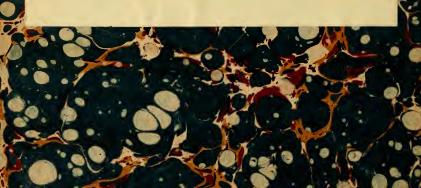
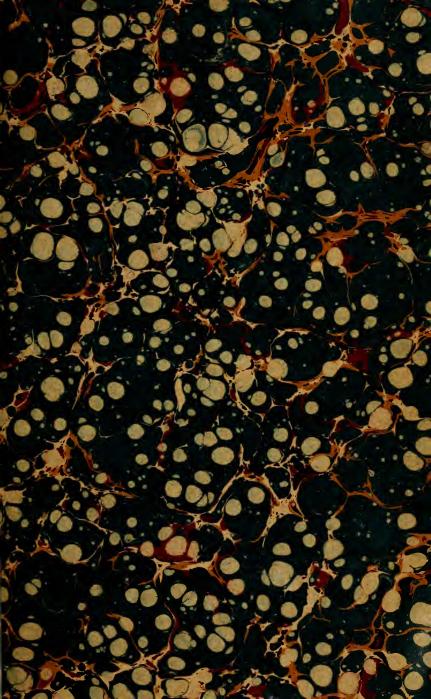


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# Dr. Colman's SERMON At the publick Lecture

Boston, September 4. 1746.

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#### SERMON

Preach'd at the Lecture in Boston, September 4. 1746.

IN\_THE

Audience of the General Court,

The Morning before the Funeral

Of the Honourable

Mrs. Frances Shirley

Confort to His Excellency

#### William Shirley Esq;

Captain General and Commander in Chief of His Majerry's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay, &c.

#### By Benjamin Colman, D.D.

Pulvis et Umbra sumus. Vivere si recte nescis, discede peritis.

#### BOSTON:

Printed by Rogers and Fowle, for D. Henchman in Cornhill. MDCCXLVI.

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## The Vanity of Man as Mortal.

#### Psalm Lxxxix. 47.

Remember how short my Time is:

Wherefore hast Thou made all?

Men in vain!

O express my fatherly Tenderness to my dear Colleague on his first Turn in this public Lesture, I do at his earnest Request in Feebleness and Fear venture to appear once more in this your Autience, (my Honoured, Reverend and Beloved Hearers) to bewail and improve as I am able the Breach which the Sovereign and Holy GOD has been pleased to make this Week, not only on His Excellency our Governour and his bereaved Family, but also on our selves, the Town and Province, in the Death of His Excellent Lady and Consort; who first in her more private Life among us, and fince

fince in her exalted State, has exhibited to us for much of the virtuous and gracious Woman, with whose Character the wife Solomon, under a Divine Inspiration, closes his admirable Book of Proverbs: - "Whom who can find? faid the MAN of exalted Wisdom and Knowledge :- "Her Price is above Rubies! The Heart of her Husband doth " fafely trust in her, so that He shall have no need of Spoil: She will do him good and no evil " all the Days of her Life: - She is like the Merchants Ships, she bringeth her Food 66 from afar : She riseth while it is yet Night, and giveth Meat to her Houshold, and a Portion to her Maidens: She considereth a Field and buyeth it; with the Fruit of her Hands 66 she planteth a Vineyard: She girdeth her Loins with Strength, and strengthneth her Arms: 66 She perceiveth that her Merchandize is good, her Candle goeth not out by Night :- She " stretcheth out her Hand to the Poor, she reach-" eth forth her Hands to the Needy: She is not afraid of the Snow for her Houshold, for they " are all clothed with Scarlet: She maketh her " felf Coverings of Tapestry, her Clothing is Silk " and Purple: Her Husband is known in the "Gates, when he fitteth among the Elders of the " Land :- Strength and Honour are her Cloath-"ing, and she shall rejoice in Time to come: " She openeth her Mouth with Wisdom, and in " her Tongue is the Law of Kindness: She look-" eth well to the Ways of her Houshold, and eateth not the Bread of Idleness: Her Children rise " up and call her bleffed, her Husband also and he " praiseth her: Many Daughters have done vertuously, but Thou excellest them all. Favour is deceitful and Beauty is vain, but a Woman that feareth " feareth the LORD she shall be praised: Give her of the Fruit of her Hands, and let her own "Works praise Her in the Gates.

I know You are before me, my Hearers, in the Application of this bigh and firong Character to the deceased Madam Shirley; nor will I presume to add a Word by Way of Character to this inspir'd and exalted Encomium.— Take it, and divide it among your selves, Ye venerable Matrons and Daughters of New-England! And may the most Amiable and Honoured Daughters of the Deceased ever eminently appear and shine in those Ornaments of the Daughters of Zion.

—But alas! my Hearers, that whenever it pleafes the GOD of the Spirits of all Flesh to form such a Character in his Church below; and lend such a Son or Daughter for a few Days, to serve in their Generation by His holy Will; that we must needs return so soon to the Words of my Text, and spread them before the Lord in the Presence of all his People;— "Remember how short" my Time is! Wherefore hast Thou made all Men in vain? What Man is He that liveth and shall not see Death! Shall be deliver his Soul from the Hand of the Grave?

