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The Voyage to the Tiorld in the MoON.


Tinsed for JohnLeverat Linte: Moorgate nescle Pendon Nall neane Hoorfields.

## THESTRANGE <br> VOYAGE and ADVENTURES <br> 0 F <br> DOMINGO GONSALES,

TO THE

WORLD in the MOON.
CONTAINING
An Account of the Inaud of St. Hellena; the Place where he refided fome Years in, and where he planned this Wonderful Voyage; his entering on Board one of the Homeward-bound Eaf-India Ships for Spain; their running on the Rocks near the Pike of Teneriff, to avoid an Englijh Squadron of Ships, that were in Purfuit of the Spani/b Fleet; Gonfales had juft Time to fix his Machine, which carried him in Safety to the Pike of Tenereff, having refted his Ganfas on the Mountain, whence was purfued by the Savages; when giving the Signal to his Birds, they arofe in the Air with him for their Journey to the Moon: The wonderful Apparitions and Devils he met with in his Progrefs; their Temptations to him, which he avoided, and their fuppiying him with choice Provifions; his leaving this Helliih Crew, and proceeding on his Voyage to the Moon; his fafe Arrival there ; the Manners, Cuftoms, and Language of the Emperors, Kings, Princes and People: His fhort Stay there, to the great Grief of the Lunars; the ineftimable Prefents in Jewels the Author received at his Departure; his repaffing to our Earthly Globe again, and was fet down in Cbina by his Birds; his being taken for a Magician by the Country People, and preferved from their Fury by a Cbinefe Mandarin; his going aboard an India Ship bound to Europe; his fafe Arrival in his own Country, where he made his Difcoveries to the King of Spain, who held feveral Cabinet Councils to deliberate on a proper Ufe to be made of thefe Difcoveries.
With a Defrription of the Pike of Teneriff, as travelled up by fome Engli/b Merchants.
The SECOND EDITION.

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## THE STRANGE

## VOYAGE and ADVENTURES

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## DOMINGO GONSALES,

> TOOTHE

WORLD in the MOON,

> BY THE

Several Ganza's, or Large Geese.

BEFORE I come to relate our extraordinary Voyage of Domingo Gonzales to the World in the Moon, I will make a Halt at Sc . Hellens, or Hellena, which is now poffeft by the Honourable Eaft-India Company. It is called the Sea Inn , becaufe the Englifh and other Nations fop there as a Place for Watering and Refrefhment in their long Voyages to Intia. It was formerly feized by the Dutch, but retaken May 6th, 1673, by Captain Munday, with a Squadron of Englijh Ships, and three rich Dutch Eaft India Ships made Prizes in the Harbour; fince which the Company have fortified and fecured it, againft any future Invafion of Dutch, Portuguefe, or Spaniards. It was called Santa Helena by the Portuguefe, who difcovered it on St. Hellen's Day, being April 2. B

There

There is no Illand in the World fo far diftant from the Continent or main Land as this. It is about fixteen Leagues in Compafs, in the Etbiopic Sea; in 16 Degrees of South Latitude; about 1500 Miles from the Cape of Good Hope; 360 from Angoia in Africa; and 5 :0 from Brafle in America. It lies high out of the. Water, and furrounded on the Sea-coafts with fteep Rocks, having within many Cliffs, Mountains and Vallies, of which one is named Cburcb-Valley, where behind a fmall Church they climb up to the Mountains. To the South is Apple-Dale, fo called from the abundance of Oranges, Lemons, and Pomegranates enough to furnifh five or fix Ships. On the Welt-fide of the Church, Ships have good Anchorage clofe under the Shore, to prevent the Winds which blow fiercely from the adjacent high Mountains.

The Air feems temperate and healchful, fo that fick Men brought afhore there, in a fhort Time recover ; yet the Heat in the Vallies is as intolerable as the Cold upon the Mountains; it commonly rains there five or fix Times a Day, fo that the Barrennefs of the Hills is not occafioned for the want of Water, of which it hath two or thtee good Springs for furnifhing Ships with frefh Water; the Ground of its own Agcord brings forth wild Peafe and Beans, alfo whole Woods of Orange, Lemon, and Pomegranate Trees, all the Year long, laden both with Bloffoms and Fruit, good Figs; abundance of Ebony and Rofe-trees, Parlly, Muftard-feed, Purflain, Sorrel, and the like ; the Woods and Mountains are full of Goats, large Rams, and wild Swine, but difficult to be taken. When the Portuguefe difcovered it, they found neither four-footed Beafts nor Fruit-trees, but only frefh Water; they afterward planted Fruit-trees, which fo increafed fince, that ali the Vallies

## Of Domingo Gonsales.

Vallies ftand full of them ; Partridges, Pigeons, Moor-hens, and Peacocks breed here numerounly $\boldsymbol{p}_{\lambda_{1}}$ whereof a good Markfman may foon provide a Dinner for his Friends. On the Cliff-Iflands, on the South, are thoufands of grey and black Mews, or Sea-Pies, and white and coloured Birds, fome with long, others with Chort Necks, who lay their Eggs on the Rocks, and fuffer themfelves to be taken with the Hand, gazing at their Surprizers, till they are knocked on the Head with Sticks.

From the Salt-water beating againit the Clifts. a Froth or Scum remains in fome Places, which the Heat of the Sun fo purifies, that it becomes white and good Salt; fome of the Mountains yield Bole Armoniac, and a fat Earth like Terra Lemnia. The Sea will anfwer the Pains of a patient Fiherman, who muft ufe an Angle, not a Net, becaufe of the foul Ground and beating of the Waves; the chief are Mackrel, Roach, Carp, but differing in Colour from thofe among us; Eels as big as a Man's Arm, and well tafted Crabs, Lobfters, Oyfters and Muffels as good as Englijh.

It is in this Inand that the Scene of that notableFancy, called, The Man in the Moon, or a Dif. courfe of a Voyage tbitber, by Domingo Gonfales is: laid, written by a learned Bifhop, faith the ingenious Bifhop Wilkins, who calls it a pleafant and well contrived Fancy, in his own Book, intituled, A Difcourse of the Nere World, tending to prove. tbat it is poffible there may be another habitable World in the Moon; wherein among other curious Arguments he affirms, that this hath been the firect O pinion of divers antient, and fome modena Mathematicians, and may probab!y be deduced from the. Tenets of others, neither does it contradiat any Principle of Reafon nor Faith; and that as their World is our Moon, fo our World is theirs.

Now this fmall Tract having fo worthy a Perfon to vouch for it, and many of our Englifh Fiiftorians having publifhed for Truth, what is almoft as inprobable as this, as Sir Fobn Mandavil in his Travels and others, and this having what they are utterly deftitute of, that is, Invention mixed with Judgment ; and was judged worthy to be Licenfed fifty years ago, and not fince reprinted, whereby it would be utterly loft. I have thought fit to republifh the Subftance thereof, wherein the Author fays he does not defign to difcourfe his Readers into a Belief of each particular Circumftance, but expects that his new Difcovery of a new Worid, may find little better Entertainment than Columbus had in his firf Difcovery of America, though yet that poor Efpial betrayed fo much Knowledge as hath fince increafed to vaft Improvements, and the then Unknown is now found to be of as large Extent as all the other known World; that there fhould be Antipodes was once thought as great a Paradox, as now that the Moon fhould be habitable. But the Knowledge of it may be referved for this our difcovering Age, wherein our Virtuofi can by their Telefcopes gaze the Sun into Spots, and defcry Mountains in the Moon. But this and much more muft be left to the Critics, as well as the following Relation of our little Eye-witnefs and great Difcoverer, which you thall have in his own Spanifb Stile, and delivered with that Grandeur and Thirft of Glory, which is generally imputed to that Nation.

It is known to all the Countries of Andaluzia; that I Domingo Gonfales was born of a noble Family in the renowned City of Seville. My Father's Name being Tberando Gonfales, near Kinfman on the Mother's Side to Don Pedro Sanches the worthy Count of Almanera, my Mother was the Daughter

Daughter of the famous Lawyer Otbo Perez de Sallaveda, Governor of Barcellona, and Corrigidor of Bifcay; I being the youngeft of feventeen Children, was put to School, and defigned to the Church; but Heaven purpofing to ufe my Service in Matters of far another Nature, infpired me with fpending fome Time in the Wars; it was at the Time that Don Ferando, the renowned Duke D'Alva, was fent into the Low Countries in 1568 : I then following the Current of my Defire, leaving the Univerfity of Salamanca, whither my Parents had fent me, without giving Notice to any of my Friends, got through France to Antwerp, where I arrived in a mean Condition. For having fold my Books, Bedding, and other Things, which yielded me about 30 Ducats; and borrowed twenty more of my Father's Friends; I bought a little Nag, wherewith I travelled more thriftily than ufually young Gentlemen do, till arriving within a League of Antwerp, fome of the curfed Guefes fet upon me, and bereaved me of my Horfe, Money, and all; fo I was forced through Neceffity to enter into the Service of Marfhal Colfey a French Nobleman, whom I ferved in an honourable Employ, though mine Enemies, to my Difgrace affirm, I was his Horfe-keeper's Boy; but for that Matter, I refer myfelf to Count Mansficld, and other Perfons of Condition, who have often teftified to many worthy Men, the very Truth of the Bufinefs, which indeed was this, Monfieur Colfey being about this Time fent to the Duke D' 1 lva, Governor of the Low Countries, he informing the Nobility of my Birth, and my late Misfortune, judging it would be no fmall Honour to him to have a Speniard of that Quality about him, furnifhed me with a Horfe, Arms and whatever I wanted, ufing my Service, after I had learned French, in writing his

Letters, becaufe my Hand was very fair. In time of War, if upon Neceffity, I fometimes dreffed my own Horfe, I ought not to be reproached therewith, fince I count it the part of a Gentleman to fubmit to the vilef Office for the Service of his Prince.

