

THE WINBORNE FAMILY



JUDGE BENE BRODIE WINBORNE,
M. JEFFERSON BROWN



"A heart that has truly loved never forgets.
But as truly loves on to the close." — J. K. Rowling



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DEDICATION



THIS (2000) COPY OF OUR JOURNAL IS DEDICATED TO
A 1996 (1994) ROBERT M. WINDORF AND ROBERT
WALTER WINDORF, SONS OF MY BROTHER, ROBERT W.
WINDORF (1901-1968), SISTER, WYLLORNE AND BENJA-
MIN, BROTHER, WINDORF, JR. MAY THEY LIVE BE
LONG AND HAPPY LIVES AND BEGET CHILDREN
AND GRANDCHILDREN.

B. W. WINDORF, WINDORF,

April 1995

H. H. WASHINGTON

WASHTON



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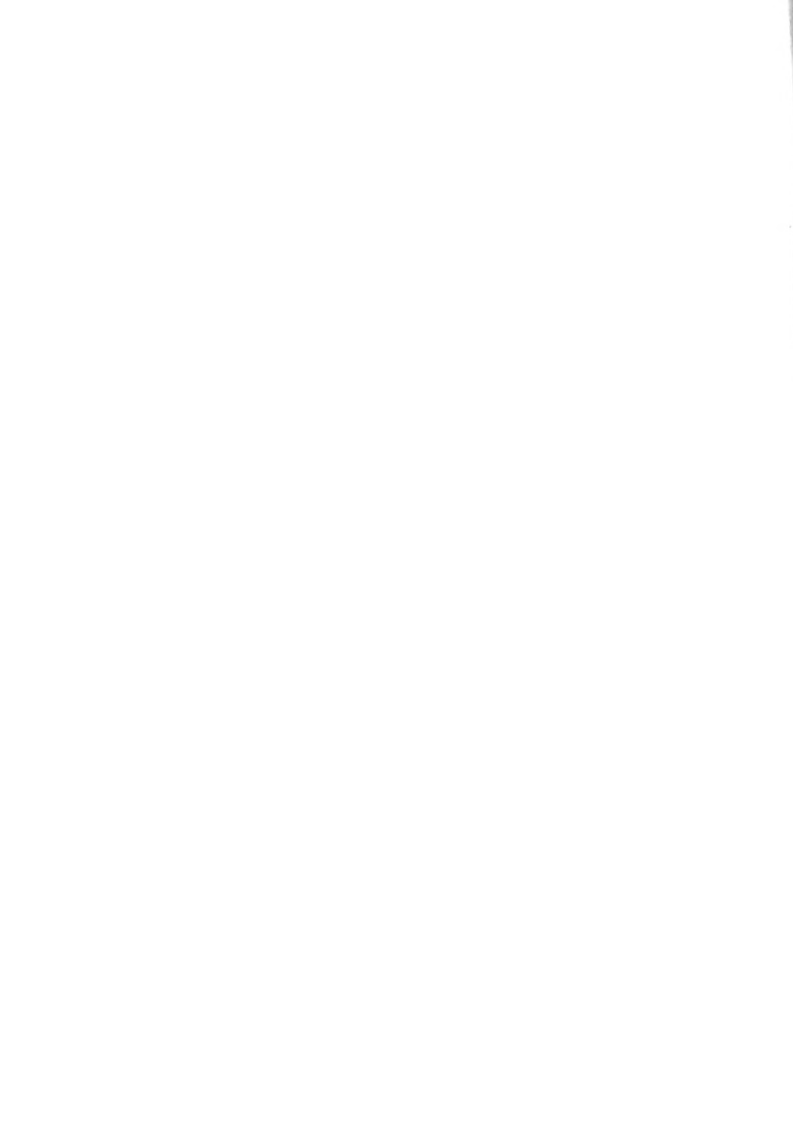
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O. W. N. H. SMITH
1801 - 1871
U. S. DEPT. OF STATE
S. H. SMITH
See page 121



W. H. W. W. W.
1860



The Meherrin Baptist Church, about one-half mile out of town, is, I think, the second oldest Baptist church in this State, Shiloh Church, in Pasquotank, probably about six years older. One Joseph Parker, ordained by the Shiloh Church, established where the town of Murfreesboro now stands, about the year 1735, the church known as Meherrin Church. The name Meherrin, like Nattaway, Chowan, Urahaw, was the name of a tribe of Indians. The Meherrins had their camping grounds in Manney's Neck. All along the line of Meherrin River, on each side, was their hunting grounds. The Indians always selected the most desirable spots of land for their camping villages, and the white man soon learning this, in their search for the "happy valley," and the attractive high lands, made battle against the Red Man, until they succeeded as the occupants of the Red Man's home and sporting parks. But returning, Meherrin Church, after the location of the town, was moved about one-half mile outside of the town limits and located on the land now owned by James N. Lawrence, in the old oak grove, just beyond the present drive to the Lawrence Mineral Spring, so much resorted to by the health-seeking people of the town. Later Mr. T. Capchart traded the present site of the church for the old church yard, and gave the members a nice little money donation, to aid in the repairing or rebuilding of the new church edifice. From the name of the founder, it was frequently spoken of as Parker's Church.

In February, 1825, Marquis de La Fayette, a great General in Washington's army during the Revolution,

HERTFORD COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.



This county was formed in the year 1759, from Chowan, Bertie, and Northampton counties. It was named for the Marquis of Hertford, an English nobleman, a friend of liberty. He was a brother of Lord Conway, who in 1766 introduced a bill in the House of Lords to repeal the Stamp Act, which act aroused the American Colonies and impelled them to throw off the yoke of English tyranny. He was Ambassador to Paris from England during the reign of George III, and after that he was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. It was to the Marchioness of Hertford that Thompson dedicated his great poem, "The Seasons." The old county of Hertford is dear to the Winborne family.

The boundaries of Hertford County when established were as follows:

"Beginning in Bertie County at the first high land on the northwest side of Mare Branch, on Chowan River Pocosin, running thence by a direct line to Thomas Outlaw's plantation, near Stoney Creek, thence a direct line to Northampton County line at the plantation whereon James Rutland formerly lived, then along Northampton line to the head of Beaver Dam Swamp, thence by a

people were kind and appreciative of my father, and have been kind to me and my brothers. May her sons ever be true to her, and defend her fair fame, and the honor of her noble women.



MY APOLOGY.



I have not been able to get any of the old letters or documents that have been in my possession, and I am afraid that we are so poor that we have no chance of getting them back. It is very possible that they have been destroyed. No shame appears in my mind for this. I have not been able to get any of the old papers or documents that have been in my possession, and I am afraid that we are so poor that we have no chance of getting them back. It is very possible that they have been destroyed. No shame appears in my mind for this. I have not been able to get any of the old papers or documents that have been in my possession, and I am afraid that we are so poor that we have no chance of getting them back. It is very possible that they have been destroyed. No shame appears in my mind for this.

young, that were a great deal of time. I have not been able to get any of the old papers or documents that have been in my possession, and I am afraid that we are so poor that we have no chance of getting them back. It is very possible that they have been destroyed. No shame appears in my mind for this. I have not been able to get any of the old papers or documents that have been in my possession, and I am afraid that we are so poor that we have no chance of getting them back. It is very possible that they have been destroyed. No shame appears in my mind for this.

My grandma Mary (1780-1860) always told me that the folks who had come to this country came from Sweden. Their clothes for stock and stockraising had come from the woods near the venison, the farmers and their sheep with

clean shaven upper lip, a style so notable with the Scottish gentry, their great admiration for the beautiful and fair complexion, and simple manners and dress of the "Quaker girl," who so much resembles the Scottish maid, and other traits, indicate the nativity of their ancestors. Wimborne is a familiar name in England to-day. In Dorset County, England, there is a city of considerable importance by the name of Wimborne Minster. There is a Lord Wimborne of great prominence in England to-day. In reading about him I notice he is Scotch. Whether the names were originally the same, I do not know or care.

I am, also, indebted to my friends who aided me much in getting missing facts. My brother Robert contributed to my aid. The records of Bertie, Northampton and other counties revealed much to me. The records of Hertford County, however, were burned August 22, 1830, and again, the court-house and records, except the old County Court records since 1830, were burned by the Union soldiers May 20, 1862. The records of Nansmond County, Va., were also destroyed by the Union soldiers during the late Civil War between the States. The destruction of these records were a great impediment in verifying many facts and in securing others. I am glad I made this effort to build a small monument to the memory of my departed ancestors. Not one of them ever died insolvent. They paid their debts. They were not rich, nor poor. Each one left something to their children to enable them to begin the battle of life. They loved their homes and their fami-

10. The α -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta)$. The β -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta)$. The γ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$. The δ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta + \gamma)$. The ϵ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta - \gamma)$. The ζ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta - \gamma)$. The η -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta + \gamma + \delta)$. The θ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta + \gamma + \delta)$. The ι -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta - \gamma + \delta)$. The κ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta - \gamma + \delta)$. The λ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta + \gamma - \delta)$. The μ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta + \gamma - \delta)$. The ν -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta - \gamma - \delta)$. The ξ -number is $\frac{1}{2}(\alpha - \beta - \gamma - \delta)$.

8. $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}(\alpha + \beta)$

B. B. W.



HENRY WINBORNE.



Nothing delights the human mind more than the study of genealogy. Nothing affords one so much pride and genuine pleasure than to know that you have an honorable ancestry. To pass over the bridge of time, that connects the present with the past, and to see and behold the conditions, the possessions, the habits, the labors, and look into the faces and talk with those, who lived centuries before, is the acme of mental happiness, and the earthly joy of the soul. Moving back nearly one hundred and sixty-three years, seventeen years before the formation of Hertford County, and thirty-four years before the Declaration of American Independence, when North Carolina, Virginia, and other great States of the American Union, were colonies, owing fealty to the British Government, we see Bryan Hare, and Henry Winborne, in the fall of the year 1742, driving into Bertie County, North Carolina, from Nansmond County, Virginia, seeking the purchase of lands and homes in this section, of the land of liberty and freedom of conscience.

On the 8th day of December, 1742, Daniel Hough, planter, of Bertie County, in the Province of North Carolina, conveyed to Henry Winborne and Bryan Hare, planters, of Nansmond County, Virginia, in consideration of seventy-seven pounds and ten shillings,

arrived with the rest of Virginia's delegates to the 1774 First Continental Congress in Philadelphia. On 20 September 1774, the Congress adopted the Declaration of Rights and Grievances, which was the first step toward the formation of a new national government.¹⁷

On 14 October 1774, British troops occupied the town of Henry Wainwright's home in Gloucester County, Virginia, adjoining the town of Williamsburg in York County, Virginia, and others. This was the first time that British troops had entered the town of Gloucester County, Virginia.¹⁸

On the 14th day of December 1774, the British troops entered the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia.¹⁹

On the 7th day of January 1775, the British troops entered the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia.²⁰

On the 10th day of January 1775, the British troops entered the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia.²¹

On the 14th day of January 1775, the British troops entered the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia, and the town of Gloucester County, Virginia.²²

Wainwright's British troops were defeated by the Continental Army on 14 October 1774, and he fled to the right bank of the James River, where he remained until 1784.

ing her life, in all lands of which her husband was seized during coverture. Hence, in selling land, it was necessary for the wife to join in the deed to bar her right of dower in the land. This law was changed in 1784, ch. 22, sec. 8. From that date the wife was only entitled to dower in the lands of which her husband died seized. The common law right of dower, however, was restored in North Carolina on March 2, 1867, Acts 186-7, ch. 54, and which is the law to-day.

Henry Winborne was a man of affairs and was a large landowner. He was energetic, thrifty, of good judgment, and an honorable man. It seems that he married Miss Sarah Hare, a Quaker lady, of Nausemond County, Virginia, the sister of his companion, Bryan Hare. On October 15, 1754, Henry Winborne and his wife, Sarah, conveyed to John Brickle, of Bertie County, 200 acres of land, but since November, 1759, has been in Hertford County, lying near the town of Union.

So far as we can learn from our investigation, Henry Winborne and his wife, Sarah, had three children, viz., Sarah, William, and Thomas. They were born prior to April, 1759. His wife did not survive the birth of her son, Thomas, very long. Henry never re-married, as we can learn. Later on, when the British Government, by its tyrannical laws, so aroused the resentment of the American colonists, as to cause them to declare their independence of the British Crown, and to resort to arms to defend their liberties and independence, Henry Winborne, of Hertford County, on the 24th day of May, 1777, enlisted in the Continental Army of America, for

valuable and interesting information of these prominent people of Hertford County. On January 30, 1758, Bryan Hare and wife, Sarah Hare, of Society Parish, in Bertie County, conveyed to John Brickle 45 acres of land adjoining the lands purchased by John Brickle from Henry Winborne, and the other lands of Bryan Hare, known as the Reuben Powell land, and purchased by Bryan Hare from Benj. Wynns, Exr. of Thos. Lee.

Bryan Hare married Miss Sarah Shepherd, sister of Solomon Shepherd, of Nausmond County, Virginia. I can not learn anything, from the records, of Bryan Hare, in North Carolina, after 1758. The destruction of the records of Hertford County by fire in 1830 makes it impossible for us to learn what estate Henry Winborne left, and who settled it. But we know he left a very considerable estate, as his land remained in the possession of his sons, and a portion was owned by his grandson, Elisha, until sold in 1829, after the death of Elisha. His family having moved to another part of the county.

Henry Winborne had one brother, and possibly several. Thomas Winborne, his brother, moved from Nausmond County, Va., to Northampton County, N. C., about the middle of the 18th century. The records of the latter county show that on July 3, 1758, William Saunders conveyed to Thomas Winborne, of that county, 100 acres of land on Quarter Swamp, it being a part of the Joseph Lane patent. Henry and Thomas invariably spelt their names *Winborne*. That was not the case with William Winborne, of Northampton County, N. C., who also came from Nausmond County, Va., and

THOMAS WINBORNE.



The son of Henry Winborne and his wife, Sarah, of whom we have written, was born between 1754 and 1759 on the farm owned by the late Joseph Newsom, in Hertford County, which was the Winborne homestead. The family records, found among my father's papers, after his death, informs us that Thomas Winborne married Miss Sarah Copeland, a gentle and pleasing Quakeress. Her parents belonged to the followers of George Fox and William Penn, and were noted in their day for their rigid honesty, their plain and simple manners, their neat and unostentatious dress, and their beautiful and exemplary characters and lives. Miss Copeland possessed in a marked degree the attractions of the pure, light-haired Scottish lassie, and of the charming Quaker girl. No refined gentleman can resist the charms and fascinations of the beautiful *Quaker girl*, unless he is devoid of all love for the beautiful and sublime. The poet must have had one of them in his mind when he wrote:

"A thing of beauty is a joy forever."

The children and grandchildren of Thomas and Sarah reflected in their lives, to a great extent, the splendid and beautiful lives and characters of their parents.

of Thomas, sometime after his death, married Mr. Roberson, and by that marriage she left one child, Angeline, who was born about 1812 and died in Mississippi December 6, 1887. Angeline never married. A few years prior to her death she visited my father and my aunt, Caroline Moore, in Murfreesboro. I remember her as a handsome, white-haired, aristocratic old lady, well formed, literary in her taste, and a great talker. I think her father moved to Mississippi, and died there. He sold his farm in Hertford to Elisha Winborne, who owned it when he died. It was sold by Elisha's administrator, as appears on the account of sales now in my possession.

