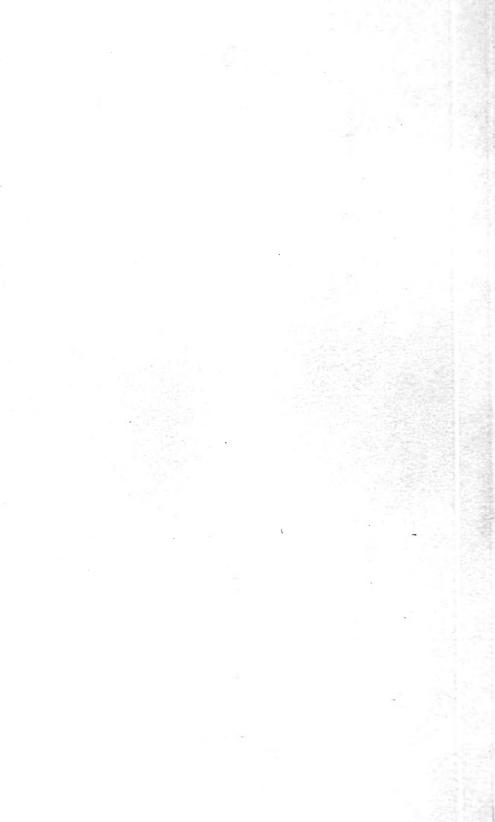
Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



Sorta alkonom Reading Por

ESTABLISHED, 1845.

[1862.]

NO. 2.]

WASHBURN & CURTIS'S

(LATE BARNES & WASHBURN)

CATALOGUE

CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

SELECTED FROM THE STOCKS OF THE MOST

CELEBRATED EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN GROWERS.

TO WHICH IS APPENDED

A SUPPLEMENTARY CATALOGUE

OF

FLOWER SEEDS, FOR 1863.

Containing an Additional List of several hundred varieties, including upwards of one hundred New and Bare Sorts, now offered for the first time in America.

WITH COPIOUS

DESCRIPTIVE AND CULTURAL NOTES.

WASHBURN & CURTIS,

SEEDSMEN, FLORISTS, AND NURSERYMEN, HARRISON SQUARE, MASS-

(FOUR MILES FROM BOSTON.)

The following Tables will be found useful to the Gardener Farmer, and Amateur :

TABLE showing the number of Plants or Trees to the Acre, at given distances.

Joul

Distance apart.			
1 foot	No. of Plants.	Distance apart.	No. of Plants.
	43,560	9 feet	rio. or riants,
15 feet	10.000		
1½ feet		12 do.	
2 do	10 000		
91 de	10,890	15 do.	193
$2\frac{1}{2}$ do	6.969	10 1.	
8 do .		18 do	194
3 do		91 do	101
4 do	1,010	21 do	
	2,722	24 do	
5 do	1.510	ar uo	
0 7		27 do	
6 do	OTO F		
	····· 1,210	38 do	10
			48

TABLE showing near the amount of Plants produced by a given quantity of Seed, and the quantity of Seed required for a given amount of Land.

1 oz. of Artichoke and Cardoon			
1 oz. of Artichoke and Cardoon 1 oz. of Asparagus	600 1	Plants.	
1 0Z. Of Broccoli Cabbage Caulta	1 000	do.	
		do.	
1 0Z. of Leek and Penner	10,000	do.	
1 0Z. Of Endivo	3,000	do.	-
1 02. Of Deet should be allotted for another a	5,000	do.	
1 oz. of Carrot should be allotted for every rod.			

2 02. of Carrot should be allotted for every rod. 1 oz. of Corn Salad should be allotted for every two rods.

oz. of Onion contains 9,000 seeds, and will sow one rod, requiring from five to eight lbs.

4 oz. of Radish, broadcast, will sow three rods; if sown in drills, one-half the quantity will

8 oz. of Spinage, broadcast, will sow five rods; if sown in drills, one-half the quantity will be sufficient. oz. of Cucumber is sufficient for 200 hills.

1 oz. of Cucumber is sufficient for 200 hills.
1 oz. of Melon is sufficient for from 120 to 150 hills.
1 oz. of Watermelon is sufficient for from 40 to 50 hills.
1 oz. of Squash is sufficient for from 50 to 100 hills.
1 qt. of English Beans will plant about 60 feet of row.
1 qt. of Dearf Beans will plant from 230 to 250 feet of row, or 350 to 400 hills.
1 qt. of Field Pumpkin will plant from 500 to 600 hills.
1 qt. of Field Pumpkin will plant from 500 to 600 hills.
1 qt. of Peas will plant from 150 to 200 feet of row.
2 qt. of Field Pumpkin will plant from 150 to 200 hills.
3 to of Field Pumpkin will plant from 150 to 200 hills.
4 to of Sweet Potatoes will plant about 1 acre.
4 bushel of Sweet Potatoes will produce 20 bushels.

I bushel of Sweet Potatoes will produce 20 bushels. I pound of Turnip is sufficient for 1 acre.

TABLE showing the amount of Seed necessary for an Acre, and the number of Pounds in a Bushel.

TimothyRed Clover	No. of lbs. p	er bushel.	No. of	lbs. per	acre.
Red Clover White Clover	· 48			10 to	
White Clover.	60			6 to	10
Lucerne Clover. Espersette Clover.	61			4 to	6
Espersette Clover. Hungarian Millet	60			4 to	-
Hungarian			********	- to	
Millet Hemp	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	J		12 to	10
nemp				25 to	50
Buckwheat				44 to	110
Kentucky Blue Grass. Red Top.	····· 52			25 to	52
Red Top Orchard Grass	14			5 to	10
Orchard Grass. Sweet Scented Vernal Grass				7 to	14
Sweet Scented Vernal Grass.	11			7 to	14
Sheep's Fescue.	11			6 to	11
Flax. Top Onion Sets				7 to	14
Top Onion Sets				20 to	30
	******* 40	******		- to	-

CA.

CHOICE FLOW LIN SEEDS

SELECTED FROM THE STOCKS OF THE MOST

CELEBRATED EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN GROWERS.

TO WHICH IS APPENDED

A SUPPLEMENTARY CATALOGUE

OF

FLOWER SEEDS, FOR 1863.

Containing an Additional List of several hundred varieties, including upwards of one hundred New and Rare Sorts, now offered for the first time in Åmerica.

WITH COPIOUS

DESCRIPTIVE AND CULTURAL NOTES.

WASHBURN & CURTIS,

SEEDSMEN, FLORISTS, AND NURSERYMEN,

HARRISON SQUARE, MASS.

(FOUR MILES FROM BOSTON.)

you our revised and improved be found to surpass any existing wo. its compilation, and so ourselves amply repaid if we are thus enabled to afford you increased satisfaction.

The columnar arrangement of the General List has been materially altered, and we trust improved; it has been our endeavor not only to furnish information usually found in such lists, but to make such additions, in shape of copious descriptive and cultural notes, as it appeared to us might be of benefit to the amateur and unprofessional horticulturist. Its adaptation, in short, is such, we hope, as will meet the requirements of all lovers of flowers.

To the assortments of seed (see page 9), especial attention has been paid to render them as complete and satisfactory as possible. They will be found to embrace only such sorts as are of real merit, and well worthy of cultivation. The uninitiated may therefore order them without fear of disappointment; and to the experienced cultivator we trust they will be found acceptable.

The appended collection, taken as a whole, we believe to be one of the most complete in the country, as no care or expense has been spared in selecting our present stock. We believe nothing desirable or suitable for cultivation in this country has been omitted, and we feel confident in recommending it as being worthy of the attention of all interested.

VEGETABLE DEPARTMENT. After continued solicitation from many of our correspondents, we now offer a list of Vegetable Seeds which comprises all that is essential in variety for the requirements of vegetable economy in family consumption.

In conclusion, permit us to tender you out sincere thanks for the increased patronage bestowed upon us the last season, and to trust that the character of our seed heretofore sent out will still be such as to merit your confidence and favor.

WASHERE & CURTIS,

HARRISON SQUARE, (NEAR BOSTON,) MASS.

March, 1863.

ON THE GROWTH OF FLOWER SEEDS.

As we occasionally hear complaints that seeds do not vegetate, and as seedsmen in general are often accused of sending out worthless seed, we would, in justice to ourselves and others, beg of our patrons to give the following remarks a careful consideration.

That seeds oftentimes refuse to grow, is an established fact; but it is equally certain that that fact alone is no positive proof that the seeds are worthless. Probably ninety per cent. of all the flower seeds sold in this country go into the hands of persons who have no idea how seeds should be grown. Many of them, perhaps, accustomed to putting into the ground peas, beans, radishes, &c., fancy themselves acquainted with sowing seeds in general; and when they fail, the blame is laid, not upon their ignorance, but upon the seedsmen. Is it to be wondered at, then, that there are occasional complaints that seeds do not grow?

An example or two, about which there can be no mistake, will explain our meaning. A few years since some seeds sent from India to a great garden near London, where any amount of skill ought to have been found, were, in part, sown, and reported on as "bad, will not grow." Two years afterwards, what remained of the original seed, although so much older, was sown, and it grew freely. Why was this? The explanation is simple, the gardener had been changed. We have many times planted seeds which refused to grow, and, after waiting a sufficient time, have then planted more out of the same parcel, which vegetated readily. This is not an uncommon occurrence among gardeners. And why is this? We would answer that the fault may have been in planting, or in the weather, or in some cause unknown; but one thing we do know,— the fault was not in the seed.

Complaints that seed are not good are perennial, and we quite believe that in nineteen cases out of twenty they arise from injudicious treatment. We think a little consideration would convince any one that, if we know our own interest, we should not be likely to send out poor seed, for the sake of saving a few shillings, at the risk of sacrificing the trade we are striving to extend. Nothing, indeed, is more barbarous than the way in which seeds are sometimes treated. Some are overwhelmed with earth; others are scattered on the surface; some are allowed to lie in a puddle; some are planted where no rain can reach them; slugs are allowed to devour them; domestic fowls and other birds are permitted to feast on them. Another reason why seeds sometimes fail to give satisfaction is, that people are too much in a hurry to get their seeds into the ground; and probably more disappointment arises from too early sowing than from all other causes put together. And then, again, many will allow the weeds to grow with the seeds until the former cannot be removed without destroying the latter; and we have known more than one case where the plants have been pulled up with the weeds, - the person not being able to distinguish between them. In all these cases the seeds are found to be in fault, and the blame is most unreasonably thrown upon the seedsman.

We would suggest to our friends who fail to grow their seeds, that it may be as well to inquire whether any of these ingenious methods of destroying vegetable life have been practised in their own cases.

REMARKS ON THE CULTIVATION OF ANNUALS, BIENNIALS, AND PERENNIALS.

ANNUALS.

Plants known as annuals are raised from the seed, perfect their flowers, mature their seed the same season, and then perish; they are divided as follows: Hardy, half hardy, and tender. Hardy annuals are such as will bear a hard frost; half hardy annuals will bear but little; tender annuals will not bear the frost at all.

BIENNIALS

Are those plants that flower the second, and sometimes the third year from the time the seeds are sown, and then perish.

PERENNIALS

Are those plants which do not in their growth form either trees or shrubs, but lose their tops, wholly or in part, every year after they have done flowering; the roots continue to live and generate for several years successively.

Biennials and perennials are hardy, half hardy, and tender. Hardy biennials and perennials stand the hardest winter without protection; half hardy require to be well protected; and tender biennials and perennials must be kept where frost will not touch them.

TIME OF SOWING SEED IN THE OPEN GROUND.

With regard to the proper time for sowing seed in the open ground, much depends on the character of the season; the general rule recommended has been to sow hardy annuals from the middle of April to the first of May, — half hardy, first of May, — and tender annuals, last of May and first of June. But, from our own experience, we are convinced that more disappointment results from too early sowing than from any other cause. The general rule that we would recommend is not to sow even hardy annuals before the middle of May. We would much rather, as a general thing, defer sowing them until the first part of June than to sow them as early as the middle of April. The half hardy and tender annuals we would sow from the latter part of May to the tenth of June, or even some days later, if necessary. Biennials and perennials may be sown at any time from the middle of April to the first of July; but, in order to get good strong flowering plants for the following season, we would advise to sow them as early as the tenth of June.

MODE OF SOWING.

Seeds may be sown in patches among the border plants, in rows, or groups, where they are to remain, or in a nursery bed, and afterwards transplanted. As a general rule, the surface soil should be rather dry than otherwise at the moment of sowing, and the operation never should be undertaken when the ground is very wet, especially at an early period of the spring. Whenever it may be desirable, for some special reason, to sow when the ground is too damp, the surface should be scraped off to the depth of an inch or two, and its place supplied by a handful of dry soil, on which the seeds may be sown. In the case of seeds of a moderate size, the surface soil may be scraped aside with the edge of a trowel to the depth of a quarter of an inch, and around the circumference of the slight hollow thus made, the seeds may be thinly strewn, the soil being then returned and gently pressed flat with the hand or trowel. If the soil should be of an adhesive nature, the pressure should be very slight, or the surface will cake; it will be better in this case to cover the seeds with a little sandy loam, or other friable soil, instead of that where the sowing is made.

It is particularly requisite that seeds should not be sown too deep, from whence arise many of the failures of inexperienced gardeners. The depth at which the seeds are sown will vary with their size; large seeds, such as those of the Lupinus, Sweet Pea, or Marvel of Peru, may be three quarters of an inch deep; other varieties from an eighth to a half inch deep, according to the size or nature of the seed. Some that are very small require to be sown on the actual surface, a slight pressure being then sufficient to imbed them to a proper depth. For the majority of the seeds a very thin covering suffices; if sown too deep they are longer in germinating, and the small ones are liable to decay. It sometimes insures a more even distribution of very small seeds, such as those of Campanula, Digitalis, etc., if they are intimately mixed before sowing with a little fine, dry soil, the mixture being sown in the same way as the seeds. Woolly seeds, which adhere to each other, like the Globe Amaranthus, etc., should be rubbed with a little fine sand, which will generally separate them. In all cases the more thinly the seeds are strown, the better; when too thickly sown, the seedlings become elongated and sickly, an evil which no subsequent thinning out will entirely remedy.

If the soil be dry, and the weather sunny, it will be necessary to water the seeds slightly from a very fine rose watering-pot. Rain water is preferable. In the absence of rain this application must be repeated every day or two, for it is important to observe that, when once the seeds begin to swell, they are peculiarly susceptible to injury from drought, and will speedily perish, unless the soil be maintained in a moist condition; to neglect of this important precaution many failures are solely attributable. On the other hand, an excess of moisture previous to germination will often cause the seed to decay, especially in cold seasons; early in the spring, therefore, the water-pot must be used with judgment, and meyer late in the day when frosts threaten.

DIRECTIONS FOR SOWING CALCEOLARIAS

AND OTHER SEEDS OF GREENHOUSE PLANTS OF DELICATE HABITS.

The cultivation of the Calceolaria from the seed requires a little extra care in the early stage of its culture. To insure success in the raising of seedings, it is requisite to attend to the following directions as nearly as possible. The seed should be sown in pots, prepared in the following manner: the pot to be half filled with drainage, over that rough siftings of the mould, and the surface covered with soil as fine as possible, half of which should be composed of silver sand. When prepared thus it should be watered with a fine rose, immediately after which sow the seed carefully without any covering of soil. The pots should then be placed under a close frame or hand-glass, in a shady part of the garden (no artificial heat being required). In large establishments, of course, they may have propagating or other houses that will do, where the same kind of moist temperature could be obtained, but any exposure to the sun must be carefully guarded against by mats or paper. If the situation is of the proper temperature, they will require watering but very seldom. Directly the seedings are strong enough, they must be pricked off in pots prepared as before, and placed in the same situation: from the store pots they will require to be potted off singly; after this they will grow very rapidly. Through the winter the plants will thrive well on the shelves near the glass, in the greenhouses; and, to obtain fine specimens, they must be shifted on freely till the flower-stalks have started, and should always be smoked with tobacco directly the green-fly appears, as no plants in cultivation so readily suffer from this insect as the Calceolaria.

It is necessary to remark, that one of the most frequent causes of the appearance of these injurious insects is the plant becoming *root-bound*; to avoid which evil, it is important that it should frequently be repotted during the growing season.

*** These remarks will apply also to the cultivation of the Cineraria, except that this plant is more hardy, and will thrive with less care.

There are also many flowers that have very small and fine seeds, and require more care in sowing; in most cases these need no covering of soil, but, after the seed is sown, some fine selected most damped and placed on them, will be found highly beneficial; the most can be removed as the vegetation proceeds. Indeed, the treatment given for rearing Calceolaria seed will answer in rumerous instances for fine seeds.

NEW LARGE FLOWERED FLAX; OR, LINUM GRANDIFLORUM RUBRUM.

A difficulty has frequently been experienced in raising plants from seed of this most beautiful and first-class bedding annual, though 99 seeds out of 100 may be insured by placing the seed in lukewarm or tepid water for twenty-four hours, after which they should be rubbed dry with linen, so as to clear off the glutinous or gummy solution with which the seed is covered; when this simple operation is concluded, they may be sown at once in the open ground, the same as any common hardy annual; if sowing in frames should be preferred, they should be pricked off into the flower-bed when very young, the same as Rhodanthe Manglesi and others of that class.

There are also other seeds which, either from their not germinating at all, or very few in proportion to the quantity sown, are generally supposed to be bad, — this is often the result of some peculiarity in the formation of the seed or its sheath, and not defect or want of germinating power. Take, for instance, Martynia fragrans, or the beautiful little rambler, Abromia umbellata, which is seen to such advantage when trained on a low sunny wall, and they will be found to germinate freely if, before sowing, the tough skin that incloses the seed is carefully peeled off with a knife.

Many seeds of greenhouse plants and importations from abroad that are of a very hard nature should be placed in a vessel of water, and kept in a higher temperature from twentyfour to forty-eight hours before being sown. A few may even be immersed in boiling water for a short time, but these are only exceptional cases.

A FEW HINTS ON THE CHARACTER AND CULTIVATION OF THE IMPROVED FRENCH AND GERMAN ASTERS.

A whole series of varieties have arisen out of this now most popular plant, by the continued industry and attention given to its cultivation, and each has its peculiarities. We will here mention them in turn, as they have been produced. The progenitor was the single China Aster, which still exists, but sparsely cultivated.

1st. - GERMAN GLOBE QUILLED ASTERS.

The flowers of this variety are very numerous, large, and full, and of many brilliant colors; habit of plant much branching, and ornamental; height from one and a half to two feet.

2D. - TURKISH ASTER.

This much resembles the German Globe Quilled Aster, but grows only to a height of from one to one and a half feet, has many branches, and the flowers are smaller than the preceding.

3D. - DWARF ASTER.

The individual blossoms of the blossom-tube are partly tubelike and partly leaflike; it reaches a height of from one half to one foot, and is covered with moderate-sized flowers, in variety of colors.

4TH. - FRENCH QUILLED PYRAMIDAL ASTER.

The flowers are produced in full, close compact, hemispherical clusters of quilled, tubelike florets, which appear on the plant nearly all of one height, and in a great variety of colors. Most probably received its name because it resembles an inverted pyramid; not surpassed by any other variety for habit of growth and brilliancy of colors.

5TH. - BOUQUET ASTER.

It is said by the German florists that when this Aster is well-grown each individual plant is so voluptuously covered with bloom that the green of the foliage is scarcely visible; almost every plant forms itself into a perfect bouquet; hence its name. We have frequently grown this Aster in our garden, but for some indefinable reason of climate or air, it has always failed to give out its reputed beauty; height from three-quarters to one and a quarter feet, and of about a dozen shades and colors.

6TH. - TRUFFAUT'S FRENCH PYRAMIDAL ASTERS.

These Asters testify the great care and perseverance the grower has taken in rearing them; there are now five varieties of it, and each has its bery of distinct colors. First, the Peonyflowered Asters turn their petals towards the centre, and a flower not quite in full bloom re-embles a ball; height from one and a half to two and a half feet; produces but few side flowers. Second, Perfection Asters: the blossoms of this kind are large; petals very long and but slightly reflexed; height from two to two and a half feet. Third, Chrysanthemumflowered Aster: the flowers of this variety are not as large as the preeding; the petals are entirely reflexed; produces many side flowers. Fourth, Bombee: the flowers of this variety are very large and full, and form almost a semi-ball; height from two to two and a half feet. Fifth, Imbricated and Pompone Imbricated (Ranunculus-flowered): the petals of these flowers form themselves like tiles, one on the top of the other, to the centre of the flower; the Pompone produces smaller blooms; neither of them producing but little effect in the garden.

7TH. - THE CROWN OR TWO-COLORED ASTERS.

A new section, which has advanced to four varieties; the one first introduced had full. double flowers, with beautiful white quilled sepals in the centre, surrounded with smooth, large crimson petals, and these again resting upon a circular fringe or band of green leafbracts, forming a unique appearance; it now comprises purple, lavender, and rose, with white centre, all possessing that splendid habit that distinguishes Truffaut's French Pyramidal Asters from all others.

8TH. - GIANT EMPEROR ASTER.

This variety has sprung from the Pyramidal Aster, and for size and form is unsurpassed; it bears only a few flowers, on a robust, strong stem, from which the side sprouts grow in the form of a candelabrum; in favorable cases it produces from three to five flowers, of which the chief blossom is four inches in diameter; in spite of their size, all its flowers are of an equal height, forming a flat, table-like cluster; height about two feet.

All the varieties of these most beautiful annuals are well adapted for cultivation in pots in the conservatory or the parlor, and in the borders in the open air, and bloom in almost any situation; but if perfection of bloom is desired, great care and attention are of course requisite.

SOIL AND SITUATION.

The Aster delights in rich, deep loam, well enriched with old, well-rotted manure; and if a good portion of leaf-mould could be added so much the better. The situation should be

sunny; in the shade they do not thrive, becoming drawn, and lacking that rich, vivid color which is one of the chief beauties of the flower. If practical, a sheltered place should also be selected, as the violent rains and winds are apt to dash the plant to the earth, especially when heavy with full-blown flowers. Staking is not absolutely necessary, but very useful, especially with the taller kinds.

TIME OF SOWING.

For early blooming plants the seed may be sown in a cold frame (that is, a simple hotbed frame without artificial bottom heat), about the 10th of April, taking care to cover with mats at night when there is danger of hard frost; for later flowering plants, sow from first to middle of May, although seed sown as late as the 10th of June will succeed very well.

SOWING.

Seed may be sown in the open ground according to the general direction given (see page 4); but as the choicest varieties of Aster seeds are saved from the most perfect flowers, and as the more perfect the flowers, the less vitality there is in the seed, we would advise the sowing of such in pots or boxes. First, be careful to drain well, by seeing that there are holes in the bottom of the box or pot sufficient to let the surplus water run off freely; then fill in about two inches of broken bricks, charcoal, oyster shells, or stones; then fill even full with light, rich soil, and lightly press the surface, so that the level of the soil may be an inch below the rim of the box or pot; then give a thorough watering with a rose from a watering-pot, so that the soil will be well saturated through; when this is done sow the seed and press them lightly upon the earth, and cover very slightly with a sprinkling of fine soil from a sieve.

When the sowing is thus finished, cover the pots or boxes with panes of glass, which has been whitened by a little chalk or whiting, mixed with water. This glass, which should completely cover the pot, serves the purpose of breaking the force of the sun, and of preventing the evaporation of the moisture which is necessary for the germination of the seed. Then place them in a warm sunny window, or, what is preferable, if you have a frame at hand, put them into that, taking care to give a little air when the sun shines by shoving the sash off, or raising the back end a very little. Seed treated in this way will seldom fail to make their appearance in from six to ten days, during which time they will want to be watered but very little, if any. When the young plants appear, give air gently by raising the pane of glass which covers the pot, and when the plants have got well established with a good pair of leaves, the glass on the pots can be dispensed with. If in frames, give air, in pleasant weather, and keep them covered nights and when the sun is clouded, until they have three or four leaves, when the glass should be taken entirely off, except in very cold nights or storms.

TRANSPLANTING.

Asters should, in all cases, be thinned out, or transplanted so that they will be at least eight inches, and the larger kinds twelve inches apart each way. When the plants have become sufficiently strong, with three or four pair of leaves, and there is no danger of frost, they should be transplanted. They may be planted in clumps of four or five plants of different colors, or en masse, or planted single. The operation of transplanting is very simple, and can be done with but little risk of losing any of the plants. All the tool required for the work is a trowel or dibble.* First, insert the trowel or dibble into the ground so as to make a hole sufficient to receive the whole length of the roots, without bending them; then place the roots in the hole, holding on to the top of the plant with one hand, and with the other infert the trowel or dibble again in the ground, about one inch from the first hole, and with it press the soil hard against the bottom of the roots; see that the hole is about half filled with earth, then fill even full with water, and after the water has partly soaked in, draw the soil about the plant lightly, so as to fill the hole even full, and the work is complete. If the planting is done directly after a heavy rain, the water may be dispensed with, but unless the ground is very wet, we should always use the water ; and be sure to give them enough to keep the ends of the roots wet until they begin to grow. We have transplanted thousands of plants in a comparatively dry time (we never wait for rain), without losing more than five plants out of a hundred, and we never use any water only at the time of transplanting.

The above directions will apply equally well for transplanting all other annuals that will 'bear removing.

• A stick about fifteen inches long and one inch in diameter, with one end tapered nearly to a point.

