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## SYSTEMATICLIST

## OF THE

# TREES, SHRUBS AND W00DY-CLIMBERS 

OF THE

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

Pr<br>W. A TALBOI', F.L.S., DEPUTY CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS.

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## LIBRARY ,NEW YORK gotanical PREFACE.

The following list contains the botanical names and principal synonyms of the trees, shrubs and woody climbers, indigenous in the Bombay Presidency and Sind. Vernacular names have as far as possible been added. A synopsis of the natural orders and keys to the genera and species will assist Forest and other officers to refer to the various authors quoted, for detailed information. The sequence of the genera and species in the Flora of British India of Hooker has been followed throughout this list. The Fl. Br. I. is now nearly complete, as far as regards the trees and woody plants of India; only the palms and bamboos remain to be done. Specimens of most of the species, mentioned in this list, have been sent to the herbarium of the Botanic Gardens of Calcutta; whilst many of the critical species have been referred to Kew for determination. The Konkan is the moist region of varying breadth, lying along the coast from Bombay southwards. The adjacent hills or gháts, with a heavy rainfall, are referred to as the Konkan gháts. The Deccan includes Khándesh and the other dry districts of the presidency. Sind and North Kánara are referred to separately by name. North Kánara is a very important forest region of three thousand square miles of more or less continuous jungle. A number of plants not hitherto found in this Presidency, also several new species, are included in this list, which it is hoped may form the framework of a future Forest Flora of the Bombay Presidency.

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## KEY TO NATURAL ORDERS.

## Class I. DICOTYLEDONS.

Pith surrounded with concentric layers of wood and bark. Leaves net veined. Flowers often 5 -merous. Embryo with 2 cotyledons; radicle forming a tap-root.

## Division 1. ANGIOSPERMS,

Orules in a closed ressel and fertilized through a stigma. Embryo with 2 cotyledons.

## Sub-Class I. POLYPETAL $\mathbb{A}$.

Calyx and corolla present. Péals several, distinct, rarely wanting.
A. Thalamifloræ.-Torus small, rarely disciform. Ovary superior. Stamens hypogynous.

1. Ranunculacece.-Herbs or climbing shrubs. Leaves alternate or opposite. Sepals deciduous. Stamens indefinite. Seeds without an arillus.
2. Dilleniacere.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple; lateral veins prominent. Sepals persistent. Carpels usually distinct. Seeds with an arillus.
3. Magnoliacea.-Shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, simple; sepals and petals trimerous, imbricated, deciduous. Stamens indefinite. Carpels distinct. Albumen uniform.
4. Anonacere.-Trees or shrubs, often scandent. Leaves alternate, simple. Stipules 0 . Sepals 3 , petals 6 , in 2 series of 3 each. Stamens indefinite. Carpels distinct in fruit (united in Anona). Albumen ruminate.
5. Menispermacce--Climbing or twining shrubs. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0. Flowers small, unisexual, deciduous, usually trimerous Stamens definite, free, or connate, opposite the petals. Embrgo usually curved.
6. Capparidece.-Trees or shrubs often scandent or herbs. Leaves. alternate. Petals 4. Stamens indefinite. Ovary stalked, seeds on parietal placentas. Albumen 0 .
7. Resedacece.-Herbs or shrubs. Leaves entire or pinnatisect. Flowers bracteate. Disc usually conspicuous (0 in Oligomeris). Stamens numerous. Fruit a capsule or berry. Seeds numerous.
8. Bixinew.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, alternate. Sepals 4 or 5. Stamens indefinite, free or connate. Seeds few or many, on parietal placentas. Albumen fleshy.
9. Pittosporce.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, alternate exstipulate. Sepals unequal. Stamens 5. Embryo minute. Seeds albuminous.
10. Tamariscinere.-Small trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, scalelike. Flowers regular, bisexual ; sepals and petals each 4, i. Stamens as many as petals or twice as many. Ovary l-celled. Seeds tufted.
11. Guttiferc.-Resinous trees, juice often coloured. Leaves coriaceons, opposite, without stipules. Flowers nisexual or polygamous. Calyx imbricato. Stamens indefinite, free or connate. Ovary syncarpous.
12. Ternstrmemiacen.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers regular, bisesual. Stamens indefinite, free or conuate at base. Ovary 3.5-celled. Embryo oily.
13. Dipterocarpece.-Trees ( 1 genus climbing shrubs). Leaves altereate, entire, often with large stipules. Flowers harmaphrodite. Calyxsegments usually enlarged in fruit. Cotyledons thick. Albumen 0.
14. Malvacea.-Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, stipulate, simple, often palmi-nerved. Stamens numerons, monadelphous; anthers 1-celled. Ovary syncarpous with axile placentation. Fruit a dehiscent capsule.
15. Sterculiaceæ.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves alternate, simple, or digitate. Stamens monadelphous or free; anthers 2 -celled.
16. Tiliacecc.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves alternate, simple with deciduous stipules. Stamens indefinite, usually froe; anthers 2-celled.
B. Discifloræ. - Torus usually disciform, free or adnate to the calyx or ovary or to both, rarely absent. Ovary superior or more or less immersed in the disc.
17. Linecc.-Herbs or shrubs, rarely trees. Leaves simple, alternate, stipulate. Stamens definite, more or less connate below. Disc glandular or absent. Styles free or connate. Albumen fleshy.
18. Malpighiacece.-Climbing shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire. Flowers bisexual, pentamerous. Stamens 10. Ovary 3 -lobed. Fruit winged.
19. Geraniacece.-Herbs or shrubs, rarely trees. Leaves simple or compound. Stamens definite. Ovary angular or lobed.
20. Rutacece.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple or compound, glan-dular-dotted. Disc annular thick. Stamens as many or twice as many as petals, rarely indefinite.
21. Simarubere.-Trees or shrubs with bitter bark. Leaves alternato, nsually compound. Flowers small. Filaments generally hairy. Ovary lobed.
22. Ochnacere.-Shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, simple, shining. Flowers bisexual, regular. Anthers linear. Ovary deeply lobed. Fruit of 3-10 distinct 1 -seeded drupes.
23. Burseracere.-Trees or shrubs with resinous or halsamic juice. Leaves alternate, compound. Stamens 8-10. Ovary entire. Seeds 1 or few.
24. Mcliacect-Trees or shrubs. Leares asnally compound, alternate. Flowers panicled. Stamens 8-10, monadelphous (except in Cedrelic and Chloroxylon). Ovary entire.
25. Chailletiacere-Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, alternato. Stipules present. Petals 2 -cleft. Ovary entire.
26. Olacince.-Trees or shrubs sometimes climbing. Leaves simple, alternate. No stipules. Petals free or connate usually valvate. Fruit l-seeded. Seeds albuminous.
27. Ilicinecr. - Trees or shrubs with alternate simple leaves. Petals free, imbricate. Ovary 3-6-celled, Seeds albuminous.
28. Celastracere.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, opposite or alternate. Stamens 5 alternating with the petals or sometimes only 3. Ovary more or less immersed in the dise, entire or lobed.
29. Rhamnacer.-Trees or shrubs. Leares simple, alternato or opposite. Stamens opposite the petals and equal in number. Ovary entire, often inferior.
30. Ampelitere.-Shrubs or herbs with jointed stems, often scandent. Leaves alternate, simple or compound. Calyx small. Petals valvate. Stamens as many as petals and opposite to them.
31. Sapindacea.-Usually trees. Leares alternate, compound or simple. Flowers polygamous, often irregular. Stamens free, often anisomerous.
32. Saliacer.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple or compound. Stamens often unequal in size and opposite the petals.
33. Anacardiacece.-Trees often resinous. Leaves alternate, simplo or compound. Stipules 0. Flowers small. Ovary 1-celled (in Spondias $2-5$-celled). Cells 1 -ovuled. Fruit a drupe.
C. Calcifloræ.-Calyx gamosepalous. Stamens usually periggnows or epigynous, definite or indefinite. Ovary superior or inferior.
34. Moringere.-Trees. Leaves alternate, bi-tri-pinnate, Flowers bisexual. Petals unequal. Stamens 10, 5 fertile opposite to the petals alternating with 5 sterile. Capsule 3 -valved, pod-like,

35̃. Connaracere.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves 1-3-foliate or pinnato. Flowers regular. Stamens definite. Carpels hirsute, 1-5, free.
36. Leguminosce-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves usually alternate, compound. Flowers irregular (regular in Mimosece). Carpel 1, free.
37. Rosacece.-Trees, shrubs or herbs, Leaves alternate, simple or compound. Flowers regular. Ovary of 1 or more free or combining carpels, often adherent to the calyx-tube.
38. Rhizophoracece-Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, coriaceous. Stipules deciduous. Flowers regular. Petals usually fringed. Stamens twice as many as petals or more. Ovary usually inferior.
39. Cumbretacece.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, alternate or opposite. No stipules. Ovary inferior l-celled. Hruit winged or angled, 1 -sceded. Albumen 0.
40. Myrticece,-Trees or shrubs. Leaves usually opposite, translucent, glandular-dotted, entirc. Stamens indefnite. Ovary inferior, with axile placentation.
41. Milastomacec.-Herbs or shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire, without stipules. Petals twisted in bud. Stamens 10 or fewer, perigynous. Anthers opening at the apex with pores or slits. Ovary inferior. Seeds exalbuminous.
42. Lythracece.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves simple, opposite or alternate. No stipules. Calyx free, lobes valvate in bud. Stamens definite or indefiuite; anthers dehiscing longitudinally. Eruit a capsule. Seeds exalbuminous.
43. Samydacece.Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, distichous. Stipules deciduons. Flowers regular. Stamens definite or indefinite. Ovary free. Fruit a l-celled capsule. Albümen fleshy.
44. Datiscacece.-Trees rarely herbs. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0. Flowers unisexual, petals often absent. Ovary inferior often open at the apex. Placentas and styles as many as calyx-lobes. Seeds numerous, minute.
45. Cactece.-Shrubs or herbs, with succulent stems and minute leaves. Flowers large bisexual. Stamens indefinite. Fruit fleshy.
46. Araliucec.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves alternate, simple or compound. Flowers umbellate or capitate, petals caducous. Ovary inferior.
47. Cornacece.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire, usually opposite. Stipules 0. Flowers regular. Ovary inferior. Fruit succulent, 2-celled. Albumen fleshy.

## Sub-Class II. GAMOPETALIE.

Calyx and and corolla present. Petals united (gamopetalous).
A. Ovary inferior (perigynous gamopetale).
48. Caprifoliacce.-Shrubs or herls, often climbing, rarely trees. Leaves opposite, simple or pinnate. Flowers regular or irregular. Fruit a berry or drupe.
49. Rubiacec.-Trees, shruls or herbs. Leaves opposite. Stipules free or connate. Flowers usually regular. Stamens as many as corollalobes, alternating with them. Ovary 2 or more celled. Cells 2 or many ovuled. Albumen fleshy or horny.
50. Composito.- Herbs, shrubs, rarely trees. Leaves alternate or opposite. Flowers in involucrate heads. Anthers united in a tube round
the style. Calys 0 or reduced to a pappus of hairs, scales or bristles. Ovary 1-celled, 1 -ovaled.
51. Goodenovice.-Herbs or shrubs, rarely trees. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0. Stamens 5, free or connate in a ring. Ovary 1.2.celled. Seeds albuminous.
B. Ovary free (hypogynous gamopetalce).
52. Myrsince-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0. Stamens as many as lobes of the corolla. Fruit fleshy or hard, usually indehiscent. 1 or few seeded.
53. Sapotacea.-Trees or shrubs, usually with milky juice. Leares simple, alternate. Stipules 0. Stamens as many as corolla-lobes or in $2-3$-series. Ovary 2 or more celled. Fruit 1 -few seeded.
54. Ebenacea-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire. No stipules. Flowers often diœecious. Anthers introrse. Fruit a berry. Seeds albuminous.
55. Styracec.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple. Stamens often indefinite. Ovary more or less inferior. Fruit 1 -seeded. Albumen fleshy.
56. Oleacect-Trees or shrubs, often scandent. Leaves opposite, entire or pinnate. Stipules 0. Stamens 2. Ovary 2-celled. Seeds with or without albumen.
57. Salvadoracere.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire. Stipules minute. Stamens 4. Ovary 2 -celled. Fruit a 1 -seeded berry.
58. Apocynacece.-Trees, shrubs or herbs, with often milky juice. Leaves opposite or whorled. Stamens 5, free. Frait of 1-2-follicles, drupes or berries. Seeds often plumose.
59. Asclepiadece.-Shrubs or herbs, often climbing and with milky juice. Leaves opposite, entire. Stipules 0 . Anthers connate round the stigma. Pollen in 1-2-waxy masses in each anther-cell. Fruit of 2 follicles. Seeds usually winged or plumose. Albumen copious.
60. Loganiacce.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves opposite, simple. Flowers regular, 4 -5-merous. Ovary free, 2-celled. Albumen copious.
61. Boragineca.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0. Inflorescence cymose. Flowers 4-5-merous. Ovary 2-4-celled, often 2-4-lobed. Fruit a drupe or dry, and separating into 2-4-nuts.
62. Convolvulacer.-Herbs or shrubs, often climbing. Leares alternate. Stipules 0. Flowers large, regular, bisexual, pentamerous. Fruit capsular or succulent and indehiscent. Seeds few. Albumen 0 or scanty.
63. Solanacece.-Herbs or shrubs, rarely small trees. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0. Flowers regular, pentamerous. Fruit a berry or capsule. Seeds albuminous.
64. Gesneracece-Herbs or shrubs. Leaves opposite or alternato. Flowers hermaphrodite, irregular. Fruit a capsule or berry. Albumen 0 or scanty.
65. Bignoniacecz.-Trees, rarely erect or climbing slurubs. Leaves opposite, often compound, exstipulate. Flowers irregular. Stamens 4, in pairs or 2 only. Ovary 2-celled; ovules many. Fruit a capsule; seeds winged.
66. Acanthacex.-Herbs or shrubs. Leaves opposite, simple. Stipules 0. Flowers irregular. Fruit a capsule. Steds usually supported on hooks of the placenta. Seeds often elastically hairy when metted.
67. Verbenacer.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves opposite. Flowers irregular. Calyx gamosepalous, often enlarged in fruit. Ovary 4-celled. Cells 1 -ovaled.
68. Labiatce.-Herbs or shrubs. Leaves opposite. Flowers irregular. Stamens fewer than corolla-lobes; 2 or 4 in pairs. Ovary deeply lobed. Style gynobasic. Albumen 0 or scanty.

## Súb-Class III. MONOCHLAMYDE圧.

Perianth simple or 0 (double in some Euphorbiacece).
69. Nyctaginacea.-Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves usually oppositeStipules 0. Flowers regular, bermaphrodite. Base of perianth persistent and enclosing the ovary and fruit. Seeds albuminous. Embryo curved.
70. Polygonacer.-Herbs or shrubs. Leaves simple, alternate with sheathing stipules. Flowers small, hermaphrodite or unisexual. Ovary superior. Ovale 1 erect. Seeds albuminous. Embryo straight or slightly curved.
71. Myristicaceo.-Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire. Flow. ers small, diœcious. Stamens united in a column. Albumen ruminato. Fruit fleshy, 2-valved. Sced arillate.
72. Laurinece.-Trees or shrubs. (Cassytha a parasite). Leaves simple, alternate or opposite. Flowers hermaphrodite or unisexual. Anther-cells opening by recurved valves. Ovary 1-celled. Ovule 1, pendulous. Albamen 0 .
73. Thymelacec.-Trees or shrubs with tenacious bark. Leaves alternate or opposite. Flowers hermaphrodite. Stamens definite. Ovary free, 1 -celled, 1 -ovuled. Ovule pendulous. Albumen fleshy or 0 .
74. Elcagnacece.-Trees or shrubs, often scandent and covered more or less with silvery scales. Leaves alternate or opposite entire. Flowers hermaphrodite. Base of perianth-tube persistent round the free 1 celled ovary. Ovale 1, erect.
75. Loranthacec.-Parasitic evergreen shrubs. Leaves coriaceous, entire, usually opposite; sometimes wanting. Flowers hermaphroditeOvary inferior. Orule solitary, erect. Albumen green, Heshy.
76. Santulacece.-Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves entire, alternate or opposite. No stipales. Stamens opposite perianth-lobes. Ovary inferior, 1 -celled. Fruit 1 -sceded. Albumen fleshy.
77. Ruphorbiacce.-Trees, shrubs or herbs with milky juice. Leaves alternate or oppositc. Flowers unisexual. Merianth various, rarely double. Ovary free, usually 3 -celled. Cells, with 1-2 suspended ovules in each. Fruit a capsule or drupe. Seeds oily.
78. Urticacece.-Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves simple, usually alternate. Stipules present. Fiowers unisexual. Stamens opposite the perianth-segments. Ovary free, usually l-celled. Fruit l-seeded.
79. Casuarinece.-Trees with jointed branchlets. Leaves reduced to toothed sheaths at the nodes. Flowers monocious, in spikes. Male flowers monandrous. Female flower without a perianth. Fruit a globose head of bracts, valvately opening.
80. Salicinece-1'rees or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers diœcions, in lateral catkins. Ovary free, l.celled; ovules indefinite. Sceds numerous, minute, with a tuft of hairs.

## Division 2. GYMNOSPERMS.

Ovules not enclosed in an orary and fertilised by direct contact with the pollen. Cotyledons often more than 2.
81. Guetacere.-Climbing shrubs with jointed stems. Leares opposite, rarely 0. Flowers unisexual, enclosed in sheathing bracts.

## Class II. MONOCOTYLEDONS.

Pith, wood and bark not distinct. Bundles of fibres scattered in the cellular tissue of the stem. Bark firmly adherent on the outside. Embryo with 1 cotyledon. Root fibrous.
82. Palnce.-Trees or climbors. Leares pinnately or palmately divided. Perianth 6-leared. Ovary free of 3 distinct or united carpels.
83. Graminece.-Herbs, rarely shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, simple on long split sheaths. Flowers usually bisexual in the axils of the glumes. Embryo at the base of the farinaccous albumen.

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## OF TIIE

## BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

## Grder 1. RANUNCULACE E.

IEerbs or climbing shrubs. Leaves alternate or opposite. Elowers regular, bisexual. Sepals 4 or more, deciduons, often petaloid. Petals many or 0 . Stamens many. Carpels free. Fruit a head of many 1 -seeded akenes. Seeds albuminous; embryo minute.


## CLEMATIS, $\mathrm{L}_{4}$

Climbing shrubs. Leaves opposite, usually compound. Infloresoence axillary or terminal. Sepals 4-8, petaloid, valvate. Petals 0 , Stamens many. Carpels each with 1 ovule. Fruit a head of akeues usually with long feathery styles.

Flaments glabrous.
Leaves simple or trifoliste. Connective of anthers not produced.
Leaves large, entire or remotely serrate ... ... C. smilacifolia.
Leaves small, entire, 1-3-toothed or lobed ... ... C. triloba.
Leaves pinnate, bipinnate or 2-ternate ... ... C. Gouriand.
Connective of anthers produced more or less. Leaves simply pinnate, leaflets reticulate .......... C. hedysarifolia.
Filaments hairy. Leaves pinnate; leaflets densely villous ... ... ... ... ... ... ... C. Wightianc.
C. smilacifolia, Wall. in Asiat. Researches, XIII. 414 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.3 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 1. Konkar ; North Kánara in evergreen forests, not common. Fl. R.S. Fr. Dec,
C. triloba, Heyne in Roth. Nov. Sp. 251 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 3. Vern. morbel or ranjae; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 1. Mával; West Konkan. Dalz. Fl. Sept. Introduced and common in hedges about Poona.
C. Gouriana, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 2. 670 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 4 ; Wight Ic. 933 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 1. Indian traveller's joy, Moriel, M. Throughe out the presidency in dry forests and along rivers and nálás. Fl. Oct. Fr. Dec.
C. hedysarifolia, D. C. Syst. 1. 148 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 4. Konkan; Belgaum; North Kánara, along banks of nálás and rivers El. Oct. Nor. Fr. Dec
C. Wightiana, Wall. Cat. 4674 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 5 ; Wight Ic. t. 935 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 1. Hills of the Decean; Konkan, Mahábaleshvar. Fl. Jan, Fr. H.S.

NARAVELIA, DC.
Climbing shrubs. Peduncles 1 -flowered axillary. Leaves trifoliate; terminal leaflet transformed into a tendril. Sepals 4-5. Petals 6-12, linear, longer than calys. Akenes with long bearded styles.
N. zeylanica, D. C. Syst. 1. 167 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.7 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 1 ; Atragene zeylanica, Linn. Throughont the presidency, common in the moist forests of North Kánara. Fl. Oct. Fr. Nov. Dec.

## Order 2. DILLENIACERE.

Shrubs, herbs or trces with large pennireined leaves, distinctly alternate Sepals imbricate persistent. Petals 5-4. Stamens indefinite. Seeds with or without an aril.

DILLENIA, Linn.
Trees. Leaves serrate. Flowers solitary or fascicled, yellow or white. Sepals 5. Petals 4-5 deciduous. Stamens numerous in many series, anthers linear dehiscing longitudinally or by terminal pores. Carpels 5-20, styles as many as ovaries. Fruit globose enclosed in the thickened calyx. Seeds exarillate.

> Leaves persistent. Flowers large white Flowers much smaller yellow. I. ... D. indica. Ies deciduous ... D. pentagyna.
D. indica, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 36 ; Brandis For. Fl. 1 ; D. speciosa, ${ }^{\bullet T h u m b}$ Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb.Fl. 2. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 103. ILota karmal, M.; cluctta, H. Konkan (Sávantvádi) ; Kolába (Alibág); Belgaum. Fl. June, Fr. Feb.
D. pentagyna, Roxb. Cor. Pl. 1. t. 20 ; Fl. Br, I, 1. 38 ; Brandis For. Fl. 2 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylr. t. 104 ; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 2. Karmal, karambel, kumueil, M.; kanagola, K. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, common. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. May.

## Order 3. MAGNOLIACE 压.

Trees or shrubs with convulute stipules. Sepals and petals trimerous, imbricated. Stamens many, free on torus. Ovaries numerous, often spirally on torus. Seeds albuminous. Embryo minute.

## MICHELIA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves simple, alternate. Filaments flat. Gynophore stalked. Carpels numerous, each with 3 or more ovules. Fruit a spike of 2-valved, 1-12-seeded carpels. Seeds with a fleshy testa.
M. Champaca, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 42 ; Brandis For. Fl. 3. Kud champa, M.; kola sumpige, K. ; Vern. chompa. An evergreen tree commonly cultivated near temples; throughont the presidency. Flowers at varions seasons. laipe fruit in the cold season.

## Order 4. anonacex.

Trees or shrubs, Leaves alternate, entire, exstipulate. Flower's lisexual, rarely unisexual. Sepals and petals trimerous. Stamens indefinite, the connective often produced. Ovaries numerous, rarely solitary, free (in Anonce connate); styles short or stigmas sessile ; ovules 1 or more in each cell. Carpels 1 or more, sessile or stalked, 1 or more seeded. Seeds large. Albumen ruminate.

| Stamens many. Anther cells concealed by the overlapping or produced connectives. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Petals 2 seriate, imbricate in bud |  |
| Petals valvate in bud, inner subsimilar or 0 . |  |
| Oraries many ; peduncles hooked | Artab |
| Ovules 2-6, 1 -seriate on vental suture | Ux |
| Orules 1-2, basal. |  |
| Petals 2 -seriate, valvate in bud, inner dissimilar conniving and arching over stamens |  |
| Petals valvate in bed, inner similar but smaller |  |
| Anther cells not concealed by the connectives. |  |
| l'etals valvate, inner largest. Orules definite |  |
| l'etals valvate. Ovules indefinite |  |
| Petals valvate, inner shortest. Ovules 2-4... |  |
| Petals imbricate, subequal. Ovules 2.8 | oc |

UVARIA, L.
Scandent shrubs. Leaves simple, stellately tomentose or glabrous. Flowers terminal or leaf-opposed ; cymose fascicled or solitary, yellow, purple or brown. Sepals 3 -valvate. Petals 6 . Stamens indefinite. Connective foliaceous or truncate-dilated. Oraries indefinite, linear oblong, ovules many, 2 -seriate. Ripe carpels many, few or 1 -seeded.
U. Narum, Wall. Cat. 6473 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 50 ; U. luriku, D. \& G. Bomb. F1. 3. Naram panal, M. Konkan ; North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl. Nov. Fr. ripe Dec.

ARTABOTRYS, R. Brown.
Scandent shrubs. Leaves shining evergreen. Flowers solitary or fascicled on woody hooked peduncles. Sepals 3 -valvate. P'etals 6 , 2 -seriatc. Stamens numerous, connective truncate-dilated beyond the anther cells. Torus plano-convex. Ovaries ferv or many, orules 2 in each erect. Fruit a berry.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { Flowers and fruit glabrous } \\
& \text { Flowers and fruit tomentose } \\
& \text {... } \\
& \text {.... } \\
& \text {.... } \\
& \text {... A. odoratissimuts. } \\
& \text { A, zeylanicus. }
\end{aligned}
$$

A. odoratissimus, R. Br. in Bot. Reg. 423 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 54; Kz. For. Fl. Burm. 1. 31. Cultivated, but not indigenous, in the Bombay Presidency.

A zeylanicus, H.f. \& T. Fl. Br. I. 1. 54; Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 48. Common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara, towards the south; abundant in the forests rear the Gairsoppah Falls. Fl. Nov. Fruit remains two years on stem.

## UNONA, L.

Trees or shralds often climbing. Flowers usually solitary, axillary or terminal. Sepals 3 -valvate. Petals 6, nearly equal, or the inner é absent. Torus flat or slightly concave. Stamens numerous, slosely packed, 4 -angled; top of connective truncate or globose. Ovaries numerous, ovales 2 or more, 1 -seriate. Ripe carpels stalkeds often moniliform.

Carpels not constrictel between the seeds.
Small tree. Flowers subsessile, villous, corolla whitish... U. pannosa. Carpels moniliform.
Erect or climbing shrub. Flowers yellow, petals $\frac{1}{2}$ in. broad ... ... ... ... .... ... ... ... U. discolor.
Climbing shrub. Setals $\frac{1}{4}$ in. across, very long ... ... U. Lauii.
U. pannosa, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. Bot. III. 207 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 58 : Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 52 ; U. ferinosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 3. Konkan, Párwár ghát and Tulawari. D. \& G. Fl. Mch. Oct.
U. discolor, Vahl. Symb. II. 63, t. 36 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.59 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 3; U. Dunalii, H. f. \& T. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 3. Konkas (Sárantrádi) ; North Kínaras in evergreen forests. Fl. Aug.
U. Lawii, H. f. \& T. Fl. Ind. 132 ; Fl. Bre I. 1.59 ; Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 73. North Kánara and Konkan, in evergreen forests. Fl. H. and 1R. seasons. Fr. H.S.

POLYALTHIA, Blume.
Trees or shrubs. Flowers solitary or fascicled, axillary or leaf opposed. Sepals 3 , usually valvate. Petals 6,2 -seriate, flat or the inuer vaulted. Torus convex. Ovaries indefinite, ovules 1-2 basal and erect. Berries stalked, globose or oblong, 1 -seeded.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Petals linear. Flowers solitary ... ... ... P. coffeoides. } \\
& \text { Petals linear. l'eduncles few or many flowered ... P. fragreters. } \\
& \text { Petals ovate-oblong, green. Peduncles } 1-3 \text { flowered... } P \text {. cerasoides. } \\
& \text { Petals oval, red-brown. Flowers solitary ... ... P'. suberosa. }
\end{aligned}
$$

P. coffeoides, Benth. \& H. f. 1. c. Fl. Br. 1. 1. C2. North Kánara is evergreen forests. This was named at Caleutta from fruiting specimens; it may possilly be identical with $P$. fragrams. Fr. April.
P. fragrans, Benth. \& H. f. I. c. Fl. Br. I. 1.63 ; Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 54 ; Guatteria fragrans, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 4. Gauri, K: Konkan; on the sutbern ghats of North Kánaa, common in evergreen forests. Fl. Nov. Ir. Apl. May.
P. cerascides, Benth. \& H. f. 1. e. Fl. Br. I. 1. 63 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 1 ; Brandis For. F1. 5 ; Guatleria cerasoides, W. \& A. Prodr. 10 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 3. Hoom, M.; vubbine, K. Throughout the ghats of the presiderey in deciduons furests, chicfly; "in the evergreen forests of the S'átára district." Brandis. Fl. Meh. Fr. R.S.
P. suberosa, Benth. \& Hook. f. F1. Br. I. 1. 65 ; G'uatteria suberosa, DC. A small tree with corky bark. Peduncles usually solitary. Petals $\frac{1}{2}$ in. red-brown, silky. "Cuncans," Graham. Fl. Fr. "throughout the jear," Roxb,

GONIOTHALAMUS, Blume.
Small trees or shrubs. Flowers solitary or fascicled. Sepals 8, valvate. Petals 6 , outer thick flat, inner smaller shortly clawed. Staneus many, comective produced into an oblong process. Ovaries many; orules 2 superposed in each. Berries 1 -seeded.
G. cardiopetalus, H. f. \& T. Fl. Ind. 107 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.75 ; Bedd. Fll. Sylv. 8. North Kánara ghats in evergreen forests, common on the Aukola gháts. Fl. Meb. F'r. R. \& C.S.; ovoid, sessile.

## ANONA, L.

'Trees or shrubs. Flowers solitary or fascicled. Sepals 3, valvate. Petals 3 or 6 . Stamens indefiuite, on a hemispherical torus, top of connective ovoid. Oraries many, subconnate; ovules 1 erect. Carpels united into a large fleshy fruit ; seels uumerous, imbedded in pulp.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Fruit tubercled. Flowers solitary ... ... ... A. squamosa. } \\
& \text { Fruit smooth. Flowers } 9-3 \text { together ... ... ... A. reticulata. } \\
& \text { Fruit very large, muricate ... ... ... ... A. muricata. }
\end{aligned}
$$

A. squamosa, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1.78 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 9; Brandis For. Fl. 6. Sweet sop. Castard apple. Sito pheul, H. Naturalized throughout the presidency; usually cultivated. Fl. June July.
A. reticulata, Linu. Fl. Br. I. 1. 78; Bedd. Fl. Sylr. 9. Bullock's heart. Rámphail, H. Cultivated throughout the presidency.
A. muricata, D.C. Syst. 467 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 9 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 2. Sour sop. Cultivated near Bombay,

MILIUSA, Lesch.
Trees or shrubs. Flowers solitary, fascicled or cymose. Sepals 3, small, valrate. Petals 6, 2 -seriate ; outer smaller like the sepals. 'lorus elongated, cylindric. Stamens definite or indefinite ; connective hardly apiculate. Ovaries indefinite, orules 1-2, rarely $3-1$. Ripe carpels globose or oblong 1, many seeded.
M. indica, Lesch. in A. DC. Mem. Soc. Genev. V. 36 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 86. Bedd. Ic. Ind. Or. t. 85. In evergreen forests from the Konkan to Mysore, common in North Kánara in the ghát forests. Fl. throughout the year. Fr. ripe ncar Kárwár in August.

## SACCOPETALUM, Bennett.

Trees. Flowers axillary, solitary or fascicled. Sepals 3, small, valvate. Petals 6, valvate, in 2 series. Stamens indefinite ; connective produced into a conspicuous appendage. Ovaries indefinite, ovules 6 or more. Ripe carpels subglobose.
S. tomentosum, H. f. \& T. Fl. Ind. 152. Fl. Br. I. 1. 88 ; Bedd. Fl Sylv. 10 ; Brandis For. Fl. 7 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 4. Hoom, H. ; wamb, K. Gháts of North Kánara and Konkan. Fl. Apl. Fr. Juue.

## OROPHEA, Blume.

Trees or shrubs. Flowers small, axillary solitary, fascicled or cymose. Inner petals clawed, cohering into a mitriform cap. Stamens $6-12$, fleshy. Ovaries 3-15; ovules 4. Ripe carpels often globose.
O. zeylanica, H.f. \& T. Fl. Ind. 111 ; Fl. I.Br. 1.90 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 11. "A shrub or very small tree found on the North Kánara gháts." Bedd.

## BOCAGEA, St. Hilaire.

Trees. Flowers small, terminal, axillary or fascicled on woody tubercles, 1-2-sexual. Sepals ovate, imbricate. Petals 6 in 2 series, nearly equal, usually concave. Stamens 6-21, imbricate in 2 or more series, thick, fleshy, connective produced. Ovaries 3-6; ovules 1 or 2-8 on the ventral suture. Ripe carpels globose stalked.
B. Dalzellii, H. f. \& T. Fl. Br. I. 1. 92 ; Sagercea laurina, Dalz. \& Gibs̀. Bomb. Fl. 2 ; Sagereea Dalzellii, Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 42. Sageri, hetr-linjal, undie, M. Konkan; North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl. Oct. Nov.

## Order 5. MENISPERMACE $\boldsymbol{m}$.

Climbing shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers very small, diœcious. Stamens definite, often monadelphous. Ovaries 3 or 1, ovules solitary, usually amphitropous. Albumen even, ruminate or 0 .

| Ovaries 3. Seed oblong or subglobose. Cotyledonsfoliaceous. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Filaments free |  |
|  copious. |  |
|  |  |
| Petals 6. Onaries 3-6 ... ... ... ... |  |
|  |  |
| Ovary 1. Albumen scanty. Endocarp muricate. |  |
| Sepals $6-10$, free. Petals of $93-5$, free | ... |
| Sepals 4 , free. Petals of 우 1 . |  |
|  |  |

IINNOSPORA, Niers.
Climbing shrubs. Flowers in racemes or panicles. Sepals 6 in 2 series, inner larger membranous. Petals 6 smaller. Male fl. Stamens 6 ; filaments thickened at top. Female fl. Staminodes 6, clavate. Ovaries 3 . Drupes $1-3$, dorsally convex, ventrally concave. Putamen tubercled, dorsally keeled, intruding. Albumen ruminate.

> Leaves woolly bencath. Flowers green ... ... T. malabarica. Leaves glabrous. Flowers yellow ... ... ... T. cordifolia.
T. malabarica, Miers Contrib. III. 32 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 97 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 5. Moist forests of the Konkan and North Kinara.
T. cordifolia, Miers Contrib. III. 31 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 97 ; Brandis For. Fl. 8 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 5. Gulaveli, gullel, gulwail, giroli, M. ; gulo, Vern. Dalz. Konkan and North Kánara forests, common. Fl. H.S. Fr. R.S.

## ANAMIRTA, Coleb.

A climbing shrub. Flowers panicled. Sepals 6, a little unequal. Petals 0. Male fl. Anthers sessile on a column. Female fl. Staminodes 9 , clavate, 1 -seriate. Ovaries 3 on a short gynophore. Stigma reflexed. Drupes stalked ; putamen woody. Seed globose embracing the hollow intruded endocarp. Albumen almost ruminate.
A. Cocculus, W. \& A. Prodr. I. 446 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.98 ; Brandis For. Fl. 8 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 4 ; Vern. lithkaphuta, kakmeri. Konkan ; North Kínara. "Berries size and colour of a black cherry." Ruxb.

TILIACORA, Coleb.
A climbing shrub. Flowers in axillary panicles. Sepals 6, 2seriate, outer much smaller. Petals 6, minute, cuneate. Male fl. Stamers 6, free. Female fl. Carpels $9-12$; styles short subulate. Drupes stalked; putamen sulcate. Albumen oily, ruminate.
T. racemosa, Coleb. in Trans. Linn. Soc. XIII. 67 ; FI. Br. I. 1. 99. Konkan, not mentioned by Dalz. \& Gibs. in the Bombay Flora; not observed in North Kánara. Fl. throughout the year. Brandis.

COCCULUS, DC.
Climbers. Sepals 6, inner 3 larger. Petals 6, shorter than the sepals, entire or 2 -cleft. Male fl.; stamens 6 , free, embraced by the petals. Female fl. Staminodes 6 or 0. Ovaries 3-6. Drupes laterally compressed, style scar nearly basal. Endocarp tuberculate, horse-shoe-shaped.

> Leaves more or less glabrous, suborbicular, long petioled. Flowers in large panicles. Drupe 1 in, in diam. Lueaves ovate, villous. Flowers in short panicles Leaves. oblong or trapezoid, glabrate. Male flowers L. . villosuls. fascicled. Female flowers solitary. Drupe $1 / 12$ to $1 / 6$ in. C. Lecebct.
C. macrocarpus, W. \& A. Prodr. 13 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 101 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 5. Vatoli, vatyel, M. Koukan; North Kanara along banks of rivers and nálás and in moist forests locally abnndant. Fl. Feb. Mch. Fr. May.
C. villosus, DC. Prod. I. 98 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 101 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. $\check{5}$; Brandis For. Fl. 9. Kur'san, zamir, Sind ; vasanvel, M. ; rasandi, Sans. Common in hedges throughout the presidency. Fl. Feb. Mch.
C. Leæba, DC. Prod. I, 99 ; Fl. Br. I, 1. 102 ; Brandis For. Fl. 9. Deccan ; Sind, in dry and arid regions. Fl. throughout the year.

## STEPHANIA, Lour.

Climbing shrubs with peltate leaves. Flowers in axillary, cymose umbels. Male fl. Sepals 6-10. Petals 3-5, fleshy. Anthers 6, connate, at top of staminal column, transversely dehiscent. Female fl. Sepals 3-5. Petals of the male. Ovary 1 ; style 3-6-divided. Endocarp compressed, horse-shoe-shaped, dorsally tubercled; sides perforated.
S. hernandifolia, Walp. Rep. 1. 96 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.103 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 6. Throughout the Konkan and North Kinara, in moist situations. Fl. Aug. Fr. Oct.

CISSAMPELOS, Linn.
Climbers. Leaves peltate. Male fl. : cymose. Sepals 4. Petals 4, connate, forming a 4 -lobed cup. Stamens monadelphous, authers united into a peltate dise, bursting transversely. Female fl.: racemed in the axils of leafy bracts. Perigonium of 2 , 2 -nerved sepals adnate to the bracts. Ovary 1 ; style short, 3-toothed. Endocarp horse-shoeshaped, dorsally tubercled, sides excavated.
C. Pareira, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 103; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 5. Brandis F'or. Fl. 10. Paharvel, paharmul. M. Throughout the presidency; common in hedges. Wl. Mch. Oct.

## CYCLEA, Arnott.

Climbers. Leaves usually peltate. Flowers in axillary panicles. Male fl.: sepals $4-S$, comate into an inflated calyx. Petals 4.8, connate. Anthers 4-6, connate into a peltate disc, crowning the staminal column, bursting transversely. Female fl. Sepal 1. Petal 1. Ovary 1 ; style short, 3 -5-lobed, lobes radiating. Drupe ovoid ; endocarp horse-shoc-shaped, dorsally tubercled, sides 2 -locellate.

> Calyx subglobose, 6-8-lobed. Corolla urceolate $\ldots$... C. Burmanni. Calyx campanulate, 4-lobed. Corolla a 4-lobed cup ... C. peltata.
C. Burmanni, Miers Contrib. III. 239, t. 121 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 104; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 6. Paker, Vern. Hilly parts of the Konkan and gháts, Dalz. Fl. Jany.
C. peltata, H. f. \& T. Fl. Ind. 201 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 104, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 6. Paryel, M. Konkan and North Kánara, in moist forests, from the sea-level upwards. Fl. R.S. Fr. Jany.

## Order 6. CAPPARIDE压

Herbs, shrubs or trees, erect or climbing. Leaves alternate Sepals 4, free or connate. Petals 4, rarely 2 or 0 . Stamens indefinite, 8,6 , or 4 , at the base of or on a long or short gynophore. Dise 0 or tumid or lining the calyx-tube. Ovary sessile or stalked, 1-celled. Fruit capsular or berried. Sceds angled or reniform, exalbuminous.

Climbing, unarmed shrubs.
Fruit moniliform, a long fleshy berry .. ... Marda.
Fruit cylindric, dehiscent ... ... ... ... Cadaba.
Climbing, armed shrubs. Fruit glolose ... ... Capparis.
An unarmed tree. Leaves digitately 3-5-foliate ... Cratava.
M 压RUA, Forsk.
Climbing shrubs. Leaves simple. Flowers corymbose. Calyxtube lined by a dise; lobes 4, valvate. Petals 4 . Stamens numerous inserted high on gynophore, filaments exserted. Ovary long
stalked, 1-celled, ovules many on 2-4 parietal placentas. Berry Heshy, moniliform, 1 or more seeded.
M. arenaria, H. f. \& 'T. Fl. Br. I. 1. $1: 1$; Niebhuria oblongifolia, D.C.; Dalz \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 8. Dhárwár, Gujarat and throughout the Decean, in hedges; absent from the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. and Fr . C.S.

## CRATAVA, L。

Trees. Leaves trifoliate. Flowers large, yellow, in terminal corymbs. Sepals 4, cohering below with the convex disc. Petals 4, long-clawed. Stamens indefinite, filaments filiform, free. Ovary on a long gynophore with 2 placentas bearing numerous ovules Fruit a large berry.
C. religiosa, Forst. ; DC. Prod. 1. 243 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.172 ; Brandis. For. Fl. 16. O. Roxburghii, Br. C. Nurvala. Ham. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 8. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 14. Bitusi, K. ; nirvala, kumla, karwan, M.; varvunna, H. Throughout the presidency, near the bauks of rivers and nálís, in moist shady places, also planted near Mussulman tombs. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. K.S.

CADABA, Forsk.

Shrubs. Leaves simple or trifoliate. Flowers solitary, corymbose or racemed. Sepals 4, unequal. Petals 4-2-0, clawed, hypogynons. Disc spathulate with a tubular claw. Stamens 4-6, unilateral; filaments filiform, exserted, spreading. Ovary-long stalked, 1-celled; ovules many. Fruit fleshy, cylindric, indehiscent or tardily dehiscent.

| Straggling shrubs. | Stamens 4. | Fruit dehiscent | .. | C. indica |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stamens 5. | Fruit indehiscent... | C. | farinosa. |  |  |
| A small rigid tree. | Stamens 5... | ... | ... | I. | C. heterotricha. |

C. indica, Lamk. ; DC. Prod. 1. 244 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.172 ; Dolz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 9. Throaghout the dry districts of the presidency, on old walls and in dry situations. Fl. Jan., Feb.
C. farinosa, Forsk. ; DC. Prod. 1. 244 ; Fl. Br. I, 1. 173. Sind.
C. heterotricha, Stocks in Hook. Ic. Pl. t. 839 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 173. Sind ; on rocks near Cape Monze, Stocks.

CAPPARIS, Linn.
Trees or shrubs, erect or climbing, usually armed with twin stipulary thorns. Leaves simple or 0. Flowers usually large. Sepals 4. Petals 4. Stamens indefinite, filaments filiform. Ovary on gynophore, ovules many. Fruit fleshy, many seeded. Cotyledons convolute. Flowers solitary axillary or 2-3-fascicled.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Flowers, large solitary, white, filaments purple } \quad \text {... C. spinosa. } \\
& \text { Flowers with lower petals yellowish brown } \\
& \text { Flowers blue, lower petals with yellow basal spots ... } \\
& \text { C. }
\end{aligned}
$$


C. spinosa, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 173. Brandis For. Fl. 14 ; C. Murrayanc, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 9 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb, Fl. 9. Caper plant. Kalvari, Sindhi. At Mahábaleshvar, and in most nálás and rivers, but along the gháts as far north as Málsej; Dalzell. Sind, Gujarát, on dry rocks and stony hills. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. Nov.
C. zeylanica, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 174 ; C. brevispina, DC.; W. \& A. Prod. 24 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 9. Wagutty, M. North Kanara; Dbárwár; Western Deccan and Konkan; in hedges and along banks of nálás, also in decidnous forests. Fruit bright scarlet $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. ovoid. Fl. Feb. Fr. R.S.
C. Heyneana, Wall. Cat. 6985 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.174 ; C. furmosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 9. Chayruka, H. Common on the North Kanara and South Konkan gháts, in evergreen forests. Fl. April, May. Fr. R S.
C. divaricata, Lamk. ; DC. Prod. 1. 252 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 174 ; C. stylosrs, D. C. ; Wall. Cat. 6. 980 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 10 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 13. Common all orer the Deccan both on stony ground and on the black soil in "bábul" forests. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. ripe Aug. Leaves often linear.
C. aphylla, Roth. ; DC. Prod. 1. 246. Brandis For. Fl. 14; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 13. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 9; Fl. Br. I. 1. 174. Shipri gidda, K. ; lival, Sind ; ker, Guj. ; kera, M. Sind; Gujarát; Deccan and generally throughout the driest parts of the presidency. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. Sept., Oct.
C. Moonii, Wight I. 11. 35 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 175. Along the North Kánara and Konkan ghats, in evergreen forests. Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. R.S. Flowers large, an ornamental shrub.
C. Roxburghii, DC. Prod. 1. 247 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bornb. Fl. 9 ; FI. Br. I. 1. 175. Poorwi, M. On the gháts, Dalz.; North Kánara; Kumta and Ankola gháts, in evergreen forests. This is probably not distinct from C. Moonii, Wgt.
C. grandis, Linn. f.; DC. Prod. 1. 248 ; Fl. Br. I. 1, 176 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Kanptel. M.; torate, K. : puchounda, Vern. Sparingly found on
the ghats and in the Deccan, Dalz. In the forests of the Dhairwár district bordering on North Kánara, fairly common. Fl. Oct. Fr. C.S.
C. pedunculosa, Wall. Cat. 6. 993 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 176 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 9. Kolisnu, M. Konkan guats; at Mahábaleshvar and in the thickest jungles generally, Dalz.
C. longispina, Hook. f. \& 'I'. Fl. Br. I. 1.176. Along the North Kánara gháts in open situations near evergreeu forests. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. R.S.
C. sopiaria, Linn.; DC. Prod. 1. 247 ; Brandis For. Fl. 15; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bumb. Fl. 10. Kanthar, Guj. Throughout the dry parts of the presidency; very common in hedges and open situations in deciduous torests. Fl. F'eb., May, Fr. R.S.
C. horrida, Linn. f. ; DC. Prod. 1. 246 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 17メ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 10. Brandis For. Fl. 15. Ardanda, H. ; wag, gowindi, M. Throughout the presidency and Sind; common in hedges and in open situations from the sea-level upwards. Fl. Nov., Apl. Fr. R.S.,
C. tenera, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. Bot. II. 41; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 9. Fl. Br. 1. 1. 179. On the southern gháts of North Kanara, in evergreen forests. Fl. April, May. Fr. R.S.

## Order 7. RESEDACE .

Herbs or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Stipules 0 or minute. Flowers spiked or racemose, often polygamous. Calyx 4-7-divided; sepals imbricate in bud. Petals 2-7, entire or lobed, open in bud. Disc often unilateral, conspicuous. Stamens numerous, inserted on the disc. Ovary 1-celled of 2,6 connate carpels, often lobed at the top. Oqules many on 2-6 placentas. Fruit a capsule or berry. Seeds many.

OCHRADENUS, Delile.
Branched shrubs. Leares small linear. Flowers minute. Calyx 5 -partite. Petals 0. Stamens 10-20. Ovary ovoid, 3-beaked; ovules ou 3 placentas. Berry many-seeded; or sometimes seeds few large.

Ochradenus baccatus, Del. Fl. Eg. 15, t. 31, f. I. Fl. Br. I. 1. 182. Sind.

## Order 8. BIXINE尼.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate ; stipules minute or 0 . Flowers regular, l-2-sexual. Stamens usuatly hypogynous; anthers bursting by slits or pores. Disc thick, often glandular. Ovary 1 or fewcelled. Ovules parietal. Fruit dry or fleshy. Seeds albuminous.

| Flowers bisexual. | $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Petals broad, } \\ \text {, },\end{array}\right.$ | Capsule 3, 5 -celled |  |  |  | Cochlospermum Bixa. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Caps |  |  |  |  |
|  | Petals small ... | ... | ... | ... | . | Scolopia. |
| low | Pe |  | ... | ... | ... | Flacourtia. |

Trees or shrubs. Leaves digitately lobed. Flowers large, yellow, lisexual. Sepals 5, deciduous. Petals 5, contorted in bud. Stamens indefinite, inserted on a disc without glands. Ovary with numerous ovules on 3-5 parietal placentas. Capsule 3-5-valved. Seeds cochleate ; testa hard, woolly ; embryo curved.
C. gossypium, DC. Prod. 1. 527 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 190 ; Brandis For. Fl. 17 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 14. Gunglay, gulqul, M.; ganeri, Bhil. In the dry deciduous forests of the Deccan ; common on the Khándesh Sátpudás. Fl. Febe, Apl. Fr. June, July.

## BIXA, L.

A shrub or small tree. Leaves simple ; stipules minute. Flowers in terminal panicles, bisexual. Sepals 5, deciduous. Petals 5, contorted in bud. Anthers opening by 2 terminal pores. Ovary 1-celled; ovules many, on 2 parietal placentas. Capsule loculicidally 2 -valved; placentas on the middle of each valve. Seeds many; testa pulpy, red.
B. Orellana, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 190 ; Brandis For. Fl. 17 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. Ar. Arnotto ; kisri, sendri, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency; indigenous in America. Fl. Sept. Fr. Jany.

## SCOLOPIA, schreber.

Spinous trees. Leaves alternate, entire. Flowers in axillary racemes, small. Sepals 4-6. Petals 4-6, imbricate in bud. Stamens many, connective produced. Ovary 1-celled; ovules few, on 3-4 parietal placentas. Berry $2-4$-seeded. Seeds with long funicles.

Scolopia crenata, Clos. 1. c. 250 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 191 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 15 ; Phoberus crenatus, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 11. North Kánara gháts; gháts south of Rám ghát, Dalz. Common in the forests near Nilkund, North Kánara. Fl. Mch. Fr. ripe Aug.

FLACOURTIA, Commers.
Trees or shrubs, usually spinous. Leaves toothed or crenate. Flowers dicecious. Sepals 4-5, small, imbricate. Petals 0. Stamens numerous, anthers short, versatile. Ovary on a glandular disc. Styles 2 or more, stigmas 2-notched or 2-lobed. Fruit a few-seeded berry. Seeds obovoid, testa coriaceous; cotyledons orbicular.

F. montana, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 10 ; Fl. Br. I. 1, 192 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 10. Han sampige, K. ; attak, champer, M. Konkan, North Kánára, in evergreen forests. Fruit ediblc. Fl. C. S, Fr. April.
F. Cataphracta, Roxb. in Willd. Sp. Pl IV. 830 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 193 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 10. Juggum, Vern. This species given on the authority of the Bombay Flora is said to be found in the Warri country on the banks of rivers.
F. Ramontchi, L. Herit. Stirp. 59, t. 30, 31; Fl. Br. I. 1. 193; Brandis For. Fl. 18 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 16; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 10. Puker, liaker, bhelial, M.; Kanju, H. Throughout the presidency ; sometimes cultivated. Fl. Nov., Mch. Fr. R.S. Aug.
F. sepiaria, Roxb. Cor. PI. I. 48, t. 68 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 194 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 11 ; Brandis For. Fl. 18. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 16. Tambat, Vern. Common in the Deccan towards the gháis. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.

HYDNOCARPUS, Gærtn.
Trees. Leaves alternate, entire or serrate, Flowers solitary or in small racemes, diœcious. Sepals 4-5, imbricate. Petals $5-9$, each with a basal scale or the scales cohering in a cup. Male fl.: stamens 5-8. Female fl. : staminodes 5 or more. Ovary 1-celled ; stigmas 3-5, dilated lobed; ovules many on 3-6 parietal placentas. Fruit globose with a hard rind, many-seeded. Albumen oily.
H. Wightiana, Blume, Rumph. IV. 22 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 196 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 11 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 16. Kastel, kuntel, M. ; toratti, K South Konkan ; North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl. Apl. Fr. R.S. Order 9. Pittosporefe.
Trees. Leaves entire, alternate, exstipulate. Flowers hermaphrodite. Sepals 5. Petals 5, imbricate. Stamens 5, opposite sepals. Ovary 1-celled. Ovules many, parietal or axile. Capsule woody, 2 -valved dehiscent. Seeds in pulp.

PITTOSPORUMI, Banks.
Trees. Leaves quite entire, exstipulate, Petals connate at base. Capsule 1 -celled, 2 -valved. Placenta in middle of each valve. Seeds smooth, in pulp.

$$
\begin{array}{lcccccc}
\text { Glabrous } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { P. foribundum. } \\
\text { Tomentose } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { P. dasycaulon. }
\end{array}
$$

P. floribundum, W. \& A. Prod. 154 ; Fl. Fr. I. 1. 199 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 44 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 17 ; Brandis For. Fl. 19. Yekkadi, M. Konkan and North Kánara, in the ghát forests. Fl. Apl., Sept. Fr. C.S.
P. dasycaulon, Miquel in Herb. Hohenack. 775; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 236. FI. Br. I. 1. 199. Gapsundi, M. Konkan ; North Kánara; Belgaum; common in the evergreen ghát jungles. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Feb., Mch.

## Order 10. TAMARASCINEA.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves scale-like, imbricating. Flowers racemose or paniculate, regular, bisexual. Sepals 5. Petals 5, imbricate. Stamens 5-10, free or connate, inserted on a lobed disc. Ovary syncarpous; ovules numerous. Seeds crested, winged or covered with down. Albumen 0.

## TAIMARIX, Linn.

Flowers white or red. Sepals and petals free. Ovary 1-celled; ovules at bottom of the ovary. Seeds smooth, with a long coma.

| Stamens 5. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flowers in large panicles ... | .... | ... | ... | T. aallica. |
| Flowers in close cylindrical spikes ... ... ... T. dioica, |  |  |  |  |
| Flowers in interrupted spikes. |  |  |  |  |
| Stamens 10 |  | $\ldots$ | ... | T. articulata. |
| Leaves not punctate, sheathing am | plexicaul. | ... | ... | T. ericoides. |
| Leaves punctate, closely sheathing | . ... | ... | ... | T. stricta. |

T. gallica, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 248 ; Brandis For. Fl. 20 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 20. Lei, lai, jhav, Sind. Along the banks of rivers and near the sea-coast of Sind. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. Dec., Mch.
T. dioica, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 22; Fl. Br. I. 1. 249 ; Brandis Hor. Fl. 21 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 20. Guz, láo, jau, Sind. Forms extensive forests along the Indus. Fl. May, July. Fr. C.S.
T. articulata, Vahl. Symb. II. 48, t. 32 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 249 ; Brandis For. Fl. 22 ; Bedd. Fl Sylv. 20. Asieli, Sind. Upper and Middle Sind eastwards to the Jumna.
T. stricta, Boiss. Fl. Or. 1.778; Fl. Br.. I. 1. 249, Sind. Stocks. Fl. May, July. Fr. Sept.
T. ericoides, Rottl. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. Berol. IV. 214, t. 4. Fl. Br. I. 1.249 ; Trichaurus ericoides, W. \& A. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 14. Jao, sarub, sarata, M. Common in the beds of the Kontan and Deccan rivers ; in the Kálánaddi of North Kánara near Sulgeri. Flowers during the cold weather Nov. to Jan. Fr. Feb.

## Order 11. GUTTIFER届.

Trees or shrubs with resinous juice. Leaves simple, opposite, coriaceous. Flowers unisexual or polygamous. Sepals imbricate. Ovary 1 to many-celled. Fruit baccate. Seeds large. Albumen 0.

Embryo a solid tigellus with minute cotyledons or 0 . Calyx of four or five sepals ... ... .. ... Garcinia.
Calyx closed in bud bursting into 2 valves .. ... Ochrocarpus.
Embryo of 2 fleshy cotyledons with a small radicle.
Ovary I-celled, 1-ovuled ... ... ... ... Calophyllum.
Ovary 2-celled, 4-ovuled ... ... ... ... Mesda.

## GARCINIA, Linn.

Trees with yellow juice. Leaves evergreen. Flowers axillary or terminal, often fascicled, polygamous. Sepals 4, 5 decussate. Petals 4, 5, imbricate. Stameus of male flower many. Ovary of female or hermaphrodite flower 2 to 12 -celled. Ovales 1 in each cell, attached to the inner wall. Fruit a berry.

[^0]G. indica, Chois. in DC. Prod. 1. 561 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 261 ; G. purpurea, Roxb. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 81 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. '21. Murgal, K.; bhairnd, ratamba, M. ; kolum, H. Wild mangosteen of the English and brindon of the Portuguese. North Kánara and South Konkan, in evergreen forests; often planted. Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. ripe Apl., May.
G. Cambogia, Desrouss. in Lamk. Encyel. III. 701 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 261 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 85. Oopagi mara, K On the southern ghats of North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl. cold and hot seasons. Fr. ripe R.S.
G. Morella, Desrouss. in Lamk. Encycl. III. 701 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 264 ; G. pictoria, Roxb. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 87. Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 86. Arsina gurgi, hardala, K. In the Siddápur táluka evergreen forests of North Kánara. Fl. Nov. Fr. ripe Feb., Mch. G. pictoria, Roxb., is probably distinct from $G$. Morella, Desrouss. The staminodes and stigmas of the flowers are different. It is common in the North Kánara evergreen forests.
G. Xanthochymus, H. f. F1. Br. I. 1. 269; Xanthochymus pictories, Roxb. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 88 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 31. Janagi; deavkai, K. Abuodant in the evergreen forests of North Kánara. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. ripe C.S.
G. ovalifolia, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 1. 269 ; Xanthochymus ovalifolius. Roxb. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 21 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 31. Haldi, M.; tawir, Vern. Var. 3, macrantha, is common on the Gairsoppah ghát. Fl. Jany. Erergreen forests of North Kánara and Konkan gháts. Fl. H.S. Fr. C.S.

OCHROCARPUS, Thouars.
Evergreen trees. Leaves opposite or 3 -verticellate. Calyx opening into 2 or 3 valves. Petals 4-7. Stamens indefinite. Berry 1-4-seeded.
O. longifolius, Benth. \& H. f. Gen. Plant. 1. 980 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 89 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.270 ; Calysaccion longifolium, Wgt. Ic. t. 1999 ; Dalz\& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 32, Wundy, punay, surungi, suragi, K.; gardundy, Vern. North Kánara and Konkan evergreen ghát forests. Fl. Mch. Fr. R.S.

CALOPHYLLUM, Linn.
Evergreen trees. Leaves opposite, shining, with numerous parallel veins at right angles to midrib. Sepals and petals $41-12$, imbricate. Stamens numerous. Ovules solitary, erect. Fruit a drupe.
Petals 4. Tree quite glabrous...
Young parts tomentose
Petals $3-0 .$.
....
....
C. inophyllum, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 273 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 22 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 31. Undi, M.; vuma, hona, K. Common along the banks of rivers near the coast; also commonly planted or indigenous along the coast from Bombay solthwards, Fl. Dec. Fr. H.S.
C. tomentosum, Wgt. Ic. t. 110 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 274 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 22 ; C. angustifolium, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 32 ; of Roxb. (?). C. elatum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 1. c. 22. Poon spar tree. Nagari, M. ; surhoni, K. In many of the ghát evergreen forests of North Kánara. Common on the Nilkund and Gairsoppah gháts; attains a great size. Fl. H.S. Fr. July. The prominent close set veins on both surfaces of the leaves are characteristic.
C. Wightianum, Wall. Cat. 4847 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.274 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 90 ; C. sFurium, Choisy; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 32. Bobbi, M.; Irai, K. Very common along the banks of North Kánara rivers; it has a very characteristic yellow bark. Fl. Dec. Fr. Mch.

## MESUA, L,

Trees. Leaves opposite, rigidly coriaceous, veins inconspicuous, very numerous. Flowers large, polygamous, of hermaphrodite axillary solitary. Sepals and petals 4 each, imbricate. Stamens numerous, free or connate at the base. Ovary 2-celled; style long, stigma peltate. Ovules 2 in each cell, erect. Fruit woody, 1-4seeded; seeds with a thin fragile testa.
M. ferrea, Linn. Fl. B. I. 1. 277 ; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 31. M1. coromandelina, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 64. Nagchampa, M. ; nagasampige, K. Sparingly throughout the evergreens of North Kánara and South Konkan. Fl. Mch. Fr. May. Very ornamental when in full bloom.

## Order 12. TERNSTRGEMIACE㠪.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves simple, alternate, usually coriaceous. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite or rarely unisexual. Sepals 5, rarely 4-7, free or slightly connate. Petals 5, rarely 4-9. Stamens numerous, free or shortly connate at the base, usually adnate to the base of the deciduous corolla. Ovary free, sessile 3-5-celled; styles as many, free or connate ; ovules 2 or many in each cell. Fruit baccate or capsular. Seeds few or numerous, placentas asile. Albumen scanty or 0 .

Fruit a berry ; albumen fleshy. Anthers basifixed ... ...EURYA.
Fruit a capsule ; albumen 0. Anthers versatile ...
EURYA, Thunb.
Shrubs. Leaves crenate-serrate. Flowers dimeious in axillary fascicles, bracteoles persistent. Sepals 5. Petals 5 united at the base. Stamens 15 or less. Ovary usually 3 -celled. Styles 3 , free or united; ovules many in the inner angle of each cell. Fruit a berry. Albumen fleshy.
E. japonica, Thunb. Fl. Jap. 191, t. 25 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 92 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 284. Konkan, Stocks. Fl. May, Sept.

GORDONIA, Ellis.
Evergreen trees. Leaves usually crenate. Flowers large, white, fragrant, solitary axillary or collected at the ends of the branches,

2-4 bracteolate. Sepals usually 5, unequal, graduating from the bracts to the petals. Petals free, the innermost larger. Stamens 5 -adelphous or all connate, adnate to the petals. Ovary 3-5 celled : stigma stout, spreading ; ovules 4-8 in each cell. Capsule oblong, woody angled, dehiscent. Seeds flat-winged, albumen 0.
G. obtusa, Wall. Cat. 1459 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 291 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 83. Konkan gháts.

## Order 13. DIPTEROCARPE E.

Resinous trees or climbing shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple. Stipules usually small. Flowers regular, bisexual, sweet-scented. Calyx 5-lobed; 2 or more segments accrescent in fruit. Petals 5. Stamens pentamerous. Connective often aristate. Ovary 1-3celled. Ovves 2 in each cell, pendulous, laterally affixed or erect. Fruit winged. Seeds 1-2.

> Calyx much enlarged in fruit.
> Calyx in fruit with a distinct tube, wings 2 , erect ...Dipterocarpus.
> Wings 5, unequal, spreading ... ... ... .. Ancistrocladus. Calyx in fruit with an obscure tube.
> Fruit 3-5-winged ... ... ... ... ...Shorea,
> Fruit 2-winged ... ... ... ... ... Hopea.
> Calyx not winged in fruit ... ... ... ...Vateria.

DIPTEROCARPUS, Gaertn.
Large trees, stellately pubescent. Leaves coriaceous simple, stipules large valvate enclosing the terminal bud. Flowers large, racemed. Calyx-tube free. Petals pubescent externally. Stamens numerous. Ovary 3 -celled ; ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit 1 -seeded. enclosed in the calyx-tube, free ; wings 2 , erect.
D. turbinatus, Gaertn. f. Fruct. III. 51, t. 188; FI. Br. I. 1. 295; D. indicus, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 94. Woodoil tree. Challane, K. On the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests ; common on the Gairsoppah ghát. Fl. Dec., Jan. Fr. ripe May. Certainly indigenous.

## ANCISTROCLADUS, Wall.

Climbing shrubs with circinately hooked branches. Leaves coriaceous, entire. Flowers in terminal or lateral panicles. Calyxtube short; lobes unequally enlarged. Stamens $5-10$. Ovary 1 celled, inferior ; styles 3, articulated to rounded disc ; ovule solitary. Fruit crowned with the accrescent calyx wings.
A. Heyneanus, Wall. Cat. 7262 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 229 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 34. Kardor, kurdul, M. On the gháts of the Konkan and North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl. Mch. Fr. April.

SHOREA, Roxb.
Resinous trees. Leaves entire. Flowers bracteate, in lax cymose panicles. Calyx-tube short, adnate to the torus, all seg-
ments enlarged in fruit. Stamens indefinite, connective subulate, produced. Ovary 3 -celled, ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit enclosed in the winged calyx. Seed 1, cotyledons fleshy.
S. Talura, Roxb. Fl. Ind. UI. 618 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 304; S. laccifera, Heyne; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 26. In the evergreen forests of the Sirsi tallaka of North Kánara, rare. Fl. Jan. Fr. April.

HOPEA, Roxb.
Resinous trees. Leaves entire, firm. Flowers in lax panicles of unilateral racemes. Calyx-tube very short, segments imbricate. Petals connate, deciduous. Stameus 15, conuective long cuspidate. Ovary 3 -celled, cells 2 -ovuled. Nut 1 -seeded, 2 -winged.
H. Wightiana, Wall. Cat. 6295 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 309 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 9 (\%. Haiga, K.;kavsi, M. Common aloug the banks of the North Kánara ghát rivers and nálás. Fl. Mch., June. Fr. R.S.

## VATERIA, L.

Resinous trees. Leaves entire, firm. Flowers usually paniculate. Calyx with a short tube adnate to the torus, divisions scarcely accrescent in fruit. Stamens 15. Ovary 3-celled, cells 2-ovuled. Fruit ovoid 1-seeded, seated on the reflexed calyx. Cotyledons thick unequal, radicle superior.
V. indica, L. Fl. Br. I. 1, 313 ; V. malabarica, Blame; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 84. Piney varnish tree; Indian copal tree. Dhupada, K. On the southern gláts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests; commonly planted along road sides in the North Kánara district. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. R.S.

## Order 14. MALVACE屈

Soft wooded shrubs or trees. Leaves simple, rarely compound, alternate, often palminerved. Bracteoles 3 or more. Sepals 5valvate. Petals 5 twisted-imbricate. Stamens numerous monadelphous. Anthers 1-celled. Ovary 2, many celled. Fruit of dry cocci, dehiscent or indehiscent. Albumen scanty, often mucilaginous or 0 .


## DECASCHISTIA, W. \& A

Shrubs. Leaves entire or lobed. Flowers large. Bracteoles 10. Styles 10, connate below. Capsule loculicidally 10 -valved, hispid.
D. trilobata, Wgt. Ic. t. 88 ; Fl Br. I. 1.332 ; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 21. On the Konkan and the Supa gháts of North Kanara, in open situations. Fll. Oct., Nov. Fr. C.S.

HIBISCUS, Medik.
Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves stipulate. Inflorescence axillary. Bracteoles 5 or more. Calyx $\bar{e}$-divided, valvate, sometimes spathaceous. Styles 5, connate below. Fruit a capsule, loculicidally 5 -valved.

Climbing prickly shrub. Bracteoles forked at apex ...H. furcutus. Bracteoles more than 5 free or comnate at base. Capsule small hispid. Seeds glabrescent ... ... ...H. collinus. Tree. Bracteoles connate at base. Capsule spuriously 10 -celled. Seeds pilose ... ... ... ... ...H. tiliaceous.
H. furcatus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 204 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 335 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 19. Common in many of the North Kánara and Konkan moist forests. Fl. Jany., Feb. Fr. H.S.
H. collinus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. LII. 198; Fl. Br. I. 1. 338. Konkan Fl. Br. I. Fl. R.S.
H. tiliaceous, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 343 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 29 ; Paritium tiliaceun, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 17. Konkan and North Kánara, along the sea-coast; also along the banks of tidal rivers, near the sea. Fl. Jany. Fr. Mch., Apl. "The flowers yellow in the morning turn red in the afternoon." Bedd.

## THESPESIA, Corr.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire or lobed. Inflorescence axillary. Bracteoles 5-8, deciduous. Calyx truncate, 5-toothed or 5-partite. Corolla large, yellow. Staminal tube 5 -toothed at apex. Ovary 4 .-5-celled; style club-shaped, 5 -farrowed; ovules few in each cell. Capsule dehiscent or indehiscent. Seeds glabrous or tomentose.

A shrub. Leaves lobed. Seeds glabrescent ...
A tree. Le. T.
Leaves entire. Sampas.
Seeds pilose or powdery
..
T. populnea.
T. Lampas, Dalz. \& Gils. Bomb. Fll. 19 ; Fl. 8 Br. 1. 1. 345. Ranbhendy, M. In the Konkan and North Kánara forests from the sea-level upwards. Very common. Fl. Aug., Oct. Fr. Nov., Dec.
T. populnea, Corr. in Ann. Mus. IX. 290 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.345 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 150 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 63. Bhendy, tulip or Portia tree. Along the sea-shores of the Konkan and North Kánara; often cul. tivated as a road-side tree. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.

## GOSSYPIUM, L.

Herbs, shrubs or low trees. Leaves palmately lobed. Flower large yellow with a purple centre or all purplish. Bracteoles 3, large leafy, cordate, black glandular dotted like the calyx. Calyx cup-shaped, truncate or 5 -toothed. Petals convolute or spreading.

Ovary 5-celled; style clavate 5 -grooved with 5 stigmas; ovules many in each cell. Capsule 3 -5-valved. Seeds clothed with woolly hairs; cotyledons leafy, black-dotted.
G. Stocksii, Mast. Fl. Br. I. 1.346. Limestone rocks on the coast of Sind ; also near Karáchi. Fl. Dec., Jany. Fr. Feb., Mch. G. herbaceum, Linn., G. barbadense, Linn., and G. arboreum, Linn., are cultivated species.

## KYDIA, Roxb.

Trees. Leaves palminerved, usually lobed. Flowers unisexual. Calyx 5-lobed, persistent, surrounded at the base with the 4-6 leafy bracteoles, which are accrescent in fruit. Petals 5, longer than calyx attached to the base of the staminal column. Stamens monadelphous; the tube divided into 5 divisions, each bearing 3 anthers, which are imperfect in the female flower. Ovary $2-3$-celled ; style 3 -cleft ; stigmas 3 , peltate, imperfect in the male flower; ovules 2 in each cell. Capsule subglobose, 3 -valved. Seeds reniform, furrowed. Young leaves, branches, inflorescence, capsule, \&c., covered with a grey stellate tomentum.

K calycina, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 188 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 348 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 24 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 3 ; Brandis For. Fl. 29. Warung, iliya, M.; bellaka, K. Common in deciduous forests on the North Kánara and Konkan gháts. Fl. July, Nov. Fr. Jany. Yields a strong fibre.

## ADANSONIA, L.

Tree with a very thick trunk at the base. Leaves digitate, deciduous. Flowers axillary, large, pendulous, long peduncled. Calyx 5-cleft, 2-bracteolate. Petals 5. Staminal tube cylindrical. dividing above into numerous filaments. Ovary ovoid, silky-tomentose ; style filiform, bent after flowering. Fruit a pendulous capsule with mealy pulp.
A. digitata, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 348 ; Brandis For. Fl. 30; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 9. Goniti chentz, M.; goruk amla, H. Baobab, monkey bread tree. Cultivated in many parts of the presidency. Fl. May, June.

## BOMBAX, L.

Trees. Leaves digitate, deciduous. Flowers axillary or subterminal. Calyx cup-shaped, truncate or 5-7-lobed. Petals large, scarlet, obovate. Stamens pentadelphous and divided into numerous filaments. Ovary 5 -celled, stigmas 5 ; ovules many in each cell. Capsule 5 -valved, woolly within. Seeds woolly.
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Leaflets } & 5-7 . & \text { Stamens } 75 & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text { Leaflets } 7 \text { 7.9. } & \text { Calyx prickly. } & \text { Stamens about } 600 & \text {... } & \text { B. insigne. }\end{array}$
B. malabaricum, DC. Prod. 1. 479 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.349 ; Brandis For. Fl. 31 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 32 ; Salmatia malabarica, Schott. Dalz. \& Gibs,

Bomb. Fl. 22. The cotton tree. Burla, sauri, K. ; sayar, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. Apl., May. Ovary green, glabrous.
B. insigne, Wall. Pl. Asiat. Rar. 1. 71, t. 79, 80 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 349. North Kánara, in deciduous forests, common on the Kyga ghát. Fl. Feb. Mch. Fr, Apl. Ovary red, tomentose.

## ERIODENDRON, DC.

Trees. Leaves digitate. Flowers tufted at the ends of the branches, or axillary. Staminal bundles 5, each bearing 2-3 sinuous or linear anthers. Ovary 5 -celled; style cylindrical dilated, stigma obscurely 5 -lobed; ovules many in each cell. Capsule 5 -valved, silky within. Seeds with silky hairs.
E. anfractuosum, DC. Prod. 1. 479; Fl. Br. I. 1. 350 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 22 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 30. Shameula, kutsavar, Vern. Khándesh, Dalz. Fl. H.S.

## Order 15. STERCULIACEX.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves stipulate, alternate, simple or digitate. Flowers regular, uni or bisexual. Petals 5 or 0 . Stamens monadelphous indefinite or definite, or free and definite, with or without alternating staminodes. Ovary free, 2 - 5 -celled, rarely 1 carpel. Fruit dry or fleshy dehiscent or indehiscent.


## STERCULIA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves simple, palmately lobed or digitate. Flowers polygamous. Calyx tubular, often coloured. Petals 0 . Ovary of $4-5$, sessile or stalked carpels. Ovules 2 or more in each. Follicles woody or membranous. Seeds albuminous, rarely winged.

Follicles woody. Seeds not winged

| Leaves digitate | ... | ... | ... | ... | S. fotidas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Leaves palmately lobed. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carpels bristly... ... | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | ... | S. urens. |
| Carpels rusty villous ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | S. villos |
| Leaves simple 1-nerved | ... | ... | ... | ... | S. guttata. |
| Follicles membranous | ... | ... | ... | ... | ta. |
| Seeds winged ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | S, alata. |

S. fœtida, Linn.; DC. Prod. 1. 483 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 354 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 31. Jungle badam, H. Konkan. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. C.S.
S. urens, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 145 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.355 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 231 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 32; Brandis For. Fl. 33. Karai, landol, saldawar, M. ; kurda, ľalauri, Vern. Kud in the Sátpudás of Khándesh. In the Deccan districts, in dry deciduous forests; often associated with Boswellia in the Khándesh Sátpudás; near the coast on rocky soil in the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Jany. Fr. Apl. May.
S. villosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 153 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.355 ; Brandis For. Fl. 22 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 22. Sarda, M. ; savaya, K. In deciduous forests from Gujarát southwards to North Kánara. Fl. Dec., Jany. Fr. H.S., R.S.
S. guttata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III, 148 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 355 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 105 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 23. Kookur, goldar, looketi, M. ; happu savaga, K. Throughout the forests of the Konkan and North Kánara usually in or near moist evergreens. Fl. Jany. Fr. ripe R.S.
S. colorata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 146. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 359 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 32 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl 23. Kowsey, M. ;haikoi, khavae, khanshi, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, nowhere abundant. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. May, June.
S. alata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 152; Fl. Br. I. 1. 360 ; S. Haynir, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 230. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara at the foot of the Burboli ghát, apparently rare. The winged seeds are characteristic. Ripe fruit C.S.

## HERITIERA, Ait.

Trees. Leaves simple, silvery scaly beneath. Calyx 4-7 cleft. Petals 0. Staminal column slender bearing a single ring of 5 anthers. Ovary carpels 5, 1 ovule in each. Fruit woody, keeled or winged on back.
H. littoralis, Dryand. in DC. Prod. 484 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 363 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 22 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 33. Along the banks of the Kálanadi and near the coast of North Kánara at Kárwár, but nowhere abundant. Fl, R.S. Fr. Jany ; remains long on tree.

## KLEINHOVIA, Linn.

Tree. Leaves entire, palminerved. Inflorescence terminal. Sepals deciduous. Petals 5 unequal. Staminal column dilated into a 5 -fid cup. Stamens 15. Ovary 5-celled. Capsule membranous inflated, loculicidally 5 -valred. Seeds; tubercled.
K. Hospita, Linn. ; DC. Prod. 1. 488; Fl. Br. I. 1. 364 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 23 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 33 . Southern Konkan, Nimmo (a doubtfal native, Dalz.)

HELICTERES, Linn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple. Calyx tubular, 5 -fid. Petals 5 , clawed. Staminal column adnate to gynophore. Authers 5-10. Ovary 5 -lobed, ŏ-celled. Carpels dehiscent, spirally twisted.
H. Isora, Isora, Linn. ; Roxb. Fl. Ind. ILI. 143 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 365 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 22 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 33 ; Brandis For. Fl. 34. Kevani, muradsing, M.; kavargi, K.; murrori-ka-jhar, H. Throughout the forests of the presidency ; abundant in many of the North Kánara ghát forests. Yields a strong fibre. Fl. Aug., Dec. F'r, ripe Mch.

## PTEROSPERIMUM, Schreb.

Trees or shrubs, scaly or stellate tomentose. Leaves leathery, oblique, simple or lobed. Bracteoles entire or laciniate, persistent or caducous. Sepals and petals 5 each, deciduous. Staminal column short, adnate to the gynophore. Filamented anthers in 3 s between each pair of 5 ligulate staminodes. Connective apiculate, Capsule loculicidally 5 -valved. Seeds winged. Albumen thin or 0 .

| Bracteoles linear entire, caducous | ... |  | suberifolium. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bracteoles lacinate or palmately lobed. | $\cdots$ |  | $P$. acerifolium |
| Bracteoles pinnatisect, segments linear |  |  | $P$. reticulatum. |
| Bracteoles deeply gashed |  |  | P. Heyneanum. |

P. suberifolium, Lam. Ill. t. 576, f. II. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 367 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 24 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 34. Muchucuda, Vern. Southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests, also in the Konkan forests. Fl. C.S.
P. acerifolium, Willd.; D.C. Prod. 1.500; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 35 ; Brandis For. Fl. 35. On the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests, abundant on the Devimone ghát. Fl. C.S. Fruit remains long on tree.
P. reticulatum, W. \& A. Prod. 1. 69; Fl. Br. I. 1. 369 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 34. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara near the Falls of Gairsoppah, rare. Flowers during the cold weather, the ripe fruit remains long on the tree.
P. Heyneanum, Wall. Cat. 1. 169 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 369 ; Bedd. FI. Sylv. 34. P. Lawianum, Nimmo. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 24. Dhárwár and southern gháts, Dalz. Fl. C.S.