Who the Writer of this Pfalm was, or when it was written is uncertain. It may feem by the melancholly Conclusion of it, from the 38th Verse; to have been wrote by some holy Man of GOD about the Time of the Babylonish Captivity; when the Glory of the House of David was made to cease, and his Throne cast down to the Ground.— The Promises of GOD to David, and his Covenant respecting his House,

House are inlarged on in the first 37 Verses of the Psalm; and the Faithfulness of GOD to his Promises are sung of, with the utmost Assurance, thro' that long Period: Yet how to reconcile the prefent Face of Providence with those Promises, was beyond the Force of the pious Psalmist's Penetration: He therefore drops it, leaving it to the Most High and Holy and True to fulfil his Word in his own Way and Time: He therefore betakes himself to Prayer for the Royal House, and for the Church of GOD imbark'd in the Fate thereof; and for Himself also as One of GOD's Israel who would be his Remembrancer for Sion ;- " Remember bow " Short my Time is? Wherefore hast thou made all Men in vain?— Where are thy former Lovingkindnesses which thou swearest unto David in thy " Truth ?

Most observable in these Words is the humble Freedom us'd by the Pfalmist in putting GOD as it were in Mind, beseeching Him to remember! as if it were a Thing possible for His infinitely knowing Mind ever to forget!— and he presumes (as it were) to bring to GOD's Remembrance a very known Thing and common; how short his Time was, and the Time of all Men is!

See what a Liberty in Prayer GOD indulges to his People, to speak to Him and of Him after their own Manner; as a Child to his Father, or a Man to his Friend! So He overlooks the Infirmity and the Impropriety of their Words, and accepts graciously what Faith and Love mean well.

And yet the Pfalmist's Freedom before the Throne of Grace goes further, and he even dares to exposulate

tulate with the High GOD upon the outward Face of his Government;— "Wherefore hast thou made all Men in vain?—— So he pour'd out his Complaint before the LORD, and shewed before him his Trouble.

But far, far be it from us to censure the pious and fervent Servant of the Lord, or to think his Words amiss!— else in a holy Resentment one might be ready to answer, "Who art thou, O Man, "that repliest against GOD? Or who shall say "to Him, what doest Thou! Shall the Thing formed, say unto Him that formed it, Why hast thou made me thus? I will answer thee, GOD is greater than Man! Why dost thou strive with him? for He giveth no Account of his Matters.

But such a Return as this to the Psalmist's Words, were to suppose them chargeable with Irreverence or Discontent before GOD; which was far from him. - And yet the Freedom taken in expostulating in Prayer on fo Great a Point as the making Man and all Men! as if it might but feem to be in vain, though it may not be called any contending with his Maker, respecting his Work, as if he had no Hands; or a charging GOD foolishly with that which really He had no Hand in; but Man must take wholly to bimfelf, having brought all the Vanity upon Himself by his Sin: — Yet it must be confessed to be a very great Liberty taken by Dust and Ashes, and a wonderful Instance of GOD's overlooking the Infirmity, winking at the Ignorance and accepting the Prayer; for He considers that we are Dust; and we cannot strain the Matter in the least beyond the Prophet Feremiah's Meaning, in his xiith Chapter, 1st Verse. Righteous

Righteous art thou, O LORD! yet let me réason with Thee of thy Judgments.

But passing the Manner of the *Psalmist's* expressing himself, let us attend to the *Dostrinal Truths* suggested to us in his Words; which are of the last Importance to us to remember daily, keep in Mind, ponder and improve: 1. That our Time here in the Body is very short: 2. So short as may sometimes make us ready to think of our selves and others, that we are made in vain! And if it were not for the Relation which our present Life bears to a future and everlasting State, it might justly be thought so.

The first of these Dostrines is so obvious a Truth, that there needs very little to be said on it; how much soever we ought always to remember it our selves, and may daily carry before GOD the Remembrance of it; "LORD, how short my Time is!

The Holy Ghost admonishes us of it by the Pen of the Apostle that we may never forget it; "Brethren, the Time is short, and the Fashion of this World passeth away. I Cor. vii. 29. The blessed Spirit of Grace is also often telling us how short, in such Words as if the Thing could not well be told; "it is but as the Shuttle passing thro' the Loom; it is but as a Hand breadth, and our Age as nothing before GOD and in our own Eyes. Psal. xxxix. 5.

The Time of fome of the Sons and Daughters of Men is so fhort, that they expire in the Womb, and never draw a Breath: How much in vain may

may these untimely Births seem! Who knows the Way of the Spirit or his Mind, in animating the curious Body which it frames in secret, never to see this Light of ours! Yet is it not done in vain! No, the Spirit of the still born Babe returns to GOD that gave it, the Father of Spirits; and therefore is not made in vain.

Others die from the Womb; just see the Light, or setch a Breath or two, gasp and are gone! or live a Month or Year, and their Angels take em, which behold the Face, of their Father in Heaven. Their sew Minutes, Days, or Weeks are not in vain; for you know who has said, Mat. xix. 14. Suffer the little Ones to come to me, for of such is my Kingdom.