FLOWER SEEDS BY MAIL.

For the accommodation of persons who are located where we have no agents, we will send by mail, postpaid, to any address in the United States, under 3,000 miles, any varieties they may order, at the annexed prices.

Those who reside beyond 3,000 miles are requested to remit fifteen cents, in addition to the amount named, for every dollar's worth ordered.

***			~ ~							
Purchasers	remitting	\$1	00	may select	seeds a	it Catalogue	prices	amounting to) \$1	15
66	66	2	00	6 6	6	5	6.6	6 6	2	35
66	6.6	3	00	66	6.6		66	65	3	65
66	66 .	4	00	66	61		66	61	4	95
66	44	5	00	66	61		66	66	6	25
44	66	10	00	6.0	61		66	64	13	00
6.6	66	20	00	66	61		66	6.6	27	00
66	66	30	00	6.6	61		6	66	41	50

Persons desiring us to make their selections, may rely upon our sending only those which **are** really showy and handsome, and easy to cultivate. We believe that our experience will enable us to make selections that cannot fail to give entire satisfaction to any lady or gentleman who may be disposed to order them.

In sending orders for seed by mail, it will be only necessary to give the date of the catalogue from which the selection is made, and the numbers, instead of the names of the varieties. The name of the person to whom they are to be sent, and the name of the Town and State, should be so plainly written that there may be no mistaking a single letter. We often receive letters, containing money, the writing of which is so tad as to make it almost impossible to decide where and to whom the seeds ordered are to be sent.

All orders should be addressed (with the amount inclosed in cash or postage stamps), as follows: -

WASHBURN & CURTIS,

HARRISON SQUARE, MASS.

The following Catalogues will be sent, postpaid, to all applicants, on receipt of a threecent postage-stamp for each catalogue ordered.

No. 1. The General Catalogue, containing an extensive list of Greenhouse and Hothouse Plants; Dahlias, the largest collection in this country; Daisies, Geraniums, Heliotropes, Lautana, Niercmbergias, Pansies, Petunias, Pinks, Hollyhocks, Pentstemons, Salvias, Verbenas, and Bedding Plants generally. Also, Hardy Herbaceous and Hedge Plants, Roses, Shrubs, Honeysuckles, &c., &c. As this catalogue is published every spring, it will also contain a list of new plants which we shall offer to the public annually.

No. 2. The Flower and Vegetable Seed Catalogue, containing a descriptive list of choice selected Flower and Vegetable Seeds, embracing all the new and rare varieties and established favorites, with copious descriptive and cultural notes, being the most complete and useful of any before issued in this country.

No. 3. The Bulb Catalogue, containing a list of Dutch flowering bulbs, comprising a splendid assortment of Hyacinths, Tulips, Jonquils, Narcissus, Iris, Crocus, Crown Imperials, Snowdrops, Lilies, Gladiolus, &c., &c. This catalogue will be published annually, in August.

Those of our readers desiring information on any horticultural topics, are referred to the GARDENER'S MONTHLY, an illustrated Magazine of 32 pages, published at 23 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia, at \$1 per annum.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENTS

0 F

FRENCH AND GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS,

IN

SEALED PACKAGES,

CONTAINING THE COLORS SEPARATE.

Most of which are in the Original Packages as imported.

No.	. Pric	ce.
1	ASTERS, twelve varieties, French, Truffaut's new Peony-flowered. Saved from	
	selected flowers; decidedly the finest and most popular Aster in cultivation\$1	00
2	six varieties, French, Truffaut's, selected from No. 1	60
3	six varieties, French, Truffaut's New Perfection, fine	75
4	six varieties, French, Truffaut's new Imbricated Pompone	50
5	four varieties, French, Truffaut's New Bombee, reflexed	50
6	four varieties, French, Truffaut's New Chrysanthemum-flowered	35
7	thirty-two varieties, French, Truffaut's, including Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 2	50
8	cight varieties, French, New Dwarf Chrysanthemum-flowered; superb1	00
9	four varieties, French, Crown-flowered, a fine new variety	35
10	eight varieties, French, Quilled Pyramidal ; fine	50
11		50
12		50
		38
	······································	75
15	eight varieties, Camellia-flowered; superb, warranted to produce a large pro-	
	portion of perfect double flowers, which for size and beauty cannot be sur-	
	passed1	00
16		50
17	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	50
18		25
19	CLIMBING PLANTS, six varieties, the most ornamental for culture in the	
		50
20	, 8	50
21		50
22		25
23	DIGITALIS, Fox-glove, seven varieties, finest sorts, including the new and	
		35
24		38
25		50
26		38
27	HOLLYHOCKS, twelve varieties, finest new English and Scottish sorts, saved	
	from prize flowers, extra1	
28	twelve varieties, from A. Saul & Sons, English collection	
29 20		50
30 31		50
ə1 32		50
83		50 35
	mere o recenter de la contra c	SOU -

ASSORTMENTS OF CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS.

No.	Pri	C8.
34	MARIGOLDS, eight varieties, Tall and Dwarf, saved only from the finest selected	
	double flowers	38
35	MARVEL OF PERU, eight varieties, finest hybrids	50
36	MORNING GLORIES, eight varieties. A splendid Assortment of the most	
	distinct colors	50
37	NASTURTIUMS, six varieties, finest	25
38	NEMOPHILA, six varieties, choice selection	25
39	ORNAMENTAL GRASSES, twelve varieties, most distinct	50
40	PEAS, SWEET, six varieties, most distinct colors	25
41	PHLOX, DRUMMONDS, eight varieties, comprising the newest and finest	
	sorts	50
42	PINKS, CARNATION, twelve varieties, saved only from the finest English	
	Prize varieties1	50
43	six varieties, selected from No. 42.	75
44		
	prize varieties1	
45 [·]	six varieties, Perpetual or Tree, selected from No. 44	75
46	PINK, PICOTTE, twelve varieties, saved only from the finest English prize	
	varieties1	50
47	six varieties, selected from No. 46	
48		75
	varieties,1	50
49	six varieties, Perpetual, selected from No. 48.	75
50	POPPIES, CARNATION, twelve varieties, superb double	75
51	six varieties, selected from No. 50	38
52	PORTULACAS, five varieties, finest and most distinct.	25
53	SALPIGLOSSIS, eight varieties, beautiful	50
54	SCHIZANTHUS, six varieties, finest	25
55	SILENE, six varieties, very choice	25
56	SNAPDRAGON, Antirrhinum, eight varieties, extra fine	60
57	STOCKS, 10 WEEKS, six varieties, comprising only the finest and most dis-	
	tinct colors	38
58		
	received direct from one of the most celebrated florists in Germany. The	
	brightest and most distinct colors. This collection is offered with the fullest	
	confidence that in its production it cannot be surpassed1	00
59	six varieties, new large-flowering, selected from No. 58	50
60		
	most distinct colors	45
61	STOCKS, INTERMEDIATE, or AUTUMN, six varieties, extra choice	50
62		5 0
63		50
64		50
65		50
66	ZINNIAS, ten varieties, finest selected	50

10

GENERAL DESCRIPTIVE LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS.

EXPLANATIONS. — ha., hardy annual, (lasts one year;) hha., half hardy annual; ta., tender annual; hb., hardy biennial, (lasts two years;) hhb., half hardy biennial, (requires protection in winter;) hp., hardy perennial, (lasts many years;) hhp., half hardy perennial; g., green-

The figures after the description indicate the average height in feet to which the plants generally attain under good cultivation. A dagger, \dagger , denotes that such biennials and perennials usually flower the first year from

seed.

A star, *, dwarf plants suitable for edgings. A double **, ornamental climbers. In giving orders, it is preferable to mention the numbers without the names; but as the numbers are changed every year, it is absolutely necessary to say that they are taken from Catalogue "1861."

-

£10.	Pri Pri	ice.
67	Abronia umbellated, A. umbellata, ta., a pretty umbel-flowered creeping or trailing plant, with clusters of rosy blossoms, 1	10
68	Abutilon, g., a choice collection. See Greenhouse plants.	
69	Acacia Julibrissin, a hardy and elegant shrub, with tassel-like tufts of beauti- ful rosy flowers. Previous to sowing, soak the seed in water at 120° for six hours; 20.	10
70	greenhouse varieties. See Greenhouse seed.	
71	†Acanthus mollis, hp., purple and white; 2	5
72	Achillea fillipendula, hp., yellow, in large corymbs; 2	5
73	Achimenes. See Greenhouse plants.	
74	Aconitum Napellus. See Monkshood.	
75	Acroclinium, rose-colored, A. roseum, hha., an elegant new annual from Swan River, producing beautiful everlasting flowers, resembling the Rho- danthe Manglesii, but much larger; should be grown in every collection; 1	10
76	Adonis flower, A. flos, ha., handsome foliage, with blood-red flowers; very	б
77	pretty; 1	0
	pot culture, with curious blue heads of flowers, appearing from July to November; plants carefully lifted and potted in autumn will bloom finely through the winter; l_2^{\pm} .	5
78		10
79	red, rubrum, ha., red flower buds	10
80	Agrostema coronaria, in varieties. See Rose Campion.	10
81	Agrostis, in varieties. See Ornamental grasses.	
82	Alonsoa Warczewiczi's, A. Warczewiczii, tp., bright scarlet; 1 ¹ / ₂	10
83	incisifolia. cut-leaved, tp., orange, scarlet; 11.	10
84	Alstroemeria, hhp., Van Houtte's finest hybrids; 2	25
85	*Alyssum sweet, A. maritima, ha., in bloom from June to November; flowers white and very fragrant; in long racemes, which continually extend them- selves through the season; one of the most useful annuals in cultivation; ³ / ₄	5
86	* Bentham's, A. Benthamii, ha., white; 1	10
87	* golden, A. saxatile, hp., yellow; suitable for edging or rock work; 1	5
88	* Wiersbeck's, A. Wiersbeckii, hhp., white and yellow; 1	10
89	Amaranthus, three-colored, A. tri-color, ta., an old favorite; the chief beauty	
	of which consists in its beautiful variegated leaves; 2	5
90	Amethyst, blue, Browallia elata, ta., small blue flowers	10
91	, white	10
92	, mixed	5
98	Ammobium, winged, A. alatum, hha., white everlasting flowers; 12	5
94	Anagallis, indica, Indian pimpernel, ha., blue, trailing; 1	5
95	carnea, hha., flesh-color; 1	10
-96	coccinea, hha., scarlet; 1.	10

No.		tice.
97	Anagallis, lilacea, hha., lilac; 1	10
98	Monelli, hha., fine blue; 1.	10
99	Phillipsii, hha., fine blue; ½.	10
100	grandifiora cœrulea, hha., splendid large-flowered; blue; 1.	
101		10
101	rubra, hha., beautiful red ; ½	10
		10
103	Eugenie, grandiflora var., hha., beautiful light blue, shaded from the	10
104	centre to pure white; new	
		10
105	Memoria dell' Etna, grandiflora var., hha., new, large-flowered, bright scarlet.	25
106	Trionfo di Firenze, grandiflora var., hha., new, large-flowered, fine Laz-	40
200	uline blue; $\frac{1}{2}$	25
107		10
108		25
100	This is a class of beautiful trailing plants, that will be found highly orna-	ω
	mental for bedding purposes, as they bloom all the season. The Anagal- lis is also an old favorite, for growing in greenhouses, presenting an ex- tremely graceful appearance when cultivated in pots or vases.	
109	Anchusa, arvalis. See Bugloss.	
110	Anemone, garden, A. coronaria, hhp., finest mixed, from selected double flow-	
1	$ers; \frac{3}{4}$	10
111	Anthoxanthum gracile. See Ornamental grass.	
112	Antirrhinum, in varieties. See Snapdragon.	
113	Aquilegia, in varieties. See Columbine.	
114	Arabis Alpena, hp., white and yellow; 3	10
115	Arctotis breviscapa, hha., flower large; color orange, with a dark centre;	
	very showy; $\frac{1}{2}$	10
116	sulphurea, hha , a new variety, with yellow flowers; 1	10
117	Argemone grandiflora, ha., white; 21/2	5
118	Mexican, ha., yellow; 21.	5
119	Arnica montana, hp., medicinal	10
120	Aster, Chinese mixed, ha., several finest varieties; 2	5
121	Peony-flowered, mixed, Truffaut's, very choice; saved from finest	Ŭ
***	selected flowers; beautiful in the extreme	10
122	white, double	10
123	lilac, with white eye	10
124	violet, with white eye	10
125	Perfection mixed, <i>Truffaut's</i> , new and fine	10
126		10
		10
127	Bombee mixed, Trufaut's, new and fine	
128	Imbricated pompone, mixed, Ranunculus, finest sorts	5
1 29	new dwarf Chrysanthemum, mixed, very fine	10
130	German globe quilled, mixed, finest varieties	10
131	French Quilled Pyramidal, mixed, extra fine; cannot be surpassed	10
	for habit of growth and brilliancy of colors	10
132	German Bouquet, mixed	10
133		10
134		25
135	La Superb, new; rose color; fine	10
136	Miniature, mixed, fine	10
137	Dwarf, mixed	5
138	Turkey Quilled, mixed,	5
139	assortments, colors in separate papers. See page 9.	
	The above collection of this most beautiful and popular flower we believe to be unsurpassed. For further description, and directions for cultivation, see page 5.	
140		10
140		10
		10
142		10
143		
144	extra German, saved from prize flowers, mixed; 1	- 43

No.	Pr	ice.
145	Auricu.a, extra English, saved from prize flowers, mixed; 1	25
146	Azalea pontica, mixed	25
147	— Indica, mixed	25
148	Balsams, mixed, Balsamina hortensis, ta.	5
149	Double, finest mixed	10
150	Camellia-flowered, superb double camellia-shaped flowers, a mixture of	
	the finest and most distinct color	10
151	Rose-flowered, double, finest, mixed	10
152	Dwarf Double, fine, mixed	10
153	Colors, in separate packets. See pages 9.	
154	Balsam apple. See Momordica balsamina.	
155	pear. See Momordica charantia.	
156	Bachelor's Button, or Corn Bottle, Centaurea cyanus, ha., well-known, showy plants, in great variety of colors, of the easiest culture; 2	5
157	Bæria chrysostoma, ha., yellow; 1	10
158	**Balloon Vine, Cardiospermum, hha., pretty climber, with white flowers; 4 Baptisia Australis, hp., a handsome horder plant, of the easiest culture, with	5
159		10
100	blue flowers; 3	10
160	Bartonia golden, B. aurea, ha., flowers, yellow, about 1½ inch across, which have quite a metallic lustre when the sun shines upon them; very showy; 2	5
161	Bellis perennis. See Daisy.	
162 163	Belvidere, ha., summer Cypress; 3	5 10
164		5
165	Blitum capitatum. ha., a trailing plant, with red strawberry-like fruit; $\frac{1}{2}$	5
166	Blumenbachia insignis, ha., quite handsome, with white flowers	10
167	Brachycome iberidifolia. See Swan Daisy.	10
168	Briza. See Quaking grass.	
169	Brizopyrum siculum. See Ornamental grasses.	
170	Bromus Brizæformis. See ornamental grasses.	
171	Browallia elata. See Amethyst.	
172	Bryonia alba, tp., flowers white and green; 4	10
173	Bugloss, anchusa arvalis, hp., flowers blue; 2	10
174	Cacalia. See Tassel flower.	
175	**Calampelis scabra, Eccremocarpus, ta., a very useful and ornamental sum-	
	mer and autumn flowering climber, with orange-colored flowers; 10	10
176	*Calandrinia, Lindley's, C. Lindleyana, ha., small red flowers, suitable for	
100	edging; ½	5
177	Large-flowered, C. grandiflora, ha., fine rosy-lilac flowers from July to October, very showy and of easy culture; 2	5
178	*Umbel-flowered, C. umbellata, ha., very dwarf, with bright crimson	
	flowers, in clusters; $\frac{1}{2}$	10
179	Calendula officinalis. See Garden Marigold.	
180	pluvialais. See Cape Marigold.	
181	Calceolaria, finest greenhouse varieties. See Greenhouse seeds.	
182	scabious-leaved, Scabiosæfolia, hha., clear sulphur-yellow flowers, in	10
100	great profusion. Fine; 2	10
183	pinnata , hha., yellow, suitable for the border; 2	10 10
184 185	Callirhoe Pedata. Fine. See novelties	10
186 187	Callichroa Plattygloss, ha., pretty light yellow flowers in abundance; 1 Calliopsis. See Coreopsis.	5
188		
189	Callistachys, g., See Greenhouse seeds. Camellia Japonica. See Greenhouse seeds.	
190	*Campanula, Lores, ha., fine, with large expanded blue blossoms, which con-	
100	tinue to be produced in succession through the summer; will grow in almost	
	any situation; should be well thinned, so that the plants will be eight or	
191	ten inches apart; desirable for edging, or bedding, en masse; $\frac{1}{2}$	5
192	*alba, differing from the above only in color; white; ½	5 5
192		0
2003	the same treatment as C. Lores: flowers blue: 3	5

No.	Pr	ice.
194	*Campanula, alba, a white variety of the preceding	Б
195	*carpatica, hp. +, light violet, dwarf and free; elegant for beds and edg-	
	irgs; ½	б
196	*alba, a variety of the preceding, with white flowers; 1	5
197	persicafolia, hp., large blue flowers; fine for border; 3	5
198		5
199	†pyramidal , pyramidalis, hhp., very elegant, with fine blue flowers; may be trained to any form of growth; suitable for the border, or pot culture; 3	-
		5
200	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	5
	Trachelium, fl., pl., hp., a fine border plant, with violet blue flowers; 3.	б
202	alba, similar to the preceding, with white flowers; 3	5
203	large flowered, grandis, hp., a fine free blooming variety, with long	10
204	drooping blue flowers; 3	10
20%	— Vidall's, Vidalli, hhp., superb large white flowers; an elegant new species from the Azores; 1 ¹ / ₂ .	25
205		20
=00	The Components are strictly biognial plants by not culture, and without	
	exception some of the finest of all garden plants for decoration in conserva- tory, greenhouse, and flower garden. By good culture in pots, the tall varieties assume a magnificent effect, attaining 5 to 7 feet, or more, in height, with lateral flower racemes from the base. 4 to 5 feet in length. The beauti	
	tory, greenhouse, and flower garden. By good culture in pots, the tall	
	varieties assume a magnificent effect, attaining 5 to 7 feet, or more, in height,	
	ful white variety forms a most striking contrast. By good arrangement a	
	rich and imposing effect can be formed, altogether unequalled by any other	
	plants.	
206	Canna Indica, Indian shot, tp., fine scarlet; 2	10
207	gigantea, red and yellow; 5	25
208	Warczewiczi's, Warczewiczii, new beautiful deep red; fine; 8	25
209	Limbata, fine red; foliage bordered with red; 3	25
2 10	coccinea, fine scarlet; 1	25
211	bicolor, red and yellow; 3	25
	These stately species of plants are highly ornamental in flower gardens.	
	producing a rich and Oriental effect by their large, broad, massive foliage,	
	and rich crimson and scarlet flowers. Though perennial, if sown early they will make luxuriant growth, and bloom the first season. In late	
	autumn they should be carefully potted, and allowed to mature their bloom	
	autumn they should be carefully potted, and allowed to mature their bloom in the greenhouse or parlor, and afterwards preserved in a cool dry cellar.	
	In spring, again start them into growth, and replant them in the open air last of May or first of June. Before sowing, soak the seed in water, at	
	125° for about 12 hours.	
212	Cannabis, gigantea, Giant Hemp, tp., ornamental; 6	δ
213	Canary Bird Flower, Tropæolum peregrinum, ta., a lovely climber; 10	10
214	Candy tuft, white, Iberis amara, ha., fine for the garden; 1	5
215	purple , <i>I. purpurea</i> , ha., a favorite variety; 1	5
216		5
217	white rocket, I. coronaria, ha., large and fine; 1	5
	fragrant, I. odorata, ha., white; 1	5
219		10
	All the Candytufts are of the easiest culture, thriving in almost any soil or situation, and deserve to be cultivated extensively in every flower-	
	garden.	
220	Canterbury Bell, blue, Campanula medium, hb., beautiful blue, fine for	
0.07	borders; 2	5
221		5
222	mixed, Nos. 220 and 221 mixed	5
	double white	10
224	blue	10
225	— — lilac	10
	The Canterbury Bells have long been known as being among our most ornamental garden plants; their large bell-shaped flowers, which are freely produced throughout the summer, render them strikingly effective.	
	freely produced throughout the summer, render them strikingly effective.	
	As they are strictly biennials, it will be necessary to sow the seed every	
	year.	
	Carnation. See Pinks.	
227	Cardiospermum. See Balloon Vine.	

14

228 Cardinal flower, Lobelia cardinalus, hp., splendid scarlet flowers; 2...... 10 229 Carthamas tinctoria. See Saffron.

-			
ю	Pİ.	•	۰

No.		rice.
230		
231	†Catananche, two colored, C. bicolor, hp., while, with dark centre, pretty, 12	5
232		5
233	\dagger —— yellow, C. lutea, hp., fine yellow; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
234	Catchfly Lobels, Silene armeria, ha., showy, with umbels of bright pink	
235	flowers; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
	flesh-color, S. armeria carnea, ha.; 2	5
236 237		5
238		e
239	Cenia turbinata, ha., dwarf, yellow, daisy-like flower; ½ Centaurea cyanus. See Bachelor's Button.	5
240	American, C. Americana, ha., large pink flowers	5
241	Centranthus, long-tubed, C. marcrosiphon, ha., with beautiful trusses of	
	pink flowers; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
242	white, C. alba, ha., white flowers, fine; 1 ¹ / ₂	5
243	flesh-color, C. carnea, ha., flesh-colored flowers, in fine trusses	5
244	dwarf, C. nanus, ha., a dwarf variety, white; 1	10
	This is a beautiful tribe of annuals, of a branching habit, each branch	
	sending up laterals, which continue to put forth their beautiful flowers	
	in umbels, or trusses, from July to September.	-0
245	Centauridum Drummond's, ha., late flowering, yellow; 2	10
246	*Chænostoma fastigiatum, ha., rose color, suitable for edgings and masses; }	10
247	polyantha , ha., a variety of the preceding, with lilac flowers; $\frac{1}{2}$	10
248	Chamærops humilis, Fan Palm. See Greenhouse seeds.	
249	Chelone barbata , hp., an elegant summer flowering, hardy herbaceous plant adapted for a bed, group, or mass, with erect, slender, attenuated flower stems, rising two or three feet in height, having racemes of a bright scar-	
	stems, rising two or three feet in height, having racemes of a bright scar-	
	let Pentstemon-like flower tubes, from one to two inches in length, forming a beautiful and effective object in borders, pleasure grounds, &c. Seed will	
	a beautiful and effective object in borders, pleasure grounds, &c. Seed will	5
250	vegetate in a few days	0
200	Chenopodium atriplicis, ha., flowers small in clusters, purple foliage, very ornamental; 4	10
251	Chinese Primrose, finest varieties. See Greenhouse seeds.	
252	Chloris, in varieties. See ornamental grasses.	
253	Chorozema, beautiful. See Greenhouse seeds.	
254	Chrysanthemum Indicum, Chinese; large-flowered and pompone. See	
	Greenhouse seeds.	-
255	white, C. alba, ha., a favorite border flower; 2	5
256		5
257	mixed, white and yellow mixed	5
258		U
200	circle of rays yellow, margined with white; very pretty; 2	5
259	Burridge's, C. Burridgeii, ha., white, with crimson and yellow rings at	
	the base of the petals; fine; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
260	venustum, ha., plumb, purple, and yellow; fine: 12	1 0
261	double quilled, ha., yellow; 2	5
262	Chrysurus aureus. See Ornamental grasses.	
263		
264	Clarkia, elegant, ha., rosy purple; 12	5
265	rose-color, C. rosea, ha., pretty; 12	5
266	pulchella, ha., lilac; fine; 1	5
267	white, C. alba, ha., beautiful; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
268	oleander-leaved, C. nerifolia, ha., fine, red; 11/2	5
269	margined, C. marginata, ha., purple, margined with white; 1	5
270	mixed ; the above varieties mixed	5
271	pulchella, " Tom Thumb," new	10
272	pulcherrima, new	10
273	integripetala, new	10
274	Clary, Salvia Horminum, ha., purple and red; 1	5
275	Cleome speciosissima, hha., rose-color; 3	10
276	Clerodendron. See Greenhouse seeds.	
277	Clianthus. See Greenhouse seeds.	