I have the will of Charles Jenkins, of Hertford County, an ancestor of my wife, and Thomas Winborne and Sarah Winborne are witnesses to it.

The records of Hertford County prior to August 22, 1830, were destroyed by the burning of the court-house by one Wright Allen, who was indicted for forgery, and on account of the destruction of the records, I am unable to give more information of my old ancestors. I have had to rely on old private papers, letters and memoranda, found in my father's papers, and the records of other counties, and a mass of old papers which have accumulated in my possession in the course of my practice as an attorney. Thomas and his wife lived true and noble lives, and were greatly respected by the people among whom they lived. No greater legacy could they have left their posterity. Their names and characters I reverence and admire.

His uncle, Thomas Winborne, and his wife, Sarah,



CHAS. W. ...
M. ...
A. M. ...

SARAH AGATHA WINBORNE.

* * *

Was the sister of Elisha Winborne. She married John Gurley, of Murfreesboro, N. C., the son of Rev. Hector Gurley, of Hertford County, and his wife, John Gurley was a school teacher in Murfreesboro at the Hertford Academy, which stood on the lot later known as the Peter Williams residence lot. Rev. Hector Gurley was an Episcopal preacher in Hertford County, both before and during the Revolutionary period. He was a ripe scholar and a strong defender of the English Crown and the Established Church of England. He preached at St. Luke's Chapel at Buckhorn, and at St. John's Chapel. He died about the close of the war of 1776, and left surviving him two sons, John and Thomas. The former married the subject of this sketch, and they had two children, Albert Michael and Joseph. The latter died in Alabama, leaving a widow and one daughter. Albert Michael moved to Columbus, Miss., in 1836, and engaged in the saddle and harness business. Before going to Mississippi he, in 1835, spent about five months in Elizabeth City, N. C., as clerk. In 1839 he visited Norfolk, Va., and Manney's Neck, in Hertford County, to see his kin. He returned to his new home the same year, and married, January 13, 1847, Miss Sarah Elizabeth Moore, Jackson, Miss., the daughter of John Spottwood Moore and his wife, Mary V. Murry,



GEORGE MICHAEL CORLEY
LIFE OF MRS. J. S. CORLEY
SON OF MRS. CORLEY AND WIFE SARAH
WIFE OF MRS. J. S. CORLEY.

same State, where he lived until his death. He accumulated a large estate, and his sons, in the fall of 1890, succeeded him in his business, after he retired in his old age, and were doing well and were prominent citizens in that city of about 35,000 inhabitants. He was a member of the Methodist Church. I gathered the above facts from a letter I found written by him to my father, dated October 3, 1890. In that letter he speaks of his mother, who died when he was young, as did, also, his father, and speaks affectionately of his uncle, Elisha Winborne, his cousins, and expresses a hope to be able once again to visit Murfreesboro and Manney's Neck, where his happy young days were spent, and commune, before the end came, with his kin and old friends, who might be living. He failed to tell in his letter what kin, if any, was his grandfather, Hector Gurley, to Rev. Wm. Gurley, of Hertford County, a Baptist preacher in that county, and who also preached at St. Luke's and St. John's Chapels during the Revolutionary period.

On June 24, 1905, I received a letter from Hayden L. Gurley, of Meridian, Miss., telling me of the death of all his brothers and sisters except his sister Julia. His sister Julia, in one of her letters to me, speaks of finding letters among her father's papers from his cousins, S. D. Winborne and R. H. Winborne, and that she has them now. Mr. A. M. Gurley, in his letter to my father, speaks of the death of their half aunt, Angie Roberson. She was the daughter of the widow of my great grandfather, Thomas Winborne, who after his death married Mr. Roberson. She is spoken



MISS MARY ANN BROWN

not, also in one of my father's letters, in 1845, to his brother Robert (Ely's) Wainwright (aged 27). Mrs. Roberts had just died in a fever in Hertford County, and the latter lived in Mississippi. The name of the county on the side of Ely's letter was given as Hertford, but it was given to Ely Harris as appearing in the records of the case.

Since writing to me in 1845, my father, A. E. Green, Williamsville, Conn., had written a number of histories and genealogy of the Gardner family. I have to this day and soon learned from him that the names of the Gardner family were correct, and that he had a sound knowledge of the family, both in the old and new world. An earlier book to the year 1175. The oldest record so far as I know goes, being English and German, and is mentioned "William de la Gard" from Northampton, England, Scotland as his legal adviser.



ELISHA WINBORNE.



The son of Thomas Winborne and his wife, Sarah, died July 20th, 1829, in his 37th year. Like his father, and his oldest and youngest sons, his life was short, but he left the record of a true life, of which his family was proud. He left no proud military record or official fame as a legacy to his sons, for his short manhood was spent in times of peace. He filled no great civil office, for his life was short, and by nature, like his father, he loved his home and his family better than he did the alluring phantoms of public life. Further, he sprang from a family who considered the realities of life more than the shadows. He inherited the vim, industry, frugality, and character of his parents.

On April 1, 1819, he married Miss Martha Warren, of Southampton County, Virginia, the daughter of Ethelred Warren, and a woman of sublime Christian character. I will speak of her more particularly later on.

Elisha, during his short life, accumulated a creditable estate for those days. He was no large property holder, no wealthy man, but a comfortable liver. His sister's brother, Robert Warren, in September, 1829, qualified as administrator of his estate, and on December 21, 1829, had a general sale of his property. I have in my possession the account of sales of the property, which is to me quite an interesting old document. It records



MR. ELISHA WESTON
B. 1810. D. 1880.

The children of Elisha and Martha were:

Micajah Thomas Winborne, born February 4, 1820.

Samuel Darden Winborne, born March 7, 1821.

Margaret Ann Winborne, born November 18, 1822.

Caroline Ann Winborne, born May 3, 1824.

Robert Henry Winborne, born July 26, 1826.

Richard Winborne, born August 1, 1828.

The mother and all the children, except Margaret Ann, who died in infancy, survived the husband and father. Margaret and her father were buried in the family graveyard on the old homestead, by the side of their parents and grandparents. The widow and her five little children were left to battle with the storms and adversities of life. The children began early to learn the responsibilities of life, and that fact was probably a great help to them in after life. Fortunately, however, for the widow and the fatherless children, Robert Warren, the bachelor brother of the widow, took mother and children to his home, where the widow found a charming home, with one of the truest and noblest brothers that has ever lived, and the children, not only found an uncle, but another father, whom they always revered, loved and respected in the highest degree. The home of Robert Warren was made the home of Elisha Winborne's family, and is still the home of Robert Warren's grand nephew, Samuel P. Winborne. A number of the family were buried on the southern hill on the old Cedar Hill farm. Elisha Winborne's life was short, but sincere and honorable. A true citizen, devoted husband, sincere friend, and an honest and highly respected gentleman.

He, like his father, and his grandfather, left a fair estate, sufficient to pay all of his debts, and leave a small estate to each of his children. He was a consistent member of the Baptist church at Mt. Tabor, in his native county.

The account of sales of his property, a copy of which I have, shows that Nicholas Asa bought his "Roberson plantation," and Ely Harrel bought his "Lester plantation," and the "Home plantation" was sold off by Thomas Britton, who transferred his bid to Henry Laetter. These lands were subsequently purchased by Perry Carter, of Murfreesboro, who gave a portion of them to the late Joseph Newsum and a portion to Nathan S. Hoggard. Of the remainder I am not able to learn. Thomas Britton bought his library of books, who died and left two sons, W. T. Britton and Jas. Britton, both of whom have grandchildren in Hertford County. I have made a diligent but fruitless effort to get some of these books from that family.



MARTHA WARREN.



The wife of Elisha Winborne was born January 25, 1795, at the Warren homestead in Southampton County, Virginia, adjoining my father's farm.

Martha was of the noblest type of true womanhood. She was always bright, cheerful and happy in disposition, strong in character. She had light hair and fair complexion, large and handsome, and attractive, even in her old age, and loved by all who knew her. She lived a cheerful and beautiful Christian life, and was a consistent member of the Baptist church up to her death. It was always refreshing to be with her and hear her talk, as she was interesting at all times. There never was a mother more respected and really loved by her children, nor a grandmother more loved by her grandchildren than Martha Winborne. After a long and happy life and after shedding so much sunshine in the lives of so many people, she died December 23, 1878, in her 84th year. She was the ninth child of a family of twelve children. Her ~~great-grand~~ grandfather was Samuel Warren, who purchased the Warren homestead, now in Southampton County, Va., but then in Nausmond County, Va., from William Gooch, March 31, 1736. This deed is now in my possession. It is a curious old document. Her father was Ethelred Warren, son of Samuel, and he was born January 16, 1749.

Ethelred Warren, Jr., born April 9, 1790. He married Lydia Murdough, of a prominent Virginia family. She was very handsome and fond of social life. I found among my grandma's old letters, an artistic little card, on which was written the following:

"Mrs. Lydia B. Warren will receive company on Friday, 6th May, at 7 o'clock p. m."

This card was enclosed in an envelope equally as artistic, and directed to "Mrs. Martha Winborne." The year is not given.

These were the parents of the late Joseph E. Warren and William G. Warren, and the grandparents of the present Ryland Warren, son of Joseph, and Miss Sallie Warren, the daughter of William.

Ryland still owns the old Warren Homestead, and Sallie lives at her father's old homestead on Meherrin River, in Manney's Neck, in Hertford County.

Robert Warren, born July 6, 1792. He lived and died on his "Cedar Hill Farm," in Manney's Neck, in Hertford County. Of this splendid person I will speak later.

Martha Warren, born January 25, 1795, and became the wife of Elisha Winborne.

Margaret Riddick Warren, named for her mother, was born December 3, 1797. She died in 1881 in her 84th year. She never married.

Priscilla Warren, born April 28, 1801, and married Perry Carter, of Murfreesboro, N. C., a man of wealth and of large business interests, and a gentleman of aristocratic bearings. They reared a family of several

daughter, and I can see how it is possible that you could have lost it. But, you must have had some means of identifying it. The time some of our friends were in Miss Pease's kitchen, Carlton, I think it was, was about 1833, and I am sure that you de frain. So, seeing that you had no other means of identifying it, it is quite possible that it had been taken out of your possession by Miss Pease. When I went to the house in 1856, I did not see the contents of it.

John H. O'Connell, Esq., Newburyport, Mass., writes to me, by Robert F. O'Connell, Esq., Newburyport, Mass., that he has in his possession a watch, which he says was taken out of the possession of Mr. O'Connell, at Newburyport, Mass., in December, 1829.

Samuel Dyer, of Newburyport, Mass., writes to me, on the 7th, 1848, that he has seen the watch in the possession of Samuel O'Connell, at Newburyport, Mass., since the opening of that town, in the year 1822.

On the 22d of August, 1849, I wrote to Mr. O'Connell, and described the watch, and he answered me, on the 24th.

Elliott's Watch, No. 4, 200, is in the possession of a merchant in Newburyport, 1776. My father, who is now 86 years of age, had a watch, which he says was taken out of his possession, in 1776, and which he says was the watch of the late John O'Connell, Esq., of Newburyport, Mass., who died in 1871. What became of the watch after that time, I do not know, and can not find out, except that my brother, Elias, has told me it is probable that it was taken out of the possession of some

sumed an old house in the corner of the yard, in which many of the old family relics were stored. Grandma regarded them as sacred heirlooms, and she so often, in my boyhood days, interested me in telling me about the war tales which she learned from her father. He was in the battle at Yorktown when Gen. Cornwallis surrendered his arms.

Ethelred Warren, the brother of grandma, served in the war of 1812 in Captain Sebrell's company, of Southampton County, Va. He was a gallant and brave soldier, and a patriotic and devoted Virginian. He was mustered out of the army, after the war, in the city of Norfolk, Va., and walked home, in company with two army companions. When he reached home he remarked, so we have been told by the older members of the family, that he was about exhausted, and that if home had been one hundred yards further he would have fallen by the wayside.

Ethelred Warren, Sr., although he lived in Virginia, I find from the records of the Secretary of State's office in Raleigh, a grant to him from the State of 36 acres of land in Manney's Neck, dated November 17, 1790, lying on Poplar Branch, and adjoining the lands of Carr, Ridley and Jethro Darden.





MICAJAH THOMAS WINBORNE.

* * *

News of the death of the Old General, in *Confederate States*, with a notice of De Witt's life, and of his military and mercantile career, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, appeared in the *Confederate States*, at Fayetteville, N. C., on the 11th of February, 1865.

Among the notices of De Witt's life, published in the *Confederate States*, was that of the *Platonic*, of the 17th of February, 1865, published at Fayetteville, N. C., on the 17th of February, 1865, containing a notice of De Witt's life, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, and of his military and mercantile career, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South. He was born on the 17th of February, 1796, at Middletown, N. C., and died on the 17th of February, 1865, at Middletown, N. C., after a long and useful life of 69 months. Mr. Coles was the first to publish a notice of De Witt's life, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, in the *Confederate States*, in the *Platonic*, of the 17th of February, 1865.

De Witt's name, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, were also mentioned in the *Confederate States*, in the *Platonic*, of the 17th of February, 1865, by Paul W. B. Coles, of the *Confederate States*, at Fayetteville, N. C., who was the first to publish a notice of De Witt's life, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, in the *Confederate States*, in the *Platonic*, of the 17th of February, 1865. De Witt's name, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, were also mentioned in the *Confederate States*, in the *Platonic*, of the 17th of February, 1865, by Paul W. B. Coles, of the *Confederate States*, at Fayetteville, N. C., who was the first to publish a notice of De Witt's life, and of his services to the cause of Liberty in the South, in the *Confederate States*, in the *Platonic*, of the 17th of February, 1865.

and after an illness of two days, on September 19th, 1843, he passed away, far from the land of his nativity and the loved ones at home, who thought of Mike as an ideal boy. At the request of Madam Le Vert, wife of Dr. H. S. Le Vert, he was buried in the city cemetery, in the private lot of that good lady, by the side of his young companion, a Mr. Scott, from Virginia, who died from the same cause about the same hour. A beautiful monument was erected at his grave by his new made friends. The letters from James Thomas Smith, A. G. Parker, Nelson Parker, and others, of Mobile, to my father (and now in my possession) about the life, character, death and burial of his brother, are convincing proof that he was held in the highest esteem by the best people of that city. The letters of recommendation from his former employers, when he went to Baltimore from Norfolk, are the most flattering. His letters indicate that he had a very high order of intellect, and was a thoughtful and observant young man, far above the average. While in Norfolk he secured from Hon. Kenneth Raynor, a member of Congress from North Carolina, the appointment of his brother, Samuel, as a cadet to the United States Military Academy at West Point. And while in Baltimore I find him writing to his uncle, Robert Warren, about his brothers, Robert and Richard, expressing a purpose of preparing Robert for the naval academy, and of trying to secure his appointment from Congressman Raynor. In his letter he writes that after getting Robert, (whom he compliments by referring to him as a very bright boy), provided for, he will then look after his youngest brother, Richard. He also writes in-

telligently of the debates in Congress, and the different leading statesmen of that day. He died at the age of 23. His life was a brilliant meteor of merit and native ability. His brother Sam settled his estate. The brotherly devotion of the Winborne boys for each other is sublime.