The firf Expedition I was in, was when the Marfhal my Friend met the Prince of Orange making a Road into France, and forced him to fly even to the Walls of Cambray: It was my good Fortune to defeat a Trooper, by killing his Horfe with my Piftol, who falling upon his Leg, could not ftir, but yielded to my Mercy; I knowing my own Weakneif of Body, and feeing him a lufty tall Fellow, thought it the fureft Way to difpatch him, which having done, I plundered him of a Chain, Money, and other Things to the Value of 200 Ducats. This Money was no fooner in my Pockets, but I refumed the Remembrance of my Nobility, and taking my Audience of Leave from Monfieur Coffey, I inftantly repaired to the Duke D'Alwa's Court, where divers of my Kindred feeing my Pocket full of good Crowns, were ready enough to acknowledge me: By their means I was received into Pay, and in Time obtained Favour with the Duke, who would fometimes jeft a little more feverely at my Perfonage than I could well bear, for though I muft acknowledge my Stature is fo little, as I think no Man living is lefs, yet fince it is the Work of Heaven and nor my own he ought not to have upbraided a Gentleman therewith; and thofe glorious Things that have happened to me may evince, that wonderful Matters may be performed by very unlikely Bodies; if the Mind be good, and Fortune fecond our Endeavours.

Though

Though the Duke's Jokes a little difgufted me, yet I endeavoured to conceal my Refentment, and accommodating myfelf to fome other of his Humours, I was fo far interefted in his Favour, that at his going into Spain, whither I attended him, by his Kindnefs,' and other Accidents, wherein by my Induittry I"was" feldom wanting to myfelf, I was able to carry home 3000 Crowns in my Pocket.

At my Return, my Parents, who were extremely difturbed at my Departure, received me with Joy', which was increafed; becaufe they found 1 had brought wherewith to maintain myfelf without being chargeable to them, or leffening the Portions of my Brothers and Sifters. But doubting I would fpend it as lightly as I got it, they follicited me to marry the Daughter of Jobn Figueres, a confiderable Merchant of Lijbon, to which I complied, and putting my Marriage Money, and good Part of my own into the Hands of my Father, I lived like a Gentleman many Years very happily: At length a Quarrel arifing between me and Pedro Delgades, a Gentleman and Kinfman of mine; it grew fo high, that when no Mediation of Friends could pre: vail, we two went alone with our Swords into the Field, where it was my Chance to kill him, tho' a ftout proper Man; but what I wanted in Strength I fupplied in Courage, and my Agility countervailed for his Stature. This being acted in Carmoria, I fed to Li/bon, thinking to conceal myfelf with fome Friends of my Father-in-Law, till the Bufinefs might be accommodated; at which Time, a famous Spani/b Count coming from the Weft-Indies, publifhed triumphant Declarations of a great Victory he had obtained againft the Englifb near the Ifle of Pines, whereas in reality he got nothing at all in that Voyage but Blows, and a confiderable
fiderable Lofs. It had been well if Vanity and Lying had been his only Crimes; his Covetoufnefs had like to have been my utter Ruin, though fince it hath proved the Occafion of eternizing my Name I verily believe to all Pofterity, and to the unfpeakable Benefit of all Mortals for ever hereafter, at leaft if it pleafe Heaven that I return home fafe to my Cnuntry, and give perfect Intructions how thofe almoft incredible and impoffible Acquirements may be imparted to the World. You fhall then fee Men flying in the Air, from one Place to another, you thall then be able to fend Meffages many hundred Miles in an Inftant, and receive Anfwers immediately, without the Help of any Creature upon Earth; you fhall then prefently impart your Mind to your Friend, though in the moft remote and obfcure Place of a populous City, and a Multitude of other notable Experiments; but what exceeds all, you fhall then have the Difcovery of a New World, and Abundance of rare and incredible Secrets of Nature, which the Philofophers of former Ages never fo much as dreaint of; but I mult be cautious in publifhing thefe wonderful Mytteries, till our Statefmen have confidered how they may confitt with the Policy and gond Government of our Country, and whether the Fathers of the Church may nor judge the divulging them prejudicial to the Catholic Faith, which (by thole Wonders I have feen above any mortal Man before me) I am inftructed to advance without Refpect to any temporal Advantage whatfoever.

But to proceed: This huffing Captain pretended much Difcontent for the Death of Delgades, who was indeed fome Kin to him; however, he was willing to be quiet if I would give him a thoufand Ducats: I had now, befides a Wife, two Sons, whom I was not willing to beggar, only to fatisfy
the avaritious Humour of this Boafter, and fo was neceffitated to take fome other Courle. I embarked in a ftout Carrick bound for the Eaft-Indies, carrying the Value of two thoufand Ducats to trade with, leaving as much more for the Support of my Wife and Children behind, whatever Misforcune might happen to me. In the Indies I thrived exceedingly, laying out my Stock in Diamonds, Emeralds, and Pearls, which I bought at fuch eafy Rates, that my Stock fafely arriving in Spain, (as I underftood it did) muft needs vield ten for one. But having doubled Cape Bona'Efperanza in my Way home, I fell dangeroully fick, expecting nothing but Death, which had undoubtedly happened, but that we juft then recovered the bleffed Inle of St. He lens, the only Paradife I believe on Earth, for Healchfulnefs of Air, and Fruitfulnefs of Soil, producing all Neceffaries for the Life of Man. It is abour 16 Leagues in Compafs, and has no firm Land or Continent within 300 Leagues, nay not fo much as an Ifland within an hundred Leagues of it; fo that ic may feem a Miracle of Nature, that out of fo vaft and tempettuous an Ocean, fuch a fmail Rock or Piece of Ground fhould arife and difcover itfelf. On the South is a good Harbour, and near it divers fmall Houfes built by the Portuguefe to accommodate Strangers, with a pretty Chapel handfomely beautified with a Tower, and Bell therein. Near it is a Stream of excellent frefh Water, divers handfome Walks, planted on both Sides with Orange, Lemon, Pomegranate, Almond-Trees and the like, which bear Fruit all the Year, as do alfo divers others. There are Store of Garden Herbs, with Wheat, Peafe, Barley, and mult Kinds of Pulfe; but it chiefly aboundeth with Cattle and Fowl, as Goats, Swine, Sheep, Partridges, wild Hens, Pheafants, Pigeons,

Pigeons, and wild Fowl beyond Credit ; but efpecially about February and March: are to be feen huge Flocks of a kind of wild Swans, (whereof I Shatl have Occafion to fpeak more hereafter) who like our Cuckows and Nightingales, go away at a certain Seafon, and are no more feen that Year.,

On this happy Ifland did they fet me afhore with a Negro to attend me, where, I recovered my Health, and continued a whole Year, folacing myfelf for want of human Suciety with Birds and brute Beaits; Diego my Black moor was forced to tive in a Cave at the Welt End of the Ine, for had we dwelt together, Victuals would not have been fo plenty with us; but now, if one fucceeded well in hunting or fowling, the other would find Means to treat him, and if both miffed, we were fain to look out fharply; but this feldom happened, fince no Creature there fears a Man more than a Goat or Cow, whereby I eafily tamed divers Kinds of Birds and Beatts by only muzzling them, fo that till they came either to me or Diego they could not feed. At firt I much delighted in a Kind of Partridges, and a tame Fox, whereof I made good Ule; for if 1 had Occafion to confer with Diego, I would take one of them muzzled and hungry, and tying a Note about his Neck, beat him from me, whereupon he would ftrait away to Diego's Cave, and if he were not there, would beat about tili he found him; yet this Conveyance being not without fome Inconvenience, I perfuaded Ditgo, (who tho' a Fellow of good Parts, was content to be ruled by me) to remove to a Cape on the Northweft Part of the Ihand, being though a League off, yet within Sight of my Houfe and Chapel, and fo when the Weather was fair, we could by Signals declare our Minds to each other in an Infant either by Night or Day, wherein we took much
much Pleafure!' If in the Night I would fignify any Thing to him, I fee up a Light in the BtII Tower, which was a pretty large Room with a fair Window well glazea, and the Walls within plaiftered white, fo that though the Light were but fmall, it made a great Show' after his luight had ftood half an Hour, I covered it, and then if I faw any Signal of Light again fron my Compaz nion I knew he waited for my Notice, and fo by hiding and Shewing my Light according to the Agreement betwixt us, I certified him of what I pleafed. In the Day I advertifed him by Smoke, Duft, and other refined Ways.

After a while I grew weary of it as too painful, and again uled my winged Mefferigers; upon the Shore, about the Mourh of our River, I found Store of a kind of wild Swans feeding upon Prey, both of Fifh and Birds, and which is more frange. having one Claw like an Eagle, and the other like a Swan. Thefe Birds breeding here in infinite Numbers, I took thirty or forty of them young, and bred them up by Hand for Recreation; yet not without fome Thoughts of that Experiment which I after put in Practice. Thefe being ftrong and able to continue a great Flight, I taught them firft to come at Call afar off, not ufing any Noife, but only fhewing them a white Clorh; and here I found it true what Plutarch affirms, That Creatures which eat Flefh are more dociöle than others. 'Tis wonderful to think what Tricks I taught :hem ere they were a Quater old, amongit ochers I ufed them by Degrees to fly wirh Burdens, wherein I found them able beyond Belief, and a white Sheet being dilplayed to them by Diego, upon the Side of a Hill, they would carry from me to him Bread, Flefh, or whatever I pleafed, and upon the like Call come to me again. Having proceeded thus

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far, I confulted how to join a Number of them together, fo as to carry a heavier Weight, which if I could compafs, I might enable a Man to be carried fafely in the Air from one Place to another. I puzzled my Wits extremely with this Thought, and upon Trial found, that if many were put to the bearing of one great Burthen, by reafon it was impufible all of them fhould rife together juft at one Inftant, the firft that rife finding himfelf ftayed by a Weight heavier than he could ftir, would foon give over, and fo the fecond, third, and all the reft. I contrived at laft a Way whereby each might rife with only his own Proportion of Weight; I faftened about each Ganfa a little Puiley of Cork, and putting a String of a juft Jength through it, I faftened one End to a Block of almoft eight Pounds Weight, and tied a two Pound Weight to the other End of the String, and then caufing the Signal to be erected, they all arofe together, being four in Number, and carried away my Block to the Place appointed:' This hitting fo luckily, I added two or three Birds more, and made Trial of their carrying a Lamb, whofe Happinefs I much envied, that he fhould be the firft living Creature to partake of fuch an excellent Device.

