

THE TRIBUNE ALMANAC

Price.

SINGLE COPIES, 13 CENTS ... \$1 PER DOZEN ... \$7 PER HUNDRED.

CONTENTS.

Astronomical Calculations and Calendars for the year 1858, 1 to 15

Government of the United States—Executive and Judicial, 16

Classified List of the United States Senate 16

List of the House of Representatives, Politically Classified . 17

The XXXVth Congress, as far as yet chosen (Dec. 1858)—
Senators and Representatives Politically Classified 18

A Condensed Statement of the Acts of the XXXVth Congress, First Session. 19 to 24

Lecompton and Lecompton jr.; or, the action of Congress on the admission of Kansas 24 to 31

The Public Lands :
Land Bills of Messrs. Morrill and Grow, and the action of Congress thereon, 31 to 33

Kansas in 1858 :
A Succinct History of Affairs in Kansas during the year 1858 33 to 34

How they Elect Bogus U. S. Senators in Indiana 35 to 37

Utah and the Mormons :
A brief Sketch of the rise of Mormonism, and the recent Difficulties in Utah, 37 to 42

Governments of Europe, names of European States, Sovereigns, etc. 43

Election Returns of the various States, carefully Compiled expressly for the TRIBUNE ALMANAC 44 to 63

List of States, Capitals, Governors, Times of Legislative Meetings, Holding of Elections, etc. 64

Popular Vote for President, by States, in 1848, 1852 and 1856 64

Merchandise Advertisements. 65 to 80

Index 2d page Cover.

AND POLITICAL REGISTER

FOR

H. GREELEY & NEW

1859

COMPANY. YORK.

GENERAL INDEX.

| | |
|---|-------|
| Appropriations of Congress for 1858..... | 24 |
| Logus Senators from Indiana..... | 35-7 |
| Cabinet, the, at Washington..... | 16 |
| Calendars..... | 4-15 |
| Chronological Cycles..... | 1 |
| Congress, the XXXVth..... | 16 17 |
| Congress, the XXXVIth..... | 18 |
| Congress, laws of..... | 19-24 |
| Cr. tinden-Montgomery bill..... | 25 |
| Day and Night, length of..... | 8 |
| Duration of the Seasons..... | 1 |
| Eclipses in 1859..... | 1 |
| Equinoxes and solstices for 1859..... | 1 |
| Governors of the States..... | 64 |
| Governments of Europe..... | 43 |
| House of Representatives, U. S., politically classified..... | 17 |
| Kansas in Congress, action on..... | 24 |
| Kansas in 1858, historical sketch of..... | 33-4 |
| Lecompton bill..... | 24 |
| Lecompton, jr., or English bill..... | 29 |
| Morning and evening stars..... | 1 |
| Public lands and agricultural colleges..... | 31 |
| Preemption rights—Mt. Grow's Land bill..... | 32 |
| Ruling sovereigns of Europe..... | 43 |
| Supreme Court of the U. S., judges of..... | 16 |
| State Governments..... | 64 |
| U. S. Senate politically classified..... | 16 |
| Table of the solar system..... | 2 |
| True time..... | 1 |
| Tides..... | 3 |
| Utah and the Mormons..... | 37-42 |

INDEX TO ELECTION RETURNS.

| | |
|--|---------|
| Arkansas..... | 58 |
| California..... | 63 |
| Connecticut..... | 56 |
| Delaware..... | 54 |
| Florida..... | 53 |
| Illinois..... | 60-1 |
| Indiana..... | 59 |
| Iowa..... | 62-3 |
| Kansas..... | 58 |
| Maine..... | 44 |
| Massachusetts..... | 44 |
| Michigan..... | 55 |
| Minnesota..... | 55 |
| Missouri..... | 56 |
| New Hampshire..... | 44 |
| New Jersey..... | 54 |
| New York, Governor, President, etc., by Counties..... | 45 |
| New York, Congress and Charter..... | 46 |
| New York, Governor by Towns..... | 47-51 |
| North Carolina..... | 54 |
| Ohio..... | 51-8 |
| Oregon..... | 63 |
| Pennsylvania..... | 52-3 |
| President, popular vote for, by States..... | 64 |
| Rhode Island..... | 44 |
| South Carolina..... | (cover) |
| Tennessee..... | 58 |
| Texas..... | 58 |
| Vermont..... | 44 |
| Wisconsin..... | 61 |

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

| | |
|--|---------|
| Agricultural Books, O. A. Moore..... | 67 |
| American Watches, Robbins & Appleton..... | 76 |
| Bankers and Brokers, Thompson Brothers..... | 78 |
| Benton's Debates, D. Appleton & Co..... | 66 |
| Brandrith's Pills..... | 72 |
| Consumption cured, J. Winchester..... | 75 |
| Cream Tartar, etc., James Pyle..... | 78 |
| Cyclopædia, New American, D. Appleton & Co..... | 66 |
| Dietetic Saleratus, etc., James Pyle..... | (cover) |
| Fire Works, G. A. Lilliendahl..... | 77 |
| Guano, American Company..... | 78 |
| Home Fire Insurance Co..... | 65 |
| Hooped Skirts, Douglas & Sherwood..... | 77 |
| Holloway's Pills..... | 68 |
| Knickerbocker Magazine..... | 78 |
| Medicinal Saleratus, etc., B. T. Babbitt..... | 71 |
| New York Ledger, Robert Bonner..... | 79 |
| Patent Pump, Andrews..... | 78 |
| Pianofortes, G. & H. Barmore..... | 75 |
| Printing Ink, John G. Lightbody..... | 74 |
| Radway's Ready Relief..... | 74 |
| Salamander Safes, Stearns & Marvin..... | 69 |
| Sewing Machines, Wheeler & Wilson..... | 74 |
| “ “ Atwater..... | 76 |
| “ “ Singer..... | 80 |
| “ “ Grover and Baker..... | (cover) |
| Spool Cotton, Wm. H. Smith..... | 68 |
| Standard School Books, A. S. Barnes & Co..... | 70 |
| Stationers' Hall, J. A. H. Hasbrouck..... | 69 |
| Webster's Dictionary, Merriam..... | 75 |
| Woman's Friend, J. Oakly..... | 76 |
| Writing Ink, Maynard & Noyes..... | 78 |
| “ “ T. Davids..... | 80 |

SOUTH CAROLINA.

An election for members of the XXXVIth Congress was held in this State in 1858, which resulted in the reëlection of the present delegation without opposition, with the exception of Hon. James L. Orr, of the Vth District, who declined a reëlection. In this District, the contest resulted as follows:

| <i>Dist. icts.</i> | Ashmore, Dem. | Vernon, Dem. |
|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| Anderson..... | 2,153 | 248 |
| Greenville..... | 1,903 | 661 |
| Pickens..... | 1,492 | 582 |
| Spartanburgh..... | 752 | 2,690 |
| Union..... | 904 | 791 |
| Total..... | 7,201 | 4,922 |
| Majority for Ashmore..... | 2,279. | |

The Governor and Presidential electors of this State are chosen by Legislature, and that body, in Dec., 1858, elected William H. Gist as Governor, to serve for two years.

TRIBUNE ALMANAC FOR 1859.

Eclipses in the Year 1859.

There will be six Eclipses this year, two of the Moon, and four of the Sun, as follows:

I. A partial Eclipse of the Sun, February 2d, invisible in the United States.

II. A total Eclipse of the Moon, February 17th, early in the morning, visible throughout the United States.

III. A partial Eclipse of the Sun, March 4th, invisible in the United States.

IV. A partial Eclipse of the Sun, July 29th, in the afternoon. This Eclipse will be very small, lasting only a few minutes, and occurs about an hour before sunset. Visible in the Eastern, Northern, and Middle States.

V. A total Eclipse of the Moon, August 13th, invisible in the United States.

VI. A partial Eclipse of the Sun, August 28th, invisible in the United States.

Morning and Evening Stars.

Venus will be Morning Star until September 27th, then Evening Star the rest of the year. Mars will be Evening Star until July 21st, then Morning Star the rest of the year. Jupiter will be Evening Star until June 25th, then morning Star the rest of the year. Saturn will be Morning Star until January 29th, then Evening Star until August 6th, then Morning Star the rest of the year.

Mercury.

This planet will be in a position most favorable for observation on the 30th of March, the 28th of July, and 22d of November, when it will be in the west, not very far from the place of sunset; also on the 24th of January, the 22d of May, and 16th of September, at which times it will be in the east just before sunrise.

Chronological Cycles.

Dominical Letter, B; Epact, 26; Lunar Cycle, 17; Solar Cycle, 20; Roman Indiction, 2; Julian Period, 6572; age of the World, 5362.

Characters.

☉ Sun; ☾ Moon; ☿ Mercury; ♀ Venus; ⊕ Earth; ♃ Mars; ♃ Jupiter; ♄ Saturn; ♅ Uranus; ♁ same longitude, or near each other; □ 90° apart; ♂ opposition, or 180° apart.

SIGNS OF THE ZODIAC. ♈ Aries; ♉ Taurus; ♊ Gemini; ♋ Cancer; ♌ Leo; ♍ Virgo; ♎ Libra; ♏ Scorpio; ♐ Sagittarius; ♑ Capricorn; ♒ Aquarius; ♓ Pisces.

ASPECTS AND NODES. ♁ Conjunction; * Sextile, 60 degrees; □ Quartile, 90 degrees; Δ Trine, 120 degrees; ♂ Opposition, 180 degrees; ♀ Ascending Node; ♂ Descending Node.

Equinoxes and Solstices for 1859.

| | D. H. M. |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Vernal Equinox..... | March 20 4 25 ev. |
| Summer Solstice..... | June 21 1 5 ev. |
| Autumnal Equinox..... | Sept. 23 3 17 mo. |
| Winter Solstice..... | Dec. 21 9 4 ev. |

NOTE.—The Sun's declination is given for the instant his centre is on the meridian of Washington.

Duration of the Seasons, etc.

| | D. H. M. |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Sun in Winter Signs..... | 89 1 19 |
| Sun in Spring Signs..... | 92 20 37 |
| Sun in Summer Signs..... | 93 14 12 |
| Sun in Autumnal Signs..... | 89 17 47 |
| Tropical Year..... | 365 5 55 |
| Sun North of the Equator..... | 156 10 49 |
| Sun South of the Equator..... | 173 19 6 |
| Difference..... | 7 15 43 |

True Time.

Two kinds of time are used in Almanacs; *clock* or *mean-time* in some, and *apparent* or *sun-time* in others. *Clock-time* is always *right*, while *Sun-time* varies every day. People generally suppose it is twelve o'clock when the sun is due south, or at a properly made noon-mark. But this is a mistake. The sun is seldom on the meridian at *twelve o'clock*; indeed this is the case only on four days of the year; namely, April 15, June 15, Sept. 1, and Dec. 24. In this Almanac, as in most other Almanacs, the time used is *clock-time*. The time when the sun is on the meridian or at the noon-mark, is also given to the nearest second, for the 1st, 9th, 17th, and 25th days of each month, at the right hand of the top of each calendar page. This affords a ready means of obtaining correct time and for setting a clock by using a noon-mark, adding or subtracting as the sun is slow or fast.

Old-fashioned Almanacs, which use *apparent* time, give the rising and setting of the sun's centre and make no allowance for the effect of refraction of the sun's rays by the atmosphere. The more modern and improved Almanacs, which use *clock-time*, give the rising and setting of the sun's *upper limb*, and duly allow for refraction. The practice of setting time-pieces by the rising or setting of the sun or moon is not strictly correct, as the unevenness of the earth's surface and intervening objects, such as hills and forests, near the points of rising and setting, occasion a deviation in every place, from the time expressed in the Almanac, which time is adapted to a smooth, level horizon. The only means of keeping correct time is by the use of a noon-mark, or a meridian line.

350315
11.5.58

TABLE OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM

| Names of the planets. | Periodical revolution, in days. | Mean distance from the sun in English miles. | Diameter in Eng. h miles. | Time of rotation upon axis. | Hourly motion in orb. in miles. | Date of discovery. | Discoverer. |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Sun | | | 887,000 | D. H. M. S. 25 7 43 0 | | | |
| Mercury | 87 | 66,890,000 | 2,950 | 1 0 5 28 | 100,000 | Known to anc'ts. | |
| Venus | 224 | 68,000,000 | 7,800 | 0 23 21 21 | 80,000 | Known to anc'ts. | |
| Earth | 365 | 95,865,000 | 7,912 | 0 23 56 4 | 68,000 | | |
| Mars | 687 | 145,205,000 | 4,500 | 1 0 37 0 | 55,000 | Known to anc'ts. | |
| Flora | 1,193 | 209,980,000 | | | | 1847, October 18. | Hind. |
| Melpomene | 1,270 | 218,930,000 | | | | 1852, June 24. | Hind. |
| Victoria | 1,303 | 222,650,000 | | | | 1850, Septem. 13. | Hind. |
| Euterpe | 1,313 | 223,770,000 | | | | 1853, Novem. 8. | Hind. |
| Vesta | 1,325 | 225,290,000 | | | | 1807, March 29. | Olbers. |
| Iris | 1,346 | 227,550,000 | | | | 1847, August 13. | Hind. |
| Metis | 1,847 | 227,580,000 | | | | 1848, April 25. | Graham. |
| Urania | 1,351 | 228,020,000 | | | | 1854, July 22. | Hind. |
| Phoebe | 1,359 | 228,940,000 | | | | 1853, April 6. | Chacornac |
| Massilia | 1,366 | 229,590,000 | | | | 1852, Septem. 19. | Gasparis. |
| Hebe | 1,379 | 231,350,000 | | | | 1847, July 1. | Hencke. |
| Lutetia | 1,387 | 232,240,000 | | | | 1852, Novem. 15. | Goldsch't. |
| Fortuna | 1,395 | 232,950,000 | | | | 1852, August 22. | Hind. |
| Parthenope | 1,402 | 233,810,000 | | | | 1850, May 11. | Gasparis. |
| Thetis | 1,420 | 235,880,000 | | | | 1852, April 17. | Luther. |
| Fides | 1,455 | 239,772,000 | | | | 1855, October 5. | Luther. |
| Amphitrite | 1,491 | 243,530,000 | | | | 1854, March 1. | Marth. |
| Astræa | 1,510 | 245,790,000 | | | | 1845, Decem. 8. | Hencke. |
| Pomona | 1,511 | 245,840,000 | | | | 1854, October 26. | Goldsch't. |
| Egeria | 1,512 | 245,850,000 | | | | 1850, Novem. 2. | Gasparis. |
| Irene | 1,518 | 246,540,000 | | | | 1851, May 19. | Hind. |
| Thalia | 1,554 | 250,420,000 | | | | 1852, Decem. 15. | Hind. |
| Eunomia | 1,570 | 252,090,000 | | | | 1851, July 29. | Gasparis. |
| Proserpine | 1,580 | 253,260,000 | | | | 1853, May 5. | Luther. |
| Circe | 1,591 | 254,430,000 | | | | 1855, April 6. | Chacornac |
| Juno | 1,592 | 254,430,000 | | | | 1804, Septem. 1. | Harding. |
| Leda | 1,662 | 263,450,000 | | | | 1856, January 12. | Chacornac |
| Ceres | 1,681 | 263,740,000 | | | | 1801, January 1. | Piazzi. |
| Pallas | 1,683 | 264,400,000 | | | | 1802, March 28. | Olbers. |
| Atalanta | 1,685 | 264,400,000 | | | | 1855, October 5. | Goldsch't. |
| Bellona | 1,689 | 264,650,000 | | | | 1854, March 1. | Luther. |
| Polyhymnia | 1,772 | 274,820,000 | | | | 1854, October 28. | Chacornac |
| Leucothea | 1,800 | 276,960,000 | | | | 1855, April 19. | Luther. |
| Calliope | 1,809 | 277,870,000 | | | | 1852, Novem. 16. | Hind. |
| Psyche | 1,825 | 278,710,000 | | | | 1852, March 17. | Gasparis. |
| Themis | 2,033 | 299,870,000 | | | | 1853, April 5. | Gasparis. |
| Hygeia | 2,041 | 300,340,000 | | | | 1849, April 12. | Gasparis. |
| Euphrosyne | 2,045 | 300,960,000 | | | | 1854, Septem. 1. | Ferguson. |
| Jupiter | 4,332 | 495,917,000 | 83,000 | 0 9 56 0 | 30,000 | Known to anc'ts. | |
| Saturn | 10,759 | 909,026,000 | 73,000 | 0 10 6 0 | 22,000 | Known to anc'ts. | |
| Uranus | 30,686 | 1,829,000,000 | 36,000 | | | 1781, March 15. | Herschel. |
| Neptune | 60,128 | 2,864,000,000 | 35,000 | | | 1846, Septem. 23. | Le Verrier & Adams |

The above table includes only 33 of the asteroids. Since it was made up, *thirteen* more have been discovered; making in all at the present time (1853), *fifty-one*. New discoveries are adding to the number of these every year. Le Verrier, the celebrated French astronomer, says, he is firmly persuaded that there are many more of the asteroids, and that before 1860, probably, in all, one hundred will be discovered.

Leap-Year.

Every year the number of which is divisible by 4 without a remainder, is a leap-year, except the last year of the century, which is a leap-year only when divisible by 400 without a remainder. Thus the year 1900 will not be leap-year.

Tides.

La Place pronounces the formula for deducing the tides the most difficult problem of celestial mechanics. It *sometimes* happens that the tide comes in *several hours* later or earlier than the most learned calculation would determine; and this in consequence of the strength and direction of the wind, which the calculator cannot reckon upon.

The Calendar pages exhibit the time of high-water at Boston, New York and Charleston. To find the time of high-water at any of the following places, *add to or subtract from* the time of high water, morning or evening, at New York, the quantity of time affixed to such place in this table. In using the quantities in this table, observe that more than 12 hours and less than 24, from midnight or the beginning of morning, is afternoon of the same day; and that more than 12 hours and less than 24, from noon, is morning of the next day.

| | H. M. | | H. M. |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|
| Albany..... | sub. 4 43 | New Haven..... | add 3 33 |
| Annapolis, Md. | sub. 3 35 | New London..... | add 1 15 |
| Annapolis, N. S. | add 1 49 | Newport..... | sub. 0 58 |
| Amboy..... | add 0 03 | Norfolk..... | sub. 0 41 |
| Baltimore..... | sub. 1 40 | Plymouth..... | add 2 19 |
| Bridgeport..... | add 2 53 | Portland..... | add 3 12 |
| Cape Split..... | add 2 00 | Portsmouth..... | add 3 10 |
| Eastport..... | add 3 17 | Providence..... | add 0 12 |
| Halifax, N. S. | sub. 0 43 | Quebec..... | add 8 45 |
| Holmes' Hole..... | add 1 04 | Richmond..... | sub. 3 44 |
| Hellgate..... | add 1 22 | Salem..... | add 3 00 |
| Marblehead..... | add 3 17 | Sandy Hook, N. J. | sub. 0 49 |
| Machias..... | add 1 54 | St. John, N. B. | add 2 49 |
| Mobile Point..... | add 1 54 | Sunbury..... | add 0 19 |
| New Bedford..... | sub. 0 16 | Windsor..... | add 2 40 |

Notes to the Reader.

The Calendar page in this Almanac is adapted for use in every part of the United States. It is based on the fact, that in the same *Latitude*, that is, on a line running due east and west, the *Sun and Moon rise and set at the same moment by the clock or almanac*, not only throughout the United States, but around the world—the variations being so small as to be of no importance for ordinary purposes. Thus, if on any day the Sun rises at Boston at 5 minutes past 6, it rises at 5 minutes past 6 on the same line of latitude westward throughout the states of Massachusetts, New York, Michigan, Iowa, and the territory of Oregon.

Hence, a Calendar adapted to Boston for New England, is equally adapted, as to the rising and setting of the Sun and Moon, for use in Northern New York and Michigan; a Calendar for New York city is adapted for use in the States of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois; a Calendar for Washington city is adapted for Virginia, Kentucky, and Missouri; and a Calendar for Charleston will answer for North Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, and Louisiana. Wherever the reader is, look for the State at the top of the Calendar page, and underneath are the rising and setting of the Sun and Moon sufficiently accurate for all practical purposes.

The *changes, fulls, and quarters of the Moon*, however, are governed by another principle, and are essentially the same for all places on the same *Longitude*; that is, on any line extending due north and south. Thus, the Moon's phases for Charleston, suit Pittsburgh, etc. Any phasis takes place at the same instant of absolute time; but the local time is

earlier at the westward, and later at the eastward, at the rate of *four minutes for each degree of Longitude*; or at the rate of *one minute for every 12 miles 273 rods* in the Latitude of Boston, 13 miles 60 rods in the Latitude of New York city, 13 miles 143 rods in the latitude of Baltimore, and 14 miles 199 rods in the latitude of Charleston.

To Ascertain the Length of the Day and Night,

At any time of the year, add 12 hours to the time of the sun's setting, and from the sum subtract the time of rising, for the *length of the day*. Subtract the time of setting from 12 hours, and to the remainder add the time of rising next morning, for the *length of the night*. These rules are equally true for *apparent* time.

Moonlight.

Professor Smith, the Astronomer Royal for Scotland, in his interesting account of a recent scientific expedition to the Peak of Teneriffe, has set at rest the often-discussed question of the heat of moonlight. He says that his thermometrical instruments were sensibly affected by the moon's rays, even at the lowest of two stations occupied by him at different elevations. In tropical climates, meat which is exposed to moonlight rapidly becomes putrid; and in the West Indies, the negroes, who will lie sweltering and uncovered beneath the full glare of a tropical sun, carefully muffle their heads and faces when exposed to the moonbeams, which they believe will cause swelling and distortion of the features, and sometimes even blindness.

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York. | Baltimore. | Charleston. | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | |
|----------------|----|---------|-------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | D. | H. | M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. M. S. |
| New Moon | 4 | 0 | 42 m. | 0 30 m. | 0 20 m. | 0 6 m. | 1 | 12 3 50 |
| First Quarter | 12 | 2 | 39 m. | 2 27 m. | 2 17 m. | 2 3 m. | 9 | 12 7 24 |
| Full Moon | 18 | 7 | 5 ev. | 6 53 ev. | 6 43 ev. | 6 30 ev. | 17 | 12 10 23 |
| Third Quarter | 25 | 4 | 1 ev. | 3 49 ev. | 3 39 ev. | 3 26 ev. | 25 | 12 12 37 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. S. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'CT, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARY'L'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|-----------|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------|-------------|-----------------|---|-----------|-------------|-------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | High W. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | High W. N.YORK. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | H. M. |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 S | 23 | 1 | 3 | 7 30 | 4 38 | 5 38 | 9 47 | 7 25 | 4 43 | 5 31 | 6 33 | 7 19 | 4 49 | 5 24 |
| 2 S | 22 | 5 | 51 | 7 30 | 4 39 | 6 36 | 10 36 | 7 25 | 4 44 | 6 28 | 7 22 | 7 19 | 4 50 | 6 21 |
| 3 M | 22 | 50 | 11 | 7 30 | 4 40 | sets | 11 19 | 7 25 | 4 45 | sets | 8 5 | 7 19 | 4 51 | sets |
| 4 T | 22 | 44 | 4 | 7 30 | 4 41 | 5 2 | morn | 7 25 | 4 46 | 5 8 | 8 49 | 7 19 | 4 52 | 5 14 |
| 5 W | 22 | 37 | 30 | 7 30 | 4 41 | 6 6 | 0 3 | 7 25 | 4 46 | 6 11 | 9 31 | 7 19 | 4 52 | 6 16 |
| 6 T | 22 | 30 | 29 | 7 30 | 4 42 | 7 11 | 0 45 | 7 25 | 4 47 | 7 14 | 10 10 | 7 19 | 4 53 | 7 18 |
| 7 F | 22 | 23 | 1 | 7 30 | 4 43 | 8 13 | 1 24 | 7 25 | 4 48 | 8 15 | 10 41 | 7 19 | 4 54 | 8 18 |
| 8 S | 22 | 15 | 7 | 7 30 | 4 44 | 9 16 | 1 58 | 7 25 | 4 49 | 9 17 | 11 20 | 7 19 | 4 55 | 9 19 |
| 9 S | 22 | 6 | 46 | 7 30 | 4 45 | 10 17 | 2 34 | 7 25 | 4 50 | 10 17 | 12 0 | 7 19 | 4 56 | 10 17 |
| 10 M | 21 | 58 | 0 | 7 29 | 4 46 | 11 22 | 3 14 | 7 24 | 4 51 | 10 21 | morn | 7 19 | 4 57 | 11 20 |
| 11 T | 21 | 48 | 48 | 7 29 | 4 47 | morn | 3 57 | 7 24 | 4 52 | morn | 0 43 | 7 18 | 4 58 | morn |
| 12 W | 21 | 39 | 11 | 7 29 | 4 48 | 0 29 | 4 43 | 7 24 | 4 53 | 0 26 | 1 29 | 7 18 | 4 59 | 0 24 |
| 13 T | 21 | 29 | 9 | 7 28 | 4 49 | 1 39 | 5 37 | 7 23 | 4 54 | 1 35 | 2 23 | 7 18 | 5 0 | 1 31 |
| 14 F | 21 | 18 | 42 | 7 28 | 4 50 | 2 54 | 6 37 | 7 23 | 4 55 | 2 49 | 3 23 | 7 17 | 5 1 | 2 44 |
| 15 S | 21 | 7 | 50 | 7 27 | 4 52 | 4 11 | 7 46 | 7 22 | 4 57 | 4 5 | 4 32 | 7 17 | 5 2 | 3 58 |
| 16 S | 20 | 56 | 34 | 7 27 | 4 53 | 5 26 | 8 57 | 7 22 | 4 58 | 5 19 | 5 43 | 7 16 | 5 3 | 5 11 |
| 17 M | 20 | 44 | 55 | 7 26 | 4 54 | 6 21 | 10 6 | 7 21 | 4 59 | 6 14 | 6 52 | 7 16 | 5 4 | 6 7 |
| 18 T | 20 | 32 | 52 | 7 25 | 4 56 | rises | 11 3 | 7 20 | 5 1 | rises | 7 49 | 7 16 | 5 6 | rises |
| 19 W | 20 | 20 | 25 | 7 25 | 4 57 | 6 3 | 11 59 | 7 20 | 5 2 | 6 6 | 8 45 | 7 15 | 5 7 | 6 11 |
| 20 T | 20 | 7 | 36 | 7 24 | 4 58 | 7 23 | ev. 50 | 7 19 | 5 3 | 7 25 | 9 36 | 7 14 | 5 8 | 7 28 |
| 21 F | 19 | 54 | 24 | 7 23 | 4 59 | 8 40 | 1 35 | 7 18 | 5 4 | 8 41 | 10 21 | 7 14 | 5 9 | 8 41 |
| 22 S | 19 | 40 | 50 | 7 22 | 5 1 | 9 52 | 2 17 | 7 18 | 5 5 | 9 52 | 11 3 | 7 13 | 5 10 | 9 51 |
| 23 S | 19 | 26 | 54 | 7 22 | 5 2 | 11 4 | 3 2 | 7 17 | 5 6 | 11 2 | 11 48 | 7 12 | 5 11 | 11 0 |
| 24 M | 19 | 12 | 36 | 7 21 | 5 3 | morn | 3 49 | 7 16 | 5 7 | morn | ev. 35 | 7 12 | 5 12 | morn |
| 25 T | 18 | 57 | 57 | 7 20 | 5 4 | 0 11 | 4 38 | 7 16 | 5 8 | 0 8 | 1 24 | 7 11 | 5 13 | 0 5 |
| 26 W | 18 | 42 | 57 | 7 19 | 5 5 | 1 20 | 5 31 | 7 15 | 5 9 | 1 15 | 2 17 | 7 10 | 5 14 | 1 11 |
| 27 T | 18 | 27 | 37 | 7 19 | 5 7 | 2 26 | 6 29 | 7 14 | 5 11 | 2 21 | 3 15 | 7 9 | 5 15 | 2 15 |
| 28 F | 18 | 11 | 56 | 7 18 | 5 8 | 3 32 | 7 31 | 7 13 | 5 12 | 3 26 | 4 17 | 7 9 | 5 16 | 3 19 |
| 29 S | 17 | 55 | 56 | 7 17 | 5 9 | 4 31 | 8 29 | 7 13 | 5 13 | 4 24 | 5 15 | 7 8 | 5 17 | 4 16 |
| 30 S | 17 | 39 | 36 | 7 16 | 5 11 | 5 23 | 9 25 | 7 12 | 5 15 | 5 16 | 6 11 | 7 7 | 5 19 | 5 8 |
| 31 M | 17 | 22 | 58 | 7 15 | 5 12 | 6 4 | 10 15 | 7 11 | 5 16 | 5 58 | 7 1 | 7 7 | 5 20 | 5 51 |

MR. BLIFKINS' BABY.—That first baby was a great institution. As soon as he came into this "breathing world," as the late W. Shakspeare has it, he took command in our house. Everything was subservient to him. The baby was the balance-wheel that regulated everything. He regulated the temperature, he regulated the food, he regulated the servants, he regulated me. For the first six months of that precious existence, he had me up, on an average, six times a night. "Mr. Blifkins," says my wife, "bring that light here, do; the baby looks strangely; I'm so afraid it will have a fit."

Of course the lamp was brought, and of course the baby lay sucking his fist like a little white bear, as he was. "Mr. Blifkins," said my wife, "I think I feel a little air; I wish you would get up and see if the window is not open a little, because baby might get sick." Nothing was the matter with the window, as I knew very well. "Mr. Blifkins," says my wife, "just as I was going to sleep again, that lamp, as you have placed it, shines directly in the baby's eyes—strange that you have no more consideration." I arranged the light, and went to bed again. Just as I was drop-

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York. | | Baltimore. | | Charleston. | | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | |
|----------------|----|---------|--------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|-------------|--------|------------------------------|----------|
| | D. | H. M. | | H. M. | | H. M. | | H. M. | | D. | H. M. S. |
| New Moon | 2 | 8 | 20 ev. | 8 | 8 ev. | 7 | 58 ev. | 7 | 45 ev. | 11 | 12 13 52 |
| First Quarter | 10 | 2 | 56 ev. | 2 | 44 ev. | 2 | 34 ev. | 2 | 21 ev. | 9 | 12 14 30 |
| Full Moon | 17 | 5 | 58 m. | 5 | 46 m. | 5 | 36 m. | 5 | 23 m. | 17 | 12 14 17 |
| Third Quarter | 24 | 9 | 38 m. | 9 | 26 m. | 9 | 16 m. | 9 | 2 m. | 25 | 12 13 18 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. S. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONNECT. N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--|-----------|-------------|------------------|---|-----------|-------------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | High W. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | High W. N. YORK. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | T | 17 6 1 | 7 14 5 14 | 6 41 | 10 58 | 7 10 5 18 | 6 35 | 7 44 | 7 6 5 22 | 6 30 | | | |
| 2 | W | 16 48 46 | 7 12 5 15 | sets | 11 36 | 7 9 5 19 | sets | 8 22 | 7 5 5 23 | sets | | | |
| 3 | T | 16 31 14 | 7 11 5 17 | 6 4 | morn. | 7 8 5 20 | 6 7 9 | 9 1 | 7 4 5 24 | 6 10 | | | |
| 4 | F | 16 13 24 | 7 10 5 18 | 7 9 | 0 15 | 7 7 5 21 | 7 10 | 9 37 | 7 3 5 25 | 7 12 | | | |
| 5 | S | 15 55 18 | 7 9 5 19 | 8 12 | 0 51 | 7 6 5 22 | 8 12 | 10 14 | 7 2 5 26 | 8 13 | | | |
| 6 | S | 15 36 55 | 7 8 5 21 | 9 15 | 1 28 | 7 5 5 24 | 9 14 | 10 45 | 7 1 5 27 | 9 13 | | | |
| 7 | M | 15 18 17 | 7 7 5 22 | 10 20 | 1 59 | 7 4 5 25 | 10 18 | 11 23 | 7 0 5 28 | 10 16 | | | |
| 8 | T | 14 59 23 | 7 6 5 24 | 11 27 | 2 37 | 7 3 5 26 | 11 24 | morn. | 6 59 5 29 | 11 20 | | | |
| 9 | W | 14 40 14 | 7 5 5 25 | morn | 3 22 | 7 2 5 28 | morn | 0 8 | 6 58 5 30 | morn | | | |
| 10 | T | 14 20 50 | 7 3 5 26 | 0 40 | 4 11 | 7 0 5 29 | 0 35 | 0 57 | 6 57 5 31 | 0 30 | | | |
| 11 | F | 14 1 13 | 7 2 5 27 | 1 54 | 5 10 | 6 59 5 30 | 1 48 | 1 56 | 6 56 5 32 | 1 42 | | | |
| 12 | S | 13 41 21 | 7 1 5 29 | 3 6 | 6 20 | 6 58 5 32 | 2 59 | 3 6 | 6 55 5 34 | 2 52 | | | |
| 13 | S | 13 21 17 | 7 0 5 30 | 4 13 | 7 35 | 6 56 5 33 | 4 6 | 4 21 | 6 54 5 35 | 3 58 | | | |
| 14 | M | 13 0 59 | 6 58 5 31 | 5 9 | 8 48 | 6 55 5 34 | 5 3 | 5 34 | 6 53 5 36 | 4 56 | | | |
| 15 | T | 12 40 29 | 6 57 5 32 | 5 55 | 9 55 | 6 54 5 35 | 5 50 | 6 41 | 6 51 5 37 | 5 44 | | | |
| 16 | W | 12 19 46 | 6 55 5 33 | rises | 10 51 | 6 53 5 36 | rises | 7 37 | 6 50 5 38 | rises | | | |
| 17 | T | 11 58 52 | 6 54 5 34 | 6 11 | 11 37 | 6 51 5 37 | 6 13 | 8 23 | 6 49 5 39 | 6 15 | | | |
| 18 | F | 11 37 47 | 6 52 5 36 | 7 28 | ev. 24 | 6 50 5 38 | 7 28 | 9 10 | 6 48 5 40 | 7 28 | | | |
| 19 | S | 11 16 30 | 6 51 5 37 | 8 41 | 1 7 | 6 49 5 39 | 8 40 | 9 53 | 6 47 5 41 | 8 39 | | | |
| 20 | S | 10 55 3 | 6 49 5 39 | 9 52 | 1 46 | 6 47 5 41 | 9 50 | 10 32 | 6 45 5 42 | 9 47 | | | |
| 21 | M | 10 33 27 | 6 48 5 40 | 11 3 | 2 26 | 6 46 5 42 | 10 59 | 11 12 | 6 44 5 43 | 10 55 | | | |
| 22 | T | 10 11 39 | 6 47 5 41 | morn | 3 13 | 6 44 5 43 | morn | 11 59 | 6 43 5 44 | morn | | | |
| 23 | W | 9 49 43 | 6 45 5 43 | 0 14 | 4 4 | 6 43 5 45 | 0 8 | ev. 50 | 6 42 5 46 | 0 3 | | | |
| 24 | T | 9 27 37 | 6 43 5 44 | 1 19 | 4 59 | 6 41 5 46 | 1 13 | 1 45 | 6 40 5 47 | 1 7 | | | |
| 25 | F | 9 5 23 | 6 42 5 45 | 2 21 | 5 59 | 6 39 5 47 | 2 14 | 2 45 | 6 39 5 48 | 2 7 | | | |
| 26 | S | 8 43 1 | 6 41 5 46 | 3 16 | 7 2 | 6 38 5 48 | 3 9 | 3 48 | 6 38 5 49 | 3 1 | | | |
| 27 | S | 8 20 31 | 6 39 5 47 | 4 3 | 8 2 | 6 37 5 49 | 3 56 | 4 48 | 6 36 5 50 | 3 49 | | | |
| 28 | M | 7 57 53 | 6 37 5 48 | 4 41 | 8 58 | 6 36 5 49 | 4 35 | 5 44 | 6 34 5 51 | 4 29 | | | |

ping to sleep again, "Mr. Blifkins," said my wife, "did you think to buy that broma to-day for the baby?" "My dear," said I, "will you do me the injustice to believe that I could overlook a matter so essential to the comfort of that inestimable child?" She apologized very handsomely, but made her anxiety the scape-goat. I forgave her, and without saying a word more to her, I addressed myself to sleep. "Mr. Blifkins," said my wife, shaking me, "you must not snore so, you will wake the baby." "Jest so—jest so," said I, half asleep, thinking I was Solon Shingle. "Mr. Blifkins," said my wife, "will you get up

and hand me the warm gruel from the nurse lamp for baby? the dear child, if it wasn't for its mother, I don't know who the would do. How can you sleep so, Mr. Blifkins?" "I suspect, my dear," said I, "that it is because I am tired." "Oh, it's very well for you men to talk about being tired" said my wife: "I don't know what you would say if you had to toil and drudge like a poor woman with a baby." I tried, to soothe her by telling her she had no patience at all, and got up for the posset. Having aided in answering the baby's requirements, I stepped into bed again, with the hope of sleeping. "Mr. Blifkins," said

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | New York. | Baltimore. | Charleston. | Sun on Meridian or to-morrow. |
|--------------------|----|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| | d. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. H. M. S. |
| New Moon..... | 4 | 2 26 ev. | 2 14 ev. | 2 4 ev. | 1 51 ev. | 1 12 12 35 |
| First Quarter..... | 11 | 11 56 ev. | 11 44 ev. | 11 34 ev. | 11 20 ev. | 9 12 10 46 |
| Full Moon..... | 18 | 5 1 ev. | 4 49 ev. | 4 39 ev. | 4 26 ev. | 17 12 8 33 |
| Third Quarter..... | 26 | 4 42 m. | 4 30 m. | 4 20 m. | 4 6 m. | 25 12 6 7 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. S. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONNCT, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---|--------------|----------------|------------------|---|--------------|----------------|------------------|---|--------------|----------------|-------|
| | | | SUN RISPS. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | HghW. BOSTON. | SUN RISPS. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | HghW. N.YORK. | SUN RISPS. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | H. M. |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | T | 7 35 8 | 6 35 | 5 50 | 5 14 | 9 47 | 6 35 | 5 50 | 5 9 | 6 33 | 6 33 | 5 52 | 5 4 | |
| 2 | W | 7 12 17 | 6 33 | 5 51 | 5 38 | 10 29 | 6 33 | 5 51 | 5 34 | 7 15 | 6 31 | 5 53 | 5 30 | |
| 3 | T | 6 49 20 | 6 32 | 5 53 | 6 1 | 11 4 | 6 32 | 5 53 | 5 58 | 7 50 | 6 30 | 5 54 | 5 56 | |
| 4 | F | 6 26 17 | 6 30 | 5 54 | sets | 11 41 | 6 30 | 5 54 | sets | 8 27 | 6 29 | 5 55 | sets | |
| 5 | S | 6 3 8 | 6 29 | 5 55 | 7 6 | morn | 6 29 | 5 55 | 7 6 | 9 4 | 6 27 | 5 56 | 7 5 | |
| 6 | S | 5 39 55 | 6 27 | 5 56 | 8 11 | 0 18 | 6 27 | 5 56 | 8 10 | 9 40 | 6 26 | 5 57 | 8 8 | |
| 7 | M | 5 16 38 | 6 26 | 5 58 | 9 20 | 0 54 | 6 26 | 5 58 | 9 16 | 10 17 | 6 25 | 5 58 | 9 14 | |
| 8 | T | 4 53 16 | 6 24 | 5 59 | 10 30 | 1 31 | 6 24 | 5 59 | 10 26 | 10 57 | 6 24 | 5 59 | 10 21 | |
| 9 | W | 4 29 50 | 6 23 | 6 0 | 11 43 | 2 11 | 6 23 | 6 0 | 11 38 | 11 45 | 6 22 | 6 0 | 11 32 | |
| 10 | T | 4 6 21 | 6 21 | 6 1 | morn | 2 59 | 6 21 | 6 1 | morn | morn | 6 20 | 6 1 | morn | |
| 11 | F | 3 42 50 | 6 19 | 6 2 | 0 55 | 3 56 | 6 19 | 6 2 | 0 49 | 0 42 | 6 18 | 6 2 | 0 42 | |
| 12 | S | 3 19 16 | 6 17 | 6 3 | 2 2 | 5 0 | 6 17 | 6 3 | 1 54 | 1 46 | 6 17 | 6 3 | 1 47 | |
| 13 | S | 2 55 39 | 6 15 | 6 5 | 3 3 | 6 16 | 6 15 | 6 4 | 2 56 | 3 2 | 6 15 | 6 4 | 2 49 | |
| 14 | M | 2 32 1 | 6 14 | 6 6 | 3 51 | 7 29 | 6 14 | 6 5 | 3 45 | 4 15 | 6 14 | 6 5 | 3 39 | |
| 15 | T | 2 8 22 | 6 12 | 6 7 | 4 28 | 8 38 | 6 12 | 6 6 | 4 24 | 5 24 | 6 13 | 6 6 | 4 19 | |
| 16 | W | 1 44 41 | 6 10 | 6 8 | 4 59 | 9 36 | 6 10 | 6 7 | 4 56 | 6 22 | 6 11 | 6 7 | 4 52 | |
| 17 | T | 1 21 0 | 6 9 | 6 9 | 5 26 | 10 27 | 6 9 | 6 8 | 5 24 | 7 13 | 6 10 | 6 8 | 5 22 | |
| 18 | F | 0 57 18 | 6 7 | 6 10 | rises | 11 10 | 6 7 | 6 9 | rises | 7 56 | 6 8 | 6 9 | rises | |
| 19 | S | 0 33 36 | 6 5 | 6 11 | 7 29 | 11 52 | 6 5 | 6 10 | 7 27 | 8 38 | 6 6 | 6 10 | 7 25 | |
| 20 | S | 0 9 55 | 6 3 | 6 13 | 8 42 | ev. 36 | 6 3 | 6 12 | 8 39 | 9 22 | 6 5 | 6 11 | 8 35 | |
| 21 | M | N. 13 46 | 6 2 | 6 14 | 9 52 | 1 15 | 6 2 | 6 13 | 9 47 | 10 1 | 6 3 | 6 12 | 9 42 | |
| 22 | T | 0 37 26 | 6 0 | 6 15 | 11 1 | 1 57 | 6 0 | 6 14 | 10 56 | 10 43 | 6 2 | 6 13 | 10 50 | |
| 23 | W | 1 1 5 | 5 59 | 6 17 | morn | 2 43 | 5 59 | 6 15 | 12 0 | 11 29 | 6 1 | 6 14 | 11 53 | |
| 24 | T | 1 24 42 | 5 57 | 6 18 | 0 6 | 3 35 | 5 58 | 6 16 | morn | ev. 21 | 5 59 | 6 15 | morn | |
| 25 | F | 1 48 17 | 5 55 | 6 19 | 1 7 | 4 31 | 5 56 | 6 17 | 0 59 | 1 17 | 5 57 | 6 16 | 0 52 | |
| 26 | S | 2 11 50 | 5 53 | 6 20 | 1 56 | 5 30 | 5 55 | 6 18 | 1 50 | 2 16 | 5 56 | 6 17 | 1 42 | |
| 27 | S | 2 35 20 | 5 52 | 6 21 | 2 38 | 6 29 | 5 54 | 6 19 | 2 32 | 3 15 | 5 54 | 6 18 | 2 26 | |
| 28 | M | 2 58 47 | 5 51 | 6 22 | 3 12 | 7 29 | 5 52 | 6 20 | 3 7 | 4 15 | 5 53 | 6 19 | 3 1 | |
| 29 | T | 3 22 11 | 5 49 | 6 23 | 3 41 | 8 18 | 5 51 | 6 21 | 3 37 | 5 4 | 5 52 | 6 20 | 3 32 | |
| 30 | W | 3 45 31 | 5 47 | 6 24 | 4 6 | 9 9 | 5 49 | 6 22 | 4 3 | 5 55 | 5 50 | 6 21 | 4 0 | |
| 31 | T | 4 8 47 | 5 45 | 6 25 | 4 26 | 9 52 | 5 47 | 6 23 | 4 24 | 6 38 | 5 48 | 6 22 | 4 22 | |

she, in a louder key. I said nothing. "Oh, dear!" said that estimable woman, in great apparent anguish, "how can a man who has arrived at the honor of a live baby of his own, sleep when he don't know that the dear creature will live till morning?" I remained silent, and, after awhile, deeming that Mrs. Blifkins had gone to sleep, I stretched my limbs for repose. How long I slept I don't know, but I was awakened by a furious jab in the forehead by some sharp instrument. I started up, and Mrs. Blifkins was sitting up in the bed, adjust-

ing some portion of the baby's dress. She had, in a state of semi-somnolence, mistaken my head for the pillow, which she customarily used for a nocturnal pin-cushion. I protested against such treatment in somewhat round terms, pointing to several perforations in my forehead. She told me I should willingly bear such things for the sake of the baby. I insisted upon it that I didn't think my duty as a parent to that young immortal required the surrender of my forehead for a pin-cushion. This was one of the many nights passed in this way.

| MOON'S PHASES. | Boston. | | New York. | Philadelphia. | Charleston. | Sun on M. Merid or nonmerk. | |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|---------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| | D. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. M. S. |
| New Moon | 3 | 5 33 m. | 5 21 m. | 5 11 m. | 4 48 m. | 1 | 12 3 59 |
| First Quarter | 10 | 6 37 m. | 6 25 m. | 6 15 m. | 6 2 m. | 9 | 12 1 38 |
| Full Moon | 17 | 4 22 m. | 4 10 m. | 4 0 m. | 3 47 m. | 17 | 11 59 33 |
| Third Quarter | 24 | 0 1 m. | 11 49 ev. | 11 39 ev. | 11 26 ev. | 25 | 11 57 53 |

| DAY OF MONTH. DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. N. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONNECT. N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A. KENTY, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|---|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--|-----------|-------------|-----------------|--|-----------|-------------|-------|
| | | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | H gh W. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | H gh W. N.YORK. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | H. M. |
| 1 F | 4 31 59 | 5 43 6 26 | 4 44 | 10 30 | 5 45 6 24 | 4 44 | 7 16 | 5 46 6 22 | 4 43 | | | | |
| 2 S | 4 55 5 | 5 41 6 27 | sets | 11 5 | 5 42 6 25 | sets | 7 51 | 5 44 6 23 | sets | | | | |
| 3 S | 5 18 6 | 5 40 6 28 | 7 7 | 11 45 | 5 41 6 26 | 7 5 | 8 31 | 5 43 6 24 | 7 2 | | | | |
| 4 M | 5 41 2 | 5 38 6 29 | 8 17 | morn | 5 39 6 27 | 8 14 | 9 13 | 5 41 6 25 | 8 9 | | | | |
| 5 T | 6 3 52 | 5 56 6 30 | 9 30 | 0 27 | 5 37 6 28 | 9 25 | 9 56 | 5 39 6 25 | 9 20 | | | | |
| 6 W | 6 26 35 | 5 34 6 31 | 10 45 | 1 10 | 5 35 6 29 | 10 49 | 10 43 | 5 38 6 26 | 10 33 | | | | |
| 7 T | 6 49 11 | 5 32 6 32 | 11 55 | 1 57 | 5 33 6 30 | 11 49 | 11 35 | 5 37 6 27 | 11 41 | | | | |
| 8 F | 7 11 41 | 5 20 6 33 | morn | 2 49 | 5 31 6 31 | morn | morn | 5 35 6 28 | morn | | | | |
| 9 S | 7 34 3 | 5 29 6 34 | 0 57 | 3 52 | 5 30 6 32 | 0 50 | 0 38 | 5 33 6 29 | 0 43 | | | | |
| 10 S | 7 56 17 | 5 27 6 35 | 1 47 | 4 57 | 5 28 6 33 | 1 41 | 1 43 | 5 31 6 30 | 1 35 | | | | |
| 11 M | 8 18 23 | 5 25 6 36 | 2 29 | 5 10 | 5 26 6 34 | 2 24 | 2 56 | 5 29 6 31 | 2 19 | | | | |
| 12 T | 8 40 21 | 5 24 6 37 | 3 0 | 7 14 | 5 25 6 35 | 2 57 | 4 0 | 5 28 6 32 | 2 53 | | | | |
| 13 W | 9 2 10 | 5 22 6 38 | 3 28 | 8 14 | 5 24 6 36 | 3 26 | 5 0 | 5 27 6 33 | 3 23 | | | | |
| 14 T | 9 23 50 | 5 21 6 39 | 3 50 | 9 11 | 5 22 6 37 | 3 49 | 5 57 | 5 25 6 34 | 3 48 | | | | |
| 15 F | 9 45 20 | 5 19 6 40 | 4 13 | 9 59 | 5 21 6 38 | 4 14 | 6 45 | 5 24 6 35 | 4 14 | | | | |
| 16 S | 10 6 41 | 5 17 6 41 | rises | 10 42 | 5 20 6 39 | rises | 7 28 | 5 23 6 36 | rises | | | | |
| 17 S | 10 27 52 | 5 16 6 42 | 7 30 | 11 24 | 5 18 6 40 | 7 27 | 8 10 | 5 21 6 37 | 7 22 | | | | |
| 18 M | 10 48 53 | 5 15 6 43 | 8 41 | ev. 6 | 5 16 6 41 | 8 36 | 8 52 | 5 20 6 38 | 8 31 | | | | |
| 19 T | 11 9 53 | 5 13 6 44 | 9 50 | 0 49 | 5 15 6 42 | 9 44 | 9 35 | 5 19 6 39 | 9 38 | | | | |
| 20 W | 11 30 22 | 5 12 6 46 | 10 53 | 1 40 | 5 13 6 44 | 10 47 | 10 26 | 5 17 6 40 | 10 39 | | | | |
| 21 T | 11 50 50 | 5 10 6 47 | 11 48 | 2 26 | 5 11 6 45 | 11 42 | 11 6 | 5 15 6 41 | 11 34 | | | | |
| 22 F | 12 11 6 | 5 8 6 48 | morn | 3 11 | 5 10 6 46 | morn | 11 57 | 5 14 6 42 | morn | | | | |
| 23 S | 12 31 11 | 5 6 6 49 | 0 35 | 4 3 | 5 9 6 47 | 0 28 | ev. 49 | 5 13 6 43 | 0 21 | | | | |
| 24 S | 12 51 3 | 5 4 6 51 | 1 12 | 4 56 | 5 7 6 48 | 1 7 | 1 42 | 5 11 6 44 | 1 1 | | | | |
| 25 M | 13 10 43 | 5 3 6 52 | 1 42 | 5 50 | 5 6 6 49 | 1 37 | 2 36 | 5 10 6 45 | 1 32 | | | | |
| 26 T | 13 30 10 | 5 2 6 53 | 2 8 | 6 43 | 5 5 6 50 | 2 4 | 3 29 | 5 9 6 46 | 2 0 | | | | |
| 27 W | 13 49 24 | 5 1 6 54 | 2 29 | 7 34 | 5 3 6 51 | 2 27 | 4 20 | 5 7 6 47 | 2 24 | | | | |
| 28 T | 14 8 24 | 4 59 6 56 | 2 47 | 8 21 | 5 2 6 52 | 2 46 | 5 7 | 5 6 6 48 | 2 45 | | | | |
| 29 F | 14 27 11 | 4 57 6 57 | 3 7 | 9 7 | 5 1 6 53 | 3 7 | 5 53 | 5 4 6 49 | 3 8 | | | | |
| 30 S | 14 45 43 | 4 56 6 58 | 3 28 | 9 52 | 5 0 6 54 | 3 29 | 6 38 | 5 3 6 50 | 3 31 | | | | |

The truth was, that baby was what every other man's first baby is, an autocrat—absolute and unlimited. Such was the story of Blifkins, as he related it to us the other day. It is a little exaggerated picture of almost every man's experience.

Eagle the First—By Alfred Tennyson.

He clasps the crag with crooked hands,
Close to the sun in lonely lands,
Ring'd with the azure world he stands.
The wrinkled sea beneath him crawls;

He watches from his mountain walls,
And like a thunder bolt he falls!

Eagle ye Second—By G. Whillikins.

With hooked claws he clasps ye fence,
Close by ye hen roost; gazing thence
He spies a mice what's got no sense.

Ye mice beneath can't well see him;
He watches from his lofty limb,
Then jumpeth down and grabbeth him.