MAJ. SAMUEL DARDEN WINBORNE.



The second child of Elisha Winborne and his wife, Martha. Gen. Robt. E. Lee is quoted as having said that "Duty is the sublimest word in the English language," and all that the word implies was the guiding star of Samuel Darden Winborne, in his conduct as son, citizen and father, and in all the other relations of life. He was born on the 7th day of March, 1821, in Winton Township, Hertford County, North Carolina, and died on the 3d day of April, 1895, in his seventy-fifth year. His long life was one of activity and usefulness. Having been left fatherless when about eight years old, he and his widowed mother and his young brothers and sister were taken by his bachelor uncle, Robert Warren, to the farm of the latter in Manney's Neck Township, of the same county. At this early age he commenced to devote himself to the duties of the farm, and to the care and support of those so unfortunately deprived of their natural protector. His energy, thoroughness and good business judgment soon gained for him the confidence and affection of his uncle, and made him of great assistance and usefulness. From time to time during his youth, and when his services could be spared on the farm, he attended Backhorn Academy and made the most excellent use of his opportunities.



MR. S. J. WINBORN
OF HULL COUNTY
Died April 1890 aged 74 years

In 1840 he was appointed by Hon. Kenneth Rayner member to the United States Military Academy at West Point, where he served until 1841, and was a roommate of the late Plutarchus Gey, W. S. Hancock. As interesting evidence of his pleasant memories and associations of this period of his life, I copy the following letter and invitation, now in my possession, and found among his papers at his death:

"THE CORPS OF CAVALRY.

Request the pleasure of the company of Mr. Samuel Winborne at their Meeting, to be held on the evening of the 30th of August.

BY INVITES:

C. T. Baker,	J. J. C. Bly,
T. C. Hammond,	W. F. Burgess,
M. Lovell,	W. T. Garrison,
L. M'Law,	W. S. Hancock,
E. F. M'Lean,	A. P. Smith,
H. M. Whiting,	D. B. Sackett."

Written at bottom:

"WITH RESPECTS OF AFFECTION FROM
Camp Tyler, West Point, N. Y., August 30th, 1841."

The postage was 25 cents.

"GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, N. Y., July 9, 1880.

MY DEAR WIGBOURN: I received an hour since your favor of July 5th. Be pleased to accept my thanks for your recollection. I had a note from Peck a few days since, and then I thought of you, and those of our friends who attempted to put him out of the window of

No. 27 'Coehloft,' North Barracks. That would be considered 'hazing' to-day. Your letter shows you have done well in life. * * *

It is quite interesting to read of your past history since we have met, and I am rejoiced that you have been enabled to do so well for yourself and for yours. Your views of life and the past are all good, and it would be a pleasure to see more of you. If matters turn out as you expect I shall certainly be enabled to meet you, and you will have but to let me know when you can come.

Gill, during and subsequent to the war, was a superintendent of a Kentucky Railroad, made a fortune, retired and, I believe, lately died.

Truly yours, WIND S. HANCOCK.

MR. S. D. WINBORNE, *Riddicksville, N. C.*

What became of Wooten? "Tar River" (Hawkin) has died long since."

After he had been at West Point about one year, his own declining health, and that of his uncle made it necessary for him to resign and return home. Although only about twenty years of age, he at once assumed the active management of the farm, which was afterwards devised to him by his uncle, subject to the life estate of his mother and some other changes, and again devoted his energies to her maintenance, and to the support and education of his younger brothers and sisters. Their gratitude for these struggles and sacrifices of his early manhood were manifested by the warm devotion which they entertained for him through life. Having discharged his duties to them, on the 30th day of March,

but took a deep interest in all public questions. He had the courage of his convictions, and was ever ready to assert and maintain what he believed to be right.

Before the war he was an ardent Whig, but afterwards an uncompromising Democrat. In 1872 he was elected a member of the Board of County Commissioners of his county and served in that capacity for fourteen years. During much of this time the Republican members of the Board were in the majority, and it is but just to say that it was due in a large measure to his watchfulness, efficiency and unflinching courage that the deplorable conditions which existed, at that time, in so many eastern counties of the State, never prevailed in Hertford. By his services in this, at that time, most responsible position, he not only conferred lasting benefits upon his county, but earned and received the gratitude and esteem of all good citizens. He likewise served as magistrate, before and after the war, and as tax assessor in his township, and here as in all other positions, public or private, he discharged his duties faithfully and fearlessly.

As a neighbor he was kind and considerate, and as a friend proverbially loyal and true. His helpful hand was generously extended to every worthy appeal of the suffering or unfortunate, and among his neighbors he was ever looked up to for his sound judgment and wise counsel. He was frank and outspoken in all his relations with others and scorned deception and hypocrisy. In his earlier life he was not connected with any religious organization, but for some years prior to his death had been a member of the Baptist Church at Buckhorn.

Deceased in the summer of 1890, on illness as yet unexplained. He was the sole possessor of the two houses on the corner of the property. A ten-acre estate, including a mill race, mill, and apartment building, was also owned by Sargent, when the last of the Kent family was removed, by consoling with the wife and the son, John. His remains were laid to rest in the summer of 1890, in the old family burying ground at Cedar Hill, where his useful life had been spent.

His children were as follows:

China Ann, born in 1796, died in October, 1871, and buried in the family burying ground at the Clowan Baptist Church, by Memphis, Tenn.

Bonham Brown, born in 1800, died in April, 1854, and now lying in Matthews, N. C.

Mary Elizabeth, born in 1803, died in August, 1856, and buried in the family burying ground at the Clowan Baptist Church.

Margaret Ella, born in 1806, died in April, 1858, and married L. J. Sargent, of N. C., and died residing in that city.

Robert Warren, born in 1807, died in 1860, and lying in Roanoke, Va.

Maria Ann, born in 1808, died in July, 1861, and the wife of Dr. Thomas B. Bledsoe, of Cedar, N. C.

Samuel Preston, born in 1810, died in August, 1866, and now lying in the family burying ground, Cedar Hill.

A FEW STRAY THOUGHTS
OF
MY FATHER, MAJ. S. D. WINBORNE.



My earliest distinct recollection of my father was in 1859 or 1860. He was well dressed, rather slender, weight about 145 pounds. He was sitting at night in the family circle talking over the excited condition of the country politically, and that he apprehended that the States would soon be engaged in a fratricidal war. He depicted the horrors of war in such a graphic manner that it made a lasting impression on me. He was a strong Whig, but when secession was favored by his State, he was absolutely loyal.

He was a man of great energy, great kindness, yet firm and as brave as a lion. He had about forty slaves, and no slave ever had a kinder and more considerate master. I never knew him to whip but one of his grown slaves, and that I remember as distinctly as if it were of recent occurrence. Edmond, a large, tall, and stout fellow, had treated one of the slave women cruelly and she complained to her master. Edmond kept sly of his master for a day or so. One rainy morning my father went to the barn, and Edmond was in the room shelling corn. As he saw his master he made an effort to break out of the door, when his master caught him near the neck and threw him to the ground and had him tied, and he whipped him good. This was during the

war, and Edmond ran away shortly thereafter. He was the only one of his slaves that left him before Lee's surrender. Many of them stayed with him for several years after the end of hostilities. He paid them wages from the end of the war.

He was a member of the Home Guard, and one day, while he was drilling his regiment at the Buckhorn Academy, he gave the order to double quick (the members were not young), and as they started, one of the front men fell and about a dozen others stumbled over him, and the whole line tumbled. His loud, sharp, shrill voice caused them to quickly regain their upright position. I thought it a great joke and I went home and related the scene to my mother and grandmother, who greatly enjoyed it.

He also held civil jobs and was connected with the Commissary Department of the Confederate Army and secured great quantities of stores for the government. While engaged in this work, he had some very narrow escapes from being killed by the Union soldiers. I was with him most of the time and learned much of the real meaning of war. About ten days before Lee's surrender, Lewis' Union Cavalry made a raid through Manney's Neck and robbed every family of nearly all they had. They reached my father's just after dinner. They came suddenly and caught my father unawares. He was sitting in his room holding his pistol as one of the number rushed in on him. Seeing the pistol the Yankee drew his pistol and commanded my father to surrender and give up his pistol. The latter refused, but drew it on the Union officer. They faced each other

for several minutes with drawn pistols, each threatening the other. I stood by my father holding his coat, expecting to see one or both men killed, but the Union officer was intimidated and failed to rob the bureau drawers and other places in the house, as he intended. As they went out of the house with their pistols drawn and threatening each other, and got to the yard gate, there appeared about twenty other Union soldiers. My father then surrendered his pistol. They had every mule and horse he had bridled to take away, except one, and they ordered him to bridle that one. My father refused, when another officer drew his pistol and pointed it to his ear and threatened immediate death if he did not obey. He looked the Yankee in the face and said, "You may kill me, but I will not bridle my horse for any man to steal." They failed to force him, and they left, taking every mule and horse with them. The unbridled one they attempted to drive. She made her escape, in about a mile from home, and returned that night. He always had an extreme dislike for "cant and hypocrisy" of all kinds, and he did not conceal it. His bold and fearless denunciation of hypocrisy and deceit in men sometimes made him enemies.

He was a great friend to the needy and the distressed. He never turned one off who came to him for help for his family. During the dark days of war he was ever the friend of the soldier's family, and the widowed woman, and the fatherless children. He never lost by it.

He was a kind neighbor and friend. I remember, in 1868, when his neighbor and friend, J. R. Darden, was

all broken up and mismanaged by the results of the war, he appealed to me in 1866, and the latter bought his farm, took a deed for it, paid him the money, and told him to remain to \$20,000,000 if he could recover from his troubles. Mr. Deane got free from his troubles and my father, in November, 1875, sold him the farm for the same he gave to me, plus the interest on the purchase price. He is now a poor old fellow, but never exacted any unjust return. These facts are on record.

He suffered large financial losses, but his energies never flagged, and he succeeded in rebuilding his fortune. I was his chief financial agent, and of service to him. It is the peculiar part of my life that I cheerfully entered the struggle and rendered him every assistance in my power. There was no work on the farm that I did not share with him. It is a noble thing in entering into his life's work. He showed me a true appreciation throughout his life of my early efforts in his behalf. I so often reflect with great pleasure on that struggling period to rebuild a lost estate.

In 1867, or spring of 1868, I made my first trip to Winton. Two negroes from Martin's No. 1, Riblick Britt and Jim Myrtle, were to be whipped at the whipping post, for stealing a load of coal from Capt. W. J. Majette. They carried the oxen to Portsmouth, Va., sold them and came back home, when they were arrested, tried, convicted, and sentenced to be whipped. I went with father. R. G. Cooper was Sheriff of the county, and J. B. Hays was his deputy. The old whipping post had been torn down and the negroes were stripped of their clothes to the waist and swung to a limb of a

cedar tree, their feet hardly touching the ground. Sheriff Cowper whipped Myrick and Hare whipped Britt. As the green-parched hickory whips would lash around their nude bodies the skin would part and blood fly. This was the last punishment of this kind inflicted in this county. It was cruel and barbarous. I could never favor such punishment. This common law mode of punishment was abolished in North Carolina, August 22, 1868. Acts 1868, ch. 44. Why was the law not changed earlier? Read Prescott's Conquests of Peru and of Mexico. The question is hard to answer, although the American people were Christianized and civilized.

My father told me that he had been informed by his old uncle, Robert Warren, that his brother, Richard, was in favor and stature like his grandfather, Thomas Winborne. From reading the old letters of the family, and from what my father told me, and the pictures of the old members of the Winborne family, his great grandfather, Henry Winborne, was a well proportioned gentleman, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, with black beard and hair, strong body and mind, active, energetic, and determined in purpose. The pictures of the older members of the family impress me that he was no ordinary man. I regret we have no portrait to portray the character and features of this old gentleman. We can only find them in his offspring. Of all the great trials of my father, the one that seemed to exasperate him the most was his disfranchisement during the Reconstruction period, when the ex-slaves were allowed to vote for the adoption of a State Constitution and for all govern-

mental officers of the State, and to and his life dis-franchised, and not allowed to vote. It is not all in all, when the ex-slaves are to be considered as a whole, and the enemies of Southern interests, are to be taken into account and fix the laws, to take the owners of the soil, and the true members of Southern society, who are called a nation. *This was a very long time.* It was a very long time in the heart of the Southern people, as it was the Nation than all else connected with the Civil War. It was a day to Murfreesboro, being his favor, and being to give the news at night to the city, and being to give to give all but this outrage. It was a long time, long. I could write pages about him. He was the companion of his children. So now it be.



CAROLINE ANN WINBORNE.



The daughter of Elisha Winborne was greatly loved by her brothers. As a young lady she was handsome and much admired. She married her cousin, Britton Moore, of Murfreesboro, N. C., the son of Allen Moore and his wife, Ann Warren Moore. They had several children, Arro, Thomas, Julia, Pattie, Lonnie L., Euclid and Carrie, all of whom are dead except Arro and Lonnie L. Uncle Britton Moore died during the early part of the late Civil War. His wife and several children survived him. The war stripped them of much of their estate. They saved their home in Murfreesboro. They were looked after and cared for by the widow's brothers, Samuel and Robert, until the children were educated and able to be self-sustaining. Julia and Euclid died young. Thomas died just as he reached manhood. Pattie and Carrie married in Chowan Comry, N. C., and were living in Edenton, N. C., at the time of their death. Each left children. Lonnie married Miss Virgil Calvert, of Jackson, N. C., and they are now living in Edenton, N. C., doing well and have several very promising children. Miss Calvert was the granddaughter of Samuel Calvert, of Jackson. The Calverts can boast of an aristocratic lineage. Their family history carries them directly back, in an unbroken chain, to Lord Baltimore, who was Sir George



MRS. W. L. WATSON,
only living daughter of
Charles A. Moore and Winborne

pearance of Britton, Samuel, Albert and Henry Moore. They were brothers. They were large, tall, handsome, and splendid looking men. They wore long beard, which they kept in perfect order. Their teeth were always white and ivory-looking. Neat in their dress as a Spartan Knight. They looked every inch like the "Old Roman."





ED. W. WINBORN
OF SAN FRANCISCO
LITH. N. Y. 1898. Size 174x115

traditions, and his acquaintance with the public men of his day, was extensive and intimate.

