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## 巴 NGLISHPOETS.

W I T H

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IOGRAPHICAL AND CRITICAL,

## BY SAMUEL JOHNSON.

VOLUME THE SEVENTYFIRST,

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## THE

SEVENTY-FIRST VOLUME OFTHE

## ENGLISH POETS;

CONTAINING

ARMSTRONG and LANGHORNE.

Yol. LXXI.

## $\begin{array}{llllll}T & H & E & A & R & T\end{array}$

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## PRESERVING HEALTH, 1744

## B O O K I.

## A I R.

DAUGHTER of Pron, queen of every joy, Hygeia*; whofe indulgent fmile fuftains The various race luxuriant nature pours, And on th' immortal effences beftows Immortal youth; aufpicious, O defcend! Thou chearful guardian of the rolling year, Whether thou wanton'ft on the weftern gale, Or fhak'ft the rigid pinions of the north, Diffufett life and vigour through the tracts Of air, through earth, and ocean's deep domain. io When through the blue ferenity of heaven Thy power approaches, all the wafteful hoft Of Pain and Sicknefs, fqualid and deform'd, Confounded fink into the loathfome gloom,

* Itygeia, the goddefs of health, was, according to the genealogy of the heathen deities, the daughter of Efc culapius; who, as well as apollo, was diftinguifhed by the name of Paon.

Where in deep Erebus involv'd the Fiends
Grow more profane. Whatever fhapes of death, Shook from the hideous chambers of the globe,
Swarm thro' the fhudd'ring air: whatever plagues
Or meagre famine breeds, or with flow wings
Rife from the putrid watry element,
The damp wafte foreft, motionlefs and rank,
That fmothers earth and all the breathlefs winds,
Or the vile carnage of th' inhuman field:
Whatever baneful breathes the rotten fouth;
Whatever ills th' extremes or fudden change
Of cold and hot, or moift and dry produce;
They fly thy pure effulgence: they and all
The fecret poifons of avenging heaven,
And all the pale tribes halting in the train
Of Vice and heedlefs Pleafure: or if aught
'The comet's glare amid the burning fky ,
Mournful eclipfe, or planets ill-combin'd
Portend difaftrous to the vital world;
Thy falutary power averts their rage,
Averts the general bane: and but for thee 35
Nature would ficken, nature foon would die.
Without thy chearful active energy
No rapture fwells the breaft, no Poet fings,
No more the maids of Helicon delight.
Come then with me, O Goddefs heavenly gay!
Begin the fong; and let it fweetly flow,
And let it wifely teach thy wholefome laws:
" How beft the fickle fabrick to fupport
${ }^{6}$ Of mortal man ; in healthful body how
"A healthful mind the longeft to maintain."
'Tis hard, in fuch a ftrife of rules, to chufe
The beft, and thofe of moft extenfive ufe;
Harder in clear and animated fong
Dry philofophic precepts to convey.
Yet with thy aid the fecret wilds I trace
Of nature, and with daring fteps proceed
Through paths the mufes never trod before.
Nor fhould I wander doubtful of my way,
Had I the lights of that fagacious mind
Which taught to check the peftilential fire,
And quell the deadly Python of the Nile. O thou belov'd by all the graceful arts, Thou long the fav'rite of the healing powers, Indulge, O Mead! a well-defign'd effay, Howe'er imperfect: and permit that I
My little knowledge with my country fhare, Till you the rich Afclepian fores unlock, And with new graces dignify the theme. YE who amid this feverifh world would wear
A body free of pain, of cares a mind;
Fly the rank city, hun its turbid air;
Breathe not the chaos of eternal fmoke
And volatile corruption, from the dead.
'The dying, fickning, and the living world
Exhal'd, to fully heaven's tranfparent dome
With dim mortality. It is not Air
That from a thoufand lungs reeks back to thine,
Sated with exhalations rank and fell,
The fpoil of dunghills, and the putrid thaw

Of nature; when from fhape and texture fhe 75
Relapfes into fighting elements:
It is not Air, but floats a naufenus mafs
Of all obfcene, corrupt, offenfive things.
Much moifture hurts; but here a fordid bath,
With oily rancour fraught, relaxes more
The folid frame than fimple moifture can.
Befides, immurd in many a fullen bay
That never felt the frefhnefs of the breezc.
This flumbring Deep remains, and ranker grows
With fickly reft: and (though the lungs abhor
To drink the dun fuliginous abyfs)
Did not the acid vigour of the mine,
Roll'd from fo many thundring chimneys, tame The putrid fteams that overfwarm the $\mathfrak{f k y}$; This cauftic venom would perhaps corrode
Thofe tender cells that draw the vital air,
In vain with all their unctuous rills bedew'd;
Or by the drunken venous tubes, that yawn
In countlefs pores o'er all the pervious fkin
Imbib'd, would poifon the balfamic blood,
And roufe the heart to every fever's rage. While yct you breathe, away; the rural wilds Invite; the mountains call you, and the vales; The woods, the ftreams, and each ambrofial breeze
That fans the ever undulating fky;
A kindly fky! whofe foftring power regales
Man, beaft, and all the regetable reign.
Find then fome Woodland fcene where nature fmiles
Benign, where all her honeft children thrive,

To us there wants not many a happy Scat! 105
Look round the fmiling land, fuch numbers rife We hardly fix, bewilder'd in our choice,
See where enthron'd in adamantine ftate, Proud of her bards, imperial Windfor fits; There chufe thy feat, in fome afpiring grove
Faft by the flowly-winding Thames; or where
Broader fhe laves fair Richmond's green retreats,
<Richmond that fees an hundred villas rife
Rural or gay). O! from the fummer's rage
O! wrap me in the friendly gloom that hides
Umbrageous Ham!-But, if the bufy Town
Attract thee ftill to toil for power or gold,
Sweetly thou mayft thy vacant hours poffers
In Hamptead, courted by the weftern wind ;
Or Greenwich, waving o'er the winding flood; 120
Or lofe the world amid the fylvan wilds
Of Dulwich, yet by barbarous arts unfpoil'd.
Green rife the Kentifh hills in chearful air;
But on the marfhy plains that Lincoln fpreads
Build not, nor reft too long thy wand'ring feet. 125
For on a ruftic throne of dewy turf,
With baneful fogs her aching temples bound,
Quartana there prefides: a meagre Fiend
Begot by Eurus, when his brutal force
Comprefs'd the flothful Naiad of the Fens,
From fuch a mixture fprung, this fitful peft With fev rifh blafts fubdues the fickning land :
Cold tremors come, with mighty love of reft, Convulfive yawnings, laffitude, and pains

That fting the burden'd brows, fatigue the loins, And rack the joints and every torpid limb;
Then parching heat fucceeds, till copious fweats
O'erflow : a fhort relief from former ills.
Beneath repeated fhocks the wretches pine;
The rigour finks, the habit melts away;
The chearful, pure, and animated bloom
Dies from the face, with fqualid atrophy
Devour'd, in fallow melancholy clad.
And oft the Sorcerefs, in her fated wrath, Refigns them to the furies of her train;
The bloated Hydrops, and the yellow Fiend
Ting'd with her own accumulated gall.
In queft of Sites, avoid the mournful plain
Where ofiers thrive, and trees that love the lake;
Where many lazy muddy rivers flow:
Nor for the wealth that all the Indies roll
Fix near the marfhy margin of the main,
For from the humid foil and watry reign
Eternal vapours rife; the fpungy air
For ever weeps: or, turgid with the weight
Of waters, pours a founding deluge down,
Skies fuch as thefe let every mortal fhun
Who dreads the dropfy, palfy, or the gout,
Tertian, corrofive fcurvy, or moilt catarrh:
Or any other injury that grows
From raw-fpun fibres idle and unfrung, Skin ill-perfpiring, and the purple flood
In languid eddies loitering into phlegm.

Yet not alone from humid fkies we pine;
For Air may be too dry. The fubtle heaven, 165
That winnows into duft the blafted downs,
Bare and extended wide without a fream,
'Too faft imbibes th' attenuated lymph
Which, by the furface, from the blood exhales.
The lungs grow rigid, and with toil effay
Their flexible vibrations; or inflam'd,
Their tender ever-moving ftructure thaws.
Spoild of its limpid vehicle, the blood
A mafs of lees remains, a droffy tide That flow as Lethe wanders thro' the veins:
Unactive in the fervices of life,
Unfit to lead its pitchy current through
The fecret mazy channels of the brain.
The melancholic fiend (that wort defpair
Of phyfic), hence the ruft-complexion'd man
Purfues, whofe blood is dry, whofe fibres gain Too ftretch'd a tone: and hence in climes aduft So fudden tumults feize the trembling nerves, And burning fevers glow with double rage.

Fly, if you can, thefe violent extremes
Of Air: the wholefome is nor moift nor dry.
But as the power of chufing is deny'd
To half mankind, a further tafk enfues;
How beft to mitigate thefe fell extremes, How breathe unhurt the withering element,
Or hazy atmofphere: Though Cuftom moulds
To ev'ry clime the foft Promethean clay;
And he who fint the fogs of Effex breath'd
(So kind is native air) may in the fens
Of Effex from inveterate ills revive
295
At pure Montpelier or Bermuda caught. But if the raw and oozy heaven offend:
Correct the foil, and dry the fources up
Of watery exhalation: wide and deep
Conduct your trenches through the quaking bog; 200 Sollicitous, with all your winding arts, Betray th' unwilling lake into the ftream; And weed the foreft, and invoke the winds
To break the toils where ftrangled vapours lie;
Or through the thickets fend the crackling flames. 205
Mean time at home with chearful fires difpel
The humid air: And let your table fmoke
With folid roaft or bak'd; or what the herds
Of tamer breed fupply; or what the wilds
Yield to the toilfome pleafures of the chafe.
Generous your wine, the boaft of rip'ning years;
But frugal be your cups: the languid frame
Vapid and funk from yefterday's debauch,
Shrinks from the cold embrace of watery heavens.
But neither thefe nor all Apollo's arts, 215
Difarm the dangers of the dropping fky,
Unlefs with exercife and manly toil
You brace your nerves, and fpur the lagging blood.
The fat ning clime let all the fons of eafe
Avoid; if indolence would winh to live,
Go, yawn and loiter out the long flow year
In fairer fkies. If droughty regions parch
The fkin and lungs, and bake the thickening blood;

Deep in the waving foreft chufe your feat, Where fuming trees refrefh the thirfty air; And wake the fountains from their fecret beds, And into lakes dilate the rapid fream. Here fpread your gardens wide; and let the cool, The moift relaxing vegetable fore
Frevail in each repaft: Your food fupplied
By bleeding life, be gently wafted down, By foft decoction and a mellowing heat, To liquid balm; or, if the folid mafs You chufe, tormented in the boiling wave;
That through the thirty channels of the blood
A fmooth diluted chyle may ever flow.
The fragrant dairy from its cool recefs
Its nectar acid or benign will pour
To drown your thinf ; or let the mantling bowl
Of keen Sherbet the fickle tafte relieve.
For with the vifcous blood the fimple fream Will hardly mingle; and fermented cups Oft diffipate more moifture than they give. Yet when pale feafons rife, or winter rolls His horrors o.er the world, thou may'ft indulge 2.45 In feafts more genial, and impatient broach The mellow cafk. Then too the fcourging air Provokes to keener toils than fultry droughts Allow. But rarely we fuch ikies blafpheme. Steep d in continual rains, or with raw fogs
Bedew'd, our feafons droop; incumbent fill A ponderous heaven o'erwhelms the finking foul.
Lab'ring with forms in heapy mountains rife
'Th' imbattled clouds, as if the Stygian fhades
Had left the dungeon of eternal night, ..... 255
Till black with thunder all the South defcends.
Scarce in a fhowerlefs day the heavens indulgeOur melting clime; except the baleful EaftWithers the tender fpring, and fourly checksThe fancy of the year. Our fathers talk260Of fummers, balmy airs, and fkies ferene.
Good heaven! for what unexpiated crimes
This difmal change! The brooding elements
Do they, your powerful minifters of wrath,Prepare fome fierce exterminating plague?263
Or is it fix'd in the Decrees above
That lofty Albion melt into the main !
Indulgent Nature! O diffolve this gloom!Bind in etcrnal adamant the winds
That drown or wither: Give the genial Went ..... 270
To breathe, and in its turn the fprightly North:And may once more the circling feafons ruleThe year; not mix in every monfrous day.Mean time, the moift malignity to fhun 274
Of burthend $\mathfrak{f k i e s}$; mark where the dry champaignSwells into chearful hills; where MarjoramAnd Thyme, the lore of bees, perfume the air;And where the* Cynorrhodon with the rofe,For fragrance vies; for in the thirlty foilMoft fragrant breathe the aromatic tribes.28There bid thy roofs high on the balking fteep

* The wild rofe, or that which grows on the common briar.

Afcend, there light thy hofpitable fires. And let them fee the winter morn arife, The fummer evening blufhing in the weft; While with umbrageous oaks the ridge behind 285 O'erhung, defends you from the bluft'ring north, And bleak affliction of the peevilh eaft. O ! when the growling winds contend, and all The founding foreft fluctuates in the form; To fink in warm repofe, and hear the din
Howl o'er the fteady battlements, delights Above the luxury of vulgar fleep. The murmuring rivulet, and the hoarfer ftrain Of waters rufhing o'er the flippery rocks, Will nightly lull you to ambrofial ref.
To pleafe the fancy is no trifling good, Where health is fudied; for whatever moves The mind with calm delight, promotes the juft And natural movements of th' harmonious frame. Befides, the fportive brook for ever fhakes
The trembling air ; that floats from hill to hill,
From vale to mountain, with inceffant change
Of pureft element, refrefhing ftill
Your airy feat, and uninfected Gods.
Chiefly for this I praife the man who builds
High on the breezy ridge, whofe lofty fides
Th' etherial deep with endlefs billows chafes.
His purer manfion nor contagious years
Shall reach, nor deadly putrid airs annoy.
But may no fogs, from lake or fenny plain, 310
Involve my hill! And wherefoe'er you build;

Whether on fun-burnt Epfom, or the plains
Wafh'd by the filent Lee; in Chelfea low,
Or high Blackheath with wintry winds affail'd;
Dry be your houfe: but airy more than warm.
35
Elfe every breath of ruder wind will ftrike
Your tender body through with rapid pains;
Fierce coughs will teize you, hoarfenefs bind your voice,
Or moift Gravedo load your aching brows.
Thefe to defy and all the fates that dwell
320
In cloifterd air tainted with fteaming life,
Let lofty ceilings grace your ample rooms;
And ftill at azure noontide may your dome.
At every window drink the liquid fly.
Need we the funny fituation here,
And theatres open to the fouth, commend?
Here, where the morning's milty breath infefts
More than the torrid noon? How fickly grow,
How pale, the plants in thofe ill-fated vales
That, circled round with the gigantic heap
330
Of mountains, never felt, nor ever hope
To feel, the genial rigour of the fun!
While on the neighbouring hill the rofe inflames
The verdant fpring; in virgin beauty blows
The tender lily, languifhingly fweet; 335
Oer every hedge the wanton woodbine roves,
And autumn ripens in the fummer's ray.
Nor lefs the warmer living tribes demand
The foft'ring fun: whofe energy divine
Dwells not in mortal fire; whofe gen'rous heat 340

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## [ 16 ]

## T H E A $\quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{T}$

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## PRESERVINGHEALTH.

## B O O K II.

DIET.

EN O UGH of Air. A defart fubject now, Rougher and wilder, rifes to my fight. A barren wafte, where not a garland grows To bind the Mufe's brow; not ev'n a proud Stupendous folitude frowns o'er the heath,
To roufe a noble horror in the foul:
But rugged paths fatigue, and error leads Through endlefs labyrinths the devious feet. Farewel, etherial fields! the humbler arts Of life; the Table and the homely Gods Demand my fong. Elyfian galcs adieu!

The blood, the fountain whence the fpirits flow, The generous ftream that waters every part, And motion, rigour, and warm life conveys To every particle that mores or lives;
'This vital fluid, through unnumber'd tubes Pour'd by the heart, and to the heart again

Refunded; fcourg'd for ever round and round; Enrag'd with heat and toil, at laft forgets Its balmy nature; virulent and thin20

It grows; and now, but that a thoufand gates
Are open to its flight, it would deftroy
The parts it cherifh'd and repair'd before.
Befides, the flexible and tender tubes
Melt in the mildeft moft nectareous tide
That ripening nature rolls; as in the fream
Its crumbling banks; but what the vital force
Of plaftic fluids hourly batters down,
That very force, thofe plaftic particles
Rebuild: So mutable the fate of man.
For this the watchful appetite was giv'n,
Daily with frefh materials to repair
This unavoidable expence of life,
This neceffary wafte of flefh and blood.
Hence the concoctive powers, with various art, 3;
Subdue the cruder aliments to chyle;
The chyle to blood; the foamy purple tide
To liquors, which through finer arteries
To different parts their winding courfe purfue;
To try new changes, and new forms put on,
Or for the public, or fome private ufe.
Nothing fo foreign but th' athletic hind
Can labour into blood. The hungry meal
Alone he fears, or aliments too thin;
By violent powers too eafily fubdu'd,
Too foon expell'd. His daily labour thaws,
To friendly chyle, the moft rebellious mafs Vol. LXXI.

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That

## 18 ARMSTRONG'S POEMS.

That falt can harden, or the fmoke of years;
Nor does his gorge the lufcious bacon rue,
Nor that which Ceftria fends, tenacious pafte
Of folid milk. But ye of fofter clay, Infirm and delicate! and ye who wafte With pale and bloated floth the tedious day!
Avoid the ftubborn aliment, avoid
The full repaft; and let fagacious age
Grow wifer, leffon'd by the dropping teeth.
Half fubtiliz'd to chyle, the liquid food
Readieft obeys th' affimilating powers;
And foon the tender vegetable mafs
Relents; and foon the young of thofe that tread 60
The ftedfaft earth, or cleave the green abyfs,
Or pathlefs fky. And if the Steer muft fall,
In youth and fanguine vigour let him die;
Nor ftay till rigid age, or heavy ails,
Abfolve him ill-requited from the yoke.
Some with high forage, and luxuriant eafe,
Indulge the veteran Ox; but wifer thou, From the bald mountain or the barren downs,
Expect the flocks by frugal nature fed ;
A race of purer blood, with exercife 70
Refin'd and fcanty fare: For, old or young, 'The fall'd are never healthy; nor the cramm'd.
Not all the culinary arts can tame,
To wholefome food, the abominable growth
Of reft and gluttony; the prudent tafte 75
Rejects like bane fuch loathfome lufcioufnefs. The languid ftomach curfes even the pure

Delicious fat, and all the race of oil: For more the oily aliments relax Its feeble tone; and with the eager lymph
Fond to incorporate with all it meets)
Coily they mix, and fhun with flippery wiles
'The woo'd embrace. Th' irrefoluble oil,
So gentle late and blandifhing, in floods
Of rancid bile o'erfows: What tumults hence,
What horrors rife, were naufeous to relate.
Choofe leaner viands, ye whofe jovial make
Too faft the gummy nutriment imbibes:
Choofe fober meals; and roufe to active life
Your cumbrous clay; nor on th' infeebling down,
Irrefolute, protract the morning hours.
But let the man whofe bones are thinly clad,
With chearful eafe and fucculent repaft
Improve his habit if he can; for each
Extreme departs from perfect fanity.
I could relate what table this demands
Or that complexion; what the various powers
Of various foods: But fifty years would roll,
And fifty more before the tale were done.
Befides there often lurks fome namelefs, firange, 100
Peculiar thing; nor on the fkin difplay'd,
Felt in the pulfe, nor in the habit feen;
Which finds a poifon in the food that moft
The temp'rature affects. There are, whofe blood
Impetuous rages through the turgid veins, $\quad 10$;
Who better bear the fiery fruits of Ind
Than the moift Melon, or pale Cucumber.

Of chilly nature others fly the board Supply'd with flaughter, and the vernal powers For cooler, kinder, fuftenance implore. Some even the generous nutriment deteft
Which, in the fhell, the fleeping embryo rears.
Some, more unhappy ftill, repent the gifts
Of Pales; foft, delicious and benign:
The balmy quinteffence of every flower,
And every grateful herb that decks the fpring; 115
The foft'ring dew of tender fprouting life;
The beft refection of declining age;
The kind reftorative of thofe who lie
Half dead and panting, from the doubtfal frife
Of nature flruggling in the grafp of death.
Try all the bounties of this fertile globe,
There is not fuch a falutary food
As fuits with every ftomach. But (except, Amid the mingled mafs of fifh and fowl,
And boil'd and bak'd, you hefitate by which
You funk opprefs'd, or whether not by all;)
Taught by experience foon you may difcern
What pleafes, what offends. Avoid the cates
That lull the ficken'd appetite too long;
Or heave with fev'rim flufhings all the face, $\quad 130$
Burn in the palms, and parch the roughning tongue;
Or much diminifh or too much increafe
Th' expence, which nature's wife œconomy,
Without or wafte or avarice, maintains.
Such cates abjurd, let prouling hunger loofe, 135
And bid the curious palate roam at will;
They

They fcarce can err amid the various fores
That burft the teeming entrails of the world. Led by fagacious tafte, the ruthlefs king
Of beafts on blood and flaughter only lives; ..... 140
The Tiger, form'd alike to cruel meals,
Would at the manger ftarve: Of milder feeds
The generous horfe to herbage and to grain
Confines his wifh; though fabling Greece refound
The Thracian fteeds with human carnage wild. ..... 145
Prompted by inftinct's never-erring power,
Each creature knows its proper aliment;
But man, th' inhabitant of ev'ry clime,With all the commoners of nature feeds.Directed, bounded, by this power within,150
Their cravings are well-aim'd: Voluptuous ManIs by fuperior faculties mifled;Mifled from pleafure even in queft of joy.
Sated with Nature's boons, what thoufands feek,And mad variety, to fpur beyondIts wifer will the jaded appetite!Is this for pleafure? Learn a jufter tafte;
And know that temperance is true luxury.
Or is it pride? Purfue fome nobler aim. ..... 860
Difmifs your parafites, who praife for hire;
And earn the fair efteem of honeft men,
Whofe praife is fame. Form'd of fuch clay as yours,
'The fick, the needy', fhiver at your gates.
Even modeft want may blefs your hand unfeen, ..... 165
Though huff'd in patient wretchednefs at home,
C 3 ..... Is

Is there no virgin, grac'd with every charm
But that which binds the mercenary vow?
No youth of genius, whofe neglected bloom Unfofter'd fickens in the barren fhade;
No worthy man, by fortune's random blows, Or by a heart too generous and humane, Conftrain'd to leare his happy natal feat, And figh for wants more bitter than his own?
There are, while human miferies abound,
A thoufand ways to wafte fuperfluous wealth, Without one fool or flatterer at your board, Without one hour of ficknefs or difguft.

But other ills th' ambiguous feaft purfue,
Befides provoking the lafcivious tafte. 180
Such various foods, though harmlefs each alone, Each other violate; and of we fee What frife is brew'd, and what pernicious bane, From combinations of innoxious things. 'Th' unbounded tafte I mean not to confine
'To hermit's diet needlefly fevere.
But would you long the fweets of health enjoy, Or hufband pleafure; at one impious meal Exhauft not half the bounties of the year, Of every realm. It matters not mean while
How much to-morrow differ from to-day; So far indulge: 'tis fit, beiides, that man, To change obnoxious, be to change inurd.
But flay the curious appetite, and tafte With caution fruits you never tried before.

Sometimes offends; while cuftom tames the rage Of poifon to mild amity with life.

So heav'n has form'd us to the general tafte Of all its gifts; fo cuftom has improv'd
This bent of nature; that few fimple foods, Of all that earth, or air, or ocean yield, But by excefs offend. Beyond the fenfe Of light refection, at the genial board Indulge not often; nor protract the fealt
To dull fatiety ; till foft and flow
A drowzy death creeps on, th' expanfive foul
Opprefs'd, and finother'd the celeftial fire.
The fomach, urg'd beyond its active tone,
Hardly to nutrimental chyle fubdues
The fofteft food: unfinifh'd and deprav'd, The chyle, in all its future wanderings, owns Its turbid fountain; not by purer ftreams So to be cleard, but foulnefs will remain, To fparkling wine what ferment can exalt
Th' unripen'd grape? Or what mechanic flill From the crude ore can fpin the ductile gold?

Grofs riot treafures up a wealthy fund Of plagues: but more immedicable ills Attend the lean extreme. For phyfic knows How to difburden the too tumid veins, Even how to ripen the half-labour'd blood: But to unlock the elemental tubes, Collaps'd and fhrunk with long inanity, And with balfamic nutriment repair
The dried and worn-out habit, were to bid

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\mathrm{C}_{4}
$$

Old age grow green, and wear a fecond fpring;
Or the tall afh, long ravifh'd from the foil,
Through wither'd veins imbibe the vernal dew.
When hunger calls, obey; nor often wait
Till hunger fharpen to corrofive pain:
For the keen appetite will feaft beyond
What nature well can bear ; and one extreme
Ne'er without danger meets its own reverfe.
Too greedily th' exhaufted veins abforb
The recent chyle, and load enfeebled powers
Oft to the extinction of the vital flame.
To the pale cities, by the firm-fet fiege
And famine humbled, may this rerfe be borne;
And hear, ye hardieft fons that Allion breeds 240
Long tofs'd and famifh'd on the wintry main;
The war fhook off, or hofpitable fhore
Attaind, with temperance bear the fhock of joy;
Nor crown with fettive rites th' aufpicious day:
Such feaft might prove more fatal than the waves,
Than war or famine. While the vital fire
Burns feebly, heap not the green fuel on;
But prudently foment the wandering fpark
With what the fooneft feeds its kindred touch:
Be frugal ev'n of that: a little give
At firt; that kindled, add a little more;
Till, by deliberate nourifhing, the flame
Reviv'd, with all its wonted vigour glows.
But though the two (the full and the jejune)
Extremes have each their vice; it much avails
Ever with gentle tide to ebb and flow

From this to that: So nature learns to bear
Whatever chance or headlong appetite
May bring. Befides, a meagre day fubdues
The cruder clods by floth or luxury

Collected, and unloads the wheels of life. Sometimes a coy averfion to the feaft Comes on, while yet no blacker omen lours; Then is a time to fhun the tempting board, Were it your natal or your nuptial day.
Perhaps a faft fo feafonable ftarves
The latent feeds of woe, which rooted once
Might coft you labour. But the day return'd
Of feftal luxury, the wife indulge
Moft in the tender vegetable breed:
Then chiefly when the fummer beams inflame
The brazen heavens; or angry Sirius fheds
A feverifh taint through the ftill gulf of air.
The moift cool viands then, and flowing cup
From the frefh dairy-virgin's liberal hand, 275
Will fave your head from harm, tho' round the world
The dreaded * Caufos roll his wafteful fires.
Pale humid winter loves the generous board, The meal more copious, and a warmer fare; And longs with old wood and old wine to chear 280 His quaking heart. The feafons which divide Th' empires of heat and cold; by neither claim'd, Influenc'd by both; a middle regimen Impofe. 'Through autumn's languifhing domain Defcending, nature by degrees invites 285

* The burning fever.
'To glowing luxury. But from the depth
Of winter when th' invigorated year
Emerges; when Favonius flufh'd with love,
'Torful and young, in every breeze defcends
More warm and wanton on his kindling bride;
Then, fhepherds, then begin to fpare your flocks;
And learn, with wife humanity, to check
The luft of blood. Now pregnant earth commits
A various offspring to th' indulgent ky :
Now bounteous nature feeds with lavifh hand
The prone creation; yields what once fuffic'd
Their dainty fovereign, when the world was young;
Ere yet the barbarous thirt of blood had feiz'd
The human breaft.-Each rolling month matures
The food that fuits it moft ; fo does each clime.
Far in the horrid realms of Winter, where
Th' eflablifh'd ocean heaps a monftrous wafte
Of fhining rocks and mountains to the pole:
'There lives a hardy race, whofe plaineft wants
Relentlefs earth, their cruel ftep-mother,
Regards not. On the wafte of iron fields,
Untam'd, intractable, no harvefts wave :
Pomona hates them, and the clownich God
Who tends the garden. In this frozen world
Such cooling gifts were vain: a fitter meal 310
Is earn'd with eafe; for here the fruitful fpawn
Of Ocean fwarms, and heaps their genial board
With generous fare and luxury profufe.
Thefe are their bread, the only bread they know;
Thefe, and their willing flave the deer that crops
The fhrubby herbage on their meagre hills. ..... 316
Girt by the burning Zone, not thus the South
Her fwarthy fons in either Ind, maintains:Or thirty Libya; from whofe fervid loinsThe lion burts, and every fiend that roams320
'Th' affrighted wildernefs. The mountain herd,Aduft and dry, no fweet repaft affords;Nor does the tepid main fuch kinds produce,So perfect, fo delicious, as the fhoalsOf icy Zembla. Rafhly where the blood325
Brews feverih frays; where fcarce the tubes fuftainIts tumid fervour and tempeftuous courfe;Kind nature tempts not to fuch gifts as thefe.But here in livid ripenefs melts the Grape:Here, finif'd by invigorating funs,330
Through the green fhade the golden Orange glows;Spontaneous here the turgid Melon yieldsA generous pulp: the Coco fwells on highWith milky riches; and in horrid mailThe crifp Ananas wraps its poignant fweets.335
Earth's vaunted progeny : In ruder airToo coy to flourih, even too proud to live;
Or hardly rais'd by artificial fireTo rapid life. Here with a mother's fmileGlad Amalthea pours her copious horn.340
Here buxom Ceres reigns: 'Th' autumnal feaIn boundlefs billows fluctuates o'er their plains.What fuits the climate beft, what fuits the men,Nature profufes moft, and moft the tafteDemands, The fountain, edg'd with racy wine

Or acill fruit, bedews their thirfly fouls.
The breeze eternal breathing round their limbs Supports in elfe intolerable air:
While the cool Palm, the Plaintain, and the grove
That waves on gloomy Lebanon, affuage 350
The torrid hell that beams upon their heads.
Now come, ye Naiads, to the fountains lead;
Now let me wander through your gelid reign.
I burn to view th' enthufiaftic wilds
By mortal elfe untrod. I hear the din
355
Of waters thund ring o or the ruin'd cliffs.
With holy reverence I approach the rocks
Whence glide the freams renown'd in ancient fong.
Here from the defart down the rumbling fteep
Firt fprings the Nile; here burfts the founding Po
In angry waves; Euphrates hence devolves 365
A mighty flood to water half the Eaft;
And there, in Gothic folitude reclin'd,
The chearlefs Tanais pours his hoary urn.
What folemn twilight! What fupendous fhades 365
Enwrap thefe infant floods! Through every nerve
A facred horror thrills, a pleafing fear
Glides o'er my frame. The foreft deepens round;
And more gigantic ftill the impending trees
Stretch their extravagant arms athwart the gloom.
Are thefe the confines of fome fairy world?
A land of Genii? Say, beyond thefe wilds
What unknown nations? If indeed beyond
Aught habitable lies. And whither leads,
To what frange regions, or of blifs or pain,

375
That

That fubterraneous way? Propitious maids, Conduct me, while with fearful fteps I tread This trembling ground. The tafk remains to fing Your gifts (fo Pæon, fo the powers of health Command) to praife your cryftal element: 380
The chief ingredient in heaven's various works; Whofe fiexile genius fparkles in the gem,
Grows firm in oak, and fugitive in wine;
The vehicle, the fource, of nutriment And life, to all that vegetate or live.

O comfortable ftreams! With eager lips
And trembling hand the languid thirfty quaff New life in you; frefh vigour fills their veins. No warmer cups the rural ages knew; None warmer fought the fires of human kind.
Happy in temperate peace! Their equal days
Felt not th' alternate fits of feverifh mirth,
And fick dejection. Still ferene and pleas'd
They knew no pains but what the tender foul With pleafure yields to, and would ne'er forget. Bleft with divine immunity from ails,
Long centuries they liv'd; their only fate
Was ripe old age, and rather fleep than death.
Oh! could thofe worthies from the world of Gods
Return to vifit their degenerate fons,
How would they fcorn the joys of modern time,
With all our art and toil improv'd to pain!
Too happy they! But wealth brought luxury,
And luxury on floth begot difeafe.

Learn temperance, friends; and hear without difdain The choice of water. Thus the * Coan fage 406 Opin'd, and thus the learn'd of every School. What leaft of foreign principles partakes Is beft: The lighteft then; what bears the touch Of fire the leaft, and fooneft mounts in air; 410
The moft infipid; the moft void of fmell. Such the rude mountain from his horrid fides
Pours down; fuch waters in the fandy vale For ever boil, alike of winter frofts And fummer's heat fecure. The cryftal ftream, 415 Through rocks refounding, or for many a mile O'er the chaf'd pebbles hurl'd, yields wholefome, pure And mellow draughts; except when winter thaws, And half the mountains melt into the tide. Though thirft were eer fo refolute, avoid
The fordid lake, and all fuch drowfy floods As fill from Lethe Belgia's flow canals; (With reft corrupt, with vegetation green; Squalid with generation, and the birth Of little monfters;) till the power of fire
Has from prophane embraces difengag'd The violated lymph. The tirgin ftream
In boiling waftes its finer foul in air.
Nothing like fimple element dilutes
The food, or gires the chyle fo foon to flow. 430
But where the ftomach indolent and cold
Toys with its duty, animate with wine
'Th' innipid ftream: Though golden Ceres yields
*.Hippocrates.

A more voluptuous, a more fprightly draught;
Perhaps more active. Wine unmix'd, and all 435
The gluey floods that from the vex'd abyfs
Of fermentation fpring; with fpirit fraught, And furious with intoxicating fire;
Retard concoction, and preferve unthaw'd
Th' embodied mafs. You fee what countlefs years,
Embalm'd in fiery quintefcence of wine, $44^{17}$
The puny wonders of the reptile world,
The tender rudiments of life, the flim
Unravellings of minute anatomy,
Maintain their texture, and unchang'd remain. 445
We curfe not wine: The vile excefs we blame;
More fruitful than th' accumulated board, Of pain and mifery. For the fubtle draught
Fafter and furer fwells the vital tide;
And with more active poifon, than the floods $45^{\circ}$
Of groffer crudity convey, pervades
The far remote meanders of our frame.
Ah! fly deceiver! Branded o'er and o'er,
Yet ftill believ'd! Exulting o'er the wreck
Of fober vows!-But the Parnaffian Maids

* Another time perhaps fhall fing the joys,

The fatal charms, the many woes of wine;
Perhaps its various tribes, and various powers.
Mean time, I would not always dread the bowl,
Nor every trefpafs fhun. The feverih frife, 460
Rous'd by the rare debauch, fubducs, expells
The loitering crudities that burden life;

> * Sse Book iy,

And,

Still with the ruins of the finall grow flrong.
Life glows mean time, amid the grinding force
Of vifcous fluids and elaftic tubes;
Its various functions vigoroufly are plied
By ftrong machinery ; and in folid health
The Man confirm'd long triumphs o'er difeafe.
But the full ocean ebbs: There is a point,
By nature fix'd, whence life muft downward tend.
For fill the beating tide confolidates
521
The ftubborn veffels, more reluctant fill
To the weak throbs of th' ill-fupported heart.
This languifhing, thefe ftrengthining by degrees
To hard unyielding unelaftic bone,
Through tedious channels the congealing flood
Crawls lazily, and hardly wanders on;
It loiters ftill: And now it ftirs no more.
This is the period few attain; the death
Of nature; thus (fo heav'n ordain'd it) life 530
Deftroys itfelf; and could thefe laws have chang'd,
Neftor might now the fates of Troy relate;
And Homer live immortal as his fong.
What does not fade? The tower that long had ftood The crufh of thunder and the warring winds,
Shook by the flow but fure deftroyer Time,
Now hangs in doubtful ruins $0^{\circ} \mathrm{er}$ its bafe.
And flinty pyramids, and walls of brafs,
Defcend : the Babylonian fpires are funk;
Achaia, Rome, and Egypt moulder down. 540
Time fhakes the fable tyranny of thrones,
And tottering empires ruh by their own weight.
This
'This huge rotundity we tread grows old; And all thofe worlds that roll around the fun, The fun himfelf, fhali die; and ancient Night 545 Again involve the defolate abyfs:
Till the great Father through the lifelefs gloom
Extend his arm to light another world, And bid new planets roll by other laws.
For through the regions of unbounded face, $55^{\circ}$
Where unconfin'd Omnipotence has room,
Being, in various fyitems, fluctuates ftill Between creation and abhorr'd decay : It ever did; perhaps and ever will. New worlds are ftill emerging from the deep; 555 The old defcending, in their turns to rife.

## T H E A R T

O F

## PRESERVING HEALTH.

## B O O K III.

## E X E R C I S E.

THRO' various toils th' adventurous Mufe has paft; But half the toil, and more than half, remains.
Rude is her Theme, and hardly fit for Song; Plain, and of little ornament; and I But little practis'd in th' Aonian arts.
Yet not in vain fuch labours have we tried,
If aught thefe lays the fickle health confirm.
To you, ye delicate, I write; for you
I tame my youth to philofophic cares, And grow ftill paler by the midnight lamps. 10 Not to debilitate with timorous rules
A hardy frame; nor needlefly to brave
Unglorious dangers, proud of mortal ftrength;
Is all the leffon that in wholefome years
Concerns the ftrong. His care were ill beftow'd 15
Who would with warm effeminacy nurfe

## ART OF PRESERVING HEALTif.

'The thriving oak which on the mountain's brow Bears all the blafts that fweep the wintry heav'n.

Behold the labourer of the glebe, who toils
In duft, in rain, in cold and fultry fkies;
Save but the grain from mildews and the flood,
Nought anxious he what fickly fars afcend.
He knows no laws by Efculapius given;
He fludies none. Yet him nor midnight fogs
Infeft, nor thofe envenom'd fhafts that fly
When rabid Sirius fires th' autumnal noon.
His habit pure with plain and temperate meals,
Robuft with labour, and by cuftom fteel'd
To every cafualty of varied life;
Screne he bears the peevifh Eaftern blaft,
And uninfected breathes the mortal South.
Such the reward of rude and fober life;
Of labour fuch. By health the peafant's toil
Is well repaid ; if exercife were pain
Indeed, and temperance pain. By arts like thefe 35
Laconia nurs'd of old her hardy fons;
And Rome's unconquer'd legions urg'd their way,
Unhurt, through every toil in every clime.
Toil, and be ftrong. By toil the flaccid nerves
Grow firm, and gain a more compacted tone; 40
The greener juices are by toil fubdu'd,
Mellow'd, and fubtiliz'd; the vapid old
Expell'd, and all the rancour of the blood.
Come, my companions, ye who feel the charms
Of nature and the year: come, let us ftray
Where chance or fancy leads our roving walk:

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Come,

Come, while the foft voluptuous breezes fan
The flecey heavens, enwrap the limbs in balm,
And fhed a charming languor o'er the foul.
Nor when bright Winter fows with prickly froft 50
'The vigorous ether, in unmanly warmth
Indulge at home; nor even when Eurus' blafts
This way and that convolve the labring woods.
My liberal walks, fave when the fkies in rain
Or fogs relent, no feafon fhould confine
55
Or to the cloitter'd gallery or arcade.
Go, climb the mountain ; from th' ethereal fource
imbibe the recent gale. The chearful morn Beams o'er the hills; go, mount th' exulting fteed. Already, fee, the deep-mouth'd beagles catch
The tainted mazes; and, on eager fport
Intent, with emulous impatience try
Each doubtful trace. Or, if a nobler prey
Delight you more, go chafe the defperate deer; And through its deepeft folitudes awake
The vocal foreft with the jovial horn.
But if the breathlefs chafe o.er hill and dale
Exceed your ftrength; a fport of lefs fatigue,
Not lefs delightful, the prolific ftream
Affords. The cryftal rivulet, that o'er
A flony channel rolls its rapid maze,
Swarms with the filver fry. Such, through the bounds
Of paftoral Stafford, runs the brawling Trent;
Such Eden, fprung from Cumbrian mountains; fuch
The Efk, o'erhung with woods; and fuch the fream
On whofe Arcadian banks I firft drew air,

Liddal; till now, except in Doric lays
'Tun'd to her murmurs by her love-fick fwains,
Unknown in fong: Though not a purer ftream, 79
'Thro' meads more flowery or more romantic groves.
Rolls toward the weftern main. Hail, facred flood!
May ftill thy hofpitable fwains be bleft
In rural innocence ; thy mountains ftill
Teem with the fleecy race; thy tuneful woods
For ever flourifh; and thy vales look gay
85
With painted meadows, and the golden grain!
Oft, with thy blooming fons, when life was new,
Sportive and petulant, and charm'd with toys,
In thy tranfparent eddies have I lav'd:
Oft trac'd with patient fteps thy fairy banks,
With the well-imitated fly to hook
The eager trout, and with the flender line
And yielding rod follicite to the fhore
The itruggling panting prey; while vernal clouds
And tepid gales obfcurd the ruffed pool,
And from the deeps calld forth the wanton fwarms.
Form'd on the Samian fchool, or thofe of Ind,
There are who think thefe paftimes fcarce humane.
Yet in my mind (and not relentlefs I)
His life is pure that wears no fouler ftains.
100
But if through genuine tendernefs of heart,
Or fecret want of relifh for the game,
You fhun the glories of the chace, nor care
To haunt the peopled ftream ; the garden yields
A foft amufement, an humane delight.
To raife th' infipid nature of the ground;

Or tame its farage genius to the grace Of carelefs fweet rufticity, that feems The amiable refult of happy chance, Is to create; and gives a god-like joy, IIO
Which every year improves. Nor thou difdain To check the lawlefs riot of the trees, To plant the grove, or turn the barren mould.
O happy he! whom, when his years decline, (His fortune and his fame by worthy means
Attain'd, and equal to his moderate mind ;
His life approv'd by all the wife and good,
Even envied by the vain) the peaceful groves
Of Epicurus, from this ftormy world,
Receive to reft; of all ungrateful cares
Abfolv $\cdot d$, and facred from the felfifh crowd.
Happieft of men! if the fame foil invites
A chofen few, companions of his youth,
Once fellow-rakes perhaps, now rural friends;
With whom in eafy commerce to purfue
Nature's free charms, and vie for fylvan fame:
A fair ambition; void of ftrife or guile,
Or jealoufy, or pain to be outdone.
Who plans th' enchanted garden, who directs
The vifto beft, and beft conducts the ftream;
Whofe groves the fafteft thicken and afcend;
Whom firt the welcome fpring falutes; who fhews
The earlieft bloom, the fweeteft proudeft charms
Of Flora; who beft gives Pomona's juice To match the fprightly genius of champain.
Thrice happy days! in rural bufinefs paft:

## ART OF PRESERVING HEALTH.

Bleft winter nights! when as the genial fire
Chears the wide hall, his cordial family
With foft domeftic arts the hours beguile,
And pleafing talk that flarts no timorous fame, 140
With witlefs wantonnefs to hunt it down :
Or through the fairy land of tale or fong
Delighted wander, in fictitious fates
Engag'd, and all that ftrikes humanity :
Till loft in fable, they the ftealing hour 145
Of timely reft forget. Sometimes, at eve
His neighbours lift the latch, and blefs unbid
His feftal roof; while, o'er the light repaft,
And fprightly cups, they mix in focial joy;
And, through the maze of converfation, trace
Whate'er amufes or improves the mind.
Sometimes at eve (for I delight to tafte
The native zeft and flavour of the fruit,
Where fenfe grows wild and takes of no manure)
The decent, honef, chearful hufbandman
Should drown his labours in my friendly bowl;
And at my table find himfelf at home.
Whate'er you ftudy, in whate'er you fweat,
Indulge your tafte. Some love the manly foils;
The tennis fome; and fome the graceful dance. 160
Others more hardy, range the purple heath,
Or naked flubble; where from field to field The founding coveys urge their labouring flight; Eager amid the rifing cloud to pour
The gun's unerring thunder: And there are $16 ;$

Whom fill the * meed of the green archer charms.
He chufes beft, whofe labour entertains
His vacant fancy moft: The toil you hate
Fatigues you foon, and fcarce improves your limbs.
As beauty ftill has blemifh; and the mind
'The moft accomplifh'd its imperfect fide;
Few bodies are there of that happy mould
But fome one part is weaker than the reft:
The legs, perhaps, or arms refufe their load,
Or the cheft labours. Thefe affiduounly,
But gently, in their proper arts employ ${ }^{d}$,
Acquire a vigour and fpringy activity
To which they were not born. But weaker parts
Abhor fatigue and violent difcipline,
Begin with gentle toils; and, as your nerves 180
Grow firm, to hardier by juft fleps afpire.
'The prudent, even in every moderate walk,
At firt but faunter; and by flow degrees
Increafe their pace. This doctrine of the wife
Well knows the mater of the flying fteed.
Firlt from the goal the manag'd courfers play
On bended reins: as yet the fililful youth
Reprefs their foamy pride; but every breath
The race grows warmer, and the tempet fwells;
Till all the fiery mettle has its way,
And the thick thunder hurries o'er the plain. When all at once from indolence to toil

[^1]You fpring, the fibres by the hafty fhock
Are tir'd and crack'd, before their unctuous coats, Comprefs'd, can pour the lubricating balm.
Befides, collected in the paffive veins,
The purple mafs a fudden torrent rolls,
O'erpowers the heart and deluges the lungs
With dangerous inundation: oft the fource
Of fatal woes; a cough that foams with blood, 200 Afthma and feller * Peripneumony,
Or the flow minings of the hectic fire.
'Th' athletic Fool, to whom what heav'n deny'd
Of foul is well compenfated in limbs, Oft from his rage, or brainlefs frolic, feels $20 ;$
His vegetation and brute force decay.
The men of better clay and finer mould
Know nature, feel the human dignity ; And fcorn to vie with oxen or with apes. Purfu'd prolixly, even the gentleft toil 210
Is watte of health : repofe by fmall fatigue
Is earn'd ; and (where your habit is not prone
To thaw) by the firt moifture of the brows.
The fine and fubtle fpirits coft too much
'To be profus'd, too much the rofcid balm.
But when the hard varieties of life
You toil to learn; or try the dufty chace,
Or the warm deeds of fome important day:
Hot from the field, indulge not yet your limbs
In wifh'd repofe; nor court the fanning gale, 220
Nor tafte the fpring. O! by the facred tears

Of widows, orphans, mothers, fifters, fires,
Forbear! No other peftilence has driven
Such myriads o'er th' irremeable deep.
Why this fo fatal, the fagacious Mufe
225
Through nature's cunning labyrinth's could trace :
But there are fecrets which who knows not now, Muft, ere he reach them, climb the heapy Alps Of fcience; and devote feven years to toil.
Befides, I would not ftun your patient ears
With what it little boots you to attain.
He knows enough, the mariner, who knows
Where lurk the fhelves, and where the whirlpools boil,
What figns portend the form: To fubtler minds
He leaves to fcan, from what myfterious caufe
Charybdis rages in th' Ionian wave;
Whence thofe impetuous currents in the main
Which neither oar nor fail can ftem; and why
The roughening deep expects the ftorm, as fure
As red Orion mounts the fhrouded heaven. $\quad 2 \not{ }^{2} 0$
In ancient times, when Rome with Athens vied For polin'd luxury and ufeful arts;
All hot and reeking from th' Olympic frife, And warm Peleftra, in the tepid bath
Th' athletic youth relax'd their weary limbs.
Soft oils bedew'd them, with the grateful pow'rs Of Nard and Caffia fraught, to footh and heal
The cherif'd nerves. Our lefs voluptuous clime
Not much invites us to fuch arts as thefe.
'Tis not for thofe, whom gelid fikies embrace,'
And chilling fogs; whofe perfpiration feels

Such frequent bars from Eurus and the North; ${ }^{\prime}$ Tis not for thofe to cultivate a fkin
Too foft; or teach the recremental fume Too faft to crowd through fuch precarious ways, 255 For through the fmall arterial mouths, that pierce In endlefs millions the clofe-woven flin, The bafer fluids in a conftant ftream Efcape, and viewlefs melt into the winds. While this eternal, this moft copious, wafte 260 Of blood, degenerate into vapid brine, Maintains its wonted meafure, all the powers Of health befriend you, all the wheels of life With eafe and pleafure move: But this reftrain'd Or more or lefs, fo more or lefs you feel
The functions labour: From this fatal fource
What woes defcend is never to be fung.
To take their numbers were to count the fands
That ride in whirlwind the parch'd Libyan air;
Or waves that, when the bluftering North embroils
The Baltic, thunder on the German fhore.
270
Subject not then, by foft emollient arts,
This grand expence, on which your fates depend,
To every caprice of the fky ; nor thwart'
The genius of your clime: For from the blood 275
Leaft fickle rife the recremental fteams, And leaft obnoxious to the ftyptic air, Which breathe thro' ftraiter and more callous pores, The temperd Scythian hence, half-naked treads His boundlefs fnows, nor rues th' inclement heaven; And hence our painted anceftors defied

Of widows, orphans, mothers, fifters, fires,
Forbear! No other peftilence has driven
Such myriads o'er th' irremeable deep.
Why this fo fatal, the fagacious Mufe
Through nature's cunning labyrinth's could trace :
But there are fecrets which who knows not now,
Muft, ere he reach them, climb the heapy Alps
Of fcience; and devote feven years to toil.
Befides, I would not fun your patient ears
With what it little boots you to attain.
He knows cnough, the mariner, who knows
Where lurk the fhelves, and where the whirlpools boil, What figns portend the form: To fubtler minds
He leaves to fcan, from what myfterious caufe
Charybdis rages in th' Ionian wave;
Whence thofe impetuous currents in the main
Which neither oar nor fail can ftem; and why
The roughening deep expects the form, as fure
As red Orion mounts the fhrouded heaven. $24^{\circ}$
In ancient times, when Rome with Athens vied
For polifid luxury and ufeful arts;
All hot and reeking from th' Olympic ftrife,
And warm Pelefra, in the tepid bath
'Th' athletic youth relax'd their weary limbs.
Soft oils bedew'd them, with the grateful pow'rs
Of Nard and Caffia fraught, to footh and heal
The cherih'd nerves. Our lefs voluptuous clime
Not much invites us to fuch arts as thefe.
${ }^{\prime}$ Tis not for thofe, whom gelid fkies embrace,'
And chilling fogs; whofe perfpiration feels

Such frequent bars from Eurus and the North;
${ }^{3}$ Tis not for thofe to cultivate a $\mathfrak{l k}$ in
Too foft; or teach the recremental fume
Too faft to crowd through fuch precarious ways, 255
For through the fmall arterial mouths, that pierce
In endlefs millions the clofe-woven fkin,
The bafer fluids in a conftant ftream
Efcape, and viewlefs melt into the winds.
While this eternal, this moft copious, wafte 260
Of blood, degenerate into vapid brine,
Maintains its wonted meafure, all the powers
Of health befriend you, all the wheels of life
With eafe and pleafure move : But this reftrain'd
Or more or lefs, fo more or lefs you feel
The functions labour: From this fatal fource
What woes defcend is never to be fung.
To take their numbers were to count the fands
That ride in whirlwind the parch'd Libyan air;
Or waves that, when the bluftering North embroils
The Baltic, thunder on the German fhore. 270
Subject not then, by foft emollient arts,
This grand expence, on which your fates depend,
'To every caprice of the fky ; hor thwart'
The genius of your clime: For from the blood 275
Leaft fickle rife the recremental fteams,
And leaft obnoxious to the ftyptic air, Which breathe thro' fraiter and more callous pores,
The temper'd Scythian hence, half-naked treads
His boundlefs fnows, nor rues th' inclement heaven;
And hence our painted anceftors defied 28r
The

The Eaft: nor curs'd, like us, their fickle fky. The body, moulded by the clime, endures Th' Equator heats or Hyperborean froft: Except by habits foreign to its turn,
Unwife you counteract its forming pow'r. Rude at the firft, the winter fhocks you lefs By long acquaintance: ftudy then your fky , Form to its manners your obfequious frame, And learn to fuffer what you cannot fhun,
Againft the rigours of a damp cold heav'n To fortify their bodies, fome frequent The gelid ciftern ; and, where nought forbids, I praife their dauntlefs heart : A frame fo fteel'd Dreads not the cough, nor thofe ungenial blafts295
That breathe the Tertian or fell Rheumatifm;The nerves fo temper'd never quit their tone,No chronic languors haunt fuch hardy breafts.
But all things have their bounds: and he who makes
By daily ufe the kindeft regimen ..... 300
Effential to his health, fhould never mixWith human kind, nor art nor trade purfue.He not the fafe vicifitudes of life
Without fome fhock endures; ill fitted heTo want the known, or bear unufual things305
Befides, the powerful remedies of pain(Since pain in fpite of all our care will come)Should never with your profperous days of healthGrow too familiar: For by frequent ufeThe ftrongeft medicines lofe their healing power,And even the fureit poifons theirs to kill.

