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## 10. cont

4389.55 GENERAL INDEX.

## A <br> PAGE <br> NATIONAL.... 280

ACADEMICIANS, NATIONAL. . . 280 Acadeny of Design, National. 280 Accidents, Help in................. 232
" Railroad
22 Actors, Birthplaces of ............... 272 Fund.
Acts of 55th Congress
Actuarial society of America. Africa, Division of Statistics of.
… 387
African Exploration. $\qquad$
Agricultural Statistics............... 190
Agriculture Dep't Ofticlals.
Secretaries of

## .400

Alabama Election Returns....... . 441
Alaska Boundary .................. 100
Alcohol Statistics............. 197, 198
Aldermen, N. Y. City.
.... 489
Aliens Speaking English....... 393
Alliance of Reformed Churches332 Altar Colors.
Altitudes, Greatest in States.... 67
Aluninum, Production of ...... 201 Ambassadors, U. S., Abroad... 420 Amendments to U. S. Con-
stitution.
Americal Acad of Medicine 28 r Academy Politlcal and soclal science... and Foreign Shipping..... 168 Antiquarian Society.......
Artists, Society of. $\qquad$
Asiatic Association......... 287
Association for Advancenent of science.
Authors, Society of......... 287
" Bar Association . 287
"B Board of Foreign Missions.

335
Chemical Society $\qquad$
Dialect society
" Economic Association 287
" Entomological Society . 287

## Federation of Labor.

Fisheries Soclety . 287

Folklore Society.
Geographical society.

## Hog

 Historical Association Indiau. Institute of Architects. Institute of Electrical Engineers.Institute of Homeopathy.

Inst. Mining Engineers... 288
Irish Historical society 341 Lafayette Memorial........ 285 Learned Societies.........287-289
Legion of Honor. .... 32
Library Association. Mathematical Society Medical Association.
Mlcroscopical Society
Multi-Mplical society ..... 288

- Mult-Milionaires.....268-271
" National Red League.
." Numismatic and Archæo. logical Society
" Oriental Society
.288
" Ornithologist Union
Philological Association.
Philosoplical Society.
Psychological Association. 288 Public Health Ass' n...... 236


## American Revolution Sons ol 3 , <br> 解 ol.343

##  <br> Astronomical Signs and Syn <br> PAGE

" Soclety of Civil Engineers 288 bols28
288 Astronomy in 1892. ..... 290
494" Soclety of Naturalists288 A tmosphere, the Earth's.
" Society of Naturalists35
" Tract Soclety.

"Unitarian Association......333
41-243

A musements, N. Y. City...493, 535 Ancient Hour.
" and Modern Year. $\qquad$Anuapolis Naval Academy 404
Anniversaries, List of.
$\qquad$134
Antidotes for Poisons.232
apropry, Deaths from
epratons by congress.Aqueduct Commissloners, N. YArchæological Institute...
$\qquad$
Area, Clties in U. S.......... . 395 ..... - 37
Continents
Foreign Countries

$\qquad$
... 367
" of British Empire.$\dddot{67,375}$
of Canada.
$\qquad$
". of London.

$\qquad$
of Mexico.
381of States and Territories
Arizona Flection Returns....
442A rmed strength of Europe. 352,353
A rmories, $\mathbb{N}$. V. City .......515, 538Armories, $\mathbb{N}$. V. Cityzope.350, 352
Arms-Bearing Population ofstates in the Union.Arms Used bv Military Powers. 35Army and Navy of Confeder-ate States, society.
Army \& Navy Union, Regular. 3British.
05,41
a Generals ..... Ob
tained. 409
of Cumberland Soclety ..... 345
of Potomac society ..... 348
of 'Tennessee Society ..... 345
of U.S. at N. Y. City. ..... 345
408
" of U.S.,Distribution of 40
" of U.S.,Distribution of 40 .....  406,408 .....  406,408

- Pay Table. ..... 408,409
* Rank of Officers360
.408
" Recruiting Requirements.
U. S., Organization.art Galleries \& schools, N. Y.406Asbestos, Production of200
Ash Wednesday, 1800...Asia, Statistics of.Asiatic Nations, Militia.. 25354
Asphaltum Production. ..... 200
Assembly Districts, N. Y. City. 545 Assembly, New York State. ..... 437
Assessed Valuation of Prop-
erty in U.S...................395, 396A ssistant Treasurers, U. S..... 401Assoclations and Societies,N. Y. CityAsteroids, Number of..270 38
Astor Family
arConstants.Phomical Constants.28-30
A ttorney-(ienerais, U.S......... 149
A ttorney-(ienerais, U.S......... 149
Attorneys, 1)istrict, U. A. ..... 403
Australian Federation. ..... 387
Austria, Army and Navy of,$352,353,283$
" Diplomatic Intercourse... 151
"Hungary Royal Family.. 371
A ustrian-Hungarian Gov' t. 368,383Austro-Huugarian Empire......36'7
Autumu, Beginning of 1900.
Autumu, Beginning of 1900. Aztec Club of 1847.
13Bacon, Production of........ 192
Ballots, Presidential Candi-
dates.115
Banking statistics....... 180,181,182
Bankruptey Law, U. S..Banks in Brooklyn.in N . X . (ity.
Baptist Young l'eople's Union 3330
Buptists, Number of.
Bar Association, American..... 287
N. Y. City ..... 539
Barley, Production of. ..... 190
Barometer Indications.
Barometer Indications. ..... 61
Baseball Recortis
5010
5010
Batins, Public,
Battles of C'ivil Var................ 80
8b
Battle-ships, U. S... ..... 413
Beer, Production of.
Beer, Production of. ..... 198 ..... 198
Belgian Royal Eamily ..... $3 i 1$
Beigium, Army and Navy ofGovernment of358
Bell Time on shipboard ..... 27
Ben-Hur, Tribe of
199
Benzine statistics.
3зヶ
Bible Society, A merican.
39
39
Biblical Data ..... $2 \dot{6} \dot{6}$
beycing Records
beycing Records ..... 260
Biog
288
Birth Rate in Europe. ..... $236^{\circ}$
Bishops o ..... enomi-
nations331
shops, English ..... 168
Blast Furnace ('apacity.
235
235