What Multitudes of the Human Offspring die in Childhood, within the first five, seven, or ten Years of Life! They live to leave the Breast, lisp at a Word of Love, run to the Mother's Knee; begin to know a little, to read and say a Prayer, and die as they begin to be the Hope and Light and Joy of their Parents:— It is computed that a third die not two Years old, and one half that are born before five: Yet not in vain has the short Life been, if we may see 'em one Day in Heaven; the Pains of bearing and Sorrows of burying will be well rewarded.

So if they die in blooming Youth, just beginning to bear and promising good Fruit, or having yielded fome, they have not been in vain; but are in Favour taken, although it be from a Crown on Earth, like young Abijah, because there was

fome good Thing found in him toward the LORD GOD of Ifrael.

Or to give the Reverse,— if they die in Youth and their Life has been among the Unclean; (as Bildad said to Job) and GOD has cast them away in their Transgression; yet may we not say they were made in vain! no, though it be in Truth much worse than in vain!— for what if GOD willing to shew his Wrath snatch away the Vessel sited for Destruction sooner or later! All Flesh must be silent before Him! but how much more will Aaron hold his Peace, and Eli answer, "It is the Lord, let Him do what seemeth Him good.

Or again, if an Hezekiah or a Josiah be called to die in the midst of Life, Honour and Usefulness; we must not chatter like the Crane, or much worse, and say, "Why were the golden Vessels form'd and shown in vain? No, far otherwise: GOD will remember how they have walked before Him, while they and others may mourn in the cutting off their Days; yea while the Church it self may lament as in our Context, "Thou hast cast off thine Anointed, thou hast profaned his Crown, thou hast "shortned his Days."

To add no more,— At full and Old Age the Time is fhort! at three and fourfcore Years it is foon cut off, and we flee away; as the Pfalmist truly fings: Pfalm xc.: We have gain'd so little Knowledge and Grace, we have done so little Good in the World; we have been guilty of so much Evil, and have feen it may be so many Sorrows; that with the venerable Patriarch we must look back

back and say, " Few and evil bave the Days of the Years of my Pilgrimage been.

But if we live graceless and wicked to the Days of Old Age, O then how have they been in vain, and passed away in GOD's Wrath! For wherefore do the Wicked live, become old and grow mighty in Power!— An untimely Birth is better than be, and the Sinner a bundred Years old is but the more accursed! His Days are spent as a Tale that is told, and according to his Fear so is GOD's Wrath! Mark him, and be associated and lay thy Hand on thy Mouth!— Dare not even in this sad Case to say, "This Monument of Sin has been made and spared in vain! No, there's a Judgment to come, and remember the Days of Darkness, for they shall be many.

You see, my Hearers, that there is a Necessity of judging by Faith, and not by Sight; all the while we live, and when we die: if there were no other Life after this, the short or long sinful burtful Lives of one and another in every Age and Place, were much worse than in vain! The Sinners have only destroy'd much Good, and it had been better both for themselves and others that they had never been born.— But it will not be sound so in the End; the Glory of GOD and the Good of the Universe will be found well answer'd in the Day of Judgment; as we are told Prov. xvi. 4. The Lord bas made all Things for Himself, even the Wicked for the Day of evil.

But if we bound our Sight within the present Scene of Things, and look not to the Things unseen and eternal; there might then seem Reason enough enough for the fad Exclamation, "O why are all Men thus made in vain !- If we consider only the worldly Circumstances, and present goodly Appearance of Persons and Families; if we call up a Fob and his lovely Train of Sons and Daughters from the Dead, and view them on the Day of their Devotion and feasting together, buried together in the Ruins of the fallen House! and he that Yesterday sat in the Gate, in all the outward State and inward Adorning of a superior and righteous Judge; " his Glory fresh in Him, and Men " giving Ear and waiting and keeping Silence at " his Counsel; " they waited for Him as for the " Rain, and opened their Mouth wide as for the " latter Rain; (" the Oracle and Darling of his " Country \*) when the Ear heard him it bleffed " him, and when the Eye faw him it gave Wite ness to him; He put on Righteousness and it " clothed him, and his Judgment was to him for " a Robe and Diadem! — But to morrow he is feen with Compassion and Surprize, a Spectacle of Poverty, Distress and Woe; stript of Estate and Family, without a Child or almost a Servant to attend him; deform'd also by a gastly Disease and cover'd with putid Sores, so as not to be known by his Friends; fo that they lift up their Voice, and wail'd him !- And had he died in this Extremity, had he been form'd and rais'd in vain? No! he had ferv'd his Generation gloriously by the Will of GOD, and knew that his Redeemer liv'd, whom he should see for Himself one Day upon the Earth; and his Eyes should behold him, though now his Reins were consuming within him: Job xix. 25, 26. He was a Type of his REDEEMER

in his Sorrows, and is with HIM in his Joys, and will come with Him in his Glory, in the Day of the Restitution of all Things; when this Corruptible shall put on Incorruption, and this mortal Immortality, and Death will be swallow'd up in Vistory, I Cor. Chap. xv.

Let us recur in our Meditation to the tragical Dying of righteous Abel in his early Piety, or to the placid Death-Bed of aged Jacob with his Sons about him, and his Joseph closing his Eyes with Tears and Kisses: these very different Views of Death agree in this, that neither of them show the Good Man made in vain; but equally to the best that can be proposed by GOD or conceiv'd by us.