At length after divers Trials, I was furprized with a great Longing to caufe myfelf to be carried in the fame Manner, Diego my Moor was likewife poffeffed with the fame Defire, and had I not loved him well, and wanted his Service, I fhould have refented his ambitious Thought; for I count it greater Honour to have been the firft Flying Man, than to be another Neptune who firft adventured to fail on the Sea. Yer feeming not to underftand his Intention, I only told him, that all my Ganfas were not ftrong enough to carry him, being a Man though of no great Bulk, yet twice heavier than myfelf.
myfelf. Having prepared all Neceffaries, I one Time placed myfelf and all my Utenfils on the Top of a Rock at the River's Mouth, and putting myfelf upon my Engine at full Sea, I caufed Diego to advance the Signal, whereupon my Birds, twenty five in Number, rofe all at once, and carried me over luttily to the Rock on the other Side, being about a Quarter of a League ; I chofe this Time and Place, becaufe if any Thing had fallen out contrary to Expectation, the worft that could happen was only falling into the Water,: and being able to fwim well, I hoped to receive little Hurt in my Fall. When I was once fafe over, O how did my Heart even fwell with Joy and Admiration at my own Invention; how often did I wifh myfelf in the Midft of Spain, that I might fill the World with the Fame of my Glory and Renown? Every Hour I had a longing Defire for the coming of the Indian Fleet to take me home with them, which then ftaid three Months beyond their ufual Time: At length they arrived, being three Carricks much weather-beaten, the Men fick and weak, and fo were conftrained to refrefh themfeives in our Inand a whole Month. The Admiral was called Alpbonso de Xima, a valiant, wife Man, defirous of Glory, and worthy better Fortune than afterwards befel him; to him I difcovered my Device of the Ganfas; being fatisfied, that it was impoffible otherwife to perfuade him to take fogmy Birds into his Ship, who for the Nicenefs of their Provifion would be more troublefome than fotmany Men; yet I adjured bim by Oaths and Perfuafions to be fecret in the Bufinefs, though I did not much doubt it, affuring myfelf he durft not impart the Experiment to any before our King were acquainted therewith. I had more Apprehenfion left Ambition, and the Defire of gaining to himfelf the Honour of fo admirable
an Invention, fhould tempt him to difpath me. However I was forced to run the Rifque entefs I would adventure the Lofs of my Birds, the like whereof for my Purpofe were not to be had in Chrittendom, nor was I fure ever to bring up others to ferve my Turn.

It happened ail thefe Doubts were caufelefs, the Man I believe was honeft, but the Misfortune we met with prevented all thefe Thoughts. Tburfday, Fune 21, 1599 , we fet Sail fro Spein, I having atlowed me a convenient Cabin for my Birds, and Engine, which the Captain mould have perfuaded me to have left behind, and it was a Wonder I did not, but my good Fortune faved my Life, for after two Months Sail we met with an Englifh Fleet about 10 Leagues from the Ifland of Teneriff, one of the Canaries, famous for a Hill therein called Pico, which is feen at Sea above an handred Leagues off: We had aboard five Times their number of Men, all in Health, and were well provided with Ammunition; yet finding then refolved to fight, and knowing what infinite Riches we carried, concluded it better if poffible to efcape, than by encountering a Crew of defperate Fellows, to hazard not only our Lives, which a Man of Courage does not value, but the Eftates of many poor Merchants, who I am afraid were undone by the Mifcarriage of this Bufinefs. Our Fleet confifted of five Sail, that is, three Carrick's, a Bark, and a Caravel, who coming from St. Tbomas Ine, had in an ill Hoir overtaken us fome Days before. The Englifh had three Ships well provided, who no fooner fied but prefently engaged us, and changing their Courfe, endeavoured to bring us under their Lee, which they might eafily do as the Wind then ttood, they being light nimble Veffels, as Englifh Ships generally are;
ours heavy, deep laden, and foul with the Sea: So our Captain refolved, wifely enough it may be, not neither valiantly nor fortunately, to fly, commanding us to dilperfe ourfelves. The Caravel by too much Hafte fell upon one of the Carricks and bruifed her fo, that one of the Engliß eafily fetched her up and entered her, the Caravel linking before cur Eyes. The Bark efcaped unpurfued, and another; of our Carricks after fome Chate was given over by the Enemy, who expecting a fufficient Booty of us, and getting us between them, fell upon us with much Fury; our Captain hereupon gave Direction to run afhore upon Teneriff, the Port whereof we could not recover, faying, ". That he hoped to fave Part of the Goods, and fome of our Lives, and he had rather the reft fhould be loft, than all fall into the Mercy of our Foes."

When I heard this Refolution, obferving the Sea to work high, and knowing all the Coaft to be fo full of Rocks and Shoals, that it was impoffible our Ship thould come near the Land, unlefs broken into a choufand Pieces, I reprefented to the Captain the Defperatenefs of the Attempr, wihing him rather to try the Kindnel's of the Enemy, than throw away himfelf and fo many brave Men; but he would by no Remonftrances be removed from his Refolution, therefore finding it high Time to thift for myfelf, I locked up my liscle Cafket of Jewels, which putting into my Sleeve, I then betook me to my Ganfas, and having harneffed them to my Engine, and put myfelf thereon, fuppofing, as indeed it happened, that when the Ship thould fplit, my Birds, though they wanted their Signal, yet for faving their own Lives, which Nature hath taught all Creatures to preferve, would make toward Land, which fell
out according to my Expectation; the People in the Ship wondered what I was doing, none being acquainted with the ufe of my Birds but the Captain, Diego being in the other Ship which fled away unpurfued; we were about half a League from Land, when our Carrick ftruck upon a Rock, and fplit to Pieces, upon which I let loofe the Reins to my Birds, having firlt placed myfelf upon the Top of the Deck, and with the Shock they all arofe carrying me tortunately to the Land, of which you need not doubt but I was very joyful, though it was a miferable Sight to behold my Friends and Acquaintance in that woful Diftrefs, of whom yet many efcaped better than they expected, for the Englifl launching out their Cockboats, difcovered more generous Tempers than we are pleafed to allow them, taking Compaffion of their Calamity, and endeavouring with all Diligence to fave them trom the Fury of the Waves, though with much Danger to themfelves; among others they took up our Captain, who, as Father Pacio fince told me, having put himfelf with twelve others into the Cock-boat, was forced to yield to one Captain Raymund, who carried him and our Pilot along with them in their Voyage to the Eaft-Indies, whither they were bound, but it was their hard Fare, by a Breach of the Sea near Cape Buona Efperanca, to be fwallowed of the mercilefs Waves, whofe Rage they awhile before had fo hardly efcaped; the relt as I likewife heard, who were about twenty fix Perfons they took into their Ship, and fet them on Land at Cape Verde.

As for myfelf, being now ahore in an Illand inhabited by Spaniards, I reckoned I was lafe, but found myfelf miftaken, for it was my hap to pitch upon that Part of the Ine where the Pike begins to rife, which is inhabited by a Savage People

People who live upon the Sides of that Hill, the Top whereof is for the moft Part covered with Snow, and formerly accounted, for its Steepnefs, inacceffible, either for Man or Beaft, yet thefe Savages fearing the Spaniards keep as near the Top as they can, never coming down into the fruitful Vallies but to feek for Booty; a Crew of thefe Out laws happened to fpy me foon after I landed, and thinking they hâd got a Prize, approached me with all Speed; I gueft their Defign before they came within half a Mile, when perceiving them come down the Hill directly toward me, with long Staves and other Weapons, I thought it neceffary to fecure myfelf from thefe Villains, who out of Hatred to us Spaniards, would have cut me to Pieces; the Country was fandy, but the Pike beginning to lift up itfelf, I efpied in the Side a white Cliff, which I hoped my Ganzas would take for a Mark, and being put up, would make all that way, whereby I might be carried fo far, that thofe barbarous Rafcals fhould not overtake me, before I got to fome Spaniard's Houfe, or hid myfelf, till by the Covert of the Night I might travel to Laguna, the chief City of the Inand, three Miles off. So I fettled myfelf upon my Engine, and let loofe the Reins to my Genfas, who by good Fortune took all one Courfe, tho' not jutt the Way I aimed at. But what of that! O Reader prick up thy Ears, and prepare thyfelf to hear the ftrangeft Chance that ever happened to any Mortal, and which I know thou wilt not have the Grace to believe till thou feeft the like Experiment, which I doubr not in a hort Time may be performed. My Genfas, like fo many Horfes that bad gorten the Bit between their Teeth, made not their Flight toward the Cliff I interided, though 1 ufed my wonted Means to direct the Leader of
the Flock that Way, but with Might and Main took up toward the Top of the Pike, and never ftopt till they came there, a Place in vulgar Eftimation (though fince experimentally contradicted) fifteen Miles in Height. What kind of Place this was I would gladly relate, but that I haften to Matters of greater Importance: When I was fet down there, my poor Ganfas fell to panting, blowing, and gaping for Breath as if they would all have died, fo I did not trouble them awhile, forbearing to draw them in, which they never ufed to endure without ftruggling, but little did I expect what followed.

It was now the Seafon that thefe Birds take their Flight away, as our Cuckows and Swallows do in Spain towards Autumn, and as I afterwards found, being mindful of their ufual Voyage, juft when I began to fettle myfelf to take them in, they with one Confent rofe up, and having no other higher Place to make toward, to my unfpeakable Fear and Amazement, ftruck bolt upright, and never left towring upward, ftill higher and higher, for the Space, as I gueft, of an Hour, after which I thought they laboured lefs than before, till at length, ah wonderful! they remained immoveable, as fteadily as if they had fat upon fo many Perches; the Lines flacked, neither I, nor the Engine moved at all, but continued ftill, as having no Manner of Weight. I found then by Experience, what no Philofopher ever dreamt of, namely, that thofe Things we call heavy do not fall towards the Center of the Earth as their natural Place, but are drawn by a fecret Property of the Globe of the Earth, or rather fomething within it, as the Loadftone drawerh Iron, which is within the Compafs of its attractive Beams. For though my Ganfas could continue unmoved, without being fuftained
by any Thing but the Air, as eafily and quietly as a Filh in the Water, yet if they forced themfelves never folittle, it is impoffible to imagine with what Swiftnefs they were carried, either Upward, Downward, or Sideways; I muft ingenuoully confefs my Horror and Amazement in this Place was fuch, that had I not been armed with a true Spanif Refolution, I hould certainly have died for Fear.