He was born on the 16th day of July, 1826, and from early youth his bright intellect and thirst for knowledge gave promise of his subsequent attainments. His studious habits, and scholarly tastes were encouraged not only by his mother and brother, but by his uncle, Robert Warren, with whom they resided after his father's death, and they gave him excellent educational advantages. In his youth he attended Buckhorn Academy, of which Prof. John Kemberly was then principal, and between him and his teacher was formed a warm and lasting friendship. In 1843 he matriculated in the University of North Carolina, graduating with distinction in June, 1847, with the degree of A. B. Among his classmates were (Senator) M. W. Ransom, (Senator) John Pool, and (General) J. J. Pettigrew, and others, who subsequently became distinguished, but he was excelled in scholarship only by Messrs. Pettigrew and Ransom. The latter, in referring to his college class, of which he was always proud, has often stated that the contest between himself and the subject of this sketch, for the second honor, was very close. His scholarship, as well as the esteem in which he was held, is attested by the fact that he was the society valedictorian of his class in the Philanthropic Society, to which he belonged. His loyalty and devotion to his alma mater continued through life, and the alumni reunions in 1889 and 1895, which he attended, were to him occasions of the keenest pleasure. After leaving the University he taught school for two or three years in Orange Hill,



WALTER W. WOOD
JUNIOR
S. D. H. S. 1902

Florida, and thence returned to the same period in Tarboro, N. C. Among the names of the latter place were the late Judge Eves, 1903-1850, Dr. M. B. Pitt, now of Edgecombe County. At Tarboro an intimate friendship was formed with Judge Kim and the late Judge Howart, which endured through life. In the fall of 1853 he entered the law department of the University of Virginia, where he remained one year. He continued his medical studies at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, where he graduated in the summer of 1855. Shortly thereafter he located in Chowan County, near the "Wagon" for the practice of his profession, and remained there to reside until his death on November 7, 1898. He worked high in his profession, and attained a high position and success. For years he has been a member of the North Carolina Medical Society, and was among its first Presidents. It has been the good fortune of but few men to be more sincerely loved by his neighbors than was Dr. Windborne. Ian McClure, in his beautiful story, "Beside the Bonnie River Bush," speaks of the old doctor of Drumtochty, "He has served his generation with a devotion that has known no respite, and a success that never failed." The same may be said of this scholarly and skilled physician, whose noble heart was impelled by suffering and affliction, and whose life was unselfishness. In his life he has seen the dawn, noon, and night or day, whatever the darkness or light, when disease or suffering called for cure, and often without reward or the hope of reward. We have a well known song and story of the heroic deeds of those who have faced shot

and shell with undaunted heart; but no man in the trenches of Sebastopol or on the heights of Gettysburg bore himself with more knightly courage than did this good man in battle with human suffering. Upon his tomb there could surely be no more appropriate inscription than the old and consecrated saying, "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends."

Aside from his professional attainments, Dr. Winborne was an exemplary citizen, and took a deep interest in public affairs. In 1865 he was elected a member of the Constitutional Convention of his State from Chowan County, and rendered valuable services to his State in that body. On several occasions since the war he was urged to become a candidate for Congress from his district, but he preferred to devote his life to the noble profession which he loved and adorned.

On April 10, 1862, he was married to Miss Annie Felicia Parker, whose mother was a Miss Skimmer and the aunt of Hon. Thomas G. Skimmer, of Hertford, and Hon. Harry Skimmer, of Greenville. Their children were as follows:

Martha Warren, born March 27, 1863, and now living at the old home of her father.

Robert Warren, born January 10, 1865, and died of heart disease on October 11, 1890. At the time of his death he was a young physician of great promise.

Peter Parker, born June 25, 1867, and died June 3, 1892. At the time of his death he had just completed his junior year at the University of North Carolina, where he had maintained an exceptionally high grade of



WILLIAM D. WINDOLNE
HOWAN COUNTY, N. C.
Phot. by R. H. W. 2000

scholarship, and his death is recorded as being due to his excessive work as a student.

Elizabeth Skinner, born February 22, 1870, and died December 10, 1872.

Richard, born February 9, 1873, and now residing in Norfolk, Virginia, is doing well in his success in business. On June 23, 1906, he was married to Margaret Conroy Winwood, of Johnston, N. C., a member of the castagnettes. Winwood is now on that county, and together with her mother, M. J. S. Warren, born April 22, 1905.

William H. Hildings, born October 11, 1875, and now residing at Raleigh, N. C. He was married on December 28, 1904, to A. J. P. F. of Johnston County, N. C., a member of the castagnettes. He is now doing well in his business as the owner and Chairman of the Raleigh Telephone Company.

Mary S. Hildings, born May 19, 1878, and now teaching in Beaufort, N. C.

John Winwood, born July 19, 1881, and now a student in the senior class at the University of North Carolina.

The death of his sister is regretted by Dr. Winwood, and it is thought that his health at his death soon began to decline. For the past year or two years of his life he has suffered from the effects of an insufficient amount of sleep, and this was the probable cause of his death. His father, Sargent, is the guardian of his estate when he was a minor.



JOHN WALLACE WINBORNE.
CHOWAN COUNTY, N. C.,
Son of Dr. R. H. Winborne.

ANNIE FELICIA PARKER.



The first of RICHARD HENRY PARKER descends from the oldest and most prominent families of the Albion section of British Columbia, to wit, as HENRY SUMNER of Peterborough County, N. C., was a 1800 resident of the RICHMOND, S. C., district, and was a member of the Continental Congress of W. VA. from 1787 to 1791. He was elected to the House of Representatives of the State of Virginia in April, 1794, and to the U. S. House of Representatives in 1798. He was afterwards a member of the General Assembly of Virginia, his own term being 1796. RICHARD PARKER was a member of the U. S. House of Representatives from 1788. He was elected as a member of the State of Virginia in the year of 1776, was a member of the House of Assembly from 1769 to 1771. He was a member of the British Company in the Colony of Virginia, from May, 1776, and was one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence as a member of the House of Burgesses, and also in the Colony of Virginia. He was a member of the Continental Congress of Virginia from July 20, 1778, to the close of the war. He was a member of the Continental Congress of Halifax County, April 30, 1776, and was a member of the Continental Congress of Virginia, where he served with gallantry.

Jonathan Sumner, another of the family, was also a

prominent man in the State from the East. He served in the House from 1779 to 1785, except one session, and again in the Senate from 1790 to 1793.

William Skinner married Miss Jenessa Bond, of Chowan County, and their son, Henry Skinner, married Miss Sarah Roberts. Henry was a member of the House from Chowan County from 1813 to 1815, and in the Senate in 1816. Their daughter, Elizabeth B. Skinner, married Peter Parker, of Chowan County, and their daughter, Annie Felicia, married Robert Henry Winborne.

Mrs. Annie F. Winborne's ancestry on her paternal side is equally as distinguished. Her father, Peter Parker, was the son of Elisha Parker and his wife Elizabeth Norfleet, of Chowan County. Elisha Parker's parents were Peter Parker, Sr., and his wife, Mary Wallace, of Chowan, and Mary Wallace was the daughter of John Wallace, of Albemarle. The old John Wallace home was in Chowan County, about one mile from the Chowan River, at Holly's Wharf. Annie Felicia's mother, after the death of her husband, Peter Parker, in 1839, married Jonathan White, in 1846, by whom she had several children. Her father-in-law became Annie's guardian, and after her marriage a suit was entered against her guardian for a proper settlement. The result of the suit never demonstrated to the plaintiffs that she had been squarely dealt with by her guardian. *Winborne v. White*, 69 N. C., 253.

John Wallace (sometimes we find it incorrectly spelt, John Wallis), was a large land owner and a man of much wealth and influence. He was a Scotchman. A

claim of strong opposition to the abolition of slavery, and a successful business man. He also owned many legitimate and slave-owned property. His *ante bellum* period was equal to any other man's.

The case of John Wallace, *W. Wallace*, was mentioned in agreement in 1962, because the name Wallace was given to a son, Lord High Chamberlain of the Household, George, Duke of Albany, 1723-1798, in the *Peerage of Great Britain*, Vol. 1, p. 388. The *Dictionary of Wallace* (Wallace) Wallace was a member of the Council of the King, 1710-1719. Thomas Wallace, Wallace, son of George, died in 1719 and left a will, not yet ascertained. See *Dictionary of Scotsmen*, R. H. 12. He had two sons, John and George. Wallace, John, died in 1751, aged 17, and had a brother, John, M. D. See *Dictionary of Scotsmen*, a leader of doctors in the 18th century. Wallace, George, recorded in R. H. 12, was a Scotsman, born up to about 1760.

Richard Winborne, son of R. H. 12, was born in 1762, Anne E., married Miss Elliott, *Ann Elliott*, 1793, whose parents, George Elliott, Esq., D. D., son of Charles Elliott, Esq., and Mrs. Anne Elliott, wife of William Elliott, Viscount of Scotland, were born in 1776-82. The name of the daughter, Anne, Winborne Winborne, Scotch, was changed to Elliott. The Winborne wife of R. H. 12, was the daughter of the Winborne family. Wm. H. Winborne, son of R. H. Winborne, and wife, married December 28, 1791, Miss Anne P. Elliott, whose parents were George Elliott's last people. They live with the Elliotts. Anne E. lives at

the old ancestral home—the home of her old ancestor, John Wallace. The old *manor* house has been added to and modernized. It is now an ideal country home, within one mile of the banks of the majestic Chowan River, at a point where the distance across the river is between four and five miles. It is on or near the site of an old Indian village or city. Her mother was the sister of James Costen Skinner, the father of Hons. Thomas Gregory Skinner and Harry Skinner, both ex-members of Congress, and the latter is now United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of North Carolina. Her two daughters and youngest son, John Wallace, live with her. Richard is in business in Norfolk, Va.





MR. HARRISON BOYNT
PROFESSOR of Latin, Waltham Mass.
1841-1892. (Age at death 51.)

RICHARD WINBORNE.



The youngest of the children of his was another, Michael, who followed his father to sea, and was afterwards to seek his fortune in strange and distant strange climes, in November, 1848, he left his home, just then, fraught with hope, for the land of strangers, to whom he was so strongly and brightly attached, and on the 15th of the month he sailed for America, by the *City of London*, he was on his way, for a journey of six thousand miles. He arrived in New York, after reaching 14,000 miles of his father's long voyage. They parted, but he was not long in returning to his home for mother, with the same success, and he was again a termination, in his father's long and arduous journey, in the nature of his father's. He remained in New York some time at Marion, where he met one of George, by the same State, who he had seen some years before, he met with success, and in 1857 he married Miss Magge. He returned to Georgia, and lived of considerable time in the same place, he was a lawyer. I have a number of letters from him, written to his mother. They had two of them, Richard, who died in 1858, and died in September, 1867, aged 43 years. His wife's letter to his mother, is very full of sad tidings of his death, and of her heart sufferings for her loneliness, was a sublime expression of heart and mind. The war swept away most of their estate. His wife and two children

survived him. Mr. W. P. Lipscomb, LaGrange, Tenn., who married his wife's sister, in a letter to me, dated June 8, 1905, informs me that Robert died soon after the death of his father. The widow re-married and had two children by her second marriage. She died June 16, 1878. After the re-marriage of her mother, Lillie lived with her aunt, Mrs. Herndon. In October, 1878, Lillie, while fleeing, with her aunts, Mrs. Herndon and Mrs. Lipscomb, from the plague of yellow fever, which was then throwing its dark shadows over southwestern Tennessee, contracted the fever from which she was trying to escape, and died in October of that year in Winchester, of her native State.

Richard met with success in business and won the respect and esteem of his fellowmen in his new-made home. He was reared to work on the farm, and at the same time to feel the importance of an honorable, dignified and chivalrous bearing. It was but little trouble to him to succeed and make friends. His brother, Sam, in a letter to his brother, Robert, of March 26, 1848, speaks of him as follows: "Dick is ploughing every day with me, and rides, at leisure times, as if he was worth thousands of dollars, and you will find him the finest looking man of all of us when you see him again." Richard's letters to his mother, brothers and sisters, after he went West, show the strong ties of love that existed between them and bound them together by imperishable devotion. He, Sam and Caroline, had black hair, while Mike and Robert had light colored hair.

His brother, Samuel D., was his guardian and received his part of his father's estate from the adminis-

ROBERT WARREN.



No history of Elisha Winborne's family would be complete without the name and character of Robert Warren. After the death of his brother-in-law, he became the loving head of that family, whom he took from their old home on the east side of Potocasi Creek, on the farm lately known as the Joseph Newson farm, to his delightful home, "Cedar Hill," in Manney's Neck, the north-eastern part of Hertford County, when he made them, by his kindness, reverence and respect the devotion of a brother and an uncle. He was a well-to-do old bachelor, who lived on his "Cedar Hill Farm," and his manners and style of living savored of the old Colonial gentleman. He was a gentleman in the truest sense. Gentle, kind and affectionate in his disposition; strong in his attachments; dignified and courtly in manner; firm and positive in character. He was passionately fond of the sport of fox and deer hunting, and always kept his well trained pack of hounds, which he greatly valued. He clung to the old style of dress, that so peculiarly marked the old, well-dressed Colonial gentleman. His home was well known as "Cedar Hill," and it is to-day a beautiful old country home. He was devoted to his sisters and his sister Martha's children. The letters written to him by his Winborne nephews when from home (a number of which I have) show their wonderful devotion to him and dis-



ROBERT WALLIS, Esq.
OF BRISTOL, &c. &c. &c.
The Effigies of Robert Wallis, Esq.
the Widow of Philip Wallis, Esq.
R. 1763. P. 180.

the true intent and meaning of the same and every part and clause thereof, hereby revoking and declaring utterly void all other wills and testaments by me heretofore made. In witness whereof I, the said Robert Warren, do hereunto set my hand and seal, the 6th day of February, A. D. 1844.

ROBERT WARREN. [Seal.]

Signed, sealed, published and declared by the said Robert Warren to be his last will and testament, in the presence of us, who, at his request and in his presence, do subscribe our names as witnesses thereto.

T. D. VANN.

SAM'L A. DARDEN.

ELIAS BRITT.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA—Hertford County.

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS.

February Term, 1846.

The within last Will and Testament of Robert Warren, deceased, was exhibited in open Court at this term for probate and the due execution of the same proved by the oath of Samuel A. Darden, one of the subscribing witnesses thereto and ordered to be recorded.

At the same time Samuel D. Winborne, one of the executors therein appointed, appeared in open Court and was duly qualified as such, and prayed and obtained an order for Letters Testamentary thereon.

TEST: L. M. COWPER, *Clerk.*"

Robert Warren was the administrator of Elisha Winborne and sold the property of the estate in December,

1829. My father's dear mother, Hannah, was the home of the Wyborczaks, and she was the wife of Robert Worts, a young man of Solon, Pennsylvania, who became my father.

While my father was still a child, he was orphaned since his death, yet he was loved and cared for by his grand nephews and nieces, and by his grand-uncles and grand-aunts, and for whom they should be remembered as being unparalleled. The people of that time called him a "son of the noblemen."

My father also had a very good education, and inherited the estate.



MRS. MARY HARE WINBORNE.

. . .

The wife of Samuel Darden Winborne was a Miss Pretlow, of Southampton County, Virginia. Her ancestors were Quakers, and sincere and pious people, true to their sect. No family in the Old Dominion stood better than the Pretlows. The old records of the family reveal that Thomas Pretlow and his wife, Rebecca, landed on old Virginia soil from England about the year 1632, about ten years after the first Powhatan massacre. The Pretlows are of Norman origin, and the name was originally Predlow, so it is handed down to us from the old members of the family. According to the tradition of the family, the male Predlows of Normandy were soldiers in the Norman army, and fought under William the Conqueror in the battle of Hastings, and that the mother of the Pretlows of England, as they were known after the Conquest, was a member of the royal family of William. This is going back to remote days, but they are family traditions, and it is proper to transmit them to our posterity. Returning to the genealogy of the family as an American product, we learn that Thomas Pretlow and his wife, Rebecca, had by their marriage two sons, Joseph and Thomas, and one daughter, Charlotte.

