## Where Artists Live 1980

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## Where Artists Live 1980

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The sources used for the statistics in
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Census, Supplementary Report, Detailed
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Readable Data File, 1980. Prepared by the
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This report examines information on the number and location of the nation's artists as reported in the 1980 Census of Population and provides comparisons with the 1970 Census. The decennial census offers unique opportunities for examining the artist population. The sample from which the census figures are developed is sufficiently large to reflect the artist population of small geographic areas and detailed characteristics of the artist population at large. Moreover, census information relating to artist occupations can be directly compared to that for other occupations.

Like Research Division Report \#5, Where Artists Live: 1970, this report focuses on the size and location of the artist population, but there are two major differences in the data in the two reports.

First, there was a revision in the occupational classification system between censuses. (The effect of this change is summarized in Research Division Note \#7, "Artist Employment in 1983: Revised Classification System Now in Use," March 15, 1984; and a more detailed discussion of how it affects the data for each of the artist occupation groups may be found in Tom Bradshaw, "An Examination of the Comparability of 1970 and 1980 Census Statistics on Artists," The Economics of Cultural Industries, Proceedings of the Third International Conference on Cultural Economics and Planning, April 25-28, 1984. Vol. l. Akron, OH: Association for Cultural Economics, University of Akron, 1984.) To facilitate comparisons of 1980 occupational statistics with those of 1970, the Bureau of the Census adjusted the 1970 data to conform to the 1980 codes. The process involved coding a sample of 120,000 questionnaires according to both systems and calculating adjustment factors for each occupation. The 1970 adjusted estimates are used in this report.

The second difference was that Report \#5 used data for employed artists whereas this report deals with the artist labor force, which includes unemployed as well as employed artists. The labor force estimates were chosen because unemployment tends to be high in several artist occupations, especially in the performing arts. Exclusion of the unemployed would seriously understate the number of individuals actively pursuing careers in these occupations in 1980. Combining the employed and the unemployed provides the sample size needed to report detailed geographic information, especially for the occupations
with small numbers of persons such as actors and dancers.

Both the Research Division Reports of 1970 and 1980 use a normalizing technique to compare occupation levels of states with widely divergent population counts. One would expect a state like California to have more individuals in almost every occupation than would be found in relatively small population states.
To determine whether California has a relatively high concentration in a particular artist occupation, the number of Californians in that occupation is divided by the total California labor Eorce and the result, in turn, is divided by the national ratio for that occupation. This technique produces a ratio that compares California to the whole country for the occupation. The same computation is made for every artist occupation in each state to obtain concentration ratios that can be compared from state to state and permit each state to be compared with the country as a whole. When the 1980 concentration ratio is 1.00 , the proportion of artists in the state labor force is identical to the national proportion.

The census provides cross-sectional and not longitudinal data for the two periods, so we are unable to trace the paths of artists from 1970 to 1980. Collective movement is another matter; net migration is measured by the census, and that source of regional growth is discussed in this report. It is not possible, however, to distinguish and separately measure the extent to which occupational increase is due to new entrants (persons entering the labor force for the first time), reentrants (persons who had previously worked in the occupation and returned after a period away from it), or transfers from other occupations. Nor is it possible to measure the extent to which people left artist occupations between 1970 and 1980 and did not return. The difference between, the levels of 1970 and 1980 is net growth as a result of occupation entrances and exits and migration. For simplicity, this is referred to in the report as increase or change over the decade (and is most often expressed as a percentage).

Research Division
National Endowment for the Arts
March 1987

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| Occupation | 1970 | 1980 | Percent change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Architects | 53,670 | 107,693 | +100.7. |
| Announcers | 25,942 | 46,986 | $+81.1$ |
| Dancers | 7,404 | 13,194 | $+78.2$ |
| Painters. | 86,849 | 153,162 | $+76.4$ |
| Actors/directors | 40,201 | 67,180 | $+67.1$ |
| Authors | 27,752 | 45,748 | $+64.8$ |
| Designers | 232,890 | 338,374 | $+45.3$ |
| Musicians/composers | 99,533 | 140,556 | $+41.2$ |
| Photographers | 67,588 | 94,762 | $+40.2$ |
| Artists n.e.c. | 53,131 | 49,653 | - 6.5 |
| Teachers (higher ed) | 42,000 | 28,385 | - 32.4 |
| All artists | 736,960 | 1,085,693 | $+47.3$ |
| Professional specialty occupations | 8,800,210 | $12,275,140$ | $+39.5$ |
| Total U.S. labor force | 79,801,605 | 104,057,985 | $+30.4$ |

NATIONAL TRENDS

In 1980 there were $1,085,693$ people in the United States in artist occupations. This figure includes persons 16 years of age and over in the civilian labor force who were classified in the 1980 census as:

## Actors and directors

Announcers
Architects
Authors
Dancers
Designers
Musicians and composers
Painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers
Photographers
Teachers of art, drama, and music (higher education)
Artists, performers, and related workers (not elsewhere classified)

These occupations increased at a rapid rate during the 1970-80 decade--collectively more than 47 percent. This is substantial when compared to the total U.S. civilian labor force increase of 30 percent during the same period, and it surpasses the 40 percent increase for all specialty occupations including doctors, lawyers, engineers, and scientists.

Architects increased more than those working in any other artist occupation, doubling in size so that there were 107,693 architects in the United States in 1980. The number of announcers, dancers, and visual artists also increased substantially. In 1980 there were 81 percent more announcers (2l,000 more people) than had worked in the Field a decade before. Dancers increased by 78 percent (nearly 5,800 more people) and painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers by 76 percent (over 66,000 more people). Actors/ directors, authors, designers, musicians/ composers, and photographers also experienced increases greater than the average for the U.S. labor force and the professional specialty occupations, with rates ranging from 40 percent for photographers to 67 percent for actors/directors.

While artists were generally increasing in numbers, those who teach art, drama, and music in higher education showed a decline between 1970 and 1980. Approximately 42,000 art, drama, and music teachers in colleges and universities were reported by the census for 1970 compared to 28,385 for 1980. This decline, however, may be attributable to the fact that substantially fewer teachers specified their subject area in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census (29 percent of teachers in higher education
specified their discipline on their census forms in 1980 vs. 67 percent in l970).

Designers continued to be the largest artist occupation in 1980 with over 338,000 members. Designers made up nearly one-third of the total artist labor force in both 1970 and 1980. The architect occupation had the greatest percentage change in numbers during the 1970 s decade. Architects represented 7.3 percent of the artist labor force in 1970 , increasing to 10 percent by 1980. Painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers substantially increased their share of the artist labor force, comprising 14.1 percent of the artist labor force in 1980 compared to 11.8 percent in 1970. By 1980, painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers moved ahead of the musician/composer occupation and became the second largest artist occupation in the U.S. Actors/ directors, announcers, authors, and dancers also increased their share of the artist labor force between 1970 and 1980. The dancer occupation had the third greatest increase, 78 percent from 1970 to 1980. However, this occupation has fewer members than any other artist occupation, representing approximately 1 percent of the artist labor force in both time periods.

Table 2
Distribution of artist labor force by occupation 1970 and 1980

|  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Occupation | 1970 | 1980 |
| Designers | $31.6 \%$ | $31.2 \%$ |
| Painters... | $11.8 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ |
| Musicians/composers | $13.5 \%$ | $13.0 \%$ |
| Architects | $7.3 \%$ | $9.9 \%$ |
| Photographers | $9.2 \%$ | $8.7 \%$ |
| Actors/directors | $5.4 \%$ | $6.2 \%$ |
| Artists $\mathrm{n} . \mathrm{e} . \mathrm{c}$. | $7.2 \%$ | $4.6 \%$ |
| Announcers | $3.5 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| Authors | $3.8 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| Teachers (higher ed) | $5.7 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |
| Dancers | $1.0 \%$ | $1.2 \%$ |
| All artists | $100.0 \%$ | $100.0 \%$ |


*includes Alaska and Hawaii

## Regional change

In all four major regions of the country-Northeast, North Central, South, and West --artist population increases outpaced that of the civilian labor force in the region.

The Western region led the nation with its numbers of artists increasing by 72 percent between 1970 and 1980. This was considerably higher than the increase in the total civilian labor force or the professional specialty occupations in the West--both of which increased by 49 percent during the same period. Four of the artist occupations more than doubled in the West between 1970 and 1980, including architects (l48 percent increase), authors (127 percent), painters and other visual artists (l26 percent), and actors and directors (ll6 percent). The West led the other regions in increases in these four occupations, as well as among musicians/ composers, who increased in the region by 55 percent during the decade. Overall, the West counted 279,951 professional artists in its population in 1980, with nearly two-thirds living in the state of California.

Of all the regions, the West had the highest concentration ratio of artists--the proportion of artists relative to the total labor force of the region--l. 32 . Approximately one out of every 73 workers in the West is in an artist occupation.

The South also experienced a large change in their artist population, increasing by 64 percent over the decade. Their total civilian labor force also expanded greatly during the decade, increasing by 41 percent, and their professional specialty occupations grew by 53 percent. Dancers showed a higher percentage increase in the South than in any other region, changing by 137 percent between 1970 and 1980. Announcers nearly doubled their number in the South. Designers ( 71 percent increase) and photographers (58 percent) also had greater percentage increases in the South than in any other region. The South was second to the West in increasing its share of architects, with 126 percent more architects in 1980 than in 1970. Other artist occupations that did well in the South were painters... (ll3 percent increase) and musicians/ composers (53 percent). The South had more artists overall than any other region--293,739, with over one-fifth in the state of Texas. However, the South's proportion of artists among its total labor force compared to the U.S. average was only .84 or 16 percent below the U.S. average.

The Northeast and North Central regions had more moderate percent changes between 1970 and 1980. Artist populations increased by about 30 percent in each region. During the same period, the total civilian labor force increased by only 14 percent in the Northeast and by 22 percent in the North Central region. The percentage of increase among all professional speciality occupations was similar to artists'--27 percent for the Northeast region and 31 percent for the North Central region. Although all of the artist occupations experienced their greatest increases in the South or West, some occupations made impressive gains in the North Central and Northeast as well. Dancers more than doubled (lll percent), actors increased by 67 percent, and authors by 53 percent, in the Northeast between 1970 and 1980. In the North Central region, the announcer occupation increased by 84 percent. The Northeast region had the second greatest number of artists in 1980--a total of 282,165 , with half residing in New York State. The North Central region had fewest artists with a total of 229,838. The Northeast region, like the West, also had a concentration of artists in its work force that was greater than the national average--l.18. The North Central region had the lowest proportion of artists in its labor force of all the regions--. 80 , or 20 percent below the national average.


Note: The West includes Alaska and Hawaii.

## Migration

The Northeast and North Central regions have lost out in the interregional migration exchange with the South and West regions of the United States for the past two decades. Artists have followed this trend.

During the 1975-80 period, the West attracted a net increase of 18,400 artists by migration. The South had a net increase of 13,100 artists, while the Northeast lost about the same number. The North Central region lost the most, with a net of 15,900 artists moving elsewhere. Map $B$ shows the direction of net migration flows for artists among the four U.S. regions between 1975 and 1980. During this five-year period, 9 percent, or about 100,000, moved from one region of the country to another. The migration rate is slightly higher than it was a decade ear-
lier, when 8 percent of artists moved interregionally.

Migration has an impact on the distribution of artists across the regions but overall growth in the artist population is due primarily to new labor force entries and to occupational change. In the West, artists who moved into the region between 1975 and 1980 accounted for about 6 percent of Western artists in 1980. In the South, migrants from other regions made up about 4 percent of the South's artist population in 1980. The Northeast lost about 5 percent and the North Central region lost about 7 percent of their artists to migration. Migration into and out of the United States netted this country only 2,500 additional artists between 1975 and 1980. In total, about 22,500 artists who were either immigrants or American artists living abroad came to this country, while about 20,000 artists left the country.

The large increase in the number of artists in the nation varied by artist occupation and by state. This change between 1970 and 1980 is summarized on the following pages for all artists, actors/directors, announcers, architects, authors, dancers, designers, musicians/composers, painters..., photographers, teachers (higher ed), and artists not elsewhere classified.


Number of all artists 1980


Concentration ratio of all artists 1980

Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of all artists.

| State | $\frac{1980}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratio 1 | $\frac{1970}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratio † |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 176.321 | 1.49 | 1 | 108,437 | 1.48 |
| New York | 2 | 138,424 | 1.66 | 2 | 107,916 | 1.58 |
| Texas | 3 | 61,802 | . 90 | 5 | 34,969 | . 88 |
| Illinois | 4 | 50,467 | . 89 | 3 | 41,211 | . 97 |
| Florida | 5 | 48,302 | 1.10 | 9 | 24,960 | 1.07 |
| Pennsylvania | 6 | 43.363 | . 78 | 4 | 35.137 | . 81 |
| Ohio | 7 | 39,768 | . 77 | 6 | 32,378 | . 83 |
| Michigan | 8 | 36,888 | . 84 | 7 | 29,660 | . 93 |
| New Jersey | 9 | 36,510 | 1.00 | 8 | 28,686 | 1.05 |
| Massachusetts | 10 | 32,223 | 1.10 | 10 | 23,499 | 1.07 |
| Virginia | 11 | 24,775 | . 96 | 12 | 15,253 | . 94 |
| Washington | 12 | 22,974 | 1.14 | 19 | 12,553 | 1.02 |
| Maryland | 13 | 20,990 | . 98 | 11 | 17.135 | 1.17 |
| North Carolina | 14 | 20,561 | . 72 | 18 | 12,640 | . 67 |
| Georgia | 15 | 20,330 | . 79 | 20 | 11,776 | . 71 |
| Minnesota | 16 | 19,512 | . 94 | 16 | 12,967 | . 92 |
| Missouri | 17 | 18,951 | . 81 | 13 | 14,199 | . 84 |
| Wisconsin | 18 | 18,429 | . 78 | 15 | 13,320 | . 82 |
| Colorado | 19 | 17,930 | 1.20 | 22 | 8,838 | 1.11 |
| Tennessee | 20 | 17,714 | . 82 | 21 | 10,607 | . 76 |
| Indiana | 21 | 17.439 | . 65 | 17 | 12,941 | . 67 |
| Connecticut | 22 | 17,211 | 1.07 | 14 | 13,404 | 1.12 |
| Arizona | 23 | 14,023 | 1.14 | 30 | 6,597 | 1.12 |
| Oregon | 24 | 13,157 | 1.02 | 26 | 6.978 | . 91 |
| Louisiana | 25 | 12,825 | . 71 | 23 | 8.019 | . 71 |
| A labama | 26 | 11,779 | . 69 | 24 | 7,965 | . 69 |
| Kentucky | 27 | 10,446 | . 66 | 29 | 6,863 | . 65 |
| Oklahoma | 28 | 10,308 | . 74 | 28 | 6,884 | . 77 |
| South Carolina | 29 | 9,526 | . 65 | 31 | 5,209 | . 57 |
| Iowa | 30 | 9,395 | . 66 | 27 | 6,917 | . 67 |
| Kansas | 31 | 9,377 | . 80 | 25 | 7,031 | . 86 |
| Hawa i i | 32 | 6,753 | 1.49 | 34 | 3,667 | 1.35 |
| Nevada | 33 | 6,507 | 1.48 | 40 | 3,078 | 1.60 |
| New Mexico | 34 | 6,505 | 1.14 | 36 | 3,553 | 1.13 |
| Mississippi | 35 | 6,155 | . 59 | 33 | 3,826 | . 55 |
| Utah | 36 | 5,858 | . 91 | 35 | 3,659 | 1.00 |
| Nebraska | 37 | 5,665 | . 73 | 32 | 4,068 | . 75 |
| Arkansas | 38 | 5,468 | . 56 | 37 | 3,344 | . 53 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 4,527 | . 95 | 38 | 3,124 | . 87 |
| West Virginia | 40 | 4,223 | . 54 | 39 | 3.091 | . 58 |
| Maine | 41 | 3.790 | . 73 | 42 | 2,171 | . 62 |
| New Hampshire | 42 | 3.751 | . 79 | 41 | 2,474 | . 88 |
| Idaho | 43 | 3.207 | . 74 | 44 | 1,844 | . 74 |
| Montana | 44 | 2,966 | . 80 | 43 | 1,857 | . 77 |
| Vermont | 45 | 2,366 | . 94 | 46 | 1,600 | . 99 |
| Delaware | 45 | 2,288 | . 78 | 45 | 1,681 | . 83 |
| Alaska | 47 | 2,148 | 1.13 | 50 | 710 | . 79 |
| South Dakota | 48 | 1,974 | . 61 | 47 | 1,435 | . 63 |
| North Dakota | 49 | 1,972 | . 66 | 48 | 1,155 | . 59 |
| Wyoming | 50 | 1,602 | . 68 | 49 | 844 | . 71 |

Concentration ratio: Proportion of all artists in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.
"All artists" as used in this report refers to the sum of the eleven individual artist occupations that are dealt with separately. One or several of the eleven separate occupations may be subtracted from the "all artists" grouping to provide information about special subgroupings.

California was the state with the largest number of artists in 1980 with 176,321 artists--as well as in 1970 with $108,437$. New York ranked second in both years with 138,424 artists in 1980 and 107,916 in 1970. The New York concentration ratio for all artists increased more than that of California during the decade.

No state had fewer than 1,000 artists in 1980, while in 1970 there were only 844 in Wyoming and 710 in Alaska. Wyoming had the smallest artist population (1,602) in 1980.

Thirteen states had concentration ratios greater than the national proportion of all artists in both 1980 and 1970. In each census one state had a concentration ratio exactly the same as the national proportion--New Jersey in 1980 and Utah in 1970. In both states, the concentration ratio was lower in 1980 than in 1970--New Jersey dropped from 1.05 to 1.00 and Utah from l.00 to .9l.


Number of actors/directors 1980


Concentration ratio of actors/directors 1980

Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of actors/directors.

| State | $\underline{1980}$ | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio † | 1970 Rank | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 20,751 | 2.83 | 1 | 8,966 | 2.23 |
| New York | 2 | 15,180 | 2.95 | 2 | 7,800 | 2.09 |
| Texas | 3 | 2,445 | . 58 | 4 | 1,569 | . 73 |
| Illinois | 4 | 2,271 | . 65 | 3 | 1,804 | . 78 |
| Florida | 5 | 2,103 | . 78 | 8 | 1,158 | . 91 |
| New Jexsey | 6 | 1,785 | . 79 | 5 | 1,448 | . 97 |
| Pennsylvania | 7 | 1,461 | . 42 | 6 | 1,327 | . 56 |
| Massachusetts | 8 | 1,377 | . 76 | 9 | 1,012 | . 84 |
| Virginia | 9 | 1,300 | . 82 | 12 | 658 | . 74 |
| Ohio | 10 | 1,275 | . 40 | 7 | 1,262 | . 59 |
| Michigan | 11 | 1,217 | . 45 | 10 | 991 | . 57 |
| Maryland | 12 | 1,024 | . 77 | 11 | 871 | 1.09 |
| Washington | 13 | 933 | . 75 | 18 | 546 | . 81 |
| Georgia | 14 | 889 | . 56 | 14 | 608 | . 67 |
| Connecticut | 15 | 832 | . 83 | 13 | 632 | . 97 |
| Minnesota | 16 | 779 | . 61 | 16 | 567 | . 74 |
| North Carolina | 17 | 712 | . 40 | 19 | 552 | . 53 |
| Missouri | 18 | 695 | . 48 | 15 | 590 | . 64 |
| Colorado | 19 | 688 | . 75 | 23 | 404 | . 93 |
| Indiana | 20 | 645 | . 39 | 17 | 549 | . 52 |
| Wisconsin | 21 | 640 | . 44 | 20 | 494 | . 55 |
| Arizona | 22 | 609 | . 80 | 30 | 332 | 1.03 |
| Tennessee | 23 | 548 | . 41 | 21 | 487 | . 63 |
| Oregon | 24 | 529 | . 66 | 24 | 382 | . 91 |
| Iowa | 25 | 495 | . 56 | 26 | 374 | . 66 |
| Louisiana | 26 | 488 | . 44 | 22 | 445 | . 73 |
| Kentucky | 27 | 409 | . 42 | 29 | 334 | . 58 |
| Kansas | 28 | 367 | . 51 | 28 | 336 | . 75 |
| Oklahoma | 29 | 350 | . 41 | 25 | 378 | . 78 |
| South Carolina | 30 | 340 | . 38 | 31 | 253 | . 51 |
| Nevada | 31 | 301 | 1.10 | 36 | 176 | 1. 68 |
| Alabama | 32 | 290 | . 28 | 27 | 372 | . 59 |
| Nebraska | 33 | 281 | . 59 | 32 | 242 | . 81 |
| Utah | 34 | 261 | . 65 | 39 | 160 | . 80 |
| Hawa ii | 35 | 258 | . 92 | 38 | 162 | 1.09 |
| New Mexico | 36 | 255 | . 72 | 37 | 171 | 1.00 |
| Arkansas | 37 | 238 | . 39 | 33 | 214 | . 62 |
| Mississippi | 38 | 208 | . 32 | 34 | 195 | . 51 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 197 | . 67 | 40 | 133 | . 68 |
| West Virginia | 40 | 189 | . 39 | 35 | 185 | . 64 |
| South Dakota | 41 | 165 | . 82 | 45 | 92 | . 73 |
| Montana | 42 | 162 | . 70 | 44 | 103 | . 79 |
| Idaho | 43 | 159 | . 59 | 42 | 111 | . 81 |
| Alaska | 44 | 149 | 1.27 | 50 | 41 | . 83 |
| Maine | 45 | 148 | . 46 | 41 | 111 | . 58 |
| North Dakota | 46 | 113 | . 61 | 46 | 81 | . 75 |
| Vermont | 47 | 94 | . 60 | 47 | 69 | . 78 |
| Delaware | 48 | 85 | . 47 | 49 | 49 | . 44 |
| New Hampshire | 49 | 50 | . 17 | 43 | 105 | . 68 |
| Wyoming | 50 | 42 | . 29 | 48 | 68 | 1.04 |

[^0]state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

There was a 67 percent increase in the number of actors/directors in the United States between 1970 and 1980. This was 20 percent greater than the average increase for all artists combined. There were 67,180 actors/directors in 1980, compared to 40,201 in 1970. The Western region more than doubled its number of actors/directors while growth was smallest in the North Central region. California had the largest number of actors/directors in both 1970 and 1980--8,966 and 20,751 respectively.

In 1980 as in 1970 actors/directors continued to be heavily concentrated in New York and California. In fact, the proportion of actors/directors in these two states increased from 41.7 percent to 53.5 percent over the decade. In 1980 , California had 30.9 percent of all actors/directors and New York had 22.6 percent.

The concentration ratios for actors/directors was also highest in these two states --both in 1970 and 1980. New York's concentration increased more over the decade than California's and was slightly higher than California's in 1980. By 1980 both California and New York had nearly three times the national concentration of actors/directors in their labor forces.