Trees. Leaves simple or lobed, cordate, downy or stellately tomentose beneath. Flowers on axillary few flowered peduncles. Bracteoles 3-5, often laciniate. Calyx deeply 5-cleft. Petals flat with a broad tomentose claw. Stamens numerous, all fertile, monadelphous, in many rows, the outer gradually shorter. Style 1, stigma 10-lobed. Capsule woody, 5-10-celled, loculicidal. Seeds numerous in each cell, winged above.

E. Stocksii, H. f. \& T. ms. Fl. Br. I. 1. 370. Konkan, Stocks.
E. Hookeriana, W. \& A. Prod. 70 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 370 ; Bedd. Fl• Sylv. 35 ; Brandis For. Fl. 36. Konkan, and in the dry forests of the Satpudás, Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. C.S.
E. Candollei, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. 1. 51, t. 64 ; Cat. 1175 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 370 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 24. Hadang, K. Throughout the deciduous forests of North Kánara; Belgaum and Konkan. Wood much used in the constraction of country carts. Fl. H.S. F1. C.S.
E. quinquelocularis, Wgt. Ic. t. 882 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 37 L ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 35. In the forests of the Konkan and Belgaum gháts. Fl. July.

## GUAZUMA, Plum.

A tree. Leaves simple, tomentose. Flowers in axillary cymes. Sepals 5, at first spathaceous. Petals 5, concare at the base, prolonged at apex into 2 narrow processes. Stamens 10 connate into a column, tubular below, above of 5 fertile 3 -antheriferous filaments, opposite the petals and 5 lanceolate staminodes opposite the sepals : anther lobes divergent. Ovary sessile, 5 -lobed, 5 -celled ; orules numerous in each cell. Capsule woody tubercled.
G. tomentosa, Kunth, DC. Prod. 1. 485 ; FI, Br. I. 1.375 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 107. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 10. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. C.S.

## Order 16. TILIACE届.

Mostly trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple or lobed. Stipules deciduous. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite or unisexual. Sepals 3-5, valvate. Petals free, equal in number to sepals. Stamens numerous, rarely defnite, springing from a dilated torus. Ovary free, 2-10-celled, placentation axile. Fruit fleshy or dry, 2-10 celled. Seeds albuminous or exalbuminous.


GREWIA, Linn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire, often 3-nerved. Flowers axillary or terminal. Sepals 5 distinct. Petals clawed, glandular at base, sometimes wanting. Stamens numerous on raised torus. Ovary 2.4-celled; stigma shortly lobed. Fruit a drupe, fleshy
or fibrous, entire or 2 -4-lobed; stones 1 or more soeded. Cotyledons flat ; albumen fleshy or 0 .

Inflorescence terminal or extra axillary.
Scandent. Leaves asperous, 3 -nerved. Drupe glabrescent of 4 separate flattened lobes ... .... G. umbellifera $^{2}$
Erect shrub. Leaves scabrous. Drupe 4-lobed, bristly ... G. columnaris.
Scandent. Leaves glabrescent. Drupe globose scarcely lobed, yellow, pilose ...
G. orientalis.

Scandent. Leaves thinly stellate hairy beneath. Drupe 1-celled, 1-seeded ... ... ... ...
Scandent. Leaves scabrous. Drupe deeply 4 -lobed, lobes 1 -seeded, reddish, glabrous $\ldots \ldots$... $\ldots$
Diffuse shrub. Leaves small, glabrous. Drupe small, 2-lobed, orange-red G. umbellata.

Inflorescence axillary.
Leaves boary beneath.
Shrub. Leaves pubescent on both sides, 5 -nerved. Drupe slightly 2 -lobed, grey...
... G. orbiculata.
Tree. Leaves often lobed, 3 -5-nerved, stipules falcate auricled. Drupe 1-4.lobed, black ... ... G.tiliafolia.
Tree, Leaves roundish, tomentose, 5 -nerved; stipules subacute. Drupes subturbinate, 1-2-celled...
G. asiatica.

Leaves not hoary beneath.
Shrub. Leaves scabrous. Drupe globose, long pedicellate, rind crustaceous, hairy, 1-4-lobed size of pea, stones pitted
G. pilosa.

Shrub. Leaves 5 -nerved, rugose abovo, villous beneath. Drupe globose, rind crustaceous, 1-4-lobed, size of cherry, red, pilose
G. villosa.

Drupe fleshy didymous.
Tree. Leaves glabrous lanceolate, serrate. Drupe small, 2-lobed, black ...
Drupes fleshy, 1-4-lobed.
Tree. Leaves glabrescent. Drupe deeply 4-lobed, pur plish .... Leaves scabrous. Drupes yellow, subglobose, obscurely 4 -lobed, size of a large pea
Shrub. Leaves glabrescent, or pilose above, densely tomentose beneath. Drupe glabrescent, size of a small cherry, 4-lobed .... ... ... ...
Shrub. Leaves velvetty beneath. Flowers polygamous. Drupe 4-lobed, hairy, brownish, $\frac{1}{2}$-inch
Inflorescence terminal, panicled. Leaves glabrescent. Drupe entire, size of pea, glabrous
... G. Microcos.
G. umbellifera, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 37; Fl. Br. I. 1. 393. This is a large scandent shrub, the stem of which is covered with blunt thorns. Albumen fleshy, white, copious. Common along the North Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests. Flowers during the rainy season. Fruit ripe in February.
G. columnaris, Sm. ; DO. Prod. 1. 510 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 383 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26. North Kánara, in evergreen forests; mentioned in Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl., but no locality is given. It is also found on the Bababaden hills of Mysore. Fl. H.S. Fr. Oct.
G. orientalis, Linn. ; DC. Prod. 1. 50 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.384 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb, FI. 26. Southern gháts, Dalz.; also on the Bababuden hills at $3,000 \mathrm{ft}$. elevation. Fl. June. Fr. Sept., Oct.
G. umbellata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 591; Fl. Br. I. 1. 385. Konkan.
G. heterotricha, Mast Fl. Br. I. 1. 385. A lofty climber, common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara from Ainshi southwards, not a tree. Fl. C.S. Fr. H.S.
G. populifolia, Vahl. DC. Prod. 1. 511 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 385 ; Brandis For. Fl. 38. Gingo, Vern. ; gungo in Sind. Throughout the dry districts of the presidency and Sind. Fl. Fr. Sept., Oct. in the Dhárwár district.
G. salvifolia, Heyne in Roth. Nov. Sp. 239; Fl. Br. I. 1. 386. Dry forests near Bádámi, Bijápur district. Fl. June. Fr. Sept., Oct. Perhaps not distinct from G. excelsa, Vahl.
G. orbiculata, Rottl. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. Berol. 1803, 205 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 386. Konkan.
G. tiliæfolia, Vahl. Symb. 1. 35 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 386 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv, 37 ; Brandis For. Fl. 41. Dadsal, butale, K.; dhamani, M. Throughout the deciduous forests of the presidency, common in North Kánara, where it attains a large size. Wood elastic, valuable for carriage shafts. Flowers during May. Fruit ripe during rainy season.
G. asiatica, L.; W. \& A. Prod. 1. 79 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 386 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26 ; Braudis For. Fl. 40 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 37. Dhamin phalsa, H. Poona district, also cultivated. Fl. Feb., Mch, Fr. May, June.
G. pilosa, Lam. Dict. III, 43 ; FI. Br. I. 1. 388 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26 ; Brandis For. Fl. 39. Throughout the presidency, in deciduous forests. Fl. May, July Fr. Sept., Oct.
G. villosa, Willd. in Nov. Act. Nat. Cur. Berol, 1803, 205. Fl. Br. I. 1. 388 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 25; Brandis For. Fl. 39. Throughout the presidency, in the dry districts. Fl. June, Sept.
G. $1 æ$ vigata, Vahl. Symb. 1. 34 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 389. Brandis For. Fl. 42 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 37. North Kannara and Konkan near village sites and in deciduous forests, not common. FI. R.S. Fr. R.S., C.S.
G. Ritchiei, Mast. Fl. Br. I. 1. 389. Konkan gháts.
G. abutilifolia, Juss. in Ann. Mus. IV. 92 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.390 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 37. Throughout the presidency, common in North Kánara along nálás and in moist shady places. Flowers in June. Fruit on deflexed villous pedicils ripe, August April.
G. hirsuta, Vahl. Symb. 1. 34 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 391. Dhárwár district, in deciduous open forest, common. Fl. Aug. Fr. C.S.
G. polygama, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 588 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.391 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26 ; Brandis For. Fl. 42. Gowli, Vern. Along the gháts from Bombay southwards. Fl. July., Aug. Fr. Nov., Dec.
G. Microcos, L. ; DC. Prod. 1. 510 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 392 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 26. Shirul, asólin, M. Common in evergreen forests throughout the Konkan_and North Kínara. Fl. Fr, R,S.

## ERINOCARPUS, Nimmo.

A tree. Leaves cordate, toothed, 5-7-nerved. Flowers large, yellow, in terminal panicles. Sepals 5. Petals 5, clawed. Stamens many on a raised torus, free, or united at the base. Ovary 3 -celled, cells 2 -ovuled, stylo filiform, stigma minute. Fruit woody, triangular, spiny, 1 -celled, indehiscent. Seed pendulous, albumen fleshy.
E. Nimmoanus, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 21. Fl. Br. I. 1. 394 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 27 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 110. Chor, choura, chira, halatl, M. ; arlwi bhendy, K. Throughout the presidency, common in North Kánara and Konkan deciduous forests. Fl. Sept, Oct. Fr. C.S.

FLЖOCARPUS, Linn.
Trees. Leaves simple, alternate. Flowers in axillary racemes, generally bisexual. Sepals 5. Petals 5, fringed or lobed, inserted round the base of the thick glandular disc. Stamens numerons, inserted on the disc between the glands; anthers linear, opening by a terminal pore. Ovary sessile, $2-5$-celled; style columnar. Fruit a drupe with a bony stone, 1-5-celled. Sceds pendulous, 1 in each cell, albumen fleshy.

Drupe 5-celled, 5-seeded ... ... ... E. Ganitrus.
Drupe 1 -seeded.
Petiole glandular at apex. Anthers tipped with a few hairs, Drupe oblong, slightly falcate … .... E. serratus.
Petiole glandular. Drupe ovoid, straight. Anthers without hairs ...
... E. oblongus.
Anthers with a long awn.
Stamens 70. Awns erect ... ... ... E. tuberculatus.
Stamens 50. Awns erect ... ... ... E. aristatus.
Stamens 20. Awns a length reflexed ... ... E. Munroii,
E. Ganitrus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 11. 592 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 400 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 27 ; Brandis For. Fl. 43 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 38. Rudrack, H. On the higher gháts of the Konkan, Dalz. Fl. C.S.
E. serratus, L. ; W. \& A. Prod. 1. 82 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 401 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 38. Brandis For. Fl. 43. On the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests, common near the Falls of Gairsoppah. Fl. O.S. Fr. Apl.
E. oblongus, Gaertn.; W. \& A. Prod. 82 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 403 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 27 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 38. Khas, M. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests. The North Kánara tree has the petiole and nerves underneath more or less covered with reddish tomentum. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. R.S.
E. tuberculatus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 594 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 404 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. CXIII. Monocera tuberculata, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Boml. Fl. 27. Southern gháts of the presidency from Belgaum southwards in evergreen forests. Fl. Jany. Fr. R.S.
E. aristatus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 55̃9 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 405. Konlaa and Nortl Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests. Fl. Apl. Fr. August.
E. Munroii, Mast. Fl. Br. I. 1. 407. E. glandulifera, Hook. f. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 38. Konkan, Stocks. Fl, Scpt., Oct. Fr. C.S.

## Order 17. LINEA.

Herbs or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple, entire. Inflorescence various. Flowers regular, bisexual. Sepals 5, free or connate below, imbricate. Petals 5, usually caducuous, often contorted. Stamens 4-5 with as many staminodes, or $8-10$, filaments united at the base into a ring. Glands 5 , entire or 2-lobed, usually adnate to the staminal ring or obsolete. Ovary entire $3-5$-celled ; styles $3-5$, free or more or less connate, stigmas terminal. Ovules 1-2 in each cell, inserted in the inner angle, pendulous. Fruit usually splitting into 3-5cocci, rarely a drupe. Seeds 1-2 in each cell, testa sometimes winged albumen fleshy or 0 .

## HUGONIA, L.

Climbing, tomentose shrubs, with woody tendrils. Leaves alternate, serrate, stipulate. Inflorescence of yellow flowers, lower peduncles converted into spiral hooks. Sepals 5. Petals 5. Stamens 10 with glandular swellings on the basal ring between the filaments. Ovary 5-celled ; styles 5, filiform; ovules 2, collateral in each cell. Drupe globose. Seeds compressed, albuminous.
H. Mystax, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 1. 413 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 17. From the Konkan southwards near the sea-coast atVengurla, not observed in North Kánara. Fl. Fr. Aug.

## Order 18. MALPIGHIACE .

Climbing shrubs. Leaves epposite, entire. Calyx often with sessile glands. Petals 5, usually clawed. Stamens 10. Ovary 3-celled. Cells each 1 seeded. Fruit of 1 or more winged samaras.

> Styles 1-2. Calycine gland 1, large, adnate to pedicil ... Hiptage. Styles 3. Calycine glands 0. ... ... ... ... ... Aspidopterys.

HIPTAGE, Gærtn.
Climbing shrubs. Leaves opposite. Stipules 0. Flowers white. fifth petal coloured. Calyx 5 -partite ; glands large, adnate to pedicil. Fruit of 1-3, 2-3-winged samaras.
H. Madablota, Gærtn. Fruct. II. 169. t. 116 ; FJ. Br. I. 1.418 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 33 ; Brandis For. Fl. 44. Haladwail, M. Bokhi, utimulita, Vern. Throughout the presidency near water-courses and moist places. Fl. Fr. Jan. Feb.

## ASPIDOPTERYS, A. Juss.

Climbing shrubs. Leaves opposite, eglandular. Flowers small, yellow or white. Calyx short, eglandular. Petals 5, not clawed. Ovary 3 -lobed ; sides winged. Fruit of 1-3 samaras.

> Ovary hairy. Samara oblong. Ovary glabrate. Samaras suborbicular, very membranous. A. Roxburghiana. White tomentose. Samaras orbicular, not membranous... A. cordata.
A. Roxburghiana, A. Juss. in Archiv. Mus. Hist. Nat. IJI. 511 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 420 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 33. Throughout the ghát forests of the Konkan ; not seen in North Kánara.
A. canaronsis, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Journ. Bot. III. 37 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 420. In the evergreen forests of the Supa gháts of North Kanara, rare. Fl. Mch. Fr. May.
A. cordata, A. Juss. in Archiv, Mus. Nat. Hist. III. 513 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 34. Fl. Br. I. I. 421. Common throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, in moist forests. Fl. Sept, Oct. Fr. C.S.

## Order 19. GERANIACE圧.

Herbs rarely trees. Leaves opposite or alternate. Flowers hermaphrodite. Sepals 5, rarely 4 or more. Petals equal sepals or 0. Torus with 5 glands alternating with petals. Stamens as many or double or treble the sepals. Ovary of 3-5 carpels. Fruit capsular or berried.

AVERRHOA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves imparipinnate. Flowers small regular. Sepals 5. Petals 5. Stamens 10 or 5 and 5 staminodes. Ovary 5 -lobed. Ovules many.

> Leaflets glabrous and glancous beneath... ... ... A. Carambola. Leaflets pubescent beneath ... ... ... ... A. Bilimbi.
A. Carambola, Linn. ; DC. Prod. I. 689 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.439 ; Brandis For. Fl. 45 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 39 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 16. Camaranga, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency; run wild in some of the forests near villages of Nortl Kínara. Fl. H. and R.S.
A. Bilimbi, Linn.; DC. Prod. 1. 659 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 439 ; Brandis For. Fl. 46 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 117; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Sappl. 16. Bilimbi, Vern. Cultivated in the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. H.S. Fr. R.S.

## Order 20. RUTACE IE.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves dotted with pellucid glands, opposite or alternate, simple or compound, exstipulate. Flowers in axillary cymes or panicles, regular, bisexual. Sepals and petals $4-5$ each. Stamens 4-5 or 8-10. Anthers introrse. Ovary of 4-5 carpels. Styles as many, free or united. Orules 2 or more in each cell. Fruit various. Albumen fleshy or 0 .

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ovary lobed, styles free. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves opposite, trifoliate, unarmed ... ... ... Evodia. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves alternate, trifoliate or pinnate, armed .. ... Zantioxylu Ovary entire. Style 1. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves 1-foliate ... |  |  |  |  | Acronychi |
| Flowers hermaphrodite. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Ovules solltary or 2 in each cell. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Style very short, persistent |  |  |  |  | lycosmis. |
| Style articulate, deciduous. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unarmed, leaves compound. Filaments linear ... Mur |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unarmed. Filaments dilated |  |  |  |  |  |
| Armed. Calyx 3-lobed |  |  |  |  | Triphasia. |
| Armed. Calyx 4-5 lobed ... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Armed. Calyx cupular ... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves 1-foliate. Disc elongate |  |  |  |  | Paramigya |
| Leaves 1-foliate. Disc cupular . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ovules many in each cell. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves 1-foliate |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves pinnate |  |  |  |  | Feronia |
| Leaves trifoliate |  |  |  |  |  |

## EVODIA, Forst.

Trees. Leaves glabrous. Flowers small in axillary cymes. Sepals 4-5. Petals 4-5. Stamens 4-5 at base of disc. Ovary pubescent, 4lobed, 4-celled. Cells 2 -ovuled. Stigma 4-lobed. Fruit capsular. Testa crustaceous. Albumen fleshy.
F. Roxburghiana, Benth. Fl. Hongk. 59 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 487 ; E. triphylla, Bedd. Fl. Sylv.; Anal. Gen. XLI: t. 6. f. 2 ; Xanthoxylon triphyllum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 45, Throughout the gháts of the Konkan and North Kánara in moist sitnations, common in the deciduous forests near Yellápur, North Kánara. Flowers during the rainy season. Fruit ripe Sept., Jan.

## ZANTHOXYLUN, Linn.

Trees or scandent shrubs. Leaves with the leaflets entire or crenate. Flowers small, in axillary or terminal cymes. Calyx $3-8$-fid. Petals 3-5. Stamens 3-5. Ovary of 1-5 oblique carpels. Fruit of 1-5 globose 1-seeded dehiscent carpels. Albumen fleshy.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Shrub, leaves trifoliate, Cymes axillary } \\
& \text { Tree. Leaflets 8-20-pairs, Cymes terminal } \\
& \text {... ... Z. .. }
\end{aligned}
$$

Z. ovalifolium, Wgt. Ill. 169 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 492 ; Bedd. Fl: Sylv. Anal. Gen. 42. Western gháts of North Kánara probably, but not jet noted by any one from the Bombay Presidency.
Z. Rhetsa, DC. Prod. 1.728 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 495 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 45 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. Anal. Gen. 41. Tirphul, tisul, cochli, M.; junmina, K. ; pepuli, H. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in moist evergreen forests, very common in the forests near Yellapur, also on the seacoast near Kárwár. This tree is distinguished by its prickly stem like that of Bombax malabaricum. Flowers from July till November. Fruit ripo during cold weather.

## TODDALIA, Juss.

Rambling prickly shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, leaflets sessile. Flowers small. Calyx 2-5-lobed. Petals 2-5. Stamens $2-4-5$ or 8 with the alternate imperfect. Ovary entire or 4 -parted
in tho male flowers, in the female flowers 2-7-celled. Ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit gland-dotted, 2-7-colled. Albumen fleshy.

Prickly shrubs, leaves trifoliate.... ... ... ... T. aculeata.
Unarmed trees. Leaves with 6-10 leaflets ... ... T. bilocularis,
T. aculeata, Pers. ; DC. Prod. II. 83 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 497 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 46. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 42. Common throughout the western gháts of the Bombay Presidency in moist evergreen forests. Flowers August, December. Fruit ripe during the rainy season.
T. bilocularis, W. \& A. Prod. 149 ; FI. Br. I. 1.497 ; Dipetalum hiloculare, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 46. Evergreen forests of North Kánara and the Konkan, Dalz.

## ACRONYCHIA, Forst.

Trees. Leaves subopposite. Flowers axillary cymose. Calyx 4 lobed. Petals 4, spreading, revolute. Stamens 8, alternate longer. Ovary tomentose, in hollow tip of disc. Fruit a 3 - 5 -celled drupe. Seeds often exserted, testa black. Albumen copicus.
A. Iaurifolia, Bl. Bijd. 245 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 498 ; A. pedunculata, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 42 ; Cyminosma pedunculata, DC.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 17; Clausena simplicifolia, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 30. In moist forests on the North Kánara gháts; common on the hills near Kárwár at about 1,000 feet elevation. Flowers during August. Fruit ripe in January.

## GLYCOSMIS, Correa.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves 1-5-foliate, leaflets polymorphous, alternate. Flowers small. Calyx 4-5-partite. Petals 4-5. Stamens 8-10. Anthers often with an apical or dorsal gland. Ovary 2 -5-celled. Berry white fleshy $1-3$-seeded.
G. pentaphylla, Corr. in Ann. Mus. VI. 384 ; FI. Br. I. 1. 499 ; Dalz d Gibs. Bomb. F1. 29; Brandis For. Fl. 49 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 43. Kirmira, Vern. Very common throughout the moist evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. throughout the year.

## MURRAYA, Linn.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves pinnate. Flowers solitary or in terminal corymbs or axillary cymes. Calyx 5 -divided. Petals 5 , free. Stamens 10, inserted around disc. Filaments alternate shorter. Ovary 2-5-celled. Berry 1-2-celled, 1-2-seeded. Seeds with a woolly or glabrous testa.

Leaves 3-8-foliate. Corymbs few flowered ... ... M. exotica.
Leaves $10-20$-foliate. Corymbs many flowered ... A1. Kcenigii.
M. exotica, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 502 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 44 ; Brandis For. Fl. 48 ; M. paniculata, Jack. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 29. Kunti, Vern. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, often cultivated in gardens.
M. Kœnigii, Spreng. Syst. Veg. II. 315 ; Fl. Br. I, 1. 502. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 44; Brandis For, Fl. 48; Bergera Kcenigii, Dalz. \& Gibs.

Bomb. Fl. 29. Karhi-nimb, kudia nïm, M.; karhepah, gandla, Vern. Common in moist evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; forms a large proportion of the undergrowth in some of the high timber deciduous forests of the Supa sub-division of North Kánara. Flowers daring the hot season. Fruit ripens during the rainy season.

CLAUSENA, Burm.
Shrubs or trees. Leaves imparipinnate. Flowers small. Calyx 4-5 divided. Petals $4-5$ membranous. Stamens $8-10$ inserted round disc, alternate shorter. Ovary stipitate 4-5-celled; cells 2-ovuled. Berry small.

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
\text { Inflorescence in terminal panicles } & . . & . . & . . \\
\text { Inflorescence in axillary racemes } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } \text { Cica. }
\end{array}
$$

C. indica, Oliv. in Jour. Linn. Soc. V. Suppl, II. 36 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 505 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 45 ; Piptostylis indica, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 29. Common in evergreen forests on the gháts of North Kánara from Ainshi southwards. Párwár ghát, Dalz. Flowers April, May. Fruit ripens during the rainy season.
C. Willdenovii, W. \& A. Prod. 96 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 506 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 44 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 30 ; Cookia dulcis, Bedd. in Madras Jour. 1861. On the gháts of North Kánara and Belgaum near the Goa frontier, in evergreen forests. Flowers during February. Fruit ripens in June.

TRIPHASIA, Lour.
A spiny shrub. Leaves alternate, trifoliate. Leaflets crenate. Flowers solitary or in 3 -flowered cymes. Calyx 3 -divided. Petals 3. Stamens 6, filaments dilated at the base. Ovary 3 -celled ; cells 1 -ovuled. Berry small, 1-3-seeded. Seeds immersed in mucilage.
T. trifoliata, DC. Prod. 1. 536 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 507. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 12. China limbu. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency.

## LIMONIA, Linn.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves imparipinnate, petiole winged. Calyx 4-5 divided. Petals 4-5. Stamens 8-10 inserted around an annular disc. Ovary oblong, 4-5-celled. Ovules 1-2 in each cell. Berry globose. Seeds imbedded in mucilage.
L. acidissima, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 507 : Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 29 ; Bedd. For. Fl. 45. Brandis For. Fl. 47. In the dry deciduous forests of the Belgaum district near Gokák, Dalz. Fl. April and May.

## LUVUNGA, Hamilt.

Climbing spinous shrubs. Leaves trifoliate. Flowers axillary. Calyx cupular. Petals $4-5$. Stamens $8-10$, around a cupular disc. Ovary 2-4-celled, ovules 2 in each cell. Borry large, ellipsoid; rind thick. Seeds large ovoid.
L. eleutherandra, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Journ, Bot. II. 258. Fl. Br. I, 1. 509 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 30. In the moist overgreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara.

PARAMIGYNA, Wgt.
Armed climbing shrubs. Leaves 1 -foliate. Flowers large, axillary. Calyx cupular. Petals 4-5. Stamens 8-10. Ovary 3-5celled. Berry ovoid, contracted at base.
P. monophylla, Wgt. Ill. 1. 109 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.510 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 3U. Kurva wagutti, M.; ranyeed, Vern. Very common throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara.

ATALANTIA, Corr.
Spinous shrubs or trees. Leaves simple, coriaccons. Flowers axillary or terminal. Calyx 5 -lobed or irregularly split. Petals $3-5$. Stamens 6.8 , rarely $15-20$; filaments usually connate. Ovary $2-5$-celled. Berry globose, rind leathery.

Ovary sessile. Calyx irregularly lobed, split to base
on 1 side.... ... $\ldots$...... $\ldots$.... A. monopleylla. Calyx regularly or sub-regularly $4-5$-lobed. Racemes
long ... ... ... ... ... ... ... A. racemosa.
Recemes short ... ... ... ... ... ... A. ceylunicu.
Ovary stipitate ... ... ... ... ... ... A. missionis.
A. monophylla, Correa DC. Prod. 1. 535 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 511 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 28. Ran or makisr limbu, M. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan, Belgaum and North Kánara gháts. Flowers during Nov. Fruit ripe in April.
A. racemosa, W. \& H. Prod. 91 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.512 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 46 ; Sclevostylis atalartioides, Wgt.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 29. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kámara. Flower: in November. Fruit ripe in April.
A. ceylanica, Oliv. in Jour. Linn. Soc. V. Suppl. II. 25 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 12 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 46. Phoondah ghát in the Konkan, Ritchic.
A. missionis, Oliv. in Jour. Linn. Soc. V. Suppl. 25; Fl. Br. I. 1. 513 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 46. North Kánara in evergreen forests near Kárwar. Flowers in the cold season. Fruit ripe Ang.

CITRUS, Linn.
Evergreen spinous shrubs or trees. Leaves simple, coriaceous. Calyx 4-5 cleft. Petals 4-5̃. Stamens 20-60, filaments more or less connate. Ovary many celled on a large annular disc. Berry globose, fleshy, many celled, with membranous septa filled with fusi= form, distended vesicles.

C. medica, Linn. ; Hl. Br. I. 1. 514 ; Brandis For. Fl. 52 ; Dalz. \& Gils. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 13. Citron, lemon, sour lime, sweet lime. Nimbu, mitha nimbu, bijapara, malulunga, bijori, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency and wild on the Sátpudais and western gháts.
C. Aurantium, Linn.; Fl. Br. I. 1. 515 ; Brandis For. Fl. 53 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 12. Sweet orange. Narangi, H. Cultivated in the Deccan.
C. © scumana, L.; Fl. Br. I. 1. 516 ; Brandis For. Fl. 55 Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 12. Shaddock, pumelo. Cultivated throughout the presidency. The fruit arrives at great perfection along the coast of North Kánara and Konkan.

FERONIA, Gaertn.
A spinoustree. Leaves alternate, pinnate. Flowers polygamous, in panicles or racemes. Petals usually 5, imbricate. Stamens 10-12, filaments dilated, villous at the base. Ovary 5 -celled, ovules numerous in several series. Fruit globose, 1-cellod. Seeds numerous; cotyledons thick, fleshy.
F. Elephantum, Correa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 411 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 516 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 30 ; Brandis For. Fl. 56 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 121. Elephant or wood apple. Cautha, Vern. Throughout the presidency in dry situations, wild or cultivated. Flowers during the hot weather. Fruit ripe November.

廆GLE, Corr.
Spinous trees. Leaves alternate, trifoliate. Flowers large, white, bisexual, in axillary panicles. Petals 4-5, imbricate. Stamens rumerous, filaments short, subulate. Orary ovoid, axis broad, cells 8-20, near the circumference. Fruit globose with a hard rind. Seeds many, testa woolly and mucous.
A. Marmelos, Corr. ; Fl. Ind. II. 579 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 31. Fl. Br. I. 1. 516 ; Brandis For. Fl. 57 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 161. Bael tree ; baelputri, K.; Bengal quince. Wild or cultivated throughout the presidency in dry situations. Flowers during May. Fruit ripe in November.

## Order 21. SIMARUBE 届.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves simple or pinnate. Flowers small, regular, diclinous. Calyx 3,5 -lohed. Petals 3-5, rarely 0 , valvate or imbricate. Stamens as many or twice as many as petals, inserted at the base of disc. Ovary free, 1-6-celled, usually deeply lobed; styles 2-5; ovules usually solitary in each cell. Fruit drupaceous, capsular or samaroid, of 2-6 distinct carpels. Seed albuminous.

Ovary decply divided.
Leaves pinnate; fruit samaroid ... ... .. Ailantus. Leaves simple; fruit drupaccous, winged ... ... Samadera. Ovary entirc. Leaves 2 -foliate ... ... ... Balamites.

AILANTUS, Desf.
Large trees. Leaves alternate, unequally pinnate. Flowers polygamous, in large axillary panicles. Calyx 5 -fid. Petals 5, valvate. Disc 10-lobed. Stamens 10, inserted at lose of dise; in
hermaphrodite flowers stamens 2-3. Ovary 2-ǔ-partite; styles connate; ovules 1 in each cell. Fruit of 1-5, 1-sceded samarus: wing large, membranous. Seed pendulous.

Leaflets toothed, glandular-hairy. Eamara twisted. A. exrelsa.
Leaflets entire, glabrous. Samara not twisted
A. excelsa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. p. 450 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 518 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. 11. 46 ; Brandis For. Fl. 58 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 122. Maruk, varul, Vern. Common about Broach and Baroda; Deccan, Gils. Commonly planted in the Khándesh district.
A. malabarica, DC. Prod. II. 89 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.518 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 46 ; Brandis For. Fl. 58 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 122. Gugguldhup, muddhedup, K. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in evergreen forests, from the sea-level upwards. Flowers in February and Mareh. Hruit ripe in May.

SAMADERA, Gærtn.
Trees. Leaves simple. Flowers in axillary or terminal umbels. Calyx 3-5-partite. Petals 3-5. Disc large, conical. Stamens $8-10$; a small scale at the base. Carpels $4-5$; styles free at base, more or less united above. Fruit of 1-5, compressed, 1 -seeded drupes; each with a narrow wing.
S. indica, Gærtn. Frut. II. t. 156 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.519 ; Bedd. For. Sylv. 49 ; Grah. Cat. Bom. Pl. 37. Throughout the South Konkan along river banks, not yet noted from North Kánara.

BALANITES, Delile.
Spiny shrubs or trees. Leaves 2 -foliate entire. Flowers greeu in small a sillary cymes. Calyx segments 5. Petals 5, imbricate. Disc thick conical entire. Ovary 1-celled; ovules solitary, pendulous. Fruit a woody 1 -seeded drupe. Seed pendulous.
B. Rozburghii, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 4, II. 258. Fl. Br. I. 1. 522 ; Brandis For. Fl. 59 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 50 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 23. Hingu, hinganbet, Vern. Throughout the driest parts of the presidency in open situations. Flowers in April and May. Fruit ripe December.

## Order 22. OCHNACE开.

Trees or shrubs. Jieaves alternate, simple, coriaccous ; stipules 2. Inforescence panicled or umbellate, bracteate. Sepals 4-5, imbricate, persistent. Petals 5, rarely 4 or 10 , free, deciduous. Disc cnlarged after flowering. Stamens 4-10 or indefinite, inserted on the disc. Orary short, 1-2-celled or elongate and 1-10-celled. Fruit indehiscent, compound, each drupe or pyrenc 1-t-seeded; or capsular and 1-5-celled. Albumen fleshy or 0 .

Shrub. Stamens indefinite. Fruit of 3-10 drupes... Ocmina.
Tree. Stamens 10. Fruit of 5 or fewer drupes ... Gompuid.

## OCHNA, L.

Shrubs. Leaves scrrate, glabrous, shining. Flowers large, yellow. Sepals 5, coloured, persistent. Petals 5-10, deciduous. Disc thick, lobed. Stamens numerous, shorter than the petals. Ovary 3-10lobed; lobes 1-celled; ovules solitary in each cell. Fruit of 3-10 drupes seated on the broad disc. Seed erect, albuminons.
O. squarrosa, L. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 523 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 17 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 50 ; Brandis For. Fl. 60. Common in the moist forests of the South Konkan and North Kánara on the hills near the sea; but also found inland at elevations up to 2,000 feet. Fl. Feb., Mleh. Fr. ripe in May, June.

## GOMPHIA Schreb.

Glabrous trees or shrubs. Flowers yellow. Sepals and petals 5 each. Disc thick, lobed. Stamens 10, filaments very short. Ovary deeply 5 -6-lobed ; styles connate, stigma simple. Drupes 5 or fewer, seated on a broad disc, 1 -secded. Seed exalbuminous.
G. angustifolia, Vahl. Symb. II. 49 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 525; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 38 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 51. On the gháts of the South Konkan.

## Order 23. BURSERACEA.

Balsamiferous trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, gencrally compound. Flowers small, regular, hermaphrodite, polygamous. Calyx 3-6-1 obed. Petals 3-6. Dise annular, usually conspicuous. Stamens equal or twice the number of petals. Ovary free, 1-5-celled. Ovales 2 in each cell. Fruit drupaceous. Albumen 0.


BOSWELLIA, Roxb.
Trees with white thin bark. Leaves imparipinnate, deciduous, leaffets opposite, sessile, serrate. Flowers hermaphrodite. Calyx 5 -toothed. Petals 5. Disc crenate. Stamens 10. Ovary 3-celled. Ovules 2 in each cell, pendulous. Drupe trigonous of 3,1 -seeded pyrcnes, finally separating.
B. serrata, Roxb., ex Coleb. in Asiat. Res. IX. 379, t. 5 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. $52 \mathrm{~s}^{\circ}$; B. thurifera, Roxb. ; Brandis For. Fl. 61 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 52. Salai, sal phoullic, Vern. Common in the Sátpudás of the Khándesh district, where it forms pure forests of considerable extent. Throughout the Decean, to within 20 miles of the western gháts. Fl. Mch., Apl.

GARUGA, Roxb.
Trees. Leaves alternate, imparipinnate, leaflets opposito, subsessile, crenate. Disc large, lining calyx. Petals 5. Stamens 10, equal. Drupe globose, floshy, containing 1-乞, 1 -seedod pyrenes.
G. pinnata, Roxb. Cor. Pl. ILI. t. 208 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.528 ; Brandis For. Fl. 62 ; Bedd. Fl' Sylv. t. 118. Kuluk, kakad, M. ; halabalagi, K. ; kurak, kanglutr, Vern. Throughout the presidency in dry deciduous forests, often associated with Odince Wodier: Flowers during May. Fruit ripe is July.

BALSAIMODENDRON, Kunth.
Balsamiferous trees or shrubs. Leaves compound, leaflets sessile, oblique, crenate or serrate. Flowers small, polygamous. Calyx 3-4toothed. Petals 3-4, valvate. Stameus 6-8, alternating shorter, surrounded by disc. Drupe ovoid, 1-3 bony 1 -seeded pyrenes. Seeds exalbuminous.

| Leaves usually 1 -foliate | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | B. Mukul. |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Leaves trifoliate. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unarmed | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Thorny ... pubescens. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| T. ... Berryi. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

B. Mukul, Hook. ex Stocks in Hook, Kew Jour. Bot. I. 259, t. S. Fl. Br. I. 1, 529 ; Brandis For. Fl. 64 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 19. Grigal, Vern. In the dry regions of Sind and Khándesh. Flowers in March and April.
B. pubescens, Stocks in Bomb. Trans. 1847 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 529 ; Brandis For. lil. 64. On the dry hills of Sind as far south as Karáchi. Flowers during March and April.
B. Berryi, Arn. in Ann. Nat. Hist. III. 86 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 529 ; Brandis For. Fl. 65 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 126 ; B. gileadense, Don. Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 43. Cultivated. Bombay. Fl. Feb., Mch.

CANARIUIM, Linn.
Trecs. Leaves imparipinnate. Flowers hermaphrodite or polygamous. Calyx 3-lobed, valvate. Petals 3-5. Stamens 6, distinct, on margin or outside disc. Ovary 2-3-celled. Ovules 2 in each coll. Drupe trigonous with a thick, bony stone.
C. strictum, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 138 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 584; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 52 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 128. Black dammer tree. Raldhup, K.; guyul, Vern. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common near the Ainshi ghát of North Kínara at 2,000 feet elevation. Flowers during the hot weather, Fruit ripe nest cold season, January. Order 24. Meliacem.
Trees or shrubs, Leaves alternate, usually pinnate. Flowers rogular, paniculate, hermaphrodite or polygamo-diœcious. Calyx 3-6-lobed. Petals 3-6, free or connate at base. Stameus 5-20, outside base of disc; filaments connate in a tube, rarely frec. Ovary $2-5$-celled, usually 2 -ovuled. Fruit capsular, drupaccous or berried. Seeds exalbuminous.



TURR厌A, Linn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves entirc or obtusely lobed. Flowers axillary, peduncle bracteate at the base. Calys 4 - 5 -fid. Petzls 4-5, spathulate, elongated. Staminal tube longr anthers $10-8$, within mouth of tube. Disc aunular. Ovary 5 or more celled. Orules 2 in each cell. Capsule loculicidal, valves woody, separating from the winged axis.

$$
\begin{array}{llllll}
\text { Glabrous ... } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { T. virens. } \\
\text { Pubescent... } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text { T. villosa. }
\end{array}
$$

T. virens, Linn., Fl. Br. I. 1.541 ; Dalz. \& Gbis. Bom. Fl. 36. Konkan gháts.
T. villosa, Benn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 182 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.542 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 64 , (Euonymus sp.) On the Mahábaleshvar hills; in Gujarát; common in the moist forests of the Supa sub-division of North Kánara in opeu situations. Flowers during April and May.

## MELIA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves 1-3-pinnate, leaflets toothed or entire. Flowers in axillary panicles. Calyx 5-6-lobed. Petals 5-6 free. Staminaltube cylindrical ; anthers 10-12, inserted near apex. Disc annular. Ovary 8-6-celled; style slender, stigma capitate ; ovules 2, superposed. Fruit a drupe. Seeds albuminous; cotyledons foliaccous.

| 1-pinnate |  |  |  |  |  | zadirachet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Leaves 2-3 pimate. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaflets serrate. Flowers lilac, not mealy-pubescent... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| aflets crenate. |  |  |  |  |  | N. dubia. |

M. Azadirachta, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 54t ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 13 ; Melia indica, Brandis For. Fl. 67; Azadirachta indica, Adr. Juss. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb: Fl. 36. Nim, nimuri, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency. Fl. hot season. Er, ripe in July.
M. Azedarach, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 544; Brandis For. FI. 6S; Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 14 ; M. sempervirens, Sw. Prod. 67; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 15. Bastard cedar, bead tree, Persian lilac. Pejri, padrai, M.; mullenim, H. Cultivated sparingly throughout the presidency. Flowers during the hot weather. Fruit ripe during the rains.

IN. dubia, Cav. Diss. (VII) 364 (1789) ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 545 ; 1L. compositu, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 36 ; Brandis For. Fl. 69 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv, t, 12. Karibevan, K.; nimbarra, Vern. In the evergreeen and deciduous forests of the North Kanara and Konkan gháts; common on the Supa ghats; often planted. Flowers during March. F'ruit ripe during the rainy and cold seasons, October till Januars.

## CIPADESSA, Blume.

Shrubs or trees. Leares odd-pinnate. Calyx 5-toothed. Petals 5 , valvate in bud. Staminal tube deeply 10 -lobed, lobes linear bifid; anthers short, subapiculate. Dise cup-shaped, adnate to the base of the staminal tube. Ovary 5-celled; ovales 2, collateral, pendulous in each cell. Fruit a drupe, 5-ribbed, 5-celled; cells 1 -2-seeded. Seeds albuminous ; embryo sub-foliaceous.
C. fruticosa, Blume Bijd. 162 ; Fl. Br. I, 1.545 ; Mallea Rothii, Adr. Juss. Dalz. \& Gibs Bomb. Fl. 37 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 54. Nal bila, H. In the moist forests of the ghits ; from Poona to Belgaum, also in the Konkan. Fl. and Fr. R.S.

## DYSOXYLUM, Blume.

Trees. Leaves pinnate; leaflets entire, oblique at the base, coriaceous. Flowers in panicles. Calyx 4 -5-fid, caducuous. Petals 4.5, oblong, spreading. Staminal tube cylindrical; anthers short, 6 -10, included or half exserted. Dise tubular equal to or twice as long as the ovary. Ovary 3 - 4 -celled; ovules 2 in each cell. Capsule 1-4-celled, loculicidally dehiscent. Seeds arillate or 0, exalbuminous.

Calyx cup-shaped, subentire, $\frac{1}{2}$ the length of flower... D. binectariferum. Calyx short, 4.öddivided ... ... ... ... D. glandulosum.
D. binectariferum, Hook, f. ex Bedd. in Trans. Linn. Soc. XXV. 212 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.546 ; D. macrocarpum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv t. 150 ; Epicharis exarillata, Arn.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 37. Yerindi, Vern. In evergreen forests along the gháts from Khandála to the Mysore frontier of North Kanara, common in the large evergreen forests near the Falls of Gairsoppah. Flowers during the rainy season. Fruit ripe in Feb.
D. glandulosum, sp. nov.-A large tree. Leaves 12 inches; petioles angled, 4-6-inches. Leaflets 8-10-pairs, shortly petioluled, $2-9$-inches long by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 -inches broad, alternate or subopposite, coriaceous, puberulous when young, ovate acuminate, base cuneate, nearly glabrous, pale and strongly nerved beneath; lateral nerves 10-20-pairs with hollow glands, ciliate at the mouth, in the axils.

Flowers hermaphrodite, small, $\frac{1}{3}$-inch, in axillary panicles, shortly pedicelled, pedicel $\frac{1}{3}$-inch. Calyx short, deeply 4 -lobed. Petals 4 , broad, slightly imbricate in bud, bluntly pointed, pubescent, $\frac{1}{4}$-inch. Staminal tube urceolate, mouth crenulate, anthers 8 , included. Disc entire, cup-shaped, equalling or half the ovary, ciliate on the margin, hairy within, glabrous without. Ovary 4-celled, densely white tomentose. Style equalling staminal column, stigma capitate, exserted. Fruit 2 -inches, size and shape of a fig, verrucose, bright yellow when ripe, 3 -4-seeded; seeds angular, with a dark-brown testa; cotyledons green.

This tree is closely allied to D. malabaricum, Bedd. MSS. Specimens sent to Kew were considered distinct. Specimens sent to Calcutta were doubtfully referred to D. Beddomei, Hiern. As it differs from both these species I have described and named it as above. It is found in the evergreen forests of North Kánara. Elowers in Feb. Fruit ripe in May.

## AGLAIA, Lour.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves pinuate or trifoliate, scaly or pubescent. Flowers polygamo-diœcious, minute, paniculate. Calyx 5-lobed. Petals 5 concave, imbricated. Staminal tube urceolate or subglobnse, 5 -toothed at the apex or entire ; anthers 5, erect, included or half exserted. Disc miuute. Ovary 1-3-celled; cells 1-2-ovuled. Fruit a dry berry 1-2-celled and seeded. Seeds with a fleshy covering
A. Roxburghiana, Miq. Ann. Mus. Ludg-Bat. IV. 41 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 555 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 130. In the evergreen forests of the gháts of North Kánara from Ainshi southwards, also in the Konkan. A large tree. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. ripe July. There is also a variety of the above or a new species, very common in waste places and in the forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, near the coast, sometimes a small tree usually only a slirub. Panicles elongate, exceeding the leaves; pedicils short or 0 . Fruit ovoid, 2 -seeded. Seeds surrounded with a thick, white, transparent, veined, glutinous, palp. Epicarp thin leathery, lepidote, bright yellow. Fl. and Fr. R. S.

## LANSIUM, Kumph.

Trees. Leaves oddpinnate. Flowers polygamo-diœcious, 5merons in axillary panicles or racemes. Sepais and petals ronnded, imbricated. Staminal tube globose, crenulated ; anthers 10, in 2 rows. Ovary globose, 3-5-celled ; cells 1-2-ovuled ; stigma 3-5-lobed. Fruit a berry, $1-5$-celled; cells $1-2$-scoded. Sceds enclosed in a pulpy aril, exalbuminous.
L. anamalyanum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 131 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 558. Abundant on the southern gháts of North Kínara in evergreen forests. Flowers during April and May.

AMOORA, Roxb.
Trees. Leaves unequally pinnate; leaflets oblique. Flowers axillary, paniculate or racemose. Calyx 3-5-divided. Petals 3-5, thick, concave. Staminal-tube subglobose, 6-10-crenate; anthers $6-10$ included. Ovary sessile, 3 -ǒ-celled ; cells 1-2-ovuled. Fruit a subglobose capsule, 3 -4-celled and seeded, usually localicidally dehiscent. Seeds with a fleshy arillus.
Leaflets usually very oblique at the base. Petals 3.
Leaflets $9-15$, opposite. Panicles spicate ... ... A. Rohituka.
Leaflets 4-6, alternate. Male panicles dense, pyrami-
dal, erect... ... ... ... ... ... ... A, canaranca.
Leaflets opposite, $3-13$, terminal one often hooded.
Male panicles drooping... ... ... ... ... A. cucculata.
Leaflets usually not oblique at the base, alternate,
3-5. Petals 4. Fruit pear-shaped ... ... ... A. Lavii.
A. Rohituka, W. \& A. Prod. I. 119 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 559 ; (Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 132). Brandis For. Fl. 69 ; Amoora macrophylla, Nimmo in Grah. Cat, Bomb. Pl. South Konkan and North Kíuara gháts, in evergreen forests ; abundant in the forests near Yellápur. Flowers during July. Bruit ripe in March.
A. canarana, Benth. \& Hook. f. Gen. Plant. 1. 335 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 560 ; throughout the evergreen forests of North Kínara from Goond southwards, Flowers during March and April.
A. cucculata, Roxb. Cor. Plant III. 54. t. 258 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 560; Dalz, \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 37 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 55. Konkan ; Párwár ghát, Dalz.
A. Lawii, Benth. \& Hook. f. Gen. Plant. 1. 335 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 561; Bedd. Fl. Sylr. t. 133 ; Nemedra Nimmonii, Dalz. \& Gibbs. Bomb. Fl. 37. Madrazadu, K. ; luramb, M. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; very common in the Ainshi ghát forests. Flowers during December, January. Fruit ripe in June, indehiscent.

## WALSURA, Roxb.

Trees. Leaves 1-õ-foliate; leaflets alternate. Flowers in many flowered axillary or terminal panicles. Calyx 5 -divided, imbricate. Petals 5, free, spreading, imbricate or subvalvate. Filaments $8-10$, free or connate into a tube ; anthers 8-10 erect, exserted. Ovary 2-3-celled immersed in the dise ; style short; cells with 2 collateral ovules in each. Fruit a fleshy berry, 1 -seeded. Seed enclosed in a fleshy aril.
W. piscidia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 387; Fl. Br. I. 1.564 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. 56 ; Dalz, \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 37. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; common in the Devimone ghát forests, Flowers in November. Fruit ripe in May.

## HEYNEA, Roxb.

Trees. Leaves imparipinnate; leaflets opposite. Panicles terminal, corymbose, long poduncled; peduncles and pedicils articulate; flowers hermaphrodite. Calys 4-5 fid. Corolla of 4-5, oblong petals. Staminal tube 8-10-fid, divisions lincar, bidentate at aper ; anthers between the linear teeth. Ovary immersed in the disc ; stigma with a thickened ring at the base; ovales 2 in each cell. Fruit capsular, 1-celled, 2-valved, 1-seeded. Seed enclosed in an arillus, exalbuminous.
H. trijuga, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 390 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.565 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 38 ; Brandis For. Fl. 70 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv, t. 134. Kora, K.; gimdira, M. ; limbara, Vern. Throughout the western ghát forests of the presidency; common along the banks of rivers in North Kánara and in evergreen forests. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr, ripe in the cold season, Oct., Feb.

## CARAPA, Aubl.

Trees. Leaves 2-6-foliate; leaflets opposite, entire. Panicles axillary, lax. Calyx 4 -fid. Petals 4 , reflexed. Staminal tube globose, 8-dentate at apex, teeth bipartite; anthers 8, 2-celled, included, sessile. Disc fleshy, cup-shaped, at base of ovary and adherent to it. Ovary 4 -celled, 4 -sulcate; cells 2 - 8 -ovuled ; style short ; stigma discoid. Fruit a globose capsule (3-4-in. in diameter) 6-12-seeded. Sceds large, angular ; testa hard, spongy.
C. moluccensis, Lam. Encycl. Meth. 1. ©21 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 567 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 136. Sea-coast of the Konkan.

## SOYMIDA, Adr. Juss.

A tree. Leaves paripinnate; leaflets opposite, entire. Flowers in axillary or terminal panicles. Sepals 5, imbricate. Petals 5, free, spreading, unguiculate. Staminal tube short; 10 -lobed; lobes bidentate; anthers sessile between the tecth, short. Disc flat. Ovary 5-celled ; cells many ovuled ; style short ; stigma broad, fleshy. Capsule woody, 5 -valved, Sceds numerous, winged at both ends, albuminous.
s. febrifuga, Adr. Juss. in Mem. Mus. XIX. 251, t. 22, f. 26 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 567 ; Brandis For. Fl. 71 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 8; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. F1. 38. Bastard cedar' ; Indian redwood. Riohen, läl chundun, Vera.; palara, M. In the dry forests, ou stony hills, in the Dhárwár and Kháudesh distriets, also ou the Konkan gháts. Fl. March. Fr. July.

CHICKRASSIA, Adr. Juss,
A large tree. Leaves paripinnate; leaflets acuminate, oblique. Flowers in terminal panicles. Calyx 5-divided. Corolla of 5, free contorted petals. Staninal tube cylindric, 10 -crenate : authers $\mathbf{1 0 ,}$
erect, between the crenatures. Disc 0 . Ovary 3 -celled; cells multiovulate; ovules biseriate. Fruit a 3 -celled, septicidally 3 -valved capsule. Seeds numerous, winged below, exalbuminous.
C. tabularis, Adr. Juss. in Mem. Mus. XIX. 251. t. 22, f. 27 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.568 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 9 ; C. Nimmonii, Grah.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 38. Chittagong wood tree Lal devadari, pabba, M. Both the glabrous and villous varieties of this tree are common in the evergreen forests of North Kínara and Konkan, The villous variety (C. velutina, Roem) has the capsule often 4-valved. Fl. March, April; Fr. Aug., Sep.

CHDREIA, Linn.
Immense trec. Leaves pinuate; leaflets numerous, opposite, oblique, entire or sorrate. Panicles terminal. Calyx 5-cleft. Petals free, 4-6, inserted on the top of the disc, alternating with staminodes. Disc 4-6-lobed. Ovary sessile on the dise, 5 -celled cells with 8-12, liseriate ovules ; stigma discoid. Capsule 5-celled. Sceds winged.
C. Toona, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 685 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 568 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 10 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 38 ; Brandis For. Sylv. 72 ; C. serrata, Royle. Brandis For. Sylv. 73. Toon tree. Todu, naha nim, tuni, huruk, M. ; tundu, derdívi, K. Abundant in the evergreen forests of North Kánara and the Konkan ; immense trees of this species are common near Yellípur. Fl. Jan. Fr. Mch., Apl. Wood fragrant.

## CHLOROXYLON, DC.

A tree. Leaves abruptly pinnate; leatlets many, unequal-sided. Flowers small, bisexual, in terminal or axillary panicles. Calyx 5 divided. Petals 5, clawed, imbricate. Dise 10-lobed. Stamens 10, inserted outside base of dise; anthers versatile. Ovary pubescent, immersed in disc, 3 -lobed and celled ; ovules 8 in each cell; style short, sleuder; stigma capitate. Capsule 3 -celled, loculicidally 3 -valved. Seeds imbricate, winged; albumen 0 .
C. Swietenia, DC. Prod. I. 625 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 569 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylr. t. 11 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 39 ; Brandis For. Fl. 74. Mashual, K. ; halla, billu, M. Satinwood. Common throughout the drier parts of the Deccan and Konkan; abundant in the dry deciduous forests of the Dhárwár and Belgaum districts. Fl. March, April. Fr. ripe June,

## Order 25. CHAILLETIACEA.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire. Stipules petiolar. Flowers small, hermaphrodite or unisexual, in axillary corymbose cymes. Sepals 5. Petals 5 free. Stamens 5. Dise of 5 glands or scales or a glandular or lobed cup. Ovary free, 2-3-celled. Ovules 2 in each cell, pendulous from the top. Drupe pubescent, 2 -colled, compressed. Seeds solitary. Albumen 0.

Chailletia gelonioides, Hook. f. in Gen. Plant. 1.341 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 570 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 59 ; Moacurra gelonioides, Roxb. Dalz. \& Gibs.

Bomb. Fl. 52. This small tree or shrab is found on the ghats from the Konkan southwards in evergreen forests; it is very common in North Kánara near the Falls of Gairsoppah, where it is usually a small shrub. Fruit dehiscent, mesocarp bright red. Fl. April, June. Fr. Aug., Dec..

## Order 26. OLACINE ※.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, usually alternate. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite or unisexual. Calyx 4-5-toothed, sometimes accrescent. Petals $4-6$. Stamens equal to or twice as many as petals, all fertile or some without anthers. Disc free or adnate to ovary or to calyx. Ovary free or immersed in disc, 2-3-ceiled; cells 2-3-ovuled. Fruit usually an indehiscent drupe. Albumen fleshy or 0 .

| Stamens trice as many as petals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fertile stamens 10. | x | nla | in |  |  | Ximenta. |
| Fertile stamens 3-5. | $x$ | rge | fru |  |  | Olax. |
| Stamens equal and opposite to petals. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OvaryOvary1 -c-clled | ... |  | ... |  |  | Strombosia |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Cansjera. |
| Stamens equal to petals, but alternate with them. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petals glabrous ... | ... | ... | ... |  |  | Gompitandra. |
| Petals villous within | $\cdots$ | ... | ... | ... |  | Mapri |
| Climbing shrub | ... | ... | ... |  |  | Sarcostigma |

XIMENIA, Linn.
A shrub or low tree, often spiny. Leaves simple. Flowers bisexual or polygamous. Petals $4-5$, revolute, bearded within. Orary 3 -celled at base. Ovules 1 in each cell, pendulous. Drupe ovoid with a fleshy sarcocarp, 1 -seeded.
X. americana, Willd. Sp. Pl. II. 230 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 574. Dhárwár and Belgaum in the driest forests, On stony ground. Scandent. Flowers during January.

OLAX, Linn.
Scandent shrabs. Prickly or not. Leaves simple. Racemes axillary. Petals 6. Stamens 3-5, staminodes 5-6, bifid. Ovary half immersed in disc, 3 -celled at base, 1 -celled above. Fruit more or less covered by the accrescent calyx.

Fruit ${ }^{3}$ ths covered by the accrescent calyx ... .. O. scandens. Fruit nearly completely covered by calyx ... ... O. Wightiana.
O. scandens, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 163 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.575 ; Brandis For. Fl. 75. In the Sátpudás near rivers and nálás. Brandis. Fl. cold season.
O. Wightiana, Wall. Cat. 6779 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 575 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 27 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 60. This scandant shrub is common in the evergreen forests of the gháts of North Kánara from Ainshi southwards. Fl. Jan., Feb, Fr. ripo April, May.

## STROIMBOSIA, Blume.

Trees. Leaves simple. Inflorescence in short cymes. Calyx cup-shaped. Petals 5, valvate, hairy within. Stamens 5. Ovary half immersed in disc, 3-5-celled. Fruit a drupe. Seeds pendulous. Albumen fleshy.
s. ceylanica, Gardn. in Calc. Jour. Nat. Hist. VI. 350. Fl. Br. I. 1. 579 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 137. Sphcerocarya leprosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 223. On the Konkan and North Kínara gháts, in evergreen forests. Flowers in December. Fruit ripe May. A large tree.

CANSJERA, Juss.
Climbing spiny shrubs. Leaves simple. Flowers bracteate in dense spikes. Calyx very minute. Petals 4-5. Fertile stamens 4, opposite petals; staminodes 4-5, alternate with stamens. Ovary 1-celled. Style cylindric. Ovule 1, pendulous. Fruit a drupe, stone bony.
C. Rheedii, Gmel. Syst. I. 280 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 582 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. Anal. Gen. t. XXVI ; Brandis For. Fl. 75. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, in evergreen moist forests. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fruit ripe in May.

## GOMPHANDRA, Wall.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple. Flowers polygamo-diœcious or hermaphrodite, in axillary cymes. Calyx 4-5-lobed. Corolla campanulate, 4-5 lobes ; lobes with a prominent rib within. Stamens 5 ; filaments thick, hollowed in front to contain the anthers, hairy at back. Disc thick, annular or 0 . Ovary 1-celled. Ovules 2, collateral. Funicle dilated into an obturator. Fruit a drupe. Albumen fleshy, bipartite.
G. axillaris, Wall. Cat. 3718 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.586 ; Bedủ. Fl. Sylv. 61 : Platea axillaris, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 28. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. Fl. April, May. Fr. Nor.

MAPPIA, Jacq.
Trees. Leaves simple. Flowers in corymbs. Calyx 5 -toothed. Petals 5. Stamens 5, alternate with the petals. Ovary superior, 1-celled. Orules 2, pendulous. Fruit a drupe. Albumen fleshy,
M. oblonga, Miers Contrib. [. 65 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 589 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 28. Gur, lalgur, M. Common on the Konkan and North Kánara gháts in moist evergreen forcsts, has a very strong foetid smell, particularly the flowers. M. arata, Miers, and M. foetida, Miers, are probably not distinct from M. oblonga, Miers. Fl. ; at different times, usually during Aug. Fr. ; ripe 2 months after flowering.

## SARCOSTIGIMA, W. \& A.

Climbing shrubs. Leaves simple, coriaceous. Flowers diœcious, minute, in long interrupted spikes. Calyx cup-shaped. Petals 4-5,
cohering in a short tube, free upwards, valvate. Males. Stamens 4-5. Females. Ovary 1 -celled, ovules 2, pendulous. Funicle expanded. Drupes with a woody nut. Albumen 0 .
S. Kleinii, W. \& A. in Edin. New Phil. Jour. XIV. 299; Fl. Br. I. 1. 594; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 221. In evergreen forests along the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. Chorla ghát, Dalz. Common near the Falls of Gairsoppah. Fl. Nov. Fruit ripe May.

## Order 27. ILICINE正.

Trees or shrubs, usually evergreen. Leaves alternate, simple, extipulate or with minute stipules. Flowers small, in axillary cymes, fascicles or umbellules, usually dioccious. Male with imperfect ovary and female with imperfect stamens. Calyx 3-6-lobed. Petals $4-5$, deciduous, imbricate in bud. Stamens as many as petals, alternating with them, hypogynous, free or adhering to the petals. Ovary free, $3-5$-celled, with a short style or sessile stigma. Ovules 1-2 in each cell, pendulous. Drupe with two or more 1 -seeded free, rarely connate, stones.

## ILEX, L.

Calyx 4-5-lobed or partite. Corolla rotate, petals free or connate at the base. Stamens 4-5, adhering to the base of the corolla in the male, sometimes hypogynous in the female. Ovary 2-12-celled; styles 0 , stigmas free or confluent on the top of the ovary. Drupe globose, with 2-16 stones.
I. malabarica, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 143 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 600 ; I. Wightianct, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 143. On the Konkan and North Kánara ghâts, in evergreen forests; along the banks of streams near Anmode, Supa sub-division of North Kanara. Fl. Feb., Mch.

## Order 28. CELASTRACEX.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves simple, opposite or alternate. Flowers small, hermaphrodite or polygamous. Calyz 4-5-lobed. Petals 4-5. Stamens 3-5, alternate with petals. Ovary 3-5-celled, more or less immersed in a disc. Ovules 2 erect, 1 pendulous, or many in each cell. Fruit various. Albumen fleshy or 0 .

| Stamens $4-5$ on or beneath margin of disc. Seeds albuminous. Leaves opposite. Fruit a capsule, dehiscent. Ovules 2 in each cell. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Tetals free. Capsule 3-5-celled |  |  |  | Edonymus |
| Petals connate, Capsule 1-celled |  | .. |  | Microtropis |
| Ovules 4 or more in each cell |  | ... |  | petal |
| truit indehiscent. Ovules 2 in each cen |  |  |  | urostyli |
| Leaves alternate. |  |  |  |  |
| Ovary free |  |  |  | Celastrus. |
| Ovary confluent with disc |  |  |  | Gmosporia. |
| Leaves opposite. Fruit a drupe |  | ... |  | Eodendion |
| Stamens 3 on face of disc. Albumen |  |  |  |  |
| Fruit dehiscent. Sceds winged |  |  |  |  |
| Fruit a berry |  |  |  | Laci |

## EUONYMUS, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves with caducous stipules. Flowers in axillary cymes. Calyx $4-5$-fid. Petals $4-5$. Stamens $4-5$, inserted on the disc. Disc fleshy, 4 -5-lobed. Ovary immersed in the dise and confluent with it, 3-5-celled, stigma 3-5-lobed, ovules 2 in each cell. Capsule loculicidally dehiscent, 3-5 celled. Seeds covered with an arillus, albuminous.
E. indicus, Heyne. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 409 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 608 ; E. Goughii, Wight. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 47 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 63 , Throughout the evergreen forests of the •Konkan and North Kánara gháts; common on the southern gháts of North Kánara. Flowers and is in fruit from Decomber till May. Petals orbicular, reddish, fringed.

## LOPHOPETALUMI, Wight.

Trees and shrubs. Leaves opposite or alternate, exstipulate. Clayx 5-lobed. Petals 5, continuous with the disc ; crested or lamellate. Stamens 5, inserted on the disc. Disc thick, lobod. Ovary immersed in disc, trigonal, 3-4-celled ; ovules 4 or more in each cell in 2 series. Capsule 3 -celled, opening loculicidally in 3 valves. Seeds few, winged. Albumen 0.
L. Wightianum, Arn. in Ann. Nat. Hist. III. 151 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.615 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 145 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 48. Bulpale, K. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanaira ghâts. Fl. March, April. Fruit ripe at end of rainy season, A large evergreen tree with close-grained wood.

## MICROTROPIS, Wall.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, extipulate. Flowers somotimes unisexual. Sepals 5. Petals 5, connate at the base into a short ring. Stamens 5 , inserted on the dise or on the tule of the corolla. Disc 0 or annular. Ovary free, 2-3-celled; stigma minutely 2 -4-lobed; ovules 2 in each cell. Capsule 2 -valved, 1 -secded. Seed erect, with a red testa, albumen fleshy.

> Flowers sessile, elustered on the branches ... ... M. latifolia. Flowers in axillary cymes ... ... ... ... M. microcarpa.
M. lati folia, Wight MSS., Fl. Br. I. 1. 613. Konkan.
M. microcarpa, Wight Ic. t. 975 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 614. From the Koukan southwards. I have no knowledge of either of the abore shrubs, which are noted as being found in the Konkan ; Fl. Br. I.

## PLEUROSTYLIA, Wight.

A shrub. Leaves opposite, exstipulate. Flowers in axillary cymes. Calyx 4 -lobed. Petals 5, larger than the calyx. Stamens 5 , inserted below the dise ; comective dilated at the back. Dise
thick, crenulate. Ovary 1-2-celled, $\frac{1}{2}$ immersed in the dise ; stigma peltate, on a short style ; ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit indehiscent, 1-2-celled. Seeds albuminous.
P. Wightii, W. \& A. Prod. 157 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 617 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 47 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 66. Gháts of the Konkan, Dalz.

## CELASTRUS, Linn.

Scandent shrubs. Leaves alternate; stipules minute or 0 . Flowers small, usually unisexual in terminal or axillary panicles. Calyx 5-divided. Petals 5. Disc cup-shaped. Stamens 5, inserted on the margin of the disc. Ovary 2 -4-celled; stigma generally lobed; ovules 2 in each cell. Capsule loculicidally dehiscent, 1-3-celled, 1-6-seeded. Seeds arillate, albumen fleshy.
C. paniculata, Willd. Sp. Pl. 1. 1125 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 617 ; Brandis For. Fl. 82 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 47 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 66. Oleum nigrum plant. Pigavi,-kanguni, M. ; kariganne, K. Throughout the presidency, often in hedges and along river and nálá banks. Fl. March. Fr. June, Sept.

## GYMINOSPORIA, W. \& A.

Shrrbs or small trees, often spinous. Leaves alternate, exstipulate. Flowers in axillary cymes. Calyx 4-5-divided. Petals 4-5, spreading. Stamens as many as petals, inserted beneath the disc. Disc sinuate, or lobed. Ovary 2-3-celled, immersed in the disc; ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit a capsule. Seeds arillate, albuminous.

| Unarmed shrubs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Leaves membranous, puberulous | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | G. puberula. |  |  |
| Leares coriaceous, glabrous | $\ldots$. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | G. Rothiana. |  |
| Spinous tree. Fruit black | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | G. montana. |  |
| Spinous shrub. | Fruit red | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | G. emarginata. |

G. puberula, Laws. Fl. Br. I. 1.618. Bombay, Laws; also in the forests near the Ainshi ghát of North Kánara. Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S. A small shrub.
G. Rothiana, W. \& A. Prod. 159 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 620 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 47. Gawlin, moti yelkadi, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara evergreen forests, common in the forests near Katgal, North Kánara, at the sea-level. Fl. April. Fr. November, also at other times.
G. montana, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 620 (Celastrus) ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 621 ; Celastrus montana, W. \& A. Prod. 159 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 66; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 48 ; C. senegalensis, Lam. Brandis For. Fl. 81. Hurmacha, Vern.; mal kanguni, K.; tondarshi jhad, H.; yekliadi, bharatti, M. Throughoat the presidency and Sind; usually in the dry deciduous forests on rocky ground. Flowers at various times.
G. emarginata, Roth. Fl. Br. I. 1. 621 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. PI. 39. Yenkul, ingli, ikari, M. Common on the gháts, also at Mabábaleshvar. Grah.

## EL $\nrightarrow O D E N D R O N, J a c q . ~ f . ~$

Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, often crenate. Flowers in axillary cymes, often polygamous. Calyx 5 -cleft. Petals 5 , spreading. Disc thick, angled. Stamens 5, inserted under the edge of the disc. Ovary continuous with the dise, conical, 2-5-celled ; ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit an indehiscent drupe; cells usually 1 -seeded. Seeds exarillate, albuminous.
E. glaucum, Pers. Synops, 1.241 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 623 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 67 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 48 ; Brandis For. Fl. 82. Tamruj, bilur, buta pala, aran, burkas, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, a small tree. On the gháts of North Kanara and Belgaum in evergreen forests; a very large tree, common in the Goond forests of North Kánara. Fl. Feb., June. Fruit ripe in May. This tree was also in full bloom in the Dhárwár forests near Devikope in Sept., Oct.

HIPPOCRATEA, Linn.
Climbing shrubs or trees. Leaves opposite, entire or serrate; stipules small, caducuous. Flowers bisexual. Calyx 5-divided. Petals 5, spreading. Stamens 3. Ovary 3-celled; surrounded by the disc. Fruit of 3 flattened carpels, distinct, 2-valved. Seeds compressed, winged below, exalbuminous.

H. obtusifolia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 166 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 623 ; W. \& A. Prod. 104. Daushir, M. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. FI. C. S. Fruit ripe Apl., May. Cymes panicled, large.
H. Grahami, Wight Ic. t. 380 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 624 : Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 32. Yesti, M, Common on the ghats of the Konkan and North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl hot season. Fruit ripe Nov., Dec.
H. indica, Willd. Sp. Pl. 1. 193 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 624 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. 32 ; Brandis For. Fl. 83. Kazurati, turruli, Vern. Thronghout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. C. S. Fr. R.S. Cymes much divided; flowers very small.

There is a scandent shrub in the forests near the Tinai ghát of North Kánara. (Leaves small, ovate, obtuse, glabrous, coriaccous, crenate, 2 in. by $\frac{3}{4}$ in. Fruit $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. by $\frac{1}{2}$ in., obtuse, striate, 4 -seeded.) May be distinct from H. oltusifolia, Roxb. Fr. Sept.

## SALACIA, Linn.

Climbing or straggling shrubs. Leaves opposite, exstipulate. Flowers small, usually fasciculate in the axils of the leaves; rarely terminal. Calyx 5-divided. Petals 5, imbricate. Stamens 3,
recurred. Opary conical, immersed in the disc, 3 -celled; orules 2 or more in eacb cell. Fruit a berry. Seeds large angular.
Flowers 1-6, from an axil'ary tubercle.
Flowers 3-6, from each axil. Fruit globose, small ... S. prinoides.
Flowers 1-2, from each axil. ... ... ... ... S. Brunoniana.
Fiowers numerous from an axillary tubercle.
Fiowers fascicled. Fruit 1 in , globose, rugulose, orange-
coloured ... ... ... ... ... ... ...
Flowers usually on a common peduncle, sometimes in
short axillary cymes. Fruit 2-212 in, diam. ... ... S. oblonja.
S. prinoides, DC. Prod. 1. 571; Fl. Br. I. 1.626 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 38 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 67. Nisul-bondi, M. On the Konkan and North Kínara gháts from the sea-level upwards. The scandent form is often found along the banks of rivers (Kalánadi, \&c.); the erect shrubby form is abundant in the evergreen forests of the soathern ghats of North Kánara. Fl. at different times throughout the year.
S. Brunoniana, W. \& A. Prod. 105; Fl. Br. I. 1. 626; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 33.. Rám ghát, Belgaum district, Dalz.
S. macrosperma, Wight Ic. t. 962 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 628; Bedd. F1. Sylv. 67. A scandent shrub on the Konkan and North Kánara gháts; common in the Ainshighat forests. The North Kanara plant has the fruitorange-coloured when ripe, which, however, turns black in dried specimens ; the calyx lobes in all my specimens are fringed with rustcoloured hairs. Fl. Jany. Fr. June.
S. oblonga, Wall. Cat. 4226 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.628 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 23. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 67. In evergreeu forests on the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. The North Kánara plant, which iscommon in many of the forests along the gháts from Ainshi southwards, was doubtfully referred at Kew to S. oblonga, Wall. It has the petals entire with spreading tips; tlie corolla having the appearance of being urceolate. Fruit globose, tubercled. Fl. cold season Dec., Feb.
S. Rozburghii, Wall., is a donbtful native of the western peninsula.

Dalzell and Gibson's plant referred to in the Bomb. Fl. p. 33 is probally S. macrosperma, Wgt.

## 

Shrubs or trees erect or scandent, prickly, spinous or unarmed. Leaves simple, alternate or opposite, often 3-5-nerved. Flowers hermaphrodite or polygamous in axillary cymes, spikate, paniculate or solitary. Calys 4 -5-cleft, lobes triangular, valvate in bud. Petals $4-5$, rarely (0, iuscrted on the throat of the calyx-tube, cucullate or involute. Stamens 4-5 opposite the petals, often enclosed by them. Disc fleshy, filling the calyx-tube or thin and lining it. Ovary sessile, free or immersed in the dise, more or less adherent to the calyx
tubo, a-3-celled; cells 1-ovuled. Fruits various, sometimos wingod. Seed generally albuminous.


## VENTILAGO, Gertn.

Scandent shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers in axillary and terminal panicles. Calyx 5 -cleft, lobs keeled within. Petals 5 , hooled, deflexed. Stamens 5 , adnate to the base of the petals. Disc 5 -lobed, filling the calyx-tube. Ovary immersed in the disc, 2-celled. Fruit 1-celled, 1 -seeded, produced at the summit into a long wing.

Nut girt at the base. Orary with a few white hairs
at the base. Calyx glabrous within ... ... ... V. madraspatana.
Nut girt round the middle. Ovary densely pubescent. Calyx also densely pubescent within... ... V. calyculata.
V. madraspatana, Gærtn. Fruct. 1223, t. 49, f. 2 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 631 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 48 ; Brandis For. Fl. 96. Locmndie, Kanwail, M. Throughout the moist ghát forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Dec., Jan. Fr. May.
V. calyculata, Tulasne in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 4, VIII. 124 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.631 ; Brandis For: Fl. 96. Papri, Vern. Very common in the deciduous forests of the Konkan and Deccan; is found also in the moist forests of North Kánara. Flowers during the rainy season. Fruit ripe February iu North Kánara. I know nothing of V. bombaiensis, Dalz.

ZIZYPHUS, Juss.
Trees or shrubs, sometimes climbing, armed with stipular sharp prickles. Leaves alternate, often oblique at the base, palmately 3 -5-nerved. Flowers fascicled or in axillary cymes. Calyx 5 -fid, lobes keeled within. Petals 5, hooded. Disc flat, filling the short calyx-tube. Ovary immersed in the disc, 2-4-celled. Fruit fleshy or dry, containing a woody or bony 1-3-seeded stone.

[^1]
Z. jujuba, Lamk. Dict. III. 318; Fl. Br. I. 1. 632 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 49 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 149 ; Brandis For. Fl. 86. Ilanji, K.; bor, ber. M. Throughout the presidency and Sind, usually planted; thrives in very dry situations. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. Dec.-Meh.
Z. œnoplia, Mill. Gard. Dict. No. 3 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 634 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Lomb. Fl. 49 ; Brandis For. Fl. 86 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 69. Tbroughoat the Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests, also found in the Deccan (Dalz.). Fruit edible. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fruit ripe Feb. in North Kánara.
Z. nummularia, W.\& A. Prod. 162 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 633 ; Brandis For. Fl. 88 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylt. 69, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 49. Gangr, jangra, Sind. Throughout the presidency and Sind in the driest situations, absent from the moist region near the coast. Fl. Mch,, June. Fr. Nov., Jan.
Z. xylopyrus, Willd. Sp. Pl. 1104 ; FI. Br. I. 1, 634 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 49 ; Brandis For. Fl. 90 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. 68. Mullu luare, K.; ghát, lanta gotti, M.; guti, Vern. A common tree in the moist forests of North Kánara and Konkan, a straggling shrub throughout the drier parts of the presidency. Fl. May. Fr. ripe end of rainy season.
Z. horrida, Roth. Nov. Sp. 159 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 636 ; DC. Prod. II. 20. Konkan, Stocks. I have not seen this species.
Z. rugosa. Lamk. Dict. III. 319 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 663 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 49 ; Brandis For. Fl. 89 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 68. Turan, M. Very common in open places on the North Kánara gháts and clsewhere throughout the presidency. Fl. Nov., Mch. Fr. May.

RHAMNUS, 1 .
Shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate. Flowers hermaphrodite or polygamous. Calyx-tube urceolate, limb 4 -5-lobed, lobes keeled within. Petals $4-5$, or 0 , inserted on the calyx-tube above the ovary, hood-shaped or flat. Stamens 4-5. Disc thin, lining the calyx-tube. Ovary free, 3-4-celled. Fruit a berry-like drupe, girt at the base by the small calyx-tube, $2-4$-seeded.
R. Wightii, W. \& A. Prod. 164 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.639 ; Bedd.Fl. Sylf. 70 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 50. "Rugt rorar," Vern. Highest hills of the Konkan gháts.

## SCUTIA, Comm,

A scandent, prickly shrub. Leaves opposite or alternate, penninerved. Flowers hermaphrodite, in axillary fascicles or subuinbellate. Calyx 5 -fid; tube hemispherical or turbinate. Petals 5, clawed,
flat or hooded. Dise filling the calyx-tube. Stamens 5. Ovary sunk in the dise, $8-1$-celled. Fruit girt at the base by the calyx, pyrenes 2-4.
S. indica, Brogn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. X. 363; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 50 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 640 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 70. Chimat, Vern. On the higher ghaits of the Konkan ; common on the Supa gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests, at about $2,000 \mathrm{ft}$. elevation, Fl. Oct. Fr. June.

## SAGERATIA, Brogn.

Unarmed or spinous shrubs. Leaves subopposite with deciduous stipules. Flowers small, pentamerous, bisexual, in sessile clusters. Calyx 5 -fid. Petal. Petals 5, clawed, hooded. Stamens 5. Dise cup-shaped, lining the calyx-tube, margin free, 5 -lobed. Ovary 3 -celled; style short, 3 -grooved. Fruit globose, 3 -seeded, indehiscent.
S. oppositifolia, Brogn. in Ann. Nat. Sc. Ser. 1. X. 360; Fl. Br. I. 1. 641 ; Brandis For. Fl. 95. Konkan, Brandis. Flowers at various seasons.

