regardless of value; and for $1939-42$, a return also is required for gifts in trust regardless of value.

3 Value of gift: for residents, property wherever situated; for nonresident citizens, property situated in the United States for 1924-25 and wherever situated for 1932 and thereafter; for nonresident aliens, property situated in the United States only.
${ }^{2}$ For 1924-25, an annual deduction for gifts the amount of which to any one person does not exceed $\$ 500$; for 1932 and thereafter, an annual exclusion for each donee receiving total gifts exceeding the stated exclusions, but which is not applicable against gifts of future interest in any year, nor against gifts in trust for 1939-42.

4 The specific exemption is an annual exemption for 1924-25; but for 1932 and thereafter, it is an aggregate exemption which may be taken in a single year or over a period of years at the option of the donor.

6 The 1924 act, dated June 2, 1924, taxed gifts made during the entire calendar year 1924, but subsequent-

Iy the Supreme Court declared that gifts mado prior to June 2, 1924, are not subject to gift tax.
${ }^{6}$ A gift tax return is required, for 1924-25, of any donor whose total gifts arc in excess of the authorized deductions for exemption, charitable gifts, property previously taxed, and gifts the aggregate amount of which to any one donee does not exceed $\$ 500$. (Also see note 5.)

7 "Net gifts" means the excess of total gifts for the year over the sum of: Charitable deductions; specific exemption; and for 1924-25, property previously taxed for estate or gift tax and deduction for gifts the aggregate amount of which to any one person does not exceed $\$ 500$; for 1932 and thereafter, the annual exclusion for each donee; and subsequent to Apr. 2, 1948, the marital deduction.

Beginning Apr. 3, 1948, by consent of both spouses who are residents or citizens of the United State, gifts by one spouse to a third person may, for the purpose of the gift tax, be considered as made onehalf by each spouse.
${ }^{8}$ The first gift tax was levied under the Revenue Act of 1924 but lower rates, shown here, are provided in the amendment by the 1926 act. The amount of tax paid for 1924 or 1925 , under the provisions of the 1924 act, in excess of the tax imposed by the amendment was refunded without interest. (See note 5.)

- Tax as shown does not include the defense tax, which for 1940 is that portion of 10 percent of the current year tax that the amount of gifts made in the period June 26, 1940 through Dec. 31, 1940, bears to the total amount of 1940 gifts. The defense tax for 1941 is 10 percent of the current year gift tax for 1941.
${ }^{10}$ Tax for current year is the excess of tax on the aggregate net gifts made subsequent to June 6, 1932, over a tax on aggregate net gifts exclusive of current year gifts.



## FACSIMILES OF

## UNITED STATES INCOME TAX RETURNS FOR 1948

Form 1040: Individual Income Tax Return.
Form 1040A: Employee's Optional Individual Income Tax Return.
Form 1041: Fiduciary Income Tax Return (for estates and trusts).
Form 1065: Partnership Return of Income (filed also by syndicates, pools, joint ventures, etc.).

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FORM 1040
 U. S. INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX RETURN
 Occupatioo

Social Security No.
List names of other clase relatives (as dellinel in Instructions) with 1948 Inconaes

1. IIst your own name. of less than $\$ 500$ who recelved more than one in intructions) with 1948 Incomes
ol husband and wifo, llst name ol your wifo (or hustaand). thls is a joint roturn of husband and wifte, Ilst dependent relatives of both.


Enter here total number of exemprions claimed (yours and your wife's plus one for earh dependene listed above) $\rightarrow$ 2. Enter your toital wages, salaries, bonusess, commissions, and other compamsation bonds, etc. Also anter amoumt of Income tax wiltheild. Msombers of armed torces recalved In 1948, BEFORE PAY-ROLL. OEDUCTIONS for tases, dues, Insurance, and persons chbiming traveling or roimboursed expensas, wein Instructions,
3. Enter here the total amount of your dividends.
4. Enter here the total amount of your interest (inclading interese from Government obligations ualess
wholly exempr from taxation)
5. If you received any other income, give details on page 2 and enter the total here...
6. Add income shown in items $2,3,4$, and 5 , and enter the total here
6. Add income shown in items $2,3,4$, and 5 , and enter the total here

> IF YOUR BNCOME WAS SS,00D OR MORE - Dlsregard the tax toble and compute
 losses, medical axpenses, and mitscellaneous oxpenses. If your expenditures and losses of these ctasses amount to more than 10 perceamt, in wilt usually be to your adrantage to llemize tharin and computa your tax on page 3 . deductians, whichover is to your adrantage be jown and wife must Hita a polnt return. II husbzad and wife file separate reburss, and
7. Enter your tax from table on page 4, or from line 18, page 3
8. How much have you paid on your 1948 income tax?
(A) Total tax in item 2, above (attach Original Forms W-2)
(B) By payments on 1948 Declaration of Estimated Tax

9. If your tax (item 7) is larger than payments (item 8), enter balance of tax Due here

Tlus balanco of tax due must be pald in luil with roturn.
10. If your payments (item 8) are larger than your tax (item 7), enter the OYERPAYMENT here. Chack ( $v$ ) whather you want thls overpayment: Rethanded to you $\square$; or Creditod on your 1949 estimated tax $\square$

> On lines a and b below Wrice 1 if oeither 65 oor blind; Wrire 2 if either 65 or blind: Wries 3 if both 65 and blind.
2. Number of exemptions for you
b. Number of her (his) exemptions ...........

Adfuis-ll difurent from foert and wife mus on wife-10 outain beneifis of splt-Incoma provisions, husband one Itenizes deductions, the other must also Itemiza deductions


| If yoe filed a return for a prior year, what wat the lacest year | Is your wife (or hnabaed) making a separate seturn for $1948 ?$ $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| To which Collector', office was it senti | If "Yes," write her (or his) name |
| To which Collector's office did you pay <br> amount climed in itetm 8 (B), above? | Collector's dffice to which sent |
| I declare under che penalties of perjury that chis return (ioduding any acco ty knowledge and belief is a trae, correct, and complete retura. | proying schedptas and statements) has been examined by me sod to the bes |
|  | (Siganure of trixizer) |




TTEMIZED DEDUCTIONS-FOR PERSONS NOT USINQ TAX TABLE ON PAGE 4 OR STANDARD DEOUCTION ON LINE 2 ECLOW-




1948 TAX TABLE
FOR PERSONS WITH INCOMES UNDER $\$ 5,000$ NOT COMPUTING TAX ON PAGE 3
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## HELPFUL INFORMATION ON

# How To Prepare Your U. S. Income Tax Return <br> ON FORM 1040 FOR 1948 

THIS PAMPHLET of official instructions will help you prepare your return. It summarizes the most important requirements of the law and regulations. It calls your attention to exemptions and deductions to which you are entitled and which reduce your tax. If you need more information, inquire at the nearest office of a collector of internal revenue. If you desire a more detailed publication, you can obtain a booklet entitled, "Your Federal Income Tax," for 25 cents from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C.

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## HOW TO FILE YOUR RETURN

## Who Must File

Everyone-adult or child-who had $\$ 600$ or more income in 1948 must file.

## W by You Must File a Return

Most of your tax is withheld from your wages every payday or paid on Declarations of Estimated Tax every quarter. However, the law requires you to file an annual return to determine whether you owe more or you should get a refund.

## When To File

Between January 1 and March 15, 1949. Try to avoid the last minute rush. Those few individuals who keep books on a fiscal year basis must file by the fifteenth day of the third month after the close of their years.

## Where To File

At the office of the Collector of Internal Revenue in your district. If you don't know the location, ask at your post office. Don't mail your return to Washington.

## How To Pay

Any balance of tax shown to be due in item 9, page 1, of your return on Form

1040 must be paid in full with your return. You may pay cash, or by check or money order. Checks or money orders should be made payable to "Collector of Internal Revenue."

## How To Sign

You have not filed a legal return unless you sign it. If you and your wife are filing a joint return, both of you must sign. You do not need to have your return notarized, since your signature has the same legal effect as swearing an oath to the truthfulness of your return.

## Where To Get Forms

As far as practical, the Collector mails forms directly to taxpayers. If you need additional forms you can get them from any collector's office, and also at most banks and post offices. Many employers also keep forms for the convenience of employees.

## Where To Get Help

After reading these instructions you should be able to prepare your own return, unless you had complicated problems. If you do need help, you can get it at any collector's office.

## HOW TO CHOOSE YOUR RETURN FOR SIMPLICITY AND LOWEST TAX

## The T'bree Types of Returns

In an effort to fit the tax returns to the differing needs of the more than $50,-$ 000,000 persons who must file them, three types of returns have been providedForm 1040A, Short-Form 1040, and Long-Form 1040.

The law expects you to pay your correct tax-no more-no less. It will pay you to think for a moment which of these three types of returns is the best and easiest form in your case. To do this you need
to consider the size of your income, the sources of your income, your eligibility to deduct travel and reimbursed expenses from wages (see page 6), and the size of your nonbusiness deductions, such as contributions, medical expenses, etc. (listed in detail on pages 12 to 15). The tax table used in computing the tax on Form 1040A and Short-Form 1040 automatically allows you approximately 10 percent of your income to cover your nonbusiness deductions.

## Income Less Than \$5,000

1. Form 1040 A .-This is the simplest return of the three. It is similar to the form which appeared last year on the back of a Withholding Statement. If you file this form, you do not need to figure your own tax. From your answers to the questions, the Collector will figure your tax for you, and send you a bill or a refund. If your total income was less than $\$ 5,000$ and consisted entirely of wages reported on Withholding Statements (Forms W-2), or of such wages and not more than $\$ 100$ total of other wages, dividends, and interest, you may use Employee's Optional Income Tax Return (Form 1040A). If you had any income from other sources, such as annuities, rents, royalties, a business or profession, farming, transactions in securities or other property, partnerships, estates, and trusts, you may not use Form 1040A but must file your return on Form 1040. You cannot deduct travel or reimbursed expenses from your wages if you file Form 1040A.
2. Short-Form 1040.-Form 1040 may be used either as a short form or as a long form. The short form is simpler than the long form. It differs from Form 1040A in that (a) you must find your own tax; (b) you may include income from sources not eligible for Form 1040A; and (c) you may deduct travel and reimbursed expenses from your wages. Therefore, if your income was less than $\$ 5,000$ and you do not desire to itemize nonbusiness deductions (contributions, interest, etc.), find your tax from the table on the back of the form, tear off the first sheet and file it as a short form.
3. Long-Form 1040.-If your nonbusiness deductions are more than 10 percent of your income, you will ordinarily save money by itemizing your deductions on Long-Form 1040. You will then figure your tax according to the computation on page 3, and file the entire form, which is called a long-form return. If your nonbusiness deductions are so close to 10 percent that you are in doubt which is the better form, try both the short form and the long form to make sure.

## Income of \$5,000 or More

If your income was $\$ 5,000$ or more, you must use Long-Form 1040. However, in that case, you can either take a standard deduction or itemize and claim your actual deductions. You should compare your actual deductions with' the amount the standard deduction allows you. If actual deductions exceed the standard deduction, you will save tax by electing to itemize them. If you are single, or if you are married and file a joint return, the standard deduction is 10 percent of your income but not more than $\$ 1,000$. If husband and wife file separate returns, the standard deduction is a flat $\$ 500$ for each.

## Married Persons—Joint <br> or Separate Return

Are You Married? -If you were married on December 31, 1948, you are considered married for the entire year 1948, regardless of how long or short a time you were married. If you were divorced or legally separated on or before December 31, you are considered single for the entire year. If your wife or husband died during the year, you are nevertheless considered to be married for the entire year, and may file a joint return.
Separate or Joint Returns.-If husband and wife have separate income (for example, if both work, or if they live in a community property State), they may file separate returns or a joint return. A separate return accounts only for the exemptions, income, and deductions of one person. A joint return accounts for the exemptions, income, and deductions of both husband and wife. Also, a husband and wife may file a joint return even though one of them had no income.
How To Make a Separate Return.To file separate returns, husband and wife must each have income under the laws of their State and they must fill out separate forms. The "split income" provisions of the Federal tax law do not apply to separate returns. When filing separate returns, the husband and wife should each claim the deductions for
those allowable expenses paid with his or her own funds. (In community property States, deductions resulting from payments made out of funds belonging jointly to husband and wife may be divided half and half.) If one itemizes and claims actual deductions, instead of using the tax table or the "standard deduction", then both must itemize and claim actual deductions on Long-Form 1040 returns.
How To Make a Joint Return.-You can make a joint return by including all the exemptions, income, and deductions of both husband and wife. In the heading of the return, list both names (for example: "John H. and Mary D. Doe"). Also, both must sign the return.
Advantages of $a \cdot$ Joint Return.-The present law usually makes it advantageous for married couples to file joint returns. The law provides a "split-
income" method of figuring the tax on a joint return which often results in a lower tax than would result from sepa rate returns. If you make a joint return on Form 1040A, the Collector will figure your tax both on the separate and the joint basis, and give you the benefit of the lower figure. If you file Form 1040 -either the short or long forma joint return usually will result in as low as or a lower tax than separate returns. There are some cases, when husband and wife both have income, where separate returns result in a lower total tax than joint returns.

Joint Tax or Refund.-When husband and wife sign a joint return, each assumes full legal responsibility for the entire tax, and if one fails to pay, the other must pay it. If they are entitled to a refund, the check will be made out to them jointly.

## HOW TO CLAIM YOUR FAMILY EXEMPTIONS

## What Is an Exemption?

On your tax form, each exemption is a $\$ 600$ offset against your income. Exemptions determine the amount of income that is relieved of tax and are intended to make the tax fair between single persons, married couples, and small and large families.

## Exemptions for You and Wife

For Yourself.-You, as the taxpayer, are always entitled to at least one exemption for yourself. If on December 31, 1948, you were blind or were 65 or older, you get two exemptions for yourself. If you were both blind and 65 or over, you get three exemptions.

For Your Wife.-You get exemptions for your wife (or husband) if you and she are filing a joint return. If you file a separate return, you may claim her exemptions only if she had no income and was not claimed as a dependent on
another taxpayer's return for 1948. Otherwise, your wife's exemptions are like your own-one if she is neither blind nor 65 ; two if she is either blind or 65 ; three if she was both blind and 65.
In Case of Death.-If wife or husband died during 1948, the exemption for age or blindness is determined as of the date of death.
Proof of Blindness.-If totally blind, attach a statement of such fact to the return. If partially blind, attach a statement from a qualified physician or a registered optometrist that (1) central visual acuity did not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses or (2) that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than 20 degrees.

## Exemptions for Dependents

You get only one exemption for each dependent (the additional exemption for age or blindness applies only to you and your wife but not to dependents). The
law puts very exact limitations on who is a dependent. Each dependent must "neet all four of the following tests:

1. He or she received over one-half of his or her support from you in 1948, and
2. He or she was "closely related" to you, and
3. He or she did not have $\$ 500$ or more income of his or her own in 1948, and
4. If married, her or his exemption is not claimed on the return of her husband or his wife.

To qualify as a dependent, a person must also be either a citizen of the United States, or a resident of the United States, Canada, or Mexico. "Closely related" means your children (including legally adopted children) and grandchildren; your parents and grandparents; your brothers and sisters; your immediate "inlaws" (mother-, father-, son-, daughter-, brother-, sister-in-law) ; your bloodrelated uncles, aunts, nieces, and nephews.

In a joint return, a "dependent" may be claimed if supported by either husband or wife, as, for example, husband supporting wife's nephew.

| Examples of <br> Dependents You CAN <br> Claim | Examples of Persons <br> You CANNOT Claim |
| :--- | :--- |
| Stepchild. <br> Mother. <br> Alien father resident | Child who earns $\$ 500$ <br> or over. <br> Cousin. | in U. S.

Your own niece. Adopted daughter.

Alien father resident in Europe.
Your wife's niece (unless wife files joint return with you).
Nonrelated friend you support.

## How To Claim Exemptions

First, on page 1 of your tax return form, you list the names of the persons for whom you claim exemption, and answer the questions shown. If you file Form 1040A the collector will figure your exemptions from this information. If you file a Short-Form 1040, you will find separate columns in the tax table which make full allowance for your exemptions. If you file a Long-Form 1040, you multiply $\$ 600$ by the number of your exemptions and enter the amount in line 4 of the tax computation on page 3 .

## HOW TO REPORT YOUR INCOME

## What Income Is Taxed

The law says all kinds of income are subject to tax with specific exceptions. This means that all income which is not
specifically exempt must be included in your return, even though it may be off-set by expenses and other deductions. On the other hand, exempt income should be omitted from your return altogether.
Examples of Income Which Must Be
Reported

Examples of Income Which Should Not Be Reported

[^28]
## Wages, Salaries, Etc.

Even though tax has been withheld by your employer, the law requires you to report all your wages, salaries, fees, commissions, bonuses, and all other payments for your personal services.
Report Total Wages Before Pay-Roll De-ductions.-When your employer deducts taxes, insurance, union dues, savings bond subscriptions, social security, pension fund contributions, community chest, or other items from your pay, these amounts are still part of your wages. The law requires you to report your total wages in the amount that would have been paid if your employer had not made any deductions.
Tips and Gratuities.-The law requires you to include in your wages all tips, gratuities, bonuses, and similar payments whether you get them from a customer or from your employer. Legally, these are not "gifts," event though people sometimes mistakenly call them by that name.
Payment in Merchandise, etc.-If your employer pays part or all of your wages in merchandise, services, stock, or other things of value, you must determine the fair market value of such items and include it in your wages.
Meals and Living Quarters.-If solely for the convenience of your employer, you are required to live or eat on his premises and the living quarters and meals are not furnished as compensation, they are not to be reported in your return. For example, a maidservant who is required to live in her employer's home, is not taxable on the value of the meals and lodging furnished her. A special provision of law also exempts a clergyman from paying tax on the value of a parsonage furnished for his use by his church.
Travel Expenses of Employees.-The law provides special deductions for the expenses of travel, meals, and lodging while away from home in connection with your employer's business. Traveling "away from home" means going away from the city or town where you
normally work and remaining away at least overnight. If you choose to live away from the city where you work, or do not transfer your home when your employer transfers your work to a different city, the law does not allow any "travel deduction" resulting from your choice of residence.
"Travel expenses" means the cost of transportation fares, meals, and lodging while away from home on your employer's. business. It also includes porters' tips, hire of public stenographers, baggage charges, and similar expenses necessary to travel. Entertainment expenses cannot be included in "travel expenses." You cannot deduct laundry and other personal expenses. Any amount paid to you to cover "travel expenses" must be included in your wages. You can deduct your full "travel expenses" from your wages before writing the balance of your wages in item 2, page 1, Form 1040. You must attach a statement to your return explaining in detail the expenses you deducted.
Reimbursed Expenses Other Than Trav-el.-If your employer pays you an "expense account" or otherwise reimburses. you for money spent for him (other than "travel expenses"), you should add these: payments to your wages, and then subtract your actual expenses but not morethan the reimbursements. Enter the balance in item 2, page 1, Form 1040, and attach a detailed statement in explana-tion. Any allowable expense in excess of the reimbursed amount must be treated as "Other Expenses" discussed below.

## Other Expenses of Employces.-On page-

 1 of Form 1040, the law allows only "travel" and "reimbursed" expenses to be deducted from wages, as explained in the: two preceding paragraphs. If you fileForm 1040A or a Short-Form 1040, or if you take the standard deduction on a Long-Form 1040, you receive an allowance for deductions which takes the place of all other employment expenses and nonbusiness deductions. On the other hand, if you itemize your deductions on. a Long-Form 1040, you can deduct the cost of tools, materials, dues to unions and professional societies, entertaining cus-tomers, and other expenses which are ordinary and necessary in connection with your employment. These items may be itemized and deducted on page 3 of the form under the heading "Miscellaneous." Going to and From Work.-The law regards the cost of going to and from work as your personal expense, and never allows you to deduct such costs, no matter how far you live from work, or how expensive the transportation may be.

## Dividends

If you own stock in a corporation or association, the payments you receive on your stock out of earnings and profits are called dividends and must be reported in your tax return. Usually dividends are paid in cash, but if they are paid in merchandise or other property, they are taxable at their fair market value.

If, however, a distribution is not paid from earnings and profits, it is not taxable as a dividend. Such distributions are treated as reductions of the cost or other basis of your stock. These distributions are not taxable until they exceed your cost or other basis. After you have received full repayment of your cost or other basis, you must include any additional receipts as gains from the sale or exchange of property for which special tax treatment is provided.

In some cases a corporation distributes both a dividend and a repayment of capital at the same time. When these mixed distributions are made, the check or notice will usually show the dividend and the capital repayment separately. In any case, you must report the dividend portion as income.

A distribution in the form of additional shares of stock in the same corporation is not taxable if it does not change your proportionate interest in the corporation; as, for example, where each holder of common stock receives one additional share of the same class of common stock for each share he owns. A stock distribution is taxable if it changes the stockholder's proportionate interest in the corporation. If so, the fair market value of the new stock must be reported as dividend income.

Dividends on shares of stock issued before March 28, 1942, by Federal land banks, national farm loan associations, and Federal Reserve banks are not taxable. If the shares were issued on or after that date, the dividends are taxable.

If you own shares in a Federal savings and loan association, see next section.

## Interest

You must include in your return any interest you receive from bonds, debentures, notes, savings accounts, or loans, except for certain governmental issues as described below.
State and Municipal Bonds and Secu-rities.-The interest on these obligations is completely exempt from tax.
U. S. Government Bonds and Secu-rities.-The interest on obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, is fully taxable.

If you own United States Savings or War bonds (Series A to F, inclusive), the gradual increase in value of each bond (as shown in the table on its back) is considered "interest," but you need not report it in your tax return until you cash the bond. However, you may at any time adopt the practice of reporting each year the annual increase in value, but if you do so you must report in the first year the entire increase to date and must continue to report the annual increase each year.

If you own U. S. Savings bonds or Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, you can exclude from your tax return the interest on any $\$ 5,000$ principal value of such bonds (valuing Savings bonds at cost and Treasury bonds at face value).

On certain United States securities the interest is subject to surtax rates but is exempt from normal tax rates. The entire interest from such securities should be included on page 1 of the return. If you file Form 1040A or Short-Form 1040, the standard deduction of approximately 10 percent includes this normal tax exemption. If you file a Long-Form 1040 and itemize deductions, you may make an adjustment for these securities in line 6
or 10, page 3. This adjustment is allowed only on the following securities:
(A) U. S. Savings bonds and Treasury bonds in excess of $\$ 5,000$ issued before March 1, 1941;
(B) Obligations of instrumentalities of the U. S. (except Federal land banks, intermediate credit banks, and joint stock land banks) issued before March 1, 1941;
(C) Dividends on shares of Federal. savings and loan associations if the shares were issued before March 28, 1942.

## Annuities and Pensions

If you paid part or all the cost of an annuity, pension, endowment, or similar contract, you are entitled to recover your cost tax-free, but must report a certain amount of your annual receipts as income. For your convenience in figuring the capital and income portions of your annuity or pension, Schedule A has been provided on page 2 of Form 1040. If you are receiving payments on more than one pension or annuity, you should fill out a similar schedule for each one.
The 3-Percent Rüle.-In general, each payment to you is partly repayment of your cost and partly interest on your money. You must report as income each year an amount at least equal to 3 percent of all the money you paid toward your pension or annuity.
The difference between the total payments you received during the year and 3 percent of your cost is the amount of your capital recovery which you exclude from income until your full cost has been recovered tax-free. However, if the 3-percent figure is larger than the actual amounts you received during the year, then report the actual amount received.
After You Recover Cost.-As soon as you have recovered your cost tax-free (usually within the first few years), then everything you receive must be reported as income. From then on, you can report your full pension or annuity receipts in line 6 of Schedule A without filling out the other lines of the schedule.
Employer's Contributions.-Many employers contribute part or all of the cost. of pensions for their employees.. Usually,
these contributions are not taxed as current wages, and such contributions are not considered part of the cost to employees. Therefore, in figuring the ex-empt or taxable portion of your pension, you should count only costs which you paid personally or through deductions. from your pay.
Part-Year Annuities.-If you started receiving payments after January 1948, in-stead of reporting 3 percent, take $1 / 12$ of this 3 percent of cost and multiply it by the number of months for which you. received payments in 1948.
Joint and Survivorship Annuities.-If, after the death of one annuitant, another person continues to receive the annuity payments, the new recipient must continue to report income in the same manner as the deceased annuitant.

## Rents and Royalties

If you receive rent from property owned or controlled by you, or if you receive royalties from inventions, copyrights, mineral leases, and similar rights, you must report the total amount received. However, you are entitled to various deductions which are indicated in Schedule B on page 2 of Form 1040.
In the case of buildings you can deduct. depreciation, as explained on page 11. You can also deduct depreciation on a patent or copyright. In the case of mineral, oil, gas, or timber properties, you can. deduct a special allowance called "depletion." For details of depletion allowance, see sections 23 (m) and 114 of the Internal Revenue Code.
You can also deduct all ordinary and necessary expenses on the property such as taxes, interest, repairs, insurance, agent's commissions, maintenance, and similar items. However, you cannot deduct any capital investments or improve-ments. For example, if you are a landlord, you can deduct the cost of minor repairs but not the cost of major improvements such as a new roof or remodeling.
If You Rent Part of a House, etc.- If you rent out only part of your property, you deduct only a similar portion of the ex-; penses. For example, if you rent out one-half of your home, and live in the other
half yourself, you can deduct only onehalf of the depreciation and other expenses.
If crops or other property, instead of cash, were received as rent, their fair market value should be reported. Crops received as rent under a crop-sharing arrangement should be reported as income in the year of disposal.
Expenses, depreciation, and depletion should be listed in total in the columns provided in Schedule B and should be explained in Schedules F and G.

## Business or Profession

The law taxes a business or profession on its profits-not its total receipts. Therefore, Form 1040 provides Schedule C on page 2 of the form to help you subtract your costs from your receipts. For the assistance of farmers, a separate form (1040F) is provided and must be used by all farmers who report on a cash basis. This form is optional with farmers who keep books on an accrual basis.

Generally, the costs you can deduct are the ordinary and necessary expenses of doing business-cost of merchandise, salaries, interest, taxes, rent, repairs, and incidental supplies. In the case of capital investments and improvements in depreciable property, such as buildings, machines, fixtures, and similar items having a useful life of more than one year, the law provides an annual depreciation allowance as the method of recovering the original capital cost taxfree. This means that you can spread the cost over as many years as it is expected to be useful. For further information on depreciation, see page 11. These rules apply to a profession the same as to a business. For instance, a lawyer can deduct the cost of his law books and a doctor can deduct the cost of his instruments only through the depreciation allowance.
In the case of capital investments and improvements in nondepreciable proper-ty, such as land, the law does not provide for any annual depreciation allowance.
If some of your expenses are part business and part personal, you can deduct the business portion in Schedule C but
not the personal portion. For instance, a doctor who uses his car half for business can deduct only half the operating expenses of the car.
If your business income depends on manufacturing, buying, or selling of merchandise, the law requires you to show the size of your inventory at the beginning and end of the year. You may value your inventory (1) at cost, or (2) you may value each item by determining both cost and market value and selecting the lower figure. Once you choose one of these methods of valuing inventory, you must continue that method unless you get permission to change from the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. For information on other less commonly used methods of handling inventory, see your Collector of Internal Revenue.
If you sell merchandise on the installment plan, and report your income on that basis, attach a statement showing separately for the years 1945, 1946, 1947, and 1948 the following information: (a) Gross sales; (b) cost of goods sold; (c) gross profit; (d) percentage of gross profit to gross sales; (e) amount.collected; (f) gross profit on amount collected.

If in your business, you suffer a loss from the loan of cash or property, you can deduct the "bad debt" in the year in which it became worthless, but not in any other year. If a business debt becomes partially worthless, you can deduct the portion actually charged off on your books. Uncollected bills for services, like doctors' bills, cannot be deducted unless the anticipated income was reported in your current or previous tax return.

Do not deduct taxes levied for paving, sewers, or other local improvements that increase the value of your property.
Do not deduct any salary or other compensation for yourself.
If your business lost money instead of making a profit in 1948 , you can apply your business loss against your other 1948 income. If your business loss exceeds: your other income, the excess or "net, operating. loss" may be carried backward to offset your income for 1946 or 1947, and any remaining excess may be carried.
forward against your income for 1949 and 1950. For further information, see section 122 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Farmers should report as business insome all Government payments, such as milk subsidy and conservation payments and amounts received under the Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act, as amended, the Price Adjustment Act of 1938, section 303 of the Agricultural Adjustment Act, as amended, and the Sugar Act of 1937. Farmers who include in their income loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation should attach a statement explaining the details.

Farmers who market produce through a cooperative should add to the sales price of the produce, or to ordinary income, any patronage dividends received in the taxable year as a result of such transactions. Farmers who buy, through a cooperative, implements, gasoline, seed, fertilizer, or other items for use in their business should either reduce their deductions for such items by the amount of patronage dividends received or add patronage dividends to income. Patronage dividends received as rebates for purchases of items not used in your business should be omitted from your tax return. Patronage dividends are considered paid to you when remitted in cash, merchandise, stock certificates, or when credited to your account.

## Sale and Exchange of Property

If you sell your house, car, furniture, securities, real estate, or any other kind of property, the law requires you to report any profit in your tax return. Because of the many special rules for taxing the profit and deducting the loss from such transactions, a special form (Schedule D, Form 1040) is provided for your convenience. The results computed from this form must be shown on page 2 of Form 1040 and the separate schedule attached.
What Are Capital Gains?-In general, capital gains are profits from selling or exchanging any kind of property except certain kinds when they are used or held in your trade business. For more specific
information regarding capital gains and losses and gains and losses from the sale or exchange of other property, see instructions on the back of Schedule D.
Long-Term and Short-Term Gains.-The law provides special rules for taxing gains on certain property owned for more than 6 months. These gains are called longterm. Only one-half of a long-term gain is taxed and the rate of tax on this half cannot exceed 50 percent. (Combining these rules, people commonly say long-term gains are taxed at 25 percent; actually this is the maximum rate.) Gains on certain property held for not more than 6 months are called shortterm and are taxed at regular rates.
Long-Term and Short-Term Losses.The law provides that losses from the sale or exchange of certain property held for more than 6 months shall also be given special tax treatment. These losses are called long-term losses and are taken into account only to the extent of 50 percent, as in the case of long-term gains. "Short-term" losses-those sustained on certain properties held for 6 months or less-are taken into account 100 percent. These losses must first be used to reduce both long-term and short-term gains. Any remaining excess of such losses may be used to reduce ordinary income up to $\$ 1,000$. Finally, any excess remaining may be carried over for use in the 5 subsequent years.
Sale of Homes, Etc.-The law requires you to report any gains from the sale of your residence or other nonbusiness property, but does not allow you to claim any loss from the sale of a home or other asset which was not held for the purpose of producing income. However, your gain from the sale of such property is the difference between the sales price and your original cost plus the cost of permanent improvements without reduction of such costs for depreciation.
Nonbusiness Bad Debts.-If you fail to collect a personal loan, you can list the bad debt as a "short-term capital loss" provided the loan was made with a true
expectation of collecting. So-called loans to close relatives, which are really in the nature of gifts, must not be listed as deductible losses.

## Partnerships

A partnership or similar business firm (not a corporation) does not pay income tax in the firm's name. Therefore, each partner must report in his personal tax return his share of his partnership's income and pay tax on it.

Include in Schedule E of your return your share of the net profit (whether actually received by you or not) or the net loss of a partnership, pool, syndicate, or the like, whose taxable year ends within the year covered by your return. In computing the amount of the net income or loss of the partnership or other organization for this purpose, do not include:
(a) Capital gains or losses. Your share of these should be reported by you in the separate Schedule D (Form 1040).
(b) Interest on obligations of the United States or its instrumentalities which is exempt from normal tax (see Interest). Your share of this interest should be reported in item 4, page 1, of your return.
(c) Deductions and credits for contributions, income taxes paid to a foreign government, and income taxes paid at the source on tax-free covenant bond interest. If you itemize your deductions on LongForm 1040, your share of these items should be entered on page 3.

## Estates and Trusts

If you receive or are entitled to receive income from an estate or trust, you must report in your personal tax return any of its income which you have received or are entitled to receive. The administrator, executor, or trustee should advise you what to report.

Include in Schedule E of your return your share of the distributable income (whether actually received by you or not) of an estate or trust whose taxable year ends within the year covered by your return. In computing the amount of the net income of the estate or trust for this purpose, do not include:
(a) Interest on obligations of the United States or its instrumentalities which is exempt from normal tax (see Interest). Your share of this interest should be reported in item 4, page 1, of your return.
(b) Income taxes paid to a foreign government and interest paid at the source on tax-free covenant bond interest. If you itemize your deductions on LongForm 1040, your share of these items should be entered on page 3.

## Other Income

If you cannot find any specific place on your tax return to list some type of income, you should put it in Schedule E, page 2. For example, this is the proper place to report amounts received as alimony or separate maintenance under a court decree; rewards or prizes; recoveries of bad debts, taxes, losses, etc., which reduced your tax in a prior year, and health and accident insurance benefit payments received by you as reimbursement for medical expenses which reduced your tax in a prior year.

## How to Figure Depreciation

As already indicated, in figuring your profit from rents, royalties, businesses and professions, the law does not allow you to deduct the full cost of your capital investments or improvements in the year made. However, in the case of buildings, machines, fixtures, patents, and other kinds. of property which wear out, become obsolete, or expire in time, the law does allow a "depreciation" deduction which, in effect, permits you to recover their cost gradually over the period of years of their useful life. No depreciation is allowed on land or other properties which do not wear out or expire.
What is "Useful Life."-The useful life of a building, machine, or similar property depends on how soon it will become obsolete, on the quality of materials and construction, climate, hard usage, and other factors. Past engineering experience provides reasonable estimates for figuring depreciation. Comprehensive tables of "average useful lives" of various
kinds of buildings, machines, and equipment in many industries and businesses have been published in an official booklet called Bulletin F which you can buy for 25 cents from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. The bases of the depreciation allowance are explained in section 114 of the Internal Revenue Code.
Figuring the Deduction.-Once you make a reasonable estimate of the useful life of your property, you may divide its cost less salvage value, if any, by the number of years of such useful life, and that is the amount you can deduct during each of these years. For example, suppose you own a house which has an estimated useful life of 40 years. If you rent the house to someone else, you can deduct from your rental income $21 / 2$ percent of its cost (excluding the land cost) each year for 40 years.

## Cash or Accrual Accounting

Your return must be on the "cash basis" unless you keep accounts on the "accrual basis." "Cash basis" means that all items of taxable income actually
or constructively received during the year (whether in cash or property or services) and only those amounts actually paid during the year for deductible expenses are shown. Income is "constructively" received when the amount is credited to your account, or set aside for you, and may be drawn upon by you at any time. Thus, constructive receipts include uncashed salary or dividend checks, bank interest credited to your account, matured bond coupons, and similar items which you can immediately turn into cash. The "accrual basis" means that you report income when earned, even though not received, and deductible expenses when incurred, even though not paid within the taxable period.

## Information Reports

Every person who made payments of salary, wages, interest, rents, commissions, or other fixed or determinable income of $\$ 600$ or more during the calendar year 1948 to an individual, partnership, or fiduciary, must make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099. If a portion of such salary or wage payments was reported on a Withholding Statement (Form W-2), only the remainder must be reported on Form 1099.

## HOW TO CLAIM NONBUSINESS DEDUCTIONS

## Contributions

If you itemize deductions on a LongForm. 1040, you can deduct gifts to religious, charitable, educational, scientific, or literary organizations, and organizations for the prevention of cruelty to children and animals, except when the organization is operated for personal profit, or to conduct propaganda or otherwise attempt to influence legisTation. You can deduct gifts to fraternal organizations if they are to be used for charitable, religious, etc., purposes. You can also deduct gifts to veterans' organizations, or to a governmental agency which will use the gift for public purposes. A contribution may be made in
money or property (not services), but if in property, then the amount of. the contribution is measured by the fair market value of the property at the time of the contribution.

However, deductions for contributions may not exceed 15 percent of your adjusted gross income (item 6, page 1).
The law does not allow deductions for gifts to individuals, or to other types of organizations, however worthy.

While you can deduct gifts to the kind of organizations listed above, you cannot deduct dues or other payments to them for which you receive personal benefits. For example, you can deduct gifts to a YMCA or a fraternal lodge, but not dues or assessments.

Some examples of the treatment of contributions are:

## You CAN Deduct Gifts To:

Churches, including assessments
Red Cross, Salvation Army
American Legion, VFW
Nonprofit schools and hospitals
Community chests
Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts
Tuberculosis societies (Christmas seals)

## You CANNOT Deduct Gifts To:

Relatives, friends, other individuals
Propaganda organizations
Political organizations or candidates
Social clubs
Labor unions
Chambers of commerce

## Interest

If you itemize deductions on a LongForm 1040, you can deduct interest you paid on your personal debts, such as bank loans or home mortgages. Interest paid on business debts should be reported in Schedule B or C. Do not deduct interest paid on money borrowed to buy tax-exempt securities, single-premium life insurance or endowment contracts, or interest paid on behalf of another person unless you were legally liable to pay it. In figuring the interest paid on a mortgage or an installment contract, be careful to distinguish between the amount specifically charged as interest and other items such as carrying charges, taxes, or insurance. Following are examples of the treatment of interest paid:

## You CAN Deduct Interest On:

Your personal note to a bank or an individual A mortgage on your house
A life insurance loan, if you pay the interest in cash
Delinquent taxes
Installment contract if interest is specifically charged

## You CANNOT Deduct Interest On:

Indebtedness of another person, when you are not legally liable for payment of the interest
A gambling debt or other nonenforceable obligation
A life insurance loan, if interest is added to the loan and you report on the cash basis

## Taxes

If you itemize deductions on a LongForm 1040, you can deduct most non-

Federal taxes paid by you. You can deduct State income taxes, personal property taxes, and real estate taxes (except those assessed for pavements or other local improvements which tend to increase the value of your property.). You can deduct State or local retail sales taxes (including gasoline taxes) if under the laws of your State they are imposed directly upon the consumer, or if they are imposed on the retailer and the amount of the tax is separately stated by the retailer to the consumer.

Do not deduct on page 3 any nonbusiness Federal taxes, or any taxes paid in connection with a business or profession which are deductible in Schedule B or C. Following are examples of the treatment of some common taxes:

## You CAN Deduct:

Personal property taxes
Real estate taxes
State income taxes
State or local retail sales taxes
Auto license fees
State capitation or poll taxes
State gasoline taxes, except in Alabama, California, Florida, Louisiana, Utah, Wyoming, and Hawaii

## You CANNOT Deduct:

Any Federal excise taxes on your personal expenditures, such as taxes on theater admissions, furs, jewelry, cosmetics, railroad tickets, telephone service, etc.
Federal social security taxes
Hunting licenses, dog licenses
Auto inspection fees
Water taxes
Taxes paid by you for another person

## Casualty Losses and Thefts

If you itemize deductions on a LongForm 1040, you can deduct your'net loss from the destruction of your property in a fire, storm, automobile accident, shipwreck, or other losses caused by natural forces. Damage to your car by collision or accident can be deducted if due merely to faulty driving but cannot be deducted if due to a wilful act or negligence for which you are responsible. You can also deduct losses due to theft, but not losses due to mislaying or losing articles.

To compute the amount of the loss, determine the fair market value of the property just before the loss and subtract both
(a) the salvage value, and (b) any insurance or other reimbursement. However, the amount of the deductible loss can never exceed the original cost less depreciation allowable, if any. Attach a statement explaining your computation. Following are examples of the treatment of losses arising from some causes:

## You CAN Deduct Losses On:

Property such as your home, clothing, furniture, or automobile destroyed or damaged by fire
Loss or damage of property by flood, lightning, storm, explosion, or freezing
Any property, including cash, which is stolen from you
Damage to your auto by accident, if not due to your wilful negligence

## You CANNOT Deduct Losses On:

Personal injury to yourself or another person Accidental loss by you of cash or other personal property
Property lost in storage or in transit
Damage by insects, rust, or gradual erosion Animals or plants damaged or destroyed by disease.

## Medical and Dental Expenses

If you itemize deductions on a LongForm 1040 you can deduct, within the limits described below, the net amount you paid for medical or dental expenses for yourself, your wife, or any dependent who received over one-half of his support from you. If you pay medical expenses for one of your children who gets over half of his support from you, you can deduct the payments even though the child earned $\$ 500$ or more and therefore you cannot claim an exemption for him in item 1, page 1, of your return.

You can deduct payments to doctors, dentists, nurses, hospitals, etc., provided the payments are for the prevention, cure, correction, or alleviation of a bodily condition. If you pay someone to perform both nursing and domestic duties, you can deduct only that part of the cost which is for nursing.

You can deduct the cost of eyeglasses, artificial teeth, crutches, braces, hearing aids, X-rays, ambulance service, medicine, and similar items.

You can deduct the cost of necessary tràvel in connection with medical treat-
ment, but you cannot deduct any other travel even if it benefits your health.
Limitations.-The law allows you to deduct only those medical and dental expenses which exceed 5 percent of your adjusted gross income (item 6, page 1). Your deduction must also be reduced by any insurance, compensation, or other reimbursement you receive for these expenses. Furthermore, the law limits the deduction to a maximum of (a) $\$ 1,250$ if you claim only one exemption (item 1, page 1); (b) if you are a single person or a married person filing a separate return and claim more than one exemption, $\$ 2,500$; (c) if you are a married couplefiling a joint return, $\$ 2,500$ if two exemptions are claimed, $\$ 3,750$ if three exemptions are claimed, and $\$ 5,000$ if four or more exemptions are claimed. (Do not: count exemptions for age or blindness.)

## You CAN Deduct Cost Of:

Payments to doctors, dentists, nurses, and hospitals
Drugs, medical or surgical appliances, braces, etc.
Travel necessary to get medical care
Eyeglasses and artificial teeth
X-ray examinations or treatment
Premiums on health and accident insurance, and hospital or medical insurance

## You CANNOT Deduct Cost Of:

Funeral expenses
Cemetery plot
Illegal operations or drugs
Travel ordered or suggested by your doctor forrest or change
Premiums on life insurance

## Miscellaneous

If you itemize deductions on a Long. Form 1040, you can deduct several other important types of expenses under the heading "miscellaneous."

If you work for wages or a salary, you can deduct the ordinary and necessary expenses which you incur for your employer's benefit. For example, if your job requires you to furnish small tools, you can deduct their cost. Do not deduct on page 3 expenses for travel, meals, and lodging away from home, or reimbursed expenses, which should be deducted in item 2, page 1, Form 1040 You cannot deduct any expenses which.
are for your own convenience or benefit.
If you have investments (such as in-come-producing securities or real estate) which are not part of your busincss or profession, you can deduct the cost of protecting, supervising, or managing your investments. For example, you can deduct the rental cost of a safety-deposit box in which you keep securities, but not the cost of a box used mercly for jewelry, insurance policies, and other valuables.
If you are divorced or legally separated and are making periodic payments of alimony or separate maintenance under a court decree, you can deduct these amounts. However, you cannot deduct lump-sum settlements, or any voluntary payments not under a court order.
If you report any income from gambling, you can deduct gambling losses, but such deductions must not be more than the gambling income reported.
If you have bought bonds for more than
their face value, you can deduct an amortized portion of the premium. See section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code for details and conditions.
If you are a tenant-stockholder in a cooperative apartment corporation, you can deduct your share of its payments for interest and real-estate taxes.
Examples of the treatment of expenses in connection with your job are:

## You CAN Deduct Cost Of:

Safety equipment
Dues to union or professional societies
Entertaining customers
Tools and supplies
Fees to employment agencies
You CANNOT Deduct Cost Of:
Travel to and from work
Entertaining friends.
Bribes and illegal payments
Nursemaid, even if she enables parent to work Educational expenses

## HOW TO FIGURE YOUR TAX

Using the Tax Table.-To save arithmetic for the average taxpayer, the law provides a table which shows the correct tax for any income up to $\$ 5,000$. If you file Form 1040A, the collector uses this table to determine your tax for you. If you file a Short-Form 1040, you will find the table on the back of the form (page 4), and determine your tax yourself. The table is based on the same rates used in a Long-Form 1040 computation. The table makes allowance for your exemptions, for any split-income benefits due married couples filing joint returns, and also for an allowance of about 10 percent of your income for nonbusiness deductions on account of contributions, interest, taxes, medical expenses, etc. If your actual deductions are larger than 10 percent of your income, you have the right to file a Long-Form 1040 and claim them.

To find your tax in the table, read down the shaded columns until you find the line that covers your income. For example, if your income was $\$ 3,275$, you should use the line which is for incomes of at least $\$ 3,250$ but less than $\$ 3,300$. When you find the proper income line, read across
to the column which is headed by a number which equals the number of your exemptions. Remember, you listed your exemptions in item 1, page 1, of Form 1040. Using the same example, suppose you had 4 exemptions. Reading across the $\$ 3,250-\$ 3,300$ income line to column No. 4, you find the tax is $\$ 91$.

## Making a Long-Form Computation.-

 To make a long-form computation of tax on page 3 of Form 1040-1. Start with your adjusted gross income (item 6, page 1).
2. Subtract your itemized nonbusiness deductions or the standard deduction.
3. Subtract your exemptions ( $\$ 600$ each).
4. Using the tax-rate schedule on the next page, figure a "tentative tax."
5. Reduce the "tentative tax" by the percentages shown on page 3, Form 1040.
6. If you are a married couple filing a joint return, you figure your tax on only half your income after deductions and exemptions, and then multiply the tax by two. This is the "split-income" provision which often keeps you out of higher tax brackets.

## 1948 Tax Rate Schedule

Use this schedule to determine your "tentative tax" on the income you show on either line 5 or line 9 , page 3, of the return:

If the amount on Line 5 or 9 is:
Not over $\$ 2,000$
Over $\$ 2,000$ but not over $\$ 4,000$
Over $\$ 4,000$ but not over $\$ 6,000$
Over $\$ 6,000$ but not over $\$ 8,000$
Over $\$ 8,000$ but not over $\$ 10,000$
Over $\$ 10,000$ but not over $\$ 12,000$
Over $\$ 12,000$ but not over $\$ 14,000$
Over $\$ 14,000$ but not over $\$ 16,000$
Over $\$ 16,000$ but not over $\$ 18,000$
Over $\$ 18,000$ but not over $\$ 20,000$
Over $\$ 20,000$ but not over $\$ 22,000$
Over $\$ 22,000$ but not over $\$ 26,000$
Over $\$ 26,000$ but not over $\$ 32,000$
Over $\$ 32,000$ but not over $\$ 38,000$
Over $\$ 38,000$ but not over $\$ 44,000$
Over $\$ 44,000$ but not over $\$ 50,000$
Over $\$ 50,000$ but not over $\$ 60,000$
Over $\$ 60,000$ but not over $\$ 70,000$
Over $\$ 70,000$ but not over $\$ 80,000$
Over $\$ 80,000$ but not over $\$ 90,000$
Over $\$ 90,000$ but not over $\$ 100,000$
Over $\$ 100,000$ but not over $\$ 150,000$
Over $\$ 150,000$ but not over $\$ 200,000$
Over $\$ 200,000$
Adjustment for Partially Tax-Exempt Inter-est.-If you itemize your deductions, the tentative tax to be entered on line 6, page 3, should be reduced by 3 percent of any partially taxexempt interest included in line 3 , ar 3 percent of line 5 , whichever amount is the lesser; or the tentative tax in line 10 should be reduced by one-half of such lesser amount. If you so reduce your tax, attach a statement.

Items to be considered in the adjustment on either line 6 or 10 are (a) interest on the ex-

## Enter on Line 6 or 10:

$20 \%$ of the amount on line 5 or 9.
$\$ 400$, plus $22 \%$ of excess over $\$ 2,000$.
$\$ 840$, plus $26 \%$ of excess over $\$ 4,000$. $\$ 1,360$, plus $30 \%$ of excess over $\$ 6,000$. $\$ 1,960$, plus $34 \%$ of excess over $\$ 8,000$. $\$ 2,640$, plus $38 \%$ of excess over $\$ 10,000$. $\$ 3,400$, plus $43 \%$ of excess over $\$ 12,000$. $\$ 4,260$, plus $47 \%$ of excess over $\$ 14,000$. $\$ 5,200$, plus $50 \%$ of excess over $\$ 16,000$. $\$ 6,200$, plus $53 \%$ of excess over $\$ 18,000$. $\$ 7,260$, plus $56 \%$ of excess over $\$ 20,000$. $\$ 8,380$, plus $59 \%$ of excess over $\$ 22,000$. $\$ 10,740$, plus $62 \%$ of excess over $\$ 26,000$. $\$ 14,460$, plus $65 \%$ of excess over $\$ 32,000$. $\$ 18,360$, plus $69 \%$ of excess over $\$ 38,000$. $\$ 22,500$, plus $72 \%$ of excess over $\$ 44,000$. $\$ 26,820$, plus $75 \%$ of excess over $\$ 50,000$. $\$ 34,320$, plus $78 \%$ of excess over $\$ 60,000$. $\$ 42,120$, plus $81 \%$ of excess over $\$ 70,000$. $\$ 50,220$, plus $84 \%$ of excess over $\$ 80,000$. $\$ 58,620$, plus $87 \%$ of excess over $\$ 90,000$. $\$ 67,320$, plus $89 \%$ of excess over $\$ 100,000$. $\$ 111,820$, plus $90 \%$ of excess over $\$ 150,000$. $\$ 156,820$, plus $91 \%$ of excess over $\$ 200,000$.
cess over $\$ 5,000$ of United States savings bonds (at cost) and Treasury bonds (at face value) issued prior to March 1, 1941; (b) interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States issued prior to March 1, 1941 (other than Federal land banks, Federal intermediate credit banks, and joint-stock land banks) ; and (c) dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations if the shares were issued prior to March 28, 1942.

## Your Tax Due or Refund

Credit for Withholding Tax.-To assure credit for any tax withheld from your wages, itemize the taxes withheld in item 2 , page 1, and report the total amount in item 8 (A), and be sure to attach all Original Withholding Statements (Form W-2) received from your employers for the year. If you have lost any Withholding Statements, ask your employer for a copy. If you cannot, for any reason, furnish Withholding Statements for all taxes withheld from you, attach an explanation.
Credit for Estimated Tax Payments.-If you paid any estimated tax on a Declaration of Estimated Tax (Form 1040-ES) for 1948, report the total of such payments in item 8 (B) on page 1. If on
your 1947 return you had an overpayment which you chose to apply on your 1948 tax, include this in item 8 (B).
Balance of Tax or Refund.-After figuring your tax either from the tax table or from the long-form computation, enter the amount in item 7, page 1, Form 1040. Then in item 8 (A and B) take credit for taxes withheld from your wages and payments of estimated tax. Finally, you show in item 9 any balance you owe, or in item 10 any overpayment you have made. If you have overpaid, you can choose, by checking the appropriate box in item 10, whether to receive a refund, or (if you expect to pay estimated tax in 1949) to have the overpayment credited to your 1949 tax.

Namb and Address
(1) CAPITAL ASSETS

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| 2. Net short-serm gain or loss other than from partnerihips and common trutt fundi (column 4 plat column $\$$ minus the tum of columas 6 and 7, of line 1). $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Enter your share of the net shorr-term gain or loss from partnerships and common trust funds. <br> 4. Enter here the sum of gains or losses, or difference between gain and loss, shown in lines 2 and 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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(f) Suberace line (t) from lioe ( $f$ ) and enter the remainder here. This is your capital lors carry - over to 1949
(2) PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS


## comamtation of altemmative tax



1. Enser the income from either line 5 (il separate return) or line 9 (if joint return) page 3. Form 1040.


Il separate returo, enter net long-rerm capital gain or excess of oet long-term capital gain over net shore-term capital loss (the gain in line 9 , Schedule D, less the sum of any losses in lines 4 and $10(b)$ ); if joinc return, eoter one-half of such amount... 3. Balance (line 1 less line 2).-
4. Enece tentative eax on amount on line 3 (See Form 1040 Instructions)
5. If line 4 is-(a) Not over $\$ 400$, enter $17 \%$ of amount on lige 4 -
(b) Over $\$ 400$ but not in excess of $\$ 100,000$, enter $\$ 68$ plus $12 \%$ of the excess over $\$ 400$.
(c) Over $\$ 100,000$, enter $\$ 12,020$ plus $9.75 \%$ of the excess over $\$ 100,000$.
6. Balance (line 4 less line 5 ). This is the partial tax for a separate return.
7. If you are filing a joint return, multiply amount on line 6 by two...
8. If exparate return, enter $50 \%$ of amount on line 2 ; if joint returo, eoter full amount of line 2.
9. Enter a mount from eiether line 6 or 7 , whichever is applicable.
10. Alernative tax (line 8 plus line 9).
11. Enter total normal tax and surfax from page 3, Form 1040 (either line 8 or line 33 , whichever is applicable)
12. Tax liability (line 10 or 11, whichever is smaller). Enter here and also in item 14, page 3, Form 1040

## INSTRUCTIONS-(Relerences are to the Internal Revenue Cede)

GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS AND OTHER PROPERTY.-Report details in cchedule on other side.
"Capital assers" defined.-The term "capital assers" means-All property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with his trade or busiocts he but does NOT include-
(a) stock in trade or other property of a kind properly includible in his inventory if on hand at the close of the taxahle year;
(b) property held by the $\mathbf{2 x p 2 y e r}$ primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his urade or busincss;
(6) property used in the trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in section 23 (1):
(d) real properry used in the trade or business of the raxpayer;
(S) an obligation of the U.S. or any of trs pussecssions or of a State or Territory, or of any political subdivision therteof, or of the District Territory, or or of any issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discounr basis and payable without interest $2 t 2$ fixed mateurity date not exceeding one year from the date of issuc.
If the roral of the distribution to which an employee is entitled under an employees' pension, bonus, or profit-sharing trust plan mecting the requirements of section 165 ( 2 ) is rectived by the emplayec in one taxable year, on account of the employee s separation from the service, the aggregate amount
at of such distribution, to the extent it exceeds se amo exchange ol a capital
the employce, shall be treared as a gain from the sale or exter asset held for more than 6 munths.
A capital gain dividend, as defined in section 362 (relating to tax on reguated investment companies), shall be treated by the sharcholder as gains from the sale or exchange of capiral assers held for more than 6 months.
rom the sale or exchange of capital assers hed
Subsections ( $j$ ) and ( $k$ ) of section 117, in effer, provide that all transactions covered by these subsections sball, in rhe event of a net gain, be taken actions covered by these subsecrione case of long-term capital gain hut, in the event of a nee loss, shall be taken ineo account at 100 percent as in the case of property other than capital assers. Thus, in the event of a net gain, all of property orher than caldital ensered in the ."long-term capital gains and thesses "ransactions portion of Schedule D on the orher side. In the event of a ner loss, all these transactions should be entered in the "property other than capital assers" portion of Schedule D, or in such orher sehedules on Form 1040 as asse applicable.
Even though the law excludes depreciable and real propertits used in the trade or business from the definition of "capital assers" under section 117 (a), subsection 117 (i) provides that gains and losses from sales and exchanges of such properties plus gains and losses from compulsory or involuntary conversions, shall be considered as gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capizal assers in the event the gains exceed the losses from all such transactions. In order to qualify under subsection ( j ), the depreciable and real properties used in your trade or business must (d) have been held by you for properties used in your trade or business must ( 6 ) have held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of your trade or business, nor properly includible in your ordinary course of your trade or business, nor properly inclucible in your
inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year. Section $117(\mathrm{k})$ provides that in order to elect the special ereatment under section 117 (i) for gains or losses from the cutting of timber, you must (a) own the timber which is cur, or ( $b$ ) have a centrace right to cut the timber on the property of another, or ( $\epsilon$ ) upon your disposal of timber under contract, retain an economic interest in such timber.
Kind of property listed.-State following facts: (a) For real estate (including owner-occupied residences), location and description of land and improvements; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebeedness, name of issuing corporation, particular issue, denomination, and amount; and (c) for stocks, name ol corporation, class of stock, number of shares, and capital changes affecting basis (including nonta a 2 ble distributions).
Basis.-In deecrmining gain or loss in case of property aqquired after February 28, 1913, use cost, except as otherwise provided in section 113. The basis of the property acquired by gift after December 31, 1920, is the cost or other basis to the donor in the event of gain, but, in the event of loss, it is the lower ol either such donor's hasis or market value of property on date of giff. The basis of property acquired by inheritance is the fair market value
of the properey at cime of acquisition which generally is the date of death. In the case of sales and exchanges of owner-occupied residences, automobiles, 2nd other such nonincome-produciog properties, the basis for determining gain is the original cost plus the cost of permaneot improvements thereto. No lnsses are recognized for income tax purposes on the sale and eachange of such nonincome-produciog properties. In derermining GAIN io case of property acquired before March 1, 1913, use the cose or the fair marker value 25 of March 1, 1913, adjusted 25 provided in section 113 (b), whichever is greater, bur in determining LOSS use cost so adjusted.
Losses on securities becoming wortbless.-If ( $\omega$ ) shares of stock become worthless during the year or ( $b$ ) corporate securities, with inrerest coupons or in registered form become worthless during the year, and are capital assels, the loss therefrom shall be considered as from the sale or exchange of capital assets as of the last day of such taxable year.
Nonbusiness debts.-If a dehe, such as 2 personal loan but not (a) a debt evidenced by a corporate security with interest coupons or in registered
form and $(b)$ a debe the loss from the worthlessness of which is incurred in form and (b) 2 debe the loss from the worehiessness of which is incurred in the trade or business, becomes eorally worthiess within the tasable year,
the loss resulting therefrom shall be considered a loss from the sale or exthe loss resulting therefrom shall be considered a loss from the sale or exchange, during the taxable year, of a capital asset held for not more than 6 months. Enter such loss in colsmn
short-erm capital gains and losses on orther side.
Classification of capital gains and losses.-The phrase "shntr-term" applies to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assers beld for 6 months or less; the phrase "long-teem" to capital assets held for more than 6 months.
"Wasb sales" losses.-Losses from the sale or orher disposition of stocks or securities are not deductible (unless sustained in connection with the taxpayer's trade or business), if, within 30 days before or after the date of sale or other disposition, the taxpayer has acquired (by purchase or by 20 exchange upon which the entire a mount of gain or loss was recognized by law), or has entered into a coneract or option to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities.
Losses in transactions between certaia persoas.-No deductioa is allowable for losses from sales or exchanges of property directly or indirectly beeween (a) miembers of a family, (b) a corporation and $2 n$ individual owning more than 50 percent of irs srock (liquidations excepted), (c) a grantor and fiduciary of any rrust, $\mathrm{nr}(d)$ a hiduciary and a beneficiary of the same truse.
Nondeductible losses.-Losses from the sale or exchange of property are noe deductible unless they are incurred in erade or business or in transactions entered into for profic.
LIMITATION ON ALLOWABLE CAPITAL LOSSES. Allowable losses from current year sales or exchanges of capital assees shall be allowed only to the extent of (1) current year gains from such sales or exchanges plus (2) the smaller of either the net income of the current year (or adjusted gross income if tax table is used) computed withour regard to capital gains nr losses, or \$1,000. The excess of such allowable losses ove the sum of items (1) plus (2) above is called "capital loss carry-over." It may be carried forward and used against any such gain and income of the hive succerding years. However, tbe capital loss carry-over of each year should be kept separate, since the law limits the use of such carry-over to the five sutceeding years. Therefore, in offsetting your capital gain and income of 1948 by prior year loss carry-overs, use any capital inss carry-over remaining from 1943 before using 2ny such carry-over rom 1944 or subse quent years. Any 1943 carry-over which crannot be used in 1948 must be
excluded in determining your total loss carry-over to 1949 and subsequent exclude
years.
ALTERNATIVE TAX.-If the net loog-rerm capital gain exceeds the net short-term capital loss, or in the case of only a long-rerm capital gain, tax payers ( $($ ) filing separate returns with surtax net income exceeding $\$ 22,000$ or (b) filing joint returns with surtax net income exceeding $\$ 44,000$ should compute the alternative t2x (see computation of aleernative tax above) The alsernative tax, if less than the normal tax aod surtax computed on page 3 of Form 1040, shall be the tax liability.

 1948 INCOME IS REPORTED HEREON.


## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING YOUR INCOME TAX RETURN

A. Who Must File-Every citizen or resident of the United States who had income of $\$ 600$ or more in 1948 must file a Federal income tax return on Form 1040A or Form 1040. This is required whether you are single or married, and whether you were a minor or an adult.

A single person with less than $\$ 600$ income should file a return to get a refund if tax was withheld. A married person with income less than her (or his) own personal exemption(s) should always file a joint return with husband or wife to get the smaller tax or larger refund for the couple. No refund can be made unless a return is filed.
B. Who May Use Optional Retura Form 1040A.-If your total income was less than $\$ 5,000$ and consisted entirely of wages reported on Withholding Statements (Forms W-2), or of such wages and not more than $\$ 100$ total of other wages, dividends, and interest, you may use Employee's Optional Income Tax Return (Form 1040A). If you bad any income from other sources, such as annuities, rents, royalties, a business or profession, farming, transactions in securities or other property, partnerships, estates, and trusts, you may not use Form 1040A but must file your return on Form 1040.

If you use Form 1040A, the Collector of Internal Revenue will compute the tax and send you either a check for any refund due you or a bill for any amount you owe. The Collector will compute your tax from the table provided by law which allows $\$ 600$ for each exemption and about 10 percent of your total income for charitable contributions, interest, taxes, casualty losses, medical expenses, and miscellaneous items. If your deductions amount to more than 10 percent of your income, it will generally be to your advantage to use Form 1040 and itemize them.
C. Married Couple-Advantage of Joint Return.-A husband and wife may file a, joint return on Form 1040A if their combined incomes do not exceed the limits described in Instruction $B$ above. A husband and wife may make a joint return even though one has no income. To assure any benefits of the split-income provisions, husband and wife should file a joint return. BOTH HUSBAND AND WIFE MUST SIGN A JOINT RETURN.

A joint return on Form 1040A never results in more tax than separate returns because the tax is computed by the Collector on the combined incomes or on the separate incomes, whichever results in the smaller tax or larger refund for the couple. If each has income, they must list their incomes separately in item 6. Both husband and wife are responsible for any tax which is due on a joint return, and any refund check will be addressed to both.
D. Your Exemptions.-Fill in items 1, 2, and 3 oo other side in order to get credit for your exemptions. The law allows-
(Item 1) One exemption for you-two if you are either 65 years of age or over OR blind-three if you are both 65 or over AND blind;
(Item 2) One exemption for your wife (or husband), unless her exemption is claimed on another returntwo if she is either 65 years of age or over OR blind-three if she is both 65 or over AND blind;

For purposes of items 1 and 2 , marital stanss:
age, and blindness must be determined as of December 31, 1948. However, if the husband or wife died during 1948, the exemptions of the deceased should be determined as of the date of death instead of December 31. If totally blind, attach a statement of such fact to the return. If partially blind, attach a statement from a qualified physician or a registered optometrist that (1) central visual acuity did oot exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses or (2) that the widest diameter of the visual feld subteads an angle no greater than 20 degrees.
(Item 3) One exemption for each closely related dependent who received more than balf his or her support: from you and who had less than $\$ 500$ incomeof his or her own in 1948.
"Closely related dependent" means: Your son; daughter (including legally adopted children) or their descendants; youri stepson, stepdaughter, son-in-law, daughter-in-law; your father, mother, or ancestor of either; your stepfather, stepmother, father-in-law, or mother-in-law; your brother, sister, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, half sister, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law; your uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece. Do not include an uncle, aunt, nephew, or niece if related to you only by ' marriage, unless you make a joint return.
Only dependent relatives who are United States citizens or who are residents of the United States, Canada, or Mexico may
be listed. be listed.

Do not list any relative who files a joint return with anotherperson, such as a daughter filing a return with her husband.
The law does not allow additional exemptions for age and blindness for dependents.
E. Your Income.-Enter in item 4 on other side all the information called for with respect to wages shown on all your 1948 Withholding Statements (Forms W-2) before pay-roll deductions. If a joint return is filed, such detailed information should be entered with respect to all the wages shown on Forms. W-2 of both husband and wife. BE SURE TO ATTACH ALL WITHHOLDING STATEMENTS (Forms $\mathrm{W}-2$ ) TO YOUR RETURN!
Enter in item 5 on other side the total of interest, dividends, and any wages not shown on Forms W-2. If a joint return is filed, enter total of such interest, dividends, and wages of both husband and wife. Include in this item the increase in value of any United States Savings or War Bonds which you cashed in 1948, as well as all "tips" and so-called "gifts" which are really compensation for services.
You should exclude from your income any items exempt from tax, such as social security benefits, sickness and injury benefits, life insurance proceeds, mustering-out pay, military pay of enlisted personnel, the first $\$ 1,500$ of military pay of commissioned officers, and Government contributions to monthly family. allowances.
F. Where and When To File Your Return.-File your completed and signed return (signed by both husband and wife, if a joint return) with the Collector of Internal Revenue for your: district, between January 1 and March 15, 1949.


## Schodulo A.-INCOME FROM PARTNERSHIPS, AND OTHER FIDUCIARIES. (See Instruction 9)



In case of a net long-torm capital gain or on excess of net long-term capital gain over net abort-tarm oapital loss and Item 20, page 1, exceeds $\$ 22,000$ computo alternativa tax In schedulo at top of page 3 .

| I. locome from item 20, page 1.- |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. Net long-term capital gain or excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capitsl lowe (the gain in line 9 leat the sum of any losses in lines 4 and $10(b)$, page 2). |  |  |
| 3. Balance (line 1 less line 2)-- |  |  |
| 4. Combined tentative normal tax and surtas on amount on line 3. (See Tax Table in Instruction 21). |  |  |
| 5. If line 4 io -(a) Not over $\$ 400$, enter 17 percent of amount on line 4 . |  |  |
| (b) Over $\$ 400$ but not in excess of $\$ 100,000$, enter $\$ 68$ plus 12 percent of the exeess over $\$ 430$ |  |  |
| (c) Over $\$ 100,000$, enter $\$ 12,020$ plus 9.75 percent of the excess over $\$ 100,000$ |  |  |
| 6. Partial tax (line 4 less line 5)... |  |  |
| 7. 50 pereent of amount on line 2, above- |  |  |
| 8. Alternative tax (line 6 plus line 7) | \$ |  |
| 9. Total normal tas and surtax (item 23, page 1). |  |  |
| 10. Tax liability (line 8 or line 9, whichever is smaller). (Enter here and also as item 24, page 1). | \$ |  |

Schedule D.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS (See Instruction 7)

| 1. Kind of property | 2. Datc acqured | 3. Grown sales price (conturt price) |  | 5. Coal or other basis <br> (If not purthased. attech explanation) |  | 6. Expense of asle and coet of impraveriente subseMerch 1. 1913 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\$ .$ | \$........ |  |  | -- |
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| 1. |  |  | ... ...... .... | -1... |  |  | -...- |
| 1. Totals |  | \$ .... | \$ ...... | \$ .--- | --. |  |  |
| 2. Total net gain or loss (column 3 plus column 4 minus the sum of columns 5 and 6 ). Enter as item 7 (b), page 1........-............-- |  |  |  |  |  | \$.-...----.....- | .-... |

Schedule E-EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTION FOR DEPRECIATION CLAIMED IN SCHEDULES B, C, AND D. (See General Latructiog M)

| 1. Kind of property (if buildinste, teta material of which constructed) | 2. Date ace | 3. Cort or other besis (do not in clude land or other <br>  property) |  | 4. Assets fulty depreciated in use at end of year |  | 5. DepreciationAliowed (or siliowable) in prior yara |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { 6. Remainims cont } \\ \text { or ohth baine co be } \\ \text { recoverod } \end{array}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { 2. Estimated } \\ \text { ifie uned in } \\ \text { seceunulatins } \\ \text { depreciation } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | 9. Depreciationallowhle thia your |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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Schedule F.--EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED IN COLUMNS 4 AND 5, SCHEDULE B, AND TTEMS I1, 12, AND 13. (See Instructions 11, 12, and 13)

1. Column or 1 2 Explanation

Page 4
Schedule G.-BENEFICIARIES' SHARES OF INCOME AND CREDITS. (Include an beneficiaries persons to whom amounts


## QUESTIONS

1. Was an income tax return filed for the preceding year? to which collector's office was it sent?
$\qquad$ If so ! Date estate or trust was created
2. If copy of will or trust instrument and statement required under General Instruction I have been previously furnished, state when and where filed
3. Check whether this return was prepared on the cash $\square$ or accrual $\square$ basis.
4. Did the estate or trust at any time during the taxable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corporation or of a personal hold-

## ing company as defined in section 501 of the Internal Revenue

 Code? (Answer "Yes" or "No") ........... If answer is "Yes," attach list showing name and address of each such corporation and amount of stockholdings.. If return is for a trust, state name and address of granter
7. If retum is for an estate, has a United States Estate Tax Return been filed? (Answer "Yes" or " No ") ....... If answer is "No," will such a return be filed? "Yes" " $\mathrm{No}^{\square} \square$ "Uncertain" $\square$ (Check which.)

## AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction F)

I swear (or affirm) that this return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been examined by me, and to the best of my knowledge and belief, is a true, correct, and cornplete return.


# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1041 <br> 1948 <br> <br> UNITED STATES FIDCCIRRY INCOME TAX RETURN 

 <br> <br> UNITED STATES FIDCCIRRY INCOME TAX RETURN}

# (References are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless otherwise noted) 

It will be helpful to read General Inatructions $A$ to $N$ before commencing to fill in returns, and to read Specific Instructions in connection with filling in the items to which they refer.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Who muat use Form 104 1.-Every fiduciary, or at least one of joint fiduciaries (except a recoiver appointed by authority of law in possession of part only of the property of an individual), muat make under oath an income Tax return on Form 1041 for:
(1) Every estate for which he acts, if (a) the gross income of such estate for the taxable year is $\$ 600$ or over, or (b) any beneficiary is a nonresident alien.
(2) Every trust for which he acts, if (a) the net income for such trust for the taxable year is $\$ 100$ or over, or (b) the gross income is $\$ 600$ or over regardless of the amount of net income, or (c) any beneficiary is a nonresident aliea
See also General Instruction N.)
B. Fiduciary returns on Form 1040 or Form 1040A.-(1) An executor or administrator must make a return, on Form 1040 or Form 1040 A , if the gross income of a decedent to the date of is death was $\$ 600$ or more
(2) A fiduciary, including the guardian of a minor and the uardian or committee of an insane person, who has charge of the ocome of an individual, must make a return of income on Form 1040 or Form W-2, if a returp is required for such individual.
C. Returns for nonresident alien beneficiaries.-(1) Uniled Stales business.-If a citizen or resident fiduciary has the disribution of the income of an estatc or trust, any beneficiary of which is a nonresident alien engayed in trade or business within the United States at any time within the taxable year, the fiduciary shall make a return on Forin 1040B for such nonresident alien and pay any tax shown thereon to be duc.
(2) No Uniled Staies business.-A citizen or resident fiduciary having the distribution of the income of an estate or trust will oot be required to make a return on Form 1040 NB for any beneficiary who is a nonresident alien not engaged in trade or busincss within the United States at any time within the taxable year if the entire amount of the tax on the income payable to auch beneficiary has been withheld at the source, but such fiduciary is required to make a return on Form $1040 \mathrm{NB}-\mathrm{a}$ for such bencficiary, other than a resident of Canada or of the Uuited Kingdom, who has gross income for the taxable year of more than $\$ 15,400$, and pay any tax shown thereon to be due.
(3) Duly of filing returns.-If the beneficiary appoints a person in the United States to act as his agent for the purpose of rendering income tax returns, the fiduciary shall be relieved from the neccssity of filing Form 1040 B , Form 1040 NB , or Form $1040 \mathrm{NB}-\mathrm{a}$, as the case may be , form 1040 NB , or Form ion Na,a, as the case may be. In such a case the diduciary shall make a return on Form 1041 and attach thereto copy of the notice of appointment of such agent. The fiduin effect when the payment is made on the entire amount of income payable to the beneficiary.
D. Period to be covered by return.-Returns shall be flled for he calendar year 1948 or fiscal year beginning in 1948 and ending in 1949. The established accounting period must be adhered to for all years, unless permission is received from the Commissioner to make a change. An application for a change in the accounting period shall be made on Form 1128 and forwarded to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., at least 60 daye prior to the close of the fractional part of the year for which a return would be required to effect the change.
E. When and where the return must be filed.-Taxsble returns must be filed on or before the 15th day of the third month ollowing the close of the taxable year of the estate or trust with the collector of internal revenue for the district in which the fiduciary resides or has his principal place of business. Nontaxable returns must be filed on or before the 15 th day of the fifth month ollowing the close of the taxable year. In case the fiduciary has no legal residence or place of business in the United States the return should be forwarded to the Collector of Internal Revenue, Baltimore 2, Md.
F. Affidavits.-The affidavit must be executed by the individual fiduciary, or by the authorized officer of the organization receiving or having custody or control and management of the income of the estate or trust. If two or more individuals act jointly as fiduciaries, the affidavit may be executed by any one of them.

Where the return is actually prepared by some person or persons other than the fiduciary, such person or persons must exe-
cute the affidavit at the bottom of the fourth page of the return. The oath or affirmation will be administered without charge by ay collector, deputy collector, or internal revenue agent.
G. When and to whom the tax must be paid.-The tax muat be paid in full when the return is filed, or in four equal installments as follows: On or before the lidh on or before the 15th day of the sixth month, on or before the 15th day of the ninth month, and on or before the. 15 th day of the twelfth month, from the close of the taxabla year. If any installment is not paid on or before the date fixed for payment the whole amount of tax unpaid ahall be paid upon notice and demand by the collector.
The tax may be paid by sending or bringing with the return a check or moncy order drawn to the order of "Collector of Internal Revenue." Do not aend cash by mail, nor pay it in person except at the collector's office.
H. Penalties.-Severe penalties are provided by law.for fail ure to file a required return, for filing late, and for filing a false or fraudulent retura.

1. Copy of will or trust inatrument.-A copy of the will or trust instrument sworn to by the fiduciary as a true and complete copy in cases in which the gress income of the estate or plete copy in cases in which the gress income of the estate or
trust is $\$ 5,000$ or over, must be filed with the fiduciary return of the estate or trust, together with a statement by the fiduciary indicating the provisions of the will or trust instrument which, in his opinion, determine the extent to which the income of the in his opinion, determine the extent to which the income of the or the grantor, respectively. If, however, a copy of the will or or the grantor, respectively. h, however, a copy of the will or trust instrument, or statement relating to the provisions of the will or trust instrument, has once been filed, it need not again be filcd if the fiduciary return contains a statement showing when and where it was filed. If the trust instrument is amended in any way after such copy has been filed, a copy of the amendment, together with a statement by the fiduciary, indicating the effect, if any, in his opinion, of such amendment on the extent to which the income of the trust is taxable to the trust, the beneficiaries, or the grantor, respectively, must be filed with the return for the taxable year in which the amendment was made.
J. Basis of return.-If the books of account of the estate or trust are kept on the accrual basis, report all income accrued, and expenses incurred. As to disallowance of deductions for unpaid expenses and interest due to certain persons, see section 24 (c). If the books are not kept on the accrual basis, or if no books are kept, make the return on the cash basis aod repert all income received or constructively received, such as bank interest credited to the account of the estate or trust and coupon bond interest matured, and report expeoses actually paid.
K. Income in respect of decedents.-Amounts of gross income of a decedent, not includible in his gross income, shall be included when received in the gross income of his estate, legatee, or other person entitled to receive such amounts upon his death. Deduc tions specified in section 23 (a), (b), or (c) (relating to deductions for expenses, interest and taxes) in respect of the decedent may be taken by the person receiving property of the decedent subject to the obligation for which the deduction is allowed Similar treatment is given to the foreign tax credit provided by section 31. The deduction for percentage depletion apecified in section 23 (m), not allowable to the decedent for any taxable period, may be taken by the person receiving the income in respect of the decedent to which such deduction relates. (See aections 23 (w) and 126.)
L. Items exempt from tax. - As to items of income exempt from tax other than those listed below, see aectiona 22 (b) and 116.
(1) Interest on gavernmental obligations:
(a) Entircly exen tpt.-The interest on (1) obligations of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions; (2) obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941 , under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as amended; (3) obligations of the United States issucd on or before September 1, 1917; and (4) Treasury notes issued prior to Decembet 1, 1940, Treasury bills and Treasury certificates of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941, postal savings accounts to the extent that they represent deposits made prior to March 1, 1941, adjusted service bonds, and certain other obligations of the United States.
(b) Partiolly exempt.- Tbe interest on (1) United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941 owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$ and (2) obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States issued prior to March 1, 1941, is subject ooly to aurtex.
(2) Federal savings and loan associations.-Dividends on ghare accounts in Federal savings and loan associations in case of shares issued prior to March 28, 1942, are aubject oaly to surtax.
(3) Proceeds of insurance poticies.-The proceeds of life insurance policies, paid by reason of the death of the insured, are exempt. If any part of the proceeds is held by the insurer under an agreement to pay interest, the interest is taxable. Amounts (other than annuities) received under a life insurance or endowment policy, not payable by reason of the death of the insured, are not taxable until the aggregate of the amounts received exceeds the premiums or consideration paid for the policy.
(4) Miscellaneous items wholly exempt from tax:
(a) Gifts (not received as a consideration for service readered) and money and property acquired by bequest, devise, or inheritand money and property acquired by bequest, devise
(b) Except in the case of amounts attributable to (and not in excess of) deductions allowed under section 23 ( $x$ ) in any prior taxable year, amounts received through accident or health naurance or uoder workmen's compensation acts, as compensation for personal injuries or aickness plus the amount of any damages received, whether by auit or agreement, on account of such injuries or aickness, and amounts received as a pension, annuity, or aimilar allowance for personal injury or sickness resulting from active service in the armed forces of any country;
(c) Income, other than reat, derived by a lessor of real property upon the termination of a lease, representing the value of auch property attributable to buildings erected or other improvements made by the lessee; and
(d) Income attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of a bad debt, prior tax, or delinquency amount, to the extent that auch debt, tax, or delinquency amount did not operate to reduce the income tax liability of the taxpayer for any prior year with respect to such debt, tax, or amounts.
M. Depreciation, depletion, and amortization of emergency facilities:- A reasonable allowance for exhaustion, wear and tear (includiag a reasonable allowance for obsolescence) (1) of property used in trade or business or (2) property held for the production of income, may be deducted, based on cost if acquired by purchase after February 28, 1913. If acquired before March 1, 1913, or otherwise than by purchase, see section 114.

For depletion deduction, see sections $23(\mathrm{~m})$ and 114.
Estates and trusts (provided an election is made as prescribed in section 124 (b)) are entitled to a deduction with respect to the amortization of the adjusted basis (for determining gain) of an emergency facility as defined in section 124 (e), based on a period of 60 months. A statement of the pertinent facts ahould be filed with the taxpayer's return.
N. Information at source.-Every estate or trust which made payments of salaries, wages, interest, rents, commissions, or other fixed or determinable income of $\$ 600$ or more during the. calendar year 1948, to an individual, a partnership, or a fiduciary must make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099. If a portion of auch salary or wage payments was reported on a Withholding Statement (Form W-2a), only the remainder muat be reported on Form 1099. Distributions to beneficiaries of an eatate or truat shall be reported on Form 1041 and not on Form 1099.

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## The following lnstructions are numbered to correspond with item numbers on the first page of the return

1. Dlvidends.-Enter the total of all taxable dividends received from domestic and foreign corporatlons, except dividends on ahare accounts in Federal aaviags and loan associationa in case of ahares issued prior to March 28, 1942, which ahould be included in item 4.
2. Interest on tax-free covenant bonds.- Enter interest on bonds upon which a Federal income tax was paid at the source by the debtor corporation, if an owaership certificate on Form 1000 was filed with the interest coupons. The tax of 2 percent paid at the source on such interest should be allocated to the beneficiaries in columa 5, Schedule G.
3. Interest on Government obligations, etc.-Interest on an aggregate of not exceeding $\$ 5,000$ priacipal amount of United States Savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, is exempt from surtax. However, when the ncome of a trust is taxable to beneficiaries, as in the case of trust the income of which is to be distributed to beneficiaries currently, each beneficiary is entitled to exemption as if he owned directly a proportionate part of the bonds held in trust. When, on the other hand, income ie taxable to the trustee, as in the of unborn or unascertained persons, the trust, as owner of the of unborn or unascertained persons, the trust, as owner of the
bonds held in trust, is eatitled to the exemption on account of bonds held in t
such ownership.
Section 23 (v) provides for the deduction of amortizable bond premium by the owaer of the bond. The term "bond" means any bond, debeature, note, or certificate or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporation and bearing interest (including any like obligation issued by a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, but does not include any such obligation which constitutes stock in trade of the taxpayer or any such obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or any such obligation held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of bis trade or business.

Amortization of bond premium is mandatory with respect to fully tax-exempt bonds. In the case of fully taxable bonds and partially tax-exempt bonds (the intercst on which is subject only o surtax), the amortization of bond premium is elective as to either one or as to both. Such election shall be made by the axpayer by taking a deduction for the bond premium on his return for the first taxable year to which he desires the election to be applicable. Attach a statement ahowing the computation $f$ the deduction.
The election ahall apply to all bonds with respect to which it was made and which were owned by the taxpayer at the beginding of the first taxable year to which the election applies and
also to all bonds of such class (or classes) thereafter acquired. The election shall be bindiag for all subsequent taxable years, unless, upon application by the taxpayer, the Commissioner permits the taxpayer to revoke the election.

In the case of a fully tax-exempt bond, the amortizable premium for the taxable year is an adjustment to the basis, or adjusted basis, of the bond but no deduction is allowable on account of such amortizable premium. In the case of a fully taxable bond, the amortizable premium is both an adjustment to the basis, or adjusted basis, of the bond and also a deduction. In the case of a partially tax-exempt bond, the amortizable premium for the taxable year is used for three purposes: (1) As an adjustment to the basis, or adjusted basis; (2) as a deduction; and (3) as a reduction of the credit for the interest on the bonds.

A taxpayer on the cash basis may elect, as to all noninterestbearing obligations issued at a discount and redzemable for fixed amouats increasing at stated intervals (for example, United States Savings I Bonds), to include the increase in redemption price applicable to the current year. For the year of clection price applicable to the current year. For the year of clection ring between the date of acquisition and the end of the year must ring between the date of acquisition and the end of the year must be tacluded. A taxpayer so electing shall report such income as interest in item 2, 3 , or 4, page 1, whichever is applicable, and attach statemeat listing obligations owned and computation of accrued income. An election exercised in the current year or in a prior year is binding for all subsequent years.
The fiduciary shall advise each beneficiary as to the amount . of his share of these obligations and of the interest (as well as . amortizable bond premium), in order that the bencficiary may include this information in his individual income tax retura and determine whether such interest is subject to tax.
5. Income (or loss) from partnerships, syndicates, pools, etc., and other fiduciaries.- Enter the estate's or trust's share of the profits (whether reccived or not) or of the losses of a partnership (including a syndicate, pool, etc., not taxable as a corporation) except the estate's or trust's distributive share of the partnership capital gains or losses which should be reported in Schedule C and included in item 7 (a), page 1, and the cstate's or trust's share of the income from another estate or trust. The estate's or trust's share of interest in obligations of the United States, owned by partnerships or another estate or trust, should be included in item 4 . Include in items 25 and 26 , respectively, the estate's or trust's share of credits claimed for forelgn income and profits taxes and Federal iocome taxes paid at source.

If the taxable year on the basis of which the eatate'a or truat'a return is filed does not cnincide with the annual accounting period of the partnership or other fiduciary, include in the return the =
distributlve share of the estate or trugt of the net profits for such accounting period of the partaershlp or other fiduciary ending within your taxable year.
6. Rents and royal(les-Fill io Schedulo B glviag the informatlon requested.

If the estate or trist received property or crops in lieu of cash rents, report the income as though the rent had been received in cash. Crops received as rent on crop-share bnsis ahould be reported as income for the year io which disposed of (unless the return is on the sccrual batis).
7. Gains and losses from sales or exchanges of capltal assets and other property.-Report salcs or exchanges of capital nssets it Schedule $C$ and aales or exchanges of other property in Schedule D, and enter the net amount of gain or loss to bo taken into account in computing net income.
"Capital assets" defined.-The term "capital assets" meansAll property held by the estnte or trust (whether or not conAll property held by the estate or trust (Whether or not
nected with the trade or business) but does NOT include-
(a) atock in trade or other property of a kind properly includible in the inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year;
(b) property held by the taxpayer primarily for aale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business;
(c) property used in the trade or business of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in section 23 (1);
(d) real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer;
) an obligation of the United Statcs or a ay of its possessions or of a State or Territory, or of any political subdivision thereof, or of the District of Columbia, issucd on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from the date of issue.
If the total of the distribution to which an employee is entitled under an employees' pension, bonus, or profit-sharing trust plan mecting the requirements of section 165 (a) is received by the employec in one taxable year, on accoun of the employee's separation from the service, the aggregate amount of cuch distribution, to the extent it exceeds the amounts contributed by the employee, shall he treated as a gein from the sale or exchange of a capital asset held for more than 6 months.
A capital gain dividend, as defined in section 362 (relating to tax on regulated investment companies), shall be treated by the shareholder as gains from the sale or exchange of capital assets beld for mofe than 6 months.
Subsections (j) and (k) of section 117, in effect, provide that all transactions covered by these aubsections shall, in the event of a net gain, be taken into account at 50 percent, as in the case of long-term capital gain but, in the event of a net loss, shall be taken into account at 100 percent as in the case of property other than capital assets. Thus, io the event of a net gain, all these transactions should be entered in the "long-term capital gains and losses" portion of Schedule C. In the event of a net loss, all these transactions should be entered io Schedule D, or in such other schedules on Form 1041 as are applicable.
Even though the law excludes depreciable and real properties used in the trade or business from the definition of "capital assets" under section 117 (a), subsection 117 (j) provides that gains and losses from sales and exchanges of such properties plua shall be considered as gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets in the event the gains exceed the losses from all such fransactions. In order to qualify under subsection ( j ), the depreciable and real properties used in the trade or business depreciable and real properties used in have been held ior more than 6 months, and (b) not held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business, nor properly includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year. Section $117(\mathrm{k})$ provides that in order to elect the special treatment under section 117 (j) for gains or losses from the cutting of timber the estate or trust must (a) own the timber which is cut, or (b) have a contract right to cut the timber on the property of another, or (c) upon disposal of timber under contract, retain an economic interest in auch timber.
Kind of property listed.-State following facts: (a) For real estate, location and description of land and improvernents; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, name of issuing corporation, particutar issue, denomination, end amount; and (c) for stocks, name of corporation, class of stock, number of shares, and capital changes affecting basis (including nontaxable distributions).
Basis,-In determining gain or loss in case of property acquired after February 28,1913 , use cost, except as otherwise provided in section 113. The basis of the property acquired by gift after
December 31,1920 , is the cost or other basis to the donor in tbe
ovent of gain, but, in the event of loss, it ia the lower of either such donor's basis or market value of property on date of gift. The basis of property acquircd by inheritance is the fair market Talue of the property at time of acquisition which generally is the date of dcath. In determining GAIN in case of property acquired before March $1,19 \mathrm{t} 3$, use the cost or the fair market value as of March 1, 1913 , adjusted as provided in section 113 (b), whichever is greater, but io determining LOSS use cost ao adjusted.
Losses on securitica becoming worthless.-If (a) shares of stock become worthless during the year or (b) corporate securities with interest coupons or in registered form become worthicess during the year, and are capital assets, the loss therefrom shall be considered as from the sale or exchange of capital assets as of the last day of such taxable ycar.
Nonbusiness dehts.-If a debt, such as a personal loan but not (a) a dcbt evidenced by a corporate security with interest coupons or in registercd form and (b) a debt the losa from the worthlessness of which is incurred in the trade or business, becomes totally worthless within the taxable year, the loss resulting thercfrom shall be considered a loss from the sale or exchange, during the taxable year, of a capital asset hetd for not more than 6 months. Enter such loss in column 6 (describe in column 1) under short-term capital gains and losses on Schedule C.
Classificalion of capital gains and losses.-The phrase "shortterm" applies to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for 6 months or less; the phrase "long-term" applies to capital assets held for more than 6 months.
"Wash sales" losses.-Losses from the sale or other disposition of stocks or securities are not deductible (unleas sustained in connection with the taxpayer's trade or business), if, within 30 days before or after the date of sale or other disposition, the taxpayer has acquired (by purchase or by an exchange upon which the entire amount of gain or loss was recognized by law), or has entered into a contract or option to acquire, aubstantially dentical stock or securities.
Losses in transactions between certain persons.-No deduction is altowable for losses from sales or exchanges of property directly or indirectly between (a) members of a family, $(b)$ a corporation and an individual owning more than 50 percent of its stock (liquidations excepted), (c) a grantor and fiduciary of any trust, or (d) a fiduciary and a beneficiary of the same trust.
Nondeductible loases.-Losses from the sale or exchange of property are not deductible unless they are incurred in trade or business or in transactions entered into for profit.

LIMITATION ON ALLOWABLE CAPITAL LOSSES. Allowable losses from current year sales or exchanges of capital assets shall be allowed only to the extent of (1) current year gains from such sales or exchanges plus (2) the smaller of either the net income of the current year computed without regard to capital gains or losses, or $\$ 1,000$. The excess of such allowable losses over the sum of items (I) plus (2) above is called "capital loss carry-over." It may be carried forward and used against any such gain and indome of the five succeeding years. However, the capital loss carry-over of each year should be kept sefarate, since the law limits the use of such carry-over to the five succeeding years. Therefore, in offsetting capital gain and income of 1948 by prior year loss carry-overs, use any capital loss carry-over remaining from 1943 before using any auch carry-over from 1944 or aubsequent years. Any 1943 carryover which cannot be used in 1948 must be excluded in determining the total loss carry-over to 1949 and subsequent years.

ALTERNATIVE TAX.-If the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-term capital loss, or in the case of only a long-term capital gain, taxpayers with surtax net income exceeding $\$ 22,000$ should compute the alteraative tax in Schedule C. The alternative tax, if less than the normal tax and aurtax computed on page 1 of Form 1041, shall be the tax liability.
8. Profit (or loss) from trade or business. - If the estate or trust was engaged in a trade or business during the taxable year, enter the net profit (or loss) and attach to the return a statement showing the oature of the trade or business, total receipts, cost of merchandise bought for cale, inventories of merchandisa on hand af the beginning and eod of the taxable year, other items entering into cost of goods sold, net cest of goods seld, salaries and wages of employees, interest, taxes, losses, and bad debta directly attributable to the trade or business, depreciation, obsolescence, sod depletion of property used in the trade o business, rent, repairs, and all other expensea in detail. A tax payer electing to include in gross income amounts received duriog should file with the return a ctatement ahowing the details of auch loans. (See section 123.)

Inventories.-If engaged in a trade or business in which the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an nncome-producing factor, inventories of merchandise on hand should be taken at the beginming and end of the taxable year, which may be valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market whichever is lower. The basis properly adopted for the first year is controlling and a change can be made only after permission is secured from the Commissioner. Application for permission to change the basis of valuing inventories shall be made in writing and filed with the Commissioner within 90 days after the beginning of the taxable year in which it is desired to make the change. Indicate opposite the inventories in the atatement submitted by the use of " C " or " C or M " whether the inventories are valued at cost, or cost or market whichever is lower. provided in section 22 (d), there should be filed an election on Frovided 970 .

Depreciation, efc.-See Generat Instruction $M$ in case sny deduction is claimed for depreciation, obsolescence, or depletion.

Bad debts.- Bad debts may be deducted either (a) when they become wholly or partially worthless, or (b) by a reasooable addition to a reserve, (No change of method without permission of Commissioner.)

Installment sales.-If the installment method is used, attach to the returo a schedule showing separately for the years 1945 , 1846, 1947, and 1948 the following: (a) Gross satcs; (b) cost of goods aold; (c) gross profits; (d) percentage of profits to gross sales; (e) amount collected; and (f). gross profit on amount collected. (See aection 44.)
9. Other income.-If the estate or truist had any taxable income, space for reporting which is not provided elsewhere on page 1 , enter it as item 9, and explain its nsture, using a sepa-. rate sheet if necessary for that purpose.
11. Interest.-Enter all interest paid or sccrued, other than on business indebtedness (which, should be deducted in computing income under item 6 or 8). Do not include interest on indebtedness. incurred or continued to purohase or carry obligations, the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation. ADy deductions on account of interest ghould be explained and itemized in Schedule F. Do not deduct amounts paid or secrued on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase a single premium life insurance or endowment contract. A contract shall be considered a single premium life insurance or endowment contract if substantially all the premiums on such contract are paid within a period of 4 years from the date on which the contract is purchased.
12. Taxes.-Enter and explain in Schedule F taxes imposed upon the estate or trust and paid or accrued during the taxable year, not including taxes on property used in the trade or business of the estate or trust and those aasessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed. Federal import duties and Federal excise and atamp tixea are deductible only if paid or incurred in cerrying on a trade or businese, or in the production or collection of income, or for the management, conservation, or maintenance of property held for the production of income. Do not include Federai income taxes nor estate, inheritance, legacy, auccession, gift taxes, taxes imposed upon the interest of the estate or rust as shareholder of a corporation which are paid by the corporation without reimbursement from the estate or trust. No deduction is allowable for any portion of foreign income and profits taxes if a credit is claimed in item 24. (See section 29.126-3 of Regulations 111 for rute retating to deduction for estate tax attributable to income io respect of decedent.)
13. Other deductions apthorized by law.-Enter any other authorized deductions for which no space is provided on page 1, including net operating loss deduction allowed by section 23 (s). Every taxpayer claiming a deduction due to a net operating loss for the preceding taxable year or years shall file with his return the statement required by section 29.122-1 of Regulations 111 .
Include nontrade or nonbusiness expense incurred either (a) for the production or collection of taxable income or (b) for the for the production or collection of taxahe income or management, conservation, or maintenance of property held for management, conservation, or maintenance of property held for the production of taxa

Worthless bonds and aimilar'obligations and nonbusiness bad debts abould be included in Schédule $\mathbf{C}$ as losses on capital .assets.

Do not deduct losses incurred in transactions which were neither connected with the trade or business of the estate or trust nor entered into for profit

In case the estate or trust incurred expenses fn connection with exempt income or owned any property the income from which is exempt, seee section 24 (a) (5) and Regulatione 111.
Item 13 should include losses of property not connected with the trade or business of the estate or trust sustained during the year, if arising from fire, storm, ahipwreck, or other casualty, or
from theft, snd if not compensated for by insurance or otherwise.
Explain and itemize losses claimed in Schedule $F$, setting forth a description of the property, date acquired, cost, subseguent improvementa, depreciation allowable since acquisition, insuradce, salvage value, and deductible loss.
Amounts allowable under section 812 (b) as a deduction in computing the net estate of a decedent are not allowed as a deduction under section 23, except subsection (w), in computing the net income of the estate untess, there is filed in dupticate with the return in which the item is claimed as a deduction a statement to the effict that the items have not been claimed or nllowed as deductions from the gross estate of the decedent
under section 812 (b) and a waiver of any and aill right to have unch itemallowed at any time as a deduction under section 812 (b).
16. A mount distributable to beneficiaries.- Enter the total smount distributable to beneficiaries as reflected in columns 3 and 4, Schedule G. Care should be taken in filling in Schedule $G$ so as to include as beneficiaries persons for whose benefit amounts of charitable contributions are, pursuant to the terms of the will or deed creating the trust, paid or permanently set aside during the taxable year as provided in oection 162 (8). If aside during the taxable year as provided in oection the (a). If any part of the income of the trust is taxable to the grantor under section 1041 , but such income and the amount of deductions and credits applicable thereto should be ahown in a separate statement to be attached to Form 1041. (As to the treatment of distributions made within 65 days after the close of the taxable year, see section 162 (d).)
19. Exemptions.-For the purpose of the normal tax and the surtax, an estate is allowed an exemption of $\$ 600$; a trust is allowed an exemption of $\$ 100$.
21. Tax Rates.-The table below shows, the combined normal tax and aurtax (before reduction) for the taxable year. The combined tentative tax to be entered as item 21, page 1, should be reduced by 3 percent of fiduciary's share of partially taxexempt interest and dividends reported in item 4 , page 1 or 3 percent of item 20 , page 1 , whichever amount is the lesser.

If item 20 , page 1 , is:
Not over $\$ 2,000$.

Over $\$ 0,0000$ but not over $\$ 0.000-\cdots$-...... $\$ 8$,
Over

à

Over
Over
Over
Ov Over $\$ 100,000$ but not over $\$ 100,000$ over $\$ 1150,000$ -
Over $\$ 150,00$ but oot over $\$ 200,000$.......
Over $\$ 200 ; 000$.
25. Income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession.-If, in accordance with scetion 131 (a), a credit is claimed for income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes paid to a foreign country or a possession of the United States, submit Form 1116 with the return, together with the receipts for such payments. In case credit is sourht for taxe receipts or such payments, the form must have attached to it a certified copy of the return on which the tax was besed, and the Commissioner may require a bond on Form 1117 for the payment of any tax maynd due if the tax when psid differs from the credit claimed.
26. Income tax paid at source. - Enter the fiduciary's share of that portion of the 2 percent Federal income tax on bond interest which was paid at the source by the debtor corporation.

## UNITED STATES




Schedule A.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASsETS. (See Instruction 10)


| Notare | Amount |  | Nature (cootivoed) | Amount (contiousd) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ---- |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ...\| | Total (enter as item 18, page 1).................- | 5 |  |

Schedule C.-BAD DEBTS. (See Instruction 20)


NOTE - Check whether deduction claimed represents debta which have become worthless $\square$, or is an addition to a reverve $\square$.
As an ana

Schedule D.--DEPRECIATION. (See Instruction 21)


Schedule E.-EXPLANATION OF DEDUCTIONS CLAIMED IN ITEMS 17 AND 24


Schedule F.--CONTRIBUTIONS OR GIFTS PAID. (See Instruction for Schedule J)

| Name ond eddress of orgenization | Amount |  | Name and addren of arganization (continued) |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ampount } \\ \text { (continued) } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - | s.-...........-..- |  |  |  | .........- | .-... |
| --------------------------------1. | ------------- |  |  |  |  | -.... |
| ---------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Total (eoter in column 7, Schedule I) | \$ |  |  |

Schedulo G.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS. (See thatructions 27-28)


## QUESTIONS

1. Date of organization
2. If organized in 1948, indicate whether (a) completely new business $\square$, or (b) successor to previously existing business, which was organized as (1) corporation $\square$, (2) partnership $\square$, or (3) sole proprietorship $\square$, or (4) other (indicate)
If successor to previously existing business, give name and address of the previous business organization
3. Nature of organization (partnership, syndicate, pool, joint venture, etc.)
4. Was a return of income filed for preceding year? ....... If so, to which collector's office was it sent?
5. Check whether this return was prepared on the cash $\square$ or accrual $\square$ basis.
6. State whether inventores at the beginning and end of the taxable year were valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market whichever is If any other basis is used, attach statement describing basis fully, state why used and the date inventory was last reconciled with stock
7. Is any member of the partnership the spouse, son, or daughter of any other member? (Answer "Yes" or "No")
8. Did the organization at any time during the taxable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corporation or of a personal holding company, as defined in section 501 of the Internal Revenue Code? (Answer "Yes" or "No") ....- .- .-....... If answer is "Yes," attach list showing name and address of each such"corporation and amount of stockholdings.
9. Was return of information on Forms 1096 and 1099, or Form W-2a, filed for the calendar year 1948? (See Instruction H.)



## 1948 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1065 UNITED STATES PARTNERSHIP RETURN OF INCOME

(Referencea are to the Internal Revenue Code, unless othorwise noted)
It will bo helpful to read General Instructione A to H before commencing to fill In returns, and to read Specific Instructions in connection with filling in the iteme to which they refer.

The term "partnership" as used herein includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any buainess, financial operation, or venture is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of the Internal Revenue Code, a trust or eatate or a corporation; and the term "partner" as used herein includes a member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or organization.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Who mast uee Form 1065.-Every domestle partnership (Including syndicates, groups, poels, joint ventures, ete.) and every foreign partnership, syndicate, pool, etc., doing busidess within the United States sball make a return of income on Form 1065. If the return is filed on hehalf of a syndicate, pool, joint venture, or aimilar group, a copy of the operatiag agreement, together with all ameadmeats thereto, ahould be attached to the return, unless a copy has been previoualy filed.
B. Perlad to be covered by return. - The return shall be filed for the calendar year 1948 or fiscal year beginaing in 1948 and ending in 1949, A fiscal year must eod on the last day of a calender month other than December.
The established accounting period must be adhered to for all years, unless permission is received from the Commissioner to make a change. Ao application for a change in the accounting period shall be made on Form 1128 and forwarded to the Commissioner of Interoal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., at least 60 daya prior to the close of the fractiooal part of the year for which a return would be required to effect the cbange.
C. When and where the return must he filed.-The retura must be flled, on or before the 15 th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year of the partoersbip, with partoership bas its priacipal otfice or principal place of business.
The retura for a foreigu partaership shall be filed on or before the 15 th day of the sixth montb following the close of the taxable year, and if such foreign partnership does not have any principal place of business or principal office or ageucy in the Uaited States, the return shall be bled with the Collector of Ioternal Revenue, Baltimore 2, Md.
D. Afidavita.- The return ahall be awora to by any one of the partners. If receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are a control of the property or business of the organization, such eceivers, trustecs, or assignees sball execute the return under

Where the return is actually prepared by some person or persons other than a member or employee of the partnership, such person or persons must execute the affidavit at the bottom of page 4 of the return. The oath or affrmation will be administered without charge by any collector, deputy collector, or interual revenue agent.
E. Penalten,-Severe penalties are provided by law for willful failure to make and file a raturn on time and for willful attempt failure to make and file a raturn on
F. Basla of return.-If the partnerahlp's booka are kept on the accrual basis, report all income accrued and expenses iocurred. If the books are kept on the cash receipts and disbursements basis, or if the partnersbip kept no booka, make the roturn on the cash basis and report all income received or constructively received, auch as bank interest credited to the partnerstip'a account and coupon bond interest matured, and report oxpanees actually paid.
G. Items exempt from tax.-As to items of lacome exempt from tax uther than those listed below, see section 22 (b).
(1) Interest on Governmental obligations:
(a) Entirely exempl.-The interest on (1) obligatlons of a State, Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or United States possessions; (2) obligations issued prior to March 1, 194 t , under Federal Farm Loan Act, or under such Act as ameaded; (3) obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917, and (4) Treasury notes issued prior to December 1,1940, Treasury bills and Treasury certificates
of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941, postal savinga of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941, postal savinga accomnts the 1941 adjusted service boods, aod certain other oblito March 1,1941 , adjusted se
(b) Partially exempt.-The interest on (1) Uaited States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941 .
owned in excess of $\$ 5,000$ and (2) obligations of certain instruowned in excess of $\$ 5,000$ and (2) obligations of certain instru-
mentalities of the United States issued prior to March 1, 1941. is subject only to surtax.
(2) Federal savings and loan associations.- Dlvidends on ahare accounts in Federal savings and loan associations in case of shares issued prior to March 28, 1942, are subject only to surtaz.
(3) Proceeds of insurance policies.-The progeeds of life insurance policies, paid by reason of the death of the insured, are exempt. If any part uf the pruceeds is held by the insurer under an agreement to pay isterest, the interest is taxable. Amounta (other than annuities) received under a life insurance or endowment policy, not payable by reason of the death of the insured are not taxable until the aggregate of the amounts received exceeds the premiums or consideration paid for the policy. (See Specific lastruction 12 as to taxation of anaulties.)
-(4) Income from improvements by lessee. - Income, other than rent, derived by a lessor of real property upon the termination of a lease, representing the value of such property attributable buildings erected or other impruvenients aiade by the lessee.
H. Information at source.-Every partnership which mado payments of salaries, wages, iuterest, reuts, cummissions, or other fixed or determinable income of $\$ 600$ or more during the calendar year 1948, to an individual. a partnership, or a fiduciary, must make a return oD Forms 1096 aud 1099.' if a portion of such salary or wage payments was repurted ou a Withholding Statement (Form $W-2 a$ ), only the remaiuder must be reported on Forn 1099.
I. Balance sheets.-The balance sheets, Schedule H, ahould agree with the books of account or any differences should be reconciled. Partnerships reporting to the Interstate Commerce Commission or to any national, state, municipal, or other publio
officer, may submit, in lieu of Schedule
$H$, copies of their balance officer, may subnit, in lieu of chedule H, coples of their balance
shceta prescribed by aaid Cummission or Stute and municipal authorities, as at the begiuoing and eud of the taxable year.

In case the balance sbeet as at the beginsing of the current taxable year does not agree in every respect with the balance abeet which was submitted as at the end of the previous taxable year, the differences abould be fully explained.

## The following instructions are numbered to correspond with item numbers on the first page of the return

1. Gross recelpte from bubiness or profeaalon.- Enter the
gross receipts from sales or aervices, less any discounts or allowances from sale price or eervice charge.
2. Coat of goods aold.-If the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an income-producing tactor on the trade or business, inventories of merchandise on hand should be taken at the beginning and end of the taxable year, which may be valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market whichever is lower. The basis properly adoptpd for the first year ia controlling, and a change can be made only after permission is eecured from the Commissioner. Application for permiasion to change the basis of valuing inventories shall be made in writing and filed with the Commissioner within 90 days after the beginning of the taxable year in which it is desired to effect a change. F.nter the letters "C," or "C or M," immediately before the amolint column, if the inventories are valued at either cost. or enst or market whichever is lower, and cxplain filly in answer to question 6 on page 3 of the return the method used,
See Regulations 111 with respect to inventories by dealers in ecurities.
If the partnership elects to use the inventory method provided in section 22 ( d ), there should he filed an election on Form 970 .
Installment sales. - It the installment methed is used, attach to the return a schedule showing separately for the years 1945 1946, 1047, and 1948 the following: (a) Gross sales; (b) cost of goods sold; (c) gross profits; (d) percentage of profits to gross sales; ( $\rho$ ) amount collected; and ( $f$ ) gross profit on amount collected. (See section 44.)
Farmer's income schedule.--It the partnership operates a farm and kcens no books of account, or keeps books on a cash basis, obtain from the collector and attach to the return, Form 1040F, Schedtule of Farm Income and Expenses, and enter the net farm incnme as item 3 on page 1 of the return. If the farm books of acrnint are kept on an accrual basis, the bling of Form 1040F is nptional.
A partncrship electing to include in gross income amounts received during the year as loans from the Commodity Credit Corporation should file with its return a statement showing the details of such loans. (See section 123.)
3. Income (or loss) from other partnerships, syndicates, poois, etc.-Enter the partnership's share of the profits (whether eceived or nnt) or of the losses of another parinership, except the partnership's r!istributive share of another partnership's capital gains or losses. which should be reported in Schedule G and included in item 27 or 28 . If the taxable year on the basis of which the partnership's relurn is filed does not coincide with the annual accounting period of the other partnership, include in the return the diatributive share of the net profits (or losses) for the accounting period of such partnership ending within the period for which the return is filed.
4. Interest on tax-free covenant bonds.-Enter interest on bonds upon which a Federal inconie tax was paid at the source by the dehtor enrporation, if an onnership eertificatc on Form 1000 was filed with the interest coupons. The tax of 2 percent paid at the source on such interest should be allocated to the partners in column 8, Schedule I.
5. Interest on Government obligations, etc.-The proportionate ghare of each partner'e interest and dividenda from Government obligations, etc., should be considered with hia individual holdings for the purpose of ascertaining his tax liability with respect to such income. An individual partner Whe does not elect to use the tax table or to take the standard deduction is entitled for the purpose of the normal tax to a credit against his net income of his proportionate share of such amounts (not in cxcess of the net income of the partnership) of interest (less amortizable bond premium) and dividends as are received by the partnership from auch obligations.
Section 23 (v) provides for the deduclion of amortizable bond premium by the owner of the bond. The term "bond" means ady bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evidence of ladebtedness, issued hy any corporation and bearing interest (including any like obligation issued by a goveroment or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in regiatered form, but does not include any aueh obligation which constitutes stock In trade of the partnership or any.euch obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, of any such ohligation held primarily for ale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business.
Amortization of bond premium is mandatory with respect to fully tax-exempt bonds. In the case of fully tasable bonds and
partially tax-exempt bonds the interest on which 15 subject only to aurtax, the amortization of bond premium ie elective as to either one or as to both. Such election shall be made by the partnership by taking a deduction for the bond premium on the return for the first taxable year to which the election is to be applicable. Attach a statement showing the computation of the deduction.
The election shalt apply to all bonds with respect to which it was made and which are owned by the partncrship at the beginning of the first taxable year to which the elcction applies, and also to all bonds of such class (or classes) thercalter acquired The clection shall be binding for all subsequent taxable years, untess upon application by the partnership, the Commissioner permits the partucrship to revoke the election.

In the esce of a fully tax-exempt bond, the amortizable promiun for the taxable vear is an adjustment to the hasis, or adjusted basis, of the bond but no deduction is allowable on account of such amortizalse premium. In the case of a fully taxable bọnd, the amortizable premiumi is both an adjustrient to the basis. or adjusted basis, of the bond and also a deduction. In the case of a partially tax-exempt bond, the amortizable promium for the tavable year is used for three purposes: (1) As an adjusto ment to the hasis, or adjusted basis; (2) as a drduction; and (3) as a reduction of the credit for the interest on the bonds.
8. Rents.- Enter the gross amount received or accrued as the rent of property. Any deductions claimed for ropairs, interest, taxes, and depreciation should be included in items $16,17,18$, and 21 , respectively.
If property or crops were reccived in lieu of cash rent, report the income as thongb the rent had been received in cash. Crops reccived as ront on a crop-share basis should be reported as income for the year in which disposed of, unless the return io made on the accrual basis.
9. Royalties.- Enter the gross amount received or accrued as royalucs. If a dedluction is claimed on account of depletion. it should be included in item 23. (See scetions $23(\mathrm{~m})$ and 114.)
10. Net gain (or loss) from sale or exchange of propety other than capital assets.-Report ssles or exchanges of such property in Scledule A, and enter the gain or loss shown in column 7 , cherlule A. (For de6nition of "capital assete," see Specific Instructions 27-28.)
11. Dividends.-Enter the total of all taxable dividende reccued from domnstic and freign corporations, except dividends on share accounts in Federal savings and loan associations in case of sharcs issued prior to March 28, 1942, which ehould be included in item 7, page 1.
12. Other income.- Eider any other tamable income for which no space is provided eisewhere on page 1 of the return and explain its nature, using a scparate sbeet if necessary for that purpose. Include taxable income from annuities and insurance proceeds. Amounts received as an annuity under an annuity or endowmedt contract shall be included in gross income to the extent of 3 percent of the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity. When the aggregate of the amounts received and excluded from gross income in this year and in prior years equala the aggregate premiums or consideration paid for such annuity, the entire amount received thereafter must be included in gross income. (Section 22 (b). (2).)
14. Salarles and wages.-Enter all salaries and wages not iocluded as a deduction in line (c), item 2, except compensation for partners which shall not be claimed as a deduction in this item or elsewhere on the retura.
15. Rent.- Enter rent on business property in which the partnership has no equity. Do not include rent for a dwelling occupied by any partner for residential purposcs.
16. Repairs.-Enter the cost of incidental repairs, including lahor, supplics, and other items, which do not add to the value or appreciably prolong the life of the property. Expenditures for new buildings, machinery, cquipment, or for permanent improvements or betternicnts which increase the valiue of the property are chargeable to capital accoumL. Dixpenditures for reatoring or replacing property are not deductible, since such expenditures are chargeable to capital accounts or to depreciation reserve depending on how depreciation is charged on the books of the partnership.
17. Intercst on indebledness.-Enter interest on buainess ipdehtedness to others. Do not include interest on capital invested in the busincss by any partner, nor interest on indabtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligatione
the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation. (For imitations on deductions for unpaid expenses and interest, see section 24 (c).) Do not deduct amounts paid or accrued on indebteduess incurred or continued to purchase a single premium life inaurance or endowment contract. A ceotract shall be considered a single premium life insurance or codowment contract, if substantially all the premiums on such contract are paid within a period of 4 years from the dnte on which the contract is purchased.
18. Taxes.- Eater taxes paid on business property or incurred for carrying on business. Federal import duties and Federnl excise and atnmp taxes are deductible only if paid or incurred in carrying on a trade or business, or in the production or collection of inceme, or for the management, conservation, or maintenance of property held for the production of income. Do not include taxes assessed against. lecal benefits teading to incrense the value of the property assessed, as for paving, etc. Federnl income axes, nor estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, nnd gift taxes, nor taxes entered in column 9, Schedule 1. Do not include taxes imposed on the interest of the partncrship as stocklolder of a corporation which are paid by the cerporation without reimbursement from the partnership. List in Schedule B each class of taxes deducted.
19. Losses by fire, storm. shipwreck, or other casualty. or theft.- Enter losses sustnined during the year, if arisiag by fire, term, shipwreck, or ether castualty, or from theft, and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise. (See section 23 (e).)
Attach a schedule setting fortb a description of the property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation allowable since acquisition, insurance, salvage value, and deductible lose
20. Bad debts.-Bad debts may be deducted either (1) whea they become wholly or partially worthless, or (2) by a reasonable addition to a reserve. No change of method is aliowed without permisaiod of the Commissioner. (See Instructions 27-28 regard$\mathrm{g} g$ nonbusiness debts.)
21. Depreciation.-A reasonable allewance for the exhaustion, wear and tear, and obsolescence of (1) property used in the tradc or business or (2) property held fer preduction of income may be deducted. If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1, 1913, the ameunt of depreciation should be fletermined upon the basis of the originnl cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the probable number of years remaining of of the property, and the probable number of years remaining of ts expected userill ife. In case the property was purchased prior o March 1, 1913, the amount of depreciation will he reterminer in the same manner, except that it will be computed on its original cost, less deprecintion sustained prior to Maren I, 1913, r its fair market value as of that date, whichever is greater. The capital oum to be recovered should be charged off ratably ver the useful hife of the property. Whatever plan or method f apportionment is adopted must be reasonable and must bave due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year and hould be described in the return. Stocks, bonds, and like securities are not subject to depreciation witbin the meaning of the law:

If a deductiod is claimed on account of depreciation, fill in Schedule D. In case obsolescence is included, state separately amount claimed and basis upon which it is computed. Land values or cest must not be included in this schedule, and where land and buildings were purchased for a lump sum, the cost of the building aubject to depreciation must be estnblished. The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation bown in the schedule should be reconciled with those accounts $a_{8}$ reflected on the books of the partnership. (See sections 23 (l) and 114.)
22. Amortization of emergency farilities. - Partnershipa (provided an election is made as prescribed in section 124 (b)) are entitled to a deduction with respect to the amortization of the adjusted basis (for determining gain) of an emergency facility bnsed on a period of sixty months. A statement of the pertinent facts should be filed with the partnership's election to take amortization deduction with respect to such facility. (See section 124 and regulations issued thereunder.)
23. Depletion of mines, oil and gas wells, tlmber, etc.-If a deduction is claimed on account of depletion, procure from the collector Form M (mines and ot her natural deposits), Form 0 (oil and gas), or Form T (timber), fill in and file with return. If complete valuation data hnve been filed with questionnaire in previous years, then file with return information necessary in previous years, then filule up to date, setting forth, in full, to bring depletion schedue up to date, seting forth, in fuh, atadement of all transactions bearing on deductions from or explanation of how depletion deduction for the taxable year has explanation of how depletion deduction for the ta
been determined. (See sections $23(\mathrm{~m})$ and 114.)
24. Olher deductions authorlzed by law.-Enter any other anthorized deductions for which no space is provided elsewhere on page I of the return. Do net deduct losses incurred in transactions which were neither connected with the trade or business nor entered into for profit. No deduction is allowable for the amount of any item or part thereof allocable to a clasa of cxempt income, other than intercst. Items directly attributable to such exempt income shall be allocated thereto, and itema directly attributable to any class of tnxable income shall be allecated to such taxable income. If an item is directly attributable both to taxable income and exempt income, a reasonable propertion thercof, determined in the light of all the facts and circumstances in each case, shall be allocated to each. Apportionmenta must in all cases he reasenable. A partnership receiving any exempt income, other than interest, or holding any property or engaging in any activity the income from which is exempt shall submit with its return as a part thercef an itemized statement, in detail showing (1) the amount. of each class of exempt income, and (2) the amonnt of expense items allorated to each such class (the amount allocated by apportionment being shown separately). Deductions for charitable contributions are not allowable to the partnership. (See Instruction for Schedule I.)

27-28. Net short-term and net long-term capltal galns and losses.-Report sales or exchanges of capital assets in Schedule G, and enter the net slort-term capital gain or loss as itcm 27, and the net long-term capitzl gain or loss as item 28.
"Capital nssets" defined.-The term "capital assets" meansAll property held by the partnership (whether or not connected with the trade or business) but does NOT include-
(a) stock in trade or other property of a kind properly includibie in the inventory if on band at the close of the taxable yenr:
(b) property held by the partnership primarily for aale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or business;
(c) property used in the trade or businees of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in section 23 (I);
(d) real property used in the trade or business of the pertnership;
(e) an obligation of the U. S. or any of its pessessions or of a State or Territery, or of any political aubdivision thercof, or of the District of Columbia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding one year from the date of issue.
A capital gain dividend, as defined in section 362 (relating to tax on regulated investment companies) shall be treated by the sharcholder as gains from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months.
Subscetions (j) and (k) of scction 117, in effect, provide that all transactions cevercd hy these subsections ehall, in the event of a net gain, be taken into account at 50 percent as in the case of leng-term crpitnl gain but, in the event of a net loge, shall be tnken into nccount at 100 percent ns in the case of property other than capital asscts. Thus, in the event of a net gain, all thees transactions shoukl be entered in the "long-term capital gaina and losses" portion of Schedule $G$. In the cvent of a net loes, all these transactions should be entered in Schedule A.

Even though the law exchudes depreciable and real properties used in the trade or business from the delinition of "capital assets" under scetion 117 (a), subsection 117 (j) provides that gaine and losses from sales and exchanges of such properties plus gains and losses from compulsory or involuntary conversiona, shall be conlosses from compulsory or involuntary conversiona, shall be con
eidered as gains and losses from the eule or exchange of capital eidered as gains and losses from the esle or exchange of capital
assets in the event the gains execed the losos from all such transassets in the event the gains excced the losess from ans such trans-
actions. In order to qualify under subsection ( j ), the depreciable actions. In order to qualify under subsection (j), the deprcciabl
and real properties usel in the trade or business must (a) have and real properties usei in the trade or business musi (a) have becn held for more than 6 months, and (b) rot held primarily for
sale to customers in the ordinary course of the trade or husiness, sale to customers in the nrdinary course of the trade or business,
ner properly includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the ner properly includible in inventory if on hand at the close of the
taxahle year. Section 117 (k) provides that in order to elect the special treatment under section 117 ( j ) for gains or lesses from the cutting of timber, partnerships must (a) own the timber which is cut, or (b) have a contract right to cut the timber on the property of another, or (c) upen disposal of timber under contract, retain an economic interest in buch timber.

Kind of property listed.-State following facts: (a) For real estate, location and description of land and improvements; (b) for bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, name of issuing corporation, parflculnr issue, denomination and amount; and (c) for stocks, name of corporation, class of stock, number of shares, and capital changes affecting basia (including nontaxable distributions).

Baats.- In determinlng gain or loss in case of property acquired after February 28, 1913, use cost, except as otherwise provided in section 113 . In determining GAIN in case of property acquired before March 1,1913 , use the cost or the fair market value as of March 1, 1913, adjusted as provided in secuse cost so adjusted. cost so acjuated.
Losses on securities becoming worthless,-If (a) shares of stock, become worthless during the year, or (b) corporate securities with interest coupons or in registered form become worthless during the year, and are capital assets, the loss therefrom aball be considered as from the sale or exchange of capital assets as of the last day of such taxable year.

Nonbusiness debts.- If a debt, other than (a) a debt evidenced by a corporate security with interest coupons or in registered form and (b) a debt the loss from the worthlessness of Which is incurred in the trade or business, becones totally worthless within the taxable year, the loss resulting therefrom shall be oansidered a loss from the sale or exchange, during the taxable year, of a capital asset lield for not more than 6 months. Enter such loss in column 6 (snd describe in column 1) of the shortterm capital gains and losses portion of Schedule G.

Classificotion of copilal gains and losses.-The phrsse "shortterm" applies to gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for 6 nooths or less; the phrase "long-term" to capital assets held for more than 6 months.

Limitation on capital losses.-Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets are allowable to individusl taxpayers only to the extent of (1) current vear gains from such eales or exchanges plue (2) the smaller of either the net income of the current year (or adjusted gross income if tax table is osed) computed without regard to capital gains and lossea, or $\$ 1,000$. However, in the case of en individual taxpayer, a net espital loss as defined in section 117 (a) (11) may be carried over to each of the five succeeding taxable years and treated as a short-term capital loss to the extent not allowed as a deduction against any net capital gains of any taxable years intervening between the taxsble year in which the det capital loss was sustained and the taxable year to which carried. A partnership is not allowed the benefits of a capital loss 'csrry-over.
"Wash sales" losses. - Loss from sale or other disposition of stock or securities cannut be deducted (unless sustained in connection with the taxpayer's trade or business), if, within 30 days before or after the date of sale or other disposition, the taxpsyer has acquired (by purchase or by an exchange upon which the entire amount of gain or loss was recognized by law), or has entered into a contract or option to acquire, substantislly
identical stock or securities.
Losses in transactions betwcen certain persons.-No deduction shall be allowed in respect of losses from sales or exchanges of property, directly or indirectly-
A. Between members of a family, which is defined for the purpose of this paragraph to include only the taxpayer's brothers and sisters (whether by the whole or half blood), spouse, ancestors, and lineal descendants;
B. Except in the case of distributions in liquidation, between an individual and a corporation more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock of which is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for such individual;
C. Between a grantor and a fiduciary of any truat; or
D. Between a fiduciary of a trust and a beneficiary of auch trust.
For the purposes of determining ownership of stock in applying this paragraph, see section 24 (b) (2).
Scheduld I-Partnera' shares of income and credits.-Enter the names and addresses of the partners on lines (a), (b), (c), tc., in column 1, Schedule I, and extend in the proper columne sach partner's share of income, whether distributed or not, and
credits. Scheduls I should show complete Information with respect to all the persons who were members of the partnership, syndicate, group, etc., during any portion of the taxable year. The percentage of time devoted to the business by each psitner mnst be shown in column 2. Although the partnership is not subject to income tax, the members thereof are liable for income tsx in their jadividusl capacity and are taxable upon their distributive shares of the income of the partnership, whether distributed or not, and each is required to include his, proportionste share in his individual return. Each partner should be advised by the partnership of his proportionate share of the income and credits as slown in Schedule I of the partoership return.
Charitable contributions. - No deduction for charitable contributions is allowable in computing the net income of a partnerohip, but ench partner shall be considered as having made payment, within his taxsble year, of his distributive portion of any contribution or gift of the character described in sectlon 23 (0), payment of which was made by the partnership within its taxable year. Enter in Schedule F contributions or gifts payment of which was made within the taxable year to or for the use of: (a) The United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbis. or any possession of the United States, for exclusively public parposes; (b) a corporation, trust, or community chest, fund, or founds; tion, created or organized in the United States or in any possessinn thereof or under the law of the United States or of any State or Territory or of any possession of the United States, organized and opersted exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, Do part of the net esrnings of which inures to the benefit of any private sharehblder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on props ganda, or otherwise attempting, to influence legislation; (c) the special fund for vocational rehabilitation authorized by section 12 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924; (d) posts or organizations of war veterans, or anxiliary units or sncieties of any anch posts or orgsnizations, if such posts, organizations, units, or sociests are organized in the United States or any of its possessions, and if no part of their net earnings inures to the bedefit of any private shareholder or individusl; or (e) a domestic fraternal society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system, but only if such contributions or gifts are to be used exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals. Allocete each partner's share in such contributions or gifts in column 7 , Schedule I.
Credit for taxes.-If interest was received on tax-free covenant bonds in connection with which an ownership certificate on Form 1000 was filed, the Federal income tax of 2 percent paid at the source on such interest should be allocated to the partners in column 8, Schedule I.

If income and profits taxes paid. to a foreign country or a possession of the United States are entered in column 9, Schedule I, submit Form 1116 with the partnership return with a receipt for each such tax payment. In case the amount entered in column 9 includes foreign taxes accrued but not paid attach to the form a certified copy of the return on which the taxes were based. The Commissioner may require the partners or members to give a bond on Form 1117 for the payment of any additional tax found due if the foreign tax when paid difers from the amount claimed.

Net operating loss deduction.-The benefit of the deduction for net operating losses provided by section 23 ( 8 ) shall not be allowed to a partnership. In computing his own net operating loss or his own net income for any taxable year for the purposes of the computations required by section 122, however, each partner shall take into account the income and losses of the partnership in accordance with sections 182 to 188, inclusive with certain exceptions and limitations. (See section 29.189, of Regulations 111.)

# STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948 

## PART 2

COMPILED FROM CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS

UNITED STATES TREASURY DEPARTMENT INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE - WASHINGTON, D. C.

## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948

PART 2

# COMPILED FROM CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS 

## PREPARED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE

COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE
BY THE
STATISTICS DIVISION


UNITED STATES
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
WASHINGTON : 1953

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## LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

## Treasury Department, Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington, D. C., September 15, 1953.

Sir: In accordance with the provisions of section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, requiring the publication annually of statistics with respect to the operation of the Federal income, war-profits, and excess profits tax laws, I have the honor to transmit herewith a report entitled "Statistics of Income for 1948, Part 2," presenting data relative to income, deductions, assets, liabilities, exemptions, credits, tax liability, and dividends paid, as reported on corporation income tax returns and personal holding company returns for 1948 filed during 1949. There is also included a historical presentation of the income and of the tax liability reported by corporations for the years 1909 through 1948, and a synopsis of corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting the comparability of historical data in this report.

Respectfully,
T. Coleman Andrews, Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Hon. G. M. Humphrey, Secretary of the Treasury.

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## STATISTICS OF INCOME FOR 1948-PART 2

## CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS AND PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS

## INTRODUCTION

This report, presenting data for 1948 tabulated from corporation income tax returns, Form 1120; life insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120L; mutual insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120 M ; and personal holding company returns, Form 1120H, is prepared in accordance with section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code, which provides for the publication annually of statistics with respect to the operation of the income, war-profits, and excess profits tax laws.

The amounts reported as income, deductions, assets, liabilities, exemptions, credits, Federal tax liability, and dividends paid are shown in aggregate and for various classifications of corporations and of income. Facsimiles of the return forms from which the data are tabulated and to which references are made throughout this volume are also shown.

Historical data pertaining to income and profits tax returns for 1909 through 1948 are presented, with a résumé of the information available for 1926-1948 in the Source Book, a volume of data supplementary to the published reports, Statistics of Income. There is also a synopsis of corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting the comparability of historical data in this report.

Certain of the more significant data for 1948 contained herein were made public previously in a preliminary report issued as of July 18, 1951, and in two press releases dated June 19, 1951, and September 20, 1951.

CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURNS (FORMS 1120, 1120L, AND 1120M)

## SUMMARY DATA

The number of corporation income tax returns for 1948 is 630,670, of which 395,860 show net income of $\$ 36,273,250,000$, while 198,383 show deficit of $\$ 1,848,226,000$ and 36,427 have no income data (inactive corporations).

The income tax liability reported on these returns is $\$ 11,920,260,000$, representing an increase of 9 percent as compared with the total for 1947. The amount of income tax does not take into account any credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession.

A comparison of the 1948 returns with the 1947 returns is provided in the following summary:

Corporation returns, 1948 and 1947: Summary data
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | 1948 | 1947 | Increase or decrease ( - ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number or amount | Percent |
| Total number of returns. | 630, 670 | 587, 683 | 42,987 | 7 |
| Returns with net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns. | 395,860 $36,273,250$ | 382,531 $33,381,291$ | 13,329 $2,891,959$ | 3 9 |
| Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | 11,920, 260 | 10,981, 482 | 938,778 | 9 |
| Returns with no net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Number of returns <br> Deficit ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 198,383 \\ 1.848 .226 \end{array}$ | 169,276 $1,958,563$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,107 \\ -110,337 \end{array}$ | 17 -6 |
| Number of returns of inactive corporations.- | 36,427 | 35,876 | 551 | 2 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Allowance of the net operating loss deduction reduced the net income for tax computation by $\$ 203,835,000$ on 36,197 returns filed for 1948 as compared with $\$ 183,605,000$ on 30,478 returns filed for 1947. See note 27, page 52 .

## RETURNS INCLUDED

The data presented in this section are from returns for the calendar year ending December 31, 1948, a fiscal year ending within the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater portion of the accounting period in 1948.

The data are tabulated from corporation income tax returns, Form 1120 ; life insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120L; and mutual insurance company income tax returns, Form 1120M. Included for this purpose in addition to returns filed by domestic corporations are the returns filed by foreign corporations engaged in business within the United States. The statistics are compiled from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service and prior to changes which may result from carry-backs after the returns were filed.

There are excluded from this report data pertaining to amended returns, tentative returns, and the returns of nonresident foreign corporations (those not engaged in trade or business within the United States who file on Form 1120NB).

## COMPARABILITY OF DATA

The provisions of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Revenue Act of 1945 continue in effect for the calendar year 1948 and fiscal years ending in the period July 1948 through June 1949. Accordingly, the data for 1948 are generally comparable with those for 1947.

## CLASSIFICATIONS, TEXT TABLES, AND DESCRIPTION OF BASIC TABLES

Data are shown for the 630,670 corporation returns in aggregate, and segregated by one or more of the following classifications: Active
and inactive corporations; returns with net income and returns with no net income; States and Territories; industrial divisions and groups; returns with balance sheets and returns with no balance sheets; total assets classes; type of tax liability; net income and deficit classes. There are also separate tabulations for consolidated returns, fiscal year returns, and part year returns, all of which are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report.

The classifications are described in the following paragraphs, which also enumerate the items tabulated for returns in each classification:

Active and inactive corporations.-Returns for active corporations show income data; those for inactive corporations show no data. The returns for inactive corporations are filed in accordance with the regulation that a corporation having an existence during any portion of a taxable year is required to make a return.

The data presented in this report are tabulated from the 594,243 returns of active corporations, except as indicated in the following paragraph pertaining to the number of returns.

The 36,427 returns of inactive corporations for 1948 are segregated by the nine industrial divisions in the text table on page 5 , which shows also the percent of inactive corporations to the division total. The returns of inactive corporations are also included in the total number of returns, segregated by States and Territories, in basic table 1, pages 82-83; in the total number, by major and minor industrial groups in basic table 2, pages $84-93$; and in the total number of returns with no net income in basic table 8, pages 342-343. The total number of fiscal year returns in the text table on page 48 includes 5,669 fiscal year returns of inactive corporations. For the number of returns of inactive corporations for prior years, see note 2, page 417.

Returns with net income and returns with no net income.-This classification is based on the existence or nonexistence of an amount of net income for the current year. Net income is the difference between the total income and the total deductions as reported on the return, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction. Returns with total deductions (exclusive of net operating loss deduction) equal to or exceeding total income are included in returns with no net income.

The returns of active corporations for 1948 are segregated by returns with net income and returns with no net income for all tabulations in this report except the one on page 7. Of the 594,243 returns of active corporations, 395,860 are returns with net income, and 198,383 are returns with no net income.

States and Territories.-This geographic distribution covers the 48 States, the District of Columbia, and the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

The data, although tabulated by States and Territories in which the returns are filed, do not represent what may be called the geographic distribution of income. Returns filed in a State may not be a complete coverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located therein. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations having their principal place of business in another State. A corporation may file an income tax return either in the collection district in which it has its principal place of business or in the collection district in which it has its principal office or agency. There is no way of ascertaining from income tax returns the amount of income originating in a specific State or the amount of tax paid thereon.

The 630,670 returns of active and inactive corporations are segregated geographically in basic table 1 , pages $82-83$. This table presents, for the 395,860 returns with net income and the 198,383 returns with no net income, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock. There is also shown, for returns with net income, the income tax. The number of returns of inactive corporations filed in any State or Territory may be obtained by deducting the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income from the total number of returns.

A description of the items will be found in the footnotes as indicated on table 1. The comparability of data distributed geographically is discussed on page 63, and historical data so distributed are presented on pages 387-397.

Industrial divisions and groups.-The industrial classification consists of 9 divisions, 65 major groups, and 222 minor groups, based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President. Since the Standard Industrial Classification is designed on an establishment basis, it was necessary to reduce greatly the number of groups and to make changes in the contents of the groups in order to adapt the Standard Classification to the corporation income tax returns which are filed on an ownership basis.

The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications.

For 1948 changes have been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, generally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. A comparison of the major industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 428-431. A comparison of the minor industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 438-450.

In the following table, the 630,670 returns are classified by the nine industrial divisions, as are also the 395,860 returns with net income, the 198,383 returns with no net income, and the 36,427 returns of inactive corporations. The number of returns is shown for each division. For returns with net income, there are shown the number of returns, percent of division total, total compiled receipts, net income, and income tax; for returns with no net income, the number, percent of division total, total compiled receipts, and deficit; and for inactive corporations, the number and percent of division total. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by industrial divisions, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, percentages, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit; and, for returns with net income, the income tax; also, for inactive corporations: Number of returns and percentages
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Industrial divisions * | Totalnumber ofreturns | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Percent of division total | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{5}$ | Net income ${ }^{2}$ | $\operatorname{Income}_{\text {tax }^{3}}$ |
| All industrial divisions. | 630, 670 | 395, 860 | 62.77 | 379, 309, 471 | 36, 273, 250 | 11, 920, 260 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishery---- | 8,122 | 4, 553 | 56.06 | 1, 642, 670 | 245, 694 | 79, 060 |
| Mining and quarrying | 10,962 | 5, 503 | 50.20 | 7, 337, 631 | 1,221, 825 | 413, 678 |
| Construction. | 24, 826 | 16,155 | 65.07 | 8, 518, 903 | 625, 246 | 210,111 |
| Manufacturing | 120, 367 | 73, 638 | 61.18 | 185, 981, 909 | 18, 928, 473 | 6, 821, 585 |
| Public utilities | 26, 917 | 15, 304 | 56.86 | 27, 482, 955 | 3, 594, 232 | 1, 204, 804 |
|  | 201, 161 | 138, 304 | 68.75 | 126, 237, 227 | 6, 128, 574 | 2, 127,938 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property. | 169, 032 | 112,038 | 66.28 | 14, 548, 902 | 4, 761, 579 | 813, 575 |
| Services | 54, 173 | 29, 412 | 54.29 | 7, 460, 049 | 755, 282 | 245, 907 |
| Nature of business not allocable. | 15,110 | 953 | 6.31 | 99, 225 | 12,345 | 3,602 |


| Industrial divisions ${ }^{4}$ | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  | Returns of inactive corporations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent of division total | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{5}$ | Deficit ${ }^{2}$ | Number | Percent of division total |
| All industrial divisions. | 198, 383 | 31.45 | 31, 656, 177 | 1, 848, 226 | 36,427 | 5. 78 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishery--- | 3, 141 | 38. 67 | 219, 272 | 26, 148 | 428 | 5.27 |
| Mining and quarrying.--...-- --- | 3, 582 | 32.68 | 569, 364. | 68, 842 | 1,877 | 17. 12 |
| Construction-- | 7,325 | 29. 51 | 870, 132 | 48, 226 | 1,346 | 5. 42 |
| Manufacturing | 43, 108 | 35. 81 | 14, 029,497 | 814, 485 | 3, 621 | 3. 01 |
| Public utilities | 9,921 | 36. 86 | $2,193,465$ $11,263,073$ | 146,212 370,213 | 1,692 4,413 | 6. 28 2.19 |
|  | 58, 444 | 29.06 | 11, 263, 073 | 370, 213 | 4,413 | 2.19 |
| lessors of real property --.--------- | 48,605 | 28.75 | 925, 567 | 236, 402 | 8,389 | 4. 96 |
| Services. | 21, 044 | 38.85 | 1,557, 925 | 124, 931 | 3,717 | 6. 86 |
| Nature of business not allocable | 3,213 | 21.26 | 22, 882 | 12,767 | 10,944 | 72.43 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
The 594,243 returns of active corporations are further segregated by major industrial groups in basic table 3, which shows, in Part I for all returns, in Part II for returns with net income, and in Part III for returns with no net income, itemized receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock. There are also shown, for returns in Parts I and II, the net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax.

Basic table 4 presents 536,833 returns of active corporations with balance sheets by major industrial groups and shows, in Part I for all returns, in Part II for the 370,056 returns with net income, and in Part III for the 166,777 returns with no net income, the number of returns, items of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 1948, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto, itemized receipts and deductions,
compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock. There are also shown, for returns with net income in Parts I and II, the net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax.

In analyzing the data compiled from returns classified under the major group "Insurance carriers and agents,". it should be noted that life insurance companies, in reporting their income for tax purposes, are required to include only their investment income, i. e., interest, dividends, and rents. Beginning 1942, life insurance companies are allowed a "reserve and other policy liability credit" equal to a flat proportion of net investment income less tax-exempt interest. This credit, which is deducted after arriving at net income and is reported only on returns with net income, takes the place of the deductions for reserve earnings, deferred dividends, and interest paid, which formerly were allowed in computing net income. For 1948 the credit ratio is 1.0243 and for normal tax purposes the aggregate amount of reserve and other policy liability credit is $\$ 1,464,450,025$, of which $\$ 1,463,-$ 167,788 is reported on returns with balance sheets. As an offset to this credit, adjustment for certain non-life-insurance reserves is reported in total amount of $\$ 10,578,781$, of which $\$ 10,550,721$ is reported on returns with balance sheets. The latter adjustment, which is made in order to include in the tax base the interest received on non-life-insurance reserves, applies only to life insurance companies deriving a portion of their income from contracts other than life insurance, annuities, or noncancellable health and accident insurance. It should be noted also that the deduction item "Compensation of officers," in basic tables 3 and 4, excludes the amounts paid to officers of life insurance companies which file on Form 1120L. There is no provision on Form 1120L for reporting this item, and it is not possible to ascertain it from the annual statement submitted with the return.

Basic table 6 presents returns with balance sheets, by total assets classes, in aggregate, and by major industrial groups, and shows for the 370,056 returns with net income and the 166,777 returns with no net income the number of returns, selected items of assets, liabilities, and receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than corporation's own stock. For returns with net income, the income tax is also shown.

The only table showing the returns segregated by minor industrial groups is basic table 2, which presents all returns by both major and minor industrial groups, and shows, for the 395,860 returns with net income and the 198,383 returns of active corporations with no net income, the number of returns, total compiled reccipts, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock. There is also shown, for returns with net income, the income tax. The total number of returns includes those of inactive corporations, which number may be obtained by deducting from the total number of returns the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income.

The items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table. Historical data by industrial groups are shown on pages 372-386, and the comparability of those data is discussed on pages 63-64.

Returns with balance sheets and returns with no balance sheets.Returns with balance sheets include only those with apparently complete balance sheet data; returns with no balance sheets include
those on which the balance sheet data are entirely lacking and those with fragmentary data.

In the following table there are shown, for the 594,243 returns of active corporations in aggregate, and for the 536,833 returns with balance sheets, and the 57,410 returns with no balance sheets, items of receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income tax, compiled net profit less income tax, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, in aggregate, and for returns with balance sheets and returns with no balance sheets: Number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income tax, compiled net profit less income tax, and dividends paid by type of dividend
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Aggregate | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Returns with } \\ & \text { balance } \\ & \text { sheets } \end{aligned}$ | Returns with no balance sheets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of returns 6 | 594, 243 | 536, 833 | 57,410 |  |
|  | Receipts: |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |  | $339,081,072$ $56,484,248$ | $334,987,536$ $55,394,243$ | 4,093,536 |  |
| ${ }^{+}$ | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wholly taxable ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1, 476, 728 | 1, 464, 506 | 12, 222 |  |
| 5 | Subject to surtax only | 230,482 | 229, 763 | 719 778 |  |
| 7 | Other interest. | 3,556, 503 | 3, 529, 044 | 27,459 |  |
| 8 | Rents 12 | 3, 056,563 | 2, 937, 159 | 119, 404 |  |
| 9 | Royalties ${ }^{13}$ | 451, 701 | 438, 102 | 13, 599 |  |
| 10 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{14}$ | 22, 392 | 21, 227 | 1,165 | 10 |
| 11 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{14}$ | 826, 707 | 780, 620 | 46,087 |  |
| 12 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{15}$ | 364, 514 | 338, 939 | 25, 575 |  |
| 13 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{18}$. | 2, 193, 956 | 2,148,512 | 45, 444 | 1 |
| 14 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{17}$ | 382, 425 | 374, 968 | 7,457 | 1 |
| 15 | Other receipts ${ }^{18}$ | 2, 675, 385 | 2, 622, 777 | 52, 608 | 1 |
| 16 | Total compiled receipts | 410, 965, 648 | 405, 429, 590 | 5, 536,058 |  |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of goods sold 19 | 261, 404, 073 | 258, 169, 216 | 3, 234,857 | 17 |
| 18 | Cost of operations ${ }^{18}$ | 32, 819,603 | 32, 236, 448 | 583, 155 | 18 |
| 19 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{20}$ | 6, 733, 267 | 6, 594, 293 | 138, 974 | 19 |
| 20 | Rent paid on business property | 3,524,957 | 3,461, 794 | 63,163 | 20 |
| 21 | Repairs ${ }^{21}$ | 3, 826, 381 | 3,785, 912 | 40, 469 | 21 |
| 22 | Bad debts | 711, 500 | 699, 501 | 11, 999 | 22 |
| 23 | Interest paid | 2,758,685 | 2, 696, 939 | 61,746 | 23 |
| 24 | Taxes paid ${ }^{23}$ | 7,481, 725 | 7,367,545 | 114, 180 | 24 |
| 25 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{23}$ | 239,337 | 236, 715 | 2, 622 | 25 |
| 26 | Depreciation | 6, 298, 641 | 6, 200, 601 | 98, 040 | 26 |
| 27 | Depletion. | 1, 711, 272 | 1,698, 864 | 12, 408 | 2 |
| 28 | Amortization ${ }^{2}$ | 38,939 | 38, 533 | 406 | 28 |
| 29 | Advertising | 3, 465, 984 | 3, 429, 222 | 36, 762 | 29 |
| 30 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{25}$ | 1, 153, 499 | 1, 143, 324 | 10, 175 | 30 |
| 31 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{15}$.. | 239, 468 | 208,440 | 31,028 | 31 |
| 32 | Other deductions ${ }^{2}$ | 43, 970, 321 | 43, 214, 383 | 755, 938 |  |
| 33 | Total compiled deductions | 376, 377, 652 | 371, 181, 730 | 5,195, 922 |  |
| 34 | Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 33) | 34, 587, 996 | 34, 247, 860 | 340, 136 | 34 |
| 35 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{2}$ (34 less 6) | 34, 425, 024 | 34, 085, 666 | 339, 358 | 35 |
| 36 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{27}$ | 203, 835 | 194,790 | 9, 045 | 36 |
| 37 | Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | 11, 920, 260 | 11, 771, 279 | 148, 981 | 37 |
| 38 | Compiled net profit less income tax ( 34 less 37 ) Dividends paid: 28 | 22, 667, 736 | 22, 476, 581 | 191, 155 |  |
| 39 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{28}$ | 9,386, 475 | 9, 304, 748 | 81, 727 | 39 |
| 40 | Corporation's own stock | 1, 024, 707 | 1, 021,918 | 2, 789 | 40 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53

The preceding tabulation is the only one in this report in which the data are not shown separately for returns with net income and for returns with no net income. However, this separation is made in the presentation of receipts and deductions for the 536,833 returns of corporations reporting balance sheet data, by major industrial groups in basic table 4, pages 130-177, and by total assets classes in basic table 5, pages 226-231.

The total number of returns, and the number and percent with balance sheets, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, are shown by net income and deficit classes in the following table:

Corporation returns, ${ }^{1} 1948$, with net income and with no net income, by net income or deficit classes: Number of returns, number of balance sheets, and percent of returns with balance sheets

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ (Thousands of dollars) | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns ${ }^{6}$ | Number of balance sheets | Percent of returns with balance sheets | Number of returns ${ }^{6}$ | Number of balance sheets | Percent of returns with balance sheets |
| Under 1. | 74, 248 | 63,626 | 85.69 | 86, 967 | 67,676 | 77.82 |
| 1 under 2 | 37, 465 | 33, 729 | 90.03 | 24, 470 | 20, 756 | 84.82 |
| 2 under 3 | 26, 349 | 24, 227 | 91.95 | 15,416 | 13,325 | 86.44 |
| 3 under 4 - | 20, 389 | 18,993 | 93.15 | 10, 923 | 9,602 | 87.91 |
| 4 under 5 - | 17,257 | 16, 243 | 94.12 | 8,048 | 7,170 | 89.09 |
| 5 under 10 | 54, 533 | 51, 916 | 95. 20 | 22, 119 | 19,959 | 90.23 |
| 10 under 15 | 31, 987 | 30, 882 | 96.55 | 9, 644 | 8,875 | 92.03 |
| 15 under 20 | 22,489 | 21, 809 | 96.98 | 5, 361 | 4,971 | 92.73 |
| 20 under 25 | 20, 221 | 19,583 | 96.84 | 3, 255 | 3,013 | 92.57 |
| 25 under 50 | 35, 284 | 34, 477 | 97.71 | 6,715 | 6,299 | 93.80 |
| 50 under 100 | 23, 291 | 22, 834 | 98.04 | 3,174 | 2,988 | 94.14 |
| 100 under 250 | 17, 930 | 17,584 | 98.07 | 1,577 | 1,485 | 94.17 |
| 250 under 500 | 6,815 | 6,685 | 98.09 | 444 | 411 | 92.57 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 3,612 | 3, 541 | 98.03 | 167 | 153 | 91.62 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 3,149 | 3,093 | 98.22 | 92 | 84 | 91.30 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 422 | 419 | 99.29 | 7 | 6 | 85.71 |
| 10,000 and over. | 419 | 415 | 99.05 | 4 | 4 | 100.00 |
| Total | 395, 860 | 370, 056 | 93.48 | 198, 383 | 166, 777 | 84.07 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
For the 536,833 returns with balance sheets, in aggregate, and for the 370,056 returns with net income and the 166,777 returns with no net income, there are presented in the following table the items of assets and liabilities as of December 31, 1948, or the close of the fiscal year nearest thereto. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, in aggregate, and for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
The returns with balance sheets are further classified by major industrial groups in basic table 4, pages 130-177, which shows, in addition to items of assets and liabilities, in Part I for all returns, in Part II for returns with net income, and in Part III for returns with no net income, the number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock; also for returns in Parts I and II, there are shown net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table.

Total assets classes.-The returns with balance sheets are segregated into 10 classes by size of total assets as of December 31, 1948, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. The total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets, after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts.

The 536,833 returns with balance sheets are presented by total assets classes in the following table, which shows, in aggregate, and for the 370,056 returns with net income and the 166,777 returns with no net income, the total assets, total compiled receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, and net income or deficit. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, in aggregate, and for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total assets, total compiled receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, and net income or deficit
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ?

| Under 50 | 125, 582 | 3, 077, 065 | 8,540,452 | 414,189 | 414,137 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 under 100 | 71, 897 | 5, 193, 215 | 12, 458, 674 | 656, 420 | 656,291 |
| 100 under 250 | 80, 853 | 12, 816, 227 | 29, 189, 873 | 1,649, 056 | 1,648, 632 |
| 250 under 500 | 36, 479 | 12, 759, 629 | 27, 372, 300 | 1, 756, 530 | 1,756,020 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 21, 358 | 14, 991, 515 | 23, 015, 710 | 2,016, 093 | 2, 013, 802 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 24,843 | 53, 810, 178 | 61,377, 816 | 5, 242, 732 | 5, 217,992 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 4, 454 | 31, 118, 756 | 26, 892, 819 | 2,614, 502 | 2, 597, 278 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 3,507 | 70, 958, 071 | 53, 748, 384 | 5, 774, 044 | 5, 743, 243 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | 497 | 34, 941, 583 | 23, 290, 610 | 2,576, 394 | 2, 564,903 |
| 100,000 and over. | 586 | 258, 590, 416 | 104, 067, 704 | 13, 247, 563 | 13, 178, 638 |
| Total | 370,056 | 498, 256, 655 | 374, 954, 342 | 35, 947, 523 | 35, 790, 976 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME ?

| Under 50 | 109, 008 | 1,929, 454 | 4, 674, 049 | ${ }^{39} 360,659$ | 89360,668 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 under 100 | 24, 850 | 1, 755, 263 | 3, 085, 812 | ${ }^{39} 185,063$ | 89185,084 |
| 100 under 250 | 19, 488 | 3, 015, 860 | 4, 415, 761 | ${ }^{39} 261,049$ | 39261,093 |
| 250 under 500 | 6,887 | 2,385, 848 | 3, 137, 294 | ${ }^{39} 179,215$ | 89179,259 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 3,445 | 2,370, 146 | 2, 883, 960 | ${ }^{39} 155,124$ | 89155,297 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 2,571 | 4,987, 171 | 4, 616, 911 | 89265,024 | 89266,412 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 279 | - 1,942, 412 | 1, 398, 691 | 89 69, 375 | 8970,322 |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 202 | 4, 086, 736 | 2, 385, 633 | ${ }^{39} 121,177$ | 39122,860 |
| 50,000 under 100,000. | 32 | 2, 227, 067 | 694, 708 | ${ }^{39} 69,617$ | 8969,998 |
| 100,000 and over...- | 15 | 2, 179, 403 | 3,182, 429 | ${ }^{39} 33,360$ | ${ }^{89} 34,317$ |
| Total. | 166,777 | 26,879,360 | 30, 475, 248 | ${ }^{29} 1,699,663$ | ${ }^{39} 1,705,310$ |

[^29]The returns with balance sheets are segregated by total assets classes in basic table 5, pages 226-231, which shows, in Part I for all returns, in Part II for returns with net income, and in Part III for returns with no net income, the number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, dividends paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and dividends paid in the corporation's own stock; also for returns in Parts I and II there are shown the net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax.

Basic table 6 shows, for returns with balance sheets, by total assets classes, in aggregate, and by major industrial groups, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income where applicable, the number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, income tax, and dividends paid, excluding dividends paid in the corporation's own stock and liquidating dividends. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on each table.

Type of tax liability.-The taxable returns are classified according to those which report income tax at regular rates and those which report the alternative tax provided for corporations with net longterm capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss.

The data obtained by means of this classification are shown in basic table 8, pages 342-343, which shows by net income classes, for returns with regular tax, number of returns, net income, and income tax; and, for returns with alternative tax, number of returns, net income, excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, income tax (if alternative method had not been used), and income tax (alternative tax). For nontaxable returns with net income, this table shows, by net income classes, the number of returns and net income; and for returns with no net income, by deficit classes, the number of returns and deficit. The total number of returns with no net income includes the returns of inactive corporations. The items are described in footnotes as indicated on the table.

Net income and deficit classes.--The returns are segregated into 17 classes by size of the net income or deficit for the current year. This classification is based on the amount of net income or deficit which is the difference between the total income and the total deductions as reported on the return, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction.

The following table presents data by net income and deficit classes for returns with net income and for returns with no net income. For returns with net income, there are shown the number of returns, net income, and income tax. For returns with no net income, there are shown the number of returns and amount of deficit.

Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and income tax
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{2}$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Number of returns | Deficit ${ }^{2}$ |
| Under 1 | 74, 248 | 30, 419 | 5,483 | 86, 967 | 25, 746 |
| 1 under 2 | 37, 465 | 54, 773 | 10, 164 | 24, 470 | 35, 519 |
| 2 under 3- | 26, 349 | 65, 297 | 12, 377 | 15, 416 | 38, 078 |
| 3 under 4 | 20,389 | 70, 983 | 13,592 | 10,923 | 37, 916 |
| 54 under 10 | 17, 257 | 77,514 | 15, 053 | 8, 048 | 36, 031 |
| 10 under 15 | 31,987 | 393, 774 | 83, 458 | 9,644 | 156, 702 |
| 15 under 20 | 22, 489 | 391, 366 | 84, 434 | 5,361 | 92,688 |
| 20 under 25 | 20, 221 | 455, 811 | 100, 925 | 3, 255 | 72, 749 |
| 25 under 50 | 35, 284 | 1,227, 329 | 360, 665 | 6,715 | 232, 766 |
| 50 under 100 | 23, 291 | 1, 338,322 | 587, 407 | 3,174 | 219, 384 |
| 100 under 250 | 17, 930 | 2, 783, 257 | 999, 583 | 1,577 | 236, 550 |
| 250 under 500- | 6, 815 | 2, 371, 864 | 842, 652 | 444 | 151, 415 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 3, 612 | 2, 512, 794 | 881, 216 | 167 | 118, 864 |
| 1,000 under 5,000-- | 3,149 | 6, 494, 787 | 2, 252, 495 | 92 | 175, 283 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 422 | 2, 933, 395 | 492,884 | 7 | 49, 666 |
| 10,000 and over. | 419 | 14, 377, 513 | 4, 597, 540 | 4 | 51, 107 |
| Total | 395, 860 | 36, 273, 250 | 40 11, 920, 260 | 198, 383 | 1, 848, 226 |
| No income data (inactive corporations) |  |  |  | 36, 427 | --------- |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
The text table on page 8 shows, by net income and deficit classes, the number of returns, number of balance sheets, and percent of returns with balance sheets, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income. Fiscal year returns of corporations, by net income and deficit classes, are shown in the text table on page 48.

The data in basic tables $7,8,9$, and 10 also are segregated by size of net income or deficit. Table 7, pages 316-341, shows number of returns of active corporations with net income and with no net income and selected items by major industrial groups. Table 8, pages $342-343$, shows number of returns, net income, and taxes by type of tax liability; table 9, page 344, shows the total number of returns of active corporations with net income, and with no net income, the number of returns with dividends received, and amount of dividends from domestic corporations and from foreign corporations; also the total amount of interest received on Government obligations, the amount wholly taxable, the amount subject to surtax only, and the amount wholly tax-exempt; table 10 , page 345 , shows the total number of returns of active corporations with net income and with no net income, the number of returns with dividends paid, and amount, by type of dividend, i. e., cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock and the corporation's own stock. Historical data by net income and deficit classes are shown on pages $352-353$.

Industrial division by net income class by asset class.-A frequency distribution by industrial division by net income class by asset class, of the returns with balance sheets, is presented in the following table. The table shows the number of returns with net income and with no net income by industrial divisions and by net income or deficit classes, cross-classified by total assets classes. The classifications employed in the table are the same as those described in the foregoing text. A similar table showing data by major industrial groups is available in the Source Book of Statistics of Income. For information concerning the Source Book, see pages 64 and 65.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net

| Net income or deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | 50 under 100 | 100 under 250 | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ \text { under } \\ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { 10,000 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 100,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALL INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 63, 626 | 48,349 | 9,159 | 4,787 | 915 | 268 | 134 | 7 | 6 | 1 |  |
| 1 under 2 - | 33, 729 | 21,571 | 6,935 | 3,983 | 865 | 264 | 101 | 6 | 2 |  | 2 |
| 2 under 3 - | 24, 227 | 13, 627 | 5,726 | 3,617 | 804 | 300 | 146 | 5 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ |  |  |
| 3 under 4 under | 18,993 16,243 | 9,353 7,082 | 5,032 4,652 4, | 3,289 3,202 3, | 798 <br> 726 | 360 <br> 387 | $\begin{array}{r}149 \\ 186 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 6 6 | 4 1 1 1 | 1 | - |
| 4 under 5 | 16,243 51,916 | 7, 082 | 4,652 16,094 | 3,202 12,971 | $\begin{array}{r}726 \\ 3,188 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 387 1,673 | $\begin{array}{r}186 \\ 1,468 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 10 | 1 |  |
| 10 under 15 | 30, 882 | 5, 319 | 9,645 | 10, 021 | 2, 858 | 1, 113 | 1, 849 | 62 | 15 |  |  |
| 15 under 20 | 21, 809 | 2, 125 | 6, 038 | 8,313 | 2, 630 | 885 | 1,706 | 92 | 20 |  |  |
| 20 under 25 | 19,583 | 938 | 4,394 | 8,512 | 2,992 | 1, 014 | 1,550 | 154 | 29 |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 34, 477 | 659 | 3,824 | 15, 006 | 7,756 | 3, 052 | 3,091 | 898 | 185 | 5 | 1 |
| 50 under 100 | 22, 834 | 73 | 364 | 6,334 | 8,094 | 4,310 | 2, 403 | 737 | 511 | 4 | 4 |
| 100 under 250 | 17,584 | 15 | 30 | 798 | 4, 654 | 6,127 | 4, 870 | 408 | 628 | 42 | 12 |
| 250 under 500 | 6, 885 |  | 3 | 14 | 192 | 1,519 | 4, 118 | 450 | 289 | 76 | 23 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 3,541 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 78 | 2, 417 | 583 | +349 | 38 159 | ${ }^{62}$ |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 3,093 419 |  |  | 1 |  | 8 |  | 992 4 | 1,155 | 159 80 | 124 76 |
| 10,000 and over...- | 415 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 43 | 90 | 282 |
| Total | 370, 056 | 125, 582 | 71,897 | 80,853 | 36,479 | 21, 358 | 24, 843 | 4,454 | 3,507 | 497 | 586 |

ALL INDUSTRIAL DIVISIONS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{2}$ Frequency distribution by net income or deficit classes, cross-classified by total assets classes-Continued

| Net income or deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | 50 under 100 | 100 under 250 | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ \text { under } \\ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { 1,000 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 5,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,000 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { under } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | 50,000 under 100, | $\begin{gathered} 100,000 \\ \text { and over } \end{gathered}$ |
| AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERY-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 711 | 531 | 97 | 51 | 21 |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| $1{ }_{2}$ under 2 | 310 206 | 209 125 | 50 <br> 42 | 41 25 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 2 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4.... | 187 | 104 | 47 | 24 | 7 | 5 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5 . | 121 | 59 | 30 | $\stackrel{23}{98}$ | 7 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 under 15 | 190 | 44 | 62 | 51 | 17 | 11 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 | 113 | 18 | 31 | 43 | 11 | 6 | 4 | - |  |  |  |
| 20 under 25 under 50 | $\begin{array}{r}71 \\ 137 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8 18 8 8 | 12 | 29 | 16 | 5 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 55 under 50 under 100 | 137 | 18 4 |  | $\begin{array}{r}49 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 24 13 | $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7 <br> 8 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 100 under 250 | 23 |  | 1 | 2 |  | 3 | 10 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 5500 under $500 \ldots$ | 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 and over.....- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,488 | 1,272 | 490 | 444 | 159 | 73 | 46 | 4 | --- |  |  |

MINING AND QUARRYING--RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  | 437 | 316 | 58 | 45 | 11 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 under 2. | 279 | 172 | 56 | 37 | 10 | 3 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 under 3 | 240 | 141 | 49 | 27 | 12 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4 | 169 | 93 | 35 | 29 | 5 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5 | 162 | 75 | 45 | 28 | 11 | 2 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | 564 | 216 | 138 | 144 | 40 | 21 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 10 under 15 | 365 | 90 | 105 | 109 | 34 | 21 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 | 285 | 60 | 81 | 88 | 41 | 11 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 under 25. | 288 | 21 | 73 | 117 | 44 | 23 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 693 | 36 | 105 | 293 | 175 | 58 | 26 |  |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 529 | 5 | 15 | 155 | 180 | 113 | 55 | 5 | 1 |  |  |
| 100 under 250 | 540 | 1 | 3 | 29 | 139 | 195 | 160 | 10 | 3 |  |  |
| 250 under 500 | 251 |  |  |  | 4 | 52 | 166 | 22 | 6 | 1 |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | 143 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 114 | 17 | 9 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 140 |  |  |  |  |  | 28 | 41 | 66 | 4 |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000. | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 7 |  |
| 10,000 and over...- | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 2 | $8$ |
| Total | 5,113 | 1,226 | 763 | 1,101 | 706 | 516 | 587 | 95 | 96 | 14 | 9 |
|  | M I | AND | RRY | RET | WIT | NE' | ME |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 947 | 596 | 126 | 121 | 50 | 26 | 24 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 1 under 2 | 256 | 153 | 39 | 38 | 14 | 5 | 6 | 1 |  |  |  |
| $2 \text { under } 3$ | 184 | 114 | 37 | 22 | 8 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 124 | 59 68 | 24 <br> 22 | 30 22 | 6 6 | 1 | 3 |  | 1 |  |  |
| 5 under 5 under 10 | 122 | 68 171 | 22 | 22 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2 | 12 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 10 under 15 | 188 | 71 | 33 | 38 | 29 | 5 | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 | 123 | 40 | 19 | 30 | 20 | 5 | 8 | 1 | - |  |  |
| 20 under 25 | 98 | 22 | 15 | 31 | 16 | 9 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 241 | 41 | 35 | 60 | 51 | 33 | 19 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 149 | 15 | 13 | 29 | 34 | 26 | 28 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| 100 under 250 | 72 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 12 | 18 | 18 | 1 | 4 |  |  |
| 250 under 500 under 1,000 | 26 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 10 | 9 | 2 | 2 |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 under 5,000 | 4 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 10,000 and over..- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,912 | 1,356 | 437 | 498 | 288 | 158 | 147 | 14 | 14 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }_{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{2}$ Frequency distribution by net income or deficit classes, cross-classified by total assets classes-Continued

| Net income or deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \text { under } \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ \text { under } \\ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { 1,000 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { no,000 } \end{aligned}$ | 10,000 under 50,000 | 50,000 under 100,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ |
| CONSTRUCTION-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Onder 1- | 2,226 | 1,898 | 210 | 93 | 16 | 6 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 under 2 --- | 1,195 | 917 | 178 | 79 | 15 | 4 | 2 | -...---- |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4.-.-.-- | 741 | 642 486 | 166 | 66 72 | 11 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5- | 675 | 405 | 169 | 84 | 13 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | 2,231 | 1,084 | 682 | 355 369 | 78 84 | 26 | ${ }^{2}$ | -- |  |  |  |
| 10 under 15 under 20 | 1,333 1,055 | 357 161 | 496 368 3 | 369 <br> 398 | 84 <br> 95 | 20 22 | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 under $25-$ | 1,055 | 163 | 368 <br> 327 | 398 <br> 445 | $\begin{array}{r}95 \\ 131 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{22}{35}$ | 11 |  | 1 |  |  |
| 25 under $50-$ | 1,669 | 36 | 249 | 882 | 374 | 85 | 42 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 1,067 | 1 | 22 | 368 | 438 | 165 | 71 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 100 under 250 | 722 |  | 2 | 41 | 270 | 270 | 130 | 7 | 2 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 250 \text { under } 500- \\ & 500 \text { under } 1.000 \end{aligned}$ | 228 93 | 1 |  | 1 | 15 | 75 | 126 | 7 | 3 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 44 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 19 | 12 | 12 |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |
| 10,000 and over---- | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Total | 15, 185 | 6,051 | 3,020 | 3,253 | 1,553 | 719 | 521 | 38 | 30 | ------ |  |

CONSTRUOTION-RETURNS WITH NO NET INOOME

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net

| Net income or deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | 50 under 100 | 100 under 250 | 250 under 500 | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { undo00 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50,000 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { 100,000 } \end{gathered}$ | 100,000 and over |
| MANUFAOTURING-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1. |  |  | 925 <br> 547 <br> 446 <br> 398 <br> 326 <br> 1,263 <br> 834 <br> 482 <br> 288 <br> 603 <br> 136 <br> 22 <br> 3 <br> --1 <br> 1 | 4762922782272038936895083911,010430103844 | $\begin{array}{r} 92 \\ 61 \\ 67 \\ 49 \\ 50 \\ 501 \\ 188 \\ 144 \\ 145 \\ 487 \\ 384 \\ 199 \\ 195 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 32151819207352555454309310213407 | $\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ 10 \\ 39 \\ 30 \\ 23 \\ 19 \\ 71 \\ 137 \\ 257 \\ 129 \\ 50 \\ 16 \end{array}$ |  | ----------- | -..........- | -------------- |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ under 2 ander 3 .-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 5 under 50 -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}$ |  |  |
| 10 under 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 20 under 25. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 under 50-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{6}^{5}$ |  |  |
| 100 under 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - |  |
| 500 under 1,000---------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +8888888 |  |  |
| ${ }_{5}^{1,000}$ under 5,000 under 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | 1 |
| 10,000 and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 38,796 | 22, 884 | 6, 274 | 5,512 | 2,073 | 1,117 | 817 | 72 | 43 | 3 |  |

PUBLIC UTILITIES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


| Under 1 | 2,327 | 1,933 | 253 | 103 | 23 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 under 2 | 1,273 | 1,929 | 200 | 110 | 20 | 6 |
| 2 under 3 | 915 | 635 | 168 | 84 | 18 | 7 |
| 3 under 4 | 700 | 397 | 188 | 87 | 17 | - ${ }^{6}$ |
| 4 under 5-.. | -620 | 315 | 179 | $\begin{array}{r}94 \\ 448 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 103 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 41 |
| 5 under 10 | 1,884 | 721 226 | 559 369 | 448 333 | 103 | 41 |
| 10 under 15 | 1, 757 | 226 86 | 369 <br> 207 | 333 312 | 101 98 | 32 40 |
| 15 under 20 under 25 | 751 <br> 650 | 86 45 | 157 | 291 | 91 | 45 |
| 25 under 50 | 1,270 | 29 | 160 | 549 | 329 | 133 |
| 50 under 100 | 826 | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 18 | 200 | 277 | 190 |
| 100 under 250 | 784 | 3 |  | 34 | 170 | 218 |
| 250 under 500 | 353 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 500 under 1,000 | 175 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 and over | 80 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 13, 976 | 5, 321 | 2, 458 | 2,645 | 1,271 | 791 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: ${ }^{2}$ Frequency distribution by net income or deficit classes, cross-classified by total assets classes-Continued

| Net income or deflicit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \text { under } \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ \text { under } \\ 500 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { inde00 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 10,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { undo,000 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & \text { and over } \end{aligned}$ |
| TRADE-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1-- | 19,722 | 15, 853 | 2,631 | 1,045 | 158 | 28 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| $1{ }_{2}$ under 2 | 11,331 | 7, 846 5,171 3 | 2,314 1,940 | 986 905 | 142 137 | $\begin{array}{r}39 \\ 30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 | --------- |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4 | 6, 647 | 3, 720 | 1, 832 | 899 | 164 | 24 | 8 | -- |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5 - | 5,803 | 2, 851 | 1,876 | 912 | 125 | 28 | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 - | 19,072 | 6,744 | 7,176 | 4, 298 | 673 | 137 | 40 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| 10 under 15 under | 11,940 | 2,196 | 4,740 | 4, 063 | 739 | 159 | 42 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 under 25 | 8,693 7,975 | $\begin{array}{r}838 \\ 335 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,095 2,215 | 3,735 <br> 4,116 | 822 1,038 | 160 223 | 42 48 48 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 13, 349 | 182 | 2,215 1,746 | 7,491 | 2, ${ }^{1,983}$ | 223 770 | 48 170 | 7 |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 8,814 | 15 | 123 | 3,245 | 3, 510 | 1,477 | 435 | 8 | 1 |  |  |
| 100 under 250 | 6,194 | 2 | 5 | 382 | 2,181 | 2,246 | 1,346 | 28 | 4 |  |  |
| 250 under 500 | 1,886 |  |  | 2 | 73 | 580 | 1,141 | 78 | 12 |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | 759 | ---....-- |  |  | 2 | 22 | 571 | 125 | 38 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,0000 under $10,000$. | $\begin{array}{r}432 \\ 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 1 | 105 | 162 | 155 | 6 | 3 |
| 10,000 and over... | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 | 2 17 |
| Total | 130,880 | 45, 753 | 29,693 | 32,079 | 12,747 | 5,924 | 3,981 | 414 | 243 | 24 | 22 |

trade-returns with no net income

| Under 1 | 17,761 | 15,345 | 1,606 | 626 | 118 | 41 | 22 | 2 | 1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 under 2 | 7,102 | 5,807 | 860 | 347 | 71 | 13 | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4 | 3,496 | 2, 545 | 607 | 278 | 51 | 9 | 5 | ---1---1 |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5 | 2,612 | 1,882 | 451 | ${ }_{0}^{224}$ | ${ }_{19}^{41}$ | 10 | ${ }^{1}$ | 1 |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | 7,034 | 4,303 1,33 | 1,546 | 931 <br> 597 <br> 8 | $\begin{array}{r}199 \\ 175 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{39}^{41}$ | 14 14 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 - | 1, 521 | -566 | 385 | 387 | 133 | 43 | ${ }_{6}$ | 1 |  |  |  |
| 20 under 25 |  | ${ }_{373}^{255}$ | ${ }_{283}^{206}$ | 276 <br> 498 <br> 18 | $\begin{array}{r}86 \\ \hline 20 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | ${ }_{111}^{26}$ | 8 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 1, 582 | 74 | 80 | 150 | 138 | 100 | 35 | 4 | 1 |  |  |
| 100 under 2500 | 210 | 5 3 3 | 12 | 40 2 |  | 48 | ${ }_{28}^{51}$ | 2 | 4 |  |  |
| 500 under 1,000 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10,00000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 50,473 | 36,306 | 7,385 | 4,653 | 1,348 | 503 | 240 | 27 | 11 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FINANCE, | Ce, | ES | E, AND | SORS | REA | OPERTY | -RETURN | ITH | ET INCO |  |  |
| Under 1 | 23,677 | 16,181 | 4,122 | 2,570 | 513 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ under ${ }^{\text {under }} 3$ | 11,578 | 6,011 <br> 3,341 | 2,822 2,179 | 1,972 1,785 | 520 473 | ${ }_{215}^{170}$ | 74 116 | [ $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 5 \\ & 5\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 |
| 3 under 4 | 6,130 | 2,004 | 1,727 | 1,535 | 464 | 271 | 120 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 3 | 1 |  |
| 5 under 10 | - ${ }^{4,5031}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1,603}$ | 1,322 3,461 | 1,435 4 | 1,637 $\mathbf{1}, 63$ | 1,279 | ${ }_{1,328}^{155}$ | 36 | $\frac{1}{7}$ | 1 |  |
| 10 under 15 | 8,036 | 2,723 | 1,195 | ${ }_{2}^{2}, 411$ | 1,247 | 1,672 | 1,715 | 59 | 14 |  |  |
| ${ }_{20}^{15}$ under under 20 | 5,230 4,161 | 306 <br> 163 <br> 1 | 518 <br> 315 | 1, 971 | 890 783 | 447 | 1,577 <br> 1,365 | $\begin{array}{r}88 \\ 149 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{28}^{20}$ |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 7,321 | 172 | 278 | 976 | 1,289 | 1,079 | 2,469 | 872 | 181 |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 3,713 | 24 | 67 | 275 | 492 | 628 | 1,026 | ${ }^{695}$ |  | 4 | 4 |
| 100 under 250 under 500 | 2, 778 |  | 10 | ${ }_{8} 8$ | 127 | 260 35 | $\begin{array}{r}856 \\ 256 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 276 159 | $\begin{gathered} 592 \\ 199 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 74 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{22}^{12}$ |
| 500 under 1,000-- | 405 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 61 | 78 | 158 |  | 60 |
| ${ }_{5}^{1,000}$ under 5,0000 | 375 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 19 1 | 24 | 150 | $\begin{array}{r}83 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 98 35 |
| 10,000 and over---- | ${ }_{50}^{50}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tot | 101, 864 | 32,852 | 18,019 | 20, 068 | 8,856 | 5,972 | 11,234 | 2,465 | 1,872 | 247 | 279 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net bution by net income or deficit classes, cross-classified by total assets classes-Continued
[Net income or deficit classes and total assets classes in thousands of dollars]

| Net income or deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | 50 under 100 | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 10,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 100,000 \end{gathered}$ | $100,000$ and over |
| FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 24, 288 | 17, 262 | 3,585 | 2, 408 | 561 | 230 | 192 | 30 | 19 |  | 1 |
| 2 under 3 | 2. 377 | 954 | 507 | 594 | 201 | 80 | 35 | 2 | 2 |  | 2 |
| 4 under 5 | 1,496 | 388 | 216 | 291 | 148 | 50 | ${ }_{28}$ | 5 | 5 |  |  |
| 5 under 10 | 2, 410 | 660 | 382 | 620 | 396 | 210 | 121 | 12 | 6 | 3 |  |
| 10 under 15 | 890 | 182 | 127 | 205 | 155 | 141 | 70 | 7 | 2 | 1 | --- |
| 15 under 20 | 499 | 107 | 56 | 112 | 84 | 86 | 54 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 under 25 | 300 | 42 | 28 | 59 | 58 | 48 | 61 | 3 | 1 |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 571 | 87 | 51 | 87 | 92 | 90 | 140 | 11 | 10 | 3 |  |
| 50 under 100 | 279 |  | 21 | 39 | 44 | 48 | 72 | 9 | 10 | 1 | 1 |
| 100 under 250 | 136 | 12 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 16 | 55 | 11 | 12 | 1 |  |
| 250 under 500 | 38 | 2 |  | 4 | 5 | 6 | 12 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 11 | 3 |  | 4 |  |  | 5 1 | 2 <br> 2 | 11 5 | 1 | 1 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 and over-- | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | ----------- |
| Total | 39, 008 | 22,397 | 6, 390 | 5,730 | 2,159 | 1, 175 | 943 | 104 | 87 | 15 | 8 |


|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square$ |
| (:\|c|c|c|c|c| | 8 |
|  | 18 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by industrial divisions, ${ }^{4}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net
income: ${ }^{2}$ Frequency distribution by net income or deficit classes, cross-classified by total assets classes-Continued
[Net income or deficit classes and total assets classes in thousands of dollars]

| Net income or deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Total assets classes ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Under 50 | 50 under 100 | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \text { under } \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 250 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { und } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ \text { 1,000 } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { un,000 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | 10,000 <br> under <br> 50,000 | $\begin{gathered} 50,000 \\ \text { under } \\ 100,000 \end{gathered}$ | 100,000 ${ }^{\text {and over }}$ |
| Nature of business not allocable-returns with net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 1 | 259855640309590312931321010211 | $\begin{array}{r} 229 \\ 75 \\ 36 \\ 29 \\ 18 \\ 55 \\ 26 \\ 8 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ \hline-\cdots \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 1 \\ 9 \\ 4 \\ 6 \\ 18 \\ 21 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 12 \\ \hline-\ldots \end{array}$ | 6 <br> 1 <br> 1 <br> 1 | 2 |  |  |  | --------------- |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 3 under 4-- |  |  |  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 under $15-\cdots$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{4}$ | 1 | 1 | ---------- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ | 1 |  |  |  |  | ---.-.--- |
|  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{3}$ | ${ }_{4}^{2}$ | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100 |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | 4 | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 200 under 250 under 500 |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 3 2 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 500 under $51,000-$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,0000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | ---........ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 752 | 486 | 89 | 105 | 32 | 19 | 18 | 2 | 1 |  |  |

NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| Under 1 | 1,797 | 1,600 | 81 | 72 | 23 | 14 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 under 2 | ${ }^{1} 155$ | 125 | 16 | 5 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |
| 2 under 3 | 66 | 54 | 5 | 4 | 2 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4. | 56 | 37 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2. | -----..------ | ----------- | --------- |  |
| 4 under 5 . | 48 | 31 | 5 | 5 | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 1 | --.-...-.-.- | ----------- |  |  |
| 5 under 10 under 15. | 69 32 | 13 13 | 7 6 | $\stackrel{7}{9}$ | 6 <br> 3 | 1 |  | - |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 | 18 | 6 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | --.-.-.-....-- |  |  |  |
| 20 under 25 | 6 | 1 |  | 4 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 under 50 | 24 | 13 | 1 | 2 |  | 4 | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 50 under 100 | 11 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| 100 under 250 under 500 | $\stackrel{5}{3}$ | ------.---- | 1 | $-1$ |  | ---------- | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under $10,000$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 and over-... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,290 | 1,926 | 131 | 117 | 52 | 37 | 24 | 2 | 1 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
981888-53-3

Consolidated returns.-A consolidated return is filed for a group of affiliated corporations and is based on the principle of levying the tax on the combined net income of two or more integrated concerns.

An affliated group of corporations which may file a consolidated return for income tax purposes is defined by section $141(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Internal Revenue Code as "one or more chains of includible corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corporation which is an includible corporation if (1) stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of each of the includible corporations (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations; and (2) the common parent corporation owns directly stock possessing at least 95 percent of the voting power of all classes of stock and at least 95 percent of each class of the nonvoting stock of at least one of the other includible corporations."

For 1948 the number of consolidated returns is 1,421 , of which 878 show net income amounting to $\$ 2,608,552,000$, while 540 show deficit of $\$ 102,284,000$, and 3 have no income data (inactive corporations). The number of consolidated returns filed is only 0.2 percent of all corporation returns. However, the net income reported in consolidated returns is 7.2 percent of the net income of all returns showing net income, and the income tax reported therein, amounting to $\$ 880,543,000$, is 7.4 percent of the income tax for all corporations. The following summary shows, by industrial divisions, the number of consolidated returns (Form 1120) and the number of subsidiaries included therein, for the years 1948 and 1947.

Consolidated ${ }^{41}$ corporation returns, 1948 and 1947, by industrial divisions, showing number of consolidated returns and number of subsidiaries
[Excludes consolidated returns of inactive corporations]

| Industrial divisions ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | Number of consolidated returns |  | Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{42}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1948 | 1947 | 1948 | 1947 |
| All industrial divisions | 1, 418 | 1,210 | 6,373 | 5,349 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishery | 10 | 12 | 50 | 51 |
| Mining and quarrying | 71 | 69 | 237 | 182 |
| Manufacturing----- | 435 | 361 | 1,699 | 1,519 |
| Public utilities. | 175 | 173 | 1, 166 | 1,270 |
| Trade.. | 289 | 231 | 985 | 612 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of re | 269 | 231 | 1,303 | 927 |
| Services. | 110 | 89 | 787 | 672 |
| Nature of business not allocable. | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Data from the consolidated returns are shown in detail in the two following tables and in basic table 4-A, pages 178-225, and basic table $5-\mathrm{A}$, pages $232-237$. Table $4-\mathrm{A}$ includes all active consolidated returns, while table $5-\mathrm{A}$ includes only the consolidated returns with balance
sheets. The consolidated returns are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report.

A synopsis of the Federal tax laws under which consolidated returns are filed for the years 1917 through 1948 appears on pages 470-476, and data from consolidated returns for 1928 through 1948 are shown on page 415.

Consolidated ${ }^{41}$ corporation returns, ${ }^{1} 1948$, in aggregate, and for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income tax, compiled net profit less income tax, and dividends paid by type of dividend
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | Aggregate | Returns with net income? | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{8}$ | 1,418 | 878 | 540 | 1 |
| 2 | Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{42}$ | 6,373 | 5, 006 | 1,367 | 2 |
|  | Receipts: |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Gross sales ? | 20,500, 490 | 19, 322, 564 | 1, 177, 926 | 3 |
| 4 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{8}$ <br> Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): | 9,548, 399 | 8, 942, 755 | 605, 644 | 4 |
| 5 |  | 46, 779 | 45,696 | 1,083 | 5 |
| 6 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{10}$ | 6, 084 | 6, 021 | 63 | 6 |
| 7 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{11}$ | 5, 591 | 5,520 | 71 | 7 |
| 8 | Other interest. | 178, 807 | 163, 724 | 15,083 | 8 |
| 9 | Rents ${ }^{12}$ | 262, 241 | 238, 591 | 23, 650 | 9 |
| 10 | Royalties ${ }^{13}$ | 33, 975 | 30,847 | 3, 128 | 10 |
| 11 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital Ioss. ${ }^{14}$ | 663 | 428 | 235 | 11 |
| 12 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{14}$ | 74,401 | 70,456 | 3,945 | 12 |
| 13 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{15}$-..............- | 7, 319 | 4,477 | 2, 842 | 13 |
| 14 |  | 356, 702 | 355, 406 | 1,296 | 14 |
| 15 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{17}$ | 84, 621 | 84, 372 | 1,249 | 15 |
| 16 | Other receipts ${ }^{18}$ | 169, 395 | 154, 606 | 14,789 | 16 |
| 17 | Total compiled receipts | 31, 275, 467 | 29, 425, 463 | 1,850, 004 | 17 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{10}$ | 15, 560, 969 | 14, 604, 749 | 956, 220 | 18 |
| 19 | Cost of operations ${ }^{10}$ | $6,180,160$ | 5, 731, 949 | 448, 211 | 19 |
| 20 | Compensation of officers | 132, 178 | 109, 366 | 22, 812 | 20 |
| 21 | Rent paid on business property | 455, 708 | 420, 423 | 35, 285 | 21 |
| 22 | Repairs ${ }^{21}$ | 425, 596 | 409, 601 | 15,995 | 22 |
| 23 | Bad debts | 57, 341 | 45, 125 | 12, 216 | 23 |
| 24 | Interest paid | 410, 199 | 372, 479 | 37, 720 | 24 |
| 25 | Taxes paid ${ }^{22}$ | 870, 906 | 782, 879 | 88, 027 | 25 |
| 26 | Contributions or gifts | 9, 177 | 9, 115 | 62 | 26 |
| 27 |  | 787, 538 | 737, 631 | 49,907 | 27 |
| 28 | Depletion. | 377, 071 | 371, 768 | 5,303 | 28 |
| 29 | Amortization ${ }^{24}$ | 5, 201 | 5, 198 | 3 | 29 |
| 30 | Advertising | 229, 373 | 211, 306 | 18, 067 | 30 |
| 31 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{25}$ | 137, 489 | 133, 741 | 3, 748 | 31 |
| 32 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$........ | 27, 351 | 15, 326 | 12, 025 | 32 |
| 33 | Other deductions ${ }^{26}$ | 3,097, 351 | 2, 850, 735 | 246, 616 | 33 |
| 34 | Total compiled deductions | 28, 763, 608 | 26, 811, 391 | 1, 952, 217 | 34 |
| 35 | Compiled net profit or net loss (17 less 34) | 2, 511, 859 | 2, 614, 072 | ${ }^{30} 102,213$ | 35 |
| 36 | Net income or deficit 2 (35 less 7) | 2, 506, 268 | 2, 608, 552 | ${ }^{30} 102,284$ | 36 |
| 37 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{27}$ | 23, 190 | 2, 23, 190 |  | 37 |
| 38 |  | 880,543 | 880, 543 |  | 38 |
| 39 | Compiled net profit less income tax ( 35 less 38 ) | 1,631,316 | 1, 733, 529 | 30102,213 | 39 |
| 40 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{28}$ | 1, 020, 020 | 1, 010, 769 | 9, 251 | 40 |
| 41 | Corporation's own stock. | 130, 833 | 130, 078 | 755 | 41 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.