Let thofe who from the frozen Arctos reach Parch'd Mauritania, or the fultry Weft, Or the wide flood that laves rich Indoftan, Plunge thrice a day, and in the tepid wave
Untwift their fubborn pores; that full and free 'Th' evaporation through the foften'd $\mathfrak{k k}$ in May bear proportion to the fwelling blood. So may they 'fcape the fever's rapid flames; So feel untainted the hot breath of hell.
With us, the man of no complaint demands
The warm ablution juft enough to clear The fluices of the fkin, enough to keep The body facred from indecent foil.
Still to be pure, ev'n did it not conduce 325
(As much it does) to health, were greatly worth
Your daily pains. 'Tis this adorns the rich;
'The want of this is poverty's worft woe;
With this external virtue Age maintains
A decent grace; without it youth and charms 330
Are loathfome. This the venal Graces know;
So doubtlefs do your wives: For married fires,
As well as lovers, fill pretend to tafe ;
Nor is it lefs (all prudent wives can tell)
To lofe a huband's than a lover's heart.
But now the hours and feafons when to toil
From foreign themes recall my wandering fong.
Some labour fafting, or but flightly fed
To lull the grinding fomach's hungry rage.
Where nature feeds too corpulent a frame
'Tis wifely done: For while the thirfty veins.
48 ARMSTRONG'S POEMS.
Impatient of lean penury, devour
'The treafurd oil, then is the happieft time
To fhake the lazy balfam from its cells.Now while the fomach from the full repaft345
Subfides, but ere returning hunger gnaws,
Ye leaner habits, give an hour to toil:
And ye whom no luxuriancy of growth
Oppreffes yet, or threatens to opprefs.
But from the recent meal no labours pleafe, ..... 350
Oflimbs or mind. For now the cordial powers
Claim all the wandering fpirits to a workOf firong and fubtle toil, and great event :A work of time: and you may rue the dayYou hurried, with untimely exercife,355
A half-concocted chyle into the blood.
'The body overcharg'd with unctuous phlegm
Much toil demands: The lean elaftic lefs.
While winter chills the blood and binds the reins,
No labours are too hard: By thofe you 'fcape ..... 360
The flow difeafes of the torpid year;
Endlefs to name; to one of which alone,
To that which tears the nerves, the toil of flaves
Is pleafure; Oh! from fuch inhuman painsMay all be free who merit not the wheel!365
But from the burning Lion when the fun
Pours down his fultry wrath; now while the blood
Too much already maddens in the veins,
And all the finer fluids through the fkin
Explore their flight; me, near the cool cafcade ..... 370
Reclin'd, or fauntring in the lofty grove.

No needlefs flight occafion fhould engage To pant and fweat beneath the fiery noon. Now the frefh morn alone and mellow eve To fhady waiks and active rural fports
Invite. But, while the chilling dews defcend, May nothing tempt you to the cold embrace Of humid fkies ; though 'tis no vulgar joy 'To trace the horrors of the folemn wood While the foft evening faddens into night, 380
Though the fweet Poet of the vernal groves Melts all the night in ftrains of am'rous woe.

The fhades defcend, and midnight o'er the world
Expands her fable wings. Great Nature droops
Through all her works. Now happy he whofe toil 385
Has o'er his languid powerlefs limbs diffus'd
A pleafing lafitude: He not in vain
Invokes the gentle Deity of dreams.
His powers the moft voluptuoufly diffolve In foft repofe: On him the balmy dews
Of fleep with double nutriment defcend.
But would you fweetly wafte the blank of night
In deep oblivion; or on Fancy's wings
Vifit the paradife of happy Dreams,
And waken chearful as the lively morn ;
Opprefs not Nature finking down to reft
With fcafts too late, too folid, or too full :
But be the firlt concoction half-matur'd Ere you to mighty indolence refign Your paffive faculties. He from the toils 400 And troubles of the day to heavier toil Vol, LXXI.

E
Retires,

Retires, whom trembling from the tower that rocks
Amid the clouds, or Calpe's hideous height, The bufy dxmons hurl ; or in the main
O'erwhelm; or bury ftruggling under ground.
Not all a monarch's luxury the woes
Can counterpoife of that moft wretehed man, Whofe nights are fhaken with the frantic fits Of wild Oreftes; whofe delirious brain 409 Stung by the Furies, works with poifon'd thought:
While pale and monftrous painting fhocks the foul;
And mangled confcioufnefs bemoans itfelf For ever tom; and chaos floating round. What dreams prefage, what dangers thefe or thofe Portend to fanity, though prudent feers
Reveal'à of old and men of deathlefs fame, We would not to the fupertitious mind Suggeff new throbs, new vanities of fear. ${ }^{\circ}$ Tis ours to teach you from the peaceful night To banifh omens and all reftlefs woes.

In fudy fome protract the filent hours, Which others confecrate to mirth and wine; And flecp till noon, and hardly live till night. But furely this redcems not from the fhades One hour of life. Nor does it nought avail What faion you to drowfy Morpheus give Of the ever-varying circle of the day; Or whether, thrcugh the tedious winter gloom, You tempt the midnight or the morning damps. The body, frefh and vigorous from repole,
Defies the early fogs : but, by the toils

Of wakeful day, exliauft 1 and untrung, Weakly refilfs the night's unwholefome brath. The grand difcharge, the effufion of the 化in, Slowly impaird, the languid maladies 435
Creep on, and through the dickning functions fteal.
As, when the chilling Eaft invades the fering, The delicate Narcifus pines away
In hectic languor ; and a flow difeafe
Taints all the family of flowers, condemn'd 440
To cruel heav'ns. But why, already prone To fade, fhould beauty cherih its own bane?
O fhame! O pity! nipt with pale Quadrille, And midnight cares, the bloom of Albion dies! By toil fubdued, the Warrior and the Hind
Sleep fart and deep: their active functions foon
With generous itreams the fubtle tubes fupply;
And foon the tonic irritable nerves
Feel the frefh impulfe and awake the foul.
The fons of indolence with long repofe,
Grow torpid; and with floweft Lethe drunk,
Feebly and lingringly return to life,
Blunt crery fenfe and powerlefs every limb.
Ye, prone to fleep (whom fleeping moft annoys)
On the hard mattrefs or elaftic couch
Extend your limbs, and wean yourfelves from noth;
Nor grudge the lean projector, of dry brain
And fpringy nerves, the blandifhments of down:
Nor envy while the buried Bacchanal
Exhales his furfeit in prolixer dreams.
E 2

He without riot, in the balmy feaft
Of life, the wants of nature has fupply'd Who rifes, cool, ferene, and full of foul. But pliant nature more or lefs demands, As cuftom forms her; and all fudden change
She hates of habit, even from bad to good. If faults in life, or new emergencies, From habits urge you by long time confirm'd, Slow may the change arrive, and flage by flage ;
Slow as the fhadow o'er the dial moves,
Slow as the ftealing progrefs of the year.
Obferve the circling year. How unperceiv'd
Her feafons change! Behold! by flow degrees,
Stern Winter tam'd into a ruder Spring ;
The ripen'd Spring a milder Summer glows;
475
Departing Summer fheds Pomona's fore;
And aged Autumn brews the winter-ftorm.
Slow as they come, thefe changes come not void Of mortal fhocks: The cold and torrid reigns, The two great periods of th' important year,
Are in their firft approaches feldom fafe:
Funereal Autumn all the fickly dread,
And the black fates deform the lovely Spring. He well advis'd who taught our wifer fires Early to borrow Mufcovy's warm fpoiis,
Ere the firft frof has touch'd the tender blade; And late refign them, though the wanton Spring Should deck her charms with all her fifter's rays. For while the effluence of the fkin maintains Its native meafure, the pleuritic Spring
ART OF PRESERVING HEALTH. ..... 53

Glides harmlefs by; and Autumn, fick to death With fallow Quartans, no contagion breathes. I in prophetic numbers could unfold The omens of the year: what feafons teem With what difeafes; what the humid South495 Prepares, and what the Demon of the Eaft: But you perhaps refufe the tedious fong. Befides, whatever plagues in heat, or cold, Or drought, or moifture dwell, they hurt not you, Skill'd to correct the vices of the $\mathfrak{f k y}$,
And taught already how to each extream 'To bend your life. But fhould the public bane Infect you; or fome trefpafs of your own, Or flaw of nature, hint mortality :
Soon as a not unpleafing horror glides
Along the fpine, through all your torpid limbs; When firft the head throbs, or the ftomach feels
A fickly load, a weary pain the loins;
Be Celfus call'd: The Fates come rufhing on;
The rapid Fates admit of no delay.
While wilful you, and fatally fecure, Expect to-morrow's more aufpicious fun, 'The growing' peft, whofe infancy was weak And eafy vanquifh'd, with triumphant fway O'erpowers your life. For want of timely care, 515 Millions have died of medicable wounds. Ah! in what perils is vain life engag'd!
What flight neglects, what trivial faults deftroy The hardieft frame! of indolence, of toil, We die ; of want, of fuperfluity:

The all-furrounding hearen, the vital air, Is big with death. And, though the putrid South
Be fhut; though no convulfive agony Shake, from the deep foundations of the world, Th'imprifoned plagues; a fecret venom oft
Corrupts the air, the water, and the land. What livid deaths has fad Byzantium feen! How oft has Cairo, with a mother's woe, Wept oe'er her flaughterd fons and lonely ftreets! Even Albion, girt with lefs malignant fkies,
Albion the poifon of the Gods has drank, And felt the fting of monfers all her own. Ere yet the fell Plantagenets had fpent
Their ancient rage, at Bofworth's purple field;
While, for which tyrant England fhould receive,
Her legions in inceftuous murders mix'd,
And daily horrors; till the Fates were drunk With kindred blood by kindred hands profus'd:
Another plague of more gigantic arm
Arofe, a monfter never known before,
Rear'd from Cocytus its portentous head,
This rapid Fury not, like other pefts,
Purfu'd a gradual courfe, but in a day
Rufh'd as a ftorm o'er half th' aftonifhed ifle, And frew'd with fudden carcafes the land.

Firft through the fhoulders or whatever part Was feiz'd the firft, a fervid vapour fprung, With rafh combution thence, the quivering fpark
Shot to the heart, and kindled all within;
And foon the furface caught the fpreading fires. 550
Through all the yielding pores, the melied blood

Gufh'd out in fmoaky fweats; but nought affuag'd The torrid heat within, nor aught reliev'd
The ftomach's anguifh. With inceffant toil, Defperate of eafe, impatient of their pain,
They tofs'd from fide to fide. In vain the ftream Ran full and clear, they burnt and thirfted ftill. The reftlefs arteries with rapid blood
Beat flrong and frequent. 'Thick and pantingly The breath was fetch'd, and with huge lab'rings heav'd. At laft a heavy pain opprefs'd the head, 561
A wild delirium came; their weeping friends
Were ftrangers now, and this no home of theirs. Harrafs'd with toil on toil, the finking powers Lay proftrate and oerthrown; a ponderous fleep $56 ;$ Wrapt all the fenfes up: they flept and died.

In fome a gentle horror crept at firft
O er all the limbs; the fluices of the fkin Withheld their moifture, till by art provok'd The fweats o'erfow'd; but in a clammy tide:
Now free and copious, now reftrain'd and flow; Of tinctures various, as the temperature
Had mixd the blood; and rank with fetid fteams:
As if the pent-up humours by delay
Were grown more fell, more putrid, and malign. 575
Here lay their hopes; (though little hope remain'd)
With full effufion of perpetual fweats
To drive the venom cut. And here the fates
Were kind, that long they linger'd not in pain.
For who furviv'd the fun's diurnal race
Rofe from the dreary gates of hell redeem'd: Some the fixth hour opprefs'd, and fome the third.

Of many thoufands few untainted 'fcapd; Of thofe infected fewer 'fcap'd alive ; Of thofe who lived fome felt a fecond blow;
And whom the fecond fpar'd a third deftroy'd. Frantic with fear, they fought by flight to fhun' 'The fierce contagion. O'er the mournful land Th'infected city pour'd her hurrying fwarms :
Rous'd by the flames that fir'd her feats around, 590
'Th' infected country rufh'd into the town. Some, fad at home, and in the defart fome, Abjurd the fatal commerce of mankind; In vain: where'er they fled, the Fates purfu'd. Others, with hopes more fpecious, crofs'd the main, To fee's protection in far diftant fkies;
But none they found. It feem'd the general air, From pole to pole, from Atlas to the Eaft, Was then at enmity with Englifh blood. For, but the race of England, all were fafe In foreign climes; nor did this Fury tafte 600
The foreign blood which England then contain'd. Where fhould they fly? The circumambient heaven Involv'd them ftill; and every breeze was bane. Where find relief? The falutary art
Was mute; and ftartled at the new difeafe, 605 In fearful whifpers hopelefs omens gave. To Heaven with fuppliant rites they fent their prayers; Heaven heard them not. Of every hope depriv'd; Fatigu'd with vain refources; and fubdued With woes reffiftefs and enfeebling fear;
Paffive they funk beneath the weighty blow. Nothing but lamentable founds was heard,

Nor aught was feen but ghaftly views of death. Infectious horror ran from face to face, And pale defpair. 'Twas all the bufinefs then 615 To tend the fick, and in their turns to die. In heaps they fell: and oft one bed, they fay, The fickening, dying, and the dead contained. Ye guardian Gods, on whom the Fates depend Of tottering Albion! ye eternal Fires 620
That lead through heaven the wandering year! yepowers 'That o'er th' incircling elements prefide! May nothing worfe than what this age has feen Arrive! Enough abroad, enough at home Has Albion bled. Here a diftemper'd heaven 625
Has thin'd her cities; from thofe lofty cliffs That awe proud Gaul, to Thule's wintry reign; While in the Weft, beyond th' Atlantic foam, Her braveft fons, keen for the fight, have dy'd The death of cowards and of common men : Sunk void of wounds, and fall'n without renown. But from thefe views, the weeping Mufes turn, And other themes invite my wandering fong.

## [ $5^{8}$ ]

## T H E A R T

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## PRESERVING HEALTH.

## THE PASSIONS.

THE choice of Aliment, the choice of Air, The ufe of Toil and all external things, Already fung; it now remains to trace What good, what eril from ourfelves proceeds: And how the fubtle Principle within Infpires with health, or mines with ftrange decay The paffive Body. Ye poetic Shades, Who know the fecrets of the world unfeen, Affift my fong! For, in a doubtful theme Engag'd, I wander through myfterious ways.

There is, they fay (and I believe there is)
A fpark within us of th' immortal fire,
That animates and moulds the groffer frame;
And when the body finks efcapes to heaven,
Its native feat, and mixes with the Gods.
Mean while this heavenly particle pervades
The mortal elements; in every nerve

It thrills with pleafure, or grows mad with pain. And, in its fecret conclave, as it feels
The body's wces and joys, this ruling power
Wields at its will the dull material world,
And is the body's health or malady.
By its own toil the grofs corporeal frame
Fatigues, extenuates, or deftroys itfelf.
Nor lefs the labours of the mind corrode
The folid fabric: for by fubtle parts
And viewlefs atoms, fecret Nature moves
The mighty whecls of this ftupendous world. By fubtle fluids pour'd through fubtle tubes The natural, vital, functions are perform'd.
By thefe the fubborn aliments are tam'd;
The toiling heart diftributes life and ftrength;
Thefe the ftill-crumbling frame rebuild; and thefe Are loft in thinking, and diffolve in air.

But 'tis not 'Thought (for fill the foul's employ'd)
${ }^{\prime}$ Tis painful thinking that corrodes our clay.
All day the vacant eye without fatigue
Strays o'er the heaven and earth; but long intent
On microfcopic arts its vigour fails.
Juft fo the mind, with various thought amus ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{d}$,
Nor akes itfelf, nor gives the body pain.
But anxious Study, Difcontent, and Care,
Love without hope, and Hate without revenge,
And Fear, and Jealoufy, fatigue the foul, Engrofs the fubtle minifters of life,
And fyoil the labring functions of their fhare.
Hence the lean gloom that Melancholy wears;

The Lover's palenefs; and the fallow hue Of Enry, Jealoufy; the meagre fare Of fore Revenge: the canker'd body hence
Betrays each fretful motion of the mind.
The ftrong-built pedant; who both night and day Feeds on the coarfeft fare the fchools beftow, And crudely fattens at grofs Burman's ftall;
O'crwhelm'd with phlegm lies in a dropfy drown'd,
Or finks in lethargy before his time.
With ufeful ftudies you, and arts that pleafe
Employ your mind, amufe but not fatigue.
Peace to each droufy metaphyfic fage!
And ever may all heary fyftems reft!
Yet fome there are, even of elaftic parts,
Whom flrong and oblinate ambition leads
Through all the rugged roads of barren lore,
And gives to relifh what their generous tafte
Would elfe refufe. But may nor thirlt of fame,
Nor love of knowledge, urge you to fatigue
With conftant drudgery the liberal foul.
'Toy with your books: and, as the various fits
Of humour feize you, from Philofophy
To Fable fhift; from ferious Antonine
'To Rabelais' ravings, and from profe to fong.
While reading pleafes, but no longer, read;
And read aloud refounding Homer's ftrain, And wield the thunder of Demofthenes. The cheit fo exercis'd improves its ftrength;
And quick vibrations through the bowels drive
The reftefs blood, which in unactive days

## ART OF PRESERVING HEALTH.

Would loiter elfe through unelaftic tubes. Deem it not trifling while I recommend What pofture fuits: 'To ftand and fit by turns, 80 As nature prompts, is beft. But o'er your leaves To lean for ever, cramps the vital parts, And robs the fine machinery of its play. 'Tis the great art of life to manage well The reflefs mind. For ever on purfuit Of knowledge bent, it flarves the groffer powers : Quite unemploy'd, againft its own repofe It turns its fatal edge, and fharper pangs Than what the body knows embitter life. Chiefly where Solitude, fad nurfe of Care, To fickly mufing gives the penfive mind. There Madnefs enters; and the dim-ey'd Fiend, Sour Melancholy, night and day provokes Her own eternal wound. The fun grows pale; A mournful vifionary light o'erfpreads
The chearful face of nature: earth becomes A dreary defart, and heaven frowns above. Then various fhapes of curs'd illufion rife : Whate'er the wretched fears, creating Fear Forms out of nothing; and with monfters teems 100 Unknown in hell. The proftrate foul beneath A load of huge imagination heaves; And all the horrors that the murderer feels With anxious flutterings wake the guiltlefs breaft. Such phantoms Pride in folitary fcenes,
Or Fcar, on delicate Self-love creates. From other cares abfolv'd, the bufy mind

Finds in yourfelf a theme to pore upon;
It finds you miferable, or makes you fo.
For while yourfelf you anxioufly explore,
110
Timorous Self-lore, with fickning Fancy's ail, Prefents the danger that you dread the mot, And ever galls you in your tender part.

Hence fome for love, and fome for jealoufy,
For grim religion fome, and fome for pride,
Have loft their reafon: fome for fear of want
Want all their lives; and others every day
For fear of dying fuffer worfe than death.
Ah! from your bofoms banifh, if you can,
Thofe fatal guefts: and firl the Dæmon Fear;
That trembles at impoffible events,
Left aged Atlas fhould refign his load,
And heaven's eternal battlements rufh down.
Is there an evil worfe than Fear itfelf?
And what avails it, that indulgent heaven 125
From mortal eyes has wrapt the woes to come,
If we, ingenious to torment ourfelves,
Grow pale at hideous fictions of our own ?
Enjoy the prefent; nor with needlefs cares,
Of what may fpring from blind misfortune's womb,
Appall the furef hour that life befows.
131
Screne, and mafter of yourfelf, prepare
For what may come; and leave the reft to Heaven.
Oft from the Body, by long ails miftun'd,
Thefe evils fiprung the moft important health,
That of the Mind, deftroy: and when the mind They firt invade, the confcious body foon

In fympathetic languifment declines.
Thefe chronic Paffions, while from real woes
They rife, and yet without the body's fault Ifo
Infeft the foul, admit one only cure;
Diverfion, hurry, and a reflefs life.
Vain are the confolations of the wife;
In vain your friends would reafon down your pain.
O ye, whofe fouls relentlefs love has tamd
To foft difrefs, or friends untimely fall'n!
Court not the luxury of tender thought;
Nor deem it impious to forget thofe pains
That hurt the living, nought avail the dead.
Go, foft enthufiaft! quit the cyprefs groves, 1,0
Nor to the rivulet's lonely moanings tune
Your fad complaint. Go, feek the chearful haunts
Of men, and mingle with the bufting crowd;
Lay fchemes for wealth, or power, or fame, the winh
Of nobler minds, and pufh them night and day.
Or join the caravan in queft of fcenes
New to your eyes, and fhifting every hour, Beyond the Alps, beyond the Apennines.
Or more advent rous, rufh into the field
Where war grows hot; and, raging through the fky,
The lofty trumpet fwells the madd'ning foul: 16:
And in the hardy camp and toilfome march
Forget all fofter and lefs manly cares.
But moft too paffive, when the blood runs low,
Too weakly indolent to frive with pain, 16 ,
And bravely by refifting conquer Fate,
Try Circe's arts; and in the tempting bow 1

Of poifon'd Neetar fweet oblivion fwill.
Struck by the pow'rful charm, the gloom diffolves
In empty air; Elyfium opens round,
A pleafing phrenzy buoys the lighten'd foul,
And fanguine hopes difpel your fleeting care;
And what was difficult, and what was dire, Yields to your prowefs and fuperior fars :
The happielt you of all that e'er were mad,
Or are, or fhall be, could this folly laft.
But foon your hearen is gone; a heavier gloom
Shuts o'er your head: and, as the thund'ring ftream,
Swoln o'er its banks with fudden mountain rain,
Sinks from its tumult to a filent brook;
So, when the frantic raptures in your breaft Subfide, you languifh into mortal man;
You fleep, and waking find yourfelf undone.
For prodigal of life in one rafh night
You lavifhd more than might fupport three days.
A heavy morning comes; your cares return
With tenfold rage. An anxious fomach well
May be endurd; fo may the throbbing-head:
But fuch a dim delirium, fuch a dream, Involves you; fuch a daftardly defpair
Unmans your foul, as madd'ning Pentheus felt, When, baited round Cithrron's cruel fides,
He faw two funs, and double Thebes afcend.
You curfe the fluggifh Port; you curfe the wretch,
The felon, with unnatural mixture firf
Who dard to violate the virgin Wine.
Or on the fugitive Champain you pour
A thoufand

A thoufand curfes; for to heav'n it rapt Your foul, to plunge you deeper in defpair. Perhaps you rue even that divineft gift,
'The gay, ferene, good-natur'd Burgundy,
Or the frefh fragrant vintage of the Rhine:
And wifh that heaven from mortals had with-held
The grape, and all intoxicating bowls.
Befides, it wounds you fore to recollect
What follies in your loofe unguarded hour Efcap'd. For one irrevocable word,
Perhaps that meant no harm, you lofe a friend.
Or in the rage of wine your hafty hand
Performs a deed to haunt you to the grave. 210 Add that your means, your health, your parts decay;
Your friends avoid you; brutifhly transform'd
They hardly know you; or if one remains
To wifh you well, he wifhes you in heaven.
Defpis'd, unwept you fall; who might have left 215
A facred, cherifh'd, fadly-pleafing name;
A name ftill to be utter'd with a figh.
Your laft ungraceful fcene has quite effac'd
All fenfe and memory of your former worth.
How to live happief; how avoid the pains, 220
The difappointments, and difgufts of thofe
Who would in pleafure all their hours employ;
The Precepts here of a divine old man
I could recite. Though old, he fill retain'd
His manly fenfe, and energy of mind.
Virtuous and wife he was, but not fevere;
He ftill remember'd that he once was young;
Vol. LXXI.
F
His

His eafy prefence check'd no decent joy. Him even the diffolute admird; for he A graceful loofenefs when he pleas'd put on, 230
And laughing could inftruct. Much had he read, Much more had feen; he ftudied from the life, And in th' original perus'd mankind.

Vers'd in the woes and vanities of life,
He pitied Man: and much he pitied thofe 235
Whom falfely-fmiling Fate has curs'd with means
To diffipate their days in quelt of joy.
Our aim is happinefs; 'tis yours, 'tis mine,
He faid, 'tis the purfuit of all that live;
Yet few attain it, if 'twas e eer attain'd.
But they the wideft wander from the mark,
Who through the flow'ry paths of faunt'ring Joy
Seek this coy Goddefs; that from flage to ftage
Invites us ftill, but fhifts as we purfue.
For, not to name the pains that pleafure brings 245 To counterpoife itfelf, relentlefs Fate Forbids that we through gay voluptuous wilds, Should ever roam: and were the Fates more kind, Our narrow luxuries would foon grow fale. Were thefe exhauflefs, Nature would grow fick, 250 And, cloy $\cdot \mathrm{d}$ with pleafure, fqueamifhly complain That all is vanity, and life a dream.
Let nature reft : be bufy for yourfelf,
And for your friend; be bufy even in vain
Rather than teize her fated appetites.
Who never fafts, no banquet eer enjoys;
Who never toils or watches, never fleeps.

Let nature reft: and when the tafte of joy
Grows keen, indulge; but fhun fatiety.
'Tis not for mortals always to be bleft.
But him the leaft the dull or painful hours
Of life opprefs, whom fober Senfe conducts,
And Virtue, through this labyrinth we tread.
Virtue and Senfe I mean not to disjoin;
Virtue and Senfe are one: and, truft me, fill 26;
A faithlefs Heart betrays the Head unfound.
Virtue (for mere Good-nature is a fool)
Is Senfe and Spirit, with Humanity:
${ }^{\prime}$ 'Tis fometimes angry, and its frown confounds;
'Tis even vindictive, but in vengeance juft. 270
Knaves fain would laugh at it; fome great ones dare;
But at his heart the moft undaunted fon
Of fortune dreads its name and awful charms.
To nobleft ufes this determines wealth;
This is the folid pomp of profperous days;
275
The peace and fhelter of adverfity.
And if you pant for glory, build your fame
On this foundation, which the fecret fhock
Defies of Envy and all-fapping time. The gaudy glofs of fortune only ftrikes 280
The vulgar eye: the fuffrage of the wife,
The praife that's worth ambition, is attain'd
By Senfe alone, and dignity of mind.
Virtue, the ftrength and beauty of the foul,
$\lambda_{\mathrm{s}}$ the beft gift of heaven: a happinefs
285
'That even above the fmiles and frowns of fate
Exalts great Nature's favourites: a wealth
That

That ne'er encumbers, nor can be transferr'd. Riches are oft by guilt and bafenefs earn'd; Or dealt by chance, to fhield a lucky knave,
Or throw a cruel fun-fhine on a fool.
But for one end, one much-neglected ufe,
Are riches worth your care: (for Nature's wants
Are few, and without opulence fupply'd.) This noble end is, to produce the Soul;

295
To fhew the virtues in their faireft light;
To make Humanity the Minifter
Of bounteous Providence; and teach the breaft That generous luxury the Gods enjoy.

Thus, in his graver vein, the friendly Sage 300 Sometimes declaim'd. Of Right and Wrong he taught Truths as refin'd as ever Athens heard;
And (ftrange to tell!) he practis'd what he preach'd. Skilld in the Paffions, how to check their fway He knew, as far as Reafon can control
The lawlefs Powers. But other cares are mine:
Form'd in the fchool of Pxon, I relate What Paffions hurt the body, what improve:
Aroid them, or invite them, as you may.
Know then, whatever chearful and ferene
Supports the mind, fupports the body too. Hence, the moft vital movement mortals feel Is Hope; the balm and life-blood of the foul. It pleafes, and it lafts. Indulgent heaven Sent down the kind delufion, through the paths Of rugged life to lead us patient on; And make our happieft ftate no tedious thing.

Our greateft good, and what we leaft can fpare, Is Hope: the laft of all our evils, Fear. But there are Paffions grateful to the breaft, 320 And yet no friends to Life: perhaps they pleafe Or to excefs, and diffipate the foul ;
Or while they pleafe, torment. The fubborn Clown, The ill-tam'd Ruffian, and pale Ufurer, (If Love's omnipotence fuch hearts can mould) 325 May fafely mellow into love; and grow Refin'd, humane, and generous, if they can. Love in fuch bofoms never to a fault Or pains or pleafes. But, ye finer Souls, Form'd to foft luxury, and prompt to thrill
With all the tumults, all the joys and pains, That beauty gives; with caution and referve Indulge the fweet deftroyer of repofe, Nor court too much the Queen of charming cares. For, while the cherifh'd poifon in your breaft335

Ferments and maddens; fick with jealoufy, Abfence, diffruft, or even with anxious joy, The wholefome appetites and powers of life Diffolve in languor. The coy ftomach loaths 339 The genial board: Your chearful days are gone; The generous bloom that flufh'd your cheeks is fled. To fighs devoted and to tender pains, Penfive you fit, or folitary ftray, And wafte your youth in mufing. Mufing firft Toy'd into care your unfufpecting heart:
It found a liking there, a fportful fire,
And that fomented into ferious love;

Which mufing daily frengtl.ins and improves
Through all the heights of fondnefs and romance:
And you're undone, the fatal fhaft has fped,
If once you doubt whether you love or no.
'The body waftes away; th' infected mind,
Diffolv'd in female tendernefs, forgets
Each manly virtue, and grows dead to fame.
Sweet heaven from fuch intoxicating charms
Defend all worthy breafs! Not that I deem
Love always dangerous, always to be fhun'd.
Love well repaid, and not too weakly funk
In wanton and unmanly tendernefs,
Adds bloom to Health; o'er ev'ry virtue fheds
A gay, humane, a fweet, and generous grace,
And brightens all the ornaments of man.
But fruitlefs, hopelefs, difappointed, rack'd
With jealoufy, fatigu'd with hope and fear,
Too ferious, or too languifhingly fond,
Unnerves the body and unmans the foul.
And fome have died for love; and fome run mad;
And fome with defperate hands themfelves have flain. Some to extinguifh, others to prevent,
A mad devotion to one dangerous Fair, $\quad 370$
Court all they meet; in hopes to diffipate
'The cares of Love amongft an hundred Brides.
'Th' event is doubtful: for there are who find
A cure in this; there are who find it not.
${ }^{3}$ Tis no relief, alas! it rather galls
The wound, to thofe who are fincerely fick. For while from feverifh and tumultuous joys

The nerves grow languid and the foul fubfides, The tender fancy fmarts with every fting, And what was Love before is Madnefs now.
Is health your care, or luxury your aim, Be temperate ftill: When Nature bids, obey;
Her wild impatient fallies bear no curb:
But when the prurient habit of delight, Or loofe Imagination, fpurs you on
'To deeds above your ftrength, impute it not
To Nature : Nature all compulfion hates.
Ah! let nor luxury nor vain renown
Urge you to feats you well might fleep without;
To make what fhould be rapture a fatigue,
A tedious tafk; nor in the wanton arms
Of twining Laïs melt your manhood down.
For from the colliquation of foft joys
How chang'd you rife! the ghoft of what you was!
Languid, and melancholy, and gaunt, and wan; 395
Your veins exhaufted, and your nerves unftrung.
Spoild of its balm and fprightly zeft, the blood
Grows vapid phlegm; along the tender nerves (To each flight impulfe tremblingly awake)
A fubtle Fiend that mimics all the plagues
Rapid and reftlefs fprings from part to part.
The blooming honours of your youth are fallen; Your vigour pines; your vital powers decay;
Difeafes haunt you; and untimely Age
Creeps on; unfocial, impotent, and lewd.
Infatuate, impious, epicure! to wafte
The ftores of pleafure, chearfulnefs, and health!

Infatuate all who make delight their trade, And coy perdition every hour purfue.

Who pines with Love, or in lafcivious flames 410
Confumes, is with his own confent undone:
He choofes to be wretched, to be mad; And warn'd proceeds and wilful to his fate. But there's a Paffion, whofe tempeftuous fway Tears up each virtue planted in the breaft, 415
And fhakes to ruins proud Philofophy.
For pale and trembling Anger rufhes in, With fault ring fpeech, and eyes that wildly fare;
Fierce as the Tiger, madder than the feas,
Defperate, and arm'd with more than human ftrength.
How foon the calm, humane, and polif'd man 421
Forgets compunction, and ftarts up a fiend!
Who pines in Loie, or waftes with filent Cares,
Envy, or ignominy, or tender grief,
Slowly defcends, and ling'ring, to the Mades. 425
But he whom Anger ftings, drops, if he dies,
At once, and ruhhes apoplectic down;
Or a fierce fever hurries him to hell.
For, as the Body through unnumberd ftrings
Reverberates each vibration of the Soul;
As is the Paffion, fuch is ftill the Pain
'The Body feels: or chronic, or acute.
And oft a fudden ftorm at once o erpowers The Life, or gives your Reafon to the winds.
Such fates attend the rafh alarm of Fear,
And fudden Grief, and Rage, and fudden Joy.

There are, mean time, to whom the boiftrous fit Is Health, and only fills the fails of life. For where the mind a torpid winter leads, Wrapt in a body corpulent and cold,
And each clogg'd function lazily moves on;
A generous fally fpurns th' incumbent load, Unlocks the breaft, and gives a cordial glow. But if your wrathful blood is apt to boil, Or are your nerves too irritably ftrung,
Wave all difpute; be cautious, if you joke;
Kcep Lent for ever; and forfwear the Bowl. For one rafh moment fends you to the fhades, Or fhatters ev'ry hopeful fcheme of life, And gives to horror all your days to come. 450 Fate, arm'd with thunder, fire, and ev'ry plague, That ruins, tortures, or diftracts mankind, And makes the happy wretched in an hour, O'erwhelms you not with woes fo horrible As your own wrath, nor gives more fudden blows. 455

While Choler works, good Friend, you may be wrong;
Ditruft yourfelf, and fleep before you fight. 'Tis not too late to-morrow to be brave; If honour bids, to-morrow kill or die. But calm advice againft a raging fit
Avails too little; and it braves the power Of all that ever taught in Profe or Song, To tame the Fiend that fleeps a gentle Lamb, And wakes a Lion. Unprovok'd and calm, You reafon well; fee as you ought to fee,

And wonder at the madnefs of mankind:
Seiz'd with the common rage, you foon forget
The fpeculations of your wifer hours.
Befet with Furies of all deadly fhapes,
Fierce and infidious, violent and flow:
With all that urge or lure us on to Fate :
What refuge fhall we feek? what arms prepare?
Where Reafon proves too weak, or void of wiles
To cope with fubtle or impetuous powers,
I would invoke new Paffions to your aid:
475
With Indignation would extinguifh Fear,
With Fear or generous Pity vanquifh Rage,
And Love with Pride; and force to force oppofe.
There is a Charm, a Power, that fways the breaft;
Bids every Paffion revel or be ftill;
480
Infpires with Rage, or all your Cares diffolves;
Can footh Diffraction, and almoft Defpair.
That power is Mufic: Far beyond the ftretch
Of thofe unmeaning warblers on our ftage;
'Thofe clumfy Heroes, thofe fat-headed Gods, 485
Who move no paffion juftly but Contempt:
Who, like our dancers (light indeed and ftrong!)
Do wond'rous feats, but never heard of grace.
The fault is ours; we bear thofe monftrous arts;
Good Heaven! we praife them: we, with loudeft peals, Applaud the fool that highef lifts his heels;
And, with infipid thew of rapture, dic
Of ideot notes impertinently long.
But he the Mufe's laurel juftly flares,
A Poet he, and touch'd with Heavei's own fire; 495

Who, with bold rage or folemn pomp of founds, Inflames, exalts, and ravifhes the foul; Now tender, plaintive, fweet almoft to pain, In Love diffolves you; now in fprightly ftrains Breathes a gay rapture thro' your thrilling breaft; 500 Or melts the heart with airs divinely fad;
Or wakes to horror the tremendous ffrings. Such was the Bard, whofe heavenly ftrains of old Appeas'd the fiend of melancholy Saul. Such was, if old and heathen fame fay true, 505
The man who bade the Theban domes afcend, And tam'd the favage nations with his fong; And fuch the Thracian, whofe melodious lyre, Tun'd to foft woe, made all the mountains weep; Sooth'd even th' inexorable powers of Hell, 510 And half redeem'd his loft Eurydice. Mufic exalts each Joy, allays each Grief, Expels Difeafes, foftens every Pain, Subdues the rage of Poifon, and the Plague; And hence the wife of ancient days ador'd 515 One Power of Phyfic, Melody, and Song.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}76\end{array}\right]$

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## B E N E V O L E N C E:

A N

## EPISTLETO EUMENES*. 1751.

KIND to my frailties fill, Eumenes, hear; Once more I try the patience of your ear. Not oft I fing: the happier for the town, So ftun'd already they're quite ftupid grown With monthly, daily-charming things I own. 5 Happy for them, I feldom court the Nine; Another art, a ferious art is mine. Of naufeous verfes offer'd once a week, You cannot fay I did it, if you're fick. 'Twas ne er my pride to fhine by flafhy fits Amongft the daily, weekly, monthly wits. Content if fome few friends indulge my name, So flightly am I fung with love of fame, I would not fcrawl one hundred idle linesNot for the praife of all the Magazines.

* This little piece was addreffed to a worthy Gentleman, as an expreffion of gratitude for his kind endeavours to do the Author a great piece of fervice.


## OF BENEVOLENCE.

77
Yet once a moon, perhaps, I fieal a night;
And, if our fire Apollo pleafes, write. You fnile; but all the train the Mufe that follow, Chriftians and dunces, ftill we quote Apollo. Unhappy fill our poets will rehearfe
To Goths, that ftare aftonifh'd at their verfe;
To the rank tribes fubmit their virgin lays:
So grofs, fo beftial, is the luft of praife!
I to found judges from the mob appeal,
And write to thofe who moft my fubject feel.
Eumenes, thefe dry moral lines I truit
With you, whom nought that's moral can difguft.
With you I venture, in plain home-fpun fenfe,
What I imagine of Benevolence.
Of all the monfters of the human kind,
What ftrikes you moft is the low felfin mind.
You wonder how, without one liberal joy,
The fteady mifer can his years employ;
Without one friend, howe'er his fortunes thrive,
Defpis'd and hated, how he bears to live.
With honelt warmth of heart, with fome degree Of pity that fuch wretched things fhould be, You fcorn the fordid knave-He grins at you, And deems himfelf the wifer of the two.'Tis all but tafte, howe'er we fift the cafe;
He has his joy, as every creature has. 'Tis true, he cannot boaft an angel's fhare, Yet has what happinefs his organs bear. Thoul likewife mad'ft the high feraphic foul, Maker Onnipotent! and thou the owl.

Heav'n form'd bin too, and doubtlefs for fome ufe:
But Crane-court knows not yet all nature's views.
'Tis chiefly tafte, or blunt, or grofs, or fine, Makes life infipid, beftial, or divine.
Better be born with tafte to little rent,
Than the dull monarch of a continent.
Without this bounty which the Gods befow,
Can fortune make one favourite happy?-No. As well might fortune in her frolic vein, Proclaim an Oyfter fovereign of the main.
Without fine nerves, and bofom juftly warm'd, An eye, an ear, a fancy to be charm'd, In vain majeftic Wren expands the dome; Blank as pale ftucco Rubens lines the room: Loft are the raptures of bold Handel's ftrain;
Great Tully ftorms, fweet Virgil fings, in vain. The beauteous forms of nature are effac' $d$; Tempe's foft charms, the raging watry wafte, Each greatly-wild, each fweet romantic fcene Unheeded rifes, and almoft unfeen.

Yet thefe are joys, with fome of better clay,
To footh the toils of life's embarrafs'd way. Thefe the fine frame with charming horrors chill, And give the nerves delightfully to thrill. But of all Tafte the nobleft and the beft,
The firt enjoyment of the generous breaft, Is to behold in man's obnoxious ftate Scenes of content, and happy turns of fate. Fair views of nature, flining works of art, Amule the fancy: but thofe touch the heart.

## OF BENEVOLENCE.

Chiefly for this proud epic fong delights,
For this fome riot on th' Arabian Nights.
Each cafe is ours: and for the human mind ${ }^{\text {' }}$ Tis monftrous not to feel for all mankind.
Were all mankind unhappy, who could tafte
Elyfium? or be folitarily bleft?
Shock'd with furrounding fhapes of human woe,
All that or fenfe or fancy could beftow,
You would reject with fick and coy difdain,
And pant to fee one chearful face again.
But if life's better profpects to behold
So much delight the man of generous mould;
How happy they, the great, the godlike few,
Who daily cultivate this pleafing view!
This is a joy poffefs'd by few indeed!
Dame fortune has fo many fools to feed, She cannot oft afford, with all her fore, To yield her fmiles where nature fmil'd before.
To finking worth a cordial hand to lend;
With better fortune to furprize a friend;
To chear the modeft ftranger's lonely ftate;
Or fnatch an orphan family from fate;
To do, poffefs'd with virtue's nobleft fire,
Such generous deeds as we with tears admire;
Deeds that, above ambition's vulgar aim, Secure an amiable, a folid fame:
'Thefe are fuch joys as heaven's firt favourites feize;
Thefe pleafe you now, and will for ever pleafe.
Too feldom we great moral deeds admire;
The will, the power, th' occafion muft confpire, 105

Yet few there are fo impotent and low, But can fome fmall good offices beftow. Small as they are, however cheap they come, They add ftill fomething to the general fum: And him who gives the little in his power, 110
The world acquits; and heaven demands no more.
Unhappy he! who feels each neighbour's woe, Yet no relief, no comfort can beftow. Unhappy too, who feels each kind effay, And for great favours has but words to pay;
Who, fcornful of the flatterer's fawning art, Dreads even to pour his gratitude of heart; And with a diftant lover's filent pain
Muft the beft movements of his foul reftrain.
But men fagacious to explore mankind
Trace even the coyeft paffions of the mind.
Not only to the good we owe good-will ;
In good and bad diftrefs demands it ftill.
This with the generous lays diftinction low, Endears a friend, and recommends a foe.
Not that refentment never ought to rife; For even excefs of virtue ranks with vice: And there are villainies no bench can awe, That fport without the limits of the law.
No laws th' ungenerous crime would reprehend 130
Could I forget Eumenes was my friend:
In vain the gibbet or the pillory claim
The wretch who blafts a helplefs virgin's fame.
Where laws are dup'd, 'tis nor unjuft nor mean To feize the proper time for honelt fpleen.

An open candid foe I could not hate,
Nor even infult the bafe in humbled ftate;
But thriving malice tamely to forgive${ }^{3}$ Tis fomewhat late to be fo primitive. But I detain you with thefe tedious lays, 140
Which few perhaps would read, and fewer praife.
No matter: could I pleafe the polifh'd few
Who tafte the ferious or the gay like you,
The fqueamifh mob may find my verfes bare Of every grace-but curfe Me if I care.
Befides, I little court Parnaffian fame;
There's yet a better than a poet's name.
'Twould more indulge my pride to hear it faid
That I with you the paths of honour tread, Than that amongft the proud poetic train
No modern boafted a more claffic vein;
Or that in numbers I let loofe my fong,
Smooth as the Tweed, and as the Severn ftrong.

## T A S T E:

A N

## E P I S T L E

T 0
A YOUNG CRITIC. $1753^{\circ}$
${ }^{6}$ Proferve qua fentiat cur quifquam libcr dubitet?-Malim, me" bercule, folus infanire, quam fobrius aut plebis aut patrum "delirationibus ignaviter affentari." Autor anonym. Fragm.