P. S.—The difference, though only faint
'Twixt that and this I now will paint:—
His eagle's wild, my eagle ain't.

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York. | | Baltimore. | | Charleston. | | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | |
|----------------|----|---------|--------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|-------------|--------|------------------------------|----------|
| | D. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | D. | H. M. S. |
| New Moon | 2 | 5 | 20 ev. | 5 | 8 ev. | 5 | 4 ev. | 4 | 45 ev. | 1 | 11 56 58 |
| First Quarter | 9 | 0 | 15 ev. | 0 | 3 ev. | 11 | 59 m. | 11 | 40 m. | 9 | 11 56 15 |
| Full Moon | 16 | 4 | 23 ev. | 4 | 11 ev. | 4 | 6 ev. | 3 | 47 ev. | 17 | 11 56 8 |
| Third Quarter | 24 | 6 | 5 ev. | 5 | 53 ev. | 5 | 49 ev. | 5 | 30 ev. | 25 | 11 56 36 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. N. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|-----------|-------------|----------------|--|-----------|-------------|----------------|--|-----------|-------------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | HighW. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. | HighW. N. YOK. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON RISES. |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | S | 15 4 3 | 4 54 | 6 59 | 3 50 | 10 35 | 4 59 | 6 55 | 3 53 | 7 31 | 5 26 | 6 52 | 3 56 |
| 2 | M | 15 22 3 | 4 53 | 7 0 | sets | 11 18 | 4 58 | 6 56 | sets | 8 4 | 5 16 | 6 53 | sets |
| 3 | T | 15 39 51 | 4 51 | 7 1 | 8 29 | morn | 4 57 | 6 57 | 8 23 | 8 52 | 5 06 | 6 54 | 8 17 |
| 4 | W | 15 57 22 | 4 50 | 7 2 | 9 42 | 0 6 | 4 56 | 6 58 | 9 36 | 9 44 | 4 59 | 6 55 | 9 29 |
| 5 | T | 16 14 38 | 4 49 | 7 3 | 10 49 | 0 58 | 4 55 | 6 59 | 10 43 | 10 36 | 4 58 | 6 56 | 10 35 |
| 6 | F | 16 31 38 | 4 48 | 7 4 | 11 43 | 1 50 | 4 54 | 7 0 | 11 37 | 11 31 | 4 57 | 6 56 | 11 30 |
| 7 | S | 16 48 22 | 4 47 | 7 5 | morn | 2 45 | 4 53 | 7 1 | morn | morn | 4 56 | 6 57 | morn |
| 8 | S | 17 4 48 | 4 46 | 7 6 | 0 28 | 3 46 | 4 52 | 7 2 | 0 23 | 0 32 | 4 55 | 6 58 | 0 17 |
| 9 | M | 17 20 57 | 4 45 | 7 7 | 1 4 | 4 49 | 4 51 | 7 3 | 1 0 | 1 35 | 4 54 | 6 59 | 0 55 |
| 10 | T | 17 36 49 | 4 44 | 7 8 | 1 30 | 5 49 | 4 50 | 7 4 | 1 28 | 2 35 | 4 53 | 7 0 | 1 25 |
| 11 | W | 17 52 23 | 4 43 | 7 9 | 1 55 | 6 50 | 4 49 | 7 5 | 1 54 | 3 36 | 4 52 | 7 1 | 1 52 |
| 12 | T | 18 7 39 | 4 42 | 7 10 | 2 20 | 7 44 | 4 48 | 7 6 | 2 20 | 4 30 | 4 51 | 7 2 | 2 19 |
| 13 | F | 18 22 37 | 4 41 | 7 11 | 2 41 | 8 39 | 4 47 | 7 7 | 2 42 | 5 25 | 4 50 | 7 3 | 2 44 |
| 14 | S | 18 37 17 | 4 40 | 7 12 | 3 3 | 9 26 | 4 45 | 7 8 | 3 5 | 6 12 | 4 49 | 7 4 | 3 8 |
| 15 | S | 18 51 37 | 4 39 | 7 13 | 3 29 | 10 15 | 4 44 | 7 9 | 3 33 | 7 1 | 4 48 | 7 5 | 3 37 |
| 16 | M | 19 5 39 | 4 38 | 7 14 | rises | 11 0 | 4 43 | 7 10 | rises | 7 46 | 4 47 | 7 6 | rises |
| 17 | T | 19 19 24 | 4 37 | 7 15 | 8 38 | 11 42 | 4 42 | 7 11 | 8 32 | 8 28 | 4 46 | 7 7 | 8 25 |
| 18 | W | 19 32 44 | 4 36 | 7 16 | 9 37 | ev. 30 | 4 41 | 7 12 | 9 30 | 9 16 | 4 45 | 7 7 | 9 23 |
| 19 | T | 19 45 47 | 4 35 | 7 17 | 10 27 | 1 15 | 4 40 | 7 13 | 10 20 | 10 1 | 4 44 | 7 8 | 10 13 |
| 20 | F | 19 58 40 | 4 35 | 7 18 | 11 6 | 1 58 | 4 39 | 7 14 | 11 0 | 10 44 | 4 44 | 7 9 | 10 54 |
| 21 | S | 20 10 52 | 4 34 | 7 19 | 11 41 | 2 44 | 4 38 | 7 15 | 11 36 | 11 30 | 4 43 | 7 10 | 11 31 |
| 22 | S | 20 22 54 | 4 33 | 7 20 | morn | 3 31 | 4 37 | 7 16 | morn | ev. 17 | 4 42 | 7 10 | 12 0 |
| 23 | M | 20 34 35 | 4 32 | 7 21 | 0 8 | 4 16 | 4 36 | 7 17 | 0 4 | 1 2 | 4 42 | 7 11 | morn |
| 24 | T | 20 45 55 | 4 31 | 7 22 | 0 30 | 5 5 | 4 35 | 7 18 | 0 27 | 1 51 | 4 41 | 7 12 | 0 24 |
| 25 | W | 20 56 54 | 4 30 | 7 23 | 0 50 | 5 51 | 4 35 | 7 19 | 0 48 | 2 37 | 4 40 | 7 13 | 0 47 |
| 26 | T | 21 7 31 | 4 29 | 7 24 | 1 10 | 6 39 | 4 34 | 7 20 | 1 10 | 3 25 | 4 40 | 7 14 | 1 9 |
| 27 | F | 21 17 47 | 4 28 | 7 25 | 1 29 | 7 32 | 4 33 | 7 21 | 1 30 | 4 18 | 4 39 | 7 14 | 1 31 |
| 28 | S | 21 27 40 | 4 28 | 7 26 | 1 50 | 8 24 | 4 33 | 7 22 | 1 52 | 5 10 | 4 38 | 7 15 | 1 54 |
| 29 | S | 21 37 11 | 4 27 | 7 27 | 2 14 | 9 15 | 4 32 | 7 23 | 2 18 | 6 1 | 4 38 | 7 16 | 2 21 |
| 30 | M | 21 46 20 | 4 26 | 7 28 | 2 47 | 10 8 | 4 31 | 7 24 | 2 51 | 6 54 | 4 37 | 7 16 | 2 56 |
| 31 | T | 21 55 6 | 4 26 | 7 28 | sets | 11 2 | 4 31 | 7 24 | sets | 7 48 | 4 37 | 7 17 | sets |

TAKING THE QUARTER.—During the trial of a case in the Essex Common Pleas at Newburyport, a witness who was brought from Plaistow, N. H., was asked by District-Attorney Abbott, "Didn't you boast when you lived at Newburyport, that you were the greatest liar in the city?" The witness looked wise for a minute or two before he answered: "Oh, I know what you mean. You see I went into a room one night and found some half a dozen fellows who seemed to be telling stories. Says one of them, 'Here's ——, he'll take the money.' 'What

money?' I asked. 'That quarter on the table,' was the answer; 'the man that tells the biggest lie takes it.' I merely told them that I shouldn't try for it, as I never told a lie in my life, and they gave me the quarter."

"I'm afloat! I'm afloat!" screamed a young lady of powerful lungs, and fingers to match, as she exercised both at the piano.

"I should think you were," growled an old bachelor, "judging from the squall you are raising."

| MOON'S PHASES. | | | Boston. | New York | Baltimore. | Charleston. | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | | |
|----------------|----|---------|----------|----------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------|--|
| | D. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. M. S. | |
| New Moon | 1 | 2 26 m. | 2 14 m. | 2 4 m. | 1 51 m. | | 1 | 11 57 28 | |
| First Quarter | 7 | 6 4 ev. | 5 52 ev. | 5 42 ev. | 5 28 ev. | | 9 | 11 58 51 | |
| Full Moon | 15 | 5 34 m. | 5 22 m. | 5 12 m. | 4 59 m. | | 17 | 12 0 30 | |
| Third Quarter | 23 | 9 40 m. | 9 36 m. | 9 26 m. | 9 13 m. | | 25 | 12 2 13 | |
| New Moon | 30 | 9 57 m. | 9 45 m. | 9 35 m. | 9 22 m. | | | | |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. N. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONNECT. N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENTY, MISSURI, CALIFORNIA. | | | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|-------|-----------|-----------|---|--------|-----------------|-------|--|-------|-----------|-------|------------|-------|------------------|-------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | | High W. BOSTON. | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | | High W. N. YORK. | |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | W | 22 3 29 | 4 25 7 29 | 8 33 | 11 54 | 4 31 7 24 | 8 27 | 3 40 | 4 36 7 18 | 8 19 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | T | 22 11 29 | 4 24 7 30 | 9 36 | morn. | 4 30 7 25 | 9 29 | 9 36 | 4 36 7 19 | 9 22 | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | F | 22 19 6 | 4 24 7 30 | 10 23 | 0 50 | 4 30 7 25 | 10 19 | 10 30 | 4 35 7 19 | 10 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | S | 22 26 19 | 4 23 7 31 | 11 4 | 1 44 | 4 29 7 26 | 10 59 | 11 22 | 4 35 7 20 | 10 54 | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | S | 22 33 9 | 4 23 7 32 | 11 34 | 2 36 | 4 29 7 27 | 11 31 | morn. | 4 35 7 20 | 11 28 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | M | 22 39 35 | 4 23 7 33 | 12 0 | 3 32 | 4 28 7 27 | 11 58 | 0 18 | 4 34 7 21 | 11 56 | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | T | 22 45 37 | 4 22 7 33 | morn | 4 25 | 4 28 7 28 | morn | 1 11 | 4 34 7 21 | morn | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | W | 22 51 15 | 4 22 7 34 | 0 22 | 5 18 | 4 28 7 28 | 0 22 | 2 4 | 4 34 7 22 | 0 21 | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | T | 22 56 29 | 4 22 7 35 | 0 45 | 6 16 | 4 28 7 29 | 0 46 | 3 2 | 4 34 7 22 | 0 47 | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | F | 23 1 19 | 4 22 7 35 | 1 7 | 7 9 | 4 28 7 29 | 1 9 | 3 55 | 4 34 7 23 | 1 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | S | 23 5 45 | 4 22 7 36 | 1 32 | 8 5 | 4 28 7 30 | 1 36 | 4 51 | 4 34 7 24 | 1 40 | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | S | 23 9 47 | 4 22 7 37 | 2 0 | 8 59 | 4 28 7 30 | 2 5 | 5 45 | 4 34 7 25 | 2 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | M | 23 13 24 | 4 22 7 37 | 2 34 | 9 51 | 4 28 7 31 | 2 40 | 6 37 | 4 34 7 25 | 2 46 | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | T | 23 16 36 | 4 22 7 38 | rises | 10 39 | 4 28 7 31 | rises | 7 25 | 4 34 7 26 | rises | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | W | 23 19 24 | 4 22 7 38 | 8 22 | 11 23 | 4 28 7 32 | 8 15 | 8 9 | 4 33 7 27 | 8 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | T | 23 21 47 | 4 22 7 38 | 9 5 | ev. 11 | 4 28 7 32 | 8 59 | 8 57 | 4 33 7 27 | 8 52 | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | F | 23 23 46 | 4 22 7 39 | 9 41 | 0 55 | 4 28 7 33 | 9 36 | 9 41 | 4 33 7 28 | 9 30 | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | S | 23 25 20 | 4 22 7 39 | 10 10 | 1 36 | 4 28 7 33 | 10 5 | 10 22 | 4 33 7 28 | 10 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | S | 23 26 29 | 4 23 7 39 | 10 35 | 2 14 | 4 29 7 34 | 10 32 | 11 0 | 4 33 7 28 | 10 28 | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | M | 23 27 13 | 4 23 7 39 | 10 55 | 2 54 | 4 29 7 34 | 10 53 | 12 40 | 4 34 7 28 | 10 51 | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | T | 23 27 33 | 4 23 7 39 | 11 14 | 3 35 | 4 29 7 34 | 11 13 | ev. 21 | 4 34 7 28 | 11 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | W | 23 27 27 | 4 23 7 40 | 11 33 | 4 15 | 4 29 7 34 | 11 33 | 1 1 | 4 34 7 29 | 11 33 | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | T | 23 26 57 | 4 23 7 40 | 11 51 | 4 59 | 4 29 7 35 | 11 53 | 1 45 | 4 34 7 29 | 11 54 | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | F | 23 26 2 | 4 24 7 40 | morn | 5 51 | 4 30 7 35 | morn | 2 37 | 4 35 7 29 | morn | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | S | 23 24 43 | 4 24 7 40 | 0 14 | 6 44 | 4 30 7 35 | 0 17 | 3 30 | 4 35 7 29 | 0 20 | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | S | 23 22 58 | 4 24 7 40 | 0 40 | 7 43 | 4 30 7 35 | 0 44 | 4 29 | 4 35 7 29 | 0 49 | | | | | | | | |
| 27 | M | 23 20 49 | 4 25 7 40 | 1 12 | 8 46 | 4 30 7 35 | 1 17 | 5 32 | 4 35 7 29 | 1 23 | | | | | | | | |
| 28 | T | 23 18 15 | 4 25 7 40 | 1 55 | 9 50 | 4 31 7 35 | 2 2 | 6 36 | 4 36 7 29 | 2 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 29 | W | 23 15 16 | 4 25 7 40 | sets | 10 50 | 4 31 7 35 | sets | 7 36 | 4 36 7 29 | sets | | | | | | | | |
| 30 | T | 23 11 54 | 4 25 7 40 | 8 13 | 11 45 | 4 31 7 35 | 8 7 | 8 31 | 4 36 7 29 | 8 1 | | | | | | | | |

A (N) ICE JOKE.—A newly arrived John Chivanan, in Shasta, California, says an exchange, purchased some ice recently, and finding it very wet, laid it out to dry in the sun. On going to look for it again, he found that it had disappeared, and forthwith accused the whole Chinese neighborhood of larceny. A general riot was the consequence. This is about as good as an anecdote we heard the other day about a lady of the Irish persuasion. Biddy had just arrived and obtained a place to do general housework, soon after which she innocently inquired of her mistress how the ice

was to be dresed, and whether it was to be cooked for dinner.

A gentleman who was rather impatient at table declared that he wished he could manage without servants, as they were greater plague than profit. "Why not have a dumb waiter?" suggested a friend. "Oh, no," returned the other, "I have tried them—they don't answer."

An elderly maiden lady requests the insertion of the following:

BAD TASTE—Pretty young girls kissing widowers' children.

| MOON'S PHASES. | Boston. | | New York. | Baltimore. | Charleston. | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | | |
|-------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|---------|----|
| | D. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. M. | S. |
| First Quarter | 7 | 1 10 m. | 0 58 m. | 0 48 m. | 0 35 m. | 11 | 12 3 27 | |
| Full Moon | 14 | 8 9 ev. | 7 57 ev. | 7 47 ev. | 7 34 ev. | 9 | 12 4 51 | |
| Third Quarter | 21 | 10 44 ev. | 10 32 ev. | 10 22 ev. | 10 9 ev. | 17 | 12 5 48 | |
| New Moon | 29 | 5 0 ev. | 4 48 ev. | 4 38 ev. | 4 25 ev. | 25 | 12 6 12 | |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. N. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARY'L D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|-------|-----------|--------|--|-------|-----------------|------------|---|-----------|-------|------------|-------|------------------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | | High W. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | | High W. N. YORK. |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | F | 23 8 7 | 4 26 | 7 40 | 8 55 | morn | 4 31 | 7 35 | 8 50 | 9 28 | 4 37 | 7 29 | 8 45 | | | |
| 2 | S | 23 3 55 | 4 26 | 7 40 | 9 35 | 0 42 | 4 32 | 7 35 | 9 31 | 10 18 | 4 37 | 7 29 | 9 27 | | | |
| 3 | S | 22 50 19 | 4 27 | 7 40 | 10 1 | 1 32 | 4 32 | 7 35 | 9 59 | 11 3 | 4 38 | 7 29 | 9 57 | | | |
| 4 | M | 22 54 19 | 4 27 | 7 39 | 10 26 | 2 27 | 4 33 | 7 34 | 10 25 | 11 52 | 4 38 | 7 28 | 10 25 | | | |
| 5 | T | 22 48 56 | 4 28 | 7 39 | 10 49 | 3 6 | 4 33 | 7 34 | 10 49 | morn | 4 39 | 7 28 | 10 50 | | | |
| 6 | W | 22 43 8 | 4 29 | 7 39 | 11 10 | 3 54 | 4 34 | 7 34 | 11 12 | 0 40 | 4 40 | 7 28 | 11 14 | | | |
| 7 | T | 22 36 57 | 4 29 | 7 39 | 11 25 | 4 45 | 4 34 | 7 34 | 11 38 | 1 31 | 4 40 | 7 28 | 11 42 | | | |
| 8 | F | 22 30 22 | 4 30 | 7 38 | morn | 5 40 | 4 35 | 7 33 | morn | 2 26 | 4 41 | 7 27 | morn | | | |
| 9 | S | 22 23 24 | 4 31 | 7 38 | 0 3 | 6 34 | 4 36 | 7 33 | 0 7 | 3 20 | 4 42 | 7 27 | 0 12 | | | |
| 10 | S | 22 16 3 | 4 31 | 7 38 | 0 35 | 7 36 | 4 37 | 7 33 | 0 40 | 4 22 | 4 42 | 7 27 | 0 46 | | | |
| 11 | M | 22 8 19 | 4 32 | 7 37 | 1 13 | 8 35 | 4 38 | 7 32 | 1 19 | 5 21 | 4 43 | 7 26 | 1 26 | | | |
| 12 | T | 22 0 13 | 4 33 | 7 37 | 2 1 | 9 32 | 4 39 | 7 32 | 2 8 | 6 18 | 4 44 | 7 26 | 2 15 | | | |
| 13 | W | 21 51 43 | 4 34 | 7 36 | 2 55 | 10 24 | 4 39 | 7 31 | 3 2 | 7 10 | 4 45 | 7 25 | 3 9 | | | |
| 14 | T | 21 42 51 | 4 35 | 7 36 | rises | 11 6 | 4 40 | 7 31 | rises | 7 52 | 4 45 | 7 25 | rises | | | |
| 15 | F | 21 33 37 | 4 36 | 7 35 | 8 13 | 11 50 | 4 41 | 7 30 | 8 8 | 8 36 | 4 46 | 7 24 | 8 3 | | | |
| 16 | S | 21 23 59 | 4 37 | 7 34 | 8 39 | ev. 31 | 4 42 | 7 29 | 8 35 | 9 17 | 4 47 | 7 24 | 8 31 | | | |
| 17 | S | 21 14 1 | 4 38 | 7 34 | 9 0 | 1 8 | 4 43 | 7 29 | 8 57 | 9 54 | 4 48 | 7 23 | 8 55 | | | |
| 18 | M | 21 3 42 | 4 39 | 7 33 | 9 18 | 1 41 | 4 43 | 7 28 | 9 16 | 10 27 | 4 49 | 7 23 | 9 15 | | | |
| 19 | T | 20 53 1 | 4 39 | 7 32 | 9 38 | 2 16 | 4 44 | 7 27 | 9 38 | 11 2 | 4 50 | 7 22 | 9 37 | | | |
| 20 | W | 20 41 58 | 4 40 | 7 32 | 9 57 | 2 51 | 4 45 | 7 27 | 9 58 | 11 39 | 4 50 | 7 22 | 9 59 | | | |
| 21 | T | 20 30 35 | 4 41 | 7 31 | 10 17 | 3 34 | 4 46 | 7 26 | 10 19 | ev. 20 | 4 51 | 7 21 | 10 22 | | | |
| 22 | F | 20 18 51 | 4 42 | 7 30 | 10 40 | 4 19 | 4 47 | 7 25 | 10 44 | 1 5 | 4 52 | 7 20 | 10 48 | | | |
| 23 | S | 20 6 47 | 4 43 | 7 29 | 11 9 | 5 10 | 4 48 | 7 24 | 11 14 | 1 56 | 4 53 | 7 19 | 11 19 | | | |
| 24 | S | 19 54 22 | 4 44 | 7 28 | 11 46 | 6 7 | 4 49 | 7 23 | 11 52 | 2 53 | 4 53 | 7 18 | 11 58 | | | |
| 25 | M | 19 41 38 | 4 45 | 7 27 | morn | 7 17 | 4 49 | 7 22 | morn | 4 3 | 4 54 | 7 17 | morn | | | |
| 26 | T | 19 28 33 | 4 46 | 7 26 | 0 33 | 8 28 | 4 50 | 7 22 | 0 40 | 5 14 | 4 55 | 7 16 | 0 47 | | | |
| 27 | W | 19 15 9 | 4 47 | 7 25 | 1 37 | 9 38 | 4 51 | 7 21 | 1 44 | 6 24 | 4 56 | 7 15 | 1 51 | | | |
| 28 | T | 19 1 26 | 4 48 | 7 24 | 2 51 | 10 39 | 4 52 | 7 20 | 2 57 | 7 25 | 4 56 | 7 14 | 2 4 | | | |
| 29 | F | 18 47 24 | 4 49 | 7 23 | sets | 11 30 | 4 53 | 7 19 | sets | 8 16 | 4 57 | 7 14 | sets | | | |
| 30 | S | 18 33 3 | 4 50 | 7 22 | 7 46 | morn | 4 54 | 7 18 | 7 43 | 9 10 | 4 58 | 7 14 | 7 40 | | | |
| 31 | S | 18 18 25 | 4 51 | 7 21 | 8 28 | 0 24 | 4 55 | 7 17 | 8 27 | 9 56 | 4 59 | 7 13 | 8 25 | | | |

"RUSNING" CHURCHES.—A man sitting upon the verandah of an up-country inn, hailed "one of the oldest inhabitants," and inquired the denomination of the church upon the opposite side of the road. The reply was—"Wal, she was a hard shell Baptist, nat'rally, but they don't run her now."

Alexander Dumas, the great playwright and novelist, married his creditor's daughter one day as the most convenient mode which then occurred to him of avoiding the jail. A few months later he saw, by accident, a citizen in the act of kissing his (Dumas) wife. The

author of Monte Cristo gazed in amazement for a moment, and then exclaimed—"Good Heavens! and he is not obliged to!"

A woman was testifying in behalf of her son, and swore "that he had worked on a farm ever since he was born."

The lawyer who cross-examined her, said, "You assert that your son has worked on a farm ever since he was born?"

"I do."

"What did he do the first year?"

"He milked."

The lawyer evaporated.

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York. | | Baltimore. | | Charleston. | | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | | | |
|----------------|----|---------|--------|-----------|--------|------------|--------|-------------|-------|------------------------------|----|----|----|
| | D. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | D. | H. | M. | S. |
| First Quarter | 5 | 10 | 38 m. | 10 | 26 m. | 10 | 16 m. | 10 | 2 m. | 1 | 12 | 6 | 4 |
| Full Moon | 13 | 11 | 52 m. | 11 | 40 m. | 11 | 30 m. | 11 | 16 m. | 9 | 12 | 5 | 17 |
| Third Quarter | 21 | 9 | 2 m. | 8 | 50 m. | 8 | 40 m. | 8 | 27 m. | 17 | 12 | 3 | 53 |
| New Moon | 27 | 11 | 42 ev. | 11 | 30 ev. | 11 | 20 ev. | 11 | 6 ev. | 25 | 12 | 1 | 57 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. N. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA, | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---|-----------|------------|-----------------|---|-----------|------------|------------------|---|-----------|------------|-------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON SETS. | High W. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON SETS. | High W. N. YORK. | SUN RISES. | SUN SETS. | MOON SETS. | |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | M | 18 3 28 | 4 52 7 | 20 8 50 | 1 10 | 4 56 7 | 16 8 50 | 10 38 | 5 0 | 7 12 | 8 51 | | | |
| 2 | T | 17 48 13 | 4 53 7 | 19 9 14 | 1 52 | 4 57 7 | 15 9 15 | 10 20 | 5 1 | 7 11 | 9 17 | | | |
| 3 | W | 17 32 41 | 4 54 7 | 18 9 39 | 2 34 | 4 58 7 | 14 9 41 | morn | 5 | 2 7 | 10 9 44 | | | |
| 4 | T | 17 16 53 | 4 55 7 | 16 10 4 | 3 22 | 4 59 7 | 13 10 8 | 0 8 | 5 | 2 7 | 9 10 12 | | | |
| 5 | F | 17 0 47 | 4 56 7 | 15 10 35 | 4 12 | 5 0 7 | 12 10 40 | 0 58 | 5 | 3 7 | 8 10 46 | | | |
| 6 | S | 16 44 25 | 4 57 7 | 14 11 12 | 5 8 | 5 1 7 | 11 11 18 | 1 54 | 5 | 4 7 | 7 11 25 | | | |
| 7 | S | 16 27 47 | 4 58 7 | 13 11 57 | 6 8 | 5 2 7 | 10 morn | 2 54 | 5 | 5 7 | 6 morn | | | |
| 8 | M | 16 10 53 | 4 59 7 | 11 morn | 7 11 | 5 3 7 | 9 0 4 | 3 57 | 5 | 6 7 | 4 0 11 | | | |
| 9 | T | 15 53 43 | 5 0 7 | 10 0 50 | 8 13 | 5 4 7 | 8 0 57 | 4 59 | 5 | 7 7 | 3 1 0 | | | |
| 10 | W | 15 36 18 | 5 1 7 | 9 1 47 | 9 11 | 5 5 7 | 6 1 54 | 5 57 | 5 | 8 7 | 1 2 0 | | | |
| 11 | T | 15 18 39 | 5 2 7 | 8 2 48 | 10 2 | 5 6 7 | 5 2 54 | 6 48 | 5 | 9 7 | 0 3 0 | | | |
| 12 | F | 15 0 44 | 5 3 7 | 7 rises | 10 45 | 5 7 7 | 3 rises | 7 31 | 5 | 10 6 | 59 rises | | | |
| 13 | S | 14 42 36 | 5 4 7 | 5 7 5 | 11 23 | 5 8 7 | 2 7 2 | 8 9 | 5 | 11 6 | 58 6 59 | | | |
| 14 | S | 14 24 13 | 5 5 7 | 4 7 24 | 11 59 | 5 9 7 | 0 7 22 | 8 45 | 5 | 12 6 | 57 7 21 | | | |
| 15 | M | 14 5 36 | 5 6 7 | 2 7 43 | ev. 36 | 5 10 6 | 59 7 43 | 9 22 | 5 | 13 6 | 55 7 42 | | | |
| 16 | T | 13 46 46 | 5 7 7 | 1 8 3 | 1 6 | 5 11 6 | 58 8 4 | 9 52 | 5 | 14 6 | 54 8 4 | | | |
| 17 | W | 13 27 43 | 5 8 7 | 0 8 23 | 1 41 | 5 12 6 | 57 8 25 | 10 27 | 5 | 15 6 | 53 8 27 | | | |
| 18 | T | 13 8 27 | 5 9 6 | 58 8 46 | 2 18 | 5 13 6 | 55 8 49 | 11 4 | 5 | 16 6 | 52 8 52 | | | |
| 19 | F | 12 48 58 | 5 10 6 | 56 9 11 | 2 59 | 5 14 6 | 54 9 15 | 11 45 | 5 | 17 6 | 50 9 20 | | | |
| 20 | S | 12 29 17 | 5 11 6 | 55 9 43 | 3 48 | 5 15 6 | 53 9 48 | ev. 34 | 5 | 18 6 | 49 9 54 | | | |
| 21 | S | 12 9 24 | 5 12 6 | 54 10 26 | 4 43 | 5 16 6 | 51 10 32 | 1 29 | 5 | 19 6 | 48 10 39 | | | |
| 22 | M | 11 49 19 | 5 14 6 | 52 11 19 | 5 50 | 5 17 6 | 50 11 25 | 2 36 | 5 | 20 6 | 46 11 33 | | | |
| 23 | T | 11 29 3 | 5 15 6 | 51 morn | 7 3 | 5 18 6 | 49 morn | 3 49 | 5 | 21 6 | 45 morn. | | | |
| 24 | W | 11 8 36 | 5 16 6 | 49 0 26 | 8 16 | 5 19 6 | 47 0 32 | 5 2 | 5 | 21 6 | 43 0 39 | | | |
| 25 | T | 10 47 58 | 5 17 6 | 48 1 43 | 9 25 | 5 20 6 | 45 1 48 | 6 11 | 5 | 22 6 | 42 1 54 | | | |
| 26 | F | 10 27 9 | 5 18 6 | 46 3 3 | 10 24 | 5 21 6 | 43 3 8 | 7 10 | 5 | 23 6 | 41 3 12 | | | |
| 27 | S | 10 6 11 | 5 19 6 | 44 sets | 11 11 | 5 22 6 | 41 sets | 7 57 | 5 | 24 6 | 39 sets | | | |
| 28 | S | 9 45 3 | 5 20 6 | 42 6 49 | 11 58 | 5 23 6 | 40 6 49 | 8 44 | 5 | 25 6 | 38 6 48 | | | |
| 29 | M | 9 23 46 | 5 21 6 | 41 7 15 | morn | 5 24 6 | 38 7 16 | 9 29 | 5 | 26 6 | 36 7 16 | | | |
| 30 | T | 9 2 19 | 5 22 6 | 39 7 39 | 0 43 | 5 25 6 | 36 7 41 | 10 12 | 5 | 27 6 | 34 7 43 | | | |
| 31 | W | 8 40 45 | 5 23 6 | 37 8 5 | 1 26 | 5 26 6 | 34 8 9 | 10 51 | 5 | 28 6 | 33 8 13 | | | |

Alum and common salt in equal quantites, powdered and applied to the cavity of an aching tooth, is said to be a certain cure for that terrible ailment.

SERVANT.—“What kind of sauce will you have Mr. Blifkins?”

BLIFKINS.—“I don't allow a servant to give me any kind of sauce.”

“Homestead exemption,” exclaimed Mrs. Partington, throwing down the paper, “it's come to a pretty pass, indeed, that men are going to exempt themselves from home just when they please, without any proviso for cold nights.”

How to MEND CHINA.—From an English almanac we, a long time since, cut a receipt for mending china, and the opportunity having occurred for trying, we found it admirable. The fracture scarcely being visible after the article was repaired. It is thus made: take a very thick solution of gum arabic in water, and stir it into plaster of Paris until the mixture becomes a viscus paste. Apply it with a brush to the fractured edges and stick them together. In three days the article cannot again be broken in the same place. The whiteness of the cement renders it doubly valuable.

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York. | Baltimore. | Charleston. | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | | |
|-------------------------|----|---------|--------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|----|-------|
| | D. | H. | M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. | M. S. |
| First Quarter | 3 | 11 | 21 ev. | 11 9 ev. | 10 59 ev. | 10 45 ev. | 1 | 11 | 59 55 |
| Full Moon | 12 | 3 | 47 m. | 3 35 m. | 3 25 m. | 3 12 m. | 9 | 11 | 57 17 |
| Third Quarter | 19 | 5 | 30 ev. | 5 18 ev. | 5 8 ev. | 4 55 ev. | 17 | 11 | 54 29 |
| New Moon | 26 | 9 | 12 m. | 9 0 m. | 8 50 m. | 8 37 m. | 25 | 11 | 51 42 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. N. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T. N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---|----------|-----------|--------|---|---------|----------------|------|---|------|-----------|------|------------|----|
| | | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | | HighW. BOSTON. | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | |
| | | | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. |
| 1 | T | 8 19 1 | 5 24 6 | 36 3 | 8 34 2 | 5 27 6 | 33 8 | 38 11 | 39 5 | 29 6 | 31 8 | 44 8 | 44 8 | 44 8 | 44 8 | |
| 2 | F | 7 57 10 | 5 26 6 | 35 9 | 10 2 54 | 5 28 6 | 32 9 | 16 morn | 5 30 6 | 30 9 | 22 9 | 22 9 | 22 9 | 22 9 | 22 9 | |
| 3 | S | 7 35 12 | 5 27 6 | 33 9 | 5 3 45 | 5 29 6 | 30 9 | 59 0 | 31 5 | 31 6 | 28 10 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | |
| 4 | S | 7 13 6 | 5 28 6 | 31 10 | 4 42 | 5 30 6 | 29 10 | 48 1 | 31 5 | 32 6 | 27 10 | 55 5 | 55 5 | 55 5 | 55 5 | |
| 5 | M | 6 50 53 | 5 29 6 | 30 11 | 39 5 | 5 31 6 | 27 11 | 45 2 | 31 5 | 33 6 | 25 11 | 52 5 | 52 5 | 52 5 | 52 5 | |
| 6 | T | 6 28 33 | 5 30 6 | 28 morn | 6 46 | 5 32 6 | 26 morn | 3 32 | 3 32 | 34 6 | 24 morn | 3 32 | 3 32 | 3 32 | 3 32 | |
| 7 | W | 6 6 8 | 5 31 6 | 26 0 | 41 7 | 5 33 6 | 24 0 | 47 4 | 32 5 | 35 6 | 23 0 | 53 0 | 53 0 | 53 0 | 53 0 | |
| 8 | T | 5 43 36 | 5 32 6 | 25 1 | 43 8 | 5 34 6 | 23 1 | 43 5 | 29 5 | 35 6 | 21 1 | 53 1 | 53 1 | 53 1 | 53 1 | |
| 9 | F | 5 20 59 | 5 33 6 | 23 2 | 48 9 | 5 35 6 | 21 2 | 51 6 | 16 5 | 36 6 | 20 2 | 55 2 | 55 2 | 55 2 | 55 2 | |
| 10 | S | 4 58 16 | 5 34 6 | 21 3 | 50 10 | 5 36 6 | 19 3 | 52 6 | 59 5 | 37 6 | 18 3 | 55 3 | 55 3 | 55 3 | 55 3 | |
| 11 | S | 4 35 28 | 5 35 6 | 19 rises | 10 51 | 5 36 6 | 18 rises | 7 37 | 37 5 | 38 6 | 17 rises | 37 5 | 37 5 | 37 5 | 37 5 | |
| 12 | M | 4 12 36 | 5 36 6 | 17 6 | 10 11 | 5 37 6 | 16 6 | 10 8 | 10 5 | 39 6 | 15 6 | 11 6 | 11 6 | 11 6 | 11 6 | |
| 13 | T | 3 49 38 | 5 37 6 | 16 6 | 28 11 | 5 38 6 | 14 6 | 30 8 | 45 5 | 40 6 | 13 6 | 31 6 | 31 6 | 31 6 | 31 6 | |
| 14 | W | 3 26 37 | 5 38 6 | 14 6 | 50 ev. | 5 39 6 | 12 6 | 53 9 | 23 5 | 40 6 | 12 6 | 56 6 | 56 6 | 56 6 | 56 6 | |
| 15 | T | 3 3 32 | 5 39 6 | 12 7 | 15 1 | 5 40 6 | 10 7 | 19 9 | 58 5 | 41 6 | 10 7 | 23 7 | 23 7 | 23 7 | 23 7 | |
| 16 | F | 2 40 24 | 5 40 6 | 11 7 | 46 1 | 5 41 6 | 8 7 | 51 10 | 38 5 | 42 6 | 9 7 | 56 7 | 56 7 | 56 7 | 56 7 | |
| 17 | S | 2 17 12 | 5 41 6 | 9 8 | 24 2 | 5 42 6 | 7 8 | 30 11 | 21 5 | 43 6 | 7 8 | 36 8 | 36 8 | 36 8 | 36 8 | |
| 18 | S | 1 53 57 | 5 42 6 | 7 9 | 14 3 | 5 43 6 | 5 9 | 21 ev. | 16 5 | 44 6 | 5 9 | 28 9 | 28 9 | 28 9 | 28 9 | |
| 19 | M | 1 30 39 | 5 43 6 | 5 10 | 14 4 | 5 44 6 | 4 10 | 21 1 | 17 5 | 44 6 | 4 10 | 28 9 | 28 9 | 28 9 | 28 9 | |
| 20 | T | 1 7 20 | 5 44 6 | 4 11 | 22 5 | 5 45 6 | 2 11 | 28 2 | 28 5 | 45 6 | 2 11 | 34 9 | 34 9 | 34 9 | 34 9 | |
| 21 | W | 0 43 58 | 5 45 6 | 2 morn | 6 54 | 5 46 6 | 1 morn | 3 39 | 39 5 | 46 6 | 1 morn | 34 9 | 34 9 | 34 9 | 34 9 | |
| 22 | T | 0 20 35 | 5 46 6 | 0 0 | 40 8 | 5 47 6 | 59 0 | 45 4 | 48 5 | 47 6 | 59 0 | 51 0 | 51 0 | 51 0 | 51 0 | |
| 23 | F | S. 2 49 | 5 47 5 | 53 1 | 59 9 | 5 48 5 | 57 2 | 3 5 | 51 5 | 48 5 | 57 2 | 7 7 | 7 7 | 7 7 | 7 7 | |
| 24 | S | 0 26 14 | 5 48 5 | 56 3 | 19 10 | 5 49 5 | 55 3 | 22 6 | 46 5 | 49 5 | 55 3 | 24 9 | 24 9 | 24 9 | 24 9 | |
| 25 | S | 0 49 40 | 5 49 5 | 54 sets | 10 47 | 5 50 5 | 53 sets | 7 33 | 33 5 | 50 5 | 53 sets | 24 9 | 24 9 | 24 9 | 24 9 | |
| 26 | M | 1 13 5 | 5 50 5 | 52 5 | 38 11 | 5 51 5 | 52 5 | 39 8 | 12 5 | 51 5 | 52 5 | 41 9 | 41 9 | 41 9 | 41 9 | |
| 27 | T | 1 36 31 | 5 51 5 | 50 6 | 3 morn | 5 52 5 | 50 6 | 6 8 | 39 5 | 52 5 | 51 6 | 9 9 | 9 9 | 9 9 | 9 9 | |
| 28 | W | 1 59 55 | 5 52 5 | 49 6 | 33 0 | 5 53 5 | 49 6 | 37 9 | 44 5 | 53 5 | 49 6 | 42 9 | 42 9 | 42 9 | 42 9 | |
| 29 | T | 2 23 19 | 5 54 5 | 46 7 | 6 0 | 5 54 5 | 47 7 | 11 10 | 27 5 | 54 5 | 47 7 | 17 9 | 17 9 | 17 9 | 17 9 | |
| 30 | F | 2 46 41 | 5 55 5 | 45 7 | 46 1 | 5 55 5 | 45 7 | 53 11 | 14 5 | 55 5 | 45 7 | 59 9 | 59 9 | 59 9 | 59 9 | |

MARRIED A DOLLAR'S WORTH.

A lovesick young pair who had only a dollar To pay to the priest for the conjugal collar, Were told by the parson "his regular fee, For marrying people, was only a V;" "Nay, then," quoth the swain, "good parson, now come!

A dollar I'm sure ought to marry us some! 'Tis all I have got; you can take it, you know, And marry as far as the money will go!"

THE EIGHT AGES OF LOVE.—At three years of age we love our mothers; at six our fathers; at ten, holidays; at sixteen, dress; at twenty, our sweethearts; at twenty-five,

our wives; at forty, our children; at sixty, ourselves. This is condensed from some practical writer who has experienced them all.

Gent on horseback to boy on a donkey—"Get out! the way, boy! get out of the way! my horse don't like donkeys!"

Boy—"Doan't he? then, why don't he kick thee orf?"

WHY A MAN MAY MARRY A DECEASED WIFE'S SISTER.—One argument in the British Parliament in favor of letting men marry their deceased wives' sisters, was that by doing so a man had only one mother-in-law instead of two.

| MOON'S PHASES. | | | | Boston. | | New York. | | Baltimore. | | Charleston. | | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | |
|----------------|-------|----|---|---------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|-------|-------------|----------|------------------------------|----------|
| | | | | D. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. M. S. | H. M. S. | H. M. S. |
| First Quarter | ..... | 3 | 3 | 48 ev. | 3 | 36 ev. | 3 | 26 ev. | 3 | 13 ev. | 1 | 11 | 49 43 |
| Full Moon | ..... | 11 | 7 | 8 ev. | 6 | 56 ev. | 6 | 46 ev. | 6 | 32 ev. | 9 | 11 | 47 21 |
| Third Quarter | ..... | 19 | 0 | 59 m. | 0 | 47 m. | 0 | 37 m. | 0 | 23 m. | 17 | 11 | 45 28 |
| New Moon | ..... | 25 | 7 | 49 ev. | 7 | 37 ev. | 7 | 27 ev. | 7 | 14 ev. | 25 | 11 | 44 17 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. S. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISSOURI, CALIFORNIA. | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---|-------------|------------|----------------|---|-------------|------------|----------------|---|-------------|------------|-------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | SUN'S SETS. | MOON SETS. | HighW. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | SUN'S SETS. | MOON SETS. | HighW. N.YORK. | SUN RISES. | SUN'S SETS. | MOON SETS. | |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | S | 3 10 2 | 5 56 5 | 43 8 | 3 24 | 5 56 5 | 43 8 | 4 1 | morn | 5 56 5 | 44 8 | 4 8 | | |
| 2 | S | 3 33 20 | 5 57 5 | 42 9 | 30 3 | 5 57 5 | 42 9 | 36 0 | 8 | 5 57 5 | 42 9 | 43 | | |
| 3 | M | 3 56 36 | 5 58 5 | 40 10 | 30 4 | 5 58 5 | 41 10 | 36 1 | 4 | 5 58 5 | 41 10 | 42 | | |
| 4 | T | 4 19 48 | 5 59 5 | 39 11 | 35 5 | 5 59 5 | 39 11 | 40 2 | 1 | 5 59 5 | 39 11 | 45 | | |
| 5 | W | 4 42 58 | 6 1 5 | 38 morn | 6 17 | 6 0 5 | 37 morn | 3 3 | 6 | 6 0 5 | 38 morn | | | |
| 6 | T | 5 6 4 | 6 2 5 | 36 0 | 36 7 | 6 1 5 | 36 0 | 40 3 | 58 | 6 1 5 | 37 0 | 44 | | |
| 7 | F | 5 29 6 | 6 3 5 | 34 1 | 39 8 | 6 2 5 | 34 1 | 42 4 | 48 | 6 2 5 | 35 1 | 46 | | |
| 8 | S | 5 52 4 | 6 4 5 | 33 2 | 40 8 | 6 3 5 | 33 2 | 42 5 | 35 | 6 3 5 | 34 2 | 44 | | |
| 9 | S | 6 14 57 | 6 5 5 | 31 3 | 44 9 | 6 4 5 | 31 3 | 44 6 | 18 | 6 4 5 | 32 3 | 45 | | |
| 10 | M | 6 37 45 | 6 6 5 | 29 4 | 45 10 | 6 5 5 | 29 4 | 44 6 | 58 | 6 5 5 | 31 4 | 44 | | |
| 11 | T | 7 0 28 | 6 8 5 | 28 rises | 10 51 | 6 6 5 | 28 rises | 7 37 | 6 | 6 6 5 | 30 rises | | | |
| 12 | W | 7 23 6 | 6 9 5 | 26 5 | 19 11 | 6 7 5 | 26 5 | 23 8 | 10 | 6 7 5 | 29 5 | 27 | | |
| 13 | T | 7 45 37 | 6 10 5 | 24 5 | 49 ev. | 6 8 5 | 25 5 | 54 8 | 53 | 6 8 5 | 27 5 | 59 | | |
| 14 | F | 8 8 2 | 6 11 5 | 22 6 | 24 0 | 6 9 5 | 23 6 | 30 9 | 36 | 6 9 5 | 25 6 | 36 | | |
| 15 | S | 8 30 20 | 6 12 5 | 20 7 | 8 1 | 6 10 5 | 22 7 | 15 10 | 21 | 6 10 5 | 24 7 | 22 | | |
| 16 | S | 8 52 31 | 6 13 5 | 19 8 | 6 2 | 6 11 5 | 20 8 | 13 11 | 11 | 6 11 5 | 22 8 | 20 | | |
| 17 | M | 9 14 35 | 6 14 5 | 17 9 | 14 3 | 6 12 5 | 19 9 | 20 ev. | 9 | 6 12 5 | 20 9 | 27 | | |
| 18 | T | 9 36 31 | 6 15 5 | 16 10 | 27 4 | 6 13 5 | 17 10 | 32 1 | 12 | 6 13 5 | 19 10 | 38 | | |
| 19 | W | 9 58 18 | 6 17 5 | 14 11 | 43 5 | 6 14 5 | 16 11 | 47 2 | 17 | 6 14 5 | 17 11 | 52 | | |
| 20 | T | 10 19 57 | 6 18 5 | 13 morn | 6 37 | 6 15 5 | 15 morn | 3 23 | 6 | 6 15 5 | 16 morn | | | |
| 21 | F | 10 41 27 | 6 19 5 | 11 1 | 1 7 | 6 16 5 | 13 1 | 4 25 | 6 | 6 16 5 | 15 1 | 6 | | |
| 22 | S | 11 2 48 | 6 21 5 | 10 2 | 16 8 | 6 18 5 | 12 2 | 18 5 | 24 | 6 17 5 | 14 2 | 19 | | |
| 23 | S | 11 23 58 | 6 22 5 | 8 3 | 31 9 | 6 19 5 | 10 3 | 31 6 | 15 | 6 18 5 | 13 3 | 31 | | |
| 24 | M | 11 44 59 | 6 23 5 | 7 4 | 46 10 | 6 20 5 | 8 4 | 44 7 | 4 | 6 19 5 | 12 4 | 43 | | |
| 25 | T | 11 5 48 | 6 24 5 | 5 sets | 11 0 | 6 21 5 | 7 sets | 7 46 | 6 | 6 20 5 | 10 sets | | | |
| 26 | W | 12 26 27 | 6 25 5 | 4 5 | 1 11 | 6 22 5 | 5 5 | 6 8 | 32 | 6 21 5 | 9 5 | 11 | | |
| 27 | T | 12 46 54 | 6 27 5 | 2 5 | 39 morn | 6 24 5 | 4 5 | 45 9 | 22 | 6 22 5 | 7 5 | 51 | | |
| 28 | F | 13 7 9 | 6 28 5 | 1 6 | 25 0 | 6 25 5 | 3 6 | 31 10 | 9 | 6 23 5 | 5 6 | 38 | | |
| 29 | S | 13 27 11 | 6 29 5 | 0 7 | 18 1 | 6 26 5 | 2 7 | 25 10 | 53 | 6 24 5 | 4 7 | 32 | | |
| 30 | S | 13 47 1 | 6 21 4 | 58 8 | 17 2 | 6 27 5 | 0 8 | 24 11 | 44 | 6 25 5 | 3 8 | 30 | | |
| 31 | M | 14 6 37 | 6 32 4 | 57 9 | 21 2 | 6 28 4 | 59 9 | 26 morn | 6 | 6 26 5 | 2 9 | 32 | | |

ALWAYS WAS A COWARD.—When the question of the emblems and devices of our national arms was before the old Congress, a member from the South warmly opposed the eagle as a monarchical bird. The king of birds could not be a suitable representative of a people whose institutions were founded in hostility to kings. The late Judge Thatcher, then a representative from Massachusetts, in reply, proposed the *goose*, which he said was a most humble and republican bird, and would in other respects prove advantageous, inasmuch as the goslings would do to put on the ten cent pieces. The

laughter which followed at the expense of the Southerner, was more than he could bear. He construed this good-humored irony into an insult, and sent a challenge; the bearer delivered it to Mr. Thatcher, who read and returned it to him, observing that he should not accept it! "What, will you be branded as a coward?" "Yes, sir, if he pleases; I always was a coward, and he knew it, or he never would have challenged me." The joke was too good to be resisted, even by the angry party, and the former cordial intercourse was soon restored.

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York. | | Baltimore. | | Charleston. | | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | | | |
|----------------|----|---------|-------|-----------|-------|------------|-------|-------------|-------|------------------------------|----|----|----|
| | D. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | D. | H. | M. | S. |
| First Quarter | 2 | 11 | 34 m. | 11 | 22 m. | 11 | 12 m. | 10 | 59 m. | 1 | 11 | 43 | 42 |
| Full Moon | 10 | 9 | 21 m. | 9 | 9 m. | 8 | 59 m. | 8 | 46 m. | 9 | 11 | 43 | 57 |
| Third Quarter | 17 | 8 | 23 m. | 8 | 11 m. | 8 | 1 m. | 7 | 47 m. | 17 | 11 | 45 | 5 |
| New Moon | 24 | 8 | 59 m. | 8 | 47 m. | 8 | 37 m. | 8 | 24 m. | 25 | 11 | 47 | 8 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. S. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARY'L D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|--|------|-----------|--------|--|------|-----------------|-------|---|------|-----------|----|------------|----|
| | | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | | High W. BOSTON. | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | | MOON SETS. | |
| | | | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. | H. | M. |
| 1 | T | 14 26 0 | 6 33 | 4 55 | 10 24 | 3 50 | 6 29 | 4 59 | 10 29 | 0 36 | 6 27 | 5 1 | 10 33 | | | |
| 2 | W | 14 45 9 | 6 34 | 4 54 | 11 25 | 4 42 | 6 30 | 4 58 | 11 29 | 1 28 | 6 28 | 5 0 | 11 32 | | | |
| 3 | T | 15 4 3 | 6 35 | 4 53 | morn | 5 32 | 6 31 | 4 57 | morn | 2 18 | 6 29 | 4 59 | morn | | | |
| 4 | F | 15 22 42 | 6 36 | 4 52 | 0 28 | 6 24 | 6 32 | 4 56 | 0 30 | 3 10 | 6 30 | 4 58 | 0 33 | | | |
| 5 | S | 15 41 6 | 6 37 | 4 50 | 1 29 | 7 12 | 6 33 | 4 55 | 1 30 | 3 58 | 6 31 | 4 57 | 1 31 | | | |
| 6 | S | 15 59 16 | 6 39 | 4 49 | 2 31 | 8 0 | 6 35 | 4 53 | 2 31 | 4 46 | 6 32 | 4 56 | 2 31 | | | |
| 7 | M | 16 17 8 | 6 40 | 4 48 | 3 34 | 8 47 | 6 36 | 4 52 | 3 32 | 5 33 | 6 33 | 4 55 | 3 31 | | | |
| 8 | T | 16 34 34 | 6 41 | 4 47 | 4 39 | 9 31 | 6 38 | 4 50 | 4 36 | 6 17 | 6 35 | 4 54 | 4 34 | | | |
| 9 | W | 16 52 3 | 6 43 | 4 45 | rises | 10 16 | 6 39 | 4 49 | rises | 7 2 | 6 36 | 4 53 | rises | | | |
| 10 | T | 17 9 5 | 6 44 | 4 44 | 4 21 | 11 0 | 6 40 | 4 48 | 4 26 | 7 46 | 6 37 | 4 52 | 4 32 | | | |
| 11 | F | 17 25 50 | 6 45 | 4 43 | 5 5 | 11 44 | 6 41 | 4 47 | 5 12 | 8 30 | 6 39 | 4 51 | 5 18 | | | |
| 12 | S | 17 42 16 | 6 47 | 4 42 | 6 0 | ev. 38 | 6 43 | 4 46 | 6 6 | 9 24 | 6 40 | 4 50 | 6 13 | | | |
| 13 | S | 17 58 25 | 6 48 | 4 41 | 7 5 | 1 28 | 6 44 | 4 45 | 7 11 | 10 14 | 6 41 | 4 49 | 7 18 | | | |
| 14 | M | 18 14 14 | 6 49 | 4 40 | 8 17 | 2 19 | 6 45 | 4 44 | 8 23 | 11 5 | 6 42 | 4 48 | 8 29 | | | |
| 15 | T | 18 29 44 | 6 51 | 4 39 | 9 31 | 3 16 | 6 47 | 4 43 | 9 36 | ev. 2 | 6 43 | 4 47 | 9 41 | | | |
| 16 | W | 18 44 55 | 6 52 | 4 38 | 10 50 | 4 12 | 6 48 | 4 42 | 10 53 | 0 59 | 6 44 | 4 46 | 10 56 | | | |
| 17 | T | 18 59 46 | 6 53 | 4 37 | morn | 5 11 | 6 49 | 4 41 | morn | 1 57 | 6 45 | 4 46 | morn | | | |
| 18 | F | 19 14 17 | 6 54 | 4 36 | 0 5 | 6 0 | 6 50 | 4 40 | 0 6 | 2 56 | 6 46 | 4 45 | 0 8 | | | |
| 19 | S | 19 28 27 | 6 55 | 4 36 | 1 19 | 7 7 | 6 51 | 4 40 | 1 19 | 3 53 | 6 47 | 4 44 | 1 20 | | | |
| 20 | S | 19 42 16 | 6 56 | 4 35 | 2 30 | 8 5 | 6 52 | 4 39 | 2 29 | 4 51 | 6 48 | 4 44 | 2-28 | | | |
| 21 | M | 19 55 43 | 6 58 | 4 34 | 3 42 | 8 59 | 6 54 | 4 38 | 3 40 | 5 45 | 6 49 | 4 43 | 3 37 | | | |
| 22 | T | 20 8 49 | 6 59 | 4 33 | 4 54 | 9 51 | 6 55 | 4 38 | 4 51 | 6 37 | 6 50 | 4 42 | 4 47 | | | |
| 23 | W | 20 21 32 | 7 0 | 4 33 | sets | 10 40 | 6 56 | 4 37 | sets | 7 26 | 6 51 | 4 42 | sets | | | |
| 24 | T | 20 33 53 | 7 1 | 4 32 | 4 17 | 11 24 | 6 57 | 4 36 | 4 23 | 8 10 | 6 52 | 4 41 | 4 30 | | | |
| 25 | F | 20 45 51 | 7 3 | 4 31 | 5 8 | morn. | 6 58 | 4 36 | 5 14 | 9 3 | 6 53 | 4 41 | 5 21 | | | |
| 26 | S | 20 57 25 | 7 4 | 4 31 | 6 5 | 0 17 | 6 59 | 4 35 | 6 11 | 9 50 | 6 54 | 4 41 | 6 18 | | | |
| 27 | S | 21 8 36 | 7 5 | 4 30 | 6 56 | 1 4 | 7 0 | 4 35 | 7 2 | 10 34 | 6 55 | 4 41 | 7 8 | | | |
| 28 | M | 21 19 23 | 7 6 | 4 29 | 8 11 | 1 48 | 7 1 | 4 35 | 8 15 | 11 16 | 6 56 | 4 40 | 8 21 | | | |
| 29 | T | 21 29 46 | 7 7 | 4 29 | 9 14 | 2 30 | 7 2 | 4 34 | 9 18 | morn. | 6 57 | 4 40 | 9 22 | | | |
| 30 | W | 21 39 44 | 7 9 | 4 29 | 10 16 | 3 16 | 7 4 | 4 34 | 10 18 | 0 2 | 6 58 | 4 40 | 10 21 | | | |

CURIOUS RHYMES.

