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## TH

## W O R K S

OFTHE

## ENGLISHPOETS.

## WITH

P R E F A C E S,

## BIOGRAPHICAL AND CRITICAL.

## BY SAMUEL JOHNSON.

OULVE, THE SEVENTV'THIKJ。

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## PRINTED BYT, WRIGHT,

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THE
SEVENTY-THIRD VOLUME OFTHE

ENGLISH POETS; CONTAINING
W. WHITEHEAD and JENYNS.

## THE

## P O E M S

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WILLIAM WHITEHEAD, Esq.
CONTINUED.
(3)

TO HER

## G R A C E

> THE

## DUTCHESS of QUEENSBURY**

A A , fhall a Bard in thefe late times Dare to addrefs his trivial rhimes To Her, whom Prior, Pope, and Gay, And every Bard, who breath'd a lay Of happier vein, was fond to choofe The Patronefs of every Mufe?

Say, can he hope that You, the theme Of partial Swift's fevere efteem, You, who have borne meridian rays, And triumph'd in poetic blaze,

* In the firft edition of this little Poem the name was not printed. As the Dutchefs is fince dead, it cannot be neceffary to conceal it. She was of a great age when this compliment was paid to her, which was fingularly well adapted, as her Crace never changed her drefs according to the famion, but retained that: which had been in vogue when the was a young beauty.

Ev'n with indulgence fnould receive The fainter gleams of ebbing eve.

He syill; and boldly fay in print,
That 'twas your Grace who gave the hint ;
Who told him that the prefent fcene
Of drefs, and each prepoferous fafhion,
Fiow'd from fupinenefs in the men,
And not from female incliration.
That won:en were oblig'd to try All firatagems to catch the eye, And many a wild vagary play
To gain attention any way.
'Twas merciy cunning in the Fair.-
This may be truc-But have a care;
Your Grace will contradict in part,
Your own affertion, and my fong,
Whofe beauty, undifguis'd by art,
Has charm'd fo much, and charm'd fo long.

## ( 5 )

## V $\quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{N} \quad \mathrm{U} \quad \mathrm{S}$

## ATTIRING THE GRACES.

——. "c In naked beauty more adorn'd,
" More lovely."

> Mieton.

AS Venus one day, at her toilet affairs, With the Graces attending, adjufted her airs, In a negligent way, without boddice or hoop, As * Guido has painted the beautiful group, (For Guido, no doubt, in idea at leaft, Had feen all the Graces and Venus undreft) Half penfive, half fmiling, the Goddeis of Beauty Look'd round on the girls, as they toil'd in their duty : And furely, fhe cry'd, you have ftrangely mifcarry'd, That not one of the three fhould have ever been marry'd. Let me nicely examine-Fair foreheads, ftraight nofes, And checks that might rival Aurora's own rofes; Lips; teeth ; and what eyes! that can languifh, or roll, To enliven or foften the clegant whole.

* The celebrated picture of Venus attired by the Graces.

The fiweet auburn treffes, that fhade what they deck; The fhoulders, that fall from the delicate neck; The polif'd round arm, which my fatues might own, And the lovely contour which defcends from the zone.

Then how it fhould happen I cannot divine : Either you are too coy, or the Gods too fupine. I believe 'tis the latter; for every foft bofom Mult have its attachments, and wifn to difclofe 'em. Some lovers not beauty but novelty warms, They have feen you fo often they're tir'd of your charms. But I'll find out a method their languor to move, And at leaft make them ftare, if I can't make them love. Come here, you two girls, that look full in my face *,

And you that fo often are turning your back, Put on thefe cork rumps, and then tighten your fays
'Till your hips, and your ribs, and the frings themfelves crack.
Can ye fpeak? can ye breathe ? - Not a word-Then 'twill do.
You have often drefs'd me, and for once I'll drefs you. Don't let your curls fall with that natural bend, But ftretch them up tight 'till each hair ftands an end. One, two, nay three cufhions, like Cybele's tow'rs; 'Then a few ells of gauze, and fome bafkets of flow'rs. Thefe bottles of nectar will ferve for perfumes. Go pluck the fledg'd Cupids, and bring me their plumes. If that's not enough, you may frip all the fowls, My doves, Juno's peacocks, and Pallas's owls.

[^0]And ftay, from Jove's eagle, if *napping you take him, You may fnatch a few quills-but be fure you don't wake him.
Hold! what are ye doing! I vow and protef, If I don't watch you clofely you'll fpoil the whole jeft, What I have diforder'd you fill fet to rights, And feem half unwilling to make yourfelves frights, What I am concealing you want to difplay; But it fha'n't ferve the turn, for I will have my way. Thofe crimp'd colet'montés don't reach to your chins, And the heels of your nippers are broader than pins.

* Napping-The Aeeping Eagle in Pindar.

Thus tranlated by Weft.
Perch'd on the fcepter of th' Olympian king, The thrilling darts of harmony he feels; And indolently hangs his rapid wing,

While gentle feep his clofing eye-lids feals ; And o'er his heavirg limbs in loofe array 'To ev'ry balmy gale the rufling feathers play.

> Thus imitated by Akenfide, With flacken'd wings, While now the folemn concert breathes around, Incumbent o'er the fcepter of his Lord Sleeps the fern Eagle; by the number'd notes Poffers'd; and fatiate with the melting tone: Sovertign of birds.

> And thus by Gray.

Perching on the fcepter'd hand
Of Jove, thy magic lulls the feather'd king
With ruffied plumes, and flagging wing:
Quench'd in dark clouds of number lie
The terrer of his beak, and lightnings of his eye.

You can ftand, you can walk, like the girls in the ftreet; Thofe buckles won't do, they fcarce cover your feet. Here, run to the Cyclops, you boys without wings, And bring up their boxes of contraband things. -

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Well, now you're bedizen'd, I'll fwear, as ye pafs, I can fcarcely help laughing-Don't look in the glafs. Thofe tittering boys fhall be whipt if they teaze you; So, come away, girls. From your tcrments to eafe you, We'll hafte to Olympus, and get the thing over ; I have not the leaft doubt but you'll each find a lover. And if it fucceeds, with a torrent of mirth

We'll pefter their Godfhips agen and agen; Then fend the receipt to the ladies on earth, And bid then become monfers, till men become men.

## (9)

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## MESSAGE-CARDIN VERSE,

## SENT BYALAD.Y.

HERMES, the gamefter of the $\mathbb{k y}$, To fhare for once mankind's delights, Slipp'd down to earth, exceeding fly,

And bade his coachman drive to White's. In form a beau, fo light he trips,

You'd fiwear his wings were at his heels; From glafs to glafs, alert he fkips,

And bows and prattles while he deals. In fhort, fo well his part he play'd,

The waiters took him for a peer; And ev'n fome great ones whifp'ring faid,

He was no vulgar foreigner. Whate'er he was, he fwept the board,

Won every bett, and every game; Stripp'd ev'n the Rooks, who ftamp'd and roar'd, And wonder'd how the devil it came! He wonder'd too, and thought it hard;

But found at laft this great command Was owing to one fav'rite card,

Which till brought luck into his hand,

The four of fpades; whene'er he faw
Its fable fpots, he laugh'd at rules,
Took odds beyond the gaming law,
And Hoyle and Ph:lidor were fools.
But now, for now 'twas time to go,
What gratitude fhall he exprefs?
And what peculiar boon beftow
Upon the caufe of his fuccefs?
Suppofe, for fomething muft be done,
On Juno's felf he could prevail
To pick the pips out, one by one,
And fick them in her peacock's tail.
Should Pallas have it, was a doubt,
To twif her filk, or range her pins,
Or fhould the Mufes cut it out,
For bridges to their violins.
'To Venus hould the prize be given, Superior beauty's juft reward,
And 'gainft the next great rout in heaven,
Be fent her for a meffage-card.
Or hold-by Jove, a lucky hit!
Your Goddeffes are arrant farces ;
Go, carry it to Mrs. -
And bid her fill it full of verfes.

## ONTHE

## BIRTH-DAY of A YOUNGLADY。

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FOUR YEARS OLD.
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OLD creeping.Time, with filent tread, Has ftol'n four years o'er Molly's head. The rofe-bud opens on her clieek, The meaning eyes begin to fpeak; And in each fmiling look is feen 'The innocence which plays within. Nor is the fault'ring tongue confin'd To lifp the dawnings of the mind, But fair and full her words convey The little all they have to fay; And each fond parent, as they fall, Finds volumes in that little All.

May every charm, which now appears;
Increafe, and brighten with her years ! And may that fame old creeping Time Go on till fhe has reach'd her prime, Then, like a mafter of his trade, Stand fill, nor hurt the work he made.

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(12 .)
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## THE

Je ne fçai 2uoi.

A S O N G.

## I.

E E S, I'm in love, I feel it now,
And Cælia has undone me;
And yet I'll fivear I can't tell how
The pleafing plague ftole on me,

## II.

${ }^{9}$ Tis not her face which love creates,
For there no Graces revel;
'Tis not her fhape, for there the Fates
Have rather been uncivil.
III.
${ }^{9}$ Tis not her air, for fure in that
There's nothing more than common;
And all her fenfe is only chat,
Like any other woman.

## IV.

Her voice, her touch, might give th' alarm-
'Twas both perhaps, or neither;
In fhort, 'twas that provoling charm
Of Cælia all together.

## ( 333

## THE

## D O UBLE CONQUEST.

A S O NG.

0F muifc, and of beauty's power, I doubted much, and doubted long:
The faireft face a gaudy flower, An empty found the fiveeteft fong.

But when her voice Clarinda rais'd, And fung fo fiweet, and fmil'd fo gay, At once I liften'd, and I gaz'd; And heard, and look'd my foul away.

To her, of all his beauteous train, This wond'rous power had Love affign'd, A Double Conqueft to obtain, And cure at once the deaf and blind.

## SONG for RANELAGH.

YE belles, and ye flirts, and ye pert little things, Who trip in this frolickfome round,
Pray tell me from whence this impertinence fprings, The fexes at once to confound?
What means the cock'd hat, and the mafculine air, With each motion defign'd to perplex ?
Bright eyes were intended to languifh, not fare, And foftnefs the teft of your fex.

The girl, who on beauty depends for fupports. May call every art to her aid; The bofom difplay'd, and the petticoat fhort, Are famples fhe gives of her trade.
But you, on whom fortune indulgently fmiles, .
And whom pride has preferv'd from the fnare, Should flily attack us with coynefs, and wiles, Not with open, and infolent war.

The Venus, whofe fatue delights all mankind, Shrinks modeftly back from the view, And kindly fhould feem by the artift defign'd To ferve as a model for you.

Then learn, with her beauty, to copy her air, Nor venture too much to reveal:
Our fancies will paint what you cover with care, And double each charm you conceal.

The blufines of morn, and the mildnefs of May, Are charms which no art can procure:
O be but yourfelves, and our homage we pay, And your empire is folid and fure.
But if,' Amazon-like, you attack your gallants, And put us in fear of our lives, You smay do very well for fifters and aunts, But, believe me, you'll never be wives,

## A N

## I N S CRIPTION

IN THE

## COTTAGE Or VENUS,

AT MIDDLETON PARK, OXFORDSHIRE.

QUifquis es, O juvenis, noftro vagus advena luco, Cui cor eft tenerum, cuique puella comes ; Quifquis es, ah fugias !-hic fuadent omnia amorem, Inque cafâ hâc latitans omnia fuadet amor. Afpice fore capri quam circum aftringitur ilex Hærenti amplexu, ct luxuriante comâ! Sylva tegit, tacitum fternit tibi lana cubile, Aut tumet in vivos mollior herba toros. Si quis adeft fubitum dant tintinnabula fignum, Et ftrepit in primo limine porta loquax. Nec rigidum oftendit noftro de parjete vultum Actæufve fenex, dimidiufve Cato : At nuda afpirat dulces Cytherea furores, Atque fuos ritus confecrat ipfa Venus.

## THE SAME IN ENGLISH.

X HOE'ER thou art, whom chance ordains to rove
A youthful franger to this fatal grove, O, if thy breaft can feel too foft a flame, And with thee wanders fome unguarded dame, Fly, fly the place!-Each object thro' the fhade Perfuades to love ; and in this cottage laid, What cannot, may not, will not, love perfuade? See to yon oak how clofe the woodbine cleaves, And twines around its luxury of leaves! Above, the boughs a pleafing darknefs fhed, Beneath, a noifelefs couch foft fleeces fpread, Or fofter herbage forms a living bed. Do fpies approach ?-Shrill bells the found repeat, And from the entrance fcreams the confcious gate. Nor from thefe walls do rigid buftos frown, Or philofophic cenfors threat in fone. But Venus' felf does her own rites approve In naked fate, and thro' the raptur'd grove Breathes the fiveet madnefs of exceffive love.

## ( 18 )

## HYMN To VENUS,

ON A GREAT VARIETY OF ROSESBEING PLANTED ROUND HER COTTAGE.
$T e$, dea, te fugiunt venti, to nubila coeli Adventumque tuum; tibi fuaves Dædala tellus Summittit flores.———

LuCRET。

0Venus, whofe infpiring breath Firft waken'd Nature's genial power,
And cloath'd the teeming earth beneath With every plant, with every flower,
Which paints the verdant lap of Spring, Or wantons in the Summer's ray;
Which, brufh'd by Zephyr's dewy wing,
With fragrance hails the opening day ;
Or, pour'd profufe on hill, on piain, on dale, Referves its treafur'd fweets for evening's fofter gale?
To thee, behold, what new delights The malter of this fhade prepares!
Induc'd by far inferior rites,
You've heard a Cyprian's fofteft prayers ;
There, form'd to wreaths, the fickly flower
Has on thy altars bloom'd and died;
But here, around thy fragrant bower,
Extends the living incenfe wide ;
From the firt rofe the fof'ring zephyrs rear,
To that whofe fainter blufh adorns the dying year.
Behold one beauteous fiower affume
The luftre of th' unfullied fnow!
While there the Belgic's fofter bloom
Improves the damalk's deeper glow;

The Auftrian here in purple breaks, Or flaunts in robes of yellow light; While there, in more fantaftic Atreaks, The * red rofe mingles with the white,
And in its name records poor Albion's woes, Albion that oft has wept the colours of the rofe !

Then, Venus, come ; to every thorn Thy kind prolific influence lend; And bid the tears of eve and morn In gently dropping dews defcend; Teach every funbeam's warmth and light To pierce thy thicket's inmoft fhade;
Nor let th' ungenial damps of night
The breeze's fearching wings evade,
But every plant confefs the power that guides,
And all be beauty here where beauty's queen prefides.
So fhali the mafter's bounteous hand
New plans defign, new temples raife
To thee, and wide as his command
Extend the trophies of thy praife.
So daily, nightly, to thy far
The bard fhall grateful tribute pay,
Whether it gilds Aurora's car, Or loiters in the train of day;
And cach revolving year new hymns fiall grace Thy fhowery month, which wakes the vegetable race.

> * York and Lancafter rofes,

## INA HERMITAGEs

AT THE SAME PLACE.

THE man, whofe days of youth and eale In nature's calm enjoyments pafs'd, Will want no monitors, like * thefe, To torture and alarm his laft. The gloomy grot, the cyprefs fhade, The zealot's lift of rigid rules, 'To him are merely dull parade,

The tragic pageantry of fools. What life affords he freely taftes,

When nature calls refigns his breath. Nor age in weak repining waftes,

Nor acts alive the farce of death.
Not fo the youths of folly's train,
Impatient of each kind reftraint Which parent Nature fix'd, in wain,
'To teach us man's true blifs, content,
For fomethirg ftill beyond enough
With eager impotence they frive, 'Sill appetite has learn'd to loath

The very joys by which we live. 'Then, fill'd with all which four difdain

To difappointed vice can add, 'I'ir'd of himfelf, man flies from man, And hates the world he made fo bad.

> \# A frull, hour-glafi, sec.

## I N S C R I P T I O N

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## C O L D B A T H.

WHOE'ER thou art, approach.-Has med'cine fail'd ?
Have balms and herbs effay'd their powers in vain? Nor the free air, nor foft'ring fun prevail'd

To raife thy drooping ftrength, or foothe thy pain?
Yet enter here. Nor doubt to truft thy frame To the cold boforn of this lucid lake. Here Health may greet thee, and life's languid flame, Ev'n from its icy grafp, new vigour take.

What foft Aufonia's genial fhores deny,
May Zembla give. Then boldly truft the wave : So fhall thy grateful tablet hang on high,

And frequent votaries blefs this healing cave.

## （ 22 ）

## INSCRIPTIONONANOAK．

凡T ROMELY，IN DERBYSHIRE。

THE OAK IS SUPPOSED TO SPEAK。

0NCE was I fam＇d，an awful fage， The filent wonder of my age ！
To me was every fcience known， And every language was my own． The fun beheld my daily toil， I labour＇d o＇er the midnight oil， And，hid in woods，conceal＇d from view Whate＇er I was，whate＇er I knew． In fhort，confum＇d with learned care I liv＇d，I died．－I rooted here ！ For heaven，that＇s pleas＇d with doing good， To make me ufeful made me wood．

## (23)

## INSCRIPTION FOR A TREE

ON THE TERRACE, AT NUNEHAM, OXFORDSHIRE,

HIS Tree was planted by a female hand, In the gay dawn of ruftic beauty's glow; And faft befide it did her cottage fland, When age had cloath'd the matron's head with fnow. To her, long us'd to Nature's fimple ways, This fingle fpot was happinefs compleat; Her tree could field her from the noon-tide blaze, And from the tempeff fcreen her little feat. Here with her Collin oft the faithful maid

Had led the dance, the envious youths among: Here, when his aged bones in earth were laid, The patient matron turn'd her wheel, and fung. She felt her lofs; yet felt it as fhe ought, Nor dar'd 'gainft Nature's general law exclaim; But check'd her tears, and to her children taught That well-known truth, "their lot would be the fame."

* This tree is well known to the country people by the name of Bab's tree. It was planted by one Barbara Wyat, who was fo much attached to it, that, on the removal of the village of Nuneham to where it is now built, the earneftly intreated that fhe might ftill remain in her old habitation. Her requift was complied with, and her cottage not pulled down till after her death.

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Tho'

Tho' Thames before her flow'd, his farther fhores She ne'er explor'd; contented with her own. And diftant Oxford, tho' the faw its towers, To her ambition was a world unknown. Did dreadful tales the clowns from market bear Of kings, and tumults, and the courtier train, She coldly liften'd with unheeding ear, [reign. And good queen Anne, for aught fhe car'd, might The fun her day, the feafons mark'd her year,

She toil'd, fhe flept, from care, from envy free, For what had fhe to hope, or what to fear,

Bleft with her cottage, and her fav'rite tree. Hear this, ye great, whofe proud poffeffions fpread

O'er earth's rich furface to no fpace confin'd ; Ye learn'd in arts, in men, in manners read,

Who boaft as wide an empire o'er the mind, With reverence vifit her auguit domain ;

To her unletter'd memory bow the knee : She found that happinefs you feek in vain,

Bleft with a cottage, and a fingle tree.

# I N S Clllllll ON THE <br> <br> PEDESTAL OF AN URN, 

 <br> <br> PEDESTAL OF AN URN,}

ERECTED IN THE FLOWER-GARDEN AT NUNEHAM, BYG.S. HARCOURT, ANDTHE HONOURABLE ELIZABETH VERNON, VISCOUNT AND VISCOUNTESS IVUNEHAM.
SACRED TO THE

MEMORY OF FRANCES POOLE, VISCOUNTESS
PACMERSTON.

FERE fhall our ling'ring footfteps oft be found, This is her fhrine, and confecrates the ground. Here living fiveets around her altar rife, And breathe perpetual incenfe to the fkies.

Here too the thoughtlefs and the young may tread, Who fhun the drearier manfions of the dead; May here be taught what worth the world has known. Her wit, her fenfe, her virtues, were her own ; To her peculiar - and for ever loft To thofe who knew, and therefore lov'd her moft.

O , if kind pity fleal on virtue's eye, Check not the tear, nor fop the ufeful figh; From foft humanity's ingenuous flame A wifh may rife to emulate her fame, And fome faint image of her worth reftore, When thofe, who now lament her, are no more.

A N

## E P I T A P H.

TTERE lies a youth (ah wherefore breathlefs lies!) Learn'd without pride, and diffidently wife. Mild to all faults, which from weak nature flow'd; Fond of all virtues, wherefoe'er beftow'd. Who never gave, nor flightly took offence, The beft good-nature, and the beft good fenfe. Who living hop'd, and dying felt no fears, His only fting of death, a parent's tears.

## EPITAPH IN WESTMINSTER-ABBEY.

TOTHE

## MEMORY OF MRS. PRITCHARD

THIS TABLET IS PLACED HEREBY THE VOLUNTARY SUBSCRIPTION OF THOSE WHO ADMIRED AND ESTEEMED HER.

SHERETIRED FROM THESTAGE, OF WHICH SHE HAD LONG BEEN THE ORNAMENT, IN THE MONTH OF APRIL ONE THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED SIXTY-EIGHT, AND DIED AT BATH IN THE MONTH OF AUGUST FOLLOWING, IN THEF1FTY-SEVENTH YEAR OF HER AGE.

T ER comic vein had every charm to pleafe, [eafe. 'Twas Nature's dictates breath'd with Nature's Ev'n when her powers fuftain'd the tragic load, Full, clear, and juft, th' harmonious accents flow'd; And the big paffions of her feeling heart Burft freely forth, and Cham'd the mimic art.

Oft, on the fcene, with colours not her own, She painted vice, and taught us what to fhun: One virtuous track her real life purfued, That nobler part was uniformly good, Each duty there to fuch perfection wrought, That, if the precepts fail'd, th' example taught.

## ( 28 )

## ON THELATE

## IMPROVEMENTS AT NUNEHAM,

## THE SEAT OF THE EARL OF HARCOURT.

DAME Nature, the Goddefs, one very bright day, In ftrolling thro' Nuneham, met Brown in her
way:

And blefs me, fhe faid, with an infolent fneer, I wonder that fellow will dare to come here. What more than I did has your impudence plann'd? The lawn, wood, and water, are all of my hand; In my very beft manner, with Themis's fcales, I lifted the hills, and I fcoop'd out the vales; Witn Sylvan's own umbrage I grac'd ev'ry brow', And pour'd the rich Thames thro' the meadows below.

I grant it, he cry'd ; to your fov'reign command I bow, as I ought.-Gentie Lady, your hand; 'The weather's inviting, fo let us move on; You know what you did, and now fee what I've done. I, with gratitude, own you have reafon to plead, That to thefe happy fcenes you were bounteous indeed: My lovely materials were many and great!
(For fometimes, you know, I'm oblig'd to create)

But fay in return, my adorable dame, To all you fee here, can you lay a juft claim? Were there no flighter parts which you finifh'd in hafte, Or left, like a friend, to give fcope to my tafte ? Who drew o'er the furface, did you, or did I, The fmooth-flowing outline, that fleals from the eye *, The foft undulations, both diftant and near, That heave from the lawns, and yet fcarcely appear? (So bends the ripe harveft the breezes beneath, As if earth was in number and gently took breath) Who thinn'd, and who group'd, and who fcatter'd thofe trees,
Who bade the flopes fall with that delicate eafe, Who caft them in fhade, and who plac'd them in light, Who bade them divide, and who bade them unite ? 'The ridges are melted, the boundaries gone: Obferve all thefe changes, and candidly own I have cloath'd you when naked, and, when overdref, I have ftripp'd you again to your boddice and veft; Conceal'd ev'ry blemifh, each beauty difplay'd, As Reynolds would picture fome exquifite maid, Each fpirited feature would happily place, And fhed o'er the whole inexpreffible grace.

One quetion remains. Up the green of yon fteep, Who threw the bold walk with that elegant fiveep ?

* The firt two words in this couplet have identical rather than correfponding founds, and therefore only appear to rhyme. This defect, however, may eafily be removed by tranfpofing the two verfes, and reading them thus :

That fweet-flowing outline, that feals from the view, Who drew o'er the furface, did I , or did ycu?
-There is little to fee, till the fummit we gain; Nay, never draw back, you may climb without pain, And, I hope, will perceive how each object is caught, And is loft, in exactly the point where it ought. That ground of your moulding is certainly fine, But the fivell of that knoll and thofe openings are mine. The profpect, wherever beheld, mult be good, [wood, But has ten times its charms, when you burft from this A wood of my planting.- The Goddefs cried, Hold! 'Tis grown very hot, and 'tis grown very cold: She fann'd and fhe fhudder'd, fhe cough'd and fhe fneez'd,
Inclin'd to be angry, inclin'd to be pleas'd, Half fril'd, and half pouted-then turn'd from the view,
And dropp'd him a curtfey, and blufhing withdrew.
Yet foon recollecting her thoughts, as fhe pafs'd, " I may have my revenge on this fellow at laft: "r For a lucky conjecture comes into my head, "r That, whate'er he has done, and whate'er he has faid ${ }_{2}$ os The worid's little malice will balk his defign:
or Each fault they call his, and each excellence mine*.

* Altho' the perfonification of Nature has been common to feveral Pocts, when they meant to compliment an artift that rivalled her, yet the idea of making her bchave herfelf like that moft unnatural of all crcaied beings, a modernfine lady, mult re allowed to be a tliought both very bold and truly original, and t.e Poct ias, I think, executed it with much genuine humour. M.


## (3I)

## To

## LADY NUNEHAN,

Now COUntess of harcourt,
ON THE

DEATH OF HER SISTER,

THE HONOURABLE
CATHERINE VENABLES VERNON,
JUNE MDCCLXXV.

MILD as the opening morn's ferenelt ray, Mild as the clofe of fummer's fofteft day, Her form, her virtues, (fram'd alike to pleafe With artiefs grace and unafluming eafe) On every breat their mingling influence fole, And in fweet union breath'd one beauteous whole.

Oft, o'er a Sifter's much-lamented bier, Has genuine anguifh pour'd the kindred tear: Oft, on a dear-lov'd Friend's untimely grave, Have funk in fpeechlefs grief, the wife and brave.
-Ah haplefs thou! for whofe feverer woe Death arm'd with double force his fatal blow, Condemn'd (juft Heaven! for what myfterious end) To lofe at once the Sifter and the Friend *!

* The firft fix lines of this elegant elegiac Poem are infcribed on a neat marble tablet, (fimilar to that of Mrs. Pritchard's monument in Weítminfter-Abbcy) which is placed in the Chancel of the Parifh-Church of Sudbury in Staffordhire, and the four following added, initead of what is here perfonally addreffed to the prefent Lady Harcourt.

This fair example to the world was lent, As the fhort leffon of a life well fpent;
Alas, how mort! but bounteous Heav'n beft knows When to reclain the blefings it beftows, $M_{0}$

## THE

B A T T L E
0 F

## ARGOEDLLWYFAIN*。

MORNING rofe; the iffuing fun Saw the dreadful fight begun;
And that fun's defcending ray
Clos'd the battle, clos'd the day.
Fflamdwyn pour'd his rapid bands,
Legions four, o'er Reged's lands.

* The following is a tranflation of a Poem of Talieffin, King of the Bards, and is a defcription of the battle of Argoed Llisyfain, fought about the ycar 548, by Godden, a King of North Britain, and Urien Reged, King of Cumbria, againff Ffiamdwyn, a Saxin General, fuppofed to be Ida, King of Northumberland. It is inferted in Jones's Hittorical Acccunt of the Welch Eards, publifhed in $17 \mathrm{~S}_{4}$, and is thus introduced by the author: "I am " indebted to the obliging difpofition and undiminifhed powers " of Mr. Whitehead, for the following faithful and animated " verfification of this valuable antique."

To this commendation from Mr. Jones, who certainly could judge beft of the fidelity of the verfion, and with whom I agree as to the other epithet, I have only to add, that I think no critic will deal candid!y, who, in eftimating the poetical merit of this piece in general, mall compare it with thofe imitations which $\mathbb{M} \mathrm{r}$. Gray made of the Scaldic Odes. The wild mythology of the Enda, to which they perpetually allude, gives them a charm peculiar to themielves, and fets them above what he himfilf has produced from Cambro-Britific Originals.

This is the laft of the great battles of Urien Reged, cel:brated by Talieffin in poems now extant. Sec Carte's Iliftory of England, P .211 and 213.

The numerous hof, from fide to fide, Spread deftruction wild and wide,
From Argoed's * fummits, foreft-crown'd,
To fteep Arfyndd's + utmolt bound.
Short their triumph, fhort their fway,
Born and ended with the day!
Flufh'd with conqueft Fflamdivyn faid,
Boalful at his army's head,
" Strive not to oppofe the ftream,
"Redeem your lands, your lives redeem,
" Give me pledges," Fflamdwyn cried.
" Never," Urien's fon replied.
Owen $\ddagger$, of the mighty froke,
Kindling, as the hero fpoke,
Cenau II, Coel's blooming heir,
Caught the flame, and grafp'd the fpear:
"Shall Coel's iffue pledges give
"To the infulting foe, and live?
" Never fuch be Britons' fhame,
" Never, till this mangled frame
" Like fome vanquifh'd lion lie,
"Drench'd in blood, and bleeding die."

* A part of Cumbria, the country of Prince Llywarch Hen, from whence he was drove by the Saxons.
+ Some place on the borders of Northumberland.
$\ddagger$ Owen ap Urien aceed as his father's general.
|| Cenau led to the affiftance of Urien Reged the forces of his father Coel Godhebog, King of a Northern tract called Godden, probably inhabited by the Godini of Ptclemy. Owen ap Urien and Cenau ap Coel were in the number of Arthur's Knights. Sce Lawis's Hifory of Brisain, P. 201.

THE BATTLE OF ARGOED LLWYFAIN.
Day advanc'd : and ere the fun Reach'd the radiant point of noon, Urien came with frefh fupplies. "Rife, ye fons of Cambria, rife!
"Spread your banners to the foe, "Spread them on the mountain's brow:
" Lift your lances high in air,
"Friends and brothers of the war;
" Rufh like torrents down the fteep,
"Thro' the vales in myriads fiweep;
"Fflamdwyn never can fuftain
"The force of our united train."
Havoc, havoc rag'd around, Many a carcafe ftrew'd the ground : Ravens drank the purple flood, Raven plumes were dyed in blood; Frighted crouds from place to place

Eager, hurrying, breathlefs, pale, Spread the news of their difgrace,

Trembling as they told the tale.
Thefe are Talieffin's rhimes, Thefe fhall live to diftant times, And the Bard's prophetic rage Animate a future age.

Child of forrow, child of pain,
Never may I fmile again,
If 'till all-fubduing death
Clofe thefe eyes, and fop this breath,
Ever I forget to raife
My grateful fongs to Urien's praife!

THE

## S W E E P E R S.

IS I N G of Sweepers, frequent in thy ftreets, Augufta, as the flowers which grace the fpring, Or branches withering in autumnal fhades To form the brooms they wield. Preferv'd by them From dirt, from coach hire, and th oppreffive rheums Which clog the fprings of life, to them I fing, And afk no infpiration but their fmiles.

Hail, unown'd youths, and virgins unendow'd! Whether on bulk begot, while rattled loud The paffing coaches, or th' officious hand Of fportive link-boy wide around him dan'd The pitchy flame obitructive of the joy;
Or more propitious to the dark retreat
Of round-houfe owe your birth, where Nature's reign Revives, and emulous of Spartan fane The mingling fexes fhare promifcuous love; And fcarce the pregnant female knows to whom She owes the precious burthen, farce the fire Can claim, confus'd, the many-featur'd child.

Nor blufh that hence your origin we trace: 'Twas thus immortal heroes fprung of old

Strong from the fol'n embrace : by fuch as you Unhous'd, uncloath'd, unletter'd, and unfed, Were kingdoms modell'd, cities taught to rife, Firm laws enacted, freedom's rights maintain'd, The gods and patriots of an infant world !

Let others meanly chaunt in tuneful fong The blackfhoe race, whofe mercenary tribes Allur'd by halfpence take their morning ftand Where ftreets divide, and to their proffer'd ftool's Solicit wand'ring feet; vain penfioners, And placemen of the croud! Not fo you pour Your bleffings on mankind. Nor traffic vile Be your employment deem'd, ye laft remains Of public fpirit, whofe laborious hands, Uncertain of reward, bid kennels know Their wonted bounds, remove the bord'ring filth, And give th' obftructed ordure where to glide.

What tho' the pitying paffenger beftows His unextorted boon, muft they refufe The well-earn'd bounty, fcorn th' obtruded ore? Proud were the thought and vain. And hall not we Repay their kindly labours, men like them, With gratitude unfought? I too have oft Seen in our ftreets the wither'd hands of age 'Toil in th' induftrious tank; and can we there Be thrifty niggards? Haply they have known Far better days, and fcatter'd liberal round The fcanty pittance we afford them now. Eoon from this office grant them their difcharge,

Ye kind church-wardens! take their meagre limbs Shiv'ring with cold and age, and wrap them warm In thofe bleft manfions Charity has rais'd.

But you of younger years. while vigour knits Your lab'ring finews, urge the generous tafk, Nor lofe in fruitlefs brawls the precious hours Affign'd to toil. Be your contentions, who Firft in the dark'ning ftreets, when Autumn fheds Her earlieft fhowers, fhall clear th' obftructed pafs ; Or laft fhall quit the field when Spring diftills Her moift'ning dews, prolific there in vain. So may each lulty fcavenger, ye fair, Fly ardent to your arms; and every maid, Ye gentle youths, be to your wifhes kind ; Whether Oftrea's filhy fumes allure, As Venus' treffes fragrant ; or the fweets More mild and rural from her ftall who toils To feaft the fages of the Samian fchool.

Nor ever may your hearts elate with pride Defert this fphere of love; for fhould ye, youths, When blood boils high, and fome more lucky chance Has fwell'd your ftores, purfue the tawdry band That romp from lamp to lamp-for health expect Difeafe, for fleeting pleafure foul remorfe, And daily, nightly, agonizing pains. In vain you call for Æfculapius' aid From Whitecrofs-alley, or the azure pofts Which beam thro' Haydon-yard : the god demands More ample offerings, and rejects your prayer.

And you, ye fair, O let me warn your breafts To fhun deluding men : for fome there are, Great lords of counties, mighty men of war, And well-drefs'd courtiers, who with leering eye Can in the face begrim'd with dirt difcern Strange charms, and pant for Cynthia in a cloud.

But let Lardella's fate avert your own. Lardella once was fair, the early boaft Of proud St. Giles's, from its ample pound To where the column points the feven-fold day. Happy, thrice happy, had fhe never known A ftreet more fpacious! but ambition led Her youthful footfeps, artlefs, unaffur'd, To Whitehall's fatal pavement. There fhe ply'd Like you the active broom. At fight of her The coachman dropp'd his lafh, the porter oft Forgot his burthen, and with wild amaze The tall well-booted fentry, arm'd in vain, Lean'd from his horfe to gaze upon her charms.

But Fate referv'd her for more dreadful ills :
A lord beheld her, and with powerful gold Seduc'd her to his arms. What can not gold Effect, when aided by the matron's tongue, Long tried and practis'd in the trade of vice, Againft th' unwary innocent! A while Dazzled with fplendor, giddy with the height Of unexperienc'd greatnefs, the looks down With thoughtlefs pride, nor fees the gulph beneath. But foon, too foon, the high-wrought tranfport finks

In cold indifference, and a newer face
Alarms her reftlefs lover's fickle heart. Diftrefs'd, abandon'd, whither fhall fhe fly ? How urge her former tak, and brave the winds And piercing rains with limbs whofe daintier fenfe Shrinks from the evening breeze ? Nor has fhe now,
Sweet Innocence, thy calmer heart-felt aid, To folace or fupport the pangs fhe feels.

Why fhould the weeping Mufe purfue her fteps 'Thro' the dull round of infamy, thro' haunts
Of public luft, and every painful fage Of ill-feign'd tranfport, and uneafy joy?
Too fure fhe tried them all, till her funk eye Loft its laft languifh ; and the bloom of health, Which revell'd once on Beauty's virgin cheek,
Was pale difeafe, and meagre penury.
Then, loath'd, deferted, to her life's laft pang In bitternefs of foul fhe curs'd in vain Her proud betrayer, curs'd her fatal charms, And perißh'd in the ftreets from whence fhe fprung.

## ADVERTISEMEN'T.

THE following fketch of a tragedy, though interrupted with breaks and et cateras (which are left to be fupplied by the fancy of the reader) is neverthelefs a continued foliloquy fpoken by the hero of the piece, and may be performed by one actor, with all the ftarts, graces, and theatrical attitudes in practice at prefent.

If any young author fhould be ambitious of writing on this model, he may begin his preface, or his advertifement, which is the more fafhionable term, by obferving, that " it is a melancholy contemplation to "s every lover of literature, to behold that univerfal " defect of fcience which is the difgrace of the pre"fent times." He may then proceed to affert, " that every fpecies of fine writing is at its very " loweft ebb; that the reign of * $^{* * *}$ was what " might properly enough be filed the golden age of " dramatic poetry; that fince that happy æra genius " itfelf has gradually decayed, till at length, if he " may be allowed the expreffion, the effectre vires of "s nature, by he knows not what fatality, feem quite " exhaufted."

In his dedication, if to a lord; the proper topics are his lordfhip's public fpirit, the noble fand which he made in the caufe of liberty, but more particularly bis heroic difintereftednefs in hiding from the world his
own fpirited performances, that thofe of inferior authors might have a chance for fuccefs.

If to a lady ; after the ufual compliments of wit, beauty, elegance of tafte, and every focial virtue, he mult by no means forget, that like Prometheus he has endeavoured to fteal fire from heaven; and that the fineft and moft animated touches in the character of Lindamira are but faint copies of the perfections of his patronefs.

He may take hints for his Prologue from the following lines :
"Critics, to-night at your dread bar appears
" A virgin author, aw'd by various fears.
" Should ye once hifs, poor man, he dies away,
"So much he trembles for his firft effay ;
" And therefore humbly hopes to gain your vote
" -For the beft play that ever yet was wrote. "Athens and Rome, the Stagirite, old Ben,
" Corneille's fublimity, exact Racine,
"Rowe's flowing lines, and Otway's tender part,
" How Southern wounds, and Shakefpeare tears the " heart,
"Rules, nature, ftrength, truth, greatnefs, tafte and " art," \&c. \&c. \&cc.

## FATALCONSTANCY; O R,

## LOVEIN TEARS.

A SKETCHOFA

$$
\mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{~A} \quad \mathrm{G} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{D} \quad \mathrm{Y}
$$

HEROIC TASTE.

Sed vetuere patres quod non potucre vctare.
Ovid.

$$
\begin{array}{cccc}
\mathrm{A} & \mathrm{C} & \mathrm{~T} & \mathrm{I} . \\
\text { A } & \text { Room of } & \text { State. }
\end{array}
$$

The Hero and his Friend mecting.
[If this manner of opening the play, though almoft univerfally practijed, Jhould be thought too fimple and unaffecting, the curtain may rife forwly to foft muffe, and difcover the Hero in a reclining penfive pofture, who, upon the entrance of bis friend, and the ceafing of the fymplony, may fart from bis couch, and come forward.]