The latter married a Mr. Harrison, who lived on James River in Virginia. I can not trace the history



Mrs. M. W. PRELLOW
Died at Meriden, Ct. Wisconsin,
April 1, 1901, aged 72 years and 7 months.

of this heritage. I, like Mr. Sewall, do not aver that they are present on either side of the same time and in the same place. I have no such history.

—From among the 1878-1887 issue of *The Old Country*, 1900, in *West's "Genealogy of O. P. Peabody, Genl., U. S. Army,"* (W. H. Peabody, 1900) we learn that Mr. Peabody was traveling the western coast of the continent of the United States. Office: He is reported to have been in San Francisco. In the same issue of *The Old Country*, Miss Prichard, of South Carolina, writes: "My mother has become acquainted with a young man, of the same dimensions as the Peabody of O. P. Peabody, of the eye of his ancestors, of Massachusetts, and of the same surname. I do not know where he is, but he is a very interesting fellow. O. P. Peabody is in New York. He learns of me, I suppose, and sends me a card with a ticket for a train."

There are two families of the Peabody name in Virginia. My mother's was a branch of the Peabody, and the other two were branches of the Peabody. My mother's grandfather was the Peabody of the name of Miss Ann Shepard, of South Carolina, U. S. A. They had only one child, John, who married Miss Mary Hale, dau. of S. 1818, of the name of the Howe of Nantucket, Co. N. Y. I have 1860 issue of Miss Sarah Shephard, of Nantucket, Co. N. Y., sister of Solomon Shephard, of the name of the Peabody.

Joseph Peabody and Elizabeth, Mary Howe, were the parents of my mother, Mary Howe Peabody, of Peabody.

low. Their children were: Zelinda Ann, born July 4, 1819. Robert Scott, born April 7, 1821. Joseph, born December 1, 1822, and died in 1862, unmarried. John, born April 12, 1825, and died December 19, 1901. He married the accomplished Miss Deborah Rieks, of Richmond, Va. They had no child. The widow still survives, and lives at his old homestead, about five miles from Franklin, Va. Mary Hare, born January 30, 1828. Sarah C., born September 18, 1832. Elizabeth A., born February 12, 1835, and died at my father's July 10, 1863, from typhoid fever. She was a very beautiful and attractive woman, and had many admirers.

My father qualified in Southampton County, Va., on the estate of my mother's brother, Joseph, and in the winter of sixty-three and four carried me to the late home of my uncle and left me there with the overseer to look after matters and report to him when he would come up. I remember some of my experiences while there. My uncle was a Quaker and did not own slaves, but he had four or five negro boys "bound to him," and they remained after his death until the end of the war and the estate was closed up. These boys occupied a house in the corner of the yard, and the potato cellar was under that house. I would often go over to this house at night and the boys would roast potatoes for me, and pick the banjo and dance for my amusement. It would amuse my father very much when he would come up and listen to my description of the dances. Zuni and Ivor stations, on N. and W. Railroad, were the only nearby towns. That is where I went to buy a little candy.

Mrs. Mary Scott Proctor, who had long been as faithful a friend and confidante of Mrs. Sewall's as she had been a devoted one to her, died on the 28th of September, 1849, at the residence of her daughter, Miss Susan Proctor, at Cambridgeport. Mrs. Sewall, on receiving the news, immediately called on her, and was accompanied by Mr. Pillsbury, who had been invited by Susan Proctor to accompany her. The lady, on seeing Mrs. Sewall, exclaimed, "Dear Mrs. Proctor, what a pleasure it is to see you!" and then she said, "I have been so glad to hear of your recovery, and I have been so glad to hear of your recovery, and I have been so glad to hear of your recovery."

George A. Phillips, who had been a friend of Mrs. Sewall's since her first marriage, died on the 28th of September, 1849, at the residence of his daughter, Miss Susan Proctor, at Cambridgeport. Mrs. Sewall, on receiving the news, immediately called on her, and was accompanied by Mr. Pillsbury, who had been invited by Susan Proctor to accompany her. The lady, on seeing Mrs. Sewall, exclaimed, "Dear Mrs. Proctor, what a pleasure it is to see you!" and then she said, "I have been so glad to hear of your recovery, and I have been so glad to hear of your recovery, and I have been so glad to hear of your recovery."

Edwin P. Sewall, who had been a friend of Mrs. Sewall's since her first marriage, died on the 28th of September, 1849, at the residence of his daughter, Miss Susan Proctor, at Cambridgeport.

and Farmers Bank of Nausmond, in Suffolk. He is, also, a well equipped lawyer in full practice. He is now on Governor Montague's staff and ranks as Colonel. He married Miss Orelia Lee, daughter of Col. P. H. Lee, of his county, and a distinguished officer in the Confederate army. His wife died several years ago, leaving one son, Pretlow, and one daughter, Bettie. He has never re-married. Fortune smiles upon his labors.

Robert S. Pretlow married Miss Isabella H. Cook, of Isle of Wight County, Va. He lived at his father's old home until about 1860 or 1861, when he moved with his family to Dublin, State of Indiana, where they lived to his death, February 24, 1885. They had eight children, James, Deborah, Mary, Bell, Joseph, Clotilda, Robert E. and Elizabeth. James returned to Virginia about 1890, married a lady in Nausmond County, and several years thereafter died in Franklin, Va., where his widow and children now reside. Deborah never married, but devoted much of her life to teaching. The last I heard of her she, by a very wise and judicious investment of her money in some real estate, had accumulated a considerable estate and was living in Minneapolis, Minn. Robert is a doctor in Indiana. Clotilda is a missionary in Gibara, Cuba. The whole family were sincere members of the Quaker church, and all highly educated. Most of the children live in Indiana. Mary Hare Pretlow married February 18, 1846, James Massenburg, of Southampton County, Va., who only lived six months and four days after the marriage. She had one child by the marriage, James Pretlow Massenburg, now of Henderson, N. C., and who married Miss Carrie



1888
S. W. M. 1888
The Mass. 1888

Mary and her husband, S. D. Winborne, are buried side by side on the southern hill of the "Cedar Hill Farm," with a marble arch connecting the heads of the two graves, on which is the following inscription:

"They steered their course to the same quiet shore,
Not parted long, and now to part no more."

Placed there by their devoted children.

My mother left a will, but appointed no executor. Samuel, and I, qualified as administrators *cum testamento annexo*, and settled her estate.





Mrs. M. J. [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

CLARA ANN WINBORNE.



The eldest daughter was born at Seward D., and Mary H. Winborne died in M. C. C. in 1861, 1866, attending school at the C. B. F. Institution for 15 years, after a brief illness she was laid out in Seward on a coffin hill at home.

MARY ELIZABETH WINBORNE.



The second daughter was born at S. D. and M. H. Winborne died at the C. B. F. Institution in M. C. C. treeshops in February, 1873, after three days illness. She was then at Georgetown University, Washington, D. C., but the shocking and sorrowful news of her death reached her. When we were obliged to convey word that she had departed for heaven, the cause was soon perceived, her reply being that she was on the visit to me by Rev. and Mrs. Canning, the day when she died.

BENJAMIN BRODIE WINBORNE.

•••

The eldest son of Samuel D. Winborne was born on April 14, 1851, at the family homestead, Cedar Hill, in Manney's Neck, Hertford County, North Carolina. At the time of his birth his uncle, Dr. R. H. Winborne, was attending lectures at the University of Virginia, and at the suggestion of the latter he was named Benjamin Brodie, in honor of a distinguished English Surgeon, for whom Dr. Winborne had great admiration. In youth he attended Buckhorn Academy, a flourishing classical school, of which Capt. J. H. Picot, a graduate of Columbia College, of New York, was principal. In 1871 he entered Wake Forest College, where he remained for one year, and thereafter continued his studies in Columbian University in Washington, D. C., receiving from the latter the degree of B. L. in June, 1874. He then studied for one year in the office of Judge W. N. H. Smith and Hon. George V. Strong, of Raleigh, N. C., and began the practice of law in June, 1875, in Winton, N. C., having received his license from the Supreme Court of the State the preceding February and before he had attained his majority. He soon won his way to the front rank of his profession, and for a number of years has been one of the leading and most successful members of the bar in the Eastern part of the State. In 1877 he was elected Solicitor of the Inferior Court of Hertford County—a Court of limited



HON. R. B. WENDORN
January 1904.



CHARLES W. WOODS
SON OF HONORABLE JOHN W. WOODS
OF ...



100 B. W. STORNIER
No. 1, Williams and Mass. Co. 21
Williamsburg, Va.

Uriah Vaughan Winborne, born May 13, 1884, who died in infancy on August 5, 1884.

Stanley Winborne, born August 25, 1886, and now a young man of bright promise and a student at the University of North Carolina. He was named for Judge Stanley Matthews, whose intellectual and legal ability his father greatly admired.

Benjamin Brodie Winborne, Jr., born November 10, 1889, and now attending school in Murfreesboro, N. C.

Micajah Winborne, born February 3, 1896, died June 6, 1896. A more comprehensive sketch of the subject hereof will be found in the Biographical History of North Carolina, published in 1905.

R. W. W.





MRS. MARGARET ELLA SAVAGE.

* * *

Her third daughter is a wife of the Rev. Dr. Samuel D. Hunt, M. D., H. W. Mass., Jr., Surgeon, Mar. 16, 1882; LeRoy D. Savage, of Norfolk, Va. He was then a member of the firm of Savage, Sen & Co., then on doing a large and profitable commission business. After several years the firm dissolved and he became connected with other firms in the same line of business up to his death, April 11, 1904. A few years ago for several years performed a similar service in connection with the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company on Chatham Avenue, Norfolk, Va. He is the son of Col. Alexander Savage, a distinguished Confederate soldier, and a son of Mrs. LeRoy of Newmarket, County, Va. His mother is the daughter of Samuel W. Hunt, born April 26, 1836; M. D., LeRoy, born March 14, 1885; Karib, born March 2, 1887; LeRoy John, born October 11, 1889; Sarah E., born April 24, 1892, and Margaret Ella, born September 7, 1900, all born at the same place, where she now lives.

My sister Ella grew up in the C. B. F. Institute at Murfreesboro in the class of 1870. She is a quiet, refined and charming person. She has had a hard struggle to get along and support an able-bodied and grown. She is philosophical and placid under all circumstances. She received about \$2,000 insurance money from her husband's insurance for her benefit, and

about the same amount from her father's estate, and her home was given to her by her father. With this help, and by the best of management she has succeeded in getting along well, educated her children as they grew up, and is a prince of a little woman. She has added to her income by taking a few select boarders. She has enlarged her home and now she is comfortably fixed. A kind Providence has blessed her, and her splendid judgment, strong and clear mind, and exalted Christian character make her the lovely heroine of the family. I think she is more like, and the best representative of the family, of our father. May she always be happy, is the wish of the writer.





ROBERT WARREN WINBORNE.



THE second son of Samuel D. Warren, he was born at Meriden, Conn., July 22, 1831. He was educated at the common schools of his native town, at the Meriden Academy, and at the University of Vermont. He was admitted to the bar in 1854, and practiced law in Meriden until 1857, when he removed to New York City, where he continued to practice until 1861. He was admitted to the bar in New York in 1861, and practiced law in New York City until 1864, when he removed to New Haven, Conn., where he practiced law until 1867. He was admitted to the bar in Connecticut in 1867, and practiced law in New Haven until 1870, when he removed to Meriden, Conn., where he practiced law until 1873. He was admitted to the bar in Massachusetts in 1873, and practiced law in Boston until 1876, when he removed to New York City, where he practiced law until 1879. He was admitted to the bar in New York in 1879, and practiced law in New York City until 1881.

receiving the A. B. degree. From September, 1881, to January, 1882, he and Locke Craig, another graduate of the University, taught school and were the principals in the Chapel Hill Academy. From January, 1882, to June, 1882, he taught school at Rialto, Chatham County, N. C. He read law during the time he was teaching and obtained his license to practice in February, 1883. In May, 1883, he located in Murfreesboro, and joined the writer in the practice of law, under the firm name of Winborne & Bro. He quickly came to the front as a sound lawyer and an attractive speaker. We had a large practice. In the fall of 1885, in the 24th year of his age, he was elected, as a Democrat, to the Legislature of his State. He was the first Democrat elected to represent the county in the General Assembly since the days of reconstruction. By his pleasant and courtly manners, his quickness and readiness in debate, and his ability as a lawyer and a student, he made considerable reputation and added largely to his roll of friends in the State. His knightly and chivalrous bearing, and fondness for the sublime and beautiful, has always made him a delightful companion. On November 24, 1887, he married in Chicago, Ill., Miss Dora Merrifield, at the home of her sister. He met Miss Merrifield when she was teaching at the C. B. F. Institute for young ladies, in Murfreesboro. She was from Valparaiso, Ind., and the daughter of Judge Thomas J. Merrifield and wife, Katherine, of Valparaiso. Bob was attracted to her by her great beauty and remarkable intellectual attainments. They had two children, Roger M., born August 1, 1889, and Robert W., Jr., born May 10, 1892. They



EDGER M. WINES, JR.
L. ANGELL



L. W. WINDORNE
CHICKS

the most living. Roger has State's consent to his name, but a name number of 150,000.

In May, 1891, Bob Williams, of the Big Murtrees home in Buena Vista, Virginia, was coming home from Rockingham, Va., on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, between Lexington and Frying Pan, Va.

In 1897-8 he represented his constituents in the Legislature of Virginia, and was elected to the office for the nomination as one of the members of the county to the recent Constitutional Convention in Virginia, the contest, being between Congressman St. George Tucker and himself. None of these rival candidates were able to get the "black horse" vote, and he was elected. He was the local attorney, and in 1898 he was elected to Buena Vista, from 1898 to 1900. He then resigned and moved to Rockingham, Virginia, where he resides and is now engaged in the practice of his profession. During his wife's illness he was in the hospital on February 23, 1903, at the residence of Robert Williams, Murtrees home, the younger son of the late Gen. Bob Williams, the lady of which was then living with him as his first wife. He is a well known lawyer, a sober, sensible, and a very intelligent and beautiful specimen of his race, and is the true brother and successor of Mr. Williams, and family line long. Robert Williams, the younger son of a woman and a noble and distinguished Member of the grandfather of Roger and Robert Williams, was a lawyer and jurist. He is a prominent Mason and in politics a Democrat. He was a delegate to the National

Democratic Convention that nominated Horatio S. Seymour, of New York, for President of the United States. He married Miss Pauline Skinner, of New York, October 9, 1856. His parents were John Merrifield and wife, Katherine, of Benton, Yates County, N. Y. His wife's father died when she was very young. She had two brothers, Samuel Skinner, a wealthy gentleman of Valparaiso, and William Skinner, of North Topeka, Kansas.





MRS. ANNE M. BERRIDGE WIMBORNE
G. M. N. Y.

MRS. MARTHA ANNIE BURBAGE.