RANGE from Tower-hill all London to the Fleet, Thence round the Temple, $\mathrm{t}^{\prime}$ utmoft Grofvenorftreet:
Take in your route both Gray's and Lincoln's Inn;
Mifs not, be fure, my Lords and Gentlemen; You'll hardly raife, as I with * Petty guefs, Above twelve thoufand men of tafte; unlefs In defperate times a Connoifeur may pafs.

But you muft oft amidft the fair and gay
Have feen a wou'd-be rake, a fluttering fool,
Who fwears he loves the fex with all his foul.

* Sir William Petty, author of the Political Aritbmetic.

Alas,

## T A S T E.

Alas, vain youth! doft thou admire fweet Jones?
Thou be gallant without or blood or bones!
You'd fplit to hear th' infipid coxcomb cry
Ah, charming Nanny! 'tis too much! I die!-
Die and be d-n'd, fays one; but let me tell ye
Ill pay the lofs if ever rapture kill ye.
'Tis eafy learnt the art to talk by rote:
At Nando's 'twill but coft you half a groat;
The Bedford fchool at three-pence is not dear, Sir;
At White's-the fars infruct you for a tefter. 2 i
But he, whom nature never meant to fhare
One fpark of tafte, will never catch it there:-
Nor no where elfe; howe'er the booby beau
Grows great with Pope, and Horace, and Boileau.

25
Good native Tafte, though rude, is feldom wrong,
Be it in mufrc, painting, or in fong.
But this, as well as other faculties,
Improves with age and ripens by degrees.
I know, my dear, 'tis needlefs to deny 't,
You like Voiture, you think him wondrous bright:
But feven years hence, your relifh more matur'd,
What now delights will hardly be endurd.
The boy may live to tafte Racine's fine charms,
Whom Lee's bald orb or Rowe's dry rapture warms :
But he, enfranchis'd from his tutor's care,
Who places Butler near Cervantes' chair ;
Or with Erafmus can admit to vie
Brown of Squab-hall of merry memory;

Will die a Goth: and nod at * Woden's feaft,
Th' eternal winter long, on + Gregory's breaft. Long may he fwill, this patriarch of the dull, The drowfy Mum-But touch not Maro's fkull! His holy barbarous dotage fought to doom,
Good heaven! th' immortal claffics to the tomb! -
Thofe facred lights fhall bid new genius rife
When all Rome's faints have rotted from the $\mathbb{k i}$ ies.
Be thefe your guides, if at the ivy crown
You aim; each country's claffics, and your own.
But chiefly with the ancients pafs your prime,
And drink Caftalia at the fountain's brim.
The man to genuine Burgundy bred up,
Soon ftarts the dafh of Methuen in his cup.
'Thofe fovereign mafters of the Mufes fkill
Are the true patterns of good writing ftill. 55
Their ore was rich and feven times purg'd of lead;
Their art feem'd nature, 'twas fo finely hid.
Though born with all the powers of writing well,
What pains it coft they did not blufh to tell.
Their eafe (my Lords!) ne'er loung d for want of fire, Nor did their rage through affectation tire, 6!

* Alluding to the Gothic heaven, Woden's hall; where the happy are for ever employed in drinking beer, mum, and other comsortable liquors out of the fkulls of thofe whom they had flain in battle.
+ Pope Gregory the VIth, diftinguifhed by the name of St. Gregory; whofe pious zeal, in the caufe of barbarous ignorance and priefly tyranny, exerted itfelf in demolifhing, to the utmoft of his power, all the remains of heathen genius.

Free from all tawdry and impofing glare They trufted to their native grace of air. Rapt'rous and wild the trembling foul they feize Or fly coy beauties fteal it by degrees; The more you view them ftill the more they pleafe. Yet there are thoufands of fcholaftic merit Who worm their fenfe out but ne'er tafte their 〔pirit. Witnefs each pedant under Bentley bred; Each commentator that e'er commented.
(You fcarce can feize a fpot of claffic ground,
With leagues of Dutch morafs fo floated round.)
Witnefs-but, Sir, I hold a cautious pen,
Left I fhould wrong fome bonourable men.
'They grow enthufiafts too-'Tis true!' 'tis pity! 75
But 'tis not every lunatic that's witty. Some have run Maro-and fome Milton-mad, Afhley once turn'd a folid barber's head:
Hear all that's faid or printed if you can, Afhley has turn'd more folid heads than one.

Let fuch admire each great or fpecious name;
For right or wrong the joy to them's the fame.
"Right!" Yes a thoufand times.-Each fool has heard
That Homer was a wonder of a bard.
Defpife them civilly with all my heart-
But to convince them is a defperate part.
Why fhould you teize one for what fecret caufe
One doats on Hörace, or on Hudibras?
${ }^{\prime} T$ is cruel, Sir, 'tis needlefs, to endeavour
To teach a fot of Tafte he knows no flavour,
'To difunite I neither wifh nor hope
A fubborn blockhead from his fav'rite fop.
Yes-fop I fay, were Maro's felf before 'em:
For Maro's felf grows dull as they pore o'er him.
But hear their raptures o'er fome feecious rhyme 95
Dubb'd by the mufk'd and greafy mob fubline.
For fpleen's dear fake hear how a coxcomb prates
As clam'rous o'er his joys as fifty cats;
"، Mujic laas charms to footh a favage breaft,
"To foften rocks, and oaks,"-and all the reft: 100
"I'we beard"-Blefs thefe long ears!-" Heav'ns what a ftrain!
"، Good God! What thunders burft in this Campaign!

* Hark Waller warbles! Ah! how fweetly killing!
" Then that inimitable Splendid Shilling!
" Rowe breathes all Shakefpeare here!-That ode of " Prior
" Is Spencer quite! egad his very fire! -
"As like"-Yes faith! as gum-flowers to the rofe,
Or as to Claret fiat Minorca's dofe;
As like as (if I am not grofsly wrong)
Erle Robert's Mice to aught e'er Chaucer fung. 110
Read boldly, and unprejudic'd perufe
Each fav'rite modern, ev'n each ancient mufe.
With all the comic falt and tragic rage
The great ftupendous genius of our ftage,
Boaft of our inland, pride of human-kind,
Had faults to which the boxes are not blind.
His frailties are to ev'ry goffip known:
Yet Milton's pedantries not fhock the town.

Ne'er be the dupe of Names, however high; For fome outlive good parts, fome mifapply.
Each elegant Spectator you admire;
But muft you therefore fwear by Cato's fire?
Mafques for the court, and oft a clumfey jeft, Difgrac'd the mufe that wrought the Alchemift. "But to the ancients."-Faith! I am not clear, 125 For all the fmooth round type of Elzevir, That every work which lafts in profe or fong, Two thoufand years, deferves to laft fo long. For not to mention fome eternal blades Known only now in th' academic fhades,
(Thofe facred groves where raptur'd fpirits ftray, And in word-hunting wafte the live-long day) Ancients whom none but curious critics fcan, Do, read * Meffala's praifes if you can. Ah! who but feels the fweet contagious fmart135

While foft Tibullus pours his tender heart?
With him the Loves and Mufes melt in tears;
But not a word of fome hexameters.
" You grow fo fqueamifh and fo dev'lifh dry,
" You'll call Lucretius vapid next." Not I. 140
Some find him tedious, others think him lame:
But if he lags his fubject is to blame.
Rough weary roads through barren wilds he tried,
Yet ftill he marches with true Roman pride:
Sometimes a meteor, gorgeous, rapid, bright,
He ftreams athwart the philofophic night.

[^2]Find you in Horace no infipid Odes? -
He dar'd to tell us Homer fometimes nods;
And but for fuch a critic's hardy fkill
Homer might flumber unfufpected ftill.
Taftelefs, implicit, indolent, and tame, At fecond-hand we chiefly praife or blame. Hence 'tis, for elfe one knows not why nor how, Some authors flourifh for a year or two: For many fome, more wond'rous ftill to tell;
Farquhar yet lingers on the brink of hell.
Of folid merit others pine unknown;
At firf, though * Carlos fwimmingly went down, Poor Belvidera fail'd to melt the town. Sunk in dead night the giant Milton lay
'Till Jommer's hand produc'd him to the day. But, thanks to heav'n and Addifon's good grace, Now ev'ry fop is charm'd with Chevy Chace.

Specious and fage, the fovereign of the flock
Led to the downs, or from the wave-worn rock 165 Reluctant hurl'd, the tame implicit train Or crop the downs, or headlong feek the main. As blindly we our folemn leaders follow, And good, and bad, and execrable fwallow.

Pray, on the firft throng'd evening of a play
That wears the + facies bippocratica,

[^3]
## TAS TE.

Strong lines of death, figns dire of reprobation; Have you not feen the angel of falvation Appear fublime; with wife and folemn rap To teach the doubtful rabble where to clap ? $\quad 175$
The rabble knows not where our dramas fhine; But where the cane goes pat-by $G$-that's fine!

Judge for yourfelf; nor wait with timid phlegm
'Till fome illuftrious pedant hum or hem. 179
The lords who ftarv'd old Ben were learn'dly fond Of Chaucer, whom with bungling toil they conn'd. Their fons, whofe ears bold Milton could not feize, Would laugh o'er Ben like mad, and fnuff and fneeze, And fwear, and feem as tickled as you pleafe. , $\}$ Their fpawn, the pride of this fublimer age, $\quad 185$
Feel to the toes and horns grave Milton's rage.
Though liv'd he now he might appeal with fcorn
To Lords, Knights, 'Squires, and Doctors, yet unborn;
Or juftly mad to Moloch's burning fane Devote the choiceft children of his brain.

190
Judge for yourfelf; and as you find report Of wit as freely as of beef or port. Zounds! fhall a pert or bluff important wight, Whofe brain is fancilefs, whofe blood is white; A mumbling ape of tafte; prefcribe us laws To try the poets, for no better caufe Than that he boafts per ann. ten thoufand clear, Yelps in the Houfe, or barely fits a Peer?
For fhame! for fhame! the liberal Britifh foul To ftoop to any fale di£tator's rule!

I may be wrong, and often am no doubt, But right or wrong with friends with foes 'twill out. Thus 'tis perhaps my fault if I complain Of trite invention and a flimfy vein, Tame characters, uninterefting, jejune,
And paffions drily copied from * Le Brun. For I would rather never judge than wrong That friend of all men, generous Fenelon. But in the name of goodnefs, muft I be 210 The dupe of charms I never yet could fee? And then to flatter where there's no rewardBetter be any patron-hunting bard, Who half our Lords with filthy praife befmears, And fing an Anthem to all ministers: Tafte th' Attic falt in ev'ry Peer's poor rebus, 215 And crown each Gothic idol for a Phœbus.

[^4]Alas! fo far from free, fo far from brave, We dare not fhew the little Tafte we have.
With us you'll fee ev'n vanity controul The moft refin'd fenfations of the foul.
Sad Otway's fcenes, great Shakefpear's we defy:
" Lard, Madam! 'tis fo unpolite to cry! -
"For fhame, my dear! d'ye credit all this ftuff?-
"I vow-well, this is innocent enough ?"
At Athens long ago, the Ladies-(married) 225
Dreamt not they mifbehav'd though they mifcarried,
When a wild poet with licentious rage
Turn'd fifty furies loofe upon the flage.
They were fo tender and fo eafy mov'd,
Heav'ns! how the Grecian ladies muft have lov'd!
For all the fine fenfations ftill have dwelt,
Perhaps, where one was exquifitely felt.
Thus he who heavenly Maro truly feels
Stands fix'd on Raphael, and at Handel thrills.
The groffer fenfes too, the tafte, the fmell,
Are likely trueft where the fine prevail:
Who doubts that Horace muft have cater'd well?
Friend, I'm a fhrewd obferver, and will guefs What books you doat on from your fav'rite mefs.
Brown and L'Eftrange will furely charm whome'er
The frothy pertnefs ftrikes of weak finall-beer.
Who fteeps the calf's fat loin in greafy fauce
Will hardly loathe the praife that baftes an afs.
Who riots on Scotcht Collops fcorns not any
Infipid, fulfome, trafhy mifcellany;

And who devours whate'er the cook can difh up,' Will for a claffic confecrate each * bifhop.

But I am fick of pen and ink; and you Will find this letter long enough. Adieu!

* See Feiton's Claffics.


## $[93]$

## I M I T A T I O N

OF

## SHAKESPEARE AND SPENSER.

## Advertifement from the Publißer.

THE following Imitation of Shakefpeare was one of our Author's firft attempts in poetry, made when he was very young. It helped to amufe the folitude of a winter paffed in a wild romantic country; and, what is rather particular, was juft finifhed when Mr. Thomfon's celebrated poem upon the fame fubject appeared. Mr. Thomfon, foon hearing of it, had the curiofity to procure a copy by the means of a common acquaintance. He fhewed it to his poetical friends, Mr. Mallet, Mr. Aaron Hill, and Dr. Young, who, it feems, did great honour to it; and the firft-men. tioned gentleman wrote to one of his friends at Edinburgh, defiring the author's leave to publifh it ; a requeft too flatttering to youthful vanity to be refifted. But Mr. Mallet altered his mind ; and this little piece has hitherto remained unpublifhed.

The other Imitations of Shakefpeare happen to have been faved out of the ruins of an unfinifhed tragedy on the flory of Tercus and Pbilomela; attempted upon an irregular
irregular and extravagant plan, at an age much too early for fuch atchievements. However, they are here exhibited for the fake of fuch guefts as may like a little repaft of fcraps.

NOW Summer with her wanton court is gone To revel on the fouth fide of the world, And flaunt and frolic out the live-long day. While Winter rifing pale from northern feas Shakes from his hoary locks the drizzling rheum. 5 A blatt fo fhrewd makes the tall-bodied pines Unfinew'd bend, and heavy-paced bears Sends growling to their favage tenements.

Now blows the furly north, and chills throughout The ftiffening regions; while, by ftronger charms Than Circe e'er or fell Medea brew'd,
Each brook that wont to prattle to its banks
Lies all beftill'd and wedg'd betwixt its banks,
Nor moves the wither'd reeds: and the rafh flood That from the mountains held its headfrong courfe, Buried in livid fheets of vaulting ice,
Seen through the fhameful breaches, idly creeps
To pay a fcanty tribute to the ocean.
What wonder? when the floating wildernefs
That fcorns our miles, and calls Geography
A fhallow pryer; from whofe unfteady mirrour The high-hung pole furveys his dancing locks; When this ftill-raving deep lies mute and dead,
Nor heaves its fwelling bofom to the winds. The furges, baited by the fierce north-eaft

Toffing with fretful fpleen their angry heads
To roar and rufh together,
Even in the foam of all their madnefs frruck
To monumental ice, ftand all aftride
The rocks they wafhed fo late. Such execution, 30
So ftern, fo fudden, wrought the grifly afpect
Of terrible Medufa, ere young Perfeus
With his keen fabre cropt her horrid head, And laid her ferpents rowling on the duft; When wandering thro' the woods fhe frown'd to ftone
Their favage tenants : juft as the foaming lion $3^{6}$
Sprung furious on his prey, her fpeedier power
Outrun his hafte; no time to languifh in,
But fix'd in that fierce attitude he ftands
Like Rage in marble.-Now portly Argofies 40
Lie wedg'd 'twixt Neptune's ribs. The bridg'd abyfm
Has chang'd our fhips to horfes; the fwift bark Yields to the heavy waggon and the cart,
That now from ifle to ifle maintain the trade;
And where the furface-haunting Dolphin led
Her fportive young, is now an area fit
For the wild fchool-boy's paftime.
Meantime the evening fkies, crufted with ice, Shifting from red to black their weighty fkirts, Hang mournful o'er the hills; and ftealing night Rides the bleak puffing winds, that feem to fpit 'Their foam fparfe thro' the welkin, which is nothing If not beheld. Anon the burden'd heaven Shakes from its ample fieve the boulted fnow; That fluttering down befprinkles the fad trees

In mockery of leaves; piles up the hills
To monftrous altitude, and choaks to the lips
The deep impervious vales that yawn as low
As to the centre, Nature's vafty breaches.
While all the pride of men and mortal things
Lies whelm'd in heaven's white ruins.-
The fhivering clown digs his obftructed way
'Through the fnow-barricadoed cottage door;
And muffled in his home-fpun plaid encounters
With livid cheeks and rheum-diftilling nofe
The morning's fharp and fcourging breath; to count
His ftarving flock whofe number's all too fhort
To make the goodly fum of yefter-night:
Part deep ingurgitated, part yet ftruggling
With their laft pantings melt themfelves a grave
In Winter's bofom; which yields not to the touch
Of the pale languid crefcet of this world,
That now with lean and churlifh hufbandry
Yields heartlefly the remnants of his prime;
And like moft fpendthrifts farves his latter days 75
For former ranknefs. He with bleary eye
Blazons his own difgrace; the harnefs'd wafte
Rebellious to his blunt defeated fhafts;
And idly ftrikes the chalky mountains tops
That rife to kifs the Welkin's ruddy lips;
Where all the rafh young bullies of the air
Mount their quick ilender penetrating wings,
Whipping the froft-burnt villagers to the bones;
And growing with their motion mad and furious,
${ }^{\prime}$ Till fwoln to tempents they out-rage the thunder; 85
IMITATIONS. ..... 97

Winnow the chaffy fnow, and mock the fkies
Even with their own artillery retorted;
Tear up and throw th' accumulated hills
Into the vallies. And as rude hurricanes,
Difcharg'd from the wind-fwoln cheeks of heaven, 90
Buoy up the fwilling fkirts of Araby's
Inhofpitable wilds,
And roll the dufty defart through the fies,
Choaking the liberal air, and fmothering
Whole caravans at once; fuch havock fpreads 95
This war of heaven and earth, fuch fudden ruin
Vifits their houfelefs citizens, that fhrink
In the falfe fhelter of the hills together,
And hear the tempeft howling o'er their heads That by and by o'erwhelms them. The very birds, Thofe few that troop'd not with the chiming tribe Of amorous Summer quit their ruffian element; And with domeftic tamenefs hop and flutter Within the roofs of perfecuting man,
(Giown hofpitable by like fenfe of fufferance;) 10 ;
Whither the hinds, the debt o' the day difcharg'd,
From kiln or barn repairing, fhut the door
On furly Winter; crowd the clean-fwept hearth
And chearful fhining fire; and doff the time,
The whilft the maids their twirling findles ply, 110
With mutty legends and ear-pathing tales;
Of giants, and black necromantic bards,
Of air-built caftles, feats of madcap knights,
And every hollow fiction of romance.
And, as their rambling humour leads them, talk 115 Vol, LXXI, H

Of prodigies, and things of dreadful utterance; That fet them all agape, roufe up their hair, And make the ideot drops fart from thei1 eyes; Of church-yards belching flames at dead of night, Of walking ftatues, ghofts unaffable, 120 Haunting the dark wafte tower or airlefs dungeon; Then of the elves that deftly trip the green, Drinking the fummer's moonlight from the flowers; And all the toys that phantafy pranks up
'T' amufe her fools withal.- Thus they lafh on 125
The fnail-pac'd Hyperborean nights, till heaven Hangs with a jufter poize: when the murk clouds Roll'd up in heary wreathes low-bellying, feem To kifs the ground, and all the waite of fnow Looks blue beneath 'em; till plumpd with bloating dropfy,
Berond the bounds and fretch of continence,
They burt at once; down pours the hoarded rain,
Wafhing the flippery winter from the hills,
And floating all the vallies. The fading fcene Melts like a loft enchantment or vain phantafm
That can no more abufe. Nature refumes
Her old fubtantial fhape; while from the wafe Of undifinguifhing calamity,
Foreft, and by their fides wide-fkirted plains, Houfes and trees arife; and waters fow, 140
That from their dark confinements burfting, fpurn
Their brittle chains; huge fheets of loofen'd ice
Float on their bofoms to the deep, and jarr
And clatter as they pafs; th' o'erjutting banks,

As long unpractistd to fo fteep a view,
Seem to look dizzy on the moving pomp.
Now ev'ry petty brook that crawl'd along,
Railing its pebbles, mocks the river's rage, Like the proud frog i' the fable. 'The huge Danube, While melting mountains rufh into its tide,
Rolls with fuch headftrong and unreined courfe, As it would choak the Euxine's gulphy maw, Burting his cryftal cerements. The breathing time Of peace expir'd, that hufh'd the deafning fcenes Of clam rous indignation, ruffian War
Rebels, and Nature ftands at odds again:
When the rous'd Furies of the fighting winds
'Torment the main; that fwells its angry fides, And churns the foam betwixt its flinty jaws; While through the farage dungeon of the night 160 The horrid thunder growls. 'Th' ambitious waves
Affault the flies, and from the burfting clouds Drink the glib lightening ; as if the feas Would quench the ever-burning fires of heaven.
Straight from their flipp'ry pomp they madly plunge
And kifs the loweft pebbles. Wretched they 166
That 'midft fuch rude vexation of the deep
Guide a frail veffel! Better ice-bound ftill,
'Than mock'd with liberty thus be refign'd To the rough fortune of the froward time;
When Navigation all a-tiptoe ftands
On fuch unfteady footing. Now they mount
On the tall billow's top, and feem to jowl
Againt the ftars; whence (dreadful eminence!)

They fee with fwimming eyes (enough to hurry round
In endlefs vertigo the dizzy brain)
A gulph that fwallows vifion, with wide mouth
Steep-yawning to receive them ; down they duck
To the rugged bottom of the main, and view
The adamantine gates of vaulted hell:
Thence tofs'd to light again; till borne adrift
Againft fome icy mountains bulging fides
They reel, and are no more. - Nor lefs by land
Ravage the winds, that in their wayward rage
Howl through the wide unhofpitable glens;
That rock the ftable-planted towers, and fhake The hoary monuments of ancient time
Down to their flinty bafes; that engage As they would tear the mountains from their roots,
And brufh the high heavens with their woody heads; Making the fout oaks bow.-But I forget
That fprightly Ver trips on old Winter's heel :
Ceafe we thefe notes too tragic for the time, Nor jar againft great Nature's fymphony;
When even the bluftrous elements grow tuneful, 195
Or linen to the concert. Hark! how loud
'The cucios wa'es, the folitary wood!
Soft figh the vinus as c'e: the greens they ftray, And murnuring brooks within their channels play.

## PROGNE,S DREAM:

Darkly exprofive of fome paft Events that weve foon to be revealed to her.

-     - LAST night I dreamt,

Whate'er it may forebode it moves me ftrangely,
That I was rapt into the raving deep;
An old and reverend fire conducted me:
He plung'd into the bofom of the main, And bade me not to fear but follow him. I followed; with impetuous fpeed we div'd, And heard the dafhing thunder o'er our heads. Many a flippery fathom down we funk, Beneath all plummets' found, and reach'd the bottom. When there, I afk'd my venerable guide
If he could tell me where my fifter was;
He told me that fhe lay not far from thence Within the bofom of a flinty rock, Where Neptune kept her for his paramour
Hid from the jealous Amphitrite's fight;
And faid he could conduct me to the place. I beg'd he would. Through dreadful ways we paft, 'Twixt rocks that frightfully lower'd on either fide, Whence here and there the branching coral fprung; 20 O'er dead men's bones we walk $\cdot \mathrm{d}$, o'er heaps of gold and gems,
Into a hideous kind of wildernefs, Where ftood a ftern and prifon-looking rock,

$$
\mathrm{H}_{3} \quad \text { Daub'd }
$$

Daub'd with a moffy verdure all around, The mockery of paint. As we drew near
Out fprung a hydra from a den below, A fpeckl'd fury; fearfully it hifs'd, And roll'd its fea-green eyes fo angrily As it would kill with looking. My old guide Againft its fharp head hurl'd a rugged fone-
The curling monfter rais'd a brazen fhriek, Wallow'd and clied in fitful agonies. We gain'd the cave. Through woven adamant I look'd, and faw my fifter all alone. Employ'd fhe feem'd in writing fomething fad, 35
So fad fhe look'd: Her cheek was wond'rous wan, Her mournful locks like weary fedges hung. I calld-fhe turning, ftarted when fhe faw me, And threw her head afide as if afham'd; She wept, but would not fpeak-I call'd again; 40 Still fhe was mute.--Then madly I addreft,
With all the lion-finews of defpair,
To break the flinty ribs that held me out;
And with the ftruggling wak'd.-

## A $\mathrm{S} T \mathrm{O} \mathrm{R}$;

Rajed to account for the late Return of a Mefenger.
— — - THE fun went down in wrath;
The fkies foam'd brafs, and foon th' unchained winds
Burt from the howling dungeon of the north:
And rais'd fuch high delirium on the main, Such angry clamour ; while fuch boiling waves
Flafh'd on the peevifh eye of moody night, It look'd as if the feas would fcald the heavens. Still louder chid the winds, th' enchafed furge Still anfwer'd louder ; and when the fickly morn Peep'd ruefully through the blotted thick-brow'd eaft To view the ruinous havock of the dark, II
The fately towers of Athens feem'd to ftand On hollow foam tide-whipt; the fhips that lay
Scorning the blaft within the marble arms
Of the fea-chid Portumnus, danc ${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$ like corks
Upon th' enraged deep, kicking each other ; And fome were dafh'd to fragments in this fray Againft the harbour's rocky cheft. The fea So roar'd, fo madly rag'd, fo proudly fwell'd, As it would thunder full into the frects,
And ftcep the tall Cecropian battlements
In foaming brine. The airy citadel,
Perch'd like an eagle on a high-brow'd rock,
Shook
so4 ARMSTRONG'S POEMS.
Shook the falt water from its fubborn fides With eager quaking; the Cyclades appear'd
like ducking Cormorants-Such a mutiny Out-clamourd all tradition, and gain'd belief To ranting prodigies of heretofore. Seven days it florm'd, \&c.

## [ 105 ]

> A N

## $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { I } & \mathrm{M} & \mathrm{I} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{A} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{I} & \mathrm{O} & \mathrm{N}\end{array}$

O F

## $\begin{array}{lllllll}\mathrm{S} & \mathrm{P} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{S} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{R} .\end{array}$

Written at Mr. Thomson's defire, to be inferted inte The Castle of Indolence.

## I.

FULL many a fiend did haunt this houfe of reft, And made of paffive wights an eafy prey. Here Lethargy with deadly fleep oppreft Stretch'd on his back a mighty lubbard lay, Heaving his fides; and fnored night and day. To ftir him from his traunce it was not eath, And his half-open'd eyne he fhut fraightway:

He led I ween the fofteft way to death, And taught withouten pain or ftrife to yield the breath.

## II.

Of limbs enormous, but withal unfound, Soft-fwoln and pale, here lay the Hydropfie;
Unwieldy man, with belly monftrous round
For ever fed with watery fupply;
For ftill he drank, and yet he ftill was dry.

And here a moping Myftery did fit, Mother of Spleen, in robes of various dye: .

She call'd herfelf the Hypochondriack Fit, And frantick feem'd to fome, to others feem'd a wit.

## III.

A lady was the whimfical and proud,
Yet oft thro' fear her pride would crouchen low. She felt or fancied in her fluttering mood All the difeafes that the Spitals know, And fought all phyfick that the fhops beftow;

And itill new leaches and new drugs would try. 'Twas hard to hit her humour high or low,

For fometimes the would laugh and fometimes cry, Sometimes would waxen wroth; and all fhe knew not why.

## IV.

Faft by her fide a liftlefs virgin pin'd,
With aching head and fqueamifh heart-burnings; Pale, bloated, cold, fhe feem'd to hate mankind, But lov'd in fecret all forbidden things. And here the Tertian fhook his chilling wings; And here the Gout, half tyger half a fnake, Rag d with an hundred teeth, an hundred ftings;

Thefe and a thoufand furies more did fhake Thofe weary realns, and kept eafe-loring men awake.

## [ 107 ]

A D A Y:
An Epifle to John Wilies, of Aylefoury, E/q.

ESCAP'D from London now four moons, and more,
I greet gay Wilkes from Fulda's wafted fhore, Where cloth'd with woods a hundred hills afcend, Where nature many a paradife has plan'd: A land that, e'en amid contending arms,
Late fmild with culture, and luxuriant charms;
But now the holtile fcythe has bar'd her foil, And her fad peafants ftarve for all their toil.

What news to-day ?-I afk you not what rogue,
What paltry imp of fortune's now in vogue; 10
What forward blundering fool was laft preferr'd,
By mere pretence diftinguifh'd from the herd;
With what new cheat the gaping town is fmit;
What crazy fcribbler reigns the prefent wit ;
What fluff for winter the two booths have mixt; $I_{5}$
What bouncing mimick grows a Rofcius next.
Wave all fuch news: I've feen too much, my friend,
To ftare at any wonders of that kind.
News, none have I : you know I never had;
I never long'd the day's dull lye to fpread ;
I left to goffips that fweet luxury,
More in the fecrets of the great than I,
To nurfes, midwives, all the flippery train,
That fwallow all, and bring up all again:

## Or did I e er a brief event relate,

You found it foon at length in the Gazette.
Now for the weather-This is England fill For aught I find, as good, and quite as ill. Even now the pond'rous rain perpetual falls, Drowns every camp, and crowds our hofpitals. 30 This foaking deluge all unftrings my frame, Dilutes my fenfe, and fuffocates my flame${ }^{3}$ Tis that which makes thefe prefent lines fo tame. 'The parching eaft wind fill purfues me tooIs there no climate where this fiend ne'er flew? By heaven, it flays Japan, perhaps Peru! It blafts all earth with its envenom'd breath, That fcatters difcord, rage, difeafes, death. 'Twas the firlt plague that burft Pandora's cheft, And with a livid fmile fow'd all around the reft. 40

Heaven guard my friend from every plague that flies, Still grant him health, whence all the pleafures rife. But oft difeafes from flow caufes creep,
And in this doctrine as (thank Heaven) I'm deep,

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Mean time excufe me that I fily fnatch The only theme in which I thine your match.

You fludy early: fome indulge at night, 'Their prudifh mufe feals in by candle-light, Shy as th' Athenian Bird, fhe fhuns the day, And finds December genial more than May,

## D A Y.

But happier you who court the early fun,
For morning vifits no debauch draw on;
Nor fo the fpirits, health, or fight impair, As thofe that pafs in the raw midnight air. The takk of breakfaft o'er; that peevifh, pale,
That lounging, yawning, moft ungenial meal ;
Rufh out, before thofe fools rufh in to worry ye,
Whofe bufinefs is to be idle in a hurry,
Who kill your time as frankly as their own,
And feel no civil hints e'er to be gone.
Thefe fies all fairly flung, whene'er the houfe, Your country's bufinefs, or your friend's, allows,
Rufh out, enjoy the fields and the frefh air;
Ride, walk, or drive, the weather foul or fair.
Yet in the torrid months I would reverfe
This method, leave behind both profe and verfe;
With the grey dawn the hills and foref roam,
And wait the fultry noon embower'd at home,
While every rural found improves the breeze,
The railing ftream, the bufy rooks, and murmur of the bees.
You'll hardly choofe thefe chearful jaunts aloneExcept when fome deep fcheme is carrying on. With you at Chelfea oft may I behold The hopeful bud of fenfe her bloom unfold, With you I'd walk to * * * * * * To rich, infipid Hackney, if you will; With you no matter where, while we're together, I fcorn no fpot on earth, and curfe no weather:

When dinner comes, amid the various feaft, That crowns your genial board, where every gueft, 80 Or grave, or gay, is happy, and at home, And none c'er figh'd for the mind's elbow-room; I warn you ftill to make your chief repalt On one plain difh, and trifle with the reft.

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Beef, in a fever, if your fomach crave it, Ox-cheek, or mawkifh cod, be fure you have it, For fill the contitution, even the cafe,
Directs the fomach; this informs the tafe;
And what the taite in her capricious fits
Coyly, or even indifferently admits,
The peerifh ftomach, or difdains to toil,
Or indolently works to vapid chyle.
This inftinct of the tafte fo feldom errs,
That if you love, yet fmart for cucumbers,
Or plumbs of bad repute, you'll likely find 'Twas for you feparated what nature join'd, The ficices kernel here, and there the rind.
'Tis well he cannot ocean change to cream,
Nor earth to a gided cake; not e'cn could tame 105
Niagara's fteep abyis to crawl down fairs *,
Or drefs in rofes the dire Cordelliers $\dagger$ :
But what he can he does: well can he trim
A charming fpot into a childifh whim;
Can every generous gift of Nature fpoil,
110
And rates their merits by his coft and toil.
Whate'er the land, whate'er the fea's produce,
Of perfect texture, and exalted juice,
He pampers, or to fulfome fat, or drains,
Refines and bleaches, t:ll no tafte remains.

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Enough to fatten fools, or drive the dray, But plagues and death to thofe of finer clay. No corner elfe, 'tis not to be denied,
Of all our ifle fo rankly is fupplied With grofs productions, and adulterate fare,
As one renown'd abode, whofe name I fpare. They cram all poultry, that the hungry fox
Would loath to touch them; e'en their boatted ox Sometimes is glutted fo with unctuous fpoil, That what feems beef is rather rape-feed oil.
D'ye know what brawn is?-O th' unhappy beaf!
He flands eternal, and is doom'd to feaft,

[^5]
## 112

 ARMSTRONG'S POEMS.Till-but the nauceous procefs I forbearOnly, beware of brawn-befure, beware! Yet brawn has tafte-it has: their veal has none, 130
Save what the butcher's breath infpires alone;
Juft heaven one day may fend them hail for wheat, Who fpoil all veal becaufe it fhould be white.
'Tis hard to fay of what compounded pafte
Their bread is wrought, for it betrays no tafte, 135
Whether 'tis flour and chalk, or chalk and flour
Shell'd and refin'd, till it has tafte no more;
But if the lamp be white, and white enough,
No matter how infipid, dry, or tough.
In falt itfelf the fapid favour fails,
Burnt alum for the love of white prevails:
While taftelefs cole-feed we for muftard fivallow,
'Tis void of zeft indeed-but fill 'tis yellow.
Parfnip, or parfley root, the rogues will foon Scrape for horfe-radifh, and 'twill pafs unknown, $1+5$ For by the colour, not the tafte, we prove all, As hens will fit on chalk, if 'tis but oval.

I mult with caution the cook's reign invade, Hot as the fire, and hafty from his trade,

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A cook of genius, bid him roaft a hare, $\quad 150$
By all that's hot and horrible would fwear,
Parch

Parch native drynefs! zounds, that's not the thing But ftew him, and he might half dine a king. His gen'rous broth I fhould almoft prefer To Turtle Soup, though Turtle travels far. $\quad 155$ You think me nice perhaps: yet I could dine On roafted rabbit; or fat turky and chine; Or fulfome haflet; or moft drily cram My throat with taftelefs fillet and wet ham: But let me ne'er of mutton-faddle eat,
That folid phantom, that moft fecious cheat;
Yet loin is paffable, he was no fool
Who faid the half is better than the whole:

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| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |  |

But I have cook'd and carv'd enough and more,
We come to drinking next. 'Till dinner's o'er, 163
I would all claret, even Champaign forbear,
Give me frefh water-blefs me with fmall-beer.
But fill whate'er you drink with cautious lip
Approach, furvey, and eer you fwallow, fip;
For often, O defend all honeft throats!
'The reeling wafp on the drench'd borage floats.
I've known a dame, fage elfe as a divine,
For brandy whip off Ipecacuan wine;
And I'm as fure amid your carelefs glee,
You'll fwallow Port one time for Cote-rotic.

But you aware of that Lethean flood, Will fcarce repeat the dofe-forbid you fhould!
'Tis fuch a deadly foe to all that's bright,
'Twould foon encumber e'en your fancy's flight :
And if 'tis true what fome wife preacher fays,
That we our gen'rous anceftors difgrace,
The fault from this pernicious fountain flows, Hence half our follies, half our crimes and woes;
And ere our maudlin genius mounts again, 'Twill caufe a fea of claret and champain
Of this retarding glue to rinfe the nation's brain.
The mud-fed carp refines amid the fprings,
And time and Burgundy might do great things;
But health and pleafure we for trade defpife, For Portugal's grudg'd gold our genius dies.
O haplefs race! O land to be bewail'd!
With murders, treafons, horrid deaths appal'd; Where dark-red fkies with livid thunders frown, While earth convulive fhakes her cities down; Where Hell in Heaven's name holds her impious court, And the grape bleeds out that black poifon, port; 196 Sad poifon to themfelves, to us ftill worfe, Brew'd and rebrew'd, a doubled, trebled curfe. Tofs'd in the crowd of various rules I find, Still fome material bufinefs left behind :

The fig, the goofeberry, beyond all grapes, Mellower to eat, as rich to drink perhaps. But pleafures of this kind are beft enjoy'd, Beneath the tree, or by the fountain fide,

Ere the quick foul, and dewy bloom exhale, 205 And vainly melt into the thanklefs gale.

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Who from the full meal yield to natural reft,
A hort repofe; 'tis ftrange how foon you'll find
A fecond morn rife chearful on your mind:
Befides it foftly, kindly, fooths away
The faddeft hour to fome that damps the day.
But if you're coy to fleep, before you fpread
Some eafy-trotting poct's lines-you're dead
At once: even thefe may haften your repofe, Now rapid verfe, now halting nearer profe: 215 There fmooth, here rough, what I fuppofe you'd chufe, As men of tafte hate famenefs in the mufe:
Yes, I'd adjourn all drinking till 'tis late,
And then indulge, but at a moderate rate.
By heaven not $* * *$ with all his genial wit, 220
Should ever tempt me after twelve to fit $-\infty$
You laugh-at noon you fay: I mean at night.
I long to read your name once more again,
But while at Caffel, all fuch longing's vain. Yet Caffel elfe no fad retreat I find,
While good and amiable * Gayot's my friend,
Generous and plain, the friend of human-kind;

[^6]Who fcorns the little-minded's partial view;
One you would love, one that would relifh yous
With him fometimes I fup, and often dine,
And find his prefence cordial more than wine.
There lively, genial, friendly, Goy and I,
'Touch glaffes oft to one, whofe company
Would-but what's this?-Farewell-within two hours
We march for Howter - ever, ever yours.
$\begin{array}{llllllll}C & O & \mathrm{~N} & \mathrm{~T} & \mathrm{E} & \mathrm{N} & \mathrm{T} & \mathrm{S}\end{array}$
OF
ARMSTRONG'S POEMS。the Art of preferving Health. In FourBooks.- -Page \&
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THE

## P O E M S <br> O E <br> JOHN LANGHORNE,

"Et vos, O Lauri, carpam; et te, proxima Myrte!
"Sic pofita, quoniam fuaves mifcetis odores." Virgo

## [121]

## to the honourable

## C H A R L E S Y O R K E.

AMufe that lov'd in Nature's walks to ftray, And gather'd many a wild flower in her way, 'To Nature's friend her genuine gifts would bring, 'The light amufements of Life's vacant fpring; Nor fhalt thou, Yorke, her humble offering blame, If pure her incenfe, and unmixt her flame. She pours no flattery into Folly's ear, No fhamelcfs hireling of a fhamelefs Peer, The friends of Pope indulge her native lays, And Gloucester joins with Lyttelton to praife. Each judge of art her ftrain, though artlefs loves; And Shenstonefmil'd, and polif'd Hurd approves. O may fuch fipirits long protect my page, Surviving lights of Wit's departed age! Long may I in their kind opinion live! All meaner praife, all envy I forgive

Yet fairly be my future laurels won! Nor let me bear a bribe to Hardwicke's fon! Should his free fuffrage own the favour'd frain, Though vain the toil, the glory were not vain-

## [ 122 ]

## SON NET

## TO MR. LANGHORNE.

BY JOHNSCOTT, ESQ;

LANGHORNE, unknown to me (fequefter'd fwain!)
Save by the Muse's foul-enchanting lay,
'To kindred fpirits never fung in vain,
Accept the Tribute of this light effay;
Due for thy fweet fongs that amus'd my day !
Where fancy held her vifionary reign,
Or Scotland's honours claim'd the paftoral ftrain,
Or Music came o'er Handel tears to pay:
For all thy Irwan's flow'ry banks difplay,
Thy Perfian Lover and his Indian Fair;
All Theodosius' mournful lines convey,
Where Pride and Av'rice part a matchlefs pair;
Receive juft praife and wreaths that ne'er decay,
By Fame and Virtue twin'd for thee to wear.

> Amwell, near Ware, 16 March, 1766.

## [ 123 ]

## PROEMIUM, written in 1766 .

IN Eden's * vale, where early fancy wrought Her wild embroidery on the ground of thought. Where Pembroke's $\dagger$ grottos, frew'd with Sidney's bay's, Recall'd the dreams of vifionary days, Thus the fond Mufe, that footh'd my vacant youth, Prophetic fung, and what fhe fung was truth.
"Boy, break thy lyre, and caft thy reed away; Vain are the honours of the fruitlefs bay.
'Tho' with each charm thy polifh'd lay fhould pleafe, Glow into ftrength, yet foften into eafe; Should Attic fancy brighten every line, And all Aonia's harmony be thine; Say would thy cares a grateful age repay? Fame wreathe thy brows, or Fortune gild thy way? Ev'n her own fools, if Fortune fmile, fhall blame ; And Envy lurks beneath the flowers of Fame.

Yet, if refolv'd, fecure of future praife, To tune fweet fongs, and live melodious days, Let not the hand, that decks my holy fhrine, Round Folly's head the blafted laurel twine. Juft to thyfelf, difhoneft grandeur fcorn; Nor gild the buft of meannefs nobly born. Let truth, let freedom ftill thy lays approve! Refpect my precepts, and retain my love!

[^7]
## HYM N T O HOPE, 1761.


Eyסov $\mathfrak{j} \mu, \mu \nu: \longrightarrow \mathrm{HEs}$ 。

## I.

S UN of the foul! whofe chearful ray Darts o'er this gloom of life a fmile;
Sweet Hope, yet further gild my way,
Yet light my weary fteps awhile,
'Till thy fair lamp diffolve in endlefs day。
II.

O come with fuch an eye and mien,
As when by amorous fhepherd feen;
While in the violet-breathing vale
He meditates his evening tale!
Nor leave behind thy fairy train,
Repose, Belief, and Fancy vain;
'That towering on her wing fublime,
Outftrips the lazy flight of time,
Riots on diftant days with thee, And opens all futurity.

## III.

O come! and to my penfive eye
Thy far-forefeeing tube apply,
Whofe kind deception fteals us o'er
The gloomy wafte that lies before;

Still opening to the diftant fight
The funfhine of the mountain's height;
Where fcenes of fairer afpect rife,
Elyfian groves, and azure fkies. IV.

Nor, gentle Hope, forget to bring The Family of Youth and Spring ;
The Hours that glide in fprightly round,
The Mountain-Nymphs with wild thyme crown'd;
Delight that dwells with raptur'd eye
On ftream, or flower, or field or fhy:
And foremoft in thy train advance
The Loves and Joys in jovial dance;
Nor laft be Expectation feen, That wears a wreath of ever-green.
V.

Attended thus by Beleau's freams,
Oft haft thou footh'd my waking dreams,
When, prone beneath an ofier fhade, At large my vacant limbs were laid; To thee and Fancy all refign'd, What vifions wander'd o'er my mind! Illufions dear, adieu! no more Shall I your fairy haunts explore; For Hope withholds her golden ray, And Fancy's colours faint away. To Eden's कhores, to Enon's groves, Refounding once with Delia's loves, Adieu! that name fhall found no more O'er Enon's groves or Eden's chore:
126 LANGHORNE'S POEMS,
For Hope withholds her golden ray,And Fancy's colours faint away.
VI.
Life's ocean nept, 一the liquid galeGently mov'd the waving fail.Fallacious Hope! with flattering eyeYou fmil'd to fee the ftreamers fly.The Thunder burfts, the mad wind raves,
From Slumber wake the 'frighted waves:
You faw me, fled me thus diftreft.
And tore your anchor from my breaft.
VII.
Yet come, fair fugitive, again!
I love thee ftill, though falfe and vain,Forgive me, gentle Hope, and tell
Where, far from me, you deign to dwell.
To foothe Ambitioy's wild defires;
To feed the lover's eager fires;
To fwell the mifer's mouldy ftore;
To gild the dreaming chymift's ore;
Are thefe thy cares? or more humane?
To loofe the war-worn captive's chain,
And bring before his languid fight
The charms of liberty and light;
The tears of drooping Grief to dry;
And hold thy glafs to Sorrow's eye?
VIII.
Or do'ft thou more delight to dwellWith Silence in the hermit's cell?

To teach Devorion's flame to rife,
And wing her vefpers to the fkies;
To urge, with ftill returning care,
The holy violence of prayer;
In rapt'rous vifions to difplay
The realms of everlafting day,
And fnatch from Time the golden key,
That opens all Eternity?

> IX.

Perchance, on fome unpeopled flrand, Whofe rocks the raging tide withftand, 'Thy foothing fmile, in defarts drear, A lonely mariner may chear, Who bravely holds his feeble breath, Attack'd by Famine, Pain and Death, With thee, he bears each tedious day
Along the dreary beach to ftray :
Whence their wide way his toil'd eyes ftrain
O'er the blue bofom of the main;
And meet, where diftant furges rave, A white fail in each foaming wave.
X.

Doom'd from each native joy to part,
Each dear connection of the heart, You the poor exile's fteps attend, The only undeferting friend.
You wing the flow-declining year ;
You dry the folitary tear;
And oft, with pious guile, reftore Thofe fcenes he muft behold no more.

## XI.

O moft ador'd of earth or Kkies!
To thee ten thoufand temples rife; By age retain'd, by youth careft, The fame dear idol of the breaft.
Depriv'd of thee, the wretch were poor,
That rolls in heaps of Lydian ore:
With thee the fimple hind is gay,
Whofe toil fupports the paffing day.

## XII.

'The rofe-lip'd Loves that, round their queen,
Dance o'er Cythera's fmiling green,
Thy aid implore, thy power difplay
In many a fweetly-warbled lay.
For ever in thy facred fhrine,
Their unextinguifh'd torches fhine;
Idalian flowers their fweets diffufe,
And myrtles fhed their balmy dews.
Ah; ftill propitious, may'ft thou deign
To foothe an anxious lover's pain!
By thee deferted, well I know,
His heart would feel no common woe.
His gentle prayer propitious hear, And ftop the frequent-falling tear. XIII.

For me, fair Hope, if once again
Perchance, to fmile on me you deign,
Be fuch your fweetly-rural air,
And fuch a graceful vifage wear,

As when, with Truth and young Desire,
You wak'd the lord of Hagley's lyre;
And painted to her Poet's mind,
The charms of LUCY, fair and kind.
XIV.

But ah! too early loft!-then go, Vain Hope, thou harbinger of woe.
Ah! no;-that thought diftracts my heart:
Indulge me, Hope, we muft not part
Direct the future as you pleafe;
But give me, give me prefent eafe. XV.

Sun of the foul! whofe chearful ray
Darts o er this gloom of life a fmile; Sweet Hope, yet further gild my way, Yet light my weary fteps awhile,
Till thy fair lamp diffolve in endlefs day.

## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}132\end{array}\right]$

## GENIUSAND VALOUR

## A PASTORAL POEM.

WRITTEN IN HONOUR OF A SISTER KINGDOM, ${ }_{1} 763$.

Amyntor, Chorus of Shepherds.
ד才HERE Tweed's fair plains in liberal beauty lie,
And Flora laughs bencath a lucid fiky ;
Long winding vales where cryftal waters lave,
Where blythe birds warble, and where green woods ware,
A bright-hair'd fhepherd, in young beauty's bloom, Tun'd his fweet pipe behind the yellow broom.