ELCOME, my friend ; thy abfence long has torn
My bleeding breaft-nor haft thou heard as yet My haplefs fory. 'Twas that fatal morn,
The frighted fun feem'd confcious of my grief,

44 WHITEHEAD's POEMS.
And hid himelf in clouds, the tuneful birds Forgor their mufic, \&cc.-O Lyfimachus, Think'ft thou the e'er can liften to my vows?
'Think'ft thou the king can e'er refufe her to me?
O if he fhould !-I cannot bear the thoughtThe fhipwreck'd mariner, the tortur'd wretch That on the rack, the traveller that fees In pathlefs defarts the pale light's laft gleam Sink in the deep abyfs, diftracted, loft -But foft ye now, for Lindamira comes. Ah cruel maid, \&c. \&c. \&cc. And doft thou yield? Ye waters, gently glide; Wind, catch the found, $O$ thou tranfcending fair ! Stars, fall from heaven; and funs, forget to rife ; And chaos come, when Lindamira dies!
[Exeunt embracing.

IND OF THEFERSTACT.
$A \subset T$

## A C T II.

 The Prefence-Cbamber. The Hero, folus.TOW frail is man! what fears, what doubts perplex His firmeft refolutions! Sure the gods*, \&c. But hark ! yon trumpet's fprightly notes declare The king's approach : be ftill, my flutt'ring heart. O royal Sir, if e'er thy groveling flave, \&c. [KneelingRefus'd! O indignation!

## Is it day?

Do I behold the fun ?-Thou tyrant, monferDown, down allegiance to the blackeft hell. I cannot, will not bear it.-O my fair, And art thou come to witnefs my difgrace ? And is it poffible that charms like thine Could fpring from fuch a fire? Why doft thou weep? Say, can a father's harfh commands controul--Unkind and cruel! then thou never loved'f. Curs'd be the treacherous fex, curs'd be the hour, Curs'd be the world, and every thing-bather ! By heaven, fhe faints! Ah lift thofe lovely eyes, Turn on this faithful breaft their chearing beams. -O joy! O extafy! and wilt thou feek
With me fome happier land, fome fafer fhore? At night I'll meet thee in the palmy grove, When the pale moon beams, confcious of the theft--Till then a long adieu!
The merchant thus, \&c.
[Exeunt jeverally, languibing at each otber.

* It is a ufual complaint in tragedy, as well as in commun life, that the gods have not made us as they thould have done.
END OF THE SECOND ACT.
$4^{6}$ WHITEHEAD's POEMS.


## A C T III.

The Palmy Grove.

The Hero, Solus.

NIGHT, black-brow'd Night, queen of the ebon wand,
Now o'er the world has fpread her folemn reign. The glow-worm twinkles, and from every flower The pearly dews return the pale reflex Of Cynthia's beams, each drop a little moon! Hark ! Lindamira comes-No, 'twas the breath Of Zephyr panting on the leafy fpray. Perhaps he lurks in yonder woodbine bower To fteal foft kiffes from her lips, and catch Ambrofial odours from her paffing fighs.
O thief!-
She comes; quick let us hafte away. The guards purfue us ! Heavens!-Come then, my love, Fly, fly this moment.

> [Here a long conference upon love, virtuc, the moon, छंc. till the guards come up. -Dogs, will ye tear her from me?

Ye muft not, fhall not-O my heart-ftrings crack, My head turns round, my farting eye-balls hang Upon her parting fteps-I can no more.-

So the firft man, from paradife exil'd, With fond reluctance leaves the blooming wild : Around the birds in pleafing concert fing, Beneath his feet th' unbidden flow'rets fpring ; On verdant hills the flocks unnumber'd play, Through verdant vales meand'ring rivers ftray ; Bloffoms and fruits at once the trees adorn, Eternal rofes bloom on every thorn, And join Pomona's lap to Amalthæa's horn.

## A C T IV.

A Prijon.
Fibe Hero, in Cbains.

FE deep dark dungeons, and hard prifon walls, Hard as my fate, and darkfome as the grave To which I haften, wherefore do ye bathe Your rugged bofoms with unwholefome dews That feem to weep in mockery of my woe ? -But fee! fome angel brightnefs breaks the gloom. 'Tis Lindamira comes! So breaks the morn On the reviving world. Thou faithful fair ! [Approaching to embrace ber. -Curfe on my fetters, how they bind my limbs, Nor will permit me take one chafte embrace. Yet come, O come ! -

What fay'ft thou : Force thee to it !
'Thy father force thee to Orofius' arms!
He cannot, will not, fhall not. -O my brain!
Darknefs and devils ! Burft my bonds, ye powérs, That I may tear him piecemeal from the eartb, And fatter him to all the winds of heaven. -What means that bell ?-O 'tis the found of death. Alas, I had forgot I was to die! Let me reflect on death, \&ic.-

But what is death,
Racks,

Racks, tortures, burning pincers, floods of fire, What are ye all to difappointed love?
Drag, drag me hence, ye minifters of Fate, From the dire thought-Orofius muft enjoy her ! Death's welcome now-Orofus muft enjoy her! Hang on her lip, pant on her breaft !-O gods!
I fee the lufful fatyr grafp her charms,
I fee him melting in her amorous arms:
Fiends feize me, furies lafh me, vultures tear, Hell, horror, madnefs, darknefs and defpair!
[Runs off to executich.宫江 3 OF THE FOURTH ACT,

## A C T V.

The Arsa before the Palace.
The Frero, and Soldiers.

直THANK you, friends; I thank you, fellow-foldiers Ye gave me liberty, ye gave me life. Yet what are thofe? Alas, ye cannot give My Lirdamira to my longing arms.
O I have fearch'd in vain the palace round, Explor'd each room, and irac'd my fteps again, Like good Aneas thro' the ftreets of Troy When lofl Creufa, \&ic.-

Ha! by heaven fhe comes !
'Tis me, 'tis fhe, and we fhall fill be bleit! We fhall, we fhall!-But why that heaving breaft? Why foats that hair'difhevell'd to the wind ? Why burft the tears in torrents from her eyes? Speak, Lindamira, fpeak!-

> Diftraction! No,

He could not dare it. What, this dreadful night, When the dire thunder rattled o'er his head, Marry thee! bed thee! force thee to be his ! Defle that heaven of charms! -What means thy rage 'Thou fhalt not die! O wseft the dagger from her. Thou fill art mine, fill fill to me art pure As the fof fleccy fnow on Alpine hills, Ere the warm breath of Spring pollutes its whitenefs. -O gols
-O gods, fhe dies! And doft thou bear me, Earth ? Thus, thus, I follow my adventurous love, And we fhall reft together.

Ha! the king !
But let him come ; I am beyond his reach, If cannot curfe me more. See, tyrant, fee, And triumph in the mifchiefs thou haft caus'd. -By heaven he weeps! O , if humanity Can touch thy finty heart, hear my laft prayer ; Be kind, and lay me in the fame cold grave Thus with my love; one winding fheet fhall hold Our wretched reliques, and one marble tomb Tell our fad fory to the weeping wor d. -One kifs-'tis very dark-good night-heaven-Oh!
[Dies.

## THE MORAL.

LET cruel fathers learn from woes like thefe To wed their daughters where thofe daughters pleafe. Nor erring mortals hope true joys to prove, When fuch dire ills attend on virtuous love.

[^1]
## EP I L O G U E.

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SPOKEN EY LINDAMIRA.
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CTRANGE rules, good folks ! there poets are $f 0$. nice,
They turn our mere amusements into vice. Lard! mut we women of our lives be lavifh, Because there huge ftrong creatures men will ravifh! Ill fwear I thought it hard, and think fo fill, To die for-being pleas'd againft one's will.

But you, ye fair and brave, for virtue's fake,
There fpotlefs fines to your protection take.

ODE

## ( 33

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { O D E E } \quad \text { I. } \\
\text { FOR HIS * MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY, } \\
\text { NOVEMBER IO, } 1758 .
\end{gathered}
$$

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THE ARGUMENT.
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About the year 963 , Ottoberto, of the family of Efte, paffed from Italy into Germany with the Emperor Otho the Great. Azo, his defcendant in the next century, by a marriage with the daughter of Welfus, Count Altdorf, inherited the dominions of that family in Suabia. Welfus, a fon of that marriage, received the dukedom of Eavaria from the Emperor Henry the fourth, in 1061. The defcendants of Welfus became afterwards poffeffed of all thofe dutchies which lie between the Elbe and the Wefer (Brunfwic, Wolfenbuttle, Lunenburgh, Zell, Hanover, \&c.); and in the year 1714, George the firit, Duke and Elector of Hanover, facceeded to the throne of Great Britain.

## I.

D HEN Othbert left th' Italian plain, And foft Ateftés green domain, Atendant on imperial fiway Where Fame and Otho led the way,

The Genius of the Jufian hills
(Whore piny fummits nod with fnow,
Whofe Naiads pour their thoufand rills
To fwell th' exulting Po)
An eager look prophetic caft, And hail'd the hero as he pafs'd.

Hail, all hail, the woods replied,
And Echo on her airy tide
Roil'd the long murmurs down the mountain's fide.
II.

The voice refum'd again: "Proceed,
" Nor caft one ling'ring lock behind ;
"By thofe who toil for Virtue's meed "Be every fofter thought refign'd;
" Nor focial home, ror genial air,
" Nor glowing funs, are worth thy care:
"New realms await thee in a harfher fky,
or Thee and thy chofen race from Azo's nuptial tie.

## III.

©f 'Tis Glory wakes; her active flame
"Nor timc fhali querch, nor danger tame;
" Nor * Boia's ampleft range confine,
" Tho' Guelpho rigess, the Guelghic line.
" Yon rorthern ftz". which dimly gleams
"Athwart the twilight veil of eve,

* Muft point their path to diftant ftreams : " And many a wreath fhall irictory weave,

[^2]
## BIRTH-D AY O DE 1758.

" And many a palm fhall Fame difplay
"' 'مo grace the warriors on their way,
"'Till regions bow to their commands
" Where Albis widens thro' the lands,
" And vaft Vifurgis fpreads his goiden fands.

## IV.

"Nor reft they therc. Yon guiding fire "Still fhines aloft, and gilds the main!
" Not Lion Henry's * fond defire " To grafp th' Italian reaims again,
" Nor warring winds, nor wintry feas,
"Shall ftop the progrefs Fate decrees; " For lo! Britannia calls to happier coalts, " And vales more verdant far than foft Atefté boafts.
V.
" Behold, with euphrafy I clear
"Thy vifual nerve, and fix it there,

* Henry the Lion, Duke of Bavaria, Saxony, \&c. was one of the greateft heroes of the twelfth century. He united in his own perfon the hereditary dominions of five families. His claims upon Italy hindered him from joining with the Emperor Frederic the firft, in his third attack upon the Pope, though he had affifted him in the two former; for which he was frripped of his dominions by that Empcror, and died in 1195, poffeffed only of thofe dutchies which lie between the Elb and the Wefer.

From this Henry, and a daughter of Henry the fecond of England, his prefent $W_{\text {ajefty }}$ is lineally defcended.
*Where, crown'd with rocks grotefque and fteep,

* The white inie rifes o'er the deep!
*There glory refts. For there arrive "Thy chofen fons; and there attain
*s To the firft title Fate can give, "The Father-Kings of Free-born Men!
" Proceed; rejoice ; defcend the vale,
" And bid the future monarchs hail!" Hail, all hail, the hero cried; And Echo on her airy tide
Purfued him, murmuring down the mountain's fide.


## VI.

'Twas thus, O king, to heroes old
The mountains breath'd the ftrain divine,
Ere yet her volumes Fame unroll'd
To trace the wonders of thy line;
Ere Freedom yet on Ocean's breaft
Had northward fix'd her halcyon neft ;
Or Albion's oaks defcending to the main
Had roll'd her thunders wide, and claim'd the watry reign.

## VII.

But now each Briton's glowing tongue
Proclaims the truths the Genius fung,
On Brunfwick's name with rapture diwells, And hark! the general chorus fwells :

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\text { BIRTH-DAY ODE } 1755^{\circ}
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" May years on happy years roll o'er, " 'Till glory clofe the fhining page, * And our ill-fated fons deplore " * The fhortnefs of a Neftor's age!
" Hail, all hail ! on Albion's plains "The Friend of Man and Freedom reigns!
"Echo, waft the triumph round, " 'Till Gallia's utmoft fhores rebound, "And all her' bulwarks tremble at the found."

* "Neftorix brevitas fenciza."

Muje Anglicanao

$$
\mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{D} \quad \mathrm{E} \quad I .
$$

FOR THE NEW-YEAR I759.

## I.

YE Guardian Powers, to whofe command, At Nature's birth, th' Almighty Mind The delegated tafk affign'd
To watch o'er Albion's favour'd land, What time your hofts with choral lay, Emerging from its kindred deep, Applaufive hail'd each verdant fteep,
And white rock, glittering to the new-born day!
Angelic bands, where'er ye rove
Whilft lock'd in fleep Creation lies:
Whether to genial dews above You melt the congregated fkies,
Or teach the torrent ftreams below
To wake the verdure of the vale,
Or guide the varying winds that blow To fpeed the coming, or the parting, fail :

Where'er ye bend your roving flight, Whilft now the radiant lord of light Winds to the north his fliding fphere,
Avert each ill, each blifs improve,
And teach the minutes as they move
To blefs the opening year.

## II.

Already Albion's lifted fpear,
And rolling thunders of the main, Which Juftice' facred laws maintain, Have taught the haughty Gaul to fear.
On other earths, in other fkies,
Beyond old Ocean's weftern bound, 'Tho' bleeds afrefh th' eternal wound, Again Britannia's crofs triumphant flies.

To Britifh George, the king of ifles,
The tribes that rove th' Arcadian fnows,
Redeem'd from Gallia's polifh'd wiles, Shall breathe their voluntary vows:
Where Nature guards her laft retreat, And pleas'd Aftrea lingers fill;
While Faith yet triumphs o'er Deceit, And Virtue reigns, from ignorance of ill.
Yet, angel powers, tho' Gallia bend,
Tho' Fame, with all her wreaths, attend On bleeding War's tremendous fway,
The fons of leifure fill complain,
And mufing Science fighs in vain,
For Peace is ftill away.

## III.

Go then, ye faithful guides
Of her returning fteps, angelic band, Explore the facred feats where Peace refides, And waves her olive wand.

Bid her the waftes of War repair.
-O fouthward feek the flying fair,
For not on poor Germania's harrafs'd plain, Nor where the Viftula's proud current fwells, Nor on the borders of the frighted Seine,

Nor in the depths of Ruffia's snows fhe dwells. Yet O, where'er, deferting Freedom's ife, She gilds the flave's delufive toil; Whether on Ebro's banks fhe ftrays,
Or fighing traces Taio's winding ways, Or foft Aufonia's fhores her feet detain,
O bring the wanderer back, with Glory in her train.

## O D E III.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY, NOVEMEER $10,1759$.

## I.

BEGIN the fong-Ye fubject choirs, The bard whom Liberty infpires Wakes into willing voice th' accordant lays.Say, fhall we trace the hero's flame From the firft foft'ring gale of fame,
Which bade the expanding bofom pant for praife?
Or hail the ftar whofe orient beam Shed influence on his natal hour,
What time the nymphs of Leyna's ftream,
Emerging from their wat'ry bower,
Sung their foft carols thro' each ofier fhade, And for the pregnant fair invok'd Lucina's aid ?
II.

No. Hafte to Scheld's admiring wave, Diftinguifh'd amid't thoufands brave, Where the young warrior flefh'd his eager fword:

While Albion's troops with rapture view'd The ranks confus'd, the Gaul fubdu'd, And hail'd, prophetic hail'd, their future lord, Waiting the chief's maturer nod,

On his plum'd helmet Vict'ry fate, While fuppliant nations round him bow ${ }^{\mathrm{d}}$, And Auitria trembled for her fate,
'Till, at his bidding flaughter fwell'd the Mayne, And half her blooming fons proud Gallia wept in vain.

## III.

But what are wreaths in battle won?
And what the tribute of amaze
Which man too oft miftaken pays
To the vain idol fhrine of falfe renown?:
The nobleft wreaths the monarch wears Are thofe his virtunus rule demands, Unftain'd by widows' or by orphans' tears, And woven by his fubjects' hands.
Comets may rife, and wonder mark their way
Above the bounds of Nature's fober laws, But 'tis th' all-chearing lamp of day, The permanent, th' unerring caufe,
By whom th' enliven'd world its courfe maintains, By whom all Nature fmiles, and beauteous Order reigns.

## O D E IV.

FOR THE NEW-YEAR I 1760.

AGAIN the fun's revolving fphere Wakes into life th' impatient year, The white-wing'd minutes hafte: And, fpite of Fortune's fickle wheel, Th' eternal Fates have fix'd their feal

Upon the glories of the paft. Sufpended high in Memory's fane, Beyond ev'n Envy's foaring rage, The deeds furvive, to breathe again In faithful Hiftory's future page ; Where diftant times fhall wond'ring read Of Albion's ftrength, of battles won, Of faith reftor'd, of nations freed;

Whilft round the globe her conquefts run,
From the firft blufh of orient day,
To where defcend his noontide beams,
On fable Afric's golden ftreams,
And where at eve the gradual gleams decay. II.

So much already haft thou prov'd Of fair fuccefs, O belt belov'd, O firtt of favour'd inles!
What can thy fate affign thee more, What whiter boon has Heaven in fore,
'To blefs thy Monarch's ceafelefs toit's?

* WHITEHEAD's POEMS،

Each rifing feafon, as it flows,
Each month exerts a rival claim ; Each day with expectation glows,

Each fleeting hour demands its fame. Around thy Genius waiting ftands

Each future Child of anxious Time: See how they prefs in fhadowy bands,

As from thy fleecy rocks fublime He rolls around prophetic eyes,

And earth, and fea, and heaven furveys:
os O grant a portion of thy praife!
"O bid us all," they cry, " with luftre rife !"" II.

Genius of Albion, hear their prayer,
O bid them all with luftre rife!
Beneath thy tutelary care,
The brave, the virtuous, and the wife, Shall mark each moment's winged fpeed.

With fomething that difdains to die,
The hero's, patriot's, poet's meed,
And palfport to eternity !
Around thy rocks while ocean raves, While yonder fun revolves his radiant ca:", The land of freedom with the land of flaves, As Nature's friends, muft wage illuftrious war.

Then be each deed with glory crown'd, 'Till fmiling Peace refume her throne;
'Till not on Albion's fhores alone
The voice of freedom fhall refound,
But every realm fhall equal bleffings find, And man enjoy the birth-right of his kind.

# O D E V. 

gor the new-year 176I.

## I.

STILL muft the Mufe, indignant, hear The clanging trump, the rattling car, And ufher in each opening year With groans of death, and founds of war?
O'er bleeding millions, realms oppreft, The tuneful mourner finks diftreft, Or breathes but notes of woe: And cannot Gallia learn to melt, Nor feel what Britain long has felt

For her infulting foc.?
Amidft her native rocks fecure,
Her floating bulwarks hovering round,
What can the fea-girt realm endure,
What dread, through all her wat'sy bound?
Great Queen of Ocean, fhe defies
All but the Power who rules the fkies,
And bids the ftorms engage;
Inferior foes are dafh'd and loft,
As breaks the white wave on her coaft
Confum'd in idle rage.
For alien forrows heaves her generous breaft,
She proffers peace to eafe a rival's pain:
Her crouded ports, her fields in plenty dreft,
Blefs the glad merchant, and th' induftrious fwain.
Vol. LXXIII,

Do blooming youths in battle fall ?
True to their fame the funeral urn we raife; And thoufands, at the glorious call, Afpire to equal praife.

## II.

Thee, Glory, thee through climes unknown Th' adventurous chief with zeal purfues; And Fame brings back from every zone Frefh fubjects for the Britifh Mufe. Tremendous as th' ill-omend bird To frighted France thy voice was heard

From Minden's echoing towers:
O'er Bifcay's roar thy voice prevail'd; And at thy word the rociss we fcal'd, And Canada is ours.
O potent queen of every breaft
Which aims at praife by virtuous deeds, Where'er thy influence fhines confeft

The hero acts, th' event fucceeds. But ah, muft Glory only bear, Bellona-like, the vengeful fpear?

To fill her mighty mind
Muft bulwarks fall, and cities fiame, And is her ampleft field of fame

The miferies of mankind?
On ruins pil'd on ruins muft the rife,
And lend her rays to gild her fatal throne ? Muft the mild Power who melts in vernal dies,

By thunders only make his gedhead known?

No, be the omen far away ; $\quad$.
From yonder pregnant cloud a kinder gleam, Tho' faintly ftruggling into day,
Portends a happier theme!-

## III.

-And who is he, of regal mien, Reclin'd on Albion's golden fleece, Whofe polifh'd brow and eye ferene Proclaim him elder-born of Peace ?
Another George !-Ye winds convey Th' aufpicious name from pole to pole !
Thames, catch the found, and tell the fubject fea
Beneath whofe fway its waters roll,
The hoary monarch of the deep,
Who footh'd its murmurs with a father's care,
Doth now eternal fabbath keep,
And leaves his trident to his blooming heir.
$O$, if the Mufe aright divine,
Fair Peace fhall blefs his opening reign,
And through its fplendid progrefs fhine,
With every art to grace her train.
The wreaths, fo late by Glory won, Shall weave their foliage round his throne, Till kings, abafh'd, fhall tremble to be foes, And Albion's dreaded ftrength fecure the world's repofe.

## O D E VI.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAYg. JUNE 4, 176I.
I.

9WAS at the nectar'd feaft of Jove, When fair Alcmena's fon
His deftin'd courfe on earth had run And claim'd the thrones above, Around their king, in deep debate, Conven'd, the heavenly fynod fate, And meditated boons refin'd To grace the friend of human kind: When lo , to mark th' advancing god, Propitious Hermes ftretch'd his rod,

The roofs with mufic rung!
For, from amidft the circling choir, Apollo ftruck th' alarming lyre,

And thus the Mufes fung:
of What boon divine would Heav'n beflow?
" Ye gods unbend the ftudious bow,
" The fruitlefs fearch give c'er,
"Whilf we the juft reward affign,
" Let Hercules with Hebe join,
" And Youth unite with Power!"
II. O facred

BIRTII-DAYODE 1765. 6y
II.

O facred Truth in emblem dreft !
Again the Mufes fing,
Again in Britain's blooming King
Alcides ftands confeft.
By Temp'rance nurs'd, and early taught To fhun thie fmooth fallacious draught Which fparkles high in Circe's bowl; To tame each Hydra of the foul, Each lurking peft, which mocks its birth, And ties its fpirit down to earth,

Immers'd in mortal coil ;
His choice was that feverer road Which leads to Virtue's calm abode, And well repays the toil. In vain ye tempt, ye fpecious harms, Ye flow'ry wiles, ye flatt'ring charms,

That breathe from yonder bower; And Heav'n the juft reward affigns, Eor Hercules with Hebe joins, And Youth unites with Power. III.

O, call'd by Heav'n to fill that awful throne, Where Edwar Henry, William, George, have fhone, (Where luve with rev'rence, laws with power agree, And 'tis each fubject's birthright to be free)

The faireit wreaths already won
Are but a preiude to the whole :
Thy arduous tafk is now begun,
And, flarting from a nobler goal,

Heroes and Kings of ages paft Are thy compeers : extended high
The trump of Fame expects the blaft, The radiant lifts before thee lie, The field is Time, the prize Eternity ! Beyond example's bounded light ${ }^{\prime}$ Tis time to urge thy daring flight, And heights untry'd explore:
O think what thou alone can'f give, What bleffings Britain may receive

When Youth unites with Power.

## O D E VII.

FOR THE NEW-yEAR 1762.

## I.

GOD of flaughter, quit the fcene, I Lay the crefted helmet by ; Love commands, and Beauty's Queen Rules the power who rules the fky . Janus, with well-omen'd grace,

Mounts the year's revolving car, And forward turns his fmiling face,

And longs to clofe the gates of War.
Enough of glory Albion knows. -
Come, ye Powers of fiweet repofe,
On downy pinions move !
Let the war-worn legions own
Your gentler fway, and from the throne
Receive the laws of Love!

## II.

Yet, if Juftice ftill requires
Roman arts, and Roman fculs, Britain breathes her wonted fires,

And her wonted thunders rolls.
Added to our fairer ifle
Gallia mourns her bulwark gone :
Conqueft pays the price of toil,
Either India is our own.

Ye fons of Freedom, grafp the fword; Pour, ye rich, th' imprifon'd hoard,

And teach it how to fhine :
Each felfinh, each contracted aim
To Glory's more exalted claim
Iset Luxury refign.

## III.

Ycu too, ye Britifh dames, may fhare If not the toils, and dangers of the war, At leatt its glory. From the Baltic fnore, From Runic Virtue's native fhore,
Fraught with the tales of ancient lore, Behold a fair inftructrefs come!
When the fierce * Female Tyrant of the North
Claim'd every realm her conquering arms could gain, When Difcord, red with flaughter, iffuing forth,

Saw Albert ftruggling with the victor's chain;
The florm beat high, and fhook the coaft,
Th' exhauited treafures of the land
Could fearce fupply th' embattled hoft, Or pay th' infulting foe's demand. What then could Beauty do $f$ ? She gave Her treafur'd tribute to the brave,

* Mrargaret de Walderaar, commoniy called the Semiramis of the North.
+ In the year-1395, the ladies of Mecklenburch, to fuppor their Duke Albert's pretenfions to the crown of Sweden, and to redeem him when he was taken prifoner, gave up all their jewels to the public; for which they afterwards received great emolument: and privileges, particularly the right of fuccefion in ficfs, whict har! before been appropriated to males only.

To her own foftnefs join'd the manly heart, Suftain'd the foldier's drooping arms,
Confided in her genuine charms, And yielded every ornament of art.
-We want them not. Yet, O ye fair, Should Gallia, obftinately vain,
To her own ruin urge defpair,
And brave th' acknowledg'd mafters of the main : Should fhe through ling'ring years pretract tre: fall,

Through feas of blood to her deftruction wade, Say, could ye feel the generous call, And own the fair example here pourtray'd ? Doubtlefs ye could. The Royal Dame Would plead her dear adopted Country's caufe, And each indignant breatt unite its flame, To fave the Land of Liberty and Laws.

## O D E VIII.

EOR HIS MAJESTY'S birth-day, JUNE 4, 1762.

## I.

* O Flora," (faid th' impatient Queen

T Who thares great Jove's eternal reign)
" Go breathe on yonder thorn ;
" Wake into bloom th' emerging rofe,
© And let the faireft flower that blows
" The faireft month adorn.
"S Sacred to Me that month fhall rife,
of Whatever * contefts fhake the flies "To give that month a name:
" Her April buds let Venus boaft, " Let Maia range her painted hoft ; " But June is Juno's claim.

## II.

* And Goddefs, know, in after times
s* (I name not days, I name not climes)
"From Nature's nobleft throes
"A human flower fhall glad the earth,
or And the fame month difclofe his birth,
" Which bears the blufhing rofe.
* Alluding to the contention betweer, the goddeffes in Ovid's Fafti, about naming the month of June.
" Nations fhall blefs his mild command,
" And fragrance fill th' exulting land,
"Where-e'er I fix his throne."
Britannia liften'd as the fpoke, And from her lips prophetic broke, "The flower fhall be my own!".


## III.

O goddefs of connubial love, Thou fifter, and thou wife of Jove, To thee the fuppliant voice we raife! We name not months, we name not days, For where thy fmiles propitious fhine, The whole prolific year is thine. Accordant to the trembling frings,

Hark, the general chorus fwells, From every heart it fprings,

On every tongue it dwells.
-Goddefs of connubial love, Sifter thou, and wife of Jove, Bid the genial powers that glide On æther's all-pervading tide,

Or from the fount of life that ftream
Mingling with the folar beam,
Bid them here at Virtue's fhrine,
In chafteft bands of union join.
${ }^{9}$ Till many a George and many a Charlotte prove, How much to thee we owe, queen of connubial love!

$$
\begin{array}{lccc}
-O & \text { D } & \text { E } & \text { IX. } \\
\text { FOR } & \text { THE NEW-YEAR } & 1763 .
\end{array}
$$

## I.

AT length th' imperious Lord of War Yields to the Fates their ebon car,
And frowning quits his toil :
Dafh'd from his hand the bleeding fpear
Now deigns a happier form to wear,
And peaceful turns the foil.
'Th' infatiate Furies of his train, Revenge, and Hate, and fell Difdain,

With heart of fteel, and eyes of fre,
Who fain the fword which Honour draws,
Who fully Virtue's facred caufe,
To Stygian depths retire.
Unholy fhapes, and fhadows drear,
The pallid family of Fear,
And Rapine, ftill with fhrieks purfued,
And meagre Famine's fqualid brood
Clofe the dire crew. - Ye eternal gates, difplay Your adamantine folds, and fhut them from the dar ?
II.

For lo, in yonder pregnant fkies
On billowy clouds the Godders lies,

Whofe prefence breathes delight, Whofe power th' obfequious Seafons own, And Winter lofes half his frown, And half her fhades the Night, Soft-fmiling Peace! whom Venus bore, When tutor'd by th' enchanting lore Of Maia's blooming fon, She footh'd the fynod of the Gods, Drove Difcord from the bleft abodes, And Jove refum'd his throne.
Th' attendant Graces gird her round, And fportive Eafe, with locks unbound, And every Mufe to leifure born, And Plenty, with her twifted horn,
While changeful Commerce fpreads his loofen'd fails, Blow as ye lift, ye winds, the reign of Peace prevails!

## III.

And lo, to grace that milder reign, And add frefh luftre to the year,
Sweet Innocence adorns the train,
In form, and features, Albion's heir!
A future George !-Propitious powers,
Ye delegates of Heaven's high King,
Who guide the years, the days, the hours
That float on Time's progreffive wing,
Exert your influence, bid us know
From parent worth what Virtues flow!

Be to lefs happy realms refign'd The Warriour's unrelenting rage, We afk not kings of hero-kind, The forms, and earthquakes of their age. To us be nobler bleffings given :
O teach us, delegates of Heaven, What mightier blifs from Union fprings !

Future fubjects, future kings,
Shall blefs the fair example fhown,
And from our character tranfcribe their own:
" A people zealous to obey;
" A monarch whofe parental fway
" Defpifes regal art ;
or His fhield, the laws which guard the land;
of His fivord, each Briton's eager hand; or His throne, each Briton's heart."

BIRTH-DAYODE 3763.

## 0 D E X.

GOR HIS MAJESTX'S EIRTH-DAYg.

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\text { JUNE } 4,1763 .
$$

COMMON births, like common things. Pafs unheeded, or unknown: Time but fpreads, or waves his wings, The phantom fwells, the phantom's gone! Born for millions, monarchs rife

Heirs of infamy or fame.
When the virtuous, brave, or wife,
Demand our praife, with loud acclaim,
We twine the feftive wreath, the fhrines adorn,
'Tis not our King's alone, 'tis Britain's natal morn.
Bright examples plac'd on high
Shine with more diftinguif'd blaze;
Thither nations turn their eye,
And grow virtuous as they gaze.
Thoughtlefs eafe, and fportive leifure,
Dwell in life's contracted fphere ;
Public is the monarch's pleafure,
Public is the monarch's care:
If Titus fmiles, the obfervant world is gay ;
If Titus frowns, or fighs, We figh and lofe a day !

Around their couch, around their board, A thoufand ears attentive wait, A thoufand bufy tongues record The fmalleft whifpers of the great. Happy thofe whom Truth fincere And confcious Virtue join to guide !
Can they have a foe to fear,
Can they have a thought to hide?
Nobly they foar above th' admiring throng, Superior to the power, the will of acting wrong.

Such may Britain find her King! -
Such the Mufe * of rapid wings
Wafts to fome fublimer fphere :
Gods and heroes mingle there.
Fame's eternal accents breathe, Black Cocytus howls beneath ;
Ev'n Malice learns to blufh, and hides her ftings. -O fuch may Dritain ever find her Kings !

* Pindar.
O D E XI.

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\text { for the new-year } 1765 \text {. }
$$

ACRED to thee,
3 O Commerce, daughter of fweet Liberty,
Shall flow the annual ftrain!
Beneath a monarch's foftering care 'Thy fails unnumber'd fwell in air,

And darken half the main.
From every cliff of Britain's coafts
We fee them toil, thy daring hofts
Who bid our wealth increafe,
Who fpread our martial glory far,-
The fons of fortitude in war,
Of induftry in peace.
On woven wings,

- To where, in orient clime, the grey dawn fprings,

To where foft evening's ray
Sheds its laft blufh, their courfe they fteer,
Meet, or o'ertake, the circling year,
Led by the lord of day.
Whate'er the frozen poles provide,
Whate'er the torrid regions hide
From Sirius' fiercer flames,
Of herb, or root, or gem, or ore,
They grafp them all, from fhore to fhore,
And waft them all to Thames.
Vel, LXXIII.

When Spain's proud pendants wav'd in weftern kies, When Gama's fleet on Indian billows hung, In either fea did Ocean's Genius rife, And the fame truths in the fame numbers fung. "Daring mortals, whither tend " Thefe vain purfuits? Forbear, forbear! "Thefe facred waves no keel fhall rend,
"No ftreamers float on this fequefter'd air!
st -Yes, yes, proceed, and conquer too;
"s Succefs be yours: But mortals, know,
" Know, ye rafh adventurous bands, " To crufh your high-blown pride,
" Not for yourfelves, or native lands,
or You brave the feafons, and you ftem the tide. " Nor Betis', nor Iberus' ftream,
" Nor Tagus with his golden gleam,
"Shall infolently call their own
: The dear-bought treafures of thefe worlds unknown. "A chofen race to freedom dear, " Untaught to injure, as to fear,
" By me conducted, fhall exert their claims,
"Shall glut my great revenge, and roll them all to "Thames."

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\text { FIRTH-DAY ODE } 1765^{\circ}
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## O D E XII.

FOR his majesty's birth-day,

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\text { JUNE } 4,1765 \text {. }
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## I.

HAIL to the rofy morn, whofe ray To luftre wakes th' aufpicious day, Which Britain holds fo dear !
To this fair month of right belong The feftive dance, the choral fong,

And paftimes of the year. Whate'er the wint'ry colds prepar'd, Whate'er the spring but faintly rear'd,

Now wears its brightef bloom;
A brighter blue enrobes the $\mathrm{Ik} i e s$, From laughing fields the zephyrs rife

On wings that breathe perfume.
The lark in air that warbling floats,
The wood-birds with their tuneful throats,
The ftreams that murmur as they flow,
The flocks that rove the mountain's brow,
The herds that through the meadows play,
Proclaim 'tis Nature's holiday!

## II.

And fhall the Britif lyre be mute,:
Nor thrill through all its trembling frings,
With oaten reed, and paftoral flute,
Whilf every vale refponfive-rings?
G 2

To Ifim we pour the grateful lay,
Who makes the feafon doubly gay:
For whom, fo late, our lifted eyes With tears befought the pitying flies, And won the cherub Health to crown

A nation's prayer, and care that breaft
Which feels all forrows but its own,
And reeks by bleffing to be bleft. Fled are all the ghaftly train, Writhing Pain, and pale Difeafe; Joy refumes his wonted reign,

The fun-beams mingle with the breeze,
And his own month, which Health's gay livery wears, On the fret profpect files of long fucceeding years.

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\text { BIRTH.DAY ODE } 1766 .
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O D E XIII.
for his majesty's birte-day,

$$
\text { JUNE } 4,1766 \text {. }
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HA I L to the man, fo fings the Hebrew bard, Whofe numerous offspring grace hịs genial board :
Heaven's faireft gift; Heaven's beft reward,
To thofe who:honour, who obey his word. What fhall he fear, tho' drooping age

Unnerve his ftrength, and pointlefs fink his fpear; In vain the proud, in vain the mad fhall rage;

He fears his God, and knows no other fear.
Lo! at his call a duteous race
Spring eager from his lov'd embrace,
To fhield the fire from whom their virtues rofe;
And fly at each rever'd command,
like arrows from the giant's hand,
In vengeance on his foes.
So Edward fought on Creffy's bleeding plain,
A blooming hero, great beyond his years.
So William fought-But ceafe the ftrain,
A lofs fo recent bathes the Mufe in tears.
So fhall hereafter every fon, -
Who now with prattling infancy relieves
:Thofe anxious cares which wait upon a throne, Where, ah, too oft, amidft the myrtles, weaves

The thorn its pointed anguifh-So Shall every youth his duty know
To guard the monarch's right, and people's weal; And thou, great George, with juft regard To Heaven, fhalt own the Hebrew bard But fung the truths you feel.

Bleft be the day which gave thee birth !
Let others tear the ravag'd earth,
And fell Ambition's powers appear
In forms, which defolate the year.
Confés'd thy milder virtues thine,
Thou rul'ft indeed, our hearts are thine.
By flender ties our Kings of old
Their fabled right divine would vainly hold.
Thy jufter claim ev'n Freedom's fons can love,
The King who bends to Heaven, muft Heaven itfelf approve.

## O D E XIV.

 tor the new-year 1767.
## I.

WHEN firft the rude o'er-peopled North

Pour'd his prolific offspring forth, At large in alien climes to roam, And feek a newer, better home,

From the bleak mountain's barren head, The marfy vale, th' nngrateful plain,
From cold and penary they fled
To warmer funs, and Ceres' golden reign. At every kep the breezes blew Soft and more foft : the lengthen'd view

Did fairer fcenes expand : Unconfcious of approaching foes, 'The farm, the town, the city rofe,

To tempt the fpoiler's hand.

## I.

Not Britain fo. For nobler ends Her willing daring fons fhe fends, Fraught like the fabled car of old, Which Ccatter'd blefings as it roll'd.

From cultur'd fields, from fieecy downs, From vales that wear eternal bloom,
From peopled farms, and bufy towns, [loom, Where fhines the ploughihare, and where founds the

To fandy defarts, pathlefs woods, Impending fteeps, and hẹadlong floods,

She fends th' induftrious fwarm :
To where felf-ftrangled Nature lies,
Thill focial Art fhall bid her rife
From Chaos into form.
III.

Thus George and Britain blefs mankind. -
And left the parent.realm fhould find
Her numbers fhrink, with flag unfurl'd She fands, th' Afylum of the world.

From foreign frands new fubjects come,
New arts accede a thoufand ways,
For here the wretched finds a home, And all her portals Charity difplays.

From each proud mafter's hard command,
From tyrant Zeal's oppreflive hand,
What eager, exiles fly!
"G Give us, they cry, 'tis Nature's caufe,
"O give us liberty and laws
"Beneath a harfner. Iky !"
IV.

Thus George and Britain bleís mankind.-
Away, ye barks; the favouring wind
Springs from the eait; ye prows, divide
The vaft Atlantic's heaving tide!

Britannia from each rocky height
Purfues you with applauding hands :
Afar, impatient for the freight,
See! the whole Weftern world expecting ftands !
Already fancy paints each plain,
The defarts nod with golden grain,
The wond'ring vales look gay,
The woodman's ftroke the forefts feel,
The lakes admit the merchant's keelAway, ye barks, away!
'To WHITEHEAD's POEMS.