The next Thing that difturbed me was the Swiftnefs of the Motion, which was fo extraordinary, that it almoft ftopt my Breath, if I hould laken it to an Arrow out of a Bow, or a Stone thrown down from the Top of an high Tower, it would come vaftly fhort of it; another Thing was exceeding troublefome to me, that is the Illufions of Devils and wicked Spirits, who the firt Day of my Arrival came about me in great Numbers in the Likenefs of Men and Women, wondering at me like fo many Birds about an Owl, and fpeaking feveral Languages which I underfood not, till at laft I met with fome that fpoke good Spanifb, fome Dutch, and others Italian, ali which I underftood; and here I had only a Touch of the Sun's Abfence once for a hort Time, having him ever after in my Sight. Now though my Ganfas were entangled in my I.ines, yet they eafily feized upon divers Kinds of Flies and Birds, efpecially Swallows and Cuckows, whereof there were Multitudes, even like Motes in the Sun, though I never faw themeat any Thing at all. I was much obliged to thofe, whether Men or Devils I know not, who among divers Difcourfes to!d me, "If I would follow " their Directions, I hhould not only be carried. " fafe Home, but be affured to command at all. "Times all the Pleafures of that Place." To which Motion, not daring to give a flat Denial, I defired Time to confider, and withal indebted
them, (though I felt no Hunger at all, which may feem ftrange) to help me to fome Victuals, leaft I Should flarve in my Journey; fo they readily. brought mie very good Flefh and Fifh of feveral Sorts, and well dreffed, but that it was extreme fre?h without any Relinh of Salc. Wines likewife I tafted of divers Kinds as good as any in Spain, and Beer no better in all Antwerp. They advifed me, that while I had Opportunity I fhould make my Provifions, telling me, that till the next Tburfday they could help me to no more, at which Time they would find Means to carry me back, and fet me fafe in Spain, in any Place I would defire, provided I would become one of their Fraternity, and enter into fuch Covenants as they had made to their Caprain and Mafter, whom they would not name: 1 anfuered civily, "I faw little Reafon to rejoice " in fuch an Offer, defiring them to be mindful " of me as Occation ferved;" fo for that Time I was rid of them; having firft furnifhed my Pockets with as much Victuals as I could thruft in, among which I would be fure to find a Place for a fmall Botle of good Canary.

1 hall now declare the Quality of the Place wherein I was: The Clouds I perceived to be all under between me and the Earth. The Stars, becaufe it was always Bay, I faw at all Times alike, not thining bright, as we fee in the Night upon Earth, but of a whitifh Colour, like the Moon with us in the Day-Time, thofe that were feen, which were not many, fhewed far greater than with us, yea, as I gueffed no lefs than ten Times bigger: As for the Moon, being then within iwo Days of the Change, he arpeared of an huge and dreadful Greatnefs. It is not in be forgot, that no Stars appeared but on that Part of the Hemifphere next the Moon, and the nearer to her, the larger they ap-
peared again; whether I lay quiet and refted, or were carried in the Air, I perceived myfelf to be always directly between the Moon and the Earth, whereby 'tis plain, that my Ganfas took their Way directly toward the Moon, and that when we refted, as we did at firlt for many Hours, either we were infenfibly carried round about the Globe of the Earth, though I perceived no fuch Motion, or elfe that, according to the Opinion of Copernicus, the Earth is carried about, and turneth round perpetuaily, from Weft to Eaft, leaving to the Planets only that Motion which the Aftronomers call natu5al, and is not upon the Poles of the Equinoctial, commonly called the Poles of the World, but upon thofe of the Zodiac; the Air in that Place I found without any Wind, and exceeding temperate, neither Hot nor Cold, where neither the Sun Beams had any Object to reflect upon, nor the Earth and Water appear to affect the Air with their natural Quality of Coldnefs; as for the Philolophers attributing Heat and Moifture to the Air, I always efteemed it a Fancy: Laftly, I remember that after my Departure from the Earth, I never felt either Hunger or Thirft, whether the Purity of the Air, freed from the Vapours of the Earth and Water, might yield Nature fufficient Nourifhment, or what elfe might be the Caule I cannot determine, but fo I found it, though 1 was perfectly in Health both of Body and Mind, even above my ufual Vigour.

Some Hours after the Departure of that Devilifh Company, my Ganfas began to beftir themfelves, ftill directing their Courfe toward the Globe or Body of the Moon, making their Way with fuch incredible Swiftnefs, that I conceive they advanced little lefs than fifty Leagues in an Hour, in which ParTage I obferved three Things very remarkable, one
that the farther we went the lefs the Globe of the Earth appeared to us, and that of the Moon ftill larger: Again the Earth, which I had ever in mine Eye, feemed to mafk itfelf with a kind of Brightnefs like another Moon, and as we difcern certain Spots or Clouds as it were in the Moon, fo did I then fee the like in the Earth; but whereas the Form of thefe Spots in the Moon are always the fame, thefe on the Earth feemed by Degrees to change every Hour; the Reafon whereof feems to be, that whereas the Earth according to his narural Motion (for fuch a Motion I am now fatisfied the hath according to the Opinion of Copernicus) turns round upon her own Axis every four and twenty Hours from Weft to Eaft) I hould at firlt fee in the Middle of the Body of this new Star the Earth, a Spot like a Pear, with a Morfel bit out on one Side, in fome Hours I fhouid obferve this Spot move a wiay roward the Eaft: This no doubt was the main Land of Africa; then might I perceive a great fhining Brightnefs in that Place which continued about the fame Time, and was queftionlefs the vaft Atlentick Ocean: After this fucceeded a Spot almoft Oval, juft as we fee America defcribed in our Maps, then another immenfe Clearnefs, reprefenting Mare del zar or the South Sea; laftly, a number of Spots like the Countries and Iflands in the Eaff - Fadies, fo that it feemed to me no other than an huge mathematical Globe turned round leifurely before me, wherein fucceffively all the Countries of our earthly World were within twenty-four Hours reprefented to my View, and this was all the Means I now had to number the Days, and reckon the Time.

I could now wifh that Philofophers and Mathematicians would confefs their own Blindnefs, who have hitherto made the World believe that the Earth

Earth hath no Motion, and to confirm it, are forced to attribute to every one of the celeftial Bodies two Motions directly contrary to each other, one from the Eaft to the Weft, to be performed in twenty-four Hours with an impetuous rapid Motion; the other from Weft to Eaft in Ceveral Proportions: O incredible Suppofition! that thofe, huge Bodies of the fixed Stairs in the higheft Orb, whereof they confefs divers, are above an hundred Times bigger than the whole Earth, Chould like fo many Nails in a Cart-wheel be whirled about in fo fhort a Time; whereas it is many thoufand Years, no lefs (fay they) than thirty thoufand, before that Orb finifhes his Courfe from Weft to Eaft, which they call his natural Motion; now whereas they allow their natural Courfe from Weft to Eaft to every one of them, therein they do well; the Moon performs it in feven and twenty Days, the Sun, Venus and Mercury in a Year or thereabout, Mars in three Years, Fupiter in twelve, and Saturn in thirty. But to attribute to thefe celeftial Bodies contrary Motions at once, is an abfurd Conceit, and much more to imagine, that the fame Orb wherein the fixed Stars are, whofe natural Courfe takes up fo many thoufands of Years, fhould be turned about every twenty-four Hours. I will not go fo far as Copernicus, who makes, the Sun the Certer of the Earth and immoveable, neither will I be pofitive in any Thing, only this I fay, allow the Earth its Motion, which thefe Eyes of mine can teftify to be true, and all thofe Abfurdities are removed, every one having only his own fingle and proper Motion.

But where am I? I promifed an Hiftory, and am unawares turned Difputer. One Accident more befell me worth mentioning, that during my Stay I faw a kind of a reddifh Cloud coming toward
me, and continually approaching nearer, which at laft I perceived was noihing but a huge Swarm of Locufts. He that reads the Difcourfes of learned Men concerning them, as Fobn Leo of Africa, and others who relate that they are feen in the Air feveral Days before they fall on the Earth, and adds thereto this Experience of mine, will eafily conclude, that they can come from no other Place than the Globe of the Moon. But now give me leave to go on quiedly in my Journey for eleven or twelve Days, during all which Time I was carried direetly toward the Globe or Body of the Moon. with fuch a violent Whirling as is inexpreffible, for I cannot imagine a Bullet out of a Cannon could make Way through the vaporous and muddy Air near the Earth with half that Celerity; which is the more ftrange, fince my Ganfas moved their Wings but now and then, and fometimes for a quarter of an Hour not at all, only hoiding them ftretched out, as we fee Kites, and Eagles fometimes do for a hort Space ; during which Paüres, I fuppofe they took their Naps, and Times of Sleeping, for other Times I could perceive they never had any; for myfelf I was fo faftened to mine Engine, that I durft flumber enough to ferve my Turn, which I took with as great Eafe, as if I had lain on the beft Down-bed in Spain.
After eleven Days Paffage in this violent Flight, I perceived we began to approach to another Earch (if I may fo call it) being the Globe or very Body of that Star which we call the Moon. The firt Difference I found between this and our Earth was, that it appeared in its natural Colours, as foon as ever I was free from the Attraction of the Earth; whereas with us, a Thing a League or two from us, purs on that deadly Colour of Blue. I thenperceived
perceived alfo that this World was the greateit Part covered with a huge mighty Sea, thofe Parts oniy being dry Land which are to us fomewhat darker than the reft of her Body, I mean, what the Country People call, Tbe Man in the Moon, and that Part which fhines fo bright is another Ocean befprinkled with Inlands, which for their Smallnefs we cannot difcern fo far off; fo that the Splendor which appears to us in the Night, is nothing but the Reflection of the Sun-beams returned to us out of the Water as from a Lookinglafs. How much this difagrees with what our Philofophers teach in the Schools is evident: But alas, how many of their Errors hath Time and Experience in this our Age, and among other vain Conjectures, who hath not hitherto believed the upper Region of the Air to be very hot; as being next, forfooth, to the natural Place of the Element of Fire; meer Vanities, Fancies and Dreams: For after I was once free from the attractive Beams of that tyrannous Load-ftone the Earth, I found the Air altogether ferene, without Winds, Rain, Mifts or Clouds, neither hot nor cold, but conftantly pleafant, calm and comfortable, till my Arrival in that New World of the Moon'; as for that Region of Fire, our Philofophers talk of, I heard no News of it, mine Eyes have fufficiently informed me there is no fuch Thing.