Free to the gale his waving ringlets lay,
And his blue eyes diffus'd an azure day.
Light o'er his limbs a carelefs robe he flung ;
Health rais'd his heart, and flrength his firm nerves ftrung.
His native plains poetic charms infpir'd,
Wild fcenes, where ancient Fancy oft retird!
Oft led her faeries to the Shepherd's lay,
By Yarrow's banks, or groves of Endermay.
Nor only his thofe images that rife
Fair to the glance of Fancy's plaftic eyes ;
His Country's love his patriot foul poffefs'd,
His Country's honour fird his filial breaft.
Her lofty genius, piercing, bright, and bold,
Her valour witnefs'd by the world of old,
Witnefs'd,

Witnefs'd once more by recent heaps of flain On Canadas wild hills, and Minden's plain, To founds fublimer wak d his paftoral reedPeace, Mountain-Echoes! while the ftrains procced.
Amyntor.

No more of Tiviot, nor the flowery braes, Where the blythe Shepherd tunes his lightfome lays; No more of Leader's faery-haunted fhore, Of Athol's Lawns, and Gledswood-Banks no more. Unheeded fmile my Country's native charms, Loft in the glory of her arts and arms. Thefe, Shepherds, thefe demand fublimer ftrains 'Than Clyde's clear fountains, or than Athol's plains.

Chorus of Shepherds. Shepherd, to thee fublimer lays belong, The force divine of Soul-commanding fong. Thefe humble Reeds have little learnt to play, Save the light airs that chear the paftoral day. Of the clear fountain, and the fruitful plain We fing, as Fancy guides the fimple frain. If then thy Country's facred fame demand The high-ton'd mufic of a happier hand Shepherd, to the fublimer lays belong, The force divine of Soul-commanding fong.
Amyntor.

In fpite of Faction's biind, unmanner'd rage,
Of various fortune and deftructive age, Fair Scotland's honours yet unchang'd are feen, Her palms fill blooming, and her laurels green.

Freed from the confines of her Gotbic grave, When her firf light reviving Science gave, Alike o'er Britain fhone the liberal ray, From * Enswith's mountains to the banks of Tay. For James + the Mufes tun'd their fportive lays, And bound the Monarch's brow with Cha u cer's bays. Arch Humour finil'd to hear his mimic ffrain, And plaufive Laughter thrill'd through every vein.

When Tafte and Genius form the Royal Mind,
'The favour'd arts a happier era find. By James belov'd the Mufes tun'd their lyres 'To nobler ftrains, and breath'd diviner fires. But the dark mantle of involving Time Has veil'd their beauties, and obfcur'd their rhyme.

Yet ftill fome pleafing monuments remain, Some marks of genius in each later reign. In nervous ftrains Dunbar's bold mufic flows,
 O, while his courfe the hoary warrior fteers Through the long range of life-diffolving years, Through all the evils of each changeful age, Hate, Envy, Faction, Jealoufy, and Rage, Ne'er may his Scythe thefe facred plants divide, Thefe plants by Heaven in native union tied!

## * A chain of mountains near Folkftone in Kent.

+ James the Firf, King of Scotland, Author of the famous old fong, entitled Cbrif's Kirk on the Grecn.
$\ddagger$ A poem fo called, written in honour of Margaret, daughter of Henry VII. on her marriage to James IV. King of Scots. By Mr. William Dunbar.

Still may the flower its focial fweets difclofe, The hardy Thiftle ftill defend the Rofe!

Hail happy days! appeas'd by Margaret’s charms, When rival Valour theath'd his fatal arms. When kindred realms unnatural war fuppreft, Nor aim'd their arrows at a fifter's breaft.

Kind to the Mufe is Quret's genial day ; Her olive loves the foliage of the bay.

With bold Dunbar arofe a numerous choir, Of rival bards that flrung the Dorian lyre. In gentle Henrison's * unlabour'd ftrain Sweet Arethusa's fhepherd breath'd again: Nor fhall your tuneful vifions be forgot, Sage Bellentyne $\dagger$, and fancy-painting Scott $\ddagger$ 。 But, O my Country! how fhall Memory trace Thy bleeding anguif, and thy dire difgrace? Weep o'er the ruins of thy blafted bays, Thy glories loft in either Charles's days? When through thy fields deftructive Rapine fpread, Nor fyaring infant's tears, nor hoary head. In thofe dread days the unprotected fwain Mourn'd on the mountains o'er his wafted plain. Nor longer vocal with the Shepherd's lay Were Yarrow's banks, or groves of Endermay.

[^8]
## Chorus of Shepherds.

Amyntor, ceafe! the painful fcene forbear Nor the fond breaft of filial duty tear. Yet in our eyes our father's forrows flow, Yet in our bofoms lives their lafting woe. At eve returning from their fcanty fold, When the long fufferings of their fires they told. Oft have we figh'd the piteous tale to hear, And infant wonder dropt the mimic tear.

> Amyntor.

Shepherds, no longer need your forrows flow, Nor pious duty cherifh endlefs woe. Yet fhould Remembrance, led by filial Love, Through the dark vale of old Affictions rove, The mournful fhades of forrows paft explore, And think of miferies that are no more; Let thofe fad fcenes that afk the duteous tear, The kind return of happier days endear.

Hail, Anna, hail! O may each mufe divine With wreaths eternal grace thy holy fhrine! Gravd on thy tomb this facred verfe remain, 'This verfe more fweet than Conqueft's founding ftrain. "S She bade the rage of hoftile nations ceafe,
" The glorious arbitrefs of Europe's peace.
She, through whofe bofom rolld the vital tide Of Britain's Monarchs in one ftream allied, Clos d the long jealoufies of different fway, And faw united Sitter-Realms obey.

Aufpicious days! when Tyranny no more Rais'd his red arm, nor drench'd his darts in gore.

When, long an Exile from his native plain, Safe to his fold returnd the weary fwain. Return'd, and, many a painful fummer paf, Beheld the green bench by his door at laft. Aufpicious days! when Scots, no more oppreft, On their free mountains bard the fearlefs breaft. With pleafure faw their flocks unbounded feed, And tun'd to ftrains of ancient joy the reed.

Then, Shepherds, did your wondering fires behold
A form divine, whofe vefture flam'd with gold;
His radiant eyes a ftarry luftre fhed,
And folar glories beam'd around his head.
Like that ftrange power by fabling poets feign'd, From Eaft to Weft his mighty arms he ftrain'd.
A rooted olive in one hand he bore,
In one a globe, infcrib'd with fea and fhore. From Thames's banks to Tweed, to Tay he came, Wealth in his rear, and Commerce was his name.

Glad Industry the glorious ftranger hails, Rears the tall mafts, and fpreads the fwelling fails; Regions remote with active hope explores, Wild Zembla's hills, and Afric's burning fhores.

But chief, Columbus, of thy various coaft, Child of the Union, Commerce bears his boaft. To feek thy new-found worlds, the vent'rous fwain, His lafs forfaking, left the lowland plain. Afide liis crook, his idle pipe he threw, And bade to Mufic, and to Love adieu.

Hence, Glasgow fair, thy wealth-diffufing hand, Thy groves of veffels, and thy crowded ftrand.

Hence,

Hence, round his folds the moorland Shepherd fpies New focial towns, and happy hamlets rife. Eut me not fplendor, nor the hopes of gain Should ever tempt to quit the peaceful plain. Shall I, poffeft of all that life requires, With tutor'd hopes, and limited defires, Change thefe fweet fields, thefe native fcenes of eafe, For climes uncertain, and uncertain feas ?

Nor yet, fair Commerce, do I thee difdain, Though Guilt and Death and Riot fwell thy train. Chear'd by the influence of thy gladdening ray, The liberal arts fublimer works effay. Genius for thee relumes his facred fircs, And Science nearer to her heaven afpires.

The fanguine eye of Tyranny long clos'd, By Commerce fofter'd, and in Peace repos'd, No more her miferies when my Country mourn'd, With brighter flames her glowing genius burn'd. Soon wandering fearlefs many a mufe was feen O'er the dun mountain, and the wild wood green. Soon, to the warblings of the pattoral reed, Started fweet Echo from the fhores of Tweed. O favourd ftream! where thy fair current fiows, The child of nature, gentle Thomson rofe. Young as he wander'd on thy flowery fide, With fimple joy to fee thy bright waves glide, Thither, in all their native charms array'd, From climes remote the fifter Seas ons ftray'd.

Long each in beauty boafed to excel, (For jealoufics in filter-bofoms dwell)

But now, delighted with the liberal boy, Like Heaven's fair rivals in the groves of Troy, Yield to an humble fwain their high debate, And from his voice the palm of beauty wait.

Her naked charms, like Venus, to difclofe, Spring from her bofom threw the fhadowing rofe ;
Bar'd the pure fnow that feeds the lover's fire, The breaft that thrills with exquifite defire; Affum'd the tender fmile, the melting eye, The breath favonian, and the yielding figh. One beauteous hand a wilding's bloffom grac'd, And one fell carelefs o'er her zonelefs waift. Majeftic Summer, in gay pride adorn'd,
Her rival fifter's fimple beauty fcorn'd. With purple wreaths her lofty brows were bound, With glowing flowers her rifing bofom crown'd. In her gay zone, by artful Fancy fram'd, The bright Rofe blufh'd, the full Carnation flam'd. Her cheeks the glow of fplendid clouds difplay, And her eyes flafh infufferable day.

With milder air the gentle Autumn came,
But feem'd to languifh at her Sifter's flame.
Yet, confcious of her boundlefs wealth, the bore
On high the emblems of her golden ftore.
Yet could fhe boaft the plenty-pouring hand,
The liberal fmile, benevolent and bland.
Nor might fhe fear in beauty to excell, From whofe fair head fuch golden treffes fell;
Nor might fhe envy Summer's flowery zone, In whofe fweet eye the ftar of evening fhone.

Next, the pale Power, that blots the golden fky , Wreath'd her grim brows, and rolld her formy eye ; "B Behold," fhe cried, with voice that fhook the ground, (The Bard, the Sifters trembled at the found)
" Ye weak admirers of a grape, or rofe, " Bchold my wild magnificence of fnows! "Sce my keen Froft her glaffy bofom bare! " Mlock the faint fun, and bind the fluid air! " Nature to you may lend a painted hour, " With you may fport, when I fufpend my power. " But you and Nature, who that power obey, "Shall own my beauty, or fhall dread my fway." She fpoke : the Bard, whofe gentle heart ne'er gave One pain or trouble that he knew to fave, No favour'd nymph extols with partial lays, But gives to each her picture for her praife.

Mute lies his lyre in death's unchearful gloom, And $\mathcal{T}_{\text {rath }}$ and Genius weep at Thomson's tomb.

Yet ftill the mufe's living founds pervade Her ancient fcenes of Calidonian fhade. Still nature liftens to the tuneful lay, On Kilda's mountains and in Endermay.

Th' ethereal brilliance of poetic fire, The mighty hand that fmites the founding lyre, Strains that on fancy's ftrongeft pinion rife, Conceptions vaft, and thoughts that grafp the fkies, To the rapt youth that mus don *Shakespear's grave, To Ogilvie the mufe of Pindar gave.

[^9]* Time,
* Time, as he fung, a moment ceas'd to fly, And lazy + Sleep unfolded half his eye.

O wake, fweet Bard, the Theban lyre again; With ancient valour fwell the founding ftrain. Hail the high trophies by thy country won, The wreaths that flourifh for each valiant fon.

While Hardyknute frowns red with Norw a y's gore, Paint her pale matrons weeping on the fhore. Hark ! the green Clarion pouring floods of breath Voluminoufly loud ; high fcorn of death Each gallant fpirit elates; fee Rothfay's thane With arm of mountain oak his firm bow ftrain! Hark! the ftring twangs-the whizzing arrow flies; The fierce Norse falls-indignant falls-and dies. O'er the dear urn, where glorious $\ddagger$ Wallace fleeps, True Valour bleeds, and patriot Virtue weeps. Son of the Lyre, what high ennobling ftrain, What meed from thee fhall generous Wallace gain? Who greatly fcorning an Ufurper's pride, Bar'd his brave breaft for liberty, and died.

Boaf, Scotland, boaft thy fons of mighty name, Thine ancient chiefs of high heroic fame. Souls that to death their Country's foes oppos'd, And life in freedom, glorious freedom clos'd.

* Ode to Time. lbid.
+ Ode to Sleep. libid.
$\ddagger$ William Wallace, who after bravely defending his country againt the arms of Edward I. was executed as a Rebe!, though he had taken no oath of allegiance.


## 142. LANGHORNE'S POEMS.

Where, yet bewail'd, Argyle's * warm afhes lie, Let Mufic breathe her moft perfuafive figh. To him, what Heaven to man could give, it gave, Wife, generous, honef, eloquent and brave. Genius and Valour for Argyle fhall mourn, And his own laurels flourifh round his urn. O , may they bloom beneath a fav'ring fky, And in their fhade Reproach and Envy die!

* Archibald, the third Duke of Argyle, died April 15, 1761.


## THEVISIONSOFFANCY.

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{N}} \text { FOUR ELEGIES, } 1762 .
$$

La Raifon Ş̧ait que c'eft un Songe, Mais elle en faifrt les douceurs: Elle a bejoin de ces fantômes, Prefque tous les Plaifirs des Hommes Ne font que de douces Erreurs. Gresest.

## ELEGYI.

CHILDREN of Fancy, whither are ye fed? Where have you borne thofe Hope-enliven'd Hours, That once with myrtle garlands bound my head, That once beftrew'd my vernal path with flowers ? In yon fair vale, where blooms the beechen grove, Where winds the flow wave thro' the flowery plain, To thefe fond arms you led the Tyrant, Love, With Fear and Hope and Folly in his train. My lyre, that, left at carelefs diftance, hung Light on fome pale branch of the ofier fhade, To lays of amorous blandifhment you ftrung, And o'er my fleep the lulling mufic play'd. " Reft, gentle youth! while on the quivering breeze "Slides to thine ear this foftly breathing frain;
"Sounds that move fmoother than the fteps of eafe, " And pour oblivion in the ear of pain. " In this fair vale eternal fpring fhall fimile, " And Time unenvious crown each rofeate hour;
" Eternal joy fhall every care beguile, " Breathe in each gale, and bloom in every flower.

## 144

## LANGHORNE'S POEMS.

"This filver flream, that down its cryital way " Frequent has led thy mufing fteps along,
"Shall, fill the fame, in funny mazes play, " And with it's murmurs melodife thy fong.
" Unfading green fhall thefe fair groves adorn ; "Thofe living meads immortal flowers unfold;
" In rofy fmiles thall rife each blufhing morn,
" And every evening clofe in clouds of gold.
" The tender Loves that watch thy numbering reft, " And round thee flowers and balmy myrtles ftrew,
"Shall charm, thro' all approaching life, thy breaft, " With Joys for ever pure, for ever new.
" The genial power that fpeeds the golden dart, " Each charm of tender paffion fhall infpire;
" With fond affection fill the mutual heart, " And feed the flame of ever-young Desire.
" Come gentle Loves! your myrtle garlands bring ; " The fmiling bower with clutterd rofes fpread;
" Come gentle A1rs! with incenfe-dropping wing " The breathing fweets of vernal odour fhed.
"Hatk, as the ftrains of fwelling mufic rife, " How the notes vibrate on the fav'ring gale!
" Aufpicious glories beam along the fkies, "And powers unfeen the happy moments hail!
sc Extatic hours! fo every diftant day " Like this ferene on downy wings fhall move;
" Rife crown'd with joys that triumph o'er decay, "The faithful joys of Fancy and of Love."

ELEGY

## [ 145 ]

## E L E G Y II.

AND were they vain, thofe foothing lays ye fung? Children of Fancy! yes, your fong was vain; On each foft air though rapt Attention hung,

And Silence liftend on the fleeping plain. The frains yet vibrate on my ravifht ear, And ftill to fmile the mimic beauties feem, Though now the vifionary fcenes appear Like the faint traces of a vanifht dream, Mirror of life! the glories thus depart

Of all that Youth and Love and Fancy frame, When painful Anguish fpeeds the piercing dart, Or Envy blafts the blooming flowers of Fame. Nurfe of wild wifhes, and of fond defires, The prophetefs of Fortune, falle and vain, To fcenes where Peace in Ruin's arms expires Fallacious Hope deludes her haplefs train. Go, Syren, go - - thy charms on others try ; My beaten bark at length has reach'd the fhore; Yet on the rock my dropping garments lie ; And let me perifh, if I truft thee more.
Come gentle Quiet! long-negleited maid! O come, and lead me to thy moffy cell; There unregarded in the peaceful fhade, With calin Repose and Silence let me dwell.
Come happier hours of fweet unanxious reft, When all the ftruggling paffions fhall fubfide ;
When Peace fhall clafp me to her plumy breaft, And fmoothe my filent minutes as they glide.

## 146 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.

But chief, thou goddefs of the thoughtlefs eye, Whom never cares or paffions difcompofe,
O bleft Insensibility be nigh,
And with thy foothing hand my weary eyelids clofe.
Then fhall the cares of love and glory ceafe, And all the fond anxieties of fame; Alike regardlefs in the arms of Peace, If thefe extol, or thofe debafe a name.
In Littelton though all the mufes praife, His generous praife fhall then delight no more. Nor the fweet magick of his tender lays

Shall touch the bofom which it charm'd before.
Nor then, though Malice, with infidious guife Of friendfhip, ope the unfufpecting breaft; Nor then, though Envy broach her blackening lies, Shall thefe deprive me of a moment's reft.
O fate to be defir'd! when hoftile rage
Prevails in human more than favage haunts;
When man with man eternal war will wage, And never yield that mercy which he wants.
When dark Design invades the chearful hour, And draws the heart with focial freedom warm, It's cares, it's wifhes, and it's thoughts to pour, Smiling infidious with the hopes of harm.
Vain man, to other's failings fill fevere, Yet not one foible in himfelf can find; Another's faults to Folly's eye are clear, But to her own e'en Wisdom's felf is blind.

## E L E G Y III.

O let me fill, from thefe low follies free, This fordid malice, and inglorious frife, Myfelf the fubject of my cenfure be,

And teach my heart to comment on my life.
With thee, Philosophy, fill let me dwell, My tutor'd mind from vulgar meannefs fave; Bring Peace, bring Quiet to my humble cell, And bid them lay the green turf on my grave.

## ELEGY III.

BRIGHT o'er the green hills rofe the morning ray. 'The wood-lark's fong refounded on the plain; Fair Nature felt the warm embrace of day, And fmil'd through all her animated reign.

When young Delight, of Hope and Fancy born, His head on tufted wild thyme half-reclin'd, Caught the gay colours of the orient morn, And thence of life this picture vain defign'd.
" O born to thoughts, to pleafures more fublime " Than beings of inferior nature prove! * To triumph in the golden hours of Time, "A And feel the charms of fancy and of love!
" High-favour'd man! for him unfolding fair " In orient light this native landfcape fmiles; "For him fweet Hope difarms the hand of care, " Exalts his pleafures, and his grief beguiles.

[^10]
## \$46

 LANGHORNE'S POEMS." Blows not a bloffom on the breaft of Spring, " Breathes not a gale along the bending mead, " Trills not a fongtter of the foaring wing, " But fragrance, health and melody fucceed.
"O let me fill with fimple Nature live, " My lowly field-flowers on her altar lay, "Enjoy the bleffings that fhe meant to give, " And calmly wafte my inoffenfive day!
" No titled name, no envy-teafing dome, " No glittering wealth my tutor'd wifhes crave;
"So Health and Peace be near my humble home, "A cool ftream murmur, and a green tree wave.
s" So may the fweet Euterpe not difdiain "At Eve's chafte hour her filver lyre to bring :
" The mufe of pity wake her foothing ftrain, "A And tune to fympathy the trembling fring.
" Thus glide the penfive moments, o'er the vale " While floating fhades of dufky night defcend :
" Not left untold the lover's tender tale, " Nor unenjoy'd the heart-enlarging friend.
" To love and friendfhip flow the focial bowl! " To attic wit and elegance of mind;
"To all the native beauties of the foul, "' The fimple charms of truth, and fenfe refin'd!
"s Then to explore whatever ancient fage "Studious from nature's early volume drew,
c. To chafe fiwect Fiction through her golden age, ${ }^{6 s}$ And mark how fair the fun-flower, Science, blew!
" Haply

* Haply to catch fome fpark of eaftern fire, " Hefperian fancy, or Aonian eafe;
*S Some melting note from Sappho's tender lyre, "Some ftrain that Love and Phoebus taught to pleafe.
"s When waves the grey light o'er the mountain's head, " Then let me meet the morn's firft beauteous ray;
"Carelefsly wander from my fylvan fhed, "And catch the fweet breath of the rifing day.
" Nor feldom, loitring as I mufe along,
" Mark from what flower the breeze it's fweetnefs bore ;
"Or liften to the labour-foothing fong
"Of bees that range the thymy uplands o'er:
"Slow let me climb the mountain's airy brow, " The green height gain'd, in mufeful rapture lie,
"Sleep to the murmur of the woods below, " Or look on Nature with a lover's eye.
* Delightful hours! O, thus for ever flow; " Led by fair Fancy round the varied year: "So fhall my breaft with native raptures glow, " Nor feel one pang from folly, pride, or fear.
"Firm be my heart to Nature and to Truth, " Nor vainly wander from their dictates fage;
's So Joy thall triumph on the brows of youth, "So Hope fhall fmoothe the dreary paths of age.

ELEGY

## E L E G Y IV.

O H! yet, ye dear, deluding vifions flay!
Fond hopes, of Innocence and Fancy born!
For you Ill caft thefe waking thoughts away,
For one wild dream of life's romantic morn:
Ah! no: the funfhine o'er each object fpread
By flattering Hope, the flowers that blew fo fair;
Like the gay gardens of Armida fled,
And vanifh'd from the powerful rod of Care.
So the poor pilgrim, who in rapturous thought
Plans his dear journey to Loretto's fhrine, Seems on his way by guardian feraphs brought,

Sees aiding angels favour his defign.
Ambrofial bloffoms, fuch of old as blew
By thofe frefh fonnts on Eden's happy plain, And Sbaron's rofes all his paffage ftrew:

So Fancy dreams; but Fancy's dreams are vain:
Wafted and weary on the mountain's fide,
His way unknown, the haplefs pilgrim lies,
Or takes fome ruthlefs robber for his guide,
And prone beneath his cruel fabre dies.
Life's morning-landfcape gilt with orient light,
Where Hope and Joy and Fancy hold their reign,
The grove's green wave, the blue ftream fparkling bright,
The blythe hours dancing round Hyperion's wain :

In radiant colours Youth's free hand pourtrays, Then holds the flattering tablet to his eye; Nor thinks how foon the vernal grove decays, Nor fees the dark cloud gathering o'er the fky.

Hence Fancy conquer'd by the dart of Pain, And wandering far from her Platonic fhade, Mourns o'er the ruins of her tranfient reign, Nor unrepining fees her vifions fade.

Their parent banifh'd, hence her children fly, Their fairy race that filld her fefive train; Joy tears his wreath, and Hope inverts her eye, And Folly wonders that her dream was vain.

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## A P O E M,

## to the memory of

Mr. H A N D E L, $1760^{*}$.

SPIRITS of mufic, and ye powers of fong! That wak'd to painful melody the lyre Of young Jessides, when, in Sion's vale He wept o'er bleeding friendfhip; ye that mourn'd While freedom drooping o'er Euphrates' ftream, Her penfive harp on the pale ofier hung, Begin once more the forrow-foothing lay.

Ah! where fhall now the Mufe fit numbers find? What accents pure to greet thy tuneful fhade, Sweet harmonift? 'twas thine, the tender fall Of pity's plaintive lay; for thee the ftream Of filver-winding mufic fweeter play'd, And purer fow'd for thee, - all filent now + Thofeairs that, breathing o'er the breaft of Thames, Led amorous Echo down the long, long vale, Delighted: ftudious from thy fweeter ftrain To melodife her own; when fancy-lorn, She mourns in Anguifh o'er the drooping breaft Of young Narcissus. From their amber urns, $\ddagger$ Parting their green locks freaming in the fun,

[^11]The Naiads rofe and fmil'd: nor fince the day, When firft by mufic, and by freedom led From Grecian Acidale; nor fince the day, When laft from Arno's wceping fount they came, To fmooth the ringlets of SABRINA's hair, Heard they like minftrelfy-fountains and fhades Of Twit'nam, and of Windsor fam'd in fong! Ye heights of Clermont, and ye bowers of Ham! That heard the fine frain vibrate through your groves, Ah! where were then your long-lov'd Mufes fled, When Handel breath'd no more? -and thou, fweet Queen,
That nightly wrapt thy Milton's hallow'd ear In the foft ecfafies of Lydian airs;

* That fince attun'd to Handel's high-wound lyre The lay by thee fuggefted; could'ft not thou Soothe with thy fweet fong the grimt fury's breaft?

Cold-hearted Death! his wanly-glaring eye Nor virtue's fmile attracts, nor fame's loud trump Can pierce his iron ear, for ever barr'd To gentle founds: the golden voice of fong, That charms the gloomy partner of his birth, That foothes Defpair and Pain, he hears no more, Than rude winds, bluft'ring from the Cambrian cliffs, The traveller's feeble lay. To court fair fame, To toil with flow fteps up the ftar-crown'd hill,

[^12]Where fcience, leaning on her fculptur'd urn,
Looks confcious on the fecret-working hand Of Nature; on the wings of genius borne, 'To foar above the beaten walks of life, Is, like the paintings of an evening cloud, 'Th' amufement of an hour. Night, gloomy night Spreads her black wings, and all the vifion dies.

Ere long, the heart, that heaves this figh to thee, Shall beat no more! ere long, on this fond lay Which mourns at Handel's tomb, infulting Time Shall ftrew his cankering ruft. Thy ftrain, perchance, Thy facred ftrain fhall the hoar warrior fpare; For founds like thine, at Nature's early birth, Arous d him flumbering on the dead profound Of dulky Chaos; by the golden harps Of choral angels fummon'd to his race: And founds like thine, when nature is no more, Shall cail him weary from the lengthen'd toils Of twice ten thoufand years.-O would his hand Yet fare fome portion of this vital flame,
The trembling Mufe that now faint effort makes On young and artlefs wing, fhould bear thy praife Sublime, above the mortal bounds of earth, With heavenly fire relume her feeble ray, And, taught by Seraphs, frame her fong for thee.

Ifeel, Ifeel the facred impulfe-hark! Wak'd from according Lyres the fweet flrains flow In fymphony divine; from air to air The trembling numbers fly: fwift burfts away

The flow of joy-now fwells the flight of praife. Springs the fhrill trump aloft; the toiling chords Melodious labour through the flying maze; And the deep bafe his frong found rolls away, Majeftically fweet._Yet, Handel, raife, Yet wake to higher ftrains thy facred lyre:
The name of ages, the fupreme of things,
The great Messiah afks it; He whofe hand
Led into form yon everlafting Orbs,
The harmony of nature-He whofe hand
Stretch'd o'er the wilds of fpace this beauteous ball, Whofe fpirit breathes through all his fmiling works Mufic and love-_yet Handel raife the ftrain.

Hark! what angelic founds, what roice divine Breathes through the ravifht air! my rapt ear feels The harmony of Heaven: Hail facred Choir! Immortal Spirits, hail! If haply thofe That erft in favour'd Palestine proclaim'd Glory and peace : her angel-haunted groves, Her piny mountains, and her golden vales Re-echo d peace--But, Oh! fufpend the ftrainThe fwelling joy's too much for mortal bounds! 'Tis tranfport even to pain.

Yet, hark? what pleafing founds invite mine eas So venerably fweet? 'Tis Sion's lute. Rehold her* hero! from his valiant brow Looks Judah's lyon, on his thigh the fword

* Judas Maccabzus.


## 154 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.

Of ranquif'd Apollonius-The fhrill trump Through Bethoron proclaims th' approaching fight. I fee the brave youth lead his little band,
With toil and hunger faint; yet from his arm
The rapid Syrian flies. Thus $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{e} \text { spy }}$ once,
The Britih Henry, with his way-worn troop,
Subilud the pride of France-Now louder blows
The martial clangor; lo Nicanor's hoft
With threat'ning turrets crown'd, fiowly advance
The ponderous elephants -
The blazing fun, from many a golden fhield
Reflected, gleams afar. Judean chief!
How fhall thy force, thy little force fuftain
The dreadful hock!

+ The hero comes-'Tis boundlefs mirth and fong And dance and triumph; every labouring ftring, And woice, and breathing fhell in concert ftrain To fwell the raptures of tumultuous joy.

O mafter of the paffions and the foul, Seraphic Handel! how fhall words defcribe Thy mufic's countlefs graces, namelefs powers!

When $\ddagger$ he of Gaza , blind, and funk in chains, Ou female treachery looks greatly down, How the breaft burns indignant! in thy ftrain, When fweet-voic'd piety refigns to hea:en, Glows not each bofom with the flame of virtue?

[^13]O'er Jephtha's votive maid when the foft lute Sounds the flow fymphony of funeral grief, What youthful breaft but melts with tender pity? What parent bleeds not with a parent's woe?

O, longer than this worth lay can live! While fame and mufic footh the human ear! Be this thy praife : to lead the polifh'd mind To virtue's nobleft heights; to light the flame Of Britifh freedom, roufe the generous thought, Refine the paffions, and exalt the foul To love, to heaven, to harmony and thee,

## [ 154 ]

## THE ENLARGEMENT OF THE MIND.

> EPISTLE I.

TO GENERAI CRAUFURD.

WRITTEN AT BELVIDERE, I765.

WHERE is the man, who, prodigal of mind, In one wide wifh embraces human kind ? All pride of fects, all party zeal above, Whofe Prieft is Reafon, and whofe God is Love ; Fair Nature's friend, a foe to fraud and art Where is the man, fo welcome to my heart ?

The fightlefs herd fequacious, who purfue Dull Folly's path, and do as others do, Who look with purblind prejudice and fcorn, On different feets, in different nations born, Let Us, my Craufurd, with compafion view, Pity their pride, but fhun their error too.

From Belvidcre's fair groves, and mountains green, Which Nature rais'd, rejoicing to be feen, Let Us, while raptur'd on her works we gaze, And the heart riots on luxurious praife, 'Th' expanded thought, the boundlefs wifh retain, And let not Nature moralize in vain.

O facred Guide! preceptrefs more fublime Than fages boatting o'er the wrecks of time!

See on each page her beauteous volume bear The golden characters of good and fair. All human knowledge (blufh collegiate pride!) Flows from her works, to none that reads denied.

Shall the dull inmate of pedantic walls, On whofe old walk the funbeam feldom falls, Who knows of nature, and of man no more Than fills fome page of antiquated loreShall he, in words and terms profoundly wife, The better knowledge of the world defpife, Think Wifdom center'd in a falfe degree, And fcorn the fcholar of Humanity ?

Something of men thefe fapient drones may know, Of men that liv'd two thoufand years ago. Such human monfters if the world e'er knew, As ancient verfe, and ancient fory drew!

If to one object, fyftem, fcene confin'd, The fure effect is narrownefs of mind.
'Twas thus St. Robert, in his lonely wood, Forfook each focial duty $\rightarrow$ to be good. Thus Новbes on one dear fyftem fix'd his eyes, And prov'd his nature wretched - to be wife. Each zealot thus, elate with ghoftly pride, Adores his God, and hates the world befide.

Though form'd with powers to grafp this various ball, Gods! to what meannefs may the fpirit fall?

Powers

## 158

 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.Powers that fhould fpread in Reafon's orient ray, How are they darken'd, and debarr'd the day !

When late, where Tajo rolls his ancient tide, Refecting clear the Mountain's purple fide, Thy genius, Craufurd, Britain's legions led, And Fear's chill cloud forfook each brightning head, By nature brave, and generous as thou art, Say did not human follies vex thy heart ?
Glow'd not thy breaft indignant, when you faw The dome of Murder confecrate by Law ? Where fiends, commiffion'd with the legal rod, In pure derotion, burn the works of God.

O change me, powers of Nature, if ye can, Transform me, make me any thing but man. Yet why? This heart all human kind forgives, While Giliman loves me, and while Craufurd lives. Is Nature, all benevolent, to blame, That half her offspring are their mother's fhame? Did the ordain o'er this fair fcene of things The cruelty of Priefs, or pride of Kings ? Though worlds lie murder'd for their wealth or fame, Is Nature all-benerolent to blame?
" Yet furely once, my friend, fhe feem'd to err ; " For W—ch-t was" He was not made by her. Sure, form'd of clay that Nature held in fcorn, By fiends conftructed, and in darknefs born, Rofe the low wretch, who, defpicably vile, Would fell his Country for a Courtier's fmile ;

Would give up all to truth or freedom dear, To dine with $\% * \%$ or fome ideot peer, Whofe mean malevolence, in dark difguife The man that never injur'd him belies, Whofe actions bad and good two motives guide, 'The Serpent's malice, and the Coxcomb's pride. "Is there a wretch fo mean, fo bafe, fo low ?" I know there is-afk $W$-ch $-t$ if he know.

O that the world were emptied of it's flaves!
That all the fools were gone, and all the knaves!
Then might we, Craufurd, with delight embrace, In boundlefs love, the reft of human race.

But let not knaves mifanthropy create, Nor feed the gall of univerfal hate. Wherever Genius, Truth, and Virtue dwell, Polifhd in courts, or fumple in a cell, All views of country, fects, and creeds apart, Thefe, thefe I love, and hold them to my heart.

Vain of our beauteous ifle, and juftly vain, For freedom here, and health, and plenty reign, We different lots contemptuoufly compare, And boaft, like children, of a Fav'rite's fhare.

Yet though each vale a deeper verdure yields Thain Arno's banks, or Andalufia's fields, Though many a tree crown'd mountain teems with ore, Though focks innumerous whiten every fhore, Why fhould we, thus with nature's wealth elate, Behold her different families with hate?

Look on her works-on every page you'll find Infcrib'd the doctrine of the focial mind.

See countlefs worlds of infect being fhare Th' unenvied regions of the liberal air ! In the fame grove what mufic void of ftrife! Heirs of one fiream what tribes of fcaly life! See Earth, and Air, and Fire, and Flood combine Of general good to aid the great defign!

Where Ancon drags ooer Lincoln's lurid plain, Like a flow fnake, his dirty-winding train, Where fogs eternal blot the face of day, And the loft Bittern moans his gloomy way ; As well we might, for unpropitious $\mathfrak{f k}$ ies, The blamelefs native with his clime defpife, As him who ftill the poorer lot partakes Of Biscay's mountains, or Batavia's lakes.

Yet look once more on Nature's various plan! Behold, and love her nobleft creature man! She, never partial, on each various zone, Beftow'd fome portion, to the relt unknown, By mutual intereft meaning thence to bind In one vaft chain the commerce of mankind.

Behold, ye vain difturbers of an hour! Ye Dupes of Faction! and ye Tools of Power! Poor rioters on Life's contracted ftage! Behold, and lofe your littlenefs of rage ! Throw Envy, Folly, Prejudice, behind! And yield to Truth the empire of the mind.

Immortal Truth! O from thy radiant fhrine, Where Light created firt effayd to thine; Where cluft'ring Stars eternal beams difplay, And Gems ethereal drink the golden day; To chafe this moral, clear this fenfual night, O fhed one ray of thy celeftial light!
Teach us, while wandering through this vale below We know but little, that we little know.
One beam to mole-ey'd Prejudice convey, Let Pride perceive one mortifying ray ;
Thy glafs to Fools, to Infidels apply, And all the dimnefs of the mental eye.

Plac'd on this fhore of Time's far-ftretcing bourn,
With leave to look at Nature and return;
While wave on wave impels the human tide,
And ages fink, forgotten as they glide; Can Life's fhort duties better be difcharg'd, 'Than when we leave it with a mind enlarg'd ?

Judg'd not the old Philofopher aright, When thus he preach'd, his pupils in his fight? " It matters not, my friends, how low or high, Your little walk of tranfient life may lie; Soon will the reign of Hope and Fear be o'er, And warring paffions militate no more : And truft me, he who, having once furvey'd The good and fair which Nature's wifdom made, The fooneft to his former flate retires, And feels the peace of fatisfied defires, Vol, LXXI.

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162 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
(Let others deem more wifely if they can)
I look on him to be the happieft man."
So thought the facred Sage, in whom I truft, Becaufe I feel his fentiments are juft. ${ }^{5}$ Twas not in Luftrums of long counted years That fwell'd th' alternate reign of hopes and fears; Not in the fplendid fcenes of pain and ftrife, That Wifdom plac'd the dignity of life; To ftudy Nature was the tafk defign'd, And learn from her th' enlargement of the mind. Learn from her works whatever Truth admires, And fleep in Death with fatisfied defires.

## $\left[\begin{array}{lll}163\end{array}\right]$

## THE ENLARGEMENT OF THE MIND.

EPISTIE II.

## TO WilliAM LANGHORNE, M. A. 1760.

IGHT heard his voice, and, eager to obey,
From all her orient fountains burf away.
At Nature's birth, O! had the power divine Commanded thus the moral fun to fhine, Beam'd on the mind all reafon's influence bright, And the full day of intellectual light, Then the frce foul, on Truth's ftrong pinion born, Had never languifh'd in this fhade forlorn.

Yet thus imperfect form'd, thus blind and vain, Doom'd by long toil a glimpfe of truth to gain; Beyond its fphere fhall human wifdom go, And boldly cenfure what it cannot know? 'Tis our's to cherith what Heav'n deign'd to give, And thankful for the gift of Being live.

Progrefive powers, and faculties that rife From earth's low vale, to grafp the golden fkies, Though diftant far from perfect, good, or fair, Claim the due thought, and afk the grateful care.

Come, then, thou partner of my life and name, From one dear fource, whom Nature form'd the fame,

Ally'd more nearly in each nobler part, And more the friend, than brother, of my heart!
Let us, unlike the lucid twins that rife At different times, and mine in diftant kies, With mutual eye this mental world furvey, Mark the flow rife of intellectual day, View reafon's fource, if man the fource may find, And trace each Science that exalts the mind.

- Thou felf-appointed Lord of all below! "Ambitious man, how little dof thou know?
"For once let Fancy's towering thoughts fubfide;
" Look on thy birth, and mortify thy pride! "A plaintive wretch, fo blind, fo helplefs born, "'The brute fagacious might behold with fcorn. " How foon, when Nature gives him to the day, " In ftrength exulting, does he bound away!
"By inftinct led, the foftering teat he finds, "Sports in the ray, and fhuns the fearching winds.
" No grief he knows, he feels no groundlefs fear,
" Feeds without cries, and fleeps without a tear.
" Did he but know to reafon and compare,
"See here the vaffal, and the mafter there,
"What firange reflections muft the fcene afford,
" That fhew'd the weaknefs of his puling Lord!"
Thus fophiftry unfolds her fpecious plan, Form'd not to humble, but depreciate man. Unjuft the cenfure, if unjuit to rate His pow'rs and merits from his infant-ftate.

For, grant the children of the flow'ry vale By inftinct wifer, and of limbs more hale, With equal eye their perfect fate explore, And all the vain comparifon's no more.
" But why fhould life, fo fhort by Heav'n ordain'd,
" Be long to thoughtlefs infancy reftrain'd" To thoughtlefs infancy, or vainly fage, " Mourn through the languors of declining age?

O blind to truth! to Nature's wifdom blind! And all that fhe directs, or Heav'n defign'd! Behold her works in cities, plains, and groves, All life that vegetates, and life that moves! In due proportion, as each being ftays In perfect life, it rifes and decays.

Is man long helplefs? Through each tender hour, See love parental watch the blonming flow'r! By op'ning charms, by beauties frefh difplay'd, And fweets unfolding fee that love repaid!

Has age its pains? For luxury it may-
The temp'rate wear infenfibly away. While fage experience, and reflection clear Beam a gay funfhine on life's fading year.

But fee from age, from infant weaknefs fee,
That man was deftin'd for fociety;
There from thofe ills a fafe retreat behold, Which young might vanquifh, or aftict him old.
" That, in proportion as each Being ftays
"In perfect life, it rifes and decays-
" Is Nature's law-to forms alone confin'd,
" The laws of matter act not on the Mind.
" Too feebly, fure, its faculties mult grow,
"And reafon brings her borrow'd light too flow."
O ! fill cenforious? art thou then poffefs'd
Of Reafon's power, and does fhe rule thy breaft?
Say what the ufe-had Providence aflignd
To infant years maturity of mind ?
That thy pert offspring, as their father wife,
Might fcorn thy precepts, and thy pow'r defpife?
Or mourn, with ill-match'd faculties at ftrife, Oer limbs unequal to the talk of life?
To feel more fenfibly the woes that wait
On every period, as on every ftate;
And flight, fad convicts of each painful truth, The happier trifles of unthinking youth ?

Conclude we then the progrefs of the mind
Ordain'd by wifdom infinitely kind :
No innate knowledge on the foul impreft, No birthright infinct acting in the breaft, No natal light, no beams from Heav'n difplay'd,
Dart through the darknefs of the mental fhade.
Perceptive powers we hold from Heaven's decree,
Alike to knowledge as to virtue free,
In both a liberal agency we bear,
The moral here, the intellectual there;

And hence in both an equal joy is known, The confcious pleafure of an act our own.

When firt the trembling eye receives the day, External forms on young perception play; External forms affect the mind alone, Their diff'rent pow'rs and properties unknown. See the pleas'd infant court the flaming brand, Eager to grafp the glory in its hand!
The cryftal wave as eager to pervade
Stretch its fond arms to meet the finiling fhade!
When Memory's call the mimic words obey,
And wing the thought that faulters on its way;
When wife Experience her flow verdict draws,
The fure effect exploring in the Caufe,
In Nature's rude, but not unfruitful wild, Reffection fprings, and Reafon is her child:
On her fair ftock the blooming Scyon grows, And brighter through revolving feafons blows.

All beauteous flow'r! immortal fhalt thou fhine, When dim with age yon golden orbs decline; Thy orient bloom, unconfcious of decay, Shail fpread, and flourifh in eternal day.

O! with what art, my friend, what early care, Should wifdom cultivate a plant fo fair! How fhould her eye the rip'ning mind revife, And blaft the buds of folly as they rife! How fhould her hand with induftry reltrain, The thriving growth of paffion's fruitful train,

Afpiring weeds, whofe lofty arms would tow'r With fatal fhade o'er reafon's tender flow'r.

From low purfuits the ductile mind to fave, Creeds that contract, and vices that enflave; O'er life's rough feas its doubtful courfe to fteer, Unbroke by av'rice, bigotry, or fear! For this fair Science fpreads her light afar, And fills the bright urn of her eaftern ftar. The liberal power in no fequefter'd cells, No moonfhine-courts of dreaming fchoolmen dwells; Diftinguifh'd far her lofty temple ftands, Where the tall mountain looks o'er diftant lands; All round her throne the graceful arts appear, That boaft the empire of the eye or ear.

See farour'd firf, and nearef to the throne By the rapt mien of mufing Silence known, Fled from herfelf, the Pow'r of Numbers plac'd, Her wild thoughts watch'd by Harmony and Tafte.

There (but at diftance never meant to vie) The full-form'd image glancing on her eye, See lively Painting! on her various face, Quick-gliding forms a moment find a place; She looks, fhe acts the character the gives, And a new feature in each feature lives.

See Attic eafe in Sculpture's graceful air, Half loofe her robe, and half unbound her hair; To life, to life, fhe fmiling feems to call, And down her fair hands negligently fall.

Laft, but not meaneft, of the glorious choir, See Mufic, lift'ning to an angel's lyre.

Simplicity, their beauteous handmaid, dreft By Nature, bears a field-flower on her breaft.

O Arts divine! O magic Powers that move The fprings of truth, enlarging truth, and love! Loft in their charms each mean attachment ends, And Tafte and Knowledge thus are Virtue's friends.
'Thus nature deigns to fympathize with art, And leads the moral beauty to the heart; There, only there, that ftrong attraction lies, Which wakes the foul, and bids her graces rife; Lives in thofe powers of harmony that bind Congenial hearts, and fretch from mind to mind : Glow'd in that warmth, that focial kindnefs gave, Which once-the reft is filence and the grave.

O tears, that warm from wounded friendfhip flow ?
O thoughts that wake to monuments of woe! Reflection keen, that points the painful dart ; Mem'ry, that fpeeds its paffage to the heart ; Sad monitors, your cruel power fufpend, And hide, for ever hide, the buried friend: - In vain - confeft I fee my Craufurd fand, And the pen falls - falls from my trembling hand, E'en Death's dim fhadow feeks to hide, in vain, That lib'ral afpect, and that fmile humane;

E'en Death's dim fhadow wears a languid light ${ }_{j}$ And his cye beams through everlafting night.

Till the laft figh of Genius fhall expire, His keen eye faded, and extinct his fire, 'Till time, in league with Envy and with Death, Blatt the fkill'd hand, and ftop the tuneful breath, My Craufurd fill fhall claim the mournful fong, So long rememberd, and bewaild fo long.

## [ 17 ]

## A N O D E

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\text { THE RIVER EDEN *. } 1759
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1ELIGHTFUL Eden! parent ftrcam, Yet fhall the maids of Memory fay,
(When, led by Fancy's fairy dream, My young fteps trac'd thy winding way)
How oft along thy mazy fhore,
That many a gloomy alder bore,
In penfive thought their Poet ftray'd;
Or, carelefs thrown thy bank befide, Beheld thy dimply waters glide,

Bright through the trembling fhade.
Yet fhall they paint thofe fcenes again, Where once with infant-joy He play d ,
And bending o'er thy liquid plain,
The azure worlds below furvey $d$ :
Led by the rofy-handed Hours,
When Time tripp'd o'er that bank of flowers,
Which in thy chryftal bofom fmil'd:
Though old the God, yet light and gay,
He flung his glafs, his fcythe away,
And feem'd himfelf a child.

[^14]The

The poplar tall, that waving near
Would whifper to thy murmurs free;
Yet ruftling feems to foothe mine ear, And trembles when I figh for thee.
Yet feated on thy fhelving brim,
Can Fancy fee the Naiads trim
Burnifh their green locks in the fun;
Or at the laft lone hour of day,
To chafe the lightly glancing fay,
In airy circles run.
But, Fancy, can thy mimic power Again thofe happy moments bring?
Can'f thou reftore that golden hour,
When young Jor wav'd his laughing wing ?
When firft in Eden's rofy vale,
My full heart pour'd the lover's tale,
The vow fincere, deroid of guile!
While Delia in her panting breaft, With fighs, the tender thought fuppreft,

And look'd as Angels fmile.
O Goddefs of the cryftal bow,
That dwell't the golden meads among;
Whofe freams ftill fair in memory flow,
Whofe murmurs melodife my Song!
Oh! yet thofe gleams of joy difplay,
Which brightening glow'd in Fancys ray,

When, near the lucid Urn reclin'd, The Dryad, Nature, bar'd her breaft, And left, in naked charms impreft, Her image on my mind.

In vain-the maids of Memory fair
No more in golden vifions play; No friendihip fmoothes the brow of Care,

No Delia's fmile approves my lay. Yet, love and friendfhip loft to me, 'Tis yet fome joy to think of Thee, And in thy breaft this moral find; That life, though ftain'd with forrow's fhowers, Shall flow ferene, while Virtue pours

Her funfline on the mind.

## [ 174 〕

## A U T U M N A L ELEGY, <br> то **** ******** 1763 .

WHILE yet my Poplar yields a doubtful fhade, It's laft leaves trembling to the Zephyr's figh On this fair plain ere every verdure fade, Or the laft fmiles of golden Autuma die;

Wilt thou, my *\%*\%*, at this penfive hour,
O'er Nature's ruin hear thy Friend complain; While his heart labours with th' infpiring power,

And from his pen fpontaneous flows the frain?
Thy gentle breaft fhall melt with kindred fighs, Yet haply grieving o'er a Parent's bier; Poets are Nature's children; when fhe dies, Affection mcurns, and Duty drops a tear.

Why are ye filent, Brethren of the Grove,
Fond Philomel, thy many-chorded lyre So fweetly tun'd to Tendernefs and Love,

Shall Love no more, or Tendernefs infpire?
O mix once more thy gentle lays with mine;
For well our paffions, well our notes agree: An abfent love, fweet bird, may fuften thine; An abfent love demands a tear from me.

Yet, ere ye flumber, Songfters of the Sky,
Through the long night of Winter wild and drear:
O let us tune, ere Love and Fancy die, One tender farewell to the fading year.