* * *

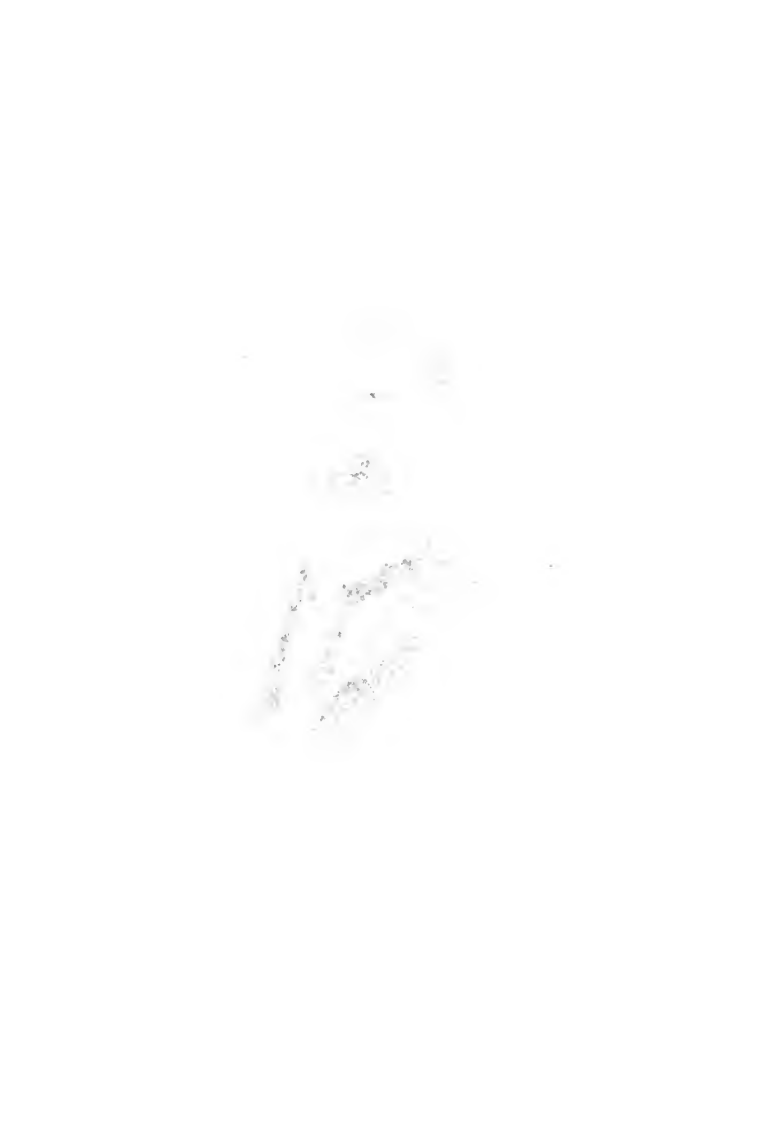
The youngest of a large family, Mrs. Burbage was a devoted child to her parents, and on their death and administered greatly to their comfort and business, as they were closing the book of life. In her spirit is more like her mother than any of the remaining six children, also, much of her mother's fine and accurate sense of perception, bright and sunny disposition, her moral and earnestness in the discharge of her various duties. On her mother's death in 1887, she was left by Dr. Tracy L. Burbage, her father, a large tract of land, Marnoy's Neck, and the care of the same, to her mother's father parents. The tract of land is situated on a mile north of the old town of Georgetown. They now have a beautiful garden, and are rearing six children, being, in order of age, Helen, born 1881; Landon, Windome, born December 8, 1887; Mary O'Neil, born October 28, 1890; Susan, Tracey, born March 27, 1896; Annie K. E. Abel, born July 19, 1896; Melham, Preble, born March 29, 1897; and Irene, born February 16, 1898. Her husband, F. C. Burbage, born April 5, 1890, and died July 27, 1896.

Annie is a beautiful young lady, and her husband, Mr. Burkhorn, is a well-to-do gentleman, and an accomplished lady in her field, being a widow of her first husband, who is now a successful business proposition. Annie was educated in the C. B. I. Institute in Murr

SAMUEL PRETLOW WINBORNE.



The youngest child of Samuel D. Winborne and his wife, Mary H., was the companion of his father, and the dutiful and loving son of his mother, in their declining years. "He was the staff of their old age." He never completed his education. His school days were spent at the old Buckhorn Academy, near his home, Horner's Military School, at Oxford, N. C., and one year at the University of North Carolina. He is our father's successor, as owner and occupant of the old homestead in Manney's Neck. On the 2d day of November, 1892, he married the accomplished, the modest and educated daughter of Rev. Reuben Jones, of Churchland, Va., Miss Jessie Jones. They have four children—all girls—Mary Pretlow, born August 10, 1893; Annie Sue, born September 17, 1895; Helen, born June 22, 1897; Dora, born November 29, 1900. Jessie's mother was Miss Susan Perry Deanes, who died in April, 1862, leaving her husband, the Rev. Reuben Jones, surviving her. He died in December, 1885, in his 77th year, while he was pastor of the Baptist church at Churchland, Norfolk County, Va., and after serving that church as pastor for forty-two years. He was an eloquent and good man. Sam and Jessie are staunch Baptists and consistent members of Buckhorn Church. He is a Justice of the Peace and a member of the





S. P. WINDGEL, Esq.
CINCINNATI



Mrs. S. L. WINBORN

County Board of Education of his society, and one of the deacons of his church.

Samuel is a successful farmer, a good workman, and presides with dignity and ease at the court-meeting of Robert Warren and his father, Miles Wadsworth. May he draw inspiration from the noble ancestors and live long to enjoy his interesting family.



URIAH VAUGHAN.



The father of Nellie, the wife of the author of these sketches, and Rosa, the wife of Robert W. Winborne, was a remarkable man. He was the younger son of John Vaughan and his wife, Sarah Vaughan, *nee* Rogers, who lived on a farm about three miles from Murfreesboro. They were people in comfortable circumstances and with strong native intellects. When young he was restless and anxious to engage in the mercantile business. At the early age of 15 he left school and his home, and came to Murfreesboro and secured a position as clerk in one of the leading stores. He soon developed great talent and qualifications as a business man and merchant. Before arriving at full age, he embarked in the mercantile business, in his town, as principal in his business. Success crowned his efforts. When a young man he married Miss Sarah A. Jenkins, of Hertford County, the beautiful and accomplished daughter of Henry DeBerry Jenkins and his wife, Sarah Amanda Jenkins. They reared a family of eight children. No happier home could be found anywhere than theirs. He and his wife were devout members of the Methodist church. He accumulated a large estate before the Civil War, most of which was lost as a result of the war. Not surrendering to the fate of the civil



COL. JEREMIAH VAUGHAN
LATE OF THE 10TH REG'T N.Y.
Died Jan'y 19, 1860, in his 77th year.

Judge of the Superior Court in the First Judicial District of North Carolina in 1866 by the Provisional Governor of the State, W. W. Holden, and he held the office until July, 1868, when the officers provided for under the Canby Constitution of 1868 took charge. Judge Barnes, a few years after his marriage, moved to Murfreesboro to live, where he died June 24, 1892, leaving surviving him his wife and one son, David C., and three daughters, Bessie, Sarah and Annie.

Alice married Dr. Robert H. Stancell. They have no children. Mrs. Stancell has a strong and vigorous intellect and unusual business qualifications for a woman.

Sarah A. married Thomas W. Hawkins, of Warren County, N. C. They moved to Charlotte, N. C., where they now live. Mr. Hawkins is a lawyer and a successful business man. His wife is a most charming and intellectual woman. They have four children, two sons; Vaughan and Thomas, and two daughters, Rose and Sarah.

We have already stated the fate of Nellie and Rosa.

Triah's grandfather, Vaughan, was William Vaughan, of Hertford County, who was a private in the Continental army of the War of 1776, so was William's son, John, the father of Triah. After the Revolutionary War of 1776, the State of North Carolina granted to William Vaughan, the father of John, a grant for 183 acres of land in Hertford County, adjoining the other lands of William, the land of Jonathan Rogers, William Figures, William Porter and Benj. Izells. The grant was signed by Gov. Richard Caswell.

John Vaughan's sons, William and Jerome, are his executors.

Ernie's mother was Miss Sarah Rogers, being one of Jonathan Rogers, the friend and neighbor of William Vaughan, Sr. William Porter, mentioned in said grant, is an uncle of the late Ephraim Porter, of Hertford County, who was the son of Benj. Porter.

John N. Vaughan, Northell, Va., and Charles T. Vaughan, Murfreesboro, N. C., are the sons of William Vaughan, Jr., the elder brother of Ernie, and died about June 22, 1881, on his farm near Murfreesboro.

John N. Vaughan married his cousin, Miss Annie Lawrence, of Murfreesboro, the daughter of a law partner, Lloyd J. Lawrence.

Charles T. Vaughan married Miss Gertrude Harrell, of Murfreesboro, the daughter of George C. Harrell, son N. Harrell, the life-long friend of the grantor.

Thomas J. Vaughan, son of George, married Miss Mary Earley Brown, of Baltimore, Md., October 22, 1885, the granddaughter of Bishop John Earley, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Thomas is a Murfreesboro. Thomas has never on the business capacity of his father, and in favor of his children, as well as of his children. He was a great favorite of the children, and is with the whole family. He is a successful and saving.

Ernie Vaughan, son of Ernie, Sr., was born December 20, 1881, Miss Fannie Earley Brown, of Baltimore, Va., another granddaughter of Bishop Earley, and sister to Thomas' wife, Mary. They also live in Murfreesboro. Both of the sons are merchants and are doing a

large and profitable business. Uriah is one of the most popular, as well as a successful business man, in his town. He has two very attractive daughters, Mary and Sarah, and who are great favorites in the family. Thoms has no children.





Mrs. NELLIE V. WINBORNE.
Wife of B. B. Winborne, sr.

SARAH A. VAUGHAN, NEE JENKINS.

* * *

The will of Peter Vaughan, dated 1711, in part reads, "I give unto my daughter Sarah, my one half of the share of the land which my dear friend John Smith gave unto me, to have unto her, her heirs, assigns forever." Henry DeBorja Jenkins, son of the said Sarah, died in 1740. His will, dated 1738, was proved in Hertford County, North Carolina, by William Jenkins, Jr., and his wife, Susan DeBorja, and by Peter DeBorja, of North Carolina, and by William DeBorja, Jr., of the county of Guilford, N. C., and by Elizabeth DeBorja, the wife of the said William DeBorja, Sr. The remainder of the said land was to be divided between the said Peter DeBorja, Jr., his sons, William, Henry, George, and William. His four sons and William DeBorja, Sr., were named.

William DeBorja, Sr., died in 1796. He seemed to be a man of considerable business interest, and a large land owner in Guilford County, North Carolina, and in other States. His will, dated at late as October 25, 1771, in Hertford County, N. C., was proved in Guilford County, N. C., by his sons, William, 1796; Benjamin, his son, 1798. His will is dated July 29, 1796, and is proved by his wife, Sarah, dated January 25, 1797. It is dated in October 15, 1797, from Mead, W. Va., to the effect of his being in Bertie County, N. C. The DeBorja's, DeBorjas, DeBos, DeBos of the Northampton Winkeries, are situated prin-

pally on Quarter and Uralaw Swamps and Potecasi Creek.

Winborne Jenkins, Sr., had grandsons by the name of Winborne Odum and Winborne Parker. Old man Charles Jenkins evidently married a Winborne. Very probably one of William Winborne's daughters, who lived in the same neighborhood and died in the summer of 1748.

Winborne Jenkins, Jr., died in the first part of the year 1814. The sale of his property was had by his son and executor, Henry DeBerry Jenkins, April 2, 1814. His brother, Benjamin, also left a son by the name of Winborne Jenkins, who lived and died on his farm, about four miles southeast of Murfreesboro. Mr. William Tom Parker now owns the farm, or a part of it.

Henry DeBerry Jenkins died at his home in Hertford County at the small town of Mapleton, four miles east of Murfreesboro, in the year 1856. He was a man of considerable estate. His wife survived him several years.

All the Jenkinses were people of much wealth and refinement.





MRS. ROSA L. WHITE.
Wife of R. W. White, 110 St.

BRYAN HARE.



In the early part of 1830, I spent a few months in Woodbury, Kingsburg County, Va. He was a Quaker, and a member of some one of the meetings, in his country and society. He was a good farmer, and of a very intelligent and useful knowledge of agriculture. He married Miss Sarah Shepherd, sister to Stephen Shepherd, of Newsum's County, Va. He had two daughters, being Elizabeth Harrison, and one sister, Sarah. The latter married, about 1750 my old ancestor, Henry Wainwright, so it appears, that Bryan Hare was a first cousin to my ancestor, and three half-brothers, Maria being the mother's rather, Joseph, Peter, and Robert, the former James Copeland, of Newsum's County, Va. The latter several children; one of whom was the married Samuel Copeland, of some sixty years ago, at Woodbury.

I have an old deed in his possession, dated October 15, 1751, wherein Mable Wainwright conveys to Windborne Jenkins a tract of land in Patrick's County, and the deed is witnessed by *James Hare, John Copeland, James, and William Jenkins.*

I can get no trace of Robert Hare after 1758. It seems that my father's great-grandfather's father runs back to this Hare family.

I made inquiry if a certain John B. Hare, of Hertford County, descended from this same Hare family, but I found that he did not. His father was named

Moses Hare and was an Irishman, who came directly to this country from Ireland during the latter part of the 18th century, and married several years thereafter a Miss Constant, of Gates County. They had two children, Jackson B. Hare and John. John went to Texas and married in that State. He died in his adopted State, leaving a family of sons and daughters.

There was a Thomas Hare living in Manney's Neck about ninety years ago. I find his name as a witness to old deeds for land in the Buckhorn section.

Sir John Hare, of England, was a man of great prominence.

Edward Hare represented Hertford County with Peter Wynn in the Colonial House of Assembly of North Carolina in 1769, and at the session of 1771 he and Benj. Wynn represented the county. (Vol. 8 Col. Rec., pages 118, 146 and 303).

Thos. E. Hare married Henry Winborne's granddaughter, Sallie Sharpe.

Have not been able to trace Bryan Hare's brothers, John, Elijah and Harrison.

Moses Hare represented Carteret County, North Carolina, in the Assemblies during the same time Edward Hare represented Hertford. What kin were they to Bryan Hare I have been unable to ascertain. Some one later may succeed in completing these investigations.

What relation were they to Sir John Hare, of England, who was so prominent in his country in the 17th century?

This question I leave unanswered. I think, however, with the aid of the National Library at Washington, D. C., it can be correctly answered.

MISS ANN SCOTT



Was the wife of John Petherick, a member of the
 anti-slavery committee. She was the daughter of Wil-
 liam Scott, a member of the Society for the Propagation
 of the Gospel. William Scott was a member of the
 anti-slavery Society. Her father was a member of
 Sir Peter Scott's English committee of anti-slavery
 members of America, and she was a member of the
 King James's School Society, of the Society for the
 Propagation of the Gospel, and the Society for the
 Education of the Poor. She was the daughter of Mr.



THE SHEPHERDS.