Number of announcers 1980


Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of announcers.

| State | 1980 Rank | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio + | $1970$ <br> Rank | Number of artists | Concentration ratio † |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 3,986 | . 78 | 1 | 2,415 | . 93 |
| Texas | 2 | 3,267 | 1.10 | 3 | 1,502 | 1.08 |
| New York | 3 | 2,690 | . 75 | 2 | 1,966 | . 82 |
| Florida | 4 | 2,293 | 1.21 | 5 | 1,099 | 1.34 |
| Onio | 5 | 1,843 | . 83 | 7 | 1,021 | . 74 |
| Illinois | 6 | 1,817 | . 74 | 6 | 1,049 | . 70 |
| Pennsylvania | 7 | 1,793 | . 74 | 4 | 1,287 | . 84 |
| Michigan | 8 | 1,661 | . 88 | 8 | 913 | . 82 |
| North Carolina | 9 | 1,551 | 1.25 | 9 | 856 | 1.29 |
| Virginia | 10 | 1,425 | 1.28 | 11 | 684 | 1.19 |
| Georgia | 11 | 1,236 | 1.11 | 10 | 734 | 1.25 |
| Tennessee | 12 | 1,174 | 1.26 | 12 | 658 | 1.33 |
| Alabama | 13 | 1,174 | 1.60 | 19 | 513 | 1.27 |
| Wisconsin | 14 | 1,136 | 1.12 | 13 | 606 | 1.05 |
| Indiana | 15 | 1,101 | . 95 | 17 | 556 | . 82 |
| Missouri | 16 | 1,085 | 1.07 | 14 | 578 | . 97 |
| Louisiana | 17 | 990 | 1.26 | 21 | 468 | 1.18 |
| Washington | 18 | 915 | 1.05 | 18 | 520 | 1.20 |
| Minnesota | 19 | 894 | 1.00 | 22 | 456 | . 92 |
| colorado | 20 | 874 | 1.36 | 27 | 357 | 1.28 |
| Kentucky | 21 | 873 | 1.28 | 23 | 442 | 1.20 |
| Massachusetts | 22 | 846 | . 67 | 16 | 561 | . 72 |
| Maryland | 23 | 835 | . 90 | 15 | 576 | 1.12 |
| Iowa | 24 | 832 | 1.35 | 20 | 489 | 1.34 |
| Oklahoma | 25 | 823 | 1.36 | 30 | 320 | 1.02 |
| South Carolina | 26 | 777 | 1.23 | 29 | 339 | 1.06 |
| Oregon | 27 | 706 | 1.26 | 26 | 369 | 1.36 |
| Kansas | 28 | 706 | 1.40 | 28 | 356 | 1.24 |
| Mississippi | 29 | 679 | 1.50 | 25 | 390 | 1.59 |
| Arizona | 30 | 666 | 1. 25 | 32 | 279 | 1.34 |
| New Jersey | 31 | 625 | . 39 | 24 | 395 | . 41 |
| Arkansas | 32 | 581 | 1.37 | 33 | 273 | 1.22 |
| Connecticut | 33 | 485 | . 69 | 31 | 291 | . 69 |
| Nebraska | 34 | 433 | 1.29 | 35 | 215 | 1.12 |
| West Virginia | 35 | 433 | 1.28 | 38 | 191 | 1.02 |
| New Mexico | 36 | 392 | 1.59 | 34 | 260 | 2.35 |
| North Dakota | 37 | 334 | 2.58 | 39 | 186 | 2.68 |
| Montana | 38 | 291 | 1.81 | 40 | 174 | 2.06 |
| Utah | 39 | 280 | 1.00 | 37 | 199 | 1.54 |
| Idaho | 40 | 280 | 1.49 | 41 | 160 | 1.82 |
| Maine | 41 | 279 | 1.25 | 36 | 203 | 1.64 |
| South Dakota | 42 | 260 | 1.85 | 42 | 145 | 1.80 |
| Nevada | 43 | 259 | 1.36 | 43 | 141 | 2.08 |
| Hawaii | 44 | 241 | 1.23 | 47 | 94 | . 98 |
| Alaska | 45 | 205 | 2.49 | 50 | 53 | 1.67 |
| Wyoming | 46 | 192 | 1.88 | 45 | 105 | 2.50 |
| New Hampshire | 47 | 180 | . 88 | 44 | 116 | 1.17 |
| Rhode Island | 48 | 174 | . 84 | 48 | 71 | . 56 |
| Vermont | 49 | 103 | . 94 | 46 | 96 | 1.69 |
| Delaware | 50 | 84 | . 67 | 49 | 70 | . 99 |

t Concentration ratio: Proportion of announcers in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

The number of announcers in the United States grew by 81 percent between 1970 and 1980--from 25,942 announcers in 1970 to 46,986 in 1980. The percentage of increase was second only to that of architects, whose population doubled over the decade. The number of announcers increased in every state with the Southern region having the highest increases.

Announcers is one of the most evenly distributed artist occupations. All states had fewer than 4,000 announcers and only Delaware had fewer than loo. California had the most announcers in both 1970 and 1980--2,415 and 3,986.

The states with the highest concentration ratios for announcers in 1970 and 1980 were the ones with the least population density. This indicates that there is some minimal number of radio or television stations (and thus announcers) in relation to land area regardless of the size of the state population or labor force. North Dakota had the highest concentration ratio in 1980--about two and one-half times the national concentration.


Number of architects 1980


Figure IV
Architects

Of all the artist occupations, architects had the largest percent increase between 1970 and 1980. There were twice as many architects in 1980 as there were in 1970 , their number increasing from 53,670 to 107,693. This is three times the percentage growth of the United States labor force in general. Most of the increase in architects occurred in the Southern and Western regions.

California had the largest number of architects in both 1970 and 1980--7,710 and 17,652 respectively. New York had the second largest number in both years, 6,151 in 1970 and 8,691 in 1980 , but in 1980 it had less than half the architects in California compared with 20 percent less in 1970.

Hawaii had the highest concentration of architects in its labor force relative to the national average in both 1970 and 1980. Hawaii had nearly twice (1.95) the national concentration of architects in its labor force in 1980. Colorado had the second highest concentration ratio (1.85) in 1980. The state of Washington had the second highest ratio in 1970 (1.66).


Number of authors 1980


Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of authors.

| State | 1980 Rank | Number of artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ | 1970 Rank | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 11,272 | 2.26 | 2 | 5,035 | 1.82 |
| New York | 2 | 9,361 | 2.67 | 1 | 5,567 | 2.16 |
| Illinois | 3 | 1,701 | . 71 | 7 | 840 | . 53 |
| Massachusetts | 4 | 1,525 | 1.24 | 4 | 1,347 | 1. 62 |
| Texas | 5 | 1,487 | . 52 | 9 | 721 | . 48 |
| New Jersey | 6 | 1,370 | . 89 | 8 | 839 | . 81 |
| Florida | 7 | 1,352 | . 73 | 11 | 708 | . 81 |
| Virginia | 8 | 1,320 | 1. 22 | 6 | 914 | 1.49 |
| Pennsylvania | 9 | 1,237 | . 53 | 10 | 710 | . 43 |
| Colorado | 10 | 882 | 1.40 | 21 | 318 | 1.06 |
| Connecticut | 11 | 873 | 1.28 | 5 | 1,058 | 2.35 |
| Maryland | 12 | 864 | . 95 | 3 | 1,401 | 2.54 |
| Washington | 13 | 852 | 1.00 | 18 | 448 | . 97 |
| Ohio | 14 | 797 | .37 | 12 | 660 | . 45 |
| Michigan | 15 | 757 | . 41 | 13 | 624 | . 52 |
| Wisconsin | 16 | 656 | . 66 | 17 | 453 | . 74 |
| Minnesota | 17 | 632 | . 72 | 14 | 608 | 1.15 |
| Georgia | 18 | 605 | . 56 | 24 | 243 | . 39 |
| Missouri | 19 | 590 | . 60 | 16 | 462 | . 72 |
| Oregon | 20 | 566 | 1.04 | 27 | 191 | . 66 |
| North Carolina | 21 | 513 | . 42 | 15 | 511 | . 72 |
| Arizona | 22 | 498 | . 96 | 20 | 336 | 1.51 |
| South Carolina | 23 | 338 | . 55 | 36 | 77 | . 22 |
| New Mexico | 24 | 335 | 1.40 | 29 | 144 | 1.22 |
| Indiana | 25 | 333 | . 30 | 19 | 338 | . 46 |
| Louísiana | 26 | 324 | . 42 | 39 | 73 | . 17 |
| Oklahoma | 27 | 293 | . 50 | 23 | 289 | . 86 |
| Tennessee | 28 | 286 | . 32 | 31 | 133 | . 25 |
| Nevada | 29 | 255 | 1.37 | 43 | 47 | . 65 |
| Maine | 30 | 253 | 1.16 | 41 | 58 | . 44 |
| Kansas | 31 | 252 | . 51 | 25 | 235 | . 76 |
| Iowa | 32 | 236 | . 39 | 26 | 211 | . 54 |
| Hawai i | 33 | 233 | 1.22 | 33 | 90 | . 88 |
| New Hampshire | 34 | 209 | 1.05 | 32 | 124 | 1.17 |
| Utah | 35 | 208 | . 77 | 30 | 140 | 1.01 |
| Kentucky | 36 | 169 | . 25 | 35 | 85 | . 21 |
| Rhode Island | 37 | 166 | . 83 | 38 | 76 | . 56 |
| Montana | 38 | 157 | 1.00 | 46 | 17 | . 19 |
| Idaho | 39 | 126 | . 69 | 42 | 48 | . 51 |
| Alaska | 40 | 121 | 1.51 | 45 | 26 | . 76 |
| Alabama | 41 | 117 | . 16 | 22 | 299 | . 69 |
| Nebraska | 42 | 117 | . 36 | 37 | 77 | . 37 |
| South Dakota | 43 | 100 | . 73 | 49 | * | * |
| Vermont | 44 | 93 | . 88 | 34 | 86 | 1.42 |
| Arkansas | 45 | 88 | . 21 | 44 | 38 | .16 |
| Mississippi | 46 | 82 | . 19 | 28 | 168 | . 64 |
| Delaware | 47 | 74 | . 60 | 40 | 65 | . 85 |
| West Virginia | 48 | 58 | . 18 | 47 | 12 | . 06 |
| Wyoming | 49 | 53 | . 53 | 50 | * | * |
| North Dakota | 50 | 18 | . 14 | 48 | 10 | . 13 |

[^1]There were 45,748 authors counted in 1980, an increase of 65 percent since 1970. This is a greater increase than the average for all artists, and considerably greater than the growth for the U.S. labor force in general.

Authors made their greatest gains in the West, California replacing New York as the state with the largest number of authors. There were 11,272 authors in California in 1980 compared to 9,361 in the state of New York. The two states combined had 45.1 percent of the nation's authors in 1980 and 38.2 percent in 1970 .

New York had the highest concentration ratio (2.67) in 1980 and third highest in 1970. California had the second highest concentration ratio in 1980 and fourth highest in 1970. Maryland and Connecticut, which had the highest concentration ratios for authors in 1970, experienced a substantial drop in the number of authors in 1980. The decline may reflect, in part, the introduction of the "technical writer" category into the 1980 Census classification system. The number of technical writers increased 677 percent in Maryland and 573 percent in Connecticut over the decade. This means that some of the respondents classified as authors in the 1970 Census were classified as technical writers in the 1980 Census. It also means that the author category in 1980 more nearly approaches a category of creative writers of literary genre (e.g., lyricists, playwrights, poets, and novelists).

In the rankings at left an asterisk (*) is used to represent numbers that are too low to be meaningful (fewer than ten artists) and the concentration ratios derived from them.


Number of dancers 1980


Concentration ratio of dancers 1980

Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of dancers.

| State | $\underline{1980}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ | $\underline{1970}$ | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 1 | 2,600 | 2.57 | 2 | 1,281 | 1.86 |
| California | 2 | 2,279 | 1. 59 | 1 | 1,836 | 2.48 |
| Florida | 3 | 818 | 1.54 | 8 | 254 | 1.08 |
| Texas | 4 | 713 | . 86 | 9 | 241 | . 60 |
| Nevada | 5 | 568 | 10.64 | 5 | 266 | 13.73 |
| New Jersey | 6 | 459 | 1.03 | 12 | 140 | . 51 |
| Hawai | 7 | 441 | 8.03 | 6 | 262 | 9.59 |
| Illinois | 8 | 399 | . 58 | 7 | 257 | . 60 |
| Ohio | 9 | 383 | . 61 | 3 | 330 | . 84 |
| Pennsylvania | 10 | 304 | . 45 | 10 | 190 | . 43 |
| Maryland | 11 | 297 | 1.14 | 11 | 168 | 1.14 |
| Indiana | 12 | 288 | . 89 | 20 | 93 | . 48 |
| Georgia | 13 | 220 | . 70 | 16 | 104 | . 62 |
| Massachusetts | 14 | 218 | . 61 | 14 | 106 | . 48 |
| Arizona | 15 | 218 | 1.46 | 17 | 99 | 1.67 |
| Washington | 16 | 204 | . 83 | 13 | 130 | 1.05 |
| Colorado | 17 | 196 | 1.08 | 15 | 106 | 1.33 |
| Kentucky | 18 | 189 | . 99 | 23 | 76 | . 72 |
| North Carolina | 19 | 185 | . 53 | 27 | 58 | . 30 |
| Wisconsin | 20 | 172 | . 60 | 18 | 98 | . 60 |
| Connecticut | 21 | 165 | . 84 | 30 | 46 | . 38 |
| Michigan | 22 | 153 | . 29 | * | 309 | . 97 |
| Tennessee | 23 | 152 | . 58 | 47 | * | * |
| Minnesota | 24 | 149 | . 59 | 33 | 24 | .17 |
| Virginia | 25 | 147 | . 47 | 22 | 81 | . 49 |
| Louisiana | 26 | 124 | . 56 | 19 | 97 | . 86 |
| Oregon | 27 | 118 | . 75 | 21 | 89 | 1.15 |
| Iowa | 28 | 103 | . 59 | 39 | 14 | . 13 |
| Utah | 29 | 87 | 1.11 | 25 | 63 | 1.70 |
| Mississippi | 30 | 82 | . 64 | 41 | 11 | . 16 |
| Missouri | 31 | 76 | . 27 | 26 | 59 | . 34 |
| Alabama | 32 | 74 | . 36 | 31 | 30 | . 26 |
| Oklahoma | 33 | 72 | . 43 | 29 | 56 | . 62 |
| Alaska | 34 | 63 | 2.74 | 32 | 31 | 3.41 |
| Arkansas | 35 | 58 | . 49 | 40 | 11 | . 17 |
| West Virginia | 36 | 47 | . 49 | 36 | 16 | . 30 |
| South Carolina | 37 | 43 | . 24 | 24 | 69 | . 75 |
| Nebraska | 38 | 43 | . 46 | 37 | 16 | . 29 |
| Kansas | 39 | 38 | . 27 | 28 | 57 | . 69 |
| Montana | 40 | 33 | . 73 | 49 | * | * |
| Idaho | 41 | 30 | . 57 | 35 | 17 | . 67 |
| Delaware | 42 | 30 | . 85 | 42 | 10 | .49 |
| New Mexico | 43 | 27 | . 39 | 43 | 10 | . 32 |
| Maine | 44 | 19 | . 30 | 48 | * | * |
| Rhode Island | 45 | 13 | . 22 | 38 | 16 | . 44 |
| Vermont | 46 | * | * | 50 | * | * |
| Wyoming | 47 | * | * | 34 | 22 | 1.83 |
| New Hampshire | 48 | * | * | 44 | * | * |
| North Dakota | 49 | * | * | 45 | * | * |
| South Dakota | 50 | * | * | 46 | * | * |

+ Concentration ratio: Proportion of dancers in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

Figure VI
Dancers

Although increasing by 78 percent during the 1970-80 decade, dancers remained the smallest artist occupation population with 13,194 members in 1980. This is the only artist occupation with more people in New York than California and with the highest percent change in the Northeast and South rather than the West.

There were 2,600 dancers in New York in 1980. New York overtook California's 1970 lead in the dance occupation during the decade, a trend that is the opposite of what has happened in the other artist occupations. California had 2,279 dancers in 1980. All the other states had fewer than 1,000 dancers, and more than a third of the states had fewer than 100.

Nevada and Hawaii had the highest dancer concentration ratios in both 1980 and 1970. Nevada had more than ten times the national concentration and Hawaii eight times. Both states have large entertainment industries in which dancers play an important role.

In the rankings at left an asterisk (*) is used to represent numbers too low to be meaningful (fewer than ten artists) and the concentration ratios derived from them.


Number of designers 1980


Concentration ratio of designers 1980

Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of designers.

| State | $\frac{1980}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ | $\frac{1970}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratiot |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 48,036 | 1.30 | 2 | 31,127 | 1.34 |
| New York | 2 | 43,833 | 1.69 | 1 | 37,236 | 1.72 |
| тexas | 3 | 20,581 | . 97 | 8 | 10,663 | . 85 |
| Illinois | 4 | 17,255 | . 98 | 3 | 13,616 | 1.02 |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 14,981 | . 86 | 4 | 12,051 | . 88 |
| Michigan | 6 | 14,786 | 1.08 | 6 | 11,428 | 1.14 |
| Florida | 7 | 14,102 | 1.03 | 10 | 7,330 | 1.00 |
| Ohio | 8 | 13,949 | . 87 | 5 | 11,575 | . 94 |
| New Jersey | 9 | 13,728 | 1.20 | 7 | 11,240 | 1.30 |
| Massachusetts | 10 | 10,089 | 1.11 | 9 | 7,821 | 1.12 |
| Virginia | 11 | 7,588 | . 95 | 11 | 4,996 | . 97 |
| North Carolina | 12 | 7,472 | . 84 | 16 | 4,225 | . 71 |
| Washington | 13 | 6,733 | 1.07 | 21 | 3,119 | . 80 |
| Georgia | 14 | 6,664 | . 83 | 18 | 3,772 | . 72 |
| Indiana | 15 | 6,287 | . 76 | 13 | 4,470 | . 73 |
| Minnesota | 16 | 6,083 | . 94 | 19 | 3,749 | . 84 |
| Wisconsin | 17 | 6,024 | . 82 | 17 | 3,981. | . 77 |
| Maryland | 18 | 5,750 | . 86 | 12 | 4,586 | . 99 |
| Connecticut | 19 | 5,744 | 1.14 | 15 | 4,227 | 1.12 |
| Missouri | 20 | 5,720 | . 78 | 14 | 4,409 | . 82 |
| Tennessee | 21 | 4,929 | . 74 | 20 | 3,349 | . 76 |
| Colorado | 22 | 4,683 | 1.01 | 23 | 2,415 | . 96 |
| Alabama | 23 | 4,256 | . 80 | 22 | 2,560 | . 71 |
| Oregon | 24 | 3,787 | . 94 | 31 | 1,609 | . 66 |
| Arizona | 25 | 3,756 | . 98 | 29 | 1,734 | . 93 |
| Louisiana | 26 | 3,656 | . 65 | 24 | 2,132 | . 60 |
| Oklahoma | 27 | 3,321 | . 76 | 30 | 1,727 | . 61 |
| Kentucky | 28 | 3,284 | . 67 | 25 | 2,104 | . 63 |
| South Carolina | 29 | 3,090 | . 68 | 28 | 1,874 | . 65 |
| Iowa | 30 | 2,995 | . 67 | 26 | 2,041 | . 62 |
| Kansas | 31 | 2,763 | . 76 | 27 | 1,889 | . 73 |
| Mississippi | 32 | 2,069 | . 63 | 33 | 1,158 | . 53 |
| Arkansas | 33 | 1,855 | . 61 | 37 | 953 | . 48 |
| Rhode Island | 34 | 1,841 | 1.24 | 32 | 1,223 | 1.08 |
| Utah | 35 | 1,836 | . 91 | 35 | 1,066 | . 92 |
| Nebraska | 36 | 1,643 | . 68 | 34 | 1,073 | . 62 |
| West Virginia | 37 | 1,591 | . 65 | 36 | 1,036 | . 62 |
| New Mexico | 38 | 1,422 | . 80 | 40 | 838 | . 84 |
| New Hampshire | 39 | 1,357 | . 92 | 38 | 900 | 1.01 |
| Hawaii | 40 | 1,236 | . 88 | 39 | 879 | 1.03 |
| Nevada | 41 | 1,143 | . 83 | 43 | 478 | . 79 |
| Maine | 42 | 944 | . 59 | 41 | 601 | . 54 |
| Delaware | 43 | 799 | . 88 | 42 | 541 | . 85 |
| Idaho | 44 | 760 | . 56 | 45 | 459 | . 58 |
| Vermont | 45 | 627 | . 80 | 44 | 467 | . 92 |
| Montana | 46 | 565 | . 49 | 46 | 41.8 | . 55 |
| North Dakota | 47 | 447 | . 48 | 48 | 213 | . 34 |
| Wyoming | 48 | 442 | . 60 | 50 | 160 | . 42 |
| South Dakota | 49 | 386 | . 38 | 47 | 320 | . 44 |
| Alaska | 50 | 363 | . 61 | 49 | 172 | . 60 |

[^2] to the national average.

Figure VII
Designers

Designers constituted the largest of the artist occupational groups with 338,374 people in 1980. Although their growth was more moderate than the other artist occupations, it was greater than that of the United States labor force in general. The 1970-80 increase was 45 percent, with the West and South gaining the most.

Following the general population shift to the West, designers are now more likely to live in California than in New York, which ranked first in 1970. California had 48,036 designers in 1980 compared with New York's 43,833. More than one quarter of all designers live in these two states. Other states with 10,000 or more designers include Texas, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Florida, Ohio, New Jersey, and Massachusetts.

Although the number of designers in California was greater than in New York in 1980, New York continues to have the highest concentration ratio--1. 69 vs. 1.30 for California. Furthermore, the third highest concentration ratio for designers in 1980 was that of Rhode Island (1.24).