## O D E XV.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,
ju UE 4,1767 .

FRIEND to the poor!-for fure, 'O Kings

That godlike attribute is thine-
Friend to the poor; to thee we fing,
To thee our annual offerings bring,
And bend at Mercy's fhrine.
In vain had Nature deign'd to fmile
Propitious on our fav'rite ifle Emerging from the main:
In vain the genial fource of day
Selected each indulgent ray
For Britain's fertile plain :
In vain yon bright furrounding fkies
Bade all their clouds in volumes sife,
Their foft'ring dews diftill'd :
In vain the wide and teeming earth
Gave all her buried treafures birth,
And crown'd the laughing field:
For lo! fome fiend, in evil hour,
Affuming Famine's horrid mion,
Diffus'd her petrifying power
O'er thoughtlefs Plenty's feftive bower,
And blated every green.

Strong panic terrors fhook the land; 'Th' obdurate breaft, the griping hand

Were almoft taught to fpare ;
For loud mifrule, the fcourge of crimes, Mix'd with the madnefs of the times,

And rous'd a ruftic war.
Whilft real Want, with figh fincere, At home, in filence, dropp'd the tear,

Or rais'd th' imploring eye,
Foul Riot's fons in torrents came, And dar'd nfurp thy awful name,

Thrice facred Mifery !
Then George arofe. His feeling heart Infpir'd the nation's better part

With virtues like its own:
His power controul'd th' infatiate train, Whofe avarice grafp'd at private gain,

Regardlefs of a people's groan.
Like fnows beneath th' all-chearing ray,
The rebel crowds difiolv'd away:
And Juftice, tho' the fivord fhe drew,
Glanc'd lightly o'er th' offending crew, And fcarce.felected, to avenge her woes,
A fingle victim from a hoft of foes.
Yes, Mercy triumph d; Mercy frone confe ${ }^{2}$
In her own nobleft fphere, a Monarch's brealt.
Forcibly mild did Mercy fhine,
Like the fweet month in which we pay
Our annual vows at Mercy's Mrine,
And hail our Monarch's natal day.

## $O$ D XVI.

FOR THE NEW-YEAR 1768.

LE T the voice of Mufic breathe, Hail with fong the new-born Year ! - .
'Tho' the frozen earth beneath
Feels not yet his influence near, Already from his fouthern goal The genial God who rules the day Has bid his glowing axle roll,

And promis'd the return of May. Yon ruffian blats, whofe pinions fweep Impetuous o'er our northern deep,

Shall ceafe their founds of war:
And, gradual as his power prevails,
Shall mingle with the fofter gale's
That fport around his car.
Poets fhould be prophets too, -
Plenty in his train attends;
Fruits and flowers of various hue
Bloom where'er her ftep the bends. -
Down the green hill's floping fide,
Winding to the vale below,
See, fhe pours her golden tide !'
Whilft, upon its airy brow,

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\text { NEW-YEAR ODE } 1768 .
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Amidft his flocks, whom Nature leads To flowery feafts on mountains' heads,

Th' exulting fhepherd lies :
And to th' horizon's utmoft bound
Rolls his eye with tranfport round, Then lifts it to the fkies.

Let the voice of Mufic breathe!
Twine, ye fivains, the feftal wreath !
Britain hall no more complain
Of niggard harvefts, and a failing year :
No more the mifer hoard his grain,
Regardlefs of the peafant's tear,
Whofe hand laborious till'd the earth,
And gave thofe very treafures birth.
No more fhall George, whofe parent brealt
Feels every pang his fubjects know,
Behold a faithful land diftreft,
Or hear one figh of real woe.
But gratefu! mirth, whofe decent bounds
No riot fivells, no fear confounds,
And heart-felt cafe, whofe glow within
Exalts Contentment's modeft mien,
In every face fhall fmile confeft,
And in his people's joy, the Monarch too be bleft.
WHITEHEAD'S POEME.

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\begin{gathered}
\text { O D E XVII. } \\
\text { FOR HIS MAJESTY'S EIRTH-DAY, } \\
\text { JUNE 4, } 7768 .
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P
REPARE, prepare your fongs of praife,
The genial month returns again,
Her annual rites when Britain pays
To her own monarch of the main.
Not on Preenicia's bending fhore,
Whence Commerce firft her wings effay'd;
And dar'd the unfathom'd deep explore,
Sincerer vows the Tyrian paid
To that imaginary deity,
Who bade him boidly feize the empire of the fea.
What tho' no victim bull be led,
His front with fnow-white fillets bound;
Nor fable chaunt the neighing fteed;
That iffued when he fmote the ground : :
Our fields a living incenfe breathe:
Nor Libanus, nor Carmel's brow,
To drefs the bower, or form the wreath,
More liberal fragrance could beftow.
We too have herds, and fteeds, befide the rills That feed, and rove, protected, o'er a thoufand hills. Secure

Secure, while George the fceptre fways, (Whom will, whom int'reft, and whom duty draws To venerate and patronize the laws) Secure her open front does freedom raife. Secure the merchant ploughs the deep,
His wealth his own : Secure the fwains,
Amidft their rural treafures fleep,
Lords of their little kingdoms of the plains.
Then to his day be honour given !
May every choiceft boon of Heaven
His bright, diftinguifh'd reign adorn !
'Till, , white as Britain's fleece, old Time fhall fred His fnows upon his reverend head, Commanding filial awe from fenates yet unborn.

## O D E XVIII.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY. JUNE 4,1769 .

## I.

PATRON of Arts, at length by Thee Their Home is fix'd : thy kind decree Has plac'd their Empire here.
No more unheeded fhall they wafte Their treafures on the fickle tafte Of each fantaftic year.
Judgement fhall frame each chafte defign,
Nor e'er from Truth's unerring line
The fportive Artift roam :
Whether the breathing buft he forms, With Nature's tints the canvas warms,
Or fivells, like Heaven's high arch, th' imperial dome, Fancy, the wanderer, fhall be taught
'To own feverer laws:
Spite of her wily wanton play,
Spite of her lovely errors, which betray
Th' enchanted foul to fond applaufe, Ev'n the, the wanderer, fhall be taught
That nothing truly great was ever wrought,
Where judgement was away.

## II.

Through ofier twigs th' Acanthus rofe :
Th' idea charms, the artift glows:
But 'twas his fkill to pleafe, Which bade the graceful foliage fpread, To crown the ftately column's head With dignity and eafe. When great Apelles, pride of Greece, Frown'd on the almoft finifh'd piece, Defpairing to fucceed, What tho' the miffile vengeance pafs'd From his rafh hand, the random caft Might dafh the foam, but fkill had form'd the fteed.

Nor lefs the Phidian arts approve
Labour, and patient care,
Whate'er the Ikilful artifts trace,
Laocoon's pangs, or foft Antinous' face. By fkill, with that diviner air The Delian God does all but move; 'Twas fikill gave terrors to the front of Jove, To Venus every grace.

## III.

- And fhall each facred feat,

The vales of Arno, and the Tufcan ftream, No more be vifited with pilgrim feet?
No more on fiveet Hymettus' fummits dream
The Sons of Albion? or below,
Where Ilyffus' waters flow,
Vol. LXXIII. H

Trace with awe the dear remains
Of mould'ring urns, and mutilated fanes? Far be the thought. Each facred feat, Each monument of ancient fame,
Shall fill be vifited with pilgrim feet,
[flame.
And Albion gladly own from whence fhe caught the Still fhall her ftudious youth repair, Beneath their King's protecting care,
To every clime which art has known; And rich with fpoils from every coaft Return, till Albion learn to boaft An Athens of her own.

## O D E XIX. FOR THE NEW-YEAR 1770.

FORWARD, Janus, turn thine eyes, Future fcenes in profpect view,
Rifing as the moments rife,
Which form the fleeting year anew.
Frefh beneath the fcythe of Time,
Could the Mufe's voice avail, Joys fhould fpring, and reach their prime,

Blooming ere the former fail,
And every joy its tribute bring To Britain, and to Britain's King.

Suns fhould warm the pregnant foil,
Health in every breeze fhould blow;
Plenty crown the peafant's toil,
And fhine upon his chearful brow.
Round the throne whilft duty waits,
Duty join'd with filial love,
Peace fhould triumph in our gates,
And every diftant fear remove;
'Till gratitude to Heav'n fhould raife
The fpeaking eye, the fong of praife,

Let the nations round in arms
Stun the world with war's alarms,
But let Britain ftill be found
Safe within her wat'ry beund.
Tyrant chiefs may realms deftroy;
Nobler is our Monarch's joy,
Of all that's truly great poffefs'd, And, by bleffing, truly bleft.

Tho' comets rife, and wonder mark their way, Above the bounds of Nature's fober laws,
It is the all-chearing lamp of day,
The permanent, the unerring caufe, By whom th' enliven'd world its courfe maintains, By whom all Nature fmiles, and beauteous order reigns.

O D E XX.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,
JUNE $4,1770$.

DIS CORD hence! the torch refign -
Harmony fhall rule to-day.
'Whate'er thy bufy fiends defign
Of future ills, in cruel play,
To torture or alarm mankind,
Lead th' infidious train away,
Some blacker hours for mifchief find;
Harmony fhall rule to-day.
Diftinguifh'd from the vulgar year,
And mark'd with Heaven's peculiar white, This day fhall grace the rolling fphere, And ling'ring end its bright career,

Unwilling to be loft in night.
Difcord, lead thy fiends away !
Harmony falll rule to-day.
Is there, intent on Britain's good, Some angel hovering in the fky , Whofe ample view furveys her circling flood, Her guardian rocks, that fhine on high, Her forefts, waving to the gales, Her ftreams, that glide through fertile vales,

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Her lowing paitures, fleecy downs, Towering cities, bufy towns, Is there who views them all with joy ferene, And breathes a bleffing on the various fcene ?

O if there is, to him 'tis given, (When daring crimes almoft demand The vengeance of the Thunderer's hand) To foften, or avert, the wrath of Heaven.

O'er ocean's face do tempefts fiweep?
Do civil ftorms blow loud ?
İe ftills the raging of the deep, And madnefs of the croud.

Hie toe, when Heaven vouchfafes to fmile Propitious on his favourite ifle, With zeal performs the talk he loves, And every gracious boon improves.

Bleft delegate! if now there lies
Ripening in yonder pregnant fries
Some great event of more than common good,
Tho' Enyy howl with all her brood,
Thy wonted power employ;
Uiher the mighty moments in
Sacred to barmony and joy,
and from this æra let their courfe begin!

O D E XXI.
FOR THE NEW-YEAR 17.7 .

AG A I N returns the circling year, Again the feftal day, Which ufhers in its bright career, Demands the votive lay:
Again the oft-accuftom'd Mufe Her tributary tafk purfues,
Strikes the preluding lyre again, And calls the harmonious band to animate her ftrain. Britain is the glowing theme; To Britain facred be the fong : Whate'er the fages lov'd to dream Lycéan fhades among,
(When raptur'd views their bofoms warm'd Of perfect ftates by fancy form'd)
United here and realiz'd we fee,
Thrones, independence, laws, and liberty!
The triple cord, which binds them faft,
Like the golden chain of Jove Combining all below with all above,

Shall bid the facred union latt.
What tho' jars inteftine rife,
And difcord feems awhile to reign,
Britain's fons are brave, are wife,
The florm fubfides, and they embrace again.

The mafter-fprings which rule the land, Guided by a ikilful hand, Loofcning now, and now reftraining, Yielding fomething, fomething gaining, Preferve inviolate the public frame, As, tho' the feafons change, the year is fill the fame.

O fhould Britain's foes prefume,
Trufting fome delufive fcene
Of tranfient. feuds that rage at home,
And feem to fhake the nice machine, Should they dare to lift the fword, Or bid their hoftile thunders roar, Soon their pride would mirth afford, And break like billows on her fhore; Soon would find her vengeance wake, Weep in blood the dire miftake,
And 'gainlt their wild attempts united fee Thrones, independence, laws, and liberty!

## O D E XXII.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S bIRTH-DAY,
JUNE 4, 177 I .

I ONG did the churlifh Eaft detain In icy bonds th' imprifon'd fpring: No verdure dropp'd in dewy rain,

And not a zephyr wav'd its wing. Even he, th' enlivening fource of day, But pour'd an ineffectual ray

On earth's wild bofom, cold and bare;
Where not a plant uprear'd its head, Or dar'd its infant foliage fpread

To meet the blafting air.
Nor lefs did man confefs its force: Whate'er could damp its genial courfe, Or o'er the feats of life prevail, Each pale difeafe that pants for breath, Each painful harbinger of death,

Lurk'd in the loaded gale.
But now th' unfolding year refumes
Its various hues, its rich array;
And, burting into bolder blooms,
Repays with ftrength its long delay. 'Tis Nature reigns. The grove unbinds Its treffes to the fouthern winds,

The birds with mufic fill its bowers;
The flocks, the herds beneath its fhade Repofe, or fport along the glade, And crop the rifing flowers. Nor lefs does man rejoice. To him More mildly fweet the breezes feem,

More frefh the fields, the funs more warm;
While health, the animating foul
Of every blifs, infpires the whole,
And heightens each peculiar charm.
Lovelieft of months, bright June! again
Thy feafon fmiles. With thee return
The frolic band of Pleafure's train ;
With thee Britannia's feftal morn, When the glad land her homage pays

To George, her monarch, and her friend. es May chearful health, may length of days,
" And fmiling peace his fteps attend!
" May every good"-Ceafe, ceafe the ftrain;
The prayer were impotent and vain :
What greater good can man poffefs
Than he, to whom all-bounteous Heaven, With unremitting hand, has given

The power and will to blefs?

O D E XXII.

FOR THE NEW-YEAR I772。

AT length the flecting year is o'er, And we no longer are deceiv'd; The wars, the tumults are no more Which Fancy form'd, and Fear believ'd. Each diftant object of diftrefs,
Each phantom of uncertain guefs,
The bufy mind of man could raife,
Has taught ev'n Folly to beware;
At fleets and armies in the air
The wond'ring croud has ceas'd to gaze.
And thall the fame dull cheats again
Revive, in ftale fucceffion roll'd ?
Shall fage experience warn in vain,
Nor the New. Year be wifer than the Old ?
Forbidit, ye protecting Powers,
Who guide the months, the days, the hours,
Which now advance on rapid wing!
May each new fpectre of the night Diffolve at their approaching light,
As fly the wint'ry damps the foft return of fpring !
True to herfelf if Britain prove,
What foreign foes has he to dread ?
Her facred laws, her Sovereign's love,
Her virtuous pride by Freedom bred,

Secure at once domeftic eafe, And awe th' afpiring nations into peace.

Did Rome e'er court a tyrant's fmiles, Till Faction wrought the civil frame's decay?

Did Greece fubmit to Philip's wiles, Till her own faithlefs fons prepar'd the way?

True to herfelf if Britain prove,
The warring world will league in vain, Her facred laws, her Sovereign's love,

Her empire boundlefs as the main, Will guard at once domeftic eafe, And awe th' afpiring nations into peace.

## O D E XXIV.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,

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\text { JUNE 4, } 1772 .
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FR OM fcenes of death, and deep diftrefs, (Where Britain fhar'd her Monarch's woe) Which moft the feeling mind opprefs, Yet beft to bear the virtuous know, Turn we our eyes-The cyprefs wreath

No more the plaintive Mufe fhall wear ; The blooming flowers which round her breathe,

Shall form the chaplet for her hair ;
And the gay month which claims her annual fire, Shall raife to fprightlier notes the animated lyre.

The lark that mounts on morning wings
To meet the rifing day,
Amidft the clouds exulting fings,
The dewy clouds, whence zephyr flings
The fragrance of the May.
The day, which gave our Monarch birth, Recalls each nobleft theme of ages paft ;

Tells us, whate'er we owed to Naffau's worth, The Brunfwick race confirm'd, and bade it laft :

Tells us, with rapturous joy unblam'd,
And confcious gratitude, to feel
Our laws, our liberties, reclaim'd
From tyrant pride, and bigot zeal;

While each glad voice, that wakes the echoing air, In one united wifh thus joins the general prayer : or. 'Till Ocean quits his fav'rite ifle,
" 'Till Thames, thy wat'ry train
or No more fhall blefs its pregnant foil,
66. May Order, Peace, and Freedom fmile
"Beneath a Brunfwick's reign !"

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## O D E XXV.

FOR THE NEW-YEAR I773。

W RAPT in the fole of rable grair, With forms and tempefts in his train,
Which howl the naked woods among, Winter claims the folemn fong. Hark, 'tis Nature's laft farewel; Every blaft is Nature's knell !

Yet fhall glooms opprefs the mind, So oft by fage experience taught
To feel its prefent views confin'd,
And to the future point th' afpiring thought?
All that fades again fhall live,
Nature dies but to revive.

Yon fun who fails in fouthern fkies, And faintly gilds th' horizon's bound, Shall northward fill, and northward rife, With beams of warmth and fplendor crown'd ; Shall wake the flumbering, buried grain From the cold earth's relenting breaft, And Britain's ifle fhall bloom again In all its wonted verdure dreft.

Britain, to whom kind Heaven's indulgent care
Has fix'd in temperate climes its ftated goal, Far from the burning zone's inclement air,

Far from th' eternal frofts which bind the pole. Here dewy Spring exerts his genial powers ;

Here Summer glows falubrious, not fevere; Here copious Autumn fpreads his golden ftores, And Winter ftrengthens the returning year.
$O$ with each bleffing may it rife,
Which Heaven can give, or mortals bear !
May each wing'd moment, as it flies,
Improve a joy, or eafe a care;
'Till Britain's grateful heart aftonifh'd bends
To that Almighty Power from whom all good defcends.

## O D E XXVI.

FOR HIS MAJESTX'S BIRTH-DAI,

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\text { JUNE } 4,1773 .
$$

BO R N for millions are the Kings Who fit on Britain's guarded throne :
From delegated power their glory fprings, Their Birth-day is our own!

In impious pomp let tyrants hine, Affuming attributes divine, And fretch their unrefifted fway O'er flaves, who tremble, and obey. On lawlefs pinions let them foar: Far happier he, whofe temperate power,

Acknowledg'd, and avow'd,
Ev'n on the throne reftriction knows;
And to thofe laws implicit bows By which it rules the croud.

When erft th' imperial pride of Rome Exulting faw a world o'ercome, And rais'd a mortal to the fkies, There were, 'tis true, with eagle eyes Vol. LXXIII. I

Who view'd the dazzling fcene.
Tho' incenfe blaz'd on flattery's fhrine, Great Titus and the greater Antonine Felt, and confefs'd they were but man.

Dut an ! how few, let Fiftory fpeak With weeping eye, and blufhing cheek, E'er reach'd their mighty mind!
Man, felffin man, in moft prevail'd,
And power roll'd down a curfe entail'd On reafon, and mankind.

Fippy the land, to whom 'tis given
T' enjoy that choicelt boon of Heaven, Where, bound in one illuftrious chain,
The Monarch and the People reign!
Hence is Britannia's weal maintain'd ; Hence are the rights his fathers gain'd To every freeborn fubject known :

Hence to the throne, in fongs of praife,
A grateful realm its tribute pays, And hails the King, whofe Birth-day is its own.

## O D E XXVII.

FOR THE NEW-IEAR $1774^{\circ}$

## I.

"DASS but a few fhort fleeting years," Imperial Xerxes figh'd and faic, Whilf his fond eye, fuffus'd with tears, His numerous hofts furvey'd;
"Pafs but a few fhort fleeting years,
"A And all that pomp, which now appears
" A glorious living fcene,
"Shall breathe its laft ; Mall fall, fhall die,
" And low in earth yon myriads lie "As they had never been!"
True, Tyrant: Wherefore then does pride, And vain ambition, urge thy mind To fpread thy neediefs conqueits wide, And defolate mankind?
Say, why do millions bleed at thy command? If life, alas! is fhort, why fhake the hafty fand ?

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Not fo do Britain's Kings behold
Their floating bulwarks of the main
Their undulating fails unfold,
And gather all the winds acrial reign.
I 2
Myriads

116 WHTTEHEAD's POEMS.
Myriads they fee, prepar'd to braw
The loudeft form, the wildeft wave,
To hurl juft thunders on infulting foes, To guard, and not invade, the world's repofe. Myriads they fee, their country's dear delight, 'Sheir country's dear defence, and glory in the fight!

Nor do they idly drop a tear On fated Nature's future bier ;
For not the grave can damp Britannia's fires ;
Tho' chang'd the men, the worth is ftill the fame; The fons will emulate their fires, And the fons fons will catch the glorious flame!

## O D E XXVIII.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,

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\text { JUNE } 4,1774^{\circ}
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I.

HARK!-or does the Mufe's ear
Form the founds fhe longs to hear ?-
Hark! from yonder weftern main
O'er the white wave echoing far,
Vows of duty fwell the ftrain,
And drown the notes of war.
The prodigal again returns,
And on his parent's neck reclines ;
With honeft fhame his bofom burns,
And in his eye affection fhines ;
Shines thro' tears, at once that prove
Grief, and joy, and filial love.

## II.

Difcord, fop that raven voice, Left the nations round rejoice. Tell it not on Gallia's plain,

Tell it not on Ebro's fream, Tho' but tranfient be the pain, Like to fome delufive dream :

For foon fhall Reafon, calm, and fage,
Detect each vile feducer's wiles,
Shall foothe to peace miftaken rage,
And all be harmony and fmiles;
Smiles repentant, fuch as prove
Grief, and joy, and filial love.

## III.

O prophetic be the Mufe!
May her monitory flame
Wake the foul to noble views,
And point the path to genuine fame!
Juft fubjection, mild commands,
Mutual intereft, mutual love,
Form indiffoluble bands,
Like the golden chain of Jove.
Clofely may they all unite!
And fee, a gleam of luftre breaks
From the fhades of envious night-
And hark, 'tis more than Fancy feaks-
They bow, they yield, they join the choral lay,
And hail with us our Monarch's natal Lay.

ODE

IIRTH-DAY ODE 1775.

## O D E XXIX.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,

$$
\text { JUNE } 4,1775^{\circ}
$$

YE Powers, who rule o'er ftates and kings, Who fhield with fublunary wings
Man's erring race from woe, To Britain's fons in every clime Your bleffings waft, whate'er their crime, On all the winds that blow!

Beyond the vait Atlantic tide Extend your healing influence wide,

Where millions claim your care: Infpire each juft, each filial thought, And let the nations round be taught The Britifh oak is there.
'Tho' vaguely wild its branches fpread, And rear almoft an alien head

Wide-waving o'er the plain,
Let ftill, unfpoil'd by foreign earth, And confcious of its nobler birth,

The untainted trunk remain.
: WHITEHEAD's POEMS.
Where mutual intereft binds the band, Where due fubjection, mild command, Enfure perpetual eafe, Shall jarring tumults madly rave, And hoftile banners proudly wave O'er once united feas?
No; midft the blaze of wrath divine Heaven's lovelieft attribute fhall fhine, And mercy gild the ray; Shall ftill avert impending fate; And concord its beft æra date From this aufpicious day.

## O D E XXX. for the new-year 1776.

ON the white rocks which guard her coaft, Obfervant of the parting day,
Whofe orb was half in ocean lolt,
Reclin'd Britannia lay.
Wide o'er the wat'ry wafte
A penfive look fhe caft;
And farce could check the rifing figh, And fcarce could ftop the tear which trembled in her eye.

* Sheathe, fheathe the fword which thirfs for " blood,"
(She cried) " deceiv'd, miftaken men!
" Nor let your parent, o'er the flood,
" Send forth her voice in vain!
"Alas, no tyrant fhe,
"She courts you to be free:
"Submiffive hear her foft command,
" Nor force unwilling vengeance from a parent's hand."s
Hear her, ye wife, to duty true,
And teach the reft to feel,
Nor let the madnefs of a few
Diftrefs , the publie weal!

ェ2ュ WHITEHEAD's POEME.
So fhall the opening year affume, Time's faireft child, a happier bloom;

The white-wing'd hours fhall lightly move, The fun with added luftre fhine!
"To err is human." -Let us prove " Forgivenefs is divine!"

## O D E. XXXI*。

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,
JUNE $4,1776$.

YE weftern gales, whofe genial breath Unbinds the glebe, till all beneath One verdant livery wears: You foothe the fultry heats of noon, Add foftnefs to the fetting fun, And dry the morning's tears.

* To this Ode Mr. Mason has prefixed the following adver. tifement, which, bowever, has not prevented us, as the reader will perceive, from inferting the regular ferits of all Mr. Whitehead's New-Year and Birth-Day Odes, both previous and fubfequent to it.
"In the Collection of Poems which Mr. Whitchead printed in 1774, he thought proper to felect certain of his New-Year and Birth-Day Odes for re-publication. Beginning, thcrefore, from that date, I have reviewed, with the affiftance of fome friends, whofe tafte in lyric compofition I could depend on, all that he wrete afterwards, and thofe which we beft approved are here inferted. In this review it is to be noted, to the Poct's honour, that we found more variety of fentiment and expreffion, than could well be expected from fuch an uniformity of fubjcet. If we lamented the neceffity he was under, of fo frequently advert ing to the war with America, we generally admired his delicate manner of treating it. Should, therefore, the Odes here reprinted lead any perfon to read all that he compofed, in compliance with the forms of his cffice, (and all are to be found in the Annual Regifter printed by Dodfley) I perfuade myfulf he muft agree with me in thinking, that no Court Poct ever had fewer courtly fains, and that his page is, at the leaft, as wobito as Addifon's."

This is your feafon, lovely gales,
Through æther now your power prevails;
And our dilated breafts fhall own
The joys which flow from you alone.
Why, therefore, in yon dubious kky ,
With outfpread wing, and eager eye On diftant fcenes intent,
"Sits Expectation in the air"
Why do alternate hope and fear Sufpend fome great event?

Can Britain fail ?-The thought were vain!
The powerful emprefs of the main
But frives to fmooth th' unruly flood, And dreads a conqueft ftain'd with blood.

While yet, ye winds, your breezy balm
Through nature fpreads a general calm,
While yet a paufe fell Difcord knows;
Catch the foft moment of repofe,
Your genuine powers exert;
'To pity melt th' obdurate mind, Teach every bofom to be kind, And humanize the heart.

Propitious gales, O wing your way! And whilf we hail that rightful fway

Whence temper'd freedom fprings,
The blifs we feel, to future times
Extend, and from your native climes
Bring peace upon your wings!-

## 0 D E XXXI.

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\text { FOR THE NEW-YEAR } 1777{ }^{\circ}
$$

AG A I N imperial Winter's fiway Bids the earth and air obey; Throws o'er yon hoftile lakes his icy bar, And, for a while, fufpends the rage of war.

O may it ne'er revive ! - Ye wife, Ye juft, ye virtuous, and ye brave, Leave fell contention to the fons of vice, And join your powers to fave!

Enough of flaughter have ye known, Ye wayward children of a diftant clime,

For you we heave the kindred groan, We pity your misfortune, and your crime.

Stop, parricides, the blow,
O find another foe!
And hear a parcht's dear req̧ueft,
Who longs to clafp you to her yielding breaft.
What change would ye require? What form
Ideal fioats in Fancy's fky?
Ye fond enthufiafts break the charm,
And let cool reafon clear the mental eye,

On Britain's well-mix'd ftate alone, True Liberty has fix'd her throne, Where Law, not Man, an equal rule maintains: Can freedom e'er be found where many a tyrant reigns?

United, let us all thofe bleffings find, The God of Nature meant mankind.

Whate'er of error, ill redreft ;
Whate'er of paflion, ill repreft;
Whate'er the wicked have conceiv'd,
And Folly's heedlefs fons believ'd,
Let all lie buried in oblivion's flood, And our great cement be, The Public Good.
BIRTH-DAYODE
O D E XXXIII.
FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,

$$
\text { JUNE 4, } 1777^{\circ}
$$

DRIVEN out from Heaven's ethereal domes, On earth infatiate Difcord roams, And fpreads her baleful influence far: On wretched man her fcorpion ftings Around th' infidious fury flings, Corroding every blifs, and fharp'ning every care:

Hence, Demon, hence ! in tenfold night
Thy Stygian fpells employ,
Nor with thy prefence blaft the light
Of that aufpicious day, which Britain gives to joy.
But come, thou fofter deity, Faireft Unanimity!
Not more fair the ftar that leads Bright Aurora's glowing fteeds, Or on Hefper's front that fhines, When the garifh day declines ; Bring thy ufual train along, Feftive dance, and choral fong, Loofe-rob'd fport, from folly free, And mirth, chaftis'd by decency.

Enough of war the penfive Mufe has fung, Enough of flaughter trembled on her tongue;

Fairer profpects let her bring Than hoftile fields and feenes of blood;
If happier hours are on the wing, Wherefore damp the coming good?
If again our tears mult flow, Why foreftall the future woe?
Bright-ey'd Hope, thy pleafing power
Gilds at leaft the prefent hour,
Every anxious thought beguiles,
Dreffes every face in fmiles,
Nor lets one tranfient cloud the blifs deftroy Of that aufpicious day, which Britain gives to joy.

ODE

## O.D. E XXXIV.

FOR THE NEW-YEAR 1778.

WHEN rival nations great in arms, Great in power, in glory great,
Fill the world with war's alarms, And breathe a temporary hate,
The hoftile forms but rage a while, And the tired conteft ends. But ah, how hard to reconcile.

The foes who once were friends!
Each hafty word, each look unkind,
Each diftant hint, that feems to mean A fomething lurking in the mind Which almoft longs to lurk unfeen, Each fhadow of a fhade offends Th' embitter'd foes who once were friends.

That Power alone who fram'd the foul,
And bade the fprings of paffion playo,
Can all their jarring ftrings controul,
And form on difcord concord's fivay.
'Tis He alone, whofe breath of love Did a'er the world of waters move,
Vol, LXXIII, K

Whofe touch the mountains bends;
Whofe word from darknefs call'd forth light, 'Tis He alone can reunite The foes who once were friends.
'To Him, O Britain, bow the knee ! His awful, his auguft decree, Ye rebel tribes, adore! Forgive at once, and be forgiven, Qpe in each breaft a little heaven, And difcord is no more.

## O D E XXXV.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,
JUNE $4,1778$.

AR M' D with her native force, behoid, How proudly thro' each martial plain Britannia ftalks! "'Twas thus of old, " My warlike fons, a gallant train,
" Call'd forth their genuine frength, and fpread
" Their banners o'er the tented mead;
" 'Twas thus they taught perfidious France to yield," She cries, and fhews the lilies on her fhield.
" Yes, Goddefs, yes! 'twas thus of old," The Mufe replies, " thy barons bold " Led forth their native troops, and fpread "Their banners o'er the tented mead.
" But nobler now the zeal that warms
" Each patriot breaft : for Freedom's reign
"Has burf the Norman's feudal chain,
" And given new force to Glory's charms. " No vaffal bands
" Rife at a tyrant lord's commands :
"'Tis for themfelves, with honeft rage,
" The voluntary youths engage ;
" To guard their facred homes they fight,
"And in their own aftert the public right.
or Bound by choice, and choice alone,
"Their leaders, and their laws are both their own z:
"L Laws obey'd, becaufe approv'd,
" And chiefs that rule, becaufe belov'd.
"c. 'Tis hence that flaft of virtuous pride,
*s Which Britain's fons difdain to hide,
" Glows on their cheeks, and thro' their eyes,
" In active fire, the foe defies.
"' 'Tis hence, at home, they claim and find
" Th' undoubted rights of human kind;
" And, whilft they own a. juft controul,
" But yield a part to guard the whole.
"'Tis hence they fpurn a fervile chain,
16 While tyrant man's defpotic rcign
" Enflaves the peopled earth;
"، And hence, with equal zeal obey
"A father King, and hail the day
"Which gave fuch monarchs birth."

## O D E XXXVI,

FOR THE NEW-XEAR 1779.

TO arms, to arms, ye fons of might, And hail with founds of war the new-born year!
Britannia, from her rocky height, ?oints to the Gallic coaft, and lifts her fpear.

Th'immortal hatred, which by turns
Wakes and fleeps, with fury burns:
New caufe of juft offence has Albion found, And lo, it bleeds afreh, th' eternal wound !

Though great in war, of frill poffeft,
'Though native courage fire their brealt
With ardour for the public weal
One want, at leaft, our rivals feel,
The want of freedon damps each gen'rous aim; Whoc'er the lord they ferve, th' oppreffion is the fame.

Power defpotic rarely knows,
Rarely heeds a fubject's woes;
By force it claims, with grafping hand,
Whate'er Ambition dares demand :
The ravag'd merchant, plunder'd fivain,
May pour their weak complaints in vain;

- Their private forrows are their own ;

A tyrant feels not, though a people groan.

T34 WHITEHEAD's POEMS.
O happier far the well-mix'd flate,
Which blends the monarch's with the fubject's fate, And links the fceptre to the fpade! The ftroke which wounds the lowlieft clown
Is infult to the Britifh Crown,
And he attacks our rights who dares the throne invade.
One common flame, one active foul Pervades, and animates the whole; One heart, one hand, directs the blow, And hurls the vollied vengeance on the foe.

## BIRTH-DAYODE17ヶg <br> O D E XXXVII.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,

$$
\text { JUNE } 4,1779 .
$$

IE T Gallia mourn ! th' infulting foe, Who dar'd to aim the treach'rous blow, When loft, fhe thought, in deep difmay, Forlorn, diftrefs'd, Britannia lay.

Deems fhe Misfortune e'er can tame The gen'rous inborn Britifh flame? Is Agincourt fo little known? Muft frefh conviction curb her pride, Each age new annals be fupply'd, Of Gallia's hame and our renown?

What though a while the tempeft fhrouds Her fummits, and a night of clouds

Each rock and mountain wears; Yet foon returns the flitting breeze, And brighter o'er her fubject feas

The Queen of Ifles appears.
Let Gallia mourn ! th' infulting foe, Who fees by all the winds that blow, Her treafures wafted to the coaft She infolently deem'd was loft.

$$
\text { K } 4
$$

Yon fun, that with meridian ray Now gilds the confecrated day,

When Britain breathes her annual vow
For him, the Guardian of her Laws,
For him, who in her facred caufe
Bids the red boit of vengeance glow :
'That very fun, when Ganges' ftream Redden'd beneath his rifing beam,

Saw Britain's banners wave
In eaftern air, with honelt pride, O'er vanquifh'd forts, which Gallia tried,

But tried in vain to fave.
That very fun, ere evening dew Has dimm'd his radiant orb, will view, Where Lucia's mountains tower on high, And feem to prop the weftern $f k y$, That oft-contefted ifland own Allegiance to the Britifh throne.

Like her own oak, the foref's king,
Tho' Britain feels the blows around;
Ev'n from the fteel's inflictive fting,
New force fhe gains, new fcyons fpring,
And hourin from the wound.

## © D E YXXVIII.

for the new-year 1780.

AND dares infulting France pretend To grasp the trident of the main, And hope the aftonifh'd world mould bend 'To the mock pageantry affium'd in vain? What, though her fleets the billows load, What, though her mimic thunders roar, She bears the enfigns of the God,

But not his delegated power.
Even from the birth of Time 'twas'Heaven's decree,
The Queen of Ines should reign dole emprefs of the fa.

United Bourbon's giant pride
Strains every nerve, each effort tries, With all but Juftice on its fides,

That ftrength can give, or perfidy devife. Dread they not Him who rules the $\mathfrak{k k y}$,

Whore nod directs the whirlwind's feed,
Who bares his red right arm on high
For vengeance on the perjur'd head, Th' Almighty Power, by whole august decree The Queen of Ines alone is fovereign of the fca:
138. WHITEHEAD's POEM§.

Vain-glorious France! deluded Spain!
Whom even experience warns in vain,
Is there a fea that dafhing pours
Its big waves round your trembling fhores,
Is there a promontory's brow
That does not Britain's vaft atchievements know?
Afk Bifcay's rolling flood,
Afk the proud Celtic fteep,
How oft her navies rode
Triumphant o'er the deep?
Afk Lagos' fummits that beheld your fate, Afk Calpe's jutting front, fair caufe of endlefs hate. Yet 'midft the loudeft blafts of Eame,

When mof the admiring nations gaze,
What to herfelf does Britain claim ?
-Not to herfelf the gives the praife,
But low in duft her head fhe bows,
And proftrate pays her grateful vows
To Him, the Almighty Power, by whofe decree
She reigns, and ftill hall reign, fole emprefs of the fea.

## O D E XXXIX.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S EIRTH-DAY,
JUNE 4,1780 .

STILL o'er the decp does Britain reign, Her monarch fill the trident bears : Vain-glorious France, deluded Spain, Have found their boafted efforts vain; Vain as the fleeting fhades when orient light appears.

As the young eagle to the blaze of day
Undazzled and undaunted turns his eyes, So unappall'd, where Glory led the way, [fkies,
'Midet ftorms of war, 'midft mingling feas and The genuine offspring of the Brunfwick name Prov'd his high birth's hereditary claim, And the applauding nation hail'd with joy Their future hero in the intrepid boy.

Prophetic, as the fiame that fpread
Round the young Iulus' head, Be that bleft omen of fuccefs. The Mufe
Catches thence ecfatic views;
Sees new laurels nobly won,
As the circling year rolls on;
'Sees that triumphs of jts own
Each diftinguifh'd month thall crown;
And, ere this feftive day again
Returns to wake the grateful ftrain, Sees all that hoft of foes,
Both to her glory and repoie, Bend their proud necks beneath Britannia's yoke, And court that peace which their injuftice broke.

Still o'er the deep fhall Britain reign, Her Monarch ftill the trident bear; The warring world is leagu'd in vain To conquer thofe who know not fear.

Grafp'd be the fpear by ev'ry hand, Let every heart united glow, Collected, like the Theban band, Can Britain dread a foe ?

Ňo! o'er the deep the ftill fhall reign,
Her Monarch ftill the trident bear : 'The warring world is leagu'd in vain To conquer thofe who know not fearo

## O. D E XL。

 for the new-tear ifsi.AS K. round the world, from age to age, Not where alone th' Hiftorian's page Or Poet's fong have juft attention won :

But even the feebleft voice of fame Has learnt to lifp Britannia's name, Afk of her inborn worth, and deeds of high renown?

What power from Lufitania broke
The haughty Spaniard's galling yoke?
Who bade the Belgian mounds with freedom ring ?
Who fix'd fo oft with ftrength fupreme
Unballanc'd Europe's nodding beam, And rais'd the Auftrian eagle's drooping wing ?
'Twas Britain!-Britain heard the nations groan, As jealous of their freedom as her own!.
Where'er her valiant troops fhe led,
Check'd and abafh'd, and taught to fear,
The earth's proud tyrants ftopp'd their mad career; To Britain Gallia bow'd ; from Britain Julius fled.

Why then, when round her fair Proteftrefs' brow
The dark clouds gather, and the tempefts blow. With folded arms, at eafe reclin'd,
Does Earope fit? or, more unkind,

Why fraudulently aid the infidious plan?
The foes of Britain are the foes of man.
Alas! her glory foars too high;
Her radiant far of Liberty
Has bid too long th' aftonifh'd nations gaze ;
That glory which they once admir'd,
That glory in their caufe acquir'd,
[blaze.
That glory burns too bright, they cannot bear the
Then Britain, by experience wife,
Court not an envious or a timid friend;
Firm in thyfelf undaunted rife,
On thy own arm and righteous Hearen depend.
So as in great Eliza's days,
On felf-fupported pinions borne,
Again fhalt thou look cown with foorn
On an oppofing world, ar. 1 all its wily ways :
Grown greater from diftrefs,
And eager ftiil to blefs,
As truly generous as thou'rt truly brave,
Again fhalt crufh the proud, again the conquer'd fave,

## O D E XLI.

for his majesty's birth-day, JUNE 4, ITBI.