Consolidated ${ }^{41}$ corporation returns submitting balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, in aggregate, and for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets, and liabilities
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Aggregate | Returns with net income ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with no net income |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of returns with balance sheets 29 Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{12}$ - $\qquad$ <br> Assets: <br> Cash 80 $\qquad$ <br> Notes and accounts receivable $\qquad$ <br> Less: Reserve for bad debts $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,373 \\ & 6,253 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 859 \\ 4,947 \end{array}$ | 5141,306 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 540, 109 | 3, 395, 820 | 144, 289 |
|  | 4, 799, 884 | 4, 534,956 | 264, 928 |
|  | 124,739 | 111, 537 | 13, 202 |
|  | 3, 565, 897 | 3, 348, 446 | 217,451 |
| Investments, Government obligations | 3, 581, 916 | 3, 521, 994 | 59, 922 |
| Other investments ${ }^{31}$ | 8, 125, 050 | 7, 862, 924 | 262, 126 |
| Gross capital assets ${ }^{33}$ (except land) | 31, 160, 923 | 29, 614, 723 | 1, 546, 200 |
| Less: Reserves. | 10, 838, 098 | 10, 351, 326 | 486, 772 |
| Land.-. | 559, 949 | 481,586 | 78, 363 |
| Other assets | 1,223, 026 | 1, 074, 968 | 148, 058 |
| Total assets ${ }^{3}$ | 45, 593, 917 | 43, 372, 554 | 2, 221, 363 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable | 3, 089,602 | 2, 942, 402 | 147, 200 |
| Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year.... | 858, 619 | 750, 445 | 108, 174 |
| Maturity 1 year or more. | 9,949,693 | 9, 167, 236 | 782,457 |
| Other liabilities ${ }^{30}$ | 6, 700, 591 | 6, 271, 509 | 429, 082 |
| Capital stock, preferred. | 1, 877, 289 | 1,758, 450 | 118, 839 |
| Capital stock, common. | 11,034, 488 | 10, 625,153 | 409, 335 |
| Surplus reserves | 1, 878,764 | 1,785, 902 | 93, 862 |
| Surplus and undivided profits | 10, 9886,000 | $10,482,031$ 410,574 | 503, $\mathbf{3 7 1}, 565$ |
| Total liabilities ${ }^{38}$ | 45, 593, 917 | 43.372. 554 | 2. 221. 363 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Fiscal year returns.-Fiscal year returns are filed by corporations with an income year other than the calendar year. For 1948 there are 199,355 returns of corporations with fiscal years ending in the period July 1948 through June 1949. These returns, for which data are presented separately in the tables following, are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report.

The following table shows data for all fiscal year returns, by month in which fiscal year ended. The total number of fiscal year returns, 199,355, includes 5,669 returns of inactive corporations. For the 128,477 fiscal year returns with net income, there are shown the amounts of net income and income tax. For the 65,209 fiscal year returns of active corporations with no net income, the amount of deficit is shown.

Fiscal year returns of corporations, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by month in which fiscal year ended, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and income tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Fiscal year ending | Total number of returns ${ }^{18}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income? | $\operatorname{tax}^{3}$ | Number | Deficit * |
| July 1948 | 14. 171 | 9, 330 | 593, 582 | 208, 568 | 4,420 | 42,768 |
| August 1948 | 15, 365 | 10, 031 | 724, 653 | 254, 162 | 4, 865 | 51, 003 |
| September 1948 | 21, 239 | 13, 837 | - 930,451 | 320, 073 | 6, 771 | 63. 289 |
| October 1948 | 16, 041 | 10, 493 | 960, 989 | 337, 006 | 5, 100 | 86, 684 |
| November 1948 | 12, 479 | 8, 589 | 878, 863 | 309, 970 | 3, 513 | 58, 494 |
| January 1949 | 16, 087 | 11, 257 | 1,160, 155 | 418, 194 | 4,399 | 43, 980 |
| February 1949 | 13, 707 | 8,484 | 416, 290 | 136, 076 | 4,801 | 44, 871 |
| March 1949. | 21,950 | 13, 761 | 573, 645 | 195, 044 | 7, 638 | 77, 830 |
| April 1949 | 17, 348 | 10, 658 | 417, 565 | 139, 569 | 6, 156 | 66, 895 |
| May 1949 | 15,932 | 9, 773 | 396, 145 | 135, 624 | 5,733 | 60, 667 |
| June 1949. | 35, 036 | 22, 264 | 1, 022, 692 | 346, 274 | 11, 813 | 143, 117 |
| Total | 199, 355 | 128, 477 | 8, 075, 030 | 2, 800,560 | 65, 209 | 739,598 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
The fiscal year returns of active corporations are further classified by major industrial groups and by month in which the fiscal year ended in the two tables which follow. The first table shows (in Part I) the number of returns and the amount of net income, and (in Part II) the number of returns and the amount of deficit, while the second table shows (in Part I for returns with net income and in Part II for returns with no net income) the number of returns with balance sheets and the amount of total assets.
Fiscal year returns of corporations，${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups and by month in which fiscal year ended，for returns with net income and net income：Number of returns，and net income or deficit
PART I．－RETURNS WITH NET INCOME？

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For footnotes，see pp．51－53．

Fiscal year returns of corporations， 1948 ，by major industrial groups and by month in which fiscal year ended，for returns with net income and RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{2}$－Continued
［Money figures in thonsands of dollars］．

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Fiscal year returns of corporations, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups and by month in which fiscal year ended, for returns with net income and income: Number of returns, and net income or [Money figures in thousands of dollars]





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| Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles. <br> Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical. <br> Ordnance and accessories. Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks. <br> Other manufacturing. |
| :---: |
| Pnblic utilities |
| Transportatio |
| Communication |
| Electric and gas ut |
| Other public utilities |
| Trade |
| Wholesale |
| Commission mer |
| Other wholesalers |
| Retail |
| Food |
| General mercbandise |
| Apparel and accessories |
| Furniture and house furnishings |
| Antomotive dealers and filling stations.- |
| Drug stores |
| Eating and drinking place |
| Building materials and hard |
| Other retail trade. |
| Trade not allocable. |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property. |
| Finance |
| Banks and trust companies |
| Credit agencies other than banks |
| Holding and other investment companies. |
| Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers. |
| Insurance carricrs and agents. |
| Insurance carriers. |
| Insurance agents and brokers |
| Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings. |
| Lessors of real property, except buildings..- |
| vices |
| Hotels and other lodging plac |
| Personal services. |
| Business services |
| Automotive repair services and garages |
| Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades.- |
| Motion pictures |
| Amusement, except motion pictures |
| Other services, including schools |
| Nature of business not allocable |


returns with net income and sisal year
PART II．－RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME ${ }^{2}$－Continued

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For footnotes，see pp．51－53．

Fiscal year returns of corporations submitting balance sheets，${ }^{1}$ 1948，by major industrial groups and by month in which fiscal year ended，for PART I．－RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ：
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| Motor vehicles and equipment, except | 316 | 709,505 | 22 | 53,683 | 35 | 185, 502 | 59 | 283, 542 | 26 | 27, 216 | 27 | 18,830 | 33 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ordnance and accessorles | 9 | 9,900 | 2 | 5,137 | 1 | 718 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3,269 |  |
|  | 297 | 166,811 | 24 | 35,161 | 22 | 3,021 | 33 | 15,957 | 20 | 8,368 | 15 | 5, 682 | 3 |
| ment; watches, clocks. |  |  | 24 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,362 | 890, 128 | 176 | 45, 060 | 182 | 50,155 | 276 | 72,428 | 186 | 57, 391 | 137 | 91, 507 | 37 |
| Public utllities | 2,928 | 1, 006, 713 | 246 | 78, 129 | 217 | 175,622 | 354 | 67,913 | 220 | 111,791 | 164 | 37, 700 | 37 |
| Transportatio | 2, 539 | 707, 392 | 217 | 52, 562 | 174 | 24, 186 | 296 | 45,823 | 197 | 74,036 2 | 134 | 17,327 | 38 |
| Communication | 200 | 47, 304 | 19 | 7,959 | 16 | 3,001 | 31 | 4,618 | 11 | 2,830 34 | 15 | 7,076 11,759 | 49 |
| Electric and gas utili | 80 | 224, 661 | 6 | 15, 869 | 13 | 140,979 | 11 | 13,909 | 5 | 34, 221 | 11 | 11,759 | 40 |
| Other public utilities | 109 | 27, 356 | 4 | 1,739 | 14 | 7,456 | 16 | 3,563 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | -704 70 | - ${ }^{4}$ | 1,538 | 41 |
| Trade | 51,327 | 17, 030, 892 | 3,991 | 1, 321, 332 | 3,952 | 1, 097, 989 | 5,195 | 1,126, 727 | 3,927 | 767, 841 | 3,088 | 963, 111 | 42 |
| Wholesale | 17,796 | 6, 541, 786 | 1,253 | 718, 197 | 1,369 | 736,457 | 1,801 | 580, 334 | 1,375 | 382, 528 | 1,217 | 646, 079 | 43 |
| Commission m | 2,243 | 583, 311 | 174 | 39, 136 | 183 | 82, 830 | 251 | 65, 932 | 177 | 28, 336 | 149 | 73, 521 | 44 |
| Other wholesal | 15, 563 | 5, 958, 475 | 1,079 | 679, 061 | 1,186 | 653, 627 | 1,550 | 514, 402 | 1,198 | 354, 192 | 1,068 | 572, 558 | 45 |
| Retall | 28, 064 | 9, 356, 942 | 2,383 | 538, 623 | 2,166 | 301, 261 | 2,823 | 464,925 | 2, 068 | 279, 825 | 1,408 | 222, 219 | 46 |
| Food | 1,628 | 737, 195 | 81 | 8,776 | 119 | 19,381 | 221 | 39, 555 | 142 | 24, 730 | 71 | 7,723 | 47 |
| General merchandis | 2, 290 | 4, 597, 036 | 186 | 179, 595 | 101 | 23, 583 | 79 | 8,800 | 49 | 6,831 | 53 | 15,932 | 48 |
| Apparel and accessorles | 5,813 | 1, 283, 682 | 866 | 173, 246 | 457 | 47, 696 | 326 | 31, 620 | 257 | 22,911 | 156 | 22,913 | 49 |
| Furniture and house furnishings | 2,642 | 493, 282 | 219 | 37, 602 | 255 | 44, 743 | 261 | 30, 243 | 149 | 21, 429 | 85 | 8,699 | 50 |
| Automotive dealers and filling stations. | 4,495 | 780, 826 | 322 | 50, 109 | 373 | 62, 941 | 742 | 147, 779 | 503 | 92, 463 | 257 | 36,565 | 5 |
| Drug stores | 1,060 | 186, 056 | 65 | 2, 577 | 74 | 14, 476 | 140 | 87, 304 | 84 | 5, 276 | 35 | 1,213 | 5 |
| Eating and drinking places | 2,056 | 163, 244 | 147 | 20,855 | 179 | 16, 954 | 237 | 30, 220 | 182 | 10, 330 | 122 | 8,189 | 53 |
| Building materials and har | 2,083 | 304, 515 | 98 | 14,750 | 117 | 13, 083 | 190 | 21,596 | 238 | 42, 904 | 325 | 72, 878 | 5 |
| Other retail trade.. | 5,997 | 811, 106 | 399 | 51, 113 | 491 | 58, 404 | 627 | 67,808 | 464 | 52,951 | 304 | 48, 107 | 5 |
| Trade not allocable. | 5,467 | 1,132, 164 | 355 | 64, 512 | 417 | 60, 271 | 571 | 81, 468 | 484 | 105, 488 | 463 | 94, 813 | 5 |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of | 25,882 | 11,360,373 | 1,814 | 455, 379 | 2,062 | 958, 916 | 2,877 | 1, 407, 296 | 2,272 | 878, 558 | 1,655 | 1, 558, 829 | 5 |
| real property. Finance | 4,132 | 6,843, 836 | 234 | 166, 249 | 325 | 612,323 | 538 | 936, 711 | 367 | 531, 031 | 314 | 1, 278, 776 | 5 |
| Banks and trust companies | + 437 | 3, 376, 231 | 6 | 11, 436 | 27 | 392, 344 | 40 | 139, 086 | 20 | 106, 403 | 9 | 848, 017 | 5 |
| Credit agencles other than banks | 2,448 | 1,286, 681 | 153 | 82, 038 | 197 | 69, 911 | 348 | 390, 118 | 243 | 133, 309 | 170 | 105, 474 | 6 |
| Holding and other investment com- | 1,009 | 2,064, 586 | 61 | 68, 953 | 87 | 146,322 | 111 | 388,562 | 87 | 288, 396 | 106 | 296, 386 | 6 |
| Security and commodity-exchange | 238 | 116, 338 | 14 | 3,822 | 14 | 3,746 | 39 | 18,945 | 17 | 2,923 | 29 | 28,899 | 6 |
| Security and commodity-exchange brokers and dealers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance carriers and agents | 980 | 107, 278 | 62 | 6,643 | 74 | 6,440 | 112 | 10,621 | 95 | 9, 266 | 56 | 7,393 |  |
| Insurance carriers. | 27 | 10, 868 | 1 | 38 | 2 | 810 | 3 | - 234 | 3 | -113 | 4 | 2, 803 | 6 |
| Insurance agents and brokers | 953 | 96, 410 | 61 | 6,605 | 72 | 5, 630 | 109 | 10,387 | $\begin{array}{r}92 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 9,153 330,325 | - 52 | 4, 2600 260 | 6 |
| Real estate, except lessors of real property | 20,237 | 4, 329, 142 | 1,470 | 278,100 | 1,627 | 337, 548 | 2,179 | 454, 270 | 1,764 | 330, 325 | 1,251 | 260, 226 |  |
| Lessors of real property, exc | 533 | 80,117 | 48 | 4,387 | 36 | 2,605 | 48 | 5, 694 | 46 | 7,936 | 34 | 12, 434 | 6 |
| Services... | 9, 769 | 2,076, 808 | 590 | 99, 269 | 987 | 552,775 | 1,249 | 238, 304 | 876 | 135, 969 | 676 | 123, 078 | 6 |
| Hotels and other lodging plac | 1,339 | -581,965 | 82 | 52, 835 | 98 | 43, 235 | 175 | 84, 392 | 153 | 49,127 | 88 | 28, 580 | 68 |
| Personal services........ | 2,171 | 202, 104 | 108 | 7,225 | 135 | 27, 335 | 280 | 28, 106 | 234 | 15, 059 | 244 | 18, 929 | 7 |
| Business services | 1,811 | 216, 905 | 120 | 9,876 | 123 | 19, 646 | 203 | 25, 275 | 132 | 13, 983 | 111 | 10, 824 | 71 |
| Automotive repair services and garag | 848 | 75,839 | 55 | 4,124 | 72 | 6,713 | 131 | 12, 653 | 83 | 7,471 | 51 | 2,648 | 7 |
| Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades. | 373 | 24,457 | 29 | 1, 546 | 38 | 1, 327 | 48 | 3,596 | 35 | 2, 160 | 21 | 2, 266 | 73 |
| Motlon pictures.. | 1,376 | 667, 687 | 70 | 11, 431 | 334 | 421, 052 | 182 | 45,193 | 92 | 25,861 | 61 | 24, 370 | 7 |
| A musement, except motion pictures | 824 | 206, 611 | 53 | 5,694 | 94 | 12, 624 | 114 | 30, 886 | 71 | 13, 543 | 39 | 30,683 4,778 | 76 |
| Other services, including schools | 1, 027 | 101, 240 | 73 | 6,538 | 93 | 20,843 | 116 36 | 8,203 6,573 | 76 18 | 8,765 1,921 | 61 20 | 4,778 18,649 | 77 |
| Nature of business not allocable. | 227 | 53,871 | 16 | 1,295 | 22 | 2, 761 | 36 | 6,573 | 18 | 1,921 | 20 | 18,648 | 7 |

[Money figures in thousands of dollars]




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| trical． <br> Ordnance and accessories |
| :---: |
| Scientific instruments；photographic equip－ ment；watches，clocks． <br> Other manufacturing $\qquad$ |
| Public utilities． |
| Transportation |
| Communication |
| Electric and gas utilit |
| Other public uti |
| Trade |
| Wholesale |
| Commission merchants |
| Other wholesale |
| Retail |
| Food |
| General merchandise |
| Apparel and accessories |
| Furniture and house furnishings |
| Automotive dealers and filling stations．． |
| Drug stores． |
| Eating and drinking places |
| Building materials and hardw |
| Other retail trade． |
| Trade not allocable |
| Finance，insurance，real estate，and lessors of real |
| property． |
| Finance． |
| Banks and trust companies |
| Credit agencies other than banks |
| Holding and other investment com－ panies． |
| Security and commodity－exchange brokers and dealers． |
| Insurance carriers and agents． |
| Insurance carriers． |
| Insurance agents and brok |
| Real estate，except lessors of real property other than buildings． |
| Lessors of real property，except buildings．．－－ |
| Services． |
| Hotels and other lodging pla |
| Personal services． |
| Business services |
| Automotive repair services and garages |
| Miscellaneous repair services，hand trades． |
| Motion pictures． |
| Amusement，except motion pictures |
| Other services，including schools |
| Nature of business not allocable |



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Fiscal year returns of corporations submitting balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups and by month in which fiscal year ended, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns and total assets-Continued
PART II.-RETURNS WITHं NO NET INCOME 2-Continued

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The following table presents data by net income and deficit classes for the fiscal year returns filed by 193,686 active corporations. For the 128,477 returns with net income, there are shown the net income and income tax. For the 65,209 fiscal year returns of active corporations with no net income, the amount of deficit is shown.

Fiscal year returns of corporations, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and income tax
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{2}$ | $\operatorname{Incom}_{\operatorname{tax}^{3}}$ | Number of returns | Deflcit ${ }^{2}$ |
| Under 1 | 21, 826 | 9,204 | 1,613 | 22,938 | 7,380 |
| 1 under 2 | 11,979 | 17,540 | 3,173 | 7, 617 | 11,086 |
| 2 under 3 | 8,493 | 21,071 | 3,907 | 6,321 | 13, 167 |
| 3 under 4. | 7,032 | 24,498 | 4,595 | 4,000 | 13, 865 |
| 4 under 5 | 5,917 | 26, 607 | 6,109 | 3, 018 | 13, 522 |
| 5 under 10 | 18,727 | 135, 675 | 27, 474 | 8,894 | 63, 308 |
| 10 under 15 | 11,137 | 137, 064 | 28,871 | 4,182 | 51,133 |
| 15 under 20 | 7,665 | 133, 424 | 28, 724 | 2, 345 | 40, 529 |
| 20 under 25 | 6, 913 | 155, 876 | 34,506 | 1,454 | 32,502 |
| 25 under 50 | 11,317 | 393, 521 | 116, 109 | 3, 061 | 105, 925 |
| 50 under 100 | 7,506 | 531, 303 | 193, 176 | 1,428 | 97, 908 |
| 100 under 250. | 5,715 | 881, 136 | 322, 463 | 687 | 101, 726 |
| 250 under 500 | 2,119 | 737, 236 | 266, 979 | 175 | 59, 669 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 1,073 | 745, 066 | 272, 399 | 65 | 45, 003 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 901 | 1,845, 636 | 665, 031 | 19 | 41, 076 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 90 | 1,617,697 | 218, 004 | 4 | 30, 312 |
| 10,000 and over. | 67 | 1,662, 476 | 608, 427 | 1 | 10,687 |
| Total | 128, 477 | 8, 075, 030 | 2, 800, 560 | 65, 209 | 739, 598 |
| No income data (inactive corporations) |  |  |  | 5,669 | ------.-- |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.
Part-year returns.-Part-year returns of corporations are those filed for a period of less than 12 months, and represent reorganizations, newly organized businesses, liquidations, and changes from calendar year to fiscal year basis, or vice versa. The 40,909 part-year returns for which data are shown in the following table are for corporations with the greater part of the income period in 1948. These returns are included in the tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report, except in the tables for fiscal year returns on pages 41-48.

## Part-year returns of corporations, ${ }^{1} 1948$

[Money figures in thousands of doliars]

| tal number of returns ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 40,909 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| Number of returns. | 19,809 |
| Net income ${ }^{2}$ | 523,363 |
| Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | 171,690 |
| Returns with no net income: ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Number of returns. | 21,100 |
| Deficit ${ }^{2}$ | 125,640 |

For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.

That portion of the income and profits taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States, which is claimed as a tax credit under provisions hereinafter described, is $\$ 277,744,000$ for 2,837 returns with net income. Of this amount, $\$ 274,999,000$ is reported on returns with balance sheets and $\$ 2,745,000$ on returns with no balance sheets. Such credit is claimed only where a tax liability exists and therefore is inapplicable to returns with no net income. The amount of foreign taxes which are included in deductions from gross income, by corporations not claiming the tax credit, is not tabulated separately.

The Internal Revenue Code provides the following methods for reporting income and profits taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States:
(1) Under section 131 of the Code such tax may be claimed as a credit against income tax payable to the United States. When so reported, the amount of the credit in respect to the tax paid or accrued to any country cannot exceed the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the corporation's normal-tax net income from sources within such country bears to its entire normaltax net income for the same taxable year; and the total amount of the credit cannot exceed the same proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the corporation's normal-tax net income from sources without the United States bears to its entire normal-tax net income for the same taxable year. This method is denied to a foreign corporation, a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922 , and to a domestic corporation which is entitled to the benefits of section 251 by reason of receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.
(2) Under section 23(c) of the Code, corporations which do not elect to have the benefits of section 131 and corporations which are denied such benefits may include the total amount of such taxes in deductions from gross income.

The amount of credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid or accrued to foreign countries or possessions of the United States for each of the years 1925 through 1935 appears on page 8 of the 1935 volume, Statistics of Income, Part 2; and beginning with 1939, is shown in Statistics of Income, Part 2, for each year.

## TAX LIABILITY AND COLLECTIONS, FACTORS AFFECTING COMPARABILITY

The tax liability shown in this report (the total amount reported on the corporation returns as filed) is not strictly comparable with the amount of tax collected for any given period, because of certain factors, among which are the following:

1. The tax liability originally reported by taxpayers may be changed as a result of audit, or to give effect to carrybacks after the returns are filed.
2. The credit claimed for income and profits taxes paid by domestic corporations to foreign countries or possessions of the United States is not deducted from the amount of income tax liability shown in this report. (For amount of this credit, see p. 49.)
3. Income tax paid at source on tax-free covenant bonds is included in the corporation income tax collections, but does not appear in these tabulations.
4. For those fiscal year returns on which the tax is paid in four equal installments, the total tax liability may not be collected during the calendar year in which the returns are filed. Fiscal year returns are required to be filed on or before the 15th day of the third month after the end of the fiscal year, and payment, as in the case of calendar year returns, is required at the time the return is filed, or in four quarterly installments. The first of the quarterly installments is due when the return is filed. Thus, during the calendar year 1949, collections were made of part or all of the taxes reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in the period January 31, 1948, through September 30, 1949, the last quarterly installment payment on returns with fiscal year ending January 31, 1948, being due on January 15, 1949, and the first quarterly installment payment on returns with fiscal year ending September 30, 1949, being due on December 15, 1949; whereas there are excluded from the statistics in this report, as previously indicated, the returns for a fiscal year ending prior to July 1948 and subsequent to June 1949.
5. The amount collected in the current year includes "back taxes" as well as the interest and penalties thereon. Back taxes are tax payments which are delayed due to delinquency in filing, financial embarrassment, liquidation of business, or any other cause, and are not collected until after the close of the year in which they are due.
6. The amount tabulated in Statistics of Income is the entire tax liability reported on the returns, whereas a relatively small portion of such liability may be uncollectible.
7. Tabulations in this report exclude data reported on nonresident foreign corporation income tax returns, Form 1120 NB, whereas collections in the current year include taxes on these returns. Foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business within the United States are required to report, on Form 1120 NB , income derived from sources within the United States, unless the full amount of the tax has been withheld at the source.

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 2-48

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 477-504)

${ }^{1}$ Data are compiled from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service and prior to changes resulting from carrybacks after the returns were flled.
" "Net income" or "Deficit" for 1947 and 1948 is the difference between the total income and the total deductions as reported on the return, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction.
"Ineome tax" consists of normal tax, surtax, and alternative tax reported in lieu of normal tax and surtax where the income includes an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of tax reported on returns with no net income, under the special provisions applicable to eertain mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine.

- The industrial classification is based on the husiness activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not refleet pure industry classifications. The industrial groups are based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President. For 1948 changes have been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, generally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. A comparison of the major industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 428-431. A comparison of the minor industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 438-450.
" "Total compiled receipts" consists of gross sales (less returns and allowances), gross receipts from operations (where inventories are not an incomedetermining factor), all interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium), other interest, rents, royalties, excess of net shortterm capital gain over net long-term capital loss, excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss, net gain from sale or exchange of property other than capital assets, dividends, and other receipts required to be included in gross income, described in note 18. "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable income other than tax-exempt interest received on certain Government obligations.
© Number of returns shown excludes returns of inactive corporations.
7 "Gross sales" consists of amounts received for
goods, less returns and allowances, in transactions
where inventories are an income-determining factor.
For "Cost of goods sold," see "Deduetions."
" "Gross receipts from operations" consists of amounts received from transaetions in which inventories are not an income-determining factor. For "Cost of operations," see "Deductions."
- "Interest received on Government obligations, wholly taxable" consists of interest on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, reported as item 9(c), page 1, Form 1120.

10 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to surtax only" consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of over $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 9(a), page 1, Form 1120; and interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations of Federal land banks, joint stoek land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks) issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 9(b), page 1, Form 1120.

11 "Interest reeeived on Government obligations, wholly tax-exempt" consists of interest on obligatlons of States, Territories, or political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal savings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940; Treasury bills issued prior to March 1, 1941; United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less, issued prior to March 1, 1941; and obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, by Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks. Interest from sueh sources is reported under item 19(a), (b), and (c) of schedule M, page 4, Form 1120
${ }^{18}$ Amount shown as "Rents" consists of gross amounts received. The amounts of depreciation, repalrs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, which are deductible from the gross amount received for rents, are included in the respective deduction items.
13 Amount shown as "Royalties" consists of gross. amounts received. The amount of depletion, which is deductible from the gross amount of royalties received, is included in the item of "Depletion" in deductions.

14 Capital gain or loss is the amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets. (A net loss from this source is not deductible for the current year, but may be carried over and applied against capital gains in the 5 succeeding taxable years to the extent not allowed as a deduction against any net capital gains of any taxable year intervening between the taxable year in which the net capital loss was sustained and the taxable year to which carried.) The term "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not connected with trade or business), but excludes (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business, (3) property used in trade or business, of a character which is subject to the allowance for depreciation, (4) Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from the date of issue, and (5) real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer. Beginning 1942 gains and losses from (a) sale or exchange of depreciable property and real property, used in the trade or business and held for more than 6 months, and from (b) involuntary conversion of such property and of eapital assets held for more than 6 months are treated as long-term capital gains and losses, if the gains exceed the losses. If the losses exceed the gains, the net loss is deductible as an ordinary loss. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, "short-term" applies to gains or losses on the sale or exchange of capital assets held 6 months or less; "long-term" applies to gains or losses on capital assets held over 6 months.

1s "Net gain or loss, sales other than capital assets" is the net amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of depreciable and real property used in trade or business and short-term non-inter-est-bearing Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis. If the property used in trade or business has been held for more than 6 months, special treatment of the gain or loss is provided as described in note 14 above.

16 "Dividends, domestic corporations" consists of dividends received from domestic corporations subject to income taxation under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code. This item is reported in column 2, sehedule E, page 2, Form 1120, and is the amount used for computation of the dividends received credit.

17 "Dividends, foreign corporations" is the amount reported in column 3, schedule E, page 2, Form 1120 , and is not used for the eomputation of dividends received credit.

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 2-48-Continued

## (F acsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 477-504)


#### Abstract

18 "Other receipts" includes amounts not elsewhere reported on the return such as: Profit from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; bad debts recovered; cash discount; income from claims, license rights, judgments, and joint ventures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporation's own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap, salvage, or waste.


10 Where the amount reported as "Cost of goods sold" or "Cost of operations" includes items of deductions such as depreciation, taxes, etc., these items ordinarily are not transferred to their specific headings. However, an exception is made with respect to amounts reported in costs and identifiable as "Amortization of emergency facilities" and "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," such amounts being transferred to the respective deduction items.
${ }^{20}$ Amount shown as "Compensation of officers" excludes compensation of officers of life insurance companies which file Form 1120L. Data not available.
${ }^{21}$ Amount shown as "Repairs" is the cost of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or appreciably prolong its life.

22 The item "Taxes paid" excludes (1) Federal income tax and Federal excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion is claimed as a tax credit, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits, (5) Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant bonds, and (6) taxes reported in "Cost of goods sold" and "Cost of operations."
${ }_{23}$ The deduction claimed for "Contributions or gifts" is limited to 5 percent of net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction.
${ }^{24}$ Amount shown as "Amortization" is the deduction provided by section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended with respect to the amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense.
${ }^{25}$ "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," consists of deductions claimed under section 23(p) of the Internal Revenue Code for amounts contributed by employers under pension, annuity, stock-bonus, or profit-sharing plans, or other deferred compensation plans.
${ }^{26}$ Included in "Other deductions" are (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty (including war losses), and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, and (4) amounts not otherwise reported, such as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in connection with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; selling costs;
travel expenses; unrealized profits on installment sales; and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation assessments reported by banks.
${ }^{27}$ The net operating loss deduction tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, consisting only of the net operating loss carryover reduced by certain adjustments, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carryback of net operating loss from the two succeeding tax years. In general, the net operating loss carryover is the sum of the net operating losses, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. If there is net income in the first preceding taxable year, the net operating loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net income.
${ }^{28}$ The item "Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock" does not include liquidating dividends. Dividend payments are reported in schedule M, page 4, Form 1120.

29 "Number of returns with balance sheets" excludes returns of inactive corporations and returns of active corporations for which balance sheet data are lacking.
${ }^{80}$ Amount shown as "Cash" includes bank doposits.
${ }^{31}$ Amount shown as "Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligations of the United States or agency or instrumentality thereof as well as obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions. See note 32.
${ }^{32}$ Where investments are not segregated as between "Government obligations" and "Other," the entire amount is included in "Other investments."
${ }^{33}$ Amount shown as "Capital assets" consists of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, fixed mechanical equipment, manufacturing facilities, transportation facilities, and furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets-natural resources, and (3) intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formulas, copyrights, leaseholds, good will, and trade-marks.

84 Amount shown as "Other assets" consists of assets not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivable; and guaranty deposits. "Other assets" of life insurance companies includes market value of real estate and bonds and stocks in excess of book value; interest, rents, and premiums due; and agents' balances.
${ }^{35}$ Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of December 31, 1948, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. Total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments are made in tabulating the data, as follows: (1) Reserves, when shown under liabilities, are used to reduce corresponding asset accounts, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, and (2) a deficit in surplus, shown under assets, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.
(Footnotes continued on p. 53)

## Footnotes for text tables, pages 2-48-Continued

(Facsimlles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 477-504)
${ }^{30}$ Amount shown as "Other liabilities" consists of liabilities not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Deferred and suspense items; accrued expenses; dividends payable; funds held in trust; borrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies includes the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks includes deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation.
${ }^{87}$ Amount shown as "Surplus and undivided profits" consists of paid-in or capital surplus and earned surplus and undivided profits. See note 38.
${ }^{38}$ Amount shown as "Deficit" consists of negative amounts of earned surplus and undivided profits.
${ }^{80}$ Compiled net loss or deficit.
40 Included in the total, hut not in the detail, under "Income tax," is $\$ 177,000$ of tax reported on returns with no net income. See note 3.
${ }^{1}$ For types of corporations permitted to file a consolidated return and criterion of affiliation, see 60 "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," pages 470-476.
62 Number of subsidiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations which together with the common parent corporation file a consolidated income tax return.
${ }^{33}$ Total number of fiscal year returns includes 5,669 returns of inactive corporations.

## PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY RETURNS (FORM 1120H)

The total number of personal holding company returns, Form 1120 H , for 1948 filed during the calendar year 1949 is 5,717 . Of this total, 772 returns show undistributed subchapter A net income of $\$ 23,910,000$, while 4,945 returns show no undistributed subchapter A net income. The tax liability reported is $\$ 1,323,000$. These figures compare with the data for 1947 as follows:

Personal holding company returns, 1948 and 1947
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | 1948 | 1947 | Increase or decrease ( - ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number or amount | Percent |
| Total number of returns | 5,717 | 5,457 | 260 | 5 |
| Returns with undistributed subchapter A net income: Taxable returns: |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 550 \\ 6,47 \\ 1,323 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 581 \\ 6,818 \\ \mathbf{6 , 6 5 5} \end{array}$ | -31-391-332 | -8-6-20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Nontaxable returns: 1 |  | $\begin{gathered} 266 \\ 28,493 \\ 4,810 \end{gathered}$ | (11,010 $\begin{array}{r}-44 \\ -135\end{array}$ | -17-397 |
| Number C distributed subchapter A net income | $\begin{array}{r} 222 \\ 17,483 \\ 4,945 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Returns with no undistributed subchapter A net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Nontaxable as a result of the alternative tax computation.
${ }^{2}$ For 1948, includes 390 returns with no data; for 1947, includes 336 returns with no data.
The data in this section are tabulated from personal holding company returns, Form 1120H, for the calendar year 1948, a fiscal year ending in the period July 1948 through June 1949, and a part year with the greater part of the accounting period in 1948. Data from corporation income tax returns, Form 1120, filed by personal holding companies are not included in this section but are included in all tabulations pertaining to Form 1120 throughout this report. Annual information returns, Form 958, required to be filed by each officer and director of foreign personal holding companies defined in section 331 of the Internal Revenue Code, are not included in this report.

Personal holding company returns, Form 1120 H , are filed under the provisions of subchapter A, chapter 2, of the Internal Revenue Code, which levies a surtax at graduated rates on the undistributed subchapter A net income of corporations classified as personal holding companies. The surtax thereby imposed is in addition to the corporation income tax reported on Form 1120. Personal holding companies are exempt from the surtax levied by section 102 of the Code on corporations improperly accumulating surplus.

The personal holding company surtax rates for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, are 75 percent of the undistributed subchapter A net income not in excess of $\$ 2,000$, and 85 percent of the amount thereof in excess of $\$ 2,000$. For corporations with net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss, an alternative tax is provided, which, in effect, limits the total tax on such excess to 25 percent. A comparison of prior year rates is shown in note 43 , page 466.

In section 501 of the Code, a personal holding company is defined, in general, as any corporation if (1) at least 80 percent of its gross
income for the taxable year is personal holding company income; but if the corporation is a personal holding company for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1936, then, for each subsequent taxable year, the minimum percentage is 70 percent in lieu of 80 percent, until a taxable year during the whole of the last half of which the stock ownership required in (2) does not exist, or until the expiration of 3 consecutive taxable years in each of which less than 70 percent of the gross income is personal holding company income; and (2) at any time during the last half of the taxable year more than 50 percent in value of its outstanding stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for not more than 5 individuals.

The term "personal holding company" does not include a corporation exempt from taxation under section 101; a domestic bank or trust company, a substantial part of the business of which consists of receiving deposits and making loans and discounts or exercising fiduciary powers; a life insurance company; a surety company; a foreign personal holding company (as defined in section 331); a licensed personal finance company under State supervision, at least 80 percent of the gross income of which is lawful interest received from individuals each of whose indebtedness to such company did not at any time during the taxable year exceed $\$ 300$ in principal amount, if such interest is not payable in advance or compounded and is computed only on unpaid balances; a loan or investment corporation, a substantial part of the business of which consists of receiving funds not subject to check and evidenced by installment or fully paid certificates of indebtedness or investment, and making loans and discounts, and the loans to a person who is a shareholder in such corporation during such taxable year by or for whom 10 percent or more in value of its outstanding stock is owned directly or indirectly (including in the case of an individual, stock owned by the members of his family) outstanding at any time during such year do not exceed $\$ 5,000$ in principal amount; and a foreign corporation if (a) its gross income from sources within the United States for the 3 previous consecutive years has been less than 50 percent of its total gross income from all sources and (b) all of its stock outstanding during the last half of the taxable year is owned by nonresident alien individuals, whether directly or indirectly through other foreign corporations.

Personal holding company income, which enters into the foregoing classification, is defined in section 502 of the Code as the portion of gross income which consists of: (a) Dividends, interest (other than interest constituting rent under (g)), royalties (other than mineral, oil, or gas royalties), and annuities; (b) gains from stock and security transactions, except in the case of regular dealers; (c) gains from commodities transactions; ( $d$ ) income from estates and trusts; (e) income from personal service contracts; $(f)$ amounts received as compensation for a shareholder's use of corporation property; $(g)$ rents, unless constituting 50 percent or more of the gross income; and ( $h$ ) mineral, oil, or gas royalties, unless such royalties constitute 50 percent or more of the gross income; and unless the deductions allowable for expenses under section 23(a) (other than compensation for personal services rendered by shareholders) constitute 15 percent or more of the gross income. For further explanation of and exceptions pertaining to the above items, see instruction (A) for Form 1120H, facsimile on page 503.

The subchapter A net income, computed as the first step in the determination of personal holding company surtax liability, includes personal holding company income and other income as well. It is obtained from the net income for income tax computation (item 34, page 1, Form 1120) by making the following adjustments, described here in the order of computation on the face of Form 1120H:
A. Deductions not allowed-
(1) Expenses and depreciation, which are allocable to the operation and maintenance of property owned or operated by the personal holding company, and which are allowed as deductions under chapter 1 of the Code, are disallowed for purposes of chapter 2, subchapter A, to the extent that they exceed the rent or other compensation received for the use of the property. For exceptions to this provision, see instruction 3, Form 1120H, facsimile on page 504 .
(2) The net operating loss deduction (allowed in the computation of chapter 1 net income) is not allowed in computing subchapter A net income.
B. Additional deductions-
(1) In lieu of contributions or gifts deducted in computing chapter 1 net income, there is substituted a deduction for contributions or gifts made within the taxable year in an amount not in excess of 15 percent of the taxpayer's net income, such net income being computed under the provisions of chapter 1 without a deduction for contributions or gifts and adjusted to the extent described in $\mathbf{A}(1)$, above.
(2) Federal income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes, as well as income and profits taxes paid to a foreign country or United States possession, are deductible to the extent not allowed in computing chapter 1 net income. This provision does not apply to surtax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus or to surtax on personal holding companies.
(3) Amounts paid in liquidation of liability of the corporation based on liability of a decedent to make contributions or gifts are also deducted in arriving at the subchapter A net income.
Undistributed subchapter A net income is derived from the subchapter A net income by deducting (a) the amount of dividends paid credit provided in section 27(a) (1) and (2), computed without the
benefit of the credit for interest on certain Government obligations, (b) amounts used or irrevocably set aside to pay or to retire indebtedness of any kind incurred prior to January 1, 1934, if such amounts are reasonable with reference to the size and terms of such indebtedness, (c) dividends paid after the close of the taxable year and before the 15th of the third month following the close of the taxable year, and (d) amounts distributed in redemption of certain preferred stock. Amounts deductible under (a) and (c) are computed as provided in section 504 (a) and (c). See instruction (I), Form 1120H, facsimile on page 503.

The two tables which follow are based on returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service. The first table shows the number of returns with subchapter A net income, classified by size of subchapter A net income, while the second table shows the principal items reported for the computation of the surtax.

Personal holding company returns, 1948, with subchapter A net income, by subchapter A net income classes and by returns with undistributed subchapter A net income and returns with no undistributed subchapter A net income: Number of returns

| Subchapter A net income classes (Thousands of dollars) | Number of returns with subchapter A net income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | With undistributed subchapter A net income | With no undistributed subchapter A net income |
| Under 5 | 1,684 | 280 | 1,404 |
| 5 under 10 | 471 | 71 | 400 |
| 10 under 25 | 634 | 105 | 529 |
| 25 under 50 | 447 | 84 | 363 |
| 50 under 100 | 333 | 79 | 254 |
| 100 under 500 | 375 | 126 | 249 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 45 | 17 | 29 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 24 | 9 | 15 |
| 5,000 and over | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Total | 4,017 | 772 | 3,245 |

Personal holding company returns, 1948, in aggregate and for returns with chapter 1 net income and with no chapter 1 net income, by returns no undistributed subchapter A net income: Number of returns, chapter 1 net income or deficit, subchapter A net income or deficit, deductions, undistributed subchapter A net income or deficit, tax liability, and credit for income tax under chapter 1 [Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  | All returns | Returns with chapter 1 net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no chapter ' net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | With subchapter A net income |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { With no } \\ \text { subchapter } \\ \text { A net } \\ \text { income } \end{array}$ | Total | With subchapter A net income |  | With no subchapter A net income |  |
|  |  |  |  | With undistributed subchapter A net income | With no undistributed subchapter A net income |  |  | With undistributed subchapter A net income | With no undistributed subchapter A net income |  |  |
|  | All returns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |  | 4 5,717 $\mathbf{2 5 9 , 6 9 9}$ | 3,944 279,014 | 753 87,791 | 3,129 190,929 | 62 294 | $\begin{array}{r}61,773 \\ \hline 19,315\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 0 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}116 \\ \hline 5,201\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ \hline 61,638 \\ \hline 13,536\end{array}$ |  |
| 3 | Subchapter A net income or deficit | 237, 497 | 245, 998 | 78, 543 | 168, 080 | ${ }^{0} 625$ | $\begin{array}{r}88,501 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 86 | 2, 361 | -10,948 | 3 |
| 4 | Deductions: <br> Dividends paid credit... | 253, 476 | 249, 204 | 53, 197 | 195, 969 | 38 | 4, 272 | 36 | 2, 868 | 1,368 |  |
| 5 | Amounts paid or irrevocably set aside to pay or retire indebtedness of any kind incurred prior to January 1, 1934. | 6,497 | 6, 838 | 742 | 4,993 | 103 | 659 |  | 287 | 372 | 5 |
| 6 | Dividends paid after close of taxable year.-.-.....- | 3,237 | 3,191 | 744 | 2, 447 |  | 46 |  | 3 | 43 | 6 |
| 7 | Total deductions. | 263, 210 | 258, 233 | 54, 683 | 203, 409 | 141 | 4,977 | 36 | 3,158 | 1,783 |  |
| 8 9 | Undistributed subchapter A net income or deficit Credit for income tax under cbapter $1^{2}$ | 025,713 6,286 1,323 | 0 12,235 6,282 1,28 | 23,860 682 | ${ }^{6} 35,329$ | ${ }^{\circ} 766$ | - 13, 478 | 50 | 6797 | ${ }^{\circ} 12,731$ | 8 |
| 10 |  | 1,323 | 1,304 | 1,304 |  |  | 19 | 19 |  |  | 10 |
| 11 | Returns with surtax computed at regular rates: | 329 | 313 | 313 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Undistributed subchapter A net income | 827 | 813 | 813 |  |  | 14 | 14 |  |  | 11 |
| 13 |  | 690 | 679 | 679 |  |  | 11 | 11 |  |  | 13 |

Returns with alternative tax：${ }^{2}$

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| $\cdots \times$ | いがい |
| N（\％） | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rism } \\ & \text {-im } \end{aligned}$ |

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 portion of the income tax under chapte
gain over net short－term capital loss．
5 Includes 390 returns with no data．
Deficit．

[^31]
## HISTORICAL DATA

## CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX RETURNS

Section 21 of the Revenue Act of 1916 authorized the preparation and publication annually of statistics with respect to the operation of the Federal income tax law. Classifications of taxpayers and of income, amounts allowed as deductions and exemptions; and any other facts deemed pertinent and valuable are required. The information for 1916 and subsequent years in this report is from "Statistics of Income," published annually in accordance with section 21 of the 1916 Act and corresponding provisions in subsequent Federal tax laws. The information for 1909 through 1915 is from the reports of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

Summaries of data from corporation income and profits tax returns for the years 1909-48, showing the number of returns, and amount of total compiled receipts, net income, deficit, taxes, items of receipts, deductions, assets, liabilities, and dividends paid, are presented in aggregate and by (1) net income and deficit classes, (2) total assets classes, (3) industrial groups, and (4) States and Territories, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, where applicable. Some items are not shown for all years or for all classifications. The paragraphs below summarize the years, the classifications, and the items covered by each historical table. Descriptions of the classifications and of the items will be found in footnotes as indicated on each table and the factors affecting the comparability of historical data are discussed on pages 62-64. There are included summaries of excess profits tax returns, 1940-46; the returns of corporations which filed on a consolidated basis for income and profits tax purposes for the years 1928-48 and for excess profits tax purposes, 1940-46; also a synopsis of the requirements for filing consolidated returns for the years 1917-48 (table C, pages 470-476).

A synopsis of corporation income and profits tax rates and credits for the years 1909-48, and other provisions of the Federal tax laws affecting the historical data in this report appears in table A, pages 452-467.

Table B, pages 468-469, presents a résumé of the provisions pertaining to the treatment of capital gains and losses for the years 1932-48.

Table 11, page 351, presents, for 1909-48, the number of returns, and amount of total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, income tax, excess profits taxes, total tax, and, for 1922-48, dividends paid segregated as to (1) those paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock, and (2) those paid in the corporation's own stock. These items are shown for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, where applicable. The total number of returns includes the returns of inactive corporations. For 1909-26 the number of returns of inactive corporations is not available, being included in the number of returns with no net income; for 1927-48, the number of returns of inactive corporations may be determined by deducting the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income from the total number of returns.

Table 12, pages $352-353$, shows, for the years 1937-48, by net income and deficit classes, the number of returns and the amount of net. income or deficit.

Table 13, pages $354-371$, is presented in three parts: Part I, for alI returns, shows data for the years 1918-48; Part II, for returns with
net income, and Part III, for returns with no net income, show data for the years 1923-48. Data prior to 1923, shown in Part I, are not available by returns with net income (Part II) and returns with no net income (Part III). The items, tabulated for each year to which they are applicable, consist of the number of returns, detailed receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, adjusted excess profits net income, income tax, declared value excessprofits tax, excess profits tax under the Code as amended by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, total tax, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid segregated as to (1) those paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock and (2) those paid in the corporation's own stock. It should be noted that the figures in this table are in millions of dollars; also that the number of returns with no net income for 1918-26 includes the returns of inactive corporations.

Table 14, pages $372-386$, shows by major industrial groups, for $1939-48$, and table 15, pages 387-397, by States and Territories, for 1939-48, for returns with net income and for returns with no net income, the number of returns, net income or deficit, and, where applicable, income tax, excess profits toxes, and total tax. In table 14, the amount of total compiled receipts is also shown. In both tables the number of returns of inactive corporations may be determined by deducting the sum of the number of returns with net income and the number of returns with no net income from the total number of returns. The factors affecting the comparability, over a period of years, of data classified industrially, are discussed on pages 63-64, and a discussion of the comparability of data distributed geographically appears on page 63 .

In table 16, pages 398-409, the data are from returns with balance sheets and are presented in three parts-Part I is for all returns with balance sheets, Part II for returns with net income, and Part III for returns with no net income. For each of the years 1926-48, itemized assets and liabilities are shown. For 1931-48, the same items are shown for returns with balance sheets as are shown in table 13 for all returns-number of returns, detailed receipts and deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, adjusted excess profit net income, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax under the Code as amended by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, total tax, compiled net profit less total tax, and dividends paid segregated as to (1) those paid in cash and assets other than the corporation's own stock and (2) those paid in the corporation's own stock. It should be noted that the figures in table 16 are in millions of dollars; also that the number of returns with no net income for 1926 includes returns of inactive corporations reporting complete balance sheet information.

Table 17, pages $410-414$, presents, for the years 1931-48, for returns with balance sheets, segregated as to those with net income and those with no net income, the number of returns, total assets, and net income or deficit, by size of total assets. The total assets classes and the amounts of total assets and net income or deficit are all expressed in thousands of dollars.

Table, 18 , page 415 , presenting summary data from the taxable excess profits tax returns for 1940-46 filed under section 710 of the Code
as amended by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, shows the number of taxable excess profits tax returns and the amount of excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, and excess profits tax.

The last two historical tables, 19 and 20 , contain data from consolidated returns. Table 19 shows, for 1928-48, the number of consolidated returns filed for income tax purposes, and the number of subsidiaries whose income is included therein. For returns with net income there are shown the number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income, net operating loss deduction, and income tax; for returns with no net income there are shown the number of returns, total compiled receipts, and deficit. Table 20 shows, for 1940-46, the number of taxable consolidated excess profits tax returns, the number of subsidiaries whose income is included therein, and the amount of excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, and excess profits tax. A synopsis of the requirements for filing consolidated excess profits tax returns appears in table C, page 474 of this report.

## COMPARABILITY OF HISTORIOAL DATA

Returns included.-The data in each volume of Statistics of Income, beginning with the first which was compiled from returns for 1916, are from returns for the calendar year indicated, for fiscal years ending within the period July of the calendar year through June of the succeeding year, and for part years with the greater number of months of the accounting period falling within the calendar year. The information is compiled from the returns as filed, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service. Data for the years 1940-48 are likewise prior to any other changes made after the returns were filed, as the result of carrybacks or, for 1940-46, the renegotiation of war contracts and, for 1940-45, relief granted under section 722 of the Internal Revenue Code and recomputation of amortization of emergency facilities. The effect of renegotiation settlements reached after the returns were filed is shown in special tabulations which appear in the complete reports, "Statistics of Income, Part 2," for each of the years 1942 through 1945.

While the returns included in each report are those filed for comparable periods of time, there are factors which interfere with the precise comparability of the data over a period of years, among which are the following:

Contents of items.-Changes in provisions of the Federal tax laws frequently affect the contents of items on the returns and, in consequence, the classifications based on such items thereby resulting in a certain nonhomogeneity of the data over the period of years. For example: Under provisions of the Revenue Act of 1936, "Net income" for 1936 and subsequent years includes dividends from domestic corporations and excludes "Contributions." For 1942 and thereafter, the net income reported by life insurance companies is the net income before deduction of the single credit allowed in lieu of the several deductions previously allowed in arriving at net income. The effect of this change is to increase both the number of life insurance companies reporting net income and the amount of net income reported. Such changes affect to tal compiled receipts, total compiled deductions, compiled net profit, deficit, and tax liability, as well as the number of
returns classified "With net income" and "With no net income." Therefore, in comparing the data, consideration should be given to these developments. Changes in the contents of the items also result from shifts in the industrial classification, which are described below. The basic variations are explained in footnotes indicated on the tabulations which are affected.

The items, in general, for 1934 through 1941 are not precisely comparable with those for 1917-33, by reason of the discontinuance, under the Revenue Act of 1934, of the privilege of filing consolidated income tax returns (except by railroad corporations and their related holding and leasing companies and, for 1940 and 1941, pan-American trade corporations) and the consequent appearance, in the separate returns filed by corporations formerly included in an affiliated group, of items which, owing to "intercompany eliminations," did not appear on the consolidated return. Beginning 1942, the consolidated return privilege is again extended, in general, to all corporations. (See table C, pages 470-476.)

Geographic distribution.-The distribution by States and Territories is not strictly comparable from year to year by reason of the variation in corporate capital structure. Through transfer of ownership, separate returns may be filed for each concern of an affiliated group of companies which formerly filed on a consolidated basis. Since the law requires a corporation return to be filed in the collection district in which is located the principal place of business or principal office of the corporation making the return, the separate returns of the formerly affiliated companies may or may not be filed in the same State as that in which the consolidated return was filed. Vice versa, companies which have been filing separate returns may lose their identity through having been merged into the corporate structure of a parent company as branches or departments, and therefore discontinue filing separate returns.

Industrial classification.-A corporation is classified industrially according to the business reported on the return. When diversified activities are reported, the classification is determined by the industry which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, industrial groups may contain data for activities other than those on which the classifications are based. Likewise, a consolidated return is classified on the predominant activity of the group of affiliated concerns. The data by industrial classification, shown in table 14, for 1939-41, are not strictly comparable with such data for 1942-48, due to changes in law concerning the filing of consolidated returns for income tax purposes. In general, under the Revenue Act of 1934, the privilege of filing consolidated returns for income tax purposes was discontinued (except by railroad corporations and their related holding or leasing companies and, in 1940 and 1941, by pan-American trade corporations). Under the Revenue Act of 1942, this privilege was restored, in general, to all corporations. Therefore, beginning 1942, a consolidated return is classified on the predominant activity of the group of affiliated concerns, whereas, prior to 1942, the separate return filed by each concern was classified on its predominant business.

As a result of the initial application of the Standard Industrial Classification to the corporation returns for 1938, the number of industrial groups, for purposes of Statistics of Income for 1938, was increased over the number of groups for 1937, and certain changes
were made in the contents of the groups in order to adapt the Standard Classification, which is designed on an establishment basis, to corporation returns which are filed on an ownership basis. A comparison of the industrial groups for 1938 and 1937 appears in Statistics of Income for 1938, Part 2, pages 241-273. The classification for 1939 is the same as that for 1938. Charts showing the changes in the industrial classification between 1940 and 1939 are shown on pages 309-314 of the 1940 report; the changes between 1941 and 1940 are shown on pages $300-303$ of the 1941 report; and the changes between 1942 and 1941 are shown on pages $7-8$ of the 1942 report. The classification for 1943 is the same as that for 1942 except for the minor change described on page 5 of the 1943 report. There is no change in the years 1943-47.

For 1948 changes have again been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, generally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. Data for the years 1939-47, in table 14, have been adjusted, wherever possible, to improve comparability with 1948. A comparison of the industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in charts on pages 425-450.

## SOURCE BOOK OF STATISTICS OF INCOME

[^32]The corporation data in the Source Book are from the income and profits tax returns for 1926 through 1948. The data are tabulated in aggregate (1) for all returns and (2) for returns with balance sheets, also segregated in both instances as to returns with net income and returns with no net income.
For the years 1932-34, tabulations of data from consolidated returns are also shown. A considerable number of corporations filing consolidated returns for 1932 and 1933 were denied this privilege for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1933, by section 141 of the Revenue Act of 1934 , which limited the filing of consolidated returns to common carriers by railroad and their related holding and leasing companies. These tabulations were made to show the shift effected by this provision of the Revenue Act of 1934 on data from the returns for 1934 as compared with corresponding items from the returns for prior years. (Beginning 1942, the privilege of filing consolidated returns is again extended, in general, to all corporations.)

Two charts, presenting a résumé of the data from corporation returns available in the Source Book, follow. The first shows the years and classifications for which the items are available and the second is a detailed presentation of the industries for which the items are available in the major group tables and in the minor group tables. By use of these two charts one can quickly determine whether or not the desired data are available in the Source Book. For example: To determine the availability of figures representing gross sales of anthracite coal mining companies for the years 1926 through 1948, the first chart shows that gross sales will be found for the years 1926 through 1948 for major and minor industrial groups; the second chart (items 11, 12, 13, under "Mining and quarrying") shows that anthracite mining is included with bituminous, etc., for the years $1926-27$ but is tabulated separately for 1928-48.

Chart I.-Data available in the Source Book of Statistics
(For list of major and minor
Note.-Under each classification data are shown (1) in composite,

of Income from corporation returns for the years 1926-48
industrial groups, see Chart II)
(2) for returns with net income, and (3) for returns with no net income

| Returns with balance sheets-Continued * |  |  |  |  | Consolidated returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor industrial groups |  |  | States and Territories |  | In ag. gregate | Minor industrial groups |  |  |  |  |
|  | By total assots classes | By States and Territories | By minor industrial groups | By major industrial groups |  | Consolidated 1933 |  | Not consolidated |  |  |
| gregate |  |  |  |  |  | By 1933 industry | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \text { By } 1934 \\ \text { industry } \end{array}\right\|$ | In aggregate | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } 1934 \\ \text { industry } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1930-48 \\ 42-48 \\ 42-48 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1942-48 \\ 42-48 \\ 42-48 \end{array}$ | 1931-36 | 1931-37 | 1938-41 | $\begin{array}{r} 1932-33 \\ 32-33 \\ 32-33 \end{array}$ | 1934 34 34 | $\begin{array}{r}1934 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1933 \\ 33 \\ 33 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1934 \\ 34 \\ 34 \end{array}$ |  |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| - 42-45 | 42-45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| 42-48 $42-48$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 9 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 10 |
| $42-48$ $44-48$ $42-43$ $44-48$ | $\begin{gathered} 42-48 \\ 44-48 \\ 42-43 \\ 44-48 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 33 33 | 34 | 11 12 13 14 |
| $42-43$ $44-48$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-43 \\ & 44-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 34 | 34 | --.---- | 34 | 16 17 |
| 44-48 | 44-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 | :34 | 33 | 34 | 20 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 22 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  | 32-33 |  |  | 33 <br> 33 | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ -\quad 34 \\ \hline \quad 34\end{array}$ | 24 |
| $\begin{array}{r}42-48 \\ 42-48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 42-48 |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 <br> 34 | 34 | 33 | 1 $\quad 34$ | 26 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 | 34 | 27 |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { 42-48 } \\ 42-48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $42-48$ $42-48$ |  |  |  | 32-33- | $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ -34 \\ \hline 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 33 | --74 | 29 29 30 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 31 |
| + $42-48$ | 42-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32 |
| $\begin{array}{r}42-48 \\ 42-48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 42-48 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 33 34 |
| + 42-48 | $42-48$ $45-48$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35 |
| $45-48$ <br> $45-48$ | 45-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 37 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 38 39 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 40 41 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 42 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 <br> 34 | 34 34 | 33 33 | 34 34 | 44 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 42--48 \\ & 42-43 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -72-48 \\ & 42-43 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46 48 48 |

Chart I.-Data available in the Source Book of Statistics of
(For list of major and minor
Note.-Under each classification data are shown (1) in c mposite, (2) for


Income from corporation returns for the years 1926-48-Continued
industrial groups, see Chart II)
returns with net income, and (3) for returns with no net income

| Returns with balance sheets-Continued |  |  |  |  | Consolidated returns |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Minor industrial groups |  |  | States and Territories |  | In ag-. gregate | Minor industrial groups |  |  |  |  |
| In aggregate | By total assets classes | By States and Territories | By minor industrial groups | By major industrial groups |  | Consolidated |  | Not consolidated |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { By } 1933 \\ \text { industry } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { By } 1934 \\ \text { industry } \end{gathered}$ | In aggregate | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { By } 1934 \\ \text { industry } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |
| 1944-45 | 1944-45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 49 |
| 42-48 | 42-48 |  |  |  | 1932-33 | 1934 | 1934 | 1933 | 1934 | 51 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 42-45 \\ & 42-46 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-45 \\ & 42-46 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 53 54 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 55 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 56 57 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 58 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30-48 \\ & 30-43 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-43 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1931-36 \\ 31-36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1931-37 \\ 31-37 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1938-41 \\ 38-41 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 33 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 59 60 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 44-48 \\ & 44-48 \\ & 30-48 \\ & 30-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44-48 \\ & 44-48 \\ & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 61 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 311-36 \\ & 31-36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31-37 \\ & 31-37 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38-41 \\ & 38-41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 33 33 | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 63 64 |
| 30-48 | 42-48 | 31-36 | 31-37 | 38-41 | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 65 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30-33 \\ & 34-39 \end{aligned}$ | -------------- | $\begin{aligned} & 31-33 \\ & 34-36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31-33 \\ & 34-37 \end{aligned}$ | $38-30$ | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 66 67 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 38-48 \\ & 38-48 \\ & 38-48 \\ & 30-48 \\ & 30-48 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  | 34-37 | $\begin{aligned} & 40-41 \\ & 40-41 \\ & 40-41 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 68 31 70 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 31-36 \\ & 31-36 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33-37 \\ & 31-37 \\ & 31-37 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40-41 \\ & 38-41 \\ & 3-41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -74 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 33 | 34 <br> 34 | 71 72 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 30-36 \\ & 37-48 \end{aligned}$ | $--72-48$ | 31-36 | $31-36$ 37 | 38-41 | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 73 |
| $37-48$$37-48$$30-36$$30-48$$30-48$$30-48$$38-48$$30-48$$30-48$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42-48 \\ & 42-48 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 37 \\ 37 \\ 31-36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38-41 \\ & 38-41 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 33 |  | 75 76 77 |
|  | 42-48 | 31-36 | 31-36 | 38-41-1 | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 78 |
|  | 42-48 | 31-36 | 31-37 | 38-41 | 32-33 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 79 |
|  | 42-48 | 31-36 | 31-37 | 38-41 | $32-33$ | 34 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 80 81 |
|  | $42-48$ $42-48$ $42-48$ | 隹 $\begin{aligned} & 311-36 \\ & 31-36\end{aligned}$ | $311-37$ $31-37$ | $38-41$ <br> $38-41$ <br> $38-41$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32-33 \\ & 32-33 \end{aligned}$ | 34 <br> 34 | 34 34 | 33 33 | $\begin{aligned} & -74 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 82 <br> 83 |

Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables
(For list of Items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Ohart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: 'Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of itcms avallable, see Ohart I)

|  | Industrial groups $\mathrm{T}^{\top}$ | Data available in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Major group tables | Minor group tables |
|  |  | For the years |  |
| 240 | Tanks (Included in No. 337 for 1948) |  | 1942-47 |
|  | Sighting and fre-control equipment (except optical) (included in No. 337 for 1948) |  |  |
| 241 | Ordnance and accessories not else where classified (included in No. 337 for 1948) |  |  |
| 242 | Iron and steel foundries |  |  |
| 243 | Other iron, steel, and products |  |  |
| 244 | Other primary metal industries |  |  |
| 246 | Iron, steel, and products not allocable |  |  |
| 247 | Fabricated metal prodncta, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment. | 1948 |  |
| 248 | Metal stamping, coating, and engraving |  | 48 |
| 249 | Lighting fixtures |  | 48 |
| 250 | Fabricated wire products. Other fabricated metal products |  | 48 |
| 252 | Fabricated metal products not allocable |  | 48 |
| 253 | Metal and metal products, other than iron and steel; refining of precious metals, manufacturing jewelry, etc |  | 27-37 |
| 254 | Precious metal products and processe |  |  |
| 255 | Clocks and watches (see No. 340 for 1948) |  | 38-47 |
| 256 | Jewelry, except costume jewelry- |  | - |
| 257 | Jewelry, except costume jewelry; silverware, plated ware (see No. 347 for 1948)- |  | 40-47 |
| $\begin{gathered} 258 \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | Other metals, products and processes; combination of foundry and machine shop Nonferrous metals and their products | 38-47 | $27-37$ $38-47$ |
| 260 | Nonferrous metal basic products. |  | 38-47 |
| 261 | Smelting, refining, rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals (Primary metal industries) |  | $\begin{array}{r}48 \\ 48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 262 | Nonferrous foundries (Primary metal industries) |  |  |
| 263 | Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys |  | 38-47 |
| 264 | Nonferrous metals and products not allocable | 38-48 | $38-47$$26-48$ |
| 265 | Electrical machlnery and equipment (Metal manufacturing. 1926-37)...--.--..- |  |  |
| 266 | Electrical equipment for public utility, manufacturing, mining, transportation (except automotive), and construction use |  | $38-47$48$38-47$ |
| 267 | Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial a pparatus. |  |  |
| 268 |  |  |  |
| 269 | Electrical equipment for motor vehicles, aircraft, and rallway locomotives and cars |  |  |
| 270 |  |  |  |
| 271 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 272 |  |  | 40-47 |
| 273 | Radio, radar, and television equipment (except radio tubes), and phonographs. |  |  |
| 274 | Other communication equipmen |  |  |
| 275 | Household electrical appliances |  | $38-39$$40-48$ |
| 276 |  |  |  |
| 27 27 27 | Insulated wire and cable (included in No. 266 for 1938-47) Electric lamps (included in No. 279 for 1938-39; No. 280 for 1940 |  | 40-48 |
| 279 |  |  | $38-39$$40-47$ |
| 2728282828 | Other electrical machinery and equipment. |  |  |
|  | Other electrical products, including batteries |  | 38-48 |
|  | Electrical machinery and equipment not allocable.-...---.---.- |  |  |
| 28 | Factory machinery, textile, paper, printing presses, machine tools, etc. (Metal manufacturing) |  | 26 |
| 284 | Factory machinery-Food production machinery; leather, metal, paper, printing, textile, and wood working machinery (Metal manufacturing) |  | 27-37 |
| 285 | All other machinery; stationary, marine, gas, mining, and oil well machinery, office machinery, etc. (Metal manufacturing) |  | 26 |
| 286 | Miscellaneous machinery-Building, construction, gas, mining machinery and equipment (Metal manufacturing) |  | 27-3 |
| 287 | Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical | 38-48 |  |
| 288 | Special industry machinery. |  |  |
| 289 | General industry machinery |  | -48 |
| 292 | Engines and turbines, except automotive, aircraft, and railway |  |  |
| 293 | Construction and mining machinery |  | 8 |

Chart II--Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II.-Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)


Chart II--Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are available in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)

Operating holding companies
Railroad securities
Other public utility securities
Industrial securities
Bank securities
Other specified securities
Securities not specifled
Other corporations holding securities
Other investment companies, including holding companies.
Other investment and holding companies
Stock and bond brokers, investment bankers
Stock and bond brokers, investment brokers, investment bankers, and investment trusts.
ivestment brokers, investment bankers
Security and commodity exchange brokers and dealers.
Other finance companies
Finance not allocable
Insurance carriers, agents, etc
Insurance carriers and agents
Insurance carriers $\qquad$
Aife insurance companies (mutual or stock)
Accident, casualty, fire, marine, mutual, fidelity and bonding companies
Other insurance-A ccident, casualty, fire, marine, title, etc.
Insurance companies, except life.-
Otber insurance carriers (not life or mutual)
Mutual insurance, except life.
Mutual insurance, except life or marine.
Mutual insurance, except life or marine or fire insurance companies issuing perpetual policies

| Data a available in |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Major <br> group <br> tables | Minor <br> group <br> tables |

For the years

| $1938-39$ | $34-37$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $40-47$ | $38-39$ |
| 48 | 47 |

## 48

## 48 48

## 48

Chart II--Industrial groups for which data from corporation returns are shown in the Source Book of Statistics of Income, for the years 1926-48: Years for which data are availahle in major group tables and years for which data are available in minor group tables-Continued
(For list of items available, see Chart I)

|  | Industrial groups | Data a vailable in |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Major group tables | Minor group tables |
|  |  | For the years |  |
| 571 | Insurance agents, brokers, | $1940-47$48 | $1938-47$48 |
| ${ }_{572}^{572}$ | Insurance agents and brokers --1.-.-1-1 |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 573 \\ 574 \end{gathered}$ | Real estate (included in No. 540 for 1926). <br> Real estate and holding companies; realty development, holding or leasing; realty trusts; securities |  | 27-29: |
| 575 | Real estate and realty holding companies-Realty development, holding or leasing; realty trusts, etc. |  | 30-37 |
| 576 | Real estate, including lessors of buildings. | $38-47$48 | $38-47$48 |
| 577 | Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings.......... |  |  |
| 578 | Dealers and development companies, lessors of buildings, lessee and owner operators of buildings. |  | 38-39 |
| 579 |  |  | 40-47 |
| 580 | Real estate operators, including lessors of buildings |  | 48 |
| 581 | Lessee operators of buildings. |  | 40-47 |
| 582 | Owners for improvement. |  | 40-47 |
| 583 | Trading for own account. |  | 40-47 |
| 584 585 | Developers of real property, including traders on own Real estate agents, brokers, etc................... |  | -48 |
| 586 | Real estate agents, brokers, and managers |  | 48 |
| 587 | Title abstract companies....-.-------- |  | 40-48 |
| 588 | Real estate, including lessors of buildings, not allocable (included in No. 589 for 1948) |  | 38-47 |
| 589 | Other real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings.-.........- |  | 48 |
| 590 |  | 38-48 | 38-48 |
| 591 | Agricultural, forest, and similar properties |  | 38-48 |
| 592 | Mining, oil, and similar properties |  | 38-48 |
| 593 | Railroad (properties) property .- |  | 38-48 |
| 594 | Public utility (properties) property |  | 38-48 |
| 595 | Other real property, except buildings |  | 38-48: |
| 596 | Lessors of real property, except buildings, not allocable (included in No. 595 for 1948) |  | 38-47 |
| 597 | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property not allocable | 38-39 | 38-39 |
| 598 |  | 26-48 | 26-48' |
| 599 | Building and construction above ground; equipp.ng and installing machinery; wrecking, razing, moving, etc |  | 26 |
| 600 | Building and construction above ground-Installing machinery, moving, wrecking, razing, etc. |  | 27-37 |
| 601 |  |  | 38-47 |
| 602 | General building contractors |  | 48 |
| 603 | General contractors other than building |  | 48 |
| 604 | General contractors not allocable |  | 48 |
| 605 | Excavation, road building, waterfront construction, railroad construction, shipbuilding, etc. |  | 26 |
| 606 | ("Shipbuilding and repairing," $1927-48$, Nos. 326-328). <br> Other construction, underground and on surface-Bridge building, waterfront construction, related industries, etc. |  | 27-37 |
| 607 | Special trade contractors |  | 38-48 |
| 608 | Construction not allocable (included in No. 609 for 1948) |  | 38-47 |
| 609 | Other construction |  | 48 |
| 610 | Agriculture and related industries. | 26-37 | 26-37 |
| 611 | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery | 38-48 | 38-48 |
| 612 | Farming-Fruit, cotton, grain, stock, and all other farming, including lessors.- |  | 26 |
| 613 | Farming-Cotton, grain, stock; horticulture and all other farming; lessors of farm lands |  | 27-37 |
| 614 | Agriculture and services | 38-47 | 38-47 |
| 615 | Farms and agricultural services. | 48 | 48 |
| 616 | Related industries-Forestry, fishing, ice harvesting, agricultural industries not precisely defined; holders and lessors. |  | 26 |
| 617 | Related industries-Forestry, fishing, ice harvesting, and other related industries; holders and lessors. |  | $27-37$ |
| 618 | Forestry | 38-48 | 38-48 |
| 619 | Fishery | 38-48 | 38-48 |
| 620 | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery not allocable |  |  |
| 621 | Nature of business not given. Nature of business not allocabl | $26-37$ <br> $38-40$ <br> 1 | $28-37$ <br> $38-40$ |
| 623 | Nature of business not allocable | 41-48 | 41-48 |

## CORPORATION INCOME

## TAX RETURNS

1948

## BASIC TABLES

1. States and Territories, general summary-all returns.
2. Major and minor industrial groups, general summary-all returns.
3. Major industrial groups (Receipts and deductions)-all returns.
4. Major industrial groups (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deductions)-returns with balance sheets.
4-A. Major industrial groups (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deductions)-consolidated returns with balance sheets.
5. Total assets classes (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deduc-tions)-returns with balance sheets.
5-A. Total assets classes (Assets and liabilities, receipts and deduc-tions)-consolidated returns with balance sheets.
6. Total assets classes and major industrial groups (Selected assets, liabilities, and receipts)-returns with balance sheets.
7. Net income and deficit classes and major industrial groups (Selected items)-all returns.
8. Net income and deficit classes and type of tax liability-all returns.
9. Net income and deficit classes (Dividends received and interest received on Government obligations)-all returns.
10. Net income and deficit classes (Dividends paid)-all returns.
Table 1.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by States and Territories, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | " "̈ ® |  <br>  |
|  |  |  <br>  |
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|  |  | ్ㅣㅇ్లి <br>  i |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { "̈ } \\ & \text { 翤 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{Z} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  $\rightarrow$ morn |
|  |  |  <br>  |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.


Table 2.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups and minor Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends income tax
[Money figures in


| Total number of returns ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ |
| 630,670 | 395, 860 | 379, 309, 471 |
| 8,122 | 4,553 | 1,642, 670 |
| 7,408 | 4,213 | 1,582, 246 |
| 272 | 157 | 1, 30, 280 |
| 442 | 183 | 30, 144 |
| 10,962 | 5,503 | 7,337, 631 |
| 1,774 | 230 | 1,190, 474 |
| 113 | 40 | 268, 107 |
| 1,300 | 149 | 840, 334 |
| 361 | 41 | 82, 033 |
| 210 | 117 | 525, 375 |
| 2,297 | 1,434 | 2,542,354 |
| 4,291 | 2,563 | 2, 362, 031. |
| 3,272 | 1,951 | 1, 839, 336 |
| 1,019 | 612 | 522,695 |
| 2,390 | 1,159 | 717, 397 |
| 1,458 | 993 | 506,946 |
| 932 | 166 | 210, 451 |
| 24, 826 | 16,155 | 8, 518, 903 |
| 5, 962 | 3, 388 | 2, 467, 690 |
| 3, 056 | 2, 178 | 2, 125, 815 |
| 1, 878 | 1,187 | 893, 032 |
| 12, 713 | 8,904 | 2, 895, 031 |
| 1,217 | 498 | 137, 335 |
| 120, 367 | 73, 638 | 185, 981,909 |
| 3,605 | 1,751 | 4,820,625 |
| 2,678 | 1,306 | 664, 819 |
| 480 | 269 | 2,271,933 |
| 181 | 69 | 64, 241 |
| 266 | 107 | 1, 819, 632 |
| 11,528 | 6,931 | 26, 177, 784 |
| 1,318 | 899 | 8, 599, 289 |
| 1,727 | 1,104 | 3,588, 885 |
| 1, 832 | 936 | 2, 141, 806 |
| 1,304 | 786 | 3, 747, 215 |
| 1, 874 | 1,176 | 2, 407, 174 |
| 130 | 73 | 1, 078, 813 |
| 816 | 411 | 1, 214,556 |
| 47 | 21 | 335, 874 |
| 2, 096 | 1,307 | 2, 084, 163 |
| 384 | 218 | 979,949 |
| 230 | 123 | 3, 007, 437 |
| 148 | 68 | 263, 044 |
| 82 | 55 | 2, 744, 393 |
| 6, 205 | 4,161 | 11, 828, 790 |
| 621 | 477 | 1, 486, 455 |
| 372 | 224 | 1, 205, 003 |
| 439 | 353 | 3, 071, 271 |
| 388 | 276 | 253, 519 |
| 2,057 | 1,378 | 1,542, 003 |
| 682 | 424 | -634, 441 |
| 179 | 100 | 843, 770 |
| 276 | 131 | 146, 852 |
| - 910 | 644 | 1, 595, 924 |
| 281 | 154 | 1, 049, 552 |
| 14,851 | 8,595 | 7, 096, 988 |
| 2,832 | 1,766 | 2, 416, 214 |
| 7,128 | 4,210 | 3, 204, 761 |
| 470 | 248 | 74, 971 |
| 972 | 393 | 100,487 |
| 730 | 415 | 271, 959 |
| 2,044 | 1,187 | 757, 314 |
| 675 | 376 | 271, 282 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: paid in cash and assets other than own slock; also, for returns with net income, the
thousands of dollars]


Table 2.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups and minor Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends. income tax-Continued
[Money figures in.

|  |  | $\underset{i n c}{\text { Return }}$ | s with net come |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled roceipts ${ }^{8}$ |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood prod Logging camps, logging contractors sawmills, and planing mills- | 6, 022 | 3, 879 | 4, 160, 833. |
|  | 3, 147 | 2,076 | 2, 537, 342 |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Millwork, } \\ \text { products. }\end{array}$ <br> plywood, and prefabricated structural wood |  |  |  |
|  | 536 | 341 | 348, 114 |
|  | 1,164 | 634 | 330. 143 |
| Furniture and fixtures.......-.........- | 4, 400 | 2,724 | 2, 147, 137 |
| Furniture-bousehold, office, public building, and professional. | 3,132 | 1,930 | 1,777,912 |
| Partitions, shelving, lockers; and office and store fixtures.:--Window and door screens, shades, and venetian blinds-.--- | 612 | 426 | 173, 735 |
|  | 509 | 296 | 143, 957 |
|  | 147 | 72 | 51, 533 |
| Paper and allied products------ | 2,603 | 1, 898 | 5,737,079 |
| Pulp, paper, and paper | 474 | 372 | 3, 416,056 |
|  | 1,254 | 889 | 1,326,504 |
| Pulp goods and other converted paper products | 875 | 637 | 994, 519 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied indust | 12,849 | 8,978 | 5,795, 347 |
| Newspapers | 2, 816 | 2, 073 | 2, 019,062 |
| Periodicals | 1,301 | 702 383 | 855, 526 |
| Books-.-- | 4,674 | 3, 295 | 1,565,043 |
| Commercial printing, including lithographing---------------- | 2,312 | 1,608 | 510, 266 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries not allocable--- | 1,338 | 917 | 410, 019 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 7,742 | 4,323 | 13, 696, 104 |
|  | 206 | 138 | 547,992 |
| Industrial organic chemicals, including plastic materials, synthetic rubber, and synthetic fibers. | 464 | 262 | 2,740, 424 |
|  | 1,523 | 720 | 1,378,988. |
|  | 862 | 429 | 1,560, 884 |
|  | 1,075 | 732 | 1,755, 518 |
|  | 719 | 271 | 1,229,942 |
| Perfumes, cosmetics, and other toilet preparations. Fertilizers. | 322 | 243 | 496, 205. |
| Oils and fats, animal and vegetable, except edible cooking oils. | 529 | 356 | 1,665, 304 |
|  | 1,114 | 699 | 1,313, 659 |
| Chemicals and allied products not allocable Petroleum and coal products. | 928 | 473 | 2,007,188 |
|  | 668 | 453 | 19, 738, 277 |
|  | 325 | 231 | 18, 802, 752 |
| Other petroleum an | 343 | 222 | 935,525 |
|  | 670 | 431 | 3,307. 856 |
| Tires and inner tubes...-...-..........- | 56 | 35 | 2,680. 351 |
| Other rubber products, including rubberized fabrics and clothing. <br> Leather and products | 614 | 396 | 627,505 |
|  | 3,047 | 1,734. | 2, 734, 855 |
| Leather, tanned, cur | 437 | 285. | 742, 129 |
| Footwear, except rubbOther leather products | 1,121 | 638 | 1, 590.061 |
|  | 1,489 | 811 | 402, 665 |
| Stone, clay, and glass product | 4,310 | 2,851 | 3, 982, 753 |
|  | 607 | 355 | 943, 456 |
| Cement (hydraulic).. | 95 | 77 | 448, 294 |
| Structural clay products | 787 | 569 | 504, 451 |
|  | 335 | 210 | 304, 270 |
|  | 1,515 | 954 | 686,744 |
|  | 383 | 303 | 90, 750 |
|  | 588 | 383 | 1,004, 788 |
|  | 3,138 | 2,169 | 16, 746, 046 |
|  | 169 | 133 | 10, 126, 687 |
|  | 1,033 | 779 | 1,520,793 |
| ferrous metals. <br> Nonferrous foundries | 387 | 298 | 3,544,979 |
|  | 759 | 414 |  |
| Other primary metal in | 6182 | 465 80 |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income4-Continued |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets othor than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{8}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 567,813 \\ & 398,197 \\ & 120,767 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 196,147 \\ 135,427 \\ 43,896 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,817 \\ & 73,141 \\ & 17,10 \end{aligned}$ | 1,986 978 323 | $\begin{array}{r} 406,489 \\ 208,690 \\ 81,884 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,265 \\ 14,532 \\ 8,066 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 753 \\ & 379 \\ & 277 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 64 \\ & 65 \\ & 66 \end{aligned}$ |
| 21, 573 | 7,466 | 3,709 | 189 | 51,520 | 2,288 | 59 | 67 |
| 27, 276 | 9,358 | 4, 867 | 496 | 64, 395 | 4,379 | 38 | 68 |
| 195, 005 | 70,244 | 34, 252 | 1,603 | 304, 450 | 22, 275 | 414 | 79 |
| 164, 935 | 59, 816 | 30, 184 | 1,154 | 237, 747 | 15,796 | 203 | 70 |
| 15,519 | 5,314 | 1,850 | 178 | 26,883 | 2,786 | 198 | 71 |
| 10, 864 | 3, 794 | 1,696 | 200 | 34, 088 | 3, 355 | 10 | 72 |
| 3, 887 | 1,320 | - 522 | 71 | 5,732 | $\begin{array}{r}338 \\ \hline 1489\end{array}$ | 617 | 73 |
| 798, 787 | 295, 838 | 170, 226 | 658 | 268, 652 | 14,789 | 617 313 | 74 75 |
| 570,690 142,404 | 212, 52, 208 | 120,997 30,209 | $\begin{array}{r}90 \\ 345 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}95,373 \\ 87,195 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4, 6588 | 313 243 | 75 |
| 85, 693 | 31, 512 | 19, 020 | 223 | 86, 084 | 4,380 | 61 | 77 |
| 616, 198 | 215, 974 | 154, 815 | 3, 519 | 484, 388 | 38. 385 | 1,272 | 78 |
| 262, 703 | 93, 752 | 75, 259 | 696 | 143, 682 | 12,595 | 246 | 79 |
| 78, 127 | 27, 564 | 25, 571 | 549 | 109, 190 | 10, 243 | 102 | 80 |
| 44, 424 | 15, 321 | 10, 488 | 261 | 45, 830 | 4, 448 | 137 | 81 |
| 143, 699 | 49,750 | 27,125 | 1,032 | 107,044 49,304 | 6,320 3,269 | 132 | 88 |
| - 34,781 | 11,941 | 4, 706 | ${ }_{330}^{651}$ | 29, 338 | 1,510 | 189 | 84 |
| 1, 728,534 | 609, 526 | 537, 538 | 3,088 | 558,489 | 46,566 | 1,686 | 85 |
| 85, 284 | 30, 348 | 21, 088 | 62 | 13, 838 | 1,244 | 5 | 86 |
| 558,324 | 195, 033 | 170, 636 | 186 | 105, 051 | 7,655 | 513 | 87 |
| 246, 595 | 89.120 | 73, 949 | 703 | 49,120 | 5,066 | 257 | 88 |
| 60, 225 | 22, 388 | 40, 801 | 416 | 50, 826 | 4, 813 | 264 | 89 |
| 134, 354 | 48, 921 | 31, 003 | 313 | 54, 317 | 5, 053 | $\stackrel{43}{132}$ | 90 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25,288 \\ & 46,553 \end{aligned}$ | 8,721 16,768 | $\begin{array}{r}3,138 \\ 13 \\ \hline 1743\end{array}$ | 411 68 | 34,197 7,949 | 4,592 | 132 19 | 91 92 |
| 100, 923 | 37, 494 | 17, 619 | 150 | 147, 191 | 8,198 | 306 | 93 |
| 156, 869 | 57,381 | 40,333 | 382 | 56, 423 | 4,270 | 92 | 94 |
| 314, 119 | 103, 352 | 125, 228 | 397 | 39,577 | 5, 068 | 55 | 95 |
| 2,000, 180 | 660, 044 | 702, 739 | 181 | 228, 900 | 17, 142 | 370 | 96 |
| 1, 904.177 | 625, 062 | 683, 916 | 75 | 184, 830 | 15, 213 | 274 96 | 97 98 |
| 96,003 262,315 | 34,982 <br> 92 <br> 92 | 18,823 65,718 | 106 220 | 44,070 81,937 | 1, 745 | - 105 | 98 |
| 204, 154 | 70, 822 | 53, 537 | 18 | 35, 274 | 4, 042 | 19 | 100 |
| 58, 161 | 21, 475 | 12,181 | 202 | 46, 663 | 3,303 | 86 | 101 |
| 158,434 | 57,448 | 41,287 | 1,271 | 426, 264 | 26,397 | 931 | 102 |
| 47,409 | 17,551 | 11, 122 | 148 | 63, 180 | 4,918 | 145 | 103 |
| 90,956 20,069 | 33,307 6,590 | 11,496 4,669 | 463 660 | 253,498 109,586 | $\begin{array}{r}13,965 \\ 7,514 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 729 5 | 105 |
| 549, 486 | 202, 687 | 124, 836 | 1,342 | 157, 056 | 18,977 | 333 | 106 |
| 96, 197 | 35, 720 | 29,466 | 241 | 67, 417 | 7, 352 | 168 | 107 |
| 106,158 | 39,999 | 25, 469 | 16 | , 391 | 175 |  | 108 |
| 75,243 35,539 | 27, 553 13,119 | 14, 684 | 195 | 16,524 20,676 | 1,982 | 62 | 110 |
| 35,539 103,695 | 13,119 <br> 37,959 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \mathbf{5}, 382 \\ 18,902 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 510 | 27. 727 | 4, 492 | 21 | 111 |
| 7,727 | 2, 457 | 1,378 | 74 | 4,340 | 278 | 2 | 112 |
| 124, 927 | 45, 880 | 29,555 | 183 | 19, 981 | 2,534 | 50 | 113 |
| 1,746, 435 | 644, 825 | 364, 967 | 884 | 264, 080 | 17,191 3,691 | 1,678 1,134 | 114 |
| 1, 025,978 | 385,698 60,189 | 188,014 34,386 | 26 236 | 44,317 60,367 | 3, 691 3,748 3, | 1,134 | 115 |
| 163,434 370,441 | 60,189 130,193 | 34, 105,611 | 236 75 | 56,300 | 2,009 | 341 | 117 |
| 37,360 | 13,553 | 6,540 | 329 | 46,483 | 5,001 | 93 | 118 |
| 143,248 5,974 | 53,045 2,147 | 29,426 990 | 142 76 | 46,097 10,516 | 1,915 | 48 5 | 119 120 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups and minor Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends: income tax-Continued
[Money figures in

Manufacturing-Continued
Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

Tin cans and other tinware
Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware-----
Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' sup. plies.
Fabricated structural metal products.
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving.
Lighting fixtures.-
Fabricated wire products
Other fabricated metal products
Fabricated metal products not allocable
Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical
Engines and turbines, except automotive, aircraft, and railway.
Agricultural machinery and tractors
Construction and mining machinery
Metal-working machinery, including machine tools
Special industry machinery
General industry machinery
Office and store machines
Service industry and household machines
Other machinery parts, and machine shops
Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical, not allocable.
Electrical machinery and equipment
Electrical generating, transmission, distribution, and industrial apparatus.
Electrical appliances.
Insulated wire and cable
Electrical equipment for motor vehicles, aircraft, and railway locomotives and cars.
Electric lamps
Radio, radar, and television equipment (except radio tubes), and phonographs.
Other communication equipment and related products.....
Other electrical products, including batteries.
Electrical machinery and equipment not allocable.
Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles
Aircraft and parts, including aircraft engines.
Ship and boat building and repairing.
Rairoad
都

Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical
Motor vehicles, including bodies and truck trailers.
Motor vehicle parts and accessories, and passenger trailers.
Ordnance and accessories
Guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment, including small arms.
Small arms ammunition
Other ordnance and accessories
Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watehes, clocks.

Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, includ-
ing photographic and optical goods.
Watches, clocks and clockwork-operated devices
Other manufacturing.
Jewelry (precious metal), silverware, plated ware
Costume jewelry, except precious metal.
Fabricated plastic products, except plastic materials
Manufacturing not elsewhere classified

| Total number of returns ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ |
| 9,564 | 6,320 | 9,009, 132 |
| 95 | 70 | 858, 039 |
| 1,144 | 704 | 944, 435 |
| 1,160 | 709 | 1,996, 094 |
| 2,302 | 1,844 | 1,963, 123 |
| 1,989 | 1,201 | 1,151, 099 |
| 630 | 346 | 240,126 |
| 510 | 375 | 592,609 |
| 1,333 | 811 | 823, 736 |
| 401 | 260 | 439, 871 |
| 9,940 | 6,362 | 14,472, 780 |
| 95 | 55 | 474, 596 |
| 594 | 368 | 2, 666, 153 |
| 501 | 405 | 1,507, 245 |
| 2,143 | 1,351 | 1,425, 713 |
| 1,471 | 1,069 | 1,679,776 |
| 1,239 | 869 | 1,819,960 |
| 338 | 178 | 1,029, 249 |
| 705 | 412 | 1,848,587 |
| 2,179 | 1,253 | 943,798 |
| 675 | 402 | 1,077, 703 |
| 3,126 | 1,645 | 8,362, 169 |
| 916 | 1. 579 | 2,912, 018 |
| 317 | 141 | 339,359 |
| 81 | 57 | 451,359 |
| 107 | 48 | 251, 754 |
| 75 | 36 | 91,585 |
| 609 | 287 | 1, 186, 573 |
| 260 | 127 | 1,487, 659 |
| 349 | 178 | 450,077 |
| 412 | 192 | 1,191,785 |
| 1,117 | 563 | 3,345, 171 |
| 232 | 104 | 1,291,627 |
| 684 | 346 | 713,189 |
| 115 | 73 | 1, 245, 313 |
| 36 | 20 | 83, 907 |
| 50 | 20 | 11, 135 |
| 1,405 | 867 | 13, 533, 798 |
| - 517 | 349 | 11, 299, 454 |
| 888 | 518 | 2, 234, 344 |
| 59 | 26 | 219, 769 |
| 33 | 17 | 48,459 |
| 14 | 4 | 159,795 |
| 12 | 5 | 11,515 |
| 1,714 | 999 | 1,828,678 |
| 1,593 | 930 | 1,574,938 |
| 121 | 69 | 253, 740 |
| 11,574 | 5,855 | 4, 232, 701 |
| 994 | 527 | 447.580 |
| 312 | 134 | 49,922 |
| 1,200 | + 577 | -269,517 |
| 9, 068 | 4,617 | 3,465, 682 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ - Continued |  |  | Returns with no net income |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{1}$ | Income tax ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Deficit 4 | Dividends paid in cash and assets otber than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| 1,070,028 | 390, 510 | 216, 237 | 3,020 | 460, 252 | 46,413 | 1,396 | 121 |
| 74,612 119,549 | 26,224 <br> 42,361 | 19,918 33,102 | $\begin{array}{r} 23 \\ 403 \end{array}$ | 4,154 57,585 | 226 6,161 | $\stackrel{24}{34}$ | 122 |
| 246, 979 | 90, 751 | 56,748 | 410 | 121, 134 | 9,873 | 504 | 124 |
| 260,663 | 95, 878 | 29,586 | 428 | 64,699 | 10,285 | 130 | 125 |
| 131,872 | 48, 414 | 23, 810 | 743 | 84,809 | 7,107 | 92 | 126 |
| 15, 923 | 5,644 | 2,862 | 267 | 38,492 | 3,918 | 18 | 127 |
| 64,012 | 23, 606 | 14, 216 | 127 | 15,662 | 1,492 | 11 | 128 |
| 105,415 | 38,837 | 24, 112 | 491 | 57, 836 | 5,859 | 256 | 129 |
| 51,003 | 18,795 | 11, 883 | 128 | 15, 881 | 1,492 | 18 | 130 |
| 1,800, 259 | 668, 698 | 382, 135 | 3,296 | 591, 588 | 58,795 | 1,834 | 131 |
| 48,269 | 17,930 | 6,751 | 35 | 14,927 | 1,569 | 1402 | 132 |
| 290, 869 | 108,049 | 59,523 | 205 | 51,313 | 5,354 | 22 | 133 |
| 218, 251 | 81, 319 | 32, 709 | 81 | 25, 191 | 1,798 | 170 | 134 |
| 170, 188 | 62, 196 | 46,830 | 753 | 118,455 | 10,834 | 394 | 135 |
| 222, 689 | 81,848 83 819 | 49,167 | 363 <br> 334 | 54, 482 | 4,693 | 81 | 136 |
| 225, 291 | $\begin{array}{r}83,819 \\ 63 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ | 45, 982 | $\begin{array}{r}334 \\ 133 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 62, 059 | 6,995 | 133 | 137 |
| 214, 798 | 81,419 | 55,105 | ${ }_{266}^{133}$ | - 72,372 | 9,929 | 109 | 138 |
| 120, 475 | 44, 052 | 27, 932 | 882 | 84,041 | 7,735 | 59 | 140 |
| 120, 144 | 44, 542 | 18, 931 | 244 | 72, 059 | 6,791 | 435 | 141 |
| 923, 936 | 339, 091 | 205,684 | 1,364 | 450, 781 | 47,804 | 1,946 | 142 |
| 394, 264 | 145, 038 | 81, 580 | 319 | 95, 610 | 8, 371 | 341 | 143 |
| 40, 896 | 14,850 | 9,918 | 156 | 34,052 | 6,169 | 42 | 144 |
| 37, 816 | 14, 283 | 8,553 | 22 | 21, 893 | 1,621 | 4 | 145 |
| 28,511 | 10,758 | 10, 072 | 56 | 9,862 | 757 | 8 | 146 |
| 7, 289 | 2, 628 | 2, 024 | 37 | 5,632 | 543 |  | 147 |
| 100,330 | 36, 746. | 20,732 | 299 | 134, 135 | 16,360 | 703 | 148 |
| 147, 275 | 54,436 | 41,305 | 127 | 40,388 | 3,118 | 124 | 149 |
| 35, 334 | 12,811 | 7,671 | 152 | 24, 495 | 2, 425 | 15 | 150 |
| 132, 221 | 47,541 | 23, 829 | 196 | 84,714 | 8,440 | 709 | 151 |
| 270, 965 | 96, 628 | 96, 543 | 493 | 441, 310 | 38.532 | 1,150 | 152 |
| 108. 061 | 37, 892 | 46, 105 | 105 | 258, 118 | 22, 390 | 558 | 153 |
| 58,503 | 20,736 | 11, 170 | 314 | 85.785 | 9,729 | 163 | 154 |
| 96,554 | 35,075 | 37, 262 | 33 | 80,807 | 3, 821 | 358 | 155 |
| 6. 863 | 2,581 | 1,764 | 16 | 13, 329 | 2,279 |  | 156 |
| - 984 | 344 | - 242 | 25 | 3, 271 | 313 | 71 | 157 |
| 1,708, 263 | 628,472 | 361, 479 | - 486 | 214, 470 | 25, 186 | 1,199 | 158 |
| 1, 449, 2587 | 531, 811 | 305, 290 | 148 | 136, 874 | 18,038 | 1,137 | 159 |
| 258,366 33,100 | 96, 661 | 56,189 7,476 | $\begin{array}{r}338 \\ 27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 77, 596 | 7,148 | 62 | 160 |
| 7,161 | 2,690 | 1,450 | 14 | 8,308 | 1,927 |  | 161 |
| 24,372 | 9,171 | 5,990 | 6 | 66 | 9 |  | 163 |
| 1, 567 | 566 |  | 7 | 9,576 | 1,407 |  | 164 |
| 227, 655 | 80,499 | 69, 259 | 673 | 118, 333 | 14,942 | 174 | 165 |
| .194, 581 | 68, 075 | 59,404 | 625 | 76,416 | 10,836 | 81 | 166 |
| 33, 074 | 12,424 | 9, 855 | 48 | 41,917 | 4,106 | 93 | 167 |
| 390, 286 | . 137,979 | 75, 209 | 5,010 | 670,966 | 65, 051 | 2,485 | 168 |
| 44,690 3 3 | 16, 366 | 9, 560 | 450 | 74, 510 | 5,367 | 166 | 169 |
| 3,369 19,492 | 1, 120 | 404 1,658 | 173 602 | 13,973 67401 | 1,312 | 1 | 170 |
| 322, 735 | 113, 937 | 63, 587 | 3, 785 | 515, 082 | 51, 719 | 2,288 | 172 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups and minor Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends income tax-Continued
[Money figures in

|  |  | Total ber of returns ${ }^{3}$ | Returns with netincome |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { Ner of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Total compiled receipts |
| 173 | Public utilities | 26,917 | 15, 304 | 27,482, ${ }^{17,105,238}$ |
| 174 <br> 175 |  | 19,173 725 101 | 10, ${ }^{195}$ | 17, 105,2258 |
| 176 | Urban, suburban, and interurban railways (with or without buses). | 101 | 50 | 224, 186 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 177 \\ & 178 \end{aligned}$ | Trucking and warehousing. Other motor vehicle transportation, including taxicabs and | $\begin{aligned} & 9,409 \\ & 3,735 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6,092 \\ 1,890 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,224,945 \\ 909,359 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 179 | Pipe line transportation | 166 | 112 |  |
| 180 | Water transportation. | 1,725 |  | 1, 746,031 |
| 181 | Air transportation and allied s | 1,175 | 330 | 480, 874 |
| 182 183 | Services incidental to transpor Other transportation.-.---- | ${ }^{1}$, ${ }_{217}$ | 1,062 | $\begin{array}{r}458,066 \\ 30,104 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 184 | Communication | 4,386 | 2,265 | 3,776, 284 |
| 185 | Telephone (wire or | 2,827 | 1,444 | 3, 204, 151 |
| 188 | Telegraph (wire and radio)- | 1,507 | $80{ }^{9}$ | 212,397 <br> 358,712 |
| 188 | Other communication. | ${ }^{23}$ | 11 | 1,024 |
| 189 | Electric and gas utilities. | 1,358 | ${ }_{535}^{969}$ | 6,436,644 |
| 191 | Gas production and distribution, except natural gas production. | 622 | ${ }_{434}$ | 1, 384,621 |
| 192 |  | 2,000 | 1,075 | 164,789 |
| 193 | Water supplie utilites notewhere classifed. | 1,607 |  | 117, 47.71 |
| 195 | Trade.- | 201, 161 | 138,304 | 126, 237, 227 |
|  | Wholesale | 66, 362 | 44, 144 | 61,360,756 |
| 198 | Commersion merc | 56,811 | 38,365 | 57,958, 275 |
| 198 198 | Other Fod.----- | 8 8,666 | 5,628 | 11, 058, 320 |
| 200 | Alcoholic beverages | ${ }_{5}^{2,146}$ | 1,329 | ${ }_{\text {3, }}^{3} \mathbf{3}, 786,241$ |
| ${ }_{202}^{201}$ | Apparel and dry goods ${ }^{\text {Chemicals, pains }}$ | 5,973 2,494 | - ${ }_{1}^{1,672}$ | 退3,779,164 |
| 203 | Hardware, electrical goods, plumbing and heating equipment. | 5,308 | 4,039 | 6, 368, 942 |
|  | Lumber, millwork, and construction materials--------- | 3,078 | 2,410 | 2, 615,894 |
| 206 <br> 206 | Marhinery and equipment--1- | 2,955 | 2, ${ }_{2}^{2,123}$ |  |
| 207 | Wholesalers not elsewhere classifed | 17, 973 | 12,368 | 16, 029,045 |
| 208 | Wholesalers not alloc | 4, ${ }^{4} 2,772$ | -2,627 | -3,661, 575 |
|  | Retan-ad |  |  | 11, 426, 685 |
| 211 | General merchandise | 6,990 | 5, 291 | 14,934, 673 |
| ${ }_{212} 12$ | Department stores | 2, 514 | 2, 211 | 11,607, 680 |
| , | Mail-order house | 561 | ${ }_{382}^{228}$ |  |
| 215 | Other general merchan | 3,377 | 2,470 | 834,573 |
|  | Apparel and accessories | 15, 70 | 10,847 | 5,007, 662 |
| 217 | Furniture and house furnishings | 9, 262 | 6,647 | 2,087, 874 |
| ${ }_{218}^{218}$ | Automotive dealers and filling stations | 21, 837 | -18,136 | 12.017, 520 |
| 219 | Automobiles and | 17, 68 | 15, 19 | 10, 8096,238 |
| 221 | Parts, accessories, | ${ }^{2}, 084$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,333}$ | 年500, 872 |
| 222 | Drug stores. | 5,006 | 3,521 | 1,346, 633 |
| 223 | Eating and drinking p | 14,304 | 6,563 | 1,406, 114 |
| 224 | Building materials and har | 9,672 | 8,120 | ${ }^{2}, 6,691,787$ |
| 25 | Lumber and builing materials. | - ${ }_{3,726}$ | +4, ${ }_{\text {4, } 133}$ | ${ }^{2,058,} \mathbf{6 3 3}, 728$ |
| ${ }_{227}^{227}$ | Other retail trade | 21, 810 | 14,936 | 4,644, 991 |
| 28 | Liqu | 2, 487 | 1,607 | 234, 975 |
| 299 | Other retail stores | 13, 774 | 8, 4 4, 338 |  |
| 231 | Trade not allocable...---. | 22, 027 | 15,093 | 9,32, 332 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$-Continued |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{8}$ |  |
| $3,594,232$ $1,846,225$ $1,231,267$ 13,533 | $1,204,804$ 649,661 442,519 4,659 | $1,437,658$ 407,609 274,908 5,309 | 9,921 7,060 187 42 | $2,193,465$ $1,946,229$ 367,165 260,350 | 146,212 126,596 34,827 12,895 | 14,918 10,281 202 1,344 | 173 174 175 176 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 179,402 \\ & 100,680 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59,261 \\ & 31,459 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,174 \\ & 39,400 \end{aligned}$ | 2, 928 1,711 | $\begin{aligned} & 271,551 \\ & 240,292 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,037 \\ & 14,686 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{961}^{238}$ | 177 178 |
| 67, 690 | 24,635 | 12, 212 | 34 | 41,478 | 851 | 234 | 179 |
| 175, 097 | 61, 725 | 37, 510 | 610 | 340, 480 | 24, 485 | 5, 562 | 180 |
| 19,330 | 5,263 | 1,952 | 721 | 315, 579 | 18,462 | 1,546 | 181 |
| 56, 468 | 19, 191 | 13, 832 | 762 | 104, 598 | 6, 840 | 191 | 182 |
| 2,758 | 949 | 312 | 65 | 4,736 | 513 | 3 | 183 |
| 539, 006 | 135, 611 | 400, 014 | 1,819 | 107, 629 | 12,472 | 276 | 184 |
| 489, 005 | 118, 088 | 387, 348 | 1,251 | 24, 285 | $\stackrel{2}{245}$ | 144 | 185 |
| 1,099 | ${ }^{2} 278$ | 11,268 | 15 | 24, 846 | 1,768 | 3 | 186 |
| 48, 743 | 17, 205 | 11, 384 | 544 | 58, 333 | $\begin{array}{r}8,340 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | 129 | 187 |
| $\begin{array}{r}1759 \\ \hline 1,177,202\end{array}$ | 40 409,692 | 14 618,749 | 306 | 165 124,907 | 19 5,486 | 4, 290 | 188 |
| 1,942, 787 | 324, 976 | 479, 093 | 143 | 71, 802 | 2, 694 | 3, 731 | 190 |
| 234,415 | 84, 716 | 139,656 | 163 | 53, 105 | 2,792 | 559 | 191 |
| 31,799 | 9, 840 | 11,286 | 736 | 14,700 | 1,658 | 71 | 192 |
| 27, 136 | 8,603 | 10,677 | 575 | 9, 846 | 914 | 53 | 193 |
| 4,663 | 1,237 | 609 | 161 | 4,854 | 744 | 18 | 194 |
| 6, 128, 574 | 2,127, 938 | 1, 065,634 | 58, 444 | 11, 268, 073 | 370, 213 | 12, 280 | 195 |
| 2, 415, 560 | 840, 185 | 409, 799 | 20,696 | 6, 501, 204 | 186, 272 | 7, 077 | 196 |
| 175, 272 | 56, 600 | 34, 574 | 3, 504 | 469, 702 | 20, 057 | 699 | 197 |
| 2, 240,288 | $\begin{array}{r}783,585 \\ 68,694 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 375, 225 | 17,192 $\mathbf{2}, 859$ | $\stackrel{\text { 6, }}{2,032,516}$ | 166,215 29,804 12 | 6,278 | 198 |
| 153, 941 | 56, 311 | 14,770 | 756 | 353, 611 | 12,047 | 409 | 200 |
| 201, 355 | 70,675 | 28,642 | 2, 208 | 583, 762 | 24,654 | 1,180 | 201 |
| 99, 318 | 34, 253 | 23, 663 | 946 | 176, 736 | 8,465 | 727 | 202 |
| 371, 573 | 134, 862 | 63, 348 | 1,186 | 254, 608 | 11,536 | 247 | 203 |
| 130, 840 | 45, 456 | 16, 675 | 608 | 122, 931 | 4,795 | 225 | 204 |
| 163,330 | 58,087 | 17, 831 | 1,163 | 184, 976 | 10,981 | 228 | 205 |
| 107, 811 | 37,313 | 18, 094 | 772 | 521, 093 | 8,562 | 483 | 206 |
| 688,149 113,322 | 238,951 38,983 | 126,662 18,556 | 5,262 1,432 | 1, 429, 3722 | 44,377 <br> 10,994 | 1,330 558 | 207 |
| 3, 246, 640 | 1,132, 177 | 568, 580 | 31,748 | 3,870, 917 | 149, 241 | 3, 999 | 209 |
| 271, 382 | 97, 900 | 53, 403 | 3, 604 | 692, 206 | 16, 562 | 545 | 210 |
| 1,131,960 | 419,563 | 289, 435 | 1,561 | 265, 391 | 9, 043 | 592 | ${ }_{211}$ |
| 869,586 | 323, 440 | 205, 754 | 292 | 144, 758 | 3,697 | 378 | 212 |
| 22, 136 | 8,124 | 4,446 | 257 | 21,987 | 1,256 | 1 | 213 |
| 198, 665 | 74, 877 | 71, 509 | 170 | 18, 976 | 676 3,414 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 207 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 215 |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { 41, } \\ \text { 261, } \\ 267 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13,122 85,276 | $\begin{array}{r}7,726 \\ 48,290 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}842 \\ 3,971 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 79,670 445,509 | 3,414 21,888 | 207 <br> 386 | 215 |
| 261, 267 | 85,276 <br> 39,105 | 48,290 15,073 | 3,971 2,518 | 445,509 289,185 | 13, ${ }^{21,888}$ | 386 386 | 217 |
| 937, 847 | 330, 272 | 81, 612 | 3,284 | 506, 955 | 15, 265 | 223 | 218 |
| 879, 765 | 310, 982 | 70, 063 | 1,859 | 390, 336 | 10,132 | 142 | 219 |
| 26, 730 | 8, 646 | 3,442 | 748 | 68, 836 | 4, 022 | 69 | 220 |
| 31,352 | 10, 644 | 8,107 | ${ }_{6}^{677}$ | 47, 783 | 1,111 | 126 | ${ }_{222}^{221}$ |
| 47,940 60,871 | 14,769 18,322 | 11,995 12,299 | 1,384 | 130, 621 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 8, } \\ 30,479 \\ \hline 090\end{array}$ | 645 | 223 |
| 191,341 | 60, 651 | 26, 822 | 1,474 | 151, 966 | 6,100 | 141 | 224 |
| 149, 947 | 48, 893 | 23, 013 | 906 | 110, 468 | 4,339 | 106 | 225 |
| 41, 394 | 11,758 | 3, 809 | 568 | 41, 498 | 1, 761 28 2, 2 | 35 | 226 |
| 218,499 6,918 | 66,319 1,564 | 29,651 628 | 6, 510 | 725,345 86,603 | 28, 2,919 | 985 | 228 |
| 124, 478 | 37,742 | 16,540 | 4,342 | 475, 565 | 20, 109 | 718 | 229 |
| 87, 103 | 27, 013 | 12,483 | 1,321 | 163, 177 | 5,730 | 179 | 230 |
| 466, 374 | 155, 576 | 87, 255 | 6, 000 | 895, 952 | 34, 700 | 1,204 | 231 |

Table 2.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups and minor Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit, and dividends income tax-Continued
[Money figares in

|  | Major industrial groups and minor industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ |  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ |
| 232 | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real propert | 169, 032 | 112,038 | 14, 548, 902 |
| 233 | Finance | 38,406 | 28,843 | 5, 419,035 |
| 234 | Banks and trust companies | 15,104 | 14,212 | 3,514, 5951 |
| 235 | Credit agencies other than ban | 13, 946 | 8,577. | 791, 442 |
| 236 | Personal credit agencies. | 3, 050 | 2, 361 | 426, 381 |
| 237 | Business credit agencies | 3, 597 | 2, 357 | 279, 882 |
| 238 | Other credit agencies | 620 | 432 | 32, 236 |
| 239 | Credit agencies and finance | 6,679 | 3,427 | 52, 943 |
| 240 | Holding and other in vestment companies | 7,759 | 5,267 | 984, 657 |
| 241 | Operating-holding companies | 1,156 | 861 | 238, 635 |
| 242 | Other investment and holding companies | 6,603 | 4, 406 | 746, 022 |
| 243 | Security and commodity-exichange brokers and dealers | 1,597 | 787 | 128,885 |
| 244 | Insurance carriers ${ }^{9}$ and agents | 9,605 2,527 | 7,232 2,097 | 6, 086, 930 $5,706,382$ 1 |
| 245 | Insurance carriers ${ }^{9}$ $\qquad$ <br> Life insurance companies ${ }^{9}$ | 2,527 846 | 2, 0977 | 5, 706, 382 |
| 246 <br> 247 | Life insurance companies <br> Mutual insurance, except life or marine or fire insur- | 846 610 | 775 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,685,276 \\ 37,192 \end{array}$ |
| 248 | ance companies issuing perpetual policies. <br> Other insurance carriers | 1,071 | 757 | 3, 983, 914 |
| 249 | Insurance agents and brokers | 7,078 | 5,135 | 380, 548 |
| 250 | Real estate. except lessors of real property other than buildings.- | 114, 580 | 72,099 | 2, 746.361 |
| 251 | Real estate operators including lessors of buildings. | 85, 749 | 59, 929 | 2, 286, 080 |
| 252 | Developers of real property, including traders on own account. | 12,681 | 6,948 | 236, 044 |
| 253 |  | 3,762 | 2, 099 | 101, 729 |
| 254 |  | 1,335 | 799 | 44, 242 |
| 255 | Other real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings. | 11, 053 | 2, 324 | 78,266 |
| 256 | Lessors of real property, except buildings. | 6,441 | 3,864 | 296, 576 |
| 257 | Agricultural, forest, and similar pro | 957 | 536 | 18, 262 |
| 258 | Mining, oil, and similar prop | 2, 851 | 1,981 | 164, 245 |
| 259 | Railroad property-- | 371 | 186 | 78, 556 |
| 260 | Public-utility property | 148 | 88 | 25,689 |
| 261 | Other real property, except buildings | 2, ${ }^{\text {2 }}$, 114 | 1,073 | 7 9,824 |
| 262 |  | 54,173 6,027 | $\begin{array}{r}29,412 \\ 3,667 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7, 460, 049 $\mathbf{1}, 314,562$ |
| 264 | Personal services | 11, 599 | 6,796 | 1,206, 188 |
| 265 | Laundries, cleaners, and dyers | 6, 221 | 3,749 | 926, 817 |
| 266 | Photographic studios, including commercial photography | 1,156 | 577 | 66, 440 |
| 267 | Other personal services. | 4, 222 | 2,470 | 212,931 |
| 268 | Business services. | 10, 500 | 5, 811 | 1,714,722 |
| 269 | Advertising. | 2, 804 | 1,774 | 1, 095,468 |
| 270 | Other business services | 7,696 | 4, 037 | 619, 254 |
| 271 | Automotive repair services and garages | 4,139 | 2,598 | 309, 205 |
| 272 | Miscellaneous repair services, hand trades | 2, 133 | 1,232 | 214,880 |
| 273 | Motion pictures. |  | 3, 551 | 1, 630, 955 |
| 274 275 | Motion picture production Motion picture theaters.-- | 1,150 4,341 | 401 3,150 | 892,511 738,444 |
| 276 | Amusement, except motion pictu | 6,548 | 2,498 | 532, 702 |
| 277 | Other services, including schools | 7,736 | 3,259 | 536, 835 |
| 278 | Nature of business not allocable | 15,110 | 953 | 99, 225 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
industrial groups, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the
thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income - Continued |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | Number of returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{8}$ |  |
| 4, 761,579 | 813, 575 | 1,422, 396 | 48,605 | 925, 567 | 236, 402 | 26, 512 | 232 |
| 1,902,977 | 424, 743 | 1, 028, 913 | 8, 255 | 181, 870 | 89, 074 | 19,119 | 233 |
| 931,498 | 272, 283 | 335, 525 | 660 | 67, 883 | 10,134 | 6,552 | 234 |
| 233, 591 | 77, 341 | 89, 278 | 4,663 | 49, 244 | 30,938 | 7, 240 | 235 |
| 125, 664 | 42, 759 | 41, 412 | 570 | 11,437 | 2,320 | 149 | 236 |
| 77, 395 | 26, 327 | 35, 309 | 1,108 | 11, 002 | 8,899 | 378 | 237 |
| 8,260 | 2, 527 | 1,334 | 141 | 1, 874 | 463 | 24 | 238 |
| 22, 272 | 5,728 | 11, 223 | 2, 844 | 24, 931 | 19,256 | 6,689 | 239 |
| 715, 851 | 69, 809 | 597, 154 | 2,233 | 18, 627 | 39,122 | 4, 844 | 240 |
| 109, 876 | 19,357 | 89, 019 | , 286 | 4,313 | 5,121 | 605 | 241 |
| 605, 975 | 50, 452 | 508, 135 | 1,947 | 14, 314 | 34, 001 | 4,239 | 242 |
| 22,037 | 5,310 | 6, 956 | 699 | 46, 116 | 8,880 | 483 | 243 |
| 1,970, 356 | 133, 035 | 162, 776 | 2,101 | 210,989 | 18,541 | 2,183 | 244 |
| 1, 897, 948 | 111,449 | 140, 227 | 355 | 173, 488 | 15, 523 | 2,116 | 245 |
| 1, 492, 471 | 2, 007 | 45, 294 | 61 | 1,093 | 133 | 97 | 246 |
| 30,129 | 11,624 | 358 | 45 | 291 | 222 | 7 | 247 |
| 375, 348 | 97, 818 | 94, 575 | 249 | 172,104 | 15,168 | 2,012 | 248 |
| 72, 408 | 21, 586 | 22,549 | 1,746 | 37,501 | 3, 018 | 67 | 249 |
| 724, 966 | 198,490 | 133, 073 | 36, 002 | 497, 584 | 115, 518 | 4,622 | 250 |
| 578.167 | 157, 282 | 115, 849 | 24, 881 | 421, 016 | 76,640 | 3,496 | 251 |
| 94, 461 | 26,967 | 7, 264 | 4, 744 | 36, 759 | 25,913 | 434 | 252 |
| 16, 268 | 4,319 | 2,348 | 1,477 | 23, 255 | 2,808 | 152 | 253 |
| 10,866 | 3,220 | 3, 927 | 460 | 4,348 | 410 | 8 | 254 |
| 25, 204 | 6,702 | 3,685 | 4,440 | 12, 206 | 9, 747 | 532 | 255 |
| 163, 280 | 57, 307 | 97, 634 | 2, 247 | 35,124 | 13, 269 | 588 | 256 |
| 10,006 | 2,903 | 4,150 | 390 | 2,593 | 1,752 | 170 | 257 |
| 87, 008 | 30, 255 | 56, 765 | 781 | 5,958 | 4,560 | 321 | 258 |
| 48, 310 | 18,142 | 31, 908 | 134 | 24,326 | 4,445 | 34 | 259 |
| 12,326 | 4, 616 | 2, 851 | 55 | 345 | 311 | 17 | 260 |
| 5,630 | 1,391 | 1,960 | 887 | 1,902 | 2,201 | 46 | 261 |
| 755, 282 | 245, 907 | 162, 070 | 21, 014 | 1, 557, 925 | 124, 931 | 10, 788 | 262 |
| 131, 851 | 43,739 | 22, 836 | 2, 160 | - 231,131 | 16, 608 | 578 | 263 |
| 80, 430 | 23,180 | 14, 483 | 4,467 | 285, 781 | 15,150 | 217 | 264 |
| 56,616 3,823 | 17,055 | 9,334 601 | 2,267 | 208,065 27,316 | 9, 186 | 137 | 265 |
| 19,991 | 5,221 | 4,548 | 1,653 | 50,400 | 2,165 $\mathbf{3}, 799$ | 51 | 267 |
| 152, 735 | 51,151 | 32,170 | 4, 083 | 269, 707 | 15, 273 | 244 | 268 |
| 76, 308 | 26, 637 | 15,070 | 907 | 88,389 | 4, 628 | 84 | 269 |
| 76,427 | 24, 214 | 17,100 | 3,176 | 181, 318 | 10,645 | 160 | 270 |
| 33,489 16,110 | 9,356 5,071 | 2,568 | 1,407 | 62,007 33 | 3,684 | 61 | 271 |
| 16,110 211,410 | 5,071 70,885 | 929 64,344 |  | 33, 575 | 3,310 38 | 8 | 272 |
| 211, 9310 | 70,885 | 64,344 34,079 | 1,606 | 404, 461 332,299 | 38,503 <br> 34 | 9, 467 | 273 |
| 117, 880 | 37,774 | 30, 265 | 1,023 | 72,162 | 34, 4,025 | 9, 293 | 275 |
| 76, 507 | 26, 178 | 16,536 | 3, 312 | 142, 924 | 17,653 | 117 | 276 |
| 52,750 | 16, 347 | 8,204 | 3,155 | 128, 339 | 14, 750 | 96 | 277 |
| 12,345 | 3,602 | 1,550 | 3,213 | 22, 882 | 12,767 | 1,196 | 278 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax

PART I.-ALL
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income:

RETURNS
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax -

PART I.-ALL
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | Furniture and fixtures | Paper and allied products | Printing, publishing, and allied industries | Chemicals and allied products | Petroleum and coal products | Rubber products | Leather and products |  |
| 5,865 | 4,327 | 2, 556 | 12, 497 | 7,411 | 634 | 651 | 3,005 |  |
| 4,333, 526 <br> 79, 292 | $2,409,189$ 19,110 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,903,462 \\ 16,795 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,678,977 \\ 473,438 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,885,314 \\ 86,659 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,801,166 \\ 610,021 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,315,622 \\ 7,426 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,126,013 \\ 11,061 \end{array}$ |  |
| 2,193 | 703 | 3,845 | 4,109 | 6, 979 | 8,642 | 1,154 | 828 |  |
| 89 | 24 | 208 | 486 | 480 | 354 | 18 |  |  |
| 146 | 26 | 178 | 276 | 396 | 172 | 9 | 28 |  |
| 2,406 | 787 | 6, 175 | 4,949 | 17,680 | 11, 309 | 1,313 | 1,184 |  |
| 7, 676 | 2, 196 | 7, 386 | 18, 191 | 14, 336 | 89,019 | 1,832 | 1, 993 |  |
| 4,809 184 | 402 23 | 3, 111 | 11, 243 | 20, 731 | 25,545 189 | 4,063 2 | 256 9 | 10 |
| 93,160 | 2,807 | 14, 028 | 11, 426 | 11, 257 | 40,161 | 924 | 1,771 | 11 |
| 1,654 | 222 | 1,123 | 1,015 | 1,186 | 972 | 102 | 152 | 12 |
| 10, 264 | 1,522 1,262 | 11,782 7,923 | 22,358 2,645 | 125,510 22,553 | 246,594 58,041 | 20,891 23,217 | 1,956 93 | 13 |
| 31, 552 | 13, 314 | 29, 029 | 50, 573 | 61, 105 | 74, 992 | 13, 220 | 15,746 | 15 |
| 4, 567, 122 | 2,451,587 | 6, 005, 731 | 6, 279, 735 | 14, 254, 593 | 19, 967, 177 | 3, 389, 793 | 3, 161, 119 | 16 |
| 3, 216, 826 | 1, 801, 904 | 4, 235, 455 | 3, 862, 185 | 9, 570, 383 | 13, 561, 399 | 2, 470, 280 | 2,579,573 | 17 |
| 51, 014 | 12, 914 | 6,091 | 258, 345 | 49,277 | 428, 081 | 1,391 | 7,072 | 18 |
| 88, 640 | 73, 437 | 85,257 | 218, 045 | 154,510 | 33,158 | 20, 499 | 65, 715 | 19 |
| 12, 897 | 15, 238 | 23, 241 | 56, 976 | 43, 907 | 120, 920 | 13,171 | 18,355 | 20 |
| 42, 211 | 16,098 | 148, 644 | 33, 227 | 231, 899 | 324, 058 | 62,155 | 22, 772 | 21 |
| 7,364 | 3, 424 | 3, 656 | 18, 639 | 10,544 | 14,971 | 2,438 | 2, 171 | 22 |
| 15, 204 | 6, 620 | 18, 113 | 18, 226 | 43, 220 | 66, 498 | 13, 438 | 6,998 | 23 |
| 65, 835 | 30, 509 | 85, 568 | 76, 350 | 205, 964 | 405, 954 | 99, 779 | 31,713 | 24 |
| 2,912 | 2, 285 | 5, 279 | 7,440 | 5, 681 | 4, 685 | -999 | 2, 702 | 25 |
| 77,488 89,475 | 23,409 | 107, 687 | 75, 245 | 272, 940 | 461, 133 | 53, 321 | 19, 581 | 26 |
| 89,475 63 | 155 13 | $\begin{array}{r}4,954 \\ 33 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 32 131 | 17,622 | 871,470 3,261 | +34 |  | 27 28 |
| 9,917 | 21,977 | 23, 754 | 34, 676 | 391, 572 | 76,696 | 36,846 | 25,728 | 29 |
| 4,540 | 3, 223 | 24, 524 | 27, 149 | 69,529 | 108, 042 | 7, 391 | 8,305 | 30 |
| 2,006 | 667 | 1,250 | 1,702 | 3,139 | 1,190 | 1,026 | 815 | 31 |
| 342, 036 | 266, 958 | 448, 049 | 1,013, 278 | 1,501, 156 | 1,502,451 | 351, 785 | 237, 547 | 32 |
| 4, 028, 428 | 2, 278, 831 | 5,221, 555 | 5, 701, 646 | 12, 572, 229 | 17, 983, 967 | 3, 134, 814 | 3, 029,054 | 33 |
| 538, 694 | 172, 756 | 784, 176 | 578, 089 | 1,682,364 | 1,983, 210 | 254, 979 | 132, 065 | 34 |
| 538, 5489 | 172, 730 | $\text { 783, } 998$ | $577,813$ | $1,681,968$ | $1,983,038$ | 254, 970 | 132, 037 | 35 |
| 2, 159 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,642 \\ & 70 \\ & 7044 \end{aligned}$ | -926 ${ }^{926} 838$ | 3, 248 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,688 \\ 609526 \end{array}$ | $3,067$ | ${ }^{430}$ | 807 | 36 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 196,147 \\ & 342,547 \end{aligned}$ | 70,244 102,512 | 295, 4388 | 215,974 362,115 | 609,526 $1,072,838$ | $\begin{array}{r} 660,044 \\ 1,323,166 \end{array}$ | 92,297 162,682 | 57,448 74,617 | 37 38 |
| 99,570 9,897 | 34,666 11,264 | $\begin{array}{r} 170,843 \\ 29,616 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 156,087 \\ 12,453 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 539,224 \\ 35,918 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 703,109 \\ & 168,971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,823 \\ 2,186 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42,218 \\ 3,665 \end{array}$ | 39 40 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial grouns, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART I.-ALL
[Money figures in
-

## Deductions:

Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$
Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Compensation of officers
Rent paid on business property
Repairs ${ }^{24}$
Bad debts-.-
Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$
Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$
Depreciation
Depletion...
Amortization ${ }^{27}$
Advertising
Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$
Net loss, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{19}$
Other deductions ${ }^{29}$ $\qquad$
Total compiled deductions.
Compiled net profit or net loss (16 less 33)
Net income or deficit 4 (34 less 6)
Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$
Income tax ${ }^{5}$
Compiled net profit less income tax ( 34 less 37).

Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$
Cash and assets other than own stock. ${ }^{6}$ -
Corporation's own stock

| n own stock. ${ }^{6}-$ | 125,169 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $-\cdots-\cdots$ | 13,673 |

3, 673
For footnotes, sce pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{7-}$ Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  | Public utilities |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles | Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ordnance } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { accessories } \end{gathered}$ | Scientific instruments; photo- graphic equipment; watches, clocks | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { manufac- } \\ & \text { turing } \end{aligned}$ | Total public utilities | Transportation | $\underset{\text { tion }}{\text { Communica- }}$ |  |
| 1,056 | 1,353 | 53 | 1,672 | 10,865 | 25, 225 | 18,055 | 4,084 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 2,951,497 \\ 770,144 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,509,839 \\ 8,646 \end{array}$ | 234, 515 | $1,899,999$ 8,585 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,790,246 \\ 54,084 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 514,239 \\ 28,017,442 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 370,918 \\ 18,001,729 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,705 \\ 3,605,456 \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |
| 2,357 | 6,906 | 291 | 796 | 1,296 | 25,350 | 14,965 | 4,481 | 4 |
|  | +379 | 37 | 122 | 106 | 1,650 | 1, 553 |  | 5 |
| 35 | 121 | 21 | 25 | 65 | 707 | 439 | 30 | 6 |
| 3, 424 | 4,309 | 357 | 1,259 | 2,336 | 108, 641 | 61, 709 | 13, 598 | 7 |
| 3, 281 | 4, 637 | 462 | 1,062 | 7,615 | 386, 163 | 332, 241 | 27, ${ }^{1} 237$ | 8 9 |
| 3,811 44 | 3,908 26 | 77 1 | 1,961 2 | 2,368 173 | 12, 503 | 9,413 | 1, 267 | 10 |
| 8,423 | 3,094 | 224 | 1,411 | 8,296 | 68, 000 | 48,198 | 4,456 | 11 |
| 1,010 | 72 | 17 | 134 | 876 | 7,585 | 6,891 | 139 | 12 |
| 10,330 | 59,793 | 291 | 14,607 | 7,193 | 390, 417 |  |  | 13 |
| 2,930 29,157 | 47,248 99,290 | 40 738 | 3,750 13,298 | 3,000 26,013 | 12,872 129,517 | 5,643 94,314 | 1,529 7,729 | 14 15 |
| 3,786, 481 | 13, 748, 268 | 237, 719 | 1,947, 011 | 4, 903, 667 | 29, 676, 420 | 19, 051, 467 | 3, 883, 913 | 16 |
| 2,440,048 | 10,395,343 | 164, 044 | 1,252,182 | 3,404,434 | 357, 699 | 259, 939 | 5,355 | 17 |
| 2, 609, 236 | 10, 4,214 | 575 | 3,363 | 25, 449 | 18, 475, 032 | 12,942, 561 | 2,153, 881 | 18 |
| 31,111 | 49,968 | 2, 432 | 38,023 | 166, 233 | -238, 279 | 182, 981 | 19,819 | 19 |
| 15,933 | 23, 221 | 341 | 10,875 | 34, 268 | 776, 121 | 663, 313 | 65, 892 | 20 |
| 71.601 | 221, 281 | 7,652 | 26, 252 | 42,785 | 52,946 | 44, 619 | 5, 504 | 21 |
| 1,884 | 2,255 | 194 | 1,827 | 11, 023 | 24,598 | 8,298 | 10,771 | 22 |
| 12, 527 | 18,247 | -476 | 5,596 | 16,579 | 873,802 | 442,528 | 119, 266 | ${ }_{24}^{23}$ |
| 60,151 | 351, 659 | 5,122 | 56, 504 | 68,421 3 311 | $1,698,660$ 16,025 | 895,524 3,952 | 235,251 2,582 | 24 25 |
| 49,048 | 172, 580 | 3, 167 | 29,719 | 61, 844 | 1,659, 835 | 775, 182 | 332, 310 | 26 |
| 69 | 1,006 |  |  | 1,826 | 33, 929 | 13,465 | 15 | 27 |
| 92 | 493 |  | 56 | 729 | 19,367 | 17,816 | 254 | 28 |
| 12,198 | 76, 157 | 2,227 | 46,029 | 73, 223 | 84,419 | 48,982 | 20,712 | 29 |
| 14,528 | 18,338 | 3,483 | 15,862 | 10, 777 | 210,639 | 28,761 | 112,349 | 30 |
| 3,310 | 600 | 2 | 498 | 4,737 | 25,555 | 17, 256 | 317 | 31 |
| 230, 931 | 725,542 | 16,506 | 245, 217 | 652, 128 | 1,680, 787 | 986, 222 | 273, 071 | 32 |
| 3, 554, 013 | 12,065, 070 | 206, 525 | 1, 734, 273 | 4, 578, 367 | 26, 227, 693 | 17, 331, 399 | 3, 357, 349 | 33 |
| 232, 468 | 1,683, 198 | 31, 194 | 212, 738 | 325, 300 | 3, 448, 727 | 1,720, 068 | 526, 564 | 34 |
| 232, 433 | 1,683, 077 | 31, 173 | 212, 713 | 325, 235 | 3, 448, 020 | 1, 719, 629 | 526, 534 | ${ }_{36}^{35}$ |
| 7,291 | 1,693 |  | 569 | 5, 315 | 21, 654 | 18,333 | 1,243 | 36 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 96,628 \\ 135,840 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 628,472 \\ 1,054,726 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,427 \\ & 18,767 \end{aligned}$ | 80,499 132,239 | 137,979 187,321 | 1, ${ }_{2}, 243,804$ | 649,661 $1,070,407$ | 135,611 390,953 | 37 38 |
| 97,693 | 362, 678 | 7,476 | 69,433 | 77, 694 | 1,452,576 | 417, 890 | 400, 290 | 39 |
| 4,705 | 6,328 |  | 31, 000 | 14,676 | 38, 300 | 10,466 | 1,932 | 40 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART I.-ALL
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

RETURNS—Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profil less income tax-

PART I.-ALL
[Money figures in

returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also for returns with net income: Continued

RETURNS-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups 7-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property | Finance |  |  |  |  | Insurance carriers and agents |  |  |  |
|  | Total finance | Banks <br> and <br> trust <br> com- <br> panies | Credit agencies other than banks | Holding and other investment companies | Security and com-modityexchange brokers and dealers | Total insurance carriers and agents | Insurance carriers | Insurance agents and brokers |  |
| 160,643 | 37,098 | 14,872 | 13,240 | 7,500 | 1,486 | 9,333 | 2,452 | 6,881 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 63,661 \\ 6,691,992 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,524 \\ 1,177,264 \end{array}$ | 569, 223 | 471,819 | $\begin{aligned} & 30,524 \\ & 60,508 \end{aligned}$ | 75, 714 | $4,313,887$ | 3, 921, 490 | 392, 397 | 2 3 |
| 1,337, 040 | 809, 976 | 786,875 | 3,003 | 13,650 | 6,448 | 514,785 | 514, 302 | 483 | 4 |
| 1, 222, 513 | 202, 791 | 200,689 | 214 | 1,237 | , 651 | 19.201 | 19, 164 | 37 | 5 |
| 157, 454 | 121,993 | 117,328 | 212 | 2,231 | 2,222 | 34,675 | 34,649 | 26 | 6 |
| 3, 200, 451 | 2,094, 884 | 1,694, 763 | 298,721 | 97, 791 | 3, 609 | 1, 065,860 | 1,064, 177 | 1,683 | 7 |
| 1, 917, 430 | 134,986 | 110,679 | 3,950 | 18,811 | 1,546 | 108, 234 | 105,655 | 2,579 | 8 |
| 199, 651 | 54, 984 | 2,237 | 202 | 52, 469 | 76 | 266 | - 59 | 207 | 9 |
| 8,847 | 5,390 | 2,055 | 388 | 2,438 | 509 | 503 | 300 | 203 | 10 |
| 231, 849 | 127,618 | 38,117 | 14,360 | 70,618 | 4,523 | 8,506 | 7,439 | 1,067 | 11 |
| 301, 072 | 78,734 | 2,625 | 5,011 | 6,937 | 64, 161 | 655 | 213 | 442 | 12 |
| 836, 979 | 618, 945 | 18,167 | 12,390 | 580, 689 | 7,699 | 188, 061 | 182, 978 | 5,083 | 13 |
| 49,996 | 47, 215 | 28, 200 | 2,231 | 44, 535 | 7. 249 | 1,918 | 1,277 | 641 | 14 |
| 255, 534 | 95, 601 | 38,976 | 28, 185 | 20,846 | 7,594 | 41,368 | 28,167 | 13,201 | 15 |
| ${ }^{8} 15,474,469$ | 5,600, 905 | 3, 581,934 | 840,686 | 1, 003, 284 | 175, 001 | ${ }^{\text {® 6, }}$, 297, 919 | ${ }^{\text {Q }} 5,879,870$ | 418, 049 | 16 |
| 41, 669 | 24, 169 |  |  | 24,169 |  |  |  |  | 17 |
| 70, 440 | 22, 786 |  |  | 22, 786 |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| ${ }^{31} 787,466$ | 459.302 | 352, 320 | 48,406 | 23,458 | 35, 118 | ${ }^{31} 114,182$ | ${ }^{31} 26,456$ | 87, 726 | 19 |
| - 230, 318 | 78, 459 | 49, 273 | 18,872 | 4,051 | 6,263 | 34,740 | 21, 573 | 13, 167 | 20 |
| 167, 373 | 28,880 | 24,822 | 1,823 | 1,815 | 420 | 4,637 | 3,921 | 716 | 21 |
| 281, 269 | 266, 709 | 198, 752 | 62,813 | 4,862 | 282 | 3,706 | 1,467 | 2,239 | 22 |
| - 912, 834 | 537,911 | 336, 831 | 126, 646 | 66,838 | 7,596 | 3,304 | 2,013 | 1,291 | 23 |
| 743, 146 | 171,430 | 132, 693 | 18, 512 | 15,257 | 4,968 | 134,658 | 128,254 | 6,404 | 24 |
| 20, 170 | 12,927 | 9,754 | 1,144 | 1,819 | , 210 | 1,754 | 1270 | 784 | 25 |
| 452, 036 | 79, 905 | 61,366 | 8,629 | 7,988 | 1,922 | 27,435 | 23, 770 | 3,665 | 26 |
| 45, 116 | 6,553 | 368 | 4 | 6, 155 | 26 | 16 | 16 |  | 27 28 |
| 97, 163 | 61, 742 | 39, 263 | 18, 305 | 1,559 | 2,615 | 13,678 | 9,049 | 4,629 | 29 |
| 81, 070 | 61,133 | 49,880 | 3, 116 | 6,404 | 1,733 | 16,653 | 14,635 | 2,018 | 30 |
| 106, 097 | 62,253 | 51, 286 | 6,707 | 3,549 | 711 | 858 | 744 | 114 | 31 |
| 6,755, 174 | 1,790,850 | 1,236, 634 | 322,844 | 133,614 | 97, 758 | 3, 955, 808 | 3,729, 928 | 225, 880 | 32 |
| 32 10,791,838 | 3, 665, 009 | 2, 543, 242 | 637,821 | 324, 324 | 159, 622 | 32 4,311, 429 | $323,962,796$ | 348,633 | 33 |
| 4,682, 631 | 1,935, 896 | 1, 038, 692 | 202,865 | 678, 960 | 15,379 | 1,986, 490 | 1,917, 074 | 69, 416 | 34 |
| ช $4,525,177$ | 1,813, 003 | 921,364 | 202,653 | 676, 729 | 13, 157 | 1,951,815 | 1,882, 425 | 69,390 | 35 |
| - 57,077 | 7,066 | 2,091 | 2,362 | 2,156 | 457 | 31,008 | 1,80,328 | 680 | 36 |
| \% 813,575 | 424,743 | 272, 283 | 77, 341 | 69, 809 | 5,310 | 133, 035 | 111,449 | 21,586 | 37 |
| 3,869, 056 | 1,511, 153 | 766, 409 | 125,524 | 609,151 | 10,069 | 1,853, 455 | 1,805,625 | 47, 830 | 38 |
| 1,448,908 | 1,048, 032 | 342, 077 | 96, 518 | 601,998 | 7. 439 | 164,959 | 142, 343 | 22,616 | 39 |
| 66,855 | 52, 561 | 42,864 | 5,941 | 3,284 | 472 | 2,609 | 1,105 | 1,504 | 40 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART I.-ALL
[Money figures in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ - Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property -Continued |  | Services |  |
|  |  | Real estate, except lessors of real property other than buildings | Lessors of real property, except buildings | Total services | Hotels and other lodging places |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | 108, 101 | 6,111 | 50,456 | 5,827 |
|  | Receipts: |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ | 33,137 |  | 1,695, 658 | 535, 223 |
|  | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): | 1, 200, 841 |  | 6,887, 810 | 874, 023 |
| 78910 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ - | 10,913 | 1, 366 | 3,783 | 699 |
|  | Subject to surtax only | 404 | 117 | 178 | 19 |
|  | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 691 | 95 | 114 | 13 |
|  | Other interest....-. | 38, 034 | 1,673 | 10,506 | 1,829 |
|  | Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 1, 509, 527 | 164, 683 | 196, 054 | 106,577 |
|  |  | 5, 163 | 139, 238 | 12, 844 | 218 |
| 10 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 2,731 | -223 | 1,289 | 492 |
| 11 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 86,784 | 8,941 | 34,610 | 7,036 |
| 12 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$.-..- | 220, 222 | 1,461 | 6,550 | 1,253 |
| 13 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 27, 130 | 2,843 | 27, 648 | 3, 419 |
| 14 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ | +855 | -8 | 4,688 | - 20 |
| 15 | Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 107, 513 | 11, 052 | 136, 244 | 14,872 |
| 16 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | 3, 243, 945 | 331, 700 | 9, 017, 974 | 1, 545, 693 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 17,500 |  | 1,008, 908 | 304, 080 |
| 18 | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 47, 654 |  | 3, 740,817 | 325, 429 |
| 19 | Compensation of officers. | 207, 107 | 6, 875 | 401,873 | 31,068 |
| 20 | Rent paid on business property | 112, 260 | 4,859 | 315, 976 | 65,466 |
| 21 | Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 131, 353 | 2,503 | 141, 316 | 64, 058 |
| 22 | Bad debts | 9,945 | 909 | 16,920 | 2,770 |
| 23 | Interest paid | 325, 224 | 46,395 | 71, 218 | 31. 494 |
| 24 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 408, 654 | 28, 404 | 197, 071 | 62, 044 |
| 25 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{28}$ | 5,259 | 230 | 8,164 | 1,394 |
| 26 | Depreciation | 334, 009 | 10,687 | 272, 421 | 73,659 |
| 27 | Depletion- | 799 | 37, 748 | 206 | 19 |
| 28 | Amortization ${ }^{27}$ | 474 | 23 | 1,876 | 148 |
| 29 | Advertising---------------------------------1-1 | 21, 641 | 102 | 136, 164 | 19,330 |
| 30 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 3, 030 | 254 | 29, 135 | 782 |
| 31 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$ | 35, 717 | 7,269 | 6,504 | 2, 722 |
| 32 | Other deductions ${ }^{29}$ | 973, 180 | 35, 336 | 2, 038, 940 | 445, 974 |
| 33 | Total compiled deductions | 2,633, 806 | 181, 594 | 8,387, 509 | 1,430, 437 |
| 34 | Compiled net profit or nct loss (16 less 33) | 610, 139 | 150, 106 | 630, 465 | 115, 256 |
| 35 | Net income or deficit 4 (34 less 6) | 609, 448 | 150, 011 | 630, 351 | 115, 243 |
| 36 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 17, 984 | 1,019 | 13, 245 | 2, 889 |
| 37 |  | 198, 490 | 57, 307 | 245, 907 | 43, 739 |
| 38 | Compiled net profit less income tax (34 less 37)... Dividends paid: ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 411, 649 | 92, 799 | 384, 558 | 71, 517 |
| 39 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 137, 695 | 98, 222 | 172, 858 | 23, 414 |
| 40 |  | 7,517 | 4,168 | 13, 044 | 1, 286 |

[^33]returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

## RETURNS-Continued

thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, - piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART II--RETURNS
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

WITH NET INCOME 4
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART II.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

## NET INCOME 4-Continued

thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or
Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-
PART II.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {² }}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Stone, clay, and glass products | Primary metal in dustrie | Fabricated metal products, except. ordnance, machinery, and trans- portation equipment | Machinery, - except transpor- tation- equipment and elec- trical | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Electrical } \\ & \text { machinery } \\ & \text { and equip. } \\ & \text { ment } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Number of returns | 2,851 | 2,169 | 6,320 | 6,362 | 1,6 |
|  | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ <br> Gross reccipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ <br> Interest on Government obligations <br> (less amortizable bond premium): <br> Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ <br> Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ <br> Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ <br> Other interest <br> Rents ${ }^{16}$ <br> Royalties 17 <br> Excess of net short-term capital gain <br> Excess of net long-term capital gain <br> over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{1}$ <br> Net gain, sales other than capital as- <br> Dividends, domestic corporations 20 <br> Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ <br> Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,900,790 \\ 23,100 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} 15,971,478 \\ 601,704 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} 8,838,571 \\ 49,967 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,049,399 \\ 227,578 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,227,576 \\ 33,115 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,453 \\ 218 \\ 117 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 11,230208 | 3,293 | 7,603523 | 277148175 |
| 5 <br> 6 |  |  |  | 5,415 |  |  |
| 7 |  | ${ }_{4}^{2,664}$ | 25, ${ }^{107}$ |  | 10,345 | 9,415 |
| 8 |  | 3, ${ }_{32}$ | $\begin{array}{r}18,234 \\ 8,006 \\ 244 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ |  |  | 5,58410,631182 |
| 10 |  |  |  | 4,188 | 16,968 158 |  |
| 11 |  | 4, 892 | 17,321 | 14,026 | 11,438 | 16,094 |
| 12 |  | 196 | 278 | 631 |  | 442 |
| 13 |  | 6,359 | 43, 025 <br> 14, 050 <br> 35,096 | $\begin{aligned} & 21,962 \\ & 11,938 \\ & 48,176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,293 \\ & 84,107 \\ & 84,002 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,246 \\ & \text { 21, } 909 \\ & 22,975 \end{aligned}$ |
| 14 15 |  | 10,958 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Total compiled recei | 3, 982, 753 | 16, 746, 046 | 9, 009, 132 | 14, 472, 780 | 8,362,169 |
| 17 | Deductions:Costcols sold 23 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } 657,829 \\ 12,714 \\ \hline 108\end{array}$ |  | 6, 320, 210 | 9, 741, 784 | 6, 014, 298 |
| 19 | Compensation of officers | 70,778 | 106, 147 | 200, 815 | 227,845 <br> 42,068 | 68,475 <br> 28,696 |
| ${ }_{21}^{20}$ | Rent paid on business prop | 103, 289 | $\begin{array}{r}48,145 \\ 578,136 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | 139, 207 |  |  |
| 22 | Bad debts |  |  |  | 247,439 11,810 | $\begin{array}{r}115,710 \\ 4,220 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 23 | Interest paid | ${ }^{11} 5$ | 72, 897 | 8,746 18,233 | 36, 399 | 24,660 173,730 |
| 24 <br> 25 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ Contributions or gif | $\begin{array}{r}55,294 \\ 2445 \\ 85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 238,155 | 114,476 7,497 | 206,410 <br> 1224 | 173,7304,110110,155 |
| 26 | Depreciation |  |  | 115, $\begin{array}{r}292 \\ 258 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 208, 0880 |  |
| ${ }^{27}$ | Depletion-- | $\stackrel{8}{25,319}$ | $\begin{array}{r}63, \\ 1,02 \\ 34,890 \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 110, 155 |
| 28 29 | Amortization ${ }^{\text {27 }}$ | 24, ${ }^{696}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 230 \\ 7,188 \\ 29,198 \\ 29,190 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 000 \\ 135,375 \\ 13,37 \\ 61,972 \end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 109,288\end{array}$ |
| 30 | Amounts contributed under pension | 11,836 | 49, 766 |  |  | 83,083 |
| 31 | Net losss, sales other than capit |  | 3,071 | $\begin{array}{r} 29,190 \\ 1,224 \end{array}$ | 2, 763 |  |
| 32 | Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ |  | 587, 356 | 854, 188 | 1,709,676 | 94, 786 |
| 33 | Total compiled deductions | 3,433, 150 | 14,999, 444 | 7,938, 932 | 12, 672, 100 | 7,438,058 |
| 34 | Compiled net profit (16 less 33) | $\begin{aligned} & 549,603 \\ & 549,468 \\ & 502848 \\ & 202,887 \\ & 346,916 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 1,070,200 \\ 1,070,028 \\ 3,468 \\ 390,510 \\ 679,699 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,800,680 \\ 1,800,259 \\ 8,673 \\ 668,698 \\ 1,131,982 \end{array}$ |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{35}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ (34 less 6 )--- |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{37}^{36}$ | Net operating loss deduction 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Income tax ${ }^{\text {5 }}$---.-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Compiled net profit less income tax (34 less 37). <br> Dividends paid. |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{40}^{39}$ | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{0}$ Corporation's own stock. | $\begin{gathered} 124,836 \\ 12,980 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 364,967 \\ 59,694 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 216,237,953 \\ 41,953 \end{array}$ | $382,133$ $45,194$ | $\begin{gathered} 205,684 \\ 14,073 \end{gathered}$ |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued
N.ET INCOME 4-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  | Public utilities |  |  |  |
| Transportation cquipment, except motor vehicles | Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical | Ordnance and accessories | Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { manufac- } \\ & \text { turing } \end{aligned}$ | Total public utilities | Transportation | Communi- cation |  |
| 563 | 867 | 26 | 999 | 5,855 | 15,304 | 10,995 | 2,265 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { 2. } 565,426 \\ 722,199 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,298,840 \\ 7,169 \end{array}$ | 217,452 175 | $1,784,496$ 6,960 | $4,138,629$ 43,517 | $\begin{array}{r} 443,471 \\ 25,966,169 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 308, .157 \\ 16,184,737 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,160 \\ 3,504,015 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| 2, 212 | 6,900 | 244 | 781 | 1,205 | 24, 338 | 14,007 | 4,461 | 4 |
|  | 378 | 23 | 121 |  | 1,623 | 1,529 | 20 | 5 |
| 35 | 121 | 12 | 25 | 62 | 614 | , 348 | 28 | 6 |
| 2, 559 | 3,907 | 332 | 1,215 | 2,041 | 99, 251 | 52, 994 | 13,269 | 7 |
| 2,416 | 4, 468 | 459 | 1,935 | 6,283 | 355, 360 | 302, 548 | 26, 809 | 8 |
| 3,667 43 | $\begin{array}{r}3,893 \\ \\ 24 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 67 | 1,781 2 | 1, 1476 | 11,673 1,063 | $\begin{array}{r}8,765 \\ \hline 969\end{array}$ | 1,243 10 | 9 ${ }^{9}$ |
| 6, 904 | 2, 927 | 222 | 1,236 | 6,892 | 63, 879 | 44,567 | 4, 270 | 11 |
| 433 | 38 | 4 | 73 | 514 | 5,917 | 5,355 | 106 | 12 |
| 10,246 | 59,787 | 291 | 14,594 | 7, 037 | 389, 177 | 101, 003 | 205, 929 | 13 |
| 2,889 26,104 | 47,172 98,174 | 40 447 | 3,750 12,709 | 2,738 21,623 | 12,703 107,717 | 5,595 74,664 | 1,529 6,435 | 14 |
| 3,345,171 | 13, 533, 798 | 219, 769 | 1, 828, 678 | 4, 232, 701 | 27,482, 955 | 17, 105, 238 | 3, 776, 284 | 16 |
| 2, 063, 337 | 10, 210, 917 | 150,352 | 1,156, 887 | 2, 882, 287 | 311, 075 | 218, 874 | 3,122 | 17 |
| 2, 565,883 | 1, 3, 318 |  | 1, 2, 601 | 19,587 | 16, 937, 789 | 11, 555, 262 | 2, 092, 132 | 18 |
| 25, 638 | 45, 276 | 1,923 | 32,679 | 133, 575 | 196, 798 | 146,437 | 16, 557 | 19 |
| 14, 098 | 19,431 | 296 | 9,151 | 24, 546 | 708, 766 | 600,472 | 61,705 | 20 |
| 67, 136 | 218, 466 | 6, 728 | 25, 715 | 38,462 | 37, 403 | 31,618 5,553 | 3,692 10,311 117 | 21 22 |
| 1,201 | 1,686 | 185 <br> 335 | 1,534 | 7, $\begin{array}{r}7,592 \\ 11 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 21,096 804,616 | 5,553 385,587 | 10,311 117,176 | ${ }_{23}^{22}$ |
| 1,256 54,576 | 16,232 348,046 | 1835 4,547 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 284 \\ 54,246 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11,668 57,204 | 804,616 $1,605,929$ | 385,587 816,923 | 117,176 | 24 |
| 1, 336 | 4, 151 | - 304 | 2,263 | 3, 833 | 15, 823 | 3, 791 | 2,567 | 25 |
| 43, 619 | 168, 511 | 2, 664 | 26, 994 | 47, 944 | 1, 514, 206 | 648, 142 | 324, 822 | 26 |
| 59 | 1,006 |  |  | 1, 025 | 33,479 | 13, 142 | 15 | 27 |
| 89 | 460 |  | 25 | 594 | 19, 052 | 17,577 | ${ }^{216}$ | 28 |
| 9,961 13,087 | 73,066 18,304 | 2,152 3,483 | 42,465 | 60,953 | 70,540 205,640 | 36,298 25,148 | 119, 793 | 29 30 |
| 13, 087 | 18, 304 | 3, 483 | 15,737 | 10,012 | 205, 640 | 25,148 | 111, 299 | 30 |
| 229 | 291 | 1 | 284 | 1, 014 | 14,466 | 6,909 | 184 | 31 |
| 204, 666 | 696, 253 | 13,607 | 226, 131 | 542, 057 | 1, 391,431 | 746, 932 | 243, 042 | 32 |
| 3,074,171 | 11,825, 414 | 186, 657 | 1,600,998 | 3, 842, 353 | 23, 888, 109 | 15, 258, 665 | 3,237, 250 | 33 |
| 271,000 | 1, 708, 384 | 33, 112 | 227, 680 | 390, 348 | 3, 594, 846 | 1. 846,573 | 539, 034 | 34 |
| 270, 965 | 1,708, 263 | 33, 100 | 227, 655 | 390, 286 | 3, 594, 232 | 1, 846, 225 | 539, 006 | 35 |
| 7,291 | 1,693 |  |  | 5, 315 | 21, 654 | 18,333 | 1,243 | 36 |
| 96, 628 | 628,472 | 12,427 | 80, 499 | 137, 979 | 1, 204, 804 | 649, 661 | 135, 611 | 37 38 |
| 174, 372 | 1,079, 912 | 20,685 | 147, 181 | 252, 369 | 2, 390, 042 | 1, 196, 912 | 403, 423 | 38 |
| 96,543 | 361,479 | 7,476 | 69,259 | 75, 209 | 1, 437, 658 | 407, 609 | 400, 014 | 39 |
| 4,705 | -6,328 |  | 31,000 | 13, 731 | 38,149 | 10,394 | 1,853 | 40 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or
Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-
PART II.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

NET INCOME 4-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net prafit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART II.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

NET INCOME 4-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART II.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ - Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Finance, insurance, real estate, and lesscrs of real prop-erty-Continued |  | Services |  |
|  |  | Real es- tate, ex- cept lessors of real property other than buildings | Lessors of real property, except buildings | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total serv- } \\ \text { ices } \end{gathered}$ | Hotels and other lodging places |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | 72,099 | 3,864 | 29,412 | 3, 667 |
|  | Receipts: <br> Gross sales 11 | $\begin{array}{r} 26,096 \\ 1,017,251 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,326,629 \\ & 5,778,482 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 447,303 \\ & 759,482 \end{aligned}$ |
| $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | Gross receipts from operations 12 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |
| 445779 |  | 10,069 | $\begin{array}{r}1,330 \\ 96 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 3,361129 | 63710 |
|  | Subject to surtax only | 304 |  |  |  |
|  | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | ${ }^{636}$ | 82 | 129 93 | 10 |
|  | Other interest. | $\begin{array}{r} 33,268 \\ 1,258,826 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,562 \\ 135,826 \end{array}$ | 8, 606 | 1,63382,481 |
|  | Rents ${ }^{16}$ |  |  | 158, 820 |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,395 \\ & 2,309 \end{aligned}$ | 134,729 212 | 10, 351 | 105 |
| 10 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net Iong-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | $2,309$ | $212$ | 1,168 | 486 |
| 11 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 84,077 | 8, 709 | 32, 905 | 6,804 |
| 13 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$-.-.----- | 193, 258 | 1,0852,826 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 986 \\ 25,882 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,045 |
| 13 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 26, 838 |  |  |  |
| 4 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  | 2, 88 | 4,237104,400 | 1711,214 |
| 15 | Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 88,892 | 10,111 |  |  |
| 16 |  | 2, 746, 361 | 296, 576 | 7,460,049 | 1,314, 562 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,270 \\ & 36,174 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 779,497 \\ 3,051,119 \end{array}$ | 253, 545 |
| 18 | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |  | 5, 809 |  | 278, 5888 |
| 20 | Rent paid on business property | $\begin{array}{r} 167,335 \\ 87,981 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,559 \\ & 3,060 \end{aligned}$ | 250, 440 | $\begin{array}{r}29,575 \\ 49 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 12 | Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | r 817,9818 |  | 118, 611 | 54,5312,305 |
| 22 | Bad debts. | 3, 655 | -181 |  |  |
| 23 | Interest paid | 241, 843 | 25, 379 | 51,764 | 24,98053,349 |
| 4 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 218,9724,993 |  | $\begin{array}{r}165,463 \\ 7,944 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| 25 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ |  | 22, 485 |  | $\begin{array}{r}53,349 \\ 1,348 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 26 | Depreciation. | 260, 154 | 7,76136,106 | 214,585 | 60,155 |
| 28 | Depletion |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}798 \\ \hline 108\end{array}$ |  |
| 28 | Amortization ${ }^{27}$ | - 359 | -36, 106 |  | 11915,199 |
| 29 | Advertising. | 15,9722,6823,164 | $\begin{array}{r} 91 \\ 246 \\ 405 \\ 28,903 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 106,816 \\ 21,432 \\ 1,452 \\ 1,605,196 \end{array}$ |  |
| 30 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 731 \\ 267 \\ 362,736 \end{array}$ |
| 31 32 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$--------- | 3,164 |  |  |  |
| 32 | Other deductions | 752, 260 |  |  |  |
| 33 | Total compiled deductions.---------------------- | 2,020,759 | 133, 214 | 6, 704, 674 | 1,182, 701 |
| 34 |  | 725,602724,966 | $\begin{aligned} & 163,362 \\ & 163,280 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 755,375 \\ & 755,282 \end{aligned}$ | 131,861131,851 |
| 35 | Net income ${ }^{4}$ (34 less 6) |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 17,984198,490 | 1,01957,307 | 13,245245,907 | 2, 889 |
| 37 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 43,739 \\ 88,122 \end{array}$ |
| 38 | Compiled net profit less income tax (34 less 37) | 527, 112 | 106, 055 | 509, 468 |  |
| 39 | Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 133,073 \\ 7,352 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 97,634 \\ 4,168 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 162,070 \\ 12,906 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22,836 \\ 1,286 \end{array}$ |
| 40 |  |  |  |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

NET INCOME4-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART III.-RETURNS
[Money figures in

|  |  | Major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { industrial } \\ \text { groups } \end{gathered}$ | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total agriculture, forestry, and fisbery | Farms and agricultural services | Forestry | .Fishery |
| 1 | Number of returns 10 |  | 198, 383 | 3,141 | 2,808 | 102 | 231 |
| 3 | Receipts: <br> Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ <br> Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ $\qquad$ <br> Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,576,364 \\ 5,120,904 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 142,896 \\ 66,885 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 131,757 \\ 57,871 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,758 \\ 850 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,381 \\ & 8,164 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  | 22,954 | 68 | 63 | 1 | 4 |
| 5 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ | 2, 299 | 11 | 11 |  |  |
|  | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 5,822 | 24 | 24 |  |  |
| 7 | Other interest | 86, 622 | 2, 417 | 3962,300 | 53 | 18 |
| 8 | Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 406, 214 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Royalties ${ }^{17}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 22,945 \\ 3,081 \end{array}$ | 47 | 42846 | 1 | 6 |
| 10 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. 18 |  |  |  |  | ---------------- |
| 11 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 40, 059 | 1, 101 | 905 | 184 | 12 |
| 1213141516 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{19}$ | 64, 749 | 651 | 580 | 66 | 5 |
|  | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,708 \\ 3,084 \\ 280,372 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 783 \\ 5 \\ 3,588 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 761 \\ 5 \\ 3,430 \end{array}$ |  | 22 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 90 | 68 |
| 16 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | ${ }^{\text {9 }} 31,656,177$ | 219, 272 | 198, 577 | 4,015 | 16,680 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ Cost of operations | 21, 764, 551 | 118, 756 | 108, 948 | 2,287 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,521 \\ & 4.886 \end{aligned}$ |
| 19 | Compensation of officers. | $3,394,971$ 31 895,673 | $\begin{array}{r} 46,131 \\ 8,795 \end{array}$ | $40,884$ $8,044$ | $\begin{aligned} & 361 \\ & 253 \end{aligned}$ | 4,888 498 |
| 20 | Rent paid on business property---- | 465, 411 | 2,654 | 2,448 | 25 | 181 |
| 21 |  | 465, 411 | 4,659 | 3, 680 | 4049 |  |
| 22 | Bad debts | 107, 900 | 751 | -678 |  | 24 |
| 23 | Interest paid | $\begin{aligned} & 385,066 \\ & 569,994 \end{aligned}$ | $3,434$ | 3,187 | 106 | 141 |
| 24 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ |  |  | 4, 014 | 208 | 311 |
| 25 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{28}$ | 3,371 | 4, 49 |  |  | 1 |
| 26 | Depreciation. | 632,87144,953 | 10, 624 | 9, 655 | $\begin{aligned} & 198 \\ & 335 \end{aligned}$ | 771 |
| 27 | Depletion |  | - 25 | 25 |  | ----------------- |
| 28 | Amortization ${ }^{27}$ | 4,771 |  |  | 335 |  |
| 29 | Advertising ------------------------- | 294, 533 | 1,983 | 1,941 | 10 | 28 |
| 30 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 32, 824 | 288 | 258 |  |  |
| 31 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{18}$ <br> Other deductions ${ }^{29}$ $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 134,912 \\ 4,536,882 \end{array}$ | 1,638 | 1,236 | 242 | $\begin{array}{r} 160 \\ 2,859 \end{array}$ |
| 32 |  |  | 40,616 | 37, 201 | 556 |  |
| 33 | Total compiled deductions.-.---- | ${ }^{32} 33,498,581$ | 245, 396 | 222, 372 | 4, 672 | 18,352 |
| 34 35 | Compiled net loss (16 less 33) Deficit ${ }^{4}$ (34 less 6) Dividends paid: | $1,842,404$$1,848,226$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,124 \\ & 26,148 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,795 \\ & 23,819 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 657 \\ & 657 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,672 \\ & 1,672 \end{aligned}$ |
| 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 36 | Cash and assets otber than own stock. ${ }^{6}$ <br> Corporation's own stock | $107,639$ | 1,209 | 1,150 | 6 | 53 |
| 37 |  | 15, 676 | 89 | 89 |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

WITH NO NET INCOME 4
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups 7-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mining and quarrying |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Construc- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturing |  |
| Total mining and. quarrying | Metal mining | Anthracite mining | Bituminous coal and lignite mining | Crude petroleum and natural gas production | Nonmetallic mining and quarrying |  | $\underbrace{\substack{\text { Total } \\ \text { manufac- } \\ \text { turing }}}{ }_{\text {¢ }}$ |  |
| 3,582 | 670 | 86 | 729 | 1,424 | 673 | 7,325 |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 382,251 \\ & 167,736 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 76,923 \\ 5,564 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52,188 \\ & 10,692 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 106,761 \\ 61,955 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 115,302 \\ 77,136 \end{array}$ | 31,077 12,389 | $\begin{aligned} & 325,462 \\ & 531,459 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,538,582 \\ 350,750 \end{array}$ | 2 3 |
| 189 29 1 | 46 22 | 4 3 |  | 116 | 4 | 61 13 55 5 | 1,801 123 92 | 5 |
| 862 | 371 | 5 | 24 | 423 | 39 | 436 | 6,371 | 7 |
| $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 181 | 96 | 1, 045 | $\begin{array}{r}957 \\ 2,580 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 161 28 | 3, 432 | 26, 344 | 8 |
| 3, 505 | 118 | 118 | ${ }_{661}^{65}$ | 2,580 191 | 28 1 | 115 97 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,026 \\ 765 \end{array}$ | 9 10 |
| 2, 264 | 200 | 24 | 153 | 1,442 | 445 | 1,933 | 15,599 | 11 |
| 2,457 | 119 | 36 | 281 | 1,893 | 128 | 944 | 9, 842 | 12 |
| 474 | 93 | 2 | 67 | 308 | 4 | 195 | 3.345 | 13 |
| 6, 928 | 1,060 | 298 | 974 | 4,147 | 449 | 5, 922 | 73, 891 | 15 |
| 569, 364 | 84,697 | 63,466 | 171, 980 | 204,496 | 44, 725 | 870, 132 | 14, 029, 497 | 16 |
| 290,301 | 57, 758 | 47,138 | 86,585 | 76,464 | 22,356 | 260, 553 | 11, 791, 131 | 17 |
| 122, 964 | 4,352 | 9, 181 | 50, 413 | 51, 206 | 7, 812 | 461, 973 | 249,940 | 18 |
| 11,303 | 864 | 597 | 2, 78C | 5, 418 | 1,644 | 37, 3'9 | 335, 314 | 19 |
| 6, 443 | 387 | 369 | 1,409 | 3, 820 | 458 | 5, 549 | 1C6, 722 | 20 |
| 11,362 | 2, 211 | 355 | 4,196 | 2,315 | 2,285 | 6,149 | 103, 379 | 21 |
| 2,774 | 281 | 437 | 126 | 1,705 | 225 | 3, 041 | 34, 957 | 22 |
| 11, 328 | 1,165 | 171 | 1,211 | 8, 021 | 760 | 4, 934 | 75, 079 | $\stackrel{23}{ }$ |
| 16, 275 | 5, 654 | 1, 073 | 3, 343 | E, 271 | 934 | 9,480 | 235, 617 | 24 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 70 | 755 | 25 |
| 31, 539 | 3,681 | 1, 018 | 6,354 | 16, 858 | 3,628 | 18,456 | 201, 212 | 26 |
| 32, 429 | 5,258 | 158 | 2,405 | 24, 143 | 365 | 30 | 9,325 | 27 |
| 377 | 207 |  | 55 | 49 | 66 | 41 | 2, 025 | 28 |
| 402 | 9 | 35 | 47 | 128 | 173 | 2,922 | 132, 531 | 29 |
| 259 | 30 | 1 | 101 | 105 | 22 | 319 | 13, 341 | 30 |
| 9, 075 | 795 | 7 | 4,112 | 3, 824 | 337 | 927 | 36, 074 | 31 |
| 91, 320 | 12,766 | 5,250 | 17, 796 | 45,850 | 9,658 | 166, 490 | 1,516,488 | 32 |
| 638, 205 | 95, 520 | 65,798 | 180, 950 | 245, 214 | 50, 723 | 918, 303 | 14, 843, 890 | 33 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 68,841 \\ & 68,842 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,823 \\ & 10,823 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,332 \\ & 2,332 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8,970 \\ & 8,971 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,718 \\ & 40,718 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.998 \\ & 5,998 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48,171 \\ & 48,226 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 314,393 \\ & 814,485 \end{aligned}$ | 34 35 |
| 6, 274 | 683 | 3 | 1,089 | 4,325 | 174 | 963 | 33,499 | 36 |
| 1,303 |  |  | 30 | 673 | 600 | 171 | 9,660 | 37 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART III.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued
NO NET INCOME 6-Continued
thousands of dollars]

| Major industrial groups 7-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products, except furniture | Furniture and fixtures | Paper and allied products | Printing, publishing, and allied industries | Chemicals and allied products | Petroleum and coal products | Rubber products | Leather and products |  |
| 1,986 | 1,603 | 658 | 3,519 | 3,088 | 181 | 220 | 1,271 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 384,941 \\ 14,234 \end{array}$ | 294,789 6,339 | $\begin{array}{r} 264,448 \\ 1,588 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 400,595 \\ 73,640 \end{array}$ | 540,931 9,945 | 223,771 2,872 | 80,522 915 | $\begin{array}{r} 416,639 \\ 5,887 \end{array}$ | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |
| 42 | 24 | 94 | 155 | 58 | 2 | 20 | 45 |  |
| 5 5 | 1 |  | 25 <br> 54 | 7 |  |  |  | 5 |
| 229 | 113 | 81 | 258 | 272 | 311 | 21 | 80 | 7 |
| 896 | 509 | 475 | 1,334 | 2,238 | 693 | 89 | 378 | 8 |
| 79 11 | 8 | 35 | 1,734 8 | 253 51 | 73 2 | 4 | 29 1 | 10 |
| 1,254 | 253 | 255 | 404 | 577 | 131 | 84 | 346 | 11 |
| 456 | 76 | 141 | 383 | 606 | 43 | 40 | 106 | 12 |
| 126 168 | 116 | 157 | 216 245 | 420 | 28 |  | 124 | 13 |
| 4,043 | 2,215 | 1,378 | 4,337 | 3,085 | 974 | 242 | 2, 629 | 15 |
| 406, 489 | 304, 450 | 268, 652 | 484, 388 | 558, 489 | 228, 900 | 81,937 | 426, 264 | 16 |
| 334, 585 | 247, 086 | 223, 027 | 297, 265 | 423, 106 | 191, 691 | 65,707 | 369, 223 | 17 |
| 9,092 | 4,685 | 961 | 49,544 | 8,635 | 1, 838 | 164 | 4,618 | 18 |
| 11, 110 | 11, 253 | 8,100 | 22,590 | 18,431 | 1, 562 | 2,461 | 14, 200 | 19 |
| 2,430 | 4,028 | 2,709 | 8,388 | 5, 101 | 1,274 | 611 | 5,136 | 20 |
| 4,458 | 1,544 | 3,707 | 2,052 | 3,434 | 3, 827 | 1,714 | 1,727 | 21 |
| 1,632 <br> 3,498 | 654 1,923 | 499 1,570 | 5,089 2,456 | 1,283 3,524 | 2,363 1,131 | 154 | 1,830 | 22 23 |
| 3,498 5,622 | 1,923 4,082 | 1,570 3,073 | $\begin{array}{r}2,456 \\ 5,236 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,24 \\ \text { 3, } \\ 29 \\ \hline 197\end{array}$ | 1,131 2,785 | $\begin{array}{r}541 \\ 2,975 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 1,915 | 23 24 |
| 5, 42 |  |  | 5 |  |  | 2, 9 | , 21 | 25 |
| 11,060 | 4,378 | 5,459 | 5,657 | 10,544 | 7,330 | 2,314 | 3,906 | 26 |
| 1,720 | 12 | 56 |  | 16 | 5,790 |  |  | ${ }^{27}$ |
|  |  |  |  | -18 |  | 1 |  | 28 |
| 255 | 2, 112 | 1,199 | -672 | 15, 981 | 546 | 68 | 3, 171 | 30 |
| 1,633 | 472 | 564 | 958 | 1,448 | 140 | 852 | 437 | 31 |
| 47,632 | 43,689 | 31, 989 | 118,710 | 83,777 | 25,032 | 10,984 | 42,278 | 32 |
| 435, 749 | 326, 724 | 283, 441 | 522, 719 | 605, 053 | 246, 042 | 89, 282 | 452,661 | 33 |
| 29, 260 | 22, 274 | 14,789 | 38,331 | 46, 564 | 17, 142 | 7,345 | 26,397 | 34 |
| 29, 265 | 22, 275 | 14,789 | 38,385 | 46, 566 | 17, 142 | 7,345 | 26,397 | 35 |
| 753 | 414 | ${ }_{3}^{617}$ | 1,272 | 1,686 | 370 | 105 | 931 | ${ }_{37}^{36}$ |
| 212 | 656 | 3,042 |  | 480 | 299 |  | 39 | 37 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled nel profit less income tax-

PART III.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

NO NET INCOME 4-Continued
thousands of dollars)

| Major industrial groups ${ }^{1}$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing-Continued |  |  |  |  | Public utilities |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment, except motor vehicles | Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical | Ordnance and accessories | $\begin{gathered} \text { Scientific } \\ \text { instru- } \\ \text { ments; pho- } \\ \text { tographic } \\ \text { equipment; } \\ \text { watches, } \\ \text { clocks } \end{gathered}$ | Other manufacturing | Total public utilities | Transportation | Communi- cation |  |
| 493 | 486 | 27 | 673 | 5, 010 | 9, 921 | 7, 060 | 1,819 | 1 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 386,071 \\ 47,945 \end{array}$ | 210,999 1,477 | 17,063 473 | 115,503 1,625 | $\begin{array}{r} 651.617 \\ 10,567 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70,768 \\ 2,051,273 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 62,761 \\ 1,816,992 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,545 \\ 101,441 \end{array}$ | 2 3 |
| 145 | 6 1 | 47 14 9 | 15 1 | 91 9 3 | 1,012 27 93 0 | $\begin{array}{r}958 \\ 24 \\ 91 \\ \hline 715\end{array}$ | 20 3 2 20 | 4 5 6 |
| 865 <br> 865 | 402 | 25 | 44 | ${ }^{295}$ | 9,390 | 8,715 | 329 | 7 |
| 865 144 | 169 15 | 3 10 | 127 | 1,332 | 30, 830 | 29,693 | 728 24 | 8 9 |
| 1 | 2 |  |  | 26 | 271 | 271 |  | 10 |
| 1,518 | 167 | 2 | 175 | 1,404 | 4,121 | 3, 631 | 186 | 11 |
| 577 | 34 | 13 | 61 | 362 | 1,668 | 1,536 | 33 | 12 |
| 84 41 41 | 6 76 |  | 13 | 156 262 | 1,240 169 | 1,211 48 | 24 | 13 14 |
| 3,053 | 1,116 | 291 | 589 | 4,390 | 21, 800 | 19,650 | 1,294 | 15 |
| 441, 310 | 214, 470 | 17, 950 | 118, 333 | 670, 966 | 2,193,465 | 1,946, 229 | 107, 629 | 16 |
| 376, 711 | 184, 426 | 13,692 | 95, 295 | 522, 147 | 46, 624 | 41,065 | 2, 233 | 17 |
| 43, 353 | 896 | 495 | 762 | 5,862 | 1, 537, 243 | 1,387, 299 | 61, 749 | 18 |
| 5,473 | 4,692 | 509 | 5, 344 | 32, 658 | 41,481 | 36, 544 | 3, 262 | 19 |
| 1,835 | 3,790 | 45 | 1,724 | 9, 722 | 67, 355 | 62, 841 | 4,187 | 20 |
| 4.465 | 2,815 | 924 | 537 | 4, 323 | 15,543 | 13, 001 | 1,812 | 21 |
| - 683 | 2, ${ }^{569}$ |  | - 29312 | 3,431 | 3,502 69,186 | 2, 56, 241 | 160 2,090 | 22 23 |
| 5, 575 | 3, 613 | 575 | 2,258 | 11, 217 | 92731 | 78, 001 | 4,634 | 24 |
|  | 15 |  |  | 78 | ${ }^{202}$ | 161 | 15 | 25 |
| 8,429 | 4,069 | 503 | 2,725 | 13, 800 | 145, 629 | 127, 040 | 7,488 | 26 |
|  | 33 |  | 31 | 801 | 450 315 | 323 239 | 38 | 27 28 |
| 2,237 | 3, 091 | 75 | 3, 564 | 12, 270 | 13,879 | 12, 684 | 919 | 29 |
| 1,441 | 34 |  | 125 | 765 | 4,999 | 3,613 | 1,050 | 30 |
| 3, 081 | 309 | 1 | 214 | 3,723 | 11,089 | 10,347 | 133 | 31 |
| 26, 265 | 29, 289 | 2,899 | 19,086 | 110, 071 | 289, 356 | 239, 290 | 30,029 | 32 |
| 479, 842 | 239,656 | 19,868 | 133, 275 | 736, 014 | 2, 339,584 | 2,072, 734 | 120, 099 | 33 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 38,532 \\ & 38,532 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,186 \\ & 25,186 \end{aligned}$ | 1,918 1,927 | $\begin{aligned} & 14,942 \\ & 14,942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65,048 \\ & 65,051 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 146,119 \\ & 146,212 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126,505 \\ & 126,596 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,470 \\ & 12,472 \end{aligned}$ | 34 35 |
| 1,150 | 1,199 |  | 174 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,485 \\ 945 \end{array}$ | $\text { 14, } 918$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,281 \\ 72 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 276 \\ 79 \end{array}$ | 36 37 |

Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART III.-RETURNS WITH
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

NO NET INCOME 4-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART III.-RETURNS WITH
|Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued
NO NET INCOME ${ }^{\text {r }}$-Continued
thousands of dollars]


Table 3.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, piled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax-

PART III.-RETURNS
[Money figures in


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, comdeficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Continued

WITH NO NET INCOME 4 -Continued
thousands of dollars]

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net part i.-all returns with balance sheets
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]



Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1948 , by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with ne! income, and returns with


| が |  | ¢ | ¢がmpe | ${ }_{5}$ | ＋ | ＊ |  | － |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { กิ } \\ & \text { ベ } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  $\rightarrow$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nㅓㅇ } \\ & \text { Ni゙ } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  <br> ペ ベだが | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bi } \\ & \text { B } \\ & 8 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  ర్ర <br>  ๗ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \quad \underset{\infty}{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Now } \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DN్NO } \\ \text { No } \\ \text { Ni N } \end{gathered}$ |  |  NOMHNOOmめN <br> 잉융아어T <br>  がㅜㅜ タin N゙が ${ }^{\circ}$ |  | 잉양ㅇかㅇ 00 सno <br>  N 든 | ${ }^{2}{ }^{2} 8$ <br> \％00 |
|  |  ${ }^{\circ}$ <br> 「゙ペ゙～゙ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { - } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  0 |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & \text { in } \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no moin } \\ & \text { N Ni N } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|\|} \hline \infty \\ \infty \\ \infty \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  <br>  N | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 6 \\ & 5 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & \underset{0}{2} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  が च゙デザ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  م |  |  |  |
|  |  <br> नi अंगे | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \infty^{-} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  <br>  ${ }^{\infty}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NN } \\ & \underset{N}{N} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  がず <br>  <br>  |  |  |  |
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For footnotes，see pp．346－348．


Table 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1} 1948$ ，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income tax，and compiled net
PART I．－ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS－Continued ［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

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For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1}$ 1948，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with sets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or
dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income tax，and compiled net
PART I．－ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS－Continued
RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

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| Receipts： <br> Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
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| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ |  |
| Interest on Government obligations（less amor－ tizable bond premium）： |  |
|  |  |
| tizable bond premium）： <br> Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ |  |
| Subject to surtax only |  |
|  |  |
| Other intercst |  |
| Rents ${ }^{10}$ |  |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |  |
| Excess of net short－term capital gain over net long－ term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ |  |
| Excess of net long－term capital gain over net short－ term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ |  |
| Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$－ |  |
| Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ |  |
| Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$－－．．．．．．．－ |  |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ |  |
| Deductions： |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ |  |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Rent paid on business property |  |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ ．－－ |  |
| Bad debts |  |
| Interest paid |  |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ |  |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Amortization 27 <br> Advertising |  |
|  |  |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans，etc．${ }^{28}$ ．－－Net loss， |  |
|  |  |
| Other deductions ${ }^{29}$ |  |
| Total compiled deductions．．．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－ |  |
| Compiled net profit or net loss（37 less 54） |  |
| Net income or deficit 4 （ 55 less 27） Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Income tax ${ }^{5}$ |  |
| Compiled net profit less income tax（55 less 58）．－－ |  |
| Dividends paid：${ }^{6}$ |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {6 }}$－．．．．－．－．．．．－－ |  |
|  |  |

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with


| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$-.....-......-.-.-.-. | 4,260 | 130, 825.624 | 64, 461, 170 | $2,979,263$ 742,445 | 61, 481, 907 | 56, 715, 913 | 11, 843, 741 | 14, 715, 802 | $5,189,487$ | 2, 177, 948 | 23 |
| Gross recelpts from operations 18 | 164, 701 | 2, 661, 662 | $1,729,953$ | 742, 445 | 987, 508 | 720, 266 | 60,990 | 51, 212 | 65, 753 | 30, 544 | 24 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{18} . .$. | 158 | 18, 268 | 8, 349 | 1,262 | 7,087 | 8,694 | 388 | 3, 697 | 1,156 | 632 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only | 5 | 835 | 309 | 52 | 257 | 462 | 24 | 151 | 40 | 20 | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 86 | 690 | 337 | 35 | 302 | 248 | 26 | 71 | 18 | 19 | 27 |
| Other interest | 446 | 79, 586 | 31, 089 | 5, 754 | 25,335 | 41, 182 | 1,884 | 13, 681 | 2,025 | 4,246 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 1,087 | 208, 349 | 45, 292 | 3, 722 | 41,570 | 143, 308 | 9,563 | 61, 789 | 25, 895 | 4,853 | 29 |
| Royalties 17 | 259 | 14,078 | 9,641 | 1, 365 | 8,276 | 2, 283 | 381 | 350 | 140 | 34 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |  | 3,696 | 1,600 | 394 | 1,206 | 1,756 | 93 | 42 | 34 | 40 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 2,391 | 79,711 | 32, 252 | 2,385 | 29,867 | 36, 823 | 4,809 | 4,202 | 1,925 | 1,643 | 32 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ". .- | 156 | 13, 139 | 4,280 | 401 | 3,879 | 6,976 | 850 | 406 | 453 | 528 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 1,970 | 95, 189 | 49,959 | 10,391 | 39,568 | 38, 862 | 2,159 | 15, 758 | 7,482 | 1,176 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ | - 2 | $\begin{array}{r}43,080 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 24, 800 | ${ }_{53} 561$ | 24, 239 | 10, 633 | 700 | 9, 441 | 2 | 59 | 35 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 2, 073 | 1, 048, 389 | 373, 874 | 53, 057 | 320, 817 | 589,003 | 23, 883 | 169,990 | 96, 141 | 99,544 | 36 |
| Total compiled recei | 177, 594 | 135, 092, 296 | $66,772,905$ | 3,801, 087 | 62, 971, 818 | 58, 316, 409 | 11, 949, 491 | 15, 046, 592 | 5,390, 551 | 2, 321, 286 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 2,879 | 105, 303, 683 | 56, 268. 451 | 2, 763, 069 | 53, 505, 382 | 41, 362, 086 | 0, 761, 221 | 9,738, 850 | 3, 453, 925 | 1, 383, 282 | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 74, 208 | 1, 504, 037 | 975, 724 | 278, 325 | 697, 399 | - 425,490 | - 43, 128 | 19, 667 | 35,051 | 9,252 | 39 |
| Compensation of officers | 3, 796 | 2, 322, 980 | 974, 607 | 122, 486 | 852, 121 | 1, 136, 238 | 69, 607 | 116, 664 | 150, 806 | 95, 665 | 40 |
| Rent paid on business p | 2,276 | 1, 312, 075 | 223, 139 | 20,991 | 202,148 | 1, 009, 778 | 96, 508 | 273, 357 | 245, 775 | 56, 230 | 41 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 1, 267 | 340, 656 | 85, 775 | 2,971 | 82,804 | 225, 541 | 37, 709 | 67,194 | 17, 477 | 8,156 | 42 |
| Bad debts | 191 | 203, 096 | 74,483 | 5, 464 | 69, 019 | 108, 618 | 4,563 | 27, 433 | 14, 662 | 12,786 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 15,681 | 230, 674 | 106, 590 | 8,651 | 97, 939 | 101, 950 | 11, 069 | 21, 688 | 19,296 | 8,953 | 44 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{23}$ | 16,442 | 941, 771 | 308, 104 | 15, 149 | 292, 955 | 553, 783 | 72, 674 | 189, 001 | 51, 623 | 25, 342 | 45 |
| Contributions | 120 | 65, 072 | 26, 056 | 2,111 | 23, 945 | 34,702 | 3,587 | 11, 182 | 5, 071 | 2,003 | 46 |
| Depreciation | 15,766 | 653, 385 | 191, 009 | 9, 715 | 181, 894 | 394, 496 | 66, 004 | 96, 478 | 38, 377 | 14,592 | 47 |
| Depletion | 74 | 16, 007 | 14, 330 | 542 | 13,788 | -962 | 56 | 29 | 43 | 9 | 48 |
| Amortization | 3 | 3, 071 | 696 | 37 | 659 | 2,111 | 72 | 74 | 409 | 143 | 49 |
| Advertising. | 193 | 1, 154, 737 | 270, 665 | 19, 107 | 251,558 | 806, 709 | 56, 336 | 330, 691 | 133, 211 | 65,593 | 50 |
| A mounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 501 | 141, 988 | 48, 920 | 5,172 | 43,748 | 86,679 | 11,405 | 58, 060 | 5,283 | 1,136 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets 19 | 13,773 | 13,991 $15,204,370$ | 4,870 $5,012,062$ | - 8951 | 3,999 $4,616,980$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,560 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,099 | - 613 | 1,098 | 524 | 52 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 13,773 | 15, 204, 370 | 5, 012, 062 | 395, 082 | 4,616, 980 | 8, 992, 229 | 1,460,651 | 2,930, 297 | 989, 060 | 527, 732 | 53 |
| Total compiled ded | 147, 342 | 129, 411, 593 | 64, 586, 081 | 3, 649, 743 | 60,936, 338 | 55, 248, 932 | 11, 695, 689 | 13, 931, 278 | 5,151, 167 | 2, 211, 398 | 54 |
| Compiled net profit or net loss (37 less | 30, 252 | 5, 680, 703 | 2, 186, 824 | 151, 344 | 2, 035, 480 | 3, 067, 477 | 253, 802 | 1, 115, 314 | 239, 384 | 109, 888 | 55 |
| Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ (55 less 27) | 30, 166 | 5,680, 013 | 2,186, 487 | 151, 309 | 2, 035, 178 | 3, 067, 229 | 253, 776 | 1,115, 243 | 239, 366 | 109,869 | 56 |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{80}$ | 1, 086 | - 24, 979 | 12, 274 | 2,161 | 10,113 | 10,414 | 883 | 1, 696 | 1,606 | 987 | 57 |
| Income tax ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 9, 800 | 2, 093, 555 | 824,009 | 55, 044 | 768, 965 | 1,116, 579 | 97, 130 | 416, 411 | 84, 628 | 37,935 | 58 |
| Compiled net profit less income tax ( 55 less 58 ) Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ | 20, 452 | 3,587, 146 | 1,362, 815 | 96, 300 | 1, 266, 515 | 1,950, 898 | 156, 672 | 698, 903 | 154, 756 | 71,953 | 59 |
| Cash and assets other than own stock | 11, 323 | 1, 062, 531 | 408, 660 | 34,904 | 373, 756 | 566, 204 | 53, 620 | 288,667 | 48,336 | 15, 136 | 60 |
| Corporation's own stock | 770 | 197, 187 | 96, 391 | 4,649 | 91, 742 | 85, 692 | 3,667 | 11,663 | 5. 452 | 4,581 | 61 |