What is earth, sexton?—A place to dig graves;
 What is earth, rich man?—A place to work slaves;
 What is earth, grey-beard?—A place to grow old;
 What is earth, miser?—A place to dig gold;
 What is earth, school-boy?—A place for my play;
 What is earth, maiden?—A place to be gay;
 What is earth, seamstress?—A place where I weep;
 What is earth, sluggard?—A good place to sleep;

What is earth, soldier?—A place for a battle;
 What is earth, herdsman?—A place to raise cattle;
 What is earth, widow?—A place of true sorrow;
 What is earth, tradesman?—I'll tell you tomorrow;
 What is earth, sick man?—'Tis nothing to me
 What is earth, sailor?—My home is the sea;
 What is earth, statesman?—A place to win fame;
 What is earth, author?—I'll write there my name;

| MOON'S PHASES. | | Boston. | | New York | Baltimore. | Charleston. | Sun on Meridian or noonmark. | |
|-------------------------|----|---------|--------|-----------|------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------|
| | D. | H. | M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | D. | H. M. S. |
| First Quarter | 2 | 9 | 6 m. | 3 54 m. | 8 44 m. | 8 30 m. | 111 | 49 12 |
| Full Moon | 9 | 10 | 29 ev. | 10 17 ev. | 10 7 ev. | 9 54 ev. | 9 | 11 52 31 |
| Third Quarter | 16 | 4 | 32 ev. | 4 20 ev. | 4 7 ev. | 3 57 ev. | 17 | 11 56 18 |
| New Moon | 24 | 1 | 3 m. | 0 51 m. | 0 41 m. | 0 28 m. | 25 | 12 0 17 |

| DAY OF MONTH. | DAY OF WEEK. | Sun's decl. S. | BOSTON, N. ENGLAND, NEW YORK STATE, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, OREGON. | | | | CONN'T, N. YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO, INDIANA, ILLINOIS. | | | | WASHINGTON, MARYL'D, VIRG'A, KENT'Y, MISS'URI, CALIFORNIA. | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------|---|-------|-----------|------------|---|------------|-------|-----------|---|------------------|------------|-------|-----------|------------|
| | | | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | MOON SETS. | High W. BOSTON. | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | MOON SETS. | High W. N. YORK. | SUN RISES. | | SUN SETS. | MOON SETS. |
| | | | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. | H. M. |
| 1 | T | 21 49 17 | 7 10 | 4 29 | 11 17 | 4 0 | 7 5 | 4 34 | 11 19 | 0 46 | 6 59 | 4 40 | 11 20 | | | |
| 2 | F | 21 58 25 | 7 11 | 4 29 | morn | 4 44 | 7 6 | 4 34 | morn | 1 30 | 7 0 | 4 39 | morn | | | |
| 3 | S | 22 7 7 | 7 12 | 4 28 | 0 18 | 5 30 | 7 7 | 4 34 | 0 18 | 2 16 | 7 1 | 4 39 | 0 19 | | | |
| 4 | S | 22 15 24 | 7 13 | 4 28 | 1 19 | 6 19 | 7 8 | 4 33 | 1 18 | 3 5 | 7 2 | 4 39 | 1 18 | | | |
| 5 | M | 22 23 15 | 7 14 | 4 28 | 2 21 | 7 6 | 7 9 | 4 33 | 2 19 | 3 52 | 7 3 | 4 38 | 2 17 | | | |
| 6 | T | 22 30 40 | 7 15 | 4 28 | 3 28 | 7 58 | 7 10 | 4 33 | 3 24 | 4 44 | 7 4 | 4 38 | 3 21 | | | |
| 7 | W | 22 37 39 | 7 16 | 4 28 | 4 37 | 8 52 | 7 11 | 4 33 | 4 32 | 5 38 | 7 5 | 4 38 | 4 28 | | | |
| 8 | T | 22 44 10 | 7 17 | 4 28 | 5 48 | 9 47 | 7 12 | 4 33 | 5 43 | 6 33 | 7 6 | 4 38 | 5 37 | | | |
| 9 | F | 22 50 16 | 7 18 | 4 28 | rises | 10 39 | 7 13 | 4 33 | rises | 7 25 | 7 7 | 4 38 | rises | | | |
| 10 | S | 22 55 54 | 7 19 | 4 28 | 4 48 | 11 29 | 7 14 | 4 33 | 4 55 | 8 15 | 7 8 | 4 38 | 5 2 | | | |
| 11 | S | 23 1 5 | 7 20 | 4 28 | 6 1 | ev. 27 | 7 15 | 4 33 | 6 7 | 9 13 | 7 9 | 4 38 | 6 13 | | | |
| 12 | M | 23 5 48 | 7 21 | 4 28 | 7 21 | 1 21 | 7 15 | 4 33 | 7 26 | 10 7 | 7 10 | 4 39 | 7 30 | | | |
| 13 | T | 23 10 4 | 7 22 | 4 28 | 8 40 | 2 8 | 7 16 | 4 33 | 8 34 | 10 54 | 7 10 | 4 39 | 8 47 | | | |
| 14 | W | 23 13 53 | 7 22 | 4 28 | 9 53 | 3 0 | 7 17 | 4 34 | 9 57 | 11 46 | 7 11 | 4 39 | 9 59 | | | |
| 15 | T | 23 17 13 | 7 23 | 4 28 | 11 8 | 3 51 | 7 17 | 4 34 | 11 9 | ev. 37 | 7 11 | 4 39 | 11 10 | | | |
| 16 | F | 23 20 6 | 7 24 | 4 28 | morn | 4 44 | 7 18 | 4 34 | morn | 1 30 | 7 12 | 4 39 | morn | | | |
| 17 | S | 23 22 31 | 7 24 | 4 29 | 0 21 | 5 39 | 7 18 | 4 34 | 0 20 | 2 25 | 7 12 | 4 40 | 0 20 | | | |
| 18 | S | 23 24 27 | 7 25 | 4 29 | 1 33 | 6 34 | 7 19 | 4 35 | 1 31 | 3 20 | 7 13 | 4 40 | 1 29 | | | |
| 19 | M | 23 25 56 | 7 25 | 4 29 | 2 45 | 7 35 | 7 19 | 4 35 | 2 41 | 4 21 | 7 13 | 4 40 | 2 38 | | | |
| 20 | T | 23 26 56 | 7 26 | 4 30 | 3 56 | 8 31 | 7 20 | 4 36 | 3 51 | 5 17 | 7 14 | 4 41 | 3 46 | | | |
| 21 | W | 23 27 27 | 7 26 | 4 30 | 5 9 | 9 28 | 7 20 | 4 36 | 4 59 | 6 15 | 7 14 | 4 41 | 4 54 | | | |
| 22 | T | 23 27 31 | 7 27 | 4 31 | 6 14 | 10 24 | 7 21 | 4 37 | 6 7 | 7 10 | 7 15 | 4 42 | 6 0 | | | |
| 23 | F | 23 27 6 | 7 27 | 4 31 | sets | 11 10 | 7 21 | 4 37 | sets | 7 56 | 7 15 | 4 42 | sets | | | |
| 24 | S | 23 26 12 | 7 28 | 4 32 | 4 54 | 11 57 | 7 22 | 4 38 | 4 59 | 8 43 | 7 16 | 4 43 | 5 5 | | | |
| 25 | S | 23 24 51 | 7 28 | 4 32 | 5 56 | morn | 7 22 | 4 38 | 6 1 | 9 29 | 7 16 | 4 43 | 6 7 | | | |
| 26 | M | 23 23 1 | 7 29 | 4 33 | 7 2 | 0 43 | 7 23 | 4 39 | 7 6 | 10 10 | 7 17 | 4 44 | 7 11 | | | |
| 27 | T | 23 20 42 | 7 29 | 4 34 | 8 4 | 1 24 | 7 23 | 4 39 | 8 7 | 10 45 | 7 17 | 4 45 | 8 10 | | | |
| 28 | W | 23 17 56 | 7 29 | 4 34 | 9 5 | 1 59 | 7 24 | 4 40 | 9 7 | 11 22 | 7 18 | 4 45 | 9 9 | | | |
| 29 | T | 23 14 41 | 7 29 | 4 35 | 10 5 | 2 36 | 7 24 | 4 40 | 10 6 | morn | 7 18 | 4 46 | 10 7 | | | |
| 30 | F | 23 10 59 | 7 30 | 4 36 | 11 6 | 3 16 | 7 25 | 4 41 | 11 6 | 0 2 | 7 19 | 4 47 | 11 6 | | | |
| 31 | S | 23 6 49 | 7 30 | 4 37 | morn | 3 56 | 7 25 | 4 42 | morn | 0 42 | 7 19 | 4 48 | morn | | | |

What is earth, Monarch?—For my realm 'tis given;
 What is earth, Christian?—The gateway of Heaven.

plimentary. I do not know of another individual it would give me so much pleasure to hang."

A story is told of a very polite sheriff who came very near being outdone by a person it was the line of his duty to hang. "Sir," said the gentleman, as the sheriff was carefully adjusting the rope, "really your attention deserves my thanks. In fact, I do not know of one I should rather have hang me" "Really," said the sheriff, "you are pleased to be com-

The following is a passage from the prayer of a clergyman who officiated in the House of Representatives on the last day of the session:

"Be with them in their weakness, strengthen them with thy strength, scan with thy searching eye all their legislative acts, and we pray Thee, O Lord, that Thou wilt *overrule all their doings!*"

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

THE EXECUTIVE.

JAMES BUCHANAN, of Pennsylvania, *President of the United States* Salary \$25,000
 JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, *Vice President* " 6,000

THE CABINET.

LEWIS CASS, of Michigan, *Secretary of State*..... Salary \$8,000
 HOWELL COBB, of Georgia, *Secretary of the Treasury*..... " 8,000
 JACOB THOMPSON, of Mississippi, *Secretary of the Interior* " 8,000
 ISAAC TOUCEY, of Connecticut, *Secretary of the Navy*..... " 8,000
 JOHN B. FLOYD, of Virginia, *Secretary of War*..... " 8,000
 JEREMIAH S. BLACK, of Pennsylvania, *Attorney-General*..... " 8,000
 AARON V. BROWN, of Tennessee, *Postmaster-General* " 8,000

THE JUDICIARY.

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

ROGER B. TANEY, of Maryland, *Chief Justice*, Salary \$6,500.

| | |
|---|---|
| JOHN M'LEAN of Ohio, <i>Associate Justice</i> . | JOHN A. CAMPBELL, of Ala., <i>Associate Justice</i> . |
| JAMES M. WAYNE, of Georgia, " " | SAM'L NELSON, of N. York, " " |
| JOHN CATRON, of Tennessee, " " | ROBERT C. GRIER, of Penn., " " |
| PETER V. DANIEL, of Virginia, " " | NATHAN CLIFFORD, of Maine, " " |

Salary of Associate Justices, \$6,000. Court meets first Monday in December, at Washington.

XXXVth CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION OPENED MONDAY, DEC. 6, 1858, CLOSES MARCH 4, 1859.

SENATE—64 Members.

JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, *President ex-officio*.

[Republicans (in *Italics*), 20; Democrats (in Roman), 39; Americans (in SMALL CAPS), 5. Total, 64. The figures before each Senator's name denote the year when his term expires.]

ALABAMA.
 1861.. Benjamin Fitzpatrick.
 1865.. Clement C. Clay, Jr.,

ARKANSAS.
 1859.. William K. Sebastian.
 1861.. Robert W. Johnson.

CALIFORNIA.
 1861.. William M. Gwin,
 1863.. *David C. Broderick.

CONNECTICUT.
 1861.. *Lafayette S. Foster*,
 1863.. *James Dixon*.

DELAWARE.
 1859.. *Martin W. Bates,
 1861.. James A. Bayard.

FLORIDA.
 1859.. Stephen R. Mallory.
 1861.. David L. Yulee,

GEORGIA.
 1861.. Alfred Iverson,
 1865.. Robert Toombs,

INDIANA.
 1861.. Graham N. Fitch.
 1863.. Jesse D. Bright.

ILLINOIS.
 1859.. Stephen A. Douglas,
 1861.. Lyman Trumbull.

IOWA.
 1859.. George W. Jones,
 1861.. *James Harlan*.

KENTUCKY.
 1859.. JOHN B. THOMPSON,
 1861.. JOHN J. CRITTENDEN.

LOUISIANA.
 1859.. Judah P. Benjamin,
 1861.. John Slidell.

MAINE.
 1859.. *William Pitt Fessenden*,
 1863.. *Hannibal Hamlin*.

MASSACHUSETTS.
 1859.. *Henry Wilson*,
 1863.. *Charles Sumner*.

MARYLAND.
 1861.. James A. Pearce,
 1863.. *ANTHONY KENNEDY.

MICHIGAN.
 1859.. Charles F. Stuart,
 1863.. **Zachariah Chandler*.

MINNESOTA.
 1859.. *James Shields,
 1863.. *Henry M. Rice.

MISSISSIPPI.
 1859.. Albert G. Brown,
 1863.. *Jefferson Davis.

MISSOURI.
 1861.. James S. Green,
 1863.. *Truett Polk.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.
 1861.. **Daniel Clark*,
 1863.. *John P. Hale*,

NEW YORK.
 1861.. *William H. Seward*,
 1863.. **Preston King*.

NEW-JERSEY.
 1859.. William Wright,
 1863.. John R. Thomson.

NORTH CAROLINA.
 1859.. David S. Reid,
 1861.. *Thomas L. Clingman†

OHIO.
 1861.. George E. Pugh,
 1863.. *Benjamin F. Wade*.

PENNSYLVANIA.
 1861.. William Bigler,
 1863.. **Simon Cameron*.

RHODE ISLAND.
 1859.. Philip Allen,
 1863.. **James F. Simmons*.

SOUTH CAROLINA.
 1859.. *James Chesnut, Jr.,
 1861.. *James H. Hammond.

TENNESSEE.
 1859.. JOHN BELL,
 1863.. *Andrew Johnson.

TEXAS.
 1859.. SAM HUSTON,
 1861.. *Matt. Ward.†

VERMONT.
 1861.. *Joseph Collamer*,
 1863.. *Solomon Foot*.

VIRGINIA.
 1863.. James M. Mason,
 1865.. Robert M. T. Hunter

WISCONSIN.
 1861.. *Charles Durkee*,
 1863.. **James R. Doolittle*.

* Not in the preceding Senate.

† By Executive appointment to fill vacancies.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—237 Members.

JAMES L. ORR, of South Carolina, *Speaker*.JAMES C. ALLEN, of Illinois, *Clerk*.

ALABAMA.

1. James A. Stallworth,
2. Eli S. Shorter,
3. James F. Dodwell,
4. Sydenham Moore,
5. George S. Houston,
6. W. K. W. Cobb,
7. Jabez L. M. Curry.

ARKANSAS.

1. Alfred B. Greenwood,
2. Edward A. Warren.

CALIFORNIA.

1. Charles L. Scott,
2. J. C. McKibbin.

CONNECTICUT.

1. Ezra Clark, jr.,
2. Samuel Arnold,
3. Sidney Dean,
4. William D. Bishop.

DELAWARE.

1. William G. Whiteley.

FLORIDA.

1. George S. Hawkins.

GEORGIA.

1. James L. Seward,
2. Martin J. Crawford,
3. ROBERT P. TRIPPE,
4. Lucius J. Gartrell,
5. Augustus R. Wright,
6. James Jackson,
7. JOSHUA HILL,
8. Alex. H. Stephens.

ILLINOIS.

1. Elihu E. Washburne,
2. John F. Farnsworth,
3. Queen Loring,
4. William Kellogg,
5. Isaac N. Morris,
6. (Vacancy.)
7. Aaron Shaw,
8. Robert Smith,
9. S. S. Marshall.

INDIANA.

1. William J. Niblack,
2. William H. English,
3. James Hughes,
4. James B. Foiey,
5. David Kilgore,
6. James M. Gregg,
7. John G. Davis,
8. James Wilson,
9. Schuyler Colfax,
10. Charles Case,
11. John U. Pettit.

IOWA.

1. Samuel R. Curtis,
2. Timothy Davis.

KENTUCKY.

1. Henry C. Burnett,
2. Samuel O. Peyton,
3. Wm. L. UNDERWOOD,
4. Albert G. Talbott,
5. Joshua H. Jewett,
6. John M. Elliott,
7. HENRY MARSHALL,
8. James B. Clay,
9. John C. Mason,
10. Jno. W. Stevenson.

LOUISIANA.

1. GEORGE EUSTIS, jr.,
2. Miles Taylor,
3. Thomas G. Davidson,
4. John M. Sandige.

MAINE.

1. John M. Wood,
2. Charles J. Gilman,
3. Nehemiah Abbott,
4. Freeman H. Morse,
5. Israel Washburn, jr.,
6. Stephen C. Foster.

MARYLAND.

1. James A. Stewart,
2. JAMES B. RIGAUD,
3. JAMES M. HARRIS,
4. HENRY W. DAVIS,
5. Jacob M. Kunkel,
6. Thomas F. Bowie.

MASSACHUSETTS.

1. Robert E. Hall,
2. James Buffinton,
3. William S. Damrell,
4. Litus B. Comins,
5. Anson Burlingame,
6. Timothy Davis,
7. Daniel W. Gooch,
8. Chauncey L. Knapp,
9. Eli Thayer,
10. Calvin C. Chaffee,
11. Henry L. Duves.

MICHIGAN.

1. William A. Leonard,
2. Henry Wallton,
3. David S. Walbridge,
4. De Witt C. Leach.

MINNESOTA.

1. William W. Phelps,
2. Jas. M. Cavanaugh.

MISSOURI.

1. Francis P. Blair, jr.,
2. THOS. L. ANDERSON,
3. John B. Clark,
4. James Craig,
5. SAM. H. WOOLSON,
6. John S. Phelps,
7. Samuel Caruthers.

MISSISSIPPI.

1. Lucius Q. C. Lamar,
2. Reuben Davis,
3. William Barksdale,
4. Otho R. Singleton,
5. John J. McRae.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

1. James Pike,
2. Mason W. Tappan,
3. Aaron H. Cragin.

NEW-JERSEY.

1. Isaiah D. Clouston,
2. George R. Robbins,
3. Gar. B. Adrain,
4. John Huyler,
5. John R. Wortendyke.

NORTH CAROLINA.

1. Henry M. Shaw,
2. Thomas Ruffin,
3. Warren Winslow,
4. L. O'Brien Braach,

5. JOHN A. GILMER,
6. Alfred M. Scales,
7. Barton Craig,
8. JOHN B. VANCE.

NEW-YORK.

1. John A. Searing,
2. George Taylor,
3. Daniel E. Sickles,
4. John Kelly,
5. William B. Macalay,
6. John Cochrane,
7. Elijah Ward,
8. Hor. F. Clarke,
9. Jno. B. Haskin,
10. Ambrose S. Murray,
11. William F. Russell,
12. John Thompson,
13. Abraham B. Olin,
14. Erastus Corning,
15. Edward Dodd,
16. George W. Palmer,
17. Francis E. Spinner,
18. Clark E. Cochrane,
19. Oliver A. Morse,
20. Orsamus E. Matteson,
21. Henry Bennett,
22. Henry C. Goodwin,
23. Charles B. Hoard,
24. Amos P. Granger,
25. Edwin E. Morgan,
26. Emory B. Pottle,
27. John M. Parker,
28. William H. Kelsey,
29. Samuel G. Andrews,
30. Judson W. Sherman,
31. Silas M. Burroughs,
32. Israel T. Hatch,
33. Reuben E. Fenton.

OHIO.

1. Geo. H. Pendleton,
2. Wm. S. Groesbeck,
3. C. L. Vallandigham,
4. Matthias H. Nichols,
5. Richard Mott,
6. Joseph R. Cockerill,
7. Aaron Hulan,
8. Benjamin Stanton,
9. Lawrence W. Hall,
10. Joseph Miller,
11. Valentine B. Horton,
12. Samuel S. Cox,
13. John Sherman,
14. Philennon Bliss,
15. Joseph Burns,
16. Cydnor B. Tompkins,
17. William Lawrence,
18. Benjamin F. Leiter,
19. Edward Wade,
20. Joshua R. Giddings,
21. John A. Bingham.

PENNSYLVANIA.

1. Thomas B. Florence,
2. Edward Joy Morris,
3. James Lundy,
4. Henry M. Phillips,
5. Owen Jones,
6. John Hickman,
7. Henry Chapman,
8. William H. Keim,
9. Anthony E. Roberts,
10. John C. Kunkel,

11. William L. Dewart,
12. Paul Leidy,
13. Wm. H. Dimmick,
14. Gatusha A. Grou,
15. Alison White,
16. John A. Ahl,
17. Wilson Reilly,
18. John R. Eddie,
19. John Covode,
20. Wm. Montgomery,
21. David Ritchie,
22. Samuel A. Purviance,
23. William Stewart,
24. James L. Gillis,
25. John Dick.

RHODE ISLAND.

1. Nathaniel B. Durfee,
2. William D. Brayton.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

1. John McQueen,
2. W. Porcher Miles,
3. Lawrence M. Keitt,
4. Milledge L. Booham,
5. James L. Orr,
6. William W. Boyce,

TENNESSEE.

1. Albert G. Watkins,
2. HORACE MAYNARD,
3. Samuel A. Smith,
4. John H. Savage,
5. CHARLES READY,
6. George W. Jones,
7. John V. Wright,
8. F. K. ZOLLIFFER,
9. John D. C. Atkins,
10. William T. Avery,

TEXAS.

1. Gny M. Bryan,
2. James H. Reagan,

VERMONT.

1. Ezekiel P. Walton,
2. Justin S. Morrill,
3. Homer E. Royce.

VIRGINIA.

1. Moscoe R. H. Garnett,
2. John S. Millson,
3. John S. Caskie,
4. William O. Goode,
5. Thomas S. Bocock,
6. Paulus Powell,
7. William Smith,
8. Charles J. Faulkner,
9. John Letcher,
10. Sherrard Clemens,
11. Albert G. Jenkins,
12. Henry A. Edmundson,
13. George W. Hopkins,

WISCONSIN.

1. John F. Potter,
2. Cadis C. Washburne,
3. Charles Billingshurst.

DELEGATES.

- KANSAS—Marc J. Parrott,
NEBRASKA—F. Ferguson,
NEW MEXICO—M. A. Otero,
OREGON—Joseph Lane,
UTAH—John M. Bernhisel,
WASHINGTON—J. J. Stevens.

[Administration Democrats (in Roman), 116; Anti-Lecompton Democrats (Roman spaced), 11; Republicans (in *Italics*), 92; Americans (in SMALL CAPS), 15. Vacancies, 2.—Total, 235.]

NOTE.—Several of the Opposition Members from Pennsylvania and New Jersey were supported by Americans as well as Republicans, and might, perhaps, be more properly classed with the former.

* New Members.

XXXVITH CONGRESS—AS FAR AS ELECTED.
SENATE—64 Members.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| ALABAMA. 1861 Benj. Fitzpatrick, 1865 Clement C. Clay, Jr. | ILLINOIS. 1861 <i>Lyman Trumbull</i> , 1865 [To be chosen]. | MINNESOTA. 1863 Henry M. Rice, 1865 [To be chosen]. | PENNSYLVANIA. 1861 William Bigler, 1863 <i>Simon Cameron</i> . |
| ARKANSAS. 1861 Robert W. Johnson, 1865 William K. Sebastian. | IOWA. 1861 <i>James Harlan</i> , 1865 * <i>James W. Grimes</i> . | MISSISSIPPI. 1863 Jefferson Davis, 1865 Albert G. Brown. | RHODE ISLAND. 1863 <i>James F. Simmons</i> , 1865 * <i>Henry B. Anthony</i> . |
| CALIFORNIA. 1861 William M. Gwin, 1863 David C. Broderick. | KENTUCKY. 1861 JNO. J. CRITTENDEN, 1865 *Lazarus W. Powell. | MISSOURI. 1861 James S. Green, 1863 Trusten Polk. | SOUTH CAROLINA. 1863 Jus. H. Hammond, 1865 *James Chesnut, Jr. |
| CONNECTICUT. 1861 <i>Lafayette S. Foster</i> , 1863 <i>James Dixon</i> . | LOUISIANA. 1861 John Slidell, 1865 [To be chosen]. | NEW HAMPSHIRE. 1861 <i>Daniel Clark</i> , 1865 <i>John P. Hale</i> . | TENNESSEE. 1833 Andrew Johnson, 1865 *A. O. P. Nicholson. |
| DELAWARE. 1863 James A. Bayard, 1865 [To be chosen]. | MAINE. 1863 <i>Hannibal Hamlin</i> , 1863 [To be chosen]. | NEW YORK. 1861 <i>William H. Seward</i> , 1863 <i>Preston King</i> . | TEXAS. 1863 Matthew Ward, 1865 *J. W. Hemphill. |
| FLORIDA. 1861 David L. Yulee, 1863 Stephen R. Mallory. | MASSACHUSETTS. 1863 <i>Charles Sumner</i> , 1865 [To be chosen]. | NEW JERSEY. 1863 John R. Thomson, 1865 [To be chosen]. | VERMONT. 1861 <i>Jacob Collamer</i> , 1863 <i>Solomon Foot</i> . |
| GEORGIA. 1861 Alfred Iverson, 1865 Robert Toombs. | MARYLAND. 1861 James A. Pearce, 1863 ANTH'Y KENNEDY. | NORTH CAROLINA. 1861 Thos. L. Clingman, 1865 Thomas Bragg. | VIRGINIA. 1863 James M. Mason, 1865 Robt. M. T. Hunter. |
| INDIANA. 1861 †Graham N. Fitch, 1863 †Jesse D. Bright. | MICHIGAN. 1863 <i>Zachariah Chandler</i> , 1865 [To be chosen]. | OHIO. 1861 George E. Pugh, 1863 <i>Benjamin F. Wade</i> . | WISCONSIN. 1861 <i>Charles Durkee</i> , 1865 <i>James R. Doolittle</i> . |

Democrats (in Roman), 34; Republicans (in *Italics*), 20; Americans (in SMALL CAPS), 2; To be chosen, 8. Total, 64. The figures before each Senator's name denotes the year when his term expires.
* Not members of the XXXVth Congress. † Election contested.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—236 Members.

| | | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| ARKANSAS. 1 T. C. Hindman, 2 Albert Rust. | MASSACHUSETTS. 1 Thomas D. Eliot, 2 *James Buffinton, 3 Charles F. Adams, 4 Alexander H. Rice, 5 *Anson Burlingame, 6 John B. Alley, 7 *Daniel W. Gooch, 8 Charles R. Train, 9 *Eli Thayer, 10 Charles Delano, 11 *Henry L. Dawes. | MINNESOTA. 12 Charles L. Beale, 13 *Abraham B. Olin, 14 JOHN H. REYNOLDS, 15 James B. McKean, 16 *George W. Palmer, 17 *Francis E. Spinner, 18 *Clark B. Cochran, 19 James H. Graham, 20 Roscoe Conkling, 21 R. Holland Duell, 22 M. Lindley Lee, 23 *Charles B. Hoard, 24 Charles B. Sedgwick, 25 Martin Butterfield, 26 *Emory B. Pottle, 27 Alfred Wells, 28 William Irvine, 29 Alfred Ely, 30 Augustus Frank, 31 *Silas M. Burroughs, 32 Elbridge G. Spaulding, 33 *Reuben E. Fenton. | PENNSYLVANIA. 1 *Thomas E. Florence, 2 *Edward Joy Morris, 3 John P. Verjee, 4 William Millward, 5 John Wood, 6 *JOHN HICKMAN, 7 Henry C. Longnecker, 8 JOHN SCHWARTZ, 9 Thaddeus Stevens, 10 John W. Killinger, 11 James H. Campbell, 12 George W. Scranton, 13 *William H. Dimmick, 14 *Galsusha A. Grow, 15 James T. Hale, 16 Benjamin F. Jenkin, 17 Edward McPherson, 18 Samuel S. Blair, 19 *John Covode, 20 *William Montgomery, 21 James K. Moorhead, 22 Robert McKnight, 23 *William Stewart, 24 Chapin Hall, 25 Elijah Babbin. |
| CALIFORNIA. 1 A. L. Dudley, 2 *JOSEPH C. MCKIBBIN, † | MICHIGAN. 1 George B. Cooper, 2 *Henry Waldron, 3 Francis W. Kellogg, 4 *DeWitt C. Leach, 5 J. Richard Barrett, † 6 *Thomas L. Anderson, 3 John B. Clark, 4 *James Craig, 5 *Samuel H. Woodson, 6 *John S. Phelps, 7 John W. Noell. | OHIO. 1 *George H. Pendleton, 2 John A. Gurley, 3 *C. L. Vallandigham, 4 William Allen, 5 James M. Ashley, 6 William Howard, 7 Thomas Corwin, 8 *Benjamin Stanton, 9 John Carcy, 10 Carey A. Trimble, 11 Charles D. Martin, 12 *Samuel S. Cox, 13 *John Sherman, 14 Cyrus P. Buck, 15 William Helmick, 16 *Cydnor B. Toupkins, 17 Thomas C. Theaker, 18 Sidney Egerton, 19 *Edward Wade, 20 John Hutchins, 21 *John A. Bingham, | RHODE ISLAND. 1 *John McQueen, 2 *William P. Miles, 3 *Lucience M. Keitt, 4 *Milledge L. Bonham, 5 John D. Ashmore, 6 *William W. Boyce. |
| DELAWARE. 1 *William G. Whiteley. | MISSOURI. 1 J. Richard Barrett, † 2 *Thomas L. Anderson, 3 John B. Clark, 4 *James Craig, 5 *Samuel H. Woodson, 6 *John S. Phelps, 7 John W. Noell. | NEW JERSEY. 1 John T. Nixon, † 2 John L. N. Stratton, † 3 *GARRETT B. ADRAIN, 4 JETUR R. RIGGS, 5 William Pennington. | SOUTH CAROLINA. 1 *John McQueen, 2 *William P. Miles, 3 *Lucience M. Keitt, 4 *Milledge L. Bonham, 5 John D. Ashmore, 6 *William W. Boyce. |
| FLORIDA. 1 *George S. Hawkins. | NEW YORK. 1 Luther C. Carter, † 2 James Humphrey, 3 *Daniel E. Sickles, † 4 Thomas J. Barr, 5 *William B. MacLay, 6 *John Cochrane, 7 George Briggs, † 8 HORACE F. CLARK, 9 *JOHN B. HASKIN, 10 Charles H. Van Wyck, 11 William S. Kenyon. | VERMONT. 1 *Ezekiel P. Walton, 2 *Justin S. Morrill, 3 *Homier E. Royce. | TEXAS. 1 *John F. Potter, 2 *Cad. C. Washburne, 3 Charles H. Larrabee. |
| ILLINOIS. 1 *Elihu B. Washburne, 2 *John F. Farnsworth, 3 *Owen Lovejoy, 4 *William Kellogg, 5 *ISAAC N. MORRIS, 6 [Vacancy]. 7 JAMES C. ROBINSON, 8 PHILIP B. FOUKE, 9 JOHN A. LOGAN. | INDIANA. 1 *William E. Niblack, 2 *William H. English, 3 William M. Dnum, 4 William S. Holman, 5 *David Kilgore, 6 Albert G. Porter, 7 *JOHN G. DAY, 8 *James Wilson, 9 *Schnaylor Colfax, 10 *Charles Cass, 11 *John U. Pettit. | WISCONSIN. 1 *John F. Potter, 2 *Cad. C. Washburne, 3 Charles H. Larrabee. | |

Republicans (Roman), 103; Administr'n Democrats (*Italics*), 35; Anti-Lecompton Democrats (SMALL CAPS), 11; yet to be chosen, 86. Total, 236.
* Members of the preceding House. † Election contested. ‡ Americans.

LAW OF CONGRESS.

THE following are abstracts of the more important Acts passed at the first session of the XXXVth Congress, which assembled at Washington, on Monday, Dec. 7, 1857, and adjourned Monday, June, 14, 1858.

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE ISSUE OF TREASURY NOTES.

Authorizes the issue of Treasury Notes, by order of the President, not exceeding twenty millions of dollars, in denominations of not less than \$100 each, and at an annual interest not exceeding 6 per cent., the notes to be redeemed within one year after their date, and after the maturity of such notes interest thereon to cease 60 days after the Treasury Department shall have advertised its readiness to redeem them. The act also authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to borrow money on the credit of such notes. The notes are made transferable by indorsement, and are receivable for dues to the General Government. New notes may be issued in place of those redeemed from time to time up to 1859. Counterfeiting these notes is made a felony, punishable with imprisonment at hard labor, not less than three nor more than ten years, and a fine not exceeding \$5,000.

INVALID PENSIONS.

An act for the payment of Invalid Pensions for the year ending June 30, 1859, appropriates:

| | |
|---|-----------|
| For Invalid Pensions under various acts, | \$348,000 |
| For widows of revolutionary soldiers, .. | 250,000 |
| For widows and orphans under acts of '48 and '53, | 86,000 |
| For navy pensions to widows and orphans, | 90,000 |
| For private invalids, | 500 |

Total invalid and other pensions, \$769,500

SOUND DUES.

An act to enable the President to carry out treaty stipulations with Denmark, for the discontinuance of sound dues, appropriates \$408,731.

PRINTING DEFICIENCIES.

An act to supply deficiencies for paper, printing, binding and engraving, ordered by the XXXIIIrd and XXXIVth Congress, appropriates

| | |
|--|-----------|
| For paper and printing, | \$161,620 |
| Binding, lithograph and engraving, ... | 179,570 |

Total printing deficiencies, ... \$341,190

THREE REGIMENTS OF VOLUNTEERS.

An act to provide for three regiments of volunteers, authorizes the President to receive into the service of the United States one regiment of mounted volunteers for 13 months, unless sooner discharged, to be raised and or-

ganized by the State of Texas for the defence and protection of the frontier, said regiment to be composed of 1 colonel, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 major, 1 adjutant with rank of 1st lieutenant, 1 quartermaster and commissary with similar rank, 1 surgeon and 2 assistant surgeons, 1 sergeant major, 1 quartermaster and commissary sergeant, and 10 companies each with the usual officers and 74 privates. Each officer below the rank of major is required to furnish himself with a horse and equipments, for the use of which he shall receive 40 cents per day while in actual service. The regiment is to be armed at the expense of the United States, receive the same pay and rations, and be subject to the same rules and regulations as cavalry in the regular army. The act also provides that for the purpose of quelling disturbances in Utah, and the suppression of Indian hostilities on the frontiers, the President may call into the United States service for 18 months, two additional regiments of volunteers, of 740 privates and the usual number of officers, each, which may be cavalry or infantry at the option of the President. If called as cavalry, to be on a footing with the Texas regiment, and if as infantry, to be on the same footing as infantry in the regular service.

DEFICIENCIES.

An act to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of 1858, appropriates as follows:

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Expenses of House of Representatives, | \$68,418 |
| Regular supplies of Quartermaster's Department, | 778,000 |
| Horses for dragoons, | 252,000 |
| Incidental expenses of Quartermaster's Department, | 190,000 |
| Transportation of the army, etc., ... | 5,400,000 |
| Subsistence in kind for army, | 1,220,000 |
| Deficiency in P. O. Department, ... | 1,469,178 |
| Miscellaneous items, | 246,624 |

Total deficiencies, ... \$9,624,210

The act also provides that whenever hereafter contracts shall be made by the Secretary of War or of the Navy, by virtue of "An act in addition to the several acts for the establishment and regulation of the Treasury, War and Navy Departments," he shall, if Congress be in session, immediately report to both houses the reasons for making such contract, and if it be not in session then he shall report at its next session, and no such contract shall be made hereafter except in cases of pressing exigency.

TO PROVIDE FOR ISSUING SERVICE AND RETURN OF PROCESS IN CIRCUIT AND DISTRICT COURTS,

Enacts as follows:

All suits not of a local nature, hereafter to be brought in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, in a district in any State containing more than one district, against a single defendant, shall be brought in the dis-

trict in which the defendant resides; but if there be two or more defendants, residing in different districts in the same State, the plaintiff may sue in either district and issue a duplicate writ against the defendants, directed to the marshal of any other district within the State in which any of the defendants reside, and when executed and returned into the office from which they were issued, shall constitute one suit and be proceeded on accordingly; and upon any judgment rendered in a suit so brought, process of execution may be issued, directed to the marshal of any district in the same State. In suits of a local nature where the defendant resides in a different district in the same State than the one in which suit is brought, the plaintiff may have original and final process against each defendant, directed to the marshal of the district in which he resides. In all cases of a local nature at law or in equity where the land or other subject-matter of a fixed character lies partly in one district and partly in another, within the same State, the plaintiff may bring his suit in the Circuit or District Court of either district, and the court in which any such suit shall have been commenced, shall have jurisdiction to hear and decide the same, and to cause final process to be issued and executed as fully as if the land or other subject-matter were wholly within the district for which such court is constituted.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

An act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, for the year ending June 30, 1859, appropriates as follows:

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Pay of Indian Superintendents, | |
| Agents etc..... | \$230,650 |
| Payment to Blackfoot nation,..... | 52,000 |
| Payment to the Chippewas of Lake Superior and Mississippi, | 50,546 |
| Payment to the Sioux of Mississippi, | 150,000 |
| Payment to various tribes in fulfillment of treaty stipulations,..... | 821,297 |
| Total Appropriation,..... | \$1,334,493 |

ADMISSION OF MINNESOTA.

An act for the admission of the State of Minnesota into the Union, recites that whereas, Congress authorized Minnesota to form a Constitution and State Government, and the people of that territory have formed and adopted by popular vote such constitution, therefore be it enacted, etc. that the State of Minnesota shall be one and is hereby declared to be one of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever. The Act further provides that the State shall be entitled to two representatives in Congress till the next apportionment, and constitutes the State a judicial District of the United States.

WEST POINT MILITARY ACADEMY.

| | |
|---|------------------|
| An act making appropriations for this national school, appropriates for the pay of officers, instructors, cadets, etc.,.... | \$112,506 |
| Other items,..... | 69,993 |
| Total Appropriation,..... | \$182,799 |

LAND CLAIMS IN CALIFORNIA.

An act to amend "an act to ascertain and settle the private Land Claims in California," provides: That in cases pending in the district courts of the United States in California, on appeal from the decree of the commissioners to ascertain and settle the private land claims under the act of Congress passed March 3, 1851, if either party shall desire to examine any witness residing in any other district within said State, or shall require the production of any paper, written instrument, book or document, in the possession of a witness residing in another district, the court wherein the case is pending, or any judge thereof, may order the clerk of said court to issue a *subpœna* or a *subpœna duces tecum* for such witness; which *subpœna* or *subpœna duces tecum* shall run into any other district in said State, and be served by the marshal of either district, as the court or judge may direct: And the court or judge ordering said writ shall have power to enforce obedience to said process: *Provided*, That a witness attending the court under a *subpœna* issued under the provisions of this act, in a district in which he does not reside, shall be entitled to the same fees for attendance as are allowed by the laws of the State of California to witnesses in similar cases.

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF CALIFORNIA.

An Act to provide for the collection and safe-keeping of Public Archives in the State of California, makes it the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to cause to be collected and deposited in the office of the Surveyor-General in California, all official books, papers, instruments of writing, documents, archives, official seals, stamps or dies, that may be found in the unauthorized possession of any individual, relating to and used in the administration of government, and public affairs in the department of Upper California, and which belonged to the government, during the existence of Spanish or Mexican authority in Upper California; to be securely kept by the Surveyor-General in the archives of his office; and copies thereof, authenticated by the Surveyor-General under the seal of his office, shall be evidence in all cases where the originals would be evidence; *Provided*, That at the time of depositing said books, papers, writings and documents in said archives, a schedule and accurate description thereof shall be made by the Surveyor-General with a statement of the time and place where the same were found, and when they were deposited in the archives which shall be certified under the seal of the Surveyor-General, and filed in his office; and a certified copy of said schedule shall be transmitted to the Commissioner of the General Land-Office, and also to the Attorney-General. If the Surveyor-General shall have cause to suspect a concealment of any such official books, papers, etc., in any house or place, he may have a search warrant from any judge or commissioner of the United States, by authority of which he may seize any such concealed books, papers, etc. The theft, concealment of any of these books, papers, seals, stamps, etc., from the Surveyor-General's

office, or their alteration or mutilation, is made a misdemeanor punishable by fine not exceeding \$10,000 and imprisonment not exceeding 10 years; and the fraudulent placing or causing to be placed of any fictitious book, writing, record, petition, decree, concession, grant, etc. among the archives of the Attorney-General's office, is made a misdemeanor punishable with fine or imprisonment, or both.

FRAUDS IN LAND TITLES.

An act for the Prevention and Punishment of frauds in land titles in California, provides that the counterfeiting, altering or forging of any petition, certificate, order, report, decree, patent, or any evidence of right or claim to land mines, or minerals in California, for the purpose of establishing against the United States, any claim to such property, shall be a misdemeanor, punishable with imprisonment at hard labor, for not less than 8 nor more than 10 years and fine not exceeding \$10,000. The same penalty applies to the presentation of false evidences of claims whether they relate to claims against the Spanish, Mexican, or United States Governments of California. The same penalty is also denounced against parties who shall, knowingly, present in any United States Court any such false evidence of claims to lands or minerals in California, or who shall, after the passage of this act, continue to prosecute any such suit against the United States, founded on such false evidence of claim.

LAND LAWS IN OREGON AND WASHINGTON TERRITORIES.

An act for extending the Land Laws east of the Cascade Mountains, etc., provides as follows:

That the existing laws relating to the survey and disposal of the public lands in the Territories of Oregon and Washington, west of the Cascade Mountains, be, and the same are hereby, extended and made applicable also to the lands lying east of said mountains within said Territories.

LEGISLATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND JUDICIAL EXPENSES FOR 1859.

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Appropriates as follows: | |
| Compensation and mileage of Senators, | \$162,750 |
| Other expenses of the Senate, | 328,870 |
| Pay and Mileage of Congressmen, | 580,250 |
| Binding documents, | 100,000 |
| Engraving and Lithographing, | 100,000 |
| Other expenses of the House, | 320,813 |
| Other expenses of Congress, | 246,930 |
| Executive and Departments of State, | 129,750 |
| Expenses of Treasury Department, .. | 728,610 |
| " Interior Department, .. | 574,990 |
| " War Department, | 189,820 |
| " Navy Department, | 108,450 |
| " Post Office Department, | 200,800 |
| " U. S. Mint and branches, | 497,255 |
| " Territories, | 198,000 |
| " Judiciary Department, .. | 1,280,000 |
| Collecting Land Revenue, | 120,000 |
| Various other items, | 268,879 |
| Total expenses, | \$6,081,270 |

LAND WARRANT TITLES.

An act declaring the title to land warrants in certain cases provides:

That when proof has been, or shall hereafter be, filed in the Pension Office, during the lifetime of a claimant, establishing to the satisfaction of that office, his or her right to a warrant for military services, and such warrant has not been, or may not hereafter be, issued until after the death of the claimant, and all such warrants as have been heretofore issued subsequent to the death of the claimant, the title to such warrants shall vest in the widow, if there be one, and if there be no widow, then in the heirs or legatees of the claimant; and all such warrants, and all other warrants issued pursuant to existing laws, shall be treated as personal chattels, and may be conveyed by assignment of such widow, heirs, or legatees, or by the legal representatives of the deceased claimant, for the use of such heirs or legatees only. The provisions of the first section of the act approved March 22, 1852, to make land warrants assignable, and for other purposes, shall be so extended as to embrace land warrants issued under the act of the third March, 1855.

HALF PAY TO WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

An act to extend an act entitled "An act to continue half-pay to certain widows and orphans," approved February, 3, 1853, provides for a continuation of half-pay to all those surviving widows and minor children, who have been or may be granted 5 years half-pay, by any law of the United States, viz.: to such widows during life, and to such child or children, where there is no widow, while under the age of sixteen years, to commence from the expiration of the half-pay provided for by the act of Feb. 22, 1853. In the case of the marriage, or death of any such widow, the half-pay shall go to the children of the deceased soldier, while under the age of 16. The act shall not be construed to include any person now receiving a pension for life.

TEXAS BOUNDARY LINE.

An act to authorize the President, in conjunction with the State of Texas, to run and mark the boundary line between the territories of the United States, and the State of Texas, empowers the President to appoint a suitable person or persons, who in conjunction with commissioners appointed by Texas, shall run and mark the boundary line aforesaid. Beginning at the point where the 100th deg. of long. w. from Greenwich crosses Red River, and running thence n. to the point where said 100th deg. of long. intersects the parallel of 36° 30' N. lat., and thence west with the said parallel of 36° 30' to the point where it intersects the 103d deg. of long. w. from Greenwich: and thence south with the said 103d deg. of long. to the 32d parallel of n. lat.; and thence west with the said 32d deg. of n. lat. to the Rio Grande. Proper landmarks are to be established, and \$30,000 are appropriated on the part of the United States to carry out the work.

CONSULAR AND DIPLOMATIC EXPENSES.

An act making appropriations for the Consular and Diplomatic expenses for 1859, appropriates as follows:

| | |
|--|------------------|
| Pay of Ministers, Commissioners and their secretaries, | \$410,000 |
| Relief and protection to American Seamen abroad, | 150,000 |
| Pay of Foreign Consuls, etc., | 852,120 |
| Total Appropriation, | \$912,120 |

NAVAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The appropriations for the Naval service for the year 1859, are:

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Pay of officers and seamen, | \$3,805,405 |
| Provisions for officers and seamen, .. | 941,700 |
| Increase, repair, equipment etc., of navy, | 2,850,000 |
| Ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, | 595,000 |
| Contingent expenses that may accrue, .. | 827,600 |
| Pay, clothing, etc., of marine corps, .. | 395,573 |
| Construction and repair of works at Navy Yards, | 1,584,659 |
| For 5 steam sloops, per act of 1857, .. | 1,350,000 |
| For 7 screw sloops, and 1 side-wheel steamer, .. | 1,200,000 |
| Various other items, | 866,132 |
| Total Naval Appropriations, | \$14,489,154 |

The act provides for the enlistment of boys from 11 to 17 years of age, with the consent of their parents, or guardians, to serve till they arrive at the age of 21 years; also that all the steamships of the United States, now building, or hereafter to be built, shall be named by the Secretary of the Navy, under the direction of the President, viz: all those of 40 guns and upward, to be called after the States of the Union; those of 20 guns and under 40, to be named after the rivers and principal towns or cities of the country. The act also further provides for the construction of 7 steam screw sloops of war, whose greatest draught shall not exceed 14 feet, to combine the heaviest armament and greatest speed compatible with their character and tonnage; and one side-wheel war steamer, whose greatest draught shall not exceed 8 feet, armed and provided for service in the China Seas.

CIVIL APPROPRIATIONS.

The act making appropriations for sundry Civil Expenses of Government for 1859, appropriates as follows:

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| To continue Atlantic Coast Survey, .. | \$250,000 |
| To continue Pacific Coast Survey, | 130,000 |
| For Deficiency in fund for sick and disabled Seamen, | 150,000 |
| Expenses of Light-house Establishment, | 873,953 |
| Expenses of Survey of Public Lands, .. | 862,000 |
| Completion Washington Aqueduct, .. | 800,000 |
| For Capitol Extension, | 750,000 |
| Extension of General Post-Office, .. | 100,000 |
| Continuing Extension of Treasury Buildings, | 500,000 |
| Carried over, | \$3,915,958 |

Brought over... \$3,915,958

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Continuing Custom House, New Orleans, | 250,000 |
| Continuing Custom House, Charleston, .. | 200,000 |
| Completing and repairing other Custom Houses, | 354,400 |
| Completing and repairing Marine Hospitals, | 200,000 |
| Printing, binding, etc., ordered by previous Congresses, | 316,000 |
| Various other items, | 450,839 |
| Total Appropriations, | \$5,656,747 |

The act provides for the contracting with Messrs. Gales and Seaton, for continuing the publication of the "American State Papers," down to the 4th of March, 1859.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

An act making supplemental appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, fulfilling Indian treaties, etc., appropriates the following:

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Subsistence etc., of friendly Indians in Oregon and California, | \$273,000 |
| Other Indian appropriations, | 655,867 |
| Total Appropriations, | \$928,867 |

ARMY APPROPRIATIONS.

For the support of the Army for 1859, the following appropriations are made:

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| For the recruiting service, | \$110,000 |
| For the Pay of the Army, | 3,591,734 |
| For the Commutation of Officers' subsistence, | 995,435 |
| For the Commutation of forage for Officers' horses, | 124,123 |
| For Subsistence in kind, | 1,880,652 |
| For Clothing for Army, | 1,062,703 |
| For regular supplies, quartermaster's Department, | 1,745,000 |
| For Incidental Expenses, | 500,000 |
| For constructing barracks, etc., .. | 790,000 |
| For Transportation of the Army, .. | 8,400,000 |
| Horses for the new Regiments, .. | 200,000 |
| Armament of fortifications, | 300,000 |
| Ordnance, Ordnance Stores and supplies, | 250,000 |
| Manufacture of Arms, | 400,000 |
| Various other items, | 2,206,405 |
| Total Appropriations, | \$17,059,107 |

The bill also repeals the act for depriving sutlers of the right of lien upon any part of the soldiers' pay or to receive the soldiers' pay from the paymaster; also repeals all laws authorizing the sale of military sites which may become useless for military purposes, and said lands shall not be subject to sale or preemption under any of the laws of the United States. Certain reservations in Florida, are exempt from this act of repeal.

CUSTOMS REVENUE.

The act making appropriations for the expenses of collecting the revenue from Customs, appropriates \$1,800,000 half-yearly, equal to \$3,600,000 per annum, also repeals all laws authorizing the payment of the expenses of

collecting revenue out of accruing revenue before the same shall have been paid into the Treasury, also authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to discontinue all ports of delivery, the revenue of which does not amount to \$10,000 per annum.

INDIAN DEFICIENCIES.

The act to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling of treaty stipulations, appropriates \$330,595, of which \$264,000 is for maintaining friendly relations with Indian tribes in Oregon.

OCEAN MAIL TRANSPORTATION.

The appropriations for the transportation of the United States mail by ocean steamers, and otherwise, for the year 1859 are as follows:

| | |
|---|-----------|
| Transporting Mails between N. Y. and Liverpool,..... | \$346,500 |
| Mails to and from N. Y., to N. O., Havana and Chagres,..... | 261,000 |
| Mails to and from Panama, California, and Oregon,..... | 323,350 |
| Mails from California to Washington Territory,..... | 122,500 |
| Mails from New York to Havre,..... | 230,000 |
| Other items,..... | 224,157 |

Total Ocean Mail Service,..... \$1,512,507

The Post-master-General may cause mails to be transported between the United States and foreign ports by steamship for the sea and United States Inland postage, if by an American vessel, and for the sea postage only by a foreign vessel, preference being given to American steamships when departing from the same port for the same destination within three days of each other.

GOVERNMENT LOAN.

An act to authorize a loan not exceeding \$20,000,000 empowers the President within 12 months from the passage of the act to borrow that amount, on the credit of the United States, payable in fifteen years. Coupon stock to be issued for the amount bearing interest, not exceeding 5 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and stock not to be sold by government at less than par.

TERRITORIAL COURTS.

An act in relation to courts, and the holding of terms thereof, in the several territories in the United States, provides: That the judges of the Supreme Court in each Territory of the U. S. may hold court within their respective districts, in the counties wherein, by the laws of said Territories, courts have been or may be established, for the purpose of hearing and determining all matters and causes, except those in which the United States is a party: *Provided*, That the expenses thereof shall be paid by the Territory, or by the counties in which said courts may be held.

INLAND MAIL SERVICE.

The act making and providing for the service of the P. O. Dep't for 1859, appropriates as follows:

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Transportation of mails inland,... | \$10,140,520 |
| Compensation to Post-masters,... | 2,325,000 |
| Clerks in Post-Offices,..... | 850,000 |
| Post-Office blanks,..... | 125,000 |
| Stamps and Stamped Envelopes.. | 100,000 |
| Various other items and contingencies,..... | 495,000 |

Total Appropriations,..... \$14,035,520

The act appropriates \$3,500,000 to meet any deficiency should the revenues of the P. O. Dep't be insufficient to meet its requirements.

COMPENSATION OF CONGRESSMEN.

A joint resolution to amend the act of 1856 to regulate the Compensation of members of Congress, provides, that Congressmen be paid as follows: On the first day of the first session of each Congress, or as soon thereafter as he may be in attendance and apply, each Congressman shall receive his mileage, as now provided by law, and all his compensation from the beginning of his term, to be computed at the rate of \$250 per month, and during the session, compensation at the same rate. And on the first day of the second or any subsequent session, he shall receive his mileage as now allowed by law, and all compensation which has accrued during the adjournment, at the rate aforesaid, and during said session, compensation at the same rate.

INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES.

A Joint Resolution providing for the expenses of Investigating Committees of the House, appropriates \$25,000 to be added to the miscellaneous item of the House Contingent fund. Another resolution appropriates \$12,000 for expenses of Investigating Committees and of Judiciary Committees.

THE EFFICIENCY OF THE NAVY.

A Joint Resolution to extend and define the authority of the President, under an act of 1857, entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to Promote the Efficiency of the Navy,'" in respect to dropped and retired Naval officers, provides, that in case where the records of the courts of inquiry appointed under the act of Jan. 16, 1857, may render it advisable, in the opinion of the President of the United States, to restore to the active or reserved list of the navy, or to transfer from furlough to leave of absence on the latter list, any officer who may have been dropped or retired by the operation of the act of Feb. 23, 1855, entitled "An Act to Promote the Efficiency of the Navy," he shall have authority, any existing law to the contrary notwithstanding, within six months from the passage of this resolution, to nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint such officer to the active or reserved list, and officers so nominated and confirmed shall occupy positions on the active and reserved lists, respectively, according to rank and seniority, when dropped or retired as aforesaid, and be entitled to all the benefits conferred by the act approved Jan. 16, 1857, on officers restored, or transferred, to the active or reserved list under that act.

DIFFICULTIES WITH PARAGUAY.

The following Resolution was adopted with reference to the adjustment of difficulties with the Republic of Paraguay. That for the purpose of adjusting the differences between the United States and the republic of Paraguay, in connection with the attack on the United States steamer *Water Witch*, and with other matters referred to in the annual message of the President, he be, and is hereby authorized to adopt such measures and use such force as, in his judgment, may be necessary and advisable, in the event of a refusal of just satisfaction by the government of Paraguay.

APPROPRIATIONS—RECAPITULATION.

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Invalid Pensions,..... | \$769,500 |
| Printing Deficiencies,..... | 341,190 |
| To Denmark in lieu of Sound Dues, | 408,731 |
| General Deficiencies for 1853,.... | 9,624,210 |
| Indian Appropriations,..... | 1,334,493 |
| Carried up..... | \$12,473,124 |

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Brought up..... | \$12,473,124 |
| Expenses of Military Academy,.. | 182,799 |
| Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriations,..... | 6,081,270 |
| Running boundary of Texas and New Mexico,..... | 80,000 |
| Consular and Diplomatic expenses, Naval Appropriations,..... | 912,120 |
| Civil Appropriations,..... | 14,489,154 |
| Supplemental Indian Appro'tions, Army Appropriations,.... | 5,636,747 |
| For Collecting Customs Revenue, Indian Deficiencies,..... | 953,867 |
| Inland Mail Service,..... | 17,059,107 |
| Ocean Mail transportation,..... | 3,600,000 |
| Miscellaneous items,..... | 839,595 |
| | 14,035,520 |
| | 1,512,507 |
| | 82,000 |

Total Appropriations,..... \$77,497,810

NOTE.—There were several acts passed making indefinite appropriations, that is, appropriations of sums not specified. We cannot estimate the amount required to satisfy the provisions of these acts.

KANSAS.

LECOMPTON AND LECOMPTON, JR.

THE following record of the action of Congress on the admission of Kansas, and of the determined efforts of the Democratic Pro-Slavery party to drag or dragoon that Territory into the Union as a Slave State, will be interesting for future reference.

The original bill, as it passed the Senate under the lead of Senator Green (March 23, 1858), was as follows:

THE LECOMPTON BILL.

A Bill for the Admission of the State of Kansas into the Union, presented in the Senate by Mr. Green, of Missouri, from the Committee on Territories, February 17, 1853.

Whereas, The people of the Territory of Kansas did, by a Convention of Delegates called and assembled at Lecompton, September 4, 1857, form for themselves a Constitution and State Government, which said Convention having asked the admission of the Territory into the Union as a State on an equal footing with the original States,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Kansas shall be, and is hereby declared to be, one of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever; and the said State shall consist of all the territory included within the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at a point on the western boundary of the State of

Missouri where the thirty-seventh parallel of latitude crosses the same; thence west on said parallel to the eastern boundary of New Mexico; thence north on said boundary to latitude thirty-eight; thence following said boundary westward to the eastern boundary of the territory of Utah, on the summit of the Rocky Mountains; thence northward on said summit to the fortieth parallel of latitude; thence east on said parallel to the western boundary of the State of Missouri; thence south with the western boundary of said State to the place of beginning:

Provided, That nothing herein contained respecting the boundary of said State shall be construed to impair the right of person or property now pertaining to the Indians in said Territory so long as such right shall remain unextinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to include any territory which, by treaty with such Indian tribes, is not, without the consent of said tribe, to be included within the territorial limits or jurisdiction of any State or Territory, but all such territory shall be excepted out of the boundaries, and constitute no part in the State of Kansas, until said tribe shall signify their assent to the President of the United States to be included within said State, or to affect the authority of the Government of the United States to make any regulations respecting such Indians, their lands, property, or otherwise, which it would have been competent to make if this act had not been passed.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the State of Kansas is admitted into the Union upon the express condition that said State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the public lands, or with any regulations

which Congress may find necessary for securing the title in said lands to the bona fide purchasers and grantees thereof, or impose or levy any tax, assessment, or imposition of any description whatsoever upon them, or other property of the United States, within the limits of said State; and that nothing in this act shall be construed to abridge or infringe any right of the people asserted in the Constitution of Kansas, at all times, to alter, reform or abolish their form of government in such manner as they may think proper, Congress hereby disclaiming any authority to intervene or declare the construction of the Constitution of any State, except to see that it is republican in form and not in conflict with the Constitution of the United States; and nothing in this act shall be construed as an assent by Congress to all or to any of the propositions or claims contained in the ordinance annexed to the Constitution of the people of Kansas, nor to deprive the said State of Kansas of the same grants which were contained in said act of Congress, entitled "An act to authorize the people of the Territory of Minnesota to form a Constitution and State Government, preparatory to admission into the Union on an equal footing with the original States," approved February 26, 1858.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That until the next general census shall be taken, and an apportionment of representation made, the State of Kansas shall be entitled to one Representative in the House of Representatives of the United States.

The bill passed, 33 to 25, as follows:

YEAS—FOR LECOMPTON.

ALABAMA—Fitzpatrick, Clay. ARKANSAS—Sebastian, Johnson. CALIFORNIA—Gwin. DELAWARE—Bayard. FLORIDA—Mallory, Yulee. GEORGIA—Iverson, Toombs. INDIANA—Fitch, Bright. IOWA—Jones. KENTUCKY—THOMPSON. LOUISIANA—Benjamin, Slidell. MARYLAND—Pearce, KENNEDY. MISSISSIPPI—Brown. MISSOURI—Green, Polk. NEW JERSEY—Wright, Thomson. NORTH CAROLINA—Biggs. PENNSYLVANIA—Bigler. RHODE ISLAND—Allen. SOUTH CAROLINA—Evans, Hammond. TENNESSEE—Johnson. TEXAS—Henderson, HOUSTON. VIRGINIA—Mason, Hunter. Total, 38.

NAYS—AGAINST LECOMPTON.