STILL does the rage of war prevail, Still thirfts for blood th' infatiate fpear ? Waft not, ye winds, th' invidious tale, Nor let th' untutor'd nations hear, That paffion bafles reafon's boafted reign, And half the peopled world is civilized in vain. What are morals, what are laws, What religion's facred name? Nor morals foften, nor religion awes: Pure tho' the precepts flow, the actions are the fame, Revenge, and pride, and deadly hate, And avarice tainting deep the mind, With all the fury fiends that wait,

As torturing plagues, on human kind, When hewn in their own native light, In Truth's clear misrour heavenly bright,

Like real monfters rife;
But le: Ellufion's powerful wand
Transform, arrange, the hideous band,
They cheat us in difguife;
We drefs their horrid forms in borrow'd rays, Then call them Glory, and puriue the blaze.

O blind

O blind to Nature's focial plan, And Heaven's indulgent end ! Her kinder laws knit man to man, As brother and as friend. Nature, intent alone to blefs,

Bids ftrife and difcord ceafe;
"Her ways are ways of pleafantnefs,
"And all her paths are peace."
Ev'n this aufpicious day would wear
A brighter face of joy ferene;
And not one rufling gale of care
Difturb the halcyon fcene ;
On lighter wings would zephyr move,
The fun with added luftre fhine,
Did Peace defcending from above,
Here fix her earthly fhrine ;
Here to the Monarch's fondeft prayer:
A juft attention yield,
And let him change the fivord of war:
For her protecting hield.

## O D E XLII.

FOR THE NEW-YEAR 1782.

OWOND'ROUS power of inborn worth, When danger calls its fpirit forth, And ftrong neceffity compels
The fecret fprings to burft their narrow cells !
Tho' foes unnumber'd gird her round, Tho' not one friend is faithful found, Tho' impious Scorn derides, Yet fill unmov'd amidft the band, Like her own rocks, does Britain ftand, And braves th' infulting tides. A world in arms afiaults her reign, A world in arms affaults in vain.
'Tis Britain calls, ye Nations, hear !
Unbrace the corfelet, drop the fpear,
No more th' infidious toil purfue, Nor frive to weaken what you can't fubdue.
'Tis Britain calls: with fatal fpeed You urge, by headlong fury led,

Your own impending fate.
Too late you'll weep, too late you'll find, 'Twas for the glory of mankind That Britain fhould be great. Vol. LXXIII. I.

## 146 WHITEHEAD's POEMS.

In Britain's voice 'tis Freedom calls, Eor Freedom dies if Britain falls.

She cannot fall ; the fame Almighty hand That rajs'd her white rocks from the main, Does ftill her arduous caufe maintain,
Still grafps the fhield that guards her favour'd landi Obedient to his word,
Nat to deftroy, bet to reclaim,
Th' avenging angel waves the flaming fword':
Revere his awful name!
Repentant in the duft,
Confefs his judgments juit ;
'Th' avenging fword fhall ceafe to wave,
And whom his mercy fpares, his power thall fave.

UDE

## $O$ D XLII.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAX,

$$
\text { JUNE } 4,1782 .
$$

STILL does reluctant Peace refufe, Tho' courted by each generous mind, To fhed her panacean dues,

And heal the madnefs of mankind!
Muft this aufpicious day again
Be clouded with one anxious care, And powers malignant render vain
The Monarch's fondeft wifh, the people's general pray'r's
O no! in yonder pregnant $\mathrm{k} y$, Whence all our hopes and bleffings fpring.
New burfing feenes of glory lie,
And future joys are on the wing :
The ling'ring morn, that coyly fheds
On broken clouds and mountain-heads
At firft a glimmering ray,
Now brighter and now brighter glows,
Wide and more wide the lutre flows,
${ }^{\text {'Till all is future day, }}$
And Earth, rejoicing in ethereal light,
Forgets the dreary damps, and live long thades of night.

Satiate of war, whofe mad excefs
No bourd, no kind reftriction knows,
Eut marks its progrefs with diftrefs,
The willing world fhall feek repofe;
And Belgia waking from her dreams
Of Gailic frauds, illunve fehemes,
Shail add new ftrength to Concord's chain, And know ber ancient friends again.

While thofe, whom nearer ties unite,
Whom all the charities combine,
Shall backward turn their trembling fight,
And deprecate the wath divine:
'Midit bleeding heaps of biothers flain,
'Mid:? Defolation's horrid reign,
And all its complicated woes,
With wild affight in every face,
Shall ftrain more clofe the ftritt embrace,
And wonder they could e'er be foes.
O pleafing. hope, O bleft prefage Of jors to lait from age to age!
For what Heaven's felf command's muf Hewver appreve,
Rewurning amity, and mutual love!
And hark! on yonder Weatern main
Imperious ${ }^{\text {F F Fance }}$ is taught to know,
That Britain reafumes her reign:
Fier thanders only flept to fike the deeger blow.

## BIRTH.D.AY ODE $1 ; 3$ º.

Ie Nations, hear! the Gallic ftar,
Shorn of its beams, th' horizon leaves ;
That fatal firebrand of the war
No longer dazzles and deceives.
Record it in the faireft light
Of faithful Hiftory's future page,
es They only triumph'd, whilf they fhunn'd the fight, es We, when we forc'd them to engage."

## O D E XLIV.

for the new-year 1783.

YE Nations, hear th' important tale Tho' armies prefs, tho' fleets affail,
'Tho' vengeful War's collected fores At once united Bourbon pours Unmov'd amid!t th' infulting bands, Emblem of Britain, Calpe ftands 'Th' all-conquering hofts their baftled efforts mourn, And, tho' the wreath's prepar'd, unwreath'd the chiefs return.

Ye Nations, hear! nor fondly deem
Britannia's ancient fpirit fled;
Or glofing weep her fetting beam,
Whofe fierce meridian rays her riva!s dread -
Her Genius nept-her Genius wakes-
Nor ftrength deferts her, nor high Heaven forfakes.
To Heaven the benàs, and Heaven alone,
Who all her wants, her weaknefs knows,
And fupplicates th' eternal Throne
To fpare her crimes, and heal her woes.
Proud man with vengeance ftill
Purfues, and aggravates e'en fancied ill; rar gentler means offended Heaven employs, With mercy Heaven correcis - chaftifes, not deftroys.

When hope's laft gleam can hardly dare
To pierce the gloom and foothe defpair; When flames th' uplifted bolt on high,
In act to cleave th' offended kk ,
Its iffuing wrath can Heaven reprefs, And win to virtue by fuccefs.
Then O ! to Heaven's protecting hand Be praife, be prayer addreft, Whofe mercy bids a guilty land Be virtuous and be bleft!

So fhall the rifing year regain
The erring feafons wonted chain;
The rolling months that gird the fphere, Again their wonted liveries wear; And health breathe frefh in every gale, And plenty clothe each fmiling vale With all the bleffings Nature yields To temperate funs from fertile fields.

So fhall the proud be taught to bow,
Pale Envy's fierce contentions ceafe, The fea once more its fovereign know, And glory gild the wreath of Peace.

## O D E XLV.

FOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAY,

$$
\text { JUNE } 4,1783
$$

AT length the troubled waters reft, And, fhadowing ocean's calmer breaf, Exulting Commerce fpreads her woven wings:

Free as the winds that waft them o'er, Her iffuing veffels glide from fhore to fhore, And in the bending fhrouds the carelefs fea-boy fings.

Is peace a bleffing ? - Afk the mind That glows with love of human kind, That knows no guile, no partial weaknefs knows,

Contracted to no narrow Sphere,
The world, the world at large is umpire here ;
They feel, and they enjoy, the blefings peace beftows.
Then, oh ! what blifs his bofom frares,
Who, confcious of ingenuous worth, Can nobly fcorn inferior cares, And fend the generous edict forth; To diftant fighs of modeft woe

Can lend a pitying lift'ning ear, Nor fee the meanelt forrows flow

Without a fympathifing tear.

$$
\text { BIRTH-D.AY ODE } 1783^{\circ}
$$

Tho' Rapine with her fury train
Rove wide and wild o'er earth and main, In act to frike, tho' Slaughter cleave the air,

At his command they drop the fword,
And in their midway courfe his potent word Arrefts the fhafts of death, of terror, of defpair.

When thofe who have the power to blefs, Are readieft to relieve diftrefs,
When private virtues dignify a crown
The genuine fons of freedom feel
A duty which tranfcends a fubject's zeal,
And dread the Man's reproach more than the Monarch's frown.

Then to this day be honours paid
The world's proud conqu'rors never knew ?
Their laurels fhrink, their glories fade,
Expos'd to Reafon's fober view.
But Reafon, Juftice, Truth rejoice,
When Difcord's baneful triumphs ceafe,
And hail, with one united voice,
The Friend of Man, the Friend of Peace,

## O D E XLVI.

for the new-year 1784.

H NOUGH of arms-to happier ends Her forward view Britannia bends;
The gen'rous hofts, who grafp'd the fword, Obedient to her awful word,

Tho' martial glory ceafe, Shall now, with equal induftry, Like Rome's brave fons, when Rome was free, Refume the arts of peace.

O come, ye toil-worn wand'rers, come To genial hearths, and focial home,

The tender houfewife's bufy care; The board with temperate plenty crown'd ; The fmiling progeny around,

That liften to the tale of war.

Yet be not war the fav'rite theme, For what has war with blifs to do ?
Teach them more juftly far to deem,
And own experience taught it you.

Teach them, 'tis in the will of fate,
Their frugal induftry alone
Can make their Country truly great, And in her blifs fecure their own.

Be all the fongs that foothe their toil, And bid the brow of labour fmile,

When thro' the loom the fhuttle glides,
Or fhining fhare the glebe divides, Or, bending to the woodman's ftroke, To waft her commerce, falls the Britifh oak-
Be all their fongs, that foften thefe,
Of calm content and future well-earn'd eafe ;
Nor dread left inborn fpirit die :
One glorious leffon, early taught,
Will all the boafted powers fupply
Of practifed rules and ftudied thought.
From the firft dawn of reafon's ray
On the young bofom's yielding clay, Strong be their Country's love impreft, And with your own example fire their breaft:

Tell them 'tis theirs to grafp the fword When Britain gives the awful word;

To bleed, to die, in Britain's caufe,
And guard, from faction nobly free,
Their birth-right bleffing, Liberty,
True Liberty, that loves the laws.
ig WHITEHEAD's POEMS.

## 0 D E XLVII:

EOR HIS MAJESTY'S BIRTH-DAT,

$$
\text { JUNE } 4,1784
$$

HAIL to the day, whofe beams, again Returning, claim the choral Atrain, And bid us breathe our annual vows To the firft power that Britain knows ; The power which, though itfelf reftrain'd, And fubject to that juft control
Which, many an arduous conflict gain'd, Connects, unites, and animates the whole.

Yon radiant fun, whofe central force
Winds back each planet's vagrant courfe, And thro' the fyitems holds imperial fway,

Bound by the fame inherent laws,
Ev'n whilft it feems the active caufe,
Promotes the general good, as much confin'd as they.
That wond'rous plan, through ages fought,
Which elder Egypt never taught,
Nor Greece with all her letter'd lore,
Nor ftruggling Rome, could e'er explore,

Tho' many a form of rule fhe tried;
That wond'rous plan has Britain found,
Which curbs licentioufnefs and pride, Yet leaves true liberty without a wound.

The fierce Plantagenets beheld
Its growing frength, and deign'd to yield; Th' imperious Tudors frown'd, and felt aggriev'd ;

Th' unhappy race, whofe faults we mourn,
Delay'd awhile its wifh'd return, 'Till Brunfwick perfected what Naffau had atchiev'd.

From that bright æra of renown ${ }_{2}$.
Aftrea walks the world again,
Her fabled form the Nations own,
With all th' attendant virtues in her train.
Hark! with what general loud acclaim
They vencrate the Britifh name,
When forms of rule are in the balance weigh' $d$,
And pour their torrents of applaufe
On the fair ifle, whofe equal laws
Controul the fcepter, and protect the fpade.
The triple chain, which binds them fait, Like Homer's golden one, defcends from Jove ; Long may the facred union laft,
And the mixt powers in mutual concert move,
Each tempering each, and liftening to the call
Of genuine public good, bleft fource and end of all ?

## 0 D E XLVIII.

for the new-year $1785^{\circ}$.

DELUSIVE is the Poet's dream, Or does prophetic truth infpire
The zeal which prompts the glowing theme, And animates th' according lyre?
Truff the Mufe : her eye commands
Diftant times and diftant lands;
Thro' burfting clouds, in opening fkies, Sees from difcord union rife; And friendihip bind unwilling foes
In firmer ties than duty knows
Torn rudely from its parent tree, Yon fcyon rifing in the Weft Will foon its genuine glory fee, And court again the foltering breaft ${ }_{2}$ : Whofe nurture gave its powers to fpread, And feel their force, and lift an alien head.

The parent-tree, when forms impend;
Shall own aftection's warmth again;
Again its foftering aid fall lend,
Nor hear the fuppliant plead in vain;
Shall fretch protecting branches round, Extend the fhelter, and forget the wound.
'Two Britains through th' admiring world Shall wing their way with fails unfurl'd;
Each from the other's kindred fate Avert by turns the bolts of fate; And acts of mutual amity endear The Tyre and Carthage of a wider fphere.

When Rome's divided eagles flew, And different thrones her empire knew,
The varying language foon disjoin'd.
The boafted mafters of mankind :
But here, no ills like thofe we fear,
No varying language threatens here;
Congenial worth, congenial flame,
Their manners and their arts the fame,
To the fame tongue fhall glowing themes afford; And Britifh Heroes act, and Britih Bards record.

Fly fwift, ye years ! ye minutes hiafte !
And in the future lofe the paft;
O'er many a thought-afflicting tale,
Oblivion, caft thy friendly veil!
I.et not Memory breathe a figh,

Or backward turn th' indignant eye ;
Nor the infidious arts of foes
Enlarge the breach that longs to clofe,
But acts of amity alone infpire
Firm faith, and cordial love, and wake the willing lyre.

# ? $R$ O I O G U E 

TOMAN THATHER,

SPOKEN BY MR. BARRY, 1750.

BRITONS, to-night in native pomp we come, True heroes all, from virtuous ancient Rome;
In thofe far diftant times when Romans knew
The fiweets of guarded liberty, like you; And, fafe from ills which force or faction brings, Saw freedom reign beneath the fmile of kings.

Yet from fuch times, and fuch plain chiefs as there, What can we frame a polif'd age to pleafe ? Say, can you liften to the artlefs woes
Of an old tale, which every fchool-boy knows?
Where to your hearts alone the fcenes apply, No merit their's but pure fimplicity.

Our bard has play'd a moft adventurous part, And turn'd upon himfelf the critic's art ; Stripp'd each luxuriant plume from Fancy's wings, And torn up fimiles like vulgar things: Nay ev'n each moral, fentimental, itroke, Where not the character, but poet fpoke,

He lopp'd, as foreign to his chafte defign, Nor fpar'd an ufelefs, tho' a golden line.

Thefe are his arts; if thefe cannot atone For all thofe namelefs errors yet unknown; If, fhunning faults which nobler bards commit, He wants their force to frike th' attentive Pit; Be juft, and tell him fo; he afks advice, Willing to learn, and would not afk it twice. Your kind applaufe may bid him write-beware: Or kinder cenfure teach him to forbear.

## E P I I O G U E

> TO THE

## ROMAN FATHER,

SFOKEN EF MRS. PRITCHARD, I750.

LADIES, by me our courteons author fends His compliments to all his female friends; And thanks them from his foul for every bright Indulgent tear, which they have fhed to-night. Sorrow in virtue's caufe proclaims a mind, And gives to beauty graces more refin'd. O who coald bear the lovelieft form of art, A cherub's face, without a feeling heart ! 'Tis there alone, whatever charms we boaft, Tho' men may flatter, and tho' men will ioaft, ${ }^{2}$ Tis there alone they find the joy fincere; The wife, the parent, and the friend, are there: All elfe, the verieft rakes themfelves mult own, Are but the paltry play-things of the town; The painted clouds, which glittering tempt the chace, 'Then melt in air, and mock the vain embrace.

Well then; the private virtues, 'tis confeft,
Are the foft inmates of the femalc breaft.
But then, they fill fo full that crouded fpace,
That the poor public feldom finds a place.

And I fufpect there's many a fair-one here, Who pour'd her forrows on Horatia's bier, That ftill retains fo much of flefh and blood, She'd fairly hang the brother, if fhe could.

Why, ladies, to be fure, if that be all, At your tribunal he muft ftand or fall. Whate'er his country or his fire decreed, You are his judges now, and he muft piead.

Like other culprit youths, he wanted grace ; But could have no felf-intereft in the cafe. Had fhe been wife, or miftrefs, or a friend, It might have anfwer'd fome convenient end: But a mere fifter, whom he lov'd-to take Her life away-and for his country's fake! Faith, ladies, you may pardon him ; indeed There's very little fear the crime fhould fpread. True patriots are but rare among the men, And really might be ufeful, now and then. Then do not check, by your difapprobation, A fpirit which once rul'd the Britifh nation, And ftill might rule-would you but fet the fafhion.

# $P \quad R \quad D \quad O \quad G \quad U \quad E$ 

To.

## EVERY MAN IN HIS HUMOUR,

SPOKEN BY MR, GARRICK, I75I.

CRITICS! your favour is our author's right-. The well-known fcenes we fhall prefent to-night, Are no weak efforts of a modern pen, But the ftrong touches of immortal Ben ;A rough old bard, whofe honeft pride difdain'd Applaufe itfelf, unlefs by merit gain'd-
And wou'd to-night your loudeft praife difclaim, Shou'd his great fhade perceive the doubtful fame, Not to his labours granted, but his name. Boldly he wrote, and boldly told the age, " He dar'd not proftitute the ufeful ftage, " Or purchafe their delight at fuch a rate, " As for it he himfelf muft jufly hate ;
" But rather begg'd they wou'd be pleas'd to fee "From him fuch plays as other plays fhou'd be; " Wou'd learn from him to fcorn a motley fcene, "And leave their monfters, to be pleas'd with men." 'thus fooke the bard.- And tho' the times are chang'd, Since his free Mufe for foo's the city rang'd ;

## PROLOGUETOEVERYMAN INHIS HUMOUR, $s s_{ร}$

And fatire had not then appear'd in flate, To lafh the finer follies of the great ; Yet let not prejudice infect your mind, Nor flight the gold, becaufe not quite refin?d; With no falfe nicenefs this performance view, Nor damn for low, whate'er is juft and true : Sure to thofe fcenes fome honour fhou'd be paid, Which Camden patroniz'd, and Shakefpeare play'd:
Nature was Nature then, and fill furvives; The garb may alter, but the fubftance lives, Lives in this play-where each may find complete, His pictur'd felf - Then favour the deceitLindly forget the hundred years between; Become old Britons, and admire old Ben.

## $P \quad R \quad O \quad L \quad O \quad G \quad U \quad E$

To
C R E U S A,

SPOKEN EY MR. ROSS, 1754 .

PROLOGUES of old, the learn'd in language fay, Were merely introductions to the play, Spoken by geds, or ghofts, or men who knew Whate'er was previous to the fcenes in view; And complaifantly came to lay before ye The feveral heads and windings of the fory. But modern times and Britifn rules are fuch, Our bards beforehand muft not tell too much ; Nor dare we, like the neighb'ring French, admit Ev'n confidants, who might inftruct the Pit, Sy afking quefions of the leading few, And hearing fecrets, which before they knew.

Yet what we can to he!p this antique piece We will attempt.-Our fcene to-night is Greece, And, by the magic of the poet's rod,
'This flage the temple of the Delphic god!
Where kings, and chiefs, and fages came of old, Like modern fools, to have their fortunes told;

And monarchs were enthron'd, or nations freed, As an old prieft, or wither'd maid, decreed. Yet think not all were equally deceiv'd, Some knew, more doubted, many more believ'd. In fhort, thefe oracles and witching rhimes Were but the pious frauds of ancient times; Wifely contriv'd to keep mankind in awe, When faith was wonder, and religion law!

Thus much premis'd, to ev'ry feeling breaft We leave the fcenes themfelves to tell the reft.
-Yet fomething fure was to the critics faid, Which I forget-lome invocation made! Ye critic bands, like.jealous guardians, plac'd To watch th' encroachments on the realms of tafte, From you our author would two boons obtain, Not wholly diffident, nor wholly vain : Two things he afks; 'tis modeft, fure, from you Who can do all things, to requeft but two: Firft to his fcenes a kind attention pay, Then judge!-with candour judge-and we ctey.

## E P I L O G U E

I 0
$C R E U S$ A,

SPOKEN BY MISS HAUGHTON, WHO ACTED THE PYTHIA, $1754^{\circ}$

AT length I'm freed from tragical parade, No more a Pythian prieftefs-tho' a maid; At once refigning, with my facred dwelling, My wreaths, my wand, my arts of fortune-telling.

Yet fuperftitious folks, no doubt, are here, Who ftill regard me with a kind of fear, Left to their fecret thoughts thefe prying eyes Should boldly pafs, and take them by furprize. Nay, tho' I difavow the whole deceit, And fairly own my fcience all a chear, Should I declare, in fpite of ears and eyes, The beaus were handfome, or the critics wife, 'They'd all believe it, and with dear delight Say to themfelves at leaft,
"The girl has tafte;" "ss The woman's in the right." Or, fhould I tell the ladies, fo difpos'd, 'They'd get good matches ere the feafon clos'd,
"They'd fmile, perhaps, with feeming difcontent, And, fneering, wonder what the creature meant; But whifper to their friends, with beating heart, "Suppofe there fhould be fomething in her art!" Grave ftatefmen too would chuckle, fhould I fay, On fuch a motion, and by fuch a day, They would be fummon'd from their own affairs To 'tend the nation's more important cares: " Well, if I mult-howe'er I dread the load, "I'll undergo it-for my country's good." All men are bubbles; in a fkilful hand, The ruling paffion is the cor.jurer's wand. Whether we praife, foretell, perfuade, advife, ${ }^{\prime}$ Tis that alone confirms us fools or wife.
The devil without may fpread the tempting fin, - But the fure conqueror is-the devil-within.

## A

## SECOND EPILOGUE

T 0
C R E U S A,

SPOKEN BY MRS. PRITCHARD, $1754^{\circ}$

STAY, ladies-Tho' I'm almoft tir'd to death With this long part-and am fo out of breathYet fuch a lucky thought kind Heaven has fent, That if I die for't, I muft give it vent.

* The men you know are gone. And now fuppore, Eefore our lords and mafters are rechofe, We take th' advantage of an empty town, And chufe a houfe of commons of our own. What think ye, cannot we make laws?-and then Cannot we too unmake them, like the men? O place us once in good St. Stephen's pews, We'll fhew them women have their public ufe.; Imprimis they fhall marry; not a man Paft twenty-five, but what fhall wear the chain. Next we'll in earneft fet about reclaiming ; Ior, by my life and foul, we'll put down gaming: We'll fpoil their deep deitructive midnight play; The laws we make, we'll force them to obey;
* This Ep:logue was fpoken at the time of a general election. Unlefo

Unlefs we let them, when their fpirits flag, Piddle with us, ye know, at quinze and brag. " I hope, my deareft," fays fome well-bred fpoufe, "When fuch a bill fhall come before your houfe, "That you'll confider men are men-at leaft " That you'll not fpeak, my dear."-Not fpeak ?the beaft !
What, would you wound my honour ?-Wrongs like thefe-
For this, fir, I fhall bring you on your knees. -Or, if we're quite good-natur'd, tell the man, V'e'll do him all the fervice that we can.

Then for ourfelves, what projects, what defigns ! We'll tax, and double tax, their nafty wines;
But duty-free import our blonds and laces,
French hoops, French filks, French cambricks, andFrench faces.
In fhort, my fcheme is not completed quite, But I may tell you more another night. So come again, come all, and let us raife Such glorious trophies to our country's praife, That all true Britons fhall with one confent Cry out, "Long live the female parliament!"
$x_{72}$ WHITEHEAD'S POEMS.
$\begin{array}{llllllll}P & R & O & L & O & G & U & E\end{array}$

TO THE
$O$ R P H AN OF CHINA,
spoken by mr. holland, 1759.

HNOUGH of Greece and Rome. Th' exhautted ftore
Of either nation now can charm no more:
Ev'n adventitious helps in vain we try,
Our triumphs languifh in the public eye;
And grave proceffions, mufically flow,
Here pafs unheeded-as a Lord Mayor's Show.
On eagle wings the Poet of to-night
Soars for frefh virtues to the fource of light,
To China's eaftern realms; and boldly bears
Confucius' morals to Britannia's ears.
Accept th' imported boon; as echoing Greece Receiv'd from wand'ring chiefs her golden fleece ;
Nor only richer by the fpoils become, But praife th' advent'rous youth who brings them home.

One dubious character, we own, he draws,
A patriot zealous in a monarch's caufe!

## PROLOGUE TO THE ORPHAN OF CHINA.

Nice is the tafk the varying hand to guide, And teach the blending colours to divide; Where, rainbow-like, th' encroaching tints invade Each other's bounds, and mingle light with fhade.

If then, affiduous to obtain his end, You find too far the fubject's zeal extend; If undiftinguiff'd loyalty prevails Where nature fhrinks, and ftrong affection fails, On China's tenets charge the fond miftake, And fpare his error for his virtue's fake.

From nobler motives our allegiance fprings, Eor Britain knows no right divine in kings ; From Freedom's choice that boafted right arofe, . And thro' each line from Freedom's choice it flowe. Juftice, with mercy join'd, the throne maintains; And in. his people's hearts - our Monarch reignso.

## P R O L O G U E

TOTHE
SCHOOL FOR LOVERS;

AS IT WASINTENDED TO HAVE BEEN SPOKEN, . ${ }_{17} 62$.

SUCCESS makes people vain.- The maxim's true, We all confefs it-and not over new. The verieft clown who ftumps along the ftreets, And doffs his hat to each grave cit he meets, Some twelvemonths hence, bedaub'd with livery lace, Shall thruft his faucy fiambeau in your face. Not fo our bard : tho' twice your kind applaufe Has, on this fickle fpot, efpous'd his caufe; He owns, with gratitude, th' obliging debt ; Has twice been favour'd, and is modeft yet. Plain tragedy, his firt adventurous care, Spoke to your hearts, and found an echo there. Plain comedy to-night, with frokes refin'd, Would catch the coyefl features of the mind; Would play politely with your hopes and fears, And fometimes fmiles provoke, and fometimes tears.

Your giant wits, like thofe of old, may climb Olympus high, and ftep o'er face and time ;

May ftride, with feven-leagu'd boots, from fhore to fhore, And, nobly by tranfgreffing, charm you more. Alas! our author dares not laugh at fchools, Plain fenfe confines his humbler Mufe to rules. Form'd on the claffic fcale his ftructures rife, He fhifts no fcenes to dazzle and furprize. In one poor garden's folitary grove, Like the primæval pair, his lovers rove ; And in due time will each tranfaction pafs, --Unlefs fome hafty critic fhakes the glafso

## p: $R \quad O L O$ G $\quad$ E

> TO TH.E

## S'HOOLFOR LOVERS,

AS SPOKEN BY MR. GARRICK, 1762.

SUCCESS makes people vain.-The maxim's trueWe all confefs it-and not over new. The verief clown, who itumps along the freets, And doffs his hat to each grave cit he meets, Some twelve months hence, bedaub'd with livery lace, Shall thruft his faucy flambeau in your face.
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And, nobly by tranigrefing, charm you more. Alas! our author dares not laugh at fchoolsPlain fenfe confines his humbler Mufe to rules : He fhifts no fcenes-But here I ftopp'd him fnort" Not change your fcenes ?" faid I-"I'mforry for't :" My

## PROLOGUE TO THE SCHOOL FOR LOVERS. 177

" My conftant friends above, around, below, " Have Englifh taftes, and love both change and fhow :
" Without fuch aids, ev'n Shakefpeare would be flat-
"Our crouded pantomimes are proofs of that.
"What eager tranfport ftares from every eye,
"When pullies rattle, and our Genii fly!
"When tin cafcades like falling waters gleam;
" Or through the canvas-burfts the real ftream, "While thirlty Inington laments in vain
"Half her New-River roll'd to Drury-Lane. " Lord, fir," faid I, " for gallery, boxes, pit, " I'll back my Harlequin againf your wit" Yet fill the author, anxious for his play,
Shook his wife head-" What will the critics fay ?"
"As ufual, fir-abufe you all they can !"-
"And what the ladies!"-" He's a charming man!
"A charming piece!-One fcarce knows what it means:
"But that's no matter - where there's fuch fweet " fcenes!"
Still he perfifts-and let him-entre nous-
I know your taftes, and will indulge 'em too.
Change you fhall have; fo fet your hearts at eafe: Write as He will, we'll act it as You pleafe.

## E P I L O G U E

TOTHE

## SCHOOL FOR LOVERS,

SPOKEN BEFORE THE DANCE, BY MRS. YATES AND MR. PALMER, IN THE CHARACTERSOF ARAMINTA AND MODELY, I762.

## ARAMINTA.

TELL, ladies, am I right, or am I not? Should not this foolifh paffion be forgot; This fluttering fomething, fcarce to be expreft, Which pleads for coxcombs in each female breaft? How mortified he look'd ! - and looks fo ftill. [Turning to Modidy:
He really may repent-perhaps he will.-
MODELY.

Will, Araminta ?-Ladies, be fo good, Man's made of frail materials, fleh and blood. We all offend at fome unhappy crifis, Have whims, caprices, vanities,-and vices. Your happier fex by nazure was defign'd, Her laft beft work, to perfect humankind.

No fpot, no blemifh, the fair frame deforms, No avarice taints, no naughty paffion warms Your firmer hearts. No love of change in you E'er taught defire to ftray. -

## ARAMINTA.

All this is true.
Yet flay; the men, perchance, may call it fneer, And fome few ladies think you not fincere. For your petition, whether wrong or right, Whate'er it be, withdraw it for to-night. Another time, if I fhould want a fpoufe, . I may myfelf report it to the houfe : At prefent, let us frive to mend the age; ; Let juftice reign, at leaft upon the ftage. Where the fair dames, wwho like to live by rule, May learn two lefions from the Lovers School; While Cælia's choice inftrùcts them how to chufe, And my refuifal warns them to refufe.

# $P \quad R \quad L \quad G \quad U \quad E$ 

 ToA L M I D A,

SPOKZN EY MR, REDDISH, 177I.

CRITICS be dumb-to-night a lady fues. From foft Italia's fhores, an Englifh Mufe, Tho' fate there binds her in a pleafing chain, Sends to our flage the offspring of her brain: True to her birth fhe pants for Britih bays, And to her country trufts for genuine praife. From infancy well read in tragic lore, She treads the path her father trod before ; To the fame candid judges trutts her caufe, And hopes the fame indulgence and applaufe. No Salic law here bars the female's claim, Who pleads herecitary right to fame.

Of love and arms the fings, the mighty two, Whefe powers uniting muft the world fubdue; Of love and arms! in that heroic age, Which knew no poet's, no hitorian's page ; But war to glory form'd the unletter'd mind, End chivalry alone taught morals to mankind;

Nor taught in vain : the youth who dar'd afpire To the nice honours of a lover's fire, Obferv'd with duteous care each rigid rule, Each ftern command of labour's patient fchool; Was early train'd to bear the fultry beams Of burning funs, and winter's fierce extremes; Was brave, was temperate : to one idol fair His vows he breath'd, his wifhes center'd there: Honour alone could gain her kind regard ; Honour was virtue, beauty its reward. And fhall not Britifi breafls, in Beauty's caufe, Adopt to-night the manners which fhe draws? Male writers we confefs are lawful prize, Giants and monfters that but rarely rife! With their enormous fpoils your triumphs grace, Attack, confound, exterminate the race; But when a lady tempts the critic war, Be all knights errane, and protect the fair.

## THE

## P O E M S O F

SOAME JENYNS, Eso.

THE

## ARTof DANCING:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A P O E M. } \\
& \text { INSCRIBED TO THERT. HON. THE } \\
& \text { LADYFANNY FIELDING*。 } \\
& \text { Ine efik patuit Dea. Virgo } \\
& \text { WRITTEN IEN THE YEAR } 1730 . \\
& \text { C A NTOJ. }
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N the fmooth dance to move with graceful mien, Eafy with care, and fprightly tho' ferene, To mark th' inftuctions echoing ftrains convey, And with juft fteps each tunoful note obey, I teach; be prefent, all ye facred choir, Blow the foft flute, and frike the founding lyre: When Fielding bids, your kind affilance bring, And at her feet the lowly tribute fing ; Oh may her eyes (to her this verfe is due) What firft themfelves infuir'd, vouchfafe to view !

* Daughter of Bafll fourth Earl of Denbigh. She married Daniel Earl of Winchelfea, and died Sept. 27, 3734.

Hail lovelieft art ! that can'ft all hearts infnare, And make the faireft fill appear more fair. Beauty can little execution do, Unlefs fhe borrows half her arms from you; Few, like Pygmalion, doat on lifelefs charms, Or care to clafp a ftatue in their arms; But breafts of fint muft melt with fierce defire, When art and motion wake the fleeping fire: A Venus drawn by great Apelles' hand, May for a while our wond'ring eyes command, But ffill, tho' form'd with all the pow'rs of art, The lifelefs piece can never warm the heart ; So a fair nymph, perhaps, may pleafe the eye, Whilit all her beauteous limbs unactive lie, But when her charms are in the dance difplay'd, 'Then ev'ry heart adores the lovely maid: This fets her beauty in the faireft light, And fhews each grace in full perfection bright ; Then, as fhe turns around, from ev'ry part, Like porcupines, fhe fends a piercing dart; In vain, alas! the fond fpectator tries To fhun the pleafing dangers of her eyes, For, Parthian like, fhe wounds as fure behinds, With flowing curls, and ivory neck reclin'd: Whether her fteps the Minuet's mazes trace, Cr the flow Louvre's more majeftic pace, Whether the Rigadoon employs her care, Or fprightly Jigg difplays the nimble fair, At every ftep new beauties we explore, And worfhip now, what we admir'd before:

So when Eneas in the Tyrian grove Fair Venus met, the charming queen of Love, The beauteous goddefs, whilft unmov'd fhe ftood, Seem'd fome fair nymph, the guardian of the wood; But when fhe mov'd, at once her heavenly mien And graceful.fep confefs bright Beauty's queen, New glories o'er her form each moment rife, And all the godders opens to his eyes.

Now hafte, my Mufe, purfue thy deftin'd ways What dreffes beft become the dancer, fay; The rules of drefs forget not to imf̧art, A leffon previous to the dancing art.

The foldier's fcarlet glowing from afar, Shews that his bloody occupation's war ; Whilft the lawn band, beneath a double chin, As plainly fpeaks divinity within; The milk-maid fafe thro' driving rains and fnows, Wrapp'd in her cloak, and propp'd on pattens goes; While the foft Belle immur'd in velvet chair, Needs but the filken fhoe, and trufts her bofom bare: The woolly drab, and Englifh broad-cloth warm, Guard well the horfeman from the beating florm, But load the dancer with too great a weight, And call from ev'ry pore the dewy fiveat; Rather let him his active limbs difplay In camblet thin, or gloffy paduafoy: Let no unwieldy pride his fhoulders prefs, But airy, light, and eafy be his drefs; Tlin be his yielding fole, and low his heel, So thall he nimbiy bound, and fafely wheel.

But let not precepts known my verfe prolong, Precepts which ufe will better teach than fong; For why fhould I the gallant fpark command With clean white gloves to fit his ready hand ? Or in his fob enlivening fpirits wear, And pungent falts to raife the fainting fair ?
Or hint, the fword that dangles at his fide, Should from its filken bondage be unty'd ?
Why fhould my lays the youthful tribe advife, Lelt fnowy clouds from out their wigs arife: So fhall their partners mourn their laces fpoil'd, And fhining filks with greafy powder fcil'd ? Nor need I, fure, bid prudent youths beware, Left with erected tongues their buckles tare, The pointed fteel fhall oft their ftockings rend, And oft th' approaching petticoat offend.

And now, ye youthful fair, I fing to you, With pleafing fmiles my ufeful labours view; For you the filk-worms fine-wrought webs difplay, And lab'ring ffin their little lives away, For you bright gems with radiant colours glow, Fair as the dies that paint the heavenly bow, For you the fea refigns its pearly fiore, And earth unlocks her mines of treafur'd ore ; In vain yet nature thus her gifts beftows, Unlefs yourfelves with art thofe gifts difpofe.

Yet think not, Nymphs, that in the glitt'ring ball, One form of drefs prefcrib'd can fuit with all ;
One brighteft fhines when wealth and art combine, To make the finifh'd piece completely fine ;

When leaft adorn'd, another fteals our hearts, And rich in native beauties, wants not arts; In fome are fuch refiflefs graces found, That in all drefles they are fure to wound ; Their perfect forms all foreign aids defpife, And gems but borrow luftre from their eyes.

Let the fair nymph in whofe plump cheeks are feer
A conftant blufh, be clad in chearful green; In fuch a drefs the fportive fea-nymphs go; So in their graffy bed frefh rofes blow: The lafs whofe fkin is like the hazel brown, With brighter yellow fhould o'ercome her own ; While maids grown pale with ficknefs or defpair, The fable's mournful dye fhould chufe to wear; So the pale moon fill fhines with pureft light, Cloath'd in the duiky mantle of the night. But far from you be all thofe treach'rous arts, That wound with painted charms unwary hearts; Dancing's a touchfone that true beauty tries, Nor fuffers charms that nature's hand denies: 'Tho' for a while we may with wonder view 'The rofy blufh, and fkin of lovely hue, Yet foon the dance will caufe the cheeks to glow; And melt the waxen lips, and neck of fnow : So fhine the fields in icy fetters bound, Whilft frozen gems befpangle all the ground; 'Thro' the clear cryftal of the glitt'ring fnow, With fcarlet dye the blufhing hawthorns glow; O'er all the plains unnumber'd glories rife, And a new bright creation charms our eyes;

Till Zephyr breathes, then all at once decay The fplendid fcenes, their glories fade away, 'The fields refign the beauties not their own, And all their fnowy charms run trickling down. Dare I in fuch momentous points advife, I fhould condemn the hoop's enormous fize : Of ills I fpeak by long experience found, Oft' have I trod th' immeafurable round, [wound. And mourn'd my fhins bruis'd black with many a $\int$ Nor fhould the tighten'd flays, too ftraitly lac'd, In whale-bone bondage gall the flender waift; Nor waving lappets fhould the dancing fair, Nor ruffles edg'd with dangling fringes wear ; Oft will the cobiweb ornaments catch hold On the approaching button rough with gold, Nor force nor art can then the bonds divide, When once th' entangled Gordian knot is ty'd. So the unhappy pair, by Hymen's power, Together join'd in fome ill-fated hour, The more they frive their freedom to regain, The fatter binds th' indifoluble chain.