The Earth had now by turning about fhewed me all her Parts twelve Times, when I finifhed my Courfe; for when my Reckoning it feemed to be (as indeed it was) Tuefday, September in, at which Time the Moon being two Days old was in the twentieth Degree of Libra) my Ganfas feemed by one Confent to ftay their Courfe, and refted for certain Hours, after which they took their Flight, and in lefs than an Hour fet me on the Top of an
high Hill in that Otber World, where many won-: derful Things were prefented to my Sight. For I obferved firft, that though the Globe of the Earth appeared much greater there than the Moon doth to us, even three Times bigger, yet all Things there were ten, twenty, yea thirty Times larger than ours; their Trees were thrice as high, and above five Times broader and thicker; fo were their Herbs, Birds, and Beafts, though I cannot well compare them to ours, becaufe I found not any kind of Beaft or Bird there which any way refembled ours, except Swaliows, Nightingales, Cuckoos, Woodcocks, Batts, and fome kind of Wild Fowl: And likewife fuch Birds as my Ganfas, all which, as I now perceived, fpend their Time in their Ablence from us, in that World, neither do they differ in any Thing from ours, but are the very fame kind.

No fooner was I upon the Ground, but I found myfelf extreme hungry; ftepping then to the next Tree, I faitened my Engine and Ganzas thereto, and in great Hafte fell to examining my Pockers for the Victuals I had referved there; but to my great Surprize and Vexation, inftead of Partridges and Capons, which I thought I had hoarded there, I found nothing but a ivedley of dry Leaves, Goats Hair, Sheep or Goats Dung, Mofs, and the like; my Canary-wine was turned, and Itunk Fike Horfe-pifs: $O$ the Villainy and Cheats of thefe curfed Spirits, whofe Affiftance if I had depended on, in what a Condition had I been! While I tood mufing at this ftrange Matamorphofis, on a fudden I heard my Ganfas fluttering behind me, and looking back, I fpied them falling greedily upon a Shrub within the Reach of their Lines, whofe Leaves they fed earneflly upon, whereas before I had never feen them eat any
green Thing whatever; fo ftepping to the Shrub; I put a Leaf to my Mouth; the Tafte was fo excellent, that I cannot exprefs it, and if I had not with Difcretion moderated my Appetite, I fhould have furfeited thereon; yet it happened to be a good Bair both for me and my Birds, when we had moft Need of Refrefhment.

Scarce had we ended our Banquet, when I faw myfelf furrounded with a ftrange kind of People both in Feature, Manners, and Apparel ; their Stature was very different, but they were generally twice as high as ours; their Shape and Countenance pleafant, and their Habit hardly to be defcribed; for I never faw either Cloth, Silk, nor other Stuff, like that whereof their Cloths were made; neither can I poffibly relate their Colour, they being in a manner all cloathed alike; it was neither Black, White, Yellow, Red nor Blue, nor any Colour compoted of thefe: If you afk what was it then? I muft tell you, it was a Colour never feen in our earthly World, and fo neither to be defcribed nor conceived by us; for as it is hard to make a Man born blind underftand the Difference between Green and Blue, fo neither can I decypher this Moon-colour, as having no Affinity. with any I ever beheld; I can only fay it was the moft glorious and delightful that can be imagined, neither was any Thing nore pleafant to me during my Stay there.

Being furprized at the Appearance of thefe Peow ple fo fuddenly and in fuch Accoutrements, I croffed myfelf, and cried our, fefu Maria: No fooner was the Word $\mathcal{F} e f u$ pronounced, but Young and Old fell all on their Knees (whereat I not a litcle rejoiced) bolding up their Hands on high, and repeating certain Words which I underftood not; and , refently rifing again, one much taller
than the reft came and kindly embraced me, and ordering, as I perceived, fome of the reft to artend my Birds, he took me by the Hand, and led me to his Dwelling, down toward the Foot of the Hill, which was a Building fo great and beautiful, as nothing in our World is comparable thereto; yet afterward I faw fuch as this feemed but a Cottage in refpect of them ; there was no Door about the Houfe lefs than thirty Foot high, and twelve broad, the Rooms were forty or fitty Foot in Height, and anfwerable in Proportion; neither could they be much lefs, the Mafter thereof being full twenty-eight high, and I fuppofe his Body would weigh twenty-five or thirty of ours: After I had refted with him about one of our Days, he led me five Leagues off to the Palace of the Prince of the Country, the Statelinefs whereof I have not now Leifure to defcribe; this Prince was much taller than the former, and called (as near as I can by Letters declare it, for their Sounds are not perfectly to be expreffed by our Characters) Pylonas, which in their Language is Firft or Cbief, if it doth not rather denote his Authority and Dignity, as being the Principal Man in all thofe Parts; though yet there is one Supreme Monarch amonght them, much greater of Stature than he, commanding over all that whole World, having under him twenty-nine other Princes of great Power; and every one of thefe has twenty-four inferior Governors, whereof this Pyicnas was one. The firft Anceftor of this great Monarch came out of the Earth, as they relate, and by marrying the Heirefs of that vaft Monarchy obtaining the Government, ieft it to his Pofterity, who have enjoyed it ever fince, even forty thoufand Moons, which is 3077 Years: His Name was Ircionczur, whofe Heirs to this Day affume the fame Name; he, they
fay, having continued there about four hundred Moons, and begot divers Children, returned (though by what Means they know not) to the Earth again. I doubt they have their Fables as well as we, fince our Hiftorians never mention any earthly Man to have been in that World before myfelf, and much lefs to have returned again. I cannot therefore but condemn this Tradition as falfe and romantick, though I found Learning was in great Efteem among them, and they feem to deteft Lying and Falfhood, which is there feverely punifhed, and which may yield fome Credit to their hittorical Narrations. Many of them live wonderful long, even beyond Belief, affirming to me, that fome furvived thirty thoufand Moons, which is above a thoufand Years, fo that the Ages of three or four Men might eafily reach to the Time of the firft Irdonozur, and this is generally noted, that the taller People are of Stature, the more excellent are their Endowments of Mind, and the longer Time they live; for their Stature is very different, great Numbers not much exceeding ours, who feldom live above a thowand Moons, which is fourfcore of our Years; thefe they account bafe, unworthy Creatures, but one Degree above brute Bealts, and employ in mean and fervile Offices, calling them Baftards, Counterfeits or Changlings: Thofe whom they account true Na tural Lunars or Moon Men, exceed ours generally thirty Times, both in Quantity of Body, and Length of Life, proportionable to the Quality of the Day in both Worlds, theirs containing almott thirty of our Days.

The manner of our Travel to the Palace of Pylonas was more Itrange and incredible than any thing we have re!ated, for at our firft fetting forth there were delivered to each of us two Feather Fans,
like thofe our Ladies in Spain cool themfelves with in Summer: You muft underftand, that the Globe of the Moon has likewife an attractive Power, yet fo much weaker than the Earth, that if a Man do but fpring upward with all his Strength, as Dancers do in hewing their Tricks, he will be able to mount fifty or. fixty Foot high; and being then above all Attraction from the Moon's Earsh, he falls down no more, but by the Help of thefe Fans, as with Wings, they convey themfelves in the Air in a fhort Space, (though not quite fo fwift as Birds) whither they pleale. In two hours Time (as I could guefs) by the Help of thefe Fans, we were carried through the Air thofe five Leagues, in all abour fixty Perfons. Being arrived at the Palace of Pylonas, after our Conductor had declared what manner of Prefent he had brought, I was called in to him by his Attendants: By the Statelinefs of his Palace, and the Reverence done him, I foon perceived his Greatnefs, and managed my Affairs in order to procure his Favour accordingly; and having, as you may remember, a certain little Box or Cafket of Jewels, the Remainder of thofe I brought from the Eaff-Indies, before I was introduced I fecretly took them out of my Pocket, and chufing fome of each fort, I made them ready to be prefented as I fhould think convenient.

I found him fitting in a magnificent Chair of State, with his Wife or Queen on one Hand, and his Eldeft Son on the other, one attended by a Troop of Ladies, and the other of young Men, and all along the Side of the Room ftood a great Number of handfome Perfonages, whereof fcarce one was lower of Stature than Pylonas, whore Age they report is now one and twenty thotifand Moons. At my Entrance I fell on my Knees, and taking out my Jewels, I prefented to the King feven

Stones of feveral Sorts, a Diamond, a Ruby, an Emerald, a Saphire, a Topaz and an Opal, which he accepted with Joy and Admiration, Then I offered the Queen and Prince fome others, and defigned to have beftowed divers more upon his Attendants; but Pylonas forbid them to accept any, fuppofing, as I heard, they were all I had, which he would have me referve for Irdonozur his Sovereign: He then embraced me with much Endearednefs, and enquired divers 'Things by Signs, which I anfwered in the fame manner to the beft of my Skill; which not contenting him, he delivered me to the Guard of 100 of his Giants as I may well call them, ftrictly charging them, that I fhould want nothing fit for me; that they fhould fuffer none of the Dwarf Lunars, or little Moon Men, to come near me. That I fhould be inftructed in their Language, and laftly, that they fhould by no Means impart to me the Knowledge of feveral Things by him fpecified, what they were I could never underftand. It may be you long to know what Pylonas enquired of me: Why, what fhould it be but, whence I came, how I arrived there, what was my Name and Bufinefs, with the like; to all which I anfwered as near the Truth as poffible.