CALIFORNIA—Broderick. CONNECTICUT—Foster, Dixon. ILLINOIS—Douglas, Trumbull. IOWA—Harlan. KENTUCKY—CRITTENDEN. MAINE—Fessenden, Hamlin. MASSACHUSETTS—Wilson, Sumner. MICHIGAN—Stuart, Chandler. NEW HAMPSHIRE—Hale, Clark. NEW YORK—Seward, King. OHIO—Pugh, Wade. RHODE ISLAND—Simmons. TENNESSEE—BELL. VERMONT—Collamer, Foot. WISCONSIN—Durkee, Doolittle. Total, 25.

ABSENT OR NOT VOTING—Messrs. Bates (Del.), Reid (N. C.), Davis (Ml.), Cameron (Pa.) Mr. Cameron paired off with Mr. Davis.

Previous to taking this vote, Mr. Crittenden moved a substitute for the bill, in substance, that the Constitution be sub-

mitted to the people at once, and, if approved, the President to admit Kansas by proclamation. If rejected, the people to call a Convention and frame a Constitution. The substitute made special provision against frauds at the election.

This substitute was lost, Yeas 24, Nays 34.

On the first of April the bill was taken up in the House and read once, when, its second reading having been objected to by Mr. Giddings, the question recurred under the rule, Shall the bill be rejected? A vote was taken and resulted, Yeas 95, Nays 137.

Mr. Montgomery, of Pa., offered as a substitute, with slight alterations, the bill which Mr. Crittenden had offered in the Senate. Mr. Quitman, of Mississippi, also offered a substitute, which was the same as the Senate bill, with the omission of the declaratory clause, "that the people shall have the right at all times to alter or amend the Constitution in such manner as they think proper," etc.

Mr. Quitman's substitute was lost—Yeas 72, Nays 160, the yeas being all from the Slave States, and Mr. Montgomery's was adopted, 120 to 112.

The Crittenden-Montgomery substitute, as it passed, was in the following words:

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, etc.*, That the State of Kansas be, and is hereby, admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever; but inasmuch as it is greatly disputed whether the Constitution framed at Lecompton on the 7th day of November last, and now pending before Congress, was fairly made, or expressed the will of the people of Kansas, this admission of her into the Union as a State is here declared to be upon this fundamental condition precedent, namely: That the said constitutional instrument shall be first submitted to a vote of the people of Kansas, and assented to by them, or a majority of the voters, at an election to be held for the purpose; and as soon as such assent shall be given, and duly made known by a majority of the Commissioners herein appointed to the President of the United States, he shall announce the same by proclamation, and thereafter, and without any further proceedings on the part of Congress, the admission of the said State of Kansas into the Union upon an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever, shall be

complete and absolute. At the said election the voting shall be by ballot, and by indorsing on his ballot, as each voter may please, "for the Constitution," or "against the Constitution." Should the said Constitution be rejected at the said election by a majority of votes being cast against it, then, and in that event, the inhabitants of said Territory are hereby authorized and empowered to form for themselves a Constitution and State Government by the name of the State of Kansas, according to the Federal Constitution, and to that end may elect delegates to a convention as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the said State of Kansas shall have concurrent jurisdiction on the Missouri and all other rivers and waters bordering on the said State of Kansas, so far as the same shall form a common boundary to said State and any other State or States now or hereafter to be formed or bounded by the same; and said rivers and waters, and all the navigable waters of said State, shall be common highways and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of said State as to all other citizens of the United States, without any tax, duty, impost, or toll therefor.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That for the purpose of insuring, as far as possible, that the elections authorized by this act may be fair and free, the Governor and the Secretary of the Territory of Kansas, and the presiding officers of the two branches of its Legislature, namely, the President of the Council and Speaker of the House of Representatives, are hereby constituted a board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to use all the means necessary and proper to that end. Any three of them shall constitute a Board; and the Board shall have power and authority, in respect to each and all of the elections hereby authorized or provided for, to designate and establish precincts for voting, or to adopt those already established; to cause polls to be opened at such places as it may deem proper in the respective counties and election precincts of said Territory; to appoint, as judges of election at each of the several places of voting, three discreet and respectable persons, any two of whom shall be competent to act; to require the sheriffs of the several counties, by themselves or deputies, to attend the judges at each of the places of voting, for the purpose of preserving peace and good order, or the said Board may, instead of said sheriffs and their deputies, appoint, at their discretion and in such instances as they may choose, other fit persons for the same purpose; and when the purpose of the election is to elect delegates to a convention to form a constitution as hereinbefore provided for, the number of delegates shall be sixty, and they shall be apportioned by said board among the several counties of said Territory, according to the number of voters; and in making this apportionment, the Board may join two or more counties together to make an election or representative district, where neither of the said counties has the requisite number of voters to entitle it to a delegate, or to join a smaller to a larger county having a surplus population,

where it may serve to equalize the representation. The elections hereby authorized shall continue one day only, and shall not be continued later than sundown on that day. The said board shall appoint the day of election for each of the elections hereby authorized, as the same may become necessary. The said Governor shall announce, by proclamation, the day appointed for any one of said elections, and the day shall be as early a one as is consistent with due notice thereof to the people of said Territory, subject to the provisions of this act. The said Board shall have full power to prescribe the time, manner and places of each of said elections, and to direct the time and manner of the returns thereof, which returns shall be made to the said Board, whose duty it shall be to announce the result by proclamation, and to appoint therein as early a day as practicable for the delegates elected (where the election has been for delegates) to assemble in convention at the seat of Government of said Territory. When so assembled, the convention shall first determine, by a vote, whether it is the wish of the proposed State to be admitted into the Union at that time; and if so, shall proceed to form a Constitution, and take all necessary steps for the establishment of a State Government in conformity with the Federal Constitution, subject to the approval and ratification of the people of the proposed State. And the said convention shall accordingly provide for its submission to the vote of the people for approval or rejection; and if the majority of votes shall be given for the Constitution so framed as aforesaid, the Governor of the Territory shall, within twenty days after the result is known, notify the President of the United States of the same. And thereupon the President shall announce the same by proclamation, and thereafter, and without any further proceedings whatever on the part of Congress, the admission of the said State of Kansas into the Union, upon an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever, shall be complete and absolute.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That in the elections hereby authorized, all white male inhabitants of said Territory over the age of twenty-one years, who are legal voters under the laws of the Territory of Kansas, and none others, shall be allowed to vote; and this shall be the only qualification required to entitle the voter to the right of suffrage in said elections. And if any person not so qualified shall vote or offer to vote, or if any person shall vote more than once at either of said elections, or shall make, or cause to be made, any false, fictitious or fraudulent returns, or shall alter or change any returns of either of said elections, such person shall, upon conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction, be kept at hard labor not less than six months, and not more than three years.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That the members of the aforesaid Board of Commissioners, and all persons appointed by them to carry into effect the provisions of this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, take an oath to perform faithfully the duties of their respective offices; and on failure thereof, they shall

be liable and subject to the same charges and penalties as are provided in like cases under the Territorial laws.

SEC. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the officers mentioned in the preceding section shall receive for their services the same compensation as is given for like services under the Territorial laws.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the said State of Kansas, when her admission as a State becomes complete and absolute, shall be entitled to one member in the House of Representatives, in the Congress of the United States, till the next census be taken by the Federal Government.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That the following propositions be, and the same are hereby, offered to the said people of Kansas for their free acceptance or rejection, which, if accepted, shall be obligatory on the United States and upon the said State of Kansas, to wit: *First*, That sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in every township of public lands in said State, and where either of said sections, or any part thereof, has been sold or otherwise been disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto, and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to said State for the use of schools. *Second*, That seventy-two sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the use and support of a State University, to be selected by the Governor of said State, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and to be appropriated and applied in such manner as the Legislature of said State may prescribe for the purpose aforesaid, but for no other purposes. *Third*: That ten entire sections of land, to be selected by the Governor of said State, in legal subdivisions, shall be granted to said State for the purpose of completing the public buildings, or for the erection of others at the seat of government, under the direction of the Legislature thereof. *Fourth*, That all salt springs within said State, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining, or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to said State for its use; the same to be selected by the Governor thereof within one year after the admission of said State, and when so selected, to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions and regulations as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided*, That no salt springs or land the right whereof is now vested in any individual or individuals, or which may be hereafter confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall by this article be granted to said State. *Fifth*, That five per centum of the net proceeds of sales of all public lands lying within said States, which shall be sold by Congress after the admission of said State into the Union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same shall be paid to said State, for the purpose of making public roads and internal improvements, as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided*, The foregoing propositions hereinbefore offered are on the condition that the people of Kansas shall provide, by an ordinance, irrevocable without the consent of the United States, that said State shall never interfere with the primary disposal

of the soil within the same, by the United States, or with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in said soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof, and that no tax shall be imposed on lands belonging to the United States, and that in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. *Sixth*: And that the said State shall never tax the lands or the property of the United States in that State: *Provided however*, That nothing in this act of admission shall be so construed as to ratify or accept the ordinance attached to said Constitution; but said ordinance is hereby rejected by the Government of the United States.

The following are the Yeas and Nays:

YEAS—TO AMEND.

CALIFORNIA—McKibbin—1.
CONNECTICUT—Clark, Dean—2.
ILLINOIS—Elihu Washburne, Farnsworth, Lovejoy, Kellogg, Morris, Harris, Shaw, Robert Smith, Sam. S. Marshall—9.
INDIANA—English, Foley, Kilgore, J. G. Davis, Wilson, Colfax, Case, Pettit—8.
IOWA—Curtis, T. Davis—2.
KENTUCKY—UNDERWOOD, HUMPHREY MARSHALL—2.
MAINE—Wood, Gilman, Abbott, Morse, I. Washburne, Foster—6.
MARYLAND—RICAUD, J. M. HARRIS, H. WINTER DAVIS—3.
MASSACHUSETTS—Hall, Buffinton, Damrell, Comins, Burlingame, Davis, Gooch, Knapp, Thayer, Chafee, Daves—11.
MICHIGAN—Howard, Waldron, Walbridge, Leach—4.
MISSOURI—Blair—1.
NEW HAMPSHIRE—Pike, Tappan, Cragin—3.
NEW JERSEY—Clawson, Robbins, Adrain—3.
NORTH CAROLINA—GILMER—1.
NEW YORK—Haskin, H. F. Clark, Murray, Thompson, Olin, Dodd, Palmer, Spinner, Clark E. Cochrane, Morse, Mattieson, Bennett, Goodwin, Hoard, Granger, Morgan, Pottle, Parker, Kelsey, Andrews, Sherman, Burroughs, Fenton—23.
OHIO—Pendleton, Groesbeck, Campbell, Nichols, Mott, Cockerill, Hurlan Stanton, Hall, Horton, Cox, Sherman, Bliss, Tompkins, Lawrence, Leiter, Wade, Giddings, Bingham—19.
PENNSYLVANIA—E. J. Morris, Owen Jones, Hickman, Roberts, Kunkel, Grow, Elie, Corode, Montgomery, Ritchie, Purviance, Stewart, Dick, Chapman—14.
RHODE ISLAND—Durfee, Brayton—2.
VERMONT—Walton, Morrill, Royce—3.
WISCONSIN—POTTER, C. C. Washburne, Bilinghurst—3.—Total, 120.

NAYS.

ALABAMA—Stallworth, Shorter, Dowdell, Moore, Houston, Cobb, Curry—7.
ARKANSAS—Greenwood, Warren—2.
CALIFORNIA—Scott—1.
CONNECTICUT—Arnold, Bishop—2.
DELAWARE—Whiteley—1.
FLORIDA—Hawkins—1.
GEORGIA—Seward, Crawford, TRIPPE, Gartrell, Wright, Jackson, HILL, Stephens—8.

INDIANA—Niblack, Hughes, Gregg—8.
 KENTUCKY—Burnett, Peyton, Talbot, Jewett, Elliott, Clay, Mason, Stevenson—8.
 LOUISIANA—EUSTIS, Taylor, Davidson, Sandidge—4.

MARYLAND—Stewart, Kunkel, Bowie—8.
 MISSOURI—ANDERSON, Clark, Craig, WOODSON, Phelps—5.

MISSISSIPPI—Lamar, Davis, Barksdale, Singleton, Quitman—5.

NEW JERSEY—Huyler, Wortendyke—2.

NORTH CAROLINA—Shaw, Ruffin, Winslow, Branch, Scales, Cralge, Clingman—7.

NEW YORK—Searing, Taylor, Sickles, Kelly, Maclay, John Cochrane, Ward, Russell, Corning, Hatch—10.

OHIO—Miller, Burns—2.

PENNSYLVANIA—Florence, Landy, Phillips, Glancy Jones, Leidy, Dimmick, White, Ahl, Gillis, Reilly, Dewart—11.

SOUTH CAROLINA—McQueen, Miles, Keitt, Bonham, Boyce—5.

TENNESSEE—Watkins, MAYNARD, S. A. Smith, Savage, READY, Jones, Wright, ZOLLICOFFER, Atkins, Avery—10.

TEXAS—Bryan, Reagan—2.

VIRGINIA—Garnett, Millson, Caskie, Goode, Bocock, Powell, Smith, Faulkner, Lecher, Clemens, Jenkins, Edmundson, Hopkins—13. Total, 112.

Absent—Caruthers (Mo.)

RECAPITULATION.

Yeas.

Republicans, 92; Democrats, 22; Americans, 6. Total, 120.

Nays.

Democrats, 104; Americans, 8. Total, 112.

The bill having been returned to the Senate on the second day of April, Mr. Green moved to disagree to the House amendment, which motion was adopted, Yeas 34, Nays 22.

The following are the Nays:

Messrs. Broderick, Cameron, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Crittenden, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, King, Seward, Simmons, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, Wilson.

In the House of Representatives, on the 7th of April, Mr. Montgomery, of Pennsylvania, moved that the House adhere to its amendment, which motion was carried, Yeas 119, Nays 111—the vote being the same as on the adoption of the amendment, with the exception of Messrs. Marshall and Bowie, who paired off and did not vote.

On the 13th of April, the Senate voted to insist and ask for a conference committee, Yeas 30, Nays 24—the Nays being the same as the Nays on Mr. Green's mo-

tion to disagree, with the addition of Messrs. Bell and Sumner. On the following day, the House received a message from the Senate insisting on its disagreement and asking a committee of conference, when Mr. Montgomery, of Pa., moved that the House insist on its adherence on which he demanded the previous question. The call for the previous question was lost by the casting vote of the Speaker. 108 to 108. Very much to the surprise of the House, Mr. English, of Indiana, who had acted with the Anti-Lecompton party up to this time, moved that the House agree to a Conference Committee, and that a Committee of three be appointed by the Speaker to meet a similar committee of the Senate, and on this he called for the previous question, which was ordered. The Yeas and Nays were called, and the vote stood 108 to 108: the Speaker voting in the affirmative, Mr. English's proposition was agreed to. The Yeas and Nays were as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Ahl, Anderson, Atkins, Avery, Barksdale, Bishop, Bocock, Bonham, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Burns, Caruthers, Caskie, Clark (Mo.), Clay, Clemens, Clingman, Cobb, John Cochrane, Craig (Mo.), Craige (N. C.), Crawford, Curry, Davidson, Davis (Miss.), Dewart, Dowdell, Edmundson, Elliott, English, Eustis, Faulkner, Florence, Garnet, Gartrell, Goode, Greenwood, Gregg, Hall (Ohio), Hatch, Hawkins, Hill, Hopkins, Houston, Hughes, Jackson, Jenkins, Jewett, Jones (Tenn.), J. Glancy Jones, Owen Jones, Keitt, Kelly, Kunkel (Md.), Lamar, Landy, Leidy, Letcher, Maclay, McQueen, Mason, Maynard, Miles, Miller, Millson, Moore, Niblack, Orr, Pendleton, Peyton, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Quitman, Ready, Reagan, Ruffin, Russell, Sandidge, Savage, Scales, Scott, Searing, Seward, Shaw (N. C.), Shorter, Singleton, Smith (Tenn.), Smith (Va.), Stallworth, Stephens, Stevenson, Stewart (Md.), Talbot, Taylor (N. Y.), Trippe, Ward, Warren, Watkins, White, Winslow, Woodson, Wortendyke, Wright (Ga.), Wright (Tenn.), Zollicoffer—109.

NAYS—Messrs. Abbott, Andrews, Bennett, Billingham, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Brayton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Burroughs, Campbell, Case, Chaffee, Chapman, Clark (Conn.), Clark (N. Y.), Clawson, Cockerill, Colfax, Comins, Corode, Cox, Cragin, Curtis, Damrell, Davis (Md.), Davis (Ind.), Davis (Mass.), Davis (Iowa), Dawes, Dean, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Edie, Farnsworth, Fenton, Foley, Foster, Giddings, Gilman, Gooch, Goodwin, Granger, Groesbeck, Grow, Hall (Mass.), Harlan, Harris (Md.), Harris (Ill.), Haskin, Hickman, Hoard,

Horton, Howard, Kellogg, Kelsey, Knapp, Lawrence, Leiter, Lovejoy, Marshall (Ky.), Marshall (Ill.), Mattoon, Montgomery, Morgan, Morrill, Morris (Penn.), Morris (Ill.), Morse (Me.), Morse (N. Y.), Mott, Murray, Nichols, Palmer, Pettit, Pike, Potter, Pottle, Purviance, Ricard, Ritchie, Robbins, Royce, Shaw (Ill.), Sherman (Ohio), Sherman (N. Y.), Smith (Ill.), Spinner, Stanton, Stewart (Penn.), Tappan, Thompson, Tompkins, Underwood, Wade, Walbridge, Waldron, Walton, Washburne (Ill.), Washburne (Me.), Wilson, Wood—108.

The following, not voting, had paired off:

Adrain with Huyler, Dimmick with McKibbin, Gillis with Roberts, Clark B. Cochrane with Sickles, Reilly with Thayer, Taylor (La.) with Kunkel (Pa.), Washburne (Wis.) with Arnold, Olin with Corning. Whiteley, absent.

The Committee of Conference was composed of Messrs. James S. Green (Mo.), Robert M. T. Hunter (Va.), and William H. Seward (N. Y.), of the Senate, and Messrs. William H. English (Ind.), Alex. H. Stephens (Ga.), and William A. Howard (Mich.), on the part of the House.

On the 23d of April the Committee made their report (a dodging, shuffling affair, susceptible of various interpretations.) Messrs. Seward of the Senate, and Howard of the House, dissenting. After a running fight of a week between the friends and opponents of the new dodge, on the 30th of April, the report of the Committee was adopted by both branches of Congress, and Lecompton, Jr., became a law. It is as follows:

An Act for the Admission of the State of Kansas into the Union.—Whereas, the people of the Territory of Kansas did, by a convention of delegates assembled at Lecompton on the 7th day of Nov., 1857, for that purpose, form for themselves a constitution and State government, which Constitution is republican; and whereas, at the same time and place, said convention did adopt an ordinance, which said ordinance asserts that Kansas, when admitted as a State, will have an undoubted right to tax the lands within her limits belonging to the United States, and proposes to relinquish said asserted right if certain conditions set forth in said ordinance be accepted and agreed to by the Congress of the United States; and whereas, the said constitution and ordinance have been presented to Congress by order of said convention, and admission of said Territory into the Union thereon as a State requested; and whereas, said ordinance is not acceptable to Congress, and it is desirable to ascertain whether the people of Kansas concur in the changes in said ordinance, hereinafter stated,

and desire admission into the Union as a State as herein proposed: Therefore,

Be it enacted, etc., That the State of Kansas be, and is hereby admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever, but upon this fundamental condition precedent, namely: That the question of admission with the following proposition, in lieu of the ordinance framed at Lecompton, be submitted to a vote of the people of Kansas, and assented to by them or a majority of the voters voting at an election to be held for that purpose, namely: That the following propositions be and the same are hereby offered to the people of Kansas for acceptance or rejection, which, if accepted, shall be obligatory on the United States and upon the said State of Kansas, to wit: *First,* That sections number sixteen and thirty-six in every township of public lands in said State, or where either of said sections or any part thereof has been sold or otherwise disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to said State for the use of schools. *Second,* That seventy-two sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the support of a State University, to be selected by the Governor of said State, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land-Office, and to be appropriated and applied in such manner as the legislature of said State may prescribe for the purpose aforesaid, but for no other purpose. *Third,* That ten entire sections of land, to be selected by the Governor of said State, in legal subdivisions, shall be granted to said State for the purpose of completing the public buildings, or for the erection of others at the seat of government, under the direction of the legislature thereof. *Fourth,* That all salt springs within said State, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining, or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to said State for its use, the same to be selected by the Governor thereof, within one year after the admission of said State; and, when so selected, to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions and regulations as the legislature may direct: *Provided,* That no salt spring or land the right whereof is now vested in any individual or individuals, or which may hereafter be confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall by this article be granted to said State. *Fifth,* That five per centum of the net proceeds of sales of all public lands lying within said State which shall be sold by Congress after the admission of said State into the Union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to said State for the purpose of making public roads and internal improvements, as the legislature shall direct: *Provided,* The foregoing propositions herein offered are on the condition that said State of Kansas shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the lands of the United States, or with any regulations which Congress may find necessary for securing the title in said soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof, and that no tax shall be imposed on lands belonging to the United States, and that in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. *Sixth,* And that said State shall never

tax the lands or property of the United States in that State.

At the said election the voting shall be by ballot, and by endorsing on his ballot, as each voter may be pleased, "Proposition accepted," or "Proposition rejected." Should a majority of the votes cast be for "Proposition accepted," the President of the United States, as soon as the fact is duly made known to him, shall announce the same by proclamation; and thereafter, and without any further proceedings on the part of Congress, the admission of the State of Kansas into the Union upon an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever shall be complete and absolute; and said State shall be entitled to one member in the House of Representatives in the Congress of the United States until the next census be taken by the Federal Government. But should a majority of the votes cast be for "Proposition rejected," it shall be deemed and held that the people of Kansas do not desire admission into the Union with said constitution under the conditions set forth in said proposition: and in that event the people of said Territory are hereby authorized and empowered to form for themselves a constitution and State government, by the name of the State of Kansas, according to the Federal Constitution, and may elect delegates for that purpose whenever, and not before, it is ascertained by a census duly and legally taken that the population of said Territory equals or exceeds the ratio of representation required for a member of the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States; and whenever thereafter such delegates shall assemble in convention, they shall first determine by a vote whether it is the wish of the people of the proposed State to be admitted into the Union at that time; and, if so, shall proceed to form a constitution, and take all necessary steps for the establishment of a State government, in conformity with the Federal Constitution subject to such limitations and restrictions as to the mode and manner of its approval or ratification by the people of the proposed State as they may have prescribed by law, and shall be entitled to admission into the Union as a State under such constitution, thus fairly and legally made, with or without slavery, as said constitution may prescribe.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That for the purpose of insuring, as far as possible, that the elections authorized by this act may be fair and free the Governor, United States District Attorney, and Secretary of the Territory of Kansas and the presiding officers of the two branches of its legislature, namely, the President of the Council and Speaker of the House of Representatives, are hereby constituted a board of commissioners to carry into effect the provisions of this act, and to use all the means necessary and proper to that end. And three of them shall constitute a board; and the board shall have power and authority to designate and establish precincts for voting or to adopt those already established; to cause polls to be opened at such places as it may deem proper in the respective counties and election precincts of said Territory; to appoint as judges of election at each of the several places

of voting three discreet and respectable persons, any two of whom shall be competent to act; to require the sheriffs of the several counties, by themselves or deputies, to attend the judges at each of the places of voting for the purpose of preserving peace and good order; or the said board may, instead of said sheriffs and their deputies, appoint at their discretion, and in such instances as they may choose, other fit persons for the same purpose. The election hereby authorized shall continue one day only, and shall not be continued later than sundown on that day. The said board shall appoint the day for holding said election, and the said governor shall announce the same by proclamation; and the day shall be as early as one as is consistent with due notice thereof to the people of said Territory, subject to the provisions of this act. The said board shall have full power to prescribe the time, manner, and places of said election, and to direct the time [within] which returns shall be made to the said board, whose duty it shall be to announce the result by proclamation, and the said Governor shall certify the same to the President of the United States without delay.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That in the election hereby authorized, all white male inhabitants of said Territory, over the age of twenty-one years, who possess the qualifications which were required by the laws of said Territory for a legal voter at the last general election for the members of the territorial legislature, and none others, shall be allowed to vote; and this shall be the only qualification required to entitle the voter to the right of suffrage in said election. And if any person not so qualified shall vote or offer to vote, or if any person shall vote more than once at said election, or shall make or cause to be made any false, fictitious, or fraudulent returns, or shall alter or change any returns of said election, such person shall, upon conviction thereof before any court of competent jurisdiction, be kept at hard labor not less than six months and not more than three years.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the members of the aforesaid board of commissioners, and all persons appointed by them to carry into effect the provisions of this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, take an oath to perform faithfully the duties of their respective offices: and, on failure thereof, they shall be liable and subject to the same charges and penalties as are provided in like cases under the Territorial laws.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the officers mentioned in the preceding section shall receive for their services the same compensation as is given for like services under the Territorial laws.

The vote in the Senate, on agreeing to the Conference Committee's Report, stood—yeas, 30; nays, 22; as follows:

YEAS.—Messrs. Allen, Bayard, Benjamin, Bigler, Biggs, Bright, Brown, Clay, Davis, Evans, Fitzpatrick, Green, Gwin, Hammond, Houston, Hunter, Iverson, Johnson (Ark.), Johnson (Tenn.), Jones, Kennedy, Mallory, Mason, Polk, Pugh, Sebastian, Thomson (N. J.), Toombs, Wright, Yulee.

NAYS.—Messrs. Broderick, Cameron, Chandler, Collamer, Crittenden, Dixon, Doolittle, Douglas, Durkee, Fessenden, Foot, Foster, Hale, Hamlin, Harlan, King, Seward, Simmons, Stuart, Trumbull, Wade, Wilson.

PAIRED.—Bell with Pierce, Fitch with Sumner. ABSENT.—Clark, Bates, Henderson, Reid, Thompson (Ky.), Slidell.

In the House, on the final vote, among those who had voted against the original Lecompton Bill and who now supported the English dodge, were Gilmer, Am., of N. C., and the following

Democrats, viz.: English and Foley of Ind.; Cockerill, Cox, Groesbeck, Hall, Lawrence and Pendleton, of Ohio; and Owen Jones, of Pa. Gen. Quitman of Mississippi, and Mr. Bonham of S. C., fire eaters, voted No, and the following members "paired off," viz.: Washburn (Wis.) with Arnold; Matteson with Reuben Davis; Purviance with Dimmick; Morrill with Faulkner; Horton with Hill; J. C. Kunkel with Miles Taylor; Montgomery with Warren; Thompson with Stewart (Md.); and Wood with George Taylor.

THE PUBLIC LANDS—AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES.

THE following bill appropriating public lands for the establishment of agricultural schools, which was introduced by Mr. Morrill, passed the House of Representatives on the 22d of April, 1858, by a vote of 104 to 100. In the Senate it was read twice and referred to the Committee on Public Lands, and will probably come up for final action in that body during this (1858-9) winter:

An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be granted to the several States and Territories, for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, five millions nine hundred and twenty thousand (5,920,000) acres of land, to be apportioned to each State a quantity equal to twenty thousand (20,000) acres for each senator and representative in Congress to which the States are now respectively entitled.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the land aforesaid, after being surveyed, shall be apportioned to the several States and Territories in sections or subdivisions of sections, not less than one quarter of a section; and whenever there are public lands in a State worth one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre [the value of said lands to be determined by the governor of said State], the quantity to which said State shall be entitled shall be selected from such lands, and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to issue to those States in which there are no public lands of the value of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre land scrip to the amount of their distributive shares in acres under the provisions of this act, said scrip to be sold by said States and the proceeds thereof applied to the uses and purposes prescribed in this act, and for no other use or purpose whatsoever; *Provided,* That in no case shall any State to which land scrip may thus be issued be allowed to locate

the same within the limits of any other State, but their assignees may thus locate said land scrip upon any of the unappropriated lands of the United States subject to private entry.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That in all the expenses of management and supervision of said lands, previous to their sales, and all expenses incurred in the management and disbursement of the moneys which may be received therefrom, shall be paid by the States to which they may belong out of the treasury of said States, so that the entire proceeds of the sale of said land shall be applied without any diminution whatever to the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted,* That all moneys derived from the sale of the lands aforesaid by the States to which the lands are apportioned, and from the sales of land scrip hereinbefore provided for, shall be invested in stocks of the United States, or of the States, or some other safe stocks, yielding not less than five per centum upon the par value of said stocks; and that the moneys so invested shall constitute a perpetual fund, the capital of which shall remain forever undiminished (except so far as may be provided in section fifth of this act), and the interest of which shall be inviolably appropriated by each State which may take and claim the benefit of this act to the endowment, support, and maintenance of at least one college where the leading object shall be, without excluding other scientific or classical studies, to teach such branches of learning as are related to agriculture and the mechanic arts, in such manner as the legislatures of the States may respectively prescribe, in order to promote the liberal and practical education of the industrial classes in the several pursuits and professions in life.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted,* That the grant of land and land scrip hereby authorized shall be made on the following conditions, to which, as well as to the provisions hereinbefore contained, the previous assent of the several States shall be signified by legislative acts:

First. If any portion of the fund invested, as provided by the foregoing section, or any portion of the interest thereon, shall, by any action or contingency, be diminished or lost, it shall be replaced by the State to which it belongs, so that the capital of the fund shall remain for-

ever undiminished; and the annual interest shall be regularly applied without diminution to the purposes mentioned in the fourth section of this act, except that a sum, not exceeding ten per centum upon the amount received by any State under the provisions of this act, may be expended for the purchase of lands for sites or experimental farms, whenever authorized by the respective legislatures of said States.

Second. No portion of said fund, nor the interest thereon, shall be applied, directly or indirectly, under any pretence whatever, to the purchase, erection, preservation, or repair of any building or buildings.

Third. Any State which may take and claim the benefit of the provisions of this act shall provide, within five years, at least not less than one college, as described in the fourth section of this act, or the grant to such State shall cease; and said State shall be bound to pay the United States the amount received of any lands previously sold, and that the title to purchasers under the State shall be valid.

Fourth. An annual report shall be made regarding the progress of each college, recording any improvements and experiments made, with their cost and results, and such other matters as may be supposed useful—one copy of which shall be transmitted by mail free, by each, to all the other colleges which may be endowed under the provisions of this act, and to the Smithsonian Institution, and the agricultural department of the Patent Office at Washington.

Fifth. When lands shall be selected from those which have been raised to double the minimum price, in consequence of railroad grants, they shall be computed to the States at double the quantity.

The yeas and nays on the passage of this bill were as follows :

YEAS—Messrs. Abbott, Adrain, Ahl, Andrews, Bennett, Bingham, Bishop, Blair, Bliss, Bowie, Brayton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Burroughs, Campbell, Case, Chaffee, Ezra Clark, Clawson, Clark B. Cochrane, Colfax, Comins, Corning, Covode, Cragin, Curtis, Damrell, Davis (Md.), Davis (Mass.), Davis (Iowa), Dawes, Dean, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Edie, Farnsworth, Fenton, Foley, Foster, Giddings, Gilman, Gooch, Goodwin, Granger, Robt. B. Hall, Harlan, J. M. Harris, Haskin, Hatch, Hoard, Howard, Huyler, Kellogg, Kelsey, Kilgore, Knapp, Leach, Lovejoy, McKibbin, H. Marshall, Maynard, Morgan, Morrill, E. J. Morris, F. H. Morse, O. A. Morse, Murray, Olin, Parker, Pettit, Pike, Pottle, Purviance, Ready, Reilly, Ricaud, Ritchie, Robbins, Roberts, Royce, Russell, Seward, J. Sherman, J. W. Sherman, Sickles, Stanton, Tappan, Thayer, Thompson, Tompkins, Underwood, Wade, Walbridge, Waldron, Walton, E. B. Washburne, Israel Washburn, White, Whiteley, Wilson, Wood, Wortendyke, A. R. Wright, and Zollicoffer—104.

NAYS—Messrs. Anderson, Atkins, Avery, Barksdale, Billinghamurst, Boccock, Bonham, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Caskie, Chapman, J. B. Clark, Clay, Clingman, Cobb, J. C. Cochran, Cockerill, Cox, J. Craig, B. Craige, Crawford, Curry, Davidson, Davis (Ind.), Dewart,

Dowdell, Edmundson, Elliott, English, Eustis, Faulkner, Florence, Gartrell, Goode, Greenwood, Gregg, Groesbeck, Grow, L. W. Hall, T. L. Harris, Hill, Houston, Hughes, Jackson, Jenkins, Jewett, Geo. W. Jones, J. G. Jones, O. Jones, Keitt, Kelly, Lawrence, Leidy, Leiter, Letcher, Maclay, McQueen, Mason, Miles, Miller, Millson, Montgomery, Moore, Isaac N. Morris, Mott, Niblack, Nichols, Pendleton, Peyton, Phelps, Phillips, Potter, Quitman, Reagan, Ruffin, Sandige, Savage, Scales, Scott, Searing, A. Shaw, H. M. Shaw, Shorter, Singleton, Wm. Smith, Spinner, Stallworth, Stephens, Stevenson, J. A. Stewart, Talbot, Geo. Taylor, Trippe, Ward, Warren, Watkins, Winslow, Woodson, J. V. Wright—100.

PREEMPTION RIGHTS.

MR. GROW, member of the House of Representatives from Pennsylvania, proposed at the first session of the XXXVth Congress, the following important measure for the protection of settlers on the Public Domain :

A BILL to prevent the future sale of the public lands under proclamation of the President until the same shall have been surveyed for at least fifteen years.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States, in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, no public lands shall be exposed to sale by proclamation of the President, until the same shall have been surveyed and the return thereof filed in the land office for at least fifteen years.

This bill, it will be seen, gives the settlers fifteen years, precedence over the speculators. On the 3d of May, 1858, Mr. Grow, moved to suspend the rules, with a view to the introduction of the above bill, which motion was voted down as follows :

YEAS—Messrs. Abbott, Adrain, Andrews, Bennett, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Brayton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Case, E. Clark, H. F. Clark, Clawson, Colfax, Comins, Coe, Cragin, James Craig, Burton Craige, Curtis, Damrell, Davis (Mass.), Davis (Iowa), Dean, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Foster, Giddings, Goodwin, Granger, Grow, R. B. Hall, Harlan, T. L. Harris, Hickman, Hoard, Horton, Howard, G. W. Jones, Kellogg, Kelly, Kelsey, Kilgore, Knapp, Leach, Lovejoy, Mason, Morgan, Isaac N. Morris, F. H. Morse, Palmer, Parker, Pettit, Pike, Potter, Ricaud, Ritchie, Royce, A. Shaw, J. Sherman, J. W. Sherman, Spinner, W. Stewart, Tappan, G. Taylor, Wade, Walbridge, Walton, C. C. Washburn, E. B. Washburne, Israel Washburn—74.

[Republicans in Roman; Democrats in Italics; Americans in SMALL CAPS.]

NAYS—Messrs. Anderson, Atkins, Avery, Barksdale, Bishop, Boeock, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Burns, Caruthers, J. B. Clark, Clay, Clemens, Clingman, Cobb, John Cochran, Cockerill, Crawford, Davidson, Davis (Ind.), Dewart, Dowdell, Edmundson, English, Foley, Garnett, Gartrell, Gillis, Goode, Greenwood, Gregg, L. W. Hall, Hawkins, Houston, Hughes, Jackson, Jewett, J. G. Jones, Owen Jones, Lawrence, Leidy, *Leiter*, Letcher, McQueen, H. MARSHALL, MAYNARD, Millson, Niblack, *Nichols*, Peyton, Phelps, Powell, READY, Reagan, Reiley, Rufin, Russell, Sandige, Savage, Scales, Seward, Shorter, Sickles, Singleton, S. A. Smith, Stalworth, Stephens, TRIPPE, UNDERWOOD, Watkins, White, WOODSON, Wortendyke, A. R. Wright, J. V. Wright, ZOLLI-COFFER—78.

[Democrats in Roman; Republicans in *Italics*; Americans in SMALL CAPS.]

ABSENT OR NOT VOTING.—Messrs. Ahl, Arnold, Becker, *Billinghurst*, Bonham, Bowie, *Burroughs*, *Campbell*, Caskie, Cavanaugh, *Chaffee*, Chapman, C. B. *Cochrane*, Corning, *Cowde*, Currie, H. W. DAVIS, R. Davis, *Dawes*, Dimmick, *Edie*, Elliott, LUSTACE, *Furnessworth*, Faulkner, *Fenton*, Florence, *Gilman*, GILMER, *Gooch*, Groesbeck, J. M. HARRIS, Haskin, Hatch, HILL, Hopkins, Huyler, Jenkins, Keitt, J. C. *Kunkel*, J. M. Konkel, Lamar, Landy, Maclay, S. S. Marshall, *Matteson*, McKibbin, Miller, Miles, Moore, Montgomery, *Morrill*, E. J. *Morris*, O. A. *Moose*, *Mott*, *Murray*, *Olin*, Orr, Pendleton, Phillips, *Polite*, *Purviance*, Quitman, *Robbins*, Scott, Searing, Shaw, R. Smith, W. Smith, *Stanton*, J. A. Stewart, Stevenson, Talbot, Miles Taylor, *Thayer*, *Thompson*, *Tompkins*, *Waldron*, Ward, Warren, Whiteley, *Wilson*, Winslow, *Wood*—84.

[Democrats in Roman; Republicans in *Italics*; Americans in SMALL CAPS.]

KANSAS IN 1858.

OUR last sketch of Kansas affairs left that territory with the Lecompton Constitution hanging over its head. The Convention which had framed that bogus instrument declined, in spite of the pledges of the majority of the members, to submit their handiwork to the people. They allowed only a vote on the insertion or rejection of the clauses by which slave property was declared to be before and higher than any constitutional sanction, and establishing the holding of slaves as a part of the fundamental law of Kansas. The vote upon the adoption or rejection of this clause was fixed for the 21st of December, but as it was impossible to vote against slavery without at the same time voting for the Constitution, the Free-State men abstained from the polls, and the slavery clause was adopted by a vote of 6,143 for, to 569 against it. More than half the affirmative votes were returned from counties along the Missouri border, not having in all more than a thousand votes.

The choice of officers under this Lecompton Constitution, as ordered by the Convention, was to come off on the first Monday in January. There was great difference of opinion among the Free-State men how they ought to act in reference to

it. The whole control of the election, the appointment of judges and presiding officers, and the final counting and declaration of the returns, was vested by the Convention in their notorious President John Calhoun, and the Free-State men had every reason to expect that any necessary amount of cheating and falsification would be resorted to, to shape the returns according to his wishes. On the other hand, there was evident danger that this bogus Constitution would be forced upon the Territory; and it seemed a pity, considering the great majority of the Free-State men, not to make an effort to secure the officers to be elected. A Free Soil Convention decided to make no nominations for State officers, but this was not satisfactory to all, and a bolting nomination was made.

Meanwhile, Governor Walker had been superseded, and Governor Denver, a commissioner of the Land Office, appointed in his place. Secretary Stanton, acting Governor in Walker's absence, called a special session of the newly elected Territorial Legislature in which the Free-State men had a majority, and they passed an act submitting the Lecompton Constitution to a vote of the people, to be taken on the same day with the Lecompton election. At the beginning of the year, also, the Legislature, under the Topeka Constitution, many of whose members were

also members of the Territorial Legislature, met at Topeka. Their object merely was to keep up the State organization.

At the election of the 4th of January, a majority of 10,226 votes was cast against the Lecompton Constitution. The result of the Lecompton State election long remained in doubt. It was understood that a little over six thousand votes (a large part of the Free-State men not voting) had been given for both sets of candidates for State officers, but according to Calhoun's figuring, the Pro-Slavery men were chosen. It was also understood that the Free-State men, of whom a large part had voted for members of the Legislature, had a decided majority in both branches of that body; but all depended upon the returns from Leavenworth County, the returns for some districts of which had been falsified on their way to Calhoun, and as he kept the whole body of returns in his pocket, and refused to certify to anybody's election till Congress had first acted on the question by admission, the matter long remained in doubt. It was generally understood that if Kansas was admitted, Calhoun would cook up the returns so as to produce a Pro-Slavery State government and Legislature.

In spite of this renewed and unequivocal indication of the entire repugnance of a large majority of the people of Kansas to the Lecompton Constitution, the President still adhered to the policy of forcing Kansas into the Union, under that Constitution. A bill to that effect was introduced. Mr. Douglas falling back upon his doctrine of Popular Sovereignty, refused to support it, and, though it passed the Senate, in spite of every exertion of executive power, it was rejected in the House. Some of the bolters were bought over; others were half bought over, so that finally the bill passed, but only with a provision submitting the question of admission or not to a vote of the people of Kansas, who were also offered a large bribe in lands, to come in under the Lecompton Constitution, to which was added a prohibition against their coming in under any other Constitution till they had the full population of 93,340. [A full account of these Congressional proceedings will be found in another part of the Almanac.]

It was still further attempted to bribe or delude the people of Kansas by an issue on the part of John Calhoun, of certificates to a majority of Free-State men as members elect of both branches of the Legislature.

The people of Kansas scornfully re-

jected both bribes and threats, and at the election held on the 3d of August, by ten thousand majority, trampled the Lecompton Constitution under their feet.

The Territorial Legislature, whose session expired by law with the month of February, had failed to meet the expectations of its constituents. The members had been altogether too much engrossed by private bills for banks, railroads, town-plots, etc., to have much time or thought to give to public interests. The most obnoxious of the Border Ruffian acts were repealed, and a bill was passed to call a Convention to frame a new State Constitution; it was so late, however, in the session, when this bill was disposed of, as to afford Governor Denver a plausible pretence for insisting that it had failed to become a law.

The Convention met, however, in April, and framed a Constitution to be submitted to Congress, which Constitution was ratified by the people by a large majority, though the entire vote upon it was but small, as the people doubted whether Congress, after their recent act, would consent to admit Kansas as a State, with her present population.

Meanwhile, Kansas has enjoyed an uneasy sort of quiet, not, however, without some cruel and bloody events in the region about Fort Scott, where the Border Ruffians made their final stand, and against whom the Free-State men were obliged to arm in self-defence. Indeed there can hardly be said to have been any law anywhere in the Territory. Governor Denver adopted the policy of keeping quiet and doing little, or nothing. The infamous Lecompte still remained the chief justice of the Territory. It is true that the Free-State men had been enabled to displace by popular election the county officers and the Probate Judges, to whom the Border Ruffian Legislature had given a very wide jurisdiction, and to elect Free-State men in their places; but the moment that these Probate Courts could no longer be used for purposes of Border Ruffian oppression, Lecompte and his colleagues avowed their intention to decide against the validity of the law conferring general jurisdiction upon them, thus invalidating all the proceedings of those Courts, and throwing everything into confusion. To give Kansas an efficient government, and to wipe out the deep remaining traces of the oppression and misrule of which she has been the victim the speedy organization of a State government and her admission into the Union appear to be highly necessary.

HOW THEY ELECT BOGUS U. S. SENATORS IN INDIANA.

In 1845, fourteen years ago, it became the duty of the Indiana Legislature to elect a U. S. Senator. The House was Whig by 10 majority, the Senate a tie, and Jesse D. Bright, as Lieutenant-Governor, presided over it. Although the House repeatedly invited the Senate to meet them in joint convention to elect the Senator, every one of their resolutions was lost in the Senate by the casting vote of Mr. Bright, its president. The election was thus staved off for the session; the next Legislature was "Democratic," and Mr. Bright received the vacant senatorship as his reward.

In 1855, another Senator was to be elected. In the Senate, in consequence of half of its number being hold-overs, there was 2 Democratic majority; but in the House there was 16 Anti-Nebraska majority, making 14 Republican majority on joint ballot. The House sent resolution after resolution to the Senate for a Joint Convention to elect a Senator and the numerous State officers which the Constitution and the laws required to be filled by that session of the Legislature. But the Senate, by a party vote, steadily refused to join the House, leaving the senatorial seat vacant, and the entire patronage of the State in the hands of the Democratic Governor.

Two years passed by, and, in 1856, Indiana elected her next Legislature—a majority on joint ballot, under the issue of "Buchanan and Fair Play for Kansas," being Democratic. But, as it happened, while the House had a Democratic majority, the Senate now, by the changes in the former hold-overs, had an Opposition majority of four. In giving a narrative of what subsequently occurred, it should be borne in mind that the Republicans were willing, from the first to the last, that both Senators (to fill the vacancy and for Mr. Bright's full term) should be chosen by a concurrent vote of each House, acting separately—and that they demanded as their right, only the Senator for the vacancy which they had fairly won by the 12,000 Anti-Nebraska majority of the people and 14 majority in the Legislature at the previous election, and which they had been deliberately cheated out of by their opponents.

The Constitution of Indiana requires that the votes for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor shall be counted in pre-

sence of both Houses of the Legislature, and the Democracy determined to use this to trap their opponents into a Joint Convention, which, as no law for electing Senators exists in Indiana, should immediately after the counting elect two gentlemen to that office. The Republicans insisted that, in the absence of law, the Constitution of the United States was the only guide in the matter. That instrument declares that Senators shall be elected by "the Legislature;" and the Constitution of Indiana defines the Legislature to be the Senate and the House, and requires all acts of legislation by them to be assented to by a majority of the entire membership of each, acting separately.

From the official report, and the official copies of the journals of both branches of the Legislature appended to Senate Report No. 275 (Vol. 2, Reports U. S. Senate 1857-'8), we find the following facts:

On the 12th of January, 1857, the House sent to the Senate a resolution inviting them to be present in their hall at half past 2 p.m., "*to open and publish the returns of the election.*"

The Republican Senators offered to concur, with a proviso that, as soon as the counting and swearing in was over, the joint meeting should be adjourned *sine die*. But while this was pending, and before any vote was taken on the invitation of the House, and *thirty-five minutes before the time* designated in the resolution, Lieutenant-Governor Willard, who was presiding, and who was also the Governor elect, vacated his seat, and followed by a minority of the Senate, repaired to the Representative Hall, leaving the Senate still in session. Arrived there, this sham Joint Convention opened, the Speaker of the House in the chair. After counting the votes, one of the Democratic Senators was, without any motion, or any vote, called upon to preside. He took his seat, and *without any proposition from any member whatever, or any vote being taken*, adjourned the Joint Convention till Monday, the 2d of February, *without stating any reason or pretext for its reassembling.*

It becoming evident that a fraudulent election of Senators was about to be attempted (all persuasions to seduce the majority of the Senate into a Joint Con-

vention having failed), the Senate, on the 29th of January, *four days before* the time at which the unauthorized Convention was to meet, adopted a solemn protest against it by a vote, by ayes and noes, of 27 to 20, declaring that they had given no assent to any Joint Convention for any purpose whatever—that any pretended assemblage of that sort would be illegal and fraudulent—and branding in advance any attempt to thus elect Senators as insulting to the Senate and disgraceful to the State.

This formal and solemn protest, thus adopted by 27 out of the 50 State Senators, staggered the conspirators; and when the 2d of February arrived, although the new Lieutenant-Governor, with a minority of the Senate, again repaired to the Representative Hall, leaving the Senate still in session and going on with their business, nothing whatever was done or attempted; but the presiding officer, *without any motion or any vote, and without stating any object whatever*, declared the Joint Convention *again* adjourned till the following Wednesday.

On Wednesday, the 4th of February, the pretended Joint Convention again assembled—(and it should be borne in mind that the affidavits of the Secretaries of the Senate set forth the fact that the Senate was *never even invited by the House to meet them in Joint Convention for the purpose of electing Senators* from the first day of the session till the last)—when, *without any motion or resolution* by any member of this illegal assemblage, the Lieutenant-Governor instructed them “to proceed to choose United States Senators by a viva voce vote.” Whereupon 23 Senators (out of 50) voted for Bright and Fitch—one Senator, who was present, looking on, refused to vote—60 out of the 100 Representatives (it requires by the State Constitution two-thirds of the whole number of members to make a quorum for transacting business in either branch) voted for the same candidates, and two other Representatives voted for Geo. G. Dunn and R. W. Thompson. The Lieutenant-Governor declared Bright and Fitch elected; and *again*, without any motion or vote, adjourned the Joint Convention till February 11th. The intention was, at that time, to go on and choose the State officers, whose election they had prevented two years before; but finding that the incumbents, though of their own party, would not consent, without a legal contest, to be ousted by any such bogus election, the Joint Convention, when the 11th of February arrived, was

adjourned *sine die*, and the patronage again left in the hands of the Governor for the ensuing two years.

The Senate, having protested against this fraud on the 29th of January, *in advance* of its commission, *again repudiated it the day after its alleged consummation*. On the 5th of February, 27 Senators out of the 50, signed and placed on their Journals a Protest, a copy of which they sent to the U. S. Senate, declaring that their body had not participated in the election, was in session when it was pretended to have occurred, and most solemnly protesting against the recognition of this fraud. With these papers, came up also a petition to the U. S. Senate, signed by 27 Senators and 36 Representatives, remonstrating against this fraudulent election, which was not participated in by a quorum of either branch—declaring this alleged Joint Convention unauthorized by any law of the State, by any resolution adopted by the Legislature, or by any provision of the State or National Constitution, and that to affirm it would destroy the existence of the Senate of Indiana as an independent branch of the legislative department of the State. And to make their argument unanswerable, the sworn affidavit of 26 Senators accompanied these protests, each of them solemnly declaring that they did not participate in this so-called Joint Convention, but were, at the very hour of its alleged assembling, sitting in their seats in the Senate, in open session.

Thus it will be seen that this case differs from the Harlan or Iowa case most materially. In that election, *both branches had agreed to the Joint Convention*, and had voted repeatedly but ineffectually for Senator; but finding at last that a Republican was about to be elected, a majority of the Senate, being Democrats, absented themselves; and although Mr. Harlan had a clear majority of the whole Legislature, the Democrats in the U. S. Senate turned him out of his seat. *After* this decision, the above high-handed and disgraceful outrage was carried through in Indiana in the very teeth of the Harlan decision. And the same U. S. Senate, after staving it off for over a year, with the usurpers meanwhile in their seats, voting Lecompton, Appropriation bills, etc., ratify it at last, in the expiring hours of the last session, by seven majority.

The sitting members at the regular session of 1857—at the extra session—and again at the last regular session—insisted that they must have more testimony than the records afforded. And finally, on

Feb. 16, 1858, a resolution passed, giving them 90 days to take it in, before any judge, by giving notice thereof to the protestants. But after this long delay on this pretext, *they did not give a single notice under the resolution*, and the only evidence they proffered was *ex parte* affidavits of political friends, taken when no cross-examination was allowed. The Republicans, however, gave notice, and proved by Gov. Willard himself, by Wm. Sheets, ex-Sec'y of State, and O. H. Smith, ex-U. S. Senator, that *no Joint Convention to count gubernatorial votes* had ever even attempted to adjourn over for the transaction of other business; and the two latter witnesses, who had known the usage in Indiana for electing U. S. Sena-

tors for 30 years past, testified that there never had been a precedent or a parallel for this. As one reason for retaining these Senators in their seats was that there were no contestants claiming them, the Indiana Legislature, now in session and fresh from the people, having passed in each branch, by decisive majorities, a resolution denouncing the pretended election as fraudulent, unconstitutional and void, propose to elect two others, legally and regularly, and to instruct them to demand the two seats in the U. S. Senate, which belong to the sovereign State of Indiana, but to which that body, in spite of the above protests, saw fit to elect and install these fraudulent claimants.

UTAH AND THE MORMONS.

Mormonism is thirty-one years old, but its true history is yet to be written. A movement which was, at first, derided as a weak and absurd imposture, in ten years became formidable enough to be driven from State to State by exasperated and relentless mobs. A people bound together by a new, strange, and mysterious faith, which set them apart from the rest of the body politic, of which, nevertheless, they were still a part, enjoying the privileges and asserting the rights of citizenship, could hardly fail to become both feared and hated as they increased in numbers, and threatened to exercise a potent influence in political affairs. That they meant to gain and use such influence was the charge which, in those early days, was made against them, and the alleged provocation of the persecution to which they were subjected. But whether deserving or not of condemnation on this score, it is certain that they were called upon to endure as much suffering as if they had been the disciples of the purest, most harmless, and most beneficent religion, proclaiming only peace on earth and good will to man.

But when, fourteen years ago, the brothers Hiram, the Patriarch, and Joseph,

the Prophet, were shot at Nauvoo by a mob, in the cell of a jail, like vermin in a trap, and their followers were soon after driven out upon a desperate flight into the western wilderness; then, it was thought, the end had come to a mischievous heresy. But a stronger man than the Prophet Joseph was left to guide and govern his followers. Brigham Young, who had stood high in the confidence and esteem of his murdered chief, and was already eminent in the church, put aside all who contested with him the leadership of the Saints, and was elected Seer. Possessed of a rough eloquence, of persuasive manners, of great shrewdness, untiring energy and remarkable executive ability, he led the people, surrounded by enemies, robbed of their possessions, and driven from their homes, to a temporary settlement at Council Bluffs.

In the course of the next season, the "Lion of the Lord," as the Mormons called their new Prophet, marshalled his followers for that long and perilous flight through a wilderness of a thousand miles that lay between the confines of civilization and the home he had chosen for them in the valley of the Great Salt Lake. This terrible

journey of an army of men, women and children, encumbered with household stuff, beset with foes without in the Indians of the plains, weakened by pestilence and fever within, and suffering, sometimes starving, for want of food, was marked, from its beginning to its end, with the graves of the pilgrims. But the indomitable will of their leader, his unbounded influence over his followers, their unswerving belief that they were the chosen people of the Lord, and perhaps the conviction, enforced by years of persecution, that behind them, among their civilized countrymen, they should never find rest for the soles of their feet, sustained them through their long and painful journey, till at length they looked down from the summit of a mountain upon the gleaming beach of the Great Salt Lake, in the valley of which they were to find a resting-place.

In those early days, both before and for some years after they fled beyond the confines of civilization, the worst feature of their faith was rather suspected than known. They were believed to be fanatics, holding tenets at variance with the dogmas of Christianity and the historical truths of the Bible, and to be blindly obedient to the guidance of designing leaders. Polygamy had, indeed, been revealed to the Seer as the true relation of woman to man as early as 1843, but the revelation had not yet been made known to the "Saints," and was not till about ten years later. But they were suspected both of the theory and practice of a plurality of wives, and though it was repeatedly denied by their elders and missionaries, the belief obtained that an attempt was to be made to establish among us, as part of a social and religious scheme, a system so abhorrent to the received morality of Christendom. The belief was at least prophetic; in 1853, polygamy was openly announced and defended as the Peculiar Institution of the people of the Valley of the Great Salt Lake.