Let each fair maid, who fears to be difgrac'd, Ever be fure to tye her garters faft, Left the loos'd ftring, amidit the public ball, A wifh'd-for prize to fome proud fop fhould fall, Who the rich treafure fhall triumphant fhew, And with warm bluthes caufe her cheeks to glow.

But yet, (as Fortune by the felf-fame ways She humbles many, fome delights to raife)

It happen'd once, a fair illuftrious dame By fuch neglect acquir'd immortal fame. And hence the radiant Star and Garter blue Britannia's nobles grace, if fame fays true: Hence ftill, Plantagenet, thy beauties bloom, Tho' long fince moulder'd in the dufky tomb, Still thy loft Garter is thy fovereign's care, And what each royal breaft is proud to wear. But let me now my lovely charge remind, Left they forgetful leave their fans behind; Lay not, ye fair, the pretty toy afide, A toy at once difplay'd for ufe and pride, A wond'rous engine, that by magic charms Cools your own breafts, and ev'ry other's warms. What daring bard fhall e'er attempt to tell 'The pow'rs that in this little weapon dwell? What verfe can e'er explain its various parts, Its num'rous ufes, motions, charms and arts?
Its painted folds, that oft extended wide, Th' afflicted fair-one's blubber'd beautics hide, When fecret forrows her fad bofom fill, If Strephon is unkind, or Shock is ill :
Its ficks, on which her eyes dejected pore, And pointing fingers number o'er and o'er, When the kind virgin burns with fecret fhame,
Dies to confent, yet fears to own her flame;
Its fhake triumphant, its victorious clap, Its angry flutter, and its wanton tap ?

Forbear, my Mufe, th' extenfive theme to fing,
Nor truft in fuch a flight thy tender wing;

Rather do you in humble lines proclaim,
From whence this engine took its form and name, Say from what caure it firfe deriv'd its birth, How form'd in heaven, how thence deduc'd to earth-

Once in Arcadia, that fam'd feat of love, There liv'd a nymph the pride of all the grove, A lovely nymph, adorn'd with ev'ry grace, An eafy fhape, and fiweetly-blooming face; Fanny; the damfel's name, as chatte as fair, Each virgin's envy, and each fwain's defpair; To charm her ear the rival thepherds fing, Blow the foft fute, and wake the trembling ftring; For her they leave their wand'ring flocks to rove, Whilit Fanny's name refounds thro' ev'ry grove, And fpreads on ev'ry tree, inclos'd in knots of love ; As Fielding's now, her eyes all hearts inflame, Like her in beauty, as alike in name.
'Twas. when the fummer fun now mounted high, With fiercer beams had fcorch'd the glowing $\mathbb{k y}$, Beneath the covert of a cooling fhade, To fhun the heat, this lovely nymph was laid; The fultry weather o'er her cheeks had fpread: A blufh, that added to their native red, And her fair brealt, as polifh'd marble white, Was half conceal'd, and half expos'd to fight:灰olus, the mighty God whom winds obey, Obferv'd the beanteous maid, as thus fhe lay; O'er all her charms he gaz'd with fond delight, And fuck'd in goifon at the dangerous fight ;

He fighs, he burns; at laft declares his pain, But fill he fighs, and fill he wooes in vain; The cruel nymph, regardlefs of his moan, Minds not his flame, uneafy with her own; But fill complains, that he who rul'd the air Would not command one Zephyr to repair Around her face, nor gentle breeze to play Thro' the dark glade, to cool the fultry day : By love incited, and the hopes of joy, Th' ingenious God contriv'd this pretty toy, With gales inceffant to relieve her flame; And call'd it Fan, from lovely Fanny's name,

## CANTOII.

NOW fee prepar'd to lead the fprightly dance, The lovely nymphs and well-drefs'd youths advance ;
The fpacious room receives its jovial gueft, And the floor fhakes with pleafing weight oppreft:
Thick rang'd on ev'ry fide, with various dyes
The fair in glofly filks our fight furprize;
So in a garden bath'd with genial fhow'rs,
A thouiand forts of variegated flow'rs,
Jonquills, carnations, pinks, and tulips rife,
And in a gay confufion charm our eyes.
High o'er their heads, with num'rous candles bright,
Large fonces fhed their fparkling beams of light,
Their fparkling beams, that fill more brightly glow,
Reflected back from gems, and eyes below:
Unnumber'd fans to cool the crowded fair,
With breathing Zephyrs move the circling air ;
The fprightly fiddle, and the founding lyre,
Each youthful breaft with gen'rous warmth infpire; Fraught with all joys the blifsful moments fly,
Whilf mufic melts the ear, and beauty charms the eye.
Now let the youth, to whofe fuperior place
It firt belongs the folendid ball to grace,

With humble bow, and ready hand, prepare
Forth from the crowd to lead his chofen fair ; The fair fhall not his kind requeft deny, But to the pleafing toil with equal ardour fly.

But ftay, rafn pair, nor yet untaught advance, Firft hear the Mufe, ere you attempt to dance :

* By art directed o'er the foaming tide, Secure from rocks the painted veffels glide; By art the chariot fcours the dufty plain, Springs at the whip, and $\dagger$ hears the ftrait'ning rein ; To art our bodies mult obedient prove, If e'er we hope with graceful eate to move.

Long was the dancing art unfixt, and free, Hence loft in error, and uncertainty; No precepts did it mind, or rules obey, But ev'ry mafter taught a different way : Hence ere each new-born dance was fully try'd, The lovely product ev'n in blooming dy'd; Thro' various hands in wild confulion tof, Its fteps were alter'd, and its beauties loft; Till $\ddagger$ Fuillet, the pride of Gallia, rofe, And did the dance in characters compore ;

* Arce citæ veloque rates remoque moventur.

Arte leves currus.
Ovid,
$t$ - Nec audit currus habenas. VIrg.
$\ddagger$ Fuillet wrote: the Art of Dancing by Charahers, in Frencts. fince tranflated by Weaver.

## 196 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS:

Fach lovely grace by certain marks he taught, And ev'ry ftep in lafting volumes wrote: Hence o'er the world this pleafing art Gall fpread. And ev'ry dance in ev'ry clime be read, By diftant mafters fhall each ftep be feen, Tho' mountains rife, and oceans roar betweén ; Hence, with her fifter arts, fhall dancing claim. An equal right to univerfal fame; And Ifanc's rigadoon fhall live as long As Raphael's painting, or as Virgil's fong.

Wife Nature ever, with a prudent hand,
Difpenfes various gifts to ev'ry land;
'To ev'ry nation frugally imparts
A genius fit for fome peculiar arts ;
To trade the Dutch incline, the Swifs to arms,
Mufic and verfe are foft Italia's charms;
Britannia juitly glories to have found
Lands unexplor'd, and fail'd the globe around;
Eut none will fure prefume to rival France,
Thether fhe forms, or executes the dance;
To her exalted genius 'tis we owe
The iprightly Rigadoon and Louvre flow,
The Borée, and Courant unpractis'd long, Th' immortal Minuet, and fmooth Bretagne, With all thofe dances of illu?rious fame, *Which from their native country take their name:
With thefe let ev'ry ball be firlt begun, Nor Country-Dance intrude till thefe are done.

* French dat.ces.

Each cautious bard, ere he attempts to fing, Firf gently flutt'ring tries his tender wing; And if he finds that with uncommon fire The Mufes all his raptur'd foul infpire, At once to heav'n he foars in lofty odes, And fings alone of heroes and of gods; But if he trembling fears a fight fo higlr, He then defcends to fofter elegy ; And if in elegy he can't fucceed,
In paftoral he ftill may tune the oaten reed :
So fhould the dancer, ere he tries to move,
With care his ftrength, his weight and genius prove;
Then, if he finds kind Nature's gifts impart
Endowments proper for the dancing art,
If in himfelf he feels together join'd,
An active body and ambitious mind,
In nimble Rigadoons he may advance,
Or in the Louvre's flow majeflic dance :
If thefe he fears to reach, with eafy pace
Let him the Minuet's circling mazes trace:
Is this too hard ? This too let him forbear, And to the Country-Dance confine his care. Would you in dancing ev'ry fault avoid, To keep true time be firft your thoughts employ'd;
All other errors they in vain fhall mend, Who in this one important point offend; For this, when now united hand in hand Eager to ftart the youthful. couple fand, Let them a while their nimble feet reftrain, And with foft taps beat time to $\mathrm{ev}^{\prime}$ ry ftrain:

## 2gS SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.

So for the race prepar'd two courfers ftand, And with impatient pawings fpurn the fand.

In vain a mafter fhall employ his care, Where nature has once fix'd a clumfy air ; Rather let fuch, to country fports confin'd, Purfue the flying hare or tim'rous hind:
Nor yet, while I the rural 'fquire defpife,
A mien effeminate would I advife:
With equal fcorn I would the fop deride,
Nor let him dance -but on the woman's fide.
And you, fair nymphs, avoid with equal care
A flupid dullnefs, and a coquet air;
Neither with eyes, that ever love the ground, Aleep, like fpinning tops, run round and round, Nor yet with giddy looks and wanton pride Stare all around, and fkip from fide to fide.

True dancing, like true wit, is belt expreft Ey nature only to advantage dreft; ${ }^{\prime}$ Ti's not a nimble bound, or caper high,
That can pretend to pleafe a curious eye ; Good judges no fuch tumblers tricks regard, Or think them beautiful, becaufe they're hard.
'Tis not enough that ev'ry fander-by
No glaring errors in your fleps can fpy,
The dance and mufic muft fo nicely meet, Each note fhould feem an echo to her feet; A namelefs grace muft in each movement dwell, Which words can ne'er exprefs, or precepts tell, Not to be taught, but ever to be feen In Flavia's air, and Chloe's eafy mien ;

Tis fuch an air that makes her thoufands fall, When Fielding dances at a birth-night ball; Smooth as Camilla fhe fkims o'er the plain, And flies like her thro' crouds of heroes dlain. Now when the Minuet, oft repeated o'er, (Like all terreftrial joys) can pleafe no more, And ev'ry nymph, refufing to expand Her charms, declincs the circulating hand; Then let the jovial Country-Dance begin, And the loud fiddles call each fraggler in : But ere they come, permit me to difclofe, How firft, as legends tell, this paftime rofe.

In arcient times (fuch times are now no more) When Albion's crown illuftrious Arthur wore, In fome fair op'ning glade, each fummer's night, Where the pale moon difius'd her filver light, On the foft carpet of a grafiy field, The fporting fairies their affemblies held : Some lightly tripping with their pigmy queen, In circling ringlets mark'd the level green, Some with foft notes bade mellow pipes refound ${ }_{0}$ And mufic warble thro' the groves around; Oft lonely fhepherds by the foreft fide, Belated peafants oft their revels fpy'd, And home returning, o'er their nut-brown ale Their guefts diverted with the wond'rous tale. Inltructed hence, throughout the Britifh ifle, And fond to imitate the pleafing toil, Round where the trembling may-pole fix'd on high, Uplifts its flow'ry honours to the fky,
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## 200 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

The ruddy maids and fun-burnt fwains refort, And practife ev'ry night the lovely fport; On ev'ry fide Æolian artifts ftand, Whofe active elbows fiwelling winds command, The fwelling winds harmonious pipes infpire, And blow in ev'ry breaft a gen'rous fire.

Thus taught, at firft the Country-Dance began, And hence to cities and to courts it ran ; Succeeding ages did in time impart Various improvements to the lovely art;
From fields and groves to palaces remov'd, Great ones the pleafing exercife approv'd: Hence the loud fiddle and fhrill trumpet's founds Are made companions of the dancer's bounds; Hence gems, and filks, brocades, and ribbons join, To make the ball with perfeet luftre fhine. So rude at firft the Tragic Mufe appear'd, Her voice alone by ruftic rabble heard; Where twifting trees a cooling arbour made, The pleas'd fpectators fat beneath the fhade; 'The homely ftage with rufhes green was ftrew'd, And in a cart the ftrolling actors rode; Till time at length improv'd the great defign, And bade the fcenes with painted landfcapes fhine os. Then art did all the bright machines difpofe, And theatres of Parian marble rofe ; Then mimic thonder fhook the canvas flyy, And gods defeended from their tow'rs on high.

With caution now: let ev'ry youth prepare To chufe a partner from the mingled fair ;

Vain wou'd be here th' inftructing Mufe's voice, If the pretended to direct his choice :
Beauty alone by fancy is expreft,
And charms in diff'rent forms each diff'rent breaft :
A fnowy fkin this am'rous youth admires,
Whilft nut-brown cheeks another's bofom fires;
Small waifts and flender limbs fome hearts infnare,
Whilft others love the more fubitantial fair.
But let not outward charms your judgment fway, Your reafon rather than your eyes obey ; And in the dance, as in the marriage noofe, Rather for merit, than for beauty choofe : Be her your choice, who knows with perfect fkill When fhe fhould move, and when fhe fhould be fill, Who uninftructed can perform her thare, And kindly half the pleafing burthen bear. Unhappy is that hopelefs wretch's fate, Who fetter'd in the matrimonial fate With a poor, fimple, unexperienc'd wife, Is forc'd to lead the tedious dance of life; And fuch is his, with fuch a partner join'd, A moving puppet, but without a mind: Still muft his hand be pointing out the way, Yet ne'er can teach fo faft as the can ftray ; Beneath her follies he mut ever groan, And ever blufh for errors not his own.

But now behold united han ${ }^{3}$ in hand, Rang'd on each fide, the well-pair'd couples ftand!
Each youthful bofom beating with delight,
Waits the brik fignal for the pleafing fight;

While lovely eyes, that flafh unufual rays, And fnowy bubbies pull'd above the ftays, Quick bufy hands, and bridling heads declare The fond impatience of the flarting fair. And fee, the fprightly dance is now begun! Now here, now there the giddy maze they run ; Now with flow fteps they pace the circling ring, Now âl confus'd, too fwift for fight they fpring : So in a wheel with rapid fury toft, The undiftinguifh'd fpokes are in the motion lof.

The dancer here no more requires a guide, To no frict fteps his nimble feet are ty'd ; The Mufe's precepts here would ufelefs be, Where all is fancy'd, unconfin'd, and free; Let him but to the mufic's voice attend, By this inftructed he can ne'er offend: If to his fhare it falls the dance to lead, In well-known paths he may be fure to tread; If others lead, let him their motions view, And in their fteps the winding maze purfue. In every Country-Dance a ferious mind, Turn'd for reflection, can a moral find. In Hunt-the-Squirrel thus the nymph we view, Seeks when we fly, but flies when we purfue:
Thus in round-dances where our partners change, And unconfin'd from fair to fair we range, As foon as one from his own confort flies, Another feizes on the lovely prize ; A while the fav'rite youth enjoys her charms, rill the next comer iteals her from his arms;

New ones fucceed, the laft is ftill her care ; How true an emblem of th' inconftant fair! Where can philofophers, and fages wife, Who read the curious volumes of the fkies, A model more exact than dancing name Of the creation's univerfal frame?
Where worlds unnumber'd o'er th' ætherial way In a bright regular confufion ftray; Now here, now there they whirl along the fky, Now near approach, and now far diftant ly ;
Now meet in the fame order they begun, And then the great celeftial cance is done. Where can the Mor'lif find a jufter plan
Of the vain labours, and the life of man; A while thro' jufling crowds we toil, and iweat, And eagerly purfue we know not what; Then when our trifling fhort-liv'd race is sun, Quite tir'd fit-down, juft where we firft begun.

Tho' to your arms kind fate's indulgent care Has given a partner exquifitely fair, Let not her charms fo much engage your heart, That you neglect the fkilful dancer's part ; Be not, when you the tuneful notes would hear, Still whifp'ring idle prattle in her ear;
When you fhould be employ'd, be not at play,
Nor for your joys all other fteps delay ; But when the finifh'd dance you once have done, And with applaufe thro' ev'ry couple run, There reft a while ; there fnatch the flecting blifs,
The tender whifper, and the balmy kifs;

304 SOAMEJENYNS'S POEMS.
Each fecret wifh, each fofter hope confefs, And her moift palm with eager fingers prefs; With fimiles the fair fhall hear your warm defires, When mufic melts her foul, and dancing fires. Thus mix'd with love, the pleafing toil purfue, Till the unwelcome morn appears in view; Then, when approaching day its beams difplays, And the dull candles thine with fainter rays; 'Then, when the fun juft rifes o'er the deep, And each bright eye is almoft fet in fleep; With ready hand, obfequious youths, prepare Safe to her coach to lead each chofen fair, And guard her from the morn's inclement air :
Let a warm hood enwrap her lovely head, And o'er her neck a handkerchief be fpread; Around her fhoulders let this arm be caft, Whilit that from cold defends her flender wait ; With kiffes warm her balmy lips fhall glow, Unchill'd by nightly damps or wint'ry fnow; While gen'rous white-wine, mull'd with ginger warm, Safely protects her inward frame from harm.

But ever let my lovely pupils fear
To chill their mantling blood with cold fmall-beer. Ah, thoughtlefs fair! the tempting draught refufe, When thus fore-warn'd by my experienc'd Mufe: Iet the fad confequence your thoughts employ,
Nor hazard future pains for prefent joy ;
Deftruction lurks within the pois'nous dofe,
A fatal fever, or a pimpled nofe.

Thus thro' each precept of the dancing art The Mufe has play'd the kind inftructor's part; Thro' ev'ry maze her pupils fhe has led, And pointed out the fureft paths to tread: No more remains; no more the goddefs fings, But drops her pinions, and unfurls her wings. On downy beds the weary'd dancers lie, And fleep's filk cords tye down each drowfy eye; Delightful dreams their pleafing fports reftore, And ev'n in fleep they feem to dance once more.

And now the work completely finifh'd lies, Which the devouring teeth of time defies: Whillt birds in air, or fifh in ftreams we find, Or damfels fret with aged partners join'd ; As long as nymphs fhall with attentive ear A fiddle rather than a fermon hear ; So long the brighteft eyes fhall oft perufe Thefe ufeful lines of my inftructive Mufe; Each belle fhall wear them wrote upon her fan, And each bright beau fhall read them-if he can.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { A N } \\
& \text { E P I S T L E. } \\
& \text { WRITTEN IN THE COUNTRY, } \\
& \text { TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE } \\
& \text { LOR D. LOVELACE, } \\
& \text { THENINTOWN. } \\
& \text { SEPTEMBER, 1735. }
\end{aligned}
$$

1N days, my Lord, when mother Time;
基 Tho' now grown old, was in her prime,
When Saturn firlt began to rule,
And Jove was hardly come from fchool,
How happy was a country life!
How free from wickedrefs and ftrife !
Then each man liv'd upon his farm,
And thought and did no mortal harm ;
On moffy banks fair virgins flept, As harmlefs as the flocks they kept ;
Then love was all they had to do,
And nymphs were chafte, and fwains were true.
But now, whatever poets write,
' T is fure the cafe is alter'd quite :
Virtue no more in rural plains,
Or innocence, or peace remains;

But vice is in the cottage found, And country girls are oft unfound; Fierce party rage each village fires, With wars of juttices and 'fquires; Attorneys, for a barley ftraw, Whole ages hamper folks in law, And ev'ry neighbour's in a flame About their rates, or tythes, or game : Some quarrel for their hares and pigeons, And fome for diff'rence in religions: Some hold their parfon the beft preacher, The tinker fome a better teacher; Thefe to the Church they fight for ftrangers ${ }_{3}$
Have faith in nothing but her dangers;
While thofe, a more believing people,
Can fwallow all things-but a fteeple. But I, my Lord, who, as you know,
Care little how thefe matters go,
And equally deteft the ftrife And ufual joys of country life, Have by good fortune little fhare Of its diverfions, or its care ;
For feldom I with 'fquires unite, Who hunt all day and drink all night :
Nor reckon wonderful inviting,
A quarter-feffions, or cock-fighting:
But then no farm I occupy
With fheep to rot, and cows to die;
Nor rage 1 much, or much defpair, Tho' in my hedge I find a fnase;

## 208 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

Nor view I, with due admiration,
All the high honours here in faftion ;
The great commifions of the quorum,
Terrors to all who come before 'em;
Militia fcarlet edg'd with gold,
Or the white faff high-fheriffs hold;
The reprefentative's careffing,
The judge's bow, the bifhop's bleffing ;
Nor can I for my foul delight
In the dull feaft of neighb'ring knight,
Who, if you fend three days before,
In white gloves meets you at the door,
With fuperfuity of breeding
Firlt makes you fick, and then with feeding:
Or if with ceremony cloy'd,
You wou'd next time fuch plagues avoid, And vifit without previous notice,
"John, John, a coach !-I can't think who 'tis,"
My lady cries, who fpies your coach,
Ere you the avenue approach :
" Lord, how unlucky!-wafhing-day!
" And all the men are in the hay !"
Entrance to gain is fomething hard,
The dogs all bark, the gates are barr'd;
The yard's with lines of linen crofs'd,
The hall-door's lock'd, the key is loft:
Thefe difficulties all o'ercome,
We reach at length the drawing-room;
Then there's fuch trampling over-head,
Madam you'd fwear was brought-to-bed;

Mifs in a hurry burfts her lock, To get clean fleeves to hide her fmock; The fervants run, the pewter clatters, My lady dreffes, calls and chatters ; The cook-maid raves for want of butter, ligs fqueak, fowls fcream, and green geefe flutter. Now after thrce hours tedious waiting, On all our neighbours faults debating, And having nine times view'd the garden, In which there's nothing worth a farthing, In comes my lady, and the pudden :
" You will excufe, fir, -on a fudden" Then, that we may have four and four,
The bacon, fowls, and cauliflow'r
Their ancient unity divide,
The top one graces, one each fide ;
And by and by, the fecond courfe
Comes lagging like a diftanc'd horfe;
A falver then to church and king,
The butler fiveats, the glafes ring :
The cloth remov'd, the toaits go round ${ }_{2}$
Bawdy and politics abound;
And as the knight more tipfy waxes,
We damn all minifters and taxes.
At laft the ruddy fun quite funk,
The coachman tolerably drunk,
Whirling o'er hillocks, ruts, and fones,
Finough to diflocate one's bones,
We home return, a wond'rous token
Of Heaven's kind care, with limbs unbroken.
Vor. LXXIII.

2:0 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS
Afflict us not, ye gods, tho' finners, With many days like this, or dinners !

But if civilities thus teaze me,
Nor bufinefs, nor diverfions pleafe me;
You'll ak, my Lord, how time I fpend?
I answer, with a book or friend:
The circulating hours dividing
'Twixt reading, walking, eating, riding :
But books are ftill my higheft joy,
There earlieft pleafe, and lateft cloy.
Sometimes o'er diftant climes I ftray,
By guides experienc'd taught the way ;
The wonders of each region view,
From frozen Lapland to Peru;
Bound o'er rough feas, and mountains bare,
Yet ne'er forfake my elbow chair.
Sometimes fome fam'd hiftorian's pen
Recalls paft ages back agen;
Where all I fee, thro' ev'ry page,
Is but how men, with fenfelefs rage,
Each other rob, deftroy, and burn,
'To ferve a prieft's, a fatefman's turn;
Tho' loaded with a diff'rent aim,
Yet always affes much the fame.
Sometimes I view with much delight,
Divines their holy, game-cocks fight ;
Here faith and works at variance fet,
Strive hard who fhall the vict'ry get ;
Prebytery and epifcopacy
They fight fo long, it would amaze ye :

Here free-will holds a fierce difpute With reprobation abfolute ; There fenfe kicks tranfubftantiation, And reafon pecks at revelation. With learned Newton now I fly C'er all the rolling orbs on high, Vifit new worlds, and for a minute This old one fcorn, and all that's in it : And now with lab'ring Boyle I trace Nature through ev'ry winding maze ; The latent qualities admire Of vapours, water, air, and fire; With pleafing admiration fee Matter's furprifing fubtilty;
As how the fmallef lamp difplays, For miles around, its featter'd rays;
Or how (the cafe fill more t' explain)
A * fart, that weighs not half a grain,
The atmofphere will oft perfume
Of a whole fpacious drawing-room.
Sometimes I pafs a whole long day
In happy incolence away,
In fondly meditating o'er
Paft pleafures, and in hoping more;
Or wander thro' the fields and woods,
And gardens bath'd in circling floods;
There blooming flowers with rapture view,
And fparkling gems of morning dew,

* See Boyle's experiments.


## 212 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS。

Whence in my mind ideas rife
Of Cælia's cheeks, and Chloe's eyes.
'Tis thus, my Lord, I free from frife.
Spend an inglorious country life;
'!'hefe are the joys I fill purfae,
When abfent from the town and you;
Thus pafs long fummer funs away,
Bufily idle, calmly gay :
Nor great, nor mean, nor rich, nor poor,
Not having much, nor wishing more;
Except that you, when weary grown
Of all the follies of the town,
And feeing in all public places.
The fame vain fops and painted facess.
Wou'd fometimes kindly condefcend
To vifit a dull country friend :
Here you'll be ever fure to meet
A hearty welcome, tho' no treat ;
One who has nothing elfe to do, But to divert himfelf and you;
A houfe, where quiet guards the door,
No rural wits fmoak, drink, and roar ; Choice books, fafe horfes, wholefome liquors. Clean girls, backgammon, and the vicar.

A N
E S S A Y
0 N

## $V \quad I \quad R \quad T \quad E$ 。

Atque ipfa utilitas jufti prope mater छ aqui. Hor.

TO THE HONOYRABLE

> PHILIP YORKE, ESQ*.

THOU, whom nor honours, wealth, nor youth
With the leaft vice of each luxuriant foil, Say, Yorke, (for fure, if any, thou can'ft tell) What Virtue is, who practife it fo well; Say, where inhabits this Sultana queen; Prais'd and ador'd by all, but rarely feen : By what fure mark her effence can we trace, When each religion, faction, age, and place Sets up fome fancy'd idol of its own, A vain pretender to her facred throne?

* Now Earl of Hardiwicke。 P. 3.

214 SOAMEJENYNS's POEMS.
In man too oft a well difiembled part, A felf-denying pride in woman's heart; In fynods faith, and in the fields of fame Valour ufurps her honours, and her name. Whoe'er their fenfe of Virtue wou'd exprefs, 'Tis ftill by fomething they themfelves poffers. Hence youth good-humour, frugal craft old-age, Warm politicians term it party-rage, True churchmen zeal right orthodox; and hence Fools think it gravity, and wits pretence; To conftancy alone fond lovers join it, And maids unafk'd to chaftity confine it. But have we then no law befides our will? No juft criterion fix'd to good and ill? As well at noon we may obftruct our fight, Then doubt if fuch a thing exiits as light'; For no lefs plain would nature's law appear As the meridian fun unchang'd, and clear, Wou'd we but fearch for what we were defign'd, And for what end th' Almighty form'd mankind; A rule of life we then fhould plainly fee, For to purfue that end muft virtue be.

Then what is that? Not want of power, or fame, Or worlds unnumber'd to applaud his name, But a defire his bleffings to dirufe, And fear leit millions fhould exiftence bofe; His goodnefs only cou'd his power employ, And an eternal warmth to propagate his joy.

Hence foul and fenfe diffus'd thro' ev'ry place, Make happinefs as innnite as space;

## ANESSAY ON VIRTUE. 215

Thoufands of funs beyond each other blaze, Orbs roll o'er orbs, and glow with mutual rays;
Each is a world, where, form'd with wond'rous art, Unnumber'd fpecies live thro' ev'ry part : In ev'ry tract of ocean, earth, and fkies, Myriads of creatures ftill fucceffive rife: Scarce buds a leaf, or fprings the vileft weed, But little flocks upon its verdure feed:
No fruit our palate courts, or flow'r our fmell, But on its fragrant bofom nations dwell, All form'd with proper faculties to fhare The daily bounties of their Maker's care :
The great Creator from his heav'nly throne Pleas'd on the wide-expanded joy looks down, And his eternal law is only this, That all contribute to the general blifs.

Nature fo plain this primal law difplays, Each living creature fees it, and obeys; Each, form'd for all, promotes thro' private care The public good, and jufly taftes its fhare. All underftand their great Creator's will, Strive to be happy, and in that fulfill; Mankind excepted, lord of all befide, But only flave to folly, vice, and pride; 'Tis he that's deaf to this command alone, Delights in others woe, and courts his own ; Racks and deftroys with tort'ring fteel and flame, For luxury brutes, and man himfelf for fame ; Sets Superftition high on Virtue's throne, Then thinks his Maker's temper like his own:

## 216 SOAME JENYNS’s POEMS.

Hence are his altars ftain'd with reeking gore, As if he cou'd atone for crimes by more :
Hence whilf offended Heav'n he ftrives in vain 'I' appeafe by falts and voluntary pain, Ev'n in repenting he provokes again.

How eafy is our yoke! how light our load! Did we not frive to mend the laws of God: For his own fake no duty he can $a \mathfrak{k}$, The conmon welfare is our only tafk: For this fole end his precepts, kind as juft, Forbid intemperance, murder, theft, and luft, With ev'ry act injurious to our own
Or others good, for fuch are crimes alone :
For this are peace, love, charity enjoin'd, With all that can fecure and blefs mankind.
Thus is the public fafety Virtue's caufe, And mppinefs the end of all her laws; For fuch by nature is the human frame, Our duty and our intereft are the fame.
" But hold," cries out fome Puritan divine,
Whofe well-ftuf'd cheeks with eafe and plenty fhine, "Is this to faft, to mortify, refrain ?
"And work falvation out with fear and pain ?",
We own the rigid leffons of their fchools
Are widely diff'rent from thefe eafy rules:
Virtue, with them, is only to abitain
From ail that nature afks, and covet pain;
Pieafure and vice are ever near a-kin, And, if we thit.2, cole water is a fin:

## AN ESSAYON VIRTUE.

Heaven's path is rough and intricate, they fay, Yet all are damn'd that trip, or mifs their way; God is a Being cruel and fevere, And man a wretch by his command plac'd here, In fun-finine for a while to take a turn, Only to dry and make him fit to burn.

Miftaken men, too pioufly fevere! Thro' craft mineading, or mifled by fear ; How little they God's counfels comprehend, Our univerfal parent, guardian, friend! Who, forming by degrees to blifs mankind, 'This globe our fportive nurfery affign'd, Where for a while his fond paternal care Feafts us with ev'ry joy cur fate can bear : Each fenfe, touch, tafte, and fmell difpenfe delight, Mufic our hearing, beauty charms our fight ; Trees, herbs, and flow'rs to us their fpoils refign, Its pearl the rock prefents, its gold the mine ; Beafts, fowl, and fifh their daily tribute give Of food and cloaths, and die that we may live : Seafons but change, new pleafures to produce, And elements contend to ferve our ufe : Love's gentle thafts, ambition's tow'ring wings, The pomps of fenates, churches, courts, and kings, All that our rev'rence, joy, or hope create, Are the gay play-things of this infant fate. Scarcely an ill to human life belongs, But what our foilies caufe, or mutual wrongs; Or if fome fripes from Providence we feel, He ftrikes with pity, and but wounds to heal;

## $2 \mathrm{I}_{8} \mathrm{SOAME}$ JENYNS's POEMS.

Kindly perhaps fometimes afflicts us here,
To guide our views to a fublimer fphere, In more exalted joys to fix our tafte,
And wean us from delights that cannot laft.
Our prefent good the eafy tafk is made, 'To earn fuperior blifs, when this fhall fade; For, foon as e'er thefe mortal pleafures cloy, His hand fhall lead us to fublimer joy ; Snatch us from all our little forrows here, Calm ev'ry grief, and dry each childifh tear;
Waft us to regions of eternal peace,
Where blifs and virtue grow with like increafe;
From ftrength to ftrength our fouls for ever guide Thro' wond'rous fcenes of Being yet untry'd, Where in each tage we thall more perfect grow, And new perfections, new delights befow.

Oh! would mankind but make thefe truths their guide,
And force the helm from prejudice and pride ;
Were once thefe maxims fix'd, that God's our friend,
Virtue our good, and happinefs our end,
How foon muft reafon o'er the world prevail,
And error, fraud, and fuperftition fail!
None wou'd hereafter then with groundlefs fear
Defcribe th' Almighty cruel and fevere,
Predeftinating fome without pretence
To Heav'n, and fome to Hell for no offence ;
Inflicting endlefs pains for tranfient crimes,
And favouring fects or nations, men or times.

To pleafe him none would foolifhly forbear Or food, or reft, or itch in fhirts of hair, Or deem it merit to bclieve or teach What reafon contradicts, or cannot reach *; None would fierce zeal for piety miftake, Or malice for whatever tenets fake, Or think falvation to cne fect confin'd, And heaven too narrow to contain mankind.

No more then nymphs, by long neglect grown nice, Wou'd in one female frailty fum up vice, And cenfure thofe, who, nearer to the right, Think virtue is but to difpenfe delight + .

No fervile tenets would admittance find, Deftructive of the rights of human kind; Of powcr divine, hereditary right, And non-refiftance to a tyrant's might : For fure that all mou'd thus for one be curs'd, Is but great nature's edict juft revers'd.

No moralifts then, righteous to excefs, Wou'd fhew fair Virtue in fo black a drefs, That they, like boys, who fome feign'd fpright array, Firft from the fpectre fly themfelves away: No preachers in the terrible delight, But chufe to win by reafon, not affright;

* It is apprehended, that genuine Chriftianity requires not the belief of any fuch propofitions.
$\dagger$ There lines mean only, that cenforioufnefs is a vice more adious than unchaftity; this always proceeding from malevolence, that fometimes from too much good nature and compliance.

Not, conjurers like, in fire and brimftone dwell, And draw each moving argument from hell.

No more our fage interpreters of laws
Wou'd fatten on obfcurities and flaws, But rather, nobly careful of their truft, Strive to wipe off the long contracted duft, And be, like Hardwicke, guardians of the juft.

No more applaufe would on ambition wait, And laying wafte the world be counted great, But one good-natur'd act more praifes gain Than armies overthrown, and thoufands flain; No more would brutal rage difturb our peace, But envy, hatred, war, and difcord ceafe; Our own and others good each hour employ, And all things fmile with univerfal joy; Virtue with Happinefs her confort join'd, Wou'd regulate and blefs each human mind, And man be what his Maker firft defign'd.

## THE

## MODERN FINE GENTLEMAN.

WRITTEN IN. THE YEAR 1746.

Qiuale portentum nequs militaris
Daunia in latis alit efculetis,
Nec Jube tellus generat, leomuns. Arida nutrix.

UST broke from fchool, pert, impudent, and raws. Expert in Latin, more expert in taw, His Honour pofts o'er Italy and France, Meafures St. Peter's dome, and learns to dance. Thence, having quick through various countries flown, Glean'd all their follies and expos'd his own, He back returns, a thing fo ftrange all o'er, As never ages paft produc'd before; A monfter of fuch complicated worth, As no one fingle clime cou'd e'er bring forth; Half atheift, papit, gamefter, bubble, rook, Half fiddler, coachman, dancer, groom, and cook.

Next, becaufe bufinefs is now all the vogue, And who'd be quite polite mult be a rogue,

In parliament he purchafes a feat, To make th' accomplifh'd gentleman compleat. There fafe in felf-fufficient impudence, Without experience, honefty, or fenfe, Unknowing in her int'reft, trade, or laws, He vainly undertakes his Country's caufe: Forth from his lips, prepar'd at all to rail, Torrents of nonfenfe burft, like bottled ale,

* Tho' fallow, muddy ; brifk, tho' mighty dull ; Fierce without frength ; o'erflowing, tho' not full. Now quite a Frenchman in his garb and air, His neck yok'd down with bag and folitaire, The liberties of Britain he fupports, And forms at place-men, minifters, and courts; Now in cropt greafy hair, and leather breeches, He loudly bellows out his patriot fpeeches ; King, lords, and commons ventures to abufe, Yet dares to fhew thofe ears he ought to lofe. From hence to White's our virtuous Cato flies, There fits with countenance erect and wife, And talks of games of whift, and pig-tail pies; Plays all the night, nor doubts each law to break, Himfelf unknowingly has help'd to make; Trembling and anxious, fakes his utmoft groat, Peeps o'er his cards, and looks as if he thought ;
* Parody on thefe lines of Sir John Denham :

Tho' deep yet clear, tho' gentle yet not dull, Sirong without rage, without o'erflowing full.

Next morn difowns the loffes of the night, Becaufe the fool would fain be thought a bite. De roted thus to politics and cards, Nor mirth, nor wine, nor women, he regards; So far is ev'ry virtue from his heart, That not a gen'rous vice can claim a part; Nay, left one human paffion e'er fhould move His foul to friendfhip, tendernefs, or love, To Figg and Broughton * he commits his breaft, To fteel it to the fafhionable tef.

Thus poor in wealth, he labours to no end, Wretched alone, in crowds without a friend; Infenfible to all that's good or kind, Deaf to all merit, to all beauty blind; For love too bufy, and for wit too grave, A harden'd, fober, proud, luxurious knave; By little actions ftriving to be great, And proud to be, and to be thought a cheat. And yet in this fo bad is his fuccefs, That as his fame improves, his rents grow lefs; On parchment wings his acres take their flight, And his unpeopled groves admit the light; With his eftate his int'reft too is done, His honeft borough feeks a warmer fun : For him, now cafh and liquor flows no more, His independent voters ceafe to roar ;
And Britain foon muft want the great defence Of all his honefty and eloquence,
*. One, a cetcbrated prize-fighter ; the other, a no lefs famovis boxer.

But that the gen'rous youth, more anxious grown For public liberty than for his own, Marries fome jointur'd antiquated crone ; And boldly, when his country is at itake,
Braves the deep yawning gulph, like Curtius, for its fake.
Quickly again diftrefs'd for want of coin,
He digs no longer in th' exhaufted mine,
But feeks preferment, as the laft refort,
Cringes each morn at levées, bows at court, And, from the hand he hates, implores fupport.
The minitter, well pleas'd at fmall expence To filence fo much rude impertinerce, With fqueeze and whifer yields to his demands, And on the venal lift enroll'd he ftands ;
A ribband and a penfion buy the flave:
This bribes the fool about him; That the knave,
And now arriv'd at his meridian glory.
He finks apace, defpis'd by Whig and Tory;
C $f$ independence now he talks no more,
Nor fhakes the fenate with his patriot roar ;
But filent votes, and with court-trappings hung,
Eyes his own glitt'ring ftar, and holds his tongue.
In craft political a bankrupt made,
He flicks to gaming, as the furer trade ;
Turns downright fharper, lives by fucking blood,
And grows, in fhort, the very thing he wou'd :
Hunts out young heirs who have their fortunes fpent,
And lends them ready safh at cent. per cent.
Lays

Lays wagers on his own, and others lives, Fights uncles, fathers, grandmothers, and wives; Till Death at length, indignant to be made The daily fubject of his fport and trade, Veils with his fable hand the wretch's eyes, And, groaning for the betts he lofes by't, he dies,

## THE

MODERNFINELADY.

## ———Miferi quibus

Intentata nites.
Hor.