Let us view (I say) righteous Abel in all the Charms of florid Youth and Grace together, one Day with his Sacrifice at the Altar of GOD, and a Light from Heaven shining around him and irradiating his beauteous Face! And the next Day view him cover'd with Gore, deform'd with gastly Wounds, befmear'd with Dirt and Blood! how had his early Piety and high Devotion feem'd in vain; but for the Crown of Martyrdom remaining to him in a future eternal Life! and at the Head of the noble Army of Martyrs, Confessors of the Lamb slain in the midst of the Throne ! Rev. vii. 14. These are they that come out of great Tribula-" tion, and have washed their Robes and made 'em " white in the Blood of the LAMB: Therefore are " they before the Throne of GOD, and serve him "Day and Night in his Temple! they shall " bunger no more, nor thirst any more, &c.

But let us pass from the Blood of Abel, crying from the Earth against his Brother; unto the Death-Bed of aged Jacob, the good old Patriarch willing to be gone, waiting for the Salvation of GOD, defiring to depart (like bleffed Paul 2300 Years after him) and to be with Christ, as far the better; calling his Sons to take his parting Prayer, to bless them all together, and every One apart and by Name; his Joseph also in the midst of them, and Judah even greater than he in the Benediction, but not in Desert; for the Reward is of Grace. View (I say) this facob wrestling for the Blessing even in his Mother's Womb, as well as with the Angel long after and prevailing, as a Prince that had Power with GOD! Confider him in his continual Advances in Wisdom and Communion with GOD unto old Age; his boary Head and wrinkled Brow a Crown of Glory, in the Ways of Righteousness and Devotion: - Add to him such of bis Sons as were most like Him in their Generations, in their advanced Years also and Improvements in Grace; - Foseph, Moses, Foshua, Samuel, David; with Elias that never faw Death, and his Successor Elisha more magnificent on his Death-Bed than the King and all bis Court gather'd about it, and owning Him as much the Chariot of Israel as his Master Elijab had been before him: Add to these the New-Testament Elias, with his Head in a Charger and more than a Prophet; and think how Simeon expir'd, with the Holy Child Jesus in his Arms, fay some: and imagine also the Transports of a Stephen stoned under the Visions of Jesus through the open'd Heavens, and standing on the Right Hand of GOD! And add to all your Thoughts of the Joys of the Beloved of Jesus, St. John and Paul, as the Time of their Departure came on ! Contemplate

Contemplate all these in the Shades of Death, after their ferving their Generations by the Will of GOD; and although their Labour and Suffering were not at all in vain in the LORD; nevertheless if it were not for their Relation to a better Country, that is an beavenly, and their Inheritance with the Saints in Light, at the Head of whom these shine; - What would they have thought of their Life here below? however eminently happy and useful; and honour'd of GOD they were in Comparison of others! - So Jacob paus'd, and took Breath, in the midst of his bleffing his Sons, in that happy Parenthesis, "I have waited for thy Salvation, O LORD. - And such had been the Faith and Hope and Joy of his dying Fathers, the Patriarchs before him; as the Apostle to the Hebrews tells us, Heb. xi. 13, 15. These all died in Faith, desiring a better Country, that is a Heavenly; confessing themselves Strangers and Pilgrims on Earth.

But though we may thus make fome Allowance to the best of Men, or some Kind of Excuse for them, after the best Life of Services to GOD and Communion with Him, that has been attained in this Earth of ours; if upon their Review of all that they have known of GOD or done for his Name, they readily own the Vanity and Emptiness of it all; if it were not for their sure and certain Hope of a higher and better Life, referved for them in Heaven, after the Dissolution of their Bodies; - yet we must recollect our selves, and affirm constantly, that These among the Sons and Daughters of Men, (the whole Election of Grace, the Elect Lady and ber Children as well as John himself) have by no Means been made in vain! no, far otherwise; their Labours have not been in vain

in the LORD, but their Works follow them, and will be openly acknowledged and gloriously rewarded in the Day of CHRIST; and their Charities to his poor Members in particular, while they will still call themselves unprofitable Servants: Matth. xxv. 34, &c. "Then shall the King say to them on his " right Hand, Come ye bleffed of my FATHER, "inherit the Kingdom prepared for you from the Foundation of the World; for I was bungry " and ye gave me Meat, thirsty and ye gave me " Drink; a Stranger and ye took me in, naked " and ye clothed me; I was fick and ye visited me : I was in Prison and ye came to me. "Then shall the Righteous answer, "Lord, when "did we so! - And the King shall reply, --"Verily I fay unto you, in as much as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my Bre-" thren, ye did it unto Me.

But we must go on yet much further in the Argument before me, and fay, - GOD has made nothing in vain, and much less Man: no not so much as one fingle Person, greater or less, better or worse, in vain :- Far be it from Him, whose Work is perfest; and nothing can hinder his everlasting Glory from it! no, not the Sin and Misery of any of his Creatures, Men or Devils.