No.		rice.
278	Clintonia elegans, hha., pale blue; 1	5
279	pulchella, hha., blue and white; 1	10
2 80	white, C. alba, hha.; 1/2	10
281	dark red, C. atrorubens, a dark red variety; ½	10
282	**Cobea scandens, ta., a rapid climber, with large, purple, bell-shaped flow-	
	ers; 20	10
283	Coxscombs, mixed, Celosia in vars, ta., 8 fine varieties, mixed;	5
284	separate colors. See page 9.	
285	dwarf crimson, C. nanum, brilliant and large; extra fine; 1	10
286	new, yellow, rare	10
287	rose, unique	10
288	Coix lachryma. See Job's Tears.	
2::9	Collinsia, two colored, C. bi-color, ha., white and lilac; pretty; 1	5
290	large-flowered, C. grandiflora, ha., deep blue and lilac; fine; 1	5
291	kartsia-leaved, C. bartsiaefolia, ha., reddish purple; 1	5
292	white, C. bartsiaefolia alba, ha., a variety with pure white flow-	
	ers; 1	10
293	marbled, C. marmorata, ha., pink and white; new; 1	10
	All the Collinsias are free bloomers, very showy, and of the easiest cul-	
	ture; deserving a place in every flower garden.	
294	Collomia, scarlet, C. coccinea, ha., small, lively flowers (in heads) of a bright	
00"	carmine red; 1	5
295	large-flowered, C. grandiflora, ha., saffron-color; 2	5
296	Columbine, mixed, Aquilegia vulgaris, hp., many colors, mixed; 2	5
297	pyrcnica, hp., double; 2.	10
293	tri-color, new; 2	25
299	double, white and violet, new; 2	25
300	Durand's, A. Durandii, fine striped; 2	10
301	glandulosa, violet and white; 2	10
302	Siberian, A. Siberica, violet, double	5
303	Skinner's, A. Skinnerii, new; 2	10
304	carnation striped, new, A. caryophylloides, fl. pl	25
305	†Commelina , blue, C. cælestis, tp., sky blue; 2	5
306	t white, C. alba, ta.; 2	б
307	t striped, C. striata, ta., blue and white	10
308	Convolvulus, dwarf blue, C. caruleus, ha., dark blue, fine; 1	5
309	white, C. alba, ha., pure white; 1	5
310	three colored, C. tri-color, ha., white, yellow, and blue	5
311		5
312	variegated, C. variegata, ha., blue and white;]	δ
313	mixed, many varieties mixed	5
	This is a beautiful class of annuals, affording a large, showy mass of flow-	
	ers from July to November; the plants spread much in every direction from the centre, so that a bed of them, with plants lifteen inches from each other,	
	will interlock.	
314	Coreopsis, golden, Calliopsis finctoria, ha., a well-known favorite: the flow-	
	ers having a dark crimson, brown centre, with yellow rays; very showy (2)	5
315	dark red. C. atrosanguinea, ha., yellow centre, surrounded by a circle of dark purple, beyond which, to the extremity of the perals. It is a fiber red scarlet color; some of the flowers are destitute of the yellow centre; 2.1	
	scarlet color: some of the flowers are destitute of the vellow cutre: 2	5
316	marbled, C, marmorata, ha., brown and yellow, that are inclined to be	
010	shaded	5
317	thread-leaved, C. filifolia, ha., yellow; neat foliage; 3	5
318	Atkinson's, C. Atkinsonia, ha., yellow, brown centre; 8	5
319	two-colored, °C. bi-color, ha., brown and yellow; S	5
310	Burridge's, new. See Cosmidium.	
321	dwarf, C. nana, ha., brown and yellow; 1	5
322	mossy, C. mosscaux, ha., new. See novelties	10
323	cardaminifolia, new hybrid; fine. See novelties	10
324	crown-flowered, C. coronata, ha., yellow, marked with brown; fine; 1.	5
325	Drummond's, C. Drummondii, ha., large yellow flowers; fine; 1	б
	Nos. 324 and 325, as regards height and habit of growth, are almost	

V

No.	P	rice.
	precisely alike; being very distinct in character from all other varieties; growing only about one foot high, and spreading so that the plants should stand ten inches apart; a mass of bloom from July to November; unsur- passed for bedding purposes.	
826	Cosmanthus fimbriatus, ha., flower white, tinged with lilac; 1	δ
327	Cosmea grandiflora, ha, flowers crimson and lilac; 2	5
328	Cosmidium, Burridge's, C. Burridgeanum, ha., a new and exceedingly beautiful annual, nearly related to Coreopsis; flowers rich brown, tipped	
	with bright orange; large and showy; 2	5
329	Cotula, golden, C. aurea, ha., yellow; 1.	10
3 30	Cowslip. See Polyanthus.	
331	Crepis barbata. See Hawkweed.	
332	Cuphea silenoides, Silene-like, hha., purple; 12	10
3 33	†— platycentra, broad centred, hhp., a well-known, ever-blooming, and neat-habited bedding plant, with scarlet, black, and white flowers, fine for pot culture; 1	10
334	purpurea , hha., rosy purple; $1\frac{1}{2}$	10
3 35	† minata, hbp., vermilion; 1	25
336		10
337	Curcubita. See Gourds.	
338	Cyanus. See Bachelors' Buttons.	
339	Cyclamen. See Greenhouse seeds.	
340		
010	**Cypress vine, scarlet, Joana Quamoclit, ta., a tender, climbing annual, with graceful foliage and scarlet flowers; seed should not be planted in open ground before the last of May or first of June; 15	5
341	white, I. alba, ta., a white variety of the preceding; 15	5
342	**Cyclanthera pedata, hha., graceful, slender-habited, climbing plants, with	
	pendant branches of elegant balloon-like seed pods; a novel plant of easy culture; 15	25
343	Dahlia, fine mixed	10
344	extra fine, mixed	25
345	Daisy, mixed, hp.,	10
346	mixed, extra, saved from finest double flowers	25
347	Datura, double purple, D. fastuosa purpurea, ha. 2	5
348		5
349	ceratocaulon, hornstalked, hha., flowers white and rose; 2	10
850		5
851	carthageniensis, ha., a new variety; comes highly recommended; but in our estimation worthless; white; 3	5
352	humilis, ha., double yellow.	10
353	t chlorantha, hhp., a splendid new variety. See novelties.	
354	Day Lily, blue, Hemerocallis cæruleus, hp., a fine border plant with blue flow-	
	ers; 2	10
355	†Dephinium, Chinese, D. Chinensis, hp., finest mixed; one of the most de- sirable of the tribe; 2½	5
8 56	rubro punctatum, a splendid new variety. See novelties.	
357		
358	† cardiopetalum, hp., blue; 1	10
359	elatum, Bee Larkspur, mixed; 4	б
360	large-flowered, D. grandiflora, hp., flowers blue; 3	5
361	formosum, hp., new: flowers large; color exquisite blue, with white centre; will flower the first season from seed; the finest of the tribe; 2	5
362	+ Henderson's, D. Hendersonii, hp., splendid large blue flowers; extra fine; 2 ¹ / ₂	10
363	spectabilis, hp., blue; 3	10
364	violaceum, hp., dark blue; 4	10
365	perfectum novum, hp., dark blue; 3	10
366	Dianthus, a superb collection. See Pinks.	
367	Dictamnus. See Fraxinella.	10
368	Didiscus, blue, D. cæruleus, hha., blue; fine; 1	10

17

3

No.	P	rice.
3 69	Digitalis. See Foxglove.	
870	Dodecatheron media, American Cowslip, hp., a fine border plant; 1	25
371	white, D. alba hp., fine; 1	25
372	mixed	25
373	Dolichos Lablab. See Hyacinth Bean.	
374	Eccremocarpus. See Calampelis.	
3 75	Egg Plant, purple, ta., showy fruit; 1	5
376	white, ta ornamental fruit; 1	5
877	scarlet, new	10
3 78	Ergrostis. See Ornamental grass.	
379	Erianthus Ravenna. See Ornamental grass.	
3 80	Erica. See Heath.	
381 382	 Erysimum Peroffskeys, E. Peroffskianum, ha., an erect growing plant, with racemes or spikes of deep orange blossoms; very showy; 1	
	which consists in its variegated foliage, the leaves being elegantly mar- gined and blotched with silver; 1	10
883	Erythrina crista-galli, Coral plant, hhp., very ornamental; flowers scar-	07
384	let; 5	
	— laurifolia , hhp., fine; scarlet flowers; 5	
385	Eschscholtzia, orange, E. crocea, ha., flowers brilliant, shining yellow; splen- did for rows or masses; 1	5
386	white, E. alba, ha., a fine variety of the preceding, with white flowers; 1.	5
387	tenuifolia, ha., a very neat, distinct, glaucous-tinted miniature plant,	
	with numerous primrose, salver like blossoms; suitable for edgings, bask- ets, or rock-work.	5
398	Eternal flower, golden, Elychrysum bracteatum, ha., golden yellow; fine; 2	
389	white, E. alba, ha., a fine variety, with white flowers; 2	5
390	mixed, yellow and white mixed	5
391	— double, mixed, ha., flowers large and double, of rich metallic lustre. in rich bronze and brightest yellow, pure white, and white elegantly suffused with rose; extra fine; 2	10
	The Eternal flowers are very ornamental in the garden, and much ad- mired on account of the beauty of the flower when dried; which, if gath- ered when they first open, and carefully dried, will retain their form and color for years; they are highly prized for winter mantel bouquets and orna- ments for vases.	
	For other fine varieties, see Helichrysum.	~
892	Eucharidum grandiflorum, ha., rosy purple; 1	5
893	white, E. grandiflorum album, ha., a new variety with white flowers	10
394	— rose-colored, E. grandiflorum roseum, ha., a new variety, with light rose colored flowers.	10
3 95	Encnide bartonoides, bartonia-like, ta., yellow, of delicate growth; 1	10
396	Eupatorium argeratoides, hp., white, hardy border plant; 3	10
397	Frazer's, E. Frazerii, hp., white, in corymbs; 14	10
398		10
399	Euphorbia, variegated, E. variegata, ta., variegated leaves; 2	5
400	Eatoca, many-flowered, E. multiflora, ta., lavender color; 1	5
401	viscida, ta., bright blue; 1	5
402	striped, E. alba striata, ta., blue and white striped; 1	10
403	tEvening Primrose, yellow, Enothera bienis, hp., a beautiful perennial, with fine, large yellow flowers; will bloom the first season from seed; 1 ¹ / ₂	5
404	July to October; 1	5
405	Fenzlia dianthiaflora, new, splendid. See novelties.	
4 06	Ferns, choice varieties. See Greenhouse seeds.	
407	Flax, large-flowered, crimson, Linum grandiflorum rubrum, ha., one of the most beautiful among annual flowers; with a long succession of very brilliant, compact, salver-like, crimson blossoms throughout the summer; 1.	5
408		10
409	t— Lewes, L. Lewesii, hhp., blue; fine; 1 white, L. album, ha., 1	5
410	blue, I. carulea, ha., 1	5
411	t variegated. I. variegata, hhp., blue and white.	10

No.	P	rice.
4 12	Flax, large-flowered, purple, L. grandiflorum purpurea, ha., a new va- riety of the beautiful crimson flax, with purple flowers; 1	10
413	Flos adonis. See Adonis.	**
414	Forget-me-not , Myosotis palustris, hp., a well-known favorite, with clusters	
	of delicate blue flowers appearing all summer; blooms the first year from	
415	seed; 1	5
4 15	†—— large-flowered, M. palustris azurea major, hp., a beautiful variety, with large blue flowers; ¹ / ₂ .	10
416	blue , <i>M. alpestris</i> , hp., a variety with blue flowers; ¹ / ₂	5
417	white, M. album, hp., white flowers; 1/2	10
418	Four o'clocks, Mirabilis jalapa. See Marvel of Peru.	
419	Foxglove, mixed, Digitalis, several varieties mixed	5
4 20	mixed, extra, all the newest and finest varieties	10
421	large-flowered, D. grandiflora, yellow	10
422	purple, D. purpurea, common purple variety	5
423	white, D. alba, common white variety	5
424	woolly-flowered, D. lanatus, white and brown	5
425		10
426 427	iron-colored, D. ferruginea, brown	10 10
428		10
429	assortments, varieties in separate papers. See page 9.	10
2.20	The Foxgloves are too well known to need description; they are all use-	
	ful and ornamental for general flower-garden purposes, and may be intro-	
	duced into the shrubbery with fine effect, as its tall, spirelike spikes, crowned with its large thimble or bell-shaped flowers, will contrast finely with the	
	green foliage of the shrubs; they are all hardy biennials, from three to four feet high.	
430	Fraxinella, red, Dictamnus, hp., fine border plant; 12	5
431	white, D. alba, a variety with white flowers; very desirable; 12	5
	The seed of the Fraxinella is very slow to vegetate,—generally months; and sometimes it does not make its appearance until the second season after	
	planting.	
432	French Honeysuckle, Hedysarum coronarium, hhp., red; 2	5
433	white, H. album, hhp., flowers white; 2	б
434	Fuchsia. See Greenhouse seeds.	
435	Gaillardia, painted, G. picta, ha., orange, red, and yellow; fine; 1	5
436	white-margined, G. picta albo-marginata, ha., dark red, edged with white; fine	10
437	scarlet, G. picta coccinea, ha., very showy	10
438	dwarf, G. picta nana, ha., crimson and yellow; beautiful; ³ / ₄	10
439	large-flowered, hybrid, G. hybrida glandiflora, ha, a beautiful va-	
	riety, with large, showy flowers; 1	10
440	Richardson's, G. Richardsonii, ha., bright orange; splendid; 12	10
441	Wells, G. Wellsiana, ha., yellow and red; fine; 11/2	10
442	—— mixed , a splendid mixture of all the finest sorts	10
	Showy and universally admired plants, and among the gayest ornaments of summer flowering-beds, of the easiest culture; will thrive in almost any	
	soil or situation.	
443	Galega, eastern, G. orientalis, hp., white; 21/2	1
444.	Gaura, Lindheimer's, G. Lindheimeria, hhá., a plant of light and graceful habit, with spikes of white and red tinted flowers; a profuse bloomer; 2	10
445	†Gentiana, dwarf, G. acaulis, hp., blue; 1/2	5
446	† swallow-wort-leaved, G. asclepiadea, hp., blue; ³ / ₄	5
447	\dagger cross-wort, G. cruciata, hp., deep blue; $\frac{3}{4}$	5
448	t yellow, G. lutea, hp., tall, strong-growing variety; 4	10
449	† purple , <i>G. purpurea</i> , hp., 1	10
450	t large-leaved, G. macrophylla, hp., blue; 1	10
451	— mixed, finest varieties mixed	10
452 453	Geranium. See Greenhouse seeds.	
454	Gesneria. See Greenhouse seeds. Geum. dark red. G. atrosanguineum. hp., 1	10

No.		rice.
455	Geum, scarlet, G. coccineum, hp., 1 ¹ / ₂	10
455	large-ilowered, G. grandiflora, hp., 2	10
457	— mixed, finest mixed.	10
458	Gilia, three-colored, G. tri-color, ha., yellow eye, surrounded by a purple ring, bordered by pale blue; fine; 1	5
459	azure blue, G. capitata, ha., flowers in heads, rather coarse; 1 ¹ / ₂	5
460	white, G. alba, ha., pure white, in clusters; fine; 1	5
461	rose-colored, G. rosea, ha., flowers rosy-tinted, with a white eye; 1	5
462	dianthus-flowered, G. dianthiftora. See Fenzlia.	
463	achillea-leaved, G. achilleafolia, ha., a new variety, with white flow-	
	ers; 1	25
	This is a very pleasing family of annuals; may be sown at any time, and will bloom in almost any situation; the flowers are disposed in panicles or clusters; and from its neat growth it is admirably adapted for culture either in masses or detached patches. The variety three-colored, is the prettiest, and lasts the longest in bloom.	
4 64	Gilly-flower. See Stocks.	
4 65	Gladiolus, mixed, splendid; saved from a collection of upwards of one hun-	
	dred newest and finest variety	25
466	Globe amaranthus, white, Gomphrena alba, ta., 1	5
467	crimson, G. kermsina; ta., 1	5
468	flesh-colored, G. carnea, ta., 1	5
469		5
4 70	orange, G. aurantica, bright orange color; 1 The Globes are well known and much admired for their ornamental effect	5
	in the garden, and are highly prized for their heads of flowers, which, if gathered before they are too far advanced, will retain their beauty for sev- eral years. The seeds are rather slow to vegetate in the open ground; the Orange in particular, which seldom starts without bottom heat, and then very reluctantly.	
471	Gloxinia. See Greenhouse seeds.	
472	Godetia, Lindleyana, ha., white spotted with red; 1	ō
473	alba nova, ha., new white; fine; 1	5
474	lepida, ha., pretty lilac; 1	5
475	rubicunda, ha., ruddy rosy crimson; 1	б
476	purpurea, ha., fine purple; 1	δ
477	venosa, ha., wine-color; 1	5
478	rosea, ha., rich rose-color; 1	5
479	mixed, many varieties. All the varieties of Godetia are well worth growing; and indeed, no gar- den can be said to be complete without them; their profuseness of bloom and delicate tints of color have long rendered them universal favorites.	δ
480	Gourd, leucantha	10
481	very large	10
482	flat Corsian	5
483	powder-horn	5
484		10
485	Hercules club	δ
486	longissima	10
487	Malabar melon	5
488	mixed, many varieties mixed	10
	The tribe of Gourds is known as producing some of the most curiously shaped of all fruits; and being of extremely rapid growth, are very desira- ble for covering the trellis-work of arbors, &c., &c the varied and fantas- tic forms of the fruit adding a peculiar charm to the luxuriance of the foliage.	
489	Grammanthes gentianoides, hha., orange scarlet. suitable for rock-work	10
400	or pot culture; ‡	10
490	Gynerium argenteum. See Pampas grass. See Ornamental grasses,	5
491 492	Gypsophila elegant , <i>G. elegans</i> , ha., small, starry, purple and white flowers; 1 —— rose-colored, ha., a variety of the preceding with rose-colored flowers; 1	5
492 493	muralis, ha., beautiful dwarf plant, neat and pretty, with small flowers,	0
200	which completely cover the plant; 1	10

20

No.	P	rice.
494	Habrothamnus elegans. See Greenhouse seeds.	
495	Hawkweed, golden, Crepis barbata, ha., an old but beautiful annual, of the easiest culture; begins to bloom in July and continues till frosts, covered with flowers, the rays of light yellow finely contrasted with the brilliant	
	purple-brown centre; 1	5
496	white, C. alba, ha., a variety of the preceding, with white flowers, but of much less beauty; 1	5
497	Heartsease. See Pansy.	
498	Heath. See Greenhouse seeds.	
499	Helenium Douglassii, ha., yellow	5
5 00	Helianthus. See Sun Flower.	
501	Helichrysum, compositum maximum, ha., splendid double everlasting flowers.	
5 02	scarlet	10
503	white	10
504	yellow	10
505	bright rose	10
506	orange	10
507	pink	10
508	purple	10
509	mixed, the above varieties mixed	10
510	macrantham nanum, ha., splendid double dwarf crimson everlasting flowers	10
511	brachyrhynchum, ha., new yellow; very fine	10
512	other varieties. See Eternal Flowers.	
513	*Heliophila arabioides, hha., bright blue, very pretty for edging; 3	5
514	* dissecta, hha., blue; $\frac{3}{4}$	б
515	*	б
51 6	Heliotrope , finest varieties mixed, Heliotropium, tp., 2	10
010	The Heliotrope is almost too well known to need recommendation; its scent is delightful; well adapted for bedding or pot culture. Seeds sown in spring make fine plants for summer decoration.	10
517	Hemerocallis cærulea. See Day Lily.	
518	Hesperis matronalis. See Sweet Rocket.	
519	Hibiscus African , <i>H. Africanus</i> , ha., large and showy flowers, of a straw color; the centre a deep rich brown or purple, finely contrasted with the brilliant gold color of its stamens or anthers; of the easiest culture; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
520	Hollyhocks, mixed, Althea rosea, hb., fine varieties; seventy-five per cent. of the plants may be expected to be double	5
521	extra fine mixed, saved from the finest new English and Scottish named sorts.	25
522	splendid assortments, in separate papers. See page 9.	
	The great improvement that has been made in this old-fashioned flower within a few years has now placed it among the most popular flowers of the day. It flowers the second and third year after sowing, and then dies, unless it is kept up by cuttings or division of root.	
523	Hollyhock, Chinese, annual, fine double, several beautiful colors, mixed; 22	5
524	Honesty or Satin-flower, Lunaria biennis, hb., an old plant, but singularly interesting from the transparent, silvery-like tissue or coats of the seed-ves- sels in their dry, matured state, through which the fruit is conspicuously seen, and retaining the same picturesque effect for any length of time; well adapted, in a cut state, for grouping with everlasting flowers, &c. 2	5
525	Hordeum jubatum. See Ornamental grasses.	
526	Humea elegans, hbb., one of the most beautiful of all plants for decoration in gardens and pleasure grounds; in appearance resembling a light, grace- ful, drooping pyramid of innumerable ruby-red, grasslike florets, rising at first in erect panicles. from four to eight feet in height, and gradually assuming its exquisitely beautiful outline of growth; blooms the second season through the summer and autumn months.	10
527	**Hyacinth Bean, purple, Dolichos lablab, ta., 10 to 15	5
528	** white, D. alba, ta., 10 to 15	5
529	** mixed. Beautiful climbing plants; flowers in clustered spikes; treatment much	5
	like the common bean.	

No.		rice.
530	Hymenatherum tenuifolium, hha., new and fine	25
$531 \\ 532$	Iberice. See Candytuft. Ice Plant, Mesembryanthemum crystallinum, hha., a most singular trailing	
	plant, with thick, fleshy leaves, that have the appearance of being covered with crystals of ice; very ornamental.	5
533	Impatiens glandulifera, hha., color dull red; 6	10
534	white, I. alba, hha., a variety with white flowers.	10
535	Indigofera, several finest sorts. See Greenhouse seeds.	10
536	Indian Shot. See Canna indica.	
537	Indian Pink. See Chinese Pink.	
533	**Ipomea Bona Nox, Good night, ta., beautiful white flowers; 10 to 15	10
639	** chryseides, ta., new yellow; very rare; 10.	25
540	** coccinea, Scarlet Morning Glory, ha., fine scarlet; 10 to 20	5
541	** Dilleni, ta., blue; 10	10
542	** limbata, ta., rosy violet, elegantly blotched with white, splendid; 10 to 15.	10
543	** hederacea superba grandiflora, ta, large sky-blue flowers, ele- gantly bordered with pure white; exceedingly beautiful; 10 to 15	25
544	** lilacina , ta., delicate lilac, beautifully bordered with white; splen-	20
UIX	did; 10 to 15	25
545	** atroviolacea, ta., violet, bordered with pure white; superb; 10	
	to 15	25
546	** nil , ta., light blue; 10	5
ō 47	** Burridge's, I. Burridgeii, ha., a beautiful Morning Glory, with large, bright crimson flowers; fine;' 10 to 20	5
548	** Dickson's, I. Dicksonii, ha., a splendid Morning Glory, with large, dark blue flower; 10 to 20.	Б
549	** rubro cærulea, ta., produces a profusion of very large, azure blue flowers, which in its maturity is one of the most lovely objects imaginable; 10 to 15	25
550	Quamoclit. See Cypress vine.	
	Of all flowers in general cultivation, the Ipomea ranks pre-eminent for delicate and intrinsic beauty; the brilliant and varied hues of its many species and varieties are marvellously beautiful, and its fine foliage and graceful form render it an inseparable adornment for every garden.	
551	Ipomopsis, elegant, <i>I. elegans</i> , hbb., scarlet flowers; 2 to 3	5
552	- painted, I. picta, hhb., scarlet and yellow; 2 to 3	5
553	yellow, I. aurantica, hhb., yellow; 3	5
554	Iris, German, I. Germanica, hp., finest mixed	10
555	*Isotoma, axillaris, axillary-leaved, hha, a neat, erect, slender-branched plant,	
	from six to twelve inches in height, with starry light porcelain blue lobelia- like flowers, which, producing a continuation of bloom throughout the summer, renders them very effective for bedding, edging, &c. 1	10
556	petræa, a new variety with pure white flowers, a very effective plant for small beds or groups, yielding a succession of bloom throughout the sum-	
	small beds or groups, yielding a succession of bloom throughout the sum- mer, until autumu; this plant may be ranked among the neatest of all annual portable specimens in pots	25
557	Jacob's Ladder, Polemonium, hp., blue, will grow in any garden soil; 1	10
558	†Jacobea, double, Senecio elegans, hhp., saved from double flowers, several colors, mixed.	5
559	Japan Lily, Lilium lancifolium hp., fertilized seeds, fine, mixed; 2 to 3	25
500	Job's Tears, Coix lachryma. See Ornamental grasses.	-
561	Jove's-flower. See Lychnis flos Jovis.	5
552 569	Kaulfussia, amelus-like, K. amelloides, ha., flowerssmall, purple and blue; 1	10
563	rose-colored, K. rosea	10
564	white , K. alba nova	¥V.
505	Greenhouse seeds.	
566	Lagurus. See Ornamental grasses.	
567	Lamarkia. See Ornamental grasses.	25
568	Lantana, finest mixed.	40
5 69	Larkspur, double dwarf rocket, Delphinium ajacis, ha., splendid mixed; produces flowers in dense spikes of white, pearl-color, lilac, light and dark purple; is equal in beauty to a bed of Hyacinths; fine for bedding or	
	groups: 1.	- 5