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net PART I.-ALL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars] profit less income tax-Continued
Major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$-Continued

|  |  |  |  |  | Majo | industrial | groups ${ }^{7}-\mathrm{C}$ | tinued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Trade- | ontinued |  |  | Finance, in | surance, real real pro | estate, and le erty | ssors of |
|  |  |  |  | -Contin |  |  |  | Total |  | Finance |  |
|  |  | Automotive dealers and filling stations | Drug stores | Eating and drinking places | Building materials and hardware | Other retail trade | Trade not allocable | insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property | Total finance | Banks and trust companies | Credit agencies other than banks |
| 1 | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | 20,074 | 4,169 | 11,383 | 9, 085 | 19,656 | 19,395 | $\underline{ } 140,872$ | 34,035 | 14,567 | 11,457 |
|  | Assets: Cash ${ }^{38}$ | 648, 996 | 71,073 | 95, 431 | 110,668 | 213, 199 | 334, 877 | 43, 254, 055 | 40, 278, 175 | 38, 965, 706 | 639, 647 |
| 3 | Notes and accounts receivablo | 517, 193 | 41, 277 | 43, 719 | 329, 876 | 596, 756 | 984, 733 | 51, 081,115 | 49, 456, 605 | 43, 387, 285 | 5, 031, 643 |
| 4 | Less: Reserve for bad debts | 14,724 | -933 | 467 | 9,624 | 23, 524 | 32, 463 | 382, 419 | 364, 931 | 257, 560 | 83, 813 |
| 5 | Inventories........................ | 1, 101, 789 | 224, 580 | 74,995 | 489, 506 | 788, 024 | 1, 267, 179 | 10, 806 | 10, 806 |  |  |
| 6 | Investnients, Government obligations | 1, 97, 741 | 7, 511 | 16, 858 | 25, 549 | 43, 863 | 61, 262 | 92, 784, 727 | 69, 597,195 | 68, 010,336 | 147, 792 |
| 7 | Other investments ${ }^{33}$ | 128, 375 | 20, 604 | 39,681 | 57, 168 | 103, 961 | 334, 362 | 55, 739, 712 | $\begin{array}{r}15,060,848 \\ 1,807 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $4,746,349$ $1,223,050$ | 784, 625 |
| 8 | Gross capital assets ${ }^{39}$ (except land) | 880, 219 | 178,060 74 53 | 497, 244 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 275, } \\ \text { 106, } \\ \hline 199\end{array}$ | 624,393 240,526 | 973,694 <br> 36918 <br> 18 | $16,863,014$ $3.949,447$ | $1,807,906$ 388,919 | 1, 1823,433 | 181,782 69,962 |
| 9 10 | Land | 219, 777 | 74,530 7,578 | 189,518 46,049 | 106,469 49,017 | 240,526 60,066 | 121, 869 | 4, 466, 600 | 248,665 | 186, 884 | 52,086 |
| 11 | Other assets 40 | 80,597 | 17,754 | 38, 791 | 20, 826 | 62, 078 | 73,767 | 5, 256, 049 | 1, 498, 681 | 1, 179, 684 | 94, 429 |
| 12 | Total assets ${ }^{41}$ | 3, 382, 113 | 492, 974 | 655, 883 | 1, 241, 996 | 2, 228, 290 | 3,749, 762 | 265, 124, 212 | 177, 205, 031 | 157, 166, 301 | 6,778, 229 |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  | 564, 404 | 2,868, 471 | 1, 484, 254 |  | 525, 896 |
| 13 | Accounts payable.-.-.-........ | 325, 304 | 74,991 | 99,565 | 138,391 78,557 | 347, 136 | 564, 404 | 2,868,471 | 1,484, 254 |  | 2, 145, 532 |
| 14 | Maturity less than 1 year | 256, 019 | 19,532 | 36,376 | 78,557 68,290 | 150, 589 | 258,865 275,194 | $3,759,721$ $13,142,532$ | 2, 3 577, 684 |  | 1, $2,189,376$ |
| 15 16 | Maturity 1 year or more | 231, 4242 | 62, 33,046 | 111,961 66,522 | 68,290 85,062 | 232,977 | 275, 194 | 209,875, 270 | 147, 876, 638 | 145,994, 296 | -647, 385 |
| 17 | Capital stock, preferred | 34, 105 | 22,986 | 22, 200 | 22, 369 | 63, 613 | 119, 004 | 2,078, 379 | 1,526, 865 | , 91, 503 | 324, 350 |
| 18 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{43}$ | 698,595 | 104, 403 | 180, 527 | 373, 634 | 582, 225 | 843, 443 | 13, 849, 588 | 8, 107, 948 | 3, 324, 889 | 862, 259 |
| 19 | Surplus reserves | 87, 617 | 12,421 | 7,05t | 18, 914 | 36, 084 | 93, 157 | 1, 930, 523 | 1,669, 570 | 1,021,421 | 131.550 |
| 20 | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{43}$ | $1,324,770$ 22,963 | 190,845 27,656 | 183,365 51,687 | 473,503 16,724 | 692,252 65,040 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,334,919 \\ \mathbf{6 0 . 3 9 5} \end{array}$ | $21,523,988$ $3,904,260$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,339,548 \\ 2,087,182 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,836.830 \\ & 102,638 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 743,737 \\ & 441,856 \end{aligned}$ |
| 21 | Less: Deficit ${ }^{45}$ | 22, 963 | 27, 656 | 51,687 | 16,724 | 65, 040 | 60,395 | 3, 904, 260 | 2,087, 182 |  |  |
| 22 | Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$. | 3, 382, 113 | 492, 974 | 655, 883 | 1,241, 996 | 2, 228, 290 | 3,749,762 | 265, 124, 212 | 177, 205, 031 | 157, 166, 301 | 6,778, 229 |


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Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]
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Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes，see pp．346－348．

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INOOME [Money figures in thousands of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{}} \& \multicolumn{10}{|l|}{Major industrial groups'} \& <br>
\hline \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{All industrial groups} \& \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Agriculture, forestry, and fishery} \& \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Mining and quarrying} \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& Total agriculture, forestry, and fishery \& $$
\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}
\text { Farms and } \\
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\end{gathered}\right.
$$ \& Forestry \& Fishery \& Total min ing and quarrying \& Metal mining \& Anthracite mining \& Bituninous coal and lignite mining \& Crude petroleum and natural gas production \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1} \& Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{83}$ \& 370, 056 \& 4, 051 \& 3,754 \& 130 \& 167 \& 5,113 \& 213 \& 114 \& 1,309 \& 2, 354 \& 1 <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{Assets:} <br>
\hline 3 \& Notes and accounts receivable \& 81, 882, 986 \& 142, 874 \& 128, 536 \& 6,685
11,466 \& 2, 2,872 \& 923, 9826 \& 215,214 \& 41,672
37,625 \& 241,400
282,736 \& 344,517
324,535 \& ${ }_{3}^{2}$ <br>
\hline 4 \& Less: Reserve for bad debts \& 1, 198,508 \& 1, 330 \& 1,208 \& - 89 \& 2, 33 \& 10,075 \& 18, 546 \& -899 \& 3,423 \& 3, 102 \& 4 <br>
\hline 5 \& Inventories... \& 44, 714, 108 \& 229, 200 \& 223, 103 \& 4, 466 \& 1,631 \& 514, 812 \& 153, 349 \& 23,712 \& 87, 726 \& 193, 178 \& 5 <br>
\hline 6 \& Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{37}$ \& 103, 243, 251 \& 85, 385 \& 77, 413 \& 5. 864 \& 2, 108 \& 886, 676 \& 331, 355 \& 27, 859 \& 164,782 \& 324, 026 \& 6 <br>
\hline 7 \& Other investments ${ }^{38}$ \& 81, 431, 625 \& 124, 330 \& 113, 724 \& 7,986 \& 2, 620 \& 1,071,863 \& 249, 521 \& 111, 472 \& 302,548 \& 331, 596 \& 7 <br>
\hline 8 \& Gross capital assets ${ }^{39}$ (except land) \& 165, 981,293 \& 824, 924 \& 773, 870 \& 34, 532 \& 16,522 \& 7,160, 109 \& 1,469, 180 \& 515, 037 \& 1, 506,914 \& 3, 883,725 \& 8 <br>
\hline 9
10 \& Landess: Reserves \& $59,944,007$
$7,828,102$ \& 326,150
239,630 \& 311,447
226,852 \& 10,428
11,577
1 \& 4, 275
1,201
1,2 \&  \& 929,468
20,107

2, \& 257,716
2,551
16 \& 706,952
19,351
31 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,508,427 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 9
10 <br>
\hline 11 \& Other assets 40 \& 10, 584,852 \& 239,630
51,616 \& 226,852
48,976 \& 11,577
1,395 \& 1,201 \& 99,852
188,050 \& 20,107
56,522 \& 2,551
16,065 \& 19,351
33,097 \& 37,899
62,524 \& 11 <br>
\hline 12 \& Total assets ${ }^{11}$ \& 408, 256, 655 \& 1,513,527 \& 1, 413, 990 \& 73, 454 \& 26, 083 \& 8, 069, 832 \& 1, 746, 283 \& 517,378 \& 1,928, 179 \& 3, 190, 471 \& 12 <br>
\hline \& \multicolumn{12}{|l|}{} <br>

\hline 13 \& | Accounts payable |
| :--- |
| Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: | \& 23, 023,630 \& 120, 870 \& 110, 484 \& 7,545 \& 2, 841 \& 518, 312 \& 88, 968 \& 33, 912 \& 150, 311 \& 207, 516 \& 13 <br>

\hline 14 \& Maturity less than 1 year..... \& 9, 944, 691 \& 77, 813 \& 73,512 \& 3,437 \& 864 \& 185, 587 \& 12,137 \& 4,695 \& 43, 246 \& 105, 874 \& 14 <br>
\hline 15 \& Maturity 1 year or more \& 49, 748, 246 \& 139, 872 \& 123, 072 \& 13, 284 \& 3, 516 \& 933, 713 \& 56, 456 \& 91,085 \& 132, 327 \& 596, 524 \& 18 <br>
\hline 16 \& Other liabilities ${ }^{12}$ \& 227, 015,777 \& 91,360 \& 77, 066 \& 12,750 \& 1,544 \& 695, 254 \& 185, 443 \& 29, 811 \& 168, 460 \& 267, 829 \& 16 <br>
\hline 17 \& Capital stock, preferred \& 13, 661, 368 \& 28, 598 \& 26, 750 \& 1,645 \& 203 \& 187, 165 \& 47, 530 \& 20,110 \& 27, 482 \& 62, 480 \& 17 <br>
\hline 18 \& Capital stock, common ${ }^{43}$ \& 69, 603, 147 \& 557, 102 \& 530, 224 \& 19,589 \& 7,239 \& 1, 949, 107 \& 449, 584 \& 134, 844 \& 492, 631 \& 699, 763 \& 18 <br>
\hline 19 \& Surplus reserves -----...-... \& 10, 765, 524 \& 90, 259 \& 87,781 \& 953 \& 1,525 \& , 316,456 \& 73, 812 \& 14,794 \& 95, 106 \& -92,745 \& 19 <br>
\hline 20 \& Surplus and undivided profits 4 \& 97, 410, 524 \& 465, 913 \& 431,998 \& 24, 668 \& 9,247 \& 3, 507, 145 \& 863, 453 \& 201, 212 \& 853, 633 \& 1, 289, 982 \& 20 <br>
\hline 21 \& Less: Deficit ${ }^{15}$ \& 2, 916, 252 \& 58, 260 \& 46, 897 \& 10, 417 \& 946 \& 222,907 \& 31, 100 \& 13, 085 \& 35, 017 \& 132, 242 \& 21 <br>
\hline 22 \& Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ \& 498, 256, 655 \& 1,513, 527 \& 1,413, 990 \& 73,454 \& 26, 083 \& 8,069,832 \& 1,746, 283 \& 517, 378 \& 1,928, 179 \& 3, 190, 471 \& 22 <br>
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Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or
deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net


| Receipts: <br> Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 623,610 \\ 69,680 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,988,288 \\ & 6,245,133 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 178,464,739 \\ 3,335,091 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,713,120 \\ 14,203 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,689,549 \\ 90,469 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,961,208 \\ 4,801 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,423,996 \\ 190,582 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,779,141 \\ 171,718 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,889,168 \\ 61,510 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,106,477 \\ 12,255 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ | 638 | 1,433 | 79, 815 | 1,762 | 4, 085 | 100 | 6,726 | 1,136 | 2,138 | 678 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only | 54 |  | 4,475 |  |  | 47 | 146 |  |  |  | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 29 | 248 | 3, 278 | 151 | 372 | 47 | 232 | 24 | 141 | 25 | 27 |
| Other interest | 611 | 3, 721 | 131, 597 | 4, 091 | 10, 810 | 750 | 7,352 | 1,716 | 2,162 | 669 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 2,774 | 19,077 | 252, 525 | 3, 769 | 16, 849 | 2, 924 | 14,956 | 4, 472 | 6, 682 | 1, 683 | 29 |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$ | 1,261 | 1,419 | 136, 615 | 355 | 4, 602 | 12 | 1,959 | 8,405 | 4,718 | 394 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net longterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 16 | 382 | 3, 520 | 450 | 548 |  | 725 | 23 | 171 | 16 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 3, 888 | 17,747 | 299, 709 | 7, 754 | 24, 922 | 1,137 | 16,437 | 2,619 | 89, 740 | 2, 497 | 32 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ | 260 | 2,443 | 11, 185 | 1,043 | 947 | 18 | 997 | 309 | 1,141 | 144 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporatlons ${ }^{20}$ | 2,184 | 9, 052 | 710, 632 | 5,736 | 27,672 | 2,816 | 24, 318 | 4, 192 | 10,029 | 1,398 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  | ${ }^{677}$ | 260, 904 | 527 | 21, 234 | 225 | 3,247 | 184 |  | 1,262 |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 5,479 | 88, 169 | 832, 279 | 26,530 | 87, 779 | 2, 312 | 54, 436 | 22,143 | 27, 187 | 11, 068 | 36 |
| Total comp | 710, 314 | 8, 377, 855 | 184,526,364 | 4, 779, 574 | 25, 980, 275 | 2,976, 397 | 11, 746, 109 | 6, 996, 176 | 4,094, 873 | 2,138,590 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 370, 828 | 1, 516, 687 | 133,100,634 | 3,035, 095 | 21, 429, 139 | 2, 451, 302 | 8, 633, 441 | 5, 451, 905 | 2, 838, 384 | 1,549, 116 | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 39, 295 | 5, 115, 329 | 2, 101, 388 | 3, 266 | 34, 522 | 881 | 116,137 | 126, 709 | 39,693 | 7,857 |  |
| Compensation of officer | 17, 924 | 278, 391 | 2, 114, 681 | 40,727 | 162, 552 | 8, 099 | 151, 379 | 203, 799 | 76, 206 | 61, 830 | 40 |
| Rent paid on business | 3, 510 | 27, 877 | 645, 147 | 10,818 | 59, 616 | 1,574 | 29, 286 | 47, 363 | 10, 286 | 11, 109 | 41 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 22,479 | 39, 255 | 2, 806, 628 | 35, 810 | 219, 929 | 4, 219 | 142,117 | 12, 918 | 37, 440 | 14, 512 |  |
| Bad debts | 1,387 | 8,860 17 | 123, 976 | 1,650 | 12, 095 | - 231 | 4, 800 | 5, 108 | 5, 654 | 2, 762 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 3,286 | 17,738 | 501, 589 | 16, 207 | 48, 801 | 22, 484 | 29, 090 | 12,011 | 11,559 | 4, 674 | 44 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 14, 681 | 74, 114 | 3, 311, 049 | 547, 842 | 229, 800 | 73, 858 | 164, 856 | 56, 128 | 59, 143 | 26, 289 |  |
| Contributions | 14,517 27,142 | $\begin{array}{r}4,716 \\ 107,193 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 117, 951 2, 590, 279 | 3,102 55,015 5 | 8,679 216,580 | 627 9,593 | 20,895 135,911 | 8,700 25,992 | 2, 6541 65,300 | 2,247 18,951 | 47 |
| Depreciatio | 27,142 22,039 | 107,193 1,183 | 2,590, 279 | 55,015 2,371 | 216, 580 | 9,593 | 135, 911 | 25, 992 | 65,300 86,282 | 18, 951 | 47 |
| Amortization | 13 | 95 | 1, 7,965 | 31 | 194 | 6 | 92 | 79 | 22 | 9 | 49 |
| Advertising | 1,548 | 17, 542 | 1,799, 083 | 126, 085 | 336, 929 | 76, 324 | 56, 985 | 53,380 | 8, 929 | 19,098 |  |
| Amounts contributed under pension pla | 745 | 9,306 | 642, 873 | 10, 149 | 47, 905 | 6, 250 | 27, 686 | 6, 962 | 4,256 | 3, 111 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets | 279 | 912 | 25,203 | 1,101 | 3,067 | 12 | 5, 110 | 5156 | $\begin{array}{r}350 \\ \hline 280 \\ \hline 958 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 195 | 52 |
| Other deduc | 66, 684 | 545, 169 | 14, 832, 322 | 385, 538 | 1, 955, 046 | 80, 073 | 687, 619 | 641,934 | 289,958 | 222, 382 |  |
| Total | 592, 357 | 7, 764, 367 | 165,766,799 | 4, 274, 807 | 24,765, 728 | 2, 735, 533 | 10, 205, 404 | 6, 653,544 | 3,536,303 | 1,944,285 |  |
| Compiled net profit (37 less 54) | 117, 957 | 613, 488 | 18, 759, 565 | 504, 767 | 1, 214, 547 | 240, 864 | 1,540, 705 | 342, 632 | 558, 570 | 194,305 | 55 |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ (55 less 27 ) | 117, 928 | 613, 240 | 18, 756, 287 | 504, 616 | 1, 214, 175 | 240, 817 | 1, 540, 473 | 342, 608 | 558, 429 | 194, 230 |  |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 869 | 10, 264 | -59, 321 | 187, 964 | 3, 808 |  | 2,168 | 2,470 119584 | 2,096 193,073 | 70, ${ }^{1,598}$ | 57 |
| Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | 42,073 | 206, 931 | 6,760, 415 | 187, 140 | 440, 727 | 90, 301 | 571, 499 | 119,584 | 193, 073 | 70, 025 |  |
| Compiled net profit less income tax ( 55 less 58) Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ | 75, 884 | 406, 557 | 11, 999, 150 | 317, 627 | 773, 820 | 150, 563 | 969, 206 | 223,048 | 365, 497 | 124, 280 |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stoc | 35,966 | 66, 302 | 4, 584, 519 | 106, 184 | 346, 530 | 88, 101 | 290, 684 | 57,986 | 98, 138 | 34, 160 |  |
| Corporation's own stock | 2,273 | 36, 058 | 627, 528 | 16,323 | 21, 916 | 16 | 69, 770 | 17,741 | 9,685 | 10,608 | 6 |

[^34]Table 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets， 1948 ，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income tax，and compiled net PART II．－RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|} \stackrel{4}{4} \\ \text { A } \end{array}$ |  <br>  ーデ が ザデ | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \hat{0} \\ \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{R}^{-} \\ \mathbb{R} \\ \sigma^{\circ} \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  <br> नi ぶ |  |
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|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{\rightrightarrows} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  |  |  | － |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|} \stackrel{8}{1} \\ \mathbf{N} \end{array}$ |  <br>  ब | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \stackrel{i}{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | － |
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TABLE 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or PART II,-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]



[^35]TABLE 4．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1} 1948$ ，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Number of returns，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or
PART II．－RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{1}-$ Continued

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| ```Receipts: \\ Gross sales \({ }^{11}\)``` $\qquad$ <br> Gross reccipts from operations 12 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,507 \\ 152,420 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 120,616,808 \\ 2,313,629 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58,531,484 \\ 1,501,405 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,647,880 \\ 638,062 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55,883,604 \\ 863,343 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 53,264,601 \\ 618,710 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,208,754 \\ 47,407 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,475,168 \\ 46,678 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,778,148 \\ 68,893 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,921,957 \\ 24,084 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{24}^{23}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$-- | 153 | 17, 583 | 7,978 | 1,232 | 6, 746 | 8,427 | 349 | 3,658 | 1,092 | 607 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only | 5 | 773 | 273 | 52 | 221 | 449 | 19 | 149 |  | 20 | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$. | 86 | 674 | 330 | 32 | 298 | 245 | 23 | 71 | 18 | 19 | 27 |
| Other interest. | 290 | 74, 743 | 29, 016 | 5,461 | 23, 555 | 38,707 | 1,758 | 13,215 | 1,925 | 3,662 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ - | 936 | 186, 765 | 39,587 | 3, 046 | 36, 481 | 129, 857 | 7,754 | 60,099 | 23, 734 | 4, 243 | 29 |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$. | 115 | 13, 161 | 9, 257 | 1,305 | 7,952 | 1, 921 | 363 | 278 | 133 | 31 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |  | 3, 033 | 1,226 | 368 | 858 | 1,526 | 74 | 41 | 34 | 37 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. 18 | 2,241 | 74,429 | 29,748 | 2,238 | 27, 510 | 34,756 | 4,378 | 4,149 | 1,721 | 1,410 | 32 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$. | 81 | 9,426 | 2,974 | 238 | 2,736 | 5,164 | 401 | 370 | 265 | 475 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations | 1,970 | 94, 054 | 49,190 | 10, 234 | 38,956 | 38,586 | 2, 139 | 15,691 | 7,422 | 1,166 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  | 42, 892 | 24,704 | 561 | 24, 143 | 10,543 | 700 | 9,441 |  |  | 35 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ _--.....- | 1,941 | 947, 972 | 326, 646 | 41, 409 | 285, 237 | 541, 962 | 21,338 | 165, 583 | 88,315 | 87, 569 | 36 |
| Total compiled recei | 163, 747 | 124, 395, 942 | 60, 553, 758 | 3, 352, 118 | 57, 201, 640 | 54, 695, 454 | 11, 295, 457 | 14.794, 591 | 4, 961, 741 | 2,045, 338 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 2, 251 | 96, 733, 325 | 50, 911,780 | 2, 453, 041 | 48, 458, 739 | 38, 843, 009 | 9, 235, 854 | 9, 612, 981 | 3, 175, 822 | 1,214, 609 | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 67, 594 | 1,265, 187 | 814, 937 | 217, 397 | 597, 540 | 359,848 | 32. 408 | 17, 069 | 32,118 | 6,127 | 39 |
| Compensation of officers | 3, 321 | 2, 045, 188 | 849, 197 | 102, 384 | 746, 813 | 1,007, 384 | 57, 633 | 110, 683 | 131,037 | 82, 680 |  |
| Rent paid on business pr | 2,148 | 1,146, 421 | 185, 803 | 16, 650 | 169, 153 | 892, 071 | 86, 726 | 266,520 | 216, 203 | 46,552 | 41 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 793 | 309, 433 | 77,192 | 2,533 | 74, 659 | 205, 878 | 34, 288 | 66, 205 | 16,165 | 7, 211 | 42 |
| Bad debts- | ${ }^{166}$ | 177, 335 | 60, 189 | 3,685 | 56,504 | 99, 678 | 4,138 | 26, 474 | 13,478 | 11, 250 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 13,937 | 192, 514 | 86,701 280,367 | 7,413 13,515 | 79,288 266,852 | 87, 342 | 9, 495 67425 | 20,503 186,002 | 7,971 47,209 | 7,006 22,232 | 44 |
| Contributions | 15, 118 | 865, 613 | 280, 225 | 13,15 2,087 8 | 226,838 | - 314,358 | -3, 515 | 181,163 | 5, 030 | 1, 21.96 | 46 |
| Depreciation | 14, 181 | 575, 663 | 166, 106 | 8,038 | 158, 068 | 349, 830 | 58,408 | 94, 111 | 34, 025 | 12, 465 |  |
| Depletion | 34 | 15, 763 | 14, 229 | 534 | 13, 695 | 906 | 36 | 28 | 43 |  | 48 |
| Amortization | 2 | 2, 363 | 504 | 27 | 477 | 1,625 | 59 | 64 | 265 | 87 | 49 |
| Advertising | 94 | 1, 055, 792 | 238, 536 | 15,974 | 222, 562 | 747, 277 | 52,979 | 321, 286 | 119,441 | 55, 979 |  |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans | 497 | 138, 660 | 46, 762 | 4,888 | 41, 874 | 85, 901 | 11, 288 | 57, 894 | 5,195 | 1,067 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets | 28 | 6, 325 | 1,920 | 170 | 1,750 | 3,458 | , 483 | - 477 | 719 | - 300 | 52 |
| Other deductions | 11, 746 | 13,785, 270 | 4, 431, 334 | 333, 498 | 4, 097, 836 | 8, 268, 520 | 1, 371, 859 | 2, 879, 675 | 898, 126 | 453,930 | 53 |
| Total compiled dedu | 132, 055 | 118, 378, 067 | 58, 190, 482 | 3,181, 834 | 55, 008, 648 | 51, 498, 699 | 11, 026, 630 | 13, 671, 195 | 4, 702, 847 | 1, 923, 473 | 5 |
| Compiled net profit (37 | 31,692 | 6, 017, 875 | 2,363, 276 | 170, 284 | 2, 192, 992 | 3, 196, 755 | 268, 827 | 1,123, 396 | 258, 894 | 121, 865 | 55 |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ (55 less 27) | 31,606 | 6, 017, 201 | 2, 362, 946 | 170, 252 | 2, 192, 694 | 3, 196, 510 | 268, 804 | 1, 123, 325 | 258, 876 | 121, 846 |  |
| Net operating loss deduction | 1,086 | 24,979 | 12, 274 | 2,161 | 10,113 | 10, 414 | 883 | 696 | 1,606 | 987 | 57 |
| Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | 9,800 | 2,093, 557 | 824, 009 | 55, 044 | 768, 965 | 1,116, 579 | 97, 130 | 416, 411 | 84, 628 | 37, 935 | 58 |
| Compiled net profit less income tax ( 55 less 58 ) | 21, 892 | 3, 924, 318 | 1,539, 267 | 115, 240 | 1, 424, 027 | 2, 080, 176 | 171, 697 | 706, 985 | 174, 266 | 83, 930 | 59 |
| Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock | 11,252 | 1,051,657 | 402, 388 | 34, 214 | 368,174 | 562, 581 | 53,117 | 288, 097 | 48, 014 | 14,795 | 60 |
| Corporation's own stock | 770 | 194, 545 | 94, 849 | 4, 606 | 90, 243 | 84, 903 | 3, 654 | 11, 632 | 5,048 | 4,563 | 61 |


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled ne PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME $4-$ Continued


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with


| Receipts: <br> Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ | 30,083 |  |  |  |  | 25, 114 |  | 1, 295, 291 | 438, 036 | 301, 562 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross receipts from operations 12 | 59,733 | 52, 552 | 4,057, 741 | 3, 706, 653 | 351, 088 | 995, 705 | ---- | 5, 650,658 | 743, 721 | 860, 539 | 24 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{18}$-----.-- | 11,065 | 5,534 | 511, 046 | 510,583 | 463 | 9,706 | 1,313 | 3,291 | 584 | 239 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only | 1,197 | 622 | 18, 405 | 18, 371 | 34 | 295 | 96 | 129 | 10 | 19 | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 1,942 | 1,111 | 33, 755 | 33,729 | - 26 | 5880 | 82 | 92 | 9 | 20 | 27 |
| Other interest.-......- | 93, 274 | 1,779 | 1, 063, 338 | 1, 061, 812 | 1,526 | 32,001 | 1,448 | 8,521 | 1,608 | 417 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 17, 268 | 146 | 106, 642 | 104, 364 | 2, 278 | 1, 197, 719 | 132, 792 | 153, 840 | 79, 108 | 2,889 | 29 |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$ | 47, 111 | 20 | 205 | 59 | 146 | 4,190 | 127, 759 | 10, 260 | 105 | 61 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. 18 | 2,177 | 392 | 446 | 247 | 199 | 2, 094 | 210 | 1,157 | 486 | 65 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 66,274 | 4,305 | 7,086 | 6,142 | 944 | 72,714 | 7,871 | 29, 434 | 5,373 | 2, 440 | 32 |
| Net gain, salcs other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$....-- | 6,946 | 50, 058 | 469 | 208 | 261 | 177,987 | 985 | 4,510 | 989 | 483 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$. | 548,909 | 6,195 | 183, 550 | 178, 520 | 5, 030 | 25,602 | 2, 717 | 25, 692 | 3, 250 | 1,849 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporatlons ${ }^{21}$ | 41, 430 | + 244 | 1,871 | 1,231 | 5, 640 | 83, 830 |  | 4,237 100 | + 17 | 1, 37 | 35 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 18, 065 | 4,844 | 36,488 | 25,564 | 10, 924 | 83, 074 | 9,982 | 100, 986 | 10,987 | 7, 225 | 36 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | 944, 474 | 127,802 | 9 6, 021, 042 | ${ }^{9} 5,647,483$ | 373, 559 | 2,627, 611 | 285, 263 | 7, 288, 098 | 1,284, 283 | 1,177, 845 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 23,738 |  |  |  |  | 12,576 |  | 760, 827 | 248, 073 | 159,595 | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{33}$ | 22, 689 |  |  |  |  | 34,328 |  | 2, 997, 336 | 273, 221 | 491, 591 | 39 |
| Compensation of officers | 19,586 | 24,352 | 8199,385 | ${ }^{21} 23,963$ | 75,422 | 159, 217 | 5,477 | 308, 088 | 24, 375 | 68, 570 | 40 |
| Rent paid on business propert | 3, 340 | 3,617 | 31, 441 | 20,379 | 11,062 | 85, 841 | 3,529 | 245, 108 | 48, 268 | 25, 845 | 41 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 1,640 | 193 | 4,155 | 3,540 | 615 | 96,329 | 1,988 | 116, 058 | 53, 442 | 16, 505 | 42 |
| Bad debts | 2,812 | 133 | 3, 067 | 1,290 | 1,777 | 3,500 | 178 | 12, 468 | 2, 268 | 2, 464 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 33, 431 | 5, 829 | 2,464 | 1,433 | 1, 031 | 233, 151 | 25,179 | 50, 521 | 24, 277 | 4,305 | 44 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 13,736 | 2,865 | 128, 532 | 122, 812 | 5,720 | 316, 232 | 21, 832 | 161, 762 | 52, 312 | 21,430 | 45 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{20}$ | 1,758 | 197 | 1,691 | 940 | 751 | 4,817 | 223 | 7,821 | 1,308 | 1,211 | 46 |
| Depreciation | 6,290 | 825 | 26, 547 | 23, 346 | 3,201 | 250, 243 | 7,615 | 209, 715 | 58, 661 | 32, 058 | 47 |
| Depletion | 6,005 | 26 | 14 | 14 |  | 640 | 34, 366 | 181 | 14 | 12 | 48 |
| Amortization 27 |  |  |  |  |  | 350 |  | 781 | 117 | 116 | 49 |
|  | 1,070 | 1,394 | 12,385 | 8,459 | 3,926 | 15, 516 | 89 | 104, 760 | 14,738 | 16, 497 | 50 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 6,336 | 1,365 | 15, 956 | 14,055 | 1,901 | 2,638 | 238 | 21, 190 | 717 | 988 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10} . . . . . .$. | 1, 038 | 48 | 327 | 282 | 45 | 3,075 | 404 | 1,380 | 266 | 290 | 52 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 115, 278 | 64, 189 | 3,697, 064 | 3,500, 082 | 196, 982 | 725, 130 | 28, 021 | 1, 552,876 | 354, 007 | 257, 987 | 53 |
| Total compiled deductions | 258, 747 | 105, 033 | $324,023,028$ | 32 3, 720, 595 | 302, 433 | 1, 943, 583 | 129, 139 | 6, 550, 872 | 1,156, 064 | 1,099,464 | 54 |
| Compiled net profit (37 less 51) | 685, 727 | 22, 769 | 1,998, 014 | 1,926, 888 | 71, 126 | 684, 028 | 156, 124 | 737, 226 | 128, 219 | 78,381 | 55 |
| Net income ${ }^{1}$ ( 55 less 27) | 683, 785 | 21,658 | 1,964, 259 | 1,893, 159 | 71, 100 | 683, 448 | 156, 042 | 737, 134 | 128, 210 | 78, 361 | 56 |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 2,005 | 444 | 30,876 | 30, 282 | 5154 | 16,357 | 974 | 12, 549 | 2, 822 | 1,673 | 57 |
| Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | 66, 026 | 5,185 | 131,800 | 110, 525 | 21, 275 | 187, 660 | 54, 925 | 240, 702 | 42,737 | 22,657 | 58 |
| Compiled net profit less income tax (55 less 58) | 619, 701 | 17, 584 | 1,866, 214 | 1,816, 363 | 49,851 | 496, 368 | 101, 199 | 496, 524 | 85, 482 | 55, 724 | 59 |
| Cash and assets other than own stock 0 | 691, 384 | 6,954 | 161, 946 | 139, 414 | 22, 532 | 128,937 | 96, 767 | 161,088 | 22, 622 | 14,330 | 60 |
| Corporation's own stock .....------ | 2,816 | 454 | 2, 543 | 1,055 | 1,488 | 7,063 | 4,168 | 12,759 | 1,151 | 1,159 | 61 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or
deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME --Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Receipts: | 170,945 | 116, 748 | 103, 628 | 47,052 | 49,557 | 67,763 | 67,390 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross receipts from operations 12 | 1,469,035 | 154, 731 | 105, 987 | 1,447, 240 | 447, 498 | 421,907 | 19,640 | 24 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 690 | 120 | 21 | 921 | 364 | 352 | 42 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ | 55 | 3 |  | 15 | 8 | 19 | 7 | 27 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{16}$ - | 26 |  |  | 6 | 3 | 28 | 8 | 27 |
| Other interest.. | 928 | 247 | 47 | 4,073 | 364 | 837 | 744 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{18}$ | 16, 075 | 12, 253 | 291 | 34, 335 | 6,945 | 1,944 | 1,977 | 29 |
|  | 2, 527 | ${ }^{64}$ | 2 | 5,064 | 2,033 | 404 | 345 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. 18 | 127 | 271 | 2 | 101 | 78 | 27 | 49 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 4,560 | 8,220 | 141 | 6,124 | 1,605 | 971 | 1,612 | 32 |
|  | 1,002 | 586 | 40 | 230 | 862 | 318 | 356 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 3,288 | 101 | 7 | 14, 744 | 1,532 | 921 | 721 | 34 |
| Dividends, forcign corporations ${ }^{21}$ | 712 |  |  | 3,357 |  | 112 | 5 | 35 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ | 19,016 | 5,708 | 1,108 | 37,997 | 9,499 | 9,446 | 2,783 | 36 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | 1,688,986 | 299, 052 | 211, 274 | 1,601, 259 | 520, 350 | 505, 049 | 95,679 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 115, 298 | 74,657 | 68,967 | 27, 977 | 27,708 | 38,552 | 51,248 | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 842,427 | 75,127 | 72, 591 | 836, 918 | 220,782 | 184,679 | 6,463 |  |
| Compensation of officers.-.- | 98,607 31,713 | 16,619 20,038 | 11, 121 | 28,627 85,666 | 19,099 | 41,070 13,083 | 4,584 | 40 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$--.-.----------- | 9, 506 | 3,610 | 1,352 | 18,589 | 8,635 | 14,419 | 1,058 | 42 |
| Bad debts. | 3,081 | 692 | 609 | 504 | 1,191 | 1,659 | 468 | 43 |
| Interest paia | 3,527 | 2,499 | 463 | 9, 979 | 3, 523 | 1,948 | 952 | 44 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{26}$ | 16, 918 | 6,595 | 2, 929 | 35,173 | 18,291 | 8,114 | 1,528 | 45 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{20}$ | 1,168 | 227 | 72 | 1,740 | 1,650 | 845 | 86 | 46 |
| Depreciation | 35, 105 | 17,935 | 2, 976 | 39, 219 | 15, 561 | 8, 200 | 2,076 | 47 |
| Depletion-..-- 27 | 19 |  |  | 16 | 116 | 4 | 109 | 48 |
| Amortization ${ }^{27}$ | 49 | 41 | 10 | 321 | 99 | 28 | 10 | 49 |
| Advertising- | 7,601 | 2,089 | 1,231 | 45, 027 | 8,769 | 8,808 | 444 | 50 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$....... | 10, 148 | 119 | 128 | 5,043 110 | 1,248 | 1,171 | 149 | 52 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 362, 968 | 46, 805 | 30,437 | 259, 118 | 100, 107 | 141,447 | 13,835 | 53 |
| Total compiled deductions. | 1,539, 084 | 267, 163 | 195,406 | 1,394, 527 | 444, 945 | 454, 219 | 84,177 | 54 |
| Compiled net profit (37 less 54) | 149, 902 | 31,889 | 15, 868 | 206, 732 | 75,405 | 50,830 | 11,502 | 55 |
| Net income ( 55 less 27) | 149, 876 | 31,889 | 15,868 | 206, 726 | 75, 402 | 50, 802 | 11, 494 | 56 |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 2,145 | 350 | 5336 | 1,839 | 1,667 | 1,717 | 362 | ${ }_{5}^{57}$ |
| Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | 50, 231 | 8,974 | 5,017 | 69,375 | 25, 935 | 15,776 | 3,407 | 58 |
| Compiled net proft less income tax (55 less 58) | 99,671 | 22,915 | 10,851 | 137, 357 | 49,470 | 35, 054 | 8,095 | 59 |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {b }}$. | 32,066 | 2,560 | 928 | 63,966 | 16,438 | 8,178 |  | 60 |
| Corporation's own stock. | 2,087 | 448 | 89 | 835 | 5,642 | 1,348 | 2,287 | 61 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.



|  | Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 70,233 \\ 4,943 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51,904 \\ & 10,496 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104,482 \\ 54,402 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 113,396 \\ 75,981 \end{array}$ | 2324 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,738,380 \\ 4,855,947 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 137,497 \\ 58,524 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 126,809 \\ 50,478 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,544 \\ 668 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,144 \\ & 7,378 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 370,493 \\ & 157,424 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |  | 20, 250 | 68 | 63 | 1 | 4 | 187 | 46 | 4 | 17 | 116 | 25 |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ | 2,178 | 11 | 11 |  |  | 26 | 22 | 3 | 1 |  | 26 |
| $\stackrel{27}{ }$ | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{10}$-- | 5,647 | 24 | 24 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 27 |
| 28 | Other interest.......... | 77, 223 | 391 | 370 | 3 | 18 | 851 | 369 | 5 | 22 | 416 | 28 |
| 29 | Rents ${ }^{18}$ | 364, 535 | 2,240 | 2, 186 | 48 | 6 | 2, 292 | 178 | 76 | 1,002 | 876 | 29 |
| 30 31 |  | 21, 556 | 368 | 357 | 11 |  | 3,472 | 115 | 118 | 642 | 2, 571 | 30 |
| 31 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 2,901 | 45 | 44 | 1 |  | 227 |  |  | 35 | 2, 191 | 31 |
| 32 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 37,910 | 1,019 | 850 | 157 | 12 | 2,223 | 199 | 5 | 151 | 1,434 | 32 |
| 33 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$.-..... | 58,324 | 551 | 521 | 25 | 5 | 2,215 | 118 | 36 | 264 | 1,680 | 33 |
| 34 | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 18,848 | 764 | 742 |  | 22 | 472 | 93 | 2 | 67 | 306 | 34 |
| 35 <br> 36 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ Other receipts | $\begin{array}{r} 3,043 \\ 268,506 \end{array}$ | 5 3,392 | 3, ${ }^{5}$ | 66 | 66 | 6, 727 | , 025 | 292 | 937 | 1 4,059 | 35 36 |
| 37 | Total compiled receipts | ${ }^{\text {® }} 30,475,248$ | 204, 899 | 185, 720 | 3, 524 | 15, 655 | 546, 611 | 77,341 | 62,941 | 162, 023 | 201,027 | 37 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 21, 050, 081 | 114, 241 | 104,765 | 2, 100 | 7,376 | 279, 943 | 51, 172 | 47,041 | 84,798 | 74,928 | 38 |
| 39 | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$-- | 3, 239, 350 | 41,022 | 36, 330 | 262 | 4,430 | 115,734 | 3,747 | 9,073 | 44,836 | 50, 716 | 39 |
| 40 | Compensation of officers. | ${ }^{31} 851,112$ | 7,969 | 7,262 | 226 | 481 | 10,793 | 833 | ${ }_{5}^{571}$ | 2,555 | 5,260 | 40 |
| 41 | Rent paid on business property | 440, 127 | 2,471 | 2,279 | 19 | 173 | 6,111 | 374 | 366 | 1,262 | 3, 683 | 41 |
| 42 | Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 216, 664 | 4,217 | 3,317 | 35 | 865 | 11, 101 | 2,181 | 331 | 4,089 | 2,280 | 42 |
| 43 | Bad debts | 101, 311 | 706 | 636 | 46 | 24 | 1,455 | , 280 | 432 | 120 | 799 | 43 |
| 44 | Interest paid | 359, 612 | 3,192 | 2,969 | 90 | 133 | 11,080 | 1,115 | 167 | 1,172 | 7,885 | 44 |
| 45 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 541, 520 | 4,184 | 3,706 | 185 | 293 | 15,847 | 5,610 | 1,050 | 3,088 | 5,195 | 45 |
| 46 47 | Contributions or gifts | 3,121 | 9 47 | ${ }^{46}$ |  | 7 | -52 |  | ${ }_{9} 8$ | ${ }^{17}$ | 27 | 46 |
| 48 | Depreciation | 607, 197 | 9,940 | 9,040 | 176 | 724 | 30,671 | 3,610 | 951 | 6, 035 | 16,573 | 47 |
| 49 | Depletion---9 | 43, 695 | 392 | 120 | 272 |  | 31, 942 | 5,348 | 158 | 2,370 | 23, 704 | 48 |
| 50 | Advertising... | 284,954 | 1,898 | 1,857 | 10 | 31 | 396 396 | 207 | 35 | 48 | 139 | 50 |
| 51 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 31,280 | 288 | 258 | 2 | 28 | 258 | 30 | 1 | 100 | 105 | 51 |
| 52 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$-.......- | 105,757 | 1,191 | 864 | 193 | 134 | 8,454 | 485 | 3 | 4,011 | 3,752 | 52 |
| 53 | Other deductions ${ }^{29}$------------ | 4,294, 601 | 36,841 | 33,869 | 465 | 2,507 | 84, 513 | 11,543 | 5,041 | 15, 239 | 43,795 | 53 |
| 545556 | Total compiled deductions | ${ }^{32} 32,174,911$ | 228, 621 | 207, 340 | 4,081 | 17,200 | 608, 720 | 86, 543 | 65,228 | 169,785 | 238, 488 | 54 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,699,663 \\ & 1,705,310 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,722 \\ & 23,746 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,620 \\ & 21,644 \end{aligned}$ | 557557 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,545 \\ & 1,545 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62,109 \\ & 62,110 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,202 \\ & 9,202 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,287 \\ & 2,287 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,762 \\ & 7,763 \end{aligned}$ | 37,461 | 55 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37, 461 | 56 |
| 57 | Dividends paid: ${ }^{\circ}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 96,973 \\ & 15,351 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,067 \\ 89 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,008 \\ 89 \end{array}$ | 6 | 53 | 6, 202 | 674 | 3 | 1,089 | 4,324 | 57 |
| 58 | Corporation's own stock |  |  |  |  |  | 1,303 |  |  | 30 | 673 | 58 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.


|  | ble 4.-Corporation returns with balance she no net income: Number of returns, assets and deficit, and dividends paid by type of divide profit less income tax-Continued <br> PAR | d liabilitie <br> nd; also, for <br> T III.-RE <br> [M | , by majo <br> es, compi or return <br> TURNS <br> Money figur | industr ed receip with ne <br> ITH NO <br> $s$ in thous | al groups income: income. <br> NET INCO nds of dollar |  | ons, com ting loss <br> tinued | turns wi piled net deduction | $h$ net inc profit or , income | ome, and net loss, ne tax, and | returns wi et income compiled n |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Major i | dustrial gr | ups ${ }^{\text {- }}$ C0 | tinued |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | anufacturin | -Contin |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Paperand produc products | Printing, publishing , and industries | Chemicals products | Petroleum and coal product | Rubber products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Leather } \\ \text { pand } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Stone, clay, and glass products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Primary } \\ \text { metal } \\ \text { industries } \end{gathered}$ | Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, and transportation equipment equipment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Machinery, } \\ & \text { except } \\ & \text { transpor- } \\ & \text { tation } \\ & \text { equipment } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { electrical } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1 | Number of returns with balance she | 606 | 3,031 | 2,738 | 158 | 201 | 1,179 | 1,159 | 811 | 2,770 | 3,049 | 1 |
|  | sets: Cash |  |  |  |  | 3,003 | 14, 218 | 6,977 | 9,272 | 19, 817 | 31,036 |  |
| 3 | Notes and accounts receivable Less: Reserve for bad debt | 24, 385 | 65,346 <br> 3,189 | 51, ${ }^{535}$ | $\begin{array}{r}22,580 \\ 1,015 \\ \hline 1,58\end{array}$ | 8, 800 | 39, 9245 | 16, ${ }_{330}$ | 25,697 | 46,421 <br> 1,768 | 73,163 3,205 |  |
| 5 |  | 38,639 | 38, 583 | 87, 109 | 33, 669 | 12,386 | 66, 528 | 23, 522 | 40, 824 | 95,779 | 156, 241 |  |
| 6 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{3}$ | 3,588 | 8,927 | 2, 976 |  | 1583 | 1, 833 | 1, 836 | 4,037 | 2,285 | ${ }^{9,823}$ |  |
| 7 | Other investments ${ }^{38}$ | 13, 277 | 26, 084 | 18,710 | 10, 102 | 1,164 | 14, 804 | 6, 247 | 7,767 123583 |  | 22, 475 |  |
| 8 | Gross capital assets 30 (except land) | 127, 636. | ${ }_{4129} 12003$ | 214, 371 | 222,615 | 41, 943 | 61, 6 20 | 117, 981 | 123,583 50,759 | 195, ${ }_{\text {67, } 781}$ | - ${ }_{\text {273, }}^{\text {1736 }}$ |  |
| 10 | Land.-ss: Reserves | 51,034 3,975 | ${ }_{4}^{41,633}$ | 10, 222 | 128,903 4,986 | 19,494 2,698 | 24, 215 | 54, 102 | 5, 320 | 6 6,851 | 8,416 |  |
| 11 | Other assets 0 | 5,156 | 16,862 | 24, 958 | 6,713 | 2,048 | 7, 535 | 6, 779 | 8,192 | 18,044 | 23, 350 | 1 |
| 12 | Total assets ${ }^{\text {41 }}$ | 174, 671 | 268, 068 | 359, 489 | 184, 577 | 52,636 | 181, 447 | 148,895 | 174, 273 | 324, 950 | 478, 645 | 12 |
| 13 | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  | 9,888 | 32,933 | 18,485 | 28,502 | 51, 268 | 66,782 | 13 |
|  | Bonds, notes, , morttages payabie: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Maturity less tas 1 year- | 26,741 | ${ }_{46,141}^{26,174}$ | 62, 112 | 44,860 | ${ }_{7} \mathbf{7 , 3 4 1}$ | 14,881 | 24,926 | 25,479 | 60,759 | 75, 977 | 15 |
|  | Other liabilities ${ }^{42}$ | 7,476 | 43, 389 | ${ }^{21,336}$ | 4,772 | 3,361 | 11, 049 | 8,752 | ${ }^{11,200}$ | ${ }_{2}^{21,372}$ | 44 | 16 |
| 17 <br> 18 | Capital stock, preferred ${ }^{\text {che }}$ | -9, 46.398 | 64, ${ }^{17,87}$ | 131, 401 | 23, 328 | 11,944 | 年8, | 50,025 | 10,345 61,470 | 20,046 106,818 | 146, 132 | 18 |
| 19 | Surplus reserves | 2, 710 | 6, 219 | 3,790 | 14, 809 | 1,581 | 5,104 | 1, 549 | 3, 336 | 3,461 | 17, 201 | 18 |
| $\stackrel{20}{20}$ | Surplüs and undivided profits Less: Deficit 15 .............. | 51,880 9,500 | 74,418 58,152 | $\begin{aligned} & 87,284 \\ & 56,503 \end{aligned}$ | 50,202 20,014 | 18,512 4,310 | 42, 288 20 | 53, <br> 36,665 | $\begin{aligned} & 48,085 \\ & 22,507 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72,122 \\ & 48,688 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 124,602 \\ 69,827 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{21}^{20}$ |
| 22 | Total liabilities it | 174, 671 | 268, 068 | 359, 489 | 184, 577 | 52,636 | 181, 947 | 148,895 | 174, 273 | 324, 850 | 478, 645 | 22 |


| Receipts: | 7 | 85 | 535, | 222, 5 | , 275 | 1,762 | 8, 809 | 250, 186 | 435, 086 | 559,303 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | 1,559 | 68,387 | 9,304 | 2,755 | 853 | 5, 648 | 2,156 | 2,721 | 10,425 | 12,999 | 24 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 93 | 154 | 58 | 2 | 20 | 45 | 33 | 61 | 55 | 133 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  | 25 | 6 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$.. |  | 54 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 27 |
| Other interest..-----.- | 81 | 258 | 270 | 311 | 21 | 80 | 66 | 101 | 220 | 489 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 458 | 1,312 | 2,230 | 693 | 89 | 378 | 499 | 241 | 962 | 1,383 | 29 |
|  | 35 | 2,719 | 253 | 73 | 4 | 29 | 68 | 6 | 177 | 478 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net longterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |  | 8 | 50 | 2 |  | 1 | 14 |  | 12 | 407 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 248 | 401 | 569 | 131 | 78 | 315 | 117 | 231 | 762 | 1,347 | 32 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$.-...------ | 141 | 326 | 593 | 43 | 39 | 94 | 139 | 138 | 722 | 752 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 157 | 215 | 420 | 28 |  | 124 | 58 | 12 | 136 | 179 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  | 245 | 44 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 150 | 35 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 1,363 | 4,253 | 3,031 | 955 | 242 | 2,530 | 862 | 1,364 | 3,665 | 4,983 | 36 |
| Total compiled receipts | 262,919 | 467, 215 | 552, 354 | 227, 584 | 81, 621 | 420,006 | 152, 825 | 255, 062 | 452, 224 | 582, 604 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 217, 824 | 288, 758 | 418, 846 | 190,581 | 65, 461 | 363, 717 | 125, 600 | 219,569 | 356, 784 | 448, 663 | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | ,961 | 46, 390 | 8,245 | 1,738 | 141 | 4,434 | 1,316 | 2,190 | 7,417 | 7,191 | 39 |
| Compensation of officers | 7, 839 | 21, 839 | 17,960 | 1,558 | 2,447 | 13, 896 | 5,981 | 7,558 | 22, 212 | 28, 631 | 40 |
| Rent paid on business proper | 2, 647 | 8,124 | 4,938 | 1, 273 | 2, 600 | 5, 028 | I, 261 | 1, 501 | 5,962 | 5,669 | 41 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$-.-.-.-.-.-. | 3,607 | 1,951 | 3,378 | 3,780 | 1, 709 | 1, 700 | 2, 440 | 4,468 | 4,194 | 5, 565 | 42 |
| Bad debts. | -495 | 5,017 | 1,256 | 2,363 | 151 | 1,812 | 488 | 648 | 1,479 | 2,736 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 1,540 | 2,388 | 3,489 | 1,131 | 518 | 1,886 | 1, 646 | 1,515 | 3,573 | 5, 269 | 44 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 3,007 | 5,065 | 29, 114 | 2, 762 | 2,964 | 4, 585 | 2, 740 | 3, 646 | 7,009 | 9,539 | 45 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ | , 17 | 5,47 | 20, 31 | 2, 7 | 2, 9 | - 21 | 2, 14 | -9 | 1150 | , 37 | 46 |
| Depreciation | 5,347 | 5,474 | 10,408 | 7,294 | 2,304 | 3,793 | 6, 028 | 6, 028 | 11, 324 | 15,817 | 47 |
| Depletion | 56 |  | 16 | 5,779 |  |  | 39 | 92 | 1 | 5 | 48 |
| Amortization ${ }^{27}$ | 5 | 4 | 18 |  | 1 |  | 7 | 13 | 51 | 63 | 49 |
| Advertising. | 1,488 | 3,989 | 15, 058 | 724 | 723 | 3, 509 | 1,144 | 887 | 6,076 | 7,937 | 50 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, | 199 | 669 | , 969 | 546 | 68 | 171 | 206 | 347 | 375 | 603 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$ | 292 | 927 | 1,254 | 88 | 852 | 328 | 238 | 1,551 | 2,593 | 3, 138 | 52 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 31, 308 | 113, 715 | 82, 209 | 25, 005 | 10,889 | 41,440 | 21, 431 | 21, 577 | 67, 783 | 97, 882 | 53 |
| Total compiled deduction | 276, 632 | 504, 357 | 597, 189 | 244, 629 | 88, 837 | 445, 320 | - 170,579 | 271, 599 | 496, 883 | 638, 745 | 54 |
| Compiled net loss ( 37 less 54) | 13, 713 | 37, 142 | 44,835 | 17,045 | 7, 216 | 25, 314 | 17, 754 | 16,537 | 44,659 | 56, 141 | 55 |
| Deficit ${ }^{1}$ (55 less 27) | 13,713 | 37, 196 | 44, 837 | 17, 045 | 7,216 | 25, 314 | 17,754 | 16, 537 | 44, 659 | 56, 142 | 56 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{8}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{8}$ | 613 | 1,271 | 1,654 | 370 | 105 | 922 | 332 | 1,678 | 1, 360 | 1,772 | 57 |
| Corporation's own stock.- | 3, 042 | 1, 80 | 1,654 | 299 | 105 | 15 | 693 | 1,678 20 | 1, 187 | 1,740 | 58 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
TABLE 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1948 , by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profil or net loss, , also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net PART III.-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME4-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with





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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  |  | ｜r｜｜r｜ |  <br>  | （\％） | $\sqrt{\text { non }}$ Di |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { mom } \\ & \text { men } \\ & \text { mid } \end{aligned}$ |  | （8） |  <br>  | 浐 |  |


|  |  |  | 年 |  <br>  | \％ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ナन̈े |  | 皆 |  <br>  $0^{20}$ | \％ |  |
|  |  | 웅 ํ：路 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |


| 23 | Receipts： <br> Gross sales 11 $\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{24}^{24}$ | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amortiz－ |
| ${ }_{\sim}^{\circ}$ | able bond premium） |
| $\sim_{0} 26$ | Subject to surtax only it． |
| $\infty_{\infty}{ }^{27}$ | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{15}$ |
| ＋28 | Other interest |
| － 29 | Rents $1{ }^{10}$ |
| ¢ ${ }_{0}$ | Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |
| 31 | Excess of net short－term capital gain over net |
|  |  |
|  | Excess on met long－term capital gain over net short－ |
|  | Net gain，sales other than capital as |
|  |  |
|  | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |
| 36 | Other receipts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 37 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |
|  | Deductions： |
|  | Cost of goods sol |
|  | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ ． |
| 40 | Compensation of officers |
| 41 | Rent paid on business property |
| 42 | Repairs 24 |
| 43 | Bed debts |
| 44 | Interest paid |
| 45 | Taxes paid ${ }^{35}$ |
| 46 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 47 | Depreciation．－ |
| 48 | Depletion－－ |
| 49 | ${ }^{\text {A mortization }}$ Ad |
| 50 | Advertising－－－－－ |
| ${ }_{52}^{51}$ | Amounts contributed un |
| ${ }_{53}^{52}$ | Net loss，sales other tha |
|  | Other deductions ${ }^{28}$－－ |
| 54 | Total compiled deductions． |
|  | Compiled net loss（37 less 54） |
| 56 | Defficit 4 55 |
|  | Dividends paid：${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 57 \\ & 58 \end{aligned}$ | stock |

For footnotes，see pp．346－348．
Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net PART III.-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME - -Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Receipts: | $\begin{array}{r} 447,591 \\ 15,007 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 112,395 \\ 1,777 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 561,763 \\ 30,668 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 139,350 \\ 3,134 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 647,262 \\ 19,533 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 827,818 \\ 17,929 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,728 \\ 416,236 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31 \\ 57,763 \end{array}$ | 14,575 | 20,318 | 2324 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$-------------------1-1-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  | 81 | 29 | 5 | 46 | 47136 | $\begin{array}{r} 16,123 \\ 1,857 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,076 \\ 1,082 \end{array}$ | 10,818 | 292 | 25 |
| - Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$------- | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 930 | 96 | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,348 | 4,622 | 3,190 | 49 | 27 |
|  | 335 | 16 | 75 | 64 | 709 | 295 | 59,470 | 53, 638 | 26,996 | 21, 718 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 1,085 | 388 | 2, 467 | 323 | 2,918 | 2, 368 | 251, 717 | 5, 739 | 2, 819 | 674 | 29 |
|  | 14 |  | 10 | 150 | 88 | 171 | 7, 403 | 3,133 | 188 | 22 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 35 |  | 121 | 23 | 28 | 59 | 752 | 318 | 42 | 24 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 226 | 31 | 404 | 109 | 376 | 711 | 6,573 | 2,669 | 543 | 515 | 32 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$..... | 370 | 7 | 257 | 143 | 309 | 595 | 39,582 | 15, 369 | 84 | 530 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 19 | 3 | 9 | 33 | 55 | 90 | 10, 132 | 6,526 | 570 | 157 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  | 85 |  | 4 | 2 | 293 | 235 | 6 |  | 35 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 4, 103 | 961 | 4,520 | 1, 231 | 9,473 | 6,148 | 29, 737 | 8,238 | 1, 467 | 2,794 | 36 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | 468, 797 | 115,587 | 600, 412 | 144, 565 | 680, 801 | 850, 252 | - 851, 951 | 172, 439 | 62, 228 | 47, 189 | 37 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 384,431 | 81,340 | 316,868 | 109, 696 | 478,730 | 694, 610 | 4,036 | 55 |  |  | 38 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 11, 147 | 1,221 | 18, 942 | 2,456 | 12,500 | 12, 421 | 10, 172 | 90 |  |  | 39 |
| Compensation of officers | 12,857 | 5,769 | 25, 074 | 5,991 | 28,454 | 23, 528 | ${ }^{1} 173,042$ | 27, 067 | 7, 347 | 6,079 | 40 |
| Rent paid on business propert | 6, 624 | 4,599 | 28, 061 | 2,296 | 20, 258 | 10, 611 | 31, 932 | 6,581 | 1,700 | 1,704 | 41 |
|  | 1,604 | 541 | 7,043 | 584 | 3, 224 | 2,977 | 28, 469 | 1,190 | 1580 | 249 | 42 |
| Bad debts. | 1, 410 | 45 | 440 | 524 | 2,417 | 2,527 | 29,381 | 22, 285 | 8, 434 | 12,422 | 43 |
| Interest paid. | 2, 278 | 302 | 2, 202 | 782 | 3, 073 | 3, 663 | 148, 617 | 53, 126 | 7,433 | 13, 384 | 44 |
|  | 3, 063 | 1,391 | 12,362 | 1, 534 | 8, 047 | 6,550 | 88, 983 | 7, 286 | 2,219 | 2,017 | 45 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ | + 27 | 1. 18 | 13. 696 | 1, 14 | -86 | - 84 | 307 77 | 69 | - 29 | 2, 15 | 46 |
| Depreciation. | 3,592 | 1,231 | 13,866 | 1,654 | 7,881 | 7,553 | 77, 956 | 6, 217 | 1,598 | 2,046 | 47 |
| Depletion |  |  |  | 35 |  | 87 | 1,363 | 127 | 52 |  | 48 |
| Amortization ${ }^{27}$ | 43 | 7 | 130 | , 4 | 1179 | 30 | -119 |  |  |  | 49 |
|  | 4, 465 | 975 | 4,814 | 1,302 | 11, 730 | 7,384 | 9, 913 | 3,834 | 1, 029 | 1,152 | 50 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 43 | 16 | 76 | 45 | 158 | 392 | 1, 725 | 922 | 424 | 167 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$...... | 50 449 | $\begin{array}{r}72 \\ \hline 186\end{array}$ | 1, 068 | 162 | 996 | ${ }_{114}^{614}$ | 43,383 | 13, 304 | 4,591 | 5,654 | 52 |
|  | 50,219 | 21, 186 | 195,397 | 23, 147 | 129,610 | 114, 663 | 504, 845 | 106, 261 | 31, 298 | 29, 980 | 53 |
| Total compiled deductions. | 482, 252 | 118,713 | 626, 412 | 150, 226 | 707, 243 | 887, 694 | ${ }^{32} 1,054,243$ | 248, 414 | 66,734 | 74,769 | 54 |
| Compiled net loss (37 less 54) | 13, 455 | 3, 126 | 26,000 | 5, 661 | 26, 442 | 21, 442 | 202, 292 | 75, 975 | 4,506 | 27, 580 | 55 |
| Deficit 4 (55 less 27) | 13,455 | 3,126 | 26,000 | 5,661 | 26, 442 | 31,448 | 207, 640 | 80, 597 | 7,696 | 27, 629 | 56 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {c }}$. | 164 | 78 | 616 | 141 | 888 | 979 | 19, 343 | 13, 365 |  |  | 57 |
| Corporation's own stock...............- | 70 | 9 | 19 | 58 | 167 | 311 | 1,317 | $\begin{array}{r}13,123 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, 450 | - 225 | 58 |



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|  |  | $\bar{\infty}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \hline 0 . \\ \tilde{A}^{\prime} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  |


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| 23 | Receipts： |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross recelpts from operations is |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less |
|  |  |
| 26 | Subject to surtax oniy is |
| 27 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{18}$ |
| 28 | Other interest |
|  | Rents ${ }^{18}$ |
|  | Royalties 17 |
| 31 | Excess of net short－term capital gain over net long－term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ |
| 32 | Excess of net long－term capital gain over net |
| 33 | short－term capital loss．18 |
| 34 | Dividends，domestic corporations 20 |
|  | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |
| 36 | Other receipts ${ }^{22}$－－．．．－ |
| 37 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ |
|  | Deductions： |
| 38 | Cost of goods sold 22 |
| 39 | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |
| 40 | Compensation of offlcers． |
| 41 | Rent paid on business property |
| 42 | Repairs ${ }^{24}$ |
|  | Bad debts． |
| 44 | Interest pald |
| 45 | Taxes paid ${ }^{23}$ |
| 46 | Oontributions or gifts ${ }^{28}$ |
| 47 | Depreciation |
| 48 | Depietion |
| 49 | Amortization |
| 50 | Advertising． |
| 51 | Amounts contributed under pension plans， |
| 52 | Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |
| 63 | Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ |
| 54 | Total compiled deductions． |
| 65 | Compiled net loss（37 less 54 ） |
| 56 | Defficit 4 （ 55 less 27 ） |
|  | Divldends paid： |
| 57 | Cash and assets other than own |
| 58 | Corporation＇s own stock． |

Table 4.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1948 , by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with vidend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net
PART III.-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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| 굥 귱 <br> ©is | N |  | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\sim}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 镸 } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  | 以出응쿠 กํㅜㅇ N－ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \text { H } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 100 \\ 080 \\ \hline \end{array}$ mo | － |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { no } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ |  | $\stackrel{8}{-1}$ |  | 盛 |  <br>  <br>  |  | ～ | －\％ | $\underset{\sim}{\circ}$ |
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Receipts：

| 23 | Recelpts： <br> Gross sales 11 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 24 | Gross receipts from operations 12 |
|  | Interest on Government obligations（less amortizable bond premium）： |
| 25 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{18}$ |
| 26 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{16}$ |
| 27 | Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{18}$ ． |
| 28 | Other interest． |
| 29 | Rents ${ }^{16}$ |
| 30 | Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |
| 31 | Excess of net short－term capital gain over net long－term capital loss． 18 |
| 32 | Excess of net long－term capital galn over net short－term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ |
| 33 | Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ ．．－．． |
| 34 | Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ |
| 35 | Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$－ |
| 36 | Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ |
| 37 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
|  | Deductions： |
| 38 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ |
| 39 | Cost of operations ${ }^{28}$ |
| 40 | Compensation of officers． |
| 41 | Rent paid on business property |
| 42 | Repairs ${ }^{24}$ |
| 43 | Bad debts． |
| 44 | Interest paid． |
| 45 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ |
| 46 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ |
| 47 | Depreciation |
| 48 | Depletion．－ |
| 49 | Amortization ${ }^{27}$ |
| 50 | Advertising |
| 51 | Amounts contributed under pension plans，etc．${ }^{28}$ |
| 52 | Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |
| 53 | Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ |
| 54 | Total compiled deductions． |
| 55 | Compiled net loss（37 less 54） |
| 56 | Deficit ${ }^{\text {（ } 55}$ less 27） |
|  | Dividends paid：${ }^{6}$ |
| 57 | Cash and assets other than own stock 0 |
| 58 | Corporation＇s own stock． |

For footnotes，see pp．346－348．


Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{40}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net ncome: Net operating PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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|  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline 4 \\ 50 \\ \infty \\ 50 \\ 40 \end{array}$ |  దీN్రీల్m <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & 10 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \\ & 40 \end{aligned}$ | 농요융 N 88썌야 N゙N゙ージゥ |
| $\%^{\infty}$ |  | 砢 |  | ঞ্ন |  |
| 쑥 |  | ¢ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| $$ |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline \infty \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.8 \\ & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & \text { 20 } \end{aligned}$ | 꿍्ㅜ구약 웅 <br>  |
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|  |  ㅇo야앵 ర్ర＂ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline-0 \\ 7 \\ 15 \\ 5 \\ \\ -7 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  <br>  <br>  <br>  ${ }_{-1}{ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$ | 哭｜ |  |
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For footnotes，see pp．346－348．
TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS—Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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| Recelpts： <br> Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ $\qquad$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$$\qquad$ Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$$\qquad$ |  |
| Interest on Government obligations（less amortiz－ able bond premium）： |  |
|  |  |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ <br> Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{15}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Rents ${ }^{18}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Excess of net short－term capital gain over net long－ term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ |  |
| Excess of net long－term capital gain over net short－ term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ |  |
| Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ ．．．．．．．．．． |  |
|  |  |
| Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{23}$ |  |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ |  |
| Deductions： |  |
|  | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ |
|  | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |
|  | Compensation of officers |
|  | Rent paid on business proper |
|  | Repairs ${ }^{24}$ |
|  | Bad debts |
|  | Interest pai |
|  | Taxes paid ${ }^{35}$ |
|  | Contributions or gifts |
|  | Depreciation |
|  | Depletion－．－ |
|  | Amortization |
|  | Advertising． |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans，etc．${ }^{28}$ Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ Other deductions 20 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Total compiled deductions．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．－－ |  |
| Compiled net profit or net loss（38 less 55）．．．Net income or deficit 4 （56 less 28）．．．．．．．．． |  |
|  |  |
| Income $\operatorname{tax}^{8}$ ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
|  |  |
| Compiled net prof Dividends paid： 6 |  |
|  |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ ． |  |
| Corporation＇s own stock．．．．．．．－－－．．．－－－－ |  |

[^36]
TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidaries, assets and aive also, for returns with net income: Net operating for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { KNONO } \\ & \text { Fin } \\ & \text { Fin } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ N \\ N \\ 8 \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  <br>  ๗ | $$ |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \infty \\ 00 & \\ 0 & \\ 0 & \end{array}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  <br>  <br>  స్ల゙が | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 동 } \\ & \text { a } \\ & \text { do } \\ & \text { io } \end{aligned}$ | \％్ㅜ웅ㅇㅇ <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 옹우 } \\ & \text { N⿵冂 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | No స్యి్లి | $\infty$ | H ్ㅜ유양 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{2}{2} \\ & \text { ボ } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  O6\％ ヘian riri | $\cdots$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nio } \\ & \text { N上 } \\ & \text { © } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{l:l\|l} \hline \text { 오요 } \\ & 7 & \\ & \\ & \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 9 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{N}_{2} \\ & \infty \\ & \infty_{0} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { B } \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ N－ $\sim$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RR } \\ & \text { Hin } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\square$ | ¢ ¢ ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{N}_{\infty} \\ & \text { ä } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 9 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { N్ల } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{0}{0}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \infty \\ \hat{N} \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{gathered}\right.$ |  | ¢ $\begin{aligned} & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { ¢ }\end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \text { \% } \\ & 45 \end{aligned}$ | ๗rల్గ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | 毋ifying <br>  <br>  ल్․ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 오 } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | 会 |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{7}}$ |  |  |  <br> －inc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nิ웅 } \\ & \text { ※े } \end{aligned}$ |  | -7욱 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \infty \text { No } \\ & \text { N్ } \\ & \text { م్Nn } \\ & \text { Nis } \end{aligned}$ |  | \& |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { H } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  <br> ๗ัロッロ <br>  <br> 앤ํㅇ <br>  <br> が ぶ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \underset{0}{8} \\ & \underset{\sim}{6} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\infty$ <br> Niか | ~moce | ¢ | $100 \infty$ | ¢ |  | ¢ |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ ． Corporation＇s own stock．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |

For footnotes，see pp．346－348．


Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$-Continued

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Public utilities-Continued |  |  | Trade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Communication | Electric and gas utilities | Other public utilities | Total trade | Wholesale |  |  | Retail |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total wholesale | Commission merchants | Other wholesalers | Total retail | Food | $\begin{gathered} \text { General } \\ \text { merchan. } \\ \text { dise } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| 7 39 | 41 357 | 141 | 279 957 | 126 263 | 11 17 | 1115 | 116 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 12 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 123 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\underline{1}$ |
|  |  |  | 90,322 | 32,035 | 413 | 31,622 | 55,702 | 470 | 8,764 | 3 |
| 10,542 | 157, 288 | 4,232 | 122,962 | 63, 062 | 773 | 62, 289 | 49,339 | 1,003 | 19,301 | 4 |
|  | 15, 029 |  | 4, 391 | 1,082 | 4 | 1,078 | 2,780 | , 24 | 1,077 | 5 |
| 4,292 | 182,590 | 2,413 | 215, 801 | 88, 268 | 312 | 87,956 | 117,430 | 1,171 | 23, ${ }^{1}$, 377 | 7 |
| 1,439 | 86, 958 |  | 28,814 | 10, 072 |  | 10, 072 | 18, 100 | 74 419 | 5, 352 | 7 |
| 8,526 | 1,341,667 | 15,664 | 80,076 | $\begin{array}{r}54,788 \\ 113 \\ \hline 160\end{array}$ | 1,476 3,173 | 53,312 110,287 | 20,744 145,359 | 419 2,319 | 623 22,040 | 8 |
| 116, 226 | 5, 712, 094 | 196, 472 | 277, 204 | 113,460 | 3,173 | 110, 287 | 145, 359 | 2,319 | 22,040 5,951 | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 54,710 1,412 | $1,284,057$ 37,753 | 22,748 2 | 124,124 17,834 | 56,289 5,709 | 917 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 55, } \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 63,490 11,728 | 1,168 371 | 5,951 | 11 |
| 1,307 | 182, 309 | 7,385 | 20,184 | 5,853 | 96 | 5,757 | 13,448 | 152 | 1,861 | 12 |
| 99,358 | 6,679,923 | 212, 334 | 724,682 | 315, 876 | 5,322 | 310,554 | 365, 580 | 4,787 | 74,681 | 13 |
| 5,620 | 132, 781 | 910 | 93,368 | 51, 193 | 419 | 50,774 | 34,204 | 1,378 | 3,004 | 14 |
| 729 | 143,938 | 54 | 42,468 | 28,624 | 186 | 28,438 | 10,490 | 231 | 856 | 15 |
| 34,515 | 2,189,873 | 132, 607 | 101, 141 | 27,559 | 567 | 26, 992 | 69,308 | 498 | 13,294 | 16 |
| 10, 676 | - 344,322 | 15,437 | 60,998 | 22, 655 | 249 | 22, 406 | 34,987 | 322 | 11,442 | 17 |
| 6,825 | 529, 918 | 31,708 | 50,160 | 30,475 |  |  |  | 882 |  | 18 |
| 5,363 2 2 | 2, 065, 329 | 14,226 4,346 | 127,971 36,194 | 71,286 <br> 13 <br> 155 | 2,278 | 69,008 13,379 | 53, 276 16,547 | $\begin{array}{r}867 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8, 259 4,208 | 19 20 |
| 2,508 33,146 | 1, 3128,957 | 4,346 13,172 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 36, } \\ \text { 266,969 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13,755 90,856 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 1,554 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13,379 89,302 20,220 | 165,547 | $\begin{array}{r}56 \\ 851 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 32,976 | 21 |
| - 24 | 1, 67, 856 | 126 | 54,587 | 20, 527 | 1,307 | 20, 220 | 33, 535 | 48 | 359 | 22 |
| 99,358 | 6,679, 923 | 212,334 | 724,682 | 315, 876 | 5,322 | 310, 554 | 365, 580 | 4,787 | 74,881 | 23 | assets and liabilities)-Continued



For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilsties, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$---................. | 209, 399 | 10,755 | 35,315 | 247, 309 | 93, 408 | 3,988 | 48,007 | 62,695 | 16,902 | 15,718 | 24 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  | 877 | 2,966 | 254 | 288 | 169 | 5,720 | 875, 289 | 213, 916 | 25 |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$... | 12 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 56 |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  |  | 1 |  | 6 |  |  |  | 25, ${ }_{\text {¢ }} \mathbf{2 7 8}$ | 19,7 3,503 | 27 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$--.- |  |  |  |  | 11 |  |  |  | ¢, 016 | 1,990 |  |
| Other interest |  |  | 26 |  | 39 | 7 | 153 | 169 | 97, 342 | 93, 565 | 29 |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$ | 404 |  |  | 15 | 1,257 | 3 | 748 | 403 | 28, 257 | 11, 992 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net |  |  |  | 15 |  |  | 74 | 136 51 | 2,140 | 124 | 31 32 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 18 |  | 10 | 799 | 276 |  | 1 | 305 | 7,914 | 2,569 | 33 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$ | 2 |  | 13 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 3 | 3,131 |  |  |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ - |  | 2 | 99 | 81 | 14 | 1 | 17 | 18 | 33,265 | 16,931 | ${ }_{35}^{34}$ |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ - |  |  |  | 307 | 85 |  |  |  | -3, 948 | 1,590 |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 7,767 | 1,789 | 337 | 3,333 | 402 | 47 | 1,259 | 182 | 19,241 | 10,085 | 37 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 219,904 | 12,906 | 36,721 | 256, 852 | 95, 810 | 4,335 | 50,437 | 69,682 | 1, 120,444 | 392, 104 | 38 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 150, 606 | 5,288 | ค. 538 | 164, 579 | 51, 177 | 3,155 | 30, 928 | 51,471 | 13,832 | 12,929 |  |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |  |  | 175 | 3, 304 | 30, 28 | 2,000 | 13,82 3,623 | 12, 769 | 40 |
| Compensation of officers. | 1,414 | 298 | 536 | 1,047 | 897 | 143 | 729 | 1,034 | 16,846 | 12,612 | 41 |
| Rent paid on business proper | 10,019 | 302 | 322 | 11,846 | 5,598 | 24 | 2, 552 | 1,376 | 13,040 | 7,093 | 42 |
| Rad debts | 1,051 99 | 64 141 | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,724 93 | 1,296 | ${ }^{8}$ | 255 | 404 | 4,419 | 1,902 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 415 | 36 | 176 | 1,196 | 202 | 18 | 289 287 | 281 | 29,945 49898 | 27,451 41,350 | $4{ }^{45}$ |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{23}$ | 2, 522 | 141 | 252 | 5,643 | 2,164 | 30 | 399 | 594 | 38,953 | 11, 407 |  |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ | 107 | 9 | 5 | 81 | 29 |  | 6 | 11 | ${ }^{553}$ | 1, 299 | 47 |
| Depreciation | 2,166 | 54 | 306 | 3,146 | 1,730 | 37 | 373 | 892 | 13,147 | 5,836 | 48 |
| Amortization ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 81 | 31 | 1,018 | 180 | 49 |
|  | 1,251 | 319 | 309 | 4,398 | 594 | $43^{-7}$ | 859 |  |  |  |  |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ Net loss, sales other than capital assets 19 |  | - | -- |  | 205 |  | $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 20 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11 17 | 6,074 | 3,189 | 51 52 52 |
|  | 38, 305 | 6,012 | 4,521 | 60, 549 | 30,083 | 555 | 13,726 | 10, 261 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,875 \\ 801,658 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,187 \\ 198,928 \end{array}$ | 53 54 |
| Total compiled deductio | 208, 597 | 12,673 | 36, 349 | 254, 302 | 94, 154 | 4,334 | 50,528 | 68,212 | 1,008, 903 | 336, 219 | 55 |
| Compiled net profit or net loss (38 less 55) | 11,307 | 233 | 372 |  |  | 1 | ${ }^{33} 91$ | 1,470 | 111, 541 | 55,885 | 56 |
| Net income or deficit ${ }^{\text {4 ( }}$ (56 less 28) Net operating loss dcduction | 11,307 | 233 4 | 372 | 2,550 | 1,645 | 1 | ${ }^{33} 91$ | 1,470 | 106, 525 | 53, 805 | 57 |
| Income tax ${ }^{5}$. | 4,576 | 79 | 240 | 884 | 745 |  |  | 75 | 8,432 31,356 | 1,373 18,048 |  |
| Compiled net proft less income tax (56 less 59) | 6,731 | 154 | 132 | 1,666 | 911 | ${ }^{34} 10$ | ${ }^{34} 262$ | 723 | 31,356 80,185 | 18,048 37 | 60 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporation's own stock................ | 2, 729 | 3 | 97 | 420 | 1,291 | ----- | 157 | 799 | 76,159 | 51,860 | 61 |

Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid oy ype of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profi loss PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{40}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating oss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (excepl PART I.-ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 4－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{40}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1} 1948$ ，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income， and returns with no net income：Number of returns，number of subsidiaries，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions， compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income tax，and compiled net profit less income tax；for returns with no balance sheets，in total only，the same items（excep
PART II．－CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4 ［Money fignres in thousands of dollars］

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|  |  | 28 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline \mathbf{9} \\ & \stackrel{5}{8} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  | $\infty$ 운웅오 <br>  <br>  |  |
|  |  | 을 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { R } \\ & \text { in } \\ & \text { Ni } \end{aligned}$ | > esec |  | 묵유웅 <br>  నiః్ ¢్ర゙ |  |
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[^37]PART II.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{4}$-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars] assets and liabilities)-Continued

| PART II.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME ${ }^{4}$-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Miningand quarrying-Continued |  |  | Construc-tion | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Bituminous coal and lignite mining | Crude petro- leum and natural gas production | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Nonrnetal- } \\ & \text { lic mining } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { quarrying } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { manu- } \\ & \text { facturing } \end{aligned}$ | Beverages | Food and kindred products | Tobacco manufactures | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Textile- } \\ & \text { mill } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Apparel } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { products } \\ \text { made from } \\ \text { fabrics } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ |  | 14 43 | 20 | 31 | 33 79 | $\begin{array}{r} 256 \\ 1,235 \end{array}$ | + ${ }^{5} 4$ | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ -\quad 149 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | - 18 | 1 |
| 3 | Assets: Cash ${ }^{36}$ | 14,159 | 14,176 | 793 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , | Notes and accounts receivable | 6,378 | 24,098 | 2,396 | 36, 823 | 1,993, 061 | 15,398 | 53, 207 |  | 10,718 | 3,882 |  |
| 5 | Less: Reserve for bad debts | 92 | 1,961 | 29 |  | 62, 681 | 12 | 3, 952 |  |  | -108 |  |
| 6 | Inventories.---.-.-......... | 3,311 | 15,968 | 2,452 | 5, 039 | 2, 463, 129 | 757 | 113, 847 |  | 27,946 | 4,876 |  |
| 7 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{37}$ | 12,139 | 440 | 20 | 1,219 | 1, 119, 395 | 47, 116 | 6, 278 |  | 1,675 | 4, 252 |  |
| 8 | Other investments ${ }^{38}$ | 121, 013 | 25, 230 | 2,444 | 18, 254 | 2, 590, 121 | 5,764 | 11, 582 |  | 4,842 | 647 |  |
| 9 | Gross capital assets ${ }^{30}$ (except land) | 48, 182 | 252, 318 | 13, 558. | 35,904 | 13, 107, 427 | 6,144 | 281, 791 |  | 32, 114 | 3,752 | 8 |
| 11 | Less: Reserves | 20, 922 | 90,483 | 2,661 | 7,767 | 6, 402, 730 | 1,097 | 112, 5445 |  | 9,416 | 2,107 | 10 |
| 112 | Other assets ${ }^{10}$ | 793 1,208 | 3,632 <br> 4,970 | $\begin{array}{r}32 \\ 454 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,100 5,504 | 213,106 218,086 | 83 563 | - $-3,304$ -368 |  | 518 2,662 | 23 230 | 12 |
| 13 | Total assets ${ }^{\text {41 }}$ | 186, 169 | 248, 448 | 19,469 | 115, 582 | 16, 555, 363 | 76, 822 | 417,409 |  | 76, 998 | 12,359 | 13 |
|  | Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Accounts payable <br> Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: | 8,643 | 17, 215 | 760 | 20,490 | 1,578, 066 | 6,933 | 40,350 |  | 4,584 | 2,466 | 14 |
| 15 | Maturity less than 1 year--- | 3,909 | 7,714 | 1,036 | 4,821 | 87,787 | 1,227 | 7,023 |  | 2,325 | 4, 310 | 15 |
| 16 | Maturity 1 year or more | 4,061 <br> 3,592 <br> 1 | 107,060 13,561 | 4, 203 | 12,989 12,845 | 2,133, 334 | 1,093 58,364 | $\begin{aligned} & 89,272 \\ & 17: 816 \end{aligned}$ |  | 5,492 11,422 | 1,673 1,009 | 16 |
| 178 | Otber liabilities ${ }^{12}$ Capital stock, preferred | 3,592 1,796 | 13,561 1,271 | 1904 2,953 2,783 | $\begin{array}{r}12,845 \\ 4,279 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,085,737 \\ 826,960 \end{array}$ | 58, 364 | $\begin{array}{r} 17 ; 816 \\ 7,454 \end{array}$ |  | 11,422 9,367 | 1,009 2,031 | 17 |
| 19 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{43}$ | 94, 904 | 44,696 | 2,712 | 16, 227 | 4,774, 736 | 3, 641 | 76,091 |  | 3,602 | 1, 695 | 19 |
| 20 | Surplus reserves-...-...-.-.-.-- | 15,727 | 9, 267 | 7 673 | 7, 888 | 594, 782 | 350 | 45, 011 |  | 4,723 |  | 20 |
| 21 | Surplus and undivided profits 4 <br> Less: Deficit ${ }^{45}$ | 56,213 2,676 | 76,977 29,313 | 7,736 1,508 | 36, 314 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,174,816 \\ 100,855 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,739 \\ & 33,525 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,675 \\ 12,675 \\ 8,283 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 36,276 \\ 793 \end{array}$ | 3,171 | 21 |
| 23 | Total liabilities ${ }^{11}$. | 186, 169 | 248, 448 | 19,469 | 115, 582 | 16, 555, 363 | 76, 822 | 417,409. |  | 76,998 | 12, 359 | 23 |


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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { No }{ }^{\circ} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | cio | $\begin{aligned} & \circ \\ & \\ & =1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { च } \\ =1 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | \％ |


For footnotes，see pp．346－348．
Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{16}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
PART II.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4-Continned
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales receipts from operations ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 20, 223 | 7,071 | 15,426 2,690 | $212,639$ | $638,365$ | 8,194, 923 | 2,694 | 6,519 | 29,146 | 4, 477,060 | 4 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 579, 617 |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$.----- |  |  | 27 | 167 | 220 | 4,809 |  |  | 5 | 6,116 |  |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  | 24 | 2 | , 241 |  |  |  | 51 | 27 |
| Other interest.-...------- | 9 | 3 | 60 | 9 492 | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 643 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 145 4,155 |  |  |  | ${ }_{6} 95$ |  |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 126 | 10 | 21 | 4,133 | 1,134 | 49,666 | 1 | ${ }_{15}^{2}$ | 11 | 16,614 | 29 30 |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |  | 20 | 8 | 344 | 1,818 | 8, 361 |  |  |  | 12, 680 |  |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net longterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  | -15 |  |  |  | 3, 8 | ${ }_{32}$ |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 467 | 59 |  | 1,549 | 782 | 27, 245 | 6 | 229 | 181 | 3,802 | 33 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$---.---.-- | 1 |  |  |  | 95 | 247 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ - | 7 |  | 29 | 1,294 | 792 | 194,992 |  |  | 7 | 8,728 | 35 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  |  | 2,517 | 44, 556 |  |  |  | 8,872 |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{23}$ | 72 | 38 | 116 | 1,806 | 1,649 | 41, 292 | 12 | 25 | 279 | 11,287 | 37 |
| Total compiled receipts | 20,952 | 7,207 | 18, 377 | 242, 822 | 662, 163 | 9, 020, 256 | 2,715 | 6,790 | 29, 835 | 5, 128, 240 | 38 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 14,402 | 5,515 | 11,831 | 147, 408 | 392,039 | 6, 248, 151 | 2,218 | 4,969 | 22, 702 | 3, 532, 582 |  |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |  | 14,100 | -6,761 | -, 325,437 | 2,218 | 4,969 | 22, 174 | 3, 4334,046 |  |
| Compensation of officers. | 385 | 226 | 262 | 2,421 | 5,543 | 9, 016 | 81 | 137 | 509 | 11,545 | 41 |
| Rent paid on business pro | 84 | 31 | 11 | 1,979 | 2,949 | 43, 052 | 4 | 17 | 125 | 17, 320 | 42 |
| Bad debts. | 110 | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 158 | 1,158 | 9,690 | 168,118 | 1 | 46 | 347 | 126, 882 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 119 | 37 | 105 | 1,142 | 2,692 | 43, 134 | 8 | ${ }_{28}^{3}$ | 130 | 2, 613 |  |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 358 | 126 | 142 | 4, 020 | 6,375 | 157, 248 | 37 | 103 | 386 | 103, 007 |  |
| Contributions or gifts 2 | 41 | 1 | 15 | , 249 | -178 | 1,636 |  | 8 | 10 | 1,174 |  |
| Depreciation | 393 | 128 | 261 | 3,849 | 9, 013 | 216, 046 | 36 | 46 | 985 | 117, 239 | 48 |
| Amortization 27 | 642 |  |  |  | 556 | 280, 768 |  |  | 1 | 46,199 | 49 |
| Advertising----- | 33 | 45 | 321 | 1,278 | 62, 091 | 29, 817 | 31 | 159 | 113 | 10, 836 | 50 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  | 1, 510 | 3,859 | 52, 519 |  |  | 100 | 17,923 | 52 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{29}$...........---........ | 2,614 | 871 | 4,161 | 43, 362 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ \hline 116,739\end{array}$ | 620, 299 | 280 | 846 | 3, 232 | - 153 | 53 54 |
| Total compiled deductions | 19,232 | 7,026 | 17, 275 | 223, 514 | 619,302 | 8, 204, 545 | 2,703 | 6,362 | 28,941 | 4,596, 013 | 55 |
| Compiled net profit (38 less 55) |  | 181 |  |  | 42, 861 | 815, 711 | 12 | 428 | 894 | 532, 227 |  |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ (56 less 28 )---- | 1,720 | 181 | 1,102 | 19,299 | 42, 853 | 815, 566 | 12 | 428 | 894 | 532, 132 | 57 |
| Income tax ${ }^{8}$-................. | 17 |  |  | 923 | 825 |  | 2 |  | 65 | 343 | 58 |
| Compiled net profit less income tax (56 less 59 ) | 1,115 | 114 | ${ }_{6}^{431}$ | 6,697 | 16,360 | 254, 812 | 2 | 136 | 324 | 198, 762 | 59 |
| Dividends paid; ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 1,115 | 114 | 671 | 12,611 | 26,501 | 560, 899 | 10 | 292 | 570 | 333, 465 | 60 |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$. Corporation's own stock | 147 | 44 | 92 | 12, 251 | 15,474 | 308, 964 | 44 | 86 | 236 | 140,668 |  |
| Corporation's own stock...- |  |  |  | 2 | 9, 000 | 113, 290 |  |  | 799 | -78 | 62 |


and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subid by type of dividend; also, for rompiled receipts, compiled deductions,解 assets and liabilities)-Continued
PART II. -CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 1 -Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$---...- | 77,315 | 681,376 | 164, 611 | 319,058 | 496, 804 | 5,446 | 62,373 | 44, 895 | 145, 953 | 110, 810 | 24 |
| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | 2,518 | 1,601 | 4, 791 | 214, 034 |  |  | 767 | 498 | 5, 608, 679 | 4, 086, 788 | 25 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$... | 17 | 1,362 | 3 | 1,003 |  |  | 29 | 6 | 5, 323 | 3,750 | 26 |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 103 |  | 27 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 3 | 11 |  | 5 |  |  |  | 8 | 143 | 57 | 28 |
| Other interest... | 48 | 1,197 | 4,308 | 484 | 564 |  | 418 | 84 | 39, 015 | 19,976 | 29 |
| Rents ${ }^{18}$ | 87 | 1,823 | 1,824 | 749 | 71 | 34 | 43 | 285 | 104, 568 | 95, 433 | 30 |
|  | 21 | 390 | 1,326 | 1,095 | 5 |  | 8 | 44 | 3, 972 | 3, 022 | 31 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net longterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | 32 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 64 | 456 | 2,642 | 4,773 | 108 | 1 | 5 | 83 | 6,078 | 4, 200 | 33 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$---------- | 5 | 4 | 1 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 617 | 442 | 34 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ | 6 | 247 | 805 | 1,464 | 407 | 32 | 116 | 72 | 92,081 | 42,784 | 35 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ | 18 | 1,357 | 4,300 |  |  |  |  | 108 | 10,239 | 4, 806 | 36 |
|  | 427 | 2,199 | 1,836 | 2,091 | 965 | 26 | 1,059 | 637 | 17,670 | 11,807 | 37 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{6}$ | 80,529 | 692, 085 | 186, 447 | 544, 833 | 499, 093 | 5,709 | 64, 818 | 46, 720 | 6, 034, 444 | 4,383, 964 | 38 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 57, 560 | 407, 242 | 141, 977 | 267, 595 | 396, 987 | 4,290 | 44,348 | 27,474 | 123, 326 | 97,873 | 39 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 2,004 | 268 |  | 188, 837 |  |  |  |  | 4, 040, 918 | 3, 194, 870 | 40 |
| Compensation of officers. | 1, 537 | 4,643 | 1,173 | 1,891 | 1,272 | 73 | 1,055 | 1,149 | 1, 14,321 | 7, 254 | 41 |
| Rent paid on business prop | 427 | 5,151 | 2,494 | 2,106 | 4,333 | 14 | 785 | 577 | 239, 136 | 227, 564 | 42 |
| Rad debts | 569 105 | 18,800 353 | 1,735 | $\begin{array}{r}6,669 \\ \hline 76\end{array}$ | 10, 573 | $\stackrel{2}{14}$ | 166 | 271 366 | 2,471 3,081 | 2,158 |  |
| Interest paid | 272 | 1, 501 | 4, 026 | 576 | 934 | 34 | 609 | 198 | 219, 373 | 135, 163 | 45 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{35}$ | 1,040 | 11, 374 | 3,407 | 8,581 | 4,693 | 71 | 807 | 791 | 356, 368 | 234, 911 | 46 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ | 1,90 | 825 | 73 | 142 | , 41 | 2 | 8 | 35 | 2,212 | 599 | 47 |
| Depreciation | 1,503 | 9,680 | 3,423 | 9,309 | 16, 541 | 64 | 776 | 523 | 247, 960 | 130, 576 | 48 |
| Depletion--.-- | 49 | 227 |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 15, 582 | 1,124 | 49 |
| Advertising. | 797 |  | 1,302 |  |  | 281 |  |  | 15,392 | 10,047 |  |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, | 71 | 7,209 | 1,734 | 3,123 | 271 |  | 1, 592 | 1,68 | 17,378 | 10,405 | 52 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets |  | 18 | 11 |  |  |  | 11 | 27 | 9,839 | 3,665 | 53 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 10,093 | 112,963 | 19,325 | 27,996 | 31,412 | 536 | 10,743 | 9,677 | 216, 089 | 99,673 | 54 |
| Total compiled deductions | 76,125 | 585, 280 | 179, 843 | 518, 360 | 475, 664 | 5,461 | 61,854 | 42,526 | 5, 537, 266 | 4, 158, 400 | 55 |
| Compiled net profit (38 less 55) | 4,404 | 106, 805 | 6, 604 | 26,473 | 23, 429 | 248 | 2,964 | 4,194 | 497, 178 | 225, 564 | 56 |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ (56 less 28 )--...- | 4,401 | 106, 794 | 6,604 | 26, 468 | 23, 429 | 248 | 2,964 | 4,186 | 497, 035 | 225,507 | 57 |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ |  | 2,213 41 | ${ }_{1}^{213}$ |  | ${ }^{937}$ |  | 25 | +595 | 5,261 | 5, 021 | ${ }_{59}^{58}$ |
| Compiled net profit less income tax ( 56 less 59 ) | 2,673 | 65, 174 | 4, 4 , 688 | 16, 460 | -14,481 | 160 | 1,832 | 2,804 | 131,097 | 152, 456 | 60 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ Corporation's own stock | 1,183 34 | 26,164 3,552 | 614 450 | 24, 404 | 2,243 | 7 | 1,250 | 714 378 | $241,243$ | 55,317 | 61 |

TABLe 4－A．－Consolidaied ${ }^{40}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1} 1948$ ，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income， and returns with no net income：Number of returns，number of subsidiaries，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions， compiled net profic or net loss，net assets and liabilities）－Continued
DATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME－Continued
［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

|  |  | －0 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{m}{\sim}$ | $\pm$ |  | ๙ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { B } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \text { E } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت్⿹\zh26灬 } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { ¢4 } \end{aligned}$ |  | ำ\％ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D } \\ & \text { Nin } \end{aligned}$ | － |  | \＃ स゙ से |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت口 } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ | NN |  | 8 |  |  | \％ |
|  |  |  |  | 앙 |  <br>  | 発 | oి |  <br>  | cos |
|  |  |  |  |  |  ผึ โ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \dot{8} \\ \text { ci } \\ \infty \\ \underset{\sim}{0} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { п్ } \\ & \text { ボ } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | ¢ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { E } \\ & \text { 券 } \\ & \text { I } \\ & \text { 흥 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | －0， |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & m_{0} \end{aligned}$ | あ | N0， | \％ |
|  |  |  |  | 묵 |  <br>  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \text { E } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 年 |  <br>  | － |
|  |  |  |  | 악연 |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r } \\ & \mathbf{~} \\ & \text { és } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{6} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 安 |
|  |  |  |  | mo |  |  | \％ |  <br>  | \％ N N |
|  |  |  |  | 휴유융 |  <br>  Nip－ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { 合 } \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}\right.$ | － |  స్స్సionion त तो－ | \＃ |
|  |  |  |  | －ッ |  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ \text { 毕 } \\ 98 \\ 80 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{0} \\ & \text { en } \end{aligned}$ |  ザల゙ビージベ | 咢 |


For footnotes, see pp. 346-34
Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income. income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
assets and liabilities)-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Less: Deficit ${ }^{15}$ | 2,451 | 1,138 | 83 | 20,998 |  |  | 5,159 | 194 | 75,600 | 7,443 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | 82, 597 | 7,283 | 6,607 | 113, 361 | 34,884 | 1,171 | 11, 511 | 33, 673 | 6,574, 841 | 4, 963, 602 | 23 |
| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ | 206, 438 | 10,755 | 20, 131 | 246, 586 | 70, 066 | 3,185 | 10,045 | 45,742 | 16,629 | 15,705 | 24 |
| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$-...--........-- |  |  |  | 2,966 |  |  |  | 5,569 | 840,558 | 191,993 | 25 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12 | 2 | 3 | - 5 | 50 |  | 9 |  | 24, 955 | 19,359 | 26 |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  | 5, 276 | 3, 502 |  |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  | 4, 989 | 1, 981 | 28 |
| Other interest. | 247 | 1 | 3 | 59 | 22 | 7 | 151 | 137 | 84, 819 | 81, 381 | 29 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$ | 2,404 | 123 | 30 | 1,978 | 545 | 3 | 2 | 323 | 25, 272 | 11, 299 | 30 |
| Royalties 17 <br> Excess of net short-term capital gain over net | 4 |  |  | 15 |  |  | 74 | 64 <br> 51 | 2, 176 |  | 31 32 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51 |  | 65 |  |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. 18 | 17 |  | 10 | 799 | 272 |  | 1 | 304 | 7,728 | 2.510 | 33 |
| Net gain, sales otber than capital assets ${ }^{19}$.. | 1 |  | 13 |  | 2 | 1 |  | 2 | 2,252 | 1, 081 | 34 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ |  | 2 | 90 | 81 | 14 | 1 | 17 | 9 | 33,162 | 16, 887 | 35 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  | 307 |  |  |  |  | 898 | 540 | 36 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 7, 548 | 1,789 | 174 | 3, 324 | 290 | 32 | 111 | 84 | 17,408 | 9,558 | 37 |
| Total compiled receip | 216, 714 | 12,906 | 21, 126 | 256, 120 | 71,482 | 3,517 | 10,429 | 52, 285 | 1, 066, 194 | 355, 913 | 38 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 148, 586 | 5,288 | 15,635 | 164, 052 | 41, 141 | 2, 514 | 6,586 | 37, 162 | 13, 376 | 12,916 | 39 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |  |  |  |  | 175 | 304 |  | 1,961 | 3,597 | 769 | 40 |
| Compensation of officers. | 1,362 | 298 | 393 | 1,035 | 617 | 94 | 281 | 715 | 14,364 | 10,710 | 41 |
| Rent paid on business property | 9, 720 | 302 | 214 | 11, 811 | 3,954 | 8 | 262 | 212 | 11, 812 | 6,089 | 42 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,044 \\ 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{64}{141}$ | 92 95 | 1,719 ${ }^{1}$ | 927 3 | ${ }_{11}^{6}$ | $\begin{array}{r}130 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 274 | 3,646 23,805 | 23, 453 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 408 | 146 | 90 | 1,190 | 37 | 11 | 204 | 220 | 43, 476 | 37, 751 | 45 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{26}$ | 2, 495 | 141 | 192 | 5,640 | 1,324 | 24 | 172 | 447 | 34,543 | 9, 880 |  |
| Contributions or gifts 26 | 107 | 9 | 5 |  |  |  | 2 | 10 | 552 | 299 | 47 |
| Depreciation | 2,124 | 54 | 246 | 3,135 | 1,203 | 27 | $\stackrel{233}{81}$ | 704 | 9,100 | 4, 475 | 48 |
| Depletion-..--7 |  |  |  |  | -...--....- |  | 81 | 28 | 1, 018 | 180 | 49 |
| Advertising. | 1,165 | 319 | 191 | 4,396 | 568 | 34 | 187 | 213 | 7, 879 | 6, 093 | 51 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 405 | - |  |  | 205 |  | 21 | 11 | 5,758 | 2, 894 | 52 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ | $\begin{array}{r}201 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1, $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 66 7,977 | 1,319 769,211 | 956 174,413 | 53 54 |
| Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 37, 489 | 6, 012 | 3,203 | 60,407 | 19, 292 | 440 | 1,791 | 7,977 | 769, 211 | 174, 413 |  |
| Total compiled deductions | 205, 194 | 12,673 | 20,456 | 253, 559 | 69,470 | 3,473 | 9,985 | 50, 241 | 943, 456 | 292, 628 | 55 |
| Compiled net profit (38 less 55) | 11, 520 | 233 | 670 | 2, 561 | 2,012 | 44 | 444 | 2, 044 | 122, 738 | 63,285 | 56 |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ (56 less 28) --.-.- | 11, 520 | 233 | 670 | 2, 561 | 2,002 | 44 | 444 | 2, 044 | 117,742 | 61, 304 | 57 |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{80}$ |  | 4 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 75 |  |  |  |
|  | 4,576 6,944 | 79 154 | 240 | 884 1,677 | 745 1,267 | 11 33 | ${ }_{273}^{171}$ | $\begin{array}{r}747 \\ 1,297 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 31,356 91,382 | 18,048 | 59 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ (ess income tax ( 56 less 59 ) | 6, 944 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and assets other tban own stock ${ }^{\theta}$-Cornoration's own stock | 2, 729 | 3 | 92 | 420 | 952 |  | 135 | 792 85 | $75, \underset{55}{328}$ | 51, 359 | 61 62 |

Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{48}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
PART II.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  |  |  |  | Returns wit | ith balance s | ceets, by ma | jor industr | ial groups ${ }^{7}$ | Continued |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Fina | nce, insuran | ce, real estat | , and lessor | s of real prop | perty-Con | tinued |  | Services |  |
|  |  |  | Finance- | Continued |  | Insurance | e carriers a | nd agents |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Banks and trust companies | Credit agencies other than banks | Holding and other investment companies | Security and com-modityexchange brokers and dealers | Total insurance carriers and agents | Insurance carriers | Insurance <br> agents and brokers | except lessors of real property other than buildings | Lessors of real property, except buildings | Total serv- ices |  |
| ${ }_{2}^{1}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ <br> Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{17}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 440 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 77 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 2 <br> 4 | $\begin{aligned} & 26 \\ & 96 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 80 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{8} 6$ | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 346 \end{array}$ | 5 6 | $\begin{array}{r} 68 \\ 668 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| 3 | Assets: <br> Cash ${ }^{36}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 115, 055 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Notes and accounts receivable | 622, 555 | 952, 776 | 189, 949 | 104 | 110,130 | 115,055 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2, } \\ 10,134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 22,928 | 2,531 | 107,071 42,439 |  |
| 5 | Less: Reserve for bad debts | 878 | 14,664 | 7,506 4,969 |  | 7 |  | -1 7 | 1,063 |  | 42, 663 |  |
| 7 | Investments, Government obligations ${ }^{37}$ | 1, 215, 329 | 39,115 | 215, 222 |  | 580,942 | 574, 173 | 6,769 | 3,394 | 1,371 | 140,651 31,016 |  |
| 8 | Other investrnents ${ }^{38}$ - | 143,767 | 33, 155 | 590, 568 | 60 | 416, 321 | 379, 063 | 37, 253 | 83,712 | 8,613 | 224, 532 |  |
|  | Gross capital assets ${ }^{39}$ (except land) | 28, 540 | 9, 292 | 21, 922 |  | 21,784 | 20, 414 | 1, 370 | 79, 647 | 66, 506 | 411, 750 |  |
| 10 | Lends: Reserves | 6,739 | 3,279 | 7,039 |  | 4,860 | 4, 584 | 176 | 22,751 | 3,774 | 210, 833 |  |
| 12 | Land.....-.-... | 1,561 12,174 | 309 5,769 | 6, 346 <br> 7,944 | 2 | 5,449 160,353 | 5, 293 160,309 | 156 44 | 37,485 10 | 286 | 125, 752 |  |
| 13 | Total assets ${ }^{41}$ | 2, 696, 845 | 1.131, 241 |  |  | 1,307,351 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,249,628 | 5,723 | 27, | 76,35 | 900, 087 | 13 |
| 14 | Accounts payable |  | 90, 053 | 413,115 | 36 | 10,989 |  | 10,989 |  | 135 |  |  |
|  | Bonds, notes, morttages payable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,8 | 135 | 38,280 | 14 |
| 15 | Maturity less than 1 year |  | 423,194 | 15, 085 |  |  |  |  | 3, 812 |  | 19,430 | 15 |
| 16 17 17 | Maturity 1 year or more |  | 248,779 | 57, 115 |  | 250 |  | 250 | 110,357 | 19,374 | 138,439 | 16 |
| 18 | Capital stock, preferred | 2,442, 500 | 110,178 55,923 | 303, 10,254 | $\begin{array}{r} 252 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | 877,525 17,571 | 876,416 3,571 | 1,109 14,000 | $\begin{array}{r}21,054 \\ 4,854 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,181 | 53,704 | 17 |
| 19 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{43}$ | 61, 972 | 85, 897 | 37,904 | 11 | 101,172 | 89,150 | 12,022 | 30, 409 | 39,874 | 136, 034 | 18 |
| 20 | Surplus reserves----.......- | 46,987 | 20,696 | 134, 489 | 11 | 5,227 |  | 5,227 | 5, 075 | 79 | 72, 792 | 20 |
| $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }_{\text {Less }}{ }^{\text {defict }}$ | 145, 130 | 96,994 | 171,124 6,972 | 21 | 328,960 34,343 | 314,004 | 14,956 | 70, 343 | 14,449 | 435, 025 | 21 |
| 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | + | 2,690,845 | 1,131,241 | 1,135, 165 | 351 | 1,307,351 | 1, 249, 628 | 57, 723 | 227, 533 | 76,355 | 900,087 | 23 |


|  | Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 |  |  |  | 15,705 |  |  |  |  | 924 |  | 25,945 | 24 |
| 25 | Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{\text {Intere }}$ - | 19,127 | 150, 455 | 20,827 | 1,584 | 613,837 | 603, 543 | 10,294 | 34,728 |  | 682, 442 | 25 |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ | 16,210 | 486 | 2,663 |  | 5,516 | 5,354 | 162 | 68 | 12 | 431 | 26 |
| 27 28 | Suhject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ | 2, 822 | 57 72 | 623 489 |  | 1,771 3,015 | 1,765 | 6 3 | 3 |  | 1 | 27 |
| 29 | Other interest. | 21,832 | 29,757 | 29,791 | 1 | 2,377 | 2,285 | 92 | 1,061 |  | 2,508 | 28 |
| 30 | Rents ${ }^{16}$-- | 6,293 | -376 | 4,630 |  | 5, 257 | ¢, 080 | 177 | 4,808 | 3,908 | 17,944 | 30 |
| 31 32 | Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |  |  | 50 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,994 | 4,460 | 31 |
| 32 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capitar loss. 18 | 64 | 1 |  |  | 71 | 71 |  | 40 |  |  | 32 |
| 33 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 1,065 | 752 | 693 |  | 850 | 779 | 71 | 4,313 | 55 | 5,096 | 33 |
| 34 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$.......-- | 1 | 153 | 917 | 10 | 21 | 11 | 10 | 1,149 | 1 | 77 | 34 |
| $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 36 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{30}$ | 1, 370 | 1,113 | 14, 395 | 9 | 14,458 | 12, 891 | 1,567 | 1,291 | 526 | 7,251 | 35 |
| $\begin{array}{r}36 \\ 37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  |  | 358 | 181 | 177 |  |  | 3,028 | 36 |
| 37 | Other receipts ${ }^{23}$---------------1. | 594 | 1,068 | 7,895 | 1 | 5, 111 | 5,086 | 175 | 2,160 | 579 | 18,324 | 37 |
| 38 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | 70,839 | 184, 298 | 99,171 | 1,605 | 652,642 | 640,058 | 12,584 | 50,564 | 7,075 | 767, 508 | 38 |
|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ |  |  | 12, 916 |  |  |  |  | 460 |  | 18,698 | 39 |
| 41 | Compensation of officers. | 5, 662 | 4,234 | 425 | 389 | 1,706 | 1,356 | 350 | 2,828 1,815 |  | 431,505 | 4 |
| 4 | Rent paid on business prop | 1,992 | 3,380 | 684 | 33 | 2,888 | 2,539 | 349 | 2,729 | 106 | 27, 390 | 42 |
| 4 | Repairs ${ }^{\text {R }}$ - | ${ }_{5}^{671}$ | 440 | 639 |  | 195 | 178 | 17 | 1,701 |  | 9,594 | 43 |
| 45 | Interest paid | 3, ${ }^{5}, 693$ | 16, 77 | $\stackrel{1}{6,346}$ |  | 658 | 1312 | 40 | 4 |  | 313 | 44 |
| 46 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 2, 248 | 4,623 | 2,976 | 28 | 18,577 | 18,417 | 160 | 5,934 | 152 | 17,367 | 45 46 |
| 47 | Contributions or gifts | 198 | 10 | 90 | 1 | 202 |  | 8 | , 48 | 1 | 17,567 | 47 |
| 48 | Depreciation. | 1,348 | 1,878 | 1,235 | 14 | 1,443 | 1,329 | 114 | 3,060 | 122 | 16, 287 | 48 |
| 49 | Depletion---- |  |  | 180 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 835 | , | 49 |
|  | Advortization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |
| 51 <br> 52 |  | 1,626 | 3, 848 | 595 | 24 | 1,098 | 1,056 | 42 | 687 | 1 | 22, 224 | 51 |
| 53 |  |  | 99 | 166 | 67 | 2,729 | 2,729 |  | 135 |  | 3,876 | 52 |
| 54 |  | 33,089 | 86, 873 | 53, 689 | 762 | 579,089 | 571,436 | 7,653 | 15,090 | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \\ & 619 \end{aligned}$ | 120, 705 | $\stackrel{53}{54}$ |
| 55 | Total compiled deduction | 58,507 | 150, 709 | 82, 092 | 1,320 | 608, 725 | 599, 984 | 8,741 | 39,114 | 2,989 | 682, 708 | 55 |
| 56 | Compiled net profit (38 less 55) | 12,332 |  | 17,079 | 285 | 43, 917 | 40,074 | 3,843 | 11,450 | 4,086 | 84,800 | 56 |
| 57 58 | Net income ${ }^{4}$ ( 56 less 28) | 10, 912 | 33, 517 | 16,590 | 285 | 40,902 | 37, 062 | 3,840 | 11, 450 | 4,086 | 84, 800 | 57 |
| 58 59 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 1,203 2608 | 12, 64 | , 106 |  | 6,543 | 6,541 |  | ${ }^{512}$ |  | 1,578 | 58 |
| 60 | Compiled net profit less income | 2,606 9,726 | 12, 890 | 2,441 | 111 | 8,622 | 7,638 | 984 | 3,246 | 1,440 | 29,974 | 59 |
|  | Dividends paid: ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ( | 9,726 | 20,699 | 14,638 | 174 | 35, 295 | 32,436 | 2,859 | 8,204 | 2,646 | 54, 826 | 60 |
| 61 | Cash and assets other than own stock 0 | 6,976 | 28,328 | 16,054 | 1 | 18,223 | 14,761 | 3,462 | 1,884 | 3,862 | 34,486 |  |
| 62 | Corporation's own stock. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 87 | 62 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{48}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
PART II. CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
Table 4－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{40}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1} 1948$ ，by major industrial groups，for all returns，returns with net income， and returns with no net income：Number of returns，number of subsidiaries，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions， compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income tax，and compiled net profit less income tax；for returns with no balance sheets，in total only，the same items（except assets and liabilities）－Continued

## PART III．－CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4

［Money figures in thousands of dollars］

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|  |  | ＋ヵ） | Fiomp | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} n \\ \dot{\infty} \\ \sim \end{array}\right\|$ |  | － |
|  |  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { ¢ } \\ \text { \％} \\ \text { a } \\ \text { a } \\ \text { a }\end{gathered}\right.$ |  | ®．｜｜ |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{48}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
PART III.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{16}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
PART III.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INOOME4—Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bo } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { क్లn } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 笖 } \\ \text { n } \end{gathered}$ | － |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text {-్p } \\ & \text { n } \\ & \end{aligned}$ | ッ नN <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   <br>   |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \stackrel{\circ}{\infty} \\ \infty \\ \mathfrak{n} \end{array}\right\|$ |  | 㖘 | 式式 $0^{\circ}$ |


| Receipts： | $\begin{array}{r} 12,254 \\ 177 \end{array}$ | 18，042 111 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |
| Interest on Government obligations（less amortiz－ able bond premium）： <br> Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ |  |  |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ |  |  |
| Wholly tax－exempt ${ }^{15}$－－ | 5 |  |
| Other interest．．．．． | 33 | 2 |
| Rents ${ }^{18}$ | 88 | 1 |
| Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |
| Excess of net short－term capital gain over net long－ term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ | 2 |  |
| Excess of net long－term capital gain over net short－ term capital loss．${ }^{18}$ | 144 | 11 |
| Net gain，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ ．－ |  |  |
| Dividends，domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$－ | 87 |  |
| Dividends，foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |
| Other receipts ${ }^{32}$ | 108 | 150 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$－ | 12， 898 | 18，317 |
| Deductions： |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 10， 714 | 16， 057 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ ．－－ Compensation of officers | 139 | 173 |
| Rent paid on business property | 100 | 182 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ ．－ | 62 | 28 |
| Bad debts | 3 | 25 |
| Interest paid． | 133 | 130 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{33}$ | 123 | 293 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| Depreciation． | 439 | 229 |
| Depletion． |  |  |
| Amortization ${ }^{27}$ |  |  |
| Advertising． | 19 | 243 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans，etc．${ }^{28}$ | 32 |  |
| Net loss，sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ | 2，077 | 3， 008 |
| Total compiled deductions． | 13， 841 | 20， 368 |
| Compiled net loss（38 less 55） | 943 | 2，051 |
| Deficit 4 （56 less 28） | 948 | 2， 051 |
| Dividends paid：${ }^{6}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock 0 |  |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock 0 <br> Corporation＇s own stock | 120 |  |

For footnotes，see pp．346－348． compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income. Net operating assets and liabilities)-Continued PART III.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

TABLE 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{48}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
PART III.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INOOME 1-Continued [Money figures in thousands of dollars]


str al groups, for all returns, ret compiled deductions compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except assets and liabilities)-Continued
PART III.-CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME t-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


Table 4-A.-Consolidated ${ }^{46}$ corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by major industrial groups, for all returns, returns with net income, and returnset profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income tax, and compiled net profit less income tax; for returns with no balance sheets, in total only, the same items (except
assets and liailities)-Cont [Money figures in thonsands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Returns with balance sheets, by major industrial groups ${ }^{7}$ - Continued

|  |  |  | +0\| |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} \hline \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ m \end{array} \\ m_{1} \end{array}$ |  | \| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ¢ } \\ & \\ & m\end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  |  |  | $\stackrel{\square}{9}$ |  <br> $\rightarrow \quad \rightarrow{ }^{-1}$ | $\left. \right\rvert\,$ |  | ¢ |
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|  |  |  | $\infty$ |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} \overrightarrow{5} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  |  | assets and liabilities)-Continued

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Number of returns }{ }^{10} \\
& \text { Number of subsidiaries }
\end{aligned}
$$

Assets: ${ }^{36}$

 Other investments ${ }_{\text {Gross eapital assets }}{ }^{39}$ (except land)

Accounts payable
nds, notes, less than 1 year.
Maturity lear
Maturity 1 year or more.
Other liabilities
Surplus reserves.--........-.
Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$


|  | Receipts: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Gross |
| 25 | Gross receipts from operations |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |
| 26 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{18}$ - |
| 27 | Subject to surtax only 14 |
| 28 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ |
| 29 | Other interest |
| 30 | Rents ${ }^{16}$. |
| 1 | Royalties ${ }^{17}$ |
| 32 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net longterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |
| 33 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ |
| 34 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$ |
| 35 | Dividends, domestic corporations |
| 36 | Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |
| 37 | Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ |
| 38 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{6}$. |
|  | Deductions: |
| 39 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ |
| 40 | Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ |
| 41 | Compensation of officers |
| 42 | Rent paid on business property |
| 43 | Repairs ${ }^{\text {24 }}$ |
| 44 | Bad debts |
| 45 | Interest paid |
| 46 | Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ |
| 47 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{20}$ |
| 48 | Depreciation. |
| 49 | Depletion-- |
| 50 | Amortization ${ }^{2}$ |
| 51 | Advertising-------1..........---...- |
| 52 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{2}$ |
| 53 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{10}$ |
| 54 | Other deductions ${ }^{20}$ |
| 55 | Total compiled deductions. |
| 56 | Compiled net loss (38 less 55) |
| 57 | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ (56 less 28) |
|  | Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ |
| 58 | Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |
| $59$ | Corporation's own stock.-.- |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.


TABLE 5.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by total assets classes, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets and liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or


| Receipts: | 310, 249, 156 | 6, 522, 652 | 10, 375,852 | 24, 993, 830 | 23, 599, 114 | 24, 250, 459 | 53, 280, 267 | 23, 688, 945 | 46, 285, 327 | 18, 822, 843 | 78, 429, 867 | 23 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | 50, 538, 296 | 1, 682, 649 | 1, $1,672,630$ | 3, 277, 637 | 2, 269,185 | 2, 150, 928 | 6,330, 900 | 2, 304, 863 | 5, 515,409 | - $3,614,285$ | 20, 019, 810 | 24 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ | 1, 444, 256 | 1,403 | 2, 234 | 6,991 | 9,458 | 17,896 | 153, 296 | 107, 322 | 218, 725 | 97, 988 | 823,943 | 25 |
| Subject to surtax only | 227, 585 | 74 | 102 | 395 | 503 | 1,246 | 11, 684 | 10, 442 | 29, 345 | 16,552 | 157, 242 | 26 |
| Wholly tax-exernpt ${ }^{15}$ | 156,547 | 52 | 139 | 374 | 510 | 2, 291 | 24,740 | 17, 224 | 30, 801 | 11, 491 | 68, 925 | 27 |
| Other interest | 3,451, 821 | 7,643 | 12, 719 | 40,659 | 44, 024 | 70, 146 | 392, 249 | 238, 026 | 478, 698 | 197, 646 | 1,970, 011 | 28 |
| Rents ${ }^{18}$ | 2, 572, 624 | 171, 219 | 218,428 | 469, 661 | 357, 550 | 137, 808 | 251, 240 | 95, 558 | 172, 899 | 83, 656 | 614, 605 | 29 |
| Royalties 17 | 416,546 | 10,740 | 8,489 | 21, 746 | 24, 313 | 29, 143 | 70, 865 | 46,889 | 104, 984 | 30, 841 | 68, 536 | 30 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{16}$ | 18, 326 | 1,196 | 839 | 2, 097 | 2, 538 | 1,595 | 3,264 | 2, 020 | 2,114 | 671 | 1,992 | 31 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 742, 710 | 20,805 | 21,839 | 51, 605 | 55,360 | 62, 721 | 143, 187 | 65, 520 | 124,258 | 55, 122 | 142, 293 | 32 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{19}$ | 280,615 | 32, 119 | 29, 571 | 49,006 | 39,981 | 44,230 | 42,938 | 9,985 | 19,166 | 983 | 12,636 | 33 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$.- | 2,129, 664 | 3, 051 | 5,297 | 20,540 | 25, 423 | 46, 958 | 207, 720 | 117, 271 | 358, 349 | 213, 584 | 1, 131,471 | 34 |
| Dividends, foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ | 371, 925 | 393 86.456 | 92 110,443 | -928 | 1, 045 | 1, 201 | 10,143 | 9, 378 179 | 57,414 350,895 | 54,206 90,742 | 237,125 384,248 | 35 36 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$ | 2, 354, 271 | 86, 456 | 110, 443 | 254, 404 | 243, 296 | 199, 088 | 455, 323 | 179, 376 |  |  | 384, 248 | 36 |
| Tot | 374, 954, | 8, 540, 452 | 12, 458, 674 | 29, 189, 873 | 27, 372, 300 | 28, 015, 710 | 61,377, 816 | 26, 892, 819 | 53, 748, 384 | 23, 290, 610 | 104, 067, 704 | 37 |
| ductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 237, 119, 135 | 4, 871, 746 | 7, 997, 179 | 19, 582, 238 | 18, 559, 031 | 19, 064, 355 | 41, 482, 839 | 18, 116, 935 | 34, 754, 588 | 14, 028, 571 | $58,661,653$ $11,888,909$ | 38 39 |
| Cost of operations | 28, 997, 098 | . 888,371 | 942, 134 | 1,988, 207 | 1, 902, 077 | 1, 919, 601 | 3, 795, 798 | 1, 158, 872 | 2,713, 818 | 1, 799, 311 | $11,888,909$ | 39 40 |
| Compensation of officers | 5, 743, 181 | 570, 384 | 611, 303 | 1, 111, 640 | 807, 187 | 645, 729 | 970, 675 | 285, 938 | 375, 744 | 98, 876 | 265, 705 | 40 |
| Rent paid on business | 3, 021, 667 | 206, 179 | 181, 778 | 294, 153 | 217, 742 | 195, 519 | 362, 905 | 144, 074 | 288, 672 | 174, 347 | 956, 298 | 41 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$ | 3, 569, 248 | 48, 990 | 64, 953 | 141, 528 | 131, 812 | 136, 262 | 412, 063 | 240, 696 | 650, 566 | 293, 553 | 1, 448, 825 | 42 |
| Bad debts | 598, 190 | 14,252 | 25, 610 | 57, 199 | 47,169 | 42, 104 | 94, 925 | 42, 718 | 77, 528 | 27, 696 | 168,989 | 43 |
| Interest paid | 2, 337, 327 | 26, 619 | 45, 741 | 120, 279 | 109, 414 | 110, 843 | 276, 896 | 135, 695 | 289, 879 | 146, 700 | 1, 075,261 | 44 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$ | 6, 826, 025 | 110, 543 | 148, 159 | 328, 892 | 304, 293 | 326, 289 | 855, 641 | 488, 072 | 1, 039, 736 | 527, 041 | 2, 697, 359 | 45 |
| Contributions or | 233, 594 | 3, 357 | 6,142 | 16, 720 | 18, 325 | 21,494 | 53, 640 | 21, 608 | 37, 601 | 11,029 | $\begin{array}{r}43,678 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 46 |
| Depreciatio | 5, 593, 404 | 105, 212 | 149, 200 | 333, 362 | 295, 484 | 301, 826 | 680, 334 | 306, 377 | 729, 796 | 375, 624 | 2, 316, 189 | 47 |
| Depletion | 1, 655, 169 | 4,272 | 4, 804 | 14,201 | 19, 275 | 36,004 | 116, 553 | 68, 449 | 230, 152 | 84, 944 | 1, 076, 515 | 48 |
| Amortization | 34,004 | 611 | 834 | 2, 281 | 1, 4.52 | 225 | 1, 013 | 230 | 2,981 | 1, 299 | 23, 078 | 49 |
| Advertising | 3, 144, 268 | 59, 089 | 84,907 | 190, 438 | 181, 863 | 206, 253 | 510, 172 | 291, 381 | 539, 347 | 236, 002 | 844, 816 | 50 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 1, 112, 044 | 2,643 | 3,232 | 9, 073 | 13, 578 | 27, 664 | 109, 126 | 68, 083 | 195, 146 | 100,706 | 582, 793 | 51 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital | 102, | 1,784 | 2,025 | 3,791 | 4,199 | 4,169 | 13,863 | 10,033 | 12,488 | 11,907 | 38,424 | 52 |
| Other deducti | 38, 919, 782 | 1,212, 211 | 1,534, 253 | 3, 346, 815 | 3,002, 869 | 2,961, 280 | 6,398, 641 | 2,899, 156 | 6, 036, 298 | 2, 796, 610 | 8,731, 649 | 53 |
| Total | 339,006, | 8, 126, 263 | 11, 802, 254 | 27, 540, 817 | 25, 615, 770 | 25, 999, 617 | 56, 135, 084 | 24, 278, 317 | 47, 974, 340 | 20, 714, 216 | 90, 820, 141 | 54 |
| Compiled net profit (37 | 35, 947, 523 | 414, 189 | 656, 420 | 1,649, 05 | 1, 756, 530 | 2, 016, 093 | 5, 242, 732 | 2, 614, 502 | 5, 774, 044 | 2, 576, 394 | 13, 247, 563 | 55 |
| Net income ${ }^{1}$ (55 less 27) | 35, 790, 976 | 414, 137 | 656, 281 | 1, 648, 682 | 1, 756, 020 | 2, 013,802 | 5, 217, 992 | 2, 597, 278 | 5, 743, 243 | 2, 564, 903 | 13, 178, 638 | 56 |
| Net operating loss deduction | 194,790 | 31, 379 | 18, 811 | 25, 213 | 1, 16, 738 | 13, 953 | -25, 862 | 10, 570 | 14, 520 | 23, 004 | 14, 740 | 57 58 |
| Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | 11, 771, 279 | 84, 177 | 151,705 | 480, 233 | 603, 034 | 720, 741 | 1,859, 784 | 926, 724 | 2, 002, 373 | 865, 710 | 4, 076, 798 | 58 |
| Compiled net profit less income tax ( 55 less 58). | $24,176,244$ | 330, 012 | 504, 715 | 1, 168, 823 | 1,153, 496 | 1, 295, 352 | 3, 382, 948 | 1,687, 778 | 3, 771, 671 | 1, 710, 684 | 9, 170, 765 | 59 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$. | $9,207,775$ | 70,275 4,816 | 87,929 13,764 | $227,159$ | $\text { 257, } 354$ | $341,438$ | $1,037,439$ | 596, 233 96, 528 | $1,605,818$ | 841,000 33,960 | $4,143,130$ 284,431 | 61 |
| Corporation's own stock | $1,006,567$ | 4,816 | 13, 764 | 48,280 | 63, 460 | 91, 318 | $210,340$ | 96, 528 | $159,670$ | 33,960 | 284, 431 | 61 |


|  |  | Total assets classes ${ }^{41}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Under 50 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \text { under } \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 50,000 \end{aligned}$ | 50, 000 under 100, 000 | 100, 000 and over |  |
| 1 | Number of returns with balance shee | 166, 777 | 109, 008 | 24, 850 | 19,488 | 6,887 | 3,445 | 2, 571 | 279 | 202 | 32 | 15 |  |
|  | Assets: |  |  |  |  |  | 144,000 | 342.595 | 139, 005 | 322, 781 | 217, 522 | 171,736 |  |
| 3 | Notes and accounts receivable | 4, 012, 702 | 344, 453 | 303, 808 | 510, 325 | 396, 137 | 392, 546 | 760, 032 | 273,049 | 519, 538 | 270, 487 | 242, 327 |  |
|  | Less: Reserve for bad debts | 100, 059 | 9,017 | 8,041 | 13, 256 | 10, 134 | 10,752 | 23,397 | 7,994 | 11, 733 | 3, 391 | 2, 344 |  |
| 5 | Inventories.--------------.-.- | 3, 579, 304 | 355, 532 | 325, 140 | 523, 712 | 402, 777 | 382, 234 | 660, 774 | 245, 731 | 335, 652 | 110, 878 | 236, 874 |  |
| 6 | Investments, Goverument obligations ${ }^{37}$ | 1,576, 157 | 10, 729 | 15,537 | 38, 837 | 43, 593 | 52,930 | 252, 628 | 154, 694 | 390, 567 | 387, 326 | 229,316 |  |
| 7 | Other investments ${ }^{38}$...-...........---- | 2, 770, 284 | 88, 104 | 95, 579 | 194,667 | 191, 748 | 254, 421 | 600,775 | 271, 636 | 549,087 | 127, 179 | 397, 088 |  |
| 8 | Gross capital assets ${ }^{39}$ (except land) | 14, 580, 673 | 1,042, 385 | 948, 386 | 1, 639, 558 | 1, 297, 206 | 1, 330, 5586 | 2, 697, 490 | 1, 085, 6889 | 2, 367, 259 | 1, 240, 991 | 931, 153 |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Land Less: Reserves | 4, 280, 872 $1,484,853$ | 352,735 124,748 | 288, 591 | 486,792 259,109 | 400,791 206,833 | 439,187 176,081 | 842,407 350,549 | $\begin{array}{r}360,572 \\ 79,257 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 679,029 <br> 112,228 | 330,398 13,598 | 100,370 21,367 | 10 |
| 11 | Other assets 40 | 1, 252, 764 | 120, 593 | 94, 681 | 155, 680 | 118, 927 | 87, 317 | 188, 132 | 61,917 | 180, 386 | 192, 875 | 52, 256 | 11 |
| 12 | Total assets | 26, 879, 360 | 1, 929, 454 | 1,755, 263 | 3, 015, 860 | 2, 385, 848 | 2. 370,146 | 4, 887,171 | 1, 942, 412 | 4, 086, 736 | 2, 227, 067 | 2,179, 403 | 12 |
| 13 | Liabilities: <br> Accounts payable | 3, 278, 441 | 480, 687 | 344, 985 | 534, 214 | 405, 679 | 323, 614 | 581, 896 | 179, 996 | 278, 880 | 80,480 | 68, 010 | 13 |
| 14 | Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: Maturity less than 1 year | 2, 280, 472 | 229, 077 | 188, 627 | 302, 471 | 242, 216 | 267, 951 | 482,989 | 151,656 | 244,137 | 37, 226 | 134, 122 |  |
| 15 |  | 7,577, 286 | 419, 256 | 415, 534 | 817, 984 | 675, 003 | 653, 855 | 1,399, 239 | 447, 258 | 1, 174, 407 | 804,450 | 770, 300 | 15 |
| 16 | Other liabilities ${ }^{42}$ | 5, 048, 000 | 240, 902 | 169, 622 | 281, 990 | 221, 603 | 225, 343 | 831, 586 | 415, 978 | 934, 368 | 1,115, 628 | 610, 980 | 16 |
| 17 | Capital stock, preferred | 1, 295, 640 | 79, 249 | 68, 437 | 122, 669 | 106, 451 | 134, 501 | 282, 769 | 58, 344 | 243, 395 | 97,419 | 102, 406 | 17 |
| 18 | Capital stock, common ${ }^{4}$ | 7,170, 635 | 1, 162, 505 | 758, 600 | 1, 040,814 | 693, 261 | 621,478 | 1, 166,952 | 420,719 | 711, 276 | 348, 960 | 246, 070 | 18 |
| 19 | Surplus reserves | 579,171 | 9,704 | 12,155 | 23, 381 | 25, 382 | 32,986 | 119,672 | 56, 669 | 205, 486 | 67, 718 | 26, 018 | 19 |
| 20 21 | Surplus and undivided profits | $\begin{aligned} & 4,851,826 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 289,435 \\ & 981.361 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 239,894 \\ & 449,501 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 454,867 \\ & 562.530 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 407,490 \\ & 391,237 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 465,221 \\ & 354,803 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,156,011 \\ & 1,033,943 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 460,309 \\ & 248,517 \end{aligned}$ | 819,024 524,237 | 218,057 542,871 | 341,518 120,021 | 21 |
| 22 | Total liabilities | 26, 879, 360 | 1,929, 454 | 1, 755, 263 | 3, 015, 860 | 2,385, 848 | 2, 370,146 | 4, 987, 171 | 1,942, 412 | 4, 086, 736 | 2,227, 067 | 2, 179, 403 | 22 |
| 3 | Receipts: ${ }_{\text {Gross sales } 11}$ | 24, 738, 380 | 3, 614, 594 | 2, 571, 701 | 767, 325 | 2, 688, 110 | 2, 480, 597 | 3, 851, 022 | 1, 083, 360 | 1,613,935 | 231,403 | 2,836, 333 |  |
| 24 | Gross receipts from operations 12 | 4,855,947 | 920, 701 | 419,411 | 489, 489 | 337, 264 | 344, 659 | 649, 749 | 268, 116 | 690, 213 | 427, 832 | 308, 513 | 24 |
|  | Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ - | 20, 250 | 624 | 530 | 986 | 863 | 733 |  | 1,774 | 4, 206 |  | 3,311 |  |
| 26 | Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ | 2,178 5,647 | 105 9 | 38 21 | 51 44 | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \\ & 44 \end{aligned}$ | 173 | 1,388 | 247 | 1,683 | 381 | 957 | 27 |


Table 5－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{48}$ corporation returns with balance sheets，${ }^{1} 1948$ ，by total assets classes，for all returns，returns with net income，and for returns with net income：Net operat－
－ALL CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS
［Total assets classes and money figures in thonsands of dollars］

|  |  | HCN | 유ำ | $\stackrel{\text { n }}{ }$ | ザ | ๓ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ |  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0_{0} \\ \infty_{0}^{-} \end{gathered}$ |  <br>  ヘ ががージージ | ｜c｜｜ |
|  |  | が－ |  <br>  ลิ్ － |  |  <br> が | 等 |
|  | 8 웅ㅇㅇㅇ <br> ํํํํ | जロ |  <br>  <br>  $\rightarrow$ |  |  | － |
|  | 응훙以思 | 8in |  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 9 \\ A \\ \infty \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  |  |
|  |  <br> －${ }^{-3}$ | ஹ్ల్లి음 |  8igicitixionion ix |  |  <br>  |  |
|  | 8\% | －¢ |  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \underset{\mathcal{H}}{\tilde{y}} \\ \text { I } \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  |  |
|  | 号高品 | $\propto \infty$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { to } \\ & \hat{Q} \\ & 0.8 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 令 |
|  |  | \％ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \hline \\ & 0 \\ & \text { en } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 感 |
|  | \％ | ¢ |  <br> $\rightarrow-\infty$ が | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{-} \\ & \mathbf{N}^{2} \end{aligned}$ | が <br> $\therefore \rightarrow$ N in | － |
|  |  | ¢® | 8\％ | $\stackrel{\mathrm{E}}{\mathrm{E}}$ |  | N |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 픙 } \\ & \text { E- } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nin } \\ & \text { min } \\ & \text { ric } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  <br>  |  |  | ¢ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |  | Total assets classes 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Under 50 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ \text { under } \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ \text { under } \\ 250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 250 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 500 \\ \text { under } \\ 1,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 5,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { under } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & \text { un, 000 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 50,000 \\ & \text { under } \\ & 100,000 \end{aligned}$ | 100, 000 and over |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{3}$ Number of subsidiaries ${ }^{17}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 859 \\ 4,947 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ${ }_{30}^{25}$ | 38 47 | 108 <br> 138 | $\begin{aligned} & 114 \\ & 172 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99 \\ 156 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 221 577 | $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ 425 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 85 966 | 27 276 | 76 2,160 |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Notes and acounts receivabie | 4, 534,956 | 124 | ${ }_{5} 58$ | 4, 203 | 9,551 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 15,241 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 49,954 94,038 2 | ${ }_{71,335}^{51,468}$ | 234,526 280,861 | 184,789 167,84 | $2,867,738$ <br> $3,81,163$ |  |
| ${ }^{5}$ | Less: Reserve for bad debts | 111,537 |  | 19 446 | 4 | 741 6.496 | 13, 262 | 2, ${ }^{2,070}$ | 1, ${ }^{1,663}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,424 \\ 216,044 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 204,460 | 95, 169 |  |
| 7 | Investments, Governmentobligations ${ }^{\text {37 }}$ | 3, 521, 994 | 15 |  | ${ }_{240}$ | , 662 | 13, 535 | 17,143 | 9,904 | 121, 755 | 216, 209 | 3,155, 531 |  |
| 8 | Other investments ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 7,862,924 | 61 | 348 | 1,028 <br> 993 <br> 15 | - ${ }^{4,628}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 715 \\ 38,914 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | -68,027 | 66,361 | 348, 150 | 354,989 | 7,014,617 |  |
|  | Gross capital assets ${ }^{30}$ Iess: Reserves ${ }^{30}$ (except | - ${ }^{29,614,31,326}$ | 195 | 1,258 495 | $\stackrel{9}{9,593}$ | $\begin{array}{r}21,386 \\ 9,210 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}38,914 \\ 13 \\ \hline 1895\end{array}$ | 282, ${ }_{1095}^{298}$ | 271,355 105,138 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 343, } \\ 3949 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $1,089,069$ 416,418 |  |  |
|  | Land.-...es--- | 481, 586 | 26 | 167 |  | 1,970 | 4,036 | 21, 114 | -18, 435 | 62, 140 | 48, 129 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 324, 536 |  |
| 12 | Other assets ${ }^{\text {d0 }}$ | 1,074,968 | 51 | 137 | , 704 | 1,379 | 2,364 | 16, 261 | 10,754 | 76, 384 | 74, 636 | 892, 298 |  |
| 13 | Total assets ${ }^{1}$ | 43, 372, 554 | 795 | 2,876 | 18,588 | 40,025 | 70, 771 | 510,784 | 459, 757 | 1,979, 881 | 1,921, 648 | 38, 367, 229 |  |
| 14 | Liabilities: <br> Accounts payable <br> Bonds, notes, mortgages payable: <br> Maturity less than I year <br> Maturity 1 year or more <br> Other liabilities ${ }^{12}$ <br> Capital stock, preferred <br> Capital stock, common ${ }^{43}$ <br> Surplus reserves. <br> Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{41}$ <br> Less: Deficit ${ }^{45}$ <br> Total liabilities ${ }^{11}$. |  |  | 770 | 3,779 | 6,792 | 8,491 | 41,953 | 47,900 | 114, 535 | 120, 732 | 2, 597,035 | 5 |
| 14 |  |  | 415 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 |  |  | 119 | 199 | 1,716 | 2,921 | 6,774 | 41, 068 | 28,282 | 83,986 | 32,658 | 552, 722 |  |
| 1 |  |  | 75 | 492 | 3,841 | 7,305 | 12,943 | 88,742 | 108,819 | 415,900 | 346, 295 | 8,182, 224 |  |
| 18 |  |  | 152 | 88 | 1,035 | 3,748 2,721 | $\stackrel{8,357}{3,154}$ | 54,627 42,566 | 62,195 45,763 | - ${ }^{290}$ 13, 789 | 375,355 36,911 | 5,474, 719 | 17 |
|  |  |  | 5, 100 | 960 | 6,144 | 7,939 | 12,117 | 94, 331 | 97,094 | 260, 124 | 326, 539 | ${ }^{1}, 8814,805$ | 19 |
| 20 |  |  | ${ }_{263}^{23}$ | 17 | 405 | ${ }^{604}$ | 1, 2 , 422 | 16,171 | 15,908 | 84, 498 | -53,444 | - $1,613,410$ | 20 |
| ${ }_{22}^{21}$ |  |  | 5, 422 | 679 679 | 3, ${ }_{3}^{4,965}$ | 13,562 5,56 | 22,44 4,831 | $\begin{gathered} 182,2015 \\ 50,865 \end{gathered}$ | - $\begin{aligned} & 163,751 \\ & 109,955\end{aligned}$ | 640 47,388 | 6944 64,650 | -8, 117,252 | ${ }_{22}$ |
| 23 |  | 43, 372, 554 | 795 | 2,876 | 18,588 | 40, 025 | 70, 771 | 510, 784 | 459,757 | 1,979, 881 | 1,921,648 | 38,367,429 | 23 |


| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ | 19, 289, 156 | 2, 853 | 6,127 | 36, 744 | 69,904 | 112,694 | 556,091 | 420.889 | 1,335, 605 | 855, 989 | 15, 892, 260 | 24 |
| Gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | 8, 748, 989 | 1,481 | 1,983 | 10,862 | 17,064 | 25,476 | 137,205 | 142, 366 | 424, 022 | 838, 327 | 7,150, 203 | 25 |
| Interest on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,150,203 |  |
| Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$-.-.----.-.-- | 45, 566 |  |  | 9 | 9 | 6 | 309 | 113 | 1,746 | 2, 704 | 40,670 | 26 |
| Subject to surtax only ${ }^{14}$ | 6,021 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 11 | 10 | 1,89 | - 476 | - 5,433 | 27 |
| Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{15}$ | 5, 520 |  |  |  |  |  | 23 | 18 | 253 | 505 | - 4,721 | 28 |
| Other interest.---------- | 163, 052 | 18 | 77 | 54 | 235 | 120 | 1,966 | 1,857 | 13, 503 | 2, 606 | 142, 703 | 29 |
| Rents ${ }^{16}$--- | 237, 583 | 18 | 27 | 392 222 | 322 | 772 | 4,728 | 5,137 | 14,492 | 18, 345 | 193, 350 | 30 |
|  | 30,816 | 45 |  | 222 | 97 | 99 | 773 | 485 | 6, 184 | 611 | 22, 300 | 31 |
| Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{18}$ | 427 |  |  | 26 | 1 | 15 | 50 | 109 | 60 | 4 | 162 | 32 |
| Excess of net long-term capital gain | 70,334 | 49 | 12 | 262 | 599 | 750 | 3,527 | 2,080 | 9,054 | 7,136 | 46,865 | 33 |
| Net gain, sales other than capital assets. ${ }^{10}$ | 4,477 | 70 | 109 | 55 | 214 | 407 | 611 | 304 | 584 | 654 | 1,469 | 34 |
| Dividends, domestic corporations ${ }^{20} \ldots$ | 354,803 |  | 6 | 16 | 158 | 109 | 1,484 | 1,572 | 13,420 | 14,209 | 323,829 | 35 |
| Dividends, forelgn corporations ${ }^{21}$ | 84, 372 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,273 | 1, 238 | 1,302 | 3, 720 | 77,839 | 36 |
| Other receipts ${ }^{22}$-....---.....- | 154, 238 | 369 | 79 | 327 | 860 | 882 | 7,797 | 5,193 | 22, 912 | 9,852 | 105,967 | 37 |
| Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | 29, 195, 354 | 4,886 | 8,350 | 48,969 | 89,464 | 141, 331 | 715, 848 | 580,371 | 1,843, 226 | 1,755, 138 | 24, 007, 771 | 38 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold ${ }^{23}$ | 14,581, 014 | 2, 305 | 4,183 | 28,594 | 52,471 | 86, 804 | 418, 866 | 323, 920 | 963,815 | 581, 254 | 12,118,802 | 39 |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{23}$ | 5, 623, 426 | 786 | 1,080 | 7,401 | 8, 669 | 16,077 | 95, 113 | 98, 644 | 207, 916 | 576, 919 | 4, 610, 821 | 40 |
| Compensation of officers. | 108, 328 | 262 | 376 | 1,841 | 3,439 | 3,045 | 12, 016 | 8,475 | 17, 741 | 8,921 | 52, 212 | 41 |
| Rent paid on business prope | 418, 870 | 173 | 278 | 922 | 1, 724 | 1,370 | 5,736 | 6,645 | 30, 415 | 21, 254 | 350,353 | 42 |
| Repairs ${ }^{24}$------- | 409, 084 | 10 | 41 | 293 | 571 | 988 | 5,365 | 4,484 | 16,549 | 11, 529 | 369, 254 | 43 |
| Bad debts | 44,906 | 12 | 20 | 133 | 137 | 491 | 1,722 | 1,230 | 4,249 | 1,023 | 35, 889 | 44 |
| Interest paid | 363, 619 | 22 | 43 | 267 | 511 | 910 | 5,088 | 4,256 | 19, 162 | 12,989 | 320, 371 | 45 |
| Taxes paid ${ }^{25}$--------7 | 763,323 | 45 | 86 | 684 | 1,183 | 2,869 | 13, 441 | 8,844 | 42, 438 | 48, 235 | 645, 498 | 46 |
| Contributions or gifts ${ }^{26}$ | 9, 043 | 1 | 4 4 | 17 739 | 1, 42 | -66 | 12464 | + 327 | -743 | - 588 | 6,791 | 47 |
| Depreciation | 722, 445 | 77 | 133 | 739 | 1,238 | 2,699 | 12,837 | 10,428 | 37,419 | 32,285 | 624,590 | 48 |
| Depletion-- | 371, 425 | 14 | 3 | 83 | 99 | 256 | 6,192 | 3,342 | 14, 685 | 5,738 | 341, 013 | 49 |
| Amortization ${ }^{2}$ | 5,198 |  |  |  |  | -12 | - 11 | 1 | -22 | 5, 5 | 5,157 | 50 |
|  | 210,594 130,364 | 94 | 369 | 354 26 | 1,321 84 | 1,465 | 7,642 | 4,944 | 24, 218 | 22,722 | 147, 465 | 51 |
| Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{28}$ | 130,364 |  |  | 26 | 84 | 94 | 598 | 1,727 | 5,546 | 5,864 | 116,425 | 52 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{19}$ | 15,326 | 148 | 10 | 62 | 15 | 60 | 339 | 228 | 472 | 3,268 | 10,724 | 53 |
|  | 2,830, 634 | 688 | 1,428 | 6,272 | 14,720 | 19, 126 | 93,669 | 71,052 | 308, 801 | 319, 035 | 1,995, 843 | 54 |
| Total compiled deductions | 26,607, 599 | 4,637 | 8,054 | 47,688 | 86, 224 | 136, 332 | 679, 089 | 548, 547 | 1,694, 191 | 1,651,629 | 21,751, 208 | 55 |
| Compiled net profit (38 less 55) | 2, 587, 755 | 249 | 296 | 1,281 | 3,240 | 4,999 | 36, 759 | 31,824 | 149, 035 | 103, 509 | 2,256, 563 | 56 |
| Net income ${ }^{4}$ ( 56 less 28) | 2, 582, 235 | 249 | 296 | 1,281 | 3,240 | 4,999 | 36, 736 | 31,806 | 148,782 | 103, 004 | 2,251, 842 | 57 |
| Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{30}$ | 23, 024 | 100 | 58 | 218 | 249 | , 206 | 3,010 | 1,414 | 2,868 | , 546 | 14,355 | 58 |
| Income tax ${ }^{5}$--.----.-.-.-.-.-.-- | 870,641 | 42 | 63 | 279 | 968 | 1,719 | 12,380 | 11, 340 | 51,854 | 35, 493 | 756,503 | 59 |
| Compiled net profit less income tax ( 56 less 59). | 1,717, 114 | 207 | 233 | 1,002 | 2,272 | 3,280 | 24,379 | 20, 484 | 97, 181 | 68,016 | 1,500, 060 | 60 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$. | $989,049$ | 54 | 41 | 112 | 479 118 | 853 | 10,844 | 10,960 | 54,611 | 55, 202 | 855, 893 | 61 |
|  | 130,078 |  |  | 135 | 118 | 445 | 1,080 | 5,158 | 852 |  | 122, 290 | 62 |


Table 5－A．－Consolidated ${ }^{48}$ corporation returns with balance sheets， 1948 ，by total assets classes，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Number of returns，number of subsidiaries，assets and liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions， compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paia by type of
PART III．－CONSOLIDATED RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4

|  |  | ャ๗ |  | 椷｜ |  | 藼 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 97 |  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ \stackrel{0}{6} \\ \stackrel{6}{6} \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  | ｜r｜ |
|  |  | \％ | ర్రీ శ్లి <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0.8 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  | ｜c｜｜c｜c｜ |
|  | 우융 | ¢9⿹్龴 |  โัష |  |  <br>  |  |
|  | 8\％ | 䇤 |  <br>  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{y} \\ \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{d} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  <br> だ |  |
|  |  | Fix |  Na゙ minioiginia | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EII } \\ & \text { nis } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | E |
|  | 敢島高 | 욱 |  <br>  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \ddot{e}_{\mid} \\ \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \end{array}$ | 聴 ： <br>  | －\％ |
|  | 8\％ | ¢ \％ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{s} \\ & \dot{N}_{i} \end{aligned}$ |  <br> ov rimosirit nion | －8 |
|  |  | あった |  |  |  | － |
|  | \％ | ホึํํ |  | \％ | 웅 후웅్ㅑ묵NN | \％ |
|  | F | \％oic |  | ｜r｜ |  | \％ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | － |



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money
$\left.\begin{array}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c}\hline \text { Total asscts } \\ \text { classes }{ }^{48} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Number } \\ \text { of returns } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { balance } \\ \text { sheets }{ }^{35}\end{array} & \text { Cash }{ }^{36} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Notes and } \\ \text { accounts } \\ \text { receivable } \\ \text { less } \\ \text { reserve }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Inven- } \\ \text { tories }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Invest- } \\ \text { ments }{ }^{49}\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Capital } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { less } \\ \text { leserves }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Total } \\ \text { assets } \\ \text { Total } \\ \text { liabili- } \\ \text { ties } 4\end{array}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Accounts } \\ \text { and nntes } \\ \text { payable 50 }\end{array}\right]$

ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS-

| 0 | 125,582 | 514, 743 | 610, 465 | 564, 337 | 162, 020 | 1, 099, 076 | 3,077, 065 | 637, 261 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 71,897 | 715,837 | 1, 055,778 | 1,040,882 | 302, 498 | 1, 909, 392 | 5, 193, 215 | 978, 019 |
| 100 | 80,853 | 1,573, 077 | 2, 622, 010 | 2, 561, 797 | 918, 348 | 4, 749, 564 | 12, 816, 227 | 2, 329, 302 |
| 250 | 36,479 | 1, 541, 678 | 2, 652, 552 | 2, 521, 344 | 1, 285, 700 | 4, 385, 419 | 12, 759, 629 | 2, 224, 431 |
| 500 | 21,358 | 1,903, 712 | 3, 211, 300 | 2, 736, 466 | 2, 410, 554 | 4, 429, 082 | 14, 991, 515 | 2, 305, 996 |
| 1,000 | 24,843 | 8, 010, 073 | 11, 567, 474 | 6, 878, 779 | 15, 878, 127 | 10, 626, 948 | 53, 810, 178 | 5, 260, 507 |
| 5,000 | 4,454 | 4, 729, 713 | 6, 258, 668 | 3, 395, 274 | 10, 912, 686 | 5, 349, 632 | 31, 118, 756 | 2, 303, 519 |
| 10,000 | 3,507 | 10, 067, 698 | 12, 286, 310 | 7,330, 109 | 25, 795, 596 | 14, 103, 363 | 70, 958, 071 | 4,381, 292 |
| 50,000. | 497 | 4, 542, 163 | 5.090, 921 | 3, 331, 715 | 12,900, 155 | 8, 221, 738 | 34, 941, 583 | 2,023, 826 |
| 100,000 | 586 | 30, 134, 259 | 35, 329, 000 | 14, 353, 405 | 114,109,192 | 58, 991, 174 | 258,590,416 | 10,524, 168 |
| otal | 370,056 | 63, 732, 953 | 80, 684, 478 | 44, 714, 108 | 184,674,876 | 113,865,388 | 498,256,655 | 32,968, 321 |

ALL IND USTRIAL GROUPS-

| 0 | 109, 008 | 204,662 | 335, 436 | 355, 532 | 98,833 | 814,398 | 1,929, 454 | 709, 764 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 24,850 | 127, 681 | 295, 767 | 325, 140 | 111, 116 | 800, 878 | 1, 755, 263 | 533, 612 |
| 100 | 19, 488 | 194, 020 | 497, 069 | 523, 712 | 233, 504 | 1,411, 875 | 3, 015,860 | 836, 685 |
| 250 | 6,887 | 139, 552 | 386, 003 | 402, 777 | 235, 341 | 1, 103, 248 | 2,385, 848 | 647, 895 |
| 500 | 3, 445 | 144, 000 | 381, 794 | 382, 234 | 307, 351 | 1, 067, 450 | 2, 370, 146 | 591, 565 |
| 1,000 | 2, 571 | 342, 595 | 736, 635 | 660,. 774 | 853, 403 | 2, 205, 632 | 4,987, 171 | 1,064,885 |
| 5,000 | 279 | 139, 005 | 265, 055 | 245, 731 | 426, 330 | 804, 374 | 1,942, 412 | 331, 652 |
| 10,000 | 202 | 322, 781 | 507, 805 | 335, 652 | 939, 654 | 1,800, 458 | 4, 086, 736 | 523, 017 |
| 50,000 | 32 | 217, 522 | 267, 096 | 110, 878 | 514, 505 | 924, 191 | 2, 227, 067 | 117, 706 |
| 100,000 | 15 | 171, 736 | 239, 983 | 236, 874 | 626, 404 | 852, 150 | 2, 179, 403 | 202, 132 |
| Total..- | 166, 777 | 2,003,554 | 3,912,643 | 3,579, 304 | 4,346, 441 | 11, 784, 654 | 26,879, 360 | 5, 558,913 |

TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND

| 0 | 1,210 | 5, 057 | 4,366 | 2,823 | 1,239 | 16,445 | 30,770 | 5,369 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 811 | 7,555 | 8,257 | 6,504 | 3,099 | 31, 718 | 58,930 | 10,028 |
| 100 | I, 045 | 18, 690 | 20,021 | 21, 883 | 11,488 | 91, 697 | 168, 350 | 25,977 |
| 250 | 478 | 15, 889 | 17, 526 | 26, 063 | 15,748 | 86, 609 | 168, 282 | 22, 294 |
| 500 | 288 | 21, 675 | 21, 175 | 30, 310 | 26, 895 | 97, 602 | 201, 150 | 30, 792 |
| 1,000 | 194 | 26, 702 | 33, 223 | 62, 637 | 47, 303 | 171,872 | 349, 948 | 60, 336 |
| 5,000 | 17 | 7,095 | 12, 238 | 20,690 | 26, 448 | 41,944 | 110, 126 | 19,539 |
| 10,000 | 7 | 14,340 | 3,860 | 18, 743 | 17, 745 | 37,967 | 105, 937 | 5,908 |
| 50,000 100,000 | 1 | 26,045 | 20,878 | 39,547 | 59,750 | 162, 550 | 320, 034 | 18,440 |
| Total | 4,051 | 143, 048 | 141, 544 | 229,200 | 209,715 | 738,404 | 1,513, 527 | 198, 683 |

TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND

| 0 | 1,272 | 2,295 | 2, 673 | 2,682 | 1,063 | 16, 934 | 26,891 | 9,152 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 490 | 2, 179 | 3, 103 | 3, 512 | 1,704 | 22, 951 | 34, 717 | 8,950 |
| 100 | 444 | 3, 584 | 6, 607 | 7,240 | 4,412 | 44, 543 | 68,737 | 17, 169 |
| 250 | 159 | 1,985 | 5,970 | 5, 488 | 6,101 | 35, 023 | 56,979 | 11, 521 |
| 500 | 73 | 2,987 | 5,483 | 5,774 | 6, 486 | 28, 657 | 50, 580 | 11, 212 |
| 1,000. | 46 | 2, 363 | 7,008 | 10, 107 | 13,443 | 41,430 | 76, 274 | 17,007 |
| 5,000- | 4 | 1,396 | 3,189 | 2,331 | 13, 242 | 6,519 | 27, 218 | 4, 231 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,488 | 16,789 | 34, 033 | 37, 134 | 46, 451 | 196, 057 | 341, 396 | 79, 242 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and <br> mortgages <br> payable | Capital <br> stock ${ }^{\text {52 }}$ | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits ${ }^{53}$ <br> less <br> deficit 45 | Gross <br> sales II and <br> gross re- <br> celpts from <br> operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total <br> compiled <br> receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled <br> net profit <br> or net loss | Net in- <br> come or <br> deficit 4 | Income <br> tax ${ }^{5}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 377, 55 | 1,221,383 | 56 | 8,205 | 8, 540, 452 | 414, | 414 | 84, 177 | 70,275 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 721,049 | 1, 634,873 | 1, 435, 408 | 12, 048, 482 | 12, 458, 674 | 656, 420 | 656, 281 | 151, 705 | 7, 9 |
| 2,010, 768 | 3, 567, 437 | 3, 773, 688 | 28, 271, 467 | 29, 189, 873 | 1,649, 056 | 1,648,682 | 480, 233 | 227, 159 |
| 1, 835, 225 | 3, 242, 582 | 4, 079,612 | 26, 568, 299 | 27, 372, 300 | 1, 756, 530 | 1,756, 020 | 603, 034 | 257, 354 |
| 1,756, 196 | 3, 377, 462 | 4, 896, 915 | 27, 401, 387 | 28, 015,710 | 2, 016, 093 | 2, 013,802 | 720, 741 | 341, 438 |
| 3,862, 085 | 8,622, 283 | 14, 303, 406 | 59, 611, 167 | 61, 377, 816 | 5, 242, 732 | 5, 217, 992 | 1, 859, 784 | 1, 037, 439 |
| 1, 775, 073 | 4, 248, 989 | 7,757, 839 | 25, 993,808 | 26, 892, 819 | 2, 614, 502 | 2, 597, 278 | 926, 724 | 596, 233 |
| 5, 514, 002 | 10, 501, 548 | 17, 714, 692 | 51, 800, 736 | 53, 748, 384 | 5, 774, 044 | 5, 743, 243 | 2, 002, 373 | 1,605, 818 |
| 3, 637, 694 | 5, 817,052 | 8, 166, 271 | 22, 437, 128 | 23, 290, 610 | 2, 576, 394 | 2, 564,903 | 865, 710 | 841, 000 |
| 28, 258, 604 | 41, 030, 906 | 42, 563, 974 | 49, 677 | 104,067,704 | 13, 247, 563 | 13, 178, 638 | 4, 076, 798 | 4, 143, 13 |
| 49, 748, 246 | 83, 264, 515 | 105, 259, 796 | 360, 787, 452 | ,954,342 | 35, 947, 523 | 35, 790, 976 | 1,771, 279 | 207, 77 |

RETURN WITH NO NET INCOME

| 419, 256 | 1,241,754 | ${ }^{64} 682,222$ | 4, 535, 295 | 4,674, 049 | ${ }^{33} 360,659$ | ${ }^{33} 360,668$ |  | 9,524 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 415, 534 | 1, 827, 037 | 54 190, 542 | 2, 991, 112 | 3, 085, 812 | ${ }^{3} 3185,063$ | 33185,084 |  | 4,143 |
| 817, 984 | 1, 163,483 | 5484,282 | 4, 256, 814 | 4, 415, 761 | ${ }^{33}$ 261, 049 | ${ }^{33} 261,093$ |  | 8,484 |
| 675, 003 | 1, 799,712 | 41,635 | 3, 025, 374 | 3, 137, 294 | ${ }^{33} 179,215$ | ${ }^{33} 179,259$ |  | 4,379 |
| 653, 855 | 755, 979 | 143, 404 | 2, 825, 256 | 2, 883, 960 | ${ }^{33} 155,124$ | ${ }^{33} 155,297$ |  | 4,975 |
| 1,399, 239 | 1, 449, 721 | 241, 740 | 4, 500, 771 | 4, 616, 911 | ${ }^{33} 265,024$ | ${ }^{33} 266,412$ |  | 16, 095 |
| 447, 258 | 479, 063 | 268, 461 | 1,351, 476 | 1, 398, 691 | 3369,375 | 3370,322 |  | 7,717 |
| 1, 174, 407 | 954, 671 | 500, 273 | 2, 304, 148 | 2, 385, 633 | 33121,177 | ${ }^{33} 122,860$ |  | 18, 001 |
| 804, 450 | 446, 379 | ${ }^{3} 4257,096$ | 659, 235 | 694, 708 | ${ }^{33} 69,617$ | 3369,998 |  | 7,602 |
| 770, 300 | 348, 476 | 247, 515 | 3, 144, 846 | 3, 182, 429 | ${ }^{33} 33,360$ | ${ }^{33} 34,317$ |  | 16, 053 |
| 7, 577, 286 | 8,466,275 | 228, 886 | 29, 594, 327 | 30, 475, 248 | ${ }^{33} 1,699,663$ | 331,705,310 |  | 96, 973 |

FISHERY-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


FISHERY-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets <br> classes 48 | Number <br> of returns <br> with <br> balance <br> sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and <br> accounts <br> receivable <br> less <br> reserve | Inven- <br> tories | Invest- <br> ments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital <br> assets <br> less <br> leserves | Total <br> assets- <br> Total <br> labili- <br> ties 41 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FARMS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES-

| 0 | 1,093 | 4,526 | 3,949 | 2,679 | 1,122 | 14,786 | 27,809 | 4,863 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 767 | 7,153 | 7, 805 | 6, 321 | 2,952 | 29, 855 | 55, 686 | 9,336 |
| 100 | 978 | 17, 724 | 18, 102 | 21,447 | 11,070 | 84, 916 | 157, 637 | 24,536 |
| 250 | 447 | 14,857 | 15, 555 | 25,789 | 14,382 | 80, 744 | 157, 320 | 20,450 |
| 500 | 271 | 19, 785 | 20,464 | 29, 249 | 24, 786 | 91, 739 | 189, 421 | 29, 591 |
| 1,000 | 177 | 24, 143 | 28,857 | 58,638 | 38,960 | 156, 263 | 313, 717 | 53, 547 |
| 5,000 | 13 | 5,598 | 7,858 | 20,690 | 20,370 | 30, 455 | 85, 429 | 17,325 |
| 10.000 | 7 | 14, 340 | 3,860 | 18, 743 | 17,745 | 37, 967 | 105, 937 | 5,908 |
| 50,000 100,000 | 1 | 26,045 | 20,878 | 39,547 | 59, 750 | 162, 550 | 320,034 | 18,440 |
| Total. | 3,754 | 134, 171 | 127, 328 | 223, 103 | 191,137 | 689,275 | 1,413,990 | 183,996 |

FARMS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES-

|  | 1,124 | 1,991 | 2,323 | 2,575 | 844 | 14,973 | 23,774 | 7,940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 433 | 1,862 | 2, 718 | 3, 275 | 1,613 | 20,019 | 30,694 | 7,696 |
| 100 | 407 | 3, 275 | 5, 816 | 6, 934 | 4, 323 | 40,650 | 63,187 | 15,568 |
| 250 | 147 | 1,814 | 5,755 | 5,387 | 5,526 | 32, 245 | 53, 080 | 10,790 |
| 500 | 64 | 2,515 | 5, 427 | 5,136 | 6,401 | 24,140 | 44, 775 | 10, 157 |
| 1,000.. | 41 | 1,807 | 5,539 | 8,176 | 12,636 | 36,621 | 66, 575 | 15,976 |
| 5,000- | - 3 | 1,353 | 2,557 | 2,331 | 7, 907 | 6,516 | 21, 205 | 4, 226 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total... | 2,219 | 14,617 | 30, 135 | 33, 814 | 39, 250 | 175, 164 | 303, 290 | 72, 353 |

FORESTRY-RETURNS

| 0 | 44 | 268 | 196 | 16 | 46 | 494 | 1, 053 | 131 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 15 | 119 | 213 | 135 | 89 | 503 | 1,127 | 268 |
| 100 | 26 | 438 | 746 | 295 | 254 | 2, 296 | 4, 058 | 269 |
| 250 | 15 | 585 | 1,116 | 93 | 759 | 2,587 | 5, 329 | 651 |
| 500 | 12 | 1,692 | 1,658 | 483 | 1,240 | 3,988 | 8,110 | 733 |
| 1,000. | 14 | 2, 086 | 4, 068 | 3,444 | 5,384 | 14,324 | 30, 080 | 6,716 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 1,497 | 4, 380 |  | 6, 078 | 11,489 | 23, 697 | 2, 214 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $50.000-\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 130 | 6,685 | 11,377 | 4,466 | 13,850 | 35, 681 | 73,454 | 10, 882 |

FORESTRY-RETURNS

| 0. | 33 | 104 | 112 | 8 | 36 | 333 | 649 | 102 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 15 | 150 | 201 | 25 | 19 | 637 | 1,019 | 341 |
| 100 | 8 | 132 | 38 | 48 |  | 1,022 | 1,247 | 208 |
| 250 | 8 | 127 | 180 | 59 | 128 | 2,302 | 2, 836 | 586 |
| 570 | 7 | 446 | 1 | 129 | 85 | 3,707 | 4,377 | 851 |
| 1,000-...----- | 3 | 385 | 1,316 |  |  | 3,404 | 5,121 | 975 |
| 5,000-....---- |  |  |  |  | 5, 335 |  | 6,013 |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.-- | 75 | 1,387 | 2, 480 | 269 | 5,603 | 11, 408 | 21, 292 | 3, 068 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-318.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | $\text { Income }_{\operatorname{tax}}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,871 | 15, 197 | 3,147 | 68, 601 | 70,048 | 4,504 | 4,504 | 910 | 1,114 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,975 | 23,436 | 13,873 | 91, 597 | 94,488 | 7,705 | 7,696 | 1,595 | 1,133 |
| 19,048 | 61, 607 | 44,611 | 193,348 | 200, 105 | 19,521 | 19,520 | 5,324 | 2,408 |
| 17,407 | 60,688 | 50,980 | 133, 899 | 141, 786 | 17,594 | 17, 592 | 5,520 | 2,116 |
| 22, 248 | 71, 354 | 53, 074 | 164, 181 | 172, 716 | 25, 232 | 25, 225 | 8,732 | 3,360 |
| 34,445 | 81, 763 | 124,689 | 234, 553 | 247, 516 | 34, 342 | 34, 312 | 11,869 | 4,932 |
| 15,629 | 21, 953 | 28, 007 | 53, 131 | 57, 275 | 6,717 | 6,707 | 2,150 | 1,732 |
| 5,449 | 20, 976 | 64,435 | 77,491 | 83, 600 | 20,448 | 20,448 | 7,304 | 6,975 |
|  | 200,000 | 90,066 | 476, 941 | 481,570 | 92, 362 | 92, 354 | 30,898 | 35, 100 |
| 123, 072 | 556, 974 | 472,882 | 1,493, 742 | 1,549,104 | 228,425 | 228, 358 | 74, 302 | 58,870 |

RETURNS WITHI NO NET INCOME


## WITH NET INCOME



WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes 48 | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts rcceivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{48}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{30}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FISHERY-RETURNS

| 0 | 73 | 263 | 221 | 128 | 71 | 1,165 | 1,908 | 375 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 29 | 283 | 239 | 48 | 58 | 1, 360 | 2, 117 | 424 |
| 100 | 41 | 528 | 1,173 | 141 | 164 | 4,485 | 6, 655 | 1,172 |
| 250 | 16 | 447 | 855 | 181 | 607 | 3,278 | 5, 633 | 1,193 |
| 500 | 5 | 198 | 53 | 578 | 869 | 1,875 | 3,619 | 468 |
| 1,000 | 3 | 473 | 298 | 555 | 2, 959 | 1,285 | 6,151 | 73 |
| $5,000 \text { - }$ $10.000$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 167 | 2,192 | 2,839 | 1,631 | 4,728 | 13,448 | 26, 083 | 3,705 |

FISHERY-RETURNS

| 0 | 115 | 200 | 238 | 99 | 183 | 1,628 | 2,468 | 1,110 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 42 | 167 | 184 | 212 | 72 | 2, 295 | 2,974 | , 913 |
| 100 | 29 | 177 | 753 | 258 | 89 | 2,871 | 4,303 | 1,393 |
| 250 | 4 | 44 | 35 | 42 | 447 | 476 | 1,063 | 145 |
| 500 | 2 | 26 | 55 | 509 |  | 810 | 1,428 | 204 |
| 1,000 | 2 | 171 | 153 | 1, 931 | 807 | 1,405 | 4,578 | 56 |
| 5,000-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000_..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 194 | 785 | 1 1,418 | 3, 051 | 1,598 | 9,485 | 16,814 | 3,821 |

TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING-

| 0 | 1,226 | 6,633 | 5,359 | 573 | 1,473 | 13,645 | 29,092 | 6,664 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 763 | 9, 807 | 10,555 | 1,443 | 2,662 | 28, 384 | 55, 204 | 11, 109 |
| 100 | 1,101 | 30,180 | 33,575 | 5,797 | 12,079 | 91, 781 | 179, 467 | 32,358 |
| 250 | 706 | 37, 095 | 46,606 | 9,140 | 22,425 | 128, 887 | 251,442 | 42,380 |
| 500. | 516 | 52, 260 | 64,380 | 14, 264 | 35, 251 | 184, 541 | 359, 716 | 57, 737 |
| 1,000 | 587 | 157, 843 | 182, 107 | -67,721 | 196, 346 | 614,155 | 1, 257, 004 | 133, 461 |
| 5,000 | 95 | 77, 143 | 74,909 | 36, 868 | 141, 699 | 320, 616 | 664, 334 | 66, 183 |
| 10,000 | 96 | 212, 274 | 275, 975 | 144,020 | 394, 201 | 1, 001,766 | 2, 064,475 | 165, 639 |
| 50,000 | 14 | 98,508 | 80,665 | 77,929 | 265, 704 | 452,456 | 1, 001, 871 | 65, 100 |
| 100,000 | 9 | 241, 947 | 129,420 | 157, 057 | 886, 699 | 744, 959 | 2, 207, 227 | 123, 268 |
| Total | 5,113 | 923, 690 | 903, 551 | 514,812 | 1,958, 539 | 3, 581, 190 | 8, 069,832 | 703, 899 |

TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING-

| 0 | 1,356 | 2,478 | 3,529 | 588 | 1,037 | 15, 076 | 24,364 | 12,452 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 437 | 2,113 | 4, 251 | 1,024 | 1, 704 | 20, 074 | 31, 603 | 10,476 |
| 100 | 498 | 4,943 | 9,680 | 2,007 | 5, 472 | 50, 805 | 79,167 | 23,945 |
| 250 | 288 | 5, 074 | 9, 985 | 4,957 | 7,494 | 66, 532 | 99, 818 | 26, 465 |
| 500 | 158 | 5, 948 | 11, 165 | 5,412 | 8, 060 | 71, 814 | 109,370 | 31,807 |
| 1,000 | 147 | 15, 711 | 24,730 | 11,748 | 27, 771 | 188, 183 | 277, 464 | 65, 665 |
| 5,000 | 14 | 2, 950 | 4,448 | 2,740 | 5,513 | 72, 539 | 90, 249 | 16, 248 |
| 10,000 | 14 | 8,392 | 19,469 | 7, 952 | 7,361 | 204, 683 | 260, 287 | 24, 703 |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,912 | 47,609 | 87, 257 | 36, 428 | 64, 412 | 689, 706 | 972, 322 | 211, 761 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{81}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { sales }{ }^{11} \text { and } \\ \text { geioss re- } \\ \text { ceipts from } \\ \text { operations }{ }^{12} \end{gathered}\right.$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## WITH NET INCOME



## WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,785 | 26,829 | 8412,587 | 60,915 | 64,271 | 7,160 | 7,160 | 1,527 | 3,542 |
| 5,275 | 31,821 | 188 | 91,720 | 95,012 | 10,548 | 10,546 | 2,585 | 3,627 |
| 15,318 | 65,467 | 46,789 | 289,507 | 298,376 | 31,711 | 31,710 | 9,808 | 7,662 |
| 23,279 | 79,971 | 81,068 | 360,225 | 373,887 | 43,218 | 43,214 | 14,768 | 8,833 |
| 29,944 | 103,460 | 127,731 | 507,904 | 520,307 | 62,306 | 62,288 | 22,664 | 16,565 |
| 116,547 | 322,854 | 563,454 | $1,425,110$ | $1,469,672$ | 207,315 | 207,260 | 74,419 | 57,340 |
| 63,352 | 177,189 | 303,981 | 558,097 | 589,141 | 98,288 | 98,276 | 34,549 | 25,935 |
| 214,573 | 527,390 | 989,243 | $1,710,561$ | $1,766,883$ | 296,054 | 296,023 | 100,985 | 114,485 |
| 159,432 | 248,706 | 485,562 | 746,482 | 779,336 | 104,083 | 104,078 | 33,817 | 61,955 |
| 303,208 | 552,585 | $1,015,265$ | $1,200,109$ | $1,278,801$ | 344,053 | 343,996 | 112,809 | 156,614 |
| 93,713 | $2,136,272$ | $3,600,694$ | $6,950,630$ | $7,235,686$ | $1,204,736$ | $1,204,551$ | 407,931 | 456,558 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{43}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Invest- | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{11}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING-

| 0 | 32 | 402 | 75 | 38 | 100 | 294 | 931 | 207 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 17 | 371 | 235 | 50 | 237 | 320 | 1,247 | 258 |
| 100 | 28 | 1,263 | 617 | 120 | 335 | 1,948 | 4,387 | 605 |
| 250 | 27 | 1,491 | 1,491 | 865 | 1,047 | 4,348 | 9,578 | 1,285 |
| 500 | 18 | 2,249 | 2,015 | 895 | 1,130 | 5,904 | 12,733 | 1,732 |
| 1,000 | 47 | 14,008 | 16,418 | 8,602 | 16,127 | 48, 038 | 106,745 | 5,762 |
| 5,000 | 18 | 18, 853 | 16,128 | 11, 468 | 35, 351 | 47, 978 | 133, 509 | 17,055 |
| 10,000 | 18 | 39, 902 | 80, 834 | 49, 734 | 61, 007 | 153, 041 | 393, 456 | 40,347 |
| 50,000. | 4 | 22, 274 | 30, 039 | 32,355 | 99, 964 | 86, 839 | 277, 591 | 19, 048 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 114,401 | 32, 650 | 49, 222 | 365, 578 | 211, 109 | 806,106 | 14,805 |
| Total. | 213 | 215, 214 | 180, 503 | 153,349 | 580,876 | 559,819 | 1, 746, 283 | 101,105 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING-

| 0. | 144 | 232 | 194 | 47 | 171 | 1,691 | 2,508 | 1,517 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 67 | 213 | 320 | 78 | 279 | 3,437 | 4,852 | 1,394 |
| 100. | 118 | 883 | 1, 094 | 335 | 980 | 12, 097 | 17, 941 | 2,984 |
| 250 | 76 | 1,018 | 1,184 | 1,124 | 1,505 | 18, 711 | 26, 186 | 3,591 |
| 500 | 47 | 1, 688 | 1, 574 | 2,357 | 1,934 | 22, 780 | 32, 827 | 5,823 |
| 1,000. | 48 | 3,919 | 8, 046 | 4,066 | 12,786 | 65, 277 | 98, 967 | 7,443 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 434 | 164 | 300 | 3,718 | 23, 827 | 29,407 | 999 |
| 10,000. | 3 | 365 | 2,456 | 341 | - 93 | 31, 577 | 41, 386 | 3,269 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 508 | 8,752 | 15, 032 | 8,648 | 21, 466 | 179, 397 | 254, 074 | 27, 020 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: ANTHRACITE MINING-

| 0 | 20 | 135 | 110 | 1 |  | 174 | 463 | 157 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 14 | 262 | 308 | 28 | 2 | 428 | 1,063 | 277 |
| 100 | 27 | 666 | 999 | 200 | 100 | 2,239 | 4,489 | 1,705 |
| 250 | 13 | 562 | 1,272 | 42 | 551 | 2,550 | 5, 062 | 1,545 |
| 500 | 13 | 1,079 | 1,638 | 534 | 440 | 4,510 | 8,485 | 1,633 |
| 1,000 | 19 | 3,962 | 5, 869 | 1,986 | 3,490 | 20,552 | 37, 138 | 5,447 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 4,973 | 2,302 | 604 | 4,572 | 3,764 | 16, 606 | 1,584 |
| 10.000 | 1 | 4,974 | 2,196. | 2,066 | 5,511 | 17, 039 | 32,199 | 1,979 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 21,470 | 14,029 | 14,560 | 98, 596 | 142,590 | 303, 474 | 17,334 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 3,589 | 8,003 | 3,691 | 26, 069 | 66, 026 | 108, 399 | 6,946 |
| Total. | 114 | 41, 672 | 36, 726 | 23, 712 | 139,331 | 259, 872 | 517, 378 | 38,607 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: ANTHRACITE MINING-

| 0 | 42 | 50 | 146 | 5 | 2 | 427 | 666 | 699 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 7 | 44 | 265 | 80 | 23 | 150 | 567 | 299 |
| 100 | 14 | 208 | 527 | 155 | 164 | 972 | 2, 270 | 1,439 |
| 250 | 10 | 175 | 567 | 299 | 265 | 2,152 | 3,566 | 2,313 |
| 500. | 7 | 187 | 1,538 | 501 | 460 | 2,378 | 5,220 | 3,304 |
| 1,000. | 2 | 10 | 168 | 249 | 45 | 2,994 | 3,512 | 1,067 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -..-------- |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000....-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 82 | 674 | 3,211 | 1,289 | 959 | 9, 073 | 15,801 | 9,121 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{63}$ | Surplus and undivided profits 53 less deficit. 4 | Gross sales 11 and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{6}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{\text {B }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 59 96 | 1,236 | 64708 206 | 1,933 2,416 | 2,103 | 247 | 259 | 52 59 | 383 41 |
| 212 | 1,776 | 1,369 | 6,608 | 6,665 | 825 | 825 | 256 | 469 |
| 952 | 6,297 | 247 | 10,482 | 10,857 | 1,033 | 1,033 | 270 | 540 |
| 2,333 | 3,627 | 3,848 | 13,533 | 13,759 | 1,528 | 1,528 | 512 | 539 |
| 8,420 | 42,022 | 41,553 | 87,679 | 89,352 | 13,392 | 13,386 | 4,574 | 7,023 |
| 2,645 | 34,943 | 66, 216 | 101, 207 | 105,608 | 13,373 | 13,367 | 4,172 | 7,554 |
| 29,346 | 96, 631 | 161, 863 | 312, 395 | 320, 578 | 66,720 | 66,719 | 19,843 | 35,381 |
| 12,393 | 72, 084 | 162,936 | 212,577 | 220, 287 | 21,755 | 21,750 | 6, 097 | 16,076 |
|  | 237, 894 | 468,635 | 379, 531 | 412,969 | 162,434 | 162,382 | 52, 153 | 87,795 |
| 56,456 | 497, 114 | 906, 165 | 1,128, 361 | 1,184, 674 | 281, 566 | 281,496 | 87, 988 | 155,801 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets <br> classes 48 | Number <br> of returns <br> with <br> balance <br> sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 30 | Notes and <br> accounts <br> receivable <br> less <br> reserve | Inven- <br> tories | Invest- <br> ments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital <br> assets <br> less <br> leserves | Total <br> assets <br> Total <br> liabili- <br> ties 41 | A ccounts <br> and notes <br> payable s0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUẢRRYING: BİTUMINOUS COAL AND

| 0 | 230 | 1,505 | 1,551 | 78 | 168 | 2,675 | 6,146 | 1,328 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 159 | 2, 683 | 2, 406 | 194 | 317 | 5,204 | 11, 288 | 3,091 |
| 100 | 261 | 9,736 | 9,173 | 878 | 2,696 | 19,708 | 43, 739 | 8,253 |
| 250 | 196 | 11,678 | 15, 623 | 1,721 | 5, 210 | 33, 001 | 69,101 | 12,159 |
| 500 | 176 | 21, 742 | 25,932 | 5,226 | 13, 452 | 55, 309 | 125, 345 | 18, 224 |
| 1,000 | 224 | 60,590 | 80, 486 | 24,344 | 101, 395 | 218, 867 | 496, 050 | 49,461 |
| 5,000 | 31 | 22, 794 | 24, 694 | 10,636 | 46, 010 | 108, 692 | 216, 690 | 24,407 |
| 10,000 | 30 | 72,893 | 84, 530 | 35,804 | 148, 118 | 304, 200 | 655, 765 | 53, 563 |
| 100,000 | 2 | 37,779 | 34,918 | 8,845 | 149,964 | 71,657 | 304, 055 | 23, 071 |
| Total. | 1,309 | 241,400 | 279, 313 | 87, 726 | 467,330 | 819,313 | 1,928, 179 | 193,557 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL AND

| 0. | 310 | 557 | 921 | 93 | 138 | 3,351 | 5,387 | 3,038 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 91 | 636 | 924 | 268 | 376 | 3,792 | 6,449 | 2,303 |
| 100 | 88 | 946 | 2,005 | 262 | 1,457 | 8,959 | 14, 204 | 5,272 |
| 250 | 22 | 305 | 1,074 | 303 | 180 | 5,820 | 7,954 | 2,424 |
| 500 | 11 | 410 | 1,472 | 464 | 702 | 4,183 | 7,459 | 1,555 |
| 1,000 | 20 | 3,264 | 3,936 | 1,801 | 1,313 | 26, 323 | 37, 184 | 8,096 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 175 | +523 | 1. 694 | 1,172 | 9,861 | 11,563 | , 870 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 1,446 | 3,017 | 1,410 | 1,639 | 21, 741 | 29,711 | 1,344 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 546 | 7,739 | 13,872 | 5,295 | 5,977 | 84, 030 | 119,911 | 24,902 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM AND

| 0. | 740 | 3,783 | 2,460 | 205 | 985 | 7,301 | 15,710 | 3,441 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 361 | 4,541 | 4,642 | 339 | 1,638 | 13,515 | 26, 050 | 4,580 |
| 100 | 458 | 11,668 | 13,627 | 2,109 | 6,206 | 38,110 | 74,423 | 13,615 |
| 250 | 292 | 15,483 | 17,762 | 3,061 | 10,884 | 56,410 | 107, 128 | 17,862 |
| 500 | 222 | 20, 106 | 26, 234 | 4,223 | 13, 940 | 85,615 | 153, 291 | 28, 175 |
| 1,000 | 201 | 55, 400 | 58,153 | 16, 290 | 53, 602 | 227, 015 | 424, 407 | 55,543 |
| 5,000 | 33 | 22, 576 | 23,441 | 6, 898 | 47,533 | 120, 117 | 224, 177 | 18, 966 |
| 10,000 | 39 | 82,538 | 92,491 | 44,557 | 142, 665 | 466, 441 | 842,000 | 65, 060 |
| 50,000 | 5 | 42, 244 | 28,774 | 20,197 | 33,081 | 202, 506 | 334,618 | 27, 702 |
| 100,000. | 3 | 86,178 | 53, 849 | 95, 299 | 345, 088 | 396, 167 | 988,667 | 78,446 |
| Total | 2, 354 | 344, 517 | 321,433 | 193, 178 | 655, 622 | 1,613,197 | 3, 190, 471 | 313, 390 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM AND

| 0 | 611 | 1,309 | 1,657 | 183 | 631 | 5,867 | 10,444 | 5,132 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 169 | 1853 | 2,022 | 307 | 735 | 7,466 | 12,342 | 4,616 |
| 100 | 172 | 2, 343 | 4,663 | 722 | 1,779 | 17,395 | 28,363 | 10, 252 |
| 250 | 119 | 2,565 | 5,802 | 1,870 | 3,901 | 25, 107 | 41,196 | 13, 791 |
| 500 | 80 | 3,519 | 5,997 | 1,907 | 4, 049 | 35, 803 | 55, 217 | 20, 366 |
| 1,000 | 63 | 8, 064 | 11,461 | 4,474 | 13, 171 | 75,497 | 114, 673 | 45, 125 |
| 5,000 | 6 | 2,162 | 3,491 | 1,477 | 1,464 | 33, 187 | 42, 699 | 14,303 |
| 10,000 | 9 | 6,581 | 13,996 | 6,201 | 5,629 | 151,365 | 189, 190 | 20,090 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,229 | 27, 396 | 49,089 | 17, 141 | 31,359 | 351, 687 | 494, 124 | 133, 675 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | "Net income or deficit 4 | Income $\operatorname{tax}{ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

LIGNITE MINING-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 449 | 2, 224 | 1,298 | 27, 150 | 27, 751 | 1,433 | 1,433 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 703 | 2,657 | 2,948 | 35, 784 | 36, 784 | 1,476 | 1,433 | 640 | 377 |
| 3,298 | 10,332 | 15, 309 | 117, 955 | 120, 426 | 9, 184 | 9, 184 | 3,027 | 2,297 |
| 4,064 | 13, 562 | 30, 303 | 147, 579 | 152, 517 | 12,895 | 12,895 | 4, 584 | 2,330 |
| 4,974 | 28, 131 | 55, 725 | 261, 798 | 265, 357 | 27, 054 | 27, 052 | 10,018 | 6,390 |
| 29,917 | 109,954 | 243, 871 | 767, 852 | 783, 124 | 100,682 | 100, 647 | 36, 675 | 20,393 |
| 23, 273 | 47, 855 | 100, 683 | 231, 043 | 240, 569 | 40, 897 | 40, 894 | 14, 645 | 6,785 |
| 46, 728 | 217, 261 | 301, 006 | 686, 084 | 703, 019 | 84, 330 | 84, 309 | 30, 463 | 27, 042 |
| 18,921 | 88, 137 | 162, 579 | 156, 130 | 170, 797 | 35, 536 | 35, 532 | 11, 269 | 9,098 |
| 132, 327 | 520, 113 | 913,722 | 2,431, 375 | 2,500,344 | 314,487 | 314, 422 | 111, 614 | 75, 476 |