In the meantime, that people, with an industry and sobriety which, whatever else may be said of them, they certainly possess in an eminent degree, were subduing the soil, reclaiming the wilderness, breaking nature to harness, clothing the Great Valley with towns and cities, and covering it with farms. A prosperous commonwealth, sufficient to itself, gradually increasing in wealth and power, and rapidly adding to its numbers from the world without, particularly from Europe, grew up in that middle land between the

confines of civilization on the Atlantic and Pacific. And when the gold-fields of California were opened to that vast tide of emigration that flowed over them from the East, the Mormon settlement became a sort of half-way resting-place to those who went to the Pacific coast by the overland route. The Mormon influence over the Indians, through the peaceful relations they had cultivated with them, probably made that route a far safer one than it would have otherwise been. But it was not long before some of these emigrants complained that in the Mormons themselves they found an enemy almost as dangerous as the savages. They alleged that they were defrauded in trade, plundered of their goods, robbed of their cattle, and, in various ways, harassed on their toilsome journey. Such charges, however, the Mormons met with an indignant denial. They affirmed that the emigrants were the aggressors; that they mocked at Mormonism, insulting Mormon wives and outraging Mormon husbands; that they turned their cattle into Mormon fields, helped themselves, without pay, to Mormon produce; laughed at the Mormon judges, before whom they were arraigned, escaping the penalty of their misdeeds by defiance or by flight; and, in short, conducted themselves always as if among a people toward whom they were under no obligation of observing any relation of fair dealing or good fellowship. And this representation was fully confirmed by Lieut. Gunnison, who was very familiar, for a considerable period, with the affairs of the Territory. Such accusations, however, had their effect, and did much to awaken the early feeling of hostility against the "Saints," and which they had fled to the wilderness to escape. The death afterward of Lieut. Gunnison still further increased the popular enmity. This officer was one of the surveying party under Capt. Stansbury, and published a book upon the Mormons, after his return to the States, which, it was said, was not acceptable to the people of Utah. On a subsequent surveying tour in their territory, he and most of his party were treacherously murdered by the Indians. It was asserted that the murder was connived at by Young, or that, at least, he might have prevented it. The mere suggestion of such a crime found ready believers, and but little credence was given to the emphatic denial of the Mormons, who declared that the murder was committed at a time and place where it was impossible for them to have interfered, and that, moreover, the motive, on

their part, for such a deed, was wanting, inasmuch as they had none but friendly relations with Mr. Gunnison, and that so far from being offended at his book, they were grateful to him for having justly portrayed their sufferings and persecutions, and for not having traduced their morals and manners.

In 1850, Utah was recognized by the Federal Government as a Territory of the United States, and Brigham Young was appointed Governor by Mr. Fillmore. The appointment was renewed under Pierce's Administration, Col. Steptoe, of the U. S. army, to whom the office was tendered, declining it, and uniting, while at Salt Lake City, with the leading Mormons in a memorial, praying that the head of the Mormon Church, Brigham Young, might continue to be the civil head of the Territory also. The colony continued to flourish, more and more, year by year, and its people, as they grew prosperous, grew also more confident in their own strength, and firmer in the assertion of their rights. The history we have glanced at is enough to account for a state of feeling and of opinion between the Mormons and the rest of the country, which might, at any moment, by aggression on one side, or resentment on the other, give rise to the most vindictive and bitter hostility. Petty causes of jealousy had, in the course of years, been constantly arising, till at length, the serious crimination of the Mormons by Judge Drummond and other U. S. officials, who asserted that they were driven from the Territory by Mormon outrages, and that Brigham Young and his followers were in open resistance and defiance of the U. S. government; brought about a crisis in the affairs of the Territory which had to be speedily, and ought to have been wisely met. With the charges of Judge Drummond the public is familiar. How many of them are true it is difficult to say; but in justice to the Mormons, it should be stated that they contradict and have answered them all; and only one of them, the burning of the library and records of the U. S. Court, has seemed worthy of specification by Mr. Buchanan in any of his messages upon Utah; and this, since Gov. Cumming entered into possession of his office, has been ascertained to be entirely without foundation. But true or false, it was these charges which were made the prettexts for the expedition of 1857 against Utah.

In June, 1857, Gen. Harney was appointed to the command of the troops who were to accompany Mr. Cumming,

the new Governor appointed in Brigham Young's place. The army was ordered to act as a *posse comitatus* to assist the Governor, if necessary, in establishing his own authority, and in enforcing obedience to the laws. In his annual message to Congress, six months later, the President set forth the considerations which influenced the Executive in sending out this expedition. It was not easy to reconcile this message with the steps which had been taken from the time of the appointment of Gen. Harney to the opening of Congress; and still more difficult is it to give to it any creditable explanation in the light of subsequent events. In it the President assumes that while Brigham Young was legally the Governor of Utah, he also was the head of the Mormon church, and "professed to govern its members and dispose of their property by direct inspiration and authority from the Almighty." On the other hand, the people believed "with a fanatical spirit that he was governor of the Territory by divine appointment, and obeyed his commands as if these were direct revelations from heaven." But Mr. Buchanan is careful to say, "with the religious opinions of the Mormons, as [so] long as they remained opinions, however deplorable in themselves and revolting to the moral and religious sentiments of all Christendom, I had no right to interfere." Actions, not opinions, he declares, are the "legitimate subjects for the jurisdiction of the civil magistrate," and he accordingly so instructed Gov. Cumming, hoping that no necessity would arise to resort to military force. The sight of troops, he felt, would be quite enough to frighten the Mormons into good behavior. But that obstinate people would not be so alarmed as he expected, while, in the meantime, their opinions had hardened into action, and they had already committed acts of rebellion which, in the opinion of the President, was a result "long contemplated" by Brigham Young. This incipient rebellion, this "long contemplated result," existed, as the President had already said, because the fanaticism of the Mormons, and their blind, unquestioning faith in their leader, had betrayed them into a position as foolish as it was treasonable. In such a rebellion he could have no alternative but to interfere with "religious opinions," which were no longer abstract opinions merely, but the basis on which rested "actions" of the most reprehensible character. The very purpose of the expedition, and the instructions to Gov. Cumming were, there-

fore, inconsistent with each other, and it was impossible to blind the eyes of the Mormons to so palpable a fact. They also believed in actions, and judged of President Buchanan's intentions rather by what he did than what he said, and governed themselves accordingly.

After the appointment of General Harney to take command of the expedition, the administration were persuaded, apparently, that there was more immediate necessity for troops in Kansas than in Utah, as the delay in getting the army beyond that Territory is, on any other supposition, inexplicable. It was, indeed, openly charged upon the Federal government that one of the objects of the Utah war was to afford an excuse for keeping an army in Kansas during a critical period in her affairs, and to provide fat contracts wherewith to control votes. But however this may be, it is certain that if there was any necessity at all for the expedition against the Mormons, the dilatoriness with which the preparations were made for it, and the delays which occurred before the troops were on their march, gave strong reason for supposing that more than Mormonism was meant to be subdued, if occasion called for it. It was a month after the appointment of Harney, before even an officer of the army was sent forward to secure a location for a camp, and make purchases of fuel and forage for the troops when they should reach Utah. Two months passed away and the expedition had still to be begun, when Gen. Harney was superseded by Colonel Johnston, who was ordered to make arrangements "to set out from Fort Leavenworth at as early a date as practicable." Yet the President said in the message—to which we must necessarily look as the authority for the motives which prompted the Executive to send an army to Utah—that there "no longer remained any government in Utah but the despotism of Brigham Young;" that "in such a condition of affairs in the Territory," the chief Executive magistrate "could not mistake the path of duty," which was "to restore the supremacy of the Constitution and laws;" and certainly if such was the condition of affairs, the steps taken to fulfill the duty of a parent government to so rebellious a province, were singularly deliberate. It is not easy to escape the reflection that either the Utah expedition was a contractor's job, or that the government is pitifully imbecile in the punishment of treason.

In September, Capt. Van Vliet, the officer sent forward to provide for the

coming army, returned and reported the result of his mission. On arriving at Great Salt Lake City, he had sought and obtained an interview with Governor Young, to whom he made known, in accordance with his orders, the purport of his visit, and the approach of the United States troops. Governor Young replied that the Mormons had "been persecuted, murdered, and robbed in Missouri and Illinois, both by the mob and State authorities, and that now the United States were about to pursue the same course; and that therefore he and the people of Utah had determined to resist all persecution at the commencement, and that the troops now on the march for Utah should not enter the Great Salt Lake Valley;" and, adds Capt. Van Vliet, "as he uttered these words, all those present concurred most heartily in what he said." In subsequent interviews, "the same determination to resist to the death the entrance of the troops into the valley was expressed by Governor Young and those about him." And when, in reply to these expressions of determined hostility, Capt. Van Vliet assured the Mormons, that though they might prevent the small military force then approaching from getting through the narrow defiles and rugged passes of the mountains, the U. S. Government would, the next season, send troops enough to overcome all opposition; the answer was invariably the same: "We are aware that such will be the case; but when these troops arrive they will find Utah a desert; every house will be burned to the ground, every tree cut down, and every field laid waste. We have three years' provisions on hand, which we will 'cache,' and then take to the mountains, and bid defiance to all the powers of the government." That these were no idle threats, Capt. Van Vliet was convinced. He believed, not only that the Mormons would resist the advance of the army, but that that resistance, owing to the smallness of the force, the lateness of the season, and the nature of the country, would be successful. He thought, however, that they would not resort to actual hostilities till the last moment, but their plan of operations would be a system of harassment, by burning the grass, cutting up the roads, and stampeding the animals, till the severity of winter should put a stop to the hostile invasion.

For such a reception of their new Governor and his *posse comitatus*, the Mormons felt that they had ample justification. What that justification was, it is proper to state; for however erroneous

we may consider Mormon religion, and however detestable Mormon morality, they should not be debarred of that privilege which is accorded to all criminals. Utah, they reasoned, is a Territory of the United States, and Brigham Young its Governor, under an appointment from Washington. He had never, he declared, received any official notice of the recall of that appointment, and was bound, therefore, as it was his right, to continue to fulfill the duties of his office, and defend his people. The charges of incivism which were made against them, and which they repudiated, they contend, rested upon general report, originated with corrupt officials, and had never been brought to the test of judicial examination. To such an examination, they affirmed, they were ready and anxious to submit, and that they would be glad to meet their accusers face to face. But as the Government of the United States chose to pursue another course with them, to judge them first and try them afterward, they were determined, warned by the experience of former years in Missouri and Illinois, to defend their homes so long as any hope remained of doing so successfully, and when overcome by superior numbers, to flee to some more hospitable land, and a juster government, and to leave behind them a country desolated, and towns and cities spoiled. In the proclamation made in September to the people of Utah, by Governor Young, he said: "We are invaded by a hostile force, who are evidently assailing us to accomplish our overthrow and destruction. For the last twenty-five years we have trusted officials of the government, from constables and justices, to judges, governors, and presidents, only to be scorned, held in derision, insulted, and betrayed. Our houses have been plundered, and then burned, our fields laid waste, our principal men butchered while under the pledged faith of the government for their safety, and our families driven from their homes to find that shelter in the barren wilderness, and that protection among hostile savages, which were denied them in the boasted abodes of Christianity and civilization." The statement is forcible, and, unfortunately, as relates the past, too true. He announces, therefore, in consideration of all these things, and the issue thus forced upon them, that they are compelled to resort to the "great first law of self-preservation," and as Governor of the Territory, forbids the entrance upon it of any armed force, and proclaims martial law.

In a letter of Capt. Van Vliet's to the Secretary of War, two months later, that officer says "that Governor Young informed me that he had no objection to the troops themselves entering the Territory; but if they allowed them to do so, it would be opening the door for the entrance of the rabble from the frontiers, who would, as in former times, persecute and annoy them;"* and to prevent this they, the Mormons, had determined to oppose all interference of the government in the affairs of their Territory." That Young was desirous of a peaceful issue of the difficulty between his people and the government of the United States can hardly now be doubted, and that the government was aware that such was all along his wish seems, at least, not improbable. "On the 21st of September," writes Col. Alexander, under date of October 9th, at Camp Winfield, "I met Capt. Van Vliet returning from Salt Lake City, and was informed by him that although the Mormons, or rather Governor Young, were determined to oppose the entrance into the city, yet he was assured that no armed resistance would be attempted if he went no further than Fort Bridger or Fort Supply. I was still further convinced of this by the circumstance that a train of more than one hundred contractor's wagons had been parked for nearly three weeks on Ham's fork without defence, and had been unmolested, although they contained provisions and supplies which would have been of great use to the Mormons." And as if in confirmation of this statement, Governor Young, on the 29th of September, in his first letter to "the officer commanding the forces now invading Utah Territory," warning him not to proceed with that invasion, says: "Should you deem this impracticable" (to retire immediately) "and prefer to remain until spring in the vicinity of your present encampment, Black fork, or Green River, you can do so in peace and unmolested, on condition that you deposit your arms and ammunition with Lewis Robinson, quartermaster-general of the Territory, and leave in the spring, as soon as the condition of the roads will permit you to march." The proposition was, of course, an absurd one, not to be thought of for a moment by a soldier, nor is it at all likely that Governor Young supposed it would be acceded

* That this apprehension was not unfounded, is evident from a letter from Salt Lake City in The Tribune of Dec. 16, 1853, describing the conduct and character of several hundred teamsters which the army had brought into Utah.

to. But it at least shows that he was desirous to avoid a collision if he could do so with honor, and consistently with what he deemed to be his duty to the people under his charge. He evinced the same spirit in inviting the officers of the army to visit Salt Lake City.

Such were the attitudes of the respective belligerents at the commencement of the famous war with which Mr. Buchanan has illustrated his administration. The army of the United States, when it could be spared from Kansas, took up its line of march for the West, and in due season reached Fort Bridger, more than a hundred miles short of Salt Lake City, where it went into winter quarters. In the meantime, the Mormons, about the middle of September, as an earnest of the reception they meant to give the invasion, destroyed two provision trains of the army. In December, their leading men were indicted for treason by the grand jury of the District Court of the United States, sitting at Camp Scott, the damages for the destruction of the trains being laid at a million of dollars. These were the most serious acts of hostility. But the trains have never been paid for, and the traitors named in the indictment have never been tried. The Mormons deserted their outlying villages and farms, and those who were not needed to watch the enemy and guard the passes of the mountains, betook themselves to Great Salt Lake City, where they were edified by the sermons of the elders among the saints, exhorted to be faithful to "brother Young," to have none but him to rule over them, and to be assured that the "poor, miserable devils" who were coming among them "would be certain to go to hell as sure as they lived." The army which, had it left Kansas early enough in the season, might, instead of the Mormons, have occupied Great Salt Lake City—providing always that there had been any Great Salt Lake City to occupy—or might, at least, have had the satisfaction of attempting to fight their way thither, rested ingloriously on their arms, cheered only with the hope that their laurels would grow with the other vegetation of the opening spring.

But the war was to have quite another issue than that of blood. A gentleman of Philadelphia, who knew something of the Mormons, and who had, in former times, by sympathy and acts of friendship, gained their confidence, packed his saddle-bags and started for Utah. What credentials, if any, Colonel Kane may have carried from Washington, is known only to himself and Mr. Buchanan. The

world only knows, and is only concerned to know, that what an army of the United States, at an expense of millions of dollars, failed to do, was done at his private charges by a single energetic man of straightforward intentions and sound judgment. By a few days of friendly converse, he subdued the Mormons. The "Lion of the Lord" was tamed; the gates of the city of the Great Salt Lake were in due time thrown wide open; Governor Cumming and his train of government officials were invited to enter; the proclamation of the President, sent out in April last, by two special commissioners, was made public, and by was offered "a full and free pardon" to all "for the seditions and treasons heretofore by them committed," with the assurance that he made "no crusade against their religion," as "the Constitution and laws of the country could take no notice of their creed, whether it be true or false;" and so the army, whether rejoicing or not rejoicing in a bloodless victory, took possession of the Territory of Utah, and at the latest date, was amusing itself with private theatricals. "The present condition of the Territory of Utah," says the President in his late annual message to Congress, "when contrasted with what it was one year ago, is a subject for congratulation." The country, no doubt, agrees with him; but probably the congratulations would be heartier and warmer had Col. Kane and the commissioners first gone to Utah, and Gov. Cumming and his *posse comitatus* have rather followed than preceded them—had so improbable a necessity in that case have arisen. It would have been much, it is thought, had the country been saved the disgrace, in the eyes of foreign powers, of submitting for six months to the defiance of a handful of religious fanatics, who, if there was any necessity of subduing them at all, should have been instantly and completely brought into subjection by a government of the resources of the United States; it would have been something to have been saved the necessarily large expenditure attending the march of an army, and which, in this case, has become enormous, considering the object aimed at and the end gained, to the great enrichment of peculating and speculating contractors; but it would have been far more could we have been saved the humiliating spectacle of seeing our government undertake a war on insufficient grounds, to escape from which it is compelled to be indebted to the good offices of a private citizen.

GOVERNMENTS OF EUROPE.

| Name of Sovereign. | Title. | State. | Form of Government. | Square Miles. | Population. | Enumo- Date of | Religion. |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---|---------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Abdul Medjid. | Sultan. | Turkey. | Absolute Monarchy. | 189,929. | 15,500,000. | 1811. | Mohammedan. |
| Adolphus. | Duke. | Nassau. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 1,756. | 428,218. | 1851. | Evangelical. |
| Alexander. | Duke. | Anhalt-Bernburg. | States with Limited Powers. | 339. | 60,411. | 1850. | Evangelical. |
| Alexander II. | Emperor. | Russia. | Absolute Monarchy. | 2,120,397. | 60,362,315. | 1846. | Greek Church. |
| Bernard. | Duke. | Saxe-Meltingen. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 1,403. | 263,323. | 1819. | Lutheran. |
| Charles Alexander. | Duke. | Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 1,601. | 161,370. | 1851. | Lutheran. |
| Ernest. | Duke. | Saxe-Altenburg. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 491. | 131,740. | 1850. | Lutheran. |
| Ernest II. | Duke. | Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber for each Duchy. | 790. | 149,753. | 1849. | Lutheran. |
| Ferdinand. | Landgrave. | Hesse-Homburg. | Absolute Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 206. | 24,203. | 1846. | Reformed. |
| Ferdinand II. | King. | Two Sicilies. | Absolute Monarchy. | 41,521. | 8,651,289. | 1851. | Catholic. |
| Ferdinand. | Prince. | Mouche. | Absolute Sovereignty. | 50. | 7,000. | | Catholic. |
| Francis Joseph I. | Emperor. | Austria. | Absolute Monarchy. | 255,226. | 36,511,466. | 1851. | Catholic. |
| Francis V. | Prince. | Moldavia. | Absolute Sovereignty. | 2,073. | 886,458. | 1850. | Catholic. |
| Fredric. | Prince Regent. | Baden. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 6,712. | 3,622,774. | 1849. | Evangelical. |
| Fred. Francis. | Grand Duke. | Mecklenburg-Schwerin. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 4,701. | 543,328. | 1851. | Lutheran. |
| Fredric VII. | King. | Denmark. | Limited Sovereignty, with Prov. States. | 21,856. | 2,296,697. | 1850. | Lutheran. |
| Fredric Wilhelm. | Electo. | Hesse-Cassel. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 4,430. | 754,690. | 1846. | Reformed. |
| Fred. William IV. | King. | Prussia. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 107,300. | 16,346,625. | 1849. | Evangelical. |
| George. | Grand Duke. | Mecklenburg-Strelitz. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 497. | 96,292. | 1848. | Lutheran. |
| George V. | Prince. | Schaumburg Lippe. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 215. | 28,857. | 1848. | Reformed. |
| George V. | Prince. | Hannover. | Monarchy—two Chambers. | 14,600. | 1,758,847. | 1818. | Evangelical. |
| George Victor. | Prince. | Waldeck. | Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 455. | 58,219. | 1850. | Evangelical. |
| Gauthier. | Prince. | Schwarzburg-Rudolstadt. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 405. | 69,650. | 1819. | Evangelical. |
| Henry XX. | Prince. | Schwarzburg-Sondersh. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 258. | 60,002. | 1819. | Lutheran. |
| Henry XXII. | Prince. | Reus—Elder Line. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 588. | 112,175. | 1846. | Lutheran. |
| Henry XXII. | Prince. | Reus—Younger Line. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 176,480. | 14,216,219. | 1849. | Catholic. |
| Isabella II. | Queen. | Spain. | Monarchy, with Legislative. | 5,705. | 1,894,431. | 1849. | Catholic. |
| Leopold. | King. | Saxony. | Monarchy—two Chambers. | 360. | 63,700. | 1849. | Evangelical. |
| Leopold I. | Duke. | Anhalt-Dessau. | States with Limited Powers. | 445. | 101,674. | 1849. | Reformed. |
| Leopold I. | Prince. | Lippe Detmold. | Limited Monarchy—one Chamber. | 11,313. | 4,359,090. | 1849. | Catholic. |
| Leopold II. | King. | Belgium. | Limited Monarchy—two Chambers. | 8,712. | 1,761,140. | 1851. | Catholic. |
| Leopold III. | Grand Duke. | Tuscany. | Absolute Monarchy. | 28,435. | 4,519,546. | 1849. | Lutheran. |
| Louis III. | Grand Duke. | Hesse-Darmstadt. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 203,736. | 35,781,628. | 1851. | Catholic. |
| Maximilian. | King. | Bavaria. | Limited Monarchy—two Chambers. | 121,725. | 1,328,471. | 1845. | Lutheran. |
| Napoleon III. | Emperor. | France. | Const. Monarchy—Senate and Legislative body. | { 170,715. | { 34,333,803. | { 1849. | Catholic. |
| Oscar I. | King. | Sweden and Norway. | Limited Monarchy, with Legislative. | 18,214. | 998,266. | 1851. | Catholic. |
| Otho I. | King. | Greece. | Monarchy—two Chambers. | 34,600. | 8,412,500. | 1841. | Catholic. |
| Pedro V. | King. | Portugal. | Limited Monarchy—one Chamber. | 2,470. | 278,030. | 1851. | Lutheran. |
| Peter. | Grand Duke. | Oldenburg. | Limited Sovereignty—two Chambers. | 17,048. | 2,908,115. | 1852. | Catholic. |
| Pius IX. | Pope. | States of the Church. | Absolute Sovereignty. | 116,700. | 27,435,325. | 1851. | Proc. Episcopal. |
| Robert. | Duke. | Palma. | Monarchy—Lords and Commons. | 28,830. | 4,916,087. | 1848. | Catholic. |
| Victoria I. | Queen. | Great Britain. | Limited Monarchy—two Chambers. | 1,925. | 268,943. | 1846. | Lutheran. |
| Victor Emmanuel II. | King. | Sardinia. | Limited Monarchy—two Chambers. | 7,688. | 1,802,252. | 1850. | Lutheran. |
| William I. | Duke. | Brunswick. | Limited Sovereignty—one Chamber. | 13,890. | 3,295,638. | 1851. | Reformed. |
| William I. | King. | Wurttemberg. | Limited Monarchy—two Chambers. | | | | |
| William III. | King. | Holland. | Limited Monarchy—two Chambers. | | | | |

ELECTION RETURNS

BY STATES, CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS, AND COUNTIES.

MAINE.

| Counties. | GOVERNOR, 1858. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | | Am. Fill. |
|-----------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|-----------|
| | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | |
| Androscoggin... | 3245 | 2259 | 3388 | 1899 | 136 |
| Aroostook..... | 911 | 1166 | 837 | 795 | 8 |
| Cumberland... | 7607 | 6785 | 8211 | 5258 | 605 |
| Franklin..... | 2397 | 2013 | 2529 | 1358 | 21 |
| Hancock..... | 3627 | 2722 | 3667 | 2142 | 161 |
| Kennebec..... | 5827 | 3957 | 7321 | 2487 | 340 |
| Lincoln..... | 4458 | 4529 | 4935 | 3598 | 392 |
| Oxford..... | 4345 | 3765 | 4364 | 3116 | 28 |
| Penobscot..... | 6595 | 5303 | 7861 | 3733 | 341 |
| Piscataquis.... | 1544 | 1146 | 1724 | 915 | 97 |
| Sagadahoc..... | 1853 | 1118 | 2956 | 934 | 397 |
| Somerset..... | 3671 | 3243 | 4233 | 1926 | 417 |
| Waldo..... | 4793 | 4205 | 5159 | 3138 | 114 |
| Washington.... | 3665 | 3297 | 3299 | 2867 | 64 |
| York..... | 6219 | 6182 | 6636 | 5054 | 154 |
| Total..... | 60762 | 51820 | 67179 | 39080 | 3325 |

Morrill's majority, 8942; Fremont's plu., 28099.

CONGRESS, 1858.

| Districts. | Republicans. | Democrats. | Major. |
|------------|---------------------|---------------|------------|
| I..... | Somes.....10410 | Drew..... | 9955-455 |
| II..... | Perry.....12031 | Hastings..... | 10032-1999 |
| III..... | French.....8994 | Johnson..... | 8931-63 |
| IV..... | Morse.....10552 | Gile..... | 6990-3562 |
| V..... | Washburne.....10390 | Wiley..... | 8134-2146 |
| VI..... | Foster.....8297 | Bradbury..... | 7804-493 |

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE...Republicans, 30; Democrats, 1.
HOUSE...Republicans, 103; Democrats, 45.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

| Counties. | GOVERNOR, 1858. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | | Am. Fill. |
|----------------|-----------------|-------|------------------|-------|-----------|
| | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | |
| Belknap..... | 2045 | 2177 | 2062 | 2220 | 21 |
| Carroll..... | 2020 | 2029 | 2185 | 2511 | 17 |
| Cheshire..... | 3578 | 2126 | 3910 | 2269 | 56 |
| Cook..... | 1189 | 1290 | 1200 | 1508 | 2 |
| Grafton..... | 4798 | 4406 | 5029 | 4620 | 39 |
| Hillsborough.. | 6297 | 5069 | 7081 | 5326 | 85 |
| Merrimack.... | 4861 | 4682 | 4949 | 4730 | 43 |
| Rockingham.. | 5509 | 4780 | 5914 | 4915 | 11 |
| Strafford..... | 3331 | 2381 | 3566 | 2683 | 20 |
| Sullivan..... | 2293 | 1954 | 2449 | 2007 | 28 |
| Total..... | 26076 | 30884 | 33345 | 32789 | 422 |

Halle's maj., 5192; Fremont's plurality, 5556.
The LEGISLATURE is largely Republican in both branches.

VERMONT.

CONGRESS, 1858. GOV., 1858. PRESIDENT, 1856.

| Districts. | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. Fill. |
|---|------|------|-------|------|-----------|
| I. Wallcut, Eastman, Hall, Keyes, Frem. | 2027 | 426 | 2186 | 464 | 3362 |
| II. Addison..... | 1736 | 799 | 2021 | 1183 | 2120 |
| III. Rutland..... | 3157 | 887 | 3269 | 1083 | 4793 |
| IV. Washington.. | 2695 | 1475 | 2860 | 1675 | 3521 |
| Total..... | 9615 | 3577 | 10326 | 4355 | 14101 |

Walton over Eastman, 6038; Hall over Keyes, 5971;
Fremont over Buchanan, 10792

LEGISLATURE—1858.

| Counties. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. Fill. |
|-------------------|-------|------|-----------|
| I. Caladoola..... | 2115 | 1164 | 2155 |
| II. Orange..... | 2908 | 1794 | 2980 |
| III. Windham.... | 3722 | 887 | 2759 |
| IV. Windsor..... | 3741 | 961 | 3683 |
| Total..... | 11576 | 4306 | 11577 |

Morrill over Chase, 6770; Hall over Keyes, 6199;
Fremont over Buchanan, 11081.

| Counties. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. Fill. |
|----------------|------|------|-----------|
| Chittenden.... | 1885 | 673 | 2067 |
| Essex..... | 418 | 372 | 628 |
| Franklin..... | 1914 | 998 | 1965 |
| Grand Isle.... | 291 | 166 | 278 |
| Lamoille..... | 1238 | 389 | 1236 |
| Orleans..... | 1672 | 682 | 1483 |

Total... 7418 3280 7557 3805 9939 2820 170
Royce over Bingham, 4138; Hall over Keyes, 3752;
Fremont over Buchanan, 7119.

Total State..... 29460 13533 30561 10569 545
Hall over Keyes, 15922; Frem. over Buch., 28992.

OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

Republicans. Democrats. Abol.
At. Gen... Martin. 29596; Lyman. 13529; Putnam. 153
Treasurer. Bates. 29652; Thirston. 13542; Hanks. 113

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE...Republicans, 29; Democrat, 1.
HOUSE...Rep., 190; Dem., 38; Abolition, 1; Whig, 1.

MASSACHUSETTS.

| Counties. | GOVERNOR, 1858. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | | Am. Fill. |
|----------------|-----------------|------|------------------|-------|-----------|
| | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | |
| Barnstable.... | 1282 | 866 | 287 | 267 | 703 |
| Berkshire..... | 3715 | 2783 | 456 | 634 | 2749 |
| Bristol..... | 5093 | 2144 | 695 | 8945 | 2465 |
| Dukes..... | 185 | 177 | 66 | 317 | 122 |
| Essex..... | 9440 | 4039 | 1942 | 15835 | 4571 |
| Franklin..... | 2894 | 1324 | 66 | 4445 | 1266 |
| Hampden..... | 3531 | 2776 | 354 | 5533 | 2790 |
| Hampshire.... | 3375 | 755 | 147 | 5166 | 832 |
| Middlesex..... | 11621 | 7175 | 2334 | 1722 | 7705 |
| Nantucket.... | 280 | 142 | 9 | 583 | 126 |
| Norfolk..... | 5197 | 3527 | 1694 | 8402 | 3697 |
| Plymouth..... | 4302 | 1897 | 683 | 7228 | 1712 |
| Suffolk..... | 7259 | 6861 | 2035 | 8582 | 5833 |
| Worcester.... | 10526 | 4432 | 1256 | 17971 | 4604 |

Total..... 68790 38298 12084 108190 39240 19626
Banks over Beach, 30462; Fremont over Buchanan, 68950.

CONGRESS—1858.

| Districts. | Republicans. | Democrats. | Americans. |
|-----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| I.—Eliot..... | 4854 | Bates..... | 1749 |
| II.—Buffinton.. | 7385 | Wilson..... | 2941 |
| III.—Adams.... | 6524 | Austin..... | 3880 |
| IV.—Rice..... | 4507 | Waldron.. | 3511 |
| V.—Burling's.. | 6214 | Heard..... | 5823 |
| VI.—Alley..... | 5587 | Loring.... | 2116 |
| VII.—Gooch.... | 7129 | Welch.... | 3868 |
| VIII.—Train.... | 6195 | Butler.... | 3514 |
| IX.—Thayer.... | 7280 | Wood..... | 2962 |
| X.—Belano.... | 6847 | Osgood... | 3276 |
| XI.—Dawes.... | 7631 | Plunket... | 4911 |

SENATE...Rep'ns, 37; Democrats, 3; Amer'ns, 0.
HOUSE...Rep'ns, 197; Democrats, 29; Amer'ns, 10.

RHODE ISLAND.

| Counties. | GOVERNOR, 1858. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | | Am. Fill. |
|----------------|-----------------|------|------------------|------|-----------|
| | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | |
| Bristol..... | 890 | 145 | 603 | 337 | 218 |
| Kent..... | 770 | 250 | 1260 | 566 | 15 |
| Newport..... | 1198 | 639 | 1258 | 750 | 639 |
| Providence.... | 4667 | 1897 | 6903 | 4432 | 331 |
| Washington... | 909 | 732 | 1443 | 595 | 452 |
| Total..... | 7934 | 3572 | 11467 | 6680 | 1675 |

Dyer's maj., 4362; Fremont over Buchanan, 4787.

LEGISLATURE—1858.

SENATE...Republicans, 30; Democrats, 2.
HOUSE...Republicans, 67; Democrats, 4.

NEW YORK.

GOVERNOR, 1858. SECRETARY OF STATE, '57. GOVERNOR, '56. PRESIDENT, '56.

Table with columns: Counties, Rep. Morgan, Dem. Parker, Am. Burrows, Abol. Smith, Rep. Clapp, Dem. Tucker, Am. Putnam, Rep. King, Dem. Brooks, Am. Fremont, Rep. Dem., Dem. Buch., Am. Fil.

Total .247953 230613 60850 5470 .177425 195482 66882 . . 264400 196616 130870 . . 276004 195878 124604
Morgan over Parker, 17440. Tucker over Clapp, 18057. King over Parker, 65784. Fremont over Buchanan, 80126.

VOTE FOR OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

Republicans. Democrats. Americans. Abolitionists.
Lieut.-Governor . R. Campbell . . .250,831 ; J. J. Taylor . . .229,796 ; N. S. Benton . . .62,336 ; S. A. Beers . . .2187
Coral Commis'ner H. Gardner . . .249,933 ; S. B. Piper . . .229,548 ; J. R. Thomp's n.59,919 ; J. C. Har'gton.1801
Prison Inspector. J. T. Everest .248,151 ; E.L.Donn'lly.226,992 ; W. A. Russell.60,409 ; S. T. Fyler . . .1690
Constitutional Convention . For Convention . . .135,266 ; Against Convention . . .144,526.

LEGISLATURE. SENATE . . . Republicans, 16 ; Democrats 12 ; Americans, 3 ; Ind. Rep., 1.
ASSEMBLY . . . Republicans and Americans, 99 ; Democrats, 29.

The Senators, with the exception of those from the Xlth and XXXlst Districts, were elected in 1857. In the last named district, Erastus S. Prosser, Union Opposition, was elected to fill a vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Wadsworth, Dem., and in the former, Henry C. Wetmore was elected by the Republicans and Americans, to fill a vacancy caused by the appointment of Senator Mandeville as postmaster. Mr. Mandeville insists that he did not accept the appointment, and is, therefore, still a Senator.

NEW YORK.

CONGRESS, 1858.

| Districts. | Rep. | Dem. | Ind. D. |
|--|------|------|---------|
| I. Carter, Seuring. | | | |
| Kings* | 1042 | 82 | |
| Queens | 2086 | 285 | |
| Richmond | 1182 | 1761 | |
| Suffolk | 2912 | 1811 | |
| Total ... | 8122 | 7339 | |
| Carter's maj., 783. | | | |
| II. Humphrey, Taylor, Litchfield. | | | |
| Brooklyn | 6175 | 4578 | 5581 |
| Backhouse, Am., 974. | | | |
| Humphrey over Litchfield, 894. | | | |
| III. +Wilkinson, Sickles, Walb'e. | | | |
| N. Y. Wd. 1. | 224 | 710 | 741 |
| " 2. | 292 | 153 | 82 |
| " 3. | 249 | 193 | 251 |
| " 5. | 934 | 949 | 732 |
| " 8. | 1316 | 1172 | 1068 |
| Total ... | 3015 | 3177 | 2574 |
| Sickles over Williamson, 162. | | | |
| IV. Brennan, Stepien, Barr. | | | |
| Ward 4 | 363 | 720 | 874 |
| " 6 | 799 | 599 | 1026 |
| " 10 | 725 | 432 | 831 |
| " 14 | 403 | 920 | 1218 |
| Total ... | 2290 | 2671 | 3949 |
| Farmer, Dem., 710; Husted, Am., 306; Scattering, 34. | | | |
| Barr over Stephens, 1278. | | | |
| V. +Hamilton, MacLay, Dean. | | | |
| Ward 7 | 1228 | 2327 | 320 |
| " 13 | 803 | 1630 | 348 |
| Williams'b'h | 2951 | 1823 | 135 |
| Total ... | 4982 | 6780 | 827 |
| Scattering, 34. | | | |
| MacLay over Hamilton, 798. | | | |
| VI. +McCurdy, J. Cochrane. | | | |
| Ward 11 | 1311 | 3127 | |
| " 15 | 1940 | 1039 | |
| " 17 | 2269 | 3170 | |
| Total ... | 5520 | 7336 | |
| John Cochrane's maj., 1816. | | | |
| VII. +Briggs, Ward. | | | |
| Ward 9 | 3318 | 1754 | |
| " 16 | 2702 | 2018 | |
| " 20 | 2286 | 2519 | |
| Total ... | 8306 | 6591 | |
| Briggs' maj., 1715. | | | |
| VIII. +Clark, Herrick. | | | |
| Ward 12 | 1146 | 792 | |
| " 18 | 2717 | 1559 | |
| " 19 | 1154 | 1110 | |
| " 21 | 2227 | 1419 | |
| " 22 | 1791 | 1458 | |
| Total ... | 9435 | 6338 | |
| Clark's maj., 2697. | | | |
| IX. +Haskin, Kemble, And'w's. | | | |
| Putnam | 865 | 1381 | |
| Rockland | 866 | 1359 | 256 |
| Westchester | 5906 | 4684 | 283 |
| Total ... | 7637 | 7624 | 546 |
| Haskin over Kemble, 13. | | | |
| X. Van Wyck, Niven, Friend. | | | |
| Orange | 4238 | 4023 | 722 |
| Sullivan | 2343 | 1509 | 865 |
| Total ... | 6681 | 5532 | 1587 |
| Van Wyck over Niven, 1149. | | | |

| Districts. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. |
|------------------------------------|-------|------|------|
| XI. +Kenyon, Strong. | | | |
| Greene | 2567 | 3156 | |
| Ulster | 5599 | 4911 | |
| Total ... | 8166 | 8067 | |
| Kenyon's maj., 99. | | | |
| XII. +Beale, McClellan. | | | |
| Columbia | 4517 | 3410 | |
| Dutchess | 6233 | 4975 | |
| Total ... | 10750 | 8385 | |
| Beale's maj., 2365. | | | |
| XIII. +Olin, Seymour. | | | |
| Rensselaer | 8267 | 5254 | |
| Olin's majority, 3013. | | | |
| XIV. +Reynolds, Corning, Liv'at'b. | | | |
| Albany | 9571 | 8371 | 260 |
| Reynolds over Corning, 1200. | | | |
| XV. McKean, Odell. | | | |
| Hamilton | 179 | 329 | |
| Saratoga | 4643 | 4223 | |
| Warren | 2020 | 1607 | |
| Washington | 4586 | 3649 | |
| Total ... | 11423 | 9803 | |
| McKean's maj., 1620 | | | |
| XVI. Palmer, Waldo, Watson. | | | |
| Clinton | 2995 | 2308 | 327 |
| Essex | 2557 | 1610 | 531 |
| Franklin | 1706 | 2161 | 731 |
| Total ... | 7058 | 6079 | 1589 |
| Palmer over Waldo, 979. | | | |
| XVII. Spinner, Goodrich. | | | |
| Herkimer | 4750 | 2748 | |
| St. Lawrence | 7832 | 2989 | |
| Total ... | 12582 | 5737 | |
| Spinner's maj., 6845. | | | |
| XVIII. +C. B. Cochrane, Goodyear. | | | |
| Fulton | 2610 | 1661 | |
| Montgomery | 3654 | 2293 | |
| Schenectady | 1956 | 1481 | |
| Schoharie | 2361 | 3885 | |
| Total ... | 10581 | 9320 | |
| Clark B. Cochrane's maj., 1261. | | | |
| XIX. Graham, Parker. | | | |
| Delaware | 4314 | 3487 | |
| Otsego | 5667 | 4655 | |
| Total ... | 9981 | 8142 | |
| Graham's maj., 1839. | | | |
| XX. Conkling, Root. | | | |
| Oneida | 11084 | 8251 | |
| Conkling's maj., 2833. | | | |
| XXI. Duell, Sands. | | | |
| Broome | 3581 | 2773 | |
| Chemung | 4511 | 3666 | |
| Cortland | 2559 | 1708 | |
| Total ... | 10951 | 8147 | |
| Duell's maj., 2804. | | | |
| XXII. Lee, Tyler, Perry. | | | |
| Madison | 4850 | 2544 | 611 |
| Oswego | 6600 | 4881 | 454 |
| Total ... | 11450 | 7425 | 1065 |
| Lee over Tyler, 4025. | | | |
| XXIII. Hoard, Lyon. | | | |
| Jefferson | 6828 | 5090 | |
| Lewis | 2334 | 2087 | |
| Total ... | 9162 | 7177 | |
| Hoard's maj., 1985. | | | |
| XXIV. Sedgwick, Taylor, Noxon. | | | |
| Onondaga | 8478 | 6267 | 648 |
| Sedgwick over Taylor, 2211. | | | |

| Districts. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|
| XXV. Butterfield, Griswold, Sisson. | | | |
| Cayuga | 6052 | 2786 | 755 |
| Wayne | 4803 | 2603 | 876 |
| Total ... | 10855 | 5389 | 1631 |
| Butterfield over Griswold, 5466. | | | |
| XXVI. Pottle, Ogden. | | | |
| Ontario | 4098 | 3375 | |
| Seneca | 2048 | 2358 | |
| Yates | 2452 | 1440 | |
| Total ... | 8598 | 7173 | |
| Pottle's maj., 1425. | | | |
| XXVII. Wells, Arnot, Larr'ce. | | | |
| Chemung | 2215 | 2809 | 0 |
| Schuyler | 1532 | 2140 | 35 |
| Tioga | 2855 | 2847 | 0 |
| Tompkins | 3529 | 1992 | 635 |
| Total ... | 10131 | 9788 | 670 |
| Wells over Arnot, 343. | | | |
| XXVIII. Irvine, Bradley, Den'ston. | | | |
| Livingston | 3242 | 2269 | 683 |
| Steuben | 6140 | 4299 | 968 |
| Total ... | 9382 | 6568 | 1651 |
| Irvine over Bradley, 2814. | | | |
| XXIX. Ely, Trimmer, Angle. | | | |
| Monroe | 7276 | 5114 | 1393 |
| Ely over Trimmer, 2162. | | | |
| XXX. Frank, Skinner, Black. | | | |
| Allegany | 4337 | 1958 | 950 |
| Genesee | 2789 | 1401 | 635 |
| Wyoming | 2791 | 1996 | 679 |
| Total ... | 9917 | 5345 | 2264 |
| Frank over Skinner, 4562. | | | |
| XXXI. Burroughs, Trott, White. | | | |
| Niagara | 3377 | 2300 | 1256 |
| Orleans | 2716 | 1176 | 876 |
| Total ... | 6093 | 3376 | 2132 |
| Burroughs over Trott, 2717. | | | |
| XXXII. +Spaulding, Hatch. | | | |
| Eric | 12427 | 7539 | |
| Spaulding's maj., 4888. | | | |
| XXXIII. Fenton, Jenks, John'. | | | |
| Cattaraugus | 4354 | 2781 | 516 |
| Chautauque | 5664 | 2080 | 1370 |
| Total ... | 10018 | 4711 | 1886 |
| Fenton over Jenks, 5307. | | | |
| * Except Brooklyn. + Union of Op. | | | |
| N. Y. CITY—Comptroller. | | | |
| Union Op. Tam. D. Ant. T. D. | | | |
| Wards. | Haws, Puseer, Russell. | | |
| I | 440 | 495 | 693 |
| II | 241 | 111 | 91 |
| III | 266 | 137 | 129 |
| IV | 482 | 1364 | 220 |
| V | 1297 | 685 | 239 |
| VI | 298 | 868 | 753 |
| VII | 1551 | 980 | 701 |
| VIII | 1823 | 649 | 615 |
| IX | 3518 | 780 | 676 |
| X | 1621 | 705 | 206 |
| XI | 1619 | 1679 | 432 |
| XII | 92 | 925 | 253 |
| XIII | 1359 | 930 | 325 |
| XIV | 525 | 968 | 714 |
| XV | 2142 | 285 | 372 |
| XVI | 2657 | 802 | 710 |
| XVII | 2785 | 1426 | 757 |
| XVIII | 2451 | 957 | 684 |
| XIX | 963 | 668 | 561 |
| XX | 2675 | 1402 | 1161 |
| XXI | 2263 | 1131 | 477 |
| XXII | 1668 | 511 | 1484 |
| Total ... | 22686 | 18427 | 12114 |

NEW YORK—Continued.

Vote for Governor by towns.

ALBANY COUNTY.

Rep. Dem. Am. Ab.

Table for Albany County showing votes by town and district (Wds.) for Governor. Includes towns like Albany, Berne, Bethlehem, Coeymans, Guilderland, etc.

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY.

Morgan.Park'r.Bur's.Sm'h

Table for Cattaraugus County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Allegheny, Ashford, Bucktooth, Carrollton, etc.

Table for Morgan.Park'r.Bur's.Sm'h showing votes by town for Governor. Includes towns like Mina, Poland, Pomfret, Portland, Ripley, etc.

Total ... 5479 2129 1395 167
Morgan over Parker, 3350.

CHEMUNG COUNTY.

Table for Chemung County showing votes by town for Governor. Includes towns like Baldwin, Big Flats, Chemung, Catlin, Elmira, etc.

Total ... 2369 2333 148 29
Parker over Morgan, 164.

CHENANGO COUNTY.

Table for Chenango County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Afton, Bainbridge, Columbus, Cov., try, German, Guilford, etc.

Total ... 4466 3558 383 73
Morgan over Parker, 903.

COLUMBIA COUNTY.

Table for Columbia County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Ancram, Austerlitz, Canaan, Chatham, Claverack, etc.

Total Hud. ... 597 524 142
Kinderhook ... 345 305 51
Livingston ... 130 134 113
New Lebanon ... 237 137 6
Stockport ... 132 68 45
Suyvesant ... 122 172 50
Taghkanic ... 129 193 14

Total ... 3369 3450 750 8
Morgan over Parker, 401.

ALLEGANY COUNTY.

Table for Allegany County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Angelica, Almond, Alfred, Alma, Allen, Andover, Aotoy, Belfast, Birdsall, Bolivar, Burus, etc.

CAYUGA COUNTY.

Table for Cayuga County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Auburn, Aurelius, Brutus, Cato., Conquest, Fleming, Genoa, Ira, Leyard, Locke, Mentz, Moravia, Niles, Owasco, Scipio, Sempronius, Semmett, Springport, Sterling, Summer Hill, Venice, Victory.

Total ... 5952 2342 739 124
Morgan over Parker, 3110.

CHAUTAUQUE COUNTY.

Table for Chautauque County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Arkwright, Busti, Carroll, Charlotte, Chautauque, Cherry Creek, Clymer, Ellery, Ellicott, Ellington, French Creek, Gerry, Hanover, Harmony, Kiantone.

BROOME COUNTY.

Table for Broome County showing votes by town and district for Governor. Includes towns like Binghamton, Cheango, Port Crane, Barker, Conklin, Colesville, Lisle, Maine, Nanticoke, Sandford, Triangle, Union, Vestal, Windsor.

Total ... 3531 2373 367 53
Morgan over Parker, 958.

| NEW YORK.—Continued. | | | | | Towns. | | | | | Towns. | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-----|----|--------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|---|--|
| HAMILTON COUNTY. | | | | | Morg. Par'r. Bur.'s. Sm. | | | | | Mor. Par'r. Bur. Sm. | | | | |
| Towns. | Morg. | Par'. | Bur.'s. | Sm. | Watson..... | 106 | 95 | 12 | Newfane..... | 306 | 158 | 75 | 1 | |
| | | | | | West Turin... | 183 | 190 | 1 | Niagara..... | 228 | 200 | 102 | | |
| Arietta..... 3 11 1 | | | | | Total.....2567 1868 33 126 | | | | | Pendleton..... 102 97 83 | | | | |
| Giltman..... 11 1 | | | | | LIVINGSTON COUNTY. | | | | | Porter..... 166 80 41 1 | | | | |
| Hope..... 31 149 5 | | | | | Avon..... 134 128 123 | | | | | Royalton..... 365 288 106 3 | | | | |
| Lake Pleasant.. 20 46 1 1 | | | | | Coneus..... 145 53 54 | | | | | Somerset..... 222 31 51 9 | | | | |
| Long Lake..... 5 24 6 | | | | | Caledonia..... 109 59 22 | | | | | Wheatfield..... 128 208 47 | | | | |
| Morehouse..... 10 35 | | | | | Genesee..... 266 156 84 | | | | | Wilson..... 265 108 102 3 | | | | |
| Mills..... 51 99 4 | | | | | Groveland..... 83 92 57 3 | | | | | Total.....3317 2231 1255 65 | | | | |
| Total..... 131 265 10 8 | | | | | Livonia..... 299 60 35 11 | | | | | NEW YORK COUNTY. | | | | |
| JEFERSON COUNTY. | | | | | Leicester..... 131 150 21 4 | | | | | Ward 1..... 240 1357 60 2 | | | | |
| Adams..... 474 166 13 17 | | | | | Lima..... 227 113 37 7 | | | | | 2..... 181 258 97 1 | | | | |
| Alexandria..... 332 289 26 9 | | | | | Mt. Morris... 251 324 135 21 | | | | | 3..... 218 422 58 1 | | | | |
| Brown..... 395 201 12 3 | | | | | N. Dansville.. 264 224 131 11 | | | | | 4..... 359 1872 51 | | | | |
| Bronxville..... 583 144 42 30 | | | | | Nunda..... 265 101 94 1 | | | | | 5..... 725 1543 323 4 | | | | |
| Cape Vincent... 138 263 124 1 | | | | | Ossian..... 124 108 3 | | | | | 6..... 282 2365 27 1 | | | | |
| Champion..... 234 159 2 25 | | | | | Portage..... 134 65 25 4 | | | | | 7..... 1107 2392 357 | | | | |
| Clayton..... 317 517 18 24 | | | | | Sparta..... 95 114 34 1 | | | | | 8..... 1025 2032 491 3 | | | | |
| Ellisburgh..... 665 361 5 33 | | | | | Springwater.. 296 98 53 10 | | | | | 9..... 2071 1980 1184 | | | | |
| Henderson..... 270 127 29 11 | | | | | West Sparta.. 101 38 71 | | | | | 10..... 910 1404 238 | | | | |
| Hounsfield..... 239 216 51 11 | | | | | York..... 267 63 41 13 | | | | | 11..... 930 2953 373 | | | | |
| Lorraine..... 145 150 4 1 | | | | | Total.....3162 1976 1025 72 | | | | | 12..... 532 1196 225 | | | | |
| Le Ray..... 417 203 1 5 | | | | | MADISON COUNTY. | | | | | 13..... 784 1705 324 5 | | | | |
| Lyme..... 244 213 | | | | | Brookfield.... 473 279 11 9 | | | | | 14..... 421 2329 58 | | | | |
| Orleans..... 307 187 29 18 | | | | | Cazenovia.... 454 301 44 65 | | | | | 15..... 1533 1170 397 1 | | | | |
| Pamela..... 275 183 14 2 | | | | | De Ruyter.... 245 64 71 12 | | | | | 16..... 1771 2155 604 1 | | | | |
| Philadelphia... 178 148 26 1 | | | | | Eaton..... 391 246 25 27 | | | | | 17..... 1664 3417 516 6 | | | | |
| Rodman..... 249 96 1 3 | | | | | Fenner..... 133 68 38 41 | | | | | 18..... 1598 2413 426 3 | | | | |
| Rutland..... 281 146 3 2 | | | | | Georgetown... 206 47 15 15 | | | | | 19..... 739 1427 113 6 | | | | |
| Theresa..... 253 178 1 1 | | | | | Hamilton..... 532 160 49 34 | | | | | 20..... 1873 2991 485 2 | | | | |
| Watertown.... 723 505 128 12 | | | | | Lebanon..... 232 46 3 36 | | | | | 21..... 1317 1939 412 6 | | | | |
| Wilna..... 303 296 18 1 | | | | | Lenox..... 643 563 51 130 | | | | | 22..... 1309 1859 122 1 | | | | |
| Worth..... 47 42 5 5 | | | | | Madison..... 286 118 10 44 | | | | | Total.....21603 41055 6991 54 | | | | |
| Total.....6895 4595 547 204 | | | | | Smith..... 192 135 24 35 | | | | | ONEIDA COUNTY. | | | | |
| KINGS COUNTY. | | | | | Smithfield.... 110 42 1 118 | | | | | Ansonville.... 249 294 23 7 | | | | |
| Br'klyn Wd. I. 336 342 61 3 | | | | | Stockbridge... 203 134 31 39 | | | | | Augusta..... 246 161 2 15 | | | | |
| " II. 163 738 74 1 | | | | | Sullivan..... 305 277 287 31 | | | | | Ava..... 127 107 2 | | | | |
| " III. 709 392 182 4 | | | | | Total.....4445 2480 614 636 | | | | | Boonville.... 553 256 55 | | | | |
| " IV. 627 609 254 4 | | | | | MONROE COUNTY. | | | | | Bridgewater.. 153 109 1 3 | | | | |
| " V. 233 1447 123 | | | | | Rochester.... 3072 2624 416 | | | | | Canden..... 445 267 13 1 | | | | |
| " VI. 634 1033 296 5 | | | | | Brighton..... 231 180 31 | | | | | Deerfield.... 215 201 14 1 | | | | |
| " VII. 330 766 135 1 | | | | | Clarkson..... 229 150 22 | | | | | Florence..... 142 323 41 16 | | | | |
| " VIII. 173 403 85 1 | | | | | Chili..... 149 63 91 | | | | | Flord..... 133 154 9 4 | | | | |
| " IX. 332 875 82 2 | | | | | Gates..... 170 59 70 | | | | | Kirkland..... 436 336 26 | | | | |
| " X. 813 1239 234 1 | | | | | Greene..... 266 200 7 | | | | | Lee..... 333 274 7 7 | | | | |
| " XI. 969 1496 431 7 | | | | | Henrietta.... 246 116 | | | | | Marcy..... 164 119 12 1 | | | | |
| " XII. 94 454 31 1 | | | | | Ironquoit.... 147 166 17 | | | | | Marshall..... 219 158 14 2 | | | | |
| " XIII. 883 534 296 12 | | | | | Mendon..... 201 183 64 | | | | | New Hartford. 548 173 2 4 | | | | |
| " XIV. 317 929 100 5 | | | | | Ogden..... 214 183 43 | | | | | Paris..... 469 226 14 1 | | | | |
| " XV. 339 333 130 4 | | | | | Parna..... 312 98 20 | | | | | Remsen..... 314 155 4 | | | | |
| " XVI. 424 640 54 13 | | | | | Penfield..... 340 133 6 | | | | | Rome..... 680 930 39 9 | | | | |
| " XVII. 205 358 143 5 | | | | | Perinton..... 272 101 63 | | | | | Sangerfield.. 257 216 22 | | | | |
| " XVIII. 116 168 45 2 | | | | | Pittsford.... 151 147 31 | | | | | Stauben..... 217 72 1 | | | | |
| " XIX. 261 212 44 2 | | | | | Riga..... 172 87 33 | | | | | Trenton..... 520 172 4 11 | | | | |
| Total.....7983 12888 2740 70 | | | | | Rush..... 110 77 37 | | | | | Utica..... 1854 1745 132 10 | | | | |
| New Lots..... 38 200 69 | | | | | Sweden..... 406 185 130 | | | | | Vernon..... 366 184 32 6 | | | | |
| Flatlands..... 10 86 86 | | | | | Union..... 264 65 32 | | | | | Verona..... 608 388 50 35 | | | | |
| Gravesend.... 35 47 58 | | | | | Webster..... 241 137 8 | | | | | Vienna..... 375 259 3 4 | | | | |
| New Utrecht.. 49 194 17 | | | | | Wheatland... 227 165 23 | | | | | Western..... 251 261 1 1 | | | | |
| Flatbush..... 45 115 58 | | | | | Total.....7450 5224 1144 31 | | | | | Westmoreland 432 201 25 2 | | | | |
| Total.....8160 13520 3008 72 | | | | | MONTGOMERY COUNTY | | | | | Whitestown... 457 249 39 10 | | | | |
| LEWIS COUNTY. | | | | | Amsterdam... 434 264 81 9 | | | | | Total.....10728 7993 586 150 | | | | |
| Croghan..... 53 122 | | | | | Canajoharie.. 355 179 184 2 | | | | | ONONDAGA COUNTY. | | | | |
| Denmark..... 355 113 | | | | | Charleston... 205 104 48 | | | | | Camillus..... 297 251 9 8 | | | | |
| Diana..... 99 87 1 | | | | | Florida..... 224 284 78 1 | | | | | Clay..... 421 216 9 | | | | |
| Greig..... 152 151 | | | | | Glen..... 292 198 114 | | | | | De Witt..... 371 135 90 | | | | |
| Harrisburgh.. 187 51 2 | | | | | Hinden..... 474 314 91 2 | | | | | De Witt..... 306 240 20 5 | | | | |
| High Market.. 55 125 | | | | | Mohawk..... 301 214 75 4 | | | | | Elbridge.... 325 414 43 25 | | | | |
| Lewis..... 52 83 | | | | | Palatine..... 249 201 79 | | | | | Fabius..... 303 153 4 9 | | | | |
| Leyden..... 175 152 5 | | | | | Root..... 201 282 77 | | | | | Geddes..... 211 153 1 5 | | | | |
| Lowville..... 291 108 2 10 | | | | | St. Johnsville. 99 222 38 2 | | | | | La Fayette... 263 187 14 6 | | | | |
| Martinsburgh. 345 112 3 1 | | | | | Total.....2834 2262 865 20 | | | | | Lysander..... 530 272 66 2 | | | | |
| Montague.... 42 57 1 3 | | | | | NIAGARA COUNTY. | | | | | Manlius..... 606 431 43 3 | | | | |
| New Bremen.. 65 128 2 | | | | | Cambria..... 220 75 52 5 | | | | | Marcellus... 324 145 10 9 | | | | |
| Osceola..... 48 51 | | | | | Hartland..... 287 124 151 4 | | | | | Onondaga.... 551 381 25 8 | | | | |
| Pucknoy..... 119 127 7 1 | | | | | Lockport..... 810 607 406 37 | | | | | Otisco..... 191 122 1 2 | | | | |
| Twin..... 230 85 29 7 | | | | | Lewiston..... 213 191 39 2 | | | | | Pompey..... 463 288 1 2 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Salina..... 215 194 42 2 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Skaneateles.. 410 309 4 10 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Spaford..... 211 97 42 2 | | | | |

PENNSYLVANIA.

| Counties. | JUDGE SUP. CT., '58. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | | Am. |
|----------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| | Opp. Read. | Dem. Porter. | Rep. Fren'l. Buch. | Dem. Fill. | |
| Adams | 2220 | 2246 | 1120 | 2637 | 1249 |
| Allegheny | 10057 | 6508 | 13671 | 9062 | 1488 |
| Armstrong | 2386 | 2003 | 2963 | 2680 | 188 |
| Beaver | 1861 | 1152 | 2658 | 1905 | 236 |
| Bedford | 1811 | 2007 | 306 | 2458 | 1936 |
| Berks | 5024 | 9654 | 1087 | 11272 | 3586 |
| Blair | 2713 | 1679 | 445 | 2069 | 2450 |
| Bradford | 4632 | 1026 | 6938 | 2314 | 101 |
| Bucks | 5205 | 5171 | 5048 | 6517 | 761 |
| Butler | 2534 | 1984 | 3401 | 2648 | 67 |
| Cambria | 1071 | 2109 | 894 | 2987 | 968 |
| Carbon | 1467 | 1263 | 692 | 1866 | 465 |
| Centre | 2364 | 2030 | 300 | 2895 | 1952 |
| Chester | 7371 | 4742 | 5308 | 6333 | 1448 |
| Clarion | 1366 | 2185 | 788 | 2780 | 950 |
| Clearfield | 994 | 1514 | 718 | 1978 | 604 |
| Cleintown | 1240 | 1267 | 618 | 1485 | 682 |
| Columbia | 1438 | 1902 | 1239 | 2889 | 219 |
| Crawford | 3070 | 2114 | 5260 | 3391 | 45 |
| Cumberland | 2501 | 2811 | 1472 | 3427 | 1579 |
| Dauphin | 3344 | 2185 | 1616 | 3094 | 2439 |
| Delaware | 2818 | 1694 | 1580 | 2905 | 1010 |
| Elk | 363 | 519 | 275 | 575 | 52 |
| Fayette | 3233 | 1921 | 5156 | 2584 | 289 |
| Forest | 2205 | 2527 | 2089 | 3534 | 1174 |
| Franklin | 77 | 70 | New County. | | |
| Fulton | 3385 | 2060 | 2446 | 3409 | 1233 |
| Greene | 365 | 730 | 142 | 970 | 566 |
| Huntingdon | 842 | 1941 | 1321 | 2747 | 286 |
| Indiana | 2079 | 1300 | 926 | 2164 | 1645 |
| Jefferson | 3027 | 1440 | 3612 | 1762 | 263 |
| Juniata | 1257 | 1153 | 1063 | 1463 | 615 |
| Lancaster | 1216 | 1215 | 480 | 1365 | 747 |
| Lawrence | 9925 | 6066 | 6608 | 8731 | 4592 |
| Lebanon | 1923 | 601 | 3065 | 1220 | 96 |
| Lehigh | 2657 | 1508 | 2414 | 2511 | 437 |
| Luzerne | 2917 | 3102 | 3237 | 4426 | 122 |
| Lycoming | 4747 | 4496 | 4850 | 6791 | 868 |
| McKean | 2223 | 2299 | 934 | 3324 | 1770 |
| Mercer | 773 | 546 | 812 | 526 | 47 |
| Mifflin | 2825 | 2120 | 2686 | 2699 | 118 |
| Monroe | 1466 | 1122 | 216 | 1491 | 1050 |
| Montgomery | 599 | 1424 | 560 | 2275 | 69 |
| Northampton | 5576 | 5525 | 2845 | 7134 | 2265 |
| Northumberland | 813 | 770 | 666 | 1271 | 149 |
| Perry | 2225 | 2041 | 1168 | 5260 | 1838 |
| Philadelphia | 1634 | 2450 | 566 | 3059 | 1340 |
| Pike | 1791 | 1628 | 521 | 2135 | 1407 |
| Potter | 33395 | 28367 | 7993 | 38222 | 24084 |
| Schuylkill | 176 | 497 | 270 | 502 | 15 |
| Somerset | 983 | 498 | 1254 | 667 | 6 |
| Snyder | 5703 | 5494 | 2188 | 7035 | 2682 |
| Susquehanna | 2475 | 1585 | 1453 | 1763 | 1405 |
| Tioga | 1402 | 1055 | 443 | 1255 | 1064 |
| Union | 3121 | 1954 | 3861 | 2548 | 51 |
| Warren | 3084 | 488 | 309 | 538 | 48 |
| Washington | 1285 | 748 | 1429 | 1092 | 186 |
| Wayne | 1902 | 1743 | 2041 | 2157 | 72 |
| Westmoreland | 1605 | 1097 | 2091 | 1231 | 49 |
| Wyoming | 3096 | 2677 | 4237 | 4288 | 265 |
| York | 1766 | 2121 | 2269 | 2331 | 113 |
| | 3783 | 4456 | 4091 | 5172 | 299 |
| | 844 | 951 | 1138 | 1171 | 74 |
| | 3912 | 4629 | 511 | 6576 | 4301 |

Total.....198117 171130.....147963 220772 82202
 Read's maj., 26987; Buchanan's do., 607.