22

17.0		1
No. 570	Larkspur, double tall rocket, ha., similar to the preceding, otherwise than	rice.
571	this is of a higher growth; finest mixed; 2 double branching, ha., finest mixed; producing beautiful spikes of	5
	double branching, ha., finest mixed; producing beautiful spikes of flowers, of blue, white, pink, porcelain, &c., &c. fine; 2 to 3	5
572 573		5
574		5
0.1		10
575	fine assortments, colors in separate papers. See page 9.	
576	Lathyrus, latifolius. See Peas, everlasting.	
577	Lasthenia, Californica, ha., yellow	ð
678	Lavatera, rose, L. rosea, ha., showy flowers in long succession; 2	5
579 580	white, L. alba, ha., a variety of the above, with fine white flowers; 2	5 5
581		5
582	Levonsiphon, long-tubed, L. androsaceus, ha., lilac, purple; good for bed- ding; 1.	5
583	thick-flowered, L. densiflorus, ha., lilac; 1	5
5 84		10
585		5
586		10
587 588	— mixed, all the varieties included Liatris, elegans, hp., purple; tall dense spikes; 4	10 10
589	spicata, hp., blue flowers; in spikes; 12	10
590		10
591	scariosa, hp., a variety, with fine red flowers; 1 ¹ / ₂	10
592	Lilium, Lancifolium. See Japan lily.	
593	Limnanthes, Douglass, L. Douglassii, ha., flowers large, yellow and white; fragrant; 1	5
594	white, L. alba, ha.; $\frac{1}{2}$	5
695	rose, L. rosea, ha.; ½	5
596	large-flowered, L. grandiflora, ha.; white and yellow; 1	5
597 598	—— sulphur color, L. sulphurea, ha.; fragrant; 1 — mixed; various sorts mixed.	5
599	Linaria, macroura, long horned, ha., a beautiful annual, with yellow flowers,	5
	resembling, when in full bloom, a small compact bush of blossoms; 1	5
600	† purple, L. purpurea, hhp., very dwarf variety; ½	5
601	t flesh color, L. carnea, hhp., 1	10
602	t triornithophora, three birds bearing, hhp., red, purple, and yellow; one of the finest; 1	10
603	spartea, ha., bright yellow; 1	5
604	† —— speciosa , hhp., very showy, with fine, purple flowers; <u>1</u>	5
605	triphylla, ha., a splendid variety, with yellow and purple flowers; 1	5
6 06	mixed, all the varieties included	10
	The Linarias are pretty, with Antirrhinum-like flowers, and of easy culture; may all be treated as annuals, as the perennial sorts bloom the first season from seed.	
607	Lindheimeria taxana, ha., bright yellow; 2	10
6 08	Linum, all the finest varieties. See Flax.	
609	Lisianthus. See Greenhouse seeds.	
610	**Loasa, orange, L. aurantica, ta.; 6	10
611	** Herbert's, L. Herbertii, ta., scarlet; 6 The Loasas are beautiful, tender, climbing annuals, suitable for covering	10
612	a trellis or ornamental wire-work. Lobelia cardinalis. See Cardinal flower.	
613	Quren Victoria, hp., a dazzling scarlet; a new variety of L. Car-	
	dinalis; fine for garden culture; 2	25
614		25
615	low flowers; fine for the borders; 2 erinus, hha., deep blue; 1/2	20 10
616		10

No.		rica.
617	Lobelia, erinus compacta, hha., blue; ¹ / ₂	10
618	grandiflora, hha., large dark blue flowers; 1	10
619	rosea, hha., fine, with pretty rose-colored flowers; 1	10
620	ramosoides, hha., dwarf branching, with dark blue flowers; 1/4	10
621	— speciosa, hha., new; the most effective of all the varieties; yielding a long succession of its extremely rich and beautiful intense azure-blue flowers; it is especially adapted for bedding purposes and detached groups	
	in gardens and large pleasure grounds; it is also unequalled for pot cilture, vases, &c &c. $\frac{1}{2}$.	10
622	formosa, hha., beautiful dark blue; fine; ½	10
623	gracilis, hha., blue; 1.	10
624	alba, hba., white; 1/2	10
625	compacta, hha., blue and white; 1/2	10
626	ramosa, hha., branching; fine dark blue; 1	10
627		10
628	nana, hha., dwarf blue: 1	10
629	nana, hha., dwarf blue; ½	10
630	trigonicaulis, hha., new species; dwarf habit; flowers large blue, with	
	conspicuous pure white centre; 1/2	25
631	**Lophospermum, scandens, ta., a very useful summer flowering climber,	
	with large, rosy-purple, Foxglove-like flowers, which are produced in great	10
000	abundance. Admirably adapted for planting out in the garden	10
632	Love Grass. See Eragrostis elegans.	
633	Love-in-a-mist, Nigella damacena, ha., producing curious blue flowers in a leafy involucre; 1 to 2	5
634	double dwarf, N. nana, ha., blue; 1	5
635	Spanish, blue, N. hispanica cærulea, ha., 1 ¹ / ₂	5
636	white, N hispanica alba, ha., new variety, with white flowers; 11	10
637	purple, N. hispanica atropurpurea, ha., a new variety, with fine,	10
000	large, dark purple flowers; 12	10
638	Love-lies-bleeding, Amaranthus caudatus, ha., an old and well-known annual, with blood-red flowers, which hang in pendant spikes, and at a	
	little distance look like streams of blood; 3 to 4	5
639	Lunaria biennis. See Honesty.	
640	Lupins, garden, mixed, L. pilosus, ha., several varieties mixed; 12	5
641	large blue, ha., 1 ¹ / ₂	5
642	yellow, ha., 11/2	5
613	rose-colored, ha., 1 ¹ / ₂	5
644	white, ha., ½	5
645	Lupinus affinis, ha., blue, white and purple; very pretty; 1	5
646	Hartwegii, ha., blue and pink; fine; 2	5
647		10
648	cælestinus, ha., sky-blue; 2	10
649	roseus, ha., rose-color; 2	10
650	hybrid insignis, ha., new variety, with dark red flowers; fine; 2	10
651	superbus, ha., lilac and yellow; 2	10
652	hirsutissimus, ha., red; 2	5
653	moritzianus, ha., splendid blue; 2	5
654	Menziesii, ha., yellow; fine; 2	10
645	mutabilis, hp., blue and yellow; 2	5
656	Cruikshankil, ha., blue, red and yellow; fine; 2	5
857	nanus, ha., blue and white; dwarf and pretty; 1	5
658	albus, ha., dwarf white; 1	5
659	pubescens elegans, ha., violet and white: fine; 11	10
660	subcarnosus, ha., lilac and purple; fine; 11/2	10
661	arboreus, hp., yellow; 6	10
662	polyphyllus, hp., blue; 3	5
663		5
664	sulphureus superbus, ha., new variety; yellow; 13	10
665	Lychnis chalcedonica, hp., a well known border plant; scarlet; 22	5
666	alba , hp., white; 2 ¹ / ₂	5

ı

No.		rice.
667	Lychnis, flos Jovis, Jovis flower, hp., red; 12	5
668	fulgens, tp., scarlet; 1	5
669	Haageana, hp., a beautiful hybrid between L. fulgen and L. Sieboldi; color brilliant scarlet vermilion; 2	25
670	Sieboldi, hp., white; fine; 1 ¹ / ₂	10
671	Lythrum roseum superbum, hp., deep rose, in long spikes; a fine border plant; 2	10
672	Madaria corymbosa, ha., flowers pale yellow, in corymbs; 2	5
673	Madia elegant, M. elegans, ha., yellow; 2	5
674	Malope, large-flowered, M grandiflora, large crimson flowers; very showy, continues in bloom throughout the summer and autumn; 2	5
675	white, M. alba, ha., a variety with white flowers; fine; 2	5
676	*Malcomia maritima, Virginia stock, ha., very dwarf; flowers lilac; 1	5
	* white, M. alba, ha., a variety with pretty white flowers; 1	5
677	Mallows, striped, Malva zebrina, ha., white and purple striped; 3	5
678	musk, M. moschata, hp., white; very pretty and showy for the garden; 11	Б
679	**Mandevillea sauveolens, hhp., well known as a most elegant and beauti- ful pure white, large, open, trampet-shaped flower, freely produced in a profusion of racemes, which renders it extremely attractive, either in green- house or garden; 25.	25
680	Martynia fragrans, ha., purple, large flower; 2	5
681	Marvel of Pern, Mirabilis jalapa, ha., splendid varieties mixed, including all the finest sorts; very picturesque and diversified colors; finely contrasted with its dark green, glossy foliage, and densely branching habit; blooming	
	throughout the summer and autumn months; 2	5
682		
683	Marigold, French, fine mixed, Tagetes patula, ha., double; in great va- riety; 12.	5
684		10
685	ers; 1	
		5
686 687	new orange, fine double	5 5
688	superb, striped, fine double	5
689	new striped, fine	5
690		5
691	African, orange, Tagetes erecta, ha., extra fine double; 2	5
692	lemon, extra fine double	5
693	superb garden, Tagetes officinalis, ha., large, double, orange colored flowers; very showy; 1	5
694	Cape, Calendula pluvialis, ha., purple and white; 14	5
001	All features considered, it is questionable whether any genus of plants	
	All features considered, it is questionable whether any genus of plants amongst annuals can vie with either the French or African Marigolds in their glowing colors and their elegantly lobed leaves, of the richest green tint; and above all, in their almost unequalled and sole adaptation for sum- mer and late autumn decoration in the flower garden, retaining their ver- dant beauty and gorgeous colors undimmed and undiminished to the very verge of winter; no feature in their habit of growth in excess, either in leaf or flower, but admirably balanced for effect, neat, compact, and beautiful; of the easiest culture; should always be thinned or transplanted so as to stand single, at least eighteen inches' distance from each other.	
695	Mathiola. See Stocks.	ę
696	*Matricaria, eximia, ha., a beautiful dwarf annual, growing about one foot high, producing double quilled, daisy-like flowers, well adapted for bedding, or edging.	5
697	**†Maurandia, antirrhinum-flowered, M. antirrhiniflora, tp., pale vio- let; 10.	10
698	*** Barclay's, rose-color, M. Barclayana, tp., fine rose; 10	10
699	** deep violet, fine; 10	10
700	** white; 10	10
701	** crimson; 10	10
702	** large-flowered, blue; 10	10
703	**† emeryana, tp., pink; 10	10
704	**† lucyna, tp., rose-color; 10	10

 $\mathbf{4}$

25

No.	P	rice.
705	**†Maurandia, purpurea grandiflora, tp., purple; 10	10
706	**† semperflorens, white, tp.; 10	10
707	** rose color; 10	10
708	** mixed; several finest and most distinct varieties mixed	10
	The Maurandias are beautiful slender climbing plauts, well adapted for greenhouse or garden culture, in varieties of rose, rich purple, and pure white blossoms, somewhat resembling the Lophospermum, but smaller, and still more abundant; flowers finely the first season, from seed.	
	and still more abundant; flowers finely the first season, from seed.	
709	Melampodium, macranthum, ta., yellow, of coarse growth; 21	8
710	Melissa, Browneana, hp., pale rose flowers; 1	10
711	*Mesembryanthemum, capitatum, hha., yellow; 1	δ
712	* glabrum, hha., smooth yellow; ² / ₄	5
713	* pinnatifidum, hha., yellow; 1	10
714	* pomeridanum, hha., yellow, large-flowered; 1	5
715	* tricolor, hha., rose and white, 1;	5
716	* album, hha., white, with purple stalks; 1	5
717	* crystalinum. See Ice plant.	
718	* mixed, fine assortment, mixed	10
	Dwarf-growing annuals of great beauty, with brilliant blossoms of dis- tinct colors, in great profusion; well suited for edgings, and covering banks or rockeries fully exposed to the sun.	
719	Mignomette, Reseda odorata, ha., a well-known favorite that continues to bloom and send forth its sweetness all the sea-on, perfaming the whole region about the premises; 1	ð
720	large-flowered, R. grandiflora. ha., a variety similar to the preceding,	
721	with flowers somewhat larger, but of less fragrance	5
	ers; very pretty for garden decoration and for bouquets; 12	5
722	†Mimulus cardinalis, Monkey flower, hhp., very showy, with brilliant scarlet flowers; blooms readily the first year from seed; fine for bedding; ³ / ₄	ð
723	† musk, M. moschatus, hhp., the well-known musk plant	10
724		25
725	white ground, with crimson blotches; superb	25
726		25
727		25
	These are strikingly handsome flowers, and among the gayest ornaments for conservatory, greenhouse, or flower garden. Although the Mimulæ are perennials, it is advisable to treat them as annuals.	-
728	Mimosa sensitiva. See Sensitive Plant.	
729	Mirabilis. See Marvel of Peru.	
730	**Momordica balsamina, Balsam apple, ta., curious climbing plant; 10	ð
731	** charantia, Balsam pear, ha., 10	5
732	elaterium, ha., used in medicine	5
733	Monkey flower. See Mimulus.	
734	Monkshood, Aconitum napellus, hp., a common border plant, with blue flow-	
	eis; 21	5
735	**Morning Glory, mixed, ha., eight finest and most distinct colors mixed : 20	5
736	Morna elegans, hha., an everlasting flower, yellow; fine for dry bouquets; 12.	б
737	Mourning Bride, mixed, Scabiosa. ha., some of the flowers are almost black, others dark purple, and various shades down to lilac; will flourish in any good garden soil, and universally admired; 2	5
738	Musk Plant. See Mimulus.	
739	Myosotis. See Forget-me-not.	
740	Nasturtium, tall orange, Tropaolum majus, bright orange-color: 10 to 15	5
741	dark crimson, T. atrosanguineum, rich dark crimson flowers; 8	
	to 12	5
742		5
743		6
744	striped, T. Schenerianum, straw color, striped with brown; 8 to 12	5
745	dwarf scarlet, fine for groups; 1	5
746	crimson, brilliant; 1 spotted, yellow, with dark spots; 1	5
747		6

26

No.	P	ice.
748	Nasturtium, Tom Thumb, scarlet, a beautiful variety, dwarf and compac:; quite as rich in color and as effective as the Tom Thumb Geraniums; fine for pots or vases; 1	10
749		10
110	flowers; 1	10
750	beauty,, yellow, blotched with crimson; fine; 12	10
751	other choice varieties. See Tropæolum.	
	All the above Nasturtiums are hardy annuals, of a climbing or trailing habit, and may be ranked amongst the most ornamental of our garden plants.	
752	Nemophila atomaria, ha., white, with blue spots; 1	5
753	discoidalis, ha., black, with white edge; 1	5
754	marmorata, ha , black, marbled with white; 1	5
755	insignis, ha., bright blue; 1	5
756	marginata, ha., blue, with white edge; 1	5
757	grandifiora, ha., large-flowered, blue; 1	Б
758	alba, ha., pure white; 1	5
759	striata, ha., blue and white; 1	5
760	maculata, ha., white, with large purple spots; 1	5
761	mixed, several finest varieties mixed	5
	The Nemophilas are extremely pretty annuals, which for ease of culture and profuseness of bloom are unsurpassed. N. discoidalis, insignis, grandi- flora, and maculate are the finest varieties; will grow in any soil, and may be sown several times during the season. They are all valuable for pot or garden culture	
762	Nemesia floribunda, hha., white and yellow; pretty; 1	5
763	compacta, hha., blue and white; 1	10
764	†Nierembergia gracilis, tp., white, with dark centre; 1	25
765	Nigella. See Love-in-a-mist.	
766	Nolana spinach , <i>N. atriplici/folia</i> , ha., a prostrate growing plant, with numerous blue flowers; a desirable plant to grow in order to hang pendulous over the edge of a pot or vase; $\frac{1}{2}$	5
767	trailing, N. prostrata, ha., of a trailing habit, suitable for covering beds; bell-shaped flowers, of a fine blue, streaked with black; ½	5
768	—— large-flowering, N. grandiflora alba, ha., a fine variety, with pure white flowers; ½.	5
769	Nycterina capensis, hbp., a dwarf plant, with white flowers; $\frac{1}{2}$	10
770	selaginoides, hhp., rose and white; ³ / ₄	10
771	villosa, ha., white; $\frac{3}{4}$	10
772	Oats, animated, Arena sensitiva, ha., curious; 2	5
773 774	†Obeliscaria pulcherrima, hhp., a beautiful, Gaillardia-like flower, yellow rays, with rich crimson centre.	10
775	Enothera bientis. See Evening Primrose, yellow. † hirsutissima, hhp., a new variety of the Evening Primrose with	
776	orange-colored flowers	10
	Bistorta Vetchii, ha., a beautiful dwarf variety; flowers bright yellow, with crimson spot at the base of each petal; 1	10
777	\dagger Drummonds , hhp., yellow; $1\frac{1}{2}$	5
778	† nana , hhp	10
779	t large-flowered, Œ. grandiflora, hp., yellow; 4	5
780	t rose-colored, Œ. rosea, hhp., 1	5
781	fragrant, Œ. odorata, ha., yellow; 2	5
782	trailing, Œ. prostrata, ha., dwarf yellow; 1/2	5
783	† taraxacifolia, hp., white, dwarf; ½	5
784	tetraptera. See White Evening Primrose.	0-
785	Ononis, pubescens, ha., yellow; 1	25
786 787	rotundifolia, hhp., pink; 2	10
101	Oxalis rosea, ta., a very neat, erect growing plant, six to nine or twelve inches high, with small, medium-sized leaves, and numerous conspicuous clusters of bright rose-colored, salver-shaped flowers	10
788		10
789	Oryura, chrysanthemum-flowered, O. chrysanthemoides, ha., yellow, pretty, and of easy culture; 1.	5

No.	P	rice.
790	Palafoxia, texana, ha., rosy lilac; 2	5
791	Palma Christi, Ricinus major. See Castor Oil Bean.	
792	†Pansy, mixed , Lady's Delight or Heartsease, an old but universally admired plant, producing an endless variety of color, marking, and texture; they may be treated as annuals, as they flower the first season from seed; 1/2	5
793	extra choice German mixed, saved from finest named sorts, pro- ducing superb large flowers in great variety	25
794	English mixed, saved from selected flowers	10
795	French mixed, superb.	25
796	new variegated or striped, fine.	25
797	purple with white eye, extra	25
798	copper-colored or bronze, fancy colored; fine.	25
799	Panicum orycinum. See Ornamental grasses.	~
800	Papaver. See Poppy.	
801	Paspalum elegans. See Ornamental grasses.	
802	Passion flower, several splendid varieties. See Greenhouse seeds.	
803	**Peas, sweet, mixed, Lathyrus odoratus, ha., six best varieties mixed; 6 to 10;	5
	per ounce, 15 cents.	
804	** black	б
805	** painted lady	5
806	** purple	б
807	** striped	5
808	** scarlet	5
809	**	Б
810	** white	δ
811	** yellow	б
	The Sweet Peas are among the most popular annuals which enrich the flower garden; they may be planted and trained on sticks the same as com- mon peas; or they may be sowed along the sides of fences. forming a highly ornamental covering; in any situation they are always admired.	
812	**Peas, Lord Anson's, Lathyrus magellanicus, ha., blue; 6	б
813	** Tangier, L. tingitanus, ha., red; 4	5
814	** striped, L. striatus, ha., 5	5
815	** everlasting red, L. latifolius, hp., fine; 4	5
816	** white, albus, hp	5
817	Pelargonium. See Greenhouse seeds.	
818	Pennisethum longistylum. See Ornamental grasses.	
819	†Pentstemon gentianoides , hhp., purple and white; 2	10
820	† pulchellus, hhp., purple to violet purple, mixed; 2	10
821	t deep violet, P. atroviolaceum, hhp.; 2.	10
822	t rose, P. rosea, hhp.; 2	10
823	† Hartwig's, P. Hartwegii, hhp., blue; 3.	10
824	t Richardson's, P. Richardsonii, hhp., dark purple	10
825	mixed, finest varieties mixed. Perilla, nankinensis, ha., one of the most distinct and effective plants yet	
826	known; habit erect, free growing, with foliage of a dark olive or mulberry hne; in some stages a purplish black; fine for all flower garden decoration, and particularly appropriate for planding in cemeteries; 2	
827	ocymoides, a splendid new variety. See Novelties.	
828	Persicaria, red, Polygonum, Orientale, ha., a tall border plant; 4	5
829	white, P. album, ha., a variety of the preceding, with white flowers; 4	5
\$30	Petunia, large-flowered, purple, P. grandiflora purpurea.	10
831		10
832	white, alba	10
8:3	rose-colored, rosea	10
834		10
S 35		10
\$36	green bordered, splendid, in great variety, large flowers	
837	mixed; the above beautiful varieties mixed	10
838	mixed, superb double and single, saved from the finest colors of single and double flowers.	25

No.	P	rice.
839	Petunia, mixed, several fine varieties	б
	No class of flowers better repay the care they require than the Petu- nias; they are half hardy perennials, growing from 1 to 3 feet high, of a trailing habit, easily raised from seed, flowering freely the first year, a	
	a trailing habit, easily raised from seed, flowering freely the first year, a	
	mass of gay bloom from July until hard frost; unrivalled for garden decoration. Also very useful for pot culture, either in greenhouse or the parlor.	Ş
840	Phacelia, conspicua, ha., blue; 12	5
841	**Phaseolus, Scarlet runner beans, ta.; 12	5
842	Phlox Drummond's, mixed, P. Drummondii, ha., several shades mixed; 1	5
843	mixed, extra choice, superb; all the finest and most distinct	
	varieties	10
844		10
845	— white, with purple eye, — — oculata, alba,	10
846	purple, with white eye, oculata purpurea,	10
847	bright scarlet, coccinea,	10
848	dark purple, atropurpurea	10
849	new marbled, marmorata, crimson and white	10
850	rose-colored, rosea,	10
851	Leopold's, Leopoldiana, pink, with white eye.'	10
852	Napoleon III., large carmine.	10
853		10
	These flowers are of extreme beauty, and are greatly admired by all; their long duration in bloom, combined with their almost unequalled rich- ness of color, renders them of invaluable service in the flower garden, and a finer sight than a bed of the Phlox Drummondii, in all its various shades and colors, is scarcely to be seen. The plants should be thinned out, or transplanted, so that they will stand eight inches distant from each other.	
854 [°] 855	 Phlox, perennial mixed, hp., saved from a collection of upwards of one hundred varieties, embracing all those splendid new varieties introduced during the last five years by the French and English florists, of which the produce may be expected to be fully equal, or superior to the original Phormium, tenax, New Zealand flax. See Greenhouse seeds. 	25
856	Phygelius, capensis, hhp., red tubular flower, inside yellow; 2	25
857	Picotee. See Pinks.	-0
858	Pink, carnation, mixed, Dianthus caryophyllus, hhp.	5
859	double mixed, fine	10
860	flakes and bizarres, mixed	25
861	Continental seed, saved from finest stage flowers, very choice	25
862	Sardinian, finest Sardinian varieties, received direct from Sardinia	25
863		50
864		50
865	perpetual, or tree, saved from finest-named sorts	25
866		
867	Picotee, double, mixed	10
868	white ground, saved from prize varieties	25
869	yellow ground, saved from prize varieties	25
870	perpetual, or tree, saved from finest-named sorts	25
871	Chinese mixed, Dianthus chinensis, biennials of great beauty; blooms the first year from seed; perfectly hardy, and flowers strong the second year; the colors are exceedingly rich; crimson and darker shades of that color, approaching to black, are often combined in the same flower, with edgings of white, pink, and other colors; about one foot high, and of the easiest culture.	5
872	mixed, extra, splendid, double, large-flowered, with great variety	
	of colors; highly recommended	10
873	double white, fine	10
874	striped, white, striped with pink; fine	10
875	Heddewigii, a splendid new variety. See Novelties.	
876	double flowers. See Novelties.	
877	giganteus, splendid new variety. See Novelties.	
878 879	laciniatus, splendid new variety. See Novelties.	10
0.09	START DECITY - 2	681

No.		rice.
880	Pink, deltoides, hp., pink; 1	5
881	Dunnettis, hp., crimson; 1.	10
882	hybridus corymbosus, hp., a beautiful new hybrid, with large, double flowers; 1.	10
883		5
884	pheasant eye , D. plumarius, hp., white or pink, with dark eye; the flow- ers are deeply fringed or feathered; very fragrant; 1	5
885	Veitch's, D. veitchii, hp., beautiful clusters of flowers, pure white, with crimson centre; 1.	10
886	Piptatherum Thomasii. See Ornamental grasses.	
887	Platsystemon californicus, ha., a trailing plant, yellow	10
888	Pleroma elegans. See Greenhouse seeds.	
889	Polemonium. See Jacob's Ladder.	
890	Polyanthus, mixed. hp., beautiful border plants: flowers produced on stems about ten inches high, in trusses of eight or ten flowers of various colors	10
891	mixed, extra, saved from finest-named sorts	25
892	Polycolymna Stuarti, hha., a fine, new, white everlasting flower; very desir- able for dry bouquets; 11.	10
893	Poppy, double mixed, Papaver somniferum, ha., well-known border plants;	5
894	peony-flowered, fine mixed.	5
895		5
896	dwarf French, new and fine.	10
897		10
898	assortments, splendid. See page 10.	**
899	*Portulaca crimson, P. splendens, ha., crimson purple; fine; 1	5
900	* scarlet, P. Thellusonii, ha., bright scarlet; 1.	5
901	* white, P. alba, ha., pure white; 1.	5
902	* yellow, P. Thorburnii, ha., bright yellow; 1/2	
903	 carnation striped, P. caryophylloides, ha. white, striped with pink; fine. 	
904		5
905	* orange, P. aurantica, bright orange; 1/2	10
906		5
907		
001	rieties	10
	In praise of these charming flowers it is impossible to speak too highly; and it may be safely affirmed that a garden without them is devoid of its brightest ornaments; for the Portulacas are unsurpassed for brilliancy and richness of color. They are adapted for beds, clumps, edgings, pots, vases, or rock work. The plants should stand at least eight inches distant from each other. Easily transplanted.	
908	Potentilla, dark red, P. atrosanguinea, hp., 1	8
909	purple, P. formosa, hp., 1	δ
910		10
911	pedata, hp., fine yellow	10
912	mixed, finest	10
913	Primula sinensis. See Chinese Primrose.	
914	elatior. See Polyanthus.	
915	Prince's Feather, ha., crimson; 3	- 5
916	Pyrethrum Delehayi, hp., new crimson: 12	25
917	Duchess of Brabant, hp., rosy purple; 12	25
918	Glorie de Nimy, hp., bright crimson; 12	25
919	Themisteri, hp., reddish rose, orange centre; 12	25
920	rubrum, hp., red	25
921	album, fl. pl., hhp., double white, 11/2	25
922	mixed, the above six varieties mixed	25
923	Quaking Grass, <i>Briza maxima</i> , ha., the spikes of this grass are very ornamen- tal and elegant in a dry or green state; valued highly for making up bou- quets of everlasting flowers; of the easiest culture; 1	5
924	Reseda. See Mignonette.	•