LIGNITE MINING-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,538 | 20,099 | 54 | 13,124 | 17,482 | 19,643 | 4,382 | 4,382 | 980 | 2,672 |
| 2,169 | 22,018 | 546,076 | 25,068 | 26,691 | 4,919 | 4,917 | 1,227 | $\mathbf{2 , 4 4 4}$ |  |
| 6,408 | 34,986 | 12,031 | 74,020 | 78,649 | 12,038 | 12,038 | 3,614 | 3,483 |  |
| 12,369 | 40,669 | 27,350 | 102,020 | 108,344 | 17,771 | 17,770 | 5,905 | 4,055 |  |
| 15,588 | 53,139 | 41,252 | 137,548 | 144,242 | 22,206 | 22,204 | 7,919 | 8,032 |  |
| 53,819 | 100,612 | 183,019 | 295,748 | 317,578 | 58,909 | 58,907 | 20,566 | 23,001 |  |
| 29,465 | 69,531 | 93,118 | 127,128 | 141,801 | 30,162 | 30,162 | 10,513 | 9,519 |  |
| 115,736 | 170,482 | $434,162$. | 577,065 | 601,737 | 125,376 | 125,367 | 43,819 | 46,685 |  |
| 108,917 | 57,212 | 125,233 | 239,824 | 246,150 | 31,441 | 31,441 | 11,409 | 14,290 |  |
| 250,515 | 193,495 | 353,520 | 606,329 | 631,409 | 141,457 | 141,457 | 47,691 | 56,468 |  |
| 596,524 | 762,243 | $1,250,485$ | $2,202,232$ | $2,316,244$ | 448,661 | 448,645 | 153,643 | 170,649 |  |

NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{38}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{19}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Tntal assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{51}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING

| 0 | 204 | 808 | 1,163 | 251 | 220 | 3,201 | 5,842 | 1,531 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 212 | 1,950 | 2,964 | 832 | 468 | 8,917 | 15,556 | 2,903 |
| 100 | 327 | 6,847 | 9, 159 | 2,490 | 2, 742 | 29, 776 | 52, 429 | 8,180 |
| 250 | 178 | 7,881 | 10,458 | 3,451 | 4,733 | 32, 578 | 60, 573 | 9, 529 |
| 500 | 87 | 7,084 | 8,561 | 3,386 | 6,289 | 33, 203 | 59, 862 | 7,973 |
| 1,000 | 96 | 23,883 | 21, 181 | 16,499 | 21, 732 | 99, 683 | 192, 664 | 17,248 |
| 5,000 | 11 | 7,947 | 8,343 | 7,262 | 8,233 | 40,065 | 73, 352 | 4,171 |
| 10,000 | 7 | 11,967 | 15,924 | 11,859 | 36, 900 | 61, 045 | 141, 055 | 4,690 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 12,520 | 7,823 | 10,817 | 34, 063 | 20, 521 | 86, 188 | 1,015 |
| Total | 1,123 | 80,887 | 85, 576 | 56,847 | 115,380 | 328, 989 | 687, 521 | 57, 240 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING


CONSTRUCTION-

| 0 | 6,051 | 26, 556 | 48,158 | 24,092 | 4,020 | 34,637 | 142, 589 | 38,019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 3,020 | 35, 987 | 76, 731 | 38,819 | 7,775 | 51,757 | 218, 128 | 56,233 |
| 100 | 3,253 | 76, 222 | 188, 606 | 88, 200 | 24, 269 | 120,594 | 515, 800 | 136, 597 |
| 250 | 1,553 | 77, 523 | 213, 638 | 81, 287 | 33, 799 | 116,727 | 544, 356 | 146, 040 |
| 500 | 719 | 71,396 | 248, 807 | 43, 950 | 36, 354 | 87, 640 | 499, 264 | 121, 694 |
| 1,000 | 521 | 122,619 | 537, 421 | 64,581 | 112, 742 | 141,359 | 1,002, 819 | 218, 534 |
| 5,000 | 38 | 27,471 | 133, 213 | 24,916 | 28,867 | 51, 486 | 270, 545 | 47,533 |
| 10,000 | 30 | 52, 300 | 242,668 | 37, 560 | 81, 827 | 88,350 | 541, 150 | 84,656 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 15, 185 | 490, 074 | 1,689, 242 | 403,405 | 329,653 | 692, 550 | 3,734, 651 | 849,306 |

CONSTRUCTION-

| 0 | 4,489 | 7,641 | 20,193 | 14,645 | 2,635 | 20,416 | 69,356 | 31, 214 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 768 | 4,360 | 15, 079 | 11, 311 | 3,201 | 16, 703 | 53, 435 | 22,058 |
| 100 | 537 | 4,963 | 23, 917 | 19,732 | 5,741 | 24,499 | 83, 424 | 34, 699 |
| 250 | 169 | 4,015 | 18,733 | 14,625 | 4,264 | 14,332 | 58, 436 | 24,597 |
| 500 | 80 | 3,597 | 27, 065 | 4,980 | 3,791 | 11, 705 | 53, 364 | 19,591 |
| 1,000 | 59 | 7,512 | 62, 358 | 5,604 | 11, 482 | 20,545 | 110,053 | 30, 502 |
| 5,000 | 6 | 902 | 24, 422 | 884 | 3,257 | 9,561 | 40,093 | 8,508 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 6,108 | 32,990 | 191, 767 | 71, 781 | 34, 371 | 117, 761 | 468, 161 | 171, 169 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{5!}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income ${ }_{\text {tax }}{ }^{8}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

AND QUARRYING-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


## AND QUARRYING-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Totalassets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{30}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 4 | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{11}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL MANUFACTURING-

| 0. | 18,368 | 79,884 | 110,906 | 88, 157 | 15,127 | 150, 345 | 464, 416 | 94, 800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 11, 983 | 135, 432 | 199, 059 | 193, 567 | 38,439 | 272, 024 | 870,440 | 163, 919 |
| 100 | 16,161 | 366, 202 | 546, 645 | 645, 643 | 148, 860 | 816, 253 | 2,612, 483 | 474, 604 |
| 250 | 9, 258 | 439, 958 | 628, 734 | 876, 551 | 249, 549 | 986, 375 | 3, 279, 620 | 536, 280 |
| 500 | 6, 284 | 575, 542 | 795,597 | 1,238, 141 | 415, 128 | 1, 309, 751 | 4, 429, 206 | 662, 259 |
| 1,000 | 6,778 | 1, 723, 984 | 2, 304, 043 | 4, 082, 061 | 1,588, 493 | 4, 212, 686 | 14, 221, 127 | 1,832, 415 |
| 5,000 | 1,171 | 899, 189 | 1,244, 633 | 2, 354, 887 | 1, 101, 759 | 2, 478, 903 | 8, 250, 728 | 915, 249 |
| 10,000 | 998 | 2, 116, 041 | 2, 829, 631 | 5, 681, 048 | 2, 765, 857 | 6, 479, 859 | 20, 304, 408 | 2,170,513 |
| 50,000 | 138 | S93, 770 | 1, 315, 227 | 2, 577, 272 | 1, 623, 959 | 2, 997, 797 | 9, 572, 939 | 964, 072 |
| 100,000. | 143 | 4, 106, 077 | 6, 081, 571 | 10, 680, 465 | 10, 269, 123 | 10, 027, 700 | 51, 033, 267 | 5,651, 269 |
| Total | 71, 282 | 11, 342, 079 | 16,056, 046 | 28, 417, 792 | 18, 216, 294 | 38, 731, 693 | 115,038,634 | 13, 465, 380 |

TOTAL MANUFACTURING-

|  | 22,884 | 40, 290 | 79,917 | 100, 953 | 14, 129 | 166, 350 | 431, 283 | 168, 466 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 6, 274 | 31, 504 | 77,060 | 119, 249 | 17. 126 | 175, 089 | 446, 991 | 146.615 |
| 100 | 5,512 | 55,585 | 142, 367 | 237, 434 | 38, 848 | 335, 442 | 860, 280 | 266, 289 |
| 250 | 2, 073 | 43, 873 | 111, 939 | 205, 578 | 41, 165 | 281, 466 | 722, 207 | 215, 326 |
| 500 | 1,117 | 47, 175 | 116,531 | 239, 740 | 48, 812 | 280, 995 | 764,653 | 215, 849 |
| 1,000 | 817 | 94, 309 | 233, 630 | 461, 256 | 120,493 | 596, 830 | 1,570, 113 | 394.386 |
| 5,000 | 72 | 31, 599 | 69,076 | 141,686 | 53.940 | 196, 745 | 500, 892 | 116, 273 |
| 10,000. | 43 | 57,787 | 87, 534 | 222,806 | 75,385 | 304, 287 | 773, 859 | 141, 043 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 12,078 | 26, 299 | 71, 898 | 5,723 | 42, 029 | 164, 468 | 56, 401 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 21,835 | 90, 066 | 136, 186 | 52,627 | 116, 097 | 425, 187 | 66, 198 |
| Total. | 38,796 | 436, 035 | 1,034, 419 | 1, 936, 786 | 468, 248 | 2, 495, 330 | 6,668, 939 | 1,787, 746 |

MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES-

| 0. | 259 | 838 | 612 | 1,401 | 185 | 4,300 | 7,844 | 1,464 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 304 | 2, 457 | 1,987 | 3, 702 | 1,157 | 11, 718 | 22,417 | 3,557 |
| 100 | 471 | 8,348 | 6,636 | 10.443 | 4,914 | 40, 191 | 75, 199 | 11, 032 |
| 250 | 208 | 8, 128 | 5,728 | 11,397 | 7,612 | 37,680 | 74.417 | S. 480 |
| 500 | 155 | 11, 190 | 9, 831 | 18,675 | 10,566 | 51, 946 | 105, 666 | 14,307 |
| 1,000 | 204 | 49, 477 | 38,568 | 89, 300 | 43, 251 | 207, 104 | 446, 462 | 57, 412 |
| 5,000 | 52 | 32, 529 | 37, 717 | 82, 799 | 47, 198 | 141, 645 | 354, 070 | 42, 898 |
| 10,000 | 41 | 74,309 | 76, 129 | 338, 733 | 80, 048 | 249, 035 | 836,964 | 209,584 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 33, 712 | 62, 255 | 122, 245 | 90, 818 | 114, 246 | 43.8, 633 | 33, 763 |
| 100,000 | 3 | 33, 770 | 103, 227 | 170, 004 | 132,828 | 51,866 | 498, 264 | 43, 086 |
| Total- | 1,703 | 254, 75 S | 342, 690 | 848,699 | 418, 577 | 909, 731 | 2,859,936 | 425, 583 |

MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES-


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{\delta}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{5}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Surplus and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits } \\ \text { fess } \\ \text { deficit ts } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit deficit | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{5}}{\text { Incom }}$ | Dividends paid paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 37, 939 | 197, 973 | 85,700 | 1,490, 902 | 1,503,997 | 65, 848 | 65, 838 | 12,714 | 7,833 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 58, 295 |  | 270, 899 | 2, 429,697 | 2,447, 369 | 124, 048 | 124, 042 | 28,613 | 15,024 |
| 176, 524 | 798, 718 | 915, 213 | 6,788, 495 | 6,844, 059 | 386,984 | 386, 820 | 115, 662 | 53, 421 |
| 206, 322 | 915, 707 | 1,285, 419 | 7, 922, 585 | 7,993, 294 | 544, 394 | 544,304 | 192, 650 | 82,443 |
| 232, 130 | 1,108,680 | 1,968, 793 | 10, 211, 338 | 10, 308,383 | 797,859 | 797, 680 | 293, 949 | 127, 83 |
| 781, 655 | 3,335, 118 | 6, 828, 893 | 27, 994, 676 | 28, 311,490 | 2, 697, 968 | 2,697, 183 | 1,002, 587 | 486, 058 |
| 524,075 | 1,866, 885 | 4, 159, 321 | 14, 310, 058 | 14,485, 863 | 1,588, 652 | 1,588, 881 | 590, 451 | 331, 621 |
| 1,871, 695 | 4, $4.841,894$ | ${ }_{9}^{9}, 428,7818$ | 31, 1483,483 143 a | 31, 334,500 | 边$1,581,616$ <br> 1,589 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1, } 580,931 \\ & \mathbf{3}, 500,910 \end{aligned}$ | 1,323, ${ }^{585}$, 189 | 831,091 439 4900 |
| $1,919,694$ $5,842,211$ | ( $\begin{array}{r}2,579,042 \\ 15,432,951\end{array}$ | 4, 162, 016 $20,306,940$ | $14,418,833$ $64,849,813$ | $14,618,530$ $66,178,879$ | $1,589,226$ $7.382,970$ | 1, $1,389,010$ | 2,614,637 | 2, 20999491 |
| 650, 540 | 31, 375, 873 | 49, 411, 975 | 181, 799, 830 | 184,526,364 | 18,759, 665 | 18,756, 287 | 6,760,415 | 4,584, 519 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 71,966 |  | ${ }^{54} 167$ | 1,082,978 | 1,094, 271 | 33120,199 | 32 120, 199 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 72, 723 | 225, 310 | ${ }^{5140,478}$ | ${ }_{919,066}$ | 1,928, 267 | 3373, 992 | 33 73, 994 |  | 766 |
| 138,502 | 370, 374 | 13, 983 | 1,624, 870 | 1. 645,2 | ${ }_{33} 120$ | ${ }_{33} 12$ |  | 737 |
| 115, 9 |  | 71,9 | 1,336, 750 | 1,353, 5 | ${ }^{33} 878,940$ | ${ }_{3}^{33} 8$ |  |  |
| 110, 511 | 255, 935 | 132, | 1,450, 633 | 1,466, 913 | ${ }^{33} 884,659$ | ${ }^{33} 84,663$ |  | 2,005 |
| 250, 970 | 435, 686 | 389, 310 | 2, 5156,693 | 2,548, 835 | 33159, 788 | 33 159, 385 |  | 7,919 |
| 77, 934 | 111,112 | - 182,673 | -669, 119 | 677, 329 | ${ }^{33} 32,886$ |  |  |  |
| 118,708 | 157, 658 | 297, 224 | ${ }^{929,973}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}941,661 \\ 234 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ | ${ }^{33} 60,215$ |  |  | 7,143 |
| 137, 628 | 70,329 | 140, ${ }^{6173}$ | 2, 239,531 | 2,841, 815 | ${ }_{33}{ }^{66,808}$ | ${ }^{33} 88,815$ |  | , 659 |
| 1,106, 537 | 2, 201, 485 | 1,094, 356 | 13, 599, 992 | 13, 733, 803 | ${ }^{33} 774,529$ | ${ }^{33} 774,621$ |  | , 346 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 833 | 3,261 | 1,594 | 16, 801 | 17,249 | 1,065 | 1,065 | 226 | 256 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,769 6,979 | $\begin{array}{r}7,125 \\ 18,755 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8,106 31,803 8 | 43,606 134,066 | $\begin{array}{r}44,329 \\ 136,181 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3,649 } \\ 12,722 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | ${ }_{837}^{963}$ |
| 7,367 | 18,799 | 32,354 | 119, 400 | ${ }_{121,766}$ | 13,174 | 13,171 | 4, 4 4, | 3 3,213 |
| 7,387 | ${ }^{23,165}$ | 49, 669 | 203, 114 | 206, 857 | 20, 387 | 20, 385 | 7,346 | 4, 288 |
| 25, 589 | 82, 468 | 236, 762 | 850, 968 | 860, 681 | 84, 419 | 84,385 | 31, 455 | 18, 890 |
| 29, 189 | 56,581 | 192, 598 | 690, 873 | 699, 532 | 61,712 | 61, 682 | 22,909 | 12,464 |
| ${ }_{85,554}^{258}$ | 136, 842 | 341, 968 | 1,203, 111 | 1,212,736 | 114, 300 | 114, 285 | 42, 483 | 16, 132 |
| 58,838 158,045 | 28,843 110,947 | 209,629 155,122 | -617, ${ }_{847,752}$ | 624,091 856,152 | 111, ${ }_{82,219}$ | 111,055 82,219 | 41,853 30,976 | - $\begin{aligned} & 16,404 \\ & 30,797\end{aligned}$ |
| 381, 550 | 486,786 | 1, 259, 605 | 4, 727,323 | 4,779,574 | 504, 767 | 504, 616 | 187, 140 | 106, 184 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 4,040 | 12,362 | 847692 | 24, 062 | 24, 441 | 334,193 | ${ }^{33} 4,193$ |  | 15 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,455 | 11, 734 | 54 2,606 | 31, 325 | 31,785 | 33 3,998 | ${ }^{33} 3,998$ |  | 26 |
| 11, 900 | 23, 418 | 44,429 | 58,794 | 60,011 | 33 8, 020 | 338,020 |  | 92 |
| 8, 186 | 14, 530 | 872 | 47, 244 | 47,890 | 33 5, 416 | 33 5, 416 |  | 20 |
| 6,980 | 18,381 | 5, 608 | 60, 876 | 61, 516 | 33 5, 776 | ${ }^{33} 5,776$ |  | 124 |
| 15,521 | 22, 962 | 28, 249 | 113, 495 | 115, 437 | 33 8, 944 | 83, 8, 944 |  | 757 |
| 6,771 | 7,032 | 12,653 | 37, 459 | 38, 301 | 332,355 | ${ }^{33} 22,355$ |  |  |
| 6,808 | 11, 942 | 25, 439 | 116, 979 | 117, 635 | 33 2, 069 | 33 2, 070 |  | 756 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65, 661 | 122, 361 | 60,094 | 490, 234 | 497, 016 | ${ }^{33} 40,771$ | ${ }^{33} 40,772$ |  | 1,790 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{18}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less <br> reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED

| 0 | 1,252 | 5,239 | 5,187 | 5,205 | 1,514 | 15,594 | 33, 779 | 7,029 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,100 | 10,245 | 12,201 | 13, 398 | 3,693 | 38, 352 | 80,547 | 13, 755 |
| 100 | 1,722 | 32, 266 | 41,683 | 55, 238 | 15, 188 | 131,718 | 284, 749 | 49,888 |
| 250 | 1,071 | 44,569 | 54,934 | 78, 903 | 26, 933 | 162,943 | 379,635 | 59,090 |
| 500 | 662 | 55,569 | 69, 717 | 110,853 | 38,565 | 180, 184 | 466, 274 | 81, 758 |
| 1,000 | 659 | 156, 493 | 190, 301 | 350, 764 | 133, 231 | 468,124 | 1,329, 803 | 204, 414 |
| 5,000 | 95 | 80, 371 | 88, 454 | 168,576 | 74, 102 | 241, 997 | 668,428 | 88, 793 |
| 10,000 | 83 | 199, 975 | 238,953 | 515,948 | 218, 107 | 665,979 | 1,880,807 | 245, 512 |
| 50,000 | 13 | 95, 801 | 123, 159 | 258, 168 | 117, 219 | 246, 852 | 856, 032 | 78, 073 |
| 100,000 | 15 | 251,717 | 344,498 | 848, 324 | 417, 104 | 829, 183 | 2,774, 291 | 346, 528 |
| Total | 6,672 | 932, 245 | 1,169, 087 | 2, 405, 377 | 1,045, 656 | 2,980, 926 | 8,754,345 | 1,174,840 |

MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED

|  | 1,641 | 2,932 | 5,002 | 6,862 | 1,094 | 17,362 | 35,335 | 13,429 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 711 | 3,603 | 6,214 | 10,223 | 1,949 | 27, 063 | 51, 709 | 16,482 |
| 100 | 771 | 6,541 | 16,102 | 29,428 | 3,922 | 61, 053 | 122,805 | 37, 449 |
| 250 | 332 | 5,677 | 15, 113 | 27, 623 | 5,848 | 56, 139 | 115, 724 | 36,181 |
| 500 | 172 | 6,729 | 18, 249 | 33, 511 | 6,753 | 48, 173 | 117, 222 | 37, 912 |
| 1,000 | 132 | 17,657 | 36, 287 | 75, 291 | 21,382 | 106, 702 | 265, 986 | 71, 320 |
| 5,000 | 11 | 3, 840 | 8,313 | 21,525 | 8,110 | 45, 334 | 89,431 | 8,496 |
| 10,000 | 8 | 6,755 | 8,592 | 32,697 | 7,590 | 84,193 | 143, 423 | 19, 713 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 21,835 | 90,066 | 136,186 | 52,627 | 116,097 | 425,187 | 66,198 |
| Total. | 3, 779 | 75,569 | 203, 938 | 373,346 | 109,275 | 562,116 | 1,366,822 | 307, 180 |

MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES-

| 0. | 14 | 77 | 91 | 85 | 6 | 61 | 328 | 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 12 | 85 | 155 | 299 | 101 | 267 | 967 | 239 |
| 100 | 16 | 480 | 298 | 827 | 406 | 659 | 2,746 | 547 |
| 250 | 19 | 1,084 | 1,024 | 3,146 | 353 | 961 | 6,900 | 669 |
| 500 | 11 | 766 | 1,263 | 3, 890 | 787 | 845 | 7,628 | 1,632 |
| 1,000. | 26 | 5,581 | 8,148 | 27, 950 | 5,432 | 8,356 | 56,843 | 8,410 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 2,983 | 6,413 | 12,564 | 1,036 | 10,559 | 35, 222 | 4,973 |
| 10,000 | 10 | 13, 529 | 17,585 | 130, 087 | 27, 563 | 33, 276 | 224, 655 | 20,542 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 18, 373 | 9,157 | 139, 143 | 15,450 | 11,152 | 194,717 | 26, 733 |
| 100,000.. | 4 | 50,362 | 380, 549 | 1,178,507 | 29,187 | 145, 287 | 1,791,575 | 274, 210 |
| Total | 119 | 93, 320 | 424,683 | 1,496,498 | 80,321 | 211,423 | 2,321,581 | 338,005 |

MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES-

| 0.------------ | 44 | 98 | 140 | 248 | 65 | 256 | 880 | 280 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 11 | 105 | 146 | 313 | 8 | 223 | 815 | 291 |
| 100..---.-.--- | 13 | 113 | 215 | 965 | 107 | 694 | 2,207 | 643 |
| 250. | 6 | 64 | 273 | 707 | 192 | 342 | 1,706 | 537 |
| 500 | 4 | 191 | 298 | 2,188 | 1 | 332 | 3,058 | 1,493 |
| 1,000 | 7 | 943 | 2,896 | 8,109 | 1,225 | 3,954 | 18, 064 | 4,818 |
| 5,000...----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 85 | 1,514 | 3,968 | 12,530 | 1,598 | 5,801 | 26,730 | 8,062 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash tax-Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and undivided profits 53 less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income <br> tax ${ }^{8}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 7, 571 | 16,345 | ${ }^{54} 116$ | 157, 026 | 158, 785 | 4,350 | 4,350 | 854 | 932 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7, 584 | 29, 725 | 23,175 | 301, 597 | 303, 639 | 9,697 | 9,696 | 2,144 | 1,168 |
| 28, 183 | 92, 978 | 92, 801 | 1,021, 368 | 1, 027, 337 | 33, 594 | 33, 581 | 9,565 | 4, 632 |
| 35, 174 | 118, 132 | 136, 178 | 1,320, 601 | 1, 328, 035 | 50, 549 | 50, 537 | 17,323 | 7,809 |
| 33, 961 | 118, 577 | 192, 292 | 1, 748, 818 | 1, 758, 981 | 70, 144 | 70, 131 | 25, 529 | 12,417 |
| 96, 704 | 327, 948 | 606, 627 | 4, 506, 174 | 4, 537, 176 | 191, 200 | 191, 144 | 70,453 | 39, 286 |
| 59, 048 | 189, 310 | 284, 347 | 1,957, 445 | 1, 974, 329 | 99, 152 | 99, 008 | 36, 387 | 25, 761 |
| 170, 091 | 537, 437 | 791, 239 | 5, 095, 461 | 5, 145, 148 | 265, 215 | 265, 163 | 97, 173 | 77, 812 |
| 75, 397 | 293, 438 | 354, 500 | 2,299, 754 | 2, 321, 516 | 139, 080 | 139, 042 | 51, 266 | 45, 489 |
| 312, 785 | 890, 422 | 1,061, 776 | 7, 371, 774 | 7, 425, 329 | 351, 566 | 351, 523 | 130, 033 | 131, 224 |
| 826,498 | 2, 614, 312 | 3, 542,819 | 25, 780, 018 | 25,980,275 | 1,214, 547 | 1,214, 175 | 440, 727 | 346, 530 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 11 | 171 | 50 | 1,324 | 1,346 | 46 | 45 | 10 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 505 | 127 | 2,389 | 2, 421 | 127 | 127 | 29 | 12 |
| 74 | 1, 048 | 990 | 9, 528 | 9,607 | 195 | 194 | 44 | 34 |
| 883 | 2,361 | 2, 627 | 13,918 | 14,066 | 649 | 649 | 207 | 107 |
| 175 | 1, 809 | 3, 250 | 20,394 | 20, 463 | 1,209 | 1,209 | 451 | 156 |
| 5,082 | 17, 231 | 23, 486 | 76,611 | 77, 347 | 5, 037 | 5, 037 | 1, 823 | 1,489 |
| 2, 420 | 15, 246 | 11, 597 | 39, 078 | 39,362 | 2, 425 | 2,425 | 913 | 653 |
| 21, 608 | 86, 342 | 80, 853 | 283, 493 | 287, 922 | 28, 222 | 28, 178 | 10, 426 | 10,705 |
| 54, 195 | 46,767 | 58, 178 | 240, 661 | 241, 850 | 12, 822 | 12, 822 | 4,788 | 4,056 |
| 555, 167 | 493, 595 | 366, 044 | 2, 278, 613 | 2, 282, 013 | 190, 132 | 190, 131 | 71,610 | 70,885 |
| 639, 665 | 665, 075 | 547, 202 | 2,966, 009 | 2,976, 397 | 240, 864 | 240, 817 | 90,301 | 88, 101 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{6}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 4 | Capital assets 39 less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTE-

| 0 | 612 | 3,246 | 3,431 | 2, 772 | 507 | 5,897 | 16,548 | 3,401 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 522 | 6,083 | 8,174 | 7,768 | 1,692 | 12,570 | 37, 521 | 7,311 |
| 100 | 799 | 20,168 | 25, 040 | 33, 099 | 6,639 | 42,819 | 131, 092 | 24, 320 |
| 250 | 565 | 26,680 | 35,426 | 54, 595 | 14,949 | 64, 342 | 200,918 | 32, 644 |
| 500 | 524 | 51, 897 | 59, 585 | 100, 827 | 36, 956 | 117,688 | 372,916 | 48, 280 |
| 1,000 | 765 | 210,270 | 237, 153 | 463, 036 | 195, 032 | 508, 667 | 1,637,940 | 172, 635 |
| 5,000 | 156 | 124,771 | 140,888 | 324, 610 | 187, 080 | 325, 206 | 1,124, 275 | 89,348 |
| 10,000 | 98 | 180, 005 | 253, 656 | 611, 971 | 321, 810 | 564,428 | 1,978, 831 | 168,521 |
| 50,000 | 9 | 47, 130 | 58,377 | 171,972 | 185, 550 | 145, 139 | 618,797 | 35, 586 |
| 100,000 | 6 | 104, 106 | 107, 553 | 214, 199 | 179, 191 | 332,014 | 951,819 | 73, 392 |
| Total | 4,056 | 774, 356 | 929, 283 | 1,984,849 | 1, 129, 406 | 2, 118, 770 | $7,070,657$ | 655,438 |

MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS-

| 0------------ | 845 | 1,946 | 3,145 | 3,834 | 630 | 7,121 | 17,744 | 6,911 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 315 | 1,847 | 3,906 | 6,501 | 1,040 | 8,740 | 23, 045 | 7,603 |
| 100 | 319 | 3,709 | 8,012 | 13,962 | 2,333 | 18,794 | 49,892 | 14,529 |
| 250 | 148 | 3, 611 | 7,104 | 14,759 | 3,356 | 22, 033 | 53, 035 | 12,775 |
| 500. | 94 | 3,666 | 8,241 | 18,466 | 5,719 | 25, 915 | 64, 374 | 13, 419 |
| 1,000 | 63 | 5, 748 | 13,245 | 37, 391 | 6,863 | 43, 362 | 110,829 | 26, 493 |
| 5,000 $\ldots$...--- | 2 | 577 | 1,547 | 6,646 | 490 | 6,322 | 15, 967 | 8,061 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 673 | 732 | 3,877 | 3,158 | 1,654 | 10,390 | 615 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,787 | 21, 777 | 45,932 | 105,436 | 23, 589 | 133, 941 | 345, 276 | 90,406 |

MANUFACTUKING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE

| 0 | 2,786 | 16,107 | 19,496 | 13,922 | 2,730 | 14,931 | 70,184 | 13,374 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,712 | 25,663 | 38, 285 | 35, 092 | 4,869 | 17, 193 | 124, 561 | 30, 260 |
| 100 | 1,973 | 57, 358 | 93, 696 | 105,829 | 16,037 | 33, 681 | 314,128 | 82, 677 |
| 250 | 1,943 | 55,023 | 93, 371 | 126,932 | 19,469 | 30, 137 | 332, 409 | 88,973 |
| 500 | 518 | 53, 486 | 92, 752 | 148,066 | 27, 129 | 32,963 | 360, 919 | 91, 313 |
| 1,000 | 357 | 94,669 | 150,007 | 280, 238 | 65, 780 | 74, 140 | 675, 930 | 141, 924 |
| 5,000 | 28 | 19,716 | 47, 020 | 91, 803 | 19,877 | 21, 370 | 202,330 | 33, 083 |
| 10,000 | 12 | 17,891 | 29,481 | 72, 130 | 35, 208 | 24,545 | 184, 192 | 25,197 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 9,993 | 16,506 | 56,862 | 4,703 | 24,939 | 115, 799 | 17, 573 |
| Total. | 8,331 | 349, 906 | 580,614 | 930,874 | 195, 802 | 273,898 | 2, 380,452 | 524, 374 |

MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued

Agures in thousands of doliars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{82}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{83}$ less deficit ${ }^{43}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross re- ceipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | $\operatorname{tax}^{\text {Income }}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,037 | 6,273 | 3,724 | 56,937 | 57,282 | 2,655 | 2,655 | 504 | 229 |
| 2,561 | 12,418 | 11,627 | 105,611 | 106,480 | 5,603 | 5,603 | 1,307 | 537 |
| 8,748 | 37,267 | 48,598 | 337,308 | 340,276 | 20,116 | 20,116 | 6,130 | 2,823 |
| 14,016 | 55,707 | 79,453 | 473,963 | 479,429 | 30,486 | 30,486 | 10,681 | 3,370 |
| 15,489 | 101,090 | 175,830 | 798,049 | 807,235 | 64,927 | 64,917 | 23,912 | 9,391 |
| 59,842 | 408,053 | 843,602 | $3,032,329$ | $3,067,839$ | 332,307 | 332,227 | 124,085 | 50,301 |
| 43,879 | 271,724 | 616,186 | $1,861,669$ | $1,881,303$ | 274,076 | 274,032 | 102,900 | 45,435 |
| 120,451 | 494,600 | $1,045,678$ | $2,954,758$ | $2,992,307$ | 437,874 | 437,809 | 161,844 | 85,474 |
| 17,052 | 145,918 | 354,687 | 776,082 | 785,839 | 146,254 | 146,242 | 54,371 | 33,752 |
| 113,532 | 280,087 | 366,220 | $1,217,872$ | $1,228,119$ | 226,407 | 226,386 | 85,765 | 59,372 |
| 396,607 | $1,813,137$ | $3,545,605$ | $11,614,578$ | $11,746,109$ | $1,540,705$ | $1,540,473$ | 571,499 | 290,684 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


FROM FABRICS-RETURNS WITH NET INGOME

| 3,138 | 27,338 | 17,298 | 323, 745 | 324, 747 | 9,110 | 9,110 | 1,739 | 983 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,689 | 42, 587 | 36, 049 | 477, 704 | 478, 953 | 13,976 | 13,976 | 3,149 | 1,167 |
| 10,767 | 93, 546 | 95, 180 | 1,151, 426 | 1,155, 041 | 37, 543 | 37, 543 | 10,865 | 4,228 |
| 11, 150 | 91, 185 | 107,796 | 1,113, 420 | 1,118, 044 | 44,964 | 44, 956 | 15, 687 | 5,589 |
| 11, 428 | 92, 438 | 130,069 | 1,116,799 | 1,122, 163 | 52,853 | 52, 852 | 19, 605 | 7,180 |
| 24, 578 | 168, 431 | 276, 280 | 1,765,507 | 1,776, 627 | 113,754 | 113, 740 | 42,740 | 16,841 |
| 13, 030 | 43,521 | 93, 020 | -453,746 | -457, 521 | 37, 953 | 37,953 | 14,186 | 5,665 |
| 20, 553 | 49,815 | 75,854 | 348, 144 | 354, 070 | 19,190 | 19,190 | 6, 583 | 6, 514 |
| 13, 500 | 36,562 | 42,844 | 200,368 | 209, 010 | 13, 289 | 13, 288 | 5,030 | 9,818 |
| 111,833 | 645, 423 | 874,390 | 6,950,859 | 6,996,176 | 342, 632 | 342, 608 | 119,584 | 57,986 |

FROM FABRICS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance shcets ${ }^{36}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and aecounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less <br> reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS

| 0. | 652 | 2,445 | 3,884 | 3,881 | 378 | 6,394 | 17,623 | 3,964 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 584 | 5, 593 | 9, 303 | 10, 622 | 1,812 | 14,377 | 43, 037 | 8,401 |
| 100 | 975 | 17,443 | 31, 455 | 43, 335 | 7,428 | 52, 578 | 157, 119 | 28,389 |
| 250 | 633 | 23, 539 | 40,038 | 63, 021 | 15,501 | 73,974 | 222, 973 | 39,560 |
| 500. | 362 | 26, 807 | 41, 470 | 69,680 | 25, 389 | 83, 276 | 253, 598 | 39,147 |
| 1,000 | 378 | 74, 792 | 100, 308 | 212,892 | 98, 480 | 280, 329 | 791, 387 | 107, 686 |
| 5,000 | 45 | 26, 282 | 25,907 | 63,928 | 57, 278 | 122, 620 | 304, 939 | 28,368 |
| 10,000 | 31 | 44, 865 | 51, 806 | 87,336 | 100, 728 | 236, 176 | 539, 109 | 30, 243 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 3, 650 | 9, 107 | 14,569 | 14,731 | 24, 446 | 68, 273 | 2,864 |
| 100,000 $\ldots$ | 1 | 10,706 | 8, 782 | 8, 292 | 37, 318 | 145, 096 | 220, 513 | 4,681 |
| Total. | 3,662 | 236, 122 | 322,060 | 577,556 | 359, 043 | 1,039, 266 | 2,618, 571 | 293, 303 |

MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS,

| 0 | 898 | 1,195 | 3,075 | 3,748 | 503 | 8,865 | 18,250 | 8,636 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 329 | 1,209 | 3,752 | 5,556 | 568 | 11, 409 | 23, 525 | 8,465 |
| 100 | 279 | 1,800 | 6,043 | 11, 082 | 1, 732 | 20,849 | 43, 453 | 16, 110 |
| 250 | 99 | 1,346 | 4,006 | 8, 785 | 1,436 | 17, 264 | 34, 351 | 11, 133 |
| 500 | 55 | 2,319 | 5, 012 | 11, 085 | 1,121 | 16, 266 | 37, 659 | 13, 125 |
| 1,000 | 42 | 3,628 | 10,907 | 14, 501 | 1,545 | 41, 107 | 75, 024 | 23, 934 |
| 5,000. | 4 | 425 | 1,775 | 10, 719 | 6, 289 | 8,752 | 28,303 | 12,350 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 539 | 2,110 | 2, 616 | 1,278 | 4,478 | 11, 202 | 1,076 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,707 | 12, 461 | 36,680 | 68, 092 | 14,472 | 128,990 | 271, 767 | 94,829 |

MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FIXTURES-

| 0 | 765 | 2,614 | 5,114 | 5,637 | 391 | 5,279 | 19,799 | 4,885 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 511 | 4,959 | 8,230 | 11, 962 | 1,247 | 9,491 | 37, 128 | 7,463 |
| 100 | 622 | 11, 498 | 22,935 | 31, 203 | 4,612 | 26, 202 | 99, 816 | 18, 794 |
| 250 | 311 | 12, 278 | 23, 037 | 35, 974 | 5, 820 | 29,989 | 109, 703 | 16,668 |
| 500 | 266 | 23, 340 | 34, 887 | 58, 180 | 17,404 | 48, 445 | 185, 358 | 20, 774 |
| 1,000 | 160 | 31, 675 | 54, 606 | 93, 141 | 31, 592 | 80, 499 | 297, 114 | 35, 593 |
| 5,000 | 16 | 13, 421 | 20, 664 | 30, 375 | 13, 270 | 28,899 | 107, 781 | 14, 105 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 11, 296 | 20,246 | 25, 364 | 13, 720 | 18,726 | 89, 889 | 5, 729 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 8,350 | 7, 838 | 14, 622 | 12, 418 | 11, 859 | 55, 504 | 2,569 |
| Total. | 2,658 | 119, 431 | 197, 557 | 306, 458 | 100,474 | 259, 389 | 1, 002, 092 | 126, 580 |

MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FIXTURES-

| 0 | 900 | 1,212 | 3,598 | 5,440 | 356 | 6,049 | 17, 585 | 7,466 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 257 | 1,937 | 3,517 | 6,213 | 345 | 6,581 | 18, 512 | 6,910 |
| 100 | 179 | 1,123 | 5,467 | 9,949 | 830 | 9, 425 | 27, 796 | 8,793 |
| 250 | 62 | 758 | 2,580 | 7,307 | 776 | 8,675 | 20,834 | 5,968 |
| 500. | 41 | 1,196 | 3,654 | 9,868 | 907 | 10,981 | 27, 876 | 8,603 |
| 1,000 | 18 | 912 | 4,664 | 12, 278 | 1,870 | 10,535 | 31, 471 | 6,904 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 73 | 1,095 | 3, 072 | 17 | 1,839 | 6,701 | 426 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 1,433 | 1,345 | 5,520 | 97 | 3,952 | 12,771 | 4,885 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,459 | 7,644 | 25, 920 | 59, 647 | 5,198 | 58, 037 | 163, 546 | 49,955 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## EXCEPT FURNITURE-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,388 | 7,523 | 3,336 | 57,536 | 58,256 | 2,820 | 2,820 | 558 | 397 |
| 3,292 | 14,982 | 13,058 | 117,710 | 118,839 | 6,455 | 6,455 | 1,453 | 753 |
| 13,475 | 48,880 | 52,203 | 385,131 | 390,098 | 25,622 | 25,537 | 7,736 | 2,824 |
| 17,805 | 58,635 | 84,028 | 483,114 | 491,136 | 41,575 | 41,566 | 14,546 | 5,417 |
| 19,428 | 61,603 | 106,333 | 494,492 | 505,880 | 55,442 | 55,440 | 19,918 | 7,141 |
| 53,731 | 191,141 | 364,683 | $1,199,671$ | $1,240,951$ | 176,190 | 176,174 | 63,271 | 28,663 |
| 29,393 | 62,979 | 159,538 | 355,326 | 375,904 | 71,936 | 71,936 | 24,770 | 13,002 |
| 34,058 | 167,993 | 251,828 | 649,054 | 681,667 | 115,807 | 115,778 | 40,018 | 25,876 |
| 769 | 9,956 | 46,085 | 105,093 | 110,406 | 20,838 | 20,838 | 7,441 | 4,978 |
| $\cdots \cdots-\cdots$ | 93,999 | 101,688 | 103,551 | 121,736 | 41,885 | 41,885 | 13,362 | 9,087 |
| 173,339 | 717,691 | $1,182,780$ | $3,950,678$ | $4,094,873$ | 558,570 | 558,429 | 193,073 | 98,138 |

EXCEPT FURNITURE-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income $:^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{85}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 48 | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less <br> reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED

| 0 | 257 | 1,213 | 1,893 | 1,549 | 292 | 2,287 | 7,530 | 1,626 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 217 | 2, 323 | 3,445 | 3,360 | 980 | 5, 034 | 15,683 | 2,528 |
| 100 | 421 | 9,627 | 13,424 | 14,899 | 5, 354 | 22, 625 | 68, 607 | 10,657 |
| 250 | 277 | 14,267 | 18,032 | 21, 355 | 8, 410 | 33, 739 | 99, 055 | 12,613 |
| 500 | 238 | 22, 296 | 26, 871 | 41,147 | 18,173 | 56, 898 | 168, 948 | 21, 165 |
| 1,000 | 313 | 74, 241 | 87, 925 | 151, 004 | 80,488 | 242, 907 | 652, 464 | 66,114 |
| 5,000 | 56 | 41,554 | 48,517 | 85, 755 | 60,340 | 157, 855 | 403, 924 | 29, 133 |
| 10,000 | 73 | 114, 273 | 134, 137 | 238, 209 | 285, 574 | 624,885 | 1, 428, 329 | 83, 501 |
| 50,000 | 11 | 49,607 | 68,715 | 108, 966 | 167, 939 | 338, 568 | 743, 790 | 30, 822 |
| 100,000 ..---- | 3 | 22, 254 | 41,694 | 76,497 | 202, 618 | 251, 998 | 622, 391 | 16, 359 |
| Total | 1,866 | 351, 655 | 444,653 | 742, 741 | 830, 168 | 1,736,796 | 4, 210, 721 | 274, 518 |

MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED

| 0 | 257 | 524 | 1,290 | 1,160 | 198 | 2,284 | 5,832 | 2,267 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 122 | 511 | 1,871 | 2, 302 | 239 | 3,659 | 9, 004 | 3,238 |
| 100 | 109 | 1,086 | 2,811 | 4, 202 | 723 | 7, 898 | 17,376 | 6,177 |
| 250 | 45 | 600 | 2, 226 | 3, 309 | 703 | 8, 527 | 16,160 | 4,281 |
| 500 | 32 | 1,383 | 2,991 | 5,787 | 1,589 | 10,583 | 22, 912 | 6,797 |
| 1,000 | 36 | 4,182 | 9, 774 | 15, 607 | 7,117 | 31, 674 | 70, 345 | 12,513 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 1,618 | 2,567 | 6,272 | 6,296 | 15, 952 | 33, 042 | 3,784 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 606 | 9,904 | 23,530 | 38,639 | 16,865 | 80,577 | 174,671 | 39, 057 |

MANUFACTURING: PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND

|  | 3,432 | 14,519 | 21,928 | 7, 902 | 3,555 | 28,466 | 80,743 | 15, 273 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,647 | 20, 395 | 28, 912 | 13,566 | 8,676 | 40, 081 | 118, 224 | 17, 149 |
| 100 | 1, 719 | 43, 219 | 59,403 | 35, 782 | 26, 222 | 95, 438 | 273, 179 | 36, 377 |
| 250 | 761 | 40, 782 | 52, 621 | 38,447 | 36, 204 | 87, 175 | 267, 761 | 33, 390 |
| 500 | 438 | 41, 294 | 55,948 | 46, 219 | 48, 163 | 110, 178 | 311, 534 | 35, 144 |
| 1,000 | 431 | 109, 669 | 154, 288 | 132, 186 | 165, 448 | 284, 819 | 875, 949 | 101, 159 |
| 5,000 | 71 | 51, 963 | 91, 200 | 77, 241 | 89, 165 | 184, 709 | 510,588 | 63, 161 |
| 10,000 | 48 | 87, 875 | 137, 465 | 91, 882 | 198, 306 | 351, 311 | 905, 917 | 86,182 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 53, 220 | 36, 493 | 34, 097 | 115, 943 | 143, 884 | 389, 735 | 43, 709 |
| 100,000 | 2 | 9, 570 | 66, 966 | 10,099 | 108, 993 | 107, 104 | 314, 344 | 62, 940 |
| Total | 8, 555 | 472, 506 | 705, 224 | 487, 421 | 800, 675 | 1,433,165 | 4, 047, 974 | 494, 484 |

MANUFACTURING: PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND

|  | 2,283 | 3,543 | 8,500 | 4,491 | 1,537 | 14,027 | 35,338 | 15,465 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 352 | 1,791 | 5,514 | 3,913 | 1, 294 | 9,481 | 24, 093 | 7,544 |
| 100 | 239 | 3, 061 | 8,801 | 6,211 | 2, 678 | 12,381 | 36, 120 | 10,640 |
| 250 | 79 | 2,419 | 7,106 | 5,343 | 2, 952 | 8, 058 | 27, 889 | 9,066 |
| 500 | 40 | 1,470 | 4,549 | 4,337 | 2,422 | 11, 657 | 26, 564 | 6,656 |
| 1,000 | 33 | 6,214 | 10,509 | 12,090 | 12, 202 | 19,989 | 64, 685 | 14, 829 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 1,220 | 2,400 | 821 | 3,994 | 12, 258 | 21, 269 | 3,105 |
| 10,000 |  | 1,648 | 14,478 | 1,377 | 7,932 | 6,538 | 32, 110 | 7,604 |
| 50,000 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3, 031 | 21, 366 | 61,857 | 38,583 | 35, 011 | 94, 389 | 268, 068 | 74, 909 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figares in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits <br> less <br> lefic <br> deficit | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 488 | 3,101 | 1,562 | 21,467 | 21,633 | 986 | 986 | 212 | 160 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1710 | 5,184 | 5,998 | 39,718 | 40,033 | 1,972 | 1,972 | 455 | 278 |
| 3,715 | 21,132 | 27,66 | 159,787 | 161,475 | 9,615 | 9,614 | 2,868 | 1,652 |
| 5,102 | 27,127 | 45,366 | 220,792 | 223,075 | 16,646 | 16,644 | 5,946 | 2,723 |
| 7,762 | 41,829 | 83,202 | 360,457 | 364,075 | 30,342 | 30,334 | 11,261 | 5,633 |
| 43,734 | 154,476 | 334,793 | $1,186,406$ | $1,198,754$ | 115,462 | 115,437 | 42,907 | 22,631 |
| 33,568 | 98,214 | 207,259 | 588,658 | 595,224 | 76,784 | 76,776 | 28,695 | 13,885 |
| 203,748 | 366,446 | 662,052 | $1,625,729$ | $1,651,203$ | 276,406 | 276,276 | 102,780 | 59,204 |
| 114,113 | 248,005 | 301,337 | 854,771 | 866,268 | 137,789 | 137,785 | 51,709 | 33,065 |
| 67,199 | 171,261 | 307,857 | 545,358 | 563,772 | 124,143 | 124,143 | 45,697 | 30,945 |
| 479,139 | $1,136,775$ | $1,977,092$ | $5,603,143$ | $5,685,512$ | 790,145 | 789,967 | 292,530 | 170,176 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


ALLIED INDUSTRIES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6,660 | 33,328 | 17,106 | 210,542 | 213,761 | 12,388 | 12,380 | 2,596 | $\mathbf{1 , 6 6 4}$ |
| 7,906 | 38,027 | 43,671 | 263,571 | 266,394 | 19,898 | 19,896 | $\mathbf{4 , 7 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 0 3}$ |
| 16,883 | 76,442 | 113,727 | 543,686 | 551,457 | 49,676 | 49,663 | 15,297 | $\mathbf{8 , 9 3 6}$ |
| 16,380 | 69,948 | 113,384 | 484,771 | 492,274 | 50,538 | 50,526 | 18,265 | 11,063 |
| 17,279 | 78,561 | 142,158 | 518,851 | 526,988 | 59,208 | 59,171 | 21,883 | 11,626 |
| 71,514 | 188,797 | 409,723 | $1,245,313$ | $1,271,743$ | 153,604 | 153,540 | 56,339 | 33,470 |
| 41,067 | 101,171 | 250,038 | 686,969 | 703,606 | 76,117 | 76,073 | 28,251 | 19,706 |
| 101,324 | 244,374 | 354,282 | $1,069,306$ | $1,097,204$ | 132,176 | 132,138 | 47,001 | 39,654 |
| 48,778 | 53,365 | 190,425 | 442,568 | 456,496 | 48,824 | 48,820 | 16,717 | 22,328 |
| 12,027 | 92,865 | 140,097 | 173,874 | 176,207 | 10,524 | 10,524 | 3,876 | 2,182 |
| 339,818 | 976,878 | $1,774,611$ | $5,639,451$ | $5,756,130$ | 612,953 | 612,731 | 214,933 | 154,032 |

ALLIED INDUSTRIES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by tatal assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED

| 0 | 1,094 | 4,097 | 5,469 | 5,866 | 933 | 6,550 | 24,394 | 5,309 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,622 | 7, 202 | 9,734 | 10,831 | 2, 245 | 13, 009 | 45, 244 | 7,545 |
| 100 | 877 | 20, 027 | 27,914 | 36, 868 | 8, 813 | 42,062 | 141, 812 | 23,441 |
| 250 | 549 | 25, 919 | 36, 076 | 49, 605 | 16, 075 | 61,976 | 196. 743 | 28,787 |
| 500 | 407 | 39, 604 | 53, 263 | 78, 259 | 28, 119 | 86, 077 | 292,025 | 40,426 |
| 1,000 | 395 | 103, 046 | 139, 354 | 212, 125 | 97, 395 | 245, 515 | 816,917 | 105, 375 |
| 5,000 | 83 | 67, 791 | 86, 063 | 144, 130 | 93, 751 | 181, 139 | 587, 032 | 58, 559 |
| 10,000 | 90 | 195, 959 | 265, 032 | 432, 267 | 322, 097 | 765, 481 | 2, 026, 880 | 188, 722 |
| 50,000 | 21 | 140, 604 | 178, 729 | 330, 856 | 222, 766 | 586, 593 | 1,487, 585 | 151, 863 |
| 100,000 | 17 | 372, 127 | 401,965 | 817,875 | 1,270, 342 | 1,690, 742 | 4, 598, 782 | 335, 547 |
| Total. | 4,155 | 976, 376 | 1, 203, 599 | 2, 118,682 | 2,062,536 | 3, 679, 144 | 10, 217, 414 | 945, 574 |

MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED

| 0 | 1,769 | 2, 420 | 4,200 | 7,305 | 920 | 9,824 | 27,499 | 10,559 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 370 | 1,495 | 3, 798 | 6,137 | 1,499 | 10, 826 | 26, 444 | 7,545 |
| 100 | 327 | 3,238 | 6, 431 | 11, 618 | 3,160 | 21, 703 | 49,732 | 12, 662 |
| 250 | 156 | 3, 673 | 7,011 | 12, 634 | 4,388 | 23, 374 | 55, 211 | 14, 185 |
| 500 | 65 | 3, 776 | 6,086 | 11, 530 | 4,344 | 18,216 | 45, 741 | 9,781 |
| 1,000 | 46 | 4,791 | 11, 244 | 17, 845 | 4,628 | 41,717 | 83, 437 | 22,042 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 1,967 | 5, 125 | 6,738 | 785 | 8,978 | 25, 028 | 5,460 |
| 10,000. | 1 | 2, 601 | 5,475 | 13,302 | 1,962 | 17,767 | 46,397 | 2,930 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,738 | 23, 961 | 49,370 | 87, 109 | 21, 686 | 152,405 | 359,489 | 85, 164 |

MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL

| 0 | 43 | 183 | 250 | 274 | 8 | 477 | 1,249 | 372 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 51 | 674 | 946 | 467 | 237 | 1,381 | 3,802 | 663 |
| 100 | 79 | 1,922 | 3,230 | 1,973 | 640 | 4,531 | 12, 854 | 2,962 |
| 250 | 45 | 2, 233 | 4,086 | 3, 561 | 1,177 | 5, 029 | 16,471 | 3,457 |
| 500 | 48 | 5,243 | 6,306 | 7,958 | 2,945 | 11,011 | 34,464 | 8,283 |
| 1,000 | 81 | 24, 548 | 36,383 | 42, 774 | 18, 150 | 61, 620 | 188, 493 | 42,980 |
| 5,000 | 26 | 17,771 | 26, 737 | 45, 241 | 23, 894 | 60, 226 | 178, 699 | 38,466 |
| 10,000 | 34 | 81, 379 | 84, 284 | 127, 906 | 80, 319 | 319, 462 | 705, 201 | 83, 211 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 17, 380 | 25, 609 | 39, 256 | 33, 236 | 117, 947 | 240, 255 | 15, 448 |
| 100,000 | 28 | 1,091,506 | 2, 053, 588 | 1.983, 293 | 3, 373, 618 | 7,883, 489 | 16,576,737 | 1, 705, 307 |
| Total. | 439 | 1,242,839 | 2, 241, 419 | 2, 252, 703 | 3,534, 224 | 8, 465, 173 | 17, 958, 225 | 1,901, 149 |

MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL

| 0 | 69 | 92 | 179 | 181 | 33 | 584 | 1,174 | 1,280 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 21 | 224 | 171 | 119 | 106 | 778 | 1,450 | 463 |
| 100 | 31 | 276 | 1,050 | 786 | 133 | 2,296 | 4,771 | 1,883 |
| 250 | 10 | 140 | 599 | 877 | 99 | 1,725 | 3,596 | 1,308 |
| 500 | 6 | 371 | 487 | 603 | 45 | 2, 052 | 3,986 | 761 |
| 1,000 | 12 | 1,191 | 3,733 | 2,894 | 2,302 | 10, 443 | 21, 243 | 5,110 |
| 5,000........- | 5 | 2,953 | 5,776 | 5,442 | 920 | 12, 449 | 28, 026 | 7,885 |
| 10,000. | 3 | 4,657 | 3,095 | 9,550 | 2,910 | 46, 195 | 70, 088 | 11, 622 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 3,862 | 6,475 | 13,217 | 3,618 | 22,176 | 50,243 | 30, 526 |
| 100,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 158 | 13,766 | 21,565 | 33, 669 | 10,166 | 98,698 | 184, 577 | 60,838 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash Continued
figures $\ln$ thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{31}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{83}$ | Surplus and undivided profits 83 less deficit 48 | Gross sales 11 gross re- ceipts from operations | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | $\underset{\text { tax }^{3}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,694 | 12,331 | 3,149 | 60,397 | 60,968 | 3,145 | 3,144 | 588 | 336 |
| 2,704 | 16,318 | 15,649 | 110,508 | 111,556 | 6,326 | 6,326 | 1,472 | 943 |
| 8,786 | 46,683 | 52,380 | 347,613 | 350,756 | 20,859 | 20,848 | 6,087 | 4,232 |
| 12,190 | 57,521 | 80,426 | 464,656 | 469,045 | 31,248 | 31,240 | 11,019 | 5,420 |
| 15,317 | 76,711 | 133,653 | 642,101 | 647,426 | 48,556 | 48,531 | 17,607 | 10,952 |
| 46,734 | 219,366 | 381,929 | $1,476,233$ | $1,493,337$ | 135,029 | 134,940 | 49,611 | 30,064 |
| 35,612 | 156,086 | 290,164 | 865,710 | 879,688 | 116,694 | 116,600 | 43,366 | 26,281 |
| 188,994 | 511,564 | 977,965 | $2,456,477$ | $2,498,257$ | 312,187 | 312,077 | 113,980 | 83,210 |
| 216,243 | 405,777 | 595,857 | $2,041,383$ | $2,070,926$ | 228,408 | 228,365 | 84,454 | 72,531 |
| 404,596 | $1,388,334$ | $2,040,110$ | $4,846,967$ | $5,003,679$ | 814,518 | 814,505 | 277,108 | 301,626 |
| 932,870 | $2,890,691$ | $4,571,282$ | $13,312,045$ | $13,585,638$ | $1,716,970$ | $1,716,576$ | 605,292 | 535,595 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 5,138 | 22,994 | $44,14,745$ | 42,907 | 43,471 | 83 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 59 | 486 | 230 | 3,942 | 3,976 | 189 | 189 | 38 | 32 <br> 265 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 743 | 1,337 | 1,170 | 10,326 | 10,485 | 867 | 867 | 223 | 212 |
| 1,402 | 3,722 | 4,784 | 38,467 | 38,986 | 2,345 | 2,345 | 752 | 297 |
| 2,552 | 6,910 | 5,882 | 50,902 | 51,478 | 3,245 | 3,245 | 1,157 | 429 |
| 12,052 | 37,136 | 73,279 | 96,863 | 97,654 | 6,716 | 6,716 | 2,486 | 1,174 |
| 12,016 | 40,480 | 75,262 | 509,766 | 515,434 | 36,761 | 36,755 | 13,562 | 5,352 |
| 134,255 | 123,821 | 303,129 | $1,029,638$ | 396,833 | 34,152 | 34,143 | 12,785 | 6,523 |
| 64,910 | 56,088 | 88,082 | 337,923 | $1,052,918$ | 107,168 | 107,164 | 39,183 | 14,293 |
| $2,104,712$ | $5,377,905$ | $6,570,414$ | $16,667,190$ | $17,183,909$ | 35,532 | 35,532 | 12,376 | 8,173 |
| $2,332,966$ | $5,651,132$ | $7,138,047$ | $19,138,451$ | $19,691,332$ | $1,996,612$ | $1,996,440$ | 658,712 | 702,107 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 68 | 1,663 | 34, 2,152 | 4695 | 4800 | ${ }^{3} 1262$ | ${ }^{33} 1262$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 160 | 657 | , 100 | 1,601 | 1,615 | 33110 | ${ }_{33}^{12} 110$ |  |  |
| 634 | 1,960 | 126 | 9,967 | 10,041 | ${ }^{3} 445$ | 33445 |  | 91 |
| 384 | 1,241 | 531 | 9,798 | 9,851 | ${ }^{33} 236$ | ${ }^{33} 236$ |  | 21 |
| 522 | 2,015 | 641 | 7,868 | 7,904 | ${ }^{33} 316$ | ${ }^{33} 316$ |  | 2 |
| 5,743 | 3, 146 | 6, 331 | 61, 449 | 61,905 | ${ }^{33} 1,931$ | ${ }_{33} 31,931$ |  | 24 |
| 5,578 | 3, 364 | 9,658 | 59,737 | 59, 902 | ${ }^{33} 1,282$ | ${ }^{31} 1,282$ |  | 91 |
| 31, 771 | 13,454 | 11, 666 | 23, 890 | 24, 452 | ${ }^{33} 1,312$ | ${ }^{33} 1,312$ |  | 141 |
|  | 1,610 | 18,096 | 46,341 | 47, 114 | ${ }^{33} 10,151$ | ${ }^{33} 10,151$ |  |  |
| 44, 860 | 29, 110 | 44,997 | 225, 346 | 227, 584 | ${ }^{3} 17,045$ | ${ }^{33} 17,045$ |  | 370 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets <br> classes 48 | Number <br> of returns <br> with <br> balance <br> sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and <br> accounts <br> receivable <br> less <br> reserve | Inven- <br> tories | Invest- <br> ments 49 | Capital <br> assets <br> less <br> reserves | Total <br> assets- <br> Total <br> liabili- <br> ties 41 | Accounts <br> and notes <br> payable 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS-

| 0 | 71 | 277 | 470 | 344 | 54 | 531 | 1,783 | 444 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 57 | 503 | 1,039 | 844 | 116 | 1,422 | 4,071 | 978 |
| 100 | 86 | 1,872 | 2,783 | 2,928 | 397 | 5,303 | 13,705 | 2,220 |
| 250 | 53 | 3,537 | 3,590 | 3,786 | 1,942 | 5,415 | 18,927 | 2,432 |
| 500 | 43 | 4,504 | 6, 793 | 7,329 | 3,216 | 11,399 | 33, 668 | 5,645 |
| 1,000 | 76 | 19, 511 | 23, 471 | 37,090 | 14, 162 | 62, 844 | 160,854 | 23, 750 |
| 5,000 | 15 | 6,270 | 13, 004 | 25, 667 | 3,412 | 43,976 | 93, 737 | 18,110 |
| 10,000 | 17 | 21,756 | 39,852 | 97, 823 | 24, 579 | 90,699 | 277, 121 | 20, 115 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 5,218 | 10,097 | 19,813 | 15, 408 | 8,908 | 59,636 | 5,504 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 91, 487 | 263, 974 | 402, 192 | 201,915 | 315, 559 | 1,281, 876 | 87,471 |
| Total. | 423 | 154,935 | 365, 073 | 597,816 | 265, 201 | 546, 056 | 1, 945, 378 | 166,669 |

MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS-


MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-

|  | 378 | 2,000 | 2,895 | 2,832 | 423 | 1,834 | 10,340 | 2,220 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 301 | 4,415 | 5,887 | 6,721 | 758 | 3,487 | 21,997 | 4,514 |
| 100 | 417 | 12,194 | 17,344 | 21,376 | 4,120 | 10,080 | 67,538 | 14,884 |
| 250 | 252 | 13, 496 | 21, 808 | 31, 279 | 6,016 | 13, 666 | 88, 872 | 18, 217 |
| 500 | 173 | 18,988 | 27,339 | 43, 475 | 10,990 | 15, 631 | 119,427 | 22, 228 |
| 1,000 | 134 | 35, 052 | 49,738 | 94, 584 | 36,865 | 38, 647 | 259,451 | 37, 147 |
| 5,000 | 29 | 19,049 | 37,752 | 72, 283 | 34,779 | 25, 601 | 191,654 | 21,148 |
| 10,000 | 12 | 27,859 | 37,450 | 78,315 | 28,303 | 40,991 | 220,956 | 20,913 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 3,928 | 14, 750 | 34, 139 | 12,429 | 14,194 | 80,884 | 9,535 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 4,506 | 36,164 | 51,596 | 1,379 | 20,396 | 117,824 | 16,468 |
| Total. | 1,698 | 141,487 | 251,127 | 436,600 | 136,062 | 184,527 | 1,178,943 | 167,274 |

MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-

| 0 | 647 | 1,534 | 2,953 | 4,218 | 516 | 2,837 | 12,877 | 5,159 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 183 | 1, 320 | 3,389 | 4,644 | 544 | 2,647 | 13,069 | 4,697 |
| 100 | 199 | 2,666 | 7,345 | 11, 200 | 1,314 | 6,861 | 30,863 | 10,723 |
| 250 | 75 | 1,835 | 5,824 | 10, 362 | 1,345 | 5,612 | 26, 417 | 9,526 |
| 500 | 51 | 2,536 | 7,906 | 15,937 | 2,556 | 6,784 | 37, 188 | 12,967 |
| 1,000 | 22 | 3,227 | 7,259 | 15, 622 | 7,875 | 6,407 | 41,459 | 7,208 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 379 | 1,164 | 367 | . 343 | 4,765 | 7,020 |  |
| 10,000_......- | 1 | 721 | 2,496 | 4,178 | 2,144 | 2,780 | 13, 054 | 2,227 |
| 50,000 $\ldots \ldots$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,179 | 14,218 | 38,336 | 66,528 | 16,637 | 38,693 | 181, 947 | 52,512 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable 81 | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 18 | Gross sales 11 and gross re- ceipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 1 | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}{ }^{\circ}}{\text { Lncom }}$ | Dividends pald |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 83 | 721 | 338 | 5,321 | 5,370 | 304 | 304 | 49 | 45 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 417 | 1,265 | 980 | 10,752 | 10,839 | 643 | 643 | 135 | 60 |
| 635 | 4,475 | 4,806 | 32,880 | 33,099 | 2,420 | 2,420 | 734 | 315 |
| 882 | 4,683 | 8,645 | 42,937 | 43,254 | 4,076 | 4,075 | 1,497 | 787 |
| 1,255 | 7,563 | 15,957 | 100,647 | 101,012 | 6,531 | 6,530 | 2,428 | 1,556 |
| 13,426 | 31,014 | 77,096 | 319,871 | 321,837 | 30,286 | 30,283 | 11,372 | 6,998 |
| 9,773 | 13,949 | 43,883 | 219,037 | 219,809 | 13,268 | 13,266 | 4,991 | 3,346 |
| 79,753 | 52,354 | 103,790 | 479,098 | 481,888 | 28,393 | 28,391 | 10,726 | 9,765 |
| 14,359 | 15,464 | 20,608 | 81,208 | 81,766 | 5,202 | 5,202 | 1,909 | 1,665 |
| 301,482 | 365,787 | 431,486 | $1,948,548$ | $2,007,669$ | 171,066 | 171,066 | 58,414 | 41,181 |
| 422,065 | 497,275 | 707,589 | $3,240,299$ | $3,306,543$ | 262,189 | 262,180 | 92,255 | 65,718 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 533 | 4,231 | 2,362 | 36,184 | 36,400 | 1,071 | 1,071 | 198 | 149 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 946 | 7,525 | 7,081 | 73, 570 | 73, 924 | 2,592 | 2,592 | 591 | 302 |
| 2, 451 | 21, 407 | 22, 158 | 227, 982 | 229, 278 | 8,014 | 8,014 | 2,244 | 1,270 |
| 3,328 | 24, 703 | 33,763 | 277, 203 | 279, 058 | 12, 214 | 12,213 | 4,286 | 1,812 |
| 2,543 | 28,656 | 54, 432 | 329, 767 | 332, 480 | 16,420 | 16, 416 | 6,026 | 2,718 |
| 13, 990 | 62, 859 | 123, 610 | 575, 356 | 580, 892 | 36,910 | 36,896 | 13,730 | 8,765 |
| 12,654 | 46, 741 | 95, 425 | 365, 321 | 368, 426 | 29,491 | 29,490 | 11,042 | 7,230 |
| 38,015 | 47,916 | 102, 121 | 470, 680 | 474,640 | 22, 760 | 22,760 | 8,394 | 6,807 |
|  | 27,506 | 32, 675 | 128, 379 | 128, 640 | 5,636 | 5, 628 | 2,139 | 1,992 |
|  | 51,000 | 40,898 | 219, 805 | 220,681 | 22,639 | 22,639 | 8,576 | 10,200 |
| 74,460 | 322,544 | 514, 525 | 2,704, 247 | 2, 724, 419 | 157, 747 | 157, 719 | 57, 226 | 41,245 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 80 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inven. tories | Invest ments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{11}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{80}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS

|  | 607 | 2, 310 | 3,385 | 3,194 | 519 | 6,348 | 16,362 | 3,131 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 497 | 4,484 | 8,183 | 6,533 | 1, 439 | 15, 179 | 36, 774 | 6,762 |
| 100 | 703 | 14,676 | 22, 099 | 18,779 | 6,107 | 48, 901 | 114, 295 | 17,663 |
| 250 | 371 | 17,509 | 23, 751 | 21, 741 | 9,526 | 55, 004 | 131, 098 | 16,967 |
| 500 | 255 | 21, 954 | 30, 019 | 33, 196 | 17, 796 | 71, 315 | 178, 026 | 22,475 |
| 1,000 | 257 | 65, 476 | 66, 080 | 96, 130 | 61,888 | 245, 894 | 545, 656 | 45,522 |
| 5,000 | 40 | 27,493 | 37, 332 | 60, 335 | 42, 316 | 129, 021 | 301, 573 | 26, 332 |
| 10,000 | 38 | 98, 436 | 87,217 | 189, 098 | 102,425 | 412, 429 | 902, 776 | 65, 745 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 38,493 | 71, 461 | 78, 806 | 102,690 | 149, 169 | 449, 018 | 21, 965 |
| 100,000. | 2 | 21, 054 | 41, 254 | 44, 037 | 76, 366 | 136, 041 | 322, 979 | 7,523 |
| Total | 2,776 | 311, 885 | 390, 781 | 551, 849 | 421, 072 | 1,269, 301 | 2, 998, 557 | 234, 085 |

MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS


MANUFACTURING: PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES-

| 0 | 324 | 1,579 | 2,044 | 1,430 | 229 | 3, 358 | 8,892 | 1,563 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 303 | 3,445 | 4,846 | 3,575 | 579 | 8,600 | 21, 626 | 3, 741 |
| 100 | 492 | 12,102 | 16,363 | 14, 951 | 4,321 | 30,768 | 80,712 | 12,037 |
| 250 | 298 | 16, 919 | 19,932 | 22, 548 | 9,727 | 36, 115 | 107, 925 | 15, 347 |
| 500 | 225 | 23,169 | 26,979 | 34,530 | 16,680 | 53, 297 | 157, 357 | 16, 152 |
| 1,000 | 301 | 93,469 | 110, 789 | 176, 211 | 72,367 | 197, 514 | 661, 569 | 80, 464 |
| 5,000 | 66 | 61, 931 | 76, 897 | 125, 740 | 52, 076 | 135, 472 | 459,365 | 56, 476 |
| 10,000 | 74 | 156, 977 | 219,532 | 436, 289 | 173, 805 | 554, 261 | 1, 576, 884 | 230, 521 |
| 50,000 | 14 | 75, 495 | 164, 392 | 245, 119 | 106, 893 | 333, 287 | 943, 372 | 169, 967 |
| 100,000 | 16 | 678, 643 | 649, 323 | 1, 202, 487 | I, 226, 443 | 3, 428, 151 | 7, 307, 286 | 886, 585 |
| Total | 2,113 | 1,123, 729 | 1, 291, 097 | 2, 262, 880 | 1,663, 120 | 4,780, 823 | 11, 324, 888 | 1,472, 853 |

MANUFACTURING: PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES-

| 0 | 419 | 700 | 1,751 | 1,289 | 115 | 4,225 | 8,552 | 3,909 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 150 | 533 | 1,769 | 1,692 | 324 | 5,783 | 10,560 | 3, 594 |
| 100 | 137 | 1,179 | 3, 603 | 3,458 | 791 | 11,166 | 21, 008 | 6, 012 |
| 250 | 50 | 1,382 | 3,028 | 3,726 | 1,524 | 7,187 | 17,474 | 6,151 |
| 500 | 25 | 696 | 2,701 | 2,025 | 1,005 | 8,113 | 14,807 | 2, 872 |
| 1,000. | 25 | 2,585 | 7,619 | 12, 874 | 3,715 | 25, 390 | 53, 738 | 16,625 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 1,453 | 3,235 | 10, 481 | 1,673 | 9, 692 | 27, 560 | 7, 702 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 744 | 1,331 | 5,279 | 2,657 | 6,588 | 20,574 |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 811 | 9,272 | 25, 037 | 40,824 | 11, 804 | 78, 144 | 174, 273 | 46,865 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{6}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{63}$ less deficit ${ }^{45}$ | Gross sales 11 and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,339 | 7,296 | 3,185 | 39,926 | 40,371 | 2,316 | 2,316 | 458 | 155 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3,059 | 13,552 | 10,032 | 80,188 | 81,067 | 6,273 | 6,272 | 1,496 | 707 |
| 10,248 | 377,404 | 37,971 | 229,387 | 231,757 | 20,895 | 20,894 | 66,524 | 2,301 |
| 8,887 | 40,694 | 50,902 | 242,125 | 244,693 | 25,600 | 25,600 | 9,271 | 3,544 |
| 9,414 | 54,772 | 73,813 | 313,935 | 317,102 | 32,653 | 32,645 | 12,139 | 5,450 |
| 42,925 | 165,393 | 239,966 | 760,140 | 769,041 | 107,984 | 107,962 | 40,297 | 20,478 |
| 31,761 | 9,774 | 126,166 | 358,922 | 363,997 | 46,648 | 46,643 | 17,296 | 9,202 |
| 103,952 | $29,74,531$ | 369,765 | $1,057,633$ | $1,072,946$ | 154,509 | 54,452 | 57,854 | 33,477 |
| 26,867 | 157,414 | 203,282 | 472,623 | 486,951 | 95,737 | 95,726 | 35,998 | 30,037 |
| 40,379 | 78,020 | 173,060 | 356,586 | 362,029 | 55,489 | 55,477 | 20,871 | 19,297 |
| 278,831 | 942,850 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 8 8 , 1 4 2}$ | $3,911,465$ | $3,969,954$ | 548,104 | 547,987 | 202,204 | 124,648 |

PRODUCTS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 648 | 4,089 | 1,736 | 28,004 | 28,116 | 1,391 | 1,391 | 258 | 153 |
| 1,346 | 7,734 | 6,938 | 62,964 | 63,296 | 3,305 | 3,305 | 762 | 372 |
| 5,069 | 24,013 | 32,77 | 202,948 | 203,953 | 12,673 | 12,662 | 3,798 | 2,014 |
| 5,629 | 27,473 | 48,305 | 261,270 | 263,129 | 21,487 | 21,482 | 7,741 | 3,007 |
| 5,371 | 38,006 | 79,007 | 360,734 | 362,981 | 34,479 | 34,472 | 12,834 | 66,146 |
| 24,953 | 148,751 | 332,843 | $1,381,396$ | $1,392,780$ | 149,447 | 149,417 | 56,083 | 25,759 |
| 22,153 | 9,962 | 233,235 | 929,589 | 935,540 | 96,761 | 96,758 | 36,245 | 21,171 |
| 113,153 | 340,465 | 737,768 | $2,697,687$ | $2,719,330$ | 314,292 | 314,282 | 117,397 | 70,557 |
| 41,690 | 301,883 | 364,105 | $1,677,356$ | $1,686,161$ | 119,829 | 119,826 | 44,386 | 26,750 |
| 843,133 | $2,649,692$ | $2,288,578$ | $8,771,521$ | $8,883,397$ | 953,255 | 953,157 | 350,583 | 208,732 |
| $1,063,145$ | $3,635,068$ | $4,124,692$ | $16,373,469$ | $16,538,683$ | $1,706,919$ | $1,706,752$ | 630,087 | 364,661 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{86}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{40}$. | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{11}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDNANCE,

|  | 1,436 | 5,770 | 8,669 | 7,403 | 824 | 12,770 | 36,855 | 7,614 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 989 | 10,420 | 16, 280 | 17, 126 | 2,549 | 24, 111 | 72,656 | 13,045 |
|  | 1, 410 | 31,741 | 46,310 | 60, 537 | 11,189 | 72,549 | 228, 763 | 38,516 |
| 250 | 899 | 42, 891 | 57,911 | 92,591 | 22,519 | 96, 058 | 319,547 | 44,233 |
| 500 | 612 | 54, 267 | 73,544 | 132, 223 | 35, 324 | 124, 613 | 427, 733 | 55,759 |
| 1,000 | 664 | 166, 224 | 237, 130 | 431, 737 | 148, 551 | 380, 093 | 1,385, 986 | 152, 208 |
| 5,000 | 81 | 56,882 | 82,761 | 182, 911 | 73, 641 | 148, 170 | 552, 629 | 58,609 |
| 10,000 | 56 | 144, 687 | 182, 390 | 304, 500 | 137, 888 | 293, 213 | 1,078, 146 | 90,315 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 20,865 | 50,944 | 69, 088 | 41,994 | 63, 269 | 249, 161 | 31, 908 |
| 100,000. | 4 | 59, 708 | 76,412 | 200, 061 | 108, 360 | 323, 892 | 789, 377 | 95, 655 |
| Total | 6,155 | 593, 455 | 832, 351 | 1,498, 177 | 582, 839 | 1,538, 738 | 5,140, 853 | 587, 862 |

MANUFACTURING: FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDNANCE, MA-

|  | 1,705 | 2,511 | 5,720 | 7,749 | 763 | 14,429 | 33, 082 | 13,326 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 434 | 1,799 | 4,747 | 7,331 | 1,112 | 14,047 | 30,869 | 9,531 |
| 100 | 388 | 3,574 | 8,653 | 16,798 | 2,214 | 26,003 | 60,499 | 16.333 |
| 250 | 118 | 2,057 | 5,256 | 11,966 | 2,551 | 17,073 | 40, 896 | 10,855 |
| 500 | 79 | 3,142 | 7,905 | 19,825 | 2,165 | 20,962 | 56,198 | 15,485 |
| 1,000 | 44 | 4,364 | 11,969 | 27, 909 | 2,894 | 28, 566 | 82,084 | 19,990 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 210 | 377 | 2,566 |  | 3,725 | 7,062 | 958 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 1,960 | 26 | 1,635 |  | 10,353 | 14, 260 | 2, 582 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total- | 2,770 | 19,617 | 44,653 | 95, 779 | 11,699 | 135, 158 | 324,950 | 89,060 |

MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION

|  | 1,378 | 5,301 | 7,390 | 6, 344 | 883 | 15, 156 | 36, 580 | 6,910 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 952 | 9,281 | 13, 272 | 15,459 | 2, 011 | 26, 444 | 68, 704 | 11,831 |
| 100 | 1,327 | 27,738 | 41, 232 | 57,656 | 10,316 | 69, 975 | 214, 034 | 34,893 |
| 250 | 850 | 41, 415 | 55,949 | 91, 896 | 19,177 | 89, 124 | 305, 437 | 44, 945 |
| 500 | 626 | 58, 848 | 78, 153 | 139, 563 | 36, 622 | 121, 585 | 442,040 | 58,060 |
| 1,000 | 793 | 205, 378 | 305, 861 | 612, 807 | 163, 732 | 425, 316 | 1,742, 847 | 224, 308 |
| 5,000 | 150 | 124, 807 | 182, 254 | 382, 490 | 119,536 | 255, 561 | 1,080, 457 | 117, 843 |
| 10,000 | 126 | 264, 256 | 439, 441 | 938, 627 | 276, 970 | 591, 539 | 2,554, 818 | 277, 471 |
| 50,000 | 13 | 119, 056 | 143, 131 | 315, 312 | 140, 163 | 231,357 | 961, 658 | 110, 429 |
| 100,000 | 10 | 236, 799 | 285, 262 | 725, 128 | 352,599 | 691,899 | 2,330, 082 | 253, 048 |
| Total- | 6,225 | 1,092,879 | 1,551,945 | 3,285, 282 | 1,122, 009 | 2,517,956 | 9, 736, 657 | 1,139,738 |

MANUFAOTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION

|  | 1,681 | 2,721 | 5.116 | 7,047 | 933 | 15,741 | 33, 863 | 12,313 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 537 | 1,971 | 5,787 | 9, 473 | 1,328 | 16,901 | 37,997 | 11,895 |
| 100 | 453 | 6,009 | 10.168 | 20, 060 | 2,763 | 28,971 | 71,925 | 19,995 |
| 250 | 197 | 4, 534 | 9,155 | 20,337 | 3,488 | 26,752 | 68, 130 | 17,180 |
| 500 | 105 | 3,884 | 11, 210 | 24, 430 | 4,168 | 23,161 | 70, 286 | 17,339 |
| 1,000 | 70 | 8,183 | 21, 658 | 52, 727 | 13, 310 | 39,727 | 140, 541 | 27, 983 |
| 5,000 |  | 1,169 | 1, 820 | 5,661 | 1,983 | 7,374 | 18,648 | 1,705 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 3, 565 | 5,044 | 16,506 | 4,325 | 7,135 | 37, 255 | 4,704 |
| Total. | 3,049 | 31,036 | 69,958 | 156, 241 | 32,298 | 165, 762 | 478, 645 | 113, 114 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial, groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{63}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{63}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | Income <br> tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2,558 | 15,450 | 7,558 | 99,044 | 99,799 | 5,445 | 5,445 | 1,057 | 441 |
| 5,474 | 23,602 | 23,538 | 181,593 | 183,114 | 11,246 | 11,246 | 2,591 | 1,178 |
| 14,852 | 66,377 | 84,778 | 514,388 | 518,413 | 39,697 | 39,696 | 12,422 | 4,253 |
| 15,304 | 84,992 | 138,447 | 663,117 | 668,539 | 65,678 | 65,671 | 23,847 | 9,959 |
| 19,857 | 102,761 | 201,232 | 865,586 | 873,981 | 89,780 | 89,773 | 33,518 | 13,470 |
| 62,389 | 307,706 | 700,619 | $2,503,284$ | $2,528,255$ | 315,134 | 315,070 | 118,247 | 57,333 |
| 27,098 | 125,85 | 277,484 | 869,607 | 878,027 | 113,229 | 113,172 | 42,547 | 25,269 |
| 69,285 | 270,139 | 533,674 | $1,58,572$ | $1,620,141$ | 230,971 | 230,953 | 8,513 | 4,246 |
| 15,000 | 56,183 | 118,575 | 346,163 | 357,535 | 42,459 | 42,459 | 13,964 | 12,529 |
| 42,200 | 330,038 | 275,182 | $1,090,214$ | $1,112,560$ | 13,228 | 13,224 | 49,307 | 41,066 |
| 274,017 | $1,383,103$ | $2,361,087$ | $8,721,568$ | $8,840,364$ | $1,049,867$ | $1,049,709$ | 383,113 | 214,444 |

CHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,388 | 21,788 | ${ }_{54} 11,581$ | 65,904 | 66, 603 | 32 33 8,123 | 33 33 5,123 |  | 90 |
| 5.324 | 15,314 |  | 92, 082 | 93, 600 | 337,677 |  |  |  |
| 9,329 | 26, 000 | 3, 062 | 92, 082 | 93, 500 | ${ }_{33} 5$ 7,677 | ${ }_{33} 5$ 7, 677 |  | 331 |
| 6,345 | 15, 306 | 5,522 | 55, 338 | 56, 702 | ${ }^{33} 55,241$ | ${ }_{33}^{33} 5,241$ |  | 48 |
| 8,888 | 17, 451 | 12, 022 | 78,824 | 80,189 | ${ }^{33} 5,977$ | ${ }^{33} 5,977$ |  | 162 |
| 9,846 | 28, 087 | 20,853 | 102, 581 | 103, 785 | ${ }^{33} 7,821$ | $33 \mathrm{7}, 821$ |  | 687 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 153 \\ 15,486 \end{array}$ | 2, 841 | 3,788 54 4,788 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,111 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $3,112$ | 33 4,808 | 33 4,808 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60, 759 | 126, 864 | 26, 895 | 445, 511 | 452, 224 | ${ }^{33} 44,659$ | ${ }^{33} 44,659$ |  | 1,360 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

EQUIPMENT AND. ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,986 | 17, 743 | 5,528 | 88, 746 | 89,596 | 5,368 | 5,368 | 972 | 666 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5, 498 | 25, 662 | 19,805 | 145, 287 | 146, 445 | 9,941 | 9,941 | 2, 268 | 1,084 |
| 12, 691 | 69,551 | 76,155 | 421, 098 | 425, 395 | 32, 812 | 32,791 | 9, 794 | 4, 261 |
| 16,682 | 87, 516 | 123, 812 | 577, 138 | 582, 257 | 53,618 | 53,604 | 19,225 | 7,302 |
| 22,423 | 102,894 | 208, 911 | 784, 946 | 794,726 | 83,778 | 83,750 | 30,893 | 12,143 |
| 86,750 | 377, 743 | 848, 225 | 2, 902, 806 | 2,934, 615 | 334,561 | 334,366 | 125,472 | 56, 376 |
| 49,821 | 228, 534 | 563, 887 | 1,591,522 | 1, 612, 233 | 209, 886 | 209, 809 | 78, 321 | 45, 813 |
| 187, 665 | 506, 696 | 1,242, 273 | 3, 658,474 | 3, 719, 553 | 479,868 | 479, 852 | 180, 435 | 100, 221 |
| 32,453 | 283, 769 | 408, 646 | 1, 275, 254 | 1,291, 618 | 200, 205 | 200, 205 | 74,699 | 52, 710 |
| 257, 002 | 873, 858 | 782, 334 | 2,645, 972 | 2, 688, 223 | 366,398 | 366, 338 | 137, 647 | 99,163 |
| 673, 971 | 2, 573, 966 | 4, 279,576 | 14, 091, 243 | 14, 284, 661 | 1,776,435 | 1,776, 024 | 659, 726 | 379, 739 |

EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NO NET.INCOME

| 5,149 | 25,049 | ${ }^{54} 12,775$ | 49,799 | 50,611 | ${ }^{33} 8,396$ | 33 8, 396 |  | 53 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6, 104 | 20,981 | ${ }_{64} 6,941$ | 49, 868 | 50,906 | 32 6, 271 | 33 6, 271 |  | 126 |
| 10,602 | 33, 471 | 1,865 | 100,447 | 101, 860 | ${ }^{33} 10,486$ | ${ }^{33} 10,486$ |  | 548 |
| 10,137 | 26,543 | 9, 030 | 83, 275 | 84, 387 | 33 7, 754 | 33 7,754 |  | 242 |
| 8,835 | 23,472 | 14, 552 | 85, 378 | 86,759 | 337,655 | 33 7,656 |  | 149 |
| 27,415 | 33, 555 | 38, 994 | 145, 655 | 149, 056 | ${ }^{33} 11,237$ | ${ }^{33} 11,237$ |  | 414 |
| 950 | 3,518 | 11, 907 | 19,109 | 19,454 | -33863 | ${ }^{33} 863$ |  |  |
| 6,785 | 6,651 | 15, 344 | 38, 771 | 39, 571 | ${ }^{33} 3,479$ | 33 3,479 |  | 240 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75,977 | 173, 240 | 71,976 | 572, 302 | 582, 604 | ${ }^{33} 56,141$ | ${ }^{33} 56,142$ |  | 1,772 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets <br> classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number <br> of returns <br> with <br> balance <br> sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and <br> accounts <br> receivable <br> less <br> reserve | Inven- <br> tories | Invest- <br> ments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital <br> assets ${ }^{30}$ <br> less <br> reserves | Total <br> assets- <br> Total <br> liabili- <br> ties ${ }^{41}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND

| 0 | 348 | 1,504 | 2,226 | 2,619 | 162 | 2,160 | 9,004 | 2,060 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 220 | 2,032 | 3,943 | 4,877 | 385 | 3,615 | 15, 558 | 3, 412 |
| 100 | 343 | 7,951 | 12,659 | 17, 851 | 2, 436 | 13, 366 | 55, 819 | 11,868 |
| 250 | 215 | 9,624 | 16, 160 | 25, 100 | 4,496 | 18,465 | 75, 724 | 14, 041 |
| 500 | 146 | 14, 701 | 20,997 | 36, 394 | 7,699 | 23, 865 | 106, 049 | 17, 522 |
| 1,000. | 222 | 63, 547 | 93, 829 | 186, 492 | 42, 502 | 120, 873 | 519, 923 | 70, 959 |
| 5,000 | 44 | 44, 333 | 51, 701 | 106, 914 | 30, 896 | 76, 572 | 315, 865 | 25, 864 |
| 10,000 | 48 | 113, 879 | 163, 388 | 313, 116 | 89, 835 | 213, 912 | 909, 039 | 106,814 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 36, 774 | 61, 486 | 68, 075 | 30, 377 | 67, 637 | 266, 683 | 21, 229 |
| 100,000 | 6 | 237,495 | 534, 854 | 887, 531 | 845, 394 | 639, 653 | 3,216, 155 | 437, 802 |
| Total. | 1,596 | 531, 840 | 961, 243 | 1,648,969 | 1,054, 182 | 1,180, 118 | '5,489, 819 | 711, 571 |

MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND

| 0 | 685 | 992 | 2,325 | 3,884 | 427 | 4,184 | 12,932 | 5,339 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 184 | 877 | 2,170 | 4,449 | 270 | 4,249 | 12, 934 | 4,486 |
| 100 | 203 | 2, 354 | 5,138 | 10,550 | 1,364 | 9,532 | 31, 559 | 10,497 |
| 250 | 90 | 2,190 | 5,064 | 11, 426 | 1,615 | 9, 060 | 31, 108 | 9,618 |
| 500 | 42 | 1,687 | 4,392 | 10, 724 | 900 | 9, 489 | 28,189 | 9,624 |
| 1,000 | 49 | 6,456 | 19,519 | 37, 089 | 6, 377 | 28, 256 | 102, 213 | 23, 741 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 1,859 | 4,592 | 10, 262 | 5, 007 | 5,788 | 27, 964 | 7,378 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 7,654 | 5, 975 | 17,337 | 19, 911 | 14,244 | 67, 831 | 20,333 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $100,000$ <br> Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,261 | 24,069 | 49,175 | 105, 721 | 35,871 | 84, 802 | 314,730 | 91, 016 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT

|  | 119 | 498 | 713 | 632 | 67 | 1,151 | 3,150 | 723 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 70 | 635 | 1, 281 | 1,121 | 271 | 1, 608 | 5, 043 | 1,088 |
| 100 | 113 | 2, 253 | 4,023 | 4,263 | 1,194 | 5, 653 | 18, 055 | 3,547 |
| 250 | 73 | 3, 347 | 5, 319 | 6,845 | 1,397 | 6, 765 | 24, 323 | 4,209 |
| 500 | 53 | 5,903 | 8, 874 | 8,890 | 2, 821 | 9, 624 | 37, 413 | 5, 623 |
| 1,000 | 64 | 18,642 | 32,195 | 44, 282 | 12,878 | 31, 137 | 143, 562 | 22, 364 |
| 5,000. | 16 | 14,897 | 31, 013 | 39, 726 | 14, 610 | 22, 228 | 126, 263 | 17,040 |
| 10,000 | 27 | 85, 199 | 100, 113 | 164,076 | 48, 218 | 96, 019 | 507, 702 | 54, 363 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 47,980 | 79,333 | 151,089 | 69, 519 | 144, 855 | 504, 022 | 56, 535 |
| 100,000 | 9 | 120,688 | 202, 869 | 399, 624 | 167, 807 | 290, 096 | 1, 279, 211 | 176, 625 |
| Total. | 550 | 300, 042 | 465, 733 | 820,548 | 318, 782 | 609, 136 | 2,648, 744 | 342, 117 |

MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{63}$ less deficit ${ }^{45}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

EQUIPMENT-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 3,716 | 1,283 | 26,118 | 26,456 | 1,646 | 1,646 | 282 | 170 |
| 1,289 | 5,143 | 4,162 | 41,555 | 41,896 | 2,581 | 2,581 | 559 | 118 |
| 3,651 | 16,285 | 17,533 | 138,135 | 139,179 | 8,493 | 8,491 | 2,534 | 882 |
| 5,842 | 18,914 | 28,140 | 163,720 | 165,533 | 12,901 | 12,901 | 4,355 | 1,506 |
| 5,902 | 23,104 | 46,284 | 231,735 | 233,707 | 19,682 | 19,680 | 7,287 | 2,219 |
| 28,204 | 97,773 | 256,880 | $1,008,534$ | $1,018,054$ | 96,822 | 96,801 | 36,132 | 15,481 |
| 24,123 | 55,161 | 177,855 | 546,488 | 551,241 | 66,868 | 66,849 | 25,116 | 15,562 |
| 81,221 | 171,068 | 436,397 | $1,614,166$ | $1,631,670$ | 173,847 | 173,834 | 64,820 | 41,077 |
| 15,000 | 79,052 | 103,407 | 530,497 | 535,717 | 52,586 | 52,585 | 19,956 | 8,004 |
| 482,568 | 841,309 | $1,055,839$ | $3,937,323$ | $3,995,898$ | 487,219 | 487,102 | 177,563 | 120,398 |
| 648,518 | $1,311,525$ | $2,127,780$ | $8,238,271$ | $8,339,351$ | 922,645 | 922,470 | 338,604 | 205,417 |

EQUIPMENT-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


MOTOR VEHICLES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 333 | 1,283 | 521 | 8,593 | 8,732 | 435 | 435 | 80 | 29 |
| 591 | $-2,168$ | 772 | 9,453 | 9,580 | 619 | 619 | 135 | 43 |
| 1,610 | 5,523 | 5,683 | 32,683 | 33,286 | 2,425 | 2,423 | 637 | 392 |
| 1,842 | 6,627 | 8,534 | 50,880 | 51,626 | 3,745 | 3,745 | 1,237 | 433 |
| 2,696 | 9,123 | 15,791 | 68,291 | 69,051 | 6,070 | 6,070 | 2,186 | 858 |
| 5,104 | 31,334 | 66,891 | 251,825 | 254,848 | 24,997 | 24,996 | 8,966 | 3,480 |
| 2,546 | 22,567 | 70,250 | 173,432 | 176,034 | 16,805 | 16,800 | 6,015 | 3,216 |
| 3,272 | 93,260 | 265,310 | 697,826 | 710,445 | 77,360 | 77,360 | 28,500 | 21,275 |
| 34,868 | 129,738 | 210,661 | 557,073 | 572,764 | 44,709 | 44,687 | 14,115 | 19,504 |
| 79,822 | 278,303 | 587,263 | $1,412,040$ | $1,432,931$ | 90,468 | 90,463 | 33,531 | 47,292 |
| 132,684 | 579,926 | $1,231,676$ | $3,262,096$ | $3,319,297$ | 267,633 | 267,598 | 95,402 | 96,522 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

MOTOR VEHICLES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income $:{ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 40 | Capital assets ${ }^{20}$ less reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT,

| 0. | 150 | 638 | 863 | 997 | 59 | I, 394 | 4,171 | 796 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 143 | 1,382 | 2,142 | 3,501 | 232 | 3,019 | 10,571 | 2,260 |
| 100 | 183 | 3,044 | 6,045 | 11,049 | 674 | 8,926 | 30,851 | 6,180 |
| 250 | 119 | 4,691 | 7,394 | 14,809 | 1,791 | 12,768 | 42, 249 | 8,440 |
| 500 | 82 | 6,403 | 10,171 | 21, 412 | 4,388 | 16,612 | 60, 178 | 10,258 |
| 1,000 | 96 | 23, 883 | 37,631 | 73, 306 | 16,038 | 54, 861 | 208,950 | 32, 418 |
| 5,000 | 29 | 18, 702 | 37, 013 | 69,596 | 10,105 | 51, 269 | 190, 723 | 28,668 |
| 10,000 | 27 | 72, 259 | 101, 088 | 189, 037 | 71, 491 | 156,574 | 597,906 | 91,656 |
| 50,000 | 8 | 49, 286 | 83,187 | 192,012 | 47,773 | 149,690 | 528,876 | 77, 812 |
| 100,000 | 10 | 680,641 | 436,461 | 1, 354, 134 | 1,451, 605 | 1,631,292 | 5,644, 014 | 802,275 |
| Total | 847 | 860,929 | 721,995 | 1,929,853 | 1,604,156 | 2, 086, 405 | 7,318,489 | 1,060, 763 |

MANUFACTURING: MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT,

| 0 | 223 | 300 | 937 | 1,413 | 134 | 1,677 | 4,762 | 1,866 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 79 | 255 | 728 | 2,108 | 185 | 2,110 | 5,673 | 1,682 |
| 100 | 76 | 564 | 1,898 | 3,871 | 618 | 4,100 | 11,811 | 4,898 |
| 250 | 33 | 905 | 2,147 | 4,319 | 413 | 3,417 | 11,705 | 4,924 |
| 500 | 15 | 482 | 1,474 | 4,324 | 125 | 3,586 | 10,330 | 1,940 |
| 1,000 | 10 | 1,081 | 3,611 | 6,748 | 444 | 7,569 | 20,322 | 4,350 |
| 5,000-...----- | 1 | 984 | 937 | 4,166 | 304 | 1,235 | 7,785 | 285 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 4,340 | 12,911 | 34, 164 | 8,661 | 20,300 | 81,005 | 13,204 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 441 | 8,911 | 24, 643 | 61,113 | 10,884 | 43,994 | 153, 393 | 33, 149 |

MANUFACTURING: ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES -

| 0 | 4 | 8 | 38 | 35 | 1 | 15 | 100 | 19 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1 | 17 | 13 | 30 |  | 18 | 88 | 25 |
| 100 | 3 | 25 | 135 | 204 |  | 29 | 396 | 76 |
| 250 | 3 | 43 | 281 | 174 | 297 | 204 | 1,265 | 325 |
| 500 | 3 | 127 | 278 | 809 | 120 | 571 | 1,949 | 520 |
| 1,000......--- | 6 | 2,618 | 1,288 | 4,282 | 606 | 4,708 | 14, 227 | 1,081 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 503 | 45 | 5,228 | 1,839 | 578 | 8,288 | 462 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 15,631 | 5,634 | 25,008 | 6,900 | 16,657 | 70,121 | 2,557 |
| 100,000- | 1 | 11,092 | 4,834 | 38,615 | 15,927 | 17,856 | 100,656 | 3,502 |
| Total. | 25 | 30,064 | 12,546 | 74,385 | 25,690 | 40,636 | 197, 090 | 8,567 |

MANUFACTURING: ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES -

| 0 | 7 | 3 | 24 | 33 | 1 | 60 | 139 | 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50------------------ | 4 | 24 | 54 | 59 |  | 149 | 296 | 159 |
| 100.-...-...--- | 3 |  | 147 | 81 |  | 37 | 391 | 16 |
| 250 | 2 | 29 | 301 |  |  | 1 | 711 | 1 |
| 500 | 1 | 2 | 490 |  | 39 | 6 | 730 | 67 |
| 1,000 | 1 | 126 | 1,474 |  |  |  | 1,602 | 154 |
| 5,000-......--- | 1 | 389 | 1946 | 1,249 | 129 | 4,121 | 7,422 | 1,085 |
| 10,000. | 1 | 1,714 | 734 | 2,860 | 5,268 | 2,960 | 13,739 | 161 |
| 50,000-.----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 20 | 2,287 | 4,170 | 4,282 | 5,437 | 7, 334 | 25,030 | 1,703 |

[^38]and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{61}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit ${ }^{\text {is }}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

EXCEPT ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 219 | 1,926 | 830 | 12,269 | 12,452 | 578 | 578 | 110 | 40 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6666 | 2,885 | 3,614 | 29,480 | 29,696 | 1,784 | 1,784 | 432 | 117 |
| 3,036 | 8,702 | 9,657 | 82,010 | 82,596 | 4,773 | 4,773 | 1,417 | 509 |
| 2,393 | 10,272 | 16,894 | 109,306 | 110,437 | 7,424 | 7,424 | 2,678 | 694 |
| 3,138 | 12,829 | 26,563 | 164,445 | 165,707 | 13,510 | 13,509 | 5,068 | 1,488 |
| 14,202 | 41,072 | 96,283 | 411,283 | 416,368 | 46,015 | 46,013 | 17,269 | 6,599 |
| 11,492 | 30,684 | 101,297 | 451,016 | 453,398 | 39,308 | 39,307 | 14,877 | 6,275 |
| 41,389 | 116,147 | 278,087 | $1,030,867$ | $1,038,493$ | 97,755 | 97,681 | 36,418 | 27,558 |
| 27,329 | 86,078 | 292,979 | 996,022 | $1,002,499$ | 77,933 | 77,933 | 29,548 | 20,482 |
| 67,562 | 911,680 | $3,406,309$ | $10,014,907$ | $10,217,650$ | $1,418,771$ | $1,418,728$ | 520,488 | 297,704 |
| 171,426 | $1,222,275$ | $4,232,513$ | $13,301,605$ | $13,529,296$ | $1,707,851$ | $1,707,730$ | 628,305 | 361,466 |

EXCEPT ELECTRICAL-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  | 47 | 24 | 124 | 129 | 8 | 8 | 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 30 | 13 | 262 | 262 | 50 | 50 | 19 | 36 |
|  | 149 | 92 | 521 | 524 | 21 | 21 | 5 | 11 |
|  | 530 | 140 | 1,673 | 1,696 | 176 | 176 | 64 |  |
|  | 542 | 343 | 3, 308 | 3, 325 | 89 | 89 | 14 | 28 |
| 863 | 3,629 | 6, 840 | 24,507 | 24, 678 | 3,645 | 3,645 | 1,378 | 237 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1,496 | 1,486 |  | 287 |
|  | 14,654 |  | 81,063 | 81, 901 |  |  | 5,117 | 4,337 |
|  | 17,692 | 65, 722 | 97, 541 | 98, 561 | 14, 085 | 14, 083 | 5, 263 | 2,540 |
| 863 | 37, 446 | 121,127 | 217, 620 | 219, 762 | 33, 111 | 33, 099 | 12,427 | 7,476 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{38}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Notes and } \\ \text { accounts } \\ \text { receivable } \\ \text { less } \\ \text { reserve } \end{gathered}$ | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MANUFACTURING: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC

| 0 | 327 | 1. 207 | 1,658 | 2,159 | 173 | 1,979 | 7,593 | 1,658 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 147 | 1,425 | 2,893 | 2,801 | 584 | 2, 302 | 10,504 | 2,121 |
| 100 | 196 | 3, 488 | 6, 857 | 10,356 | 1,860 | 7,267 | 30,913 | 5,529 |
| 250 | 117 | 4,922 | 9,177 | 13, 134 | 2, 574 | 8,852 | 40, 003 | 7,225 |
| 500 | 66 | 5,983 | 9, 842 | 15, 279 | 2,982 | 11, 760 | 46,748 | 6,985 |
| 1,000 | 76 | 17,111 | 31, 194 | 58, 320 | 16,419 | 31,717 | 157.785 | 18,096 |
| 5,000 | 23 | 13,151 | 27, 090 | 61,353 | 10, 937 | 37,054 | 152, 156 | 12, 733 |
| 10,000 | 17 | 42, 722 | 65, 149 | 132, 269 | 60, 714 | 69, 270 | 376, 011 | 24,970 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 13,695 | 29,561 | 65,744 | 30,670 | 32,849 | 174, 160 | 10,696 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 17,846 | 41,342 | 67,970 | 70,129 | 96, 086 | 295, 091 | 22, 265 |
| Total. | 973 | 121, 550 | 224, 763 | 429, 385 | 197, 042 | 299, 136 | 1, 290, 964 | 112, 278 |

MANUFACTURING: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC

|  | 392 | 540 | 1,165 | 2,141 | 245 | 2, 485 | 7, 242 | 2,913 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 95 | 564 | 1,083 | 2, 373 | 383 | 1,796 | 6, 626 | 2, 392 |
| 100 | 72 | 504 | 1,657 | 3, 508 | 370 | 3, 506 | 10,853 | 2,844 |
| 250 | 26 | 634 | 2,009 | 3,125 | 718 | 2,172 | 9, 082 | 3,067 |
| 500 | 13 | 610 | 1,805 | 3,740 | 788 | 1,666 | 8, 972 | 2,059 |
| 1,000 | 17 | 2,251 | 4,486 | 9, 705 | 1,055 | 10, 208 | 28, 462 | 8, 879 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 1,023 | 5, 661 | 4,808 | 138 | 4,194 | 16, 221 | 6, 982 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000....--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 617 | 6,126 | 17, 866 | 29, 400 | 3,697 | 26,027 | 87, 458 | 29,136 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

OTHER MANUFACTURING-

|  | 2,060 | 8,214 | 13, 200 | 11,674 | 1, 234 | 13,413 | 49,565 | 10,915 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,021 | 11, 714 | 17, 908 | 19, 912 | 2,806 | 18,746 | 73, 717 | 15, 271 |
| 100 | 1,214 | 26,762 | 45, 081 | 56, 197 | 9,993 | 50, 932 | 196, 101 | 38, 107 |
| 250 | 626 | 27, 062 | 43, 089 | 65, 712 | 17,584 | 55, 994 | 217, 265 | 35, 568 |
| 500 | 371 | 29, 203 | 50, 715 | 81, 287 | 22, 294 | 69, 968 | 259, 288 | 38, 803 |
| 1,000. | 320 | 84, 612 | 117, 796 | 211,410 | 68, 206 | 157, 002 | 651, 015 | 80, 396 |
| 5,000 | 44 | 32, 019 | 48, 191 | 95, 622 | 40, 621 | 77, 176 | 300, 730 | 41, 077 |
| 10,000 | 27 | 51, 024 | 79, 603 | 141, 057 | 61, 249 | 90, 991 | 432, 154 | 38, 129 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 5,160 | 10,940 | 47, 319 | 45, 270 | 36, 957 | 146, 349 | 9,489 |
| Total | 5, 685 | 275, 770 | 426, 523 | 730, 190 | 269, 257 | 571, 179 | 2, 326, 184 | 307, 755 |

OTHER MANUFACTURING-


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross recêipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

EQUIPMENT; WATCHES, CLOCKS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 597 | 3,242 | 1,437 | 19,458 | 19,600 | 1,138 | 1,138 | 212 | 170 |
| 596 | 3,817 | 2,922 | 24,542 | 24,791 | 1,555 | 1,555 | 358 | 187 |
| 2,398 | 10,188 | 9,698 | 63,774 | 64,252 | 4,199 | 4,199 | 1,223 | 557 |
| 1,902 | 10,747 | 15,975 | 80,192 | 80,860 | 6,331 | 6,331 | 2,221 | 1,032 |
| 3,239 | 9,477 | 21,469 | 82,084 | 82,793 | 8,829 | 8,829 | 3,242 | 4927 |
| 9,451 | 35,952 | 78,921 | 260,272 | 263,589 | 27,697 | 27,696 | 10,292 | 4,898 |
| 6,903 | 39,465 | 79,206 | 247,916 | 250,646 | 28,171 | 28,154 | 10,461 | 10,906 |
| 41,382 | 98,194 | 170,118 | 490,367 | 497,438 | 67,407 | 67,402 | 25,471 | 18,810 |
| 10,000 | 53,317 | 84,391 | 202,641 | 207,588 | 23,673 | 23,671 | 8,481 | 7,255 |
| $-\cdots+\cdots+\cdots$ | 136,157 | 90,941 | 302,405 | 318,614 | 56,321 | 56,321 | 17,817 | 20,178 |
| 76,468 | 400,556 | 555,078 | $1,773,651$ | $1,810,171$ | 225,321 | 225,296 | 79,778 | 64,920 |

EQUIPMENT; WATCHES, CLOCKS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3,635 | 20,329 | 9,242 | 147, 747 | 148, 963 | 6,837 | 6,837 | 1,222 | 616 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,731 | 25, 331 | 21, 637 | 192, 169 | 193, 423 | 10, 500 | 10, 500 | 2, 413 | 1,105 |
| 13, 785 | 62, 237 | 62, 906 | 459, 399 | 463, 630 | 25, 293 | 25, 292 | 7,266 | 2, 821 |
| 14, 807 | 63, 962 | 81, 858 | 445, 162 | 449, 431 | 30, 344 | 30, 338 | 10,423 | 4,930 |
| 15, 529 | 65, 359 | 112, 062 | 501, 431 | 505, 884 | 41, 691 | 41, 679 | 15, 411 | 6,090 |
| 27, 041 | 160, 182 | 308, 948 | 1,161, 834 | 1,177, 075 | 115, 701 | 115, 664 | 42, 628 | 21, 549 |
| 23, 999 | 59, 354 | 148, 280 | 479, 206 | 486, 200 | 52,919 | 52, 918 | 19, 362 | 8,897 |
| 27, 222 | 94, 863 | 219, 362 | 638, 469 | 647, 948 | 88, 895 | 88, 892 | 32, 697 | 23,590 |
| 29, 818 | 50, 253 | 51, 116 | 137, 592 | 140, 703 | 16,493 | 16, 491 | 6,050 | 4,972 |
| 160,567 | 601, 870 | 1,015,411 | 4, 163, 009 | 4,213,257 | 388,673 | 388, 611 | 137, 472 | 74, 570 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for relurns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable so |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES-

|  | 5,321 | 19,072 | 21,829 | 2, 100 | 4,545 | 65, 154 | 119, 203 | 22,042 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2,458 | 24,563 | 31,651 | 3,570 | 8,805 | 99,597 | 176, 969 | 30.573 |
| 100 | 2,645 | 52,092 | 69, 719 | 9,001 | 24,695 | 243, 438 | 419, 785 | 72,929 |
| 250 | 1, 271 | 55, 829 | 69,753 | 10, 134 | 35, 110 | 257, 282 | 449, 229 | 73,477 |
| 500 | 791 | 69,636 | 72, 420 | 13, 660 | 48.118 | 332, 030 | 556, 664 | 84, 410 |
| 1,000. | 876 | 202, 364 | 178, 953 | 55, 151 | 177, 051 | 1,172, 726 | 1,845, 837 | 235, 424 |
| 5,000 | 182 | 104, 434 | 86, 137 | 42,408 | 115, 765 | 900, 423 | 1,288, 120 | 139, 828 |
| 10,000 | 231 | 294, 381 | 262, 243 | 179, 778 | 453, 771 | 3, 964, 405 | 5, 295, 641 | 312,389 |
| 50,000 | 73 | 283, 876 | 250, 084 | 167, 764 | 501, 222 | 3, 791, 732 | 5, 220, 372 | 282, 855 |
| 100,000. | 128 | 1, 553, 846 | 1,262, 557 | 1, 469, 321 | 12, 299, 015 | 36, 594, 416 | 54, 590, 839 | 1,878,155 |
| Total. | 13,976 | 2, 660, 093 | 2, 305, 346 | 1, 952, 887 | 13, 668,097 | 47, 421, 203 | 69, 962, 659 | 3, 132, 082 |

TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES-

| 0 | 5,187 | 8,909 | 14,152 | 1,731 | 2,707 | 53, 156 | 87,735 | 33,075 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,063 | 5,730 | 11,983 | 1, 675 | 2, 823 | 47,283 | 74,927 | 21,927 |
| 100 | 790 | 7,712 | 17,005 | 2,991 | 5,601 | 80, 862 | 121, 923 | 32, 964 |
| 250 | 285 | 7,098 | 14, 870 | 2,425 | 5,892 | 62,800 | 99,492 | 25, 811 |
| 500 | 173 | 10, 138 | 15,641 | 3,336 | 8,584 | 78,729 | 121, 601 | 27, 110 |
| 1,000 | 179 | 28,605 | 38,851 | 10,994 | 26,675 | 239, 541 | 363, 757 | 76, 296 |
| 5,000 | 35 | 12,272 | 16,938 | 7,604 | 19,804 | 204, 270 | 272, 118 | 30,359 |
| 10,000 | 43 | 45, 276 | 71, 877 | 28,996 | 73, 660 | 682, 220 | 966, 539 | 119,306 |
| 50,000 | 13 | 46, 504 | 32,684 | 21, 420 | 134, 534 | 655, 354 | 981, 479 | 43, 091 |
| 100,000 | 5 | 43, 512 | 25, 691 | 24, 490 | 44, 885 | 475, 924 | 652, 588 | 30, 555 |
| Total | 7,773 | 215, 756 | 259, 692 | 105, 662 | 325, 165 | 2, 580, 139 | 3,742, 159 | 440, 494 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION-

| 0 | 4,044 | 15,814 | 18,828 | 1,289 | 3,463 | 45, 812 | 90,814 | 18,490 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,819 | 20,401 | 26,324 | 2,264 | 6,903 | 67, 314 | 130, 190 | 24, 414 |
| 100 | 1,972 | 43, 134 | 58, 014 | 5, 721 | 18,365 | 170, 398 | 312, 112 | 59, 763 |
| 250 | 932 | 44, 366 | 60, 135 | 6,384 | 25, 462 | 176,132 | 328, 833 | 61, 409 |
| 500 | 565 | 57, 204 | 61, 402 | 8,395 | 36, 285 | 217, 980 | 396, 212 | 68, 982 |
| 1,000 | 590 | 164, 787 | 146, 825 | 30, 002 | 141, 279 | 673, 633 | 1,201, 795 | 183, 226 |
| 5,000 | 113 | 85, 632 | 63, 229 | 23, 831 | 101, 265 | 490, 147 | 793, 320 | 107, 040 |
| 10,000 | 93 | 171, 306 | 139, 211 | 50, 700 | 264, 877 | 1,333, 453 | 2, 029, 873 | 164,902 |
| 50,000. | 30 | 180, 111 | 173, 535 | 87, 669 | 210,845 | 1, 343, 613 | 2, 142, 623 | 161, 353 |
| 100,000 | 50 | 905, 337 | 571, 761 | 806, 805 | 5, 626, 571 | 17, 589, 687 | 26, 404, 442 | 964,508 |
| Total | 10,208 | 1,688, 092 | 1,319, 264 | 1,023, 060 | 6, 435,315 | 22, 108, 169 | 33, 830, 214 | 1,814, 087 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION-

|  | 4,094 | 7, 584 | 12,008 | 1,286 | 2,113 | 39,742 | 68,555 | 28,616 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 773 | 4, 876 | 9,912 | 1,355 | 2,225 | 31, 742 | 54, 308 | 16,633 |
| 100 | 549 | 6, 034 | 13,000 | 2,367 | 4, 049 | 53, 407 | 84, 278 | 23, 828 |
| 250 | 205 | 5,998 | 12, 188 | 2,000 | 5,363 | 42,836 | 72, 195 | 19,360 |
| 500 | 121 | 8,872 | 12,595 | 2,015 | 6,143 | 50, 898 | 84,773 | 22, 333 |
| 1,000 | 135 | 23, 502 | 33, 006 | 8,102 | 20,582 | 180, 546 | 281, 445 | 54,836 |
| 5,000. | 24 | 9,969 | 7,140 | 4,642 | 15,629 | 142, 835 | 186, 194 | 14,657 |
| 10,000 | 33 | 37,568 | 60, 448 | 18,645 | 64, 289 | 504, 351 | 738, 638 | 109, 081 |
| 50,000 | 10 | 41,911 | 29,532 | 17,641 | 35, 926 | 578, 792 | 775, 845 | 33, 844 |
| 100,000. | 5 | 43, 512 | 25,691 | 24, 490 | 44,885 | 475, 924 | 652, 588 | 30,555 |
| Total. | 5,949 | 189, 826 | 215, 520 | 82,543 | 201, 204 | 2, 101, 073 | 2,998, 819 | 353, 743 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net proft or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{6}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 11,176 | 46,619 | 28,322 | 258,316 | 267,250 | 18,289 | 18,288 | 3,634 | 2,790 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 19,740 | 56,345 | 55,679 | 311,960 | 320,290 | 24,484 | 24,483 | 5,719 | 3,596 |
| 57,059 | 121,645 | $130,811$. | 649,154 | 665,858 | 56,851 | 56,846 | 16,140 | 8,572 |
| 70,082 | 120,423 | 143,395 | 667,750 | 679,305 | 62,184 | 62,175 | 21,170 | 10,322 |
| 98,191 | 152,874 | 166,716 | 702,832 | 719,574 | 75,936 | 75,888 | 26,383 | 13,163 |
| 464,080 | 497,197 | 462,013 | $1,686,981$ | $1,722,949$ | 198,103 | 198,033 | 71,773 | 45,514 |
| 355,005 | 397,272 | 277,467 | 808,686 | 827,164 | 120,511 | 120,489 | 43,804 | 31,890 |
| $1,824,803$ | $1,717,181$ | $1,074,823$ | $2,270,858$ | $2,327,257$ | 344,787 | 344,634 | 123,406 | 133,076 |
| $1,966,437$ | $1,733,647$ | 867,022 | $2,450,803$ | $2,531,806$ | 293,856 | 293,795 | 101,748 | 114,513 |
| $19,775,540$ | $19,731,650$ | $9,865,576$ | $16,273,273$ | $17,085,932$ | $2,353,982$ | $2,353,738$ | 774,832 | $1,053,693$ |
| $24,642,113$ | $24,574,853$ | $13,071,824$ | $26,080,613$ | $27,147,385$ | $3,548,983$ | $3,548,369$ | $1,188,609$ | $1,417,129$ |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 19,149 | 51 |  | 182,330 | 188,353 | 3215,979 | 3315,979 |  | 338 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19,149 15,620 | 51,405 59,492 | 64 b4 28,637 | 182,330 99,608 | 188, 353 | 33 11, 108 | 33 11, 108 |  | 338 770 |
| 30, 449 | 52, 687 | 64 5, 087 | 126, 668 | 130, 449 | ${ }^{33} 11,777$ | 3311,779 |  | 280 |
| 31, 027 | 37, 285 | 64 5, 708 | 108, 089 | 111, 548 | ${ }^{33} 8,965$ | ${ }^{33} 81,965$ |  | 227 |
| 40,196 | 40,848 | 2,033 | 111, 176 | 113, 232 | 33 7,853 | 33 7, 859 |  | 223 |
| 139, 989 | 120, 316 | ${ }^{54} 16,766$ | 276, 125 | 282, 602 | ${ }^{33} 15,205$ | 3315,211 |  | 1,907 |
| 134, 032 | 85, 359 | 54 19, 594 | 122, 628 | 126, 173 | 337,420 | 33 7,420 |  | 857 |
| 336, 311 | 303, 218 | 113, 648 | 454, 338 | 463, 647 | ${ }^{33} 28,164$ | ${ }^{33} 28,219$ |  | 2,677 |
| 447, 528 | 303, 201 | 24 | 365, 453 | 376, 010 | ${ }^{33} 14,767$ | ${ }^{33} 14,781$ |  | 6,122 |
| 288, 109 | 199, 785 | ${ }^{54} 44,658$ | 217, 597 | 229, 927 | ${ }^{33} 14,562$ | ${ }^{33} 14,572$ |  | 1,400 |
| 1,482, 410 | 1,253,596 | ${ }^{54} 38,977$ | 2,064, 012 | 2, 124, 850 | ${ }^{33} 135,800$ | ${ }^{33} 135,893$ | ----------- | 14,801 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 9,068 | 32,172 | 21,624 | 232,572 | 239,720 | 15,095 | 15,094 | 2,956 | 2,042 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 15,009 | 36,938 | 42,286 | 271,886 | 278,886 | 19,567 | 19,566 | 4,642 | 2,877 |
| 43,016 | 84,258 | 95,864 | 573,941 | 588,595 | 45,890 | 45,887 | 13,209 | 6,451 |
| 50,113 | 78,643 | 105,873 | 596,062 | 606,296 | 49,708 | 49,702 | 17,010 | 7,793 |
| 64,861 | 101,929 | 118,902 | 609,806 | 625,127 | 60,980 | 60,942 | 21,124 | 9,419 |
| 257,644 | 296,132 | 317,703 | $1,439,262$ | $1,469,440$ | 152,358 | 152,305 | 54,903 | 32,373 |
| 170,927 | 249,877 | 178,981 | 613,995 | 630,276 | 92,686 | 92,665 | 33,660 | 21,619 |
| 507,879 | 511,566 | 674,935 | $1,121,649$ | $1,157,380$ | 154,650 | 154,613 | 54,401 | 37,261 |
| 671,359 | 566,690 | 527,549 | $1,608,848$ | $1,666,624$ | 126,658 | 126,618 | 43,148 | 30,122 |
| $8,993,916$ | $7,740,776$ | $6,635,833$ | $9,335,953$ | $9,750,243$ | $1,116,986$ | $1,116,838$ | 400,931 | 256,597 |
| $10,783,792$ | $9,698,981$ | $8,719,550$ | $16,403,974$ | $17,012,587$ | $1,834,578$ | $1,834,230$ | 645,984 | 406,554 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 16,662 | 37, 249 | ${ }^{54} 30,287$ | 166, 830 | 171, 974 | 3313,941 | ${ }^{3} 13,941$ |  | 275 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11, 412 | 46,688 | 5425,575 | 88, 135 | 91, 131 | 33 8,924 | ${ }^{33} 8,924$ |  | 673 |
| 22, 177 | 32, 613 | ${ }^{64} 2,746$ | 109, 979 | 113, 357 | ${ }^{33} 8,635$ | ${ }^{33} 8,637$ |  | 237 |
| 23, 003 | 25,976 | ${ }^{64} 3,891$ | 97, 296 | 100, 565 | ${ }^{33} 6,893$ | ${ }^{33} 6,893$ |  | 181 |
| 25,457 | 26, 992 | 1,417 | 98, 645 | 100, 338 | 33 6, 567 | 336,573 |  | 157 |
| 111, 826 | 90, 624 | ${ }^{41} 15,830$ | 233, 765 | 239, 573 | ${ }^{33} 13,368$ | 3313,373 |  | 1,145 |
| 102, 309 | 63, 400 | ${ }^{54} 19,630$ | 95, 555 | 98, 828 | 33 6,311 | ${ }^{33} 6,311$ |  | 310 |
| 243, 971 | 245, 223 | 63, 707 | 392, 321 | 400, 671 | ${ }^{33} 24,835$ | ${ }^{33} 24,889$ |  | 2,312 |
| 338, 377 | 251, 307 | 9,566 | 329, 228 | 339, 481 | 33 13, 892 | 3313,906 |  | 3,474 |
| 288, 109 | 199, 785 | ${ }^{54} 44,658$ | 217, 597 | 229,927 | ${ }^{33} 14,562$ | ${ }^{38} 14,572$ |  | 1,400 |
| 1,183,303 | 1,019,857 | ${ }^{34} 67,927$ | 1, 829,351 | 1,885, 845 | ${ }^{33} 117,928$ | ${ }^{33} 118,019$ |  | 10, 164 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{38}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION-

| 0 | 714 | 1,603 | 1,852 | 568 | 487 | 11,273 | 16,297 | 1,780 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 404 | 2,785 | 3, 808 | 683 | 1, 020 | 19, 584 | 29,237 | 3, 830 |
| 100 | 361 | 6,207 | 6,922 | 1,603 | 3,814 | 36, 388 | 57,424 | 6,262 |
| 250 | 174 | 6,993 | 6,432 | 1,814 | 6,289 | 36,456 | 61,340 | 6,355 |
| 500 | 95 | 8,070 | 5,892 | 1,712 | 5,985 | 41,379 | 65,665 | 6,281 |
| 1,000 | 101 | 17,724 | 10,910 | 9,857 | 14,758 | 152, 129 | 211,330 | 18,770 |
| 5,000 | 11 | 5,208 | 3,425 | 4,129 | 4,604 | 54, 340 | 73, 219 | 9,906 |
| 10,000 | 22 | 31,796 | 35,154 | 22,328 | 28, 224 | 318, 731 | 449, 803 | 38, 097 |
| 50,000 | 5 | 6, 526 | 14,923 | 8,359 | 1,306 | 296,639 | 332, 747 | 22,727 |
| 100,000 | 18 | 105, 377 | 316, 932 | 132,884 | 4,381,618 | 6, 161, 701 | 11, 206, 298 | 371,438 |
| Total | 1,905 | 192, 289 | 406, 250 | 183,937 | 4,448, 105 | 7, 128, 620 | 12,503,360 | 485, 446 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION-

|  | 654 | 714 | 1,494 | 371 | 393 | 7,684 | 11,379 | 2,767 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 186 | 496 | 1,555 | 148 | 433 | 9,598 | 13, 198 | 3,031 |
| 100 | 118 | 966 | 2,085 | 108 | 601 | 12,955 | 18,254 | 4,582 |
| 250 | 39 | 632 | 1,059 | 100 | 319 | 9,483 | 12,895 | 3,603 |
| 500 | 11 | 437 | 1,109 | 71 | 1,177 | 4,757 | 7,680 | 1,867 |
| 1,000 | 13 | 2,414 | 3,275 | 639 | 5,094 | 9,046 | 22, 022 | 6,192 |
| 5,000 | 2 | , 538 | 796 | 813 | , 6 | 14,915 | 17,091 | 4,044 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 4,481 | 7,667 | 5,521 | 2,298 | 61, 160 | 83, 930 | 4,414 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_ | 1,027 | 10,678 | 18,740 | 7,771 ${ }^{\circ}$ | 10,321 | 129,598 | 186, 449 | 30,500 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: ELECTRIC AND GAS

| 0 | 145 | 670 | 516 | 100 | 177 | 1,907 | 3,483 | 593 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 97 | 723 | 935 | 439 | 328 | 4, 816 | 7,370 | 1,326 |
| 100 | 137 | 1,224 | 2,934 | 1,240 | 1,438 | 15, 117 | 22,907 | 3,994 |
| 250 | 76 | 1,780 | 2,179 | 1,325 | 2,029 | 19,418 | 27,347 | 2.857 |
| 500 | 81 | 2,879 | 3,977 | 2,710 | 4,538 | 42, 211 | 58, 400 | 6,143 |
| 1,000 | 127 | 15,943 | 17,997 | 12,540 | 13,082 | 244,945 | 310, 812 | 24, 127 |
| 5,000 | 47 | 12, 273 | 16, 188 | 13,546 | 3,747 | 287, 838 | 340,577 | 21,767 |
| 10,000 | 102 | 82,851 | 83, 100 | 102,310 | 138, 504 | 2, 061,869 | 2, 520, 804 | 104,534 |
| 50,000 | 36 | 96,330 | 58,464 | 68,419 | 288, 790 | 2,041,232 | 2,624,770 | 96, 919 |
| 100,000 | 59 | 535, 222 | 370,841 | 527, 219 | 2,290,815 | 12,690,343 | 16, 807,633 | 541,355 |
| Total_ | 907 | 749,895 | 557, 131 | 729,848 | 2, 743, 448 | 17,409,696 | 22, 724, 103 | 803,615 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: ELECTRIC AND GAS

| 0 | 78 | 136 | 240 | 45 | 22 | 1,018 | 1, 574 | 445 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 29 | 31 | 251 | 95 | 63 | 1,625 | 2,113 | 833 |
| 100 | 55 | 316 | 1,107 | 406 | 717 | 6,030 | 8,987 | 2, 335 |
| 250 | 24 | 307 | 1,007 | 216 | 168 | 5,758 | 8,293 | 2,205 |
| 500 | 26 | 665 | 1,742 | 1,152 | 1,118 | 13, 182 | 18,493 | 1,018 |
| 1,000 | 23 | 2,013 | 2,227 | 2,082 | 496 | 37, 077 | 45,559 | 10,293 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 1, 751 | 9,245 | 2,084 | 4,157 | 40, 245 | 62, 289 | 11, 616 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 2,146 | 3, 431 | 4,343 | 1,548 | 93, 096 | 108,245 | 5,584 |
| 50,000 | 3 | 4,593 | 3,152 | 3,779 | 98,608 | 76,562 | 205, 634 | 9,247 |
| Total | 250 | 11,958 | 22,402 | 14, 202 | 106,897 | 274, 593 | 461, 187 | 43, 576 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and Continued
agures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and undivided profits 53 less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{4}$ and gross receipts from operaticns ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{8} \end{aligned}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,011 | 7,328 | 5,382 | 16,134 | 17,345 | 1,737 | 1,737 | 353 | 315 |
| 2,884 | 11,748 | 8,718 | 29,507 | 30,349 | 3,447 | 3,447 | 746 | 462 |
| 6,316 | 19,174 | 21,46 | 52,436 | 53,241 | 7,543 | 7,541 | 2,151 | 1,197 |
| 8,150 | 20,136 | 21,784 | 45,833 | 46,775 | 8,378 | 8,375 | 2,903 | 1,623 |
| 10,362 | 21,161 | 23,266 | 45,036 | 45,707 | 9,034 | 9,032 | 3,269 | 11,985 |
| 64,895 | 60,181 | 55,125 | 93,82 | 95,387 | 19,270 | 19,263 | 7,169 | 4,441 |
| 24,591 | 23,309 | 9,666 | 29,815 | 30,030 | 40,792 | 40,792 | 1,773 | 1,562 |
| 148,547 | 159,357 | 79,473 | 275,418 | 278,897 | 30,715 | 30,713 | 11,212 | 13,768 |
| 40,877 | 238,550 | 11,580 | 121,549 | 123,515 | 18,231 | 18,231 | 6,880 | 12,560 |
| $3,801,851$ | $5,677,614$ | 895,270 | $2,795,871$ | $3,047,940$ | 434,635 | 434,623 | 98,765 | 361,962 |
| $4,109,484$ | $6,238,558$ | $1,131,700$ | $3,505,424$ | $3,769,186$ | 537,782 | 537,754 | 135,221 | 399,875 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


UTILITIES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 267 | 1,723 | 492 | 4,715 | 5,037 | 779 | 779 | 191 | 243 |
| 477 | 2,921 | 1,987 | 6,806 | 6,984 | 824 | 824 | 193 | 123 |
| 3,018 | 7,280 | 6,445 | 15,493 | 16,154 | 1,917 | 1,917 | 452 | 462 |
| 5,377 | 8,946 | 8,081 | 17,854 | 18,056 | 2,510 | 2,510 | 799 | 464 |
| 16,576 | 16,269 | 13,546 | 36,274 | 36,870 | 3,911 | 3,907 | 1,310 | 1,182 |
| 98,804 | 104,808 | 63,082 | 129,120 | 132,088 | 20,792 | 20,790 | 7,690 | 6,895 |
| 124,572 | 102,670 | 69,901 | 153,854 | 155,357 | 20,260 | 20,260 | 7,404 | 7,542 |
| $1,021,108$ | 966,052 | 277,842 | 833,479 | 848,997 | 149,158 | 149,115 | 54,368 | 78,305 |
| $1,194,525$ | 885,574 | 314,699 | 694,897 | 715,993 | 146,649 | 146,630 | 51,224 | 70,721 |
| $6,864,553$ | $6,277,166$ | $2,325,614$ | $4,122,796$ | $4,266,329$ | 798,131 | 798,047 | 273,973 | 433,511 |
| $9,329,277$ | $8,373,409$ | $3,081,689$ | $6,015,288$ | $6,201,865$ | $1,144,931$ | $1,144,779$ | 397,604 | 599,448 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

UTILITIES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{38}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{\text {so }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES-

| 0 | 418 | 985 | 633 | 143 | 418 | 6,162 | 8,609 | 1,179 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 138 | 654 | 584 | 184 | 554 | 7,883 | 10,172 | 1,003 |
| 100 | 175 | 1,527 | 1,849 | 437 | 1,078 | 21,535 | 27, 342 | 2,910 |
| 250 | 89 | 2,690 | 1,007 | 611 | 1,330 | 25, 276 | 31, 709 | 2,856 |
| 500 | 50 | 1,483 | 1,149 | 843 | 1,310 | 30, 460 | 36, 387 | 3,004 |
| 1,000. | 58 | 3,910 | 3,221 | 2,752 | 7,932 | 102,019 | 121, 900 | 9,301 |
| 5,000 | 11 | 1,321 | 3,295 | 902 | 6,149 | 68, 098 | 81, 004 | 1,115 |
| 10,000 | 14 | 8,428 | 4,778 | 4,440 | 22, 166 | 250, 352 | 295, 161 | 4,856 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 909 | 3,162 | 3,317 | 281 | 110,248 | 120, 232 | 1,856 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 7,910 | 3,023 | 2, 413 | 11 | 152,685 | 172,466 | 854 |
| Total. | 956 | 29,817 | 22, 701 | 16, 042 | 41,229 | 774,718 | 904, 982 | 28, 934 |

OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES-

| 0. | 361 | 475 | 410 | 29 | 179 | 4,712 | 6,227 | 1,247 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 75 | 327 | 265 | 77 | 102 | 4,318 | 5,308 | 1,430 |
| 100 | 68 | 396 | 813 | 110 | 234 | 8,470 | 10, 404 | 2,219 |
| 250 | 17 | 161 | 616 | 109 | 42 | 4,723 | 6,109 | 643 |
| 500. | 15 | 164 | 195 | 98 | 146 | 9,892 | 10,655 | 1,892 |
| 1,000 | 8 | 676 | 343 | 171 | 503 | 12, 872 | 14, 731 | 4,975 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 14 | 57 | 65 | 12 | 6,275 | 6,544 | 42 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 1,081 | 331 | 487 | 5,525 | 23, 613 | 35, 726 | 227 |
| 50,000---.--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 547 | 3,294 | 3, 030 | 1,146 | 6,743 | 74,875 | 95, 704 | 12,675 |

TOTAL TRADE-RETURNS

| 0 | 45, 753 | 208, 954 | 238, 168 | 428,670 | 38, 081 | 230, 664 | 1,185, 424 | 269, 306 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 29,693 | 327, 754 | 488, 607 | 777, 724 | 85, 073 | 412,351 | 2,150,599 | 455, 225 |
| 100 | 32, 079 | 719,627 | 1, 224, 698 | 1,758, 244 | 261, 825 | 951, 735 | 5, 042, 713 | 1,051, 854 |
| 250 | 12,747 | 602, 995 | 1,121, 782 | 1, 493, 296 | 309, 103 | 785, 838 | 4, 420, 877 | -926,969 |
| 500 | 5,924 | 526, 846 | 1, 071, 774 | 1, 374, 199 | 340, 277 | 685, 701 | 4, 072, 533 | 885, 406 |
| 1,000 | 3,981 | 926, 546 | 2, 056, 428 | 2, 496, 871 | 762, 627 | 1,155, 642 | 7,527, 303 | 1, 787, 611 |
| 5,000 | 414 | 345, 566 | 745,956 | 887, 609 | 358, 429 | 471, 513 | 2,861, 008 | 729, 844 |
| 10,000 | 243 | 534, 804 | 1,196, 166 | 1, 223, 563 | 763, 556 | 919, 417 | 4,767, 430 | 897, 303 |
| 50,000 | 24 | 198,996 | 418, 731 | 507, 685 | 242, 412 | 299, 106 | 1,698,905 | 462,367 |
| 100,000 | 22 | 634, 480 | 932, 563 | 1,865, 880 | 692,172 | 738, 054 | 5, 002, 888 | 1,011, 704 |
| Total. | 130,880 | 5, 026, 568 | 9,494,873 | 12,813, 741 | 3,853, 555 | 6,650,021 | 38, 729,680 | 8,477, 589 |

TOTAL TRADE-RETURNS


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 46 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Divi. dends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 830 | 5,396 | 824 | 4,895 | 5,148 | 678 | 678 | 134 | 190 |
| 1,370 | 4,738 | 2,688 | 3,761 | 4,071 | 646 | 646 | 138 | 134 |
| 4,709 | 10,933 | 7,086 | 7,284 | 7,868 | 1,501 | 1,501 | 328 | 462 |
| 6,442 | 12,698 | 7,657 | 8,001 | 8,178 | 1,588 | 1,588 | 458 | 442 |
| 6,392 | 13,515 | 11,042 | 11,716 | 11,870 | 2,011 | 2,007 | 680 | 577 |
| 42,737 | 36,076 | 26,103 | 24,774 | 26,034 | 5,683 | 5,675 | 2,011 | 1,805 |
| 34,915 | 21,416 | 18,909 | 11,022 | 11,501 | 2,773 | 2,772 | 967 | 1,167 |
| 147,269 | 59,206 | 42,573 | 40,312 | 41,983 | 10,264 | 10,193 | 3,425 | 3,742 |
| 59,676 | 42,833 | 13,194 | 25,509 | 25,674 | 2,318 | 2,316 | 496 | 1,110 |
| 15,220 | 36,094 | 8,859 | 18,653 | 21,420 | 4,230 | 4,230 | 1,163 | 1,623 |
| 419,560 | 263,905 | 138,885 | 155,927 | 163,747 | 31,692 | 31,606 | 9,800 | 11,252 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



WITH NET INCOME

| 69,727 | 447,131 | 305,359 | $4,843,312$ | $4,896,369$ | 159,010 | 158,996 | 32,969 | 20,539 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 128,539 | 677,938 | 713,218 | $7,671,359$ | $7,754,719$ | 301,734 | 301,645 | 70,639 | 32,643 |
| 309,858 | $1,411,321$ | $1,798,924$ | $17,728,994$ | $17,935,805$ | 775,594 | 775,551 | 234,762 | 86,624 |
| 262,410 | $1,121,309$ | $1,655,948$ | $15,220,059$ | $15,408,008$ | 744,007 | 743,959 | 264,322 | 86,552 |
| 230,305 | 951,298 | $1,581,437$ | $13,628,991$ | $13,789,594$ | 707,452 | 707,374 | 261,453 | 90,489 |
| 441,991 | $1,663,466$ | $2,912,058$ | $24,040,098$ | $24,351,080$ | $1,200,716$ | $1,200,430$ | 443,413 | 184,726 |
| 228,074 | 567,421 | $1,093,563$ | $8,946,777$ | $9,068,518$ | 397,137 | 397,092 | 145,505 | 83,115 |
| 462,656 | $1,051,132$ | $1,918,837$ | $13,665,301$ | $13,856,120$ | 667,201 | 667,137 | 241,805 | 188,923 |
| 128,718 | 309,778 | 645,027 | $3,832,453$ | $3,882,755$ | 240,826 | 240,826 | 88,714 | 60,358 |
| 349,868 | $1,013,401$ | $2,203,340$ | $13,353,093$ | $13,452,974$ | 824,198 | 824,191 | 309,975 | 217,688 |
| $2,612,146$ | $9,214,195$ | $14,827,711$ | $122,930,437$ | $124,395,942$ | $6,017,875$ | $6,017,201$ | $2,093,557$ | $1,051,657$ |

WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets,' 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{80}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 40 | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE-

| 0 | 12,130 | 69,416 | 92,962 | 72, 803 | 13,208 | 43, 669 | 302, 517 | 74,689 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 8,498 | 110, 984 | 187, 049 | 179, 569 | 29,137 | 95, 201 | 620, 360 | 149, 069 |
| 100 | 11,091 | 263, 312 | 526, 086 | 578, 124 | 95, 612 | 259. 769 | 1,770,002 | 434. 172 |
| 250 | 5, 468 | 256, 451 | 573, 162 | 670, 065 | 129, 818 | 243, 762 | 1,916, 590 | 480.743 |
| 500 | 2,852 | 254, 441 | 591,653 | 707,689 | 155, 578 | 228, 536 | 1, 970, 509 | 517, 835 |
| 1,000 | 2,171 | 504, 845 | 1,273, 553 | 1,444, 698 | 418, 469 | 430, 199 | 4, 132, 221 | 1,200,317 |
| 5,000 | 233 | 194, 565 | 477, 499 | 538,356 | 212,050 | 150, 802 | 1,596, 002 | 527, 415 |
| 10,000 | 103 | 234, 348 | 668, 642 | 491,864 | 417, 748 | 165, 552 | 2, 030, 594 | 555, 044 |
| 50,000 | 10 | 59.057 | 270, 905 | 194, 634 | 113,401 | 69, 189 | 711,464 | 297, 559 |
| 100,000. | 8 | 78,867 | 424, 841 | 587, 314 | 133, 288 | 110,972 | 1,345, 054 | 575, 654 |
| Total- | 42,564 | 2,026, 286 | 5, 086, 352 | 5,465, 116 | 1,718,309 | 1,797,651 | 16,395,313 | 4,812,497 |

TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE-

|  | 12,324 | 32, 917 | 60,327 | 55,869 | 11,768 | 34, 559 | 208, 829 | 87, 825 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2,852 | 22, 745 | 57, 877 | 66, 004 | 11, 722 | 33,739 | 202. 039 | 76, 562 |
| 100. | 2,265 | 31, 869 | 100, 334 | 123, 241 | 21, 278 | 57, 518 | 348, 561 | 130, 353 |
| 250 | 738 | 20,527 | 70, 452 | 93, 616 | 21, 135 | 37, 160 | 253, 651 | 98, 948 |
| 500 | 310 | 18, 849 | 64,381 | 76,460 | 18, 888 | 27, 929 | 214, 601 | 87, 977 |
| 1,000 | 147 | 27, 301 | 83, 605 | 84,421 | 33, 163 | 31,602 | 268, 252 | 110, 714 |
| 5,000 | 19 | 8,195 | 39,645 | 51, 948 | 8, 230 | 17, 007 | 127, 360 | 68,316 |
| 10,000 $\ldots . . . . .$. | 8 | 8,837 | 31, 920 | 58, 742 | 40,202 | 18,447 | 165, 095 | 64,171 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 18,663 | 171,240 | 508, 541 | 610,301 | 166, 386 | 257, 961 | 1, 788, 388 | 724,896 |

TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS-

| 0 | 2,805 | 19,012 | 17,279 | 4,295 | 4,464 | 8,594 | 56,352 | 10,463 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 989 | 18, 862 | 24, 306 | 6,516 | 6,590 | 10, 252 | 69, 843 | 14,666 |
| 100. | 861 | 32, 602 | 51, 116 | 14,766 | 13,338 | 17, 103 | 133, 806 | 34, 585 |
| 250 | 338 | 26, 768 | 48, 244 | 14,681 | 14, 590 | 11, 080 | 119,538 | 34, 427 |
| 500 | 196 | 29,588 | 57, 277 | 15, 706 | 17, 535 | 9,329 | 132. 173 | 48,601 |
| 1,000 | 188 | 72, 094 | 158, 056 | 43, 526 | 64, 144 | 18,500 | 364, 243 | 150,958 |
| 5,000_......- | 25 | 42, 718 | 69,383 | 13, 676 | 30, 838 | 4,120 | 164. 296 | 81, 826 |
| 10,000 | 13 | 28,842 | 106, 046 | 2,569 | 99, 077 | 3.829 | 245, 202 | 94, 066 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 5,415 | 270,486 | 531, 707 | 115,735 | 250, 576 | 82,807 | 1,285,453 | 469, 592 |

TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS-

| 0 | 2,465 | 6,829 | 9,508 | 3,335 | 2, 574 | 5,494 | 30,652 | 13, 053 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 335 | 4,287 | 7,972 | 3,117 | 2,227 | 3,814 | 23, 209 | 8, 480 |
| 100 | 181 | 4,308 | 10,114 | 4,025 | 2,848 | 4,918 | 27, 932 | 11, 443 |
| 250 | 51 | 2,764 | 6,584 | 2,072 | 2,901 | 2,665 | 17, 846 | 6, 974 |
| 500 | 24 | 2,555 | 6,533 | 3,452 | 3,610 | 1,028 | 17,359 | 9,876 |
| 1,000 | 19 | 6,840 | 15,452 | 4,410 | 6,326 | 1,963 | 36. 940 | 16,894 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 1,226 | 9,981 | 3,562 | 726 | 186 | 15, 681 | 13, 723 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 425 | 6,901 | 374 |  | 133 | 11, 228 | 6,794 |
| Kn,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 3,078 | 29, 234 | 73.045 | 24,347 | 21, 212 | 20, 201 | 180.847 | 87, 237 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash tax-Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{2}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales 11 and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \operatorname{tax}^{5} \end{gathered}$ | Dividenns paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 14,960 | 113, 527 | 72,769 | 1,644,621 | 1,666, 790 | 46,872 | 46,871 | 9,705 | 7,336 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30, 543 | 193, 280 | 195, 327 | 2, 905,667 | 2, 933, 789 | 81,998 | 81,994 | 19,348 | 10,349 |
| 94, 103 | 506, 487 | 583, 447 | 7,891, 250 | 7,962, 297 | 237, 608 | 237, 592 | 69,538 | 30,673 |
| 105, 913 | 500, 442 | 657, 780 | 7,856, 153 | 7,930,185 | 273, 879 | 273, 852 | 95, 283 | 39, 206 |
| 105, 115 | 458, 664 | 714, 802 | 7,816, 916 | 7,877, 050 | 307, 584 | 307, 556 | 113, 059 | 45, 175 |
| 225, 372 | 886, 665 | 1,466, 213 | 15, 100, 436 | 15, 214, 989 | 657, 297 | 657,116 | 242, 474 | 102, 895 |
| 96,470 | 298, 823 | 548, 930 | 5,669, 569 | 5, 714, 948 | 217, 439 | 217, 403. | 79,111 | 48,375 |
| 163, 583 | 400, 258 | 724, 879 | 7,098, 110 | 7,157, 362 | 313, 627 | 313, 590 | 111, 691 | 87,335 |
| 36, 484 | 90, 815 | 218, 669 | 1,401, 335 | 1,430,152 | 104, 128 | 104, 128 | 37,406 | 11,335 |
| 191, 313 | 147,312 | 360, 557 | 2, 648, 832 | 2, 666, 196 | 122, 844 | 122, 844 | 46, 394 | 19,709 |
| 1,063,856 | 3, 596, 273 | 5, 543, 463 | 60, 032, 889 | 60, 553, 758 | 2,363, 276 | 2,362, 946 | 824, 009 | 402,388 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 24,189 | 128,507 | ${ }^{44} 53,218$ | 964, 553 | 976, 989 | ${ }^{33} 51,578$ | ${ }^{33} 51,578$ |  | 1,259 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 88, 768 |  | 791, 284 | 799, 116 | ${ }^{33} 25,083$ | ${ }^{33} 25,083$ |  | , 554 |
| 40,558 | 137, 020 | 18,902 | 1,252, 376 | 1,264, 596 | ${ }^{33} 35,609$ | ${ }^{33} 35$, 611 |  | 1,097 |
| 28,758 | 80, 811 | 29, 555 | -841,909 | 1, 849, 769 | ${ }^{33} 20,099$ | ${ }^{33} 20,101$ |  | 560 |
| 25, 616 |  |  | 692.229 | 696,601 | ${ }_{33}^{33} 15,998$ | ${ }^{33} 15,998$ |  | 507 |
| 37, 422 | 58,920 |  |  | 848, 927 | 33 30,458 | ${ }^{33} 30,461$ |  | 1,133 |
| ${ }_{9,083}^{9.195}$ | 23,074 40,527 | 21,657 44,497 | $\begin{aligned} & 267,663 \\ & 508,157 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 269,894 \\ & 513,255 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 336,127 \\ & 33 \\ & 63 \\ & 1,500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 326,127 \\ & 33 \\ & 1,500 \end{aligned}$ |  | ${ }_{432}^{730}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -------- | ------- |  |  |  | --- | ------- |  |  |
| 196, 244 | 619,745 | 132,555 | 6,158, 234 | 6, 219, 147 | ${ }^{3} 176,452$ | ${ }^{33} 176,459$ |  | 6, 272 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,090 | 21, 058 | 16, 673 | 249, 892 | 262, 141 | 12,769 | 12,768 | 2,682 | 2,564 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,392 | 20, 140 | 24, 053 | 238, 054 | 246, 272 | 12,677 | 12,676 | 3, 190 | 2,778 |
| 6,417 | 36, 406 | 42,776 | 529, 906 | 540, 164 | 22,894 | 22,894 | 7,036 | 3,668 |
| 7,687 | 27,573 | 38,386 | 463, 935 | 471,347 | 18,938 | 18, 933 | 6,516 | 3,986 |
| 6,050 | 26,433 | 37,996 | 514, 102 | 518,457 | 19,828 | 19,823 | 7,208 | 3, 057 |
| 25, 054 | 65,695 | 98,597 | 797, 227 | 805, 687 | 42, 717 | 42, 698 | 15, 436 | 6,602 |
| 9, 141 | 24, 809 | 38,823 | 413, 608 | 418, 121 | 17,563 | 17,563 | 6, 100 | 3, 296 |
| 5,269 | 51, 722 | 87,439 | 79, 218 | 89, 929 | 22, 898 | 22,897 | 6,876 | 8,263 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65,100 | 273, 836 | 384, 743 | 3,285, 942 | 3,352, 118 | 170, 284 | 170, 252 | 55, 044 | 34,214 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{86}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less <br> reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable 60 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OTHER WHOLESALERS-

|  | 9,325 | 50, 404 | 75,683 | 68,508 | 8,744 | 35, 075 | 246, 165 | 64, 226 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 7,509 | 92, 122 | 162, 743 | 173, 053 | 22,547 | 84, 949 | 550, 517 | 134, 403 |
| 100 | 10, 230 | 230, 710 | 474,970 | 563, 358 | 82, 274 | 242, 666 | 1,636, 196 | 399, 587 |
| 250 | 5, 130 | 229, 683 | 524,918 | 655,384 | 115, 228 | 232, 682 | 1. 797, 052 | 446, 316 |
| 500 | 2,656 | 224, 853 | 534, 376 | 691, 983 | 138, 043 | 219, 207 | 1, 838, 336 | 469,234 |
| 1,000 | 1,983 | 432, 751 | 1, 115, 497 | 1,401, 172 | 354, 325 | 411, 699 | 3, 767,978 | 1, 049,359 |
| 5,000 | 208 | 151, 847 | 408, 116 | 524, 680 | 181, 212 | 146, 682 | 1,431, 706 | 445, 589 |
| 10,000 | 90 | 205, 506 | 562, 596 | 489, 295 | 318, 671 | 161,723 | 1,785, 392 | 460, 978 |
| 50,000 | 10 | 59, 057 | 270, 905 | 194, 634 | 113, 401 | 69, 189 | 711, 464 | 297, 559 |
| 100,000 | 8 | 78,867 | 424, 841 | 587,314 | 133, 288 | 110,972 | 1,345, 054 | 575, 654 |
| Total. | 37, 149 | 1,755,800 | 4,554, 645 | 5, 349, 381 | 1,467, 733 | 1,714, 844 | 15, 109, 860 | 4,342,905 |

OTHER WHOLESALERS-

| 0 | 9,859 | 26,088 | 50, 819 | 52,534 | 9,194 | 29,065 | 178, 177 | 74,772 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2,517 | 18, 458 | 49, 905 | 62,887 | 9,495 | 29,925 | 178, 830 | 68, 082 |
| 100 | 2,084 | 27,561 | 90, 220 | 119, 216 | 18,430 | 52, 600 | 320, 629 | 118, 910 |
| 250 | 687 | 17, 763 | 63, 868 | 91,544 | 18, 234 | 34,495 | 235, 805 | 91, 974 |
| 500 | 286 | 16, 294 | 57, 848 | 73,008 | 15,278 | 26,901 | 197, 242 | 78, 101 |
| 1,000 | 128 | 20, 461 | 68, 153 | 80, 011 | 26, 837 | 29, 639 | 231, 312 | 93,850 |
| 5,000 | 17 | 6,969 | 29,664 | 48,386 | 7,504 | 16,821 | 111, 679 | 54,593 |
| 10,000 | 7 | 8,412 | 25,019 | 58,368 | 40, 202 | 18,314 | 153, 867 | 57,377 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\prime}$ Total_ | 15,585 | 142, 006 | 435, 496 | 585, 954 | 145, 174 | 237, 760 | 1,607, 541 | 637,659 |

TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL-

|  | 28,965 | 120, 383 | 116, 341 | 310,459 | 21, 261 | 164, 151 | 759,419 | 164,425 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 17,769 | 185, 690 | 239, 989 | 505, 776 | 47, 260 | 267, 984 | 1,281, 407 | 249, 275 |
| 100 | 17, 196 | 392, 193 | 548, 342 | 960, 324 | 138, 380 | 569,675 | 2, 674, 410 | 486, 566 |
| 250 | 5,901 | 301, 924 | 424, 255 | 653, 527 | 150, 136 | 446, 980 | 2, 030,412 | 346, 907 |
| 500 | 2,442 | 234, 575 | 365, 673 | 509, 838 | 150, 669 | 373, 111 | 1,668, 057 | 274, 805 |
| 1,000 | 1,419 | 360, 627 | 602, 983 | 811, 401 | 271, 883 | 584, 583 | 2, 689, 498 | 446, 523 |
| 5,000 | 162 | 139, 065 | 239, 647 | 310, 329 | 132, 833 | 293, 808 | 1,143, 725 | 180, 930 |
| 10,000 | 123 | 278, 372 | 466, 162 | 636, 131 | 310,415 | 693, 339 | 2, 456, 798 | 287, 770 |
| 50,000 | 12 | 130, 969 | 107, 506 | 263, 625 | 116,789 | 220, 744 | 866,752 | 133, 171 |
| 100,000 | 13 | 544, 939 | 432, 158 | 1,225, 343 | 428,944 | 592, 677 | 3,352, 375 | 387, 030 |
| Total. | 74, 002 | 2,688, 737 | 3,543, 056 | 6,186, 753 | 1,768,570 | 4, 207, 052 | 18,922, 853 | 2, 957, 402 |

TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL-


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{61}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{\mathrm{s}}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 12,870 | 92, 469 | 56,096 | 1, 394, 729 | 1, 404, 649 | 34,103 | 34, 103 | 7,023 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27, 151 | 173, 140 | 171, 274 | 2, 667, 613 | 2, 687, 517 | 69, 321 | 69,318 | 16,158 | 7,571 |
| 87,686 | 470, 081 | 540, 671 | 7, 361, 344 | 7, 422, 133 | 214, 714 | 214, 698 | 62,502 | 27, 005 |
| 98, 226 | 472, 869 | 619, 394 | 7, 392, 218 | 7, 458, 838 | 254, 941 | 254, 919 | 88,767 | 35, 220 |
| 99, 065 | 432, 231 | 676, 896 | 7, 302, 814 | 7, 358, 593 | 287, 756 | 287, 733 | 105, 851 | 42,118 |
| 200, 318 | 820, 970 | 1,367, 616 | 14, 303, 209 | 14, 409, 302 | 614, 580 | 614, 418 | 227, 038 | 96, 293 |
| 87, 329 | 274, 014 | 510, 107 | 5, 255, 961 | 5, 296, 827 | 199, 876 | 199, 840 | 73, 011 | 45, 079 |
| 158, 314 | 348, 536 | 637, 440 | 7,018, 892 | 7, 067, 433 | 290,729 | 290, 693 | 104, 815 | 79,072 |
| 36, 484 | 90, 815 | 218, 669 | 1, 401, 335 | 1, 430, 152 | 104, 128 | 104, 128 | 37, 406 | 11, 335 |
| 191, 313 | 147, 312 | 360, 557 | 2,648, 832 | 2, 666, 196 | 122, 844 | 122, 844 | 46, 394 | 19,709 |
| 998, 756 | 3, 322, 437 | 5,158, 720 | 56, 746, 947 | 57, 201, 640 | 2, 192, 992 | 2, 192, 694 | 768,965 | 368, 174 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 20 | 109, |  | 827, |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19, 006 | 78, 567 | 541 | 712, 405 | 717,627 | ${ }^{33} 21,855$ | ${ }^{33} 21,855$ |  | 490 |
| 37, 515 | 126, 661 | 18,540 | 1, 186, 300 | 1, 195, 976 | 333 32, 500 | 3332, 500 |  | 959 |
| 27, 325 | 74, 522 | 28,327 | 798, 020 | 804,985 | ${ }^{33} 18,790$ | ${ }^{33} 18,792$ |  | 482 |
| 24, 398 | 57, 519 | 27,654 | 645, 989 | 649, 672 | ${ }^{33} 15$, 033 | ${ }^{33} 15,033$ |  | 507 |
| 33, 615 | 53, 248 | 36, 201 | 806, 284 | .814, 858 | ${ }^{33} 19,390$ | ${ }^{33} 19,392$ |  | 873 |
| 8,527 8,083 | 22,524 39,527 | 20, 917 44,667 | 237, 777 507,799 | - 239, , 930 512,822 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 396,088 \\ & 33 \\ & \hline 1 \end{aligned}$ |  | 730 432 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ------- |  | --------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 180, 222 | 562, 094 | 133, 028 | 5, 722, 468 | 5, 770, 178 | ${ }_{33} 157,512$ | ${ }^{33} 157,516$ |  | 5,582 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 47, 537 | 285, 256 | 204, 466 | 2, 723, 747 | 2,750, 182 | 96, 557 | 96,544 | 20,045 | 11, 429 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81, 761 | 402, 326 | 442, 556 | 3, 932, 480 | 3, 978, 148 | 188, 859 | 188,821 | 44, 265 | 19,416 |
| 177, 339 | 730, 131 | 1, 008, 145 | 7, 964, 630 | 8, 076, 488 | 462, 537 | 462, 515 | 144, 066 | 47, 118 |
| 126, 581 | 491, 371 | 824, 177 | 5, 951, 573 | 6,045, 696 | 406, 933 | 406, 915 | 147, 319 | 40, 447 |
| 97, 270 | 380, 982 | 705, 821 | 4, 601, 738 | 4, 685, 392 | 337, 743 | 337, 705 | 125, 689 | 37, 425 |
| 178, 470 | 597, 997 | 1,161, 299 | 7,095, 002 | 7, 260, 621 | 441, 941 | 441, 867 | 163, 759 | 63, 996 |
| 118, 445 | 245, 492 | 493, 463 | 2,978, 581 | 3, 049, 421 | 160, 837 | 160, 829 | 59, 726 | 31, 677 |
| 288, 298 | 585, 096 | 1, 061,525 | 5, 955, 241 | 6, 080, 175 | 315, 323 | 315, 296 | 116, 411 | 88, 430 |
| 63, 689 | 200, 566 | - 394, 237 | 2, 194, 848 | 2, 213, 170 | 125, 046 | 127, 046 | 47,805 | 44,664 |
| 145, 382 | 856, 089 | 1, 634, 616 | 10, 485, 471 | 10, 556, 161 | 658, 979 | 658, 972 | 247, 494 | 177, 979 |
| 1,324, 772 | 4, 775, 306 | 7, 930, 305 | 53, 883, 311 | 54, 695, 454 | 3, 196, 755 | 3, 196, 510 | 1,116, 579 | 562, 581 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 58, 981 | 198,949 | 64 48,942 | 1, 292, 368 | 1, 305, 424 | ${ }^{38} 58,126$ | ${ }^{33} 58,126$ |  | 780 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43, 583 | 105, 603 | 6, 687 | 655, 036 | 664,976 | ${ }^{33} 23,820$ | ${ }^{33} \mathbf{2 3 , 8 2 0}$ |  | 375 |
| 48,576 | 102, 450 | 16,366 | 612, 738 | 625, 850 | ${ }_{33} 22,039$ | ${ }_{33} 22,039$ |  | 430 |
| 23, 304 | 49, 203 | 23,314 | 327, 147 | 336, 017 | ${ }^{33} 9,494$ | ${ }^{33} 9,494$ |  | 250 |
| 15, 904 | 30, 568 | 15, 236 | 203, 007 | 208, 426 | 39 5, 578 | ${ }^{33} 5,581$ |  | 454 |
| 29,402 | 45, 437 | 23, 036 | 300, 276 | 312, 399 | ${ }^{33} 7,782$ | ${ }^{33} 7,782$ |  | 593 |
| 7,019 | 14, 719 | 8, 363 | 125, 634 | 130, 631 | 381,221 | 331,221 |  | 536 |
| 1, 050 | 4,121 | 7,347 | 36,662 | 37, 232 | ${ }^{83} 1,218$ | ${ }^{3} 1$ 1,218 |  | 205 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 227, 819 | 551, 050 | 51, 407 | 3, 552, 868 | 3, 620, 955 | ${ }^{33} 129,278$ | ${ }^{38} 129,281$ |  | 3,623 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income $:^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 48 | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD-

|  | 2,356 | 7,855 | 6,939 | 12, 027 | 1,817 | 20,711 | 51,892 | 11, 154 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 796 | 7,123 | 9,201 | 10,636 | 2,093 | 25, 256 | 56,588 | 12, 318 |
| 100 | 741 | 13, 593 | 17,573 | 19, 744 | 6,060 | 54, 879 | 116, 299 | 26, 381 |
| 250 | 315 | 12,332 | 18, 362 | 22, 382 | 6,418 | 47,347 | 110,928 | 24,367 |
| 500 | 148 | 11, 782 | 14,549 | 22, 286 | 6,403 | 46,107 | 104,359 | 22, 757 |
| 1,000 | 161 | 46, 259 | 29,690 | 92, 067 | 27,904 | 123, 048 | 338, 717 | 67, 247 |
| 5,000. | 24 | 24, 674 | 12, 303 | 56,899 | 10,945 | 68,909 | 177, 441 | 33,157 |
| 10,000 | 13 | 43, 192 | 22, 389 | 96, 949 | 24, 020 | 77, 545 | 275, 762 | 47, 378 |
| 50,000. | 2 | 21, 368 | 5, 082 | 60, 446 | 5, 072 | 40,882 | 136, 226 | 21,734 |
| 100,000. | 3 | 123,819 | 13, 364 | 261,554 | 36,825 | 67, 575 | 533, 893 | 137,356 |
| Total. | 4,559 | 311,997 | 149, 452 | 654,990 | 127, 557 | 572,259 | 1,894,105 | 403,849 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD-

| 0 | 2,304 | 3,365 | 5,015 | 8,994 | 1,420 | 19,773 | 40,879 | 14,298 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 384 | 1,759 | 3,132 | 4, 774 | 912 | 14,854 | 26, 726 | 8, 354 |
| 100 | 213 | 1,596 | 3,582 | 5,407 | 783 | 17,608 | 30,521 | 9,178 |
| 250 | 50 | 1,042 | 2,403 | 3, 360 | 903 | 7,990 | 16, 402 | 4,385 |
| 500 | 22 | 759 | 2,200 | 3,548 | 1,288 | 7,779 | 16,017 | 4,892 |
| 1,000 | 10 | 1,406 | 1,610 | 7, 392 | 1,295 | 6, 424 | 18,774 | 6, 489 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 1,098 | 718 | 4,304 | 131 | 4,293 | 10,839 | 3,765 |
| 10,000 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,985 | 11, 025 | 18,660 | 37,779 | 6, 732 | 78,721 | 160, 158 | 51, 361 |

TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE-

| 0. | 1,579 | 7,640 | 4,897 | 23,461 | 1,508 | 5,164 | 43, 652 | 7,927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 988 | 11, 593 | 9,882 | 34, 796 | 3,653 | 10, 037 | 71, 233 | 11, 468 |
| 100 | 1,111 | 30, 034 | 27, 939 | 71, 583 | 13, 720 | 27,393 | 173, 613 | 26, 119 |
| 250 | 496 | 26, 492 | 32, 351 | 65, 274 | 15, 292 | 31, 604 | 175, 297 | 24, 806 |
| 500 | 324 | 33, 490 | 48, 765 | 75, 925 | 24,799 | 40, 349 | 226,855 | 32, 512 |
| 1,000 | 346 | 100, 257 | 161, 168 | 235, 927 | 71,205 | 157, 783 | 741, 545 | 92, 923 |
| 5,000 | 71 | 51, 511 | 110,815 | 135, 655 | 56,984 | 135, 084 | 503, 436 | 64,353 |
| 10,000 | 72 | 149,846 | 318,606 | 361, 366 | 174,548 | 448, 562 | 1,491, 245 | 154, 134 |
| 50,000 | 6 | 65, 713 | 59, 475 | 96, 529 | 95, 359 | 120, 213 | - 454,690 | 73,848 |
| 100,000 $\ldots . .$. | 10 | 421, 120 | 418, 794 | 963, 789 | 392, 119 | 525, 102 | 2, 818,482 | 249, 674 |
| Total. | 5,003 | 897, 696 | 1,192, 692 | 2, 064, 305 | 849, 187 | 1,501, 291 | 6,700,048 | 737, 764 |

TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE-

| 0 | 916 | 1,879 | 2,051 | 9,020 | 509 | 3,005 | 17,127 | 5,899 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 204 | 1,244 | 1,770 | 6,887 | 817 | 3,032 | 14, 208 | 3,983 |
| 100 | 112 | 1,169 | 3,411 | 7,465 | 674 | 4,759 | 17,848 | 4,523 |
| 250 | 50 | 1,169 | 4,222 | 6,392 | 1,352 | 3,823 | 17, 644 | 4,022 |
| 500 | 15 | 559 | 2,031 | 3, 366 | 483 | 3,274 | 9,932 | 2,367 |
| 1,000. | 14 | 3,198 | 7,501 | 9,836 | 2,078 | 11, 843 | 36,034 | 8,124 |
| 5,000. | 1 | 295 | 1,375 | 1,905 | 3 | 3,992 | 7,937 | 1,026 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_ | 1,312 | 9,513 | 22, 361 | 44,871 | 5,916 | 33, 728 | 120, 730 | 29,944 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{61}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits <br> less <br> deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net $\ln$ come or deficit 4 | Income tax | Dividends paid ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 4,953 | 19,890 | 11,683 | 302,925 | 304,566 | 5,589 | 5,589 | 1,124 | 743 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 6,349 | 18,708 | 15,339 | 271,726 | 273,293 | 5,724 | 5,724 | 1,241 | 701 |
| 11,343 | 34,525 | 35,219 | 525,883 | 529,833 | 13,115 | 13,115 | 3,602 | 1,382 |
| 8,833 | 30,670 | 37,175 | 538,164 | 541,179 | 14,101 | 14,099 | 4,853 | 1,590 |
| 9,486 | 26,145 | 36,364 | 467,058 | 470,213 | 14,177 | 14,174 | 5,213 | 1,683 |
| 24,141 | 74,266 | 137,329 | $1,599,918$ | $1,612,130$ | 49,156 | 49,138 | 18,148 | 7,394 |
| 21,232 | 38,259 | 67,285 | 973,137 | 978,561 | 29,195 | 29,195 | 11,021 | 4,639 |
| 30,346 | 70,780 | 101,877 | $1,567,802$ | $1,570,981$ | 40,184 | 40,184 | 15,114 | 10,964 |
| 15,200 | 24,986 | 68,537 | 749,385 | 749,852 | 23,170 | 23,170 | 8,715 | 5,142 |
| 26,169 | 67,813 | 265,597 | $4,260,163$ | $4,264,849$ | 74,416 | 74,416 | 28,099 | 18,879 |
| 158,052 | 406,042 | 776,405 | $11,256,161$ | $11,295,457$ | 268,827 | 268,804 | 97,130 | 53,117 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1,410 | 19,022 | 12,470 | 134,364 | 135,629 | 5,133 | 5,133 | 1,084 | 1,075 |
| 2,501 | 26,351 | 25,858 | 179,427 | 181,992 | 8,216 | 8,215 | 1,856 | 1,606 |
| 6,554 | 59,276 | 67,414 | 416,250 | 424,824 | 22,474 | 22,465 | 6,378 | 4,167 |
| 7,214 | 57,168 | 71,050 | 410,495 | 421,039 | 23,188 | 23,187 | 8,072 | 3,701 |
| 11,899 | 67,218 | 94,704 | 526,752 | 541,776 | 33,601 | 33,596 | 12,438 | 5,381 |
| 49,795 | 174,041 | 351,430 | $1,702,465$ | $1,748,432$ | 117,573 | 117,547 | 44,187 | 19,184 |
| 67,442 | 106,234 | 225,711 | $1,070,953$ | $1,108,387$ | 69,053 | 69,048 | 25,904 | 14,112 |
| 161,776 | 360,486 | 676,455 | $2,986,331$ | $3,063,197$ | 194,781 | 194,764 | 72,503 | 53,033 |
| 4,530 | 131,577 | 203,381 | 869,501 | 878,003 | 64,814 | 64,814 | 24,594 | 26,738 |
| 119,213 | 788,276 | $1,369,019$ | $6,225,308$ | $6,291,312$ | 584,563 | 584,556 | 219,395 | 159,100 |
| 432,334 | $1,789,649$ | $\mathbf{3 , 0 9 7 , 4 9 2}$ | $14,521,846$ | $14,794,591$ | $1,123,396$ | $1,123,325$ | 416,411 | 288,097 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets <br> classes ${ }^{\text {48 }}$ | Number <br> of returns <br> Whith <br> balane <br> sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 30 | Notes and <br> accounts <br> receivable <br> less <br> reserve | Inven- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tories |  |  |  |  |

TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES-

| 0. | 4,750 | 25, 072 | 19,028 | 64, 575 | 3,969 | 15,774 | 132, 058 | 27, 284 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2, 631 | 33, 243 | 33, 330 | 83, 245 | 9,471 | 22, 205 | 186, 263 | 35,679 |
| 100 | 1,924 | 48,171 | 65, 406 | 111, 658 | 20,077 | 38, 375 | 292, 860 | 56, 021 |
| 250 | 560 | 29,355 | 43, 755 | 67, 583 | 14,822 | 31, 706 | 193, 463 | 40,245 |
| 500. | 259 | 24, 769 | 43, 631 | 59, 816 | 15,544 | 34, 679 | 182, 621 | 39, 037 |
| 1,000 | 225 | 69, 122 | 88, 446 | 136, 643 | 57, 061 | 65, 550 | 426, 426 | 81, 102 |
| 5,000 | 18 | 24,117 | 24,936 | 31, 214 | 20,171 | 21, 278 | 126, 827 | 16,392 |
| 10,000. | 18 | 50,174 | 54, 394 | 100, 593 | 72, 208 | 78,819 | 365, 670 | 39, 028 |
| 50,000. | 1 | 8,220 | 8, 259 | 22, 383 | 3,810 | 7,666 | 52, 352 | 3,655 |
| Total. | 10,386 | 312, 243 | 381, 185 | 677, 710 | 217, 133 | 316, 052 | 1,958, 540 | 338,443 |

TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES-

|  | 2,627 | 6,327 | 7,049 | 28,560 | 1,136 | 8,490 | 53, 620 | 21, 192 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 533 | 3, 715 | 5,844 | 18, 294 | 1,289 | 6,309 | 36, 952 | 12, 974 |
| 100 | 272 | 3,531 | 8,158 | 18,492 | 1,756 | 7,335 | 40,984 | 13, 556 |
| 250 | 64 | 1,481 | 5,318 | 9,225 | 1,111 | 4,013 | 22, 030 | 8, 783 |
| 500 | 28 | 1,565 | 4,932 | 6,302 | 1,351 | 3, 132 | 17,754 | 5,938 |
| 1,000 | 10 | 1,609 | 4,684 | 3, 554 | 4,583 | 6,062 | 20,855 | 3,692 |
| 5,000-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 3,534 | 18, 228 | 35, 985 | 84,427 | 11,226 | 35, 341 | 192,195 | 66,135 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE-

|  | 2,103 | 6,626 | 15,302 | 27, 938 | 905 | 6,375 | 58,499 | 14,796 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,651 | 10, 716 | 39, 014 | 50,863 | 3,458 | 12, 890 | 119,590 | 24, 880 |
| 100 | 1,693 | 19,708 | 99,197 | 100, 089 | 12, 035 | 28, 680 | 265, 536 | 48, 834 |
| 250 | 562 | 12,359 | 77,023 | 62,735 | 14,857 | 20, 955 | 192, 088 | 33,530 |
| 500 | 216 | 7,755 | 61,469 | 42,553 | 13, 047 | 17,537 | 144, 847 | 24,300 |
| 1,000 | 121 | 15, 190 | 103, 323 | 53, 812 | 21, 618 | 26, 411 | 223, 749 | 33, 339 |
| 5,000 | 9 | 5, 224 | 31, 041 | 15,779 | 5,680 | 6,820 | 65, 321 | 9, 645 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 3,921 | 40, 708 | 17,798 | 10,436 | 9,518 | 83, 487 | 18,782 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 6,361 | 81,499 | 467, 077 | 371, 567 | 82, 036 | 129, 186 | 1,153,117 | 208, 106 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE-

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 1,526 | 2,378 | 6,944 | 15,100 | 599 | 4,054 | 30,364 | 11,401 |
| 50 | 352 | 1,264 | 7,592 | 11, 239 | 703 | 2,956 | 24, 712 | 7,495 |
| 100 | 238 | 1,494 | 14, 069 | 13, 601 | 1,258 | 5,137 | 36,620 | 10,447 |
| 250. | 72 | 894 | 9, 951 | 7,852 | 1,113 | 3,592 | 24, 260 | 6,177 |
| 500 | 23 | 494 | 6,517 | 4,418 | 1,036 | 2,194 | 15, 089 | 4,461 |
| 1,000 | 12 | 633 | 9,935 | 4,718 | 509 | 2, 036 | 18, 302 | 4,543 |
| 5,000 | 1 | 482 | 4,451 | 1,705 | 107 | 242 | 7,359 | 2,619 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,224 | 7,639 | 59,459 | 58,633 | 5,325 | 20,211 | 156,706 | 47, 143 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{61}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{1}$ | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 4,223 | 44, 563 | 45,335 | 400, 185 | 404, 673 | 17,606 | 17,606 | 3,720 | 2,530 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,294 | 56,627 | 72, 109 | 487, 042 | 494, 748 | 24, 163 | 24,160 | 5,499 | 3,411 |
| 10,994 | 80,964 | 118, 097 | 750, 914 | 766,678 | 37, 304 | 37, 303 | 10,459 | 5,291 |
| 9,529 | 49,892 | 74, 514 | 501, 377 | 514,118 | 23, 071 | 23, 068 | 7,797 | 3,223 |
| 12, 364 | 43, 204 | 68,103 | 434, 583 | 449, 163 | 22,326 | 22, 323 | 8,183 | 3, 033 |
| 27, 104 | 95, 674 | 176,941 | 1,033, 615 | 1,068, 800 | 55, 978 | 55, 870 | 20,365 | 9,286 |
| 10,780 | 21, 215 | 62,285 | 329, 157 | 338, 455 | 18, 403 | 18, 403 | 6,561 | 2,933 |
| 59, 020 | 66, 926 | 169,499 | 817, 218 | 841, 436 | 52, 524 | 52, 524 | 19, 189 | 14,930 |
| 1,650 | 1,688 | 38, 617 | 82,950 | 83, 670 | 7,519 | 7, 519 | 2,855 | 3,377 |
| 141,958 | 460,753 | 825, 500 | 4, 837, 041 | 4,961, 741 | 258,894 | 258,876 | 84,628 | 48, 014 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## FURNISHINGS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3,381 | 22,029 | 13,573 | 165, 118 | 166, 696 | 6, 588 | 6, 582 | 1,365 | 282 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7,234 | 38,368 | 37, 740 | 264, 130 | 269, 339 | 13,403 | 13,403 | 2,970 | 746 |
| 16,401 | 77, 515 | 91, 606 | 482, 015 | 498, 736 | 28,999 | 28, 998 | 7,659 | 2,510 |
| 10, 098 | 51, 806 | 70,660 | 300, 322 | 316, 120 | 20,158 | 20,156 | 6,672 | 2,257 |
| 8,643 | 36, 207 | 53, 108 | 216, 408 | 229, 178 | 15, 121 | 15,112 | 5,428 | 1,843 |
| 14, 374 | 46, 889 | 87, 922 | 322, 023 | 349, 056 | 23,394 | 23, 393 | 8,605 | 3,143 |
| 4,214 | 15, 228 | 25,696 | 93, 401 | 101, 294 | 8,330 | 8, 330 | 3,123 | 2,152 |
| E, 199 | 26, 699 | 17, 114 | 102, 594 | 114, 919 | 5,872 | 5,872 | 2,113 | 1,862 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 69,544 | 314, 741 | 397, 419 | 1, 946, 041 | 2,045, 338 | 121, 865 | 121, 846 | 37, 835 | 14,795 |

FURNISHINGS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 3,287 | 16, 386 | ${ }^{54} 3,400$ | 72, 728 | -73,753 | 334,674 | ${ }^{33} 4,674$ |  | 13 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,676 | 10, 058 | 1,958 | 45, 964 | 47,129 | 33 2, 223 | 33 2, 223 |  | 28 |
| 4,615 | 13, 761 | 2, 873 | 53, 771 | 56, 407 | ${ }^{33} 2$, 609 | 33 2, 609 |  | 50 |
| 2,622 | 7,328 | 4,613 | 34,083 | 36, 062 | ${ }^{38} 1,191$ | ${ }^{3} 11,191$ |  | 67 |
| 1,357 | 3, 602 | 3, 608 | 19,917 | 21, 150 | 33549 | ${ }^{3} 549$ |  | 75 |
| 4,320 | 4,411 | 1,775 | 25, 222 | 28, 779 | ${ }^{3} 728$ | 33728 |  | 51 |
| 61 | 575 | 1,377 | 10,766 | 12,668 | 333 | 33 |  | 57 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --1.--- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,938 | 56, 121 | 12, 804 | 262, 451 | 275, 918 | ${ }^{33} 11,977$ | ${ }^{33} 11,977$ |  | 341 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{30}$ | Notesand accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{36}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND

|  | 3,546 | 18,094 | 16,099 | 42,179 | 2,732 | 21,758 | 104, 158 | 23, 263 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 4, 576 | 60, 746 | 46, 611 | 134, 696 | 8, 589 | 78, 689 | 338, 926 | 65, 601 |
| 100 | 5,869 | 185, 077 | 120, 714 | 337, 964 | 39,408 | 222, 580 | 925, 944 | 158, 704 |
| 250 | 2, 263 | 168,047 | 103, 718 | 239, 458 | 54,989 | 191, 718 | 778, 679 | 114,523 |
| 500 | 823 | 114, 632 | 82, 226 | 151, 614 | 52,536 | 139,777 | 552,647 | 75, 585 |
| 1,000 | 220 | 64, 765 | 70, 167 | 90, 609 | 36,789 | 79,413 | 347, 792 | 56, 442 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 6, 192 | 13, 735 | 7,712 | 13, 054 | 13, 663 | 54, 569 | 15, 921 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 1,998 | 1,354 | 383 | 2,153 | 4,988 | 10,928 | 1,605 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 20,808 | 26, 444 | 46,017 | 10,336 | 33,683 | 139,460 | 21, 275 |
| Total | 17, 308 | 640,359 | 481, 068 | 1,050,632 | 220, 586 | 786, 269 | 3, 253, 103 | 532, 819 |

TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND

| 0 | 2,013 | 3,639 | 6,616 | 15,669 | 1,350 | 10,068 | 39,715 | 14,015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 476 | 2,342 | 4,944 | 13,805 | 909 | 9,137 | 32, 803 | 12, 271 |
| 100 | 223 | 1,874 | 5,118 | 12,788 | 1,717 | 10,804 | 33, 381 | 12, 184 |
| 250 | 42 | 509 | 3,042 | 5,655 | 767 | 3, 094 | 13,812 | 5,419 |
| 500 | 9 | 198 | 1,449 | 1,718 | 36 | 2, 072 | 5, 666 | 2,144 |
| 1,000 | 3 | 75 | 232 | 1, 522 | 751 | 702 | 3,633 | 2,371 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2, 766 | 8,637 | 21, 401 | 51,157 | 5,530 | 35,877 | 129,010 | 48, 404 |

TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES-

| 0 | 2, 121 | 8,044 | 4,602 | 27, 517 | 1,678 | 10,350 | 53, 876 | 11, 182 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 571 | 5,849 | 4,135 | 17, 058 | 2,158 | 8,476 | 39,011 | 7, 152 |
| 100 | 233 | 4,361 | 3,687 | 14, 248 | 1,537 | 8,118 | 33, 340 | 5,737 |
| 250 | 53 | 2,312 | 2,539 | 8, 404 | 941 | 4,100 | 18, 699 | 4,749 |
| 500 | 39 | 3,390 | 1,721 | 14, 533 | 1,403 | 7,250 | 28, 738 | 4,920 |
| 1,000 | 37 | 11,506 | 2, 838 | 34, 784 | 3,681 | 20,874 | 75, 552 | 12, 379 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 6,447 | 2, 233 | 17, 626 | 3,337 | 8,805 | 39, 217 | 9, 321 |
| 10,000 | 4 | 11, 680 | 7,666 | 32, 755 | 9,689 | 13, 749 | 81,719 | 13, 151 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 14, 860 | 8,246 | 38, 250 | 2,212 | 18, 300 | 84, 024 | 12,659 |
| Total | 3,064 | 68, 449 | 37,667 | 205, 175 | 26,636 | 100,022 | 454, 176 | 81, 250 |

TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES-

| 0. | 930 | 1,412 | 1,357 | 9,851 | 491 | 4,805 | 18,654 | 6,243 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 113 | 105 | - 529 | 3,581 | 205 | 2, 613 | 7,710 | 2, 233 |
| 100 | 48 | 361 | 455 | 3,299 | 302 | 2,385 | 7,082 | 2,553 |
| 250. | 11 | 233 | 243 | 1,634 | 353 | 755 | 3,318 | 1,136 |
| 500 | 3 | 213 | 93 | 1,040 | 128 | 528 | 2,034 | 1, 108 |
| 1,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,105 | 2, 624 | 2,677 | 19,405 | 1,479 | 11,086 | 38,798 | 13,273 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{61}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit 45 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Gross } \\ \text { sales } 11 \text { and } \\ \text { gross re- } \\ \text { ceipts from } \\ \text { operations }{ }^{12} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FILLING STATIONS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 6, 586 | 36, 273 | 29,040 | 503, 604 | 508, 496 | 19,456 | 19,456 | 4,213 | 1,335 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23, 355 | 97, 869 | 118, 895 | 1,348,674 | 1,360, 223 | 74, 370 | 74, 370 | 18,567 | 5, 201 |
| 70, 332 | 209,177 | 369, 873 | 3, 528, 397 | 3, 559, 450 | 244, 703 | 244, 701 | 83, 777 | 18, 129 |
| 48,515 | 144, 978 | 354, 509 | 2, 874, 567 | 2, 899, 307 | 249, 283 | 249, 280 | 93, 431 | 19, 364 |
| 24, 322 | 91, 639 | 271, 234 | 1, 892, 358 | 1, 909, 573 | 187, 715 | 187, 708 | 70, 719 | 16, 015 |
| 19, 091 | 58, 634 | 163, 931 | 1, 057, 761 | 1,070, 110 | 102, 559 | 102, 557 | 38, 388 | 8,615 |
| 2, 165 | 12, 702 | 21, 481 | 74, 232 | 76, 908 | 5,509 | 5, 509 | 1,970 | 602 |
|  | 1,150 | 7,057 | 32, 033 | 32,308 329 | $\begin{array}{r}2,419 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 2,419 29 2976 |  |  |
| 15,000 | 33, 562 | 51, 913 | 326, 323 | 329, 336 | 29,876 | 29,876 | 11,077 | 9,157 |
| 209, 366 | 685, 984 | 1,387, 933 | 11,637,949 | 11, 745, 711 | 915, 890 | 915, 876 | 323, 026 | 78,418 |

FILLING STATIONS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 5,466 | 20, 104 | 54 3, 465 | 180, 228 | 182, 422 | 33 6, 076 | ${ }^{33} 6,076$ |  | 85 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6, 160 | 11, 417 | 361 | 118,828 | 120, 216 | ${ }^{33} 3,036$ | ${ }^{3} 3$ 3,036 |  | 31 |
| 6,747 | 9, 942 | 1,799 | 92, 793 | 94, 314 | 33 2, 390 | ${ }^{3} 3$ 2, 390 |  | 10 |
| 2,545 | 2,977 | 2, 099 | 43, 508 | 44, 230 | 33875 | 39875 |  | 29 |
| 816 | 1,716 | 577 | 12, 330 | 12,509 | ${ }^{33} 298$ | ${ }^{33} 298$ |  | 4 |
| 324 | 1, 560 | 120 | 14,911 | 15, 106 | ${ }^{3} 780$ | 33 780 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22, 058 | 46, 716 | 1, 491 | 462, 598 | 468, 797 | ${ }^{33} 13,455$ | ${ }^{33} 13,455$ |  | 164 |
|  |  |  | 462, 598 | 468, 79 | 13, 455 |  |  |  |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3,429 | 20,730 | 15, 283 | 191, 573 | 193, 121 | 6, 035 | 6,035 | 1,255 | 1,166 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,305 | 12,122 | 14,750 | 109, 539 | 110, 900 | 4,705 | 4,705 | 1,036 | 965 |
| 2,644 | 9,568 | 13,081 | 94,780 | 96,075 | 4, 109 | 4,109 | 1,119 | 719 |
| 908 | 4,738 | 7,031 | 59,800 | 60,673 | 2,034 | 2, 034 | 689 | 425 |
| 1,744 | 7,028 | 12,457 | 101, 471 | 102, 694 | 4,239 | 4, 238 | 1,581 | 892 |
| 6,495 | 14, 580 | 35, 762 | 239, 750 | 242, 696 | 11, 550 | 11,543 | 4,333 | 2,540 |
| 4,518 | 7,055 | 15, 161 | 120, 733 | 121, 701 | 4,518 | 4,518 | 1,699 | 998 |
| 7,771 | 26, 667 | 29,007 | 202, 889 | 207, 310 | 7,729 | 7,729 | 2, 183 | 3,968 |
| 27, 309 | 8,753 | 31, 789 | 166, 689 | 172, 309 | 1,667 | 1,667 | 564 | 250 |
| 57, 123 | 111, 241 | 174,321 | 1, 287, 224 | 1,307, 479 | 46,586 | 46, 578 | 14, 459 | 11,923 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{48}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING

| 0 | 4,015 | 13, 612 | 6,039 | 11, 580 | 2,418 | 42,460 | 82,301 | 15,765 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 779 | 8,647 | 4,167 | 6,133 | 2, 713 | 29,021 | 54, 437 | 10, 354 |
| 100 | 444 | 10, 260 | 5,160 | 6,318 | 5,447 | 35, 894 | 67,136 | 13, 808 |
| 250 | 139 | 6, 893 | 4,893 | 4,455 | 4,393 | 24,345 | 47, 206 | 9,092 |
| 500 | 48 | 6, 258 | 3, 331 | 3, 392 | 3,617 | 15, 292 | 33, 559 | 5,179 |
| 1,000 | 36 | 12, 628 | 6,789 | 5, 513 | 7,513 | 34, 203 | 69, 157 | 12, 665 |
| 5,000 | 7 | 11, 264 | 1,914 | 4,997 | 7,523 | 17, 897 | 44, 645 | 3,993 |
| 10,000. | 3 | 9,161 | 1,497 | 7,756 | 5,946 | 30, 094 | 55, 518 | 3,174 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,471 | 78, 723 | 33, 790 | 50, 144 | 39,570 | 229, 206 | 453, 959 | 74, 030 |

TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING

|  | 5,049 | 7,810 | 4,171 | 13,774 | 2,332 | 52,654 | 88,968 | 31,471 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 571 | 2, 481 | 1,964 | 4, 565 | 1,129 | 25, 458 | 38,575 | 12,397 |
| 100 | 242 | 2, 354 | 1, 677 | 3, 192 | 2,016 | 24, 103 | 36,303 | 11,774 |
| 250 | 32 | 542 | 846 | 825 | 981 | 6, 498 | 10,635 | 2,959 |
| 500 | 13 | 727 | 312 | 725 | 463 | 5,061 | 7,789 | 1,258 |
| 1,000 | 4 | 773 | 460 | 1,250 | 2,248 | 5,277 | 10, 482 | 1,360 |
| 5,000- | 1 | 2, 021 | 132 | 520 | 800 | 5,518 | 9,172 | 692 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.-.-.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,912 | 16, 708 | 9,562 | 24,851 | 9,969 | 124, 569 | 201, 924 | 61, 911 |

TRADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS AND

|  | 2,426 | 9,142 | 13, 885 | 36,077 | 1,541 | 10,438 | 72,602 | 14,950 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 2, 234 | 17, 361 | 37, 313 | 71,665 | 4,938 | 28, 250 | 161, 896 | 28, 498 |
|  | 2,177 | 31, 273 | 90, 900 | 131, 411 | 15,643 | 59,824 | 334, 734 | 56, 871 |
| 250 | 627 | 18, 291 | 58, 803 | 79, 738 | 16,009 | 37,963 | 214, 249 | 35, 114 |
| 500 | 218 | 11, 421 | 40, 507 | 55, 206 | 14, 774 | 25, 169 | 148, 689 | 20, 924 |
| 1,000. | 110 | 16, 284 | 53, 499 | 69, 642 | 18, 872 | 31, 407 | 193, 246 | 31,637 |
| 5,000 | 6 | 3, 011 | 10,408 | 14,904 | 6,602 | 7, 516 | 42,898 | 5,086 |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000-.---- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7,798 | 106, 783 | 305,315 | 458, 643 | 78, 379 | 200, 567 | 1, 168, 314 | 193, 080 |

TRADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS AND

| 0 | 909 | 1,362 | 3,286 | 9,169 | 351 | 3, 561 | 18, 287 | 6,836 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50. | 221 | 1,802 | 3,289 | 6,340 | 386 | 3,802 | 15, 171 | 4,709 |
| 100 | 117 | 817 | 3,851 | 6,891 | 693 | 4,390 | 17, 098 | 5,447 |
| 250 | 30 | 295 | 1,920 | 4,053 | 558 | 3,148 | 10, 319 | 3,423 |
| 500 | 6 | 301 | 1,994 | 1,380 | 301 | 777 | 3, 914 | 1,420 |
| 1,000 | 4 | 308 | 1,597 | 3, 030 | 2, 049 | 1,782 | 8,893 | 2,033 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,287 | 3,885 | 14, 937 | 30, 863 | 4,338 | 17, 460 | 73, 682 | 23,868 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{22}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Surplus and } \\ \text { undivided } \\ \text { profits }{ }^{53} \\ \text { less } \\ \text { deficit s8 } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit | $\operatorname{tax}^{\text {Income }}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PLACES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 10,946 | 29, 596 | 18,502 | 318, 801 | 322, 809 | 9, 584 | 9,584 | 1,804 | 1,041 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8,345 | 14, 589 | 16, 063 | 181, 612 | 183,885 | 6,860 | 6, 860 | 1, 563 | 893 |
| 11, 087 | 15, 177 | 20,140 | 205, 565 | 208, 877 | 8,239 | 8, 237 | 2,304 | 1,229 |
| 7,801 | 9, 798 | 14, 573 | 130, 371 | 133, 465 | 6, 993 | 6, 991 | 2,358 | 920 |
| 3,401 | 6,977 | 14, 248 | 94, 741 | 96,008 | 5, 261 | 5,260 | 1,936 | 734 |
| 10,121 | 14, 267 | 25, 519 | 178, 067 | 180, 523 | 9, 993 | 9,988 | 3,693 | 2,236 |
| 4,139 | 11, 907 | 20, 294 | 106, 342 | 107, 748 | 5,377 | 5,375 | 1,906 | 2,282 |
| 787 | 22, 332 | 25,166 | 111, 415 | 113, 232 | 6, 074 | 6,064 | 2,276 | 2,841 |
| , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56, 627 | 124, 643 | 154, 505 | 1,326, 914 | 1,346,547 | 58,381 | 58,359 | 17,840 | 12, 176 |

PLACES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


HARDWARE-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


HARDWARE-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money


OTHER RETAIL TRADE-

|  | 6, 069 | 24,298 | 29,550 | 65, 105 | 4,693 | 31,121 | 160, 381 | 38,104 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 3, 543 | 30, 412 | 56, 336 | 96, 684 | 10, 187 | 53, 160 | 253, 463 | 53, 325 |
| 100 | 3, 004 | 49,716 | 117, 766 | 167, 309 | 24, 453 | 93, 932 | 464, 948 | 94,091 |
| 250 | 886 | 25, 843 | 82, 811 | 103, 498 | 22,415 | 57, 242 | 299, 803 | 60,481 |
| 500 | 367 | 21, 078 | 69,474 | 84, 513 | 18, 546 | 46, 951 | 245, 742 | 49,591 |
| 1,000 | 163 | 24, 616 | 87, 063 | 92, 404 | 27, 240 | 45, 894 | 281, 314 | 58, 789 |
| 5,000 | 14 | 6, 625 | 32, 262 | 25, 543 | 8,537 | 13, 836 | 89,371 | 23, 062 |
| 10,000 | 6 | 8,400 | 19,548 | 18,531 | 11, 415 | 30, 064 | 92, 469 | 10,518 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 14, 052 | 190, 988 | 494, 810 | 653, 587 | 127, 486 | 372, 200 | 1,887, 491 | 387, 961 |

OTHER RETAIL TRADE-

|  | 4, 054 | 7,770 | 13,373 | 33, 352 | 2,084 | 19,019 | 79, 670 | 29,927 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 926 | 3,968 | 13, 915 | 26,699 | 1,930 | 16, 304 | 65, 759 | 20, 263 |
| 100 | 443 | 3,723 | 16, 775 | 25, 116 | 2, 682 | 14, 413 | 65, 032 | 21, 526 |
| 250 | 123 | 2,244 | 11, 615 | 14,373 | 2, 260 | 9, 503 | 42, 248 | 14, 222 |
| 500 | 37 | 750 | 6, 525 | 9, 539 | 2, 651 | 3,796 | 24, 182 | 8,250 |
| 1,000 | 17 | 1,706 | 10, 451 | 9, 691 | 2, 514 | 4, 633 | 29,596 | 5,049 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 1,930 | 2, 875 | 12,050 | 5219 | 728 | 18,081 | 7, 275 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 120 | 2,893 | 3, 617 | 5,998 | 3, 337 | 16, 231 | 3,252 |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_ | 5,604 | 22, 211 | 78,422 | 134, 437 | 20,338 | 71, 733 | 340, 799 | 109, 764 |

TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 0. | 4,658 | 19,155 | 28,865 | 45, 408 | 3,612 | 22, 844 | 123, 488 | 30, 192 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 3,426 | 31,080 | 61, 569 | 92, 379 | 8, 676 | 49, 166 | 248, 832 | 56, 881 |
| 100 | 3, 792 | 64,122 | 150, 270 | 219, 796 | 27,833 | 122, 291 | 598, 301 | 131, 116 |
| 250 | 1,378 | 44, 620 | 124, 365 | 169, 704 | 29,149 | 95, 096 | 473, 875 | 99, 319 |
| 500 | 630 | 37, 830 | 114, 448 | 156, 672 | 34, 030 | 84, 054 | 433, 967 | 92, 766 |
| 1,000 | 391 | 61,074 | 179, 892 | 240, 772 | 72, 275 | 140, 860 | 705, 584 | 140,771 |
| 5,000 | 19 | 11,936 | 28, 810 | 38, 924 | 13,546 | 26, 903 | 121, 281 | 21, 499 |
| 10,000 | 17 | 22, 084 | 61, 362 | 95, 568 | 35, 393 | 60, 526 | 280, 038 | 54,489 |
| 50,000 | 2 | 8,970 | 40,320 | 49, 426 | 12, 222 | 9, 173 | 120, 689 | 31, 637 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 10,674 | 75,564 | 53, 223 | 129,940 | 34,405 | 305,459 | 49,020 |
| Total. | 14,314 | 311, 545 | 865, 465 | 1,161, 872 | 366, 676 | 645, 318 | 3, 411, 514 | 707, 690 |

TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE-

|  | 3,654 | 6,725 | 14,143 | 22,646 | 2,673 | 14,909 | 64, 449 | 25,971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | , 753 | 3, 386 | 12,687 | 18,779 | 1,959 | 13, 911 | 53, 303 | 17, 897 |
|  | 480 | 4,704 | 16,990 | 25, 872 | 3, 586 | 17,449 | 71,611 | 24, 050 |
| 250 | 136 | 2,356 | 11,106 | 16, 251 | 2,118 | 12, 570 | 46, 272 | 16,746 |
| 500 | 37 | 1,068 | 5,759 | 7, 247 | 3, 896 | 5,190 | 24, 142 | 8,121 |
| 1,000 | 19 | 2,718 | 7,819 | 9,090 | 6,355 | 11, 739 | 38,715 | 11,195 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 2, 375 | 18,301 | 5,422 | 8,-761 | 4,959 | -39, 756 | 11, 599 |
| 100,000...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_ | 5,081 | 23, 332 | 86, 805 | 105, 307 | 28,948 | 80, 727 | 338, 248 | 115, 579 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{11}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit ${ }^{48}$ | Gross sales 11 and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\operatorname{Income}_{\operatorname{tax}^{\circ}}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 7,230 | 48,348 | 28,124 | 474,944 | 479,397 | 15,581 | 15,581 | 3,219 | 1,774 |
| 16,235 | 82,332 | 75,335 | 833,212 | 842,782 | 30,877 | 30,830 | 7,026 | 2,878 |
| 38,416 | 174,703 | 207,332 | $1,873,114$ | $1,897,020$ | 75,449 | 75,444 | 21,158 | 8,833 |
| 29,916 | 129,496 | 173,991 | $1,412,333$ | $1,432,127$ | 63,195 | 63,192 | 21,720 | 6,899 |
| 27,920 | 111,652 | 160,724 | $1,210,337$ | $1,227,152$ | 62,125 | 62,113 | 22,705 | 7,889 |
| 38,149 | 178,804 | 284,546 | $1,844,660$ | $1,875,470$ | 101,478 | 101,447 | 37,180 | 17,835 |
| 13,159 | 23,106 | 51,170 | 298,627 | 304,149 | 18,861 | 18,860 | 6,668 | 3,063 |
| 10,775 | 65,778 | 132,433 | 611,950 | 618,583 | 38,251 | 38,251 | 13,703 | 13,158 |
| 28,545 | 18,397 | 32,121 | 236,270 | 239,433 | 9,652 | 9,652 | 3,503 | 4,359 |
| 13,173 | 10,000 | 208,167 | 218,790 | 230,617 | 42,375 | 42,375 | 16,087 | 20,000 |
| 223,518 | 842,616 | $1,353,943$ | $9,014,237$ | $9,146,730$ | 457,844 | 457,745 | 152,969 | 86,688 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes, and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 10 | Capital assets ${ }^{29}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable so |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS

| 0 | 32,852 | 105,748 | 121,490 | 69 | 80,577 | 459,441 | 799, 019 | 143,129 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 18,019 | 113,791 | 174, 606 | 100 | 131, 348 | 836, 519 | 1, 295, 604 | 192,036 |
| 100 | 20,068 | 215, 160 | 438, 148 | 345 | 378, 079 | 2,052, 285 | 3,177, 352 | 431,656 |
| 250 | 8,856 | 239, 217 | 479, 442 | 713 | 564, 257 | 1,716, 593 | 3, 086, 776 | 398, 269 |
| 500 | 5,972 | 511,756 | 862, 096 | 22 | 1, 428, 263 | 1, 399, 378 | 4, 268, 926 | 377, 643 |
| 1,000 | 11,234 | 4,682, 899 | 6, 123, 259 | 1,229 | 12, 787,845 | 2, 405, 024 | 26, 243,075 | 819, 541 |
| 5,000 | 2,465 | 3, 197, 764 | 3, 896, 839 | 58 | 9,067,013 | 860, 481 | 17, 198,273 | 326, 066 |
| 10,000 | 1,872 | 6, 792, 966 | 7, 425, 605 | 2,069 | 21, 218,548 | 1, 338, 429 | 37, 341, 317 | 686,305 |
| 50,000 | 247 | 3,062,836 | 3,024, 710 |  | 10, 257, 519 | 636, 900 | 17,386, 088 | 247,428 |
| 100,000 | 279 | 23, 484, 908 | 26,877, 354 | 5,601 | 89, 677, 689 | 1,488, 464 | 144,709,379 | 1,811,803 |
| Total | 101,864 | 42, 407, 045 | 49, 423, 549 | 10,206 | 145,591,138 | 13, 193, 514 | 255,505,809 | 5,433,870 |

TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS

|  | 22,397 | 43,333 | 56,894 | 8 | 42,071 | 256, 822 | 419, 934 | 119,756 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 6,390 | 27,365 | 52,166 | 17 | 54,453 | 300, 150 | 453, 470 | 98,129 |
| 100 | 5,730 | 48, 218 | 98, 510 | 191 | 121,546 | 587,952 | 896,313 | 164,771 |
| 250 | 2,159 | 36,115 | 84, 800 | 1 | 121, 664 | 473, 524 | 750, 398 | 140, 825 |
| 500 | 1,175 | 39,819 | 98,124 | 31 | 186, 883 | 466,073 | 814,041 | 130, 421 |
| 1,000 | 943 | 140, 782 | 215, 089 | 352 | 556, 964 | 888,931 | 1,862, 520 | 252, 933 |
| 5,000 | 104 | 64, 451 | 88,359 |  | 301, 493 | 237, 965 | 711,259 | 53, 804 |
| 10,000 | 87 | 194, 296 | 262,293 |  | 724,484 | 502, 476 | 1,750,415 | 144, 368 |
| 50,000 | 15 | 155, 016 | 201, 059 |  | 364,395 | 220,860 | 1,030, 462 | 1,034 |
| 100,000 | 8 | 97, 615 | 117,853 |  | 459, 348 | 251, 900 | 929, 591 | 88, 275 |
| Total | 39,008 | 847, 010 | 1,275,147 | 600 | 2,933, 301 | 4, 186, 653 | 9,618,403 | 1,194, 316 |

TOTAL FINANCE-RETURNS

| 0 | 4,960 | 20,280 | 35,299 | 69 | 32,413 | 8,291 | 101,376 | 18,067 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,943 | 19,238 | 57,902 | 100 | 45, 683 | 10,908 | 138,947 | 26, 214 |
| 100 | 2,583 | 44,264 | 190,547 | 345 | 141, 383 | 26, 126 | 417, 062 | 80,987 |
| 250 | 1,885 | 90,428 | 272, 248 | 713 | 272, 336 | 29, 194 | 682, 531 | 113, 920 |
| 500 | 2,759 | 371,072 | 667,001 | 22 | 965, 097 | 43,906 | 2,059,241 | 165, 720 |
| 1,000 | 9,023 | 4,352, 467 | 5, 833, 648 | 1,229 | 11, 246, 335 | 205, 271 | 21,713,789 | 509, 493 |
| 5,000 | 2,133 | 3,015, 322 | 3,829,991 |  | 7,880, 489 | 111, 940 | 14, 889, 043 | 266, 108 |
| 10,000 | 1,561 | 6, 364, 230 | 7, 334, 248 | 2, 069 | 16, 426, 607 | 292, 767 | 30, 548, 913 | 589, 108 |
| 50,000 | 181 | 2,828,737 | 3,012,403 |  | 6,610,087 | 116, 115 | 12, 629, 989 | 145, 907 |
| 100,000. | 210 | 22, 523, 127 | 26,876,877 | 5,601 | 38, 930,977 | 595, 772 | 89, 894, 578 | 1,810,588 |
| Total | 27, 238 | 39, 629, 165 | 48, 110, 164 | 10,206 | 82, 551, 407 | 1,440,290 | 173,075,469 | 3, 726, 112 |

TOTAL FINANCE-RETURNS

|  | 3,891 | 13,773 | 19,574 | 8 | 16,042 | 10,696 | 64,667 | 24,868 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 927 | 10,041 | 20, 805 | 17 | 20,714 | 10,591 | 66,446 | 23, 474 |
| 100 | 866 | 19,667 | 44, 329 | 191 | 45, 666 | 19, 750 | 138,437 | 30, 914 |
| 250 | 412 | 15,908 | 43,997 | 1 | 54,392 | 21,802 | 144, 098 | 34, 580 |
| 500 | 262 | 19,092 | 52, 830 | 31 | 79,768 | 24,995 | 183, 316 | 39,386 |
| 1,000. | 316 | 103,118 | 151, 324 | 352 | 352, 255 | 44, 115 | 667, 178 | 102,879 |
| 5,000 | 56 | 49, 641 | 79,759 |  | 220, 115 | 27, 401 | 386, 115 | 30,358 |
| 10,000 | 50 | 167, 943 | 251, 227 |  | 541,870 | 53, 551 | 1,050, 554 | 93, 120 |
| 50,000 | 11 | 152,432 | 199, 829 |  | 317,839 | 10, 196 | 748,947 |  |
| 100,000 | 6 | 97, 395 | 117,836 |  | 457,975 | 4,265 | 679, 804 | 88,261 |
| Total | 6,797 | 649,010 | 981, 510 | 600 | 2, 106,636 | 227, 362 | 4,129, 562 | 467,848 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{61}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{33}$ less deficit 48 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | $\text { Income }_{\text {tax }}{ }^{8}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

OF REAL PROPERTY-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 213,485 | 329, 140 | 48,818 | 111,251 | 321, 904 | 80,063 | 80,047 | 16,491 | 23,486 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 442,197 | 384, 272 | 191, 143 | 93, 480 | 344, 925 | 94, 122 | 94,095 | 20, 248 | 19,431 |
| 1,271, 510 | 799, 116 | 462, 307 | 165, 266 | 709, 564 | 195, 200 | 195, 063 | 44,715 | 45, 994 |
| 1,118,983 | 707,195 | 499, 848 | 156, 636 | 601, 972 | 169, 286 | 188,946 | 43,982 | 44, 710 |
| 989,759 | 773,055 | 649, 741 | 344,667 | 618,911 | 179, 139 | 177, 201 | 48,010 | 64,656 |
| 1,661,013 | 2,284, 659 | 2,658,522 | 824,236 | 1, 767, 137 | 569, 147 | 545, 865 | 136,301 | 203, 649 |
| 477,013 | 1,079,515 | 1,631, 132 | 471,355 | 992, 033 | 292, 812 | 276, 287 | 70,461 | 98, 991 |
| 951, 279 | 2,171, 139 | 3, 854, 319 | 1,380, 447 | 2, 523, 956 | 712,091 | 682, 237 | 149, 559 | 305, 179 |
| 439, 445 | 931, 083 | 1,990,904 | 946, 764 | 1, 434, 951 | 341,873 | 330, 664 | 53,787 | 162,586 |
| 1,886, 556 | 3,994,972 | 8,633, 499 | 1,723, 920 | 4,964, 652 | 2,180, 193 | 2,112,156 | 208, 571 | 439,088 |
| 9,451, 240 | 13,454,146 | 20,620,233 | 6,218, 022 | 14, 280, 005 | 4,813,926 | 4,662, 561 | 792,125 | 1,407, 770 |

OF REAL PROPERTY-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 162,327 | 289, 121 | ${ }^{54} 206,204$ | 41,001 | 113, 051 | 33 32, 113 | 3332,122 |  | 3,960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 193,735 | 182,583 | ${ }^{51} 68,908$ | 17,072 | 67, 700 | 33 15, 712 | 3315,725 |  | 1,008 |
| 440,036 | 293, 716 | ${ }^{54} 106,527$ | 19, 629 | 103,972 | 33 28, 361 | 33 28, 400 |  | 3,188 |
| 380, 738 | 207, 954 | 5469, 119 | 15,817 | 73, 662 | ${ }^{33} 20,203$ | 3320,243 |  | 940 |
| 390, 549 | 250,961 | 5463, 478 | 53, 538 | 74,854 | 3318,458 | 3318,615 |  | 749 |
| 740,516 | 564, 485 | 84 272, 832 | 102, 088 | 144, 194 | 8330,494 | ${ }^{3} 31,754$ |  | 3,185 |
| 160, 475 | 182, 517 | 16,738 | 29, 439 | 43,880 | 339,775 | 3310,691 |  | 2, 747 |
| 586, 038 | 339, 330 | 64 46, 998 | 114, 180 | 161,440 | ${ }^{33} 22,981$ | ${ }^{33} 24,588$ |  | 3,408 |
| 339, 440 | 130, 565 | 54339,613 | 28,390 | 49,757 | ${ }^{33} 22,479$ | ${ }^{33} 22,846$ |  | 478 |
| 297, 438 | 32, 589 | 86,959 | 1,810 | 19,441 | ${ }^{33} 1,716$ | ${ }^{3} 2,656$ |  | 280 |
| 3,691,292 | 2,473,821 | 54 1,069, 982 | 422,964 | 851,951 | ${ }^{33} 202,292$ | ${ }^{33} 207,640$ |  | 19,943 |

WITH NET INCOME

| 10,026 | 71,425 | 610,516 | 12,663 | 30,723 | 11,559 | 11,551 | 2,191 | 8,117 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 12,405 | 67,973 | 20,319 | 10,614 | 30,038 | 11,317 | 11,309 | 2,008 | 5,238 |
| 56,473 | 186,768 | 48,272 | 24,251 | 80,481 | 32,656 | 32,589 | 5,758 | 16,279 |
| 77,041 | 197,688 | 116,022 | 30,100 | 91,273 | 33,766 | 33,557 | 6,294 | 16,288 |
| 84,407 | 309,964 | 224,909 | 47,640 | 162,905 | 58,511 | 56,922 | 10,338 | 33,295 |
| 297,868 | $1,358,243$ | $1,645,980$ | 156,110 | 834,597 | 341,914 | 320,549 | 63,917 | 140,705 |
| 122,117 | 720,000 | $1,053,067$ | 78,243 | 495,798 | 193,044 | 178,065 | 42,582 | 74,155 |
| 398,716 | $1,570,981$ | $2,609,322$ | 165,793 | $1,037,153$ | 430,768 | 405,808 | 83,736 | 230,409 |
| 225,588 | 616,494 | $1,356,853$ | 58,724 | 407,071 | 195,409 | 188,211 | 31,032 | 124,390 |
| $1,587,001$ | $3,310,344$ | $5,637,453$ | 555,324 | $2,176,050$ | 666,816 | 620,251 | 169,884 | 371,244 |
| $2,871,642$ | $8,409,880$ | $12,701,681$ | $1,139,462$ | $5,346,089$ | $1,975,760$ | $1,858,812$ | 417,740 | $1,020,120$ |

## WITH NO NET INCOME

| 15,336 | 89,042 | 5478,616 | 4,530 | 11,046 | ${ }^{33} 6,547$ | ${ }^{23} 6,554$ |  | 2,874 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11,134 | 52, 515 | 54 29,985 | 3,548 | 7,522 | 33 3, 792 | 33 3,802 |  | 2,862 |
| 29, 463 | 88, 317 | 5430,217 | 5,598 | 13,629 | ${ }^{33} 8,707$ | ${ }^{33} 8,737$ |  | 2,127 |
| 38,614 | 73,273 | 8430,719 | 4,914 | 11,615 | ${ }^{33} 5,756$ | ${ }^{33} 5,781$ |  | 505 |
| 25,964 | 116,536 | 3439,625 | 4,634 | 10,994 | ${ }^{33} 5,416$ | ${ }^{33} 5,542$ |  | 259 |
| 83, 067 | 321, 054 | ${ }^{54} 197,184$ | 4,989 | 24,187 | 338,608 | 339, 749 |  | 2,359 |
| 46,278 | 106, 502 | 13, 758 | 3,017 | 10,374 | 33 2,836 | ${ }^{33} 3,723$ |  | 2,567 |
| 252, 306 | 246, 050 | ${ }^{54} 121,033$ | 16,870 | 46,752 | ${ }^{23} 13,389$ | ${ }^{33} 14,478$ |  | 1,355 |
| 143,677 | 109, 056 | ${ }^{54} 350,671$ | 7,884 | 20,274 | ${ }^{33} 21,212$ | ${ }^{33} 21,579$ |  | 477 |
| 60, 203 | 22, 588 | 84,547 | 1,810 | 16,046 | 288 | ${ }^{33} 652$ |  | 280 |
| 706,042 | 1,224,933 | 34779,745 | 57,794 | 172,439 | ${ }^{33} 75,975$ | ${ }^{23} 80,597$ |  | 13,365 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{30}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Inven- } \\ & \text { tories } \end{aligned}$ | Investments ${ }^{10}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less <br> reserves | Total assetsTotal liabili ties ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-

|  | 274 | 2,432 | 587 |  | 937 | 842 | 4,956 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 43 | 676 | 539 |  | 1,056 | 609 | 2,981 |  |
| 100 | 102 | 4,843 | 3,832 |  | 7,520 | 1,849 | 18,423 |  |
| 250 | 426 | 47,349 | 40,140 |  | 74, 972 | 2,107 | 167,869 |  |
| 800 | 1,749 | 314,445 | 382, 633 |  | 635, 262 | 6,297 | 1,341, 430 |  |
| 1,000 | . 7,778 | 4, 167,390 | 5, 040, 744 |  | 9,706, 914 | 110, 205 | 11, 066, 451 |  |
| 6,000 | 1,935 | 2,911, 251 | 3, 496, 053 |  | 6, 991, 343 | 94, 385 | 13, 524, 206 |  |
| 10,000. | 1,375 | 6, 127, 872 | 6, 494, 135 |  | 13, 831, 192 | 224, 261 | 26, 785, 775 |  |
| 50,000 | 156 | 2, 767, 392 | 2, 760, 351 |  | 5, 259, 904 | 103,620 | 10, 946, 143 |  |
| 100,000 | 186 | 22, 142, 592 | 24, 340, 874 |  | 35, 206, 282 | 554,313 | 83, 167, 260 |  |
| Total | 14,024 | 38, 486, 242 | 42, 559, 889 |  | 71, 715, 382 | 1,098, 488 | 155,025,494 |  |

FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES-

|  | 196 | 1,324 | 472 |  | 360 | 499 | 2,749 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 20 | 526 | 497 |  | 262 | 114 | 1,433 |  |
| 100 | 40 | 2,341 | 865 |  | 2,347 | 757 | 6,788 |  |
| 250 | 42 | 5,022 | 2,866 |  | -6,655 | 487 | 15,098 3608 |  |
| 500 | 50 | 9,634 | 8,489 73 |  | 143,881 | $\begin{array}{r}969 \\ 2.904 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 36,083 296, 016 |  |
| 1,000. | 132 | 74,397 41,436 | 73,067 |  | 143,871 90,422 | 1,797 | 290, 180 |  |
| 5,000- | 27 <br> 22 | 41, 9143 | 46,023 120,195 |  | 226, 310 | 14,025 | 461, 971 |  |
| 50,000 | 10 | 152,379 | 199, 829 |  | 316, 439 | 10,196 | 684, 345 |  |
| 100,000.....- | 4 | 92, 932 | 117, 533 |  | 238,756 | 4, 265 | 455, 495 |  |
| Total. | 543 | 479, 464 | 569,836 |  | 1,041,303 | 36,013 | 2,140,807 |  |

FINANCE: CREDIT AGENCIES OTHER THAN

|  | 3,127 | 11,227 | 29,878 |  | 17,154 | 3,777 | 65,474 | 12,671 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,199 | 10,199 | 48,553 |  | 18,256 | 5,710 | 85, 883 | 17,912 |
| 100 | 1, 535 | 21,368 | 165, 030 |  | 38,313 | 11,427 | 244,892 | 60,867 |
| 250 | 814 | 21, 184 | 201, 117 |  | 44,752 | 9,247 | 285,076 | 86,094 |
| 500 | 461 | 23, 959 | 235, 910 |  | 52, 636 | 9,820 | 326, 775 | 122, 237 |
| 1,000 | 451 | 65, 834 | 626, 441 |  | 166,645 | 17,673 | 890,673 | 383, 677 |
| 5,000 | 52 | 46, 124 | 264, 021 | ---------- | 44, 688 | 2,991 | 367, 326 | 198, 473 |
| 10,000 | 42 | 103, 249 | 686, 581 |  | 103, 266 | 4,197 | 901, 997 | 456, 750 |
| 50,000 | 4 | 19, 113 | 172,999 |  | 57, 355 | 1,070 | 251, 206 | 111,908 |
| 100,000 | 7 | 226, 117 | 2, 237, 271 |  | 246, 183 | 8,094 | 2, 727, 139 | 1,035, 669 |
| Total. | 7,692 | 548, 374 | 4, 667, 801 |  | 789, 248 | 74,006 | 6,146, 441 | 2,486, 258 |

FINANCE: CREDIT AGENCIES OTHER THAN


[^39]and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bondsand mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{63}$ less deficit ${ }^{43}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { sales it and } \\ \text { gross re- } \\ \text { ceipts from } \\ \text { operations }{ }^{12} \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  | 5,186 | ${ }^{4}$ 2, 892 | 1,651 | 2,701 | 585 | 583 | 115 | 983 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1, 867 | 157 | 329 | 910 | 228 | 226 | 48 | 78 |
|  | 5,810 | 3,173 | 735 | 3,213 | 755 | 735 | 160 | 760 |
|  | 12,348 | 11,082 | 1,252 | 7,116 | 2,085 | 1,991 | 395 | 901 |
|  | 48,519 | 63, 158 | 6,852 | 41,913 | 14, 224 | 12,962 | 2,682 | 2,985 |
|  | 460, 764 | 865, 512 | 70, 249 | 516, 256 | 174,569 | 154, 137 | 38,323 | 36,104 |
|  | 296, 007 | 611, 853 | 46.458 | 352, 088 | 107, 257 | 92,707 | 29,581 | 23, 676 |
|  | 576, 160 | 1, 208, 125 | 101,206 | 655, 032 | 182, 292 | 157, 830 | 52,094 | 46, 761 |
|  | 217,091 | 512, 892 | 41,396 | 252,385 | 66, 293 | 59, 204 | 18,640 | 19,766 |
|  | 1,678, 145 | 4, 461, 743 | 278, 189 | 1,661,399 | 490, 606 | 444, 762 | 128,317 | 202, 988 |
|  | 3,301,897 | 7,734, 803 | 548,317 | 3,493, 013 | 1,038, 894 | 925,137 | 270, 355 | 335,002 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

|  | 7,467 | 547,971 | 809 | 1,387 | ${ }^{3} 530$ | ${ }^{33} 531$ |  | 512 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3, 223 | 543,158 | 135 | 439 | ${ }^{33} 205$ | 38214 | --------- | 52 |
|  | 5,753 | 342,497 | 149 | 810 | ${ }^{33} 697$ | ${ }^{33} 705$ |  | 131 |
|  | 2, 488 | , 346 | 72 | 431 | ${ }^{33} 80$ | ${ }^{33} 85$ |  | 1 |
|  | 3,437 | 1,568 | 782 | 1,488 | ${ }^{33} 667$ | ${ }^{33} 734$ |  | 18 |
|  | 26,117 | 3461,350 | 870 | 7,064 | 33200 | 331,001 |  | 289 |
|  | 4,833 | 6,827 | 523 | 4,595 | 189 | ${ }^{33} 482$ |  | 474 |
|  | 23, 644 | 34, 068 | 1,881 | 15, 322 | ${ }^{33} 71$ | ${ }^{33} 1,160$ |  | 688 |
|  | 23, 945 | 35, 275 | 7,884 | 20, 262 | ${ }^{33} 1,972$ | 33 2, 339 |  | 477 |
|  | 13, 588 | 17, 702 | 1,470 | 10, 430 | 33273 | 33445 |  | 280 |
|  | 114,495 | 20,810 | 14,575 | 62, 228 | 334,506 | ${ }^{3} 37,696$ | ----------- | 2,922 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

BANKS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 7,334 | 41,854 | 443,975 | 6,254 | 13,156 | 4,892 | 4,889 | 975 | 2,335 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9,901 | 37,092 | 13, 607 | 5,775 | 15, 111 | 5,454 | 5,452 | 1,177 | 2,170 |
| 42,593 | 87,355 | 31,428 | 16,295 | 43,836 | 12, 944 | 12,936 | 2,851 | 3,146 |
| 58,123 | 73, 209 | 43,311 | 19,473 | 47,553 | 14, 161 | 14, 151 | 3,682 | 4,249 |
| 59,690 | 70, 169 | 42, 232 | 31, 698 | 59,188 | 15,017 | 15,013 | 4,604 | 3,783 |
| 182, 496 | 140,378 | 97, 077 | 67, 439 | 132,560 | 37, 469 | 37, 430 | 13, 009 | 7,335 |
| 41, 709 | 43,600 | 40,949 | 24,365 | 49, 587 | 16, 422 | 16,422 | 5,978 | 3,707 |
| 187, 973 | 111,915 | 97, 675 | 52, 144 | 111, 331 | 37, 613 | 37, 613 | 13, 312 | 12, 166 |
| 40, 750 | 23,158 | 14,175 | 17,328 | 24, 287 | 9,043 | 9,043 | 3,434 | 2,341 |
| 973,385 | 276,812 | 270,838 | 208, 006 | 284, 191 | 75, 355 | 75, 283 | 27,152 | 45,548 |
| 1, 603, 954 | 905, 542 | 647,317 | 448, 777 | 780,800 | 228, 370 | 228, 232 | 76,174 | 86,780 |

## BANKS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets,' 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

FINANCE: HOLDING AND OTHER INVESTMENT

|  | 1,308 | 4,639 | 3,744 | 69 | 12,429 | 3,360 | 25,347 | 4,124 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 548 | 4,475 | 6,601 | 100 | 22,147 | 4,122 | 38,861 | 4,490 |
| 100 | 810 | 11,402 | 17,389 | 345 | 86, 467 | 11,738 | 131,823 | 12,409 |
| 250 | 555 | 15,634 | 23, 182 | 713 | 137, 312 | 16, 708 | 198, 420 | 15, 623 |
| 500 | 497 | 24, 587 | 39, 126 | 22 | 259, 488 | 27, 100 | 354,360 | 26, 752 |
| 1,000......... | 739 | 106, 695 | 143, 995 | 1,229 | 1, 303, 328 | 73,146 | 1,644, 485 | 80, 614 |
| 5,000. | 136 | 44, 318 | 62, 768 | 58 | 795, 656 | 13, 936 | 926, 363 | 30, 467 |
| 10,000 | 137 | 124, 408 | 131, 778 | 2,069 | 2, 402, 594 | 64, 193 | 2, 739, 834 | 86, 636 |
| 50,000. | 21 | 42, 232 | 79,053 |  | 1,292, 828 | 11, 425 | 1, 432, 640 | 33, 999 |
| 100,000 | 13 | 137,414 | 186,340 | 5,601 | 2,938, 072 | 32, 999 | 3,314, 712 | 437,340 |
| Total. | 4,764 | 515,804 | 693,976 | 10,206 | 9,250,321 | 258, 727 | 10,806,845 | 732,454 |

FINANCE: HOLDING AND OTHER INVESTMENT

|  | 976 | 2, 624 | 2,125 | 8 | 5,498 | 3,866 | 15,424 | 11,603 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 261 | 2, 435 | 2, 296 | 17 | 8,731 | 4,013 | 18,968 | 11, 134 |
| 100 | 258 | 4,786 | 7,465 | 191 | 18,775 | 7,158 | 41,192 | 5, 262 |
| 250 | 118 | 2,975 | 6,413 | 1 | 22,853 | 6, 454 | 42,721 | 5,668 |
| 500 | 107 | 3,763 | 9,883 | 31 | 40, 266 | 15, 284 | 73, 042 | 9,646 |
| 1,000 | 100 | 14,139 | 30, 934 | 352 | 137, 792 | 23, 780 | 215, 262 | 24,738 |
| 5,000. | 19 | 1,635 | 12,949 |  | 105, 426 | 10,161 | 136, 666 | 8,417 |
| 10,000 | 16 | 14,394 | 28,700 |  | 252, 369 | 825 | 320,833 | 40,328 |
| 50,000 | 1 |  |  |  | 1,400 |  | 64, 602 | 8 |
| 100,000 | , | 24 |  |  | 122, 652 |  | 122, 676 |  |
| Total. | 1,857 | 46, 828 | 100,765 | 600 | 715,762 | 71,541 | 1, 051, 386 | 116,804 |

FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS

|  | 251 | 1,982 | 1,090 |  | 1,893 | 312 | 5,599 | 1,272 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 153 | 3, 888 | 2, 209 |  | 4,224 | 467 | 11, 222 | 3,812 |
| 100 | 136 | 6,651 | 4,296 |  | 9, 083 | 1,112 | 21,924 | 7,711 |
| 250 | 90 | 6,261 | 7,809 |  | 15,300 | 1,132 | 31,166 | 12, 203 |
| 500 | 52 | 8,081 | 9,332 |  | 17,711 | 689 | 36,676 | 16,731 |
| 1,000 | 55 | 12,548 | 22,468 |  | 69, 448 | 4,247 | 112,180 | 45, 202 |
| 5,000. | 10 | 13, 629 | 7,149 |  | 48, 802 | 628 | 71,148 | 37, 1 18 |
| 10,000 | 7 | 8,701 | 21,753 |  | 89, 555 | 116 | 121, 307 | 46, 722 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 17,004 | 112,392 |  | 540, 440 | 366 | 685, 467 | - 3 - 7 7, 579 |
| Total | 758 | 78,745 | 188,498 |  | 796, 456 | 9,069 | 1,096,689 | 507, 400 |

FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKER8

|  | 335 | 1,758 | 1,253 |  | 1,976 | 457 | 5,911 | 2,486 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 103 | 1,939 | 1,639 |  | 3,108 | 417 | 7,547 | 2,942 |
| 100 | 95 | 3,050 | 4,157 |  | 6,974 | 651 | 15,164 | 6,552 |
| 250 | 42 | 1,769 | 3, 228 |  | 7,714 | 782 | 14,156 | 5,600 |
| 500 | 28 | 2, 208 | 7,294 |  | 9,382 | 1,346 | 20,609 | 11, 521 |
| 1,000. | 23 | 5,936 | 6,957 |  | 27, 019 | 6,546 | 48,853 | 19,651 |
| 5,000. | 3 | 1,304 | 4,881 |  | 9,813 | 3, 020 | 20,445 | 10,517 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 9,042 | 1,168 |  | 43, 849 | 16,689 | 71, 263 | 18,344 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 4,439 | 303 |  | -96, 567 |  | 101,633 | 88,261 |
| Total. | 632 | 31,445 | 30, 880 |  | 206, 402 | 29,908 | 305, 581 | 165,874 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits 53 <br> less <br> deficit 45 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

COMPANIES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,334 | 22,061 | 544,804 | 242 | 8,972 | 5,324 | 5,322 | 951 | 4,580 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2, 194 | 25,595 | 3,412 | 22 | 6,887 | 4,694 | 4,692 | 586 | 2,806 |
| 12,495 | 87, 184 | 9,125 | 294 | 22.572 | 16,937 | 16,916 | 2,257 | 11,980 |
| 14,903 | 105, 779 | 54, 963 | 1,974 | 24, 073 | 15,496 | 15,458 | 1,750 | 10,899 |
| 24,427 | 184, 549 | 109, 287 | 981 | 35, 138 | 25, 558 | 25,430 | 2,166 | 25, 869 |
| 101, 192 | 736, 329 | 665, 210 | 4,401 | 158,993 | 125, 653 | 125,082 | 11, 664 | 95, 477 |
| 77,685 | 365, 052 | 386, 097 | 4,635 | 85, 313 | 66, 111 | 65, 767 | 6,455 | 46, 105 |
| 180, 369 | 863, 927 | 1,286, 623 | 9, 244 | 257, 179 | 208, 177 | 207, 939 | 17, 671 | 170,840 |
| 184, 838 | 376, 245 | -829,786 |  | 130,399 | 120,073 | 119,964 | 8,958 | 102, 283 |
| 337, 168 | 1,334,084 | 883,441 | 68, 023 | 214, 948 | 97, 704 | 97, 215 | 13,568 | 120, 545 |
| 937, 605 | 4,100,805 | 4, 223,140 | 89, 816 | 944, 474 | 685, 727 | 683, 785 | 66,026 | 591, 384 |

COMPANIES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 3,212 | 28,482 | ${ }^{64} 30,388$ | 71 | 1,735 | ${ }^{3} 11,524$ | ${ }^{3} 11,524$ |  | 298 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,976 | 16,664 | ${ }^{4} 415,691$ | 4 | 791 | 331,030 | ${ }_{33} 1,031$ |  | 54 |
| 11,460 | 36, 504 | ${ }^{54} 15,519$ | 19 | 2, 027 | ${ }^{33} 1,655$ | ${ }^{33} 1,661$ |  | 852 |
| 13,764 | 28, 340 | 54, 9, 936 | 10 | 1, 556 | ${ }^{33} 1,939$ | ${ }^{33} 1,940$ |  | 66 |
| 11, 660 | 45, 008 | 2, 688 | 113 | 1,583 | 33 2, 366 | ${ }^{33} 2,398$ |  | 143 |
| 45, 442 | 259, 508 | ${ }^{54} 125,161$ | 57 | 4,199 | ${ }^{3} 3,649$ | ${ }^{33} 2,759$ |  | 297 |
| 17,557 | 98, 143 | \% 514,564 | 13 | 1,646 | ${ }^{33} 893$ | ${ }^{33} 1,019$ |  | 1,903 |
| 122,651 | 188, 668 | ${ }^{54} 113,412$ | 248 | 3, 962 | ${ }^{33} 5,236$ | ${ }^{31} 51,236$ |  | 182 |
| 143.677 | 85, 111 | ${ }^{64} 385,946$ |  | 12 | ${ }^{33} 19,240$ | ${ }^{33} 19,240$ |  |  |
| 60, 203 |  | 62,473 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 432, 602 | 786, 428 | ${ }^{54} 635,456$ | 535 | 17, 511 | ${ }^{33} 36,532$ | ${ }^{33} 36,808$ |  | 3,795 |

AND DEALERS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 358 | 2,324 | 1,155 | 4,516 | 5,894 | 758 | 757 | 150 | 219 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 310 | 3,419 | 3,143 | 4,488 | 7,130 | 941 | 939 | 197 | 184 |
| 1,385 | 6,419 | 4,546 | 6,927 | 10,860 | 2,020 | 2,002 | 490 | 393 |
| 4,015 | 6,352 | 6,666 | 7,401 | 12,531 | 2,024 | 1,957 | 467 | 239 |
| 290 | 6,727 | 10,232 | 8,109 | 26,666 | 3,712 | 3,517 | 886 | 658 |
| 14,180 | 20,772 | 18,181 | 14,021 | 26,788 | 4,223 | 3,900 | 921 | 1,789 |
| 2,723 | 15,341 | 14,168 | 2,785 | 8,810 | 3,254 | 3,169 | 568 | 667 |
| 30,374 | 18,979 | 16,899 | 3,199 | 13,611 | 2,686 | 2,426 | 659 | 642 |
| 276,448 | 21,303 | 21,431 | 1,106 | 15,512 | 3,151 | 2,991 | 847 | 2,163 |
| 330,083 | 101,636 | 96,421 | 52,552 | 127,802 | 22,769 | 21,658 | 5,185 | 6,954 |

AND DEALERS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

| 1,609 | 7,120 | ${ }^{34} 6,060$ | 2,168 | 4,046 | ${ }^{33} 1,010$ | ${ }^{38} 1,016$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,662 | 3, 555 | 64247 | 2,517 | 3,567 | 33734 | 33734 | 39 |
| 1,127 | 4,600 | 1,985 | 3,199 | 5, 062 | ${ }^{33} 1,146$ | ${ }^{23} 1,158$ | 28 |
| 1,417 | 4,711 | 1,488 | 2,505 | 4,658 | ${ }^{33} 792$ | 33808 | 59 |
| 613 | 7,016 | 483 | 1,727 | 4, 271 | 33620 | 33647 | 58 |
| 4,425 | 6,032 | 14,821 | 1,777 | 8,340 | ${ }^{33} 1,283$ | 231,471 | 137 |
| 2,823 | 395 | 5,097 | 1,403 | 2,504 | ${ }^{13} 3619$ | ${ }^{33}{ }^{33} 709$ | 77 |
| 25,342 | 514 | 26, 848 | 6,730 | 7,447 | ${ }^{83} 1,714$ | ${ }^{33} 1,714$ | 10 |
|  | 9,000 | 4,372 | 340 | 5,616 | 561 | 33207 |  |
| 38,018 | 42,943 | 48,787 | 22,366 | 45,511 | 33 7, 357 | 488,464 | 480 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 35 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Notes and } \\ & \text { accounts } \\ & \text { receivable } \\ & \text { less } \\ & \text { reserve } \end{aligned}$ | Inventories | Investments 4 | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS ${ }^{\circ}$ AND AGENTS-

|  | 2,785 | 16,032 | 26,694 |  | 4,950 | 8,152 | 60,338 | 27,337 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 957 | 15,995 | 30,717 |  | 8,558 | 8,952 | 68,8.53 | 29,766 |
| 100 | 926 | 32, 444 | 57, 720 |  | 28,249 | 15, 052 | 143,901 | 59,035 |
| 250 | 428 | 33, 311 | 39,021 |  | 58, 663 | 10, 301 | 150,815 | 42,168 |
| 500 | 326 | 46, 384 | 32, 295 |  | 123, 530 | 13,251 | 231.820 | 37, 326 |
| 1,000. | 511 | 185. 802 | 51,950 |  | 875,404 | 47, 258 | 1,264,918 | 66,109 |
| 5,000 | 178 | 137, 644 | 7,036 |  | 992, 738 | 28, 887 | 1,265,312 | 7,811 |
| 10,000 | 237 | 380, 213 | 31, 203 |  | 4, 519,175 | 81, 346 | 5, 417,946 | 44, 877 |
| 50,000 | 58 | 229, 455 | 8,595 |  | 3,606,038 | 42, 574 | 4, 218, 240 | 8,174 |
| 100,000. | 64 | 957, 212 |  |  | 50.686, 461 | 249,657 | 54, 103, 106 |  |
| Total_ | 6,470 | 2,034, 492 | 285, 231 |  | 60, 903, 766 | 505, 430 | 66, 925, 249 | 322, 603 |

TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS ${ }^{\circ}$ AND AGENTS-


INSURANCE CARRIERSI-

| 0. | 105 | 819 |  |  | 964 | 138 | 2,391 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 65 | 1,242 |  |  | 2,503 | 301 | 4,684 |  |
| 100 | 157 | 6,895 |  |  | 14,735 | 1,417 | 26,841 |  |
| 250. | 198 | 15,932 |  |  | 46,873 | 3, 566 | 72, 567 |  |
| 500 | 230 | 31,002 |  |  | 112, 171 | 8,728 | 165,331 |  |
| 1,000 | 452 | 153,149 |  |  | 856,440 | 39,470 | 1,150,930 |  |
| 5,000 | 175 | 134,984 |  |  | 989,966 | 25,101 | 1,248, 324 |  |
| 10,000------- | 233 | 357,965 |  |  | 4,515, 279 | 76,508 | 5, 346, 072 |  |
| 50,000 | 57 | 227, 887 |  |  | 3,563,306 | 42,243 | 4, 164,996 |  |
| 100,000_....- | 64 | 957,212 |  |  | 50,686, 461 | 249, 657 | 54, 103, 106 |  |
| Total | 1,736 | 1,887,087 |  |  | 60, 788,698 | 447, 129 | 66, 285,242 |  |

INSURANCE CARRIERS 0-


[^40]and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable 51 | Capital stock ${ }^{3}$ | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits 63 <br> less <br> deficit 45 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { sales } 11 \text { and } \\ \text { gross re- } \\ \text { ceipts from } \\ \text { operations } 12 \end{gathered}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Incom $^{\text {In }}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  | 573 | 800 | 949 | 1,339 | 208 | 207 | 42 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 930 | 1,469 | 526 | 1,050 | 354 | 350 | 57 | 65 |
|  | 5,572 | 8,904 | 4,097 | 5,187 | 1,204 | 1,184 | 338 | 293 |
|  | 9,876 | 27, 584 | 9,067 | 11, 659 | 2,997 | 2,918 | 874 | 502 |
|  | 21, 108 | 53, 077 | 32,646 | 36,825 | 8,480 | 8,263 | 2,667 | 2, 344 |
|  | 113, 806 | 298, 607 | 248, 825 | 289, 049 | 48, 634 | 46, 958 | 12,609 | 9,454 |
|  | 80, 243 | 266, 961 | 293, 086 | 326, 542 | 47, 209 | 45,695 | 10,466 | 6,625 |
|  | 210,944 | 913, 037 | 1,097,092 | 1, 253, 894 | 196,978 | 192, 236 | 36, 433 | 37, 173 |
|  | 114,444 | 592, 838 | 851, 769 | 1,966,159 | 126,947 | 122, 940 | 15,761 | 24, 647 |
|  | 287, 250 | 2,990,533 | 1, 168, 596 | 2, 755, 779 | 1,493,877 | 1,472, 408 | 31, 278 | 58,257 |
|  | 844,746 | 5,153,810 | 3,706,653 | 5,647, 483 | 1,926,888 | 1,893, 159 | 110, 525 | 139,414 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{3 s}$ | Cash ${ }^{38}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Notes and } \\ & \text { accounts } \\ & \text { receivable } \\ & \text { less } \\ & \text { reserve } \end{aligned}$ | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{49}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{51}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{50}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS-


INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS-

|  | 1,131 | 3, 314 | 7, 195 | 782 | 2,955 | 15, 601 | 9,571 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 137 | 1,256 | 4,961 | 623 | 2,063 | 9,364 | 6,222 |
| 100 | 78 | 1,819 | 5, 838 | 1, 613 | 1,470 | 11,702 | 7,396 |
| 250 | 19 | 1,312 | 2,385 | 810 | 1,111 | 6,276 | 3,366 |
| 500 | 9 | 343 | 3, 683 | 701 | 235 | 5,975 | 4,283 |
| 1,000 | 4 | 2,119 | 3,352 | 1,249 | 344 | 7,915 | 4,983 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,378 | 10,163 | 27, 414 | 5,778 | 8,178 | 56,833 | 35, 821 |

REAL ESTATE, EXCEPT LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY OTHER


REAL ESTATE, EXCEPT LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY OTHER

| 0 | 16,348 | 24, 187 | 28, 410 |  | 23, 954 | 230, 353 | 320, 885 | 79,647 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 5,063 | 14,335 | 25, 648 |  | 30, 927 | 274,347 | 358,718 | 64,319 |
| 100 | 4,469 | 21,300 | 46, 166 | - | 67, 307 | 533, 667 | 695. 095 | 114.035 |
| 250 | 1,601 | 14, 559 | 35, 861 |  | 58, 576 | 422, 808 | 554, 615 | 95, 830 |
| 500 | 808 | 16,008 | 38, 693 |  | 91, 219 | 399, 356 | 557, 343 | 78, 201 |
| 1,000 | 507 | 25, 142 | 57, 032 |  | 139, 176 | 692, 807 | 943, 869 | 127, 805 |
| 5,000. | 24 | 6, 170 | 6, 808 |  | 32, 277 | 112. 402 | 159, 981 | 20,824 |
| 10,000 | 14 | 6,916 | 10,335 |  | 37,379 | 182, 197 | 240, 474 | 46,778 |
| 100,000. | 1 | 220 | 17 |  |  | 101, 135 | 101,914 | 14 |
| Total | 28,835 | 128,837 | 248, 970 |  | 480, 815 | 2,949, 072 | 3, 932, 894 | 627, 453 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable s1 | Capital <br> stock ${ }^{83}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit ${ }^{45}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{18}$ | Total compilcd receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,535 | 14,800 | 10, 650 | 45, 566 | 49,898 | 7,141 | 7,141 | 1,483 | 1,655 |
| 1,559 | 13, 048 | 15, 527 | 39, 452 | 42,197 | 7,174 | 7,170 | 1,666 | 1, 555 |
| 4,557 | 18,921 | 25, 976 | 63, 092 | 67, 690 | 12, 867 | 12, 861 | 3, 506 | 3,461 |
| 2, 048 | 11,853 | 15, 719 | 42, 745 | 45, 164 | 8, 221 | 8,216 | 2,566 | 2,044 |
| 2, 713 | 7,942 | 14,748 | 38,729 | 40, 408 | 8,096 | 8,094 | 2,853 | 2,398 |
| 4,800 | 10, 734 | 21,998 | 78, 549 | 80, 699 | 15, 036 | 15, 030 | 5,508 | 4,750 |
| 1, 663 | 1,360 | 1,555 | 10,527 | 10, 869 | 782 | 782 | 204 | 150 |
| 300 | 3,990 | 8, 900 | 23, 699 | 25,952 | 8,281 | 8,281 | 2,605 | 3,086 |
|  | 25, 117 | 19,949 | 8,729 | 10,682 | 3, 528 | 3,525 | 2,884 | 3,433 |
| 19,175 | 107, 765 | 135, 022 | 351, 088 | 373, 559 | 71, 126 | 71, 100 | 21, 275 | 22, 532 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


THAN BUILDINGS-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 197, 657 | 200, 242 | 70, 285 | 52,073 | 229, 936 | 55,606 | 55, 601 | 11, 421 | 10,278 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 423, 352 | 272, 865 | 160, 190 | 42,888 | 263, 081 | 70,488 | 70, 480 | 15, 264 | 9, 994 |
| 1, 201, 306 | 527, 676 | 377, 786 | 73, 826 | 538, 267 | 138, 883 | 138,843 | 32, 403 | 20,811 |
| 1,027, 103 | 430, 049 | 329, 788 | 74, 724 | 432, 715 | 112, 132 | 112,096 | 30, 286 | 18,589 |
| 890, 496 | 382, 116 | 319, 162 | 225, 652 | 355, 555 | 91, 734 | 91, 610 | 27,977 | 18,929 |
| 1, 286, 601 | 644, 073 | 621, 276 | 340, 752 | 515, 370 | 140, 976 | 140, 759 | 46, 159 | 34, 011 |
| 294, 387 | 172, 052 | 215, 064 | 89, 499 | 132, 294 | 37, 641 | 37, 621 | 12,103 | 9, 601 |
| 330, 600 | 187, 291 | 201, 067 | 93, 863 | 132, 245 | 33, 864 | 33, 735 | 11,023 | 6,724 |
| 2,936 | 28, 283 | 63 34, 516 | 27, 542 | 28, 148 | 2,704 | 2,703 | 1,024 |  |
| 5, 654, 438 | 2, 844, 647 | 2,260, 102 | 1,020, 819 | 2,627, 611 | 684, 028 | 683, 448 | 187, 660 | 128, 937 |

THAN BUILDINGS-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{36}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments 40 | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXOEPT BUILDINGS-

| 0. | 1,486 | 5,643 | 2,864 | 2,556 | 18,563 | 30,791 | 4,317 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 493 | 4,630 | 2,654 | 3,690 | 23,066 | 35,086 | 3,920 |
| 100 | 531 | 7,350 | 6,549 | 11,367 | 53, 492 | 82, 243 | 5,530 |
| 250 | 277 | 10,127 | 6,949 | 15, 266 | 62, 875 | 97,947 | 6,225 |
| 500 | 169 | 9, 817 | 7,594 | 22, 201 | 73, 505 | 116,882 | 8,708 |
| 1,000 | 152 | 13,489 | 13, 890 | 56, 964 | 231, 372 | 323, 665 | 8,851 |
| 5,000 | 40 | 10,547 | 10,884 | 26,958 | 221, 049 | 275, 246 | 5,967 |
| 10,000 | 31 | 15, 872 | 18, 621 | 59,948 | 461, 643 | 568, 632 | 6,178 |
| 50,000 | 7 | 3,042 | 2,591 | 15, 169 | 421, 815 | 449, 070 | 3,077 |
| 100,000 | 5 | 4, 569 | 477 | 60,251 | 643,035 | 711,695 | 1,215 |
| Total | 3,191 | 85, 086 | 73, 073 | 274, 370 | 2,210,415 | 2,691,257 | 53,988 |

LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT BUILDINGS-

| 0. | 950 | 1, 671 | 1,715 | ----------- | 970 | 12,631 | 17,659 | 5,670 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 237 | 1,124 | 752 |  | 1,512 | 12,887 | 17,077 | 4,114 |
| 100 | 268 | 2,427 | 2,177 |  | 3, 812 | 32, 689 | 43,067 | 12,426 |
| 250 | 101 | 1,960 | 2,557 |  | 2,485 | 27, 362 | 35, 974 | 7, 049 |
| 500 | 77 | 1,322 | 2,918 |  | 7,690 | 40,527 | 53, 576 | 8,551 |
| 1,000. | 86 | 1,230 | 3,381 |  | 17, 501 | 150,416 | 177, 456 | 17,266 |
| 5,000. | 15 | 1,602 | 1,792 |  | 826 | 94, 346 | 100,158 | 2,622 |
| 10,000......-- | 15 | 917 | 731 |  | 1,629 | 266,028 | 279, 019 | 4,470 |
| 50,000_...- | 3 | 1,043 | 1,230 |  | 202 | 210,664 | 230, 453 | 1,026 |
| 100,000 | 1 |  |  |  | 1,373 | 146,500 | 147,873 |  |
| Total. | 1,753 | 13,296 | 17,253 |  | 38,000 | 994, 050 | 1,102,312 | 63,194 |

TOTAL SERVICES—RETURNS

|  | 14,315 | 60,947 | 58,017 | 17,342 | 15,993 | 126,446 | 298, 233 | 55,778 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 5,061 | 59,739 | 64,671 | 18, 715 | 24,704 | 174,957 | 361, 120 | 57,300 |
| 100 | 4,396 | 92,487 | 97, 075 | 31,756 | 53, 888 | 377, 168 | 684, 615 | 100, 574 |
| 250 | 1,578 | 72,032 | 72, 758 | 23, 359 | 51, 909 | 304, 269 | 547, 877 | 77, 498 |
| 500 | 845 | 72,894 | 73,122 | 20,931 | 76, 508 | 328, 156 | 591, 299 | 83, 986 |
| 1,000 | 654 | 159, 445 | 141,760 | 47,304 | 197, 143 | 742, 010 | 1,329, 397 | 168,264 |
| 5,000 | 70 | 69, 974 | 57,433 | 24, 532 | 72, 334 | 221, 564 | 460, 745 | 56,194 |
| 10,000 | 29 | 50,461 | 47,376 | 41, 055 | 98, 105 | 268, 852 | 523, 860 | 55,666 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 4,177 | 1,504 | 1,065 | 9,339 | 43, 747 | 61, 408 | 2,004 |
| 100,000 | 4 | 86,956 | 24,657 | 135,534 | 224, 744 | 235, 031 | 726, 782 | 29,529 |
| Total. | 26,953 | 729,112 | 638,373 | 361,593 | 824, 667 | 2,822, 200 | 5, 585, 336 | 686,793 |

TOTAL SERVICES-RETURNS

| 0 | 13,191 | 20,282 | 28,876 | 12,190 | 8,076 | 105, 689 | 190,928 | 71,924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,912 | 9,178 | 15, 610 | 6,919 | 6,279 | 84, 673 | 133, 038 | 37,738 |
| 100 | 1,207 | 13,365 | 20,995 | 7,865 | 10,001 | 117, 085 | 182, 796 | 48, 517 |
| 250. | 354 | 7,765 | 14,229 | 6,333 | 10,540 | 73, 717 | 120, 487 | 33, 071 |
| 500 | 129 | 6,196 | 7,336 | 5,963 | 6,765 | 59,681 | 89,539 | 23,577 |
| 1,000 | 116 | 11,864 | 18,842 | 26,029 | 30,363 | 131, 961 | 231, 204 | 69, 298 |
| 5,000 | 15 | 11, 215 | 7,671 | 17, 251 | 12,368 | 42,786 | 98,558 | 15,682 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 5,661 | 13, 482 | 7,638 | 1,803 | 63,890 | 95, 420 | 13,619 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 3,924 | 7,054 | 17,560 | 9,853 | 5,948 | 50, 658 | 17,180 |
| 100,000 $\ldots . .$. | 1 | 8,774 | 6,373 | 76,198 | 69, 544 | 8,229 | 172,037 | 17,104 |
| Total | 16,929 | 98,224 | 140,468 | 183, 946 | 165,592 | 693, 659 | 1,364,665 | 347, 7 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{6}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{83}$ less deficit 48 | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 4,267 | 42, 100 | ${ }^{34} 22,401$ |  | 10,008 | 5,549 | 5,547 | 1,354 | 3,382 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,881 | 29, 456 | 54, 6362 |  | 8,559 | 4,789 | 4, 786 | 1,253 | 2,579 |
| 9,174 | 60,179 | 1,369 |  | 17,939 | 9,590 | 9,586 | 2,710 | 5,150 |
| 12,791 | 57,729 | 10,735 |  | 21,161 | 12,170 | 12,159 | 3, 962 | 7,287 |
| 12,143 | 51,925 | 37, 845 |  | 23, 218 | 12,318 | 12, 312 | 4,175 | 7,690 |
| 71,744 | 157, 803 | 70,661 |  | 47,422 | 22,587 | 22, 569 | 8,108 | 14, 729 |
| 58,846 | 105, 860 | 94, 485 |  | 26, 530 | 14, 136 | 14, 124 | 5,106 | 8,460 |
| 221, 663 | 197, 933 | 121, 993 |  | 74, 712 | 42, 200 | 42,177 | 15, 762 | 27, 786 |
| 210, 921 | 146, 745 | 55, 780 |  | 22, 891 | 13,285 | 13,285 | 5,086 | 10, 117 |
| 299, 555 | 397, 378 | 5,513 |  | 32, 823 | 19,500 | 19,497 | 7,409 | 9,587 |
| 905, 985 | 1,247, 108 | 369, 618 |  | 285, 263 | 156, 124 | 156, 042 | 54, 925 | 96, 767 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## WITH NET INCOME

| 28,896 | 106,091 | 75,305 | 790,799 | 829,883 | 52,221 | 52,220 | 10,544 | 9,020 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 44,752 | 102,930 | 121,927 | 694,105 | 730,444 | 55,702 | 55,697 | 13,316 | 9,742 |
| 122,123 | 185,843 | 211,792 | $1,034,526$ | $1,095,044$ | 93,903 | 93,885 | 27,073 | 15,672 |
| 99,507 | 129,852 | 188,240 | 746,112 | 792,320 | 77,304 | 77,293 | 26,000 | 14,596 |
| 126,154 | 130,920 | 188,181 | 720,840 | 745,066 | 79,221 | 79,214 | 27,615 | 14,995 |
| 312,494 | 284,474 | 437,693 | $1,445,134$ | $1,498,894$ | 174,364 | 174,329 | 61,913 | 37,027 |
| 84,135 | 107,997 | 165,483 | 466,473 | 478,641 | 71,222 | 71,207 | 26,114 | 16,023 |
| 141,640 | 85,009 | 185,588 | 433,639 | 449,678 | 56,954 | 56,954 | 20,596 | 10,669 |
| 23,968 | 14,796 | 15,740 | 41,793 | 43,232 | 6,530 | 6,530 | 2,455 | 1,888 |
| 101,221 | 105,347 | 449,288 | 572,528 | 624,896 | 69,805 | 69,805 | 25,076 | 31,456 |
| $1,084,890$ | $1,253,259$ | $2,039,237$ | $6,945,949$ | $7,288,098$ | 737,226 | 737,134 | 240,702 | 161,088 |

## WITH NO NET INCOME

| 44,627 | 107, 916 | ${ }_{64} 61,398$ | 431, 253 | 449,233 | ${ }^{33} 40,071$ | ${ }^{33} 40,071$ | 380 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35, 840 | 56, 551 | 54,940 | 182, 634 | 191, 409 | ${ }^{33} 13,018$ | ${ }^{33} 13,018$ | 335 |
| 57,118 | 59,752 | 541,072 | 182, 254 | 198, 849 | 3313,888 | ${ }^{33} 13,888$ | 115 |
| 39,518 | 37,341 | ${ }^{44} 1,424$ | 100, 183 | 109,895 | ${ }^{33} 9,822$ | 33, 9 , 822 | 249 |
| 30,545 | 20,916 | 6,130 | 64, 462 | 67,103 | ${ }^{33} 5,160$ | ${ }^{33} 5,160$ | 43 |
| 93, 045 | 37, 558 | 8,084 | 132, 793 | 136, 790 | 33, 9, 990 | ${ }^{33} 10,011$ | 137 |
| 26,898 | 17,145 | 21, 050 | 68,582 | 79, 626 | ${ }^{33} 5$, 678 | ${ }^{33} 5,678$ |  |
| 27, 646 | 45, 202 | ${ }^{54} 13,660$ | 120,306 | 122,186 | ${ }^{331} 1,910$ | ${ }^{331} 1,910$ | 454 |
| 5,815 | 7,549 | 14, 109 | 34, 013 | 34, 664 | ${ }^{33} 6$ 6, 227 | ${ }^{33} 6$ 6, 227 | 1,002 |
| 47,125 | 45, 773 | 59,741 | 85, 908 | 88, 246 | ${ }^{33} 8,274$ | 33 8, 274 | 7,714 |
| 408, 177 | 435, 703 | 21,620 | 1,402, 388 | 1,478, 001 | ${ }^{33} 114,038$ | ${ }^{33} 114,059$ | 10,429 |

Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets rlasses ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{19}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabilities ${ }^{11}$ | Accounts and notes payable so |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICES: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING

|  | 1, 044 | 4,279 | 2,108 | 870 | 1,069 | 15,735 | 26, 012 | 4,620 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 593 | 4,999 | 3,456 | 1,332 | 2,309 | 28, 332 | 42, 664 | 6,265 |
| 100 | 788 | 12,099 | 7,604 | 3, 609 | 6,807 | 90, 886 | 126, 406 | 14,655 |
| 250 | 375 | 12,971 | 7,279 | 3,382 | 7,706 | 96, 258 | 131, 615 | 12,858 |
| 500 | 290 | 17,801 | 7,764 | 4,811 | 15, 053 | 155, 264 | 206, 085 | 16, 641 |
| 1,000 | 266 | 39, 851 | 21, 314 | 14,110 | 50, 379 | 413, 695 | 554, 189 | 40,984 |
| 5,000 | 24 | 12, 218 | 3, 674 | 3,609 | 18, 076 | 110, 993 | 152, 752 | 12,913 |
| 10,000 | 10 | 11,175 | 10, 342 | 4,865 | 16, 603 | 148, 671 | 199, 309 | 13, 131 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 4,177 | 1,504 | 1,065 | 9,339 | 43,747 | 61, 408 | 2,004 |
| Total. | 3,391 | 119,570 | 65, 045 | 37, 653 | 127, 341 | 1,103, 581 | 1,500,440 | 124, 071 |

SERVICES: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING

| 0 | 951 | 1,406 | 1,071 | 750 | 680 | 15, 387 | 20,896 | 7,647 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 337 | 1, 234 | 870 | 659 | 834 | 18, 744 | 23, 899 | 7, 095 |
| 100 | 298 | 2, 339 | 2, 108 | 1, 058 | 1,511 | 35, 892 | 46, 350 | 10,390 |
| 250 | 97 | 1,584 | 1,570 | 726 | 1,727 | 26,301 | 34, 072 | 5, 792 |
| 500 | 49 | 1,422 | 849 | 1,252 | 1, 030 | 27, 830 | 33, 542 | 6, 209 |
| 1,000 | 46 | 3,849 | 2, 843 | 1,894 | 12, 285 | 73, 559 | 97, 590 | 23, 899 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 3,306 | 563 | 286 | 302 | 15,507 | 20,206 | 1,462 |
| 10,000_......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1, 781 | 15,140 | 9,874 | 6,625 | 18, 369 | 213, 220 | 276, 555 | 62,494 |

SERVICES: PERSONAL SERVICES-

| 0 | 3,370 | 11,307 | 11,780 | 5,132 | 4, 038 | 38,613 | 74, 949 | 13, 166 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,383 | 11,784 | 14, 679 | 6, 469 | 5, 519 | 54,541 | 98, 052 | 13, 931 |
| 100 | 1,078 | 17,483 | 20, 172 | 10, 727 | 12, 488 | 94,745 | 164,685 | 20,541 |
| 250 | 315 | 11,459 | 14,499 | 7,037 | 11, 028 | 57,435 | 107, 351 | 13, 779 |
| 500 | 110 | 6,936 | 9,193 | 5,801 | 10,583 | 37, 733 | 72,910 | 9,393 |
| 1,000 | 41 | 7,136 | 8, 431 | 4,461 | 13,511 | 37, 229 | 72,409 | 6, 403 |
| 5,000 | 4 | 2, 099 | 3,723 | 1,914 | 1,517 | 21, 763 | 31,341 | 2,099 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 322 | 809 | 5,955 | 863 | 6,474 | 14,516 | 2,057 |
| 100, 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 6, 302 | 68, 526 | 83, 286 | 47, 496 | 59, 547 | 348, 533 | 636, 213 | 81, 369 |

SERVICES: PERSONAL SERVICES

|  | 3,043 | 3,749 | 6, 071 | 3,188 | 1,631 | 32, 434 | 50, 566 | 16, 312 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 486 | 1,768 | 4,140 | 1,938 | 1,183 | 22, 119 | 33, 677 | 8,575 |
| 100 | 201 | 1,291 | 3, 015 | 1,693 | 1, 568 | 19,088 | 28,945 | 7,252 |
| 250 | 47 | 918 | 1,506 | 1, 099 | 1, 878 | 8, 853 | 15,508 | 4,396 |
| 500 | 8 | 331 | 892 | 292 | - 589 | 3,350 | 5,603 | 720 |
| 1,000-...-.-.-. | 1 | 99 | 473 | 388 | 7 | 666 | 1,640 | 141 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 3,786 | 8,156 | 16,097 | 8, 598 | 6,856 | 86, 510 | 135, 939 | 37, 396 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit ${ }^{43}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income $\operatorname{tax}^{6}$ | Dividends paid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PLACES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


PLACES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number <br> of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash ${ }^{30}$ | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{39}$ less reserves | Total assets Total liabilities ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable so |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICES: BUSINESS SERVICES-

|  | 3,293 | 14,636 | 17,616 | 2,128 | 3,658 | 17,352 | 59,550 | 12,826 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 889 | 13, 799 | 20, 583 | 2,480 | 5, 593 | 18,066 | 63,946 | 14, 042 |
| 100 | 678 | 21, 201 | 30,766 | 4,420 | 11, 124 | 32,594 | 105, 312 | 23, 832 |
| 250 | 236 | 14, 551 | 23, 424 | 3,489 | 11, 548 | 25, 638 | 83, 790 | 18, 476 |
| 500 | 142 | 20, 226 | 28, 183 | 3,933 | 20, 276 | 24, 661 | 101, 393 | 26, 600 |
| 1,000 | 113 | 38, 824 | 65, 188 | 11, 409 | 43,450 | 59,973 | 227, 786 | 60, 456 |
| 5,000 | 17 | 21,527 | 31, 088 | 7,103 | 25, 107 | 25, 267 | 116, 123 | 19, 218 |
| 10,000 | 7 | 17,772 | 18,723 | 4, 298 | 31, 005 | 45, 166 | 123, 696 | 17, 418 |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,375 | 162, 536 | 235, 571 | 39, 260 | 151, 761 | 248, 717 | 881, 596 | 192, 868 |

SERVICES: BUSINESS SERVICES-

| - | 2,832 | 4,939 | 8,509 | 1,531 | 1,950 | 12,732 | 32,613 | 13, 591 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 238 | 2,239 | 4,613 | 878 | 1, 330 | 5,507 | 16, 335 | 5,166 |
| 100 | 179 | 3, 603 | 7,481 | 1,598 | 2, 444 | 9, 214 | 26, 761 | 9, 162 |
| 250 | 60 | 2,219 | 5, 068 | 726 | 3,517 | 7, 334 | 20, 203 | 6, 747 |
| 500 | 15 | 1,516 | 1,573 | 479 | 1,251 | 5,724 | 10,881 | 4,493 |
| 1,000. | 11 | 2,072 | 4, 104 | 874 | 3,182 | 3, 613 | 17, 450 | 4, 230 |
| 5,000- | 6 , | 5,328 | 1,081 | 187 | 7,995 | 21, 893 | 40,615 | 2, 264 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 1,265 | 5,098 | 669 | 165 | 32, 334 | 39, 681 | 4,564 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,342 | 23, 181 | 37, 527 | 6,942 | 21,834 | 98, 351 | 204, 539 | 50,217 |

SERVICES: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND

|  | 1,589 | 6,482 | 6,942 | 3,425 | 1,465 | 12,000 | 32,842 | 5,967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 1,383 | 3,765 | 4,228 | 2, 881 | 1,633 | 13, 555 | 27, 121 | 5, 309 |
| 100 | 283 | 4, 065 | 4,668 | 3, 183 | 1, 560 | 29,304 | 44, 745 | 7,859 |
| 250 | 104 | 3,270 | 2, 868. | 1,885 | 1,504 | 25, 042 | 35, 404 | 7,258 |
| 500 | 40 | 1,751 | 2,151 | 960 | 2, 749 | 19,553 | 27, 971 | 5, 290 |
| 1,000 | 20 | 2,100 | 2, 887 | 894 | 2, 404 | 29,997 | 39, 167 | 4, 815 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 1,259 | 2,520 | 28 | 437 | 7,424 | 11, 854 | 2, 928 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2, 421 | 22, 692 | 26, 264 | 13,256 | 11, 752 | 136, 875 | 219, 104 | 39,426 |

SERVICES: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND

|  | 1,001 | 1,171 | 2,545 | 1,858 | 450 | 7, 531 | 14,697 | 4,863 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50.-. | 99 | 406 | 645 | 823 | 158 | 4, 312 | 6,656 | 1,853 |
| 100 | 39 | 240 | 758 | 488 | 352 | 3, 584 | 5,715 | 1,934 |
| 250 | 8 | 83 | 202 | 99 | 1 | 1,946 | 2, 509 | 378 |
| 500. | 3 | 12 | 127 | 126 | 250 | 1, 576 | 2, 162 | 571 |
| 1,000 | 2 | 150 | 1,384 | 126 | 290 | 1,237 | 3,208 | 455 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \ldots-. \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,152 | 2,062 | 5,661 | 3, 520 | 1,501 | 20, 186 | 34,947 | 10, 054 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{31}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{32}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit ${ }^{45}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross re- ceipts from operations 12 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\operatorname{tax}^{\text {Income }}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3,348 | 22,066 | 14,351 | 170, 006 | 176, 825 | 10,822 | 10,821 | 2, 172 | 1,596 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3, 477 | 16, 362 | 23, 223 | 156, 349 | 162, 849 | 10,910 | 10,908 | 2, 603 | 1,754 |
| 8, 908 | 26, 171 | 34, 740 | 228, 736 | 239, 868 | 15, 814 | 15, 813 | 4,617 | 2,515 |
| 6, 849 | 18,821 | 28,559 | 165, 524 | 172, 589 | 13, 475 | 13, 472 | 4, 664 | 3, 008 |
| 4,702 | 23,355 | 31,335 | 172, 687 | 177, 499 | 15,740 | 15,739 | 5,615 | 3,342 |
| 16, 828 | 40, 326 | 75, 915 | 453, 700 | 463, 492 | 39, 861 | 39, 843 | 14,455 | 9,315 |
| 14,749 | 24, 021 | 43, 208 | 156, 356 | 157, 717 | 23, 478 | 23, 478 | 8,827 | 6,405 |
| 17, 593 | 17, 432 | 41, 550 | 136, 622 | 138, 147 | 19,802 | 19,802 | 7,278 | 4,131 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76, 454 | 188, 554 | 292, 881 | 1, 639, 980 | 1,688, 986 | 149, 902 | 149, 876 | 50, 231 | 32, 066 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME



## GARAGES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 3, 788 | 10,063 | 9,166 | 91, 010 | 97, 229 | 5,901 | 5,901 | 1,250 | 778 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,904 | 6,116 | 8,682 | 44,305 | 47, 976 | 3,983 | 3,983 | 1925 | 392 |
| 11, 764 | 8,765 | 12,706 | 49,215 | 53, 812 | 6,204 | 6, 204 | 1,722 | 440 |
| 9, 732 | 4, 303 | 11, 465 | 29,349 | 36, 111 | 5,189 | 5, 189 | 1,630 | 267 |
| 9,597 | 7,305 | - 515 | 24, 751 | 26, 981 | 3, 743 | 3, 743 | 1,210 | 178 |
| 14,438 | 5, 686 | 11, 568 | 28, 676 | 31, 514 | 5,248 | 5,248 | 1,772 | 385 |
| 1,658 | 4,163 | 2,344 | 4,173 | 5, 429 | 1,621 | 1, 621 | 465 | 120 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55, 881 | 46,401 | 56, 446 | 271,479 | 299, 052 | 31, 889 | 31, 889 | 8,974 | 2,560 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

GARAGES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 30 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Investments ${ }^{10}$ | Capital assets ${ }^{30}$ less <br> reserves | Total assets Total liabili ties ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICES: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES, HAND

|  | 803 | 2,600 | 4,478 | 2,961 | 328 | 4,983 | 16, 120 | 3,197 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 174 | 2, 005 | 2,989 | 2, 386 | 464 | 3,847 | 12,083 | 2,016 |
| 100 | 117 | 2, 201 | 4, 056 | 5,047 | 705 | 4,929 | 17, 328 | 3,585 |
| 250 | 31 | 1,635 | 2,938 | 2,541 | 819 | 2,230 | 10,549 | 2,317 |
| 600 | 6 | 690 | 1,127 | 648 | 186 | 848 | 3,626 | 615 |
| 1,000. | 4 | 502 | 2,161 | 2,028 | 1,060 | 968 | 6,770 | 3, 373 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 1,272 | 7,598 | 3,919 | 100 | 5, 265 | 19,398 | 5,194 |
| 10,000 <br> 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,138 | 10,905 | 25, 347 | 19,530 | 3,662 | 23, 070 | 85, 874 | 20,297 |

SERVICES: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES, HAND

| 0 | 645 | 654 | 1,808 | 1,936 | 202 | 3,018 | 8,020 | 2,736 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 42 | 174 | 1, 446 | 758 | 133 | 1,262 | 2,960 | 1, 027 |
| 100 | 19 | 293 | 588 | 663 | 63 | 1,084 | 2,814 | 1,027 |
| 250 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 500 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 14 | 819 | 10 | 852 |  |
| 1,000 | 1 | 38 | 508 | 282 | 1 | 464 | 1,342 | 599 |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total- | 708 | 1,162 | 3,353 | 3,653 | 1,218 | 5,838 | 15,988 | 5,389 |

SERVICES: MOTION PICTURES-

| 0 | 1,239 | 8,837 | 4, 483 | 550 | 2,688 | 12,994 | 32,145 | 5,855 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 798 | 11,971 | 8,543 | 681 | 5,266 | 27, 557 | 57,376 | 6,791 |
| 100 | 806 | 19,682 | 14, 221 | 1,430 | 12, 606 | 72, 030 | 125, 139 | 16, 199 |
| 250 | 268 | 13, 414 | 9,406 | 1, 684 | 11, 412 | 53.511 | 92, 893 | 13, 124 |
| 500 | 132 | 10,671 | 9,531 | 1,626 | 15, 721 | 51, 877 | 92, 860 | 13, 514 |
| 1,000 | 99 | 24, 124 | 19, 208 | 12, 093 | 38, 264 | 96, 783 | 197, 353 | 26, 405 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 12,068 | 5,594 | 6,784 | 11,419 | 12,654 | 49,685 | 7,284 |
| 10,000 | 9 | 17, 552 | 5,806 | 25, 884 | 41, 870 | 66, 694 | 161,083 | 11, 249 |
| 100,000. | 4 | 86, 956 | 24, 657 | 135, 534 | 224, 744 | 235, 031 | 726, 782 | 29, 529 |
| Total | 3,363 | 205, 275 | 101, 449 | 186, 266 | 363, 990 | 629, 131 | 1, 535, 316 | 129,950 |

SERVICES: MOTION PICTURES-

| 0 | 921 | 1,880 | 2,142 | 670 | 996 | 7,823 | 15,116 | 6,588 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 188 | 831 | 1,336 | 693 | 703 | 8,864 | 13,378 | 4,480 |
| 100 | 147 | 1,696 | 2,104 | 846 | 1,276 | 15,398 | 22, 366 | 7,602 |
| 250 | 61 | 1,172 | 2, 858 | 3,120 | 1,158 | 11, 052 | 20,915 | 10,516 |
| 500 | 28 | 1,773 | 2, 605 | 3, 566 | 359 | 10,427 | 19,966 | 8, 102 |
| 1,000 | 41 | 4, 012 | 8,373 | 21,940 | 5,551 | 40,747 | 84,960 | 35, 645 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 2, 302 | 3,693 | 15, 582 | 3, 369 | 4, 285 | 30,523 | 11,705 |
| 10,000- | 2 | 4,396 | 8,384 | 6, 969 | 1,638 | 31, 556 | 55, 739 | 9,055 |
| 50,000 | 1 | 3,924 | 7,054 | 17,560 | 9, 853 | 5,948 | 50,658 | 17, 180 |
| 100,000 | 1 | 8,774 | 6,373 | 76, 198 | 69,544 | 8,229 | 172, 037 | 17, 104 |
| Total. | 1,395 | 30,760 | 44, 922 | 147, 144 | 94, 447 | 144, 329 | 485, 658 | 127, 877 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{51}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{62}$ | Surplus and undivided profits ${ }^{53}$ less deficit ${ }^{5}$ | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 1,106 | 6, 006 | 4,032 | 44,937 | 45,322 | 2,418 | 2,418 | 477 | 159 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -923 | 3, 806 | 4, 104 | 27,356 | 27,576 | 1,856 | 1,856 | 426 | 128 |
| 1,489 | 4, 817 | 5,442 | 40, 112 | 40, 528 | 2,597 | 2, 597 | 761 | 240 |
| 620 | 2, 072 | 4,251 | 26,882 | 27,025 | 2,087 | 2,087 | 751 | 202 |
| 169 | 622 | 1,619 | 10,304 | 10,581 | 825 | 825 | 307 | 199 |
| . 772 | 806 | 786 | 13,949 | 14, 130 | 706 | 706 | 268 |  |
| 1,672 | 1,301 | 7,790 | 46, 075 | 46, 112 | 5,379 | 5,379 | 2,027 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6, 751 | 19,430 | 28, 024 | 209, 615 | 211, 274 | 15, 868 | 15, 868 | 5,017 | 928 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TRADES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 2,244 | 8,460 | 11,667 | 86, 807 | 90, 892 | 8,755 | 8,755 | 1,806 | 3,122 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,978 | 12, 791 | 24, 848 | 91,381 | 95, 964 | 11, 817 | 11, 816 | 3, 057 | 3,520 |
| 27,652 | 27, 866 | 38,833 | 147, 514 | 155, 233 | 21, 821 | 21, 818 | 6,693 | 4,933 |
| 15, 134 | 16, 915 | 38,100 | 97, 699 | 104, 595 | 16,847 | 16,845 | 5,746 | 4, 099 |
| 14,580 | 16,616 | 41,043 | 86, 760 | 94, 109 | 16, 224 | 16, 224 | 5,343 | 4,140 |
| 37,828 | 25, 163 | 92, 840 | 195, 738 | 210, 289 | 33, 534 | 33, 534 | 11,462 | 8, 138 |
| 1,725 | 12,825 | 23, 504 | 66, 259 | 68, 899 | 9,927 | 9, 927 | 3, 394 | 2,299 |
| 33, 651 | 43, 446 | 59,337 | 149, 606 | 156, 382 | 18, 002 | 18,002 | 6,798 | 2, 259 |
| 101, 221 | 105,347 | 449, 288 | 572, 528 | 624, 896 | 69, 805 | 69,805 | 25, 076 | 31, 456 |
| 241, 013 | 269, 429 | 779,460 | 1, 494, 292 | 1,601, 259 | 206, 732 | 206, 726 | 69, 375 | 63, 966 |

## RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,441 <br> 3,653 | 6,572 <br> 4,390 | $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 4 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 38,697 13,643 | 40,421 14,247 | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 33 \\ & 33 \\ & 1,200 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 33 \\ 33 \\ 33 \\ 1,2020 \\ 2 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  | 105 2 |
| 8,226 | 6,365 | 842,040 | 15,676 | 16, 491 | ${ }^{3} 1,425$ | ${ }^{33} 1,425$ |  | 3 |
| 7,367 | 4,010 | ${ }^{44} 4,336$ | 19,296 | 21, 236 | 33 3, 868 | 33 3, 868 |  | 105 |
| 7,470 | 2,906 | ${ }^{4} 1,335$ | 15, 213 | 15, 648 | ${ }^{33} 1,826$ | ${ }^{33} 1,826$ |  | 6 |
| 26, 810 | 9,049 | 2,028 | 65, 471 | 66, 364 | 33 4, 632 | 33 4, 632 |  |  |
| 10,685 | 2,566 | 2,766 | 25, 609 | 26, 790 | 33 4,747 | 33 4,747 |  |  |
| 27, 646 | 10, 202 | ${ }^{54} 13,660$ | 71, 781 | 73, 632 | ${ }^{33} 1,870$ | ${ }^{33} 1,870$ |  | 454 |
| 5, 815 | 7,549 | 14, 109 | 34,013 <br> 85 | 34, 664 | 33 33 3 6,227 | ${ }^{33} \mathbf{3} 6,227$ |  | 1,002 |
| 47, 125 | 45,773 | 59, 741 | 85, 908 | 88,246 | ${ }^{33} 8,274$ | ${ }^{33} 8,274$ |  | 7, 714 |
| 149, 238 | 99, 382 | 51, 839 | 385, 307 | 397, 739 | ${ }^{33} 37,302$ | ${ }^{33} 37,302$ |  | 9,391 |

Table 6.-Corparation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets classes ${ }^{48}$ | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{25}$ | Cash 36 | Notes and accounts receivable less reserve | Inventories | Invest. ments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital assets 30 less reserves | Total assetsTotal liabillities ${ }^{11}$ | Accounts and notes payable ${ }^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

SERVICES: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION

|  | 1,199 | 4,753 | 2,563 | 729 | 916 | 12,493 | 22,886 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 360 | 4,510 | 2,159 | 901 | 1,385 | 15, 280 | 25, 387 | 3,595 |
| 100 | 277 | 5,219 | 3,146 | 1,068 | 2,274 | 29,483 | 43,158 | 6, 176 |
| 250 | 114 | 7,338 | 3,169 | 1,022 | 2,699 | 23,426 | 39,594 | 3, 539 |
| 500 | 65 | 7,389 | 6,787 | 426 | 4,890 | 22,704 | 44, 198 | 7,318 |
| 1,000 | 80 | 37,061 | 10,382 | 676 | 34,326 | 90, 863 | 180, 109 | 20,676 |
| 5,000 | 10 | 14,596 | 2,602 | 994 | 12,843 | 34,008 | 66,523 | 5,859 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 $\ldots .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,105 | 80, 866 | 30,808 | 5,816 | 59,333 | 228, 257 | 421,855 | 51,377 |

SERVICES: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION

| 0 | 1,837 | 2,908 | 2,220 | 787 | 899 | 16,536 | 25,456 | 10,617 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | ${ }_{300}$ | 1,368 | 1,109 | 428 | 895 | 15,585 | 20, 822 | 5, 854 |
| 100 | 189 | 1,706 | 2,158 | 597 | 969 | 21,894 | 28,909 | 6,845 |
| 250. | 51 | 1,178 | 1,647 | 298 | 652 | 12,752 | 17,197 | 3,006 |
| 500 | 13 | , 754 | -605 | 44 | 603 | 6, 240 | 8,612 | 2,100 |
| 1,000 | 10 | 1,043 | 356 | 377 | 6, 020 | 10,193 | 18,547 | 3,111 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 5,000 \\ & 10,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total- | 2,400 | 8,957 | 8,095 | 2, 531 | 10,038 | 83, 200 | 119,543 | 31, 533 |

OTHER SERVICES, INCLUDING SOHOOLS-

| 0 | 1,778 | 8,053 | 8,047 | 1, 547 | 1,831 | 12, 276 | 33,729 | 5,933 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 481 | 6,906 | 8,034 | 1,585 | 2,535 | 13,779 | 34, 491 | 5,351 |
| 100 | 369 | 10,537 | 12,442 | 2, 272 | 6,324 | 23,197 | 57,842 | 7,727 |
| 250 | 135 | 7,394 | 9,175 | 2, 319 | 5,193 | 20, 729 | 46,681 | 6,147 |
| 500 | 60 | 7,430 | 8,386 | 2,726 | 7,050 | 15, 516 | 42, 256 | 4,615 |
| 1,000 | 31 | 9,847 | 12,189 | 1,633 | 13,749 | 12,502 | 51,614 | 5,152 |
| 5,000. | 2 | 4,935 | 634 | 181 | 2,835 | 4,190 | 13, 069 | 699 |
| 10,000 | 2 | 3,640 | 11,696 | 53 | 7,764 | 1,847 | 25, 256 | 11,811 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000.....- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,858 | 58, 742 | 70,603 | 12,316 | 47,281 | 104, 036 | 304, 938 | 47,435 |

OTHER SERVICES, INCLUDING SCHOOLS-

|  | 1,961 | 3,575 | 4,510 | 1,470 | 1,268 | 10, 228 | 23, 564 | 9,570 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 222 | 1,158 | 2, 451 | 742 | 1,043 | 8, 280 | 15,311 | 3,688 |
| 100 | 135 | 2,197 | 2,783 | 922 | 1,818 | 10,931 | 20,936 | 4,305 |
| 250-- | 30 | 611 | 1,378 | 265 | 1,607 | 5,479 | 10,083 | 2,236 |
| 500 | 12 | 385 | 682 | 190 | 1,864 | 4,524 | 7,921 | 1,382 |
| 1,000. | 4 | 601 | 801 | 148 | 3,027 | 1,482 | 6,467 | 1,218 |
| 5,000- | 1 | 279 | 2,334 | 1,196 | 702 | 1,101 | 7,214 | 251 |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 100,000......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,365 | 8,806 | 14,939 | 4,933 | 11, 329 | 42,025 | 91,496 | 22,650 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued

## figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and <br> mortgages <br> payable s1 | Capital <br> stock 62 | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits 53 <br> less <br> deficit 46 | Gross <br> sales 1 and <br> gross re- <br> ceipts from <br> operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total <br> compiled <br> receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Compiled <br> net profit <br> or net loss | Net in- <br> come or <br> deficit 4 | Income <br> tax ${ }^{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

PICTURES-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME


PICTURES-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME



RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 6.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by total assets classes, no net income: ${ }^{4}$ Number of returns, selected assets and liabilities, selected receipts, and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Total assets classes and money

| Total assets <br> classes 48 | Number <br> of returns <br> with <br> balance <br> sheets ${ }^{35}$ | Cash 20 | Notes and <br> accounts <br> receivable <br> less <br> reserve | Inven- <br> tories | Invest- <br> ments ${ }^{40}$ | Capital <br> assets <br> less <br> leserves | Total <br> assets- <br> Total <br> liabili- <br> tles ${ }^{41}$ | Accounts <br> and notes <br> payable 50 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE-


NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE-

| 0 | 1,926 | 3,850 | 4,870 | 731 | 2, 402 | 5,058 | 18,395 | 8,647 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 131 | 1, 141 | 2,972 | 466 | 1,865 | 1,840 | 9, 124 | 8, 581 |
| 100 | 117 | 2,158 | 3, 568 | 888 | 5, 138 | 4,786 | 18,179 | 2,740 |
| 250 | 52 | 2, 335 | 4, 359 | 134 | 5,570 | 3,708 | 17,440 | 4,059 |
| 500 | 37 | 2,657 | 5, 256 | 1,255 | 7,449 | 8,064 | 25, 878 | 4,062 |
| 1,000 | 24 | 1,722 | 8,233 | 180 | 10,667 | 16, 111 | 42, 250 | 3, 198 |
| 5,000. | 2 | 199 | 1,756 | 803 | 7,223 | 2, 209 | 12,277 | 2,854 |
| 10,000 | 1 | 37 | 36 | 479 | 2, 400 | 16,159 | 19,134 | 56 |
| 50,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,290 | 14,099 | 31, 050 | 4,936 | 42, 714 | 57,935 | 162, 677 | 34, 197 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash -Continued
figures in thousands of dollars]

| Bonds and mortgages payable ${ }^{31}$ | Capital stock ${ }^{52}$ | Surplus and <br> undivided <br> profits <br> less <br> deficit 45 <br> defer | Gross sales ${ }^{11}$ and gross receipts from operations ${ }^{12}$ | Total compiled receipts | Compiled net profit or net loss | Net income or deficit 4 | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{s}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid ${ }^{6}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## RETURNS WITH NET INCOME

| 699 | 4,654 | 125 | 10,851 | 11,917 | 1,625 | 1,621 | 310 | 452 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 429 | 2, 058 | 1,436 | 7,865 | 8,249 | 858 | 858 | 213 | 157 |
| 1,902 | 4,854 | 4,450 | 12,548 | 13,949 | 1,731 | 1,730 | 455 | 167 |
| 1,288 | 4,296 | 3, 050 | 9,242 | 10,689 | 922 | 922 | 283 | 60 |
| 958 | 3, 193 | 5, 420 | 7,388 | 8,323 | 1,138 | 1,138 | 317 | 135 |
| 5, 266 | 16, 383 | 2,825 | 10, 212 | 11,576 | 1, 487 | 1,484 | 444 | 207 |
| 3, 312 | 3, 089 | 3, 535 | 13, 263 | 13, 664 | 3,210 | 3,210 | 1,203 | 199 |
| 2,800 | 1,000 | 6,825 | 15, 661 | 17,312 | 531 | 531 | 182 |  |
| 16,654 | 39, 527 | 27, 666 | 87, 030 | 95, 679 | 11,502 | 11, 494 | 3,407 | 1,377 |

RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME


Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{65}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \operatorname{tax}{ }^{6} \end{gathered}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |
| ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 74, 248 | 30,419 | 5,483 | 11, 208 | 86,967 | 25, 746 | 12,366 |
| 1 | 37, 465 | 54, 773 | 10, 164 | 13, 159 | 24,470 | 35, 519 | 3,547 |
| 2 | 26, 349 | 65, 297 | - 12,377 | 10,500 | 15, 416 | 38, 078 | 2,948 |
| 3 | 20, 389 | 70, 983 | 13, 592 | 10, 675 | 10,923 | 37, 916 | 2, 221 |
| 4 | 17, 257 | 77, 514 | 15, 053 | 10, 927 | 8, 048 | 36, 031 | 2, 365 |
| 5 | 54, 533 | 394, 052 | 80, 155 | 58, 602 | 22, 119 | 156, 702 | 6,759 |
| 10. | 31, 987 | 393, 774 | 83, 458 | 59, 766 | 9, 644 | 117, 762 | 5,417 |
| 15 | 22, 489 | 391, 366 | 84, 434 | 59, 772 | 5,361 | 92, 688 | 2,732 |
| 20 | 20, 221 | 455. 811 | 100, 925 | 64, 140 | 3,255 | 72, 749 | 4,308 |
| 25. | 35, 284 | 1,227, 329 | 360, 665 | 212, 638 | 6, 715 | 232, 766 | 7,542 |
| 50 | 23, 291 | 1, 638, 322 | 587, 407 | 286, 950 | 3,174 | 219, 384 | 7,667 |
| 100 | 17,930 | 2, 783, 257 | 999, 583 | 492, 989 | 1, 577 | 236,550 | 12, 168 |
| 250 | 6, 815 | 2, 371, 864 | 842, 652 | 479, 572 | 444 | 151, 415 | 9, 844 |
| 500 | 3, 612 | 2, 512, 794 | 881, 216 | 557, 414 | 167 | 118, 864 | 5, 646 |
| 1,000 | 3, 149 | 6, 494, 787 | 2, 252, 495 | 1, 768, 068 | 92 | 175, 283 | 6,497 |
| 5,000--.-.-------- | 422 | 2, 933, 395 | 992,884 | 879, 915 | 7 | 49,666 | 15,612 |
| 10,000..---------- | 419 | 14, 377, 513 | 4, 597, 540 | 4, 302, 541 | 4 | 51, 107 |  |
| Total. | 395, 860 | 36,273, 250 | $5611,920,260$ | 9,278, 836 | 198, 383 | 1,848, 226 | 107, 639 |

TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISHERY

| 0. | 696 | 292 | 48 | 246 | 1,064 | 337 | 91 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 403 | 587 | 97 | 251 | 399 | 577 | 30 |
| 2 | 285 | 689 | 123 | 140 | 254 | 625 | 45 |
| 3 | 244 | 850 | 152 | 187 | 233 | 811 | 206 |
| 4 | 216 | 976 | 177 | 207 | 139 | 625 | 17 |
| 5. | 707 | 5,166 | 1,022 | 774 | 424 | 3, 025 | 66 |
| 10 | 403 | 4,975 | 1,019 | 681 | 207 | 2,549 | 53 |
| 15. | 279 | 4,859 | 1,068 | 726 | 121 | 2,099 | 75 |
| 20. | 231 | 5,244 | 1, 132 | 470 | 78 | 1,765 | 25 |
| 25. | 515 | 18, 120 | 5, 044 | 2, 875 | 144 | 4,914 | 44 |
| 50 | 281 | 19,424 | 6,485 | 3, 360 | 47 | 3,282 | 470 |
| 100 | 194 | 29, 833 | 10, 359 | 3, 740 | 25 | 3, 470 | 37 |
| 250 | 66 | 22, 253 | 7,376 | 4,172 | 5 | 1, 497 | 50 |
| 500 | 23 | 15, 334 | 5, 139 | 1, 617 | 1 | 572 |  |
| 1,000 | 8 | 18, 030 | 6, 405 | 3, 395 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 1 | 6,708 | 2,515 | 4,000 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 ....------. -- | 1 | 92, 354 | 30,899 | 35, 100 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 4, 553 | 245, 694 | 79, 060 | 61,941 | 3,141 | 26,148 | 1,209 |

FARMS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

| 0 | 626 | 264 | 44 | 243 | 948 | 300 | 85 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 363 | 528 | 87 | 80 | 360 | 521 | 30 |
| 2 | 265 | 640 | 115 | 118 | 227 | 560 | 45 |
| 3. | 225 | 785 | 141 | 172 | 215 | 748 | 206 |
| 4. | 205 | 927 | 170 | 201 | 115 | 515 | 17 |
| 5. | 656 | 4,789 | 954 | 693 | 378 | 2, 708 | 66 |
| 10. | 384 | 4,739 | 970 | 660 | 185 | 2,280 | 53 |
| 15. | 265 | 4,616 | 1,014 | 681 | 106 | 1,849 | 50 |
| 20. | 216 | 4,917 | 1,068 | 414 | 73 | 1,654 | 25 |
| 25 | 477 | 16,818 | 4, 703 | 2,539 | 129 | 4,407 | 16 |
| 50 | 267 | 18,488 | 6, 172 | 3,083 | 43 | 3,009 | 470 |
| 100 | 176 | 27, 055 | 9,508 | 3, 598 | 23 | 3,199 | 37 |
| 250 | 61 | 20, 488 | 6, 929 | 2,903 | 5 | 1,497 | 50 |
| 500 | 18 | 12, 067 | 4,169 | 1,298 | 1 | 572 | -- |
| 1,000. | 7 | 16,909 | 6, 101 | 3, 395 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 1 | 6,708 | 2,515 | 4, 000 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 1 | 92, 354 | 30,899 | 35, 100 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 4,213 | 233, 092 | 75, 559 | 59,178 | 2,808 | 23,819 | 1,150 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$

| Number of <br> returns 10 | Net in- <br> come 4 | Income <br> tax $s$ | Dividends <br> paid in <br> eash and <br> assets other <br> than own <br> stock 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Returns with no net income

| Number of |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| returns 10 |$\quad$ Deficit 4 | Dividends |
| :---: |
| paid in |
| cash and |
| assets other |
| than own |
| stock 0 |

## FORESTRY



FISHE RY


TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING

| 0. | 533 | 236 | 39 | 263 | 1,283 | 328 | 109 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 321 | 479 | 80 | 253 | 317 | 460 | 111 |
| 2 | 263 | 649 | 113 | 320 | 222 | 544 | 96 |
| 3 | 186 | 653 | 106 | 175 | 150 | 517 | 82 |
| 4. | 172 | 769 | 139 | 244 | 151 | 680 | 22 |
| 5 | 611 | 4,454 | 827 | 1,218 | 455 | 3,342 | 283 |
| 10 | 390 | 4,778 | 950 | 1,311 | 214 | 2, 632 | 344 |
| 15 | 299 | 5,197 | 1,047 | 1,584 | 139 | 2,422 | 99 |
| 20 | 300 | 6,773 | 1,476 | 1,757 | 110 | 2,451 | 171 |
| 25 | 732 | 26, 213 | 7,582 | 5, 966 | 264 | 9,281 | 2,128 |
| 50 | 558 | 40, 011 | 13,956 | 9,765 | 165 | 11, 376 | 457 |
| 100 | 562 | 88,903 | 31, 973 | 21, 972 | 74 | 11,105 | 737 |
| 250. | 260 | 93, 255 | 33, 201 | 30,332 | 28 | 9,453 | 1,298 |
| 500 | 145 | 99, 248 | 36, 011 | 28,183 | 5 | 3, 665 | 327 |
| 1,090 | 143 | 319,523 | 112, 103 | 102, 429 | 5 | 10,586 | 10 |
| 5,000 | 15 | 104, 970 | 34,469 | 46, 155 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 13 | 425, 714 | 139, 606 | 205, 869 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 5,503 | 1,221,825 | 413,678 | 457, 796 | 3,582 | 68, 842 | 6,274 |

For footnotes, see pp. 345-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit 4 | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING



MINING AND QUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING

| 0 | 79 | 35 | 6 | 28 | 208 | 61 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 60 | 89 | 14 | 5 | 75 | 110 | 53 |
| 2 | 60 | 148 | 27 | 93 | 45 | 114 | 7 |
| 3. | 43 | 151 | 28 | 25 | 38 | 131 | 10 |
| 4 | 45 | 203 | 42 | 46 | 43 | 195 | 1 |
| 5 | 125 | 925 | 181 | 228 | 111 | 831 | 7 |
| 10 | 84 | 1,011 | 207 | 228 | 62 | 767 | 103 |
| 15 | 59 | 1,021 | 206 | 119 | 23 | 482 | 25 |
| 20 | 66 | 1,499 | 341 | 267 | 19 | 422 |  |
| 25 | 202 | 7,214 | 2,129 | 960 | 64 | 2,271 | 69 |
| 50 | 174 | 12,160 | 4,424 | 2, 840 | 24 | 1,649 | 7 |
| 100. | 185 | 29,191 | 10,732 | 6, 088 | 11 | 1,689 | 699 |
| 250 | 122 | 44,635 | 16, 248 | 16,109 | 1 | 259 | 104 |
| 500 | 68 | 46, 580 | 17, 116 | 10,310 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 57 | 119,310 | 42,958 | 24,338 |  |  | - |
| 5,000 | 3 | 18, 902 | 7,110 | 5, 014 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 2 | 35,533 | 11, 269 | 9,098 |  |  |  |
| Total | 1,434 | 318, 597 | 113,038 | 75,796 | 729 | 8,971 | 1,089 |

[^41]Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Returas with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{8}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |
| MINING AND QUAR RYING: CRUDE PETROLE UM AND NATURAL GAS PRODUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0............... | 334 | 147 | 25 | 194 | 496 | 133 | 35 |
| 1. | 185 | 277 | 48 | 227 | 131 | 186 | 36 |
| 2 | 136 | 336 | 60 | 154 | 91 | 223 | 11 |
| 3. | 108 | 382 | 62 | 142 | 64 | 219 | 2 |
| 4. | 89 | 397 | 68 | 196 | 52 | 235 |  |
| 5 | 315 | 2, 283 | 434 | 859 | 165 | 1,222 | 232 |
| 10 | 194 | 2,372 | 473 | 807 | 83 | 1,010 | 241 |
| 15. | 140 | 2,420 | 491 | 1,035 | 50 | 883 | 74 |
| 20 | 130 | 2,935 | 637 | 1,133 | 51 | 1,125 | 91 |
| 25 | 292 | 10,540 | 2, 942 | 3,482 | 102 | 3, 564 | 1,686 |
| 50. | 222 | 16, 086 | 5,330 | 4,393 | 72 | 4,995 | 450 |
| 100 | 242 | 37,906 | 13, 284 | 10,880 | 35 | 5,152 |  |
| 250 | 72 | 25,479 | 8,643 | 7,679 | 22 | 7, 520 | 1, 130 |
| 500 | 46 | 31, 056 | 11, 141 | 11,596 | 5 | 3,665 | 327 |
| 1,000 | 45 | 108, 874 | 37,765 | 38,451 | 5 | 10, 586 | 10 |
| 5,000 | 7 | 46, 108 | 16,694 | 16,775 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 6 | 172, 608 | 59,320 | 73, 526 |  |  |  |
| Total | 2, 563 | 460, 206 | 157, 417 | 171, 529 | 1, 424 | 40, 718 | 4,325 |


| MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0..--.............- | 86 | 41 | 7 | 40 | 233 | 59 | 15 |
| 1. | 63 | 95 | 15 | 8 | 73 | 110 | 22 |
| 2 | 53 | 130 | 21 | 36 | 57 | 134 | 70 |
| 3. | 30 | 102 | 15 | 8 | 22 | 78 |  |
| 4 | 29 | 129 | 23 | 2 | 27 | 122 | 12 |
| 5 | 135 | 970 | 172 | 85 | 108 | 776 | 25 |
| 10 | 95 | 1,187 | 231 | 183 | 36 | 455 |  |
| 15 | 86 | 1,506 | 313 | 157 | 24 | 421 |  |
| 20 | 87 | 1,967 | 426 | 232 | 24 | 548 |  |
| 25 | 194 | 6,913 | 2,106 | 754 | 46 | 1,606 | 30 |
| 50 | 126 | 9, 121 | 3, 373 | 1,672 | 21 | 1,426 |  |
| 100 | 104 | 16,626 | 6, 184 | 2,707 | 2 | 263 | -- |
| 250 | 41 | 14, 250 | 5,231 | 3, 512 |  |  |  |
| 500 | 14 | 8,977 | 3,326 | 1,474 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 15 | 30, 777 | 11,047 | 6, 646 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 1 | 25,847- | 9,821 | 18, 450 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,159 | 118, 638 | 42,311 | 35, 966 | 673 | 5, 998 | 174 |
| CONSTRUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0. | 2,535 | 1,067 | 192 | 144 | 3, 094 | 938 | 406 |
| 1. | 1,347 | 1,983 | 361 | 120 | 983 | 1,420 | 28 |
| 2 | 968 | 2, 405 | 444 | 136 | 609 | 1,498 | 48 |
| 3 | 809 | 2, 810 | 526 | 193 | 464 | 1,599 | 7 |
| 4. | 726 | 3,260 | 626 | 154 | 318 | 1,424 | 49 |
| 5 | 2,335 | 16,946 | 3,417 | 947 | 814 | 5, 801 | 93 |
| 10 | 1,380 | 17, 042 | 3,633 | 932 | 346 | 4, 201 | 37 |
| 15 | 1,096 | 19, 131 | 4,092 | 1,106 | 211 | 3, 649 | 56 |
| 20. | 1,055 | 23, 930 | 5,350 | 1,240 | 111 | 2,472 | 7 |
| 25 | 1,709 | 59,366 | 17,736 | 4, 517 | 230 | 8,038 | 83 |
| 50 | 1,084 | 76, 715 | 27, 888 | 6,545 | 95 | 6,541 | 35 |
| 100 | 732 | 111, 653 | 41, 409 | 9,001 | 41 | 5,996 | 114 |
| 250 | 229 | 78, 882 | 28, 772 | 8,181 | 6 | 1,962 |  |
| 500 | 97 | 68,545 | 24, 201 | 9,725 | 2 | 1,187 |  |
| 1,000 | 45 | 83, 395 | 29,799 | 13,723 | 1 | 1,500 |  |
| 5,000 | 7 | 45, 714 | 16,969 | 6, 878 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 1 | 12, 402 | 4, 696 | 2,976 |  |  |  |
| Total | 16,155 | 625, 246 | 210, 111 | 66,518 | 7,325 | 48,226 | 963 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figares in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \operatorname{tax}^{8} \end{gathered}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |
| TOTAL MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9,162 | 3,864 | 658 | 1,158 | 11,360 | 4, 016 | 1,136 |
| 1. | 5, 030 | 7, 342 | 1,283 | 1,542 | 4,594 | 6, 721 | 895 |
| 2 | 3,737 | 9.292 | 1,671 | 1, 522 | 3, 399 | 8,453 | 479 |
| 3 | 2,896 | 10,109 | 1, 851 | 1,199 | 2,565 | 8,919 | 501 |
| 4 | 2, 572 | 11, 581 | 2, 169 | 1,537 | 2, 013 | 9, 020 | 988 |
| 5 | 8, 621 | 62, 528 | 12, 389 | 7,943 | 6,466 | 46, 310 | 1,889 |
| 10 | 5,567 | 68,774 | 14,333 | 9,801 | 3,438 | 42, 052 | 2,364 |
| 15 | 4, 070 | 71, 042 | 15, 255 | 9,653 | 2, 032 | 35,207 | 721 |
| 20 | 4,158 | 93, 692 | 20,800 | 11, 646 | 1,304 | 29,231 | 575 |
| 25 | 7, 853 | 277, 254 | 83,481 | 43,799 | 3, 082 | 107, 604 | 1,689 |
| 50 | 6, 552 | 467, 336 | 171, 817 | 74,191 | 1,601 | 111, 354 | 3,644 |
| 100 | 6, 318 | 997, 294 | 370, 734 | 168, 445 | 880 | 132, 632 | 4,537 |
| 250 | 2,935 | 1, 032, 519 | 382, 393 | 185, 559 | 238 | 80, 475 | 2, 862 |
| 500 | 1, 864 | 1, 307, 220 | 484, 059 | 254, 365 | 87 | 62, 989 | 1,386 |
| 1,000 | 1,813 | 3, 813, 010 | 1, 412, 199 | 843, 107 | 43 | 76, 417 | 2,936 |
| 5,000 | 255 | 1, 762, 956 | 652, 474 | 426, 512 | 3 | 21, 218 | 6,897 |
| 10,000 | 235 | 8, 932, 660 | 3, 194, 019 | 2, 561, 294 | 3 | 31, 867 |  |
| Total | 73,638 | 18, 928, 473 | 6,821, 585 | 4, 603, 273 | 43, 108 | 814, 485 | 33, 499 |
| MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 181 | 78 | 13 | 36 | 235 | 90 | 14 |
| 1. | 92 | 138 | 25 | 15 | 127 | 183 | 8 |
| 2 | 77 | 194 | 37 | 38 | 91 | 233 | 3 |
| 3. | 68 | 238 | 44 | 26 | 93 | 323 | 67 |
| 4 | 49 | 220 | 42 | 45 | 78 | 354 | 6 |
|  | 183 | 1,300 | 261 | 141 | 303 | 2,232 | 532 |
| 10 | 120 | 1, 465 | 314 | 263 | 169 | 2,090 | 484 |
| 15. | 100 | 1, 743 | 380 | 256 | 114 | 1,958 | 11 |
| 20 | 104 | 2,330 | 522 | 363 | 71 | 1,566 | 16 |
| 25. | 208 | 7,495 | 2,237 | 1,977 | 167 | 5,830 | 32 |
| 50 | 186 | 12,797 | 4, 643 | 3, 111 | 84 | 5,991 | 25 |
| 100 | 151 | 24, 012 | 8, 807 | 5, 155 | 67 | 10, 366 | 72 |
| 250 | 89 | 32, 270 | 12,003 | 6,224 | 30 | 6, 087 | 128 |
| 500 | 58 | 40, 614 | 14, 683 | 9, 583 | 8 | 5,770 | 392 |
| 1,000 | 72 | 149, 777 | 55, 974 | 28, 107 | ---------- |  | --.----....- |
| 5,000 | 4 | 30, 001 | 11, 397 | 2,074 |  | - | ----------- |
| 10,000_..........- | 9 | 206, 322 | 77, 799 | 49, 142 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,751 | 510,994 | 189, 181 | 106, 556 | 1,627 | 43,043 | 1,790 |

MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS

| 0. | 787 | 343 | 60 | 131 | 924 | 328 | 160 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 476 | 703 | 127 | 278 | 393 | 578 | 35 |
| 2 | 324 | 808 | 151 | 141 | 327 | 808 | 122 |
| 3. | 287 | 1, 008 | 184 | 270 | 227 | 795 | 31 |
| 4. | 236 | 1, 057 | 202 | 235 | 208 | 924 | 73 |
| 5 | 855 | 6, 243 | 1,258 | 1,011 | 629 | 4,567 | 200 |
| 10. | 594 | 7, 329 | 1, 533 | 1,325 | 380 | 4,673 | 556 |
| 15. | 430 | 7, 512 | 1,623 | 1, 864 | 239 | 4,136 | 92 |
| 20. | 412 | 9, 314 | 2,067 | 1,425 | 141 | 3, 177 | 28 |
| 25 | 784 | 27, 746 | 8, 241 | 5, 012 | 380 | 13, 124 | 322 |
| 50 | 614 | 44, 356 | 16, 200 | 7,412 | 226 | 15, 757 | 636 |
| 100 | 603 | 93, 159 | 34, 404 | 16,814 | 136 | 20, 158 | 358 |
| 250 | 256 | 88,855 | 33, 002 | 17, 663 | 33 | 10,783 | 394 |
| 500 | 121 | 84, 206 | 31, 038 | 19, 760 | 14 | 10,403 | 7 |
| 1,000 | 110 | 234, 419 | 85, 903 | 67, 572 | 5 | 8,333 | 631 |
| 5,000 | 23 | 157, 418 | 57, 280 | 53, 387 | 2 | 15,811 | 6,897 |
| 10,000. | 19 | 457, 885 | 170, 139 | 153, 182 |  |  |  |
| Total | 6,931 | 1,222, 361 | 443, 412 | 347, 482 | 4,264 | 114, 355 | 10,542 |

[^42]Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and asscts other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | $\underset{\text { tax }^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{\text {to }}$ | Deficit 4 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dividends } \\ \text { paid in } \\ \text { cash and } \\ \text { assets other } \\ \text { than own } \\ \text { stock }{ }^{6} \end{gathered}$ |

MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES

| 0.-.-.---.-.-.-.--- | 8 | 4 | 1 | --- | 25 | 10 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 3 | 4 | 1 |  | 12 | 16 | 51 |
| 2 | 5 | 12 | 3 | 256 | 9 | 22 |  |
| 3 | 3 | 10 | 2 |  | 5 | 18 | - |
| 4. | 3 | 14 | 2 |  | 2 | 9 | - |
| 5 | 15 | 100 | 18 | 4 | 12 | 84 | - |
| 10. | 7 | 83 | 18 | 18 | 8 | 101 |  |
| 15 | 7 | 121 | 27 | 11 | 4 | 76 |  |
| 20. | 6 | 133 | 30 | 38 | 8 | 175 | 8 |
| 25 | 13 | 487 | 155 | 103 | 10 | 354 | 4 |
| 50 | 8 | 571 | 206 | 75 | 3 | 191 |  |
| 100 | 20 | 3, 309 | 1,219 | 579 | 2 | 327 | . |
| 250 | 6 | 2,538 | 925 | 755 | 2 | 665 | - |
| 500 | 2 | 1,524 | 575 | 765 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 10 | 26, 080 | 9,656 | 7,475 |  |  | - |
| 5,000 | 3 | 18, 662 | 6,978 | 8, 084 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 4 | 190, 130 | 71,610 | 70,886 |  |  |  |
| Total | 123 | 243, 782 | 91, 426 | 89,049 | 102 | 2,048 | 63 |

MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODUCTS

| 0 | 324 | 136 | 24 | 84 | 375 | 134 | 46 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 159 | 236 | 40 | 88 | 179 | 258 | 157 |
| 2 | 151 | 371 | 65 | 27 | 126 | 314 | 11 |
| 3 | 102 | 351 | 66 | 58 | 102 | 351 | 116 |
| 4 | 114 | 516 | 96 | 101 | 83 | 375 | 5 |
| 5 | 396 | 2, 878 | 563 | 336 | 280 | 2, 022 | 77 |
| 10. | 262 | 3, 220 | 658 | 397 | 176 | 2, 174 | 52 |
| 15. | 227 | 3,948 | 861 | 407 | 122 | 2, 122 | 21 |
| 20. | 240 | 5, 411 | 1, 186 | 544 | 73 | 1,612 | 115 |
| 25. | 466 | 16, 820 | 5, 197 | 2, 729 | 191 | 6,635 | 103 |
| 50 | 403 | 28, 703 | 10, 524 | 4, 062 | 120 | 8,695 | 118 |
| 100 | 516 | 82, 158 | 30,696 | 12, 080 | 62 | 9,571 | 118 |
| 250 | 284 | 101, 774 | 37, 838 | 14,443 | 22 | 7,384 | 134 |
| 500 | 241 | 166, 692 | 62, 267 | 28, 359 | 5 | 3,430 | 265 |
| 1,000 | 227 | 492, 237 | 183, 531 | 85,938 | 1 | 1, 240 |  |
| 5,000 | 31 | 221, 204 | 83, 226 | 43,357 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 18 | 427, 357 | 159,630 | 99,217 |  |  |  |
| Total | 4,161 | 1,554, 012 | 576, 468 | 292, 227 | 1,917 | 46,317 | 1,338 |

MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE FROM FABRICS

| 0 | 1,500 | 630 | 115 | 110 | 1,595 | 603 | 195 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 852 | 1, 233 | 221 | 300 | 628 | 925 | 33 |
| 2 | 587 | 1,452 | 268 | 129 | 509 | 1,263 | 8 |
| 3 | 428 | 1,480 | 273 | 165 | 388 | 1,343 | 24 |
| 4 | 372 | 1,679 | 318 | 102 | 283 | 1,259 | 5 |
| 5 | 1, 182 | 8, 562 | 1,732 | 878 | 1, 011 | 7, 353 | 177 |
| 10. | 713 | 8,789 | 1,845 | 991 | 513 | 6,263 | 103 |
| 15 | 500 | 8,797 | 1,932 | 869 | 276 | 4,804 | 70 |
| 20. | 508 | 11, 463 | 2,571 | 1, 122 | 206 | 4,606 | 29 |
| 25. | 729 | 25, 517 | 7,903 | 3, 562 | 404 | 14, 409 | 113 |
| 50 | 554 | 39,915 | 14,918 | 5,478 | 167 | 11, 144 | 92 |
| 100 | 431 | 66, 051 | 24, 878 | 8,954 | 83 | 11, 867 | 514 |
| 250 | 133 | 47, 176 | 17, 779 | 6,199 | 11 | 3,920 | 59 |
| 500 | 64 | 42, 465 | 15, 749 | 6,914 | 3 | 1,981 | 1 |
| 1,000 | 39 | 65, 950 | 24, 271 | 11, 272 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 3 | 18, 486 | 6,991 | 11, 699 |  |  |  |
| 10,000.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.----- | 8,595 | 349, 645 | 121, 764 | 58, 744 | 6,077 | 71, 740 | 1,423 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \operatorname{tax}^{5} \end{gathered}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ |

MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE

| 0.----------------- | 373 | 151 | 25 | 14 | 484 | 170 | 68 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 191 | 278 | 48 | 16 | 203 | 295 | 6 |
| 2 | 159 | 395 | 71 | 51 | 166 | 410 | 36 |
| 3 | 133 | 457 | 84 | 53 | 127 | 434 | 14 |
| 4 | 111 | 498 | 95 | 149 | 110 | 494 | 12 |
| 5. | 436 | 3,160 | 618 | 263 | 303 | 2,145 | 21 |
| 10 | 300 | 3, 748 | 776 | 402 | 149 | 1,831 | 83 |
| 15. | 204 | 3, 553 | 757 | 382 | 97 | 1,672 | 10 |
| 20 | 254 | 5, 755 | 1, 270 | 554 | 74 | 1,674 | 16 |
| 25. | 515 | 18, 160 | 5,286 | 2, 172 | 161 | 5, 639 | 41 |
| 50 | 405 | 28, 676 | 10,386 | 3, 559 | 68 | 4,674 | 45 |
| 100 | 383 | 59, 512 | 21, 527 | 8,375 | 35 | 5,437 | 132 |
| 250 | 192 | 67, 168 | 24, 190 | 8,477 | 5 | 1,600 | 25 |
| 500 | 123 | 86, 072 | 30,931 | 15, 061 | 4 | 2, 790 | 244 |
| 1,000 | 90 | 170, 743 | 58,953 | 36, 458 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 8 | 56, 764 | 20,327 | 8, 766 |  |  | - |
| 10,000 .........-- | 2 | 62, 723 | 20,803 | 14, 065 |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,879 | 567, 813 | 196, 147 | 98,817 | 1,986 | 29, 265 | 753 |


| MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FIXTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.-.--------------- | 395 | 166 | 28 | 17 | 405 | 156 | 44 |
| 1.-.-.-----.-.-.--- | 219 | 318 | 53 | 32 | 216 | 313 | 56 |
| 2 | 153 | 383 | 69 | 16 | 133 | 332 |  |
|  | 135 | 472 | 88 | 47 | 96 | 334 | 3 |
| 4 | 124 | 558 | 102 | 83 | 79 | 355 | 4 |
| 5. | 333 | 2, 360 | 466 | 141 | 247 | 1,759 | 11 |
| 10. | 206 | 2,544 | 514 | 183 | 119 | 1,443 | 14 |
| 15. | 166 | 2, 859 | 619 | 278 | 79 | 1, 373 | 12 |
| 20 | 156 | 3, 501 | 778 | 364 | 37 | 1,832 | 7 |
| 25. | 245 | 8,414 | 2,493 | 1,201 | 108 | 3, 715 | 16 |
| 50. | 210 | 15,048 | 5,688 | 1,869 | 56 | 3, 859 | 69 |
| 100. | 233 | 36, 393 | 13, 509 | 4,986 | 23 | 3, 561 | 24 |
| 250 | 86 | 28,667 | 10, 786 | 4,564 | 3 | 1,182 | -- |
| 500 | 34 | 23, 135 | 8,670 | 3, 774 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 25 | 42, 327 | 16, 019 | 9,211 | 2 | 3, 061 | 154 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 17, 053 | 6, 424 | 4,281 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 1 | 10,807 | 3,938 | 3,205 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,724 | 195, 005 | 70,244 | 34, 252 | 1,603 | 22, 275 | 414 |
| MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0. | 138 | 62 | 11 | 22 | 141 | 56 | 3 |
| 1. | 84 | 126 | 22 | 59 | 54 | 82 | 25 |
| 2 | 59 | 143 | 28 | 24 | 46 | 114 | 14 |
| 3 | 55 | 191 | 36 | 28 | 27 | 95 | 1 |
| 4 | 50 | 223 | 41 | 25 | 21 | 94 |  |
| 5 | 179 | 1,337 | 271 | 235 | 113 | 823 | 3 |
| 10. | 123 | 1,539 | 334 | 293 | 55 | 704 | 112 |
| 15 | 100 | 1, 729 | 386 | 420 | 40 | 698 | 4 |
| 20. | 95 | 2,144 | 472 | 387 | 30 | 666 | 19 |
| 25. | 198 | 7,084 | 2, 152 | 1,199 | 59 | 2,019 | 6 |
| 50 | 231 | 16,557 | 6,160 | 2,853 | 39 | 2, 671 | 250 |
| 100 | 242 | 38, 818 | 14, 442 | 7,753 | 22 | 3,096 | 28 152 |
| 250 | 125 | 43, 493 | 16, 189 | 7,595 | 11 | 3,671 | 152 |
| 500 | 86 | 62, 083 | 23, 135 | 12, 256 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 101 | 223, 660 | 83, 388 | 42, 049 |  |  | - |
| 5,000 | 21 | 149, 082 | 55, 580 | 36, 055 | ---- |  |  |
| 10,000. | 11 | 250,516 | 93, 191 | 58, 973 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 1,898 | 798, 787 | 295,838 | 170,226 | 658 | 14,789 | 617 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income |  |  |  | Returns with no net income * |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{65}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | $\underset{\text { tax }}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock 0 |

MANUFACTURING: PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES


MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| 0 | 662 | 248 | 39 | 102 | 1,079 | 338 | 120 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 288 | 420 | 68 | 57 | 1,363 | 528 | 27 |
| 2 | 213 | 529 | 93 | 108 | 232 | 579 | 11 |
| 3 | 169 | 593 | 106 | 88 | 175 | 609 | 52 |
| 4 | 134 | 609 | 114 | 118 | 112 | 503 | 31 |
| 5 | 419 | 3, 074 | 591 | 638 | 382 | 2,691 | 103 |
| 10 | 298 | 3, 703 | 773 | 637 | 200 | 2,474 | 135 |
| 15. | 214 | 3, 733 | 801 | 604 | 103 | 1,791 | 83 |
| 20. | 213 | 4,810 | 1,074 | 940 | 94 | 2,098 | 38 |
| 25. | 457 | 15, 925 | 4,658 | 3, 329 | 191 | 6,674 | 94 |
| 50. | 429 | 30, 507 | 11, 197 | 6, 027 | 89 | 6,169 | 159 |
| 100 | 380 | 60, 581 | 22, 338 | 13, 123 | 42 | 6,403 | 184 |
| 250 | 167 | 60, 411 | 21,791 | 14, 511 | 18 | 5,862 | 134 |
| 500 | 94 | 68,725 | 25, 034 | 14,984 | 6 | 4, 101 | 16 |
| 1,000. | 134 | 304, 436 | 111, 824 | 83, 720 | 2 | 5,746 | 499 |
| 5,000 | 21 | 137, 384 | 50, 612 | 29, 154 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 31 | 1,032,846 | 358,413 | 369, 398 |  |  |  |
| Total... | 4,323 | 1,728,534 | 609,526 | 537, 538 | 3,088 | 46,566 | 1,686 |

MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS

| 0. | 17 | 8 | 1 |  | 56 | 14 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10 | 15 | 2 | 8 | 13 | 20 |  |
| 2. | 10 | 24 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 36 | 92 |
| 3. | 11 | 39 | 6 | 6 | 17 | 60 |  |
| 4 | 8 | 35 | 7 | 37 | 4 | 17 |  |
| 5 | 40 | 293 | 54 | 70 | 21 | 159 | 6 |
| 10. | 24 | 293 | 62 | 58 | 9 | 112 | -- |
| 15. | 16 | 284 | 53 | 32 | 9 | 156 | -- |
| 20 | 21 | 477 | 100 | 49 | 3 | 70 |  |
| 25. | 43 | 1,545 | 466 | 221 | 12 | 406 | 20 |
| 50 | 45 | 3,130 | 1,103 | 570 | 8 | 521 | 226 |
| 100 | 50 | 8,143 | 3, 050 | 1, 213 | 6 | 1, 019 | 26 |
| 250 | 44 | 16,467 | 5,899 | 3,314 | 2 | 886 |  |
| 500 | 36 | 25, 004 | 9, 266 | 4,182 | 4 | 2,486 |  |
| 1,000 | 41 | 96, 770 | 34, 292 | 14, 257 | 1 | 1,028 | . |
| 5,000 | 6 | 44, 166 | 16, 702 | 5,973 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 31 | 1,803,487 | 588, 977 | 672, 745 | 1 | 10, 152 |  |
| Total.-...- | 453 | 2,000, 180 | 660,044 | 702, 739 | 181 | 17, 142 | 370 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income 4 |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | $\text { Income }_{\text {tax }^{5}}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS

| 0 | 26 | 8 | 1 |  | 51 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 19 | 28 | 4 | 6 | 12 | 18 |  |
| 2 | 14 | 36 | 6 |  | 16 | 40 |  |
| 3. | 17 | 62 | 10 | 6 | 9 | 32 | 5 |
| 4. | 12 | 54 | 10 | 1 | 8 | 36 |  |
| 5. | 40 | 277 | 49 | 386 | 43 | 303 | 5 |
| 10 | 28 | 344 | 65 | 36 | 16 | 196 | 30 |
| 15 | 22 | 379 | 75 | 115 | 17 | 305 | 20 |
| 20 | 24 | 533 | 111 | 76 | 7 | 153 | 14 |
| 25 | 40 | 1,440 | 447 | 458 | 22 | 756 | 12 |
| 50. | 48 | 3,442 | 1,231 | 600 | 6 | 438 | 19 |
| 100 | 49 | 7,922 | 2, 989 | 1,478 | 7 | 894 |  |
| 250 | 35 | 11,906 | 4,469 | 1,972 | 2 | 620 |  |
| 500 | 27 | 17, 283 | 6,515 | 5,586 | 3 | 2,384 |  |
| 1,000 | 25 | 42, 334 | 15, 991 | 12,143 | , | 1,149 |  |
| 5,000- | 1 | 5, 202 | 1,909 | 1,665 |  |  |  |
| 10,000-....-.-...-- | , | 171,065 | 58, 415 | 41, 181 |  |  |  |
| Total.....-- | 431 | 262,315 | 92, 297 | 65, 718 | 220 | 7,345 | 105 |

MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| 0. | 231 | 98 | 17 | 43 | 229 | 82 | 46 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 107 | 146 | 27 | 35 | 114 | 169 | 21 |
| 2 | 94 | 235 | 42 | 22 | 102 | 254 | 10 |
| 3 | 74 | 257 | 49 | 21 | 73 | 252 | 1 |
| 4 | 56 | 255 | 48 | 98 | 62 | 279 |  |
| 5 | 229 | 1,630 | 322 | 250 | 188 | 1, 348 | 37 |
| 10 | 142 | 1,764 | 377 | 338 | 106 | 1,282 | 258 |
| 15. | 93 | 1,639 | 354 | 186 | 78 | 1,340 | 48 |
| 20. | 97 | 2,173 | 485 | 260 | 39 | 872 | 42 |
| 25. | 202 | 7,069 | 2,124 | 1,141 | 151 | 5,412 | 45 |
| 50 | 168 | 11, 622 | 4, 274 | 2,279 | 79 | 5, 782 | 208 |
| 100 | 150 | 23, 604 | 8,783 | 5, 407 | 42 | 6, 132 | 149 |
| 250 | 37 | 12,912 | 4,801 | 2,972 | 7 | 2,456 | 12 |
| 500 | 27 | 18, 709 | 7,049 | 4,770 | 1 | 737 | 54 |
| 1,000. | 25 | 48, 054 | 17,981 | 11, 273 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 1 | 5, 628 | 2, 139 | 1,992 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 1 | 22,639 | 8,576 | 10, 200 |  |  |  |
| Total.- | 1,734 | 158, 434 | 57,448 | 41,287 | 1,271 | 26.397 | . 931 |

MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| 0 | 271 | 126 | 20 | 22 | 377 | 132 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 156 | 231 | 39 | 23 | 169 | 249 | 13 |
| 2 | 121 | 303 | 55 | 36 | 132 | 334 | 41 |
| 3. | 93 | 328 | 62 | 17 | 98 | 343 | 11 |
| 4. | 99 | 452 | 86 | 21 | 74 | 332 | 8 |
| 5 | 291 | 2,145 | 416 | 149 | 212 | 1,501 | 7 |
| 10. | 222 | 2, 743 | 578 | 283 | 105 | 1, 275 | 74 |
| 15. | 154 | 2,698 | 563 | 259 | 36 | 616 |  |
| 20. | 180 | 4,063 | 883 | 350 | 25 | 563 |  |
| 25 | 381 | 13, 559 | 4,164 | 1,675 | 52 | 1, 802 | 27 |
| 50 | 334 | 24, 379 | 9,010 | 3, 301 | 27 | 1,834 |  |
| 100. | 284 | 43, 210 | 16, 106 | 6,973 | 26 | 4,009 | 67 |
| 250 | 108 | 36, 752 | 13,783 | 5, 720 | 4 | 1,310 | 62 |
| 500 | 71 | 51,843 | 19, 342 | 10,437 | 4 | 2,581 | 14 |
| 1,000 | 66 | 132, 040 | 49,478 | 27,897 | 1 | 2,096 |  |
| 5,000. | 12 | 81, 150 | 30, 038 | 20, 318 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 8 | 153, 464 | 58, 064 | 47,355 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,851 | 549, 486 | 202, 687 | 124, 836 | 1,342 | 18,977 | 333 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income * |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{65}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock 6 | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock 0 |

MANUFACTURING: PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIES


MANUFACTURING: FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS, EXCEPT ORDNANCE,
MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| 0. | 622 | 263 | 43 | 18 | 802 | 309 | 88 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 349 | 511 | 87 | 52 | 339 | 505 | 92 |
| 2 | 286 | 712 | 122 | 106 | 227 | 566 | 15 |
| 3 | 228 | 803 | 139 | 75 | 194 | 677 | 17 |
| 4 | 179 | 805 | 145 | 48 | 147 | 664 | 62 |
| 5 | 672 | 4, 922 | 958 | 489 | 474 | 3,386 | 252 |
| 10. | 467 | 5,710 | 1,207 | 806 | 260 | 3, 189 | 109 |
| 15 | 370 | 6, 497 | 1, 430 | 584 | 137 | 2,365 | 56 |
| 20. | 353 | 7,984 | 1,788 | 764 | 75 | 1,694 | 20 |
| 25 | 691 | 24, 661 | 7,591 | 2,964 | 190 | 6, 609 | 53 |
| 50 | 680 | 48, 833 | 18, 123 | 7,528 | 111 | 7,648 | 174 |
| 100 | 738 | 118,499 | 44, 450 | 19, 109 | 47 | 7, 344 | 233 |
| 250. | 316 | 109, 450 | 41,082 | 17,600 | 13 | 4,195 | 183 |
| 500 | 204 | 144, 398 | 54, 026 | 27, 018 | 3 | 2, 454 | 42 |
| 1,000 | 144 | 302, 172 | 113,304 | 64, 240 | 1 | 4,808 |  |
| 5,000 | 9 | 62, 576 | 23, 469 | 16, 138 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 12 | 231, 232 | 82, 546 | 58, 698 |  |  |  |
| Total | 6,320 | 1.070.028 | 390.510 | 216.237 | 3,020 | 46, 413 | 1,396 |

MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL

| 0 | 613 | 264 | 45 | 75 | 820 | 303 | 43 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 380 | 555 | 94 | 53 | 338 | 493 | 139 |
| 2 | 282 | 694 | 120 | 154 | 257 | 639 | 55 |
| 3 | 233 | 818 | 142 | 67 | 205 | 721 | 81 |
| 4 | 206 | 921 | 168 | 55 | 177 | 797 | 14 |
| 5 | 670 | 4,894 | 942 | 725 | 500 | 3, 599 | 130 |
| 10. | 470 | 5,790 | 1,179 | 922 | 259 | 3,140 | 63 |
| 15. | 328 | 5,726 | 1,187 | 767 | 164 | 2, 824 | 88 |
| 20 | 327 | 7,340 | 1,627 | 800 | 107 | 2,405 | 141 |
| 25. | 691 | 24, 347 | 7,338 | 4,101 | 238 | 8,342 | 95 |
| 50. | 630 | 45,126 | 16,480 | 6,161 | 121 | 8,442 | 101 |
| 100 | 664 | 105, 902 | 39, 467 | 16, 730 | 85 | 13, 280 | 139 |
| 250 | 343 | 121, 998 | 45, 263 | 20, 794 | 17 | 5, 879 | 505 |
| 500 | 233 | 166, 618 | 62, 631 | 29, 250 | 6 | 4,941 |  |
| 1,000 | 234 | 474,934 | 178, 417 | 102, 195 | 2 | 2,990 | 240 |
| 5,000 | 33 | 229, 006 | 86, 389 | 47, 449 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 25 | 605, 326 | 227, 209 | 151,835 |  |  |  |
| Total_---.--- | 6,362 | 1,800,259 | 668, 698 | 382, 133 | 3.296 | 58, 795 | 1,834 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income 4, |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |



## MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT MOTOR VEHICLES

| 0. | 67 | 30 | 4 | 1 | 126 | 38 | 40 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 35 | 48 | 8 | 3 | 30 | 45 |  |
| 2 | 21 | 50 | 8 | 2 | 28 | 70 |  |
| 3 | 17 | 62 | 11 | 3 | 24 | 87 | 38 |
| 4 | 23 | 104 | 16 | 34 | 17 | 75 |  |
| 5. | 55 | 394 | 78 | 46 | 79 | 571 | 56 |
| 10 | 41 | 513 | 102 | 84 | 46 | 566 | 118 |
| 15 | 25 | 430 | 84 | 38 | 23 | 406 | 87 |
| 20 | 27 | 598 | 130 | 67 | 19 | 430 | 1 |
| 25 | 59 | 2, 085 | 560 | 305 | 46 | 1,604 | 26 |
| 50 | 46 | 3, 264 | 1, 109 | 372 | 20 | 1,414 | 3 |
| 100. | 45 | 6,950 | 2, 464 | 865 | 21 | 3, 228 | 524 |
| 250 | 29 | 10,615 | 3, 668 | 2, 203 | 3 | 1,137 | 112 |
| 500 | 25 | 18, 213 | 6, 326 | 2,959 | 4 | 3, 273 |  |
| 1,000 | 34 | 82, 813 | 29, 495 | 23, 091 | 5 | 9, 594 | 145 |
| 5,000 | 6 | 38, 794 | 12, 692 | 14,570 | 1 | 5,407 |  |
| 10,000 | 8 | 106, 002 | 39, 873 | 51, 900 | 1 | 10,587 |  |
| Total | 563 | 270,965 | 96,628 | 96,543 | 493 | 38, 532 | 1,150 |

MANUFACTURING: MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL

| 0 | 72 | 34 | 6 | 199 | 106 | 39 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 49 | 72 | 13 | 11 | 34 | 48 |  |
| 2 | 32 | 80 | 15 | 4 | 31 | 79 |  |
| 3 | 31 | 109 | 20 | 8 | 23 | 81 |  |
| 4. | 19 | 85 | 17 | 5 | 30 | 134 |  |
| 5 | 84 | 600 | 114 | 53 | 85 | 595 | 2 |
| 10. | 63 | 793 | 171 | 55 | 49 | 601 | 1 |
| 15. | 48 | 835 | 168 | 86 | 20 | 331 |  |
| 20 | 45 | 1, 013 | 225 | 22 | 16 | 358 |  |
| 25 | 102 | 3, 625 | 1,067 | 461 | 48 | 1,768 | 11 |
| 50 | 91 | 6, 648 | 2, 439 | 635 | 24 | 1,712 | 28 |
| 100 | 82 | 12,884 | 4, 806 | 1,579 | 8 | 1,209 | 909 |
| 250 | 47 | 16,542 | 6, 141 | 6,312 | 7 | 2,590 | 243 |
| 500 | 35 | 24, 828 | 9, 382 | 3, 837 | 3 | 1,883 |  |
| 1,000 | 43 | 95,406 | 35, 981 | 20,666 | 1 | 2, 630 |  |
| 5,000 | 11 | 78, 793 | 29,538 | 16, 855 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 13 | 1,465, 916 | 538, 369 | 310,691 | 1 | 11,128 |  |
| Total | 867 | 1,708, 263 | 628,472 | 361,479 | 486 | 25, 186 | 1,199 |

For footnotes, sce pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\text { tax }^{\text {Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in i cash and assets other than own stock 6 |

MANUFACTURING: ORDNANOE AND ACCESSORIES

| 0. | 4 | 1 |  |  | 6 | 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 1 | 2 |  |  | 3 | 4 | ---. |
| 2 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 7 |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 6 |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  | 2 | 9 |  |
| 5 | 4 | 30 | 7 |  | 4 | 31 |  |
| 10---.-------------- | 1 | 13 | 3 | 11 | 1 | 15 |  |
| 15----------------- | 1 | 19 | 4 | 28 | 1 | 18 |  |
| 20. |  |  |  |  | 2 | 43 |  |
| 25. | 3 | 120 | 29 | 36 |  |  |  |
| 50 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 81 |  |
| 100. | 3 1 | 631 478 | 182 | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 | 348 |  |
| 500 | 2 | 1,296 | 492 | 192 | 1 | 348 |  |
| 1,000 | 4 | 7,624 | 2,871 | 1,461 | 1 | 1,364 |  |
| 5,000 | 1 | 8,803 | 3,343 | 3,163 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 1 | 14, 083 | 5,262 | 2,540 |  |  |  |
| Total | 26 | 33,100 | 12,427 | 7,476 | 27 | 1,927 | ------------* |

MANUFACTURING: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT;

## WATCHES, CLOCKS

| 0. | 150 | 68 | 11 | 10 | 191 | 68 | 11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 84 | 122 | 23 | 20 | 80 | 124 |  |
| 2 | 51 | 125 | 21 | 8 | 63 | 156 | 1 |
| 3 | 39 | 137 | 24 | 29 | 35 | 122 | 3 |
| 4 | 34 | 154 | 28 | 25 | 32 | 143 | 1 |
| 5 | 149 | 1,068 | 204 | 134 | 93 | 665 | 14 |
| 10. | 63 | 778 | 166 | 142 | 47 | 568 |  |
| 15. | 43 | 756 | 155 | 121 | 27 | 468 | 8 |
| 20. | 57 | 1,294 | 291 | 127 | 24 | 536 | 5 |
| 25. | 99 | 3,451 | 1,054 | 585 | 36 | 1,267 | 8 |
| 50 | 71 | 5,177 | 1,899 | 791 | 21 | 1,317 |  |
| 100 | 68 | 11, 297 | 4,234 | 1,470 | 16 | 2,319 | 26 |
| 250 | 29 | 10, 404 | 3,853 | 4,851 | 2 | 653 | 46 |
| 500 | 24 | 16, 345 | 5,972 | 4,927 | 3 | 2,292 |  |
| 1,000 | 29 | 56, 584 | 21, 151 | 17,702 | 3 | 4,244 | 51 |
| 5,000 | 8 | 63, 574 | 23,596 | 18, 139 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 1 | 56,321 | 17,817 | 20,178 |  |  |  |
| Total | 999 | 227,655 | 80,499 | 69,259 | 673 | 14, 942 | 174 |
| OTHER MANUFACTURING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0. | 1,014 | 431 | 69 | 110 | 1,388 | 495 | 145 |
| 1. | 523 | 769 | 129 | 97 | 629 | 911 | 195 |
| 2. | 362 | 899 | 156 | 196 | 410 | 1,020 | 22 |
| 3 | 262 | 911 | 161 | 77 | 332 | 1,151 | 33 |
| 4 | 264 | 1,186 | 221 | 112 | 231 | 1,037 | 37 |
| 5 | 811 | 5,884 | 1,111 | 629 | 766 | 5,444 | 69 |
| 10 | 454 | 5,596 | 1,148 | 843 | 381 | 4,633 | 63 |
| 15 | 307 | 5, 334 | 1,132 | 564 | 240 | 4,143 | 34 |
| 20. | 328 | 7,427 | 1,651 | 833 | 118 | 2,644 | 13 |
| 25 | 557 | 19,471 | 5, 734 | 2,637 | 284 | 9, 767 | 142 |
| 50 | 390 | 27, 151 | 9,960 | 4, 185 | 153 | 10,543 | 1,195 |
| 100 | 310 | 49, 175 | 18,409 | 8,013 | 56 | 8,265 | 149 |
| 250 | 125 | 43, 484 | 15, 968 | 8,237 | 12 | 3,855 | 254 |
| 500 | 87 | 61,425 | 22, 496 | 11,596 | 7 | 4, 763 | 50 |
| 1,000 | 55 | 112,402 | 41, 665 | 21, 315 | 3 | 6,380 | 84 |
| 5,000 | 5 | 36, 082 | 13, 160 | 12, 496 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 1 | 12,659 | 4,809 | 3,269 |  |  |  |
| Total.-..--- | 5,855 | 390,286 | 137,979 | 75, 209 | 5,010 | 65, 051 | 2,485 |

For footnotes, see pp._346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{35}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns 10 | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |
| TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 3, 012 | 1,177 | 207 | 282 | 4,434 | 1,290 | 3,126 |
|  | 1,483 | 2,157 | 387 | 323 | 1,242 | 1,803 | 101 |
| 2 | 994 | 2, 466 | 461 | 376 | 733 | 1,812 | 65 |
| 3 | 748 | 2,595 | 479 | 307 | 507 | 1,757 | 50 |
| 4 | 656 | 2,957 | 564 | 499 | 355 | 1,587 | 248 |
| 5 | 1,994 | 14, 481 | 2, 873 | 2,395 | 1,152 | 8,119 | 252 |
| 10 | 1,122 | 13,735 | 2, 834 | 1,904 | 440 | 5,335 | 199 |
| 15 | 770 | 13,403 | 2, 852 | 2,012 | 253 | 4,384 | 209 |
| 20 | 663 | 14, 911 | 3,286 13 | 2,083 | 143 | 3,193 | 2,672 |
| 25. | 1,300 | 45,195 | 13,148 | 8,710 11 11 | 309 173 | 10,609 11 11 | 620 1,435 |
| 50 | 844 | 58,897 | 21, 299 | 11,349 26,164 | 173 98 | 11, 756 | 1, 1,335 1,303 |
| 100 | 804 <br> 358 | 125, 1245 | 44,574 | 33,516 | 41 | 14, 674 | , 428 |
| 500 | 177 | 125, 763 | 44, 824 | 40, 853 | 19 | 14,234 | 1,447 |
| 1,000 | 243 | 549, 705 | 195, 569 | 221, 766 | 21 | 41, 449 | 2,763 |
| 5,000 | 54 | 406, 941 | 144, 118 | 171, 274 | 1 | 8,576 |  |
| 10,000 | 82 | 2, 088, 477 | 682, 013 | 913, 845 |  |  |  |
| Total | 15, 304 | 3,594, 232 | 1,204, 804 | 1,437, 658 | 9,921 | 146, 212 | 14,918 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION

|  | 1,895 | 779 | 136 | 204 | 2,672 | 855 | 2, 750 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1------------------------------- | 1,051 | 1,539 | 271 | 181 | 974 | 1,421 | 71 |
| 2 | 1,742 | 1,841 | 341 | 221 | 596 | 1,477 | 57 |
| 3 | 544 | 1,888 | 345 | 202 | 414 | 1,438 | 28 |
| 4 | 507 | 2, 284 | 434 | 310 | 292 | 1,310 | 237 |
| 5. | 1,508 | 10,937 | 2,172 | 1,615 | 952 | 6,687 | 116 |
| 10 | 880 | 10, 795 | 2,235 | 1,422 | 361 | 4,371 | 133 |
| 15 | 600 | 10, 478 | 2,226 | 1,380 | 192 | 3,316 | 43 |
| 20. | 521 | 11,719 | 2,588 | 1,432 | 94 | 2,098 | 74 |
| 25 | 987 | 34, 310 | 9,919 | 6,156 | 234 | 8,033 | 576 |
| 50 | 618 | 42,875 | 15,384 | 7, 020 | 126 | 8,697 | 762 |
| 100 | 590 | 92, 014 | 32,887 | 16,883 | 79 | 12,871 | 1,170 |
| 250 | 259 | 90,166 | 31, 588 | 18,457 | 38 | 13, 685 | 427 |
| 500 | 117 | 83, 425 | 29,698 | 17, 445 | 15 | 11,496 | 1,074 |
| 1,000 | 123 | 271, 786 | 97, 615 | 60, 310 | 20 | 40, 265 | 2,763 |
| 5,000 .....--------- | 17 | 126, 748 | 44, 115 | 26, 281 | 1 | 8,576 | ----- |
| 10,000.......-- -- | 36 | 1,052, 641 | 377, 707 | 248, 090 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 10,995 | 1,846, 225 | 649,661 | 407,609 | 7,060 | 126, 596 | 10,281 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION

| 0. | 645 | 212 | 37 | 27 | 1,148 | 271 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 228 | 326 | 59 | 28 | 161 | 231 | 20 |
| 2 | 135 | 332 | 64 | 75 | 77 | 189 | 7 |
| 3 | 122 | 424 | 80 | 45 | 55 | 188 | 6 |
| 4 | 78 | 352 | 67 | 31 | 40 | 177 |  |
| 5 | 259 | 1, 908 | 368 | 314 | 112 | 812 | 13 |
| 10 | 132 | 1,596 | 317 | 191 | 50 | 613 | 2 |
| 15. | 99 | 1,705 | 365 | 280 | 37 | 641 | 156 |
| 20. | 79 | 1,767 | 387 | 312 | 37 | 829 | - |
| 25. | 185 | 6,307 | 1,853 | 1,030 | 53 | 1,809 |  |
| 50 | 119 | 8,517 | 3, 184 | 1,815 | 32 | 2,016 | 50 |
| 100 | 104 | 15, 825 | 5,910 | 3, 468 | 13 | 1,912 | 17 |
| 250 | 31 | 11, 052 | 3,945 | 4,436 | 2 | 685 | 1 |
| 500. | 19 | 13, 545 | 5, 054 | 6,509 | 1 | 915 |  |
| 1,000 | 12 | 28, 097 | 10,332 | 18, 076 | 1 | 1,184 |  |
| 5,000. | 10 | 74, 218 | 28, 141 | 53, 449 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 8 | 372,823 | 75,448 | 309,928 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 2,265 | 539, 006 | 135, 611 | 400, 014 | 1,819 | 12,472 | 276 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups,' for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net Income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in eash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES

| 0 | 97 | 41 | 8 | 4 | 111 | 33 | 344 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 56 | 81 | 15 | 24 | 24 | 34 | 2 |
| 2 | 35 | 87 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 47 |  |
| 3 | 27 | 95 | 17 | 10 | 16 | 55 |  |
| 4 | 32 | 145 | 29 | 99 | 13 | 57 | 10 |
| 5 | 95 | 693 | 139 | 195 | 43 | 308 | 106 |
| 10 | 60 | 740 | 155 | 135 | 16 | 199 | 64 |
| 15. | 43 | 742 | 157 | 170 | 19 | 338 | 10 |
| 20. | 36 | 817 | 175 | 143 | 8 | 176 | 2,598 |
| 25. | 75 | 2, 720 | 832 | 910 | 17 | 603 | 2, 44 |
| 50 | 69 | - 4,799 | 1,745 | 1,743 | 11 | 760 | 623 |
| 100 | 85 | 13, 540 | 4,999 | 4,396 | 5 | 749 | 116 |
| 250 | 57 | 19,862 | 7,378 | 8,328 | 1 | 304 |  |
| 500. | 36 | 25, 226 | 9, 072 | 15, 631 | 3 | 1,823 | 373 |
| 1,000 | 101 | 238, 626 | 84, 234 | 139, 572 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 27 | 205, 975 | 71,862 | 91, 544 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 38 | 663, 013 | 228, 858 | 355,827 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 969 | 1,177, 202 | 409,692 | 618,749 | 306 | 5, 486 | 4,290 |

OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES

| 0.-.---------------- | 375 | 145 | 26 | 47 | 503 | 131 | 28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 148 | 211 | 42 | 90 | 83 | 117 | 8 |
|  | 82 | 206 | 39 | 62 | 41 | 99 | 1 |
| 3. | 55 | 188 | 37 | 50 | 22 | 76 | 16 |
| 4. | 39 | 176 | 34 | 59 | 10 | 43 | 1 |
| 5 | 132 | 943 | 194 | 271 | 45 | 312 | 17 |
| 10 | 50 | 604 | 127 | 156 | 13 | 152 |  |
| 15. | 28 | 478 | 104 | 182 | 5 | 89 |  |
| 20. | 27 | 608 | 136 | 196 | 4 | 90 |  |
| 25. | 53 | 1,858 | 544 | 614 | 5 | 164 | - |
| 50 | 38 | 2,706 | 986 | 771 | 4 | 283 | - |
| 100 | 25 | 4, 266 | 1,520 | 1,417 | 1 | 102 | - |
| 250 | 11 | 4,647 | 1,663 | 2,295 |  |  |  |
| 500 | 5 | 3,567 | 1,000 | 1,268 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 7 | 11, 196 | 3,388 | 3,808 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total... | 1,075 | 31,799 | 9,840 | 11, 286 | 736 | 1,658 | 71 |

TOTAL TRADE

| 0. | 22,307 | 9,473 | 1,752 | 2,460 | 21,745 | 7,534 | 2,076 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 12, 378 | 18,100 | 3,423 | 2, 233 | 8,247 | 12, 033 | 780 |
| 2 | 8,837 | 21,880 | 4,200 | 2, 727 | 5, 583 | 13, 782 | 671 |
| 3 | 7,121 | 24,804 | 4,881 | 2,815 | 3,952 | 13,744 | 514 |
| 4 | 6,123 | 27, 509 | 5,473 | 2,662 | 2,909 | 13, 036 | 394 |
| 5 | 19,929 | 144,509 | 30, 296 | 16,419 | 7,828 | 55,305 | 1,418 |
| 10 | 12, 308 | 151. 569 | 33, 007 | 17,148 | 3,092 | 37,735 | 783 |
| 15. | 8,940 | 155, 617 | 34,415 | 17,393 | 1,626 | 28, 083 | 592 |
| 20 | 8,275 | 186,660 | 42,218 | 20,070 | 922 | 20, 560 | 392 |
| 25. | 13, 613 | 472, 797 | 144,967 | 60, 814 | 1,628 | 55, 875 | 1,224 |
| 50 | 8,971 | 628,336 | 234, 720 | 76,366 | 620 | 41,977 | 477 |
| 100. | 6,296 | 967, 256 | 360,936 | 122,954 | 219 | 32, 013 | 1,330 |
| 250 | 1,921 | 658,877 | 244,925 | 97, 200 | 55 | 18,300 | 811 |
| 500 | 774 | 531, 892 | 196, 313 | 84,908 | 12 | 7,698 | 614 |
| 1,000 | 441 | 812,802 | 295, 701 | 193, 206 | 6 | 12, 538 | 204 |
| 5,000 | 36 | 245,687 | 86, 482 | 68,927 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 34 | 1,070,806 | 404, 229 | 277,332 |  |  |  |
| Total... | 138,304 | 6,128, 574 | 2,127, 938 | 1,065, 634 | 58, 444 | 370,213 | 12, 280 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{85}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{3}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ |

TRADE: TOTAL WHOLESALE

| 0. | 6,197 | 2, 582 | 471 | 1,071 | 6,966 | 2,331 | 1,288 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3,444 | 5,066 | 941 | 620 | 2,460 | 3,585 | 141 |
| 2 | 2,458 | 6,098 | 1,161 | 952 | 1,796 | 4,435 | 369 |
| 3 | 2,157 | 7, 532 | 1, 466 | 1,107 | 1,294 | 4,521 | 191 |
| 4 | 1,819 | 8,193 | 1,616 | 978 | 1,027 | 4,604 | 306 |
| 5 | 6, 134 | 44,548 | 9,223 | 6,110 | 3,049 | 21,725 | 800 |
| 10 | 3,946 | 48,685 | 10,485 | 6,028 | 1,378 | 16,774 | 585 |
| 15. | 2,877 | 50, 146 | 11,018 | 6,255 | 771 | 13,381 | 275 |
| 20 | 2,877 | 64, 875 | 14,557 | 8,605 | 469 | 10,406 | 336 |
| 25. | 4,732 | 165, 342 | 50, 619 | 24,316 | 885 | 30,947 | 771 |
| 50 | 3,387 | 237, 551 | 88, 127 | 33,397 | 404 | 27,358 | 230 |
| 100 | 2,561 | 396,796 | 147, 406 | 59,213 | 147 | 21, 449 | 425 |
| 250 | 887 | 305,961 | 113, 333 | 49, 240 | 35 | 11,342 | 746 |
| 500 | 416 | 289,971 | 106, 609 | 46,759 | 11 | 6,968 | 614 |
| 1,000 | 220 | 396, 506 | 142, 318 | 87, 611 | 4 | 6,446 |  |
| 5,000 | 16 | 104, 333 | 35, 168 | 20, 520 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 16 | 281, 375 | 105, 667 | 57,017 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 44, 144 | 2,415, 560 | 840, 185 | 409,799 | 20,696 | 186, 272 | 7,077 |

TRADE: WHOILESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS


OTHER WHOLESALERS


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit 4 | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Dividends } \\ \text { paid in } \\ \text { cash and } \\ \text { assets other } \\ \text { than ownn } \\ \text { stock }{ }^{\circ} \end{array}$ |

TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL

| 0 | 13,773 | 5,894 | 1,095 | 1,040 | 12,430 | 4,461 | 700 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 7,618 | 11,106 | 2,116 | 1,273 | 4,968 | 7,259 | 431 |
| 2 | 5,396 | 13,344 | 2,570 | 1,557 | 3,231 | 7,975 | 180 |
| 3 | 4,159 | 14,474 | 2,860 | 1,467 | 2,241 | 7,774 | 288 |
| 4 | 3,586 | 16,067 | 3, 213 | 1,479 | 1,618 | 7,258 | 72 |
| 5 | 11, 415 | 82, 722 | 17,477 | 8,356 | 3, 979 | 27, 885 | 342 |
| 10. | 6,878 | 84, 620 | 18, 515 | 9,048 | 1,407 | 17,177 | 187 |
| 15. | 5,028 | 87, 547 | 19,440 | 9,451 | 686 | 11, 808 | 295 |
| 20. | 4,447 | 100,301 | 22, 814 | 9,330 | 366 | 8,200 | 41 |
| 25 | 7,361 | 254, 889 | 78,321 | 30,443 | 588 | 19,629 | 386 |
| 50 | 4,756 | 332, 800 | 124,998 | 35, 261 | 170 | 11, 484 | 237 |
| 100 | 3,225 | 492, 065 | 184, 670 | 53, 492 | 46 | 6,727 | 570 |
| 250 | 894 | 306, 279 | 114, 470 | 41,077 | 16 | 5,512 | 65 |
| 500 | 296 | 199, 305 | 73, 813 | 30,914 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 201 | 373, 345 | 138, 240 | 91, 510 | 2 | 6,092 | 204 |
| 5,000 | 17 | 124, 826 | 45, 089 | 42,567 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 17 | 747, 056 | 282, 476 | 200, 315 |  |  |  |
| Total | 79,067 | 3,246,640 | 1,132,177 | 568, 580 | 31, 748 | 149,241 | 3,999 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD

| 0.----------------- | 1,389 | 574 | 102 | 88 | 1,414 | 498 | 75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 672 | 973 | 180 | 75 | 564 | 830 | 43 |
| 2 | 409 | 1,003 | 189 | 60 | 395 | 969 | 8 |
| 3 | 282 | 985 | 189 | 103 | 256 | 887 | 12 |
| 4 | 234 | 1,040 | 202 | 77 | 163 | 728 | 2 |
| 5 | 629 | 4,487 | 918 | 430 | 454 | 3,117 | 43 |
| 10 | 303 | 3,706 | 794 | 363 | 144 | 1,783 | 21 |
| 15. | 189 | 3,289 | 720 | 433 | 81 | 1,388 | 8 |
| 20 | 166 | 3, 730 | 852 | 240 | 46 | 1,040 | 1 |
| 25 | 274 | 9, 582 | 2,933 | 1,441 | 60 | 2,050 | 18 |
| 50 | 191 | 13, 229 | 4,906 | 1,576 | 17 | 1,188 | 51 |
| 100 | 145 | 21, 723 | 8,068 | 3, 079 | 8 | 1,206 | 198 |
| 250 | 58 | 20, 752 | 7,623 | 3,602 | 2 | 878 | 65 |
| 500. | 28 | 19, 823 | 7,455 | 2,057 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 30 | 51, 845 | 19,521 | 11,339 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 2 | 15, 302 | 5, 697 | 4,322 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 5 | 99,339 | 37, 551 | 24,118 |  |  |  |
| Total | 5,006 | 271,382 | 97,900 | 53,403 | 3,604 | 16, 562 | 545 |

TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE

| 0 | 822 | 336 | 64 | 167 | 630 | 224 | 48 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 418 | 611 | 119 | 104 | 216 | 322 | 131 |
| 2 | 339 | 834 | 162 | 149 | 147 | 362 | 8 |
| 3. | 267 | 930 | 187 | 148 | 101 | 354 | 11 |
| 4 | 207 | 927 | 186 | 133 | 68 | 304 |  |
| 5 | 759 | 5,462 | 1,172 | 994 | 201 | 1,381 | 57 |
| 10 | 430 | 5, 258 | 1,136 | 1,078 | 77 | 954 | 26 |
| 15 | 307 | 5,357 | 1,192 | 980 | 37 | 632 | 1 |
| 20. | 221 | 4,972 | 1,122 | 715 | 21 | 475 | 4 |
| 25. | 518 | 18,364 | 5, 742 | 3,636 | 44 | 1,465 | 220 |
| 50. | 343 | 24, 157 | 9,002 | 4,006 | 12 | 824 | 81 |
| 100 | 298 | 47,312 | 17,679 | 7,922 | 3 | 421 | 5 |
| 250 | 143 | 51, 565 | 19, 498 | 8,759 | 4 | 1,325 | --. |
| 500 | 102 | 71, 008 | 26,185 | 12,605 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 95 | 192, 799 | 72, 233 | 52, 259 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 11 | 74, 630 | 26,390 | 26,486 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 11 | 627, 438 | 237,494 | 169, 294 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 5,291 | 1.131, 960 | 419,563 | 289,435 | 1,561 | 9,043 | 592 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.
981888-53-22

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{35}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Dividends } \\ \text { paid in } \\ \text { cash and } \\ \text { assets other } \\ \text { than ownn } \\ \text { stock }{ }^{\circ} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deflicit ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dividends } \\ & \text { paid in } \\ & \text { cash and } \\ & \text { assets other } \\ & \text { than own } \\ & \text { stock } \end{aligned}$ |

TRADE: RETALL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES



TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND FILLING STATIONS

| 0 | 1,227 | 520 | 96 | 49 | 1,285 | 440 | 152 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 745 | 1,101 | 211 | 164 | 483 | 708 | 8 |
| 2 | 573 | 1,418 | 274 | 211 | 326 | 804 | 24 |
| 3 | 487 | 1,698 | 337 | 112 | 225 | 783 | 1 |
| 4 | 431 | 1,945 | 391 | 104 | 170 | 761 | 3 |
| 5 | 1,839 | 13,672 | 2,915 | 885 | 417 | 2,957 | 27 |
| 10 | 1,634 | 20, $2: 4$ | 4,488 | 856 | 159 | 1,975 |  |
| 15. | 1,493 | 26,157 | 5,856 | 1,466 | 84 | 1,447 | 1 |
| 20. | 1,665 | 37, 764 | 8,625 | 1,914 | 45 | 1,002 | 1 |
| 25. | 3, 034 | 106, 616 | 33, 290 | 8,063 | 69 | 2,278 | 6 |
| 50 | 2,540 | 179,306 | 67,669 | 13,528 | 17 | 1,093 |  |
| 100 | 1,921 | 294, 440 | 111,094 | 23, 492 | 2 | 273 |  |
| 250 | 451 | 150, 884 | 57, 019 | 14, 539 | 2 | 744 | - |
| 500 | 79 | 50,795 | 19, 111 | 5,235 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 15 | 21,381 | 7,819 | 1,837 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 1 | 9,597 | 3,646 | 2,254 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 1 | 20,279 | 7,431 | 6,903 |  |  |  |
| Total | 18,136 | 937, 847 | 330,272 | 81, 612 | 3,284 | 15, 265 | 223 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES

| 0. | 960 | 434 | 84 | 52 | 710 | 254 | 70 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 567 | 814 | 161 | 124 | 220 | 315 | 14 |
| 2 | 376 | 932 | 183 | 95 | 134 | 329 | 13 |
| 3---------------------------- | 259 | 911 | 185 | 118 | 84 | 291 | 22 |
| 4. | 219 | 972 | 201 | 134 | 56 | 254 | 1 |
| 5 | 566 | 3, 942 | 829 | 719 | 118 | 824 | 3 |
| 10. | 212 | 2,534 | 584 | 575 | 31 | 383 | - |
| 15. | 122 | 2,095 | 463 | 349 | 16 | 274 | - |
| 20. | 69 | 1,531 | 349 | 309 | 5 | 113 |  |
| 25 | 68 | 2, 272 | 666 | 396 | 4 | 163 | 3 |
| 50 | 36 | 2,690 | 1,013 | 492 | 3 | 197 |  |
| 100 | 40 | 6, 632 | 2,507 | 1, 447 | 2 | 208 | -- |
| 250 | 12 | 4, 339 | 1,612 | 970 |  |  |  |
| 500 | 8 | 5, 808 | 2, 181 | 1,393 |  |  | - |
| 1,000 | 7 | 12,034 | 3,751 | 4,822 | 1 | 4,874 |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000...---.----- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 3,521 | 47, 940 | 14, 769 | 11, 995 | 1,384 | 8,479 | 126 |

TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING PLACES


TRADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS AND HARDWARE


[^43]Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{s 3}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income * |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}{ }^{\text {Income }}}{ }$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| OTHER RETAIL TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,054 | 1,319 | 245 | 330 | 2, 577 | 903 | 148 |
| 1 | 1,762 | 2,568 | 487 | 324 | 1,088 | 1,582 | 66 |
| 2 | 1,261 | 3,130 | 606 | 451 | 679 | 1,682 | 50 |
| 3. | 978 | 3,402 | 678 | 421 | 439 | 1,527 | 35 |
| 4 | 845 | 3,786 | 763 | 362 | 328 | 1,466 | 19 |
| 5 | 2,483 | 17, 843 | 3,738 | 1,852 | 785 | 5,560 | 69 |
| 10 | 1, 304 | 16, 027 | 3,478 | 2, 193 | 273 | 3, 351 | 37 |
| 15. | 856 | 14,830 | 3,279 | 1,669 | 134 | 2,332 | 233 |
| 20 | 648 | 14,526 | 3, 269 | 1,752 | 64 | 1,419 | 3 |
| 25 | 978 | 32,916 | 9,792 | 4,296 | 96 | 3,191 | 44 |
| 50 | 469 | 32, 501 | 12,125 | 4,775 | 34 | 2,265 | 43 |
| 100 | 212 | 30, 634 | 11, 274 | 4, 478 | 10 | 1, 546 | 4 |
| 250 | 53 | 17, 601 | 6,408 | 2,511 | 2 | 716 |  |
| 500 | 23 | 14, 208 | 5,171 | 2,510 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 10 | 13, 208 | 5,006 | 1,727 | 1 | 1,218 | 204 |
| 10,000----------------- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 14,936 | 218, 499 | 66,319 | 29,651 | 6,510 | 28,758 | 955 |

TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE

| 0 | 2,337 | 997 | 186 | 349 | 2, 349 | 742 | 88 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1,316 | 1,928 | 366 | 340 | 819 | 1,189 | 208 |
| 2 | 1983 | 2, 438 | 469 | 218 | 556 | 1,372 | 122 |
| 3 | 805 | 2, 798 | 555 | 241 | 417 | 1,449 | 35 |
| 4 | 718 | 3,249 | 644 | 205 | 264 | 1, 174 | 16 |
| 5 | 2,380 | 17, 239 | 3,596 | 1,953 | 800 | 5,695 | 276 |
| 10 | 1,484 | 18, 264 | 4,007 | 2, 072 | 307 | 3,784 | 11 |
| 15. | 1,035 | 17,924 | 3,957 | 1,687 | 169 | 2,894 | 21 |
| 20. | 951 | 21, 484 | 4,847 | 2,135 | 87 | 1, 954 | 15 |
| 25. | 1,520 | 52, 566 | 16,027 | 6,055 | 155 | 5, 299 | 67 |
| 50. | 828 | 57, 985 | 21, 595 | 7,708 | 46 | 3,135 | 10 |
| 100 | 510 | 78,395 | 28, 860 | 10, 249 | 26 | 3, 837 | 335 |
| 250 | 140 | 46,637 | 17, 122 | 6,883 | 4 | 1,446 |  |
| 500 | 62 | 42, 616 | 15, 891 | 7,235 | 1 | 730 | --- |
| 1,000 | 20 | 42, 951 | 15, 143 | 14, 085 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 | 3 | 16,528 | 6, 225 | 5,840 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 1 | 42,375 | 16,086 | 20, 000 |  |  |  |
| Total | 15,093 | 466, 374 | 155, 576 | 87, 255 | 6,000 | 34,700 | 1,204 |

TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income ${ }^{-}$and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock 6 | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dividends } \\ \text { paid in } \\ \text { cash and } \\ \text { assets oither } \\ \text { than own } \\ \text { stock } 6 \end{gathered}$ |

TOTAL FINANCE

| 0. | 4,868 | 1. 717 | 270 | 3,869 | 5,016 | 1,138 | 2,669 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1,772 | 2,589 | 412 | 5, 334 | 845 | 1,224 | 1,021 |
| 2 | 1,271 | 3, 160 | 518 | 1,664 | 454 | 1,126 | 1, 123 |
| 3 | 998 | 3,484 | 577 | 2, 210 | 281 | 970 | 431 |
| 4. | 920 | 4, 131 | 700 | 2, 007 | 239 | 1,070 | 357 |
| 5 | 3,914 | 28, 710 | 5,255 | 11, 334 | 570 | 4,000 | 2,173 |
| 10 | 2,854 | 35, 400 | 6,909 | 12, 740 | 239 | 2,933 | 619 |
| 15. | 2,205 | 38,339 | 7,620 | 12, 391 | 135 | 2,316 | 552 |
| 20. | 1,924 | 43,333 | 8, 769 | 13, 474 | 93 | 2, 091 | 283 |
| 25. | 3,893 | 134, 669 | 34, 002 | 43, 471 | 184 | 6,422 | 1,238 |
| 50 | 2, 044 | 142, 301 | 40,881 | 59,088 | 93 | 6, 621 | 443 |
| 100 | 1,260 | 190, 527 | 49,892 | 79, 413 | 63 | 8,919 | 3,316 |
| 250 | 420 | 144, 018 | 34, 174 | 68, 659 | 19 | 6,813 | 3,950 |
| 500 | 250 | 172, 555 | 34, 894 | 90, 602 | 16 | 11, 086 | 514 |
| 1,000 | 204 | 397, 850 | 77, 385 | 268, 817 | 7 | 13, 105 | 430 |
| 5,000 | 26 | 175, 066 | 26, 459 | 114, 815 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 20 | 385, 128 | 96, 026 | 239, 025 | 1 | 19, 240 |  |
| Total. | 28,843 | 1,902,977 | 424, 743 | 1,028, 913 | 8,255 | 89, 074 | 19, 119 |

FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES

| 0. | 312 | 118 | 18 | 296 | 324 | 81 | 604 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 246 | 371 | 64 | 1,388 | 72 | 101 | 85 |
| 2 | 325 | 825 | 146 | - 435 | 37 | 91 | 370 |
| 3. | 350 | 1,261 | 236 | 567 | 30 | 104 | 76 |
| 4 | 412 | 1,854 | 345 | 799 | 20 | 91 | 15 |
| 5. | 2,246 | 16, 774 | 3, 353 | 4,792 | 60 | 428 | 291 |
| 10 | 1,971 | 24, 490 | 5, 082 | 7,317 | 28 | 336 | 287 |
| 15. | 1,597 | 27, 803 | 5, 862 | 7,342 | 9 | 163 | 125 |
| 20. | 1,412 | 31, 811 | 6, 809 | 8, 258 | 8 | 177 | 38 |
| 25 | 2,893 | 99, 218 | 27, 481 | 25,711 | 34 | 1,166 | 588 |
| 50. | 1,340 | 92, 338 | 31, 497 | 24,454 | 17 | 1,265 | 22 |
| 100 | 719 | 105. 863 | 35, 194 | 30, 415 | 11 | 1,481 | 101 |
| 250 | 183 | 63, 586 | 20,564 | 19, 409 | 8 | 2,993 | 3,950 |
| 500 | 96 | 65,909 | 19, 996 | 23, 816 | 1 | 585 | .-.-. |
| 1,000 | 84 | 157, 780 | 44, 470 | 71, 088 | 1 | 1,072 | --- |
| 5,000 | 7 | 49,945 | 11, 876 | 26, 382 |  |  | --- |
| 10,000. | 9 | 191, 552 | 59, 290 | 83, 056 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 14, 212 | 931, 498 | 272, 283 | 335, 525 | 660 | 10,134 | 6,552 |

FINANCE: CREDIT AGENCIES OTHER THAN BANKS

| 0. | 3,140 | 1,096 | 198 | 2,528 | 3,079 | 676 | 919 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 1, 009 | 1, 462 | 268 | 486 | 472 | 680 | 452 |
| 2 | 607 | 1, 495 | 283 | 678 | 229 | 570 | 647 |
| 3. | 408 | 1, 420 | 266 | 995 | 143 | 493 | 196 |
| 4 | 317 | 1, 417 | 271 | 617 | 125 | 559 | 208 |
| 5. | 996 | 7, 145 | 1,433 | 3,786 | 248 | 1,754 | 1,447 |
| 10 | 529 | 6, 537 | 1,376 | 1,797 | 106 | 1,293 | 237 |
| 15. | 354 | 6,146 | 1,313 | 1,563 | 65 | 1,095 | 283 |
| 20 | 297 | 6,688 | 1,459 | 1,330 | 42 | 942 | 19 |
| 25 | 450 | 15,798 | 4,586 | 3,682 | 88 | 3, 004 | 563 |
| 50 | 227 | 15, 776 | 5,522 | 4,552 | 29 | 2,149 | 155 |
| 100 | 137 | 20,826 | 7,491 | 3,958 | 23 | 3,392 | 1,184 |
| 250 | 50 | 16, 597 | 6,063 | 3,291 | 4 | 1,357 |  |
| 500 | 29 | 20, 285 | 7,095 | 4,213 | 6 | 4, 256 | 500 |
| 1,000 | 22 | 41, 899 | 15, 021 | 16, 774 | 4 | 8,718 | 430 |
| 5,000 | 2 | 14, 692 | 4,172 | 8,807 |  |  | --- |
| 10,000 | 3 | 54,312 | 20,524 | 30,221 |  |  |  |
| Total | 8,577 | 233, 591 | 77, 341 | 89, 278 | 4, 663 | 30,938 | 7,240 |

[^44]Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit 4 | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |

FINANCE: HOLDING AND OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES

|  | 1,227 | 437 | 45 | 1,016 | 1,346 | 304 | 1,091 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1--------------------------- | 1, 447 | 651 | 66 | 3, 435 | 224 | 331 | 465 |
| 2 | 281 | 695 | 67 | 534 | 141 | 347 | 99 |
| 3 | 189 | 661 | 55 | 614 | 77 | 269 | 149 |
| 4 | 155 | 699 | 60 | 574 | 64 | 286 | 5 |
| 5 | 545 | 3,885 | 327 | 2,529 | 155 | 1, 070 | 391 |
| 10 | 301 | 3, 731 | 345 | 3, 340 | 62 | 773 | 88 |
| 15. | 217 | 3,754 | 335 | 3, 367 | 37 | 642 | 125 |
| 20. | 177 | 3, 973 | 335 | 3,603 | 27 | 597 | 225 |
| 25 | 491 | 17, 549 | 1,481 | - 13, 587 | 40 | 1,439 | 80 |
| 50 | 441 | 31, 686 | 3, 178 | 29,304 | 27 | 1, 834 | 223 |
| 100 | 376 | 59, 484 | 6, 103 | 43, 360 | 18 | 2, 564 | 1,903 |
| 250 | - 179 | 61, 215 | 6, 741 | 45, 464 | 6 | 2,159 |  |
| 500 | 120 | 82, 771 | 7,125 | 62, 239 | 6 | 3,952 |  |
| 1,000 | 96 | 194, 967 | 16,923 | 178, 814 | 2 | 3,315 |  |
| 5,000 | 17 | 110,429 | 10, 411 | 79, 626 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 8 | 139, 264 | 16,212 | 125, 748 | 1 | 19, 240 |  |
| Total. | 5,267 | 715,851 | 69,809 | 597, 154 | 2,233 | 39,122 | 4,844 |

FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS AND DEALERS

| 0 | 189 | 66 | 9 | 29 | 267 | 77 | 55 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 70 | 105 | 14 | 25 | 77 | 112 | 19 |
| 2 | 58 | 145 | 22 | 17 | 47 | 118 | 7 |
| 3 | 41 | 142 | 20 | 34 | 31 | 104 | 10 |
| 4. | 36 | 161 | 24 | 17 | 30 | 134 | 129 |
| 5 | 127 | 906 | 142 | 227 | 107 | 748 | 44 |
| 10. | 53 | 642 | 106 | 286 | 43 | 531 | 7 |
| 15 | 37 | 636 | 110 | 119 | 24 | 416 | 19 |
| 20 | 38 | 861 | 166 | 283 | 16 | 375 | 1 |
| 25 | 59 | 2,104 | 454 | 491 | 22 | 813 | 7 |
| 50. | 36 | 2,501 | 684 | 778 | 20 | 1,373 | 43 |
| 100 | 28 | 4,354 | 1,104 | 1,680 | 11 | 1,482 | 128 |
| 250 | 8 | 2, 620 | 806 | 495 | 1 | 304 |  |
| 500 | 5 | 3, 590 | 678 | 334 | 3 | 2,293 | 14 |
| 1,000. | 2 | 3,204 | 971 | 2,141 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 787 | 22, 037 | 5,310 | 6, 956 | 699 | 8,880 | 483 |

TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS © AND AGENTS


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{\circ}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

INSURANCE CARRIERS ${ }^{\circ}$

| 0. | 281 | 110 | 87 | 49 | 171 | 31 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 115 | 169 | 93 | 13 | 25 | 33 | 10 |
| 2 | 100 | 250 | 127 | 111 | 25 | 60 | 28 |
| 3. | 62 | 218 | 44 | 43 | 15 | 54 | 12 |
| 4. | 68 | 307 | 100 | 55 | 5 | 22 |  |
| 5. | 180 | 1,309 | 306 | 715 | 25 | 173 | 1 |
| 10. | 120 | 1,458 | 313 | 269 | 20 | 232 | 61 |
| 15. | 80 | 1,391 | 330 | 315 | 3 | 49 | ---- |
| 20. | 58 | 1,290 | 259 | 299 | 5 | 114 |  |
| 25. | 183 | 6, 601 | 1,230 | 1,908 | 18 | 590 | 23 |
| 50. | 178 | 12, 546 | 3,123 | 3, 519 | 19 | 1,357 | 306 |
| 100. | 244 | 40, 138 | 7, 976 | 8, 680 | 12 | 2,109 | 491 |
| 250 | 146 | 51, 618 | 9, 662 | 9, 263 | 5 | 1,791 | 50 |
| 500 | 97 | 60, 454 | 12, 518 | 15, 558 | 5 | 3, 736 | 1,130 |
| 1,000 | 134 | 277, 152 | 44,341 | 48, 983 | 2 | 5,172 |  |
| 5,000 | 23 | 155,857 | 18, 283 | 29,862 |  |  |  |
| 10,000. | 28 | 1, 278, 080 | 12,480 | 20,585 |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,097 | 1,897, 948 | ${ }^{56} 111,449$ | 140, 227 | 355 | 15, 523 | 2,116 |

## INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS

| 0. | 1,492 | 569 | 107 | 93 | 1,244 | 266 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 669 | 973 | 191 | 105 | 184 | 266 | 5 |
| 2 | 467 | 1, 154 | 230 | 240 | 96 | 236 | 2 |
| 3 | 372 | 1,302 | 264 | 167 | 63 | 217 | 15 |
| 4 | 260 | 1, 168 | 234 | 226 | 35 | 154 | 1 |
| 5 | 716 | 5, 173 | 1,080 | 919 | 72 | 504 | 19 |
| 10. | 359 | 4,402 | 946 | 924 | 22 | 254 | 5 |
| 15 | 191 | 3, 331 | 726 | 687 | 6 | 96 |  |
| 20. | 179 | 4,008 | 884 | 761 | 7 | 158 |  |
| 25 | 230 | 7, 742 | 2, 252 | 2,118 | 12 | 394 |  |
| 50 | 112 | 7,901 | 2,861 | 2,480 | 4 | 288 |  |
| 100 | 56 | 8, 478 | 2,984 | 2,248 | 1 | 185 | - |
| 250 | 20 | 6,550 | 2, 368 | 2,084 |  |  |  |
| 500 | 6 | 4,475 | 1,687 | 916 |  |  |  |
| 1,000. | 6 | 15, 182 | 4, 772 | 8, 581 |  |  |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_....-- | 5, 135 | 72, 408 | 21,586 | 22, 549 | 1,746 | 3, 018 | 67 |

REAL ESTATE, EXCEPT LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN BUILDINGS

| 0. | 20, 490 | 8,423 | 1,518 | 1,663 | 23, 547 | 6, 195 | 1,318 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 10, 135 | 14,839 | 2, 841 | 2,086 | 4,282 | 6,131 | 354 |
| 2 | 6,847 | 16, 969 | 3, 320 | 2, 426 | 2, 082 | 5,112 | 265 |
| 3 | 5, 015 | 17, 413 | 3,457 | 2,497 | 1, 304 | 4,502 | 298 |
| 4 | 3, 949 | 17, 692 | 3, 502 | 2,469 | 874 | 3, 910 | 213 |
| 5 | 10,733 | 76, 297 | 15,737 | 10,849 | 1,925 | 13, 396 | 305 |
| 10. | 4,842 | 59,269 | 12, 622 | 8,430 | 684 | 8,381 | 652 |
| 15 | 2, 806 | 48, 652 | 10,477 | 8,493 | 396 | 6, 831 | 89 |
| 20. | 2,027 | 45, 658 | 10, 038 | 6,551 | 224 | 4,988 | 50 |
| 25. | 3, 010 | 102, 355 | 28, 639 | 21, 022 | 407 | 14, 164 | 158 |
| 50 | 1,343 | 93, 590 | 31, 667 | 20, 271 | 169 | 11, 567 | 354 |
| 100 | 685 | 104, 248 | 35, 126 | 22,244 | 77 | 11, 240 | 280 |
| 250 | 155 | 53, 068 | 17, 564 | 12,586 | 17 | 5,931 | 58 |
| 500 | 37 | 24,525 | 8,058 | 4,220 | 11 | 7,924 | 228 |
| 1,000 | 25 | 41,968 | 13, 924 | 7,266 | 3 | 5,246 |  |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 72,099 | 724, 966 | 198, 490 | 133, 073 | 36, 002 | 115,518 | 4,622 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Tabie 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit ciasses and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{\text {ss }}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }^{s}}{\text { Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT BUILDINGS

| 0. | 1,293 | 483 | 87 | 151 | 1, 542 | 327 | 111 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1,293 | 624 | 117 | 297 | 1, 228 | 330 | 40 |
| 2 | 279 | 688 | 131 | 296 | 119 | 291 | 58 |
| 3 | 202 | 704 | 134 | 235 | 61 | 210 | 44 |
| 4. | 154 | 691 | 137 | 226 | 44 | 195 |  |
| 5 | 433 | 3, 058 | 625 | 1,226 | 102 | 710 | 38 |
| 10. | 215 | 2, 630 | 552 | 1, 499 | 41 | 495 | 32 |
| 15. | 154 | 2, 676 | 566 | 1,148 | 21 | 368 | 102 |
| 20. | 117 | 2, 585 | 566 | 1,352 | 14 | 314 | 119 |
| 25. | 226 | 7, 866 | 2, 237 | 4, 272 | 32 | 1,127 | 18 |
| 50 | 148 | 10, 214 | 3,580 | 5, 737 | 28 | 2,058 | 1 |
| 100 | 97 | 16,099 | 5, 586 | 8,946 | 10 | 1,624 |  |
| 250 | 63 | 21, 439 | 7,977 | 12,978 | 3 | 1,235 | 25 |
| 500 | 28 | 17, 860 | 6, 482 | 9,357 | 1 | , 646 |  |
| 1,000 | 20 | 40,392 | 15, 147 | 26, 373 | 1 | 3,339 |  |
| 5,000 | 2 | 11, 399 | 4,331 | 6, 142 |  |  |  |
| 10,000 | 2 | 23, 872 | 9,052 | 17,399 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 3,864 | 163, 280 | 57, 307 | 97, 634 | 2,247 | 13, 269 | 588 |

TOTAL SERVICES

| 0. | 7, 228 | 2,893 | 500 | 673 | 9,927 | 2,966 | 385 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3, 267 | 4,764 | 848 | 537 | 2,909 | 4,219 | 91 |
| 2 | 2,227 | 5,511 | 1, 008 | 480 | 1,744 | 4,306 | 68 |
| 3 | 1,677 | 5,837 | 1,084 | 639 | 1,261 | 4,388 | 61 |
| 4 | 1,406 | 6,316 | 1,205 | 624 | 907 | 4,046 | 76 |
| 5 | 4, 247 | 30, 600 | 6, 172 | 3,751 | 2, 190 | 15, 346 | 222 |
| 10 | 2,361 | 28, 931 | 6, 185 | 4, 038 | 856 | 10, 428 | 215 |
| 15. | 1,565 | 27, 136 | 5,864 | 4,206 | 388 | 6, 664 | 237 |
| 20 | 1, 203 | 27, 022 | 5,994 | 4,268 | 231 | 5,132 | 14 |
| 25. | 1,981 | 67, 862 | 20, 000 | 12, 840 | 376 | 12, 754 | 195 |
| 50. | 1,154 | 79, 429 | 28, 640 | 14, 084 | 148 | 10,310 | 32 |
| 100 | 671 | 101, 598 | 36, 759 | 19,089 | 70 | 10, 490 | 23 |
| 250 | 240 | 83, 103 | 29, 472 | 15, 042 | 24 | 8,323 | 300 |
| 500 | 113 | 75, 392 | 26,848 | 17, 110 | 8 | 5, 127 |  |
| 1,000 | 66 | 122, 771 | 44, 024 | 30, 223 | 3 | 5,931 | 154 |
| 5,000 | 3 | 18, 097 | 6,784 | 5,350 | 2 | 14, 501 | 8,715 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 68,020 | 24, 520 | 29, 116 |  |  |  |
| Total. | 29,412 | 755, 282 | 245, 907 | 162, 070 | 21, 044 | 124,931 | 10,788 |

SERVICES: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING PLACES


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and return: with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Keturns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Dividends } \\ \text { paid in } \\ \text { cash and } \\ \text { assets other } \\ \text { than own } \\ \text { stock }^{\text {b }} \end{array}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

SERVICES: PERSONAL SERVICES


SERVICES: BUSINESS SERVICES


SERVICES: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND GARAGES


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{55}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\text { tax }^{\text {Income }}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock 0 | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit 4 | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock: |

SERVICES: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES, HAND TRADES


SERVICES: MOTION PICTURES

|  | 358 | 161 | 29 | 84 | 573 | 179 | 115 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 236 | 350 | 63 | 65 | 221 | 318 | 13 |
| 2 | 198 | 494 | 95 | 90 | 162 | 401 | 23 |
| 3 | 175 | 605 | 119 | 107 | 98 | 339 |  |
| 4. | 164 | 738 | 146 | 125 | 80 | 355 | 38 |
| 5 | 582 | 4,259 | 870 | 902 | 213 | 1,510 | 39 |
| 10 | 371 | 4, 595 | 982 | 957 | 88 | 1,046 | 66 |
| 15 | 293 | 5,140 | 1,109 | 1,225 | 41 | 698 |  |
| 20 | 239 | 5,353 | 1,199 | 1,290 | 35 | 790 |  |
| 25. | 452 | 15,643 | 4,671 | 3,963 | 42 | 1,433 |  |
| 50 | 243 | 16,459 | 5, 926 | 3,916 | 19 | 1,459 |  |
| 100 | 145 | 21, 699 | 7,854 | 5,324 | 12 | 1,764 |  |
| 250 | 47 | 15,923 | 5,345 | 3,677 | 11 | 4,135 | 300 |
| 500 | 27 | 18,559 | 5,832 | 5. 279 | 6 | 3. 644 |  |
| 1,000 | 18 | 33, 412 | 12, 125 | 8,224 | 3 | 5. 931 | 154 |
| 10,000 | 3 | 68,020 | 24, 520 | 29,116 | 2 | 14, 501 | 8,715 |
| Total | 3,551 | 211,410 | 70,885 | 64, 344 | 1,606 | 38, 503 | 9,467 |

SERVICES: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION PICTURES


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 7.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{7}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock; also, for returns with net income, the income tax-Con.
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

|  | Returns with net income |  |  |  | Returns with no net income * |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{65}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ | Number of returns ${ }^{10}$ | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ | Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |

OTHER SERVICES, INCLUDING SCHOOLS

| 0 | 927 | 349 | 59 | 67 | 1,671 | 420 | 37 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 364 | 535 | 91 | 56 | 362 | 523 | 4 |
| 2 | 223 | 551 | 94 | 68 | 234 | 576 | 11 |
| 3. | 187 | 653 | 118 | 26 | 153 | 537 | 6 |
| 4. | 155 | 697 | 128 | 56 | 122 | 543 | 3 |
| 5 | 427 | 3, 047 | 600 | 276 | 308 | 2, 161 | 12 |
| 10. | 259 | 3, 160 | 643 | 358 | 127 | 1,508 | 17 |
| 15. | 166 | 2,857 | 609 | 399 | - 55 | 951 | 6 |
| 20. | 128 | 2,887 | 619 | 265 | 29 | 655 |  |
| 25 | 204 | 6,978 | 2, 053 | 1,099 | 60 | 2, 042 | - |
| 50. | 130 | 9,058 | 3,332 | 1,687 | 17 | 1, 152 | - |
| 100 | 63 | 10,219 | 3,850 | 1,478 | 12 | 1, 869 | - |
| 250 | 20 | 7,026 | 2,497 | 1,239 | 5 | 1, 813 | . |
| 500 | 5 | 3, 555 | 1,350 | 388 |  |  |  |
| 1,000 | 1 | 1,178 | 304 | 742 |  |  | - |
| 5,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,259 | 52,750 | 16,347 | 8,204 | 3,155 | 14,750 | 96 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,750 |  |

NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE


For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 8.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes, for returns with regular tax and returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and tax applicable
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{4}$ | Returns with net income * |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  | Taxable |  |
|  |  |  |  | Returns with regular tax |  |
|  | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Number of returns | Net income |
| Under 1 | 74, 248 | 30,419 | 5, 483 | 64, 651 | 26, 941 |
| 1 under 2 | 37,465 | 54, 773 | 10,164 | 34, 362 | 50, 296 |
| 3 under 4 . | 20, 389 | 70,983 | 13, 592 | 19,326 | 67, 284 |
| 4 under 5 . | 17, 257 | 77, 514 | 15,053 | 16,523 | 74, 230 |
| 5 under 10 | 54, 533 | 394, 052 | 80,155 | 52, 848 | 382, 182 |
| 10 under 15 | 31, 987 | 393, 774 | 83, 458 | 31, 365 | 386, 192 |
| 15 under 20 | 22, 489 | 391, 366 | 84, 434 | 22,160 | 385, 710 |
| 20 under 25 | 20, 221 | 455, 811 | 100, 925 | 20, 007 | 451, 000 |
| 25 under 50. | 35, 284 | 1,227, 329 | 360, 665 | 25, 920 | 893, 479 |
| 50 under 100 | 23, 291 | 1,638, 322 | 587, 407 | 14, 924 | 1, 042, 173 |
| 100 under 250 | 17, 930 | 2,783, 257 | 999, 583 | 10, 069 | 1,543, 183 |
| 250 under 500 | 6,815 | 2, 371, 864 | 842, 652 | 3, 228 | 1,114, 564 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 3, 612 | 2, 512, 794 | 881, 216 | 1,523 | 1, 049, 506 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 3, 149 | 6, 494, 787 | 2, 252, 495 | 1,176 | 2, 355, 607 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 422 | 2, 933, 395 | 992, 884 | 139 | 5959,949 |
| 10,000 and over. | 419 | 14, 377, 513 | 4, 597, 540 | 137 | 5, 182, 005 |
| Total | 395, 860 | 36, 273, 250 | ${ }^{56} 11,920,260$ | 343, 021 | 16, 229,457 |


| Net income classes ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | Returns with net income *-Continued |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Taxable-Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  | Returns with regular tax-Con. | Returns with alternative tax ${ }^{57}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | Excess of net longterm capital gain over net shortterm capital loss | Income tax (if alternative method had not been used) |
| Under 1. |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 2\end{aligned}$ | 5,48310,164 |  |  |  |  |
| 3 under 4 - | 12,37713,592 |  |  |  |  |
| 4 under 5 5 ... | 13,59215,053 |  |  |  |  |
| 5 under 10 10 under 15 | 15,053 <br> 80,155 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 under 20 | 80,5584,45884,434 |  |  |  |  |
| 20 under 25. | 84,434 100,677 | 43 | 1,007 | -1.73 |  |
| 25 under 50 | 379, 210 | 9,001 | 321, 380 | 35,79854,858 | - 100,860 |
| 50 under 100 |  |  | 582, 449 |  | 216, 222 |
| 100 under 250 | 559, 5649 | 7,732 | 1,219,934 | 86,409 |  |
| 250 under 500 under 1,000 |  | 2, 035 | 1, $1,426,010$ | 64,591 <br> 70,344 | 448.264 519,637 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 825, 074 | 1, 888 | 3, 966 , 990 | 150, 129 | 1,445, 426 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 320,408 |  | 1, 867, 884 | 44, 043 | 1,678, 259 |
| 10,000 and over. | 1,667,016 | 258 | 8,033, 794 | 136, 920 | 2, 949, 617 |
| Total | ${ }^{56} 5,196,046$ | 32, 898 | 18,644, 455 | 643, 185 | 6, 809, 989 |

For footnotes, sce pp. 346-348.