Number of musicians/composers 1980


Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of musicians/composers.

| State | $\underline{1980}$ | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ | 1970 Rank | Number of artists | Concentration ratio t |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 22,919 | 1.50 | 1 | 14,752 | 1.49 |
| New York | 2 | 16,836 | 1.56 | 2 | 12,132 | 1.31 |
| Texas | 3 | 7,717 | . 87 | 3 | 5,445 | 1.02 |
| Florida | 4 | 7,713 | 1.36 | 7 | 4,328 | 1.38 |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 5,892 | . 82 | 5 | 4,873 | . 83 |
| Illinois | 6 | 5,514 | . 75 | 4 | 5,120 | . 90 |
| Ohio | 7 | 5,424 | . 81 | 6 | 4,385 | . 83 |
| Michigan | 8 | 4,640 | . 82 | 8 | 3,847 | . 90 |
| New Jersey | 9 | 4,481 | . 95 | 9 | 3,354 | . 91 |
| Massachusetts | 10 | 4,257 | 1.12 | 10 | 2,504 | . 84 |
| Tennessee | 11 | 3,826 | 1.37 | 11 | 2,129 | 1.12 |
| Washington | 12 | 3,366 | 1.29 | 12 | 2,095 | 1.26 |
| Georgia | 13 | 2,745 | . 82 | 19 | 1,569 | . 70 |
| Minnesota | 14 | 2,736 | 1.02 | 15 | 1,984 | 1.04 |
| North Carolina | 15 | 2,652 | . 71 | 18 | 1,763 | . 69 |
| Virginia | 16 | 2,592 | . 78 | 20 | 1,477 | . 67 |
| Maryland | 17 | 2,589 | . 93 | 17 | 1,912 | . 97 |
| Missouri | 18 | 2,493 | . 82 | 14 | 1,988 | . 87 |
| Wisconsin | 19 | 2,414 | . 79 | 13 | 1,995 | . 90 |
| Indiana | 20 | 2,234 | . 65 | 16 | 1,934 | . 74 |
| Colorado | 21 | 2,014 | 1.04 | 22 | 1,338 | 1.25 |
| Louisiana | 22 | 1.892 | . 81 | 21 | 1,429 | . 94 |
| Nevada | 23 | 1,750 | 3.07 | 25 | 1,090 | 4.19 |
| Arizona | 24 | 1,747 | 1.09 | 30 | 1,033 | 1.30 |
| Connecticut | 25 | 1,740 | . 83 | 24 | 1,162 | . 72 |
| Kentucky | 26 | 1,666 | . 82 | 26 | 1,085 | . 77 |
| Oregon | 27 | 1,621 | . 97 | 28 | 1,077 | 1.03 |
| Alabama | 28 | 1,468 | . 67 | 23 | 1,307 | . 84 |
| Oklahoma | 29 | 1,314 | . 73 | 29 | 1,048 | . 87 |
| South Carolina | 30 | 1,131 | . 60 | 33 | 706 | . 57 |
| Iowa | 31 | 1,112 | . 60 | 31 | 978 | . 70 |
| Hawaii | 32 | 1,097 | 1.87 | 34 | 620 | 1.69 |
| Kansas | 33 | 904 | . 60 | 27 | 1,078 | . 98 |
| Mississippi | 34 | 899 | . 66 | 35 | 573 | . 61 |
| Nebraska | 35 | 768 | . 77 | 32 | 751 | 1.02 |
| Arkansas | 36 | 728 | . 58 | 37 | 459 | . 54 |
| New Mexico | 37 | 693 | . 94 | 36 | 468 | 1.10 |
| Maine | 38 | 548 | . 82 | 41 | 347 | . 73 |
| West Virginia | 39 | 521 | . 51 | 38 | 406 | . 57 |
| Rhode Island | 40 | 489 | . 79 | 40 | 351 | . 73 |
| Utah | 41 | 462 | . 55 | 44 | 234 | . 47 |
| New Hampshire | 42 | 426 | . 70 | 47 | 149 | .39 |
| Montana | 43 | 330 | . 69 | 39 | 401 | 1.24 |
| Idaho | 44 | 306 | . 55 | 42 | 339 | 1.00 |
| South Dakota | 45 | 303 | . 72 | 43 | 316 | 1.02 |
| North Dakota | 46 | 287 | . 74 | 46 | 186 | . 70 |
| Vermont | 47 | 262 | . 80 | 50 | 91 | . 42 |
| Delaware | 48 | 237 | . 63 | 45 | 207 | . 76 |
| Alaska | 49 | 213 | . 87 | 49 | 94 | . 77 |
| Wyoming | 50 | 78 | . 26 | 48 | 138 | . 86 |

+Concentration ratio: Proportion of musicians/composers in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

The 140,556 musicians/composers in the country had grown by 41 percent over the decade--moderate compared to artist occupation as a whole. The growth was spread evenly across the regions, and California continued to have the largest number of musicians and composers with 22,919 in 1980 .

In addition to maintaining its position as the state with the most musicians and composers, California increased its lead over the second-ranked state, New York. While the musician/composer population in New York increased by over 35 percent-from l2,132 to l6,836--California's increased by 55 percent.

In terms of the concentration of musicians/composers in the state labor force, Nevada and Hawaii were first and second, respectively, in both 1970 and 1980. Nevada's concentration ratio was 3.07 in 1980 and Hawaii's was 1.87. As in the case of dancers, the relative importance of the entertainment industries in Nevada and Hawaii results in the employment of a large proportion of musicians in these states' labor forces.


Number of painters... 1980


Concentration ratio of painters... 1980

Painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers

Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of painters...

| State | $\frac{1980}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratiot | $\frac{1970}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number of artists | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 24,657 | 1.48 | 2 | 12,507 | 1.44 |
| New York | 2 | 21,274 | 1.81 | 1 | 15,381 | 1.91 |
| Texas | 3 | 8,419 | . 87 | 7 | 3,560 | . 76 |
| Illinois | 4 | 7.382 | . 92 | 3 | 6,055 | 1.22 |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 6,376 | . 81 | 4 | 4,359 | . 85 |
| Florida | 6 | 5,926 | . 96 | 10 | 2,607 | . 95 |
| New Jersey | 7 | 5,602 | 1.08 | 6 | 3,941 | 1.22 |
| Ohio | 8 | 5,373 | . 74 | 5 | 4,036 | . 88 |
| Massachusetts | 9 | 4,788 | 1.16 | 9 | 2,970 | 1.14 |
| Michigan | 10 | 4,699 | . 76 | 8 | 3,482 | . 93 |
| Virginia | 11 | 3,878 | 1.07 | 16 | 1,573 | . 82 |
| Washington | 12 | 3,620 | 1.27 | 18 | 1,315 | . 91 |
| Maryland | 13 | 3,575 | 1.18 | 11 | 2,003 | 1.16 |
| Minnesota | 14 | 3,060 | 1.05 | 15 | 1,662 | 1.00 |
| Missouri | 15 | 2,968 | . 90 | 12 | 1,874 | . 94 |
| Connecticut | 16 | 2,835 | 1.24 | 14 | 1,761 | 1. 25 |
| Colorado | 17 | 2,805 | 1.33 | 20 | 1,022 | 1.09 |
| Wisconsin | 18 | 2,760 | . 83 | 13 | 1,766 | . 92 |
| Georgia | 19 | 2,538 | . 70 | 17 | 1,334 | . 68 |
| Arizona | 20 | 2,284 | 1.31 | 26 | 707 | 1.02 |
| Inaiana | 21 | 2,212 | . 59 | 19 | 1,154 | . 51 |
| Tennessee | 22 | 2,138 | . 71 | 22 | 919 | . 56 |
| North Carolina | 23 | 1,987 | . 49 | 21 | 1,022 | . 46 |
| Oregon | 24 | 1,910 | 1.05 | 24 | 745 | . 82 |
| New Mexico | 25 | 1,514 | 1.89 | 32 | 425 | 1.15 |
| Oklahoma | 26 | 1,448 | . 74 | 28 | 682 | . 65 |
| Louisiana | 27 | 1,357 | . 53 | 27 | 687 | . 52 |
| Kansas | 28 | 1,280 | . 78 | 23 | 792 | . 82 |
| Alabama | 29 | 1,213 | . 51 | 25 | 710 | . 52 |
| Iowa | 30 | 1,210 | . 60 | 29 | 562 | . 46 |
| Hawa i i | 31 | 1,101 | 1.72 | 36 | 337 | 1.05 |
| Kentucky | 32 | 1,060 | . 48 | 30 | 538 | . 44 |
| South Carolina | 33 | 946 | . 46 | 35 | 371 | . 35 |
| Utah | 34 | 936 | 1.03 | 31 | 463 | 1.07 |
| Nebraska | 35 | 737 | . 68 | 33 | 390 | . 61 |
| New Hampshire | 36 | 687 | 1.03 | 39 | 245 | . 74 |
| Rhode Island | 37 | 626 | . 93 | 34 | 378 | . 90 |
| Maine | 38 | 583 | . 80 | 41 | 197 | . 48 |
| Mississippi | 39 | 570 | . 39 | 42 | 195 | . 24 |
| Montana | 40 | 534 | 1.02 | 44 | 157 | . 56 |
| Nevada | 41 | 502 | . 81 | 45 | 151 | . 67 |
| Vermont | 42 | 500 | 1.41 | 40 | 215 | 1.13 |
| Arkansas | 43 | 478 | . 35 | 38 | 270 | . 36 |
| Idaho | 44 | 370 | . 61 | 46 | 134 | . 45 |
| Alaska | 45 | 366 | 1.37 | 48 | 61 | . 57 |
| West Virginia | 46 | 355 | . 32 | 37 | 284 | + 45 |
| Delaware | 47 | 323 | . 79 | 43 | 193 | . 81 |
| South Dakota | 48 | 178 | . 39 | 47 | 78 | . 29 |
| Wyoming | 49 | 172 | . 52 | 49 | 55 | . 39 |
| North Dakota | 50 | 146 | . 35 | 50 | 49 | . 21 |

+Concentration ratio: Proportion of painters... in state
labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

The number of painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers increased by 76 percent during the 1970-80 decade. As a result of this substantial increase, they constituted the second largest artist occupation in 1980 with 153,162 people.

California took the lead from New York in the number of painters... in 1980 with 24,657 compared to New York's 21,274. In terms of concentration ratio, however, New York continues to have a substantially higher concentration than California--1.81 compared to 1.48. The state with the highest concentration ratio of painters... in 1980 was New Mexico. New Mexico experienced a 256 percent increase in its visual artist labor force over the decade and had a concentration ratio of 1.89 in 1980 .


Number of photographers 1980


Concentration ratio of photographers 1980

Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of photographers.

| State | $\underline{1980}$ | Number | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ | $\frac{1970}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number | Concentration ratio $\dagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 13,060 | 1.26 | 1 | 9,494 | 1.41 |
| New York | 2 | 10,539 | 1.45 | 2 | 8,775 | 1.40 |
| Texas | 3 | 5,582 | . 94 | 4 | 3,398 | . 94 |
| Illinois | 4 | 4,929 | 1.00 | 3 | 4,138 | 1.07 |
| Ohio | 5 | 4,211 | . 94 | 6 | 3,003 | . 84 |
| Florida | 6 | 4,098 | 1.07 | 9 | 2,189 | 1.03 |
| Pennsylvania | 7 | 3,859 | . 79 | 5 | 3,347 | . 84 |
| Michigan | 8 | 3,384 | . 89 | 7 | 2,575 | . 88 |
| New Jersey | 9 | 3,134 | . 98 | 8 | 2,471 | . 98 |
| Massachusetts | 10 | 2,818 | 1.10 | 10 | 1,970 | . 98 |
| Virginia | 11 | 2,196 | . 98 | 12 | 1,465 | . 98 |
| Maryland | 12 | 2,097 | 1.12 | 11 | 1,894 | 1.41 |
| Missouri | 13 | 1,934 | . 94 | 13 | 1,455 | . 93 |
| North Carolina | 14 | 1,928 | . 77 | 20 | 1,057 | . 61 |
| Tennessee | 15 | 1,816 | . 97 | 21 | 997 | . 77 |
| Washington | 16 | 1,806 | 1.03 | 18 | 1,123 | . 99 |
| Minnesota | 17 | 1,783 | . 99 | 15 | 1,363 | 1.06 |
| Georgia | 18 | 1,678 | . 75 | 19 | 1,105 | . 72 |
| Wisconsin | 19 | 1,669 | . 81 | 16 | 1,222 | . 82 |
| Indiana | 20 | 1,596 | . 69 | 14 | 1,388 | . 78 |
| Colorado | 21 | 1,556 | 1.20 | 22 | 905 | 1.24 |
| Connecticut | 22 | 1,488 | 1.06 | 17 | 1,182 | 1.08 |
| Louisiana | 23 | 1,274 | . 81 | 23 | 814 | . 79 |
| Oregon | 24 | 1,203 | 1.07 | 27 | 706 | 1.00 |
| Arizona | 25 | 1,184 | 1.10 | 30 | 529 | . 98 |
| Alabama | 26 | 1,120 | . 76 | 26 | 751 | . 71 |
| Kentucky | 27 | 1,054 | . 77 | 25 | 756 | . 79 |
| Oklahoma | 28 | 1,053 | . 86 | 24 | 814 | 1.00 |
| Kansas | 29 | 975 | . 96 | 28 | 696 | . 93 |
| South Carolina | 30 | 936 | . 73 | 31 | 485 | . 58 |
| Iowa | 31 | 790 | . 63 | 29 | 570 | . 60 |
| Nebraska | 32 | 675 | 1.00 | 35 | 359 | . 72 |
| Hawaii | 33 | 603 | 1.53 | 36 | 324 | 1.30 |
| Utah | 34 | 601 | 1.07 | 34 | 360 | 1.07 |
| Arkansas | 35 | 581 | . 68 | 33 | 369 | . 64 |
| Nevada | 36 | 573 | 1.49 | 44 | 192 | 1.09 |
| New Mexico | 37 | 554 | 1.12 | 32 | 452 | 1.57 |
| Mississippi | 38 | 540 | . 59 | 37 | 306 | . 48 |
| Rhode Island | 39 | 430 | 1.03 | 39 | 270 | . 82 |
| West Virginia | 40 | 387 | . 57 | 38 | 285 | . 58 |
| Maine | 41 | 379 | . 84 | 41 | 221 | . 68 |
| Idaho | 42 | 335 | . 89 | 43 | 198 | . 86 |
| Montana | 43 | 307 | . 95 | 42 | 203 | . 92 |
| New Hampshire | 44 | 230 | . 56 | 40 | 248 | . 96 |
| Delaware | 45 | 223 | . 88 | 45 | 169 | . 91 |
| South Dakota | 46 | 211 | . 75 | 48 | 146 | . 69 |
| Alaska | 47 | 200 | 1.21 | 50 | 63 | . 76 |
| North Dakota | 48 | 190 | . 73 | 47 | 154 | . 85 |
| Wyoming | 49 | 183 | . 89 | 49 | 90 | . 82 |
| Vermont | 50 | 165 | . 75 | 46 | 166 | 1.12 |

Figure $X$
Photographers

The photographer occupation increased by 40 percent over the decade, which was higher than the U.S. labor force in general but low relative to other artist occupations. The growth in photographers was spread fairly uniformly throughout the nation with only the South showing a slightly higher increase than the other regions.

California continued to lead the states in number of photographers with 13,060 in 1980. New York was second with $10,539$. More than half the states had at least 1,000 photographers.

In terms of concentration ratio, Hawaii, Nevada, and New York all have approximately one and one-half times the national average of photographers in the labor force. Hawaii's ratio is l.53, Nevada's is 1.49, and New York's is 1.45.

[^3]

Number of teachers (higher ed) 1980


Comparison of 1980 and 1970 state distribution of teachers (higher ed).

| State | $\frac{1980}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratiot | $\frac{1970}{\text { Rank }}$ | Number <br> of <br> artists | Concentration ratio † |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| California | 1 | 3,219 | 1.04 | 1 | 4,295 | 1.03 |
| New York | 2 | 2,195 | 1.01 | 2 | 3,635 | . 93 |
| Texas | 3 | 1,571 | . 88 | 4 | 2,085 | . 92 |
| Illinois | 4 | 1,448 | . 98 | 3 | 2,335 | . 97 |
| Pennsylvania | 5 | 1.279 | . 88 | 5 | 2,039 | . 82 |
| Ohio | 6 | 1,186 | . 88 | 6 | 1,876 | . 84 |
| Massachusetts | 7 | 1,078 | 1.41 |  | 1,439 | 1.15 |
| Michigan | 8 | 878 | . 77 | 7 | 1,633 | . 90 |
| North Carolina |  | 834 | 1.11 | 11 | 1,124 | 1.04 |
| Florida | 10 | 815 | . 71 | 10 | 1,135 | . 86 |
| Wisconsin | 11 | 767 | 1.25 | 9 | 1,327 | 1.43 |
| Indiana | 12 | 717 | 1.03 | 12 | 1,108 | 1.00 |
| Minnesota | 13 | 688 | 1.27 | 14 | 1,007 | 1.25 |
| New Jersey | 14 | 621 | . 65 | 18 | 823 | . 53 |
| Missouri | 15 | 618 | 1.01 | 13 | 1,016 | 1.05 |
| Washington | 16 | 595 | 1.13 | 15 | 937 | 1.33 |
| Virginia | 17 | 551 | . 82 | 17 | 845 | . 91 |
| Colorado | 18 | 544 | 1.39 | 25 | 650 | 1.44 |
| Iowa | 19 | 522 | 1.40 | 16 | 864 | 1.46 |
| Connecticut | 20 | 493 | 1.17 | 23 | 673 | . 99 |
| Georgia | 21 | 482 | . 71 | 21 | 700 | . 74 |
| Kansas | 22 | 479 | 1.57 | 22 | 682 | 1.47 |
| Louisiana | 23 | 477 | 1.01 | 24 | 673 | 1.05 |
| Tennessee | 24 | 474 | . 84 | 19 | 799 | 1.00 |
| Maryland | 25 | 469 | . 83 | 20 | 790 | . 95 |
| Oregon | 26 | 448 | 1.33 | 27 | 596 | 1.36 |
| South Carolina | 27 | 436 | 1.14 | 34 | 389 | . 75 |
| Oklahoma | 28 | 394 | 1.08 | 28 | 596 | 1.17 |
| Ala bama | 29 | 389 | . 88 | 29 | 568 | . 87 |
| Arizona | 30 | 346 | 1.07 | 32 | 433 | 1.29 |
| Kentucky | 31 | 323 | . 78 | 26 | 605 | 1.01 |
| Utah | 32 | 267 | 1.58 | 30 | 450 | 2.15 |
| Mississippi | 33 | 255 | . 93 | 31 | 443 | 1.12 |
| New Mexico | 34 | 239 | 1.61 | 37 | 240 | 1.34 |
| Idaho | 35 | 211 | 1.86 | 45 | 155 | 1.09 |
| Nebraska | 36 | 192 | . 95 | 33 | 423 | 1.36 |
| South Dakota | 37 | 176 | 2.07 | 38 | 207 | 1.58 |
| Wyoming | 38 | 175 | 2.84 | 48 | 99 | 1.46 |
| Arkansas | 39 | 170 | . 66 | 36 | 324 | . 90 |
| Hawaii | 40 | 154 | 1.30 | 40 | 190 | 1.23 |
| West Virginia | 41 | 139 | . 68 | 35 | 352 | 1.16 |
| Maine | 42 | 127 | . 94 | 46 | 149 | . 74 |
| North Dakota | 43 | 120 | 1.53 | 43 | 167 | 1.49 |
| New Hampshire | 44 | 119 | . 96 | 42 | 173 | 1.08 |
| Rhode Island | 45 | 114 | . 91 | 39 | 200 | . 98 |
| Montana | 46 | 110 | 1.13 | 41 | 190 | 1.39 |
| Vermont | 47 | 108 | 1.64 | 44 | 156 | 1.70 |
| Nevada | 48 | 93 | . 81 | 49 | 48 | . 44 |
| Delaware | 49 | 70 | . 92 | 47 | 122 | 1.06 |
| Alaska | 50 | 70 | 1.41 | 50 | 26 | . 50 |

[^4]Figure XI
Teachers of art, drama, and music (higher education)

Teachers of art, drama, and music in colleges and universities are the only artist occupational group to show a loss in the census population figures during the 1970-80 decade. There were an estimated 42,000 such teachers in 1970 and this number reportedly dropped to 28,385 by 1980 , a loss of 32 percent. The loss occurred in all regions of the country, although in the West the loss was less severe. Only five states (South Carolina, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada, and Alaska) did not have a loss. As previously noted, this reported drop may only reflect the fact that substantially fewer teachers specified their subject area in the 1980 Census than in 1970. The Bureau of the Census plans to further examine this phenomenon.

California continued to have the most teachers of art, drama, and music in higher education--3,219 according to the 1980 census. New York is second with $2,195$. The census reports that only five other states--Texas, Illinois, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Massachusetts--have at least 1,000 teachers of art, drama, and music in their colleges and universities, conservatories, and other professional training programs.

Figure XII

This census classification represents a residual group of artist occupations that do not lend themselves to classification in any of the ten previously described categories. A wide variety is included (e.g., circus performer, model maker, inker and opaquer). The 1970 Census reported 53,131 individuals in this category and 49,653 were reported in 1980. The states with the highest concentration of these artists in 1980 were Nevada (3.34) and Hawaii (2.47). This again reflects the strong entertainment industry in these two states.

While the artist population increased by 47 percent in the U.S. as a whole between 1970 and 1980, there were considerable differences from state to state. Increase ranged from a low of 23 percent in Maryland and Illinois to a high of over 200 percent in Alaska. The states with the highest percentage increase in artist population were Alaska, Arizona, Nevada, Colorado, Florida, Wyoming, Oregon, Hawaii, New Mexico, Washington, and South Carolina. All but two of these are in the Western region.

In the foregoing section, which deals with change in the different artist occupations, the states are ranked in order of descending 1980 population for each occupational group. These rankings are referred to in the following state summaries.

## Alabama

Alabama had ll, 779 artists in 1980. With an increase of 48 percent between 1970 and 1980, it was slightly above the U.S. average. It was twenty-sixth in number of artists, dropping from twenty-fourth position a decade earlier. In the occupational rankings of states its highest position is in the announcer category, where it was thirteenth. The 1980 concentration ratio of Alabama artists remained low at .69 of the U.S. average, the same as in 1970.

## Alaska

Alaska had the greatest proportionate increase in artists of any state in the nation, more than tripling its artist population between 1970 and 1980 . Only 710 Alaska artists were counted in the 1970 Census, but by 1980 the state had 2,148. The state moved from last place in the 1970 ranking of artists to fortyseventh in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states it was highest (thirtyfourth) in the dancer category and next highest (fortieth) in the author category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Alaska artists was 1.13 times the U.S. average compared with . 79 in 1970.

## Arizona

Arizona more than doubled its number of artists between 1970 and 1980, increasing 113 percent. With over 14,000 artists at the end of the decade, the state moved from thirtieth to twenty-third place in total number of artists. In the occupational rankings of states Arizona was highest (fifteenth) in the dancer category with 218 dancers. However, as in
most states, designers $(3,756)$ constituted its largest artist occupational group. The 1980 concentration ratio of Arizona artists was 1.14 times the U.S. average.

## Arkansas

There were 5,468 artists living in Arkansas in 1980. This represents a 64 percent increase over 1970, well above the average increase for U.S. artists. Arkansas ranked thirty-seventh in 1970 and thirty-eighth in 1980 for total number of artists. In the occupational rankings of states it was highest (thirty-second) in the announcer category with 581 announcers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Arkansas artists was second lowest in the nation at . 56 of the U.S. average.

## California

California led the nation in 1980 in all the artist occupations with the exception of dancers. There were 176,321 artists in California in 1980 (over 16 percent of all artists in the U.S.), an increase of 63 percent from 1970. One-third of all U.S. actors and directors and one-quarter of all U.S. authors were in California in 1980, but designers $(48,036)$ constituted its largest artist occupational group. The 1980 concentration ratio of California artists was 1.49 times the U.S. average. California tied with Hawaii for the second highest ratio in the nation.

## Colorado

Colorado doubled its artist population between 1970 and 1980. With nearly 18,000 artists in 1980, it ranked nineteenth in the nation. In the occupational rankings of states Colorado was highest (tenth) in the author category with 882 authors. Its largest 1980 artist occupational groups were designers $(4,683)$ followed by painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers $(2,805)$ and architects $(2,741)$. The 1980 concentration ratio of Colorado artists was 1.20 times the U.S. average. This was the fifth highest ratio in the nation.

## Connecticut

Connecticut had a relatively small increase ( 28 percent) in its artist population between 1970 and 1980. It dropped from fourteenth place in number of artists to twenty-second place. There were over 17,000 artists in Connecticut in 1980. Designers $(5,744)$ constituted the largest artist occupational group followed by 2,835 painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers. In the occupational rankings of states Connecti-
cut was eleventh in the author category, dropping from fifth place in 1970. The 1980 concentration ratio of Connecticut's artists was 1.07 times the U.S. average.