Being difmift, I was provided with all Neceffaries as my Heart could wifh, fo that I feemed to be in a Paradife, the Pleafures whereof did not yet fo tranfport me, but I was much concerned with the Thoughts of my Wife and Children, and ftill retaining fome Hope that I might again return to them; I tended my Ganfas daily with much Care; which yet had fignified little, if other Men had not done more than 1 could: For now the Time came when of Neceffity all People of our Stature, and myfelf likewife, mult needs neep thirteen or four-
teen whole Days together; for by a Secret and irrefiltible Decree of Nature, when the Day begins to ap-pear,- and the Moon to be enlightened by the Sun Beams, which is in the firft Quarter of the Moon, all People of our Stature inhabiting thefe Parts fall into a dead Sleep, and are not poffibly to be awakened till the Sun fet, and is withdrawn; for as Owls and Bats with us cannot endure the Light, fo at the firft Approach of Day we begin to be amazed therewith, and fall into a Slumber, which grows by Degreesinto a dead Sleep till the Light be gone, which is in fousteen or fifteen Days, that is till the laft Quarter. During the Sun's Abfence, there is a twofold Light, one of the Sun, which I could not endure to behold, and another of the Earth: Now that of the Earth was at the Height, for when the Moon is at the Change, then is the Earth a full Moon to them, and as the Moon increafeth with us, fo the Light of the Earth decreafeth with them. I found the Light, though the Sun was abfent, equal to that with us in the Day when the Sun is clouded; but toward the Quarter it daily diminitheth, yet leaving ftill a competent Light, which feems very ftrange; though nor fo remarkable as what they there report, that in the other Hemifphere of the Moon, contrary to that I fell upon, where during half the Moon they fee not the Sun, and the Earth never appears to them, they have yet a kind of Light, not unlike our Moon-Light, which it, feems the Nearnefs of the Stars, and other Planets that are at a far lefs Diftance than from us, affords them.

You mult underftand, that of the true Lunars or Moon Men there are three Kinds, fome a little taller than we, as perhaps ten or twelve Foot high, thefe can endure the Day of the Moon, when the Earth Mines but little, but not the Beams of both,
both, and fo then mult be laid alleep: Others are twenty Foot high or above, who can fuffer all the Light both of the Earth and Sun. There are in a certain Inand (the Myyteries whereof are carefully concealed) Men whofe Stature is at leaft twentyfeven Foot high : If any other come to land there in the Moon's Day time, they inftantly fall afleep: This is called Infula Martini, and hath a particular Governor, who as they report is fixty five thoufand Moons old, which makes five thoufand of our Years : His Name is faid to be Hiruch, and he in a manner commands Irdonozur himfelf, efpecially in that llland out of which he never removes: There is another comes often thither, who they fay is not above half his Age, that is about thirty-three thoufand Moons, or two thoufand fix hundred of our Years, and he orders all Things through the Globe of the Moon in Matters of Religion, as abfolutely as the Pope doch in any Part of Italy; I would łain have feen this Man, but was not permitted to come near him, his Name is 1 mozes.
Now let me fettle myfelf to a long Nigh's Sleep, to which End my Attendants take Charge of my Birds, prepare my Lodging, and fignify to me by Signs how I muft order myfelf. It was then about the Middle of September, whei 1 perceived the Air more clear than ordinary, and with the Increafe of the Light I began to feel myfelf firlt dull and then heavy to Sleep, though $I$ had not been lately difturbed of my Reft : At length I delivered myfelf into the Cuttody of this Sitter of Deach, whofe Prifoner I was for almoft a Fortnight after, and then awaking, it is not to be believed how brifk and vigorous I found the Faculties both of my Body and Mind; I then applied myfelf to learning the Language, which is the fame throughout all the Regions of the Moon, yet not fo wonderful, fince I believe all
the Earth of the Moon does not amount to the fortieth Part of our inhabited Earth, partly becaufe the Globe of the Moon is far lefs, and befides the Sea or Ocean covers very nigh:three Parts of four, whereas the Land and Sea in our World may be judged of an equal Meafure. Their Language is very difficult, fince it hath no Affinity with any other I ever heard, and confifts not fo much of Words and Letters, as Tunes and ftrange Sounds which no Letters can exprefs, for there are few Words but fignify feveral Things, and are diftinguifhed only by their Sounds, which are fung as it were in uttering; yea many Words confift of Tunes only, without Words: By Occafion whereof I-find a Language may be framed, and eafily learned, as copious as any other in the World only of Tunes, which is an Experiment worth fearching after: Notwithftanding thefe Difficulties, within two Months I attained to fuch Knowledge therein, that I underftood moft Queftions demanded of me, and with Signs and Words made reafonable Shift to utter my Mind; which Pylonas having Notice of; he oft-times fent for me, and was pleafed to inform me of many Things my Guardians durft not difclofe, though I muft needs fay I never found they abufed me with an Untruth, but if I afked a Queftion they were unwilling to refolve, they would fhake their Heads, and with a Spanifb Shrug divert to fome other Difcourfe.

After feven Months Time the great Irdonozur, making his Progrefs to a Place about two hundred Leagues from the Palace of Pylonas, fent for me, yet would not admit me into his Prefence, but difcourfed me throngh a Window, where I might hear him, and he hear and fee me at Pleafure. I prefented him the Remainder of my Jewels, which he thankfully accepted, faying, he would requite them

## Of Domingo Gonsales:

with Gifts of a far more confiderable Value. I ftayed there above a Quarter of a Moon, when I was again fent back to Pylonas, for if we had ftayed a Day or two longer the Sun would have overtaken us before we could have recovered our Home. The Gifts he beftowed on me were fuch, that a Man would part with Mountains of Gold to purchafe ; they were all Stones, nine only in Number, of three Sorts, one called Poleaftis, another Macbrus, and the third Ebelus, of each Sort three; the firtt are about the Bignefs of an Hazle-nut, very like Jet, which among many other incredible Virtues hath this Property, that being once put in the Fire they ever after retain their Heat, though without any outward Appearance, till quenched with fome kind of Liquor, which no way endamages them, though heated and cooled therein a thoufand Times; their Heat is fo vehement, that it will make any Metal within a Foot of it red hot, and being in a Chimney warms the Room as if a great Fire were kindled therein. The Macbrus is yet more precious, in Colour like a Topaz, fo clear and refplendent, as though not above the Bignefs of a Bean, yet being placed in the Night in the midft of a large Church, it makes all as light as if an hundred Lamps were hanged round ; can any Man wifh for more ufeful Properties in a Stone than thefe? Yet my Ebelus is fo excellent, that it may be much preferred before them, yea prized above all the Diamonds, Sapphires, Rubies, and Emeralds that our World can afford. The Lunar Colour is fo exceeding beautiful, that a Man would travel a thoufand Leagues to behold it, the Shape is fomewhat flat, of the Breadth of a Piece of Eight, and twice the Thicknefs, one Side is of a more orient Colour than the other, which being clapt to a Man's bare Skin, takes away all the Weight and Ponderoufnefs of his

Body, but turning the other sice, it adds Force to the attractive Beams of the Earth either in this World or that, and makes the Body halt as heavy again: Do you wonder now, whyl fhouly fo overprize this Stone? Before you fee me on Earth again, you will find I have Reafon to value this invaluable Jewel. I enquired, whether thev had not any kind of Jem, or other Means to make a Man invifible, which I judged a Thing of adinirable Ufe, and could mention divers of our learned Men who had written to this Purpofe; they anfwered, that if it were poffible, yet they were fure Heaven would not fuffer it to be revealed to us Creatures fubject to fo many Imperfections, and which might be eaflly abufed to ill Purpofes, and this was all I could get of them.

Now after it was known that lrdonozur the great Monarch had done me this Honour, it is ftrange how much all refpected me more than before; my Guardians, who had been hitherto cautious in relating any thing of the Government of that Worid, grew now more npen, fo that from them and Fjlonas together I underftood many notable Particulars; as that in a thoufand Years there is found neither Thief nor Whore-monger, for firf there is no want of any thing neceffary for the Ufe of Man, Food growing every where withour Labour, of all Sorts that can be defired. As for Cloths, Houles, or whatever elfe a Man may be fuppofed to want, it is provided by their Superiors, though not without fome Labour, but yet fo eafy as if: they did it for Pleafure: Again, their Females are all abfolure Beauties, and by a fecret Difpofition of Nature, a Man there having once known a Woman never defires any other: Murther was never heard of amongt them, neither is it hardly poffible to be committed, for there can be no Wound
made but what is curable; yea they affured me, and for my Part I believe it, that though a Mar's Head be cut off, yet if within three Moons ir be joined to the Carcafe again, and the Juice of a certain Herb there growing appied, it will be fo confolidated, as the wounded Party fhall be perfectly cured. But the chief Caufe of their good Government is an excellent Difpofition in the Nature of the People, fo that all buth Old and Young bare all manner of Vice, and live in fuch Love, Peace, and Amity, as it feems to be another Paradife: Though it is true likewife that fome are of a better Difpofition than others, which they difcern immediately at their Birth; and becaufe it ic an inviolable Law amongft them that none fhall be put to Death; therefore perceiving by their Stature or fome other Signs, who are like to be of a wicked and debauched Humour, they. fend them, I know not by what Means, into the Earth, ard change them for other Children, before they have either Opportunity or Ability to do amifs among them; but firt, they fay, they are fain to keep them there for fome Time, till the Air of the Earth alters their Colour like ours. Their ordinary Vent for them is a certain high Hill in the North of America, whofe People, I am apt to believe, are wholly defcended from them, both in regard of their Colour, and their continual ufe of Tobacco, which the Lunars or Moon Men fmoak exceedingly, the Place abounding much with Moifture, together with the Pleafure they take therein, and fome other Refpects too long to. rehearfe: Sometimes, though but feldom, they miftake their Aim, and fall upon Europe, Afia, or Africa. I remember fome Years fince I read certain Stories tending to confirm what is related by thefe Lunars, and efpecially one Chapter of Neubrigenfis. Inigo Mondejar, in his Defcription ot No-
va Granata. Alfo Fofeph Defia de Carane, in bisis Hiftory of Mexico, if my Memory fail not, recoune what will make my Report more creditable; but I value not Teftimonies.