No.		ice.
925	Rhodanth mangles, ta., one of the pretiest of all the everlasting flowers; neat, unique, and beautiful; small, erect branching plant, with numerous semi-double, daisy-like flowers, of rich rose color, suffused with white, re- taining their transparency and beauty for a considerable period; 1	10
926	Ricinus major, Castor Oil Bean, hha., very ornamental foliage; 6 to 8	6
927	sanguineous, hha., a very stately growing plant, seven feet high, with large and highly ornamental foliage of Oriental aspect, with clusters of red fruit.	10
928	Obermanil, hha., fine new variety, with bunches of scarlet fruit; 7 These highly ornamental plants have not hitherto met with the amount of consideration they deserve; for backgrounds in large gardens and cen- tres of beds on lawns they are extremely useful.	25
929	Rocket, sweet, purple, Hesperis matronalis, hp., a well-known border plant; 2	5
930	white	5
931	mixed	5
932	Rose of heaven. See Viscaria cœli.	
933	Rose campion, Agrostemma coronaria, hp., flowers deep crimson; 2	5
934	white, A. alba, pure white; fine new variety; 2	5
935	mixed. The Rose Campions are perfectly hardy, and very easily raised from seed, and will well repay the little care they require; the flowers are produced on long stems, blooming freely throughout the season.	5
936	Rose, African, mixed, Papaver, rhæas, ha., a beautiful annual, of the easiest culture; producing double, semi-double, and single flowers, all handsome, sporting in a thousand different varieties, of scarlet, crimson, purple, pink, white, variegated, and parti-colored, and continuing a long time in bloom; 1 ¹ / ₂ .	5
937	Rose seed, saved from a large collection of hybrid Perpetual, Tea, Bourbons, &c.	25
938	Rudbeckia amplexicaulis, ha., large flowers, with broad streaks of fine yel- low, marked with a lively stripe of purple at the base; a prominent disk of deep brown, very showy, and of the easiest culture; 21	Б
939	Sabbatia campestris, ta., flowers rose-color, with yellow eye; 1	25
940	Salpiglossis mixed, hha, several of the finest and most distinct varieties mixed; 2	10
941	dark scarlet	10
942	dark purple	10
943	blue	10
944	scarlet	10
945	sulphur color.	10
946	dwarf blue, new, hha., 1.	25
947	scarlet, new, hha., 1	25
948	violet, new, hha., 1	25
949	mixed, new dwarf varieties mixed	25
950	assortments, each color in separate papers. See page 10.	
	The Salpiglossis are beautiful annuals, with very picturesque and richly colored, erect lobed, funnel-shaped blossoms; colors beautifully marbled, purple, scarlet, crimson, clear yellow, and buff, with elegant shades of blue. The new dwarf varieties form a very desirable section of this pleasing flower.	
951	Salvia amabilis, tp., lavender blue; 21/2	25
952		10
953	patens, tp., beautiful blue; 2 10 seeds	25
954	splendens, tp., scarlet, very showy; 2 to 3	25
955	Romeriana, tp., dark scarlet; 1 ¹ / ₂	10
956	Saponaria, calabrian, ha., small rose-colored flowers; 1/2	10
957	†Saxifraga, hhp., several varieties mixed; ½	10
958	Scabiosa, sweet. See Mourning Bride.	
959	dwarf, new, ha., fine; 1	5
960	dark purple, ha., fine	5
961	scarlet, new, ha., a splendid new variety, very showy	10
962 963	Schizanthus, mixed, ha., eight varieties mixed; 2 Grahami, red and orange; 2	5 5

No.	P	vice.
964		5
965	——————————————————————————————————————	б
966	gracilis, lilac, spotted; 2	5
967	humilis, lilac and crimson, dwarf; 1	5
9 68	Hookeri, red and orange; 2	5
969	pinnatus, rose and purple; 2	5
970		5
971	pulchellus, variegated; 2	δ
972	grandiflorus, occulatus, new, fine purple, with dense dark	
	blotches; surpassing all other varieties for garden or pot culture	10
978	mixed, extra, finest varieties, including grandiflorus occulatus	10
	Elegant slender-branched annuals, with very conspicuous lobed, or cut- petalled flowers, of white like, purple, and rich red, orange and violet crim- son spots and marks, very picturesquely blended; well adapted for either garden or pot culture. For winter flowering, they should be sown in August, and grown in pots.	
974	Schizopetalon Walkeri, ha., white; ¹ / ₂	10
975	Scutellaria, alpina, hp., a border plant, of no great beauty; 1	б
976	commuta, Skull cap, hp., purple; 1	5
977	pallida, hp., white; 1	5
978	mixed	Б
979	Scyphanthus, elegans, hha., yellow; 3	10
9 80	Senecio, elegans. See Jacobea.	
981	Sensitive plant, Mimosa sensitive, its., grown as a curiosity, being so sensitive that the leaves close up, by being slightly touched. Suitable for growing in pots, or the open border; 1.	δ
982	Setaria, macrochecta. See Ornamental grasses.	
983	Silene armeria, rosea. See Catchfly	
984	alba. " "	
985	carnea. " "	
986	compacta, ha., pink; ½	5
987	orientalis, hp., pink, in beautiful large clusters; 11	10
988	pendula, ha., fine heads of rich crimson flowers; beautiful; 1	5
9 89	alba, ha., white; 1	δ
990	pseudo atocion, ha., an extremely beautiful dwarf variety, with bright pink clusters of flowers, admirably adapted to the formation of beds, and contrast beautifully with Nemophila insignis; very free blooming, and of the easiest oulture	5
991		5
992	barbata, ha., new, neat dwarf, compact variety, with a profusion of bright	
	pink flowers; very ornamental for bedding; 3	10
993	rubella, ha., red ; ¹ / ₂	5
994		10
	Among the tribe of Silene will be found some of the brightest ornaments of the flower garden, either in respect to brilliancy of color or length of	10
	duration in bloom.	
995	†Snapdragon, mixed , Antirrhinum, hhp., beautiful summer and autumn flower- ing plants; curious as well as ornamental; in great variety of colors, among which are many richly spotted and striped; will bloom the first year from seed; 1 to 2	5
996	mixed, extra, finest	10
997	assortments. See page 10.	
998	Solanum, capsicastrum. See Greenhouse seeds.	
999	Spergula, pilifera, new and rare. See Ornamental grasses.	
1000	Sphenogyne, speciosa, ha., a profuse bloomer; flowers about 2 inches across, with yellow rays, and a dark brown disk; foliage handsome, and of a spreading habit; very showy; 2.	5
1001	Spirea, callosa, a beautiful shrubby variety; the finest of all the family; with bright pink flowers in trusses, appearing all the season; perfectly hardy and	10
1000	easily raised from seed; 4	10 25
1002 1003	<pre>fSpraguea, umbellata, hhp., white, dotted with purple; 1 *Statice, armeria, hp., suitable for edgings; 1/2</pre>	20 6

GENERAL CATALOGUE.

No.		rice.
1004	*Statice, pseudo armeria, hp., a very ornamental and effective plant, with large hemispherical, ball-like heads of bright rose-colored flowers; ad- mirably adapted for groups in mixed flower-borders; 2	10
1005	Benduelli, ha., one of the most distinct and pretty of this much admired genus, with a profusion of richly tinted bright sulphur-yellow flower-cups or involucres, remaining on the plant several months: succeeds finely in the flower-garden, 1 ₂ .	10
1006	†Stevia purpurea, hhp., purple; 1	5
1007	t serata, hhp., white; 1	5
1008	Stipa juncea. See Ornamental grasses.	
1009	Stock, ten-week, white, mathiola annua, ha.; 1	5
1010	purple	5
1011	scarlet	5
1012	crimson	5
1013	rose	5
1014	mixed, the above colors mixed	5
1015	mixed, German, comprising only the finest and most distinct	•
	colors, yielding 50 per cent. of double flowers	10
1016	mixed, extra German, new, large-flowered; very choice; saved from the brightest and most distinct colors. Received direct from one of the most celebrated florists in Germany. This we offer with full confidence	
	that in its production it cannot be surpassed	25
1017		10
1018	new, sulphur-colored; a very beautiful and novel	
	colored stock	10
1019	new dwarf, deep violet; splendid for pot culture	25
1020	miniature, new, mixed	10
1021	pyramidal, new, large-flowered	10
1022	- intermediate or autumn-flowering, fine mixed	10
1023	mixed extra, very choice	25
1024	Brompton or winter-flowering, fine mixed	10
1025	mixed extra, very choice	25
1026	emperor or perpetual-flowering, scarlet; splendid	10
1027	mixed, very choice	10
1028	new, large-flowered; extra, finest mixed	25
1029	giant or Cape mixed, French cocardeau, splendid	10
1030	queen, scarlet, an old but beautiful variety	5
1031	purple	5
1032	mixed	5
1033	Imperial, mixed, splendid	25
		25
	French cocardeau. See Giant or Cape.	
1096	assortments, splendid, colors separate See page 10.	

assortments, splendid, colors separate. See page 10.

The Ten-Week Stocks are now ranked among our most beautiful and effective annual plants for garden decoration or pot culture; their erect habit of growth, and numerous spikes of rich and varied colored flowers, of exquisite fragrance, and continuing in bloom through the summer and autumn months, render them almost indispensable in every collection, however email however small.

nowever small. The Intermediate or autumn-flowering varieties, if sown early in spring, will bloom the same autumn; for winter flowering they should be sown in June. They are also valuable for early spring blooming; for which pur-pose they should be sown the last of July or in August, and kept from hard frost during winter. Plants treated in this way, and planted out in beds in May, make a rich display during the early summer months. The Emperor or perpetual flowering; this magnificent class of Stocks may be treated in the same manner as the Intermediate, and used for the same purposes; they frequently last several years, if protected from frost; hence its name, — perpetual. Sowing and subsequent care, see article on Asters, page 7, which may be

Sowing and subsequent care, see article on Asters, page 7, which may be successfully applied to all the varieties of Stock.

1037	Sunflower, double dwarf, Helianthus, ha., yellow; 4	5
1038	tall, ha, yellow; 7	5
1039	Californian, ha., yellow	5
	new green centred, ha., fine; 5	

GENERAL CATALOGUE.

No.	P	rice.
1041	Sunflower, leviathan, ha., yellow; new and rare; 15	10
1042	Swan Daisy, mixed, Brachycome iberidifolia, hha., a neat. dwarf, compact, densely branched annual, with numerous elegant purplish and porcelain, lilac and blue Cineraria-like flowers, with a rich green, narrow-lobed	
	foliage; an effective bedding plant; 1	10
1043	Sweet Alyssum. See Alyssum.	
1044	Sweet Sultan, mixed, Centauria moschata, ha., handsome border annuals of the easiest culture, blooming freely from July to November; 2	5
1045		5
1046	purple, purpurea	5
1047		5
1048	Sweet Peas. See Peas.	
1049	Sweet Williams, mixed, Dianthus barbatus, hp., very choice; saved from Hunt's and other fine varieties; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2	б
1050	mixed, double, fine	10
1051		10
1052	Sweet Clover, Trifolum odoratum, hb., a tall growing plant, much branching, with racemes of white flowers; very fragrant; 42	5
1053	Tacsonea ignea. See Greenhouse seeds.	
1054	Tagetes. See Marigold.	
1055	Tasscl-flower, scarlet, Catalia coccinea, ha., a beautiful annual, with a pro- fusion of scarlet tassel-shaped flowers, from July to October; 12	б
1056	orange-colored, C. aurea, ha., a beautiful variety, with bright orange-colored flowers: 1].	5
1057	**Thunbergia, mixed, hha., exceedingly pretty climbers; well suited for covering a column or fancy wire-work in a conservatory; they also suo-	
	ceed planted out on a warm border	10
1058	** alata, winged, buff, with dark eye; 4 to 6	5
1059	** alba , white; 4 to 6	5
1060	** aurantica, bright orange, with dark eye; 4 to 6	5
1061	** Bakeri, fine white; 4 to 6	10
1062	** sulphurea, pale yellow; 4 to 6	5
1063	** Americana, clear buff; 4 to 6	10
1064	Trifolium odoratum. See Sweet Clover.	
1065	Trypsacum dactyloides. See Ornamental grasses.	
1066	**Tropæolum Lobbianum, orange	25
1067	** Caroline Schmidt, deep scarlet	25
1068	** Lillie Schmidt, orange scarlet	25
1069	** brilliant, dark scarlet	25
1070	** Schultzi, dark carmine	25
1071	** flamula grandiflora, yellow, streaked with carmine	25
1072	** Geant des Battles, brilliant carmine	25
1073	** Girabaldi, brilliant scarlet	50
1074	** Duc de Vicence, sulphur and vermilion	25
1075	** Duc de Luynes, yellow, spotted	50
1076	** glabrum variegatum, orange scarlet	25
1077	** Masilliense, deep carmine	25
1078	** Mons Tuerel, orange and vermilion	50
1079	** Mons Colmet, canary and dark carmine	50
1080	** Napoleon III., orange yellow, striped with vermilion	25
1081	** peraguanum, scarlet and black	50
1082	** pictum, carmine, shaded	50
1083	** Roi des Noirs, nearly black	50
1084	** tri-color grandiflora, carmine spotted	
1085	** Triomph de Gand, fine orange scarlet	
1086	** du prado, vellow, scarlet flamed	25

GENERAL CATALOGUE.

No.		rice.
1087	**Tropæolum Lobbianum, versicolor, orange striped	50
1088	** Victor Emanuel, brilliant carmine and gold	25
1089	** zanderii, vivid scarlet; one of the strongest growing varieties	25
	The above varieties, as hybrids from T. Lobbianum, are unsurpassed by any collection ever offered. They are all of the easiest culture, and flower profusely the first year; though not in all cases perpetuating their respec- tive kinds true from seed, they nevertheless often produce still more beau- ful ones, and amongst them varieties of the perpetual flowering, which are invaluable for decoration in greenhouse, conservatory, and for bouquets in winter.	
	In the greenhouse or conservatory they may be had in bloom the greater part of the year; and in favored situations in the open air, for edgings, covering trellis-work, or handles of rustic baskets, or trailing from vases, their elegance of form and brilliancy of color render them peculiarly valu- able.	
1090	**Tropæolum peregrinum. See Canary Bird flower.	
1091	* minus, orange and yellow; $\frac{1}{2}$	10
1092	* coccinea , scarlet; <u>1</u>	10
1093	mixed, Nos. 1091 and 1092 mixed	10
	The two last named are beautiful dwarf-growing varieties, about six inches high; admirably adapted for beddings, edgings, or pot culture.	
1094	other varieties. See Nasturtium.	
1095	Uniola latifolia. See Ornamental grasses.	
1096	Valerian rubra, hp., red	5
1097	alba, hp., white	5
1098	*Venus' looking-glass, mixed, ha., very showy for small beds, edging, &c. 1.	5
1099	* blue	5
1 100	* blush	5
1101	* white	5
1102	Venidium, calendulaceum, hha., fine deep orange; very handsome; in	
	bloom from July to November; a fine bedder; 1	10
1103	Verbena, hybrida, mixed, saved from newest show flower	10
1104	Aublets, V. Aubletia, ha., purple; ³ / ₄	5
1105	Drummond's, V. Drummondii, ha., lilac; ³ / ₄	10
1106	teucrioides, odorata, ha., white, sweet-scented; ³ / ₄	10
1107	pulchella, ha., violet; free flowering; $\frac{3}{4}$	10
1108	$$ venosa, ha., violet purple, fine; $\frac{3}{4}$	10
1109	* veronicæfolia, ha., blue; 4	10
	The above are fine varieties of this well known and generally admired class of bedding plant, all of which are of the easiest possible culture, flowering profusely the same season they are sown; most effective in masses.	
1110	Veronica, Syriaca, hha., small blue flower, suitable for pots and the open	
	ground; 1/2	10
1111		10
1112	spicata, hp., blue; 1	5
1113		5
1114	incisa, hp., blue; 2	5
1115	Victoria Regia. The grandest aquatic known. See Novelties.	
1116	Vinca, rosea, rose color; 1	10
1117		10
1118	mixed, very ornamental and free-blooming plants throughout the summer and autumn; fine for bedding or pot culture	10
1119	Viola, tricolor, grandiflora. See Pansies.	
1120	t odorata, hp., sweet-scented; ½	10
1121	Virginia Stock. See Malcomia maritima.	~
1122	Viscaria, coeli rosea, Rose of heaven, rose color; 1	5
1123		10
$1124 \\ 1125$		10
1125 1126	coulata, rosy purple, dark eye, fine; 1 Dunnetti, white with dark eye, splendid; 1/2 nana, nova, beautiful pink, fine dwarf; 1/2	5 10
1120		10
4.4.4.5	anonado novas peaulitui pink, nne uwani, 2	70

GREENHOUSE SEEDS.

No.	Pr	les.
1128	Viscaria, mixed, Nos. 1122 and 1125 mixed	5
1129	mixed extra, including all the above varieties	10
	There are few annuals more beautiful than the Viscarias, especially the dwarf varieties, which are peculiarly neat, compact plants, from six to eight inches high, and completely covered with flowers. They are all adapted either for beds, edgings, or clumps; their profuseness of bloom will always rank them among general favorites.	
1180	*Vittadina trilobata, Australian Daisy, hp., purple and lilac; a very pretty little plant; 1/2	10
1131	Wallflower, mixed, hhp., several varieties mixed	5
1132	mixed extra, finest German sorts, saved from pot plants	10
1123	mixed dwarf, choice	10
1134	assortments, colors in separate papers. See page 10.	
1135	Whalenbergia grandiflora, hp., blue Campanula-like flower; 1	10
1136	Whitlavia grandiflora, ha., violet blue; a very handsome, free flowering plant, suitable for beds and borders; 1	Б
1137	Xeranthermum, mixed, ha., everlasting flowers; 11	б
1138	purple	б
1139	white	б
1140	yellow	б
1141	new white	5
1142	†Zauschneria Californica, hp., a very interesting and valuable hardy autumn flowering plant, with a profusion of scarlet flower tubes in Septem- ber, October, and November; well adapted for dry, gravelly soils in sunny situations; exceedingly handsome for beds and borders; 1	
1143	Zinnia elegans, mixed, ha., ten varieties; 2	б
1144		
1145	assortments, colors in separate papers. See page 10.	
	By many persons the Zinnia is considered the showiest of all annuals;	

and indeed there are few flowers that equal it in brilliancy of color. Whether grown in beds or clumps, they are equally to be admired.

GREENHOUSE SEEDS.

No.		Price.
1146	Abutilon pulchellum, white	. 25
1147	Beranger, a fine new striped variety	. 25
1148	Duc de Malakoff, extra fine	. 25
1149	esculentum, a fine variety	. 25
1150	floribundum, fine yellow	25
1.51	marmorata, white, veined with rose	25
1152	mixed, all the above varieties	. 25
	This is a very showy and universally admired class of shrubs, with ele gant pendulous, bell-shaped flowers; very free growers and profuse bloom ers, and easily managed.	} A
	Acacia armata, yellow	
1154	capensis, yellow	. 25
1155	cultriformis, yellow	. 25
1156	dealbata, bright canary yellow	. 25
1157	Douglasii, yellow	25
1158	farnesiana, yellow	. 25
1159	grandis, yellow, fine	. 25

GREENHOUSE SEEDS.

No.	Pi	ice.
1160	Acacia, Julibrissin, rose-color	10
1161	longiflora, yellow, long-leaved	25
1162	lophantha, yellow	25
1163	Newmani, yellow	25
1164	Trinervis, yellow	25
1165	Vestita, yellow	25
	In praise of this class of ornamental shrubs it is almost impossible to speak too highly; they are not only of invaluable use for greenhouse deco- ration, but also during summer they will be of equal service in the flower- garden, where their beautiful foliage and neat habit alone cannot fail to render them very attractive. They are all remarkably fine in foliage; but a lophantha and longiflora are pre-eminently so. A. Julibrissin is hardy and elegant, with tassel-like tufts of rosy flowers. Previous to sowing, soak the seed in water at 120° for six hours.	
1166	Achimenes, mixed, saved from one of the largest collections in England	25
1167	Azalea, indica, mixed, saved from best-named sorts	25
1168	Callistachys, lanceolata	25
1169	linearis	25
1100	Two pretty Greenhouse shrubs, growing about three feet high, with yellow blossoms.	
1170	Calceolaria, mixed, saved from a choice collection	25
1171	mixed, extra, saved only from the finest-named sorts	50
1172	Camellia, Japonica, fine mixed	•25
1173	Campanula. See General List.	
1174	Canna, in varieties. See General List.	
1175	Chamserops, humilis, Fan Palm, a very ornamental Palm, from 6 to 10 feet high, a style of plant that lends a very oriental aspect to the house. It is said that this palm will stand our winters out of doors with a little pro- tection.	10
1176	Chinese Primrose, purple, Primula sinensis.	25
1177	— white	25
1178		50
1179		50
1180		25
1180	mixed, Nos. 1176 and 1177 mixed mixed, Nos. 1178 and 1179 mixed	20 50
1101	We know of no plants 'to compare with these for the winter and spring	90
	decoration of greenhouses; their fine, large clusters of flowers, and easy culture, rendering them general favorites.	
1182	Chorozema cordata, yellow	25
1183	ilicifolia, yellow	25
1184	varia, yellow and red	25
1185	mixed, the above varieties mixed	25
1186	Chrysanthemum indicum, large-flowered, mixed varieties	25
1187	pompone, mixed varieties	25
1188	Cineraria, mixed	25
1189	mixed, extra, saved from only choice-named sorts	50
1190	Clerodendron infortunatum, scarlet	50
1191	nutans, white	50
	The Clerodendrons are amongst the most gorgeous and effective of stove shrubs, with noble leaves and large, panicled clusters of flowers through- out summer and autumn.	
1192		50
1192	Clianthus punicens, crimson	· · ·
1120	magnificus, scarlet	50
	Neat and free-growing shrubs, with their striking lobster-claw-like flow- ers. They are richly ornamented with bright scarlet and crimson blossoms • in the spring months.	
1194	Cuphea, in varieties. See General List.	
1195	Cyclamen, mixed, saved from choice varieties	25
1196	Epacris, fine mixed	25
1197	Erica mixed. See Heath.	
1198	Ferns mixed, saved from one of the largest collections in Europe	25
1199	Fuchsia mixed, saved only from finest new varieties	25

GREENHOUSE SEEDS.

No.		rice
1200	Geranium mixed, finest fancy varieties	25
1201	mixed hybrid, finest of Odier, with five spots	25
1202 1203	scarlet, zonale	10
1203	mixed extra, saved from the newest varieties of scarlet, rose, salmon, and white varieties.	25
1204	Gesneria mixed, finest.	25
1205	Gloxinia mixed, saved from choice varieties	25
1206	erect growing varieties	25
1207	drooping	25
1208	mixed extra, saved from an unrivalled collection, including splendid	
	varieties both in the erect-flowered section and the drooping one	50
1209	Habrothamnus elegans, a fine greenhouse shrub, with drooping reddish	25
1010	purple flowers	40
1210 1211	Heliotrope. See General List. Humea elegans. See General List.	
1211	Indigofera Australis, pink	25
1212	- cytisoides, red.	25
1213	sylvatica, rose and lilac	25
1214	sylvatica, rose and mac	25
1215	violacea, lilac and rose	25
1210	The Indigoferas are handsome greenhouse ornaments. I. tinctoria is the	60
	Indigo of commerce.	
1217	Kennedya comptoniana, blue	25
1218	longiracemosa, pink and scarlet	25
1219	Marryattæ, scarlet	25
1220	ovata, purple	25
1221		25
1222	rubicunda, red	25
1223	rotundifolia, scarlet	25
1224	mixed, the above varieties	25
	These climbers are among the most striking of greenhouse ornaments, and deserve more extensive cultivation than has hitherto been extended to them, as few plants are more serviceable for greenhouse decoration; their bright	
	colors impart a most cheerful appearance during the early part of the season; and if trained round fanciful wire shapes, a peculiarly interesting effect is produced. Steep the seed in warm water for six hours before sowing.	
1225	Mandevillea suaveolens, a most elegant and beautiful climber, with pare	
	white, large, open, trumpet-shaped flowers, of exquisite fragrance, freely produced in a profusion of racemes.	25
1226	Maurandias, fine greenhouse climbers. See General List.	
1227	Mimulus, extra choice. See General List.	
1228	Passion-flower. See Passiflora.	
1229	Passiflora cærulea, blue	25
1230	gracilis, white	25
1231	princeps, splendid racemes of vermilion flowers, surpassing even Tacso- nea ignea in beauty and profusion of bloom	50
1232	Pelargonium, mixed, saved from finest varieties	25
1233	Petnnias. See General List.	
1234	Phormium tenax, New Zealand flax, one of the handsomest evergreen winter	
	ornaments in cultivation for greenhouse decoration; the habit is bold and striking, and the color of the foliage a rich dark green	50
1235	Pleroma elegans; without exception this is the finest of all the Melastoma-	
	ceous plants vet known, for its fine habit and extremely beautiful, large, violet, plum-colored blossoms, borne in great profusion; it ranks as one of the finest plants for competition; and under superior management it is unequalled in its style and character.	50
1236	Schizanthus; for pot culture we would recommend S. grandiflorus, S. retu-	
	sus, and S. retusus alba, as being best adapted for that purpose. See General List.	
1237	Solanum Capsicastrum, a very pretty greenhouse shrub, of neat, compact	
	branching habit, from six to twelve or eighteen inches high, with small foliage, richly contrasted with a profusion of orange-scarlet, cherry-like fruit throughout the autumn, winter, and spring months. A valuable	
	plant for decoration	25

No.	P	rice.
1238	Tacsonea ignea; this is a splendid orange-scarlet-colored, "Passion-flower"- like conservatory climbing shrub; showing the unequalled vermilion tint	
	of the Gesneria cinnabarina; each blossom being relieved by contrast with a circle or band of purple filaments in the centre.	
	Tropæolum. See General List. Verbena. See General List.	10

The following list, though not coming under the head of Greenhouse seeds, are, nevertheless, well adapted for pot culture, and, indeed, it may be said that many of them are almost indispensable for Greenhouse decoration.