## Delaware

Delaware had 2,288 artists in 1980, ranking forty-sixth in the nation. Its increase of artists ( 36 percent) was less than the U.S. average. Designers (799) constituted the largest artist occupational group. In the occupational rankings of states Delaware was no higher than fortysecond for any artist occupation. The 1980 concentration ratio of Delaware artists was . 78 of the U.S. average.

## District of Columbia

As the federal city, the District of Columbia has more artists than many states, taking thirty-fifth place when ranked with them. Its artist population increased 29 percent between 1970 and 1980, well below the U.S. average. In reference to the occupational rankings of states the District would be highest in the author category with 944 authors. (Colorado ranked tenth with 822 authors.) The Washington metropolitan area, which includes its Maryland and Virginia suburbs as well as the federal city itself, had 24,979 artists in 1980 or almost four times the 6,247 artist population of the federal city alone. More information about the metropolitan area appears in the following chapter.

## Florida

Florida had the fifth greatest increase of artists among the states: 94 percent between 1970 and 1980. In 1980 it ranked fifth in the nation in total artists $(48,302)$, behind California, New York, Texas, and Illinois; this was up from ninth position in 1970. While its 14,102 designers constituted Florida's largest artist occupational group, the importance of entertainment and tourism were reflected in relatively large numbers of dancers (818) and musician/composers (7,713). In the occupational rankings of states Florida was third in the dancer category, fourth in the announcer and musician/composer categories, and between fifth and tenth in all other artist occupations. The 1980 concentration ratio of Florida artists was 1.10 times the U.S. average.

## Georgia

Georgia had over 20,000 artists in 1980, moving to fifteenth place from twentieth place in 1970. Its increase of 73 percent between 1970 and 1980 was well above the U.S. average. In the occupational rankings of states Georgia was eleventh in
the listing of announcers and thirteenth in dancers and musicians/composers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Georgia artists was . 79 of the U.S. average.

## Hawaii

Hawaii had an 84 percent increase in its artist population between 1970 and 1980, moving from thirty-fourth to thirty-second position. Most Hawaiian artists live in Honolulu. While its 1,236 designers constitute the largest artist occupational group, Hawaii is unusual in having almost equally large numbers of musicians/ composers ( 1,097 ) and painters... $(1,101)$. In the occupational rankings of states Hawaii was highest (seventh) in the dancer category with 441 dancers. In its 1980 concentration ratio of artists, which is 1.49 times the U.S. average, Hawaii tied with California for second national position.

## Idaho

Idaho had an increase of 74 percent in its artist population from 1970 to 1980. With 3,207 artists, it was forty-third in the nation, up slightly from its fortyfourth position in 1970. Idaho's artists are dispersed throughout the state and less than one-third of them live in or near Boise, its one large metropolitan area. In the occupational rankings of states Idaho was highest (thirty-fifth) in the teacher category, followed by architects (thirty-sixth). The 1980 concentration ratio of Idaho artists was .74 of the U.S. average.

## Illinois

Illinois' 23 percent increase in artists was one of the smallest in the nation between 1970 and 1980. Despite this, Illinois continued to have large numbers of artists $(50,467)$ in each occupation with nearly 75 percent of them concentrated in Chicago and designers $(17,255)$ far outnumbering the other artist occupational groups. In the occupational rankings of states it was third in the author category and fourth in the categories of actors/directors, architects, designers, painters..., photographers, and teachers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Illinois artists was . 89 of the U.S. average, a decrease from its 1970 concentration ratio at . 97 .

## Indiana

Indiana had 17,439 artists in the state in 1980. Its 35 percent increase in artists from 1970 was below the national average. Designers $(6,287)$ constituted its largest artist occupational group and
were nearly three times as numerous as the next largest group, musicians/composers $(2,234)$. In the occupational rankings of states, Indiana was twelfth in the dancer and teacher categories. The 1980 concentration ratio of Indiana artists was . 65 of the U.S. average.

## Iowa

Iowa had 9,395 artists in 1980. Its increase from 1970 was 36 percent, which is below the national average. In the occupational rankings of states Iowa was nineteenth in the teacher category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Iowa artists was .66 of the U.S. average.

## Kansas

Kansas had 9,377 artists in 1980. Its increase of 33 percent over 1970 was below the national average. In the occupational rankings of states Kansas was highest in the listing of teachers (twenty-second) and architects (twenty-sixth). The 1980 concentration ratio of Kansas artists was .80 of the U.S. average.

## Kentucky

Kentucky's artist population increased to 10,446 by 1980 , representing a 52 percent increase from 1970. This was above the national average. In the occupational rankings of states Kentucky was highest (eighteenth) in the dancer category with 189 dancers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Kentucky artists was .66 of the U.S. average.

## Louisiana

Louisiana had 12,825 artists in 1980 , an increase of 60 percent over 1970. Despite this, Louisiana fell from twentythird place in 1970 to twenty-fifth in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states Louisiana's highest place was seventeenth in the announcer category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Louisiana artists was 71 of the U.S. average.

## Maine

Maine's artist population increased by 75 percent between 1970 and 1980. Its total of 3,790 artists made it forty-first in the nation. In the occupational rankings of states Maine was highest (thirtieth) in the author category with 253 authors. The 1980 concentration ratio of Maine artists was .73 of the U.S. average.

## Maryland

Maryland had one of the lowest increases in artists ( 22 percent) between 1970 and

1980, falling from eleventh place to thirteenth place. The state had a total of 20,990 artists in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states Maryland was highest (eleventh) in the dancer category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Maryland artists was . 98 of the U.S. average.

## Massachusetts

Massachusetts had 32,223 artists in 1980 , remaining the tenth state in the nation for number of artists. Its increase of 37 percent between 1970 and 1980 was below the U.S. average. In the occupational rankings of states Massachusetts was fourth in the author category with l,525 authors. The 1980 concentration ratio of Massachusetts artists was 1.10 times the U.S. average.

## Michigan

Michigan had 36,888 artists in 1980 , but its 24 percent increase in artist population was one of the lowest in the nation. Between 1970 and 1980 the state fell from seventh to eighth national position. In the occupational rankings of states Michigan was sixth in the designer category with 14,786 designers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Michigan artists was .84 of the U.S. average.

## Minnesota

Minnesota had 19,512 artists in 1980. Its increase between 1970 and 1980 (5l percent) was slightly above the U.S. average. It held sixteenth place in total artists in both 1970 and 1980. In the occupational rankings of states Minnesota was thirteenth in the teacher category and fourteenth in the musician/composer and painter... categories. The 1980 concentration ratio of Minnesota artists was .94 of the U.S. average.

## Mississippi

Mississippi's artist population increased by 61 percent between 1970 and 1980 . With 6, 155 artists in 1980 , the state was in thirty-fifth place in the nation. In the occupational rankings of states Mississippi was highest (twenty-ninth) in the announcer category with 679 announcers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Mississippi artists was .59 of the U.S. average.

## Missouri

Missouri increased its artist population by 34 percent between 1970 and 1980 , but dropped from thirteenth to seventeenth position in the nation. The state had

18,951 artists in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states it was highest (thirteenth) in the photographer category with 1,934 photographers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Missouri artists was .81 of the U.S. average.

## Montana

Montana had 2,966 artists in 1980. Its 60 percent growth since 1970 was above the U.S. average. In the occupational rankings of states Montana was highest (thirty-eighth) in the announcer and author categories with 291 and 157 respectively. The 1980 concentration ratio of Montana artists was .80 of the U.S. average.

## Nebraska

Nebraska's increase in artists was 39 percent between 1970 and 1980. It dropped from a rank of thirty-second to thirtyseventh with a total 1980 artist population of 5,666 . In the occupational rankings of states Nebraska was highest (thirty-second) in the photographer category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Nebraska artists was .73 of the U.S. average.

## Nevada

Nevada had the third greatest increase in artist population (lll percent) between 1970 and 1980, moving from fortieth position to thirty-third with a total of 6,507 artists in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states it was fifth in the dancer category with 568 dancers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Nevada artists was l. 48 times the U.S. average, the fourth highest ratio in the nation.

## New Hampshire

New Hampshire's artist population increased 52 percent between 1970 and 1980. A total of 3,751 artists put it in fortysecond position in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states New Hampshire was highest (thirty-fourth) in the author category with 209 authors. The 1980 concentration ratio of New Hampshire artists was . 79 of the U.S. average.

New Jersey
New Jersey's 1980 artist population showed a 27 percent increase over 1970 with a
total of 36,510 artists. Nevertheless, the state fell from eighth national position in 1970 to ninth in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states New Jersey was sixth in the listings of actors/ directors, authors, and dancers. The 1980 concentration ratio of New Jersey artists
was exactly the same as the U.S. average (1.00).

## New Mexico

New Mexico's increase in artist population was 83 percent between 1970 and 1980, the ninth highest percentage increase in the nation. The state moved from thirty-sixth position to thirtyfourth with a total of 6,505 artists in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states New Mexico was twenty-fourth in the author category. The 1980 concentration ratio of New Mexico artists was l.l4 times the U.S. average, the sixth highest ratio in the nation.

## New York

New York had 138,424 artists in 1980 , with the largest number in the designer occupation--43,833 people. Its increase during the 1970-80 decade was 28 percent, well below the U.S. average for artists. In the occupational rankings of states New York was first in the dancer category; it was second to California in all other artist occupations, excepting the announcer category in which it was below both Texas and California. The 1980 concentration ratio of New York artists was the highest in the nation, 1.66 times the U.S. average.

## North Carolina

North Carolina had 20,561 artists in 1980. Its increase between 1970 and 1980 (63 percent) was well above the U.S. average, moving it from eighteenth to fourteenth in national ranking. In the occupational rankings of states North Carolina was highest (ninth) in the announcer and teacher categories. The 1980 concentration ratio of North Carolina artists was .72 of the U.S. average.

## North Dakota

North Dakota had l,972 artists in 1980 with an increase of 71 percent over 1970 , being well above the U.S. average. In spite of this substantial increase, the state fell from forty-eighth to fortyninth in national ranking. In the occupational rankings of states North Dakota was highest (thirty-seventh) in the announcer category with 334 announcers. The 1980 concentration ratio of North Dakota artists was .66 of the U.S. average.

## Ohio

Ohio had nearly 40,000 artists and held seventh position in the nation in 1980 , dropping from sixth place in 1970. Its

23 percent increase of artists between 1970 and 1980 was one of the lowest percentage changes. In the occupational rankings of states Ohio was fifth in the nation in the photographer and announcer categories, having 4,211 photographers and 1,843 announcers in 1980. The 1980 concentration ratio of Ohio artists was .77 of the U.S. average.

## Oklahoma

Oklahoma's artist population increased by 50 percent between 1970 and 1980. It remained in the twenty-eighth position in the nation with its 1980 total of 10,308 artists. In the occupational rankings of states Oklahoma was highest (twentyfifth) in the announcer category. The 1980 concentration ratio of oklahoma artists was .74 of the U.S. average.

## Oregon

In 1980, oregon had a total of 13,157 artists, reflecting an 89 percent increase in its artist population since 1970. That percentage increase was seventh highest in the nation, moving Oregon from twenty-sixth to twenty-fourth national position. In the occupational rankings of states Oregon was highest (twentieth) in the author category with 566 authors in 1980. The 1980 concentration ratio of Oregon artists was 1.02 times the U.S. average.

## Pennsylvania

Like most other northeastern states, Pennsylvania had a relatively modest increase in its artist population ( 23 percent) between 1970 and 1980 and fell from fourth national position in 1970 to sixth in 1980 with a total artist population of 43,363 . In the occupational rankings of states it was fifth in the designer, musician/composer, painter..., and teacher categories. The 1980 concentration ratio of Pennsylvania artists was . 78 of the U.S. average.

## Rhode Island

Rhode Island's artist population increased by 45 percent between 1970 and 1980. With 4,527 artists it took fortieth position in the nation in 1980. In the occupational rankings of states Rhode Island was highest in the designer category with 1,841 designers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Rhode Island artists was .95 of the U.S. average.

## South Carolina

South Carolina's increase in artists was 83 percent between 1970 and 1980, moving it from thirty-first to twenty-ninth
national position with a total of 9,526 artists. In the occupational rankings of states South Carolina was twenty-third in the author category with 338 authors. The 1980 concentration ratio of South Carolina artists was . 65 of the U.S. average.

## South Dakota

South Dakota had 1,974 artists in 1980, taking forty-eighth position in the nation. It had relatively little increase ( 38 percent) in its artist population between 1970 and 1980. In the occupational rankings of states South Dakota was highest (thirty-seventh) in the teacher category. The 1980 concentration ratio of South Dakota artists was . 61 of the U.S. average.

## Tennessee

Tennessee had 17,714 artists in 1980. Its growth between 1970 and 1980 was 67 percent, moving it from twenty-first to twentieth national position. In the occupational rankings of states Tennessee was highest (twelfth) in the announcer category with 1,174 announcers. The 1980 concentration ratio of Tennessee artists was .82 of the U.S. average.

## Texas

Texas held third place in the nation in number of artists $(61,802)$ in 1980. Its artist population increased by 77 percent between 1970 and 1980. In the occupational rankings of states Texas was fifth in 1970 and moved past Illinois and Pennsylvania to the third spot in 1980. Texas is second in the nation in the announcer category and ranks among the top five states in all other artist occupations. The 1980 concentration ratio of Texas artists was . 90 of the U.S. average.

## Utah

Utah had 5,858 artists in 1980, an increase of 60 percent over 1970. It held thirty-sixth position in the nation for number of artists, down from thirty-fifth place in 1970. In the occupational rankings of states Utah was twenty-ninth in the dancer category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Utah artists was .91 of the U.S. average.

## Vermont

Vermont's increase in artists was 48 per-
cent (the same as the national average)
between 1970 and 1980 . With 2,366
artists it was in forty-fifth position
nationally in ligen. In the occupational
rankings of states vermont was highest in
the painters... category with 500 in 1980 , an increase from 215 in 1970. The 1980 concentration ratio of Vermont artists was . 94 of the U.S. average.

## Virginia

Virginia had 24,775 artists in 1980. Between 1970 and 1980 its artist population increased by 62 percent, which is above the U.S. average, and its national position moved from twelfth to eleventh place. In the occupational rankings of states Virginia was highest (eighth) in the author category with 1,320 authors, and moved from twelfth to ninth place in the actor/director category. The 1980 concentration ratio of Virginia artists was . 96 of the U.S. average.

## Washington

Washington had 22,974 artists in 1980 , a large increase ( 83 percent) in its artist population since 1970 moving it from nineteenth to twelfth national position. In the occupational rankings of states Washington was tenth in the architect category. Its 3,148 architects are more than double the number it had in 1970. The 1980 concentration ratio of Washington artists was l.l4 times the U.S. average, sixth in the nation.

## West Virginia

West Virginia's artist population increased moderately ( 37 percent) between 1970 and 1980. With 4, 223 artists in the state, it held fortieth position in the country. In the occupational rankings of states West Virginia was thirty-fifth in the announcer category with 433 announcers. The 1980 concentration ratio of West Virginia artists was .54 of the U.S. average.

## Wisconsin

Wisconsin had 18,429 artists in 1980, dropping from fifteenth national position in 1970 to eighteenth in 1980. Its increase (38 percent) was below the U.S. average for artists. In the occupational rankings of states Wisconsin was eleventh in the teacher category with 767 teachers in higher education. The 1980 concentration ratio of wisconsin artists was .78 of the U.S. average.

## Wyoming

Wyoming, with the smallest number of artists of any state, had one of the highest increases ( 90 percent) between 1970 ana 1980. The number of Wyoming artists increased from 844 in 1970 to l, 602 by 1980. In the occupational rankings of
states Wyoming was highest (thirtyeighth) in the teacher category with 175 teachers in higher education. The 1980 concentration ratio of Wyoming artists was .68 of the U.S. average.

ARTISTS IN CITIES

Artists tend to be highly urbanized; 86 percent of the artists counted in the 1980 Census lived in urban locations. The urban proportion varied only moderately among the eleven artist occupations. Dancers were the most urbanized, with 96 percent living in urban areas. Actors/ directors (92 percent) and musicians/composers ( 89 percent) were the second and third most urbanized. The concentration of performing artists in urban areas ( 86 percent) contrasted markedly with that for the U.S. population as a whole (75 percent).

For the 1980 Census, an "urban area" was an incorporated or unincorporated community of 2,500 or more people. However, the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) is more useful than the urban area as a concept because the SMSA conforms to the general sense in which cities are thought of as metropolitan areas. SMSAs are bounded regions defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget and determined by both population size and relation to adjoining counties.

In the 1980 Census there were 318 SMSAs. The sixty largest of these had 704,472 artists or 65 percent of all artists. The uppermost twenty provided homes for over 45 percent of U.S. artists and the top two, New York City and Los Angeles, had 102,954 and 77,678 artists respectively-or together nearly 17 percent of the total U.S. artist population. The number of artists in New York City and Los Angeles was also very substantial in relation to their civilian labor force. They were the only large metropolitan areas in the 1980 Census with more than 2 percent of workers in artist occupations; artists comprised 2.45 percent of the New York City labor force and 2.10 percent of the Los Angeles labor force. The national proportion of artists in the total labor force was 1.04 percent in 1980.

Three smaller SMSAs had artists comprising more than 2 percent of their labor force in 1980--Norwalk and Stamford, both in Connecticut, and Santa Cruz, California. Among the sixty largest SMSAs, those with the highest percentage of artists after New York and Los Angeles were Las Vegas (1.82), San Francisco (1.75), Honolulu (1.65), Austin (1.63), Seattle/Everett (1.59), Washington (1.56), and Boston and Tucson (both 1.49).

The New York City SMSA had the largest artist population and was the area of residence of about one of ten U.S. artists in
1980. Designers constituted its largest occupational group with 31,653 members. This was nearly double the second largest group of painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers with 15,640 members. The 1980 New York City SMSA did not include Nassau and Suffolk counties as it had in 1970. The latter two counties comprise their own SMSA in the 1980 Census. Together, the New York City SMSA and the Nassau/Suffolk SMSA had nearly 120,000 artists in 1980, dominating the New York State artist population with over 86 percent of the state total. In addition to New York City, two other New York State SMSAs exceeded the national average ( 1.04 percent) of artists in the total labor force; they were Nassau/Suffolk and Poughkeepsie with 1.35 and 1.06 percent, respectively.

The Los Angeles SMSA had the second largest artist population in 1980. Designers constituted the largest artist

Table $3 \quad$ Urban and rural location of artists 1980

| Occupation | Percent <br> urban | Percent <br> rural |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Dancers | 96 | 4 |
| Actors/directors | 92 | 8 |
| Musicians/composers | 89 | 11 |
| Architects | 87 | 13 |
| Authors | 87 | 13 |
| Photographers | 85 | 14 |
| Painters... | 85 | 15 |
| Teachers (higher ed) | 84 | 16 |
| Designers | 83 | 17 |
| Announcers | 80 | 14 |
| Artists n.e.c. | 86 | 19 |
| All artists | 75 | 15 |
| Professional specialty | 81 | 15 |
| Toccupations |  | 15 |

occupational group with 18,564 members. The second largest was the actor/director group with 16,081 members, reflecting the importance of the media production in Los Angeles artist employment. Unlike New York City, Los Angeles did not dominate its entire state in number of artists. Conly 44 percent of California artists reside in the Los Angeles SMSA.) The state of California had eleven other SMSAs with artists exceeding the 1.04 percent nation al average proportion of artists in the civilian labor force: Anaheim/Santa Ana/ Garden Grove (l. 45 percent), Chico (l.10 percent), Oxnard/Simi Valley/ Ventura (l. 24 percent), Sacramento (1.14 percent), Salinas/Seaside/Monterey ( 1.26 percent), San Diego (l. 47 percent), San Francisco/Oakland (l. 75 percent), San Jose (1.22 percent), Santa Barbara/Santa Maria (1.56 percent), Santa Cruz ( 2.04 percent), and Santa Rosa (l. 34 percent).

The Chicago SMSA had the third largest artist population in 1980. However, its 37,536 artists were less than half as numerous as Los Angeles artists. Designers constituted the largest Chicago group with 12,945 members--more than one-third of the total artist population. Painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers formed the second largest group with 5,903 members, and architects were close behind with 4,646 members. The greatest proportion of artists to the total labor force in Illinois cities was 1.53 percent in the Champaign/Urbana/ Rantoul SIISA versus the 1.08 percent of Chicago.

The San Francisco/Oakland SMSA had the fourth largest artist population $(29,570$ artists) in l980. With 1.75 percent artists in its total labor force, however, it ranked below Santa Cruz (2.04 percent) as well as Los Angeles ( 2.10 percent) in proportionate representation of artists in California cities. Designers $(8,268)$ constituted the largest San Francisco/Oakland artist occupational group followed by painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers with 4,516 members and architects with 4,383 members.

The Washington SMSA comprising the District of Columbia and surrounding counties in Maryland and Virginia had the fifth largest artist population in 1980. The District of Columbia had only about onequarter of the artists in the SMSA, but its proportion of artists to total labor force was greater than that of the SMSA (1.95 percent compared with 1.56 percent). The proportion of artists in each of the occupations living in the District of Columbia compared to the whole metropolitan area varied substantially. Designers constituted the largest SMSA occupational
group (5,613), with about one-fifth of them living in the District of Columbia. Second most numerous were the painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers with 4,307 in the SMSA; about onefifth of these also lived in the District of Columbia. Authors, dancers, and teachers in higher education were the three artist occupations in which the proportions in the District of Columbia were greatest. More than one-third of those in these three occupations lived in the District of Columbia but nearly two-thirds lived elsewhere in the SMSA.

The Philadelphia SMSA ranked sixth in number of artists with 22,834 in 1980. In the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia was the city with the second highest concentration of artists in the civilian labor force ( 1.06 percent). The greatest concentration was in State College (l. 30 percent), but the total population was small and only 652 artists lived there in 1980. Pittsburgh had about one-third as many artists as Philadelphia. The difference between these two large cities was more marked in connection with specific artist occupational groups. In five of these--architects; teachers in higher education; authors; painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers; and dancers--there were more than three times as many artists living in Philadelphia as in Pittsburgh.

The Boston SMSA ranked seventh in the
U.S. in number of artists with 20,839 or slightly more than two-thirds of the artists in the whole of Massachusetts. It was the only city in Massachusetts with a concentration of artists in its civilian labor force greater than the national average. Designers were the most numerous Boston artist occupational group $(6,227)$ followed at a distance by architects (2,860); painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers $(2,834)$, and musicians/composers (2,804).

The Detroit SMSA ranked eighth in the U.S. in number of artists with 19,942. The proportion of artists in its civilian labor force (. 99 percent) was below the national average and far below that of the nearby city of Ann Arbor, which had 1.59 percent artists in its civilian labor force. The 8,918 designers in Detroit comprised by far the most numerous artist occupational group. Second were the painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers with 2,610 , while musicians/composers with 2,316 were third.

The Dallas/Fort Worth SMSA ranked ninth in 1980 number of artists with 18,616 . The proportion of artists in its civilian labor force was 1.21 percent. Among
other Texas SMSAs, Austin had a far greater concentration of artists--1. 63 percent-in its smaller civilian labor force and Houston and San Antonio also had concentrations of artists that exceeded the national average. The leading artist occupational group in Dallas/Fort Worth in number of members was that of the designers $(6,027)$ followed by painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers with 2,721, musicians/composers with 2,428, and architects with 2,309.