Table 8.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1} 1948$, by net income and deficit classes, for returns with regular tax and returns with alternative tax: Number of returns, net income or deficit, and tax applicable-Continued
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income and deficit classes ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | Returns with net income 4-Continued |  |  | Returns with no net |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | TaxableContinued | Nontaxable |  |  |  |
|  | Returns with alternative tax ${ }^{5}$ Continued |  |  |  |  |
|  | Income tax (alternative) ${ }^{5}$ | Number of returns | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Number of returns | Deficit 4 |
| Under 1. |  | 9, 597 | 3, 478 | 86, 967 | 25, 746 |
| $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 2\end{aligned}$ under 3 - |  | 1, 1036 | 4,477 | 24, 470 | 35, 519 |
| 3 under 4 |  | 1,063 | 3,699 | 10,923 | 37, 916 |
| 4 under 5 |  | 1,734 | 3,284 | 8, 048 | 36, 031 |
| 5 under 10 |  | 1,685 | 11,870 | 22, 119 | 156, 702 |
| 10 under 15- |  | 622 | 7,582 | 9,644 | 117,762 |
| 15 under 20 |  | 329 | 5, 656 | 5,361 | 92, 688 |
| 20 under 25. | 248 | 171 | 3, 804 | 3, 255 | 72, 749 |
| 25 under 50 | 94, 918 | 363 | 12,470 | 6, 715 | 232, 766 |
| 50 under 100 | 208, 197 | 194 | 13,700 | 3,174 | 219, 384 |
| 100 under 250. | 440, 014 | 129 | 20, 140 | 1,577 | 236,550 |
| 250 under 500 | 440,010 510,406 | 86 | 31,290 | 444 | 151, 415 |
| 500 under 1,000. | 510, 406 | 54 | 38, 281 | 167 | 118,864 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 1, 427,421 | 85 | 168,190 | 92 | 175, 283 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 10,000 and over | $1,672,476$ $2,930,524$ | 16 24 | 105,562 $1,161,714$ | 7 4 | 49, 6106 |
| 10,000 and over-- | 2, 930, 524 | 24 | 1,161, 714 |  | 51, 107 |
| Total.. | 6, 724, 214 | 19, 941 | 1, 599, 333 | ${ }^{8} 234,810$ | 1, 848, 226 |

[^45]Table 9.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes: Total number of returns, number of returns with dividends received and amount of dividends received from domestic corporations, and from foreign corporations; also, interest received on Government obligations
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes ${ }^{4}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dividends received from- |  |  |  | Interest reccived on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium) |  |  |  |
|  |  | Domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ |  | Foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | Amount | Num- ber of returns | Amount | Total | Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ | Subjeot to suronly 14 |  |
| Under 1. | 74,248 | 2,094 | 1,747 | 52 | 19 | 2,925 | 2,345 | 221 | 359 |
| 1 under 2 | 37, 465 | 1,376 | 1,355 | 37 | 200 | 5, 054 | 4, 257 | 248 | 549 |
| 2 under 3 | 26,349 | 1,148 | 1,387 | 21 | 105 | 3,251 | 2, 611 | 197 | 443 |
| 3 under 4 | 20,389 | , 976 | 1,271 | 21 | 10 | 4.192 | 3,360 | 250 | 582 |
| 4 under 5 | 17, 257 | 1,026 | 1,282 | 23 | 39 | 4,660 | 3,633 | 300 | 727 |
| 5 under 10 | 54, 533 | 3,743 | 7,235 | 98 | 120 | 29,410 | 23, 583 | 1,657 | 4, 170 |
| 10 under 15 | 31, 987 | 2,656 | 6,494 | 75 | 81 | 35, 145 | 27, 370 | 2, 2251 | 5,553 |
| 15 under 20 | 22,489 | 2,202 | 6. 188 | 73 | 140 | 36, 617 | 29,451 | 2,051 | 5, 115 |
| 20 under 25 | 20,221 | 2,070 | 6, 774 | 58 | 131 | 41,696 | 34, 212 | 2,270 | 5. 214 |
| 25 under 50 | 35,284 | 5,147 | 29,958 | 184 | 558 | 131, 680 | 105, 262 | 10,076 | 16,342 |
| 50 under 100 | 23, 291 | 4,382 | 49.024 | 223 | 1,889 | 124, 701 | 98, 480 | 12,078 | 14,143 |
| 100 under 250 | 17, 930 | 4,368 | 96, 858 | 297 | 4,590 | 161,226 | 124,765 | 18,062 | 18,399 |
| 250 under 500 | 6,815 | 2,157 | 105, 244 | 195 | 6,912 | 103, 015 | 78,863 | 14, 132 | 10,020 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 3,612 |  | 141, 059 | 195 | 9,959 | 119.020 | 86, 267 | 20,596 | 12,157 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 3,149 | 1,598 | 370, 879 | 319 | 51, 141 | 304,760 | 221, 101 | 58, 689 | 24,970 |
| 5,009 under 10,000 10,000 and over-... | 422 419 | 305 343 | 214,479 $1,132,014$ | 101 | 45,228 <br> 258,219 | 98,930 632,825 | 60,482 547,732 | $\begin{aligned} & 30,361 \\ & 54,773 \end{aligned}$ | 8,087 30,320 |
| Tot | 395, 860 | 37, 047 | 2, 173, 248 | 2,120 | 379, 341 | 1,839,107 | 1,453,774 | 228, 183 | 157,150 |

Returns with no net income 4

| Deficit classes ${ }^{4}$ | Total numreturns | Dividends received from- |  |  |  | Interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Domestic corporations ${ }^{20}$ |  | Foreign corporations ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Num } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { returns } \end{array}\right\|$ | Amount | Number of returns | Amount | Total | Wholly taxable ${ }^{13}$ | Subject to sur$\operatorname{tax}$ only 1 |  |
| Under 1. | 86, 967 | 1,205 | 1,845 | 26 | 54 | 3,031 | 2,132 | 209 | 690 |
| 1 under 2 | 24, 470 | 429 | 551 | 5 | 7 | 1,224 | 905 | 99 | 220 |
| 2 under 3. | 15, 416 | 275 | 486 | 5 | 8 | 1,416 | 1,191 | -33 | 192 |
| 3 under 4 - | 10,923 | 219 | ${ }_{4}^{296}$ | 3 3 3 | 6 | $\begin{array}{r}1825 \\ 1,486 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 109 | 274 120 |
| $4{ }_{5}$ under 5 | 8,048 22,119 | 166 <br> 553 | 456 1,339 | 3 21 2 | -6 | 1,486 3,396 1,48 | 1,239 2,401 | 127 | ${ }_{943}^{120}$ |
| 5 under 10 under 15 | 22,119 9,644 | 553 <br> 283 | 1,339 853 | 21 | 14 6 | 1,987 | 1,358 | 232 | 397 |
| 15 under 20 | 5,361 | 179 | 633 | 7 | 3 | 446 | 398 | 32 | 16 |
| 20 under 25 | 3,255 | 126 | 315 | 3 | 5 | 630 | 492 | 8 | 130 |
| 25 under 50 | 6,715 | 317 | 1,422 | 8 | 111 | 3,891 | 3,091 | 225 | 575 |
| 50 under 100 | 3,174 | 230 | 2,557 | 15 | 204 | 1,870 | 1,456 | 137 | - 277 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,577 444 | 195 | 3,228 | 17 9 |  | 4.263 2,657 | 2,603 2,299 | 408 139 | 1,252 |
| 500 under 500 | 444 167 | 77 42 | 1, 2172 | 9 8 | 4919 | 2,657 2,495 | 1,692 | ${ }_{355}^{139}$ | 448 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 92 | 19 | 820 | 6 | 347 | 1. 289 | 1,101 | 130 | 58 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 7 | 5 | 1,963 | 2 | 981 | 169 | 154 | 4 | 11 |
| 10,000 and over | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 198, 383 | 4,320 | 20, 708 | 144 | 3,084 | 31,075 | 22,954 | 2,299 | 5,822 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

Table 10.-Corporation returns, ${ }^{1}$ 1948, by net income and deficit classes: Total number of returns, number of returns with dividends paid, and amount, by type of dividend paid
[Net income and deficit classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Net income classes 4 | Returns with net income |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total number of returns | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Only cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |  | Only corporation's own stock |  | Both cash and assets other than own stock, and corporation's own stock |  |  |
|  |  | Number of returns | Amount | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{gathered}$ | Amount | Number of returns | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { of cash } \\ \text { and assets } \\ \text { other } \\ \text { tbant } \\ \text { own stock } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Amount of corporation's own stock |
| Under 1. | 74, 248 | 4,039 | 11,137 | 130 | 1,376 | 40 | 71 | 435 |
| 1 under 2 | 37, 465 | 3, 471 | 13, 075 | 68 | 927 | 29 | 84 | 197 |
| 2 under 3 | 26, 349 | 3, 324 | 10, 379 | 90 | 1,133 | 37 | 121 | 288 |
| 3 under 4. | 20, 389 | 3, 010 | 10, 552 | 80 | 1,194 | 29 | 123 | 286 |
| 4 under 5 | 17, 257 | 2,871 | 10, 806 | 63 | 608 | 42 | 121 | 645 |
| 5 under 10 | 54, 533 | 12,107 | 57, 755 | 368 | 5,963 | 219 | 847 | 3,488 |
| 10 under 15 | 31, 987 | 9, 285 | 58, 934 | 276 | 5, 277 | 194 | 832 | 3,841 |
| 15 under 20 | 22,489 | 7, 471 | 58,817 | 240 | 6,900 | 193 | 955 | 4,079 |
| 20 under 25. | 20, 221 | 6,797 | 62, 622 | 272 | 8, 441 | 207 | 1,518 | 6,557 |
| 25 under 50 | 35, 284 | 15, 609 | 207, 956 | 505 | 19,604 | 548 | 4, 682 | 22,744 |
| 50 under 100 | 23, 291 | 11, 926 | 278, 450 | 369 | 21, 887 | 532 | 8, 500 | 36, 016 |
| 100 under 250. | 17, 930 | 10,706 | 474, 692 | 285 | 40, 076 | 614 | 18, 297 | 74, 656 |
| 250 under 500 | 6,815 | 4, 580 | 461, 038 | 99 | 22, 883 | 315 | 18, 534 | 75,045 |
| 500 under 1,000. | 3, 612 | 2,633 | 536, 004 | 32 | 13,787 | 170 | 21, 410 | 77, 957 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 3,149 | 2, 522 | 1, 700, 174 | 18 | 21, 986 | 150 | 67, 894 | 147, 240 |
| 5,000 under 10,000---- | 422 | 357 | 1,847, 954 |  |  | 24 | 31, 961 | 81, 221 |
| 10,000 and over.-.-.-- | 419 | 351 | 4, 024,791 | 1 | 11,164 | 22 | 277, 750 | 291, 130 |
| Total. | 395, 860 | 101, 059 | 8, 825, 136 | 2, 896 | 183, 206 | 3, 365 | 453, 700 | 825,825 |

Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$

| Deficit.classes * | Total number of returns | Dividends paid ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Only cash and assets other than own stock ${ }^{6}$ |  | Only corporation's own stock |  | Both cash and assets other than own stock, and corporation's own stock |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Amount | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Amount | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Amount of cash and assets other than own stock | Amount of corporation's own stock |
| Under 1 | 86, 967 | 1,439 | 12, 308 | 57 | 534 |  | 58 | 241 |
| 1 under 2 | 24, 470 | 511 | 3, 526 | 34 | 726 |  |  | 7 |
| 2 under 3 | 15, 416 | 375 | 2, 939 | 20 | 682 | 2 | 9 | 33 |
| 3 under 4 | 10, 923 | 289 | 2, 207 | 13 | 81 | 2 | 14 | 14 |
| 4 under 5 | 8,048 | 220 | 1, 924 | 16 | 220 | 2 | 441 | 19 |
| 5 under 10 | 22, 119 | 633 | 6, 498 | 36 | 572 | 9 | 261 | 464 |
| 10 under 15 | 9, 644 | 357 | 5, 298 | 19 | 372 | 4 | 119 | 764 |
| 15 under 20 | 5, 361 | 214 | 2,645 | 13 | 861 | 4 | 87 | 164 |
| 20 under 25 | 3, 255 | 152 | 4, 283 | 10 | 215 | 5 | 25 | 182 |
| 25 under 50 | 6, 715 | 339 | 7, 534 | 26 | 1,339 | 3 | 8 | 195 |
| 50 under 100 | 3,174 | 232 | 6,334 | 16 | 3, 246 | 4 | 1,333 | 1,489 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,577 | 188 | 12,070 | 6 | 2,232 | 4 | 98 | 519 |
| 250 under 500 | 444 | 80 | 9, 794 | 2 | 205 | 1 | 50 | 300 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 167 | 28 | 5, 646 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 92 | 22 | 6,497 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 7 | 4 | 15, 612 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 and over... | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 198, 383 | 5,083 | 105, 115 | 268 | 11, 285 | 65 | 2, 524 | 4,391 |

For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-10, pages 82-345

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 477-504)

${ }_{1}$ Data are compiled from the returns as fled, prior to revisions that may be made as a result of audit by the Internal Revenue Service and prior to changes resulting from carry-backs after the returns were filed.

2 Returns filed in a State may not be a complete coverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located thercin. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations laving their principal place of business in another State. A corporation may file an income tax return either in the collection district in which it has its principal place of business or in the collection district in which it has its principal office or agency.

3 The total number of returns shown includes returns of inactive corporations.

4"Net income" or "Deficit" is the difference between the total income and the total deductions as reported on the return, exclusive of the net operating loss deduction.
$s$ "Income tax" consists of normal tax, surtax, and alternative tax reported in lieu of normal tax and surtax where the income includes an excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss, if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. Tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income is a small amount of tax reported on returns with no net income, under the special provisions applicable to certain mutual insurance companies, other than life or marine.
${ }^{6}$ The item "Dividends paid in cash and assets other than own stock" (shown in table 6 as "Dividends paid") does not include liquidating dividends. Dividend payments are reported in schedule $M$, page 4, Form 1120.

7 The industrial classification is based on the business activity reported on the return. When multiple businesses are reported on a return, the classification is determined by the business activity which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, the industrial groups do not reflect pure industry classifications. The industrial groups are based on the Standard Industrial Classification, issued by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget, Executive Office of the President. For 1948 changes have been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, generally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. A comparison of the major industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 428-431. A comparison of the minor industrial groups employed for 1948 with those for 1947 is shown in a chart on pages 438-450.

8 "Total compiled receipts" consists of gross sales (less returns and allowances), gross receipts from operations (where inventories are not an incomedetermining factor), all interest received on Government obligations (less amortizable bond premium), other interest, rents, royalties, excess of net shortterm capital gain over net long-term capital loss, excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss, net gain from sale or exchange of property other than capital assets, dividends, and other receipts regnired to be included in gross income, described in note 22 . "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable income other than taxexempt interest received on certain Government obligations.

- Life insurance companies are required to include only interest, dividends, and rents in gross income. Beginning 1942, life insurance companjes are allowed a "reserve and other policy liability credit" equal to a flat percentage of investment income less taxcxempt interest. This credit, which is deducted ofter arriving at net income, takes the place of the deductions for reserve earnings, deferred dividends, and interest paid, which formerly were allowed in computing net income.

10 Number of returns shown excludes returns of inactive corporations.

11 "Gross sales" consists of amounts received for goods, less returns and allowances, in transactions where inventories are an income-determining factor. For "Cost of goods sold," see "Deductions."

12 "Gross receipts from operations" consists of amounts received from transactions in which inventories are not an income-determining factor. For "Cost of operations," see "Deductions."
${ }^{13}$ "Interest received on Government obligations, wholly taxable" consists of interest on Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof, reported as item 9 (c), page 1, Form 1120.

14 "Interest received on Government obligations, subject to surtax only" consists of interest on Tnited States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of over $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 9(a), page 1, Form 1120; and interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks) issued prior to March 1, 1941, reported as item 9(b), page 1, Form 1120.

15 "Interest received on Government obligations. wholly tax-exempt" consists of interest on obligations of States, Territories, or political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917; all postal savings bonds; Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940; Treasury bills issued prior to March 1, 1941; United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less issued prior to March 1, 1941; and obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, by Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate credit banks. Interest from such sources is reported under item 19(a), (b), and (c) of schedule M, page 4, Form 1120.

16 Amount shown as "Rents" consists of gross amounts received. The amounts of depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses, which are deductible from the gross amount received for rents, are included in the respective deduction items.
${ }^{17}$ Amount shown as "Royalties" consists of gross amounts received. The amount of depletion, which is deductible from the gross amount of royalties received, is included in the item of "Depletion" in deductions.
${ }^{18}$ Capital gain or loss is the amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets. (A net loss from this source is not deductible for the current year, but may be carried over and applied against capital gains in the five succeeding taxable years to the extent not allowed as a deduction against any net capital gains of any taxable year interven ing between the taxable year in which the net capital loss was sustained and the taxable year to which carried.) The term "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not con nected with trade or business), but excludes (1) stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory if on hand at the close of the taxable year, (2) property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business, (3) property used in trade or business, of a char acter which is subject to the allowance for deprecia tion, (4) Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis and payable without interest at a fixed maturity date not exceeding 1 year from the date of issue, and (5) real property used in the trade or business of the taxpayer. Begin ning 1942 gains and losses from (a) sale or exchange of depreciable property and real property, used in the trade or business and hold for more than 6 months, and from (b) involuntary conversion of such property and of capital assets held for more than 6 months are treated as long-term capital

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-10, pages 82-345-Continued

## (Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 477-504)

gains and losses, if the gains exceed the losses. If the losses exceed the gains, the net loss is deductible as an ordinary loss. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, "short-term" applies to gains or losses on the sale or exchange of capital assets held 6 months or less; "long-term" applies to gains or losses on capital as sets held over 6 months.

10 "Net gain or loss. sales other than capital assets" is the net amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of depreciable and real property used in trade or business and short-term non-interest-bearing Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis. If the property used in trade or business has been beld for more than 6 months, special treatment of the gain or loss is provided as described in note 18 above.
20 "Dividends, domestic corporations" consists of dividends received from domestic corporations subject to income taxation under chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code. This item is reported in column 2, schedule E, page 2, Form 1120, and is the amount used for computation of the dividends received credit.
21 "Dividends, foreign corporations" is the amount reported in column 3, schedule E, page 2, Form 1120, and is not used for the computation of dividends received credit.

22 "Other receipts" includes amounts not elsewhere reported on the return such as: Profit from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; bad debts recovered; cash discount; income from claims, license rights, judgments, and joint ventures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporation's own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap, salvage, or waste.
${ }^{23}$ Where the amount reported as "Cost of goods sold" or "Cost of operations" includes items of deductions such as depreciation, taxes, etc., these items ordinarily are not transferred to their specific headings. However, an exception is made with respect to amounts reported in costs and identifiable as "Amortization of emergency facilities" and "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," such amounts being transferred to the respective deduction items.
${ }^{24}$ Amount shown as "Repairs" is the cost of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or appreciably prolong its life.
${ }^{25}$ The item "Taxes paid" excludes (1) Federal income tax and Federal excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) income taxes paid to a foreign country or possession of the United States if any portion is claimed as a tax credit, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits. (5) Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant bonds, and (6) taxes reported in "Cost of goods sold" and "Cost of operations."
${ }_{28}$ The deduction claimed for "Contributions or gifts" is limited to 5 percent of net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction.
${ }^{27}$ Amount shown as "Amortization" is the deduction provided by section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended with respect to the amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense.
28 "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," consists of deductions claimed under section 23(p) of the Internal Revenue Code for amounts contributed by employers under pension, annuity, stock-bonus, or profit-sharing plans, or other deferred compensation plans.
${ }_{20}$ Included in "Other deductions" are (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty (including war losses), and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, and (4) amounts not otherwise reportcd, such as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in conncetion with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; selling costs; travel expenses; unrealized profits on installment sales; and Fedcral Deposit Insurance Corporation assessments reported by banks.
${ }^{30}$ The net operating loss deduction tabulated herein is the amount originally reported, consisting only of the net operating loss carry-over reduced by certain adjustments, and does not take into account whatever revisions may subsequently be made as the result of any carry-back of net operating loss from the two succeeding tax years. In general, the net operating loss carry-over is the sum of the net operating losses, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. If there is net income in the first preceding taxable year, the net operating loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorbed by such net income.
${ }^{31}$ Amount shown as "Compensation of officers" excludes compensation of officers of life insurance compznies which file Form 1120L. Data not a vailable.

## ${ }^{32}$. See note 31 .

${ }^{33}$ Compiled riet loss or deficit.
${ }^{34}$ Compiled net loss after income tax payment.
${ }^{35}$ "Number of returns with balance sheets" excludes returns of inactive corporations and returns of active corporations for which balance sheet data are lacking.
${ }^{38}$ Amount shown as "Cash" includes bank deposits.
${ }^{37}$ Amount shown as "Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligations of the United States or agency or instrumentality thereof as well as obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions. See note 38.
${ }^{38}$ Where investments are not segregated as between "Government obligations" and "Other," the entire amount is included in "Other investments."
${ }^{39}$ Amount shown as "Capital assets" consists of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, fixed mechanical equipment, manufacturing facilities, transportation facilities, and furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets-natural resources, (3) intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formulas, copyrights, leaseholds, good will, and trade-marks, and (4) land. (Amounts in tables 4 through $5-A$ exclude land.)
${ }^{40}$ Amount shown as "Other assets" consists of assets not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivable; and guaranty deposits. "Other assets" of life insurance companies includes market value of real estate and bonds and stocks in excess of book value; interest, rents, and premiums due; and agents' balances.
${ }^{41}$ Assets and liabilities are tabulated as of December 31, 1948, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. Total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments are made in tabulating the data, as follows: (1) Reserves, when shown under liabilities, are used to reduce corresponding asset accounts, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, and (2) a deficit in surplus, shown under assets, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total

## Footnotes for basic tables 1-10, pages 82-345-Continued

(Facsimiles of return forms, to which references are made, appear on pp. 47i-504)
assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.

42 Amount shown as "Other liabilities" consists of liabilities not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Deferred and suspense items; accrued expenses; dividends payable; funds held in trust; borrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies includes the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks includes deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation.
${ }_{43}$ Capital stock which is not definitely designated as either common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.
44 Amount shown as "Surplus and undivided profits" consists of paid-in or capital surplus and earned surplus and undivided profits. See note 45.

45 Amount shown as "Deficit" consists of negative amounts of earned surplus and undivided profits.
${ }^{46}$ For types of corporations permitted to file a consolidated return and criterion of affiliation, see "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," pages 470-4i6.
${ }^{47}$ Number of subsidiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations which together with the common parent corporation file a consolidated income tax return.
43 The lower limit of each total assets class is shown in this table. For method of tabulating "Total assets," see note 41.
${ }^{49}$ Amount of "Investments" consists oi "Investments, Government obligations," described in note

37, and "Other investments" (items 4 and 5, respectively, schedule L, page 4, Form 1120).
${ }^{50}$ Bonds, notes. and mortgages payable, with original maturity of less than 1 year, are combined with accounts payable to obtain the amount of "Accounts and notes payable" shown in table 6.
${ }^{51}$ "Bonds and mertgages payable" shown in table 6 are those with original maturity of 1 year or more.
52 "Capital stock" consists of both preferred and common stock.
${ }_{53}$ The amount of "Surplus and undivided profits" shown in table 6 includes surplus reserves, paid-in or capital surplus, and earned surplus and undivided profits.
${ }^{54}$ Surplus deficit.
${ }_{55}$ The lower limit of each net income and deficit class is shown in this table. For definition of net income or deficit, see ncte 4.

56 Included in the total, but not in the detail, under "Income tax," is $\$ 177,000$ of tax reported on returns with no net income. See note 5 .
${ }^{57}$ For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, if the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-term capital loss, an alternative tax is imposed in lieu of the normal tax and surtax if and only if such tax is less than the normal tax and surtax. The alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partial tax, computed at the normal tax and surtax rates on the net income decreased by the amount of the excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss, and (2) 25 percent of such excess.

## HISTORICAL DATA

## BASIC TABLES

## CORPORATION INCOME AND PROFITS TAX RETURNS

All returns:
11. General summary, 1909-1948.
12. Net income and deficit classes, 1937-1948.
13. Receipts and deductions, 1918-1948.
14. Industrial groups, 1939-1948.
15. States and Territories, 1939-1948.

Returns with balance sheets:
16. Assets and liabilities, 1926-1948; receipts and deductions, 1931-1948.
17. Total assets classes, 1931-1948.

Taxable excess profits tax returns:
18. General summary, 1940-1946.

Consolidated returns:
19. Income tax returns, summary, 1928-1948.
20. Taxable excess profits tax returns, summary, 1940-1946.


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Table 12.-Corporation returns, 1937-1948, ${ }^{1}$ by net income and deficit classes: Number of returns, net income, and deficit

| Net income classes 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|c} \text { Number } \\ \text { returns 12 } \end{array}\right\|$ | Net income 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Net Income ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } 12 \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } 12 \end{aligned}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 |  | 1938 |  | 193 |  | 1940 |  | 194 |  | $1942{ }^{10}$ |  |
| Under | 71,111 | 25, 430 | 66,024 | 22,594 | 73, 604 | 25, 650 | 77, 282 | 27, 791 | 79, 203 | 30, 008 | 70, 220 | 27, 628 |
| 1 under 2 . | 23,079 | 34, 066 | 21, 016 | 30, 479 | 24, 310 | 35, 177 |  | 39,206 | 30,556 | 44, 333 | 30, 264 | 44, 107 |
| 2 under | $\begin{array}{r}14,340 \\ 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 34,104 | - | ${ }_{31} 1,062$ | 10,404 | ${ }_{36,105}^{36,191}$ | 11, 955 | 41, 521 | 14, 472 | 50, 370 | 15,482 | - |
| 3 under 4 | $7{ }^{7} 407$ | 33, 570 | 6,779 | 30,410 | 7,974 | 35,759 | 9,803 | 44, 047 | 12,927 | 58,227 | 14,016 | 63, 230 |
| 5 under 10 | 20, 538 | 148, 166 | 17,702 | 126,457 | 21,701 | 155,145 | 24, 508 | 174, 912 | ${ }^{31,766}$ | 227, 732 | 35, 424 | ${ }^{253,671}$ |
| 10 under 15 | 10,000 | 124,070 | 8 8, 273 | 105, 52 |  | 123,035 | 11,950 | -146, 721 | ${ }^{15,776}$ | 193, 37 | ${ }^{17,163}$ | 210,610 182,621 |
| 15 under 20 | 6.161 | 109, 043 | 5,210 | 80, 9848 | ${ }_{5}^{6,269}$ | 118, 469 | ${ }_{5}, 703$ | 128, 152 | 7, 297 | 163,599 | 77.455 | 167, ${ }^{182}$ |
| 20 under 25 | ${ }^{4,180}$ |  |  | 261, 367 | 9, 391 | 331, 879 | 11, 058 | 388, 485 | 16,166 | 563, 522 | 17,465 | 5, |
| ${ }_{50}^{25}$ under ${ }^{\text {under }} 100$ | 6,377 | 449, 228 | 4,740 | 332,157 | 6,314 | 443, 564 | 7,355 | 515, 462 | 45 | 736, 059 | 12,040 |  |
| 100 under 250 | 4,878 | 756, 190 | 3,477 | 533,084 | 4,649 | 717, 816 | 5,539 | 853, 466 | 531 | 1,333, 121 | 28 | 539, 033 |
| 250 under 500 | 1,938 | 632, 812 | 1,432 | 497, 886 | 1,885 | 661,577 | 2, 220 | 782, 570 | 3, 564 | 1, 250, 372 | 4,398 | 1,537,039 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 1,139 | 796, 055 | 756 | 529,955 | 1,046 | 729,305 | 1,237 | 871, 395 | 2, 061 | 1,438,504 | 2,518 | 1,765, 208 |
| 1,000 under 5,00 | 1,046 | 2,135, 892 | 705 | 1,445.832 |  | 1, 997,062 | 1,166 | ${ }^{2}, 424,760$ | 1,853 | 3,845, 024 | 2, 362. | 4, 810, 679 |
|  | 248 | 3, 826, 519 | 169 | 2, 360, 562 | 125 93 | $1,887,839$ $2,376,090$ | $\begin{aligned} & 158 \\ & 127 \end{aligned}$ | + ${ }^{1}, 1,455,712$ | $\begin{aligned} & { }_{227}^{246} \end{aligned}$ | 1,701,016 | $\begin{aligned} & 337 \\ & 334 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,338,316 \\ & 9,493,599 \end{aligned}$ |
| T | 192, 028 | 9, 634,837 | 169, 884 | 6, 525, 979 | 199,479 | 8, 826.713 | 220, 977 | 11, 203, 224 | 264, 625 | 18, 111, 095 | 269, 942 | 24, 052, 358 |
|  | 194310 |  | $1944{ }^{10}$ |  | 1945 |  | 191 |  | 194710 |  | $1948{ }^{10}$ |  |
| Under | 62, 933 |  | ${ }^{60,378}$ | 24, 693 | ${ }^{59,737}$ | 24. 208 | ${ }^{60,207}$ | ${ }^{25.177}$ | ${ }_{\text {che }}^{66,516}$ | ${ }_{50}^{27}{ }^{27} 629$ | 74, 248. |  |
| 1 under | 29,718 | 43, 514 | 29,574 | 43, 451 | ${ }^{30,532}$ | 4. 4.42 | 33.005 | 47, 003 | 34, 355 | 50, 614 | - 37,465 | 51,773 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ under under 4 | 21, ${ }_{16}^{1687}$ | 52,160 <br> 58,536 | 20,853 | 51, 5619 5607 | 21,512 16,893 | 53,316 58,813 | 23, | 57, 536 | - | 68, 693 | 20, 389 20, | -70, 933 |
| 4 under 5 | 15,837 | 71, 534 | 13,761 | 61, 821 | 14,346 | 6it. 4 in | 15, 815 | 70,921 | 16, 110 | 72, 294 | 17, 257 | 77, 514 |
| 5 under 10 | 40,570 |  | 43,619 | 317, 576 | 48, 479 | 251, 631 | 50.912 | 371, 230 | 52,897 | 382, 820 | 54, 533 | 394, 052 |
| 10 under 15 | 19,829 | 243, 215 | 23, 286 | 285, 530 | 26,983 | 330, 635 | 30, 631 | 376, 641 | 31, 874 | 393, 070 | 31, 937 | 393, 774 |
| 15 under 20 | 12,095 | 209, 207 | - 13,854 | 239,654 | 15, ${ }^{1597}$ | 263, 912 | 20.971 18.119 | - | - | 384,273 <br> 461,735 | - | ${ }^{391,366}$ |
| 20 under 25 | 8,478 | - 189,9545 |  | 210,052 | - 10,429 | - ${ }^{2310,305}$ | 3,5, 6.45 | 1, 248, 324 | -36, 696 | 1,283,695 | ${ }_{35,234}$ | , 227,329 |
| ${ }_{50} 25$ under 100 | 20,294 <br> 13,840 | 977, 169 | 14, 138 |  |  |  | 22,736 | 1, 600,462 | 23, 890 | 1,634,769 | 91 | 1, 67832 |
| 100 under 250 | 11, 158 | 1,748,539 | 11,342 | 1, 772 , 038 | 11,011 | 1, 725, 534 | 17.303 | 2. 675 , 312 | 18,688 | 2. 897, 136 | 17,930 | 2,783, 257 |
| 250 under 500 | 4,860 | 1,700, 037 | 4,919 | 1,725, 829 | 4,571 | 1,597, 154 | 6. 734 | 2,350, 407 | 7,286 | 2, 530, 132 | 6, 815 | 2, 371, 864 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 2,852 | 1,983, 564 | 2,817 | 1,967, 850 | 2,535 | 1,756,507 | 3,53, | 2. 45 , 464 | 3,806 | 2, 642, 213 | 3,612. | 2,512, 791 |
| 1,003 under 5 | 2,665 | 5, 395, 744 | 2,670 | 5, 454, 440 | 2, 278 | 4,603,693 | 2, $800^{\prime \prime}$ | 5,63\%,499 | 3, 323 | 6, 683, 179 | 3, 149, | 6,494, 787 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 |  | ,745, 948 | 348 | 2,395,884 | ${ }^{296}$ | 2,016.613 |  | 2. $1 \times 80.113$ |  | 2, 747, 218 |  | $2,933,395$ $14,377,513$ |
| 10,000 and over | 392 | 12, 266, 904 | 357 | 10,753, 631 | 268 | 7, 172, 315 | 279 | 7, 263, 430 | 333 | 11, 012,370 | 419 | 14, 377, 513 |
| Tota | 283, 735 | 28, 717, 966 | 288, 904 | 27, 123, 741 | 303, 019 | 22,165, 203 | 359.310 | 27, 134, 592 | 382, 531 | 33, 381, 291 | 395, 860 | 36, 273, 25) |


| Deficit classes ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { returns } \end{array}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Deficit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } 12 \end{aligned}$ | Deficit 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns } \end{aligned}$ | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { returns }{ }^{12} \end{aligned}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1937 |  | 1938 |  | 1939 |  | 1940 |  | 1941 |  | 104210 |  |
| Under 1 | 162, 530 | 48, 842 | 160, 549 | 49,950 | 154, 823 | 46, 148 | 146, 712 | 43.090 | 124, 929 | 35, 275 | 105, 757 | 29,888 |
| 1 under 2 | 38, 953 | 55, 481 | 41, 008 | 59, 157 | 36, 396 | 52, 269 | 3?, 023 | 47, 233 | 25, 451 | 36,378 | 21, 948 | 31, 406 |
| 2 under 3 | 20, 305 | 49,504 | 22, 550 | 55, 374 | 18, 814 | 46, 238 | 17, 150 | 42, 074 | 12, 678 | 31, 098 | 11, 107 | 27, 249 |
| 3 under 4 | 12, 111 | 41, 887 | 14, 071 | 48, 764 | 11,568 | 40, 106 | 10, 475 | 3', 298 | 7,655 | 26, 539 | 6, 640 | 22,956 |
| 4 under 5 | 8,326 | 37, 223 | 9,877 | 44, 207 | 7, 896 | 35, 234 | 7,039 | 31, 484 | 5, 263 | 23, 572 | 4,426 | 19,799 |
| 5 under 10 | 19,210 | 134, 614 | 23, 268 | 163, 462 | 18, 157 | 127, 588 | 16, $4+3$ | 115, 142 | 12,309 | 86, 444 | 10, 445 | 73, 044 |
| 10 under 15 | 7,675 | 93, 358 | 9, 196 | 112, 242 | 7,038 | 85, 900 | 6,601 | 8), 43) | 4,792 | 58, 502 | 3, 910 | 47, 666 |
| 15 under 20 | 3, 902 | 67, 335 | 5, 067 | 87, 589 | 3,791 | 65, 507 | 3, 503 | 60, 633 | 2, 622 | 45, 308 | 2,075 | 35, 743 |
| 20 under 25 | 2, 479 | 55. 241 | 3, 171 | 70,846 | 2, 294 | 51, 125 | 2, 153 | 48, 213 | 1. 588 | 34, 983 | 1,328 | 29, 615 |
| 25 under 50 | 5, 084 | 176, 442 | 6, 183 | 215, 180 | 4,745 | 164, 899 | 4,448 | 155, 092 | 3, 375 | 118, 215 | 2,711 | 94, 417 |
| 50 under 100 | 2, 759 | 190, 181 | 3, 221 | 223, 331 | 2,423 | 166, 724 | 2, 287 | 157, 125 | 1,784 | 124, 124 | 1,277 | 88, 832 |
| 100 under 250 | 1,544 | 236, 355 | 1,871 | 283, 893 | 1, 386 | 212, 231 | 1,354 | 206, 13) | 1,122 | 170, 599 | 703 | 108, 203 |
| 250 under 500 | 470 | 160, 713 | 564 | 197, 979 | 382 | 130, 525 | 454 | 154, 145 | 397 | 128, 296 | 228 | 79, 462 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 242 | 169,930 | 283 | 195, 121 | 187 | 129, 086 | 201 | 138,088 | 187 | 133, 223 | 96 | 65, 805 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 187 | 372, 665 | 217 | 450, 646 | 167 | 346, 130 | 179 | 367, 625 | 116 | 301, 601 | 64 | 119.826 |
| $5,000 \text { under } 10,000$ | 33 | 391, 076 | 52 | 595, 357 | 18 | 134, 020 | 22 | 160, 337 | 14 | 95, 789 | 6 | 43, 599 |
| 10,000 and over | 33 | 391, 076 | 52 | 595, 357 | 15 | 258, 368 | 21 | 440, 256 | 16 | 329, 607 | 2 | 83.237 |
| Total... | 285,810 | 2,280, 846 | 301, 148 | 2, 853, 098 | 270, 138 | 2, 092, 148 | 252, 065 | 2, 283, 795 | 204, 278 | 1, 778, 553 | 172, 723 | 1,000,746 |
|  | $1943{ }^{10}$ |  | $1944{ }^{10}$ |  | 194510 |  | 194610 |  | $1947{ }^{10}$ |  | 1918 to |  |
| Under 1 | 84,297 | 22,978 | 75, 011 | 19,992 | 69,755 | 18, 377 | 69, 146 | 18, 822 | 78, 547 | 22, 651 | 86, 957 | 25, 746 |
| 1 under 2 | 16,605 | 23, 828 | 14,607 | 20,945 | 13,790 | 19, 778 | 15, 819 | 22, 848 | 20, 850 | 30, 222 | 24, 470 | 35, 519 |
| 2 under 3 | 8, 304 | 20, 362 | 7,547 | 18, 447 | 7,388 | 18, 164 | 8,878 | 21, 876 | 12, 613 | 31, 108 | 15, 416 | 38, 078 |
| 3 under 4 | 5, 081 | 17, 596 | 4,645 | 16, 116 | 4,612 | 16, 000 | 5,940 | 20, 648 | 8, 692 | 30, 237 | 10,923 | 37,916 |
| 4 under 5 | 3, 516 | 15, 749 | 3, 162 | 14, 123 | 3, 185 | 14, 283 | 4, 248 | 19,060 | 6,627 | 29,680 | 8, 048 | 36, 031 |
| 5 under 10 | 8, 230 | 57, 700 | 7,961 | 56, 191 | 7,767 | 54, 951 | 10,975 | 77, 606 | 17, 214 | 121, 918 | 22, 119 | 156, 702 |
| 10 under 15 | 3, 373 | 41, 089 | 3, 218 | 39, 235 | 3, 272 | 39, 833 | 4,779 | 58, 399 | 7,694 | 94.023 | 9, 644 | 117, 762 |
| 15 under 20 | 1, 739 | 30, 030 | 1,754 | 30, 215 | 1, 890 | 32, 616 | 2, 597 | 44, 787 | 4,097 | 70, 682 | 5,361 | 92, 688 |
| 20 under 25 | 1,173 | 26, 163 | 1,082 | 24, 175 | 1, 221 | 27, 296 | 1, 732 | 38, 571 | 2, 631 | 58, 709 | 3, 255 | 72. 749 |
| 25 under 50 | 2, 302 | 79, 456 | 2,362 | 81, 831 | 2,552 | 88, 812 | 3,536 | 123, 661 | 5, 432 | 188, 234 | 6,715 | 232, 766 |
| 50 under 100 | 1,174 | 80, 976 | 1,168 | 81, 268 | 1, 366 | 95,165 | 1,985 | 137, 131 | 2, 646 | 181, 875 | 3,174 | 219,384 |
| 100 under 250 | 651 | 98, 662 | - 693 | 106, 471 | 809 | 123, 023 | 1, 291 | 197, 498 | 1, 418 | 216, 576 | 1,577 | 236,550 |
| 250 under 500 | 218 | 73, 802 | 206 | 69, 660 | 276 | 97, 148 | 469 | 162, 760 | 432 | 148, 083 | 444 | 151, 415 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 73 | 50, 731 | 93 | 63, 745 | 128 | 90, 118 | 218 | 151, 709 | 227 | 155, 639 | 167 | 112, 864 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 45 | 101, 254 | 50 | 102, 426 | 83 | 155, 962 | 192 | 368, 590 | 124 | 239, 797 | 92 | 175,2S3 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 2 | 11,989 | 2 | 12, 106 | 7 | 40, 828 | 18 | 123, 965 | 17 | 112, 153 | 7 | 49, 666 |
| 10,000 and over.. | 3 | 146, 356 | 2 | 62, 315 | 5 | 87, 904 | 18 | 403, 775 | 9 | 226, 926 | 4 | 51,107 |
| Total | 136, 786 | 898, 722 | 123, 563 | 819, 260 | 118,106 | 1,026, 250 | 131, 842 | 1,991, 706 | 169,276 | I, 958, 563 | 198, 383 | 1, 848, 226 |

Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-1948, ${ }^{1}$ for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, also, for returns with net income: Net operaling loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax
[Money figures in millions of dollars]

|  |  | 1918 | 1919 | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{12}$ | 317, 579 | 320, 198 | 345, 595 | 356, 397 | 382,883 | 398,933 | 417, 421 | 430, 072 | 455, 320 | 425, 675 |  |
|  | Receipts, taxable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | Gross sales 18 - Gross income $^{\text {(1918-21), gross proft (1922-31), or gross receipts }}$ (1932-48) from operations. ${ }^{14}$ | (39) | ${ }^{(39)}$ | ${ }^{(39)}$ | ${ }_{(3)}{ }^{(39)}$ | 80,825 13,012 | 96, 685 14,459 | ${ }_{13,830} 9$ | $\underset{\substack{9 \\ 106,832 \\(30)}}{ }$ | $\begin{array}{r}106,206 \\ 9,33 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{106,864} 9 \times 420$ |  |
|  | Interest on Government obligations is-- | (30) | (39) | (39) | (3) |  |  |  | (39) | 3,712 | 3,989 |  |
| 6 | Interest, rents, and royalties |  |  |  |  | 4,263 | 4, 532 | 4,972 |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{8}$ | $\xrightarrow[\text { Rents }]{ } 10$ | (39) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | (39) |  |  |  | (3) | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |
| 10 |  | (39) | (39) | (30) | (39) |  |  |  | (39) | (3) | (39) |  |
| 10 | Net gain, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1918-33); net capital gain ${ }^{17}$ (1934-43). | (39) | (39) | (30) |  | (39) | (3) | (39) | (39) | (39) | (3) | 10 |
| 11 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 12 | Exeess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capi- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Net gain, sales other than capital assets 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dividends from: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Foreign cornoratio |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Other receipts 20 | 86,372 | 99, 621 | 117, 943 | 91, 046 | 2,017 | 2,017 | 2,214 | 26, 253 | 21, 373 | 22,468 | 16 |
| 17 | Dividends from domestic corporations io | 421 | 376 | 531 | 509 | 803 | 870 | 915 | 1,175 | 1,506 | 1,658 | 17 |
| 18 | Interest on Government obligations: <br> Subject to war-profits and excess-profits tax (1918-21); |  | 298 | 263 | 203 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| 19 | declared value excess-profits tax (1934-40); and declared <br> 列ject to war-protits and excess (1934-40); and declared value excess-profits tax and surtax ( $1941-45$ ). 21 | 93 | 298 | 263 | 203 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{20}$ | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{23}$. | 146 | 179 | 220 | 189 | 394 | 456 | 517 | 520 | 500 | 501 | 20 |
| 21 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{24}$ | 4087,031 | ${ }^{40} 100,473$ | 40 118, 957 | 4091,947 | 101, 314 | 119,020 | 10119,747 | - 134,780 | 142, 629 | 144,899 | 21 |


| 22 | Deductions: <br> Cost of goods sold ${ }^{2 s}$ | 56, 456 | 63, 826 | 75, 565 | 56,849 | 61,828 | 73,705 | 75,891 | 984,716 | 82, 484 | 83, 487 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 | Cost of operations ${ }^{28}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -81, 71 |  |  | 23 |
| 24 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{28}$ | 2, 226 | 1,993 | 2,437 | 2,259 | 2,410 | 2,576 | 2,636 | (1) | (11) |  | 24 |
| 25 | Rent paid on business property |  |  |  |  | (41) | (41) | (11) | (41) | (11) | (41) | 25 |
| 26 | Repairs 27. | (11) | (11) | (11) | (1) | (41) | (4) | (41) | (11) | (11) | (11) | 26 |
| 27 | Bad debts. | (41) | (11) | (11) | (4) | (11) | (11) | (1) | (11) | (11) | 814 | 27 |
| 28 | Interest paid | 2,633 | 2,208 | 2,835 | 3, 141 | 3, 069 | 3,278 | 3,445 | 3, 617 | 3,989 | 4, 375 | ${ }_{29}^{28}$ |
| 29 | Taxes paid ${ }^{23}$ | 828 | 932 | 1,198 | 1,473 | 1,518 | 1,635 | 1,670 |  | 1,878 | 2, 014 | 29 |
| 30 31 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{29}$, - .-.............. | 2,415 | 2, 074 | 2, 514 | 2, 573 | 2, 889 | 3,116 | 3,187 |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | Depreciation...---...--......- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 858 | 3, 270 | 3,346 | 32 |
| 33 | Depletion- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 472 | 571 | 502 | 33 |
| 34 | Amortization ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| 35 | Advertising. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 36 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{31}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 37 | Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1930-33); net capital loss (1934-39); net long-term capital loss (1940-41). ${ }^{32}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) | (1) | 37 |
| 38 39 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions ${ }^{33}$ | 14,235 | 20,470 | 27, 782 | 24, 496 | 23, 634 | 27,076 | 26,124 | 33, 801 | 40, 927 | 1, 692 | 38 39 |
| 40 | Total compiled deduct | 42 78, 793 | 4291,503 | 142 112, 332 | 4290, 791 | 4295,347 | 42 111, 386 | 42 112, 952 | ${ }^{9} 125,464$ | 133, 119 |  |  |
|  | Compiled net profit or net loss |  |  |  | 1,156 |  | 7,634 | 6,795 | 9,316 | 9,510 | 8,669 | 41 |
| 42 | Net income or deficit 434 | 7, 672 | 8,416 | 5, 873 | 458 | 4, 770 | 6, 308 | 5, 363 | 7, 621 | 7, 505 | 6, 510 | 42 |
| 43 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ - |  |  |  |  | 502 | 578 | 220 | 243 | 236 | 244 | 43 |
| 44 | Income subject to excess profits tax (1942-43); adjusted excess profits net income (1944-45). ${ }^{36}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | 653 | 744 | 637 | 366 | 775 | 937 | 882 | 1,170 | 1,230 | 1,131 | 45 |
| 46 47 |  | 2,506 | 1,432 | 989 | 335 | 438 |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | Total tax | 3,159 | 2,175 | 1,625 | - 702 | 784 | 937 | 882 | 1,170 | 1,230 | 1,131 | 48 |
| 49 | Compiled net profit less total tax | 5,079 | 6,795 | 4,999 | 454 | 5,183 | 6, 697 | 5,914 | 8,146 | 8,281 | 7, 538 | 48 |
| 50 | Dividens and assets other than own stock |  |  |  |  | 3,437 | 4, 169 | 4,339 | 5,189 | 5,945 | -6,423 |  |
| 51 | Corporation's own stock |  |  |  |  | 3,348 | 891 | 511 | 544 | 758 | 703 | 51 |

## For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-1948, ${ }^{1}$ for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, or profits tax, income tax, declared value of dividend; tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures $\ln$ milllons of dollars]


|  | Deductions: Cost of goods sold ${ }^{25}$ | 87,265 | 91, 076 | -76,190 | 58, 774 | ${ }^{9} 41,430$ | 43,626 | 57, 458 | 66, 279 | 78, 023 | 84,168 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{25}$ Cost of operations ${ }^{25}$ | 87,265 | 91, 076 | -76,180 | 58, 77 | 41,430 9,837 | 43,626 9,420 | 57,470 | 60,190 9,190 | 10,859 | 12, 231 | 23 |
| 24 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{25}$ | 3,199 | 3,337 | 3,139 | 2,698 | 2,133 | 1,995 | 2,173 | 2,345 | 2,713 | 2,809 | 24 |
| 25 | Rent paid on business property | (41) | (41) | (41) | (41) | (41) | 1,422 | 1,486 | 1,542 | 1,530 | 1,565 | 25 |
| 26 | Repairs ${ }^{27}$.----------- | (41) | (11) | (41) | (11) | (41) | (41) | (41) | (41) | (41) | (11) | 26 |
| 27 | Bad debts. | 804 | 942 | 980 | 1,183 | 1,313 | 1,249 | 1,182 | 965 | 901 | 756 | 27 |
| 28 | Interest paid | 4,581 | 4,925 | 4, 861 | 4, 492 | 4, 043 | 3, 511 | 3, 422 | 3,261 | 3, 081 | 3, 003 | 28 |
| 29 | Taxes paid ${ }^{28}$ | 2,203 | 92,252 | 2,297 | 2, 231 | 2,087 | 2,124 | 2,162 | 2, 628 | 2,958 | 3, 666 | 29 |
| 30 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{29}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30 | 33 | 30 |
| 31 | Depreciation, depletion, and amortization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | Depreciation | 3, 597 | 3,871 | 3,986 | 4, 003 | 3,693 | 3,496 | 3, 362 | 3, 352 | 3, 286 | 3, 342 | 32 |
| 33 | Depletion - | 515 | 559 | 463 | 268 | 247 | 246 | 312 | 349 | 437 | 524 | 33 |
| 34 | Amortization ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| 35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35 |
| 36 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{31}$-1.-.-.-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| 37 | Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1930-33); net capital loss (1934-39); net long-term capital loss (1940-41). ${ }^{32}$ | (4) | (41) | 936 | 1,702 | 1,705 | 1,686 | 297 | 239 | 142 | 164 | 37 |
| 38 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 39 |
| 39 | Other deductions ${ }^{33}$ | ${ }^{9} 40,473$ | ${ }^{8} 42,327$ | -39, 088 | 33, 484 | ${ }^{18} 1880$ | 16,390 | 17,996 | 19, 076 | 20,991 | 22,352 | 39 |
| 40 | Total compiled deductions | ${ }^{9} 142,638$ | 149, 289 | ${ }^{\ominus} 131,940$ | 108, 834 | 85, 467 | 85, 164 | 98, 520 | 109, 227 | 124, 952 | 134, 613 | 40 |
| 41 | Compiled net profit or net loss | - 10, 667 | 11,870 | ${ }^{9} 4,649$ | 45777 | ${ }^{45} 3,829$ | ${ }^{45} 930$ | ${ }^{8} 2,970$ | 5,423 | 7,771 | 7,830 | 41 |
| 42 | Net income or deficit ${ }^{34}$------ | 8,227 | 8,740 | 1, 551 | ${ }^{45} 3,288$ | ${ }^{45} 5,644$ | ${ }^{45} 2,547$ | 94 | 1,696 | 7,326 | 7,354 | 42 |
| 43 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ | 301 | 392 | 158 | 136 | 88 |  |  |  |  |  | 43 |
| 44 | Income subject to excess profits tax (1942-43); adjusted excess profits net income (1944-45). ${ }^{36}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | 1,184 | 1,193 | 712 | 399 | 286 | 416 | 588 | 710 | 1,170 | 1, 233 | 45 |
| 46 | Declared value excess-profits tax ${ }^{37}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 188 | 4825 | 22 | 43 | 46 |
| 47 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{38}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | Total tax | 1,184 | 1,193 | 712 | 399 | 286 | 423 | 596 | 735 | 1,191 | 1,276 | 48 |
| 49 | Compiled net profit less total tax | ${ }^{9} 9,483$ | 10,676 | ${ }^{9} 3,937$ | ${ }^{45} 1,176$ | ${ }^{45} 4,115$ | ${ }^{45} 1,353$ | ${ }^{9} 2,374$ | 4,688 | 6,580 | 6,554 | 49 |
| 50 | Dividends paid: Cash and assets other than own stock | - 7,083 | ${ }^{9} 8,520$ | ${ }^{9} 8,184$ | 6,151 | 3,886 | 3,127 | -4,859 | 5,941 | 7,379 | 7, 514 | 50 |
| 51 | Corporation's own stock.- | 550 | 1,289 | 414 | 164 | 143 | 102 | 215 | 136 | 345 | 189 | 51 |

Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-1948, ${ }^{1}$ for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend, tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
PART I.-ALL RETURNS-Continued
[Money figures in millions of dollars]



[^46]Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-1948, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns,



|  | Deductions: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | Cost of operations 25 |  |  |
| 24 | Compensation of officers 20 |  |  |
| 25 | Rent paid on business property |  |  |
| 26 | Repairs ${ }^{27}$--- |  |  |
| ${ }^{27}$ | Bad debts |  |  |
| 28 | Interest paid |  |  |
| 29 | Taxes paid 28. |  |  |
| 30 <br> 31 | Contributions or gits |  |  |
| 31 | Depreciation, depletion, |  |  |
| 32 | Depreciation |  |  |
|  | Depletion. |  |  |
| 34 | Amortization ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |
| 35 36 | Advertising- Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. 31 |  |  |
| 37 | Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets ( $1930-33$ ) ; inet |  |  |
|  | capitai loss (1934-39); net long-term capital loss (1940-41) ${ }^{32}$ |  |  |
| ${ }_{39}^{38}$ | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |
| 39 | Other deductions ${ }^{33}$ |  |  |
| 40 | Total compiled deductions |  |  |
| 41 | Compiled net profit |  |  |
| 42 | Net income ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ 3 |  |  |
| 43 | Net operating loss deduction ${ }^{35}$ |  |  |
| 44 | Income subject to excess profits tax (1942-43); adjusted excess profits net income (1944-45). ${ }^{36}$ |  |  |
| 45 | Income tax ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |  |  |
| 46 | Declared value excess- |  |  |
| 47 | Excess profits tax ${ }^{88}$ |  |  |
| 48 | Total tax |  |  |
| 49 | Compiled net profit less total |  |  |
|  | Dividends paid: ${ }^{7}$ the ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |
| 51 | Cash and assets other than own stock |  |  |
|  | Corporation's own stock .- |  |  |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.
Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-1948, ${ }^{1}$ for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend, tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4-Continued
[Money figures in millions of dollars]

|  |  | 1928 | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Number of returns ${ }^{12}$ | 268, 783 | 269,430 | 221,420 | 175, 898 | 82, 646 | 109, 786 | 145, 101 | 164, 231 | 203, 161 | 192, 028 | 1 |
| 2 | Receipts, taxable: |  |  | - 63, 082 | 37,341 | ${ }^{9} 21,092$ | 35,673 | 50,103 | 62,443 | 82,971 |  | 2 |
| 3 | Gross income ( $1918-21$ ), gross profit (1922-31), or gross receipts (1932-48) from operations. ${ }^{14}$ | 8,465 | 22,673 | 17, 520 | 9,946 | ${ }^{9} 7,873$ | 8,649 | 9,679 | 11,049 | 15,386 | 16, 240 | 3 |
| 4 | Interest on Government obligations ${ }^{15}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| 5 | Interest not on Government obligations | 3, 834 | 4,253 | 3,356 | 2, 052 | 1,285 | 872 | 837 | 833 | 1,497 | 1,469 | 5 |
| 6 7 | Interest, rents, and royalties | (39) | 1,681 | 1,508 | 1,026 | 543 | 459 | 496 | 556 | 731 | 748 | 6 |
| 8 | Rents and royalties ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{9}$ | Royalties ${ }^{16}$ | (39) | ${ }^{(36)}$ | (39) |  | (39) | ${ }^{(30)}$ | ${ }^{(30)}$ | ${ }^{(39)}$ |  | ${ }^{(39)}$ | 9 |
| 10 | Net gain, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1918-33); net capital gain ${ }^{17}$ (1934-43). | 607 | 1,165 | 490 |  | 48 |  | 104 | 298 | 482 | 215 | 10 |
| 11 | Excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss. ${ }^{17}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 12 | Excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. 17 <br> Net gain, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 13 |
|  | Dividends from: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 15 | Domestic corporations ${ }^{19}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,504 | 2, 515 | 14 |
| 15 16 | Foreign corporations | ${ }^{(39)}$ |  | (39) | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)$ | (39) | $\left.{ }^{(30}\right)$ |  |  |  | 203 | 15 |
| 16 |  | -19,530 | 2,041 | 9, 1, 841 |  | 431 | 543 | 760 | 771 | 952 | 840 | 16 |
| 17 | Dividends from domestic cerporations ${ }^{19}$ | 1,595 | 2,189 | 1,764 | 853 | 437 | 440 | 941 | 1,492 |  |  | 17 |
| 18 | Interest on Government obligations: <br> Subject to war-profits and excess-profits tax (1918-21); declared value excess-profits tax (1934-40); and declared value excess-profits tax and surtax (1941-45). ${ }^{21}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | (4) |  | 240 | 206 | 18 |
| 19 | Subject to surtax only (1941-48) ${ }^{22}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
| 20 | Wholly tax-exempt ${ }^{23}$ | 9418 | 431 | 349 | 216 | 147 | 154 | 198 | 197 | 248 | 214 | 20 |
| 21 | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{24}$ | ${ }^{9} 127,788$ | 130,065 | 989,911 | 52, 267 | 31,855 | 46, 807 | 63, 119 | 77,639 | 105, 012 | 109, 203 | 21 |


|  | Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | Cost of goods sold ${ }^{25}$ | 71,279 | 72, 025 | 947,364 | 27, 661 | ${ }^{\bullet} 15,704$ | 26, 502 | 38, 177 | 47, 843 | 63, 515 | 66,043 | 22 |
| 23 | Cost of operations ${ }^{25}$ |  |  |  |  | 3, 455 | 3,846 | 3,674 | 4, 313 | 6,628 | 6,995 | 23 |
| 24 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{20}$ | 2,427 | 2,486 | 1,801 | 1,157 | 563 | 861 | 1,152 | 1,379 | 1,938 | 1,919 | 24 |
| $\bigcirc 25$ | Rent paid on business property | (41) | (11) | (41) | (41) | (41) | ${ }^{587}$ | $\left.{ }^{41}\right)^{761}$ | (41) 846 | 1,061 | 1,046 | 25 |
| $\stackrel{\infty}{\sim} 26$ | Repairs ${ }^{27}$.-... | (41) | (1) | (41) |  | (41) | (41) | (11) | (11) | (11) | (11) | 26 |
| $\infty$ | Bad debts. | 526 | 567 | 446 | , 343 | 236 | 333 | 336 | 324 | 482 | 423 | 27 |
| ${ }_{\infty}^{\infty} 28$ | Interest paid | 3,396 | 3,626 | 2,852 | 1,499 | 863 | 889 | 1,030 | 1,151 | 1,706 | 1,664 | 28 |
| +29 | Taxes paid ${ }^{28}$--..----- | 1,695 | ${ }^{9} 1,793$ | 1,507 | 913 | 637 | 882 | 1,015 | 1,460 | 2,101 | 2, 651 | 29 |
| - 30 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{20}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 | ¢ 29 | 30 |
| 3 | Depreciation | 2, 850 | 3,135 | 2, 623 | 1,746 | 1,210 | 1,542 | 1,721 | 1,905 | 2,342 | 2,442 | 31 |
| 33 | Depletion..- | 401 | -468 | 244 | 78 | 83 | 85 | 152 | 179 | 332 | 414 | 33 |
| $1{ }^{34}$ | Amortization ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| $\stackrel{+}{+}$ | Advertising. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35 |
| 36 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{31}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 | Net loss, sales cf stocks, bonds, and other assets (1930-33); net capital loss (1934-39); net long-term capital loss (1940-41). ${ }^{32}$ | (1) | (1) | 160 | 154 | 111 | 171 | 22 | 16 | 24 | - 35 | 37 |
| 38 39 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38 39 |
| 39 | Other deductions ${ }^{33}$ | ${ }^{0} 32,584$ | ${ }^{9} 31,692$ | ${ }^{9} 24,371$ | 13,965 | ${ }^{9} 6,258$ | 7, 629 | 9,665 | 11,367 | 15,129 | 15,694 | 39 |
| 40 | Total compiled deduction | ${ }^{9} 115,157$ | 115, 791 | ${ }^{\bullet} 81,369$ | 47, 515 | 29,118 | 43,326 | 57,705 | 70,784 | 95, 286 | 99, 354 | 40 |
| 41 | Compiled net prof | - 12, 631 | 14, 274 | 8, 542 | 4,752 | 2,738 | 3, 580 | 5,414 | 6, 854 | 9,726 | 9, 848 |  |
| 42 | Net income ${ }^{434}$ | 10,618 | 11, 654 | 6,429 | 3, 683 | 2,153 | 2,986 | 4,275 | 5,165 | 9,478 | 9, 635 | 42 |
| 43 |  | 301 | 392 | 158 | 136 | 88 |  |  |  |  |  | 43 |
| 44 | Income subject to excess profits tax (1942-43); adjusted excess profits net income (1944-45). ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 45 | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | 1,184 | 1,193 | 712 | 399 | 286 | 416 |  | 710 | 1,170 | 1,233 |  |
| 46 | Declared value excess-profits tax |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | 408 | 4625 | 22 |  | 46 |
| 47 | Excess-profits tax ${ }^{38}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47 |
| 48 | Total tax | 1,184 | 1,193 | 712 | 399 | 286 | 423 | 596 | 735 | 1,191 | 1,276 | 48 |
| 49 | Compiled net profit less total tax | -11,447 | 13, 080 | 7,831 | 4,353 | 2,452 | 3,157 | 4,818 | 6,119 | 8,535 | 8,572 | 48 |
| 50 | Dividends paid: ${ }^{?}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock | ${ }^{\bullet} 6,594$ | 9 8,006 | ${ }^{9} 68823$ | 3,872 | 2,320 | 2,386 | - 3,823 | 4,651 | 7,179 | 7, 309 | 50 |
| 51 | Corporation's own stock. | - 510 | C. 1,194 | 250 | 78 | 二 $\quad 90$ | . 80 | 173 | 112 | 335 | 171 | 51 |

Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-48, for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued

PART II.-RETURNS WITH NET INCOME 4 -Continued
[Money figures in millions of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.
Table 13.-Corporation returns, 1918-1948, ${ }^{1}$ for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net proft or net loss, net income or deficit, and dividends paid by type of dividend;
also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax-Continued
[II.-RETURNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4
[Money figures in millions of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.


| Deductions: | 15, 886 | 19, 051 | 28, 826 | 31, 113 | 25, 727 | 17, 124 | 19, 281 | 18,437 | 14,508 | 18,124 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cost of operations ${ }^{25}$ | 15,886 | 10,051 | 28,820 | 31,13 | 6,382 | 5, 574 | 19, 4,981 | 18, 8 , 878 | 14, 231 | 5, ${ }^{18}, 23$ | 23 |
| Compensation of officers ${ }^{26}$ | 772 | 851 | 1,338 | 1,541 | 1,570 | 1,134 | 1,021 | 968 | 775 | 890 | 24 |
| Rent paid on business property | (11) | (11) | (1) | (4) | (41) | 835 | 724 | 696 | 469 | 519 | 25 |
|  | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (11) | (11) ${ }^{1}$ | (1) | (11) | (11) | (1) ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Bad debts | 278 | 375 | ${ }_{2}^{533}$ | 840 | 1, 077 | 916 | 846 | 641 | 419 | 333 | ${ }_{28}^{27}$ |
| Interest paid | 1,186 | 1,298 | 2, 009 | 2,993 | 3,180 | 2,622 1,242 | 2, 1,147 | 2,110 1,167 | 1,375 | 1,339 | 28 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Taxes paid }{ }^{23}} \mathbf{C}$ Contributions or gifts ${ }^{29}$. | 508 | 459 | 790 | 1,318 | 1,451 | 1,242 | 1,147 | 1,167 | 857 | 1,015 3 | 29 30 |
| Depreciation, depletion, and amortiz |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation | 747 115 | 736 91 | 1,363 | 2, 257 | 2, 484 | 1,954 | 1,641 160 | 1,446 170 | 105 | 110 | 32 33 |
| Amortization ${ }^{30}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Advertising --.....-............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amounts contributed under pellsion plans, etc. ${ }^{31}$ Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1930-33); net capital loss (1934-39); net long-term capital loss (1940-41). ${ }^{32}$ | (1) | (11) | 775 | 1,549 | 1,594 | 1,515 | 276 | 223 | 118 | 130 | 36 37 38 |
| Net loss, sales other than capital assets Other deductions ${ }^{33}$ | - 7,889 | 10,636 | 14, 717 | 19, 519 | 12, 722 | 8,760 | 8,331 | 7, 709 | 5,862 | 6, 658 | 39 |
| Total compiled deduction | ${ }^{\circ} 27,482$ | 33, 497 | 50,571 | 61, 318 | 56, 349 | 41, 838 | 40, 815 | 38,442 | 29,666 | 35, 259 | 40 |
| Compiled net loss | 1,964 2,391 | 2,404 2,914 | $\bullet 3,894$ 4,878 | 5,529 6,971 | 6,567 7,797 | 4, 510 5,533 | 02,443 4,181 | 1,431 3,469 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,955 \\ & 2,152 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,018 \\ & 2,281 \end{aligned}$ | 41 42 |
| Dividends paid: ${ }^{7}$ <br> Cash and assets other than own stock Corporation's own stock | 489 40 | $\begin{array}{r} 514 \\ 95 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,361 \\ 164 \end{array}$ | 2,279 86 | 1,565 53 | 742 22 | 1,037 41 | 1,290 24 | 200 10 | 205 18 | 43 <br> 44 |

[^47][Money figures in millions of dollars]


|  | Deductions: | 24, 296 | 13,866 | 11, 333 | 6, 572 | 6, 417 | 4,158 | 4,913 | 8,629 | 12, 204 | 13, 833 | 21,765 | . 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Cost of operations 25 | 4,315 | 4,133 | 3, 451 | 2, 295 | 1,339 | 1, 851 | 1, 501 | 3, 258 | 5, 436 | 4,082 | 3, 395 | 23 |
| 24 | Compensation of officers ${ }^{28}$ | 1,024 | 766 | 674 | 478 | 432 | 350 | 343 | 386 | 509 | 689 | 896 | , 24 |
| 25 | Rent paid on business propert | 640 | 523 | 578 | 359 | 246 | 186 | 182 | 321 | 555 | 484 | 465 | 25 |
| 26 |  | (41) | 241 | 194 | 142 | 125 | 108 | 119 | 264 | 345 | 202 | 230 | 26 |
| 27 | Bad debts. | 314 | 294 | 234 | 237 | 133 | 111 | 80 | 58 | 72 | 127 | 108 | ${ }_{28}^{27}$ |
| 28 | Interest paid. | 1,436 | 1,225 | 1, 078 | 702 | 464 | 341 | 268 | 359 | 504 | 425 | 385 | 28 |
| 29 | Taxes paid ${ }^{28}$-- | 1,392 | 1,001 | 931 | 626 | 423 | 336 | 317 | 520 2 | 733 3 | 648 3 | 570 3 | ${ }_{30}^{29}$ |
| 30 | Contributions or gifts ${ }^{29}$ |  | 2 | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 3 |  | 31 |
| 31 <br> 32 | Deprectation, depletio | 1, 301 | 951 | 719 | 517 | 366 | 295 | 280 | 445 | 542 | 598 | 633 | 32 |
| 33 | Depletion. | 177 | 138 | 102 | 71 | 41 | 45 | 50 | 83 | 46 | 46 | 45 | 33 34 |
| 34 | Amortization 30 |  |  | 1 |  | 4 | 24 | 22 | 302 | 26 188 | 8 259 | 5 | 34 35 |
| 35 | Advertising-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{97}{23}$ | 188 | 259 63 | + 33 | 35 36 |
| 36 | Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc. ${ }^{31}$ a | 55 | 44 | 444 | 430 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 37 |
| 37 | Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets (1930-33); net capital loss (1934-39); net long-term capital loss (1940-41). ${ }^{32}$ | 55 130 | 44 151 | 444 283 | 200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 39 | Net loss, sales other than capital assets ${ }^{18}$ Other deductions | 130 7,698 | 5,646 | 5, 093 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 259 \\ \hline 168\end{array}$ | 2, 201 | 319 1,669 | 1,717 | 2, 428 | 145 3,963 | $\begin{array}{r} 234 \\ 4,723 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 135 \\ 4,537 \end{array}$ | 38 39 |
| 40 | Total compiled deduct | 42, 781 | 29, 070 | 25, 114 | 16,892 | 12, 474 | 9,735 | 10,048 | 17,424 | 25, 343 | 26, 425 | 33, 499 | 40 |
| 41 | Compiled net loss. | 2, 594 | 1,850 | 2, 058 | 1,641 | 954 | 879 899 | 810 | 1,021 | 1,986 | 1,953 | 1,842 | 41 |
| 42 | Deficit ${ }^{34}$-------7 | 2, 853 | 2, 092 | 2, 284 | 1, 779 | 1,001 | 899 | 819 | 1,026 | 1,992 | 1,959 | 1,848 | 42 |
|  | Dividends paid: ${ }^{7}$ Cash and assets other than own stock | 233 | 184 | 200 |  |  |  | 89 | 163 | 255 | 143 | 108 | 43 |
| 44 | Corporation's own stock -------.------ | 8 | 3 | , | 21 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 16 | 44 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1930-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income | Income $^{\text {tax }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Total compiler receipts. ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

## ALL INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

| 1939 | 515, 960 | 199,47! | 105, 658, | 6,713 | 1,216, 450 |  | 1,232, 256 | 8 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 516, 783 | 220, 977 | 125, 180, 472 | 11, 203, 224 | 2, 144, 292 | 401, 254 | 2, 548, 546 | 252, 0 ¢ 5 | 23, 056,316 | 2, 283, 795 |
| 1941 | 509, 066 | 264, 628 | 175, 181, 820 | 18, 111, 095 | 3, 744, 568 | 3, 423, 334 | 7,167, 902 | 204, 278 | 15, 250, 197 | I, 778, 553 |
| 1912 | 479, 677 | 269, 942 | ?06, 160, 215 | 24, 052, 358 | 4,337, 728 | 7, 918, 668 | 12, 256, 396 | 172, 723 | 11, 520, 297 | 1, 000,746 |
| 1943 | 455, 894 | 283, 735 | 9240,760́, 898 | 28, 717, 966 | 4, 479, 156, | 11, 446, 417 | 15, 925, 582 | 136, 786 | 8, 915,595 | 898,722 |
| 194 | 446, 796 | 288, 904 | 252, 962,914 | 27, 123, 741 | 4, 355, 620 | 10, 5.0, 420 | 1, 881,050 | 123,563 | 9, 237, 537 | 819, 260 |
| 194 | 454, 46 | 303, 019 | 239, 045, 611 | $22,165,206$ | 4, 182, 705 | 6, 612, 045 | 10, 794,750 | 118, 106 | 16,40 , 141 | 1, 026, 250 |
| 19 | 526, 363 | 359, 310 | 265, 597, 448 | 27, 184, 502 | 3, 60¢, 695 | 268, 145 | 8, 874, 840 | 31,842 | $23,356,789$ | 1,991,706 |
| 1917 | 587, 683 | 382, 531 | $343,273,851$ | $33,331,291$ | 10, 981,482 |  | 10, 981, | 69, 276 | 24, 471, 727 | 1, 958, 563 |
| 1948 | 630,670 | 395, 860 | 379, 309, 471 | 36,273, 350 | 11, 920, 260 |  | 11, 920, 260 | 198,383 | 31,656, 177 | 1,818, 226 |

TOTAL AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, AND FISIERY

| 1939 | 9,300 | 2, 839 | 420,131 | 4), 461 | 5, ¢83 | 141 | 5, 825 | 5,797 | 191, 076 | 27,912 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1910 | 8,943 | 3,213 | 454, 176 | 49,269 | 9.197 | 546 | 9, 736 | 5,187 | 159, 243 | 32, 307 |
| 1911 | 8,413 | 3,944 | 630, 777 | 81, 717 | j8, 62. | 4,3?1 | 22, 945 | 3,957 | 121, 840 | 18,624 |
| 1942 | 7,769 | 1,092 | 707, 525 | 91, 722 | 22, 197 | 17,587 | 39,783 | 3,226 | 103, 114 | 14,237 |
| 1943 | 7,295 | 4,252 | 765, 21.5 | 128, 219 | 25, 831 | 36, 745 | 62, 576 | 2, 632 | 102, 524 | 14,374 |
| 1914 | 6, 825 | 3,912 | 8 22,592 | 134, 453 | 29, 300 | 34, 006 | 63,306 | 2,505 | 107, 035 | 14,530 |
| 1945 | 6, 528 | 3,865 | 893, 856 | 149, 892 | 32, 848 | 30, 880 | 63,727 | 2, 287 | 99, 516 | 16,079 |
| 1946 | 7,020 | 4,260 | 1, 138, 035 | 205, 24- | 65, 511 | 2,44.4 | 67, 955 | 2, 403 | 136, 560 | 21, 669 |
| 1947 | 7,741 | 4, 4,44 | 1,486,572 | 239, 190 | 76, 778 |  | 76,778 | 2,885 | 183, 910 | 23, 848 |
| 1948 | 8,122 | 4,553 | 1,642,670 | 245,684 | 79, 060 |  | 79,060 | 3,141 | 219,272 | 26, 148 |

FARMS AND AGRICULTURAL SERVICES

| 1939 | 8,400 | 2,624 | 385, 121 | 37, 212 | 5,199 | 131 | 5,330 | 5,210 | 173, 324 | 23,118 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,005 | 2,063 | 450, 072 | 45, 887 | 8,542 | 454 | 8, 996 | 4,577 | 145,979 | 23, 061 |
| 1941 | 7,527 | 3,593 | 586, 997 | 76, 775 | 17,530 | 3,948 | 21,478 | 3,505 | 110,934 | 13, 491 |
| 1942 | 7,025 | 3,761 | 669, 454 | 89, 934 | 21, 216 | 16, 822 | 38, 038 | 2, 878 | 89, 765 | 11, 985 |
| 1943 | 6,593 | 3,894 | 725, 317 | 120, 946 | 24, 462 | 35, 466 | 59, 927 | 2, 365 | 97, 446 | 12, 752 |
| 1944 | 6,178 | 3, 603 | 788, 951 | 128, 679 | 28,166 | 33,171 | 61, 336 | 2,227 | 97, 779 | 12,591 |
| 1945 | 5, 964 | 3, 568 | 847, 807 | 142, 890 | 31, 473 | 29, 306 | 60,779 | 2,069 | 93, 951 | 13, 481 |
| 1946 | 6, 353 | 3, 914 | 1, 078, 783 | 194, 311 | 62, 436 | 2,421 | 64, 857 | 2, 127 | 128, 700 | 19,837 |
| 1947 | 7,016 | 4,103 | 1, 424, 561 | 227, 600 | 73, 577 |  | 73, 577 | 2,557 | 167, 299 | 21, 439 |
| 1948 | 7,408 | 4,213 | 1,582, 246 | 233, 092 | 75, 559 |  | 75, 559 | 2,808 | 198, 577 | 23, 819 |

FORESTRY

| 1939 | 519 | 111 | 13, 904 | 2,240 | 328 | 7 | 336 | 339 | 6,935 | 3,532 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 573 | 118 | 10, 319 | 1,436 | 276 | 22 | 298 | 400 | 6, 974 | 8, 061 |
| 1941 | 549 | 202 | 14,466 | 2,807 | 618 | 101 | 719 | 294 | 5,755 | 4,473 |
| 1942 | 459 | 174 | 15,645 | 2,878 | 669 | 209 | 878 | 241 | 9,132 | 1,692 |
| 1943 | 433 | 208 | 17, 084 | 4,054 | 931 | 132 | 1,063 | 177 | 3, 227 | 1,191 |
| 1944 | 374 | 178 | 16,309 | 3,333 | 747 | 18 | 766 | 163 | 3,783 | 1,464 |
| 1945 | 284 | 145 | 16, 297 | 2,559 | 690 | 34 | 724 | 116 | 2,233 | 2,058 |
| 1946. | 338 | 200 | 29,547 | 7, 226 | 1,883 |  | 1,883 | 121 | 1,922 | 938 |
| 1947 | 325 | 189 | 35, 233 | 9,208 | 2, 506 |  | 2,506 | 107 | 4,243 | 611 |
| 1948----- | 272 | 157 | 30,280 | 9,269 | 2,488 | - | 2,488 | 102 | 4,015 | 657 |

FISHERY

| 1939 | 381 | 104 | 21,106 | 1, 010 | 156 | 3 | 159 | 248 | 10,816 | 1,262 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 365 | 132 | 23, 785 | 1, 947 | 372 | 70 | 442 | 210 | 6,290 | 1,185 |
| 1941 | 337 | 149 | 29, 314 | 2,165 | 476 | 273 | 749 | 158 | 5,151 | 660 |
| 1942 | 285 | 157 | 16,426 | 1, 910 | 312 | 556 | 868 | 107 | 4,217 | 560 |
| 1943 | 269 | 150 | 22, 814 | 3,219 | 438 | 1,147 | 1,586 | 90 | 1,852 | 431 |
| 1944 | 273 | 131 | 17,332 | 2,441 | 387 | 817 | 1,204 | 115 | 5,473 | 475 |
| 1945. | 280 | 152 | 29,753 | 4, 442 | 685 | 1,540 | 2,224 | 102 | 3,332 | 541 |
| 1946 | 329 | 146 | 29, 705 | 3,707 | 1,192 | 23 | 1,215 | 155 | 5,938 | 894 |
| 1947. | 400 | 152 | 26, 778 | 2, 382 | 1,695 |  | 1,695 | 221 | 12,398 | 1,798 |
| 1948 | 442 | 183 | 30,144 | 3,333 | 1,013 |  | 1,013 | 231 | 16,680 | 1,672 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits toxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousards of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income 4 | $\underset{\operatorname{tax}^{3}}{\text { Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Total compile? receipts | Deficit ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ |

TOTAL MINING AND QUARRYING

| 1939 | 14, 434 | 3, 622 | 1, 713, 324 | 250, 590 | 36,882 | 388 | 37, 270 | 7,19S | 1, 163, 220 | 19, 414 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 13, 335 | 3, 956 | 2, 416, 369 | 314, 948 | 63, 692 | 3, 864 | 67, 556 | 6, 427 | 819.0113 | 109, 442 |
| 1941 | 12, 175 | 4,388 | 3, 110, 359 | 450, 123 | 105, 015 | 39, 218 | 144, 232 | 5, 279 | 789, 119 | 71, 272 |
| 1942 | 11, 184 | 4, 307 | 3, 434, 941 | 445, 925 | 109, 026 | 88, 617 | 197, 64, | 4, 608 | 567, 846 | 56, 219 |
| 1943. | 10, 124 | 4,031 | 3, 22I, 996 | 387, 649 | 99, 477 | 7 7, 363 | 169, 840 | 4.102 | 509, 412 | 49, 430 |
| 1944 | 9,540 | 3,796 | 3, 480, 815 | 368, 801 | 99, 0 ค.6 | 58, 431 | 157, 527 | 3,324 | 546, 781 | 51, 427 |
| 1945 | 9,144 | 3, 694 | 3, 352, 021 | 299, 6.56 | 86, 529 | 31, 349 | 118, 353 | 3. 602 | 601, 662 | 57, 268 |
| 1946 | 9,458 | 4,137 | 3, 745, 073 | 409, 555 | 1.31, 63 | 923 | 132, 62.2 | 3. 533 | 554, 485 | 65, 816 |
| 1947 | 10, 101 | 4,954 | 5, 552, 564 | 850, 544 | 292, 195 |  | 292, 195 | 3,349 | 484, 039 | 73, 493 |
| 1948 | 10, 962 | 5, 503 | 7,337, 631 | 1,221, 825 | 413,678 |  | 413, 678 | 3,582 | 569, 364 | 68,842 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: METAL MINING

| 1939 | 2,587 | 353 | 685,3)6 | 134. 383 | 18, | 184 | 18, 950 | 1,020 | 155, 436 | 731 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2,680 | 380 | 922, 946 | 175, 575 | 35, 269 | 1.969 | 37, 238 | 1, 064 | 94, 635 | 20, 188 |
| 1941 | 2,351 | 335 | 1,067, 920 | 214, 210 | 49, 024 | 21,917 | 63, 942 | 955 | 80, 799 | 12, 212 |
| 1942 | 2,092 | 391 | 1,229, 062 | 236, 360 | 52. 879 | 49,714 | 192, 593 | 844 | 64, 810 | 11, 595 |
| 1943 | 1,888 | 250 | 770, 263 | 129, 533 | 30, 836 | 25, 737 | 56, 573 | 747 | 76, 826 | 13, 348 |
| 1944 | 1, 665 | 222 | 709, 214 | 11.451 | 28, 229 | 14, 04.0 | 42, 269 | 645 | 68, 863 | 10, 823 |
| 1945 | 1,626 | 205 | $662,8.4$ | 79, 265 | 24, 113 | 2,190 | 26,392 | 64.3 | 77,655 | 10, 282 |
| 1946 | 1,616 | 227 | 618, 887 | S8, 113 | 20, 061 | 9 | 26, 070 | 630 | 53, 730 | 11, 713 |
| 1947 | 1,765 | 224 | 922, 150 | 238, 177 | $69,37.3$ |  | 69, 373 | 707 | 78, 432 | 13, 026 |
| 1948. | 1, 774 | 230 | 1, 190, 474 | 282, 277 | 88, 231 |  | 88,281 | 670 | 84,697 | 10,823 |

## MINING AND QUARRYING: ANTHRACITE MINING

| 1939 | 130 | 23 | 18, 136 | 507 | 77 | 5 | 82 | 6 | 183, 743 | 18,545 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 145 | 59 | 122, 793 | 4,962 | 790 | 67 | 857 | 77 | 108, 679 | 5, 492 |
| 1941 | 158 | 72 | 169, 564 | 9,437 | 1,726 | 407 | 2,133 | 73 | 97, 550 | 3, 562 |
| 1942 | 148 | 79 | 219, 671 | 10,588 | 3,122 | 1,084 | 4,207 | 58 | 95, 186 | 2,275 |
| 1943 | 145 | 74 | 273, 080 | 10, 311 | 3,033 | 1,089 | 4,123 | 65 | 62, 684 | 2, 814 |
| 1944 | 151 | 79 | 327, 128 | 15, 682 | 4,908 | 1, 185 | 6,092 | 67 | 66, 589 | 1,797 |
| 1945 | 155 | 85 | 318, 166 | 10, 264 | 2,944 | 606 | 3,551 | 63 | 53, 612 | 1,966 |
| 1946 | 185 | 106 | 402, 036 | 24, 680 | 8,594 | 67 | 8,661 | 71 | 56, 471 | 1,862 |
| 1947 | 184 | 102 | 457, 092 | 29, 925 | 9,346 |  | 9,346 | 74 | 62, 531 | 2, 146 |
| 1948 | 210 | 117 | 525, 375 | 42, 107 | 12,631 |  | 12, 631 | 86 | 63,466 | 2,332 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: BITUMINOUS COAL AND LIGNITE MINING $\overline{5 z}$

| 39 | 2,053 | 505 | 390,621 | 18,257 | 2,802 | 42 | 2,844 | 1,315 | 425,584 | 21,425 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1,965 | 676 | 658, 961 | 30, 013 | 5,963 | 630 | 6,593 | 1,080 | 296, 182 | 15, 617 |
| 1941 | 1,890 | 859 | 871, 404 | 56, 831 | 13, 003 | 6, 062 | 19,065 | 863 | 336, 343 | 14, 180 |
| 1942 | 1,921 | 906 | 1,126, 449 | 77, 042 | 20,737 | 13, 054 | 33, 790 | 831 | 175, 852 | 9, 127 |
| 1943 | 1,783 | 975 | 1, 277, 666 | 103, 153 | 27, 465 | 21, 779 | 49,244 | 648 | 169, 381 | 6,996 |
| 1944 | 1,755 | 932 | 1, 425, 746 | 101, 000 | 28, 368 | 20,557 | 48, 926 | 652 | 177, 377 | 8,263 |
| 1945 | 1,693 | 915 | 1,347, 600 | 81, 412 | 24, 545 | 11, 067 | 35, 613 | 629 | 196, 776 | 10, 119 |
| 1946 | 1,784 | 1,013 | 1, 424, 400 | 89, 553 | 29, 662 | 313 | 29, 975 | 627 | 203, 446 | 9,016 |
| 1947 | 1, 965 | 1,371 | 2, 216, 763 | 264, 751 | 90, 225 |  | 90, 225 | 466 | 97, 748 | 6,093 |
| 1948 | 2,297 | 1,434 | 2, 542, 354 | 318,597 | 113, 038 |  | 113, 038 | 729 | 171, 980 | 8,971 |

MINING AND QUARRYING: CRUDE PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS
PRODUCTION

| 1939 | 5,974 | 1,892 | 403.427 | 69, 695 | 10,854 | 71 | 10,925 | 3, 382 | 345, 900 | 57, 561 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 5, 649 | 1, 992 | 475, 836 | 71, 140 | 14, 649 | 547 | 15, 196 | 3, 102 | 293, 862 | 61, 775 |
| 1941 | 5, 114 | 2, 134 | 674,382 | 117, 375 | 30, 009 | 2,861 | 32, 870 | 2,548 | 232, 841 | 36, 350 |
| 1942 | 4,496 | 2,087 | 488, 579 | 72, 309 | 19,690 | 6,531 | 26, 221 | 2,078 | 186, 359 | 28,508 |
| 1943 | 4,061 | 1,963 | 555, 630 | 94, 991 | 26, 441 | 8,190 | 34, 631 | 1,799 | 149, 369 | 20,018 |
| 1944 | 3, 802 | 1,894 | 695, 385 | 97, 974 | 26, 904 | 11, 001 | 37, 906 | 1, 629 | 178, 237 | 22, 608 |
| 1945 | 3,559 | 1,722 | 699, 821 | 85, 887 | 24,481 | 6,815 | 31, 296 | 1,587 | 224, 559 | 26, 753 |
| 1946 | 3,696 | 1,836 | 839, 314 | 128, 010 | 42,913 | 453 | 43, 366 | 1, 577 | 208, 345 | 37, 638 |
| 1947 | 3,915 | 2,191 | 1,364, 728 | 263, 819 | 90, 221 |  | 90, 221 | I, 416 | 209, 764 | 46, 447 |
| 1948 | 4, 291 | 2,563 | 2, 362, 031 | 460,206 | 157, 417 |  | 157, 417 | 1, 424 | 204, 496 | 40,718 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total <br> num- <br> ber of <br> re- <br> turns | Num- <br> ber |  |  |  |  | Total <br> compiled <br> receipts | Net <br> income 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

MINING AND QUARRYING: NONMETALLIC MINING AND QUARRYING ${ }^{33}$

| 1939 | 3,690 | 819 | 212, 835 | 27,748 | 4,383 | 87 | 4,470 | 1,385 | 52,557 | 7,153 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2, 896 | 849 | 235, 833 | 33, 258 | 7,020 | 652 | 7, 672 | 1, 104 | 54,645 | 6,369 |
| 1941 | 2, 662 | 988 | 330, 088 | 52, 270 | 12,252 | 7,970 | 20, 221 | 840 | 41,614 | 4,967 |
| 1942 | 2,527 | 934 | 371, 180 | 59, 627 | 12,598 | 18, 234 | 30, 832 | 797 | 45, 640 | 4, 714 |
| 1943 | 2, 247 | 769 | 345, 356 | 49,661 | 11, 702 | 13,567 | 25, 270 | 843 | 51, 151 | 6, 254 |
| 1944 | 2, 167 | 669 | 323, 311 | 43, 665 | 10,6.57 | 11, 678 | 22,334 | 831 | 55, 714 | 7,935 |
| 1945 | 2,111 | 767 | 323, 630 | 42, 828 | 10, 445 | 11, 162 | 21, 607 | 680 | 49, 060 | 8, 149 |
| 1946 | 2,177 | 955 | 460, 436 | 70, 299 | 24, 462 | 86 | 24, 548 | 633 | 32, 493 | 5,587 |
| 1947 | 2,272 | 1,066 | 591, 831 | 92, 872 | 33, 030 |  | 33, 030 | 677 | 35, 564 | 5,781 |
| 1948 | 2,390 | 1,159 | 717, 397 | 118,638 | 42,311 |  | 42,311 | 673 | 44, 725 | 5,998 |

CONSTRUCTION

| 1939 | 17, 196 | 5, 600 | 1,470, 616 | 70, 244 | 10,701 | 467 | 11, 168 | 10,461 | 779, 015 | 37,679 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 16, 830 | 6,716 | 1, 903,570 | 101, 702 | 18,858 | 4, 056 | 22,914 | 9,033 | 624,415 | 33, 861 |
| 1941 | 16,012 | 8, 203 | 3, 089, 455 | 199, 564 | 40,618 | 41, 449 | 82, 067 | 6,793 | 440, 479 | 21, 683 |
| 1942 | 14, 769 | 8,249 | 4, 452, 894 | 357, 310 | 45, 805 | 161, 018 | 206, 823 | 5,448 | 333, 768 | 17, 708 |
| 1943 | 13, 325 | 7, 477 | 3, 873, 640 | 294, 555 | 36, 065 | 138, $\mathbf{6} 75$ | 174, 639 | 4,651 | 468, 982 | 27, 135 |
| 1944 | 12,528 | 7,160 | 2, 699, 979 | 172, 738 | 29, 486 | 60, 690 | 90, 176 | 4,354 | 481, 986 | 33, 604 |
| 1945 | 12, 801 | 7, 811 | 2, 458, 988 | 146, 070 | 28, 480 | 33, 653 | 62, 134 | 4,023 | 488, 965 | 33, 451 |
| 1946 | 16,971 | 11, 161 | 3, 732, 496 | 269, 994 | 82, 883 | 792 | 83, 675 | 4,688 | 588, 065 | 37, 916 |
| 1947 | 21,579 | 14, 353 | 6, 367, 029 | 430, 150 | 139, 873 |  | 139, 873 | 5,934 | 680, 976 | 38, 511 |
| 1948 | 24, 826 | 16, 155 | 8,518,903 | 625, 246 | 210,111 |  | 210, 111 | 7,325 | 870, 132 | 48, 226 |

TOTAL MANUFACTURING

| 1939 | 89, 347 | 43, 002 | 49, 994, 914 | 3, 948, 328 | 624, 375 | 9, 701 | 634, 077 | 43, 181 | 8,311, 456 | $380,572$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 88, 651 | 47, 168 | 60, 660, 270 | 5, 631,949 | $1,215,160$ | 337, 735 | 1, 552, 895 | 38, 420 | 6,330, 512 | 325,409 |
| 1941 | 87, 166 | 58, 042 | 90, 335, 521 | 10,601, 366 | 2, 200, 196 | 2, 745, 652 | 4,945, 848 | 26,389 | $3,106,549$ | 171,951 |
| 1942 | 84, 795 | 59, 723 | $115,443,852$ | 13, 809, 135 | 2, 173, 112 | 6, 054, 905 | 8, 228, 017 | 22,451 | 3, 997, 029 | 159, 033 |
| 1943 | 81, 477 | 61, 705 | $143,439,413$ | 16, 728, 107 | 2, 266, 110 | 8, 276, 973 | 10, 543, 083 | 17, 011 | 2, 939, 991 | 146, 210 |
| 444 | 79, 345 | 61, 044 | 151, 218, 292 | 15, 007, 518 | 2, 199, 838 | 7, 191, 491 | 9, 391, 328 | 15, 575 | 2,997, 101 | 156,579 |
| 1945 | 82, 189 | 61, 680 | $133,402,830$ | 10, 576, 548 | 1,947, 769 | 4, 164, 458 | 6, 112, 228 | 17, 432 | 7, 881, 133 | 326, 331 |
| 1946 | 101, 739 | 72, 567 | 128, 928, 639 | 12, 680, 628 | 4, 468, 311 | 159, 704 | 4, 628, 015 | 25, 564 | 10, 492, 919 | 986, 664 |
| 1947 | 115, 795 | 74, 612 | 171, 416, 746 | 17, 516, 231 | 6,319, 452 |  | 6, 319, 452 | 37, 572 | 8,907, 948 | 864, 264 |
| 1948 | 120,367 | 73,638 | 185, 981, 909 | 18, 928, 473 | 6, 821, 585 |  | 6,821, 585 | 43, 108 | 14, 029, 497 | 814,485 |

MANUFACTURING: BEVERAGES

| 1939 | 3, 191 | 1,656 | 1,443, 913 | 150,967 | 25,598 | 183 | 25,781 | 1,321 | 252, 164 | 17,027 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 3, 142 | 1,641 | 1, 545, 825 | 151, 993 | 33, 188 | 2, 116 | 35, 304 | 1,320 | 287, 880 | 20, 159 |
| 1941 | 3, 092 | 1, 908 | 2, 109, 982 | 204, 161 | 51, 728 | 19, 890 | 71, 618 | 984 | 156, 228 | 10,954 |
| 1942 | 2,973 | 2, 285 | 2, 611, 760 | 280,974 | 68, 071 | 71, 750 | 139, 821 | 528 | 83, 281 | 4,922 |
| 1943 | 2,832 | 2, 303 | 3, 228, 863 | 367, 057 | 71, 734 | 137,774 | 209, 507 | 384 | 58, 077 | 2,850 |
| 1944 | 2,771 | 2,188 | 3, 723, 064 | 386, 946 | 69, 864 | 163, 949 | 233, 805 | 410 | 75, 787 | 3, 604 |
| 1945 | 2,772 | 2,082 | 4, 272,086 | 418, 168 | 73, 984 | 181, 795 | 255,779 | 509 | 163, 861 | 9,323 |
| 1946 | 3, 102 | 2,225 | 4, 667, 147 | 512,381 | 179,549 | 18, 123 | 197, 672 | 639 | 169,426 | 9, 741 |
| 1947 | 3, 427 | 1,927 | $4,475,420$ | 501,375 | 185, 783 |  | 185, 783 | 1,296 | 467, 595 | 45, 129 |
| 1948 | 3,605 | 1,751 | 4, 820,625 | 510,994 | 189, 181 |  | 189, 181 | 1,627 | 516, 677 | 43, 043 |

MANUFACTURING: FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS

| 1939 | 10, 144 | 5, 040 | 9, 059, 007 | 418,789 | 67,375 | 640 | 68,016 | 4,697 | 1, 069, 132 | 31,626 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 10,645 | 5,315 | 9, 493, 803 | 444, 317 | 93, 794 | 4,731 | 98, 525 | 4, 934 | 1, 115, 677 | 36,523 |
| 1941 | 10,082 | 6,220 | 12, 851, 221 | 660,150 | 160, 568 | 71,978 | 232, 546 | 3,546 | 665, 700 | 21, 239 |
| 1942 | 9, 782 | 7,086 | 15, 992, 504 | 942, 299 | 229, 210 | 242,987 | 472, 196 | 2,394 | 1, 892, 053 | 14, 173 |
| 1943 | 9,328 | 7,270 | 18, 652, 729 | 1, 131, 445 | 226, 481 | 411,920 | 638, 401 | 1,749 | 420, 567 | 12, 278 |
| 1944 | 9, 100 | 6,958 | 19, 487, 146 | 1, 124, 592 | 218,949 | 442, 857 | 661, 806 | 1,816 | 432, 889 | 13, 398 |
| 1945 | 9, 039 | 7,081 | 18, 503, 256 | 1,010, 275 | 222, 832 | 333, 456 | 556, 289 | 1,647 | 955,350 | 23,794 |
| 1946 | 10, 211 | 8,058 | 22, 868, 852 | 1,572, 586 | 562, 204 | 23, 368 | 585, 572 | 1, 784 | 535, 480 | 28,740 |
| 1947 | 11, 175 | 7,300 | 29, 005, 471 | 1, 479, 709 | 537, 898 |  | 537, 898 | 3, 542 | 1, 636, 532 | 80,542 |
| 1948 | 11, 528 | 6, 931 | 26, 177, 784 | 1,222, 361 | 443, 412 |  | 443, 412 | 4, 264 | 5, 408, 370 | 114,355 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousañds of dollars]

| Year | Total number of turns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income 4 | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit 4 |

MANUFACTURING: TOBACCO MANUFACTURES

| 1939 | 307 | 116 | 1,296, 491 | 129, 169 | 21,148 | 7 | 21, 155 | 181 | 28,159 | 1,187 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 296 | 124 | 1, 394, 545 | 145, 279 | 33,667 | 924 | 34, 591 | 162 | 25, 714 | 5,230 |
| 1941 | 264 | 137 | 1,564, 765 | 166, 640 | 44, 711 | 18,011 | 62, 722 | 117 | 19,193 | 1,187 |
| 1942 | 239 | 141 | 1, 791, 520 | 179, 255 | 53,185 | 33,718 | 86, 903 | 84 | 8,657 | 303 |
| 1943 | 221 | 160 | 2, 086, 723 | 184, 275 | 51,998 | 40,137 | 92, 135 | 53 | 3,802 | 160 |
| 1944. | 215 | 170 | 2, 130, 376 | 166, 400 | 50, 910 | 28,945 | 79,855 | 37 | 5,442 | 104 |
| 1945 | 219 | 178 | 2, 224, 005 | 140, 851 | 49, 317 | 10,863 | 60, 181 | 32 | 3,734 | 206 |
| 1946 | 226 | 145 | 2, 608, 228 | 174, 666 | 64, 530 | 54 | 64, 584 | 71 | 16,293 | 1,717 |
| 1947 | 250 | 129 | 2, 793, 495 | 197, 701 | 73, 319 |  | 73, 319 | 109 | 57,759 | 5, 078 |
| 1948 | 230 | 123 | 3,007, 437 | 243, 782 | 91, 426 |  | 91, 426 | 102 | 33, 023 | 2,048 |

MANUFACTURING: TEXTILE-MILL PRODU'CTS

| 1939 | 4,923 | 2,578 | 3,167, 253 | 189,459 | 31,729 | 1,242 | 32, 970 | 2,232 | 728, 213 | 38,436 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,905 | 2,690 | 3,486, 113 | 229, 746 | 49,109 | 7,087 | 56, 195 | 2,109 | 743, 443 | 37, 202 |
| 1941 | 4, 839 | 3,709 | 5, 891, 894 | 570, 781 | 125, 632 | 119, 725 | 245, 357 | 1,039 | 181, 426 | 11,132 |
| 1942 | 4,670 | 3,748 | 7,545, 112 | 871, 785 | 131, 186 | 406, 493 | 537, 679 | 823 | 132, 249 | 7,717 |
| 1943 | 4,483 | 3,874 | 7,943, 379 | 839, 872 | 112, 484 | 432, 496 | 544, 981 | 538 | 105, 482 | 6,384 |
| 1944 | 4,285 | 3,773 | 7, 629, 101 | 794, 111 | 116,635 | 394, 933 | 511, 568 | 439 | 102, 159 | 5,159 |
| 1945 | 4, 510 | 3,907 | 7, 588, 094 | 736, 363 | 123, 409 | 329, 355 | 452, 764. | 496 | 103, 310 | 7,619 |
| 1946 | 5, 686 | 4,764 | 10, 101, 471 | 1,411,728 | 503, 031 | 37, 981 | 541, 012 | 778 | 158,458 | 9,568 |
| 1947 | 6,193 | 4,380 | 11, 196, 975 | 1, 574, 837 | 580, 116 |  | 580, 116 | 1,679 | 450, 038 | 41,156 |
| 1948 | 6,205 | 4,161 | 11, 828, 790 | 1,554, 012 | 576, 468 |  | 576,468 | 1,917 | 615,101 | 46,317 |

MANUFACTURING: APPAREL AND PRODUCTS MADE FROM FABRICS

| 1939. | 8,513 | 3,725 | 1,735,791 | 51,644 | 8,302 | 306 | 8,608 | 4,694 | 610, 205 | 17,601 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,540 | 4,198 | 1,953, 655 | 59, 092 | 11,520 | 1,081 | 12, 602 | 4,239 | 555, 638 | 15, 795 |
| 1941 | 8,866 | 5,791 | 3, 064, 042 | 134, 024 | 29,358 | 19,953 | 49,311 | 2,980 | 305, 157 | 8,146 |
| 1942 | 8, 835 | 6,559 | 3, 741, 856 | 214, 989 | 34, 986 | 83, 853 | 118, 839 | 2, 173 | 212, 123 | 7,073 |
| 1943 | 8,195 | 7, 008 | 4, 010, 469 | 254, 729 | 35, 466 | 116,885 | 152,350 | 1,089 | 93,139 | 2, 654 |
| 1944 | 7,346 | 6,157 | 3, 828, 425 | 256,976 | 36,648 | 120, 152 | 156, 800 | 1,079 | 109, 817 | 3,593 |
| 1945 | 7,797 | 6, 460 | 3, 862,214 | 245, 853 | 41, 710 | 97, 423 | 139, 133 | 1,166 | 116,185 | 4,157 |
| 1946 | 11, 965 | 9,164 | 6, 329,368 | 499,123 | 172, 767 | 10,433 | 183, 200 | 2,550 | 364, 347 | 17, 164 |
| 1947 | 14, 165 | 9,267 | 7,089,046 | 477, 571 | 169, 583 |  | 169,583 | 4,715 | 652,050 | 38, 441 |
| 1948 | 14, 851 | 8,595 | 7,096,988 | 349, 645 | 121, 764 |  | 121, 764 | 6,077 | 1,309,971 | 71, 740 |

MANUFACTURING: LUMBER AND WOOD PRODUCTS, EXCEPT FURNITURE 54

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 | 3, 559 | 1,584 | 726,795 | 43, 892 | 6,853 | 153 | 7,006 | 1,845 | 349, 281 | 22, 880 |
| 1940 | 3,315 | 1,914 | 1, 068,166 | 83, 331 | 17, 322 | 3,437 | 20,759 | 1,285 | 196, 874 | 18, 794 |
| 1941 | 3,271 | 2, 307 | 1,661, 819 | 183, 906 | 40, 533 | 36, 880 | 77, 412 | 840 | 94, 623 | 8, 160 |
| 1942 | 3,172 | 2,242 | 1, 909, 402 | 217, 361 | 39, 795 | 81, 493 | 121, 289 | 828 | 99, 317 | 6,427 |
| 1943 | 3, 060 | 2,119 | 1, 855,643 | 202, 129 | 34, 672 | 82, 519 | 117, 191 | 824 | 126, 871 | 8,155 |
| 1944 | 2, 976 | 2, 059 | 1, 822, 336 | 190, 407 | 37,096 | 63, 264 | 100, 360 | 821 | 147, 793 | 9,951 |
| 1945 | 2,953 | 2, 002 | 1, 586, 807 | 140, 846 | 33, 941 | 27, 637 | 61, 577 | 841 | 180, 794 | 9,541 |
| 194 | 3,673 | 2, 714 | 2, 299, 083 | 307, 609 | 102, 779 | 2, 531 | 105,310 | 825 | 115,232 | 11, 803 |
| 1947 | 4,347 | 3, 093 | 3, 372, 784 | 544, 140 | 191, 734 |  | 191, 734 | 1,119 | 170,052 | 16, 232 |
|  | 4,858 | 3,245 | 3, 830,490 | 540,537 | 186, 789 |  | 186,789 | 1,490 | 342, 094 | 24,886 |

MANUFACTURING: FURNITURE AND FIXTURES 54

| 1939 | 3, 956 | 1,831 | 820, 855 | 48,303 | 7,885 | 169 | 8,054 | 2,051 | 210,579 | 12,471 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 3,995 | 2,080 | 988, 810 | 64, 852 | 13, 508 | 2,103 | 15, 611 | 1,834 | 183, 202 | 10,281 |
| 1941 | 3, 784 | 2, 608 | 1,428, 090 | 121, 439 | 26, 465 | 23, 802 | 50, 268 | 1,109 | 81, 970 | 4,951 |
| 1942. | 3,632 | 2,530 | 1,454, 658 | 118, 938 | 23, 560 | 39,528 | 63, 086 | 1,044 | 88,324 | 5,296 |
| 1943 | 3,461 | 2, 557 | 1,467,971 | 112, 608 | 21, 089 | 41, 245 | 62, 334 | 842 | 101, 278 | 4,904 |
| 1944 | 3,317 | 2,535 | 1, 536, 159 | 134, 676 | 23, 869 | 54, 300 | 78, 169 | 725 | 81,421 | 4,772 |
| 1945 | 3,468 | 2, 695 | 1, 528, 231 | 116,363 | 24, 726 | 36, 426 | 61, 152 | 700 | 107,081 | 6,184 |
| 1946 | 4,744 | 3,446 | 2,178, 106 | 218,611 | 76,053 | 2, 226 | 78, 279 | 1,180 | 183, 851 | 14,518 |
| 1947 | 5,509 | 3,545 | 2, 703, 412 | 261,470 | 93, 275 |  | 93,275 | 1,856 | 245, 195 | 21,863 |
| 1948 | 5,564 | 3,358 | 2, 477, 280 | 222, 281 | 79,602 |  | 79,602 | 2,099 | 368,845 | 26,654 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aogregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { re- } \\ \text { turns }^{2} \end{gathered}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total $\operatorname{tax}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

MANUFACTURING: PAPER AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| 1939 | 2,213 | 1,423 | 1,546, 225 | 120,417 | 19,562 | 315 | 19,877 | 744 | 224,685 | 19,828 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2, 220 | 1,469 | 1, 811,922 | 190, 143 | 42, 546 | 9,337 | 51, 884 | 713 | 235, 510 | 8,872 |
| 1941 | 2,229 | 1,892 | 2, 755, 348 | 355, 895 | 75,453 | 94,356 | 169,809 | 311 | 50, 315 | 3,974 |
| 1942 | 2,126 | 1,730 | 2, 825, 107 | 358, 395 | 67,330 | 138,368 | 205, 699 | 359 | 70,345 | 3,447 |
| 1943 | 2,149 | 1,838 | 3, 227, 588 | 397, 647 | 69, 022 | 171, 247 | 240, 269 | 273 | 57, 839 | 3,136 |
| 1944 | 2, 096 | 1,860 | 3, 432, 114 | 416, 711 | 69,494 | 190, 322 | 259, 816 | 202 | 60,885 | 3,266 |
| 1945 | 2,126 | 1, 848 | 3, 510, 239 | 345, 350 | 69, 596 | 128, 110 | 197, 707 | 239 | 74, 019 | 3,073 |
| 1946 | 2, 395 | 2,099 | 4, 314, 669 | 576, 522 | 207, 684 | 5,438 | 213, 122 | 262 | 66,401 | 6, 636 |
| 1947 | 2,570 | 2,087 | 5, 617, 782 | 928, 005 | 343, 388 |  | 343, 388 | 446 | 95, 642 | 6, 582 |
| 1948 | 2, 603 | 1,898 | 5, 737, 079 | 798, 787 | 295, 838 |  | 295, 838 | 658 | 268, 652 | 14,789 |

MANUFACTURING: PRINTING, PUBLISHING, AND ALLIED INDUSTRIES

| 1939 | 11,690 | 4,817 | 1,778,953 | 157,999 | 23, 814 | 227 | 24,041 | 6,511 | 490, 399 | 29. 454 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 11, 793 | 5,612 | 1, 940,992 | 178, 515 | 36, 993 | 2, 848 | 39, 840 | 5,819 | 470, 773 | 30, 325 |
| 1941 | 11, 448 | 6,201 | 2, 225, 475 | 214, 593 | 52, 293 | 17, 304 | 69, 597 | 4.930 | 393,470 | 23, 697 |
| 1942 | 10, 848 | 5,978 | 2, 427, 819 | 251, 055 | 65, 357 | 50, 237 | 115, 594 | 4,574 | 274,541 | 19,327 |
| 1943 | 10, 426 | 7,168 | 2,978, 077 | 450, 934 | 85, 949 | 166, 757 | 252, 706 | 2,963 | 148, 133 | 9,933 |
| 1944 | 10, 278 | 7,904 | 3, 391, 074 | 577, 262 | 94, 662 | 252, 533 | 347, 195 | 2,065 | 90, 812 | 6,275 |
| 1945 | 10, 337 | 8,021 | 3, 744, 226 | 590, 971 | 97, 830 | 254, 271 | 352, 100 | 2,036 | 101, 050 | 6, 825 |
| 1946 | 11, 284 | 8,518 | 4,593, 908 | 677, 279 | 236, 163 | 3, 715 | 239, 878 | 2,478 | 253, 169 | 20,767 |
| 1947 | 12, 243 | 8,789 | 5, 317, 103 | 665,430 | 232, 870 |  | 232, 870 | 3,120 | 415, 738 | 35, 842 |
| 1948 | 12, 849 | 8,978 | 5, 795, 347 | 616,198 | 215, 974 |  | 215,974 | 3,519 | 484,388 | 38,385 |

MANUFACTURING: CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| 1939 | 7,049 | 3,368 | 4,097, 415 | 553, 738 | 84,947 | 1,401 | 86, 348 | 3,417 | 259, 814 | 17,912 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 7,136 | 3,484 | 4,640,910 | 683, 168 | 145, 106 | 37, 049 | 182, 155 | 3,350 | 228, 344 | 17,046 |
| 1941 | 6,872 | 4,227 | 6,384, 061 | 1, 027, 932 | 216,113 | 248,996 | 465, 109 | 2,361 | 129,343 | 11, 642 |
| 1942 | 6,618 | 4,258 | 7, 203, 329 | 1,140, 399 | 230, 446 | 370,468 | 600, 914 | 2,098 | 121,948 | 13, 321 |
| 1943 | 6,545 | 4,539 | 8, 591, 252 | 1,272, 343 | 240, 790 | 489,928 | 730, 719 | 1,703 | 134, 885 | 10,7i34 |
| 1944 | 6,297 | 4,408 | $9,795,876$ | 1,302, 047 | 239, 640 | 505,430 | 745, 069 | 1,636 | 156, 741 | 10, 864 |
| 19.5 | 6,476 | 4,414 | 9,359, 557 | 1, 059, 701 | 225, 502 | 337, 766 | 563, 268 | 1,772 | 550, 655 | 28, 736 |
| 1946 | 7,145 | 4, 608 | 10, 558, 939 | 1, 524, 699 | 538, 262 | 11, 053 | 549, 315 | 2,229 | 270, 887 | 27,311 |
| 1947 | 7,854 | 4,577 | 13, 224, 389 | 1, 832, 298 | 653, 199 |  | 653, 199 | 2,948 | 370, 891 | 41, 016 |
| 1948 | 7,742 | 4,323 | 13, 696, 104 | 1, 728, 534 | 609, 526 |  | 609, 526 | 3, 088 | 558, 489 | 46, 566 |

MANUFACTURING: PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS

| 1939 | 733 | 350 | 4, 131, 584 | 196, 590 | 20,342 | 192 | 20, 533 | 323 | 1,279, 057 | 16,828 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 715 | 334 | 5, 045,667 | 267, 700 | 44, 751 | 4,735 | 49,486 | 321 | 639, 284 | 19,885 |
| 1941 | 665 | 412 | 6,612,904 | 556, 232 | 113, 827 | 23, 265 | 137, 092 | 207 | 282, 737 | 6,154 |
| 1942 | 605 | 389 | 7,530, 028 | 544, 700 | 169,842 | 49,149 | 218,991 | 186 | 106, 471 | 2,128 |
| 1943 | 526 | 332 | 8, 605, 894 | 761, 438 | 233, 888 | 78, 360 | 312, 248 | 150 | 45,390 | 2. 205 |
| 1944 | 481 | 332 | $9,835,765$ | 652, 071 | 187, 635 | 67, 235 | 254, 870 | 114 | 196,350 | 2,948 |
| 1945 | 482 | 311 | 9, 617, 216 | 370,575 | 98, 260 | 10,636 | 108, 896 | 131 | 767, 002 | 19,193 |
| 1946 | 520 | 346 | 10,630, 769 | 742, 103 | 230, 216 | 453 | 230, 663 | 139 | 189,072 | 7,070 |
| 1947 | 602 | 407 | 14, 968, 960 | 1,309, 630 | 421, 901 |  | 421,901 | 147 | 111,496 | 6, 463 |
| 1948 | 668 | 453 | 19, 738, 277 | 2,000,180 | 660, 014 |  | 660,044 | 181 | 228,900 | 17,142 |

MANUFACTURING: RUBBER PRODUCTS

| 1939 | 565 | 326 | 1,010,671 | 64,766 | 10,457 | 113 | 10,570 | 219 | 73, 650 | 1,687 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 602 | 339 | 1,113, 391 | 72,712 | 14, 783 | 1,259 | 16, 042 | 247 | 52,163 | 1,997 |
| 1941 | 548 | 419 | 1,678, 794 | 153, 378 | 33, 957 | 30,684 | 64,640 | 119 | 16,748 | 3,055 |
| 1942 | 508 | 404 | 1,882, 095 | 153,826 | 28, 935 | 56, 185 | 85, 120 | 93 | 8,658 | 640 |
| 1943 | 463 | 360 | 2,979, 713 | 364,968 | 31, 553 | 223, 726 | 255, 279 | 77 | 4,423 | 379 |
| 1944 | 452 | 372 | 3, 346, 732 | 330, 265 | 30,788 | 202, 332 | 233, 120 | 63 | 9,875 | 839 |
| 1945 | 475 | 361 | 3, 299,988 | 248, 125 | 30, 291 | 139,696 | 169,987 | 92 | 61, 070 | 1,773 |
| 1946 | 584 | 400 | 3, 084, 209 | 321,391 | 114, 151 | 7,866 | 122, 017 | 161 | 49, 092 | 3,394 |
| 1947 | 661 | 388 | 3, 369, 994 | 240,979 | 84, 457 |  | 84,457 | 247 | 67,530 | 7,667 |
| 1948 | 670 | 431 | 3,307, 856 | 262,315 | 92, 297 |  | 92, 297 | 220 | 81,937 | 7,345 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation rcturns, 1930-1048, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with me net income: Number of returns, total compiled rcceipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, exccss profits tuxes, and totul tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total num. ber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \text { taxs } \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tas. | Nuinber | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| MANUFACTURING: LEATHER AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 2,157 | 1,080 | 992, 365 | 46, 506 | 7,605 | 130 | 7,734 | 1,050 | 248, 375 | 10,449 |
| 1940 | 2,145 | 1,139 | 1, 039, 203 | 48,074 | 9, 110 | 897 | 10,007 | 979 | 251, 199 | 10, 330 |
| 1941 | 2,103 | 1,562 | 1, 653, 345 | 94, 632 | 21,538 | 10,656 | 32, 195 | 523 | 124, 363 | 5, 044 |
| 1942 | 2, 053 | 1,667 | 2, 055, 805 | 140, 449 | 26, 497 | 50,611 | 77, 108 | 358 | 57, 754 | 2, 261 |
| 1943 | 2,065 | 1,814 | 2, 121, 147 | 151, 376 | 26, 537 | 63, 219 | 89, 756 | 218 | 37, 103 | 1,336 |
| 1944 | 1,983 | 1,698 | 2, 096, 768 | 140, 996 | 26, 904 | 55, 185 | 82, 089 | 263 | 42, 719 | 1,162 |
| 1945 | 2,108 | 1,769 | 2, 142, 515 | 137, 064 | 28,371 | 49,003 | 77,374 | 290 | 48, 870 | 1,559 |
| 1946 | 2,869 | 2,195 | 2, 730, 553 | 235, 940 | 83, 243 | 6,112 | 89,355 | 630 | 103, 599 | 6, 641 |
| 1947 | 3,143 | 1,984 | 3, 008,591 | 232, 435 | 84, 705 |  | 84, 705 | 1,108 | 278,958 | 18,442 |
| 1948 | 3,047 | 1,734 | 2, 734, 855 | 158, 434 | 57, 448 |  | 57,448 | 1,271 | 426, 264 | 26, 397 |
| MANUFACTURING: STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 3,626 | 1,771 | 1,321,342 | 157, 643 | 25, 803 | 357 | 26, 160 | 1,752 | 184,486 | 11,793 |
| 1940 | 3, 601 | 1,940 | 1,577,687 | 213, 456 | 47, 294 | 10, 072 | 57, 366 | 1, 550 | 136,444 | 12, 244 |
| 1941 | 3, 363 | 2,155 | 2, 213, 815 | 340̂, 059 | 76,297 | 83, 083 | 159,380 | 1,123 | 87, 447 | 8, 568 |
| 1942 | 3,131 | 1,841 | 2, 237, 814 | 376, 320 | 63, ¢89 | 160, 185 | 223, 874 | 1,200 | 109, 806 | 11, 873 |
| 1943 | 2,942 | 1,721 | 2, 227, 010 | 318, 067 | 55,566 | 135, 930 | 191, 496 | 1,114 | 154,961 | 16, 338 |
| 1944 | 2,794 | 1,722 | 2, 152, 474 | 257,592 | 51,594 | 98, 823 | 150, 417 | 983 | 158, 096 | 14, 247 |
| 1945 | 2,875 | 1,952 | 2, 201, 944 | 224, 032 | 52, 857 | 66, 721 | 119,577 | 818 | 141, 887 | 12,938 |
| 1946 | 3, 773 | 2, 641 | 2, 839, 855 | 373, 149 | 133, 723 | 1,782 | 135, 505 | 986 | 110,399 | 9,553 |
| 1947 | 4, 253 | 2,769 | 3, 522, 149 | 465, 914 | 169,926 |  | 169,926 | 1,362 | 129, 872 | 15, 123 |
| 1948 | 4,310 | 2,851 | 3, 982, 753 | 549, 486 | 202, 687 |  | 202, 687 | 1,342 | 157, 056 | 18,977 |

MANUFACTURING: PRIMARY METAL INDUSTRIESAND FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS (EXOEPT ORDNANCE, MACHINERY, AND TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT) ${ }^{55} 5_{6}$

| 1939 | 8,831 | 4,985 | 6, 349, 138 | 483, 521 |  | 1,896 | 80,473 | 3,581 | 1, 126, 452 | 49,924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,658 | 5,713 | 8, 787, 524 | 810, 664 | 180, 342 | 60,797 | 241, 139 | 2,735 | 521, 290 | 25, 065 |
| 1941 | 8,417 | 6, 710 | 14, 103, 048 | 1, 882, 530 | 373, 410 | 594,325 | 967, 735 | 1,511 | 169, 996 | 11, 638 |
| 1942 | 8, 268 | 6, 482 | 17, 346, 835 | 2, 413, 970 | 299, 489 | 1,243, 523 | 1,543, 011 | 1,576 | 220, 816 | 15, 543 |
| 194:3 | 7,905 | 6, 007 | 20, 066, 446 | 2, 488, 782 | 297, 491 | 1, 325, 882 | 1,623, 374 | 1,676 | 372, 686 | 23, 063 |
| 1944 | 7,675 | 6, 115 | 19,902,447 | 2,018, 735 | 296, 329 | 979, 948 | 1,276, 277 | 1,361 | 460, 059 | 22,941 |
| 1945 | 8,252 | 6, 133 | 17, 020, 798 | 1, 165, 097 | 222, 577 | 443, 676 | 666, 254 | 1,867 | 1, 347, 545 | 51, 040 |
| 1946 | 10,330 | 7, 283 | 15, 857, 203 | 1, 381, 820 | 498, 457 | 7, 729 | 506, 186 | 2,734 | 1, 177, 476 | 100,018 |
| 1947 | 12, 204 | 8,320 | 22, 341, 959 | 2,354,055 | 863, 265 |  | 863, 265 | 3, 532 | 702, 643 | 55, 575 |
| 1918 | 12, 702 | 8,489 | 25, 755, 178 | 2, 816, 463 | 1, 035, 335 |  | 1,035, 335 | 3,904 | 724,332 | 63, 604 |

MANUFACTURING: MACHINERY, EXCEPT TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL

| 1939 | 6,299 | 3,239 | 3, 180, 661 | 330, 945 | 55, 254 | 959 | 56, 213 | 2, 798 | 363, 552 | 23,484 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 6, 04.2 | 3, 333 | 4, 458, 849 | 651, 485 | 143, 896 | 65, 776 | 209, 672 | 2,006 | 185, 716 | 13, 628 |
| 1941 | 5,972 | 4,622 | 7, 187, 568 | 1,323, 063 | 258, 567 | 440, 471 | 699, 038 | 1,177 | 85, 702 | 6,718 |
| 1942 | 6,301. | 4,922 | 9,959, 084 | 2, 113, 8:35 | 208, 403 | 1, 192,978 | 1, 401, 381 | 1,191 | 111,554 | 9,231 |
| 1943 | 6,207 | 4,825 | 11, 379,991 | 2, 207, 319 | 165, 901 | 1,359, 798 | 1, 525, 700 | 1, 143 | 153, 697 | 11,981 |
| 1944 | 6,062 | 4,721 | 11, 111, 627 | 1, 630, 839 | 168, 108 | 938, 535 | 1, 106, 643 | 1,147 | 213, 115 | 15, 275 |
| 1945 | 6, 387 | 4,536 | 9, 297, 767 | 966, 618 | 158, 430 | 440, 945 | 599, 375 | 1,656 | 583, 081 | 38, 384 |
| 1946 | 7,774 | 4,969 | 7,797, ti ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 830, 451 | 321, 055 | 9,882 | 330, 937 | 2, 542 | 1, 351,692 | 169,872 |
| 1947 | 9, 005 | 5,893 | 12, 405, 988 | 1,56.4,177 | 577, 520 |  | 577, 520 | 2,850 | 760, 594 | 83, 249 |
| 1948. | 9,940 | 6,362 | 14, 472, 780 | 1,800, 259 | 658, 698 |  | 608, 394 | 3,296 | 591, 588 | 58,795 |

MANUFACTURING: ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

| 1939 | 1,727 | 880 | 1,732, 832 | 187, 240 | 30, 226 | 276 | 30,502 | 784 | 135, 690 | 8,707 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1,863 | 1,059 | 2, 380,418 | 325, 740 | 74, 139 | 28,857 | 102,995 | 728 | 110, 653 | 7,286 |
| 1941 | 1,750 | 1,251 | 3, 720, 803 | 666, 424 | 125, 947 | 241, 674 | 367, 621 | 443 | 32, 807 | 3,593 |
| 1942 | 1,762 | 1,325 | 5, 017, -49 | 753, 835 | 79, 723 | 408, 871 | 488, 594 | 379 | 91,637 | 14,829 |
| 1943 | 1,733 | 1,302 | $6, \times 13,140$ | 1, 088, 044 | 98, 160 | 642, 653 | 740, 813 | 359 | 40,751 | 3, 018 |
| 1944 | 1,784 | 1,392 | 8, 051, 196 | 986, 711 | 93, 435 | 578, 891 | 672, 326 | 323 | 74,919 | 4,029 |
| 1945 | 1,942 | 1,345 | 6, 678,548 | 619,199 | 90,272 | 305, 065 | 395, 338 | 526 | 445, 441 | 24,938 |
| 1946 | 2, 662 | 1,503 | 3, 866, 041 | 317,970 | 114, 434 | 2, 466 | 116,900 | 1,041 | 1,650,937 | 140, 127 |
| 1947 | 3,092 | 1,716 | 7,690, 761 | 837, 797 | 307, 912 |  | 307,912 | 1,274 | 542, 654 | 56, 435 |
| 1948. | 3,126 | 1,645 | 8,362, 169 | 923, 936 | 339,091 |  | 339, 091 | 1,364 | 450, 781 | 47, 804 |

[^48]Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{3}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns * withinet income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income 4 | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{5}$ | Total tax | Number | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

MANUFACTURING: TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT MOTOR VEHICLES

| 1939 | 847 | 339 | 720,188 | 84, 769 | 14,150 | 365 | 14,515 | 445 | 150, 979 | 11, 284 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 850 | 426 | 1,545,560 | 256, 431 | 57, 402 | 33,210 | 90, 612 | 361 | 49, 253 | 7,776 |
| 1941 | 927 | 573 | 3, 885, 433 | 726, 834 | 130, 249 | 294, 299 | 424, 548 | 277 | 44, 856 | 6, 166 |
| 1942 | 1,108 | 725 | 12, 348, 413 | 1,500,296 | 201, 753 | 749, 060 | 950, 813 | 304 | 129, 703 | 4, 929 |
| 1943 | 1,226 | 887 | 21, 993, 253 | 2, 335, 210 | 217, 201 | 1, 359, 640 | 1, 576, 841 | 271 | 725, 453 | 14,691 |
| 1944 | 1,201 | 860 | 24, 533, 777 | 2, 110, 031 | 216, 553 | 1, 205, 444 | 1, 421, 996 | 284 | 244, 050 | 10,558 |
| 1945 | 1,157 | 739 | 16, 734, 426 | 1, 051, 356 | 161, 874 | 488, 625 | 650, 499 | 363 | 501, 662 | 34, 766 |
| 1946 | 1, 084 | 507 | 1, 864, 928 | 174, 774 | 59,521 | 2, 842 | 62,363 | 518 | 1, 034, 559 | 187,663 |
| 1947 | 1,194 | 552 | 2, 236, 531 | 176, 254 | 63, 850 |  | 63, 850 | 553 | 791, 269 | 178,032 |
| 1948 | 1,117 | 563 | 3, 345, 171 | 270, 965 | 96,628 |  | 96, 628 | 493 | 441, 310 | 38,532 |

MANUFACTURING: MOTOR VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRICAL

| 1939 | 916 | 457 | 3, 437, 438 | 384, 159 | 60,439 | 292 | 60,732 | 418 | 231, 645 | 18, 092 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 851 | 498 | 4, 678, 608 | 576, 796 | 127, 709 | 51,077 | 178, 785 | 310 | 118, 190 | 9, 411 |
| 1941 | 773 | 546 | 6,542,757 | 864, 547 | 169, 868 | 269,912 | 439, 780 | 193 | 45, 071 | 3,494 |
| 1942 | 678 | 514 | 4, 077, 226 | 413, 212 | 54,692 | 201, 003 | 255, 696 | 148 | 13, 334 | 933 |
| 1943 | 599 | 477 | 3, 852, 827 | 415, 677 | 57,702 | 205, 785 | 263,487 | 100 | 9,438 | 576 |
| 1944 | 576 | 461 | 3, 715, 880 | 340, 072 | 36,245 | 194,944 | 231, 189 | 86 | 10,880 | 628 |
| 1945 | 646 | 501 | 1,955, 981 | 184, 623 | 22, 232 | 100, 846 | 123, 077 | 119 | 1, 133, 334 | 14,470 |
| 1946 | 932 | 650 | 4, 621, 558 | 210,438 | 72, 706 | 877 | 73,583 | 250 | 1,959,569 | 94, 112 |
| 1947 | 1,209 | 820 | 11, 214, 901 | 1, 256, 840 | 462, 649 |  | 462,649 | 338 | 255, 672 | 14,867 |
| 19 | 1,405 | 867 | 13, 533, 798 | 1, 708, 263 | 628, 472 |  | 628, 472 | 486 | 214,470 | 25, 186 |

MANUFACTURING: ORDNANCE AND ACCESSORIES ${ }^{57}$


MANUFACTURING: SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS; PHOTOGRAPHIC EQUIPMENT;
WATCHES, CLOCKS; AND OTHER ${ }^{55} 68$

| 1939 | 8, 101 | 3,387 | 1, 445, 998 | 147, 814 | 24,309 | 477 | 24,787 | 4, 118 | 294, 898 | 19,904 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 7,337 | 3,360 | 1, 708, 619 | 178, 453 | 38, 981 | 10, 344 | 49,325 | 3,418 | 223, 264 | 17, 563 |
| 1941 | 7,901 | 4,792 | 2, 800, 265 | 348, 093 | 73, 684 | 86, 387 | 160, 071 | 2, 599 | 139,397 | 12,442 |
| 1942 | 7, 232 | 4,700 | 3, 469,514 | 465, 964 | 70, 198 | 207, 126 | 277, 325 | 2,065 | 141, 079 | 12, 248 |
| 1943. | 6,750 | 4,824 | 4, 744, 985 | 677, 070 | 76, 171 | 364, 529 | 440, 700 | 1,447 | 131, 829 | 9,651 |
| 1944 | 7, 297 | 5,043 | 5, 198, 435 | 629, 025 | 83, 474 | 319, 326 | 402, 799 | 1,683 | 173, 700 | 13, 073 |
| 1945 | 7, 880 | 5,118 | 4, 859, 467 | 462, 531 | 81,490 | 190, 799 | 272, 289 | 2, 071 | 290, 209 | 22, 088 |
| 1946 | 10,711 | 6, 299 | 4, 972, 777 | 540, 385 | 191, 600 | 4, 658 | 196, 258 | 3,728 | 686, 078 | 113, 018 |
| 1947 | 12, 636 | 6, 637 | 5, 655,473 | 588, 477 | 211, 914 |  | 211, 914 | 5,305 | 693, 954 | 93, 665 |
| 1948 | 13, 288 | 6,854 | 6,061,379 | 617, 941 | 218, 478 |  | 218,478 | 5,683 | 789, 299 | 79,993 |

TOTAL PUBLIC UTILITIES

| 1939 | 23, 893 | 10,586 | 9, 134, 548 | 1,523, 801 | 215, 683 | 1,198 | 216, 881 | 11, 478 | 3, 959, 063 | 355, 274 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 23, 670 | 11, 479 | 10, 441, 901 | 1, 592, 069 | 347, 346 | 14,385 | 361, 730 | 10,574 | 3, 268, 471 | 279, 029 |
| 1941 | 23, 437 | 12,985 | 14, 175, 762 | 2, 081, 267 | 536, 676 | 168, 507 | 705, 183 | 8, 936 | 1, 772, 816 | 154, 062 |
| 1942 | 21, 658 | 12,904 | 17, 807, 766 | 3, 719, 905 | 1, 030, 702 | 546, 832 | 1, 577, 534 | 7, 333 | 841, 806 | 91, 321 |
| 1943 | 20, 679 | 13, 170 | 20, 426, 894 | 4, 616, 319 | -997, 422 | 1, 410, 258 | 2, 407, 679 | 6,109 | 910, 756 | 121, 802 |
| 1944 | 20,560 | 13, 067 | 21, 635, 269 | 4, 277, 770 | 816, 251 | 1, 573, 076 | 2, 389, 327 | 6, 175 | 862, 140 | 136,892 |
| 1945 | 21, 137 | 12,966 | 19, 672,756 | 3, 133, 895 | 719, 644 | 827, 962 | 1, 547, 605 | 6,770 | 2,990, 595 | 196, 818 |
| 19 | 23, 441 | 14,395 | 17, 574, 664 | 2, 726, 169 | 895, 607 | 2,456 | 898, 063 | 7,428 | 5, 351, 782 | 383, 487 |
| 1947 | 25, 325 | 14, 857 | 23, 054,434 | 3, 013, 672 | 1, 013, 277 |  | 1, 013, 277 | 8, 872 | 3, 742, 120 | 297, 565 |
| 19 | 26, 917 | 15, 304 | 27, 482, 955 | 3, 594, 232 | 1, 204, 804 |  | 1, 204, 804 | 9,921 | 2, 193, 465 | 146, 212 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.- Corporation returns, 1939-1948,' in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\operatorname{Incomex}_{\operatorname{tax}^{5}}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit 4 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: TRANSPORTATION

| 1939 | 15, 764 | 6,605 | 4,235, 943 | 474,7 | 72 | 1,05 |  | 8,025 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 15, 631 | 7,317 | 5, 195, 366 | 583.306 | 124, 052 | 9, 059 | 133, 112 | 7, 332 | 2, 993, 458 |  |
| 1941 | 15, 449 | 8,587 | 8, 405, 941 | 912,859 | 220, 139 | 88, 422 | 308, 561 | 5,934 | 1, 560, 557 | 122,415 |
| 1942 | 14, 591 | 8, 831 | 11, 427, 711 | 2, 181, 978 | 627, 470 | 321, 518 | 948, 989 | 4,794 | 591, 891 | 72, 086 |
| 1943 | 13, 759 | 8, 798 | 13, 370, 720 | 2, 900,499 | 591, 598 | 1,063, 702 | $1,655,301$ | 4,013 | 803, 003 | 106, 470 |
| 1944 | 13, 608 | 8,693 | $14,113,400$ | 2, 571, 867 | 422, 830 | 1, 168, 989 | 1, 591, 819 | 4,042 | 705, 799 | 115, 549 |
| 194 | 14, 132 | 8,610 | 11, 984, 273 | 1, 459, 866 | 320, 058 | 479, 368 | 799, 426 | 4,583 | 2, 621, 876 | 147, 324 |
| 1946 | 16, 167 | 10, 027 | 9, 416, 514 | 967, 153 | 332, 291 | 1, 414 | 333, 705 | 5,115 | 4, 961, 039 | 357, 498 |
| 1947 | 17, 878 | 10,673 | 14, 599, 521 | $1,445,721$ | 509, 281 |  | 509, 281 | 6,207 | 2, 802, 877 | 256, 308 |
| 1948. | 19, 173 | 10,995 | 17, 105, 238 | 1,846, 225 | 649, 661 |  | 649, 661 | 7,060 | 1,946, 229 | 126,596 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: COMMUNICATION

| 1939 | 3,885 | 1,650 | 1, 584, 194 | 437, 265 | 47,807 | 53 | 47, 860 | 1,977 | 164, 634 | 12,608 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 3,906 | 1,784 | 1, 508, 654 | 286, 242 | 65, 055 | 1,782 | 66, 837 | 1,890 | 55, 073 | 7,126 |
| 1941 | 3, 935 | 1,951 | 1, 668, 830 | 318, 366 | 84, 445 | 30, 804 | 115, 249 | 1,767 | 50, 116 | 7,04, |
| 1942 | 3,703 | 2,009 | 2, 184, 826 | 587, 391 | 127, 285 | 104,048 | 231, 333 | 1,533 | 43, 303 | 6,617 |
| 1943 | 3, 629 | 2,241 | 2, 483, 031 | 686, 519 | 131, 609 | 161,637 | 293, 246 | 1,212 | 32, 120 | 6, 506 |
| 1944 | 3,776 | 2,299 | 2, 695, 741 | 731, 259 | 131, 754 | 211, 498 | 343, 251 | 1,261 | 30, 973 | 2, 099 |
| 1945 | 3,856 | 2, 260 | 2,719, 948 | 703, 925 | 131, 917 | 183, 860 | 315, 776 | 1,334 | 224, 457 | 14,812 |
| 1946 | 4,116 | 2, 235 | 2, 920,553 | 575, 766 | 155, 851 | 599 | 156, 450 | 1,526 | 239, 322 | 15, 682 |
| 1947 | 4,286 | 2,118 | 2, 734, 834 | 429, 517 | 111,066 |  | 111, 066 | 1,834 | 625, 522 | 18, 958 |
| 1948 | 4,386 | 2, 265 | 3, 776, 284 | 539, 006 | 135, 611 |  | 135, 611 | 1,819 | 107, 629 | 12,472 |

PUBLIC UTILITIES: ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES ${ }^{59}$

| 1939 | 2,046 | 1,167 | 3, 217, 731 | 592, 242 | 92, 415 | 77 | 92,493 | 692 | 5 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1, 976 | 1, 221 | 3, 616, 456 | 699, 473 | 153, 366 | 3. 430 | 156,796 | 596 | 199, 023 | 14,991 |
| 1841 | 1,947 | 1,267 | 3, 993, 572 | 826, 092 | 225, 711 | 48, 511 | 274, 221 | 540 | 132, 023 | 20, 352 |
| 1942 | 1, 505 | 1,010 | 4,091, 296 | 927, 293 | 268, 895 | 120, 193 | 389, 088 | 415 | 196, 251 | 10,573 |
| 1943 | 1,459 | 1,027 | 4, 465, 353 | 1,003, 060 | 266, 185 | 182, 982 | 449, 166 | 337 | 66, 978 | 7.410 |
| 1944 | 1,411 | 1,005 | 4, 717, 128 | 948, 895 | 253, 911 | 189, 630 | 443, 540 | 320 | 118, 451 | 18, 127 |
| 1945 | 1,359 | 998 | 4, 850, 911 | 946, 526 | 260, 294 | 162, 683 | 422, 978 | 291 | 134, 154 | 32,757 |
| 1946 | 1,359 | 995 | 5, 122, 601 | 1, 157, 471 | 398, 920 | 421 | 399, 341 | 282 | 123, 560 | 6,798 |
| 1947 | 1,327 | 985 | 5, 587, 267 | 1,110, 079 | 383, 484 |  | 383, 484 | 270 | 284, 869 | 20, 139 |
| 1948 | 1,358 | 969 | 6, 436, 644 | 1, 177, 202 | 409, 692 |  | 409, 692 | 306 | 124, 907 | 5,486 |

OTHER PUBLIC UTILITIES 50

| 1939. | 2,198 | 1, 164 | 96,680 | 19,538 | 3,108 | 14 | 3,122 | 784 | 41, 066 | 4,178 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2,157 | 1,157 | 121, 426 | 23, 048 | 4, 872 | 114 | 4,986 | 756 | 20, 916 | 3, 769 |
| 1941 | 2,106 | 1,180 | 107, 419 | 23, 950 | 6,382 | 770 | 7,151 | 695 | 30, 120 | 4,247 |
| 1942 | 1,859 | 1,054 | 103, 932 | 23, 242 | 7,052 | 1,073 | 8,124 | 591 | 10, 361 | 2,045 |
| 1943 | 1,832 | 1,104 | 107, 789 | 26, 241 | 8,029 | 1,937 | 9,966 | 547 | 8,655 | 1,416 |
| 1944 | 1,765 | 1,070 | 108, 999 | 25, 747 | 7,756 | 2, 960 | 10,717 | 552 | 6,917 | 1,117 |
| 1945 | 1,790 | 1,098 | 117, 623 | 23,577 | 7,374 | 2, 051 | 9,425 | 562 | 10, 108 | 1,925 |
| 1946 | 1,799 | 1,138 | 114, 996 | 25, 779 | 8,545 | 22 | 8,567 | 505 | 27, 861 | 3, 509 |
| 1947 | 1, 834 | 1, 081 | 132, 812 | 28, 355 | 9,446 |  | 9,446 | 561 | 28, 852 | 2,160 |
| 1948 | 2,000 | 1,075 | 164, 789 | 31, 799 | 9,840 |  | 9,840 | 736 | 14,700 | 1,658 |

TOTAL TRADE

| 1939 | 141, 474 | 63, 174 | 34, 501, 928 | 1, 031, 271 | 163, 821 | 2,645 | 166, 467 | 75, 033 | 8, 245, 440 | 218, 710 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 143, 022 | 71, 766 | 40, 022, 103 | 1, 270, 122 | 262, 928 | 32,811 | 295, 740 | 68, 083 | 7, 193, 940 | 187, 899 |
| 1941 | 141, 620 | 89, 475 | 53, 252, 745 | 2, 222, 556 | 500, 237 | 363, 001 | 863, 238 | 49, 228 | 4, 523, 671 | 142, 336 |
| 1942 | 131, 684 | 89,793 | 52, 596, 713 | 2, 660, 585 | 513, 581 | 888,545 | 1,402, 126 | 39, 176 | $3,325,403$ | 91, 570 |
| 1943 | 124, 122 | $94,644{ }^{\text {® }}$ | ${ }^{9} 56,222,260$ | $3,156,477$ | 538, 508 | 1,244, 359 | 1,782, 867 | 26, 236 | 2, 217, 334 | 64, 596 |
| 1944 | 120, 423 | 93,166 | 59, 074, 935 | 3, 318, 799 | 565, 179 | 1, 344, 978 | $1,910,157$ | 24, 197 | 2, 648, 827 | 65,537 |
| 1945 | 124, 441 | 97, 550 | 64, 016, 723 | 3, 439, 123 | 628, 993 | 1, 273, 021 | 1,902, 014 | 23, 398 | 2, 623, 717 | 76, 211 |
| 1946 | 155, 487 | 122, 132 | 92, 867, 195 | 5, 714, 298 | 1,946, 115 | 82, 135 | 2,028, 250 | 29,379 | 3, 866, 349 | 132, 262 |
| 1947 | 181, 381 | 133,1921 | 115, 730, 631 | 6, 368, 344 | 2, 221, 121 |  | 2, 221, 121 | 44,105 | 7,601, 462 | 287, 417 |
| 1948 | 201, 161 | 138, 304 | 126, 237, 227 | 6, 128, 574 | 2, 127, 938 |  | 2, 127, 938 | 58, 444 | 11, 268, 073 | 370, 213 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1999-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total <br> num- <br> ber of <br> re- <br> turns | Num- <br> ber |  |  |  |  | Total <br> compiled <br> rcceipts | Net <br> income 4 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

TRADE: TOTAL WEOLESALE

|  | 36, 826 | 19,567 | 16,560, 047 | 397, 773 | 61, 924 | 1,611 | 63, 535 | 16, 454 | 3, 204, 640 | 68,920 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 38, 323 | 22, 296 | 19, 088. 709 | 496, 601 | 100, 142 | 15, 167 | 115, 309 | 15, 206 | 2, 800, 950 | 60, 229 |
| 1941 | 38, 418 | 27, 491 | 25, 917, 726 | 964, 185 | 209, 638 | 179, 312 | 388, 950 | 10, 141 | 1,726, 122 | 60, 663 |
| 1942 | 37, 104 | 27, 315 | 25, 625, 073 | 1,066, 063 | 187, 884 | 386. 539 | 574, 423 | 9, 026 | 1, 303. 397 | 29, 856 |
| 1943 | 35, 349 | 27, 551 | 27, 151, 587 | 1,216,042 | 194, 085 | 504. 469 | 698, 554 | 6, 897 | 968,118 | 26, 499 |
| 1944 | 34, 489 | 27, 045 | 28, 636, 230 | 1,241, 747 | 207. 930 | 502, 612 | 710, 542 | 6,563 | 1,360, 070 | 26,783 |
| 194 | 36, 762 | 28, 838 | 31, 011, 180 | 1,249, 108 | 232, 796 | 443, 046 | 675, 842 | 6,843 | 1,277, 514 | 33, 274 |
| 1946 | 48, 959 | 38, 416 | 45, 508, 531 | 2, 329, 733 | 791, 494 | 51,945 | 843, 439 | 9,241 | 2, 064,949 | 61, 175 |
| 1947 | 57, 333 | 41, 380 | 56, 499, 556 | 2, 638, 023 | 927, 875 |  | 927, 875 | 14, 659 | 3, 925, 883 | 147, 433 |
| 1948 | 66, 362 | 44, 144 | 61, 360, 756 | 2, 415, 560 | 840, 185 |  | 840, 185 | 20,696 | 6,501, 204 | 186, 272 |

TRADE: WHOLESALE: COMMISSION MERCHANTS 00

| 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,778 | 2, 406 | 516, 858 | 39, 026 | 7,076 | 1,689 | 8, 765 | 2,233 | 121,604 | 5,258 |
| 1941 | 5,603 | 3, 577 | 1, 196, 086 | 79, 066 | 15, 261 | 16, 452 | 31, 713 | 1,909 | 161,338 | 3,890 |
| 1942 | 5, 791 | 3, 686 | 1, 186, 370 | 85, 933 | 14, 516 | 29,427 | 43, 943 | 1,923 | 136,990 | 4, 136 |
| 1943 | 5, 555 | 3, 726 | 1,438, 342 | 95,747 | 14, 694 | 36. 189 | 50, 882 | 1,656 | 132, 808 | 3,741 |
| 1944 | 5, 341 | 3, 715 | 1, 487, 997 | 93, 712 | 16, 260 | 31, 202 | 47, 462 | 1,420 | 123, 556 | 2. 905 |
| 1945 | 5, 494 | 3, 861 | 1, 598, 788 | 95, 542 | 17. 641 | 29, 081 | 46, 722 | 1, 457 | 133, 321 | 4,247 |
| 1946 | 7, 053 | 4, 862 | 2, 274, 809 | 156, 178 | 49,906 | 2,836 | 52,742 | 1,938 | 188, 086 | 7,004 |
| 1947 | 8,413 | 5, 412 | 3, 193, 018 | 194, 251 | 64, 015 |  | 64,015 | 2, 751 | 338, 119 | 14, 313 |
| 1948 | 9,551 | 5,779 | 3, 402, 481 | 175, 272 | 56,600 |  | 56, 600 | 3, 504 | 469, 702 | 20, 057 |

OTHER WHOLESALERS 60

| 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 33, 545 | 19, 890 | 18, 571,851 | 457, 575 | 93, 066 | 13, 478 | 106, 544 | 12, 973 | 2, 679,347 | 54, 972 |
| 1941 | 32, 815 | 23, 914 | 24, 721, 640 | 885, 119 | 194, 377 | 162, 860 | 357, 237 | 8, 232 | 1,564, 784 | 56,772 |
| 1942 | 31, 313 | 23, 629 | 24, 438, 703 | 980, 130 | 173, 368 | 357, 112 | 530, 480 | 7, 103 | 1,166, 407 | 25, 720 |
| 1943 | 29, 794 | 23, 825 | 25, 713, 246 | 1, 120, 295 | 179, 391 | 468, 230 | 647, 671 | 5, 241 | 835, 310 | 22,758 |
| 1944 | 29, 148 | 23, 330 | 27, 148, 233 | 1, 148, 035 | 191, 670 | 471, 410 | 663, 080 | 5,143 | 1,236, 514 | 23, 878 |
| 1945 | 31, 268 | 24, 977 | 29, 412, 392 | 1, 153, 566 | 215, 155 | 413, 965 | 629,120 | 5,386 | 1, 144, 193 | 29, 026 |
| 1946 | 41, 906 | 33, 554 | 43, 233, 722 | 2, 173, 555 | 741, 588 | 49, 109 | 790,697 | 7,303 | 1,876, 863 | 54, 171 |
| 1947 | 48, 920 | 35, 968 | 53, 306, 538 | 2, 443, 772 | 863, 860 |  | 863, 860 | 11,908 | 3, 587, 764 | 133, 120 |
| 1948 | 56, 811 | 38, 365 | 57, 958, 275 | 2, 240, 288 | 783, 585 |  | 783, 585 | 17, 192 | 6,031, 502 | 166, 21.5. |

TRADE: TOTAL RETAIL

| 1939 | 88, 284 | 35, 193 | 15, 196, 676 | 526, 902 | 84, 887 | 766 | 85, 653 | 51,086 | 4, 224,923 | 122, 275 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 87, 604 | 40,619 | 17, 964, 312 | 639, 635 | 134, 937 | 14,087 | 149, 024 | 45, 179 | 3, 614,014 | 105, 0.53 |
| 1941 | 86, 120 | 51, 444 | 23, 283, 283 | 1,061, 870 | 243, 556 | 162,320 | 405, 876 | 33, 101 | 2, 308, 236 | 65, 678 |
| 1942 | 79, 705 | 52, 293 | 22, 835, 283 | 1, 375, 674 | 281, 286 | 438, 208 | 719, 494 | 25,962 | 1,546, 699 | 50, 106 |
| 1943 | 74, 263 | 56,615 | 24, 528, 072 | 1, 674,886 | 292, 129 | 654, 695 | 946, 823 | 15,995 | 974, 630 | 28, 083 |
| 1944 | 70,622 | 54,965 | 25, 725, 219 | 1,815, 432 | 300, 773 | 769. 992 | 1.070, 764 | 14, 181 | 986, 318 | 28, 331 |
| 1945 | 72, 955 | 57, 682 | 27, 983, 634 | 1,922, 222 | 334, 669 | 765, 0.37 | 1,099, 706 | 13, 527 | 1,030,694 | 33, 338 |
| 1946 | 86, 702 | 68, 343 | 39, 698, 040 | 2,905, 584 | 996, 380 | 26,777 | 1, 023, 157 | 16. 415 | 1, 374, 376 | 56, 343 |
| 1947 | 100, 982 | 75, 157 | 49, 854, 715 | $3,182,265$ | 1, 109, 272 |  | 1, 109, 272 | 23, 879 | 2, 890,588 | 106, 551 |
| 1948 | 112, 772 | 79, 067 | 55, 563, 939 | 3, 246, 640 | 1, 132, 177 |  | 1, 132, 177 | 31, 748 | 3, 870,917 | 149, 241 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FOOD

| 1939 | 6,492 | 1,901 | 3, 084, 537 | 64,975 | 10,633 | 111 | 10,743 | 4,379 | 583, 958 | 9,553 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 7,064 | 2, 492 | $3,543,027$ | 68, 802 | 15, 218 | 515 | 15, 734 | 4,368 | 532, 283 | 12,366 |
| 1941 | 7,116 | 3, 088 | 4, 388, 180 | 87, 244 | 22, 186 | 7,593 | 29,779 | 3, 822 | 506,952 | 11, 042 |
| 1942 | 6, 413 | 3, 683 | 5, 162, 312 | 114, 250 | 28, 754 | 27, 461 | 56, 216 | 2,536 | 272, 365 | 5, 149 |
| 1943 | 5, 881 | 4, 117 | 5, 293, 729 | 134, 567 | 30, 283 | 39, 875 | 70, 158 | 1,595 | 195, 920 | 3, 107 |
| 1944 | 5, 462 | 3,876 | 5, 548, 165 , | 148, 007 | 33, 156 | 47, 502 | 80, 688 | 1,4,53 | 178, 196 | 2, 540 |
| 1945 | 5,699 | 4, 199 | 5, 883, 869 | 161, 626 | 35, 063 | 53, 380 | 88, 444 | 1,353 | 162,760 | 2,764 |
| 1946 | 6,633 | 4.813 | 7,946, 405 | 275, 960 | 99, 049 | 913 | 99, 962 | 1,646 | 184, 167 | 4,083 |
| 1947 | 7, 5 ¢1 | 4, 522 | 10, 019, 503 | 269,267 | 97, 556 |  | 97, 556 | 2, 848 | 490, 792 | 11,933 |
| 1948 | 8,821 | 5,006 | 11, 426, 685 | 271,382 | 97, 900 |  | 97, 900 | 3,604 | 692, 206 | 16,562 |

[^49]Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{3}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TRADE: RETAIL: GENERAL MERCHANDISE 01

| 1939 | 6,813 | 3, 268 | 5,086,413 | 275, 593 | 46, 214 | 102 | 46,315 | 3,417 | 407, 643 | 12, 390 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 6,623 | 3, 575 | 5, 596, 299 | 320, 842 | 73, 378 | 9, 470 | 82, 848 | 2,927 | 293, 921 | 11, 168 |
| 1911 | 6,559 | 4,469 | 6, 915, 029 | 509, 767 | 119, 639 | 101, 614 | 221, 253 | 1,971 | 103,419 | 5,533 |
| 1942 | 6, 153 | 4,825 | 7, 675, 515 | 673, 009 | 127, 710 | 267, 857 | 395, 566 | 1,235 | 54, 488 | 2,635 |
| 1943 | 5,792 | 4,893 | $\bullet$ - 8, 336, 534 | 788, 627 | 126, 525 | 365, 792 | 492,317 | 799 | 48,4.44 | 1,493 |
| 1944 | 5,424 | 4,682 | 9, 081, 878 | 931, 564 | 128, 282 | 490, 652 | 618,934 | 657 | 35, 848 | 1,269 |
| 1945 | 5,435 | 4,686 | 9, 708, 976 | 958, 460 | 141, 650 | 477, 492 | 619,143 | 641 | 120,873 | 2,558 |
| 1946 | 6,026 | 5, 051 | 12, 538, 956 | 1, 164, 066 | 426, 590 | 8,082 | 434, 672 | 843 | 87, 843 | 4,771 |
| 1947 | 6,687 | 5, 318 | 13, 765, 796 | $1,085,585$ | 401, 682 |  | 401, 682 | 1,236 | 326, 668 | 10,413 |
|  | 6,990 | 5,291 | 14,934, 673 | 1,131, 960 | 419, 563 |  | 419, 563 | 1,561 | 265, 391 | 9,043 |

TRADE: RETAIL: APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES

| 1939 | 11, 471 | 4,318 | 1, 271, 900 | 41,303 | 6,633 | 69 | 6,702 | 6,942 | 500,495 | 18,553 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 11,616 | 5,174 | 1, 570,335 | 56,448 | 11, 228 | 1,016 | 12, 245 | 6,227 | 388, 049 | 14, 823 |
| 1941 | 11, 424 | 7,298 | 2, 130, 731 | 104, 641 | 23, 378 | 13, 419 | 36,797 | 3,946 | 184, 241 | 6,911 |
| 1942 | 10,697 | 7,989 | 2, 534,466 | 165, 141 | 28, 997 | 56, 431 | 85, 428 | 2,542 | 107, 533 | 4,298 |
| 1943 | 10, 440 | 8,720 | 2, 848, 019 | 218, 802 | 29,910 | 99,518 | 129, 427 | 1,479 | 75, 111 | 2,050 |
| 1944 | 10, 136 | 8,701 | 3, 049, 428 | 234, 408 | 34, 311 | 103, 142 | 137, 454 | 1,267 | 75,785 | 2, 505 |
| 1945 | 10, 412 | 9,072 | $3,428,077$ | 273, 824 | 42,330 | 114, 349 | 156,678 | 1,148 | 67, 370 | 2,594 |
| 1946 | 12,318 | 10, 043 | 4, 465, 884 | 354, 671 | 115, 849 | 8,670 | 124, 519 | 2,015 | 210, 392 | 8,654 |
| 1947 | 13, 689 | 10, 446 | 4,773, 003 | 291, 196 | 96,669 |  | 96, 669 | 2,983 | 328, 350 | 15, 127 |
| 1948 | 15, 070 | 10,847 | 5, 007, 662 | 261,267 | 85, 276 |  | 85, 276 | 3,971 | 445, 509 | 21,888 |

TRADE: RETAIL: FURNITURE AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS

| 1939 | 5,467 | 2,415 | 581, 753 | 22, 278 | 3,531 | 69 | 3,599 | 2,977 | 186,831 | 8,962 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 5,771 | 2, 992 | 727, 991 | 28, 513 | 5,540 | 232 | 5,772 | 2, 699 | 167, 111 | 7,330 |
| 1941 | 5, 551 | 3, 885 | 977, 145 | 57, 673 | 13,328 | 5,690 | 19, 019 | 1, 595 | 76, 431 | 3,524 |
| 1942 | 5,133 | 3, 626 | 870, 114 | 86, 358 | 24, 280 | 12, 319 | 36, 599 | 1,430 | 65, 203 | 3,2I1 |
| 1943 | 4,718 | 3,714 | 814, 869 | 96, 285 | 25,850 | 17, 106 | 42,956 | 917 | 37, 581 | 1, 916 |
| 1944 | 4,434 | 3, 532 | 793, 975 | 86, 341 | 21, 057 | 20, 009 | 41, 067 | 804 | 45, 963 | 2,132 |
| 1945 | 4,976 | 3, 926 | 886,890 | 77, 920 | 18, 710 | 16, 642 | 35, 353 | 926 | 43, 107 | 2,227 |
| 1946 | 6,506 | 5, 376 | 1, 596, 226 | 153,983 | 50,146 | 1,219 | 51, 365 | 1,022 | 60,018 | 3,057 |
| 1947 | 7,685 | 6,145 | 1,998, 609 | 147, 715 | 47,336 |  | 47, 336 | 1,443 | 181, 330 | 7,257 |
| 1948 | 9,262 | 6,647 | 2, 087, 874 | 125, 533 | 39, 105 |  | 39, 105 | 2,518 | 289, 185 | 13, 056 |

TRADE: RETAIL: AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND FILLING STATIONS

| 1939 | 12, 813 | 5,804 | 2, 275, 343 | 32, 104 | 4,638 | 74 | 4,712 | 6,636 | 992, 596 | 13, 982 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 13, 734 | 7,345 | 3, 327, 274 | 54,447 | 10,039 | 1,422 | 11,462 | 6,052 | 877, 906 | 13, 231 |
| 1941 | 13, 273 | 9, 067 | 4, 494, 454 | 115, 352 | 24, 470 | 17, 800 | 42, 270 | 3.939 | 475, 619 | 6,415 |
| 1942 | 11,567 | 6,571 | 1,452, 023 | 61, 123 | 14, 321 | 10, 294 | 24,616 | 4,707 | 301, 773 | 9,514 |
| 1943 | 10, 163 | 7, 195 | 1,372, 877 | 76,567 | 16, 122 | 17,111 | 33, 232 | 2,624 | 139,852 | 4,329 |
| 1944 | 9, 349 | 6,979 | 1,337, 906 | 77, 091 | 17, 260 | 14, 732 | 31,992 | 2,061 | 115, 379 | 3,507 |
| 1945 | 9,963 | 7,387 | 1, 537, 349 | 86, 171 | 19, 761 | 15, 287 | 35, 049 | 2,181 | 136, 055 | 5, 050 |
| 1946 | 14, 156 | 11, 873 | 4,688, 231 | 422, 639 | 141, 089 | 2,143 | 143, 232 | 1,868 | 122, 237 | 5,391 |
| 1947 | 18, 148 | 15, 634 | 9, 031, 593 | 837, 440 | 294, 834 |  | 294, 834 | 2,085 | 189, 059 | 6,770 |
| 1948 | 21, 837 | 18, 136 | 12, 017, 520 | 937, 847 | 330, 272 |  | 330, 272 | 3, 284 | 506, 955 | 15, 265 |

TRADE: RETAIL: DRUG STORES

| 1939 | 5,705 | 1,807 | 440, 907 | 13,478 |  | 26 | 2,076 | 3,782 | 171,980 | 4,676 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 5,571 | 1,960 | 459, 543 | 17, 067 | 3,049 | 173 | 3,222 | 3,476 | 171, 706 | 4,046 |
| 1941 | 5,368 | 2, 605 | 585, 989 | 23, 789 | 5, 210 | 1,609 | 6,819 | 2,652 | 113, 199 | 2,813 |
| 1942 | 4,866 | 3,164 | 780, 976 | 43, 522 | 8,732 | 11, 619 | 20, 351 | 1,698 | 71, 077 | 1,684 |
| 1943 | 4,600 | 3,507 | 925, 602 | 57, 197 | 8,735 | 23, 436 | 32, 171 | 999 | 43,709 | 932 |
| 1944 | 4,294 | 3,375 | 884, 133 | 53, 186 | 8,946 | 20, 519 | 29, 464 | 822 | 41,520 | 794 |
| 1945 | 4,212 | 3,383 | 909, 769 | 50, 796 | 9, 591 | 17, 023 | 26,615 | 707 | 39, 581 | 862 |
| 1946 | 4,341 | 3,452 | 1,154, 408 | 61, 116 | 18, 845 | 1,987 | 20, 832 | 796 | 65, 758 | 1,451 |
| 1947 | 4,708 | 3,551 | 1,050, 278 | 48, 650 | 15, 102 |  | 15, 102 | 1,038 | 221. 167 | 4,746 |
| 1948 | 5,006 | 3,521 | 1,346, 633 | 47, 940 | 14, 769 |  | 14,769 | 1,384 | 130,921 | 8,479 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948,' in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathrm{Num}_{\mathrm{ber}}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { income } \end{gathered}$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

TRADE: RETAIL: EATING AND DRINKING PLACES

| 1939 | 8,848 | 2,038 | 351,622 | 14,256 | 2,158 | 41 | 2,199 | 6,558 | 378, 561 | 13,583 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 9,839 | 2,678 | 438, 876 | 16,619 | 3,045 | 169 | 3,214 | 6,945 | 352, 874 | 13, 134 |
| 1941 | 10,376 | 3,853 | 567, 478 | 22,568 | 5,060 | 1,057 | 6,117 | 6,301 | 340, 169 | 11, 033 |
| 1942 | 10, 161 | 5,016 | 784, 279 | 36, 966 | 8,082 | 7,018 | 15, 101 | 4,958 | 301, 191 | 9, 443 |
| 1943 | 9,787 | 6, 470 | 1, 104, 779 | 69, 310 | 11,009 | 23,541 | 34,549 | 3,095 | 156,996 | 4,897 |
| 1944 | 9,768 | 6, 205 | 1, 154, 871 | 66, 255 | 11, 948 | 21,584 | 33, 532 | 3,353 | 225, 898 | 7,715 |
| 1945 | 9,976 | 6,719 | 1, 283, 792 | 74, 138 | 14, 092 | 22,047 | 36, 139 | 3,031 | 193,355 | 7,116 |
| 1946 | 11, 609 | 7,098 | 1,422. 149 | 80,980 | 24, 154 | 1,305 | 25,459 | 4,236 | 339, 806 | 16,624 |
| 1947 | 12, 864 | 6,306 | 1, 322, 238 | 61, 285 | 18,204 |  | 18, 204 | 6,287 | 576,900 | 27, 680 |
| 1948 | 14, 304 | 6,563 | 1, 406, 114 | 60,871 | 18,322 |  | 18,322 | 7,442 | 663,439 | 30, 090 |

TRADE: RETAIL: BUILDING MATERIALS AND HARDWARE

| 1939 | 11, 680 | 5,556 | 888, 922 | 29, 107 | 4, 165 | 95 | 4,261 | 5,938 | 398, 681 | 15, 190 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 11, 845 | 6, 456 | 1,113, 420 | 38,417 | 6, 582 | 468 | 7,050 | 5, 206 | 348, 587 | 12,363 |
| 1941 | 11, 212 | 7,474 | 1, 439, 685 | 62, 604 | 13, 741 | 4,455 | 18, 196 | 3, 581 | 236, 393 | 7,821 |
| 1942 | 10,595 | 7, 356 | 1, 460, 951 | 75, 042 | 16, 394 | 14,315 | 30,709 | 3,087 | 190, 009 | 6, 647 |
| 1943 | 9,825 | 7,525 | 1, 427, 473 | 85, 067 | 17, 862 | 18, 846 | 36,707 | 2,130 | 145, 594 | 5,108 |
| 1944 | 9, 010 | 7, 209 | 1, 404,043 | 83, 130 | 19, 234 | 14,514 | 33, 747 | 1,616 | 117, 197 | 3,941 |
| 1945 | 9, 308 | 7,665 | 1, 636, 372 | 100, 172 | 23, 334 | 17, 153 | 40, 487 | 1,464 | 102, 828 | 5,683 |
| 1946 | 10,306 | 8, 686 | 2, 302, 482 | 167, 905 | 50,971 | 686 | 51,657 | 1,444 | 101, 174 | 3,193 |
| 1947 | 11, 475 | 9, 721 | 3, 120, 839 | 225, 273 | 71, 811 |  | 71, 811 | 1,575 | 145, 060 | 4,544 |
| 1948 | 9, 672 | 8,120 | 2,691, 787 | 191, 341 | 60,651 |  | 60,651 | 1,474 | 151, 966 | 6,100 |

OTHER RETAIL TRADE ${ }^{62}$

| 1939.- | 18,995 | 8,086 | 1,215, 282 | 33, 808 | 4,865 | 182 | 5,046 | 10,457 | 604, 178 | 25, 385 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 15,541 | 7,947 | 1,187, 547 | 38, 480 | 6, 858 | 621 | 7,479 | 7. 279 | 421, 577 | 16,598 |
| 1941 | 15, 241 | 9,705 | 1, 784, 693 | 78, 234 | 16,544 | 9,083 | 25,626 | 5,294 | 271, 812 | 10,586 |
| 1942 | 14, 020 | 10,063 | 2,114, 646 | 120, 263 | 24, 015 | 30,893 | 54, 908 | 3, 769 | 183, 058 | 7,525 |
| 1943 | 13, 057 | 10,474 | 2, 404, 189 | 148, 464 | 25, 833 | 49,471 | 75, 305 | 2,357 | 131, 384 | 4, 252 |
| 1944 | 12, 745 | 10,402 | 2, 470, 822 | 135, 451 | 26,548 | 37,338 | 63, 886 | 2. 148 | 150, 531 | 3, 928 |
| 1945 | 12, 974 | 10,645 | 2, 708, 543 | 139, 116 | 30, 137 | 31,663 | 61, 800 | 2.076 | 164,767 | 4, 485 |
| 1946 | 14, 807 | 11.951 | 3, 583, 299 | 224, 264 | 69.687 | 1,772 | 71,459 | 2,545 | 202,981 | 9,119 |
| 1947 | 18, 165 | 13, 514 | 4,772, 856 | 215, 854 | 66, 078 |  | 66, 178 | 4,384 | 431, 262 | 18, 081 |
| 1948 | 21, 810 | 14, 936 | 4, 644, 991 | 218, 499 | 66,319 |  | 66, 319 | 6,510 | 725, 345 | 28, 758 |

TRADE NOT ALLOCABLE

| 1939 | 16,364 | 8, 414 | 2, 745, 204 | 106,597 | 17,010 | 268 | 17, 278 | 7,493 | 815, 877 | 27, 514 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 17,095 | 8,851 | 2, 969, 082 | 133, 887 | 27, 849 | 3,558 | 31, 406 | 7,698 | 778, 977 | 22, 617 |
| 1941 | 17,082 | 10,540 | 4, 051, 736 | 196, 501 | 47,042 | 21, 369 | 68, 411 | 5,986 | 489, 313 | 15,995 |
| 1942 | 14, 875 | 10, 185 | 4, 136, 358 | 218, 848 | 44,412 | 63,798 | 108, 210 | 4, 188 | 475, 306 | 11,607 |
| 1943 | 14, 510 | 10,478 | 4, 542, 600 | 265, 548 | 52, 295 | 85, 195 | 137, 490 | 3, 344 | 274, 585 | 10,013 |
| 1944 | 15, 312 | 11, 156 | 4, 713, 486 | 261,620 | 56, 476 | 72, 375 | 128, 851 | 3,453 | 302, 439 | 10, 422 |
| 1945 | 14, 724 | 11, 030 | 5,021, 909 | 267, 794 | 61,528 | 64,938 | 126, 466 | 3,028 | 315, 509 | 9,599 |
| 1946 | 19, 826 | 15, 373 | 7, 660, 624 | 478, 981 | 158, 241 | 3,413 | 161, 654 | 3,723 | 427, 024 | 14,744 |
| 1947 | 23, 066 | 16,655 | 9, 376, 360 | 548,056 | 183, 974 |  | 183, 974 | 5,567 | 784,991 | 33, 433 |
| 1948 | 22, 027 | 15, 093 | 9, 312, 532 | 466, 374 | 155, 576 |  | 155, 576 | 6,000 | 895, 952 | 34,700 |

TOTAL FINANCE, INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY

| 1939 | 157, 130 | 55, 646 | 6, 084, 208 | 1,776,514 | 131, 558 | 915 | 132,472 | 86,686 | 3,130, 501 | 840,416 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 154, 490 | 58, 988 | 6,558, 215 | 2, 030, 903 | 189, 137 | 8,569 | 197, 706 | 83, 614 | $3,355,013$ | 1,162, 538 |
| 1941 | 153, 668 | 66, 304 | 7, 325, 262 | 2, 196, 636 | 281, 529 | 42, 124 | 323, 653 | 77, 190 | 3,380, 651 | 1, 083, 952 |
| 1942 | 145, 846 | 68, 489 | 7,684, 557 | 2, 529, 465 | 349, 071 | 49, 080 | 398, 151 | 68, 393 | 1,552, 606 | 486, 169 |
| 1943 | 142, 189 | 74, 956 | 8, 062, 413 | 2,786,738 | 404, 921 | 59, 168 | 464, 088 | 58, 699 | I, 137, 184 | 409, 386 |
| 1944 | 142, 067 | 82, 837 | 8, 834, 64.3 | 3, 200, 226 | 493, 368 | 60, 599 | 553, 966 | 51, 042 | 992, 161 | 304,810 |
| 1945 | 143, 289 | 90, 568 | 9, 734, 104 | 3, 756, 042 | 602,980 | 63,812 | 666, 793 | 45, 005 | 1,092, 671 | 262, 141 |
| 1946 | 152, 566 | 102, 278 | 10, 829, 109 | $4,289,105$ | 733, 346 | 3,317 | 736, 663 | 42, 095 | 1, 562,441 | 284, 621 |
| 1947 | 159, 452, | 105,918 | 12, 091, 327 | 4, 113, 752 | 648, 027 |  | 648, 027 | 45,125 | 1, 743, 622 | 272, 230 |
| 1948 | 169.032 | 112,038 | 14, 548, 902 | 4, 761, 579 | 813, 575 |  | 813, 575 | 48,605 | 925, 567 | 236,402 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948,' in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total lax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income 4 |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\operatorname{tax}^{\text {Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{0}$ | Total tax | Number | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{8}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

TOTAL FINANCE 00


FINANCE: BANKS AND TRUST COMPANIES

| 1939 | 18,038 | 11, 114 | 1,543, 685 | 271, 224 | 14,369 | 256 | 14.625 | 4,992 | 353, 434 | 74, 194 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 17, 376 | 11, 422 | 1,621, 276 | 319, 297 | 21, 724 | 508 | 22, 232 | 4,451 | 312, 267 | 80, 306 |
| 1941 | 16.819 | 11, 672 | 1, 698, 642 | 346, 111 | 49, 871 | 1,723 | 51, 595 | 3,965 | 331, 815 | 68,833 |
| 1942 | 16, 220 | 11, 089 | 1, 586, 402 | 268, 406 | 59, 581 | 1,495 | 61, 076 | 4,171 | 376, 980 | 66, 989 |
| 1943 | 15.821 | 12, 557 | 1,979, 503 | 456, 975 | 115, 298 | 3, 600 | 118, 898 | 2,510 | 181,623 | 37, 049 |
| 1944 | 15, 481 | 13, 679 | 2, 385, 516 | 729,658 | 198, 061 | 5,386 | 203, 447 | 1, 241 | 69, 055 | 20, 324 |
| 1945 | 15, 246 | 14, 038 | 2, 820, 124 | 1, 008, 291 | 284, 099 | 11, 861 | 295, 960 | 818 | 40, 449 | 12, 734 |
| 1946 | 15, 212 | 14, 298 | 3, 218, 966 | 1, 139, 053 | 328, 611 | 628 | 329, 239 | 613 | 28, 118 | 12, 585 |
| 1947 | 15, 156 | 14, 222 | 3, 288, 018 | 832,027 | 225, 245 |  | 225, 245 | 689 | 59, 634 | 7,797 |
| 1948 | 15, 104 | 14, 212 | 3,514, 051 | 931, 498 | 272, 283 |  | 272, 283 | 660 | 67, 883 | 10,134 |

FINANCE: CREDIT AGENCIES OTHER THAN BANKS 8

| 1939 | 15,273 | 6, 453 | 451, 217 | 124, 490 | 17,328 | 75 | 17, 404 | 6,548 | 113,776 | 50, 164 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 12, 716 | 5. 620 | 434, 165 | 131, 726 | 26, 666 | 2, 293 | 28, 959 | 5,806 | 71, 581 | 54, 794 |
| 1941 | 12,590 | 5, 963 | 502. 208 | 159, 450 | 39, 261 | 11, 820 | 51, 083 | 5,617 | 60, 073 | 43, 906 |
| 1942 | 11, 282 | 5, 329 | 465, 194 | 143, 682 | 48, 293 | 8,374 | 56, 669 | 5,133 | 41,992 | 29, 657 |
| 1943 | 10,876 | 5, 284 | 255, 132 | 69, 874 | 21, 743 | 3,032 | 24, 777 | 4,766 | 27,014 | 23, 401 |
| 1944 | 10,882 | 5, 444 | 257, 673 | 71,925 | 22, 478 | 3, 550 | 26, 028 | 4,614 | 21, 652 | 22, 308 |
| 1945 | 10,989 | 5,872 | 289, 065 | 80, 627 | 24, 680 | 3,241 | 27, 923 | 4, 362 | 26, 398 | 21, 326 |
| 1946 | 12, 476 | 7, 209 | 421, 116 | 114, 841 | 34, 297 | 450 | 34, 747 | 4,527 | 36, 620 | 25, 060 |
| 1947 | 14,657 | 8,459 | 592,359 | 171,960 | 52, 433 |  | 52, 433 | 5,222 | 43, 842 | 32, 118 |
| 1948 | 13,946 | 8,577 | 791,442 | 233. 591 | 77,341 |  | 77, 341 | 4,663 | 49,244 | 30,938 |