## COLUBRINA, Rich.

Erect unarmed shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers in short axillary cymes. Calyx 5-fid, tube hemispherical. Petals 5, hooded, inserted on the margin of the disc. Dise fleshy, filling the calyx-tube. Ovary immersed in the dise, 3 -celled; stigmas reflexed. Fruit obsoletely 3 -lobed, surrounded at the base by calyx-tube, 3 -celled, cells 1 -seeded, tardily dehiscent.
C. asiatica Brogn. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 1. X. 369 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 642 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. 50 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 69. Guti, M. On the Konkan gháts; common near the sea at Ratnágiri, Dalz.

## GOUANIA, Linn.

Unarmed climbing shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers in axillary or terminal spikes, polygamous. Calyx 5 -lobed, the tube adherent to the ovary. Petals 5, hooded. Stamens 5. Dise filling the calyxtube, 5 -angled or stellate. Ovary immersed in the dise, 3 -celled. Fruit 3 -winged. The flowering rachis is often cirrhose.

> Flowers sessile, densely pubescent Flowers shortly pedicelled, glabrous ... $\quad \ldots$... ... G. microcarpa.
G. microcarpa, DC. Prod. II. 40 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 643. From the Konkan southwards, very common on the North Kánara gháts, in evergreen furests. Fl. Nov. Fr. Jan.
G. leptostachya, DC. Prod. II. 40 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 643 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 50. At Bánda in the Warri country, Dalz.

## Order 30. ampelider.

Erect shrubs or small trees with jointed branches or woody climbers. Leaves alternate or opposite, simple or compound. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite, rarely unisexual, cymose. Calyx 4-5 toothed or
entire. Petals 4.5, free or cohering. Stamens 4-5, opposite petals, on outside of disc. Ovary $2-6$-celled. Ovules 1-2 in each cell. Fruit a berry. Seeds 1-6. Albumen ruminate.


Shrubs climbing by means of tendrils. Leaves simple or 3-9foliate. Flowers variously cymose, hermaphrodite, unisexual or polygamous. Calyx $4-5$-lobed. Petals $4-5$ free or cohcring at apex. Stamens 4-5. Ovary 2, rarely 3 -4-celled. Style 0 or short. Ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit a berry $1-4$-sceded.

| Leaves simple. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flowers tetramerous, in umbels, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stems and branches acutely winged |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stems cylindric or obscurely angled. Leaves glabrous. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branchlets terete, white mealy |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branchlets 6-angled. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Branches fleshy, hollow .... ... ... ... V. pallida. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Subtomentose beneath |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adpressed woolly tomentum beneath |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flowers pentamerous in umbels. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cymes woolly, umbellate |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cymes glabrous, paniculate |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cymes tomentose, paniculate |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cymes spicate |  |  |  |  |  | di |
| Leaves trifolinte. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flowers tetramerous. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plant glabrous .... ... ... ... ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plant covered with bristly hairs ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Plant pubescent. Fruit black, 4 -seeded. Seeds tubercled |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stems woody. Fruit globose or ovoid. Petals 5 ... V. canarensis. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stems slender. Petals 5 ... .. ... ... V. araneosus. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves 5 -foliate, digitate. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quite glabrous. Leaflets nearly sessile. Fruit black V. elongata. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pubescent. Leaflets long-stalked, Fruit red ... V. auriculata. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves pedately 5 -foliate. Flowers subcorymbose. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stigma subpeltat |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stigma 4-lobed. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stigma simple |  |  |  |  |  | V. pedata. |

V. quadrangularis, Wall. Cat. 5992 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.645 ; Brandis For. Fl. 100 ; Cissus quadrangularis, Linn. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 39. C. edulis, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 40. Hursanker, Vern. Throughout the driest districts of the presidency from Gujarát to Dhairwár. Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S.
V. repens, W. \& A. Prod. 125 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 646 ; Cissus repens, Lam. Dalz. \& Gibs, Bom. Fl. 39. Very common on the North Kánara and Konkan gháts. Fl. March. Fr. May.
V. discolor, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. Bot. II. 39 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 647 ; Cissus discolor, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 40. 'T'elitsayel, M. Throughout the moist forests of the Loukan and North Kánara. Fl. Augg. Fr. Oct., Nov.
V. pallida, W. \& A. Prod. 125; Fl. Br. I. 1. 647 ; V. Linncei, Wall? Cissus vitiginea, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 40 (not of Roxb.). In the dry districts of the Deccan, common on the Kuput hills of the Dhárwár district, usually an erect shrab with hollow glaucous stems. Fruit 1 -seeded. Fl. June, July. Fr. Aug.
V. glauca, W. \& A. Prod. 126 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 648 . In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, not common. Fl. Fr. Apl., May.
V. gigantea, Bedd. in Trans. Linn. Soc. XXV. 212 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 648. Common throughout the moist forests of North Kánara from the sealevel upwards, also probably in the Konkan. Fl. Fr. Aug.
V. repanda, W. \& A. Prod. 125 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 648 ; Cissus repanda, Vahl. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 39. Common throughout the presidency along the border of the heavy rainfall zone. Fl. Mch, Apl. Fr. Apl. May.
V. adnata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 405 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 39 ; Brandis For. Fl. 100. In the moist forests near Goond, North Kánara. Fl. Dec. Fr. Feb.
V. tomentosa, Heyne in Roth. Nov. Sp. 157; Fl. Br. I. 1. 650. Throughout the dry forests on the North Kanara border; common in the forests of the Dharwar districts along the banks of streams and rivers. Fl. Míả. Fr. May.
V. latifolia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 661 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.652 ; Brandis For. Fl. 99. Ni.lena, M. In the moist forests near the coast from the Konkan southwards; common in the forests near Kárwár and on the North Kinara gháts. Stigma concave at top. Fruit edible, black. Fl. June, July, Aug. Fr. Oct.
V. vinifora, Linn. Sp. Fl. 202 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 652 ; Brandis For. Fl. 18 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 15. The grape vine, Dralisha, Vern. Cultivated in the drier districts of the presidency.
V. indica, Linn. Sp. Pl. 202 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 653 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 4.1 ; Brandis For. Fl. 100. In the evergreen forests of the North Kánara and Konkan gháts. Fl. and Fr. from Aug. till Jan.
V. Rheedii, W. \& A. Prod. 127; Fl. Br. I. 1. 653 ; Cissus trilobata, Lamk. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 39. Konkan, Dalz.
V. setosa, Wall. Cat. 6009; Fl. Br. I. 1. 654 ; Cissus setosa, Dalz. \& Cilbs. Bomb. Tl. 4l. About Juncer, Dalz. On the Kupat hills of the Dhárwír district in dry rocky situations. Fl. Apl. Fr. June.
V. carnosa, Wall. Cat. 6018 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 654 ; Brandis For. Fl. 101 ; Cissus carnosa, Roxb. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. kl. 40. On the Konkan and North Kámara gháts, common in the Dhárwár district bordering on North Kánara. Fl. and Fr. May, Oct.
V. canarensis, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour, Bot. III. 123; Fl. Br. I. 1. 655. Supa gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests, common. The description of this species in the Fl. Br. I. is very short. The North Kánara plant has a globose (size of a small cherry), yellow (turning red when ripe), one-seeded, dry fruit. Seed with a crustaceous episperm and a white horny, ruminate albumen, The leaves are always trifoliate. Flowers diœcious, in short spreading cymes; it is quite distinct from V. lanceolaria, Roxb. Fl. C.S. Fr. April.
V. araneosus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 41 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.657. Highest gháts of the Konkan. Fl. Br. I,
V. elongata, Wall. Cat. 6016 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 658. In the forests on the coast near Kárwár, North Kánara; common. A large glabrous climber. Leaves digitately 3-5-foliate; petiole $3-4$ in. sulcate. Flowers small, 4 -merous, in short divaricating corymbose cymes. Tendrils simple. This is V. elongata, Wall., or a new species. Fl. Aug. Fr. Oct.
V. auriculata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 411 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.658 ; Cissus auriculata, D. C. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 40. Common ${ }_{\text {En }}^{\text {in }}$ the dry forests along the North Kánara frontier in the Dhárwár and Belgaum districts and probably in other places throughout the presidency. Fl. May, June. Fr. Nov.
V. tenuifolia, W. \& A. Prod. 129. Fl. Br. I. 1.660. In the moist forests of the North Kánara gháts from Ainshi southwards. A very distinct species. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. Sept.
V. lanceolaria, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 412 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.660 ; Brandis For. Fl. 101 ; Cissus muricata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 40. Kajolitsayel, M. Common on the North Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests. Fl. Dec. Fr. Mch.
V. pedata. Vahl. in Herb. Madr. ex Wall. Cat. 6027; Fl. Br. I. 1. 661 ; Cissus pedata, Dalz. \& Gilos. Bomb. Fl. 40. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara; not common. Fl. H. \& R.S. Ir. Nov.

## LEEA, Linn.

Small trees or erect shrubs. Leaves simple or compound, petiole dilated at base into a sheath. Inflorescence leaf opposed, corymbose. Notendrils. Calyx 5-toothed. Petals 5, united at base with staminal tube. Stamens 5, united at base into a 5-lobed tube. Ovary on disc, 3-6-celled. Ovules 1 in each cell. Berry 3-6-celled. Sceds erect.

L. macrophylla, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 653 ; Fl. Br. I 1.664; Brandis For. Fl. 102; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 41. Dinda, M. In the moist forests of North Kanara and the Konkan; common in the forests near Yellápur, North Kanara. Fl. and Fr. R.S.
L. crispa, Willd. Sp. Pl. 1. 1177 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 665. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara from the sea-level upwards in moist forests. Testa smooth; albumen ruminate. Fl. Aug. Fr. Oct.
L. aspera, Wall. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 468 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.665 ; Brandis For. Fl. 102. Throughout North Kánara, in moist forests ; common near Kárwár, also in the Sátpudás of Khándesh. Fl. Aug. Fr. Oct.
L. coriacea, Laws. Fl. Br. I. 1. 665. Konkan, Stocks, not seen by me.
L. sambucina, Willd. Sp. Pl. 1. 1177 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.666 ; Brandis For. Fl. 102 ; L. Staphylea, Roxb. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 41. Kurkunnie, Vern.; dino, Konkani. Throughout the presidency. In the moist forests of North Kánara. Where there is a beavy rainfall this species develops short aereal roots abundantly from the branches. Fl. Fr. R.S.
L. robusta, Roxb. Fl, Ind. 1. 656 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 667. On the gháts of North Kánara, also at the sea-level near Kadra. A large shrub with bipinnate leaves; the terminal leaflet of the pinnule is much larger than the lateral, opposite leaflets. The corymbs are very large. Fruit 6 -lobed. I think this species is L. robusta, Roxb.; it may however be distinct. Fl. Aug. Fr. ripe Nov.
L. hirta, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 655 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. $668 . \quad$ In the evergreen forests near Kárwár. The fruit is succulent, and when dry is very deeply lobed, resembling that of some Grewias. Fl. Fr. R. S.

## Order 31. SAPINDACE压.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate or opposite, simple or pinnate. Flowers small, generally polygamous. Sepals 4-5 or united. Petals 4-5 free, often squamate at base. Disc complete or one-sided. Stamens free, 5-10, generally 8. Ovary 2, 3, 4celled. Ovules 1 in each cell on axile placentas. Fruit capsular or indehiscent.

Stamens inserted inside the disc. Seeds exalbuminous (Sapindece). Flowers irregular. Disc unilateral, Leaves pinuate.
Fruit indehiscent, not lobed ... ... ... Hemigyrosa,
Fruit lobed ... ... ... ... ... ... Erioglossum.
Leaves trifoliate .. ... ... ... ... Allopirylus.
Flowers regular. Disc annular.
Petals 0 . Fruit 1 -seeded, ovoid .. ... ... Schleichera.
Petals usually present. Fruit deeply 1-3-lobed.
Sepals imbricated ... ... ... ... ... Sapindus.
Calyx-divisions valvate.
Fruit tubercled, indehiscent ... ... ... Nephelium.
Fruit an orange-coloured inflated capsule ... Harpullta.
Stamens inserted outside the disc. Seeds albuminous or exalbuminous.
Fruit a winged capsule. Leaves simple ... ... Dodonea.
Fruit globose, indehiscent. Leaves pinnate ... Turpinia.
HEMIGYROSA, Blume,
Trees. Leaves coriaceous abruptly pinnate. Flowers irregular, polygamo-monœcious. Sepals 5. Petals 4-5, with a scale at base of claw. Disc unilateral, cushioned-shaped. Stamens 8; in male flowers 6-10. Ovary escentric, trigonous, 3 -celled. Ovule solitary. Fruit woody, tomentose, yellow.
H. canescens, Thwaites Enum. 56, 408; El. Br. I. 1. 671; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 151 ; Cupania canescens, Pers.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 35. Kurpa, lalihandi, M.; kurpah, K. Common on the Konkan and North Kánara gháts in moist forests. Fll. Feb., May. Fruit ripe in June and July.

ERIOGLOSSUM, Blume,
Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, pinnate, exstipulate; leaflets opposite, entire. Flowers in terminal, erect panicles, polygamodiœecious. Sepals 5, unequal, imbricated. Petals 4, unequal, clawed; scale hairy, hooded, with an appendage at the tip. Disc 1 -sided, lobed. Stamens 8, unequal ; filaments hairy. Ovary stipitate obcordate, 3 -lobed, 3 -celled; cells 1-ovuled. Fruit lobed to the base, indehiscent.
E. edule, Bl. Bijdr. 299 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 672 ; E. rubiginosum, Brandis For. Fl. 108 ; Sapindus rubiginosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 282 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 14; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 73. Planted near Bombay; very doubtfully indigennus.

## ALLOPHYLUS, Linn.

Small trees or climbing shrubs. Leaves 1-3-foliate. Flowers small, white, in simple spikes. Sepals 4. Petals 4, with a scale above the claw. Stamens 8. Dise 1 -sided. Fruit small, indehiscent, red, shining.
A. Cobbe, Bl. Rumph. III. 131 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 673 ; Schmidelia Colbe, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 72. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests and along the banks of rivers and streams, usually a scandent shrub. Fl. June. Fr. Nov.

SCHLEICHERA, Willd.
Trees. Leaves alternate, pinnate. Calyx $4-8$ cleft. Petals 0. Stamens 6-S, on centre of disc. Ovary 3-4-celled. Fruit dry. Seeds arillate.
S. trijuga, Willd. Sp. Pl. 1 V. 1096 ; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bom. Fl. 35 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 119 ; Brandis For. Fl. 105. Kusumb, lioon, kohan, M.; sagnale, K. Throughout the presidency in dry and moist forests; common. Fl. Mch. Fr. May.

SAPINDUS, Linn.
Trees. Leaves alternate, usually paripinnate. Flowers regular. Sepals and petals $4-5$. Disc complete, annular. Stamens 8-10. Fruit 1-3-lobed, rusty tomentose.
S. trifoliatus, Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1. 367 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.682 ; S. laurifolia, Vahl, ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 34 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 73 ; Brandis For. Fl. 106. S. cmarginata, Rosb. ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 154 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 35 ; Brandis l. c. 107. Aratala, K. ; rita, M. Throaghout the presidency; usually planted about villages. Both the varieties are found in North Kánara. Var. laurifulia is indigenous on the gháts, in evergreen forests. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr. Feb., Apl.

NEPHELIUM, Linn.
Trees. Leares pinnate, glaucous beneath. Flowers polygamous. Calyx 4-8-lobed. Petals small. Stamens 5-10, within disc. Fruit 1-3-coccous, indehiscent. Seeds globose, arillate.
N. longana, Camb. in Mém. Mus. Par. XVIII. 30; Fl. Br. I. 1. 689 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 35 ; Euphoria longana, Lamk. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 156. Wuml, MI.; Fienatindali, K. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. Common in the forests near the Ainshi gháts. Fl. Mch. Fr. R.S.
N. Litchi, Cam. Fl. Br. I. 1. 687. Litchi, Vern., is cultivated near Bombay.

## HARPULLIA, Roxb.

Trees. Leaves pinnate. Sepals 4-5. Petals 4-5, obovate, clawed Stamens 5-8 elongate. Disc obscure. Capsule inflated, 2-lobed. Cells 1-2-seeded.
H. cupanoides, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 442 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 692 ; H. imbricata, Bedd. Fl. Sylv, t. 158. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, very common in the forests near Goond. Fl. Dec., Jany. Fr. Mch., April.

## DODON. A , Linn.

Shrubs. Leaves alternate. Sepals 5-2. Petals 0. Stamens 10-5, usually 8 , on outer side of disc. Capsule $2-6$-sided; valves winged, Cells 1-2 seeded.
D. viscosa, Linn. Mant. Pl. Alt. 228 ; Fl. Br. I. 1.697 ; Brandis For. Fl. 113 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 75 ; D. Burmanniana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 36. Lutchmi, paorki, M.; bundurgi, K. Throughout the dry forests of the presidency and in open situations in the driest districts, absent from the heavy rainfall zone. Fl. Aug. Fr. C.S.

## TURPINIA, Vont.

Trees. Leaves opposite, oddpinate. Calyx 5-partite. Petals 5, imbricated. Stamens 5, outside the disc. Fruit globose, indehiscent, 3 -celled ; seeds angular ; albumen fleshy.
T. pomifera, DC. Prod. II. 3 ; Fl. Br. I. 1. 698 ; T. nepalensis, Wall. Bedd. Fl, Sylv, t. 159. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; a very large tree. Fl. Jany, Fr. April.

## Order 32. Sabiacem.

Shrubs or trees, rarely climbers. Leaves alternate, simple or pinnate. Flowers small, hermaphrodite or polygamous; inflorescence usually a panicle. Calyx 4-5-partite, imbricate. Petals 4-5, equal or unequal, opposite to or alternating with the sepals. Disc small, annular. Stamens $4-5$, opposite the petals, inserted at the base of or on the disc, usually 2 only perfect and 3 without anthers. Ovary 2-3-celled, compressed or $2-3$-lobed ; styles $2-3$, free or connate or 0 , stigmas punctiform; ovules 1-2 in each cell. Ripe carpels 1-2 drupaceous or dry, endocarp crustaceous or bony, albumen 0 or scanty.

## MELIOSIMA, Blume.

Trees or shrubs, usually pubescent or tomentose. Flowers minute in thyrsoid panicles. Sepals 4-z. Petals as many very unequal, the 2 smaller, interior, behind the fertile stamens, sometimes 2 -cleft. Stamens 2 fertile and 3 deformed, broad opposite the larger petals, 2. fid with 2 empty cells. Disc annular toothed. Ovary sessile, 2 rarely 3 -celled, with 2 horizontal or pendulous ovules in each cell. Drupe obliquely globular, stone bony or crustaceous, 1 rarely 2-celled.
M. Wightii, Planch in Herb. Hook.; Fl. Br. I. 2. 4 ; Brandis For. Fl. 116 ; M. pungens, Wall.; Bedd. Fl Sylv. 77. From the Konkan southwards, Fl. Br. I.

## Order 33. ANACARDIACERE.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple or compound, usually alternate. Flowers unisexual or hermaphrodite. Calyx 3-5-partite. Petals as many as calyx divisions. Jisc usually annular. Stamens as many as petals, inserted under the base of the disc. Ovary unilocular (in Spondicas 5-celled), superior or half inferior. Styles 1-4. Fruit a drupe, 1-5-celled and seeded. Seeds exalbuminous.

Fruit 1-celled, 1-seeded. Ovules pendulous from a basal funicle. Leaves compound, Stamens 4-10.... ... ... Rhus. Leaves simple. Disc lobed.
Stamens 1-5. Peduncle not enlarged in fruit ... Mangirera. Stamens 8-10. Peduncle enlarged in fruit ... Anacardidm. Stamens 10. Carpels 5-6, 1 fertile... ... ... Buchanania.

| Ovules pendulous from top of cell ovarian walls above the middle. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Leaves pinnate |  |  |  |
| Style 1. Petals valvate |  |  | Solenocarpu |
| Styles 3-4. Petals imbricate | ... |  | Odina. |
| Leaves simple |  |  |  |
| Stamens 5. |  |  |  |
| Drupe on enlarged dise and calyx. |  |  | Semecarpes. |
| Disc and calyx not enlarged in fruit |  |  | Holigarna. |
| Stamens 4. Drupe superior ... | ... |  | отeor |
| Fruit 2-5-celled, 2-5-seeded |  |  | OND |

## RHUS, Linn.

Trees. Leaves 1-3-foliate or pinnate. Flowers small, paniculate, polygamous. Calyx 4-6-partite. Petals 4-6. Stamens 4-10, free. Ovary 1-celled. Styles 3. Drupe small, dry with a pendulous seed.
R. mysorensis, Heyne ; W. \& A. Prod. 172 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.9 ; Brandis For. Fl. 119; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 78. In the dry forests of the Deccan and in Sind ; common in the Dhárwár forests; a small tree or large shrub. Fl. Feb. Fr. Apl.

## MANGIFERA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves alternate. Flowers in terminal panicles. Clayx 4-5 partite. Petals 4-5. Stamens $1-5,1$ more perfect than the others. Ovary sessile, oblique. Drupe large ; stone compressed, fibrous.
M. indica, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 2. 13 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 51 ; Brandis For. Fl. 125 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 162. Mangoe. Mavina mara, K; amba, M. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts and in the ravines of the Sátpudás of Khándesh, also cultivated throughout the presidency and Sind. Fl. Feb., Apl. Fr. ripe June.

## ANACARDIUIV, Rottl.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves petioled, simple. Panicle terminal. Calyx 5-partite. Petals 5. Dise erect. Stamens 8-10; filaments connate and adnate to disc. Ovary obovoid ; ovule 1. Nut kidneyshaped, on enlarged disc and peduncle.
A. occidentale, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 2. 20 ; Dalz.'\& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 18; Bedd. Fl. Sylv, t. 163. Godambe, K.; kiju, M.; geru mavıu in Dhárwár; "Hijuli-badam" or cashewnut. Naturalized from America throughout the presidency ; common near the sea-coast in open situations.

## BUCHANANIA, Roxb.

Trees. Leaves simple, villous or glaucous. Panicles terminal. Flowers hermaphrodite. Calyx 3-5-lobed. Petals 4-5. Disc orbicular, 5-lobed. Carpels 5-6, in cavity of disc, only 1 fertile. Drupe with a bony stone, 2 -valved.

Leaves and panicles villous ... .. B. tatifolia
Leaves and panicles glabrous ... ...B. angustifolic.
B. latifolia, Roxl. Fl. Ind. II. 385 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 23 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 165 ; Brandis For. Fl. 127 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 52. Char, chirauli, M.; nurkal, K.; payal, Vern. Dalz. Throughout the presidency in dry, deciduous forests. Fl. Jan., Mch. Fr. Apl., May.
B. angustifolia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 386 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 23 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Il. 41, Konkan from the Adjunta jungles, southwards. Graham.

SOLENOCARPUS, Wt. \& Arn.
Tree. Leaves oddpinnate, leaflets opposite, crenulate. Panicles terminal. Calyx 5-toothed. Petals 5. Disc annular. Stamens 10, at base of disc. Ovary sessile, 1-celled. Drupe small, compressed, pericarp full of oil.
S. indica, Wt. \& Arn. Prod. 1. 171 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 27 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 233. In the evergreen forests of the Yellápur táluka of North Kánara, rare. Fl. Nov. Fr. Jany.

## ODINA, Roxb.

Trees. Leaves oddpinnate deciduous, leaflets opposite. Flowers small, mon or diœcious, fascicled, in terminal panicles. Calyx 4-5lobed. Petals 4-5. Disc annular, lobed. Ovary 4-5 partite. Drupe small, red ; stone hard.
O. Wodier, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 293 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 29 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 123 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 51 ; Brandis For. Fl. 123. Gujel, K.; moce, shembat, shinti, M.; moina, Vern. Gujarát. Common throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Feb., Apl. Fr. July, Aug.

## SEMECARPUS, Linn. F.

Trees. Leaves simple. Flowers polygamous or diœcious, in terminal panicles. Calyx 5-6-fid. Petals 5-6. Disc annular. Stamens 5-6. Ovary l-celled. Drupe fleshy, seated on thickened disc and calyx base.
S. Anacardium, Linn. f. Fl. Br. I. 2. 30 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 52 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 166 ; Brandis For. Fl. 124. Marking nut tree; bibha, M.; ger, K. Throughout the presidency in dry forests ; locally abundant. Flowers at various times. Fruit from November to February. Var. cuneifolia; DC. Bibu, M. Gháts near Khandála. Fl. Dec. Graham.

## HOLIGARNA, Ham.

Trees. Leaves simple; petiole with $2-4$ deciduous appendages. Panicles axillary or terminal. Flowers polygamous. Calyx 5toothed. Petals 5, villous in front. Disc lining calyx-tube. Stamens 5 , on edge of disc. Ovary inferior. 1-celled. Styles 3-5, terminal. Ovule pendulous from top of cell. Drupe ovoid with resinous pulp, stone coriaceous.

| Leaves quite glabrous beneath |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Leaves pubescent beneath | ... | ... | II. Arnottiana. |

H. Arnottiana, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 2. 36 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 51 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 167. Holigar, honlgeri, K. ; sudrabilo, M. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common. Fl. Jan., Feb. Fr. June, July.
H. Grahamii Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 2. 37 ; Semecarpus Grahamii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 52. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kínara. Mira hills and near Thul, Dalz. ; common in the North Kánara ghát forests from Ainshi southwards. Fl. Jany. Fr. ripe June.

## NOTHOPEGIA, Blume.

Tree. Leaves alternate or opposite, entire. Racemes axillary Calys small, 4-5 lobed. Petals 4-5. Disc annular, 4-5-lobed. Stamens 4-5, filaments hairy. Ovary l-celled. Ovule pendulous from top of cell. Drupe Heshy striate, seed pendulous.
N. Colebrookiana, Blume Mus. Bot. 1. 203 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 40 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. t. 164 ; Glycycarpus racemosus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 51. Amberi, Vern. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. Fl. March. Fr. May.

## SPONDIAS, Linn.

Trees. Leaves odd-pinnate, leaflets caudate, acuminate. Flowers small, in terminal panicles. Calyx 4-5-fid. Yetals 4-5, spreading. Disc cupular, crenate. Stamens $8-10$, inserted beneath disc. Ovary free, $4-5$-celled. Ovules solitary, pendulous in the cells. Drupe fleshy with a bard thick stone, 1-5-celled. Seeds pendulous.

> Leaflets not caudate. Fruit rough, fibrous Leaflets caudate, acuminate. Fruit smouth mangifera. ... S. acuminata
S. mangifera, Willd. ; DC. Prod. II. 75. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 169 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 19 ; Brandis For. Fl. 128. Hog plum. Ambada, M. ; amate, K. Throughout the presidency, usually in dry forests, common in North Kánara from the sea-coast inland, often planted. Fl. Feb., Apl. Fr. ripe next Nov., Dec.
S. acuminata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 453 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 42 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 42. Ambut, ambada, M. In the Konkan hills near the Kennery Caves, Graham. North Kánara.

## Order 34. MORINGE用.

Trees. Leaves alternate, impari-bi or tri-pinnate; pinnæ and leaflets opopsite. Flowers bisexual in axillary panicles. Calyx cupshaped, 5-cleft; segments unequal, petaloid. Petals 5, noequal. Stamess inserted on the edge of the disc, declinate, 5 perfect, opposite the petals, alternating with 5-7 filaments without anthers; anthers 1-celled. Ovary stipitate, lanceolate, 1-celled, with 3 parietal placentas; style simple, slender; ovules numerous. Capsule podshaped, rostrate, $3-6$-angled, torulose, 1 -celled, 3 -valved, corky and pitted within. Seeds mauy, in pits of the valves, testa corky, winged or 0 . Albumen 0 ; embryo with a many leaved plumule.

## MORINGA, Lamk.

Only genus, with characters those of the order.

> Leaflets small, nerves obscure. Petals white ... ... M. pterygosperma.
> Leaflets large, nerves 4-6 pairs, distinct. Petals streaked with pink... ... ... ... ... ... M. concanensis.
M. pterygosperma, Gærtn. DC. Prod. II. 478 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 45 ; Brandis For. Fl. 129 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 80 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 314. Shevgi, M.; nuggi mara, K.; segava, segata, Vern. Horse-radish tree. Cultivated throughout the presidency. Fl. Jany., Apl. Fr. Apl, onwards.
M. concanensis, Nimmo in Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 43 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 45 ; Brandis For. Fl. 130 ; Dalz. \& Gils. Bomb. Fl. 311. Mhua, Sindhi. Throughout the Konkan and Sind, in dry forests. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Dec. onwards.

## Order 35. CONNARACEEA.

Shrubs or trees, climbing or erect. Leaves alteruate, 1-3-foliate or odd-pinnate. Flowers bisexual, in racemes or panicles. Calyx 5 -divided. Petals 5. Stamens 5-10, sometimes declinate, those opposite the petals often shorter and imperfect. Carpels 5, rarely more or less, hairy, 1-celled ; ovules 2, collateral. Fruit of 1, rarely $2-3$, sessile or stalked usually 1 -seeded follicles. Secd arillate or not, aril various.

Calyx accrescent. Capsule sessile ... ... Rourea.
Calyx not accrescent. Capsule pedicellate ... ... Connarus.
ROUREA, Aubl.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves odd-pinnate. Panicles axillary. Sepals 5 , orbicular, imbricate, accrescent in fruit. Petals 5, stamens 10 ; filaments connate at the base. Ovaries 5-4, usually imperfect. Fruit a capsule, apiculate.
R. santaloides, W. \& A. Prod. 144 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 47 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 53. In the evergeeen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara ; abundant on the hills near Kárwár. Fl. Oct. Fr. Apl.-July There is a variety of the above, found on the Ainshi ghát of North Kánara, the sepals of which are ciliate and the capsules small, $\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. on slender pedicels.

## CONNARUS, L.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves odd-pinnate; leaflets usually 5. Flowers small in axillary and terminal branched panicles. Sepals 5. Petals 5. Stamens 10,5 shorter and sometimes without anthers. Ovaries 5 , densely pubescent, 4 usually imperfect or obsolete, the fifth with a slender style, stigma capitellate. Capsule oblique, inflated, broader upwards; valves glabrous or pubescent within; seeds arillate, albumen 0 , testa shining.

[^2]C. monocarpus, Linn.; FI. Br. I. 2.50 ; C. pimatus, Lamk. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 53. Sundar, M. Common in the ghát forests of the Konkan and North Kánara.
C. Wightii, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 2. 51. A. lofty climber common in the moist evergreen forests of North Kamara along the gháts. Agrees with the specimens of C. pentandrus, Roxb. in the Herb. Calcutt. The capsules are, however, quite glabrous within. Fl. Feb. Fı. Apl., May.
C. Ritchiei, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 2. 51. Forests of the Konkan and on the Rám ghát near Belgaum. Fl. Br. I. Also on the Supa gháts of North Kánara. Fl. Apl. Fr. May, June.

## Order 36. LaGGUINOSA.

Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves stipulate, simple or compound. Iuflorescence racemose or panicled. Flowers regular or irregular, hermaphrodite or polygamous. Sepals 5 . Petals 5 . Stamens usually 10 ; filaments free or combined. Ovary free. Ovules 1 or more on ventral suture. Fruit a pod, dehiscent or indehiscent. Seeds asually exalbuminous.
PAPILIONACEE-Corolla papilionaccous. Stamens definite.
Genistece-Stames monadelphous. Pod dehiscent. Leares simple or digitately trifoliate.
Anthers dimorphous ... ... ... Crotalaria.
Galegex-Stamens diadelphous. Pod not jointed. Leaves
imparipinnate.
Hairs fixed by the centre ... ... ... Indigofera.
Hairs basifixed.
Pod few seeded
Filaments filiform... ... ... ... Milletitia.
Filaments dilated... .... ... ... ... Mundulea.
Pod many seeded ... ... ... ... Sesbbania.
Hedysarect-Stamens diadelphous or monadelphous. Pod
jointed if more than 1 seeded. Leaves odd-pinnate.
Leaves exstipellate
Stamens diadelphous, 9-1 ... ... ... Alifagi.
Stamens monadelphous ... ... ... Strlosanties.
Leaves stipellate.
Racemes in fascicles from old wood ... ... Odgeinia.
Racemes simple or panicled from the year's shoots ... Desmodum.
Whascolece-Stameus monadelphous or diadelphous. Leaves pinnately trifoliate.
Leaves not gland-dotted. Stamens monadelphous.
Climbing shrubs with irritating bristles ... ... Mucuna.
Prickly trees ... ... ... ... Erythinina.
Stamens monadelphous.
Glabrous climbers. Calyx 2-lipped, glabrous ... Canavalia.
Pubescent climbers. Calyx not lipped, silky ... Pueraria.
Stamens diadelphous. l'od like a samara reversed.
Flowers small, panicled ... ... ... Spatholobư,
Flowers large, racemose ... ... ... Butea.
B) $144-9$

Leaves gland-dotted beneath.
Ovules 3 or more.
Seeds arillate ... ... ... ... ... ... Atylosia.
Seeds not arillate ... ... ... ... ... ... Cajants.
Ovules 1-2.
Calyx teeth accrescent ... ... ... ... ... Cylista,
Calyx teeth not accrescent.
Leaves pinuate ... ... ... ... ... ... Rynchosia.
Leaves digitate ... ... ... ... ... ... Flemingia.
Dulbergiece, -Stamens monadelphous. Leaves odd-pinnate.
Leaflets alternate.

| Flowers, small, white | ... | $\ldots$ | ... | Dalbergia. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flowers, large, ycllow | ... | ... | ... | Pterocarpus. |
| Leaflets opposite. |  |  |  |  |
| Pod compressed, not winged | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | . | Pongamia. |
| Pod thin winged | $\ldots$ | ... | ... | Derris. |

CESALPINIEE.-Petals imbricate, slightly unequal.
Stamens definite. Leaves bipinnate.
Sepals imbricate.
Sutures of pod not winged ... ... ... ... Cesalpinia,
Upper suture of pod winged ... ... ... ... Mezonedron.
Sepals valvate.
Unarmed trees. Pod thin flat ... ... ... ... Poinciana.
Spinous tree. Pod turgid....
Cassiecr.-Leares pinnate. Calyx-tube short. Dise sub-basal.
Petals 5.
Pod variable usually many sceded. Seeds exalbumin.

| ous... | ... | $\cdots$ | ... |  | Cassia. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pod thick turgid, 1-seeded | ... | $\ldots$ | ... |  | Cynometra. |
| Petals 0. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pod samaroid, 1 -seeded | ... | ... | ... |  | Hardwicki |

Amherstiece.-Leaves equally pinnate. Dise at top of prolonged calyx-tube.

| Petals 0 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Petals $3-5$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Saraca. |  |  |  |
| Leaves simple bilobed | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Taviarindus. |  |
| Le........ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Bauhinia. |  |  |  |

MIMOSEX.-Petals regular, valvate often united. Stamens definite or indefinite.

Mimosere. - Stamens usually 10.


A caciect.-Stamens indefinitc.
Stamens free ... ... ... ... ... ... Adacia.
Stamens monadelphous.
Pod thin, ligulate... ... ... ... ... ... Albiziza,
Pod circinatc ... ... ... ... ... ... Pithecolobium.

CROTALARIA, Linn.
Herbs or shrubs. Leaves simple or $3-5$-foliate. Flowers racemose, often showy. Corolla included or exserted; keel incurved, distinctly beaked. Pod turgid, many seeded.
C. Burhia, Hamilt. in Wall, Cat. 5386 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 66 ; Brandis For. Fl. 144. Sis, sissai, Vern. Common in the plains of Sind in dry sandy places. Fl. Nov.-Mch. C. retusa, L. Gagri, M. C. soricea, Retz. C. Leschenaultii, DC. Dyli, dingale, M. C. Heyneana, Grah. C. leptostachya, Benth. C. juncea, L. (Sann, taa!, Vern.) C. fulva, Roxb. C. striata, DC. and C. laburnifolia, L., are all undershrabs found in the forests of the western gháts of Bombay. C. juncea, $L_{\text {, }}$, is cultivated throughout North Kánara and also in the Deccan and Konkar.

## INDIGOFERA, Linn.

Herbs or shrubs. Flowers in axillary racemes. Corolla caducous; keel straight, spurred on each side near the base. Anthers apiculate. Pod usually linear cylindrical.

I. paucifolia, Delile; DC. Prod. II. 224; F1. Br. I. 2. 97 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 59. Throughout the dry plains of the presidency and in Sind. Fl. \& Fr. Sept., Oct. Leaves silvery-shining.
I. argentea, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II, 224; Fl. Br. I. 2. 98. Var. corvelea; Dalz \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 59. Brandis For. Fl. 136. Throughout the dry plains of the presidency and in Sind. Fl. June. Fr. Aug. Sept.
I. tinctoria, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 224 ; Fl. Br. T. 2. 99 ; Datz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 59 ; Brandis For. Fl. 135. The indigo plant. Nil, Vern, In open places near villages throughout the Konkan and North Kinara, doubtfully indigenous. Cultivated in Sind. Fl. Fr. Oct. Jany.
I. constricta, Trim. Syst. Cat. Fl. Pl. Ceylon. I. flaccida var. constricta, Thw. Enum. $411 ;$ Fl, Br. I. 2. 99. In the moist forests of North Kánara; common on the Supa gháts. Fl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Dec., Jany.
I. Wightii, Grah. in Wall. Cat. $\check{4} 4 \mathrm{j} 8$; Fl. Br. I. 2. 99 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 59. Plains of the Deccan, Belgaum.
I. pulchella, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 57 ; Fl. Ind. III. 382 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 101 ; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb, Fl. 60 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. 85. Chimnati, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara from the sea-level upwards, usually in moist forests along the gháts. Fl. Dec. Fr, ripe Feb.

MILLETTIA, Wt. \& Arn.
Climbers. Leares imparipinnate. Flowers showy. Corolla much exserted; standard broad, keel not beaked. Pod turgid, sometimes torulose.
M. racemosa, Bentb. Pl. Jang. 249 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. I05. TVisteria pallida, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 61 ; W. recemesa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 61. Throughout the deciduous forests of the Konkan and Northr Kánara. Fl. Apl., May. Fr, ripe next eofe season,

MUNDULEA, DC.
Shrubs. Leaves odd-pinnate. Corolla much exserted; standard with a long claw, keel incurved, obtusely pointed. Pod large, linear with thickened sutures.
M. suberosa, Bentl. Pl. Jung. 248 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 110 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 85 ; Tephurosia, suberosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 60. Supti, Vern. On the rocky hills east of Belgaum, Dalz. Common in the forests near Bádámi. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Oct., Nov.

## SESBANIA, Pers.

Shrubs, herbs or trees. Leaves long, abruptly pinnate, leaflets mucronate. Flowers showy, in axillary racemes. Corolla much exserted; petals with long claws. Pod long, narrow with septa between the numerous seeds.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
\text { Flowers small } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \text {......egyptiact. } \\
\text { Flowers very large } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text {... S. grandiflora. }
\end{array}
$$

S. ægyptiaca, Pers_ ; DC. Prod. II. 264; Fl. Br. I. 2. 114; Brandis For. F1. 137; Bedd, F]. Sylv. 86. Shevarie, M. Along nálás and water-courses in North Kánaras, but not indigenous ; commonly planted in gardens. Fl. R. \& C.S.
S. giandiflora, Pers. Syn. If. 316; Fl. Br. I. 2.115; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 86 ; Brandis For. Fl. 187. Agati grandiflora, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 22. Augusta, Vern. Commonly planted throughout the presidency; often as a support for piper betel. An ornamental tree. Fl. Fr. at various times throughout the year.

## ALHAGI, Desv.

Spinous shrulb. Leaves simple. Flowers axillary. Corolla exscerted; standard broad, keel obtuse. Pod linear, moniliform, faleate or straight.
A. maurorum, Desr.; DC. Prod. III. 35.2 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 145 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 67 ; Brandis For. Fl. 144. The camel-thorn. Kes, Sind ; jowassi, Vern. Throughout the dry plains of the presidency aud Sind, El. Mch., Apl. Fr. Aug.

## STYLOSANTHES, Sw.

Shrub. Leaves rigid, pinnately trifoliate. Flowers in dense heads ; corolia not exserted, keel subrostrate. Pod flattencd, 1-2jointed, joints rugose.
S. mucronata, Willd. ; DC. Prod. II. 318; Fl. Br. I. 2. 148. Common on the dry hills near Dharwár. Shores of the Westarn peninsula, Fl. Br. I. Fl. Fr. R.S.

OUGEINIA, Benth.
Tree. Leaves pinnately trifoliate. Flowers in fascicled axillary racemes. Corolla much exserted; standard broad, keel obtuse. Pod linear, flat, smooth, 2-5-jointed.
O. dalbergioides, Benth. Pl. Jungh, 216 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 161; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 36 ; Brandis Fior. Fl. 146 ; Dalbergia oojeinensis, Roxb.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 78. Kuri mutal, K.; tewas, M.; kala phulas, Hind.; telus, Khándesh Dangs ; tunuj, sandan, timsa, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests; common in the forests of the Yellápur sub-division of North Kánara where large trees are numerous; yields a valuable elastic wood; not attacked by white ants. Fl. Mch.-May. Fr. Junc.

## DESMODIURI, Desv.

Shruls or herbs. Leaves simple or trifoliate, stipellate. Flowers small, racemose. Corolla exserted ; standard broad. Pod of several 1 -seeded indehiscent joints.

| Leaves trifoliate. Flowers in axillary umbels. Bracts minute, deciduous. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Branches terete. Joints of pod large |  |  |  |
| Branches triquetrous. Joints of pod small |  |  |  |
| Leaves trifoliate. Umbels in continuous rows, Bracts large persistent |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Leaves 1 -3-foliate. Flowers in simple or panicled racemes. |  |  |  |
| Joints of podindehiscent. |  |  |  |
| Leaves trifoliate |  |  | D. laxitorum. |
| Leares 1-foliate. |  |  |  |
| Leaflet glabrescent above |  |  |  |
| Leaflet scabrous above |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | . dyrans. |

D. umbellatum, DC. Prod. II. 325 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 161; Bedd. FI. Sylv. 87. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 66. South-east of Surat; near Belgaum, Dalz.
D. Cephalotes, Wall. Cat. 5721 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 161 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 87. D. congestum, Dalz. \& Gibs. 66. Common in the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan. FI. July, Sept. Fr. C.S.
D. pulchellum, Benth. MSS.; Fl. Br. I. 2. 162. Throaghout the presidency in moist places along nálás and water-courses, common in North Kanara as undergrowth in the high timber deciduous forests of the Yollápur ghats. Fl. Fr. RiS.
D. triquetrum, DC. Prod. II. 326 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 163 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 66. Common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara from the coast inwards, a very distinct species. Fl. Sept.Jany. Fr. C.S.
D. laxiflorum, DC. Prod. II. 335 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 164. Jungly ganga, Veru. Common in the forests along the Supa gháts of North Kánara. Fl. Fr. R.S. C.S.
D. gangeticum, DC. Prod. II. 327 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.168 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 66. Throughout the presidency both in the plains and in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kanara. Fl. May, June. Fr. July, Aug.
D. latifolium, DC. Prod. II. 327 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 168 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 66. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Fr. R.S.
D. polycarpum, DC. Prod. II. 334 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 171 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 66. Common throughout the presidency, scarcely worth including in the present list. Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S.
D. gyrans, DC. Prod. II. 326; Fl. Br. I. 2. J74. The semaphore plant. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, very common. Fl. R.S. Fr. Oct., Nov.

The species of Desmodium, although undershrubs, are included in this list, as they are common in the undergrowth of many of the forests of the Konkan and North Kánara.

## ABRUS, Linn.

Climbers. Leaves pinnate ; leaflets deciduous. Flowers in racemes on axillary peduncles or short branches. Corolla exserted, keel ovate. Stamens 9. Pod thin or turgid, septate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Pod turgid, } 3 \text {-5-seeded } \\
& \text { Pod thin, flat, } 6-8 \text {-seeded ... ... ... ... } \\
& \text {... }
\end{aligned}
$$

A. precatorius, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 381 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 175 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 76 ; Brandis For. Fl. 139. Gunchi, Vern.; gunja, Sans. Throughout the presidency ; common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. R.S. Fr. Jany.
A. pulchellus, Wall. Cat. 5819; Fl. Br. I. 2. 175. In the moist forests of North Kánara ; very common near Kárwár and along the coast southwards. Fl. R.S. Fr. Nov., Jany.

MUCUNA, Adans.
Twining plants. Leaves trifoliate, stipellate. Flowers large, in racemes, often pendulous. Corolla exserted; keel rostrate, exceeding the wings. Anthers dimorphous. Pod clothed with irritating bristles.

Pod obliquely plaited, 1 -seeded
Pod without plaits, several seeded
.... ... M. monosperma. $^{\text {M. pruriens. }}$.
M. monosperma, DC. Prod. II. 406 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 185 ; Dalz. \& Gil)s. Bomb. Fl. 70. In the moist forests along the Konkan and North Kánara gháts; locally common. Fl. C.S. Fr. H. and R.S.
M. pruriens, DC. Prod. II. 405 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 187; M. prurita, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 70. Cowitch. Hasıgzni gidda, K.; kivanch in Gujarát; luhila, Vern. Throughout the presideney from the coast inland, common in hedges, sometimes cultivated. Fl. Oct., Nor. Fr. Dec, Feb.
M. atropurpurea, DC., with broad 2 -seeded, plaited, bristly pods, and MI. gigantea, DC., with broad, winged, 2-6-seeded pods, not plaited, are stated by Nimmo to be found in the Konkan, Grab. Cat. Bo. Pl. 53.

## ERYTHRINA, Linn.

Prickly trees. Leaves trifoliate. Flowers large, coral red, in racemes. Calyx spathaceous, or campanulate and 2-lipped. Standard much exserted, exceeding keel.
Pod linear, turgid, torulose.
Calyx spathaceous, not 2-lipped.
Calyx 5 cleft at tip. Pod 6-8-seeded
Caly
Calyx entire at tip, 2.3-seeded
Calyx campanulate, 2-1ipped
....
Cal ....
E. indica, Lam. ; DC. Prod. II. 412 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 188 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 87 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 70 ; Brandis For. Fl. 139. Indian coral tree. Pangara, M. ; mullu mutala, K. In the deciduous forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; commonly planted throughout the presidency as a support for pepper rines. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. June.
E. stricta, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 251 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 189 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 70 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 175. In the deciduons forests of North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. May. Fr. June.
E. suberosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 253 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 189 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 87 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 70. Pangra, Vern. Throughout the dry forests of the presidency, does not extend into the heary rainfall zone. Fl. May. Fr. June.

## SPATHOLOBUS, Hassk.

Woody climbers. Leaves trifoliate stipellate. Flowers in terminal panicles. Corolla exserted, keel straight. Pod 1-seeded, winged.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Pod broad, rusty tomentose } \\
& \text { Pod glabrescent, narrower }
\end{aligned} \text {... }
$$

S. Roxburghii, Benth. Pl. Jungh. 238 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 193 ; Brandis For. Fl. 143 ; Butea parviflora, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 71. Phutsun, M. Throughout the forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. This lofty climber does great damage to the teak and other timber trees in North Kánara. Fl. C.S. Fr. April.
S. purpureus, Benth. MSS. Fl. Br. I. 2. 194. Erergreen forests of North Kánara on the Supa gháts, rare. Fl. C.S. Fr. Apl., May. Fruit like the samara of the sycamore reversed, narrow, glabrescent.

BUTEA, Roxb.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves large, trifoliate, stipellate. Flowers large, in racemes or panicles. Corolla exserted, keel semi-circular. Pod stalked, compressed, thin, membranous, 1-seederl.

$$
\begin{array}{llllllll}
\text { Erect tree } . . . & . . & \ldots & . . & \ldots & . . & \ldots & \text { B. frondosa. } \\
\text { Climbing shrub } & \text {... } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \text {... } & \text { B. superba. }
\end{array}
$$

B. frondosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 244 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 71 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 194 ; Brandis For. Fl. 142. Bedd. Fl, Sylv. 176. Bastard teak. Tésí-ká-jhar, H.; muttala, K.; phulas, M.; phullas kakria, Guj. Throughout the presidency, common in deciduous forests. Fl. March. Fr. June, July.
B. superba, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 247 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 195. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 71: Brandis For, Fl. 143. Palasvél, beltivas, M. In the moist forests of the North Konkan. Fl. Mch.

## CANAVALIA, DC.

Twining shrubs. Leaves 3 -foliate, stipellate. Flowers large, in racemes. Calyx 2-lipped. Corolla exserted, standard large, keel short, incurved. Pod large, ribbed along upper suture.

> Racemes many flowered. Pod many seeded ... ... C. ensiformis, Racemes few flowered. Pod few seeded ...
C. ensiformis, DC. Prod. 2. 404 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 195. C. Stnclisii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 69 ? C.virosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl.69. Gowara, arsambal, Vern. In hedges throughout the presidency, common. El. Feb. Fr. June.
C. obstusifolia, DC. Prod. 2. 404 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 196. Along the coast of North Kánara and Konkan. Fl. Mch. Fr. June, July.

## PUERARIA, DC,

Herbs or twining shrubs. Leaves trifoliate, stipellate. Flowers fascicled, in long racemes. Corolla exserted ; standard spurred at base, equalling in length the keel and wings. Pod linear, flattish. Root immense, tuberous, in $P$. tuberosa.
P. tuberosa, DC. Prod. II. 240 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 197 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 67. Brandis For. Fl. 141. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, in open situations. Fl. Mch., Apl.; leafless when in flower. Fr. May.

## ATYLOSIA, W. \& A.

Erect or twining shrubs. Leaves trifoliate, gland-dotted beneath. Flowers axillary or racemed. Corolla more or less exserted, keel not beaked. Pod linear or oblong, turgid ; seeds with a divided strophiole.

A. gominiflora, Dalz. in Jour. Lim. Soc. XIII. 185 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 212. In the moist forests at the foot of the ghats in the Yellápur táluka of North Kánara, probably throughout the Konkan, but nowhere abundant. Fl. R.S.
A. lineata, W. \& A. Prod. 258 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 2䍝3; Cajanus lineatus, Grah. Atylosia Lawii, Wgt.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 74. Rar-toor, Vern. Very common in the moist forests along the Konkan and Nortle Kánara gháts. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Jany.
A. sericea, Bentl. MSS. Fl. Br. I. 2. 213. Moist forests of the Konkan. El. Br. I.
A. mollis, Benth. Pl. Jungh, 243 ; Fl. Br. I. 213 ; Cajanus glandullusus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 73. South Konkan, Fl. Br. I.
A. kulnensis, Dalz. in Jour. Linn. Soc. XIII. 186 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 214. Cajamus kulnensis, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 72. In the moist evergreen forests of the Konkan aud North Kánara, common. Fl. Fr. Dec., Mch.
A. rostrata, Baker. Fl. Br. I. 2. 216. Konkan, Stocks.
A. barbata, Baker. Fl. Br. I. 2. 216 ; A. goensis, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 73. Konkan gháts, Belgaum Collectorate, Dalz.

CAJANUS, DC.
Erect shrub. Leaves trifoliate. Flowers racemed. Corolla exserted, keel truncate. Pod linear, torulose.
C. indicus, Spreng. Syst. III. 248 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 217 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 24. Pigeon pea, Toor ; dhal, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency.

## CYLISTA, Ait,

Climber. Leaves trifoliate. Flowers racemed. Calyx scariose. Corolla not exserted, keel much incurved. Pod small, oblique, enclosed in calyx.
C. scariosa, Ait. ; DC. Prod. II. 410 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 219 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 74. Ranguera, Vern. Throughout the presidency in open places in deciduous forests, often in hedges. Fl. Fr. cold season.

## RYNCHOSIA, lour.

Erect or twining shrubs. Leaves pinnately trifoliate, gland-dotted. Jlowers axillary or racemed. Corolla included, or exserted; keel incurved. Pod usually continuous between the seeds deeply torulose, flat, turgid; seeds usually arillate.
R. cyanosperma, Benth. in Oliv. Fl. Trop. Africa IT. 219; Fl. Br. I. 2. 222. Cyanospermum tomentosum, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 75. Evergreen forests of the South Konkan and North Kanara nowhere abundant Fi. Fr. C.S.

FLEMINGIA, Roxb.
Shrubs. Leaves simple or trifoliate, gland-dotted bencath. Inflorescence various. Corolla usually not exserted, keel obtuse or slightly rostrate. Pod small, turgid, usually 2 -sceded.

> Leares simple. Flowers in small cymes, each in the axil of a large folded persistent bract
> . F. strolitifera.
> Leaves digitately trifoliate.
> Flowers in axillary racemes ... ... ... ... F. congesta.
> Flowers in gbobose heads. Bracts large persistent ... $H^{H}$, incolucrata.
W. strobilifera, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew ed. '2, IV. $350 ;{ }^{2} 1$. Br. I. 2. 227 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 75. Kankuti, Vern. Throughont the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common. Bracts often with sterile flowers. Fl. Fr. R. and C.S.

Ti. congesta, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 56 ; Fl. Ind. III. 340 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 228 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 75 ; Var. nana. Ir. procumbens, Roxb.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 55. Dow dowla, Vern. Throughout the presideney the var. semialata is very common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Flowers throughout the year.
F. involucrata, Benth. Pl. Jungh. 246 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 229 ; in the deciduous forests of the Konkan and North Kánara : a gregarious shrub growing in the open glades. Fl. R.S. Fr. Nov. Feb.

## DALBERGIA, Linn. f.

Trees or climbers. Leaves imparipinnate, leaflets alternate. Elowers paniculate. Corolla exserted, keel obtuse. Stamens 9-1, $10-9$ or $5-5$. Pcd thiu, flat, indehiscent, few seeded.

Trees.
Stamens 9. Leafiets large.
Leaflets acuminate ... ... ... ... ... ... D. Sissoo.
Leaflets obtuse ... ... ... ... ... ... D. latifolia.
Scondent shrubs.
Leaflets few. Iod strongly veined, 1-2-seeded... ... D. rubiginosu.
Leaflets many, small.
Flowers in terminal panicles. Pod strap-shaped, brownish, veined ... ... ... ... ... ... ... D. confertiflora.
l'nnicles axillary.
P'od thin, oblong, very long stalked ... ... ... D. Stockisri.
Pod thin, oblong, short stalked ... ... ... ... D. sympathetict.
Pod strap-shaped, not veined, long stalked. Stanens 10. D. temerindifolice.
Stamens $5-5$, cqually diadelphous.
Irees.
Leaflets with prominent lateral nerves ... ... ... D. lenceolaria.
Leatlets with reticulate venation ... ... ... ... D. peniculata.
Climbers.
Pod straight, thim, 1-2-seeded ... ... ... ... D. volubilis.
Pod crescent-shaped, 1 -seeded ... ... ... ... D. monospermu.
Pod reniform, flat. A spinous, erect slirub ... ... D. spinosa.
D. $\mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{issoo}}$ Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 223. Fl. Br. I. 2. 231. Bedd. Fl. Sylr. t. 25 ; Brandis For. Fl. 149 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 24. The Sisso trec. Sissu, Vern. Planted throughout the presidency; believed to be indigenons in Gujarát. Fl. Mch.-June. Fr. Nov.-Feb.
D. Ietifolia, Roxb. Cor. Pl. 11. 7, t. 113 ; Fl. Ind. III. 221 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 231 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 24; Dalz. iv Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 77. 'The Wlack-
wood or rosewood tree of Southern India. Biti, K.; shisham, sisu, M. Throughout the deciduous forests of the presidency, associated with teak in the high timber forests of North Kánara. Fl. Aug. Fr. Jany. in North Kínara.
D. rubiginosa, Koxb. Fl. Ind. III. 231. F1. Br. I. 2. 232. In the evergreen forests of North Kánaza from the Ainshi ghát southwards. Leaflets unequal, largest $2 \frac{2}{2} \mathrm{in}$. by $1_{3}^{\frac{1}{3}} \mathrm{in}$. Pod strongly reined, 1.2secded. Fl. and Er. at different times throughout the year.
D. confertiflora, Benth. Pl. Jungh. 1. .255; Fl. Br. I. 2. 233. Konkan.
D. Stocksii, Benth. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IV. Suppl. 42. Fi. Br. I. 2. 234 . Konkan.
D. sympathetica, Nimmo in Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 55 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 23.4 Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 78. Pendguliyel, yekyct, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara from the coast inland in deciduous forests. Stems armed with large curved spines. Fl, and Fr. Jany.Teb.
D. tamarindifolia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 233 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 231. In evergreen forests on the southern ghats of North Kínara, common. Fl. and Fr. Apl., May.
D. lanceolaria, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 417 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 235 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 78 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 88 ; Brandis For. Fl. 151. Dandous, dandoshi, M.; harrini, gengri, Vern. In the deciduous forests of North Kánara from Mundgod to Siddápur, common. Konkan and Klándesh, Lalz. Panicles large, diffuse. Fl. Mch.-May. Fr. ripenext cold season and remains long on tree.
D. paniculata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 22 ${ }^{\text {º }}$; Fl. Br. I. 2. 236 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 78 ; Brandis For. Fl. 151 ; Bedd. Fl. Syl耳. 88. Pussi, pudri, Vern. ; phansa, M. In the deciduous forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common in the forests of the Kalghatgi taluka of Dhárwitr. Panicles terminal, congested. Wood of an abnormal structure, aunual rings separated by concentric layers of soft tissue. I'l. April, May.
D. volubilis, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 231 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 235 ; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 78; Brandis For. Fl. 152. Alei, Vern. Throughout the forests of the presidency; common. Fl. Feb.-Mar. Fr. May.
D. monosperma, Dalz. in Kew Jour. Bot. II. 36 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 237 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 78. Hills of the Konkan, Mályan, Dalz. Fl. June.
D. spinosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 233 ; FI. Br. I. 2. 238. Coast of the Konkan.

## PTEROCARPUS, Linn.

Trees. Leaflets alternate coriaceous. Flowers large yellow in racemes or lax panicles. Petals exserted, with long claws, those of keel free. Stamens 5-5. Pod orbicular winged, 1-seeded.
P. marsupium, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 234 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.239 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 21 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 76 ; Brandis For. Fl. 152. Bijasal, hond, homne, K.; asan, bibla, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduons forests; common in North Kánara, Yields a valuable timber which contains a gum resin, kino of commerce. Fl. May-June. Fr. Dec.March.

PONGAMIA, Vent.
Tree. Leaves imparipinnate, leaflets opposite. Flowers racemed. Corolla exserted, standard broad, keel obtuse. Pod woody, indehiscent, l-seeded. Seed reniform, thick.
P. glabra, Vent. Jard. Malm. t. 28 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 240 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 77; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 177; Brandis For. Fl. 153. Throughout the presidency in moist situations along rivers and nálás; often planted as a road-side tree; very common near the sea-coast. Fl. May, Junc. Fr. next April.

## DRRRIS, Lour.

Climbing shrubs or trees. Leaves imparipinnate, exstipellate. Flowers in simple or paniculate racemes. Corolla much exserted, standard broad, keel petals shightly cohering. Podindehiscent, few seeded, winged along 1 or both sutures.

D. scandens, Benth. in Jour. Limn. Soc. IV. Suppl. 103; Fl. Br. I. 2. 240 ; Brandis For. Fl. 154 ; Brachypterum scandens, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 76. Throughout the Koukan and North Kánara from the sea-coast inland, nowhere common. Fl. R. S. Junc-Aug. Fr. Sept.
D. robusta, Benth. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IV. Suppl. 104; Fl. Br. I. 2. 2.11; Bruchypterum robustzin, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 77. Konkan. Dalz.
D. uliginosa, Benth. Pl. Jungh. I. 252 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 241 ; Dalz. \& (iils. Bomb. Fl. 77. Common in North Kánara and the Konkan, along the banks of tidal rivers and near the coast. Fl. C.S.
D. oblonga, Benth. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IV. Suppl. 112. Fl. Br. I. 2. 242. Konkan, Stocks.
D. brovipes. Baker ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 244. On the higher gháts of the Konkan. On the top of Dursing, the highest peak of the North"Kanara gháts, 3,400 feet high. Wl. Feb.
D. Heyneana, Benth. Pl. Jungh. I. 252 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 244 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 77. Moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; in the Ainshi ghat forests at 500 feet elevation above the sea-level. Fl. and Fr. C. S.
D. canarensis, Baker. Fl. Br, I. 2. 246; Brachypterum canarense, Dalz. \& Gibs. Somb. Fl. 76. Along the ghats of North Kanara from the Ainshi ghát to the Mysore froutier in moist forests, locally common. Fl. H. S. Apl.-May. Fr. R. S ; remains long on the stem.
D. thyrsiflora, Benth. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IV. Suppl. 114; Fl. Br. I. 2. 243 . Common on the southern ghats of North Kánara. Fl. Dec. Fr. Feb.

SOPHORA, Linn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves odd-pinnate. Flowers showy, racemed or panicled. Curolla much exserted, petals equal with long claws. Pod moniliform with turgid joints.
S. Wightii, Baker. Fl. Br. I. 2. 250 ; S. heptaphylla, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 79 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. 89 . Konkan gháts, hills east of Belgaum. Dalz.

C历SALPINIA, Linn.
Trees or woody climbers, armed with prickles. Leaves bipinnate. Flowers showy, yellow, in axillary racemes. Calyx deeply cleft, the lowest lobe cuculate. Petals spreading, orbicular, clawed. Pod oblong or ligulate, armed or smooth.

| Pod dry, armed with prickles | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | C. Bondlicella. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pod dry, unarmed. |  |  |  |  |
| Pod broad, glabrous, 1-seeded | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | C. Nuga. |
| Pod ligulate, glabrous, 4-8-seeded | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | C. sepiaria. |
| Pod inflated, bristly, 2 -seeded | ... | ... | ... | C. nimosoides. |

C. Bonducella, Fleming in Asiat. Res. XI, 159 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 254 ; Guilandina Bonducella, Linn. G. Bonduc, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 79, in part. Fever nut plant. Sagurgota, Vern.; larbat in Sind. Throughout the presidency in hedges and waste places, common in the forests near Kárwár. Fl. R. S. Fr. C. S.
C. Nuga, Ait. Hort. Kew III. 32 ; F1. Br. I. 2. 255 ; C. paniculata, Roxb. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 79. Common along the banks of tidal rivers and crecks near the coast of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. C. \& R.S. Fr. remains long on plant.
C. sepiaria, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 32 ; Fl. Ind. II. 360 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 256 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 80 ; Brandis For. Fl. 156. Ilysore thorn. C'hillur, chillari, M. In hedges throughout the dry districts of the presidency, very common in the Southern Maratha Country. Fl. Feb. May. Fr. Dec., Jan.
C. mimosoides, Lam. Ill. t. 335, fig. 2 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 256 ; Dalz. \& Gilis. Bomb. Fl. 80. Throughout the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan, not found is the dry zone. Fl. C.S. Fr. May. C. coriaria,

Willd., the dividivi tree, and C. pulcherrima, Sw., an ornamental shrub, are cultivated throughout the presidency in plantations; along road sides and in gardens.

## MEZONEURON, Desf.

Climbers. Leares bipinnate. Flowers in large panicles, yellow. Calyx oblique, lowest lobe cucullate. Petals spreading, subequal, obovate. Stamens free, exserted. Pod large, flat, thin, winged down the upper suture, indehiscent.
M. cucullatum, W. \& A. Prod. 283; Fl. Br. I. 2.258 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 80. Ragi, Vern. In the moist evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, abundant in the extreme south of North Kínara. Fl. Nov. Feb. Fr. March.

## POINCIANA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves bipinnate. Flowers in corymbose racemes, large. Petals orbicular, clawed, margin of blade fimbriate-crisped. Stamens 10 , free, exserted. Pod large, flat, ligulate.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Flowers bright scarlet ... ... ... ... ... P. regic. } \\
& \text { Flowers yellow ... ... ... ... ... ... P. cluta. }
\end{aligned}
$$

P. regia, Bojer. Bot. Mag. t. 2884. Fl. Br. I. 2. 260 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 27. Goolmohr tree. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency, very ornamental, a native of Madagascar. Fl. H.S. Fr. remains long on tree.
P. elata, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 484 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 260 ; Bedd. Fl. S.รlv. t. 178 ; Brandis For. Fl. 157 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb, Fl. Suppl. 28. Indigenous in the forests of the western coast as far north as Gujarát. Brandis. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency. Fl. R.S. Er. C. S.

PARKINSONIA, Linn.
Spinous trees. Leaves bipinuate, pinnæ with a flattened rachis, leaflets very small, often absent. Flowers yellow. Petals exserted, lroad, with long claws. Stamens 10 , villous, included. Pod turgid, dry, moniliform.
P aculeata, Linn. DC. Prod. II. 486 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 260 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 91 ; Brandis For. Fl. 158 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 28. Vilayate kikar. Cultivated as a hedge plant or as a road-side tree throughout the presidency, a native of the West Indies. Fl. throughout the year.

## WAGATEA, Dalz.

Prickly climber. Leaves abruptly bipinnate. Fluwers in simple or panicled spikes, orange-coloured. Corolla little exserted. Pod ligulate, oblong, indehiscent, ferv seeded, sutures thickened.
W. spicata; Dalz. in Kew Jour. III. 90 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 260 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 80. Wagati, M. Common throughout the presidency both in dry and in moist forests. Fl. C.S. Fr. H.s.s.

CASSIA, Linn.
Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leares abruptly pimate. Flowers yollow, in axillary racemes and terminal panicles. Calyx-tube rery short; sepals imbricated. Petals 5 , nearly equal, imbricate. Stamens 10, all perfect or 3-5 more or less abortive. Pod indohiscent or 2 -valved.

Stamens all perfect. Trecs.
Pod long, cylindrical ... ... ... ... ... ... C. fistule.
Pod flat, strap-shaped ... ... ... ... ... .. O. glaucu.

Perfect stamens 7.
stipules large, lunate. Fod not winged. Shrub. ... ... C. curriculutu.
Stipules deltoid. Pod winged. Shrub. ... ... ... C. clata. stipules minute, caducuons.
Pod ligulate, not wingel, sutures thickened. Tree. ... C. siamea,
Sutures of pod not thickened. Glabrescent. Shrub. ... C. montana.
Stipules persistent. All parts brown pubescent. Tree.... C. timoriensis.
C. fistula, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 490 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 261 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 91 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 80 ; Brandis For. Fl. 164. The Indian laburnum. Boya, bahava, M.; lakkai, K.; chimkani, Sind; girmala, Deccan, Gujarait. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. C. S.
C. auriculata, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 496 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 263 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 81 ; Brandis For. Fi. 165. Turwar, arsul, Vern. Common in the dry zone throughout the presidency. Fl. throughout the year.
C. siamea, Lam. ; DC. Prod. II. 499 ; Fl. Br. 1.2.264. C.florida, Vahl. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 179. O. sumatrana, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 29. Kassod, M. Introduced, common throughout the presidency, often planted along road-sides.
C. alata, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 492; Fl. Br. I. 2. 264; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 29; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92. Introduced from the West Indies into the Deccan and Konkan.
C. montana, Heyne; DC. Prod. II. 499 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 264 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 265. Moist forests of the Belgaum and North Kánara gháts. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. C.S.
C. timoriensis, DC. Prod. II. 499 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 265 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylf. 92. Indigenous in the forests of North Kánara from the ghats in Goa southwards, common in the moist forests of the Ankola and Kumta talukas. Fl. Oct. Fr. ripe C. S. (a small tree or large shrub).
C. glauca, Lam.; DC. Prod. II. 495 ; FJ. Br, I. 2. 265 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 91. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 30. In the forests of the Deccan and North Kánara. Common in the forests of the Dhárwár district near the North Kánara border at Devikope. Fl. Fr. Oct. Nor.
C. Goensis, Dalz. ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92. A large shrub; foot of the Bombay gháts and sereral cultivated species ( $C$, luncentute, W. of A.,
C. grandis, C. bicapsularis, W. \& A.) I am unacquainted with ; sce Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. p. 29.

## CYNOMETRA. Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves odd-pinnate, leaflets few. Flowers minute, axillary. Petals 5, equal, not exserted. Pod turgid, indehiscent, fleshy, rugose, 1 -seeded.
C. ramiflora, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 509 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 83 : Dedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 315 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 267. In the forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. The characteristic fruit of this species is carried down the Kálánadi during the rainy season and is thrown up on the sea-shore near Karwár. F'l. H. S. Fr. ripe Aug., Sept.

HARDWICKIA, Roxb.
Trees. Leaves abruptly pinnate. Flowers small in racemose panicles Sepals 5, petaloid. Petals 0. Stamens 10, alternately shorter. Pod dry, 1 -seeded near top.
H. binata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 423 ; Fl.. Br. I. 270 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 83 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 26 ; Brandis For. Fl, 162. Aujan, M. In the dry forests of the presidency; a gregarious tree, but very local, common on the trap of the Sátpudás in Khandesh; a small forest of this specie is found in the Ránebennur taluka of Dhárwár. Fl. C.S. Fr. Apl., May.

## SARACA, Limn.

Trees. Leaves abruptly pinnate. Flowers in dense corymbose axillary panicles. Calyx-tube long, limb 4-cleft. Petals 0. Stamens 3-8, exserted. Pod oblong, woody 2 -valved.
S. indica, Linn. Mant. 98 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.271 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 57 ; Brandis For. FI. 166; Jonesia Asoca, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1I. 218; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 82. Ashok, jassundie, Vern. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common, sometimes planted. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. Aug., Sept.

## TAMARINDUS, Lim.

Tree. Leaves abruptly pinnate, stipules caducous. Flowers racemed. Calyx-tube turbinate, divisions 4, membranous. Petals 3. Stamens 3 perfect, united in a sheath; remaining stamens reduced to staminodes at top of the sheath. Pod 3-10-seeded, mesocarp fleshy.
T. indica, Linn. DC. Prod. II. 488 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.273 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 82. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 184 ; Brandis For. Fl. 163. The tamarind. Hunuse, K.; chinch, Mr.; amli, Vern. Self-sown near villages and in waste lands; also cultivated throughout the presideney, indigenous in tropical Africa. Fl. May, Junc. Fr. ripe Feb, Mch.

## BAUHINIA, Linn.

Trees, shrubs or climbers. Leaves simple, cleft at tip into two more or less connate leaflets. Flowers in paniculate racemes. Calyx-tube short, limb spathaceous or $2-5$ cleft. Petals 5, subequal clawed. Stamens 10, 3-5 or all perfect. Pod linear, indehiscent or 2 -valved.

Trees. Flowers large ; calyx spathaceous ; stamens 10.
Leaflets obtuse, Calyx-limb broad, ovate. ... ...B. tomentosa.
Leaflets acute. Calyx-limb long pointed. ... ...B. acuminata.
Trees. Flowers small, white; calyx spathaceous or 5 -cleft ; stamens 10 ; pod glabrous.
Pod turgid, not veined. Calyx spathaceous ... ... B. racemosa.
Pod reticulate-veined. Calyx 5-cleft ... ... ...B. malabarica.
Pod red, tomentose, turgid. Calyx 5 -cleft. ... ...B. Lawii.
Twining shrubs with circinate tendrils.
Leaflets distinct. Stamens 10. ... ... ... ...B. diphylla.
Leaflets connate. Stamens 3 ... ... ... ...B. Vahlii.
Trees. Stamens 3-5.
Stamens 3. Calyx 2 -cleft to base ... ... ...B. purpurea.
Stamens 5. Calyx spathaceous ... ... ...B. variegata.
B. tomentosa, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 514 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 31. Cultivated in gardens. Flowers yellow with a purple centre. Fl. C.S.
B. acuminata, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 513 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 276 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 30. A cultivated species. Fl. H. \& R.S.
B. racemosa, Lam. Dict. I. 390 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 82 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 182 ; Brandis For. Fl. 159. Apta, M.; bame, K.; vanu rajah, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Mch. June. Fr. Nov., Mch.
B. malabarica, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 321 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 277 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 82 ; Brandis For. Fl. 159 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92. Amli, Vern. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common. Fl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Apl., May.
B. Lawii, Benth. MSS. Fl. Br. I. 277 ; B. foveelota, Dalz. in Jour. Linn. Soc. 13, p. 188. Buswanpad, K.; kanchin, M. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, common. This large, diœecious tree has the white flowers sweetly scented. Pods 1 foot long, twisted, turgid, red tomentose. Fl. Oct. Fr. ripe Jany. Male and female flowers on separate stems ; this I have also found to be usually the case in $B$. malabarica in North Kánara.
B. diphylla, Hamilt. in Symes It. Avens. t. 24 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.278. Konkan, Stocks.
B. Vahlii, W. \& A. Prod. 297 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 279 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 83 ; Brandis For. Fl. 161. Chambuli, chambil, M. In the moist forests of the Konkan ghats. A gigantic climber. Fl. Apl. Fr. ripe next Apl.
B. purpurea, Linn.; Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 320; Fl. Br. I. 2. 284 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92 ; Brandis For. Fl. 160 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 30. DewaFunchun, ragtahanchun, atmatti, Vern. Caltivated throughout the presidency, also wild in the dry forests of the Deccan and Konkan. Fl. Sept., Nov. Fr. Jan., April.
B. variegata, Linn.; DC. Prod. II. 514 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 92 ; Brandis For. Fl. 160 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 284 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 30. Kanaraj, kovidara, Fanchan, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency, often as a road-side tree. .Fl. Feb., April. Fr. Nov.

XYLIA, Benth.
Tree. Leaves bipinnate, pinnæ 1 pair. Flowers in globose, tomentose heads. Petals linear, valvate. Stamens 10, free, anthers with deciduous, stipitate glands. Pod woody, falcate, dehiscent.
X. dolabriformis, Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. IV. 417 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 286 ; Brandis For. Fl. 171; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 186 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 85. The iron wood of Pegu and Arracan. Pynkado, Burm. Jamba, yerul, suria, M. ; jambe, K. Throughout the deciduous forests of the presidency. Fl. Mch., April. Fr. C.S. Yields a hard, durable, reddish brown timber, suitable for railway sleepers.

ENTADA, Linn.
Climber with tendrils. Leaves bipinnate. Flowers minute, yellow in long spikes. Calyx minute, 5 -toothed. Stamens 10, free exserted ; anthers glandular. Pod very large, constricted between the seeds ; seeds flat ovate brown shining.
E. scandens, Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. IV. 332 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 287 ; Brandis For. Fl. 167 ; E. puseetha, 1C.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 83. Gardul, Vern; gárambi, garbe, M. Throughout the forests of the North Kánara and Konkan gháts, often along river banks. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. Dec., Jan.

## ADENANTHERA, Limn.

Trees. Leaves abruptly bipinnate. Flowers in slender axillary or paniculate racemes. Petals free or connate at the base. Stamens 10 , free, anther cells with a deciduous gland at top. Pod linear, 2 -valved, seeds with a red or bi-coloured testa.
A. pavonina, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 446 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.287 ; Bedd. FI. Sylv. t. 46 ; Brandis For. Fl. 168. Munjuti, K.; val, thorla-gung, M. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, nowhere abundant. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. Aug.-Oct.

PROSOPIS, Linn.
Thorny trees. Leaves bipinnate, pinnæ 2 pair, leaflets obliquely oblong, 3-nerved. Flowers small, yellow, in the axils of ovate membranous bracts. Stamens 10, free, anthers tipped with a
gland. Pod coriaceous, indehiscent, linear, pendulous. Mesocarp mealy.
P. spicigera, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 446 ; Fl. Br, I. 2. 288 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv, t. 56 ; Brandis For. Fl, 169 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 84. Sumri, hamra Guj. ; shema, saunder, savandal, Deccan ; kandi, Sind. In the dry forests of the Deccan and Sind. Fl, Feb.-Apl. Fr. May, Aug.

## DICHROSTACHYS, DC.

Shrub or small tree. Leaves bipinnate, pinnæ S-10 pairs, with stipitate glands at the base of each pair. Flowers in axillary pedunculate spikes, upper flowers of spike bisexual, lower neuter, with long exserted filiform staminodes. Stamens 10 , free, exserted; anthers tipped with a globose stipitate gland. Pod linear, twisted, indehiscent or irregularly opening.
D. cinerea, W. \& A. Prod. 271 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 288 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 185 ; Brandis For. Fl. 171; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 84. Vurtuli, Vern.; sigamkáti, M. Common on the dry stony hills of the Deccan, cultivated in North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. H.S.

## LEUC届NA, Benth.

Trees. Leaves bipinnate. Flowers in dense, globose heads. Stamens 10, free, exserted. Anthers not gland-crested. Pod flat, strap-shaped, dehiscent, many seeded.
L. glauca, Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. IV. 416 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 290 ; Brandis For. Fl. 172. Naturalised throughout the presidency from the coast inland. Fl. June-Aug. Fr. remains long on tree. A tropical American species.

## MIMMOSA, Linn.

Shrubs or herbs, prickly or not. Leaves bipinnate, often sensitive. Flowers in globose heads or cylindrical spikes. Calyx shortly toothed. Petals connate towards the base. Stamens twice the number of petals, exserted, free. Pod obloug or linear, valves membranous or coriaceous, made ap of 1 -seeded joints that separate, when mature, from the sutures.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Pod small, sutures prickly } \ldots \ldots .{ }^{2} \quad \ldots \\
& \text { Pod large, sutures without prickles } \ldots \ldots \text { M. pudica } \\
& \text { Pod large, sutures armed with large hooked prickles... M. rubicaulis. } \\
& \text { M. hamatc. }
\end{aligned}
$$

M. pudica, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 426 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 291 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 25. Lajalu, M. Sensitive plant. Native of Brazil. Run wild in the Konkan and North Kánara; usually cultivated in gardens. Fl. R. and C.S.
M. rubicaulis, Lam.; DC. Prod. II. 429 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 291 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 85 ; Brandis For. Fl. 172. Hajeru, Sind. In the dry districts of the presidency and Sind, in open jungles and plains. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Nov., Jan.
M. hamata, Willd.; DC. Prod. II. 427 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 291 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 85. Arkur; Vern. Throughout the dry Deccan districts in open jungles, common on the Kuput range of hills of the Dhárwár district. Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S.