CANAL COMMISSIONER, 1858.

Frazer, *Opp.*, 196626; Frost, *Dem.*, 170326; *Opposition* majority, 26290.

CONGRESS, 1858. CONGRESS, 1856.

| Districts. | Union, Dem. | | A.L.D. Union, Dem. | | |
|------------|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|------|
| | Ryan, Flor'ce. | Neb'g'r. Knight, Flor'ce. | Ryan, Flor'ce. | Neb'g'r. Knight, Flor'ce. | |
| Ward 1 | 1527 | 1431 | 546 | 1555 | 1571 |
| " 2 | 1481 | 1414 | 951 | 1815 | 2294 |
| " 3 | 878 | 1027 | 354 | 1087 | 1466 |

| Districts. | Union, Dem. | | A.L.D. Union, Dem. | | |
|---|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| | Ryan, Flor'ce. | Neb'g'r. Knight, Flor'ce. | Ryan, Flor'ce. | Neb'g'r. Knight, Flor'ce. | |
| Ward 4 | 720 | 1387 | 366 | 875 | 2038 |
| " 5 (part) | 312 | 449 | 58 | 374 | 490 |
| " 7 | 1574 | 1115 | 167 | 1539 | 1627 |
| Total | 6492 | 6823 | 2442 | 7275 | 9495 |
| Florence over Ryan, 331; do. over Knight, 2220. | | | | | |
| II. Morris, Martin. Morris, Mars'ell. | | | | | |
| Ward 5 (part) | 613 | 637 | .... | 761 | 926 |
| " 6 | 926 | 817 | .... | 1162 | 1413 |
| " 8 | 1134 | 878 | .... | 1264 | 1223 |
| " 9 | 1162 | 896 | .... | 1265 | 1263 |
| " 10 | 1818 | 802 | .... | 1959 | 1193 |
| Total | 5653 | 4030 | .... | 6411 | 6018 |
| Maj. for Morris, 1623; do. in 1856, 393. | | | | | |
| III. Verree, Landy. *Reed, Mill'w'd, L'ndy. | | | | | |
| Ward 11 | 987 | 872 | 3 | 923 | 1421 |
| " 12 | 1132 | 831 | 0 | 1179 | 1283 |
| " 16 | 1234 | 1126 | 1 | 1287 | 1412 |
| " 17 | 934 | 1336 | 8 | 940 | 1818 |
| " 18 | 1667 | 973 | 7 | 1712 | 1118 |
| " 19 (part) | 973 | 696 | 33 | 712 | 881 |
| Total | 6977 | 5834 | 52 | 6753 | 7933 |
| Verree over Landy, 1143; Landy over Millward, 1180. | | | | | |
| IV. Millward, Phillips. *Broom, *For'st, Phil'pa. | | | | | |
| Ward 13 | 1691 | 846 | 13 | 1296 | 1292 |
| " 14 | 1940 | 864 | 23 | 1522 | 1444 |
| " 15 | 1976 | 1323 | 16 | 960 | 1582 |
| " 19 (part) | 506 | 750 | 32 | 376 | 961 |
| " 21 | 1820 | 1129 | 5 | 1240 | 1890 |
| " 21 (part) | 320 | 240 | 2 | 169 | 347 |
| " * 23 (part) | 405 | 316 | 0 | 227 | 396 |
| " 24 | 1091 | 978 | 162 | 770 | 1387 |
| Total | 9749 | 6451 | 253 | 6560 | 9279 |
| Mill'w'd over Phil., 3298; Phil. over Forrest, 2719. | | | | | |
| V. Wood, Jones. Mulvany, Jones. | | | | | |
| Ward 21 (part) | 923 | 660 | .... | 715 | 793 |
| " 22 | 1543 | 777 | .... | 1240 | 978 |
| " 23 (part) | 1203 | 768 | .... | 1199 | 1256 |
| Montgomery Co. | 6032 | 5004 | .... | 4897 | 6648 |
| Total | 9701 | 7209 | .... | 7961 | 9674 |
| Wood's maj. 2492; Jones' do. 1713. | | | | | |
| VI. Broomall, Manley, Hick'n. Bowen, Hick'n. | | | | | |
| Chester | 2288 | 4021 | 5765 | 5969 | 6055 |
| Delaware | 2288 | 1164 | 1021 | 1882 | 1969 |
| Total | 4676 | 5185 | 6786 | 7851 | 8024 |
| Hickman over Manley, 1601; do. over Bowen, 173. | | | | | |
| VII. Longnecker, Roberts. Bradshaw, Chap'n. | | | | | |
| Bucks | 5235 | 5122 | .... | 5591 | 6278 |
| Lehigh | 3089 | 2954 | .... | 3198 | 4043 |
| Total | 8324 | 8076 | .... | 8789 | 10321 |
| Maj. for Longnecker, 248; do. for Chapman, 1532. | | | | | |
| VIII. Schwartz, Jones. Yal-r, Jones. | | | | | |
| Berks | 7321 | 7302 | .... | 3947 | 9951 |
| Maj. for Schwartz, 19; do. for Jones in '56 6004. | | | | | |
| IX. Stevens, Hopkina. Roberts, Heister. | | | | | |
| Lancaster | 9513 | 6341 | .... | 10001 | 8320 |
| Maj. for Stevens, 3172; do. for Roberts, 1681. | | | | | |
| X. Killinger, Weidle. Kunkel, Eyer. | | | | | |
| Dauphin | 3255 | 2281 | .... | 3452 | 2903 |
| Lebanon | 2712 | 1460 | .... | 2780 | 2227 |
| Union | 1318 | 787 | .... | 1505 | 1012 |
| Numberland (pt.) | 160 | 27 | .... | 156 | 87 |
| Snyder | 1452 | 1034 | .... | 1334 | 1131 |
| Total | 8897 | 5589 | .... | 9227 | 7360 |
| Maj. for Killinger, 3308 do. for Kunkel, 1867. | | | | | |
| XI. Campbell, Dewart, Cate, Camp'li, Dew't. | | | | | |
| Northumberland | 1602 | 1825 | 579 | 1615 | 2750 |
| Schuylkill | 5551 | 2262 | 3035 | 4803 | 6209 |
| Total | 7153 | 4387 | 3614 | 6418 | 8959 |
| Campbell over Dewart, 2766; Dewart over Campbell, 2541. | | | | | |

* Americans.

PENNSYLVANIA—Continued.

| Districts. | Union. | Dem. | Union. | Dem. |
|----------------|-------------|--------|----------|------|
| XII. Scranton. | McRaynolds. | Smith. | Moncy's. | |
| Columbia | 1907 | 1442 | 1234 | 2640 |
| Luzerne | 6193 | 3292 | 4676 | 5509 |
| Montour | 990 | 584 | 856 | 1035 |
| Wyoming | 933 | 898 | 891 | 1258 |

Total 10023 6186 7657 10442
 Maj. for Scranton, 3837; do. for Montgomery, 2785.

| XIII. Shoemaker. | Dimmick, E.S. | Dim'k. | W.H.D. | |
|------------------|---------------|--------|--------|------|
| Carbon | 1538 | 1126 | 928 | 1591 |
| Monroe | 783 | 1261 | 541 | 2024 |
| Northampton | 2275 | 2992 | 1274 | 4671 |
| Pike | 179 | 491 | 257 | 791 |
| Wayne | 1791 | 2139 | 2065 | 2158 |

Total 6566 8009 5065 11235
 Maj. for W. H. Dimmick, 1443; do. in 1856, 6170.

| XIV. Grow. | Parkhurst. | ↑Grow. | Sherw'd. | |
|-------------|------------|--------|----------|------|
| Bradford | 4774 | 920 | 6082 | 1978 |
| Susquehanna | 3180 | 1859 | 3510 | 2296 |
| Tioga | 3211 | 580 | 3733 | 1087 |

Total 11165 3359 13325 5361
 Maj. for Grow, 7806; do. in 1856, 7964.

| XV. Hale. | White. | Irwin. | White. | |
|-----------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| Centre | 2651 | 1911 | 2421 | 2708 |
| Clinton | 1370 | 1294 | 1214 | 1446 |
| Lycoming | 2484 | 2028 | 2768 | 3119 |
| Mifflin | 1471 | 1139 | 1577 | 1539 |
| Sullivan | 314 | 489 | 346 | 493 |
| Potter | 1048 | 488 | 1124 | 675 |

Total 9238 7349 9450 9920
 Maj. for Hale, 1889; do. for White, 530.

| XVI. Junkin. | Fisher. | Todd. | Abl. | |
|--------------|---------|-------|------|------|
| Cumberland | 2560 | 2768 | 3089 | 3027 |
| Perry | 1948 | 1483 | 1984 | 2040 |
| York | 4138 | 4549 | 4597 | 6124 |

Total 8646 8800 9670 11191
 Maj. for Junkin, 46; do. for Abl, 1521.

| XVII. McPherson. | Reilly. | Pumroy. | Reilly. | |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Adams | 2295 | 2169 | 2268 | 2309 |
| Bedford | 1859 | 1974 | 2174 | 2297 |
| Franklin | 3384 | 3060 | 3325 | 3868 |
| Fulton | 675 | 713 | 673 | 935 |
| Junata | 1235 | 1165 | 1275 | 1315 |

Total 9348 9081 9715 10224
 Maj. for McPherson, 267; do. for Reilly, 509.

| XVIII. Blair. | Pershing. | Eddie. | Persh'g. | |
|---------------|-----------|--------|----------|------|
| Blair | 2798 | 1567 | 2620 | 1939 |
| Cambria | 1700 | 2273 | 1474 | 2823 |
| Huntingdon | 2115 | 1261 | 2194 | 1965 |
| Somerset | 2501 | 1578 | 2504 | 1780 |

Total 9114 6679 8792 8508
 Maj. for Blair, 2435; do. for Eddie, 284.

| XIX. Covode. | Foster. | Covode. | McKin'y | |
|--------------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Armstrong | 2425 | 2001 | 2820 | 2307 |
| Indiana | 3025 | 1535 | 3540 | 1483 |
| Westmoreland | 3797 | 4629 | 4249 | 4929 |

Total 9257 8165 10409 8724
 Maj. for Covode, 1092; do. in 1856, 1685.

| XX. Knight. | Montom'y. | Knight. | Montg'y. | |
|-------------|-----------|---------|----------|------|
| Fayette | 1275 | 3299 | 3265 | 3410 |
| Greene | 731 | 2156 | 1651 | 2594 |
| Washington | 3792 | 3799 | 4495 | 4252 |

Total 5798 9254 9411 10256
 Maj. for Montgomery, 3456; do. in 1856, 845.

| XXII. McKnight. | Birm'ng'm. | ↑Purvi'e. | Gibson. | |
|------------------|------------|-----------|---------|------|
| Allegheny (part) | 2935 | 217 | 3743 | 2271 |
| Butler | 2503 | 285 | 3092 | 2533 |

Total 5433 502 6340 4854
 Williams, *Anti-Tax*, 3903.
 McK. over Wms. 1535; Purviance over Gibson, 1966.

| XXI. Moorhead. | Burke. | ↑Ritchie. | McCan's. | |
|---|--------|-----------|----------|------|
| Allegheny (part) | 6539 | 4879 | 7674 | 5944 |
| Maj. for Moorhead, 1660; do. for Ritchie, 1730. | | | | |

| XXIII. Stewart. | McGuffin. | Stewart. | Cun'g'm. | |
|-----------------|-----------|----------|----------|------|
| Beaver | 1871 | 1126 | 2276 | 1801 |
| Lawrence | 1951 | 615 | 2695 | 1121 |
| Mercer | 2899 | 2036 | 3481 | 2546 |

Total 6721 3777 8532 5407
 Majority for Stewart, 2914; do. in 1856, 3085.

| XXIV. Hall. | Gillis. | Myers. | Gillis. | |
|-------------|------------|------------|------------|------|
| Clarion | 1553 | 2019 | 1674 | 2594 |
| Clearfield | 1028 | 1445 | 1211 | 1831 |
| Elk | 395 | 479 | 239 | 488 |
| Forrest | No return. | No return. | No return. | |
| Jefferson | 1371 | 1049 | 1472 | 1318 |
| McKeane | 835 | 479 | 819 | 412 |
| Venango | 1933 | 1671 | 1984 | 1908 |
| Warren | 1765 | 969 | 1715 | 1174 |

Total 8905 8111 9114 9785
 Maj. for Hall, 794; do. for Gillis, 671.

| XXV. Babbitt. | Marshall. | ↑Dick. | McFad'n | |
|---------------|-----------|--------|---------|------|
| Crawford | 3140 | 2033 | 4709 | 2633 |
| Erie | 3220 | 2080 | 4235 | 1582 |

Total 6360 4113 8944 4216
 Maj. for Babbitt, 2247; do. for Dick, 4729.

† Ran exclusively as Republicans.
 LEGISLATURE—1858-9.
 SENATE.. Opposition.... 16; Democrats.... 17.
 HOUSE... Opposition.... 68; Democrats.... 32.

FLORIDA.

| Cong., 1858. | Gov., 1856. | Pres., '56. | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------|
| Ind.-D. | Dem. | Am. Dem. | Am. Dem. | |
| Westcott. | Hawkins. | W'ker. | Perry. | Fil. Buch. |
| Alachua | 141 | 349. | 189 | 336.. 142 361 |
| Calhoun | 53 | 89.. | m 12.. | 50 71 |
| Columbia | 529 | 389.. | 449 | 433.. 460 462 |
| Dade | No return. | No return. | No return. | No return. |
| Duval | 345 | 296.. | 488 | 270.. 434 341 |
| Escambia | 78 | 304.. | 234 | 259.. 234 249 |
| Franklin | 11 | 220.. | 108 | 156.. 95 177 |
| Gadsden | 244 | 411.. | 398 | 354.. 300 328 |
| Hamilton | 144 | 233.. | 226 | 186.. 157 180 |
| Hernando | | | m 35.. | 40 101 |
| Hillsboro' | 153 | 73.. | ml61.. | 173 365 |
| Holmes | | | 119 | 35.. 87 76 |
| Jackson | 293 | 482.. | 471 | 407.. 457 431 |
| Jefferson | 80 | 482.. | 176 | 354.. 145 390 |
| Leon | 123 | 382.. | 368 | 404.. 294 414 |
| Lafayette | 138 | 64.. | | |
| Levy | 82 | 100.. | 79 | 68.. 55 45 |
| Liberty | | | 33 | 93.. 63 88 |
| Madison | 278 | 317.. | 535 | 423.. 360 454 |
| Manatee | | | 12m | 31 24 |
| Marion | 193 | 254.. | 267 | 353.. 210 324 |
| Monroe | 22 | 158.. | 61 | 212.. 54 222 |
| Nassau | 65 | 237.. | 78 | 104.. 70 133 |
| Orange | | | 45 | 54.. 33 51 |
| Putnam | | | m 17.. | 25 70 |
| Santa Rosa | 95 | 331.. | 303 | 207.. 334 200 |
| St. John | 68 | 180.. | 64 | 198.. 75 198 |
| St. Lucia | No return. | No return. | No return. | No return. |
| Taylor | 147 | 75.. | | |
| Sumter | | | 81 | 82.. 49 100 |
| Volusia | | | 16m | 41 82 |
| Wakulla | 42 | 103.. | 194 | 158.. 149 169 |
| Walton | | | 13m | 74 129 |
| Washington | | | m 46.. | 12 153 |

Total* 4070 6465 7007 5407 4633 6358
 Hawkins' maj., 2395; Perry's do., 400; Puchanan's do., 1525.

LEGISLATURE—1858-9.
 SENATE..... Democrats, 15; Opposition, 6.
 HOUSE..... Democrats, 35; Opposition, 10.
 * Total for Congress correct—returns by counties imperfect.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Table with 5 columns: Counties, Gov., 1858, Gov., 1856, Pres., 1856. Lists counties from Alamance to Washington with corresponding political data.

McRae, Ellis, Gilmer, Bragg, Fill, Buch. Wilkes, Wilson, Yadkin, Yancy. Total. 39965 56222. 41959 57555. 36856 48246

Ellis's maj., 16257; Bragg's do., 12596; Buchanan's do., 1136J.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE... Opposition... 18; Democrats... 32. HOUSE... Opposition... 38; Democrats... 81.

CONGRESS.—A special election in the VIIIth District to supply the vacancy caused by the resignation of Hon. Thomas L. Clingman, resulted in the choice of John B. Vance, Am., over Avery, Dem., by 2049 maj. Clingman's maj. in 1857 was 4914.

NEW JERSEY.

CONGRESS, 1858. PRESIDENT, 1856. Districts. Opp. Dem. Am. Rep. Dem. Am. I. Nixon, Walker, Jones, Frem t, Buch, Fill.

Total... 5893 5342 3759... 3254 7091 6872

II. Stratton, Wall, Frem, Buch, Fill. Burlington... 487 2975... 3149 3982 1594

Total... 11471 8767... 7199 10518 4767

III. *Adrain, Paterson, Frem, Buch, Fill. Hunterdon... 257 2947... 1554 3496 1106

Total... 9713 9255... 5654 10687 4249

IV. *Riggs, Huyler, Frem, Buch, Fill. Bergen... 886 1516... 436 1543 797

Total... 11611 9982... 6462 9419 5749

V. Pennington, Wortendyke, Frem, Buch, Fill. Essex... 7479 5683... 4760 6845 4338

Total... 11611 9982... 6462 9419 5749

CONG. '58... Opp., 50001; Dem., 41500; Am., 3793

LEGISLATURE. SENATE... Democrats, 12; Opposition, 8. HOUSE... Democrats, 24; Opposition, 36.

DELAWARE.

GOVERNOR. CONG., 1858. PRES., 1856. Counties. Opp. Dem. Am. Dem. Am. I. Buckmaster, Burton, Morris, Whitey, Fill, Buch.

Total... 7554 7758... 7452 7868... 6175 8004

BRUNTON'S MAJ., 204; WHITEY'S DO., 416; BUCHANAN'S DO., 1829. THE LEGISLATURE IS DEMOCRATIC IN BOTH BRANCHES.

MICHIGAN.

| Counties. | GOVERNOR, 1858. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | | |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|------------|-----------|
| | Rep. Wisner. | Dem. Stuart. | Rep. Frem't. | Dem. Buch. | Am. Fill. |
| Allegan | 1275 | 1229 | 1526 | 1927 | 29 |
| Alpena | 20 | 15 | New County. | | |
| Bay | 140 | 270 | New County. | | |
| Barry | 1310 | 1063 | 1495 | 872 | 49 |
| Berrien | 1973 | 1960 | 1926 | 1540 | 132 |
| Branch | 2223 | 1216 | 2608 | 1322 | 14 |
| Calhoun | 3076 | 2111 | 3495 | 2151 | 122 |
| Cass | 1633 | 1394 | 1703 | 1165 | 41 |
| Cheboygan | | 79 | No return. | | |
| Chippewa | 44 | 39 | No return. | | |
| Clinton | 1211 | 1092 | 1358 | 1034 | 14 |
| Eaton | 1602 | 1211 | 1888 | 1223 | 15 |
| Emmet | | 132 | No return. | | |
| Genesee | 1509 | 1702 | 2325 | 1533 | 110 |
| G. Traverse | 209 | 246 | 157 | 243 | 2 |
| Gratiot | 320 | 192 | 353 | 136 | |
| Hillsdale | 2579 | 1431 | 3446 | 1408 | 37 |
| Houghton | 46 | 110 | 201 | 393 | 1 |
| Huron | No return. | | No return. | | |
| Ingham | 1917 | 1677 | 1849 | 1534 | 25 |
| Ionia | 1873 | 1149 | 2002 | 1154 | 22 |
| Iosco | 18 | 43 | New County. | | |
| Jackson | 2752 | 2254 | 2996 | 2118 | 46 |
| Kalamazoo | 2475 | 1552 | 2303 | 1629 | 50 |
| Kent | 3112 | 2813 | 2931 | 2516 | 93 |
| Lapeer | 1251 | 995 | 1579 | 995 | 31 |
| Leauwee | 4023 | 2337 | 4499 | 2779 | 167 |
| Livingston | 1740 | 1865 | 1765 | 1711 | 18 |
| Mackinac | 18 | 118 | No return. | | |
| Macomb | 1790 | 1629 | 2210 | 1845 | 30 |
| Manistee | 9 | 26 | No return. | | |
| Marquette | 14 | 69 | No return. | | |
| Manitowish | 169 | 90 | 79 | 77 | 20 |
| Mason | 72 | 39 | 32 | 12 | |
| Midland | 247 | 55 | 169 | 43 | 2 |
| Monroe | 1790 | 1712 | 1777 | 1703 | 34 |
| Montcalm | 454 | 309 | 414 | 295 | 7 |
| Newaygo | 369 | 238 | No return. | | |
| Oakland | 3403 | 3337 | 4105 | 3276 | 71 |
| Oceana | 68 | 167 | 82 | 21 | |
| Ontonagon | 119 | 109 | No return. | | |
| Ottawa | 1091 | 1195 | 1392 | 958 | 39 |
| Saginaw | 789 | 1069 | 1042 | 1222 | 17 |
| Sanilac | 709 | 301 | 803 | 201 | 1 |
| Schoolcraft | No return. | | No return. | | |
| Shiawassee | 1137 | 1040 | 1304 | 1105 | 36 |
| St. Clair | 1732 | 1647 | 1807 | 1521 | 21 |
| St. Joseph | 2103 | 1613 | 2224 | 1475 | 12 |
| Tuscola | 439 | 308 | 442 | 242 | 4 |
| Van Buren | 1559 | 1199 | 1740 | 1031 | 34 |
| Washtenaw | 3313 | 2293 | 3370 | 2333 | 109 |
| Wayne | 5105 | 6107 | 5250 | 5777 | 205 |

Total 65291 56007.... 71762 52136 1660
Wisner's maj., 9134; Frem't over Buchanan, 19526.

CONGRESS, 1853. CONG., 1856. GOV., 1856.

| Districts. | Rep. Cooper. | Dem. Howard. | Rep. Dem. Loth. | Rep. Dem. Bing'm. | Rep. Dem. Felch. |
|------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Jackson | 2721 | 2282 | 3024 | 2150 | 2971 |
| Livingston | 1751 | 1852 | 1763 | 1728 | 1727 |
| Washtenaw | 2223 | 2475 | 2618 | 2907 | 3538 |
| Wayne | 5243 | 6014 | 5253 | 6006 | 5160 |

Total... 13048 13121.. 13658 12791.. 13396 12974
Cooper's maj., 75; Howard's do. in '56, 867; Bingham's do., 422.

II. Waldron, Stacy, Waldron, Barry, Bing'm, Felch.

| | | | | | |
|------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Branch | 2217 | 1219 | 2615 | 1346 | 2604 |
| Cass | 1684 | 1957 | 1720 | 1188 | 1694 |
| Hillsdale | 2871 | 1380 | 3500 | 1491 | 3435 |
| Leauwee | 3991 | 2837 | 4519 | 2923 | 4495 |
| Monroe | 1790 | 1708 | 1783 | 1726 | 1767 |
| St. Joseph | 2120 | 1636 | 2230 | 1480 | 2301 |

Total... 14653 10137.. 16467 10064.. 16302 10237
Waldron's maj., 4516; do. in '56, 6403; Bingham's do., 6065.

| III. | Kallogg, Church, Walbr'ge, Litch, Bing'm, Felch. |
|-----------|--|
| Allegan | 1278 1231.. 1514 1100.. 1531 1092 |
| Barry | 1318 1056.. 1504 910.. 1495 913 |
| Berrien | 1989 1954.. 1948 1594.. 1941 1634 |
| Calhoun | 3101 2091.. 3542 2202.. 3500 2246 |
| Clinton | 1233 1096.. 1355 1057.. 1340 1066 |
| Eaton | 1611 1205.. 1869 1271.. 1833 1284 |
| Gratiot | 366 191.. 391 137.. 387 138 |
| Ionia | 1875 1173.. 2010 1181.. 1933 1192 |
| Kalamazoo | 2480 1567.. 2914 1648.. 2807 1667 |
| Kent | 3111 2786.. 2972 2573.. 2946 2396 |
| Mason | 79 32.. 32 12.. 32 12 |
| Montcalm | 460 306.. 413 276.. 405 282 |
| Newaygo | 317 217.. No return. No return. |
| Oceana | 68 137.. 83 21.. 83 21 |
| Ottawa | 1097 1190.. 1398 1008.. 1393 1012 |
| Van Buren | 1567 1175.. 1716 1056.. 1706 1069 |

Total... 21950 17438.. 23550 16046.. 23403 16228
Kellogg's maj., 4512; Walbridge's do., 7504; Bingham's do., 7175.

IV. Leech, Davis, Leech, Peck, Bing'm, Felch.

| | | | | |
|-------------|------|------|------------|------------|
| Alpena | 20 | 15 | New Co. | New Co. |
| Bay | 139 | 22 | New Co. | New Co. |
| Cheboygan | 79 | | No return. | No return. |
| Chippewa | 44 | 39 | No return. | No return. |
| Emmet | | 132 | No return. | No return. |
| Genesee | 1891 | 1563 | 2651 | 1619 |
| G. Traverse | 224 | 299 | 149 | 244 |
| Houghton | 16 | 132 | 182 | 420 |
| Ingham | 1923 | 1674 | 1852 | 1552 |
| Iosco | 20 | 41 | New Co. | New Co. |
| Lapeer | 1256 | 995 | 1567 | 1037 |
| Mackinac | 13 | 116 | No return. | No return. |
| Macomb | 1811 | 1622 | 2217 | 1861 |
| Manistee | 8 | 8 | No return. | No return. |
| Manitowish | 14 | 69 | No return. | No return. |
| Marquette | 165 | 94 | No return. | 78 |
| Midland | 256 | 40 | 168 | 31 |
| Oakland | 3148 | 3378 | 4100 | 3354 |
| Ontonagon | 110 | 119 | No return. | No return. |
| Saginaw | 843 | 1028 | 1034 | 1252 |
| Sanilac | 699 | 301 | 801 | 291 |
| Shiawassee | 1155 | 1033 | 1297 | 1139 |
| St. Clair | 1746 | 1628 | 1804 | 1542 |
| Tuscola | 449 | 304 | 426 | 272 |

Total... 16135 14916.. 18248 14524.. 18301 14646
Leech's maj., 1219; do. in '56, 3724; Bingham's do., 3655.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

| | Republicans. | Democrats. | Maj. |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------|
| Congress, '58 | Repub'ns. 65786 | Demot's. 55614 | —10172 |
| Lieut.-Gov. | Fairfield. 65965 | Munro . 55907 | — 9158 |
| Sec. State | Isbell . 65876 | King . 55735 | —10141 |
| Treasurer | McKin'y. 65825 | Kanter . 55192 | —10633 |
| Aud. General | Case . 65499 | Adams . 55356 | —10143 |
| Att'y Gen. | Howard. 66906 | Sather'd. 55035 | —10371 |
| Sup. Pub. Inst. | Gregory. 65811 | Jacokes . 51845 | —13963 |
| Com. P'd Office | Sanborn. 65696 | Ball . 55847 | — 9849 |
| Ed. Educat'n | Baxter . 65812 | Moore . 55847 | — 9965 |
| Congress, '56 | Repub'ns. 71923 | Demot's. 53425 | —18498 |
| Gov'nor, '56 | Bing'm.. 71402 | Felch.. 54085 | —17317 |

LEGISLATURE—1859-60.

SENATE... Republicans, 22; Democrats, 10.
HOUSE... Republicans, 46; Democrats, 33.

MINNESOTA.

An election for members of the Legislature of this new State was held in October, 1853, which resulted as follows:

SENATE... Republicans, 13; Democrats, 19.
HOUSE... Republicans, 49; Democrats, 31.
The Legislature elected the year previous was Democratic in both branches, and stood:
SENATE... Republicans, 17; Democrats, 20.
HOUSE... Republicans, 37; Democrats, 43.

MISSOURI.

CONGRESS, 1858. SCHOOL SEP. '58. PRES. '56.

Districts. Rep. Am. Dem. Am. Dem. Am. Dem.

I. Blair, Back, Barrett, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

St. Louis. 6631 5668 7057. 9943 7129. 6834 5534
Barrett over Blair, 426*; Provinces' maj., 2214; Fill-
more do., 1309.

II. Hiender'n, Ander'n, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

Table with 6 columns and 13 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 6089 10902.. 4859 8513.. 9123 7607

Anderson's maj., 4813; Starke's do., 3654; Fill-
more's do., 1516.

III. John B. Clark, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

Table with 6 columns and 18 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 3379 13465.. 7884 10047

Starke's maj., 10086; Buchanan's do., 2163.

IV. Adams, Craig, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

Table with 6 columns and 18 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 7824 12439.. 3547 11696.. 6290 8781

Craig's maj., 4615; Starke's do., 8059; Buchanan's
do., 2581.

V. Reid, Wood'n, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

Table with 6 columns and 14 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 6947 7942.. 3768 8514.. 7241 7061

Smith, Ind., 2035.

Woodson over Reid, 995; Starke's maj., 4746; Fill-
more's do., 180.

* Contested.

VI. Richardson, Phelps, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

Table with 6 columns and 28 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 8050 13424.. 4379 9795.. 5438 10827

Phelp's maj., 5374; Starke's, 5416; Buch's, 5389.

VII. Zeigler, Noell, Provinces, Starke, Fill, Buch.

Table with 6 columns and 20 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 5808 10404.. 1019 5256.. 5803 8107

Noell's maj., 4596; Starke's, 4237; Buch's, 2301.

Total State..... 30894 64278.. 48523 57964

Starke's maj., 32384; Buchanan's dn., 9441.

THE LEGISLATURE is largely Democratic.

CONNECTICUT.

GOVERNOR, 1858. PRESIDENT, 1856.

Table with 6 columns and 10 rows of names and numbers.

Total..... 36298 33549 26... 42715 34995 2615

Buck'n over Pratt, 2749; Frem. over Buch'n, 7720.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE... Republicans... 15; Democrats... 6.

HOUSE... Republicans... 143; Democrats... 93.

OHIO.

CONGRESS, SEP. JU'Y, '58. PRESID'T, 1856.

Districts. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Rep. Dem. Am. I.
 Day, Pend'n. Peck, Bartley, Frem't, Buch. Fill.
 Ham'n(p't) 6785 7131. 15326 14151. 9345 13051 5680
 Pendleton's maj., 346; Peck's do., 1175; Buchanan's plurality, 3706.

II. Gurley, Groes'k, Peck, Bart'y, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Ham'n(p't) 8054 7263. (In 1st district.)
 Majority for Gurley, 791.

III. Campb'l, Val'm, Peck, Bart'y, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Rutler ... 2595 3659. 2542 3723. 2201 3509 296
 M'ngom'y 4642 4602. 4650 4640. 4038 4285 391
 Preble ... 2478 1642. 2468 1642. 2249 1561 273
 Total.. 9715 9903. 9660 10005. 8588 9355 960
 Yallandigham's maj. 188; Bartley's do., 345; Buchanan's plurality, 167.

IV. Nichol's, Allen, Peck, Bart'y, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Allen ... 1449 1481. 1422 1522. 1415 1508 94
 Anglizee... 823 1540. 794 1557. 912 1604 88
 Darke ... 2170 2191. 2205 2180. 2086 1988 209
 Mercer ... 570 1121. 649 1159. 629 1150 114
 Miami ... 2964 1851. 2943 1884. 3171 1988 159
 Shelby ... 1395 1364. 1385 1379. 1356 1446 127
 Total.. 9371 9558. 9398 9681. 9569 9693 791
 Allen's maj., 187; Bartley's do., 283; Buchanan's plurality, 124.

V. Ashley, Mungen, Peck, Bart'y, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Defiance ... 824 1005. 828 1012. 821 895 38
 Fulton ... 1197 833. 1173 859. 1098 772 64
 Hancock ... 1807 2010. 1828 2021. 1773 1944 37
 Henry ... 539 697. 522 703. 587 655 22
 Lucas ... 1746 1557. 1768 1581. 1639 1856 486
 Paulding... 466 232. 465 237. 497 179 5
 Putnam ... 770 996. 761 999. 790 1116 4
 Van Wert. 726 766. 719 773. 758 789 32
 Williams.. 1097 940. 1086 996. 1327 1022 49
 Wood ... 1369 910. 1360 925. 1319 935 143
 Total.. 10532 9986. 10504 10116. 10609 10164 880
 William A. Hunter received 69 votes for Congress.
 Ashley's plnr., 546; Peck's maj., 368; Fremont's plurality, 445.

VI. Clark, How'd, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Adams ... 1173 1202. 1170 1211. 1407 1790 278
 Brown ... 1588 2354. 1559 2393. 1788 2700 428
 Clermont.. 2395 2268. 2398 2406. 2188 2741 781
 Highland.. 1766 1848. 1798 1853. 1810 2140 894
 Total.. 6922 7792. 6925 7863. 7190 9371 2381
 W. R. Arthur received 394 votes for Congress.
 Howard's plurality, 870; Bartley's maj., 938; Buchanan's plurality, 2181.

VII. Corwin, Blair, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Clinton ... 1707 1083. 1807 1082. 2117 1170 240
 Fayette ... 1215 761. 1236 785. 1209 880 373
 Greene ... 2269 1104. 2463 1103. 3032 1465 214
 Madison.. 1155 657. 1092 709. 917 656 475
 Warren ... 2420 1415. 2475 1434. 2688 1776 344
 Total.. 8865 5020. 9073 5114. 10043 5947 1646
 Corwin's maj., 3846; Peck's do., 3959; Fremont's plurality, 4096.

VIII. Stanton, Hub'd, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Champ'ign 1676 1275. 1666 1259. 1995 1711 320
 Clark ... 2110 1169. 2108 1175. 2641 1539 168
 Delaware. 2010 1436. 1911 1500. 2367 1649 220
 Logan ... 1750 1176. 1724 1217. 2093 1323 287
 Union ... 1170 872. 1143 899. 1431 1055 263
 Total.. 8716 6928. 8552 6050. 10627 7282 1248
 Stanton's maj., 2788; Peck's do., 2502; Fremont's plurality, 3245.

IX. Carey, Hall, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Crawford. 1576 2014. 1569 2129. 1685 2154 32
 Hardin ... 1034 771. 1014 811. 1091 882 82
 Marion ... 1371 1200. 1320 1251. 1367 1275 4
 Ottawa ... 325 569. 327 572. 454 477 1
 Sandusky . 1257 1516. 1257 1500. 1548 1599 45

Carey, Hall, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Seneca ... 2327 2165. 2236 2285. 2565 2605 103
 Wyandotte 1414 962. 1288. 1141 1237 108

Total.. 9904 9197. 8941 9759. 9957 10270 375
 Carey's maj., 107; Peck's do., 818; Buchanan's plurality, 313.

X. Trumble, Miller, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Gallia ... 1528 1346. 1522 1359. 610 1341 1206
 Jackson ... 1254 1052. 1243 1076. 938 1243 416
 Lawrence. 1432 1092. 1438 1103. 743 1150 902
 Pike ... 1726 1113. 1728 1131. 523 1175 375
 Ross ... 2772 2551. 2713 2683. 2436 2681 589
 Scioto ... 1870 1489. 1912 1470. 546 1634 1321

Total.. 10582 8643. 9556 8822. 5796 9264 4809
 Trumble's maj., 1939; Peck's do., 734; Buchanan's plurality, 3568.

XI. Van Vorhes, Martin, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Athens ... 2143 1203. 2105 1354. 2299 1450 154
 Fairfield.. 1714 2948. 1758 2069. 1700 3233 711
 Hocking .. 1115 1324. 1109 1402. 1092 1454 115
 Meigs ... 1951 1353. 1932 1371. 1968 1603 344
 Perry ... 1455 1677. 1450 1694. 1389 1847 492
 Vinton ... 1068 1188. 1074 1113. 932 1174 51

Total.. 9446 9723. 9408 9903. 9406 10661 1867
 Martin's maj., 277; Bartley's do., 495; Buchanan's plurality, 1255.

XII. Case, Cox, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Franklin ... 3903 4132. 3775 4336. 3488 3791 574
 Licking ... 3172 3571. 3141 3508. 2027 3371 417
 Pickaway. 1838 2057. 1839 2117. 1724 2066 382
 Total.. 8913 9560. 8755 9961. 8239 9228 1373
 Cox's maj., 647; Bartley's do., 1206; Buchanan's plurality, 959.

XIII. Sherman, Patr'k, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Erie ... 2010 1353. 1972 1368. 2258 1577 75
 Huron ... 3009 1494. 2966 1535. 3468 1709 54
 Morrow .. 1874 1805. 1826 1654. 2031 1667 101
 Richland.. 2533 2658. 2420 2752. 2726 2909 53

Total.. 9426 7095. 9184 7329. 10483 7662 283
 Sherman's maj., 2331; Peck's do., 1855; Fremont's plurality, 2821.

XIV. Spink, Jeffries, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Ashland ... 1651 1849. 1649 1842. 1912 2089 39
 Lorain ... 2800 1308. 2798 1328. 3604 1420 54
 Medina ... 2153 1404. 2135 1431. 2635 1572 28
 Wayne ... 2834 2757. 2775 2828. 2904 2918 47

Total.. 9438 7318. 9360 7429. 11055 7999 163
 Spink's maj., 2120; Peck's do., 1855; Fremont's plurality, 2056.

XV. Helmick, Burns, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Coshocton. 2044 2338. 2061 2363. 2162 2281 56
 Holmes ... 1269 1798. 1241 1893. 1255 2103 5
 Knox ... 2745 2215. 2594 2400. 2735 2437 124
 Tuscarawas. 2891 2668. 2737 2619. 3007 2656 18
 Total.. 8949 8719. 8633 9275. 9189 9477 200
 Helmick's maj., 230; Bartley's do., 642; Buchanan's plurality, 288.

XVI. Tomkins, Mon'e'y, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Morgan ... 1895 1422. 1930 1423. 2125 1669 201
 Musking'm 3437 3242. 3495 3244. 3172 3391 1092
 Wash'gton 2345 2191. 2586 2155. 2783 2251 281
 Total.. 7677 6555. 7810 6822. 8080 7311 1574
 Jonathan Swank, Ind., received 49 votes for Congress.

Tompkins plurality, 822; Peck's maj., 683; Fremont's plurality, 769.

XVII. Theaker, Spriggs, Peck, Bartley, Fre. Buch. Fill.
 Belmont .. 2804 2466. 2730 2529. 1817 2810 1753
 Guernsey . 2145 1720. 2115 1752. 2392 1922 210
 Monroe ... 911 2122. 894 2142. 1016 2812 43
 Noble ... 1451 911. 1268 1057. 1603 1237 154

Total.. 7311 7219. 7107 7450. 6828 8891 2530
 Theaker's maj., 92; Bartley's do., 373; Buchanan's plurality, 2063.

OHIO—(Continued.)

| | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. Full. |
|----------------|--------|------|---------|------|-------|-------|-----------|
| XVIII. Edger'n | Rauney | Peck | Bartley | Fre. | Buch. | Fill. | |
| Portage ... | 2505 | 2055 | 2571 | 1985 | 2983 | 2072 | 6 |
| Starke | 3080 | 3287 | 3087 | 3280 | 3770 | 3633 | 29 |
| Summit ... | 2599 | 1820 | 2733 | 1738 | 3135 | 1746 | 74 |
| Total.. | 8184 | 7162 | 8391 | 7003 | 9923 | 7451 | 109 |

Edgerton's maj., 1022; Peck's do., 1388; Fremont's plurality, 2487.

| | XIX. Wade. | Gray | Peck | Bartley | Fre. | Buch. | Fill. |
|------------|------------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| Cuyahoga. | 4977 | 3632 | 5084 | 3723 | 6360 | 4446 | 296 |
| Geauga ... | 1854 | 514 | 1863 | 533 | 2694 | 575 | 58 |
| Lake | 1726 | 451 | 1726 | 461 | 2371 | 628 | 39 |
| Total.. | 8557 | 4597 | 8673 | 4717 | 11425 | 5649 | 393 |

Kelly, Ind., received 99 votes for Congress.
Wade's plurality, 3960; Peck's maj., 3956; Fremont's plurality, 5776.

| | XX. Hutchins. | Tod. | Peck | Bartley | Fre. | Buch. | Fill. |
|------------|---------------|------|------|---------|-------|-------|-------|
| Ashtabula. | 3132 | 834 | 3405 | 864 | 5108 | 975 | 252 |
| Mahoning. | 2253 | 2143 | 2272 | 2127 | 2323 | 1937 | 29 |
| Trumbull . | 2936 | 1664 | 3093 | 1623 | 4049 | 1920 | 18 |
| Total.. | 8321 | 4541 | 8775 | 4514 | 11480 | 4532 | 299 |

Richmond, Ind., received 356 and Giddings 32 votes for Congress.
Hutchins' plurality, 3780; Peck's maj., 4261; Fremont's plurality, 6648.

| | XXI. Bingham. | Mans. | Peck | Bartley | Fre. | Buch. | Fill. |
|--------------|---------------|-------|------|---------|------|-------|-------|
| Carroll ... | 1526 | 1266 | 1575 | 1242 | 1750 | 1255 | 87 |
| Columbina | 3069 | 2069 | 3066 | 2081 | 3516 | 2497 | 96 |
| Harrison .. | 1949 | 1300 | 1925 | 1342 | 2060 | 1473 | 110 |
| Jefferson .. | 2729 | 1912 | 2355 | 1949 | 2424 | 1921 | 259 |
| Total.. | 8883 | 6577 | 8921 | 6614 | 9750 | 7216 | 552 |

Bingham's maj., 2306; Peck's do., 2307; Fremont's plurality, 2534.

AGGREGATE VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1858.

| | Republicans. | Democrats. | Maj. |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------|
| Sup. Judge.... | Peck...182952; | Bartley.162548— | 20344 |
| All'y Gen.... | Wolcott 182988; | Ward...162137— | 20848 |
| Compt. clker... | Thrall...183213; | Gibson.161838— | 21375 |
| Std Pub. Wks. | Martin.183111; | Head'n.161815— | 21296 |
| President, '56.. | Fremont, 187497; | Buchanan, 170874; | |
| | Fillmore, 28121. | | |

The LEGISLATURE (elected in 1857 for two years) is Democratic in both branches.

ARKANSAS.

The people of this State elected Congressmen, Members of the Legislature, and certain Judicial Officers in 1858. But the voters so strongly adhere to what is facetiously termed "Democratic" that the details of their elections have ceased to possess any general interest. For Congress in the First District, Mr. Thomas C. Hindman, the regular Democratic candidate, received 13,255 votes to 2853 for Crosby, Independent.

In the Second District, Albert Rust, regular Democrat, received 16,302 votes to 3104 for J. A. Jones, and 3452 for Thos. S. Drew, Independent candidates.

Two years ago the vote of the State for Congress stood: In the First District for Greenwood, Dem., 14,329; Thompson, Am., 6161. Majority for Greenwood, 9228. In the Second District, Mr. Warren, Dem., received 11,835; Fowler, Am., 8701. Majority for Warren, 3134. For President, Mr. Buchanan's vote in the State was 21,910; Mr. Fillmore's 10,757. Majority for Buchanan, 11,123.

The LEGISLATURE is strongly Democratic.

TENNESSEE.

The only general elections held in this State during the year 1858, were for a Judge of the Supreme Court, and to ascertain the sense of the people relative to a proposed Convention to amend the State Constitution. The people seem to have taken very little interest in the election, as less than one-fifth of the voters voted on the occasion. The vote for Judge, which does not appear to have been a party contest, resulted as follows: Wright, 12,867; Walker, 6885. Majority for Wright, 5982.

The call for a Constitution was voted down very emphatically, the returns footing up for a Convention, 4210; against a Convention, 23,563. Majority against a Convention, 19,353.

TEXAS.

An election was held in this State in 1858 for Chief-Justice and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, Attorney-General, Treasurer and Comptroller. The only office contested was that of Associate-Justice, the regular Democratic candidate being Constantine W. Buckley, who was defeated by James H. Bell, Independent Democrat, after an animated contest, by 420 majority. The remainder of the Democratic ticket, elected without opposition, was as follows:

- Chief-Justice..... Royal T. Wheeler.
- Attorney-General, Malcolm D. Graham.
- State Treasurer.... C. H. Randolph.
- Comptroller..... Clement R. Johns

KANSAS.

"An Act for the admission of the State of Kansas into the Union," better known as the English Bill, was submitted to a vote of the People of that Territory, on the first Monday in August, 1858, with the following result:

| Counties. | Proposition Accepted. | Proposition Rejected. | Total. | Free State Majority. |
|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Atchinson..... | 260 | 616 | 876 | 356 |
| Anderson..... | 4 | 313 | 317 | 309 |
| Allen..... | 23 | 588 | 611 | 245 |
| Brown..... | 35 | 23 | 58 | 208 |
| Breckenridge | 4 | 93 | 97 | 89 |
| Bourbon..... | 37 | 429 | 466 | 392 |
| Calhoun..... | 32 | 250 | 282 | 218 |
| Coffey..... | 16 | 440 | 456 | 424 |
| Doniphan..... | 421 | 927 | 1348 | 506 |
| Davis..... | 27 | 123 | 150 | 66 |
| Douglas..... | 40 | 1785 | 1825 | 1745 |
| Dorn..... | 9 | 0 | 9 | *9 |
| Franklin..... | 6 | 376 | 382 | 370 |
| Hunter..... | 0 | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| Johnson..... | 154 | 424 | 578 | 270 |
| Jefferson..... | 25 | 178 | 204 | 152 |
| Leavenworth..... | 456 | 2203 | 2659 | 1747 |
| Lykins..... | 99 | 440 | 539 | 341 |
| Linn..... | 43 | 422 | 465 | 379 |
| Maidson..... | 0 | 158 | 158 | 158 |
| McGee..... | 6 | 14 | 20 | 8 |
| Nemaha..... | 12 | 227 | 239 | 215 |
| Pottawatomie..... | 8 | 276 | 284 | 228 |
| Riley..... | 22 | 258 | 280 | 236 |
| Richardson..... | 1 | 72 | 73 | 71 |
| Shawnee..... | 41 | 748 | 789 | 707 |
| Wise..... | 6 | 35 | 41 | 29 |
| Total..... | 1788 | 11301 | 13089 | 9513 |

Majority against proposition, 9513.

Three precincts, rejected for informality on the part of the returning officers, gave 3 for accepting proposition, and 197 against it.

* Majority for accepting proposition.

INDIANA.