My grandmother, on my mother's side, was Miss Mary Hare, of Nansmond County, Va. She married my grandfather, Joseph Pretlow, January 8, 1818. Her mother was Miss Sarah Shepherd, sister of Solomon Shepherd, of Nansmond County, Va. Putting my grandmother's age at 23 when she was married, that would make her birth about 1775. So her brother, Solomon Shepherd lived in the last half of the 18th century. This could not have been the original Solomon Shepherd, of Nansmond. We find the name of the oldest Solomon Shepherd, of Nansmond, mentioned in Bishop Meade's "Old Churches and Families of Virginia," as being a lay delegate to an Episcopal Convention of 1735, with Rev. Arthur Emmerson, Willis Riddick and Richard Baker. Solomon Shepherd and Willis Riddick, of Nansmond, were members of the Convention of Virginia in 1788, to ratify the United States Constitution. Was he the same Solomon Shepherd who was a lay delegate to the Convention of 1735? Putting his age in 1735 at 25 years, then in 1788 he was 88 years old. Solomon Shepherd, my mother's grandfather, was, in 1788, about 25 or 30 years of age. My mother's old ancestor, Bryan Hare, who married Sarah Shepherd, the sister of Solomon Shepherd, of Nansmond, came to

North Carolina in 1712, and so far as I can learn, he and his wife, Sarah, left the State in 1758. They probably returned to Nausenond in 1760, some years from their flight, and his family moved to Cambridge, Ohio.

There was a John Shepherd, brother of the first immigrant of men of the name, who was the father of Manna's Neely, who came from England in 1750, and who had settled near Hicksford, Virginia, and who was the brother of Solomon Shepherd, who settled in Nausenond County, Va. That John had a son, Solomon, who came to North Carolina and settled by Manna's Neely, Hicksford County, at the place here called and called the Waddill place, and by the name of the Shepherd family, he comes in the State genealogy as John Shepherd, Chairman of our Board of Commissioners, 1857-58. This Solomon married Miss Cary of the same county, and they were the parents of Solomon, born August 2, 1791, D. Vann, of Manna's Neely, who was born September 24, 1812, and died December 25, 1875. His mother, Solomon Shepherd, died March 6, 1829, aged 35 years, and buried at the old Waddill place. It is so apparent that he married young Miss Cary, and Miss Sarah Vann claimed to be kin.

Ex-Chief Justice James I. Shepherd, of Raleigh, N. C., is a direct descendent of the first Shepherd, Solomon, of Nausenond County, Va. He is a brother of Solomon Shepherd, now living in Philadelphia, Pa. There is, also, a Solomon Shepherd, from Cambridge County, N. C., who was a very prominent man before, during, and after the Revolutionary War of 1776.

Richard Shepherd, preacher, and Matthew Shepherd are mentioned among the grantees in the Second Charter of Virginia by King James, of England, etc., in 1609, and they landed in the Norfolk section of Virginia early in the 17th century. The Shepherd family was a great family for producing preachers in *former days*. They were a people of lofty ideas of the principles of honor, and they were so regarded. Hon. James E. Shepherd, late Chief Justice of North Carolina, and his uncle, Solomon Shepherd, of Philadelphia, are living examples of the old type.





MR. J. W. KELLY
N. Y. 1880

terprising citizens of Norfolk. No truer, nobler, sincerer man ever lived. His wife's mother was the great granddaughter of Starkey Sharpe and wife, Sarah Sharpe, *nee* Winborne, and his uncle married my wife's aunt. But these marriage relations had nothing to do with the formation of the strong ties of friendship that have existed so long between us, as neither of us knew of it until recent years. It would be a blessing if such men could live always as examples of noble manhood, and true citizenship.



BUCKHORN ACADEMY.

* *

The location of Buckhorn is the lot in Marney's New Township, Hertford County, N. C., on a lot adjoining the lot of the old Colonial Episcopal Chapel, St. Luke, which was situated between the public road and the present Buckhorn Baptist church.

There had been an established school at Buckhorn for a number of years before it was incorporated. The first charter granted the school was on an act of the Legislature of North Carolina, dated January 9, 1847. The trustees mentioned in this charter were John Waddill, Buckney T. Sellers, Adam Rivlin, Samuel Moore, Walter Myrie, Elisha D. Britt and Thomas D. Yinn. They were incorporated under the name of "Trustees of Buck Horn Academy." (See Laws of N. C., 1846-7, ch. 120.) The name is now written "Buckhorn." The school at this old classic and historical spot has been presided over by some of North Carolina's finest and best teachers. Prof. Kin, heely presided for a number of years prior to his becoming a member of the faculty of the State University at Chapel Hill. Then Geo. W. Neal, father of Judge Walter Neal, George A. Britt, a graduate of the University in the class of 1852, also presided for several years. Prof. Julian Henri Picot took charge a few years prior to the Civil War. He formed a company of soldiers, mostly from

Buckhorn boys and led them, as captain, in the war. In 1867 he re-opened the Academy, and still presides over it, teaching the "young idea how to shoot." It was under the tutorship of this gifted, scholarly, and knightly gentleman that I began to climb the ladder of knowledge. The days when the old blue-back speller, Smith's Grammar, Mitchell's Geography, and Ray's Arithmetic are fresh in my memory. Then followed Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, the English readers, Latin Grammar and Reader, Caesar, Virgil, Cicero, Horace, the Greek Alphabet, Greek Reader, Bible, Homer, and the like, with all the air-castles as to the future, which are generally found in the life of the school boy who knows but little, but thinks he knows it all. When the world looks so small as compared to his own majesty. They were happy days. We loved to talk of the majestic oaks from little acorns grown, but were never willing to admit that we were like the oak. We were majestic from the beginning, and no one dared to dispute it. Our preceptor was never unkind, never impatient, always forbearing, forgiving, and ready to assist us. He never assumed the position of a master, holding in his hand the iron rod, but he was a companion, and won the respect and love of his scholars by the promptings of a noble heart and a great soul. His boys loved him. My earliest recollection of him was in 1861, when I would go with my half-brother, James P. Massenburg, to school, dressed in the uniform of a miniature soldier. A red flannel waist with small brass buttons and red stripes down the sides of my knee pantaloons, was my uniform. I can never forget the spring we were reading

BUCKHORN BAPTIST CHURCH.



During the early Colonial days there was erected a church edifice called St. Luke, on the acre lot of land, just in front of the present Buckhorn Baptist Church lot, in Manney's Neck, Hertford County. It was called St. Luke's Chapel and belonged to the Established Church of England, where those of that faith worshiped as well as others. The old building stood not just in front of the present building and the road, but it stood in the old oak grove, about half way in front of the open space, between the present church building and the academy building. The frame of the old church building was standing when I was a very small boy. I remember it distinctly, and recall the time it fell and was taken away. When the American Colonists became restless under English oppression, and the spirit of the Regulators began to antagonize English institutions, old St. Luke, old St. John's Chapel, and other Colonial churches were used by the different religious denominations for religious worship. Prior to 1758, Rev. Matthias Brickle, a Baptist preacher in Hertford County, preached to his followers in the old St. Luke and St. John's chapels. Hector Gurley, an Episcopal preacher, preached at same places to those of his faith. Hector and his followers were generally royalists. About 1758



Mrs. JULIA MOORE FARDISH
COLUMBIA, MISS.
Only living daughter of A. M.
Gorley and wife Sarah L.

Rev. Brickle died. He was succeeded in his work by the Rev. Wm. Gurley, of Hertford County, who continued for a number of years to preach to his Baptist congregations at Buckhorn and other places in his county. The present Buckhorn church was built in 1835, when old St. Luke's Chapel was abandoned. In 1895, while I was a member of the General Assembly of North Carolina, I drew a bill and secured its enactment, which enabled Buckhorn Baptist Church to enter and acquire title to the church ground of the old St. Luke Chapel. (See Pub. Laws 1895, ch. 143). Under this law Buckhorn Church did enter the old Colonial church yard and obtain the title thereto. May this sacred spot be always watched over and protected by a Great Silent Providence, and remain the castle of the Master and the Father, where suffering humanity may for all time drink at the fountain of truth, and of the Gospel of Christ.



BERTIE COUNTY, N. C.



Prior to 1759 all of that part of Hertford County lying on the east side of Potocasi Creek was a part of Bertie County, hence we find the early records of the Hertford County Winbornes in Bertie County. So far as the records show, Henry Winborne, my old ancestor, was the first Winborne to locate in Bertie County in the territory which has been known as Hertford County since November, 1759. From the records of Bertie we find Benjamin Winborne and wife, Sarah, of Bertie County, May 12, 1813, conveying a tract of land in that county to Jacob Burtonshell. He married Miss Sarah Jones, daughter of William Jones. From the best information obtainable, they were the parents of Thomas Winborne, who lived in Hertford County, for a long while, with W. T. Bynum, and died about 1869 or 1870. I remember seeing him several times when I was a young lad riding about with my father. Old man Tommy Winborne, as he was known for a long while before his death, married a Miss Copeland, the daughter of Benj. Copeland, who lived near Frazier's Cross Roads in Hertford. They are mentioned in the will of Benj. Copeland, which was probated in August, 1839. Thomas, by his marriage, had three children, Mary, Albert D. and A. J. Winborne.



HAYDEN L. GURLEY
MERIDIAN, MISS.
only living son of A. M. Gurley
and wife Sarah E.

Mary died without marrying. A. J. Winborne married a Miss Griffith, sister of Henry Griffith. She died and he married Miss Eliza Wynns, sister of J. T. and Geo. W. Wynns. Andrew Jackson died in 1857, leaving surviving him, his wife, Lelia, and one child, Rhetta. Albert D., his best and only son, etc. Albert D. moved to Bertie, near where his grandfather lived, and married Lavinia Meese. Old man Tobias Winborne outlived all of his family, and in his later days he spent a lonely life, spending most of his time with his friends, W. T. Byrum, and James A. Worrell, of Hertford County, and was regarded as a man of rigid honor and correctness. His grandfather was also named Benj. Winborne, who on the 18th day of August, 1762, obtained from the State a grant of 200 acres of land in Northampton County, and 100 acres of land of Thomas Ward, William S. Scales, James H. Cook, Philip Winborne and others. This whole tract was divided out.

I find a deed from Josiah Duggan, of Martin County, to Henry Winborne of that county, for a tract of land in Bertie County, dated August 11, 1816, lying on Smithwick's Creek, and Roanoke River. Henry W. Stubbs, Esq., an attorney at law in Martin County, informs me that he has searched, and that there are no records of any Winbornes in that county. There may be some descendants in the southern part of Bertie County, on the Roanoke River, of this old family, but I can not trace them.

It again appears from the records of Bertie County that on May 8, 1824, George Clements and wife, Sarah, of Pitt County, conveyed a tract of land on Roanoke

River, in Bertie County, to Sarah Winborne, John O. Winborne, Henry G. Winborne, McGilveray M. E. Winborne and Monteville F. H. Winborne. This family seems now to be extinct. This may have been the widow and children of Henry Winborne, of Martin County. The deed speaks of the grantee, Sarah, as widow, and mother of the other grantees.

The name, Sarah, was a favorite name for the girls of olden times. I find the major part of the wives named Sarah. It is an easy name to call. Besides it finds its origin in the Bible.





MISS LUCY ANN O'REILLY
Daughter of A. M. O'Reilly and wife Sarah F.
Died in 1882, aged 17 years.

HERTFORD COUNTY.

* * *

There are no other Windbornes in this county than my ancestors. John Windborne, of this county, was in the War of 1776 as a Lieutenant in Capt. Joseph Walker's Company from Hertford County. (State Records, Vol. 10, p. 944, Vol. 16, p. 1485.) He was while a Continental soldier. (Vol. 16, p. 1485.) It seems that he left no family.

Sarah Windborne, daughter of Hovey Windborne and his wife, Sarah, married John's only son, Starkey Sharp, of Hertford County, a very successful, wealthy and prominent merchant and citizen of the county. She died in 1777, leaving six children, two sons and three children; Starkey, Eliza, and Mary Sharp. Elizabeth married Nathaniel Harrell, and they had seven children, Starkey S. Harrell, Sr., who died in 1800; Nancy Harrell, who died in 1845; Starkey S. Harrell, Sr., was the father of Mary Harrell, the wife of L. R. Jernigan, and S. S. Harrell, Jr.

Sarah Sharp, nee Windborne's grand daughter, Nancy Harrell, daughter of Nathaniel Harrell and wife, Elizabeth, married Wm. L. Smith in 1810, and they had two children, John L. Smith, born in 1814, and died in same year, and William Nathaniel Harrell Smith, born 1812 and died while he was Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of North Carolina in 1889. Wm. L.

Smith died leaving his wife surviving, and she married a Mr. Yancey and had one child, Antonio, who died young. Sarah's son, Jacob Sharp, married Miss Nancy Hunter, of Gates County, in 1799. From this marriage some very prominent men emanated, notably, Col. Starkey Sharp, Benebary and Jacob; Gen. Jacob H. Sharp, of the late Confederate army, from Mississippi.

Starkey Sharpe was a descendant of William Sharpe, one of the grantees in the charter of 1609 of Virginia, and was Sheriff of Hertford in 1787. St. Rec., Vol. 21, pp. 1064, 1074. He was a prominent man in his day and time. From this marriage, also, descended Mary Harrell, the wife of Lemuel R. Harrell, of Hertford County, and the mother of Hon. T. R. Jernigan and Mrs. Mary J. Perry, wife of J. W. Perry, Norfolk, Va.

Sarah's daughter, Sarah, married Thos. E. Hare and died in 1810 without leaving children.

William Winborne, son of Henry, lived in Hertford County, and on January 10, 1780, conveyed to Aaron Askew a tract of land of 224 acres on Spring Branch, in the county of Bertie, and adjoining the lands of Mary Parker and William Byrd. The deed is witnessed by William Northcott and Richard Baker. He married a few years after this a lady whose Christian name was Judith. Her surname I have been unable to learn. They were the parents of John Winborne, late of Hertford County, who was born in 1787.

John Winborne, son of William, married Nancy Simons, and they lived just on the extreme east end of Hertford County, or it may be, the farm lies just over

daughter, Nancy Parthenia, survive the head of the family. S. M. Annack qualified November 16, 1903, as his administrator.

John Simons Winborne, son of Wm. J., lives at the east end of Hertford County, and married in 1871 Miss Mary E. Percy. They have four sons, T. W., born December 14, 1873; C. W., born in 1876; W. B., born in 1885; L. H., born in 1889; and three daughters, Minnie M., Lillie B., and Mattie L. His daughters born in 1878, 1883 and 1885, respectively. He is a worthy and true man and citizen.

Joseph H. Winborne, son of Joseph, married his cousin, Nancy Parthenia Winborne, daughter of Watson S. They are living now in Lawrenceville, Virginia, and have several sons and daughters.

Of these Winbornes, John S. and Joseph H. Winborne, and their sons, are the only surviving male members.



NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, N. C.



On the 14th of March, 1748, Jason Bess executed a will of law in Northampton County, N. C., to William Winborne, of Newsum County, Virginia, and Winborne settled in the former county. A few months thereafter Winborne died, and left a will which was probated August, 1748. He devised his property to his sons, William Winsome, Daniel Winborne, Jesse Winborne, and his two illegitimate sons, Esner and Abner. His son, Daniel Winborne, was mentioned in his will. He directs that his estate in Virginia shall be sold by his executors, Esner and Abner, and that his two brothers, Daniel and Philip Winsome, as sole executors, shall sign the said will. Witness, *William Winborne*.

Philip Winsome, Sr., Will Winborne's brother, died in the spring of 1777, and his will was probated August, 1777.

He devised his property to his son, Amos Winsome. To his son, Bevin Winborne, he devised his main plantation. To his son, Jeremiah, his negro son, David Jemisin (evidently Jeremiah's son) and his daughter, died from David Jemisin to Bevin Winborne, in Book No. 74918, dated July, 1786, and his daughters, Anne and Mary, and David Winborne, son of his brother, William Winborne, he devised the remainder of his estate.