ź

The numbers refer to their position in the General List, at which place see description and price.

No.		No.	
75	Acroclinum,	538 to 550	Ipomeas,
77	Ageratum,	555, 556	Isotoma,
82	Alonsoa,	612 to 629	Lobelia,
84	Alstromeria,	719, 720	Mignonette,
85	Alyssum,	752 to 760	Nemophila,
94 to 1 08	Anagallis,	803 to 811	Peas, sweet,
120 to 138	Asters,	842, 853	Phlox Drummondii,
142 to 145	Auricula,	858 to 885	Pinks,
, 184	Callirhoe Pedata,	819	Polyanthus,
213	Canary Bird Flower,	940 to 948	Salpiglossis,
340, 341	Cypress Vine,	1002	Spraguea umbellata,
845, 346	Daisy,	1004, 1005	Statici,
353	Datura,	1009 to 1036	Stocks,
883 to 384	Erythrina,	1057 to 1063	Thunbergia,
405	Fenzlia dianthiflora,	1102	Venidium calandulaceum,
435 to 441	Gaillardia,	1142	Zanschneria Californica.
493	Gypsophila, muralis,	1	

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

1241	Æchnodenton billiardi, ha	10
1242	Agrostis dulcis, ha., fine	10
1243	effusus, ha	10
1244	nebulosa , ha., one of the most graceful and elegant; and in a cut state superior to any for ornament, either in a dried or green state; succeeds in any garden soil.	10
1245	plumosa, ha., rare	10
1246	pulchella, ha	5
1247	Anthoxanthum gracile, ha	5
1248	Avena sensitiva, Animated Oats, ha	5
1249	Briza. See Quaking Grass.	
1250	Bromus bryzoporoides, ha	10
1251	Bryzopyrum siculum, ha., very distinct and beautiful dwarf variety	10

ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

No.		Tios.
1252	Chloris radiata, a fine species, singularly elegant perennial grass; nine to twelve inches in height, with flower scapes or stems, having slender flower spikes or rechis, radiating horizontally from the extremities of each scape, like the concentric spokes of a wheel.	10
1253	Chrysurus aureus, Lamarkia, ha., very useful for bouquets	5
1254	Coix lachryma, ha. See Job's Tears.	
1255	Cyperus glomeratus, ha	8
1256	Paramatta, ha	5
1257	Eleusine corocana, ha	5
1258	cylindrifolia, ha	10
	The above two varieties are pretty and graceful.	
1259	Eragrostis elegans, Love grass, ha	8
1260	cylindriflora, ha	10
1261	namaquensis, ha	10
	The Eragrostis are among the prettiest of the tribe of Ornamental Grasses, and will succeed in any good light garden soil.	
1262	Erianthus Ravenna, hhp., new; this a bold-looking, reed-like grass, from four to six feet high, with a fine foliage, resembling much in appearance the Pampas grass; rare	25
1263	Gynerium argenteum, Pampas grass, hbp. This is, without exception, the most stately growing species of grass known; in stature it ivials the Bam- boo; being described as attaining, in its native plains (South America), from ten to fifteen feet in height. In northern latitudes it should be pro- tected in winter by removing to the cellar or cold frame. South of Wash-	
1264	ington it will probably prove hardy Hordeum jubatum, hp., a splendid new grass; very rare	
1265	Job's Tears, Coix lachryma, ha., ornamental	5
1266	Lagurus ovatus, Hare's tail grass, ha., useful in winter bouquets	5
1267	Lamarkia. See Chrysurus aureus.	
1268	Panicum Italicum, ha	8
1269	orycinum, ha., fine	10
1270	pulchrum, ha	10
1271	Pampas grass. See Gynerium argenteum.	
1272	Paspalum elegans, hha., pretty	б
1273	Pennisetum longistylum, ha., very interesting and beautiful	10
1274	Piptaptermum Thomasi, ha., fine	10
1275	Quaking grass, large, Briza maxima, ha.,	6
1276		б
	Both varieties of the Quaking Grass are of very easy culture, very orna- mental and elegant in a dried or green state.	
1277	Setaria macroeta, ha	8
1278	Spergula pilifera, new; a perfect substitute for grass lawns, edgings. &c., &c., requiring no mowing. See Novelties.	
1279	†Stipa capillata, hp	5
1280	† gigantea, hp	Б
1281	† juncea, hp	5
1282	t pennata, Feather Grass, hp	5
1283	Trypsacum dactyloides, hp	5
1284	Uniola latifolia, ha	10

OMISSIONS.

The following varieties should have appeared under their respective heads in the foregoing list, but were accidentally omitted.

No.		No.	
1285	Clarkia, double white, see page 41.	1291	Enothera grandiflora, see page 43.
1286	Convolvulus tricolor monstrosus, see	1292	Enothera Drummondii nana albida.
	page 42.		see page 43.
1287	Convolvulus tricolor subscæruleus,	1293	
	see page 42.		page 44.
1288	Ipomea limbata elegantissima, see p. 43.	1294	Vernonia novæboracensis, see page 44.
1289	Linaria vipartita splendida, see p. 43.	1295	Hunnemannia fumariætolia, see p. 42.

- 1290 Lobelia marmorata, see page 43. 1295 Futurenanna futurariationa, see p. 42. 1296 Saponaria, calabrica rosea alba, p. 44.

NOVELTIES.

NOVELTIES.

NEW VARIETIES OF FLOWER SEEDS FOR 1861,

now offered for the first time in this country. Also, all the new varieties of 1860 that have proved to be of real merit.

To distinguish those of 1860 from 1861, we have affixed this mark (*) to the latter.

The numbers refer to their position in the General Catalogue.

No.		ice.
103	Anagallis, Eugenie, grandiflora var	10
104	Napoleon III.,	10
105	*Anagallis, Memoria dell' Etna,	25
106	* Trionfo di Firenze,	25
	These are beautiful new varieties of the well-known Anagallis grandi- flora, but the flowers are much larger. They will be found extremely orna- mental as half hardy bedding plants; also for Greenhouse or Conservatory decoration, as they present a most graceful appearance when cultivated in pots or vases. The colors contrast well, and they continue in bloom for a long time. Eugenie, light blue shading from the centre, to pure white at the border. Napoleon, rich crimson. Memoria dell'Etna, bright scarlet. Trionfo di Firenze, beautiful Lazuline blue.	
184	Callirhoe , pedata. Too much cannot be said in praise of this beautiful summer-flowering annual; from 2 to 3 feet in height, with green sub-digitata leaves and leafy stems, terminating in large panicled racemes of riob violet or purple crimson close-petalled flowers, with white centre, each from one to one and a half inches in width, and partially cupped; commences to bloom when about six inches high, and continues to yield a succession of its numerous attractive flowers throughout the summer and autumn, till hard frost, forming an elegant object for groups, beds, or single specimens of the easiest culture.	10
185	Callirhoe, digitata. This is a perennial variety of the Callirhoe, from 3 to 4 feet high, with violet red flowers, which are very sparingly produced in comparison with Callirhoe pedata.	10
273	Clarkia, integripetala, <i>pulchella var.</i> This is the first of what might almost be called an entirely new class of Clarkia; the flowers are nearly double the size, and color more brilliant, and the petals whole instead of being three-lobed, like the old Pulchella varieties; it was highly recommended by the Committee of the London Horticultural Society	10
271	•Clarkia, Tom Thumb, pulchella var., recommended by the Horticultural So- ciety of London, and described by them as follows: This was a dwarf, bushy-habited variety, exhibited under the name of Tom Thumb; single plants taken up from the ground formed a compactly branched mass, about eight inches in height, and as much in diameter, profusely flowered, the flowers being of a rich purplish rose-color. of the best forms of the species. It was highly recommended on account of its dwarf habit, which it was thought would render it one of the most useful for summer beds	10
1285	•Clarkia, double white, elegans var., a variety of the Clarkia elegans, raised by M. Vilmorin of France, who describes it as follows: "The flower is com- posed of three rows of petals, pure white, become afterwards slightly flesh- colored; as to its habit and culture, it does not differ from other varieties of the Clarkia elegans.	25

No.		
804	*Columbine, double carnation striped, Aquilegia caryophylloides; this is a beautiful double-flowered variety of the common Columbine; the flowers are white, variously striped with crimson, and here and there with reddish purple, producing an effective variegation. It is stated to have been sevel to come true from seed. It is also stated to be quite distinct in the seed, which is of light green, instead of being black, as is usually the case. It was highly recommended by the Horticultural Society of London as being a very distinct and beautiful variety.	25
1286	*Convolvulus tri-color monstrosus, very robust, with large and exceed- ingly rich deep purple flowers	10
1287	*Convolvulus tri-color subsceruleus, a very pretty dove-colored va- riety, having about one half the depth of color of Convolvulus minor, blue	10
322	*Coreopsis mossy, mosseaux, a curious variety, in which the stems are appar- ently furnished with narrow serrated wings, which gives them a shaggy or mossy appearance. Rare and unique. Annual	10
823	*Coreopsis eardaminefolia, the most beautiful of all the Coreopsis: grows two ieet high, in globe pyramidal form, covered with thousands of dowers; should be planted single, about two ieet apart. Annual; in packets of twenty seeds	10
8 28	Cosmidium Burridgeanum, an elegant annual; grows about two feet high, with beautiful Coreopsis-like flowers, with remarkable rich crimson, brown centre, and golden orange, yellower border. Admirably adapted for bril- liant colored groups or marginal lines.	10
853	Datura chlorantha, fl. pl., humilis, fl. pl., or flava, fl. pl., a rare and ornamen- tal flowering annual, of erect branching habit, with rich, ample. green. vine-like toliage, and large, conspicuous, drooping double flowers, from six to nine inches in length, of a rich nankeen vellow, having a tubular. trum- pel-shaped outline, with the two outer series of petals elegantly decurved backwards, forming an elegant and unique object in bloom, being well adapted for culture either in greenhouse or open garden. Plants should stand single, at least two feet apart; from two to three feet high.	10
356	*Delphinium Chinese, rubro punctatum, a splendid large double- flowered variety of the weil-known Chinese Larkspur; color deep mazarine blue, with a rich crimson blotch on each petal. Hardv perennial; flowering from seed the first year; in packets of twenty-five seeds	25
857	*Delphinium Chinese, alba grandiflora, another new variety of the Chinese Larkspur, with elegant transparent, silvery white flowers, as large as D. formorum. Hardy perennial; flowers the first year from seed; in packets of twenty-five seeds.	25
1262	Erianthus Ravenna. A magnificent grass. See Ornamental grasses.	
393	*Eucharidum grandiflorum album. A neat dwart-growing blush-white variety, very compact in habit, and a long and profuse bloomer	10
394	*Eucharidum grandiflorum roseum. Described by the Horticultural Society of London as a blush-colored variety, apparently rather larger than the foregoing, but more flushed with rose color. A plant of each was sent to Dr. Lindley, who speaks of them in the Gardener's Chronicle (London), as follows: "One of them is white, or nearly so: the other is stained with pale rose; they were very handsome and distinct." Both varieties are hardy annuals, about one foot high.	10
405	Fenzlia, Dianthflora. This lovely annual is of a beautiful rosy lilac color, having five dark blood-colored spots, surrounding an orange-colored eye in the centre of each flower; it is of a very dwarf and compact habit, pro- ducing blossoms in profusion; is of long duration in bloom, and has a fine effect in small beds; also grown in pots or boxes for greenhouse decoration	10
\$ 28	Foxglove gloxinia-flowered, Digitalus gloxiniodes. A fine mixture of this new and elegant variety.	10
412	* Flax, large-flowered, purple, Linum grandiflorum purpureum. A large purple-flowered variety of the beautiful crimson Flax, and promises to be a desirable novelty.	10
465	Gladiolus. Splendid mixture, saved from fifty of the newest and choicest named varieties in cultivation. Those who are desirous of raising new and improved varieties of this most beautiful and ornamental built, can safely depend upon these seeds, as the greatest variety of color may be counted upon, with a probability of obtaining both new and valuable varieties of	25
521	the highest merit	20
100#	Scottish prize flowers	25

1295 *Hunnemannia fumariæfolia. A half-hardy perennial (flowering freely the first year from seed), allied to Eschscholtzia, having similar cut foliage and producing bright yellow, poppy-like flowers, with robust and erect

.

No.	P	rice.
	habit. It is, without doubt, a most desirable plant, with the general habit of the Eschscholtzia, and adapted for similar purposes	10
539	Ipomea chyseides. A splendid new variety, with yellow flowers; in packets of 10 seeds	25
128	3 Ipomea limbata elegantissima. This marvellously beautiful Ipomea is the finest of all; its flowers are similarly shaped to those of the generality of the Ipomeas; but each blossom has a five-pointed star of intense violet blue, the intermediate spaces being pure white. The blossoms are most profuse	25
1289	flowering profusely, and continuing a long time in bloom; the habit is erect, like that of the older varieties; the flowers very large, of a rich deep purple. Messrs. Carter & Co., of London, state that they have full confi- dence in its being fixed in character, as it has been carefully selected for the last seven years.	10
1290	*Lobelia marmorata, erinus, var. A beautiful new variety of the erinus	
	*Lobelia marmorata, erinus, car. A beautiful new variety of the erinus variety, raised by M. Vilmorin, of France. It grows from four to eight inches high, of compact habit, with short lanceolate leaves, and covered with flowers during several months. The flowers are remarkable for their extraordinary size, and the peculiarity of their colors, which are white at the centre, mottled with pale blue, and passing to deep blue at the border,— one of the most effective varieties yet introduced for bedding purposes or pot culture.	25
574	Larkspur tricolor elegans. The intense richness of color and delicacy of marking of this handsome Larkspur are scarce conceivable. It should be an inhabitant of every garden. Annual	10
1291		
	plant for large mixed borders	25
1292	* *CEnothera Drummondii, nana albida. A fine new variety, with downy, lirately pinnatifid leaves, and large sulphur-yellow flowers, in which the edges of the petals are paler than the other parts. Makes a most desirable bedding plant. Annual	25
875	Pink, Chinese, Heddewig's. A most beautiful new variety. The whole plant is scarcely one foot high, and very bushy; whilst always thirty or forty flowers are at once in blossom. The flowers are very large, from two to three inches in diameter. of a most beautiful shape, and of a variety and brilliancy of colors quite unsurpassed in pinks, from white mottled with rose, and purplish red, with dark centre, to velvety carmine crimson, dark blood-red, and mottled and shaded with maroon and velvety black	25
876	*Pink, Chinese, Heddewig's, new double. A new variety of this splendid new Pink, having beautiful double flowers, instead of the single. The most remarkable flower of the season. In packets of 10 seeds	25
877	Pink, Chinese, Heddewig's, gigantens. This likewise large and splendid variety is distinguished from No. 875 by its somewhat taller growth, and its stalks bearing only one blossom each.	25
878	Pink, Chinosse, laciniatus, fl. pl. This is described by the raiser, Mr. Heddewig, as being imported from Japan with the Dianthus chinensis Heddewigi. The following is a description of the flowers and habit of the plant:—Grows 2 feet high, very hardy; flowers about 4 inches in diameter; each petal consisting of a long delicate fringe, some double, others single: blooms from the end of May until the beginning of frost: the colors are pure white, flesh, rose, various shades of red, carmine, violet, purple, and rich marcon,—some being selfs, others striped and spotted; is suitable either for greenhouse or out-door cultivation.	25
	All the above Pinks flower from seed the first year; are perfectly hardy, and flower strong the second year, and all are alike suitable for the conser- vatory or flower-garden.	
885	 Pink, Vetch's. A new perennial of erect growth, with large trusses of bloom in long succession; color chiefly scarlet and white; habit resembling the Sweet William. A very beautiful and much admired plant 	10
838	Petunia. Superb mixed; saved from the most beautiful varieties of both double and single flowers.	25
837	Petunia. Superb mixture, including the new green-bordered varieties	1 0
827	*Perilla Ocymoides. A new variety, which will be found to form a most pleasing contrast with the beautiful Perilla Nankinensis; it has a fine large rich green foliage, and is very sweet-scented, and more compact in habit.	10
854	Annual. In packets of 20 seeds Phlox perennial, mixed. Saved from our collection of upwards of one hun-	10
-51	dred varieties, embracking all the new English and French varieties that have been introduced during the last five years. Those who are desirous of raising new and improved varieties of this, the most valuable of all hardy	

No.	P	nice.
	herbaceous plants, can safely depend on these seeds, as the greatest variety of color may be expected, with a probability of obtaining both new and	
1296	 valuable varieties *Saponaria calabrica roseo alba. Highly recommended as a free flowering variety, with blush-white flowers, and forming a pretty contrast with the deep rose variety, for rockwork or the flower border 	25 25
1237	Solanum Capsicastrum. A very neat greenhouse shrub, of neat, compact branching habit; from six to twelve or eighteen inches in height, with small foliage, richly contrasted with a profusion of orange-scarlet, cherry-like fruit throughout the winter and spring months. A valuable plant for decoration	25
1278	Spergula pilifera , a beautiful ornamental grass, which in its style of growth is a neat, dwarf, hardy perennial, tufted plant, forming close, compact, wiry, grasslike stems, from a quarter to half an inch in height, clothed with closely set, green, bristle-like leaves, which by permanent growth form an unbroken level, velvet-like surface of the richest conceivable ver- dure, remaining uninjured in severe drought or intense cold, and assumes the same beautiful verdurous tint during the winter months as in summer. Its fertility in bloom during the month of July is equally beautiful; being studded over with myriads of low snow-white blossoms, appearing, not as in fancy but in reality, the living picture of an emerald-green velvet carpet, spangled with innumerable silver stars. It is a perfect substitute for grass on medium-sized lawns, terraces, mounds, and edgings to flower beds, without mowing.	25
972	Schizanthus grandiflorus oculatus, brilliant purple, with dense dark blotch; a great improvement in size of flower and color to all other varieties	10
1102	Spraguea umbellata, a beautiful hardy dwarf biennial plant, well suited either for pot or border culture; the habit is dwarf and spreading, resem- bling the Calandrinia grandiflora; the flowers, resembling an Amaranthus, are beautifully shaded pink, with purple stamens.	25
1298	*Tropæolum Crystal Palace Gem. This is one of the dwarf or Tom Thumb varieties, with large sulphur-colored flowers, having a dark red spot near the base of each petal. Very pretty and effective as a bedding plant; the flowers being well exhibited from the foltage, and continues in bloom until cut by frost; in packets of ten seeds.	25
1294	•Vernonia novæboracensis, a splendid new herbaceous perennial plant, having fine heads of bloom growing in the form of the perennial Phlox; color rich crimson scarlet. This is undoubtedly one of the most valuable herbaceous perennials that has been introduced for many years	10
1115	Victoria Regia, Gigantic Water Lily, the grandest aquatic known. Sow the seed in moist peat and loam, and then place in a tub of heated water. One seed.	25
1144	*Zinnia elegans, double. Described by the Horticultural Society of London as follows: These were the varieties of the well-known Zinnia elegans, in which the centre or disc was transformed into florets, like those of the ray, so as to form rosettes of from two to three inches in diameter, and of various shades of color, embracing purple, rose, light rose, mottled rose, red, orange, and buff. They were for the most part full double. and perfectly regular in form; a good deal resembling in their outline a fine couble marigold, but much larger in size. In packets of ten seeds.	10
	LOOK AT THIS!!	

VEGETABLE SEEDS BY MAIL.

By the new Postage Law, we are enabled to send Seeds of all kinds to any of the loyal States, (postage prepaid,) at the rate of one cent per ounce, which amount must be sent in addition to catalogue prices, when Vegetable Seeds are ordered. For price of Flower Seeds by mail, see page 8.

WASHBURN & CURTIS'S

(LATE BARNES & WASHBURN)

SUPPLEMENTARY CATALOGUE

or ·

FLOWER SEEDS

• FOR 1863.

THIS IS INTENDED AS A SUPPLEMENT TO OUR

UNABRIDGED CATALOGUE NO. 2, 1862,

Containing an additional list of several hundred varieties, including upwards of one hundred new and rare sorts, now offered for the first time in America.

TO WHICH IS APPENDED

Our New Descriptive Catalogue of Vegetable Seeds,

With General Directions for Cultivation.

WASHBURN & CURTIS,

SEEDSMEN, FLORISTS, AND NURSERYMEN,

HARRISON SQUARE, MASS.,

(FOUR MILES FROM BOSTON.)



ABOBEA VIBIDIFLORA. For description see page 8.

SPLENDID ASSORTMENTS

OF

FRENCH AND GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS,

In Sealed Packages,

CONTAINING THE COLORS SEPARATE,

Most of which are in the Original Packages, as imported. Saved by the most eminent Continental Growers.

N. B. This List is intended as a complete substitute for pages 9 and 10, Catalogue No. 2. It is, therefore, necessary that all orders for assortments in sealed packages should be made from this List.

ASTERS.

No.	Truffaut's New Peony-Flowered Asters.	:0,
	The most popular of all the Asters.	
$1297 \\ 1298$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	00 50
	Truffaut's New Peony Perfection Asters.	
1299	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors 1	25
	Truffaut's New Globe Perfection Asters.	
1300	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors 1	25
	Double Quilled Asters.	
1301	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	Double Globe-Flowering Asters.	
1302	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors 1	00
	Double Dwarf Asters.	
1303	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors)0
	Reid's Improved Quilled Asters.	
1304	10 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors 1	ю
	Globe-Flowered Pyramidal Asters.	
1305	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors)0
	Dwarf Bouquet Pyramidal Asters.	
1306	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors 1)0
	Peony-Flowered Dwarf Bouquet Pyramidal Asters.	
1307	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors 1 (00

FRENCH AND GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS.

4

No.	Dwarf Chrysanthemum-Flowered Asters.	Price.
1308	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Tall Chrysanthemum-Flowered Asters.	
1009	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Ranunculus-Flowered Asters.	
1310	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	50
	Imbriquee Pompone Asters.	
1311	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	Improved Cocardieu, or Crown-Flowered Asters.	
1312	4 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	. 50
	New Giant Emperor Asters.	
1313	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	50
	New Pompone Chrysanthemum-Flowered Asters.	
1314	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75

BALSAMS.

	Double Camellia-Flowered Balsams.	
$1315 \\ 1316$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	$1 \begin{array}{c} 00 \\ 75 \end{array}$
	Double Dwarf Balsams.	
1317	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Double Spotted Rose-Flowered Balsams.	
1318	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	50
	Improved Double Rose-Flowered Balsams.	
1319	12 Splendid Varieties, unsurpassable in quality. 25 seeds of each	1 00

GERMAN STOCKS.

	Dwarf Early-Flowered Ten-Week Stocks.	
1320	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Wallflower-Leaved Ten-Week Stocks.	
1321	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	Large-Flowered Improved Dwarf Ten-Week Stocks.	
1822	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	New Large-Flowered Pyramidal Ten-Week Stocks.	
$1323 \\ 1324$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00 50
	Dwarf Pyramidal Ten-Week Stocks.	
1325	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75

	FRENCH AND GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS.	5
No.	Miniature, or Lilliputian Ten-Week Stocks.	Price.
1326	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	50
	Dwarf Bouquet Ten-Week Stocks.	
1327	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	Giant, or Tree Ten-Week Stocks.	
1328	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	New Rose-Flowered Rocket Autumnal Stocks.	
1329	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors. 25 seeds of each	75
	Autumn-Flowering Stocks.	
1330	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	New Early Autumn-Flowering Stocks.	
1331	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	Giant Cape Stocks.	
1332	6 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	50
	Brompton Stocks.	
1333	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	New Early Large-Flowered Brompton Stocks.	
1334	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Emperor, or Perpetual Stocks.	
1335	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00

LARKSPURS.