## ACACIA, Willd.

Erect or climbing, spinose, prickly shrubs or trees. Leaves bipinnate, leaflets minute. Flowers in glubose heads or cylindrical spikes, usually pentamerous. Calyx shortly toothed. Petals exserted. Stamens free, indefinite, exserted. Pod ligulate or oblong, dehiscent or indehiscent.

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Erect shrubs or trees. Stipular spines long, straight.
        Flowers in globose heads.
Pod thick, straight, short, cylindrical ... ... A. Famesiana.
Pod thick, grey-downy, moniliform, straight ... A. arabica.
Pod thin, linear, \(\frac{1}{4}\) in. broad, straight ; sutures
        slightly repand. Flowers unpleasantly scented ... A eburnect.
Pod thin, broad, linear, sutures straight ... ... A. Jacquemontii.
Pod ligulate-falcate.
Pod thinly downy, dry dehiscent. ... ... ... A. tomentosa.
Pod tomentose, subindehiscent ... ... ... A. leucophtoea.
Erect shrubs or trees. Pairs of stipular spines short,
        hooked. Fowers in spikes.
Bark white. Rachis pubescent. Pinnæ \(10-20\) pairs,
        leaflets \(30-50\) pairs. Calyx long, tomentose. Pod
        strap-shaper, subindehiscent \(\ldots \ldots \quad \ldots\)....
        leaflets 30 -58 pairs. Calyx short, downy. Pod
        thin, narrow, often repand .. ... ... ... A. Catechu.
Rachis dark, shining, glabrous. Pinnæ 15-20 pairs,
        leaflets \(30-40\) pairs. Calyx short, glabrous. Pod
        smaller than in either of the above 2 species ... A. Sundra.
Pod strap-shaped, veined, narrowly winged along
        upper suture, distinctly stalked ... ... A. ferruginea.
    Spines often ternate. Pod firm, indehiscent... ... A. Seneyal
    Spines long, straight. Pod thin, broadly falcate ... A. latronum.
    Climbing shrubs with scattered prickles. Flowers
        in globose heads.
Pod red, strap-shaped, thick, fleshy ... ... ... A. concinna.
Pod thin, dry.
Leaflets subifalcate, pale beneath, 16 to 60 ... ... A. Intsia.
Leaflets linear, not pale beneath, 80 to 100 ... ... A. pennata.
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A. Farnesiana, Willd. DC. Prod. II. 461 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 292 ; Brandis For. Fl. 180 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 52. Vachellia Farnesiana, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 2b. Vibáyati babul, gu-kikar, ivi-babul, Vern.; jalli, K., kankar, M. Run wild near villages and in moist situations throughout the presidency and Sind ; indigenous in Central America. Fl.
A. arabica, Willd.; W. \& A. Prod. 277 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 293 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 95 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 86; Brandis For. Fl. 180. Juli, K.; babul, M.; kikar, ramakanta, Vern.; babbar, kálikikar, Sind. Throughout the dry districts of the presidency, forms extensive forests along the Indus in Sind and also in the black soil country of the presidency proper ; it is an excellent road-side tree wherever there is a scanty rainfall. Fr. R.S. Fr, C.S.
A. eburnea, Willd. ; DC. Prod. II. 461 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 293 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 85 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 95 ; Brandis For. Fl. 183. Marmat, M. Throughout the dry Deccan districts, common in the Southern Marátha Country, in stony places. Fl. Nov., Jan. Fr. May, June.
A. Jacquemontii., Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. 1. 490 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 293 ; Brandis For. Fl. 183. Ratobauli, Guj. Plains of Sind and Gujarát. Fl. Feb., May.
A. tomentosa. Willd.; DC.'Prod. II. 462 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 294. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 86; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 48. Rare ; in the Deccan and Khándesh jungles, Dalz.
A. leucophlœa, Willd. ; DC. Prod. II. 462 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 294 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 86 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 49. Hewar, Vern. ; haribácal, Gaj, Throughout the dry Deccan districts, common in the Southern Marátha Country, in dry open forests. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. C.S.
A. Suma, Kurz. in Brandis For. Fl. 187 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 294. Kamtiya M. In North Kánara, near the Dhárwár frontier and in the Southern Marátha Country ; usually in moist places, along nálás, not common. Fl. H. S. Fr. Sept., Oct.
A. Catechu, Willd. Sp. Pl. IV. 1070 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 295 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 49 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 86. Khair, kaderi, M. Common along the coasts of the Konkan and North Kánara, often on laterite; also scattered throgghout the presidency in dry or moist forests. Fl. July-Sept. Fr. C. S. The principal catechu yielding tree.
A. Sundra, DC. Prod. II. 458 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 295 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 86 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 50 ; A. Catechu, Brandis For. Fl. 186. Khair, lál khair, M. Common throughout the presidency. Also yields catechu. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Dec.
A. ferruginea, DC. Prod. II. 458 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 51 ; Brandis For. Fl. 185. Pándhra khair, M.; kaiger, Panch Maháls, Konkan, Gujarat. Fl. R.S. Fr. Jany., Feb.
A. Senegal, Willd. DC. Prod. II. 459 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 295 ; A. rupestris, Stocks, Brandis For. Fl. 184. Khor, Sind. Dry rocky hills of Sind. Fl. Fr. Dec.
A. latronum, Willd.; DC. Prod. II. 460 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 296 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. 95 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 87 ; Brandis For. Fl. 180. Donn mullina jali, K. ; dev babul, bhes, M.; tumbuti in Dhárwár. Common in the dry plains of the Deccan. Fl. Jany., Mch.
A. concinna, DC. Prod. II. 464 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 296 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 87; Brandis For. Fl. 188. Sigekai, K. Common in the Konkan and North Kánara moist forests. Fl. Mch., July. Fr. ripe C. S.
A. Intsia Willd. in DC. Prod. II. 464 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 297 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 88. A. ccesiu, W. \& A. Prod. 1. 278 ; Lalz. \& Gibs.

Bomb. Fl. 87 ; Brandis For. Fl. 189. Chilar, M. Common throughout the presidency from the coast inland in deciduous forests. Fl. Apl., Aug. Fr.
A. pennata, Willd.; Sp. Pl. IV. 1090. Fl. Br. I. 2. 297 ; Brandis For. Fl. 189 ; A. finnata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 87. Shembi, shemberti, M. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kánara forests. Fl. June, Aug.

## AIBIZZIA, Durazz.

Unarmed trees or shrubs. Leaves bipinnate. Flowers in large globose heads. Calyx toothed. Petals 4-5 united below, valvate. Stamens indefinite exserted, filaments united at the base. Pod flat, broad, indehiscent or 2-valved. Seeds compressed. Pinnæfew, leaflets oblong, comparatively large and few.

A. Lebbek, Benth. in Hook. Lond. Jour. 1844, 87. Fl. Br. I. 2. 298; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 88 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 53. Brandis For. Fl. 176. Sirsul, K.; chichola, M., siris, harréri, Vern. Throughout the presidency in dry and moist forests. Commonly planted along road sides. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. Sept.
A. odoratissima. Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. 1844, 88. Fl. Br. I. 2. 299 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 88 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 54 ; Brandis For. Fl. 175. Godlumchi, K. ; siris, M. Common in the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan, also in the dry Deccan. Fl. Apl.June. Fr. C.S.
A. procera, Benth. in Hook. Jour. 1844, 89; Fl. Br. I. 2. 229 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 93. Aeucia procera, Willd.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 87. Brandis For. Fl. 175. Bellati, K.; kinhai, M. ; karalla, kilai, tihiri, gurar, Vern. Throughout the presidency; common in the North Kánara and Konkan moist forests. In the dry districts, along ravines and nálás. Fl. May, Fr. Jan., Feb.
A. stipulata, Boiv.; Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. 1844, 92 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 300; Brandis For. tl. 178 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 55 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. \&8. Bagana, kalbage, K. ; laeli, udul, kasir, M. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara 'gháts. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. C. S.
A. amara, Boiv. Benth. in Hook. Jour. Bot. 1844, 90. Fl. Br. I. 2. 301. Brandis For. Fl. 178; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 61. Dalz. \& Gibs.

Bomb. Fl. 88. Tugli, K.; lullci, Vern. Throughout the presidensy, in dry forests. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. C.S.

## PITHECOLOBIUM, Mart.

Trees. Leaves bipinnate. Flowers in globose heads or cylindrical spikes, pentamerous, bisexual. Calyx with short teeth. Corolla segments valvate. Stamens indefinite, much exserted. Pod flat, circinate or falcate, 2 -valved. Seeds in a scanty pulp.

Spinose tree. Leaflets 1 pair. Pod turgid, twisted, linear ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... P. dulce.
Unarmed tree. Pinnæ, 1-2 pair. Pod flat, spirally coutorted. P. bigeminem.
Pod thick curved. Pinnee more than 1 pair ... ... P. Scanan.
P. dulce, Benth. in Hook. Lond. Jour. 1844, 199 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 302 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 188. A cultivated species. Fl. R.S. Fl. C.S.
P. bigeminum, Benth. in Hook. Lond. Jour. 1844, 206 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 89; Fl. Br. I. 2. 303; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 96. Iron wood. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl.. C.S. Fr. ripe June, July.
P. Saman, L. Introduced into North Kánara. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.

## Order 37. ROSACE圧.,

Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, simple or compound. Flowers bisexual, regular. Calyx superior or inferior, gamosepalous. Petals 5, rarely 0 , inserted under the margin of the dise, imbricate. Stamens perigynous, indefinite, inserted with the petals, or on the disc. Carpels 1 or more, free or connate or adnate to the calyxtube. Styles free or connate. Ovules 1 or more in each carpel. Fruit variable, of achenes berries or drupes.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Leares simple. Carpel } 1 \text {... ... ... ... Pygedir. } \\
& \text { Leaves compound. Carpels many ... ... ... Rubus. }
\end{aligned}
$$

PYGEUM, Gærtn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, persistent ; basal glands 2 or 0 . Flowers small, racemose. Calyx-tube obconic, urceolate, deciduous; Limb $10-15$-toothed. Petals minute, 5-6 or 0 villous or tomentose, rarely glabrous. Stamens 10-50, at mouth of calyx-tube. Fruit a transversely oblong drupe. Cotyledons very thick, hemispheric.
P. Wightianum, Bl. Melanges Bot. 1855, Av. 2 (ex Walp. Ann. IV. 642 ) ; Fl. Br, I. 2. 319 ; P. ceylanicum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 59. Excl. synon. Common on the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. H. S.
P. Gardneri, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 2. 321 ; P. zeylanicum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl.891. Konkán gháts, Mahábaleshvar, Munohur and Párwár, Dalz.

## RUBUS, Linn.

Prickly, trailing shrubs or creeping herbs. Leaves alternate, simple or compound; stipules adnate to petiole. Flowers usually in terminal or axillary panicles. Calyx cleft into 5 persistent lobes.

Petals 5. Stamens numerous. Carpels many, on a convex receptacle ; ovules 2, collateral, pendulous. Drupes many 1-seeded, crowded upon a dry or spongy receptacle.

R. moluccanus, Linn. ; DC. Prod. II. 566 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 330. R. mu!osus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 89. Along the higher gháts from Mahábaleshvar southwards; also on the Nilkund and southern gháts of North Kánara at 1,800 to $2,000 \mathrm{ft}$. elevation. Fl. \& Fr. C.R.S.
R. ellipticus, Smith in Rees' Cyclop. XXX., Rubus 16 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 336 ; R. Alavus, Brandis For. Fl. 197; R. Wallichianus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 89. From Mahábaleshvar southwards along the highest gháts ; $4-5,000 \mathrm{ft}$. Fl. Fr. R. S.
R. lasiocarpus, Smith El. Br. I. 2. 339 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 8?. Gariphul, M. Highest gháts to the southwards, Dalz. Common on the Bababuden hills of Mysore above 5,000 ft. Fl. Fr. R. S.

## Order 38. RHIZOPHORACE 玉.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire, opposite, coriaceous. Stipules caducous. Flowers regular, bisexual. Calyx adherent to ovary, persistent, 4 -14-toothed. Petals as many as calyx-lobes. Stamens twice the number of petals, in pairs, opposite and embraced by them or indefinite. Ovary 2 -o-celled, ovules geminate, pendulous. Fruit coriaceous, 1-celled, 1-seeded.

> Ovary inferinr. Seed germinating on tree with a long, exserted radicle.
> Petals 4. Stamens 8. Ovary 2 -celled ... ... Rhizophora.
> Petals 5-6. Stamens $10-12$. Ovary 3 -celled ... Ceriops. Petals 5-6. Stamens indefinite. Ovary 1-celled... Kandelia.
> Petals 8-14, bifid. Stamens 16-28. Ovary 2-4-
> celled... ... ... ... ... ... ... Bruguiera.
> Ovary $\frac{1}{2}$ inferior. Seed not germinating on tree ... Carallia.

## RHIZOPHORA, Linn.

Trees. Leaves leathery, ovate, mucronate. Flowers in dichotomous cymes. Calyx 4 -lobed, subtended by the united bractlets. Corolla of 4 entire petals, inserted at the base of a fleshy disc. Stamens 8-12, filaments short. Anthers multilocellate. Ovary 2celled, produced in a fleshy cone; cells 2-ovuled. Fruit 1-celled, 1 -seeded. Radicle elongated, clavate. Albumen 0.
Peduncles longer than the petioles. Flowers
pedicellate ... ... ... ... ... ... $R$. mucronata.
Peduncles shorter than the petioles. Flowers
sessile... ... ... ... ... ... ... R. conjugata.
R. mucronata, Lam. Dict. IV. 169 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 436 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. Anal. Gen. t. XIII. fig. 4 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 95 ; Brandis For. Fl. 217. Mangrove. Kumo, Sind; kandal, M. On the muddy tidal flats of the coast, also along the coast of Sind. Fl, R. S. Fr. Aug., Sept.
R. conjugata, Linn. ; DC. Prod. IIT. 33; Fl. Br. I. 2. 436 ; Brandis For. Fl. 218. Nlong the coast in tidal marshes. Fl. R.S. Fr. Oct., Nov.

GERIOPS, Arn-
'I'rees, or shrubs. Loaves simple, coriaceous. Nlowers subcapitate, on axillary peduncles. Calyx 5-6-divided, surrounded by the connate bracts. Petals 5-6, inserted at the base of the 10-12-lobed lise ; lobes of the petals with clavate bristles. Stamens 10-12, in pairs opposite the petals. Ovary $\frac{1}{2}$-inferior, 3 -celled; cells 2 -evuled. Fruit 1-celled, l-seeded. Radicle as in Rhizophora
C. Candolleana, Arn. in Ann. Nat. Hist. 1. 363 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 436 ; Bedd. Fl sylv. 99 ; Brandis For. Fl. 218. Kirrari, chauri, Sind. Tidal swamps along the coast. El. June-July. Fr. Aug., Sept.

## KANDELIA, Wight \& Arnott.

A small tree. Leaves simple, coriaceous. Flowers in axillary cymes, large, white. Calyx 5-6-divided, subtended by the united bractlets. Petals $5-6$, bitid; lobes multifid, segments capillary. Orary Fruit 1-celled, l-seeded. Radicle fusiform.
K. Rheedii, W. \& A. Prod. 1. 310 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 437 ; Brandis For. Fl. 218 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 100. Tidal swamps along the coast. Fl. June, July. Fr. Sept., Oct.

## BRUGUIERA, Lam.

Trees. Leaves shining, coriaceous. Flowers rather large, solitary or few on recurved peduncles. Calyx 8-1 t-divided, without bracts or bracteoles. Petals 8-14, inserted on the margin of the calyx, 2 -clett, embracing the stamens. Stamens 16-28, in pairs opposite the petals, springing elastically from them when mature. Ovary $2-4$-celled, included in the calyx-tube; cells 2 -ovuled. Fruit turbinate, 1-celled, 1-seeded.

| P | R | $a$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peduncles 3 -flowered. clavate ... .. | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { Radicle subacute, sub } \\ \ldots & \ldots \\ \ldots & . .\end{array}$ | B. |
| Peduncle many flow | icle subcylindtic, |  |
| uncated |  |  |

B. gymnorhiza, Lamk. Ill. t. 397 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 437 ; Brandis For. Fl. 219 ; B. Liheedii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 95 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. 110. Littoral swamps and along creeks and tidal rivers. Fl. Fr. R.S.
B. caryophylloides, Blume. Mus. Bot. 1.141 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 438, Bedd. F. Sylv. 101. Brandis For. Fl. 219. Tidal swamps along coast. Fl. and Fr. R.S.
B. parviflora, W. \& A. Prod. 1. 311 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 438 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 101 ; Kunilia parviflora, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. El. 95. Tidal swamps along the coast. Fl. Fr. R.S.

в $144-15$

## CARALLIA Roxb.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, ovate. Flowers small, in short branching eymes, often crowded. Calyx with mintue bracts at the base, shortly $5-8$-lobed. Petals $5-8$, inserted round the thin disc. Disc $10-16$-lobed. Stamens usually twice as many as petals. Ovary inferior. Fruit globose, 1 -celled, 1 -seeded. Seeds albuminous
C. integerrima, DC. Prod. III. 83 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.439 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 193 ; Brandis For. Fl. 219 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 95. Shenyali, panasi, M. ; anda-murgal, K. ; punschi, Vern. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Flowers in bud appear during August, but do not open until Jany, or Feb. Fr. H. S. The infforeseence is covered with resinons scales.

## Order 39. COMBRETACE 压.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves petiolate, entire. Flowers bracteate, nsually bisexual. Calyx-tube adnate to ovary, limb 4 - 5 -divided. Petals $4-5$ or 0 . Stamens $4-5$ or twice as many, on the calyx. Ovary inferior, 1-celled. Orules 1-7, peudulous from apex of cell. Fruit 1 -celled, 1 -seeded, of een winged. Cotyledons convolute or plano-conves.


## TERMINALIA, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire, petiolate, without stipules. Flowers ueually bisexual, bracteolate. Calyx-tube adnate to the ovary ; limb $4-5$ cleft, segments valvaté. Petals $4-5$ or 0 . Stamens, 4-5 or 8-10, on the calyx. Ovary inferior, 1-celled; ovules 2-3, peudulous from the apex of the cell. Fruit ovoid, angular or winged, usually indehiscent.

| Fruit ovoid, not winged, obscurely ridged. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fruit ellipsoid, 2-ridged... |  |
| Fruit globular, tomentose |  |
| Fruit ellipsoid or obovoid, glabrous, more or less 5 -ribbed when dry. | Chebul |
| Fruit with 3-7 longitudinal wings. |  |
| Wings of fruit subequal |  |
| $\begin{array}{cccccc}\text { Bark white. Fruit with } & 5.7 \text {, narrow, subequal } \\ \text { wings } & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\ \text {............ }\end{array}$ |  |
| Fruit with 5, subequal, broad wings. Bark black |  |
| Fruit 3-winged; wings 1 large and 2 small | T: panicula |

T. Catappa, Linu. ; Willd. Sp. Pl. IV. 967 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 444 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 18; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 33. Bengali badam, H. Planted in the Konkan and North Kanara, a native of the Molluceas. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.
T. belerica, Roxb. F1. Ind. II. 431. Fl. Br. I. 2. 445 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 19 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 91 ; Brandis For. Fl. 222. Tare, K. ; goting, bherda, hela, yela, bulra, balda, M. Common in the deciduous mixed forests throughout the presidency, not in Sind. Fl. Feb.-May: Fr. next cold season.
T. Chebula, Retz. Obs. V. 31 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 446 ; Brandis For. Fl. 223 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 27 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 91. Arale, K.; hirda, halra, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, abundant on the laterite of North Kánara. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. Dec. to Mch. Yields the myrabolan of commerce
T. Arjuna, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 28 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 447 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 41 ; Bzandis For. Fl. 224. Holematti, K.; savimadat, M. Fahu, äjun (argena sadra in Gujarát), Vern. Along banks of rivers throughout the presidency. Fl. Apl. May. Fr. C.S.
T. tomentosa, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 17 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 447 ; J)alz. d Gils. Bomb. Fl. 91 ; Brandis For. Fl. 225. Kari matti, K.; ain, M.; sadri,hadri, Gaj. Common throughout the presidency in mixed deciduous forests. Fl. Apl. Fr. nest year's Feb.-Apl. Yields a valuable and well-known timber.
T. paniculata, Roth. Nov. Sp. 383 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.448 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 92 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 20 ; Brandis For. Fl. 226. Kindal; kinjal, M.; honal, hongal, hunab, K.; kirijul, Vern. Throughout the presidency in mixed deciduous forests ; one of the most common trees in North Kánara. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. ripe Apl., May. Yields a good timber.

## CALYCOPTERIS, Lamk.

A diffuse or scandent shrub. Leaves opposite, ovate, eutire. Racemes dense, forming large panicles. Flowers small, greenish, bracteate. Calyx-tube 5 -striate; limb 5 -fid, enlarged in fruitPetals 0. Stamens 10. Ovary 1-celled, inferior ; ovules 3, pendulous from the top of the cell. Fruit 5 -ribbed, villous, 1 -seeded, crowned by the enlarged calyx.
C. floribunda, Lam. Dict. Supp. II. 41 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 449 ; Brandis For. Fl. 220 ; Getonia floribunda, lioxb. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 91. Ukshi, M.; wuksey, baguli, Vern. Throughout the presidency, in deciduous forests Fl. Mch.-Apl, Fr. Apl., May.

## ANOGEISSUS, Wall.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire. Calyx-tube compressed, 2 winged at the base, long, attenuated above the orary; limb
small, deciduous. Petals 0 . Stamens 10 in 2 series. Ovary inferior, 1-celled; ovales 2, pendulous from the top of the cell. Fruit small, 2 -winged, in dense, globose heads.
A. latifolia, Wall. ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 15 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.450 ; Brandis Fer. Fl. 227; Conocarpus latifolia, DC. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb Fl. 91. Dindal, K. ; dhaura, M.; dabria, Vern. Throughout the presidency, usually in dry forests. Fl. May-June. Fr. Nov..Feb. Yields a useful timber.

## LUMNITZERA, Willd.

Trees or shrubs. Leares fleshy, simple, alternate. Calyx-tube elongate, bracteolate ; limb bell-shaped, 5-lobed, persistent. Petals 5, spreading. Stamens 5-10; authers cordate. Ovary 1-celled; $0^{\text {vules }} 2-5$, pendulous. Fruit woody, obtusely angular, 1 -seeded.
L. racemosa, Willd.; DC. Prod. III. 22; Fl. Br. I. 2.452 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 90 ; Bedd. kl. Sylv. 103. Brandis For. Fl. 221. Soath Konkan, along salt water creeks and back waters. Fl. Mch., Apl.

## COMBRETUM, Linn.

Shrubs, usually climbing. Leaves opposite, seldom alternate, simple. Flowers polygamo-diæcious, bracteolate. Calyx-tube adnate to the ovary, limb 4 - 5 -divided, segments valvate. Petals 4-5 or 0 . Stamens as many or twice as many as calyx-segments Ovary inferior, 1 -celled ; ovules 2-5, pendulous. Fruit 4-5-winged or angled.
Tube of calyx equalling the ovary. Fruit with 4 papery
wings..${ }^{2}$... ... ... .. ... ... C. ovalifolium.
Tube of calyx 2-3 times as long as the ovayy. Fruit
with 4 membranous wings ... ... ... ... C. extensum.
C. ovalifolium, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 2.256 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.458 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F]. 90. Zellonsey, madbel, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Feb. Fr. May.
C. eztensum, Roxb. Fl. Ind 2. 229 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 458 ; C. Wightianum, Wall. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 458. Piloka, Vern. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kínara. Fl. Feb. Fr. May.

## QUISQUALIS, Linn.

Rambling shrubs. Leaves opposite. Flowers axillary, in short spikes. Calyx-tube long produced. Petals 5. Stamens 10. Ovary 1celled. Fruit 5-angled, dry.
Q. indica, Linn. Sp. Pl. 556 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 459 ; Brandis For. Fl. 220 : Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 33. Rangoon creeper. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency. Fl. May, Sept.

## GYROCARPUS, Jacq.

A large tree. Leaves alternate, long petioled. Flowers small, unisexual, males numerous. Male fl. Calyx 4-7-divided. Petals 0. Stamens $4-7$, with alternate clavate staminodes; anthers opening by lateral
valves. Ovary 0. Female fl. Calyx-limb 2-divided, accrescent. Petals and stamens 0 . Ovary 1 -celled, ovule 1, pendulous. Nut bony, crowned with the 2 , winged calyx-lobes; cotyledons convolute.
EG. Jacquini, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 445 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.461 ; Kz. For. Fl. Br. Burm. 1. 470; Grah. Cat. Bomb. P1. Qto. Zuitan, Hind. Decean, banks of the Krishna near Nalutwar, Grab. Belgaum district, in dry forests. Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S.

## Order 40. MYRTACEA.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, simple, usually gland-dotted and with an intramarginal vein. Flowers regular, usually hermaphrodite. Calyx $4-5$ or more divided. Petals as many as calyx-lobes on dise surrounding cavity of calyx. Stamens usually many. Ovary inferior or $\frac{1}{2}$ inferior crowned by fleshy disc, 1-celled, 1 -ovuled or 2 , many celled with many ovales on axile placenta. Frnit crowned with the calyx-limb, dehiscent or indehiscent. Seeds angular, albumen 0 .

Leaves dotted with pellucid glands. Fruit a berry or drupe.
Berry many seeded ... ... ... ... ... Psidium.
Berry few seeded ... ... ... ... ... ... Eugenia.
Leaves not gland-dotted. Fruit angular fibrous, or giobose fleshy.
Fruit angular fibrous ... ... ... ... ... Barringtonia.
Fruit globose fleshy, many seedeà ... ... ... Careya.
PSIDIUM, Linn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire. Flowers on axillary peduncles, large. Calyx-tube ovate; limb valvately 4-5-lobed. Petals $4-5$. Stamens many. Ovary 2 or more celled ; ovules many. Fruit a many seeded berry.
P. Guyava, Linu. Bentl. Fl. Hongk. 120. Fl. Br. I. 2. 468 ; Brandis For. H1. 232. P. pyriferum, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 34. The guyava tree. Jam, peru, Vern. Indigenous in Mexico, cultivated throughout the presidency, naturalised in many places. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. R.S.

## EUGENIA, Linn.

Evergreen trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, coriaceous or membranous, pinnate nerved. Flowers in lateral or terminal trichotomous cymes or panicles. Calyx-tube globose or more or less elongate ; lobes 4 , rarely 5 . Petals usully 4 , free and spreading or united in a calyptra. Stamens many, in several series, free or slightly collected in four bundles. Ovary 2 , rarely 3 -celled ; ovules several in each cell. Fruit a berry, 1 or several seeded, crowned with the persistant calyx-limb.

[^3]
E. malaccensis, Linn. ; Lam. Dict III. 196 ; Fl. Br. I.2. 471 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 110. Jambosa malaccensis, I)C. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bumb. F1. Suppl. 35. Malay apple. Malacca jambul, Vern. Cultivated in the gardens of the Haigas in North Kánara. Also near and in Bombay. Fl. Apl, May.
E. Jambos, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 2. 474 ; Brandis For. Fl. 233 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 110. Jambosa vulgaris, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 35. Rose apple. Gulub-jamın, sakarajambha, Vern. Planted throughout the presidency in many places, run wíld near villages in North Kánara. Fl. Feb. Fr. July, Aug.
E. hemisphærica, Wight III. II. 14 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 477 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 203; Jambosa lanceolaria, Wgt. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 94. Colonel Beddome is of opinion that E. hemispharica, Wgt., and E. lanceolaria, Roxb., are identical. On the Konkan and North Kanara gháts, in evergreen forests, common on the Nilkund and Ainshi gháts. Fl. Mch., April. Fr. R. S.
E. 1æta, Ham. in Trans. Wern. Soc. V. 338 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 479; Jambosa parciffora, Wgt. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. a4; E. Wightii, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 109. In evergreen forests, on the higher ghats of North Kánara; common on the Gairsoppah ghát. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.
E. Wightiana, Wight. Ill. II. 15 ; Ic. t. 529 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.485. E. lanceolata, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 110. Konkan and North Kánara, near rivers and along water-courses, rare. Fl. Feb., Mch.
E. zeylanica, Wgt. Ic. I. 73 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 485 ; E. spicata, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 202 ; Syzygium zeylanicum, D)C. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 94. Pitculi, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara gháts along rivers and nálás, common in North Kánara. Fl. Apl. Fr. R.S.
E. lissophylla, Thw. Enum. 117 (Syzygirm) ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 488; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 108. Konkan, Stocks.
E. caryophyllæa, Wgt. Ic.t. 540 ; Fl. Br. 1. 2. 490 ; Beld. Fl. Sylv. 108 ; Syzygirm caryophylluem, Gertn. Dalz. \& (tibs. Bomb. Fl. 93. Remlavang, M. Throughout the K.onkan and Noth Kánara; in moist forests, very common near the sea. Fruit black edible. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. R. S.
E. rubicunda, Wgt. Ic.t. 538 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.495; Bedi. Fl. Sylv. 108 ; Syzygium rubicundum, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb, Fl. 94. On the higher gháts along streams, Dalz.
E. Stocksii, Duthie. Fl. Br. [. 2. 498. Konkan, Stocks.
E. Jambolana, Lım. Dict. III. 198 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 499 ; Bedd. Fl. Srlv. t. 197 ; Brandis For. Fl. 233 ; Syz. Jambolanum, DC. Dalz \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 93. Jambul, M.; nerlu, K. Throughout the presidency both wild and caltivated, common in the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. July-Aug.
E. Heyneana, Wall. Cat. 3599 (Syzygium) ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 500 ; S $y z$. solicifolium, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 94 ; E. snticifulia, Grah. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 112. Pan jambul, bedas, M. In the beds of streams and rivers; common throughout the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Mch. April. Fr. ripe June.
E. macrosopala, Duthie. Fl. Br. I. 2. 501. Abundant locally on the North Kánara ghats, in evergreen forests. Fl. Jin.-Feb. Fr. Aug. Sometimes a large shrub.
E. Mooniana, Wgt. Ic. II. 551 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.505 ; rar. gracilis, Bedd. Wl. Sylv. 110 Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Common in the forests near Kárwár ou the coast. Fl. Eeb., Mch. Fr. Aug., Sept.

## BARRINGTONIA, Forst.

'I'rees. Leaves alternate. Flowers bracteate, in spikes or racemes. Calyx-tube ovoid or turbinate. Petals 4-5. Stamens indefinite. Orary inferior. Disc annular. Berry fibrons, flesby, crowned with the calyx-limb, usually 1 -seeded. Embryo consisting of 2 concentric masses, one a woody rind and the other a medulla.

Calyx valvate. Fruit ovoid, large ... ... ... B. racemosa. Calyx imbricate. Fruit quadrangular, small ... ... B. acutangula.
B. racemosa, El. DC. Prod. UII. 288 ; Fl. Br. I. 2.507 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bọmb. Fl. 94. Nivar, M. Along rivers and nálás near the coast of the Konkan and North Káuara. Fl. H. S. Fr. R.S.
B. acutangula, Gærtn. Fruct. II. 97. t. 101. Fl. Br. I. 2. 508 ; Brandis For. Fl. 235 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 95 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 204. Tivar, ingli, M. Banks of rivers and streams throughout North Kánara and the Konkan, common near the coast. Fl. May. Fr. Sept., Oct.

CAREYA, Roxb.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple. Flowers large, showy. Calyx adnate to the ovary ; limb 4 -divided. Petals 4-5. Stamens numerous, free. Ovary inferior, 4-5-celled; style elongate with a capitate or 4-lobed stigma. Fruit globose, fleshy, crowned with the calyx-limb, many seeded. Seeds in a fleshy pulp; cotyledons 0 .
C. arborea, Roxb. Fl. Br. Ind. II. 638 ; Fl. I. 2.511 ; Brandis For. Fl. 236 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 95 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 205. Kaval, K; kumbia, kuba, M. Common throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. March-April. Fr. ripe July.

## Order 41. MELAStomacee.

Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves opposite, entire, often 3-7-nerved. Flowers, regular hermaphrodite. Calyx-tube united by vertical walls to the ovary, rarely nearly free; limb 4-6 lobed. Petals 3-6, imbricate. Stamens as many or twice as many as the petals, inserted with them; anthers opening by pores, rarely by slits; connective often appendaged near the base. Ovary 4-5-1-celled. Ovules several, rarely only 2 to each placenta. Fruit included in the calys-tube, capsular or berried, breaking up irregularly or by slits through the top of the cells. Seeds minute, many (in Memecylon only 1) ; albumen 0 .

> A villous shrub. Stamens unequal, Seeds many.
> Leaves 3-7-nerved, palmately from near the base ... Melastoma. Glabrous shrubs or trees. Stamens equal. Berry 1seeded. Leaves pinnate nerved ... ... ... Memecylon.

## MELASTOMA, L.

Strigose or villons shrubs. Leaves petioled. Fluwers terminal, showy purple, 5 -merous. Calys clothed with bristles, tube bellshaped; lobes 5. Petals usually 5. Stamens twice as many as calyx-lobes, anthers opening by a single apica! pore, very unequal, 5 larger with the connective produced below in a long appendage, and 5 smaller with the basal appendage shorter or wanting. Orary $5-7$-celled more or less united to the calyx-tube, apex bristly. Fruit bursting irregularly. Seeds minute, very many, minutely punctate.
M. malabathricum, L. DC. Prod. III. 145 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 523 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 92. Indiau rhododendron. Paloré, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in muist forests, often along the banks of nálás near evergreen forests. Fl. throughout the year.

## MEMECYLON, L.

Leaves coriaceous, short-petioled. Flowers usually small, in axil'ary cymes, clusters or umbellets. Calyx-tube campanulate; limb - lated, truncate or shortly 4-lobed. Petals 4, blue or white, rarely
yeddish. Stamens 8, equal, anthers opening by slits in front, conmective ending in a horn behind. Ovary inferior, 1 -celled; ovules 6-12 whorled, on a free central placenta, Berry globose, crownet with the calyx-margin, 1 -seeded. Seed darge, cotyledons convolute or variously folded.

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Trees. Peduncles 0; pedicels uader \(\mathrm{t}_{\text {inch }}\). Flowers clustered.
Branchlets acutely quadrangular. Leaves cordate, sul. sessile ... ... ... ... ... ... ... MI. Wightii.
Branchlets round. Leaves amplexicaul ... ... ... M. amplezictule.
Trees or shrubs. Flowers in peduncled cymes ; pedicels short or long.
Peduncles long, 1-3 from.same axil; pedicels umbelled. Shrub ... ... ... ... ... ... ... M. terminate.
Tree. Flowers purple, in a compact cyme; peduncles short ; pedicels very short, slender ... ... ... M. ectule.
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M. Wightii, Thw. Enum. 113; F1. Br. I. 2. 504. Noréh Kánara, in evergreen forests, rot common. Fl. C. S.
M. amplexicaule, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 260 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 559 ; Wight. Ic. t. 279. Var. malnbarica. Limba, M. ; locundi, limbtoli, K. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara, common on the Yellápur gháts. Fl. C.S. Fr. H.S.
ML. terminale, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. III. 121; Fl. Br. I, 2. 558 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 93. Southern gháts of the Deccan peninsula. Fl. Br. I. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara, from Ainshi southwards. Fl. Dec.-Feb. Fr. ripe Mch.-May.
II. edule, Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 82; Fl. Br. I. 2. 563 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 93 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 113. Anjun, aajuni, liumia, Virn. Very common in the Konkan and North Kánara, in moist evergreen forests, and along the coast. Fl. C. S. Fr. Apl., May.

## Order 42. IYTHRACEAE.

Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves simple, opposite. Stipules 0. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite: Calyx $3-6$ lobed. Petals as many as calyx-lobes, rarely 0 . Stamens definite or indefinite, on the calyx-tube. Ovary free, 2-6-celled, ovules many, placentas axile. Fruit a capsule, $1-2-4$ or many celled. Seeds numerons, exalbuminous.

Ovary superior.
Calyx curved. Flowers sccund ... .... ... Woobfordis.
Calyx straight. Flowers symmetric.
Flowers 4-fid. Capsule irregularly breaking up .... Lawsonta.
Flowers 6-fid. Capsule 3-6-valved
... Lagerstriema.
Berry subglobose ... ... ... ... Sonveratia.
Ovary inferior ... ... ... ... Pextce.

WOODFORDIA, Salisb.
A shrub. Leaves opposite, subsessile, lanceolate, usually cordate. Flowers scarlet in axillary peduncnlate cymes. Calyx long, tubular, curved, mouth oblique. Petals 6, small or 0 , at the top of the ealyx-tube. Stamens 12. Ovary free, sessile, 2 -celled; ovules many. Capsule membranous, included in the calyx-tube. Steds many, smooth.
W. floribunda, Salisb. Parad. Lond. t. 42 ; Brandis For. Fl. 238. W. tomentosa. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 117; Grislea t,mentosa, Roxb. Halz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 97. Dayti, dhaiphal, phusati, M. ; dhauri, „lowari, Vern. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kánara near the sea-coast. Fl. Dec., Apl.

## LAWSONIA, Linn.

An erect, sometimes spinous shrub. Leaves opposite, eutire. Flowers in terminal panicled cymes. Calyx-tube very short; lobes 4, ovate. Petals 4, wrinkled. Stamens usually 8. Ovary free, 4 -celled; ovules many, placentas axile. Seeds many, smooth, on a central placenta.

士. alba, Lamk. Ill. t. 296, fig. 2 ; DC. Prnd. III. 91 ; Fl. Br. J. 2. 573. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 97 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 118; Brandis For. FI. 238. Henne, mendie, Vern. Throughout the presidency in hedges, along the coast common. Fl. C. S. Fr. C. S.

## LAGERSTRGMIA, Linn.

Trees and shrubs. Leaves opposite (or the uppermost alternate), entire. Flowers in axillary or terminal panicles, bracteate. Calyxtobe funnel-shaped, cleft into 6 ovate lobes. Petals 6, clawed. Stamens numerous; filaments long exserted. Ovary sessile, 3-6celled ; ovules numerous on axile placentas. Fruit a coriaceous capsule, $3-6$-celled, loculicidally dehiscent. Seeds winged.

| Calyx-tube smooth. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Calyx-teeth not patent or reflex |  |  |
| A shrub. Fruit is inch ... ... ... I. inctir. |  | L. indic |
| A tree. Fruit ${ }^{\frac{1}{2} \text { to } 1 \text { inch }}$ |  | L. praviflo |
| Calyx-lobes patent or reflexed. | Capsule small | L. microc |
| Calyx tomentose, ribbed | ... | L. Flos-Reginc |

L. indica, Linn. DC. Prod. III. 93 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 575. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidensy, a native of China.
L. parviflora, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 505 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 31. Gamble Ind. Timbers, 200. L. lancenlata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 98 ; Gamble Ind. Timbers, 201 ; Brandis For. Fl. 239 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. XXXJI. (var. majuscula, Fl. Br. I). Chunuıgi, soliutia, bondareh, Vern. 'Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests from the coast inland. I follow the Fl. of Br. I, in making only two species out of the? figured
by Beddome in the Fl. Sylv. t. 30, 31, 32. L. parviflora is a well-defined species with leaves glaucous bencath and a large capsule with adpressed calyx-lobes. The variety majuscuin is found in the northern parts of the presidency and is called soketio in the vernacular.
L. microcarpa, Wgt. Bedel. Fl. Sylf. t. 30 ; L. lanceolata, Wall. Fl. Sr. I. 2. 576 ; Brandis For. Fl. 240. L. parvitlora? Dalz, \& Libs. Bomb. Fl. 98. Bilinauli, K.; nana, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduons forests, common, and attains a large size in North Kínara. 1 have retained Wight's aud Beddome's name for our Nana tree, which has invariably a small capsule and is otherwise a very distinct species. Fi. Mch., Apl. Fr. Nov., Jany.
I. Flos-Reginæ, Retz. Obs. V. p. 25 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 577 ; L. regince, 13edd. lil. Sylv.t. 29 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 98 ; Brandis Fil. 240. Hole dísál, K. ; taman, M. On the North Kánara and Southern Konkan gháts along the bauks of nálás and rivers, sometimes planted as an ornamental tree. Fl H. S. Er. R. S.

SONNERATIA, Linn. f.
Trees. Leaves opposite, thick. Flowers large, solitary or in 3 -flowered cymes. Calyx thick, coriaceous, the tube adnate to the base of the orary, lobes 4-S, valvate. Petals 4-8 or 0 . Stamens many, on the calyx-tube, inflected in bud. Ovary nearly free, 10-15-culled, style long. Fruit large, supported by the persistent calyx. Seeds many, curved, angular.

| Calyx-lobes 4. Petals 0 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | S. apetala. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Calyx-lobes 6. | Petals 6 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$.... acida. |

S acida, Linn. f. Suppl. 252 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 579 ; Dalz. \& Gilos. Bomb Fl. 98 ; Brandis For. Fl. 242; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 118. Stigma capitate In the salt marshes and creeks of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. June, July. Fr. Oct., Nor.
S. apetala, Ham. in Syme Emb. Ava. III. 313, t. 25. Fl, Br. I. 2. 579. Stigma umbrella.shaped, large. Konkan, Law.

Punica granatum, Linn. Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 499 ; Brandis For Fl. 241. Pomegranate. Is cultivated in gardens througbout the presidency. Fl. Apl., May, Fr. July, Sept.

## Order 43. SAMYDACE $\nrightarrow$

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, alternate; stipules small, deciduous. Flowers regular, small, axillary, shortly pedicelled, fascicled or in long racemes, simple or panicled. Calyx coriaceous, persistent; tube short, free, or adnate to the ovary, limb 3-7-fid. Petals as many as calyx-lodes or 0 , imbricate. Stamens definite or indefinite, usually opposite the petals, and alternating with small glands. Ovary superior or more or less inferior, 1-celled; style 1 ,
capitate or 3 -fid at the apex, or styles $2-5$; ovules on usually $2-5$, parietal placentas. Frnit loculicidally 2 - 2 -valved; seeds several, asually drilled.
Petals 0 , flowers in axillary fascicles
Petals present, flowers in axillary or terminal racemes .... Caseaniai
Homaliva.

## CASEARIA, Jacq,

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves alternate, distichous, ofteu slightly serrate and transparently dotted. Calyx-tube short, limb 4-5-lobed. Petals 0 . Stamens $6-15$, or rarely more, alternating with as many scales or staminodes. Ovary superior, 1-celled ; stigma capitate or shortly 3 -lobed; ovules many, parietal. Fruit fleshy, opening into valves ; seeds often with a red arillus.

Trees. Leaves glabrous.
ledicels glabrous.
Calyx pubescent. Carpelis usually 3. Leaves thin ...C. graveolens:
(ralyx glabrous. Carpels usnally 2. Leaves thick ...C. esculenta.
Shrub. l'edicels pubescent. Leaves coriaceous ...C. vubescens.
'Irce. Leaves tomentose... ... ... ...C. tomentosc.
C. graveolens, Malz. in Hook. Jour. Bot IV. 107 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 11 ; Ill. Br. I. 2. 592 ; Brandis For. Fl. 243. Bohkara, Mo In the South Konkan, in open situations on the gháts: Fl. R.S.
C. esculonta, Roxb. Fl. Ind. IL. 422 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 592 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 119. C. lovigata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 11. C. varinns; Thw. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 208. Mori, M. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kínara, common on the hills near Kárwár. Fl. June. Fr. Ang., Sept.
C. rubescens, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fi. 11 ;: Fl. Br.. I. 2. 593. On the cháts to the south. Dalz. In the forests near the Nilkund ghát of North Kánara, Fl. C. S. Fr H.S. The leaves in the North Kánara plant are sometimes very large up to $10 \mathrm{in}. \mathrm{long}$.
C. tomentosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. IL. 421 ; Brandis For. Fl. 243; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 119 ; C. Anavinga, Dalz. \& Gibs.. Bomb. Fl. 11.. Baivi, chillara, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, common. Fla Jan., May. Fr. R.S.

## HOMALIUIM, Jxw.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, crenate. Flowers hairy, in slender, simple or panicled racemes; pedicels bracteate at the base. Calyx-tube adnate to the base of the ovary; lobes $5-7$, narrow, persistent. Petals 5-7, inserted on the throat of the cal yx, persistent. Disc tomentose. Stamens 1 or $1-7$, fascicled, opposite the petals, with alternating glands. Ovary $\frac{1}{2}$ superior, 1-celled; styles 2.5, filiform. Oסules many or several, placentas parietal. Capsule $\frac{1}{2}$ superior, coriaceous, 2-5-valved at the apex. Seeds few, angular or sblong.
H. zeylanicum, Benth. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IV. 35 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 596 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. t. 210. In the evergreen forests of the nortliern ghats of North Kinara, from Diggi to Ainshi. Fl. April, May. Fr. R.S.

## Order 44. DATISCACE压.

Trees or herbs. Leaves simple or pimate. Flowers small, díccions, clustered, racemed or panicled. Male calyx-tube short, teeth $3-9$; petals 0 ; stamens $4-25$. Female calyx-tube alnate to the ovary, lobes $\widehat{3}-8$; petals 0 ; ovary 1-celled, open or closed at the vertex; styles lateral; placentas parietal; ovules many. Capsule coriaceous or membranous, opening at the vertex between the styles. Seeds many, small, albuminous.

TETRAMELES, R. Hr.
Large trees. Leaves pubescent, serrate. Flowers dioccious. Petals 0. Males: calyx-tube short; lobes 4, mequal or equal. Stamens 4 round a depressed dise; filaments elongate. Ovary rudimentary t-angled or 0 . Female: calyx-tube almost 4 -angled; lobes 4 , short. Staminodes 0. Ovary open at apex ; ovules inserted in 3-4 rows on the parietal placentas; styles 4 short. Capsule membranous, open at the summit and crowned by the 4 styles.
T. nudiflora, R. Br. in lienn. Pl. Jav. Rar. 79, t. 17 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 657; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 2l2; Brandis Eor. Fl. 245. Jermala, K. ; ugado, M. Common in the evergreen forests of the ghats of North Kínara and the Konkan. An immense, dtciduous tree, overtopping the regular evergreen canopy. Fl. Feb.-Mcb. Fr. April, May.

## Order 45. CACTE AI.

Herbs, slirubs or trees. Leaves reduced to tufts of spines, prickles or small tubercles. Flowers sessile, solitary, hermaphrodite, regular. Calyx-tube adnate to ovary, lobes 3 to many, small, imbricate. Petals many, imbricate. Stamens many, free or adnate to the base of the petals. Ovary 2-celled ; ovules many on parietal placentas, horizontal. Berry 1-celled, placentas pulpy. Seeds numerous.

OPUNTIA, Mill.
Branches jointed, joints ovate flat, bearing tufts of unequal spines and bristles. Flowers arising from the tufts or margins of the joints, yellow or reddish. Calyx-tube not produced beyond the ovary; lobes numerous. Petals numerous, connate it the base spreading. Stamens indefinite, in many series. Style cylindric, thicker lolow, constricted at the base; stigma with $2-7$ thick erect branches. Hruit pyriform, fleshy, often with spines. Seeds with a hard testa. Albumen scanty or copious.

Fl. Br. I. 2. 657 ; Brandis For. Fl. 245 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 39. Prickly-pear. Chuppal, send, Vern. Naturalized thronghout the presidency in dry waste places. Fl. throaghout the year. Several introduced species are included under the name O. Dillemi, which is said to be rather rare in India.

## Order 46. ARALIACE .

Trees or shrubs, sometimes scandent. Leaves alternate, simple or compound long-petioled. Stipules adnate to the petiole, or 0 . Flowers regular, sometimes polygamous in umbels, racemes or panicled heads ; pedicels continuous with the base of the calyx or there jointed; bracts and bracteoles small or conspicuous. Calystube adnate to ovary; limb truncate, obsolete or with small teeth. Petals 5, rarely more, valvate, expanding or deciduous in a cap. Stamens as many as and alternate with the petals, inserted round an epigynous dise. Ovary inferior, 2 -celled, or cells as many as the stamens ; styles distinct or united ; ovules solitary and pendulous in each cell. Fruit small, seed pendulous, albumen uniform or ruminate.

## HEPTAPLEURUM, Grern.

Trees or shrubs, sometimes climbing. Leaves digitate; leaflets coriaceous, usually entire ; stipules connate within the petiole and prominent. Umbels panicled or in compound racemes; bracts woolly; pedicels not jointed; bracteoles few or 0. Calyx-margin toothed or truncate. Petals 5-6 or many, valvate. Stamens as many as petals. Ovary cells as many as petals, disc large or small; styles small, separate or combined in a column. Fruit subglobose, 5-6-angled; albumen uniform.

Leaflets with prominent nervures, on the upper surface ...H. venulosum.
Nervures not prominent abose ... ... ... ...H. Wallichianum.
H. venulosum, Seem. Rev. Heder. 44 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 729 ; Brandis For. Fl. 249 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 122. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Usually climbing scandent. Fl. March, June. Fr. June, Aug.
H. Wallichianum, C. B. Clarke. Fl. Br. I. 2. 730 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 122 ; Hedera Wallichiuna, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 108. Konkan gháts, pretty common, Dalz.

## Order 47. CORNACE ${ }^{\text {E }}$.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves opposite or alternate, often unequal at the base; stipules 0. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite or unisexual, in axillary or terminal cymes, panicles or heads. Calyxtube adnate to ovary; limb truncate or 4-5-toothed, persistent. Petals 0 or $4-5$. Stamensinserted with the petals and equal to them in number. Ovary inferior, l-4-celled; crowned by the disc; style single, stigma capitate or branched; ovule solitary, pendulous. Fruit usually succulent, 1 -4-celled, less often with 2 pyrenes. Seed oblong, pendulous, albumen copious, fleshy.

Petals long, narrow. Stamens 20.30 ... ... Alangiem.
Petals short. Stamens 5.4 ... ... ... Mạstixia.

ALANGIUM, Lamk.
Shrubs or small trees, armed or 0 . Leaves altervate, 3-nerved at the base, persistent. Flowers hermaphrodite, in axillary fascicles or condensed cymes, jointed on the pedicel. Calyx-tube adnate to ovary, limb 5-10 toothed or truncate. Petals 5-10, linear-oblong, valvate, then reflexed. Stamens twice as many as petals or more. Ovary inferior, 1 -celled, surmounted by a dise ; style long ; stigma large, capitate ; ovule pendulous. Fruit a berry, crowned by the eularged calyx-limb. Seed oblong, albumen ruminate ; cotyledons leafy, crumpled.
A. Lamarkii, Thw. Enum. 133. Fl. Br. I. 2. 741 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Kl 109 ; Brandis For. Fl. 250 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 215. Ankul, M.; asroli, K. Throughout the presidency in dry places, often along the banks of nálás in North Kánara. Fl. Feb.-Apl. Fr. May-Aug.; sometimes at other seasons ; erect or scandent.

MASTIXIA, Blume.
Trees. Leaves alternate or opposite, entire. Flowers hermaphodite, 2-bracteolate, in terminal panicles ; pedicels jointed under the flower. Calyx-tube campanulate; limb 4-5-toothed. Petals 4-5, ovate, valvate, silky. Stamens 5-4. Ovary 1-celled; disc fleshy; ovule 1 pendulous. Drupe ovoid, crowned by the calyxteeth; putamen grooved; endocarp protruded inwards down one side. Seed ellipsoid ; albumen fleshy.
M. pentandra, Blume Mus. Bot. 1. 256 ; FI. Br. I. 2. 746. Burs? nopetulum arboreum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 28. Koukan and North Kánara, in evergreen forests; also along nálás in North Kanara. Dhárwár, Dalz. Fl. Feb.-Mar. Fr. Nay.

## Ordfer 48. CAPRIFOLIACE 不.

Shrubs, small trees or herbs. Leaves opposite, simple or pinnate. Flowers hermaphrodite, regular or irregular. Calyx-tube adnate to the ovars, limb 3 -5-divided. Corolla gamopetalous, limb often 2 -lipped, 5 -lobed, lobes imbricate in bud. Stamens 5 , on the corolla. Orary 1-6-celled, ovules solitary, pendulous, or several on axile placentas. Fruit a drupe with 1-8, cartilaginous pyrenes, or a many seeded berry. Albumen copious, fleshy; embryo minate.

VIBURNUM, Lim.
Shrubs or small trees. Leaves opposite. Flowers in terminal panicles or corsmbose cymes. Calyx-limb short, 5 -toothed. Corolla 5-lobed. Stamens 5. Ovary 1-3-celled, with 1 pendulous ovule ir each cell. Fruit a dry or fleshy drupe, 1-seeded, 1celled.
V. punctatum Ham. in Don Prodr. 142 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 5; Bedd. FI. Sylv. t. 217. Brandis says this is found in Kánara. (North Kánara?)

Beddome says "common in subalpine jungles.". Var acreminata, Wall., is common on the Bababuden hllls of Mysore at 4.6000 ft . alt. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr. C.S.

## Ordler 49. RUBIACETE.

Trees, shrubs or herbs. Lueaves opposite or whorled, entire, stipulate. Inflorescence various. Calyx-tube adnate to the ovary, limb entire or toothed. Corolla gamopetalous, usually 4-5 lobed, lobes imbricate, contorted or valvate. Stamens as many as corolla lobes, alternating with them. Ovary inferior, 2 or more celled, rarely l-celled. Fruit berried, capsular or drupaceors or of dehisceut or indehiscent cocci, 2-10-celled. Seeds with a Heshy or horny albumen.

Nauclece.-Flowers in globose heads. Corolla funnelshaped. Stigma simple.
Ovaries confluent. Corolla lobes imbricate in bud... Anthocephales.
Ovaries free or nearly so.
Calyx 5-lobed. Corolla lobes valvate ... .... ... Adina.
Calyx-limb entire. Corolla lobes valvate ... .... ... Stephegine.
Corolla lubes imbricate ... ... ... ... ... Nauclea.
Cinchonece.-Corolla lobes valvate. Fruit capsular, 2celled. Seeds winged. Bracts leafy

Hymenodiction.
Rondeletier.-Corolla lobes twisted in bud. Fruit capsular, 2-celled. Seeds angled, not winged ... ... Wendlandia.
Mrussendere.-Corolla lobes valvate in bud. Fruit indehiscent, fleshy. C'alyx with a leafy lobe ... ...
Gierdeniece.-Corolla lobes twisted in bud. Fruit berried or dry. Seeds large, cotyledons foliaceous.
Seeds many in each cell.
Inflorescence terminal ... ... ... ... ... Webera.
Inflorescence axillary, Ovary 2-celled ... .. ... Randia.
Inflorescence axillary. Ovary 1 -celled .... ... ... Gardenia.
Ovules 2, in each cell... ... ... ... ... ... Diplospora.
I $\begin{aligned} \\ \text { angueriect.-Corolla lobes valrate in bud. Stamens }\end{aligned}$ inserted in mouth of corolla. Drupe with 2 or many free or cohering pyrenes.
Ovary 2 -celled ... ... ... ... ... ... Cantimus.
Ovary 3-5-celled .. ... ... ... ... ... Vangueria.
1xorere.-Corolla inbes twisted in bud. Ovary 2-t-celled; ovules inserted about the middle of the cell, rarely basilar. Fruit a 2 -4-celled berry or drupe with 2-4 free or united pyrenes.
Flowers in trichotomous panicles.
Style short-exerted, 2 -fid ... ... ... ... ... Ixora.
Style long exerted, undivided ... ... ... ... l'avitra.
Flowers in axillary fascicles ... ... ... ... Coffea.
Morindece.-Corolla lobes valvate in bud. Stamens inserted in the mouth of the corolla. Ovules inserted below the middle of the cell and amphitropous. Fruit a $2-4$ celled berry, pyrenes 2-4. Calyx-tubes cohering in a head. Fruit a fleshy syncarpium ... ... ...
Psychotriece.-Corolla lobes valvate in bud. Stamens inserted near month of corolla. Ovules basilar, cuneate, anatropous. Drupe with 2 or more pyrenes.
Flowers cymose or cymose panicled.


ANTHOCEPHALUS, A. Rich.
A large tree. Leaves opposite, coriaceous; interpetiolar stipules caducous. Flowers in large globose heads. Calyx-tubes confluent; limb 5-lōbed. Corolla-tube long, funnel-shaped. Stamens 5, on throat of corolla. Ovary 2-celled below, 4-celled above; ovules many on the 2 bifid placentas. Fruit a fleshy mass of few seeded pyrenes. Seeds minute, albumen fleshy.
A. Cadamba, Miq. Fl. Ind. Bat. II. 135 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.23 ; Brandis For. Fl. 261 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 127, t. 35. Kaddam, nhyu, Vern. North Kảnara, in evergreen forests, rare. F1v Dec., Mch. Fr. R.S.

ADINA, Salisb.
Trees. Leaves opposite with large interpetiolar stipules. Flowers bracteate in solitary or panicled globose heads. Receptacle pilose, Calyx-tube angled, lobes 5. Corolla-tube elongate, lobes 5. Stamens 5, on mouth of corolla, filaments short. Capsule of 2 dehiscent cocci, mauy seeded. Seeds with a winged testa.
A. cordifolia, Hook. f. in Gen. Plant. II. 30 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 24 ; Brandis For. Fl. 263 ; Nauclea cordifolia, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 33; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 118. Heddi, honangi, hedu, M. ; yettagal, K. Throughout the presidency in deciduons forests. Yields a valuable tmber. Fl. June, July. Fr. Dec., Mch.

## STEPHEGYNE, Korth.

Shrubs or trees with petioled leaves; stipules large, caducous. Flower heads globose, solitary or paniculate often subumbelled, usually subtended by two large bracts. Flowers surrounded with paleaceous bracteoles. Calyx-tube short, limb truncate or 5-toothed. Corolla funnel-shaped, tube long, throat hairy. Fruit of 2 dehiscent cocci, many seeded. Seeds small, testa winged, albumen fleshy.
S. parvifolia, Korth. in Verk. Gesch. Nat. Bot. 161 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.25 ; Brandis For. Fl. 262 ; Nauclea parvifolia, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 34 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 118. Kalamb, kaddam, M.; kadawar, kanu, K. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. May, July. Fr. Nov., Dec. Wood useful and ornamental.

## NAUCLEA, L.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves large, sessile or petioled ; stipules large, caducous, or subpersistent. Flowers in globose, solitary or sule-
panicled heads, ebracteolate. Calyx-tube turbinate or obconic, lobes 5. Corolla-tube elongate, lobes imbricate. Stamens 5, on throat of corolla. Fruit of 2, dehiscent, many seeded cocci. Seeds imbricate, testa winged.

Stigma capitate. Stipules flat, deciduous.
Heads 1-3. Corolla-lobes spreading, not ridged... .. ...N. purpurea.
Heads solitary. Corolla-lubes ridged and horned near apex ...N. elliptica.
Stigma elongate, acute. Stipules subpersistent.. ... ...N. missionis.
N. purpurea, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 515 ; Fl. Br. I. 326 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 129. Konkan southwards. I. D. H. There seems to be very little difference between this and the next species, $N$. elliptica, Dalz. Good specimens sent by me of the true $N$. elliptica, Dalz., having been named $N$. purpurvea, Roxb., at Kew. Both N. purpurea and N. elliptica are quite distinct from $N$. missionis, Wall., which has the stigma mitre-shaped and not globose, as is the case in the two former species.
N. elliptica, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 118 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 129. Phuga, M. On the Konkan and Supa gháts of North Kánara, along streams and water-courses. Fl. Feb.-Mch. Fr. May-June.
N. missionis, Wall. Cat. 6099 ; Fl. Br. I. 2. 27. Konkan and North Kánara, along rivers and water-courses, common near Yellápur and in several other localities. Fl. Apl.-May. Fr. R.S. An ornamental tree when in flower.

## HYMENODICTIYON, Wall.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, petioled. Stipules deciduous. Flowers small, paniculate with 1-2 large leafy bracts. Calys-tube short, lobes 5-6. Corolla funnel-shaped, lobes 5, short. Stamens 5. Stigma spindle-shaped, ovules numerous. Fruit a dehiscent capsule. Seeds numerous, broadly winged.

Flowers paniculate. Capsule deflexed... ... ...H. excelsum.
Flowers spicate. Capsule erect ... ... ... ...H. oboratum.
H. excelsum, Wall.; Roxb.; Fl. Ind. II. 149 ; FI. Br. I. 3.35 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 117; Brandis For. Fl. 267 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 130. H. utile, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 130. Kala kurwah, Vern.; dondru, dandelo, bhorsal, M. Gháts of the Deccan and Konkan, Panch Maháls. Fl. June. July. Fr. Oct.
H. obovatum, Wall., in Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 153 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.36 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 117 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 219 ; Brandis For. Fl. 268. Kurwei, sirid, Vern. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Nov., Dec. There are two varieties of this species, one with large obovate pubescent leaves and capsules 1 in .; the other with small, ovate, nearly glabrous leaves and capsules, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch.

WENDLANDIA, Bartl.
Shrubs or small trees. Leaves opposite or ternately whorled Flowers in terminal panicled cymes, 2-3 bracteolate. Corolla-lobes
imbricate in bud. Capsulo small, dehiscent, many seeded. Seeds obscurely winged.

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W. exserta, DC. Prod. IV. 411 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.37 ; Brandis For. Fl. 268 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 130. In the deciduous forests of North Deccan and Konkan. Fl. Mch.-Apl. Fr. May, June.
W. Notoniana, Wall, in W. \& A. Prod. 403 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.40 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. 117 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 224. Showla, M. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, very common on the Supa ghats, growing on laterite, Fl. Feb. Fr. Apl.

## MIUSS届NDA, L.

Shrubs. Leaves simple, sessile or petioled. Flowers yellow in terminal cymes. Calyx-lobes $\check{5}, 1$ frequently developed into a white or coloured leaf. Corolla tubular with a villous throat; lobes 5, valvate in bud. Stamens 5. Ovary 2-celled, ovules numerous on fleshy placentas. Berry fleshy, areolate at the top, many seeded. Seeds minute, testa pitted.
M. frondosa, Linn. DC. Prod. IV. 370 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 89 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 111. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 131. Bhátkes, lavasat, sheruod, MT. ; bebana, Vern. Throughout thee moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan where there is a heavy rainfall. Fl. Fr. Aug.-Sept.-Oct.

WEBERA, Schreb.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire glabrous, stipules deciduous. Flowers in terminal corymbose cymes. Corolla-tube cylindrical, lobes 5, spreading or reflexed, imbricate and usually twisted in bud. Ovary 2 -celled, ovules 2 or more in each cell on fleshy peltate placentas. Berry globose 2 -celled, cells 1 many seeded.
W. corymbosa, Willd.; Boxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 696 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 102.
W. asiatica, Bedd. Fl. Sylr. 133 ; Stylocoryne Webera, A. Rich., Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 119. Karé, M. South Konkan and North Kánara, in moist forests on the ghats, common in the evergreen forests near the Ainshi ghát of North Kánara. F1. at different times from December to July. Fr. R S.

## RANDIA, L.

Small trees or shrubs, usually spinous. Leaves entire, stipules free or connate. Flowers large or small, in axillary cymes or clusters, white or yellowish. Calyx-tube varions. Corclla from salver-shaped to nearly rotate, limb 5 -lobed, lobes twisted in bud. Stamens 5, anthers subsessile. Ovary 2 -celled, ovules many, attached to a fleshy peltate placenta. Berry glubose, 2-celled, many seeded, usually crowned by the calyx-limb.

[^4]Spines short decussate, at the ends of branchlets ...R. uliginosce.
Flowers small, white, yellow. Fruit 1 in. long. Spines long, axillary
Climbing shrubs, unarmed. Berry small
...R. dumentorum.
R. uliginosa, DC. Prod. IV. 386 ; F1. Br. I. 3. 110 ; Brandis For. Fl. 273 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 119 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 132. Pandri, K..; kantha goting, Vern. Throughout the presidency, often in abandoned rice fields, common in deciduous forests. Fl. May-June. Fr. Dec.-Feb.
R. dumentorum, Lamk. Ill. t. 156, f. 4; FJ. Br. I. 3. 110; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 119; Brandis For. Fl. 273 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 132; R. longispina, DC. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 119. Ghela, peralu, mindhal, monigeli, M.; karigidda. K. Common throughout the Presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Mch.-May. Fr. Nov.-Mch.
R. rugulosa, Thw. Enum. 159 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 113 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 133. Var. speciosa, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 133. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests, common in the forests near the Tinai ghat. Fl. Jan., Fel. Fr. Nov, Dec.

## GARDENIA, L.

Shrubs or trees, spinous or 0 . Leaves simple, rarely ternately whorled. Flowers often showy. Calyx-limb variously cleft or lobed. Corolla-lobes 5-12, twisted in bud. Stamens as many as corollalobes, not exserted, or more or less exserted. Ovary 1-celled, ovules numerous, 2 seriate on $2-6$ parietal placentas. Fruit fleshy, indehiscent, seuds numerous; immersed in pulp.
Unarmed shrubs.
Flowers 5-6 merous, Calyx-lobes short, ovate, acute. Placentas 4.5 ... F. gummifera.
Calyx-lobes 5 long subulate Placentas 2. .... ... ... ... G. lucida.
Small unarmed tree. Flowers 9-merous. Placentas 4-5 ... ...G. latifolian
Small spinous tree. Flowers dimorphic. Calyx with 5 short teeth
in male flowers ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ...G. turgida.
G. lucida, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 707. Fl. Br. I. 3. 115 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 120 ; Bedd. Flw Sylv. 134. Brandis For. Fl. 2r1. Docamali, Fern. North Kánara, Konkan. Fl. Mch., June. Fr. C. S.
G. gummifera, Linn. f. DC. Prod. IV. 381 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.116 ; Dalz. ${ }^{\&}$ \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 120. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-1. Decamali, Vern.. In the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan, in open situations, common near Siddápur. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. next Mch.-May.
G. latifolia, Ait. Hort. Kew I. 294; Fl. Br. I. 3. 116 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 120; Brandis For. Fl. 271 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv, 134-ł. Pandru, ghogari, papur, M. Common in the dry forests of the presidency. F3. Apl., May. Fr. next cold season.
G. turgida, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 711 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 118 ; Brandis For. Fl. 270 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-1. Var. montana, Roxb., Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 120. Kurphendra, M.; pendra, Vern. In dry forests throughout the presidency, common in the Dlárwár and North Kánara jungles. Fl. H.S. Fr. R \& C.S. Foliage of young plants quite distinct from the leaves of mature trees.

## DIPLOSPORA, DC.

Shrubs or trees, evergreen. Leaves simple, stipules acuminate. Flowers in axillary fascicles or cymes, polygamo-diœcious, white; bracts free or connate in a cup. Corolla-tube short, lobes 4-5, spreading, twisted in bud. Ovary 2-3-celled; ovules 2-3 in each cell. Berry ovoid or globose. Seeds few imbricate.

> Fruit sessile ellipsoid....
> Fruit pedicelled globose ... ... $\quad$... $\quad$... D. apiocarpa. $\quad$...
D. apiocarpa, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. II. 257 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 123. Dicospermum apiocarpum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 120 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 223. Erergreen forests on the higher gháts of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. R.S.
D. sphærocarpa, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. IJ. 257 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 123 ; Dicospermum sphcerocarpa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 120; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134. On the gháts from the Konkan southwards. Fl. Oct. Fr. May.

## CANTHIUM, Lam.

Unarmed or spinous shrubs. Leaves simple, stipules interpetiolar, pointed, with a broad base. Flowers small, axillary, fascicled or cymose. Corolla-tube with a ring of deflexed hairs withinf; throat villous; lobes valvate in bud. Ovary 2 -celled, ovules 1 in each cell. Drupe didymons with 1-2 pyrenes. Seeds with fleshy albumen.

| Unarmed tree ... Spinous shrubs. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| scandent. Spines short, recurved. Leares shining above |  |  |  |  |
| Rigid shrub. Spines long, straight. Leaves notshining |  |  |  |  |

C. umbellatum, Wgt. Ic. t. 1034 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 132 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 113; C. didymum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 221 ; Plectronia didyma, Brandis For. Ell. 276. Tupn, arsul, M.; yellal, K. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanara. Fl. Nov.-Jany. Fr. Apl.-June.
C. Rheedii, DC. Prod. IV. 474 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 134; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 113 ; Plectronia Rheedii, DC. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-5. C. angustifolium. Roxb. Fl. Br. I. 3, 135 ; C. Leschenaultii, W. \& A. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 113. Chapyel, M. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. A scandent shrub. Fl. \&. Fr. at different times throughout the year. I am unacquainted with $C$. angustifolium, W. \& A., if it is distinct from C. Rheedii. DC. Hooker in the Fl. Br. I. says C. anqustifolium is probably only a glabrous variety of $C$. Rheedii, DC.
C. parviflorum, Lamk. Dict. I. 602 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 136 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 113 ; Plectronia parviflora, Roxb.; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-5. Kirna, M, Very common in dry, open situations throughont the presidency, also along and near the coast; of ten semiscandent in hedges. Fl. Fr. at different times throughout the ycar. Fr. yellow edible.

VANGUERIA, Juss.
Small spinous tree. Leaves and flowers as in Canthium. Ovary usually 5 -celled. Drupe large, globose, 1 inch in diameter, smooth ; pyrenes, 4-5 woody, smooth.
V. spinosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 537 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 136. Alu, Vern. Com ${ }^{-}$ mon in the deciduous forests of North Kánara, usually a small tree. Fruit large, globose. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. R.S. Roxb. in the Fl. Ind. says the fruit of his species is small, size of a cherry. The fruit of the North Kánara tree is often more than 1 inch in diameter and is green when ripe. I have not observed it turning yellow.

## IXORA, L.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves with interpetiolar stipules. Flowers often showy in axillary and terminal corymbose cymes. Calyx 4-5-toothed or lobed. Corolla-tube long slender, lobes 4, spreading. Ovary 2-celled; style filiform, exserted ; stigma slender, fusiform, or 2 -lobed; 1 ovule in each cell. Fruit a small berry or drupe with 2 plano-convex coriaceous pyrenes. Flowers white or pink. Fruit dark-coloured. Leaves green when dry.

Shrubs.
Calyx teeth linear, much longer than ovary. Corolla-tube very slender. Fruit glabrons, alyx teeth persistent ... I. lanceolaria.
Calyx teeth longer and broader than ovary. Fruit $\frac{1}{2}$ inch,
hairy, striate, 1-2 seeded ... ... ... ... ... 1. polyantha.
Calyx teeth shorter than ovary. Fruit smooth, 2-lobed. ... I. elongata.
Trees, cymes brachiate.
Cyme branches long. Flower buds globose ... ... ... I. brachiata.
Cyme branches short. Flower buds ovoid ... ... ... I. parvifora.
Shrubs.
Flowers scarlet. Fruit red fleshy globose ... ... ... I. coccinea.
Flowers white. Fruit black didymous, fleshy. Leaves turning black when dry ... ... ... ... ... I. nigricans.
I. lanceolaria, Colebr. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 387 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 138 ; Common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara, particularly on the southern gháts. Fl. R. and C. S. Fr. Aug.
I. polyantha, Wgt. Ic. t. 1066; Fl. Br. I. 3. 140 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-7. From the Konkan southwards, common on the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests. Fruit $\frac{1}{2}$ in. ovoid, striate. Sparsely hairy, crowned with the calyx-lobes; 1-2-seeded ; pedicels $\frac{1}{2}$ in. densely hairy, Fl. Mch. Fr. ripe Nov.
I. elongata, Heyne. in Wall. Cat. 6131 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.141 ; I. pedunculata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bo.n. Fl. 113. Konkan and North Kánara, on the gháts. Fl. Feb. Fl. H S.
I. brachiata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 381; Fl. Br. I. 3. 142. From the Konkan southwards in evergreen forests, common on the North Kánara gháts. Fl. C. S. Fr. Apl., May.
I. parviflora, Vahl. Symb. III. 11, t. 52 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 142; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 222; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 113 ; Brandis For. Fl. 275. The
torch tree. Kırat, leura, M.; henmme, gorvi, K.; makrichijhar, Hind. Throughout the presidency, in deciduous forests. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. May-June.
I. coccinea, Linn. Roxb. Tl. Ind. 1. 375 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.145 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 112 ; Brandis For. Fl. 275 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-7. Bakora, pendgul, M. Very common in the Konkan and North Kánara moist forests near the sea-coast, also on the gháts along river banks. Fl. throughout the year. Fruit red ; seeds plano-convex; more or less ventrally concave.
I. nigricans, Br. in Wall. Cat. 6154; Fl. Br. I. 3. 148 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 113. Lokhandi, katkura, M. Common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara, also in the Konkan. Fl. apparently throughout the year. Fruit glabrous, size of a pea. Seeds 2, deeply ventrally concave.

## PAVETTA, L.

Shrubs and small trees. Leaves usually membranous. Flowers in trichotomous corymbs. Corolla-tube slender, lobes 4-5. Ovary 2 -celled, style long exserted; stigma fusiform or 2-dentate; ovule 1 in cach cell. Fruita 2 -seeded berry. Albumen horny.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Corolla white, tube } \frac{1}{5} \text { inch } \ldots . \\
& \text { Corolla yellowish, tube more than } 1 \text { inch. ... Leaves } P \text {. indica. } \\
& \text { turning black when dry } \ldots . . . . . . . \quad . \quad \text {.... hispidula. }
\end{aligned}
$$

P. indica, Linn.; DC. Prod. IV. 490 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 150 ; Var. indica proper; leaves glabrous. Dalz. \& Gibs Bomb. Fl. 112 ; Brandis For. Fl. 275. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-7. Var. tomentosa, Roxb. Leaves and cymes tomentose or villous. Brandis For. Fl. 275 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-7; P. Brunonis, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 112. Common throughout the presidency. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. R.S.
P. hispidula, W. \& A. Prod. 431 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 151 ; P. siphonantha, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 112. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134.8. In the evergreen forests of the Supa gháts of North Kánara, rare. FI. May. Fr. R.S.

## COFFEA, L.

Shrubs. Leaves simple, stipules broad. Flowers in axillary fascicles or cymes. Corolla-lobes 4-7, spreading, twisted in bud. Ovary 2-celled, ovules 1, peltately attached, in each cell. Fruit with two plano-convex, ventrally grooved seeds. Albumen horny.
C. arabica, L. Fl. Br. I. 3. 153 ; Brandis For. Fl. 276. Bedd. Fl• Sylv. 13-48. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 44. Coffee. Boon, M.; liawa, Vern. Cultivated throughout the presidency. Fl. March. Fr. Oct., Jany.

## MORINDA, L.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves usually membranous. Flowers sessile on a globose receptacle. Corolla tubular, lobes 4-7, valvate in bud. Stamens inserted in the mouth of the corolla, filaments short.

Ovary 4-celled, cells l-ovuled. Fruit a compound succulent berry containing a number of hard pyrenes, 2-4 from each flower.

> Leaves pubescent, tomentose or glabrous, not shining ... M. citrifolia.
> Leaves glabrous, shining ... .... ... ... M. tinctoria.
M. citrifolia, Linn. ; DC. Prod. IV. 446 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.155 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 114; Brandis For. Fl. 277. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 220. Aavl, barlundi, Vern.; auk, M. ; ainshi, K. Var. 1, citrifolia proper. Cultivated. Var. 2, bracteata, is common along the coast of the Konkan quite near the sea. Fruit a white syncarpium. F]. and Fr. R.S. Var. 3, elliptica. Konkan, Stocks.
M. tinctoria, Roxb. Fl. Br. I. 3. 156 ; Brandis For. Fl. 277 ; M. citrifolia, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 220. M. tomentora, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 114. M. multiflora, Roxb., Brandis For. Fl. 227; M. exserta, Brandis For. Fl. 276. Al, ack, ulleri, alladi, ainshi, Vern. Var. 1, tinctoria proper, is cultivated. Var. 2, tomentos $a$, common in the deciduous forests of the presidency. Fl. May. Fruit ripe June, July. Var. 4, forma exserta, Panch Maháls. Brandis.