WRITTEN IN THE YEAR I750.

SKILL'D in each art that can adorn the fair, The fprightly dance, the foft italian air, The tois of quality and high-bred fleer, Now Lady Harriot reach'd her fifteenth year : Wing'd with diverfions all her moments flew, Each, as it pals'd, prefenting Lomathing new; Breakfats and auctions wear the morn away, Each evening gives an opera, c; a play; Then Brag's eternal joys ail night remain, And kindly ufher in the morn again.

For love no time has the, or inclination, Yet muit coquct it for the fake of fafhion ;

For this fhe liftens to each fop that's near, 'Th' embroider'd colonel flatters with a fneer, And the cropt enfign nuzzles in her car. But with moft warmth her drefs and airs infpire Th' ambitious bofom of the landed 'fquire, Who fain would quit plump Dolly's fofter charms For wither'd lean Right Honourable arms ; He bows with reverence at her facred fhrine, And treats her as if fprung from race divine, Which fhe returns with infolence and fcorn, Nor deigns to fmile on a plebeian born.

Ere long by friends, by cards, and lovers crofs'd, Her fortune, health, and reputation loft; Her money gone, yet not a tradefman paid, Her fame, yet fhe ftill damn'd to be a maid ; Her fpirits fink, her nerves are fo unftrung, * She weeps, if but a handfome thief is hung. By mercers, lacemen, mantua-makers prelt, But moft for ready cafh for play diftreft, Where can fhe turn !-The 'fquire must all repair, She condefcends to liften to his pray'r, And marries him at length in mere defpair.

But foon th' en dearments of a hufband cloy,
Her foul, her fra me incapable of joy : She feels no tranfports in the bridal bed, Of which fo oft th' has heard, fo much has read;
*. Some of the brighteft eyes were at this time in tears for cne Maclean, condemned for a robbery on the highway.
'Then vex'd, that the fhould be condemn'd alone
'To feek in vain this philofophic ftone, 'To abler tutors fhe refolves t' apply,
A proftitute from curiofity :
Hence men of ev'ry fort, and ev'ry fize,

* Impatient for heaven's cordial drop, fhe tries :-

The fribbing beau, the rough unwieldy clown,
The ruddy templar newly on the town,
The Hibernian captain of gigantic make, The brimful parfon, and th' exhaufted rake.

But fill malignant fate her wifh denies,
Cards yield fuperior joys, to cards the flies; All night from rout to rout her chairmen run, Again fhe plays, and is again undone.

Behold her now in rain's frightful jaws !
Bonds, judgments, executions ope their paws: Seize jewels, furniture, and plate, nor fpare 'The gilded chariot, or the tafiel'd chair; For lonely feat fhe's forc'd to quit the town, And $\dagger$ Tubbs conveys the wretched exile down.

Now rumbling o'er the fones of Tyburn-road, Ne'er preft with a more griev'd or guilty load, She bids adieu to all the well-known ftreets, And envies ev'ry cinder-wench fhe meets:

* The cordial drop hear'n in our cup has thrown, To make the naufeous draught of life go down. Roch.
† A perfon well known for fupplying people of quality with hired equipages.

TAE MODERN FINELADY.

And now the dreaded country firt appears, With fighs unfeign'd the dying noife fhe hears Of diftant coaches fainter by degrees, Then ftarts and trembles at the fight of trees. Silent and fullen, like fome captive queen, She?s drawn along unwilling to be feen, Until at length appears the ruin'd Hall Within the grafs green moat and ivy'd wall, The doleful prifon where for ever fhe, But not, alas! her griefs, muft bury'd be.

Her coach the curate and the tradefmen'meet, Great-coated tenants her arrival greet, And boys with ftubble bonfires light the ftreet, While bells her ears with tongues difcordant grate, Types of the nuptial tyes they celebrate: But no rejoicings can unbend her brow, Nor deigns fhe to return one aukward bow, But bounces in, difdaining once to fpeak, And wipes the trickling tear from of her chock.

Now fee her in the fad decline of life,
A peevih miftrefs, and a fulky wife; Her nerves unbrac'd, her faded cheek grown pale With many a real, and many a fancy'd ail; Of cards, admirers, equipage bereft, Her infolence and title only left; Severely humbled to her one-horfe chair, And the low paftimes of a country fair : Too wretched to endure one lonely day, Too proud one friendly vifit to repay, Too indolent to read, too criminal to pray,

At length hajf dead, half mad, and quite confn'd, Shunning; and fhunn'd by all of human kind, Ev'n robb'd of the laft comfort of her life, Infulting the poor curate's callous wife, Pride, difappointed pride, now ftops her breath, And with true fcorpion rage fhe flings herfelf to deatho.

A DVER。

## ADVERTISEMENT.

THE following piece is a burlefque imitation : a fpecies of poctry, whofe chief excellence confilts in a lucky and humourous application of the words and fentiments of any author to a new fubject totally different from the original. This is what is ufually forgot both by the writers and readers of thefe kind. of compofitions; the firft of whom are apt to ftrike out new and independent thoughts of their own, and the latter to admire fuch injudicious excrefeencies: there immediately lofe fight of their original, and thofe fcarce ever caft an eye towards him at all. It is thought proper therefore to advertife the reader, that in the following Epiftle he is to expect nothing more than an appofite converfion of the ferious fentiments of Horace on the Roman poetry, into more ludicrous ones on the fubject of Englifh politics; and if he thinks it not worth while to compare it line for line with the original, he will find in it neither wit, humour, nor even common fenfe; all the little merit it can pretend to confifing folely in the clofenefs of fo long, and uninterrupted an imitation.

## H O R A T I T

E P. I. L I B. II.

## A D A U G U S T U M.

CUM tot fuftineas \& tanta negotia folus, Res Italas armis tuteris, moribus ornes, Legibus emendes; in publica commoda peccem, Si longo fermone morer tua tempora, Cæfar. - Romulus, \& Liber pater, \& cum Cafore Pollux, Poft ingentia facta, deorum in templa recepti, Sum terras, hominumque colunt genus, afpera bella Componunt, agros affignant, oppida condunt ;

## ( 233 if

## THE

## FIRSTEPISTLE

OFTHE

# SECONDBOOKOF HORACE, 

IMITATED.

## TO 'THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

PHILIP, LORD HARDWICKE,
LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR OF GREAT-BAITAIN。

WRITTEN IN THE YEAR I748.
${ }^{2}$ HILST you, my Lord, fuch various toils fuftain,
Prefide o'er Britain's Peers, her laws explain, With ev'ry virtue ev'ry heart engage, And live the bright example of the age, With tedious verfe to trefpafs on your time, Is fure impertinence, if not a crime.

- All the fam'd heroes, ftatefmen, admirals, Who after death within the facred walls
Of Wefminfter with kings have been receiv'd, Met with but forry treatment, while they liv'd; And tho' they labour'd in their country's caufe, With arms defended her, and form'd with laws,

234 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.
Pioravere fuis non refpondere favorem Speratum meritis: ${ }^{c}$ diram qui contudit hydram, Notaque fatali portenta labore fubegit, Comperit invidiam fupremo fine domari. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Urit enim fulgore fuo, qui pragravat artes Infra fe pofitas: extinctus amabitur idem. e Præfenti tibi maturos largimur honores, Jurandafque tuum per nomen ponimus aras, :Nil oriturum alias, nil ortum tale fatentes. ${ }^{2}$ Sed tuus hic populus fapiens $\&$ juftus in uno, Te noftris ducibus, te Graiis ante\{erendo, Cætera nequaquam fimili ratione modoque ※flimat ; \& nifi quæ terris femota fuifque Temporibus defuncta videt, faftidit \& odit. » Sic fautor veterum, ut tabulas peccare vetantes, Quas bis quinque viri fanxerunt; fædera regum Vel Gabiis, vel cum rigidis æquata Sabinis, Pontificum libros, annofa volumina vatum, Dictitet Albano Mufas in monte locutas.
${ }^{\text {i }} \mathrm{Si}$, quia Grecorum funt antiquifima quæque Scripta, vel optima, Romani penfantur eâdem

Yet ever mourn'd they till'd a barren foil, And left the world ungrateful to their toil. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Ev'n * He , who long the Houfe of Commons led, That Hydra dire, with many a gaping head, Found by experience to his lateft breath, Envy could only be fubdu'd by death. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Great men whilft living muft expect difgraces, Dead they're ador'd - when none defire their places.
e This oommon fate, my Lord, attends not yous Above all equal, and all envy too; With fuch unrivall'd cminence you fhine, That in this truth alone all parties join, The feat of juftice in no former reign 'Was e'er fo greatly fill'd, nor ever can again.
${ }^{\text {B }}$ But tho' the people are fo juft to you, To none befides will they allow their due, No miniter approve, who is not dead, Nor till h' has loft it, own he had a head ; n Yet fuch refpect they bear to ancient things, They've fome for former minitters and kings; And, with a kind of fuperfitious awe, Deem Magna Charta fill a facred law.
${ }^{\text {i }}$ But if becaufe the government was be?t
Of old in Franee, when freedom fhe pofieft,

* Sir Robert Walpole.
$23^{5}$ SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.
Scriptores trutinâ ; non eft quod multa loquamur:
Nil intra eft oleam, nil extrà eft in nuce duri :
${ }^{\star}$ Venimus ad fummum fortunæ: pingimus atque ${ }^{1}$ Pfallimus, \& luctamur Achivis doctiùs unctis.
${ }^{\text {m }}$ Si meliora dies, ut vina, poemata reddit, 'Scire velim, pretium chartis quotus arroget annus? Scripter abhinc annos centum qui decidit, inter Perfectos veterefque referri debet, an inter Viles atque novos? excludat jurgia finis.
${ }^{n}$ Eft vetus atque probus centum qui perficit annos? Quid, qui deperiit minor uno menfe vel anno, Inter quos referendus erit? veterefne poetas, An quos \& prefens \& poftera refpuet ætas? Ifte quidem veteres inter ponetur honeftè, Qui vel menfe brevi, vel toto el? junior anno. Utor permiffo, caudæque pilos ut equinæ - Paulatim vello ; \& demo unum, demo etiam unum, Dum cadat elufus ratione ruentis acervi, Qui redit ad faftos, \& virtutem æfimet annis, Miraturque nihil, nifi quod Libitina facravit.
${ }^{\text {P }}$ Ennius \& fapiens \& fortis \& alter Homerus, Ut critici dicunt, leviter curare videtur Quò promiffa cadant, \& fomnia Pythagorea. - Nævius in manibus non eft, \& mentibus hæret renè recens : adeò fanctum eft vetus omne poema.
s Ambigitur quoties, uter utro fit prior ; aufert Dacurius docti famam fenis, Accius alti:

Dicitus

In the fame fcale refolv'd to weigh our own, England's we judge was fo, who then had none ; Into moft ftrange abfurdities we fall, Univorthy to be reafon'd with at all. k Brought to perfection in thefe days we fee All arts, and their great parent Liberty; ${ }^{1}$ With fkill profound we fing, eat, drefs, and dance, And in each goût polite, excel ev'n France.
$m$ If age of minifters is then the teft,
And, as of wines, the oldeft are the beft, Let's try and fix fome æra, if we can, When good ones were extinct, and bad began: ${ }^{n}$ Are they all wicked fince Eliza's days ?
Did none in Charles' or James's merit praife? Or are they knaves but fince the Revolution?
If none of thefe are facts, then all's confufion;
And by the felf-fame rule one cannot fail

- To pluck each hair out fingly from the tail.
${ }^{\mathrm{P}}$ Wife Cecil, lov'd by people and by prince, As often broke his word as any fince : 'Of Arthur's days we almoft nothing know, Yet fing their praife, becaufe they're long agoo-
${ }^{r}$ Oft as 'tis doubted in their feveral ways Which of paft orators beft merit praife, We find it to decide extremely hard, If Harley's head deferv'd the moft regard,


## 23 SOAME JENTNS's POEMS.

Dicitar Afraní loga conveniffe Menandro ; Piautus ad exemplar Siculi properare Epicharmi ; - Viacere Cacilius gravitate, Terertius arte. Hos edifit, \& hos art̂o Ripata theatro, SreEta: Roma potens: habet hos mumeratque poetas Ad rofrum tempes, Livii feriptoris ab ævo. - Interdum valgas reftum videt; eft ubi peccat. - Si veteres ita mirarur laudatque poetas, U: nihill anteferat, nihil illis comparet; errat. = Si quadam rimis antiquè, ii pleraque durè Dicere credet eos, ignavè, multa fatetur ; Et fapit, \& mecum facit, \& lore judicat aquo.

Non equidem infector, delendaque carmina Livii Ere reor, memini quæ plagolum mihi farso = Orbilim diftare ; ied emendata videri, Palchraque, \& exaćtis minimùm difantia, miror.

- Inter que rerbun emicuit if fortè decorum, \& Si verfus pazallo concinnior unks \&i alier;
Injufè totum duci: venditque poema.
- Indignor quidquam repreinendi, non quia crafiè

Compoitum ilfepidève futetar, fed quia ruper;
Nec veniam antiquis, fed horocrm \&y pramia pofci.

Or Windham's tongue, or Jekyl's patriot heart, - Old Shippen's gravity, or Walpole's art. 'Thefe were ador'd by all with whom they voted, And in the fulleft Houfes fill are quoted; Thefe have been fam'd from Anna's days till ours, When Pelham has improv'd, with unknown pow'rs, The art of minifterial eloquence, By adding honeft truth to nervous fenfe. * Oft are the vulgar wrong, yet fometimes right; The late rebellion in the trueft ligh: By chance they faw ; but were not once fo wife, Unknown, unheard, in damning the excife:

* If former reigns they fancy had no fault,

I think their judgment is not worth a groat :
a Bat if they frankly own their politicks,
Like ours, might have fome blunders, and fome tricks. With fuch impartial fentiments I jcin,
And their opinions tally juft with mine.
${ }^{y}$ I would by no means church or kirg deftoy, And yet the doctrines taught me when a boy - By Crab the curate, now feem wond'rous odd, That either came immediately from God:
In all the writings of thofe high-flown ages, You meet with now and then fome fcatter'd pages Wrote with fome fpirit and with fenfe enough; Thefe fell the book, the reft is wreiched fitf:
I'm quite provo's'd, when principles, tho' true, Iuit itand impeach'a by fools, becaufe they're new.

Shoa'd
${ }^{c}$ Rectè necne crocum florefque perambulet Atta Fabula, fi dubitem ; clament periiffe pudorem Cuncti penè patres: ea cùm reprehendere conor, Quæ gravis $\boldsymbol{E} f\left(\begin{array}{l}\text { pus, } \\ \text { quæ doctus Rofcius egit. }\end{array}\right.$ Vel quia nil rectum, nifi quod placuit fibi, ducunt, - Vel quia turpe putant parere minoribus, \& quæ Imberbes didicere, fenes perdenda fateri.
e Jam Saliare Numæ carmen qui laudat, \& illud Quod mecum ignorat, folus vult fcire videri;
Ingeniis non ille favet, plauditque fepultis ;
Noftra fed impugnat: nos noftraque lividus odit. ${ }^{\text {f }}$ Quod fi tam Græcis novitas invifa fuiffet Quàm nobis, quid nunc effet vetus? aut quid haberet Quod legeret tereretque viritim publicus ufus?
${ }^{8}$ Ut primum pofitis nugari Græcia bellis Cœpit, \& in vitium fortunâ labier æquâ, * Nunc athletarum fudiis, nunc arfit equorum;
${ }^{\text {i }}$ Marmoris aut eboris fabros aut æris amavit:
Sufpendit pictâ vultum mentemque tabellâ:

* Nunc tibicinibus, nunc eft gavifa tragœdis:
: Sub nutrice puella velut fil luderet infans,
Quod cupidè petiit, maturè plena reliquit.
Quid placet, aut odio eft, quod non mutabile credas?
${ }_{2}{ }^{2}$ Hoc paces habuere bonæ ventique fecundi.
c Shou'd I but queftion, only for a joke, If all was flow'rs, when pompous Hanmer Spoke, If things went right, when St. John trod the fage, How the old Tories all would 1torma and rage! ${ }^{\top}$ They fhun conviction, or becaufe a truth Conffis'd in age implies they err'd in youth; Or that they fcorn to learn of junior wits: What !-to be taught by Lytteltons and Pitts.
c When angry patriots or in profe or rhymes
Extol the virtuous deeds of former times, They only mean the prefent to difgrace, And look with envious hate on all in place : ${ }^{4}$ But had the patriots of thofe ancient days Play'd the fame game for profit, or for praife, The trade, tho' now fo Houriming and new, Had long been ruin'd and the nation too.
${ }^{\varepsilon}$ England, when once of peace and wealth poficit, Began to think frugality a jeft, So grew polite; hence all her well-bred heirs - Ganeters and jockeys turn'd, and cricket-play'rs ; Pictures and buft in ev'ry houfe were feen; What flou'd have paid the butcher, bought Poufin ; ${ }^{k}$ Now operas, now plays were all the fahion, Then whift became the bufinefs of the nation, ${ }^{1}$ That, like a froward chid, in wanton play Now cries for toys, then tuffes them away ;
Each hour we chang'd our pleafures, drefs, and die:; ${ }^{\text {an }}$ Thefe were the bleft efiects of being quiet.
Vot. IXXIII.
n Romæ dulce diu fuit \& folemne reclufa Manè domo vigilare, clienti promere jura, Cautos nominibus certis expendere nummos, - Majores audire, minori dicere, per qua Crefcere res poffet, minui damnofa libido.
p Mutavit mentem populus levis, \& calet uno Scribendi fudio, pueri patrefque feveri a Fronde comas vincti ccenant, \& carmina dictant. - Iple ego, qui nullos me afirmo fcribere verfus, Invenior Parthis mendacior, \& prius orto Sole vigil calamum \& chartas \& ferinia pofco.
- Navem agere ignarus navis timet; abrotonum ægro
Fion audet, nifi qui didicit, dare. Quod medicorum eff, Promittunt medici. Tractant fabrilia fabri. Scribimus indocii dortique poemata paffim.
t Hic error tamen \& levis, hæc infania quantas Virtutes habeat, fic collige : vatis avarus
n Not thus behav'd the true old Englifh 'fquire, He fmoak'd his pipe each morn by his own fire, There juftice to difpenfe was ever willing, And for his warrants pick'd up many a fhilling: - To teach his younger neighbours always glad, Where for their corn beft markets might be had, And from experienc'd age as glad to learn, How to defraud unfeen the parfon's barn.

P But now the world's quite alter'd; all are bent To leave their feats, and fly to parliament : Old men and boys in this alone agree, And vainly courting popularity,
Ply their obltrep'rous voters all night long - With bumpers, toafts, and now and then a fong : Ev'n I, who fwear thefe follies I defpife, Than fatefmen, or their porters, tell more lies; And, for the famion-fake, in fpite of nature, Commence fometimes a-moft important creature, Bufy as Car-w rave for ink and quills, And fuft my head and pockets full of bills.
s. Few landmen go to fea unlefs they're preft, And quacks in all profefions are a jeft; No.e dare to kill, except molt learn'd phyficians, Learn'd, or unlearn'd, we all are politicians: There's not a foul but thinks, cou'd he be fent, H' has parts enough to fhine in parliament.
' Tho' many ills this modern tafte produces, Yet fill, my Lord, 'tis not without its ufes;

2; SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.
*Non temerè eft animus; verfus amat, hoc ftudet urum;

- Detrimenta, fugas fervorum, incendia ridet:
* Non fraudern focio puerove incogitat ullam Pupillo; ${ }^{5}$ vivit flilquis \& pane fecuncio;
= Militia quanquam piger \& malus, utilis urbi.
a Si das hoc, parvis quoque rebus magna juvari,
- Os tenerum pueri baibumque poeta figurat;
- Torquet ab obfccenis jam nunc fermonibas aurem:
- Mox etiam pectus traceptis format amicis,

Afperitatis \& invidix corrector \& iræ;
e Rectè facta refert ; orientia tempora nctis
Inftruit cxemplis ; sinopem folatur \& xgrum.
s Caftis cum pueris ignara puella mariti
Difeeret unde preces, vatem ni Mufa dediffet?
Pufcit opem chorus, is prafentia numina fentit;
${ }^{\text {a }}$ Cecleftes implorat aquas doctà prece blardus,

- Thefe minor politicians are a kind Not much to felfifh avarice inclin'd;
Do but allow them with applaufe to fpeak, w They little care, tho' all their tenants break;
* They form intrigues with no man's wife or daughter,

P And live on pudden, chicken-broth, and water;
${ }^{z}$ Fierce Jacobites, as far as bluft'ring words, But loth in any caufe to draw their fwords.

- Were fmaller matters worthy of attention, A thoufand other uies I could mention; For inflance, in each monthly magazine Their effays and orations ftill are feen, - And magazines teach boys and girls to read, And are the canons of each tradefman's creed; Apprentices they ferve to entertain, - Inftead of fmutty tales, and plays profane; ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Inftruct them how their paffions to command, And to hate none-but thofe who rule the land: - Facts they record, births, marriages, and deaths, 'Sometimes receipts for claps, and finking breaths.
${ }^{8}$ When with her brothers mifs comes up to town, How for each play can the afford a crown; Where find diverfions gratis, and yet pretty, Unlefs the goes to church, or a committee; And fure committees better entertain,
Than hearing a dull parfon pray for rain, R 3

O
E. 5 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.
${ }^{1}$ Avertit morbos, metuenda pericula pellit,

* Impetrat \& pacem, \& locupletem frugibus annum.
${ }^{1}$ Carmine Dî fuperi placantur, carmine Manes.
${ }^{m}$ Agricolæ prifci, fortes, parvoque beati, - Condita peft frumenta, levantes tempore fefto Corpus, \& ipfum animum fpe finis dura ferentem, Cum fociis operum, ' $\hat{\alpha}$ pueris $\&$ conjuge fidà ; Tellurem porco, Silvanum lacte piabant, Floribus \& vino Genium memorem brevis ævi.
- Fefcennina perhunc inventa licentia morem

Verfibus alternis opprobria ruftica fudit;
${ }^{p}$ Libertafque recurrentes accepta per annos
Lufit amabliter ; donec jam fævus apertam - In rabiem verti ccepit jocus, \& per honeftas Ire minax impunè domos: doluere cruento ${ }^{\text {x }}$. Dente laceffiti: fuit intactis quoque cura Conditione fuper communi : quin etiam lex, ${ }^{5}$ Pœonaquelata, malo quæ nollet carmine quenquam
Defcribi : vertêre modum, formidine fuftis Ad benè dicendum delectandumque redacti. ${ }^{\text {t }}$ Græcia capta ferum viictorem cepit, \& artes Intulit agreft Latio: fic horridus ille
${ }^{*}$ Defluxit numerus Saturnius ; \& grave virus Munditiæ pepulere : fed in longum tamen ævum " Manferunt hodieque manent veftigia ruris.
${ }^{\text {i }}$ Or whining beg deliverance from battle,
Dangers, and fins, and ficknefs amongft cattle; At church fhe hears with unattentive ear ${ }^{*}$ The pray'rs for peace, and for a plenteous year, But here quite charm'd with fo much wit and fenfe, She falls a victim foon to eloquence : Well may the fall ; fince eloquence has power ${ }^{1}$ To govern both the Upper Houfe and Lower.
${ }^{m}$ Our ancient gentry, frugal, bold, and rough, Were farmers, yet liv'd happily enough ; : They, when in barns their corn was fafely lay'd, For harveft-homes great entertainments made, The well-rubb'd tables crack'd with beef and pork, And all the fupper fhar'd who fhar'd the work: - This gave freeholders firft a tafte for eating, And was the fource of all election-treating; ${ }^{\text {P }}$ A wh.le their jefts, tho' merry, yet were wife, And they took none but decent liberties. Brandy and punch at length fuch riots bred, ${ }^{9}$ No fober family cou'd fleep in bed :
${ }^{r}$ All were alarm'd, ev'n thofe who had no hurt
${ }^{s}$ Call'd in the law, to fop fuch dang'rous fport. ${ }^{t}$ Rich citizens at length new arts brought down With ready cafh, to win each country town ; "This lefs diforders caus'd than downright drink, Freemen grew civil, and began to think; w But ftill all canvaffing produc'd confufion, The relicts of its ruftic inftitution.

24S SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

* Serus enim Gracis admovit acumina chartis, Et poft Punica bella quietus, quærere cœpit, Quid Sophocles, \& Thefpis, \& 压chylus utile ferrent, Tentavit quoque rem fil dignè vertere poffet : ${ }^{y}$ Et placuit fibi, naturâ fublimis \& acer, Nam fpirat tragicum fatis, \& feliciter audet : ${ }^{2}$ Sed turpem putat in fcriptis metuitque lituram.
${ }^{3}$ Creditur, ex medio quia res arcefit, habere ${ }^{\text {b }}$ Sudoris minimùm ; fed habet comœdia tanto Plus oneris, quanto veniæ minus: ${ }^{\text {c adfpice Plautus }}$ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Quo pecto partes tutetur amantis ephebi, ${ }^{c}$ Ut patris attenti, ${ }^{\mathfrak{f}}$ lenonis ut infidiofi : Quantus fit Dorlennus ${ }^{5}$ edacibus in parafitis:
${ }^{\text {n }}$ Quàm non adfricto percurrat pulpita focco. ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Geffit enim nummum in locu'os demittere ; pot hoc Securus, cadat, an recio ftet fabula talo. * Quem tulit ad feenam ventofo gloria curru, Exanimat lentus fpeitator: fedulus inflat.
$x$ 'Tis but of late, fince thirty years of peace 'To ufeful fciences have giv'n increafe, That w' have inquir'd how Rome's loft fons of old Barter'd their liberties for feafts and gold ; What treats proud Sylla, Cæfar, Crafius gave, And try'd, like them, to buy each hungry knave : Nor try'd in vain; y too fortunately bold, Many have puchas'd votes, and many fold ; No laws can now amend this venal land, ${ }^{2}$ That dreads the touch of a reforming hand.

Some think an int'reit may be form'd with eafe,

- Recaufe the vulgar we muft chiefly pleafe;
${ }^{6}$ But for that reafon 'tis the harder tafk, For fuch will neither pardon grant, nor afk. - See how Sir W —, mafter of this art, By different methods wins each C ——n heart. ${ }^{d}$ He tells raw youths, that whoring is no harm, e And teaches their attentive fires to farm; To his own table lovingly invites

n Sometimes in flippers, and a morning gown, He pays his early vifits round a town, At every houfe relates his ftories over, Of place-bills, taxes, turneps, and Hanover; If tales will money fave, and bufinefs do, It matters little, are they falfe or true.
* Whoe'er prefers a clam'rous mob's applaufe To his own confcience, or his country's caufe,


## $25^{\circ}$ SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.

${ }^{1}$ Sic leve, fic parvum eft, animum quod laudis avarum Subruit aut reficit: m valeat res ludicra, fi me Palma negata macrum, donata reducit opimum.
${ }^{n}$ Sæpe etiam audacem fugat hoc terretque poetam, Quoà numero plures, virtute \& honore minores, Indocti, ftolidique, \& depugnare parati, Si difcordet eques, media inter carmina pofcunt - Aut urfum, ant pugiles: his nam plebecula gaudet. ${ }^{p}$ Verùm equitis quoque jam migravit ab aure voluptas
Omnis ad incertos oculos $\mathbb{S}$ gaudia vana, Quatuor atit plures aulæa premuntur in horas, ${ }^{9}$ Dum fugiunt equitum turma, peditumque catervæ. Mox trahitur manibus regum fortuna retortis; Effeda feltinant, pilenta, petorrita, naves: r Captivum portatur ebur, captiva Corinthus. Si foret in terris, rideret Democritus, feu Diverfum confufa genus panthera camelo, Sive elephas albus vulgi converteret ora. Spectaret populum ludis attentius ipfis. Ut fibi prabentem mimo fpectacula plura: Scriptores autem narrare putaret afello

* Fabellam furdo: nam quæ pervincere voces Evaluere fonum, referunt quem noftra theatra? Garganum mugire putes nemus, aut mare Thufcum:
Tanto cum ftrepitu ludi fpectantur, \& artes
Divitiæque peregrinæ; t quibus oblitus actor
Cùm ftetit in fcenâ, concurrit dextera lævæ.
- Dixit adhuc aliquid? Nil fane. Quod placet ergo?

Is foon elated, and as foon caft down
By every drunken cobler's fmile or frown ;
${ }^{1}$ So fmall a matter can deprefs or raife
A mind that's meanly covetous of praife:
But if my quiet muft dependent be
On the vain breath of popularity,
A wind each hour to diff'rent quarters veering, ${ }^{m}$ Adieu, fay I, to all Electioneering.
${ }^{n}$ The bolden orator it difconcerts,
To find the many, tho' of meaneft parts, Illit'rate, fquabbling, difcontented prigs, Fitter t' atterd a boxing-match at Figg's, 'ro all good fenfe and reafon fhut their ears, Yet take delight in $S-d-m$ 's o bulls and bears.

P Young knights now fent from many a diftant flire Are better pleas'd with what they fee than hear ; Their joy's to view his majefty approach, Drawn by eight milk-white fteeds in gilded coach, The pageant fnow and bufte to behold,
s The guards both horfe and foot lac'd o'er with gold, The rich infignia from the Tower brought down, s The iv'ry fcepter and the radiant crown.
The mob huzza, the thund'ring cannons roar, And bufinefs is delay'd at leaft an hour ; The Speaker calls indeed to mind what paffes, But might as well read orders to deaf affes.
${ }^{\text {t }}$ But now fee honeft $V-$ rife to joke!
The Houfe all laugh: u"r What fays he! Has he fpoke?"

## 252 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.

Lana Tarentino violas imitata veneno. " Ac ne fortè putes me, quæ facere ipfe recufem, Cùm rectè traEtant alii, laudare malignè ; * Ille per extentum funem mihi poffe videtur Ire poeta, meum qui pectus inaniter angit, ${ }^{y}$ lrritat, mulcet, ${ }^{2}$ falfis terroribus implet, ${ }^{2}$ Ut magus ; \& ${ }^{\mathrm{b}}$ modò me Thebis, modò ponit Athenis.
${ }^{\text {c }}$ Verùm age, \& his qui fe lectcri credere malunt, Quam fpectatoris faftidia ferre fuperbi, Curam redde brevem; ${ }^{\text {dit munus Apolline dignum }}$ Vis complere libris, e \& vatibus addere calcar, Ut ftudio majore petant Helicona virentem. f Multa quidem nobis facimus mala fape poetæ, ${ }^{8}$ (Ut vincta egomet credam mea) cùm tibi librum ${ }^{\text {h }}$ Sollicito damus, aut feffo ; cùm lædimur, unum ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Si quis amicorum eft aufus reprendere verfum, * Cùm loca jam recitata revolvimus irrevocati ;
'Cùm lamentamur non apparere labores Notros, is tenai deducta poemata filo:

No not a word ; then whence this fudden mirth ? His phiz foretells fome jeft's approaching birth.
w But left I feem thefe orators to wrong, Envious becaufe I fhare no gift of tongue, * Is there a Man whofe eloquence has pow'r To clear the fulleft Houfe in half an hour, Who now appears to rave and now to weep, - Who fomet!mes makes us fwear, and fometimes fleep, : Now fills our heads with falfe alarms from France, 2 Then conjurer-like b to India bids us dance, All eulogies on him we own are true, For furely he does all that man can do.

- But whilt, my Lord, thefe makers of our laws Thus fpeak themfelves into the world's applaufe, - Let bards for fuch attempts too modeft fhare What more they prize, your patronage and care, e If you would fpur them up the Mufes' hill, Or afk their aid your library to fill. i We poets are in ev'ry are, and nation, A moit abfurd, wrong-headed generation; This in a thoufard inftances is hewn ${ }^{8}$ (iIylelf as guilty as the reft I own) ; As when on you our nonfenfe we impofe, ${ }^{n}$ Tir'd with the nonfenfe you have heard in profe; i When w' are offended, if fome honeft friend Prefumes one unharmonious verfe to mend; * When undefir'd our labours we repeat, : Grieve they're no more regarded by the Great,

254 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.
m Cùm fperamus ea rem venturam, ut fimul atque Carmina refcieris nos fingere, commodus ultrò Arcefias, \& egere vetes, \& fcribere cogas.
${ }^{n}$ Sed tamen eit operx pretium cognofcere, qualen
Idituos habeat belli fpectata domique Virtus, indigno non committenda poetæ.

- Gratus Alexandro regi magno fuit ille

Chcrilus, incultis qui verfibus \& malè natis Rettulit acceptos, regale numifma, Philippos. Sed veluti tractata notam labemque remittunt Atramenta, ferè fcriptores carmine foedo Splendida facta linunt. Idem rex ille poema, Qui tam ridiculum tam carè prodigus emit, Edicto vetuit ne quis fe, preter Apellem, Pingeret, aut alius Lyfippo duceret æra
p Fortis Alexandri vultum fimulantia : quod fi Judicium fubtile videndis artibus illud Ad libros \& ad hæc Mufarum dona vocares ; - Bootum in crafio jurares aëre natum.
: At neque dedecorant tua de fe judicia, atque Munera quæ multâ dantis cum laude tulerunt, Dilecti tibi Virgilius Variufque poetæ. - Nec magis exprefii vultus per ahenea figna, Quìm per vatis opus mores animique virorum Clarorum apparent: t nec fermones ego mallem Repentes per humum, quàm res componere gellas, Terrarumque fitus, \& flumina dicere, \& arces Montibus impofitas, \& barbara regna, tuifque
${ }^{m}$ And fancy, fhou'd You once but fee our faces, You'd bid us write, and pay us all with places.
n 'Tis your's, my Lord, to form the foul to verfe, Who have fuch num'rous virtues to rehearfe;

- Great Alexander once, in ancient days, Pay'd Chœrilus for daubing him with praife;
And yer the fame fam'd hero made a law, None but Apelles thou'd his picture draw; p None but Lyfippus caft his royal head In brafs: it had been treafon if in lead;
A prince he was in valour ne'er furpafs'd, And had in painting too perhaps fome tafte;
But as to verfe, undoubted is the matter, "He muft be dull, as a Dutch commertator.
r But you, my Lord, a fav'rite of the Mufe, Wcu'd chufe good poets, were there good to chufe; ' You know they paint the great man's foul as like, As can his featores Kialler or Vandyke. ' Had I fuch pow'r, I never wou'd compofe Such creeping lines as thefe, nor verfe, nor profe; But rather try to celebrate your praife, And with your juft encomiums fivell my lays: Had I a genius equal to my will,
Gladly would I exert my utmoft fkill To confecrate to fame Britannia's land
Receiving law from your impartial hand ;
By your wife councils once more pow'rful made, Her flects rever'd, and flourifting her trade;

256 SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.
w Aufpiciis totum confecta duella per orbem :
Clauftraque cuftodem pacis cohibentia Janum,
= Et formidatam Parthis te principe Romam;
y Si, quantum cuperem, pofiem quoque ${ }^{2}$ fed neque
Prum

Carmen majeftas recipit tua ; nec meus audet Rem tentare pudor, quam vires ferre recufent. = Sedulitas autem fulliè quem diligit, urget; Præcipuè cùm fe numeris commendat \& arte. Difcit enim citiùs meminitque libentiùs illud Quod quis deridet, quàm quod probat \& veneratur. Nil moror officium quod me gravat : ac neque ficto
In pejus valtu proponi cereus ufquam,
Nec prave factis decorari verfibus opto:
Ne rubeam pingri donatus munere ; \& unà
Cum fcriptore meo, capfà porrectus apertâ,

- Deferar in vicum vendentem thus \& odores,

Er piper, \& quisquid chartis amicitur ineptis.
w Exhaufted nations trembling at her fword, - And * Peace long wifh'd-for to the world reftor'd.
v But your true greatnefs "ffers no fuch praife, ${ }^{2}$ My verfe would fink the theme it meant to raife; Unequal to the tafk wou'd furely meet Could ferve for nothing, fcrawl'd with lines fo fimple ${ }_{3}$, ${ }^{2}$ Unlefs to wrap up fugar-loaves for Wimple $\dagger$.

* A general peace was at this time juft concluded at Aix la Chapelle.
+ Lord Hardwicke's feat in Cambridgeshire'

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TO THE RT.HON.THE
EARLOF CHESTERFIELD,
ON HIS BEING INSTALLED ENIGHT OF
    THE GARTER**
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THESE trophies, Stanhope, of a lovely dame, Once the bright object of a monarch's flame, Who with fuch jut propriety can wear, As thou, the darling of the gay and fair? See ev'ry friend to wit, politeness, love, With one consent thy Sovereign's choice approve! And liv'd Plantagenet her voice to join, Herfelf and Garter both were furely thine.

* He was inftalled at Windfor on the 1 St of June 1730, a the fame time with the Duke of Cumberland and the Earl o Burlington.


## T 0

## A LADY IN TOWN,

SOON AFTER HER LEAVING THE COUNTRY.

WHILST you, dear maid, o'er thoufands born to reign,
For the gay town exchange the rural plain, The cooling breeze and ev'ning walk forfake For ftifling crowds, which your own beauties make; 'Thro' circling joys while you inceffant fray, Charm in the Mall, and fparkle at the play; Think (if fucceffive vanities can fpare One thought to love) what cruel pangs I bear, Left in thefe plains all wretched, and alone, To weep with fountains, and with echos groan, And mourn inceffantly that fatal day, That all my blifs with Chloe fnatch'd away. Say by what arts. I can relieve my pain, Mufic, verfe, all I try, but try in vain; In vain the breathing flute my hand employs, Late the companion of my Chloe's voice, Nor Handel's nor Corelli's tuneful airs
Can harmonize my foul, or foothe my cares; Thofe once-lov'd med'cines unfuccefsful prove, Mufic, alas, is but the voice of love!

## 260 SOAME JENYNS'B POEM 3

In vain I oft harmonious lines perufe, And feek for aid from Pope's and Prior's mufe ; Their treach'rous numbers but affift the foe, And call forth fcenes of fympathifing woe : Here Heloife mourns her abfent lover's charms, There parting Emma fighs in Henry's arms; Their loves like mine ill-fated I bemoan, And in their tender forrows read my own.

Reftlefs fometimes, as of the mournful dove Forfakes her neit forfaken by her love, 1 fly from home, and feck the facred fields Where Cam's old urn its filver current yields, Where folemn tow'rs o'erlook each mofly grove, As if to guard it from th' affaults of love; Yet guard in vain, for there my Chloe's eyes But lately made whole colleges her prize ; Her fons, tho' few, not Pallas cou'd defend, Nor Dullnefs fuccour to her thoufands lend; Love like a fever with infectious rage Scorch'd up the young, and thaw'd the frof of age 'To gaze at her, ev'n Dons were feen to run, And leave unfinifh'd pipes, and authors-fearce begun.