	Double Dwarf Rocket Larkspur.	
1336	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75
	Double Tall Rocket Larkspur.	
1337	8 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	50
	Double Branching Larkspur.	
1338	6.Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	38
	Double Hyacinth-Flowered Larkspur.	
1339	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	75

PINKS.

	Double Chinese Pinks.	
1340	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Heddewig's Chinese Pink.	
1341	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Heddewig's Chinese Pink, Double.	
1342	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 75

FRENCH AND GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS.

No.	Chinese Pink, laciniatus.	Price.
1343	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 00
	Chinese Pink, laciniatus, Double.	
1344	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors	1 75
	Carnation Pinks,	
	Very choice, saved only from the finest English Prize varieties.	
$1345 \\ 1343$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors. 10 seeds of each	
	Perpetual, or Tree Carnation Pink.	
	Very choice, saved only from the finest English Prize varieties.	
$1347 \\ 1545$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors. 10 seeds of each	
	Picotee Pinks.	
	Very choice, saved only from the finest English Prize varieties.	
$1349 \\ 1350$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors. 10 seeds of each	
	Perpetual, or Tree Picotee Pinks.	
	Very choice, saved only from the finest English Prize varieties.	
$1351 \\ 1352$	12 Splendid Varieties, of the most beautiful colors. 10 seeds of each	2 00 1 00

Sweet Peas.

1353	6 Varieties, the most distinct colors	25
	Marvel of Peru.	
1354	8 Varieties, the most distinct colors	60
	Ornamental Grasses.	
$1355 \\ 1356$	24 Best Annual Varieties.	1 20 60
	Everlasting Flowers.	
$1357 \\ 1358$	24 Varieties, including all the best and most distinct sorts	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{array}$
	Double Poppies.	
1359	12 Varieties, the finest and most beautiful colors	75
	Double Sweet Williams.	
1360 1361	20 Superb Varieties	$1 \begin{array}{c} 50 \\ 75 \end{array}$
	Drummond's Phlox.	
$1362 \\ 1363$	12 Choice Varieties, the finest and most distinct	1 00 50
	Petunias.	
$1364 \\ 1365$	12 Varieties, saved from finest named sorts	1 00 50
	Helichrysum macranthemum,	
$1336 \\ 1367$	12 Superb double large-flowered Varieties, the most brilliant colors 6 Varieties, selected from the preceding	1 00 50
	Portulacas.	
1368	10 Varieties, the most distinct colors	75

FRENCH AND GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS.

No.	Sachiers, Lawre Diamond	Price.
1369	Scabious, Large-Flowered. 8 Splendid Varieties	60
	Scabious, Dwarf.	•••
1370	6 Splendid Varieties	50
	Salpiglossis.	
1371	12 Superb Varieties	75
	Double Jacobea.	
1372	10 Choice Varieties	1 00
	Zinnia Elegans.	
1373	8 Varieties, the finest and most distinct	60
	Double Zinnia Elegans.	
$\begin{array}{c} 1374 \\ 1375 \end{array}$	12 Finest Varieties of this beautiful new annual	$\begin{smallmatrix}2&00\\1&00\end{smallmatrix}$
	Choicest Double Hollyhocks.	
1376 1377	24 Finest new English and Scottish sorts, saved from prize flowers 12 Varieties selected from the preceding	$\begin{smallmatrix} 2 & 00 \\ 1 & 00 \end{smallmatrix}$
	Morning Glory.	
1378	12 Splendid Varieties	75
	French and African Marigolds.	
1379	12 Varieties, the most distinct, saved only from the finest flowers	90
	Nemophila.	
1380	6 Varieties, finest	30
	Nasturtiums.	
1381	6 Varieties, the finest and most distinct	50
	Snapdragon.	
1382	10 Varieties, the finest and most distinct	75
	Wallflowers.	
1383	6 Varieties, the finest German sorts	50
	Ornamental Gourds.	
1384 1385 1386	30 Varieties, a splendid assortment	2 50 2 00 1 00
	Cockscombs.	
1387	12 Varieties, comprising all the finest German sorts	75
	Choice Climbers.	
1388	25 Varieties of Choice Climbers, for borders	1 50
	Tropæolum Lobbianum.	
1889 1390	12 Varieties, very choice.	2 00 1 00
	Chinese Primrose.	
1391	8 Varieties, very rare	1 75
	Ornamental-Foliaged Solanums.	
1392 1393	12 Species, the most beautiful and distinct 6 Species, selected from the preceding	1 50 75

SUPPLEMENTARY LIST FOR 1863.

THE NOVELTIES OF 1862 AND 1863 ARE DISTINGUISHED BY BEING PUT IN THIS KIND OF TYPE.

ABOBRA, Cucurbitacea. (See Frontispiece.)

A rare and extremely pretty tuberous perennial climbing Cucurbitacex, with elegant cut glossy dark green foliage, and small oval vivid scarlet fruits. Suitable for planting out during summer, forming beautiful garlands.

NO.					P	rice.
1394	ABOBRA	VIRIDIFLORA,	a splendid novelty	, very rare	e4 seeds,	50

ACROCLINIUM, Compositæ.

Charming everlasting flowers, in the style of Rhodanth, valuable for winter bouquets, flowering freely in any common garden soil. Hardy annuals.

1395	Acroclinium Album, white, from S. W. Australia, 1 ft.	10
1396	atro-roseum, dark rose, from S. W. Australia, 1 ft.	10
1397	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 11.	

AGAPANTHUS (African Lily), Hemerocallidacea.

A highly ornamental plant, with large, handsome heads of bloom, very effective for porticos, terraces, gravel walks, or by the side of lakes and ponds. Will not bear hard frosts; may be kept in a cellar during winter.

1398 Agapanthus umbellatus, blue, half-hardy bulb, 2 ft. 25

AGERATUM, Compositæ.

Val	uable plants for large beds or borders, and very useful for pot culture, where	
cut flow	vers are in demand. Hardy annuals.	
1399	Ageratum alba, white, 11 ft	10
1400	Dwarf Blue, sky blue, 1 ft	10
1401	Dwarf White, pure white, 1 ft	10
1402	Conspicuum, snow white, 11 ft	10
1403	Superbum, dark blue, 1 ¹ / ₂ ft	10
1404	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 11.	

AMARANTHUS, Amarantacea.

Ornamental foliaged plants, of an extremely graceful and interesting character, producing a striking effect, whether grown for the decoration of the conservatory or out-door flower garden. If the seed be sown early, and planted out the last of May or in June, in rich soil, they make exceedingly handsome specimens for centre of beds, or mixed flower or shrubbery borders. Half-hardy annuals.

1405	AMARANTHUS MELANCHOLICUS, new, a beautiful novelty, rivalling with the Perilla nankinensis for groups and edgings, of dwarfer habit	
	than the latter, and of a lively blood-red-colored foliage	25
1406	bicolor, leaves crimson and green, 2 ft.	5
1407	monstrosus, very large and showy, 3 ft	5
1408	sanguineous, a fine dark variety	10
1409	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 11.	

ASTERS, New Varieties.

This splendid class of plants is not only one of the most popular, but also one of the most effective of our garden favorites, producing in profusion flowers in which rich-ness and variety of color are combined with the most perfect and beautiful form; it is indispensable in every garden or pleasure-ground where an autumnal display is de-sired. For flower beds and mixed borders it stands unrivalled. The following are new varieties, now offered for the first time. 1410 ASTER, NEW TWO-COLORED CROWN, rose, with a white centre, 50 seeds, 25 DWARF TURBAN, or CHESSBOARD, leaves of dark brown tint, with flowers of a deep rose with white, an interesting species...25 seeds, 1411 25 1412 -50 - LARGE-FLOWERED DWARF GLOBE PYRAMIDAL, a most valuable new class, with beautiful globular, regularly-formed flowers, as large as Peony Asters, very double. The plant grows about one and three-quarters feet high, well branched, and extremely profuse in flowers. Of great value for bedding. The colors are bright rose, dark purple, light blue, whith writh rese centre nous white and white with like 1413 light blue, white with rose centre, pure white, and white with lilac; mixed ... 251414 -25ROSE-FLOWERED, a new class, of great merit, about two and a half feet high, of robust growth, fine habit, and profuse bloomers. The flow-ers are as large as Peony Asters, beautifully imbricated, of oval form and very double. In habit, height of plant and form of flower, interme-diate between the Tall Chrysanthemum and Peony Perfection Asters, and which will become a favorite class. The colors are carmine, carmine and which dear blue doer blies doen purple doen purple and white 1415 and white, dark blue, deep lilac, deep purple, deep purple and white, bright crimson tipped with white, white tinted blush, crimson and crimson and white; mixed..... 25 - CHRYSANTHEMOIDES, a dwarf beautiful new species, with light blue flowers, finely cut, neat foliage, about six inches high, very free flower-ing. A promising species to cross with the double Chinese varieties 1416 -25 1417 - Globe-Flowered Pyramidal, finest mixed 10 — — new coppery purple
— — new aurora-color
— — new rosy-carmine 1418 10 1419 10 1420 10 ----- LARGE-FLOWERED BOUQUET, new and splendid, six varieties, 1421 mixed..... 10 - dwarf Chrysanthemum, a most beautiful class, about nine inches high, very large flowers, the best for dwarf beds, finest mixed..... 10 1423 - --- tall Chrysanthemum, finest mixed 10 In Superbe, rose, very large.....
 In Superbe, light carmine, very large
 In Superbe, light carmine, very large
 In Superbe crimson, very large 1424 10 1425 10 1426 10 ----- NEW CHRYSANTHEMUM-FLOWERED POMPONE, a new class, 1427 exceedingly beautiful, mixed 10 – sky blue..... 1428 _ __ 10 _____ rose, tipped white 1429 10 1430 - ____ white..... 10 For 20 other varieties, including some of the most popular sorts in cultivation, see Catalogue No. 2, page 12.

ASTRAGALUS, Leguminosæ.

A showy, beautiful and useful herbaceous plant, succeeding in any common garden soil. Hardy perennial.

1431 Astragalus purpureus, deep red, a pretty trailer from South of France. 10

Price.

BALSAM, Balsaminaceæ.

Magnificent conservatory or out-door plants, producing their gorgeous masses of beautiful brilliant-colored flowers in the greatest profusion; when grown in pots, and large specimens are desired, they should be shifted into 10 or 12 inch pots, using the richest and freest compost at command, and liberally supplied with manure water; for out-door decoration, the soil should be of the richest possible character.

BEGONIA, Begoniacece.

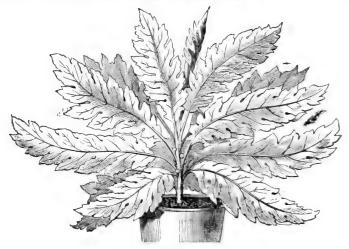
A magnificent genus of ornamental greenhouse plants, as remarkable for the varied and beautiful foliage of many of its varieties as for the splendor and profusion of the flowers of others. Should be grown in sandy peat and loam.

1434 Begonia, mixed, several of the most choice sorts mixed...... 25

BIGNONIA, Bignoniacea.

A highly-ornamental greenhouse climber, producing its gorgeous flowers in panicles, and in the greatest profusion.

1435 Bignonia Tweediana, yellow, half-hardy shrub...... 25



BOCCONIA FRUTESCENS.

BOCCONIA.

A new and beautiful foliaged greenhouse plant, and one of the rarest plants yet introduced for the decoration of beds and lawns in summer.

1436 BOCCONIA FRUTESCENS, a splendid novelty; very rare4 seeds, 50

BOSSIÆA, Leguminosæ.

Ha in a co	ndsome, free flowering and beautiful genus of greenhouse plants. Succeeds best mpost of turf, loam and peat.	
	Bossizea biloba, 3 feet high, from New Holland	25
1438	linophylla, orange, 3 feet high	25

CALCEOLARIA. Scrophulariacea.

Plants of a highly decorative character; an indispensable ornament for the drawing-room or conservatory. The shrubby variety is sometimes grown for in-door and sometimes for out-of-door decoration. They succeed in any light, rich soil. Halfhardy perennials.

Price,

No.		ice.
1439	Calceolaria, Extra Fine Spotted and Striped, saved only from the finest prize flowers	50
1440	NEW DWARF, from 8 to 12 inches high; very beautiful	50
1441	NEW EARLY-FLOWERED DWARF SELVES, splendid	50
1442	Large-Flowered Shrubby, saved from new large flowered; splen- did colors	50
1443	rugosa tigrina, new spotted shrubby Calceolarias, in great variety,	50
	Other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 37.	

CALENDULA (Cape Marigold), Compositæ.

A mixed	very showy free-flowering genus of plants, producing a pretty effect in beds or borders, and growing freely in almost any soil. <i>Hardy annuals</i> .	
1444	Calendula hybrida, white, 1 foot	5
1445	pluvialis, white, large flowers, 1 foot	5
1446	PONGEI, fl. pl., double white, fine, 1 foot	10
	ranunculoides, ranunculus-flowered	
1448	OFFICINALIS SUPERBA, new variety of pot marigold, golden orange, with black eye beautifully imbricated; fine	25
1449		25

CALLIRHE, Malvaceæ.

Beautiful free-flowering plants, continuing in bloom throughout the summer and autumn months. C. pedata nana makes a very excellent bedding plant. Hardy annuals.

1450	Callirhœ pedata, beautiful (See Catalogue No. 2, page 41).	
1451	PEDATA NANA, dwarf, flowers rich violet crimson, with white eye, 1 foot	
	1 foot	10

CASSIA, Leguminosæ.

Ag	enus of highly ornamental and exceedingly useful free-flowering shrubs, for con-	
servato	ry or greenhouse decoration; growing freely out of doors during the summer	
months	; succeeding best in a mixture of loam and peat. Greenhouse shrubs.	
1452	Cassia falcata superba, yellow, from Buenos Ayres, 3 feet	25
1453	grandiflora, yellow, flowering profusely during autumn and winter,	
	from China, 4 feet.	25
1454	lavigata, sulphur-color, distinct, from India, 4 feet	25
1455	marylandica, yellow, from North America, 4 feet	25

CELOSIA, Amarantaceæ.

(See engraving, page 12.)

(see engraving, page 12.) Magnificent free-flowering, graceful-growing plants, producing in the greatest pro-fusion spikes of the most beautiful feathery-looking flowers (see engraving, which repre-sents a side-shoot of aurea pyramidalis). C. argentea, however, produces its flowers in spikes like a Gomphrena (Globe Amaranthus), but much longer, and if gathered when young they are valuable for winter bouquets. Plants of the Celosia flower freely if planted out in June in a warm, sheltered situation; grown in pots, they are the most elegant of greenhouse and conservatory plants, where, with a little management, they any be had in flower the whole winter, growing freely in rich loamy soil. Half-hardy annuals.

1456	Celosia argentea, silvery white, shaded with bright rose, very handsome,	
	3 feet	10
1457	AUREA PYRAMIDALIS (see cut, p. 12), magnificent golden-feathered plant, can be most strongly recommended, 3 ft	25
1458	COCCINEA PYRAMIDALIS, rich crimson, of the same elegant habit as the preceding, differing only in color, 3 ft	25
1459	For other varieties, see Cockscombs, Catalogue No. 2, page 16,	

CENTRANTHUS, Valerianaceæ.

Very pretty free-flowering, compact-growing plants; very effective in beds, ribbons, or as an edging; grows freely in any garden soil. Hardy annuals.



CELOSIA AUREA PTRAMIDALIS. - For Description see p. 11.

CESTRUM, Solanacere.

A genus of handsome plants for conservatory or greenhouse decoration; covered	
during the months of November and December with a profusion of beautiful tube-	
shaped blossoms; grows freely in rich loam and peat. Greenhouse shrub.	
1463 Cestrum auranticum, bright orange, very pretty, from Guatemala. 3 ft	25
1464 Parquii, pale yellow, from Chili, 3 ft	25

CHINESE PRIMROSE, Primulacea.

No.	P	rice.
1466	Chinese Primrose, Fringed-Striped, white, striped with red, 3 ft	50
1468	ERECTA SUPERBA, a fine, new, erect growing variety, with bright rose-colored flowers, ³ / ₄ ft	50
1469	flowers	50
1470	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 37.	

CHLORA, Gentiance.

A novelty of considerable promise, with glossy, oblong, handsome foliage, and a profusion of bright yellow flowers. *Half-hardy annual.*

1471 CHLORA GRANDIFLORA, a new annual, highly recommended, 14 ft. 25

CHÆNOSTOMA, Scrophulariaceæ.

Neat, compact little plants; pretty for edgings, rustic or rock work. *Half-hardy* annuals.

1472	Chaenostoma fastigiatum, rose color, from Cape Good Hope, ³ / ₄ ft	5
1473	polyanthum, lilac, from Cape of Good Hope, ½ ft	5

CHÆNESTES, Solanaceæ.

CINERARIAS, Compositæ.

AW	vell-known favorite free-flowering plant, which may be had in splendid bloom	
colors i	the greater portion of the year; and, from the richness and diversity of its one of the most valuable of our early spring flowers. Succeeds best in a	
light, ri	is one of the most valuable of our early spring flowers. Succeeds best in a ich, free and open soil. Half-hardy perennial.	
1475	Cinerarias, fine mixed, 1 ¹ / ₄ ft	25
1476	Extra fine mixed , saved from the choicest named flowers, $1\frac{1}{4}$ ft	50
1477	NEW DWARF, saved from the finest named flowers	25
1478	maritima, silvery foliage, beautifully cut, an admirable bedding plant, and forms a fine contrast to Perilla nankinensis, $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft	10

CLEMATIS, Ranunculaceæ.

A handsome class of climbers; very desirable for growing against a wall or trellis. Seeds of this tribe require some time to germinate. Hardy perennials.	
1479 Clematis flamula, white, very fragrant, 25 ft	25
1480 — paniculata, white, 10 feet	10
1481 —— CIRRHOSA, a new variety, perfectly hardy, a very rapid climber, literally covering itself with large bunches of white sweet-scented	
literally covering itself with large bunches of white sweet-scented	
flowers, 25 ft.	25

CLIANTHUS, Leguminosæ.

A genus of magnificent free-flowering greenhouse shrubs, with elegant foliage and brilliantly-colored, singularly-shaped flowers, which are produced in clusters, and have a splendid effect. C. magnificus and C. puniceus blossom freely out of doors in summer, against a trellis or south wall; C. Dampieri succeeds best planted in the border of a greenhouse, and is one of the most magnificent plants of recent introduction; seeds sown in spring flower the first year; succeeds best in sandy peat and loam. Greenhouse shrubs.

1483 ---- For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 37

CLITORIA, Leguminosæ.

Splendid free-flowering greenhouse climbers, with large, elegant pea-shaped flowers, of great beauty, particularly adapted and very effective for training on trellis-work,

wire globes, or any of the numerous contrivances on which plants of this character may be grown for greenhouse or conservatory decoration. Though perennials they bloom the first year.

Clitoria coelestis, sky blue, from East Indies	10
gesnatia, pale blue shaded with white, from East Indies	25
atro-cœrulea (New), dark blue, from East Indies	25
Ternatea, blue and white, from East Indies	25
alba, white, from East Indies	25
grandiflora, new large-flowered white	50
atro-cœrulea, dark blue, from East Indies	25
	gesnatia, pale blue shaded with white, from East Indies

COCCINIA, Cucurbitaceæ.

A new and extremely neat-foliaged perennial climber, with pure white flowers and small red fruits. An elegant climber for planting out against a wall or for covering trellis-work, forming beautiful festoons.

COLUMBINE (Aquilegia), Ranunculaceæ.

An extremely showy and ornamental genus of early summer-flowering plants, combining the most curious forms with the most beautiful and striking colors. All the varieties succeed in any common garden soil.

CONOCLINIUM, Compositee.

A greenhouse evergreen shrub, with beautiful large clusters of Ageratum-like flowers; succeeds best in a light rich soil.

1494 Conoclinium janthinum, pale blue, very handsome, from Brazil, 2 ft.... 25

CALLIOPSIS, or COREOPSIS, Compositæ.

This genus is amongst the most showy, free-flowering, and beautiful of hardy annuals; the tall varieties are very effective in mixed borders and fronts of shrubberies, while the dwarf kinds, from their close, compact habit of growth, make fine bedding plants, and are valuable for edgings, while the different varieties make very pretty ribbons. Hardy annuals.

1496 — For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 16.

CUPHEA, Lythraceæ.

A highly ornamental and exceedingly beautiful genus of profuse-blooming plants, equally valuable for the ornamentation of the flower house, drawing-room and flower garden. If sown early they can be used for bedding plants the first year.

1497 CUPHEA ZIMAPANI, a new variety, with large violet red flowers, 2 ft.... 25

1498 —— GALEOTTIANA, a new species, with flowers nearly black. Remark-

CYCLANTHERA, Cucurbitaceae.

Curious bird-shaped gourds, of a very ornamental character; rapid climbers; thrives in any rich soil in a warm situation. Very desirable for covering arbors, trellis work, etc. Half-hardy annuals.

- pedata, see Catalogue No. 2, page 17.

念

Price.

CYCLAMEN, Primulacea.

A genus of the most elegant greenhouse plants, blooming elegantly in the winter and spring months; universally admired; growing freely in sandy loam. Greenhouse perennials.

1501	Cyclamen Africanum (macrophyllum), white and rose, fine foliage; from	
	Africa, $\frac{3}{4}$ ft	25
	hederæfolium, exceedingly pretty, from Britain, ½ ft	
1503	Persicum, white and pink, a charming sweet-scented variety, from Cyprus, ½ ft.	
1504	vernum, a splendid variety	25
1505	the above varieties, mixed,	25

CYTISUS, Leguminoseæ.

An extremely useful free-flowering, ornamental tribe of shrubs, equally valuable	
for the decoration of the conservatory, drawing-room and flower garden; succeeding	:
in any ordinary soil. Greenhouse shrubs.	
1506 Cytisus attleyanus, a splendid shrub	2
1507 ramosissimus superbus, beautiful yellow, from Spain	50

DAUBENTONIA, Leguminoseæ.

Ve	ry handsome, free-flowering	elegant greenhouse	shrubs, succeed.	ing in sandy	
loam.		0 0	,	u ,	
1508	Daubentonia punicea,	vermilion, from Spa	in, 4 ft)
1509	tripetiana, scarlet,	from Buenos Ayres	3 ft		ć

DIANTHUS, Caryophyllaceæ.

A magnificent genus, which embraces some of the most popular flowers in cultivation. The Carnation, Picotee, Pink, and Sweet Williams, all "household words," belong to this genus. The Chinese varieties may be considered the most beautiful and effective of our hardy annuals; the double and single varieties, with their rich and varied colors, in beds or masses, are remarkably attractive; while the recently introduced species D. Heddewigii and D. Laciniatus, with their large and rich-colored flowers, three to four inches in diameter, close, compact habit, and profusion of bloom, are unsurpassed for effectiveness in beds and mixed borders.

1510	DIAN	THUS CHINENSIY COMPACTUY ATROPURPUREO, a splendid double dark crimson variety	25
1511.		HEDDEWIGII HYBRIDUS PLENISSIMUS, grows 1 foot high, with habit similar to that of Imperialis. The flowers as Heddewign, of the colors both double and single, and continue the whole season in bloom,	25
1512			25
1513		For 28 other varieties, see Pinks, Catalogue No. 2, page 29.	

DIDYMOCARPUS, Cyrtandracea.

Exceeding pretty greenhouse plant, flowering in bunches; succeeding best in light peaty soil.

1514	Didymocarpus	Humboldtianus,	blue, very pretty	•••••	50
------	--------------	----------------	-------------------	-------	----

ERYTHRINA, Leguminosece.

TOTE	Laurnona, scarlet, from South America, 41t	20
1518	crista galli, scarlet, from Brazil, 10 ft.	25

FABIANA, Solanacece.

A handsome erica-like greenhouse shrub, a profuse bloomer, and of the easiest culture; thrives best in sandy peat.

FEVERFEU (Pyrethrum), Compositæ.

Handsome, free-flowering, highly ornamental plants, producing a fine effect in the mixed flower and shrubbery borders. Succeeds in any rich soil.

1520	Feverfeu, Double White, a beautiful bedding plant, blooming all the	
	season; half-hardy, 1 ft.	10
1521	—— For other varieties, see Pyrethrum, Catalogue No. 2, page 30.	

GAILLARDIA, Composita.

Splendid bedding plants, remarkable for the profusion, size and brilliancy of their flowers; continuing in beauty during summer and autumn; thriving in any garden soil. *Hardy annual*.

1522 GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA VERA, a splendid new variety 10 1523 — For several other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 19.

GARDOQUIA, Labiata.

A pretty dwarf growing plant, continuing in bloom for several months; well worth cultivating on account of its large showy flowers. Hardy perennial.

1524 Gardoquia betonicoides, pink, from Mexico, 3 ft. 10

GNAPHALIUM, Compositæ.

Fine everlasting flowers, useful for making dry bouquets; will grow in any common garden soil. Half-hardy annual.

1525 Gnaphalium fætidum, yellow, 2 ft..... 10

GODETIA, Onagracea.

A very desirable, free-flowering genus, particularly attractive in beds, mixed borders, and ribbons; grows freely in any common garden soil. Hardy annual.