CONG., 1853. Sec. Sr's, '53. Pres., 1856.

| Districts. | Rep. | Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. |
|---|-------------|-------|------|-------|-----|
| I. *Hovey, Niblack, Peelle, McClure's Fre. <td>Buch. Fill.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | Buch. Fill. | | | | |
| Davess | 734 | 1032 | 693 | 1016. | 26 |
| Dubois | 191 | 1117. | 109 | 1076. | 21 |
| Gibson | 1072 | 1021. | 737 | 945. | 365 |
| Knox | 1042 | 1206. | 989 | 1208. | 657 |
| Martin | 441 | 865. | 363 | 799. | 76 |
| Pike | 559 | 612. | 458 | 654. | 80 |
| Posey | 1299 | 1309. | 641 | 1678. | 306 |
| Spencer | 1210 | 907. | 799 | 1044. | 235 |
| Vanderhigh | 1546 | 1163. | 1068 | 1411. | 372 |
| Warrick | 542 | 1097. | 357 | 1193. | 107 |

Total... 8946 10329. 6214 11014. 2145 13110 6153
 Niblack's maj., 1383; McClure's do., 4800; Buchanan over Fillmore, 6957.

| II. Wilson, English, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|---|-----------------------|
| Clark | 1129 1446. 1130 1505. |
| Crawford | 533 716. 541 719. |
| Floyd | 1535 1429. 1534 1467. |
| Harrison | 1367 1493. 1340 1530. |
| Orange | 611 994. 558 994. |
| Perry | 601 955. 365 976. |
| Scott | 556 708. 567 755. |
| Washington | 1192 1522. 1074 1535. |

Total... 7434 9293. 7079 9481. 2371 10877 5661
 English's maj., 1859; McClure's do., 2402; Buchanan over Fillmore, 5216.

| III. Dunn, Hughes, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|---|-----------------------|
| Barth'mew | 1340 1227. 1332 1329. |
| Brown | 253 548. 239 698. |
| Jackson | 778 1249. 767 1535. |
| Jefferson | 2378 1491. 2251 1668. |
| Jennings | 1323 948. 1319 1041. |
| Lawrence | 1095 830. 1057 1065. |
| Monroe | 1075 964. 1037 1035. |
| Switzerland | 1121 1083. 1129 1089. |

Total... 9963 8385. 9131 9460. 6552 10758 3437
 Carr, A. L. Dem., for Congress, 1432.
 Dunn over Hughes, 978; McClure's maj., 329; Buchanan over Fremont, 4206.

| IV. Hackleman, Hol'n, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|--|-----------------------|
| Dearborn | 1472 2335. 1486 2363. |
| Decatur | 1672 1444. 1668 1444. |
| Franklin | 1264 2135. 1252 2135. |
| Ohio | 424 492. 425 476. |
| Ripley | 1381 1464. 1365 1422. |
| Rush | 1643 1565. 1644 1587. |

Total... 7556 9425. 7840 9427. 7901 10368 1045
 Holman's maj., 1569; McClure's do., 1537; Buchanan over Fremont, 2467.

| V. Kilgore, Devlin, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|--|-----------------------|
| Delaware | 1293 718. 1227 826. |
| Fayette | 1079 933. 1071 938. |
| Henry | 1956 912. 2017 913. |
| Randolph | 1572 1083. 1629 1037. |
| Union | 743 640. 750 641. |
| Wayne | 2750 1665. 2886 1632. |

Total... 9383 5921. 9571 5987. 12159 7144 299
 Kilgore's maj., 3462; Peelle's do., 3584; Fremont over Buchanan, 515.

| VI. Porter, Rav, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|---|-----------------------|
| Hancock | 875 1049. 846 1073. |
| Hendricks | 1662 1174. 1648 1190. |
| Johnson | 1114 1415. 1073 1455. |
| Marion | 3356 2054. 3718 2041. |
| Morgan | 1590 1402. 1565 1404. |
| Shelby | 1579 1631. 1533 1722. |

Total... 10776 9716. 10353 10045. 10516 11670 666
 Porter's maj., 1050; Peelle's do., 338; Buchanan over Fremont, 1154.

| VII. *Davis, Secret, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|---|----------------------|
| Clay | 842 709. 577 750. |
| Greene | 1266 1112. 806 1065. |

379 1129 * 533

| | *Davis, Secret, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|------------|--|-------------|
| Owen | 1190 759. 815 935. | |
| Parke | 1795 547. 1536 865. | |
| Putnam | 1820 1656. 1729 1746. | |
| Sullivan | 1122 1100. 443 1538. | |
| Vermillion | 907 515. 810 664. | |
| Vigo | 1951 1226. 1642 1487. | |

Total... 10893 7584. 8358 8990. 6358 10923 2390
 Davis' maj., 3309; McClure's do., 632; Buchanan over Fremont, 4665.

| VIII. Wilson, Blake, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|---|-----------------------|
| Boone | 1590 1280. 1487 1359. |
| Carroll | 1385 1282. 1377 1388. |
| Clinton | 1184 1346. 1186 1369. |
| Fountain | 1580 1626. 1580 1625. |
| Montgomery | 1936 1989. 1964 1991. |
| Tiptecanoe | 2441 2021. 2460 2012. |
| Warren | 1002 643. 1024 623. |

Total... 11028 10357. 11073 10394. 11282 10951 426
 Wilson's maj., 684; Peelle's do., 684; Fremont over Buchanan, 331.

| IX. Colfax, Walk'r, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|--|-----------------------|
| Benton | 279 204. 275 209. |
| Cass | 1527 1477. 1499 1500. |
| Fulton | 888 927. 869 949. |
| Jasper | 643 483. 631 490. |
| Lake | 1063 550. 1045 552. |
| Laporte | 2789 2224. 2706 2242. |
| Marshall | 1215 1122. 1215 1126. |
| Miami | 1551 1519. 1528 1546. |
| Porter | 1146 1025. 1116 1052. |
| Pulaski | 420 532. 408 561. |
| St. Joseph | 2067 1596. 2024 1631. |
| Starke | 144 185. 145 112. |
| White | 809 756. 783 774. |

Total... 14511 12610. 14244 12817. 12861 11857 298
 Colfax's maj., 1931; Peelle's do., 1427; Fremont over Buchanan, 1004.

| X. Case, Daw'n, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|--|-----------------------|
| Allen | 1949 2707. 1790 2901. |
| De Kalb | 1047 1157. 1053 1148. |
| Elkhart | 1971 1649. 1967 1647. |
| Kosciusco | 1584 1057. 1573 1064. |
| La Grange | 1062 460. 1064 462. |
| Noble | 1278 1080. 1222 1152. |
| Steuben | 1113 441. 1093 458. |
| Whitley | 776 865. 744 902. |

Total... 10780 9417. 10596 9734. 10998 10426 381
 Case over Dawson, 1363; Peelle over McClure, 772; Fremont over Buchanan, 572.

| XI. Pettit, Coff'r, Peelle, McClure's Fre. | Buch. Fill. |
|--|-----------------------|
| Adams | 474 842. 402 847. |
| Blackford | 251 379. 231 388. |
| Grant | 1297 973. 1281 981. |
| Hamilton | 1471 1003. 1472 1001. |
| Howard | 1009 622. 985 635. |
| Huntington | 1218 1395. 1264 1359. |
| Jay | 847 772. 832 792. |
| Madison | 1249 1451. 1197 1453. |
| Tipton | 505 627. 530 626. |
| Wabash | 1797 1126. 1803 1122. |
| Wells | 670 848. 665 807. |

Total... 10748 10038. 10653 10059. 11332 10556 590
 Pettit over Coffroth, 710; Peelle over McClure, 594; Fremont over Buchanan, 746.

AGGREGATE VOTE OF THE STATE.

| | Republicans. | Democrats. | Maj. |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| Sec. State | ...Peelle...104828; | McClure...107409- | 2651 |
| Auditor | ...Lange...105493; | Dodd...107242- | 1749 |
| Treasurer | ...Harper...105416; | Cum'g'm...107634- | 2218 |
| Att'y Gen | ...Otto...105757; | McDon'd...107291- | 1534 |
| Sup. Pub. Ins. | Young...105014; | Rngg...107910- | 2896 |
| President | ...Fret...94475; | Buch...118870; | Fill...22356 |

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE...Rep., 25; Dem., 22; Anti-Loc., 3.
 HOUSE...Rep., 50; Dem., 46; Anti-Loc., 4.
 * Anti-Lecompton Democrat.

ILLINOIS.

| TREASURER, 1858. | | PRESIDENT, 1856. | |
|---|------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| Counties. | Rep. Doug. D. Buch. D. | Rep. Dem. | Am. U. |
| Miller, Fonday, Dough'ty, Frem. Buch. Fill. | | | |
| Adams | 2986 | 3408 | 78...2226 |
| Alexander | 31 | 308 | 192... 15 |
| Bond | 716 | 720 | 1... 153 |
| Boone | 1705 | 287 | 3...1748 |
| Brown | 574 | 862 | 37... 169 |
| Bureau | 2583 | 603 | 77...2603 |
| Calhoun | 172 | 513 | 0... 70 |
| Carroll | 1138 | 273 | 38...1161 |
| Cass | 745 | 1057 | 9... 303 |
| Champaign | 1306 | 889 | 37... 782 |
| Christian | 587 | 923 | 13... 239 |
| Clark | 1071 | 1413 | 0... 760 |
| Clay | 421 | 703 | 4... 29 |
| Clinton | 362 | 893 | 14... 161 |
| Coles | 1823 | 1584 | 9... 783 |
| Cook | 10119 | 8312 | 296...9020 |
| Crawford | 647 | 933 | 1... 477 |
| Cumberland | 482 | 742 | 0... 246 |
| De Kalb | 2078 | 613 | 44...2254 |
| De Witt | 1025 | 768 | 252... 623 |
| Du Page | 1278 | 502 | 18...1387 |
| Edgar | 1431 | 1436 | 5... 952 |
| Edwards | 362 | 230 | 20... 176 |
| Effingham | 207 | 796 | 0... 90 |
| Fayette | 580 | 834 | 4... 68 |
| Franklin | 9 | 974 | 110... 5 |
| Fulton | 2990 | 2238 | 6...2021 |
| Gallatin | 225 | 635 | 206... 24 |
| Greene | 765 | 1512 | 1... 245 |
| Grundy | 1018 | 702 | 6... 923 |
| Hamilton | 11 | 1133 | 1... 9 |
| Hancock | 2032 | 2385 | 52...1120 |
| Hardin | 36 | 269 | 28... 4 |
| Henderson | 1005 | 761 | 78... 757 |
| Henry | 2242 | 1100 | 26...1924 |
| Iroquois | 1217 | 743 | 32... 750 |
| Jackson | 76 | 1171 | 25... 14 |
| Jasper | 462 | 690 | 4... 323 |
| Jellerson | 299 | 1220 | 37... 60 |
| Jersey | 583 | 1051 | 9... 387 |
| Jo Daviess | 1920 | 1510 | 53...2110 |
| Johnson | 7 | 1135 | 2... 2 |
| Kane | 3177 | 1039 | 72...3750 |
| Kankakee | 1319 | 854 | 9... 1386 |
| Kendall | 1431 | 403 | 22...1622 |
| Knox | 2952 | 1351 | 55...2851 |
| Lake | 1672 | 623 | 61... 2347 |
| La Salle | 4105 | 3415 | 30... 3721 |
| Lawrence | 429 | 684 | 0... 89 |
| Lee | 1639 | 692 | 55... 1804 |
| Livingston | 1001 | 789 | 0... 585 |
| Logan | 1306 | 1180 | 8... 635 |
| Macoupin | 963 | 1120 | 31... 500 |
| Madison | 1620 | 286 | 75... 823 |
| Marion | 2030 | 2221 | 29... 1111 |
| Marshall | 528 | 1173 | 29... 150 |
| Massac | 1240 | 1055 | 65... 1008 |
| Mason | 19 | 669 | 1... 5 |
| M'Donough | 821 | 1040 | 2... 257 |
| M'Henry | 1771 | 1952 | 4... 590 |
| M'Leane | 2237 | 1077 | 32... 2869 |
| M'Leane | 2723 | 2127 | 24... 1937 |
| Menard | 766 | 871 | 13... 109 |
| Mercer | 1416 | 905 | 54... 1141 |
| Monroe | 529 | 1161 | 30... 346 |
| Montgomery | 789 | 1219 | 27... 162 |
| Morgan | 1795 | 2061 | 7... 903 |
| Montrieu | 514 | 683 | 0... 154 |
| Ogle | 2111 | 816 | 108... 2469 |
| Peoria | 2593 | 2639 | 272... 2082 |
| Perry | 463 | 727 | 58... 200 |
| Piatt | 540 | 482 | 4... 85 |
| Pike | 1997 | 2481 | 26... 1053 |
| Pope | 22 | 692 | 18... 11 |
| Pulaski | 56 | 536 | 66... 21 |
| Putnam | 606 | 298 | 99... 532 |
| Randolph | 913 | 1105 | 26... 709 |
| Richland | 508 | 739 | 0... 39 |
| Rock Island | 1545 | 1306 | 42... 1439 |
| Saline | 0 | 1138 | 12... 1 |

| Miller, Fonday, Dough'ty, Frem. Buch. Fill. | |
|---|----------------------|
| Sangamon | 2726 3073 133...1174 |
| Schnylter | 1054 1498 37... 388 |
| Scott | 654 1002 2... 183 |
| Shelby | 541 1400 2... 152 |
| Stark | 934 689 2... 718 |
| St. Clair | 2422 1980 139...1995 |
| Stephenson | 2160 1483 16... 1907 |
| Tazewell | 1793 1954 9... 1028 |
| Union | 61 684 462... 46 |
| Vermillion | 1688 1122 0... 1506 |
| Wabash | 409 606 2... 122 |
| Warren | 1738 1408 19... 1282 |
| Washington | 425 1064 6... 244 |
| Wayne | 292 1189 0... 129 |
| White | 646 1220 1... 27 |
| Whiteside | 1991 701 127...1902 |
| Will | 2709 2186 41... 2393 |
| Williamson | 47 1516 13... 10 |
| Winnebago | 2018 453 34... 3636 |
| Woodford | 819 1144 26... 596 |

Total... 125430 121609 5071 96200 106298 37454
 Miller over Fonday, 3821; Buchanan over Fremont, 9098.

| CONGRESS, 1858. | | CONGRESS, '56. | |
|--|-------------------|----------------|-------------|
| Districts. | Rep. Doug. A.L.D. | Rep. Dem. | U. |
| I. Washburne, Bright, Jackson, Wash'n, Molony. | | | |
| Boone | 1704 | 286 | 3... 1739 |
| Carroll | 1137 | 256 | 53... 1182 |
| Jo Daviess | 1938 | 1476 | 65... 2168 |
| Lake | 1677 | 620 | 60... 2334 |
| McHenry | 2224 | 1061 | 30... 2530 |
| Ogle | 2092 | 815 | 102... 2477 |
| Stephenson | 2140 | 1489 | 16... 2000 |
| Winnebago | 2899 | 434 | 41... 3640 |

Total... 15811 6457 370... 18070 6227
 Washburn over Bright, 9354; do. over Molony, in '56, 11843.

| Farnsworth, Dyer, Black'b, Farns. V. Nor. | |
|---|------------------------|
| Cook | 10108 8278 305... 5993 |
| De Kalb | 2067 612 53... 2248 |
| Du Page | 1280 496 19... 1382 |
| Kane | 3172 1121 103... 3733 |
| Lee | 1638 689 53... 1892 |
| Rock Island | 1542 1302 42... 1404 |
| Whiteside | 1950 700 125... 1866 |

Total... 21797 13198 701... 21518 9814
 Farnsworth over Dyer, 8899; do. over Van Nortwick, 11704.

| Lovejoy, Armstrong, Le Roy, Lovy, Osgood. | |
|---|----------------------|
| Bureau | 2546 607 770... 2440 |
| Champaign | 1271 900 27... 752 |
| De Witt | 992 755 262... 644 |
| Grundy | 999 715 9... 915 |
| Iroquois | 1199 744 31... 746 |
| Kankakee | 1366 832 9... 1377 |
| Kendall | 1423 405 22... 1604 |
| La Salle | 4040 3438 30... 3693 |
| Livingston | 986 794 1... 560 |
| M'Lean | 2570 2155 26... 1946 |
| Putnam | 682 299 100... 521 |
| Vermillion | 1661 1125 0... 1526 |
| Will | 2678 2198 41... 2344 |

Total... 22313 14988 1328... 19068 13007
 Lovejoy over Armstrong, 7325; do. over Osgood, in '54, 6061.

| Kellogg, Davidson, Gale, Kellogg, David. | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Fulton | 2980 3224 9... 2489 |
| Henry | 2242 1101 26... 1917 |
| Knox | 2965 1820 54... 2840 |
| Marshall | 1203 1054 65... 1028 |
| Mason | 822 1038 0... 445 |
| Mercer | 1419 898 53... 1185 |
| Peoria | 2501 2623 286... 2278 |
| Stark | 929 684 8... 757 |
| Tazewell | 1783 1960 9... 1245 |
| Warren | 1732 1406 16... 1332 |
| Woodford | 811 1152 27... 609 |

Total... 19487 16860 533... 16175 14474
 Kellogg over Davidson, 2627; do. in '54, 1701.

ILLINOIS—(Continued).

| | |
|-----------|---|
| V. | Grimsbow, Morris, Davis, Grims'w, Morris. |
| Adams | 3004 3280 136 2821 3182 |
| Brown | 590 849 30 571 892 |
| Calhoun | 171 507 5 232 457 |
| Hancock | 2054 2284 172 1717 1980 |
| Henderson | 1001 765 82 807 608 |
| McDonald | 1774 1944 10 1336 1388 |
| Pike | 1991 2471 31 1937 2233 |
| Schuyler | 1063 1489 38 873 1319 |

Total 11648 13529 504 10294 12059
 Morris over Grimsbow, 1881; do. in '54, 1765.

| | |
|------------|--|
| VI. | Matheny, Harris, McConnell, Wms, Harris. |
| Cass | 743 1068 3 720 921 |
| Christian | 591 923 15 492 908 |
| Greene | 765 1517 1 905 1562 |
| Jersey | 574 1060 11 769 732 |
| Macoupin | 1615 2003 73 1756 1831 |
| Menard | 780 851 13 766 852 |
| Morgan | 1789 2054 16 1629 1667 |
| Montgomery | 786 1222 28 833 992 |
| Sangamon | 2803 3010 112 2751 2474 |
| Scott | 650 1002 3 714 840 |
| Shelby | 530 1394 2 542 1417 |

Total 11646 16193 277 12077 14196
 Harris over Math, 4547; do. over Williams, 2119.

| | |
|------------|---|
| VII. | Oglesby, Robinson, Baldwin, Brown', Shaw. |
| Clay | 424 712 1 457 768 |
| Clark | 1076 1405 0 985 1328 |
| Coler | 1859 1578 7 1300 1291 |
| Cumberland | 488 696 0 408 641 |
| Crawford | 693 922 731 1123 |
| Edgar | 1446 1431 1 1146 1573 |
| E.inghau | 214 803 0 220 788 |
| Fayette | 605 842 0 502 953 |
| Jasper | 450 619 0 468 676 |
| Lawrence | 455 662 0 541 789 |
| Logan | 1315 1174 6 1111 837 |
| Macon | 1168 939 17 741 804 |
| Moultrie | 513 570 0 419 445 |
| Piatt | 546 484 4 411 313 |
| Richland | 499 755 0 438 805 |

Total 11760 13588 36 9878 12994
 Robinson over Oglesby, 1828; Shaw's maj., 3115.

| | |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| VIII. | Baker, Fouke, Hope, Lansing, Smith. |
| Bond | 731 700 3 587 611 |
| Clinton | 377 883 15 325 872 |
| Jefferson | 288 1193 23 151 1232 |
| Madison | 2054 2185 31 1951 1695 |
| Marion | 575 1142 23 440 1162 |
| Monroe | 569 1149 6 532 1135 |
| Randolph | 917 1090 13 872 1459 |
| St. Clair | 2464 2058 73 2414 1974 |
| Washington | 435 1090 11 270 1159 |

Total 8410 11490 198 7512 11299
 Fouke over Baker, 3080; Smith over Lansing, 3787.

| | |
|------------|--|
| IX. | Phillips, Logan, Parish, Wiley, Mars'. |
| Alexander | 41 378 95 408 |
| Edwards | 395 267 12 292 |
| Franklin | 19 1030 91 1110 |
| Gallatin | 207 815 232 910 |
| Hamilton | 6 1155 68 1228 |
| Hardin | 46 395 175 328 |
| Jackson | 79 1225 59 1084 |
| Johnson | 7 1157 9 1195 |
| Massac | 15 750 233 633 |
| Perry | 474 798 556 696 |
| Pope | 18 774 65 859 |
| Pulaski | 67 580 21 443 |
| Sabine | 3 1143 144 34 1091 |
| Union | 65 819 81 1231 |
| Wabash | 396 623 551 516 |
| White | 611 1250 374 1281 |
| Williamson | 43 1554 717 1136 |
| Wayne | 304 1195 46 1502 |

Total 2796 15878 144 3419 15973
 Logan over Phillips, 13982; Marshall's maj., 12554.
 For Superintendent of Public Instruction, Bateman, Rep., received 124,556 votes; French, Doug., 122,413; Reynolds, Buch., 5173.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE...Republicans, 11; Democrats, 14.
 HOUSE...Republicans, 35; Democrats, 40.

WISCONSIN.

| | | |
|------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | CONGRESS, 1858. | PRESIDENT, 1856. |
| Districts. | Rep. Dem. | Rep. Dem. Am. Fill. |
| I. | Potter, Brown. | Fremont, Buch. |
| Kenosha | 1477 791 1508 831 0 | |
| Milwaukee | 4296 5025 2798 7188 25 | |
| Racine | 2431 1829 2299 1688 6 | |
| Walworth | 3539 1284 3518 1297 4 | |
| Waukesha | 2685 2242 2875 2020 8 | |

Total 14428 11171 12995 13024 43
 Potter's maj., 3257; Buchanan over Fremont, 26.

| | | |
|------------|------------------------------|----------------------|
| II. | Washburn, Dunn. | Fremont, Buch. Fill. |
| Adams | 767 338 1591 625 9 | |
| Bad Ax | 457 194 597 231 21 | |
| Buffalo | 151 200 68 165 0 | |
| Chippewa | 120 235 No return. | |
| Clark | 110 42 73 37 0 | |
| Crawford | 608 797 521 429 1 | |
| Dane | 3134 4015 3996 2343 6 | |
| Douglas | 49 95 No return. | |
| Dunn | 167 203 390 119 0 | |
| Eau Claire | 316 263 New County. | |
| Grant | 2230 1695 2809 1419 186 | |
| Green | 1473 831 2004 1087 32 | |
| Iowa | 1375 1646 1497 1474 27 | |
| Jackson | 242 174 306 144 6 | |
| Juneau | 766 526 With Adams. | |
| La Crosse | 919 998 987 541 25 | |
| Lafayette | 1267 1646 1415 1722 19 | |
| La Pointe | 38 132 No return. | |
| Marathon | 243 474 269 207 1 | |
| Munroe | 762 536 722 254 6 | |
| Pepin | 202 201 | |
| Pierce | 501 251 414 106 11 | |
| Polk | 124 135 95 54 1 | |
| Portage | 633 478 660 361 13 | |
| Richland | 782 682 882 455 37 | |
| Rock | 3810 1759 4707 1965 10 | |
| St. Croix | 478 471 417 252 0 | |
| Sauk | 1662 744 2015 993 4 | |
| Trempeleau | 248 97 190 45 0 | |
| Wood | 283 309 260 95 0 | |

Total 23917 20167 26905 16221 415
 Washburn's maj., 3750; Fremont over Buch, 10684.

| | |
|-------------|--|
| III. | Billinghurst, Larrabee, Fremont, Buch. Fill. |
| Brown | 262 1303 499 1004 0 |
| Calumet | 484 536 486 408 1 |
| Columbia | 2631 1618 2950 1239 7 |
| Dodge | 3601 3211 3455 2784 15 |
| Door | 100 73 No return. |
| Fond du Lac | 2972 2414 3292 2511 25 |
| Green Lake | 1947 928 |
| Jefferson | 2205 2151 3290 2434 6 |
| Keweenaw | 69 505 89 206 0 |
| Manitowoc | 1085 1596 1177 1907 0 |
| Marquette | 487 788 2518 1032 19 |
| Oconto | 221 278 No return. |
| Ozaukee | 348 1545 360 2032 0 |
| Outagamie | 523 810 602 753 1 |
| Shawano | 43 83 63 21 0 |
| Sheboygan | 1390 1842 1891 1921 15 |
| Washington | 466 1735 813 2641 7 |
| Waupaca | 964 464 1636 75 0 |
| Washara | 986 441 1292 215 6 |
| Winnebago | 2208 1584 2760 1415 20 |

Total 23011 22905 27187 23598 122
 Larrabee's maj., 894; Fremont over Buch., 3589.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

Congress...Republican, 61356; Democratic, 55243.
 President, '56 Fremont, ... 67090; Buchanan, ... 52843.
 Fillmore, ... 580.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE...Republicans, 16; Democrats, 14.
 HOUSE...Republicans, 55; Democrats, 42.

IOWA.

SEC. STATE, 1858. PRESIDENT, 1856.

| Counties. | Rep. Dem. | | Rep. Dem. Am. | | |
|-------------------|-----------|----------|---------------|---------|-----|
| | Sells. | Douglas. | Frem't. | Buch'n. |  | Fill. |
| Adair | 86 | 65 | 72 | 27 | 4 |
| Adams | 127 | 90 | 113 | 78 | 3 |
| Alamakee | 666 | 795 | 630 | 500 | 28 |
| Appanoose | 573 | 1070 | 191 | 854 | 487 |
| Audubon | 34 | 42 | 23 | 31 | 4 |
| Benton | 702 | 657 | 558 | 426 | 123 |
| Blackhawk | 664 | 449 | 566 | 282 | 33 |
| Boone | 286 | 406 | 203 | 319 | 66 |
| Bremer | 384 | 318 | 327 | 172 | 48 |
| Butler | 347 | 245 | 223 | 141 | 29 |
| Buchanan | 692 | 613 | 709 | 343 | 21 |
| Calhoun | 16 | 15 | 9 | 14 | |
| Carroll | 23 | 24 | New County. | | |
| Cass | 170 | 143 | 132 | 84 | |
| Cedar | 1047 | 886 | 1016 | 701 | 176 |
| Cerro Gordo | 130 | 46 | 101 | 40 | 1 |
| Cherokee | 17 | 3 | New County. | | |
| Chickasaw | 427 | 325 | 351 | 102 | 32 |
| Clark | 471 | 392 | 346 | 338 | 77 |
| Clay | 9 | 9 | New County. | | |
| Clayton | 1493 | 1154 | 1420 | 754 | 67 |
| Clinton | 1417 | 1360 | 1245 | 839 | 142 |
| Crawford | 46 | 50 | 36 | 8 | |
| Dallas | 430 | 397 | 487 | 319 | 20 |
| Davis | 668 | 1104 | 201 | 1014 | 752 |
| Decatur | 280 | 577 | 243 | 583 | 133 |
| Delaware | 749 | 630 | 801 | 500 | 149 |
| Des Moines | 1310 | 1417 | 1338 | 1413 | 522 |
| Dickinson | 35 | 10 | New County. | | |
| Dubuque | 1412 | 2937 | 1322 | 2427 | 256 |
| Fayette | 1094 | 662 | 1043 | 452 | 114 |
| Floyd | 494 | 246 | 224 | 124 | 14 |
| Franklin | 149 | 56 | 120 | 33 | |
| Fremont | 246 | 373 | 166 | 203 | 103 |
| Greene | 102 | 123 | 73 | 117 | |
| Grundy | 83 | 18 | 65 | 2 | |
| Hathrie | 220 | 229 | 196 | 205 | 12 |
| Hamilton | 207 | 109 | New County. | | |
| Hancock | 21 | 6 | New County. | | |
| Harrison | 191 | 236 | 170 | 124 | 9 |
| Hardin | 570 | 413 | 583 | 195 | 18 |
| Henry | 1842 | 832 | 1767 | 767 | 308 |
| Howard | 316 | 214 | 207 | 63 | |
| Humboldt | 5 | 14 | New County. | | |
| Ida | 5 | 4 | New County. | | |
| Iowa | 530 | 471 | 492 | 326 | 79 |
| Jackson | 1149 | 1506 | 1163 | 1332 | 276 |
| Jasper | 859 | 469 | 878 | 455 | 33 |
| Jefferson | 1025 | 856 | 1188 | 1023 | 206 |
| Johnson | 1590 | 1384 | 1215 | 964 | 282 |
| Jones | 634 | 784 | 964 | 663 | 10 |
| Keokuk | 727 | 689 | 895 | 830 | 197 |
| Kossuth | 72 | 31 | 85 | 12 | |
| Lee | 1850 | 2251 | 1780 | 2158 | 650 |
| Linn | 1445 | 1111 | 1652 | 971 | 273 |
| Lonsia | 1127 | 836 | 993 | 642 | 200 |
| Lucas | 432 | 375 | 288 | 355 | 176 |
| Madison | 578 | 613 | 580 | 519 | 61 |
| Malhaska | 1024 | 839 | 1284 | 940 | 268 |
| Marion | 1179 | 1323 | No return. | | |
| Marshall | 712 | 277 | 531 | 199 | 104 |
| Mills | 310 | 332 | 287 | 153 | 102 |
| Mitchell | 416 | 175 | 314 | 135 | 1 |
| Monroe | 549 | 617 | 622 | 603 | 93 |
| Monona | 77 | 79 | 41 | 56 | 13 |
| Montgomery | 86 | 83 | 63 | 58 | 17 |
| Muscataine | 1214 | 1063 | 1091 | 895 | 32 |
| Page | 304 | 227 | 100 | 171 | 189 |
| Polk | 1055 | 911 | 1065 | 888 | 91 |
| Plymouth | 24 | | New County. | | |
| Potawatomie | 232 | 460 | 259 | 353 | 84 |
| Poweshiek | 579 | 364 | 459 | 255 | 87 |
| Ringgold | 245 | 116 | 92 | 62 | 64 |
| Sac | 31 | 37 | 25 | 35 | |
| Scott | 2063 | 1347 | 1675 | 1119 | 329 |
| Story | 334 | 318 | 232 | 272 | 79 |
| Shelby | 77 | 54 | 62 | 19 | |
| Tama | 555 | 260 | 470 | 296 | 90 |
| Taylor | 277 | 208 | 119 | 183 | 31 |

| | Sells. | Douglas. | Frem't. | Buch'n. | Fill. |
|-------------------|--------|----------|-------------|---------|-------|
| Union | 119 | 143 | 102 | 121 | 17 |
| Van Buren | 1273 | 1283 | 1092 | 1396 | 324 |
| Wapello | 984 | 1149 | 1093 | 1175 | 252 |
| Warren | 959 | 620 | 865 | 613 | 102 |
| Washington | 1012 | 678 | 1188 | 629 | 403 |
| Wayne | 544 | 476 | 133 | 368 | 170 |
| Webster | 255 | 340 | 389 | 209 | 21 |
| Winnebago | 18 | 20 | New County. | | |
| Winneschick | 832 | 535 | 770 | 209 | 13 |
| Woodbury | 120 | 167 | New County. | | |
| Worth | 79 | 31 | New County. | | |
| Wright | 83 | 55 | 91 | 24 | |

Total 49085 45748 43954 36170 9180
Sells' maj., 3337; Fremont over Buchanan, 7784.

CONGRESS, '58. BA'N'G LAW, '58. CONG. '56

| Districts. | Rep. | Dem. | For Against | Rep. Dem. | | | |
|-------------------|--------|---------|-------------|-----------|------|------|------|
| I. | Curtis | Trimble | Law. | Cur. Law. | | | |
| Adair | 89 | 63. | 33 | 10. | 29 | 23 | |
| Adams | 123 | 88. | 51 | 59. | 73 | 65 | |
| Audubon | 34 | 42. | No return. | | | 20 | 804 |
| Appanoose | 607 | 1036. | 393 | 237. | 420 | 31 | |
| Cass | 174 | 142. | 83 | 45. | 108 | 72 | |
| Clark | 472 | 391. | 213 | 134. | 335 | 349 | |
| Dallas | 429 | 396. | 429 | 396. | 455 | 332 | |
| Davis | 653 | 1122. | 339 | 189. | 426 | 938 | |
| Decatur | 283 | 585. | 225 | 172. | 228 | 353 | |
| Des Moines | 1320 | 1422. | 726 | 104. | 1365 | 1323 | |
| Fremont | 249 | 373. | 20 | 177. | 197 | 307 | |
| Guthrie | 221 | 228. | 134 | 119. | 192 | 192 | |
| Harrison | 195 | 232. | 85 | 133. | 157 | 138 | |
| Henry | 1526 | 847. | 907 | 158. | 1517 | 635 | |
| Jasper | 837 | 467. | 653 | 147. | 770 | 278 | |
| Jefferson | 1035 | 852. | 444 | 270. | 1144 | 899 | |
| Keokuk | 728 | 689. | 726 | 301. | 784 | 723 | |
| Lee | 1859 | 2207. | No return. | | | 1691 | 1955 |
| Louisa | 1114 | 847. | 840 | 297. | 841 | 467 | |
| Lucas | 437 | 374. | 231 | 360. | 179 | 324 | |
| Madison | 585 | 612. | 373 | 107. | 551 | 442 | |
| Malhaska | 1032 | 834. | 930 | 195. | 1237 | 910 | |
| Marion | 1188 | 1319. | 626 | 341. | 1127 | 1273 | |
| Mills | 311 | 331. | 154 | 235. | 263 | 157 | |
| Monroe | 555 | 610. | 565 | 211. | 636 | 605 | |
| Montgomery | 86 | 83. | No return. | | | 79 | 53 |
| Page | 300 | 287. | No return. | | | 98 | 213 |
| Polk | 1035 | 933. | 1170 | 79. | 913 | 719 | |
| Potawatomie | 242 | 451. | 313 | 94. | 142 | 363 | |
| Poweshiek | 577 | 366. | 824 | 161. | 446 | 299 | |
| Ringgold | 216 | 113. | 62 | 54. | 108 | 59 | |
| Shelby | 74 | 52. | No return. | | | 62 | 5 |
| Taylor | 275 | 214. | 195 | 76. | 105 | 187 | |
| Union | 120 | 142. | 64 | 87. | 104 | 147 | |
| Van Buren | 1184 | 1272. | 665 | 389. | 1256 | 1261 | |
| Wapello | 999 | 1142. | 602 | 403. | 1083 | 1189 | |
| Warren | 969 | 615. | 739 | 204. | 856 | 490 | |
| Washington | 1022 | 668. | No return. | | | 1150 | 704 |
| Wayne | 338 | 493. | 293 | 118. | 234 | 330 | |

Total 23529 22929. 13777 5774. 21421 19604
Maj. for Curtis, 600; do. for General Banking Law, 8003; do. for Curtis in '56, 1317.

II. Vandever, Leffing'ill, For. Against, Davis, Leff'r.

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|------|-------|------------|------|---------|---------|-----|
| Alamakee | 605 | 646. | 424 | 314. | 455 | 352 | |
| Benton | 731 | 667. | 462 | 182. | 434 | 377 | |
| Black Hawk | 643 | 459. | 317 | 110. | 528 | 286 | |
| Boone | 284 | 405. | 230 | 194. | 222 | 265 | |
| Bremer | 388 | 320. | 208 | 112. | 258 | 199 | |
| Buchanaa | 693 | 612. | 794 | 289. | 482 | 252 | |
| Butler | 345 | 247. | 141 | 84. | 67 | 85 | |
| Calhoun | 16 | 15. | No return. | | | New Co. | |
| Carroll | 23 | 24. | 3 | 19. | New Co. | | |
| Cedar | 1048 | 880. | 655 | 150. | 840 | 708 | |
| Cerro Cordo | 129 | 46. | 47 | | 73 | 28 | |
| Cherokee | 17 | 3. | No return. | | | New Co. | |
| Chickasaw | 427 | 322. | 229 | 24. | 225 | 81 | |
| Clay | 9 | 9. | No return. | | | New Co. | |
| Clayton | 1493 | 1138. | 713 | 138. | 1081 | 876 | |
| Clinton | 1268 | 1409. | 958 | 137. | 944 | 717 | |
| Crawford | 42 | 22. | 16 | 28. | 20 | 5 | |
| Delaware | 743 | 684. | No return. | | | 599 | 305 |
| Dickinson | 35 | 10. | No return. | | | New Co. | |
| Dubuque | 1426 | 2928. | 1459 | 218. | 1172 | 1698 | |

IOWA—(Continued.)

| | Vandever. | Leffing'g. | For. | Against. | Davis. | Leff'r. |
|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Fayette | 1091 | 663. | 556 | 80. | 801 | 293 |
| Floyd | 495 | 246. | 267 | 36. | 291 | 79 |
| Franklin | 149 | 58. | 83 | 28. | 30 | 20 |
| Greene | 104 | 126. | 10 | 52. | 24 | 99 |
| Grundy | 87 | 19. | No return. | | 53 | 1 |
| Hamilton | 207 | 112. | 309 | 21. | New Co. | |
| Hancock | 20 | 7. | No return. | | New Co. | |
| Hardin | 569 | 414. | 282 | 117. | 428 | 145 |
| Howard | 321 | 206. | 247 | 10. | 97 | 30 |
| Humboldt | 56 | 16. | 23 | 8. | New Co. | |
| Ia | 5 | 4. | No return. | | New Co. | |
| Iowa | 550 | 475. | 231 | 198. | 404 | 320 |
| Jackson | 1117 | 1531. | 642 | 338. | 1052 | 970 |
| Johnson | 1389 | 1384. | 748 | 376. | 1092 | 876 |
| Jones | 636 | 781. | 627 | 203. | 754 | 684 |
| Kossuth | 72 | 32. | 70 | 28. | 32 | 13 |
| Linn | 1417 | 1112. | 1026 | 313. | 1430 | 836 |
| Marshall | 713 | 218. | 375 | 93. | 463 | 173 |
| Mitchell | 411 | 179. | No return. | | 238 | 87 |
| Monona | 78 | 81. | 39 | 25. | | 31 |
| Muscatine | 1201 | 1059. | 1036 | 44. | 956 | 827 |
| Plymouth | 16 | 9. | No return. | | New Co. | |
| Sac. | 31 | 37. | 2 | 36. | 20 | 17 |
| Scott | 2048 | 1369. | No return. | | 1472 | 1036 |
| Story | 831 | 320. | 329 | 79. | 203 | 229 |
| Tama | 535 | 264. | 306 | 114. | 439 | 158 |
| Webster | 255 | 340. | 225 | 49. | 323 | 259 |
| Winnebago | 18 | 20. | No return. | | New Co. | |
| Winnebiek | 827 | 537. | 65 | 49. | 446 | 145 |
| Woodbury | 116 | 170. | 372 | 43. | 30 | 87 |
| Worth | 79 | 31. | No return. | | New Co. | |
| Wright | 82 | 58. | No return. | | 46 | 25 |

Total.....25503 22,641.14,626 4389. 18,529 13574
 Maj. for Vandever, 2759; do. for Banking Law, 10237; do for Davis, 5155.

TOTAL VOTE OF THE STATE.

| | Republicans. | Democrats. | Maj. |
|---------------|------------------|------------------|------|
| Auditor | Catell.....48797 | Parvin.....46052 | 2714 |
| Treasurer | Jones.....48836 | Lorah.....45735 | 3101 |
| Att'y Gen. | Rice.....48814 | Elwood.....45727 | 3097 |
| Land Register | Miller.....49253 | Reid.....45539 | 3714 |
| D.M.Ins. Com. | Drake.....45175 | Baldwin 45444 | 2731 |

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE...Republicans, 21; Democrats, 15.
 HOUSE...Republicans, 42; Democrats, 30.

CALIFORNIA.

SUPREME COURT. PRESIDENT, 1856.

| Counties. | A.L.Dem. | Le.Dem. | Rep. | Dem. | Am. |
|-----------------|----------|---------|-------------|------|------|
| Alameda | 724 | 786. | 723 | 729 | 213 |
| Amador | 1716 | 1260. | 657 | 1784 | 1557 |
| Butte | 1314 | 817. | 744 | 2501 | 1702 |
| Calaveras | 1952 | 2238. | 562 | 2615 | 1504 |
| Colusa | 101 | 312. | 18 | 289 | 305 |
| Contra Costa | 391 | 438. | 188 | 457 | 288 |
| Del Norte | 75 | 330. | New County. | | |
| El Dorado | 2638 | 2607. | 1391 | 4048 | 2958 |
| Fresno | 1 | 243. | 1 | 218 | 123 |
| Humboldt | 364 | 239. | 103 | 204 | 191 |
| Klamath | 81 | 591. | 82 | 832 | 440 |
| Los Angeles | 36 | 1410. | 521 | 721 | 135 |
| Marin | 90 | 480. | 151 | 350 | 82 |
| Mariposa | 154 | 1113. | 165 | 1254 | 772 |
| Mered | 9 | 236. | 14 | 249 | 124 |
| Monterey | 342 | 278. | 220 | 267 | 169 |
| Napa | 635 | 563. | 157 | 444 | 341 |
| Nevada | 2535 | 2665. | 1462 | 3500 | 2238 |
| Placer | 1790 | 2168. | 922 | 2808 | 2096 |
| Plumas | 793 | 681. | 217 | 1124 | 865 |
| Sacramento | 2788 | 2439. | 941 | 3438 | 3386 |
| San Bernardino | 10 | 502. | 93 | 314 | 7 |
| San Diego | 17 | 185. | 18 | 173 | 38 |
| San Francisco | 5621 | 2903. | 5089 | 5332 | 1598 |
| San Joaquin | 894 | 1237. | 548 | 1285 | 1040 |
| San Luis Obispo | 4 | 256. | 107 | 83 | 15 |
| San Mateo | 204 | 308. | 238 | 282 | 113 |
| Santa Barbara | 1 | 313. | 183 | 176 | 10 |
| Santa Clara | 627 | 1064. | 809 | 576 | 673 |

| | Curry. | Baldwin. | Frem. | Buch. | Fill. |
|------------------|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| Santa Cruz | 388 | 371. | 196 | 320 | 288 |
| Shasta | 441 | 1017. | 169 | 1537 | 1083 |
| Sierra | 1586 | 2439. | 693 | 2506 | 2205 |
| Siskiyou | 1136 | 1563. | 464 | 2073 | 1791 |
| Solano | 827 | 895. | 189 | 799 | 634 |
| Sonoma & Mend'o | 1070 | 1812. | 382 | 1515 | 498 |
| Stanislaus | 63 | 238. | 21 | 436 | 228 |
| Sutter | 147 | 583. | 92 | 491 | 347 |
| Tehama | 95 | 822. | 44 | 426 | 311 |
| Trinity | 617 | 802. | 188 | 1011 | 882 |
| Tuolumne | 1582 | 2535. | 1056 | 2936 | 2112 |
| Tulare & B.Vista | 28 | 431. | 23 | 248 | 139 |
| Yolo | 422 | 532. | 130 | 553 | 683 |
| Yuba | 1838 | 1689. | 650 | 2451 | 2881 |

Total..... 26147 44599... 20691 53365 36165
 Baldwin's majority, 8452; Buchanan over Fillmore, 17200.

Mr. Curry was supported by Anti-Lecompton Democrats and Republicans.

For Comptroller, Melony, Lecompton Dem., received 44285 votes; Dawley, Anti-Lecompton Dem., 27759; Gunn, Rep., 7481.

Mr. Gunn's vote does not represent the Republican strength of the State, as many Republicans voted for the Anti-Lecompton candidate, Mr. Dawley.

For Congress, McKibbin received 32698; Dudley, 22781; Tracy, 9381.

Messrs. McKibbin and Dudley were the candidates of the Anti-Lecompton or Biederick Democracy, while the Republicans supported Mr. McKibbin and Mr. Tracy, and the Lecompton or Administration Democracy did not nominate candidates for Congress at all, contending that the election should, according to law, take place in 1859, and not in 1858. Of course, another election will be held, and there will be a contest at Washington for seats, unless Messrs. McKibbin and Dudley should be re-elected next year.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE..Rep'ub's, 4; Lec. Dem., 25; A.L.Dem., 5.
 HOUSE...Rep'ub's, 8; Lec. Dem., 55; A.L.Dem., 17.

OREGON—[Not yet admitted.]

GOVERNOR.

CONGRESS.

| Counties. | Opp. | Dem. | Opp. | Dem. |
|------------|------|------|------|------|
| Benton | 405 | 212 | 392 | 224 |
| Clackmas | 283 | 346 | 400 | 317 |
| Clatsop | 61 | 37 | 60 | 44 |
| Columbia | 59 | 55 | 63 | 52 |
| Coos | 7 | 54 | 11 | 86 |
| Curry | 8 | 126 | 10 | 126 |
| Douglas | 307 | 301 | 289 | 342 |
| Jackson | 432 | 440 | 242 | 628 |
| Josephine | 194 | 411 | 179 | 423 |
| Laue | 393 | 481 | 417 | 448 |
| Linn | 219 | 776 | 257 | 784 |
| Marion | 408 | 736 | 307 | 827 |
| Multnomah | 526 | 398 | 543 | 396 |
| Folk | 259 | 359 | 273 | 362 |
| Tillamook | 6 | 16 | 6 | 17 |
| Umpqua | 93 | 108 | 95 | 121 |
| Wasco | 13 | 212 | 21 | 213 |
| Washington | 206 | 158 | 211 | 188 |
| Yamhill | 418 | 259 | 422 | 261 |

Total..... 4407 5545 97...4199 5859 47
 Whitaker over Barnum, 1138; Grover over Kelly, 1660. Messrs. Denny and McBride ran as Republicans, though the Republicans generally voted for the Opposition candidates.

OTHER STATE OFFICERS.

Opposition. Democrats. Maj.
 Sec. State.....Rice.....3659; Heath.....5746—2087
 Treasurer.....Brumley, 3531; Boon.....5676—2145
 State Printer ..O'Meara, 4557; Bush.....4958—401
 For Treasurer, Applegate, Straight Rep., received 590 votes; and for State Printer, Craig, Straight Rep., received 413.

LEGISLATURE.

SENATE..Republicans... 4; Democrats.... 12.
 HOUSE...Republicans... 7; Democrats.... 26.

STATE GOVERNMENTS.

| States. | Capitals. | Governors. | Term Exp | Sal'yry | Leg're Meets. | Gen. Election. |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------|---------------|----------------|
| Alabama..... | Montgomery..... | Andrew B. Moore..... | Dec. 1859 | \$2,500 | 2 N. Nov. | 1 M. Aug. |
| Arkansas..... | Little Rock..... | Elias N. Conway..... | Nov. 1860 | 1,800 | 1 M. Nov. | 1 M. Aug. |
| California..... | Sacramento..... | John B. Weller..... | Dec. 1859 | 10,000 | 1 M. Jan. | 1 Th. Sept. |
| Connecticut..... | Hartford & N. H'n. | William A. Buckingham | May, 1859 | 1,000 | 1 W. May. | 1 M. April. |
| Delaware..... | Dover..... | William Burton..... | Jan. 1863 | 1,333 | 1 Tu. June. | 2 Tu. Nov. |
| Florida..... | Tallahassee..... | Marshall S. Perry..... | Nov. 1861 | 1,500 | 1 M. Nov. | 1 M. Oct. |
| Georgia..... | Milledgeville..... | Joseph E. Brown..... | Nov. 1859 | 3,000 | 1 M. Nov. | 1 M. Oct. |
| Illinois..... | Springfield..... | William H. Bissell..... | Jan. 1861 | 1,500 | 2 M. Jan. | 1 Tu. Nov. |
| Indiana..... | Indianapolis..... | Asibel P. Willard..... | Jan. 1861 | 1,300 | January. | 2 Tu. Oct. |
| Iowa..... | Des Moines..... | Ralph P. Luce..... | Jan. 1860 | 1,000 | 2 M. Jan. | 2 Tu. Oct. |
| Kentucky..... | Frankfort..... | CHARLES S. MOREHEAD | Aug. 1859 | 2,500 | 1 M. Dec. | 1 M. Aug. |
| Louisiana..... | Baton Rouge..... | R. C. Wickliffe..... | Jan. 1860 | — | 3 M. Jan. | 1 M. Nov. |
| Maine..... | Augusta..... | Lot M. Morrill..... | Jan. 1860 | 1,500 | 1 W. Jan. | 2 M. Sept. |
| Maryland..... | Annapolis..... | THOMAS H. HICKS..... | Jan. 1862 | 3,600 | 1 W. Jan. | 1 W. Nov. |
| Massachusetts..... | Boston..... | Nathaniel P. Banks..... | Jan. 1860 | 2,500 | 1 W. Jan. | 1 Tu. Nov. |
| Michigan..... | Lansing..... | Jesse Wiener..... | Jan. 1861 | 1,500 | 1 W. Jan. | 1 Tu. Nov. |
| Minnesota..... | St. Paul..... | Henry H. Sibley..... | Jan. 1860 | — | — | 2 Tu. Oct. |
| Mississippi..... | Jackson..... | William McWillie..... | Jan. 1860 | 3,000 | 1 M. Jan. | 1 M. Oct. |
| Missouri..... | Jefferson City..... | Robert M. Stewart..... | Dec. 1860 | 2,000 | Last M. Dec. | 1 M. Aug. |
| N. Hampshire..... | Concord..... | William Hille..... | June, 1859 | 1,000 | 1 W. June. | 2 Tu. March. |
| New Jersey..... | Trenton..... | William A. Newell..... | Jan. 1860 | 1,800 | 2 Tu. Jan. | 1 Tu. Nov. |
| New York..... | Albany..... | Edwin D. Morgan..... | Jan. 1861 | 4,000 | 1 Tu. Jan. | 1 Tu. Nov. |
| N. Carolina..... | Raleigh..... | John W. Ellis..... | Jan. 1861 | 2,000 | 3 M. Nov. | 2 Tu. Aug. |
| Ohio..... | Columbus..... | Salmon P. Chase..... | Jan. 1860 | 1,800 | 1 M. Jan. | 2 Tu. Oct. |
| Pennsylvania..... | Harrisburg..... | William F. Packer..... | Jan. 1861 | 3,500 | 1 Tu. Jan. | 2 Tu. Oct. |
| Rhode Island..... | Newport & Prov'ce. | Elisha Dyer..... | May, 1859 | 490 | May & Oct. | 1 W. April. |
| South Carolina..... | Columbia..... | William H. Gist..... | Dec. 1860 | 3,500 | 3 M. Nov. | 2 M. Oct. |
| Tennessee..... | Nashville..... | Isham G. Harris..... | Oct. 1859 | 2,000 | 1 M. Oct. | 1 Th. Aug. |
| Texas..... | Austin..... | Hardin R. Runnells..... | Dec. 1861 | 3,000 | In Decem'r | 1 M. Aug. |
| Vermont..... | Montpelier..... | Hiland Hall..... | Oct. 1859 | 750 | 2 Th. Oct. | 1 Th. Sept. |
| Virginia..... | Richmond..... | Henry A. Wise..... | Jan. 1860 | 5,000 | 2 M. Jan. | 4 Th. May. |
| Wisconsin..... | Madison..... | Alexander W. Randall..... | Dec. 1859 | 1,250 | 1 M. Jan. | 1 Th. Nov. |

GOVERNORS OF TERRITORIES.—*New Mexico*, Abraham Rencher; *Washington*, Fayette McMullen; *Nebraska*, Wm. A. Richardson; *Utah*, Alfred Cumming; *Kansas*, Samuel Medary; *Oregon*, Geo. L. Curry.

The following States hold Legislative Sessions biennially, viz.: *Delaware*, Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Michigan, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas, Tennessee, Ohio, Indiana, Missouri, Iowa, and Illinois. Democrats in Roman; Republicans in *Italics*; Americans in SMALL CAPS.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT.

| STATES. | 1856. | | | 1852. | | | 1848. | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| | Rep. Fremont. | Dem. Buchanan. | Am. Fillmore. | Whig. Scott. | Dem. Pierce. | F. S. Hale. | Whig. Taylor. | Dem. Cass. | F. S. Van Bu'n. |
| Alabama..... | | 46,739 | 28,552 | 15,038 | 26,881 | | 30,482 | 31,363 | |
| Arkansas..... | | 21,910 | 10,787 | 7,404 | 12,173 | | 7,588 | 9,300 | |
| California..... | 20,691 | 53,365 | 36,165 | 34,971 | 39,665 | 100 | Admitted since | 1848. | |
| Connecticut..... | 42,715 | 34,995 | 2,615 | 30,359 | 33,249 | 3,160 | 30,314 | 27,046 | 5,005 |
| Delaware..... | 308 | 8,004 | 6,175 | 6,293 | 6,318 | 62 | 6,422 | 5,910 | 80 |
| Florida..... | | 6,358 | 4,833 | 2,875 | 4,318 | | 4,539 | 3,238 | |
| Georgia..... | | 56,581 | 42,439 | 16,660 | 34,705 | | 47,544 | 44,802 | |
| Illinois..... | 96,189 | 105,348 | 37,444 | 64,934 | 80,597 | 9,966 | 53,215 | 56,629 | 15,804 |
| Indiana..... | 94,375 | 118,670 | 22,386 | 80,901 | 95,299 | 6,984 | 69,907 | 74,745 | 8,100 |
| Iowa..... | 43,954 | 36,170 | 9,180 | 15,855 | 17,762 | 1,606 | 11,178 | 12,125 | 1,126 |
| Kentucky..... | 314 | 74,642 | 67,416 | 57,068 | 53,806 | 265 | 67,141 | 49,720 | |
| Louisiana..... | | 22,164 | 20,709 | 17,255 | 18,647 | | 18,217 | 15,370 | 1 |
| Maine..... | 67,179 | 39,080 | 3,325 | 32,543 | 41,609 | 8,020 | 35,276 | 40,206 | 12,178 |
| Maryland..... | 281 | 39,115 | 47,460 | 35,077 | 40,222 | 54 | 37,702 | 34,528 | 125 |
| Massachusetts..... | 108,190 | 39,240 | 19,626 | 56,062 | 46,880 | 29,993 | 61,070 | 35,281 | 38,058 |
| Michigan..... | 71,762 | 52,136 | 1,660 | 33,860 | 41,842 | 7,237 | 23,940 | 30,687 | 10,289 |
| Mississippi..... | | 35,446 | 24,195 | 17,548 | 26,876 | | 25,922 | 26,537 | |
| Missouri..... | | 58,164 | 48,524 | 29,984 | 38,353 | | 32,671 | 40,077 | |
| New Hampshire..... | 38,345 | 32,789 | 422 | 16,147 | 29,997 | 6,695 | 14,781 | 27,763 | 7,560 |
| New Jersey..... | 28,338 | 46,943 | 24,115 | 38,556 | 44,305 | 350 | 40,015 | 36,901 | 849 |
| New York..... | 276,004 | 195,878 | 124,604 | 234,882 | 262,083 | 25,329 | 218,583 | 114,319 | 120,497 |
| North Carolina..... | | 48,246 | 36,886 | 39,058 | 39,744 | 59 | 43,519 | 34,869 | 85 |
| Ohio..... | 187,497 | 170,874 | 28,121 | 152,526 | 169,220 | 31,682 | 178,350 | 154,773 | 35,347 |
| Pennsylvania..... | 147,963 | 230,772 | 82,202 | 179,122 | 198,568 | 8,524 | 185,730 | 172,186 | 11,177 |
| Rhode Island..... | 11,467 | 6,680 | 1,675 | 7,626 | 8,735 | | 6,779 | 3,646 | 730 |
| South Carolina..... | President | tial Elec | tors cho | sen by the | Legislat | ure. | | | |
| Tennessee..... | | 73,636 | 66,117 | 58,898 | 57,018 | | 64,705 | 58,419 | |
| Texas..... | | 31,169 | 15,639 | 4,935 | 13,552 | | 4,509 | 10,668 | 3 |
| Vermont..... | 39,561 | 10,569 | 545 | 22,173 | 13,044 | 8,621 | 23,122 | 10,948 | 13,837 |
| Virginia..... | 291 | 69,706 | 60,310 | 57,132 | 72,413 | | 45,265 | 46,738 | 9 |
| Wisconsin..... | 66,090 | 52,843 | 580 | 22,240 | 33,658 | 8,814 | 13,747 | 15,001 | 10,418 |
| Total..... | 1,341,514 | 1,838,232 | 874,707 | 1,393,069 | 1,596,395 | 158,123 | 1,362,232 | 1,223,795 | 291,378 |

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

OFFICE, 112 and 114 BROADWAY.

| | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| CASH CAPITAL | | \$600,000 |
| SURPLUS, OVER | | 250,000 |

Insures Buildings, Merchandise, and Property generally against Loss or Damage by Fire.

DWELLINGS and FARM PROPERTY Insured for one, three, or five years, on favorable terms.

DIRECTORS.

- CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
- A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.
- WILLIAM G. LAMBERT, of A. & A. Lawrence & Co.
- GEORGE C. COLLINS, of Sherman & Collins.
- DANFORD N. BARNEY, of Wells, Fargo & Co.
- LUCIUS HOPKINS, Pres't Importers' & Traders' Bank.
- THOMAS MESSENGER, of T. & H. Messenger.
- WILLIAM H. MELLEN, of Claffin, Mellen & Co.
- CHAS. B. HATCH, of Hatch, Hiller & Mersereau.
- B. WATSON BULL, of Haskell, Merrick & Bull.
- HOMER MORGAN.
- LEVI P. STONE, of Stone, Starr & Co.
- JAMES HUMPHREY, of Barney, Humphrey & Butler.
- GEORGE PEARCE, of George Pearce & Co.
- WARD A. WORK, of Ward A. Work & Son.
- JAMES LOW, of James Low & Co., of Louisville.
- ISAAC H. FROTHINGHAM, of I. H. Frothingham & Co.
- CHARLES A. BULKLEY, of Bulkley & Co.
- CEPHAS H. NORTON, of Norton & Jewett.
- GEORGE D. MORGAN, of E. D. Morgan & Co.
- THEODORE MCNAMEE, of Bowen, McNamee & Co.
- RICHARD BIGELOW, of Doan, King & Co., St. Louis.

- OLIVER E. WOOD, of Willard, Wood & Co.
- ALFRED S. BARNES, of A. S. Barnes & Co.
- GEORGE BLISS, of Phe'ps, Bliss & Co.
- ROE LOCKWOOD, of R. Lockwood & Son.
- JOHN G. NELSON, of Nelson & Co.
- LYMAN COOKE, of Cooke, Dowd, Baker & Co.
- LEVI P. MORTON, of Morton, Grinnell & Co.
- CURTIS NOBLE, of Condit & Noble.
- JOHN B. HUTCHINSON, of J. C. Howe & Co., of Boston.
- CHARLES P. BALDWIN, of Baldwin, Starr & Co.
- AMOS T. DWIGHT, of Trowbridge, Dwight & Co.
- HENRY A. HURLBUT, of Swift, Hurlbut & Co.
- JESSE HOYT, of Jesse Hoyt & Co.
- WM. STURGIS, JR., of Sturgis, Shaw & Co.
- JOHN R. FORD, of Ford Rubber Co.
- SIDNEY MASON, of Mason & Thompson
- GEO. T. STEDMAN, of Stedman, Carlile & Shaw, of Cincinnati.
- CYRUS YALE, JR., of Cyrus Yale, Jr. & Co., of New Orleans.
- WM. R. FOSDICK, of Wm. R. & Chas. B. Fosdick.
- DAVID I. BOYD, of Boyd Brothers & Co., of Albany, N. Y.
- F. H. COSSITT, of Cossitt, Hill & Talmadge, of Memphis, Tenn.