FINANCE: HOLDING AND OTHER INVESTMENT COMPANIES O4

| 1939 | 7,932 | 3,633 | 1. 313,029 | 939, 232 | 42, 1 | 101 | 42, 205 | 3,046 | 81, 440 | 104,828 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,802 | 4,470 | 1,656, 793 | 1, 162, 288 | 69, 242 | 1,199 | 70, 442 | 3,682 | 156, 003 | 311, 259 |
| 1941 | 8, 485 | 4,467 | 1, 704, 120 | 1, 208, 228 | 89, 388 | 15, 750 | 105, 138 | 3, 539 | 165, 048 | 308, 802 |
| 1942 | 7,328 | 4,493 | 697, 644 | 509, 154 | 56, 506 | 2,472 | 58, 977 | 2,441 | 76, 732 | 51, 784 |
| 1943 | 6,966 | 4,480 | 679, 232 | 476, 135 | 50, 402 | 3,836 | 54, 238 | 2,151 | 32, 642 | 35, 129 |
| 1944 | 7,068 | 4,604. | 738, 160 | 527, 177 | 53, 533 | 2, 630 | 56, 164 | 2,144 | 25, 475 | 45, 292 |
| 1945 | 6,910 | 4,699 | 827, 340 | 606, 594 | 62, 024 | 2,910 | 64,932 | 1,918 | 18.741 | 31,970 |
| 1946 | 7,347 | 5,007 | 1,005, 299 | 716, 987 | 70, 710 | 455 | 71, 165 | 1,989 | 24, 235 | 26, 637 |
| 1947 | 7,031 | 4,996 | 890, 042 | 655, 288 | 65, 159 |  | 65, 159 | 1,745 | 45, 030 | 45, 921 |
| 1948 | 7,759 | 5, 267 | 984,657 | 715, 851 | 69, 809 |  | 69,809. | 2,233 | 18, 627 | 39, 122 |

## FINANCE: SECURITY AND COMMODITY-EXCHANGE BROKERS AND DEALERS

| 1939 | 2, 203 | 852 | 97, 327 | 13,257 | 1,711 | 62 | 1,772 | 1,251 | 65, 650 | 17, 273 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2, 128 | 886 | 99, 565 | 16, 900 | 2,764 | 372 | 3,136 | 1, 125 | 37, 904 | 12, 193 |
| 1941 | 1, 847 | 824 | 139, 946 | 12, 646 | 2,302 | 302 | 2,604 | 936 | 73, 470 | 10, 042 |
| 1942 | 1,579 | 673 | 62,995 | 9, 731 | 2, 019 | 300 | 2,319 | 826 | 31, 809 | 10, 399 |
| 1943 | 1,448 | 910 | 127, 610 | 30,835 | 7,475 | 932 | 8,408 | 450 | 13, 511 | 2,486 |
| 1944 | 1,305 | 889 | 126, 350 | 29,912 | 7,214 | 785 | 7,999 | 340 | 11,830 | 1,849 |
| 1945 | 1,312 | 991 | 208, 608 | 58, 059 | 14, 921 | 2,778 | 17,699 | 246 | 5, 702 | 1,553 |
| 1946 | 1, 402 | 910 | 190, 334 | 47, 764 | 12, 485 | 323 | 12,808 | 422 | 19,734 | 5,475 |
| 1947 | 1,495 | 733 | 109, 483 | 23,955 | 5,818 |  | 5,818 | 661 | 51, 573 | 10, 416 |
| 1948----- | 1,597 | 787 | 128, 885 | 22, 037 | 5,310 |  | 5,310 | 699 | 46, 116 | 8,880 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{3}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


TOTAL INSURANCE CARRIERS 10 AND AGENTS

| 1939 | 7,898 | 3,403 | 1,690, 165 | 214, 926 | 24, 568 | 69 | 24, 637 | 4,072 | 1, 471. 539 | 299, 442 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,536 | 4,007 | 1, 669, 442 | 163, 639 | 23. 217 | 2,043 | 26, 160 | 4, 131 | 1, 724, 133 | 395, 906 |
| 1941 | 8,590 | 4,490 | 1, 974, 048 | 183, 646 | 32,147 | 4, 414 | 36, 561 | 3, 728 | 1,756. 679 | 354,461 |
| 1942 | 9, 243 | 5,043 | 3, 542, 490 | 1, 295, 151 | 99, 338 | 18, 343 | 117, 681 | 2, 862 | 211, 040 | 93, 985 |
| 1943 | 7,909 | 5,136 | 3, 491, 354 | 1,387, 502 | 111, 062 | 21, 230 | 132, 292 | 2, 418 | 180, 274 | 97, 087 |
| 1944 | 7,779 | 5,331 | 3. 478,155 | 1, 396, 996 | 92, 461 | 17, 676 | 110, 137 | 2,178 | 296, 220 | 24, 621 |
| 1945 | 7,876 | 5, 529 | 3, 523, 849 | 1, 476, 097 | 75, 659 | 10,497 | 86, 157 | 2. 165 | 505, 009 | 29,363 |
| 1946 | 8, 234 | 6, 131 | 3, 385, 006 | 1, 478. 953 | 67, 504 | 52 | 67, 556 | 1,839 | 1,012,448 | 70. 236 |
| 1947 | 8,937 | 6,716 | 4, 483, 872 | 1, 616, 356 | 66, 613 |  | 66, 613 | 1, 927 | 1, 052, 786 | 49,742 |
| 1948 | 9,605 | 7, 232 | 6, 086, 930 | 1, 970, 356 | 133, 035 |  | 133, 035 | 2,101 | 210, 989 | 18,541 |

INSURANCE CARRIERS $61{ }^{10}$


INSURANCE AGENTS AND BROKERS


REAL ESTATE, EXCEPT LESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY OTHER THAN BUILDINGS

| 1939 | 101,402 | 28, 317 | 830,577 | 132, 065 | 18, 409 | 321 | 18,730 | 64, 562 | 1, 026, 298 | 277, 030 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 96, 618 | 29, 825 | 890, 225 | 142, 018 | 24, 148 | 763 | 24,911 | 59, 909 | 1, 011, 070 | 286, 084 |
| 1941 | 97, 291 | 35, 861 | 1,085, 116 | 171, 661 | 36, 603 | 3,370 | 39,973 | 55, 243 | 959, 156 | 267, 760 |
| 1942 | 93, 761 | 38, 755 | 1,128,765 | 205, 207 | 51, 422 | 9, 5.58 | 60, 979 | 49, 426 | 773. 989 | 214.871 |
| 1943 | 91, 788 | 43, 290 | 1, 327, 300 | 259, 166 | 65, 130 | 15,775 | 80, 905 | 43, 049 | 655, 782 | 194, 359 |
| 1944 | 92, 332 | 49,372 | 1, 617, 801 | 334, 830 | 85, 139 | 18,043 | 103, 182 | 37, 414 | 533, 423 | 163, 105 |
| 1945 | 94, 136 | 55, 955 | 1, 859, 364 | 423, 177 | 108, 465 | 23, 178 | 131, 643 | 32, 796 | 464, 073 | 144, 556 |
| 1946 | 101, 221 | 65, 248 | 2, 366, 514 | 668, 693 | 177, 364 | 1,378 | 179, 742 | 30, 043 | 409, 929 | 126, 105 |
| 1947 | 104, 877 | 67, 047 | 2, 473, 265 | 672, 786 | 183, 821 |  | 183, 821 | 31, 934 | 452, 478 | 112, 109 |
| 1948 | 114, 580 | 72, 099 | 2, 746, 361 | 724, 966 | 198, 490 |  | 198, 490 | 36, 002 | 497, 584 | 115, 518 |

LEESSORS OF REAL PROPERTY, EXCEPT BUILDINGS

| 1939 | 4,384 | 1,874 | 158, 205 | 81, 321 | 13, 068 | 31 | 13, 099 | 2,215 | 28, 364 | 17, 483 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,314 | 2,758 | 186, 749 | 95, 036 | 21, 375 | 492 | 21, 867 | 4, 510 | 42, 054 | 21, 996 |
| 1941 | 8,046 | 3,027 | 221, 182 | 114, 893 | 31,954 | 4,745 | 36, 699 | 4,162 | 34, 411 | 30. 149 |
| 1942 | 7,433 | 3,107 | 201, 066 | 98. 133 | 31, 912 | 8,538 | 40, 450 | 3, 534 | 40, 063 | 18, 484 |
| 1943. | 7.381 | 3, 299 | 202. 280 | 106, 252 | 33, 811 | 10,762 | 44, 573 | 3,355 | 43, 339 | 19,375 |
| 1944 | 7,220 | 3,518 | 230,988 | 109, 728 | 34, 483 | 12, 529 | 47, 011 | 3,111 | 34, 505 | 27,310 |
| 1945 | 6,820 | 3, 484 | 205, 753 | 103, 199 | 33, 130 | 9,349 | 42, 478 | 2,800 | 32, 298 | 20,637 |
| 1946 | 6,674 | 3,475 | 241, 874 | 122, 814 | 42, 375 | , 31 | 42, 406 | 2,662 | 31, 357 | 18, 423 |
| 1947 | 7, 299 | 3, 745 | 254, 288 | 141, 380 | 48, 938 |  | 48,938 | 2,947 | 38, 279 | 14, 127 |
| 1948 | 6,441 | 3,864 | 296, 576 | 163, 280 | 57, 307 |  | 57,307 | 2,247 | 35, 124 | 13, 269 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total <br> num- <br> ber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Num- | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Income } \\ & \operatorname{tax}^{8} \end{aligned}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total $\operatorname{tax}$ | Num- | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

TOTAL SERVICES

| 1939 | 45, 008 | 14,114 | 2, 265, 662 | 179,973 | 27,001 | 331 | 27, 332 | 26, 916 | 1, 402, 718 | 99, 874 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 45, 368 | 16, 091 | 2, 617, 761 | 203, 365 | 36, 558 | 2,198 | 38,756 | 25, 294 | 1, 228, 371 | 95, 351 |
| 1841 | 44, 146 | 19, 111 | 3, 107, 176 | 259, 487 | 58, 044 | 17,551 | 75,595 | 21,383 | 1, 076, 398 | 76, 356 |
| 1942 | 41, 832 | 20, 341 | 3, 851, 971 | 413,023 | 89,588 | 92,523 | 182, 112 | 18, 108 | 766, 148 | 56, 260 |
| 1943 | 38, 768 | 21, 603 | 4, 553, 703 | 594, 857 | 106, 091 | 205, 388 | 311, 479 | 13, 991 | 603, 877 | 48, 410 |
| 1944 | 38. 093 | 22, 098 | 5, 053, 519 | 625, 563 | 117, 357 | 204,002 | 321, 359 | 12, 614 | 583, 536 | 46,770 |
| 1945 | 37,904 | 22, 977 | 5, 374, 674 | 648, 697 | 131, 970 | 184, 548 | 316, 519 | 12, 130 | 597, 319 | 47.002 |
| 1946 | 42, 624 | 26, 169 | 6, 600, 362 | 874,592 | 276, 818 | 16, 251 | 293, 069 | 13,479 | 773, 183 | 72, 068 |
| 1947 | 49, 494 | 28, 154 | 7, 401, 951 | 815, 255 | 263, 800 |  | 263, 800 | 17, 821 | 1, 094, 352 | 91, 681 |
| 1948 | 54, 173 | 29,412 | 7, 460, 049 | 755, 282 | 245, 90: |  | 245,907 | 21, 044 | 1,557, 925 | 124,931 |
| SERVICES: HOTELS AND OTHER LODGING PLACES 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 4,783 | 1,417 | 259, 612 | 14,425 | 2,112 | 39 | 2,151 | 3,160 | 352, 384 | 34.821 |
| 1940 | 5,025 | 1, 718 | 305, 252 | 17,762 | 3,155 | 155 | 3, 310 | 3, 134 | 337, 876 | 31, 753 |
| 1941 | 5. 210 | 2, 212 | 395, 497 | 27, 197 | 5,883 | 1,489 | 7,371 | 2, 829 | 322, 794 | 28, 195 |
| 1942 | 4,969 | 2, 471 | 564, 105 | 51, 242 | 11.316 | 9, 927 | 21, 243 | 2, 339 | 212,336 | 19,661 |
| 1943 | 4, 521 | 2,971 | 809, 011 | 96, 706 | 19.334 | 26,593 | 45, 927 | 1,389 | 134,768 | 14, 407 |
| 1944 | 4,305 | 2, 900 | 924, 574 | 103, 983 | 22,761 | 26, 004 | 48,765 | 1. 243 | 94,999 | 10,192 |
| 1945 | 4,381 | 3, 129 | 1, 004, 224 | 111,990 | 25, 533 | 27,729 | 53, 262 | 1,105 | 91, 747 | 8, 859 |
| 1946 | 4,993 | 3,469 | 1, 206, 243 | 139.764 | 45, 071 | 1,627 | 46,698 | 1,336 | 132.701 | 11,496 |
| 1947 | 5,529 | 3,547 | 1,279, 380 | 131, 831 | 44,077 |  | 44, 077 | 1,809 | 169, 270 | 16, 878 |
| 1948. | 6,027 | 3,667 | 1,314,562 | 131,851 | 43, 739 |  | 43, 739 | 2,160 | 231, 131 | 16,608 |

SERVICES: PERSONAL SERVICES ${ }^{61}$

| 1939 | 9, 702 | 3,229 | 358, 610 | 17,758 | 2,605 | 45 | 2,650 | 6,137 | 269, 036 | 10. 563 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 9,587 | 3.763 | 429, 799 | 22. 033 | 3,871 | 217 | 4,088 | 5,493 | 229, 983 | 9,876 |
| 1941 | 9,342 | 4,525 | 545, 324 | 29, 348 | 6,337 | 1,489 | 7,825 | 4,490 | 185, 760 | 9,309 |
| 1942 | 8. 843 | 5,122 | 663, 709 | 42, 888 | 9,403 | 7,030 | 16, 433 | 3, 413 | 146, 321 | 5,522 |
| 1943 | 8, 536 | 5, 489 | 718, 231 | 54, 517 | 10,914 | 12, 586 | 23, 500 | 2, 678 | 143, 889 | 5,755 |
| 1944 | 8. 251 | 5,652 | 789, 425 | 61, 632 | 13, 340 | 12, 439 | 25, 778 | 2,308 | 120.451 | 5,007 |
| 1945 | 8,246 | 5,679 | 821, 866 | 59,553 | 13, 466 | 9,909 | 23, 375 | 2, 274 | 136, 190 | 5. 432 |
| 1946 | 9,212 | 6,165 | 1,010, 312 | 74,887 | 21, 303 | 558 | 21, 861 | 2,703 | 153.850 | 8,231 |
| 1947 | 10,338 | 6,515 | 1, 166, 970 | 83, 974 | 24, 483 |  | 24, 483 | 3,490 | 211, 293 | 11, 397 |
| 1948 | 11,599 | 6,796 | 1,206, 188 | 80, 430 | 23, 180 |  | 23,180 | 4,467 | 285, 781 | 15, 150 |

SERVICES: BUSINESS SERVICES

| 1939. | 7,576 | 2,737 | 544,602 | 43,075 | 6,587 | 71 | 6,658 | 4,283 | 178, 880 | 10,062 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 8,180 | 3, 247 | 631, 376 | 45,872 | 9,382 | 617 | 9,999 | 4,315 | 164, 229 | 16, 863 |
| 1941 | 7,757 | 3,569 | 696, 259 | 54,919 | 13, 306 | 3,882 | 17, 188 | 3,643 | 150,357 | 8,842 |
| 1942. | 7,437 | 3,652 | 708, 757 | 57, 622 | 14, 268 | 10, 477 | 24, 745 | 3, 243 | 108, 046 | 6. 304 |
| 1943 | 7,169 | 3,875 | 822, 139 | 71, 413 | 16, 063 | 17, 366 | 33, 429 | 2,733 | 81, 129 | 4,852 |
| 1944 | 6,900 | 3,960 | 940, 552 | 79,979 | 18, 104 | 20, 298 | 38,402 | 2,453 | 95, 985 | 7, 146 |
| 1945 | 7,098 | 4, 080 | 1,041, 843 | 83, 389 | 18,981 | 20, 919 | 39,899 | 2,548 | 115, 539 | 5,829 |
| 1946 | 7,978 | 4,598 | 1, 244, 683 | 111, 149 | 36, 076 | 764 | 36,840 | 2,878 | 203, 643 | 10,939 |
| 1947 | 9,487 | 5,359 | 1, 513,700 | 135, 000 | 44, 703 |  | 44, 703 | 3,570 | 248, 883 | 13.910 |
| 1948 | 10,500 | 5,811 | 1, 714, 722 | 152, 735 | 51, 151 |  | 51, 151 | 4,083 | 269, 707 | 15,273 |

SERVICES: AUTOMOTIVE REPAIR SERVICES AND GARAGES

| 1939 | 4,822 | 1,245 | 94, 248 | 3,369 | 474 | 15 | 488 | 3,406 | 113,863 | 4,527 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 3,922 | 1. 273 | 88, 666 | 3,994 | 696 | 87 | 782 | 2,530 | 79, 066 | 3,779 |
| 1941 | 3, 657 | 1, 533 | 108, 213 | 5, 254 | 986 | 633 | 1,619 | 2,020 | 63,183 | 2,365 |
| 1942 | 3,737 | 1,691 | 114, 547 | 7,178 | 1.458 | 1,207 | 2,665 | 1,933 | 62.860 | 2. 806 |
| 1943 | 3,398 | 1,718 | 114,711 | 8. 833 | 1,695 | 1,840 | 3, 534 | 1,571 | 46, 143 | 2, 423 |
| 1944 | 3.091 | 1,834 | 127, 484 | 8,791 | 1,868 | 1,109 | 2.976 | 1,156 | 38,737 | 2, 041 |
| 1945 | 3,080 | 1,982 | 149, 033 | 10,487 | 2. 286 | 1,192 | 3,479 | 993 | 32, 584 | 1,607 |
| 1946 | 3,232 | 2, 244 | 237. 330 | 25, 586 | 6,893 | 153 | 7,046 | 865 | 29, 123 | 1,868 |
| 1947 | 3,683 | 2,497 | 302,978 | 31,418 | 8,696 |  | 8,696 | 1,056 | 43, 669 | 2,675 |
| 1948. | 4,139 | 2,598 | 309, 205 | 33,489 | 9,356 |  | 9,356 | 1,407 | 62,007 | 3,684 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 14.- Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{3}$ in aggregate and by major industrial groups, ${ }^{50}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, and net income or deficit; also, for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Tatal number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income 4 |  |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income 4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num }}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{3}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

## SERVICES: MISCELLANEOUS REPAIR SERVICES, HAND TRADES 00

| 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940. | 1,443 | 591 | 44,425 | 2, 246 | 416 | 55 | 471 | 825 | 17,046 | 749 |
| 1941 | 1,656 | 937 | 84, 731 | 6,852 | 1,393 | 1,169 | 2,561 | 685 | 13,776 | 576 |
| 1942 | 1, 586 | 1,001 | 122, 128 | 13,634 | 1,450 | 6, 481 | 7,932 | 552 | 9,950 | 620 |
| 1943 | 1,501 | 1,032 | 135,069 | 14, 879 | 1,304 | 7, 683 | 8,987 | 436 | 14, 303 | 859 |
| 1944 | 1,535 | 1,027 | 142, 809 | 16, 078 | 1,862 | 7,338 | 9, 200 | 476 | 17,746 | 1,480 |
| 1945 | 1,530 | 961 | 104, 609 | 7, 363 | 1,361 | 1,825 | 3,187 | 528 | 17,571 | 1,145 |
| 1946 | 1,741 | 1,068 | 110,110 | 8, 136 | 2, 210 | 29 | 2,239 | 629 | 20, 889 | 2,039 |
| 1947 | 2,193 | 1,319 | 181, 432 | 13, 756 | 4,048 |  | 4,048 | 821 | 33, 251 | 2,246 |
| 1948 | 2,133 | 1,232 | 214, 880 | 16,110 | 5,071 |  | 5,071 | 854 | 33, 575 | 3,310 |

SERVICES: MOTION PICTURES OI

| 1939 | 4,611 | 2,224 | 696, 649 | 69,878 | 10, 217 | 53 | 10,270 | 2,192 | 239, 735 | 13,510 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,682 | 2, 353 | 810, 515 | 78, 983 | 12, 525 | 293 | 12, 818 | 2,118 | 196, 338 | 10, 522 |
| 1941 | 4, 552 | 2, 561 | 892, 317 | 94, 496 | 20,790 | 3,755 | 24.545 | 1,789 | 173.498 | 9,610 |
| 1942 | 4, 219 | 2,742 | 1, 135, 028 | 172, 337 | 40,719 | 33. 139 | 73, 858 | 1,308 | 82, 654 | 5,470 |
| 1943 | 4,067 | 2,897 | 1,321, 536 | 262, 933 | 44,336 | 103, 044 | 147, 380 | 1,008 | 66, 014 | 5,382 |
| 1944 | 4,020 | 3, 039 | 1, 493, 404 | 269, 044 | 46, 816 | 100, 162 | 146, 978 | 829 | 79,509 | 4,903 |
| 1945 | 4,122 | 3,167 | 1,606, 587 | 273, 440 | 53, 325 | 83, 350 | 136, 675 | 767 | 63, 754 | 7,612 |
| 1946 | 4, 546 | 3, 424 | 1, 890, 731 | 369, 575 | 116, 746 | 11, 570 | 128, 316 | 854 | 58,643 | 13,408 |
| 1947 | 4, 892 | 3,415 | 1,926, 367 | 289, 71.5 | 94, 919 |  | 94, 919 | 1,190 | 146, 832 | 14, 636 |
| 1948 | 5, 491 | 3, 551 | 1, 630, 955 | 211, 410 | 70,885 |  | 70,885 | 1,606 | 404, 461 | 38,503 |

SERVICES: AMUSEMENT, EXCEPT MOTION PICTURES ${ }^{\circ}$

| 1939 | 5, 815 | 1,349 | 126, 297 | 16,096 | 2, 650 | 49 | 2,699 | 3, 577 | 96,633 | 13, 173 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 5, 492 | 1, 528 | 157, 155 | 19, 467 | 4, 025 | 400 | 4,426 | 3, 330 | 86, 242 | 11, 919 |
| 1941 | 5, 533 | 2, 032 | 209, 858 | 25, 153 | 5,638 | 3,259 | 8,897 | 2,911 | 67,925 | 8,966 |
| 1942. | 5,229 | 1,811 | 207, 099 | 25, 386 | 5,156 | 6,568 | 11,723 | 2,716 | 73,007 | 9, 030 |
| 1943 | 4,766 | 1,701 | 224, 783 | 38,536 | 6, 199 | 15, 814 | 22, 013 | 2,224 | 51, 285 | 6,023 |
| 1944 | 4,456 | 1,722 | 263, 026 | 51, 194 | 7,001 | 23, 641 | 30, 642 | 1,959 | 61, 043 | 8, 924 |
| 1945 | 4,370 | 1,881 | 340, 816 | 74,957 | 11,695 | 32, 127 | 43, 822 | 1,844 | 56, 700 | 5,779 |
| 1946 | 5,187. | 2,622 | 525, 508 | 103, 683 | 35, 680 | 1,412 | 37,092 | 1,956 | 74,007 | 12, 208 |
| 1947 | 5,838 | 2, 471 | 518,727 | 77, 384 | 26, 723 |  | 26,723 | 2,724 | 115, 546 | 14,992 |
| 19 | 6,548 | 2,498 | 532, 702 | 76,507 | 26, 178 |  | 26,178 | 3,312 | 142, 924 | 17,653 |

OTHER SERVICES, INOLUDING SOHOOLSOS

| 1939 | 7,699 | 1,913 | 185, 644 | 15,373 | 2,357 | 60 | 2,416 | 4,161 | 152, 188 | 13, 21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 7,037 | 1,618 | 150, 574 | 13, 007 | 2,488 | 373 | 2, 862 | 3, 549 | 117, 592 | 9,891 |
| 1941 | 6,339 | 1,742 | 173, 978 | 16, 268 | 3,714 | 1,875 | 5,589 | 3,016 | 99, 106 | 8,493 |
| 1942 | 5,812 | 1,851 | 336, 597 | 42, 737 | 5, 819 | 17,693 | 23, 512 | 2,604 | 70,973 | 6,847 |
| 1943 | 4, 810 | 1,920 | 408, 224 | 47,039 | 6, 248 | 20, 462 | 26, 710 | 1, 952 | 66,345 | 8,70 |
| 1944 | 5, 535 | 1, 964 | 372, 246 | 34, 862 | 5,605 | 13, 013 | 18, 618 | 2, 190 | 75, 066 | 7,077 |
| 1945 | 5, 077 | 2,098 | 305, 496 | 27,518 | 5,324 | 7,496 | 12, 819 | 2,071 | 83, 235 | 10,740 |
| 1946 | 5,735 | 2,579 | 375, 445 | 41, 812 | 12,839 | 138 | 12, 977 | 2,258 | 100, 327 | 11,879 |
| 1947 | 7, 534 | 3,031 | 512,397 | 52, 177 | 16, 151 |  | 16, 151 | 3,161 | 125, 608 | 14,947 |
| 1948 | 7,736 | 3,259 | 536, 835 | 52, 750 | 16,347 |  | 16,347 | 3, 155 | 128, 339 | 14,750 |

NATURE OF BUSINESS NOT ALLOCABLE

| 1939 | 18, 178 | 896 | 73, 007 | 5,530 | 746 | 18 | 764 | 3,388 | 37, 397 | 12,296 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 22, 474 | 1, 600 | 76, 105 | 8,897 | 1,423 | 89 | 1, 512 | 5, 433 | 48,348 | 57,959 |
| 1941 | 22, 529 | 2, 176 | 154,763 | 18, 349 | 3, 629 | 1,511 | 5,140 | 5,123 | 38, 647 | 38, 317 |
| 1942 | 20, 140 | 2,044 | 185, 995 | 22, 286 | 4, 647 | 3,837 | 8, 484 | 3,980 | 32, 577 | 28, 231 |
| 1943 | 17.915 | 1,897 | 201, 364 | 25, 046 | 4,742 | 4,588 | 9,331 | 3,355 | 25,536 | 17, 378 |
| 1944 | 17, 415 | 1, 824 | 142,901 | 17, 875 | 3,775 | 3, 127 | 6,903. | 3,277 | 18, 021 | 9,111 |
| 1945 | 17, 027 | 1,908 | 139,661 | 15, 283 | 3, 492 | 1,870 | 5, 362 | 3,459 | 26,563 | 10,949 |
| 1946. | 17,057 | 2,211 | 181, 875 | 24, 007 | 6,412 | 118 | 6, 530 | 3,268 | 31, 005 | 7, 203 |
| 1947 | 16, 815 | 2, 047 | 172, 597 | 25,153 | 6,959 |  | 6,959 | 3, 622 | 33, 268 | 9,554 |
| 1848. | 15,110 | 953 | 99,225 | 12,345 | 3,602 |  | 3,602 | 3,213 | 22,882 | 12,767 |

[^50]Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{60}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Totalnumber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{\circ}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit 4 |

UNITED STATES

| 1939 | 515,960 | 199, 479 | 8,826, 713 | 1, 216, 450 | 15,806 | 1,232, 256 | 270, 138 | 2, 092, 148 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 516, 783 | 220, 977 | 11, 203, 224 | 2, 144, 292 | 404, 254 | 2,548,546 | 252, 065 | 2, 283, 785 |
| 1941 | 509, 066 | 264, 628 | 18, 111, 095 | 3, 744, 568 | 3, 423, 334 | 7,167,902 | 204, 278 | 1,778, 553 |
| 194261 | 479, 677 | 269,942 | 24, 052, 358 | 4, 337, 728 | 7,918, 668 | 12, 256, 396 | 172, 723 | 1,000, 746 |
| 1943 | 455, 894 | 283, 735 | 28,717, 966 | 4, 479, 166 | 11, 446, 417 | 15, 925 , 582 | 136, 786 | 898, 722 |
| 1944 | 446, 796 | 288,904 | 27, 123, 741 | 4, 353, 620 | 10, 530, 430 | 14, 884,050 | 123. 563 | 819, 260 |
| 1945 | 454, 460 | 303, 019 | 22, 165, 206 | 4, 182, 705 | 6, 612, 045 | 10, 794, 750 | 118, 106 | 1,026, 250 |
| 194 | 526, 363 | 359, 310 | 27, 184, 592 | 8,606, 695 | 268,145 | 8, 874, 840 | 131, 842 | 1,991, 706 |
| 1947 | 587, 683 | 382, 531 | 33, 381, 291 | 10, 981, 482 |  | 10, 981,482 | 169, 276 | 1,958, 563 |
|  | 630,670 | 395, 860 | 36, 273, 250 | 11, 920,260 |  | 11,920, 260 | 198, 383 | 1,848, 226 |


| ALABAMA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 3,432 | 1,612 | 25, 213 | 3,958 | 60 | 4, 018 | 1,593 | 8,222 |
| 1940 | 3,391 | 1,761 | 43, 682 | 8,908 | 1,830 | 10,738 | 1,435 | 6,386 |
| 1941. | 3, 323 | 2, 084 | 90, 943 | 20,349 | 18,914 | 39, 263 | 1,045 | 3,542 |
| 1942 | 3,108 | 2,077 | 129, 511 | 21,255 | 55, 914 | 77, 169 | 853 | 2,689 |
| 1943 | 2, 906 | 2,076 | 128, 545 | 19,812 | 53, 386 | 73, 198 | 688 | 2,825 |
| 1944. | 2,813 | 2,040 | 124,929 | 19,639 | 49,517 | 69,156 | 658 | 2,686 |
| 1945 | 2, 772 | 2, 035 | 114,816 | 20, 473 | 42,434 | 62,907 | 625 | 3, 582 |
| 1946 | 3, 385 | 2,530 | 178, 510 | 59,613 | 4,224 | 63, 837 | 743 | 6,011 |
| 1947. | 4,109 | 2,991 | 223, 555 | 76, 900 |  | 76, 900 | 1,005 | 9,868 |
| 194 | 4, 528 | 3,172 | 223, 668 | 77,035 |  | 77,035 | 1,249 | 9, 741 |

ALASKA

| 1939 | 274 | 95 | 1,105 | 159 | 5 | 164 | 125 | 586 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 282 | 109 | 1,325 | 238 | 9 | 248 | 125 | 443 |
| 1941 | 278 | 126 | 2,329 | 533 | 231 | 764 | 107 | 413 |
| 1942 | 232 | 120 | 2, 575 | 439 | 811 | 1,250 | 74 | 269 |
| 1943 | 219 | 124 | 3, 951 | 633 | 1,430 | 2, 064 | 44 | 178 |
| 1944 | 180 | 88 | 2, 663 | 547 | 733 | 1, 280 | 45 | 371 |
| 1945 | 176 | 89 | 2, 055 | 459 | 453 | 912 | 42 | 708 |
| 1946 | 251 | 107 | 2,613 |  | 6 | 819 | 79 | 809 |
| 1947 | 364 | 136 | 4,740 | 1,552 |  | 1, 555 | 110 | 1,316 |
| 1948 | 350 | 157 | 4,213 | 1,380 |  | 1,380 | 108 | 1,460 |

## ARIZONA

| 1939. | 1,422 | 512 | 6,710 | 991 | 14 | 1,006 | 715 | 3,607 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1,386 | 564 | 8,226 | 1,611 | 78 | 1,689 | 625 | 3,326 |
| 1941 | 1,341 | 669 | 11, 623 | 2,749 | 967 | 3,716 | 483 | 2, 201 |
| 1942 | 1,245 | 715 | 17, 827 | 3,496 | 5,096 | 8,592 | 370 | 2,330 |
| 1943 | 1,115 | 713 | 21, 787 | 3,520 | 8, 014 | 11,534 | 265 | 1,430 |
| 1944 | 1,053 | 690 | 23, 417 | 4,009 | 8, 000 | 12, 009 | 250 | 1,908 |
| 1945 | 1,039 | 656 | 20, 534 | 4,089 | 5, 770 | 9,859 | 267 | 2,528 |
| 1946 | 1.282 | 842 | 30,902 | 9,977 | 285 | 10, 262 | 319 | 3,524 |
| 1947 | 1,592 | 950 | 41,959 | 13,975 |  | 13,975 | 524 | 4,853 |
| 1948 | 1,872 | 1,056 | 42,730 | 14, 237 |  | 14, 237 | 696 | 6,744 |

ARKANSAS

| 1939. | 2,479 | 1,245 | 14,553 | 2,213 | 49 | 2, 261 | 1,001 | 3.193 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2, 554 | 1,382 | 19, 309 | 3,871 | 221 | 4, 092 | 908 | 2,933 |
| 1941 | 2,403 | 1, 533 | 31,676 | 7,752 | 3,106 | 10,857 | 687 | 2,202 |
| 1942. | 2, 233 | 1, 556 | 37,029 | 7,413 | 10,802 | 18, 215 | 531 | 1,827 |
| 1943 | 2,071 | 1, 515 | 39,808 | 7,288 | 13, 290 | 20,579 | 444 | 1,600 |
| 1944. | 2,141 | 1, 458 | 40,962 | 8,396 | 11, 550 | 19,946 | 404 | 1,267 |
| 1945 | 2,060 | 1, 313 | 40, 390 | 8,975 | 9,548 | 18,523 | 379 | 1,506 |
| 1946 | 2,304 | 1,776 | 74, 105 | 24,652 | 323 | 24,975 | 406 | 2,107 |
| 1947. | 2, 701 | 1,984 | 88, 779 | 29, 890 |  | 29,890 | 567 | 3,402 |
| 1948. | 3,061 | 2,188 | 90, 339 | 30,392 |  | 30,392 | 692 | 4,046 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{60}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{1}$ |
| CALIFORNIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939. | 24, 097 | 9, 221 | 434, 985 | 61.084 | 830 | 61,913 | 11, 911 | 97, 551 |
| 1940 | 24, 261 | 10, 111 | 499, 053 | 96, 611 | 10, 814 | 107, 425 | 11, 103 | 135, 229 |
| 1941 | 23, 606 | 11, 546 | 849, 312 | 184, 835 | 154, 035 | 338, 870 | 9,081 | 99, 810 |
| 1942 | 21, 708 | 11, 864 | 1, 356, 116 | 270,148 261,933 | 446,194 783.055 | 716,342 $1,044,988$ | 7.120 5,565 | 52,637 60,248 |
| 1943 | 20,288 19,751 | 12,190 11,932 | 1, 785, 881 | 261,933 239,209 | 783. 741,365 | $\begin{array}{r}1,044,988 \\ \hline 980,572\end{array}$ | 5,565 | 60,248 64,836 |
| 1945 | 19,700 | 11, 865 | 1, 310, 127 | 236, 443 | 460, 669 | 697, 113 | 5,318 | 7¢, 115 |
| 1946 | 24,453 | 14, 491 | 1, 531, 942 | 509, 002 | 13, 731 | 522, 733 | 7,095 | 181, 508 |
| 1947 | 28,910 | 16, 128 | 1,742,143 | 589, 566 |  | 589, 566 | 9,675 | 205, 967 |
| 1948 | 32, 477 | 17, 567 | 1, 955, 878 | 667, 807 |  | 667, 807 | 11,760 | 166, 346 |

COLORADO

| 1939 | 5,355 | 1,862 | 46,794 | 6,982 | 74 | 7,056 | 2,650 | 15, 751 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 5,126 | 1, 873 | 51, 056 | 10, 056 | 475 | 10, 531 | 2, 556 | 14, 420 |
| 1941 | 4,820 | 2,161 | 73,769 | 17, 885 | 7,355 | 25, 239 | 2,016 | 15, 575 |
| 1942 | 4,415 | 2, 278 | 97.377 | 20,515 | 19,847 | 40, 362 | 1,598 | 6, 521 |
| 1943 | 4,128 | 2,343 | 116, 479 | 28,730 | 27, 032 | 55, 762 | 1,203 | 9,787 |
| 1944 | 3,894 | 2, 280 | 117,004 | 26, 430 | 32,548 | 58,978 | 1,119 | 7,951 |
| 1945 | 3,781 | 2, 337 | 114, 657 | 24, 500 | 33, 958 | 58, 458 | 1, 025 | 9,428 |
| 1946 | 4, 234 | 2, 718 | 154, 440 | 51,711 | 1,321 | 53, 032 | 1,100 | 22, 583 |
| 1947 | 4,755 | 2,919 | 173, 667 | 58, 352 |  | 58, 852 | 1,398 | 8,775 |
| 1948. | 5,059 | 3,114 | 203, 244 | 69,159 |  | 69, 159 | 1,515 | 11, 614 |

## CONNECTICUT

| 1939 | 9,286 | 3,556 | 149.057 | 22,401 | 265 | 22,666 | 5,166 | 47,909 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 9,348 | 4,220 | 224, 109 | 46,996 | 20,341 | 67, 337 | 4,565 | 44, 185 |
| 1941 | 9,335 | 5,305 | 491, 587 | 90, 760 | 163. 651 | 254, 411 | 3,455 | 20, 742 |
| 1942 | 9,025 | 5,330 | 647, 743 | 83, 161 | 246, 174 | 329, 335 | 3,125 | 11, 208 |
| 1943 | 8,630 | 5,440 | 729, 483 | 92, 346 | 295, 375 | 387, 721 | 2,648 | 12, 253 |
| 1944 | 8, 590 | 5, 579 | 613, 786 | 82, 707 | 232, 316 | 315, 023 | 2,481 | 19, 178 |
| 1945 | 8,754 | 5,870 | 480, 457 | 77, 143 | 119, 466 | 196,609 | 2,360 | 17,576 |
| 1946 | 10,159 | 6,984 | 492, 466 | 128, 699 | 1,798 | 130, 497 | 2, 680 | 64, 863 |
| 1947 | 11, 170 | 7,306 | 569, 562 | 152,999 |  | 152, 999 | 3,409 | 53, 464 |
| 1948 | 11,967 | 7,496 | 612,501 | 158,270 |  | 158, 270 | 3,995 | 33, 709 |

DELAWARE

| 1939. | 3,109 | 1,553 | 428, 284 | 38,584 | 264 | 38,848 | 1,184 | 12,415 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1040 | 3,175 | 1,617 | 488, 952 | 69,504 | 19,638 | 89, 142 | 1,216 | 39. 280 |
| 1941 | 3,110 | 1,788 | 604,452 | 96, 033 | 108, 788 | 204, 822 | 1,016 | 32, 098 |
| 1942 | 2, 551 | 1,480 | 587, 884 | 113, 628 | 131. 376 | 245, 004 | 811 | 11, 301 |
| 1943. | 2, 425 | 1, 500 | 624, 890 | 108, 449 | 188, 893 | 297, 342 | 710 | 9,833 |
| 1944 | 2,395 | 1, 502 | 608, 359 | 104, 128 | 174, 526 | 278. 654 | 669 | 19,870 |
| 1945 | 2,330 | 1,487 | 539, 118 | 97, 339 | 121, 985 | 219, 324 | 649 | 12,563 |
| 1946 | 2,812 | 1, 861 | 620, 837 | 165, 342 | 706 | 166, 048 | 702 | 14,794 |
| 1947 | 2, 842 | 1, 892 | 612,733 | 165, 057 |  | 165,057 | 743 | 15, 167 |
| 1948 | 2,631 | 1,704 | 705, 614 | 189, 931 |  | 189, 931 | 769 | 14, 065 |

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939. | 2,710 | 1,310 | 46, 468 | 6,008 | 36 | 6, 044 | 1,180 | 6,700 |
| 1940 | 2,679 | 1,442 | 51,559 | 9, 244 | 458 | 9,702 | 1,056 | 7,897 |
| 1941 | 2,667 | 1,662 | 92, 615 | 22, 414 | 5, 307 | 27,721 | 827 | 5, 240 |
| 1942 | 2,523 | 1,680 | 164, 268 | 40, 310 | 36,643 | 76,952 | 671 | 3, 164 |
| 1943 | 2,364 | 1,670 | 201, 927 | 27, 669 | 92, 671 | 120, 339 | 561 | 3,242 |
| 1944 | 2,363 | 1,644 | 190, 572 | 28, 430 | 84,045 | 112,475 | 566 | 6, 235 |
| 1945 | 2,345 | 1,651 | 162, 416 | 28, 773 | 59,390 | 88, 164 | 556 | 5,805 |
| 1946 | 2,903 | 2,000 | 130, 153 | 39,906 | 2,121 | 42,027 | 739 | 8,773 |
| 1947 | 3, 206 | 2,029 | 143, 369 | 45,485 |  | 45,485 | 984 | 9,858 |
| 1948 | 3,545 | 2,120 | 162, 176 | 51,822 |  | 51,822 | 1,260 | 11, 561 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{60}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of reurns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Totalnumber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{1}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

FLORIDA

| 1939 | 9,450 | 3,403 | 40,502 | 5,878 | 150 | 6,028 | 4,909 | 17,785 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 9, 487 | 3,955 | 54, 776 | 10, 136 | 949 | 11,085 | 4, 581 | 19, 194 |
| 1941 | 9, 381 | 4, 255 | 72,711 | 16,285 | 6,482 | 22,767 | 4, 237 | 20,159 |
| 1942 | 8,355 | 4, 343 | 97,444 | 18, 143 | 25, 849 | 43, 992 | 3, 371 | 11,761 |
| 1943 | 7,890 | 4,935 | 141, 175 | 24,362 | 48,357 | 72,719 | 2,332 | 11,048 |
| 1944. | 7,644 | 4,946 | 139, 428 | 24, 859 | 46, 835 | 71,695 | 2,082 | 15,351 |
| 1945 | 7,886 | 5,293 | 147, 525 | 30, 297 | 37, 445 | 67, 742 | 2, 005 | 14, 631 |
| 1946 | 9, 871 | 6,464 | 208, 378 | 64,569 | 3, 000 | 68, 469 | 2,680 | 22, 898 |
| 1947 | 11,716 | 7,108 | 208, 205 | 66, 577 |  | 66, 577 | 3, 876 | 41,352 |
| 1948 | 13, 301 | 7, 590 | 201,638 | 63, 226 |  | 63, 226 | 5,003 | 39, 626 |

GEORGIA

| 1939 | 5,423 | 2,697 | 69,108 | 10,873 | 140 | 11,012 | 2,495 | 9,835 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 5, 473 | 2,994 | 85, 692 | 17, 821 | 1,698 | 19,519 | 2, 258 | 8,790 |
| 1941 | 5,425 | 3,460 | 129, 944 | 30, 847 | 17,090 | 47,937 | 1,710 | 6, 380 |
| 1942 | 5,111 | 3, 525 | 211, 955 | 41, 897 | 71, 113 | 113, 010 | 1,375 | 4, 844 |
| 1943 | 4, 804 | 3,602 | 243, 094 | 36, 882 | 109, 460 | 146, 342 | 1,015 | 5, 188 |
| 1944 | 4,688 | 3, 552 | 228, 876 | 39, 336 | 95, 190 | 134, 526 | 964 | 5,703 |
| 1945 | 4,802 | 3,673 | 209, 838 | 41, 857 | 71, 965 | 113, 822 | 965 | 9,721 |
| 1946 | 5,896 | 4,604 | 291, 272 | 97, 506 | 8,670 | 106, 176 | 1,132 | 13, 328 |
| 1947 | 6,897 | 5,040 | 320, 784 | 112, 191 |  | 112, 191 | 1,700 | 17, 607 |
| 1948 | 7,489 | 5,302 | 319, 679 | 111, 550 |  | 111, 550 | 2,004 | 15,350 |

HAWAII

| 1939 | 809 | 503 | 28,604 | 3,729 | 12 | 3,741 | 283 | 2,027 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 824 | 571 | 35, 522 | 6,510 | 832 | 7,342 | 230 | 1,541 |
| 1941 | 799 | 608 | 54,796 | 11,844 | 6,791 | 18,636 | 172 | 1,278 |
| 1942 | 764 | 652 | 75, 656 | 14, 273 | 25, 023 | 39, 301 | 89 | 352 |
| 1943 | 670 | 573 | 73, 702 | 13,456 | 25, 589 | 39,045 | 89 | 527 |
| 1944 | 674 | 570 | 74,859 | 13, 602 | 26, 200 | 39, 801 | 80 | 709 |
| 1945 | 686 | 551 | 61, 325 | 12, 437 | 17,422 | 29,859 | 120 | 1,858 |
| 1946 | 896 | 599 | 50, 187 | 15, 499 | 135 | 15,634 | 282 | 12,542 |
| 1947 | 1,089 | 685 | 75, 735 | 24, 206 |  | 24, 206 | 382 | 6,446 |
| 1948 | 1,219 | 706 | 59,655 | 18,782 |  | 18,782 | 494 | 9,493 |

IDAHO

| 1939 | 1,991 | 631 | 9,027 | 1,289 | 16 | 1,305 | 708 | 2,052 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1,944 | 698 | 13, 565 | 2, 600 | 106 | 2,706 | 638 | 1,902 |
| 1941 | 1, 820 | 738 | 18, 340 | 4, 486 | 1,760 | 6,247 | 536 | 1, 520 |
| 1942 | 1,760 | 738 | 25, 546 | 5, 227 | 7,824 | 13, 051 | 450 | 1,598 |
| 1943 | 1,619 | 737 | 21, 966 | 4, 802 | 5,600 | 10,402 | 338 | 1,508 |
| 1944 | 1,641 | 718 | 23, 130 | 5,540 | 4, 332 | 9,872 | 352 | 1,647 |
| 1945 | 1,594 | 737 | 21, 265 | 5, 266 | 2,960 | 8,227 | 349 | 1,231 |
| 1946 | 1,720 | 868 | 35, 865 | 11, 041 | 49 | 11,090 | 396 | 2,194 |
| 1947 | 1,783 | 980 | 46,516 | 15, 092 |  | 15, 092 | 442 | 2,777 |
| 1948 | 1,892 | 1,064 | 58,554 | 19, 244 |  | 19, 244 | 435 | 3,945 |

## ILLINOIS

| 1939 | 35,409 | 14,695 | 700, 077 | 195,965 | 1,482 | 107, 447 | 17, 260 | 171,006 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 34, 905 | 16, 241 | 921, 383 | 187, 529 | 32, 927 | 220, 456 | 15, 579 | 239, 280 |
| 1941 | 34, 298 | 18,940 | 1,479, 489 | 316, 296 | 288, 961 | 605, 257 | 12, 298 | 138, 125 |
| 1942 | 32, 214 | 18,716 | 2,007, 261 | 380,358 | 682, 402 | 1,062, 761 | 10, 521 | 73, 745 |
| 1943 | 30, 168 | 19,450 | 2, 432, 185 | 427, 676 | 966, 292 | 1,393,968 | 7,907 | 54,990 |
| 1944 | 28, 939 | 19,343 | 2, 342, 739 | 390, 914 | 1,006, 720 | 1,397, 633 | 7,005 | 55, 274 |
| 1945 | 29, 208 | 19,806 | 1,859, 390 | 396, 178 | 587, 115 | 983, 293 | 6,873 | 94, 329 |
| 1946 | 34,259 | 23, 828 | 2, 525, 526 | 869, 293 | 23, 244 | 892, 537 | 7,597 | 118,013 |
| 1947 | 37,653 | 25, 130 | 2,982, 433 | 1,051, 447 |  | 1,051,447 | 9,717 | 210,174 |
| 1948 | 39,844 | 25,902 | 3,193, 567 | 1, 126,604 |  | 1, 126,604 | 11,300 | 150,076 |

[^51]Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{\text {b6 }}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Totalnumber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\operatorname{Income}_{\text {tax }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{6}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

INDIANA

| 1939 | 11,668 | 5,354 | 117, 924 | 18,661 | 341 | 19,002 | 4,809 | 35,043 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 12, 474 | 5, 851 | 158, 165 | 32,004 | 6, 938 | 38,942 | 4,902 | 27, 020 |
| 1941 | 12,038 | 6,845 | 292,884 | 65, 023 | 59, 914 | 124,937 | 3,710 | 21, 736 |
| 1942 | 11, 189 | 6,822 | 407, 571 | 64, 726 | 164, 514 | 229, 240 | 3, 071 | 11, 198 |
| 1943 | 10,684 | 6,967 | 539, 279 | 66,125 | 265, 844 | 331,969 | 2,476 | 8,314 |
| 1944 | 10, 650 | 7, 079 | 447, 515 | 67, 421 | 194, 544 | 261, 965 | 2,278 | 9,475 |
| 1945 | 10, 516 | 7, 202 | 356, 483 | 66, 246 | 122, 918 | 189, 165 | 2,180 | 9,690 |
| 1946 | 11, 309 | 8,043 | 442, 605 | 146,258 | 4,147 | 150,405 | 2,255 | 36,431 |
| 1947 | 12,623 | 9, 162 | 578, 235 | 196, 826 |  | 196, 826 | 2, 606 | 19,213 |
| 1948 | 13,836 | 9,590 | 599, 452 | 203, 391 |  | 203, 391 | 3,135 | 30,431 |

IOWA

| 1939 | 7,378 | 3,501 | 52,417 | 8,191 | 139 | 8,330 | 2,871 | 21,938 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940. | 7,228 | 3,658 | 57,593 | 10,735 | 620 | 11,355 | 2,667 | 22,877 |
| 1941 | 6,979 | 4, 001 | 83,447 | 19, 280 | 7,467 | 26,747 | 2,163 | 16,048 |
| 1942 | 6, 555 | 4, 056 | 127, 610 | 23, 586 | 31, 540 | 55, 126 | 1,759 | 5,104 |
| 1943 | 6,279 | 4, 234 | 174, 176 | 26,556 | 60,565 | 87, 121 | 1,348 | 4,217 |
| 1944 | 6, 132 | 4,241 | 171,685 | 28,469 | 55,167 | 83, 636 | 1,219 | 3,707 |
| 1945 | 6, 202 | 4,265 | 151, 101 | 26, 526 | 37,618 | 64, 144 | 1,267 | 5, 959 |
| 1946 | 6,704 | 4, 885 | 216,773 | 64, 624 | 1,970 | 66, 594 | 1,171 | 14, 939 |
| 1947 | 7,357 | 5,362 | 258, 238 | 79, 478 |  | 79, 478 | 1,376 | 11, 044 |
| 1948 | 7, 721 | 5,519 | 258,541 | 78, 375 |  | 78,375 | 1,619 | 10,062 |

KANSAS

| 1939. | 4,359 | 2,070 | 27,656 | 3,969 | 49 | 4, 018 | 2, 055 | 10,997 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,247 | 2,214 | 39, 291 | 7,800 | 487 | 8,287 | 1,796 | 9,703 |
| 1941 | 4,116 | 2,539 | 88,769 | 22,715 | 6,281 | 28,996 | 1,350 | 5,501 |
| 1942. | 3,874 | 2,556 | 209, 601 | 62,472 | 40, 228 | 102,700 | 1,075 | 2,950 |
| 1943 | 3,599 | 2,607 | 308, 060 | 30,822 | 177, 324 | 208, 146 | 804 | 3,078 |
| 1944. | 3,483 | 2,533 | 297, 132 | 31, 037 | 171, 141 | 202, 178 | 749 | 2,984 |
| 1945 | 3, 563 | 2,654 | 201, 376 | 33,345 | 89,938 | 123, 284 | 714 | 7,795 |
| 1946 | 4,037 | 2,977 | 186, 820 | 64,827 | 474 | 65, 301 | 818 | 5,683 |
| 1947 | 4, 633 | 3,300 | 232,899 | 81,619 |  | 81, 619 | 1,035 | 14,538 |
| 1948 | 5,147, | 3,619 | 262, 355 | 92, 215 |  | 92, 215 | 1,176 | 8,623 |

KENTUCKY

| 1939. | 4,870 | 2,362 | 65,183 | 10,223 | 136 | 10,359 | 2,170 | 10, 611 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,778 | 2, 466 | 73,280 | 15, 482 | 1,353 | 16,835 | 1,994 | 9, 661 |
| 1941 | 4, 654 | 2,899 | 132, 979 | 32, 422 | 16,793 | 49, 214 | 1,478 | 6, 365 |
| 1942 | 4,311 | 2,846 | 186, 394 | 31,114 | 75, 462 | 106, 575 | 1,205 | 3, 688 |
| 1943 | 4,008 | 2,834 | 218, 163 | 28,883 | 105, 163 | 134, 046 | 956 | 6,021 |
| 1944 | 3,842 | 2,847 | 215, 444 | 29,663 | 100, 939 | 130, 602 | 803 | 5,611 |
| 1945 | 3,811 | 2,836 | 178, 130 | 33, 588 | 63, 536 | 97, 124 | 784 | 4,505 |
| 1946 | 4,296 | 3,280 | 219,508 | 75, 014 | 2,120 | 77,134 | 835 | 6,739 |
| 1947 | 4,735 | 3, 578 | 275, 782 | 96, 448 |  | 96,448 | 1,023 | 7,690 |
| 1948. | 6,272 | 3,851 | 294, 350 | 103, 017 |  | 103, 017 | 1,260 | 11, 106 |

LOUISIANA

| 1939 | 6,119 | 2,751 | 52,287 | 7,560 | 127 | 7,688 | 2,834 | 14,495 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 6,092 | 2,796 | 63,400 | 12, 294 | 1,288 | 13,582 | 2,748 | 12, 927 |
| 1941 | 6,901 | 3,263 | 115, 735 | 25, 848 | 12,596 | 38,445 | 2,178 | 9,499 |
| 1942 | 6,576 | 3,322 | 119,744 | 24,140 | 34,472 | 58,612 | 1,776 | 5, 401 |
| 1943 | 5,164 | 3,353 | 154, 071 | 25, 340 | 59,867 | 85, 207 | 1,353 | 3,952 |
| 1944 | 4,786 | 3,206 | 149,624 | 26, 077 | 56, 025 | 82,102 | 1,204 | 5,120 |
| 1945 | 4,698 | 3,230 | 147, 901 | 32, 911 | 39,242 | 72,152 | 1,145 | 6, 583 |
| 1946 | 6, 387 | 3, 806 | 211, 759 | 69, 401 | 4,584 | 73, 885 | 1,274 | 11,000 |
| 1947 | 5,954 | 4,120 | 266, 722 | 91,252 |  | 91, 252 | 1,493 | 13,570 |
| 1948 | 6,336 | 4,344 | 312, 250 | 107, 304 |  | 107, 304 | 1,670. | 15,075 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and hy States and Territories, ${ }^{68}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income $\operatorname{tax}^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| MAINE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 3,645 | 1,335 | 25, 826 | 3,741 | 103 | 3,844 | 1,936 | 11,014 |
| 1940 | 3, 568 | 1, 426 | 30, 054 | 5,857 | 471 | 6,328 | 1,806 | 7,672 |
| 1941 | 3,570 | 1,779 | 59, 313 | 13, 950 | 6,167 | 20,116 | 1,459 | 8,961 |
| 1942 | 3,353 | 1,831 | 70, 281 | 13,598 | 22,174 | 35, 772 | 1,226 | 5,195 |
| 1943 | 3,175 | 1,874 | 93, 081 | 14, 057 | 38,399 | 52,456 | 1,007 | 6,941 |
| 1944. | 3,134 | 1,934 | 94,070 | 14, 290 | 39,240 | 53, 530 | 925 | 3, 693 |
| 1945 | 3,181 | 2,014 | 77, 181 | 14,382 | 24,708 | 39,090 | 913 | 8,876 |
| 1946 | 3,478 | 2,336 | 107, 910 | 34, 981 | 1,602 | 36, 583 | 909 | 8,776 |
| 1947 | 3,803 | 2,407 | 128, 247 | 43,348 |  | 43,348 | 1,174 | 19,094 |
| 1948. | 3,967 | 2,449 | 114, 669 | 38,495 |  | 38,495 | 1,330 | 11, 764 |

MARYLAND

| 1939 | 6,080 | 2,700 | 117,498 | 14,175 | 195 | 14,370 | 2,745 | 38, 940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 6,095 | 2,957 | 126, 154 | 22, 486 | 4,051 | 26,537 | 2,544 | 28,814 |
| 1941 | 6,032 | 3,357 | 208, 602 | 43,457 | 26,855 | 70,312 | 2,056 | 22, 223 . |
| 1942 | 5, 658 | 3,331 | 300,407 | 61,446 | 83, 118 | 144, 564 | 1,773 | 16,846 |
| 1943 | 5,464 | 3,484 | 406, 575 | 70, 247 | 154, 085 | 224,332 | 1,407 | 11,976: |
| 1944 | 5, 356 | 3,479 | 377, 221 | 61,958 | 145, 756 | 207, 714 | 1,327 | 8,403 |
| 1945 | 5,512 | 3,623 | 284, 636 | 57, 746 | 80, 195 | 137, 941 | 1,376 | 11, 454 |
| 1946 | 6,581 | 4,404 | 280, 905 | 87,920 | 1,784 | 89, 704 | 1,613 | 36,614 |
| 1947 | 7,687 | 5,072 | 333, 921 | 104, 186 |  | 104, 186 | 2,092 | 75, 838 |
| 1948. | 8,377 | 5,249 | 377, 383 | 121,708 |  | 121, 708 | 2,561 | 36,314 |

MASSACHUSETTS

| 1939. | 23,116 | 9,185 | 311,012 | 43,291 | 714 | 44,005 | 12,763 | 120,218 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 23, 652 | 10, 284 | 367, 955 | 71,220 | 14,321 | 85, 540 | 12,250 | 152, 720 |
| 1941 | 23,973 | 13, 577 | 675, 476 | 142,795 | 123, 470 | 266, 266 | 9,434 | 133,767 |
| 1942 | 23, 255 | 14, 347 | 1,005, 151 | 158,303 | 359, 102 | 517, 405 | 8,016 | 32,779 |
| 1943. | 22, 869 | 15, 431 | 1,133,331 | 160,997 | 439, 696 | 600, 692 | 6,605 | 29,390 |
| 1944 | 22, 749 | 15, 900 | 1,086,861 | 168, 154 | 382, 443 | 550, 596 | 6, 124 | 34, 384 |
| 1945 | 23,771 | 16,974 | 979,437 | 167,855 | 253, 069 | 420,924 | 5,985 | 37,965 |
| 1946 | 27, 371 | 19, 529 | 1,288, 222 | 373, 869 | 10,200 | 384, 069 | 6,998 | 59,839 |
| 1947 | 29, 714 | 19,028 | 1,328, 173 | 396, 112 |  | 396, 112 | 9,844 | 78,807 |
| 1948 | 31, 259 | 19,195 | 1,238, 034 | 356,605 |  | 356, 605 | 11,240 | 87,199 |

MICHIGAN

| 1939 | 15,883 | 6,752 | 609,127 | 94,979 | 601 | 95, 580 | 7,389 | 72,922 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 15, 667 | 7,728 | 871,227 | 188,896 | 61,994 | 250,890 | 6,390 | 60, 488 |
| 1941 | 15, 035 | 8,832 | 1,325,949 | 273, 327 | 356, 670 | 629,998 | 4,834 | 52,891 |
| 1942 | 14, 035 | 8,730 | 1,342, 289 | 258, 184 | 470, 437 | 728,622 | 4,049 | 30,886 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ |
| 1943 | 13,135 | 8,667 | 1,737,234 | 293,648 | 739,865 | 1,033, 513 | 3,307 | 26,211 |
| 1944 | 12,863 | 8,779 | 1, 649, 135 | 279, 010 | 720, 204 | 1, 999, 214 | 2,989 | 31, 494. |
| 1945 | 13,303 | 8,771 | 1, 021, 149 | 216, 243 | 324,835 | 541,078 | 3,215 | 50, 132. |
| 1946 | 16,026 | 10,556 | 1,934,459 | 312, 968 | 10,119 | 323, 087 | 3,907 | 173,475 |
| 1947 | 18,630 | 11,983 | 2,095,317 | 746, 472 |  | 746,472 | 4,832 | 69,964 |
| 1948 | 20,356 | 12,654 | 2, 597,992 | 928, 657 |  | 928, 657 | 5,747 | 52,782 |

MINNESOTA

| 1939 | 10,151 | 4,086 | 111,853 | 16,336 | 167 | 16,502 | 4,584 | 42,385 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 9,937 | 4,503 | 133, 041 | 25, 730 | 2,445 | 28, 175 | 4,069 | 36,867 |
| 1941 | 9,664 | 5, 002 | 204, 527 | 47, 410 | 23, 419 | 70,829 | 3,364 | 27,183 |
| 1942 | 9,083 | 5,119 | 335, 038 | 79, 193 | 79,369 | 158, 562 | 2,739 | 13,555 |
| 1943 | 8,784 | 5,410 | 438, 372 | 83,187 | 154, 426 | 237, 613 | 2,196 | 7,514 |
| 1944 | 8,638 | 5,529 | 412,807 | 76,177 | 151, 290 | 227, 466 | 2,000 | 9,898 |
| 1945 | 8,536 | 5,755 | 350, 010 | 74, 191 | 96, 105 | 170, 295 | 1,809 | 12,227 |
| 1946 | 9,321 | 6,623 | 468, 961 | 153, 686 | 2,574 | 156, 260 | 1,788 | 17, 70\% |
| 1947 | 10,352 | 7,231 | 562, 546 | 189, 980 |  | 189,980 | 2,242 | 16,217 |
| 1948 | 11,089 | 7,603 | 566,973 | 188, 430 |  | 188, 430 | 2,653 | 20,69z |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{\text {be }}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profils taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\underset{\text { tax }^{5}}{\text { Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{8}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| MISSISSIPPI |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 2, 509 | 1,212 | 11, 285 | 1,699 | 44 | 1.743 | 1,082 | 4,596 |
| 1940 | 2. 518 | 1,215 | 13, 801 | 2, 556 | 183 | 2,739 | 1, 105 | 4,496 |
| 1941 | 2,425 | 1,421 | 24, 632 | 5,545 | 2,805 | 8,350 | 849 | 3,538 |
| 1942 | 2, 180 | 1,461 | 35, 966 | 7,081 | 10,413 | 17,494 | 600 | 1,588 |
| 1943 | 2,063 | 1,460 | 40, 199 | 7,141 | 13, 716 | 20, 857 | 489 | 1, 587 |
| 1944 | 2,032 | 1,486 | 39. 966 | 7,712 | 12. 430 | 20, 141 | 422 | 1,856 |
| 1945 | 1,977 | 1,453 | 43, 862 | 8. 880 | 11,851 | 20.730 | 430 | 1,670 |
| 1946 | 2,344 | 1,801 | 64, 801 | 20, 869 | 1,309 | 22, 178 | 448 | 1,969 |
| 1947 | 2, 679 | 1,969 | 71.041 72 | 23,438 |  | 23, 4388 | 608 790 | 4,331 6,108 |
| 1948 | 3,008 | 2,109 | 72,738 | 23,842 |  | 23, 842 | 790 | 6. 108 |


| 1939 | 14,515 | 6,372 | 240,432 | 37, 655 | 404 | 38, 059 | 6,735 | 69.610 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 14, 300 | 6, 645 | 263, 294 | 55, 292 | 4,824 | 60, 116 | 6,359 | 62. 768 |
| 1941 | 14, 020 | 7,816 | 417, 057 | 94, 310 | 61, 200 | 155, 509 | 4,954 | 30, 207 |
| 1942 | 13, 111 | 8,015 | 638,838 | 137, 987 | 170, 511 | 308, 498 | 4,084 | 15, 166 |
| 1943 | 12,473 | 8,323 | 820, 272 | 149, 439 | 318, 954 | 468, 393 | 3, 228 | 12.339 |
| 1944 | 11, 845 | 8,117 | 802, 520 | 132, 049 | 340, 855 | 472,905 | 2,844 | 13, 366 |
| 1945 | 11, 832 | 8, 387 | 707,038 | 135, 475 | 252,500 | 387, 975 | 2, 622 | 17.436 |
| 1946 | 13, 351 | 9, 729 | 801, 667 | 272, 086 | 7,375 | 279, 461 | 2,762 | 52,939 |
| 1947 | 14,949 | 10,572 | 958, 315 | 333, 683 |  | 333, 683 | 3, 526 | 35.752 |
| 1948 | 15, 944 | 10,935 | 994, 772 | 346, 696 |  | 346, 696 | 4,182 | 34,308 |

MONTANA

| 1939 | 2,552 | 1.022 | 11.661 | 1,747 | 31 | 1,778 | 1,190 | 3, 114 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2,502 | 1,117 | 14, 601 | 2.898 | 131 | 3, 029 | 1,053 | 3,103 |
| 1941 | 2. 374 | 1,167 | 18, 667 | 4,728 | 942 | 5,670 | 942 | 3, 515 |
| 1942 | 2,155 | 1,171 | 23, 807 | 5, 506 | 4,693 | 10,200 | 742 | 2,403 |
| 1943. | 2,015 | 1,215 | 22, 649 | 5,353 | 4,492 | 9.845 | 573 | 2, 660 |
| 1944. | 1,976 | 1,202 | 24, 417 | 5,007 | 6,477 | 11,484 | 555 | 2,771 |
| 1945 | 1,955 | 1,224 | 20, 156 | 4,598 | 3,196 | 7, 794 | 542 | 2,055 |
| 1946 | 2. 079 | 1,357 | 40, 164 | 12. 578 | 274 | 12, 852 | 534 | 3, 102 |
| 1947 | 2,301 | 1,540 | 47, 868 | 15, 307 |  | 15, 307 | 561 | 2, 666 |
| 1948. | 2,633 | 1,696 | 51, 756 | 16, 458 |  | 16,458 | 719 | 3,556 |

NEBRASKA

| 1939. | 4,266 | 1,766 | 29,724 | 4,541 | 33 | 4, 574 | 2,007 | 15,195 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,162 | 1,905 | 36, 503 | 7,381 | 374 | 7,755 | 1,792 | 14,392 |
| 1941 | 4,052 | 2,208 | 49, 740 | 11,946 | 5,469 | 17,415 | 1,426 | 15,516 |
| 1942. | 3, 722 | 2,378 | 83, 529 | 16,325 | 24, 621 | 40,946 | 1,013 | 2,635 |
| 1943. | 3,556 | 2,434 | 104, 022 | 17, 563 | 38, 181 | 55, 744 | 793 | 2. 204 |
| 1944 | 3,398 | 2,366 | 106, 368 | 18,778 | 38,394 | 57, 172 | 716 | 2,308 |
| 1945 | 3, 302 | 2,404 | 103, 350 | 20,343 | 31,091 | 51, 434 | 639 | 2.912 |
| 1946 | 3, 678 | 2,783 | 136,672 | 44, 644 | 502 | 45, 146 | 637 | 3,018 |
| 1947 | 3,969 | 3,016 | 139,522 | 45, 594 |  | 45,594 | 744 | 4,599 |
| 1948 | 4,235 | 3,091 | 154,544 | 50,318 |  | 50,318 | 940 | 5,528 |

NEVADA

| 1939 | 904 | 280 | 12,644 | 1,289 | 12 | 1,300 | 406 | 1,686 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 909 | 302 | 14,543 | 2,387 | 177 | 2,565 | 399 | 1,895 |
| 1941 | 897 | 356 | 12,754 | 2,784 | 826 | 3,609 | 346 | 1,704 |
| 1942 | 807 | 361 | 17,340 | 4,837 | 2,897 | 7,734 | 273 | 1,221 |
| 1943. | 749 | 363 | 8,974 | 1,812 | 1,537 | 3,349 | 236 | 1, 695 |
| 1944 | 684 | 329 | 8,530 | 1,833 | 1,572 | 3,405 | 232 | 1,365 |
| 1945 | 704 | 334 | 11, 115 | 2,087 | 1, 643 | 3,730 | 230 | 1,688 |
| 1946. | 726 | 396 | 21,957 | 5,770 | 18 | 5, 788 | 247 | 2,559 |
| 1947 | 783 | 418 | 20,550 | 5,679 |  | 5,079 | 309 | 2,855 |
| 1948 | 788 | 410 | 19, 837 | 6,394 |  | 6,394 | 364 | 5,514 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{66}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit: also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxcs, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total number of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net incorne ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | Income tax ${ }^{5}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{8}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |

NEW HAMPSHIRE

| 1939 | 1,484 | 647 | 12,707 | 1.885 | 25 | 1,910 | 782 | 3,480 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1,479 | 706 | 13, 646 | 2,776 | 358 | 3, 135 | 722 | 3,132 |
| 1941 | 1,492 | 869 | 25, 766 | 5,759 | 4,387 | 10, 147 | 583 | 2,517 |
| 1942 | 1,408 | 864 | 33, 988 | 6,459 | 10, 784 | 17, 243 | 503 | 1,481 |
| 1943 | 1,418 | 948 | 35, 278 | 6,348 | 12,412 | 18,760 | 430 | 1,084 |
| 1944 | 1,44.5 | 1,004 | 36, 632 | 6. 271 | 13.626 | 19.897 | 402 | 1, 582 |
| 1945 | 1,489 | 1,063 | 36, 263 | 7,276 | 10.903 | 18, 179 | 386 | 1,614 |
| 1946 | 1,727 | 1,256 | 58,696 | 19, 198 | 1,433 | 20, 631 | 426 | 3,014 |
| 1947 | 1,965 | 1,312 | 55, 244 | 18, 627 |  | 18, 627 | 619 | 5,514 |
| 1948. | 2,110 | 1,329 | 50,559 | 16,644 |  | 16,644 | 730 | 5,764 |

NEW JERSEY

| 1939 | 27, 820 | 7,925 | 342, 294 | 41,261 | 675 | 41,936 | 17, 723 | 125, 570 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 28, 430 | 9,355 | 411, 971 | 70, 192 | 13,875 | 84, 067 | 17,036 | 183, 071 |
| 1941 | 29, 086 | 12,632 | 620, 782 | 117, 365 | 127, 465 | 244, 830 | 14, 522 | 89,514 |
| 1942 | 27, 860 | 13,297 | 887, 661 | 133, 333 | 227, 599 | 350, 932 | 12,687 | 52, 819 |
| 1943 | 26, 485 | 14, 273 | 1, 043.771 | 142,211 | 324, 513 | 466, 724 | 10,320 | 38, 414 |
| 1944 | 26, 188 | 14,918 | 975, 133 | 141, 638 | 275, 924 | 417, 562 | 9,424 | 37, 051 |
| 1945 | 26,796 | 15, 984 | 840,305 | 135, 523 | 165,728 | 301, 251 | 9, 082 | 48,569 |
| 1946 | 30, 743 | 19,365 | 1,093,942 | 290, 591 | 7,165 | 297, 756 | 9,634 | 74,989 |
| 1947 | 33.385 | 20, 026 | 1,092,962 | 293, 063 |  | 293, 063 | 11, 663 | 77, 478 |
| 1948 | 35, 282 | 20,616 | 1, 082, 391 | 286, 683 |  | 286, 683 | 12,977 | G1, 717 |

NEW MEXICO

| 1939. | 997 | 446 | 3,747 | 524 | 9 | 533 | 422 | 1,663 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 962 | 455 | 4, 265 | 733 | 40 | 773 | 401 | 1,133 |
| 1941 | 935 | 504 | 5,908 | 1,345 | 306 | 1,651 | 326 | 1,134 |
| 1942 | 831 | 478 | 7, 809 | 1,682 | 1,491 | 3,173 | 292 | 1, 746 |
| 1943 | 786 | 503 | 10, 166 | 1,972 | 2,646 | 4, 618 | 227 | 791 |
| 1944 | 748 | 480 | 9, 039 | 1.905 | 2, 228 | 4,133 | 207 | 1,175 |
| 1945 | 717 | 493 | 9. 724 | 2,074 | 2,121 | 4,194 | 174 | 1,285 |
| 1946 | 823 | 587 | 16, 971 | 5,311 | 27 | 5,338 | 184 | 1,040 |
| 1947 | 991 | 684 | 21,290 | 6. 757 |  | 6,757 | - 263 | 1. 638 |
| 1948 | 1,127 | 790 | 24, 220 | 7.985 |  | 7,985 | 294 | 2,206 |

NEW YORK

| 1939 | 122,070 | 36, 994 | 2, 536, 806 | 320,448 | 3. 227 | 323, 675 | 77, 258 | 607, 750 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 123, 835 | 42, 048 | 3, 217, 376 | 567, 095 | 84,931 | 652, 026 | 74, 367 | 636, 415 |
| 1941 | 123.801 | 53, 703 | 4, 909, 081 | 961, 092 | 788,077 | 1,749, 169 | 63, 829 | 570, 089 |
| 1942 | 118, 613 | 56, 996 | 5, 940, 200 | 1, 108, 081 | 1, 682, 091 | 2, 790, 172 | 55,551 | 381, 931 |
| 1943 | 113,876 | 63, 859 | 6, 991, 353 | 1, 165, 091 | 2, 393, 608 | 3, 558, 699 | 44, 016 | 390, 698 |
| 1944 | 113, 236 | 68, 195 | 6,886, 656 | 1,147, 709 | 2, 299, 176 | 3, 446, 886 | 39, 194 | 261, 413 |
| 1945. | 118,317 | 76, 011 | 6, 072,300 | 1, 117, 974 | 1, 619, 261 | 2, 737, 235 | 36, 081 | 269, 999 |
| 1946 | 137,468 | 91, 252 | 7, 200, 873 | 2,154, 018 | 80, 838 | 2, 234, 856 | 39,658 | 512,569 |
| 1947. | 151, 113 | 93, 284 | 8, 384, 348 | 2, 616, 144 |  | 2, 616, 144 | 51, 104 | 505, 082 |
| 1948 | 158, 148 | 93, 070 | 9, 045, 580 | 2, 790,900 |  | 2, 790, 900 | 58,346 | 488, 300 |

NORTH CAROLINA

| 1939 | 6, 210 | 3,342 | 114,397 | 18,319 | 224 | 18,543 | 2,591 | 8,827 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 6, 241 | 3, 626 | 131, 229 | 27, 799 | 2, 425 | 30, 224 | 2,348 | 9,438 |
| 1941 | 6, 238 | 4, 276 | 220, 594 | 52,681 | 28, 741 | 81, 423 | 1,733 | 5,679 |
| 1942 | 6,001 | 4, 267 | 341, 963 | 66, 027 | 118, 611 | 184, 638 | 1,514 | 3,549 |
| 1943 | 5, 847 | 4,411 | 363, 562 | 56, 749 | 155, 866 | 212, 614 | 1,128 | 2,700 |
| 1944 | 5,750 | 4,485 | 335, 571 | 58,096 | 132, 354 | 190, 450 | 1,022 | 4,016 |
| 1945 | 6,081 | 4, 772 | 303, 637 | 61, 560 | 93, 610 | 155, 170 | 1,017 | 5,908 |
| 1946 | 7,550 | 6,067 | 490, 359 | 165, 048 | 8, 783 | 173, 831 | 1,249 | 7,011 |
| 1947 | 8,985 | 6, 720 | 529,423 | 180, 141 |  | 180, 141 | 1,045 | 20, 002 |
| 194 | 10,110 | 7,052 | 566, 955 | 195, 581 |  | 195, 581 | 2, 619 | 18,348 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{66}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


NORTH DAKOTA

| 1939 | 2,235 | 827 | 2,614 | 347 | 7 | 354 | 1,018 | 1,683 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2, 193 | 932 | 3,447 | 574 | 51 | 625 | 896 | 1,711 |
| 1941 | 1,986 | 1,014 | 5, 436 | 1,147 | 326 | 1,473 | 678 | 1,447 |
| 1942 | 1,834 | 1,045 | 8, 172 | 1,534 | 1,084 | 2,618 | 548 | 731 |
| 1943 | 1,686 | 1,094 | 10,731 | 1,957 | 1,925 | 3,881 | 375 | 855 |
| 1944 | 1,585 | 1, 103 | 12, 076 | 2, 198 | 2, 240 | 4,439 | 323 | 883. |
| 1945 | 1,521 | 1,137 | 13, 734 | 2,570 | 2, 267 | 4,837 | 287 | 511 |
| 1946 | 1,506 | 1,187 | 21, 413 | 5, 681 | 85 | 5, 766 | 258 | 651 |
| 19.17 | 1,590 | 1, 270 | 24, 511 | 7,429 |  | 7,429 | 281 | 568 |
| 1948. | 1,761 | 1,330 | 31, 970 | 8,995 |  | 8,995 | 390 | 1,359 |
| OHIO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 24, 904 | 11, 621 | 555, 217 | 85, 885 | 1,395 | 87, 280 | 11,940 | 93, 200 |
| 1940 | 24,758 | 12,939 | 750, 664 | 159,548 | 39, 411 | 198, 959 | 10, 489 | 80,636 |
| 1941 | 24, 267 | 15, 180 | 1,332, 522 | 272,957 | 351, 537 | C24,494 | 7,839 | 124,084 |
| 19.12 | 23, 025 | 15, 198 | 1,971, 172 | 282, 465 | 892, 305 | 1, 174, 770 | 6,713 | 52, 787 |
| 1943 | 21, 899 | 15, 373 | 2,320, 650 | 276,654 | 1,193, 564 | 1, 470, 218 | 5,523 | 34, 407 |
| 1944 | 21, 773 | 15, 619 | 1,992, 356 | 276,946 | 957, 565 | 1, 234, 510 | 5,090 | 39, 821 |
| 1945 | 22, 151 | 16, 173 | 1, 438, 329 | 253, 945 | 557, 573 | 811, 518 | 4,913 | 60,832 |
| 1946 | 25, 431 | 18, 732 | 1, 810, 704 | 618, 449 | 21,351 | 639, 800 | 5,468 | 105,957 |
| 1947 | 28,337 | 20, 279 | 2,365, 030 | 825, 874 |  | 825, 874 | 6,869 | 62,929 |
| 1948 | 30,552 | 21,352 | 2, 503, 913 | 877,946 |  | 877,946 | 8,067 | 85,893 |

OKLAHOMA


OREGON

| 1939 | 4,878 | 1,773 | 21,982 | 3,310 | 72 | 3,382 | 2,415 | 14,586 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,725 | 1,954 | 34,982 | 7,052 | 1,339 | 8,391 | 2,154 | 12,384 |
| 1941 | 4,547 | 2,302 | 68, 642 | 14,758 | 13, 088 | 27,846 | 1,675 | 7,806 |
| 1942 | 3,997 | 2,330 | 110, 786 | 16, 721 | 41, 657 | 58,378 | 1,221 | 3,260 |
| 1943 | 3,757 | 2,370 | 129, 247 | 17,990 | 58,100 | 76,090 | 895 | 3,566 |
| 1944 | 3, 529 | 2,197 | 110,860 | 18, 666 | 42,890 | 61, 556 | 844 | 3, 594 |
| 1945 | 3,458 | 2,172 | 96, 009 | 16,437 | 34,621 | 51,058 | 852 | 9,126 |
| 1946. | 4,091 | 2,608 | 147, 122 | 49,286 | 1,157 | 50, 443 | 949 | 9,517 |
| 1947 | 4,653 | 2,917 | 215, 282 | 74,923 |  | 74,923 | 1,250 | 8,957 |
| 1948. | 5,342 | 3,061 | 218, 485 | 74,897 |  | 74,897 | 1,653 | 13,979 |

PENNSYLVANIA

| 1939 | 25,094 | 9, 869 | 692, 260 | 94, 234 | 1,602 | 95, 836 | 12, 809 | 149, 259 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 24, 522 | 10,853 | 924,601 | 180,664 | 41,867 | 222, 531 | 11, 499 | 150, 812 |
| 1941 | 23,987 | 13, 168 | 1,530,575 | 312,957 | 347, 262 | 660, 219 | 8, 805 | 110,110 |
| 1942 | 22, 465 | 13, 005 | 2, 100, 579 | 358,970 | 772, 478 | 1,131, 448 | 7,712 | 66, 130 |
| 1943 | 21, 190 | 13, 482 | 2,300, 423 | 354,809 | 975, 227 | 1, 330, 036 | 6,312 | 50,630 |
| 1944 | 20,752 | 13, 818 | 2, 019, 451 | 330, 965 | 826, 002 | 1,156,967 | 5,469 | 49, 231 |
| 1945 | 20,965 | 14, 242 | 1, 416, 164 | 296, 119 | 394, 199 | 690, 318 | 5,257 | 91,402 |
| 1946 | 23,900 | 16, 735 | 1, 691, 521 | 563, 614 | 7, 861 | 571, 475 | 5, 708 | 187,678 |
| 1947 | 26,617 | 18, 162 | 2, 291, 599 | 791, 351 |  | 791, 351 | 6,916 | 126, 182 |
| 1948 | 28,391 | 18,871 | 2, 715, 154 | 938, 762 |  | 938, 762 | 7,951 | 113, 256 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{60}$ for returns with net income and returrs with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Totalnumber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\text { tax }^{\text {Income }}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{8}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ |

## RHODE ISLAND

| 1939. | 3,479 | 1,326 | 45,698 | 6,668 | 260 | 6,928 | 1,876 | 9,336 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940. | 3,505 | 1,464 | 59, 709 | 11,994 | 4,363 | 16,358 | 1,768 | 9, 401 |
| 1941 | 3,425 | 1,911 | 125, 137 | 26, 200 | 28, 097 | 54, 298 | 1,278 | 5,345 |
| 1942 | 3, 304 | 2,001 | 164, 502 | 23, 887 | 75, 116 | 99, 004 | 1,058 | 3,160 |
| 1943 | 3,202 | 2,006 | 156,583 | 22, 413 | 72,657 | 95, 071 | 919 | 4,070 |
| 1944 | 3,290 | 2,118 | 149, 154 | 23, 451 | 65,980 | 89, 432 | 872 | 4,599 |
| 1945 | 3,325 | 2,215 | 124,318 | 23, 900 | 43,610 | 67, 511 | 853 | 4,183 |
| 1946 | 4,060 | 2,766 | 202, 984 | 70,005 | 3, 200 | 73, 205 | 1,012 | 9, 406 |
| 1947. | 4,591 | 2, 887 | 224,961 | 79, 652 |  | 79,652 | 1,424 | 13, 834 |
| 1948 | 4,985 | 2,980 | 208, 946 | 73, 187 |  | 73, 187 | 1,683 | 14, 298 |

SOUTH CAROLINA

| 1939. | 3,405 | 1,677 | 23,107 | 3,692 | 49 | 3,741 | 1,491 | 4,212 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 3, 434 | 1, 800 | 33, 524 | 6,780 | 667 | 7,447 | 1, 404 | 5,509 |
| 1941 | 3, 397 | 2,009 | 86, 123 | 18, 551 | 20, 622 | 39, 173 | 1,150 | 2,455 |
| 1942 | 3, 148 | 2,010 | 134, 585 | 17, 930 | 65, 263 | 83,192 | 903 | 1,849 |
| 1943 | 3, 030 | 2, 081 | 129, 996 | 14,750 | 68, 931 | 83, 682 | 703 | 1,978 |
| 1944 | 2, 866 | 2, 131 | 127, 107 | 15, 961 | 63, 901 | 79, 861 | 581 | 6,461 |
| 1945 | 2,979 | 2,186 | 122, 612 | 17, 812 | 55, 708 | 73,520 | 595 | 2, 436 |
| 1946 | 3, 667 | 2,747 | 205, 438 | 70, 438 | 5,208 | 75, 646 | 671 | 2,777 |
| 1947 | 4, 423 | 3,109 | 277, 321 | 99, 753 |  | 99, 753 | 947 | 5, 058 |
| 1948 | 4, 841 | 3, 288 | 260, 807 | 93, 383 |  | 93, 383 | 1,205 | 6,217 |

SOUTH DAKOTA

| 1939 | 2,159 | 797 | 3,828 | 551 | 19 | 570 | 1,110 | 1,673 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 2,134 | 918 | 4,447 | 782 | 37 | 819 | 974 | 1,103 |
| 1941 | 2,063 | 1,037 | 6,228 | 1,388 | 305 | 1,693 | 794 | 936. |
| 1942 | 1,945 | 1,124 | 10,755 | 2,379 | 1,911 | 4,290 | 612 | 9,304 |
| 1943 | 1,788 | 1,120 | 11,487 | 2, 516 | 2, 188 | 4,704 | 483 | 686 |
| 1944 | 1,702 | 1,129 | 11,493 | 2, 553 | 1,923 | 4,476 | 428 | 1,007 |
| 1945 | 1,714 | 1,150 | 14, 440 | 3, 274 | 2, 182 | 5,456 | 404 | 829 |
| 1946 | 1,750 | 1,262 | 20, 992 | 6,093 | 176 | 6, 269 | 365 | 590 |
| 1947 | 1,905 | 1,410 | 26,717 | 8,114 |  | 8,114 | 366 | 905 |
| 1948 | 2,063 | 1,476 | 30, 232 | 9,410 |  | 9,410 | 472 | 2,075 |

TENNESSEE

| 1939. | 4,791 | 2,468 | 55, 267 | 8,865 | 230 | 9,095 | 2,072 | 13, 374 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,731 | 2, 625 | 63, 856 | 13, 320 | 1, 573 | 14, 893 | 1, 874 | 10, 942 |
| 1941 | 4,706 | 3, 029 | 109, 271 | 25, 609 | 15,953 | 41,561 | 1, 424 | 8, 566 |
| 1942 | 4, 340 | 2,981 | 154, 418 | 28, 630 | 53,070 | 81, 700 | 1, 141 | 4,496 |
| 1943 | 4, 144 | 3, 092 | 179, 139 | 27, 528 | 74,625 | 102, 153 | 875 | 6, 456 |
| 1944 | 4, 062 | 3, 082 | 176, 323 | 29, 073 | 69,950 | 99,023 | 820 | 4,731 |
| 1945 | 4, 105 | 3,169 | 163, 388 | 31, 101 | 50, 314 | 81,415 | 780 | 5, 947 |
| 1946 | 4,924 | 3,852 | 258, 521 | 85, 615 | 3,150 | 88,765 | 900 | 13, 204 |
| 1947 | 5,858 | 4, 292 | 292, 535 | 99, 333 |  | 99,333 | 1,386 | 10, 266 |
| 1948 | 6,344 | 4,487 | 281, 556 | 94,598 |  | 94, 598 | 1,677 | 13, 860 |

## TEXAS

| 1939 | 15,723 | 6,933 | 181,416 | 26, 294 | 309 | 26,603 | 7,250 | 53, 797 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 15, 711 | 7, 366 | 213, 437 | 42, 839 | 1,802 | 44, 641 | 6,887 | 58, 335 |
| 1941 | 14,951 | 8, 198 | 369, 480 | 88, 908 | 21,750 | 110,658 | 5,499 | 39,900 |
| 1942 | 13,692 | 8,028 | 402, 552 | 94,414 | 86,328 | 180, 741 | 4,527 | 31, 619 |
| 1943 | 12, 749 | 8, 166 | 560, 373 | 117, 032 | 166, 549 | 283, 582 | 3,365 | 17, 434 |
| 1944 | 11, 947 | 7, 726 | 579, 466 | 121, 922 | 173, 474 | 295, 396 | 3,102 | 17, 987 |
| 1945 | 11,713 | 7,763 | 455, 943 | 95, 192 | 130, 197 | 225, 389 | 2,907 | 23, 344 |
| 1946 | 14, 151 | 9, 239 | 667, 849 | 221, 547 | 4,682 | 226, 229 | 3,525 | 38, 855 |
| 1947 | 16, 396 | 10,635 | 918, 992 | 313, 063 |  | 313, 063 | 4, 436 | 47, 351 |
| 1948 | 18,601 | 11,755 | 1,160, 326 | 400, 547 |  | 400, 547 | 5,453 | 54,705 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.
981888-53-26

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{68}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Totalnumber of returns ${ }^{2}$ | Returns with net income |  |  |  |  | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Number | Net income | Income tax ${ }^{6}$ | Excess profits taxes ${ }^{\circ}$ | Total tax | Number | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| UTAH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1939 | 2, 646 | 1,015 | 16,550 | 2, 262 | 29 | 2, 291 | 1,187 | 3, 554 |
| 1940 | 2, 555 | 1,108 | 22, 070 | 4,097 | 390 | 4,486 | 1,058 | 3, 623 |
| 1941 | 2,486 | 1,214 | 30,695 | 7, 243 | 2, 517 | 9,760 | 887 | 3,467 |
| 1942 | 2,402 | 1,333 | 43, 169 | 10, 146 | 8,762 | 18,907 | 707 | 3,550 |
| 1943 | 2, 240 | 1,352 | 45, 768 | 9, 537 | 12, 216 | 21,753 | 528 | 1,609 |
| 1944 | 2,152 | 1,257 | 36, 834 | 8, 144 | 8,799 | 16,942 | 570 | 3, 909 |
| 1945 | 2,104 | 1,266 | 38,462 | 9,077 | 7,709 | 16,786 | 520 | 2,872 |
| 1946 | 2,368 | 1,489 | 56, 132 | 17, 269 | 344 | 17,613 | 569 | 3,704 |
| 1947 | 2, 538 | 1,526 | 63, 266 | 20,342 |  | 20, 342 | 678 | 6,675 |
| 1948. | 2, 779 | 1,598 | 75,654 | 25, 242 |  | 25, 242 | 855 | 11, 267 |

VERMONT

| 1939 | 1,231 | 471 | 8,862 | 1,271 | 25 | 1,299 | 700 | 4,253 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 1,220 | 521 | 15,064 | 3,109 | 2, 061 | 5, 170 | 632 | 3, 552 |
| 1941 | 1,199 | 631 | 25, 059 | 4, 395 | 6,795 | 11, 190 | 517 | 3,237 |
| 1942 | 1,152 | 587 | 41, 756 | 4, 823 | 15,797 | 20,620 | 507 | 1,899 |
| 1943 | 1,108 | 633 | 44, 516 | 4,375 | 18,584 | 22, 959 | 417 | 1,929 |
| 1944 | 1,091 | 692 | 34, 163 | 5,753 | 7,853 | 13, 606 | 346 | 1,694 |
| 1945 | 1,074 | 746 | 32, 541 | 6,277 | 3,942 | 10, 219 | 285 | 1,639 |
| 1946 | 1,228 | 858 | 37, 195 | 8, 829 | 162 | 8, 991 | 333 | 4,245 |
| 1947 | 1,378 | 897 | 42, 258 | 10,757 |  | 10,757 | 451 | 4, 301 |
| 1948 | 1,454 | 900 | 37, 021 | 8, 283 |  | 8, 283 | 526 | 3,060 |

VIRGINIA

| 1939 | 6,946 | 3, 541 | 116, 481 | 17,866 | 456 | 18,321 | 3,019 | 21,478 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 7,085 | 3, 963 | 145, 858 | 31, 197 | 4,990 | 36, 187 | 2,718 | 25,922 |
| 1941 | 7,044 | 4,601 | 217, 055 | 49, 714 | 34, 773 | 84,487 | 2,091 | 17,478 |
| 1942 | 6,658 | 4,472 | 301, 066 | 49,591 | 111, 249 | 160, 840 | 1,875 | 8,448 |
| 1943 | 6, 355 | 4,527 | 349, 845 | 53, 346 | 148, 086 | 201, 432 | 1,519 | 6,428 |
| 1944 | 6,181 | 4,519 | 329, 669 | 54, 411 | 137, 912 | 192, 323 | 1,369 | 8,385 |
| 1945 | 6, 177 | 4, 640 | 260, 568 | 53, 468 | 82, 457 | 135, 924 | 1,267 | 31,770 |
| 1946 | 6, 960 | 5,265 | 315, 071 | 105, 535 | 2,527 | 108, 062 | 1,406 | 29, 203 |
| 1947 | 7, 669 | 5,573 | 387, 872 | 133, 536 |  | 133, 536 | 1, 813 | 29,638 |
| 1948 | 8,486 | 5,993 | 427, 639 | 147, 389 |  | 147, 389 | 2,195 | 32,786 |

WASHINGTON

| 1939 | 10,455 | 3,507 | 63,825 | 8,860 | 181 | 9,041 | 4,983 | 23, 565 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 10, 324 | 3, 986 | 93,976 | 17.781 | 3,658 | 21, 439 | 4,402 | 24, 571 |
| 1941 | 9, 979 | 4,715 | 183, 320 | 36,516 | 40,340 | 76, 856 | 3, 346 | 15,583 |
| 1942 | 9, 030 | 4, 699 | 262,617 | 34, 796 | 118, 704 | 153, 500 | 2,536 | 9, 411 |
| 1943 | 8, 263 | 4,589 | 285, 055 | 33,712 | 136, 271 | 169,983 | 1,997 | 9,366 |
| 1944 | 7,956 | 4, 323 | 276, 532 | 38, 273 | 119, 057 | 157. 330 | 1,902 | 9,053 |
| 1945 | 7,720 | 4, 134 | 232, 104 | 38, 724 | 86, 725 | 125, 449 | 1,960 | 10, 692 |
| 1946 | 8,649 | 4, 702 | 263, 075 | 84, 254 | 2,009 | 86, 263 | 2,194 | 20, 293 |
| 1947 | 9, 553 | 4,980 | 369, 027 | 123,601 |  | 123, 601 | 2,794 | 20,947 |
| 1948 | 10, 453 | 5,180 | 359, 224 | 117, 565 |  | 117, 565 | 3,339 | 27, 185 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 15.-Corporation returns, 1939-1948, ${ }^{1}$ in aggregate for the United States and by States and Territories, ${ }^{\text {B6 }}$ for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, and net income or deficit; also for returns with net income: Income tax, excess profits taxes, and total tax-Continued
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Total <br> number <br> of re- <br> turns |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Net in- <br> come4 | Income <br> tax 8 | Excess <br> profits <br> taxes | Total tax | Number | Deficit 4 |
| net income 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

WEST VIRGINIA

| 1939. | 4,663 | 2,128 | 45,628 | 6.743 | 143 | 6,885 | 2,190 | 13,286 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 4,748 | 2,395 | 49, 241 | 9,754 | 577 | 10,331 | 2, 034 | 10, 501 |
| 1941 | 4,650 | 2,836 | 89, 026 | 20, 010 | 13, 103 | 33, 113 | 1,502 | 7, 399 |
| 1942 | 4,614 | 2,799 | 99, 796 | 20, 680 | 28, 881 | 49,560 | 1,437 | 5,527 |
| 1943 | 4,550 | 2,861 | 121, 180 | 22, 639 | 42,353 | 64, 992 | 1,227 | 4,390 |
| 1944 | 4,404 | 2, 968 | 120, 457 | 23, 427 | 40,120 | 63, 547 | 1, 083 | 6,510 |
| 1945 | 4,374 | 3,077 | 90, 171 | 20, 297 | 21, 779 | 42, 076 | 1,017 | 4,203 |
| 1946 | 4,900 | 3, 584 | 150, 488 | 50, 493 | 416 | 50, 909 | 1, 070 | 4,856 |
| 1947 | 5,644 | 4,115 | 233, 604 | 81, 139 |  | 81, 139 | 1,199 | 5, 621 |
| 1948 | 6,167 | 4,325 | 240,384 | 84, 027 |  | 84, 027 | 1, 527 | 8,589 |

WISCONSIN

| 1939 | 14,935 | 5,958 | 120,094 | 19,245 | 285 | 19,530 | 7, 237 | 43, 001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1940 | 14,767 | 6,564 | 169,354 | 35, 628 | 9,224 | 44, 851 | 6, 596 | 46, 270 |
| 1941 | 14, 451 | 7,753 | 312, 230 | 65, 830 | 76, 603 | 142, 433 | 5,162 | 34. 563 |
| 1942 | 13, 719 | 7,922 | 532, 208 | 68, 999 | 227, 126 | 296, 124 | 4,353 | 13.975 |
| 1943 | 13, 190 | 8, 290 | 695, 168 | 67,893 | 353, 017 | 420, 910 | 3,486 | 10,736 |
| 1944 | 12, 992 | 8, 605 | 667, 797 | 72, 175 | 327, 654 | 399, 829 | 2, 985 | 8,131 |
| 1945 | 13, 010 | 8,782 | 546, 911 | 77, 368 | 219,882 | 297, 249 | 2,887 | 10,387 |
| 1946 | 14, 270 | 9,969 | 520, 394 | 159, 235 | 6,793 | 166, 028 | 2,927 | 44,522 |
| 1947 | 15, 404 | 10,395 | 691, 189 | 225, 377 |  | 225, 377 | 3,515 | 25, 275 |
| 1948 | 16,193 | 10,615 | 731, 209 | 239, 423 |  | 239, 423 | 4,118 | 24, 118 |

WYOMING


For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.
Table 16.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1926-1948,1 for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Number of returns, assets, liabilities, compiled receipts, compiled deductions, compiled net profit or net loss, net income or doflci, and divide tax, declared value excess-profits tax, excess profits tax, total tax, and compiled net profit less total tax LL RETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS
Money figures in millions of dollars]


TABLe 16．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1926－1948，${ }^{1}$ for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Num－ ，Net operating loss deduction income subject to excess profits tax，income tax， declared value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax－Continued ETURNS WITH BALANCE SHEETS－Continued
［Money figures in millions of dollars］

|  |  |  |  | 유ํ | － | ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  <br>  | ¢ |  | － |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\text { O}}{\stackrel{\circ}{9}} \end{aligned}$ | $$ |  <br>  | ｜rin |  | － |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \mathbf{H}_{1} \end{aligned}$ | N్గ్ <br>  | 呇 |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | 宫｜ |  <br>  | 等 |  | 宕1 |  |
| $\stackrel{\varrho}{\stackrel{H}{心}}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \\ \stackrel{y}{\circ} \\ \stackrel{e}{6} \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{0} \\ & \stackrel{H}{心} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hline \infty \\ & \mathbf{D}_{0}^{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | 둣 <br>  | \＃ |  <br> － |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{O} \\ & \stackrel{0}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  <br>  | － |  | $\infty$ <br> © <br> © <br> en |  |
| 志 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 08 \\ & 0 \\ & 5 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | N |  <br>  | 尔1 |  |
| 육 | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & A \\ & \underset{7}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  | 㕩 |  <br>  | ｜c｜｜ |  |
| ®̈\％ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{8}{\circ} \\ & \text { aj } \\ & \text { 7 } \end{aligned}$ | 甘 <br>  | 合 |  | 成｜ |  |
| 染 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { F } \\ & \overrightarrow{7} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | （ |  | ｜ |  |
| た | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 이 } \\ & 0 \\ & 7 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | 第 |  | ｜c｜｜ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



TABLE 16．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1926－1948，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Num－ ber of returns，assets，liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled．Net operating loss deduction，income subject to excess profits tax，income tax， declared value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total tax－Continued

|  | － | Nm H |  | ローデ9 | － |  | \％ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| 㕺 | 辰｜ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hat{e} \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { N్ల } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
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| 皆 | F ¢ 8， |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \infty \\ \underset{\sim}{\infty} \\ \text { on } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \infty \\ \underset{8}{8} \\ \hline \end{array}\right\|$ | N荿： ๗్ల＂ |  |
| ハ | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{\mathrm{N}} \\ & \sim_{N} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { 合 } \\ +\infty \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ \infty \\ \infty \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |
| 烒 | 逯 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\infty}{\mathrm{N}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{-1} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{\text { N }}{\substack{\text { ¢ } \\ \text {－} \\ \sim}}$ |  |  |
| 尺্ণ⿴囗口 |  |  <br>  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \infty \\ \end{array}\right\|$ |  | ¢ |  |  |
| \％ | $\begin{aligned} & \hat{0} \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { Ren } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \vec{\delta} \\ \underset{\sim}{0} \\ \underset{\sim}{2} \end{array}\right\|$ |  | 容 |  |  |
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| － | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{\sim} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \\ & \underset{\sim}{n} \end{aligned}$ |  | 䓌 |  | 荌 |  |  |
| $\stackrel{\mathscr{L}}{\stackrel{\circ}{-1}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \vec{\infty} \\ & \mathbf{N}^{*} \\ & \text { स्N } \end{aligned}$ |  | 器 |  | 沗 |  |  |
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| －\％ |  |  |  <br>  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \hline \infty \\ > \end{array}\right.$ | $8$ | $x_{0}^{6 \% y y y y y y}$ | （ ${ }_{-1}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 4 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | \％\％\％ |
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| －\％${ }_{6}^{6}$ |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline .0 \\ m_{0} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  がが | － | $Z$ |  | $0 \% 8$ |  | 춪 | 宮 |
|  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \hline \end{array}\right\|$ | ిఇ్జణ్లి | － | － | $\begin{array}{\|c} \substack{0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 8 \\ 8} \end{array}$ | mig | 20\％ | \％ | \％ |
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| －${ }_{\text {® }}$ | io | 䅋 |  |  | \％ | \％ |  | 先 | 先 | ¢ |
| 镸 ${ }^{\text {com }}$ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \dot{e} \\ \dot{s} \\ \dot{s} \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  | 率 | \％ | －¢9\％ | \｜m | \％ | （\％） |
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Table 16．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1926－1948，for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Num－ ber of returns，assets，liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net projit or net loss，net income or deficit，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income subject to excess profits tax，income tax， －RETURNS WITH NET INCOME \｛－Continued
［Money figures in millions of dollars］

|  |  |  |  | O－1 |  |  |  |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ | $$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { N } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}\right.$ |  <br>  | 魚 |  | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\sim}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { 岕 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fi } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | ஜ్ర్ <br>  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { an } \\ \text { à } \\ \text { on } \end{array}$ |  <br>  | 第 |  | ล \％ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { O} \\ & \text { ơ } \\ & \text { Hi } \end{aligned}$ |  |  นiヒ ఇisionam |  | 洨 |  |  － | I్ల శ్ర |
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| $\stackrel{\text { O}}{\underset{\sim}{\mathbf{~}}}$ | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|l} \hline 00 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \hline \\ 0 \end{array}$ |  | 场｜ |  <br>  | 苟 |  | － |
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| F |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \mathfrak{N O}_{0} \\ \underset{\sim}{\mathbf{N}} \end{array}\right\|$ |  <br>  | 骶 |  |  |
| \％ | 옷 今్N | がస ผ゚ స゙ | 哭 |  | 砍 |  |  |
| 冎 |  |  | H |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Number of returns with balance sheets ${ }^{07}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | E |  |  |



Table 16．－Corporation returns with balance sheets，1926－1948，${ }^{1}$ for all returns，returns with net income，and returns with no net income：Num－ ber of returns，assets，liabilities，compiled receipts，compiled deductions，compiled net profit or net loss，net income or deficil，and dividends paid by type of dividend；also，for returns with net income：Net operating loss deduction，income subject to excess profits tax，income tax， declared value excess－profits tax，excess profits tax，total tax，and compiled net profit less total
［Money figures in millions of dollars］

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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ๕． |  |  <br>  | 管 | థ్థ̊융 <br> ๙๐ః్ల | 为免运： | ｜r｜｜ | ొ్ఞ］ |  |
| 范 |  |  న్ ํ | $\left. \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |  | 귬 $\mathfrak{N i}_{\infty}$ |  |
| 発 |  |  <br>  | － | 운 ๙ํํ |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline 8 \\ 0 \\ \infty_{0}^{\circ} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |
| 管 | $\circ$ <br> $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ <br> $\stackrel{\infty}{e}$ |  न | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | ஜஜ\％\％ คัః |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\stackrel{\sigma}{6}^{\mathbb{\circ}}$ |
| ＂ |  | స్రి <br>  | N N N |  |  | $$ |  | 资 |
| \％ |  |  | － | ¢\％ |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |
| 長 | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{8}{8} \\ & 0 . \end{aligned}$ |  | － | $\begin{aligned} & \text { af } \\ & \text { an } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| 㹂 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { in } \\ & 0 \\ & 04 \end{aligned}$ |  No | $\left\|\begin{array}{c\|} \hat{0} \\ 0 \\ \mathbf{D}_{0} \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { åo } \\ & \text { ono } \\ & \text { aio } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { А.\|\| } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \end{aligned}$ | ¢゙った |  |
| 喣 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{N} \\ & \infty \\ & 9 \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ | 命閣 <br>  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 0 \\ 0 \\ 80 \\ 8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mep } \\ & \text { cion } \\ & \text { ciol } \end{aligned}$ |  | ｜ |  |  |
| ®. 毋 | $\begin{aligned} & \ddot{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{y}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{y}{n} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



[^52]Table 16.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, 1926-1948, ${ }^{1}$ for all returns, returns with net income, and returns with no net income: Num-
 paid by type of dividend; also, for returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, income subject to excess profits tax, income tax, [URNS WITH NO NET INCOME 4-Continued
[Money figures in millions of dollars]



## For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.


Total assets classes ${ }^{73}$

Under 50
50 under 100
100 under 250
250 under 500
500 under 1,000
1,000 under 5,00
5,000 under 10,0
10.000 under
50,000
100,000 ander 10
10
Total
[Total assets classes and money fignres in thousands of dollars]

| Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1931 |  |  | 1932 |  |  | 1933 |  |  | 1934 |  |  |
| Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income |
| 65, 564 | 1,395, 114 | 106, 762 | 33, 512 | 686, 689 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24, 297 | 1, 734, 365 | 88, 262 | 11, 726 | 841, 519 | 39, 224 | 16,693 | 1,001, 026 | 63,606 63,300 | 63, 364 21,969 | $1,338,541$ $1,568,764$ | 100,921 100,979 |
| 25, 649 | 4, 063,385 | 171,963 | 12, 610 | 2,002,912 | 84, 734 | 17, 256 | 2, 728, 923 | 142, 338 | 22, 484 | 1, 3 559, 453 | 100,979 219,712 |
| 12, 120 | 4, 269,437 | 171, 478 | 6,344 | 2, 236, 157 | 94, 313 | 8, 241 | 2, 904, 096 | 154, 557 | 10,879 |  | 230, 800 |
| 7, 130 | 4, 971, 871 | 185, 747 | 3,963 | 2, 771, 519 | 110, 139 | 5,082 | 3, 540, 554 | 190, 527 | 6,986 | 4, 4883,067 | 230,800 279,981 |
| 6, 403 | 13, 212, 122 | 466, 778 | 3,775 | 7,909, 930 | 269, 282 | 4,676 | $9,767,099$ | 476, 498 | 6,856 | 14, 409,294 | -728,945 |
| 926 841 | 6,421, $17,456,010$ | 244,785 586,641 | ${ }_{535}^{625}$ | $4,346,144$ $11,516,173$ | 156, 433 | 742 | 5, 158, 412 | 233, 041 | 1,100 | 7, 704, 940 | 362, 358 |
| 265 | 68, 200, 957 | 1, 573, 142 | 201 | $11,516,173$ $51,761,538$ | 354,143 967,656 | 654 | $13,555,670$ $50,279,263$ | 556,961 $1,059,144$ | 1,021 305 | 21, 110,087 $55,608,048$ | $854,988$ |
| 143, 195 | 121, 724, 933 | 3, 595, 558 | 73, 291 | 84, 072, 582 | 2, 119, 387 | 100, 941 | 90,127,680 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2, 11, 387 | 100, | 3,127,680 | 2, 330,074 | 134, 064 | 114,013, 834 | 4, 202,335 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.
For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

| Total assets classes ${ }^{18}$ | Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1935 |  |  | 1936 |  |  | 1937 |  |  | 1938 |  |  |
|  | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income |
| Under 50 <br> 50 under 100 <br> 100 under 250 <br> 250 under 500 <br> 500 under 1,000 <br> 1,000 under 5,000 . <br> 5,000 under 10,000 <br> 10,000 under 50,000 <br> 50,000 under 100,000. <br> 100,000 and over. <br> Total | 69, 714 | 1,490, 561 | 113, 602 | 81,716 | 1,768, 964 | 154, 148 | 75,310 | 1,640,699 | 145, 972 | 66,395 | 1,441, 074 | 110,523 |
|  | 24, 953 | 1, 781, 179 | 119, 038 | 30, 275 | 2,163, 697 | 160, 216 | 29,092 | 2,081, 282 | 147, 415 | 25,908 | 1, 857, 324 | 113, 317 |
|  | 26, 138 | 4,152, 755 | 267, 181 | 32,519 | 5,169, 539 | 382, 848 | 31, 661 | 5, 024, 512 | 346, 620 | 28,524 | 4, 532, 498 | 255, 584 |
|  | 13, 058 | 4,599, 136 | 281, 569 | 16, 937 | 6, 002, 520 | 406, 918 | 16,576 | 5, 869, 639 | 376, 989 | 14, 862 | 5, 251,391 | 267,054 330 |
|  | 8, 255 | 5, 776, 595 | 340, 696 | 11, 260 | 7, 896, 956 | 504, 255 | 10,781 | 7, 536, 970 | 460, 397 | 9,627 | 6,761, 658 | 330,860 910,698 |
|  | 8,232 | 17,077, 203 | 917, 560 | 11, 835 | 24, 713,140 | 1, 459, 059 | 11, 575 | 24, 212,092 | $1,404,527$ 651,635 | 10,190 1,581 | 21, 272, 044 | 910,698 440,771 |
|  | 1, 241 | 8, 691, 127 | $\begin{array}{r}412,160 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,833 | 12, ${ }_{3}$ | 709,831 1, 760,239 | 1,763 | 12, 2437,099 | 1, 651,635 $1,808,113$ | 1, 1,585 | 10, $29,878,166$ | -440, 7171 |
|  | 1,156 | 24, 018, 453 | 1, 077, 725 | 1,617 | 33, 569,961 $18,278,983$ | $1,760,239$ 841,743 | 1,621 | 33, 544,067 | 1, 808, 113 | 1, 252 | 29,878, 168 | 1, 6119,914 |
|  | 328 | 54, 720, 110 | 1, 539, 145 | 293 | 87, 229, 166 | 2, 722, 716 | 291 | 87, 083,453 | 3,183, 994 | 262 | 81, 560, 343 | 2, 133, 878 |
|  | 153,075 | 122, 307, 120 | 5, 068, 676 | 188, 553 | 199, 595, 670 | 9, 101, 973 | 178, 935 | 197, 593, 950 | 9, 391, 521 | 159, 056 | 181, 058, 938 | 6,368,559 |
| Total assets classes ${ }^{73}$ | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1935 |  |  | 1936 |  |  | 1937 |  |  | 1938 |  |  |
|  | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deflcit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deflcit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit |
| Under 50 | 157, 831 |  | 302, 988 | 145, 627 | 2, 381, 869 | 256, 138 | 153, 411 | 2, 538, 821 | 277, 646 | 161, 096 | 2, 698, 769 | 314, 812 |
| 50 under 100 | 33,481 | 2, 379, 810 | 134, 543 | 29, 253 | 2, 269,139 | 104, 395 | 31,146 | 2, 201, 128 | 109, 963 | 33,674 | 2, 380, 304 | 134,990 |
| 100 under 250 | 32, 070 | 5, 051,352 | 219, 761 | 25, 923 | 4, 059, 938 | 159,153 | 27, 156 | 4, 258, 906 | 170, 283 | 29, 209 | 4, 579, 473 | 207, 351 |
| 250 under 500 | 15, 547 | 5, 476, 977 | 189, 403 | 11, 405 | 3, 992, 487 | 131, 082 | 11, 416 | 3, 998, 347 | 142, 001 | 12, 509 | 4, 377. 485 | 166, 760 |
| 500 under 1,000 | 9, 847 | 6,928, 118 | 231, 433 | 6,681 | 4, 662, 859 | 152, 742 | 6,806 | 4,788, 469 | 156,568 | 7,452 | 5, 203, 844 | 181, 875 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 | 10, 175 | 21, 220, 784 | 585, 458 | 6,442 | 13, 242,115 | 340, 982 | 6, 322 | 13, 066, 302 | 348, 885 | 6,997 | 14, 517, 188 | 398, 628 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 | 1,528 | 10,651,028 | 257, 086 | 886 | 6, 164, 321 | 129, 525 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10,000 under 50,000 | 1,237 | 25, 061, 474 | 472, 495 | 694 | 13, 835,441 | 296, 222 | 660 90 | $13,097,864$ $6,293,135$ | 243, 116 | 758 | 15, 347, 195 | 300,531 163,160 |
| $50,000 \text { under } 100,000$ $100,000 \text { and over... }$ | 414 | 101, 433, 195 | 792, 050 | 87 103 | $6,015,923$ $47,159,963$ | 94,059 259,761 | 90 103 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,293,135 \\ 49,580,639 \end{array}$ | 1460,450 3605 | 132 | 66, 559,022 | 1644, 822 |
| Total | 262, 130 | 180, 843, 111 | 3,185, 216 | 227, 101 | 103, 584, 053 | 1, 924,058 | 237, 967 | 105, 763, 225 | 2, 085, 407 | 252,885 | 118, 962, 788 | 2,676,675 |


| Returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1939 |  |  | 1940 |  |  | 1941 |  |  | 1942 10 |  |  |
| Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Numbar of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Net income |
| 79,055 | 1,725, 477 | 134,910 | 87, 705 | 1,919, 211 | 155, 039 | 105, 053 | 2, 297, 019 | 232, 331 | 107, 275 | 2,330, 669 |  |
| 31, 012 | 2, 221, 822 | 149, 422 | 34,656 | 2, 479, 679 | 176, 036 | 41, 412 | 2, 964, 672 | 277,502 | 41,183 | 2, $2,952,221$ | 231, 443 |
| 33, 609 | 5,349, 455 | 345, 970 | 37, 250 | 5, 906, 127 | 419, 458 | 43, 884 | 6, 978, 330 | 681,380 | 43, 529 | 6,912,652 | 810, 707 |
| 17,353 | 6,112, 861 | 369, 966 | 18,802 | 6, 632, 647 | 456, 090 | 22,042 | 7,770, 883 | 772, 921 | 21,810 | 7,681, 210 | 953,907 |
| 11, 183 | 7, 839, 789 | 444, 492 | 12, 043 | 8, 423, 216 | 554, 127 | 14, 278 | 10, 018, 713 | 990, 980 | 14, 698 | 10, 330, 327 | 1, 243, 914 |
| 11, 728 | 24, 594, 255 | 1,338, 875 | 12,545 | 26, 242, 965 |  | 14, 655 | $30,480,805$ | 2, 871, 890 | 15,936 | 33, 202, 458 | 3, 693,067 |
| 1,791 1,641 | $12,463,716$ $33,921,209$ | $1,630,093$ $1,691,736$ | 1, 1,724 | 13, 435, 506 | 1, 812, 701 | 2, 251 | 15,696, 795 | 1, 453, 733 | 2,393 | 16, 715, 805 | 1, 864, 364 |
| 1,641 | $33,921,209$ $17,974,247$ | 1, 691,736 | 1,742 | 36, 167,468 | 2, 046, 028 | 1,936 | 39,794, 529 | 3, 309,755 | 2,088 | 43, 065,605 | 4, 520, 776 |
| 290 | 94, 468, 113 | 2, 848,060 | 311 | 107, 301, 486 | 1, 3 3 | 335 349 | 124, $\begin{array}{r}23,349,049 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $1,667,047$ $5,539,260$ | 336 420 | 23, 119, 739 | $1,758,114$ $8,317,540$ |
| 187, 020 | 206, 670, 943 | 8, 708, 642 | 207, 270 | 228, 658, 869 | 11, 068,395 | 246, 195 | 263, 521, 625 | 17, 796, 797 | 249, 668 | 321, 424, 242 | 23, 785, 152 |


| Total assets classes ${ }^{73}$ | Returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1942{ }^{10}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1939 |  |  | 1940 |  |  | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit | Number of returns with balance sheets | Total assets | Deficit |
| Under 50 | 147, 822 | 2, 415, 450 | 255, 439 | 137, 295 | 2, 216, 902 | 251, 373 | 108, 033 | 1,716, 155 | 189, 078 | 89,367 | 1, 422,418 |  |
| 50 under 100 | 29, 244 | 2, 270,227 | 109,115 | 26, 397 | 1, 862, 242 | 119, 400 | 20,113 | 1,420,026 | 77, 717 | 17,155 | 1, $1,211,781$ | 159,720 61,423 |
| 100 under 250 | 24, 510 | 3, 838, 834 | 154, 251 | 21, 809 | 3, 409, 806 | 146, 164 | 16,502 | 2,568, 411 | 122, 065 | 13, 836 | 1, 2154, 294 | 61, 523 |
| 250 under 500 | 10,094 | 3, 536, 005 | 127,445 | 9,030 | 3, 154, 522 | 116, 438 | 6,709 | 2, 351, 316 | 86, 781 | 5, 490 | 1, 930, 33 | 63, 568 |
| 500 and 1,000 | 6,049 | 4, 415,762 | 140,784 | 5, 562 | 3, 804, 120 | 137, 798 | 4,146 | 2, 896, 000 | 110, 611 | 3, 411 | 2, 384, 671 | 67, 396 |
| 1,000 under 5,000 under 10,000 | 5,609 | 11, 555, 597 | 281, 812 | 5,082 | 10,513, 522 | 338, 886 | 4,177 | 8, 732, 911 | 260, 983 | 3, 646 | 7, 587,493 | 143,225 |
| 5,000 under 10,000 10,000 under 50,000 | 746 576 | 5, 149, 1143 $11,845,948$ | 111, 976 | 679 524 | $4,706,774$ $10,326,693$ | 146, 255 | - 561 | 3, 874, 548 | 106, 064 | 512 | 3,541, 789 | 117, 207 |
| 50,000 under 100,000 | $\begin{array}{r}576 \\ 84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $11,845,948$ $5,766,319$ | 186,391 130,622 | 524 76 | $10,326,693$ $5,414,234$ | 250,385 136,130 | 475 65 | $9,391,337$ $4,529,820$ | 287, 419 | 379 35 | 7, 8 82, 828 | 89, 184 |
| 100,000 and over. | 105 | 49,736,778 | 412, 010 | 92 | 46, 410,027 | 377, 364 | 77 | 39,450, 102 | 185, 475 | 35 | 8, 774,945 | 36,191 |
| Total | 224, 839 | 100, 130, 363 | 1,908,844 | 206,446 | 91, 818, 842 | 2, 020, 192 | 160, 858 | 76,930, 625 | 1,543,191 | 133, 866 | 38, 593, 372 | 839,341 |

[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]

Total assets classes ${ }^{73}$
Total assets classes 73
Under 50
50 under 100
100 under 250
250 under 500
500 under 1,000
1,000 under 5,000
5,000 under 10,000
10,000 under 50,000
50,000 under 100,000
100,000 and over....
Total... Under 50
50
under
100

500 under 1,000
5,000 under $10,000$.
10,000 under 50,000
50,000 under 10,000
Total.
For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.
84 SOSSEp Sqasse [ETOJ
Total assets classes ${ }^{73}$

TABLE 17.-Corporation returns with balance sheets, $1931-1948,{ }^{1}$ by total assets classes, for returns with net income and returns with no net income: Number of returns, ${ }^{67}$ total assets, ${ }^{73}$ and net income or deficit ${ }^{434}$ —Continued
[Total assets classes and money figures in thousands of dollars]


[^53]Table 18.-Taxable excess profits tax returns, 1940-1946: ${ }^{1}$ Number of returns, excess profits net income, excess profits credit, unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, and excess profits tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]


For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 19.-Consolidated ${ }^{86}$ income tax returns, 1928-1948187 (excluding excessprofits tax returns filed under section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code) ${ }^{88}$ For all consolidated returns: Number of returns and number of subsidiaries; for consolidated returns with net income and consolidated returns with no net income: Number of returns, total compiled receipts, net income or deficit; also for consolidated returns with net income: Net operating loss deduction, and income tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | All consolidated returns |  | Consolidated returns with net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  | Consolidated returns with no net income ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Num ber of turns | Number of sub-sidiaries ${ }^{89}$ | Number of re- turns | Total compiled receipts 00 | Net income ${ }^{4}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { operat- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { loss } \\ \text { deduc- } \\ \text { tion } 35 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Income tax ${ }^{8}$ | Num-returns | Total compiled receipts ${ }^{00}$ | Deficit ${ }^{4}$ |
| 1928 | 9,300 | (48) | 5,870 | 62, 697, 088 | 5, 060,380 | 101, 242 | 591,382 | 3,430 | 7,132,736 | 567, 006 |
| 1929 | 8,754 | 30,112 | 5,408 | 62, 602, 849 | 5, 953, 845 | 213,892 | 631, 375 | 3,346 | 10, 028, 563 | 737, 358 |
| 1930 | 8,951 | 32, 209 | 4, 067 | 346, 402, 687 | 3, 377,845 | 51,045 | 398, 284 | 4, 884 | 17, 442, 945 | 1,519,519 |
| 1931 | 8,495 | 31,307 | 2, 698 | 24, 075,862 | 1, 846, 305 | 41,131 | 216,547 | 5,797 | 26, 168, 255 | 2, 503,046 |
| 1932 | 7,426 | 29, 232 | 1,272 | 11, 072, 901 | 502, 381 | 35, 003 | 67,335 | 6,154 | 21, 238, 609 | 2, 835, 184 |
| 1933 | 7, 101 | 28, 589 | 1, 880 | 16, 425, 056 | 833, 394 |  | 81 120,983 | 5,221 | 15, 449, 502 | 1, 962,969 |
| 1934 | 82445 | 2,522 | 147 | 2, 868, 520 | 69,444 |  | 10,315 | 298 | 2, 310, 148 | 296, 741 |
| 1935 | 63 | 454 | 9 | 353, 848 | 5,422 |  | 854 | 54 | 2,015, 586 | 217, 281 |
| 1936 | 98 | 722 | 35 | 1,586,159 | 114,617 |  | 13,761 | 63 | 2,065, 261 | 159,123 |
| 1937 | 93 | 693 | 30 | 1,325, 010 | 67, 320 |  | 6, 071 | 63 | 2, 324, 682 | 184, 030 |
| 1938. | 102 | 690 | 22 | 975, 011 | 41, 078 |  | 4, 842 | 80 | 2, 287, 330 | 288, 825 |
| 1939 | 108 | 715 | 31 | 1,479, 811 | 111,244 |  | 13,353 | 77 | 2, 350, 620 | 192,767 |
| 1940 | ${ }^{93} 112$ | 709 | 44 | 2, 423, 165 | 181,237 | 6,064 | 32, 965 | 68 | 2, 058,485 | 138, 960 |
| 1941--10- | ${ }^{93} 107$ | - 706 | 65 | 4, 612, 131 | 293, 036 | 40,346 | 60,490 | 42 | 738, 147 | 42,451 |
| $1942{ }^{10} 04$ - | 942 | $\bullet 5,584$ | 737 | 22, 619,930 | 2, 450, 342 | 117,152 | 647,460 | 205 | 635, 548 | 65, 664 |
| $194310044^{10}$ | 1,282 | 6,165 | 1,005 | 31, 625, 241 | 3, 536, 384 | 51, 590 | 771, 312 | 277 | 1,268, 610 | 120, 212 |
| 19441084 | 1,298 | 5,780 | 1,009 | 31, 508, 016 | 3,047, 526 | 29,100 | 630,111 | 289 | 674, 033 | 51, 725 |
| 19451008 | 1,409 | 6,093 | 1,080 | 29, 702, 047 | 2, 035, 203 | 9, 016 | 485, 060 | 329 | 1, 871, 296 | 149, 595 |
| 19461008 | 1,148 | 5,037 | 1763 | 18, 260,859 | 1, 452, 521 | 8, 400 | 474, 164 | 385 | 2, 955, 528 | 224, 933 |
| $1947{ }^{10} 1088$ | 1,210 | 5,349 | 767 | 24, 805, 621 | 2, 026, 690 | 39, 253 | 674, 522 | 443 | 2,601,920 | 169, 748 |
| $1948100^{10}$ | 1,418 | 6,373 | 878 | 29, 425, 463 | 2, 608, 552 | 23,190 | 880,543 | 540 | 1,850,004 | 102, 284 |

For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

Table 20.-Taxable consolidated ${ }^{88}$ excess profits tax returns, 1940-1946: ${ }^{1}$ Number of returns, number of subsidiaries, excess profits net income, excess profits creait, unused excess profits credit adjustment, adjusted excess profits net income, and excess profits tax
[Money figures in thousands of dollars]

| Year | Number of returns | Number subsidiaries ${ }^{89}$ | Excess profits net income ${ }^{82}$ | Excess profits credit ${ }^{83}$ | Unused excess profits credit adjustment ${ }^{84}$ | Adjusted excess profits net income ${ }^{83}$ | Excess profits $\operatorname{tax}{ }^{38}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1940{ }^{83}$ | 107 | 420 | 486, 310 | 364, 038 | Not applicable | 121, 712 | 59,118 |
| $1941{ }^{\text {os }}$ | 243 | 1,588 | 1,874, 554 | 949, 285 | 90,627 | 833, 079 | 491, 636 |
| 19421094 | 269 | 1,798 | 1,428,685 | 641,030 | 127, 777 | 658, 317 | 517, 297 |
| 19431094 | 349 | 2,419 | 2, 677, 735 | 1,074, 922 | 168,865 | 1, 432, 286 | 1,139, 059 |
| 19441094 | 328 | 1,959 | 2, 239,049 | 923,053 | 13, 269 | 1,300, 141 | 1,058, 214 |
| 19451084 | 316 | 1,468 | 1,080, 623 | 457, 998 |  | 616, 267 | 499, 786 |
| $194610 \%$ | 29 | 69 | 15,760 | 5,139 | (48) | 9, 239 | 2,721 |

[^54]
## Footnotes for historical tables 11 to 20, pp. 351-q16

1 Changes in the Federal tax laws affecting the comparability of data from income tax and profits tax returns of corporations are summarized on pages 452-476; textual discussion of comparability appears on pages 62-64.
${ }^{2}$ The total number of returns shown includes returns of inactive corporations. For 1909-26 the number of returns of inactive corporations is not available, being included in the number of returns with no net income; for 1927-48 the number of returns of inactive corporations may be obtained by deducting the sum of the returns with net income and the returns with no net income from the total number of returns.

There follows a résumé of the kinds of returns included in the number of returns as tabulated in tables 11-17 and 19.

1909-12. Returns of annual net income.
1913-17. Income tax returns.
1918. Income, war-profits, and excess-profits tax returns.
1919-21. Income and excess-profits tax returns.
1922-32. Income tax returns.
1933-45. Income and (declared value) excess-profits tax returns. (The corporation excess profits tax returns which are required to be filed for 1940 through 1945 in addition to the income and declared value excessprofits tax returns are not included but are tabulated separately in tables 18 and 20.)

1946-48. Income tax returns.
${ }^{2}$ For iterns included in "Total compiled receipts," see table 13. Prior to 1923, "Total compiled receipts" is not available by returns with net income and returns with no net income; the amount shown in table 11 for each year from 1916-22 is "Gross income," Which is smaller than "Total compiled receipts," as shown in table 13, by the amount of wholly taxexempt income.

The amounts of gross income for 1918-22 and total compiled receipts for 1923-24 are understated as a result of railroad and other public utllity corporations frequently reporting only the net amount of income on the face of the return. It was inexpedient, because of the cost and time required, to inspect the numerous supporting schedules in such cases for the purpose of compiling gross income and general deductions. The understatement is estimated to be 5 billion dollars for 1918 and 1919, and nearly twice that amount for 1920 and 1921. There is no estimate as to the amount by which the gross income for 1922 or total compiled receipts for 1923 and 1924 is understated.

The gross income figure for 1918 through 1921 ex* cludes dividends received from (1) domestic corporations (except those receiving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States for 1921), (2) foreign corporations taxable by the United States on their net income, and (3) personal service corporations out of earnings upon which a Federal income tax has been imposed. The Revenue Act of 1918 provided that dividends received on stock of corporations which were taxable upon their net income were to be deducted from gross income; but the 1918 return-which was printed before the act was passed-excluded them from gross income by providing for them to be reported with other nontaxable income. Such dividends were included in gross income on the 1919-21 returns but were excluded in tabulation to produce a gross income for 1919-21 which would be comparable to that reported and tabulated for 1918. The aggregate amount of these nontaxable dividends, including the amount reported on returns with no net income, is shown below for each year involved:

| Year | Amount of nontaxable dividends excluded from gross income |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1918 | \$420,653,468 (excluded on return). |
| 1919 | \$375,838,134 (excluded in tabula- |
| 1920 | $\$ 531,386,531$ tion to produce gross |
| 1921 | $\$ 509,117,760 \begin{aligned} & \text { income comparable to } \\ & \text { that on } 1918 \text { return). }\end{aligned}$ |

1 A comparison, for 1909-48 of the item tabulated for amount of "Net income" or "Deficit" and of the basis for classifying the returns into those "With net income" and "With no net income," follows:

1920-33 b_-

1934-35
1936

1937-39....

1940-43

1944-45....

| Year | Item tabulated for <br> amount of "Net in <br> come" or "Deficit" | Basis for classi- <br> fication "With <br> net income" <br> and "With no <br> net income" |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $1909-12 \ldots .-$ | Net income (for excise <br> tax computation). | Column 2 <br> Excise tax lia. <br> bility, or no <br> excise tax lia- <br> bility. |
| Same as col- |  |  |
| umn 1. |  |  | Nerm capital loss.

Net income for current year, i. e., before net operating loss deduction.

Basis for classireation "With and "With no net income" a

Column 2
Excise tax lia. bility, or no bility.
Same as column 1.
tion). Includes, for 1913, net income for excise tax computation reported for portion of taxable year prior to Mar. 1, on which date the income tax became effective.
Net income for current year, i. e., before deduction of prior year loss.
Net income subject to income tax. ${ }^{c}$
Net income for (declared value) excessprofits tax computation. ${ }^{-}$
Net income for (declared value) excessprofits tax computation.
Net income for declared value excessprofits tax computation, adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction.
Net income for declared value excessprofits tax computation, adjusted by excluding net operating loss deduction, and adding Government interest subject to surtax only and excess of net long-term capital ong-term capital ain over 1

Same as col. umn 1.

Same as column 1.
Net income for income tax computa. tion. ${ }^{\text {d }}$
Same as column 1.

Same as column 1.

Same as column 1.

Same as column 1.

- Prior to 1927, returns of inactive corporations were classified as returns with no net income.
${ }^{b}$ On calendar year returns for 1933, the net loss for prior year (1932) is not deductible, therefore the net income tabulated for such returns is the net income subject to income tax; on returns with fiscal year ending in the period July through November, 1933, the net loss for 1932 is deductible, therefore the net income tabulated for these fiscal year returns is the current year net income, that is, before deduction of prior year loss (1932). The provision for deducting prior year loss was repealed by the National Industrial Recovery Act, effective January 1, 1933.
e This amount, which is the net income less interest on Liberty bonds, etc., is comparable with net income subject to income tax for prior years.
d The only difference between the two items of


## Footnotes for historical tables 11 to 20, pp. 351-416-Continued

net income, for 1936, is the amount of the declared value excess-profits tax, $\$ 21,612,551$.

- The amounts shown as "Income tax" for 1909-15 are tax collections which include interest and penalties resulting from additional assessments; for 191648, are the amounts of tax liability reported on the returns, before deduction of credit for taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions.
For 1909-12, the amount represents the special excise tax; for 1913 , consists of $\$ 32,456,663$ income tax and $\$ 10,671,077$ excise tax. The taxes included in the amounts shown for 1914-48 are as follows:

Taxes tabulated as "Income tax"


[^55]45 in table 13.) For 1946, the amount shown is excess profits tax only.
${ }^{7}$ The amount "Dividends paid" excludes liquidating dividends; for years prior to 1928, excludes also dividends paid by life insurance companies.
8 Data for 1909 through 1915 are for the fiscal year ending June 30 of the following year, as shown in the annual reports of Commissioner of Internal Revenue; 1915 contains data from approximately 32,000 returns related to 1914. (See Annual Report, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, 1916, p. 26.)
${ }^{9}$ Revised as indicated below:

${ }^{10}$ Begianing 1942, instead of the special deduction for reserves which was previously allowable to life insurance companies in arriving at net income, there is allowable a credit against net income. As

## Footnotes for histonical tables 11 to 20, pp. 351-416-Continued

a consequence of this change in the law there is an increase in both the number of returns reporting net income and in the amount of net income reported.

11 Gross income. See note 3.
12 The number of returns for 1927-48 excludes those of inactive corporations; prior to 1927, the number of returns with no net income includes the returns of inactive corporations.

13 "Gross sales" is the amount received. less returns and allowances-from trading and manufacturing for 1918-31, and where inventories are an incomedetermining factor for 1932-48. For "Cost of goods sold," see "Deductions."

14 "Gross receipts from operations" and "Cost of operations" are not available, 1918-31; the gross amount shown for each of these years in table 13 and, for 1931, in table 16, is the gross profit from operations. For "Cost of operations" 1932 and thereafter, see "Deductions."
is "Taxable interest on Government obligations" is interest received on (1) Treasury notes issued on or after December 1, 1940, and (2) obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. Beginning 1942, the amount tabulated is less amortizable bond premium.

16 The amounts for "Rents and royalties" and for the separate items, "Rents" and "Royalties," are the gross amounts received. Depreciation, repairs, interest, taxes, and other expenses which are deductible from the gross amount received for rents, and the amount of depletion which is deductible from the gross amount of royalties received, are included in the respective deduction items.
${ }^{17}$ For 1932 and 1933, "Net gain, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets," as tabulated, is a composite of net gain (excess of gains over losses) resulting from (1) net gain or Ioss resulting from (a) sales or exchanges of capital assets and (b) sales or exchanges of real estate, regardless of time held, and (2) sales or exchanges of stocks and bonds (a) held 2 years or less, hence not classed as capital assets and (b) in the case of traders in securities, held over 2 years but not considered capital assets. For 1934-39, consists of net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of stocks, bonds, and other assets, regardless of time held. For 1940 and 1941, consists of net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of capital assets- (1) held for 18 months or less and (2) held for more than 18 months. For 1942 and 1943 is the net amount of gain arising from sale or exchange of capital assets. Beginning 1944 is tabulated as two items-(1) excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss and (2) excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss. For definition of capital assets, see table B, pp. 468-469. For 1938 and thereafter, there is excluded net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of depreciable assets. (See note 18.)

- "Net gain or loss, sales other than capital assets" is the net amount of gain or loss arising from the sale or exchange of depreciable property used in trade or business, short-term non-interest-bearing Government obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis, and beginning 1942, real property used in trade or business. If such property bas been beld for more than 6 months, special treatment is provided as shown in table B, p. 469.

[^56]tially and wholly tax-exempt" prior to 1936. (See note $5(a)$, table A, p. 460.)
20 "Other recelpts" include dividends from corporations organized under the Cbina Trade Act, 1922; dividends from corporations entitled to the benefits of section 251 of the Internal Revenue Code (corporations receiving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States); and amounts not elsewhere reported on the return, such as: Profft from sales of commodities other than the principal commodity in which the corporation deals; income from minor operations; bad debts recovered; cash discounts; conditional payments from United States Department of Agriculture; Federal income tax paid by lessen; income from claims, license rights, judgments, and joint ventures; net amount under operating agreements; net profit from commissaries; profit on dealing in futures; profit on prior years' collections (installment basis); profit on purchase of corporations' own bonds; recoveries of bonds, stocks, and other securities; refunds for cancellation of contracts, for insurance, management expenses, and processing taxes; and income from sales of scrap, salvage, or waste. (See note 39.)

21 "Interest on Government obligations subject to war profits and excess profits tax" for 1918-21 consists, in general, of interest on the principal amount of Liberty bonds, issued since September 1, 1917 (and, beginning 1919 war finance corporation bonds), in excess of certain specified exemptions. "Interest on Government obligations subject to declared value excess-profits tax" for 1934-45 and subject also to surtax for 1941-45 consists of interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, and owned in principal amount over $\$ 5,000$. For 1934-36, interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act or such Act as amended was also subject to declared value excess-profits tax. 'The entire amount of interest subject to declared value excess-profits tax for 1934 and 1935 is included in the figure shown for wholly tax-exempt interest. Beginning 1942, the amount tabulated is less amortizable bond premium.
22 "Interest on Government obligations, subject to surtax only" is the interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States (other than obligations issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act, or such Act as amended) issued prior to March 1, 1941; and, beginning 1946, interest on United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds owned in principal amount of over $\$ 5,000$ issued prior to March 1, 1941. Beginning 1942, the amount tabulated is less amortizable bond premium.

23 "Interest on Government ohligations, wholly tax-exempt," consists of interest on obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia, and United States possessions; obligations of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1917, all postal savings bonds, Treasury notes issued prior to December 1, 1940 , Treasury bills, and Treasury certificates of indebtedness issued prior to March 1, 1941; obligations issued prior to March 1, 1941, under the Federal Farm Loan Act or under such Act as amended and United States savings bonds and Treasury bonds issued prior to March 1, 1941, and owned in principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less. For 1937-40 includes also interest on obligations of instrumentalities of the United States, other than those issued under the Federal Farm Loan Act, or such Act as amended. The amounts shown as wholly tax-exempt interest for 1934 and 1935 include the interest on Government obligations, subject to declared value excess-profits tax.
${ }^{24}$ "Total compiled receipts" excludes nontaxable income other than tax-exempt interest recoived on certain Government obligations.
${ }^{25}$ Items of deductions which are reported in "Cost of goods sold" or in "Cost of operations" are tabu-

## Footnotes for historical tables 11 to 20, pp.351-416-Continued

lated as reported, in "Cost," and not transferred to the respective deduction item. However, an exception is made with respect to amounts reported in costs and identifiable as "Amortization of emergency facilities" and "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," such amounts being transferred to the respective deduction items.
${ }^{20}$ Amount for "Compensation of officers" excludes compensation of officers of life insurance companies which file Form 1120 L , since such data are not required to be reported on the return.
${ }^{27}$ Amount shown as "Repairs" is the cost of incidental repairs, including labor and supplies, which do not add materially to the value of the property or appreciably prolong its life. For 1938 and prior years, "Repairs" were included in "Other deductlons."
28 The item "Taxes paid" includes all taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year except (1) Federal income, war-profits, and excess profits taxes, (2) estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes, (3) that portion of income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries and United States possessions which for 1921-31 is claimed as a credit against income tax, or, for 1932-48, the entire amount of such tax if any portion thereof is claimed as a credit against income tax, (4) taxes assessed against local benefits, (5) Federal taxes paid on tax-free covenant bonds, and (6) taxes reported in "Cost of goods" and "Cost of operations."
${ }^{20}$ The deduction claimed for "Contributions or gifts" is limited to 5 percent of net income as computed without benefit of deduction for contributions or gifts. It was not allowable prior to 1936.
${ }^{30}$ Amount shown as "Amortization" is the deduction with respect to amortization of the cost of emergency facilities necessary for national defense, as provided by section 124 of the Internal Revenue Code as amended by the Second Revenue Act of 1940. On September 29, 1945, the President proclaimed the ending of the emergency period defined in section 124(e) (2). As a result, taxpayers holding certified emergency facilities on which the $60-\mathrm{month}$ amortization period had not expired could elect to terminate the amortization period as of September 30,1345 , and recompute the amortization deduction for each tax year involved, on the basis of the actual number of months in the shortened period. Thus, the amortization deductions reported on the 1945 returns are, in many instances, the increased amounts based on the shortened period, whereas the amounts reported on returns for 1944 and earlier years are based on a $60-\mathrm{month}$ period and are subject to adjustment to give effect to the recomputation.
${ }^{21}$ "Amounts contributed under pension plans, etc.," consists of deductions claimed under section 23(p) of the Internal Revenue Code for amounts contributed by employers under pension, annuity, stock-bonus, or profit-sharing plans, or other deferred compensation plans.

22 For 1932 and 1933, "Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets," as tabulated, consists of the excess of net loss resulting from sales or exchanges of (1) capital assets and (2) real estate, regardless of time held, over net gain resulting from sales or exchanges of stocks and bonds held 2 years or less, and therefore not classed as capital assets. For 1934-39 consists of the deduction allowable for "Net capital loss" (excess of losses over gains resulting from sales or exchanges of stocks, bonds, and other assets, regardless of time held) which deduction cannot exceed $\$ 2,000$ or the amount of net capital loss, whichever is less. For 1940 and 1941, net long-term capital loss consists of the excess of losses over gains resulting from sales or exchanges of capital assets held over 18 months. Beginning 1942, a net capital loss is not deductible in the current year but may be carried forward and applied against net capital gains of the 5 succeeding taxable years. For definition of capital assets, see table B, pages 468-469. For 1938 and thereafter, there is excluded the net loss from sales or exchanges of depreciable assets. (See note 18.)
${ }_{33}$ "Other deductions" include (1) negative amounts reported under income, (2) losses by abandonment, fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty (including war losses for 1942 and subsequent years), and theft, (3) salaries and wages not deducted elsewhere on the return, (4) amounts not otherwise reported, such as: Administrative, general, and office expenses; advertising costs until 1945, when it is tabulated as a separate item; bonuses and commissions; delivery charges; freight and shipping expenses; payments in connection with lawsuits; research expenses; sales discount; selling costs; travel expenses; unrealized profits on installment sales; and Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation assessments reported by banks, and (5) for 1918-41, special deductions of life insurance companies relating to reserve for dividends and reserve funds required by law. (See note 10. See also note 41.)

34 "Net income" is less than "Compiled net profft," and "Deficit" is greater than "Compiled net loss," for 1918-35 by the sum of "Dividonds from domestic corporations" and "Wholly tax-exempt interest on Government obligations'; for 1936-40, and 1944-48, by the amount of "Wholly tax-exempt interest on Government obligations"; and for 1941-43, by the sum of (1) "Wholly tax-exempt interest on Government obligations" and (2) "Interest subject to surtax only."
${ }^{35}$ The amounts tabulated as "Net operating loss deduction" for 1922-32 represent "Net loss for prior year" reported and effective as a deduction in determining statutory net income for those years. The law provides, in general, that such loss is deductible in the 2 years succeeding that in which the loss is sustained, except for 1931, when the loss could be carried forward only 1 year. A prior year loss was not deductible in computing statutory net incomo for 1933 through 1939. Tbe figures for 1940-48 are those of the deduction due to net operating loss for prior year or years. For 1940, this deduction represents the net loss (after certain deductions) sustained in 1939; for 1941-48, it represents the net operating loss carryover from the two preceding taxable years. The net operating loss deduction has not been taken into consideration in computing the net income as tabulated in Statistics of Income.
36 "Income subject to excess profits tax," for 1942 and 1943, and "Adjusted excess profits net income," for 1944 and 1945, allowed as a credit on Form 1120 in computing normal tax and surtax net income, are, in general, equal to the adjusted excess profits net income, as reported on Form 1121. However, in case the excess profits tax is determined as provided in section 721 of the Internal Revenue Code (relating to abnormalities in income in the taxable period), section 726 (relating to corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Act of 1936), section 731 (relating to corporations engaged in mining strategic minerals), or section 736(b) (relating to corporations with income from long-term contracts), the credit reported on Form 1120 for 1942 and 1943 is the amount of which the excess profits tax is 90 percent and, for 1944 and 1945, 95 percent. For the purpose of computing such credit, the excess profits tax used is the tax computed without regard to the limitation provided in section 710 (a) (1) (B) (the 80 percent limitation), without regard to the credit provided in section 729 (c) and (d) for foreign taxes paid, and without regard to the adjustments provided in section 734 in case of position inconsistent with prior income tax liability.
${ }_{37}$ The (declared value) excess-profits tax became effective June 30,1933 , under the tax provisions of the National Industrial Recovery Act. For 1934 and 1935, the amount tabulated includes a small amount of (declared value) excess-profits tax which appears on returns with no net income for income tax purposes because the credit for interest received on certain obligations of the United States and its instrumentalities, whlch is allowed against net income in the computation of income tax, is not allowable against net income in the computation of (declared value) excess-profits tax. (See art. 1(d), Treasury Decision 4469, "Regulations relating to the

## Footnotes for historical tables 11 to 20, pp.351-416-Continued

excess-profits tax imposed by section 702 of the Revenue Act of 1934.") The declared value excessprofits tax shown for 1940 includes doclared value excess-profits defense tax reported on returns for a fiscal year ending in period July 1, 1940, through June 30, 1941.
38 The excess profits tax was imposed by section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code, which section was added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, effective for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1939. The amount of excess profits tax tabulated for 1940 is the liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns (item 32, page 1, Form 1121) for the calendar year 1940 and for fiscal years beginning in 1940 with the greater part of the accounting period in 1940. The amount tabulated for 1941 is the excess profits tax deduction (item 35, page 1, Form 1120 for 1941) allowed in the computation of normal-tax net income, except that for fiscal years beginning in 1940, with the greater part of the accounting period in 1941, there is tabulated the amount of excess profits tax liability (itern 32, page 1, Form 1121 for 1940). The amount tahulated for the years 1942 through 1944 is the excess profits tax liability reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, less the credit for deht retirement and the net post-war refund. For 1945 and 1946 the amount tabulated is the excess profits tax reported on corporation excess profits tax returns, less the 10 percent credit. Effective January 1, 1946, the corporate excess profits tax is repealed. The amount of tax shown for 1946 is limited to 11,053 taxable excess profits tax returns, filed for fiscal years ending within the period July through November 1946, on which an excess profits tax liability is reported for the portion of the accounting period in 1945. The amounts for 1943-46 are before the amount deferred under section 710(a) (5) (relating to abnormalities under section 722) and after any adjustments reported on the returns under other relief provisions. The amount for 1942 is after both the section 710 (a) (5) deferment and any adjustments reported on the returns under other relief provisions. For all years, the amount tabulated is before deduction of credit for tax paid to foreign countries or United States possessions.
${ }^{30}$ Amounts for the following items are tabulated in "Other receipts": "Gross sales," 1918-21; "Gross profit (gross income from operations other than trading or manufacturing)," 1918-21 and 1925; "Interest not on Government obligations," 1918-21 and 1925; "Rents," 1918-21 and 1925-28; "Royalties," 1918-21 and 1925-37; "Net gain, sales of stocks, honds, and other assets," 1918-27; and "Dividends from foreign corporations," 1918-36.

40 The figure for "Total compiled receipts," for the years 1918-21, is understated as a result of railroad and other public utility corporations frequently reporting only the nel amount of income on the face of the return. See second paragraph of footnote 3.
${ }^{41}$ Amounts for the following items are tabulated in "Other deductions": "Compensation of officers," 1925-27; "Rent paid on business property," 1922-32; "Repairs," 1918-38; "Bad debts," 1918-26; "Taxes paid," 1925; "Net loss, sales of stocks, bonds, and other assets," 1926-29.
42 The figure for "Total compiled deductions" is understated for reasons mentioned in footnote 3.

43 The amount of excess profits tax shown for 1922 was reported on the returns of corporations whose fiscal year ended after December 31, 1921, and prior to July 1, 1922.
4s "Interest on Government obligations, subject to declared value excess-profits tax" is tabulated in "Interest on Government obligations wholly taxexempt," for 1934 and 1935.

## 45 Compiled net loss or deficit.

40 Tax for returns with net income includes (declared value) excess-profits tax of approximately
$\$ 37,500$ for 1934 , and $\$ 19,500$ for 1935 , appearing on returns with no net income for lncome tax purposes, due to the credit for interest received on certain ohligations of the United States and its instrumentalities, which is allowed against net income in the computation of the income tax, not being allowed against net income in computation of the (declared value) excess-profits tax. (See article 1(d) of Treasury Decision 4469.)
47 The amount of excess profits tax shown for 1946 is limited to 11,053 taxable excess profits tax returns, filed for fiscal years ending within the period July through November 1946, on which an excess profits tax liability is reported for the portion of the accounting period in 1945.

## 48 Not available.

10 Less than $\$ 500,000$.
${ }^{50}$ A corporation is classified industrially according to the business reported on the return. When diversified activities are reported, the classification is determined by the industry which accounts for the largest percentage of total receipts. Therefore, industrial groups may contain data for activities other than those on which the classifications are based. As to comparability of industry groups for the years 1939-48, see p. 63.

5I Excess profits tax and total tax include $\$ 15,723,446$ excess profits tax, under section 710 of the Internal Revenue Code, which is not distributed by industrial classifications or by States and Territories.

52 The major industry group "Bituminous coal and lignite mining" included the industrial activity "Peat" for 1939-47 which was transferred to "Nonmetallic mining and quarrying" for 1948. Since data for this activity are not tabulated separately, no adjustments have heen made to improve comparability between 1948 and prior years.

63 The major industry group "Nonmetallic mining and quarrying" includes, for 1948, "Mining and quarrying not allocable" which, for 1939-47, was a separate group. To improve comparability with 1948, data for 1939-47 have been adjusted by combining the two groups.

54 To improve comparability with 1948 , adjustments have been made for 1939-47 by transferring "Wooden containers" from "Manufacturing: Furniture and fixtures" to "Manufacturing: Lumber and wood products, except furniture" and by transferring "Matches" from "Manufacturing: Furniture and fixtures" to "Other manufacturing." In addition, an adjustment is made in the 1948 data by transferring data for "Other wood products" from "Manufacturing: Lumber and wood products, except furniture" to the major group "Manufacturing: Furniture and fixtures."

55 Combinations of two or more major groups are employed for purposes of comparison with prior years in those instances where the content of the major groups for 1948 differs so markedly from 1939-47 as to preclude a comparison of data for a single major group.

56 The 1939-47 data shown have been obtained by combining the two major groups designated in those years as "Manufacturing: Iron, steel, and products" and "Manufacturing: Nonferrous metals and their products," the former group having been adjusted to exclude, for 1942-47, the five minor groups comprising "Ordnance and accessories" for 1948 and the latter group having been adjusted throughout to exclude "Clocks and watches" and "Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware." (Prior to 1942, the "Iron, steel, and products" major group included only a portion of the activities now comprising "Ordnance and accessories" and data were not tabulated separately for such portion.)

## Footnotes for historical tables 11 to 20, pp. 851-416-Continued

17 The industry group designated "Ordnance and accessories" appears as a major group for the first time in 1948. The data shown for $1912-47$ have been extracted from the major group "Iron, steel, and products," where, for those years, data for "Ordnance and accessories" were tabulated as five minor groups. Prior to 1942, the activities comprising this group were classified in several major groups. (See chart on page 7 of the 1942 volume of this report.)
${ }^{86}$ The 1939-47 data shown have been obtained by (1) combining the two major groups designated in those years as "Other mauufacturing" and "Manufacturing not allocable" and (2) by adding thereto "Olocks and watches" and "Jewelry (except costume), silverware, plated ware" (transferred from "Manufacturing: Nonferrous metals and their products") and "Matches" (transferred from "Manufacturing: Furniture and fixtures").

69 For 1939-47 "Electric and gas utilities," which appears as a major group for the first time in 1948, has been extracted from "Other public utilities."

60 Data for 1939 are not available or are omitted on account of poor comparability. However, omitted data are included in division total where the comparability is affeeted to a lesser degree.
${ }^{\circ}$ Data for 1939 have been adjusted to improve comparability with 1940 and subsequent years.
68 The major industry group "Other retail trade" was tabulated, for 1939-47, as three separate major groups, i. e., "Other retall trade," "Package liquor stores," and "Retail trade not allocable." To improve comparability with 1948, the 1939-47 data for these three groups have been combined.

68 The major industry group "Credit agencies other than banks" was tabulated, for 1939, as four separate major groups and, for 1940-47, as three separate major groups. To improve comparability with 1948, the 1939 data for the four groups have been combined and the 1940-47 data for the three groups have been combined. For 1939, the four major groups were "Mortgage and title coripanies," "Commercial credit and finance companies," "Industrial and personal loan companies," and "Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property not allooable." For 1940-47, the three major groups were "Long-term credit agencies, mortgage companles, except banks," "Short-term oredit agencies, except banks," and "Finance not allocable."
04 The major industry group "Holding and other Investment companies" was tabulated, for 1939, as four separate major groups and, for 1940-47, as three separate major groups. To improve comparability with 1948, the 1939 data for the four groups have been combined and the 1940-47 data for the three groups have been combined. For 1939, the four major groups were "Investment trusts and investment companies," "Holding companies," "Other corporations holding securities," and "Other finance companies." For 1940-47, the three major groups were "Investment trusts and investment compsnies," "Other investment companies, including holdiug companies," and "Other finance companies."

06 The major industry group "Other services, Including schools" includes, for 1948, "Service not allocable" which, for 1939-47, was a separate group. Toimprove comparabllity with 1948, data for 1939-47 have been adjusted by combinlng the two groups.

60 Returns filed in a State may not be a complete eoverage of all corporations whose principal place of business is located therein. Conversely, a tabulation for a given State may include data from returns of corporations having their principal place of business in another State. A corporation may file an income tax return either in the collection district in which it has its principal place of business or in the collection district in which it has its principal office or agency.

07 Number of returns with balance sheets excludes returns with fragmentary balance sheet data, and, except for 1926, also excludes returns of inactive corporations.
${ }^{68}$ Amount shown as "Cash" includes bank doposits.
09 Amount shown as "Investments, Government obligations" consists of obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof; obligations of States, Territories, and political subdivisions thereof, the District of Columbia and United States possessions. (See note 70.)
"Where investments are not segregated as between "Government obligations" and "Other," the entire amount is included In "Other investments."
71 "Capital assets" consist of (1) depreciable tangible assets such as buildings, fixed mechanical equipment, manufacturing facilities, transportation facilities, furniture and fixtures, (2) depletable tangible assets-natural resources, (3) land, and (4) for 1939-48, Intangible assets such as patents, franchises, formulas, copyrights, leaseholds, goodwill, and trademarks. Prior to 1939 intangible assets were included in "Other assets."
"3 "Other assets" consist of assets not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Sinking funds; other funds; deferred charges; organization expenses; prepaid and suspense items; interest, discount, coupons, and dividends receivable; and guaranty deposlts. "Other assets" of life insurance companies include market value of real estate, bonds, and stocks in excess of book value; interest, rents, and promiums due; and agents' balances.
${ }^{72}$ Assets and liabllities are tabulated as of December 31, or close of fiscal year nearest thereto. Total assets classes are based on the net amount of total assets after reserves for depreciation, depletion, amortization, and bad debts. Adjustments are made in tabulating the data as follows: (1) Reserves for depreclation, depletion, amortization, and, except for 1926 , reserve for bad debts, when reported under liabilities are used to reduce the corresponding assets account, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of such reserves, (2) a deficit in surplus, reported under assets, is transferred to liabilities, and "Total assets" and "Total liabilities" are decreased by the amount of the deficit.
74 Notes payable with maturity less than one year
are tabulated in "Notes and accounts payable," 1929-36.
${ }^{76}$ Notes payable with maturity of one year or more are tabulated in "Bonded debt and mortgages," 1929-36.

78 "Other liabilities" consist of liabilities not elsewhere reported on return, such as: Deferred and suspense items; accrued expenses; dividends pay. able; funds held in trust; borrowed securities; outstanding coupons and certificates; and overdrafts. "Other liabilities" of life insurance companies lnclude the net value of outstanding policies and annuities, and borrowed money. "Other liabilities" of banks include deposits (time, savings, demand, etc.) and bank notes in circulation.

17 Capital stock which is not definitely designated as elther common or preferred is tabulated under common stock.
78 "Surplus rescrves," when specifically designated as such, are tabulated in "Surplus and undivided profits" for 1926-37; all other reserves, except those for depreciation, depletlon, and bad debts, aro tabulated in "Other liabilities."
70 For 1926-36, the net amount of "Surplus and undivided profits" or "Deficit" is tabulated from

## Footnotes for historical tables 11 to 20, pp.351-416-Continued

each return. For 1937, "Surplus and undivided profits" consists of the sum of the positlve amounts reported under "Pald in or capital surplus," "Earned surplus and undivided profits," and "Surplus reserves"; "Deficit" consists of the sum of the negative amounts reported under "Earned surplus and undivided profits." For 1938 and subsequent years, the method of tabulation is the same as for 1937, except that "Surplus reserves," being tabulated separately, are excluded from "Surplus and undivided profts."
so "Other investments" are included in "Other assets" for all corporations, 1926-28; and for life insurance companies 1926-29.
${ }^{81}$ Items of receipts and deductions, "Compiled net profit or net loss," "Net income or deficit," "Prior year loss," tax and dividends paid are not available for corporation returns with balance sheets for the years 1926-30 but are shown for all returns in table 13.
${ }^{62}$ See note 36, table A, p. 464.
${ }^{83}$ See table A, pp. 452-459.
${ }^{81}$ The unused excess profits credit adjustment, described in note 40, p. 465 , is not included in the amount of excess profits credit shown, but is taken into account in arriving at the adjusted excess profits net income.
${ }^{85}$ No excess profits tax returns were filed for fiscal years ending in period July through November 1940, since the excess profits tax provisions are applicable only to taxable years beginning after December 31, 1939.
${ }^{86}$ For types of corporations permitted to file a consolidated return and for criteria of affiliation, see "Synopsis of Federal Tax Laws," pp. 470-476.
${ }^{87}$ Data for earlier years not available.
${ }^{88}$ For data pertalning to consolidated excess profits tax returns, see table 20, p. 416.
${ }_{89}$ The number of subsidiaries consists of the number of affiliated corporations which, together with the common parent corporation, file a consolidated return.
${ }^{00}$ "Gross income" is substituted for "Total compiled receipts," for 1931 and 1934. See notes 3 and 24.

11 Includes (declared value) excess-profits tax (effective June 30, 1933, under provisions of National Industrial Recovery Act) aggregating $\$ 254,401$.

02 Of this number, 76 returns were for common carriers by railroad, the other 369 being returns permitted to be filed for fiscal years ending prior to December 31, 1934, by corporations other than common carriers by railroad.
${ }^{93}$ Includes pan-American trade corporations.
${ }^{24}$ Beginning 1942, the consolidated return privilege is again extended, in general, to all corporations. (See table C, pp. 470-476..)
${ }^{95}$ Excludes returns filed for fiscal years ending in period July through November 1941 (filed under 1940 law).











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## MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

## CHART FOR COMPARISON OF CLASSIFICATIONS FOR 1948 AND 1947

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## COMPARISON OF MAJOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS FOR 1948 AND 1947

For 1948, changes have been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, generally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. On pages 428-431 there is presented a chart for comparison of the 1948 major industrial groups in basic tables 3, 4,6 , and 7 in this report with the 1947 major industrial groups in basic tables $3,4,6$, and 7 in Statistics of Income for 1947, Part 2.

In Part I of the chart, pages 428-429, the 1947 major industrial groups in the second column are grouped to show combinations which are equivalent to the 1948 major industrial groups in the first column, with the exception of the industrial activities referred to by designating numbers in the last two columns. These designating numbers refer to industrial activities which were shifted, by the industrial classification used for 1948, from one major industrial group to another major industrial group and for which tabulated data are not available for 1948 and 1947. The industrial activity, represented by each designating number, and the major groups in which the activity is classified for 1948 and 1947 are shown in Part II of the chart, pages 430-431.

The use of the chart on pages 428-431 may be illustrated as follows: The major industrial group designated "Farms and agricultural services" is comparable with the 1947 major industrial group designated "Agriculture and services" except that "Contract sorting, grading, and packing of fruits and vegetables for the grower," No. 1, which is included in "Farms and agricultural services" "for 1948, is included in "Transportation" for 1947; and "Irrigation systems," No. 54, which is included in "Other public utilities" for 1948, is included in "Agriculture and services" for 1947.

Attention is called to the major industrial groups designated "Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment," "Ordnance and accessories," and "Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks." The horizontal dotted line opposite these three groups in the second column of Part I of the chart, pages 428-429, indicates that there was no corresponding major group for 1947. To determine the previous classification of activities comprising these groups, see designating numbers $12-26 ; 34$; and $35-48$, respectively, in Part II of the chart, pages $430-$ 431. Vice versa, in the second column of Part I of the chart, attention is called to the major industrial groups designated "Other finance companies" and "Finance not allocable." The horizontal dotted line opposite these two groups in the first column of Part I of the chart indicates that there is no corresponding group for 1948. For 1948, the former is included in "Holding and other finance companies"; and the latter in "Credit agencies other than banks."
Designating numbers of the industrial activities
(see pp. 43--431) which affect comparability of
major industrial groups

| Included in major group <br> for 1948 but excluded <br> for 1947 | Included in major group <br> for 1947 but excluded <br> for 1948. |
| :---: | :---: |


"
4

27-33.

Nonferrous metals and their products
Machinery, except transportation equipment and electrical machinery and equipment.

Transportation equipment, except automobiles
Automobiles and equipment, except electrical.
Automobiles and equipment, except electrica

Other manufacturing:-
Manufacturing not allocable

## Major industrial groups

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9,30-47 .
$$



| Designating number | Industrial activity | 1948 major industrial groups in which industrial activities are classified | 1947 raajor industrial groups in which industrial activities are classified | Designating number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Contract sorting, grading, and packing of fruits and vegetables for the grower. | Farms and agricultural services.. | Transportation.. | 1 |
| 2 |  | Crude petroleura and natural gas production- | Other service, including schools | 2 |
| 4 | Spat-1.--- | Nonmetalic mining and quarrying --......- | - Bituminous coal, lignite, peat, etc.- | 3 |
| 5 | Excelsior mills..... | Lumber and wood products, except furniture. | Furniture and finished lumber produ | 5 |
| 7 | Wood preserving: treating wood (sawed or planed in other establish- |  |  | 7 |
|  | ments) with creosote or other preservatives. |  |  |  |
| 8 | Lasts and related products (regardless of materials used), including mirrors and pictures; wood products, not elsewhere classified, such display forms for shoes and boots; frames (metal or wooden) for as ladders, scaffolds, etc. | do | -do | 8 |
| 1 |  | Paper and allied products | Other manufacturing---- | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 10 |  |  | Chemicals and allied products | 10 |
| 12 | Tin cans and other tinware... | Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, | Iron, steel, and products | 12 |
| 13 | Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware | aachinery and transportation equipment. |  | 13 |
| 14 | Heating apparatus (except electric), and plumbers' supp |  | -do. | 14 |
| 16 | Fabricated structural steel and ornamental metal work |  | do | 15 16 |
| 17 | Boiler shop products |  |  | 17 |
| 18 19 | Sheet-metal work Vitreous-enameled products; automobile stampings; stamped and |  | Nonferrous metals and their product | 18 |
| 19 | Vitreous-enameled products; automobile stampings; stamped and pressed metal products; powder metallurgy; enameling, japanning, and lacquering metal products for the trade; galvanizing and other hot-drip coating. | do | Iron, steel, and products.. | 19 |
| 20 | Engraving on metal; electroplating, plating, and polishing metal...- | --do- |  | 20 |
| $\stackrel{21}{22}$ | Lighting fixtures........ |  | do | 21 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | Metal shipping barrels; drums, kegs, and pails (ferrous and nonferrous), safes and vaults; steel springs, bolts, nuts, washers and rivets; screw-machine products (metal, fiber, plastic or other material). | --.-.do | Iron, steel, and product | $\stackrel{22}{23}$ |
| 24 | Collapsible tubes (aluminum, etc.); gold, silver, tin, aluminum, and other foil; metal novelties and specialties. | .do | Nonferrous metals and their products. | 24 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | Hose couplings. | do | do | 25 |

Brooders and incubators
Industrial furnaces and ovens, except electric Time clocks and time-recording devices.........
 Ordnance and accessories (whole group).

ment; watches, clocks.
of
\%
do
do
do
do
do
do
do
do
Other manufacturing
Other public utilities --...-. --
Holding and other investment companies.
Business services


## MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS

## CHART FOR COMPARISON OF CLASSIFICATIONS FOR 1948 AND 1947

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 F|y $+36: 2.24$

COMPARISON OF MINOR INDUSTRIAL GROUPS FOR 1948 AND 1947
For 1948, changes have been made in the contents of certain industry groups to conform, generally, with recent changes in the Standard Industrial Classification. On pages 438-450 there is presented a chart for comparison of the 1948 minor industrial groups in basic table 2 in this report with the 1947 minor industrial groups in basic table 2 in Statistics of Income for 1947, Part 2.

In Part I of the chart, pages 438-447, the 1947 minor industrial groups in the second column are arranged to show groups or combinations of groups which are equivalent to the 1948 minor industrial groups or combinations of groups in the first column, with the exception of the industrial activities referred to by designating numbers in the last two columns. These designating numbers refer to industrial activities which were shifted, by the industrial classification used for 1948, from one minor industrial group to another minor industrial group and for which tabulated data are not available for 1948 and 1947. The industrial activity, represented by each designating number, and the minor groups in which the activity is classified for 1948 and 1947 are shown in Part II of the chart, pages 448-450.

A horizontal dotted line in the first column of Part I of the chart, pages 438-447, indicates that there is no 1948 minor industrial group corresponding to a minor industrial group shown for 1947. A horizontal dotted line in the second column of Part I of the chart, pages 438-447, indicates that there was no 1947 minor industrial group corresponding to a minor industrial group shown for 1948.

The use of the chart on pages 438-450 may be illustrated as follows: The two minor industrial groups designated "Other apparel and accessories" and "Other fabricated textile products" are comparable with the 1947 minor industrial group designated "Other apparel and products made from fabrics" except that "Sponging or shrinking cloth for the trade," No. 10, which is included in "Other fabricated textile products" for 1948, is included in "Dyeing and finishing textiles, except woolen and worsted" for 1947; and "Chemically treated polishing cloths," No. 20, which is included in "Soap, and glycerin, cleaning and polishing preparations, etc.," for 1948, is included in "Other apparel and products made from fabrics" for 1947."

Basic table 14 is the only table in this report which shows data for 1939 through 1948 by major industrial groups. Data for the years 1939-47 have been adjusted, wherever possible, to improve comparability with 1948.

In using the adjusted data shown in basic table 14, it must be remembered that, although this is the best comparison that can be presented over the years, the data are not always entirely comparable because certain industrial activities within minor industrial groups were tabulated in different industrial groups for 1948 than they were for 1947 or years prior to 1947. The industrial activities classified within minor industrial groups (data for which are not available for either 1948 or 1947) are indicated by designating numbers in the last two columns of Part I of the cbart on pages 438-447 and are listed in Part II of the chart on pages 448-450.

Adjustments which have been made in major groups to improve comparability of data presented in basic table 14 for 1939-48 are as follows:

## Mining and quarrying:

Nonmetallic mining and quarrying:

## Combine-



## Manufacturing:

Textile-mill products:
Combine-

Lumber and wood products, except furniture:
Add-
"Wooden containers"----.--------------------------1939-1947.
Subtract-
"Other wood products"-----------------------------1948.
Furniture and fixtures:
Subtract-

Add-
"Other wood products"
1948.

Primary metal industries and fabricated metal products (ex-
cept ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment):
Combine-

Subtract-
"Firearms, guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment"
"Ammunition"
1942-1947.
"Tanks"
(See note 57,
"Sighting and fire-control equipment (except optical)"
p. 422.)
"Ordnance and accessories not elsewhere classified"
"Jewelry (precious metal), silverware and plated ware".

1939-1947.
"Clocks and watches"
Combine-
"Primary metal industries"
"Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment" --.......--
1948.

Ordnance and accessories:
Combine-
"Firearms, guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment"
"Ammunition"
1942-1947.

"Sighting and fire-control equipment (except opti-
"Ordnance and accessories not elsewhere classified"-)
Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks; and other:

Combine-
"Other manufacturing"
"Manufacturing not allocable"

"Jewelry (precious metal), silverware and plated

"Clocks and watches"
Combine-
"Scientific instruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks"
"Other manufacturing".
1948.

## Public utilities:

Electric and gas utilities:
Combine-
"Electric light and power"

Other public utilities:
Subtract-
"Electric light and power"
"Gas, distribution and manufacture"
1939-1947.
Trade:
Retail:
Automotive dealers and filling stations:
Combine-

Building materials and hardware:
Combine-
"Building materials, fuel, and ice"
"Hardware"
1939-1947.
Other retail trade:
Combine
"Other retail trade"--.-.------------------------

"Retail trade not allocable"
Finance, insurance, real estate, and lessors of real property:
Credit agencies other than banks:
Combine-
"Long-term credit agencies, mortgage companies, 1939-1947.

"Short-term credit agencies, except banks"
"Finance not allocable"
p. 422. )

Holding and other investment companies:
Combine-
"Investment trusts and investment companies"--7 1939-1947.
"Other investment companies; including holding (See note 64,
"Other finance companies"
p. 422.)

## Services:

Other services, including schools:
Combine-
"Other service, including schools"
"Service not allocable"

## 1947

| Minor industrial groups |  | Designating numbers of the industrial activities (see pp. 448-450) which affect comparability of minor industrial groups |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1948 groups | 1947 groups | Includedin minorgroups for 1948 but excluded for 1947 | Included in minor groups for 1947 but excluded for 1948 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishery: Farms and agricultural services. | Agriculture, forestry, and fishery! Agriculture and services-..-- |  | 62. |
|  | Forestry --:--.......- |  |  |
| Fishery --.......... | Fishery |  |  |
| Mining and quarrying: | Mining and quarrying: Metal mining: |  |  |
| Iron--.-.-.... | Iron. Copper |  |  |
| Copper, lead, zinc, gold, silver | Lead and zinc- |  |  |
| Other metal mining | Other metal mining Metal mining not allocable |  |  |
| Bituminous coal and lignite mining---1---1/ | Bituminous coal, lignite, peat, etc Crude petroleum and natural gas production: |  | 3. |
| Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gasoline. | Crude petroleum, natural gas, and natural gasoline production. |  |  |
| Oil- and gas-field contract services | Field service operations | 2-.-------------------. |  |
| Nonmetallic mining and quarrying: Stone, sand, and gravel.. | Nonmetallic mining and quarrying: Stone, |  |  |
| Other nonmetallic mining and quarrying | Other nonmetallic mining and quarrying Nonmetallic mining and quarrying not allocable.-- |  |  |
| Construction: | Mining and quarrying not allocab |  |  |
| General building contractors General contractors other than building | General contractors. |  | 5. |
| General contractors not allocable-.....- | Special trade contractors |  | 4. |
| Other construction....- | Construction not allocable |  |  |
| Manufacturing: | Manufacturing: - = |  |  |
| Beverages: | Beverages: |  |  |
| Nonalcoholic beverages. | Beverages not allocable |  |  |
| Malt liquors and malt..- | Malt liquors and mal |  |  |
| Wines. <br> Distilled, rectified, and blended liquors | Wistilled, rectified, and blended liquors |  |  |


Part I.-Minor industrial groups for 1948 and corresponding 1947 groups-Continued


Petroleum and coal products:
Other petroleum
Other petroleuin and coal products.-.
Rubber products:
Tires and inner tubes
Tires and inner tubes.

Lea and products:
Footwear, except rubbed, and finished.
Footwear, except rubber. .-....................................

Glass and glass products.
Cement (hydraulic)
Structural clay produc
Pottery and related products.................
Concrete, gypsum, and plaster products.
Cut-stone and stone products.-.........
ucts.
Primary metal industries:
Blast furnaces, steel win
Abrasives, asbestos, and other nonmetalic mineral prod-
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills-...-...............
Smelting, refining, rolling, drawing, and alloying of non-
frorrous and steel foundries.
Nonferrous foundries-1.-.............
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving (tabulated under
Fabricated metal products).
Lighting fixtures (tabulated un Fabricaled wire products (taoulated under Fabricated metal
products)
Other fabricated metal products (tabulated under Fabricated
Primary metal industries not allocable..
Fabricated metal products not allocable (tabulated under
Fabricated metal products, except ordnance, machinery, and
transportation equipment:
Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware
Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers'
plies.
Fabricated structural metal products.
Metal stamping, coating, and engraving (See above)
Other fabricated metal products (See above)
Part I.-Minor industrial groups for 1948 and corresponding 1947 groups-Continued

 Railroad equipment, including locomotives and street carsOther transportation equipment, except motor vehicles.... Motor vehicles and equipment, except electrical:
Motor vehicles, including bodies and truck trailers...........
Motor vehicle parts and accessories, and passenger trailers:
Ordnance and accessories:
Guns, howitzers, mortars, and related equipment, in-
cluding small arms.
cluding small arms.
Small arms ammunition.-
Other ordnance and acces
Scientificinstruments; photographic equipment; watches, clocks:
Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, in-
Professional, scientific, and cotographic and optical goods. (See Other
Watches, clocks, and clockwork-operated devices.............
Other manufacturing:
Jewelry (precious metal), silverware, plated ware
Professional, scientific, and controlling instruments, includ-

Part I．－Minor industrial groups for 1948 and corresponding 1947 groups－Continued


Part I.-Minor industrial groups for 1948 and corresponding 1947 groups-Continued

Services:
Hotels and other lodging places.


Part II.-Industrial activities shifted from one minor industrial group to another minor industrial group between 1948 and 1947

| Designating number | Industrial activity | 1948 minor industrial groups in which industrial activities are classified | 1947 minor industrlal groups in which industrial activities are classifled | Designating number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Contract sorting, grading, and packing of fruits and vegetables for the grower. | Farms and agricultural services. | Services incidental to transportation | 1 |
| 2 | vegetables for the grower. | Oil- and gas-field contract services | Other service, including schools | 2 |
|  | Peat-----.---------- | Other nonmetallic mining and quarryin | Bituminous coal, lignite, peat, |  |
| 4 | General building maintenance | General building contractors Special trade contractors | Special trade contractors. |  |
| 6 | Yarn and thread mills, silk and synthetic | Yarn and thread (cotton, wool, silk, and syn- | Rayon and silk manufactures | 6 |
| 7 | Narrow fabrics and other smallwares mills, silk and synthetic fiber. | Narrow fabrics and other smallwares (cotton, wool, silk, and synthetic fiber). | -do | 7 |
| 8 | Dyeing and finishing woolen and worsted textiles- | Dyeing and finishing textiles, except knit goods. | Woolen and worsted manufactures, including dyeing and finishing. | 8 |
| 9 | Special finishing of textiles, such as the waxing of cloth and the varnishing of cambric and buckram. |  | Dyeing and finishing textiles, except woolen and worsted. | ${ }^{9}$ |
| 10 |  | Other fabricated textile products |  | 10 |
| 11 | Excelsior mills-.---------------- | Logging camps, logging contractors, sawmills, and planing mills. | Other finished lumber products, including cork products. | 11 |
| 12 | Restaurant furnitu | Other furniture and fixtures | Furniture (wood and meta) | 12 |
| 13 | Cellophane bags | Paper bags and paperboard containers and boxes. | Other manufacturing | 13 |
| 14 | Miscellaneous publishing: Maps, atlases, sheet music, directories. | Other printing and publishing..-.------------ | Books and music. | 14 |
| 15 | Fertilizer materials, such as muriate and sulphate of potash (but not mixed fertilizers). | Industrial inorganic chemicals. | Fertilizers. | 15 |
|  | Iodine | do | Drugs, toilet preparations, | 16 |
| 17 | Color lakes and toners.---------- | Industrial organic chemicals including plastic materials, synthetic rubber, and synthetic fibers. | Paints, varnishes, and colors | 17 |
| 18 | Cleaning and polishing preparations. | Soap and glycerin, cleaning and polishing preparations, etc. | Other chemical products. | 18 |
| 19 | Sulfonated oils and assistants |  | Industrial chemicals | 19 20 |
| 2 | Chemically treated polishing cloths |  | Other apparel and products made from fabric Other chemical products. | 21 |
| 22 | Frease and tall acids: Stearic and ole---- | ils and rats, animal and vegetable, except edible cooking oils. $-\mathrm{do}$ | Industrial chemicals.----- | 21 22 |
| 23 | Essential oils.---....---...- | Other chemical products | Oils, animal and vegetable, except lubricants and cooking oils. | 23 |
| 24 | Bone black, carbon black, and lamp black |  | Industrial chemicals | 24 |
| 25 | Corapressed and liquefied gases not made in petroleum refineries or in natural gasoline plants. | - | do | 25 |
| 27 |  | do | Drugs, toilet preparations, etc | ${ }_{27}^{26}$ |
| 27 | Salt: Edible from rock salt and from natural or artificial brines. <br> Methyl acetone |  | Industrial chemicals. | 27 28 |


| 29 | Natural dyeing materials-from wood, bark, and other vegetable and animal materials. |  | do |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | Natural tanning materials-from wood, bark, and other vegetable materials. | do | do. |
| 31 |  | do | do |
| 32 | Agricultural, industrial, and household disinfectants and deodorants, including household ammonia; household insecticides and repellents; industrial compounds such as: Boiler and insulating compounds; metal, oil, and water-treating compounds; waterproofing compounds; chemical supplies for foundries (binders, core oils, facings, flux, parting compounds, etc.). | do | Drugs, toilet preparations, etc |
| 33 | Lubricating greases and oils not made in petroleum refineries. | Other petroleum and coal products...-...---..- | Other chemical products. |
| 34 |  | Other leather products | Footwear, except ru |
| 35 | Refractory cement | Structural clay products | Pottery and porcelain |
| 36 |  | Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills .- | Industrial chemicals.... |
| 37 | Rolling, drawing, and extruding aluminum and aluminum-base alloy basic shapes such as plates, sheets, rods, wire, and tubing. | Smelting, refining, rolling, drawing, and alloying of nonferrous metals. | Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys. |
| 38 | Metal awnings. | Metal stamping, coating, and engravin | Structural ste |
| 39 | Hose couplings. | Cutlery, hand tools, and general hardware | Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys. |
| 40 | Time locks |  | Clocks and watches.-.-.----.-. -- |
| 41 | Boiler shop products | Fabricated structural metal products | Heating apparatus, except electrical, and plumbers' supplies. |
| 42 | Sheet metal work | do | Other manufactures of nonferrous metals and their alloys. |
| 43 | Brooders and incubators-..------- | Agricultural machinery and tractors. | Heating apparatus, except electrical, and plumbers' supplies. |
| 44 | Time clocks and time-recording devices- | Office and store machines. |  |
| 45 | Vacuum cleaners (domestic and industri | Service-industry and household machines | Electrical appliances. |
| 46 | Measuring and dispensing pumps .....-.-.-- |  | General industry machinery |
| 47 | Industrial furnaces and ovens, except electric | General industry machinery |  |
| 48 49 | Electric industrial furnaces and oven | Other machinery parts, and machine shops | Electrical equipment for public utility, manufacturing, mining, transportation (except automotive), and construction use. |
| 49 50 | Carburetors (aircraft) | Other machinery parts, and machine shops | Aircraft and parts |
| 51 | Carburetors (except aircraft |  | Automobile accessories, parts (except electrical), and passenger trailers. |
| 52 | Earburetors (except aircrait and automobile) --- | Other electrical products, including batteries.- | Engines and turbines. <br> Electrical equipment for public utility, manufacturing, mining, transportation (except automotive), and construction use. |

Part II.-Industrial activities shifted from one minor industrial group to another minor industrial group between 1948 and 1947-Continued


## SYNOPSIS OF FEDERAL TAX LAWS <br> AFFECTING THE COMPARABILITY OF HISTORICAL DATA IN STATISTICS OF INCOME

Corporation income and profits tax returns
A. Credits and tax rates, 1909-48
B. Capital gain and loss provisions, 1932-48
C. Consolidated returns-provisions for filing and tax rates, 1917-48

Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other


For footnotes, see pp. 460-467.
provisions ${ }^{1}$ of the Federal tax laws for the income years 1909 through $1948^{2}$


Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions ${ }^{1}$


For footnotes, see pp. 460-467.
of the Federal tax laws for the income years 1909 through $1948^{2}$-Continued


Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions ${ }^{1}$

of the Federal tax laws for the income years 1909 through $1948^{2}$-Continued


Table A.-Corporation income and profits tax credits, rates, and other provisions ${ }^{1}$


[^57]of the Federal tax laws for the income years 1909 through $1948^{2}$-Continued


## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

${ }^{1}$ In general, applicable to all corporations whether filing separate or consolidated returns. Exceptions are explained in notes as indicated. (See also note 43 regarding personal holding companies; note 44, corporations improperly accumulating surplus; and table C, pp. 470-476, consolidated returns.)
${ }^{2}$ (a) Income tax returns are required to be filed by all corporations, regardless of amount of net income or loss, except those which are exempt from tax under specific provisions of the law, and those described in (c) and (d) below.
(b) Returns were required to be filed on a calendar year basis 1909 through 1912; for subsequent years, corporations are permitted to file returns on a fiscal year basis, except that life insurance companies are required to file on a calendar year basis in accordance with State laws regulating insurance companies, 1921 and subsequent years.
(c) Foreign corporaticns are required to file income tax returns for all income from sources within the United States, regardless of amount, and are entitled to the statutory deductions allowable against such income, except that for 1936 and subsequent years, foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business in the United States (and, for 1936-41, not having an office or place of business therein; ; being liable to tax only upon their fixed or determinable annual or periodical income from sources within the United States, are not required to file returns when the total tax has been paid at source. When filing returns, such fcreign ccrporations are not allowed any deductions. The returns of nonresident foreign corporations are not included in Statistics of Income.
(d) Domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States report only income from sources within the United States, or income from sources within or without the United States received within the United States, 1921 and subsequent years. (See sec. 251, Internal Revenue Code.)
(e) Personal service corporations were treated as partnerships, January 1, 1918, through December 31, 1921. Prior and subsequent to said dates, such corporations were subject to the same requirements for filing returns as other corporations, except that for 1940 through 1945 an excess profits tax return, Form 1121, is not required if the personal service corporation elects to bave its income taxed in the hands of its shareholders.
(f) Personal holding companies are required to file returns for surtax, in addition to the corporation returns for income and declared value excess-profits tax (1934 through 1945) and income tax (beginning 1946), but are exempt from filing excess profits tax returns, Form 1121, for 1940 through 1945; unless for 1942 or later they are members of affiliated groups filing consolidated returns.
(g) Beginning 1942, certain mutual insurance companies other than life or marine, having gross receipts from interest, dividends, rents, and premiums of not more than $\$ 75,000$, are exempt from filing returns. (See Code sec. 101(11).)
( $h$ ) For 1940 through 1945, in addition to the income and declared value excess-profits tax return, Form 1120, every corporation is required to file an excess profits tax return, Form 1121, if its excess profits net income (computed under the invested capital method) is more than $\$ 5,000$ ( $\$ 10,000$ beginning 1944) except (1) corporations exempt from income tax, (2) personal holding companies, (3) mutual investment companies, (4) diversified investment companies registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (regulated investment companies for 1942 and thereafter instead of (3) and (4) preceding), (5) forcign corporations not engaged in trade or business Within the United States (and, for 1940 and 1941, not having an office or place of business therein), (6) domestic corporations with net income derived largely from sources outside the United States, and (7) certain air mail carriers. Beginning 1942, the corporations listed above lose their exemption from filing Form 1121 if they are members of affiliated groups which file consolidated returns, Form 1121.
${ }^{3}$ For 1909 through 1912, the income year is the calendar year; for 1913 through 1932, the calendar year and fiscal years ending therein; for 1933, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning or ending therein; for 1934 and thereafter, the calendar year and fiscal years beginning therein. (See note 6.)