How far was Man in his first Estate from being made a vain Creature! He was made a living Soul, in the Image of GOD; an immortal Spirit, wife boly and happy; and for an everlasting Increase in Knowledge and Holiness and Blessedness, in a Life of Worship and Obedience :- And altho' by Sin he foon subjected bimself, and the Creatures under his Feet, to the Vanity and Bondage of Death and

and Corruption;— and although the most of the Children of Adam are wilfully perishing in their spiritual Corruption; yet there is an Election of Grace in whom GOD will glorify his Holiness and Mercy for ever and ever, by recovering them here to a State of Communion with Himself, preparatory for and an Earnest of the Translation of their Souls at Death, and after the Resurrection Soul and Body united to the Visions of his Glories in Heaven.

Then every Mark and Sign of Sin and Vanity shall be done away for ever; and the Redeemed from our Earth shall shine forth in the Kingdom of their Saviour, in the Paradise above, in more than transfigur'd Bodies; and in what irradiated Souls !— how much fairer and brighter than Adam and Eve at first in the Garden of God below; in their Innocence, Integrity and earthly Happiness! in what Knowledge, Purity and Joy! like that of the boly Angels who stand and minifter ( with covered Faces ) before the Throne: according to what we read Psalm xvi. ult. Therefore my Heart is glad and my Glory rejoices; my Flesh also shall rest in Hope; thou wilt shew me the Path of Life; in thy Presence is Fulness of Joy, and at thy right Hand are Pleasures for evermore. Rev. xxii. 3, 4, 5. "And there shall be no more Curse, but the Throne of GOD and " of the Lamb shall be in it, and his Servants " shall serve Him! and they shall see bis Face, " and his Name shall be in their Foreheads! " and there shall be no Night there; for the " LORD GOD giveth them Light, and they shall " reign for ever and ever.

Here let our View of Sin and Death and Vanity end as to the righteous; for here must be the Abolition of it for ever and ever, as to them; "Mortality being swallowed up of Life. This is the Restitution of all Things, and of Man to his Possession of the heavenly Inheritance, purchased by Jesus Christ for his Elett and them for it.

O how far then will the least of these seem from having been made in vain, in this Day of the "Manifestation of the Sons and Daughters of GOD? O to what a glorious Purpose will it then appear, that Man was created in the Likeness and Love of GOD? fince out of his fallen Loyns GOD has raifed fo many Children to eternal Glories! of whom He has faid, and will fay for ever, "Ye are my Sons and Daughters, faith the LORD Almighty. - See their Number and Glory, and hear their Songs of Joy, and read their endless Bliss: Revel. vii. 9, 10, 15, 16, 17. " After this I beheld, and lo a great Multitude, which no Man can number, of all Nations, and Kindreds and People and Tongues, stood before the Throne and before " the Lamb; clothed with white Robes and 66 with Palms in their Hands; and cried with " a loud Voice, faying; Salvation to our GOD " which fitteth upon the Throne and to the Lamb! These are they that came out of " great Tribulation, and have washed their Robes 46 and made them white in the Blood of the 16 Lamb: -- therefore are they before the "Throne of GOD, and serve Him Day and " Night in his Temple; and He that sitteth on the Throne shall dwell among them ! they shall bunger no more, nor thirst any " more ;

"more; neither shall the Sun light on them, if nor any Heat; for the Lamb which is in the midst of the Throne shall lead them to living Fountains of Waters; and GOD shall wipe away all Tears from their Eyes.

USE. And so I come to make some practical Restections on this vain Life of Man, in his corrupted Flesh, which GOD had no Hand in! this Vanity of Man as mortal, which is altogether of Himself.

And is it as we have been hearing, that our Time here on Earth is so very short, and our State so vain because so very sinful; so that we may be ready at times to think and say of it, in our most serious Frames and Hours, — "O why is Man made thus altogether, as it were, for Nought and in vain? so abandoned to Sin and Misery, and void of Goodness and Happiness? — Yet let us recover out of this salse Medium, whereby the Sight of GOD and of our Selves is obscured; — that we may make a just and righteous Improvement of the Infelicities we have brought upon our Selves.

First then, What a dreadful Thing is Sin? and what a Punishment of it is Mortality and Death. Man little understood or weighed the Warning given him in his State of Innocence; "In the Day thou eatest, thou shalt surely die. The first Sight of Death on the Beasts slain in Sacrifice, was without Doubt not a little affecting to our first Parents, but the bideous Face of it in their lovely Abel struck them with a Horror not to be imagined.— The Sorrows

Sorrows of burying ber Sons chang'd the fair Naomi into an unknown Thing; " Is this Naomi? And yet these are but the lighter Part of the Curse. which the most pious are subject to, and Faith has many a Time born gloriously: Luke xii. 4. " I " fay unto you my Friends, Fear not them that can kill the Body, and after that have no more "that they can do! but I will forewarn you "Whom you shall fear! HIM that can cast the Soul into Hell! I say unto you fear Him.— Yet alas, how is Sin punish'd in us, and before our Eyes, in the present Life! " Call for the mourning Women, faid the gracious Prophet, for Death " is in the Streets, and at our Windows! - It tears the fucking Child from the Mother's Breast, and the Desire of the Eyes with a Stroke from the Arms of her Husband. The tender Soul of Jesus was moved exceedingly as he faw the Widow following ber Son to the Grave, and he wept at the Grave of Lazarus. Alas, how is Sin punish'd in us, in the Sicknesses and Pains and Corruption which often preceed Death, as well as in the Putrefaction that always follows it. What Months of Vanity were appointed to Job, and wearisome Nights? Job vii. 3. His Flesh was clothed with Worms and Clods of Dust; his Skin broken and become loathsome. Chap. x. 9, 18. Remember I befeech thee, that thou hast made me as the Clay, and wilt thou bring me into Dust again? Wherefore then hast thou brought me out of the Womb? O that I had given up the Ghost, and no Eye had seen me.