CHARLES J. MARTIN, President.
A. F. WILLMARTH, Vice-President.

J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary.

This Company has Agencies in the Principal cities and villages in the United States.

IMPORTANT NATIONAL WORKS,

PUBLISHED BY D. APPLETON & CO., NEW YORK.

66

The following works are sent to Subscribers in any part of the country (upon receipt of retail price), by mail or express, prepaid.

THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPÆDIA: A popular Dictionary of General Knowledge. Edited by GEORGE RIPLEY and CHARLES A. DANA, aided by a numerous select corps of writers in all branches of Science, Art, and Literature. This work is being published in about 15 large octavo volumes, each containing 750 two-column pages. Vols. I., II., III., and IV., are now ready, each containing near 2,500 original articles. An additional volume will be published once in about three months.

Price, in Cloth, \$3 00; Sheep, \$3 50; Half Mor., \$4 00; Half Russia, \$4 50, each.

The New American Cyclopædia is popular without being superficial, learned but not pedantic, comprehensive but sufficiently detailed, free from personal pique and party prejudice, fresh and yet accurate. It is a complete statement of all that is known upon every important topic within the scope of human intelligence. Every important article in it has been specially written for its pages by men who are authorities upon the topics of which they speak. They are required to bring the subject up to the present moment—to state just how it stands *now*. All the statistical information is from the *latest* reports; the geographical accounts keep pace with the latest explorations; historical matters include the freshest just views; the biographical notices not only speak of the dead, but also of the living. It is a library of itself.

ABRIDGMENT OF THE DEBATES OF CONGRESS: Being a Political History of the United States, from the organization of the first Federal Congress in 1789 to 1856. Edited and compiled by Hon. THOMAS H. BENTON, from the Official Records of Congress.

The work will be completed in 15 royal octavo volumes of 750 pages each, 9 of which are now ready. An additional volume will be published once in three months.

Price, in Cloth, \$3 00; Law Sheep, \$3 50; Half Mor., \$4 00; Half Calif, \$4 50, each.

A WAY OF PROCURING THE CYCLOPÆDIA, OR THE DEBATES.

Form a club of four, and remit the price of four books, and five copies will be sent at the remitter's expense for carriage; or for ten subscribers, eleven copies in cloth will be sent at our expense for carriage.

THIRTY YEARS' VIEW: Or a History of the Working of the American Government for Thirty Years, from 1820 to 1850. Chiefly taken from the Congress Debates, the private papers of General Jackson, and the speeches of ex-Senator Benton, with his actual view of men and affairs: with Historical Notes and Illustrations, and some notices of eminent deceased contemporaries. By Hon. THOMAS H. BENTON.

Complete in two volumes, royal octavo, of about 750 pages each.

Price, in Cloth, \$5 00; Sheep, \$6 00; Half Mor., \$7 00.

CYCLOPÆDIA OF WIT AND HUMOR:—Of America, Ireland, Scotland, and England. By WM. E. BURTON, Comedian. Embellished with upwards of five hundred engravings from original designs, and 24 portraits on steel. Complete in two large volumes.

Price, in Cloth, \$7 00; Sheep, \$8 00; Half Calif, \$10 00.

AMERICAN ELOQUENCE: A Collection of the Speeches and Addresses of the most eminent Orators of America: with Biographical Sketches, and illustrative Notes. By FRANK MOORE. Complete in two volumes, royal octavo, with 14 steel-plate portraits.

Price, in Cloth, \$5 00; Sheep, \$6 00; Half Mor., \$7 00.

To Agents.

No other works will so liberally reward the exertions of Agents. Terms made known upon application to the Publishers.

AGRICULTURAL BOOKS

PUBLISHED BY

67

A. O. MOORE & CO.,

140 Fulton Street, New York.

Sent by mail to any part of the United States on receipt of price.

| | | | |
|---|----------------|--|--------------|
| 1 American Farmers' Encyclopædia—A Work of great value..... | \$4 00 | 49 Johnston's Elements of Agricultural Chemistry and Geology..... | \$1 00 |
| 2 Allen's American Farm Book..... | 1 00 | 50 Johnston's Catechism of Agricultural Chemistry for Schools..... | 25 |
| 3 Allen's Diseases of Domestic Animals | 75 | 51 Langstroth on the Hive and Honey Bee..... | 1 25 |
| 4 Allen's Rural Architecture..... | 1 25 | 52 Leucher's Hot-houses..... | 1 25 |
| 5 Allen on the Culture of the Grape.... | 1 00 | 53 Lielig's Familiar Letters to Farmers | 50 |
| 6 American Architect, or Plans for Country Dwellings..... | 6 00 | 54 Linsley's Morgan Horses..... | 75 |
| 7 American Florist's Guide..... | 75 | 55 Miner's Bee-keeper's Manual..... | 1 00 |
| 8 Barry's Fruit Garden..... | 1 25 | 56 Miles on the Horse's Foot..... | 50 |
| 9 Blake's Farmer at Home..... | 1 25 | 57 Milburn on the Cow..... | 25 |
| 10 Bous-ingault's Rural Economy..... | 1 25 | 58 Moore's Rural Hand Books, bound in 4 Series.....each | 1 25 |
| 11 Browne's Bird Fancier..... | 50 | 59 Munn's Land Drainer..... | 50 |
| 12 Browne's Poultry Yard..... | 1 00 | 60 Nash's Progressive Farmer..... | 60 |
| 13 Browne's Field Book of Manures..... | 1 25 | 61 Neill's Gardener's Companion..... | 1 00 |
| 14 Bridgeman's Gardener's Assistant.... | 1 50 | 62 Norton's Elements of Agriculture.... | 60 |
| 15 Bridgeman's Florist's Guide..... | 60 | 63 Olcott's Sorgho and Imphee..... | 1 00 |
| 16 Bridgeman's Kitchen Gardener's In- structor..... | 60 | 64 Pardee on the Strawberry..... | 60 |
| 17 Bridgeman's Fruit Cultivator's Ma- nual..... | 60 | 65 Pedder's Land Measurer..... | 50 |
| 18 Breck's Book of Flowers..... | 1 00 | 66 Persez' New Culture of the Vine.... | 25 |
| 19 Buist's Flower Garden Directory..... | 1 25 | 67 Phelps' Bee-keeper's Chart..... | 25 |
| 20 Buist's Family Kitchen Gardener.... | 75 | 68 Quinby's Mysteries of Bee-keeping.. | 1 00 |
| 21 Chinese Sugar Cane and Sugar Mak- ing..... | 25 | 69 Rabbit Fancier..... | 50 |
| 22 Chorlton's Grape Grower's Guide..... | 60 | 70 Randall's Sheep Husbandry..... | 1 25 |
| 23 Cobbett's American Gardener..... | 50 | 71 Richardson on the Horse..... | 25 |
| 24 Cottage and Farm Bee-keeper..... | 25 | 72 Richardson's Pests of the Farm.... | 25 |
| 25 Cole's American Fruit Book..... | 50 | 73 Richardson's Domestic Fowls..... | 25 |
| 26 Cole's American Veterinarian..... | 50 | 74 Richardson on the Hog..... | 25 |
| 27 Dadd's Modern Horse Doctor..... | 1 00 | 75 Richardson on the Honey Bee..... | 25 |
| 28 Dadd's American Cattle Doctor..... | 1 00 | 76 Richardson on the Dog..... | 25 |
| 29 Dadd's Anatomy and Physiology of the Horse..... | 2 00 | 77 Reemelin's Vine-dresser's Manual.. | 50 |
| Do, colored plates..... | 4 00 | 78 Shepherd's Own Book..... | 2 00 |
| 30 Dana's Muck Manual..... | 1 00 | 79 Stewart's Stable Book..... | 1 00 |
| 31 Dana's Prize Essay on Manures..... | 25 | 80 Stray Leaves from the Book of Na- ture..... | 1 00 |
| 32 Darlington's Weeds and Useful Plants..... | 1 50 | 81 Stephens' Book of the Farm, 2 vols.. | 4 00 |
| 33 Domestic and Ornamental Poultry... Do, colored plates..... | 1 00 2 00 | 82 Stockhardt's Chem. Field Lectures.. | 1 00 |
| 34 Downing's Landscape Gardening.... | 3 50 | 83 Skillful Housewife..... | 25 |
| 35 Downing's Rural Essays..... | 3 00 | 84 Skinner's Elements of Agriculture.. | 25 |
| 36 Eastwood's Cranberry Culture..... | 50 | 85 Smith's Landscape Gardening..... | 1 25 |
| 37 Elliott's Western Fruit Book..... | 1 25 | 86 Thær's Principles of Agriculture.... | 2 00 |
| 38 Every Lady her own Flower Gardener | 50 | 87 Thomas' Farm Implements..... | 1 00 |
| 39 Fessenden's Farmer and Gardener... 40 Fessenden's Am. Kitchen Gardener.. | 1 50 25 | 88 Thompson's Food of Animals..... | 75 |
| 41 Field's Pear Culture..... | 1 00 | 89 The Rose Culturist..... | 25 |
| 42 Fish Culture..... | 1 00 | 90 Topham's Chemistry Made Easy.... | 25 |
| 43 Flint on Grasses..... | 1 25 | 91 Turner's Cotton Planter's Manual... 92 Warder's Hedges and Evergreens... | 1 00 1 00 |
| 44 Guenon on Milch Cows..... | 60 | 93 Waring's Elements of Agriculture... 94 Weeks on Bees..... | 75 25 |
| 45 Herbert's Hints to Horse-keepers.... 46 Hooper's Dog and Gun..... | 1 00 25 | 95 White's Gardening for the South... 96 Wilson on Flax..... | 1 25 25 |
| 47 Hyde's Chinese Sugar Cane..... | 25 | 97 Youatt and Martin on Cattle..... 98 Youatt on the Horse..... | 1 25 1 25 |
| 48 Johnston's Agricultural Chemistry... 49 Johnston's Elements of Agricultural Chemistry and Geology..... | 1 25 \$1 00 | 99 Youatt on Sheep..... 100 Youatt on the Hog..... | 75 75 |

STRONG AS LINEN.

IVORY POLISHED

PATENT GLACE SPOOL COTTON,

MANUFACTURED BY

JONAS BROOK & BROTHERS,

MELTHAM MILLS, ENGLAND.

**WHITE, BLACK, AND ALL COLORS, ON SPOOLS OF 200 OR
500 YARDS.**

The great demand for this Sewing Cotton has compelled the Manufacturers largely to increase their production, and their Agent can now promptly supply all orders. Being made of the

FINEST SEA ISLAND COTTON,

it combines the SMOOTHNESS AND LUSTRE OF SILK, with the STRENGTH OF LINEN, and for either MACHINE or HAND SEWING it has no equal. In competition with all other Spool Cotton at the Great Exhibitions in London and Paris, it took the highest prizes awarded to Sewing Cotton, and the justness of this decision is confirmed by thousands of families and manufacturers now using it in the United States. Its great popularity has brought into the market numerous imitations, which are sold at lower prices, but which will not stand the friction of the needle, nor retain their strength after washing. Brook's Cotton may be known by their name and crest—"A GOAT'S HEAD"—on one end of the spool. Lengths marked on each spool guaranteed.

Sold by respectable dealers generally throughout the country, and in assorted cases of 100 dozen each by the Manufacturers' Agent,

WM. HENRY SMITH,

32 and 34 Vesey st., New York.

SMOOTH AS SILK.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.

A BOON TO THE SICK.



The want of a sterling medicinal to meet the ills and necessities of the suffering portion of humanity, and one entirely free from mineral and other deleterious particles, was severely felt till this all powerful medicine was ushered into the world; HOLLOWAY'S INVALUABLE PILLS have become the HOUSEHOLD REMEDY of all nations. Their attribute is to PREVENT as well as to CURE; assisting nature in her task of VITAL and FUNCTIONARY REFORMATION.

BAD LEGS, OLD SORES, AND ULCERS.

Cases of many years' standing that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy or treatment, have invariably succumbed to a few applications of this powerful unguent. N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder affixed to each box.

GLACE SPOOL COTTON.

SPOOL COTTON.



STEARNS & MARVIN'S

WILDER PATENT

SALAMANDER SAFE,

SECURED BY OUR

"LA BELLE"

POWDER PROOF LOCK.

Manufactured for nearly seventeen years, and which have been severely tested in over 300 accidental Fires.

NOT ONE HAS EVER FAILED!

STEARNS & MARVIN, { No. 40 Murray St., New York.
57 Gravier St., N. Orleans.
29 N. Main St., St. Louis.

J. A. H. HASBROUCK

STATIONER'S HALL,

174 & 176 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC STATIONERY,

Wholesale and Retail at the lowest Cash Prices,

Offers to the Trade a well-selected stock of Staple and Fancy Stationery,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

ENGLISH, FRENCH, AND AMERICAN PAPERS,

ENGLISH DRAWING AND TRACING PAPERS, ENVELOPES,

PLAIN, ADHESIVE, AND CLOTH LINED.

GENUINE FABER'S DRAWING AND OTHER PENCILS.

PAPIER MACHE GOODS,

Gold and Silver Pen and Pencil Cases; Gold, Steel, and Quill Pens; Banker's Cases; Porte

Monnales and Wallets. Fancy Bronze and Ebony Inkstands, Mahogany,

Rosewood, and Leather Writing and Travelling Desks, Copying

and Notarial Presses and Stands, &c., &c.

ACCOUNT BOOKS

MANUFACTURED TO ORDER, OR SOLD FROM THE SHELVES—ALL SIZES.

PRINTING.

New Steam Printing Office, with Power Presses, and New Fonts of Copper Faced Type.

LITHOGRAPHY.

BY THE BEST AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN ARTISTS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS INVITED TO CALL.

SCHOOL BOOKS FOR THE UNION.

National Series of Standard School Books,

PUBLISHED BY

A. S. BARNES & CO.,

51 & 53 John St., New York.

Teachers and Educators will please examine the following Books.

1. READING AND ORTHOGRAPHY.

| | | | |
|---|------|---|------|
| Parker and Watson's Readers, 5 Nos. | | Smith's Juvenile Definer, | 30c. |
| Parker and Watson's Primer, Illustrated. | 15c. | Smith's Grammar-School Speller, | 40 |
| Parker and Watson's Speller, | 25 | Smith's Definer's Manual, | 60 |
| Wright's Analytical Orthography, | 25 | Northend's Dictation Exercises, | 25 |
| Page's Normal Chart of Elementary Sounds, \$2 50. | | | |

2. ENGLISH GRAMMAR AND COMPOSITION.

| | | | |
|---|--------|---|--------|
| Clark's First Lessons in Eng. Grammar, . . | \$0 30 | Welch's Analysis of English Sentences, . . | \$0 75 |
| Clark's English Grammar, | 60 | Clark's Etymological Chart, | 2 50 |
| Clark's Analysis of English Language, . . . | 40 | Brookfield's First Book in Composition, . . | 40 |

3. GEOGRAPHICAL SERIES.

| | | | |
|--|------|---|--------|
| Monteith's First Lessons in Geography, . . | 25c. | Monteith's Manual of Geography, | \$0 60 |
| Monteith's Introduction to Manual, | 40 | McNally's Complete School Geography, . . | 1 00 |

4. DAVIES' SERIES OF ARITHMETICS.

| | | | |
|--|------|--|------|
| Davies' Primary Arithmetic, | 15c. | Davies' New School Arithmetic, | 45c. |
| Davies' Intellectual Arithmetic, | 25 | Davies' University Arithmetic, | 75 |

5 SCHOOL HISTORIES.

| | | | |
|--|------|--|--------|
| Monteith's Youth's History of U. States, . . | 50c. | Willard's Universal History, | \$1 50 |
| Willard's School Hist. of United States, . . | 75 | Ricord's History of Rome, | 1 00 |

6. NATURAL PHILOSOPHY AND CHEMISTRY.

| | |
|---|--|
| Parker's 1st Lessons in Nat. Philosophy, \$0 37 | Norton and Porter's 1st Book of Science, \$1 00 |
| Parker's School Compendium of Philos'y, 1 00 | Porter's Principles of Chemistry, 1 00 |
| Bartlett's College Philosophy. 4 vols. | Gregory's Outlines of Chemistry, 2 vols., 3 00 |

7. DAVIES' ALGEBRA — GEOMETRY, &c.

| | | | |
|--|--------|--|--------|
| Davies' Elementary Algebra, | \$0 70 | Davies' Practical Mathematics, | \$1 00 |
| Davies' University Algebra, | 1 25 | Davies' Elementary Geometry, | 1 00 |
| Davies' Bourdon's Algebra, | 1 30 | Davies' Legendre's Geometry, | 1 50 |
| Davies' Elements of Surveying, | 1 50 | Davies' Mathematical Dictionary, | 2 50 |

8. ELOCUTION, INTELLECTUAL PHILOSOPHY, RHETORIC, &c.

| | | | |
|---|--------|--|--------|
| Northend's Little Speaker, | \$0 34 | Mahan's Intellectual Philosophy, | \$1 00 |
| Northend's American Speaker, | 0 75 | Boyd's Kames' Elements of Criticism, | 1 25 |
| Northend's School Dialogues, | 0 75 | Day's Art of Rhetoric, | 0 75 |
| Zacho's New American Speaker, | 1 25 | Fulton and Eastman's System of Book-keeping, | 0 75 |

Copies sent to any part of the United States (postage paid), upon receipt of the price.

A. S. Barnes & Co.'s Descriptive Catalogue of all their Books sent gratis.

SOMETHING NEW.

B. T. BABBITT'S BEST MEDICINAL SALERATUS is manufactured from common salt. B. T. Babbitt's best Saleratus is prepared entirely different from other Saleratus. All the deleterious matter extracted in such a manner as to produce Bread, Biscuit, and all kinds of Cake, without containing a particle of Saleratus when the Bread or Cake is baked; thereby producing wholesome results. Every particle of Saleratus is turned to gas and passes through the Bread or Biscuit while baking; consequently nothing remains but common salt, water and flour. You will readily perceive, by the taste of this Saleratus, that it is entirely different from other Saleratus. When you purchase one paper you should take the old paper with you, and be very particular and get the next exactly like the first (name and picture, twisted loaf bread, with a glass effervescing water on the top).

Full directions for making Bread with Sour Milk and Cream Tartar, and all kinds of Pastry; also for making Soda water; also directions for making Seidlitz Powders will accompany each package.

B. T. BABBITT,

Nos. 68 and 70 Washington St., N. Y., and No. 88 India St., Boston.

PURE CONCENTRATED POTASH,

In 6 lb. cans — Six pounds of this Potash are equal to twelve pounds of common Potash. This article is broken into small pieces, suitable for retailing in the smallest quantities. The attention of Druggists is especially called to this Potash. Cases of 1 doz., 2 doz., 3 doz., and 6 doz.

The Proprietor of this **POTASH** has for many years seen the necessity of having some reliable standard for the strength of **POTASH**. The adulteration has become so general, that it has, notwithstanding its valuable properties, gone nearly out of use. The Proprietor has taken the responsibility of subscribing his name to every package, and warrants the strength to be uniform, and when used, always producing the same results. Potash many times is adulterated with salt, which is destructive in making soap; it makes the ladies say they did not have good luck, etc. One other reason that Potash has gone out of use is, it is so unpleasant to handle, being put up in wooden casks, and becoming a liquid in many cases, and very troublesome to the retailers.

Now the Proprietor first obtains pure Potashes, always being the same strength, and producing the same results; and will warrant it in all cases, if the directions are followed, to produce double the effect in making soaps, and all other purposes for which Potash is used, with full directions for making the best of Soft, Hard, or Fancy Soaps, in one to five hours, without smell in the house, if made often while the grease is sweet. It is made with little trouble; the ley is all prepared in five or ten minutes, and the kettle can stand on the stove, at a moderate boil, until its contents becomes soap, which is usually in about one to five hours. The soap must be all rinsed out of the clothes before drying.

B. T. BABBITT'S

SOAP POWDER!

This **SOAP POWDER** has been in use for the last ten years, and gives the best of satisfaction. There have been many kinds introduced in market, but no brand retains patronage except **BABBITT'S**, and that continues to gradually increase. One family will get all their clothes hung out by 10 o'clock, and very white at that; this leads to inquiry.

Neighbors will say, how is it that you always get your washing out so much earlier than others, and so much whiter. The answer is, we use **BABBITT'S SOAP POWDER**. This has been many times related in my office. One man at the South got a box of **SOAP POWDER** to sell; he kept it about six months, thinking it a dead letter; finally took some in his own house for his wife to try, and the result led to the above description, and the sale commenced rapidly.

This **SOAP POWDER** not only whitens the clothes, but when soaked according to directions over night, it causes the dirt to rinse out with slight rubbing, which is always very desirable for the ladies. No bleaching on the grass is required, and the clothes will last three times as long from not being rubbed to pieces.

B. T. BABBITT,

Nos. 68 and 70 Washington St., N. Y., and No. 88 India St., Boston.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS

Are the Original Vegetable and Universal Medicine, and weighed by the public 108 years, and not found wanting. Intrinsic merit is relied upon as their claim to public favor; because their usefulness is measured by their curative, their purgative qualities. They cure or greatly relieve all disease, because they open all the natural outlets; and no disease or pain can affect us EXCEPT WHEN SOME OF THESE ARE CLOSED.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS have restored millions to health, when all other medicines had failed, and the patient left to die.

Though entirely vegetable and innocent, yet they are more searching and more to be depended upon as expellents than calomel. While sickness is present, they may be used daily; because they do not take any essential or good property from the blood, but actually impart to it vitalizing qualities. They require no change in diet or especial care against cold or otherwise.

Fevers, Rheumatisms, Influenza, Colds, Coughs, and especially sudden attacks of severe sickness, often resulting in death, which all are subject to contract when obliged to expose themselves to the changes of our variable climate—these, two or three doses of BRANDRETH'S PILLS cure, save long doctor's bills and life. Let the wise consider.

FEVER AND AGUE CURED.

Mr. John Y. Haight, Supervisor of New Castle, Westchester county, desires the attention of those interested. He says, November 1858: "I was, about two years ago, attacked with fever and ague, which, notwithstanding the best medical advice, continued to sorely afflict me for six tedious months. I became yellow as saffron, and reduced to skin and bone. Medicine and physicians were abandoned in despair. As an experiment, I concluded to try a single dose of six of Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills on an empty stomach, early in the morning. This first dose seemed to arouse all the latent energies of my exhausted frame; I feared the worst—their purgative effect was different from anything I had ever used or heard of. At length this effect ceased, and I seemed lighter and breathed freer. That evening I was, indeed, sensibly better, and slept soundly all night. The next day I followed the same course, and took the same dose of Pills. I continued to take the Pills in this way about three weeks, when I found myself entirely cured. It is two years ago, and I have had no return; my health has been surprisingly good, and I have used no medicine since. I have made this statement in accordance with what I conceive to be my duty."

OBSTRUCTION.

A young lady, beautiful and healthy, took cold, which caused a serious obstruction for two years; her health was broken down, and her beauty departed. At length, Brandreth's Pills were tried: eleven doses, of from two to four, were taken in fifteen days preceding the usual period. Regularity was restored, and her health and good looks recovered.

WORMS.

Brandreth's Pills are the best vermifuge; they are infallible. A little child, six years old, for some weeks was drooping; its mother gave it one of Brandreth's sugar-coated pills—the next day there came away a worm sixteen inches long, and as large as a child's finger. The child was well.

PLEURISY.

A gentleman, away from home, was taken with pleurisy; the inflammation was terrible; every breath made him writhe with agony. Eight Brandreth's Pills were swallowed, and warm oil applied locally; the pills operated, and the pain was relieved; plenty of gruel was taken, and six more pills, and the second day the patient was cured.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS CURED.

Gentleman aged fifty, florid complexion, scrofulous habit; sudden attack of inflammation of the kidneys; pain excruciating. Could neither sit, lie down, nor stand up without mortal agony. He had the assistance of the best Physicians the village afforded, without any mitigation of his sufferings. When hope had departed, as a last means, he swallowed eight Brandreth's Vegetable Universal Pills, and then applied over the seat of the pain a mustard plaster. In five hours the pills operated, and though the pain continued until this effect occurred, yet it then ceased entirely, and he recovered his health in a few days. Over two years have now passed, and there has been no return of the disease.

CHRONIC COSTIVENESS CURED.

A gentleman of New York suffered from pain in the chest, and dyspepsia, in consequence of severe costiveness. He made his will, and fully expected that his days were short. But he was prevailed upon to take one Brandreth Vegetable Universal Pill each night while they benefited him. He commenced, and was relieved even the first day. He took another, and yet another; his health improved, and he still continued to take a pill each night. He did this for three hundred and sixty-five nights, and by that time he had become entirely cured, and added seventy-five pounds to his weight.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are sold at 25 cents per box—with directions—the same sugar-coated.

Principal Office 294 Canal Street, New York,

BRANDRETH BUILDING.

MAYNARD & NOYES' 73

BLACK WRITING INK,

MORE THAN FORTY YEARS ESTABLISHED.

COMPARE DR. CHILTON'S PREVIOUS TESTS WITH THE
FOLLOWING :

From experiments instituted by me, in 1855 and 1856, and repeated within the past six months, I am fully satisfied that Maynard & Noyes' Writing Ink is entitled to the pre-eminence it has always sustained for LEGIBILITY and PERMANENCE of Color.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M.D., CHEMIST.

NEW YORK, MAY 11, 1858.

The above popular Ink, together with

Blue, Red, Carmine and Copying Ink, Ink Powder, etc.,

Is for sale by the Manufacturers in Boston, also by Stationers and Booksellers in all parts of the country.

AMERICAN GUANO.

TO FARMERS AND DEALERS IN GUANO.

This Guano, from Jarvis Island, in the Pacific Ocean, containing 80 per cent. of

PHOSPHATES OF LIME,

AND THE

MOST VALUABLE FERTILIZER NOW KNOWN,

IS OFFERED FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES, LARGE OR SMALL.

For full information and particulars, address

C. S. MARSHALL,
President American Guano Co.,
66 William St., N. Y.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED.

Office, No. 505 Broadway, New York.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

Diagram of the Lock-Stitch made by this Machine.



This is the only Stitch that cannot be unravelled and that presents the same appearance on each side of the seam. It is made with two threads, one upon each side of the fabric, and interlocked in the centre of it.

GOOD NEWS.—A reduction in the prices of Sewing Machines is announced in our advertising columns. Their utility is established beyond question; and, at the present prices, we see no reason why they should not be found, as they ought to be, in every household. Several varieties are manufactured adapted to various purposes. So far as public opinion has been formed and uttered, the preference is emphatically accorded to the Wheeler and Wilson machine for family use, and for manufactures in the same range of purpose and material. During the present autumn the trials have been numerous, and all the patents of any pretension have been brought fairly into competition. In every case, the Wheeler and Wilson machine has won the highest premium. We may instance the State Fairs of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Illinois, Wisconsin, Virginia, Michigan, Indiana, Mississippi, Missouri, and California, and the Fairs in Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis, Baltimore, Richmond, and San Francisco. At the Fair of the St. Louis Mechanical Association, the Examining Committee was composed of twenty-five Ladies of the highest social standing, who, without a dissenting voice, awarded for the Wheeler and Wilson Machine, the highest and only premium, a Silver Pitcher, valued at \$75. If these facts do not establish a reputation, we know not what can.—*Christian Advocate and Journal.*



PRINTING INK

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

AT

No. 24 Beekman Street, New York.

JOHN G. LIGHTBODY

IS CONSTANTLY MANUFACTURING, AND HAS ALWAYS ON HAND, EVERY VARIETY of Printing Ink, from the finest black and colored to News Ink, which he warrants equal to any ever manufactured, and at as low prices as can be sold by any regular manufacturer. Orders forwarded by steamboat and railroad to any part of the country, by addressing a note to me, at No. 24 Beekman Street, N. Y.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

For Headaches, whether sick or nervous; Rheumatism, Paralysis, Lumbago, Gout, Neuralgia, Toothache, Small Pox, Fevers, Swollen Joints, Kidney Complaints, Scarlet Fever, Pains around the Liver, Pleurisy, Measles, Heartburn, and pains of all kinds. Radway's Ready Relief will, in a few minutes, change the miseries you suffer to joys of pleasure.

RADWAY'S REGULATORS

will cure, effectually and speedily, Costiveness, Indigestion, Inflammation of the Bowels, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Heart, Kidneys, Female Complaints, Small Pox, Fevers, Measles, etc., etc. Whenever the system is out of order, a dose of Radway's Regulators will restore it to regularity. No female should be without them.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT.

For the cure of Chronic Diseases—such as Scrofulous and Syphilitic complaints, consumptive and other affections of the Lungs and Throat, Induration and Enlargement of Parts, Eruptive and other Diseases of the Skin, Nodes, Tumors, Ulcers, Dyspepsia, and all other Diseases arising from an impure state of the blood.

RADWAY & CO., 162 Fulton street, N. Y.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

CONSUMPTION.

ITS PREVENTION AND CURE.

75

DR. J. F. CHURCHILL'S DISCOVERY!

(MADE TO THE FRENCH ACADEMY OF MEDICINE, IN 1856)

THE HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME, SODA, AND POTASH.

The discovery of a SPECIFIC REMEDY for the treatment of TUBERCULOSIS (CONSUMPTION), made after years of scientific research, by the celebrated Dr. JOHN FRANCIS CHURCHILL, of Paris, marks a new and important Era in the history of Chémico-Medical Science.

It has long been known that, among the inorganic or mineral substances which enter into the composition of the body, PHOSPHORUS is to be met with in considerable quantities, but chemists and physiologists are, as yet, unable to decide whether it is found only as phosphoric acid; that is, in a state of complete oxydation, and, as such, no longer liable to be burnt by the oxygen of the atmosphere, or whether it also exists in a lower state of oxydation, and, as such, capable of keeping up the *slow combustion which constitutes one of the principal phenomena of life.*

Dr. Churchill came to the conclusion, founded on the successful treatment of a large number of cases in the second and third stages of Consumption, that PHOSPHORUS existed in the body in an oxydizable or combustible condition; and that the PROXIMATE CAUSE, or at least an indispensable condition of the tubercular diathesis, is the DECREASE IN THE SYSTEM of the Phosphorus it contains in an *oxygenizable state.* Hence, he drew the obvious conclusion that the SPECIFIC REMEDY of the Disease consists in RESTORING THE DEFICIENT ELEMENT, by the use of Phosphorus, in such a state that it may be both *oxydizable and assimilable*—that is, capable of entering into and forming a part of the system.

These conditions were found to exist in the HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME, SODA, AND POTASH, which seemed best to fulfill the two requisites of OXYDATION, or COMBUSTION, and ASSIMILATION. The use of the Hypophosphites shows these preparations to have a two-fold specific action. On the one hand, THEY INCREASE THE PRINCIPLE, whatever that may be, WHICH CONSTITUTES NERVOUS FORCE; and on the other they are THE MOST POWERFUL BLOOD GENERATING AGENTS, far superior to any hitherto known.

The Physiological effects of their use are shown by an INCREASE OF NERVOUS POWER, sometimes even from the first day of their administration, together with an UNUSUAL FEELING OF COMFORT AND STRENGTH. THE APPETITE INCREASES often in an extraordinary manner. The evacuations become REGULAR AND MORE ABUNDANT; the perspirations, if any have existed, cease; SLEEP BECOMES CALM AND PROFOUND.

"The effect of these salts," states Dr. C in his paper to the Academy, "upon the tubercular diathesis, is IMMEDIATE, *all the general symptoms disappearing with a rapidity which is really marvellous.* If the tuberculous deposit is of recent formation, if softening has only just set in, and does not proceed too rapidly, *the tubercles are absorbed and disappear.* When the deposit has existed for a certain time, when the softening has attained a certain degree, it sometimes continues in spite of the treatment; and the issue of the disease then depends upon the anatomical condition of the local lesion, on its extent, and upon the existence or non-existence of complications."

The Hypophosphites have not only a CURATIVE effect, but will, if used whenever there exists a suspicion of pulmonary disease, *prevent its development,* and thus act as a PRESERVATIVE WITH REGARD TO CONSUMPTION, just as vaccination does with regard to small pox.

The cure of Consumption, in the second and third stages (at a period when there can be no uncertainty as to the nature of the disease), can be obtained, in all cases, by this treatment, except when the existing lesion of the lungs is of itself sufficient to produce death. Contrary to the opinion generally received, the third stage of consumption is, all other circumstances being equal, more amenable to treatment than the second. Hereditary predisposition seems in no way to counteract the effect of the hypophosphites; patients, in whom it was most strongly marked, recovering as rapidly as others.

The *American Medical Monthly*, edited by Dr. Parker, of New York, says: "Whatever may be our conclusions with reference to the claims of Dr. Churchill for the Hypophosphites as sovereign remedies in tuberculosis [Consumption] THERE CAN BE NO DOUBT AS TO THE VALUE OF THESE SALTS AS REMEDIAL AGENTS."

This Remedy is equally beneficial in all cases of nervous debility, scrofula, loss of vital energy, indigestion, female complaints, and chronic or constitutional diseases.

THE HYPOPHOSPHITES

Are now offered to those suffering from consumption and kindred diseases, *as prescribed by Dr. Churchill,* and they may therefore be relied upon as chemically pure, and as THE ONLY RELIABLE FORM OF THIS INVALUABLE REMEDY.

Beware of Spurious preparations claiming to be Dr. Churchill's.
Single bottles, TWO DOLLARS, which will be sent by mail in a *concentrated solution,* when so ordered. Three bottles for FIVE DOLLARS, which will be forwarded by Express in all practicable cases. Full directions for use accompany each package. Druggists supplied.

The Genuine Hypophosphites are sold at the sole General Depot in the United States, wholesale and retail, by

J. WINCHESTER,
American and Foreign Agency, 49 John street, New York.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

This Machine was awarded the First Premium Silver Medal and Diploma at the New York State Fair, held at Buffalo, October, 1857, and at the Michigan State Fair, held at Detroit, October, 1858, for Practical Utility, Durability, Simplicity, Capacity and Beauty; Singer's and Wheeler & Wilson's high-priced machines being in competition.

This is the most *wonderful, ingenious* and yet *simple* machine ever produced. It has been pronounced by skillful and scientific mechanics to be the most durable, practical and complete machine ever invented. The examiner of Sewing Machines at the United States Patent Office remarked that it was the most marked improvement in Sewing Machines he had seen from the beginning.

It is emphatically the best Machine for family use. It makes the *most reliable stitch*, which no stretching or pressure will be likely to break. *It runs without noise, is reliable in operation*, and is *not liable to get out of order*. It will work as fast and do as good work as any of the high-priced machines, and any person with ordinary skill can use it.

To avoid delay and risk in transit, we have made arrangements with all the principal Express Cos. to act as our Agents in delivering Machines and collecting money, so that parties at a distance have only to send us their order by mail, specifying which style of Machine they wish to have delivered by the expressman, who will receive the price and give our receipt.

Send for a circular. Address

ATWATER SEWING MACHINE CO.,

P. S.—We warrant our Machines for one year.

403 Broadway, N. Y.

WOMAN'S FRIEND!!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED

BY USING THE

"H. B. AMES"

GERMAN MAGICAL DETERSIVE SOAP."

This article (formerly known as the "H. B. Ames' German Chemical Erasive Soap") is made by a process not known to any other manufacturer in the United States, and possesses the following advantages over *all* other washing soaps, viz.: It may be used equally well with hard or soft water. It requires not half the quantity as of other soaps to accomplish the same object. Clothes need but little rubbing and no boiling if thoroughly rinsed, thus avoiding the wear upon the washboard. It does not require one-half the time and labor to accomplish the same object that the best family soaps do, and it tends to set the colors, and does *not* injure the fabric.

N. B.—As there are numerous vile imitations of the article palmed off on the public, be particular to observe that each bar is stamped "H. B. Ames' German Magical Detersive Soap, Newburgh, N. Y."

Manufactured by JESSIE OAKLEY.

Sales Office No. 201 Fulton St., N. Y.

APPLETON, TRACY & CO.'S

UNEQUALLED AMERICAN WATCHES,

Manufactured at Waltham, Mass., have received the Gold Medal and the Highest Premium of the American Institute, and similar awards wherever they have been exhibited. These Watches are constructed by a novel system of machinery, in a single establishment, and have been proved, by repeated trials of unexampled severity, to possess all the requisites of perfect time-keepers, uniformly more reliable than any other watches in the market. The price of American movements, without cases, is about one-half the cost of reliable English movements.

OUR NEW CHRONODROMETER.

We have just perfected this unequalled time-keeper for rating the speed of horses to the fourth of a second. Our Watches are all constructed on the simplest form of the patent-lever escapement, all being operated by a *very small* amount of motive power, with a less number of parts than any other movement. Under every variety of motion, climate, and position, the accuracy of *all* our watches is the same, and, as a *peculiar advantage*, there is *no danger of stopping under the most violent exercise*. The following gentlemen, among many others, attest the superiority of these Watches as timekeepers: Dr. J. Marion Sims, Hon. Horace Greeley, Hon. John Appleton, Jr., Gen. George P. Morris, Carlos D. Stuart, Frank Leslie, Prof. Wm. M. Phelps, Hon. Nathaniel P. Banks, James W. Simonton, Esq., Dr. James O. Noyes, Hon. A. Burlingame, N. P. Willis, Esq., James Cruikshank, Esq., Dr. Abel Stevens, Hon. S. S. Randall, Hon. Daniel F. Tiemann, Abram S. Hewitt, Esq., C. Edwards Lester, Esq. Peter Cooper, Esq., Wilson G. Hunt, Esq., John H. Brower, Esq., Hon. H. H. Van Dyck.

CAUTION.—No Watch is genuine unless accompanied by a *Certificate*.

ROBBINS & APPLETON, Genl. Agts., 15 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD'S SKIRTS.

We respectfully call the attention of the Trade to our well-known and universally approved Skirts. It is now five years since we introduced our first styles to the public, and during that time we have produced nearly one hundred varieties—all of which have been well received, and many of them have become so well known that they are as familiar to the ladies as "Household Words."

Some of our most popular styles have been copied by the leading manufacturers of London, Paris, Vienna, and other large cities of the Old World, who have thus unwillingly testified to their superiority, besides countless imitators in the United States. Many thousand skirts of inferior quality (and often infringements of our various patents) have been sold for ours, which never emanated from our establishment. We would here state that *all* the skirts made by us are stamped with our name, and, if patented, with the date of the patent.

The most of our goods are made under U. S. patents, and we caution all against infringements of them. The following are some of our most approved patents:

THE ADJUSTABLE BUSTLE, Patented April 21st, 1857.

This is the only BUSTLE that can be adjusted to suit the pleasure of the wearer—it is so well known that a description is unnecessary.

METAL SLIDE, Patented Dec., 1858.

This is the slide we use on our CELEBRATED EXPANSION SKIRT. This skirt is also made under PATENT dated Nov. 9, 1855, for the PRINCIPLE OF EXPANSION.

DETACHABLE HOOP FASTENING, Patented Nov. 12, 1858.

This last-named patent is the "ne-plus-ultra" of improvement upon Hooped Skirts; it enables the wearer of muslin skirts in which it is used to take out the springs, and have the skirt washed at pleasure; the lack of this may be said to have been the "night-mare" of skirt-wearers, who may now rest in their slumbers.

The most popular skirt made with this fastening is the MATINEE SKIRT. We have other valuable patents which we use, also some pending; one of them, the TOURNARE CORSET will be introduced during the month of January. It has been pronounced by all who have seen it—among whom were several eminent members of the medical faculty—to be the *only corset without an objection*, either artistic or physiological.

Jobbers can be supplied by the agents named below, upon the same terms and at the same prices as at our office in New York. DOUGLAS & SHERWOOD, 51, 53 & 55 White st.

AGENCIES.—Billings, Roor Washington, Philadelphia; Wm. H. Ryan, Baltimore; B. Wentworth, New Orleans; J. A. Le Cain, Cincinnati; —, Boston.

G. A. LILLIENDAHL,

Manufacturer of all descriptions of

FIREWORKS.

62 JOHN STREET,

NEW YORK.



Mr. L. deems it necessary to mention, that, although the youngest Pyrotechnist in the United States, so rapid has been the demand for his particular style of goods, that he can now, with pleasure, state the fact of having the largest manufactory of fireworks in the world, his buildings occupying over 22 acres of ground.

Orders addressed either to himself or to his agents, Messrs. FUNSTON & SCOFIELD, 62 John street, will be punctually attended to.

WEBSTER'S QUARTO DICTIONARY.

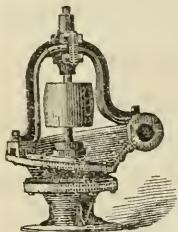
"A man who would know everything, or anything, as he ought to know, must own Webster's large Dictionary. It is a great light, and he that will not avail himself of it must walk in darkness. Every young housekeeper should lay it in, to occupy the place which was formerly filled with decanters and wine glasses.

"Every farmer should give his sons two or three square rods of ground, well prepared, with the avails of which they may buy it. Every mechanic should put a receiving box in some conspicuous place in the house, to catch the stray pennies for the like purpose.

"It is a great labor-saver—it has saved us time enough in one year's use to pay for itself: and that must be deemed good property, which will clear itself once a year."—*Mass. Life Boat.*

"All young persons should have a standard Dictionary at their elbows. And while you are about it, get the best; that Dictionary is Noah Webster's. The great work unbridged. If you are too poor, save the amount from off your back, to put it into your head."—*Phrenological Journal.*

Published by G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.—Sold by all Booksellers.



ANDREWS' Patent Centrifugal Pump.

This is the most simple pump made, and is warranted to discharge more water with the same power than any other.

There are no valves or rubbing parts except the shaft to wear. Will discharge mud, sand, gravel, corn, paper pulp, tan bark, etc., and are adapted to Mines, Mills, Factories, Railroad Stations, draining lands, and for fire engines. Capacity from 60 gals. to 30,000 gals. per minute.

For particulars, send for circular to the patentee and manufacturer.

WM. D. ANDREWS, *Iron dealer, 414 Water street, New York.*

KNICKERBOCKER MAGAZINE,

Vol. 53. Terms, \$3.00 per year; two copies \$5.00; three copies \$6.00; single copies 25cts.

The Knickerbocker and N. Y. Weekly Tribune, \$3; Knickerbocker and Christian Advocate and Journal, \$3.25; Knickerbocker and N. Y. Independent, or N. Y. Evangelist, \$3.50; Knickerbocker and N. Y. Observer, and Home Journal, \$4; Knickerbocker and Gleason's Line-of-Battle Ship, or Ballou's Pictorial, \$4.00.

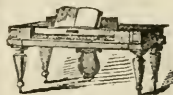
These unprecedented terms are offered only to new subscribers of each of the above standard publications. Send nine cents in stamps for January number of Knickerbocker. Address

JOHN A. GRAY, *Publisher of the Knickerbocker, 16 and 18 Jacob St., N. Y.*

THOMPSON BROTHERS, Bankers and Brokers, No. 2, Wall street, N. Y.

Offer for sale at all times a variety of STATE STOCKS and other first-class securities, in amounts to suit. COLLECTIONS promptly made on all points of the United States and Canadas. COUNTRY BANKERS' and Merchants' accounts received on the most favorable terms. ORDERS for the purchase and sale of Stocks at the Board of Brokers promptly executed on commission only. Uncurrent Money discounted at all times at our quotations, and better in most cases. We have a distinct specie office, and deal largely in coin and bullion, at extremely favorable rates. Land Warrants bought at the highest market prices, and orders filled at all times for any amount, with our full and unlimited guaranty. Subscriptions received for *Thompson's Bank Note Reporter*, edited by John Thompson, and quotations corrected by THOMPSON BROTHERS, giving at all times the standard quotations for currency, etc. The oldest, widest circulated, and most complete Bank Note Reporter in existence.

G. & H. BARMORE, 348 Bleeker street, N. Y.,



Manufacturers of the celebrated gold medal first premium PIANO FORTES, which stand unrivalled for beauty of appearance, depth of tone and delicacy of touch; constantly on hand a large and varied assortment, made in the best manner and fully warranted, at greatly reduced prices, from \$1.60 upwards.

JAMES PYLE, MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER,

313 Washington street, New York.

Cream Tartar and Super Carbonate of Soda, put up in any style required by the Trade, and warranted pure; Sal. Soda, Chemical Soaps, Yeast Powders, Fancy Soaps, GLENFIELD STARCH, DIXON'S STOVE POLISH, Thompson's Soap, etc., always on hand and sold at manufacturer's rates.

THE GREAT FAMILY PAPER! ⁷⁹

PROSPECTUS FOR THE YEAR 1859.

THE proprietor of the NEW YORK LEDGER is gratified at having it in his power to announce in his Prospectus for the new year—1859—that all the old popular and eminent writers of the LEDGER staff have been retained, and new ones added. Among the latter we are pleased to mention the name of the Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, who is to furnish a series of articles, to be continued during the entire year, under the title of

“THE MOUNT VERNON PAPERS.”

For these articles alone we have already paid Mr. Everett (for the benefit of the Ladies' Mount Vernon Association) the sum of TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS.

As an indication of the popularity of the LEDGER, we need only state the simple fact that its circulation is larger than that of any other TEN literary papers in the country. Its great success is owing to the facts that its proprietor secures the best writers in the country, and spares no expense in getting up the BEST FAMILY PAPER—a paper of high moral tone. The exalted reputation of its contributors, the practical and invariably pure and healthy character of all its articles, the care which is taken that not even one offensive word shall appear in its columns, and the superiority of its tales and sketches, have gained for the NEW YORK LEDGER a position that no literary paper has ever before reached. We feel, and always have felt, since the LEDGER attained its immense circulation, that a heavy responsibility rests upon us, and have endeavored to discharge that responsibility conscientiously, feeling confident that ultimately we should receive the thanks of thousands and tens of thousands of families.

As to the future, we are at a loss what to say. We prefer to PERFORM rather than to PROMISE. What we have heretofore done is known to our readers; they know what the LEDGER has been, and is now, and must therefore judge what it will be hereafter. We can only say that among the regular contributors to the LEDGER are

GEORGE D. PRENTICE,
JOHN G. SAXE,
SYLVANUS COBB, JR.
EMERSON BENNETT,
T. S. ARTHUR,

WM. ROSS WALLACE,
CARLOS D. STUART,
COL. W. B. DUNLAP,
FANNY FERN,
MRS. SIGOURNEY,
MRS. SOUTHWORTH,

ALICE CARY,
EMMA ALICE BROWN,
SALLIE M. BRYAN,
MARY STANLEY GIBSON,
AUGUSTA MOORE,

and many eminent Lawyers, Clergymen, Professors in colleges, and others, who write for the LEDGER anonymously; and that our complete arrangements are such that the current expenses of the LEDGER are now and will constantly be at the rate of over *three hundred thousand dollars per annum*.

FACTS like these carry with them more weight than any comments that could be made, and comments will therefore be dispensed with. As we have already intimated, we shall leave *promising* to those who prefer to expend their force in that way, and content ourselves with doing what we can to make the LEDGER the most interesting and instructive FAMILY PAPER in the world.

THE NEW YORK LEDGER is published every Saturday, and sold at all the news-offices in every city and town throughout the country, and is mailed to subscribers at two dollars per annum; two copies are sent for three dollars. Any person obtaining eight subscribers at \$1 50 each (which is our lowest Club rate), and sending us \$12, will be entitled to one copy free. Terms invariably in advance.

The postage on the LEDGER to any part of the United States, paid quarterly or yearly in advance at the office where it is received, is only twenty-six cents a year. Canada subscribers must each send us twenty-six cents in addition to the subscription price of the LEDGER, to pay the American postage.

Subscribers must write their addresses, including the names of the place, county and State in which they reside, in a plain hand, so as to avoid mistakes.

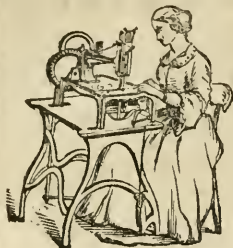
No subscriptions are wanted from cities, large villages or other places where news offices are permanently established.

All communications must be addressed, postage paid, to

ROBERT BONNER,

Proprietor of the New York Ledger, No. 44 Ann St., N. Y.

N.B.—The number of the LEDGER dated January 1st, 1859, will be a good one for subscriptions to date from, as in that number the “MOUNT VERNON PAPERS,” by the Hon. EDWARD EVERETT, will be commenced. Mr. EVERETT's articles will be copyrighted, so as to prevent publication in any other paper.



SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

These Machines, always known to be superior to every other, have been greatly improved, while the

Prices have been Reduced

Twenty-five Dollars on each machine. For the use of private families, we have lately introduced

Singer's New Family Machine,

which in speed, beauty, and efficiency is unsurpassed—at the extreme low price of FIFTY DOLLARS. Also an entirely new and superb machine of larger size, price SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

Send for a copy of SINGER & CO.'S GAZETTE, which contains all desirable information, and will be supplied gratis.

I. M. SINGER, & CO.,
458 Broadway, New York.

THADDEUS DAVIDS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

WRITING INKS, LIMPID FLUID,

SEALING WAX,

WAFERS, MUCILAGE, ETC., ETC.,

127 and 129 WILLIAM STREET,

WASHINGTON STORES,

[Between John and Fulton Streets.]

NEW YORK.

THADDEUS DAVIDS,
BENJ. POMEROY.

MANUFACTORY
ESTABLISHED 1825.

Our STEEL PEN BLACK INK was tested by the Mechanics' Institute in 1886, with two other well known Inks, to show their comparative qualities for permanence. The result shows our Ink to be legible, while the others are much faded.

Dr. Chilton's test, made in 1836, engraved fac-similes of which can be seen at our office, proves conclusively that

Our Black Ink is better adapted for **STATE AND COUNTY RECORDS**, and for all purposes where it is important that the writing should be legible fifty years hence, than any other Ink now before the public.

GROVER & BAKER'S

NEW

FAMILY

SEWING MACHINE,

Price from \$50 to \$100,

IS BEYOND ALL QUESTION THE BEST
IN THE MARKET.



The first place in public estimation is justly accorded to the GROVER & BAKER Machine, for family sewing, for the following reasons:

- 1st. It is more simple and easily kept in order than any other Machine.
- 2d. It makes a seam which will not rip or ravel, though every third stitch be cut.
- 3d. It sews from two ordinary spools, and thus all trouble of winding thread is avoided, while the Machine can be adapted, by a mere change of spools, to all varieties of work.
- 4th. The machine runs silk, linen thread, and common spool cotton, with equal facility.
- 5th. The seam is as elastic as the most elastic fabric, so that it is free from all liability to break in washing, ironing, or otherwise.
- 6th. The stitch is more beautiful than any other made, either by hand or machine.

OFFICES OF EXHIBITION AND SALE:

495 Broadway, N. Y. 18 Summer St., Boston. 730 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.
137 Baltimore St., Baltimore. 58 West Fourth St., Cincinnati.

Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

WHOLESOME BREAD.

JAMES PYLE'S
DIETETIC
SALERATUS.

JAMES PYLE'S
DIETETIC
SALERATUS.

JAMES PYLE'S
DIETETIC
SALERATUS.

HOUSEKEEPERS!

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

This **SALERATUS** should be found in the culinary department of every house in this land. Its unquestionable purity and excellence in producing **GOOD BREAD**, must bring it into general use. The wide-spread reputation it has already gained is the result of real merit, and shows the ability of the American people to discriminate in favor of a wholesome article.

There are thousands of sufferers from dyspepsia, decayed teeth, and other derangements of the system, brought on by the use of *common caustic Saleratus*. It is a sad spectacle, too, to look upon the "puny-faced child" of the present day, without constitution, and with its teeth all eaten out, and think of the cause being impurities in food.

How much longer, *good mothers*, is this state of things to last? Ask for

JAMES PYLE'S DIETETIC SALERATUS,

which is **FREE FROM EVERY IMPURITY**, and as harmless to the stomach as flour itself.

If you want nice Biscuit, Cake, etc., you can find nothing equal to it. Tell your Grocer you want no other. No doubt he will tell you it is no better than any other, in order to get rid of his old stock, or something on which he can realize larger profit; but persevere until you get it, and **JUDGE FOR YOURSELF.**

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

The readiness of unscrupulous rivals to imitate our labels, signifies much in our favor. The genuine is done up in pounds, halves and quarters, with the name of "JAMES PYLE" on each.

DEPOT, 313 WASHINGTON ST., N.Y. Sold by Grocers generally.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE,

1858-59.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE, now more than seventeen years old, which was the first Journal in the world that appeared regularly on an imperial eight-page sheet at so low a price as two cents, and which has attained the unparalleled aggregate of more than 200,000 subscriptions, respectfully solicits its share of the patronage which the Metropolitan Press is henceforth to receive.

Within the present year, THE TRIBUNE has provided itself with a new and faster Press, at a cost of \$30,000, merely that some of our subscribers may receive their papers a mail earlier than they otherwise might do. With correspondents at the most important points throughout the civilized world, and a staff of writers chosen from among the best in the country, we believe that even those who dislike the politics of our sheet concede to it frankness in avowing its convictions and ability in maintaining them. We appeal, then, to those who believe that an increased circulation of THE TRIBUNE would conduce to the political, intellectual, and moral well-being of the Republic, to aid us in effecting such increase.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE is printed on a large imperial sheet, and published every morning and evening (Sunday excepted), and mailed to subscribers for six dollars per annum; three dollars for six months.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is published every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, and contains all the Editorials of the Daily, with the Cattle, Horse, and General Markets reliably reported expressly for THE TRIBUNE; Foreign and Domestic Correspondence, and during the present Session of Congress it will contain a summary of Congressional doings, with the more important speeches. We shall, as heretofore, make THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE a Literary, as well as a Political and News paper, and we are determined that it shall remain in the front ranks of family papers.

TERMS:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| One Copy, one year, | \$ 3 00 |
| Two Copies, one year, | 5 00 |
| Five Copies, one year, | 11 25 |
| Ten Copies, to one address, | 20 00 |

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is sent to Clergymen at \$2 per annum.

THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE, a large eight page paper for the country, is published every Saturday, and contains Editorials on the important topics of the times, the news of the week, interesting correspondence from all parts of the world, the New York Cattle, Horse, and Produce Markets, interesting and reliable Political, Mechanical, and Agricultural articles, etc., etc.

We shall, during the next year, as hitherto, constantly labor to improve the quality of the instructive entertainment afforded by THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE, which, we intend, shall continue to be the best Family Weekly Newspaper published in the World.

TERMS:

| | |
|--|---------|
| One Copy, one year, | \$ 2 00 |
| Three copies, one year, | 5 00 |
| Five Copies, one year, | 8 00 |
| Ten Copies, one year, | 12 00 |
| Twenty Copies, to one address, at the rate of \$1 00 per annum, | 20 00 |
| Twenty Copies, to address of each subscriber, and any larger number, at the rate of \$1 20 each, | 24 00 |

Any person sending us a Club of Twenty or more will be entitled to an extra copy. We continue to send THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE to clergymen for \$1 00.

Subscriptions may commence at any time. Terms always cash in advance. When a draft can be procured it is much safer than to remit bank bills. All letters to be addressed to

HORACE GREELEY & CO.,

Tribune Buildings, Nassau street, New York.