1527 For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 20.

HARDENBERGIA, Leguminosæ.

A very pretty and ornamental greenhouse climber, producing a profusion of splendid pea-shaped flowers, especially suited for pillars, rafters, or wire globes; succeeds best in peat and loam. Greenhouse shrub.

1528	Hardenbergia comptoniana, 20 ft	25
1529	Lindleyana, blue, from Swan River, 20 ft	25
1530	digitata, purple, from Swan River, 20 ft	25
1531	lucida, dark violet, 20 ft	25
1532	Makoyana, blue, from Swan River, 20 ft	25

HELIOPHILA, Cruciferæ.

Very useful pretty little plants for small beds or edgings, flowering very profusely, and remaining a long time in beauty; thrives in any light rich soil. Half-nardy annuals.

	HELIOPHILA TRIFIDA ROSEA, a fine rose-colored variety of this pretty species	10
1534	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 21.	

Price.

No.

HIBISCUS, Malvacea.

One of the most beautiful, ornamental and showy tribe of greenhouse shrubs,

	• •	
1535	Hibiscus Cameronii, striped rose, from Madagascar, 4 ft	2 5
1536	coccineus speciosus, scarlet, superb, 3 ft	25
1537	Harrisonii, yellow	50
1538	Liliflorus, scarlet, lilyflowered, from East Indies, 3 ft	50
	giganteus, violet and white, from Cape Good Hope	
1540	MUTABILIS FL. PLENO, a splendid new double-flowered variety, very free bloomer, also suitable for planting out	50
1541	TRICOLOR, a new shrubby species, from Japan	50

HYDROLEA, Hydrolaceæ.

An exceedingly handsome greenhouse herbaceous plant, producing its pretty flowers in bunches; succeeds well in loam and peat.

1542 Hydrolea azurea, dark blue, from South America, 1 ft...... 25

HYPERICUM, Hypericaceae.

Very interesting and ornamental greenhouse shrubs, requiring only the usual greenhouse treatment.

1543 Hypericum involutum, yellow, from New South Wales, 3 ft...... 25 1544 — WEBBII, a splendid new variety, with beautiful large foliage, 3 ft...... 50

INCARVILLEA, Bignonaceæ.

Elegant free-flowering climbers, of graceful habit; succeeds best in loam and peat. Greenhouse climber.

1546 —— GRANDIFLORA, new, a very distinct and pretty dark-colored species, 50

IPOMEA (Morning Glory), Convolvulaceæ.

A genus of beautiful climbing plants, which, for the adornment of the conservatory and greenhouse, or for warm, sheltered situations out of doors, are pre-eminently beautiful, many of them combining marvellously brilliant colors with pure white margins, and varying in shade from the most intense violet blue to the most delicate cerulean. All the varieties are splendid, and should be extensively cultivated. The perennial species are invaluable for greenhouse decoration.

1547	Ipomea Sellowii, scarlet, from East Indies, greenhouse perennial, 15 ft	25
1548	Learii (true), splendid lazuli blue, changing to red, from Ceylon, greenhouse perennial, 15 ft	50
1549	Tuberosa, pale yellow, from West Indies, greenhouse perennial, 15 ft	25
1550	Willdenovii, purple, from East Indies, greenhouse perennial, 10 ft	10
1551	Mexicana grandiflora, a fine variety for garden culture, hardy annual, 20 ft.	25
1552	alba, a white variety of the preceding, hardy annual, 20 ft	25
1553	For 13 other choice varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 22.	

JACOBEA (Senecio), Compositæ.

A useful and exceedingly showy class of gay-colored profuse-blooming plants, of the easiest culture; remarkably effective in beds or ribbons; delights in a light, rich soil. *Hardy* annuals.

1554 Jacobea, double purple, 1 ft	5
1555 dark crimson, 1 ft	5
1556 flesh-color, 1 ft	5
1557 lilac, 1 ft	5
1558 copper-color, 1 ft	10
1559 —— The above varieties, mixed	
1560 — DOUBLE DWARF BLUE, a new variety, six inches high, compact in habit, and a most profuse bloomer; a valuable acquisition to our list of bedding plants	25
3	

18 No.

LAGERSTRÆMIA, Lythraceæ.

A splendid greenhouse shrub, with exceedingly handsome flowers.

1561	Lagerstræmia indica, lilac, from East Indies, 5 ft	25
1562	Barclayana	50
1563	rosea	50

LOPHOSPERMUM, Scrophulariaceae.

An elegant and highly ornamental genus of climbers, with handsome and showy foxglove-like flowers; very effective for conservatory, greenhouse, or garden decoration, and may be used with advantage for hanging baskets; will bloom the first season from seed. Half-hardy perennials.

1564	Lophospermum coccineum, red	25
1565	Hendersonii, rose	25
1566	scandens, purple	10
1567	Cliftoni, dark rose	25
	PUNCTATUM, a splendid new spotted variety	
1569	The above varieties, mixed	25

LOPEZIA, Onagraceae.

MAGYDARIS, Umbelliferce.

A beautiful ornamental-foliaged plant, with immense heads of showy yellow flowers.

1571 Magydaris tomentosa, yellow, from Algeria..... 10

MAURANDYA, Scrophulariaceæ.

The most graceful and free-flowering of soft-wooded climbers, whether for the ornamentation of the conservatory and greenhouse, or for pillars, trellis-work and verandas in the flower garden; the effect produced by the profusion of elegant and varied colored flowers is strikingly beautiful. Blooms the first season from seed. Half-hardy perennial.

1572	MAURANDYA SEMPERFLORENS CARMINEA, a new variety, with bril-	
	liant red flowers	25
1573	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 25.	

MELALEUCA, Myrtacea.

A genus of very desirable greenhouse or conservatory plants, remarkable for the nentness of their foliage, and the beauty of their flowers, which are produced on gracefully drooping branches.

1574	Melaleuca hypericifolia, scarlet, from New South Wales	25
1575	myrtifolia	25

MELIA, Melacea.

A very ornamental peat, loam, and sand.	tree, continuing	in	bloom	the	whole	summer;	thrives best	in

1576 Melia Azederach, blue, from Syria, 30 ft. 25

METROSIDEROS, Myrtacea.

A splendid peat and loam.	greenhouse shrub,	with	beautiful	bottle	brush-like	flowers;	succeeds	in
pour and round.			-					

Price.

MICROPUS.

MIMULUS (Monkey Flower), Scrophulariaceæ.

A genus of extremely handsome, profuse-flowering plants, with singularly shaped and brilliantly colored flowers, which are distinguished by their rich and strikingly
beautiful markings. Seed sown in spring makes fine bedding plants for summer bloom-
ing, while seed sown in autumn produces very effective early-flowering greenhouse
plants. Half-hardy perennials.

1579	MIMULUS CUPREUS, a new species, six or eight inches high, with hand- some glossy foliage, and large finely formed orange-scarlet flowers; very free-flowering; valuable for borders and beds	25
	rubiginosus, black spotted, very fine large-flowered	
1581	rubiginosus blandus, pale yellow, with dark blotches, fine	25
1582	rivularis, pure yellow	10
1583	quinquevulnerus, mixed	10
1584	quinquevulnerus, white, new	25
1585	new large-flowered, spotted, splendid mixed	25
1586	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 26.	

NEMOPHILA, Hydrophyllaceæ.

This is, perhaps, the most charming and generally useful genus of dwarf-growing hardy annuals; all the varieties have a neat, compact and uniform habit of growth, with shades and colors the most strikingly beautiful, so that ribboned, sown in circles, or arranged in any style which the fancy may suggest, the effect is pleasing and very striking. They are also very useful for pot culture.

1588 ---- MACULATA FOLIIS VARIEGATIS, leaves beautifully variegated... 10

1589 — For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 27.

NICOTIANA (Tobacco Plant), Solanaceæ.

These are strong growing, fine foliaged plants; they are very effective for large shrubbery borders, and the leaves of some varieties are valuable for fumigating purposes. *Tender annuals.*

1590	Nicotiana glauca, yellow, native of America	10
1591	glutinosa, scarlet, from Peru, 3 ft	10
1592	VINCÆFLORA, white, very pretty, from South America, 2 ft	25

NYMPHÆA, Nymphaceæ.

Beautiful hardy aquatics, thriving in rich loamy soil at the bottom of ponds or lakes.

1593 Nymphæa alba, white, a magnificent variety, from England, 3 ft..... 50

PANSY, or HEART'SEASE, Violacea.

An indispensable and charming class of plants for the ornamentation of the spring garden; extremely effective, whether used for bedding, edging or ribboning. Seed sown in early spring will bloom during the autumn months; for spring blooming, the seed should be sown in August or September. The following is the finest collection ever offered in this country; the seeds have been collected from several of the most eminent growers in Europe.

1594	Pansy, pure white	25
1595	golden yellow	25
1596	dark blue	25
1597	light blue	25

20

No.	P	rice.
1598	Pansy, fancy bronze-colored	25
1599	striped fancy, extra fine	50
1600	rose marbled, very beautiful	50
1601	violet, white margined	25
1602	auricula-flowered, beautiful	25
1603	pure black, fine for bedding	25
1604	NEW SLATE-BLUE, a most beautiful color, quite constant, a noble bedding variety.	25
1605	mixed, extra choice, all the above varieties included	50
1606	mixed, choice German	25
1697	mixed, choice French	25
1608	mixed, choice English	10
1609	mixed, good	5
1610	— PURPUREA, velvety crimson-purple, in great variety of shades, of first class form and size; a magnificent new class, of quite distinct and most brilliant, showy colors.	50
1611	PICTURATA, golden bronze-colored, mottled and shaded with vel- vety brown; a great improvement on the old bronze-colored class, of first class size, form, and substance of flower and brilliancy of color	50
1612	MARGINATA PERFECTA, new improved white margined Pansies, purplish crimson in brilliant shades, with yellow eye and broad white margin; first class in size, form and substance; extremely showy	50
1613	mixed, Nos. 1610, 1611 and 1612 mixed	50

The above three varieties, Nos. 1610, 1611 and 1612, are the result of many years' careful selection and hybridizing, by an eminent Prussian florist.

PANCRATIUM, Amaryllidacea.

An exceedingly ornamental genus of hardy bulbs, producing splendid spikes of handsome flowers; succeeds best in light, sandy loam mixed with vegetable mould. Greenhouse bulbs.

1614	Paneratium illyricum, wl	ite, from South Europe, 1 ft	25
1615	maritimum, white, de	liciously fragrant, from South Europe, 2 ft	25

PAULOWNIA, Scrophulariacea.

A noble, hardy tree, bearing panicles of dark lilac flowers, resembling those of the Gloxinia; thrives in any good soil.

1616 Paulownia imperialis, blue, from Japan, 20 ft...... 25

PETUNIA, Solanacea.

A highly ornamental and profuse-flowering, easily cultivated garden favorite, A highly ornamental and profuse-nowering, easily culturated garden favorite, equally diffective and beautiful whether grown in pots, for the decoration of the green-house and sitting-room window, or planted out in beds or mixed borders. The bril-liancy and variety of its colors, combined with the duration of its blooming period, renders it invaluable. Seed sown in spring makes fine bedding plants for summer and autumn display; succeeds in any rich soil. Half-hardy perennials.

1617	Petunia Inimitable, red margined, and blotched with pure white	25
1618	Countess of Ellesmere, deep rose, with white throat	25
1619	Inimitable, fecundated with double sorts	25
16:20	large-flowered striped, fecundated with double sorts 30 seeds,	25
1621	spotted, fecundated with double sorts	25
1622	—— double mixed, Nos. 1619, 1620 and 1621 mixed. These are fecun- dated with great care, and are sure to produce a large percentage of double flowers	25
1623	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 28	

For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 28.

PHLOX DRUMMONDII, Polemoniacece.

This magnificent genus of plants is unrivalled for richness and brilliancy of colors. profusion and duration of blooming. They are unsurpassed for bedding or pot culture, and produce a splendid effect in mixed borders. No garden should be without these beautiful plants. Succeeds best in light, rich soil. Hardy annuals.

No.	L'r	rice.
1624	PHLOX DRUMMONDI COCCINEA STRIATA, scarlet, striped with	<u>٩</u> ٣
	white	20
1625	VIOLACEA STRIATA, fine purple, striped with white	10
1626	VARIBILIS, dark blue marbled	10
1627	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 29.	

PITTOSPORUM, Pittosporaceæ.

A handsome genus of exceedingly ornamental shrubs; thrives in peat and loam. Greenhouse shrubs.

1628	Pittosporum undulatum, white and yellow, from N. South Wales, 3 ft.	25
1629	pendulum, from New South Wales, 3 ft	25

PODOLEPIS, Compositæ.

A genus of pretty, graceful, free-flowering plants, succeeding best in a light, rich soil, and producing a fine effect in beds or mixed borders. Half-hardy annuals.

1630	Podolepis Chrysantha, yellow, from New South Wales, 1 ft	5
1631	gracilis, pink, from New South Wales, 1 ft	5
1632	alba, white, from New South Wales, 1 ft	5
1633	AFFINIS, yellow, new variety, the largest flowering kind	10

POINCIANA, Leguminosæ.

A rich so:	very elegant and ornamental genus of greenhouse shrubs, requiring a good, il.	
1634	Poinciana Gilliesii, yellow, from South America, 10 ft.	10
1635	pulcherrima, orange, from East Indies, 10 ft	25
1636	regia, crimson, from Madagascar, 10 ft	50

POLYGALA, Polygalaceæ.

A very handsome genus of greenhouse evergreen shrubs, which may be grown out of doors in summer; thrives best in peat and loam.

1637	Polygala speciosa, purple, from Cape of Good Hope, 6 ft	25
1638	Dalmasiana, purple, from Cape of Good Hope	25
1639	latifolia, rose, from Cape of Good Hope, 3 ft	25
1640	myrtifolia, purple, from Cape of Good Hope, 3 ft	25
1641	cardata	25
1642	grandis	25

PORTULACA, Portulaceæ.

For brilliant, beautiful, and delicate colors, this charming genus stands unrivalled, and whether in baskets, small beds, edgings, or rockwork, its large splendid flowers, which are produced in the greatest profusion, are extremely effective. Succeeds best in light, rich soil. Should be transplanted or thinned to eight inches apart. Hardy annuals.

1643	PORTULACA BLENSONI, vermilion, fine	10
1644	GRANDIFLORA, DOUBLE, saved from double-flowering plants, re-	
	producing 50 per cent. of double-flowering plants, in white, rose, sul-	
	phur, golden, orange, crimson, scarlet, blood-red, purple, etc., as large	
	and double as Rosa dijonensis flowers10 seeds,	50
1645	For all the older varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 30.	

PRIONIUM.

The	e rare Silver	Grass-Tree, in appearance and habit of growth like a Pandanus.	
1646	Prionium	Palmita, rare and beautiful	50

PUNICA, Myrtacece.

Certainly amongst the handsomest of shrubs. Under the shelter of a south wall, they flower profusely throughout the summer. Succeeds best in strong, rich loam. Half-hardy shrubs.

1647 Punica granatum (Pomegranate), waxy scarlet, from South of Europe... 25



RHODANTHE MACULATA. For full size of flower see cut, page 23.

BHODANTHE, Compositæ.

Charming everlasting flowers, of great beauty, equally valuable for the decoration of the conservatory and flower garden; its neat, compact growth makes it a suitable plant for bedding or ribboning, while its bright-colored flowers, elegant style of growth and profuse blooming, render it an object of universal admiration. The flowers, if gathered when young, make valuable winter bouquets. Succeeds best in a light, rich soil, and a warm, sheltered situation. Half-hardy annuals.

1648 Rhodanth Manglesii, bright rose, with silver calyx, from Swan River, 1 ft. 10
 1649 MACULATA. (See cut.) This splendid novelty is larger in all its parts than Rhodanth Manglesii, about two feet high, very robust and more

Price.

Price.

hardy; fine, glossy, heart-shaped foliage, of graceful bearing, with flowers from one and a half to two inches in diameter, of a bright, deep, rosy carmine, rendered more brilliant by a broad velvety blackish purple crimson belt surrounding the bright yellow disk. In brilliancy of color and graceful habit far surpassing Acroclinium roseum. From Australia.... 25



RHODANTHE MACULATA. Full size of the flower. (For description see page 22.)

RHODODENDRON, Ericacea.

A well known and magnificent genus of free-flowering evergreen shrubs; should occupy a prominent place in every garden; thrives best in peaty soil. Hardy shrubs.

1650	Rhododendron arboreum	50
1651	catawbiens	25
1652	maximum, fine American	25
1653	ponticum	25
	punctatum	
1655	luteum, yellow	25
1656	nanum, very handsome as a pot plant, covered with a profusion of scarlet blossoms, 1 ft.	25

RICINUS (Castor Oil Bean), Euphorbiacea.

A magnificent and highly ornamental genus. The picturesque foliage and stately growth, combined with brilliant-colored fruit, of the new varieties, impart to select plantations, shrubbery and mixed flower borders quite an oriental aspect. In the gardens round Paris they form one of the principal features of attraction; and, if planted out and grown as single specimens on our lawns and pleasure-grounds, as an ornamental foliage plant, they would form a new and striking feature. *Half-hardy ganuals*.

1657	RICINUS AFRICANUS HYBRIDUS, rose-colored hybrid, very handsome, new, 7 ft	25
1658	GIGANTEUS, plant and leaves of enormous size, new, 12 ft	25
1659	INSIGNIS, new, splendid, 7 ft	25
1660		50
1661	For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 31.	

RIVINA, Phytolacea.

An exceedingly ornamental shrub when fruiting. The berries of this genus form the principal portion of the food of the American nightingale. Grows freely in any light soil. Greenhouse shrub.

1662 Rivina humilis, white fruit, in bunches; from West Indies, 2 ft...... 25

SALVIA, Labiata.

Strikingly ornamental plants for conservatory and out-door decoration, growing freely in any light, rich soil, and producing a magnificent effect in beds, ribbons, or edgings, where their beautiful spikes of bloom are produced in the greatest profusion. They all bloom the first season from seed.

1663	Salvia argentea, fine large silvery foliage, of great substance, splendid, from Crete, 3 ft	25
1664	bicolor, rose and white, from South America, 3 ft	25
1665	coccinea, scarlet, handsome, 1 ¹ / ₂ ft	10
1666	nana, scarlet, beautiful, 1 ft	25
1667	nana nova	10
1668	—— — nana hybrida	25
1669	nana splendens	25
	PUMILA, a dwarf dark red variety, forming a compact, hand- some bush; a very useful half-hardy bedding annual	
1671	PUNICEA STRICTA, a fine blood-red flowered variety, with densely- set flowered spikes, and of elegant habit	25
	The set is a set of the set of th	

1672 For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, page 31.

SALPIGLOSSIS, Scrophulariacea.

Highly ornamental and extremely useful Alstroemeria-like plants, for autumn decoration. Their curiously pencilled and marbled funnel-shaped flowers produce a beautiful effect in beds and mixed borders. They are of the easiest culture, succeeding in any light rich soil. Half-hardy annual.

1673 SALPIGLOSSIS HYBRIDA SPLENDENS, brilliant scarlet, a new and most

SCHINUS, Anacardiaceæ.

An elegant, ornamental, and highly fragrant greenhouse shrub, with beautiful bunches of waxy, currant-like fruit. The plant forms a desirable drawing-room ornament, and is easily cultivated; seeds sown in spring make handsome autumn plants. It succeeds out of doors in summer.

1675 Schinus molle (Pepper Shrub), from Peru, 6 ft...... 25

SCOTANTHUS.

A beautiful fast-growing annual climber, with elegant foliage, covered with pure white flowers, imitating those of Mandevillea suaveolens, and splendid oblong scarlet fruits.

SICYOSPERMA.

An elgant, very fast growing hardy climber, with thickly set small foliage; beautiful for covering walls, rocks, bowers, etc.

SIDA, Malvacea.

Handsome, free-flowering, easily cultivated greenhouse plants; succeed well in any rich soil.

1678	Sida angustifolia, yellow, from Bourbon, 4 ft	50
1679	Behriana, from India, 4 ft	25
1680	Indica, yellow, centre dark red, from India, 4 ft	25
1681	grandiflora	25
1682	pulchella	25
1683	tiliacea	10

SOLANUM, Solanaceæ.

A genus of most beautiful ornamental fruit-bearing plants, some of them amongst the most interesting of greenhouse shrubs. Others are the most valuable of ornamental climbers.

1684	Solanum jasminoides, white flowers in clusters. 30 ft. Greenhouse climber,	50
1685	auriculatum, violet from Madagascar · ft	25
1686	capsicastrum, see Catalogue No. 2, page 44	
1687	heteroganum, large black fruit, from East Indies, 11 ft	25
1688	Jacquinii, yellow, from East Indies, 11/2 ft.	50
1689	Sodomætum, violet, from Africa, 11 ft	25
1690	texanum, waxy scarlet fruit, of great beauty, from Texas. 2 ft	25

SNAPDRAGON (Antirrhinum), Scrophulariaceæ.

The Snapdragon, or Antirrhinum, one of our most showy and useful border plants. Amongst the more recently improved varieties of this valuable genus are large, finely shaped flowers, of the most brilliant colors, with beautifully marked throats; will bloom the first season from seed, and are very effective in beds or mixed borders. *Half*hardy perennials.

1691	Snapdragon album, pure white, 2 ft	10
1692	brilliant, scarlet, golden and white, 2 ft	10
1693	Crescia, deep scarlet, 2 ft	10
1694	Delila, carmine yellow and white, 2 ft	10
1695	Firefly, orange scarlet, yellow and white, 2 ft	10
1696	Galathee, crimson and white, 2 ft	10
1697	Ghestia, dark blood red, 2 ft	10
1698	Henry IV. vermilion, 2 ft	10
1699	papilionaceum, brilliant crimson, 2 ft	10
1700	mixed, all the above varieties	10

STATICI, Plumbaginaceæ.

A magnificent genus of beautiful greenhouse and out-door plants, remarkable alike for variety of their foliage and the brilliancy and beauty of their flowers; the hardy kinds are splendid for rock-work and the flower borders, while the half-hardy make fine conservatory plants.

1701	Statici formosa, rose color. hardy perennial, 1 ft	10
1702	Fortunii, white and yellow, half-hardy perennial, 1 ft	25
1703	Sareptina, new and rare, half-hardy perennial, 1 ft	25
1704	sinuata, purple and yellow, half-hardy perennial, 1 ft	10
1705	texana, fine graceful plant, with large heads of pink flowers, half-hardy perennial, 2 ft.	10
1200	Then all an end of the set of the set No. 9 and 92 and 92	

1706 For other varieties, see Catalogue No. 2, pages 32 and 33.

STOCKS, Cruciferce.

The Stock Gillyflower is one of the most popular, beautiful and important of our garden favorites, and whether for bedding, massing, edging or ribboning, it is unsurpassed, either for brilliancy and diversity of color, or profusion and duration of bloom.

The Ten-week Stock is the most universally cultivated, and usually blooms ten to twelve weeks after being sown; they grow from six to fifteen inches high, and, when grown in rich soil, and occasionally watered with weak guano water, throw out an immense quantity of lateral spikes of bloom, so that each plant forms a perfect bouquet, and it would, indeed, be difficult to surpass the grand effect produced in beds or ribbons by these exquisite gems.

1707	Stock, ten-week, large-flowered, comprising only the finest and most distinct colors, yielding fifty per cent. of double flowers, mixed	10
1708	large-flowered dwarf, a dwarf variety of the preceding, several splendid colors mixed	10
1709	<u>— new large-flowered pyramidal</u> , the most popular Stock in cultivation, very choice, received from one of the most cele- brated florists in Germany; twelve of the brightest and most distinct colors mixed.	25

No.	P	rice,
1710	Stock, ten-week, new large-flowered dwarf, a new dwarf-grow- ing variety of the preceding, superb, eight splendid colors mixed	25
1711	dwarf early-flowered, several splendid colors mixed	10
1712		25
1713	new hybrid, in foliage between the wallflower and rough- leaved; several beautiful colors mixed	25
1714	new giant, or tree, six superb colors mixed	25
1715	autumnal, new rose-formed rocket, a most valuable acquisi- tion, with beautiful large flowers and trusses quite distinct; six varieties mixed	25
1716	— Brompton, new large-flowered, the largest flowered class of au- tumnal and Brompton Stocks, of very healthy and robust growth, im- mense, large, fine bearing trusses, brilliant colors, giving an unusual percentage of double-flowering plants; twelve most distinct colors mixed,	25
1717	 For many other varieties, embracing some of the most popular sorts; also, important notes on the different classes, see Catalogue No. 2, page 33. 	
	SUTHERLANDIA, Leguminosæ.	

An exceedingly beautiful little greenhouse shrub, with handsome Clianthus-like flowers; succeeds best in peat and loam.

1718	Sutherlandia frutescens, scarlet, from Cape of Good Hope, 3 ft	25
1719	SPECIOSA COCCINEA, a splendid new flowering shrub, with ra-	
	cemes of dark red flowers, much like Clianthus	50

SYCIOS.

 \mathbf{A} fast-growing climbing annual.



TAGETES SIGNATA PUMILA. Full size of the flower.

TAGETES, Composita.

Elegant free-flowering plants, with pretty foliage, very effective in mixed borders : succeeds best in a light, rich soil. Half-hardy annuals.