## PSYCHOTRIA, I.

Shrubs or small trees, Leaves petioled, attennated at the base. Stipules solitary or in pairs, often with glandular hairs. Flowers in terminal corymbose cymes, bracteate or not. Corolla-tube short, straight ; throat hairy or glabrous. Anthers included or 0. Ovary 2 -celled, cells 1 -ovuled. Fruit small, ovoid, globose or oblong, rarely didymous. Seeds plano-convex, ventrally flat or grooved Albumen hard, sometimes ruminate.

| Seeds plano-convex, no ventral groove: Album ruminated. | Albumen |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cyme branches whorled. Flowers bracteolate. Corol tube very short. | e. Corolla. |
| Flowers mixed with rufous hairs. Calyx-limb not larged in fruit. stipules small ... ... ... | b not en. ... ... P. Thwaitesii. |
| Flowers without rufous hairs. Cymes congested branches short. Stipules large... | congested, $\ldots \quad . . . P \cdot \text { truncata. }$ |
| Cymes with long stout branches. Fruit crowned wit the enlarged calyx lobes... | owned with ... ... P. Dalzellii. |
| Cyme branches opposite, yellow in fruit | favida. |
| Seeds dorsally ridged, furrowed. Albumen equable | quable ... P. canarensis. |

P. Thwaitesii Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 3. 162. On the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreen forests, common near the Nilkund and Gairsoppah gháts at about 2,000 feet elevation. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. ripe Nov., Dec. A large gregarious shrub.
P. truncata, Wall. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 162 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 163. Grumilea vaginans, DC.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb, Fl. 111. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts; common in the forests near the Tinai ghát. Fl. Jany. Fr. ripe Oct.
P. Dalzellii, Hook f. Fl. Br. I. 3. 163. Throughout theevergreen forests of North Kánara; very common on the ghats near Yellápur. Fl. June, July. Fr. Jany. Mch. Fruit black, succulent, crowned with the calys-tube. Albumen ruminate.
P. flavida, sp. nov.-A small shrub. Leaves elliptic, glabrous, abruptly, shortly acuminate, coriaceous, narrowed into the petiole, $10-4$ by $4-2$ in., nerves about 12 pairs, much stronger than the veins, stipules ovate, acuminate, deciduous. Flowers numerous, very small in terminal, peduncled cymes; peduncle $1-2 \mathrm{in}$. ; branches opposite, flattened, dichotomously divided, shorter than the peduncle. Bract.' 2, leafy, deciduous. Calys short, truncate. Corolla io in.; tube very short; throat villous, Wruit $\frac{1}{4}$ in., ellipsoid, compressed, crowned with the calyx, black, scarcely pulpy, 2-seeded; seeds with a crustaceous testa, plano-conver with a narrow dorsal ridge, rugose, black; albumen strongly ruminate. The cyme branches turn bright yellow in fruit. Abundant in the evergreen forests of the Sirsi and Siddápur talukas of North Kánara. FlJune, July. Fr. Jany., Mch. The following about this species has just been received from Kew:-This is certainly $P$, nudiflora, W. \& A. It is identical with the following specimens which have not been taken 'up in the Fl. Br. I. No. 735 A . P1. Ind. Or. (Terr. Canara et confin.) 2R. F. Hohenacker. Psychotria ambigua, W.\& A. Pt. 433-Miq.-North and South Konkan, Mr. Law.-No. (i, Gibson 20 Dec. 1845. From the general habit it comes very near P. Johnsoni, Hook. f. As it does not agree with the short description given in the Fl. Br. I., I have described and named it as above.
P. canarensis, sp. nor.-An erect shrub, branches smooth. Leaves glabrous, lanceolate, or ovate, acute, attenuate at the base, minutely punctate, very pale beneath; petiole short or 0 , blade $2-5$ inches long by $\frac{1}{3}$ inch to 1 inch broad; stipules small, short acuminate, caducuous. Lateral nerves 8 pairs. Cymes terminal or axillary, few flowered, 2-3 inches, branches as long as peduncle, slender. Fruit ridged, sulcate, black, shining, crowned with the toothed calyx $\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. by 2 lines broad at base, narrowed upwards. Seeds ridged along back, ventrally :flat. Albumen equable. This shrub is found in the moist evergreen forests situated near the Falls of Gairsoppah in North Kinara. It is closely alied to both $P$. bisulcata, W. \& A., and P. filipes, Hook. f. Flowers during the rainy season. Fruit ripe Dec., dan. I have specimens, in fruit, of another, probably a new species, from North Kánara. Leaves oborate, cuneate, acuminate, palc beneath, glandular in the axils of the nerves. Fruit dry, $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. 10 -ribbed, 2 -seeded.

CHASALIA, Comms.
Shrubs. Leaves membranous. Corolla-tube sleuder and curved. Fruit globose, didymons seeds orbicular, dorsally much compressed, ventrally deeply concave; albumen equable.
C. curviflora, Thw. Enum. 150, 421 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 176. Psychotria longifolia, Dalz. in Hook. Lond. Jour. Bot. II. 133. In the evergrees forests of North Kánara and the Konkan, common. Fl. May-Aug.
C. virgata sp. not.-An erect, virgate shrub. Leaves ovate, lanceofate, acuminate scaberulous or glabrous shining, dark green above: paler beneatl: ; blade narrowed into the petiole, membranous, $2-5$ in. by $\frac{3}{4}-2 \mathrm{in}$. ; petiole $0-\frac{1}{2}$ in.; nerves 7 pairs, strong beneath. Stipules connato, long acuminate. Inflorescence many flowered, in peduncled, panicled cymes; branches opposite or obscurcly whorled; peduncle 1 in , or less; pedicels short, slender. Calyx 4 -toothed. Corola tubular, $\frac{1}{4}$ in. long, 4 -lobed, glabrous within. Seeds very concave. This shrab comes near C. curviffora, but it differs in the long pedicels and in the regular suppression of one of the ovary cells; it is found in the evergreen forests of North Kánara. El. Apl., May.

## LASTANTHUS, Jack.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves distichous. Stipules broad. Flowers in axillary bracteate clusters, cymes or heads. Calyx-tube short, limb 3-7-toothed. Corolla throat villous ; lobes 3-7-valvate in bud. Stamens 4-6, filaments short. Ovary 4-9-celled with 1 erect, basal ovule in each cell. Drupe small, pyrenes triquetrons, 1 -seeded.
I. sessilis. sp. nov.-Brauchlets adpressed hairy. Leaves opposite, shortly petioled elliptic-acuminate, glabrous above, hairy on the nerves beneath; nerves 6 pairs, prominent beneath, strongly curved upwards, blade $2-5-\mathrm{in}$. long by $1-2-\mathrm{in}$. broad ; petiole $\frac{1}{4}-\mathrm{in}$. hairy. Stipules broad hairy, acuminate. Flowers small, white, axillary, sessile, fascicled, with triangular, hairy bracts. Calyx-tubo short, teeth triangular, hairy outside. Corolla tubular, slightly hairy without, villous within. Stamens inserted in throat, nearly sessile. Ovary 4-celled, cells 1 -ovuled; stigma 4-divided. Fruit a black fleshy drupe, containing 4 triangular pyrenes, dorsally tubercled. Leaves and fruit foetid when bruised. A stout evergreen shrub nearly allied to $L$. striyosus, Wight, but diflering in the calyx-teeth and nervation of leaves.

In the evergreen forests of North Kánara from Yellápur southwards to Gairsoppah. Fl. Aug.-Sept. Fr. Oct.

## SAPROSMA, Blume.

Foctid shrubs, often with bristles at the ends of the branches. Leaves opposite or whorled, membranous. Stipules connate, 1-3cuspidate, deciduous. Flowers small, axillary or terminal. Calyztube obconic ; limb 4-6-divided, persistent. Corolla with a villons throat; lobes 4-5, valvate. Staimens 4-5. Ovary 2-celled; style filiform with two short arms; ovules 1, erect, basal in each cell. Drupe with 1-2, crustaceous pyrenes.
S. indicum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 112 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 192. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Common on the southern gháts of North Kínara. Frait bright blue, footid. Seed solitary. Fl. C.S. Fr ripe March.

HAMILTONIA, Rosb.
Shrubs. Leaves petioled, many-nerved. Flowers in large trichotomons panicles. Calyx-tube ovoid, limb 5-divided. Corolla fumelshaped; tube long, lobes 5, valvate. Stamens 5, inserted in tho throat of the corolla. Ovary 5 -celled and furrowed. Capsule 1celled, 5 -seeded. Seeds triquetrous, outer coat of testa reticulate. Cotyledous foliaceous, cordate.
H. suaveolens, Roab. Hort. Beng. 15 ; F1. Ind. 1. 554; Fl. Br. I. 3. 197 ; Brandis For. Fl. 278 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 134-12. H. mysorensis, Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 115. Gutesn, Vern. On the higher gháts of the Konkan, also in North Kánara on the highest hills of the Supa táluka. Fl. Oct., Feb.

## Order 50. COMPOSIT 届.

Herbs or shrubs, rarely trees. Leaves alternate or opposite. Stipules 0. Inflorescence capitate, bracteato, on the receptacle which is either naked or with hairs, scales or bristles between the flowers. Flowers all tubular (head discoid), or the onter or all ligulate (head rayed), all 2 -sexual, or the inner 2 -sexual or male, the outer fomale or neuter, sometimes diocious. Calyx superior ; limb 0, or of hairs (pappus) or scales. Corolla of two forms: 1 st, tubular or campanulate, 4-5-lobed, lobes valvate; 2ndly, ligulate, lobes elongate and connate. Disc epigynous. Stamens 4-5, filaments usually free: authers connate ; connective produced; cells simple or tailed at the base. Ovary 1-celled; style slender 2-fid; ovule solitary, basal, erect. Fruit a dry achene usually crowned with the calyx (pappas) ; albumen 0 .

## VERNONIA, Schreb.

Herbs, shrubs, climbers or small trees. Leaves alternate. Heads homoganous, solitary, cymose or pavicled. Involucre equalling or shorter than the flowers; bracts in many series. Corollas equal, tubular, slender. Anther bases obtuse. Style-arms subulate. Achones usually ribbed or angled; pappus of many hairs, often with an outer row of flattened shorter hairs.
V. arborea, Ham. in Trans. Linn. Soc. Fl. Br. I. 3. 239. V. javanica DC. ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 135. On the gháts from the Konkan southwards. Fl. Br. I. I have not seen this tree in the North Kánara or Konkan forests; it is cultivated io gardens near Bombay. Graham. V. diveryens, Benth. (bundar, M.) and V. indica, C.B.C., are common undershrubs in the Konkan and North Kánara moist forests. Fl. Fr. C.S.

## Order 51. GOODENOVIE出.

Shrubs or herbs. Leaves alternate; stipules 0 . Flowers axillary or terminal, racemed or panicled, irregular or regular. Calys-tubo
aduate to the ovary ；limb 5 －fid or nearly obsolete．Corolla－lobes 5， valvate in bud．Stamens 5 ；anthers free or connate in a ring round the style．Ovary 1－2－celled．Style simple，with a cup－shaped indusium；including the stigma．Ovules in each cell one or many， on the dissepiment．Fruit a drupe or capsule．Seeds albuminous．

SC压VOLA，Linn．
Shrubs．Leaves entire or toothed．Flowers axillary，in short cymes or solitary．Corolla oblique，split at the base behiud．An－ thers free．Ovary l－2－celled，with two erect orules．Fruita drupe．

> Calyx-lobes linear-lanceolate, enlarged in fruit $\quad$... S. Koenigii. Calys-lobes very short, obtuse or subobsolete . .. S. Lobelia.

S．Koenigii，Vahl．Symb．III． 36 ；Fl Br．I． 3.421 ；S．Taccada，Dalz： \＆Gibs：Bomb．Fl 134：Bhadrak，M．On the sea－coast of the Konkan near Ratnágiri，cultivated in gardens，Bombay．

S．Lobelia，Linn．；Fl．Br．I．3．421．S．wvifera，Stocks．Wight Ic．． 1613．Sea－coast of Sind and South Deccan．F1．Br．1．Mouths of the： Indus near Karáchi．

## Order 52．MYRSINE届．

Trees or shrubs．Leaves alternate，entire or serrate．Flowers small，regular，in axillary clusters，racemes or panicles，rarely termi－ nal．Calyx free（in Masa adnate to the ovary）；limb 4－6－lobed， lobes persistent，often eularged in fruit．Corolla regular，tube short or 0 ，lobes 3－7，contorted or imbricate．Stamens epipetalous， as many as divisions of the corolla and opposite to them．Ovary 1－celled ；ovules few or many，inserted on the free central placenta： Fruit an indehiscent berry or chrupe（dehiscent in Egiceras），1－ several seeded．Seeds often with more than one embryo ；albumen． pitted or ruminate．

> Calyx adnate to ovary，2－bracteolate．Berry many seeded：Mesa． Calyx free．Fruit 1 －seeded，indehiscent．
> l＇etals free．Flowers racemed or panicled ．．．．．．．．．Embelia．
> Corolla with a short tube；limb deeply lobed．
> Flowers in dense axillary fascicles．C＇orolla imbricate ．．．Mrhsine．
> Flowers in umbels，corymbs or panicles．Corolla lobes contorted in bud ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Ardisia．
> Fruit cylindric，curved，dehiscing longitudinally ．．．．．．Egiceras．

M压SA，Forsk．
Trees or shrubs．Leaves entire or serrate．Flowers small， 2 －bracteolate， 1 －2－sexual， 4 －5－merous．Calyx $\frac{1}{2}$－inferior，in fruit $\frac{1}{2}$－adnate；teeth small．Corolla campanulate；lobes imbricate． Stamens 5．Ovary with numerous orules on a globose placentar． Berry globose．

Leaves and branchlets glabrous ．．．．．．．．．．．．M．indica．
Leaves and branchlets rusty tomentose ．．．．．．．．．MI，dubia．
M. indica, Roxb. Fi. Ind. 1. 558 (Brobotrys) ; Fl. Br: T. 3. 509 ; Dalz. \& (iibs. Bomb. Fl. 136 ; Brandis For. Fl. 283 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 137. Atki, Vern. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara along the ghats, abundant in the evergreen ferests of the Sirsi and Siddápur tálukas of North Kánara. Fl. at different timos throughout the year.
M. dubia. Wall. in Roxb. Fl. Tnd. ed. Carey \& Wall. II. 235; M1. intica, var., Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 137, t. XVIII. 4, fig. 1 only. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fi. C.S. Fr. ripe Mch. Apl.

## MYRSINE, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves coriaceous. Flowers polygamous, in dense clusters, from the axils of tho fallen leaves. Calyx 4-5-lobed. Corolla deeply 4 -5-lobed. Stamens 4-5. Ovary free, globose. Fruit small, globose, red or purple. Seed solitary, albumen pitted.
M. capitellata, Wall. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \& Wall. II. 295; Fl. Br. I. 3. 512 ; Brandis For. Fl. 286 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 234. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara from Ainshi southwards, not common. Fl. Oct.. Nov. Fr., Feb., Mch.

## EMBELIA, Burm.

Shrubs or woody climbers. Leaves entire or toothed, petiole often glandular. Flowers small, in simple or branched racemes. Calyx free, deeply 5 -lobed Peials usually 5 , distinct, spreading. Stamens 5, filaments more or less adnate to the petals. Ovary superior. Fruit small, globose, 1-2-seeded, albumen pitted.

> Inflorescence in terminal panicles. Lateral nerves of the leaves indistinct ... ... ... ... E. Ribes. InHorescence in axillary racemes. Lateral nerves distinct ... ... ... ... ... ... E. robusta.
E. Rib es, Burm. Fl. Ind. 62. t. 23 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 513; Dalz. \& Gibs.. Bomb. Fl. 137 ; Brandis For. Fl. 284 E. glandulifera, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 137. Waiwarung, kárkamie, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara; it is rare in the latter district and only found by me in the evergreen forests, near the Falls of Gairsoppab. Fl. C.S. Fr. May. Scandent.
E. robusta, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 587 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 515; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 137 ; Brandis For. Fl. 284 ; E. Basaal, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 136. Kokla, carbuti, M.; byebering, Vern.; ambati, M. Throughout the presidency, common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; in the latter district it has often a scandent habit. Fl. Fr. Apl., June.

ARDISIA, swartz.
Shrubs or small trees. Leaves coriaceous. Flowers small, hermaphrodite, in compound or simple umbels or racemes. Calys 4-5-lobed. Corolla deeply 4-5-lobed. Stamens 4-5. Ovary free, globose. Fruit globose. Seed solitary, albumen pitted.
A. humilis, Vahl. Symb. 1II. 40 ; Fl. Br. I. III. 529 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 137; Brandis For Fl. 287. Dikna, Vern. In the evergreen forests, throughout the Konkan and North Kanara, usually along the banks of nálás and streams, common. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. ripe Aug. There is a variety of $A$. humilis, a shrnb with crenate, pellucid-punctate leaves and small, white flowers in simple umbels, common near Kárwár in North Kánara. This was declared to be "exactly like A. polyceplala, Wall., in IIb. Wight," at Kew. Fl. July, Aug. Fruit ripe Jany.

## ※GICERAS, Gærtn.

A shrub or small tree. Leaves coriaceous, 1-nerved. Fiowers in sessile umbels. Flowers hermaphrodite, white. Calyx-lobes 5, imbricate. Corolla segments 5, acute, twisted to the right in bud. Stamens 5. Filaments hairy at the base. Ovary oblong, ovules many. Fruit cylindric, curved 1 -seeded, dehiscent.

厈. majus, Gærtn. Fruct. 1. 216, t. 46, fig. 1; Fl. Br. I. 3. 533; Dalz \& Gibs. Bumb. Fl. 137 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 139. Kanjala, M. Common near the sea-coast on marshy ground and along creeks. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.

## Order 53. SAPOTACE压.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple. Stipules 0. Flowers axillary, solitary or clustered. Bracts small or 0. Calyx-lobes 4-8, 2-3-seriate, the outer series valvate, when 4, decussate, imbricate, when 5; 2-3 exterior, imbricate. Corolla-lobes as many or twice as many as calyx-segments, imbricate in bud. Stameus on the corolla-tube as many as the corolla-lobes and opposite to them or 2-3-times as many, 1-3-seriate, filaments short, connective often produced, staminodes when present, alternating with the stamens. Ovary superior, 2-S-celled, cells 1-ovuled; ovale usually attached to the inner angle. Fruit a drupe or berry, usually indehiscent, 1-8-seeded. Seeds ellipsoid, testa bony or crustaceous. Albumen fleshy, or oily, or 0 .

| Calyx-lobes in one series, imbricated. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Staminodes 0. ... ... ... ... ... Chrysopiryludi. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Staminodes present ... ... ... ... ... Sideroxilor |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calyx-lobes 2 -seriate, with the outer series valvate. Calyx-segments 4. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stamens 8 ... ... ... ... ... ... Inonandra. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stamens 12-40. Corolla deeply lobed ... ... Bassia.Calyx-segments 6 - 8 . |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Staminodes 0. ... | .. | ... | ... | ... | Drc |
| Staminodes present ... | .. |  | ... |  | Mimusors. |

## CHRYSOPHYLLUM, Linn.

Trees. Leaves coriaceous, exstipulate. Flowers in axillary fascicles. Calyx-lobes 5-6, entire, imbricate. Corolla-lobes 5-6, Stamens 5-6; staminodes 0. Ovary 5-6-celled, villous. Berryfleshy globose. Seeds 5-6.
C. Roxburghii, G. Don Gen. Syst. IV. 33 ; Fl. Rr. I. 3. 535; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 139; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 236. ILale, K. ; tursiphul, dongrimaphul, Vern. Star apple. In the evergreen forests of the Koukan aud North Kánara, common. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. Nov., Dec.

SIDEROXYLON, Linn.
Trees. Leaves alternate, exstipulate. Flowers small, in axillary fascicles, shortly pedicelled; pedicels pubescent or tomentose. Calyx-segments 5. Corolla-tube campanulate, lobes 5. Stamens 5, staminodes 5, lanceolate. Ovary villous, usually 5-celled ; style cylindric. Berry 1-5-seeded. Seeds albuminous.
S. tomentosum, Roxh. Fl. Ind. I. 602. Fl. Br. 1.3.538. Sapota tomentosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. B omb. Fl. 139 ; Achras elengoicles, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 235. Kumpoli, K.; kumbul, kantakumla, Vern. Common on the evergreen forests of the North Kánara and Konkan gháts. F1. C. S. Fr. Oct., Jany.

## ISONANDRA, Wight.

Trees. Leaves alternate, coriaceous, glabrous. Flowers small, rillons, in axillary clusters, shortly pedicelled. Calyx-segments 4. Corolla deeply 4-lobed, longer than calyx. Stamens 8, all perfect. stamincles 0 . Ovary villous, 4-celled ; style linear. Berry 1-seeded, flattened, smooth; albumen fleshy.
I. Stocksii, Clarke ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 539. Konkan, Stocks.

DICHOPSIS, Thw.
Trees; shoots rusty-tomentose. Leeaves petioled, coriaccous, Flowers fascicled, axillary. Calyx-lobes 6, 2 -seriate, outer 3, valvate inner 3 , imbricate. Corolla-lobes 6 . Stamens 12-18, 1 -seriate or the alteruate a little higher up; anthers lanceolate, connective produced, acute or bifid; staminodes 0 . Ovary villous, usually 6 -celled. Berry 1-2-seeded. Seed exalbuminous.
D. elliptica, Benth. in Gen. Plant. II. 658 ; Fl Br. I. 3.542 ; Bassic ellipticat, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 139 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 43. Iudian gntta-percha tree. Punchoti, palla, M. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara, Fl. I. S.

BASSIA, Linn.
Trees. Leaves coriaceous; stipules caducous. Flowers on axillary, generaily fasciculate pedicels. Calyx deeply 4 -lobed, lobes biseriate, outer subvalvate, inner subimbricate in bud. Corolla-tube fleshy or not; limb of 5-14 divisions. Stamens numerous, fertile, in 1-3 series ; anthers erect, cordate, cuspidate or aristate, 2 -celled. Orary villons, 4-12-celled. Berry globose or ellipsoid, 1-3-seeded ; albumen 0 .

```
Leaves elliptic. Anthers 20-30, 3 -seriate, hairy
    acuminate... ... ... ... ... ... ... B. latifulia.
Leaves lanceolate. Anthers 16, 2-seriate; tips 3-
    toothed. Young fruit densely hirsute ... ... B. longifolia.
Leares oblong-obtuse. Stamens 16, 2-seriate; connec-
    tive lanceolate-linear. Young fruit glabrons ... B. malaburica.
```

B. latifolia, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 526 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 544 ; Brandis For Fl. 289 ; Bedd. Hl. Sylv. t. 41 ; Dalz, \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 139. Mohwa, M. ; ippi, K. Common in the dry forests throughout the presidency. also in the Konkan and North Kinala forests, but nowhere abundent in them. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. June, July.
B. longifolia, Linn. Mant. 563 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 544; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 139 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t.e 42 ; Brandis For. Fl. 290. Ippi, K. ; moha, M. Common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; often along the banks of rivers and nálás; takes the place of $B$. latifolia in the moist forests of the southern parts of the presidencyFl. Nov. Dec. Fr. ripe May June.
B. malabarica, Bedd. Fl. Sylv.. 140 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 544. Common in the southern parts of North Knáara along the banks of rivers and in moist forests at or near the sea-level. Fl. Nov.-Dec. Fr. ripe May. June.

## MIMUSOPS, Linn.

Trees. Leaves coriaceous; nervures numerous, parallel. Flowers axillary, clustered or solitary. Calyx-segments 6-10, in 2 series, Corolla-tube short; lobes 18-24, 2-3-seriate. Stamens 6-S; connective excurrent; staminodes as many as the stamens, bifid or lacinate. Ovary 6-S-celled. Seeds compressed, albuminous.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Stamens 8, staminodes, lanceolate, hairy } \\
& \text { Stamens 6, staminodes bifid, glabrous ... ... M. Llcngi. } \\
& \text {... ... M. hexaudra. }
\end{aligned}
$$

MI. Elengi, Linn. ; Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 236 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.548 ; Dalz.. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 140 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 40. Brandis For. Fl. 293. Buckhul, K. ; ouli, wovali, M. Common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara, also in the Konkan, a very large tree. Fl. Jan.-Mch. Fr. ripe R.S.
M. hexandra, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 238 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 140; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 142; M. indica, Brandis For. Fl. 291. Khimi, H.; vanjana, raini, M. In the dry forests of the Deccan, Khándesh and Gujárát, not observed by me in North Kánara or the Konkan. Fl. Nov.Dec. Fr. ripe March.

## Order 54. EBENACE出.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entixe. Flowers usually dicecions, regular, axillary; pedicels articulated ander the flower. Calyx inferior, gamosepalous, often accrescent in fruit. Corolla gamopetalous. Stamens as many or 2-3-times as many as the corolla-lobes; staminodes in the female flower resembling stamens or 0 . Ovary superior; styles $2-8$; cells as many or twice as many as the styles, imperfectly septate; ovules usually 1 in each cell; attached to the inner angle of the cells, pendulous. Fruit coriaceous or fleshy, indehiscent, sereral or few seeded. Seeds pendulous, longitudinally furrowed, albumen equable or ruminated.

[^5]MABA, J. R. \& G. Forst.

'I'rees or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers diœcious, axillary Callyx 3 -partite or 3 -fid, eularged in fruit. Corolla-tube longer than calyx, lobes 3 , twisted to the right. Male fl.: stamens $3-22$; filaments distinct or united; ovary rudimentary. Female fl: staminodes $0-12$; ovary 3 -celled; ovules 6 . Fruit 1-6-celled, 1-6-seeded. Albumen not ruminated.

| ary densely hairy | ... |  | ... | ... |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ovary glabrous | ... | ... | ... | ... |  | a, |

M. nigrescens, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 142; FI. Br. I. 3. 551. Rakitarohida, ralktarora, M. In the evergreen forests of the Kon an and North Kánara, common on the North Kánara gháts near Nilkund and Gairsoppah. Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. Apl.-May.
M. micrantha, Hiern. in Trans. Camb. Phil. Soc. XII. 133 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 552 ; Holochilus micranthus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 142 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 147. On the southern gháts. Fl. Feb., Mch. Dalz.

## DIOSPYROS, L.

Trees. Leaves entire, alteruate. Flowers diœcious, axillary, usually 4 - 5 -merous. Calyx lobed, lobes often accrescent in fruit. Corolla tubular or urceolate, lobed, lobes twisted to the right. Malo fl. : stamens $4-64$ often 16; ovary rudimentary. Female f. : staminodes 0 -16; ovary $4-5$-celled, cells 1 -ovuled; stigmas 1-4. Fruit 1-10-seeded. Albumen equable or ruminated.

Corolla tubular in bud.
Corolla yellow, fulvous-tomentose without. Stamens 16. Fruit clothed with stinging hairs.
Albumen equable... .... ... ... ... ...D. pruriens.
Corolla glabrous without.
stamens $24-32$; filaments glabrous ... ... ...D. assimilis.
Corolla white-tomentose without. Stamens 9-12. Calyx truncate. Albumen equable ... ... ...D. oocarpa.
Corolla yellow-woolly without. Calyx triangulartoothed or lobod. Stamens 12. Albumen ruminated ... ... ... ... ... ...
Corolla yellow-lanate without. Calyx ovate-toothed. Stamens 12-16 Albumen ruminated ...
Corolla yellow-tomentose without. Male flowers fascicled; calyx deeply lobed. Albumen ruminated
… ... ... ...
Corolla black-velvetty without. Calyx-lobes foliaceous, auricled in fruit. Stamens 20. Albumen equable ... ... ... ... ... ... ...D. paniculata.
Corolla urceolate.
Tree often spinous. Corolla glabrous without. Stamens 16, glabrous. Albumen equable ... ...D. montana.
Corolla-lobes tomentose without. Stamens 16, pilose. Albumen equable ... ... ... ....D. Kaki.
Corolla nearly glabrous without. Stamens 40, pilose. Albumen equable... ... ... ... ...D. Embryopteris.
Corolla glabrate without. Stamens 13-22, glab. rous or sparsely pilose. Albumen ruminated ... ...D. sylvatica.
в $144-16$

Corolla very small, lobes pilose near the margin. Stamens 16. Albumen equable ... ... ... ...D. microphylla.
Corolla glabrous without. Stamens 16, glabrous. Fruit small, globose. Albumen uniform ... ...D. Chloroxylon.
D. pruriens, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. IV. 110 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 553 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomab. Fl. 141; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 144. In the evergreen forests of the southern gháts of North Kánara, common. Fl. Nov., Jan. Fr. R. S.
D. montana, Roxb. F1. Ind. II. 558; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 142. Brandis For. Fl. $29 t$; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 143 ; D. cordifolia, Bedd. Fl. Sy]v. 143 ; D. Goindu, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 141. T'endu, K.; tembhurni. govindu, lohari, M.; hadru, Vern. Throughoat the deciduous forests of the presidency, common on the North Kánara gháts. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. ripe R. S. Calyx 4-lobed enlarged, foliaceous in fruit.
D. Kaki, Linn. f. Suppl. 434 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 555 ; Grab. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 107. Cultivated near Bombay. Fruit yellow, globose, edible.
D. Embryopteris, Pers. Syn. II. 624 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 556 ; Brandis For. Fl. 298 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 69. Timburi, M. Near creeks and backwaters along the coast of North Kánara and the Konkan, also in the evergreen forests of the gháts. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. Dec. Fruit glohose, with deciduous, rusty tomentum seeds 8 , in viscid pulp. Calys-lobes large accrescent.
D. assimilis, Bedd. in Mad. For. Rep. 1866-67, 20, t. 1; FI. Br. I. 3. 558; D. migrinans, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 141. Kare, K. ; abnus, malia, M. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Feb., Mch. This tree yields the ebony used for wood carving in Kumta and Honávar.
D. sylvatica, Roxb. Fl. Ind. IL. 537 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 559 ; Bedd. Fl , Sylv. 143. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Káara. common in the forests near Yellápur. Fl. Jany., Feb. Fr. ripe Sept., Oct. Fruit globose $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter. Fruiting calyx with 4 spreading lobes, small tree.
D. microphylla, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 145 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 559. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara; common on the Yellápur gháts. Large white barked tree. Leaves resembling those of the boswood, wood white infirm. Fl. H. S. Fr. C. S.
D. Chloroxylon, Roxb̄. Fl. Ind. II. 538 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 560 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 140 ; Brandis For. Fl. 297 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 143. Nensi, Vern (Surat, Násik).; ninai, M. In the dry deciduous forests of the Deccan, not observed in the Konkan or North Kánara. El. June. Fr. Jan.-Feb. Fruit small, globose, $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter, a small tree sometimes spinescent.
D. oocarpa, Thwaites Enum. 180 ; F. Br. I. 3. 560. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara and Konkan; common on the gháts from Kárwár to Ainshi. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. ripe June. Calyx-tube nearly truncato.
D. Tupru, Buch.-Ham. Jour. 1. 183 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 513 ; D. exsculpta, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 142 (syn.excl.) Tartar, M. From the Konkan to Mysore. Fl. Br. I.
D. melanoxylon, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 530 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 564 ; Brandis For. Fl. 294 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 67 ; D. exsculpta, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 66, not of Ham. Balai, K. ; timburni, tendu, M. ; temru, Vern. Common in the dry deciduous forests of the presidency. Fl. May. Fr. ripe De. cember. Fruit when quite ripe with an edible pulp. This is no doubt D. exsculpta, Ham., described in Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 142. I have, however, included D. Tupra, Buch.-Ham., of which D. exsculptr, Ham., is made a synonym, by Clarke, in this list, and which I am unacquainted with if different from D. melanoxylon. Roxb. Brandis unites D. Tupru, Buchanan, D. exsculpta, Ham., and D. melanoxylon. Roxb. Vide For. Flora p. 29\%.
D. Candolleana, Wight Ic. tt. 1221-2 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 566 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 132 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 144 ; D. Canarica, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 145. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, in evergreen forests; common near the coast at Kárwár. Fl. Apl., June. Fruit ripe Nov. with calyx-lobes reflexed, coriaceous.
D. paniculata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 141 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.570 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 144. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, frequent in the forests near the Nilkund and Gairsoppah gháts. Fl. Nov.Dec. Fr. Apl.-June. Seeds ovoid; albumen equable, horny: cotyledons foliaceous. A large tree.

## Order 55. STYRACEAT.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate. Flowers hermaphrodite, regular. Calyx-tube superior or inferior; limb 4-5-toothed or truncate, persistent. Petals 4-5, free or united into a short tube. Stamens attached to the corolla-tube, $8-10$ or many. Ovary inferior or superior, 2-5-celled with two or more ovules in each cell, pendulous or erect. Fruit drupaceous, usually 1-seeded. Seeds albuminous; embryo straight or curved.

## SYMPLOCOS, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, toothed or entire ; often drying yellow. Flowers in simple or compound racemes or spikes, usually yellow or white. Calyx 5-lobed, lobes imbricate. Petals 5, imbricate free or connate. Stamens numerous in several series adnate to the corolla-tube. Uvary inferior 2-4-celled; ovules 2 in each cell, pendulous. Fruit a berry, crowned with the calyx-lobes, 1-3-seeded, seeds albuminous.
Fruit urceolate, seeds fluted. Embryo curved
Fruit ovoid, smooth, slightly curved. Envryo straight...S. s. Bedicata.
S. spicata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 541 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 573 ; Brandis For. Fl. 300; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 149; Hopea spicata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl.
140. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gbats; common. Fl. Aug.-Dec. Fr. Mch.-Apl. Corolla and attached stamens caducous possess a sweet scent.
S. Beddomei, C. B. C. Fl. Br. I. 3. 582 ; Hopea racemosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 140. Lodhra, hura, M. Along the borders of evergreen forests and in moist places near nálás, throughout the Konkan and Nortb Kánara. Fl. and Fr. at different times throughout the year.

## Order 56. OLEACEÆ.

Erect or scandent shrubs or trees. Leave sopposite, trifoliate, pinnate or simple. Inflorescence in terminal or cymose panicles. Flowers regular. Calyx free, limb 4-5-toothed; lobed or truncate. Corolla gamopetalous, 4-5, or more lobed. Stamens 2, inserted on the corolla, alternating with the carpels; filaments usually short. Ovary free, 2-celled; stigma simple or 2-lobed; ovules 1-2 (rarely 3-4) in each cell. Fruit succulent or dry. Seeds solitary or 2 in each cell, albumen fleshy, horny or 0 .

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| scandent shrubs; fruit a berry |  |  |  |  |  |
| Erect tree. Fruit a 2-partite capsule |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tree. Fruita woody, loculicidally 2 -valved capsule.. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corolla-lobes valvate or petals distinct in pairs or 0 , Inflorescence axillary. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Petals 4, in distinct pairs |  |  |  |  | Linooilira. |
| Corolla tubular or 0 . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panicles terminal |  |  |  |  | Sthu |

## JASMINUM, L.

Shrubs usually scandent. Leaves simple, 3 -foliate or unequally pinnate; petiole usually articulated. Inflorescence cymose ; flowers bracteate. Calyx 4-9-fid, tube funnel-shaped, teeth linear long or short. Corolla-tube narrow, lobes 4-10, spreading. Stamens 2 , included, filaments short, anther oblong, connective usually shortly produced. Ovary 2-celled; style cylindric, stigmas linear, ovules 2 in each cell, basal. Berry 2-lobed, or entire by the failure of 1 carpel. Seed usually 1 in each lobe, exalbuminous.

Leaves simple, ovate.
Calyx pubescent. Bracts small.
Erect or subscandent shrub, Cymes lax, few flowered... J. Sambac.
\&icandent hairy shrub. Uymes dense ... ... ... J. pubescens.
Bracts leafy, white .... ... ... ... ... ... J. Rottlerianum.
Leaves mostly subcordate, broad at the base.
Scandent shrub. Calyx-teeth acute, hairy, reflexed ... J. malabarioum.
Erect or scandent shrub or tree. Calyx-teeth linear,
subclavate ... ... ... ... ... ... ... J. arborescens.
Hairy, scandent shrub. Calyx-teeth minute ... .... J. Roxburghianum.
Calyx glabrous, ribbed ... ... ... ... ... J. Ritchiei.
Leaves compound, opposite.
Leaves simple or trifoliate, lateral leaflets very small ... J. auriculatum.
Leaves trifoliate, lateral leaflets large ... ... ... J. flexile,
E.aver alternate, trifoliate or pinnate ....
J. Sambac, Ait. Hort. Kew 1.8 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.591 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 137 ; Brandis For. Fl. 311. Mugrı, bhut-mogra, M. Throughout the presidency, wild or cultivated, often in waste places near villages. in North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. throughout the year.
J. arborescens, Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \& Wall. 1. 94 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 594 ; Brandis For. Fl. 311 ; Var. latifolit, Roxb. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 311. Kundi, M.; ran jai, kusur, jungly chumbeli, Vern. Throughout the presidency, very common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. May, June. A scandent shrub with linear, pubescent, divaricated calyx-teeth.
J. Roxburghianum, Wall. Cat. 2870 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 595. In the deciduous forests of Nortb Kínara near Sambrani, Haliyál taluka. El, Fr. H.S. Probably only a villous variety of $J$. arborescens, Roxb.
J. Ritchiei, Clarke Fl. Br. I. 598. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, common on the gháts, from Ainshi southwards. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Dec., Jan. Calyx-teeth short. Fruitcarpels accurately spherical on slender pedicels, thickened at the apex.
J. pubescens, Willd. Sp. Pl. I. 37 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.592 ; Dalz. \& Gibs Bom. Fl. 138; J. hirsutum, Brandis For. Fl. 312 ; J. bracteatum, Wgt.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 138. Kunda, Vern. Throughout the presidency ; in the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. Dee., Feb. Branchlets and calyx-teeth densely hairy.
J. Rottlerianum, Wall. Cat. 2865 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 593 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 138. Common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. Jan., Mcb. Fr. June, Aug. The terminal flower heads have characteristic white prominent bracts.
J. malabaricum, Wgt. Ic. t. 1250 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 594. On the ghats from the Konkan southwards. Calyx-teeth acute, hairy, reflexed.
J. auriculatum, Vahl. Symb. III. 1; Fl. Br. I. 3. 600. J. afine and ovalifolium, Wgt. Ic. tt. 1255, 1256. Jai, Vern. Tbroughout the dry forests of the presidency, often in hedges, absent from the Konkan and North Kínara, usually scandent, sometimes a bush. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Dec., Feb. Lateral leaflets very small, when present.
J. humile, Linn.; DC. Prod. VIII. 313 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 602 ; J. revolutum, Brandis For. Fl. 313. Commonly cultisated in gardens.
J. flexile, Vahl. Symb. III. 1; Fl. Br. I. 3. 601. In the erergreen forests of the southern gháts of North Kánara, common. Fl. Nov., Jany. A scandent trifoliate shrub, calyx-tube nearly truncate.

## NYCTANTHES, Linn.

A swall tree. Leaves opposite, scabrous. Flowers bracteate, in fascicles of three. Calyx sub-truncate, teeth inconspicuous. Corolla-tube clyindrical, orange ; limb of 5-8-lobes, white. Anthers 2. Ovary 2-celled ; ovule 1 in each cell, erect. Capsule flat, splitting into 2 subdiscoid carpels.
N. Arbor-tristis, Linn.; Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 86 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 603 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylr. t. 240 ; Brandis Hor. Fl. 314 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 51. Sephali, Sans.; luursing, K.; purijtak, M.; har, singahar, shiuli, Veru. The Arabian jasminc. Cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency, indigenous in Assam and Northern India. Fl. throughout the year.

## SCHREBERA, Roxb.

A tree. Leaves imparipinnate; leaflets 3-4-pairs. Flowers in terminal cymes. Calyx 4-7-lobed. Corolla hypocrateriform; limb $5-7$-lobed, lobes patent. Stamens 2. Ovary 2-celled, 4 ovules in each cell, pendulous from its apex. Fruit a pear-shaped, 2-valved capsule, thick, woody, loculicidally dehiscent. Seeds pendulous, winged, albumen 0 .
S. swietenioides, Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \& Wall. 109 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 604 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 248 ; Brandis For. Fl. 305 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 138. Moka, mokari, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, common in North Kánara. Nl. Apl.-May. Fr. ripe next cold season.

## LINOCIERA, Swartz.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves opposite, entire. Flowers often in small axillary or terminal fasicles. Calyx small, 4-fid. Petals 4, often cohering in pairs. Stamens 2. Ovary 2-celled; ovules 2 in each cell, pendulous from its apex. Fruit an ellipsoid drupe, usually 1 -seeded.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Seeds albuminous. Petals } \frac{1}{\text { inch }} \text {... ... } \\
& \text { Seeds exalbuminous. Petals } \frac{1}{6} \text { inch ... ... } \\
& \text {... } \\
& \text {... } \\
& \text {... } \\
& \text { L. intermedabarica. }
\end{aligned}
$$

L. malabarica, Wall. Cat. 2828 ; Fl. Br.I. 3. 607; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 159 ; Chicnanthus malabarica, Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 239. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Nov.-Jan. Fr. Feb.-Mch. Flowers have the odour of ripe apples in the early morning.
L. intermedia Wgt. Ic. t. 1245 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 609 ; Var. Roxburghii, Olea Roxburghiana Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 159 ; Chionanthus intermedia Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 237. Common on the Konkan gháts. Fl. H.S.

## OLEA, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire or toothed. Flowers in axillary or terminal panicles, often diœcious. Calyx 4 -toothed or lobed. Corolla-tube short, lobes 4 or 0 . Stamens 2. Ovary 2 -celled; ovules 2 in each cell. Drupe ellipsoid or globose, 1 -seeded.
O. dioica, Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \& Wall. 1. 105 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 612 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 159; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 154. Indian olive. Parr jamb, karamba, Vern. In the evergreen ghat forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, common. Fl. Feb.-Apl. Fr. R.S. Flowers dicecious.

## LIGUSTRUM, Linn.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves opposite, ontire. Flowers bisexual, in terminal trichotomous panicles. Calyx small, 4-toothed. Corolla 4-lobed. Osary 2-celled with 2 ovules in each cell. Fruit a berry. Seeds 4, albuminous.
L. neilgherrense, Wgt. Ic. t. 1243 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 615 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 159. L. robustum, Bedd. Fl. Slyv. 153. Kungin, M. On the higher ghats of the Konkan and North Kánara, common in the moist forests near the Tinai ghát. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. ripe January.

## Order 57. SALVADORACE 不.

Trees or shrubs, unarmed or spinous. Leaves opposite, entire. Flowers clustered or panicled, diœcious or polygamo-dimorphic. Calyx tree, 3-5-fid. Curolla shortly campanulate or petals free, 4 -merous, imbricate in bud. Stamens 4, filaments free or connate into a tube. Ovary free, 1-2 or imperfectly 4 -celled; style short, stigma 2 -fid or subentire; ovules 1-2 in each cell, erect from the base. Berry or drupe mostly 1 -seeded; seed erect, exalbuminous.

Petals free. Stamens monadelphous. Ovary 1-celled, 1 -ovuled ... ... ... ... $\ldots$... $\quad$... 1-celled, 1-ovuled .... ... .... ... Salvadora. Petals free. Stamens free, Ovary 2 (or falsely 4 -celled.) Azrma.

DOBERA, Juss.
A glabrons tree. Leaves elliptic-acute, coriaceous. Flowers polygamo-diœcious, clustered on the branches of an axillary inflorescence, trichotomous in the male flowers, subsessile in the female. Calyx 3-5-toothed. Petals 4-5, free, imbricate. Stamens 4-5, filaments connate in to a tube. Scales $4-5$ outside the staminal-tube, alternate with the stamens. Orary 1-celled, orule solitary, erect. Fruit subglobose.
D. Roxburghii, Planch. in Ann. Sc. Nat. 3, X. 191. Fl. Br. I. 3. 619 ; Blackburnia monadelpha, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 415. A native of the mountains of the Circars, Koxb.; also found in Bombay. Fl. Br. I. I do not know this tree ; it is said to flower at the beginning of the hot season.

SALVADORA, Linn.
Shrubs or trees. Leaves opposite entire. Flowers hermaphrodite or (mostly) functionally unisexual, in terminal or axillary panicles; bracts minute. Calyx 4-lobed, lobes imbricate. Corolla 4-lobed. Stamens 4, alternating with the corolla-lobes. Ovary l-celled, ovule 1, erect, basal. Drupe globose, supported by the slightly enlarged calyx. Seed erect exalbuminous.

[^6]S. persica, Linn.; A. DC. Prod. XVII. 28 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 619 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 312 ; Brandis For. Fl. 315; S'. Wightiana, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 247. Mastard tree of Scripıure. Khabbar, pilu, Sind.; khákhin, M. In the dry districts of the presidency and Sind; in the Dhárwár district, often on the bunds of tanks and in open places near villages of the black soil country, also found near the coasts of Gujarát, the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Nov.-May. Fr. Jan., Jane, often on saline soils.
S. oleoides, Dcne. in Jacq. Voy. Bot. 140 t. 144; Fl. Br. I. 3. 620 ; Brandis For. Fl. 316. t. 39 ; S. Stocksii, Wgt. Ill. II. 229. Kabbar jhar, diar, Sind. In the dry deserts of Sind on arid and saline soils, often associated with S. persica. Fl. Mch.-April. Fr. June.

AZIMA, Lamk.
Spinous rambling shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire. Flowers diœcious, axillary; bracts 0 or leaflike; bracteoles linear, small. Calyx 2-4-divided. Petals 4, imbricate in bud. Stamens 4. Ovary 2 -celled; stigma large 2 -fid; ovales 2-1 in each cell, erect. Berry globose, 2-1-seeded. Seed globose, exalbuminous.
A. tetracantha, Lamk. Dict. I. 343 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 620 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 143. Common throughout the dry districts of the presidency ; often in hedges. Fl. Dec., Mch. Fr. H. S. Fruit white.

## Order 58. APOCYNACE $\mathrm{E}^{2}$.

Trees or shrubs, often climbing, rarely herbs, Leaves opposite or whorled, entire. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite. Calyx free, 5 -divided, often glandular at base. Corolla 5 -lobed, lobes spreading, often twisted-imbricate in bud, rarely valvate Stamens 5, on throat or mouth of corolla, filaments short, anthers conniviug in a cone round the stigma or free ; pollen granular. Disc annular or lobed or 0 . Ovary 1-celled with two parietal placentas or 2-celled with axile placentas or of two distinct or connate carpels. Ovules in each cell 2-many, rarely solitary. Fruit a drupe or berry or of two follicles opening along the inner edge. Seeds pendulous, rarely ascending or peltately attached, often winged or with a terminal coma of long silky hairs ; albumen present or 0 .

## Anthers free.

Ovary of two combined carpels. Seeds without a coma.
Carissa.
Ovary of two distinct carpels. Calyx eglandular. Fruit of 2, 1-seeded drupes

Rauwolpia.
Leaves alternate. Fruit of 1 carpel, fibrous woody ... Cerbera.
Fruit of two follicles.
Ovules 2 -seriate.
Seeds winged. Leaves alternate ... ... ... ... Rhazya.
Ovules many seriate.
Climber. Seeds winged. Leaves whorled... ... ... Ellertonia.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves whorled. Seeds with a coma, ciliate along the edges

Alstonia.

Trees or shrubs. Seeds with a coma at apex. Leaves opposite ... ... ... ... ... ... ...
Trees or shrubs. Fruit more or less fleshy, dehiscent. Seeds without a coma, immersed in pulp

Holarriens.
Tabernemoxtaxa
Anthers conniving in a cone round the stigma.
Fruit of two follicles. Seeds with a coma.
Anthers exserted.
Filaments twisted. Carpels connate in flower ... ... Parsonsia.
Filaments not twisted.
Climbers.-Corolla rotate, throat naked. Connective dorsally glandular ...

Vallaris.
Trees. Corolla salver-shaped, throat with fimbriato scales ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... Wriagta.
Anthers included.
Shrub. Corolla-lobes short. Leaves whorled ... ... Nerics.
Corolla large, lobes overlapping to the right.
Lofty climbers.
Corolla bell-shaped ... ... ... .. ... ... Beaumontia.
Corolla salver-sbaped ... ... ... ... ... Сhonemorpha.
Corolla small, lobes nearly straight. Seeds glabrous ... Aganosma.
Corolla small, lobes sharply twisted to the left, tips not deflected. Sceiks beaked, coma white

Anodendron.
Corolla-lobes twisted to left, tips deflected. Follicles slender... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... Ichnocarpess.

## CARISSA, L.

Shrubs or trees, armod with axillary spines. Leaves opposite, coriaceous. Flowers in peduncled trichotomous cymes. Calys 5partite. Corolla-tube cylindrical, lobes spreading. Stamens included. Ovary 2 -celled; ovules several in each cell; style filiform ; stigma minutely 2 -fid. Fruit a globose or ovoid berry. Seeds usually 2 , peltately attached to the septum; albumen Geshy.

Spines straight.
Leaves glabrous. Berry size of cherry ... ... ... ...C. Carandas.
Leaves small, densely and finely pubescent. Fruit size of a pea.
A small tree or spreading shrub ... ... ... ... ... C. spinarum. Spines decurved.
An erect shrub. Cymes puberulous ... ... ... ...C. macrophylla.
A climbing shrub. Cymes quite glabrous ... ... ... ...C. suavissima.
C. Carandas, Linn. ; A. DC. Prod. VIII. 332; Fl. Br. I. 3. 630 ; Brandis For. Fl. 320 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 143 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. $156 \cdot$ Karunda, corinda, carwand, hartundi, Vern. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Jan.-Apl. Fr. ripe May-June.
C. spinarum, A. DC. Prod. VIII. 332 ; Fl. Br. 1.3. 631 ; C. diffusa, Roxb. ; Brandis For. Fl. 321 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 157 ; C. hirsuta, Roth., Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 143. On the dry hills of the Deccan, common in the Dhárwár and Belgaum districts, on dry stony ground. Fl. D.S. Fr. Aug., Sept; sometimes a prostrate shrub. Fruit sweet to the taste, black when ripe.
C. macrophylla, Wall. Cat. 1679 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 631 ; C. lanceolata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 143; C. Dalzellii, Bedd. Fl. Sylf. 156. Common in the evergreen forests along the Konkan an North Kanara
gháts, abundant near the coast on the hills about Kárwár. Fl. Jany., Feb. ${ }^{\text {Fr. ripe June. }}$
C. suavissima, Bedd. MSS. Fl. Br. I. 3. 632. North Kánara and Konkan gbáts, in evergreen forests, a fine lofty climber. I am of opinion that this species is the same as $C$. macrophylla, and differs only in the glabrous cymes and climbing habit. Fl. and Fr. at the same times as c. maciophylla, Wall.

## RAUWOLFIA, Linn.

Glabrous shrubs. Leaves whorled, rarely opposite. Calyx 5divided. Corolla salver-shaped, tube inflated above the middle, pilose within. Stamens included in the inflated part of the corollatube. Dise large, cup-shaped or annular. Ovary 2-celled, ovules 2, collateral in each cell. Fruit a didymous drupe, usually 1 -seeded.

> A small shrub, corolla-tube slender ... $\ldots$...
> Large shrub. Corolla-tube broad, inflated at the top, ... ... R. serpentina.
> Peduncles erect or spreading in fruit ... ... ... ... ...R. densiffora
R. serpentina, Benth. in Gen. Plant. II. 695 ; El. Br. I. 3. 632 ; Ophioxylon serpentinum, Linn. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 143 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 156. Harki, M. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. May, Fr. June. An undershrub, drupes often didymous, endocarp rugose.
R. densiflora, Benth. in Gen. Pl. II. 697 ; Fl. Br. 1. 3. 633 ; $R$. decurva, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I.'3. 633 ; Ophioxylon neilgherrense, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 144 ; O. densiflorum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 156. In the moist forests of the gháts from the Konkan southwards, common in the forests of the Supa subdivision of North Kánara. R. decurva, Hook. f., is, in my opinion, only a variety of $R$, densifora, Benth. Fruiting specimens of both being exactly similar. The decurved, short peduncles seem, however, to be a constant character of the form decurra.

## CERBERA, Linn.

Tree. Leaves alternate. Flowers large, white or red, in terminal cymes. Calyx 5 -partite. Corolla funnel-shaped, tube short, throat ribbed or scaly; lobes broad. Stamens inserted at the middle of the tube. Ovaries 2, distinct, style filiform, stigma 2-lohed; ovules 4 in each ovary or carpel. Fruit an ellipsoid drupe with a woody fibrous mesocarp. Seeds broad, compressed.
C. Odollam, Gærtn. Fruct. II. 193, t. 124 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 638 ; Brandis For. Fl. 322 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 157. Sukanu, M. Salt swamps of the South Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. at different times throughout the year.

RHAZYA, Dene.
Shrubs. Leaves alternate, thick, glabrous. Flowers in large terminal or axilłary cymes. Calyx short, 5-divided. Corolla-tube
long, throat constricted, lairy ; lobes 5, overlapping to the left Stamens included. Disc obscure. Carpels 2, distinct ; ovules many. Follicles 2, erect, slender. Seeds winged at both extremities; albumen ruminate.
R. stricta, Decuisne in Ann. Nat. Sc. Ser. 2 IV. 81 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 610 ; Brandis For. Fl. 322. Sewar, sihar, ishawarg, Sind. On the dry plains of Sind and Affghanistan. F1. April.

## PLUMERIA, Linn.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves elongate, crowded at the ends of the branches. Finwers large, in terminal cymes. Calys 5 -fid, eglandular withiu. Corolla with spreading lobes, contorted in bud. Anthers at the base of the corollis-tube near the ovary. Carpels 2, distinct. Fruit of 2 , linear oblong follicles. Seeds winged, albumen fleshy.
P. acutifolia, Poir ; A. DC. Prod. VIII. 392 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.641 ; Brandis For. Fl. 333 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 52. Khair chumpa, son champt, Vern. Cultivated and naturalized throughout the presidency near temples and villages. Fl. hot and rainy seasons.

ELLERTONIA, Wight.
Climbing shrubs. Leares opposite or ternately whorled. Flowers in terminal cymes. Calyx 5-fid. Corolla-tube cylindric ; lobes 5, overlapping to the left. Stamens with ciliate filaments. Carpels 2, distinct; ovules many. Follicles 2, linear, spreading Seeds 2-seriate, winged above and below.
E. Rheodii, Wgt. Ic. t. 1295 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 641. On the ghats of the Konkan and North Kánara in evergreen forests, in the forests near the Ainshi ghát at about 1,000 feet elevation, Fl. C. S. Fr. H. S.

## ALSTONIA, R. Brown.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves whorled or opposite. Flowers in corymbose cymes. Calyz short, 5 -lobed. Corolla-tube cylindrical, lobes spreading. Stameus included. Ovary of 2, distinct carpels. Fruit of 2, long follicles. Seeds peltately attached, densely ciliate on the margins. Albumen scanty.

A. scholaris, Brown in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1. 75 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 642 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 145 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 242 ; Brantlis For. Fl. 325. Mudhol, kodale, K.; satwin, saptaparni, M. Throughout the presidency, usually in deciduous forests common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara. Fl. Dec.-Mch. Fr. June.
A. venenatus, Brown in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1.75 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.642 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 52 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylr. 160. I have only found this shrub in the evergreen-forests near the Nilkund ghát
of North Kanara at about I,800 feet eleration. Fl. R.S. Fruit Dec.Jany. Fruit long beaked.

## HOLARRHENA, Br.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite, entire. Flowers usually is terminal cymes. Calyx 5 -lobed; lobes small, glandular within. Corolla-tube swollen at its base round the anthers, lobes spreading twisted to the left. Stamens included. Carpels 2-distinct; orules numerous. Frnit of 2 long slender follicles. Seeds with a decidnous coma, albumen 0.
H. antidysenterica, Wall. Cat. $16{ }^{2} 2$; Fl. Br. I. 3.644 ; Brandis For. Fl. 326 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 160 ; Dalz. \& Gibbs. Bomb. Fl. 145. Dowlar kura, indiajar, Vern. Throughont the presidence, common in deciduous forests. Fl. Apl.-June. Fr. nest. March.

TABERNÆMONTANA, Linn.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite. Flowers white. Calyx glandular within. Corolla-tube cylindrical, slender; lobes overlappiug to the left. Stamens inserted about the middle of the tube Carpels two, distinct. Fruit of two smooth or ribbed 1-manyseeded dry or fleshy follicles. Seeds in pulp, albumen fleshy.
T. Heyneana, Wall. in Bot. Reg. t. 1273 ; F1. Br. I. 3. 646 ; T. crispa. Roxb.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 144. Naglkudó, pandra-kura, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, in evergreen forests, common. Fl. Mch., Apl. F'r. July-Aug. Corolla deciduous. Seeds in red palp.
T. coronaria, Br. (taggar, Vern.) is a shrub commonly cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency, not indigenous in Western India. Flowers rainy season.

PARSONSIA, Br.
Twining shrubs. Leaves opposite. Flowers small, white. Calyx 5-partite: Glandular or 0. Corolla-tube short; lobes overlapping to the right. Stamens with twisted filaments ; anthers conniving over the stigma. Disc of 5 lobes or scales. Ovary of 2 cells. Fruit cylindric, carpels at length separating from the placentas. Seeds tufted, albumen scanty.
P. spiralis, Wall. Cat. 1631 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.650 ; Heligme javanica, A. DC. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 146. In evergreen forests, from the Konkan southwards. Common on the southern gláts of North Kánara. F1. at different times throughout the year.

VALLARIS, Burm.
Climbers. Leaves dotted. Flowers white. Calyz 5-partite. Corolla-tube short ; lobes orerlapping to the right. Stamens at the
top of the tube; anthers exserted, conniving in a cone, connective with a dorsal gland, cells spurred at the base. Carpels 2, connate, many ovuled. Fruit oblong. Seeds compressed, tip comose, albumen scanty.
V. Heynei, Spreng. Syst. I. 635 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.650 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 144 ; V. dichotoma, Wall.; Brandis For. F1. 327. Throughout the dry districts of the presidency, also in the Konkan and North Kánara often ; in hedges. Fl. Dec., Apl.

WRIGHTIA, Br.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite. Flowers in corymbose cymes. Calyx with 5-10 scales, inside at base. Corolla-tube short, throat with 1-2 series of fimbriate scales, distinct or united in a ring; lobes overlapping to the left. Stamens with 5 exserted, conniving anthers, cells spurred at the base. Carpels 2, many ovuled, ovules on axile placentas. Fruit of 2 linear follicles; seeds numerous, tufted at the lower end, albumen 0 .

Leaves glabrous. Coronal scales fimbriate $\quad . . \quad$... W. tinctoria.
Leaves tomentose. Coronal scales short, obtuse
... W. tomentosa.
W. tinctoria, Br. in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1. 73 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.653 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 145 ; Brandis For. Fl. 324 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 241. K"d murki, K.; kula-kurn, M.; bhurcuri, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Mch.-Apl. Fr. Jany., Feb. The leaves yıeld indigo.
W. tomentosa, Roem \& Schultes Syst. IV. 414 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 653; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 145 ; Brandis For. Fl. 323 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 159 ; W. Wallichii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 145 Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 160 Kala inderjow, tambara-kura, Vern. Throughont the presideney, common in the moist forests of the Konkan, rare iu North Kánara, on the Supa gháts. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. Jan., Feb.

## NERIUIM, Linn.

Shrubs. Leaves narrow, opposite or whorled. Flowers in terminal cymes. Calyx-lobes with fleshy glands at the base inside. Corolla funnel-shaped, lobes spreading, unequal-sided; throat with 5 -toothed scales. Anthers included, conniving round the stigma; tips filiform; cells with long twisted, hairy appendages. Ovary of 2 carpels, many ovuled. Follicles adpressed separating when ripe. Seeds villous, coma termi ial, albumen fleshy.
N. odorum, Suland. in Hort. Kew ed. 1. V. 1. 297 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 655 ; Brandis For. Fl. 32x; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 114. Kunher, Vern. Sind. Graham says "grows wild by the bauks of Deccan rivers," perhaps only a variety of $N$. oleander, L., which is cultivated in gardens throughout the presidency. Fl. Apl., June, and nearly throughout the year, Brandis.

## BEAUMONTIA, Wall.

Climbers. Leaves opposite. Flowers large white, in terminal cymes; bracts leafy. Calyx 5-divided, glandular inside at the base. Corolla bell-shaped with a short tube, lobes overlapping to the right. Stamens included, anthers horny, sagittate, cells spurred at the base. Orary 2 -celled; cells many oruled. Fruit of 2 comnate follicles, separating when ripe. Seeds with a crown of silky hairs at the hilum.
B. Jerdoniana, Wgt. Icones. t. 1314, $\tilde{5}$; Fl. Br. I. 3. 661. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. Sir J. Hooker says, "probably will have to be ranked as a variety of B. grandiflora, Wall." Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. ripe following Nov., Dec.

CHONEMORPHA, G. Don.
Climbing shrubs. Leaves broad, opposite. Flowers large, in terminal, peduncled cymes. Calyx 5 -cleft, with a ring of glands at the bottom of the tube. Corolla salver-shaped, lobes twisted in bud, throat naked. Stamens at the top of the tube, filaments short, broad, villous; anthers sagittate, connate, pungent; cells spurred. Disc thick, annular. Ovaries 2, oblong, many ovuled. Follicles straight, hard, trigonous. Seeds with a crown of long silky hairs.
C. macrophylla, G. Don Gen. Sist. IV. 76; Fl. Br. I. 3. 661 ; Brandis For. Fl. 328. Echites grandis, Wail.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 147. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Common in the Supa forests. Fl. Apl.sept. Fr. C.S.

## AGANOSMA, G. Don.

Climbers. Leaves opposite. Flowers in terminal cymes. Calyz 5 -divided, glanduiar at the base. Corolla salver-shaped with bearded, longitudinal bands behind the anthers; lobes overlapping to the right. Stamens included: anthers sagittate, rigid, connate. Disc 5-lobed, cupular. Carpels 2, many ovaled. Follicles woody, coriaceous. Seeds glabrous, albumen scanty.
A. cymosa, G. Don. Gen. Syst. IV. 77 : Fl. Br. I. 3. 665 ; var. 4, elegans; Aganosma Doniana, Wight, Dalz. \& Gibs. B mb. Fl. 146. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, Fl. Apl.-June. Fr. next C. S. A. caryophyllata, G. Don. Fl. Br. I. 3. 664 , is cultivated in gardens. The lax cymes and linear calyx-lobes distinguish it from the indigenous species.

ANODENDRON, A.DC.
Lofty climbers. Leaves opposite. Flowers small in corymbose panicles or cymes. Calyx 5 -cleft, eglandular. Corolla salvershaped, mouth contracted, lobes narrow, twisted to the left. Stamens with connate, sagittate anthers, cells shortly spurred at
the base. Disc cupular. Obscurely 5 -crenate. Ovaries 2, many ovuled. Follicles divaricate, woody. Seeds with a crown of long silky hairs.
A. paniculatum A. DC. Prod. VIII. 444 ; Fl. Br. I. 3.668 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 147. Lamtani, Vern. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kínara. Fl. Jany., Mch. Fr. May.

## ICHNOCARPUS, Br.

Climbers. Leares opposite. Calyx 5-divided, glandular within Corolla hypocrateriform ; lobes hairy inside. Fruit of 2, very slender terete follicles. Seeds with a slender coma at the hilum.
I. frutescens, Br. in Hort. Kew ed. 2. II. 69 ; Fl. Br. I. 3. 669 ; Brandis For. Fl. 327 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 147. Krishnasarwa, kantebhouri, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduoas forests; common in North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Mch., Apl.

## Order 59. ASCLEPIADE尼.

Herbs or shrubs, often twining. Leaves opposite. Flowers regular, pentamerons. Calyx 5 -divided, segments imbricate in bud. Corolla-tube short, often with a corona of hairs, scales, or processes. Stamens at the base of the corolla, filaments connate or rarely free. The fleshy staminal column usually bears attached to the filaments or back of the anthers a ring or series of scales or processes, (inner or staminal corona) ; anthers crowning the column, connate or free, adnate to the stigma by the connective; tip often produced into an inflexed membrane; pollen in 1-2 granular or waxy masses in each cell, masses united in pairs or fours to a gland (the corpuscle) which lies on the stigma. Uvary of tivo distinct carpels within the staminal column; styles 2, short, united by the stigma, which is 5 -angled. Fruit of 2 follicles. Seeds usually winged and plumose; albumen copious, dense.


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    Corona staminal with five, horny processes behind the
        anthers ... ... ... ... ... ... ... Holostemma.
    Corona annular, staminal.
    Leafy twining shrubs ... ... ... ... ... Cynanchum.
    Leafless, jointed shrubs with pendulous branches... ... Sarcostemma.
    Pollen-masses solitary in each cell, in pairs on the
        corpuscle, erect.
    Corolla-lobes imbricate.
    Corona coralline ... ... ... ... ... ... Gymnema.
    Corona staminal. Corolla urceolate, campanulate or
        salver-shaped.
    Coronal-scales simple on the backs of the anthers
    ... Marsdenia.
Coronal-scales notched on the backs of the anthers ... Prraulabia.
Corolla rotate.
Cymes racemose. Coronal-processes 2-fid... ... ... Cosmostigma.
Cymes in umbels. Coronal-scales spreading, cuspidate... Dregea.
Corolla-lobes valvate.
Corolla small, rotate ... ... ... ... ... ... Heterosteaima,
Corolla urceolate or disciform. Corona cupular ... ... Oianthut.
Corolla rotate. Corona large, stellate ... ... ... Hoza.
Anthers without a membranous inflexed tip. " Pollen-
        masses 1 in each cell, in pairs on the corpuscle, erect.
        Corolla-lobes valvate.
Twining shrubs. Corona double ... ... ... ... Leptadenia.
Erect fleshy shrub. Corona staminal, simple ... ... Frerea.
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## HEMIDESMUS, Br.

Twiners. Leaves elliptic-linear. Flowers in axillary, subsessile cymes, small. Sepals glandular within. Corolla rotate, reddish. Coronal-scales 5, on the corolla-throat, thick. Stamens with the filaments distinct; tips of the anthers connate, inflexed, membranous. Appendages of the corpuscles dilated. Follicles slender, divaricate, smooth. Seeds tufted.
H. indicus, Br. in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1. 57 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 5 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 147. Nannari, Vern.; uparsal, sariva, anantamul, M. Indian sarsaparilla. Throughout the presidency, common in hedges. El. Throughout the year.

## CRYPTOLEPIS, Br.

Twiners. Leaves pale beneath. Corolla-lobes linear, throat naked, tube inflated at the middle, lobes twisted to the left. Corona of five, fleshy scales, included within the tube. Stamens included, sagittate, with a tuft of hairs at the back. Pollen granular; appeudages oblong. Follicles lancelolate divaricate, smooth. Seeds comose.
C. Buchanani, Roem. \& Sch. Syst. IV. 409 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 5; Brandis For. Fl.:330; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 148. Karanta, Vern. Common. in hedges throughout the presidency. Fl. June, Aug. Fr. O. S. Bracts small, persistent. Milky juice abundant.

## PERIPLOCA, Linn.

Erect or twining shrubs. Leaves lanceolate, minute or wanting. Flowers in las cymes. Corolla rotate; lobes bearded within, longer
than the tube. Corona of five thick scales, connate into a 10 -lobed ring, often produced in a long filiform arista. Filaments short, free; anthers with a tuft of hairs at the back. Pollen grains in 4 s ; appendages dilated. Follicles cylindric, smooth.
P. aphylla. Dcne. in Jacq. Voy. Bot. 109, t. 116 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 12 ; Brandis For. Fl. 33̈0. Barrara, ransher, barai, Vern. Common in Sind, Fl. Mch.-Apl.

TOXOCARPUS, W. \& A.
Woody climbers. Leaves opposite. Flowers small, in axillary cymes. Corolla-lobes overlapping to the left, tube short. Coronalscales minute, adnate to the column. Anthers small, often inappendiculate; pollen-masses minute, waxy. Stigma produced in a long beak, Follicles spreading, smooth. Seeds comose.
T. Kleinii, Wgt. \& Arn. Contrib. 61; Fl. Br. I. 4. 14. From the Konkan, southwards. Fl. Br. I,

## GENIANTHUS, Hook. f.

Climbers. Leaves opposite. Flowers small, in axillary cymes. Corolla-lobes valvate, spreading and recurved, villous on the inner face. Corona of five seales, adnate to the column. Pollen-masses minute, waxy. Follicles terete, slender.
G. laurifolius, Hook. f. Fl. Er. I. 4. 16; Toxocarpus crassifolius, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 148. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests, common in the forests near the Nilkund and Gairsoppah gháts. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr. H. S.

## CALOTROPIS, Br.

Erect shrubs. Leaves broad, subsessile. Flowers mediumsized, cymose. Corolla-tube broad, lobes ovate, valvate. Corona of five, compressed, fleshy appendages. Anther-tips membranous, inflexed. Pollen-masses in pairs, waxy, pendulous. Follicles broad, ovoid.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Coronal-scales truncate, hairy } \ldots \ldots \text {.... } \ldots \text {... } \begin{array}{l}
\text { C. gigantea. } \\
\text { Coronal-seales acute, glabrous or pubescent. } \\
\text { Co. }
\end{array} \text {... } \\
& \text { C. } \\
& \text { procera. }
\end{aligned}
$$

C. gigantea, Br. in Hort. Kew Ed. 2, II. 78; Fl. Br. I. 4. 17: Dalz, \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 149; Brandis For. Fl. 331, Mudar, mular, M. ; arka, ulkeri, rowi, Vern. Throughout the presidency in dry, waste places; very common. Fl. throughout the year. Full of acrid, white juice.
C. procera, R. Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew Ed. 2. II, 78 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 18 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 149; Brandis For. Fl. 331. Lalmandar, tambara, atk, M. In the dry Deccan districts and Sind. Fl, Feb., May. Fr. C. S. Yields a valuable fibre.

D $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MIA, }} \mathrm{Br}$ 。
Climbers. Leaves cordate. Flowers in axillary cymes, pedicels filiform. Corolla green, tube short, lobes large, broad, overlapping B 414-1S
to the right. Corona of an outer 5 -10-crenate membrane and 5 , compressed scales, adnate to the anthers and spurred behind with long subulate tips. Pollen masses in pairs, pendulous, waxy. Follicles echinate.
D. extensa, Br. in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1.50 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.20 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 150. Utaran, M. Throughout the dry districts of the Deccan, also in hedges in the Konkan, common in the Dhárwár district. F1. apparently throughout the year. Follicles softly echinate.

HOLOSTEMMAA, Br.
Twining shrubs. Leaves membranous, cordate. Cymes axillary, of large purple flowers. Corolla-lobes thick, overlapping to the right. Corona 10-lobed, fleshy. Anthers large, horny, shining, cohering in a 10 -winged column. Pollen-masses linear, falcate, compressed, pendulous; pedicels long, black. Stigma 5 -winged. Follicles short, thick, smooth.
H. Rheedei, Wall. Pl. As. Rar. II. 51 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.21 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 148. Tultuli, shidori, dudurli, M. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, often in hedges. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. C. S. Flowers edible.

## CYNANCHUM, Linn.

Shrubs or herbs, erect or climbing. Leaves usually broad, cordate. Flowers small, green, in axillary cymes. Corolla rotate, lobes valvate or overlapping to the right. Corona adnate to the base of the column, cupular, with scales or tubercles on the inner face. Pollen-masses not compressed, pendulous, waxy. Follicles trrete or 2 -winged.

Leares not glaucous beneath. Follicles terete ... ... C. pauciflorum.
Leaves glaucous beneath. Follicles winged... ... ... C. Callialata.
C. pauciflorum. Br. in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1. 45 ; F1. Br. I. 4.23 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 148. From the Konkan southwards, also in the Poona district. Fl. C.S.
C. Callialata, Ham. in Wgt. Contrib. 56 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 24. From the Konkan southwards common in the evergreen forests near the Nilkund ghát of North Kánara. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr. Jan., Feb.

SARCOSTEMMA, Br.
Leafless, jointed shrubs with pendulous branches. Cymes in terminal umbels. Corolla rotate, lobes overlapping to the right. Corona cup-shaped, lobed, alternate lobes with large fleshy processes, adnate to the back of the anthers. Pollen-masses pendulous, waxy. Follicles smooth.

[^7]S. brevistigma, Wight and Arnott's Contrib. 59 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 26 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 149. Somvel, M. Throughout the Deccan in stony places. Fl. June.
S. Stocksii, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 4, 27. Sind. S. intermedium, Dene. Fl. Br. I. 4. 27 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 27. Phok, M. Common in the dry districts of the Deccan. Abundant in the Gadag táluka of the Dhárwár district. Fl. July, Sept.

GYMNEMA, R. Br.
Twining shrubs. Leaves opposite. Flowers small, umbellate. Corolla rotate or urceolate, throat with 5 scales, alternating with the lobes. Anthers terminating with a membrane. Pollen-masses in pairs, erect. Stigma exserted. Follicles slender or turgid, glabrous.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Pubescent. Leaves small, obovate, acute } \\
& \text { Glabrous or nearly so. Leaves large, coriaceous, ovate- } \\
& \begin{array}{c}
\text { abl sylvestre. } \\
\text { oblong }
\end{array} \ldots
\end{aligned}
$$

G. sylvestre, Br. in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1. 33 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 29 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl.151. Kavali, káli-kardori, vakhande, M. Throughout the presidency, common in hedges in the Dhárwár district, and near the coast at Kárwár. Fl. June, Aug. Fr. Oct., Nov.
G. montanum, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 4.31. Bidaria elegans, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 151. Higher gháts of the Konkan.

MARSDENIA, R, Brown.
Twining shrubs. Leaves often cordate. Flowers in umbelliform cymes. Corolla campannlate, limb spreading, lobes overlapping to the right. Coronal-scales 5 , sometimes auriculate, adnate to the anthers dorsally, erect. Pollen-masses in stipitate pairs, erect. Stigma obtuse or beaked. Follicles lanceolate or poniard-shaped.
M. tinctoria, Br. in Mem. Wern. Soc. 1. 30 ; Fl. Br.I. 4.34 ; Brandis For. Fl. 332. Cultivated in the Deccan. Fl. hot and rainy seasons.

## PERGULARIA, Linn.

Woody climbers. Leaves membranous. Flowers greenish, in interpetiolar cymes. Corolla salver-shaped, lobes oblong, overlapping to the right. Coronal-scales large, membranous, aduate to the back of the anthers, erect, simple or transversely bifid. Pollenmasses erect, clarate. Follicles ventricose-lanceolate, smooth. Seeds ovate, concave.
P. pallida, Wight \& Arn. Contrib. 42 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 38 ; Brandis For Fl. 334. In the plains of the Deccan, in the scrub jungles, on the stony hills near Dhárwár. Fl. July, Aug.
P. odoratissima, L. West Coast or Primrose-Creeper is cultivated in gardens.

## COSIMOSTIGMA, Br.

A twining shrub. Leaves ovate or cordate. Flowers small, greenish, in axillary, racemose cymes. Corolla rotate. Coronalscales adnate to the base of the anthers, erect broad, membranous, truncate or 2-fid. Pollen-masses obovoid, waxy, erect, pedicels long, flexuous. Follicles large, linear-oblong.
C. racemosum, Wight Contrib. 42 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 46 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 151. Jati, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara; often in hedges. Fl. June, Aug. Fr. C.S. Stigma pentagonal, exserted.

## DREGEA, E. Meyer.

Twining shrtibs. Leaves ovate or cordate, acuminate. Flowers green in axillary umbelliform cymes. Corolla rotate. Coronalscales 5, hemispheric, fleshy, adnate to the colamn, inner angle cuspidate, the tooth incumbent on the anthers. Pollen-masses erect, oblong, shortly pedicelled. Follicles thick, winged or ribbed, often yellow mealy.
D. volubilis, Benth. Gen. Pl. 775 ; FI. Br. I. 4.46 ; Hoya viridifora, Br. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 153. Drir, ambri, herandori, M. Commoui in bedges throughout the presidency. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. C. S.

## HETEROSTEMIMA, W. \&A.

Twining shrubs. Leaves usually cordate, $3-5$-nerved at the base . Flowers small, in umbelled cymes. Corolla rotate, lobes triangular, valvate. Corona of 5 large lobes, spreading from the column and lying flat on the corolla. Pollen-masses minute, broad, sessile, erect. Follicles slender, straight, terete.
H. Dalzellii, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 4, 48; H. Wallichii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 152. The Konkan; at Vengurla, and Málvan, also in the Decean near Poona. Fl. Aug.-Sept.

Oianthus urceolatus, Benth.; Heterostemma urceolatum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 153, and O. disciflorus, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 4. 49, are twining undershrubs of the Konkan ghatts which Dr. Hooker thinks are possibly abnormal forms of Heterostemima.

## HOYA, Br.

Twining shrabs. Leaves thickly fleshy or coriaceous. Flowers in axillary or terminal umbels. Corolla rotate, waxy, lobes 5, valvate in bud. Coronal-scales 5, stellately spreading. Pollen-masses pedicelled, erect. Follicles usually slender, acuminate. Seeds with a long coma.

Glabrous.
Leaves narrow, linear. Corona pink ... ... A. retusa. Leaves elliptic, broad. Corolla cream-coloured ... II. Wightii. Evarsely hairy. Corolla white, lobes villous ... ... H. pendule.
H. retusa, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. Bot. IV. 294 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 56 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 153. On trees in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, common in the forests near Yellápur ; appears to flower rarely and during the R.S.
H. Wightii, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 4. s9 ; If. pallita, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 152. On trees throughout the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, very common on the Supa gháts. Fl. R.S., also in Jan. rarely. Fr. C. \& H. scasons. Leares usually short petioled. Petals reflexed.
H. pendula, Wgt. Icones t. 474 ; Fl. Br. I. 4, 61 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 152. Southern Konkan, hills of the Kolába district. Fl. R. \& C.S.

LEPTADENIA, Br.
Erect or climbing shrubs. Leaves elliptic or ovate-cordate. Flowers small, in axillary umbelliform cymes. Corolla rotate, lobes bearded, valvate in bud. Corona double. Pollen-masses globose, sessile, erect. Stigma included, 2-cuspidate. Follicles acuminate, smooth.

> Twining. Leaves broad, coriaccous
> Erect. Leaves linear, leathery or 0. ... ... L. reticulata. $\quad$... L. Spartium.
L. reticulata, Wight. \& Arn. Contrib. 47; Fl. Br. I. 4. 63 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 152. Khar-liodi, M. Common near the coast of the Konkan. Dalz. Throughout the dry Deccan districts, common near Dambal in the Dhárwár district. Fl. July Aug. Fr. Sept., Oct.
L. Spartium, Wight Contrib. 48; Fl. Br. I. 4.64. L. Jacquemontiana, Dene. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 152. Kip, Vern. On the seacoast south of Gogha, very common in Sind, Dalz. Fl. Oct.

FREREA, Dalz.
A fleshy, erect shrub. Leaves oblong. Flowers large, solitary or in pairs, axillary. Corolla rotate, lobes acute, valvate. Corona annular round the column with five lobes alternating with 5 long, narrow processes inflexed over the anthers. Pollen-masses short, erect. Follicles terete, smooth.
F. indica, Dalz. in Jour. Linn. Soc. VIII. 10, t. 3 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 76. The Konkan, near Hewra, 3,000 feet. alt., Dalz. I have not seen this shrub.