- Specific credit not allowable to:
(a) Foreign corporations, except for 1909 through 1912;
(b) Domestic corperations with net income in excess of $\$ 25,000,1921$ through 1931 (but if the net income is slightly in excess of $\$ 25,000$, the tax shall not exceed the sum of the amount of net income in excess of $\$ 25,000$ and the tax which would be payable if the credit were allowed); and
(c) Domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, 1928 through 1931.
" "Taxable income" is the amount to which the tax rates are applied and is the balance of "Net income" after deducting the credits as indicated on the table and/or in the footnotes. The balance of "Net income" subject to a normal tax is indicated as "Normal-tax net income" for 1936, 1937, and 1940 through 1948 and as "Adjusted net income" for 1938 and 1939; the balance of net income subject to surtax is called "Undistributed net income" for 1936 and 1937, and "Surtax net income" for 1941 and later. The balance subject to excess profits tax for 1940 through 1945 is the amount of the "Excess profits net income" in excess of the credits, etc.
"Net income" means the excess of gross income over deductions as defined in the revenue acts. Certain variations in the deductions allowable follow:
(a) Dividends received from domestic corporations (other than the dividends noted in the following paragraph) are deductible prior to 1936 except for the years 1913 through 1917. Beginning 1936, these dividends are no longer a deduction in arriving at net income, but 85 percent of such dividends are deductible as a credit in arriving at net income subject to normal tax, with the further limitation for 1938 and thereafter that the credit for dividends received cannot exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income. (For 1942 through 1945, 85 percent of adjusted net income reduced by income subject to excess profits tax.)

Dividends received from the following corporations are not deductible: (1) Domestic cr,rporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, 1921 and subsequent years, (2) corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, (3) tax-cxempt corporations, 1932 and subsequent years, and (4) foreign corporations (except that the dividends of those foreign corporations receiving a certain amount of income from sources within the United States, 1919 through 1933, were deductible).
Mutual investment companies (called "Regulated investment companies," 1942 and thereafter) are not allowed to deduct the credit for dividends received, but are allowed to deduct the credit for dividends paid, 1936 and subsequent years. (See Sec. 13 (a) (2) (3), Revenue Act of 1936; and supplement $Q$, Internal Revenue Code.) For deduction of dividends paid on preferred stock, by certain incorporated banks and insurance companies, to the United States or to any instrumentality thereof which is exempt from Federal income taxation 1934 and subsequent years, see section 121, Internal Revenue Code, which section was added to the Revenue Act of 1934 by Public Law 374, 74th Cong.
(b) Losses sustained by corporations during any taxable year, not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, are, in general, deductible. Certain variations follow:

Losses sustained by virtue of securities becoming worthless during the taxable year are deductible, 1919 and thereafter. For treatment of such losses due to securities which are capital assets, see table B. pages 468-469.

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

(References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

For 1832 and 1933, losses from sales or exchanges of stocks or bonds other than capital assets (as set forth in table B, page 468) and other than bonds issued by a government or political subdivision thereof are allowed only to the extent of the gains from such sales or exchanges. This limitation does not apply to banks, trust companies, or dealers in securities. (The Revenue Act of 1932 allowed the excess of such losses to be carried forward and applied against such gains of the next succeeding year, but this carryover was nullified by sec. 218(b), National Industrial Recovery Act.)

For 1934 and thereafter, losses from wagering transactions are allowed to the extent of the gain from such transactions.

For 1937 and subsequent years, losses from sales or exchanges of property (except in case of distributions in liquidation) between two corporations, where more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock of each is owned by or for the same individual, are disallowed if either one of such corporations is a personal holding company or a foreign personal holding company as defined in secs. 501 and 331, respectively, Internal Revenue Code. (See also sec. 24(b), of the Code.)
Beginning 1942: A deduction for amortization of bond premium is allowed against interest income; losses from involuntary conversion of property are deductible in cases of business property or property the acquisition of which was a transaction entered into for profit; casualty loss for property destroyed or seized in the course of military or naval operations during the war, and for property located in enemy countries or in areas which come under the control of the enemy, is deductible. (The last-mentioned provision is retroactive to 1941.)
(c) Net loss for prior year resulting from the operation of any trade or business regularly carried on by the taxpayer: In the case of a net loss for any taxable year beginning after Oct. 31, 1918, and ending prior to Jan. 1, 1920, the Revenue Act of 1918 provides for the deduction of such loss from the net income of the preceding year, a redetermination of taxes for the preceding year being made. When the net loss exceeds the net income for the preceding year, the amount of such excess is to be deducted from the net income of the succeeding taxable year. There was no relief provision for "net loss" incurred in 1920. The Revenue Acts of 1921 through 1928 provide that net loss in any year beginning after Dec. 31, 1920, may be deducted from the net income of the succeeding taxable year, and if such net loss exceeds the net income for the first succeeding year, the amount of such excess is to be allowed in the second succeeding year.

A 1-year net loss carryover for 1930 or 1931 was provided by the Revenue Act of 1932 , but this privilege was entirely removed by sec. 218(a), National Industrial Recovery Act, effective Jan. 1, 1933. There is no provision in the subsequent revenue acts for the deduction of the prior year net loss until the Revenue Act of 1939, which, in amending the Code, provides that a net operating loss sustained in a taxable year beginning on or after Jan. 1, 1939, may be carried forward and applied, with certain exceptions and limitations, against the normal-tax net income of the first succeeding taxable year, the excess, if any, being deductible from the normal-tax net income of the second succeeding taxable year. This provision is not applicable to mutual investment companies, corporations improperly accumulating surplus, or personal holding companies.

For any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1941, and before January 1, 1950, the net operating loss may be carried back to the 2 preceding taxable years (but not to any taxable year beginning before Jan. 1, 1941) and may be included in computing the net operating loss deduction for each such preceding taxable year. The net operating loss for any such. taxable year is first used as a carryback and, to the extent not so used, may be used as a carryover to (a) the 2 succeeding years if the net operating loss occurred in a taxable year beginning prior to January

1,1948 , or (b) the 3 succeeding years if the net operat. ing loss occurred in a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1947, and before January 1, 1950. For limitations, etc., pertaining to this provision, see section 122 of the Code.
It should be noted that the net income as tabulated in Statistics of Income is the net income for the current year, i. e., without benefit of the deduction due to prior year loss.
(d) For 1936 and subsequent years, contributions to certain organizations, trusts, chests, funds, etc., organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, are permitted as a deduction against the gross income of corporations (including insurance companies other than life or mutual, but excluding personal holding companies) if not in excess of 5 percent of the net income before deducting such contributions. (See sec. 23(q), Revenue Act of 1936, and Internal Revenue Code.) For deduction of contributions by personal holding companies, see page 56 of this report and sec. 505 (a) (2), Internal Revenue Code.
(e) Amortization of buildings, machinery, equipment, or other facilities constructed or acquired on or after April 6, 1917, for the production of articles contributing to the prosecution of the war, is included to a reasonable amount in business deductions for any taxable year ending before March 3, 1924. (See sec. 234(a) (8), Revenue Act of 1921.)
The Second Revenue Act of 1940, in amending the Code, adds section 124, which provides for amortization of the cost of emergency facilities completed or acquired after June 10, 1940 (after Dec. 31, 1939, under the 1942 Act) and necessary for national defense, to be written off, subject to certain qualifications and limitations, over a 60 . month period instead of through the ordinary depre ciation and obsolescence deductions based on estimated useful life. If the $60-\mathrm{month}$ period extends beyond the date on which the facility ceased to be needed, or beyond September 29, 1945, the date proclaimed by the President as ending the emergency period, the corporation may elect to use an amortization period shorter than 60 months, ending on the date the facility ceased to be needed or on September 29, 1945, whichever is the earlier. Adjustments of the tax liability for prior years are then made, when necessary, to give effect to the increases in the amortization deductions applicable to such years. The shortening of the amortization period is likewise taken into account in computing the amortization deduction to be reported for the year in which the shortened period ends, but such adjustments are not reflected in this report.
(f) For 1941 and prior years, life insurance companies are allowed, as deductions in arriving at net income, the earnings needed to maintain reserve funds required by law and reserve for dividends. Beginning 1942, in lieu of these deductions, there is allowed a "reserve and other policy liability credit" equal to a flat proportion (1.0243 for 1948) of investment income less tax-exempt interest, reduced by an offisetting adjustment for certain non-life insurance reserves. This credit is deducted after arriving at net income. The effect of this change is to increase both the number of companies reporting net income and the amount of net income reported. Also, beginning 1942, there is a further limitation on the amount of investment expenses allowable as a deduction in arriving at net income. (See note $9, \mathbf{p}$. 346 , and provisions pertaining to life insurance companies in the various revenue acts.)

- The rates of tax apply to the calendar year indicated. In the case of a rate change during a fiscal year ending in any of the years 1916 through 1932, the tax was prorated on the basis of the number of months in each year. (Tax was prorated for fiscal years ending in 1916 through 1919, 1922, 1925, 1926, 1928 through 1930, and 1932; also on consolidated returns for fiscal years ending in 1934.)

For fiscal years ending in 1942, after June 30 , taxes are prorated according to the number of days

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

after June 30, and before July 1, 1942. For fiscal years beginning in 1943 and ending in 1944, the tax is prorated according to the number of days before January 1, 1944, and the number of days after December 31, 1943. For fiscal years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the tax is prorated according to the number of days before January 1, 1946, and after December 31, 1945. For fiscal years other than those listed above, the rates of tax are those for the calendar year in which the taxable year began.

7 There waṣno provision for excess-profits tax, 1909 through 1916, and 1922 through 1932.

8 While any corporation with net income of less than $\$ 3,000$ is exempt from tax, the specific exemption of $\$ 3,000$ is not allowable to foreign corporations with net income of $\$ 3,000$ or more, nor is such exemption allowable, for 1921, to domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.

0 "Invested capital" within the meaning of the statute is the capital actually paid in to the corporation by the stockholders, plus the earned surplus and/or undivided profits (exclusive of profits for the current year) and exclusive of inadmissible assets as defined in the revenue acts. (See sec. 207, Revenue Act of 1917, and secs. 325 and 326, Revenue Act of 1918.) For 1917, foreign corporations reported that proportion of invested capital which net income from sources within the United States was of the entire net income. For 1918 through 1921, it was not necessary for foreign corporations to report invested capital, and for 1921, it was not necessary for corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States to report invested capital. (See note 10.)

10 The war-profits and excess-profits taxes of foreign corporations, 1918 through 1921, and of corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States for 1921, are computed by comparison with representative corporations whose invested capital can be satisfactorily determined and which are engaged in a like or similar trade or business and similarly circumstanced. (See note 9 above, and sec. 328, Revenue Acts of 1918 and 1921.)

11 Provided that the sum of the excess-profits tax and the war-profits tax for 1918 shall not be more than 30 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 3,000$ and not in excess of $\$ 20,000$, plus 80 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 20,000$. (See sec. 302, Revenue Act of 1918.)
${ }^{12}$ Beginning 1918, domestic corporations are allowed a credit against income tax paid to the United States for income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or possessions of the United States.
(a) For 1921 and subsequent years, the credit cannot exceed the proportion of the total tax against which the credit is taken, that the taxpayer's net incorme from sources without the United States bears to the entire net income.
(b) For 1921 through 1931, the amount of income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions, in excess of that deducted as a tax credit, is permitted to be included in deductions against gross income.
(c) The credit against tax is not allowable to (1) foreign corporations, (2) domestic corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, (3) China Trade Act corporations, (4) personal holding companies, and (5) beginning with 1940 , corporations improperly accumulating surplus; but to these corporations, such foreign taxes are allowable as a deduction from gross income, provided that in the case of (1), (2), or (3) above, the tax is imposed upon income from sources within the United States. Foreign corporations were not allowed to deduct income taxes paid to foreign countries either as a tax credit or in general deductions, 1918 through 1920.
(d) For 1932 and subsequent years, domestic corporations (other than those described in (c) above) may elect (1) to credit against the income tax liability to the United States, the income and profits taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions, the credit to be limited as described in (a) above or (2) to include the entire amount of such taxes in deductions from gross income. The procedure regarding the corporations described in (c) above remains unchanged.

Beginning 1942, domestic corporations are permitted to include, in computing the credit for foreign taxes paid, those foreign taxes paid in lieu of the tax upon income, war-profits and excess-profits, such as taxes on gross income, gross sales, or units of production. (See secs. 131 and 23(c)(2), Revenue Act of 1932 and subsequent acts.)
${ }^{13}$ The Revenue Act of 1918 provides that if a corporation was not in existence during the whole of at least one calendar year during the pre-war period, the credit (with certain exceptions) shall be the sum of $\$ 3,000$ and an amount equal to the same percentage of invested capital (see note 9 ) for the taxable year as the average percentage of net income to invested capital, for the pre-war period of representative corporations, but such amount shall not be less than 10 percent of the invested capital of the taxpayer for the taxable year.

14 The Revenue Act of 1918 provides that the tax for 1919 through 1921 shall not be more than 20 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 3,000$ and not in excess of $\$ 20,000$, plus 40 percent of the net income in excess of $\$ 20,000$.
${ }^{15}$ The Revenue Act of 1918 provides that the tax shall be such a proportion of a tax computed at the rates for 1918, using the excess-profits and the war-profits credits applicable to that year, as the portion of the net income attributable to Government contracts bears to the entire net income, plus such a proportion of a tax computed at the rates for the current year (1919, 1920, or 1921) as the amount of the remaining net income bears to the entire net income.
${ }^{16}$ For 1925 through 1927, income of domestic insurance companies, exclusive of mutual companies other than life, is taxable at $121 / 2$ percent.
${ }^{17}$ The rate for 1929 provided by the Revenue Act of 1928 was reduced to 11 percent by joint resolution of Congress No. 133, approved by the President December 16, 1929.
${ }^{18}$ For rate of tax on consolidated returns, see table C, pages 470-476.

19 In addition to the excess-profits tax shown in this tabulation, other provisions of the National Industrial Recovery Act affecting data in Statistics of Income are set forth in note 5 (b) and (c), and note 8 of table C .
${ }^{20}$ Net income subject to (declared value) excessprofits tax, for 1934 through 1945, includes partially tax-exempt interest on Government obligations to the extent that such interest is required to be included in gross income. For 1936 through 1945, a credit against the net income for declared value excess-profits tax computation is allowed, equal to the credit for dividends received provided in sec. 26(b), Revenue Act of 1936, and Internal Revenue Code. For 1944 and 1945, there is excluded the excess of net long-term capital gain over net shortterm capital loss.
${ }^{21}$ The excess-profits tax under the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1935 as amended by the Revenue Act of 1936 is in cffect for returns with fiscal years pnding through June 30, 1938.
${ }^{22}$ The Revenue Act of 1937 is not a complete taxing statute in itself, but merely amends and adds to certain provisions of the Revenue Act of 1936, espe.

# Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued 

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

clally those pertaining to surtax on personal holding companies. (See note 43.)
28 Normal tax net income is obtained from the net income for declared value excess-profits tax computation by subtracting, for 1936 through 1940, (1) declared value excess-profits tax, (2) credit for interest received on certain obligations of the United States, and (3) credit for dividends recelved from domestic corporations subject to tax.

For 1941, in addition to the above, there is allowed as a credit the amount of excess profits tax levied under the Second Revenue Act of 1940.

For 1942 through 1945, in lieu of the credit for excess profts tax, there is allowed as a credit the amount of income subject to excess profits tax. This provision has the effect of a further limitation on the credit for dividends received, since this credit cannot exceed 85 percent of the adjusted net income after subtracting the credit for income subject to excess profits tax.
Beginning 1946, normal-tax net income is obtained from statutory net income (total income less total deductions) by subtracting (1) credit for interest recolved on certain obligations of the United States, and (2) credit for dividends received from domestic corporations subject to tax.
Mutual investment companies (1941) and regulated investment companies (1942 and thereafter) may claim a credit for dividends paid in lieu of the credit for dividends received.
${ }^{24}$ Certain corporations are taxable at the following normal tax rates, regardless of the size of net income:

| Class of corporation | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1936-37 \\ \text { rate } \\ \text { (per- } \\ \text { cent) } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1938-39 \\ \text { rate } \\ \text { (per- } \\ \text { cent) } \end{array}\right\|$ | 1940 <br> rate (per <br> cent) | 1941 <br> rate (per. cent) | $\begin{gathered} 1942- \\ 48 \\ \text { rate } \\ \text { (per- } \\ \text { cent) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| companies, asub- |  |  |  |  |  |
| stantial part of |  |  |  |  |  |
| the business of |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| makingloans and discounts | 15 | 16122 | (a) | (a) | (a) |
| Corporations or- |  |  |  |  |  |
| ganized under |  |  |  |  |  |
| Act, 1922.... | 15 | 161/2 | (a) | (a) | (a) |
| Corprrations de- 15 (a) (a) |  |  |  |  |  |
| riving a large per- |  |  |  |  |  |
| centage of theirgross income from |  |  |  |  |  |
| sources within a |  |  |  |  |  |
| possession of the |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States..-- | 15 | 161/2 | (a) | (a) | (a) |
| Foreign corpora- 15 ( ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Resident. | 22 | 19 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Nonresident ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 15 | 15 | 161/2 | $271 / 2$ | ${ }^{\text {d }} 30$ |
| Insurance companies $\qquad$ | 15 | 161/2 | (a) | (a) | (c) |
| Mutual invest- |  |  |  |  |  |
| mentcompanies ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | (a) | $161 / 2$ | 24 | 24 | 24 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

a Same as ordinary corporations except for certain provisions applicable to mutual insurance companies other than life or marine beginning 1942. (See note 39.)
b Data for nonresident foreign corporations are not included in this report. For rates applicable to corporations organized under the laws of certain foreign countries, see the Internal Revenue Code and Regulations.

- Regulated investment companies for 1942-48.
d Effective October 31, 1942, rate was increased fram $271 / 2$ percent to 30 percent.
${ }^{25}$ To determine the "Undistributed net income" subject to surtax for 1936 and 1937, it is first necessary to determine the "Adjusted net income" which is net income for excess-profits tax computation less the sum of the excess-profits tax, normal tax, interest received on certain Government obligations subject to excess-profits tax, and certain credits allowed to holding company affiliates and to national mortgage associations. This "Adjusted net income" less the dividends paid credit and the credit for contracts restricting the payments of dividends becomes the "Undistributed net income." The undistributed profits tax rates for corporations filing returns for fiscal years beginning in 1937 and ending in 1938 are those provided by the Revenue Act of 1936. The following corporations are not subject to the surtax on undistributed profits: (1) Banks, (2) domestic corporations which for any portion of the taxable year are in bankruptcy, (3) insurance companies, (4) foreign corporations, (5) corporations deriving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, (6) corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and (7) joint-stock land banks.
${ }^{20}$ When the "Adjusted net income" for 1936 and 1937 is less than $\$ 50,000$, a specific credit is allowed.
${ }^{27}$ "Adjusted net income" for 1938 and 1939 means net income (after deducting the declared value excessprofits tax) minus the credit for interest received on certain obligations of the United States and Government corporations. This "Adjusted net income" less the "Dividends received credit" is the amount subject to income tax.
${ }^{26}$ The Internal Revenue Code, approved February 10, 1939, which was enacted as law, codified certain general laws of the United States and parts of such laws relating exclusively to internal revenue, in force on January 2, 1939, and repealed all such laws and parts of laws codified therein to the extent that they related exclusively to internal revenue, as of the effective dates of the respective corresponding provisions of the Code.
20 For 1938-39, the tax on dividends received is at the rate of 12 percent.

30 The tentative tax, 19 percent of "Adjusted net income" is reduced by $161 / 2$ percent of the "Dividends received credit" and 232 percent of the "Dividends paid credit," except for certain corporationsthose in bankruptcy and receivership, joint-stock land banks, and rental housing corporations-for which the 19 percent tax is reduced by $21 / 2$ percent of "Adjusted net income." (See note 27.) The income tax rates for corporations filing returns for fiscal years beginning in 1937 and ending in 1938 are those provided by the Revenue Act of 1936.
${ }_{31}$ Revenue acts passed after Feb. 10, 1939 (the date of the enactment of the Internal Revenue Code) are not complete taxing statutes in themselves but consist of amendments to the Code. There is no one effective date for all provisions of each act; some of the provisions are retroactive, others apply to the current tax period, while still others are effective for future taxable years.
The Revenue Act of 1939 is not listed since its provisions do not pertain to the items set forth in this table; the rates of tax provided were never in effect, being superseded by those of the two Revenue Acts of 1940.
32 Includes defense tax rates, which for income defense tax on returns with taxable year beginning in 1940 is 10 percent of the income tax rates provided by the first Revenue Act of 1940; and for declared value excess-profits defense tax on returns with taxable years ending between July 1, 1940, and June 30 , 1941, is 10 percent of the declared value excess-profits tax rates for 1940. (The income delense tax rates for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1940, are integrated with the normal tax rates, and the declared value excess-profits defense tax rates for tax-

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

able years ending after June 30,1941 , are integrated with declared value excess-profits tax rates.)

88 For 1940 through 1945, section 710 of the Code, added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940, imposes an excess profits tax in addition to the declared value excess-profits tax which has been in effect since June 30, 1933. For computation of tax on corporations completing contracts under the Merchant Marine Act, see section 726 of the Code; on corporations engaged in mining strategic metals, see section 731, both sections being added to the Code by the Second Revenue Act of 1940. (See note 41 (e).)
For 1946, the excess profits tax is not applicable, baving been repealed by the Revenue Act of 1945. For fiscal years beginning in 1945 and ending in 1946, the tax is prorated according to the number of days before January 1, 1946.
34 The basis for computing average base period net income is the normal-tax net income for each of the four years immediately preceding the taxable year, adjusted for each base period year to produce the excess profits net income.

Under the general average method, the average base period net income is the aggregate of the excess profits net income for the base period years divided by the number of montis in the base period and multiplied by 12 . If there is an excess profits deficit in one or more of the base period years, zero is substituted for the largest such amount in arriving at the aggregate.
The Revenue Act of 1942 provides that a corporation which in any year of its base period had income of less than 75 percent of the average of the three other years is allowed to use 75 percent of the average of those three years in computing its base period average.

Under the increased earnings method, the income for the last balf of the base period is increased by one-half of the excess of the income for the last balf over the income for the first half and the sum is divided by the number of months in the last half and multiplied by 12. The result, limited to the highest excess profits net income for any taxable year in the base period, represents the average base period income.

For detailed adjustments made in computing excess profits net income from normal-tax net income, see note 36 .
${ }^{85}$ For invested capital of foreign corporations and corporations receiving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, see section 724 of the Code, added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940.
86 (a) Excess profits net income computed under income credit method for 1940 is obtained from normaltax net incoms (described in note 23 ) by adding net long-term capital loss and subtracting the sum of:
(1) Income and income defense taxes.
(2) Net long-term capital gain.
(3) Net gain from sale or exchange of depreciable property held more than 18 months.
(4) Income from retirement or discharge of bonds, etc.
(5) Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adjustment Act taxes.
(6) Recoveries of bad debts.
(7) Dividends received credit adjustment.
(8) Abnormal income attributable to other years.

Excess profits net income, computed under the income credit method, for 1941, is the same as above except that item (1) above is not deductible, and additional charitable deductions are allowable. The starting point in the computation of excess profits net income for 1941 remains the normal-tax net income computed without deduction of excess profits tax.
(b) Excess profits net income computed under invested capital credit method, for 1940 and 1941, is the excess profits net income as computed in $(a)$ above plus (1) 50 percent of interest on borrowed
capital and (2) interest on Government obligations; and less the dividends received credit adjustment. (See Code sec. 711, added by the Second Revenue Act of 1940. .
(c) For 1942 through 1945, the excess profits net income is obtained from the normal-tax net income (computed without allowance of credit for income subject to excess profits tax and without allowance of dividends received credit) by making the following adjustments:
(1) Under the income credit method there are added the net short-term capital gain and the adjustment to net operating loss deduction and there is subtracted the sum of:
(a) Net gain from sale or exchange of capital assets.
(b) Income from retirement or discharge of bonds.
(c) Refunds and interest on Agricultural Adjustment Act taxes.
(d) Recoveries of bad debts.
(e) Dividends received credit adjustment.
(f) Nontaxable income of certain industries with depletable resources.
(2) Under the invested capital credit method, the excess profits net income is computed as in (c)(1) above plus (a) 50 percent of interest on borrowed capital and (b) interest on Government obligations.
(d) For life insurance companies, under the income credit method, for 1942 through 1945, there is deducted from normal-tax net income the excess of (I) the product of (1) the figure determined under Code section 202(b) and (2) the excess profits net income before adjustments over (II) the adjustment for certain reserves provided in section 202(c)which equals $31 / 4$ percent of the unearned premiums and unpaid losses on contracts other than life or annuity which are not included in life insurance reserves. Under the invested capital credit method (used for purpose of determining necessity for filing return) there is deducted from the normal-tax net income 50 percent of the excess described in (d) above.
${ }^{37}$ For 1940 through 1945, the amount of taxes paid to foreign countries or United States possessions not allowable as a credit against income tax is allowable to a domestic corporation as a credit against the excess profits tax on Form 1121, subject to the limitations provided by section 729 (c) and (d) of the Code.
${ }^{38}$ Surtax net income, as reported on Form 1120, is greater than normal-tax net income, as described in note 23, by the amount of interest received on certain obligations of the United States and its instrumentalities issued prior to Mar. 1, 1941.
For 1941, mutual investment companies are subject to surtax on their Supplement Q surtax net income (defined in sec. 104, Revenue Act of 1941) at the rates shown in table A. Beginning 1942, "Regulatod" replaces "Mutual," and the surtax rate becomes 16 percent. This rate continues through 1945 but is reduced to 14 percent beginning 1946.

Beginning 1942, public utility companies, other than railroads, are allowed a credit for dividends paid on their preferred stock in arriving at surtax net income; life insurance companies are subject to surtax on their adjusted corporation surtax net income (defined in sec. 163 of the Revenue Act of 1941); the surtax rate for consolidated returns is 2 percent higher than for nonconsolidated returns; Western Hemisphere trade corporations (defined in sec. 109 of the Code, added by sec. 141 of the Revenue Act of 1941) and nonresident foreign corporations are exempt from surtax.
${ }^{30}$ The tax on those mutual insurance companies other than life or marine (except interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters) which are not granted an exempt status (see note $2(g)$ ) is, in general, the larger of (1) a tax on the net investment income at the regular normal-tax and surtax rates, or (2) a special tax of 1 percent on the gross amount received from interest, dividends, rents, and net premiums, less (a) dividends to policy holders and (b) wholly tax-exempt interest. For rates applicable (beginning 1942) to. mutual insurance companies other than life or marine*

# Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued 

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

which are interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters, see section 207 of the Internal Revenue Code.
10 The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year, 1942 through 1946, may be carried back and credited against the excess profits net income for each of the two preceding years (but not for any taxable year beginning before January 1, 1941) for the purpose of determining the adjusted excess profits net income for such taxable year. The unused excess profits credit for any taxable year which is not used as a carryback may be carried forward to the two succeeding taxable years. For 1940 and 1941, the unused credit could be carried forward only.
Despite the repeal of the excess profits tax for 1946 and later years, the law retains the unused excess profits credit for 1946 for the purpose of the two-year carryback to 1944 and 1945. All provisions of law necessary to compute the excess profits credit, the excess profits net income, and the unused excess profits credit are taken into account in the same manner as if an excess profits tax were imposed for 1946. For fiscal years beginning in 1946 and ending in 1947, the unused excess profits credit is prorated according to the number of days before January 1, 1947.

41 (a) The sum of the excess profits tax, normal tax, and surtax (not including the surtax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus) is limited to 80 percent of the corporation surtax net income, computed without the credit for income subject to excess profits tax.
(b) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1941, and not beginning after December 31, 1943, the law provides a postwar refund of an amount equal to 10 percent of the excess profits tax for each taxable year. This refund is represented by non-interest-bearing, nonnegotiable bonds redeemable after January 1, 1946. However, part or all of such credit is available currently for debt retirement. (See par. (c) of this note.)
For taxable years beginning in 1941 and ending after June 30, 1942, the Revenue Act of 1943 limits the postwar refund to 10 percent of the prorated tentative tax computed under the 1942 law. No post-war refund applies if the taxable year began in 1941 and ended before July 1, 1942.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1943, the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945 amends the law by providing an allowance of a current credit of 10 percent against the excess profits tax in lieu of the postwar refund (explained in paragraph (b) of this note) and the credit for debt retirement (explained in paragraph (c) of this note). However, the majority of the returns for 1944 were filed previous to July 31, 1945, the date of the Tax Adjustment Act 1945, of and accordingly show postwar refund and credit for debt retirement as in 1942 and 1943.
(c) Beginning 1942, at the election of the taxpayer, a credit for debt retirement is allowable against the excess profits tax. This credit is limited to the lesser of (1) 10 percent of the excess profits tax or (2) 40 percent of the net debt reduction for the year. To measure the net debt reduction, the indebtedness as of the close of the taxable year is compared with the indebtedness as of September 1, 1942, or, if the taxable year begins after this date, with the smallest amount of indebtedness during the period beginning

September 1, 1942, and ending with the close of the preceding taxable year. No credit for debt retirement is allowable for taxable years beginning prior to January 1, 1942, or ending before September 1, 1942, nor is such credit allowable for taxable years beginning aiter December 31, 1943.
(d) Beginning 1942 (retroactive to 1940), the general relief provisions under section 722 of the Code are made broader and more liberal. Taxpayers using the average earnings method of computing excess profits credit are permitted to have their base earnings reconstructed in cases of abnormalities or hard. ships, provided they can establish that their actual base period earnings were abnormal.
(e) Corporations having a contract (or subcontract) with the United States or any agency thereof for an amount in excess of $\$ 100,000$, which contract was made after April 28, 1942, or was not fully paid prior to that date, may be required to renegotiate the prices of such contract if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Department with which the contract was made, excessive profits have been realized or are likely to be realized. Under section 403 of the Sixth Supplemental National Defense Appropriations Act (Public No. 528, 77th Cong., 2d sess.) the Secretary is authorized to (1) require the contractor (or subcontractor) to renegotiate the contract price, (2) to withhold from the contractor the amount of the excess profits, and (3) to recover such amount from such contractor in case any amount of the con. tract price found as a result of such renegotiation to represent excessive profits shall have been paid to the contractor.

No renegotiation can be commenced by the Secretary more than one year after the close of the fiscal year of the contractor (or subcontractor) within which completion or termination of the contract, as determined by the Secretary, occurs.

When war contracts (or subcontracts) are renegotiated and the taxpayer is required to repay part of receipts under the contract in a year subsequent to the receipt, no refund or abatement of excess profits or income taxes for prior years is to be allowed. Instead, such taxes are to be applied as a credit offset against the amounts to be repaid.
The effect of renegotiation settlements reached after the returns were filed is shown in special tabulations which appear in the complete reports "Statistics of Income, Part 2," for each of the years 194245 ; a summary for 1946 appears on page 57 of the report of that year.
(f) For 1941 through 1945, in the case of a domestic corporation engaged in the mining of certain strategic metals, that portion of the adjusted excess profits net income which is attributable to such mining is exempt from excess profits tax. The tax on the remaining portion of the adjusted excess profits net income is an amount which bears the same ratio to the tax computed without regard to the provisions of Code section 731 as such remaining portion bears to the entire adjusted excess profits net income.

42 Beginning 1942, an alternative tax is provided for corporations with net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss, which, in effect, limits the total normal tax and surtax on such excess to 25 percent. (See table B, p. 469.) For 1941, net long-term gains were taxed at the regular normal tax and surtax rates.
(Footnotes continued on p. 466)

## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

## (References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

${ }^{43}$ Rates of surtax on personal holding companies a


- For definition of a personal holding company see p. 54 of this report and sec. 501, Internal Revenue Code. A foreign personal holding company, with taxable year ending after August 26, 1937 (the effective date of the Revenue Act of 1937), is not taxed as such, but its undistributed net income is to be included in the gross income of its United States shareholders. (See sec. 337, Revenue Act of 1937 and Internal Revenue Code.)
The taxable income of a personal holding company is: "Undistributed adjusted net income" for 1934 through 1937; "Undistributed Title IA net income" for 1938; and "Undistributed subchapter A net income" for 1939 through 1948. For computation of
undistributed subchapter A net income, see page 56 of this report, also sections 504 and 505 of the Code. - These rates include the 10 percent defense tax increase for 1940 which was incorporated into the rato schedule for 1941.
- Beginning 1942, an alternative tax is provided for personal holding companies with net long-term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss, which, in effect, limits the total tax on such excess to 25 percent. (See par. 4, p. 54.) For 1941 the net long-term capital gain was taxed at the regular rates.

1 A corporation which permitted an unreasonable accumulation of profits, although subject to all warprofts and excess-profits taxes, was not subject to the ordinary corporation income tax for 1913 through 1920, but the individual stockholders were taxed upon their proportionate shares of its net income, whether distributed or not. For 1917, there was also a penalty tax of 10 percent upon that portion of the total net income remaining undistributed six months after the close of the taxable year, in excess of the income actually employed in the business, or invested in obligations of the United States issued after September 1, 1917.

For 1921 and thereafter, there was a penalty tax, in addition to the ordinary corporation income and profits taxes, imposed upon the taxable net income of a corporation where it was shown that there had been an evasion of surtax as a result of an unreasonable accumulation of profits. The rate of this additional tax was 25 percent for 1921 through 1923. It was increased to 50 percent for the years 1924 through 1933, and to the rates shown in the table below for 1934 through 1939, with the provision for 1926 through 1937 that the additional tax shall not apply if all the shareholders of the corporation include in their gross income their pro rata shares, whether distributed or not, of the retained net income of the corporation for such year, with the added provision for 1936 and 1937 that 90 percent or more of such retained net income be included in the gross income of share holders other than corporations. For 1938 and thereafter this provision for shareholder's payment of surtax on pro rata shares is replaced by the "Consent dividends credit." (See sec. 102, Revenue Act of 1936 and Internal Revenue Code.) The rates of tax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus (other than personal holding companies) for the years subsequent to 1933 follow:

Rates of surtax on corporations improperly accumulating surplus


## Footnotes for table A, synopsis of Federal tax laws-Continued

(References to notes are to the footnotes of this synopsis)

- For corporations not subject to the surtax on
undistributed profts, these rates are 25 and 35 percent. (See sec. 102, Revenue Act of 1936.)
${ }^{6}$ These rates include the defense tax increase for 1940 which was incorporated into the rate schedule for 1941.

45 The Tax Adjustment Act of 1945, approved July 31, 1945, did not affect tax rates, since the provisions contained therein for the increase of the excess profits tax specific exemption from $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$
for 1946 was repealed by the Revenue Act of 1945 , approved November 8, 1945, which instead repealed the excess profits tax. The other provisions of the Tax Adjustment Act of 1945 which remain in effect as a permanent part of the tax structure are (1) allowance of 10 percent excess profits credit currently (2) redemption of post-war excess profits tax refund bonds beginning January 1, 1946, (3) extensions of time for payment of taxes by corporations expecting carrybacks, and (4) tentative adjustments with respect to carrybacks and amortization deduction.
Table B.-Corporation income tax returns-capital gain and loss provisions under Federal tax laws for the income years 1932-1948 ${ }^{1}$

| Federal tax law | Income year | Definition of capital assets | Period held | Treatment of capital gain | Treatment of capital loss |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Act of: | 1932, 1933 | Property held for more than 2 years, whether or not connected with trade or business, but not including stock in trade or other property of a kind which would properly be included in inventory, or property held primarily for sale in the course of trade or business. | 2 years or more..-- | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. | Entirely deductible. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1934 \\ & 1936 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1934,1935 \\ & 1936,1937 \end{aligned}$ | All property, whether or not connected with trade or business, regardless of period held, except stock in trade or other property which would properly be included in inventory, or property held primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of trade or business. | (Regardless of period held.) | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. | Limited to amount of capital gains plus $\$ 2,000$ or to the amount of the capital loss, whichever is less. (This limitation does not apply to losses sustained by certain banks and trust companies on the sale of certain bonds, etc., but does obtain in regard to losses on stocks.) |
| Internal Revenue Code. | $\begin{aligned} & 1938 \\ & 1939 \end{aligned}$ | Same as 1934-1937 with the addition of: except property used in trade or business of a character which is subject to allowance for depreciation. | (Regardless of period held.) | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. | Same as 1934-1937. Losses sustained through securities which are capital assets becoming worthless during the taxable year are considered as losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets except as to certain banks sustaining losses through worthless bonds. (See section 23 (g) and (k), Internal Revenue Code.) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1940 \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ | Same as 1938-1939, with the addition for 1941 of: except short-term noninterest-bearing Government obligations (State or Federal) issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basis. | Short-term: 18 months or less. | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. | Short-term capital losses are allowed in the current year only to the extent of the shortterm capital gains, the excess short-term capital losses (in an amount not in excess of the net income for such current year) being allowable against the short-term capital gains of the first succeeding taxable year only, and to the extent that such short-term gains have not already been offset by the short-term capital losses of such first succeeding taxable year. |
|  |  |  | Long-term: More than 18 months. | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. | Long-term capital losses are entirely deductible. |


| 1942................--- | $1942,1843$ <br> 1944, 1945, 1946, 1947, 1948 | Same as 1941 with the addition of: except real property used in the trade or business. (However, if there are any aggregate net gains from sale or exchange of business real estate, other depreciable business property, and involuntary conversion of business property or of capital assets, all held for more than 6 months, such gains are considered as from sales or exchanges of capital assets. If, when the gains and losses from the items described above are grouped, a net loss results, the loss is treated as an ordinary loss-fully deductible. For the purposes of the deduction for worthless stock, stock of an "affiliated corporation" is not to be considered a capital asset. The net loss sustained by a bank from sales or exchanges of bonds, debentures, notes, certificates, etc., issued by a corporation with interest coupons or in registered form is not considered as a sale or exchange of a capital asset.) <br> Same as 1942, 1943, except that, beginning 1944, in computing the aggregate net gain or loss from sale or exchange of business, real estate, and depreciable property held for more than 6 months, and from involuntary conversions of such property and of capital assets (for the purpose of determining whether the result is a long-term capital gain or an ordinary loss as explained above), the taxpayer may elect to include the gain or loss recognized upon timber cut during the year, provided the taxpayer owned the timber or held a contract right to cut the timber for a period of more than 6 months before the beginning of the taxable year. (See section 117 (k) of the Internal Revenue Code, added by section 127 of the Revenue Act of 1943.) | Short-term: 6 months or less. <br> Long-term: More than 6 months. <br> Short-term: 6 months or less. Long-term: More than 6 months. | Included in net income and taxed at regular rates. <br> Included in net income and taxed at regular rates unless the longterm capital gain exceeds the short-term capital loss in which case the corporation may pay the alternative tax if such alternative tax is less than the tax at the regular rates. The alternative tax is the sum of (1) the regular tax on net income reduced by the amount of the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss and (2) 25 percent of such excess. Same as 1942, 1943. <br> Same as 1942, 1943 except that for 1944-1945 the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss is excluded from net income for declared value excess-profits tax. The treatment for income tax purposes is not affected by this change. | Short-term capital losses are allowable against both short- and long-term capital gains of the current year. <br> Long-term capital losses are allowable against both long- and short-term capital gains of the current year. <br> For the purpose of determining the extent of deductibility of capital losses in the taxable year, all short-term and long-term gains and losses taken into account are considered together and losses-long-term or short-termare deductible only to the extent of the aggregate gains-long-term and short-term. any undeductible excess of capital loss may be carried forward into the next five succeeding years until it is absorbed by the "Net capital gains," defined as the excess of all gains (long-term and short-term) from sales or exchanges of capital assets over losses (longterm and short-term) from such sales or exchanges. <br> Same as 1942, 1943. <br> Same as 1942, 1943. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

1 For 1931 and prior years, there was no distinction made between the annual profits of a corporation and the occasional profits from the sale of assets.
Table C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laws for the income years

| Federal tax law (Date of enactment) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Income } \\ \text { year }{ }^{1} \end{gathered}$ | Type of tax for which a consolidated return was permitted | Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return | Criterion of affliation | Oonsolidated return required or optional | Tax rate ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Act of: 1917 (Oct. 3, 1917)... (Also Regulations 41, and Treasury Decision 3389). | 1917 | Excess profits tax only- | Domestle corporations, except public service corporations, ${ }^{3}$ and domestic partnerships. | (1) Two or more corporations or partnerships (a) if engaged in the same or among them there existed contracts or trade or financial practices which arbitrarily or artificially influenced or determined the amount of the invested capital or net income of one nerships, and (2) if 95 percent or more of the stock was owned directly by a parent corporation or partnership or was controled interests, or if 95 percent of the stock of one or more corporations, or the business of two or more partnerships, was owned by the same interests. | Required.- |  |
| 1918 (Feb. 24, 1919).- | 1918-20 | Income, war-profits, and excess profits taxes. | Domestic corporations, ${ }^{4}$ except personal service corporations. | (1) If one corporation owned directly or controlled through closely affiliated interests substantially all the stock of the other or others, or (2) if substantially all the stock of two or more corporations was owned or controlled by the "same interests." ${ }^{8}$ | -.--do-.-.-.-.................- | Same as for nonconsolidated returns. ${ }^{6}$ (Soe table A, pp. 452459. |
| 1921 (Nov. 23, 1921).- | 1921-23 | For 1921, income, warprofits, and excess profits taxes; for 1922 and 1923 income tax only. | Domestic corporations, $e x$ cept (1) corporations subject to section 262 (relative to income from sources within possessions of the United States), (2) corporations organized under the China Trade Act of 1922, and (3) personal service corporations for 1921. | Same as for 1918-20 except that (1) "the same interest" included the case where two or more corporations were owned or controlled by one or more corporations; ${ }^{3}$ and (2) for the purpose of determining the type of return full disclosure of affiliation was required if ownership was less than 95 percent but over 70 pcrcent. | Required prior to January 1, 1922. Optional on or after January 1, 1922. Option binding in subsoquent years unless permission to change was obtained from the Commissioner. |  |
| 1924 (June 2, 1924) | 1924 | Income tax-...-.-.-...- |  | (1) If one corporation owned at least 95 percent of the voting stock of the other or others or (2) if at least 95 percent of the voting stock of two or more corporations was owned by the same interests. ${ }^{b}$ | Option granted anew for 1924, but option binding in subsequent years unless permission to change was obtained from the Commissioner. |  |


$\Gamma_{\text {able }}$ C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laws for the income years


Table C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laws for the income years

| Federal tax law (Date of enactment) | $\frac{\text { Income }}{\text { year }^{1}}$ | Type of tax for which a consolidated return was permitted | Type of corporation permitted to file a consolidated return | Oriterion of affiliation | Consolidated return required or optional | Tax rate ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Acts amending Code-Con. <br> Second Revenue Act of 1940 (Oct. 8, 1940). <br> Excess Profits Tax Amendments, 1941 <br> (Mar. <br> 1941, effective as of Oct. 8, 1940). | 940-41-Continued. | Excess profits tax under sec. 710 of Code, added by Second Revenue Act, 1940. | Any corporation except: <br> (1) Corporations exempt from the excess profits tax under Second Revenue Act of 1940. <br> (2) Foreign corporations other than certain Canadian and Mexican corporations. ${ }^{7}$ <br> (3) Corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922. <br> (4) Corporations subject to section 251 (relative to income from sources within possessions of the United States). <br> (5) Personal service corporations. <br> (6) Life and mutual insurance companies, but they were considered as includible corporations if two or more such domestic companies alone filed a consolidated return and each was subject to tax under the same section of chapter 1 of the Code. | One or more cbains of includible corporations connected through stock ownersbip with a common parent corporation which was an includible corporation, if (1) at least 95 percent of each class of the stock of each of the includible corporations (except the common parent corporation) was owned directly by one or more of the other includible corporations, and (2) the common parent corporation owned directly at least 95 percent of each class of the stock (exclusive of nonvoting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends) of at least one of the other includible corporations. | Optional for 1940. Option granted anew for 1941. | Same as for nonconsolidated returns. (See table A, pp. 452459.) |


| Optional, but the making |
| :---: | :---: |
| of a consolidated return is |
| op |\(| \begin{gathered}Normal tax and ex- <br>

cess profits tax\end{gathered}\)

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| :---: | :---: |

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TABLE C.-Consolidated income and profits tax returns-provisions for filing and tax rates under the Federal tax laws for the income yeare

Footnotes for table C, synopsis of Federal tax laws
${ }^{6}$ In arriving at net income subject to tax, only one specific exemption is allowed for the
entire affiliated group. For amount of exemption, see table A, pp. 452-459. ${ }^{7}$ In the case of a domestic corporation owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 100 percent of the capital stock (exclusive of directors' qualifying shares) of a corporation
organized under the laws of Canada or of Mexico and maintained solely for the purpose organized under the laws of eanada or of with the laws of such country as to title and operation of property, such
of coren corporation, at the option of the domestic corporation, was treated for 1928 and
subsequent years as a domestic corporation. ${ }^{8}$ The rate of income tax for consolidated returns, 1932 and 1933, is $141 / 2$ percent, except
for returns with fiscal year ending in 1934, on which the tax attributable to 1934 is at the rate of 1434 percent. (See sec. 218(e), National Industrial Recovery Act.) The rate of income tax for cons (The National Industrial Recovery Act provided a rate of $151 / 2 \mathrm{percent}$, 0 The term "common carrier by railroad" included steam and electric railroads, but
did not include street, suburban, and interurban electric railways or express, refrigerator, or slecping car companies.
10 The pivilege of filing consolidated returns is not extended for the purpose of surtax
on personal holding companies except in case of affiliated groups of railroad corporations
which would have been entitled to file consolidated returns under prior law, ${ }^{1}$ There was no provision for the filing of consolidated returns for years prior to 1917.
For description of "income year," see note 3, p. 460 . 2 See note 6, p. 461.
${ }^{3}$ Public service corporations (railroads, gas, electric, water, etc.) when not grouped
into one operating unit-particularly when situated in different jurisdictions and subject to regulation by public service commissions-were not allowed to file a consolidated return owned by an industrial corporation and operated as a plant facility or as an integral part of a group organization of a affiliated corporations required to file a consolidated

- An affiliated corporation organized after August 1, 1914, and not a successor to a then existing business. 50 percent or more of whose gross income was derived from a Govern-
ment contract or contracts made between April 6,1917 , and November 11, 1918, inclusive, ment contract or contracts made between April 6,1917 , and November 11, 1918 , inclusive, assessed on the basis of its own invested capital and net income. A domestic corporation which owned a majority of the stock of a acheign corporation was not permitted to include
6 Corporations were not held to be affiliated when the stock of two or more corporations was owned or controlled by two or more individuals or by two or more partncrships held by each individual or partnership (or corporation) was substantially the same in
each of the affiliated corporations,


## RETURN FORMS FOR 1948

## FACSIMILES OF

Form 1120: Corporation income tax return.
Form 1120L: Life insurance company income tax return.
Form 1120M: Mutual insurance company income tax return.
Form 1120H: Return of personal holding company.


AFFIDAVIT. (See Inatruction E)
We, the underalgned, prealdent (or vico president, or other principal officer) and tressurer (or assiataot treasurer, or ebief aceoubting offiesr) of tho corporation for which this raturn io made, being aeverally duly eworn, eacb for himself deposeg and asye that thio returo (iocludiog any accompapylos schedulee and statemente) hea been examined by him and is, to tho best of his knowledge and belicf, a true, correct, ead completo return, made in good talth

Subacribed aod eworo to before me tbie
day of
, 194...





AFFIDAVIT. (Soa Instruction E)
I/we ewesr (or affirm) that I/we prepared this reture for the pereon named herein and that the return (inoluding any accompanylag achedulse and atatemanta) le a true, correct, and complete etatement of all the information respecting tbe tax liability of the person for whom this return bas been praparod

Subsoribed and oworn to before me thils $\qquad$ doy of $\qquad$ 194..


 part of this raluzn.

Schedulu D.-GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF PROPERTY OTHER THAN CAPITAL ASSETS. (Seo inatructlon 12)

 then 50 percocst in walbe of its capital stock wan ownd Alroelly or ledirvelly by you
 Schedule E,-INCOME FROM DIVIDENDS







## QUESTIONS

1．If incorporated in 1945，indicate whether（a）completely new bueiness $\square$ ，or（b）nuccessor to previously existiog bueiDess，which was orgna ized as（1）corporstiod 口，（2）partpership $\square$ ，or（3）sale proprietor－ ehip D，or（4）other（indicato）．II successor to previously existing business，givo name and address of the previous busincesa organization $\qquad$
$\qquad$

2．Collector＇c office where the corporation＇e return for the preceding year was fled
3．Enter amount of income（or de玉it）from Item 31，pago 1，Form 1120 for 1947. $\qquad$ \＄．
4．The corporation＇e booke are in care ol

Located at
5．Enter the approximato number of otockhoidere at the cioes of the tex－ able year．

6．Check If the corporation is a farmaro＇marketing of a farmera＇purchan－ ing cooperative association $\square$ ，a consumers＇cooperative association $\square$ ， or other conperative asaciation $\square$ ．
y．Is the corporation a persanal holding company within the meaning of rectlon 501 of the Internal Revenue Code？
$\qquad$ （If so，an addi－ tional relurn oo Form 1120 H muat be filed．）
．Is this a consolidated retara？
of faternal rated ratara？－．．．．－．－．（If co，procure from the collector whaternal revenue for your district Form 851 ，Affiliations Schedule，都 this ie not a consolidated retura：（a）Did the corporationown at any time
during the taxable year 50 percent or more of the voting etock of snother corporation either domestic or fareigai－－－－－；－；or（b）did any time during the taxable year 50 percent or more of the corparation＇e voting stock？．－．．．．．．．．．（If either soswer is＂yes，＂attach separate （3）date stock was nequired；and（4）the collector＇s office in which the income tax return of euch corporation，individual，partnership，trust， or association for the last taxeble year was filed．）
10．If this returo mado on tho basia of cash recelpts and disbursementst ．．．．－If not，describe fully in eeparate statemeat．
1I．State whether the inventories at the begianing and end of the taxable yeer were valued at cost，or coat or merket，whichever is lower ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．If other bosis is used，explain fully in eeparate otatemeot，giviag dato inventory was last reconciled with stock（eee
Specific Instruction 2）．

12．Did the corporation make a rcturn of information on Forms 1096 and 1099 or Form W－2s for the calcadar ycar 1948 （seo Iastruction （0－（1））？
13．Has any tranaaction described in Instruction G－（3）oceurred on or after October 8，1940？（Answer＂yes＂or＂no＂）．．．
14．Did the corporation at any time during the taxable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a loraign corporation？．．．．．．．．（If so，atteob atatement as required by luatructloo K－（3）．）soment


SCHEDULE C (Form 1120) Treansy Departenal

UNITED STATES SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES

For Calendar Year 1948

Or fiscal year beginning
1948, and ending
1949
(Insurance companizs uaing thís form should follow notor 1 to 3, inclusive)

| This schedule must be Aled with and as a part of the corporation's income farm return, Form 1120 M , for the taxoble year, in case of sale or exchange of capital assets. ${ }^{1}$ | Prant plainly Corporation's name ano atoress |  |  |  |  | Do not tile this form if the corporetion did not mell or exchange eriy capltal asets during the tainble year. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (Numen) |  | $\dot{-1}$ |  |  |
| 1 Deariplon of Property | 2. Dato 1 cogalred |  | 4. Cost ot Otbur Bacts |  <br>  |  |  |  |



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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Total net long-term cepitol gain (or loee) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Cuasmeanor |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (0) Oaln |  |  | (0) lom |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 ¢ $\quad+\quad \cdots$ |  |  | 5. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\$$ |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Total set long-term cepital gain (or loss) from column 7, above. <br> 7. Total net short-term capital gain or exceas of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss (line 5, col. 2 (a) minus line 6, eal. 2 (b)). (Enter as item 12 (o), page 1, Form $1120^{\circ}$ ). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5. |  |
| 8. Total net loog-term eapital gain or excess of net long-term cepital gain over nat short-term copital loge (line 6, col. 2 (e) minus line 5, col. 2 (b)). (Eater as item 12 (b), pege 1, Form $1120{ }^{\text {² }}$ ) $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8, $\frac{1}{x \times x \times x \times 1}$ |  | $\pm$ |  | $\underline{ }$ |


COMPUTATON OF MTEENATIVE TAX
 10. Net income (item 34, page 1, Ferm 1120)
11. Less: Total net long-term capital gain or excess of net logg-term cepital gein over net short-term capital loss (line 6 or summary above) 10 minus line 11)
Less: Interest on certain obiigations of the United States and its instrumentalities issued prior to
Dlvidends received credit ( 85 perceot of column 2, Sehedule E, but not in exceess of 85 per-
cant of line 3, pago 3, Form 1120)

## 14.

 ject to pormal tax.15. Tocome subjection NORMAL TAX COMPUTATION
16. Normal tax. If amount on line 16 is:

$$
\text { Not over } \$ 5,000 \text {; enter } 15 \text { percent of line } 15 \text {. }
$$

Over $\$ 5,000$ but not over $\$ 20,000$; enter 8750 , plus 17 percent of excess over $\$ 5,000$
Over $\$ 20,000$ but not over $\$ 25,000$; eater $\$ 3,300$, plus 19 percent of excess over $\$ 20,000$.
Over $\$ 25,000$ but not over $\$ 50,000$; enter $\$ 4,250$, plus 31 percont of excess over $\$ 25,000$,
Over $\$ 50,000$; enter 24 percent of ameunt on line 16 .
Notx. The normal tax of foreiga corporations engeged in trade or busimess within the United States is 24 percent of Nora. income eubject to vormal tax, irrespective of the emount.
sJivin Commrnton
17. Ordinary net incame (line 12, above)
18. Less: Dividenda received eredit (85 perceent of column 2 , Schedulo E , but ort in exceses of 85 percent of line 3, page 3, Form $1120^{\prime}$
exeludian from the computation certain dividend received exeludiog from the computation cortain dividends received
on preferred atook of a publio utility)
Dlvidends paid on certain preferred atoek if taxpayer is a publie utility
20. Income subject to eurtax
line 20 is:
21. Surtax. If amount on line 20 is:

Not over 825,000 ; enter 6 percent of line 20 ( 6 porcent in case of a consolidated return) Over $\$ 25,000$ but dot over $\$ 50,000$; eoter $\$ 1,600$, plus 22 perceat of excess over $\$ 25,000$ ( $\$ 2,000$, plus 24 perceot of excess Over $\$ 25,000$ but sot over $\$ 25,000$ in case of a consolidated return) , 22 perceat or Over $\$ 50,000$; enter 14 percent of a mount on line 20 ( 18 perceat ic caso of a consolida ted retura).

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## UNITED STATES CORPORATION INCOME TAX RETURN

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120

## (Refereaces are to the Interaal Revease Code, mlest otherwise soted)

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

A. Corporations which must make a retorn on Form 1120.Every domestlc and every resldent forelgn corporation not specifically exempted by section 101, whether or not having any net income, most file a return. The term "corporation" is defined by the Code to laclude assoclations, joint-stock companles, and lasurance companies.

Recelvers, trustees In dissolution, trustees in bankruptcy, and assignees, operating the property or business of corporations, must make returns of Income for such corporations. If a recelrer has full custody of and control orer the business or property of a corporation, he shall be deemed to he operating such business or property, whether he ls engaged in catrying on the business for which the corporation was organized or only in marshaling, selling, disposing of its assets for purposes of Ilquidation.
B. Period to be covered by return.-Returns shall be filed for the calendar year 1948 or fiscal year beginning ln 1948 and eoding in 1949. A fiscal year is an accounting period of 12 months ending on the last day of a calendar month other than December.

The establisbed accounting period must be adhered to for all yeara unless permission Is received from the Commissioner to make a change. An. application for a change should be made on Form 1123 and forwarded to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., at least 60 days prior to the close of the fractionnd part of the sear for which a retura would be required to effect the change.
C. Basis of retarn.-If your books of acconnt are kept on the accrued basis, report all income accrued, erea though it has not been actually receired, and expenses incurred instead of expenses paid. If your books are not kept on the accrual basis or if you kept no books, make your return on a cash basis and report all income receired or constructirely receired, such as hank interest eredited to jour account and coupon bond interest matured, and report expenses actually paid.
The following limitation on deductions for unpaid expenses and interest are applicable to tnxpayers on the accrual basis.

Section 24 (c). Unpaid expenses and interest. - In computing net income no deduction shall be allowed under section 23 (a). relatiag to expenses incurred, or under section 23 (b), relating to interest accrued-
(1) If such expenses or interest are not pald within the taxable year or within two and one-half months after the close thereof; and
(2) If, by reason of the method of accounting of the person to whom the pasment is to be made, the amount thereof is not, unless paid, includible in the gross income of such person for the taxable sear in which or with which the taxable year of the taxpayer eads; and
(3) If, at the close of the taxable year of the taxpaser or at any time within two and one-half montis thereafter, both the faxpaser and the person to whom the payment is to be made are persons between whom losses would be disallowed under sectlon 24 (b)
D. Filing of return and pasment of tax.-Returns must be Gled on or before the 15th day of the third month following the close of the taxable year with the collector for the district In which the corporation's principal place of business or principal office or agency is located. In the case of a fureign corporation not engaged in business within the Uuited States at any tlme within the taxable year, the return shall be filed on or before the 15th day of the sixth month following the close of the taxable year with the Collector of Inteinal Revenue, Baltlmore 2, Md.

The tax must be pald in full when the retura is filed, or $\ln$ four equal lostallments, as follows: On or before the 15th day of the third month; on or before the luth day of the sirth $797157^{*}-48$
month; on or before the 15th day of the ainth month; and on or before the 15 th day of the twelfth month following the close of the taxnble year. If any installment la not paid on or before the date fixed for its pnyment, the whole amount of the tax unpald shall be paid upon notice and demand by the collector. The tar may be paid by sending or bringing with the retura a The tax may be paid by aending or bringing with the return a
check or money order drawn to the order of "Collector of Incheck or money order drawn to the order of "Collector of In-
ternal Revenue." Do not send cash by mail, nor pay it ln perternal Revenue." Do not send ca
son except at the collector's office.
E. Signatures and verification.-The return shall be sworn to by the president, vice presilient, or other principal officer, and by the treasurer, assistant treasurer, or chlef acconnting officer. When the return is actually prepared hy aome persou or persons other than offcers or employees of the corporation, of page 1 .
F. Penalties,-Severe penalties are imposed for falling to fla a return, for late filing, and-for filing a false or fraudulent return.
G-(1). Information at the sonrce-Every corporation making payments of ( 1 ) interest, rents, commisstons, or other fired or determinable income of $\$ 600$ or more durlng the calendar year $19 \pm 8$ to an indivilbal, a partnership, or a fiduciary, or (2) year 1948 to an individaai, a partnership, or a fiduciary, or (2)
salaries or wages of $\$ 600$ or more shall make a return on Forms 1096 and 1099 , except that the making of such return will not 1096 and 1099 , except that the making of such return will not be required with respect to salary or wage payments incinded
on Form $W-2$, provided copies of withholding statements oa on Form $W-2$, provided copies of withnolaing statem or wage
Form $W-2 a$ are fnraished. If a portion of such salary or win payments was reported on a Withholding Statement (Form W-2a), only the remainder must be reported on Form 1099. The returns on Forms 1096 and 1099 shall also include dividend payments amounting to $\$ 100$ or more cluring the calendar year 1948 to each sharebolder who is an Individunl (citizen or resldent of the United States), a resident Gilucinry, or a resident partnership any member of which is a citizen or resident.
G-(2). Information regarding dissolation or liquidationEvery corporation shall, within 30 days after the ndoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissolution of the corporntion or for the liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966, to the Commissioner, verified under oath, setting forth the terms of such resolution or plan.
Erery corporation making distributlons in liquidation of the whole or any part of its capital stock shall also make returns on Forms 1096 and 1099 L , as required by instructions on Form 1096 for the calendar year 1943.

G-(3). Acquisition of interest in or control of a corporation or property after October 8, 1940.-The transactions to which reference is made in question $\mathbf{1 3}$ are the following:
(a) Any acquisition, directly or indirectly, on or after October 8,1940 , by a corporation filing a return, or by any person or 8, 1940 , by a corporation filing a return, or by any person or
interest controlling it, o: by any corporation or interest which interest controlling it, on by any corporatio
(b) Any acquisition, directly or indirectly, on or after October 8 , 1940 , by a corporation fling a return, or by any corporation or interest which it controls, of property of another corporation not controlled, directly or indirectly, immediately prior to such ncquisition, by such acquiring corporation or its acquiring corpe basis of which property, ia the hace to the hasis in the hands of the transferor corporation.

For the purpose of the nhore, control means the ownership of atock possessing at least 50 percent of the tota combined voting power of all clnsses of stock entitled to sote on at leagt 50 percent of the total value of ahares of all classes of stock of the corporatlon.
H. Returns of certain corporations.-Domestic corporations within the possessions of the United States (except the Virgin Islands) may report as gross income only gross income from sources within the United States, provided (a) 8 percedl or more of the gross income for the $3-y \mathrm{ear}$ period immedately preceding the close of the taxable year (or such part thereor as nay be applicsble) was derived from sources within a possession of the United States, and (b) 50 percent or more of the gross ne active conduct of a trade or business within a possession of the United States. (See section 251.)

Resident foreign corporations.-Foreign corporations which at any time within the taxable year are engaged in trade or business within the United States shall make returns on Form 1120 of jucome received from sources within the United States.

Nonrcsident foreign corporations.-Foreign corporatlons not engaged in trade or business within the United States at any time within the taxable year are subject to tax upon gross ncome from sources within the United States (determined under the provisions of section 119) which is fixed or determinnble, annual or periodical gains, profits, and income, and are required to make returns on form 1120 NB with respect
to such income only in the event their tax liability has not been fully satisfied at the source. (See sections 231-237.)
Insurance companies.-Life insurance companics, as defined oy section 201, shall file returns on Form 1120L, instead of Form 1120. Nitual insurance companies (other than life or inarine insurance companies, or fire insurance companies snbject to tir imposed by section 204) shall make and file returns on Form 1120M in accordance with the provisions of section 207. The net iucome of an insurance company (other than a ife or mutual insurance company referred to above) and every mutnal marine insurance company and every mutual fire iosurance company described in section 204 (a) (1) shall be computed as provided in section 204.
Reguloted investment companies.-An investment company will not satisfy the requirements of section 301 so as to come within the term "regulated investment company" for any taxable year unless it files with its return on Form 1120 for the taxable year an election to be a regulated investment company. The election once made is irrevocable, and if for any given year the investment company satisfies the other requirements of section 361 it will be considered a regulated investment company.
I. Consolidated returns.-Subject to the provisions of section 141 and the regulations, an affiliated group of corporations may make a consolidated income-tax return in lieu of separate returns.
The making of a consolidated return shall be upon the condition that all corporations which at any time during the taxable year have been members of the aftiliated group making a consolidated income-tax return consent to all the consolidated income-tax regulations prescribed under section 141 (b) prior to the last day prescribed by lav for the filing of such return.
The common parent corporation, when filing a consolidated ncome-tax return, shall attach thereto a schedule showing the oames and addresses of all the corporations included in the return. Each subsidiary must prepare two duplicate originals of Form 1122 consenting to the regulations and nuthorizing the making of the return on its behalf for the taxable year. One snch form shall be attached to the consolidated return as a part thereof, and the other shall be filed, at or before the time the consolidated return is filed, in the office of the collector for the subsidiary's district.

Supporting schedules shall be filed with the consolidated. return. These schedules shall be prepared in colvmnar form, one column being provided for each corporation included In the consolidation, showing in detail the items of gross lacome and deducttons and the computation of net income; one column for a total of like Items before adjustments are made; one column for intercompany eliminations and adjustments; and one column for a total of like items after giving effect to the eliminations and adjustments. The items included In the column for eliminations and adjustments should be symbolized to Identify contra items affected, nod suitable explanations appended, if neceasary. Similar schedules shall nlso contain in columnar
form a reconcillatlon of surplus for each corporation, together with a reconcillation of the consolidated surplus,
Consolidated balance shcets as of the beginaing and close of the taxable year of the group shall accompany the consolidated return prepared in a form similar to that required for reconciliation of surplus.
J. Surtax on improperly accumulated surplus.-In order to prevent accumulation of earnings or profits for the purpose of enabling shareholders to avoid the surtax on individuals, section 102 provides an additional tax upon the net iucome of corporations formed or utilized for the purpose of such tax avoidance. This additional tax is equal to the sum of the following:
Twenty-seveu and one-half percent of the amount of the undistributed section 102 net income not in excess of $\$ 100.000$, plus $331 / 2$ perceot of the undistributed section 102 vet income in excess of $\$ 100,000$. (For definition of "undistributed section 102 net income," etc., see section 102.)
K-(1). Personal holding companies.-Section 500 imposes a surtax upon the undistributed subchapter A net income of corporations classifed as personal holding companies. Every personal holding company must file an additional return on Form 1120H.
Section 501 (a) (1) aod (2) defines a "personal holding company" as any corporation if at lenst 80 percent (see modifications in section 501 (a) (1)) of its gross income for the taxable year is personal holding company income as defined in section more than 50 percent in vaive of its outstanding stock is owned, directly or indirectly, by or for vot more than five indiriduals. (See sections 500-511.)
K-(2): Foreign personal holding companies.-Section 337 (a) requires that the undistributed supplement $\mathbf{P}$ net income of a foreign personal holding company, as defined in section 331 , shall be included as a dividend in the gross income of the United States shareholders in the amount provided by subsection (b). Form 1120 H is not required, but monthly and annusl Information returns must be flied by the officers, directors, and certain United States sbareholders as provided by sections 33 s and 339 .
A forcign corporation which is a personal holding company. as defined in section 501 but not within the definition of section 331 , is subject to the surtax imposed by section 500 and must file an additional return on Form 11:01.
K-(3). Slock ownership in foreign corporations.-In addition to the information to be shown in Schedule E of the return, a corporation owning any stock of a foreign corporation must attach a statement showing the name and address of each company and the total number of shares of each class of outstanding stock owned during the taxible year. If the corporation ownell 5 percent or more in value of the outstanding stock of a foreign personal holding company, attnch a statement setting forth in complete detail the information required by section 337 (d).
L. Balance sheets.-The balnnce sheets, Schedule L, should agree with the books of account or any differences whould be reconciled. The balance sheets for a consolidated return of affiliated corporntions should be furnished in accordance with Instruction I. All corporations reporting to the Interstate Commerce Commission or to any National, State. municipal, or otber public officer, may submit, in lieu of Schedule $L^{2}$ copies of their balance sheets prescribed by said Commlssion or State and municipal authorities, as at the begioning and end of the taxable yenr.
In case the balance sheet as at the beginning of the current taxable year does not agree in every respect with the balunce sheet which was submitted as at the end of the previous tna able year, the differences should be fully explained.
M. Forma other than prescribed by retarn,-Banks, Insurance companiea, and other corporntions required to submit atatements of income and expenses to any National, State atatements of itcome and expenses subical, or other public officer may submith the return a statement of income and expenses in the form furnished to a atatement of income and expenses in the form furnished to ouch officer, in lieu of the information requested in items 1 to. 34, page 1, except that a railrond company may submit witb the return a atatement on Form 1090. In such cases the net income will be reconclled by means of Schednle M with the mitted, and should be entered as item 34, page 1 .

## N. PRINCIPAL BUSLNESS ACTIVITY

Page 3
io reporting the "Principal husiness activity," on page 1 , give the one husiness sctivity that accounts for the largest percentage of "total recelpts." "Total recelpis" means gross sales (ilne 1), plas gross recelpts (ilne 4), plus all other sources of ficome (line 7-llne 14). State the broad field of business activity as well as the specitic product or service, such as "pening copper," "Manufacturing cotton broad woven fabric, "Wholesale fool, or "Retan apparer. Wource of recelpta, Use the spproprlategroup more of the detalled industry groups listed below, show only one whlch is the major source of receipta,
under the heading "FiNaNCE code number" on page 1 from the following list. Give the code for the specific industry group from which the largest perceotage of "total recelpts" is derived.

## AGRICULTURE PORESTRI AND

## Co 011 01 <br>  MINERAL EXTRACTION

## 101 Ferrous ore miaing. <br> 102 Copper, lead, zinc, gold, allver.

Coal mining:
111 Anthracias coal. 121 aitomiasus coal and lignito.
Crude patroleun and natersil sas extraction: 131 Crude petroleum, natural gus, and 138 Oll-and gas-held contract services. Nonmetolic mineral minning
141 Stme, sand, pravel. CONSTRUCTION

## 151 Oeneral contractors: hulldings. 152 Qenerai contractors; other. <br> 53 8pecial trade centractors. <br> 159 Other construction.

191 Bottled solt drinks and carbonated 102 Maters. ilquers and malt.
${ }_{195}$ Wistilled, rectiled, bleoded fiquors. Food and kindred prodacla:
201 Mest products. 202 Doiry products, cxcept market 203 Canning and preserving frults, 204 Orain-mill products, except cereal preparations.
205 Bisery producte.
206 Bugar, cane and beet.
207 Conlectionery, rclated products,
208 Ceresl preparations,
209 Other, focluding manulactured lee and flavoring airups.
Tobaceo man
212 Clams.
219 Other.
Teatile-mill producta:
221 Yarn sod tbread (cotton, wool, 222 Broad-woven fabrle (woolen and
223 Broad-woved fabrle (cotton).
Narrow fabries and other small
wares (cotton, wool, ailk, and zyntbetic fiber
 (oxcept knit goods). atber lloor
Carpets, rugs, sod coverings.
Hats, except cloth and millinery. 8 Hats, except clotb and milioery.
9 Other, hacludiog rayoa and sils
broad-woven fatiric.
Apparel and ather finishied producta made
from fabrica and siniler materiata:
231 Men's and boya' clothing sod
furnishlogs, axcept fur and rurolshlogs, except fur and Women's clothlog, and childra's
sod iofants' wear, except fur and rubber.
235 Millivery.
Fur good apparel sod sceessorles
Otherjuding gloves, robes, and
focjer Other fabricated textlle products acluding curtains, bags, and

## Lamber and niture):

241 Logglag camps, Joggiog coatrge$2 * 3$ Millwork, plywood, aod prefabricated structural wood products. Wogdan contajaera.
Funciture and $6 \times$ (ures (wood or metal):
251 Furniture-household, omee, puib-
He building, and professional.

Code Partitions, abelving, lockers; and 288 Window eod door screenes, obades 259 Other, venection blliods. Paper and allied producta:
231 Pulp, paper, and paperhoard mitls. 06 Paper bass and paperboard conPulp goods, and other converted paper products.
Printing, publishing, and alliad industries:
271 Newspapers.
272 Periodica
275 Books.
275 Commerclal priating, including
lithegraphing
279 Other publishing, hookhindigg. add scrvice fo
priatiag trede.
281 Industrial trorganie chemicals.
lodustrial orranic chemicals, in cludiag plastic materials, syn-
thetic rubber, and syntbetic
fibers.
283 Drugs sed mediclaes.
284 Soap and glycerine, cleanlog and polishing preparatlons, etc.
 tojfet preparations.
288 Fertilizcrs. 288 Otber, including gum and wood 288 Otber, inclu
Prodacta of petroleam and coal
291 Petroleum refining. abber
301 Tires and inner tubes.-
309 Other rabber products.
Leather and lesther products.
311 Leather: tanned, currled, oto. 319 Other leather goods.
Stane, elay, and elasa profucls:
321 Olass and glass products.
324 Cement (hydraulle).
325 Structural clay products.
326 Pottery and retasted products,
327 Cpocrete, gypsum, and plaste
Cpacretu, gypsum, and plaste products, including lime.
Cut-stone and stone product 328 Abt-stone and stone products. Abrasive, estestos, And othe,
metallic mineral producta.
Primery metal industries:
31 Blast furnaces, steel works, ood 332 Iroo and steel Souadrles.
333 Primary and secoodary smelting, refining, rolling. drawing, and
slloying of nonferrous metals and alloys.
336 Nonferrous foundries.
9 Other Including iroa and steel
Fabricated melal producte (azeest erdzaoiprosot):
31 Tin cans and otber Rinware.
342 Cutlery, band tools, and general Heating apparatus (except elec33 Eeating apparatus (except elec an Fabrleated structural metal prodFabricated struding boller shop
ucts includicts.
produping, caatlog, and on34 M Metal stamp
347 L graving .
348 Fabricaled wires. products.
248 Fabrics
349 Other wire. products,
including screw machine Other inclu
products.
351 Engines and turbines, except anto motive, eircrait, sid railwoy.
352 Agricultural mchy, ${ }_{353}^{352}$ Agricultural mchy. and tractors. sss Metalworting mechinery inchad355 Bpecial-industry machinery
350 General indus
355 Bpeciel-jndustry machinery,
358 General industry machinery and equipment.

Code
37 Offeo and atora machines ond 358 Servioc industry and bousehold 350 Other machinery parts, and Other machinery
machine shops.
Eleetrical machinery, equiproent, wod avpplisa:
61 Electricol geocratiog, transmisoapparatus.
382 Electrical appllancee.
363 Insulated wirc and mbt
364 Electrical wirc and cible. lectrical equipmet or motor
veblecs, sircrate, and radway veblecs,
loeometives and cars.
365 Electric lamps. ment, and phooographs (except
radio tuhes). 367 Othio commes). 309 Miscellaneous electrical products inciuding hatteries.
Transportalion equipment (except elertrical and motor rehicle equipment): 72 Aircraft and parts, iocluding air373 Ship and boat huilding, repairing.
374 Raifroad equipmeat, including locomotives, end street cars. 375 Motorcycics, bicycles and parts.
379 Otber transportation equipment.
Moter relicles sud moles eshicle equip. meot (oxeept mectrical equipment);
381 Motor vehicles, including bodjes 381 Motor vehicles, including bodies
aod truck trailers. 384 Motor vebicle parts. and accessorles, including engines, and trail ers for passenger cars
Ordnunce and accasoories:
381 Quns, and related equipment in396 clualling smalla arms ammunition.
396 Small arms ammunition.
399
Other.
399 Other.
Profeasional, acientific, and controlling
inatrameots; pbototraphic and optical goods:
Profeslonel, scieotific, and con trolling instruments, including 107 Watches, clocks, and clockwork 107 Watches, clovies.
Other manufarturing induatriea:
411 Jeweiry (precions meta), silver412 Costume and peltry (except preclous 413 Fabricated plastic products, ex418 other, plastle materials.
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION
TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION,
AND OTHER PUBLIC UTLITIES
Tranapertation:
461 Railraads, railway express.
462 Urban, suburban, sod Interarbea
railways(withand withont bussea). 463 Truilways (xith and warebousing.
464 Otber motor weblele transporta 464 Otber motor veblele transporta465 Petroleum pipelines.
466 Water transportation.
467 Air transportatioc.
468 Services, supplementary to trans469 Otber transportation.
Communication:
471 Telephone (wire or radio).
472 Telegrapt (wire and radio).
472 Telegrapb (wire and radio). 479 Otber communication.
Electric and gas uilitieas:
481 Electric light and power.
$\$ 82$ Gas production and distribution,
Oas production and distribution,
oroept natural gas production.
Ohbot publie utirizas:
499 Water supply.
490 Other public utinties.

## 501 Co WHOLESALE TRADE

501 Commiasiva werebants.
Oin wooteraterat
611 Food, including mill.
612 Alcoholic beverages.
813 Apparel and dry goods.
814 Cbemicals, paints, and drugs.
5 Hardware, electrical goods, plumb ing and beating equipment, eto.

Cade
516 Lamber, millwort, and cenatruc17 Machinery, equipment, supplice.
18 Farm products-ruw materials: com proditrain, wool, leas tobseco.
IVestoek, etc.
19 Other wholesslers.
321 Food, including mill-
General merchandias:
531 Department stores,
$532 \mathrm{Mall-erder} \mathrm{houses}$.
533 Variety stores.
539 Other gearal marchaodise.
39 Other geaeral marchao
551 Furniture, heme furnishings, ote
Automotive dealort, deslert is parts and
sccessorios, and filling stations:
si Automobiles and trucks.
53 Parts, accessories, tires, batteries.
571 Drug itwes.
81 Eating and drinking placra,
Lumber, building matorialc, and berdraro:
91 Lumber and building materlals. 95 Bardware aad farm Implemeats. ther retail trade:
01 Liquor stores.
FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL
21 Banka and truat companies.
Credit agancies other than bankes:
534 Personsl credit agencles,
635 Business credt agcocles.
635 Business credit ascocles.
Holding and other invealment componios:-
641 Operating-holdiog companfes
than 00 percent but more thas
fram investments).
CS2 Oiher investment and bolding companies (compaales wbich de
rived 90 percent or more of tota rived 90 percent or more of tot
recelpts irom investments).
651 Security sud commedits brokera,
Insurnace carriers:
661 Life insurance.
662 Mutuel, except life or marine, and
except mutual Dre losurance com668 olher. Rase eatates
881 Real estata owners and operators Real estatg owners and operators,
including lessors of Duildings (excludeg developers of real property a ad lessors of real 683 Davelopers of real property, including traders on ownaccount, ${ }_{685}$ 684 Agents brokers, manageta, stc. 885 Title a bstract companies.
leswers of real property, except buidings 691 Agriculturel, forest, and similar 692 Mining, oll, and simllar propertles, 693 Railroad property.
694 Public-utility pruperty
699 Otier real property except bulldinga. SERVICES
701 Hotelor, rosming sod boarding houses, camps.
721 Laundries, cleaning and dyelng 723 Pbotographic studios including 720 Other personal service
grainews servikes:
739 Other buisiness services.
739 Other business services.
751 Rotemobila repair zervices and garagee.

Mation pieturea:
781 Mfotlon picture prodaction, dis
tribution and service industriee. tribution and service industrlee
Motlon picture theaters. 781 Amusement and recreation
sol Oiber services, includiag sehools.

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## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

(Nurabered to cortespond with item nambers on page 1 of retara)
2. Cost of goods aold.-If the production, manufacture, purchase, or sale of merchandise is an incone-producing factor in the trade or business, inventories of merchandise hand ghould be taken at the beginning and end of the taxable year, which may be valued at (a) cost, or (b) cost or market, whichever is lower. The basis properly adopted is controning nutil permission to change is obtained from the Commissioner. Applicatlon for permission to change the basis of valuing inventories shail be made in writilg and filed with the Commissioner Fithin 90 days after the begluning of the taxable ycar in which it is desired to effect a chnnge. Enter the letters "C" or "C or M," immedlately before the nmount column in Schedule $A_{1}$, if the inventories are valued at elther cost, or cost or market, whichever is lower, and explain fully in answer to question II, on page 3 , the method used. In case the inventories reported
do notiagree with the balance sheet, attach a statement explaindo not agree with the
ing the difference.

A corporation electing to have applied the method of tikking inventory provided for in section 22 (d) should file Form 970 with the retura for the first year of the election. Thereatter, attach separate schedule showing: (1) a aummary of all inventories; (2) with respect to inventories computed under section 22 (d), if any, the computation of the quantltles and cost by acquisition levels.
8. Interest on corporation bonds, etc-Enter iaterest on bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates or other evidence of indebtedness, issued by any corporntion and bearing Interest, with interest coupons or in registered form. Do not include interest on any such obligations which constitute stock in would of the taxpayer or any such obligations of a klad whey wo if on properiy be lacluded in the inventory of the taxpayer if on held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordiary conrse of his trade or business. Such laterest should ordiaary conrse of his trade or business. 9 fuch intertizt should bond preminm.)
9. Interest on obligationa of the United States, etc-Enter on line 4, Schedule $L$, the amounts of the various obligations owned. Enter on line 19, Schedule M, all interest received or accrued during the year on the various obligations listed therein. The total amount of interest reported as item 9 (o) and ( $b$ ) is allowable as a credit against net income, and such total should be entered as line 2, page 3. The amount of total should be entered as line 2, page 3 . The amount of March 1, 1941, by the United States or any ageacy or instruMarch 1, 1941, by the United States or aby ageacy or inst
mentallty thereof should be entered as item 9 (c), page 1.

Section 23 ( $v$ ) makes provision for the deduction of amorthzatlon of bond premium by the owner of a bond. The term "bond" is defined by section 125 (d) as any bond, debenture, note, or certificate or other evldence of indebtedness, issued by note, or certificate or other evinence or indebeaness, issued by any corporation and beariag interestitial subdivision thereof), with interest courons or in registered form, but does not inwith interest coupy such obligation which constitntes stock in trade of the taxpayer or any such obligation of a kind which would properly be included in the laventery of the taxpayer if on properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on heid by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of his trade or business.

Section 125 provides that amortization of bond premlum is mandatory with respect to fully tax-exempt bonds (the intermandatory with respect to fuly tax-exempt bonds (the inser-
est on which ia not aubject to the income tax). In the case of fully taxable bonds (the interest oa which is subject to the normal tax and aurtax) amortization of the premlum is elective. With respect to partlally tax-exempt bonds (the intereat on which is aubject only to the surtax), it the taxpayer is a on which is aubject only to the surtax), if the taxpayer is a corporation, amortization ia mandatory. Such execton band premium on the return for the frst taxable year to which the election is to be applicable. Attach a statement showing the computation of the deduction.
The eiectlon shall apply to all bonds with respect to which It waa made owned by the taxpayer at the beginning of the first tnxable year to whlch the election applies and also to all bonds of such class (or classes) thereafter acquired by him, and shall be binding for all aubscquent taxable years, unless upon appll-
cation by the taxpayer, the Commissioner permits the taxpayer to revoke the election.
In the case of a fully tax-exempt hond, the amortizable premium for the taxable year is an adjustment to the basis or adjusted basis of the bond. No deduction is nllowed on account of guch amortizable premium. In the case of a fully taxable bond, the amortizable premium is both an adjustment to the basis or adjusted basis of the bond and also a deduction. In the case of a partially tax-exempt bond the amortizable premium for the taxable year is used for three purposes: (1) $\Delta a$ an adjustment to the basis or adjusted basis; (2) as a delluction; and (3) as a reduction to the credit for the faterest on the boad. An election exercised in the current year or a prior year is binding for all subsequeat years.
Noninterest-bearing obligotions issued of a discount.-Taxparera on the cash basis may elect, as to all nonlnterest-bearing obligations issued at a disconnt and redeemable for fixed amounts increasing at atated intervals (for example, United States Savings Boads), to tnclude the tacrease in redemptlon price applicable to the current year. For the year of electlon the total tnerease io redemption price of such obligations occurring between the date of acquisition and the ead of the year must be included. Taxpayer so electing ahall report such income as interest is ltem 7,8 , or 9 , page 1 , whichever is appll cable, and attach statement Histing obligations owned nad computation of accrued income.
10. Rents.-Enter the gross amount recelved for the rent of property. Any expenses, including repalrs, interest, taxes, and depreciation, should be included in the proper items of deductions on page 1
11. Royalties.-Enter the gross amount recelved as royaltiea. If a deduction la claimed for depletion, it should be reported as 1 tem 26, page 1.
12. Gaina and loases from aales or exchanges of capital asseta and other property.-Report sales or exchanges of capltal assets in Schedule C and sales or exchanges of property other thas capital assets is Schedule D. Every sale or exchange of property, even though no gala or loss may be indlcated, must be reported in detail.
Losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall be allowed only to the exteat of gaips from such sales or exchanges. However, the amount of a net capital loss sustained ia any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1941, may be carried over to each of the five succeeding taxnble yeara and treated In each uuch five aucceeding taxable years as a ahort-term capital loss to the extent not allowed as a deduction against any net capltal galna of aay taxable year laterventag between the taxable year in whlch the net capital loss was sustalaed aad the taxable year to whlch carrled.
Defnition of capital ossets.-The term "capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer (whether or not coanected with his trade or business), but does not include stock in trade of the taxpayer or other property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of hla trade or business, or property used in the trade or business, of a character which is aubject to the allowance for depreciatlon, provided in section 23 (1), or an obligation of the United States or any of its possessions, or of a State or Territory, or any or any of its possessions, or of a state or politicai subdivision thereof, or of the District of Columbia able wlthout interest at a inxed maturity date not exceediag one year from the date of issue, or real property used in the trada year from the date of issue, or
or business of the taxpayer.
Classification of capital gains and losses.-The phrase "ghortterm" apples to the category of gains and losses arising from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for 6 months or less; the phrase "long-term" to the eategory of gains and lossea than 6 months.
Enter full description of each item of property sold or exchanged, even though no gain or loss may be indicated. Sucb description should include the following facta: (a) For real estate, location and description of land, deacription of improve-

## Page 5

ments, detalls explaining depreciation (column 6 of Schednes C and D): ( $b$ ) for bonds or other evidences of. Indebtedness, C and D) ; ( 8 ) for bonds or other evldences of. Indebtedness, name of issuing corporation, description of the particular issue,
denomination, and smount; (c) for atocks, name of issulng denomiantion, and smount; (c) for atocks, name of lasulng
corporation, class of stock, number of ghares, and capital corporation, clags of atock, number of ahares, and capital changes affectiog basis (nontaxable stock dividends, other nontaxable diatributions, stock rigbts, etc.).

The "basis" for the property is not subject to the same rule for reporting gains as for josses, If the property was acquired before March 1, 1913. If the property gold or exchanged was acquired prior to March 1, 1913, the basis for determining GAIN is the cost or the folr market value as of March 1, 1913, GAIN is the cost or the folr market vaiue as of March 1 , 1913 , adjusted as provided in section
but io determining LOSS the basis is cost so ndjusted. If property was acquired nfter February 28, 1913, basis for both property was acquired niter February 28, 1913, basis for both gain and $108 s$ is the cost of such property, except as. otherwise
provided by section 113 . The exceptions arise chiefy where provided by section 113 . The exceptions arise chiefy where property was acquired by gift, bequest, tax-free exchange, involuntary conversion, or wasin sale of stock ; and in such cases section 113 provides the basis that shall be used. If the amount shown as the basis is other than actual cash cost of the property sold or exchanged, full detalls must be furnished regarding the. acquisition of the property.
Enter in column 6 of Schedules $C$ and $D$ the amount of depreclation, exhaustion, wear and tear, obsolescence, and depletion which has been allowed (but not less than the amount niliowable) in respect of such property since date of acquisjtlon, or since March 1, 1913, if the property was acquired before thon, or since March 1, 1913, if the property was acquired before March 1 , 1913 , the cost shall be reduced by the depreciation and depletion actualiy sustained before that date.
'Subsequent improvements include expenditures for ndditions, improvements, renewals, and replacements made to restore the property or prolong its useful iffe. Do not deduct ordinary repairs, Interest, or taxes in computing gain or loss.
Losses on securities becoming worthless.-If any securitles (as defned below) become worthless within the taxable year and are capital assets, the loss resultiog therefrom shall, in the case of a taxpayer other than a bank, as defined in section 104, be congidered as a loss from the gale or exchange, on the last day of such tazable jear, of capltal assets. (See aection 23 (k) (2).)
Definition of securities.-As used for the purpose of determinlog capital lossea under section $23(\mathrm{k})$, the term "securjties" means bonds, debentures, notes, or certificateg, or other evidences of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (includlng those issued by a government or political aubdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form. However, securities issued by any corporatinn affilated with the taxpayer sball not be deemed capital agsets. (See section 23 (k) (3) and (5).)

Losses on stocks or stock rights becoming worthless.-If any sharea of stock in a corporation (except stock in a corporation afflisted with the taxpayer), or rights to gubscribe for or to receive such shares, become wortbless during the taxable year and are capital assets, the loss resulting therefrom shall be considered as a loss from the sale or exchange, on the last day of such taxable year, of capital agaets. (See section 23 (g) (2) and (4).)

Losses not allouable.-No loss shall be recognized in any sale or other disposition of shares of stock or aecurities where there haa been a cquired substantially identical stock or securities or there bas beed entered into a contract or option to acquire pubstantlally identical stock or securitles within 30 days before or after the date of such sale or disposition, except in cases of dealers in stocks and securitles and with respect to tranar actions made in the ordinary course of such baslaess.
No deduction shall be allowed in respect of losses from sales or exchanges of property, directly or indirectiy (except In the caae of distribntions in jiquidation), between an individual and a corporation in which such individual owns, directly or ina corporation in which such indivldual owns, directly or in-
directiy, more than 50 percent in value of the ontstanding stock; or (except in the case of distributions in liquidation) between two corporations more than 50 percent in value of the between two corporations more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding stock of each of which is owned, directly or indirectiy, by or for the same individual, if elther one of such corporatlons, with respect to the taxable yesr of the corporation preceding the date of the sale or exchange waa, under the
laws applicable to such taxable year, (1) a personal holding
company, as defined in section 501, or (2) forelgn personal holdlog company, as deflised in section 331 . (See paragraph (1) (B) and (C) of section 24 (b).) (For the purpose of (1) (B) and (C) of aection 24 (b).) (For the purpose of
detcrmiolng the ownershlp of stock, in applying this paragraph. detcrmialng the ownersh
see section 24 (b) (2).)

Gains and losses from involuntary conversion and from the sale or exchonge of certain property'uged in the trade or busisake or ewchonge of certain property used in the term "property used in the trade or business" as ness.-The term "property, used in the trade or business as
used in section 117 ( $j$ ) means property used in the trade or used in section 117 ( J ) means property used in the trade or
business, of a character whlch is subject to the allowance for business, of a character whlch is subject to the allowance for
depreciation provided In section 23 (1), held for more than 6 depreciation provided In section 23 (1), held for more than 6 months, and real property used in the trade or business, held for more than 6 months, which is not ( 6 ) property of a kind which would properiy be includible in the inventory of the taspayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or (b) property held by the taxpayer primarliy for sale to customers in the ordinary course of bis trade or business, Such term also includes timber with respect to which section 117 (k) (1) or (2) is applicable.

Section 117 (j) provides special treatment for the gains and lossea upon the sale or exchange of depreciable property and of land, held for more than 6 months, and for the gains and losses upon the compulisory or Involuntary converslon of such depreciable property and land and of capital aasets held for depreciable property
more than 6 months.

The method prescribed in section 117 (j) (2) is to treat such gains and losses during the tarable year as gains and losses from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months, if the aggregate of guch gains exceeds the aggregate of such losses. 1f, however, the aggregate of such gains does not exceed the aggregate of such losses, such gains and losses shall not be treated as gains and lossea from the sale or exchange of capital assets held for more than 6 months.
In determiolog whether galns do or do not exceed losses, It is necessary to incinde the gains and losses to the extent that they would be included if they were all ordinary gains and losses. The limitationg of section 117 (d) on the deductibility of capital losses does not operate to exclude any guch losses from the computation as to the excess of gains over losses, but all auch losses are included in full.
For apecial treatment of gain or loss mpon the cutting of timber, or upon the disposal of timber under a contract by which the owner retains an economic interest in such timber, see section 117 (k).

Alternative tas.-If for any tarable year the net long-term capital gain exceeds the net short-term capltal loss, section 117 (c) imposes an alternative tax In lieu of the normal tax and aurtax Imposed upon net income, if and only if auch tax is lesa than the tax imposed by sections 13 , 14 , and 15 (relating to normal tax and aurtax on corporations), gections 204 and 207 (a) (1) or (3) (relating to dormpl tax and surtax on insurance companies, other than life insprance companies), insurance companies, otber than life insprance companies),
and sectlon 500 (relatiog to surtax on personal holding comand sectlon 500 (relatiog to surtax on personal holding com-
panies). The alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partiai tax, panies). The alternative tax is the sum of (1) a partial tax,
computed at the normal tax and surtax rates on the net jocome computed at the normal tax and surtax rates on the net jocome
decreased by the amount of the excess of the net long-term decreased by the amount of the excess of the net long-term
capital gain over the net ahort-term capital loss, and (2) 25 capital gain over the $n$
percent of such excess.

Bonds, etc., losses of bantis,-In the case of a bank, as defined in section 104, if the losses of the tarable year from gales fined in section 104, if the losses of the taxable year from sales or exchanges of bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates, or cluding one isgued by a government or political subdivision cluding one lsgued by a government or political subdivision
thereof) with interest coupons or io registered form, exceed the gains from auch sales or exchanges, such etcess ahall be considered as an ordinary loss and deductible in full against considered as
other income.
14. Other income-List all other income not reported elsewhere In the return. War losa recoveries received during the year ahould be determined in accordance with gection 127 and the applicable regulations.
18. Rent.-Enter rent paid or accrued for busloess property in which the corporation has no equity.
19. Repairs-Enter the cost of Incldental repairs, Including labor, suppllea, and other Items, which do not add to the value or appreciably prolong the life of the property. Expenditures for new bulldings, machinery, equipment, or for permanent Improvementa or betterments whlch increase the value of the

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property are chargeable to capital account. Expenditures for restoring or replacing property are not deductible, as such expenditures are chargeable to capital accounts or to depreciation reserve, depending on how depreciation is charged on the books of the corporation.
20. Bad debts.-Bad debts may be treated In efther of two ways-(1) by a deduction from income in respect of debts which become worthless in whole or in part, or (2) by a deduction from income of a reasonable addition to a reserve for bad debts.
A taxpayer filing a first returd of income may select either of the two methods, which method must be followed in returns the two methods, which method must be followed in returas
for subsequent years, unless permission is granted by the Commissioner to change to the other method. Application for permission to change the method shall be made in writing for permission teast 30 days prior to the close of the taxable year for which at least 30 days prior to the close
it is desired to effect the change.

Worthless debta arising from unpaid wages, salaries, rents, and similar items of taxable income, will not be allowed as a deduction unless the income such items represent has been included in the return of income for the year for which the deduction as a bad debt is sought to be made or for a previous Јear.
21. Interest.-Enter Interest pald or accrued on business indehtedness. Do not include in item 21 interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligationa (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originaliy subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation. (See also General instruction $C$ with reference to deductions for accrued interest and expenses.)
22. Taxes.-Enter taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year and fill in Schedule $H$. Do not include Federal income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes; estate, inheritance, legacy, succession, and gift taxes; foreign or possession income trxes if any credit is clnimed in Item 36, page 1; taxes assessed agailust local benefits tending to increase the value of the property assessed; Federal taxes paid on bonds containing a taxfree covenant, nor taxes not imposed upon the taxpayer,
23. Contributions or gifits paid,-Enter contributions or gifts actunlly paid within the taxable year to or for the use of (1) The United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof or the District of Colnmbia, or any possession of the United States, for exciusively public purposes; (2) in corporation, trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, created or organized in the United States or in any possession thereof or under the law of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or of the District of Columbia, or of any possession of the United States, organized and operated exciusively for religious, charitable, scientific, veteran rehabilitation service, literary, or educational purposes or the prevention of cruelty to children (but in the case of contributions or gifts to a trust, chest, fund, or foundation payment of wbich is made within a taxable year beginning after December 31, 1948, only if such contributions or gifts are to be used within the United States or any of ita possessions exclusively for such purposes), no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individuai, and no subatantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting, to Infiuence legisiation; or (3) posts or organizations of war veterans, or auxiliary units of, or trusts or foundations for, any such posts or organizations, if such posta, organizations, units, trusta, or foundations are organized in the United States or any of its possessions, and if no part of their net earnings inure to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. The amount claimed shall not exceed 5 percent of the corporation's net income as computed without the benefit of this deduction. Do not deduct as a business expense charitable contributions which come within the above description, but which might be unallowable in whole or in part, because of the limitation contained in section $23(\mathrm{q})$. List organizations and amounts contributed to each in Schedule I.
24. Losses by fire, storm, shipwreck, or other caaualty, or theft-Enter losses of property suatained during the year, nrising from fire, storm, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft. Losses should be explained in an attached schedule setting forth a description of the property, date acquired, cost, subsequent improvements, depreciation allowable since acquisition, insurance, salvage, value, and deductible loss.
25. Depreciation.-The amount deductible on account of depreciation is an amount reasonably mensuring the portion of the investment in deprecinble property (1) used in the trade or business, or (2) held for production of income, by reason of exhaustion, wear and tear, lacluding a rensonable allowance exhaustion, wear and tear, lociuding a reasonable allowance If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March. 1 , 1913 , the amount of depreciation should be determined npon the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the the basis of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the
property, and the probable number of years remaining of tta expected useful life. In case the property was purchnsed prlor expected usefulife, in case the property was purchased prior
to March 1,1913 , the amount of depreciation wilt he deterto March 1 , 1913, the amount of depreciation will be deter
mined in the same manner, except that it will be computed on mined in the same manner, except that it will be computed on its original cost, less depreciation sustained prior to March 1 ,
1913 , or its fair market value as of that date, whichever is 1913, or its fair market value as of that date, whichever is
greater. if the property was acquired In any other manner greater. If the property was acquired in any other manner
than by purchase, see section 114. The capital aum to be recovered should be charged off ratably over the useful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted must be reasonable and must have due regard to operating conditions during the taxable year and should be described in the retnra. Stocks, bonds, and like aecurities are not subject to depreciation within the meaning of the law.

If a deduction is claimed on acconnt of depreciation, fill in Schedule J. In case obsolescence ia included, state aeparately amount clalmed and basis. upon which it is computed. Cost or value of land most not be included in this schedule, and where land and buildings were purchased for a lump sum the cost of the bullding subject to depreciation mnat be established. The adjusted property accounts and the accumulated depreciation shown in the schedule ghouid be reconciled with those ciation shown in the schedule shouid be reconcled with those
accounts as refiected on the books of the :taxpayer. (See secaccounts as refiected
tion 23 (1) and 114.)
26. Depletion of mines, oil and gas wells, timber, etc,-If a deduction Is claimed on acconnt of depletion, procure from the collector Form M (mines and other natural deposits), Form 0 (oil and gas), or Form $T$ (timber), fill in and file with return. If complete valuation data have been filed with questionnaire in previous jears, then file with your return fafor. mation necessary to bring jour depletion schedule up to date, mation necessary to hring jonr depletion schedule up to date,
setting forth in full, statement of all transactions bearing on deductions from or additions to value of physical assets during deductions from or additions to vaine year with explanation of how depletion deduction for the taxable yeur has been determined. (See section 23 (m) for the taxable year has been determined. (See section 23 (m)
and section 114 (b), as amended by the Revenue Ant of 1943.)
27. Amortization-A corporation Is entitled, at its election, to a deduction with respect to the amortization of the adjusted basis of an emergency facility. A statement of the pertinent facts should be filed with the taxpayer'a election to take amortization deductions with respect to snch facility. (See section 124 and the regulations thereunder.)
28. Advertising.-Enter in item 28 the total amount paid or incurred during the year for advertising. Expenditures for advertising, to be deductible, must be ordinary and nccessary and bear a reasonable relation to the business actlvities in which the corporation is engaged.
29. Amounta contributed ander a pengion, annuity, atock bonua, or profit-aharing pian, etc.-Enter in item 29 the total amount deductible under section 23 (p). A corporation claiming a deduction under section 23 (p) mast aubmit with its return, in addition to the information specified in the regulations concerning such deduction; a summary gtatement showIng the following information for each plan: (a) type of plan (e, g., pension trust, annnity plan, profit-sharing trust atock bonus trast, or other plan deferring the recelpt of compensation): (b) amount deductible in the taxable year for contributions made in the taxable year; (c) amount deductible In the taxable year under aection 23 ( $\mathbf{p}$ ) (1) for contributions made in a prior taxable year begInning after December 31, 1941; (d) amonnt deductible in the taxable year under section 23 (p) (2) for contribntions made to a pension truat in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 1942; and (e) the total of (b), (c), and (d).
30. Other deductions authorized by law.-Enter In Item $\mathbf{8 0}$ any other authorized deductions for which no space is provided on the return. Any deduction claimed ahould be explained in Schedule K.

Do not deduct lasses incurred in transactions which were neither connected with the corporation's trade or business nor entered into for profit.

No deduction is allowable for the amount of any itein or part thereof allocabie to a class of exempt income, other than interest. Items directly attributabie to such exempt income sliall be allocnted thereto, and items dircctly attributnble to any class of taxable income shall be aliocated to such taxable Income. If an item is indirectly attributabie both to taxable Income and exempt income, a rensonable proportion thereof determined in the light of all the facts and circumstances in ench case, shall be nilocated to ench. Apportionments must ln all cases be rensonable. A taxpayer recciving any exempt lncome, other than interest, or holding any property or engnging in any activity the lncome from which is exempt, shall submit with its return os a part thereof an itemized statement, in detail, showing (1) the amount of each class of ezempt income, and (2) the nmount of expense items allocated to each sucb class (the amount allocated by apportionment being shown separately).
33. Net operating loss deduction.-The net operating loss deduction is the net operating loss cariy-over reduced by certain adjustments to prevent the deduction of losses absorbed by income not taxed. In general, the net operating loss carryover is the sum of the net operating losses, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. If there is net income (computed as provided in section 122) in the first preceding taxable year, the net opernting loss for the second preceding taxable year is reduced to the extent such loss has been absorhed by such net income. For the purpose of ascertnining the first, second, or third preceding taxable year, d fractional part of a year which is n taxable year under section 48 (a) is a preceding taxable year.

Every corporation clalming a net opernting loss deduction for any taxable year shnll file with its return for such year a concise statement setting forth the amount of the net operating loss deduction claimed and all material and pertinent facts relative thereto, including a detailed schednle showing the relative thereto, including a detailed scuedin.
computation of the net operating loss deduction.

Steps in computation of net operating loss deduction.-There are three steps in the ascertainment of the net operating loss deduction. The first is the determination of the net operating loss, if any, for the two preceding taxable years. The second is the computation of the net operating loss carry-over. The third is the conversion of the net operating loss carry-over into the net operating loss deduction.
(I) Net operating loss.-A net operating loss is sustnined by a corporation in any taxable year if and to the extent that, for auch year, there is an excess of deductions allowed by chapter 1 over gross income, both computed with the following exceptions, additions, and limitations:
(1) The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amonnt which would be allowed if computed without reference to discovery value or to percentage depletion under section 114 (b) (2), (3), or (4);
(2) There shall be included in compriting gross income the amount of interest received which is wholly exempt from the taxes imposed by chapter 1, decreased by the amount of interest paid or accrued which is not allowed as a deduction by section 23 (b), relating to interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry certain tax-exempt ohligations;
(3) No net operating loss deduction shali be allowed;
(4) The amonnt deductible on account of losses from sales or exchanges of capital assets shall not exceed the amount includible on account of the gains from.the sales or exchanges includible on account of
(5) There sbali be allowed as a deduction the amount of tax imposed by Subehapter E of Cbapter 2 paid or accrued within imposed by Subchapter E of Cbapter 2 paid or accrued within
the year (subject to the rules specified in section $122(d)(6)$ ).
(II) Net operating loss carry-aver-If for any taxable year the taxpayer has a net.operating loss, such net operating loss ahall be a net operating loss carry-over for ench of the two succeeding taxable year, except that the carry-over in the case of the second succeeding taxable year shall be the excess, if any, of the amount of such net operating loss over the net income for the intervening taxable year computed (A) with the exceptions, additions, and limitations, as prescribed in paragraph (I) of this instruction, and (B) by determining the net operating loss deduction for snch intervening taxable year without regard to such net operating loss and without regard to any net operating loss carry-back. For the purposes of the preceding sentonne, the net operating loss for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 1941, shall be reduced by the sum of the net income for each of the two preceding taxable yeara
(computed for each auch preceding taxable year with the excentions, additions, and llmitatlons ns prescribed in paragruph (I) of this instruction, and computed by determining the net operatling loss deduction without regard to auch oet operating loss or to the net operating loss for the aucceeding taxable year).
(III) Conversion of net operating loas carry-over into net operating loss deduction.-The net operating loss deduction for any taxable year is the net operating loss carry-over to such year, computed aa prescribed in paragraph (Il) of thia taxable year (computed in accordince with the same exceptions, additions, and limitntions as are applicable in the computation of a net operating losa) over the normal-tax net putation of a net operating losa) over the normal-tax net income compnted without regard to the exceptions, additions, and limitations applicable in the computation of a net operating loss, except that no net operatiag losction 26 (e) may be taken int
nllowed.
(IV) Net operating loss carry-back-Section 122 (b) (1) orovides that a net operating loss for any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1942, may be carried back to the two preceding taxable yeara (but not to any taxable year beginning before Jonuary 1, 1941), and may be included in computing the net operating loss deduction for each such preceding toxable year. The net operating loss for any taxable year is irst used ins a carry-back and, to the extent not so used, may be carried forward to the two succeeding years.
Net operating loss deduction in case of insurance com-panies.- The benefit of the deduction for net operating losses provided by section $23(\mathrm{~s})$, computed under aection 122 , ahall be allowed to insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by section 204.
Denial of deductions to isection 102 corporations.-In ascertaining the tax basis for corporations subject to the provisions of section 102, the "section 102 net income" shall be computed without the net operating loss deduction.
Denial of deductions to regulated investment companies.-A regulated investment company is not allowed, under section 362 (b), the net operating loss deductlon provided in section 23 (s).
34. Net income,-Under the provisions of section 47 (c) (1), if a corporation changes its accounting period, the net income for the short period between the ciose of the old accounting period and the date designated as the close of the new period shall be placed on an annual basis by multiplying the amoun thereof by twelve and dividing by the number of montas in the short period. The tax shail be such part of the tax com puted on such annual basis as the number of months in the short period is of 12 months. Section 47 (c) (2) provides, however, that a taxpayer may file an application to reduce the tax by establishing the amount of its actual net income for the period of 12 months beginning with the first day of the short period, computing the tax on such net income, and taking as mined for the short period is of the income for the 12 months or if a corporation prior to the end of the 12 -month period or if a corporation prior to the end of the 12 -month period distributed substontially all its assets, then, in order to determine an actual 12-month income experience, there shall be nsed period. A taxpayer using the 12 -month period ending with the period. A taxpayer using the 12-month period ending with the of section 47 (c) (2). The taxpayer is not, however, thereby of section 47 (c) (2). The taxpayer is not, however, thereby relieved of the requirement that an application for the benefits
of section 47 (c) (2) must be filed. The tax cannot be reduced below the amount of tax which would be due if the income for below the amount of tax which would be due if the
the short period was not placed on an annual basis.
36. Credit for taxes.-If, in accordance with section 131 (a), a credit is claimed hy a domestic corporation in item 36, page 1 , on account of income, war-profits and excess-profits taxes paid or accrued to a foreign country or a possession of the United States, Form 1118 should be submitted with the return, together with the receipt for each such tax payment. In case credit is songht for taxes accrued but not paid, the form must have attached to it a certified copy of the return on which each such accrued tax was based, andithe precedent to the allowance a bond on Form 1119 as a condition precedent to the allowance of a credit for such accrued tares. Foreign corporations, domestic corporations entitled to the benetits of section 251 , are not allowed this credit.

## Pross

## TAX COMPUTATION INSTRUCTIONS

## NORMAL TAX ON CORPORATIONS

Normal-tax net income.-The term "normal-tax net tneome" means the adjosted net income minus the credit for dividends meceived provided in section 26 (b).
recelved provided in aection 26 (b).
Dividends received credit. The credit allowed by sectlon $26(b)$ is an amount equal to 85 percent of the amount recelved 26 (b) is an amount equal to 85 percent of the amount received as dividends from a domestic corporation which is subject
to taxation under chapter 1 , but not in excess of 85 percent to taxation under chapter 1 , but not in excess of 85 percent
of the adjusted net income. The credit allowed.by section of the adjusted net income. The credit allowed by section 26 (b) may not be allowed in respect of dividends received from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation which under aection 251 is taxable only on its gross income from sources within the United States by reason of its receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.
Rates on normal-tax net income.-Sections 13 and 14 impose a normal tax on every corporation (except (1) those expressly exempt from taxation; (2) Insurance companies; (3) foreign corporations ; and (4) regulated investment companies) at tbe following rates:
If normal-tax net income is: The normal taxo shall be: Not over $\$ 5,000$
Over $\$ 5,000$ bat not over $\$ 20,000$
$\mathbf{1 5 \%}$ of the normal-tax net income
$\$ 750$ plus $17 \%$ of excess over
Over $\$ 20,000$ but not over $\$ 25,000$ Over $\$ 25,000$ but not over $\$ 50,000$ $\$ 3.300$ plus $19 \%$ of excess over $\$ 2.250$
$\$ 25,000$
plus
$\$ 1 \%$
If the normal-tax net income is more than $\$ 50,000$, the normal tax shall be $24 \%$ of the entire amount of such normal-tax net income.
Insurance companies other than life or mutual.-All insurance companies (other than life or mutual insurance companies or foreign insurance companies not carrying on an insurance business within the United States), including mutual marine insurance companies, and mutual fire insurance companies issung perpetual policies, are subject to the taxes imposed by section 204 (a) (1) at the rates specified in section 13, section 14 (b), and in section 15 (b). The net income of such insurance companies is defined in section 204 (b) (2), and differs from the net income of other corporations. (For what conotitutes normal-tax net income see section 13 (a) (2).) (For the definition of surtax net income see section 15 (a).) In computing the normal-tax net income and corporation surtax net income, the credits provided in section 26 shall be allowed in the manner and to the extent provided in section 13 (a) and section 15 (a).
Foreign corporations.-Section 14 (c) provides for a tax on foreign corporations engaged in trade or business within the United States equal to 24 percent of the normal-tax net income, irrespective of the amount. In the case of foreign corporations not engaged in trade or business within the United States, the tax ia as provided in section 231 (a).

## SURTAX

Surtax net income.-The term "surtax net income" means the net income minus the credit for dividends received provided in section 26 (b), and minus, in the case of a puble utility, the credit for dividends paid on its preferred stock provided in section 26 ( $b$ ). For the purpose of section 15 (a), dividends received on the preferred stack of a public ntility shall he disregarded in computing the credit for dividenda received provided in section 20 (b).
Retes on surtax net income-Section 15 (b) imposes a surtax npon the surtax net income of every corporation (except a Western Hemisphere Trade Corjoration as defined in section 109), and except (1) nonresident forelgn corporations, (2) ingurance companies, and (3) regulated investment compenies, at the following rates:
If surtas net income is: Thesurtax shall be: Not over $\$ 25,000$ 6\% of the surtax net income Over $\$ 25,000$ put not over $\$ 50,000 \quad \$ 1.500$ plus $22 \%$ of the excess over
If the surtax net income la more than $\$ 00,000$, the surtax shall be $14 \%$ of the entire amount of such sartax net income.
In any case in which a consolldated income tax return is made or ia reqnired to be made, the surtax imposed by section 15 or Bection 204 upon an affilated group shall first be computed under sach section upon the basia of the consolidated corporation surtax net income and the amount so determined shall then be increased by 2 percent of the conaolidated surtax net income.

TAX ON REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANIES
Method of taxation.-An investment company satisfylng the requirenents of section 361 , and filing with ita return an elecmoder Supplement $Q$ if it distributes during the taxable year to
its sbareholders as taxable dividends, other than capital galn dividends, an amount not less than 90 percent of ita net income for the taxnble year compnted without regard to net long-term and net short-term capitnl gains, and complies for such year with prescribed rules and regulations for the purpose of ascertaining the actual ownership of its outstanding stock.

Supplement Q net income.-The term "Supplement $\mathbf{Q}$ Net Income" means the adjusted net income (compnted by excluding the excess, if ady, of the net long-term capltal gain over the net short-term capital loss, and withont the net operating loss deduction provided in section 23 ( s$)$ ), minus the bnsic surtax credit (excluding capital gain diridends) computed under section 27 (b) without the application of paragraphs (2) and (3). For' the purposes of this paragraph, the net income shali be compnted without regard to section 47 (c) (relating to income placed on an annual basis).
Supplement Q aurtax net income-The term "Supplement $\mathbf{Q}$ Surtax Net Income" means the net income (computed by exSurtax Net Income means the net jncome computed by ex-
cluding the excess, if any, of the net long-term capltal gain over cluding the excess, if any, of the net long-term capltal gain over
the net ahort-term capitai loss, and without the net operating the net short-term capitai loss, and without the net operating
loss deduction provided in section 23 (s)) minns the dividends (other than capital gain dividends) paid during the tarable (other then capital gain dividends) paid during the tasabie year increased by the consent dividends credit provided by
section 28 . For the purposes of this paragraph the amount of section 28. For the purposes of this paragraph the amount of
dividends paid shall be computed in the same manner as prodividends paid shall be computed in the same manner as pro-
vided in subsections (d), (e), (i), (g), ( h ), and (i) of secVided in subsections (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), and (i) of sec-
tion 27 for the purpose of the basic surtax credit provided in tion 27 for the purpose of the basic surtax credit provided in
section 27 ; and the net income shall be computed without resection 27 ; and the net income shall be computed without re-
gard to section 47 (c) (relating to income placed on an annual basis).

- Capital gain dividend.-Section 362 (b) (7) deflnes the term "Capital Gain Dividend" as any dividend or part thereqf which is designated by the company as a capital gatn dividend in a written notice mailed to its shareholders at any time prior to the expiration of 30 days after close of its taxable year. If the aggregate amount so designated with respect to a taxable year of the company is greater than the excess of the net longterm capital gain over the net short-term cnpital loss of the taxable year, the portion of each distribution which shall be a capital gain dividend shall be oniy that proportion of the amount so designated which such excess of the net long-term capital gain over the net short-term capital loss bears to the apgregate amount so designated. Submit a copy of written notice to stockholders.

Tax computation.-Regulated investment companies should substitute the followlog schedule for computation achedules on substitute the followio
page 3 of Form 1120:

 18. Adjusted normis-tax net income Thdo Ach, 1 222, and corporatlons collul
COMPUTATION OF TAX


$1 / \mathrm{we}$ amear (or afirm) thet $1 / w e$ prepared this return for the person named herein and that the return (including any accompanying echedules and
 prepared of which $1 /$ we have any knowtedge.

8 B becribed and awora to before we this .
day of $\qquad$
194.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

## A. COMPAN1ES REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN

Every domestic lite ioaurance company and every forcign life insursoce oompay carryiog on in iosurace bueinces within the Uoited States
(if with respect to its Uoited States husiness it would qualify as a life iosurance compeny), which is engaged in the basiaess of istsuing ase a life ance and anouity contracto (etither separately or combined with hicelth and insurance, aod the life insurance reserves, plus masarned preasiums and yopaid losscs on noocaccellable life, healtb, or accideot policies oot included in lifo insurance reererves, of which evmprive more than 30 percent of its
total reserves, shall file a return on this forsn. (See section 2ul.) alal reserves, shall file a return on this form. (See section 2ul.)
Receivers, trustecs in dissolution, trustees in bankruptey, ind as operating the property or business of corporations, must make returns of income for such corporations. If a receiver has fuli custody of and control over the business or property of a corporation, he shall he decined to bc
operating such business or property, whictier lie is engaged in carrying on operatnge such business or property, whether he is engaged in carrying on
the businces for which the corporation was organized or only in marstaling, eelling, and disposiog of its asscts for purposes of liquidation.

## b. PERIOD COVERED

The return shall be for the calendar year ended Deceniber 31, 1948, and tbe net income computed on the calendar ycar
the State lawe regulating josuraoce companicg.

## C. BASIS OF RETURN

A return on this form shall be repdered on a cash receipts and disbursements basis in conformity with the ansual statemcot made to the State ant, instead of the accrual tasis.

## D. TIME AND PLACE FOR FILJNG

The retarn must be eeot to the collector of internal revenue for the office or agency is located, eo as to reach the collector's oltice on or before

## E. AFFIDAYITS

The return ohall be oworn to by the presideot, vice presideot, or other principal officer, and by the treasurer, assistant treasurer, or cbiel account-
ing otticer. Where the return is actually prepared by some persos or persons other tban officers or employces of the colnpany, such persoo or persons other
cxecule the affidsvit at the foot of page 2 .

## F. PAYMENT OF TAX

The tax should be pasid by eending with the return a cbeck, or money order drawn to the order of "Collector of Jaternel Revenue." Do oot zend eashl by masil, nor par it in person except at the collector's office.
The tax must be paid in full when the return is filed, or in four equa installments as follows: The firat iostallment shall be paid on or before
Alarill 15,1919 ; the second installment onor befure Jine 15 , 19 in int pallicat on or before Septeaiber 15, 1049; and the fourth instaliment (il) or helore December 15, 1949 .
the why iostallment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment, cy the enllector.

## G. PENALTIES

For falluro 10 make and 6 fe a retarn on time.-Five percent to 25 cullse, and, ia addjtioo, where failure is such faillure is due to reasonsble S
$\$ 0,000$, or inprisonmeot fore not more than 1 year, or both, together with the eosts uf prosecution.
For willully stemptins
more thisn $\$ 10,000$, or imprisonment or defeat payment of the tas.- Not together wilh the costs of prosecution. For deficiency due to negligence or fraud.- Five percent of the amoun of the deficiency if duc to oegligence or iotentiona! disregard of rules aod rerelatiulis without iateat to defraud, or 50 percent of the amouat of the
leficicney if due to fraud.

## h. INFORMATION AT SOURCE

Every insurance compaoy aball make a returo on Forms 1096 sad 1009 With respect to amounts paid, credited, or distributed duriog the calendar
year (a) as zalaries or other compenstion for personal services, totaling year (a) as zalarics or other compensstion for personal eervlces, totaling Sinfo or more in the case of a citizen or resident, or (b) as latercot, rent,
premiuma, annuities, or other fixed or determinable income totaling 5650 or more to a fiduciary, a domestic or reterminable income totaling siceo or resident. A report on Fomm 1009 is not required with repect to wage payments indeded on Form W-2, pro vided copies of withholding statenicnta
on Form $W-23$ are furnished with the Iia porion of such wage payments was reported on a Withiholdiag Statcment (Form W-2), only lhe ranainder mast he reported oo Form 1090 . The
return oo Forns 1046 and 1039 shall also include dividend payment return oo Formis 1046 and 1039 shall also include dividend payments
aniounting to $\$ 100$ or more during the calendsr vear to each ahareholder aniounting to $\$ 100$ or more during the calendsr vear to each pharelolder
who is an indivitual (citizen or resident of the United States) fiduciary, or a resideat pirtnership any member of whicb is a a citizen or
resident. resident.

## I. INFORAMATION BY CORPORATIONS

1-1. Contemplated dissolution or liquidation.- Every corparation shall,
willin 30 deysa after the adoption by the corporation of a witlin 30 daysa after the adoption by the corporation of a resolution or plan for the dissolution of the corporatino or for the liquidastion of the
whole or uny part of its capital stock, render a correct return on Form 966 to the Commissioner, verificd under, oath, setting forth the terms of such resoletiod or plan. (See section 148(d).)
J-2. Distributions in liguidation.- Every corporation shalt, whes
required by the Commissioncr, render a correct return, duly verifion wnder required by the Commissioner, render a correct return, duly verifiod whder
oath, of its distribume each sharebolder, the number and class of shares owned by him, and the
ent amount paid to him or, if the distribution is in property other than mooey the fair market value (as of the date the distribertion is made) of the property distributed to him. (See section 148(e).)
I-3. Compensation of offecrs and employecs.-If the company pald to
any officer or employee during the tavable year compensation services in excess of $\$ 75,000$, Schedule $F-1$ compensation for personal services in excess of $\$ 75,000$, Schedule F-1 (copies of which may bo
obtained from tha collector of internal revenuc) must be filed, IN DU.
PLICATE, with aod as psit of the ratarn PLICATE, with aod es part of the return.

## J. STOCK OWNERSHIP IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

If the compaoy owned any stock of a foreign corporation (jocluding lese thea 5 percent of the stock of a torcign personal holding company), it
should attach to its retern a statement seting forth the oame and addresa of each such company and the total nuunber of shares of each clage of stending stock owned by it during the tarsble year. This setatement
should be furnished in addition to the schedule required by Specific Instrucshould be farnished in addition to the schedule required by Specjicic Instruc-
tion 2. If the company owned stock at any time during the taxabla year tion 2. If the company owned stock at any time during the taxabla year
in a foreign personal holding company, as detined in section 331, , imnst
include in its return as a dividend the amount rcquired to be included in include in its return as a dividend the amount rcquired to be included in
ita sross income by section 337 . If the company owned fipercent or noor its gross income by section 337. If the company owaed 6 percent or mare
ia value of the outstanding stock of such foreign persooal holding coinpany, it should set forth in an atleched statement is conuplete detail the
information required by section. 337 (d).

## E. ANNUAL STATEMENT

A copy of the annual atatemeot for life insurance compsnies adopted by the National Convention of Insurance Commissiooers for the year 1944 ,
as filed with the Jnsurance Department of the State, Territory, or District of Ciled with the Insurance Department of the State, Territory, or District of and Schedula D (bonds and stocks), must acccupany the retern. Similar coples for the preceding year must also be furvished, if not filed for sucb year. Jo the casce of a forrign life insurance company carrying on a lifa
iosurence business within the United States, the copies eubmitted shatl be those relatiog to the United Statea business of the compang.

## L. LIST OF ATTACHED SCHEDULES

Attecb s list of the achedulea accompsaying the return, giving for each
brief title \&Ad the achedule number. Place name sad address of coma brief title sad the achedule number. Place name and address of com-

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

The follawing loetroctiona are numbered to correspond witb ltem numbers on the firat pago of the retern

## J. INTEREST

Erter interest received from all eources during the taxable year. Interest of interast reported as gross income shall he decreased by the amortizalion of premium and increased by the accrual of discount attribatable to the taxable year on bonds, notes, debentures, or other evideoces of indebtedreasonable, or (2) in accordance with regutations pregularly employed, if missioner with the approval of the Secretary. (Attech atatement showing method and computation.)

## 2. DIVIDENDS

Enter as item 2(o) the amount received as dividends from a domestic pration eatitled to the heoefite of section under Chapter 1 other thao a cororganized under tbe China Trade Act 1922. Enter ase thao a corporation ram foreign corporations. Enter as item 2(e) dividends from all other losn associations issued oa or after March 28, 1942. Eoter saviogs and
item $1(\rho)$ dividends on ehare accounta in Federal zaviags and loan associations sssued prior to March 2B, 1942. Submit schedule, itemizing all dividends cceived during the year, statiog the namee add addresses of the corporaHove declaring the divideads smd amounto received from each,

## 3. RENTS

## Inter rents received from tenants.

5. INTEREST WHOLIY EXEMPT FROM TAX

Enter the amount of intereat which is whally exempt from tazation
under the provisions of section 22 (b)(4)..

See Specific Instruction 12 with respect to partially tax-exempt ineerest . NYESTMET income.
6. INYESTMENT EXPENSES

Enter expenses paid which are properly chargeable to Investment ix-
penses, the total amout of which, if there be any allocativo of geoeral expenses to ipyestment expenses, should of the mesa of the invested esseta reported on line 12, Schedula percent in cases where the net income computed without any deduction for (1) lavestmept expenses and (2) tax-free iaterest, exceeds $31 / 4$ perceot of the book value of such mean of the iavested assets, ove-fourth of such
excess. Submit a schedule showing the nature and amount of the itemg included hercio, the mioor items beiag grouped in ove amounte (Soe section $201(\mathrm{c})(7)(\mathrm{B})$.)
7. TAXES

Enter taxes paid exclusively upoa real cetate owaed by the compsay and taxce sesessed egainst individual sharehclders and paid by tbe companay clude taxes assessed against local beacfite or a 201 (c) (7) (C). Do not invalue of the property assessed, as for paviag, aewers, etc. (For limitation
on deduction, gee lostruction 10 (b) on deduction, gee lastruction 10 (b).).

## g. REAL ESTATE EXPENSES

Enter all ordinary and necessary buildiog expernses, sucb as fire laburaoce,
heat, light, labor, etc., sod the cost of incidental repase materially add to the value of the property oor appreciably prolong its life, but keep it io aa ordinarily efficieat operating coodition. Do not include any amount paid out for osw buildings or for permsozat improve-
ments or betterments made to incresse the value of amount expended oo foreclosed property before such property is held amount expended oo foreclosed property before such property is held
forth for reatal purposes. (For himitation on deduction, see Instruction
10 (b).)

## 2. DEPRECLITON











 Ered be proporestic, woss hat due morend wo compuris




 dprecision: avoruble for the turite Nur. Ia case obecionetioe is it
 phere had sud vilivines were parrohsed feet hep sume the cost of the
Waiding subject to depreciation most be essablished in the sebe the ismarm



## 14. TOTAL Dedrctions

(c) Eiter the totsi of items 5 to , inctasire.

 Face not so ocectped bears to the reatal ralue of the entire property.
(c) Iters med dedrecilite- - No deducrion is allowable lor the smount
 than isterest freess directry sitribitublet to sech erempt income shal be

 portion thereot, determined din the lizhl of all the facts asd eircumatysem
 terest or boldiog sur properry or emaning in any nectiviy the hecome itemired satameat


## 12. 14 , and is. CREDITS AGANST NET INCOMS

Fater msitem 12 the amount of interest iocluded in grose ineome which is parially exempt from (a)
Enter st item 14, 25 perrent of the amount reecived as dividends frome a dowostic corporstion vilich is subject to taration nuder Chapter 1 , erceet Act, 1922, or from eorporations entilled to the bepefits of aetion 251. The amount elsimed us a credic (ivem 14) shanl be bimited to an smount
oot in exrees of 85 percent of the sijuted ret incoome (item 13). (Sve
Eoction $26($ (b) $)$ ) 16 the proctuct of the normaltar bet ireome and the

Dota fer sseccediaz tarable Jear.- Tbe following dats stall be furniched oy every te insuraned eompany in teproclaimed of the Secretary to deter mine the rescre and other poliey basouity cerdit.
disa pertaining to bile insurance reserfes. Deseribe fully the asture of the neserve, tie method of computetion, the intersetibe rate uly used shd the smoune



 pervest of the azovat of








 Indebentros ineumd or continued to porrehan or caty oblimuico (ouber




 thould be induded in this treen Do soe holuch ady

## 18, ADNESTMENT FOR CERTAN RESERTES



 such otber eonerazts which are not indubed in wre imseranot reservect


## 20 to se. Computation of tas

Narmal ur-AD life insurance recapanies (ircteding forviso life iosur aree companies camine oa a Bife insurnse buspas withio tbe Ceind



Over $\$ 5000$ bul bot over $\$ 200,000$ Over $\$ 20,0000$ ber bot oner $\$ 35,000$ Over 550,000

15s. of the anomiluted pormat.
incompe ajut wormaltar bet

 2throme
Sarhax-For companies Fith gdiusted surtax set incomet sot over he sujusted surtax jes incorec pos in exteso of S2S.0.00, sod 22 perceat of
 Percent of the amonat of the ezjusted surtar det income. TBe terzs "adiusted sormat-ar Dee incone" and "adjurted surtar Det neppectirely, minua the "Teecrre and other poliey liability eremis" provided in section 202 (b) and plus 34 perceat of the ancarred premiumas and nas paid loses on rontracts octher than life insurance or annuity contructe written (eitber separately or cocbined
Tbe term "pormal-tax Def ibcome" means the adjuted oot ineome mint ube crecit for dividemds reefived provided in exceion 26(b).
The pormal-car pet income and tbe corporation surtax of locomo of :
 States busisess (stowe on the form approved for Life issuraoce companiow by the Xational Associstian
The terme "surtar met inciome" means the net income minue the endie for ividends srextived provided in seccion $26(0)$ (ereluding eorkio divt dends reecived on preferred stock of a public uility).

## 41. CREDIT FOR TAXES

II, in accordance witb section 1si(a), a erdil in clalmed by a domento corporation in item 41, on aceount of indever, wish probis and aroest Wroits tares peid or acenved to a loreign country er a paesustion or thor with the reeseipt for esech guch rux parment. Io case eredit is sought for caxes seceved but not prid, the form most have atazebed to it 2 eerifiod
 to tbe sllomance of a credit for sueb acerved sares. A foreso company be 501 eacited to chaim thie credit

## UNITED STATES

Roonn 12om MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN 1948


AFFIDAVIT. (See Instruction E)
We, the ondersigned, president (or vice president, or other principal officer) and treasurer (or asirtant treasurer, or ehief secounting offiser) of
corporation for which this retarm is made, being meverally duly oworn, each for himelr deposes and eays that this returm (including any accoms the corporatioa for which this retorn is made, being severally duly eworn, each for himeclr depooes and eays that thia return (includiag any aceorm-



I/we $\quad$ wear ( 0 a afirm) that I/ve prepared this retorn for the persoo named herein and that the return (incladiag any seoompanylng sehedules and etatemente) in a true, correct, and cotoplcte etatement of all thi information respecting the tax liability of tho pernon for whom this return has been

Subecribed and eworn to before me this $\longrightarrow 194$

[^59]
(Schodulo A need not be filled in $\mathbb{I}$ no deduction is claimed for any genarel expensee that are allocetod to Inveciment income)

|  | 1. Boglualing of Tarabio Yeer |  | 2 Enc of Tarablo Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. |  |  | $\$$. | $\cdots$ |
| 2. Mortgage loana. |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Collateral londe |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Poliey Inans, ineluding premium noteo. |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Bondis of domeatic corporationo. |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Stocke of domestio corporations. |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Government obligatlona, etc.: <br> (a) Obligationa of a State, Torritory, or political subdivision thereof, or the Distriet of |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Obligatione of a Stata, Torritory, of political subdivision tbereof, of the District of Cnlumbia, or United States passessions. |  |  |  |  |
| (b) Obligations of Federal land banks, joint stock land banks, and Federal intermediate eredit benks issued prior to March 1, 1941 |  |  |  |  |
| (c) Obligatione of the United States issued on or before September 1, 1017 |  |  |  |  |
| (d) Treasury Notes issued prior to Deeember 1, 1940, Treasury Bills and Treasury Cortificates of Indcbtedness, issued prior to March 1, 1941. |  |  |  |  |
| (o) United Slatea Savings Boids and Treasury Bonds owned in tbe principal amount of $\$ 5,000$ or less, issued prior to Maroh 1, 1941 $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
| ()) United States Savings Bands and Treasury Bonds nwned in excess of the prineipal amount of $\$ 5,000$, imsued prior to Merch 1, 1941. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
| 6) Obligations of instrumentalities of tbe United States (Dther than obligationa to be reported in line (b) above) issued prior to March 1, 1941. $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
| (h) Tressury Notes issued on or sfter December 1, 1940, and obligations issued on or after March 1, 1941, by the United States or any ageney or instrumentality thereof. |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Bonk deposits bearing interest |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Other interest-bearing assets (attach atatement) |  |  | ............. |  |
| 10. Totals of lines 1 to 9. | S.- |  | \$...---1.....eat |  |
| 11. Total of columbs 1 and 2 , line 10 . |  |  | \$............... |  |
| 12. Mean of the invested assets for the taxable year (ove-half of line |  |  | \$................. |  |
| 13. One-fourth of 1 pereent of the mean nf the invested ansets |  |  | S.......-....-... |  |
| 14. Ineome base (item 5, pege 1, minue itema 8 to 12, inclusive, page |  |  |  |  |
| 15. $3 \%$ pereent of line 12 |  |  |  |  |
| 16. Exeese (if any) of line 14 over line 15 |  |  | S.-.-......... |  |
| 17. One-fourth of line 16. |  |  | 5. |  |
| 18. Limit on deduction for investment expenses (line 13 plue line 17) |  |  |  |  |
| Schodule C-Soparato Schedule C (Form 1120) ahould be aecured and ueed in reporting aale and as a part of this roturn. | d exchangee of |  | assota and filod |  |

Pago 4
Schodule D-OTHER CAPITAL LOSSES. (Soo Inatruction 12)
Capital assote sold or exchanged to meet abnormal Insurance lossen and to provite for the payment of dividends and almilar distributlona to pollcyholdart


Total gross reseipts form a particular Total gross reseipts from sales, live 10 , column 3, should not exceed the amount eho
sale should be apportioned in the above schedule and the excess reported in Schedule. C .

Sales (except the spportionment mentioned shove) reported io this schedule ehould not be reported in Bcbedule C. Enter total other capital losses (line 10, column 7) as item 12, page 1.


1. Dete of incorporation $\qquad$
2. State or couotry
3. Did the company file a return under the same nome for the precediag taxeble year? $\qquad$
4. Did the company at any time duriog the taxable year owo 50 perceot or more of the voting stock of enotber corporation, either domestic or foreign? $\qquad$ It the enswer is "yes," attach separate achedule shorving: (1) Name and oddress; (2) percentege of stock owned; (3) date stock wess acquired; and (4) the collector's office in which the income tax return of such corporation for tho last taxahle year was filed.
5. Did the company pay to soy officer or employee of the company eslary, commission, bonus, or other compensation for persooal eervices rendored, in an aggregate amouot in exeess of $\$ 75,000$ f (II enswer is "yes," attach Schedule F-1.) (See Geveral Instruction 1-3.)
6. Did the company make e return of informetion oo Forms 1096 and 1099, or Form W-2a for the caleddar year 1948 (see Geocral Instruction H) P .......... (Answer "yes" or "po".)
7. Did the compeoy at any time duriog the taxable year own directly or indirectly any stock of a foreign corponation? enswer is "yes" attach atatemeot required by General Instruction JJ 10-50100-1

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120M

## 1948 UNITED STATES MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY INCOME TAX RETURN 1948

Taxpayers will find it helpful to read the General Inetructions A ta L befare cammencing to fill in their returne

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

## A. COMPANIES REQUIRED TO FILE A RETURN

Every mutual Insurance oompany othce than a lifo ar marino lneurance company and othnr than a fre inaurance company subject to the tax imthan a life or mariae insurance company or a fire insurance company zubect to the tax imposed by seccien 204 -oot carrying on an iosurance usiness withio tho Uoited Statcs) with grose amount received froin
 men (115),
Receivere, trustecs in diesolution, trustees in benkruptey, and assigoccs,
aperating tho property or busincess of corperations, must make returns of operating the property or busincoss of corperations, must make returas of over the busineas or property of a corporation, be chall be deemed to ba
 elliog, aad disposiog of its assets for purposes of liquidatioa.
b. PERIOO COVERED

The return ehall he for the calendar ycar rended December 31, 1948, and ho net liccomo computed oo the calendar year basie io sccordance with

## C. BASIS OF RETURN

A return oo this form shall be rendered on a cash recolpta sad diounrementa bseic or the accrual basis whichever conforms with the
oual etatemont mado to the Stato Insurace Dcpartmeot D. TIME AND PLACE FOR FILING

The return must be eeat to tho collector of internal reveoue for the Afice or agency is locatad, to is to reach tbe collector't office on or before Sarch 15, 1949 .

## E. AFFIDAVITS

The return oball be sworn to by the preaident, vica presidept, or other principal off
Where. the returs is astually prepared by same persoco or pereooss other than ofticare er employeres of tbe compsany,
exeouta the affidevt at the foot of page l.

## F. PAYMENT OF TAX

Tho tax ohould bo prid by aending wilh the returra a cheok, or moneys
 joptallmotete, ess follows: The fret inateallmeot ehall be psid on or before
 ment on or belore Deoember 15, 1949.
II any installmont ta not paid on or before the date fixed for its paymeot, by tho oollector.
C. PENALTIES

For foilure to make ond fite o return on time, -Five pereent to 25
parceot of the amount of the tax, unless euch failure in due to reasoonble caube and, in addition, mhere tailure io willful, ${ }^{6}$ fioc of not more thsp the ooste ol prosecution.
 both, together wificiency due to neofigenese or fraud. Five percent of the omount of the defifiooco if duo to negligence or intontional disregard of rules and
regulationa without intent to defraud, or 50 percent of the amount of the
deficloncy if duo of fraud. fraud
h. information at source

Every Insurance company shall mako reture oo Formas 1098 and Inge ycar (a) as anlarics or other compensation for permonal services, totaliag SBED or morr in tho case of o cititizo or resident, or (b) as intercst, rent, premiums, annuitics, or other fixed or determinahio incomo totasing $\$ 000$
or morc 10 a fiduciary, a domestio or or morn to a fduciary, a domestio or resident partncrship, or a citizen or
residinnt. A reporton Yorm 1009 is pot required avith reepect to wago poymente, included on Form W-2, provided copice of withbolding statements
on Form $\mid \mathrm{W}-2 \mathrm{a}$ are furnithed with tho last return (Form $W-1$ ) for 1948. If A partion of euch salary or wage paymeata wae reportod oo a With-
hold ling Sintement (Form W-2), only the remsinder muet be roported on Form 1099.
I. information by corporitions

I-I. Contemplated diszolution or lizuidation.- Every corporation ahall, withio 00 days after the adpption by the corporaticn of a resolution or
pian for the disselutiac of the corporation or tor the liquidetion of the whole or any part of its capital stock, reader e correct return oo Form 966 ,
to the Commissioner, veritied under oath, eettiog forth the terme of suck resolution or plane (Ser section 148 (d).
(Ser
required by the Commissioocr, reader - Every corporation ehsll, whea oath, of its distrihutions io tiquidation cotrect returs, duly verififed voder egeh shareholder, the oumber and class of ehares owned by him, end the amount paid to bimor, if the distribution is in property other than money,
the fair market value (es of the date the distribution is made) of the property distributed to him. (See geetioe 148 (e).).
$1-3$. Compenvation of officers and employea. 1 l th
1-3. Compen sation of officers and employesa. If it ite company perid to
sof
 services in excess of s75,00, schedule F-1 (copies of which mas bo
obtained from the colliector of foternal reverue) muust be filed, IN DU-
PLICATE, with and as part of the retura.

## J. STOCK OWNERSHIP IN FOREIGN CORPORATIONS

If the company owned say atock of e foreign corporation (including leess
then 5 percect of the etock of 8 forecign persenal
holding company), it should sttact to its returo a totement eettiog forth the name and sdress of each sucb compacy and the totel aumber ar ahares of each class of out-
ataoding otook owned by it duriog the tsxable year. This statement chould be turaished to addition to the sebedule required by Specifo fortruction 2 . 11 tbe company owned slock an any tequedunieg the thaxahlo year in a forcigo personal hoidiog company, as defioed in eaction 331,
it must include in ita return na a dividend tbo amount required to bo included in its groes iocome by section 337 . It the company owned 5 percent or more in velue of the outstanding atock of euch foreign peraonal
holdiog compaoy, it obould set forth io ao atteched atatement in completo holding compacy, it obould set forth io ao attsched
detail tbe informstioo required by section 337 (d).

## k. AnNual statement

A oopy of the anpual statement for mutual insurance companies adopted by the Nstiooal Coovention of Insurance Commissionere for the year 1948 , as filed with tbe Iosurance Departmeot of the Stote, Territory, or
District of of clumbie, tegether with copies of Schedule $A$ (real estate) and Sishedule D (boode and stocka), must accompany tha return. similar copies for the precediog year must alo bo furnished, if not fled for euch year.
L. List of attached schedules

Attach a list of the achedules accompanying the return, giving for each
a brief title end the echedule aumber. Pluce name and address of comp a
pany
on eact ecthedula.

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

The following instructions are numbered to correnpond with itom numbere on pago 1 of the return

1. INTEREST

Enter interest recelved or socrued from all sources during the taxabie Year. Interest oo bonds is considered income when due and payable.
The gross amouot of interest reported as grose income ahall be decreased ay thibamertization of premiume and lacreased by the accrual of discounct vidences of indebtedoess, determined (I) in accordance with the or other regulariy omployed, if rensodeble, or (2) in accordanes with regulation (Attsch otatement Cbowing method and computatioo.)
2. DIVIDENDS

Enter as item 2 (a) the amplat received or acerued as dividends from chan a corporation entitled to the benefits of uectian Chapter I other ana a corporstion organised under the China Trade Act, 1922. Enter ns divideods from all other corporations including Enter as item 2 (c) sccounts in Fedejol asvings and leso sasociations issued on on shate March 28, 1942. Enter in item 1 (o) dividends on share accor after Submit schedule, itemizing all divideads received during 28,1942 . tating the names and addresses of the corporations declaring tha divi3. RENTS

Eater ronte reooived or accrued from tenants.
4. GAINS AND LOSSES FROM SALES OR EXCHANGES OF CAPITAL ASSETS
Report asea or exchanges of capital assets in Sohedule C (but ace
Schedule D). Every aste or exchango of a capital asset, even though nC guio or lose may be indicated, must he reported io detail.
Lossee from sales or exxhanges of capital aseeta (except losses from aormal insuraceo lasses and to provide for the payment. to meet abof gains from euch eales or policybaldere) absill be allowed to the extent under eection 207 (a) (1) or (3). The net capitai loes for auch companies anal be the amouot ofy which losese for such year from sales or exchanges of (1) the corporatien surtax net focome (computed without exchanges and or lossea from asles or oschacoges of capital assets) or (2) losses from the ssle or exchange of capltal asseta cold or exchanged to obtaid funds to meet abnormal insurazee losses and to provide for the payment of dividends and amount of a net capital loss eustained in any taxable ycar. However, tha December 31, 1941, may be aarried over to each of the five eucceédiag taxable years and treated in each auch succeeding taxable year as a sbort-term capital loss to tbe oxtent not allowed as a deduction ageinst any net capital gaine of any taxable year intarveoing between the taxable year in which Definitions of capital assels.-The term "capital assets" means propert held by the taxpayer (whether or net connected with his trade or busi-
nese), but does not includs otock $i o$ trade ol the taspayer or other property
of a kiod which would properly be included in the inveotery of the tase payer if oa hand at the close of the tarable year, or property held by tho or busioese, or property used in the trade or business, of a oharacter wijich
is subject to the allowsnce for deprecistion provided in section 23 (1), or an obligetion of the United Ststees or any of its posacessiona, or of a Stato Columhia, issued on or after March 1, 1941, on a discount basia and psysble witbout interest at a fixed maturity date pet exceeding one year from
the date of issue, or real property used in the trade or buainass of the the date
taxpayer.
Classification of capilal gains and loseec.-The phrase "ehort-term" Classification of capital gains and losece.-The phrase ehort-term
applies to the category of gains and losess arising from the sale or exchange category of gsias and jossea arisiag or less; the phrass "long-term" to the sasegs beld for more than of months
Eoter full description of eash item of property aold or exchanged, eveo the following facts: (o) For real estate, location and description of land description of improvemeota, detoils explaining depreciation (columa 6 of Scbedula C); (b) for boads or other evideoces of indchtedoese, name of iskuing corporation, description of the particular issue, deasmiontion,
aod amouot; (e) for atocka, name of issuing corporstioo, class of etock number of shares, and capital chenges affectios basis (nootarable stockdivideods, other nootsxabie distributions, alock rights, etc.).
Tha " "hasia" far the property ja oot aubject to the asane rule tor reporting
gaibs as for logees, if the property was acquired bafors March 1,1913 gaios as for losees, if the property was acquired befors March 1, 1913 .
If the property sold or exchanged was asquired prior to March 1, 1913, the basis for determining GAlN is the cost or the fair market value es of March 1, 1013 , adjusted as provided in aection 113 (b), whicbever is greater, hut io determining LOSS the hasis is cost ao adjusted. If prop-
erty was acquired after Fepruary 28, 1913, besis for both gain cod loss is the cost of auch property, except os otherwise provided hy section 113 . The exceptions arise chiefly where property was acquired by kift, bequest, tax-free exchange, iovoluntary conversion, or wash sale of etock; sod in
such caseas section 133 provides the besia that shall be used. if the amount auch cases section 13 provides the hasia that shall be used. If the amount
ehowa as the basis is other than actual cosh cost of the property eald or exchanged, full details must be furnished regarding the acquisition of the property.
Enter io celumn 6 of Schedule $C$ the amouot of depreciatioa, exhaustion,
wear aod tear, obsolescence, and depletioo whick hes been oliowed but wear aod tear, obsolescence, and depletioo whica hes been olilowed (but of accuisitico, or вince Mareh 1, 1913, if the property was acquired before that date. fo eddition, if tbe property was acquired before March 1 , 1913, the cost shail be reduced by the deprecistion and depletion sctually astrined before that date.
Subsequent iropravement
ments, recewals, sad replacemeluda expeoditures for additions, improvemeats, resewais, sad replacements made to restare the property or pro-
loog its useful iff. Do not deduct ordinary repaira, intarest, or taxea in
computing gain or loas. computing gain or loes.
Loesee on securities becoming worthless.- If any oecurities (as defined
below) become worthlees withio the texable year and are canital asseto the lose resulting therefrom shall, in the case of a tarpayar other than $E$ the lose resulting therefrom shail, in the case of a zarpayar other than
bank, zo defined in section 104, be oonsidered as a losa from the sale a
exchonge, on the lost day of such tarable year, of capital assets. Bee section 23
Definition of securities - As ueed for the purpose of determining eapital
losses under section 23 ( k ), the term "ecurities means boade, deheoturea, botee, or eertificotes, or other evidences of indethtedoess, isaued by sny eopporation (includiog those issued by a government or political eubrivi-
sion thereof, with interest coupona or in registered form. However, eccurities issued by eay corporation affilieted with the taxpayer sholl pot becurites issed cepy satal asseta. (Sec section 23 (k) (5).)
be dested on flocks er stack rights becoming warthle
Lesses on
Leases on stocks cr stack rights becoming warthless. - If anyt ahares of
stock io a corporation (cxecept atock io a corporatioo affilisted with the taxpeyer), or rights to eubscribe for or to receive sueb shares, become worthless during the taxahle ycar and are cepital assets, the loss resulting therefrom shall be considered as e lose from the sale or exchange, on the last day of such taxahlo year, of cspital asseta (See section $23(\mathrm{~g})(2)$ nan (4).)
Losses nal allowaile. No loss shall be recogaized in eny nale or other dispnsitinn of ehares of stook or securitips where there has beeo acquired substentially indenticell stock or securities or there has been entered into e
contract or option to acquire subatentielly identical etock or securities eontract or aption to acquire substentielly identical etock or securities
within 30 days before or alter the date of such esle or disposition, except in cases of dealere in stocks and zecurities and with respect to transsoctions made in the ordinary eourse of such business.
Gains ond losses from involuntory conversion ond from the sale or exchange
of certain property used in the trade or business. The term "property" of certain property used in the trade or ousiness.- The term "property"
used in the trade or business as used in section 117 (i) means property used fo the trade or business, of a character which is subject to the ellowence for deprecietion provided in sectioo 23 (1), held for more then 6 months, and real property used in the trade or business, held for more than 6
montha, which ia not (a) property of a kind which would properly be includible is the inventory of the taxpsyer it oa hand at the close of the texable year, or (b) property held by the taxpayer primarily for bale to customera io the ordinary coorne of his trade or busioess. Such term also applicable. 17 (i) provides special trestment for the (a) ( 10 Section $117(j)$ provides special treatment for the gains and logses upoa
the aale or exchange of deprecieble property and of iond, held for moore
than 6 mooths, and for the gaios than 6 mooths, and for the gains sod losses upon the compulsory or
iavoluatery cooversion of suck depreciable property and lavd and of Capital assects held for more then 6 months. (2) is to treat such galas and The method prescribed in section 117 (j) (2) is to treat such galas and of capital asseta held lor more than 6 monthe, if the aggregate of buch gaina exceeds the aggregate of such lossee. It, however, ine bggregat low eball not be treated as gains and lcasea from the sale or excbange of capital asscts held for more then 6 moaths.
to ioclude the gaing and losees to the extent that they would be included if they were all ordiaary gains and loesee. The limitetion of section 117 (d) on the deductibility of capital losses does oot operete to esclude any euch jossees from ths computation as to the exceas of gaing over lossea, but
all such losees are included in ful. For special treatment of gain or loas upod the euttiag of timber, or
upon the diaposal of timber uoder a coatract by which the owner retains upon the diaposal of timber yoder a coatract by which the owner retains
exceeds the net short-term capital loss, section 117 (c) imposea so alternaexceeds the neu of tho cormal tex end surtes imposed uppos net income, if sad only if such tax is less thao the tax impored hy sections 13,14 and 15
(relatiog to oormal tax aod eurtax on corporstioas), seetions 204 sod 207
 other than life insurance companies), end sectioo 500 (relsting to tax on personal holding companies). The atteraative tax is the sum of (1) a partial tax, computed at the normal tax and surtax rates oo the oet incoms
decreased by the amount of the expess of the pet long-term capital gaia over the det short-term capitel loss, and (2) 25 percent of such excess.

## 6. INTEREST WHOLLY EXEMPT FROM TAX

Eater the amount of interest which is wholly exempt from taxstion Eater the amouat of interest which is wholly exempt from taxatioo
onder the provisions of section 22 (b) (4).
See Specific Instruction 15 with respect to partially tax-exempt interest which is allowed as a credit ogaiast aet income.
7. INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Eater expenses paid or accrued which are properly chargeable to tion of general expenses to investment expenses, should pot exoced onefourth of 1 perceat of the mean of the iovested assets reported on line 12 , Schedule A, plus, io cases where the oet income computed without any deduction for (1) iovestment expensee and (2) tex-free interest, exceeds
$31 /$ percent of the hook value of such mean of the iovested assets, one$31 / 2$ percent of the hook value of such mean of the ioveated assets, one-
Iourth of auch excess. Subrait a schedule showing the dature and amount of the items included hereil, the minor items being grouped in 000
amount. (See bection 207 (b) (4) (B).) amount. (See Bcetion 207 (b) (4) (B).)

## 8. TAXES

Enter taxes paid or acerued exclusively upon real estate owned by the company end texes assessed sgainst jodividusl shareholdera and paid by
the company without reimbursement as provided in-beotion 207 (b) (4) (C). the company without reimbursement as provided in-seotion 207 (b) (4) (C).
Do not ioclude taxes assessed agaiont local hecofits of a kind tendiag to iocrease the value of the property assessed, as for paving, sewera, eto. For
limitation on deduction, see Irstruction 13 (6) below. mitsiod on deactioo, see heruction 13 (b) below.
9. REAL ESTATE EXPENSES

Eoter all ordioary and decessary building expenses, paid or accrued,
such as fre insurazace, heat, light, lahor, etc., and the cost of incidental repsira which neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life, , but keep it io an ordinarily efficient opersting
conditioc. Do not include any amount psid out for new buildiage or for permanent improverneots or betterments made to increase the value of property is held forth for reotal purposes. For limitation on deduction, property is held forth for reo
see lastructioo 13 (b) below.

## 10. DEPRECIATION

The amouot deductible oo accounot of depreciation in an amount reasonably measuriag the portion of the iovestmeot ic deprecisble property by reason of exhaustion, wear sod tear, or onsolesceoce, which is properly ebargeabis agains limited to the deprecistion oo the property that is uscd, snd to the extens used, for the purpose of producing tha iocome specified in section
207 (b) (1). If the property was acquired by purchase on or after March 1,1913 , the amoubt ol depreciation ehould be determined upoo the basis
of the original cost (not replacement cost) of the property, and the probproperty was purchased prior to Merch 1,1913 , the amount of deprecias tion will be determined in the samo manner, exceptethat it will be com-
puted co its original cost, less depreciatioa sustained prior to March puted oo its original cost, less depreciatioo sustaiacd prior to March 1, property was acquired ia any other manser than by purchase, see section 114. The capital eum to be recovered should be charged ofe, satably over the useful life of the property. Whatever plan or method of apportionment is adopted must he reasonable, must have due regard to operating
conditions during the texable year, and should be described in the retura. If s deduction is eleimed on account of depreciation, s schedule ehould be 6led with the return showing: (1) Kind of property; ; (2) date scquired;
(3) cost or other basis; (4) assets fully depreciated io use st end of tasablo (3) cost or other basis; (4) assets fully depreciated in use st end of tasablo
ycar; (5) depreciation allowed (or alfoweble) in prior years; (6) remaining ycar; ; (5) depreciation allowed (or allowable) in prior years; (6) remaining
cost or other basis to be recovered; (7) estimated life used in accumulating depreciation; ( (8) estimated remaiaiag life from begianing of year; and (9) depreciation allowable for the texable year. In case obsolesceoce is inJuded, atate soparately amount claimed and basis upon which it is com-
puted. Cost or value of land must not be iacluded la the echedule, and where land and buildings were purchased for a lurap sum the cost of tho buildiag aubject to depreciation must be established.
The adjusted property accounts and the accumulsted depreclation
shown in the schiedule should be reconciled with those accounta as reflectod on the books of the taxpeyer.
Stocks, boods, and like securities are pot subject to depreciation within
the mespos the mesniog of the law. (See sections 23 (1), 114, and 207 (b) (4) (D).)
For limitation on deduction, see Instructioo 13 (b) below. 11. INTEREST

Enter the amount of iaterest paid or acerued during the taxable year on the company's indebtedness, except on indebtedoess incurred or coatioued to purcbase or carry obligations (other than obligations of the
Uoited States issued after Eeptember 24 , 1917, aod originally subecribed for by the taxpayer) the intereat upon which ia wholly exempt lrom for by than
taxation
12. OTHER CAPITAL LOSSES

Enter as item 12 losses from cepitel asseta sold or ezchanged to provido fuode to meet sbacrmal insurence losses and to provide for the paymeot
of dividends end similer distributions to policytioldera. Capital assets ehall be considered ass sold or exchanged to provide for auch Capital assets meots to the esteot that the gross receipts from their salo or exchange ofe oot greater theo the excess, if say, for the taxable year of the sums of dividends and gimilar distributions, peid to policy holders, and losses
and expenses paid over the sum of interest, dividends, rents, and not
premiumas reccived. (See Schedulo D.)

## 13. TOTAL DEDUCTIONS

(a) Eoter the total of items 6 to 12, Inolusive.
(b) Limitation on deductions relating to real estate oroned and orcupied.-
The deduction included ia items \& to 10 on account of rest estete owned The decuction included in items 8 to 10 on eccount of rest eatete owned
snd occupied in whole or in part by the company shall be limited to an smount which bears the eame ratio to such deduction (computed without regard to subsection (c) of sectioa 207), as the reatal value of the apace
oot so occupied heara to the rental value of the entire property. (Submit detailed sophedule.)
(c) Ifems not deductible.-No deduction is allowable for the amount of interest. Items direotly attributable to such exempt income aball be ellocated thereto, a ad items directly attributable to any class of texable income shall be allocated to auch tesable iocome. If an item is indirectly
atcributeble to both texable income and exempt income, a reasoashle proportion thereof, determined in the light of all the facts aod circumstences in esch case, shall be allocated to esch. Apportioameots must in all cases be reasonable. A taxpayer receiviag aoy exempt iacome, other thao interest, or holding any property or engaging in any activity the iacome
from which is exempt shail submit with its return as \& part thereof an itemized atatement, in detail, ehowiag (1) the amount of each clase of exempt iacome, and (2) the amount of iteme allocsted to esch fuch class (the amount allocated by apportionmed being shown separately).

15 and 17. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME
Enter as item 15 the amount of interest included in prose incomo which - is partially exempt from taxatio
a domestic corporation whicht of the amouat received as dividends from cept divideads received from is aubject to taxatioo under Chapter 1 , exTrade Act, 1922 , or from corporationg entitled to the bene6ts of section ampuot oot io excess of 85 percecti of the adjusted aet income (item 16).
(See section 26 (b).) (See section 26 (b).)

## 20. NET PREMIUMS

Enter as item 20 the amouct of groas premiuras (including deposits texsble year, leas returo premiuma and premiuma paid or incurred tor reinsuraoce, Amouota returoed where the amount is not fixed in tho
insuraace oontract but depends upon the experieoce of the company or the discretion of the maongement are oot to be included in return premiums but are to be treated ss dividendsyto polieyholders and included minims but are we (Seo sectioo 207 (b) (2).)

## 22. DIVIDENOS TO POLICYHOLDERS

Eoter as item 22 divideods and similar diatributions paid or declared depeodiog upos the method of ac
holdere. (See section 207 (b) (3).)

## 26. CREDIT FOR TAXES

If, in accordance with section 131 (a), a credit is claimed by a domestio profits taxes psid or accrued to $\&$ foreign country or a possession of the Uoited Stetes, Form 1118 should be euhmitted with the retura, together with the receipt for each Euch tax payment. In case credit is eought for texes accrued hut oot paid, the form muat havo attached to it a certi6ed
copy of the retura oo which each euch Bccrued tax was based, and the Commissioner may require a bond oD Form I119 ase eondition precedent to the allowance of a credit for such accrued tazes. A foreigp company is
oot eotitled to claim this credit. oot eotitled to claim this credit.



Furnish below the names and addresses of the individuals who owned, directly or indirectly, at any time during the last half of the taxable year, more than 50 percent in value of the outstanding capital stock of the corporation:


AFFIDAVIT (Seo Instruction E)
We, the undersigned, president (or vice president, or other principal officer) and treasurer (or assistant treasurer, or chief accointing officer) of the corporation for which this return is made, being severally duly swom, each for himself deposes and says that this return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) has been examined by him and is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true, correct, and complete return, made in good faith, for the taxable year stated, pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and the regulations issued thereunder.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

- day of $\qquad$ 194
(Preident ax prixipel oficel) (sette tible)
(Sisnature and vite of offer adminiterive oukh)

this return was prepared by some person or persons other than officers or employees of the corporation, the following affidavit muat be oxecuted) AFFIDAVIT (See Instruction E)
$\mathrm{I} /$ we swear (or affirm) that $\mathrm{I} /$ we prepared this return for the person named herein and that the return (including any accompanying schedules and statements) is a true, correct, and complete statement of all the information respecting the tax liability imposed by section 500 of the Intemal Revenue Code of the person for whom this return has been prepared of which $\mathrm{I} /$ we have any knowledge.

Subscribed and aworn to before me this'
(Sismature of perman propering the etiora)
_._ day of

SChedule A-EXCESS OF EXPENSES ANO DEPRECLITION OVER INCOME FROM PROTRRTY KOT ALLOWARLE UNDER SECTION BOS (B). (SN Inotruculon S)

| 1. Kind a Propory | ${ }^{2}$ 2) ${ }_{\text {Daume }}$ |  | 4 Deprexinion |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (a). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (b) |  |  | ........... |  |  |  |  |
| (c). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (d) <br> Total excess of expenses and depreciation over rent or other compensation. (Enter as item 3, first page). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$$
\text { Explanation of expenses entered in column } 5 \text {. }
$$

State the names and addresses of persons from whom rent or other compensation was received lor the use of, or the right to use, each property



Note 1. -Da not include surtaxec imposed by sections 102 and 500 of the Internal Revenue Code, or by the concuponding ections of a prior income wes lav.

Schedule D.-DIVIOENDS PAID CREDIT. (Sae Intiruction 12)

1. Taxable dividends paid, excluding ( $a$ ) dividends claimed in the preceding year under section $504(c)$, and (b) deficiency dividends as defined in scction 506 (c).
2. Consent dividends credit. (Submit schedule).
3. Taxable distributions (total of lines 1 and 2 )

4. Net operating loss of
5. Bank affliate credit.
6. Total of lines 4 and 5 , or subchapter A net income, whichever is less
7. Dividend carry-over Irom first and second preceding taxable years. (Submit schedule of computation).
8. Dividends paid credit (total of lines 3. 6, and 7). (Enter as item 12, first page).

| chedule of computation)$\qquad$ |
| :---: |
|  |  |



Schadule E.-AMOUNTS USED OR SET ASIDE TO PAY OR RETIRE INDEBTEONESS INCURRED PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 194. (SOO InAIIUELCO 13)

## 1. Description of indebtedness.

2. Date incurred or assurned.
3. Date due
4. Original amount of indebtedness.
5. Amount used or set aside prior to January 1, 1934, to pay or retire such indebtedness.
6. Exeess of indebtedness on January 1, 1934, over total amount used or set aside prior to that date to pay or retire such indebtedness.
7. Amounts used or set aside to retire such indebtedness during the following calendar years, or during fiscal years beginning in such calendar years.
8. Amount used or irrevocably set aside during the taxable year covered by this return to pay or retire such indebtedness.
9. Total of lines 7 and 8
10. Balance of indebtedness (line 6 minus line 9)
II. Indicate separately:
(o) Amount actually used during the taxable year covered by this return to pay or retire the indebtedness.
(b) Amount irrevocably set aside during the taxable year covered by this return to pay or retire the indebtedness, but not actually used during the taxable year for such purpose
11. Portions of amounts entered on line 8 above, claimed as deductions for the taxable year covered by this return. (Enter total as item 13, first page)......
Indicate by check mark whether the deduction claimed in itern 13, frst page of this return, represents:
A $\square$ Amount actually used during the taxable year to pay or retire the indebtedness;
B Amount irrevocably set aside during the taxable year to pay or retire the indebtedness; or
$\mathrm{B} \square$ Amount irrevocably set aside du
$\mathrm{C} \square$ Combination of both A and B .
There must be furnished all of the facts and circumstances upon which the taxpayer relies to establish the reasonableness of the amount claimed as a deduction. Describe fully the plan for payment or retirement of the obligations, indicating date and method of adoption, and, where the plon is eovered by a mandatory sinking fund a greement or sunilar a rrangement, submit a copy of the indenture or agreement by which the fund was established and under which it is maintained

If the amount claimed as a deduction in item 13, frrst page of this return, represents an amount irrevocably set aside to pay or retire the indebtedness explain fully the cireumstances and method by which it was irrevocably set aside

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORM 1120 H <br> 1948 UNTED STATES RETURN OF PERSONAL HOLDING COMPANY 1948 

(UNDER SUBCHAPTER A, CHAPTER 2 , INTERNAL REVENUE CODE)
(References are to thn Intornal Ravanue Coda, unlese otherwien noted)
Taxpayers will find it holpful to read Generel Instructions (A) to (J) before commencing to fill in their roturns and to read the Specific Instructions in connection with filling in the items to which thoy refer,

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

 Tho eatablished accountlug period muat be adhered to for all yeare uniem
permiesion is recelved from the Commiepioner to make an change. An
application for a change should be made vo Form 1128 and forwarded to the application for s ehange should be made vo Form 1128 and forwarded to the
Cummiasioner of Internal Revenue, Washington 25, D. C., st least 60 daye Commissibner of Internal Revenue, Washington 25 , D. C., st least 60 dsye
prior to the close of ehe fractivnal part of the year for which a return prior to tre close of ehe fractional pal
would be required to effect the change.
(C) Basia of refurn.-If your booka of account are kept on tha necrual
besis, repret sill incume secrued, zven though it hes not been actually rebesis, repurt sll incoms secrued, aven thpugh it hes not been actually re-
ceived or entered on the bonks, and expenses lacurred inatead of expences paid. If your booke sre not kept on the accrual basis, or if you kept oo books, make your return on s eash basis and report att income received or
constructively received, eich as kank intereat credited to gour account and constructively received, eitch as hank intereat credited to your ac
coupon bond interest mathred, and report expenees sotually paid.
(D) When and where ceturn most be filed. - Returas must bo filed on or
before the 15 th day of the third month following the close of the taxable before the 15 th day of the third month following the close of the tarable year with the collector for the district in whieh the corporation's principal
place of busineas or principal vffice or ageney is located. in the case of a foreign corporation enguged io businees within the United States but nDt bsving sn offoe or place pf business therein, the retura fhall be filed on or before the 15 th day of the eixth mpoth following the close of the taxable
year with tha Collector of Iaternal Revenue, Baltimore 2, Md.
(E) Signefared and verification.-The return shall bo sworn to by the president, vice president, or pther principal officer, and by the treasurer,
assigtant treasurer, or chief s ccounting officer. Where the retura
ls actually prepared by some person or persone other than officera or employeee of the corporation
first page.
(F) When and to whom tax most be pald. - The tax must ba pald in full
when the return is filed or in four equal inatallmente, as followr: On or When the return is filed, or in four equal installmente, as follows: On or before the 15 to day of the third month; on pr before the 1 ath day of the the 15 th day of the twelfth month following the cloee of the tasablo yess.
If any installment is not paid oa or before tho data fixed for ite payment
the whole amount of tha tax unpaid shall be paid upoo notice and demand by the collectot.
The tax may be pald by eending or bringing with tha return a ebeok or
money order dramn to the ordar of "Colleotor of Interani Revenue." Do not send cash by mail, or pay it in person eacept at the colleotar's offico.
(G) Peualtes.- Far failure to make and file return on time.-Five percent
25 percant of the smount of the tax, uniess sugh failure is dus to reasonable euse, and, io sddition, where failure is willfu, a fine of not popre than she coasts of prosecution. for not more than 1 year, or both, together with
then For willullly stlempling to eogade or dofeat poyment of tha tax.-Not more
than $\$ 10,000$ or imprisonment for not more than 6 years, or both, together with the coste of prosecution.
For deficiency due to negligence or froud.- Fivo percent of the amount of
the deficiency if due to negligence or intentional digregard of rulea and egulations withput intent to defreud, or 60 perceft of the amount of the deficiency if due to fraud.
(H) Definition of Snhebopter A Nat Income-Section s05 defines the
term "Suhchapter A Net Income" for the purposes of subchapter A as the term "Suhchapter A Net Income" for the p
Det income, with the following edjustmente:













 (I) Defintion of mndlstributed eabcbapfer A ast ineome.-Soction b0t
defines the term "undistributed subchapter A net incoma" as the eubdefines the term undistributed subchapter A net inco
chapter $\mathbf{A}$ net income (as defined in section 505) minus-












##  

(I) Definition of gross income of certalo insurance companates for personal
hoiding company tar. - The term "gross locome," as used in subchapter A mesae, in the case of en ingurance cempany notber than life or mutual, tho
gross income, as debned in section 204 (b) ( 1 ) increased by the ameunt of ooses incurred, us de6ned is section 204(b)(b), and the ameuat of expensee
incurred, ss defined in section 204(b) (7) and decreased by the ament incurred, as defined in section 204(b)(7), and decreased by the ameunt do-
ductible under section $204(\mathrm{c})(7)$ (relating to tat-free intereat). (See eeotion
507.$)$

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

## The follewing ingtructione are nambered to correspond with ftem nambers on the frat page of the retura

I. Not lacomo.- Enter the net income, for the taxable year computed

 domestio end reaident Ioreiga corporations evgaged io trade or business in

In the cese of a nonresident foreign cerporation tnet eagaged in trade or any under section 501 but net which qualifies as a persooal heldiag comder bection 331 , the amount to be entered in itemanal belding company unbe computed under section 119 rather then uader scction 231 (a). Net inwithin the Uoited States, gaies from sales or excbanges made witbin the United States of cspital assets includiog stocke, securities, and commodities. Altheugb such gains ere not eubject to nermal taz under section 281 (a), chapter
2. Contribnifens or gifts dedneted ander pectloa 23(q).-Section 23(q) year to the extent of 5 percent of the oet iecerme computed witbout the benefit of aucb deduction while eection 005 provides that in computing aubby egetion $23(\mathrm{q})$ contributiens or gifta of epecified types paid withln the taxable year to an amount which does not exceed 15 percent of the net
Income computed without the benefit of euch deduction and the deduction income computed without the benefit of euch deduction and che deduction
allowed nader bection $23(\mathrm{~g})$, and witheut the deduction of the amouet allowed uader bection 23( g ) , and witheut the deduction of the amount
disallowed under section 50 ( b . Provision fer deduction of the targer allewance is made in item 6 and in order to show the amount of income
apen whicb the increased limitation is based the amount allowed uader apen whicb the increased limitstion is based tbe amount allowed under
mection 23(q) and deducted in computing bet income neder chapter 1 (item 1)
should be entered as item 2. (See Specific lastruction 6.)
3. Encese of expenses and depreciation over iocome from proporty not



 If the corporation derived rent or alber compensation for tha use or right to use property whicb was less than the sum of the expenses incurred in fion allowable under aection 23(1) Scbedule A thould bo filled in and the excess of the expenses and depreciation over the rent or outber compensstion ohown thereia ebeuld be entered sa itam 3 , first page of tbe return, nnless tbe corporation ia prepared to eatsblish the propriety of the deduction
to the aetisfaction of the Commissioner. o the aetisfaction of the Commissioner
of the aggregate of the expenses allowed uexayer to sustain the deduction tion allowed under section $23(1)$ in excess of the rent or other compensation derived from the property. A corporation elaiming such excess deductiong forth its cleim for ellowance of the deductions together with a completa staterent of facts, circumstances, and argumenta on which it relies in aupport of tbe deductions. Sucb atstement ahail include:
(o) A description of the property;
(b) The cost or other basis to the
corperation and the pature and value of (c) Tbe name and address of tbe person from whom acquired and the
date thereof; (d) Tbe nam (he The name and addrese of the person to whom leased or rented, ar stock, if any, beld by euch person and the members of his family; (e) The nature (cash, evecurities, eervlces, ete.) aed gross amount of the to use, the property during the taxable year and for eact of the five pre ceding yeers end the amount of tbe expenses incurred with respect to, and the depreciation suatained on, the property for sucb yesrs abla and tinone was received or accrued, a etatement of the reasonst therefor: (g) A copy of the contract, lease, or rental agreement;
(h) The purpose for which the property was used;
i) The buainess carried on by the corporation with respect to which the property was held and the grose income, expenses, and net lncome
derived from the conduct of such buiness far the taxable year and for eacb of the 6ve preceding years;
( $j$ A Atatement of any
() A statement al any reasons which existed for expectation that the for the use of the property in the business of the corporation and the reesons - (k) Any otber who acquired;
f. Contribnitions or gifts dednctible ander 日ection $505(a)(2),-A 8$ noted
moder Specifie Instruotion 2 above, the amount deducted under section $23(q)$ under Specitie nstruotion 2 above, tope amount dedueted under gechion 23 (q) in computing net incemo onder chapter 1 is to be restored to 2 . Furnisb in Scbedule B detaila of tho eostributions or pifts pald within the tazable yesr to or for the uee of donees described in section 23 ( q ) snd onter the total emount thereof as item 6 except where oueh total
exceeds 15 percent of ftem 6 minus item 4 , in wbich casse the amount to bo exceeds 15 percent of ftem 6 minus item 4, in wbicb ce
entered as Item 6 is 15 percent of item 5 minus item 4 .
If a deduction is claimed in item 9, no deduction io allowable in Item 6 . (See tection b05(a) (3).)
1). Pederal income, war-proste, and ozcees-prosia taxes,-Section $605(\mathrm{a})$ (1) provides that there ahall be allowed us additional deductions:

 Furnis
8. Income and pratiatazee of a foreign conntry or United Stales ponaen131 with respect to tox credit permitted to domesilo corporatlons by section 131 with respect to the tarea imposed by chapter 1 th not allowed as a credit
with respect to the aurtoz lmposed by section 600 . However; ; he deduction nocer eection 2s(c) (h) gistee in permitted tor the purpose of computing the undistributed oubohapter A net Invorne eubject to the eurtar lopposed by oection 600 oven
though the taxpayer ctaima a oredit fot euch taxce ogainst the taxes imposed etough the taxpayer claima a oredit fot euch taxcs againsi tio cares ingosed
by hapter 1. abomen on Hine 4, Bohedule M, Form 1120, whase any portion thereof hat
been claimed as a credit in item 36, page 1, Form 1120, but if such corpora tions bave claimed such tases Es deductions uader section 23 (c) ( 2 ) in computing netioncome subject to tax under chapter 1 , no entry oheuld be made in itema. 8.
Foreign corporatiese oheuld treat such tares se deductions to be allocated onaccerdeace with section ing in the computation of aet income from sourees Sceted is tbe net income stated in item 1 instead of being stated separately a c deduction in item 9.
9. Amennts pald in: liqnidation of liabilftry of corporntien based on lis-
blity of a decedent to make contrihutlooe of gifto.- $\operatorname{Section} \operatorname{SOS}(\mathrm{a})(3)$ probility of a decedent to make connt

 (Paragraph (2) relates to the limited deduction for contributions or gifts paid. See Specife Instruction 6 .)
Any deduction claimed under this provision of law must be fully explained. in a tatement attached to the return
12. Dividende pald credit.-Eater as item 12 the amannt of the divldend No duplication of credit allowances witb respect to any 1 , instruction I.) dends" ia permitted. If a corporation claims and receives tbe beneft of the provisious of section 506 based upon a distribution of "deficiency divideads," that distribution does not beceme a pal
purposes of subchapter A of cbapter 2 .
13. Amonnt insed or irrevecably set aside to pay or zetire Iodebtedoese of any kied jecorred prier io Sanuery 1, 1932, determining "uadistributed subchapter A eet incame" there sball be de ducted amounts used or irrevgopbly set aside to pay or to retire indebtedness
of any kind incurred prior to fanuary 1, 1934, if sucb ameunts are reasonable of any kind incurred prior to Jsnuary 1, 1934, is sucb amoun
with reference to the size and terms of euch indebtedness. Indebtedness.-The term "indebtedness" mesns an abligation, absolut and net coatingeat, to pay, on demand or wibbin a given time, in cesh or otber medium, a Gxed amounh. The term "indebtedness" does not include he obligation of a corporatien ea its capital stoc
assumed) by the texpayer prier to Jsnuary 1, 1934. An ladebtednest envideaced by bonds, netes, or otber obligations issued by s corperation it ordinarily incurred as of the date sucb obligatious are issued, end the amaun obligations. In the case of refunding, renewal or other change in the form of on indebtedness, the giving of a new promige to pay by the taxpayer wil aot have the effect of changing the date the indebtedness was incurred.
Amounts used or irreocably sel naide. The deduction is ellowable Amounts used or irreoceably set aside,-Tbe deduction is ellowable, in any
taxable year, only for ameunts used or irrevocsbly get nside in that year The use or irrevocehte eething aside must be to effect the extinguisbment ar discharge of indehtedness. In the case of refunding, renowal or other changs in tbe form of an indebtedness, the mere giving of a new promise to pay bs
the taxpoyer will not resuit in on allowabie deduction. If amaunte ary eet aside in one year, no deduction io sllowable for auch amounta for a late year in which actually paid. As long as all otber conditions are astiafed the aggregate amount allowable as a deduction for any taxable year include all amounts (from Whatever seurce) used and, as well, all emounts (from
Whatever sourca) irrevecsbly set aside, irreapective of whether in cash or ather medium. Dauble deductious are not permitted.
Reasonableness of the amounts with reference to the nize and terms of the indebledress.- indebtedness. Hence, all the facts and circumstances with respect to the asture, scope, conditions, ameunt, maturity, and other terms of the par

in part, at or prior to the meturity and in accordance with the in whole or in part, at or prior considered reasonable, and may be allewablo wis a deduction thereal year in whicb so used, if no adjustment is required by reason of an amouni All amounts irrevacably set aside for the poyment or retirement of an Indebtedness in occerdenea with and pursuant to the terma of tbe abligation, or exampla, the annual contribution to trustees required by a man datory ainking fund agreement, will be considered as complying with the net zecessary tbat tbe plan of retirement provide for a retraactive setting asids of amounte for years prior to that in which the plan ie adopted. How ever, if a voluntary plan was adopted prior to 1934, no adjuatment
sble in respect al the amounta set aside in the years prior to 1934.
General. - The burden of proof will rest upon the texpayer to eustain the deduction claimed. Therefore, the taxpayer must furmieh tho information required by Schedule E of the refura nnd sucb other Information an the
Commissioner may require in eubstantiation of the deduction claimed.
16. Dividends pald after close of tarable jear, exelndiag desicioncy dirfe dende as defincd in bectlen $506(\mathrm{c})$, - Enter as item 16 the amount of divi-
dende paid after the cleee of the taxsble year and before the fifteenth day of ends paid anter the cloee of the haxble pear and belore the ifteenth day of but oaly to the extent and aubject to the limitailons coatained in that rection. (See General Instruction 1.)
No duplicotion of credit allowances witb respect to any "defelenoy dive
dends" is pertoitted. If a corporation claims and receives the benoft of the provisions of section 506 based upon a distribution of "deficiency diridenden that disiribution fs not made the basls of the $21 /$-month carry-beck credit provided for in section 504 ( 0 )
20 to 81 . Atternativa tex nider seellon 117(c)(1).-The provisions of seoion 117 (c)(1) impose an alternative tark, cetermined in the manner sot forth
in tueb eection, in lieu of the aggregate tax imposed by nections is, 14,18 , $204,207(\mathrm{a})(1)$ or $(3)$ and 500 . In the case of a parronal bolding pompany having an oxcess of met long-term capital gain over net abort-term eapita
 liable for
applicable:
(o) Cempute the tex Imposed by chapter $I$ and determino the effective cate applital gein over net sbort-tertio capital lons; (b) The ameunt af tax thus computed is to be eonaldened as chapter I taxy
c) The tax lisbulity computed ueder the alterrative methad with reapect o the personal boiding eompany rotura abouid be redueed by that portion
of the chapter 1 tax sitributable to tbe exeese of ruch capital gain; of the chapter tax stitibutable to tbe exoese of ruch capital gaina
(d) The tax liability as so reduced will constituto tbe personal holding
company purtax.


[^0]:    For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

[^1]:    For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

[^2]:    Adjusted gross income classes ${ }^{1}$

[^3]:    For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

[^4]:    For footnotes, see pp. 54-56; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 10-11.

[^5]:    
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[^6]:    For footnotes, see pp. 16-17.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ An estimated fourteen thousand returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25.000$ or more were erroneously classified among returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$. The sample of these returns was tabulated and weighted as part of the $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$ estimating stratum, and the total number of such returns filed and the number in the sample are included among corresponding data for the " $\$ 10,000$ to $\$ 25,000$ " stratum in this table. However, in statistical tables distributing returns by size of adjusted gross income, they are classified according to size of income reported.
    ${ }^{2}$ Approximately twenty-nine thousand returns with adjusted gross income under $\$ 25,000$ were erroneously classified among returns with adjusted gross income $\$ 25,000$ or more. These returns were all included in the sample and were tabulated as part of the " $\$ 25,000$ or more" stratum. However, in statistical tables distributing returns by size of adiusted gross income they are classified according to size of income reported.

[^8]:    For footnotes，see pp．179－181；for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．44－52．

[^9]:    For footnotes, see pp, 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp, 44-52,

[^10]:    For footnotes，see pp．179－181；for extent to which data are estimated，see pp．44－52．

[^11]:    For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to whieh data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

[^12]:    For footnotes, see pp. 179-181; for extent to which data are estimated, see pp. 44-52.

[^13]:    For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

[^14]:    For footnotes, see pp. 216-219.

[^15]:    08 The aggregates for data distributed by States for 1943-48 do not precisely agree with the aggregates for data relative to returns with income distributed by income classes. The differences are due to (1) the use of independent weighting factors for each collection district in compiling the State distributions, (2) the use of rounded ratios in extending the data from samples of returns, and (3) the fact that State distributions for 1943 and 1945 are based on samples distinct from those used for income class distributions.
    ${ }^{60}$ The tax liability for 1942 and for 1943, as described in note 64, is that computed on income for the respective year and is without regard to the amount of tax forgiven under the Current Tax Payment Act of 1943. Neither tax was paid in full because of the forgiveness feature provided under section 6 of that Act, applicable to individuals who are liable for a tax on both 1942 and 1943 incomes.
    W7 Data for Alaska not available; included in Washington.
    ${ }^{68}$ Data for Washington include data for Alaska for 1943-48.

[^16]:    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    
    

[^17]:    For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

[^18]:    For footnotes, see pp. 299-300.

[^19]:    223090-53-20

[^20]:    For footnotes, see pp. 314-315.

[^21]:    For footnotes，see p． 405

[^22]:    For footnotes, see p. 405.

[^23]:    For footnotes, see p. 405.

[^24]:    For footnotes，see p． 405.

[^25]:    For footnotes, see p. 424.

[^26]:    For footnotes, sec p, 424 .

[^27]:    

[^28]:    All active service pay of enlisted men in armed forces; same up to $\$ 1,500$ for officers
    All other Government payments and benefits made to veterans and their families, except nondisability retirement pay and interest on terminal leave bonds
    Federal and State social security benefits Gifts; inheritances, bequests
    Workmen's compensation, insurance, damages, etc., for bodily injury or sickness
    Interest on State and municipal bonds; certain Federal bonds issued before March 1, 1941
    Life insurance proceeds upon death

[^29]:    For footnotes, see pp. 51-53.

[^30]:    081888－53－1

[^31]:    I Net income for income tax computation reported as item 34，page 1，Form 1120 ．
    2 For corporations with net long－term capital gain in excess of net short－term capital personal holding company surtax on such cases to 25 percent．Accordingly，a credit is allowed on the personal holding company return for the portion of the corporation income short－term capital loss． included under＂Returns with alternative tax＂but are shown under＂Returns with

[^32]:    The Source Book consists of a series of unpublished volumes containing tabulations of financial information from income and profits tax returns, by more detailed classifications than in the published reports, Statistics of Income. The Source Book volumes are maintained in the Statistics Division of the Internal Revenue Service, and are available for research purposes to officials of the Federal, State, and other governmental units and to qualified representatives of accredited organizations. Permission to copy data from the Source Book may be obtained upon presentation of a written request, addressed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

[^33]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^34]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^35]:    For footnotes，see pp．346－348．

[^36]:    For footnotes，see pp．346－348．
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    For footnotes，see pp．

[^37]:    For footnotes，see pp．346－348

[^38]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^39]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^40]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^41]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-343.

[^42]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^43]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-343.

[^44]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^45]:    For footnotes, see pp. 346-348.

[^46]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^47]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^48]:    Forfootnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^49]:    For footnotes, sec pp. 417-423.

[^50]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^51]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^52]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^53]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^54]:    For footnotes, see pp. 417-423.

[^55]:    a Normal tax, $\$ 965,503,111$; surtax on undistributed profits $\$ 144,972,284$; income tax $\$ 59,289,827$.
    ${ }^{6}$ Normal tax, $\$ 1,056,939,166$; surtax on undistributed profits, $\$ 175,897,696$.
    c Income tax, $\$ 804,230,054$; normal tax, $\$ 41,569,498$; surtax on undistributed profits, $\$ 7,778,561$.
    ${ }^{d}$ For 1941 through 1943, there is tabulated with the income tax for returns with net income a small amount of surtax reported on returns with no net income, where receipts for the taxable year include interest on obligations of certain instrumentalities of the United States, subject to surtax only. For 1942 and subsequent years, there is also included a small amount of tax, reported on returns with no net income, due to special provisions applicable to certain mutual insurance companies other than life or marine.

    - See note 42, table A, p. 465.
    - The amount shown as "Excess profits taxes" for 1917-22 consists of war-profits tax and excess-profits tax. For 1933-39, the amount consists of (declared value) excess-profits tax described in note 37. For $1940-45$, in addition to the declared value excessprofits tax, the amounts shown include the excess profits tax described in note 38 . (The two types of excess profits taxes are shown separately for 1940-

[^56]:    19 "Dividends from domestic corporations" are those from corporations subject to taxation under the effective Federal tax law, excluding dividends from corporations organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, and from corporations receiving a large percentage of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States, such excluded dividends being tabulated in "Other receipts." Dividends from domestic corporations were not required to be included in net income prior to 1936 and are, therefore, tabulated under "Receipts par-

[^57]:    For footnotes, see pp. 460-467.

[^58]:    
    23. $25 \%$ of line 11
    24. Alternative tax (Hine 22 plus line 23)
    25. Total mormal tax nod surtax (line 12, page 3, Forta 1120)
    26. Tax lishility (line 24 or 28 , whichever is leaser). (Enter as lioe 13, prge 3, Form 1120)..

[^59]:    CB(crataty of perivo properiaf the nemen