Nassau and Suffolk counties in the state of New York comprised a new SMSA in 1980 (they were formerly part of the New York City SMSA). Its 16,561 artists constituted 1.35 percent of its civilian labor force and made it the tenth largest SMSA in the nation in terms of artists. Designers were the most numerous artist occupational group with 6,243. Painters, sculptors, craft artists, and artist printmakers were second (and substantially more numerous than any of the remaining artist occupations) with 3,033. The designer and painter... groups comprised well over half of the artist population in the Nassau/ Suffolk SMSA.

Among the SMSAs smaller than the top sixty, the greatest proportion of artists in the civilian labor force was found in Norwalk (2.52 percent), Stamford (2.09 percent), Santa Cruz ( 2.04 percent), Bloomington (1.93 percent), Lawrence (l. 60 percent), Ann Arbor (1.59 percent), Santa Barbara/ Santa Marie (1.56 percent), Anchorage (1.48 percent), and Albuquerque ( 1.46 percent). The Bellingham, Danbury, Madison, and Reno SMSAs all had artist populations that constituted 1.45 percent of their labor force. Norwalk had the greatest proportion of artists in its civilian labor force of all U.S. SMSAs in 1980--exceeding the New York City SMSA's 2.45 percent. A large part of the Norwalk resident artist population may indeed be employed in New York City, but this cannot be determined from Census data.

## APPENDIX

## Artist population of states and major cities 1980

The table that follows shows the number of artists living in each of the fifty states, the District of Columbia, and the 318 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSAs) recognized in the 1980 Census. Numbers are provided for all eleven artist occupations. The 1970 Census estimates of the total number of artists in each state are also shown in the table.

Some SMSAs encompass counties in several states. The figures for these SMSAs are repeated in the table under each of the relevant states. It should be noted that the artist population in each state is different from the sum of the SMSAs in the state: some artists live in rural areas, towns, and cities that are not part of the SMSAs and the SMSA figures will include artists from more than one state when SMSA boundaries cross state lines. Numbers too small to be meaningful (fewer than ten artists) are represented in the table by an asterisk (*).

## Appendix

|  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  | = |  | 。 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1970$ <br> Civilian <br> labor Eorce | 8 artists in civilian labor force | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o U.S. } \\ & \text { artists } \end{aligned}$ | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1980} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | of artists in civilian labor force | 名 U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| 1,243,141 | . 64 | 1.08 | 7,965 | 1,634,743 | . 72 | 1.08 | 11,779 | Ala bama |
|  |  |  |  | 46,833 | . 71 | . 03 | 332 | Anniston |
|  |  |  |  | 374.193 | . 92 | . 32 | 3,442 | Birmingham |
|  |  |  |  | 89,599 | . 66 | . 05 | 590 | Columbus (AL, GA) |
|  |  |  |  | 59,122 | . 57 | . 03 | 339 | Florence |
|  |  |  |  | 42,033 | . 47 | . 02 | 197 | Gadsden |
|  |  |  |  | 137,601 | . 99 | . 13 | 1,364 | Huntsville |
|  |  |  |  | 185,985 | . 82 | . 14 | 1,528 | Mobile |
|  |  |  |  | 116.171 | 1.00 | . 11 | 1,165 | Montgomery |
|  |  |  |  | 58,146 | . 80 | . 04 | 466 | Tuscaloosa |
| 97,875 | . 73 | . 10 | 710 | 182,679 | 1.18 | . 20 | 2,148 | Alaska |
|  |  |  |  | 84,773 | 1.48 | . 12 | 1,252 | Anchorage |
| 639,009 | 1.03 | . 90 | 6,597 | 1,186,832 | 1.18 | 1.29 | 14,023 | Arizona |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 235,430 | 1.49 | . 32 | 3,512 | Tucson |
| 685,947 | . 49 | . 45 | 3,344 | 940,880 | . 58 | . 50 | 5,468 | Arkansas |
|  |  |  |  | 79,737 | . 72 | . 05 | 575 | FayettevilleSpringdale |
|  |  |  |  | 85,774 | . 60 | . 05 | 512 | Fort Smith (AR, OK) |
|  |  |  |  | 183,369 | . 89 | . 15 | 1,635 | Little Rock-North Little Rock |
|  |  |  |  | 405,187 | . 99 | . 37 | 3,997 | Memphis (AR, MS, TN) |
|  |  |  |  | 36,289 | . 58 | . 02 | 209 | Pine Bluff |
|  |  |  |  | 52,489 | . 56 | . 03 | 293 | Texarkana |
| 7,960,651 | 1.36 | 14.71 | 108,437 | 11,386,075 | 1.55 | 15.24 | 176,321 | California |
|  |  |  |  | 1,016,754 | 1.45 | 1.35 | 14,704 | Anaheim-Santa AnaGarden Grove |
|  |  |  |  | 175,679 | . 66 | . 11 | 1,153 | Bakersfield |
|  |  |  |  | 59,755 | 1.10 | . 06 | 656 | Chico |
|  |  |  |  | 235,077 | . 83 | . 18 | 1,960 | Fresno |
|  |  |  |  | 3,694,683 | 2.10 | 7.16 | 77,768 | Los AngelesLong Beach |
|  |  |  |  | 121,256 | . 56 | . 06 | 677 | Modesto |
|  |  |  |  | 249,037 | 1.24 | . 28 | 3,081 | Oxnard-Simi ValleyVentura |
|  |  |  |  | 48,754 | . 83 | . 04 | 404 | Redding |
|  |  |  |  | 656,355 | . 79 | . 48 | 5,173 | Riverside-San <br> Bernardino-Ontario |
|  |  |  |  | 480,697 | 1.14 | . 50 | 5,468 | Sacramento |
|  |  |  |  | 124,740 | 1.26 | . 14 | 1,570 | Salinas-SeasideMonterey |


| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters... | Photo- <br> graphers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,145 | 389 | 117 | 4,256 | 1,468 | 290 | 1,213 | 1,120 | 74 | 1,174 | 533 |
| 11 | * | * | 96 | 85 | * | 41 | 45 | * | 20 | 19 |
| 391 | 91 | 27 | 1,224 | 501 | 104 | 357 | 429 | * | 180 | 138 |
| 21 | 18 | * | 160 | 75 | 45 | 74 | 96 | 17 | 36 | 48 |
| 18 | 16 | * | 106 | 43 | * | 43 | 32 | * | 50 | 11 |
| 39 | * | * | 71 | 33 | * | * | 19 | * | 25 | * |
| 128 | 38 | * | 421 | 136 | 39 | 232 | 134 | 48 | 129 | 52 |
| 199 | 21 | 27 | 534 | 144 | 31 | 237 | 115 | * | 145 | 68 |
| 175 | 18 | 18 | 427 | 108 | 32 | 122 | 101 | * | 111 | 53 |
| 17 | 34 | 17 | 136 | 83 | 26 | 16 | 71 | * | 41 | 25 |
| 335 | 70 | 121 | 363 | 213 | 149 | 366 | 200 | 63 | 205 | 63 |
| 222 | 34 | 71 | 242 | 89 | 97 | 173 | 131 | 53 | 92 | 48 |
| 1,786 | 346 | 498 | 3,756 | 1,747 | 609 | 2,284 | 1,184 | 218 | 666 | 929 |
| 1,252 | 139 | 242 | 2,525 | 1,076 | 313 | 1,317 | 740 | 152 | 337 | 584 |
| 404 | 96 | 150 | 772 | 432 | 270 | 554 | 336 | 57 | 186 | 255 |
| 482 | 170 | 88 | 1,855 | 728 | 238 | 478 | 581 | 58 | 581 | 209 |
| 71 | 36 | 23 | 160 | 97 | 22 | 42 | 60 | * | 58 | * |
| 20 | 20 | * | 170 | 70 | 23 | 79 | 71 | * | 42 | 17 |
| 244 | 19 | 10 | 476 | 174 | 126 | 120 | 245 | 23 | 126 | 72 |
| 449 | 110 | 66 | 1,113 | 797 | 70 | 530 | 377 | 56 | 243 | 186 |
| 14 | * | * | 62 | 40 | * | 26 | 11 | * | 39 | 12 |
| * | * | * | 114 | 54 | * | 24 | 44 | * | 31 | 12 |
| 17,652 | 3,219 | 11,272 | 48,036 | 22,919 | 20,751 | 24,657 | 13,060 | 2,279 | 3,986 | 8,490 |
| 1,704 | 264 | 650 | 5,611 | 1,394 | 543 | 2,369 | 989 | 107 | 233 | 840 |
| 146 | 18 | 33 | 211 | 148 | 69 | 180 | 125 | * | 90 | 133 |
| 60 | 38 | 52 | 159 | 114 | 33 | 85 | 57 | * | 24 | 29 |
| 189 | 71 | 58 | 544 | 257 | 110 | 272 | 283 | * | 112 | 64 |
| 5,192 | 968 | 5,569 | 18,564 | 10,961 | 16,081 | 9,032 | 5,505 | 1,010 | 1,056 | 3,830 |
| 50 | 31 | * | 218 | 103 | 76 | 85 | 35 | * | 43 | 36 |
| 460 | 58 | 166 | 832 | 318 | 313 | 466 | 223 | 15 | 96 | 134 |
| 28 | * | * | 104 | 55 | 20 | 30 | 47 | * | 60 | 48 |
| 466 | 140 | 289 | 1,587 | 857 | 126 | 940 | 268 | 51 | 204 | 245 |
| 817 | 171 | 278 | 1,376 | 693 | 162 | 783 | 517 | 79 | 269 | 323 |
| 243 | 23 | 75 | 417 | 165 | 63 | 277 | 163 | * | 86 | 54 |

## Appendix (continued)

| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1970} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists <br> in civilian <br> labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | $\underline{1980}$ <br> Civilian labor force | o artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 813,051 | 1.47 | 1.10 | 11,969 | San Diego |
|  |  |  |  | 1,688,103 | 1.75 | 2. 72 | 29,570 | San Francisco-Oakland |
|  |  |  |  | 692,352 | 1.22 | . 78 | 8,461 | San Jose |
|  |  |  |  | 145,949 | 1.56 | . 21 | 2,279 | Santa BarbaraSanta Maria |
|  |  |  |  | 92,038 | 2.04 | . 17 | 1,874 | Santa Cruz |
|  |  |  |  | 139,955 | 1.34 | .17 | 1,873 | Santa Rosa |
|  |  |  |  | 151,529 | . 67 | . 09 | 1,014 | Stockton |
|  |  |  |  | 144,429 | . 75 | . 10 | 1,081 | Vallejo-FairfieldNapa |
|  |  |  |  | 103,825 | . 63 | . 06 | 655 | Visalia-TularePorterville |
|  |  |  |  | 40,758 | . 79 | . 03 | 322 | Yuba City |
| 859,756 | 1.03 | 1.20 | 8,838 | 1,433,731 | 1.25 | 1.65 | 17,930 | Colorado |
|  |  |  |  | 133,955 | 1.41 | . 17 | 1,886 | Colorado Springs |
|  |  |  |  | 855,455 | 1.37 | 1.08 | 11,749 | Denver-Boulder |
|  |  |  |  | 76,166 | 1.25 | . 09 | 952 | Fort Collins |
|  |  |  |  | 57,514 | . 77 | . 04 | 444 | Greeley |
|  |  |  |  | 52,803 | . 75 | . 04 | 395 | Pueblo |
| 1,296,056 | 1.03 | 1.82 | 13,404 | 1,554,810 | 1.11 | 1.59 | 17,211 | Connecticut |
|  |  |  |  | 192,725 | . 94 | . 17 | 1,819 | Bridgeport |
|  |  |  |  | 38,249 | . 64 | . 02 | 245 | Bristol |
|  |  |  |  | 73,056 | 1.45 | . 10 | 1,056 | Danbury |
|  |  |  |  | 375,972 | . 93 | . 32 | 3,485 | Hartford |
|  |  |  |  | 29,311 | . 50 | . 01 | 148 | Meriden |
|  |  |  |  | 75,423 | . 60 | . 04 | 456 | New Britain |
|  |  |  |  | 206,517 | 1.20 | . 23 | 2,485 | New Haven-West Haven |
|  |  |  |  | 111,084 | 1.02 | . 10 | 1,129 | New London-Norwich (CT, RI) |
|  |  |  |  | 68,580 | 2.52 | . 16 | 1,728 | Norwalk |
|  |  |  |  | 253,938 | . 84 | . 20 | 2,136 | Springfield-ChicopeeHolyoke (CT, MA) |
|  |  |  |  | 102,455 | 2.09 | . 20 | 2,137 | Stamford |
|  |  |  |  | 108,650 | . 60 | . 06 | 648 | Wa ter bury |
| 218,514 | . 77 | . 23 | 1,681 | 280,437 | . 82 | . 21 | 2,288 | Delaware |
|  |  |  |  | 247,689 | . 83 | . 19 | 2,064 | Wilmington (DE, MD, NJ) |
| 346,883 | 1.39 | . 66 | 4,830 | 319,738 | 1.95 | . 58 | 6,247 | District of Columbia |
|  |  |  |  | 1,596,466 | 1.56 | 2.30 | 24,979 | Washington (DC, MD, VA) |

Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,561 | 214 | 766 | 3,445 | 1,588 | 611 | 1,778 | 906 | 293 | 287 | 520 |
| 4,383 | 572 | 2,029 | 8,268 | 3,419 | 1,756 | 4,516 | 2,249 | 454 | 659 | 1,265 |
| 773 | 191 | 454 | 3,209 | 891 | 269 | 1,511 | 622 | 95 | 171 | 275 |
| 282 | 64 | 173 | 588 | 299 | 156 | 286 | 150 | 59 | 91 | 131 |
| 134 | 108 | 145 | 471 | 345 | 53 | 337 | 176 | * | 25 | 80 |
| 284 | 42 | 143 | 457 | 289 | 37 | 399 | 102 | 37 | 49 | 34 |
| 153 | 32 | 28 | 309 | 125 | 30 | 118 | 94 | * | 54 | 62 |
| 126 | 49 | 61 | 276 | 171 | 35 | 148 | 122 | * | 23 | 70 |
| 65 | 14 | 15 | 190 | 112 | 34 | 123 | 40 | * | 41 | 21 |
| 59 | 26 | * | 120 | 40 | * | 49 | 19 | * | * | * |
| 2,741 | 544 | 882 | 4,683 | 2,014 | 688 | 2,805 | 1,556 | 196 | 874 | 947 |
| 187 | 117 | 126 | 406 | 237 | 66 | 306 | 226 | 18 | 129 | 68 |
| 1,865 | 246 | 533 | 3,243 | 1,289 | 513 | 1,953 | 922 | 163 | 384 | 638 |
| 124 | 41 | 33 | 296 | 141 | 16 | 144 | 70 | * | 36 | 51 |
| 34 | 46 | 11 | 106 | 68 | 12 | 29 | 56 | * | 54 | 28 |
| 48 | 18 | 11 | 77 | 18 | 27 | 30 | 57 | 15 | 80 | 14 |
| 1,827 | 493 | 873 | 5,744 | 1,740 | 832 | 2,835 | 1,488 | 165 | 485 | 729 |
| 209 | 14 | 39 | 646 | 216 | 63 | 333 | 184 | * | 25 | 90 |
| 13 | * | * | 91 | 30 | 19 | 36 | 15 | 10 | 25 | * |
| 75 | 12 | 86 | 346 | 101 | 34 | 218 | 131 | * | * | 41 |
| 399 | 114 | 69 | 1,177 | 382 | 157 | 491 | 309 | 78 | 146 | 163 |
| * | * | * | 56 | * | 18 | 34 | 28 | * | * | * |
| 29 | * | * | 205 | 48 | * | 61 | 55 | * | 26 | 24 |
| 351 | 124 | 126 | 557 | 318 | 78 | 433 | 276 | 30 | 118 | 74 |
| 66 | 34 | 35 | 540 | 99 | 30 | 191 | 78 | * | 29 | 27 |
| 134 | * | 189 | 625 | 113 | 124 | 329 | 104 | * | 17 | 79 |
| 103 | 137 | 97 | 643 | 250 | 83 | 328 | 250 | 13 | 112 | 120 |
| 310 | 17 | 180 | 690 | 214 | 189 | 312 | 116 | * | 24 | 78 |
| 65 | * | * | 256 | 57 | 31 | 53 | 90 | 13 | 28 | 47 |
| 192 | 70 | 74 | 799 | 237 | 85 | 323 | 223 | 30 | 84 | 171 |
| 171 | 74 | 71 | 739 | 226 | 76 | 326 | 230 | 25 | 34 | 92 |
| 974 | 140 | 944 | 1,123 | 510 | 398 | 904 | 645 | 94 | 227 | 288 |
| 3,414 | 406 | 2,351 | 5,613 | 2,349 | 1,510 | 4,307 | 2,515 | 269 | 1,039 | 1,206 |

## Appendix (continued)

| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1970 \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | 8 artists in civilian labor force | \& U.S. artists | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1980} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | 8 artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| 2,514,295 | . 99 | 3.39 | 24,960 | 4,217,665 | 1.15 | 4.45 | 48,302 | Florida |
|  |  |  |  | 56,626 | 1.00 | . 05 | 569 | Bradenton |
|  |  |  |  | 102,437 | 1.12 | . 11 | 1,147 | Daytona Beach |
|  |  |  |  | 456,205 | 1.33 | . 56 | 6,071 | Ft. LauderdaleHollywood |
|  |  |  |  | 82,323 | 1.22 | . 09 | 1,003 | Ft. Myers-Cape Coral |
|  |  |  |  | 40,838 | 1.09 | . 04 | 445 | Ft. Walton Beach |
|  |  |  |  | 70,583 | 1.24 | . 08 | 874 | Gainesville |
|  |  |  |  | 324,488 | . 89 | . 27 | 2,889 | Jacksonville |
|  |  |  |  | 140,927 | . 70 | . 09 | 993 | LakelandWinter Haven |
|  |  |  |  | 121,034 | 1.03 | . 12 | 1,249 | Melbourne-Titusvillecocoa |
|  |  |  |  | 781,308 | 1.37 | . 99 | 10,713 | Miami |
|  |  |  |  | 46.567 | . 49 | . 02 | 226 | Ocala |
|  |  |  |  | 333,460 | 1.40 | . 43 | 4,659 | Orlando |
|  |  |  |  | 39,179 | . 93 | . 03 | 366 | Panama City |
|  |  |  |  | 115,129 | . 83 | . 09 | 959 | Pensacola |
|  |  |  |  | 77,920 | 1.84 | . 13 | 1,435 | Sarasota |
|  |  |  |  | 81,769 | 1.28 | . 10 | 1,044 | Tallahassee |
|  |  |  |  | 647,424 | 1.09 | . 65 | 7,053 | Tampa-St. Petersburg |
|  |  |  |  | 249,377 | 1.32 | . 30 | 3,302 | West Palm BeachBoca Raton |
| 1,800,265 | . 65 | 1.60 | 11,776 | 2,481,298 | . 82 | 1.87 | 20,330 | Georgia |
|  |  |  |  | 49,587 | . 57 | . 03 | 285 | Albany |
|  |  |  |  | 61,633 | 1.27 | . 07 | 785 | Athens |
|  |  |  |  | 1,015,933 | 1.16 | 1.09 | 11,805 | Atlanta |
|  |  |  |  | 140,073 | . 72 | . 09 | 1,010 | Augusta (GA, SC) |
|  |  |  |  | 195,166 | . 77 | . 14 | 1,500 | Chattanooga (GA, TN) |
|  |  |  |  | 89,599 | . 66 | . 05 | 590 | Columbus (GA, AL) |
|  |  |  |  | 110,185 | . 66 | . 07 | 723 | Macon |
|  |  |  |  | 97,395 | . 95 | . 09 | 923 | Savannah |
| 293,718 | 1.25 | . 50 | 3,667 | 435,780 | 1.55 | . 62 | 6,753 | Hawai i |
|  |  |  |  | 339,863 | 1.65 | . 52 | 5,618 | Honolulu |
| 270,875 | . 68 | . 25 | 1,844 | 416,891 | . 77 | . 30 | 3,207 | Idaho |
|  |  |  |  | 87,396 | 1.16 | . 09 | 1,011 | Boise City |
| 4,578,599 | . 90 | 5.59 | 41,221 | $5,458,785$ | . 92 | 4.65 | 50.457 | Illinois |
|  |  |  |  | 60,403 | . 93 | . 05 | 561 | Bloomington-Normal |
|  |  |  |  | 82,603 | 1.53 | . 12 | 1,265 | Champaign-UrbanaRantoul |

Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,302 | 815 | 1,352 | 14,102 | 7,713 | 2,103 | 5,926 | 4,098 | 818 | 2,293 | 3,780 |
| 49 | 20 | * | 154 | 98 | 19 | 114 | 30 | * | * | 80 |
| 52 | 12 | * | 308 | 210 | 75 | 158 | 147 | 37 | 45 | 94 |
| 566 | 55 | 202 | 2,054 | 919 | 222 | 607 | 464 | 101 | 225 | 656 |
| 65 | 11 | 25 | 341 | 142 | 26 | 115 | 100 | 26 | 92 | 60 |
| 36 | 13 | * | 95 | 100 | 20 | 81 | 48 | 25 | * | 18 |
| 98 | 51 | 54 | 160 | 88 | 45 | 152 | 120 | * | 59 | 47 |
| 394 | 74 | 49 | 788 | 503 | 154 | 342 | 255 | 47 | 149 | 134 |
| 78 | 21 | 12 | 312 | 154 | 44 | 99 | 80 | 16 | 84 | 93 |
| 151 | 12 | 67 | 318 | 222 | 89 | 153 | 112 | 12 | 70 | 43 |
| 1,455 | 155 | 258 | 3,334 | 1,841 | 498 | 1,080 | 949 | 150 | 430 | 563 |
| 22 | * | * | 51 | 54 | * | 40 | 20 | * | 16 | 23 |
| 508 | 77 | 79 | 1,053 | 744 | 220 | 623 | 429 | 171 | 210 | 545 |
| * | * | * | 120 | 66 | 15 | 74 | 15 | 11 | 25 | 25 |
| 86 | 25 | 20 | 239 | 173 | 47 | 87 | 84 | 18 | 77 | 103 |
| 123 | 47 | 69 | 404 | 194 | 57 | 234 | 113 | * | 50 | 144 |
| 104 | 80 | 32 | 276 | 111 | 87 | 125 | 103 | * | 99 | 27 |
| * 639 | 103 | 187 | 1,907 | 1,242 | 253 | 1,041 | 555 | 156 | 313 | 657 |
| 507 | * | 150 | 1,080 | 454 | 178 | 359 | 270 | 19 | 113 | 170 |
| 2,193 | 482 | 605 | 6,664 | 2,745 | 889 | 2,538 | 1,678 | 220 | 1,236 | 1,080 |
| * | * | * | 140 | 13 | * | 12 | 33 | * | 35 | 30 |
| 57 | 83 | 36 | 174 | 96 | 57 | 83 | 97 | 22 | 53 | 27 |
| 1,604 | 84 | 441 | 3,769 | 1,568 | 570 | 1.676 | 970 | 130 | 379 | 614 |
| 89 | * | * | 259 | 178 | 37 | 119 | 144 | 10 | 76 | 81 |
| 129 | 55 | 12 | 552 | 175 | 52 | 164 | 200 | 15 | 56 | 90 |
| 21 | 18 | * | 160 | 75 | 45 | 74 | 96 | 17 | 36 | 48 |
| 76 | 24 | * | 136 | 197 | 23 | 63 | 95 | * | 79 | 23 |
| 102 | 20 | 40 | 324 | 120 | 50 | 96 | 30 | 14 | 99 | 28 |
| 878 | 154 | 233 | 1,236 | 1,097 | 258 | 1,101 | 603 | 441 | 241 | 511 |
| 765 | 122 | 182 | 1,082 | 854 | 202 | 869 | 554 | 385 | 207 | 396 |
| 491 | 211 | 126 | 760 | 306 | 159 | 370 | 335 | 30 | 280 | 139 |
| 239 | 42 | 29 | 226 | 114 | $6]$ | 79 | 93 | * | 81 | 47 |
| 5,583 | 1,448 | 1,701 | 17,255 | 5,514 | 2,271 | 7,382 | 4,929 | 399 | 1,817 | 2,168 |
| 29 | 52 | 13 | 130 | 62 | 28 | 88 | 59 | * | 66 | 34 |
| 95 | 188 | 35 | 269 | 152 | 84 | 137 | 149 | * | 92 | 64 |