## Order 60. LONGANIACE .

Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves opposite, simple. Inflorescence cymose. Flowers regular. Calyx inferior, 4-5-toothed. Corolla 4-5-lobed. Stamens 4-5̆, on corolla tube and alternate with lobes. Ovary free 2 -celled, ovules 1 or more in each cell. Fruit a capsule or berry, 1 to many seeded. Albumen copious.

## BUDDLEIA, Linn.

Small trees or shrubs, often mealy or woolly tomentose. Leaves opposite, simple, united by a stipulary line. Flowers axillary or in terminal panicles, tetramerous. Corolla-lobes imbricate in bud. Stamens 4, anthers nearly sessile. Ovary 2-celled; style linear; ovules many in each cell. Capsule septicidally 2 -valved, leaving a free dissepiment in the centre. Seeds small, many.
B. asiatica, Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 72 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 180 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 82 ; Brandis For. Fl. 318 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 163. Throughout the presidency ; common along the banks of nálás and ravines, also in deciduous forests. Fl. Jany. Apl. Fr. June.

FAGR厌A, Thunb.
Trees or scandent shrubs. Leaves entire ; petioles dilated at the base. Flowers bracteate, large or small, in axillary or terminal cymes. Calyx-lobes thick, broad, imbricate. Corolla with a long tabe; lobes 5, twisted to the left. Stamens 5. Ovary 2-celled ovules many in each cell. Berry with many seeds immersed in pulp. Albumen horny.
F. obovata, Wall. Cat. 1 万̄95 ; Fl, Br. I. 4.83 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 164. F. coromandeliana, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 244. In the evergreen forests of the Kumta táluka of North Kánara. Scandent. Fruit smooth, size of a pigeon's egg. F'l. R.S. F'r. C.S.

STRYCHNOS, Linn.
Trees or scandent shrubs with short tendrils. Leaves entire, 3-5-nerved. Flowers axillary or terminal, pentamerous. Corollalobes valvate. Stamens in the throat of the corolla. Style filiform, stigma capitate; ovules many on tleshy placentas. Fruit a berry, seeds compressed, immersed in pulp. Embryo eccentric, albumen cartilaginous.
Scandent, cliinbing shrubs.
Ovary hairy above. Fruit ovoid, small
....
Ovary glabrous. Fruit large ...
Tres. S. colubrina.
Fruit black, 1-seeded, $\frac{3}{4}$ in. diam.
Fruit orange, many-seeded, 2-4-in. in diam.
S. colubrina, Linn. Sp. Pl. 271 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 87 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 155 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 163. Ranal, kiajer bel, M. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, common in the forests near the Tinai ghát. Fl. Oct. Fr. Jan., Feb.
S. Daizellii, C. B. C. Fl. Br. I. $4 \cdot 87$; S. axillaris, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 155. Konkan gháts, Dalz.
' S. Nux-vomica, Linn. Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \& Wall. II. 261. 111. Br. I. 4. 90 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 155 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 243 ; Brandis For. Fl. 317. Kasarkana, K.; Faro, M.; Fajra, Vern. Throughout the presidency in moist forests, very common in the Konkan and North Kínara. Fl. Mch. Apl. Fr. ripe at parious times throughout theyear.
S. potatorum, Linn. f. Suppl. 148 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 90 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 156 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 163 ; Brandis For. Fl. 317. Clearing nut tree. Nermali, Vern. In the Southern Marátha Couutry, Belgaum district and in other parts of the presidency in dry forests. Fl. hot scason. Fr. C.S.

## Order 61. BORAGINE風.

Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves usually alternate, entire. Inflorescence definite; flowers in scorpioid cymes, rarely solitary and axillary. Calys inferior, teeth 4-6, valvate in bud, usually persistent in fruit. Corolla gamopetalous, often with scales in the throat, lobes as many as those of the calyx. Stamens inserted in the corolla-tube, as many as the corolla-lobes and alternate with them. Ovary free, of 2 carpels, 2 -ovuled, or 4 -1-ovuled; style terminal or from between the ovary-lobes. Fruit drupaceous or dividing into 2-4-nutlets. Albumen 0 or scanty.

| Style twice bifurcate. | Drupe 4 -1-seeded | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | Cordia, |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Style 2-fid. | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |
| Style 1 | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ |

## CORDIA, L.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, petioled. Flowers often polygamous in terminal or leaf opposed cymes, ebracteate. Calyx tubular or campanulate, teeth short, in fruit accrescent. Corolla funnelshaped; lobes 4-8. Stamens 4-8, filaments often hairy at the base. Ovary 4-celled, glabrous; style terminal, twice bipartite. Drupe ovoid, endocarp bony, often perforated at the apex, cells 4 or fewer by abortion. Albumen 0 .

Leaves alternate, $3-5$-nerved at the base, without white discs.
Leaves ovate, rough, glabrous, not tomentose beneath. Cymes lax, glabrous. Calyx not ribbed
Leaves white tomentose beneath, glabrous above. Cymes lax, glabrous. Calyx not ribbed ...
Leaves with white discs above, scabrous, beneath villous or glabrescent. Cymes small, tomentose
Leaves feather veined, small, narrow, scabrous or glabrescent above, glabrescent beneath. Berry small
... C Myxa.

Leaves broad, cordate, ovate, densely tomentose beneath, feather veined or faintly 3-5 nerved at the base. Cymes short tomentose. Calyx ribbed. Berry large
... C. Fallichii.
... C. monoica.

Leaves scabrid above with white discs, hard tumentose beneath, margin repand, base cuneate. Cymes tomentose ...
.. ... ... C. fulvosa.
I have followed Brandis and others in aniting C. Dryxa, L., and C. obliqua, Willd. C. Wallichii, G. Don, I have kept distinct from C. obliqua, Willd., of which species it is made a variety in the Fl. Br. I.
C. Myza, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 4. 136; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 173 ; Brandis For. Fl. 336 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. 165. C, obliqua, Willd. Fl. Br. I. 4. 137 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 173 ; C. latifolia, Roxb. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl, 173. Chella, K ; shelu, M.; bhokur, vargund, Vern.; lessuri, giduri, Sind. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, also in Sind. Fl. Mch.-Apl. Fr. June, Sept.
C. Wallichii, G. Don. ; Brandis For. Fl. 337 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 174 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. t. 245. Burgund, duhiwun, Vern. ; geduri, Sind; sepistan, pistan, Guj. ; buralessura Hiud. Common in Gujarát and in the drier districts of the presidency, also in the Mundgod subdivision of North Kánara in deciduous forests. Fl. Dec.-Jany. Fr. Apl. May. Leaves tomentose beneath. Calyx ribbed, fruit long acuminate,
C. monoica, Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \&. Wall. II. 334 ; Fl. Br. J. 4. 137 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 166 ; C. polygama, Bedd. For. Man. 166. Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 136. In the dry districts of the Deccan near Bádámi, Bijápur Collectorate, on sandstone. Fl. Aug., Sept.
C. Rothii., Roem \& Schul. Syst. IV. 798 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 138 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 174; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 166. Brandis For. Fl. 338 ; C. angustifolia, Roxb. (not of Roem \& Schul.) Gund, gundni, Vern.; lijar, liai, Sind. Throughout the dry districts of the presidency; often along the bunds of tanks and near villages. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. C.S.
C. Macleodii, Hook. f. \& T. in Jour. Linn. Soc. II. 128 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 139 ; Brandis For. Fl. 337. Dhaivan, Sátára. Commonly planted along road-sides in the southern drier districts of the presidency, also in the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan. Fl. Mch.-Apl.May. Fr. cold season. Leaves and inflorescence densely tawny tomentose.
C. fulvosa, Wight Ic. t. 1380 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 140 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 166. Konkan and Belgaum in dry forests. Fl. July. Aug. Leaves very scabrous above with white, small discs.

## EHRETIA, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire or toothed. Flowers small in axillary or terminal panicles, rarely solitary. Calyx deeply 5 -divided. Corolla rotate, lobes imbricate in bud. Stamens 5, on the corolla-tube; anthers usually exserted. Ovary 2 -celled; cells 2 -ovuled. Fruit a $1-4$-seeded drupe.

> Style bifid. Drupe small, 1-4-seeded. Style simple, bifid.
> Leaves elliptic, glabrous. Flowers sessile ... ... E. lceris.
> Leaves obovate, obtuse, hairy. Flowers pedicelled and sessile ... ... ... ... ... ... ... E. obtusifolia.
> Styles 2. Leaves small, fascicled ... ... ... ... E. buxifolia.
E. lævis, Roxb. Cor. Pl. t. 55 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 141. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 170 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 246 ; Brandis For. Fl. 340. Adak, K. ; datrang, M.; tamboli, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. The varicty cunarensis is common in the Konkan and North Kínara in the ghát forests. Fl. Jany. to July, Fr. ripe March-June.
E. obtusifolia, Hochst. ; A. DC. Prodr. IX. 507 ; Fl. Br. 1. 4.142 ; Brandis For. Fl. 340. Sind. Fl. Mch.-Apl.
E. buxifolia, Roxb. Cor. Pl. 142, t. 57 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 144 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 167. Pala, M. In the dry forests of the Deccan ; common on the stony hills near Dhárwár. Fl. Mch. Fr. ripe June, July.

## RHABDIA, Mart.

Shrubs. Leaves alternate or clustered. Flowers small in ferw flowered racemes. Calyx 5 -divided. Corolla pink, tube short, limb 5-lobed. Stamens 5. Ovary 2-celled; style undivided. Fruit a drupe with 4 pyrenes. Seeds albuminous.
R. Iycioides, Mart. Nov. Gen. \& Sp. II. 137, t. 195 ; R. viminea, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 170; Brandis For. Fl. 341. Common in the beds of the Konkan and North Kánara rivers. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr. Jany.

## Order 62. CONVOLVULACEA.

Shrubs or herbs, usually twining. Leaves alternate. Flowers cymose, bracteate, 1 or more together, regular, hermaphrodite, often showy. Calyx deeply 5-lobed, persistent, sometimes enlarged in fruit. Corolla usually campanulate or funnel-shaped; limb shortly or deeply lobed, often 5 -plaited in bud. Stamens 5, on the corolla-tube. Orary superior, 2 carpels, 2 -celled or by false dissepiments 4 -celled ; style 1, rarely 2, stigma capitate 2 -lobed, or 2 branched; ovules 2 in each carpel. Fruit indehiscent, 2-4-valved or breaking up irregularly, 2-4, rarely 1-seeded. Seeds erect, albumen 0 .


ERYCIBE, Roxb.
Climbing shrubs. Leaves coriaceous, evergreen. Corolla with a short tube, lobes bifid, plaited in bud. Stamens at the base of the corolla-tube. Ovary 1-celled with 4, erect ovules. Fruit a fleshy, 1 -seeded berry ; cotyledons plicate.
E. paniculata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 585; Br. Fl. I. 4. 180; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 169 ; Brandis For. Fl. 344. Var. Wightiana; E. Wightiana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 170; Brandis For. Fl. 344. Throughout the presidency. The sariety Wightiana is common in the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. June, Dec. Fr. ripe May onwards.

RIVEA, Chois.
Climbers. Leaves cordate, silky beneath, petiole long. Flowers few on axillary peduncles. Corolla large, white, with a long cylindrical tube and a wide-mouthed, plaited limb. Stamens included. Ovary 4-celled, 4-ovuled; disc annular; stigmas linear, oblong. Fruit indehiscent, sub-globose. Seeds 1-4, in mealy pulp.

Leaves white-tomentose beneath. Corolla silky outside. $R$. ornata. Leaves silky beneath. Corolla glabrescent without ... R. hypocrateriformis.
R. ornata, Chois. Convolv. Or. 27, t. 3 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 183 ; Argyreia omata, Brandis For. Fl. 343. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 168; Lettsomia ornata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 496. Phand, M. 'Throughout the presideney in deciduous forests, not common. Fl. R.S.
R. hypocrateriformis, Chois. Convolv. Or. 26 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 184 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. 168 ; R. bona-nox, Roxb. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 168. R. fragrans, Nimmo. Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 127. Clove-scented creeper. Kulmiluta, Vern. Common in hedges and in dry forests throughout the presidency. Fl. R.S. Fr. ripe. Sept. Oct. Flowers sweet-scented.

ARGYREIA, Lour.
Large twining shrubs. Leaves silky or pubescent beneath. Flowers large, in axillary cymes. Corolla usually campanulate. Stamens included. Ovary 4-celled, 4-ovuled ; disc annular ; stigmas 2, globose. Fruit indehiscent.

> Climbing, scandent or prostrate, creeping shrubs. Leaves broad, cordate, glabrous above, white tomentose beneath. Bracts deciduous, softly woolly
> A. speciosa.

> Leaves elongate, usually rounded at the base, glabrescent beneath. Bracts large, persistent, unequal, glabrescent or sparsely hairy beneath.
> Leaves broad, ovate, cordate, hispid above, densely white silky beneath. Bracts with 3.5 basal nerves, densely white silky beneath, persistent ... ... ... ... ... ... A. sericea.
> Leares acute, fulvous strigose beneath, scabrous above. Bracts linear, persistent, bristly
> A. involucrata.

> Leaves elliptic, acute, base rhomboid, softly strigose on both surfaces. Bracts narrowly oblong
> A. Lawii.

> Suberect. Leaves obovate, villous beneath. Bracts deciduous, small. Flowers bright purple ... $A$, cuneata.
A. spociosa, Sweet. Hort. Brit. ed. 2, 373 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 185 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 168 ; Brandis For. Fl. 343. Elephant creeper.

Sumudra-sholia, guguli, Vern. Throughout the presidency, common near the coasts of the Konkan and North Kánara, in moist forests and open places near villages. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Dec.
A. involucrata, Clarke ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 187 ; var.inequalis. Near the coasts of the Konkan and North Kánara ; very common near Kárwár in open places. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. Nov., Dec. Leaves often purple-coloured.
A. sericea, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 169 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 188 ; Ipomжа bracteata, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 131. Gavel, M. Konkan and North Kánara, in moist forests. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr. C.S. The specimens of my collection have the bracts with $3-5$ basal parallel nerves.
A. pilosa, Arn. Pugill. Pl. Ind. Or. 38 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 189. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, very common in the forests near Yellápur, in moist shady places, also uear the banks of nálás. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr. Oct., Nov. ; often procumbent. Corolla dark red or purple.
A. Lawii, C.B.C. Fl. Br. I. 4. 190. The Konkan, Fl. Br. I.
A. cuneata, Ker in Bot. Reg. 1. 661 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 191 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 169 ; Brandis For. Fl. 344. Throughout the dry districts of the presidency, common in open situations, twining when it meets with support, but usually an erect shrub. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. C.S.

LETTSOMIA, Roxb.
Scandent shrubs. Leaves with a rounded or cordate base. Flowers in peduncled, axillary, dense cymes. Corolla funnel-shaped, limb plaited in bud. Stamens included or exserted. Ovary 2 -celled, 4-ovuled. Fruit a dry indehiscent berry, 1-4-seeded.
Corolla small. Stamens exserted. Fruiting calyx
within and fruit red ... ... ... ... L. ajgregata.
Corolla comparatively large. Anthers included.
Leaves elliptic. Corolla glabrous. Fruit dark
orange...$\quad \ldots \quad \dddot{ } \quad \ldots \quad \ldots \quad \ldots$
Leaves ovate, cordate. Corolla densely hairy.
Fruit red ... ... ... ... ... ... $L$. setosa.
I. aggregata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 488 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 191 ; Argyreia aggregata, Choisy; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 169. Dry districts of the presidency, very common in hedges in the Belgaum and Dhárwár districts and in the drier parts of North Kánara. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. Jany., Feb.
I. elliptica, Wight, note to Icones t. 1356 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 192 ; Argyreia elliptica, Choisy; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 169. Bondwail, Vern.; sonariel, liledari, M. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts in moist forests, common in the Supa ghát jungles. Fl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Dec., Feb.
I. setosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 490 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 194 ; Argyreia setosa, Choisy ; Brandis For. Fl. 343 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 168. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kanara from the coast inland. Fl. Oct., Jany. Fr. Feb., Mch.

## IPOMGA, Linn.

Herbs, rarely shrubs. Leaves entire lobed or digitate. Corolla bell or funnel-shaped, limb 5 -plaited. Stamens unequal, included or exserted, not connivent over the ovary. Ovary 2 -celled, 4-ovuled, rarely 4 -celled, 4 -ovuled or 3 -celled, 6 -ovuled. Fruit a dry dehiscent capsule.

> Seeds villous, furred or woolly,
> Leaves large cordate. Corolla large, salver-shaped with a long tube, white.
> Seeds softly villous ... ... ... ... ... I. grandiflora ${ }_{r}$
> Corolla medium-sized,
> Leaves cordate, 5-7 palmately lobed. Corolla red, Seeds with long wool ... ... ... ...
> Leaves cordate, entire or sinuate. Corolla pink, tube dark purple within. Seeds furred
> I. digitata.
> eaves shallowly cordate. Panicles many flowered. Corolla purplish-white, Seeds with short silky hairs ...
> ... ... ...
> Leaves cordate, acute. Corolla large, campanulate, white with a deep purple centre. Panicles large, many flowered. Seeds with long silky hairs...
> I. sepiaria.
> I. staphylina.
> eaves cordate or hastate, elliptic, acute. Cymes few flowered, compact. Corolla tubular, pure white. Seeds with stiff patent hairs .
> A. cymosa.

> Seeds glabrous,
> Branchlets winged, leaves ovate. Cymes few flowered, Corolla large, white, tubular-campanulate ... ... ... ... ... ...
> Leaves hairy, cordate, palmately lobed, corolla middle-sized, yellow.
> I. Turpethum. middre-sized, yellow. ... ... ... ... I. vitifolia.
I. grandiflora, Lamk. Ill. 1. 467 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 198. North Kánara, in moist forests and along the banks of nálás, very rare. Fl. R.S. Oct. Stems muricate.
I. digitata, Linn.; Meissn. in Mart. Brasil. VII. 278 ; Batatus paniculata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 167. Bluikohola, vidarikand, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, common near the sea-coast in moist forests. Fl. R.S., Aug., Sept.
I. sepiaria, Koen. ; Roxb. Fl. I. 1.500 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 166. Amti, M. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kánara, in hedges near the sea-coast. Fl. R.S.
I. staphylina, Roem. \& Sch. Syst. TV. 249 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 210. In hedges and along the banks of nálís in the southern parts of the Dhárwár district. Ml. Dec. Jany. Fr. Mch. Flowers rather small.
I. campanulata, Linn.; Chois. Convolv. Or. 69 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 165; Fl. Br. I. 4. 211. Common throughout the Konkan nnd North Kánara in deciduous forests, a very beautiful climber when in full bloom during Dec. and Jany. Fr. ripe May.
I. cymosa, Roem. \& Sch. Syst. IV. 241 ; FI. Br. I. 4. 211; Convolculus blendus, Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1.470. Throughout the presidency, very
common in the forests of the Supa sub-division of North Kánara, Fl. Feb., Mch. Cymes usually recurved, corvlla in bud hairy at apex.
I. Turpethum, Br. Prod. 485 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 212 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 165. Nishottar, ter, shetar, phutkari, M. Throughout the presidency in the dry districts, also in North Kánara, common. Fl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Dec., Jany.
I. vitifolia, Sweet. Hort. Brit. ed. 2. 372 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.213 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 165. Navalichavel, M. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, common on the Supa gháts. It is either a large climbing shrub or a creeper along road sides. Fl. Jany, Feb. Corolla sulphur yellow-coloured, capsule membranous. I. boncnox, L. (chandrakent, M.), I. muricata, Jacq., (bhurri, M.) and other species are commonly cultivated. I. biloba, Forsk., (maryadvel, marjad$v_{e} l, \mathrm{M}$.) is common along the sea-coast.

## PORANA, Burm.

Large climbers. Leaves entire. Flowers usually in terminal panicles, often small. Sepals much enlarged, wing like in fruit. Ovary 2 -celled 4 -ovuled. Capsule usually 1 -seeded by abortion.
P. malabarica, C. B. C. Fl. Br. I. 4. 223 ; P. racemosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 162. Bowri, gariya, Vern. Mabábaleshvar and the higher gháts, not seen in the soathern partz of the presidency. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr . C.S.

## BREWERIA, R. Brown.

Herbs or climbing shrubs. Leaves simple. Flowers terminal or axillary; bracts small. Corolla funnel-shaped, limb plaited. Stamens included, bases dilated. Ovary 2 -celled, 4 ovuled ; styles 2, nearly distinct; stigmas capitate. Capsule globose or ovoid.
B. cordata, Blume Bijd. 722; Fl. Br. I. 4.223; B. Roxburghii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. II. 162. Throughout the Konkan and North Kanara, rare; usually near the coast. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr. Jany.

NEUROPELTIS, Wall.
A lofty climber with tubercled stems. Leaves alternate. Flowers small, bracteate, in short villous racemes; bract inconspicuous in flower. Corolla funnel-shaped, lobes entire. Stamens 5 ; filaments villous. Ovary 2 -celled 4 -ovuled; styles 2, separate from the base. Fruit a small capsule sessile in the centre of a large, scarious, veined, orbicular bract.
N. racemosa, Wall. Cat. 1322. Fl. Br. I. 255 ; Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 291. In the evergreen forests of the Supa sub-division North Kánara, near Potolii. This remarkable plant has not been hitherto observed in the Bombay Presidency. Fl. Jany., Feb. Fr. May.

## Order 63. SOLANACE $e$

Herbs, shrubs or small trees. Leaves alternate. Flowers regular bisexual. Calyx 5-lobed. Corolla campanulate or rotate, lobes 5 . Stamens 5, on corolla-tube. Ovary 2 -celled. Seeds indefinite discoid.

Corolla-lobes plaited in bud ... ... ...Solanum.
Corolla-lobes imbricate ... ... ... ...Lyciem.
SOLANUM, Linn.
Herbs, shrubs or"small trees prickly or unarmed. Leaves simple. Corolla rotate. Stamens 5, anthers opening by terminal pores. Fruit a berry.

Small tree, unarmed. Berry yellow ... ...S. verbascifolium.
Small tree, prickly. Berry red... ... ...S. giganteum.
S. giganteum, Jacq. Coll. IV. 125 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 233 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 175. Kutri, M. Cheena or chunna jhar of Mahábaleshvar, Graham. Throughout the North Konkan and Kánara, usually in evergreen forests or in the vicinity of evergreen forests. Cymes stellately white woolly, corolla blue. Fl. R.S. Fr. Oct., Nov.
S. verbascifolium, Linn. Dunal in DC. Prod. XIII. pt. 1. 114 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 230 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 175. Throughout the presidency. In the Supa sub-division of North Kanara in deciduous forests, common. Fl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Dec., Jany. Corolla white, pubescence brownish yellow.

LYCIUIN, Linn.
Spinous shrubs. Leares small, often fascicled. Flowers small Stamens usually uncqual, anther cells dehiscing longitudinally. Berry small, seeds few.

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
\text { Stamens not exserted } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text { L. curopceum } \\
\text { Stamens exserted } & \text {... } & \text {... } & \text { L. barbarum }
\end{array}
$$

(These 2 species are doubtfully distinct. Fl. Br. I. 1. 241.)
I. europæum L. ; Sibth. Fl. Gree. t. 236 ; F1. Br. I. 4. 240 ; Brandis For. Fl. 345. Gaingro, chirchitta, M. In the dry Deccan districts and Sind, in the plains. Fl. Oct., Mch.
L. barbarum L. ; Berss. F1., Orient. IV. 289 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.241 ; Brandis For. Fl. 345. Sind. Fll. Oct., Mch.

## Order 64. GESNERACE 压.

Herbs or shrubs. Leaves opposite or alternate. Flowers hermaphrodite, irregular, bracteate, asillary or terminal. Calyx 5-divided. Corolla gamopetalous; tube long or short; segments 5, imbricate in bud. Stamens on the corolla-tube 5, didynamous or 2 only fertile. Disc various. Ovary 1-celled or sub-2-celled; style linear; stigma capitate or 2-lobed; placentro parietal, bifid; ovules many. Fruit a capsule or berry. Seeds many, minute ; albumen 0 or scanty.

## ※SCHYNANTHUS, Jack.

Epiphytic shrubs. Leaves opposite, fleshy, nerves obscure. Calyx truncate, 5 -fid. Corolla tubular-ventricose ; limb 2-lipped. Stamens 4, didynamous. Dise annular. Orary superior; stigma peltate; placentæ deeply inflexed, then recurred, bearing the ovules. Capsule long linear, loculicidally 2-valved. Seeds many, small, sessile, pendulous, rugose, hairy at tho end next the hilum, 1 hair at the apex.

业. Perrottetii, A. DC. Prod. IX. 261 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 339 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 135. On the Konkan and North Kánara ghats on trees in the evergreen forests, common on the Nilkund ghát. Fl. Dec., Jany. Fr. ripe next cold season.

## Order 65. BIGNONIACE厌.

Trees. Leaves opposite, pinnate. Flowers showy, hermaphrodite, irregular, racemose or panicled. Calyx campanulate, 2-5 lobed or spathaceous. Corolla 2-lipped. Stamens 4, didynamous or 5. Disc cushion-like or annular. Ovary 2-celled, ovules numerous. Fruit a capsule usually elongated. Seeds discoid, broadly winged, exalbuminous.

| Stamens 5 perfectStamens 4 perfect. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaves undivided, (compound in extra Indian species) ...Tecoma.Leaves 1-2 pinnate. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Calyx large, Bell-shaped | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | ... Pajanelia. |
| Calyx spathaceous | ... | .. |  | Dolichandron |
| Calyx irregularly 2-3 lobed | ... | ... | ... | ... Heterophragma |
| Calyx shortly lobed or truncate |  | ... | ... | ...Stereospermum. |
| Leaves 2-3 pinnate ... | ... | ... | ... | Millingtonia. |

OROXYLUIM, Vent.
A tree. Leaves bipinnate, large. Flowers large, in erect terminal racemes. Calyx persistent. Leathery, truncate. Corolla campanulate, oblique, 5 -lobed. Stamens 5. all fertile ; anthers 2 -celled. Capsule large flat, linear, the dissepiment parallel to the valves, septicidally dehiscent. Seeds with a broad transparent wing.
O. indicum, Vent. Dec. Gen. Nov. 8 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 378 ; Bedd. Fl. Syv. 148 ; Spathodea indica, Pers. Calosanthes indica, Brandis For. Fl. 347 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 161. Tetu, K. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara gháts in moist forests, very common in the evergreen forests near the Nilkund ghát. Fl. May, July. Fr. ripe Jany.; remains long on tree. Flowers feetid, fleshy.

A large tree. Leaves opposite, bi-tri-pinnate. Flowers in numerous flowered panicles. Calyx 5 -toothed, teeth recurved, truncate. Corolla with a long slender tube and an oblique month, 5 -lobed.

Stamens 4; anthers 1-celled, the other cell reduced to a small hook. Capsule flat, linear, dehiscing at the edges. Seeds with a broad hyaline wing.
M. hortensis, Linn. f. Suppl. 291 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 377 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv, t. 249 ; Brandis For. Fl. 347 ; Wight. Ill. 101. Nimi-chambeli, akas-nimb, M. Cultivated along road sides and in parks and gardens throughout the presidency. Fl. Aug., Sept., also during the cold weather in the Konkan. Indigenous in the Malay Archipelago.

## TECOMA, Juss.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves simple or pinnate. Flowers in terminal racemes or panicles. Calyx campanulate, 5 -toothed. Corolla tubular-ventricose, lobes 5 . Stamens glabrous, inserted in the lower part of the corolla-tube; anthers 2-celled. Ovary 2 -celled on the annular disc. Capsule linear, loculicidally 2 -valved. Seeds flat, imbricate with a thin, membranous wing.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Leaves simple } . . \\
& \text { Leaves compound ... } . . . \\
& . . . \\
& . . . \\
& \text {....T. Undulata. Stans. }
\end{aligned}
$$

T. undulata, G. Don. Gen. Syst. IV. 223 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 378 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 161; Brandis For. Fl. 352. Lohuri, lohern, Sind; ralita rolide, M. In Sind and Gujarát, planted in gardens at Bombay, Fl. Mch.-Apl. Fr. May-July.
T. Stans, Spreng. Syst. 2. 834 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 55. In gardens, and run wild in the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. R. and.C. seasons. Corolla yellow. A native of South America.

## DOLICHANDRONE, Seem.

Trees. Leaves l-pinnate. Flowers in racemes or terminal panicles. Calyx spathaceous, circumciss-deciduous. Corolla tubular, 5 -lobed; lobes imbricate in bud. Stamens didynamous 4, with a rudimentary 5th. Anther-cells diverging. Ovary 2-celled. Capsule cylindrical or compressed, loculicidally dehiscent, septum free. Seeds discoid, winged.

> Leaffets glabrous, acuminate, petiolule $\frac{1}{2}$ inch. Capsule slightly compressed.... ...
> Leaflets pubescent, obtuse, petiolule 0 or very .... D. $^{\text {cerispa. }}$
> Capsule much compressed, falcate ...
D. crispa, Seem. in Seem. Jour. Bot. VIII. 381 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 379 Spathodet crispa, Brandis For. Fl. 350 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 168. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 160. Mushwal, K. Common in the dry forests of the Kuputgudda range in the Dhárwár district. Fl. Aug., Sept. Fr. ripe next R.S.
D. falcata, Seem. in Seem. Jour. Bot. VIII. 381 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 380 ; Spathodea falcata, Wall. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 160 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 71 ; Brandis For. Fl. 350 ; Dolichandrone Lavii, Seem. Fl. Br. I. 4.
380. Mersingi, medesinghi, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in deciduous forests. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. ripe Jany.

HETEROPHRAGMA, DC.
Trees. Leaves large, 1-pinnate. Elowers in terminal, woolly panicles. Calgx irregularly lobed or lipped. Corolla bell-shaped, 5-lobed, tomentose or glabrous. Capsule elongate, spuriously 4-celled. Seeds winged on 2 sides.
H. Roxburghii, DC. Prod. IX. 210 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.381 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 160 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 169 ; Sputhodea Roxburghii, Brandis For. F1. 350 . Wurus, panlay, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Feb., Apl. Fr. R.S.

## STEREOSPERMUM, Uham.

Trees. Leaves 1-2-pinnate. Flowers in large termiual panicles. Corolla bell or funnel-shaped, yellow or rose, 5 -lobed. Stamens 4 with a rudimentary 5 th.' Dise fleshy, annular. Capsule elougatelinear or compressed quadrangular, loculicidally 2 -valved. Seeds winged on 2 sides.

Leaves 1 -pinnate.
Glabrous. Flowers yellow, Capsule obscurely quadrangular...S. chelonoides. Inflorescence viscous pubescent. Corolla lilac or purple. Capsule elongate-linear with 4 prominent lines... ... ...S. suaveolens. Leaves 2-pinnate. Capsule cylindric, tubercled ... ...S. xylocarpum.
S. chelonoides, DC. Prod. IX. 210 ; FI. Br. I. 4. 382 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 72; Brandis For. F1. 352 ; Heterophragma chelonoides, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 160. Padel, paral, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in evergreen forests, also iu deciduous moist forests. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. Aug., Jan.
S. suaveolens, DC. Prod. IX. 211 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 382 ; Bedd. FI. Sylv169 ; Brandis For. Fl. 351; Heterophragna suaveolens, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 161. Purul, Vern. Kalgari, patala, M. In the deciduous forests of the dry districts of the presidency. Common in the Dhárwár district ferests. Fl. Apl.-May. Fr. Nov.-Dec. Flowers viscous tomentose, fragrant.
S. xylocarpum, Wgt. Ic. t. 1335-6; Fl. Br. I. 4. 383 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. t. 70 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 1 万59 ; Spathoden xylocarpa, Brandis For. Fl. 349. Kırsing, M. ; genasing, K. : Unirsing, Vern. Throughout the presidency, common in the Dhárwár district dry forests. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. next Apl., May. Capsule long, woody.

## PAJANELIA, DC.

Trees. Leaves 1-pinnate. Flowers large, in terminal panicles. Calyx bell-shaped. Corolla large, ventricose, lobes unequal. Stamens 4 with a rudimentary 5th, Disc annular. Ovary 2 -celled. Capsule large, oblong, winged. Seeds winged all round.
P. Rheedii, DC. Prod. IX. 227; Fl. Br. I. 4. 384 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 169. In the moist forests of North Kánara. Along the banks of nálás in the Yellápur táluka. F1. C.S. Flowers very large, filled when young with mucilage.