Farewell ye wild Hills, fcatterd o'er with fpring! Sweet folitude, where Flora fmild unfeen !
Farewell each breeze of balmy-burthen'd wing!
The Violet's blue bank, and the tall Wood green!
Ye tuneful Groves of Belvidere, adieu!
Kind Shades that whifper o'er my Craufurd's reft!
From Courts, from Senates and from Camps to you,
When Fancy leads him, no inglorious gueft.
Dear Shades adieu! where late the moral Mufe,
Led by the Dryad, Silence, oft reclin'd, Taught Meame/s to extend her little views,

And look on Nature to enlarge her mind.
Farewell the walk along the Woodland-vale!
Flower-feeding rills in murmurs drawn away!
Farewell the fweet breath of the early gale!
And the dear glories of the clofing day !
The namelefs charms of high, poetic thought,
That Spring's green hours to Fancy's children bore;
The words divine, Imagination wrote
On Slamber's light leaf by the murmuring fhore -

All, all adieu! From Autumn's fober power
Fly the dear dreams of Spring's delightful reign;
Gay Summer ftrips her rofy-mantled bower,
And rude winds watte the glories of her train,
Yet Autumn yields her joys of humbler kind;
Sad o'er her golden ruins as we flray,
Sweet melancholy foothes the mufing mind, And nature charms, delightful in decay.

All-bounteous power, whom happy worlds adore
With every fcene fome grateful change fhe brings-
In Winter's wild fnows, Autumn's golden fore.
In glowing Summers and in blooming Springs!
O moft belov'd! the faireft and the beft Of all her works! may ftill thy lover find Fair Nature's franknefs in thy gentle breaft; Like her be various, but like her be kind.

Then, when the fpring of fmiling youth is o'er; When Summer's glories yield to Autumn's fway;
When golden Autumn finks in Winter hoar, And life declining yields it's laft weak ray;

In thy lov'd arms my fainting age fhall clofe,
On thee my fond eye bend it's trembling light:
Rememb'rance fweet fhall foothe my laft repofe, And my foul blefs thee in eternal night.

## 'TO THE SAME. ${ }^{1763}$.

WHEN pale beneath the frowning thade of Death,
No foothing voice of Love, or Friendfhip nigh, While ftrong convulfions feiz'd the lab'ring breath, And Life fufpended left each vacant eye;

Where, in that moment, fled th' immortal mind?
To what new region did the fpirit ftray? Found it fome bofom hofpitably kind,

Some breaft that took the wanderer in its way?
To thee, my $* * * * *$ in that deathful hour,
To thy dear bofom it once more return'd ; And wrapt in $\% * * * * * * *$ 's folitary bower, The ruins of it's former manfion mourn'd.

But, did'ft thou, kind and gentle as thou art, O'er thy pale lover fhed the generous tear? From thofe fweet eyes did Pity's foftnefs ftart, When Fancy laid him on the lowly bier ?

Didft thou to Heaven addrefs the forceful prayer, Fold thy fair hands, and raife the mournful eye, Implore each power benevolent to fpare, And call down pity from the golden fiky ?

O born at once to blefs me and to fave, Exalt my life, and dignify my lay!
'Thou too fhalt triumph o'er the mouldering grave, And on thy brow fhall bloom the deathlefs bay.

Dear fhades of genius! heirs of endlefs fame!
That in your laureate crowns the myrtle wove, Snatch'd from oblivion Beauty's facred name, And grew immortal in the arms of Love!

O may we meet you in fome happier clime, Some fafer vale beneath a genial fky; Whence all the woes that load the wing of time, Difeafe, and death, and fear, and frailty fly!

## [ 179 ]

## TO THE SAME.

## THE COMPLAINT OF HER RING-DOVE, 176 g.

FA R from the fmiles of blue hefpcrian fkies, Far from thofe vales, where flowery pleafures dwell.
(Dear fcenes of freedom loft to thefe fad eyes!)
How hard to languif in this lonely cell!
When genial gales relume the fires of love,
When laughing Spring leads round the jocund year ;
Ah! view with pity, gentle maid, your dove, From every heart-felt joy fecluded here!

To me no more the laughing Spring looks gay; Nor annual loves relume my languid breaft; Time flowly drags the long, delightlefs day, Through one dull fcene of folitary reft.

Ah! what avails that dreaming fancy roves Through the will beauties of her native reign!
Breathes in green fields, and feeds in frefhening groves, To wake to anguif in this hopelefs chain?

Though fondly footh'd with Pity's tendereft care, Though ftill by ${ }^{* * * * * ' s ~ g e n t l e ~ h a n d ~ c a r e f t, ~}$ For the free foreft, and the boundlefs air, The rebel, Nature, murmurs in my breaft.

180 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
Ah let not Nature, ${ }^{* * * * *}$ plead in vain! For kindnefs fure fhould grace a form fo fair:
Reftore me to my native wilds again, Tc the free foreft, and the boundlefs air.

## [ i8i ]

## TO THE SAME.

## S O N N E T

IN THE MANNER OF PETRARCH。

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1765
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o
N thy fair morn, O Hope-infpiring May! The fweeteft twins that ever Nature bore, Where $* * * * * * * * * *$ vale her field-flower-garland wore,
Young Love and Fancy met the genial Day. And, all as on the thyme-green bank I lay,

A Nymph of gentleft mien their train before,
Cane with a fmile; and Swain, fhe cried, no more
To penfive forrow tune thy hopelefs lay.
Friends of thy Heart, fee Love and Fancy bring
Each joy that youth's enchanted bofom warms!
Delight that rifles all the fragrant fpring!
Fair-handed Hope, that paints unfading charms!
And Dove-like Faith, that waves her filver wing.-
Thefe, Swain, are thine; for ${ }^{* * * * *}$ meets thy arms,

## $\left[\begin{array}{lll}182\end{array}\right]$

## TO THE SAME.

wrapped round a nosegay of violets. ifor.

DEAR object of my late and early prayer! Source of my joy! and folace of my care! Whofe gentle friendfhip fuch a charm can give, As makes me wifh, and tells me how to live. To thee the Mufe with grateful hand would bring Thefe firt fair children of the doubtful Spring. O may they, fearlefs of a varying fky, Bloom on thy breaft, and fmile beneath thine eye! In fairer lights their vivid blue difplay, And fweeter breathe their little lives away!

## [ 183 ]

## TO THE SAME.

On THE MORAL REFLECTIONS CONTAINED IN HER ANSWER TO THE ABOVE VERSES. y 76 I.

SW EET moralif! whofe moving truths impare At once delight and anguifh to my heart! Though human joys their fhort-liv'd fweets exhale Like the wan beauties of the wafted vale; Yet truft the Mufe, fair friendfhip's flower fhall laft, When life's fhort funfhine, like it's ftorms is paft; Bloom in the fields of fome ambrofial fhore, Where Time, and Death, and Sicknefs are no more.

## [ 184 ]

## WRITTEN IN A COLLECTION OF MAPS.

 1765.R EALMS of this globe, that ever-circling run, And rife alternate to embrace the fun ;
Shall I with envy at my lot repine,
Becaufe I boaft fo fmall a portion mine?
If e'er in thought of Andalufia's vines, Golconda's jewels, or Potofi's mines; In thefe, or thofe, if vanity forgot The humbler bleffings of my little lot ; Then may the ftream that murmurs near my door, The waving grove that loves it's mazy fhore, Withhold each foothing pleafure that they gave, No longer murmur, and no longer ware!

## [ 185 ]

## THEODOSIUS TO CONSTANTIA.

 ${ }^{17} 60$.LE T others feek the lying aids of art, And bribe the paffions to betray the heart; Truth, facred Truth, and Faith unfkill'd to feign, Fill my fond breaft, and prompt my artlefs ftrain.

Say, did thy lover, in fome happier hour, Each ardent thought, in wild profufion pour ; With eager fondnefs on thy beauty gaze, And talk with all the extafy of praife ? 'The heart fincere it's pleafing tumult prov'd; All, all declar'd that Theodosius lov'd.

Let raptur'd Fancy on that moment dwell, When thy dear vows in trembling accents fell; When Love acknowledg'd wak'd the tender figh, Swell'd thy full breaft, and fill'd thy melting eje.

O! bleft for ever be th' aufpicious day, Dance all it's hours in pleafure's golden ray ! Pale forrow's gloom from every eye depart! And laughing joy glide lightly through the heart! Let village-maids their feltive brows adorn, And with frefh garlands meet the fmiling morn; Each happy Swain, by faithful Love repaid, Pour his warm vows, and court his village maid.

Yet fhall the fcene to ravifht memory rife : Conftantia prefent yet fhall meet thefe eyes; On her fair arm her beauteous head reclin'd, Her locks flung carelefs to the fportful wind. While Love, and Fear, contending in her face, Flufh every rofe, and heighten every grace.

O, never, while of Life and Hope poffeft, May this dear Image quit my faithful breaft ! The painful hours of abfence to beguile, May thus Conftantia look, Conftantia fmile!

## [ 187 ]

## E L E G Y. ${ }^{1760}$.

THE eye of Nature never refts from care; She guards her children with a parent's love;
And not a mifchief reigns in earth or air, But Time deftroys, or remedies remove.

In vain no ill fhall haunt the walks of life,
No vice in vain the human heart deprave, The pois'nous flower, the tempeft's raging ftrife, From greater pain, from greater ruin fave.

Lavinia, form'd with every powerful grace, With all that lights the flame of young delire; Pure eafe of wit, and elegance of face, A foul all Fancy, and an eye all fire.

Lavinia! - Peace, my bufy, fluttering breaft Nor fear to languifh in thy former pain:
At length the yields-the yields the needful reft; And frees her lover from his galling chain.

The golden ftar, that leads the radiant morn, Looks not fo fair, freh-rifing from the main;
But her bent eye-brow bears forbidding fcorn,But pride's fell furies every heart-ftring ftrain.

Iavinia. thanks to thy ungentle mind; I now behold thee with indifferent eyes;
And Reafon dares, though Love as Death be blind, Thy gay, thy worthlefs being to defpife.

Beauty may charm without one inward grace, And fair proportions win the captive heart; But let rank pride the pleafing form debafe, And love difgufted breaks his erring dart.

The youth that once the fculptur'd Nymph admir'd, Had look'd with fcornfnl laughter on her charms, If the vain form, with recent life infpir'd, Had turn'd difdainful from his offerd arms.

Go, thoughtlefs maid! of tranfient beauty vain,
Feed the high thought, the towering hope extend;
Still may'ft thou dream of fplendor in thy train, And fmile fuperb, while love and flattery bend.

For me, fweet peace fhall foothe my troubled mind,
And eafy flumbers clofe my weary eyes;
Since Reafon dares, though Love as Death be blind,
Thy gay, thy worthlefs being to defpife.

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189 & ]
\end{array}\right.
$$

## INSCRIPTION ON THE DOOR OF A STUDY.

0THOU that fhalt prefume to tread This manfion of the mighty dead, Come with the free, untainted mind; The nurfe, the pedant leave behind; And all that fuperftition, fraught With folly's lore, thy youth has taughtEach thought that reafon can't retain,Leave it, and learn to think again. Yet, while thy ftudious cyes explore, And range thefe various Volumes $0^{\circ} \mathrm{er}$, Truft blindly to no fav'rite pen, Remembring Authors are but men. Has fair Philosophy thy love? Away! fhe lives in yonder grove. If the fweet Mufe thy pleafure gives; With her, in yonder grove fhe lives: And if Religion claims thy care; Religion, fled from books, is there. For firft from Nature's works we drew
Our Knowledge, and our Virtue too.

## [ 190 ]

## TO LORD GRANBY.

IN fite of all the rufty fools That clean old nonfenfe in the fchools;
Nature, a miftrefs, never coy,
Has wrote on all her works-Enjoy. Shall we, then, flarve, like Gideon's wife,
And die to fave a makeweight's life ?
No, friend of Nature, you difdain, So fair a hand hou'd work in vain.

But, good my Lord, make her your guile, And err not on the other fide:
Like her, in all you deign to do, Be liberal, but be fparing too.

When fly $S_{1 R} \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{oby}}$, night by night, With his dear bags regales his fight; And confcience, reafon, pity fleep, Though virtue pine, though merit weep; I fee the keen reproaches fly Indignant from your honeft eye;
Each bounteous wifh glows unconfin'd, And your breaft labours to be kind.

At this warm hour, my Lord, beware
The fervile Flatterer's fpecious fnare, The fawning Sycophant, whofe art Marks the kind motions of the heart;

Each idle, each infidious knave,
That acts the graceful, wife, or brave.
With feftive beard, and focial eye,
You've feen old Hospitality;
Mounted aftride the mofs-grown wall, The genius of the ancient hall. So reverend, with fuch courtly glee, He ferv'd your noble anceftry; And turn'd the hinge of many a gate, For Ruffel, Rous, Plantagenet. No lying porter levied there His dues on all imported ware; There, rang $d$ in rows, no liveried train
E'er begg'd their mafter's beef again;
No flatterer's planetary face Plied for a bottle, or a place, Toad-cating France, and fiddling Rome Kept their lean rafcals ftarv'd at home.
*' Thrice happy days!" In this, 'tis true,
Old times were better than the new;
Yet fome egregious faults you'll fee
In ancient Hospitality.
See motley crowds, his roof beneath,
Put poor Society to Death!
Priefts, knights and 'fquires debating wild,
On themes unworthy of a child;
'Till the flrange compliment commences, To praife their hoft, and lofe their fenfes.

Go then, my lord! keep open hall; Proclaim your table free for all; Go, facrifice your time, your wealth, Your patience, liberty and health, To fuch a thought-renouncing crew, Such foes to care-ev'n care for you.
"Heav'ns! and are thefe the plagucs that wait

* Around the hofpitable gate-
" Let ten-fold iron bolt my door,
" And the gaunt maftiff growl before ;
" There, not one human creature nigh,
"Save, dear Sir Toby, you and I,
" In Cynic filence let us dwell;
"Ye plagucs of focial life farewel!"
Difpleafes this? The modern way,
Perhaps, may pleafe-a public day.
"A public day! detefted name!
" The farce of friendfhip and the flame.
" Did ever focial freedom come
"Within the pale of drawing-room ?
"See pictur'd round the formal crowd!
" How nice, how juft each attitude!
" My Lord approaches-what furprife!
" The pictures fpeak, the pitures rife!
" Thrice ten times told the fame falute,
"Once more the mimic forms are mute.
" Mean while the envious rows between,
os Diftruft and Scandal walk unfeen;
« Their poifons filently infufe,
" 'Till thefe fufpect, and thofe abufe.
"Far, far from thefe, in fome lone fhade
" Let me, in eafy filence laid,
" Where never fools, or flaves intrude,
" Enjoy the fweets of folitude!"
What! quit the commerce of mankind!
Leave virtue, fame, and worth behind!
Who fly to folitary reft, Are Reafon's favages at beft.
'Though human life's extenfive field Wild weeds, and vexing brambles yield; Behold her fmiling vallies bear Mellifuous fruits, and flowrets fair! The crowds of folly you defpife Affociate with the good and wife; For virtue, rightly underfood, Is it to be wife, and to be goods.


## [ 194 ]

## M O N O D Y. ${ }^{1759}$

A
H fcenes belov'd! ah confcious fhades,
That wave thefe parent-vales along!
Ye bowers where Fancy met the tuneful maids, Ye mountains vocal with my Doric fong,

Teach your wild echoes to complain In fighs of folemn woc, in broken founds of pain,

For her I mourn,
Now the cold tenant of the thoughtlefs urn-
For her bewail thefe ftrains of woe,
For her thefe filial forrows flow;
Source of my life, that led my tender years,
With all a parent's pious fears,
That nurs'd my infant thought, and taught my mind to grow.
Careful, fhe mark'd each dangerous way,
Where youth's unwary footteps ftray:
She taught the ftruggling paffions to fubfide;
Where facred truth, and reafon guide,
In virtue's glorious path to feek the realms of day.
Lamented goodnefs! yet I fee
The fond affections melting in her eye:
She bends it's tearful orb on me,
And heave the tender figh;

As thoughtful, the the toils furveys, That crowd in life's perplexing maze, And for her children feels again All, all that love can fear, and all that fear can feigno

O beft of parents! let me pour
My forrows o'er thy filent bed:
There early ftrew the rernal flower, The parting tear at evening fhed-

Alas! are thefe the only ueed
Of each kind thought, each virtuous deed,
Thefe fruitlefs offerings that embalm the dead?
Then, fairy-feated Hope, forbear-
No more thy fond illufions fpread :
Thy fhadowy fcenes diffolv'd in air,
Thy vifionary profpects fled;
With her they fled, at whofe lamented fhrine,
Love, gratitude, and duty mingled tears,
Condemn'd each filial office to refign,
Nor hopeful more to foothe her long-declining years.

## T O M R S.

IN TEARS, FOR THE DEATH OF A FRIEND. 1762.

SO fecble Nature weeps o'er friendfhip's grave, And mourns the rigour of that law fhe gave: Yet, why not weep? When in that grave expire All Pembroke's clegance, all Waldegrave's fire。 No more thofe eyes in foft effulgence move, No more that boiom feels the fpark of love. O'er thofe pale cheeks the drooping graces mourn, And Fancy tears her wild wreath o'er that urn. There Hope at Heaven once caft a doubtful eye ${ }^{\text {p }}$ Content repin'd, and Patience ftole a figh. Fair Friendflip griev'd o'er _-_s facred bier, And Virtue wept, for ${ }^{* * * *}$ dropt a tear.

## TO MRS. GILLMAN.

WITH fenfe enough for half your fex befide, With juft no more than neceffary pride; With Knowledge caught from Nature's living page, Politely learn'd, and elegantly fageAlas! how piteous, that in fuch a mind So many foibles free reception find! Can fuch a mind, ye Gods! admit difdain? Be partial, envious, covetous, and rain? Unwelcome Truth! to love, to blindnefs clear! Yet, Gillman, hear it;-while you blufh to hear.

That in your gentle breaft Difdain can dwell, Let knavery, meannefs, pride that feel it, tell! With partial eye a friend's defects you fee, And look with kindnefs on my faults and me. And does no Envy that fair mind o'er-fhade? Does no fhort figh for greater weealth invade; When filent merit wants the foftering meed, And the warm wifh fuggefts the virtuous deed ? Fairly the charge of Vanity you prove, Vain of each Virtue of the friends you love.

What charms, what arts of Magic have confpir'd Of power to make fo many faults admir'd?

## [ 198 ]

## FRAGMENTOFA POEM,

VRITIEN ATCLARE-HALL ON THE KINC'S AC-

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WHILE cvery gale the voice of triumph brings, And fmiling Victory waves her purple wings;
While earth and ocean yield their fubject powers,
Neptune his waves and Cybele her towers;
Yet will you deign the Mufe's voice to hear,
And let her welcome greet a Monarch's ear?
Yes; midtt the toils of glory ill-repaid,
Oft has the Monarch fought her foothing aid.
See Frederic court her in the rage of war,
Though rapid vengeance urge his hoftile car:
With her repos'd in philofophic reft,
The Sage's funfhine fmooths the warrior's breaft.

Whate'er Arcadian fancy feign'd of old
Of Halcyon days, and minutes plum'd with gold;
Whate'er adorn'd the wifeft, gentleft reign,
From you fhe hopes-let not her hopes be vain!
Rife ancient funs! advance Pierian days !
Flow Attic Atreams! and fpring Aonian bays!

Cam, down thy wave in brifker mazes glide, And fee new honours crown thy hoary fide! Thy ofiers old fee myrtle groves fucceed! And the green laurel meet the waving reed!


## [ 200 ]

## C $巨$ SAR's DREAM.

## BEFORE HIS INVASION OF BRITAIN.

 $175^{8 .}$WHEN rough Helvetia's hardy fons obey, And vanquifh'd Belgia bows to Cæfar's fway ; When, fcarce-beheld, embattled nations fall, The fierce Sicambrian, and the faithlefs Gaul: Tird Freedom leads her favage fons no more, But flies, fubdued, to Albion's utmoft fhore.
'Twas then, while ftillnefs grafpd the fleeping air, And dewy flumbers feal'd the eye of care; Divine Ambition to her votary came:
Her left hand waving, bore the trump of fame; Her right a regal fceptre feem'd to hold, With gems far-blazing from the burnifh'd gold. And thus, "My Son," the Queen of Glory faid ; * Immortal Cæfar, raife thy languid head.
"Shall Night's dull chains the man of counfels bind ?
"Or Morpheus rule the monarch of mankind?
or See worlds unvanquifh'd yet await thy fword!
ss Barbaric lands, that fcorn a Latian lord!
"See yon proul ine, whofe mountains meet the fky ,
" Thy foes encourage, and thy power defy!
or What, though by Nature's firmelt bars fecur'd,
or By feas encircled, and with rocks immur'd,
or Shall Cæfar hrink the greateft toils to brave,
45 Scale the high rock, or beat the maddening wave?"

She fpoke-her words the warrior's breaft inflame With rage indignant, and with confcious fhame;
Already beat, the fwelling floods give way,
And the fell Genii of the rocks obey. Already fhouts of triumph rend the fkies, And the thin rear of barbarous nations flies.

Quick round their chief his active legions ftand, Dwell on his eye,and wait the waving hand : The Hero rofe, majeftically flow,
And look'd attention to the crowds below.

- Romans and Friends! is there who feeks for reft,
- By labours vanquifh'd, and with wounds oppreft ?
- That refpite $\mathrm{C}_{\text {Esar }}$ fhall with pleafure yield,
- Due to the toils of many a well-fought field.
- Is there, who fhrinks at thought of dangers paft,
- The ragged mountain, or the pathlefs wafte-
- While favage hofts, or favage floods oppofe,
- Or fhivering fancy pines in Alpine fnows?
- Let him retire to Latium's peaceful fhore;
- He once has toil'd, and Cesar afks no more.
- Is there a Roman, whofe unfhaken breaft
- No pains have conquer'd, and no fears depreft ?
- Who, doom'd through Death's dread minifters to go,
- Dares to chaftife the infults of a foe;
- Let him, his Country's glory and her ftay,
- With reverence hear her, and with pride obey.
- A form divine, in heavenly fplendor bright,
- Whofe look threw radiance round the pall of night,
". With calm feverity approach'd and faid, * Wake thy dull ear, and lift thy languid head.
" What! Mhall a Roman fink in foft repofe.
" And tamely fee the Britons aid his foes?
" See them fecure the rebel Gaul fupply;
"Spurn his vain eagles and his power defy ?
" Go! burft their barriers, obitinately brave;
"Scale the wild rock, and beat the maddening wave."
Here paus'd the Chief, but waited no reply.
The voice affenting fpoke from every eye;
Nor, as the kindnefs that reproach'd with fear, Were dangers dreadful, or were toils fevere.


## I N S C R I P T I O N

I N A

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T E M P L E OF S O CI E T Y.
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CACRED rife thefe walls to thee,
Blithe-eyed nymph, Society!
In whofe dwelling, free and fair, Converfe fmoothes the brow of care.
Who, when waggilh wit betray'd
To his arms a fylvan maid,
All beneath a myrtle tree,
In fome vale of Arcady,
Sprung, I ween, from fuch embrace,
The lovely contraft in her face.
Perchance, the mufes as they ftray'd,
Seeking other fpring, or fhade,
On the fweet child caft an eye
In fome vale of Arcady;
And blitheft of the fifters three,
Gave her to Euphrofyne.
The Grace, delighted, taught her care
The cordial fmile the placid air;
How to chafe, and how reftrain
All the fleet, ideal train;

How with apt words well combin'd,
'To drefs each image of the mind-
Taught her how they difagree,
Aukward fear and modefty,
And freedom and rufticity.
True politenefs how to know
From the fuperficial fhew;
From the Coxcomb's fhallow grace,
And the many-modell'd face:
That Nature's unaffected eafe
More than ftudied forms would pleafe-
When to check the fportive vein;
When to fancy yield the rein,
On the fubject when to be
Grave or gay, referv'd or free:
The fpeaking air, th' impaffion'd eye,
The living foul of fymmetry;
And that foft fympathy which binds
In magic chains congenial minds.

## [ 205 ]

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SEQUESTERED GROTTTO. 17%3.
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S WEE T' peace, that lov'f the filent hour, The ftill retreat of leifure free;
Affociate of each gentle power, And eldeft born of harmony!

O, if thou own'ft this mofy cell, If thine this manfion of repofe;
Permit me, nymph, with thee to dwell, With thee my wakeful eye to clofe.

And though thofe glittering fcenes fhould fade, That Pleafure's rofy train prepares; -
What vot'ry have they not betray'd ?
What are they more than fplendid cares?
But fmiling days, exempt from care, But nights, when fleep, and filence reign;
Serenity, with afpect fair,
And love and joy are in thy train.

## ANOTHER INSCRIPTION IN THE SAME GROTTO. ${ }^{1756}$.

OFaireft of the village-born, Content, infpire my carelefs lay! Let no vain wifh, no thought forlorn

Throw darknefs o'er the fmiling day. Forget't thou, when we wander'd $\mathrm{o}^{\circ}$ er The fylvan Beleau's * fedgy fhore,

Or rang'd the woodland wilds along; How oft on Herclay's $\dagger$ mountains high We've met the morning's purple eye,

Delay'd by many a fong?
From thee, from thofe by fortune led;
To all the farce of life confin'd;
At once each native pleafure fled,
For thou, fweet nymph, waft left behind. Yet could I once, once more furvey Thy comely form in mantle grey,

Thy polifh'd brow, thy peaceful eye; Where e'er, forfaken fair, you dwell, 'Though in this dim fequefter'd cell,

With thee I'd live and die.

* A fmall river in Weftmorland.
+ A romantic village in the abovementioned county, formerly the feat of the Herchays, earls of Carline.


## Left with The minister of RIPONDEN,

A ROMANTIC VILLAGE IN YORKSHIRE. 1758.
THRICE happy you, whoe'er you are, From Life's low cares fecluded far,
In this fequefter'd vale-!
Ye rocks on precipices pil'd!
Ye ragged defarts, wafte and wild!
Delightful horrors hail!
What joy within thefe funlefs groves,
Where loncly Contemplation roves,
To reft in fearlefs eafe!
Save weeping rills, to fee no tear, Save dying gales, no figh to hear, No murmur, but the breeze.

Say, would you change that peaceful cell Where Sanctity and Silence dwell,

For fplendor's dazzling blaze?
For ail thofe gilded toys that glare
Round high-born power's imperial chair,
Inviting fools to gaze?
Ah friend! Ambition's profpects clofe, And, fludious of your own repofe, Be thankful here to live;
For, truft me, one protecting med And nightly peace, and daily bread

Is all that life can give.

## [ 208 ]

## WRITTEN AMONGST THE RUINS OF

PONTEFRACT CASTLE. $\quad 1756$.

RIG H T fung the bard, that all-involving age, With hand impartial deals the ruthlefs blow; That war, wide-wafting, with impetuous rage, Lays the tall fpire, and fky-crown'd turret low.

A pile ftupendous, once of fair renown, This mould'ring mafs of fhapelefs ruin rofe, Where nodding heights of fractur'd columns frown, And birds obfcene in ivy-bow'rs repofe;

Oft the pale matron from the threatning wall, Sufpicious, bids her heedlefs children fly; Oft, as he views the meditated fall, Full fwiftly fteps the frighted peafant by.

But more refpectful views th' hiftoric fage, Mufing, thefe awful relics of decay,
That once a refuge form'd from hoftile rage,
In Henry's and in Edward's dubious day.
He penfive oft reviews the mighty dead,
That ent have trod this defolated ground; Reflects how here unhappy Salisbury bled,

When faction aim'd the death-difpenfing wound.

Reft, gentle Rivers! and ill-fated Gray! A flow'r or tear oft flrews your humble grave, Whom Envy flew, to pave Ambition's way, And whom a Monarch wept in vain to fave.

Ah! what avail'd th' alliance of a throne?
The pomp of titles what, or pow'r rever'd ?
Happier! to thefe the humble life unknown, With virtue honour'd, and by peace endear'd.

Had thus the fons of bleeding Britain thought, When haplefs here inglorious Richard lay,
Yet many a prince, whofe blood full dearly bought The fhameful triumph of the long-fought day:

Yet many a hero, whofe defeated hand In death refign'd the well-contefted field,
Had in his offspring fav'd a finking land, The Tyrant's terror, and the Nation's chield.

Ill could the Mufe indignant grief forbear, Should Mem'ry trace her bleeding Country's woes:
Ill could fhe count, without a burfing tear, Th' inglorious triumphs of the vary'd Rofe!

While York, with conqueft and revenge elate, Infulting, triumphs on St. Alban's plain, Who views, nor pities Henry's haplefs fate, Himfelf a captive, and his leaders flain?

Ah Prince! unequal to the toils of war,
To ftem ambition, Faction's rage to quell; Happier! from thefe had Fortune plac'd thee far, In fome lone convent, or fome peaceful cell.

For what avail'd that thy victorious queen Repair'd the ruins of that dreadful day?
That vanquifh'd York, on Wakefield's purple green, Proftrate amidft the common flaughter lay .

In vain fair Vict'ry beam'd the gladd'ning eye, And, waving oft her golden pinions, fmil'd; Full foon the flatt'ring goddefs meant to fly, Full rightly deem'd unfteady Fortune's child.

Zet Towton's field——but ceafe the difmal tale:
For much it's horrors would the mufe appall, In fofter ffrains fuffice it to bewail

The Patriot's exile, or the Heroc's fall.
Thus filver Wharf *, whofe cryftal-fparkling urn
Reflects the brilliance of his blooming fhore, Still, melancholy-mazing, feems to mourn,

But rolls, confus'd, a crimfon wave no more.

* A river near the feenc of battle, in which were flain 35,000 men.


## [21I]

## F R A G M E N T. 1762 .

WAS on Time's birth-day, when the voice di-
Wak'd flceping Nature, while her infant eye, Yet trembling, ftruggled with created light; ${ }^{\circ}$ The heaven-born Mufe, fprung from the fource fubline Of Hakmony immortal, firft receiv'd Her facred mandate. "Go, feraphic maid, " Companion ftill to Nature! from her works " Derive thy lay melodious, great, like thote, " And elegantly fimple. In thy train, " Glory, and deathlefs fame and fair renown " Attendant ever, each immortal name,
"By thee deem'd facred, to yon ftarry vauit "Shall bear, and ftamp in characters of gold. " Be thine the care, alone where truth directs
" The firm heart, where the love of human kiad
" Inflames the patriot fpirit, there to foothe
" The toils of virtue with melodious praife:
" For thofe, that fmiling feraph bids thee wake
" His golden lyre; for thofe, the young-ey'd fun
" Gilds this fair-formed world; and genial fpring
" Throws many a green wreath, liberal, from his bofom."
So fpake the voice divine; the raptur'd Mufe In frains like thefe, but nobler, fram'd her lay.

Spirits of ancient time, to high renown By martial glory rais'd, and deeds auguft, Atchiev'd for Britain's freedom! Patriot hearts, That, fearlefs of a tyrant's threatening arm, Embrac d your bleeding country! o'er the page, Where hiftory triumphs in your holy names, O'er the dim monuments that mark your graves, Why ftreams my eye with pleafure *? 'Tis the joy The foft delight that through the full breaft fows, From fweet remembrance of departed virtue!

O Britain, parent of illuftrious names, While o'er thy annals Memory fhoots her eye, How the heart glows, rapt with high-wondering love, And emulous efteem! Hail, Sydney hail! Whether Arcadian blythe, by fountain clear. Piping thy love-lays wild, or Spartan bold, In freedom's van diftinguifh'd, Sydney, hail! Oft o'er thy laurell'd tomb from hands unfeen Fall flowers; oft in thy vale of Penfhurf fair The fhepherd wandering from his nightly fold, Lifteneth frange mufic, by the tiny breath Of fairy minftrels warbled.

On Raleigh's grave, Oftrew the faireft flowers, That on the bofom of the green vale blow! There hang your vernal wreaths, ye village-maids!
> * Exultat Animus Maximorum Virorum Memoriam percurrens, $V_{A L}$. Max.

Ye mountain nymphs, your crowns of wild thyme bring
'To Raxeigh's honour'd grave! There bloom the bay, The virgin rofe, that, blufhing to be feen, Folds its fair leaves; for modeft worth was his : A mind where truth, philofophy's firft born, Held her harmonious reign : a Briton's breaft, That, careful fill of freedom's holy pledge, Difdain'd the mean arts of a tyrant's court, Diflain'd and died! Where was thy fpirit then, Queen of fea-crowning ifles, when Raleigh bled? How well he ferv d thee, let Iberia tell! Afk proftrate Cales, yet trembling at his name, How well he ferv'd thee; when her vanquifh'd hand Held forth the bafe bribe, how he fpurn'd it from him, And cried, Ifight for Britain! Hifory rife, And blaft the reigns that redden with the blood Of thofe that gave them glory!

## [ 214 ]

## TRANSLATISNS.

## THE

## D E A T H O F A D O N I S。

## FROM THE GREEK OF BION *. 1759 .

ADONIS dead, the mufe of woe fhall mourn; Adonis dead, the weeping loves return. The queen of beatty o'er his tomb fhall fhed Her flowing forrows for Adonis dead; For Earth's cold lap her velvet couch forego,
And robes of purple for the weeds of woe. Adonis dead, the mufe of woe fhall mourn. Adonis dead, the weeping loves return.

* Bion, the paftoral poct, lived in the time of Ptolemy Phila. deiphus. By the epithet $\Sigma \mu u p$ veriso, every where applied to him, it is probable that he was born at Smyrna. Mofchus confirms this, when he fays to the river Meles, which had before wept for Homer,

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$$

## ' riea $^{\text {daxfuets }}$ <br> $\qquad$

It is evident however that he fent much of his time in Sicily. Mofchus, as he tells us, was his fcholar; and by him we are inform'd, that his mafter was not a poor poet. "Thou haft left to others thy riches, fays he, but to me thy poetry." It appears from the fame author, that he died by poifon. The beft edition of his works, is that of Paris, by M. de Longue-Pierre, with a French tranflation.
Adonis diad, \&ic.] Adonis, the favourite of Venus, was the fon of Cynaras, king of Cyprus. His chief employment was hunting, though he is reprefented by Virgil as a Thepherd.

Oics ad Flumina favit Addonis.

Stretch'd on this mountain thy torn lover lies, Weep, Queen of beauty! for he bleeds - he dies. Ah! yet behold life's laft drops faintly flow, In ftreams of purple, o"er thofe limbs of fnow! From the pale cheek the perifh'd rofes fly; And death dims flow the ghafly gazing eye. Kifs, kifs thofe fading lips, ere chill'd in death: With foothing fondnefs flay the fleeting breath. ${ }^{\prime}$ Tis vain-ah! give the foothing fondnefs o'er!
Adonis feels the warm falute no more. Adonis dead, the mufe of woe fhall mourn. Adonis dead, the weeping loves return. His faithful dogs bewail their mafter flain, And mourning Dryads pour the plaintive ftrain.

He was killed by a wild bear, if we may believe Propertius, in Cyprus.

- Percuffit Alonim
$V$ Venantem Idalio vertice durus Aper.
The anniverfary of his death was celebrated through the whole Pagan world. Ariltophanes, in his Comedy of Peace, reckons the feaft of Adonis among the chief feftivals of the Athenians. The Syrians obferved it with all the violence of grief, and the greateft cruelty of felf-caftigation. It was celebrated at Alexandria in St. Cyril's time; and when Julian, the Apoftate, made his entry at Antioch, in the year 362 , they were celebrating the feaft of Adonis.

The ancients differ greatly in their accounts of this divnity, Athenæus fays, that he was the favourite of Bacchus; Plutarch maintains, that he and Bacchus are the fame, and that the Jews abftain'd from fwine's flefh becaufe Adonis was killed by a boar. Aufonius, Epig. 30. aftirms that Bacchus, Ofiris, and Adonis are one and the fame.

His faithful dogs, \&c, -Tbe queen of beauty, \&c. ] The lines in the original run thus.

Not the fair youth alone the wound oppreft, The queen of beauty bears it in her breaft. Her feet unfandal'd, floating wild her hair, Her afpect woeful, and her bofom bare, Diftreft, fhe wanders the wild wattes forlorn, Her facred limbs by ruthlefs brambles torn, Loud as the grieves, furrounding rocks complain, And echo thro' the long vales calls her abfent fwain. Adonis hears not: Life's laft drops fall flow, In ftreams of purple, down his limbs of fnow. The weeping Cupids round their queen deplore, And mourn her beauty, and her love no more. Each rival grace, that glow'd with confcious pride, Each charm of Venus with Adonis dy'd.

Adonis dead, the vocal hills bemoan, And hollow groves return the faddening groan.

The two firft of thefe lines contain a kind of witticifm, which it was better to awoid. - This author had, however, too much true genius to be fond of thefe little affected turns of exprefion, which Mufrus and others have been induftrious to ftrike out.

Thefe four verfes are tranfpofed in the tranllation for the fake of the connection.

Difireft foe ewanders, \&.c.] This image of the forrow of Venus is very affecting, and is introduced in this place with great beauty and propriety. Indeed, moft modern poets feem to have obferved it, and have profited by it in their feenes of elegiac woe.

The fwelling floods with fea-born Venus weep, And roll in mournful murmurs to the deep :
In melting tears the mountain-fprings comply; The flow'rs, low-drooping, blufh with grief, and die. Cythera's groves with ftrains of forrow ring ; The dirge funereal her fad cities fing. Hark! pitying echoes Venus' fighs return; When Venus fighs, can aught forbear to mourn?

But when the faw her fainting lover lie, The wide wound gaping on the withering thigh; But ftreaming when fhe faw Life's purple tide, Stretch'd her fair arms, with trembling voice fhe cry'd :

The fuelling fioods, \&ic.] When the poet makes the rivers mourn for Venus, he very properly calls her Adgoizra; but this propriety perhaps was merely accidental, as he has given her the fame appellation when fhe wanders the defart.

The flow'rs, low-drooping, blu/ls, \&c.]

Palenefs being the known effect of grief, we do not at firf fight accept this exprefiion; but when we confider that the firf emotions of it are attended with blufhes, we are pleaied with the obfervation.

Cythera's groves, \&c.]

$$
a^{2} \text { de KuArpn }
$$


This paffage the fcholiatts have entirely mifunderfood. They make $\mathrm{K} \cdot 9 \mathrm{x}^{\prime}, n$ Venus, for which they have neither any authority, the Doric name the borrows from that illand being always Kusegit, nor the leaft probability from the connection.

This proves that the ifland Cythera was the place where Adonis perih'd, notwithftanding the opinion of Propertius and others to the contrary.

Yet ftay, lov'd youth! a moment ere we part, O let me kifs thee! - hold thee to my heart! A little moment, dear Adonis! flay! And kifs thy Venus, ere thofe lips are clay. Let thofe dear lips by mine once more be preft, ${ }^{\prime}$ Till thy laft breath expire into my breaft; 'Then, when life's ebbing pulfe fcarce fcarce can move. I'll catch thy foul, and drink thy dying love. That laft-left pledge fhall footh my tortur'd breaft, When thou art gone __ When, far from me, thy gentle ghoft explores Infernal Pluto's grimly-glooming fhores.

Wretch that I am! immortal and divine, In life imprifon'd whom the fates confine. He comes! receive him to thine Iron-arms ; Bleft queen of death! receive the prince of charms: For happier thou, to whofe wide realms repair Whatever lovely, and whatever fair. The fmiles of joy, the golden hours are fled: Grief, only grief, furvives Adonis dead.

The loves around in idle forrow ftand, And the dim torch falls from the vacant hand. Hence the vain zone! the myrtle's flow'ry pride! Delight and beauty with Adonis died.

Why didft thou, vent'rous, the wild chace explore, From his dark lair to rouze the tufky boar ? Far other fport might thofe fair limbs effay, Than the rude combat, or the favage fray.

Thus Venus griev'd_the Cupids round deplore; And mourn her beauty, and her love no more. Now flowing tears in filent grief complain, Mix with the purple ftreams, and flood the plain. Yet not in vain thofe facred drops fhall flow, The purple ftreams in blufhing rofes glow: And catching life from ev'ry falling tear, Their azure heads anemonies fhall rear.

But ceafe in vain to cherifh dire defpair, Nor mourn unpitied to the mountain-air, The laft fad office let thy hand fupply, Stretch the ftiff limbs, and clofe the glaring eje. That form repos'd beneath the bridal veft, May cheat thy forrows with the feint of reft. For lorely fmile thofe lips, though void of breath. And fair thofe features in the fhade of death. Hafte, fill with flow'rs, with rofy wreaths his bed; Perifh the flow'rs! the Prince of beauty's dead. Round the pale corfe each breathing effence ftrew, Let weeping myrtles pour their balmy dew; Perifh the balms, unable to reftore Thofe vital fweets of love that charm no more!
'Tis done_-Behold, with purple robes array'd,
In mournful fate the clay-cold limbs are laid. The Loves lament with all the rage of woe, Stamp on the dart, and break the ufelefs bow. Officious thefe the wat'ry urn fupply, Unbind the bufkin'd leg, and wafh the bleeding thigh.
$\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ er the pale body thofe their light wings wave, As yet, though vain, folicitous to fave.

All, wild with grief, their haplefs Queen deplore, And mourn her beauty, and her love no more. Dejected Hymen droops his head forlorn, His torch extinct, and flow'ry treffes torn: For nuptial airs, and fongs of joy, remain The fad, flow dirge, the forrow-breathing ftrain,
Who wou'd not, when Adosis dies, deplore?
Who wou'd not weep when Hymen finiles no more ?
The graces mourn the prince of beauty flain, Loud as Dione on her native main :
The fates relenting join the general woe, And call the lover from the realms below. Vain hopelefs grief! can living founds pervade The dark, dead regions of eternal fhade ? Spare, Venus, fpare that too luxuriant tear For the long forrows of the mournful year.

For the long, \&c.] Numa feems to have borrow'd the cuftom he inftituted of mourning a year for the deceafed from the Greeks. For though it is faid only ten months were fet apart, yet ten months were the year of Romulus till regulated by his fucceffior.

# THE HAPPINESS OF A MODERATE FORTUNE AND MODERATE DESIRES. 

PROM THE FRENCH OF MR. GRESSET. IT60,

OGODDESS of the golden mean, Whom ftill misjudging folly flies, Seduc'd by each delufive fcene; 'Thy only fubjects are the wife. Thefe feek thy paths with nobler aim, And trace them to the gates of Fame.

See fofter'd in thy fav'ring fhade,
Each tender bard of verfe divine! Who, lur'd by fortune's vain parade,

Had never form'd the tuneful line; By fortune lur'd or want confin'd, Whofe cold hand chills the genial mind.

In vain you flight the flowery crown,
That Fame wreathes round the favour'd head! Whilft laurelld victory and renown

Their heroes from thy fhades have led; 'There form'd, from courtly foftnefs free, By rigid virtue and by thee.

By thee were form'd, from cities far,
Fabricius juft, Camileus wife,
'Thofe philofophic fons of war,
That from imperial dignities
Returning, plough'd their native plain, And plac'd their laurels in thy fane.

Thrice happy he, on whofe calm breaft
The fmiles of peaceful wifdom play,
With all thy fober charms poffert,
Whofe wifhes never learnt to ftray.
Whom truth, of pleafures pure but grave,
And penfive thoughts from folly fave.
Far from the crowd's low-thoughted frife,
From all that bounds fair freedom's aim,
He envies not the pomp of life,
A length of rent-roll, or of name:
For fafe he views the vale-grown elm,
While thunder-founding forms the mountain pine o'erwhelm.

Of cenfure's frown he feels no dread,
No fear he knows of vulgar eyes,
Whofe thought, to nobler objects led,
Far, far o'er their horizon flies:
With reafon's fuffrage at his fide,
Whofe firm heart refts felf-fatisfied.

And while alternate conqueft fways
The northern, or the fouthern fhore, He fmiles at Fortune's giddy maze,

And calmly hears the wild form roar. Ev'n Nature's groans, unmov'd with fear, And burting worlds he'd calmly hear.

Such are the faithful hearts you love,
O Friendship fair, immortal maid;
The few caprice could never move,
The few whom intereft never fway'd; Nor fled unfeen, with hate refin'd, The pale cares o'er the gloomy mind.

Soft fleep, that lov'ft the peaceful cell,
On thefe defcends thy balmy power;
While no terrific dreams difpell
The flumbers of the fober hour; Which oft, array'd in darknefs drear, Wake the wild eye of pride to fear.

Content with all a farm would yield,
Thus Sidon's monarch liv'd unknown,
And figh'd to leave his little field,
For the long glories of a throne-
There once more happy and more free,
'Than rank'd with Dido's anceftry.
With thefe pacific virtues bleft,
Thefe charms of philofophic eafe,
Wrapt in your Richmond's tranquil reft,
You pafs, dear C—, your ufeful days.

Where Thames your filent vallies laves
Proud of his yet untainted waves.
Should life's more public feenes engage
Your time that thus confiftent fows, And following fill thefe maxims fage

For ever brings the fame repofe;
Your worth may greater fame procure,
But hope not happinefs fo pure.

## TRANSLATIONS FROM PETRARCH.

## S O N NE'T CLXXIX.

$$
1765
$$

TH O U G H nobly born, to humble life refign'd; The pureft heart, the moft enlighten'd mind; A vernal flower that bears the fruits of age! A chearful fpirit, with an afpect fage,The power that rules the planetary train To her has given, nor fhall his gifts be vain. But on her worth, her various praife to dwell, The truth, the merits of her life to tell, The mufe herfelf would own the taik too hard, Too great the labour for the happieft bard. Drefs that derives from native beauty grace, And love that holds with honefty his place; Action that fpeaks-and eyes whofe piercing ray Might kindle darknefs, or obfcure the day! * * * * * * * * * *

## [ 226 ]

## S O N N E T CCLXXIX.

$$
1765
$$

FALL'N the fair column, blafted is the bay, That fhaded once my folitary fhore!
I've loft what hope can never give me more, Though fought from Indus to the clofing day. My twofold treafure death has fnatch'd away,

My pride, my pleafure left me to deplore; What fields far-cultur'd, nor imperial fway,

Nor orient gold, nor jewels can reftore.
O deftiny fevere of human kind!
What portion have we unbedew'd with tears?
The downcaft vifage, and the penfive mind
Through the thin veil of fmiling life appears ;
And in one moment vanifh into wind
The hard-earn'd fruits of long, laborious years.

## [ 227 ]

## S O N N E T CCLVII.

$$
1765 .
$$

WHERE is that face, whofe flighteft air could move
My trembling heart, and frike the fprings of love?
That Heaven, where two fair ftars, with genial ray,
Shed their kind influence on my life's dim way ?
Where are that fcience, fenfe and worth confeft, That fpeech by virtue, by the graces dreft ?
Where are thofe beauties, where thofe charms combin'd,
That caus'd this long captivity of mind ?
Where the dear fhade of all that once was fair,
The fource, the folace of each amorous care;
My heart's fole fovereign, nature's only boaft ?
_L Lof to the world, to me for ever loft!

## S O N N E T CCXXXVIII.

$$
1761 .
$$

WAIL'D the fweet warbler to the lonely fhade; Trembled the green leaf to the fummer gale; Fell the fair ftream in murmurs down the dale, It's banks, it's fowery banks with verdure fpread, Where, by the charm of penfive Fancy led, All as I fram'd the love-lamenting tale, Came the dear object whon iftill bewail, Came from the regions of the chearlefs dead; And why, fhe cried, untimely wilt thou die ?

A why, for pity, fhall thofe mournful tears, Start in wild forrow from that languid eye?

Cherifh no more thofe vifionary fears, For me, who range yon light-invefted fky!

For me, who triumph in eternal years !

## [ 229 ]

## TRANSLATION FROM CATULLUS.

1. ES B I A, live to love and pleafure,

When each moment is a treafure, Why fhould lovers lofe a day?