## Appendix (continued)

| $1970$ <br> Civilian labor force | 8 artists in civilian labor force | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \text { U.S. } \\ & \text { artists } \end{aligned}$ | Number of artists | $1980$ <br> Civilian labor force | \% artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 3,477,007 | 1.08 | 3.46 | 37,536 | Chicago |
|  |  |  |  | 184,430 | . 68 | . 12 | 1,261 | Davenport-Rock Island-Moline |
|  |  |  |  | 62,174 | . 67 | . 04 | 414 | Decatur |
|  |  |  |  | 46,211 | . 42 | . 02 | 192 | Kankakee |
|  |  |  |  | 172,604 | . 98 | . 16 | 1,688 | Peoria |
|  |  |  |  | 139.285 | . 67 | . 09 | 932 | Rockford |
|  |  |  |  | 1,105,191 | . 91 | . 92 | 10,035 | St. Louis (IL, MO) |
|  |  |  |  | 96,389 | .76 | . 07 | 731 | Springfield |
| 2,096,863 | . 62 | 1.76 | 12,941 | 2,566,755 | . 68 | 1.61 | 17,439 | Indiana |
|  |  |  |  | 62,656 | . 57 | . 03 | 356 | Anderson |
|  |  |  |  | 47,497 | 1.93 | . 08 | 919 | Bloomington |
|  |  |  |  | 648,281 | 1.02 | . 61 | 6,605 | Cincinnati <br> (IN, KY, OH) |
|  |  |  |  | 68,418 | . 63 | . 04 | 434 | Elkhart |
|  |  |  |  | 145,567 | . 77 | . 10 | 1,119 | Evansville (IN, KY) |
|  |  |  |  | 187,061 | . 82 | . 14 | 1,529 | Fort Wayne |
|  |  |  |  | 290,171 | . 49 | . 13 | 1,417 | Gary-HammondEast Chicago |
|  |  |  |  | 571,132 | . 83 | . 44 | 4,761 | Indianapolis |
|  |  |  |  | 49,017 | . 40 | . 02 | 195 | Kokomo |
|  |  |  |  | 59,080 | . 92 | . 05 | 546 | LafayetteWest Lafayette |
|  |  |  |  | 426,122 | . 96 | . 38 | 4.087 | Louisville (IN, KY) |
|  |  |  |  | 59,068 | . 92 | . 05 | 542 | Muncie |
|  |  |  |  | 134,039 | . 94 | . 12 | 1,255 | South Bend |
|  |  |  |  | 78,996 | . 74 | . 05 | 586 | Terre Haute |
| 1,124,485 | . 62 | . 94 | 6,917 | 1,373,914 | . 68 | . 87 | 9,395 | Iowa |
|  |  |  |  | 87,169 | . 84 | . 07 | 729 | Cedar Rapids |
|  |  |  |  | 184,430 | . 68 | . 12 | 1,261 | Davenport-Rock Island-Moline (IA, IL) |
|  |  |  |  | 176,888 | . 97 | . 16 | 1,716 | Des Moines |
|  |  |  |  | 44,354 | . 70 | . 03 | 310 | Dubuque |
|  |  |  |  | 45,531 | 1.30 | . 05 | 591 | Iowa City |
|  |  |  |  | 271,194 | . 95 | . 24 | 2,575 | Omaha (IA, NE) |
|  |  |  |  | 54,437 | . 72 | . 04 | 391 | Sioux City |
|  |  |  |  | 66,122 | 1.09 | . 07 | 723 | Waterloo-Cedar Falls |
| 884,436 | . 79 | . 95 | 7,031 | 1,123,496 | . 83 | . 87 | 9,377 | Kansas |
|  |  |  |  | 658,175 | 1.07 | . 66 | 7.156 | Kansas city (KS, MO) |
|  |  |  |  | 34,129 | 1.60 | . 05 | 547 | Lawrence |
|  |  |  |  | 93.249 | . 85 | . 07 | 788 | Topeka |

## Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,646 | 674 | 1,438 | 12,945 | 3,763 | 1,839 | 5,903 | 3,495 | 348 | 916 | 1,569 |
| 119 | 39 | 34 | 477 | 120 | 76 | 134 | 129 | 22 | 66 | 45 |
| 53 | * | * | 131 | 89 | * | 39 | 60 | * | 20 | * |
| 12 | 14 | * | 77 | 28 | * | 16 | 16 | * | * | 14 |
| 204 | 84 | 36 | 474 | 185 | 58 | 252 | 215 | * | 80 | 94 |
| 70 | 18 | 24 | 367 | 164 | 37 | 118 | 86 | * | 20 | 28 |
| 1,288 | 224 | 301 | 3,009 | 1,361 | 322 | 1,717 | 1,060 | 22 | 359 | 372 |
| 126 | 19 | 25 | 202 | 62 | 30 | 63 | 124 | * | 61 | 17 |
| 1,313 | 717 | 333 | 6,287 | 2,234 | 645 | 2,212 | 1,596 | 288 | 1,101 | 713 |
| 18 | 13 | * | 101 | 90 | * | 66 | 30 | * | 20 | * |
| 48 | 195 | 56 | 159 | 169 | 88 | 69 | 46 | * | 34 | 48 |
| 730 | 174 | 104 | 2,204 | 964 | 234 | 957 | 615 | 86 | 191 | 346 |
| 12 | 21 | * | 190 | 42 | * | 80 | 15 | * | 22 | 40 |
| 64 | 19 | 30 | 447 | 103 | 46 | 144 | 102 | 30 | 95 | 39 |
| 142 | 19 | 14 | 657 | 165 | 70 | 237 | 78 | 29 | 87 | 31 |
| 135 | 32 | * | 526 | 150 | 52 | 194 | 130 | 33 | 45 | 113 |
| 453 | 119 | 71 | 1,680 | 625 | 171 | 669 | 525 | 85 | 214 | 149 |
| 17 | * | * | 99 | * | * | 21 | * | 23 | * | * |
| 23 | 27 | 18 | 172 | 95 | 38 | 61 | 46 | 13 | 32 | 21 |
| 311 | 48 | 76 | 1,215 | 783 | 262 | 496 | 347 | 98 | 139 | 312 |
| 17 | 117 | * | 131 | 104 | * | 73 | 28 | 15 | 32 | 17 |
| 104 | 32 | 41 | 405 | 191 | 49 | 146 | 136 | 13 | 102 | 36 |
| 22 | 42 | * | 188 | 40 | 32 | 58 | 58 | * | 105 | 26 |
| 796 | 522 | 236 | 2,995 | 1,112 | 495 | 1,210 | 790 | 103 | 832 | 304 |
| 29 | 25 | 11 | 274 | 88 | 44 | 96 | 64 | * | 82 | 16 |
| 119 | 39 | 34 | 477 | 120 | 76 | 134 | 129 | 22 | 66 | 45 |
| 253 | 23 | 41 | 508 | 135 | 125 | 283 | 115 | 52 | 114 | 67 |
| 48 | 24 | * | 84 | 31 | 33 | 23 | 25 | * | 35 | * |
| 54 | 112 | 56 | 88 | 113 | * | 52 | 38 | * | 36 | 35 |
| 396 | 43 | 50 | 699 | 344 | 153 | 389 | 294 | 48 | 74 | 85 |
| 13 | 12 | 13 | 113 | 63 | 53 | 48 | 33 | * | 43 | * |
| 35 | 66 | * | 254 | 105 | 25 | 82 | 60 | * | 74 | 22 |
| 1,169 | 479 | 252 | 2,763 | 904 | 367 | 1,280 | 975 | 38 | 706 | 444 |
| 934 | 178 | 245 | 2,139 | 886 | 274 | 1,302 | 578 | 78 | 211 | 331 |
| 56 | 68 | 25 | 147 | 72 | 21 | 53 | 86 | * | 15 | * |
| 139 | * | * | 188 | 78 | 33 | 124 | 117 | * | 55 | 41 |

## Appendix (continued)

|  |  |  |  | , |  |  |  | 4is) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{1970}$ <br> Civilian | \% artists <br> in civilian <br> labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | $1980$ | z artists in civilian <br> labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number <br> of artists | State, SMSA |
|  |  |  |  | 208,739 | . 95 | . 18 | 1,980 | Wichita |
| 1,136,328 | . 60 | . 93 | 6,863 | 1,517,653 | . 83 | . 96 | 10,446 | Kentucky |
|  |  |  |  | 648,281 | 1.02 | . 61 | 6,605 | Cincinnati (KY, IN, OH) |
|  |  |  |  | 52,009 | . 43 | . 02 | 226 | ClarksvilleHopkinsville (Ky, TN) |
|  |  |  |  | 145,567 | . 77 | . 10 | 1,119 | Evansville (KY, IN) |
|  |  |  |  | 122,305 | . 60 | . 07 | 735 | Huntington-Ashland (KY, OH, WV) |
|  |  |  |  | 155,635 | 1.09 | . 16 | 1,696 | Lexington-Fayette |
|  |  |  |  | 426,122 | . 96 | . 38 | 4,087 | Louisville (KY, IN) |
|  |  |  |  | 38,989 | . 55 | . 02 | 215 | Owensboro |
| 1,217,334 | . 66 | 1.09 | 8,019 | 1,744,102 | . 74 | 1.18 | 12,825 | Louisiana |
|  |  |  |  | 57,352 | . 70 | . 04 | 404 | Alexandria |
|  |  |  |  | 221,779 | . 88 | . 18 | 1,955 | Baton Rouge |
|  |  |  |  | 71,508 | 1.20 | . 08 | 858 | Lafayette |
|  |  |  |  | 74,063 | . 58 | . 04 | 429 | Lake Charles |
|  |  |  |  | 57,648 | 1.03 | . 05 | 594 | Monroe |
|  |  |  |  | 524,375 | . 96 | . 47 | 5,056 | New Orleans |
|  |  |  |  | 167,233 | . 76 | . 18 | 1,273 | Shreveport |
| 380,993 | . 57 | . 29 | 2,171 | 497,401 | . 76 | . 35 | 3,790 | Maine |
|  |  |  |  | 39,656 | . 92 | . 03 | 364 | Bangor |
|  |  |  |  | 34,071 | . 52 | . 02 | 178 | Lewiston-Auburn |
|  |  |  |  | 89,073 | 1.07 | . 09 | 951 | Portland |
|  |  |  |  | 77,155 | . 91 | . 06 | 699 | Portsmouth-DoverRochester (ME, NH) |
| 1,586,218 | 1.08 | 2.33 | 17,135 | 2,065,512 | 1.02 | 1.93 | 20,990 | Maryland |
|  |  |  |  | 1,041,954 | . 94 | . 90 | 9,752 | Baltimore |
|  |  |  |  | 43,412 | . 55 | . 02 | 237 | Cumberland |
|  |  |  |  | 51,310 | . 70 | . 03 | 360 | Hagerstown |
|  |  |  |  | 1,596,466 | 1.56 | 2.30 | 24,979 | Washington (MD, DC, VA) |
|  |  |  |  | 247,689 | . 83 | . 19 | 2,064 | Wilmington (DE, MD, NJ) |
| 2,385,146 | . 99 | 3.91 | 23,499 | 2,816,374 | 1.14 | 2.97 | 32,223 | Massachusetts |
|  |  |  |  | 1,399,302 | 1.49 | 1.92 | 20,839 | Boston |
|  |  |  |  | 79,262 | . 61 | . 04 | 481 | Brockton |
|  |  |  |  | 82,554 | . 52 | . 04 | 429 | Fall River (MA, RI) |
|  |  |  |  | 47,889 | . 61 | . 03 | 294 | Fitchburg-Ledminster |

Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | Artists n.e.c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 265 | '94 | 34 | 508 | 171 | 98 | 311 | 261 | 12 | 148 | 78 |
| 776 | 323 | 169 | 3,284 | 1,666 | 409 | 1,060 | 1,054 | 189 | 873 | 643 |
| 730 | 174 | 104 | 2,204 | 964 | 234 | 957 | 615 | 86 | 191 | 346 |
| 21 | 15 | * | 42 | 43 | * | 36 | 20 | * | 37 | 12 |
| 64 | 19 | 30 | 447 | 103 | 46 | 144 | 102 | 30 | 95 | 39 |
| 33 | 26 | 11 | 306 | 95 | 63 | 38 | 66 | 18 | 58 | 21 |
| 237 | 75 | 36 | 508 | 221 | 58 | 146 | 198 | 25 | 98 | 94 |
| 311 | 48 | 76 | 1,215 | 783 | 262 | 496 | 347 | 98 | 139 | 312 |
| 20 | 12 | * | 56 | 27 | * | * | 42 | * | 42 | 11 |
| 1,533 | 477 | 324 | 3,656 | 1,892 | 488 | 1,357 | 1,274 | 124 | 990 | 710 |
| 71 | * | 23 | 98 | 94 | * | 24 | 41 | * | 15 | 20 |
| 361 | 106 | 67 | 636 | 189 | 57 | 157 | 206 | 21 | 100 | 55 |
| 100 | 77 | 21 | 212 | 56 | 34 | 53 | 131 | * | 93 | 77 |
| 48 | 12 | * | 118 | 43 | 20 | * | 43 | * | 88 | 50 |
| 33 | 17 | * | 208 | 104 | 18 | 44 | 47 | * | 91 | 32 |
| 681 | 106 | 145 | 1,278 | 799 | 223 | 768 | 471 | 65 | 220 | 300 |
| 67 | 25 | 20 | 416 | 232 | 73 | 136 | 126 | 25 | 121 | 32 |
| 354 | 127 | 253 | 944 | 548 | 148 | 583 | 379 | 19 | 279 | 156 |
| 30 | 33 | 32 | 38 | 37 | 17 | 50 | 43 | * | 63 | 21 |
| 25 | * | * | 49 | 22 | 11 | 12 | 17 | * | 19 | 23 |
| 93 | 12 | 32 | 263 | 137 | 30 | 152 | 93 | 17 | 84 | 38 |
| 57 | 16 | 23 | 247 | 125 | 20 | 75 | 59 | * | 31 | 46 |
| 2,242 | 469 | 864 | 5,750 | 2,589 | 1,024 | 3,575 | 2,097 | 297 | 835 | 1,248 |
| 1,042 | 242 | 302 | 2,861 | 1,289 | 455 | 1,637 | 957 | 141 | 336 | 490 |
| * | 24 | * | 82 | 58 | 13 | 10 | 17 | * | 17 | * |
| 19 | * | * | 168 | 46 | 17 | 49 | 28 | * | * | 13 |
| 3,414 | 406 | 2,351 | 5,613 | 2,349 | 1,510 | 4,307 | 2,515 | 269 | 1,039 | 1,206 |
| 171 | 74 | 71 | 739 | 226 | 76 | 326 | 230 | 25 | 34 | 92 |
| 3,815 | 1,078 | 1,525 | 10,089 | 4,257 | 1,377 | 4,788 | 2,818 | 218 | 846 | 1,412 |
| 2,860 | 618 | 1,140 | 6,227 | 2,804 | 1,019 | 2,834 | 1,775 | 176 | 516 | 870 |
| 14 | * | * | 177 | 86 | * | 87 | 74 | * | * | 19 |
| 55 | * | * | 123 | 85 | 12 | 51 | 50 | * | 22 | 19 |
| * | 10 | * | 126 | 49 | * | 62 | 12 | * | * | 29 |

## Appendix (continued)

| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1970} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists in civilian <br> labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1980} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists | \% U.S. artists | Number <br> of artists | State, SMSA |
|  |  |  |  | 136,597 | . 78 | . 10 | 1,060 | Lawrence-Haverhill <br> (MA, NH) |
|  |  |  |  | 114,576 | . 68 | . 07 | 778 | Lowell (MA, NH) |
|  |  |  |  | 78,583 | . 65 | . 05 | 508 | New Bedford |
|  |  |  |  | 43,145 | . 72 | . 03 | 311 | Pittsfield |
|  |  |  |  | 453,213 | . 94 | . 39 | 4,261 | Providence-WarwickPawtucket |
|  |  |  |  | 253,938 | . 84 | . 20 | 2,136 | Springfield-ChicopeeHolyoke (MA, CT) |
|  |  |  |  | 180,369 | . 69 | . 11 | 1,245 | Worcester |
| 3,442,453 | . 86 | 4.02 | 29,660 | 4,211,997 | . 88 | 3.40 | 36,888 | Michigan |
|  |  |  |  | 137,866 | 1.59 | . 20 | 2,188 | Ann Arbor |
|  |  |  |  | 84,218 | . 56 | . 04 | 468 | Battle Creeic |
|  |  |  |  | 53,294 | . 50 | . 02 | 268 | Bay City |
|  |  |  |  | 77,575 | . 75 | . 05 | 581 | Benton Harbor |
|  |  |  |  | 2,006,556 | . 99 | 1.84 | 19,942 | Detroit |
|  |  |  |  | 230,581 | . 66 | . 14 | 1,512 | Flint |
|  |  |  |  | 293.893 | . 97 | . 26 | 2,859 | Grand Rapids |
|  |  |  |  | 66,988 | . 87 | . 05 | 594 | Jackson |
|  |  |  |  | 134,464 | . 96 | . 12 | 1,296 | Kalamazoo-Portage |
|  |  |  |  | 227,445 | . 94 | . 20 | 2,140 | Lansing-East Lansing |
|  |  |  |  | 77,824 | . 60 | . 04 | 466 | Muskegon-Norton Shores Muskegon Heights |
|  |  |  |  | 97,942 | . 59 | . 05 | 577 | Saginaw |
|  |  |  |  | 363,424 | . 76 | . 25 | 2,755 | Toledo (MI, OH) |
| 1,525,010 | . 85 | 1.76 | 12,967 | 1,993,352 | . 98 | 1.80 | 19,512 | Minnesota |
|  |  |  |  | 116,562 | . 85 | . 09 | 992 | Duluth-Superior <br> (MN, WI) |
|  |  |  |  | 69,822 | 1.05 | . 07 | 734 | Fargo-Moorehead (MN, ND) |
|  |  |  |  | 43,307 | . 75 | . 03 | 325 | Grand Forks (MN, ND) |
|  |  |  |  | 1,120,236 | 1.27 | 1.31 | 14.219 | Minneapolis-St. Paul |
|  |  |  |  | 49,541 | . 82 | . 04 | 405 | Rochester |
|  |  |  |  | 74,682 | . 63 | . 04 | 471 | St. Cloud |
| 752,966 | . 50 | . 52 | 3,826 | 1,009,374 | . 61 | . 57 | 6,155 | Mississippi |
|  |  |  |  | 71.281 | . 83 | . 05 | 592 | Biloxi-Gulfport |
|  |  |  |  | 149,179 | 1.07 | . 15 | 1,593 | Jackson |
|  |  |  |  | 405,187 | . 99 | . 37 | 3,997 | Memphis (MS, AR, TN) |
|  |  |  |  | 50,159 | . 59 | . 03 | 296 | PascagoulaMoss Point |
| 1,839,567 | . 77 | 1.93 | 14,199 | 2,259,764 | . 84 | 1.75 | 18,951 | Missouri |

## Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | Artists n.e.c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76 | 32 | 17 | 470 | 124 | 16 | 179 | 82 | * | * | 58 |
| 30 | 12 | * | 316 | 133 | 22 | 122 | 74 | * | 21 | 42 |
| 32 | 10 | 11 | 169 | 56 | * | 100 | 44 | * | 37 | 36 |
| 12 | 19 | 18 | 88 | 35 | * | 58 | 31 | * | 29 | 15 |
| 316 | 111 | 146 | 1,783 | 470 | 204 | 540 | 348 | 20 | 159 | 164 |
| 103 | 137 | 97 | 643 | 250 | 83 | 328 | 250 | 13 | 112 | 120 |
| 112 | 43 | * | 438 | 175 | 64 | 204 | 110 | * | 25 | 72 |
| 3,170 | 878 | 757 | 14,786 | 4,640 | 1,217 | 4.699 | 3.384 | 153 | 1,661 | 1,543 |
| 347 | 143 | 92 | 609 | 284 | 109 | 324 | 152 | 12 | 59 | 57 |
| 10 | 16 | 12 | 160 | 70 | 20 | 92 | 58 | * | 21 | * |
| 24 | * | 10 | 79 | 57 | * | 37 | 30 | * | 13 | * |
| 19 | 34 | 36 | 261 | 73 | * | 65 | 38 | * | 34 | 19 |
| 1,772 | 208 | 298 | 8,918 | 2,316 | 554 | 2,610 | 1,749 | 113 | 534 | 870 |
| 96 | 16 | 27 | 558 | 227 | 61 | 102 | 162 | * | 188 | 69 |
| 255 | 76 | 53 | 969 | 432 | 121 | 427 | 314 | * | 103 | 101 |
| 34 | 18 | * | 305 | 53 | 11 | 42 | 31 | * | 44 | 43 |
| 89 | 106 | 29 | 411 | 181 | 66 | 178 | 132 | * | 63 | 41 |
| 186 | 125 | 66 | 691 | 313 | 107 | 221 | 156 | * | 175 | 100 |
| 37 | * | * | 178 | 65 | 24 | 42 | 42 | * | 37 | 34 |
| 57 | * | * | 257 | 77 | 12 | 53 | 72 | * | 13 | 23 |
| 202 | 117 | 20 | 923 | 418 | 126 | 333 | 280 | * | 216 | 111 |
| 1,982 | 688 | 632 | 6,083 | 2,736 | 779 | 3,060 | 1,783 | 149 | 894 | 726 |
| 78 | 82 | 11 | 173 | 180 | 55 | 125 | 103 | * | 181 | * |
| 106 | 54 | 12 | 147 | 132 | 68 | 54 | 78 | * | 69 | 14 |
| 27 | 28 | * | 87 | 53 | * | 30 | 32 | * | 46 | 22 |
| 1,703 | 338 | 528 | 4,572 | 1,972 | 611 | 2,417 | 1,177 | 114 | 267 | 520 |
| 30 | * | 13 | 177 | 29 | 12 | 17 | 64 | * | 34 | 29 |
| 33 | 31 | * | 152 | 84 | 14 | 34 | 49 | * | 61 | * |
| 470 | 255 | 82 | 2,069 | 899 | 208 | 570 | 540 | 82 | 679 | 301 |
| 60 | * | 13 | 183 | 105 | * | 88 | 39 | 20 | 37 | 35 |
| 183 | 78 | 19 | 440 | 221 | 100 | 158 | 166 | 30 | 125 | 73 |
| 449 | 110 | 66 | 1,113 | 79.7 | 70 | 530 | 377 | 56 | 243 | 186 |
| * | * | 10 | 138 | 34 | * | 40 | 27 | * | 20 | 22 |
| 1,945 | 618 | 590 | 5,720 | 2,493 | 695 | 2,968 | 1,934 | 76 | 1,085 | 827 |