His sons Bryan and James were made his executors. William Boone, William Winborne and John Barnes were the witnesses to his will.

David Winborne, son of William Winborne, Sr., and who is not mentioned in his father's will, but made a beneficiary in his uncle's, Philip Winborne's, will, died in 1779, and his will was probated in June, 1779, his brother, William Winborne, Jr., and William Boone are the witnesses. He devised his property to his wife, Elizabeth Winborne, and his son, James Winborne, and appointed them his executors. Cicero Winborne was born shortly after the death of his father. The will refers to his mother's condition.

Dempsey Winborne, son of William Winborne, Sr., died in the first part of the year 1816. His will was admitted to probate in March, 1816. He devised his property to his wife, Fereby Winborne, and his sons, Lemuel, Henry and William, and his daughter, Rhena. William Goosley and Richard Whitaker were his executors, and Robert Sherod, William Webb and Polly Brazill were the witnesses. His son, Gifford is not mentioned in his will.

Gifford J. Winborne, son of Dempsey Winborne, died in the fall of 1827, unmarried. His will was probated December, 1827, and he devised his interest in his father's estate to his brothers, Henry and William Winborne, and appointed his mother, Fereby Winborne, his executrix. The witnesses to the will are Joyner Boone, Britton Barkley and Isaac Hall.

William Winborne, son of William Winborne, Sr., died in 1807 and his will was admitted to probate in

June, 1807. He is the father propertied to his wife, Sarah, m. 1806, William, Dennis, Jesse, Henry, and his three daughters, Ann Sperry, July Lassiter, and Dolly Aycock. His son, William, and friend, Richard Warbler, son-in-law, sons, Ed. J. Bailey and Isaac Griffin were the witnesses to the will. He signed his name several times. Witnessed several times. *Witness, m.* He was buried in the Mt. Zion Church. The will of Wm. Griffin, Sr. is dated January 16, 1818, and probated in December, 1819, by the probate court of his sister, Marietta Winborne, and her executor, Absala William Winborne.

Jesse Winborne, son of William, Sr., moved to Madison County, Kentucky, and died there on 17 October, 1809, soldier in the Revolutionary War, Denpsy, 50 acres of land in Northampton County, N. C., on Fitchaw Swamp, lying on the border of Mecklenburg and adjoining the lands of his mother, Winborne and others. He signed his name several times. *Witness, m.*

And I find the names of the Winbornes signing their names at different places, Warbler, and Winborne.

William Winborne, Benjamin Warbler, John Winborne and Philip Winborne, of Northampton County, are executors. He is said to have died, and they may have been brothers, but their names are their names *Winborne*.

John Winborne, son of Philip, brother of John of Northampton County, died in 1807, and lived in Hertford County, 1759. He was Lieutenant in the Continental army in Capt. Joseph Walker's Company, Seventh Regiment of North Carolina Troops from Hertford County, and

was killed or died in the war. (State Rec., Vol. 16, p. 1185).

In Company F, First Regiment of North Carolina Troops, in the late Civil War, there was a Winborne C. Davis from near Margarettsville, in Northampton County, N. C. Capt. Thomas D. Boone, Clerk of the Superior Court of Hertford County, N. C., tells me that he knew Davis well, and that he was a splendid looking man, and a brave and gallant soldier. He was wounded in the battles at Sharpsburg and at Gettysburg, and died in Pennsylvania. I notice that Martha Hancock, in her will which was probated in Northampton County in 1878, speaks of sister Sarah Winborne and her granddaughter, Mary Eliza Davis. Was Winborne C. Davis the brother of Eliza? I tried to find out something of these people, but I can find no record or any person who can give me any information about them more than I have obtained in my research. Mrs. Hancock's niece, Eliza, lived in the Margarettsville neighborhood.

The Northampton Winbornes are extinct.



NASH COUNTY, N. C.



Joseph Winborne died in 1798 and his will was probated in November, 1798. He devised his property to his widow, Fereby Winborne, and four sons, Abraham, John, David and Josiah. The first three sons were the executors named in the will, and Wilson Taylor, Matthew Johnson, Willie Hopkins and Priscilla Johnson were the witnesses to the will. His will reads like he might have been a preacher of the Gospel. On October 5, 1782, the State granted him 345 acres of land in Nash County, on the waters of Beaver Dam. This land he disposed of in his will.

David Winborne, son of Josiah, died in 1818, and his will was probated in February, 1818. He devised his property to his widow, Fely Winborne, and his children, John Q., James, Josiah, Fcy J., David, Melaney, who married a Beeson, Nancy, who married a Williams, Mary, Eliza C., Martha A., John V., and Fely Jane. He appointed his son, Josiah, his executor. The witnesses to his will were William Hays and Monton M. Goodwin.

David Winborne was a Justice of the Peace in his county in 1822 and 1823. He resigned and the Legislature of that session filled the vacancy by appointment by an act of the General Assembly. He was also a Methodist preacher.

David Winborne, Jr., son of David, Sr., died in 1876, and his will was probated in May, 1876. He never married, and he devised his estate to his nephew, Festus Winborne, son of his brother, John Q. Winborne, deceased. He made A. F. Lewis his executor. The witnesses to the will were: B. D. Statt and D. M. Statt.

Mary Winborne, daughter of David, Sr., died in 1879, and her will was probated in November, 1879. She never married. Her estate she devised to her sister, Martha A., wife of J. R. Brown, her sister Isly Jane, wife of J. A. Brown, Lilly J. Winborne, her niece, and a daughter of her brother, John Q., and John Festus Winborne, a son of her brother, John R. Winborne, deceased. J. A. Brown, the husband of her sister, Isly Jane, was appointed executor, and D. M. Statt and K. W. Statt were witnesses.

John V. Winborne, son of David, died in 1904, and his will was admitted to probate August 29, 1904. He devised his estate to his wife, Katie Winborne. He had no children. His wife was named as executrix and W. G. Kemp and J. J. Kemp were the witnesses. J. D. Winborne, Schua, N. C., is the personal representative of John V. Winborn.

John Q. Winborn was a soldier in the Civil War between the States. He was Lieutenant in Company D, 47th Regiment, N. C. Troops, from Nash County. He served throughout the war, but his whereabouts since the war I have been unable to learn.

Ivey J. Winborn married and died leaving one son, William Brock Winborne.

William Brock Winborne married March 4, 1866, widow Catharine Rebecca Watson, of Louisburg, N. C., the author of the design of the Confederate flag, "The Stars and Bars," and also of the large Confederate flag. He died March 12, 1883, at Pine-top, N. C., leaving his widow and two daughters surviving him. One of the daughters married W. S. Whitfield, and the other married H. S. Webb, all of Pine-top, Wilson County, N. C. The widow is 74 years old and writes an interesting letter.

I understand that only one of the Nash County families of Winborne's is now living, and he is J. D. Winborne, living near Selma, N. C. I have written him twice, but can not hear from him. My letters were returned.



EDGECOMBE COUNTY, N. C.



The records of this county show that formerly some Winbornes lived there. Josiah Winbourn conveyed land in the county October 12, 1795. Joseph Winborn a few years later makes a conveyance. James Winburn is found there in February, 1817, and on February 9, 1828, Lydia Winborne, of Northampton County, conveys him land in Edgecombe. Joseph I. Winborn appears on the records as a vendor of land in 1832 and 1833.

In 1899 Henry Winborne died, leaving a will, in which he devises land to his son, William H. Winborne. Justice H. G. Connor writes me that he knew of Abram Winborne, of Tarboro, N. C., but he died several years ago. The records do not show from what section of the country these people came. But evidently they sprang from the Northampton and Nash families. There was Elisha Winborne in Halifax County in the early part of the 19th century, but he went from Northampton, and returned after a few years to his native county. These families are now extinct.



WAKE COUNTY.

* *

Jesse Winborne, of Wake, was leader in Company I, "Wake Rangers," in the late Civil War. He married but never had any children. Since the war he served with ability as County Commissioner of that county for several terms. He is a man of a good estate, and stands as an exemplar citizen. Within the last year or so, he left Wake County, and is now living at Elon College, N. C. He has educated several poor children who did not have the means to educate themselves. He was a Justice of the Peace, and a leading and model citizen in his community. I have been unable to learn his ancestry.



GUILFORD COUNTY, N. C.



Walter A. Winbourn figured prominently in business and official affairs in Guilford County. We find him party to a law suit reported in 4 D. & B., 271, *Hubbard v. Walter A. Winbourn*. He was the victor in the suit. We find him again as plaintiff in the suit of *Walter A. Winbourn v. Gorrell*, 3 Ire. Eq., 117. He wins again. He was Sheriff of his county from 1847 to 1857, and was a large property holder in and around Greensboro. No information can be obtained as to where he came from, or when he became a citizen of that county. He had a brother by the name of Cornelius. Neither married. Cornelius died, and Walter left Greensboro about 1860 or 1861 and moved to Tennessee. He was a steward in the Methodist church, and a Whig in politics.

One of the old members of the Greensboro Bar, who remembers Winborne well, tells this incident about him: A man by the name of Witty was taking a barrel of molasses from a wagon, a hoop came off and the contents began to run out, when Witty exclaimed with much emphasis, "The devil." Winborne remarked to him, "Man, don't take the name of your maker in vain."

RANDOLPH COUNTY, N. C.



Richard W. Winborne, was a Lieutenant in a company from that county in the Civil War.

Calvin H. Welborn, or Winscupp, was a Lieutenant in Company I, from Randolph County, the "Wharrie Rifles."

I can not get any information of the above two soldiers since the close of the conflict of arms.

WILSON COUNTY, N. C.



James Madison Winburn, of Wilson County, was a gallant soldier in the late Civil War. He enlisted January 26, 1862, as a private in Company F, the Fourth Regiment. We have nothing from him since the war. So far as I can learn the Winburns of this county have become extinct.

Nor is there any trace of any Winbornes in Pitt County, so I am informed by the Clerk of the Court of that county, who made a search for me.

VIRGINIA.



My investigations have shown beyond doubt that the old Winbornes came from Virginia to North Carolina during the first half of the 18th century. My old ancestor, Henry Winborne, came from Nansmond County, Va., in 1742. William Winborne, of Northampton County, N. C., came from the same county, in 1748, and David, Philip and Thomas Winborne came between 1742 and 1750. Hearing that there was a family of Winbornes in Norfolk, Va., I wrote to Elisha J. Winborne, 300 Chestnut street, Berkeley, Va., to learn something of his ancestry. In his letter of May 25, 1905, to me he writes that his father was Henry A. Winborne, born January 4, 1809, and lived near Carrsville, Va., and that his mother was Eliza A. Winborne, *nee* Holland. That his mother died December 7, 1873, and his father died March 3, 1880. His grandfather was Elisha Winborne, of Nansmond County, Va. That his father had a brother, John Winborne, who lived in the same county.

Henry A. Winborne left several children, Solomon J., Alexander J., A. N., Jmuis W., Gustavus, and Elisha J. Winborne. Elisha J., in his letter to me, writes that he is 66 years old; that he served through the late Civil War under the command of Gen. Wu. Mahone, and that he and the older members of his family were members of the Christian Church.

He could not tell me that he had heard his father speak often of Bigan Hare, but he could give nothing definite about Hare. — Are they kin? — Here I meet with another Rubison in the destruction of the records of Nansmond County, Va. — The Clerk of the Court there informs me that the records of that county only go back to 1866. Suffolk, the county seat, was the headquarters for the Union soldiers during the late Civil War, and remained under their control during the military government in the Southern States that followed the war. — The South can never recover completely from the destruction of her records during this war. — The abolition of slavery was a blessing in disguise. — With the continuation of the institution of slavery, the South could not have retained its intellectual and its moral civilization which was the glory and admiration of the New World. — The records of the genealogy of her sons and daughters were the evidence of her glory and the proud boast of her superiority. — The genial rays of the sunny South, awakened a feeling of patriotism and chivalrous bearing, upon the altar of the hearts of the people, that never permeated the ice-bound bosom of the Northern clime.



THOMAS WILBORNE.



This party presents an interesting inquiry. Was his name originally Winborne? Is he the Thomas Wilborne who figured so prominently as a Regulator in Orange County, N. C., in 1768-9? Is he the father of Robert Wilborne, a member of Capt. James Vaughan's company of Continental troops from Northampton County?

In Deed Book 3 of Northampton records I find a contract to convey land from Thomas Wilborne of that county to John Robertson, of the county of Brunswick, in the Colony of Virginia. In the body of this contract the name is written alternately Wilborne and Winborne, but signed Thomas Wilborne. This paper is dated October 10, 1763. In the same Book I find a deed dated October 10, 1763, indexed Thomas Winborne to John Robertson for the land mentioned in the above contract. All through this deed the grantors are written Thomas Winborne and wife, Margaret, but signed Thomas Wilborne.

In same book I find another deed from Thomas Wilborne and wife, Margaret, dated November 1, 1763, to Robert Jones, an attorney-at-law of that county, to whom he conveyed a part of his lands in Oconeechey Neck. He was evidently, from these records, a man of much wealth. This deed is written and signed Thomas Wil-

sons. I find from the records of Northampton, after the Revolution, Robert Wilborne, of this county, conveying some of the same lands formerly conveyed to Thomas Wilborne. From a list of the Continental troops from North Carolina, See, Records, Vol. 160, I find Robert Wilborne a private in Capt. James Vaughan's Company, 7th Regiment of Capt. Vaughan's from Northampton County. There are a number of people by the name of Wilborn or Willborn in North Carolina. Thomas Wilborne left Northampton County about 1761.



ENGLAND.



In Dorset County the names of Windborne, Sherborne, Milborne, Cranborne, Winterborne are prominent and leading. John Quest, of Scotch parentage, when he was elevated to the peerage, he adopted the name of Lord Wimborne. That is some evidence that the above Dorset County names, ending with "borne" are Scotch names. I mention these facts thinking that some more competent and energetic member of the Winborne family may in the future trace the origin of our name. I was named by my uncle, R. H. Winborne, for Sir Benjamin Collins Brodie, Bart., one of the most distinguished physiologists and surgeons in England in the early part of the 19th century. A very full account may be found of him in the *Encyclopædia Britannica*.

My son, Stanley, was named for Justice Stanley Matthews, of Ohio, who was a member of the Supreme Court of the United States from May 12, 1884, to March 22, 1889, the date of his death.



CONCLUSION.



In writing the foregoing sketches I did *know* more than I *stated* or *could*. But after beginning the work it became fascinating. It created a burning desire to look further, and turn on all the light possible. I congratulate myself by indulging the hope that what was so interesting to me may contribute to the pleasure of some one else. A man is but a little soul who does not enjoy living in the past. The past contains the fountains of wisdom, of knowledge, and of inspiration. It is the mile post for the future.

It would have given pleasure to have made my sketches more extensive and to call in my many friends, and my county, but the *times* will not let it be beyond my power. I ask the kind expressions of my friends and the people of my county, whom I have served so long, and whose interests are *second* to me. *Vale, vale, ad laudem* *ab.*
B. B. WINBORN.



FAMILY RECORD.

Marriages.

Marriages.

Bills.

Bills.

Tealhs.

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Peatles.

General Remarks.

General Remarks.

General Remarks.

General Remarks.

General Remarks.

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