Setting funs fhall rife in glory,
But when little life is o'er,
'There's an end of all the fory :
We fhall fleep; and wake no more,

Give me then a thoufand kiffes, Twice ten thoufand more beftow, Till the fum of boundlefs bliffes

Neither we, nor envy know,

## [ 230 ]

## M O N O D Y。

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SUNG BY A REDBREAST.
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TH E gentle pair that in thefe lonely fhades, Wandering, at eve or morn, I oft have feen,
Now all in vain I feek at eve or morn, With drooping wing, forlorn,
Along the grove, along the daizied green. For them I've warbled many a fummer's day, 'Till the light dews impearled all the plain, And the glad fhepherd fhut his nightly fold; Stories of love, and high adventures old Were the dear fubjects of my tuneful ftrain.

Ah! where is now the hope of all my lay?
Now they, perchance, that heard them all are dead!
With them the meed of melody is fled,
And fled with them the liftening ear of praife. Vainly I dreamt, that when the wintry fky
Scatterd the white flood on the watted plain, When not one berry, not one leaf was nigh, To foothe keen hunger's pain,
Vainly I dreamt my fongs might not be vain. That oft within the hofpitable hall
Some fcatter'd fragment haply I might find, Some friendly crumb perchance for me defign'd,

## M O N O D Y.

When feen defpairing on the neighbouring wall, Deluded bird! thofe hopes are now no more! Dull time has blafted the departing year, And winter frowns fevere, Wrapping his wan limbs in his mantle hoar. Yet not within the hofpitable hall The chearful found of human voice I hear; No piteous eye is near, To fee me drooping on the lonely wall.

## TO A RED BREAST。

LITTLE bird, with bofom red, Welcome to my humble fhed!
Courtly domes of high degree Have no room for thee and me. Pride and pleafure's fickle throng Nothing mind an idle fong.

Daily near my table fteal, While I pick my fcanty meal.
Doubt not, little though there be,
But I'll caft a crumb to thee;
Well rewarded, if I fpy
Pleafure in thy glancing eye;
See thee, when thou'ft eat thy fill,
Plume thy breaft, and wipe thy bill.
Come, my feather'd friend, again
Well thou know'ft the broken pane.
Afk of me thy daily fore :
Go not near Avaro's door :
Once within his iron-hall,
Woeful end thall thee befall.
Savage! _He would foon diveft
Of its rofy plumes thy breaft;
Then, with folitary joy,
Eat thee, bones and all, my boy!

## [ 233 ]

## A N O D E

TO THE GENIUS OF WESTMORLAND。
H IL hidden Power of thefe wild groves, Thefe uncouth rocks, and mountains grey!
Where oft, as fades the clofing day,
The family of Fancy roves.
In what lone cave, what facred cell,
Coæval with the birth of time,
Wrapt in high cares, and thought fublime,
In awful filence doft thou dwell?
Oft in the depth of winter's reign,
As blew the bleak winds o'er the dale ;
Moaning along the diftant gale,
Has fancy heard thy voice complain.
Oft in the dark wood's lonely way,
Swift has fhe feen thee glancing by;
Or down the fummer evening fky,
Sporting in clouds of gilded day.
If caught from thee the facred fire,
That glow'd within my youthful breaft;
Thofe thoughts too high to be expreit,
Genius, if thou did'ft once infpire;
O pleas'd accept this votive lay,
That in my native fhades retir'd,
And once, once more by thee infpir'd,
In gratitude I pay.

## [ 234 ]

## H Y M N TOP PLUTUS.

GREAT God of wealth, before whofe facred throne
Truth, honour, genius, fame and worth lie prone! To thy throng'd temples take one votary more: To thee a Poet never kneel'd before.

Adieu the gods that caught my early prayer! Wifdom that frown'd, and knowledge fraught with care!
Friendfhip that every reering gale could move! And tantalizing hope, and faithlefs love! Thefe, thefe are flaves that in thy livery fhine! For wifdom, friendfhip, love himflf is thine!

For thee I'll labour down the mine's dark way', And leare the confines of enlivening day; For thee Afluria's fhining fands explore, And bear the fplendors of Potofi's ore; Scale the high rock, and tempt the raging fea, And think, and toil, and wifh, and wake for thee.

Farewell the fcenes that thoughtlefs youth could pleafe;
The flowery fcenes of indolence and eafe.: Where you the way with magic power beguile, Baffora's deeps, or Lybia's defarts finile,

Foes

Foes of thy worth, that, infolent and vain,
Deride thy maxims, and reject thy reign, The frantic tribe of virtue fhall depart, And make no more their ravage in my heart. Away " The tears that pity taught to flow!" Away that anguifh for a brother's woe! Adieu to thefe, and every tirefome gueft, 'That drain'd my fortunes or deftroy'd my reft !

Ah, good Avaro! could I thee defpife?
Thee, good Avaro; provident and wife? Plutus, forgive the bitter things I've faid! I love Avaro; poor Avaro's dead.

Yet, yet I'm thine; for fame's unerring tongue In thy footh'd ear thus pours her filver fong. " Immortal Plutus! God of golden eafe! "Form'd cvery heart, and every eye to pleafe! " For thee content her downy carpet fpreads, "And rofy pleafure fwells her genial beds. " 'Tis thine to gild the manfions of defpair; "And beam a glory round the brows of care. "' To cheat the lazy pace of fleeplefs hours, "With marble fountains, and ambrofial bowers."

O grant me, Plutus, fcenes like thofe I fung, My youthful lyre when vernal fancy ftrung. For me their fhades let other Studleys rear, 'Though each tree's water'd with a widow's tear!
$23^{6}$ LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
Detefted God!-forgive me! I adore. Great Plutus, grant me one petition more. Sbould Delia, tender, generous, fair and free, Leave love and truth, and facrifice to thee, I charge thee, Plutus, be to Delia kind, And make her fortuncs richer than her mind. Be hers the wealth all heaven's broad eye can view; Grant her, good God, Don Philip and Peru.

## [237]

## HYMN TO HUMANITY.

## I.

PAR EN T of virtue, if thine ear Attend not now to Sorrow's cry;
If now the pity-ftreaming tear Should haply on thy cheek be dry;
Indulge my votive ftrain, O fweet Humanity.
II.

Come, ever welcome to my breaft
A tender, but a chearful gueft.
Nor always in the gloomy cell
Of life-confuming forrow dwell;
For forrow, long-indulg'd and flow, Is to Humanity a foe ;
And grief, that makes the heart its prey,
Wears fenfibility away.
Then comes, fweet nymph, inftead of thee,
The gloomy fiend, Stupidity.
III.

O may that fiend be banifned far,
Though paffions hold eternal war!
Nor ever let me ceafe to know
The pulfe that throbs at joy or woe.
Nor let my vacant cheek be dry,
When forrow fills a brother's eye;
Nor may the tear that frequent flows
From private or from focial woes,

238 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
E'er make this pleafing fenfe depart.
Ye Cares, O harden not my heart!

## IV.

If the fair ftar of fortune fmile, Let not its flattering power beguile. Nor, borne along the fav'ring tide, My full fails fwell with bloating pride. Let me from wealth but hope content, Remembering ftill it was but lent; To modeft merit fpread my fore, Unbar my hofpitable door; Nor feed, for pomp, an idle train, While want unpitied pines in vain.

$$
\mathrm{V} .
$$

If heaven, in every purpofe wife, The envied lot of wealth denies; If doom'd to drag life's painful load Through poverty's uneven road, And, for the due bread of the day,
Deftin'd to toil as well as pray;
To thee, Humatity, ftill true, I'll wifh the good I cannot do ; And give the wretch, that paffes by, A foothing word-a tear-a figh.

## VI.

Howe'er exalted, or depreft, Be ever mine the feeling breaft,

From me remove the flagnant mind Of languid indolence, reclin'd; The foul that one long fabbath keeps, And through the fun's whole circle fleeps;
Dull Peace, that dwells in Folly's eje,
And felf-attending Vanity.
Alike, the foolifh, and the vain
Are ftrangers to the fenfe humane.

## VII.

O for that fympathetic glow
Which taught the holy tear to flow,
When the prophetic eye furvey'd
Sion in future afhes laid
Or, rais' $d$ to heaven, implor'd the bread
That thoufands in the defart fed!
Or, when the heart oer friendfhip's grave
Sigh'd ;-and forgot its power to fave-
O for that fympathetic glow
Which taught the holy tear to flow!

## VIII.

It comes: It fills my labouring breaft
I feel my beating heart oppreft.
Oh! hear that lonely widow's wail!
See her dim eye! her afpect pale!
To heaven fhe turns in deep defpair,
Her infants wonder at her prayer, And, mingling tears they know not why,
Lift up their little hands, and cry.
O God! their moving forrows fee!
Support them, fweet Humanity!

Life, filld with grief's diftreffful train, For ever afks the tear humane. Behold in yon unconfcious grove The victims of ill-fated love!
Heard you that agonizing throe?
Sure this is not romantic woe! The golden day of joy is o'er ; And now they part--to meet no more. Affift them, hearts from anguifh free! Affift them, fweet Humanity!

## X.

Parent of virtue, if thine ear
Attend not now to Sorrow's cry;
If now the pity-freaming tear
Should haply on thy cheek be dry,
Indulge my votive ftrain, O fweet Humanity?

## [ 241 ]

## EPISTLE TO MR.

FR O M fcenes where fancy no excurfion tries, Nor trufts her wing to fmoke-invelop'd fkies;
Far from the town's detefted haunts remov'd, And nought but thee deferted that I lov'd ; From noife and folly and the world got free, One truant thought yet only ftays for thee.

What is that world which makes the heart its flave?
A reftefs fea revolving wave on wave:
There rage the ftorms of each uncertain clime :
There foat the wrecks of fortune and of time:
There hope's fmooth gales in foft fucceffion blow, While difappointment hides the rock below. The fyren pleafures tune their fatal breath, And lull you to the long repofe of death.

What is that world ? at - tis no more
Than the vext ocean while we walk the fhore.
Loud roar the winds and fwell the wild waves high.
Lafh the rude beach, and frighten all the fky ;
No longer fhall my little bark be rent, Since Hope refign'd her anchor to Content.

Like fome poor fifher that, efcap'd with life, Will truit no more to elemental ftrife; But fits in fafety on the green-bank fide, And lives upon the leavings of the tide; Like him contented you your friend fhall fee, As fafe, as happy, and as poor as he.

Vob, LXXI.
R

## [ 242 ]

## TO A LAD Y,

ON READINGAN ELEGY WRITTENBYHER,

## ON THE, EARCH OF HAPPINESS.

TO feek the lovely nymph you fing I've wander'd many a weary mile, From grove to grove, from furing to fpring; If here or there fhe deign'd to fmile.

Nay, what I now muft blufh to fay, For fure it hap'd in evil hour;
I once fo far miltook my way, To feek her in the haunts of Power.

How fhould fuccefs my fearch betide, When ftill fo far I wander d wrong?
For Happinefs on Arrowe's fide, Was liftening to Marias fong.

Delighted thus with you to ftay, What hope have I the nymph to fee;
Uniefs you ceafe your magic lay,
Or bring her in your arms to me?

$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
243
\end{array}\right]
$$

A M O N O D $\quad \mathrm{O}$,

## INSCRIBED TO MY WORTHY FRIEND J. S.

> BEING WRITTENIN HIS GARDEN AT AMWELL, IN HERTFORDSHIRE, THE BEGINNING OF THE yeari669.

## I.

F R I END of my Genius! on whofe natal hour, Shone the fame Star, but fhone with brighter ray;
Oft as amidft thy Amzell's fhades I fray, And mark thy true tafte in each winding bower, From my full eye why falls the tender fhower?

While other thoughts than thefe fair Scenes conver, Bear on my trembling mind, and melt its powers away.

## II.

Ah me! my friend! in happier hours I fpread
Like thee, the wild walk o'er the varied plains
The faireft tribes of Flora's painted train, Each bolder fhrub that grae'd her genial bed, When old Sylvanus, by young wifhes led, Stule to her Arms, of fuch fair offspring vain, That bore their mother's beauties on their head.

## III.

Like thee, infpired by Love-'twas Delia's charms.
'Twas Delia's tafte the new Creation gave:
For her my Groves in plaintive fighs would wave, And call her abfent to their mafter's arms.

## IV.

She comes-Ye flowers your faireft blooms unfold!
Ye waving Groves, your plaintive fighs forbear !
Breathe all your fragrance to the amorous air, Ye fmiling fhrubs whofe heads are cloath'd with gold!

## V.

She comes, by truth, by fair affection led,
The long-lov'd miftrefs of my faithful heart?:
The miftrefs of my foul, no more to part, And all my hopes, and all my vows are feed. Vain, vain delufions! dreams for ever fled!

Ere twice the Spring had waked the genial hour ${ }_{2}$.
The lovely parent bore one beauteous flower, And droop'd her gentle head, And funk, for ever funk, into her filent Bed.

## VI.

Friend of my genius! partner of my fate!
To equal fenfe of painful fuffering born!
From whofe fond breaft a lovely parent torn. Bedew'd thy pale cheek with a tear fo late ;Oh! let us mindful of the fhort, fhort date,
'That bears the fpoil of human hopes away,
Indulge fweet memory of each happier day !
No! clofe, for ever clofe the iron-gate
Of cold oblivion on that dreary cell, Where the pale fhades of paft enjoyments dwell,
And, pointing to their bleeding bofoms fay,
On life's difaftrous hour what varied woes await!

## VII.

Let fcenes of fofter, gentler kind, Awake to fancy's foothing call, And milder on the penfive mind, The fhadowed thought of grief fhall fall.
Oft as the flowly-clofing day
Draws her pale mantle from the dew-ftar's eve,
What time, the fhepherd's cry
Leads from the paftured hills his flocks away,
Attentive to the tender lay
'That fteals from Pbilonela's breaf,
Let us in mufing filence ftray,
Where Lee beholds in mazes flow
His uncomplaining waters flow,
And all his whifpering fhores invise the charm of seft.

## [ 246 ]

## IMITATIONS OF WALLER.

WALLER TO ST. EVREMOND.

OVales of Perfourg now fo long unfeen! Forgot each fecure fhade, each winding green ; Thofe lonely paths what art have I to tread, Where once young Love, the blind enthufiaf, led? Yet if the Genius of your confcious groves His Sidney in my Sacharifa loves; Let him with pride her cruel power unfold; By him my pains let Evremond be toid.

TNSCRIPTIONS ON A BEECH TREE IN THE ISLAND OF SICILY.

SWEET Land of Mufes! o'er whofe favoured plains
Ceres and Flora held alternate fway ;
By 'Jave refrefh'd wilh life-diffufing rains,
By Phobbus bleft with every kinder ray!
$O$ with what Pride do I thofe times furver;
When Freedom, by her ruftic minftrels led,
Danced on the green lawn many a Summer's Day,
While paftoral eafe reclin'd her carelefs head.

In thefe foft fhades; ere yet that Shepherd fled, Whofe mufic pierc'd Earth, Air, and Heaven and Hell,
And called the ruthlefs tyrant of the dead From the dark flumbers of his iron cell.

His ear unfolding caught the magic fpell :
He felt the founds glide foftly through his heart;
The founds that deign'd of love's fweet power to tell ;
And as they told, would point his golden dart.
Fix'd was the God; nor power had he to part,
For the fair daughter of the heaf-crown'd queen,
Fair without pride, and lovely without art,
Gather'd her wild flowers on the daified green.
He faw; he figh'd; and that unmelting breaft,
Which arms the hand of death, the power of Love confefs'd.

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0N HER RETIRING INTOA CONVENT.
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YE holy cares that haunt thefe lonely cells, Thefe fcenes where falutary fadnefs dwells; Ye fighs that minute the flow wafting day, Ye pale regrets that wear my life away; O bid thefe paffions for the world depart, Thefe wild defires, and vanities of heart, Hide every trace of vice, of follies paft, And yield to Heaven the vietory at laft.

To that the poor remains of life are due, 'Tis Heaven that calls, and I the call purfue. Lord of my life, my future cares are thine, My love, my duty greet thy holy fhrine : No more my heart to vainer hopes I give, But live for thee, whofe bounty bids me live.

The power that gave thefe little charms their grace, His favours bounded, and confined their fpace. Spite of thofe charms fhall time, with rude effay, Tear from the cheek the tranfient rofe away. But the free mind, ten-thoufand ages palt, Its Miser's form, thall with its Maker laft.

Uncertain objects ftill our hopes employ;
Uncertain all that bears the name of Joy!

Of all that feels the injuries of fate
Uncertain is the fearch, and fhort the date. Yet ev'r that boon what thoufands wifh to gain? That boon of death, the fad refource of pain!

Once on my path all Fortune's glory fell, Her vain magnificence, and courtly fwell : Love touch'd my foul at leaft with foft defires, And vanity there fed her meteor fires. 'This truth at laft the mighty fcenes let fall, An hour of innocence was worth them all.

Lord of my life! O, let thy facred ray Shine oer my heart, and break its clouds away! Deluding, flattering, faithlefs world adieu! Long haft thou taught me, God is only true! That God alone I truft, alone adore,
No more deluded, and mifled no more.
Come, facred hour, when wavering doubts fhal ceafe!
Come holy fcenes of long repofe and peace!
Yet fhall my heart, to other interefts true,
A moment balance 'twixt the world and you?
Of penfive nights, of long-reflecting days,
Be yours, at laft, the triumph and the praife!
Great, gracicus mafter, whofe unbounded fway, Felt through ten-thoufand worlds, thofe worlds obey; Wilt thou for once thy awefu! glories flade, And deign t' efpoufe the creature thou kaft made?

All other ties indignant I difclaim, Difhonour'd thofe, and infamous to name!

O fatal ties, for which fuch tears I've fhed, For which the pleafures of the world lay dead! 'That world's foft pleafures you alone difarm; 'That world without you, ftill might have its charm. But now thofe fcenes of tempting hope I clofe, And feek the peaceful ftudies of repofe; Look on the paft as time that fole away, And beg the bleffings of a happier day.

Ye gay faloons, ye golden-veited halls, Scenes of high treats and heart-bewitching balls! Drefs, figure, fplendor, charms of play, farewell, And all the toilet's fcience to excel;
Even love that ambuhed in this beauteous hair,
No more fhall lie, like Indian archers, there. Go, erring love! for nobler objects given! Go, beauteous hair, a facrifice to Heaven!

Soon fhall the veil thefe glowing features hide, At once the period of their power and pride! The haplefs lover fhall no more complain Of nows unheard, or unrewarded pain: While calmly fleep in each untortur'd breait My fecret forrow, and his fighs profeft.

Go, flattering train! and, flaves to me no more With the fame fighs fome happier fair adore!

Your alter'd faith, I blame not, nor bewailAnd haply yet, (what woman is not frail?) Yet, haply, might I calmer minutes prove, If he that lov'd me knew no other love!

Yet were that ardour, which his breaft infpir'd, By charms of more than mortal beauty fir'd; What nobler pride! could I to Heaven refign The zeal, the fervice that I boafted mine! O, change your falfe defires, ye flattering train! And love me pious, whom ye lov'd profane!

Thefe long adieus with lovers doom'd to go, Or prove their merit, or my weaknefs fhew, But Heaven, to fuch foft frailties lefs fevere, May fpare the tribute of a female tear, May yield one tender moment to deplore Thofe gentle hearts that I muft hold no more,

## [ 252 ]

THE V I C E R O Y:

ADDRESSED TO THE

## TARLOF HALIFAX*.

FIRST PUBLISHED IN $\quad 762$ 。

TW A S on Time's birth-day, when the voice divine
Wak'd feeping Nature, while her infant eye, Yet trembling, ftruggl'd with created light; The heaven-born Mufe, fprung from the fource fublime Of

* The following Refolution of the Irifh Houfe of Commons reSpecting the Revenue of the Lord Lieutenant, and his Excelleacy's Speech in confequence thereof, will both illuftrate this Poem and thew the Occafion of it.
Lopy of a Resolution of theirish Pariamint, reSpeEzing the Revenue of the Lord Lieutenant. Veneris, 26, Feb. 1762.
- Refolved, nemine contradicente, That an addrefs be prefented zo his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant, that he will reprefent to his Majeity the fenfe of this Houfe, that the entertainments and appointments of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland are become inadequate to the dignity of that high office, and to the expence with which it is, and ought to be fupported; and that it is the humble defire of this Houfe, that his Majetty will be gracioully pleafed to grant fuch an augmentation to the entertainment of the Lord Lieutenant for the time being, as, with the prefent allowances, will in the whole amount to the annual fum of Sixteen Thoufand Dounds, And to exprefs

Of Harmony immortal, firf receiv'd Her facred mandate. "Go, feraphic maid, " Companion ftill to Nature! from her works " Derive thy lay melodious, great, like thofe, " And
exprefs that fatisfaction which we feel at the pleafing hope, that this jutt and neceffary augmentation fhould take place during the adminiftration of a Chief Governor, whofe many great and amiable qualities, whofe wife and happy adminiftration in the government of this kingdom, have univerfally endeared him to the people of Ireland."
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { E. STERLING. } \\ \text { H. ALCOCK. }\end{array}\right\}$ Cler. Dom. Com,
Copy of the Answer of the Lord Lievtenant to the Addoress of the Houseof Commons, Feb. 27, 1762.
"I hall take the firt opportunity of laying before his Majefty the fenfe of the Houfe of Commons contained in this Addrefs. I enter fully into the truly liberal motives which have influenced your conduct in this unanimous refolution. That you are folicitou, not only to fupport his Majefty's goverument, but to fupport it with becoming grandeur and magnificence, reflects the higheft honour on yourfelves; that you have chofen the time of my adminiftration; that you have diftinguifhed my perfon as the object of your favour, reflects the higheft credit on me; and I muft ever confider this event as one of the moft fortunate and honourable circumftances of my life. What . ever merit you alcribe to me in the government of this kingdom, in reality arifes from your own conduct, though your partiality would transfer it to mine. Your unanimity has firt created this merit, and your liberality would now reward it.
" I am fenfible of the obligation you confer; and I can in no way properly demonftrate my fenfe of it, but by being, as I am, unal. terably determined to implore his Majefty, that I may be permitted to enjoy it pure and unmixed with the lucrative advantages, which you propofe fhould attend it, This affectionate addrefs is intended.
" And elegantly fimple. In thy train,
" Glory, and fair renown, and deathlefs fame
" Attendant erer, each immortal name,

* By thee deem'd facred, to yon farry vault
os Shall bear, and ftamp in characters of gold.
* Be thine the care, alone where truth directs
"' The firm heart, where the love of human kind
" Inflames the patriot fpirit, there to foothe
as an honour to me; that intention has, on your part, been fully anfwered: to make it truly honourable, fomething is ftill neceffary on mine: It becomes me to vie with the generofity of parliament, and to keep up an emulation of fentiment. It has been my duty, in the courfe of this feffion, to propofe large plans of public expence, and to promife an attention to public cconomy; and I could not without pain fubmit, that the eftablifhment, already burthened at my recommendation, fhould be ftill further charged for my own particular profit.
" But while I confider myfelf at liberty to facrifice my private interefts to my private feelings, I muft confider myfelf as bound likewife to confult, in compliance with your enlarged and liberal fentiments, the future fupport of the ftation in which I am placed, to the dignity of which the emoluments are, as you reprefent them, inadequate. I fhall tranfmit therefore the fenfe of the Houfe of Commons, that the augmentation which your generofity has propofed, may, if his Majefty fhall think fit, be made the eftablifhment of my fucceffor, when he fhall enter on the government of this kingdom; and when it is probable the circumftances of this country may be better able to fupport fuch additional burthen. But while I muit decline accepting any part of the profits, I rejoice to charge myfelf with the whole of the obligation: Abundantly happy, if when I thall hereafter be removed from this high, and, through your favour, defirable fituation, I fhould leave it, through your liberality, augmented in its emoluments, and by my inability not diminifhed in its reputation.".
" The
${ }^{56}$ The toils of virtue with melodious praife:
" For thofe, that fmiling feraph bids thee wake
"His golden lyre ; for thofe, the young-ey'd Sun
" Gilds this fair-formed world ; and genial fpring
" Throws many a green wreath, liberal from his " bofom."
So fpake the voice divine, whofe laft fweet found Gave birth to Echo, tuneful nymph, that loves The Mufe's haunt, dim grove, or lonely dale, Or high wood old; and, liftening while fhe fings, Dwells in long rapture on each falling ftrain.

O Halifax, an humble Mufe, that dwells In fcenes like thefe, a ftranger to the world, To thee a ftranger, late has learnt thy fame, Even in this vale of filence; from the voice Of Echo learnt it, and, like her, delights, With thy lov'd name, to make thefe wild woods vocal.

Spirits of ancient time, to high renown By martial glory rais'd, and deeds augurt, Atchiev'd for Britain's freedom! Patrict hearts, That, fearlefs of a tyrant's threatening arm, Embrac'd your bleeding country! o'er the page, Where Hiftory triumphs in your holy names, O'er the dim monuments that mark your graves, Why ftreams my eye with pleafure? 'Tis the joy The foft delight that through the full breaft flows, From fweet remembrance of departed virtue!

O Britain,

O Britain, parent of illuftrious names, While o'er thy annals memory fhoots her eye How the heart glows, rapt with high-wondering love, And æmulous efteem! Hail, Sydney, hail! Whether Arcadian blythe, by fountain clear, Piping thy love-lays wild, or Spartan bold, In freedom's van diftinguih'd, Sydney, hail! Oft o'er thy laurell'd tomb from hands unfeen Fall flowers; oft in the vales of Penfhurf fair Menalca, ftepping from his evening fold, Lifteneth frange mufic, from the tiny breath Of fairy minftrels warbled, which of old, Dancing to thy fweet lays, they learned well.

On Raleigh's grave, O ftrew the fweeteft flowers, That on the bofom of the green vale blow! There hang your vernal wreaths, ye village-maids ! Ye mountain nymphs, your crowns of wild thyme bring
'To Raleigh's honour'd grave! There bloom the bay, The virgin rofe, that, blufhing to be feen, Folds its fair leaves; for modeft worth was his; A mind where truth, philofophy's firft born, Held her harmonious reign: a Briton's breaft, That, careful ftill of freedom's holy pledge, Diftain'd the mean arts of a tyrant's court, Difdain'd and died! Where was thy firit then, Queen of fea-crowning ifles, when Raleigh bled? How well he ferv'd thee, let Iberia tell! Afk proftrate Cales, yet trembling at his name,

How well he ferv'd thee; when her vanquifh'd hand Held forth the bafe bribe, how he fpurn'd it from him, And cried, Ifight for Britain! Hiftory rife, And blaft the reigns that redden with the blood Of thofe that gave them glory! Happier days, Gilt with a Brunswick's parent fmile, await The honourd Viceroy. More aufpicious hours Shall Halifax behold, nor grieve to find. A favour'd land ungrateful to his care.

O for the Mufe of Milton, to record The honours of that day, when full conven'd Hibernia's fenate with one voice proclaim'd A nation's high applaufe; when, long oppreft With wealth-confuming war, their eager love Advanc'd the princely dignity's fupport, While Halifax prefided! O, belov'd By every mufe, grace of the polifh'd court, The peafant's guardian, then what pleafure felt 'Thy liberal bofom! not the low delight
Of fortune's added gifts, greatly declin'd ;
No; 'twas the fupreme blifs that fills the breaft Of confcious virtue, happy to behold Her cares fuccefsful in a nation's joy.

But O, ye fifters of the facred fpring,
To fiveeteft accents tune the polifh'd lay,
The mufic of perfuafion! You alone
Can paint that eafy eloquence that flow'd
In Attic freams, from Halifax that flow'd,
Vol. LXXI.
When

When all Iërne liften'd. Albion heard, And felt a parent's joy: no more, fhe cried, No more fhall Greece the man of Athens boaft, Whofe magic periods fmooth'd the liftening wave Of rapt Ilyffus. Rome fhall claim no more The flowery path of eloquence alone To grace her conful's brow; for never fpoke Himeria's Viceroy words of fairer phrafe, Forgetful of Alpheus' haftening ftream, When Arethufa fop'd her golden tide, And call'd her nymphs, and call'd her fhepherd fwains To leave their fwcet pipes filent. Silent lay Your pipes, Hibernian fhepherds. Liffey finild, And on his foft hand lean'd his dimply cheek, Attentive: " Once fo Wharton fpoke," he cried, " Unhappy Wharton! whofe young eloquence " Yet vibrates on mine ear." Whatever powers,
Whatever genii old, of vale or grove The high inhabitants, all throng'd to hear. Sylvanus came, and from his temples grey His oaken chaplet flung, left haply leaf Or interpofing bough fhould meet the found, And bar its foft approaches to his ear. Pan ceas'd to pipe - a moment ceas ${ }^{\text {d }}$-for then Sufpicion grew, that Phoebus in difguife His ancient reign invaded: down he calt, In petulance, his reed; but feiz'd it foon And filld the woods with clangor. Meafures wild The wanton Satyrs danc'd, then liftening ftood,

And gaz'd with uncouth joy.
But hark! wild riots fhake the peaceful plains The gathering tumult roars, and faction opes Her blood-requefting eye. The friglted fwain Mourns o'er his wafted labours, and implores His country's guardian. Previous to his wifh That guardian's care he found. The tumult ceas'd, And faction clos'd her blood-requefting eye.

Be thefe thy honours, Halifax! and thefe The liberal mufe, that never ftain'd her page With flattery, hall record : from each low view, Each mean connection free, her praife is fame. $O$, could her hand in future times obtain One humble garland from th' Aonian tree, With joy fhe'd bind it on thy farourd head, And greet thy judging ear with fweeter ftrains!

Mean while purfue, in public virtue's path, The palm of glory : only there will bloom Pierian laurels. Should'ft thou deviate thence, Perifh the bloffoms of fair-folding fame! Ev'n this poor wreath, that now affects thy brow, Would lofe its little bloom, the mufe repine, And blufh that Halifax had fole her praife.

## PRECEPTS OF CONJUGAL HAPPINESS.

ADDRESSED TO

A LADY ON HER MARRIAGE.

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FIRST PUBIISHED IN IT67.
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FRIEND, fifter, partner of that gentle heart, Where my foul lives, and holds her deareft part; While love's foft raptures thefe gay hours employ, And time puts on the yellow robe of joy, Will you, Maria, mark with patient ear, The moral mufe, nor deem her fong fevere ?

Through the long courfe of life's unclouded day, Where fweet contentment fmiles on rirtue's way; Where Fancy opes her ever-varying views, And Hope ftrews flowers, and leads you as fhe ftrews; May each fair pleafure court thy favourd breaft, By Truth protected, and by lore carefs d !

So friendfhip vows, nor fhall her vows be vain ; For every pleafure comes in virtue's train; Each charm that tender fympathies impart, The glow of foul, the tranfports of the heart, Sweet meanings that in filent truth convey Mind into mind, and feal the foul away,

Thefe gifts, $O$ virtue, thefe are all thy own ; Loft to the vicious, to the vain unknown!

Yet bleft with thefe, and happier charms than thefe, By nature form d, by genius taught to pleafe, Evin you, to prove that mortal gifts are vain, Muft yield your human facrifice to pain; The wizard care fhall dim thofe brilliant eyes, Smite the fair urns, and bid the waters rife.

With mind unbroke that darker hour to bear, Nor, once his captive, drag the chains of care, Hope's radiant funfhine o'er the fcene to pour, Nor future joys in prefent ills devour, Thefe arts your philofophic friend may fhew, Too well experienc'd in the fchool of woe.

When finks the heart, by tranfient grief oppreft, Seek not reflection, for it wounds the breaft, While memory turns, to happier objects blind, Though once the friend, the traitor of the mind, Paft fcenes of pain is ftudious to explore, Forgets its joys, and thinks its fuff'rings o'er.

To life's horizon forward turn your eye, Pafs the dim cloud, and view the bright'ning fky ; On hope's kind wing more genial climes furvey, Let fancy join, but reafon guide your way, For fancy, ftill to tender woes inclin'd, May foothe the heart, but mifdirects the mind.

The fource of half our anguifh, half our tears, Is the wrong conduct of our hopes and fears; Like ill-traia'dchildren, ftill their treatment fuch, Refraind too rafhly, or indulg d too much. Hence hope, projecting more than life can give, Would live with angels, or refufe to live; Hence fpleen-ey'd fear, o'er-acting caution's part, Eetrays thofe fuccours reafon lends the heart.

Yet thefe, fubmitted to fair truth's controul, Thefe tyrants are the fervants of the foul: Through vales of peace the dove-like hope fhall ftray, And bear at Eve her olive branch away, In ev'ry fcene fome diftant charm defcry, And hold it forward to the bright ning eye; While watchful fear, if fortitude maintain Her trembling fteps, fhall ward the diftant pain.

Should erıing nature cafual faults difclofe, Wound not the breaft that harbours your repofe: For ev'ry grief that breaft from you fhall prove, Is one link broken in the chain of love. Soon, with their objects, other woes are paft, But pains from thofe we love are pains that laft. Though faults or follies from reproach may fly, Yet in its fhade the tender pafiions die.

Love, like the flower that courts the fun's kind ray, Will flourih only in the finiles of day;

Diftruft's cold air the generous plant annoys, And one chill blight of dire contempt deftroys
O fhun, my friend, avoid that dangerous coaft, Where peace expires, and fair affection's loff; By wit, by grief, by anger urg'd, forbear The fpeech contemptuous, and the fcornful air.

If heart-felt quiet, thoughts unmix'd with pain, While peace weaves flow'rs o'er Hymen's golden chain. If tranquil days, if hours of fmiling eafe, The fenfe of pleafure, and the power to pleafe, If charms like thefe deferve your ferious care, Of one dark foe, one dangerous foe beware! Like Hecla's mountain, while his heart's in flame, His afpect's coll, and Jealoufy's his name. His hideous birth his wild diforders prove, Begot by Hatred on defpairing Love! Her throes in rage the frantic mother bore. And the fell fire with angry curfes tore His fable hair-Diftruft beholding fmil'd $d_{0}$ And lov'd her image in her future child. With cruel care, induftrious to impart Each painful fenfe, each foul-tormenting art, To doubt's dim fhrine her haplefs charge fhe led, Where never fleep reliev'd the burning head, Where never grateful fancy footh'd fufpence, Or the dear charms of eafy confidence. Hence fears eternal, ever-reltlefs care, And all the dire affociates of defpair.

Hence all the woes he found that peace deftroy, And dafh with pain the fparkling fream of joy.

When love's warm breaft, from rapture's trembling height,
Falls to the temp'rate meafures of delight ; When calm delight to eafy friendfhip turns, Grieve not that Hymen's torch more gently burns. Unerring nature, in each purpofe kind, Forbids long tranfports to ufurp the mind; For, oft diffolv'd in joy's opprefive ray, Soon would the finer faculties decay.

True tender love one even tenor keeps; 'Tis reafon's flame, and burns when paffion fleeps.

The charm connubial, like a fream that glides 'Through life's fair vale, with no unequal tides, With many a plart along its genial fide, With many a flower, that blows in beauteous pride, With many a fhade, where peace in rapturous reft Holds fweet affiance to her fearlefs breaft, Pure in its fource, and temp'rate in its way, Still flows the fame, nor finds its urn decay.

O blifs beyond what lonely life can know, The foul-felt fympathy of joy and woe! That magic charm which makes ev'n forrow dear, And turns to pleafure the partaken tear!

Long, beauteous friend, to you may Heav'n impart The foft endearments of the focial heart! Long to your lot may ev'ry bleffing flow, That fenfe, or talte, or virtue can beftow! And O, forgive the zeal your peace infpires, To teach that prodence which itfelf admires.

## [ 266 ] <br> VERSES IN MEMORY OF A LADY*.

 WRITTEN at SANDGATE CASTLE, I768."Nei tantum Ingenio, quantum fervire Dolori."

LE T others boalt the falfe and faithlefs pride, No nuptial charm to know, or known, to hide, With vain difguife from nature's dictates part, For the poor triumph of a vacant heart; My verfe, the God of tender vows infpires, Dwells on my foul, and wakens all her fires.

Dear, filent partner of thofe happier hours, That pafs'd in Hackthorn's vales, in Blagdon's bowers!
If yet thy gentle fpirit wanders here, Borne by its virtues to no nobler fphere; If yet that pity which, of life poffeft, Fill'd thy fair eye, and lighten'd through thy breaft : If yet that tender thought, that generous care, The gloomy power of endlefs night may fpare; Oh! while my foul for thee, for thee complains, Catch her warm fighs, and kifs her bleeding ftrains.

Wild, wretched win! ! can pray'r, with feeble breath, Pierce the pale ear, the flatued ear of death ?

[^15]Let patience pray, let hope afpire to pray'r! And leare me the frong language of defpair!

Hence, ye vain painters of ingenious woe, Ye Lytteltons, ye fhining Petrarchs, go! I hate the languor of your lenient ftrain, Your flow'ry grief, your impotence of pain, Oh! had ye known, what I have known, to prove The fearching flame, the agonies of love! Oh! had ye known how fouls to fouls impart Their fire, or mix'd the life-drops of the heart! Not like the ftreams that down the mountain's fide, Tunefully mourn, and fparkle as they glide; Not like the breeze, that fighs at evening-hour On the foft hofom of fome folding flower; Your ftronger grief, in ftronger accents borne, Had footh'd the breaft with burning anguifh torn.

The voice of feas, the winds that rouze the deep, Far-fcunding floods that tear the mountains fteep;
Each wild and melancholy blaft that raves
Round thefe dim towers, and fmites the beating waves-
'This foothes my foul-'tis nature's mournful breath, 'T is nature ftruggling in the arms of death!-

See, the laft aid of her expiring ftate, See love, ev'n love, has lent his darts to fate *!

[^16]Oh! when beneath his golden fhafts I bled, And vainly bound his trophies on my head; When, crown'd with flowers, he led the rofy day, Liv'd to my eye, and drew my foul awayCould fear, could fancy at that tender hour, See the dim grave demand the nuptial flower?

There, there his wreaths dejected Hymen frew'd; And mourn'd their bloom unfaded as he view'd. There each fair hope, each tendernefs of life, Each namelefs charm of foft obliging frife, Delight, love, fancy, pleafure, genius fled, And the beft paffions of my foul lie dead; All, all is there in cold oblivion laid, But pale remembrance bending o'er a fhade.

O come, ye fofter forrows, to my breaft!
Ye lenient fighs, that flumber into reft
Come, foothing dreams, your friendly pinions wave, We'll bear the frefh rofe to yon honour'd grave; For once this pain, this frantic pain forego, And feel at laft the luxury of woe!

Ye holy fuff'rers, that in filence wait The laft fad refuge of relieving fate! That reft at eve beneath the cyprefs' gloom, And fleep familiar on your future tomb; With you I'll wafte the flow-departing day, And wear, with you, th' uncolour'd hours away.

Oh lead me to your cells, your lonely ailes, Where refignation folds her arms, and fmiles; Where holy faith unwearied vigils keeps,
 There, let me there in fweet oblivion lie, And calmly feel the tutord paffions die.

* See Spectator, N ${ }^{\circ}$ If $_{4}$.


## THE ORIGIN OF THE VEIL.

$W$AR M from this heart while flows the faithful line,
The meanet friend of beauty fhall be mine. What love, or fame, or fortune could beftow, The charm of praife, the eafe of life I owe To beauty prefent, or to bearity fled,
To Hertford living, or Caernarvon dead, 'To Tweedale's tafte, to Edgecumbe's fenfe ferene,
And, envy fpare this boaf, to Britain's queen. Kind to the lay that all unlaboured flow'd, What fancy caught, where nature's pencil glow'd *; She faw the path to new, though humble fame, Gave me her praife, and left me fools to blame.

Strong in their weaknefs are each woman's charms, Dread that endears, and foftnefs that difarms:
The timorous eye retiring from applaufe, And the mild air that fearfully withdraws, Marks of our power thefe humble graces prove, And, dafh'd with pride, we deeper drink of love.

Chief of thofe charms that hold the heart in thrall, At thy fair fhrine, O Modesty, we fall.

[^17]Not Cynthia rifing o'er the watry way, When on the dim wave falls her friendly ray;
Not the pure æther of Eolian fkies,
That drinks the day's firft glories as they rife,
Not all the tints from evening-clouds that break,
Burn in the beauties of the virgin's cheek; When o'er that cheek, undifciplined by art, The fweet fuffufion rufhes from the heart.

Yet the foft blufh, untutored to controul, The glow that fpeaks the fufceptible foul, Led by nice honour and by decent pride, The voice of ancient virtue taught to hide; Taught beauty's bloom the fearching eye to fhun, As early flowers blow fearful of the fun.

Far as the long records of time we trace *, Still flowed the veil o'er modefty's fair face: The guard of beauty, in whofe friendly fhade, Safe from each eye the featured foul is laid, The penfive thought that paler looks betray, The tender grief that fteals in tears away,
> * Plato mentions two provinces in Perfit, one of which was called the Queen's Girdle, the other the Queen's Veil, the reo venues of which, no doubt, were employed in purchafing thofe parts of her Majefty's drefs. It was about the middle of the third century that the Eaftern women, on taking the vow of viro ginity, affumed that veil which had before been worn by the Pagan Prieftefles, and which is ufed by the religious among the Romanits now.

The hopelefs wifh that prompts the frequent figh. Bleeds in the blufh, or melts upon the eye.

The man of faith through Gerar doom'd to ftray,
A nation waiting his eventful way,
His fortune's fair companion at his fide,
The world his promife, providence his guide,
Once, more than virtue dar'd to value life, And called a fifter whom he owned a wife. Miftaken father of the faithful race, Thy fears alone could purchafe thy difgrace, " Go," to the fair, when confcious of the tale, Said Gerar's prince, "thy husband is thy Veil*."
O ancient faith! O virtue mourn'd in vain!
When Hymen's altar never held a ftain ;
When his pure torch fhed undiminifhed rays, And fires unholy died beneath the blaze!

For faith like this fair Greece was early known, And claim'd the Veil's firt honours as her own.

Ere half her fons, o'er Asia's trembling coaft, Arm'd to revenge one woman's virtue loft ; Ere he, whom Circe fought to charm in vain, Follow'd wild fortune o'er the various main, In youth's gay bloom he plied th' exulting oar, From Ithaca's white rocks to Sparta's fhore:

[^18]Free to Nerician * gales the veffel glides, And wild Eurotas $\dagger$ fmoothes his warrior-tides;
For amorous Greece, when Love conducts the way,
Beholds her waters, and her winds obey. No object her's but love's impreffion knows, No wave that wanders, and no breeze that blows; Her groves $\ddagger$, her mountains have his power confeft, And Zephyr figh'd not but for Flora's breaf.
'Twas when his fighs in fweetelt whifpers ftray'd, Faro'er Laconia's plains from Eva's § fhade; When foft-ey'd fpring refum'd his mantle gay, And lean'd luxurious on the breaft of May, Love's genial banners young Ulysses bore From Ithaca's white rocks to Sparta's fhore.

With all that foothes the heart, that wins, or warms, All princely virtues, and all manly charms, All love can urge, or eloquence perfuade, The future heroe woo'd his Spartan maid. Yet long he woo'd - - In Sparta, flow to yield, Beauty, like valour, long maintained the field.
"No bloom fo fair Messene's banks difclofe; "No breath fo pure o'er Tempe's bofom blows; " No fmile fo radiant throws the genial ray " Through the fair eye-lids of the opening day ;

From the mountain Neritos in Ithaca, now called Nericia. $\dagger$ The Spartan river.
$\ddagger$ E mentre d'Alberghe Amore. Tasso.
§ A mountain in Peloponneíus. Vol. LXXI,
" Put deaf to vows with fondelt paffion preft,
" Cold as the wave of Hebrus' wintry breaft,
" Penelope regards no lover's pain,
"And owns Tlysses eloquent in vain.
" To vows that vainly wafte their warmth in air,
"Infidious hopes that lead but to defpair,
"Affections loft, defires the heart mult rue,
"And love, and Sparta's joylefs plains adieu!
"Yet ftill this bofom fhall one pafion fhare, " Still fhall my country find a father there.
"Ev'n now the children of my little reign
" Demand that father, of the faithlefs main ;
"Ev'n now, their prince folicitous to fave,
" Climb the tall cliff, and watch the changeful wave.
" But not for him their hopes, or fears alone! or They feek the promis'd partner of his throne; " For her their incenfe breathes, their altars blaze,
"For her to Heaven the fuppliant eye they raife.
"Ah! fhall they know their prince implor'd in vain ?
"Can my heart live beneath a nation's pain?"
There foke the virtue that her foul admird, The Spartan foul, with patriot ardour fird. "Enough!"' the cried-" be mine to boaft a part "In Him, who holds his country to his heart. "Worth, honour, faith, that fair affection gives, "And with that virtue, every virtue lives "."

[^19]Pleas'd that the nobler principles could move His daughter's heart, and foften it to love, Tcarius own'd the aufpices divine, Wove the fair crown *, and blefs'd the holy fhrine.

But ah! the dreaded parting hour to brave! Then frong affection griev'd for what it gate. Should he the comfort of his life's docline, His life's laft charm to Ithaca refign?
Or, waniering with her to a difant hore, Behold Eurotas' long-lov'd banks no more? Expofe his grey hairs to an alien fky , Nor on his country's parent bofom die $\dagger$ ? "No, Prince, he cried; for Sparta's happier" plain, " Leave the lov*d honours of thy litule reign,

* The women of ancient Greece at the marriage ceremony wore garlands of flowers, probably as emblems of purity, fertiiity and beauty. Thus Euripides,

> ———and
 The modern Greek ladies wear thefe garlands in barious forms, whenever they appear dreffed; and frequently adorn chenfelves thus for their own amufement, and when they do not expect to be feen by any but their domeftics.

Voyage Literairedela Grece.

+ The ancients efteemed this one of the greatef misfo:tunes that could befall them. The Trojans thought it the mrat lamentable circumfance attending the lofs of their pilot Balinurus, that his body fhould lie in a foreign cisantry.
- Ignotá Palinure jacebis Aıcî̂.

2,6 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
${ }^{6}$ 'The grateful change fhall equal honours bring ; "r - Lord of himfelf, a Spartan is a king."

When thus the prince, with obvious grief oppreit,
"Canft thou not force the father from thy breaft
" Not without pain behold one child depart, " Yct bid me tear a nation from my heart ?
"- Not for all Sparta"s, all Euboca's plains"He faid, and to his courfers gave the reins.

Still the fond fire purfues with fuppliant voice, 'Till, mov'd, the monarch yields her to her choice. " Though mine by vows, by fair affection mine,
" And holy truth, and aufpices divine,

* This fuit let fair Penelope decide
" Remain the daughter, or proceed the bride."
O'er the quick blufh her friendly mantle fell, And told him all that modefty could tell. No longer now the father's fondnefs ftrove With patriot virtue or acknowledg'd love, But on the fcene that parting fighs endear'd, Fair Modesty's* firft honour'd fane he rear'd.

The daughter's form the pictur'd goddefs wore, 'The daughter's veil + before her blufhes bore,

[^20]And zaught the maids of Greece this fovereign law --She moft fhall corquer, who fhall moft withdraw.

Claud. Epithal. Honor. where he fays, Et Crints feftina ligat Peplumeuefluentem

Iphig. in Taur. act. 4, and Colut. Rapt. Helen. 1. I. v. ${ }_{3} 8 \mathrm{r}$. where Hermione tears her gold embroidered veil on the difappearance of Helen:
———As cunn quoque rafit sapitis tegmis.

## THE COUNTRY JUSTICE:

$A \quad \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{M}$.

IN THREE PARTS.
$\mathrm{p} A \mathrm{R} T \mathrm{I}$.

TO RICHARD BURN, LL. D.

ONE OF HIS MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PIACI FOR THE COUNTIES OF WESTMORLAND $A N D C U M B E R L A N D$.

Dear Sir,
A POEM written profefiedly at your requef, naturally addrefles itfelf to you. The diftinction you have acquired on the fubjert, and your tate for the arts, give that addrefs every kind of propriety. If I have any particular fatisfaction in this publication, befide what arifes from my compliance with your commands, it mult be in the idea of that teftimony it bears to our friendmip. If you believe that I am more concerned for the duration of that than of the poem itfelf, you will not be mifaken; for I am, Dear Sir,
Your truly affecionate brother,
And faithful humble Sirvant,
Somerfetfaire, Aprii 25, 174.4.