Secondly, The vainer our Life is, and the shorter our Time, the more let us be excited to a holy Care and Vigilance, that it may not seem to our felves

felves or others, to have been altogether lost and in vain: But let us indeed think our felves made in vain, if the End of Life be not in some Measure consider'd by us, answer'd and attained: Else (as the wife Solomon fays) an untimely Birth is better! better than He, the Days of whose Years are many and his Soul not filled with Good done in them : for he cometh in with Vanity, and departeth in Darkness, and his Name shall be covered with Darkness, Eccles. vi. 4. To let a short Life run away in Vanity and Sin, in doing nothing, or in doing evil; in the Neglect of GOD and our Souls, and to the Dishonour and Wrong of both : - what an egregious Piece of Folly and Wickedness must it be! as it is represented and bewailed in the xcth Psalm, from the 5th Verse: "For " we are consumed by thine Anger, and by thy " Wrath we are troubled! thou hast set our "Iniquities before thee, our fecret Sins in the Light of thy Countenance! for all our Days " are passed away in thy Wrath; we spend our "Years as a Tale that is told! - Who knoweth "the Power of thy Anger, even according to thy Fear so is thy Wrath! So teach us to " number our Days, that we may apply our Hearts " unto Wisdom.

To Man GOD fays, - " This is Wisdom! O that they were wife, that they understood this, and would consider their latter End! The wise Servants of GOD have ever done it and been wife to Salvation: More especially the Son of the Highest, when he took our mortal Flesh, was made Sin for us, and came into our World to die; he quickened himself once and again, for our Sakes, and to give us an Example, from

this Motive; " I must work the Work of Him that fent me, while it is Day; the Night " cometh wherein no Man can work! And a-. gain, — "I have a Baptism to be baptised "with, and how am I straitned till it be ac-" complished. - The Disciples of FESUS might well learn this of Him, and teach it to others; as we read in the Epistles of St. Peter and Paul: "I will not be negligent to put you always in "Remembrance of these Things; yea, I think " it meet as long as I am in this Tabernacle of Clay, to stir you up; knowing that I also " must shortly put off this my Tabernacle as "the LORD hath shewed me! - This I say therefore, Brethren, the Time is short ! it rees maineth that both they that have Wives be " as though they had none; and they that weep " as though they wept not, and they that rejoice " as though they rejoiced not, and they that buy " as though they possessed not, and they that " use the World as not abusing it, because the " Fashion of it passeth away.

Thirdly, Let us the rather take a thankful Notice to the Glory of GOD, that the Life of Some is not so much in vain as that of many others. — They have much sooner began to live to GOD, they have through Grace done more for Him the sew Days they have lived, and it may be their useful Lives have been prolong'd.— So the Face of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and Joseph shone before the Princes among whom they sojourn'd! And so shone the Face of Moses and Aaron before the Congregation of Israel in the Wilderness, and Caleb's also and Joshua then and in the Land of Canaan: after them also Samuel and

and David serv'd their Generation by the Will of God! but above all in the Days of the New Testament blessed Paul "was in Labours more" abundant, and Christ was magnified in his "Body, in Life and Death. — The Glory must be given to GOD, and was so: Not I, but the Grace of GOD in me; but the Comfort belongs to the Believer in Jesus, and it is great in Life or Death; nor can it be in vain in the Lord. "I Cor. xv. ult. Wherefore my beloved Brethren, be ye stedsast, unmoveable and always abounding in the Work of the Lord.

Here therefore I might have added and must add, 1. The less Life has been in vain, the more Comfort in our Death and in the Death of our dearest Friends; when GOD takes them away from us, or calls us to take leave of them. — O in what Serenity and Peace are such at Times enabled to bid farewell and breathe their last? as I am told the Excellent Person whose Remains we follow to the Grave this Afternoon, was enabled by Grace to do! to the Admiration of those that ministred about her Bed, and to the great Consolation of her Head and Offspring! and may it be for their and our spiritual Instruction, Admonition and Edification in Grace and Holiness.

So Hezekiah, the pious King of Judah, turned his Face to the Wall and prayed, when he was bid to put his House in Order for he must die; "Lord, remember (said he) how I have walked before thee with a perfett Heart!—And so the blessed St. Paul look'd Death in the Face and triumph'd; "the Time of my Departure is at hand, "I have fought a good Fight, I have finished my Course, I have kept the Faith! Hence-

" forth is referved for me the Crown of Righte" ousness! And not for me only but for all that
" love his Appearing, — And so when Dorcas
was dead, they wept over Her and told her good
Deeds, the Garments she had made for the poor;
and were going to bury her with Praises, in the
midst of Lamentation. — And so like Jehoiada
the Priest, let the lowest with the Highest in the
Congregation, be named and buried as among the
Kings of Judah; if they have done Good in Israel.