## Appendix (continued)

| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1970$ <br> Civilian <br> labor force | \% artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| civilian <br> labor force |  |  |  | 53,147 | 1.00 | . 05 | 531 | Columbia |
|  |  |  |  | 56,318 | . 70 | . 04 | 393 | Joplin |
|  |  |  |  | 668,175 | 1.07 | . 66 | 7,156 | Kansas City (MO, KS) |
|  |  |  |  | 45,433 | . 75 | . 03 | 343 | St. Joseph |
|  |  |  |  | 1,105,191 | . 91 | . 92 | 10,035 | St. Louis (MO, IL) |
|  |  |  |  | 96,535 | 1.24 | . 11 | 1,199 | Springfield |
| 259,612 | . 72 | . 25 | 1,857 | 357,846 | . 83 | . 27 | 2,966 | Montana |
|  |  |  |  | 52,956 | 1.00 | . 05 | 529 | Billings |
|  |  |  |  | 35,469 | . 97 | . 03 | 345 | Great Falls |
| 591,148 | . 69 | . 55 | 4,068 | 744,195 | . 76 | . 52 | 5,666 | Nebraska |
|  |  |  |  | 105,267 | 1.00 | . 13 | 1,381 | Lincoln |
|  |  |  |  | 271,194 | . 95 | . 24 | 2,575 | Omaha (NE, IA) |
|  |  |  |  | 54,437 | . 72 | . 04 | 391 | Sioux City ( $\mathrm{NE}, \mathrm{IA}$ ) |
| 208,368 | 1.48 | . 42 | 3,078 | 423,688 | 1.54 | . 60 | 6,507 | Nevada |
|  |  |  |  | 240,320 | 1.82 | . 40 | 4,373 | Las Vegas |
|  |  |  |  | 113,673 | 1.45 | . 15 | 1,645 | Reno |
| 304,279 | . 81 | . 34 | 2,474 | 454,430 | . 83 | . 35 | 3,751 | New Hampshire |
|  |  |  |  | 136,597 | .78 | . 10 | 1,060 | Lawrence-Haverhill <br> ( $\mathrm{NH}, \mathrm{MA}$ ) |
|  |  |  |  | 114,576 | . 68 | . 07 | 778 | Lowell (NH, MA) |
|  |  |  |  | 82,525 | . 75 | . 06 | 622 | Manchester |
|  |  |  |  | 58,730 | . 82 | . 04 | 482 | Nashua |
|  |  |  |  | 77,155 | . 91 | . 06 | 699 | Portsmouth-DoverRochester (NH, ME) |
| 2,966,177 | . 97 | 3.89 | 28,686 | 3,523,255 | 1.04 | 3.36 | 36,510 | New Jersey |
|  |  |  |  | 303,659 | . 75 | . 21 | 2,281 | Allentown-Bethlehem- Easton (NJ, PA) |
|  |  |  |  | 90,574 | . 94 | . 08 | 848 | Atlantic City |
|  |  |  |  | 262,788 | . 76 | . 21 | 2,002 | Jersey City |
|  |  |  |  | 230,408 | 1.11 | . 24 | 2,556 | Long Branch-Asbury Park |
|  |  |  |  | 307,623 | . 88 | . 25 | 2,695 | New Brunswick-Perth Amboy-Sayreville |
|  |  |  |  | 4,198,263 | 2.45 | 9.48 | 102,954 | New York (NJ, NY) |
|  |  |  |  | 964,013 | 1.02 | . 91 | 9,834 | Newark |
|  |  |  |  | 215,035 | . 96 | . 19 | 2,054 | Patterson-CliftonPassaic |
|  |  |  |  | 2,156,231 | 1.06 | 2.10 | 22,834 | Philadelphia <br> (NJ, PA) |
|  |  |  |  | 151,611 | 1.25 | . 17 | 1,894 | Trenton |


| Architects | Teachers (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ directors | Painters | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | 54 | * | 129 | 89 | 41 | 26 | 69 | * | 56 | 28 |
| 17 | 18 | 15 | 130 | 75 | 10 | 48 | 30 | * | 39 | 11 |
| 934 | 178 | 245 | 2,139 | 886 | 274 | 1,302 | 578 | 78 | 211 | 331 |
| 18 | * | 16 | 102 | 39 | * | 42 | 75 | * | 14 | 22 |
| 1,288 | 224 | 301 | 3,009 | 1,361 | 322 | 1,717 | 1,060 | 22 | 359 | 372 |
| 100 | 80 | 21 | 327 | 161 | 64 | 160 | 98 | * | 122 | 66 |
| 373 | 110 | 157 | 565 | 330 | 162 | 534 | 307 | 33 | 291 | 104 |
| 106 | 12 | * | 126 | 61 | 30 | 87 | 67 | * | 29 | 11 |
| 38 | * | 13 | 78 | 31 | * | 101 | 13 | * | 64 | * |
| 597 | 192 | 117 | 1,643 | 768 | 281 | 737 | 675 | 43 | 433 | 180 |
| 162 | 69 | 27 | 369 | 200 | 98 | 177 | 122 | * | 101 | 56 |
| 396 | 43 | 50 | 699 | 344 | 153 | 389 | 294 | 48 | 74 | 85 |
| 13 | 12 | 13 | 113 | 63 | 53 | 48 | 33 | * | 43 | * |
| 390 | 93 | 255 | 1,143 | 1.750 | 301 | 502 | 573 | 568 | 259 | 673 |
| 185 | 24 | 137 | 703 | 1,286 | 254 | 285 | 404 | 484 | 155 | 456 |
| 149 | 57 | 69 | 308 | 356 | 47 | 193 | 112 | 78 | 65 | 211 |
| 265 | 119 | 209 | 1,357 | 426 | 50 | 687 | 230 | * | 180 | 228 |
| 76 | 32 | 17 | 470 | 124 | 16 | 179 | 82 | * | * | 58 |
| 30 | 12 | * | 316 | 133 | 22 | 122 | 74 | * | 21 | 42 |
| 38 | 35 | 17 | 221 | 74 | * | 99 | 64 | * | 36 | 32 |
| 28 | 13 | 17 | 262 | 35 | * | 62 | 14 | * | 22 | 20 |
| 57 | 16 | 23 | 247 | 125 | 20 | 75 | 59 | * | 31 | 46 |
| 3,057 | 621 | 1,370 | 13,728 | 4,481 | 1,785 | 5,602 | 3,134 | 459 | 625 | 1.648 |
| 157 | 57 | 80 | 996 | 256 | 74 | 265 | 205 | * | 96 | 88 |
| 89 | 14 | * | 220 | 244 | 30 | 108 | 64 | 14 | 11 | 54 |
| 100 | 25 | 70 | 764 | 191 | 233 | 293 | 194 | 34 | 20 | 78 |
| 177 | 38 | 86 | 943 | 311 | 84 | 403 | 232 | 15 | 45 | 222 |
| 255 | 56 | 91 | 1,061 | 324 | 91 | 385 | 189 | 83 | 52 | 108 |
| 6,109 | 1,168 | 8,084 | 31,653 | 12,340 | 13,824 | 15,640 | 7,342 | 2,439 | 1,070 | 3,285 |
| 774 | 161 | 412 | 4,043 | 1,111 | 471 | 1,466 | 751 | 120 | 129 | 396 |
| 138 | * | 57 | 697 | 247 | 133 | 433 | 243 | 15 | 23 | 61 |
| 2,481 | 602 | 839 | 7,844 | 2,771 | 729 | 3,749 | 1,958 | 304 | 585 | 972 |
| 321 | 119 | 127 | 496 | 244 | 47 | 309 | 131 | 12 | 26 | 62 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1970}{\text { Civilian }} \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists in civilian labor Eorce | \% U.S. artists | Number <br> of artists | $1980$ <br> Civilian labor force | \% artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number <br> of artists | State, SMSA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 58,388 247,689 | $.49$ $\text { . } 83$ | $\begin{gathered} .03 \\ .19 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 284 \\ 2,064 \end{array}$ | Vineland-MillvilleBridgeton <br> wilmington (NJ, DE, MD) |
| 340,260 | 1.04 | . 48 | 3,553 | 547,074 | 1.19 | . 60 | 6,505 | New Mexico |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 210,915 \\ 37,816 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.46 \\ & 1.40 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .28 \\ & .05 \end{aligned}$ | $3,075$ $531$ | Albuquerque Las Cruces |
| 7,399,632 | 1.46 | 14.64 | 107,916 | 8,012,824 | 1.73 | 12.75 | 138,424 | New York |
|  |  |  |  | 372,859 | . 98 | . 33 | 3,637 | Al bany-SchenectadyTroy |
|  |  |  |  | 139,538 | . 94 | . 12 | 1,315 | Binghamton (NY, PA) |
|  |  |  |  | 570,565 | . 72 | . 38 | 4,132 | Buffalo |
|  |  |  |  | 42,846 | . 67 | . 03 | 285 | Elmira |
|  |  |  |  | 46,474 | . 63 | . 03 | 291 | Glens Falls |
|  |  |  |  | 1,228,582 | 1.35 | 1.53 | 16,561 | Nassau-Suffolk |
|  |  |  |  | 4,198,263 | 2.45 | 9.48 | 102,954 | New York (NY, NJ) |
|  |  |  |  | 111,526 | . 91 | . 09 | 1,018 | Newburgh-Middletown |
|  |  |  |  | 112,243 | 1.06 | . 11 | 1,187 | Poughkeepsie |
|  |  |  |  | 467,389 | 1.00 | . 43 | 4,673 | Rochester |
|  |  |  |  | 296,548 | . 96 | . 26 | 2,845 | Syracuse |
|  |  |  |  | 135,878 | . 70 | . 09 | 956 | Utica-Rome |
| 2,049,090 | . 62 | 1.72 | 12,640 | 2,759,197 | . 75 | 1.89 | 20.561 | North Carolina |
|  |  |  |  | 82,717 | . 89 | . 07 | 736 | Asheville |
|  |  |  |  | 52,056 | . 75 | . 04 | 393 | Burlington |
|  |  |  |  | 333,565 | 1.14 | . 35 | 3,804 | Charlotte-Gastonia |
|  |  |  |  | 79,459 | . 78 | . 06 | 617 | Fayetteville |
|  |  |  |  | 424,002 | . 95 | . 37 | 4,037 | Greensboro-Winston Salem-High Point |
|  |  |  |  | 69,826 | . 66 | . 04 | 462 | Hickory |
|  |  |  |  | 29,055 | . 69 | . 02 | 200 | Jacksonville |
|  |  |  |  | 323,677 | . 95 | . 28 | 3,087 | NorEolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth (NC, VA) |
|  |  |  |  | 276.247 | 1.16 | . 30 | 3,228 | Raleigh-Durham |
|  |  |  |  | 94,059 | . 57 | . 05 | 536 | Sal isbury-Concord |
|  |  |  |  | 62,563 | . 62 | . 04 | 391 | Wilmington |
| 213,650 | . 54 | . 16 | 1,155 | 288,011 | . 68 | . 18 | 1,972 | North Dakota |
|  |  |  |  | 40,355 | . 90 | . 03 | 365 | Bismarck |
|  |  |  |  | 69,822 | 1.05 | . 07 | 734 | Fargo-Moorehead (ND, MN) |
|  |  |  |  | 43,307 | . 75 | . 03 | 325 | Grand Forks (ND, MN) |

Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | * | * | 126 | 19 | * | 54 | 40 | * | 11 | 20 |
| 171 | 74 | 71 | 739 | 226 | 76 | 326 | 230 | 25 | 34 | 92 |
| 683 | 239 | 335 | 1,422 | 693 | 255 | 1,514 | 554 | 27 | 392 | 391 |
| 379 | 115 | 152 | 755 | 354 | 126 | 555 | 244 | 27 | 205 | 163 |
| 42 | 30 | 25 | 52 | 99 | 20 | 61 | 28 | * | 17 | 157 |
| 8,691 | 2,195 | 9,361 | 43,833 | 16,836 | 15,180 | 21,274 | 10,539 | 2,600 | 2,690 | 5,225 |
| 590 | 70 | 124 | 1,114 | 463 | 200 | 408 | 355 | * | 146 | 162 |
| 37 | 32 | 33 | 549 | 205 | 50 | 172 | 149 | * | 46 | 38 |
| 296 | 145 | 42 | 1,251 | 729 | 143 | 591 | 316 | 57 | 290 | 272 |
| 23 | * | * | 123 | 27 | 18 | 43 | 38 | * | 13 | * |
| 11 | 16 | 16 | 84 | 36 | * | 28 | 43 | * | 25 | 23 |
| 1.286 | 142 | 694 | 6,243 | 1,664 | 686 | 3,033 | 1,526 | 62 | 328 | 897 |
| 6,109 | 1,168 | 8,084 | 31,653 | 12,340 | 13,824 | 15,640 | 7,342 | 2,439 | 1,070 | 3,285 |
| 56 | 19 | 68 | 323 | 135 | 46 | 146 | 111 | * | 34 | 71 |
| 64 | 24 | 101 | 457 | 123 | 37 | 229 | 67 | * | 26 | 59 |
| 276 | 179 | 123 | 1,821 | 638 | 194 | 633 | 474 | 24 | 105 | 206 |
| 276 | 157 | 56 | 919 | 360 | 135 | 356 | 257 | 16 | 205 | 108 |
| 73 | 24 | 17 | 354 | 139 | 29 | 127 | 74 | 10 | 75 | 34 |
| 1,909 | 834 | 513 | 7,472 | 2,652 | 712 | 1,987 | 1,928 | 185 | 1,551 | 818 |
| 91 | 35 | 45 | 177 | 153 | * | 76 | 83 | * | 28 | 33 |
| * | 12 | 14 | 122 | 61 | * | 66 | 49 | * | 32 | 37 |
| 530 | 91 | 70 | 1,475 | 457 | 138 | 342 | 447 | 11 | 154 | 89 |
| 42 | 15 | * | 148 | 144 | 21 | 50 | 52 | 35 | 57 | 48 |
| 245 | 181 | 72 | 1,493 | 540 | 211 | 368 | 425 | 62 | 256 | 184 |
| 63 | 19 | 12 | 213 | 56 | * | * | 30 | * | 58 | * |
| * | 13 | * | 71 | 28 | * | * | 12 | 28 | 29 | 13 |
| 404 | 47 | 51 | 1,013 | 515 | 195 | 328 | 215 | 48 | 208 | 63 |
| 376 | 133 | 111 | 1,084 | 383 | 117 | 415 | 279 | 29 | 192 | 109 |
| 17 | 17 | 13 | 229 | 69 | * | 102 | 38 | * | 25 | 13 |
| 83 | * | 22 | 105 | 42 | * | 30 | 48 | * | 34 | 20 |
| 224 | 120 | 18 | 447 | 287 | 113 | 146 | 190 | * | 334 | 93 |
| 31 | 10 | * | 98 | 65 | 19 | 43 | 38 | * | 50 | 11 |
| 106 | 54 | 12 | 147 | 132 | 68 | 54 | 78 | * | 69 | 14 |
| 27 | 28 | * | 87 | 53 | * | 30 | 32 | * | 46 | 22 |

## Appendix (continued)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1970$ <br> Civilian | \% artists <br> in civilian <br> labor force | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \% U.S. } \\ & \text { artists } \end{aligned}$ | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1980}{\text { Civilian }} \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| 4,221,948 | . 77 | 4.40 | 32,378 | 4,953,353 | . 80 | 3.66 | 39,768 | Ohio |
|  |  |  |  | 309,580 | . 96 | . 27 | 2,968 | Akron |
|  |  |  |  | 184,086 | . 69 | . 12 | 1,275 | Canton |
|  |  |  |  | 648,281 | 1.02 | . 61 | 6,605 | Cincinnati (OH, KY, IN) |
|  |  |  |  | 905,390 | . 97 | . 81 | 8,754 | Cleveland |
|  |  |  |  | 534,045 | 1.01 | . 50 | 5,400 | Columbus |
|  |  |  |  | 382,649 | . 91 | . 32 | 3.499 | Dayton |
|  |  |  |  | 117,262 | . 65 | . 07 | 768 | Hamilton-Middletown |
|  |  |  |  | 122,305 | . 60 | . 07 | 735 | Huntington-Ashland (OH, KY, WV) |
|  |  |  |  | 99,450 | . 54 | . 05 | 541 | Lima |
|  |  |  |  | 123,677 | . 60 | . 07 | 740 | Lorain-Elyria |
|  |  |  |  | 60,200 | . 64 | . 04 | 387 | Mansfield |
|  |  |  |  | 55,600 | . 52 | . 03 | 290 | Newark |
|  |  |  |  | 70,025 | . 55 | . 04 | 385 | Parkersburg-Marietta ( OH , WV) |
|  |  |  |  | 81,975 | . 67 | . 05 | 546 | Springfield |
|  |  |  |  | 66,732 | . 62 | . 04 | 412 | Steubenville-Weirton ( OH , WV) |
|  |  |  |  | 363,424 | . 76 | . 25 | 2,755 | Toledo ( $\mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{MI}$ ) |
|  |  |  |  | 78,173 | . 50 | . 04 | 393 | Wheeling ( $\mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{WV}$ ) |
|  |  |  |  | 235,866 | . 62 | . 13 | 1,462 | Youngstown-Warren |
| 965,542 | . 71 | . 93 | 6,884 | 1,343,066 | . 77 | . 95 | 10,308 | Oklahoma |
|  |  |  |  | 28,598 | . 68 | . 02 | 194 | Enid |
|  |  |  |  | 85,774 | . 60 | . 05 | 512 | Fort Smith (OK, AR) |
|  |  |  |  | 38,050 | . 81 | . 03 | 309 | Lawton |
|  |  |  |  | 404,179 | . 98 | . 36 | 3,955 | Oklahoma City |
|  |  |  |  | 332,784 | . 93 | . 28 | 3,093 | Tulsa |
| 834,739 | . 84 | . 95 | 6,978 | 1,241,025 | 1.06 | 1.21 | 13,157 | Oregon |
|  |  |  |  | 130,671 | 1.27 | . 15 | 1,664 | Eugene-Springfield |
|  |  |  |  | 58,551 | 1.08 | . 06 | 634 | Medford |
|  |  |  |  | 620,755 | 1.25 | . 71 | 7,748 | Portland (OR, WA) |
|  |  |  |  | 112,409 | . 79 | . 08 | 889 | Salem |
| 4,599,617 | . 75 | 4.77 | 35,137 | 5,358,609 | . 81 | 3.99 | 43.363 | Pennsylvania |
|  |  |  |  | 303,659 | . 75 | . 21 | 2,281 | Allentown-BethlehemEaston |
|  |  |  |  | 57,904 | . 64 | . 03 | 372 | Altoona |
|  |  |  |  | 139,538 | . 94 | . 12 | 1,315 | Binghamton (PA, NY) |
|  |  |  |  | 127,456 | . 64 | . 08 | 819 | Erie |

## Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3,505 | 1,186 | 797 | 13,949 | 5,424 | 1,275 | 5,373 | 4,211 | 383 | 1,843 | 1,822 |
| 271 | 138 | 47 | 931 | 341 | 107 | 431 | 336 | 91 | 83 | 192 |
| 68 | 41 | 31 | 492 | 134 | * | 229 | 161 | 14 | 67 | 33 |
| 730 | 174 | 104 | 2,204 | 964 | 234 | 957 | 615 | 86 | 191 | 346 |
| 1,005 | 163 | 202 | 3,079 | 1,075 | 293 | 1,418 | 784 | 84 | 306 | 345 |
| 642 | 176 | 136 | 1,737 | 831 | 152 | 656 | 534 | 65 | 218 | 253 |
| 143 | 69 | 73 | 1,231 | 501 | 172 | 475 | 386 | 46 | 259 | 144 |
| 45 | 38 | 29 | 278 | 116 | 23 | 61 | 97 | * | 46 | 35 |
| 33 | 26 | 11 | 306 | 95 | 63 | 38 | 66 | 18 | 58 | 21 |
| 48 | 18 | * | 228 | 86 | 10 | 21 | 69 | * | 37 | 23 |
| 50 | 46 | 10 | 322 | 107 | * | 79 | 73 | * | 37 | 16 |
| 13 | * | * | 138 | 49 | * | 92 | 55 | * | * | 10 |
| 15 | * | 14 | 121 | 20 | * | 26 | 42 | * | 18 | 22 |
| 30 | 13 | * | 145 | 60 | 20 | 31 | 49 | * | 28 | * |
| 25 | 36 | * | 222 | 61 | * | 86 | 66 | * | 28 | 15 |
| 11 | * | * | 128 | 82 | * | 32 | 47 | * | * | 92 |
| 202 | 117 | 20 | 923 | 418 | 126 | 333 | 280 | * | 216 | 111 |
| * | * | * | 103 | 65 | 11 | 28 | 73 | * | 63 | 40 |
| 71 | 32 | 27 | 554 | 270 | 41 | 139 | 190 | 12 | 49 | 77 |
| 882 | 394 | 293 | 3,321 | 1,314 | 350 | 1,448 | 1,053 | 72 | 823 | 358 |
| 20 | * | * | 78 | 16 | * | 28 | 16 | * | 13 | 22 |
| 20 | 20 | * | 170 | 70 | 23 | 79 | 71 | * | 42 | 17 |
| 32 | 14 | 12 | 97 | 58 | * | 53 | 16 | * | 21 | * |
| 381 | 219 | 151 | 1,206 | 498 | 145 | 584 | 405 | 35 | 232 | 99 |
| 322 | 36 | 62 | 941 | 447 | 134 | 505 | 284 | 29 | 226 | 107 |
| 1,753 | 448 | 566 | 3,787 | 1,621 | 529 | 1,910 | 1,203 | 118 | 706 | 516 |
| 270 | 82 | 107 | 420 | 171 | 57 | 200 | 159 | * | 138 | 55 |
| 78 | 15 | 24 | 136 | 56 | 72 | 86 | 45 | * | 75 | 42 |
| 1,151 | 174 | 319 | 2,379 | 938 | 325 | 1,077 | 648 | 101 | 273 | 363 |
| 75 | 44 | -30 | 306 | 132 | 20 | 130 | 106 | * | 26 | 20 |
| 4,380 | 1,279 | 1,237 | 14,981 | 5,892 | 1,461 | 6,376 | 3,859 | 304 | 1,793 | 1,801 |
| 157 | 57 | 80 | 996 | 256 | 74 | 265 | 205 | * | 96 | 88 |
| 41 | 10 | * | 101 | 68 | 15 | 49 | 24 | * | 57 | * |
| 37 | 32 | 33 | 549 | 205 | 50 | 172 | 149 | * | 46 | 38 |
| 46 | 35 | 20 | 307 | 91 | 59 | 97 | 95 | * | 47 | 22 |