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## THE COUNTRY JUSTICE.

INTRODUCTION.

I
N Richard's days, when lof his patur'd plain, The wand'ring Briton fought the wild wood's reign,
With great difdain beheld the feudal hord, Poor life-let vaffals of a Norman lord; And, what no brave man ever lof, pofers'd Himfelf,-for freedom bound him to her breaf.

Lov'ft thou that freedom? by her holy fmrine, If yet one drop of Britifh blood be thine, Sce, I conjure thee, in the defart hade, His bow unfrung, his little houfehold laid, Some brave forefather; while his fields they fhare, By Saxon, Dime, or Norman banifh'd there! And think he tells thee, as his foul withdraws, As his heart fwells againft a ty rant's laws, The war with fate though fruitlefs to maintain, To guard that liberty he lov'd in vain.

Were thoughts like thefe the dream of ancient time? Peculiar only to fome age, or clime? And does not nature thoughts like thefe impart, Breathe in the foul, and write upon the heart?

Afk on their mountains yon deferted ban!, That point to PAoli with no plaufive hand;

2§o LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
Defpifing ftill, their freeborn fouls unbroke, Alike the Gallic and Ligurian yoke!

Yet while the Patriot's gen'rous rage we Ghare, Still cievil fafety calls us back to care; To Britain loft in either Henry's day, Her woods, her mountains one wild fcene of prey! Fair peace from all her bounteous vallies fled, And law beneath the barbed arrow bled.

In happier days, with more aufpicious fate, The far-fam'd Edward heal'd his wounded ftate ; Dread of his foes, but to his fubjects dear, Thefe learn'd to love, as thofe are taught to fear, Their laurelld Prince with Britih pride obey, His glory fhone their difcontent away.

With care the tender flow'r of love to fave, And plant the olive on Diforder's grave, For civil forms frefh barriers to provide, He caught the fav'ring calm and falling tide.

## The Appointment, and its Purpofes.

The focial laws from infult to protect, To cheriih peace, to cultivate refpect; The rich from wanton cruelty reftrain, To fmooth the bed of penury and pain; The haplefs vagrant to his reft reftore, The maze of fraud, the haunts of theft explore; The thoughtlefs maiden, when fubdu'd by art, To aid, and bring her rover to her heart ;

THE COUNTRY JUSTICE.
Wild riot's voice with dignity to quell, Forbid unpeaceful paffions to rebel,
Wreit from revenge the meditated harm,
For this fair Justice raifed her facred arm; For this the rural magiftrate, of yore, Thy honours, Edward, to his manfion bore.
Antient Justice's Hale.

Oft, where old A1r in confcious glory fails, On filver waves that flow through fmiling vales; In Harewood's groves, where long my youth was liaid, Unfeen beneath their antient world of hade ; With many a group of antique columns crown'd, In Gothic guife fuch manfion have I found.

Nor lightly deem, ye apes of modern race, Ye Cits that fore bedizen nature's face, Of the more manly ftructures here ye view; They rofe for greatnefs that ye never knew ! Ye reptile Cits, that oft have mov'd my fpleen With Venus and the Graces on your green! Let Plutus, growling o'er his ill-got wealth, Let Mercury, the thriving God of ftealth, The fhopman, Janus, with his double looks, Rife on your mounts, and perch upon your books! But, fpare my Venus, fpare each fifter grace, Ye Cits, that fore bedizen nature's face!

Ye royal architects, whofe antic tafte, Would lay the realms of fenfe and nature wafte;

Forgot, whenever from her fteps ye ftray, That folly only points each other way;
Here, though your eye no courtly creature fees, Suak:s on the ground, or monkies in the trees; Yet let not too fevere a cenfure fall, On the plain precincts of the antient hall.

For though no fight your childifh fancy meets, Of Thibet's dogs, or Chima's perroquets; Though apes, afps, lizards, things without a tail, And all the tribes of foreign monfters fail; Here fhall ye figh to fee, with ruft o'ergrown, The lron grifin and the fphynx of fone; And mourn, negleeted in their wafe abodes, Fire-breathing drakcs, and water-fpouting gods.

Long have thefe mighty monters known difgrace, Tet ftill fome trophies hold their ancient place; Where, round the hall, the oak's high furbafe rears 'The ficld-day triumphs of two hundred years.

Th' enormous antlers here recal the day That faw the foret-monarch forc $d$ arcay ; Who, many a flood, and many a mountain paft, Nor finding thofe, nor deeming thefe the latt, O'er floods, ooer mountains yet prepard to fly, Long cre the death-drop filld his failing eye !

Here fam'd for cunning, and in crimes grown old, Hangs hig grey brufh, the felon of the fold.

Oft, as the rent-feait fwells the midnight cheer, The maudlin farmer kens him o'er his beer,
And tells his old, traditionary tale, 'Though known to ev'ry tenant of the vale.

Here, where, of old, the feflal ox has fed, Mark'd with his weight, the mighty horns are fpread: Some ox, O Marshall, for a board like thine, Where the vaft mafter with the vaft Sir Loin Vied in round magnitude-Refpect I bear To thee, though oft the ruin of the chair.

Thefe, and fuch antique tokens, that record The manly fpirit, and the bounteous board, Me more delight than all the gew-gaw train, The whims and zizzags of a modern brain, More than all Afia's marmofets to view Grin, frik, and water in the walks of New.

## Character of a Country Justice.

Through thefe fair vallies, franger, haft thou ftray'd,
By any chance, to vifit Harewoods fhade, And feen widh honef, antiquated air, In the plain hall the magiRratial chair ?
Thereherbert fate- The love of human kind, Pure light of truth, and temperance of mind, In the free cye the fcatur'd foul difplay'd, Honour's flrong beam, and Mercy's melting fhades Justice, that, in the rigid paths of law, Would fill fome drops from Piry's fountain draw,

Bend o'er her urn with many a gen'rous fear, Ere his firm feal fhould force one Orphan's tear ; Fair Equity, and Reason feorning art, And all the fober virtues of the heart,Thefe fate with Hereert, thefe fhall beft avail, Where fatutes order ; or where ftatutes fail.

## General Motivesfor Lenity,

Be this, ye rural magiftrates, your plan : Firm be your juftice, but be friends to man.

He whom the mighty mafter of this ball, We fondly deem, or farcically call, T'o own the Patriarch's truth however loth, Holds but a manfion crufb'd before the moth.

Frail in his genius, in his heart, too, frail, Born but to err, and erring to bewail, Shalt thou his faults with eye fevere explore, And give to life one human weaknefs more?

Still mark if vice or nature prompts the deed; Still mark the ftrong temptation and the need : On preffing want, on famine's powerful call, At leaft more lenient let thy Juftice fall.
Apology for Vagrants.

For him, who, loft to ev'ry hope of life, Has long with fortune held unequal ftrife, Known to no human love, no human care, The friendlefs, homelefs object of defpair ;

For the poor vagrant feel, while he complains, Nor from fad freedom fend to fadder chains. Alike, if folly or misfortune brought Thofe laft of woes his evil days have wrought ; Believe with focial mercy and with me, Folly's misfortune in the firf degree.

Perhaps on fome inhofpitable fhore 'The houfelefs wretch a widow'd parent bore; Who, then, no more by golden profpects led, Of the poor Indian begg d a leafy bed. Cold on Canadian hills, or Minden's plain, Perhaps that parent mourn'd her foldier flain ; Bent o'er her babe, her eye diffolv'd in dew, 'The big drops mingling with the milk he drew, Gave the fad prefage of his future years, The child of mifery, baptiz'd in tears!

## Apostrophe to Edward the Third。

O Edward, here thy faireft laurels fade!
And thy long glories darken into fhade!
While yet the palms thy hardy veterans won, The deeds of valour that for thee were done, While yet the wreaths for which they bravely bled, Fir'd thy high foul, and flourifh'd on thy head, Thofe veterans to their native fhores return'd, Like exiles wander'd, and like exiles mourn'd; Or, left at large no longer to bewail, Were vagrants deem'd, and deftin'd to a jail!

Wiere there no royal, yet unculturd lands, No waftes that wanted fuch fubduing hands? Were Crsssy's heroes fuch abandond things? O fate of war! and gratitude of ki.gs!

## The Gipset-life.

The Gypfey-race my pity rarely move; Yet their frong thirt of liberty I love. Not Wilkes, our freedom's holy martyr, more; Nor his firm phalan:, of the common fhore.

For this in Norwood's patrimonial groves, The tawny father with his offspring roves; When fummer funs lead flow the fultry day, In moffy caves, where welling waters play, Fann'd by each gale that cools the fervid fky, With this in ragged luxury they lie. Oft at the fun the dufky Elins frain The fable eye, then, fnugging, fleep again; Oft, as the dews of cooler evening fall, For their prophetic mother's mantle call.

Far cther cares that wand'ring mother wait, The mouth, and oft the minifter of fate! From her to hear, in ev'ning's frien:ly fhade, Of future fortune, flies the village-maid, Draws her long-hoarded copper from its hold; And rulty halfpence purchafe hopes of gold.

But ah! yc maids, beware the gypfey's lures! She opens not the womb of time, but yours.

## THE COUNTRY JUSTICE.

Oft has her hands the haplefs Marian wrung, Marian, whom Gay in fweeteft Arains has fung! The Parfon's maid-fore caufe had fhe to rue The Gyprey's tongue ; the Parfon's daughter too. Long had that anxious daughter figh'd to know What Vellum's fprucy clerk, the valley's beau, Meant by thofe glances, which at church he fole, Her father nodding to the pfalm's flow drawl; Long had fhe figh'd, at length a prophet came, By many a fure prediction known to fame, To Marian known, and all the told, for true : She knew the future, for the paft fhe knew.

Where, in the darkling fhed, the moon's dim rays Beam'd on the ruins of a one-horfe chaife, Villaria fate, while faithful Marian brought The wayward prophet of the woe fhe fought. Twice did her hands, the income of the week, On either fide, the crooked fixpence feek; Twice were thofe hands withdrawn from either fide ${ }_{2}$ To ftop the titt'ring laugh, the blufh to hide. The wayward prophet made no long delay, No novice fhe in fortune's devious way! " Ere jet, the cried, ten rolling months are oor, " Muft ye be mothers; maids, at leaft, no more. "With you flall foon, O lady fair, prevail " A gentle youth, the flower of this fair vale. "To Marian, once of Colin Clout the Scorn, "Shall Bumkin come, and Bumkinets be born."

Smote to the heart, the maidens marvell'd fore, That ten fhort months had fuch events in fore ; But holding firm, what village-maids believe, That frife with fate is milking in a feve; To prove their prophet true, though to their coft, 'They juftly thought no time was to be loft.

Thefe foes to youth, that feek, with dang'rous art, 'To aid the native weaknefs of the heart; Thefe mifcreants from thy harmlefs village drive, As wafps felonious from the lab'ring hive.

End of the First Part.

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## THECOUNTRYJUSTICE.

A $\quad \mathrm{P} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{M}$.

PARTI.

TO ROBERT WILSON CRACROFT, ESC.
BORN with a gentle heart, and born to pleafe With native goodnefs, of no fortune vain, The focial afpect of inviting eafe, The kind opinion, and the fenfe humane;

To thee, my Cracrort, whom, in early youth, With lenient hand, and anxious love I led
Through paths where fcience points to manly truth, And glory gilds the manfions of the dead:

To thee this offering of maturer thought, That, fince wild Fancy flung the lyre afide, With heedful hand the Moral Muse hath wrought, That Mufe devotes, and bears with honef pride,

Yet not that period of the human year, When Fancy reign'd, fhall we with pain review, All Nature's feafons different afpects wear,

And now her flowers, and now her fruits are due.

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Not that in youth we rang'd the fmiling meads, On Effex' fhores the trembling angle play'd, Urging at noon the flow boat in the reeds,

That way'd their green uncertainty of fhade :
Nor yet the days confum'd in Hackthorn`s vale,
That lonely on the Heath's wild bofom lies,
Should we with ftern feverity bewail,
And all the lighter hours of life defpife.
For nature's feafons different afpects wear,
And now her flowers, and now her fruits are due; Awhile fhe freed us from the fcourge of Care,

But told us then-for focial ends we grew.
To find fome virtue trac'd on life's fhort page, Some mark of fervice paid to human kind, Alone can chear the wintry paths of age, Alone fupport the far-reflecting mind.

Oh! often thought-when Smith's difcerning care To further days prolong ${ }^{\circ}$ d this failing frame!
To die, was little-But what heart could bear To die, and leave an unditinguin'd name?

Glagdon-Houfe, 22 Feb. 1775.

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THECOUNTRYJUSTICE。
$\mathrm{P} A \mathrm{R}$ T II。

## PROTECTION OF THE POOE.

* ET, while thy rod reftrains the needy crew. Remember that thou art their monarch too. King of the Beggars! - Lov'f thou not the name $\boldsymbol{f}$ O, great from Ganges to the golden Thme! Far-ruling Sovereign of this begging ball, Low at thy footitool other thrones fhall fall. His alms to thee the whiker'd Moor convey $t_{\text {s }}$ And Prussia's fturdy beggar own thy fway; Courts, fenates-all to Ba'AL that bend the knee + . King of the beggars, thefe are fiefs to thee!

But ftill, forgot the grandeur of thy reign, Defcend to duties meaner crowns difdain; 'That wort excrefcency of power forego, 'That Pride of Kings, humanity's firt foc.

* Refers to the conclufion of the firt part.
+ The Mahometan Princes feem to have a regular fyttem of beg ging. Nothing fo common as to hear that the Dey of Algiers, \&ic. \&ic. are diflatisfied with their prefents. It mult be owned, it would he for the welfare of the world, if Princes in general would athere to the maxim, that, it is better to beg than to fical.

[^21]Let age no longer toil with feeble ftrife, Worn by long fervice in the war of life; Nor leave the head, that time hath whiten'd, bare To the rude infuits of the fearching air ; Nor bid the knee, by labour harden'd, bend, O thou, the poor man's hope, the poor man's friend!

If, when from heav'n feverer feafons fall, Fled from the frozen roof, and mouldering wall, Each face the picture of a winter-day, More ftrong than Teniers' pencil could pourtray; If then to thee refort the fhivering train, Of cruel days, and cruel man complain, Say to thy heart [remembering him who faid] Theje people come from far, and bave no bread.

Nor leave thy venal Clerk empower'd to hear ; The voice of want is facred to thy ear. He, where no fees his fordid pen invite, Sports with their tears, too indolent to write; Like the fed monkey in the fable, vain To hear more helplefs animals complain.

But chief thy notice fhall one monfter claim ; A monfter furnifh'd with a human frame, The Parih-officer!-though Verse difdain Terms that deform the fplendor of the ftrain; It foops to bid thee bend the brow fevere On the ily, pilfering, cruel Overfeer;

The fhuffing Farmer, faithful to no truft, Ruthlefs as rocks, infatiate as the duft !

When the poor Hind, with length of years decay'd, Leans feebly on his once fubduing fpade, Forgot the fervice of his abler days, His profitable toil, and honeft praife, Shall this low wretch abridge his fcanty bread, This flave, whofe board his former labours fpread?

When harveft's burning funs and fickening air From labour's unbrac'd hand the grafp'd hook tear, Where fhall the helplefs family be fed, That vainly languifh for a father's bread ? See the pale Mother, funk with grief and care, To the proud Farmer fearfully repair ; Soon to be fent with infolence away, Referr'd to veftries, and a diftant day! Referr'd-to perifh!-Is my verfe fevere? Unfriendly to the human character? Ah! to this figh of fad expericnce truft: The truth is rigid, but the tale is juft.

If in thy courts this caitiff wretch appear, Think not, that patience were a virtue here. His low-born pride with honeft rage controul; Smite his hard heart, and fhake his reptile foul.

But, haplefs! oft through fear of future woe, And certain vengeance of th' infulting foe,

Oft, ere to thee the poor prefer their pray'r, The laft extremes of penury they bear.

Wouldft thou then raife thy patriot office higher; To fomething more than Magiftrate afpire ? And, left each poorer, pettier chace behind, Step nobly forth, the friend of human kind? The game I ftart courageounly purfue! Adieu to fear! to indolence adieu! And, firft well range this mountain's flormy fide, Where the rude winds the fhepherd's roof deride, As meet no more the wintry blaft to bear, And all the wild holtilities of air.
-That roof have I remember'd many a year ;
It once gave refuge to a hunted deer-
Here, in thofe days, we found an aged pair ;But Time untenants-hah! what feeft thou there? "Horror!-by heav'n, extended on a bed
"O Of naked fearn, two human creatures dead!
"Embracing as alive!-ah, no!-no life!
" Cold, breathlefs!"

## 'Tis the Shepherd and his wife,

I knew the fcene, and brought thee to behold What fpeaks more ftrongly than the fory told. They died through want-

## " By every power I fwear,

*r If the wretch treads the carth, or breathes the air,
©Through whofe default of duty, or defign, "Thefe victims fell, he dies."

They fell by thine
" Infernal!-Mine!-by-"
Swear on no pretence:
A fwearing Juftice wants both grace and fenfe.
When thy good father held this wide domain ${ }_{3}$ The voice of forrow never mourn'd in vain. Sooth'd by his pity, by his bounty fed, The fick found medicine, and the aged bread. He left their intereft to no parih-care, No bailiff urg'd his little empire there : No village-tyrant ftarv'd them, or opprefs'd ; He learnt their wants, and he thofe wants redrefs'd.

Ev'n thefe, unhappy! who, beheld too late, Smote thy young heart with horror at their fate, His bounty found, and deftin'd here to keep A fmall detachment of his mountain-fheep. Still pleas'd to fee them from the annual fair 'Th' unwritten hiftory of their profits bear; More nobly pleas'd thofe profits to reftore, And, if their fortune fail'd them, make it mores

When nature gave her precept to remove His kindred fpirit to the realms of love, Afar their anguifh from thy diftant ear, No arm to fave, and no protection near,
${ }_{2} 9^{6}$ LANGHORNE'S POEMS.
Led by the lure of unaccounted gold, Thy bailiff feiz'd their little flock, and fold.

Their want contending parifhes furvey'd, And this difown'd, and that refus'd to aid: A while, who fhould not fuccour them, they tried, And in that while the wretched vietims died.
"I'll fcalp that bailif-facrifice."

## In vain

To rave at mifchief, if the caufe remain!
O days long lon to man in each degree !
The golden days of hofpitality !
When liberal fortunes vied with liberal ftrife
To fill the nobleft offices of life;
When Wealth was Virtue's handmaid, and her gate Gave a free refuge from the wrongs of fate; The poor at hand their natural patrons faw, And lawgivers were fupplements of law!

Lof are thofe days, and Fashion's boundlefs fway Has borne the guardian magitrate away. Saye in Augusta's ftreets, or Gallia's fhore, The rural patron is beheld no more.
No more the pror his kind protection fnare, Unknown their wants, and unreceiv d their prayer.

Yet has that Fahion, long fo light and vain, Reform'd at laft, and led the moral train?

Have her gay vot'ries nobler worth to boaft For Nature's love, for Nature's virtue loft? No-fled from thefe, the fons of Fortune find What poor refpect to wealth remains behind. The mock regard alone of menial flaves, The worlhip'd calves of their outwitting knaves!

Foregone the focial, hofpitable days, When wide vales echoed with their owner's praife, Of all that ancient confequence bereft, What has the modern man of faßion left?

Does he, perchance, to rural fcenes repair, And "wafte his fweetnefs" on the effenc'd air ? Ah! gently lave the feeble frame he brings, Ye fcouring feas! and ye fulphureous fprings!

And thou, Brighthelmfone, where no cits annoy, (All borne to Margate, in the Margate-hoy) Where, if the hafty creditor advance, Lies the light fkiff , and ever-bailing France, Do thou defend him in the dog-day-funs! Secure in winter from the rage of duns!

While the grim catchpole, the grim porter fwear, One that he is, and one, he is not there, The tortur'd us'rer, as he murmurs by, Eyes the Venetian blinds, and heaves a figh.

O, from each title folly ever took, Blood! Maccarone! Cicißeo! or Rook!

## 298 LANGHORNE'S POEMS.

From each low paffion, from each low refort, 'The thieving alley, nay, the righteous court, From Berties', Almack's, Arthur's, and the nef Where Judah's ferrets earth with Charles unbleft; From thefe and all the garbage of the great, At Honour's, Freedom's, Virtue's call-retreat!

Has the fair vale, where Rest, conceal'd ir flowers, Lies in fweet ambufh for thy carelefs hours, The breeze, that, balmy fragrance to infufe, Bathes it's foft wing in aromatic dews, 'The fream, to foothe thine ear, to cool thy breaft, That mildly murmurs from it's cryftal reft; Have thefe lefs charms to win, lefs power to pleafe, Than haunts of rapine, harbours of difeafe?

Will no kind flumbers o'er thine eyelids creep, Save where the fullen watchman growls at fleep? Does morn no fweeter, purer breath diffufe Than fteams through alleys from the lungs of Jews? And is thy water, pent in putrid wood, Bethesda-like, when troubled only good?

Is it thy paffion Linley's voice to hear, And has no mountain-lark detain'd thine ear?
Song marks alone the tribes of airy wing;
For, truft me, man was never meant to fing :
And all his mimic organs e'er expreft,
Was but an imitative howl at beft,

Is it on Garricr's attitude you doat? See on the pointed cliff yon lordly goat! Like Lefr's, his beard defcends in graceful fnow, And wild he looks upon the world below.

Superior bere the fcene in every part! Here reigns great nature, and there little art! Here let thy life affume a nobler plan, To Nature faithful, and the friend of man!

Unnumber'd objects afk thy honeft care, Befide the orphan's tear, the widow's prayer: Far as thy power can fave, thy bounty blefs, Unnumber'd evils call for thy redrefs,

Seeft thou afar yon folitary thorn, Whofe aged limbs the Heath's wild winds have torn * While yet to cheer the homeward fhepherd's eye, A ferw feem ftraggling in the evening fky! Not many funs have haftened down the day, Or blufhing moons immers'd in clouds their way, Since there, a fcene that ftain'd their facred light, With horror ftopp'd a felon in his flight; A babe juft born that figns of life expreft, Lay naked o'er the mother's lifelefs breait. The pitying robber, confcious that, purfued, He had no time to wafte, yet flood and view'd; To the next cot the trembling infant bore, And gave a part of what he ftole before ;

Nor known to him the wretches were, nor dear, He felt as man, and dropp'd a human tear.

Far other treatment the who breathlefs lay, Found from a viler animal of prey.

Worn with long toil on many a painful road, That toil increas'd by nature's growing load, When erening brought the friendly hour of reft And all the mother throng'd about her breaft, The ruffian officer oppos'd her ftay,
And, cruel, bore her in her pangs away, So far beyond the town's laft limits drove, That to return were hopelefs, had the frove. Abandon'd there-with famine, pain and cold, And anguin, fhe expird-the reft I've told.
" Now let me fwear-For, by my foul's laft figh,
"That thief fhall live, that overfeer thall die."
Too late!-his life the generous robber paid, Loft by that pity which his fteps delay'd! No foul-difcerning Mansfield fate to hear, No Hertaford bore his prayer to mercy's ear; No liberal Juftice firft affign'd the gaol, Or urg'd, as Camplin would have urg'd his tale.

The living object of thy honeft rage, Old in parochial crimes, and feel'd with age,

The grave church-warden!-Unabafh'd he bears Weekly to church his book of wicked prayers. And pours, with all the blafphemy of praife, His creeping foul in Stcrnhold's creeping lays!
End of Part II.

## [ 302 ]

## RHE COUNTRY JUSTICE,

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A \quad P \quad O \quad E \quad M .
$$

PARTM.

> DEPR D DATION.

0,No! Sir John-the mufe's gentle art Lives not to blemifh, but to mend the heario While Gay's brave robber grieves us for his fate, We hold the harpies of his life in hate. Ingenuous youth, by nature's voice addreft, Finds not the harden d, but the feeling breaft; Can form no wifh the dire effects to prove Of lawlefs valour, or of venal love, Approves the fondnefs of the faithful maid, And mourns a generous paffion unrepaid.

Yet would I praife the pious zeal that faves Imperial London from her world of knares; Yet would I count it no inglorious frife To fcourge the pefts of property and life.

Come then, long fill'd in theft's illufive ways, Lord of the clue that thrids her mighty maze!
'Together let us beat all Giles's Fields, Try what the night-houfe, what the round-houfe yields, Hang when we muft, be candid when we pleafe, But leave no bawd, unlicens'd, at her eafe.

Say firf, of thieves above, or thieves below, What can we order till their haunts we know? Far from St. James's let your Nimrods ftray, But ftop and call at Stephen's in their way. That ancient victualler, we've been told, of late, Has kept bad hours, encourag'd high debate ; That thofe without ftill pelting thofe within, Have ftunn'd the peaceful neighbours with their din g That if you clofe his private walls inveft, 'Tis odds, you meet with fome unruly gueftGood Lord, Sir John, how would the people ftare, To fee the prefent and the late Lord-mayor* Bow to the majefty of Bow-ftreet chair!

Illuftrious chiefs ! can I your haunts pafs by, Wor give my long-lov'd liberty a figh ?
That heavenly plant which long unblemifh'd blew, Difhonour'd only, only hurt by you! Difhonour'd, when with harden'd front you claim 'To deeds of darknefs her diviner name! For you grim Licence frove with Hydra breath To fpread the blafts of peftilence and death : Here for poor vice, for dark ambition there She fcatter'd poifon through the focial air.

- This was written during the mayoralty of $\times 776$,

Yet here, in vain-Oh, had her toil been vain, When with black wing fhe fwept the weftern main?
When with low labour, and infidious art, She tore a daughter from her parent's heart!

Oh, patriots, ever patriots out of place, Fair honour's foil, and liberty's difgrace! With fpleen I fee your wild illufions fpread Through the long region of a land mifled; See commerce fink, fee cultivation's charms Loft in the rage of anarchy and arms!

And thou, $\mathrm{O} \mathrm{Ch}-\mathrm{m}$, once a nation's pride, Borne on the brighteft wave of glory's tide! Haft thou the parent fpurn'd, the erring child With profpects vain to ruin's arms beguil'd? Haft thou the plans of dire defection prais'd For the poor pleafure of a flatue rais'd ?

Oh, patriots, ever patriots out of place, From Charles quite gracelcfs, up to Grafton's grace?

Where forty-five once mark'd the dirty door, And the chain'd knife * invites the paltry whore; Though far, methinks, the choiceft guefts are fled, And Wilkes and Humphrey numberd with the dead, Wilkes, who in death would friend hip's vows fulfill, True to his caufe, and dines with Humphrey ftill-

Where

[^22]Where fculks each dark, where roams each defperate wight,
Owls of the day and vultures of the night, Shall we, O knight, with cruel pains explore, Clear thefe low walks, and think the bufinefs o'er?
No-much, alas! for you, for me remains, Where juftice fleeps, and deprædation reigns.

Wrapt in kind darknefs, you no fpleen betray,
When the gilt Nabob lacqueys all the way:
Harmlefs to you his towers, his forefts rife,
That fwell with anguifh my indignant eyes; While in thofe towers raz'd villages I fee, And tears of orphans watering every tree. Are thefe mock-ruins that invade my view?
Thefe are the entrails of the poor Gentoo. 'I hat column's trophied bafe his bones fupply; That lake the tears that fwell'd his fable eye! Let here, O knight, their fteps terrific fteer Thy hue and cry, and loofe thy bloodhounds here.

Oh, mercy, thron'd on his eternal breaft, Who breath'd the favage waters into reft; By each foft pleafure that thy bofom fmote, When firft creation ftarted from his thought; By each warm tear that melted o'er thine eye, When on his works was written these must die!
If fecret flaughter yet, nor cruel war
Have from thefe mortal regions forc'd thee far, Still to our follies, to our frailties blind,
Oh, ftretch thy healing wings o'er human kind! Vol. LXXI.

X
-For
-For them I afk not, hoftile to thy fway,
Who calmly on a brother's vitals prey:
For them I plead not, who, in blood embrued,
Have every fofter fentiment fubdued.
PRISONS.

Yet, gentle power, thy abfence I bewail, When feen the dank, dark regions of a gaol; When found alike in chains and night enclos ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~d}$ 。 'The thief detected ; and the thief fuppos'd! Sure, the fair light and the falubrious air Each yet-suspected prifoner inight fhare. -To lie, to languifh in fome dreary cell, Some loathed hold, where guilt and horror dwell, Ere yet the truth of feeming facts be tried, Ere yet their country's facred voice decide, Britain, behold thy citizens expos'd, And blufh to think the Gothic age unclos'd !
FIEIATION.

Oh, more than Goths, who yet decline to raze That peft of James's puritanic days, The favage law* that barb'roufly ordains Forfemale virtue losta felon's pains!Dooms the poor maiden, as her fate fevere, To toil and chains a long-enduring year.

Th' unnatural monarch, to the fex unkind, An owl obfcene, in learning's funhine blind!

Councils

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{ }^{*}, 7 \mathrm{Jac}, \mathrm{C} .40
$$

Councils of pathics, cabinets of tools, Benches of knaves. and parliaments of fools! Fanatic fools, that, in thofe twilight times, With wild religion cloak'd the wortt of crimes!Hope we from fuch a crew, in fuch a reign, For equal laws, or policy humane?

Here, then, O Justice, thy own power forbear;
The fole protector of th' unpitied fair.
Though long intreat the ruthlefs overfeer;
'Though the loud veftry teize thy tortur'd ear ; Though all to acts, to precedents appeal, Mute be thy pen, and vacant reft thy feal.

Yet fhalt thou know, nor is the difference nice, The cafual fall, from impudence of vice. Abandon'd guilt by active laws reftrain, But paufe . . . . . if virtue's flighteft fpark remain. Left to the fhamelefs lafh, the hard'ning gaol, The faireft thoughts of modefty would fail.

The down-caft eye, the tear that flows amain, As if to alk her innocence again; The plaintive babe, that flumbering feem'd to lie On her foft breaft, and wakes at the heav'd figh; The cheek that wears the beauteous robe of fhame; How loth they leave a gentle breaft to blame!

Here, then, OJustice, thy own power forbear ;The fole protector of th' unpitied fair!

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                        [ 308 ]
MILTON'S ITALIAN POEMS
TRANSLATED;
AND ADDRESSED TO A GENTLEMAN OF ITALY'
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## A D D R E S S:

to Signr. MOZZi, of MACERATA.

10 thee, the child of claffic plains, The happier hand of nature gave Each grace of Fancy's finer ftrains, Each Mufe that mourn'd o'er Maro's grave.

Nor yet the harp that Horace ftrung With many a charm of eafy art ;
Nor yet what fweet Tibullus fung,
When beauty bound him to her heart ;
Nor all that gentle Provence knew, Where each breeze bore a lover's figh, When Petrarch's fweet perfuafion drew
'The tender woe from Laura's eye;

Nor aught that nobler fcience feeks, What truth, what virtue muft avoid,
Nor aught the voice of nature fpeaks, To thee unknown, or unenjoy'd.

O wife beyond each weaker aim, That weds the foul to this low fphere, Fond to indulge the feeble frame, That holds awhile her prifoner here!

Truft me, my friend, that foul furvives, (If e'er had mufe prophetic fkill) And when the fated hour arrives, That all her faculties fhall fill,

Fit for fome nobler frame fhe flies, Afar to find a fecond birth, And, flourifhing in fairer fkies, Forfakes her nurfery of earth.

Oh! there, my Mozzi, to behold
The man that mourn'd his country's wrong,
When the poor exile left his fold,

* And feebly dragg'd his goat along!

On Plato's hallow'd breaft to lean,
And catch that ray of heavenly fire,
Which fmooth'd a tyrant's fullen mien, And bade the cruel thought retire!

$$
\mathrm{X}_{3}
$$

Amid

* Hanc etiam vis Tityre duco. Virg.

Amid thofe fairy-fields to dwell,
Where Taffo's favour'd fpirit faw
What, numbers none but his could tell,
What, pencils none but his could draw!
And oft at eve, if eve can be
Beneath the fource of glory's fmile, To range elyfian groves, and fee

That Nightly Visitant-'ere while,

Who, when he left immortal choirs,
To mix with Milton's kindred foul,
The labours of their golden lyres
Would fteal, and 'whifper whence he ftole.'

Aufonian bard, from my fond ear
By feas and mountains fever'd long,
If, chance, thefe humble ftrains to hear,
You leave your more melodious fong,
Whether, adventurous, you explore
The wilds of Apenninus' brow,
Or, mufing near Loretto's *hore,
Smile piteous on the pilgrim's vow ;
The mufe's gentle offering fill
Your ear fhall win, your love fhall wooe,
And thefe fpring-flowers of Milton fill
The favour'd vales where firft they grew.

For me, depriv'd of all that's dear,
Each fair, fond partner of my life,
Left with a lonely oar to fteer,
Through the rude forms of mortal frife; -
When Care, the felon of my days,
Expands his cold and gloomy wing,
His load when ftrong aftliction lays
On hope, the heart's elaftic fpring.
For me what folace yet remains, Save the fweet Mufe's tender lyre; Sooth'd by the magick of her ftrains, If, chance, the felon, Care, retire?

Save the fweet mufe's tender lyre,
For me no folace now remains!
Yet fhall the felon, Care, retire;
Sooth'd by the magic of her itrains.

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\mathrm{S} O \quad \mathrm{~N} N \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{~T} \quad \mathrm{I} \text {. }
$$

oLady fair, whofe honourd name is borne By that foft vale where Rhyne fo loves to ftray, And fees the tall arch crown his wat'ry way! Sure, happy he, though much the Mufe's fcorn, Ton dull to die beneath thy beauty's ray, Who never felt that firit's charmed fway, Which gentle fmiles, and gentle deeds adorn, Though in thofe fmiles are all love's arrows worn, Each radiant virtue though thofe deeds difplay! Sure, happy he who that fweet voice fhould hear

Mould the foft fpeech, or fwell the tuneful ftrain, And, confcious that his humble vows were vain, Shut fond attention from his clofed ear ;

Who, piteous of himfelf, thould timely part, Ere love had held long empire in his heart!

$$
\mathrm{S} \quad \mathrm{O} N \mathrm{~N} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{~T}
$$

AS o'er yon wild hill, when the browner light Of evening falls, the Village-maiden hies To fofter fome fair plant with kind fupplies Some franser plant, that, yet in tender plight, But feebly buds, ere Spring has open'd quite

The foft affections of ferener ikies:

So I, with fuch like gentle thought devife This ftranger tongue to cultivate with care, All for the fake of lovely lady fair,
And tune my lays, in language little tried By fuch as wont to 'Tamis' banks repair, Tamis forfook for Arno's flowery fide, So wrought love's will that ever ruleth wide !

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\mathrm{S} \text { O N N E T } \mathrm{H} \text { II. }
$$

CHARLES, muft I fay, what frange it feems to fay, This rebel heart that Love hath held as naught,
Or, haply, in his cunning mazes caught,
Would laugh, and let his captive teal away;
This fimple heart hath now become his prey. Yet hath no golden trefs this leffon taught, Nor vermeil cheek that fhames the rifing day : Oh! no-'twas beauty's moft celeftail ray, With charms divine of fovereign fweetnefs fraught! The noble mien, the foul-diffolving air, The bright arch bending o'er the lucid eye, The voice that, breathing melody fo rare, Might lead the toil'd moon from the middle fky! Charles, when fuch mifchief arm'd this foreign fair, Small chance had I to hope this fimple heart fhould fly.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
S & O & N & N & E & T & I V
\end{array}
$$

IN truth I feel my fun in thofe fair eyes, So ftrongly ftrike they, like that powerful ray, Which falls with all the violence of day On Lybia's fands - and oft, as there, arife Hot wafting vapours from the fource where lies My fecret pain; yet, haply, thofe may fay, Who talk love's language, thefe are only fighs, That the foft ardors of the foul betray*.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllll}
S & O & N & N & E & T & V
\end{array}
$$

AN artlefs youth, who, fimple in his love, Seem'd little hopeful from his heart to fly,
To thee that heart, O lady, nor deny The votive gift, he brings; fince that fhall prove All change and fear and falfity above;

Of manners that to gentle deeds comply, And courteous will, that never afketh why; Yet, mild as is the never wrathful dove, Firmnefs it hath, and fortitude to bear

The

* The Concetti of the Italian in the conclufion of this Sonnet were fo obftinate, that it feemed fcarce poffible to reduce them into any reputable form of tranflation. Such trifling liberties as the tranflator fhall appear to have taken with thefe poems, muft be imputed to a defire of getting over blemifhes of the fame kind.

The wrecks of nature, or the wrongs of fate; From envy far, and low-defigning care, And hopes and fears that vulgar minds await; With the fweet mufe, and founding lyre elate, And only weak, when love had entrance there.
C A N Z O N.

$G$AY youths and frolic damfels round me throng, And fmiling fay, why, fhepherd, wilt thou write Thy lays of love adventurous to recite
In unknown numbers and a foreign tongue ?
Shepherd, if Hope hath ever wrought thee wrong,
Afar from her and Fancy's fairy light
Retire-So they to fport with me delight;
And other fhores, they fay, and other ftreams
Thy prefence wait ; and fweeteft flowers that blow,
Their ripening blooms referve for thy fair brow,
Where glory foon fhall bear her brighteft beams;
Thus they, and yet their foothing little feems;
If the, for whom I breathe the tender vow,
Sing thefe foft lays, and afk the mutual fong,
This is thy language, love, and I to thee belong!

## THE

> FABLESOF FLORA.
> "Sylvas, faltufque Sequamur, "Intactos Virg.

To

## THE COUNTESS OF HERTFORD.

Madam,

THERE is a tax upon the name of the Countefs of Hertford, an hereditary obligation to patronize the Mufes; and in times like thefe, when their influence, I will not fay their reputation, is on the decline, they can by no means difpenfe with fo effential a privilege. I intreat you, Madam, to take the following poems under your protection. They were written with an unaffected wifh to promote the love of Nature and the interefts of Humanity. On the credit of fuch motives I lay them at your feet, and beg to be efteemed,

$$
\mathrm{MADAM} \text {, }
$$

Your moft devoted and
moft obedient fervant,

John Langhorne.

## ADVERTISEMENT.

IN the following poems, the plan of Fable is fomewhat enlarged, and the province fo far extended, that the original narrative and moral may be accompanied with imagery, defcription, and fentiment. The fcenery is formed in a department of nature adapted to the genius and difpofition of Poetry; where fhe finds new objects, interefts, and connexions, to exercife her fancy and her powers. If the exeeution, therefore, be unfuccefsful, it is not the fault of the plan, but of the Poet.
F A B L E

## THE SUNFLOWER AND THE IVY.

A$S$ duteous to the place of prayer, Within the convent's lonely walls, The holy fifters ftill repair, What time the rofy morning calls:

So fair, each morn, fo full of grace, Within their little garden rear'd, The flower of $\mathrm{P}_{\text {hoebus turn'd her face }}$ To meet the Power fhe lov'd and fear'd.

And where, along the rifing fky, Her God in brighter glory burn'd, Still there her fond obfervant eye, And there her golden breaft fhe turn'd.

When calling from their weary height On weftern waves his beams to reft, Still there fhe fought the parting fight, And there fhe turn'd her golden breaft.

But foon as night's invidious fhade Afar his lovely looks had borne, With folded leaves and drooping head, Full fore the griev'd, as one forlorn.

Such duty in a flower difplay'd The holy fifters fmil'd to fee, Forgave the pagan rites it paid, And lov'd its fond idolatry,

But painful ftill, though meant for kind, The praife that falls on Envy's ear!
O'er the dim window's arch entwin'd, The canker'd Ivy chanc'd to hear.

And "See, fhe cry'd, that fpecious flower, "Whofe flattering bofom courts the fun,
" The pageant of a gilded hour, "The convent's fimple hearts hath won!
" Obfequious meannefs! ever prone "' To watch the patron's turning eye ;
${ }^{6}$ No will, no motion of its own! "' 'Tis this they love, for this they figh :
" Go, fplendid fycophant! no more " Difplay thy foft feductive arts !
" The flattering clime of courts explore, " Nor fpoil the convent's fimple hearts.
's To me their praife more juftly due, "Of longer bloom and happier grace!
"Whom changing months unalter'd view, " And find them in my fond embrace.".
" How well," the modeft flower reply'd, " Can Envy's wrefted eycelude
" The obvious bounds that ftill divide * Foul Flattery from fair Gratitude.
" My duteous praife each hour I pay,
" For few the hours that I muft live ;

- And give to him my little day,
" Whofe grace another day may give.
* When low this golden form fhail fall " And fpread with duft its parent plain ;
* That duft fhall hear his genial call, "And rife, to glory rife, again.
" To thee, my gracious power, to thee " My love, my heart, my life are due!
" Thy goodnefs gave that life to be ; " Thy goodnefs fhall that life renew.
" Ah me! one moment from thy fight " That thus my truant-eye fhould fray!
". The God of glory fets in night ; " His faithlefs flower has loft a day."

Sore griev 'd the flower, and droop'd her head ; And fudden tears her breaft bedew'd:
Confenting tears the fifters fhed, And, wrapt in holy wonder, view'd.

THE FABLES OF FLORA. 328
With joy, with pious pride elate,
" Behold," the aged abbefs cries,
" An emblem of that happier fate " Which heav'n to all but us denies.
r، Our hearts no fears but duteous fears, " No charm but duty's charm can move;
"We fhed no tears but holy tears "Of tender penitence and love.
"See there the envious world pourtray'd " In that dark look, that creeping pace!
" No flower can bear the Ivy's fhade; " No tree fupport its cold embrace.
"The oak that rears it from the ground. "A And bears its tendrils to the ikies,
"Feels at his heart the rankling wound, "And in its pois'nous arms he dies."

Her moral thus the matron read, Studious to teach her children dear,
And they, by love or duty led, With pleafure heard, or feem'd to hear.

Yet one lefs duteous, not lefs fair, (In convents fill the tale is known)
The fable heard with filent care, But found a moral of her own.
Vo1, LXXI.

The flower that fmil'd along the day. And droop'd in tears at ev'ning's fall;
'Tco well the found her life difplay,
Too well her fatal lot recall.
'The treacherous Ivy's gloomy fhade,
That murdered what it moit embrac' $\mathrm{d}_{\text {, }}$ To well that cruel fcene convey'd

Which all her fairer hopes effac'd.
Her heart with filent horror fhook;
With fighs fhe fought her lonely cell :
To the dim light fhe caft one look;
And bade once more the world farczell.

> FABLEII.

THE EVENING PRIMROSE。

THERE are that love the fhades of life, And fhun the fplendid walks of fame;
There are that hold it rueful frife
To rifque Ambition's lofing game:
That far from Envy's lurid eye
The fairef fruits of Genius rear, Content to fee them bloom and die In Friendfinip's fiaall but kindly fphere.

Than vainer flowers though fweeter far, The Evening Primrofe fhuns the day;
Blooms only to the weftern ftar, And loves its folitary ray.

In Eden's vale an aged hind, At the dim twilight's clofing hour, On his time-fmoothed ftaff reclin'd, With wonder view'd the opening flower.
" Ill-fated flower, at eve to blow," In pity's fimple thought he cries,
es Thy bofom muft not feel the glow " Of fplendid funs, or finiling fkies.
" Nor thee, the vagrants of the field, " The hamlet's little train behold;
or Their eyes to fweet oppreffion yield, "When thine the falling fhades unfold.
er Nor thee the hafty fhepherd heeds,
" When love has fill'd his heart with cares,
or For flowers he rifles all the meads, " For waking flowers-but thine forbears.
*s Ah! wafte no more that beauteous bloom " On night's chill fhade, that fragrant breath,
" Let fmiling funs thofe gems illume! "Fair fiower, to live unfeen is death."

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oft as the roice of vernal gales
That oer the bending meadow blow,
Or freams that feal through eren vales,
And murmur that they move fo flow:
Deep in her unfrequented bower,
Sweet Philomela pour'd her frain ;
'The bird of eve approv'd her flower,
And anfwer'd thus the anxious fwain.
Live unfeen!
By moonlight fiades, in valleys green, Lovely flower, we'll live unfeen.
of our pleafures deem not lightly, Laughing day may look more fprightly,

But I love the modeft mien, Still I love the modeft mien
Of gentie evening fair, and her ftar-trained queen.
Didit thou, fhepherd, never find,
Pleafure is of penfive kind ?
Has thy cottage never known
That fhe loves to live alone?
Doft thou not at evening hour
Feel fome foft and fecret power, Gliding o'er thy yielding mind,
Teave fweet ferenity behind;
While all difarm'd, the cares of day
Steal through the falling gloom away ?

Love to think thy lot was laid In this undiftinguih'd fhade. Far from the worlds infectious view, Thy little virtues fafely blew. Go, and in day's more dangerous hour, Guard thy emblematic flower.

## F A B L E III.

THE LAUREL AND THE REED.

THE * Reed that once the fhepherd blew On old Cephisus' hallow'd fide, To Sylla's cruel bow apply'd, Its inoffenfive matter flew.

Stay, bloody foldier, flay thy hand, Nor take the chepherd's gentle breath :
Thy rage let innocence withfand;
Let mufick foothe the thirf of death,
He frown'd-He bade the arrow fly -
The arrow fmote the tuneful fwain;
No more its tone his lip fhail try,
Nor wake its vocal foul again.
Cephisus, from his fedgy urn, With woe beheld the fanguine deed :
He mourn'd, and as they heard him mourn,
Affenting figh'd each trembling Reed. Y 3
" Fair

* The reeds on the banks of the Cephifus, of which the fhepherds made their pipes, Sylla's foldiers ufed for arrows.


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" Fair offspring of my waves," he cry'd; " That bind my brows, my banks adorn,
" Pride of the plains, the rivers' pride, " For mufick, peace, and beauty born!
s6 Ah! what unheedful have we done? " What dæmons here in death delight ?
or What fiends that curfe the focial fun? " What furies of infernal night?
" See, fee my peaceful fhepherds bleed? " Each heart in harmony that vy 'd,
6 Smote by its own melodious reel, " Lies cold, along my blufhing fide,
" Back to your urn, my waters, fly; " Or find in earth fome fecret way;
$=$ For horror dims yon confcious $\mathbb{k j}$, "A And hell has iffued into day."

Through Delphi's holy depth of chade The fympathetic forrows ran;
While in his dim and mournful glade The genius of her giores began.
or In vain Cephisus fighs to fave " The fwain that loves his watry mead,
" And weeps to fee his reddening wave, " And mourns for his nerverted Reed:
sc In vain my violated groves " Muft I with equal grief bewail,

* While defolation fternly roves, "And bids the fanguine hand affail.
os God of the genial ftream, behold " My laurel fhades of leaves fo bare
* Thofe leaves no poet's brows enfold, " Nor bind Apollo's golden hair.
or Like thy fair offspring, mifapply'd, " Far other purpofe they fupply;
"' The murderer's burning cheek to hide, "And on his frownful temples die.

66 Yet deem not thefe of Pluto's race, ". Whom wonnded nature fues in vain;
c. Pluto difclaims the dire difgrace, "And cries indignant, "They are men." ${ }^{\text {" }}$

## F A B L E IV。

the Garden rose and the wild rose,

A Dee, whofe current, free from fain,
Glides fair o'er Merioneth's plain, By mountains forc'd his way to fteer Along the lake of Pimble Mere,

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Darts fwiftly through the ftagnant mafs, His waters trembling as they pafs, And leads his lucid waves below, Unmix'd, unfullied as they flowSo clear through life's tumaltuous tide, So free could Thought and Fancy glide; Could Hope as fprightly hold her courfe, As firft fhe left her native fource, Unfought in her romantic cell The keeper of her dreams might dwell.

But ah! they will not, will not laft-
When life's fritt fairy ftage is patt, The glowing hand of Hope is cold; And Fancy lives not to be old. Darker, and darker all before; We turn the former profpect o'er; And find in Memory's faithfuleye Our little flock of pleafures lie.