## Opder 66. ACANTHACER

Herbs, slrubs or trees. Leaves opposite, simple. Flowers bracteate and 2 bracteolate. Calyx 5-partite. Corolla 2-lipped or subequally 5-lobed. Stamens 4-2, on corolla-tube. Ovary superior, 2-celled. Ovules 1 or more in each cell. Capsule loculicidal, often elastically dehiscent. Seeds generally seated on retinacula and often clothed with elastic hairs, seen when wetted.

```
Stamens usually 4.
Climbing shrubs. Retinacula 0 ... ... ...Thunbergia.
Erect shrubs. Anther.cells parallel, not spurred.
Seeds on retinacula. Corolla 5-lohed, not lipped ...Stromlanthes.
Corolla deeply 2-lipped ... ... ... ... ...Calacakthus.
Corolla 1-lipped, the other lip obsolete ... ... ...Acantius.
Stamens2.
Anther-cells one higher than the other, often spurred
    at the base.
Corolla-tube short, lips subequal.
Anther-cells obtuse writh a white basal xppendage ...Justicia.
Anther-cells acute at apex, minutely tailed at basc...Adiatoda.
Corolla white with a very long tube, 2-lipped, lips
    very mnequal ... ... ... ... ... ...Rhinacanthus.
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The following undershrubs are found throughout the forests of the Deccan, Konkan and North Kánara :-Doedalacanthus roseus, T. Anders.; D. purpurascens, T. Anders. (gulsham, M.) ; D. montanus, T. Anders. ; Blepharis asperrima, Nees; Barleria Prionitis, Linn. (kalsunda, pivala-koranta, M.); B. cuspidata, Heyne, (common in the dry districts of the presidency) ; $\mathcal{B}$. Hochstetteri, Nees (Sind) ; B. mysorensis, Roth. (Dhárwár district); B. acanthoides, Vahl.(Sind) ; B. involucratte, Nees (var. elata) ; B. Lawii, T, Anders. ; B. montanc, Nees (kolista, ikhari, M.) ; B. Gibsoni, Dalz. ; B., cristata, Linn.; B. courtallica, Nees; B. strigosa, Willd. (vohtii, kala Tiorauta, M.) ; Neuracanthus spheerostachyus, Dalz.; N. tvinervius, Wight, (moist forests of North Kánara) ; Crossanelra unduløefolia, Salisb. (Aboli, M.) (often cultivated) ; Eranthemrom malabaricum, C.B.C. (in evergreen forests) ; Gymnostachyum lutifolium, T. Anders. (in evergreen forests); L'cholium Linneanam, Kz. (ranaboli, dhalita-adalsa, M.) (in the evergreen forests of North Kánara).

THUNBERGIA, Linn.f.
Climbing shrubs. Leaves cordate, angular. Flowers in axillary. fracteate racemes. Calyx an entire or toothed ring, 2 bracteolate. Corolla curved, ventricose with 5 subequal lobes, Anther-cells ciliate. Uvary 2 -celled, 2-ovuled. Disc thick, surrounding the orary. Capsule globular, beaked, 2-4-seeded at the base.
T. mysorensis, T. Anders. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IX. 448 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 393 ; Hexucentris mysorensis, Wight Lc. t. 871 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 18?. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara near the Falls of Gairsoppah. Fl. Dec., Jany. An ornamental plant.

## STROBILANTHES, B1.

Shrubs or herbs. Leaves ontire or serrate, often with raphides. Flowers axillary or in terminal, interrupted, or strobiliform spikes or panicles. Bracts leafy, deciduous or persistent, bracteoles small or 0 . Calyx 5 -divided, segments equal or unequal. Corolla campautate, lobes nearly equal. Stamens 4 or 2. Capsule $4-2$-seeded. Seeds compressed, hairy or glabrous; hairs elastic when wetted; retinacula curved.

S. barbatus, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 85 ; Fl. Br. I. t. 437 ; S. tetrapterıs, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 187. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Common in the Yellápur Táluka. Flowers once in every seven years, a gregarious shrub with winged stems and white flowers, hairy within. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr. Apl., May. Tho bracts and bracteoles become densely viscous hairy in fruit.
S. warreensis, Dalz. in Hook. Kew Jour. II. 341 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 187 ; S. parviflorus, Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 197. Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common in the Nilkund ghát forests. Fl. Oct. Fr. ripe Feb. Leaves with $7-8$ pairs of nerves. Peduncles jointed, softly woolly. Capsule $\frac{3}{4}$ inch, exserted from the hairy calyx. Seeds thin, flat, shining, on large retinacula.
S. ciliatus, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 85 ; El. Br. I. 4. 439 ; Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 211 ; Wight Ic. t. 1517. Evergreen forests of the Yellápur táluka of North Kánara. Fl. Oct., Nov. Leaves with 1-5 pairs of nerves. Peduncles jointed; leafy, bracteate, glabrous. Stamens exserted. My specimens agree well with the plate in Wight's Icones.
S. Iupulinus, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 85 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 443 ; S. Dalzellii, T. Anders. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts in moist forests, common near Yellápur, and in the forests near the Ram and Coessi Gháts. Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S.
S. Heyneanus, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 85 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 443 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 187; S. rugosus, Wight Ic. t. 1619 ; S. asperrimus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 187. Akra, M. On the gháts of the Konkan and North Kinara, common in the evergreen forests between the Nilkund and Gairsoppah gháts. Flowers apparently every year during Nov., Dec. The bracts are white, glabrous. Corolla blue. A large shrub. I have a small shrub from the Bababuden hills of Mysore, 5,000 ft . alt, which has the red bracts and deep blue flowers of $S$. rugosus, Wgt. Ic. t. 1619. Fl. during Aug., Sept. Fr. C.S.
S. ixiocephalus, Benth. in Flora 1849, p. 557 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.444 ; Bedd. Ic. Pl. Ind. Or. t. 203 ; S. Neesianus, Wight; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 188; S. glutinosus, Grah. Cat. Bomb. P]. 162? Throughout the Konkan gháts, common in North Kánara from the coast inland in both evergreen and deciduous forests, often on laterite. Flowers annually during the cold season. Fr. H.S. A large gregarious shrub, with pale blue or almost white flowers in viscous hairy heads. The branchlets are sometimes clothed with long woolly hairs.
S. scrobiculatus, Dalz. MS. Fl. Br. I. 4. 445. On the higher ghaits of the Konkan and North Kánara, common on the summit of Dursing gudda in the Supa táluka of North Kánara, 3,400 feet elevation. Fl. annually Dec., Jany. Fr. Jany., Feb. I have a shrub from a lower level ( $2,000 \mathrm{ft}$.) in the same táluka, which differs from S. scrobiculatus, in having longer spikes, larger persistent bracts and much smaller corollas. It grows in the beds of streams or on the rocky banks. Fl. Fr. Feb., Mch.
S. callosus, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 85 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 188 ; S. Grahamianus, Wight Ic. t. 1520 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 187. Karvi, Vern. Covers large areas on the Konkan and North Kánara ghats, and forms the undergrowth in many of the deciduous moist forests. Sometimes a very large shrub ( 30 ft . in height and $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter). A general flowering takes place every seven years. The white, glabrous bracts become covered after fertilization of the ovaries, with viscous, strongly smelling hairs. The flowers vary in colour from purple-blue to pink. Last general flowering in North Kánara took place in Sept., Oct., 1887. The capsules ripen during the cold and hot seasons and are elastically dehiscent, making a peculiar, almost continuous, noise during the shedding of the seeds in ar forest of this species. The viscous, fruiting bracts are no doubt protective against boring insects.
S. asper, Wight Ic. t. 1518, not of Dene. Fl. Br. I. 4. 452. S. Konkan gháts, $5-8,000 \mathrm{ft}$. Stocks. Bababuden hills, Mysore, 6,000 ft. alt. Fl. Aug. Sept. Fr. C.S.
S. sessilis, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 85 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 452 ; var. Ritchiei, S. sessiloides, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 187. Butira, M. Very common on the gháts of the Belgaum district. In North Kánara common on laterite in the Supa, Siddápur and Sirsi tálukas, also on the gháts of the Konkan near Bombay. A gregarious small species. General flowering once in fifteen years, last took place near the Rám ghát of the Belgaum district in Sept. 1889. Fr. ripe Nov., Dec. Leaves shortly petiolate, more glabrous than in S. sessilis, Nees.
S. perfoliatus, T. Anders. in Jour. Linn. Soc. IX. 471 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 458; Endopogon integrifolius, Halz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 185. On the Konkan gháts, near Panvel, Dalz.; common in North Kánara; usually in evergreen or near evergreen forests from Ainshi southwards, gregarious. General flowering once in seven years; last took place near Ainshi from Dec. till Mch. 1887. Fr. Mch.-May. Leaves light-coloured or steel-grey beneath. Bracts linear, viscous-ciliate. Flowers blue, very handsome.

## CALACANTHUS, T. Anders.

A shrub. Leaves large, entire. Flowers in terminal, bracteate, hairy spikes. Calyx 5-divided. Corolla purple, deeply 2-lipped. Stamens didynamous. Orary glabrous; style hairy. Seeds densely hairy.
C. Dalzelliana, T. Anders. ; Benth. in Gen. Plont. II. 1088 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 478 ; Lepidagathis grandiflora, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 190. Motayén, M. On the Konkan gháts, near Bombay. Dalz. Common on the Supa gháts of North Kánara. Fl. Oct., Nov. F'r. January. Flowers annualls.

ACANTHUS, Linn,
Shrubs or herbs, Leares often spinous. Flowers in terminal, bracteate spikes. Calyx 4-partite. Corolla 1-lipped, lip 3-lobed. Stamens didynamous; anthers bearded. Capsule compressed, 4seeded. Seeds large, flat; retinacula thick.
A. ilicifolius, Linn. Benth. Fl. Austral. IV. 548; Fl. Br. I. 4. 481; Dilivaria ilicifolia, Nees; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 192. Sea holly. Míríndi, moránní, M. Along the coasts of the Konkan and North Kánara. Common in tidal swamps and along the banks of creeks and tidal rivers. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. June, July.

## JUSTICIA, L.

Herbs or shrubs. Leaves entire. Calyx 4-5-divided. Corolla 2-lipped. Stamens 2, anther-cells oblique, the lower one spurred. Capsule 2-4-seeded, base narrow, sterile. Seeds cordate, scaly or tubercular, without elastic hairs.

Bracts larger than calyx.
Spikes interrupted. Bracts green, herbaceous. Corolla white with purple spots in the throat .... ... J. montand.

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Spikes continuous. Bracts white, green-nerved.
    Corolla white, rose-spotted ... ... ... ... J. Betonica.
Bracts linear, shorter than the calyx. Spikes inter-
    rupted.
Leaves lanceolate, glabrous. Flowers and capsule
    glabrous ... ... ... ... ... ... ... J. Genderussa.
Leaves elliptic, pubescent. Flowers and capsule pubes-
    scent ... ... ... ... ... ... ... J. wynaadensis.
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J. montana, Wall. Cat. 2471, not of Roxb. ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 525; Hemichoriste montana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 194. Konkan and North Kánara gláts, ịn evergreen forests. Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. Jany., Mch. Seeds very rugose when ripe.
J. Betonica, Linṇ. ; Roxb. Fl. Ind. 1. 128 ; FI. Br. I. 4. 525 ; var. ramosissima ; Adhatoda ramosissima, Nees ; Dalz, \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 193. Sut, M. Throughout the presidency, often in hedges and near villages. FI. Fr. Dec., Feb.
J. Gendarussa, Linn. f. Suppl. 85 ; Fl. Br. I. 4, 532 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 71. Balias, teo, M. Throughout the presidency, naturalized near villages and along the banks of nálás. Fl. \& Fr. Jany., Mch.

J, wynaadensis, Wall. Cat. 2474 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.533 ; Athatoda wynnaadensis, Nees; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 194. Common in the evergreen forests of North Kánara, also in the forests of the Belgaum gháts. F!. and Fr. Dec., A pril.

## ADHATODA, Nees.

Large shrubs. Characters of Justicia, but anther-cells are acute at apex, scarcely spurred at base,
A. vasica, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III, 103 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 540 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 194. Adulsa, bakus, vasuka, Vern. Throughout the presidency, common as a hedge plant. Flowers at different times throughout the year. Corolla white, throat with a few irregular rosecoloured bars.

## RHINACANTHUS, Nees.

Shrubs. Leaves entire. Flowers in dense or spreading, lax panicles. Calyx small. Corolla white, limb 2-lipped, upper short, 2-lobed, lower broad, 3-lobed; tube long, slender. Stamens 2 at the top of the corolla-tube ; anther-cells muticous. Capsule clavate, 4 -seeded. Seeds compressed, tuberculate.
R. communis, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. III. 109 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 541 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 194. Gajkarni. Apparently wild in the deciduous forests of the Belgaum district, also on the ghats of North Kánara near Supa and generally throughout the presidency. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. May, June.

## Order 67. VERBENACE压.

Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves opposite or whorled, simple or digitate. Iuflorescence.cymose. Cymes often panicled, bracteate.

Calyx :-1-tonthed, persistent. Corolla gamopetalons, 2-lipped or suberpually 5-lobed. Stamens generally 4, didynamous. Ovary superior, 2 -4-celled, 4-ovuled. Fruit a drupe, 1-4-celled; cells 1 -seeded.


LANTANA, Limn.
Shrubs. Branches 4 -sided, sometimes prickly. Leaves simple, creuate often rugose. Flowers in peduncled bracteate heads. Calyx small, membranous. Corolla-tube slender, limb spreading, lobes mequal. Ovary 2 -celled, 2 -ovuled. Drupe fleshy, containing two bony pyreues.

> Branches hairy or strigose, not prickly. Bracts broad, reined .... ... Branches with recurved prickles. Bracts linear, small ... L. indica. L. Canara.
L. indica, Roxb. Hort. Beng. 46 ; Fl. Ind. III. 89 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.562 ; L. alba, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl, 198 ; Brandis For, Fl. 369. Ghaneri, M. Thinly scattered throughout the presidency. Dalzell; common in the Kadur district of Mysore, near coffee plantations, (coffee uceed). The variety albiforic, Wight, is also abundant at the base of the Bababuden hills, in dry forests. Flowers throughout the year.
L. Camara, Linn. Fl. Br. I. 4. 562 ; L. aculeata, Linn. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 68. Ghaneri, M. Very common in waste places near villages throughout the presidency, often in hedges; sometimes scandent ; an introduced shrub. Fl. and Fr. througnoat the year.

## CALLICARPA, Linn.

Stellately tomentose shrubs or trees. Leaves toothed or subentire. Cymes axillary. Calyx very small, limb minutely 4-lobed, not accrescent. Corolla small, tubular. Stamens 4; anthers exserted. Drupe small ; pyrenes 4.
C. lanata, Linn. Mant. 331 ; Fl. Br. I. 4.567 ; Brandis For. Fl. 368 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 173 : C. cana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 200, not of Linn. Kan phulia, M. ; eisur, eshwar, Vern. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara ghíts, common, sometimes a small tree, but
usually a large shrub. Fl. Feb., May. Fr. Aug., Oct. Stamens exserted.

TECTONA; Linn. f.
Trees stellately tomentose. Leaves large, entire. Cymes in large terminal panicles. Bracts small, narrow. Calyx 5-6-lobed, in fruit enlarged, urceolate. Corolla equally 5-6-lubed. Ovary 4celled. Drupe densely hairy, 4-celled.
T. grandis, Linn. f. Suppl. 151; Fl. Br. I. 4. 5:0; Dalz. \& Gibs, Bomb. Fl. 199 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 250 ; Brandis For. Fl. 354. S'ígvan, síg, M.; tegina, K. Teak tree. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, grows to a large size along the well-drained slopes of the Kálínadi in North Kánara, the underlying rock being usually metamorphic schist. Fl. June, Aug. Fr. ripe Nov., Jan.

PREMNA, Linn.
Trees or shrubs, sometimes climbing. Leaves entire or toothed. Cymes terminal, panicled, or corymbose. Flowers greenish-white or purplish, often odorous. Calyx 2-lipped or cup-shaped. Corolla short, tubular ; limb 2-lipped. Drupe small, globose, l-4-celled and seeded.

> Climbing shrub. Corymbs large, purple. Calyx cup-
> shaped... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... P. coriacea.
> Erect tree, sometimes spinous. Corymbs greenish-yellow.
> Calyx 2-lipped ... ... ... ... ... ... ... P. interrifolia.
P. coriacea, Clarke, Fl. Br. I. 4. 573 ; P. scandens, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb: Fl. 199, not of Roxb. P. cordifolia, Grah. Cat. Pl. Bomb. 155, not of Roxb. Chambari, Vern. Konkan and North Kánara gháts, in moist forests. Common from Ainshi southwards. The large purple corymbs (not greenish-yellow) and young leaves appear in Apl., May. Fr. ripe June, an ornamental climber. Clarke no doubt follows Dalzell and Graham as to the colour of the flowers; but my plant, determined at Kew and Calcutta, has the corymbs purplish and not greenish-yellow.
P. integrifolia, Linn. Mant. 252 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 574 ; Brandis For. Fl. 366 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 155 ; P. serratifolia, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 172 ; P. latifolia, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 200. Khảrá-narvel, aran, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, usually near the sea-coast. Fl. June, July. Fr. ripe July, Aug. The greenish-yellow flowers bave a peculiar odour. The seeds are pear-shaped with a fluted top-one to each fruit, not 3-4, in the North Kánara plant. P. cordifolia, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 199 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 155, is doubtfully referred to P. corymbosa, Rottl. in the F1. of Br . I. by Clarke; it is noted from Khandála on the Konkan gháts; leaves long acuminate, seeds rough. Is this simply a form of $P$. integrifolia, Linn.? In Grabam's Catalogue, p. 155, there is a species, called P. Nimmoniana, G. (gura, kal gura, Vern.), which is said to grow at Mahábaleshvar, also on the Rotundia ghát. This species is not quoted in the Fl. Br. I.

## GMELINA, Lim.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves entire or lobed. Cymes panicled. Flowers large, yellow. Calyx campanulate, 5-tootherd. Corollatrabe ventricose upwards, limb 4-5-lobed. Stamens didynamous. Style slender, shortly bifid. Fruit a succulent drupe.

| Unarmed tree | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$. | G. arborea, |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Spinescent shrub | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | G. asiatica. |

G. arborea, Linn.; Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 84 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 581 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 201 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 253 ; Brandis For. Fl. 36.4 ; Gamble Ind. Timbers 295. Shivani, K.; shivan, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, yields an excellent, strong, light timber, useful for ornamental work and which does not warp or shrink. Fl. March, April. Fr. May-June.
G. asiatica, Linn. ; Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 87 ; Brandis For. Fl. 365 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 172 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. PI. 158. Common in gardens Bombay, forms an excellent hedge plant. Fl. throughout the year.

## VITEX, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves usually 3-5-foliate. Calys truncate or 5 -toothed. Corolla 2-lipped, 5-toothed. Central lobe of lower lip largest. Stamens 4, in pairs, exserted. Ovary 2 -4-celled, 4 -ovuled. Drupe globose, supported by the more or less accrescent calys.

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Flowers in terminal panicles.
Leaves 1-3-foliate, leaflets sessile, white mealy beneath ... V. trifolia.
Leaves 3 -5-foliate, leaflets petioluled, grey-pubescent
    beneath ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... V. Nefyundo.
Leaves 3 -5-foliate; petioles 0 or slightly winged ... ... V. altissima.
Leaves \(3-5\)-foliate ; petioles broadly winged, wing cordate
    at the base ... ... ... ... ... ... . ... V. alata.
Flowers in axillary corymbose cymes ... ... ... ... V. Leucoxylon.
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V. trifolia, Linn. f. Suppl. 293 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 172 ; Brandis For. W1. 370. Nirgunda, Vern. ; indráni, lingur, M. Scattered throughout the presidency. Scarcely differs from the next species, has shorter calysteeth than $V$. Negundo, Linn. The leaves are sometimes unifoliate. Fl. Mch.-June and at other times during the jear.
V. Negundo, Linn. Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 70 ; El. Br. I. 4, 583 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 171 ; Brandis For. Fl. 369 ; V. bicolor, Willd.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 201. Lekkigidda, shurnboli, K.; nirgunda. nengar, II. Indian privet. Throughout the presidency and Sind, very common along the banks of rivers and in moist situations in or near deciduous forests. Fl. Mch.-May ; also throughout the year at other times.
V. altissima, Linn. f. Suppl. 294 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 585 ; Dalz. \& Gibs ${ }^{\circ}$ Bomb. Fl. 201 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 252 ; Brandis For. Fl. 370. Bulgi nauladi-mara, K. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, abundant in the Kumta and Yellápur táluka forests. Yields a valuable timber. Fl. Mas. Fr. June, July.
V. alata, Heyne ; Roth. Nov. Sp. 316 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 584 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 201 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 155. In the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; common in the Yellapur táluka in evergreen forests, scarcely separable from V. altissima, L.f. Fl. Apl.May. Fr. June, July.
V. Leucoxylon, Linn. f. Suppl. 293 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 587 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 201 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 171 ; Brandis For. Fl. 370. Hola naki, senkani, K.; songarbi, M.; sherus, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, along the banks of rivers and nálás, in moist forests, attains a considerable size ; stem thick and short. Fl. Eeb., Apl. Fr. May, Junc. Leaves often 5 -foliate, petiole not winged.

## CLERODENDRON, Linn.

Shrubs or small trees. Leaves simple, opposite or whorled. Flowers axillary or terminal. Calyx 5-toothed or lobed, accrescent in fruit. Corolla-tube long, cylindric; lobes 5, equal. Stamens 4, exserted. Ovary 4 -celled, cells 1-ovuled; style filiform, bifid. Fruit a drupe, dry or sacculent.

Leaves opposite. Corolla white.
Leaves small, obovate. Cymes few flowered, axillary.
Calyx in fruit campanulate, slightly lobed or truncate ... C. inerme.
Leaves ovate, sinuate. Flowers in axillary or terminal panicles.
Calyx deeply cleft, lobes caudate-acuminate ... ... C. phlomoides.
Leaves large, ovate, cordate, tomentose. Flowers in terminal panicles.
Calyx in fruit much enlarged, red within ... ... ... C. infortunatum.
Leaves long, lanceolate. Flowers in lax, terminal panicles. Calyx $\frac{1}{2}$ inch, deeply divided ... ... ... ... C. Siphonanthus.
Leaves in verticels of 3 . Flowers blue. Calyx $\frac{1}{4}$ inch, cup-shaped ... ... ... ... ... ... ... C. serratum.
C. inerme, Gærtn. Fruct. 1. 271, t. 57, fig. 1. Fl. Br. I. 4. 589 ; Dałz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 200 ; Bedd. For. Man. 174 ; Brandis For. Fl. 363. Common near the sea-coast of the Konkan and North Kánara. Flowers throughout the year, abundantly during the rainy season. Tube of corolla nearly 1 inch long.
C. phlomoídes, Linn. f. Suppl. 292 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 590 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 200 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 174 ; Brandis For. Fl. 363. Irun, Vern. ; arni, Gujarát. In the dry districts of the presidency, usually in hedges, common in the south of Dhárwár. El. thiroughout the year.
C. serratum, Epreng. Syst. II. 758 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 592 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 200; Brandis For. Fl. 364. Barungi, Vern. Throughout the presidency, often in deciduous forests, a small shrub, scarcely woody. Fl. May-Aug. Fruit a drupe of four pyrenes.
C. infortunatum, Gærtn. Fruct. 1. 271, t. 57, fig. 1; Fl. Br. I. 4. 594 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 173 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 200. Bhant, bliat, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, very common in North Kánara. Fl. Dec.-Apl. Fr. R.S. The flowers are tinged witls red. Calyx in fruit red, leathery.
C. Siphonanthus, Br. in Ait. Hort. Kew ed. 2. IV. 65 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 595 ; Brandis For. Fl. 364 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 69. Barangi, Vern. Cultivated in gardens and near villages throughout the presidency, sometimes a garden escape. Fl. June-Oct. Tube of white corolla very long, 4 inches.

## SYMPHOREMA, Roxb.

Scandent shrubs. Leaves entire or toothed. Flowers in 7 -flowered, capitate cymes. Involucre of 6, obovate bracts, accrescent in fruit. Calyx 4-8-toothed. Corolla small, white. Stamens 6-16; anthers exsertcd. Ovary 2-celled, cells 2-ovuled. Fruit dry, 1 -seeded.

Leaves thin, entire or slightly toothed. Flowers small, $\frac{\pi}{2}$ inch. Bracts linear, spathulate, membranous. Stamens few ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... S. involucratum.
Leaves leathery, deeply repand or toothed. Flowers 1 -inch. Bracts obovate, broad. Stamens many ... ... ... S. polyandrum.
S. involucratum, Roxb. Cor. Pl. II. 46. t. 186 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 599 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 199. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests, common in the forests near Yellápur. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. May, June.
S. polyandrum, Wight Ic. t. 363 ; El. Br. I. 4. 599. In the Belgaum and Dhárwár districts in open sitaations, also in dry deciduous forests. Bare of leaves when in flower. Flowers profusely during Feb., Mch. Fr. May, takes the place of $S$. involucratum in the dry zone.

## AVICENNIA, Linn.

A small tree. Leaves coriaceous, entire. Flowers sessile, yellow in peduncled heads. Sepals 5. Bracts and bracteoles small. Corolla 4-divided ; divisions equal. Stamens 4, on the throat of the corolla. Capsule compressed, ovate, mucronate, 1-seeded ; cotyledons thick, fleshy, folded; radicle villous.
A. offlcinalis, Linn. Schauer in DC. Prod. XI. 700 ; Fl. Br. I. 4. 604 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylf. 174 ; Brandis For. F1. 371. White mangrove. Tivar, M. Common in salt marshes and along the banks of tidal rivers and creeks, throughout the Konkan and North Kínara. Leaves glaucous bencath. Fruit tomentose without. Fl. Mch.-Apl., May. Fr. ripe July, Aug.

## Order 68. LABIAT无.

Herbs rarely shrubs, usually with many oil-glands. Stem quadrangular. Leaves opposite or whorled, stipnles 0 . Flowers irregular. Calyx 4-5-cleft or 2-lipped. Corolla monopetalous, limb 4-5. lobed or 2-lipped, lobes imbricate in bud. Stamens on the corollatube, 4 , didynamous, or the 2 upper imperfect. Disc prominont. Ovary 4 -lobed and celled, ovule solitary erect, 1 in each cell. Fruit of 4, small, 1-seeded nuts, enclosed in the calyx.

## COLEBROOKIA, Emith.

A woolly shrub. Leaves opposite or in verticels of 3. Flowers small, in panicled spikes of dense whorls. Calyx with long feathery teeth. Corolla very small. Stamens 4. Nutlets hairy, obovoid.
C. oppositifolia, Smith. Exot. Bot. II. t. 111 ; El. Br. I. 4.642 ; C. ternifolia, Roxb.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 209. Dussarika jhár, bhamini, Vern. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, common. Fl. Dec., Jan. Fr. Mch., Apl. Graham says "spikes like a squirrel's tail." The feathery calyx divisions are accrescent in fruit.

Several species of Ocimum, Orthosiphon, Plectranthus and Pogostemon are common undershrubs throughout the presidency.

## Order 69. NYCTAGINEA.

Herbs, shrubs or trees. Leaves usually opposite, simple. Inflorescence various, flowers often bracteate-involucrate, or bracts small, cleciduous. Perianth petaloid; monopetalous, tube persistent; limb $3-5$-lobed, plaited in bud. Stamens $4-5$, rarely more (up to 20), sometimes unilateral, filaments unequal, inflexed in bud. Ovary free, 1 -celled ; stigma simple or multifid; ovule 1, erect. Fruit membranous, enclosed in the perianth-tube. Seed erect, albumen floury or soft. Embryo curved, folded or convolute.

## PISONIA, Linn.

Trees or shrubs, often spinous. Leaves opposite or alternate. Flowers in corymbs, usually dioccious. Perianth 5-10-toothed. Stamens 6-10, exserted. Ovary oblique; stigma capitate. Fruit clavate; cotyledons crumpled.
P. aculeata, Linn.; Fl. Br. I. 4. 711 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl.167. South Konkan. Grab. Fl. Jan., Feb. Spines axillary, recurved.

## Order 70. POLYGONACE王.

Herbs or shrubs. Leaves usually alternate. Stipules scarious, sheathing. Flowers bisexual, jointed on the pedicil. Perianth of $3-6$, free or connate, persistent sepals. Stamens $5-8$, opposite the sepals. Ovary free, 2-4-angled; styles 1-3; ovule 1, basal. Fruit a hard nut, enclosed in the calyx. Albumen floury or hard horny.

## CALLIGONUM, Linn.

Shrubs. Leaves alternate, linear or 0 . Sheathing stipule short. Flowers 2 -scxual. Sepals 5. Ovary 4-angled. Fruit a 4-angled nut, winged, hairy or bristly.
C. polygonoides, Linn. Meissu. in DC. Prod. XIV. 1. 29; Fl. Br. I. 5. 22. Sind.

Rigid shrubs. Leaves small, alternate or fascicled. Sheathing stipule short or 0 . Tlowers small. Sepals 5. Ovary 3 -angled; styles 3. Fruit a 6 -winged, beaked nut.
P. Oliveri, Jaub. \& Spach. Ill. Pl. Orient. II. 9, t. 108 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 23. Wight Ic. t. 1809. Sind. Stocks. Fl. Sept., Oct.

## Order 71. MYRISTICE压.

Evergreen trees. Leaves alternate, entire, usually dotted. Flowers dicecious, regular, fascieled, umbelled or panicled. Perianth deciduous, usually 3 -lobed, lobes valvate in bud. Male fl. Anthers 3 or more, connate in a sessile or stipitate column, head, ring or dise, 2celled. Female A1, Ovary superior, free, sessile, 1-celled; style short or 0 ; stigma capitate, discoid or lobed; ovule 1, basal, erect. Fruit fleshy, opening in 2 -valves. Seed more or less covered with a lobed or lacerate, often coloured arillus; testa thin, albumen hard, ruminite. Embryo at base of seed, very small, cotyledons divaricate.

## MYRISTICA, Linn.

The ouly genus, same characters as the order.

> Male flowers bracteolate.
> Anthers elongate, connate, stipitate.
> Male flowers axillary, crowded on short, stout peduncles. M. laurifolia. Male flowers in axillary, branched, trichotomous cymes. M. malabarica. Male flowers with the anthers on the edge of a peltate, toothed, stipitate disc. Cymes fascicled on a short peduncle.
M. laurifolia, Hook. f \& T. Fl. Ind. 163 ; Fl, Br. I. 5. 103 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 267. M. Beddomei, G. King. Ann. Cal. Gard. III. 291. Jajikai, K. ; jutaphal, M. Very common in the evergreen forests of the southern gháts of North Kínara, also ou the Konkan gháts. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Jume, July. Fruit brown minutely pubescent, furrowed longitudinally. The nutmegs (rímpluul) and mace (rímputre) of this species are exported to Bombay from North Kínara.

IM. malabarica, Lamk. in Act Par. 1788, 162 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 103 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 4 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 269 ; King Ann. Cal. Bot. Gard. III 288. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, common in the Kumta táluka forests. Fl. Nov., Mch. Fr. R.S.
M. Farquhariana, Wall. Cat. 6795 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 108 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 270 ; M. canarica, Bedd. MSS. King Ann. Cal. Bot. Gard. III. From the Konkan southwards. Fl. Br. I. Not observed by me in North Kánara.
M. attenuata, Wall. Cat. 6791 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 110 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 176 ; King Ann. Cal. Bot. Gard. III. 316 ; M. corticost, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 271 (not of Hook. f. \& T.) M. amygdalina, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 175;

Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 4. Rukt mara, K. Very common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts. Fl. Nov., Jan. Fr. R.S.

## Order 72, LaURINE压.

Trees or shrubs except Cassytha. Leaves alternate, rarely opposite, gland-dotted. Flowers usually 1-2-sexual ; bracts 0 or deciduous, often involucriform. Perianth regular, 6-4-cleft, tube sometimes enlarged in fruit. Stamens normally 12, biseriate; usually half or more of the inner or outer stamens are wanting or reduced to staminodia. Anthers erect, 2-4-celled, cells opening by upcurved deciduous lids or valves. Ovary sessile, 1 -celled, ovule solitary, pendulous. Fruit a 1 -seeded berry or drupe, peduncle often thickened.

> Flowers usually bisexual. The anthers of the 3 inner stamens extrorse. Anthers 2 celled.
> Fruit enclosed in perianth-tube ... ... ... Cryptoccarya.
> Fruit not wholly included in perianth-tube ... Beilschmiedia Anthers 4-celled.
> Perianth-tube only persistent in fruit ... ... Cinnamomom.
> Periauth-lobes persistent, reflexed in fruit ... Machilus.
> Perianth altogether deciduous ......... Alseodaphine.
> Flowers diœecious. All anthers introrse 4 -celled.
> Leaves sub-verticillate. Bracts densely imbricating, caducous not whorled
> ACTINODAPHNE.
> Leaves alternate. Bracts whorled... ... ... Litsexa.

CRYPTOCARYA, Brown.
Evergreen trees. Leaves alternate, penninerved. Flowers hermaphrodite, in axillary and terminal panicles. Perianth-segments 6 , equal. Stamens 12, 6 outer perfect; anthers introrse, 3 inner with extrorse anthers alternating with 3 staminodes. Ovary immersed in the perianth-tube. Fruit included in the perianth-tube.

> Leaves large. Panicles spreading. Fruit globose. ... Leaves small. Panicles dense, contracted. Fruit ovoid. ... C. Wightiana. C. Stochsii.
C. Wightiana, Thw. Enum. 254 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 120 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 299 ; C. floriounda, Wight, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 222. Gulmur, K. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common on the Yellápur gháts. Fl. Nov., Jan. Fl. May, June.
C. Stocksii, Meissn. in DC. Prod. XV. 1. 71 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 120. Kánara, probably from the South Kánara gháts; I have not seen it in any of the North Kánara forests. I have specimens in fruit collected in October on the Bababuden hills of Mysore at 5,000 feet altitude. Flowers during May, June, on the Sispára ghát.

Besides the above two species there is a large trec, common on the Nilkund ghát of North Kánara, flowering specimens of which were said to be near to C. amygdalina, Nees, at Kew. Flowers in long peduncled panicles Dec., Jany. It is probably, however, only C. Wightiuna, Thw.

## BEILSCHMIEDIA, Necs.

Evergreen trees. Leaves alternate, penninerved. Flowers in short panicles or racemes, in the axils of the upper leaves. Perianth deciduous, segments nearly equal. Perfect stamens 9, anthers 2-celled; inner 3 stamens with extrorse anthers; outer 6 with introrse anthers. Staminodes sessile or cordate. Berry ovate, on the short thick pedicel. Perianth deciduous.
B. fagifolia, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. II. 69; F1. Br. I. 5. 122. Var. ? Dalzellii, Meissn ; B. fagifolia, 13edd. Fl. Sylv. t. $263 ; B$. Roxburghiana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. 11. 222. Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts ; common on the Ainshi ghát. Fl. C. S. Fr. H. S.

## CINNAMOMUM, Blume.

Evergreen trees. Leares opposite or alternate, usually 3-nerved at the base. Flowers in axillary or terminal panicles, often unisexual. Perianth of 6 , sub-cqual segments. Perfect stamens 9,6 outer eglandular with introrse, 4 -celled anthers, the inner 3 perfect stamens with 2 glands at their base, and extrorse authers. 4th series of 3 short staminodia. Ovary free. Fruit supported by the thickened receptacle and perianth.
$\begin{array}{lll}\text { Fruiting peduncle } \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in} \text {. in diameter } & \text { Fruit } \frac{2}{5} \text { in. long. } & \text { C. zeylanicum. } \\ \text { Fruiting peduncle } \frac{2}{3} \text { in. in diameter } & \text { Fruit } 1 \text { in. long. } & \text { C. macrocarpum. }\end{array}$
C. zeylanicum, Breyn in Ephem. Nat. Cur. Dec. 1. Ann. 4. 139 ; Fl. Br. 1. 5. 131 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 262. C. iners, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 173. Dalchini, K.; ohez, bojevar, Vern. Wild cinnamon tree. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, very abundant on the southern gháts in the Kumta and Siddápur talukas. F1. Nov., Feb. Fr. June, July.
C. macrocarpum, Hook. f. Fl. Fr. I. 5. 133. North Kínara in evergreen forests. Supa taluka. Fl. Jany.

## MACHILUS, Nees.

Evergreen trees. Leaves alternate, penninerved. Flowers bisexual, in axillary panicles. Perianth of 6 segments, unchanged in fruit. Stamens as in Cinnamomam. Berry globose.
M. macrantha, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. II. 70; Fl. Br. I. 5. 140 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 264 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 221 ; M. glaucescens, Wight Ic. 1825 ; Dalz. \& Gibs Bomb. F1. 221. Gulum, M. Throughout the gháts of North Kánara and the Konkan, in moist forests. There may be two species here. M. macrantha, Nees, has a small black fruit size of a large currant, and flowers during Jany., Feb. Fruit ripe May, June. M. glaucescens, Wight, has a large fruit, depressed succulent, size of a small plum, green with white dots, common in the evergreen forests near Yellápur. Flowers Nov.-Dec. Fr. Feb.-Mch,

## ALSEODAPHNE, Nees.

Evergreen trees. Leaves alternate, penninerved, subverticillate at the ends of the branchlets. Flowers in axillary, cymose, panicles. Stamens as in Cimanomuin. Fruit ellipsoid, seated on the swollen peduncle.
A. semicarpifolia, Nees in Wall. Pl. As. Rar. II. 72; F1. Br. I. $5 .{ }^{1} 144$; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 222 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 297. Nelthare, K.; phutgus, M. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, usually in evergreen forests, from the coast inland. Fl. July, Aug., Sept. Fr. ripe Apl., May. The panicles often exceed the leaves in the North Kanara tree. Var. angustifolia, Meissn., is common near Yellápur.

## ACTINODAPHNE, Nees.

Evergreen trees. Leaves subverticillate, penni or triplenerved. Flowers diœecious, in axillary, bracteate umbels or clusters ; bracts imbricating, caducuous. Perianth-segments 6. Stamens 6-9, anthers 4 -celled all introrse, outer 6 stamens eglandular, inner 3, 2 -glandular. Staminodes of female 9. Perianth-tube enlarged in fruit.
A. Hookeri, Meissn, in DC. Prod. XV. 1. 218 ; Bedd. Tl. Sylv. t. 296;Fl. Br. T. 5. 149 ; A. lanceolata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb.Fl. 312. A angustifolia, Nees, Wight Ic. 1841. Pisha, M. Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Dalzell says "very common at Mhábaleshvar," a small tree in the Yellápur forests. Fl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Jany.

## LITS届A, Lamk.

Usually evergreen trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, penninerved, rarely triplenerved. Flowers diœcious, umbellate; umbels few flowered; involucral-bracts 4-6, concave. Perianth tubular 4-6lobed. Stamens 6, 9, 12, outer 6 usually eglandular; anthers introrse, 4 -celled. Fruit a succulent drupe, seated on the much enlarged perianth-tube.

| Perianth-segments incomplete, not or slightly accescent in fruit. Stamens often more than 12. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| bels solitary, many flowered |  |
| Umbels corymbose or racemose, few flowered ... |  |
| Perianth-segments 6, enlarged, cupular in fruit. Stamens about 12 |  |
| Leaves glaucous beneath. Umbels on short peduncles or in sessile clusters ... ... ... ... ... L. Stocksii. |  |
| Umbels in stout racemes. Leaves rusty-tomentosebeneath .. |  |
| Perianth-segments 4, deciduous. Leaves strongly triple-nerved at the base, glaucous beneath. Stamens 6 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

I. tomentosa, Herb. Heyne, ex Wall. Cat. 2550 ; F1. Br. I. 5. 157; Tetrenthera apet.la, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 222. Chiiona, M,

Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in evergroen forests, not so common as the next species, from which it scarcely differs. Fl. Dee. Fr. Feb. Mch. Stamens 18.20.
L. sebifora, Pers. Syn. II. 4; var. 3. tomentosa, Fl. Br. I. 5. 158 ; Tetranthera laurifolia, Jucq. Brandis For. Fl. 379. Maidalakri, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, in moist forests, common on the southern gháts of the Kumta and Siddápur tálukas. Fl. May, July. Fr. Jany., Feb. Stamens 9-20.
L. Stocksii, Hook. f.F l. Br. I. 5. 176; Tetranthera lanceafolia, Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 171 (Var. acutata). Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common on the gháts from Ainshi southwards. Fl. Aug., Nov. Fr. Mch., Apl. Doubtfully distinct from Litsaa laeta, Wall. Var. glaueta; a Ceylon species.
L. Wightiana, Wall. Cat. 2557; Fl. Br. I. 5. 177; Tetranthera Wightiana, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 293 ; Cylicodaphne Wightitena, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 222. Un the southern gháts of North Kánara in evergreen forests. common in the forests near the Falls of Cairsoppah. Wl. Oct., Nov. Fr. Apl., May. A large tree.
L. zeylanica, C. \& Fr. Nees in Amoen. Bot. Bonn. Fasc. ]. 58 Brandis For. Fl. 382 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 223 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. ${ }^{6}$ 294. Kanvel, chirchira, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara moist forests, common. Fl. Oct., Jany. Fr. Jany., Feb.

Cassytha filiformis, Linn., a slender twining parasite, is common thronghout the presidency, often growing on Ipomoa biloba, near the sea-coast.

## Order 73. THYMELACE .

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate or opposite, entire. Flowers 2 -sexual, regular. Inflorescence various. Perianth tubular or campanulate, $4-5$-lobed; throat with or without scales. Stamens usually as many or twice as many as the perianth segments. Ovary free, l-celled (in Thymelere proper), with a single pendulous cvule ; style simple or 0, stigma capitate. Fruit indehiscent. Seed pendulous or lateral; albumen fleshy or 0 .

## LASIOSIPHON, Fresen.

Small trees or shrubs. Leaves opposite or scattered. Flowers bisexual, in bracteate heads. Perianth-tube circumciss above the ovary ; lobes 5 , spreading ; scales above the stamens, 5-10. Stamens 10. Ovary sessile, l-celled ; style filiform, stigma capitate. Fruit small, dry ; pericarp membranous. Albumen scanty or 0 .
L. eriocephalus, Dcne. in Jacq. Voy. Bot. 148 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 197 ; Bedd, Fl. Sylv. 179; L. speciosus, Dene. ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 221. Rami, ramita, M. Woolly-headed gnidia. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, common on the Supı gháts, in deciduo is forests. Fl. Nov.. Feb. Fr. Mch., Apl.

## Order 74. EL届AGNACE压.

Shrubs or trees, silvery scaly. Leaves alternate or opposite, entire. Flowers regular, 1-2-sexual, white or yellow. Perianth tubular, 2-6-cleft, valvate in bud. Stamens usually 4, alternate with the perianth lobes. Ovary free, 1 -celled, with a solitary erect ovule. Fruit indehiscent, enclosed within the accrescent perianth tube.

## ELAAGNUS, LMi.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire, densely silvery scaly, on the lower surface. Flowers hermaphrodite or unisexual by abortion. Perianth-tube constricted above the ovary; limb valvate, 4 -cleft, deciduous. Stamens 4, on the mouth of the corolla. Fruit with a bony or coriaceous endoearp.
E. latifolia, Linn. Sp. Pl. Ed. 2. 177 (excl. syn.) ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 202 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. t. 180 ; Brandis For. Fl. 390 ; E. Kologa, Scbl.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 224. Nurgi, ambgool, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, usually in or near evergreen forests. F1. Nov., F'eb. Fr. May-July. Branches often with curved spines. Fruit acid, astringent.

## Order 75. LORANTHACER.

Parasitic evergreen shrubs. Leaves coriaceous, generally opposite. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite or unisexual, usually bracteate. Calyx adnate to the ovary, limb truncate or 0. Petals 4-8, free or connate, valvate in bud. Stamens as many as corolla lobes, usually inserted on them. Ovary inferior, 3-celled. Orule 1, erect. Fruit a 1 -seeded drupe. Albumen fleshy.
Flowers 2 sexual
Flowers 1 sexual
...

## LORANTHUS.

Shrubs, often with stellate hairs. Flowers usually large, coloured. Petals free or more or less connate into a tube. Stamens with versatile anthers.

Flowers small in glabrous spikes. Corolla segments 4-5, free. Bract scale like.
Leaves short petioled. Buds cylindric ... ... ... L. Wallichianus.
Leaves long petioled. Buds angled ... ... ... L. obtusatus.
Flowers in axillary fascicles or racemose, mealy tomentose. Bract scale like, Anther cells indistinct.
Flowers, \&c., rusty villous. Corolla buff or pink ... L. scurvula.
Flowers yellowish-white tomentose, scurfy. Corolla green... ... ... ... ... ... ... L. pulverulentus.
Flowers racemose or in clusters, Corolla-tube gibbously inflated or not. Bract scale like. Anther cells indistinct.

L. Wallichianus, Schultz. Syst. VII. 100 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 205; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 109, Banda, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, parasitic on lucundi (Memecylori amplexicaule, Roxb.) and other trees. Common in the forests near Kárwár. Fl. Apl., June. Fr. Aug. Sept.
L. obtusatus, Wall. Cat. 52 ; ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 205 ; Dilz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 109. North Kánara and Konkan gháts, common on jamba (Xylia dolubriformis, Benth.) and other trees on the Supa ghát deciduous forests. Fl. Feb., Apl., June, July.
L. scurrula, Linn.; Fl. Br. I.5. 208; L. buddleioides, Desrouss.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 110. Throughout the presidency, common in North Kánara, often growing on Leea sumbucina, Dillenia pentagyna and Pterocarpus marsupium. Fl. Nov. Feb. Leaves opposite.
L. pulverulentus, Wall. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey \& Wall. 221 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 211 ; Brandis For. Fl. 396 . Konkan, Stocks. Fruit large club-shaped, Kurz. In the Central Provinces on Butea frondosa, Brandis.
L. tomentosus, Heyne in Roth. Nov. Sp. 191 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 212. Common in the deciduous forests of the North Kánara gháts near Yellápur, very common on Phyllanthus emblica and Mussenda frondosa. Fl. Nov., Feb. Fr. Apl., May. Leaves alternate, calyx toothed.
L. Stocksii, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 5. 213. Konkan, Stocks. Leaves sessile, opposite. Fruit pyriform.
L. cuneatus, Hegne in!Roth. Nov. Sp. 193. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, common near Yellápur, a dense shrub on Terminulia paniculata. Fl. Nov., Dec. Leaves small, cuneate.
L. longiflorus, Desrouss, in Lamk. Encycl. III. 498 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 110 ; Brandis For. Fl. 397 ; L. bicolor, Roxb. Fl. Ind. I. 548. Var. falcata. Kurz. For. F1. II. 321 ; Var. amplexifolia. Thw. Enum. 134 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. P1. 86. Banda, cainguli, Vern. Throughout the presidency. Parasitic on many trees in North Kánara. The var. amplexifolia often grows on Flacourtia moitana and the var. falcata on Careya arborea.

Var: nov. roccinea. Branches stout, lenticellate. Leaves usually subopposite, broad ovate, obtuse, thickly coriaceous, shortly petioled; lateral-nerves 5-6 pairs. Flowers in rather lax, axillary racemes. Calyx urn-shaped, limb often 5-1-notched, very rugose outside. Corolla-tube long, slender, $2 \frac{1}{2}$ inches, bright scarlet without; lobes short, light scarlet or greenish. Filaments searlet. Fruit ovoid, crowned with the calyx-limb. This variety has the racemes with the flowers secund, but more lax than in L. longiflorus, proper, and the corolla is always bright red or scarlet. The leaves are shortly petioled and neither cordate or amplexicaul ; it is a stout parasite and grows nearly exclusively on Terminalia bellerica in North Kánara. Flowers during the cold season Jan., Feb. Fruit ripe May, June.
L. elasticus, Desrouss. in Lamk. Encycl III. 599; Fl. Br. I. 5. 216; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 109. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, very common on mango trees, near the sea-coast. The corolla lobes coil elastically. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. April, May. A common species.
L. lageniferus, Wight Ic. t. 306 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 218 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 110. Bandgali, M. Hills of the Konkan, commou in the deciduous forests of North Kánara, near Dandeli, growing on Adina cordifolia. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. July, Aug. The bell-shaped involucre distin. guishes this species from all others growing in the Bombay Presidency.
L. trigonus, Wight. \& Arn. Prod. 386; Fl. Br. I. 5. 219; on the ghats of the South Konkan and North Kánara, common on the Supa gháts, growing on Eugenia jambolana, Dalbergia latîfolia and Ziziphys rylopyra. Flowers small, acicular. Fruit orange, shortly pedicelled, crowned with the calyx-limb Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. ripe May.
L. Ioniceroides, Linn. Sp. Pl. Ed. 2. 473 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 221 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 110. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kímara growing on many different trees. Fl. Mch., May. Fr. R.S.
L. capitellatus, W. \& A. Prod. 382; Fl. Br. I. 5.221 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 109. From the Konkan, southwards. In North Kánara, on the Supa gháts, growing on Artocarpus inteyrifolia. I have never secu it on any other tree; it may be however only a variety of I. lonice. oider, Linn. Fl. Feb., May. Fr. R.S.

## VISCUM.

Shrubs with opposite leaves or leafless. Flowers axillary, unisexual. Yetals $3-4$, sessile. Anthers on the petals, opening by many pores. Ovary inferior. Fruit succulent. Embryo 1-2 in each seed, in fleshy albumen.

[^8]
V. orientale, Willd. Sp. Pl. JV. 737 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 224; Brandis For. Fl. 393. North Kánara and Konkan ghats, common near the Nilkund ghát in evergreen forests, growing on 'Terminctia paniculata. Fl. Sept., Jany. Leaves 3-5-longitudinal nerved.
V. capitellatum, Sm. in Rees' Cycl. XXXVII ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 225. On the North Kánara gháts, commonly parasitic on other Loranthaceos, also on Terminalic paniculata. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Jan. Leaves thick spathulate. Flowers on fascicled peduncles. I have a variety of this or another species with much thinner ovate leaves and sessile, fascicled flowers, growing on Loranthus trigonus, Wgt. No. 1619, prop. herb.
V. ramosissimum, Wall. Cat. 6876 ; FI. Br. I. 5. 225. From the Konkan southwards, F1. Br. I ; on the lower slopes of the Bababudeu hills of Mysore on Flacourtia Ramontchi. Fl. H.S. Fr R S. Leaves linear, few.
V. angulatum, Heyne MSS. DC. Prod. IV. 283 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 225 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 110 ; V. attenuatum, Brandis For. Fl. 394. Very cominon on the ghats from the Konkan southwards on many different kinds of trees. Fl. apparently throughout the year.
V. articulatum, Burm. Fl. Ind. 311 ; Brandis For. Fl. 394 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 226. Throughout the presidency, not common, growing on Diospyros melanoxylon in the Dhárwár district. Fl. June, Aug. Fr. Dec., Feb.

## Order 76. SANTALACE F.

Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves entire, alternate or opposite, without stipules. Flowers regular, hermaphrodite or unisexual. Perianth superior or inferior, 3-\&-toothed, lubed or partite. Stamens 3-6, opposite to perianth lobes. Dise various. Ovary inferior, 1-celled, with a free central placenta, bearing 2-5, pendulous ovules. Fruit a nut or drupe. Seed globose, albumen copious.


## SANTALUM, L.

Glabrous trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, coriaceous. Flowers in terminal and axillary cymes, bisexual. Perianth tube campanulate with a concave disc adhering to the base. Ovary at first free, at length $\frac{1}{2}$ inferior, 1 -celled with $2-4$ pendulous ovules, attached near the base of the central placenta. Drupe globular, fleshy; endocarp ribbed.
S. album, Linn. Sp. Pl. 497 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 231 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 224 ; Brandis For. Fl. 398 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 25t. Sandalwood tree. Gundada, K.; chandan, M. Indigenous throughout the dry districts of the presidency, also abundant in some of the dry deciduous forests of North Kánara; often along the bunds of tanks and in hedges. Fl. Mch., Aug. Fr. C.S. Yields the sandalwood of commerce.

## OSYRIS, L.

Glabrous shrubs; branches angular. Leaves alternate. Flowers hermaphrodite or unisexal. Perianth of male fl. slender, of hermaphrodite fl. obconical, 3-4 lobed. Stamens 3-4-5. Ovary inferior, ovules at apex of short central placenta. Fruit a drupe. Seed globose, albuminous.
O. arborea, Wall. Cat. 4035 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 232 ; Brandis For. Fl. 399 ; O. Wightiana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 223. Popoli, lotal, M. Throughout the Konkan aud North Kánara, common in moist forests from the sea-coast inland. Fl. throughout the year.

## SCLEROPYRUIN, Arnott.

Trees often spiny. Leares coriaceous. Flowers in short spikes at the leafless nodes, polygamous. Perianth-tube of male fl. solid; of female fl. adnate to the ovary ; lobes 5. Stamens 5, filaments 2-fid. Anther cells dehiscing transversely. Ovary inferior ; style short, stigma large, peltate; orules 3, pendulous from the top of a central column. Drupe pyriform, pedicelled. Seed subglobose.
S. Wallichianum, Arn. in Jard. Mag. Zool. \& Bot. II. (1858) 550 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 234 ; Pyrularia Wallichiana, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 304. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara gháts; a moderatesized tree in the forests near Yellápur, common near the Nilkund ghát. Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. ripe May, June.

## Order 77. EUPHORBIACE压.

Trees or shrubs with milky juice. Leaves alternate or opposite. Flowers unisexual. Perianth calycine, rarely double. Stamens various. Ovary superior, 3-2 carpellary. Ovules 1-2, in each cell, pendulous from inner angle of cell. Funicle often thickened. Fruit a capsule or drupe. Seed |with or without an arillus. Albumen fleshy, rarely 0.

| Cells of ovary 2-ovuled. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Flowers enclosed in an involucre .. ... ... ...Eupiorbia. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Petals minute or 0 . |  |  |  |  |
| Petals present. Calyx-lobes valvate. Filaments united. |  |  |  |  |
| Fruit a drupe... | ... ... |  |  | ...Bridelia. |
| Fruit a capsule |  |  |  | ...Cleistanthus, |
| Calyx-lobes imbricate. | Filaments free |  |  | Actephila. |

Stamens 3-6. Styles or their arms slender (exeept Glochidion).
Perianth of male flowers 6 -lobed, lobes spreading. Flowers monoicous.
Disc present in both sexes ... ... ... ... ...Phyllanthus.
Disc absent. Styles confluent ... ... ... ...Glochidion.
Perianth of male flowers turbinate, lobes minute ...Breynia.
Perianth of male flowers rotate, 6 -lohed, lobes spurred .Sacropus.
Sepals 5. Flowers diœcious .. ... ... ...Fluegaia.
Stamens few or many. Styles or stigmas 2-3, dilated.
Leaves entire or serrulate. Fruit a drupe.
Stamens 2-3. Ovary 2 -3-celled ... ... ... ...Putranjiva.
Stamens 8 or many. Ovary 1 -celled ... ... ...Hemicyclia.
Stamens many. Ovary 2-4-celled... ... ... ...Cyclostemon.
Leaves trifoliate. Stamens 5 ... ... ... ... Bischofia.
Styles or stigmas very minute.
Male flowers in catkins. Fruit dehiscent... ... ...Aporosa.
Male flowers in spikes or racemose.
Fruit small, compressed, rugose, not arillate ... ...Antidesma.
Fruit large, coriaceous. Seeds arillate ... ... ...Baccaurea.
Cells of ovary 1 ovuled.
Flowers in terminal, unisexual cymes or with the central flower female. Petals present.
Fruit capsular
Flowers in terminal, androgynous spikes. Males petaliferous.
Females often apetalous. Filaments inflexed in hud ...Croton.
Male flowers petaliferous. Females often apetalous. Filaments straight.
Sepals imbricate. Petals united. Fruit a drupe ...Grvotia,
Sepals imbricate, Petals free. Fruit a capsule.
Sepals enlarged in fruit.
Petals present in female flower ... ... ... ...Blachia.
Petals absent in female flower ... ... ... ...Dimorphocalyx.
Sepals valvate. Petals 4-8... ... .. ... ...Agrostistachys.
Flowers apetalous. Calyx of male closed in bud, membranous, splitting into $3-5$ coucave sepals. Styles long, bifid or multifid.
Filaments free.
Stamens 4. Anthers 2-celled.
Capsule drupaceous. Anther cells parallel ... .. Trewia.
Capsule dry. Anther cells globose ... ... ...Mallotos.
Stamens 1, few or many. Anther cells 3-4-locellate.
Styles very long 2 -fill ... ... .. ... ...Cleivion.
Styles entire ... ... ... ... ... ... Macaranga.
Filaments variously connate in bundles.
Flowers diecious in axillary spikes ... ... .. Номолога,
Flowers monœcious in terminal panicles ... ...Ricinds.
Calyx of male minute and open in bud or obsolete.
Male calyx terete, 2-3-lobed ... ... ... ...Sapitim.
Calyx terete, 3-partite ... ... ... ... ...Exceecaria.

## EUPHORBIA, Linn.

Herbs or shrubs oiten with much milky juice. Leaves of the stem alternate, with or without stipular spines or opposite and stipulate, leares of the flowering branches opposite. Flowers monoicous, consisting of many male and 1 female flower in a small perianth like involucre ; lobes with thick glands at the sinuses; glands with often a petaloid wing. Male f.: 1, 2 -celled anther on an arti-
culated filament. Female fl. : a stipitate 3 -celled ovary in the centre of the involucre ; styles 3, free or combined, simple or 2-fid. Capsule of 3,2 -valved cocci.

E. Tirucalli, Linn. \#ort. Cliff. 197; Brandis For. Fl. 439 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. Suppl. 76. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 217. Milk bush. Nevli, thuvar, seyr, M.; yele gulla, K. Naturalized throughout the dry districts of the presidency ; usually in hedges, planted. Fl. Aug., Sept.
E. antiquorum, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 196; Fl. Br. I. 5. 255; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 226 ; Brandis For. Fl. 438 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 217. Narsej, M. Throughout the dry districts of the presidency, Fl. R.S. in the Belgaum and Bijápur districts.
E. neriifolia, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 196. in part; Fl. Br. I. 5. 255. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 226; Brandis For. Fl. 439 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 216. Thor, nivarung, seej, mingut, Vern.; yellikalli, K. Throughout the presidency; often in waste, stony, dry situations, generally planted in hedges. Fl. Fr. Feb., Mch. New leaves in March, Apl.
E. Nivulia, Ham. in Trans. Linn. Soc. XIV. 286; 1)alz. \& Gibs. Bornb. Fl. 225 ; Brandis For. Fl. 439. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 216; Fl. Br. I. 5. 255 ; Wight Ic. 1862. Dry rocky liills in Gujarát and Sind. Fl. Mch. Fr. Apl-May.

## BRIDELIA, Wild.

Shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, entire, with prominent parallel lateral nerves. Flowers monoicous or diœcious, bracteate, in axillary or spicate clusters. Calyx 5-cleft; lobes valvate. Petals 5. Male fl. : stamens $\overline{5}$, on a central column, situated on a flat, siunate disc. Female fll: ovary 2 -celled, surrounded by a membranous cup-shaped or tubular disc, variously lobed; styles 2, bifid, connate at the base. Fruit a berry, with 1-2, 1-seeded cocci or pyrenes.

Tree. Lateral nerves $15-20$-pairs $\quad .$. ... ... B. retusa.
A climbing shrub. Lateral nerves 8-12-pairs ... ... B. stipularis.
A straggling shrub. Lateral nerves 6-9-pairs... ... B. Hamiltoniana.
B. retusa, Spreng. Syst. Veg. III. 48; FI. Br. I. 5. 268 ; Brandis For. Fl. 449 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 260 ; B. montana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. F1. 233. Mulla honne, K.; kenta kauchi, M.; asana, asauna, Vern. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fl. Oct.-Jan. A spinescent tree.
B. stipularis, Blume Bijd. 597 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 270 ; Brandis For. F1. II. 44.9 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 201. Common in deciduous forests throughout the presidency. Fl. May, Nov.
B. Hamiltoniana, Wall. Cat. 7882 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 271 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 202. Higher ghâts of the Konkan, Law, Stocks ; not seen.by.me.

## CLEISTANTHUS, Hook. f.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, penniveined, lateral nerves prominent. Flowers small, in axillary clusters or short spikes, monoicous. Calyx-segments 5, valvate in bud. Petals 5, minute. Dise of the male flat, of the female conical. Stamens 5 , united in a column in the centre of the dise. Ovary 3 -celled, long-hairy ; styles 3 bifid. Fruit a 3 -celled, 6 -valved capsule. Seeds exarillate. albuminous.
C. malabaricus,' Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. XV. II. 508 ; FI. Br. I. 5. 276 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 203. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, usually near streans and rivers, common in the forests near the Falls of Gairsoppah. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Jany., Feb.

## ACTEPHILA, Blume.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, large. Flowers in axillary clusters, petals present or 0 . Male fl. Sepals 5-6, imbricate. Petals as many inserted under the 5 -lobed disc or 0 . Stamens 5 , on the disc. Pistillode 3 -cleft. Female fl. Ovary sessile on the 5 -lobed dise ; styles bifid. Capsule long peduncled 3 -lobed, loculicidally dehiscent.
A. excelsa, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXII. 78 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 282 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 189 ; Anomospermum excelsum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fi. 233. Konkan gháts.

## PHYLLANTHUS, Linn.

Trees, shrubs or herbs. Leaves entire, stipulate, usually distichous. Petiole short. Flowers in axillary clusters, mon or dioicous. Calyxsegments usually $5-6$, imbricate, in 2 series. Stamens $3-5$, free or connate. Disc of distinct glands alternating with the calyxsegments. Female fl. Sepals of the male. Ovary 3 or more celled; styles free or connate, usually 2 -fid; ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit dehiscent, sometimes fleshy. Seeds without arillus or strophiole.

Shrubs with small leaves.
Scandent. Leaves 1 in . Fruit a small black, $4-8$-celled berry ... ... ... ... ... ... ... P. reticulatus.
Erect. Leaves 1-5-in. Fruit a small 3 -celled crustaceous capsule, cells 2 -valved ... ... ... ... ... P. Lawii.
Trees. Leaves large or small.
Leaves $\frac{1}{3}-\frac{1}{2}$ in. Frait large, fleshy, globose, with 3 bony, 2-celled cocci ... ... ... ... ... P. Emblica.
Leares $2-3$-in. Fruit large, fleshy, globose, with a 3-4celled bony endocarp ... ... .. .. ... P. distichus.
Leaves $3-6-\mathrm{in}$. by $1-3 \mathrm{in}$. Fruit dry globose, bursting irregularly, $\frac{1}{3} \cdot \mathrm{in}$. ... ... ... ... ... P. indicus.
P. reticulatus, Poir. Encycl. V. 298 ; Fl. Br. I. 5.288 ; Brandis For. Fl. 453 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 190 ; Anisonema reticulatum, A. Juss. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. 234. Pavan, M.; datwan Guj; kale-madh-ka-jhar, H. Throughout the presidency and Sind in deciduous forests, often in hedges, very common. Flowers throughout the year.
P. Emblica, Linn. Sp. Pl. 982 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 289 ; Brandis For. Fl. 454; Bedd. Fl. Srlv. t. 258; Emblica officinalis, Gærtn. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 235. Nelli, K.; awla, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Mch.-May. Fr. ripe Oct., Feb. A sabstance called White catechu is extracted from the wood chips.
P. Lawii. Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 181 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 290 ; P. spinulosus, Herb. Heyne Wall. Cat. 7897; P. polyplryllues, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 234; P. juniperinoides, Muell. Arg. Along the banks of streams and rivers in the Konkan and North Kánara, very commos along the Kálánadi, forms dense thickets near the water's edge. Fl. Sept. Oct. Pr. Nor.
P. indicus, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXII. 52; Fl. Br. I. 5. 305 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 191 ; Prosorts indica, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 236. On the Konkan and North Kánara ghats in deciduous forests. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. May-June.
P. distichus, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. XV. II. 413; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 191 ; Cicca disticha, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. FI. Suppl. 78. Country gooseberry. Harparauri, raiavala, Vern. In gardens of the Konkan ands Deccan, planted. Fl. May.-Nov. Fr. R.S., C.S. Male flowers red, minute fascicled.

## GLOCHIDION, Forst.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, bifarious. Flowers small, usually monoicous, apetalous. No dise glands. Male fl. Sepals 6, in 2 series, imbricate. Anthers 3-8, connate in a column; cells linear; connective produced. Female fl. Calyx of 6 short sepals. Ovary of $3-15$-cells. Styles connate in a column; ovules 2 in each cell. Capsule of 3 or more 2 -valved cocci. Seeds albuminous.

Female calyx with 5-6 sepals. Anthers 4. Style conical
Leaves elliptic, base acute, glabross. Style trancate... G. lanceolarium.
Leaves softly pubescent, large, ovate or cordate. Style 4-5-cleft. $\quad \ldots \quad . . . \quad . . . \quad . \quad$... tomentosum.
Style 6-8-toothed. Leaves glabreos, shining. Capsule globose, not lobed ... .... ... ... ... G. zeylanieum.
Female calyx irregalarly 4 - 6 -lobed or toothed. Anthers 3. Etyle globose or subglobose...

Ovary glabrocis, 8-lobed. Capsule much depressed, 6-8-lobed... ... ... ... ... ... ... G. Hohenackcri.
Ovary very short, villous, 3-6-celled. Capsule faintly

Orary glabrous, 4-5-celled. Capsule obtusely 3 -angular, 6-Lobed ... ... ... ... ... ... G. Jolinstonei.
Female calyx of 6 free sepals. Anthers 3. N'tyle minate.
Stipules subulate. Style very mipute, conical ... ... G. malabaricum.
Stipules triangular, hastate, or falcate. Style short, stout, conical ... ... ... ... ... ... G. ellipticum.
Leaves pubescent or tomentose. Style stont, exceeding the sepals, obconic, tip lobed ... ... ... ... G. velutinum.
G. lanceolarium, Dalz. in Bomb. Fl. 235 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 308 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 192; Phyllanthus lanceolarius, Muell. Arg. Brandis For. Fl. 453. Bhoma, M. Throughout the presidency, in deciduous forests, common on the Konkan and North Kanara gháts. F1. Dec., Apl.
G. tomentosum, Dalz. in Hook. Jour. Bot. III. (1853), 38 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 309 ; Bedd. HJ. Sylv. 192. Along nálás and water-courses in North Kánara, in deciduous forests, common about Yellápur. Fl. Apl., Nay. Fr. June, July. There is a small tree near the Falls of Gairsoppah with the style stout conical in fruit ( $G$. tomentosem proper). Fl. Noy., Dec. Fr. Jany.
G. zeylanicum, A. Juss. Tent. Euphorb. 107, t. 3 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 310 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 192; G. nitidum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 235; G. canarum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 192. Common on the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, along streams and water-courses, both in evergreen and in deciduous forests. H1. and Fr. at different times throughout the year, usually Dec., June, often associated with $G$. tomentosum, , Dalz., to which species it is closely allied.
G. Hohenackeri, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 193 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 314. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts, in evergreen forests; common in the forests near the Nilkund and Gairsoppah gháts. Fl. Jany., Mch. Fr. Apl., May.
G. Ralphii, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 5. 314. Konkan and North Kánara ghats, common in the evergreen forests near the Falls of Gairsoppak, along water-courses. Fl. Feb., June. Fr. June-Nov.

## G. Johnstonei, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 5. 314.

A small tree, common on the Supa gháts of North Kánara near Anmode. Fruit small, much depressed, crowned by the 3-lobed stigma, usually fascicled along leafless branches; peduncles short, stout. Fl. Feb. Fr. Apl.
G. malabaricum Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 194; Fl. Br. I. 5. 319. On the Konkan and North Kánara gháts.
G. ellipticum, Wight Ic. t. 1906 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 321 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 193; var. Wightiana; G. diversifolium, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 193. South Konkan, also in the forests near the Ainshi ghát of North Kánara; a small tree. Fl. Dec.-Heb. Fr. Feb., Mch. Elowers in dense fascicles. Capsule very small.
G. velutinum, Wight Ic. t. 1907-2 ; Fl. Br. I. £. 322 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 195; Phyllanthus nepalensis, Brandis For. El. 453 Throughout the deciduons fozests of the Konkan and North Kánara ghits. Common in the Supa táluka dry forests. Fl. Dec., Mch. Fr. Mch., June. A distinct species. Capsule depressed, lobed.

FLUEGGIA, Willd.
Armed or unarmed shrubs. Leaves sinall, alternate, stipulate. Flowers small, axillary, monœecious. Petals 0. Male fl. Sepals 5, imbricate. Stamens 5 with aiternating disc glands. Pistillode large 2-3-fid. Female fl. Calyx same as in male fl. Disc aunular, toothed. Ovary 1-3-celled; styles 3, bifid. Fruit more or less succulent, separating into 2 -valved cocci.

| Unarmed shrub | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $F_{0}$ microcarpa. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Spinous shrub | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | F. Leucopyrus. |

F. microcarpa, Blume Bijd. 580 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 328 ; F. Leucopyrus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 236 (not of Willd.). Securinega obovata, Muell. Arg.; Brandis For. Fl. 455 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 197. Pandhar-phali,
kodarsi, M. 'Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests, common. Fl. hot season. Fr. R.S.
F. Leucopyrus, Willd. Sp. PI. IV. 757 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 328 ; F. virosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 236; Securinega Leucopyrus, Mnell. Arg.; Brandis For. Fl. 456 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 197. Vorepuvan, M. ; Kiran, Sind. Throughout the presidency and Sind, usually in open situations, very common. Fl. H.S. Fr. R. S. The fruit of both the above species is a white globose berry.

## BREYNIA, Forst.

Glabrous shrubs. Leßves small, stipulate. Flowers small, monoicous, axillary. Calyx twrbinate, 6-lubed. Stamens central, 3, filaments united into a column. Disc 0. Styles 3, bifid. Fruit dehiscent or indehiscent.
Calyx much enlarged in fruit $\quad$...
Calyx not or little enlarged in fruit ... ... B. patens.
...
B. patens, Benth. in Gen. Plant. III. 277; Fl. Br. I. 5. 329 ; Melarrtheopsis patens, Muell. Arg. ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 196; Brandis For. Fl. 455. M. turbirata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 234 ; P. turbinatus, Roxb.; Grah, Cit. Bomb. Pl. 180. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara ghát forests. Fl. May, June. Fr. Aug., Sept. Seeds with anarillus. Fruit red-coloured.
B. rhamnoides, Muell. Arg. ; Fl. Br. I. 5.330 ; Brandis For. Fl. 455; Bodd. Fl. Sylv. 1961 (by error named Melantheopsis patens.) Throughout the Konkan and North Kánaria, often in hedges. Fl. H.S. Fr. R.S.

## SAUROPUS, Blume.

Shrubs. Leaves alternate, distichous, membranous, entire. Flowers minate, monœcious, axillary. Male fl. Calyx 6-lobed; lobes sparred inwards at the base. Stamens 3 on a triangular column; anthers extrorse. Female fl. Calyx 6 -cleft, persistent, accrescent ; styles 3 , sessile, spreading with 3 recurved, incurved arms. Fruit globose, depressed, albuminous.
S. quadrangularis, Muell. Arg. in Linnm XXXII. 72; F1. Br. 1. 5. 335; Ceratogynum rhamnoides, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 234. Chikli, M. Koukan and North Kánara, common near the Arbail ghát, in evergreen forests. The spurred petals of the minute male flower are remarkable. Fl. June, Aug. Fr. Jaly-Sept.

## PUTRANJIVA, Wall.

Trees. Leaves altermate, stipulate, entire or serrulate. Flowers dioicous, axillary, apetalous. Dise 0 . Male fl. Calyx 2-5-partite. Stamens 2-3, central, filaments free or connate. Female fl. Ovary 2-3-celled. Fruit indehiscent with a bony endocarp.
P. Roxburghii, Wall. Tent. Fl. Nep. 61. Cat. 6814; Fl. Br. I. 5. 33f; Brandis For. Fl. 451 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 275; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Wl. 236. Putranjiva, Vern. In the overgreen forests of the Konkan and North Kinara, nowhere common. Fl. Apl., May, Fr. ripe next Feb., Mch.

## HEMICYCLIA, W. \& $\Lambda$.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, petioled, entire. Flowers small, diœcious, apetalous. Males clustered at the nodes. Female ftowers subsolitary. Male fl. Sepals 4-5, imbricate, inner larger. Stamens 4-23, round an orbicular disc, filaments free. Female fl. Dise tlat, amular. Ovary obliquely ovoid, 1-celled; ovules 2. Fruit with a hard endocarp. Seeds grooved, arillate.

$$
\begin{array}{ccccc}
\text { Fruit globose, small pisiform. Stamens } 8-10 & \text { H. H. sepiaria, } \\
\text { Fruit large, crowned with the stigma, ellipsoid. Sta- } \\
\text { mens } 5.8 & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots & \ldots \\
\text {.... venusta. }
\end{array}
$$

H. sepiaria, W. \& A. in Edinb. New Phil. Jour. XIV. 297; Fl. Br. I. 5. 3.37 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 229 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 198. From the Konkan southwards. Drupe red-coloured.
H. venusta, Thw. in Hook. Jour. Bot. VIII (1855) 272 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. :339; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 229 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 198. "Hills in the Dhárwár district," Dalzell ; not seen by me.

## CYCLOSTEMON, Blume.

Trees. Leaves alternate, entire or crenulate. Flowers diœcious, apetalous, axillary. Male fl. Sepals 4-6, broad, imbricate. Stamens 4-40, inserted round the margin of the disc, filaments free, erect. Female fl. Ovary 2-4-celled on the small dise, cells 2-ovuled Fruit indehiscent. Seeds with a caruncle, albumen fleshy.
C. confertiflorus, Hook f. Fl. Br. I. 5. 341. In the evergreen forests near the Devimone ghát of North Kánara. Fl. C.S.

BISCHOFIA, Blume.
A large tree. Leaves alternate, trifoliate, leaflets crenate. Flowers in axillary panicles, dioicous, apetalous. Calyx of 5 -segments. Male fl. Sepals 5 , concave, imbricating. Dise 0 . Stamens 5. Pistillode short. Female fl. Ovary 3-celled ; cells 2-ovuled ; styles linear, entire. Fruit a globose drupe.
B. javanica, Blume Bijd. 1168; Brandis For. Fl. 446; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 259 ; Stylodiscus trifoliatus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 235. Boke, Vern. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara, common on the Supa gháts. Fl. Mch.-Apl. Fr. ripe nest Apl.

## APOROSA, Blume.

Trees. Leaves alternate entire. Flowers diœcious, apetalous; males in short dense spikes; females sessile or in short few-flowered spikes. Male fl. Sepals 4. Stamens 2-5. Female fl. Ovary 2-celled; stigmas small, plumose; ovules 2 in each cell. Fruit dehiscent; epicarp fleshy. Seeds plano-convex, albumen fleshy.
A. Lindleyana, Baill. Etudes Gen. Euphorb. 645 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 349 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 286 ; Scepa Lindleyana, Wight; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 236. Sali, K. Common in the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fi. C.S. Fr. ripe, June.

## ANTIDESMA, Linn.

Shrubs or small trees. Loaves alternate, entire, penni-nerved. Flowers small, dioicous; males in spikes; females in spikes or racemes. Calyx 3-5-lobed, lobes imbricate. Petals 0. Stamens 2-5, anthers didymous. Disc entire or lobed. Ovary 1-celled; ovules 2 ; styles 3-4. Fruit an indehiscent, 1 -seeded drupe.

A. Ghæsembilla, Gærtn. Fruct. 1. 189, t. 39 ; kl. Br. I. 5. $35 \%$; Brandis For. Fl. 446; A. pubescens, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 236. A. paniculatum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. \&37. Jondhri, M. Throughout the presidency, in North Kánara, a small tree in deciduous forests. Fl. Apl.-June. Fr. Sept.-Oct. Leaves ovate, obtuse, sometimes slightly cordate at the base. Spikes panicled.
A. Bunius, Spreng Syst. Veg. 1. 826 ; Fl. Br. T. 5. 35.,8; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 200. A. Alexiteria, Willd. Grah. Cat. Bom. Pl. 186. Amati, M, Throughout the western gháts; Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests, not mentioned by Dalzell; rare on the Khandála ghát. Fl. May, June. Fr. Aug.-Sept. Fruit bright red.
A. diandrum, Roth. Nov. Sp. 369 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 361 ; Brandis For. Fl. 447 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 237 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 201 ; A. lanceolatum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 201. Throughout the presidency, common in the Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests from the coast inland. Fl. May-July. Fr. Aug.-Sept. Stamens usually 2. Fruit edible.
A. Menasu, Miq. Pl. Exsicc. Hohen. No. 104 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 364 ; A. lanceolatum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Hl. 237. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara; also along nálás in deciduous moist forests. Fl. Mch.-May. Er. Sept. Oct. Leaves sometimes 10 in . long; var. linearifolia is very common in the Siddápur táluka of North Kánara.

## BACCAUREA, Lour.

Trees. Leaves alternate, entire. Flowers diœcious or monoicous, often from the trunk or old branches, in racemes or spikes. Calyx 4-5-cleft. Petals 0 . Disc 0 or present. Stamens 4-10, free. Ovary 2-5-celled, cells 2-ovuled; stigmas nearly sessile, lobed. Fruit tardily loculicidally dehiscent. Seeds with a large white arillus.
B. courtallensis, Muell. Arg. in DC. Prod. XV. IT. 459 ; El. Br. I. 5. 367 ; B. sapida, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 280. North Kánara in moist forests near Sungsal in the Ankola táluka. Fl. C. S.

## JATROPHA, Linv.

Herbs, shrubs or trees, often glandular. Leaves entire or lobed. Flowers in terminal cymes, monoicous; female often petaliferous. Sepals 5, imbricate. Petals 5, free or connate. Disc entire or of 5 glands. Stamens many, filaments of the inner connate. Ovary $2-4$-celled ; styles connate below, 2 -fid ; ovule 1 in each cell. Fruit a capsule with a bony endocarp.

Petals free.
Leaves $3-5$-lobed, cordate. Petioles and flowers with many long, stipitate viscous glands ... ... J. glandulifera.
Eglandular. Leaves 3-lobed, not cordate ... J. nana.
Leaves peltate, pinnatifid, segments many. Cymes scarlet ... ... ... ... J. mullifida.
Petals connate. Leaves entire or lobed ... ... J. Curcas.
J. glandulifera, Roxb. Fl. Ind. IIT. 688 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 382 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 229. Jangli-erandi, M. Throughout the presidency, common near the sea-coast at Kárwár, but not observed by me elsewhere. Dalzell says "abundant at Punderpore." Fl. throughout the year.
J. nana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. El. 229; Fl. Br. I. 5. 382. Kirkundi, M. " Rare, in stony places near Poona," Dalz.
J. multifida, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1006; Fl. Br. I. 5. 383. Chini-erandi, Vern. Cultivated and naturalized throughoat the presidency.
J. Curcas, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1006 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 383 ; Brandis For. Fl. 442 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. El. Suppl. 77. Irundi, jaiphal, Vern.; kadandla, (Dhárwár). Thronghout the presidency, common in hedges cultivated and naturalized. Fl. Apl., May. Fr. R.S.

## ALEURITES, Forst.

Trees. Leaves simple or lobed, 2-glandular at the base. Flowers monoicous, in large terminal panicles. Calyx 2-3-partite. Petals 5, imbricate in bud. Disc urceolate or glandular. Stamens numerous, on a conical torus. Ovary $2-5$-celled ; cells 1 -ovuled; styles $2-5$, 2 -cleft. Fruit a large drupe ; putamen 1-5-celled. Albumen oily.
A. moluccana, Willd. Sp. Pl. IV. 590 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 384 ; Bedd. Fl. Srlv. t. 276 ; A. triloba, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 76. Akrod, jaiphal, Vern. Planted in gardens throughout the Bombay Presidency ; it is often called, by Europeans, Belgaum walnut. Fl. June-July. Er. ripe next cold season.

## CROTON, Linn.

Trees or shrubs, rarely herbs. Leaves alternate, simple. Flowers small, in racemes or spikes, usually monoicous. Calyx usually 4 -partite, slightly imbricate in bud. Petals as many as sepals, developed in the males, rudimentary or absent in the females; glands of the disc alternating with the petals. Stamens 5 or nume-
rous, usually $10-20$, filaments inflexed in bud. Ovary 2 -1-celled; cells 1 -ovuled ; styles slender, 2 -4-cleft. Capsule usually tricoccous, cocci 2 -valved, 1 -seodod. Seeds smooth with a caruncle.

Ovary lepidote or stellately tomentose. Trees or shrubs.
Shrub. Inflorescence and leaves densely silvery-lepidote. Leaves entire, 3 -nerved at the base.。 Capsule $\frac{1}{2}$ inch ... C. reticulatus.
Small tree. Young leaves and inflorescence lepidote. Leaves glabrous when old, toothed, penninerved. Capsule $\frac{1}{3}$ inch
. C. oblongifolius.
Small tree. Inflorescence stellately tomentose or glabrous, not lepidote. Leaves $3-5$-nerved at the base, denticulate. Capsule scabrid, $\frac{1}{3}$ inch C. aromaticus.

Shrub. Leaves penninerved; mature glabrous, 3-nerved at the base. Capsule small, stellately tomentose, crustaceous, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch
-...
C. Gibsoniamus.

Small tree. Leaves strongly triple-nerved, long petioled. Capsule large, obovoid, white, 1-inch, glabrous ... C. Tiglium.
Ovary glabrous. Young leaves softly stellately hairy, strongly 3 -nerved. Capsule large, rugose, glabrous. A small tree... ... ... ... ... C. Lawianus.

- C. reticulatus, Heyne in Wall. Cat. 7724 B. in part; Fl. Br. I. 5. 386 ; C. hypoleucus, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 231. Panduray, Vern. "In shady jungles on the Konkan hills." Dalzell. From the Konkan southwards, Fl. Br. I.
C. oblongifolius, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 685 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 387 ; Brandis For. Fl. 440 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 231; Beddome Fl. Sylv. 204. Gunsur, Vern. "Southern Konkan, rare," Dalzell. "A rare tree in our western forests," Beddome.
C. aromaticus, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1005 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 388 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 204. From the Konkan southwards, Fl. Br. I. ; on the Bababuden hills of Mysore, above 4,000 feet. Fl. Fr. R. \& C.S.
C. Gibsonianus, Nimmo. in Grab. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 251 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 392 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 232. On the southern gháts of North Kánara, in evergreon forests, common near the Falls of Gairsoppah; near Násik, Dalzell. Fl. Fr. C.S. I am doubtful whether there are not two species here. Glands orange-coloured cordate. Capsule red when ripe, size of walnut, Grah. Glands small, orange-coloured, not cordate. Capsule small grey tomentose when ripe in specimens from North Kanara.
C. Tiglium, Linn. Sp. Pl. p. 1004; Fl. Br. I. 5. 393 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 181 ; Brandis For. Fl. 440. Purging croton. Jamalgota, jaipa, Vern. Naturalized in the South Konkan.
C. Lawianus, Nimmo in Grah. Cat. Bomb. Pl. 251 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 394; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 232. Bababuden Hills, Mysore, probably may be found in the southern parts of North Kánara, but not yet seen in the Bombay Presidency. Fruit with the calyx enlarged like in Dimorphocalyx glabcllus, Thw.


## GIVOTIA, Griff.

A small tree. Leaves alternate, cordate, sinuate toothed, 5-9. nerved at the base. Flowers dicecious, in axillary or terminal cymes. Disc entire or lobed. Sepals 5. Petals 5, connate. Stamens 13-25 on a woolly receptacle, filaments connate. Ovary 2-3celled; styles short, 2-fid ; ovules 1 in each cell. Fruit a subglobose, 1 -seeded drupe.
G. rottleriformis, Griff. in Calc. Jour. Nat. Hist. IV. 388 ; FI. Br. I. 5. 395 ; Brandis For. Fl. 442 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 223. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 285. Throughout the dry districts of the Deccan, abundant in the Belgaum district near Gokák in dry, deciduous, open jungles. Fl. H.S.

BLACHIA, Baill.
Small trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate or opposite. Flowers monœecious; males subumbellate; females solitary or fascicled. Sepals 4-5, accrescent in the female. Petals $4-5$, small, hyaline. Disc of 4-5 scales, alternating with the petals. Stamens 10-20, on a convex torus, filaments free. Petals 0 in the female flower. Ovary 3-4-celled; styles filiform, 2 -partite, recurved; ovules 1 in each cell. Capsule 3 -celled ; cells 2 -valved. Seeds ecarunculate, smooth, shining.
B. denüdata, Benth. in Jour. Linn. Soc. XVII. 226 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 403 ; Croton umbellatum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 231, In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common on the Supa gháts. Fl, Oct., Dec. Fr. Dec., Feb.

DIMORPHOCALYX, Thw.
Trees. Leaves entire, coriaceous, alternate. Flowers in axillary or terminal ferv flowered spikes or the female subsolitary, diœcious. Calyx cupular, 5 -toothed or lobed, much accrescent in fruit. Petals 5. Disc of 5 glands, alternating with the petals. Stamens $10-20$, on a short torus; filaments stout, free or the inner connate. Ovary 3 -celled; styles erect, 2 -fid; ovule 1 in each cell. Fruit a 3 -celled capsule, cells 2 -valved.
D. Lawianus, Hook. f. Fl. Br. I. 5. 404 ; Trigonostemon Lawianus, Muell. Arg. : Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 273. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common on the southern gháts; between Nilkund and Gairsoppah. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr. Nov., Jany. Calyx segments of female flower unequal.

AGROSTISTACHYS, Dalzell.
Shrubs. Leaves long, entire or serrate, subsessile. Flowers diœecious, in bracteate spikes or racemes, males fers within each bract; females solitary, long pedicelled. Male fl. Calyx of 2-5valrate lobes. Petals 8, shorter. Disc-glands large, alternating в 144-24
with the petals. Stamens $8-13$ on a convex receptacle; filaments free; anthers versatile, cells pendulous from the thickened connective. Female fl. 5-6-fid. Petals longer, caducous. Ovary 3celled ; stylos thick, short, spreading, 2 -fid. Fruit a 3-celled capsule or subfleshy. Seeds globose, albumen fleshy.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bracts of male 1-3-flowered; densely imbricate } \quad \text {... A. indica. } \\
& \text { Flowers many under each bract, bracts remote }
\end{aligned} \text {... A. longifolia. }
$$

A. indica, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 232 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 406 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 205. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in evergreen forests, on the banks of streams. Fl. R.S. Fr. Feb.
A. longifolia, Benth. in Gen. Pl. III. 303 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 407 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 205. Evergreen forests of North Kánara, on the Supa gháts, along streams. Fl. R.S. Fr. ripe Feb., Apl.

## ADENOCHL ÆNA, Baill.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire, 3 or penninerved. Flowers monœcious, terminal or axillary, in interrupted spikes; males many, females few. Disc 0. Sepals 4-6, valvate. Stamens 4-6, filaments free, exserted; anther-cells adnate to the thick connective, parallel. Female fl. Sepals 5-8, narrow, unequal, accrescent. Ovary 3 -celled ; styles long, connate at the base, bifid above, recurved, plumose; ovule 1 in each cell. Fruit a 3 -celled capsule. Seeds albuminous, with a crustaceous testa.
A. indica, Bedd. MSS. Fl. Br. I. 5. 418 ; Cephalocroton indicum, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 261. Evergreen forests of North Kínara, near the Falls of Gairsoppah. Fl. Oct,, Dec.

## TREWIA Linn.

Trees. Leaves simple, opposite. Flowers small, in axillary racemes, diœcious. Calyx $3-4$-partite in the male flowers, valvate in the females, imbricate in bud. Petals and disc 0. Stamens numerous, free, on a central depressed torus. Ovary 3-4-celled ; cells 1-oruled; styles connate at the base, long, undivided. Fruit a drupe. Seeds albuminous.

> Female flowers solitary. Fruit globose, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ in. ... ... T. nudifora.. Female flowers in short racemes. Frnit $\frac{1}{4}$ in. ... ... T. polycarpa.
T. nudiflora, Iinn. Sp. Pl. Ed. 3, Append. 1661 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 423 Brandis For. Fl. 443; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 231. Petari, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests, often along the banks of rivers and nálís. Fl. Dec., Feb. Fr. R.S.
T. polycarpa. Benth. in Gen. Plant. III. 319; Fl. Br. I. 5. 424; T. nudiflora, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 281. The Konkan and North Kinara common, scarcely differs from T. nudifora, Linn, F1. C.S.

## MALLOTUS, Lour.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate or opposite, simple or lobed, sometimes peltate. Flowers usually dicccious, small, in terminal racemes or spikes. Calys $3-5$-partite; lobes valvate in the males, in the females spathaceous or valvately 3 -6-lobed. Petals and dise 0 . Stamens numerous, free or cohering at the base, on a central torus. Ovary $2-5$-called; cells 1 -ovuled ; styles as many as the ovary cells, simple or connate at the base. Fruit a dry capsule of 2-5-cocci. Seeds albuminous; cotyledons broad.

Erect trees. Leaves opposite or alternate.
Leaves alternate, rusty white tomentose beneath, narrowly peltate. Capsule 3 -4-coccous, muricate with soft white tomentose processes ... ... ... ... ... ... M. allus.
Leaves opposite, nearly glabrous, minutely glandular beneath.
Capsule 3-dymons with soft, scattered tubercles ... ... MK. stenanthus.