But then, on the other Hand, 2. The longer our Life is, and the greater our Advantages and Opportunities are for doing Good in the World, and the more special our Obligations; and yet the less is done by us; so much the more in vain has our Life been! and the more Matter of Humiliation, Mourning and Shame remains to us! the more Sorrow and Fear in a dying Hour, and looking for of Judgment, in the Day of Christ! As it is written, "Cast the unprofitable Servant into utter Darkness; there shall be weeping and gnashing of Teeth.

Fourthly, The shorter and vainer the present sinful Life of Man is, the more let us realize, and strengthen our Faith in this great Truth, — that GOD never made any Thing in vain; and that Man in particular was made in the Perfection of Life and Happiness; wise and holy, for a blessed Immortality.

The Glory of GOD, and the Honour of his Creature, require us to strengthen and establish our Faith in this first Record that GOD has given to Man concerning Himself — GOD made Man for the best Ends, and to the most glorious Purposes. What could be said more great and good and august, than what's said of Man in his Creation; Gen.

1. 27.

in the Image of GOD created Man in his own Image, in the Image of GOD created he him, Male and Female created He them; and GOD bleffed them.— Such Man came out of his Maker's Hand, a living Soul, never to have known Sin or Death, or to have been subjected to Vanity! A Matter this is worthy of everlasting Remembrance, and a Subject of our perpetual Praises! And it will be fung of for ever in Heaven: Psal. viii. 5.— ult. Revel. iv. 11.

We may apply to Man in his first Estate, and give Glory to GOD in those chosen Words of the xxist Psalm: "Thou didst prevent him with the "Blessings of Goodness! thou didst put a Crown" of pure Gold on his Head! Thou gavest him "Life in Perfection, even Length of Days for ever and ever: Honour and Majesty thou didst "put upon him, and madest him most blessed for ever; exceeding glad with the Light of thy Countenance!—Be thou exalted Lord, in thy own "Strength! so will we sing and praise thy Power.

Fiftbly, Let this therefore fill and quiet us in all that GOD orders concerning us, all the Days of our vain Life, which we pass as a Shadow.

The Providence of GOD is perfect! there is no Room for any Suspicion or Complaint, Exposulation or Charge respecting any Thing that may here befall us. Clouds and Darkness may be round about the Throne of GOD, but Righteousness and Judgment his Habitation. He dwelleth in that Light, which no Eye can see. His Righteousness is as the great Mountains, while his Judgments are as the great Deep. Let the One be always before our Eyes, while we cannot see at all into the other.

He

He is a jealous GOD, and therefore will not beat that we should have any fealous of his Government. He is perfect in Knowledge, we comparatively perfect Ignorance. How unsearchable are his Counsels, and his Ways past finding out!

Every Event of Providence, the dark as well as the bright, are the Issue and Result of his infallible Foreknowledge and immutable Decrees .- The Chariot with the black Horses, as well as the white. came forth alike from between the Mountains of Brass, Zech. vi. 1. These are shining Mountains and immoveable: they cast a Light and Glory upon all that comes forth from between them. The black Horses shine in the same Light of GOD, his Goodness, Wisdom, Righteousness and Holiness, as do the white: And it is of the black, that it pleased the HOLY ONE to say, in the Hearing of the Prophet; " Behold THESE have quieted my Spirit: Zech. vi. 8. And what quiets the Spirit of the LORD, should quiet ours; and will do so, if we defire to be holy wife and good as HE is.

I can never forget, how as I was once reading that Chapter in my Family, those Words struck me with a marvellous Light and Force; representing to me the perfect infinite Complacency which the Soul of GOD has in all the Events of his Providence; which are All and every One of them altogether fuch as they should be; the full Accomplishment of the everlasting Purposes of his own Wisdom Holiness and Grace; wherein therefore the Holy Spirit of the Lord must have everlasting Rest and Quiet, Pleasure and Satisfaction. — Can there be a more calming quieting Consideration than this to the Spirit which GOD has made and sanctified! has made to govern, and to be in Subjection unto his

his own holy, perfect and bleffed Will ?- So Abraham's Spirit was quieted when the Horror of great Darkness came upon him, and the Lamp of Fire passed between his divided Sacrifice; though it only shewed him the long fiery Trial in Egypt. which his Seed were to pass through in their Way to Canaan .- And so the Spirit of Job was quieted in the Will of GOD, when he bereaved him of all his Children, Family and Substance in one dark Day! And he faid, " Naked came I out of my Mother's Womb, and naked shall I return! the LORD gave and the LORD has taken, bleffed be the Name of the LORD. -But to name a Greater than these,-So the Soul of Christ was quieted, John xii. 28. "Now is my Soul troubled, and what shall I say? Father, save me from this Hour, but therefore came I unto this Hour! Father glorify thy Name.