Come, then; thy kind receffes ope ! Fair keeper of the dreams of Hope :
Come with thy vifonary train;
And bring my morning fcenes again?
'To Eron's wild and filent fhade, Where oft my lonely youth was laid; What time the avoodland Gexius came, And touch'd me with his holy ftame.-

Or, where the hermit, Bela, leads
Her waves through folitary meads;
And only feeds the defert-flower, Where once fhe footh'd my flumbering hour:
Or roufed by Stainmore's wintry fky,
She wearies echo with her cry;
And oft, what ftorms her bofom tear, Her deeply-wounded banks declare.-

Where Eden's fairer waters flow, By Milton's bower, or Osty's brow, Or Brockley's alder-haded cave, Or, winding round the Druid's grave, Silently glide, with pious fear, To found his holy flumbers near.-

To thefe fair fcenes of Fancy's reign, O Memory! bear me once again : For, when life's varied fcenes are paft, ${ }^{\prime}$ Tis fimple Nature charms at laft.
'Twas thus of old a poet pray'd;
Th' indulgent power his prayer approv'd, And, ere the gather'd Rofe could fade.

Reftored him to the fcenes he lov'd.
A Rofe, the poet's favourite flower,
From Flora's cultured walks he bore ; No fairer bloom'd in Esher's bower,

Nor Prior's charming Chloe wore,

No fairer flowers could Fancy twine
To hide Anacreon`s fnowy hair;
For there Almeria's bloom divine, And Elliot's fweeteft bluh was there.

When fhe, the pride of courts, retires, And leaves for fhades, a nation's love, With awe the villgge maid admires,

How Waldegrave looks, how Waldegrave moves.

So marvelld much in Enon's fhade
The flowers that all uncultur'd grew, When there the fplendid Rofe difplay'd Her fwelling breat, and fhining hue.

Yet one, that oft adorn'd the place
Where now her gaudy rival reigned, Of fimpler bloom, but kindred race,

The pentive Eglantine complained.-
"f Miftaken youth," with fighs fhe faid, " From nature and from me to ftray?
" The bard, by fplendid forms betray'd, " No more fhall frame the purer lay.
*) Luxuriant, like the flaunting Rofe, " And gay the brilliant ftrains may be,
of But far, in beauty, far from thofe, or That flowed to nature and to me."

The poet felt, with fond furprize,
The truths the fylvan critic told;
And " though this courtly Rofe," he cries, " Is gay, is beauteous to behold;
or Yet, lovely flower, I find in thee " Wild fweetnefs which no words exprefs,
" And charms in thy fimplicity, " That dwell not in the pride of drefs."

## F A B L E V:

THE VIOLET AND THE PANS:

SHEPHERD, if near thy artlefs breat
The god of fond defires repair; Implore him for a gentle gueft. Implore him with unwearied prayer.

Should beauty's foul-enchanting fmile, Love-kindling looks, and features gay. Should thefe thy wandering eye beguile, And fteal thy warelefs heart away;

That heart fhall foon with forrow fwell, And foon the erring eye deplore, If in the beauteous bofom dwell No gentle virtue's genial fore.

Far from his hive one fummer-day,
A young and yet unpractis'd bee,
Borne on his tender wings away,
Went forth the flowery world to fee.
The morn, the noon in play he pafs' d ,
But when the fhades of evening came, No parent brought the due repaft, And faintnefs feiz'd his little frame.

By nature urg'd, by intiact led,
The bofom of a flower he fought, Where ftreams mourn'd round a moffy bed, And violets all the bank enwrought.

Of kindred race, but brighter dies,
On that fair bank a Panfy grew, That borrow'd from indulgent flies

A velvet fhade and purple hue.
The tints that Atream'd with gleffy gold,
The relvet fhade, the purple hue,
The ftranger wonder'd to behold, And to its beasteous bofom flew.

Not fonder hafte the lover fpeeds,
At evening's fall, his fair to meet,
When o'er the hardly-bending meads
He frings on more than mortal feet :

Nor glows his eye with brighter glee, When ftealing near her orient breatt;
Than felt the fond enamour'd bee, When firft the golden bloom he preft.

Ah! pity much his youth untried,
His heart in beauty's magic fpell! So never pafion thee betide,

But where the genial virtues dwell.
In vain he feeks thofe virtues there;
No foul-fuftaining charms abound :
No honey'd fweetnefs to repair
The languid wafte of life is found.
An aged bee, whofe labours led
Through thofe fair fprings, and meads of gold,
His feeble wing, his drooping head
Beheld, and pity'd to behold.
" Fly, fond adventurer, fly the art
" That courts thine eye with fair attire;
" Who fimiles to win the heedlefs heart, 'ك Will fmile to fee that heart expire.
"This modeft flower of humbler hue, " That boafts no depth of glowing dyes, " Array'd in unbefpangled blue, or The fimple cloathing of the fkies-
or This flower, with balmy fweetnefs blef,
" May yet thy languid life renew :".
He faid, and to the Violet's breaft
The little vagrant faintly flew.

## FABLEVI.

The Queen of the meadow and the CROWN IMPERIAL.

H
ROM Bactria's vales, where beauty blows Luxuriant in the genial ray;
Where flowers a bolder gem difclofe, And deeper drink the golden day :

From Bactria's vales to Britain's fhore What time the Crown Imperial came,
Full high the fately firanger bore
The honours of his birth and name。
In all the pomp of eaftern ftate, In all the eaftern glory gay,
He bade, with native pride elate, Each flower of humbler birth obes.

O, that the child unborn might hear, Nor hold it ftrange in diftant time,
That freedom eren to flowers was dear, To flowers that bloom'd in Britain's clime!

Thro' purple meads, and fpicy gales, Where Strymon's * filver waters play, While far from hence their goddefs dwells, She rules with delegated fway.

That fway the Crown Imperial fought, With high demand and haughty mien : But equal claim a rival brought, A rival, call'd the Meadow's Queen.
${ }^{66}$ In climes of orient glory born, " Where beanty firt and empire grew;
or Where firf unfoids the golden morn, " Where richer falls the fragrant dew:
" In light's ethereal beauty dreft, "' Behold," he cried, " the favour'd flower.
"Which Flora's high commands inveft "' With eniigns of imperial power!
«6 Where proftrate vales, and blufhing meads, "And bending mountains own his fway,
or While Persin's lord his empire leads, " And bids the trembling world obey;
" While blood bedews the ftraining bow, " And conqueft rends the fcatterd air,
cc 'Tis mine to bind the victor's brow, "And reign in envied glory there :

* The Ionian Strymon.


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"Then lowly bow, ye Britifh flowers ! "Confefs your monarch's mighty fway,
" And own the only glory yours, "When fear flies trembling to obey,"

He faid, and fudden o'er the plain, From flower to flower a murmur ran; With modeft air, and milder ftrain, When thus the Meadow's Queen began.
" If vain of birth, of glory vain, "Or fond to bear a regal name,
" The pride of folly brings difdain, " And bids me urge a tyrant's claim :
" If war my peaceful realms affail, "And then, unmov'd by pity's call,
" I fmile to fee the bleeding vale, " Or feel one joy in nature's fall:
" Then may each juftly vengeful flower " Purfue her Queen with generous ftrife,
os Nor leave the hand of lawlefs power " Such compafs on the fcale of life.

* One fimple virtue all my pride! " The win that fies to mifery's aid;
es The balm that fiops the crimfon tide * " And heals the wounds that war has made."
* The groperty of that flower.

Their
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Their free confent by Zephyrs borne,
The flowers their Meadow's Queen obey:
And fairer bluhes crowned the morn,
And fweeter fragrance filled the day.

> FABLE VII.
> THE WALL.FLOWER.
"s ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{HY}$ loves my flower, the fweetef flower That fwells the golden breaft of May,
" Thrown rudely o'er this ruin'd tower, " To wafte her folitary day ?

* Why, when the mead, the fpicy vale, " The grove and genial garden call,
of Will the her fragrant foul exhale, " Unheeded on the lonely wall ?
ct For never fure was beauty born " To live in death's deferted fhade?
" Come, lovely flower, my banks adorn, " My banks for life and beauty made.".
'Thus Piry wak'd the tender thought, And by her fweet perfuafion led, 'To feize the hermit-flower I fought, And bear her from her ftony bed.


## 338 : ANGHORNE'S POEMS.

I fought-but fudden on mine ear A voice in hollow murmurs broke,
And fmote my heart with holy fearThe Genius of the Ruin fpoke.
cs From thee be far th' ungentle deed, "The honours of the dead to fpoil,
" Or take the fole remaining meed,
"The flower that crowns their former toil!
" Nor deem that flower the garden's foe, "Or fond to grace this barren fhade;
s' 'Tis Natcre tells her to beftow
" Her honours on the lonely dead.
cc For this obedient Zephyrs bear " Her light feeds round yon turret's mold,
" And undifpers'd by tempefts there, " They rife in vegetable gold.
"Nor fhall thy wonder wake to fee "Such defart fcenes diftinction crave ;
"Oft have they been, and oft fhall be " Truth's, Honour's, Valour's, Beauty's grave ${ }_{*}$
es Where longs to fall that rifted fpire, "As weary of th' infulting air ;
" 'The poet's thought, the warrior's fire, "The lover's fighs are fleeping there.
sc When that too inakes the trembling ground, " Borne down by fome tempeftuous fky ,
" And many a flumbring cottage round " Startles-how ftill their hearts will lie!

* Of them who, wrapt in earth fo coid, " No more the fmiling day fhall view,
cs Should many a tender tade be told; " For many a tender thought is due.
«r Haft thou not feen fome lover pale, " When evening brought the penfive hour,
" Step flowly o'er the fhadowy vale, " And ftop to pluck the frequent flower?
cs Thofe flowers he furely meant to ftrew " On loft affection's lowly cell;
cr Though there, as fond remembrance grew, " Forgotten, from his hand they fell.
" Has not for thee the fragrant thorn " Been taught her firft rofe to refign?
" With vain but pious fondne?s borne ${ }^{6}$ 'To deck thy Nancy's honour'd fhrine?
cc Tis Nature pleading in the breaft, " Fair memory of her works to find;
* And when to fate fhe yields the reft, ". She claims the monumental mind.
or Why, elfe, the o'ergrown paths of time " Would thus the letter'd fage explore,
e" With pain thefe crumbling ruins climb, "And on the doubtful fculpture pore ?
e Why feeks he with unwearied toil "Through death's dim walks to urge his way,
-" Reclaim his long-afferted fpoil,
"And lead Oblivion into day?
es 'Tis Nature prompts, by toil or fear " Unmov'd, to range thro' death's domain:
©The tender parent loves to hear
" Her childrens' fory told again.
er 'Treat not with fcorn his thoughtful hours, " If haply near thefe haunts he ftray;
94 Nor take the fair enlivening flowers
" That bloom to cheer his lonely way."


## FABLE VIII.

## THE TULIPANDTHEMYRTLE*

'TWAS on the border of a ftream

A gayly-painted Tulip ftood, And, gilded by the morning beam, Survey'd her beauties in the flood.

* This Fable was firf publifhed in a Collection of Letters, fupe pofed to have paffed beiween St. Eyremond and Waller.

And fure, more lovely to behold, Might nothing meet the wiftful eye, 'Than crimfon fading into gold, In ftreaks of faireft fymmetry.
'The beauteous flower, with pride elate, Ah me! that pride with beauty dwells! Vainly affects fuperior ftate, And thus in empty fancy fiwells.
"O luftre of unrivall'd bloom!
" Fair painting of a hand divine!
${ }^{6}$ Superior far to mortal doom,
"c The hues of heaven alone are mine!
© Away, ye worthlefs, formlefs race! " Ye weeds, that boaft the name of flowers
" No more my native bed difgrace, " Unmeet for tribes fo mean as yours!
" Shall the bright daughter of the fun "c Affociate with the fhrubs of earth ?
© Ye flaves, your fovereign's prefence fhun ! " Refpect her beauties and her birth.
or And thou, dull, fullen ever-green! " Shalt thou my fhining fphere invade
"s $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{y}}$ noon-day beauties beam unfeen, "Obfcur'd beneath thy duky flade!"
"، Deluded fower!" the Myrtle cries, "Shall we thy moment's bloom adore?

* The meaneit fhrub that you defpife, " The meaneft flower has merit more.
or That daify, in its fimple bloom, "Shall laft along the changing year ;
" Blufh on the fnow of winter's gloom, " And bid the fmiling fipring appear.
as The violet, that, thofe banks beneath, " Hides from thy fcorn its modeft head,
*s Shall fill the air with fragrant breath, "When thou art in thy dufty bed.
" Ev'n I, who boaft no golden fhade, "Am of no fhining tints poffers' d ,
${ }^{46}$ When low thy lucid form is laid, sh Shall bloom on many a lovely breaft.
* And he, whofe kind and foftering care "To thee, to me, our beings gave,
or Shall near his breaft my flowrets wear, "And walk regardlefs o'er thy grave.
" Deluded flower, the friendly fcreen " That hides thee from the noon-tide ray,
"t And mocks thy paffion to be feen, * Prolongs thy tranfitory day.
or But kindly deeds with fcorn repaid, " No more by virtue need be done:
*s I now withdraw my dufky fhade, " And yield thee to thy darling fun."

Fierce on the flower the fcorching beam With all its weight of glory fell;
The flower exulting caught the gleam, And lent its leaves a bolder fmell,

Expanded by the fearching fire, The curling leaves the breaft difclos'd; 'The mantling bloom was painted higher, And every latent charm expos'd.

But when the fun was fliding low, And evening came, with dews fo cold;
The wanton beauty ceas'd to blow, And fought her bending leaves to fold.

Thofe leaves, alas! no more wou!d clofe ; Relax'd, exhaufted, fickening, pale;
They left her to a parent's woes, And fled before the rifing gale,

## FABLE IX.

$$
T H E B E E-F L O W E R *
$$

$\mathrm{C}^{\circ}$OME, let us leave this painted plain; This wate of flowers that palls the eye : The walks of Nature's wilder reign

Shall pleafe in plainer Majefty.
Through thofe fair fcenes, where yet fhe owes Superior charms to Brockman's art, Where, crowned with elegant repofe,

He cherifhes the focial heart-

Through thofe fair fcenes we'll wander wild, And on yon pafture-mountains reft ; Come, brother dear! come, Nature's child! With all her fimple virtues bleft.

* This is a fpecies of the Orchis, which is found in the barren and mountainous parts of Lincolnfhire, Worcefterfhire, Kent, and Hertfordhire. Nature has formed a Bee apparently feeding on the breaft of the flower with fo much exactnefs, that it is impoffible at a very fmall diftance to diftinguifh the impofition. For this purpofe the has obferved an cconomy different from what is found in mo other flowers, and has laid the petals horizontally. The genus of the Orchis, or Satyrion, the feems profeffedly to have made ufe of for her paintings, and on the different fpecies has drawn the perfect forms of different infects, fuch as Bees, Flies, Butterflies, \&ic.

The fun far-feen on diffant towers, And clouding groves and peopled feas,
And ruins pale of princely bowers
On Beachrorough's airy heights fhall pleafe
Nor lifelefs there the lonely fcene ; The little labourer of the hive,
From flower to flower, from green to green, Murmurs, and makes the wild alive.

See, on that flowret's velvet breaft How clofe the bufy vagrant lies!
His thin-wrought plume, his downy breaft, The ambrofial gold that fwells his thighs !

Regardlefs, whilf we wander near, Thrifty of time, his tafk he plies;
Or fees he no intruder near, And refts in fleep his weary eyes,

Perhaps his fragrant load may bind His limbs ;-we'll fet the captive free-
I fought the living Bee to find, And found the picture of a Bee.

Attentive to our trifing felves, From thence we plan the rule of all;
Thus Nature with the fabled elves
We rank, and thefe her Sports we call.

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Be far, my friends, from you, from me, 'Th' unhallow'd term, the thought profane, That Life's majestic sourcemay be In idle fancy's trifling vein.

Remember ftill, 'tis Nature's plair
Religion in your love to find;
And know, for this, fhe firft in man
Infpir'd the imitative mind.
As confcious that affection grows,
Pleas'd with the pencil's mimic power*;
That power with leading hand fhe fhews,
And paints a Bee upon a flower.
Mark, how that rooted mandrake wears
His human feet, his human hands!
Oft, as his fhapely form he tears,
Aghaft the frighted plowman ftands.
See where, in yonder orient ftone,
She feems ev'n with herfelf at ftrife,
While fairer from her hand is fhewn The pisturd, than the native life.

Helvetia's

* The well known Fables of the Painter and Statuary that fell in love with objects of their own creation, plainly arofe from the idea of that attachment, which follows the imitation of agreeable objects, to the objects imitated.

Helvetia's rocks, Sabrina's waves, Still many a fhining pebble bear, Where oft her ftudious hand engraves The perfect form and leaves it there.

O long, my Paxton*, boaft her art; And long her love of laws fulfil:
To thee fhe gave her hand and heart, To thee, her kindnefs and her fkill!

## FABLEX.

THE WILDING AND THE BROOM,
IN yonder green wood blows the Broom; Shepherds, we'll truft our flocks to ftray, Court nature in her fweeteft bloom, And fteal from care one fummer-day.

From Him * whofe gay and graceful brow
Fair-hainded Hume with rofes binds, We'll learn to breathe the tender vow, Where flow the fairy Fortha winds.

And oh! that $\mathrm{He}+$ whofe gentle breaft
In nature's fofteft mould was made,
Who left her fmiling works imprest
In charaeters that cannot fade;

* An ingenious Portrait Painter in Rathbone Place.
$\dagger$ William Hamilton of Bangour, $\ddagger$ Thomson.


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'That he inight leave his lowly fhrine, Though fofter there the Seafons fallThey come, the fons of verfe divine, They come to fancy's magic call. "What airy founds invite
" My fteps not unreluctant, from the depth
"Of Shene's delightful groves? Repofing there
" No more I hear the bufy voice of men
" Far-toiling o'er the globe-fave to the call
" Of foul-exalting poetry, the ear
"Of death denies attention. Rouz'd by her,
" The genius of fepulchral filence opes
" His drowfy cells, and yields us to the day.
"For thee, whofe hand, whatever paints the fpring,
"Or fwells on fummer's breaft, or loads the lap
"Of autumn, gathers heedful-Thee whofe rites
" At nature's flhrine with holy care are paid
" Daily and nightly ; boughs of brighteit green,
" And every faireft rofe, the god of groves,
" The queen of flowers, fhall fweeter fave for thee.
" Yet not if beauty only claim thy lay,
"Tunefully trifing. Fair philofophy,
" And nature's love, and every moral charm
" That leads in fireet captivity the mind
" To virtue-ever in thy neareft cares
" Be thefe, and animate thy living page
" With truth refiftlefs, beaming from the fource
"Of perfect light immortal-Vainly boafts
" That golden Broom its funny robe of flowers:
cs Fair are the funny flowers; but, fading foon
" And fruitlefs, yield the forefter's regard
« To the well-loaded Wilding-Shepherd, there
cs Behold the fate of fong, and lightly deem
" Of all but moral beauty."


I hear my Hamilton reply, (The torch of fancy in his cye)
"' 'Tis not in vain," I hear him fay,
"ك That nature paints her works fo gay;
© For, fruitlefs though that fairy broom,
" Yet flill we love her lavinh bloom.

* Cheer'd with that bloom, yon defart wild
es Its native horrors loft, and fmiled.
or And oft we mark her golden ray
" Along the dark wood fcatter day.
" Of moral ufes take the ftrife ;
" Leave me the elegance of life.
© Whatever charms the ear or eye
" All beauty and all harmony;
" If fweet fenfations thefe produce,
" I know they have their moral ufe.
er I know that Nature's charms can move
ec The fprings that ftrike to Virtue's love,"

> FABLE XI.

## the misletoe and the passion-flower.

IN this dim cave a druid fleeps, Where ftops the paffing gale to moan ; 'The rock he hollow'd, oor him weeps, And cold drops wear the fretted flone.

In this dim cave, of different creed, An hermit's holy ahes reft:
The fchool-boy finds the frequent bead, Which many a formal matin blef.

That truant-time full well I know, When here I brought, in folen hour, The druid's magic Minetoe,

The holy hermit's Paffion-flower.
The offerings on the myftic ftone Penfive I laid, in thought profound, When from the cave a deep'ning groan

Iffued, and froze me to the ground.

I hear it ftill-Doft thou not hear?
Does not thy haunted fancy flart? The found fill vibrates thro' mine earThe horror rufhes on my heart.

Unlike to living founds it came,
Unmix'd, unmelodiz'd with breath;
But, grinding thro' fome fcrannel frame,
Creak'd from the bony lungs of death.
I hear it ftill-_" Depart," it cries ; " No tribute bear to fhades unblef:
" Know, here a bloody druid lies, " Who was not murfed at Nature's breaf.
c* Affociate he with dæmons dire, " O'er human victims held the knife,
"A And pleas'd to fee the babe expire, " Smil'd grimly o'cr its quivering life.
or Behold his crimfon-ftreaming hand " Erect!-his dark, fix'd, murderous eye !".
In the dim cave I faw him ftand;
And my heart died-I felt it die.
I fee him fill-Doft thou not fee
The haggard eye-ball's hollow glare?
And gleams of wild ferocity
Dart through the fable fhade of hair?
What meagre form behind him moves,
With eye that rues th' invading day;
And wrinkled afpect wan, that proves
The mind to pale remorfe a prey?

What wretched-Hark—the voice replies, " Boy, bear thefe idle honours hence!
" For, here a guilty hermit lies, " Untrue to Nature, Virtue, Senfe.

* Though Nature lent him powers to aid " The moral caufe, the mutual weal ;
* Thofe powers he funk in this dim fhade, " The defperate fuicide of zeal.
es Go, teach the drone of faintly haunts, " Whofe cell's the fepulchre of time;
c) Though many a holy hymn he chaunts, " His life is one continued crime.
cs And bear them hence, the plant, the flower; " Nə fymbols thofe of fyftems rain!
© They have the duties of their hour; ss Some bird fome infect to fuftain."


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## OWEN OF CARBON.

0N Carbon's Side the primrofe pale, Why does it wear a purple hue? Ye Maidens fair of Marlivale, Why ilream your eyes with Pity's dew?
> 'This all with gentle Cowes's Blood
> That purple grows the Primrofe pale; That Pity pours the tender Flood

> From each fair Eye in Marifvares

The evening far fate in his ere, The fun his golden treffes gave, The North's pure morn her orient dye, To him who reft in yonder grave!

Beneath no high, historic fore, Though nobly born, is Ow en laid, Stretched on the green wood's lap alone, He flees beneath the waving fade,

There many a flowery race hath firing, And fled before the mountain gale, Since frt his fipple dirge he fund;

Ye maidens fair of Mirlivala :

$$
\text { VCL, LXXI. } \cdot \text { A }
$$

Yet fill, when May with fragrant feet
Hath wanderd o'er your meads of gold,
That dirge I hear fo fimply fweet
Far echo'd from each evening fold.

## II.

${ }^{3}$ Twas in the pride of Williams * day',
When Scotland's honours fourih'd ftill,
'That Moray's Earl, with mighty fway',
Bore rule o'er many a Highland hill.
And far for him their fruitful fore
The fairer plains of Carros fpread;
In fortune rich, in offspring poor,
An only daughter crown'd his bed.
On! write not poor-the Wealth that flows
In waves of gold round India's throne, All in her finining Breaft that glows,

To EleEs's $\dagger$ charms, were earth and fone.
For her the Youth of Scotland figh'd,
The Frenchmangay, the Spaniard grave,
And fmoother Iraly applied,
And many an E:iglish Baron brave.
In

* William the Lyon, king of Scotland.
+ The Lady Ellen, only Daughter of John Earl of Moray, betrothed to the Earl of Nithifdale, and afterwards to the Earl Barnard, was efteemed one of the finef Women in Europe, infomuch that the had ieveral Suitors, and Admirers in Foreign Courts.

> In vain by foreign arts affail'd
> No foreign loves her breatt beguile, And Engiand's honeft valour fail'd, Faid with a cold, but courteous fmile.

* Ah! woe to thee, young Nithisdale, " That o'er thy cheek thofe rofes ftray'd,
"Thy breath, the violet of the vale, " Thy voice, the mufic of the flade!
"Ah! woe to thee, that Elien's love " Alone to thy foft tale would yield!
"For foon thofe gentle arms fhall prore " The Confiat of a ruder field."
> "Twas thes a wayward Siffer fpoke, And caft a rueful glance benind, As from her dim wood-glen fhe broke, And mounted on the moaning wind.

Sle fpoke and vanifh'd,-more umov'd Than Moray's rocks, when forms invef. The raliant Youth by Elefv lovid With aught that Fear, or Fate fuggef.

For Love, methinks, hath power to raife The Soul beyond a vulgar ftate; Th' 'nconquer'd banners he difplays Contrel our fuars and fix our fate.

## III.

'Twas when, on Summer's fofteft eve,
Of clouds that wanderd weft away, 'Twilight with gentle hand did weave

Her fairy robe of night and day.
When all the mountain gales were ftill,
And the waves flept againt the fhore,
And the Sun, funk beneath the hill,
Left his laft fimile on Lemmermore*。
Led by thofe waking dreams of thought
That warm the young unpracis'd breaft,
Her wonted bower fweet Elles fought,
And Carron murmurd near, and footh'd her into Reit.

## IV.

There is fome kind and courtly Sprite
'That o'er the realm of Fancy reigns, Throws fumhine on the malk of Night, And fmiles at Slumber's powerlefs chains;
'Tis told, and I believe the Tale,
At this foft hour that Sprite was there, And fpread with fairer fowers the vale,

And filld with fweeter founds the air.
A Bower
*A Chain of Mountain s rumning through Scotland from Eaft toWer.

A Bower he fram'd (for he could frame What long might weary mortal Wight : Swift as the Lightning's rapid flame Darts on the unfufpecting fight.)

Such bower he fram'd with magic Hand, As well that wizard Bard hath wove,
In feenes where fair Akmidas wand
Wav'd all the witcheries of Love.
Yet was it wrought in fimple fhew; Nor Indian mines nor Orient hores
ITad lent their glories here to glow, Or yielded here their mining forcs.

> All round a Poplar's trembling arms The Wild Rofe wound her damak fower;
> The Woodbine lent her ficy charms, That loves to weave the lower's bower.

The Ah, that courts the Mountain-air, In all her painted blooms arrayd, The Wilding's bloffom bluming fair, Combin'd to form the flowery fhade.

With Thyme that loves the brown hills breaft, The Cowhlip's fiweet, reclining head, The Violet of $\mathrm{fk} y$-woven reft, Whas ail the Fairy ground bepread.

But, who is he, whofe locks fo fair Adown his manly fhoulders flow?
Befide him lies the hunter's Spear, Befide him fleeps the Warrior's Bowo

Fe bends to Ellex-(gentle Sprite, Thy fweet feductive arts forbear) He courts her arms with ford delight, And inftant vanifhes in air.

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V .
$$

Hat theu not found at early dawn Some fofic Ideas meit away, If o'er fweet vale, or flow'ry lawn, The Sprite of dreams hath bid thee ftray?

ITaf thou not fome fair Object feen, And, when the fieeting form was paft, Still on thy Memory found its mien, And felt the fond Idea laft ?

Thou hat-and of the pictur'd view, Seen in fome vifion counted vain, Has ftruck thy wond ring eye anew, And brought the long-loft dream again.

With Warrior-bow, with Hunter's fpear,
With locks adown his fhoulder fpread, Toung Nithisdale is ranging nearHes ranging near yon' mountain's head.

Scarce had one pale Moon pafs'd away, And filld her filver urn again, When in the devious chace to firay, Afar from all his woodland train,

To Carrow's banks his Fate confign'd; And, all to fhun the fervid hour, He fought fome friendly fhade to find, And found the vilionary bower.

## VI.

Led by the golden Star of Love, Sweet Ellen took her wonted way, And in the deep-defending grove Sought refuge from the fervid day-

Oh:-Who is he whofe ringlets fair, Diforder'd o'er his green veft flow, Reclin'd in reft-whofe funny hair Half hides the fair cheek's ardent glow?
'Tis he, that Sprite's illutive gueft, (Ah me! that Sprites can Fate control!)
'That lives fill imag'd on her breaft, That lives ftill picturd in her foul.

As when fome gentle Spirit fied
From earth to breathe Elyfian air, And in the train whom we call dead, Perceives its long-lov'd partner there;

Soft fuade en Pleafure rufhes o'er
Refflefs, oor its airy Frame,
To find its future Fate reftore
The object of it's former flame.
So Ellex food-lefs power to more Had he, who, bound in Slumber's chain. Scmd haply, o'er his hills to rove, And wind his Wcodland chace again.

She food, but trembled-mingled Fear, And fond Delight and melting Love Seizid all her Soul; fhe came not near, She came not near that fated grove.

She frives to fly-from Wizzards Wand
As well might powerlefs captive fly-
The new cropt fower falls from her hand Ah! fall not with that fower to die!

## VII.

Hirt thou not feen fome azure gleam Amile in the Morning's orient eye, And firtt the reddening cloud's foft beam What time the Sun was hafing nigh?

Thou haft-and thou canft fancy well
As any Mufe that meets thine ear, The Soul-fet eye of Nithisdale,

When wak'd, it fix'd on Ellex near.

Silent they gazd-that filence hroke; "s Hail Goddefs of thefe groves, he cry'd,

* O let me wear thy gentle yoke! "O let me in thy fervice bide!
" For Thee I'll climb the mountain feeep, "Unwearied chafe the deftin'd prey,
" For thee Ill pierce the wild wood deep, " And part the fprays that vex thy way."

For thee-" O flranger, ceafe," fhe faid, And fwift away, like Dapher, few, But Daphya's 日ight was not delay d By aught that to her bofom grew.
'Twas Atalantas golden fruit, The fond Idea that confind
Fair Ellen's fteps, and blefs'dhes fuit, Who was not far, not far behind.

## VIII.

O Love! within thofe golden vales, Thofe genial airs where thou watt born:
Where nature, liftening thy foft tales, Leans on the rofy breaf of Morn.

Where the fweet Smiles, the Graces dwell, And tender fighs the leart emore,
In filent eloquence to tell
Thy tale, O foul-fubduing Love !
$3^{62}$ LANGHORNE'S POEMF
Ah! wherefore fhould grim Rage be nigh,
And dark Diftruf, with changeful face,
And Jealoufy's reverted eye
De near thy fair, thy favour'd place?

## IX.

Earl Barvard was of high degree, And lord of many a lowland hind; And long for Ellen love had He, Had love, but not of gentle kind.

From Moray's halls her abfent hour He watch'd with all a mifer's care ; The wide domain, the princely dower Made Ellen more than Ellen fair.

Ah wretch! to think the liberal foul May thus with fair affection part!
Though Lothian's vales thy fway controul, Know, Lothian is not worth one heart,

Studious he marks her abfent hour,
And, winding far where Carron flows,
Sudden he fees the fated bower,
And red rage on his dark brow glows.
For who is He? -'Tis Nithisdale!
And that fair form with arm reclin'd
On his?-'Tis Ellen of the vale,
"Tis the (O powers of vengeance!) kind.

## OWEN OF CARRON.

Should He that Vengeance fwift purfue ? No-that would all his hopes defroy; Moray would ranifh from his view, And rob him of a mifer's joy.

Unfeen to Moray's halls he hies-
He calls his flaves, his rufinn band, or And, haite to yonder groves," he cries, " And ambuftid lie by Carron's frand.
st What time ye mark from bower or glen " A gentle lady take her way,
or To diftance dve, and far from ken, " Allow her length of time to firay.
. Then ranfack fraight that range of groves." With hunter's fpear, and veft of green:

* If chance a rofy ftripling roves,"Ye well can aim your arrows keen."

And now the ruffian flaves are nigh, And Ellen takes her homeward way:
Though ftay'd by many a tender figh, She can no longer, longer ftay.

Penfive, againft yon Poplar pale
The Lover leans his gentle heart, Revolving many a tender tale, And wond'ring flill how they could part.

Three arrows pierc'd the defert air,
Ere yet his tender dreams depart ;
And one fruck deep his forehead fair,
And one went through his gentle heart.
Love's waking dream is loft in fleep-
He lies beneath yon Poplar pale!
Ah! could we marvel ye fhould weep; Ye maidens fair of Marlivale!

## X.

When all the mountain gales were ftill, And the wave flept againt the fhore, And the Sun, funk beneath the hill, Left his laf fmile on Lemmernore;

Sweet Eilen takes her wonted way Along the fairy-featur'd rale:
Bright o'er his wave docs Carrox play,
And foon he'll meet her Nithisdale.
She"ll meet him foon-for at her fight
Swift as the mountain deer he fped;
'The evening fhades will fink in night, -
Where art thou, loitering lover, fied ?
O! the will chide thy trifling ftay, E'en now the foft reproach the frames:
"Can lovers brook fuch long delay?
" Lovers that boaft of ardent flames!"

He comes not-weary with the chace,
Soft tlumber o er his eyelids throws Her veil-we ll fteal one dear embrace, We"ll gently feal on his repofe.

This is the bower-well finty tread He fleeps beneath yon Poplat paleLover, if e er thy leart las bled, Thy heat will far forego my tale !
XI.

Eiles: is net in princely bower, She's not in Moray's fplendid train; Their miftects dear, at midnight hour, Her weeping naidens feek in rain.

Her piilow fwells not deep with down; For her no balms their fweets exhale:
Her limbs are on the pale turf thrown, Prefod by her lovely cheek as pale.

On that fair cheek, that flowing him, The broom it's yellow leaf hatis hed, And the chill mountain's early air Blows wildly oer her beauteous head.

As the foft itar of Orient day, When clouds involve his rofy light, Darts through the gloom a tranfient ray, And leaves the world once more to night ;

Returning life illumes her eye,
And flow its languid orb unfolds-
What are thofe bloody arrows nigh ?
Sure, bloody arrows he beholds !
What was that form fo ghafly pale,
That low beneath tbe Poplar lay ?Twas fome poor youth-"Ah Nithisdale!" She faid, and filent funk away.

## XII.

The morn is on the mountuins fpread, The Wood-lark trills his liquid frainCan mom's fweet mufic ronie the dead?

Give the fet eye it's foul again?
A mepherd of that gentler mind
Which Nature not profufely yields,
Secks in there lonely fhades to find Some wanderer from his little fields.

Aghat he fands-and fimple fear
Oer all his paly vifage glides -
"Ah me! what means this mifery here?
"What fate this lady fair betides!"
He bears her to his friendly home, When life, he finds, has but retir'd;With hafte he frames the lover's tomb, For his is quite, is quite expir'd!

## XIII.

ace O hide me in thy humble bower," Returning late to life, fhe faid;

* I'll bind thy crook with many a flower; " With many a rofy wreath thy head.
*، Good fhepherd, hafie to yonder grove, " And, if my Love afleep is 1 m ,
«6 Oh! wake him not ; but f(ffly move " Some pillow to that gentle head.
"Sure, thon wilt know him, fhepherd fwain, "Thou know't the Sun rife o'er the fea-
os Bat oh ! no lamb in all thy train "Was c'cr fo mild, fo mild as he."
as His head is on the Wood-mofs laid ; " I did not wake his flumber deen--
-6 Sweet fing the Redbreaft o'er the fhade"Why, gentle lady, would you weep?"

As flowers that fade in burning day, At evening find the dew-drop dear, But fiercer feel the noon-tide ray, When foften'd by the nightly tear ;

Returning in the flowing tear, This lovely flower, more fweet than they, Tound her fair foul, and wand'ring near, The ftranger, Reafon, crofs'd her way.


Found her fair Soul-Ah! fo to find
Was but more dreadful grief to know !
Ah! fure, the privilege of mind
Can not be worth the wih of woe!

## XIV.

On Melancholy's filent urn
A fofter flate of forrow f.lls, Det Eiles can no more retum, No mere retura to Moray's halls.

Eneath the low and lonely hade
The flow-confuming hour he 11 weep,
Till Noture feek her lat-left aid,
In the fad, fombrous arms of heep.
co There jewels, all unmeet for me,
" Shalt thou," the faid, "good fhepherd, take:
$\Rightarrow$ There gems wiil purchafe goid for thee, os And thefe be thine for Ellen's fake,
: So fail thou not, at cre and morn,
. The Rofemary's pale bough to bring-
a Theu know'ft where I was found forlorn " Where thou hat heard the Redbreait fing.

- Heedful Ill tend thy flocks the while, "Or aid thy hetheruefs's care,
- For I will fare her humble toil, "A And I her frienily roof will hare."


## XV.

And now two longfome years are paif
In luxury of lonely pain-
The lovely mouruer, found at laft, To Moray's halls is borne again.

Yet has fhe left one object dear,
That wears Love's funny eye of joy-
Is Nithisdale reviving here?
Or is it but a fhepherd's boy?
By Carron's fide, a fhepherd's boy,
He binds his vale-flowers with the reed:
He wears Love's funny eje of joy,
And birth he little feems to heed.

## XVI.

But ah! no more his infant fleep
Clofes beneath a mother's fmile,
Who, only when it clos'd, would weep,
And yield to tender woe the while.
No more, with fond attention dear,
She feeks th'unfpoken wifh to find;
No more fhall fhe, with Pleafure's tear,
See the foul waxing into mind.
Vor, LXXI. B b ※VII.

## XVII.

Does Nature bear a tyrant's breaft :
Is flee the friend of flern controul?
Wears fhe the Defpot's purple veft?
Or fetters fhe the free-born foul?
Where, wort of tyrants, is thy claim
In chains thy childrens' breafts to bind?
Gav'ft thou the Promethéan flame?
The incommunicable mind ?

Thy offspring are great Natere's,-free,
And of her fair dominion heirs;
Each privilege fhe gives to thee ;
Know, that each privilege is theirs.
They have thy feature, wear thine eye,
Perhaps fome feelings of thy heart;
And wilt thou their lov'd hearts deny
To act their fair, their proper part ?

## XVIII.

The Lord of Lothian's fertile vale,
Ill-fated Ellen, claims thy hand;
Thou know'f not that thy Nithisdale Was low laid by his ruffian-band.

And Moray, with unfather'd eyes, Fix'd on fair Lothian's fertile dale, Attends his human facrince, Without the Grecian painter's veil.

O married Love! thy bard hall own, Where two congenial fouls unite, Thy golden chain inlaid with down, Thy lamp with heaven's own fplendour bright.

But if no radiant far of Love, O Hymen! file on thy fair rite, Thy chain a wretched weight hall prove,

Thy lamp a fad fepulchral light.

## XIX.

And now has Time's flow wandering wing
Borne many a year unmarked with feedWhere is the boy by Carbon's faring, Who bound his valc-flowers with the reed?

Ah me! thoie flowers he binds no more;
No early charm returns again ;
The parent Nature keeps in fore
Her bent joys for her little train.
No longer heed the Sun-beam bright
That plays on Carbons breath he can, Reafon has lent her quivering light,

And town the checquer'd field of man,

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\text { Bb } 2
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## XX.

As the firft human heir of earth
With penfive eye himfelf furvey'd, And, all unconfcious of his birth,

Sate thoughtful oft in Eden's flade
In penfive thought fo Owen fray'd
Wild Carron's lonely woods among,
And once, within their greeneft glade,
He fondly fram'd this fimple fong.

## XXI.

Why is this crook adorn'd with gold?
Why am I tales of ladies told ?
Why does no labour me employ,
If $I$ am but a fhepherd's boy ?
A filken veft like mine fo green
In fhepherd's hut I have not feen-
Why fhould I in fuch vefture joy
If I am but a fhepherd's boy?
I know it is no fhepherd's art
His written meaning to impart -
They teach me, fure, an idle toy,
If I am but a fhepherd's boy.

This bracclet bright that binds my armIt could not come from fhepherd's farm;
It only would that arm annoy, If I were but a fhepherd's boy.

And, O thou filent picture fair, That lov'ft to fmile upon me there, O fay, and fill my heart with joy, That I am nот a fhepherd's boy.

## XXII.

Ah lovely youth! thy tender lay
May not thy gentle life prolong: See 'ft thou yon Nightingale a prey ?

The fierce Hawk hovering o'er his fong ?
His little heart is large with love :
He fweetly hails his evening far, And Fate's more pointed arrows move, Infidious, from his eye afar.

## XXIII.

The fhepherdefs, whofe kind!y care Had watch'd o'er Owen's infant breath, Muft now their filent manfions fhare, Whom 'Time leads calmly down to death,
or O tell me, parent if thou art, "What is this lovely picture dear?
"Why wounds its mournful eye my heart, *' Why flows from mine th'unbidden tear?

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\text { B b } 3
$$

" Ah! youth! to leave thee loth am I, - Though I be not thy parent dear; " And would'ft thou wifh, or ere I die, " The fory of thy birth to hear ?

- But it will make thee much bewail, " And it will make thy fair eye fwell-" She faid, and told the woefome tale, As footh as fhepherdefs might tell.
XXIV.

The heart, that Sorrow doom'd to fhare, Has worn the frequent feal of woe, It, fad impreffions learns to bear, And finds, full oft, its ruin flow.

But when that feal is firf impreft, When the young heart its pain fhall try, From the foft, yielding, trembling breaf, Oft feems the fartled foul to fly.

Tet fed not Owen's-wild amaze
In palenefs cloath'd, and lifted hands, And Horror's dread unmeaning gaze,

Mark the poor ftatue, as it flands.
The fimple guardian of his life
Look'd wifful for the tear to glide ; But, when fhe faw his tearlefs ftrife, Silent, fhe lent him one-and died.

## XXV.

"s No, I am not a fhepherd's boy," Awaking from his dream, he faid, " Ah where is now the promis'd joy " Of this ?-for ever, ever fled!
"O picture dear!-for her lov'd fake '" How fondly could my heart bewail!
© My friendly fhepherdefs, O wake,
" And tell me more of this fad tale.
" O tell me more of this fad tale" No; thou enjoy thy gentle fleep! "A And I will go to Lothian’s Vale, " And more than all her waters weep."

## XXVI.

Owen to Lothian's Vale is fledEarl Barnard's lofty towers appear-
© O ! art thou there,' the full heart faid,
" O! art thou there, my parent dear ?"?

Yes, fhe is there: from idle fate
Oft has fhe ftole her hour to weep;
Think how fhe " by thy cradle fate,"
And how fhe "f fondly faw thee fleep *."

* See the ancient Scottifh Ballad, called Gifl Morricr. B b 4

Now tries his trembling hand to frame
Full many a tender line of love;
And ftill he blots the parent's name,
For that, he fears, might fatal prove.

## XXVII.

O'er a fair fountain's fm:ling fide
Reclin'd a dim tower, clad with mois,
Where every bird was wont to bide,
That langain'd for it's partner's lofs.
'This fcene he chofe, this fcene affign'd
A parent's firf embrace to wait,
And many a fort fear filld his mind,
Anxious for his fond letter's fate.
The hand that bore thofe lines of love,
The well-informing bracelet boreAh? may they not unprofperous prove!

Ah! fafely pafs yon dangerous door!

## XXVIII.

" She comes not ;-can fhe then delay ?"
Cried the fair youth, and dropt a tear-
" Whatever filial love could fay,
"To her I faid, and call'd her dear.
" She comes-Oh! No-encircled round * Tis fome rude chief with many a fpear.

* My haplefs tale that earl has found"Ah me! my heart!-for her I fear."

His tender tale that earl had read,
Or ere it reach'd his lady's eye,
His dark brow wears a cloud of red, In rage he deems a rival nigh.

## XXIX.

${ }^{2}$ Tis o'er-thofe locks that wav'd in gold,
That wav'd adown thofe cheeks fo fair, Wreath'd in the gloomy tyrant's hold, Hang from the fever'd head in air :

That freaming head he joys to bear In horrid guife to Lothian's halls; Bids his grim ruffians plaee it there, Erect upon the frowning walls.

The fatal tokens forth he drew-
"Know'it thou thefe-Ellen of the Vale ? ${ }^{\text {sf }}$
The pictur'd bracelet foon the knew,
And foon her lovely cheek grew pale. -
The trembling victim, fraight he led,
Ere yet her foul's firft fear was o'er :
He pointed to the ghaftly head -
She faw-and funk to rife no more.
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[^0]:    Glows through the mafs of groffer elements, And kindles into life the pondrous fpheres. Chear'd by thy kind invigorating warmth, We court thy beams, great majefty of day! If not the foul, the regent of this world, 345 Firt-born of heaven, and only lefs than God!

[^1]:    * This word is much ufed by fome of the old Englim poets, and Synifies Reward or Prize.

[^2]:    * A poem of Tibullus's in hexameter verfe; as yawning and infipid as his elegies are tender and natural.

[^3]:    * Don Carlos, a tragedy of Otway's, now long and juftly forgotten, went off with great applaufe; while his Orphan, a fomewhat better performance, and what is yet more ftrange, his Venice Preferved, according to the theatrical aneclotes of thofe times, met with a very cold reception.
    + The appearance of the face in the laft ftage of a confumption, as it is defiribed y Higpocrates.

[^4]:    * Firt painter to Lewis XIV. who, to fpeak in fafhionable French Englif, called bimfelf Lewis the Great. Ourfovereign lords the paffions, Love, Rage, Defpair, \&c. were gracioully pleafed to fit to him in their turns for their portraits: which he was genervus enough to communicate to the public; to the great improvement, no doubt, of hiftory-painting. It was he who they fay poifoned I.e Sueur; who, without half his advantages in many other refpects, was fo unreafonable and provoking as to difplay a genius with which his own could ftand no comparifon. It was he and his Gothic difciples, who, with fly feratches, defaced the mott mafterly of this Le Sueur's performances, as often as their barbarous envy could fnugly reach them. Yet after all thefe atchievements he died in his bed! A cataftrophe which could not have happened to him in a country like this, where the fine arts are as zealoufly and judicioully patronifed as they are well underfood.

[^5]:    * Vide Chatfworth, 1753.
    + Les Cordalleira's des Andee are a chain of hills, which run through South-America.

[^6]:    * Monf. de Gayot, Fils, confeiller d'cftat, et intendant de l'armée Françoife en Allemagne.

[^7]:    * The river Eden, in Weftmorland.
    + The Countefs of Pembroke, to whom Sir Philip Sydney dedicated his Arcadia, refided at Appleby, a fmall but beautiful town in Weftmorland fituated upon the Eden.

[^8]:    * Mr. Robert Henryfon, an ingenious pattoral puet.
    + Mr. John Bellentyne, Archdean of Murray, Author of a beautiful allegorical poem, entitled, Virtue and Vice.
    ${ }_{+}^{+}$Mr. Archibald Scott, in the year 1524, tranllated the Vifion, a poem, faid to have been written in the year 1360 . He was Author of the Eagle and the Redbreaft alfo, and feveral other pieees written with uncommon elegance for their day.

[^9]:    * Sce Mr. Ogilvis's Ode to the Genius of Shakefpear.

[^10]:    Vol, LXXI
    L
    " Blows

[^11]:    * He died 4 A April, $1 / 59$.
    + The Water-Mufic.
    $\ddagger$ Rorantefq; Comas a Eronte remorit ad Aures. Ovid. Mlst.

[^12]:    * L'Allegro and II Penferofo, fet to Mufic by Mrp Handel. + See Mil ton's Lycidas.

[^13]:    + Chorus of youths, in Judas Maccabeus,
    $\ddagger$ See the Oratorio of Samion,

[^14]:    * In the county of Weftmoreland.

[^15]:    * Wife of the author. She was daughter to Mr. Cracroft of Line celnhire.

[^16]:    * The lady died in child-bed.

[^17]:    * The fables of Elora.

[^18]:    * We is the daile of thime ©epes to all that are mity thee, and to all otyctif. Gen, xx, 16. Vet. Trans.

[^19]:    * Omre cmaium Caita:es, \&ic.

[^20]:    * Paufanias, who has recorded the fory on which this little poerm is founded, tells us that this was the firft temple erected to Modef:y in Greece.
    + See the veil of modefty in the Mufoum Capitolinum, vol. 3, and for further proofs of its high antiquity, fee Hom. Odylf. 1.6.

[^21]:    $\ddagger$ - Tu pofcis vilia rerum, Quamvis fers te nullius egentem. EHors

[^22]:    * Chained to the table, to prevent deprastations.