Leaves opposite, golden glandular beneath. Capsule with long soft, villous filaments ... ... ... ... ... ... DI. Lawii.
Scandent shrub. Leaves alternate with soft tawny tomentum, 3 -nerved. Capsule didymous, stellately tomentose ... ... M. repandus.
Erect tree. Leaves 3 -nerved, glabrous above, puberulous beneath. Capsule tridymous, covered with crimson glandular powder, unarmed. .
M. albus, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXIV. 188; Fl. Br. I. 5. 429 ; Brandis For. Fl. 444; Beddome Fl. Sylv. 208; Rottlera mappoides, Dalz. \& Gibs. Borab. Fl. 230. (Var. occidentalis.) 'Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan agd North Kanara. Fl. Sept., Oct. Fr. ripe Nov., Dec. Leaves subpeltate, rusty tomentose or white beneath.
M. stenanthus, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXIV. 191; Fl. Br. I. 5. 437. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara, on the gháts from Yellápur southwards. Fl. Sept., Nov. Fr. ripe C.S. Leaves sinuate, toothed, glandular at the base.
M. Lawii, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXIV. 192; Fl. Br. I. 5. 438; Bedd. F'l. Sylv. 209; Rottlera aureopunctata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 230. Throughout the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common in the forests near the Devimone and Nilkund gháts. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr. ripe Feb., Mch. Leaves penninerved, repand dentate.
M. repandus, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXIV. 197 ; Fl. Br. T. 5. 442 ; Brandis For. Fl. 444 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 210 ; Fiottlera tricocca, Roxb.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 230. Throughout the Konkan and North Kúnara in moist forests, common in the South Konkan, also in the evergreen forests near Yellápur. Fl. Sept. Oct. Fr. ripe C.S.
M. philippinensis, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXIV. 196; Brandis For. Fl. 444 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 442 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 289 ; Rottlera tinctoria, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 230. Kunkuma, K.; roen, Kapila, shendiri, Vern. Throughout the dry forests of the presidency and in Sind: Fl. Nov., Jan. Fr. ripe Feb., May. The powder from the fruit yields the kamela dje used for colouring silk.

## CLEIDION, Blume.

Trees. Leaves simple, alternate. Flowers diæecious, males in racemes, females solitary, axillary. Calyx 3-5-partite, valvate in the males, imbricate in the females. Stamens numerous, on a conical, central receptacle ; anthers peltately attached, 4 -celled ; connective produced. Ovary 2 -3-celled; cells 1 -ovuled; styles filiform, 2-cleft. Capsule 2-3-coccous. Seeds with fleshy albumen.
C. javanicum, Blume Bijd. 613; Fl. Br. I. 5. 444 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 272; Rottlera uranda, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 230. Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, common in the Ainshi ghát forests. Fl. Oct., Dec. Fr, Jan, Feb.

## MACARANGA, Thouars.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, large, peltate, entire or Iobed. Flowers dicecious, in panicles, racemes or spikes. Calyx in males valvate, in females imbricate. Petals and disc wanting. Stamens 1 or more, central, on a convex receptacle; anthers peltately attached, $3-4$-celled. Ovary $2-6$-celled, cells 1-ovuled. Fruit a small 1-5-celled, often glandular capsule. Seeds globose; albumen fleshy.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Male bracts with a glandular appendage ; female bracts without glands. }
\end{aligned}
$$

> Bracts broad, toothed, tomentose ; smaller in the female.
> Stamens 2-3 ... ... ... ... ... ... ... ... M. Roxburghii,
M. indica, Wight, Ic. t. 1883 and 1949, f. 2 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 446 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 287. From the Konkan southwards. Fl. Br. I.; " very common in the western forests of the Madras Presidency," Beddome; not seen in North Kánara by me.
M. Roxburghii, Wight Ic. t. 1949, f. 4 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 448 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 228; M. tomentosa, Beddome. Fl. Sylv. t. 287. Chanda, Vern. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, very common. Fl. Feb., March. Fr. April, May.

## HOIMONOIA. Lour.

Shrubs. Leaves alternate, stipules deciduous. Flowers diœcious, in spikes or racemes or the females solitary. Calyx of males 3-partite and valvate, of the females 5 -partite and imbricate. Petals and disc 0 . Stamens numerous in a dense globose head of branched filaments. Ovary 3-4-celled, cells 1-ovuled ; styles 3-4, connate at the base, simple. Fruit a 3-4-celled capsule; albumen fleshy.

> Leaves lanceolate. Spikes long, slender ... ... ... ... $\begin{aligned} & \text { H. riparia. } \\ & \text { Leaves obovate. Spikes short, stout } \\ & \text { I... }\end{aligned}$...
> ... H. retusasa.

[^9]H. retusa, Muell. Arg. in Linnæa XXXIV. 200 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 456 ; Brandis For. Fl. 445 ; Adelia retusa, Wight. Dalz. \& ( G ibs. Bom. Fl. 231 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 212. Throughout the presidency in river beds, often associated with II. riparia, commou in North Kánara rivers. Fl. Nov., April.

## RICINUS, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, peltate. Flowers monœcious, apetalous, in terminal subpanicled racemes. Calyx 5-divided, valrate in bud. Petals and dise wanting. Stamens numerous ; filaments variously connate on a plano-convex torus. Ovary 3 -celled. Capsule dry, 3 -coccous. Albumen oily.
R. communis, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1007 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 457 ; Brandis For. Fl. 445 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 78. Erandi, Vern.; tirki, Guj.; haralu, K. Castor oil plant. Cultivated and naturalized near villages, throughout the presidency. Fl. Fr. Feb., March.

SAPIUM, P. Br.
Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire or toothed; petiole 2-glandular at top. Flowers in terminal, simple or panicled spikes, monœcious, apetalous; males several in each bract; females in the lower part of the spike. Petals and dise 0. Calyx 2-3-lobed, toothed or split to the base into $2-3$-valvate sepals. Stamens 2-3; anther-cells distinct. Ovary 2 -3-celled; styles spreading and recurved, connate at the base; cells 1-ovuled. Fruit a tardily dehiscent 3 -valved capsule. Seeds with fleshy albumen, usually long-persistent on the columella.

Columella winged, persistent. Fruit capsular, size of a pea. ... S. sebiferum.
Columella not persistent. Capsule large, woody... ... ... S. indicum.
Fruit drupaceous, obscurely lobed, $\frac{1}{3}$ inch ... ... ... ... S. insigne.
S. sebiferum Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 693; Fl. Br. I. 5. 470 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 77 ; Excæcaria sebifera, Brandis For. Fl. 441. Chinese tallow tree. Pipalyank, Vern. Cultivated near Bombay. Fl. June. Fr. ripe Oct.
S. indicum, Willd. Sp. Pl. IV. 572 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 471 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 471 ; Grah. Cat. Bomb. P1. 181. Hurna, M. Various parts of the South Konkan, Graham.
S. insigne, Benth. in Gen. Plant. III. 335 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 471 ; Brandis For. Fl. 442 ; var. malabarica, Exccecaria insignis, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 214 ; Falconeria malabarica, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 2थ7. Ura, dudla, M. Common near the coast of the Konkan and North Kanara, on dry rocky soil, usually on laterite, also in moist forests on the gháts. Fl. C.S. Fr. Mch.

## EXCGCARIA, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves simple, usually alternate; with paired stipules. Flowers small in terminal or axillary, androgynous spikes,
usually monœcious. Calyx 2-3-divided. Petals and disc 0 . Stamens $2-3$, free or connate. Ovary $2-4$-celled; cells 1 -ovuled ; styles 2-4, simple, connate at the base. Fruit a 3-celled capsule ; cocci separating from the columella. Seeds globose ; albumen fleshy.

> Leaves alternate. Sepals minute, unequal ... ... E. Agallocha.
> Leaves opposite. Sepals orbicular, irregularly toothed ... ... ... ... ... ... ... E. robusta.
E. Agallocha, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1451 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 472 ; Brandis For. Fl. 442 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 227; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 255. Geva, surúnd, phungali, M. In tidal marshes, along the coast of the presidency, very common. Fl. July, Aug. Fr. Sept., Oct.
E. robusta, Hook, f. Fl. Br. I. 474. Konkan, Stocks.

## Order 78. URTICACEA.

Herbs, shrubs or trees, often with milky sap. Leaves simple, usually alternate. Stipules present, often deciduous. Flowers small, in heads or cymes, usually monœcious or diœcious. Perianth simple of 3-5 segments. Stamens as many as perianth-segments and opposite to them. Ovary free, 1 -celled, 1 -ovaled. Micropyle superior. Fruit various. Seeds with or without albumen.

| Flowers bisexual or polygamous. Fruit a sama Anthers erect in bud. Trees ... ... | Holoptelea. |
| :---: | :---: |
| ruit a drupe. |  |
| Cotyledons broad | Celtis. |
| Cotyledons narrow | Trema. |
| Filaments inflexed in bud. Ovale pendu |  |
| Male flowers capitate. Females solitary | Streblus. |
| Male and female flowers in globose heads |  |
| Male and female flowers spikate | Morus. |
| Flowers unisexual, males or all in globose heads open or closed receptacles. Anthers erect. |  |
| Flowers inside closed receptacles |  |
| Male Howers on disciform receptacles. Fem solitary .... |  |
| Flowers in globose, oblong or cylindric hea Males monandrous ... ... ... ... | pus |
| limbing shrubs. Male and female he | Conocrat |
| Shrubs with stinging hairs. Stamens inflexed in b Ovule erect, orthotrope | Laporte |
| Trees or shrubs without stinging hairs. Frui perianth dry or fleshy. |  |
| Fruiting perianth dry. Stigma filiform | Bghmerta. |
| Fruiting perianth fleshy. |  |
| Stigma sessile, subpeltate |  |
| tigma penicillate. Leaves ashy beneath |  |

HOLOPTELEA, Planch.
Trees. Leaves simple, alternate, unequal-sided; stipules caducous. Flowers bisexual, in lateral fascicles. Perianth campanulate, $4-8$-lobed ; lobes imbricate in bud. Stamens as many as peri-anth-lobes. Ovary free, 1-2-celled ; styles 2 ; cells 1 -ovuled. Fruit a samara, surrounded by reticulate, obcordate wing; pedicel articulate. Albumer 0 .
H. integrifolia, Planch. in Ann. Soc. Nat. Ser. 3, X. 269 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 481 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 238 ; Ulmus integrifolia, Brandis For. Fl. 431 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv.t. 310. Wawuli, papara, M. Throughout the presidency in deciduous forests. Fl. Feb., Mch. Fr. Jure-Aug. Leaves entire, cotyledons plicate.

## CELTIS, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, stipulate, entire or serrate. Flowers polygamous, in axillary or lateral cymes. Perianth 4-5divided ; segments deciduous, imbricate in bud. Stamens 4-5, short, surrounding a woolly torus. Ovary on a hairy disc; stigmas 2, sessile, deciduous. Fruit a globose drupe with a hard endocarp. Albumen 0 or scanty.
C. tetrandra, Roxb. Fl. Ind. II. 63 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 492 ; C. Roxburghii, Planch; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 237 ; C. serotina, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 218. Brumaj, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, usually in evergreen forests on the gháts, locally abundant. Fl. June, Sept. Fr. Mch., May.

## TREMA, Lour.

Trees. Leaves alternate, 3-7-nerved at the base ; stipules caducuous. Flowers monoicous, in axillary cymes. Sepals 4-5, subimbricate in bud. Stamens 5, longer than the sepals. Ovary sessile ; style arms 2, linear, ovule pendulous. Fruit a small drupe with a hard endocarp. Albumen fleshy.
T. orientalis, Blume Mas. Bot. II. 62; Fl. Br. I. 5. 484; Sponia orientalis, Brandis For. Fl. 430 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 219 ; S. Wightii, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 238. Ranambada, kapashi, kargol, M ; bendakarke, gol, Vern. Charcoal tree. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in moist forests, common. Fl. Mch.-Jany. Fr. Dec. Jany.

## STREBLUS, Lour.

Tree or shrub. Leaves alternate, scabrid; stipules small. Flowers dioicous, axillary, males in shortly pedunculate clusters, females peduncled, solitary. Sepals 4, imbricate. Stamens 4, inflexed in bud. Female fl. bracteate. Ovary 1-celled; style arms long; ovule 1, pendulous. Fruit globose, enclosed in the perianth. Albumen 0.
S. asper, Loar. Fl. Cochin II. 615 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 489 ; Bedd. F1. Sylv. 220 ; Brandis For. Fl. 410 ; Epicarpurus orientalis, Blume, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 240. Punje, K.; poi, khavota, M.; karvati, Vern. Througbout the presidency in dry open forests, common; it is also found in the evergreen forests of the North Kánara. Fl. Jany., Mch. Fr. Apl., May.

## PLECOSPERMUM, Trecul.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, entire. Flowers dioicous, in globular heads. Male flowers bracteolate ; perianth 4-fid, segments imbricate. Stamens free, 4, inflexed in bud. Female fl. Perianth
gamophyllous, 4 -toothed. Orary free, 1-celled ; ovule 1, pendulous style filiform, exserted. Fruit an irregular syncarpium of akenes, enclosed in the connate perianth lobes. Albumen 0.
P. spinosum, Trecul. in Ann. Sc. Nat. Ser. 3, VIII. 124; Fl. Br. I. 5. 491; Brandis For. Fl. 401 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 220. In the dry districts of the presidency, common in hedges in the Dhárwár district. Fl. Jany., April. Fr. May, June.

## MORUS, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, simple; stipules deciduous. Flowers unisexual, spicate. Male fl. Sepals 4. Stamens 4, opposite to and longer than the calyx-segments; anther-cells introrse. Pistillode rudimentary. Female fl. Sepals 4, accrescent in fruit, Ovary 1-celled ; ovale 1 pendulous. Fruit a syncarpium of akenes included in the succulent perianths. Albumen fleshy.

> Female spikes short, ovoid. Fruit black when ripe. M. indica, Fenale spikes long, cylindric. Fruit cylindrical, yellowish-white ... ... ... ... ... . .avigata.
M. indica, Linn. Sp. Pl. 986 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 492 ; Brandis For. Fl. 408. Tut, ambat, M. Cultivated and ran wild near villages in North Kánara and elsewhere thronghout the presidency. Fl. Mch., June. Fr. June, Aug.
M. 1ævigata, Wall. Cat. 4649 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 492 ; Brandis For. Fl. 409. Cultivated in gardens at Dhárwár and probably elsewhere in the presidency. Fl. C.S. Fr. H. S.

## FICUS, Linn.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate or rarely opposite, entire or lobed. Flowers unisexual on the inner surface of a globose or ovoid receptacle, the mouth of which is closed by imbricate bracts. Receptacles bracteate, unisexual, but usually androgynous with the males near the mouth. Flowers of 4 kinds, male, female, gall-flowers and neuters. Male fl. Perianth thin, 2-6-fid or partite. Stamens 1-2; anthers of 2, distinct cells. Female fl. Perianth of the male or 0 . Ovary 1-celled; style excentric, ovule 1, pendulous. Akenes crustaceous or fleshy.

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|  |  |
| Leaves alternate. Receptacles in peduncled axillary pairs. Bracts at the base 0, but 3, small, free bracts low down ou the peduncle. |  |
|  |  |
| Leaves coriaceous or membranous; petiole long, jointed to the blade. Receptacles sessile, in pairs; basal-bracts 3, small. |  |
| Fruit when young white with dark spots, black when ripe ... |  |
| Frnit dark purple ; basal bracts broad, coriaceons. |  |
| Receptacles in pairs from tubercles, purple black with greenish dots. Basal-bracts brown, mem- |  |
|  |  |
| Recer tacles in clusters, small, dotted and whitish yeilow : basal-bracts 3, bifid |  |
| Teceptacles crowded at the ends of the branches, purple black ; basal-bracts 3, minute, scarious ... |  |
| Receptacles globose $\frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. white, flushed with red and dotted ; basal-bracts minute... |  |
| Leaves rigid, coriaceous. Fruit peduncled, solitary, $1_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter, green, scabrid |  |
| Leaves coarsely-toothed or repand, scabrid. Receptacles solitary, axillary, peduncled, small, |  |
| Leares scabrons, hispid, toothed. Receptacles peduncled, globose, 1 in . in diameter, yellow or |  |
| Leaves opposite. Receptacles peduncled, fascicled on the old wood or on leafy branches, hispid, yellowish, sometimes hypogeal .. |  |
|  |  |
| Leaves alternate, membranons, glabrous. Receptacles large on short, axillary branches, scaly and leafless, from the trank, red ... ... F. glomerata. |  |
|  |  |

F. gibbosa, Blume Bijd. 466 ; Fl. Br. T. 5. 496 ; F. parasitica, Koen. ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 224; Brandis For. Fl. 420 ; Urostigma ampelos, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 315 ; U. volubile, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 242 ; F. tuberculata, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 224. Datir, Vern. Throughout the presidency, common on old walls or on the sides of wells, also epiphytic ; throughout the moist and dry forests of the western gháts. Fruit ripe Apl., May.
F. bengalensis, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 471, n. 4; Fl. Br. I. 5. 499 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 222; Brandis For. Fl. 412 ; F. indica, Roxb.; Urostigma bengalense, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 240. Banyan tree. Wal, aladu, vacti, Vern. Throughout the presidency, wild or planted; self-sown throughout the deciduous and evergreen forests of the western ghats. Dr. King in his Spec es of Ficus says "really wild only in the sub-Himalayan forests and on the lower slopes of the hill ranges of Southern India." Fruit ripe, April-June.
F. mysorensis, Heyne in Roth. Nov. Sp. 390; Fl. Br. T. 5. 500 ; Brandis For. Fl. 414 ; King. Sip. Ficus 19 ; Bedd.Fl. Sylv. 222 ; F. muescens, Roth. Urostigma dasycarpum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 242. Bhurvar, M. Throughout the Konkan and North Kanara, in moist forests along the

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gháts, also near villages and in open situations, self-sown or planted. Fr. ripe Apl.-May. Fruit when young flocculent tomentose, ripe glabrous, yellow, sometimes tinged with red.
F. tomentosa, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 550 ; Fl. Br. I. 5.501 ; Brandis For. F1. 414 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 223. Donkey's banyan. Kulgolu, K. Throughont the presidency, common near the sea-coast of the Konkan and North Kánara, on sandstone rocks near Bádámi, Bijápur Collectorate. Fr. ripe Mch., Apl.
F. Benjamina, Linn. Mantiss. 129 (Excl. Syn. Rheede); Fl. Br. I.5. 508 ; Bedd. Fl Sylv. 223 ; F. comosa, Roxb. ; Bedd. Tl. Sylv. 223 ; Urostigma Benjamina, Miq.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 242; var. comosa. Kz. For. Fl. I1. 446. In the moist forests of North Kínara, the variety comosa is found in the Southern Marátha Country, Dhárwár district, in deciduous forests, rare. Fr. ripe, H.S.
F. retusa, Linn. Mant. 129 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 511 ; Brandis For. Fl. 417 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 223 ; Urostigma retusum and nitidum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 241, 242. Nandrut, pilala, Vern. Throughout the presidency, commonly planted along road sides.
F. Talboti, King. Sp. Fic. 51, t. 63 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 512. On the southern gháts of North Kánara, common in moist forests. Fr. ripe cold season. Leaves caudate acuminate.
F. nervosa, Roth. Nov. Sp. 338 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 512 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 223. In the evergreen forests of North Kánara from Supa southwards, a very large tree, without aereal roots. Fruit hard; walls thick, ripe Feb., Mch.
F. Rumphii, Blume Bijd. 437 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 512 ; F. cordifolia, Roxb.; Brandis For. El. 416. Pair, Vern. Western gháts near Bombay, Brandis, at Khandála and probably throughout the Konkan gháts.
F. religiosa, Linn. Hort. Cliff. 471 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 513 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 314 ; Brandis For. Fl. 415 ; Urostigma religiosum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 241. Arle, basri, pipal, Vern.; pipro, Panch Maháls ; ashvatha, M. Planted near temples and villages throughout the presidency. Fr. ripe May-July.
F. Arnottiana, Miq. Ann. Mus. III. 287; Fl. Br. I. 5. 513 ; Urostigma cordifolium, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. 242. Paeer, Vern. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, common on rocks near the coast, also in moist forests, Kumta, near the Yena rocks. Fr. ripe Feb.-Apl.
F. Tjakela, Burm. F1. Ind. 227; F1. Br. I. 5. 514. Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara, common in moist forests, abundant in the forests near Yellápur and generally on the gháts of North Kánara. Fr. ripe Mcb., May. Stipules large, membranous red, deciduous. Young leaves appear in Feb. A very distinct species.
F. Tsiela, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 519 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 515; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 314; Brandis For. Fl. 415; Urostigma pseudo-Tjicla, Miq.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomh. Fl. 241. Pipri. Vern.; bili-basri, K. Throughout the
presidency; nften planted along road sides. Fruit purple black when ripe, Apl.-Oct.
F. infectoria, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 550 ; F1. Br. I. 5. 515 ; Brandis For. FI. 414 ; Bedd. Wl. Sylv. 222; Urostigma infectoria, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 241 ; Ficus Lambertiana, Miq. Urostigma Lambertianum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 241 ; Ficus Wightiena, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 222. Bassari, pakari, lendva, M. ; karibasri, Vern. Common throughout the presidency, usually in dry forests. Var. Lambertiana is common in North Kanara in moist forests near Yellápur and elsewhere. Var. Wightiana is found in the southern parts of North Kanara; it is not so common as the former variety. Var. infectoria proper is often planted along road sides and is a very common tree throughout the presidency. The white dotted receptacles are sometimes more or less peduncled. I have a tree from North Kánara, formerly named at Calcatta Ficus urophylla, Miq., but which has nothing to do with that species; it is closely allied to Ficus infectoria, var. Lambertiana; or it may be a new species; it has the peduncles $\frac{1}{2}$ in long.
F. callosa, Willd. in Act. Acad. Berol. 1798, 102, t. 4 ; F1. Br. I. 5. $516 ; F$. cincrascens, Thw.; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 224. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, a very large tree with pearly juice, without acreal roots. Receptacles large, peduncled, solitary, ripe June-July.
F. heterophylla, Linu. fil. Suppl. 442 ; Fl. Br. I. 5.518 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 243 ; Brandis For. Fl. 124 . Datir, M. Throughout the presidency, common in North Kánara, along the banks of streams and rivers. Fr. ripe May-June.
F. asperrima, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 554 ; Fl. Br. I. 5.522 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 243 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 224. Khargas, K. ; lharwat, M. Thronghout the moist forests of North Kánara and the Konkan, very common. Fr. ripe Mch., Apl.
F. hispida, Linn. f. Suppl. 442; Fl. Br. I. 5. 552 ; Brandis For. Fl. 423 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 224 ; Covellia oppositifolia, Gasp.; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 243 ; C. deemonum, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bom. Fl. 2 44. Kurwut, Vern.; dher-umber, kala-umber, Kharoti, bokria, M. ; dhédı mera, Panch Maháls. Throughout the Konkan and North Kínara, often along the banks of rivers and in moist situations, common in the moist forests near Kárwár. Receptacles hispid, sometimes hypogeal, ridged at the top. Ripe fruit R.S.
F. glomerata, Roxb. Fl. Ind. IIl. 55̈8; F1. Br. I. 5. 535 ; Brandis For. Fl. 422 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 224; Oovellia glomerata, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 243. Umbur, M.; rumadi, atti, K. Common throughout the presidency, near villages along road sides and near streams and rivers. Er. ripe thronghout the year at different times. One of the principal shade trees in the Mysore coffee plantations.

ANTIARIS, Lesch.
Trees. Leaves alternate, stipulato. Flowers monoicous, axillary. Male flowers on the surface of a fleshy disc, surrounded by imbricate
bracts. Sepals 4, imbricate. Stamens 3-8; filaments short or 0; anthers 2 -celled, extrorse. Female involucre 1 -flowered, urceolate, many cleft at the apex. Perianth 0 . Ovary 1-celled ; ovule 1, pendulous from the apex of the cell; style terminal, bifid. Fruit fleshy. Albumen 0 .

A, tozicaria, Leschen, in Ann. Mus. Paris XVI. 478 , t. 22 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 537 ; A. innoxia, Brandis For. Fl. 427; A. succidora, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 244 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 307. Ajjanpatte, K.; Farrat, chandloura, M.; jassoond, chandul, Vern. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, common near Yellápur. El. Sept., Oct. Fr. C.S. A very large tree.

## ARTOCARPUS, Forst.

Trees with milky juice. Leayes alternate, entire or divided. Flowers monoicous, minute, on the outside of globose or oblong receptacles, the males and females on separate heads. Male fl. Perianth of 2-4-segments, imbricate in bud. Stamen l. Female f. Perianth tubular, entire. Style simple, usually exserted. Ovary 1-celled, ovule 1, pendulous. Fruit a sywcarpium consisting of the enlarged perianths, each enclosing a small nut. Albumen 0 .

> Fruit tubercled, 1-2-feet long, oblong or cylindric Fruit spinous, size of a lemon, spines hispid Fruit smooth, globose, $2-3$-inches in diameter F... A. hirsuta. A. . akoocha..
A. hirsuta, Lamk. Encycl. III. 201 ; FI. Br. I. 5. 541 ; Brandis For. Fl. 426 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 308 ; Dals. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 244. Heblatsina, K;; ran or patphunnas, M. Anjeli wood. In the evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kanara, yields a valuable timber. Fi. Jau., Feb. Fr. ripe, May.
A. integrifolia, Linn. f. Suppl. 412 ; Fl. Br. 1. 5. 541 ; BrandisFor. Fl. 425 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 244 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 219. Halsina, K.; phumnas, MI. Jack fruit tree. Cultivated near villages throughout the Konkan and North Kanara, often planted along road sides, said to be indigenous in the forests of the western gháts. Fl. C.S. Er. ripe R.S. (June-Aug.)
A. Lakoocha, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 524 ; FI. Br. I. 5. 543 ; Brandis. For. Fl. 426. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 244; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 219Wotomba, badhar, M.; wonte, K.; lowi, Vern. Evergreen forests of the Konkan and North Kánara, common in the forests near Yellápur. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. July, Aug.
A. incisa, L. ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 589. Vilayti phunnas, M. Bread fruit tree, cultirated near the coasts of the Konkan and North Kánara.

## CONOCEPHALUS, Blume.

Climbing shruls. Leaves alternate, simple, sometimes 3 -ncrved. Stipules connate. Flowers in axillary, cymose heads. Male fl. Perianth tubular, 4 -lobed, valvate. Stamens 2-4, erect. Female fl. Perianth ollong or clavate, 4 -lobed. Ovary included; style undivided; ovule erect. Albumen scanty or 0 .
C. concolor, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 239 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 546. Konkan at the Phoonda ghaít. Dalz. This may not be a Conocophalus; it is given as a doubtful species in the Fl. Br. I. Dalzell does not say it is a climber.

## LAPORTEA, Gaud.

Shrubs or trees with stinging hairs. Leaves alternate, entire or toothed; stipules opposite, free or connate. Flowers mon- or diecious, in axillary panicles, flowers and fruit often reflexed. Male fl. Sepals $4-5$. Stamens $4-5$, inflexed in bud. Pistillode clavate. Female fl. Sepals 4 or 0 . Ovary oblique; style linear, ovule erect. Achene flattened. Albumen 0.
L. crenulata, Gaud. in Freyc. Voy. Bot. 498 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 550 ; Brandis For. Fl. 404 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 306. Konkan, Stocks, does not seem to have been met with by any subsequent collector.

BOEHMERIA, Jacq.
Shrubs or small trees. Leaves opposite and alternate, toothed, 3 -nerved. Flowers dioicous or monoicous in axillary, sessile or panicled clusters, usually unisexual. Male fl. Perianth 4 -lobed, segments valvate. Stamens 4. Pistillode clavate. Female fl. Perianth tubular, compressed or ventricose, with a narrow, 2.4-toothed mouth. Ovary 1 -celled; ovule 1, erect. Akene dry. Seeds albuminous.

> Leaves rugose. Flowers in axillary clusters ..i.
> Leaves long petioled. Flower-clusters in axil. lary panicles ... ... ... ... ... B. platyphylla..
B. malabarica, Wedd. Monogr. 3 ă5 ; Fl. Br. I. 5.575 ; B. travencorict, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 225 (B. ramiflort, t. 27, f. 2). Throughout the Konkan and North Kánara in evergreen forests, common on the Sidldápur gháts. F. Nov., Feb. Fr. H. S.
B. platyphylla, Don Prod. 60 ; El. Br. I. 5. 578 ; Brandis For. El. 403 ; Splitgerbera scabrella, Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 239. Throughout the presidency, common in the moist forests near the sea-coast of the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. Apl., Sept. Fr. R.S.

VILLEBRUNEA, Gand.
Trees. Leares alternate 3-5-nerved. Flowers mono- or dioicous in spicate or panicled clusters. Male fl. Perianth 4 -fid, valvate. Stamens 4. Pistillode woolly. Female H. Perianth tubular, ventricose, adnate to the ovary, mouth toothed. Ovary l-celled ; ovule erect, stigma linear. liruit a free akenc. Albumen scanty.
V. integrifolia, Gaud. Bot. Bonite Voy. t. 91 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 589. Oreocnide acuminata, Kz. For. Fl. II. 427. O. sylvatica, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 225. t. 26. f. 4. Higher gháts of the Konkan, in moist forests. Stocks.

DEBREGEASIA, Gaud.
Shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, trinerved, often white tomentose leneath. Flowers mono- or dioicous, males clustered, the
females in small heads. Male fl. Perianth 3-4-partite, segments valvate in bud. Stamens 4. Pistillode glabrous or woolly. Female fl. Perianth tubular dilated below, mouth 4-toothed, adnate to the 1-celled ovary. Ovule erect; stigma tufted. Fruit a collection of small akenes on a fleshy torus, often yellow. Perianth accrescent. Albumen copious.
D. velutina, Gaud. Bot. Bonite Voy. t. 90 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 590 ; Brandis For. Fl. 405 ; Morocarpus longifolius, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 226, t. 26, f. 5. Conocephalus niveus, Wight. Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 239. Capsi, kurgul, Vern. Konkan and North Kánara, common in evergreen forests. Fl. Nov., Dec. Fr. Dec. Feb.

## Order 79. CASUARINE .

Leafless trees or shrubs, branchlets cylindric, grooved and jointed, internodes with a ring of small scales (leaves). Flowers unisexual, males in terminal spikes; female in ovoid heads, bracteate and 2-bracteolate. Male fl. Sepals 1-2, circumciss at the base. Stamen 1, inflexed in bud. Female fl. Ovary minute, 1-celled; style 2-fid, arms filiform, stigmatose to the base. Ovules 2, collateral. Fruit a small cone, formed of the hardened bracts and bracteoles, enclosing the winged akenes.

## CASUARINA, Forst.

Characters of the order.
C. equisetifolia, Forst. Char. Gen. 103, f. 53 ; F1. Br. I. 5. 598 ; Brandis For. Fl. 453 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 226 . Beef wood of Australia. Sura, M. Planted throughout the presidency: there are large plantations of this tree in North Kánara, near the sea-coast. Fl. Sept.-Oct. Fruit ripe June. Flowers dioicous.

## Order 80. SALICINE压.

Trees or shrubs. Leaves alternate, stipulate. Flowers dioicous in lateral catkins similar in both sexes, scales spirally arranged, each bearing 1 flower in its axil. Perianth 0. Disc cup-shaped or irregularly formed. Stamens 2 or more. Ovary 1-celled, style short or 0 . Ovules few or many on 2-4 placentas, erect, anatropous. Capsule 2-4-valved. Seeds few or many, each with a pencil of long silky hairs, growing from the funicle. Albumen 0 .

## SALIX, L.

Characters as above. Leaves short petioled. Stamens generally 2, long exserted. Dise of 1-2, separate glands. Capsule 2-valved, the valves usually rolling loack, placentas near the base of the valves.
S. tetrasperma, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 573 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 626 ; Brandis For. Fl. 462 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 302 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 220. Bocha, bitase, M.; wallunj, Vern. Throughout the presidency, along streams and river banks. F'l. Oct. Nov. Leaves glaucous beneath.
S. babylonica, Linn. ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 629 ; Brandis For. Fl. 465. Cultivated at Belgaum and elsewhere throughout the presidency.

## Order 81. GNETACE厈.

Climbing shrubs with jointed stems. Leaves opposite, broad or scale like. Flowers monœcious or diœcious, in axillary or terminal bracteate spikes. Male flowers. Sepals 2-4 or tubular. Anthers 2-8 sessile or on a column of the connate filaments. Female flower. An erect ovule terminating above in a long tubular prolongation of its coat, resembling a style, and enclosed in an undivided perianth. Seed dry or drupaceous.

Nearly leafless shrubs ... ... ...
Shrubs with broad leaves
...
...

## EPHEDRA Linn.

Shrubs or undershrubs with nodose stems, branches articulate. Leaves reduced to a membranous sheath with 2 opposite lobes. Flowers diœcious in sessile or pedunculate spikes, opposite, in pairs or whorled, bracteate. Male flower ; perianth of 2 membranous, opposite sepals. Anthers 2-10 sessile or stipitate. Female fl., a naked ovule with the outer coat produced into a styliform tube.
E. vulgaris, Rich. Conif. 26 ; F1. Br. I. 5. 640. Upper Sind !
E. peduncularis. Boiss. Fl. Orient. V. 717 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 641 ; E. Alte, Brandis For. Fl. 501. Plains of Sind. Fl. Mche, Apl. Fr. ripe May.

GNETUIM, Linn.
Climbing shrubs with jointed branches. Leaves elliptic, petiolate, penninerved. Flowers monœcious, in the axils of cup-shaped bracts and mixed with articulate hairs. Male fl. monandrous, protruding from a thick clavate sheath, slits terminal. Female fl. Ovale ovoid, inner integument with a toothed or fimbriate mouth. Fruit an oblong drupe.
G. scandens, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 518 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 642 ; Brandis For. Fl. 502 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 246. Rumbal, umbli. Throughout the moist forests of the Konkan and North Kinara; very common in the evergreen forests of the Supa gháts. Fl. Mch.-Apl. Fr. ripe June.

## Order 82. PaLM压.

Trees or shrubs, erect or climbing. Leaves pinnately or palmately divided, segments linear or lanceolate, folded longitudinally with numerous parallel nerves. The segments of the palmatifid leares are frequently bifid, those of the pinnate leaves entire or irregularly lobed. Petiole broad based, usually amplexicaul or sheathing. Inflorescence terminal or axillary of simple or panicled spikes, enclosed when young in usually more than one spathe. Each flower
usually 3 -bracteate. Flowers hermaphrodite, unisexual or polygamous. Perianth of 6 segments in two series, those of the fertile flower often persistent in fruit. Stamens 6, rarely 3 or more, anthers versatile. Ovary of 3 carpels, free or united; stigmas 3, usually sessile, undivided ; ovules 1-2, erect in each cell. Fruit a 1-3-celled drupe or berry or 3 distinct drupes or berries, often $1-2$ aborted ; pericarp smooth, rough or retrorsely scaled. Albumen ruminate or even, solid or hollow.

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Erect shrubs or trees. Fruit without scales.
Leaves pinnately divided.
Pinnæ linear lanceolate, finely acuminate, upper connato and 2-cleft. Ripe fruit orange-yellow. Seed 1 inch ... ... Areca.
Pimne obliquely dentate at apex. Ripe fruit purple, seed 2 inches. Actinorifyis.
Pinne linear, auricled at base unequally bilobed at apex... ... Arenga.
Leaves bipinnate; pinnæe wedge-shaped, erose, toothed. Fruit fleshy, 2 -seeded
Caryota.
Leaves pinnate ; pinne rigid, linear ; petiole spinous … ... ... Phenix.
Leaves pinnate ; petioles with a fibrous base. Fruit very large. Albumen with a large cavity.
Cocos.
Leaves fan-shaped.
Fruit globose. Albumen horny.
Flowers bisexual. Embryo apical. A lofty palm ... ... Corypina.
Flowers polygamous. Einbryo dorsal. A branched tufted palm. Nannoriops.
Flowers dioicous. Fruit large, albumen cartilaginous ... ... Borassus.
Climbing shrubs. Fruit with retrorse scales ... ... ... Calamus.
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## ARECA, Linn.

Stems simple, annulate. Leaves pinnate, unarmed. Spathes solitary. Spadices branched, lax, pendant. Flowers monoicous, on the same inflorescence, sessile. Male flowers many, minute. Sepals 3. Petals 3, valvate. Stamens 3 or 6, filaments short, anthers linear. Female fl., much larger than the males. Calyx of 3 sepals, imbricate. Petals 3 , imbricate, tips valvate; perianth accrescent. Ovary 1-celled; ovule erect. Fruit ovoid ; albumen ruminate, embryo basilar.
A. Catechu, Linn. Sp. Pl. 1189; Fl. Br. I. 6. 405 ; Brandis For. Fl. 551 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 95. Supári or betelnut palm. Purzy, M. ; adiki, K. Cultivated throaghout the presidency, but nowhere so abundantly as in the southern tálukas of North Kánara (Sirsi and Siddápur). Fl. R.S. Fr. C.S.

## ACTINORHYTIS, H. Wendl.

Stoms stout, annulate, unarmed. Leaves pinnate. Spathes 2 caducous. Spadix shortly peduncled with pendulous, flexuous branches. Flowers monoicous on the same spadix, near the base two males with a female between, above solitary or twin, bracteate males. Male flowers many, minute. Sepals 3, imbricate. Petals 3, valvate. Stamens $24-30$, in fascicles; anthers linear, versatile. Female flowers much larger than the males. Perianth accrescent. Sepals 3, imbricate. Petals 3, imbricate, valvate at the tips. Ovary

1-celled, ovule 1, pendulous. Fruit large, ellipsoid; pericarp fleshy fibrous; endocarp crustaceous, albumen ruminate.
A. capparia, Wendl. et Drude in Linnæa XXXIX. 184; Areca cocoides, Griff. Palms. Brit. India. 150. t. 230. B. Rúm supuri, K. Planted throughout North Kínara in supairi gardens of the Haiga Brahamins, probably introduced along with the supári, said to be indigenous in the islands of the Malay Archipelago. Fl. C.S. Er. ripe next C.S.

## ARENGA, Labill.

Stems simple, erect, covered with the remains of the fibrous leaf-sheaths. Leares pinuate, white beneath ; pinnæ 1-2-auricled at the base. Spathes many, basilar. Spadices interfoliar, large, panicled. Males and females usually solitary and on separate spadices. Male fl. Sepals 3, imbricate in bud. Petals 3, valvate. Stamens indefinite. Female fl. Perianth of the male, accrescent. Staminodes many or 0 . Ovary 3-celled, cells 1-ovuled. Fruit obovoid, 2-3-seeded; stigmas terminal. Albumen not ruminate.
A. Wightii, Griff. in Calc. Jour. Nat. Hist. V. 475 ; Fl. Br. I. 6. 422. On the Ankola táluka gháts of North Kanara, common on the Mushki ghít at about 1,500 feet elevation, in moist forests, gregarious but very local; very common on the ghats near the Falls of Gairsoppah in evergreen forests. Nale flowers strongly scented. Fl. C.S. Fr. R.S.

## CARYOTA, Linn

Tall palms with the trunk naked or sheathed. Leaves bipinnate, pinnules wedge-shaped, erose-toothed. Spathes 3-5, incomplete, tubular. Spadices interfoliar, peduncled with many pendulous, slender branches. Flowers monoicous, a female between two males. Male fl. Sepals 3, imbricate in bud. Corolla 3-partite, valvate. Stamens numerous, connate at the base ; anthers linear, basifixed. Female fl. Sepals as in the male. Petals imbricate in bud. Ovary 3 -celled; stigma 3 -lobed, ovules erect. Fruit globose, 1-2-seeded. Albumen horny, ruminate.
C. urens, Linn. Fl. Zeyl. 187 ; Fl. Br. I. 6. 422 ; Dalz \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 278 ; Brandis For. Fl. 550. Mháar palm. Birly mhár, Vern.; baini, K. ; birli, M. Common, in evergreen forests throughout the Konkan and North Kánara. Fl. F1. throughout the yoar.

PHONIX, Linn.
Shrubby or tall palms. Stems covered with the bases of the petioles, or rarely annulate. Leaves pinnate, pinnæ entire, lowest transformed into long spines, petiole with a fibrous amplexicaul sheath. Spathe complete, coriaceous. Spadices branched, erect or drooping. Flowers dioicous, small, sessile, coriaceous. Male fl. Calyx cupular, 3 -toothed. Petals 3 , valvate. Stamens 6 or 3, rarely 9. Female
fl. Calyx of the male, accrescent. Petals 3, imbricate ; staminodes 6 , or a 6 -toothed cup. Ovaries 3 ; stigmas sessile. Drupe 1 -seeded. Albuinen with a longitudinal furrow, horny, not ruminate.

P. sylvestris, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 787; Fl. Br, I. 6. 425 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 278 ; Brandis For. Fl. 50 \%. Wild date palm. Shindi, khajur, Vern. ; ichil, K. Very common in moist ground throughout the dry districts of the presidency, usually along the banks and in the beds of streams and water-courses, certainly indigenous. Fl. Jany.-Feb. Fr. ripe June.
P. acaulis, Buch. €x. Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 783 ; Fl. Br. I. 6. 426 ; Dalz. \& Giljs. Bomb. Fl. 278 ; Brandis For. Fl. 555. Common on the gháts, Dalz. There is a bulbiform stemmed palm which I cannot distinguish from the next species, common on the Sirsi táluka gháts. Fl. C.S. Fr. ripe May-June.
P. humilis, Royle. Ill. 394, 397, 399 ; Fl. Br. I. 6. 426 ; var. peduncu. lata, Becc. Fl. Br. I. 6.427. Common on the gháts of North Kknara, Fl. C.S. Fr. ripe May, June. . Leaflets made into mats.

COCOS, Linn.
Tall palms with annulate stems. Leaves pinnate, petioles amplexicaul with a fibrous base. Spathe simple, woody. Spadix paniculate. Flowers monoicous, sessile, bracteate, male flowers numerous on the upper branches. Male fl. Calyx of 3 sepals. Petals 3, valvate in bud. Stamens 6 ; anthers erect. Female ff. Sepals 3, imbricate, with 2 bracts at the base. Petals 3, smaller than the sepals. Ovary 3 -celled, surrounded with 6 staminodes. Fruit 1-seeded, mesocarp woody-fibrous. Albumen fleshy, oily, with a central cavity.
C. nucifera, Limn. ; Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 614 ; Brandis For. Fl. 556 : Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 279. Cocoanut palm. Narel, Vern. Tengina, K. Planted throughout the presidency, and cultivated extensively along the sea-coast. Fl. throughout the year. Fr. ripe 9-10 months after flowering.

## CORYPHA, Linn.

Tall, stout, annulate palms, dying after flowering and fruiting. Leaves large, orbicular, flabellately multifid; petiole spinous. Spathes many, tubular. Spadix an immense terminal panicle. Flowers small, clustered, bisexual. Calyx cupular, 3 -fid. Petals 3, valvate in bud. Stamens 6, equal, anthers dorsifixed. Ovary 3 -lobed, 3 -celled. Drupe usually solitary. Albumen horny.
C. umbraculifera, Limn. Sp. Pl. Ed. II. 1657; Fl. Br. I. 6. 428 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. Suppl. 94; Brandis For. Fl. 549. Talipat palm. Tuli, shri-tuli, K. In the moist forests of the Kumta and Honávar tálukas of North Kinara, covering extensive areas near Gairsoppah and Yena, also on the Yellápar gháts, sometimes planted in gardens near the seacoast. Flowers at about the age of 40 years and dies down afterwards. The horny globose seeds (bijui,bet) are made into necklaces and buttons and, exported to the Persian Gulf ports from North Kánara. Segments of the leaves are used for writing on.

## NANNORHOPS, H. Wendl.

A gregarious, tufted palm with prostrate branching rhizomes or stems. Leaves Habellate, rigid, plicate, segments 2 -fid. Spathes tubular, sheathing. S'padix interfoliar, much branched. Flowers polygamous. Calys tubular, 3-lobed. Corolla 3-partite, segments valvate. Stamens in herm. F1. 6, in male about 9. Orary trigonous. Fruit an ovoid or subglobose berry, varying in size from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ in. in diameter. Albumen horny with a central cavity.
N. Ritchieana, H. Wendle in Bot. Zeit. 1879, 148; Chamerops Ritchieunu, Griff.; Brandis For. Fl. 547. Pharre, Sind. Sind on dry arid hills, usually stemless, sometimes, however, forms a stem 6-8 feet high: Fr. ripe H. S.

## BORASSUS, Jinn.

Lofty, símple-stemmed palms. Leaves palmately fan-shaped; petiole spinously serrate. Spathes several, incomplete. Spadix with a ferw branches. Flowers dioicous, bracts large sheathing coriaceous. Male 11. in cylindrical catkins. Calys and corolla 3 -divided. Stamens 6 . Female fl, solitary within the scales of the catkin. Calyx of 3 sepals. Petals 6, imbricate. Staminodes 6, connate in a ring round the cvary. Ovary usually 3-celled; stigmas sessile. Drupe large, containing $2-4$, obcordate, fibrous, pyrenes. Albumen horny, turning hollow.
B. flabellifer, Linn. ; B. Alabelliformis, Roxb. Fl. Ind. III. 790 ; Brandis For. Fl. 544; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 278. Palmyra tree, Tad, temar, M. Planted throughout the presidency and Sind. Fl. Mch. Fr. May.

## CAIAMUS, Lim.

Scandent, rarely erect palms. Leaves alternate, pinnatisect, rachis often produced into an armed flagellum; sheath armed, produced into a ligula, with or without an armed flagellum. Spathes tubular or open, persistent and passing into bracts and bracteoles. Spadices axillary, usually elongate, sometimes produced into a flagellum. Flowers polygamo-dioicous, solitary within the spathules. Male fl. Calyx cupular, 3 -toothed. Petals 3, valvate. Stamens 6. Female fl. Calyx of male. Corolla tubular below, 3 -fid, valvate.

Ovary incompletely 3 -celled, covered with retrorse scales; stigmas 3. Fruit globose or ellipsoid, clothed with deflexed, polished scales. Seed smooth or pitted. Albumen equable or ruminate.
C. Thwaitesii, Becc. Fl. Br. I. 6. 441. Common in the evergreen forests at the foot of the Nilkund ghát of North Kánara. In flower and fruit Feb., Mch. Scandent. This species or a closely allied one is common near the sea-coast at Marmagoa. Sir J. Hooker remarks on specinens of this plant sent to Kew in the Fl. Br. 1. 6. 445, under C. pseudo-tenuis, Becc. There is a species common in North Kánara on the Ainshi ghát, also in the ravines rear Kadra, which was referred to C. flagellum, Griff. at Kew. It has, however, an equable albumen, deeply foveolate, surrounded with a brown spongy covering. The outside of the fruit is as in the description in the Fl. Br. I. 6. 439. Fl. Fr. C. \& H. seasois.

- C. pseudo-tenuis, Becc. MSS. El. Br. I. f. 445 . Common on the Sapa gháts of North Kínara. Fl. Mch., Apl. Fr. July. The minute male flowers in short, decurved spikelets and the small, beaked, brown fruit are characteristic.
C. Rotang, Lim. Sp. Pl. Ed. 1. 325 ; Ed. 2. 463 ; Fl. Br. I. 6. 447 ; C. Roxburghii, Griff. Palms Brit. Ind. 55, t. 195. Deccan peninsula and Ceylon, El. Br. I. That this species is indigenous in the ghats or elsewhere in the Bombay Presidency is doubtful. Brandis says western gháts and valleys of the Sátpudás, but it is doubtful whether he ever saw specimens of C. Rotang, L., from either the Bombay gháts or the Bombay Sátpudás. Dalzell and Gibson and Graham give Linnæus' name of $\boldsymbol{C}$. Rotang to what the natives call 'Bet.' which includes several species. There are several species undescribed from North Kánara, and further research will no doubt bring to light a number of others. The genus Calamus is difficult, as it is not always easy to match the male flowers and fruit of the same species. The cane brakes are generally in remote places, and so profusely armed that they are with difficulty entered. The flowers of some species appear at long intervals and during the rainy season or just at the beginning of the monsoon.


## Order 83. GRAMINE王.

Herbs, rarely shrubs or trees. Leaves alternate, distichous, consisting of a tubular split sheath and a narrow linear blade joined to the sheath by a petiole (in bamboos) ; sheath terminating in a scarious or fringed ligule. Flowers hermaphrodite or unisexual, arranged in distichous 1 or many flowered spikelets, usually with 1-2 empty glumes (bracts) at the base. The flowering axis bears 1 or more distichous glames (Hlowering glumes). Each flowering glumo bears in its axil the palea, a transparent 2-nerved or keeled bract. The flowering glume embraces the palea with its incurved edges. Between the flowering glume and the palea is situated the flower, consisting of 2, 3 small scales (lodicules) 3 or more free stamens and the superior ovary, crowned with 2 plumose stigmas.

Ovary 1-celled. Fruit a 1-seeded earyopsis, pericarp adherent to the testa, and sometimes to the palca and llowering glume. Albumen farinaceous. Embryo at baso of albumen small or minute.

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Stames 6.
Filaments frec. Lodicules :3, 2. Style deciduons.
    Embryo conspicuous on surface of caryopsis ... ... Bambusa.
Filaments free. Lodicules 0, Style with a persistent
    base. Embryo not apparent on sufface of caryopsis... Dendrocalamus:
Filaments united in a slender tube. Caryopsis linear,
    oblong
                                    Oxytevantieera.
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BAMBUSA, Schreber.
Large bamboos, usually in compact clumps. Spikelets 5 to manyflowered, usually clustered and spiked, forming a gigantic leafless panicle. Empty glumes 2 or more, luwer shortest, the upper similar to the flowering glumes. Palea 2 -keeled, usually fimbriate. Lodicules 3, ciliate, membranous. Stamens 6. Caryopsis with a longitudinal furrow, ofteu adhering to the palea and flowering glume.

> Branches spinescent. Leaves with longitudinal nerves distinct, transverse not so Unarmed. Leaves with distinct, traasserse veins U.... B. . . . vulgedinacul.
B. arundinacea, Retz. Munro in Trans. Linn. Soc. 26, 103. Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 231 ; Brandis For. Fl. 564 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 299 ; Gamble Ind. Timbers, 428. Buns, Vern. ; dougi, bidrgalu, K. The laige thomy loamboo, common throughout the presidency, usually in deciduous forests.
B. vulgaris, Wendl. ; Munvol.c. 106 ; Dalz. \& Gibs. Bomb. Fl. 299 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 232 ; Brandis For. Fl. 568; Gamble Ind. Timbers, 428. Krulluk, bambon, Vern. Cultivated in Koihápur, Poona, Sátítra, \&e., but not indigenous. Stems with green and yellow stripes.

## OXYTENANTHERA, Munro.

Erect or scandent bamboos. - Spikelets often elongate and curved, verticellate, few flowered. Flowers 1-3, the terminal one or the last but one fertile, rachilla obsolete. Flowering glume many nerved, spinose-mucronate. Palea in the fertile flowers convex on the back, keels obsolete, in the other Howers bicarinate. Lodicules none. Stamens 6 , monadelphous, anthers with a mucro or bristle or with a few hairs. Style slender, divided at the apex into 2-3 long and plicate stigmas. Caryopsis linear-oblong with a longitudinal furrov.

2 flowers to spikelet. Style hairy. Anthers acute, not apiculate ... ... ... ... ... O. Stockisii.
Spikelets slender, 1-flowered, Style glabrous. Anthers apiculate ... ... ... ... ... O. monostigma.
O. monostigma, Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 233 ; Gamble Ind. Timbers, 4:29. Bambuse Ritcheyi, Munro. Choun, K. Common throughout the Konkan
and North Kánara ghits, usually as undergrowth in deciduous forests. Culms often as large as those of Dendroculamus, cavity small. A soft bamboo, young stems covered with deciduous brown tomentum. Flowers frequently, at least clumps or single stems are often found in flower.
O. Stocksii, Munro ; Trans. Linn. Soc. 26 to 130 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 233. Fondu, Vern. Commonly cultivated along the coast, rare in the ghat forests of North Kánara. A strong bamboo, used for punting poles and for making native umbrellas, Elowering culms are frequently found.

## DENDROCALAMUS, Nees.

Unarmed bamboos. Inflorescence paniculate, spikelets congested in heads. Characters of Bambusa. Lodicules 0. Ovary hairy, style long filiform, undivided or 2-3-fid at the apex, base persistent. Cargopsis with a thick pericarp. Embryo not conspicuous on surface.
D. strictus, Nees, Munro Trans. Linn. Soc. 26 ; 147 ; Brandis For. Fl. 569 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. 235. ; Gamble. Ind. Timb., 430. Male bamboo. Shib, basa, udlef, medar, mace, mandgay, Vern. Throughout the presidency, usually in deciduous forests-the common unarmed bamboo. I am unacquainted with any species of the genus Arundinaria from the Bombay Presideney, although there may be one or two species found on the higher Konkan gháts. I have, however, a species of bamboo which Mr. Gamble says is Teinostachyum Wightii. It has thin cuims $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter, hollow, aud forms large dense clumps along the margins of streams and nálás, cominon on the Supa ghats, also in the Kárwár táluka and between Nilkund and Gairsoppah, in the evergreen forests of North Kánara. Flowers not seen. Hontla, M; wontenulgi, K. This bamboo is much used in the construction of temporary bridges over the streams and nálás of the gháts, during the south-west monsoon. Leaves large, $6-10 \mathrm{in}$. by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \mathrm{in}$. ; ligula bearded. It is sometimes slender and semiscandent, the tips bending over like carriage whips, when without support.

# NATIVEANDENGLISH NAMES. 

## A

Aak, 112. Aavl, 112. Abnus, 122. Aboli, löt. Ack, 112. Adak, 14t. Adiki, 200. Adulsa, 158. Adwi bhendy, 27. Ain, 91. Ainshi, 112 Ajjanpatte, 196. Akari, 137. Akasnimb, 152, Akra, 156. Akrod, 183, Al, 112. Alada, 193, Alei, 75. Alladi, 112. Alleri, 112, Alu, 110. Amate, 63. Amati, 182, Amba, 61. Ambada, 63. Ambat, 192. Ambati, 117, Amberi, 63. Ambgool, 170. Ambri, 140. Ambut, 65, 192. Amli, S0. Amti, 148. Anale, 91. Anantamul, 136. Anda murgal, 90. Anjan, 80. Anjeli wood, 196. Anjuni, 97. Ankul, 103. Apta, 81. Arabian jasmine, 126. Aran, 49. Aratala, 59. Ardanda, 11. Arjun, 91. Arjun sadra, 91. Arka, 137. Arkur, S4. Arle, 194. Arni, 162, Arnotto, 12. Arsambal, 72. Arsina gurgi, 15. Arsul, 79, 109. Asan, 76. Asana, 176. Asauna, 176. Ashok, S1. Ashvatha, 194. Asolin, 26. Asreli, 14. Asroli, 103. Atki, 117, Atmatti, 82, Attak, 12. Atti, $19 \tilde{0}$. Augusta, 68. Awla, 178.

## B

Babbar, 84. Babul, 84, 85, Badam, 61. Badas, 95. Badhar, 196. Bael-tree, 34. Baelputri, 34. Bagana, 86. Baguli, 91. Bahawa, 79. Baini-birli, 201, Bairsing, 153. Bajurbet, 203. Bakora, 111. Bakus, 158, Balai, 123. Balda, 91. Balpale, 47, Balra, 91. Bamboo, 205. Banda, 171, Bandgali, 172. Banne, 81. Bans, 205, Banyan tree, 193. Baobab, 20. Barai, 137. Barangi, 163. Barrara, 137. Barungi, 162. Bartundi, 112. Basa, 206, Basri, 194. Bassari, 195. Bastard cedar, 42. Bead tree, 39. Bebana, 107. Beef wood, 198. Bellaka, 20. Bellati, S6. Beltivas, 72. Benda karke, 191. Bengalibadam, 91. Bengal-quince, 34. Ber, 52. Bhadrak, 116. Bhaikoi, 22, Bhairnd, 15. Bhamini, 164. Bharatti, 48 . Bhat, 162. Bhauri, 149. Bhant, 162. Bhekal, 13. Bhendy 19. Bherda, 91. Bhokur, 144. Bhoma, 178. Bhorsal, 106. Bhuikohola, 14s. Bhurcuri, 133. Bhurvar, 193. Bhutkes, 107. Bhut-mogra, 125. Bibha, 62. Bibla, 76. Bibu, 62. Bidrgalu, 205. Bijapara, 33. Bijasal, 76. Bijori, 33. Bili basri, 194. . Bilimbi, 29. Bilinandi, 99. Billu, 43. Bilur, 49. Birly mbár, 201, Bitasa, 198, Biti, 75. Bitusi, 9. Blackwood or rosewood tree, 75. Bobbi, 16. Bocha, 198. Bohkara, 100. Bojevar, 167. Boke, 181. Bokhi, 28. Bokria, 195, Bondareh, 98. Bondwail, 147. Boon, 111, Bor, 52. Bowri, 149. Boya, 79. Bread fruit tree, 196. Brumaj, 191, Buckhul, 120. Bukra, 157. Bulgi, 161. Bundar, 115. Bundon, 15. Bundurgi, 60 . Banne, 81, Bura lessura, 144. Buramb, 41, Burgund, 144. Burkas, 49. Burla, 21. Buswanpad, 81. Butale, 26, Butapala, 49. Byebering, 117.

C
Cainguli, 171. Camaranga, 29. Camel-thorn, 68, Caper plant, 10. Capsi, 19S. Carbati, 117. Carwand, 129. Cashewnut, 61. Castor oil plant, 189. Cawtha, 34. Challane, 17. Chalta, 2. Chambari, 160. Chambil, 81. Chambuli, 81. Champa, 2. Champer, 12. Chanda, 188. Chandan, 174. Chandkura, 196. Chandrakant, 149. Chandul, 196. Chappal send, 101. Chapyel, 109. Char, 62. Charcoal tree, 191. Chawri, S9. Chayruka, 10, Cheena or chunna jhar, 150. Chella, 144. Chichola, S6. Chikli, 180, 168. Chikna, 168. Chilar, S6. Chillari, 77. Chillur, 77. Chimkani, 79. Chimnati, 67. Chimat, 53. Chinese tallow tree, 189, China limbu, 32. Chinch, 80,

Chinierandi, 183. Chiri, 2-. Chirauli, 62, Chirchira, 169.. Chirchitta, 150. Chittagong wood tree, 43. Chor, $2-$. Choura, 27. Chowa, 205. Chmmpa, 2. Chunungi, 98. Citron, 33 , Clearing nut tree, 1-43. Clove-scented creeper, 146. Cochli, 30. Cocoanut palm, 202. Coffee, 111, Coffee weed, 159. Corinda, 129. Coiton tree, 121, Country gooseberry, 178, Cowitch, 71. Custard apple, $\check{0}$.

## D

Dabria, 92. Dadsal, 2G. Dalchini, 167. Dandelo, 106. Dandous, 75. Dandoshi, 75. Danshir, 49. Datir, 193, 195. Datrang, 144. Datwan, 177. Daushir, 49. Dayti, 95. Deavkai, 15, Debria, 92, Decamali, 108. Devbabul, 55. Deviari, 43. Dewakunchun, 8?. Dhaiphul, 98. Dhaivan, 144. Dhal, 73, Dhamani, 26, Dhamin phalsa, 26. Dhaura, 92. Dhauri, 织, Dhedumera, 195. Dher-umber, 195. Dhupada, 18, Diar, 128. Dingala, 67. Dinda, 57. Dindal, 92 , Dino, 57. Dongrimaphul, 119, Donkey's banyam, 194. Dondru, 106. Donu-mullina-jali, 85, Dori, 140, Dougi, 205. Dowari, 98. Dowdowla, 74. Dowla, 192. Dralsha, 55. Dudla, 189. Dudurli, 138. Duhiwna, 144, Dusarika jhar, 164, Dyli, 67.

## E

Eisur, 159. Elephant creeper, 146. Erandi, 189. Eshwar, 150.

## F.

Eever nut plant, 77

## G

Gagri, 67. Gajkarni, 158, Gandla, 32. Gancri, 12- Gangr, 52. Gangro, 150. Gapsundi, 13. Garambi, 82. Garbe, 82. Gardul, 82, Gardundy, 15. Gariphul, 88, Gariya, 149, Gauri, 4. Gavel, 147. Gawlin, 48. Gawri, 4, Gaz, 14. Geduri, 144. Genasing, 153, Gengri, 75. Ger, 62. Gerumavu, 61. Geva, 190. Ghaneri, 159. Ghat, 52. Ghela, 108. Ghogari, 108, Gidesa, 11.5. Giduri, 144. Gingo, 26. Giroli, 6 Girmala, 79. Golkmbe, 61. Godhunchi, 86. (iol, 191. Goldar, 22. Gonikchentz, 20, Goolmohr tree, 78. Gopsundi, 13, Gorukamla, 20, Gorvi, 111. Goting, 91. Govindu, 122. Gowara, 72. Gowindi, 11. Gowli, 26. Grape vine, 55. Gugal, 37. Guggul dhup, 35. Gugul, 37. Guguli, 147. Gujel, 62. Gukikar, 84, Gulabjaman, 94. Gulaveli, 6. Gulbel, 6. Gulgul, 12. Gulmur, 166. Gulo, 6: Gulsham, 154, Gulum, 167. Gulveli, 6. Gulwail, 6. Gunchi, T0. Gum? 144. Gundada, 174. Gundira, 42. Gundni, 144, Gunglay. 12. Gungo, ol Gunja, "). Gunsur, 184. Gur, 45. Gura, 160. Gurar, 86. Guti, 52, 53, Gutta-percha tree, 119, Guyava tree, 93,

## H

Halang, 24. Maden, 122. Hadri, 91. Hadru, 122. Haiga, 18. Hajeru, 83. Halabalagi, 37 . Maladi, 27. Haladwail, 28, Halda, 43. Haldi, 15. Hale, 119. Halra, 91. Halsina, 196. Hamra, 83. Hansampige, 12. Happusavaga, 22. Har, 126. Haralu, 189. Hardala, 15. Haribaval, 85, Haribasri, 195. Harki, 130, Har kinjal, 6, Harparawri, 178. Harrani, 75. Harreri, 86. Harsanker, 51. Hartundi, 129. Hasaguni gidda, 71. Hebbalsina, 196, Heddi, 105. Hedu, 105.. Hela, 91. Hennu, 111. Henne, 98. Herandori, 140. Hewar, 8 ̃, Hijuli-badam, 61. Hinganbet, 35. Hingu, 35, Hog plum, 633. Hola naki, 162 , Holedasal, 99, Hole matti, 91. Holi-gar. 63. Hona, 15. Honal, 91, Monangi, 105. Hond, 76. Hongal, 91, Home, 76. Hooda, 206. Hoolgeri, 63. Hom, 4, 5. Horse-radish tree, (i4. IIunab, 91. Hunase, 80. Hura, 124. IIturmacha, 48, Hurna, 189. Hursanker, 54. Hursing, 126. Huruk, 43.

Ichil, 202. Ikari, 48. Ikhari, 15̆4. Ilanji, 52. Iliya, 20. Indian copal tree, 18. Indian laburnum, 79. Indian olive, 126. Indian red wood, 42. Indian sarsaparilla, 136. Indrani, 161. Indrajav, 182 . Incli, $18,9 \overline{5}, ~ I p p i, 120$. Irai 16. Iri-babul, 84 . Iron wood, 82. Irun, 162, Irundi, 183. Ishawarg, 131.

Jack fruit tree, 196. Jai, 1シ5. Jaipa, 184. Jaiphal, 183. Jajikai, 165. Jalli, 84. Jam, 93. Jamalgota, 184. Jamba, 82, 171. Jambe, 82. Jambul, 95, Janagi, 15. Janglî-erandi, 183. Jangra, 52. Jao, 14. Jassoond, 196. Jassundie, 80. Jati, 140. Jau. 14. Jayaphal, 165. Jermala, 101. Jhaw, 14. Jondhri, 182. Jowassi, 68, Juggum, 13. Jummina, 30, Jungle-badam, 22, Jungly-chumbeli, 125, Junglyganga, 70,

K
Kabbar jhar, 128. Kabu, 91, 96. Kadandla, 183, Kadawar, 105. Kaddam, 105. Kaderi, 85. Kahu, 91. Kaiger, 85. Kajer bel, 142. Kajolitsayel, 56. Kajra, 142. Kaju, 61. Kakad, 37. Kakaphula, 7. Kaker, 13. Kakkai, 79. Kakmari, 7. Kala inderjow, 133. Kalakoranta, 154. Kalakura, 133. Kalakurwah, 106. Kalamb, 105. Kala phulas, 69. Kala umbar, 195. Kalasunda, 154. Kalauri, 22. Kalbage, 86. Kale-madh-ka-jhar, 177. Kalgari, 153, Kalgur, 45. Kalgura, 160. Kali-kardori, 139. Kalikikar, 84. Kalvari, 10. Kamo, 88, Kamtiya, 85, Kana, 105. Kanagola, 2. Kanakindali, 59. Kanal, 14\%. Kanaraj, 82. Kanchan, 82, Kanchin, 81. Kandal, 88. Kandi, 8t. Kandol, 22. Kangkur, 37. Kanguni, 48. Kanjala, 118. Kanju, 13. Kankar, 81. Kankuti, 74. Kauphulia, 159, Kanta gotti, 52. Kanta kamla, 119. Kanta kauchi, 176. Kantebhouri, 135. Kantel, 13. Kantha goting, 108, Kanthar, 11. Kanu, 105. Kanvel, 169. Kanwail, 51. Kapashi, 191, Kapila, 187, Karai, 22, Karalla, 86. Karamba, 126. Karambel, 2. Karanta 136. Karbat, 77. Kardor, 17. Kare, 107, 122. Kargol, 191. Karhepah, 32. Karhinimb, 32. Karibevan, 39. Karigidda, 108. Kariganne, 48, Karimatti, 91. Karimuttal, 69, Karkannie, 117. Karmal, 2. Karo, 111, 142, Karunda, 129. Karvat, 196. Karvati, 191. Karvi, 156. Karwan, 9. Kas, 68, Kasarkana, 142. Kasir, 86. Kassod, 79. Kastel, 13. Katkura, 111. Katsavar, 21, Kauntel, 10. Kaval, 96. Kavargi, 23. Kavsi, 18. Kawa, 111. Kawali, 139, Kazurati, 49. Ker, 10. Kera, 10. Kevani, 23. Khabbar, 12S, Khair, 85. Khair chumpa, 131. Khajur, 202. Khakhin, 128. Khanshi, 22, Khara narvel, 160. Khargas, 195. Kharkodi, 141. Kharota, 191, Kharoti, 195. Kharwat, 195. Khas, 27. Kharas, 22. Khedari, 147, Khirni, 120, Khor, 85 Kikar, 84. Kilai, 86. Kindal, 91 Kinhai, 86. Kinjal, 91. Kiral, 10. Kiran. 180. Kirijul, 91. Kirkundi, 183. Kirmira, 31, Kirna, 109. Kirrari, 89. Kisri, 12. Kivanch, 71. Kodale, 131. Kodarsi, 179, Kodmurki, 133. Kohan, 59, Koketi, 22, Kokla, 117. Kokum, 15. Kola sampige, 2. Kolisna, 11. Kolista, 154. Konda, 206. Kookur, 22. Koon, 59.' Kora, 42. Kovidara, 82. Kowsey, 22. Kuba, 96. Krishnasarwa, 135. Kud, 22. Kudak, 37. Fudchampa, 2. Kudia-nim, 32. Kuhila, 71. Kulgolu, 194. Kulluk, 205. Kulmiluta, 146. Kumbul, 119, 199. Kumbia, 96. Kumla, 9. Kumpoli, 119. Kumgin, 127, Kunher, 133. Kunda, 125, Kundi, 83, 125, Kungin, 127. Kunkuma, 187. Kunti, 31. Kura, 111, 132. Kurak, 37. Kurasan, 7. Kurat, 111. Kurda, 22. Kurdul, 17. Kurgul, 198. Kuri mutal, 69. Kurkunnie, 57 . Kurpa, 58, 97. Kurpah, 58. Kurphendra, 108, Kursan, 7. Kursing, 153. Kurwa wagutti, 33. Kurwei, 106, Kurweil, 2. Kurwut, 195, Kusumb, 59. . Kusur, 125. Kutri, 150.

## L

Laeli, 86. Lai, 14. Lajalu, 83. Lal chandan, 42, Lal devadari, 43. Lal khair, 85. Lal mandar, 137. Lamtani, 135. Láo, 14. Latala, 153. Lavasat, 107. Lei, 14. Lekki, gidda, 161. Lemon, 33. Lendva, 195. Lessuri, 144. Liai, 144. Lijar, 144, Limbara, 42. Limbatoli, 97. Lingur, 161. Litchi, 59. Locundi, 97. Locundie, 51. Lodhra, 124. Lohari, 122. Lohero, 152. Lohuri, 152, Lokhandi, 58, 111. Lotal, 174, Lowi, 196. Lullie, 87. Lutchmi, 60.

- Mace, 206. Madar, 137. Madbel, 92. Madrasada, 41. Mahalunga, 33. Mahanim, 43. Maidalakri, 169. Makrichijhar,, 111. Malacea jambul, 94. Male bamboo, 206, Malia, 122. Malkanguni, 48. Mandgay, 206. Mangoe, 61. Mangrove, 88. Marandi, 157. Marjadvel, 149. Marking nut tree, 62. Marmat, 85. Maruk, 35. Maryadvel, 149. Mashwal, 43. Mavinamara, 61. Medar, 206. Medasinghi, 153. Mendie, 98.

B 144-27

Mersingi, 153. Mhár palm, 201. Mhua, 64. Milk-bush, 176. Mindhal, 108. Mingut, 176. Mitha nimbu, 3:3. Moee, 62. Moha, 120. Mohwa, 120. Moina, 62. Moka, 126, Mokari, 126. Monigeli, 105, Monkey bread tree, 20. Moranna, 157. Morbel. I. Mori, 100. Moriel, 1, Mota karmal, 2. Moti yekkadi, 48. Motayen, 157. Muchu cuda, 23. Mudar, 137. Muddhedup, 35. Mudhol, 131. Mugra, 125. Mullañim, 39. Mulla honne, 176. Mullu kare, 2 2. Mullu mutala, 71. Munjuti, 82. Muradsing, 23. Murgal, 15. Murrorika jhár, 23. Mushwal, 152. Mústard tree of Scripture, 128. Muttala, 72. Mysore thorn, 77.

Nadena, 55. Nagari, 16. Nagachampa, 16. Naglkudo, 132. Nagsampige, 16. Nialbila, 39. Nana, 99. Nandruk, 194. Nannari, 136. Narampanal, 3. Narangi, 34. Narel, 202. Narsej, 176. Nauladi mara, 161. Navalichavel, 149. Nelli, 178. Nelthare, 168. Nengar, 161. Nensi, 122. Nerlu, 95, Nermali, 143. Nevli, 176. Nhyu, 105. Nil, 67. Nim, 38. Nimbarra, 39. Nimbu, 33. Nimi chambeli, 152. Nimuri, 38. Ninai, 122. Nirgunda, 161. Nirvala, 9, Nisul-bondi, 50. Nishottar, 149. Nivala, 9. Nivar, 95. Nivarung, 176. Nuggimara, 64. Nurgi, 170. Nurkal, 62.

0
Ohez, 167. Oleum nigram, 48. Oopagi mara, 15, Owli, 120.

## P

Pabba, 43. Padel, 153. Padrai, 39. Padri, 75. Paeer, 194. Paharmal, 8. Paharvel, 8. Pair, 194. Paker, 13. Pakari, 195. Pakur, 8. Pala, 145. Palara, 42. Palasvel, 72. Palla, 119. Palmyra tree, 203. Palore, 96. Panasi, 90. Panchoti, 119. Pandharphali, 179. Pandra khair, 85. Pandrakura, 132. Pandri, 108. Pandru, 108. Panduray, 184 Pangara, 71. Pangra, 71, Panjambul, 90̄. Panlag, 153. Paorki, 60. Papara, 191. Papri, 51. Papur, 108. Paral, 153. Parijtak, 126. Parr jamb, 126. Paryel, 8. Passi, 75. Patala, 153. Pavan, 177, Payal, 62. Pejri, 39. Pendgul, 111. Pendguliyel, 75. Pandra, 108. Pepuli, 30. Persian li'ac, 39. Peru, 93. Petari, 186. Phand, 146. Phansa, 75. Pharra, 203. Phok, 139. Phuga, 106. Phudgus, 168. Phulás, 72, Phullas kakria, 72. Phulsun, 71. Phungali, 190. Phunnas, 196. Phusati, 98. Phutkari, 149. Pigavi, 48. Pigeon-pea, 73. Pilala, 194. Piloka, 92. Pilu, 128. Piney varnish tree, 18. Pipal, 194. Pipalyank, 189. Pipri, 194. Pipro, 194. Fir, 194. Pisha, 168. Pistan, 144. Pitculi, 94. Pivia-koranta, 154. Plumgali, 190. Poi, 191. Poon spar tree, 16. Poorwi, 10 Hopoli, 174. Portia tree, 19. Prickly pear, 101. Puchownda, 10. Pumelo, 34. Punay, 15. Pung, 200. Punje, 191. Punschi, 90. Purging croton, 184. Purul, 153. Putranjiva, 180. Pynkado,-82.

## R

Ragi, 78. Ragtahanchun, 82. Raiavala, 178. Raini, 120. Rakta rohida, 121, 152. Raktarora, 121. Raldhup, 37. Ramakanta, 84. Rami, 169. Ramita, 169. Ramphul, 5, 165. Ramputri, 165. Ramsupari, 201, Ranaboli, 154. Ranambada, 191. Ranbhendy, 19. Ranguera, 73. Ranjae, 1. Ranjai, 125. Ranjana, 120. Ranlavang, 95. Ran or makur limbu, 33. Ran or pat phunas, 196. Ransher, 137. Ran-toor, 73. Ran-yeed, 33. Katamba, 15. Ratobauli, 85. Rita, 59. Roen, 187. Rohan, 42. Rowi, 137. Rudrack, 27. Rugt-rorar, 52. Rukt mara, 166. Rumadi, 195.

Sadri, 91. Sag, 160. Sagada, 59. Sageti, 6. Sagurgota, 77. Sagwan,160. Sakara jambha, 94. Salai, 36. Saldawar, 22. Sali, 181. Salphullie, 36. Samudra shoka, 147. Sandalwcod tree, 174. Sandan, 69. Saptaparni, 131. Sarata, 14. Sarda, 22. Sariva, 136. Sarub, 14. Satwin, 131. Saun, 67. Saundar, 83. Sauri, 21. Savandal, 83. Savaya, 22. Savimadat, 91. Sayar, 21. Sea holly, 157. Seej, 176. Segata, 64. Segava, 64. Semaphore plant, 70. Sendri, 12. Senkani, 162. Sensitive plant, 83. Sephali, 126. Sepistan, 144. Sewar, 131. Seyr, 176. Shaddock, 34. Shameula, 21. Shelu. 144. Sbema, 83. Sbembat, 62. Shemberti, 86. Shembi, 86. Shengali, 90. Shendri, 187. Cherus, 162. Sherwod, 107. Shetar, 149. Shergi, 64, Shewarie, 68, Shib, 206.

Shidori, 138. Shimti, 62. Shindi, 202. Shiprigidda, 10. Shirul, 26. Shisham, 75. Shiuli, 126. Shivani, 161. Showla, 107. Shritali, 203. Shurnboli, 161. Sigankati, 83. Sigekai, 85. Sihar, 131. Singahar, 126. Sirid, 106. Siris, 86. Sirsul, 86. Nis, 67. Sissai, 67. Sesso tree, 74. Sissu 74. Sisu, 75. Sitaphul, 5, Sokutia, 98 Somvel, 139. Sonariel, 147, Son champa, 131. Sougarbi, 162. Sour lime, 33. Star apple, 119. Sudrabilo, 63. Sukanu. 130. Sumri, 83. Eundar, 65. Supari, 200. \&upti, 68. Sura, 198. Suragi, 15. Surhoni, 16. Suria, 82. Surund, 190. Surungi, 15. sut, 158. Sweet lime, 33. Sweet orange, 34. Siweet sop, 5 .

## T

Tasg, 67. Tad, 203. Taggar, 132, Tali, 203, Talipat palm, 2J3. Taman, 99. Tamar, 203. T'amarind, 80. Tambat, 13. Tamboli, 144. Tambara-uk, 137. Tambara kura, 133 Tamruj, 49. Tao, 14. Tare, 91. Tartar, 123. Tuwir, 15. Teak-tree, 160. Tegina, 160. Telitsayel, 55. Telus, 69. Tembhurni, $1 \geqslant 2$. Temru, 123 Te du, 122, 123. 'l'engina, 202. Ter, 149. Tesu-ka-jhar, 72. Tetu, 1ō1. Te as. 69. Thor, 176. Thorlagung, 82. Thuvar, 176. Tihiri, 86. Timburi, 122. Tims2, 6\%. Tirki, 189, Tirphul, 30. Tisul, 30. Tituri, 86. Tivar, 95, 163. Tolu, 43 Toe. 158 Tondarshi jhad, 48. 'Ioon tree, 43. Toor, 73. Torate, 10. Turatti, 13. Torch tree, 111. Tugli, 87. Tulip-tree, 19. Tultuli, 138. Tumbuti, 83. Tundu, 43. Tu.i 43. Tunuj, 69. Tupa, 109. Turan, 5:. Turruli, 49. Tursiphul, 119. 'Turwar, 79. Tut, 192.

## U

Udha, 206. Udul, 86. Ugado, 101. Ukshi, 91. Umbli, 199. Unbur, 195. Undie, 6, 15. Uparsal, 136. Ura, 189. Utaran, 138. Utimukta, 28.

## V

Vadi, 193. Valshande, 139. Val, 82. Vargund, 144. Varul, 35. Varvunna, 9. Vasandi, 7. Vasanvel, 7. Vasuka, 158. Vatoli, 7. Vatyel, 7. Vidarikand, 148, Vilayati babul, 84. Vilayati kikar, 78. Vilayti phunas, 193. Vorepuvan 180. Vubbina, 4, Vuma, 15. Vurtuli, 83.

## w

Wad, 193. Wag, 11. Wagati, 78. Wagutty, 10. Wahii, 15t. Waiwarung, 117. Wallunj, 198, Wanu rajah, 81. Warung, 20. Wawuli, 191. White mangrove, 163. Wild cinuamon tree, 167. Wild date palm, 202. Wild mangosteen, 15 Wonte, 196. Wontenulgi, 206. Wood-oil tiee, 17. Woolly headed gnidi, 169. Wotomba, 196. Wovali, 120 Wud, 159. Wuksey, 91. Wumb, ฮ̃, 59 . Wunly, 15. Wurus, 15.3.

Y
Yekkadi, 13, 48. Yekyel, 75. Yela, 91. Yelegulla, 176. Yellal, 109. Yelli kalli, 176. Yenkul, 48. Yerindi, 39. Yerul, 82. Yesti, 49. Yettagal, 105.

Zaitun, 93. Zamir, 7. Zelloosey, 92.

LATINNAMES.

| A |  |  | neriifoliu, Roth, ... |  | Page. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 82 |
| Abrus, Linn |  | 70 |  |  | pavonina, Linn. | .. | $\cdots$ | 82 |
| precatorius, Linn. |  | 70 | Adenochlena, Baill. |  |  | 186 |
| pulchellus, Wall... |  | 70 | indica, Bedd. |  | ... | 186 |
| Acacia, Willd. . |  | 84 | Adhatoda, Nees. |  |  | 158 |
| arabica, Willd. |  | 8. | ramosissima, Nees. |  |  | 158 |
| Catechu, Willd. |  | 85 | vasica, Nees. |  |  | 158 |
| cæsia, W. \&. A. |  | So | quynadensis, Nees. |  |  | 158 |
| concinna, DC. |  | 85 | Adina, Salisb. ... |  |  | 105 |
| eburnea, Willd. |  | 85 | cordifolia, Hook... |  |  | 105 |
| Farnesiana, Willd. |  | 84 | Egiceras, Gaertn.... |  | ... | 118 |
| ferruginea, DC. |  | 85 | majus, Gaertn. ... |  |  | 118 |
| Intsia, Willd. |  | 85 | Egle, Corr. ... ... |  |  | 34 |
| Jacquemontii, Benth. |  | 85 | Marmelos, Corr. ... |  |  | 34 |
| latronum, Willd.... |  | 85 | Eschynanthus, Jack. |  |  | 151 |
| lencophlœa, Willd. |  | 85 | Perrottetii, A. DC. |  |  | 151 |
| pennata, Willd. ... |  | 86 | Aganosma, G. Don... |  |  | 134 |
| procera, Willd. ... |  | 86 | caryophyllata, G. Don. |  |  | 134 |
| rupestris, Stocks.... |  | 85 | cymosa, G. Don. ... |  |  | 134 |
| Senegal, Willd. ... |  | 85 | Doniana, Wgt. ... |  |  | 134 |
| Suma, Kurz. |  | 85 | Agati grandiflora, Dalz. |  |  | 68 |
| Sundra, DC. |  | 85 | Aglaia, Lour. |  | ... | 40 |
| tomentosa, Willd. |  | 85 | Roxburghiana, Miq. |  |  | 40 |
| Acanthaceæ... |  | 154 | Agrostistachys, Dalzell |  | ... | 185 |
| Acanthus, Linn. |  | 157 | indica, Dalz \& Gibs. |  |  | 186 |
| ilicifolius, Linn. |  | 157 | longifolia, Benth.... |  | ... | 186 |
| Achras elengoides, Bedd. |  | 119 | Ailantus, Desf. |  | ... | 34 |
| Acronychia, Forst.... |  | 31 | excelsa, Roxb. ... |  |  | 35 |
| laurifolia, Bl. |  | 31 | malabarica, DC. ... |  | . | 35 |
| pedunculata, Bedd. |  | 31 | Alangium, Lamk. ... |  |  | 103 |
| Actephila, Blume |  | 177 | Lamarkii, Thw, ... |  |  | 163 |
| excelsa, Muell. ... |  | 177 | Albizzia, Durazz ... |  |  | 86 |
| Actinodaphne, Nees. |  | 168 | amara, Boiv |  | ... | 86 |
| angustifolia, Nees. |  | 168 | Lebbek, Benth. |  | ... | 86 |
| Hookeri, Meissn... |  | 168 | odoratissima, Benth. |  |  | 86 |
| lanceolata, Dalz. \& Gibs. |  | 168 | procera, Benth. ... |  |  | 86 |
| Actinorhytis, H. Wendl. |  | $\because 00$ | stipulata, Boiv. .. |  |  | 86 |
| capparia, H. Wendl. |  | 201 | Alearites Forst. .. |  | ... | 183 |
| Adansonia, Linn. |  | 20 | moluccana, Willd. |  | .. | 183 |
| digitata, Linn. ... |  | 20 | triloba, Dalz, \& Gibs. |  |  | 183 |
| Adelia retusa, Wgt. ... |  | 189 | Alhagi, Desv. ... |  | $\ldots$ | 68 |


| maurorum, Desv. |  |  | Page. 68 | Arenga, Labill. |  |  | Page <br> 201 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Allophylus, Linu. |  | .. | 53 | Wightii, Griff. ... |  |  | 201 |
| Cobbe, BI. | ... | ... | 58 | Argyreia, Lour. ... |  |  | 146 |
| Alseodaphne, Nees. |  | ... | 168 | aggreyata, Choisy |  |  | 147 |
| angustifolia, Meissn. |  |  | 168 | cuneata, Ker. ... |  |  | 147 |
| semicarpifolia, Nees. |  |  | 168 | elliptica, Choisy ... |  |  | 147 |
| Alstonia, R. Brown |  |  | 131 | involucrata, Clarke |  |  | 147 |
| scholaris, Brown |  |  | 131. | Lawii, Clarke ... |  |  | 147 |
| venenatus, Brown |  |  | 131 | ornata, Brandis |  |  | 146 |
| Amoora, Roxb. |  | $\ldots$ | 41 | pilosa, Arm. |  |  | 147 |
| canarana, Benth. \& H |  |  | 41 | sericea, Dalz. \& Gibs. |  |  | 147 |
| cucculata, Roxb. | ... |  | 41 | cetosa, Choisy |  |  | 147 |
| Lawii, Benth. \& Hook. |  |  | 41 | speciosa, Sweet |  |  | 146 |
| macrophylla, Nimmo. | ... | $\ldots$ | 41 | Artabotrys, I. Brown |  |  | 3 |
| Rohituka, W. \& A. |  |  | 41 | odoratissimus, R. Br. |  |  | 3 |
| Ampelideæ ... | ... | .. | 53 | zeylanicus, Hook. f. |  |  | 3. |
| Anacardiaceæ |  |  | 60 | Artocarpus, Forst. ... |  |  | 196 |
| Anacardium, Rottl |  | .. | 61 | hirsuta, Lamk. ... | ... |  | 196 |
| occidentale, Linn. | ... | . | 61 | incisa, Linn. |  |  | 196 |
| Anamirta, Coleb. .. |  |  | 7 | integrifolia, Linn. |  |  | 196 |
| Cocculus, W. \& A. | $\ldots$ |  | 7 | Lakoocha, Roxb.... |  |  | 196 |
| Ancistrocladus, Wall. |  |  | 17 | Asclepiadeæ ... ... |  |  | 135 |
| Heyneanus, Wall. |  |  | 17 | Aspidopterys, A. Juss. | ... |  | 28 |
| Anisonema reticulatum, A |  | . | 177. | canarensis, Dalz. ... |  |  | 29 |
| Anodendron, A. DC. |  | . | 134 | cordata, A. Juss. ... |  | $\ldots$ | 29 |
| paniculátum, A.DC. | ... |  | 135 | Roxburghiana, A. Juss | . | $\ldots$ | 29 |
| Anogeissus, Wall, | . |  | 91 | Atalantia, Corr. | ... | .. | 33 |
| latifolia, Wall. |  |  | 92 | ceylanica, Oliv. |  |  | 33 |
| Anomospermum excelsum | Da | \& |  | missionis, Oliv. ... |  |  | 33 |
| Gibs, |  | . | 177 | monophylla, Corr. | $\ldots$ | .. | 33 |
| Anona, L. ... |  |  | 5 | racemosa, W. \& A. |  |  | 33 |
| muricata, DC. |  |  | 5 | Atragene zeylanica, Lin |  |  | 2 |
| reticulata, Linn.... | ... |  | 5 | Atylosia, W. \& A. ... |  |  | 72 |
| squamosa, Linn. | ... |  | 5 | barbata, Baker | ... |  | 73 |
| Anonaceæ ... |  |  | 3 | geminiflora, Dalz. .: | ... |  | 73 |
| Anthocephalus, A. Rich. | ... |  | 105 | goensis, Dalz. \& Gibs. | ... |  | 73 |
| Cadamba, Mig. ... | - $*$ |  | 105 | kulnensis, Dalz. ... | ... |  | 73 |
| Antiaris, J,esch. ... | ... |  | 195 | Lavii, Wgt. ${ }^{\text {. }}$ |  |  | 73 |
| innoxia, Brandis | $\ldots$ | . | 196 | lineata, W. \& A. ... | ... |  | 73 |
| saccidora, Dalz. \& Gibs |  |  | 196 | mollis, Benth. |  |  | 73 |
| toxicaria, Leschen | ... | . | 196. | rostrata, Baker | $\ldots$ |  | 73 |
| Antidesma, Linn. ... | ... |  | 182 | sericea, Benth. | ... | . | 73 |
| Alexiteria, Willd. | ... |  | 182 | Averrhoa, Linn. ... |  | .. | 29 |
| Bunius, Spreng. | $\cdots$ | . | 182 | Bilimbi, Linn. ... | ... |  | 89 |
| diandrum, Roth. | ... |  | 182 | Carambola, Linn. ... |  |  | 29 |
| Ghæsembilla, Gærtn | $\ldots$ | . | 182 | Avicennia, Linn. | ... | . | 163 |
| lanceolatum, Bedd. |  |  | 182 | officinalis, Linn. |  |  | 163 |
| Menasu, Miq. | $\ldots$ | . | 182 | Azadirachta indica, 4 . |  | . | 38 |
| paniculatum, Dal\% \& Gi |  | ... | 182 | Azima, Lamk. | .. |  | 138 |
| pubeseens, Dalz. \& Gibs |  |  | 182 | tetracantha, Lamk. | ... |  | 128 |
| Apocynacere ... | ... | . | 128 | B |  |  |  |
| Aporosa, Blume ... |  |  | 181 |  |  |  |  |
| Lindleyana, Baill. | ... | ... | 181 | Eaccanrea, Lour. ... | $\cdots$ |  | 183. |
| Araliacee ... .. |  | ... | 102 | courtallensis, Muell. | ... |  | 18: |
| Ardisia, Swartz | ... | . | 117 | sapida, Bedd. ... | ... | ... | 182 |
| humilis, Vahl |  | . | 118 | Balanites, Delile ... | ... |  | 35 |
| polycephala, Wall. | ... | . | 118 | Roxburghii, Planch. | ... |  | 35. |
| Areca, Limn.... ... |  | . | 200 | Palsamodendron, Kunth |  | ... | 37 |
| ('atechu, Limm. |  | .. | 200 | Berryi, Arn. ... |  |  | 37 |
| cocoides, Griff. | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 201 | gileadense, Don. ... |  |  | 37 |




|  |  | Page. |  |  |  | Page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| senegalensis, Lam. |  | 48 | Cleistanthus, Hook. f. |  |  | 77 |
| Celtis, Limn. | . | 191 | malabaricus, Muell. |  |  | 177 |
| Roxhurghii, Planch. | ... | 191 | Clematis, L. ... | ... |  |  |
| serotina, Beld. ... |  | 191 | Gouriana, Roxb. .. | ... |  | 1 |
| tetrandra, Roxb ... | ... | 191 | hedysarifolia, D.C." |  |  | 1 |
| Cephalocroton indicum, Bedd. | $\cdots$ | 186 | smilacifolia, Wall. |  |  | 1 |
| Ceratogynum rhamnoides, Da | \& |  | triloba, Heyne |  |  | 1 |
| Gibs. ... | .. | 180 | Wightiana, Wall ... |  |  | 2 |
| Cerbera, Linn. .. | ... | 130 | Clerodendron, Linn.... |  |  | 162 |
| Odollam, Gaertn ... | ... | 130 | inerme, Gaertn. ... |  |  | 162 |
| Ceriops, Arn. | ... | 89 | infortunatum, Gaertn. |  |  | 162 |
| Candolleana, Arn. | .. | 89 | phlomoides, Linn. |  |  | 162 |
| Chailletia gelonioides. Hook, f. |  | 43 | serratum, Spreng. |  |  | 162 |
| Chailletiacex. |  | 43 | Siphonanthus, Br. |  |  | 163 |
| Chasalia, Comms. |  | 113 | Cocculus, DC. |  |  | 7 |
| curviflora, Thw. ... |  | 113 | macrocarpus, W. \& A. |  |  | 7 |
| virgata, $\ldots$... | $\cdots$ | 114 | villosus, DC. ... | $\ldots$ |  | 7 |
| Chickrassia, Adr. Juss. |  | 42 | Cochlospermum, Kunth |  |  | 12 |
| Nimmonii, Grah. | .. | 43 | gossypium, DC. ... | .. |  | 12 |
| tabularis, Adr. J |  | 43 | Cocos, Linn.... ... |  |  | 202 |
| velutine, Roem. ... $\ldots$ |  | 43 | nucifera, Linn. ... |  |  | 202 |
| Chionanthus malabarica, Bedd. | ... | 126 | Coffea, Linn.... |  |  | 111 |
| Chloroxylon, DC. ... | ... | 43 | arabica, Linn. |  |  | 111 |
| Swietenia, DC. ... |  | 43 | Colebrookia, Smith | $\ldots$ |  | 164 |
| Chonemorpha, G. Don. | ... | 134 | oppositifolia, Smith | ... |  | 164 |
| macrophylla, G. Don. | ... | 134 | ternifolia, Roxb. ... | $\ldots$ | .. | 164 |
| Chrysopayllum, Linn. |  | 118 | Colubrina, Rich. |  |  | 53 |
| Roxburghii, G. Don. ... |  | 119 | asiatica, Brogn. ... | $\ldots$ |  | 53 |
| Cicca disticha, Dalz. \& Gibs. | $\ldots$ | 178 | Combretum, Linn. ... |  |  | 92 |
| Cinnamomum, Blume | ... | 167 | extensum, Roxb. ... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | 92 |
| iners, Grah. | ... | 167 | ovalifolium, Roxb. | ... |  | 92 |
| macrocarpum, Hook. f |  | 167 | Wightianum, Wall. | $\ldots$ | ... | 92 |
| zeylanicum. Breyn. | ... | 167 | Combretaceæ ... | $\ldots$ |  | 90 |
| Cipadessa, Blume | ... | 39 | Compositæ ... | $\ldots$ | .. | 115 |
| fruticosa Blume :. | $\ldots$ | 39 | Connaraceæ... |  | .. | 64 |
| Cissampelos, Limn. |  | 8 | Connarus, L. ${ }_{\text {L }}$... |  |  | 64 |
| Pareira, Linn. | ... | 8 | monocarpus, Linn. | ... |  | 65 |
| Cissus auriculata, DC. | $\ldots$ | 56 | pentandrus, Roxb. | ... |  | 65 |
| carnosa, Roxb. | .. | 56 | pinnatus, Lamk. ... |  |  | 65 |
| discolor, Dalz. \& Gibs. |  | 55 | Ritchiei, Hook f. |  |  | 65 |
| edulis, Dalz. \& Gibs. | ... | 5. | Wightii, Hook f.... |  |  | 65 |
| muricata, Dalz. \& Gibs. | $\ldots$ | 56 | Conocarpus latifoliu, DC |  |  | 92 |
| pedata, Dalz. \& Gibs. | ... | 56 | Conocephalus, Blume. |  |  | 196 |
| quadrangularis, Lim. | ... | 54. | concolor, Dalz. \& Gibs. |  |  | 197 |
| repanda, Vahl. ... | $\cdots$ | 55 | niveus, Wight. ... |  |  | 198 |
| repens, Lam. ... | ... | 55 | Convolvilacere |  |  | 145 |
| setosa, Dalz. \& Gibs. | ... | 55 | Conzolvulus blandus, Roxb |  | .. | 148 |
| trilohata, Lamk. . |  | 55 | Coukia dulcis, Bedd. |  |  | 32 |
| vitiginea, Dalz. \& Gibs. | ... | 55 | Cordia, L. ... ... |  |  | 143 |
| Citrus, Linn. | .. | 33 | angustifolia, Roxb. |  | .. | 144 |
| Aurantium, Linn.... | .. | 34 | fulvosa, Wight, ... |  | .. | 144 |
| decumana, Linn. | .. | 34 | latifolia, Roxb. ... |  |  | 144 |
| medica, Linn. | .. | 33 | Macleodii, Hook.f. |  | .. | 144 |
| Clausena, Burm. | .. | 32 | monoica, Roxb. |  |  | 144 |
| indica, Oliv. |  | 32 | Myха, Lim. |  |  | 144 |
| simplicifolia, Dalz. \& Gibs. | . | 31 | obliqua, Willd. ... |  |  | 143 |
| Willdenovii, W. \& A. | .. | 32 | polygama, Bedd.... |  |  | 144 |
| Cleidion, Blume. |  | 188 | Rothii, Roem. \& Schul. . |  |  | 144 |
| javanicum, Blume. |  | 188 | Wallichii, G. Don, |  |  | 1 |







|  |  |  | Page. |  |  |  | Page. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| indica, Willd. |  |  | 49 | digitata, Linn. | ... |  | 48 |
| obtusifolia, Roxb.... | .. | ... | 49 | grandiflora, Lamk. |  |  | 48 |
| Hiptage, Gærtn. ... | .. |  | 28 | muricata, Jacq. |  |  | 149 |
| Madablota, Gærtu. |  |  | 28 | sepiaria, Koen. |  |  | 148 |
| Holarrhena, Br. |  |  | 132 | staphylina, Roem. |  |  | 148 |
| antidysenterica, Wall. | ... | ... | 132 | Turpethum, Br. | ... |  | 149 |
| Holigarna, Ham. ... | ... |  | 62 | vitífolia, Sweet. |  |  | 149 |
| Arnottiana, Hook. f. |  |  | 63 | Isonandra, Wight |  |  | 119 |
| Grahamii, Hook, f. |  |  | 63 | Stocksii, Clarke | ... |  | 119 110 |
| Holochilus micranthus, Gibs. | Dalz. | \& | 121 | Ixora, L. brachiata, Roxb. .. |  |  | 110 |
| Holoptelea, Planch.... | $\ldots$ | ... | 190 | coccinea, Linn. ... |  |  | 111 |
| integrifolia, Planch. | ... | ... | 191 | elongata, Heyne ... |  | ... | 110 |
| Holostemma, Br. ... |  |  | 138 | lanceolaria, Colebr. | ... |  | 110 |
| Rheedei, Wall. ... | ... |  | 138 | nigricans, Br . |  | ... | 111 |
| Homalium, Jacq. ... | ... |  | 100 | parvifora, Vahl. |  |  | 10 |
| zeylanicum, Benth. | ... |  | 101 | pedunculata, Dalz. |  |  | 10 |
| Homonoia, Lour. |  |  | 188 | polyantha, Wgt. | $\cdot$ |  | 110 |
| retusa, Muell. |  |  | 189 |  |  |  |  |
| riparia, Lour. ... | . | ... | 188 |  |  |  |  |
| Hopea, Roxb, $\because \stackrel{\square}{\text { Gibs }}$ | ... | .... | 124 |  |  |  | 91 |
| racemosa, Dalz, \& Gibs spicata, Dalz. \& Gibs, |  | $\ldots$ | 123 | malaccensis, DC,... |  |  | 94 |
| Wightiana, Wall, | $\ldots$ | ... | 18 | pauciflora, Wgt, ... | ... | ... | 94 |
| Hoya, Br. ... | ... | ... | 140 | vulgaris, W, \& A... |  | ... | 94 |
| pallida, Dalz. \& Gibs. | ... |  | 141 | Jasminum, L. |  | .. | 124 |
| pendula, Wgt. ... | $\ldots$ |  | 141 | affine, Wgt. ${ }^{\text {a }}$... |  | ... | 125 |
| retusa, Dalz. ... |  | ... | 141 | arborescens, Roxb, | .. | ... | 125 |
| viridiflora, $\mathrm{Br}, \ldots$ | ... | ... | 140 | auriculatum, Vahl. | ... | ... | 125 |
| Wightii, Hook, ... | $\cdots$ | ... | 141 | bracteatum, Wgt... | $\ldots$ | ... | 125 |
| Hugonia, L.... ... | ... | ... | 28 | flexile, Vahl. ... |  | $\ldots$ | 125 |
| Mystax, Linn. ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {a }}$. | $\cdots$ |  | 13 | hursile, Linn. ... | .... | $\ldots$ | 125 |
| Hydnocarpus, Gærtn. Wightiana, Blume | $\ldots$ | ... | 13 | latifolia, Roxb. ... |  |  |  |
| Hymenodictiyon, Wall. | ... | ... | 106 | malabaricum, Wgt. | ... | ... | 125 |
| excelsum, Wall. ... | ... |  | 106 | ovalifolium, Wgt... | ... | ... | 125 |
| obovatum, Wall. . |  |  |  | pubescens, Willd.... | ... | ... | 125 |
| I |  |  |  | Ritchiei, Clarke |  |  | 125 |
|  |  |  |  | Rottlerianum, Wall. |  |  | 125 |
| Ichnocarpus, Br. |  | ... | 135 | Roxburghianum, W |  | ... | 125 |
| frutescens, $\mathrm{Br}, \ldots$ | ... |  | 135 | Sambac, Ait. ... |  |  | 125. |
| Ilex, L. ... ... |  | ... | 46 | Jatropha, Linn. ... |  | ... | 83 |
| malabarica, Bedd. |  | ... | 46 | Curcas, Linn, | ... | ... | 183 |
| Wightiana, Dalz. \& Gib |  | $\ldots$ | 46 | glandulifera, Roxb. | ... |  | 183 |
| Ilicineæ $\quad .$. | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | ... |  | 183 |
| Indigofera, Linn, ... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 67 | nana, Dalz. \& Gibs. Jonesia Asoka, Roxb. |  |  | 183 |
| argentea, Linn. ... | ... | $\cdots$ | 67 67 | Justicia, L. . $\therefore$.. |  |  | 157 |
| constricta, Trim,... | $\ldots$ | ... | 67 | Betonica, L. ... |  |  | 158 |
| faccida, | $\ldots$ |  | 67 | Gendarussa, Linn. |  |  | 158 |
| pulchella, Roxb. ... | ... | ... | 67 | montana, Wall. ... |  | ... | 158 |
| tinctoria, Linn. ... | ... | ... | 67 | ramosissima, Nees, | ... | ... | 158 |
| Wightii, Grah. ... | ... |  | 67 | wynaadensis, Wall, | ... | -* | 158 |
| Ipomæa, Linn, ... | $\ldots$ | ... | 148 | K |  |  |  |
| biloba, Forsk. ... |  |  | 149 |  |  |  |  |
| honanox, L. | ... | ... | 147 | Kandelia, Wight \& A |  |  | 89 |
| bracteata, Grah. ... | $\ldots$ |  | 148 | Rheedii, W. \& A |  |  | 89 |
| campanulata, Linn. | ... |  | 148 | Kanilia parvifora, Dalz | \& Gibs |  | 89 |



Page. P'as:

l'as :
Nemedra Nimmonii, Dalz. \& Gilbs. ..... 41
Nephelium, Linn. ..... 59
Litchi, Camb. ..... 59
longana, Camb ..... 59
Nerium, Linn, ..... 133
odorum, Soland. ..... 133
oleander, L. ..... 133
Neuracanthus sphaerostachyus, Dalz. 154 ..... 154trinervius, Wight
Neuropeltis, Wall. ..... 149
racemosa, Wall. ..... 149
ATiebhuria oblongifolia, DC. ..... 9
Nothopegia, Blume ..... 63
Colebrookiana, Blume ..... 63
Nyctaginere ..... 164
Nyctanthes, Linn. .. ..... 125
Arbor-tristis, Linn. ..... 126
0
Ochna, L. ..... 36
squarrosa, L. ..... 36
Ochnaceæ ..... 35
Ochradenus, Delile ..... 11
baccatus, Del. ..... 11
Ochrocarpus, Thouars ..... 15
longifolius, Benth. ..... 15
Ocimum ..... 64
Odina, Roxb, ..... 62
Wodier, Roxb. ..... 62
Oianthus disciflorus, Hook f. ..... 140
urceolatus, Benth. ..... 140
Olacineæ ..... 44
Olax, Linn ..... 44
scandens, Roxb. ..... 44
Wightiana, Wall,.. ..... 44
Olea, Linn. ..... 126
dioica, Roxb. ..... 126
Oleaceæ ..... -. 124
Ophioxylon densiflorum, Bedd. .....  130
neilgherrense, Dalz. \& Gibs. ..... 130
serpentinum, Linn. .....  130
Opuntia, Mill. ..... 101
Dillenii, Haw. ..... 101
Oreocnide acuminata, Kz ... ..... -. 197
sylvatica, Bedd. ..... 197
Orophea, Blume ..... 6
zeylanica, H. f. \& T. ..... 6
Orosylum, Vent. ..... 151
indicum, Vent. ..... 151
Orthosiphon ... ..... 164
Osyris, L. ..... 174
arborea, Wall, .....  174
Wightiana, Dalz. \& Gibs, ..... 174
Ougeinia, Benth. ..... 69
dalbergioides, Benth. ..... 69
Oxytenanthera, Munro .....  205
monostigma, Bedd. .....  205
Stocksii, Munro. .....  20
Paramigyna, Wgt ..... 33
l'
Palma ..... 199

            . ..... 
    Pajanelia, DC. ..... 153
Rheedii, DC ..... 154
monophylla, Wgt. ..... 33
Paritiun tiliaceum, W. \& A. ..... 19
Parkinsonia, Linn ..... 78
aculeata, Linn. ..... 78
Parsonsia, Br , ..... 132
spiralis, Wall, ..... 132
Pavetta, I ..... 111
hispidula, W, \& A. .....  111
hispidula $\dddot{W}$ \& $\mathbb{A}$.
indica, Linn. ..... 111 .....  111
siphonantha, Dalz. \& Gibs.
siphonantha, Dalz. \& Gibs.
Pergularia, Linn, ..... 139
odoratissima, L. ..... 139
pallida, Wight \& Arn, ..... 139
Periploca, Linn.
Periploca, Linn. ..... 136 ..... 136
aphylla, Dene, ..... 137
Phoberus crenatus, W. \& A. ..... 12
Phœnix, Linn ..... 201
acaulis, Buch. ..... 202
humilis, Royle,
humilis, Royle, ..... 202 ..... 202
pedunculata, Becc. ..... 202
sylvestris, Roxb, ..... 202
Phyllanthus, Linn
Phyllanthus, Linn ..... 177 ..... 177
distichus, Muell ..... 178 ..... 178
Emblica, Linn, ..... 178

indicus, Muell.

indicus, Muell. .....  ..... 178 .....  ..... 178
lanceolarius, Muell.
lanceolarius, Muell. ..... 178 ..... 178
Lawii, Grah. ..... 178
nepalensis, Brandis ..... 179
reticulatus, Poir. ... ..... 177
spinulosus, Heyne ..... 178
Piptostylis indica, Dalz, \& Gibs. ..... 32
Pisonia, Liṇn. ..... 164
aculeata, Lin ..... 164
Pithecolobium, Mart ..... 87
bigeminum, Benth. ..... 87
dulce, Benth, ..... 87
Saman, L,... ..... 87
Pittosporeæ ..... 13
Pittosporum, Banks ..... 13
dasycaulon, Miquel ..... 13
floribundum, W. \& A, ..... 13
Platea axillaris, Dalz. \& Gibs. .. ..... 45
Plecospermum, Trecul ..... 191
spinosum, Trecul.... ..... 192
Plectranthus. ..... 164
Plectronia didyma, Brandis ..... 109
parviflora, Roxb.... .....  109
Rheedii, DC. ..... 109
Pleurostylia, Wight ..... 47
Wightii, W. \& A. ..... 48
Plumeria, Linn ..... 131
acutifolia, Poir. ..... 131
Pogostemon. ..... 164
Poinciana, Linn. ..... 78
l'482
2
8
$:$





|  |  | Page. |  |  | Page |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wrightia, Br. |  | 133 | Z |  |  |  |
| tinctoria, Br. ... ... |  | 133 |  |  |  |  |
| tomentosa, Roem.... ... |  | 133 |  |  |  |  |
| Wallichii, Dalz. \& Gibs. - | ... | 133 |  | $\ldots$ | ... | 30 |
|  |  |  | ovalifolium, Wgt. | ... | ... | 30 |
| X |  |  | Rhetsa, DC. .. | ... | ... | 30 |
|  |  |  | Zizyphus, Juss, ... | . | ... | 51 |
| Xanthochymus ovalifolius, Roxb. |  | 15 | horrida; Roth. | ... | ... | 52 |
| pictorius, Roxb. ... ... |  | 15 | Jujuba, Lamk. ... | ... | ... | 52 |
| Xanthoxylon triphyllum, Dalz. |  |  | nummularia, W. \& A. | $\ldots$ | ... | 52 |
| Gibs. ... ... | ... | 30 | œnoplia, Mill. ... | ... |  | 52 |
| Ximenia, Linn. ... | ... | 44 | rugosa, Lamk. ... | ... | ... | 52 |
| Americana, Willd. | ... | 44 | xyloyprus, Willd.... | ... |  | 52 |
| Xylia, Benth. ... |  | 82 |  |  |  |  |
| dolabriformis, Benth. | ... | 82 |  |  |  |  |

(2)

Made in Italy



[^0]:    Flowers tetramerous.
    Fruit globose, 4 to 8 -celled, not grooved, pulpy. ... $G_{\text {. indica. }}$
    Fruit ovoid, 6 to 8 -grooved. ... ... ... ... G. Camboria.
    Fruit globose, 4 -celled, not pulpy. ... ... ... G. Morella.
    Flowers generally pentamerous.
    Fruit large, yellow. ... ... ... ... ... G. Xanthochymus.
    Fruit smaller, green, ... ... ... ... ... $G$, ovalifolites.

[^1]:    Leaves pubescent or tomentose beneath. Trees.
    Fruit 2 -celled, orange or red when ripe ... ... ... Z. jujuba.
    Fruit 3-celled, green when ripe, woody ... ... ... X. xylopyrus.
    Straggling shrubs or climbers.

[^2]:    Capsule not veined or shining, contracted into the stalk... C. monocarpus.
    Capsule strongly striate, shining, narrowly keeled ... C. Wightii.
    Capsule suddenly contracted into the stalk, base cordate. C. Ritchiei.

[^3]:    Trees. Flowers large, showy, 4 -merous. Calyx with a thickened dise.
    Petals spreading.

[^4]:    Sinous trees.
    Flowers solitary, large, white. Berrs ellipsoid, smooth, yellow, 2 in. long.

[^5]:    Flowers 3-merous. Ovary 3-6-celled ... ... ... Maba. Flowers 4.5 -merous. Ovary $4-5$ or $8 \cdot 10$-celled $\quad . .$. Diospyinas.

[^6]:    Leaves ovate. Panicles compound. Drupes scattered... S. persica. Leaves lanceolate acute. Panicles reduced to axillary fascicles of short spikes. Drupes clustered. ... ... S. oleoides.

[^7]:    Follicles thinly coriaceous. Seeds $\frac{1}{8}$ inch, ovate
    ... S. brevistigma. Follicles thickly coriaceous. Seeds $\frac{1}{3}$ inch, linear
    ... S. Stocksii.

[^8]:    Leafy shrubs.
    Large shrub, branchlets augular... ... ... ... V. orientale. Owarf tufted shrub, branches stout, short ... ... V. capitellatum.

[^9]:    H. riparia, Lour. Fl. Coch. 637 ; Fl. Br. I. 5. 455 ; Brandis For. Fl. 401 ; Bedd. Fl. Sylv. t. 212; Adelia neriifolia, Roth., Dalz. \& Gibs Bomb. Fl. 231. In the beds of rivers and streams throughout the presidency. very common in Konkan and North Kánara rivers. Fl. Nov., March.

[^10]:    Leaves alternate, hispid. Receptacles small, yellow or purple, $\frac{1}{4}$ in. peduncled, fascicled or in pairs; basal bracts 0 .
    F. gibbosa.

    Leaves alternate, smooth or tomentose; petiole not jointed to the blade. Receptacles axillary, sessile or peduncled, tribracteate at the base.
    Leaves more or less tomentose. Receptacles sessile, usually in pairs.
    Eruit pubescent, red. $\frac{1}{2}$ in. in diameter ... ... F. bengalensis.
    Frait pabescent, orange-yellow, 1 in, in diameter . $F^{\prime}$. mysorensis.
    Frait tomentose, grey, $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}$. in diameter ... ... fr. tomentosa.
    Leaves glabrous, Receptacles sessile, in pairs.