| $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1970} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists <br> in civilian <br> labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1980} \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | \% artists <br> in civilian <br> labor force | $\%$ U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 217,336 | . 77 | . 15 | 1,671 | Harrisburg |
|  |  |  |  | 104,246 | . 45 | . 04 | 469 | Johnstown |
|  |  |  |  | 179,281 | . 78 | . 13 | 1,393 | Lancaster |
|  |  |  |  | 280,978 | . 68 | . 18 | 1,907 | Nor theast Pennsylvania |
|  |  |  |  | 2,156,231 | 1.06 | 2.10 | 22,834 | Philadelphia (PA, NJ) |
|  |  |  |  | 1,013,903 | . 83 | . 78 | 8,444 | Pittsburgh |
|  |  |  |  | 154,261 | . 71 | . 10 | 1,100 | Reading |
|  |  |  |  | 54,738 | . 54 | . 03 | 295 | Sharon |
|  |  |  |  | 50.103 | 1.30 | . 06 | 652 | State College |
|  |  |  |  | 53,740 | . 64 | . 03 | 346 | Williamsport |
|  |  |  |  | 188,649 | . 70 | . 12 | 1,325 | York |
| 387,256 | . 81 | . 42 | 3,124 | 459,146 | . 99 | . 42 | 4,527 | Rhode Island |
|  |  |  |  | 82,554 | . 52 | . 04 | 429 | Fall River (RI, MA) |
|  |  |  |  | 111,084 | 1.02 | . 10 | 1,129 | New London-Norwich (RI, CT) |
|  |  |  |  | 453,213 | . 94 | .39 | 4,261 | Providence-WarwickPawtucket (RI, MA) |
| 987,979 | . 53 | . 71 | 5,209 | 1,405,262 | . 68 | . 88 | 9,526 | South Carolina |
|  |  |  |  | 54,745 | . 42 | . 03 | 275 | Anderson |
|  |  |  |  | 140,073 | . 72 | . 09 | 1,010 | Augusta |
|  |  |  |  | 177,400 | . 74 | . 12 | 1,315 | Charleston-North Charleston |
|  |  |  |  | 194,987 | 1.02 | . 18 | 2,001 | Columbia |
|  |  |  |  | 49.157 | . 51 | . 02 | 250 | Florence |
|  |  |  |  | 275,775 | . 82 | . 21 | 2,272 | GreenvilleSpartanburg |
|  |  |  |  | 52,218 | . 53 | . 03 | 279 | Rock Hill |
| 248,458 | . 58 | . 19 | 1,435 | 312.022 | . 63 | . 18 | 1,974 | South Dakota |
|  |  |  |  | 55,783 | . 95 | . 05 | 529 | Sioux Falls |
| 1,519,880 | . 70 | 1.43 | 10,607 | 2,067,882 | . 86 | 1.63 | 17,714 | Tennessee |
|  |  |  |  | 195,166 | . 77 | . 14 | 1,500 | Chattanooga (TN, GA ) |
|  |  |  |  | 52.009 | . 43 | . 02 | 226 | ClarksvilleHopkinsville (TN, KY) |
|  |  |  |  | 189,252 | . 70 | . 12 | 1,328 | Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol (TN, VA) |
|  |  |  |  | 219,646 | 1.12 | . 23 | 2,453 | Knoxville |
|  |  |  |  | 405,187 | . 99 | . 37 | 3.997 | Memphis (TN, AR, MS) |
|  |  |  |  | 418,370 | 1.35 | . 52 | 5,655 | Nashville-Davidson |


| Architects | Teachers (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters... | Photo- <br> graphers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 226 | 25 | 46 | 520 | 168 | 49 | 264 | 130 | * | 118 | 125 |
| 51 | * | * | 148 | 68 | 13 | 44 | 78 | * | 52 | * |
| 118 | 27 | 23 | 527 | 220 | 60 | 217 | 82 | * | 81 | 38 |
| 179 | 64 | 12 | 529 | 433 | 29 | 238 | 225 | * | 126 | 72 |
| 2,481 | 602 | 839 | 7,844 | 2,771 | 729 | 3,749 | 1,958 | 304 | 585 | 972 |
| 826 | 191 | 188 | 3,117 | 1,270 | 344 | 1,129 | 696 | 75 | 255 | 353 |
| 68 | 29 | 21 | 441 | 197 | * | 147 | 108 | * | 53 | 30 |
| 29 | 14 | * | 108 | 59 | * | 14 | 32 | * | 31 | * |
| 58 | 108 | * | 101 | 93 | 51 | 82 | 67 | * | 52 | 33 |
| * | * | 17 | 159 | 37 | * | 43 | 16 | * | 42 | 26 |
| 139 | 24 | 44 | 571 | 168 | 23 | 209 | 99 | * | 31 | 17 |
| 306 | 114 | 166 | 1,841 | 489 | 197 | 626 | 430 | 13 | 174 | 171 |
| 55 | * | * | 123 | 85 | 12 | 51 | 50 | * | 22 | 19 |
| 66 | 34 | 35 | 540 | 99 | 30 | 191 | 78 | * | 29 | 27 |
| 316 | 111 | 146 | 1,783 | 470 | 204 | 540 | 348 | 20 | 159 | 164 |
| 1,115 | 436 | 338 | 3,090 | 1,131 | 340 | 946 | 936 | 43 | 777 | 374 |
| 41 | * | * | 94 | 50 | * | * | 36 | * | 21 | 12 |
| 89 | * | * | 259 | 178 | 37 | 119 | 144 | 10 | 76 | 81 |
| 213 | 44 | 30 | 378 | 236 | 46 | 154 | 129 | * | 46 | 32 |
| 233 | 161 | 112 | 471 | 263 | 93 | 200 | 193 | * | 192 | 74 |
| 24 | 23 | 32 | 101 | 10 | * | 18 | 13 | * | * | 23 |
| 295 | 81 | 55 | 869 | 180 | 83 | 247 | 221 | 14 | 155 | 72 |
| * | * | * | 75 | 62 | 26 | 23 | 33 | * | 28 | 23 |
| 127 | 176 | 100 | 386 | 303 | 165 | 178 | 211 | * | 260 | 68 |
| 60 | 43 | 16 | 88 | 116 | 44 | 53 | 33 | * | 70 | * |
| 1,581 | 474 | 286 | 4,929 | 3,826 | 548 | 2,138 | 1,816 | 152 | 1,174 | 790 |
| 129 | 55 | 12 | 552 | 17.5 | 52 | 164 | 200 | 15 | 56 | 90 |
| 21 | 15 | * | 42 | 43 | * | 36 | 20 | * | 37 | 12 |
| 87 | 72 | * | 403 | 149 | 94 | 142 | 209 | 15 | 120 | 37 |
| 345 | 69 | 88 | 649 | 399 | 114 | 347 | 218 | 28 | 110 | 86 |
| 449 | 110 | 66 | 1,113 | 797 | 70 | 530 | 377 | 56 | 243 | 186 |
| 393 | 76 | 112 | 1,169 | 2,013 | 190 | 611 | 541 | 36 | 215 | 299 |

Appendix (continued)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 089015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1970}{\text { Civilian }} \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | o artists in civilian labor force | \% U.S. artists | Number of artists | $\begin{aligned} & 1980 \\ & \text { Civilian } \\ & \text { labor force } \end{aligned}$ | of artists in civilian labor force | \& U.S. artists | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| 4,284,702 | . 82 | 4.75 | 34,969 | 6,574,676 | . 94 | 5.69 | 61,802 | Texas |
|  |  |  |  | 61,189 | . 78 | . 04 | 780 | Abilene |
|  |  |  |  | 86.536 | . 95 | . 08 | 818 | Amarillo |
|  |  |  |  | 270.060 | 1.63 | . 41 | 4,413 | Austin |
|  |  |  |  | 168,154 | . 63 | . 10 | 1,064 | Beaumont-Port Arthur |
|  |  |  |  | 77,405 | . 51 | . 04 | 396 | Brownsville-HarlingenSan Benito |
|  |  |  |  | 41,756 | . 97 | . 04 | 403 | Bryan-College Station |
|  |  |  |  | 143,867 | . 81 | . 11 | 1,166 | Corpus Christi |
|  |  |  |  | 1,535,145 | 1.21 | 1.71 | 18.618 | Dallas-Et. Worth |
|  |  |  |  | 181,867 | . 93 | . 16 | 1,692 | El Paso |
|  |  |  |  | 96,043 | . 61 | . 05 | 590 | Galveston-Texas City |
|  |  |  |  | 1,499,469 | 1.07 | 1.48 | 16,050 | Houston |
|  |  |  |  | 68,307 | . 50 | . 03 | 340 | Kil.leen-Temple |
|  |  |  |  | 35,451 | . 47 | . 02 | 165 | Laredo |
|  |  |  |  | 69,991 | . 74 | . 05 | 519 | Longview-Marshall |
|  |  |  |  | 101,520 | . 98 | . 09 | 998 | Lubbock |
|  |  |  |  | 104,940 | . 47 | . 05 | 490 | McAllen-PharrEdinburg |
|  |  |  |  | 42,577 | . 76 | . 03 | 324 | Midland |
|  |  |  |  | 57,371 | . 63 | . 03 | 363 | Odessa |
|  |  |  |  | 39,996 | . 60 | . 02 | 241 | San Angelo |
|  |  |  |  | 439,068 | 1.07 | . 43 | 4,684 | San Antonio |
|  |  |  |  | 42,195 | . 54 | . 02 | 227 | Sherman-Denison |
|  |  |  |  | 52,489 | . 56 | . 03 | 293 | Texarkana (TX, AR) |
|  |  |  |  | 60,602 | . 65 | . 04 | 393 | Tyler |
|  |  |  |  | 32,269 | . 57 | . 02 | 134 | victoria |
|  |  |  |  | 76,798 | . 94 | . 07 | 722 | Waco |
|  |  |  |  | 57,315 | . 91 | . 05 | 522 | Wichita Falls |
| 397,533 | . 92 | . 50 | 3,659 | 619,738 | . 95 | .54 | 5,858 | Utah |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 82,642 \\ 417,508 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.09 \\ & 1.02 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .08 \\ & .39 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 898 \\ 4,267 \end{array}$ | Provo-Orem <br> Salt Lake City-Ogden |
| 174,459 | . 92 | . 22 | 1,600 | 242,456 | . 98 | . 22 | 2,366 | Vermont |
|  |  |  |  | 56,720 | 1.07 | . 06 | 609 | Burlington |
| 1,761,812 | . 87 | 2.07 | 15,253 | 2,471,158 | 1.00 | 2.28 | 24,775 | Virginia |
|  |  |  |  | 56,055 | 1.29 | . 07 | 725 | Charlottesville |
|  |  |  |  | 53,063 | . 51 | . 03 | 272 | Danville |


| Architects | Teachers (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7,775 | 1,571 | 1,487 | 20,581 | 7,717 | 2,445 | 8,419 | 5,582 | 713 | 3,267 | 2,245 |
| 19 | 63 | 14 | 187 | 45 | * | 44 | 60 | 10 | 30 | * |
| 92 | 19 | 31 | 185 | 133 | 46 | 119 | 94 | 25 | 52 | 22 |
| 761 | 160 | 242 | 1,049 | 681 | 217 | 654 | 321 | 17 | 161 | 150 |
| 50 | 25 | 10 | 333 | 135 | 73 | 123 | 117 | * | 160 | 33 |
| 55 | * | 20 | 127 | 54 | 25 | 53 | 17 | * | 45 | * |
| 70 | 17 | 17 | 96 | 33 | 21 | 43 | 54 | * | 41 | 11 |
| 159 | 20 | 42 | 407 | 87 | 72 | 97 | 158 | 20 | 80 | 24 |
| 2,309 | 470 | 436 | 6,027 | 2,428 | 874 | 2,721 | 1,613 | 364 | 611 | 765 |
| 177 | 64 | 56 | 369 | 194 | 65 | 207 | 158 | 25 | 230 | 147 |
| 37 | * | 40 | 213 | 73 | * | 90 | 87 | * | 17 | 18 |
| 2,926 | 226 | 286 | 5,975 | 1,755 | 511 | 2,113 | 1,195 | 154 | 486 | 423 |
| 24 | * | * | 126 | 61 | 11 | 33 | 19 | * | 31 | 23 |
| 13 | * | * | 51 | 14 | 17 | * | 32 | * | * | 17 |
| 66 | 19 | * | 184 | 94 | * | 67 | 32 | * | 33 | 13 |
| 77 | 66 | 23 | 320 | 109 | 22 | 113 | 99 | * | 105 | 56 |
| 36 | 15 | * | 147 | 129 | * | 55 | 57 | * | 34 | * |
| 42 | * | * | 138 | 21 | 20 | 74 | * | * | 21 | * |
| 16 | 34 | * | 140 | 39 | * | 13 | 20 | * | 50 | 31 |
| 37 | * | * | 65 | 39 | 25 | 29 | 16 | * | 12 | 12 |
| 427 | 94 | 97 | 1,394 | 750 | 169 | 811 | 561 | 48 | 199 | 134 |
| * | * | * | 71 | 18 | 13 | 15 | 55 | * | 45 | * |
| * | * | * | 114 | 54 | * | 24 | 44 | * | 31 | 12 |
| 48 | 11 | * | 116 | 58 | * | 53 | 35 | * | 29 | 30 |
| * | * | * | 98 | 16 | * | 12 | 19 | * | 19 | * |
| 35 | 24 | 12 | 217 | 83 | 25 | 116 | 83 | 10 | 63 | 54 |
| 26 | 11 | * | 198 | 41 | 36 | 84 | 46 | * | 64 | * |
| 686 | 267 | 208 | 1,836 | 462 | 261 | 936 | 601 | 87 | 280 | 234 |
| 43 | 120 | 56 | 230 | 112 | 61 | 122 | 86 | * | 34 | 34 |
| 561 | 101 | 117 | 1,372 | 329 | 175 | 696 | 463 | 87 | 197 | 169 |
| 298 | 108 | 93 | 627 | 262 | 94 | 500 | 165 | * | 103 | 113 |
| 95 | 14 | 29 | 192 | 77 | 39 | 85 | * | * | 32 | 44 |
| 2,817 | 551 | 1,320 | 7,588 | 2,592 | 1,300 | 3,878 | 2,196 | 147 | 1,425 | 961 |
| 124 | 13 | 35 | 145 | 78 | 32 | 121 | 66 | * | 67 | 39 |
| 13 | * | 19 | 91 | 40 | 10 | 22 | 18 | * | 53 | * |

## Appendix (contınued)

| $1970$ <br> civilian <br> labor force | 8 artists in civilian labor Eorce | \% U.S. artists | Number <br> of artists | $1980$ <br> Civilian labor force | \% artists in civilian labor force | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o U.S. } \\ & \text { artists } \end{aligned}$ | Number of artists | State, SMSA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | 189,252 | . 70 | . 12 | 1,328 | Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol (VA, TN) |
|  |  |  |  | 72,065 | . 82 | . 03 | 594 | Lynchburg |
|  |  |  |  | 158,561 | 1.21 | . 18 | 1,918 | Newport News-Hampton |
|  |  |  |  | 323,677 | . 95 | . 28 | 3,087 | Norfolk-Virginia Beach-Portsmouth (VA, NC) |
|  |  |  |  | 53,883 | . 57 | . 03 | 307 | Petersburg-Colonial Heights-Hopewell |
|  |  |  |  | 318,380 | . 90 | . 26 | 2,861 | Richmond |
|  |  |  |  | 106,697 | 1.02 | . 10 | 1,093 | Roanoke |
|  |  |  |  | 1,596,466 | 1.56 | 2.30 | 24,979 | washington (VA, DC, MD) |
| 1,333,708 | . 94 | 1.70 | 12,553 | 1,937,615 | 1.19 | 2.12 | 22,974 | Washington |
|  |  |  |  | 49,233 | 1.45 | . 07 | 713 | Bellingham |
|  |  |  |  | 60,196 | 1.15 | . 06 | 693 | Bremerton |
|  |  |  |  | 57,074 | . 86 | . 05 | 491 | Olympia |
|  |  |  |  | 620,755 | 1.25 | . 71 | 7.748 | Portland (WA, OR) |
|  |  |  |  | 71,606 | . 88 | . 06 | 633 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Richland-Kennewick- } \\ & \text { Pasco } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 838,764 | 1.59 | 1.23 | 13,301 | Seattle-Everett |
|  |  |  |  | 151,574 | 1.06 | . 15 | 1,610 | Spokane |
|  |  |  |  | 198,935 | . 97 | . 18 | 1,937 | Tacoma |
|  |  |  |  | 76,909 | . 60 | . 04 | 460 | Yakima |
| 575,966 | . 54 | . 42 | 3,091 | 753,076 | . 56 | . 39 | 4,223 | West virginia |
|  |  |  |  | 119.918 | . 80 | . 09 | 962 | Charleston |
|  |  |  |  | 43,412 | . 55 | . 02 | 237 | Cumberland (WV, MD) |
|  |  |  |  | 122,305 | . 60 | . 07 | 735 | Huntington-Ashland (WV, KY, OH) |
|  |  |  |  | 70,025 | . 55 | . 04 | 385 | Parkersburg-Marietta (WV, OH) |
|  |  |  |  | 66,732 | . 62 | . 04 | 412 | Steubenville-weirton (WV, OH) |
|  |  |  |  | 78,173 | . 50 | . 04 | 393 | Wheeling (WV, OH) |
| 1,769,248 | . 75 | 1.81 | 13,320 | 2,263,413 | . 81 | 1.70 | 18,429 | Wisconsin |
|  |  |  |  | 141,453 | . 85 | . 11 | 1,203 | Appleton-Oshkosh |
|  |  |  |  | 116,562 | . 85 | . 09 | 992 | Duluth-Superior (WI, MN) |
|  |  |  |  | 59,970 | . 78 | . 04 | 466 | Eau Claire |
|  |  |  |  | 84,078 | . 92 | . 07 | 771 | Green Bay |
|  |  |  |  | 66,916 | . 61 | . 04 | 410 | Janesville-Beloit |
|  |  |  |  | 59,625 | . 59 | . 03 | 352 | Kenosha |
|  |  |  |  | 45,751 | 1.04 | . 04 | 475 | La Crosse |
|  |  |  |  | 178,136 | 1.45 | . 24 | 2,588 | Madison |

## Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 87 | 72 | * | 403 | 149 | 94 | 142 | 209 | 15 | 120 | 37 |
| 44 | 32 | * | 199 | 58 | 23 | 116 | 63 | * | 39 | 20 |
| 90 | 16 | 14 | 989 | 262 | 55 | 230 | 112 | * | 56 | 89 |
| 404 | 47 | 51 | 1,013 | 515 | 195 | 328 | 215 | 48 | 208 | 63 |
| 27 | * | 10 | 139 | 36 | * | 16 | 39 | * | 12 | 19 |
| 297 | 97 | 56 | 961 | 338 | 125 | 489 | 298 | 19 | 102 | 79 |
| 146 | 21 | 64 | 295 | 120 | 84 | 178 | 113 | * | 51 | 21 |
| 3,414 | 406 | 2,351 | 5,613 | 2,349 | 1,510 | 4,307 | 2,515 | 269 | 1,039 | 1,206 |
| 3,148 | 595 | 852 | 6,733 | 3,366 | 933 | 3,620 | 1,806 | 204 | 915 | 802 |
| 51 | 32 | 36 | 205 | 206 | * | 133 | 16 | * | 24 | 10 |
| 154 | * | 36 | 249 | 61 | * | 65 | 69 | 15 | 17 | 22 |
| 55 | 17 | 34 | 183 | 62 | * | 60 | 31 | * | 25 | 19 |
| 1,151 | 174 | 319 | 2,379 | 938 | 325 | 1,077 | 648 | 101 | 273 | 363 |
| 42 | * | * | 300 | 52 | 17 | 128 | 33 | * | 54 | * |
| 2,081 | 299 | 484 | 3,793 | 1,837 | 671 | 2,254 | 967 | 164 | 360 | 391 |
| 236 | 41 | 58 | 374 | 265 | 112 | 184 | 206 | * | 70 | 64 |
| 169 | 42 | 52 | 560 | 333 | 55 | 376 | 160 | 21 | 102 | 67 |
| 49 | 13 | * | 168 | 48 | 13 | 43 | 39 | * | 46 | 32 |
| 242 | 139 | 58 | 1,591 | 521 | 189 | 355 | 387 | 47 | 433 | 261 |
| 100 | 22 | 10 | 413 | 139 | 21 | 101 | 50 | 13 | 83 | 10 |
| * | 24 | * | 82 | 58 | 13 | 10 | 17 | * | 17 | * |
| 33 | 26 | 11 | 306 | 95 | 63 | 38 | 66 | 18 | 58 | 21 |
| 30 | 13 | * | 145 | 60 | 20 | 31 | 49 | * | 28 | * |
| 11 | * | * | 128 | 82 | * | 32 | 47 | * | * | 92 |
| * | * | * | 103 | 65 | 11 | 28 | 73 | * | 63 | 40 |
| 1,529 | 767 | 656 | 6,024 | 2,414 | 640 | 2,760 | 1,669 | 172 | 1,136 | 662 |
| 84 | 62 | 11 | 404 | 137 | 25 | 202 | 147 | * | 83 | 42 |
| 78 | 82 | 11 | 173 | 180 | 55 | 125 | 103 | * | 181 | * |
| 52 | 30 | 10 | 198 | 47 | * | 44 | 20 | * | 53 | 12 |
| 84 | * | 14 | 256 | 56 | 84 | 97 | 60 | * | 70 | 44 |
| 23 | 15 | 16 | 186 | 43 | * | 55 | 14 | * | 25 | 32 |
| * | * | * | 172 | 21 | * | 46 | 48 | * | 25 | 33 |
| 30 | 67 | * | 104 | 17 | * | 101 | 71 | 11 | 38 | 24 |
| 285 | 192 | 211 | 464 | 381 | 114 | 394 | 242 | 22 | 161 | 122 |

## Appendix (continued)



## Artist population of states and major cities

| Architects | Teachers <br> (higher ed) | Authors | Designers | Musicians/ composers | Actors/ <br> directors | Painters... | Photographers | Dancers | Announcers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Artists } \\ & \text { n.e.c. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 611 | 195 | 210 | 2,428 | 977 | 275 | 1,103 | 621 | 120 | 184 | 189 |
| 1,703 | 338 | 528 | 4,572 | 1,972 | 611 | 2,417 | 1,177 | 114 | 267 | 520 |
| 29 | * | 19 | 278 | 63 | 26 | 86 | 60 | * | * | 39 |
| 48 | 13 | 25 | 183 | 69 | 38 | 34 | 32 | * | 21 | 14 |
| 17 | * | 10 | 115 | 60 | * | 40 | 35 | * | 26 | * |
| 214 | 175 | 53 | 442 | 78 | 42 | 172 | 183 | * | 192 | 51 |
| 92 | 28 | * | 92 | 12 | 25 | 34 | 51 | * | 45 | 10 |

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#l9 Where Artists Live 1980. }72\mathrm{ pages.
March 1987. ISBN 0-89062-209-4 $8.00
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[^0]:    Concentration ratio: Proportion of actors/directors in

[^1]:    + Concentration ratio: proportion of authors in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

[^2]:    + Concentration ratio: Proportion of designers in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical

[^3]:    Concentration ratio: proportion of photographers in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of
    1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

[^4]:    t Concentration ratio: Proportion of teachers (higher ed) in state labor force compared with national proportion. A ratio of 1.00 would mean that state concentration was identical to the national average.