If you enquire how Juftice is executed, alas, what need is there of examplary Punifhment where no Offences are committed; neither need they any Lawyers, for there is no Contention, the Seeds whereof, when they begin to fprout, are by the Wifdom of the next Superior pluckt up by the Roots. And as little Want is there of Phyficians, they never furfeit themfelves; the Air is always pure and temperate, neither is there any Caufe of Sicknefs, I could never hear of any that were difrempered. But the Time affigned them by Nature being fpent, they die without the leaft Pain, or rather ceafe to live, as a Candle does to give Light when what nourihes it is confumed. I was once at the Departure of one of them, and was much furprized, that notwithltanding the happy Life he lived, and the Multitude of Firiends and Children he fhould forfake, yet as foon as he underftood his End to approach, he prepared a great Feaft, and inviting all whom " he efteemed, exhorts them, " to be merry and rejoice with him, fince the " Time was come he fhould now leave the coun" terfeit Pleafures of that World, and be made "Partaker of all true Joy and perfect Happinefs." I did not fo much admire his own Conftancy, as the Behaviour of his Friends: With us in the like Cafe all feem to mourn, when many of them do oft but laugh in their Sleeves, or under a Vizard. But here all both Young and Old did, in my Confcience, not pretendedly, but really rejoice thereat, and if any diffembled, it was only Grief for their own particular Lofs. Being dead their Bodies putrify not, and fo are not buried, but kept in certain.

Rooms appointed to that Purpofe, fo that mott of them can fhew their Anceftors Bodies uncorrupt for many Generations: There is never any Rain, Wind, or change of Weather, never either Summer or Winter, but as it were a perpecual Spring, vielding all Pleafure and Content, free from the leaft Trouble or Annoyance; O my Wife and Children, what Wrong have you done me to bereave me of the Happinefs of that Place! But it is no great Matter, for by this Voyage I am fufficiently affured, that when the Race of my mortal Life is run, I fhall attain a greater Happinefs elfewhere.

It was the ninth of September that I began to afcend from the Pike of Teneriff; twelve Days I was upon my Voyage, and arrived in that Province of the Moon called Simiri, Sept. 2 I. May 12, we came to the Court of the great Irdonozur, and returned back the 17 th to the Palace of Pyionas, where I continued till March. 1601. When I earneftly requefted Pylonas, as I had oft done before, to give me Leave to depart, tho' with Hazard of my Life, back into the Earth again. He diffuaded me, infifting on the Danger of the Voyage, the Mifery of that Hlace from whence I came, and the abundant Happinets I now enjoyed; but the Remembrance of my Wife and Children, outweighed all there Reafons, and to fay the Truth, I was fo elared with a Defire of the Glory I fhould purchafe at my Return, as methought I deferved not the Name of a Spaniard, if I would not hazard twenty Lives rather than lofe the leaft Particle thereof. I replied, I had fo ftrong a Defire to fee my Children, that I could not poffibly live any longer without going to them: He then requefted me to ftay one Year longer; I told him, I mult needs depart now or never, my Birds began to droop for want of their ufual Voyage, three were already dead, and if a few more failed,
fatled, I was deftitute of all Poffibility of Return. At length with much Solliciting I prevailed, having firlt acquainted the great Iraonozur with my Intentions, and perceiving by the often baying of my Birusagreat Longing in them to be gone, Itrimmed up my Engine, and took my Leave of Pylonas, and March 29, three Days after my waking from the laft Moon's Light, I faltened myfelf to my Engine, not forgetting to take the Jewels Irdonozur had given me, with the Virtues and Ufe whereof Pylonas had acquainted me at large, with a fmall Quantity of Vıetuals, whereof atterward I had great Occafion. A valt Multitude of People being prefent, and among them Pylonas himfelf, after I had given them all the laft Farewel, I let woofe the Reins to my Birds, who with much Greedinefs taking Wing, quickly carried me out of Sight; it happened to me as in my fift Paffage, for I never felt either Hunger or Thirt till I fell upon an high Mountain in Cbina, about five Leagues from the High and Mighty City of Piquin. This Voyage was performed in lefs than nine Days, neither heard $I$ any News of thefe airy Men I met with in my afcending; nothing ftayed me in my Journey, whether becaufe of the earneft Defire of my Birds to return to the Earth, having already miffed their Seafon, or that the Attraction of the Earth was fo much Aronger than that of the Moon, and fo made it eafier, yet fo it was. though I had three Birds lefs than before, For the firft eight Days my Birds flew before me, and I on the Engine was as it were drawn after; but the ninth Day, when 1 began to approach the Clouds, I perceived myfelf and Engine to fink toward the Earth, and go before them. I was then horribly atraid, leaft my Birds unable to bear our Weighr, being fo few, fhould be conftrained to precipitate both me and themfelves headlong to the

Earth, and thought it very neceffary to make ufe of my Stone Ebelus, which I clapt to my bare Skin within my Clothes, and inftantly I perceived my Birds made way with greater Eafe than before, as feeming freed from a great Burthen, neither do I think they could pofibly have let me down fafely to the Earth without that Help.

Cbina is a Country fo populous, that I think there is farce a Piece of Ground thrice a Man's Length which is not carefully manured: I being yet in the Air, fome of the Country People fpying me came running by Troops, and feized me, would needs carry me before a Magiftrate, and feeing no other Remedy I yielded to them. But when I tried to go I found myfelf fo light, that one Foot being on the Ground I had much ado to fet down the other, which was by reafon my Ebelus took all Weight away from my Body, therefore I pretended a Defire of performing the Neceffities of Nature : which being made known to them by Signs, for they underttood not a Word of any Language I could fpeak, they permitted me to go afide among a few Bufhes, affuring themfelves it was impoffible I hould efcape from them; being there, I remembred Pylonas his Directions about the Ufe of my Stones, and knit them up, with a few remaining Jewels, into an Handikerchief, all except the leaft and worft Ebelus, which I found Means to apply in fuch Manner to my Body, that but the half of its Side touched my Skin; this done I drew toward my Guardians, till coming fo near that they could not crofs my Way, I fhewed them a fair Pair of Heels, that I might have Time to hide my Jewels, which I knew they would have robbed me of if not prevented. Being thus lightened I led them fuch a Dance, that had they been all upon the Backs of fo many Race-Horfes they could never have over-
taken me; I directed my Courfe to a thick Wood, wherein I entered about a Quarter of a League, and there finding a fine Spring, which I sook for my Mark, I thruft my Jewels into a Hole made by a Mole hard by.

I then took my Victuals out of my Pocket, to which till now in all my Voyage I had not the leaft Appetite, and refrefhed myfelf therewith, till the People who purfued overtook me, into whofe Hands 1 quietly furrendered myfelf; they led me to an inferior Officer, who underftanding that I efcaped from thofe who firft apprehended me, caufed an Inclofure of Boards to be made, wherein they pu: me, fo that only my Head was at Liberty, and then carried me upon the Shoulders of four Slaves, like fome notorious Malefactor, before a Perfon of great Authority, who in their Language I learnt, was called a Mandarin, and refided a League off the famous City of Pequin. I could not underftand them, but found I was accufed for fomething with much Vebemence, the Subftance of this Accufation it feems was, that I was a Magician, as appeared by my being fo ftrangely carried in the Air, and that being a Stranger, as both my Language and Habic did declare, I contrary to the Laws of Cbina had entered the Kingdom without a Warrant, and probably for no good Intent. The Mandarin heard them with a great deal of Gravity, and being a Man of quick Apprehenfion, and ftudious of Novelties, he told them be would take fuch Order as the Cafe required, and my bold Attempt fhould not go unpunifhed: Having difmift them, he ordered his Servants I mould be kept in a remote Part of his vaft Palace, be ftrictly guarded, and kindly ufed; this I conjecture by my Treatment, and what followed, for my Accommodation was much better than I could expect, I lodged well, eat well,
was well attended, and could complain of nothing. but my Reftraint: Thus continued I many Months, afflicted more with the Thoughts of my Ganfas than any Thing elfe, who I knew mult be irrecoverably loft, as indeed they were.

In this Time by my own Induftry, and the Affiftance of thofe who accompanied me, I learnt to fpeak indifferently the Language of that Province, (for almoft every Province in Cbina hath its proper Tongue) whereat I perceived they were much pleafed: At length I was permitted to take the Air, and brought into the fpacious Garden of that Palace, a Place of extraordinary Pleafure and Delight, adorned with Herbs and Flowers of admible Sweetnefs and Beauty, with almoft infinite Variety of Fruits, European and others, all compofed with that rare Curiofity, as even ravifhed my Senfes in the Contemplation of fuch delightful Objects; I had not long recreated myfelf here, when the Mandarin entered the Garden on that Side I was walking, of which having Notice by his Servants, and that I ought to kneel to him (a ufual Reverence I found toward great Officers) I did fo, and humbly intreated his Favour toward a poor Stranger, who arrived in thefe Parts not defignedly, but by the fecret Difpofal of the Heavens; he anfwered in a different Language which I hear all the Mandarins ufe, and like that of the Lunars confifting chiefly of Tunes, which was interpreted by one of his Attendants, wihhing me to be of good Comfort, fince he intended no Harm to me. Next Day I was ordered to come before him, and being conducted into a noble Dining-room exquifitely painted, the Mandarin commanding all to avoid, vouchfafed to confer with me in the vulgar Language, enquiring into the State of my Country, the Power of my Prince, and the Religion and Manners of the Peo, G 2 ple;
ple; wherein having fatisfied him, he afked me about my Education, and what brought me into this remote Country; I then declared to him the Adventures of my Life, omitting what I thought convenient, and efpecially forbearing to mention the Stories given me by Irdonozur.