* So Helen look'd, and mov'd with fuch a grace, When the grave feniors of the Trojan race Were forc'd thofe fatal beauties to admire, That all their youth confum'd, and fet their town on fire At fam'd Newmarket off I fpend the day, An unconcern'd fpectator of the play;

[^3]There pitilefs obferve the ruin'd heir With anger fir'd, or melting with defpair ; For how fhou'd I his trivial lofs bemoan, Who feel one, fo much greater, of my own? There while the goiden heaps, a glorious prize, Wait the decifion of two rival dice, Whilft long difputes 'twixt feven and five remain, And each, like parties, have their friends for gain, Without one wifh I fee the guineas fhine, "Fate, keep your gold, I cry, make Chloe mine." Now fee, prepar'd their utmoft fpeed to try, O'er the fmooth turf the bounding racers fly! Now more and more their flender limbs they Itrain, And foaming ftretch along the velvet plain! Ah ftay! fwift fteeds, your rapid flight delay, No more the jockey's fmarting lafh obey: But rather let my hand direct the rein, And guide your fteps a nobler prize to gain; Then fwift as eagles cut the yielding air, Bear me, oh bear me to the abfent fair.

Now when the winds are hufh'd, the air ferene, And chearful fun-beams gild the beauteous fcene, Penfive o'er all the neighb'ring fields I ftray, Where'er or choice or chance directs the way: Or view the op'ning lawns, or private woods, Or diftant bluifh hills, or filver floods:
Now harmlefs birds in filken nets infnare,
Now with fiwift dogs purfue the flying hare : Dull fports! for oh my Chloe is not there !

Fatigu'd at length I willingly retire To a fmall ftudy, and a chearful fire, 'There o'er fome folio pore; I pore 'tis true, But oh my thoughts are fled, and fled to you! I hear you, fee you, feaft upon your eyes, And clafp with eager arms the lovely prize ; Here for a while I cou'd forget my pain, Whilft I by dear affliction live again : Eut ev'n thefe joys are too fublime to laft, And quickly fade, like all the real ones paft; For juft when now beneath fome filent grove I hear you talk-and talk perhaps of love, Or charm with thrilling notes the lift'ning ear, Sweeter than angels fing, or angels hear, NIy treach'rous hand its weighty charge lets go, 'The book falls thund ring on the floor below, The pleafing vifion in a moment's gone, And 1 ance more am wretched, and alone.

So when glad Orpheus from th' infernal fhade Had juft recall'd his long-lamented maid, Soon as her charms had reach'd his cager eyes, Eot in eternal night-again the dies.

## T 0

$$
\mathrm{A} \quad \mathrm{~L} \quad \mathrm{~A} \quad \mathrm{D} \quad \mathrm{X} .
$$

BENT WITH A PRESENT OF SHELLS ANDSTONES DESIGNED FOR A GROTRO.
$W^{\text {ITH }}$ gifts like thefe, the fpoils of neighb'ring fhores,
The Indian fwain his fable love adores. Off'rings well fuited to the dufky flrine Of his rude goddefs, but unworthy mine : And yet they feem not fuch a worthlefs prize, If nicely view'd by philofophic eyes; And fuch are yours, that nature's works admire With warmth like that, which they themfelves infpire. To fuch how fair appears each grain of fand, Or humbleft weed as wrought by Nature's hand ! How far fuperior to all human pow'r Springs the green blade, or buds the painted flow's! In all her births, tho' of the meanef kinds, A juft obferver entertainment finds, With fond delight her low productions fees,
And how fhe gently rifes by degrees;
A fhell or fone he can with pleafure view,
Hence trace her nobleft works, the heav'ns-and you.

Behold, how bright thefe gaudy trifles fhine, The lovely fportings of a hand divine ! See with what art each curious fhell is made, Here carv'd in fretwork, there with pearl inlaid!
What vivid ftreaks th' enamell'd ftones adorn, Fair as the paintings of the purple morn!
Yet fill not half their charms can reach our ejes,
While thus confus'd the fparkling chaos lies;
Doubly they'll pleare, when in your grotto plac'd, They plainly fpeak their fair difpofer's tafte ; Then glories yet unfeen fhall o'er them rife, New order from your hand, new luftre from your eyes.

How fweet, how charming will appear this grot, When by your art to full perfection brought ; Here verdant plants and biooming flow'rs will grow, 'There bubbling currents thro' the fhell-work flow; Here coral mixt with fhells of various dyes, 'There polifh'd ftones will charm our wand'ring eyes ; Delightful bower of blifs ! fecure retreat! Fit for the Mufes, and Statira's feat.

But fill how good muft be that fair-one's mind, Who thus in folitude can pleafure find!
The Mufe her company, good fenfe her guide, Refiftlefs charms her pow'r, but not her pride; Who thus forfakes the town, the park, and play,
In fient fhades to pafs. her hours away;
Who better likes to breathe frefh country air,
Than ride imprifon'd in a velvet chair ;
And makes the warbling nightingale her choice,
Before the thrills of Farinelli's voice;

Prefers her books, and confcience void of ill, To concerts, balls, affemblies, and quadrille : Sweet bow'rs more pleas'd than gilded chariot fees, For groves the playhoufe quits, and beaus for trees.

Bleft is the man, whom heav'n fhall grant one hour With fuch a lovely nymph, in fuch a lovely bow's!.

## T 0

## A I A D Y.

## IN ANSWER TO A LETTER WROTE IN AVERE

EINE HAND.

WHILST well-wrote lines our wond'ring eyes command,
The beauteous work of Chloe's artful hand,
'Throughout the finifh'd piece we fee difplay'd Th' exacteft image of the lovely maid; Such is her wit, and fuch her form divine, This pure, as flows the ftyle thro' ev'ry line, That like each letter, exquifitely fine.

See with what art the fable currents ftain In wand'ring mazes all the milk-white plain! 'Thus o'er the meadows wrapp'd in filver fnow Unfrozen brooks in dark meanders flow ; Thus jetty curls in fhining ringlets deck The ivory plain of lovely Chloe's neck: See, like fome virgin, whofe unmeaning charms Receive new luftre from a lover's arms, The yielding paper's pure but vacant brcaft, By her fair hand and flowing pen impreft, At ev'ry touch more animated grows, Knd with new life and new ideas glows.

ANSWER TO-A LADY, SC. ${ }^{26 \%}$
Frefh beauties from the kind defiler gains, And fhines each moment brighter from its ftains.

Let mighty Love no longer boaft his darts, That ftrike unerring, aim'd at mortal hedris; Chloe, your quill can equal wonders do, Wound full as fure, and at a diftance too: Arm'd with your feather'd weapons in your hands, From pole to pole you feñ your great commands; To diftant climes in vain the lover flies, Your pen o'ertakes him, if he 'fcapes your eyes:
So thofe who from the fiword in battle run, But perifh victims to the diftant gun.

Beauty's a fhert-liv'd blaze, a fading fow'r,
But thefe are charms no ages can devour.;
Thefe, far fuperior to the brightelt face,
Triumph alike o'er time as well as fpace.
When that fair form, which thoufands now acore,
By years decay'd, fhall tyrannize no more, Thefe lovely lines fhall future ages view, And eyes unborn, like ours, be charm'd by you.

How oft do I admire with fond delight
The curious piece, and wifh like you to write !
Alas, vain hope! that might as well afpire To copy Paulo's ftroke, or Titian's fire : Ev'n now your fplendid lines before me lie,
And I in vain to imitate them iry :
Believe me, fair, I'm practifing this art, To fteal your hand, in hopes to fteal your heart.

## TOTHERT. HON.THE

## lady margaret cavendish hartey *,

## PRESENTED WITH A COLLECTION OF POEMS.

THE tuneful throng was ever Beauty's care, And verfe a tribute facred to the fair ; Hence in each age the lovelieft nymph has been, By undifputed right, the Mufes Queen ; Her fmiles have all poetic bofoms fir'd, And patroniz'd the verfe themfelves infpir'd: Leßia prefided thus in Roman times, Thus Sachariffa reign'd o'er Britifh rhymes, And prefent bards to Margaretta bow, For what they were of old, is Harley now. From Oxford's houfe, in thefe dull bufy days,
Alone we hope for patronage, or praife ;
He to our flighteft labours ftill is kind,
Beneath his roof w' are ever fure to find
(Reward fufficient for the world's neglect)
Charms to infpire, and goodnefs to protect ;

* Only daughter and heir of Edward Earl of Oxford and Mortimer, by Lady Henrietta Cavendif, only daughter and heir of John Holles, Duke of Newcattle. She was afterwards Dutchefs of Portland, and died July $17,1785^{\circ}$

Your eyes with rapture animate our lays, Your fire's kind hand uprears our drooping bays; Form'd for our glory and fupport, ye feem, Our conftant patron he, and you our theme. Where fhou'd poetic homage then be pay'd? Where ev'ry verfe, but at your feet, be lay'd ?
A double right you to this empire bear, As firft in beauty, and as Oxford's heir.

Illutrious maid! in whofe fole perfon join'd Ev'ry perfection of the fair we find; Charms that might warrant all her fex's pride, Without one foible of her fex to hide; Good-nature artlefs as the bloom that dyes Her cheeks, and wit as piercing as her eyes. Oh Harley! cou'd but you thefe lines approve, There children fprung from idlenefs and love, Cou'd they, (but ah how vain is the defign!) Hope to amufe your hours, as once they've mine, Th' ill-judging world's applaufe, and critics blame, Alike l'd fcorn : Your approbation's fame.

## H O R A T I I,

L I B. II. O D. XVI.

0 TIUM Divos rogat in patenti Prenfus $\mathbb{E}$ gæo, fimul atra nubes
Condidit Lunam, neque certa fulgent Sidera nautis:
2. Otium bello furiofa Thrace, Otium Medi pharetrâ decori,
Grofphe, non gemmis, neque purpurâ venale, nec auro.
3. Non enim gazæ, neque confularis Summovet lictor miferos tumultus Mentis, \& curas laqueata circum Tecta volantes.
4. Vivitur parro benè, cui paternum Splendet in mensâ tenui falinum ; Nec leves fomnos timor, aut Cupido Sordidus aufert.

## (271.)

## H O. R A C E,

 BOOK II. O D E. XVI. I M 1 TATED.TO THE HONOURABLE
P HILIP YORKE, Es \&
SOON AFTER THE GENERAL ELECTION IN IT $47^{\circ}$

1. $\mathrm{A} O \mathrm{R}$ quiet, Yorke, the failor cries, When gathering ftorms obfcure the fkies, The fars no more appearing;
2. The candidate for quiet prays, Sick of the bumpers and huzzas

Of bleft electioneering.
3. Who thinks, that from the Speaker's chair The Serjeant's mace can keep off care,

Is wond'roufly miftaken:
4. Alas! he is not half fo bleft As thofe wh' have liberty, and reft,

And dine on beans and bacon.

Quid brevi fortes jaculamur ævo
Multa ? Quid terras alio calentes
5. Sole mutamus? Patrix quis exul Se quoque fugit?
6. Scandit æratas vitiofa naves

Cura : nec equitum turmas relinquit, Ocyor cervis, \& agente nimbos Ocyor Euro.
7. Lætus in præfens animus, quod ultra eft,

Oderit curare; \& amara lento
Temperet rifu. Nihil eft abomni
8. Parte beatum.
9. Abftulit clarum cita mors Achillem :
10. Longa Tithonum minuit fenectus:

Et mihi forfan, tibi quod negârit, Porriget hora.
5. Why fhould we then to London run, And quit our chearful country fun For bufinefs, dirt, and fmoke?
Can we, by changing place, and air, Ourfelves get rid of, or aur care ? In troth 'tis all a joke.
6. Care climbs proud fhips of mightieft force, And mounts behind the general's horfe,

Out!rips huffars, and pandours;
Far fivifter than the bounding hind, Swifter than clouds befure the wind,

Or before the Highlanders.
7. A man, when once he's fafely chofe, Shou'd laugh at all his threat'ring foes,

Nor think of future evil:
Each good has its attendant ill;
8. A feat is no bad thing, but ftill

Elections are the devil.
9. Its gifts with hand impartial Heav'n Divides : to Oxford it was giv'n

To die in full-blown glory;
10. To -_ indeed a longer date,

But then with unrelenting hate
Purfu'd by Whig and Tory.
You. LXXXIII. T Is. The
2.74 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.
11. Te greges centum, Siculæque circum Mugiunt vacce: tibi tollit hinnitum Apta quadrigis equa: te bis Afro Murice tinctæ

Veftiunt lanæ: 13. mihi parva rura, \&
14. Spiritum Graix tenuem Camœnx Parca non mendax dedit \& malignum Spernere vulgus.

> HORATII,
11. The gods to you with bounteous hand Have granted feats, and parks, and land;

Brocades and filks you wear ;
With claret and ragouts you treat,
12. Six neighing fleeds with nimble feet Whirl on your gilded car :
13.2 Tome they've given a fmall retreat, Good port and mutton, beft of meat, With broad-cloth on my fhoulders, A foul that fcorns a dirty job,
14. Loves a good rhyme, and hates a mob, I mean who a'n't freeholders.

## $\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{O} \quad \mathrm{R} \quad \mathrm{A} \quad \mathrm{T} \quad \mathrm{I}$,

LIB. IV. O D. VIII.
3. ONAREM pateras gratáque commodus, Cenforine, meis æra fodalibus:
Donarem tripodas, præmia fortium
Graiorum : 2. neque tu peffima munerum
Ferres; divite me fcilicet artium, Quas aut Parrhafius protulit, aut Scopas;
3. Hic faxo, liquidis ille coloribus

Solers nunc hominem ponere, nunc Deum,

## H O $\quad \mathrm{R}$ A C E,

## B O O K IV. O D E VIIf.

I M I T A T E D.

TO THE SAME.

1. ID but kind fate to me impart

Wealth equal to my gen'rous heart,
Some curious gift to ev'ry friend,
A token of my love, I'd fend;
2. But fill the choiceft and the beft

Shou'd be confign'd to friends at Wreft *。
An organ, which, if right I guefs, Wou'd beft pleafe Lady Marchionefs, Shou'd firft be fent by my command, Worthy of her infpiring hand : To Lady Bell of niceft mould A coral fet in burnifh'd gold:
To you, well knowing what you like,
3. Portraits by Lely or Vandyke,

A curious bronze, or buft antique.

* The feat of the Marchionefs of Kent, wife of Lord Hardwicke.

4. Sed non hæc mihi vis, non tibi talium

Res eft aut animus deliciarum egens.
Gaudes carminibus : carmina poffumus.
Donare, 5 .\& pretium dicere muneris.
6. Non incifa notis marmora publicis;

Per quæf firitus \& vita redit bonis
Poft mortem ducibus : non celeres fugæ,
Rejectrque retrorfum Annibalis minx,
Non incendia Carthaginis impiæ,
Ejus qui domitâ nomen ab Africâ
Lucratus rediit, clariùs indicant
Laudes, quàm Calabre Pierides: neque
7. Si chartæ fileant quodı benè feceris,

Mercedem tulcris: 8. Quid foret Iliæ-
Mavortifque puer, fi taciturnitas
Obftaret meritis invida Romuli ?
Ereptum Stygiis fluctibus 灰acum
Virtus, \& favor, \& lingua potentium
Vatum divitibus confecrat infulis.
9, Dignum
4. But fince thefe gifts exceed my power, And you, who need not wifh for more, Already bleft with all that's fine', Are pleas'd with verfe; tho' fuch as mine ; As poets us'd in ancient.times;eet $2.5 \cdot i^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. I'll make my prefents all in rhymes;
5. And left you finould forget their worth, Like them I'll fet their value forth.
6. Not monumental brafs or fones, The guardians of heroic bones, Not victories won by Marlbro's fword, Nor titles which thefe feats record, Such glories o'er the dead diffufe, As can the labours of the Mufe.
7. But if fhe fhou'd her aid deny, With you your virtues all muft die, Nor tongues unborn fhall ever fay How wife, how good, was Lady Grey.
3. What now had been th' ignoble doom Of him who built imperial Rome? Or him deferving ten times more, Who fed the hungry, cloth'd the poor, Clear'd ftreams, and bridges laid acrofs, And built the little church of Rofs? Did not th' eternal powers of verfe From age to age their deeds rehearfe.
9. Dignum laude virum Mufa vetat mori :

Cœlo Mufa beat. '10. Sic Jovis intereft
Optatis epulis impiger Hercules :
Clarum Tyndaridæ fidus ab infimis
Quaffas eripiunt æquoribus rates:
Ornatus viridi tempora pampino
Liber vota bonos ducit ad exitus.
9. The Mufe forbids the brave to die, Beftowing immortality;
10. Still by her aid in bleft abodes

Alcides feafts among the gods;
And royal Arthur ftill is able To fill his hofpitable table With Englifh beef, and Englifh knighte, And looks with pity down on White's.

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\text { ( } 282 \text { ) }
$$

TO THE
HONOURABLE MISS YORKE,

$$
O N H E R
$$

MARRIAGE TO LORD ANSON,

$$
\text { APRIL 25, } 1748 .
$$

$V$ICTORIOUS Anfon fee returns

From the fubjected main!
With joy each Britifh bofom burns,
Fearlefs of France and Spain.
Honours his grateful Sovereign's hand,
Conqueft his own betows,
Applaufe unfeign'd his native land,
Unenvy'd wealth her foes.
"But ftill, my fon," Britannia cries,
" Still more thy merits claim;
" Thy deeds deferve a richer prize
" Than titles, wealth, or fame :
" Twice wafted fafe from pole to pole
" Th' haft fail'd the globe around;
10 Contains it aught can charm thy foul?
"Thy fondeft wifhes bound ?

TO THE HON. MISS YORKE. 283

* Is there a treafure worth thy care " Within th' incircling Line ?
* Say, and I'll weary Heav'n with pray's, "To make that treafure thine."

Heav'n liften'd to Britannia's voice, Agreed that more was duẹ:
He chofe — the gods approv'd his choice, And paid him all in You.
C. KILOF

## CHLOETOSTREPHON.

$$
A \quad S \quad O \quad N \quad G .
$$

MOO plain, dear youth, there tell-tale eyes My heart your own declare ;
But for heav'n's fake let it fuffice, You reign triumphant there.
Forbear your utmof pow'r to try,
Nor farther urge your fivay;
Prefs not for what I muft deny,
For fear I fhould obey.
Could all your arts fuccefsful prove,
Wou'd you a maid undo,
Whofe greateft failing is her love,
And that her love for you?
Say, would you ufe that very pow'r
You from her fondnefs claim,
To ruin, in one fatal hour,
A life of fpotlefs fame ?
Ah ! ceafe, my dear, to do an ill,
Becaufe perhaps you may;
But, rather try your utmoft kxill
To fave me than betray.
Be you yourfelf my virtue's guard,
Defend, and not purfue;
Since 'tis a tafk for me too hard,
To fight with Love and you.

## A $\quad \mathrm{S} O \quad \mathrm{~N}$ G.

CEASE, Sally, thy charms to expand, All thy arts and thy witchcraft forbear, Hide thofe eyes, hide that neck and that hand, And thofe fweet flo ving treffes of hair.

Oh ! torture me not, for Love's fake, With the fmirk of thofe delicate lips, With that head's dear fignificant fhake, And the tofs of the hoop and the hips.

Oh! fight flill more fatal! look there,
O'er her tucker what murderers peep !
So - now there's an end of my care,
I fhall never more eat, drink, or fleep.
Do you fing too? Ah mifchievous thought!
Touch me, touch me not there any more;
Who the devil can 'fcape being caught
In a trap that's thus baited all o'er ?
But why to advife fhould I try?
What Nature ordains we muft prove;
You no more can help charming, than I
Can help being charm'd, and in love.

$$
\therefore \quad \mathrm{S} O \quad \mathrm{~N} \quad \mathrm{G} .
$$

FJHEN firft Ifought fair Calia's love, And cv'ry charm' was new,
I fwore by all the gods above,
To be for ever true.
But long in vain did I adore,
Long wept and figh'd in vain,
She ftill protefted, vow'd, and fiwore,
She ne'er would eafe my pain.
At lat o'ercome the made me bleft, And yielded all her charms,
And I forfook her when poffeft, And fied to others arms.

But let not this, dear Cælia, now
To rage thy breaft incline;
For why, fince you forget your 'vow,
Shou'd I remember mine ?

$$
(287)
$$

## THE CHOICE.

HAD I, Pigmalion-like, the pow'r To make the nymph I wou'd adore, The model fhould be thus defign'd, Like this her form, like this her mind.

Her fkin fhould be as lilies fair, With rofy cheeks and jetty hair ; Her lips with pure vermilion fpread, And foft and moift, as well as red; Her eyes fhou'd fhine with vivid light, At once both languihing and bright; Her fhape fhou'd be exact and fmall, Her fature rather low than tall; Her limbs well turn'd, her air and mien At once both fprightly and ferene; Befides all this, a namelefs grace Shou'd be diffus'd all o'er her face; To make the lovely piece complete, Not only beautiful, but fiveet.

This for her form ; now for her mind ; I'd have it open, gen'rous, kind, Void of all coquettifh aris, And vain defigns of conquering hearts,

Not fway'd by any views of gain, Nor fond of giving others pain; But foft, tho' bright, like her own eyes, Difcreetly witty, gayly wife.

I'd have her fkill'd in ev'ry art
That can engage a wand'ring heart;
Know all the fciences of love,
Yet ever willing to improve;
To prefs the hand, and roll the eye,
And drop fometinnes an amorous figh,
To lengthen out the balmy kifs,
And heighten ev'ry tender blifs;
And yet I'd have the charmer be By Nature only taught,-or me.

I'd have her to ftrict honour ty'd,
And yet without one fpark of pride;
In company well-drefs'd and fine,
Yet not ambitious to outfhine;
In private always neat and clean, And quite a ftranger to the fpleen ; Well-pleas'd to grace the park and play, And dance fometimes the night away, But oft'ner fond to fpend her hours In folitude and fhady bow'rs, And there beneath fome filent grove,
Delight in poetry and love.

## THECHOICE.

Some fparks of the poetic fire I fain would have her foul infpire, Enough, at leaft, to let her know What joys from love and virtue flow; Enough, at leaft, to make her wife, And fops and fopperies defpire ; Prefer her books, and her own mufe, To vifits, fcandal, chat, and news; Above her fex exalt her mind, And make her more than woman-kind.

## ( 290 )

## TO A YOUNG LADY,

GOING TO THE WEST-INDEES

FOR univerfal fway defign'd, ' F diftant realms Clorinda fies, And fcorns, in one fmall ifle confin'd, To bound the conqueits of her eyes.

From our cold climes to India's fhore With cruel hafte the wings her way,
To fcorch their fultry plains ftill more, And rob us of our only day.

Whilt ev'ry freaming eye o'erflows
With tender floods of parting tears,
Thy breaft, dear caufe of all our woes,
Alone unmov'd, and gay appears.
Dat ftill, if right the Mufes tell,
The fated point of time is nigh, When grief thall that fair bofom fwell, And trickle from thy lovely eye.
Tho' no:v, like Philip's fon, whofe arms
Did once the vafial world command,
You rove with unreffted charms,
And conquer both by fea and land;
Yet when (as foon they mult) mankind
Shall all be doom'd to wear your chain,
Youtoo, hike him, will weep to find
No more uncorquer'd worids remain

## CHLOE ANGLING.

ON yon fair brook's enamell'd fide Behold my Chloe ftands !
Her angle trembles o'er the tide,
As confcious of her hands.
Calm as the gentle waves appear,
Her thoughts ferenely flow,
Calm as the foftly breathing air That curls the brook below.

Such charms her fparkling eyes difclofe, With fuch foft pow'r endu'd, She feems a new-born venus 'rofe From the tranfparent flood.

From each green bank, and mofly cave, The fcaly race repair,
They fport beneath the cryital wave, . And kifs her image there.

Here the bright filver eel enroll'd In hhising volumes lies,
There bafks the carp bedropt with gold In the funfhine of her eyes.
$29^{2}$ SOAME JENYNS's POEME.
With hungry pikes in wanton play
The tim'rous trouts appear,
The hungry pikes forget to prey,
The tim'rous trouts to fear:
With equal hafte the thoughtlefs crew
'To the fair tempter fly,
Nor grieve they, whilft her cyes they view.
That by her hand they die.
Thus I too view'd the nymph of late,
Ah fimple fifh, beware!
Soon will you find my wretched fate,
And ftruggle in the fnare.
But, fair-one, tho' thefe toils fucceed,
Of conqueft be not vain,
Nor think o'er all the fcaly breed
Unpunifh'd thus to reign;
Remember, in a wat'ry glafs
His charms Narciffus fpy'd,
When for his own bewitching face
'The youth defpair'd and dy'd..
No more then harmlefs fifi infnare,
No more fuch w!les purfue ;
Left, whilft you baits for them prepare,
Love finds out one for you.

> CHLOE

## CHLOE HUNTING.

WHILST thoufands court fair Chloe's love, She fears the dang'rous joy, But, Cynthia-like, frequents the grove As lovely, and as coy.

With the fame fpeed fhe feeks the hind, Or hunts the flying hare ;
She leaves purfuing fwains behind, To languifh and defpair.

Oh ftrange caprice in thy dear breaf ?
Whence firft this whim began;
To follow thus each worthlefs beaft, And fhun their fovereign Man!

Confider, fair, what 'tis you do,
How thus they both muft die, Not furer they, when you purfue,

Than we whene'er you fly.

## 0 N

## LUCINDA'S RECOVERY

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { FROM THE } \\
S \text { M A L }-\mathrm{P} \text { O X. }
\end{gathered}
$$

 RIGHT Venus long with envious eyes The fair Lucinda's charms had feen,
" And fhall fhe ftill," the goddefs cries, "Thus dare to rival Beauty's Queen !"

She fpoke, and to th' infernal plains With cruel hafte indignant goes,
Where Death the prince of terrurs reigns Amid!t difeafes, pains, and woes.

To him her pray'rs fhe thus applies:
" O fole in whom my hopes confide!
*To blaft my rival's potent eyes, " And in her fate all mortal pride ;
" Let her but feel thy chilling dart ; " I will forgive, tremendous god,
"6 Ev'n that which fierc'd Adonis' heart:"
He hears, and gives th' affenting nod.

Then calling forth a fierce Difeare
Impatient for the beauteous prey,
Bids him the lovelieft: fabric feize
The gods e'er form'd of human clay.
Affur'd he meant Lucinda's charms,
To her th' infectious. Dæmon fies,
Her neck, her cheeks, her lips difarms, And of their lightning robs her eyes.

The Cyprian queen with cruel joy
Beholds her rival's charms o'erthrown,
Nor doubts, like mortal fair, t' employ
Their ruins to augment her own.
From out the fpoils of ev'ry grace
The goddefs picks fome glorious prize,
Tranfplants the rofes from her face,
And arms young Cupids from her eyes.
Now Death (ah veil the mournful fcene!)
Had in one moment pierc'd her heart,
Had kinder Fate not ftept between, And turn'd afide th' uplifted dart.
"What phrenzy bids thy hand effay,"
He cries, " to wound thy fureft friend,
"Whofe beauties to thy realms each day
"S Such num'rous crowds of victims fend ?
"A Are not her eyes, where-e'er they aim, "As thine own filent arrows fure?
"Or who that once has felt their flame, "D Dar'd e'er indulge one hope of cure ?"

Death thus reprov'd his hand reftrains, And bids the dire diftemper fly;
The cruel beauty lives, and reigns,
That thoufands may adore, and die.

## WRITTENIN

## MR. LOCKE'S ES S A Y

$$
0 \mathrm{~N}
$$

## HUMAN UNDERSTANDING。

LON G had the mind of man with curious art Search'd Nature's wond'rous plan thro' ev'ry part, Meafur'd each tract of ocean, earth, and $\mathrm{Kky}_{\text {, }}$ And number'd all the rolling orbs on high; Yet fill, fo learn'd, herielf ihe little knew, 'Till Locke's unerring pen the portrait drew.

So beautcous Eve a while in Eden fray'd, And all her great Creator's works furvey'd ; By fun, and moon, fhe knew to mark the hour; She knew the genus of each piant and flow'r; She knew, when fporting on the verdant lawn, The tender lamblin, and the nimble fawn : Eut fill a ftranger to her own bright face, She guefs'd not at its form, nor what the was; 'Till led at length to fome clear fountain's fide, She view'd her beauties in the cryftal tide;
The fining mirror all her charms difplays, And her eyes catch their awn rebounded rays.

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WRITTENIN
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## A LADY'S VOLUME

$$
0 \mathrm{~F}
$$

## T R A G E D I E S.

SINCE thos, relentlefs maid, can'f daily hear Thy flave's complaints without one figh or tear, Why beats thy breaft, or thy bright eyes o'erflow At thefe imaginary fcenes of woe? Rather teach thefe to weep, and that to heave, At real pains themfelves to thoufands give; And if fuch pity to feign'd love is due, Confider how much more you owe to true.

## C UPID RELIEVED.

A. S once young Cupid went afray, The little god I found;
I took his bow and fhafts away,
And faft his pinions bound.
At Chloe's feet my fpoils I caft,
My conqueft proud to fhew;
She faw his godfhip fetter'd faft, And fmil'd to fee him fo.

But ah ! that fmile fuch frefh fupplies Of arms refiftefs gave!
I'm forc'd again to yield my prize, And fall again his flave.

## THE

## WAY TO BE WISE,

IMITATED FROM LAFONTAINE.

DOOR Jenny, am'rous, young, and gay, Having by man been led aftray,

To nunn'ry dark retir'd ;
There liv'd and look'd fo like a maid,
So feldom eat, fo often pray'd,
She was by all admir'd.
The lady Abbefs oft would cry,
If any fifter trod awry,
Or prov'd an idle flattern;
"s See wife and pious Mrs. Jane!
" A life fo ftrict, fo grave a mien
" Is fure a worthy pattern."
A pert young flut at length replies,
" Experience, madam, makes folks wif,
"'Tis that has made her fuch :
" And we, poor fouls, no doubt, fhou'd be
"As pious, and as wife, as the,
"If we had feen as much."

## THE

## S NO W - BA LL.

FROM PETRONIUS AFRANIUS.

WHITE as her hand fair Julia threw A ball of filler frow;
'The frozen globe fir'd as it flew,
My boom felt it glow.
Strange pow'r of love! whole great command
Can thus a fnow-ball arm ;
When fent, fair Julia, from thine hand,
Ev'n ice itself can warm.
How fhould we then fecure our hearts ?
Love's pow'r we all mut feel,
Who thus can, by ftrange magic arts,
In ice his flames conceal.
'Tis thou alone, fair Julia, know,
Can'ft quench my fierce define:
But not with water, ice, or frow,
But with an equal fire.

## (30.2 )

## ANACREON, ODEXX.

AROCK on Phrygian plains we fee That once was beauteous Niobe: And Progne, too revengeful fair! Now flits a wand'ring bird in air : Thus I a looking-glafs wou'd be, That you, dear maid, might gaze on me; Be chang'd to ftays, that fraitly lac'd, I might embrace thy fender wait ; A filver fream I'd bathe thee, fair, Or hinie pomatum on thy hair ; In a foft fable's tippet's form I'd kifs thy fnowy bubbies warm ; In fhape of pearl thy bofom deck, And hang for ever round thy neck : Pleas'd to be aught that touches you, Your glove, your garter, or your fhoe.

## A

## TRANSLATION OF SOME LATHN VERSES

ONTHE CAMERA OBSCURA.

THE various pow'rs of blended fhade and light, The fkilful. Zeuxis of the dufky night;
The lovely forms that paint the fnowy plain Free from the pencil's violating ftain; In tuneful lines, harmonious Phobus, fing, At once of light and verfe celeftial king.

Divine Apollo! let thy facred fire Thy youthful bard's. unfkilful breaft infpire, Like the fair empty fheet he hangs to view, Void, and unfurnifi'd, till infpir'd by you; O let one beam, one kind enlight'ning ray At once upon his mind and paper play! Hence thall his breaft with bright ideas glow, Hence num'rous forms the filver field fhall ftew.

But now the Mife's ufeful precepts view, And with juit care the pleafing work purfue. Firit chufe a window that convenient lyes, And to the rorth direets the wand ring eyes;

Dark be the room ; let not a ftraggling ray Intrude, to chafe the fhadowy forms away, Except one bright refulgent blaze convey'd 'Thro' a frait paffage in the fhutter made, In which th' ingenious artift firft mutt place A little, convex, round, tranfparent glafs, And juft behind th' extended paper lay, On which his art fhall all its pow'r difplay: There rays reflected from all parts fhall meet, And paint their objects on the filver fheet; A thoufand forms fhall in a moment rife, And magic landfcapes charm cur wand'ring eyes; 'Tis thus from ev'ry object that we view, If Epicurus' doctrine teaches true, The fubtile parts upon our organs play, And to our minds th' external forms convey.

But from what caufes all thefe wonders flow, 'Tis not permitted idle bards to know, How thro' the center of the convex glafs, The piercing rays together twifted pafs, Or why revers'd the lovely fcenes appear, Or why the fun's approaching light they fear ; Let grave philolophers the caufe enquire, Enough for us to fee, and to admire.

See then what forms with various colours ftain The painted furface of the paper plain! Now bright and gay, as fhines the heavenly bow, So late a wide, unpeopled wafte of fnow :

Here verdant groves, there golden crops of corn The new uncultivated fields adorn; Here gardens deckt with flow'rs of various dyes, There flender tow'rs, and little cities rife: But all with tops inverted downward bend, Earth mounts aloft, and $\mathbb{1 k i e s}$ and clouds defcend : Thus the wife vulgar on a pendent land Imagine our antipodes to ftand, And wonder much, how they fecurely go, And not fall headlong on the heav'ns below.

The charms of motion here exalt each part Above the reach of great Apelles' art ; Zephyrs the waving harvefts gently blow, The waters curl, and brooks incellant fiow; Men, beafts, and birds in fair confufion ftray, Some rife to fight, whilft other: pafs away.

On all we feize that comes within our reach, The rolling coach we ftop, the horfe-man catch ; Compel the pofting traveller to ftay ; But the fhort vifit caufes no delay. Again, behold what lovely profpects rife ! Now with the lovelieft feaft your longing eyes. Nor let ftrict modefty be here afraid, To view upon her head a beauteous maid: See in fmall folds her waving garments flow, And all her flender limbs ftill flenderer grow; Contracted in one little orb is found The fpacious hoop, once five vaft ells around : But think not to embrace the flying fair, Soon will the quit your arms unfeen as air, Vol. LXXIII. X

In this refembling too a tender maid, Coy to the lover's touch, and of his hand afraid. Enough w' have feen; now let th' intruding day Chafe all the lovely magic fcenes away; Again th' unpeopled fnowy wafte returns, And the lone plain its faded glories mourns; The bright creation in a moment flies, And all the pigmy generation dies.

Thus, when ftill night her gloomy mantle fpreads, The fairies dance around the flow'ry meads ! But when the day returns, they wing their flight To diftant lands, and thun th' unwelcome light.

> THE

## TEMPLEOFVENS.

IN her own ifle's remoteft grove Stands Venus' lovely fhrine, Sacred to beauty, joy, and love, And built by hands divine.

The polifh'd ftructure, fair and bright As her own ivory fkin ,
Without is alabafter white, And ruby all within.

Above, a cupola charms the view,
White as unfully'd fnow;
Two columns of the fame fair hue Support the dome below.

Its walls a trickling fountain laves,
In which fuch virtue reigns, That, bath'd in its balfamic waves, No lover feels his pains.

Before th' unfolding gates there fpreads
A fragrant fpicy grove,
That with its curling branches fhades
The labyrinths of Love.

And in the fofteft clofeft folds Her willing flaves detains.

Would'f thou, who ne'er thefe feas haft try'd, Find where this ifland lies,
Let pilot Love the rudder guide, And fleer by Chloe's eyes.

## (309)

## 0 N

A N O S E G A Y

I N THE

## COUNTESS OF COVENTRY's BREAST.

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IN IMITATION OF WALLER.
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DELIGHTFUL fcene! in which appear At once all beauties of the year!
See how the zephyrs of her breath Fan gently all the fiow'rs beneath! See the gay flow'rs, how bright they glow, Tho' planted in a bed of fnow !
Yet fee how foon they fade, and die, Scorch'd by the funfhine of her eye! No wonder if, o'ercome with blifs, They droop their heads to feal a kifs ; Who would not die on that dear breaft? Who would not die to be fo bleft?

## THE

## 'SQUIRE AND THE PARSON. AN ECLOGUE.

EVRITTEN ON THE CONCLUSION OF THE PEACE, 1748.

BY his hall chimney, where in ruffly grate Green faggots wept their own untimely fate, In elbow-chair the penfive 'Squire reclin'd, Revolving debts and taxes in his mind : A pipe jut fill'd upon a table near Lay by the London-Evening ftain'd with beer, With half a bible, on whole remnants torn Each parifh round was annually forfworn. The gate now claps, as ev'ning jut grew dark, Tray farts, and with a growl prepares to bark; But foo difcerning with fagacious nofe The well-known favour of the parson's toes, Lays down his head, and finks in foft repose. The doctor ent'ring, to the tankard ran, Takes a good hearty pull, and thus began:

## PARSON.

Why fitt'f thou thus forlorn and dull, my friend, Now war's rapacious reig: is at an end ? Hark, how the diftant bells infpire delight! See bonfires fpangle o'er the veil of night !
'SQUIRE.

What peace, alas! in foreign parts,to me? At home, nor peace nor plenty can I' fee; Joylefs I hear drums, bells, and fiddles found, ${ }^{9}$ Tis all the fame-Four fhillings in the pound. My wheels, tho' old, are clogg'd with a new tax ; My oaks, tho' young, muft groan beneath the axe: My barns are half unthatch'd, untyl'd my houfe ; Loft by this fatal ficknefs all my cows :See there's the bill my late damn'd lawfuit coft ! Long as the land contended for,-and loft : Ev'n Ormond's head I can frequent no more, So fhort my pocket is, fo long the fcore; At fhops all round I owe for fifty things. This comes of fetching Hanoverian kings.
PARSON.

I muft confefs the times are bad indced ; No wonder, when we fcarce believe our creed ; When purblind Reafon's deem'd the fureft guide, And heav'n-born Faith at her tribunal try'd ; When all church-pow'r is thought to make men flaves, Saints, Martyrs, Fathers, all call'd fools and knaves.

## SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.

'SQUIRE.

Come, preach no more, but drink, and hold your tongue :
I'm for the church ;-but think the parfon's wrong.
PARSON゙.

See there! free-thinking now fo rank is grown, It fpreads infection thro' each country town; Deiftic fcoffs fly round at rural boards, 'Squires, and their tenants too, profane as lords, Vent impious jokes on every facred thing.
'SQUIRE.

Come drink ; -
PARSON.
-Here's to you then, to church and king.
'SQUIRE.

Here's church and king; I hate the glafs fhould ftand,
'Tho' one takes tythes, and t' other taxes land.
PARSON.

Heav'n with new plagues will fcourge this finful Unlefs we foon repeal the toleration, [nation, And to the church reftore the Convocation:
'SQUIRE.

Plagues we fhou'd feel fufficient, on my word, Starv'd by two Houfes, prieft-rid by a third.
For better days we lately had a chance, Iad not the honeft Plaids been trick'd by France.

## PARSON.

Is not moft gracious George our faith's defender ? You love the church, yet wifh for the Pretender !
'sQuire.