Let there be then in us a Conformity to our Lord Jesus Christ, in the Will of our Heavenly Father, that his Soul may have Pleasure in us, as it has in Him.—O Believer in Jesus! may I say unto thee? "Quiet the Holy Spirit of GOD, by Quietness and Submission to Him in all thy Afflictions? This shall please the Lord better than the best Sacrifice of Praise thou canst render to him. Behold the Lamb of GOD, be meek and lowly like Him, and find Rest to thy Soul! it pleased the Lord to bruise him and put him to Grief: He was dumb and opened not his Mouth; and the Pleasure of the Lord prosper'd in his Hand: Desire to be found one of his Seed, and let Him see the Travail of his Soul in thy Conformity to Him.

What if GOD wills, after a Course of shining Circumstances in this World, to break the beauteous Body or the lovely Mind to Pieces!, and to bring

his Cloud over the joyous House and Family, in the Day even of their worshiping and feasting as in the Day of 70b? what belongs to us is, to fall down and worship, - " naked came I out of my Mother's Womb, and naked shall I return, the LORD gave and the LORD hath taken; bleffed be the Name of the LORD. Pfalm 88. 9, 18. " Mine Eye mourneth by Reason of Affliction, I have called daily upon thee, I have " stretched out my Hand to thee! Lover and Friend hast thou put far from me and mine Acquaintance " into Darkness. Psalm 62. 9. Surely Men of 66 low Degree are Vanity, and Men of high Degree " are a Lie! to be laid in the Ballances they are " lighter than Vanity! My Soul, wait thou only upon

66 GOD; for all my Expectation is from Him.

O that Those who are rising up among us in superior Circumstances, and with promising Expettations from a vain and empty World, would betimes receive Conviction, and learn of them, who have wifely gone before them, without Elation or Pride of Life.

Sixthly and lastly, The shorter Time is, and the vainer the present Life and World may seem to any of us on the Account thereof; the more let us fix our Eyes and fet our Hearts on the Word of GOD, which liveth and abideth for ever, and is not a vain Thing, but is our Life: Let us fet our Heart (I fay) on that unseen and eternal World which the Word of Life sets before us, and requires us to be passing our present short Life in an earnest and diligent Preparation for.

Let us bless GOD for Jesus Christ, and the Words of Eternal Life by Him, who has abolished Death and brought Life and Immortality to Light in his Gospel.— My whole Context leads us to HIM;

to fing of the Mercies of GOD through Him for ever and ever; and of the Covenant of GOD with Him, and in Him with all that believe in and submit to him on the Terms of the Gospel.

This is the only Support of a pious Soul under the Vanity of Life, the Prospect of his own Death, and in his Sorrows over the Dead in Him. If in this Life only we had Hope we were miserable; but now is CHRIST risen from the Dead, and become the Firstfruit of them that fleep: for if we belive that Jesus died and rose again; even so them that sleep in Jesus GOD will bring with Him. We must raise our Eyes therefore unto the Glories of that bleffed Day, and turn them away from beholding Vanity, which will never never be thought of more; nor will ever fuch a Word be heard again from a Saint's Lips ; but even Devils will confess respecting them that they were not made in vain :- No, happy the Day wherein they were born, and the Night wherein they were conceived! no Darkness or any Shadow of Death can ever stain it, nor any Cloud dwell on it: But GOD will regard it from above, and his Saints may keep the Day of their Death; as their bleffed Birth-Day into Glory Honour and Immortality.

More especially, how will the righteous shine forth in the Kingdom of their Saviour in the Day of their Resurrection? when Christ will quicken their vile Bodies, and fashion them according to bis own most glorious Body! When the Glory of the Celestial shall succeed, after the Dishonour of the Terrestial is ceased for ever! When what was sown in Corruption shall be raised in Incorruption! what was sown in Weakness shall be raised in Power! and the present natural Body shall be rais'd a spiritual!—Such is the Resurrection

furrection of the Just, and bleffed and boly for ever are all They that have Part therein.

Let us therefore be greatly quickned by the bleffed Hope to pass our short Time and vain Life here, in the most serious and earnest Endeavours to attain that World, even the Resurrection of the Just. Let not the Vanity and Shortness of the present Life be complained of, but improved. Our Time is a Talent of infinite Price, for our diligent redeeming and improving till our Lord shall come; and blessed is that Servant whom the LORD when he cometh, shall find so doing.

We have liv'd to good Purpose if we get well to Heaven. We shall then find that our Life and Labour has not been in vain in the LORD. Nay the shorter our Life is, and the sooner we have begun to live to GOD, the more wonderful is the Gain and Advantage made! How abundant is the Reward of a short Life of Duty and Sufferings! how vast that and how small these! How light and for a Moment the One, and what an eternal Weight the other! as the Apostle teaches us to reckon and estimate, Rom. viii. 18. That the Sufferings of the present Life are not worthy to be compared, with the Glory to be revealed :- for which Cause (says he) we faint not; 2 Cor. iv. ult. But though our outward Man perish yet the inward is renewed Day by Day; for our light Affliction, which is but for a Moment, worketh for us a far more exceeding and eternal Weight of Glory! while we look not at the Things that are feen, but at the Things that are unseen; for the Things which are feen are temporal, but the Things which are not seen are eternal.

#### FINIS.