The Strangenefs of my Story did much amaze him, and finding in all my Difcourfe nothing tending to Magick, wherein he hoped by my Means to be inftructed, he began to admire the Excellency of my Wit, applauding me for the happieft Man that this World ever faw, and wifhing me to repofe myfelf after my long Narration, he for that Time difmiffed me. Ater which the Mandarin tock fo much Delight in me, that no Day paffed wherein he did not fend for me: At length he advifed me to cloath myfelf in the Habit of that Country, which I willingly did, and gave me not only the Liberty of his Howfe, but took me alfo with him when he went to Pequin, whereby I had Opportunity to learn the Difpofition of the People, and the Policy of the Country, neither did I by my Attendance on him, gain only the Knowledge of thefe Thinge, but the Poffibility likewife of being reftored to my native Soil, and to thofe dear Pledges which I value above the World, even my Wife and Children: For by often frequenting Pequin, I at length heard of fome Fathers of the Society of Jefus, who were become famous for their extraordinary Favour with the King, to whom they had prefented fome European, as Clocks, Watches, Dials, and the like, which by them were counted exquifite Curiofities. To thefe by the Mandarin's Leave I repaired, and was welcomed by them, they much wondering to fee a Lay Spaniard there, whither they had with fo much Dificulty obtained Leave to arrive. There did I relate to Father Poin-
ioja and others of the Society the forementioned Adventures, by whofe Directions. I put them in Writing, and fent this Story of my Fortunes to Macoa, from thence to be conveyed to Spain, as a Forerunner of my Return; and the Mandarin being indulgent to me, I came often to the Fathers, with whom I confulted about many Secrets, and with them alfo laid the Foundation of my Return, the bleffed Hour whereof I do with Patience expect, that by enriching my Country with the Knowledge of thefe hidden Myfteries, I may at laft reap the Glory of my fortunate Misfortunes.

A Fourney of feveral Englifh Merchants from Oratava in Teneriff, one of the Canary Iflands on the Coaft of Africa, to the top of the Pike in that Ifand, with the Oofervations they made there.

MEntion being made in the preceding Story of the Pike of Teneriff, it may be fome Diverfion to infert the following little Journey performed by divers Englifbmen a few Years fince to the Top, who publifhed the following Account thereof.

The Pike of Teneriff is thought not to have its Equal in the World for Height, its Top being fo much above the Clouds, that in clear Weather it may be feen fixty Dutch Leeagues at Sea.

It cannot be afcended but in $\mathcal{F u l y}$ and Auguf, lying all the other Months covered with Snow, though upon this and the near adjacent IMands none is to be feen: It requires three Days travel to come to the top: The Merchants and other worthy Perfons who undertook this Journey proceed thus. Having furnifhed ourfelves with a Guide, Servants, and Horfes to carry our Wine and Provifion,
vifion, we fet forth from Oratava, a Port Town in the Illand of Teneriff, fituate on the North Side, two Mile diftant from the main Sea, and travelled from twelve at Night till eight in the Morning, by which Time we got to the Top of the firt Mountain toward the Pico le. Terraira; there under a very large and confpicuous Pine Tree we took our Breakfatt, dined, and refrefhe ourfelves till two in the Afternoon. Then we paffed through many fandy Ways, over many lufty Mountains, but naked and bare, and not covered with Pine Trees as our firft Night's Paffage was; this expofed 'us to exceffive Heat, till we arrived to the Foot of the Pico, where we found divers' huge Stones, which feemed to have fallen from fome upper Part: About fix in the Evening we began to afcend up the Pico, but were fcarce advanced a Mile, when the Way being no more paffable for Horfes, we left them with our Servants. In the Afcent of one Mile, fome of our Company grew very faint and fick, difordered by Fluxes, Vomitings, and agueifh Diftempers, our Horfes Hair ftanding up like Briftles, and calling for fome of our Wine carried in fmall Barrels on an Horfe, we found it fo wonderfully cold, that we could not drink it till we had made a Fire to warm it, notwithtanding the Air was very calm and moderate, but when the Sun was fet, it began to blow with fuch Violence, and grew fo cold, that taking up our lodging among the hollow Rocks, we were neceffitated to keep Fires in the Mouths of them all Night.

About four in the Morning we began to mount again, and being come another Mile up, one of our Company failed and was able to proceed no further: Here began the black Rocks; the reft of us purfued our Journey till we came to the Sugar Looaf, where we began to travel again in a white Sand,

Sand, being fitted with Shoes, whofe fingle Soles are made a Finger broader than the upper Leathers, to encounter this difficult Paffage: Having alcended as far the black Rocks, which lay all flat like a plain Floor, we climbed within a Mile of the very Top of the Pico, and at laft we attained the Summit, where we found no fuch Smoak as appeared a little below, but a continual Perfpiration of a hot and fulphureous Vapour that made our Faces extremely fore; all this way we found no confiderable Alteration of the Air, and very little Wind, but on the Top it was fo impetuous, that we had much ado to ftand againft it whilft we drank K. Cbarles II. Health, and fired each of us a Gun. Here alfo we took our Dinner, but found that our ftrong Waters had loft their Virtue, and were almoft inflipid, while our Wine was more brifk and fpirituous than before: The Top on which we ftood being not above a Yard broad, is the Brink of a Pit called the Caldera, which we judged to be a Mufket Shot over, and near fourfcore Yards deep, in form of a Cone, hollow within like a Kettle, and covered over with fmall loofe Stones mixed with Sulphur and Sand, from among which iffued divers Spiracles of Smoak and Heat, which being ftirred with any Thing puffs and makes a Noife, and is fo offenfive, that we were even fuffocated with the fudden rifing of Vapors, upon removing one of thefe Stones, which were fo hot as not eafily to be handled; we defcended not above four or five Yards into the Caldera or Caldron, becaufe of the Slipperinefs under Foot, and the Difficulty; but fome have adventured to the Bottom: Other Matters obfervable we difcovered none, befides aclear fort of Sulphur which lay like Salt upon the Stones: From this renowned Pico we could fee the Grand Canaries fourteen Leagues. diftant, Palma eighteen, and Gomera feven, which Interval of Sea
feemed not much wider than the $\tau$ bames about London; we difcerned alfo the Herro, being diftant about twenty Leagues, and fo to the utmoft Limits of the Sea much farther: As foon as the Sun appeared, the Shadow of the Pico feemed to cover not only the whole Inland and the Grand Canaries, but the Sea to the very Horizon, where the Top of the Sugar-Loaf or Pico vifibly appeared to turn up, and calt its Shade into the Air itfelf, at which we were much furprized.

But the Sun was not far afcended when the Clouds began to rife fo falt, as intercepted our Profpect both of the Sea and the whole Illand, except the Tops only of the fubjacent Mountains, which feemed to pierce them through; whether thefe Clouds do ever furmount the Pico we cannot fay, but to fuch as are far below they feem fometimes to hang above it, or rather wrap themfelves about it, conftantly when the Weft Winds blow; this they call the Cap, and is an infallible Prognoftick of enfuing Storms: One of our Company who made this Journey again two Years after, arriving at the Top of the Pico before Day, and creeping under a great Stone to fhroud himfelf from the cold Air, after a little Space found himfelf all wet, and perceived it to come from a perpetual trickling of the Water from the Rocks above him: Many excellent and exuberant Springs we found iffuing from the Tops of moft of the other Mountains, gufhing out in great Spouts, almoft as far as the huge Pine Tree we mentioned before; having ftayed a while at the Top, we all defcended the fandy Way till we came to the Foot of the Sugar-Loaf, which being fteep even almoft to a Perpendicular we foon paffed, and here we met with a Cave about ten Yards deep and fifteen broad, being in Shape like an Oven or Cu pola, having a Hole at the Top near eight Yards
over; this we defcended by a Rope that our Servants held faft on the Top, while with the other End being faftened about our Middles we fwung ourfelves, till being over a Bank of Snow we flid down, lighting upon it; we were forced to fiving thus in the Defcent, becaufe in the Midit of the Bottom of this Cave oppofite to the Overture at the Top, is a round Pit of Water like a Well, the furface whereof is about a Yard lower, but as wide as the Mouth at Top, and about fix Fathom deep; we fuppofed this Water was not a Spring, but difSolved Snow blown in, or Water trickling through the Rocks; about the Sides of the Grott for fome Height there is Ice and Ificles hanging down to the Snow.

But being quickly weary of this exceffive cold Place, and drawn up again, we continued our Defcent from the Mountains by the fame Paffage we went up the Day before, and fo about five in the Evening arrived at Oratava, from whence we fet forth; our Faces were fo red and fore that to cool them we were forced to wafh and bathe them in whites of Eggs : The whole Height of the Pico in Perpendicular is vulgarly efteemed to be two Miles and an half. No Trees, Herbs nor Shrubs did we find in all the Paffage, but Pines, and among the whiter Sands a kind of Broom being a bufhy Plant: It is the Opinion of fome ingenious Perfons who have lived twenty Years upon the Place, that the whole Inand being a Soil mightily impregnated with Brimftone, did in former Times take Fire, and blow up all or near all at the fame Time; and that many Mountains of huge Stones calcined and burnt, which appear all over this Ifland, efpecially in the South-Weft Part of it, were caft up and raifed out of the Bowels of the Earth at the Time of that general Conflagration; and that the greateft

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Quantity of this Sulpbur lying about the Center of the Inand raifed up the Pico to that Height at which it now is feen; which appears by the Situation of thofe Rocks that lye three or four Miles round the Bottom of the Pico, and in fuch Order one above another almoft to the Sugar Loaf, as it is called, as if the whole ground fwelling and rifing up together by the Afcenfion of the Brimftone, the Torrents and Rivers of it did with a fudden Eruption roul and tumble them down from the reit of the Rocks; efpecially to the South-Weft, where from the Top of the Pico to the Sea coalt lie huge Heaps of thefe burnt Rocks one under another; and there fill remain the very Tracks of the BrimItone Rivers as they ran over this Quarter of the Inand which hath fo wafted the Ground, beyond Recovery, that nothing can be made to grow there but Broom.

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