Preferment, I fuppofe, is what you mean; Turn Whig, and you, perhaps, may be a dean: But you muft firft learn how to treat your betters. Wbat's here ? fure fome frange news! a boy with letters: Oh, ho ! here's one, I fee, from parfon Sly : "My rev'rend neighbour Squab being like to die, "' I hope, if heav'n fhould pleafe to take him hence, "To afk the living wou'd be no offence."

## PARSON.

Have you not fivore that I fhou'd Squab fucceed? Think how for this I taught your fons to read ; How oft difcover'd pufs on new-plow'd land ; How oft fupported you with friendly hand, [ftand. When I cou'd fcarcely go, nor cou'd your worfhip
'sQuire.
'Twas yours, had you been honeft, wife, or civil ; Now ev'n go court the bifhops or the devil.
PARSON*

If I meant any thing, now let me die; I'm blunt, and cannot fawn and cant, not I, Like that old Prefbyterian rafcal Sly. I am, you know, a right true-hearted Tory, Love a good glafs, a merry fong, or ftory.

## 'SQUIRE.

Thou art an honeft dog, that's truth indeed Talk no more nonfenfe then about the creed.
I can't, I think, deny thy firft requeft;
${ }^{9}$ Tis thine ; but firft a bumper to the beft.
PARSON.

Moft noble 'Squire, more gen'rous than your wine, How pleafing's the condition you affign! Give me the fparkling glafs, and here, d'ye fee, With joy I drink it on my bended knee :
Great queen! who governeft this earthly ball, And mak' 't both kings and kingdoms rife and fall; Whofe wond'rous pow'r in fecret all things rules, Makes fools of mighty peers, and peers of fools; Difpenfes mitres, coronets, and fars; Involves far diftant realms in bloody wars, Then bids the fnaky treffes ceafe to hifs, And gives them peace again - * nay gav'it us this; Whofe health does health to all mankind impart, Here's to thy much-lov'd health :-
'sQUIRE, rubbing bis bands.
—With all my heart.

* Madam de P-mp-doaro


## ONTHE

## I M M OR TA L I T Y OFTHE <br> S O U L.

TRANSLATEDFROM THELATINOF
ISAAC HAWKINS BROWNE, EsR.
BOOK I.

TO all inferior animals 'tis giv'n T' enjoy the fate allotted them by Heav'n; No vain refearches e'er difturb their reit, No fears of dark futurity moled. Man, only Man, folicitous to know The fprings whence Nature's operations flow, Plods thro' a dreary wafte with toil and pain, And reafons, hopes, and thinks, and lives in vain; For fable Death ftill hovering o'er his head, Cuts fhort his progref', with his vital thread. Wherefore, fince Nature errs not, do we find, Thefe feeds of Science in the human mind, If no congenial fruits are predefign'd?
$3^{16}$ SOAME JENYNS's POEMS.
For what avails to man this pow'r to roam 'Thro' ages paft, and ages yet to come, T' explore new worlds o'er all th' ætherial way,
Chain'd to a fpot, and living but a day ?
Since all muft perifh in one common grave,
Nor can thefe long laborious fearches fave, Were it not wifer far, fupinely laid,
To fport with Phillis in the noontide fhade?
Or at thy jovial feftivals appear,
Great Bacchus, who alone the foul can clear From all that it has felt, and all that it can fear ?

Come on then, let us feaft ; let Chloe fing,
And foft Neæra touch the trembling fring;
Enjoy the prefent hour, nor feek to know
What good or ill to-morrow may beftow.
But thefe delights foon pall upon the tafte;
Let's try then if more ferious cannot laft :
Wealth let us heap on wealth, or fame purfue,
Let pow'r and glory be our points in view;
In courts, in camps, in fenates let us live,
Our levees crowded like the buzzing hive :
Each weak attempt the fame fad leffon brings !
Alas! what vanity in human things!
What means then fhall we try? where hope to find
A friendly harbour for the reftlefs mind?
Who ftill, you fee, impatient to obtain
Knowledge immenfe, (fo Nature's laws ordain)
Ev'n now, tho' fetter'd in corporeal clay,
Climbs ftep by ftep the profpect to furvey,
And feeks unwearied Truth's eternal ray.

No fleeting joys fhe afks which muft depend On the frail fenfes, and with them muft end; But fuch as fuit her own immortal fame, Free from all change, eternally the fame.

Take courage then, thefe joys we fhall attain;
Almighty wifdom never acts in vain; Nor fhall the foul, on which it has beftow'd Such pow'rs, e'er perifn like an earthly clod; But purg'd at length from foul corruption's ftain, Freed from her prifon and unbound her chain, She frall her native firength and native fkies regain ; $\int$ To heav'n an old inhabitant return, And draw nectareous ftreams from truth's perpetual urn.

Whilft life remains, (if life it can be call'd T' exift in flefhly bondage thus enthrall'd) 'Tir'd with the dull purfuit of worldly things, The foul fcarce wakes, or opes her gladfome wings, Yet ftill the godlike exile in difgrace Retains fome marks of her celeftial race; Elfe whence from mem'ry's fore can fhe produce Such various thoughts, or range them fo for ufe ?
Can matter thefe contain, difpole, afply ? Can in her cells fuch mighty treafures lye? Or can her native force produce them to the eye ?

Whence is this pow'r, this foundrefs of all arts, Serving, adorning life, thro' all its parts, Which names impos'd, by letters mark'd thofe names, Adjufted properly by legal claims, From woods and wilds collected rude mankind, And cities, laws, and governments defign'd?

## ${ }_{318}{ }^{8}$ SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

What can this be, but fome bright ray from heav'n Some emanation from Omnifcience given ?

When now the rapid itream of eloquence Bears all before it, paffion, reafon, fenfe, Can its dread thunder, or its lightning's force Derive their effence from a mortal fource ? What think you of the bard's enchanting art, Which, whether he attempts to warm the heart With fabled fcenos, or charm the ear with rhyme, Ereathes all pathetic, lovely, and fublime? Whilft things on earth roll round from age to age, The fame dull farce repeated on the flage, The poet gives us a creation new, More pleafing, and more perfect than the true; The mind, who always to perfection haftes,
Perfection fuch as here the never taftes, With gratitude accepts the kind deceit, And thence forefees a fyltem more compleat. Of thofe what think you, who the circling race Of funs, and their revolving planets trace, And comets journeying thro' unbounded fpace? Say, can you doubt, but that th' all-fearching foul, That now can traverfe heav'n from pole to pole, From thence defcending vifits but this earth, And fhall once more regain the regions of her birth?

Cou'd fhe thus act, unlefs fome Power unknown,
From matter quite diftinct and all her own, Supported, and impell'd her ? She approves
Self-confcious, and condemns; fhe hates and loves,
Mourns:

Mourns and rejoices, hopes and is afraid, Without the body's unrequefted aid: Her own internal ftrength her reafon guides, By this fhe now compares things, now divides; Truth's fcatter'd fragments piece by piece collects, Rejoins, and thence her edifice erects; Piles arts on arts, effects to caufes ties, And rears th' afpiring fabric to the fkies; From whence, as on a diftant plain below, She fees from caufes confequences flow, And the whole chain diftinctly comprehends, Which from the Almighty's throne to earth defcends: And laftly, turning inwardly her eyes, Perceives how all her own ideas rife, Contemplates what fhe is, and whence fhe came, And almolt comprehends her own amazing frame, Can mere machines be with fuch pow'rs endu'd, Or confcious of thofe pow'rs, fuppofe they cou'd? For body is but a machine alone Mov'd by external force, and impulfe not its own.

Rate not th' extenfion of the human mind By the plebeian ftandard of mankind, But by the fize of thofe gigantic few Whom Greece and Rome ftill offer to our view, Or Britain, well-deferving equal praife, Parent of heroes too in better days. Why fhou'd I try her numerous fons to name, By verfe, law, eloquence confign'd to fame; Or who have forc'd fair Science into fight, Long loft in darknefs, and afraid of light?

## 320 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

O'er all fuperior, like the folar ray, Firft Bacon ufher'd in the dawning day, And drove the mifts of fophiftry away; Pervaded nature with amazing force, Following experience ftill throughout his courfe, And finifhing at length his deftin'd way, To Newton he bequeath'd the radiant lamp of day.

Illufrious fouls! if any tender cares
Affect angelic breafts for Man's affairs, If in your prefent happy heav'nly ftate, You're not regardlef quite of Britain's fate, Let this degenerate land again be bleft With that true vigour which fhe once poffeft ; Compel us to unfold our flumb'ring eyes, And to our ancient dignity to rife. Such wond'rous pow' rs as thefe muft fure be giv'n For moft impertant purpofes by Heav'n ; Who bids thefe ftars as bright examples fhine, Befprinkled thinly by the hand divine, To form to virtue each degenerate time, And point out to the foul i.s origin fublime. That there's a felf which after death fhall live, All are concern'd about, and all believe; That fomething's ours, when we from life depart, This all conceive, all feel it at the heart ;
The wife of lea:n'd antiquity proclaim This truth, the fublic voice declares the fame; No land fo rude but looks beyond the tomb For future profpects in a worid to come.

Hence, without hopes to be iṇ life repaid, We plant flow oaks pofterity to fhade;
And hence valt pyramids afpiring high Lift their proud heads aloft, and time defy. Hencẹ is our love of fame; a love fo ftrong, We think no dangers great, or labours long, By which we hope our beings to extend, And to remoteft times in glory to defcend.

For fame the wretch beneath the gallows lies,
Difowning ev'ry 'crime for which he dies;
Of life profufe, tenacious of a nąme, Fearlefs of death, and yet afraid of fhame.
Nature has wove into the human mind
This anxious care for names we leave behind, T' extend our narrow views beyond the tomb,
And give an earneft of a life to cone:
For if when dead we are but duft or clay,
Why think of what pofterity fhall fay?
Her praife or cenfure cannot us concern,
Nor ever penetrate the filent urn.
What mean the nodding plumes, the fun'sal train;
And marble monument that fpeaks in vain,
With ali' thofe cares which ev'ry nation pays
To their unfeeling dead in diff'rent ways !
Some in the flower-ftrewn grave the corpfe have lay'd, $\}$ And annual obfequies around it pay'd, As if to pleafe the poor departed fade ;
Others on blazing piles the body burn, And fore their athes in the faithful urn;

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## ${ }_{322}$ SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

But all in one great principle agree,
To give a fancy'd immortality.
Why fhon'd I mention thofe, whofe ouzy foil
Is render'd fertile by the o'erflowing Nile?
Their dead they bury not, nor burn with fires,
No graves they dig, erect no fun'ral pires,
But wafhing firit th' embowel'd body clean,
Gums, fice, and melted pitch they pour within ; Then with ftrong fillets bind it round and round, To make each flaccid part compact and found; And laitly paint the varnifh'd furface o'er With the fame features which in life it wore:
So ftrong their prefage of a future ftate, And that our nobler part furvives the body's fate.

Nations behold, remote from Reafon's beams, Where Indian Ganges rolls his fandy ftreams, Of life impatient rufh into the fire, And willing victims to their gods expire ! Perfuaded the loos'd foul to regions flies, Bleft with eternal fpring, and cloudlefs fkies.

Nor is lefs fam'd the oriental wife For ftedfalt virtue, and contempt of life : Thefe heroines mourn not with loud female cries Their hufbands loft, or with o'erflowing eyes ; But, ftrange to tell ! their funeral piles afcend, And in the fame fad flames their forrows end; In hopes with them beneatb the fhades to rove, And there renew their interrupted love.

In climes where Boreas breathes eternal cold, See num'rous nations, warlike, fierce, and bold,

## ON THE IMMORTALITY OF THE SOUL:

To battle all unanimoully run,
Nor fire, nor fword, nor inftant death they fhun. $2 T$
Whence this difdain of life in ev'ry breaft,
But from a notion on their minds impreft, That all who for their country die, are bleft ?
Add too to thefe the once-prevailing dreams Of fiveet Elyfian groves, and Stygian freams;
All thew with what confent mankind agree In the firm hope of immortality.
Grant thefe inventions of the crafty prieft, Yet fuch inventions never cou'd fubfift, Unlefs fome glimmerings of a future ftate Were with the mind coæval, and innate ; For ev'ry fiction which can long perfuade, In truth muft have its firft foundations laid.

Becaufe we are unable to conceive
How unembody'd fouls can act, and live, The vulgar give them forms, and limbs, and faces, And habitations in peculiar places:
Hence reas'ners more refin'd, but not more wife,
Struck with the glare of fuch abfurdities,
Their whole exiftence fabulous fufpect, And truth and falfehood in a lump reject; Too indolent to learn what may be known, Or elfe too proud that ignorance to own. For hard's the talk the daubing to pervade Folly and Fraud on Truth's fair form have laid: Yet let that talk be our's; for great the prize; Nor let us Truth's celeitial charms defpife, Becaufe that priefts or poets may difguife.

That there's a God, from Nature's voice is clear ; And yet what errors to this truth adhere? How have the fears and follies of mankind Now multiply'd their gods, and now fubjoin'd To each the frailties of the human mind ? Nay fupertition fpread at length fo wide, Beafts, birds, and onions too were deify'd.

Th' Athenian fage, revolving in his mind This weaknefs, blindnefs, madnefs of mankind, Foretold, that in maturer days, tho' late, When Time fhould ripen the decrees of Fate, Some God would light us, like the rifing day, 'Thro' error's maze, and chafe thefe clouds away. Long fince has time fulfill'd this great decree, And brought us aid from this Divinity.

Well worth our fearch difcoveries may be made By Nature, void of this celeftial aid :
Let's try what her conjectures then can reach, Nor forn plain Reafon, when the deigns to teach.

That mind and body often fympathize,
Is plain; fuch is this union Nature ties:
But then as often too they difagree, Which proves the foul's fuperior progeny. Sometimes the body in full Atrength we find, Whilf various ails debilitate the mind ; At others, whilf the mind its force retains, The body finks with ficknefs and with pains: Now did one common fate their beings end, Alike they'd ficken, and alike they'd mend.

But fure experience, on the flighteft view, Shews us, that the reverfe of this is true; For when the body oft expiring lies, Its limbs quite fenfelefs, and half clos'd its eyes, The mind new force and eloquence acquires, And with prophetic voice the dying lips infpires.

Of like materials were they both compos'd, How comes it that the mind, when fleep has clos'd Each avenue of fenfe, expatiates wide, Her liberty reftor'd, her bonds unty'd ? And like fome bird who from its prifon flies, Claps her exulting wings, and mounts the fkies.

Grant that corporeal is the human mind, It muft have parts in infinitum join'd ; And each of thefe muft will, perceive, defign, And draw confus'dly in a diff'rent line ; Which then can claim dominion o'er the reft, Or ftamp the ruling paffion in the breaft ?

Perhaps the mind is form'd by various arts Of modelling and figuring thefe parts; Juft as if circles wifer were than fquares: But furely common fenfe aloud declares That fite and figure are as foreign quite From mental pow'rs, as colours black or white.

Allow that motion is the caufe of thought, With what frange pow'rs muft motion then be fraught?
Reafon, fenfe, fcience, muft derive their fource From the wheel's rapid whirl, or pully's force;
$\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Tops whipp'd by fchool-boys fages muft commence, } \\ \text { Their hoops, like them, be cudgel'd into fenfe, } \\ \text { And boiling pots o'erflow with eloquence. }\end{array}\right\}$ Whence can this very motion take its birth ?
Not fure from matter, from dull clods of earth;
But from a living fpirit lodg'd within, Which governs all the bodily machine:
Juft as th' Almighty Univerfal Soul
Informs, directs, and animates the whole.
Ceafe then to wonder how th' immortal mind Can live, when from the body quite disjoin'd; But rather wonder, if the e'er cou'd die, So fram'd, fo fafhion'd for eternity ; Self-mov'd, not form'd of parts together ty'd, Which time can diffipate, and force divide;
For beings of this make can never die, [lie. Whofe pow'rs within themfelves and their own effence

If to conceive how any thing can be From fhape extracted and locality Is hard; what think you of the Deity? His Being not the leaft relation bears, As far as to the human mind appears, To fhape or fize, fimilitude or place, Cloath'd in no form, and bounded by no fpace. Such then is God, a Spirit pure, refin'd From all material drofs; and fuch the human mind. For in what part of effence can we fee More certain marks of Immortality?
Ev'n from this dark confinement with delight She looks abroad, and prunes herfelf for flight ;

Like an unwilling inmate longs to roam From this dull earth, and feek her native home.

Go then, forgetful of its toil and ftrife, Purfue the joys of this fallacious life; Like fome poor fly, who lives but for a day, Sip the frefh dews, and in the funfhine play, And into nothing then diffolve away. Are thefe our great purfuits? Is this to live? Thefe all the hopes this much-lov'd world can give ? How much more worthy envy is their fate, Who fearch for truth in a fuperior ftate ? Not groping ftep by ftep, as we purfue, And following Reafon's much-entangled clue, But with one great and inftantaneous view.

But how can fenfe remain, perhaps you'll fay, Corporeal organs if we take away? Since it from them proceeds, and with them muft Why not? or why may not the foul receive New organs, fince ev'n art can thefe retrieve ? 'The fliver trumpet aids th' obftructed ear, And optic glaffies the dim eye can clear; Thefe in mankind new faculties create, And lift him far above his native fate; Call down revolving planets from the $\mathbb{I k y}$, Earth's fecret treafures open to his eye, The whole minute creation make his own, With all the wonders of a world unknown.

How cou'd the mind, did fhe alone depend On fenfe, the errors of thofe fenfes mend ?

328 SOAMEJENYNS'S POEMS.
Yet oft, we fee, thofe fenfes fhe corrects, And oft their information quite rejects. In diftances of things, their fhapes, and fize,
Our reafon judges better than our eyes.
Declares not this the foul's pre-eminence
Superior to, and quite diftinct from fenfe?
For fure 'tis likely, that, fince now fo high
Clogg'd and unfiedg'd the dares her wings to try,
Loos'd and mature fhe fhall her ftrength difplay,
And foar at length to Truth's refulgent ray.
Inquire you how thefe pow'rs we fhall attain,
${ }^{\text {' }} \mathrm{T}$ is not for us to know ; our fearch is vain :
Can any now remember or relate
How he exifted in the embryo ftate?
Or one from birth infenfible of day Conceive ideas of the folar ray? That light's deny'd to him, which others fee, He knows, perhaps you'll fay,-and fo do we.

The mind contemplative finds nothing here
On earth that's worthy of a wifh or fear :
He whofe fublime purfuit is God and truth,
Burns, like fome abfent and impatient youth,
To join the object of his warm defires ;
Thence to fequefter'd flades and ftreams retires,
And there delights his paffion to rehearfe In Wifdom's facred voice, or in harmonious verle.

To me moft happy therefore he appears, Who having once, unmov'd by hopes or fears, Survey'd this fun, earth, ocean, clouds, and flame, Well fatisfy'd returns from whence he came.

Is life an hundred years, or e'er fo few, ' $T$ is repetition all, and nothing new; A fair, where thoufands meet, but none can ftay; An inn, where travellers bait, then poft away; A fea, where man perpetually is toft, Now plung'd in bufinefs, now in trifles loft : Who leave it firft, the peaceful port firft gain ; Hold then! nor farther launch into the main:
Contract your fails; life nothing can befow By long continuance, but continued woe ; The wretched privilege daily to deplore The fun'rals of our friends, who go before ; Difcales, pains, anxieties, and cares, And age furrounded with a thoufand fnares.

But whither, hurry'd by a gen'rous foorn Of this vain world, ah whither am I borne? Let's not unbid th' Almighty's fandard quit; Howe'er fevere our poft, we muft fubmit.

Cou'd I a firm perfuafion once attain,
That after death no Being would remain; To thofe dark fhades I'd willingly defcend, Where all muft fleep, this drama at an end, Nor life accept, altho' renew'd by Fate Ev'n from its earlieft and its happieft fate.

Might I from Fortunes bounteous hand receive Each boon, each bleffing in her pow'r to give, Genius and fcience, morals and good fenfe, Unenvy'd honours, wit, and eloquence;

A num'rous offspring to the world well known Both for paternal virtues, and their own; Ev'n at this mighty price I'd not be bound To tread the fame dull circle round and round ; The foul requires enjoyments more fublime, By fpace unbounded, undeftroy'd by time.

## B O O K II.

GO D then thro' all creation gives, we find, Sufficient marks of an indulgent mind, Excepting in ourfelves; ourfelves of all His works the chief on this terreftrial ball, His own bright image, who alone unbleft Feel ills perpetual, happy all the reft. But hold, prefumptuous! charge not Heav'n's decree With fuch injuftice, fuch partiality.

Yet true it is, furvey we life around, Whole hofts of ills on ev'ry fide are found; Who wound not here and there by chance a foe, But at the fpecies meditate the blow. What millions perifh by each other's kands In War's fierce rage? or by the dread commands. Of tyrants languifh out their lives in chains, Or lofe them in variety of pains ? What numbers pinch'd by want and hunger die, In fpite of Nature's liberality?
(Thofe, ftill more num'rous, I to name difdain,
By lewdnefs and intemperance juftly flain) What numbers guiltlefs of their own difeafe Are fnatch'd by fudden death, or wafte by flow degrees?

Where then is Virtue's well-deferv'd reward ? Let's pay to Virtue ev'ry due regard;

## 332 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

That fhe enables man, let us confefs, To bear thofe evils which fhe can't redrefs, Gives hope, and confcious peace, and can affuage Th' impetuous tempefts both of luft and rage;
Yet fhe's a guard fo far from being fure,
That oft her friends peculiar ills endure :
Where vice prevails fevereft is their fate, Tyrants purfue them with a three-fold hate; How many ftruggling in their country's caufe, And from their country meriting applaufe, Have fall'n by wretches fond to be inflav'd, And perifh'd by the hands themfelves had fav'd ?

Soon as fuperior worth appears in view, See knaves and fools united to purfue!.
The man fo form'd they all confpire to blame, And envy's pois'nous tooth attacks his fame: Shou'd he at length, fo truly good and great, Prevail, and rule with honeft views the ftate,
Then muft he toil for an ungrateful race, Submit to clamour, libels, and difgrace,
Threaten'd, oppos'd, defeated in his end's, By foes feditious, and afpiring friends.
Hear this, and tremble! all who would be great,
Yet know not what attends that dang'rous wretched fate.
Is private life from all there evils free ?
Vice of all kinds, rage, envy there we fee,
Deceit, that Friendfhip's mafk infidious wears, Quarrels, and feuds, and law's entangling fnares.

But there are pleafures ftill in human life, Domeftic eafe, a tender loving wife, Children whofe dawning fmiles your heart engage, The grace and comfort of foft-ftealing age: If happinefs exifts, 'tis furely here ; But are thefe joys exempt from care and fear? Need I the miferies of that ftate declare, When difi'rent paffions draw the wedded pair? Or fay how hard thofe paflions to difcern, Ere the dye's caft, and 'tis too late to learn ? Who can infure, that what is right, and good, Thefe children fhall purfue? or if they fhou'd, Death comes when leaft you fear fo black a day, And all your blooming hopes are fnatch'd away.

We fay not that thefe ills from Virtue flow; Did her wife precepts rule the world, we know The goiden ages would again begin; But 'is our lot in this to fuffer, and to fin.

Obferving this, fome fages have decreed, That all things from two caufes mult proceed; Two principles with equal pow'r endu'd, This wholly evil, that fupremely good. From this arife the miferies we endure, Whiltt that adminifters a friendly cure ; Hence life is chequer'd ftill with blifs and woe, Hence tares with golden crops promifcuous grow, And pois'nous ferpents make their dread repofe Beneath the covert of the fragrant rofe.

Can fuch a fyitem fatisfy the mind ?
Are both thefe Gods in equal pow'r conjoin'd,

## 334 SOAME JENYNS'S POEMS.

Or one fuperior? Equal if you fay, Chaos returns, fince neither will obey : Is one fuperior? good or ill muft reign, Eternal joy or everlafting pain :
Whiche'er is conquer'd muft entirely yield, And the victorious God enjoy the field : Hence with thefe fictions of the Magi's brain ! Hence ouzy Nile, with all her monftrous train!

Or comes the Stoic nearer to the right ? He holds, that whatfoever yields delight, Wealth, fame, externals all, are ufelefs things ; Himfelf half-ftarving happier far than kings. 'Tis fine indeed to be fo wond'rous wife ! By the fame reafoning too he pain denies ; Roaft him, or flay him, break him on the wheel, Retract he will not, tho' he can't but feel : Pain's not an ill, he utters with a groan ; What then? An inconvenience 'tis, he'll own: What vigour, health, and beauty? are thefe good? No; they may be accepted, not purfued : Abfurd to fquabble thus about a name, Quibbling with diff'rent words that mean the fame. Stoic, were you not fram'd of flefh and blood, You might be bleft without external good; But know, be felf-fufficient as you can, You are not fpirit quite, but frail and mortal mań.

But fince thefe fages, fo abfurdly wife, Vainly pretend enjoyments to defpife, Becaufe externals, and in Fortune's pow'r, Now mine, now thine, the bleffings of an hour ;

Why value, then, that ftrength of mind they boaft, As often varying, and as quickly loft?
A head-ach hurts it, or a rainy day, And a flow fever wipes it quite away.

See * one whofe councils, one + whofe conqu'ring hand
Once fav'd Britannia's almoft finking land, Examples of the mind's extenfive pow'r; Examples too how quickly fades that flow'r. Him let me add, whom late we faw excel $\ddagger$ In each politer kind of writing well; Whether he ftrove our follies to expofe In eafy verfe, or droll and hum'rous profe; Few years, alas! compel his throne to quit This mighty monarch o'er the realms of wit : See felf-furviving he's an ideot grown! A melancholy proof our parts are not our own.

Thy tenets, Stoic, yet we may forgive; If in a future fate we ceafe to live. For here the, virtuous fuffer much, 'tis plain; If pain is evil, this muft God arraign ; And on this principle confefs we muft, Pain can no evil be, or God muft be unjuft.

Blind man! whofe reafon fuch flrait bounds confine, That ere it touches Truth's extremeft line, It fops amaz'd, and quits the great defign. Own you not, Stoic, God is jult and true? Dare to proceed ; fecure this path purfue:

* Lord Somers. $\dagger$ Duke of Marlborough. $\ddagger$ Dean Swift.
'Twill foon conduct you far beyond the tomb, To future juftice, and a life to come. This path, you fay, is hid in endlefs night; 'Tis felf-conceit alone obftructs your fight ; You ftop ere half your deftin'd ccurfe is run, And triumph when the conqueft is not won: By this the Sophifts were of old mifled; See what a monfrous race from one miftake is bred !

Hear then my argument:- Confefs we muft,
A God there is, fupremely wife and juft: If fo, however things affect our fight, As ings our bard, whaterver is, is right. But is it right, what here fo oft appears, That Vice fhou'd triumph, Virtue fink in tears? The inference then that clofes this debate, Is, that there mult exift a future flate. The wife, extending their enquiries wide, See how both itates are by connection ty'd ; Fools view but part, and not the whole furvey, So crowd exittence all into a day. Hence are they led to hope, but hope in vain, That Juftice never will refume her reign ; On this vain hope adulterers, thieves rely, And to this altar vile affafins fly.
" But rules not God by general laws divine :
"Man's vice or virtue change not the defign :"
What laws are thefe? Inftruct us if you can :There's one defign'd for brutes, and one for man: Another guides inaEive matter's courfe, Attracting, and attracted by its force:

Hence mutual gravity fubfifts between Far diffant worlds, and ties the vaft machine.

The laws of life, why need I call to mind, Obey'd by birds and beafts of ev'ry kind ? By all the fandy defart's favage brood, And all the num'rous offspring of the flood; Of thefe none uncontroul'd, and lawlefs rove, But to fome deftin'd end fpontaneous move : Led by that inftinct Heav'n itfelf infpires, Or fo much reafon as their fate requires: See all with $\mathbb{k}$ ill acquire their daily food, All ufe thofe arms, which Nature has beftow'd: Produce their tender progeny, and feed With care parental, whilft that care they need; In thefe lov'd offices completely bleft, No hopes beyond them, nor vain fears moleft.

Man o'er a wider field extends his views; God thro' the wonders of his works purfues; Exploring thence his attributes, and laws, Adores, loves, imitates th' Eternal Caufe; For fure in nothing we approach fo nigh The great example of Divinity, As in benevolence : the patriot's foul Knows not felf-center'd for itfelf to roll, But warms, enlightens, animates the whole: Its mighty orb embraces firft his friends, His country next, then man; nor here it ends, But to the meaneft animal defcends.

Wife Nature has this focial law confirm'd By forming man fo helplefs, and unarm'd;

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Z

His want of others' aid, and pow'r of speech 'T' implore that aid, this leffon daily teach :
Mankind with other animals compare,
Single, how weak and impotent they are!
But view them in their complicated ftate,
Their pow'rs how wond'rous, and their ftrength how When focial virtue individuals joins,
And in one folid mafs, like gravity, combines !
This then's the firft great law by Nature giv'n, Stamp'd on our fouls, and ratify'd by Heav'n ; All from utility this law approve,
As ev'ry private blifs muft fpring from focial love.
Why deviate then fo many from this law?
See pafions, cuftom, vice and folly draw!
Survey the rolling globe from Eaft to Weft, How few, alas ! how very few are bleft !
Beneath the frozen Poles, and burning Line,
What poverty and indolence combine
To cloud with Error's mifts the human mind ?
No trace of man, but in the form we find.
And are we free from error and diftrefs,
Whom Heav'n with clearer light has pleas'd to blefs?
Whom true Religion leads? (for fhe but leads
By foft perfuafion, not by force proceeds;)
Behold how we avoid this radiant fun,
This proffer'd guide how obftinately fhun,
And after Sophiftry's vain fyftems run!
\}
For thefe as for effentials we engage
In wars and maffacres with holy rage;
Brothers

Brothers by brothers' impious hands are flain, : $\because: 1$ Miftaken Zeal, how favage is thy reign!

Unpunifh'd vices here fo much abound, All right and wrong, all order they confound; There are the giants who the gods defy, And mountains heap on mourtains to the flyy: Sees this th' Almighty Judge, or feeing fpares, And deems the crimes of Man beneath his cares? He fees; and will at laft rewards beftow, And punifhments, not lefs affur'd for being flow.

Nor doubt I, tho' this fate confus'd appears, That ev'n in this God fometimes interferes ; Sometimes, left man fhou'd quite his pow'r difown, He makes that pow'r to trembling nations known : But rarely this; not for each vulgar end, As Superftition's idle tales pretend, Who thinks all foes to God who are her own, Directs his thunder, and ufurps his throne.

Nor know I not how much a confcious mind Avails to punih, or reward mankind; Ev'n in this life thou, impious wretch, muft feel The Fury's fcourges, and th' infernal wheel; From man's tribunal tho' thou hop'f to run, Thyfelf thou can'ft not, nor thy confcience fhun: What muft thou fuffer when each dire difeafe, The progeny of Vice, thy fabric feize? Confumption, fever, and the racking pain Of fpafms, and gout, and ftone, a frightful train! When life new tortures can alone fupply, Life thy fole hope sthou'lt hate, yet daread to die.

Shou'd fuch a wretch to num'rous years arrive, It can be little worth his while to live : No honours, no regards his age attend, Companions fly; he ne'er could have a friend: His flatterers leave him, and with wild affright He looks within, and fhudders at the fight: When threat'ning Death uplifts his pointed dart, With what impatience he applies to art, Life to prolong amidft difeafe and pains! Why this, if after it no fenfe remains ?
Why fhou'd he chufe thefe miferies to endure, If Death cou'd grant an everlafting cure ? 'Tis plain there's fomething whifpers in his ear, (Tho' fain he'd hide it) he has much to fear.

See the reverfe, how happy thofe we find, Who know by merit to engage mankind ? Prais'd by each tongue, by ev'ry heart belov'd, For virtues practis'd, and for arts improv'd; Their eafy afpects fhine with fmiles ferene, And all is peace and happinefs within:
Their fleep is ne'er difturb'd by fears or ftrife, Nor luft, nor wine, impair the fprings of life. Him fortune cannot fink, nor much elate, Whole views extend beyond this mortal fate; By age when fummon'd to refign his breath, Calm, and ferene, he fees approaching death, As the fafe port, the peaceful filent fhore, Where he may reft, life's tedicus voyage o'er : He , and he only, is of death afraid,
Whom his own confcience has a coward made;

ON THE IMMORTALITY OF THE SOUL. 342
Whilf he who Virtue's radiant courfe has run,
Defcends like a ferenely-fetting fun, His thoughts triumphant Heav'n alone employs, And hope anticipates his future joys.

So good, fo bleft th' illuitrious * Hough we find,
Whofe image dwells with pleafure on my mind ; The Mitre's glory, Freedom's conftant friend,
In times which afk'd a champion to defend; Who after near an hundred virtuous years, His fenfes perfect, free from pains and fears, Replete with life, with honours, and with age, Like an applauded actor left the ftage ; Or like fome victor in th' Olympic games, Who, having run his courfe, the crown of Glory claims.

From this juft contraft plainly it appears,
How confcience can infpire both hopes and fears:
But whence proceed thefe hopes, or whence this dread, If nothing really can affect the dead ? See all things join to promife, and prefage
The fure arrival of a future age !
Whate'er their lot is here, the good and wire Nor doat on life, nor peevifhly defpife. An honeft man, when Fortune's ftorms begin, Has confolation always fure within;
And if the fends a more propitious gale, He's pleas'd, but not forgetful it may fail.

Nor fear that he who fits fo loofe to life, Shou'd too much fhun its labours, and its ftrife;

[^4]And fcorning wealth, contented to be mean, Shrink from the duties of this buftling fcene; Or, when his country's fafety claims his aid, Avoid the fight, inglorious and afraid : Who fcorns life moft mult furely be moft brave, And he who pow'r contemns, be leaft 2 flave : Virtue will lead him to Ambition's ends, And prompt him to defend his country and his friends.

But ftill his merit you can not regard, Who thus purfues a pofthumous reward; His foul, you cry, is uncorrupt and great, Who, quite uninfluenc'd by a future ftate, Embraces Virtue from a nobler fenfe Of her abftracted, native excellence, From the felf-confcious joy her effence brings, The beauty, fitnefs, harmony of things. It may be fo: yet he deferves applaufe, Who follows where inftructive Nature draws; Aims at rewards by her indulgence giv'n, And foars triumphant on her wings to heav'n.

Say what this venal virtuous man purfues;
No mean rewards, no mercenary views; Not wealth ufurious, or a num'rous train, Not fame by fraud acquir'd, or title vain! He follows but where Nature points the road, Rifing in Virtue's fchool, till he afcends to God.

But we th' inglorious common herd of Man, Sail without compafs, toil without a plan; In Fortune's varying ftorms for ever toft, Shadows purfue, that in purfuit are loft ;

Mere infants all till life's extremeft day, Scrambling for toys, then toffing them away. Who refts of Immortality affur'd Is fafe, whatever ills are here endur'd : He hopes not vainly in a world like this, To meet with pure uninterrupted blifs; For good and ill, in this imperfect ftate, Are ever mix'd by the decrees of fate. With Wifdom's richeft harveft Folly grows, And baleful hemlock mingles with the rofe; All things are blended, changeable, and vain, No hope, no wifh we perfectly obtain; God may perhaps (might human Reafon's line Pretend to fathom infinite defign)
Have thus ordain'd things, that the reflefs mind No happinefs complete on earth may find; And, by this friendly chaftifement made wife, To heav'n her fafeit beft retreat may rife.

Come then, fince now in fafety we have paft Thro' Error's rocks, and fee the port at laft ; Let us review and recollect the whole. -
Thus ftands my argument. -The thinking foul Cannot terreftrial, or material be, But claims by Nature Immortality ; God, who created it, can make it end, We queftion not, but cannot apprehend He will ; becaufe it is by him endued With ftrong ideas of all perfect Good; With wond'rous pow'rs to know and calculate Things too remote from this our earthly ftate;

With fure prefages of a life to come ;
All falfe and ufelefs, if beyond the tomb
Our beings ceafe : we therefore can't believe God either acts in vain, or can deceive.

If ev'ry rule of equity demands,
That Vice and Virtue from the Almighty's hands Shou'd due rewards and punifhments receive, And this by no means happens whilt we live;
It follows, that a time muff furely come,
When each fhall meet their well-adjufted doom :
Then fhall this fcene, which now to human fight
Seems fo unworthy Wifdom Infinite,
A fyftem of confummate fkill appear, And ev'ry cloud difpers'd, be beautiful and clear.

Doubt we of this! What folid proof remains,
That o'er the worid a wife Difpofer reigns?
Whilit all Creation fpeaks a pow'r divine,
Is it deficient in the main defign?
Not fo: the day frall come, (pretend not now
Prefumptuous to enquire or when, or how,
But) after death thall come th' important day,
When God to all his juttice fhall difplay;
Each action with impartial eyes regard,
And in a juft proportion punifn and reward.

## P I N.

CROWN'D be the man with lating praife, Who firf contriv'd the Pin To loofe mad horfes from the chaife, And fave the necks within.

See how they prance, and bound, and $\mathfrak{k i p}$, And all contronl difdain!
They bid defiance to the whip,
And tear the filken rein.
Awhile we try if art or frength Are able to prevail;
But hopelefs when we find at length
That all our efforts fail,
With ready foot the fpring we press,
Out jumps the magic plag;
Then, difengag'd from all diltrefs, We fit quite fafe and fing.

The pamper'd feeds, their freedom gain'd,
Run off full fpeed together;
But, having no plan afcertain'd,
They run they know not whither.
Yol. LXXII.
Boys,

Loys, who love mifchief, and of courfe, Enjoying the difafter,
Bawl, "Stop 'em, fop 'em !" till they're hoarfe, But mean to drive them fafter.

Each claiming now his nat'ral right, Scorns to obey his brother ;
So they proceed to kick and bite, And worry one another.

Hungry at length, and blind and lame,
Bleeding at nofe and eyes,
By fuff'rings made exceeding tame, And by experience wife;

With bellies full of liberty,
But void of oats and hay,
They both fneak back, their folly fee, And run no more away.

Let all who view the infrutive fcene,
And patronize the plan,
Give thanks to Glos'ter's worthy Dean,
For 'Tucker-thou'rt the man.

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ONTHE

EARLOFCHESTERFIELD

BEING AT BATH, JULY I772.

IN times by felfifinefs and faction four'd, When dull importance has all wi devour'd; When rank, as if t' infult alone defign'd, Exacts a proud feclufion * from mankind; And greatnefs, from all focial commerce fled, Efteems it dignity to be ill bred; See Chefterfield alone refifts the tide, Above all party, and above all pride ! Vouchfafes each night thefe brilliant fcenes to grace, Augments, and thares the pleafures of the place; Admires the fair, enjoys the fprightly ball, Deigns to be pleas'd, and therefore pleafes all. Hence, tho' unequal now the tafk to hit, Learn what was once politenefs, eafe, and wit.

* Alluding to the fupercilious ai-s of fome of our people of quality, who affect to avoid frequenting the public rooms.


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[^0]:    * Alluding to the ufual reprefentation of the Graces.

[^1]:    要ND OF THE PLAY。

[^2]:    * Bavaria.

[^3]:    * Vid. Hom. Il. lib. Ill. ver. Igo.

[^4]:    * Bihop of Worcefter.