| British Diplomatic Intercourse, | Churches in the U. S........328,329 | Criminal Courts in N. Y....... 492 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $150,379,387$ | Cigars, Tax on...... ............ 155 | Crops, Statistics of............... 191 |
|  | Cincinnati, Society of. . $13,342,343$ | Croquet, or Roque, Records.... 251 |
| " Empire, Statistics of. . 367.375 | Circuit Courts of U. S.......... 402 | Croup, Deaths from . . . . . . . . . . 237 |
| " Goverument ................ 377 | Cities, Largest of the Earth . . . 390 | Crude Oil Statistics.......... 199 |
| " Holidays..................... 31 | $\because$ of U. S., Population of. $203-3 \%$, | Cruisers, U. S...................... . 413 |
| " Measures and Weights... 78 | $\because$ of U. S., Statistics of . 895,396 | Cuba, Area, etc.................. 367 |
|  | " ${ }^{\text {c }}$ O. S., Number of ...... 394 | Cumberland, Society, A rmy.... 345 |
| " Parliament....... . ........ 380 | Citizenship, Requirements..... 199 | Currency Circulation, U. S...... 180 |
| " Popul | Civil Engineers' Society. ........ 288 | " Question in Party Platf' ms 124 |
| \% Publication | Civil Lists of Sovereigns........ 367 | Custom-House, N. Y. City ...... 488 |
| 66 Royal Family ........370.376 | $\because$ Service, U.S. Commiss' rs. 400 | Customs Ofticials ................ 401 |
| Bronchitis, Deaths from......... 237 <br> Brotherho d of St. Andrew.... 337 | $\because \quad \because \quad$ Rules of, U.S.104,105 | Receipts....................158,159 |
| Brot of Alldrew aud Philip..... 337 | $\because{ }^{6}$ " N. Y. State........436 |  |
| Buckwheat, Production of...... 190 | "War, Statistics of $\ldots$........ 86 |  |
| uilding \& Loan Associations. 172 | Clearing-House Statistics...... 181 | D |
| uilding Jept., N. Y City . ${ }^{\text {\% }}$. 490 | Clubs, New York City | Dames of the Revolution . 351 |
| uildings, Height of, in N. Y. 537 | Coal statistics. ...................... 201 | Dairy Products, Exports...... 192 |
| Bureaus of Labor............... 135 | Coffee Statistics. $\qquad$ | Daughters-of Revolution.........350 |
| Business Failures in U. S......... 183 <br> Butter Production ................. 192 |  | " of Conlederacy, United. 349 |
|  | Coins, Foreign, Value of....... 175 | " of Holland Dames......13,851 |
| C | College Cheers . . . . . . . . . . . . 312-314 | Day of Week, How to Find....... 2,43 |
| 512 | Commencements, ...............300-304 | Days Between 'wo Dates...... 27 |
| Cabinet Onticers since 1789...... 148 | © Endowments................. 310 | Deaf Mutes in U. S.............. 235 |
| . of President McKinley...399 | © Fraternities.......................... 4 | W Schools for $\ldots$........ . $1 . . .294$ |
| Cable Telegraph Rates. . . . . . . 2292 | " Population........ ......... 294 | Death Roll ior 1899...........18, 83-85 |
| ables, submarine. ............. 227 | \% Reference Marks.. ........ 311 |  |
| alendar for 200 Y ears. ........ 5 s | " Tuition Fees...... 292, 304-309 |  |
| " Greek \& Russian, for 1901. ${ }^{44}$ | Colleges, Earliest Founded....... 309 |  |
| " Jewish, for 1900 .... 190. . 44 | in Manhattan Boro., N.Y. 510 | " of United states Cities..... 395 |
| " Mohammedan, for 1900. ${ }_{42} 44$ | " of U.S., statistics of...294-315 | "States and Territories...... 173 |
| © Ready Reference ........42,43 <br> © Ritualistic 44 | Colonial Board, U. S. | "When Outlawed............. 79 |
| " Wheat Harvest. ............... 190 | Dames of America.......... 350 | Deer,Open Seasou forshooting. 238 |
| Calendars for 1900-1901.......... 41 | " Possessions, U. S.......98, 9397 | Defective Classes .............. 235 |
| Monthly for 1900........... 45 -56 | " Wars, Society of...........310 | Delaware Election Returns .. 445 |
| California Election Returus... 443 | Colorado Election Returns..... 444 | Democratic Clubs, National ,133 |
| Canada, Statistics of. ......384, 385 | Colored Masonic Bodies........ 320 |  |
| U. S. Joint Commission .. 100 | " Population, U. |  |
|  | Comets, Periodic.................. 38 | Denmark and Colonies. |
| Cancer, Deaths from........... 237 | Committees, Political ......129-133 | ". Army and Navy.......352, 353 |
| Canoeing.......................... 255 | Commodores, U. S. Navy...... 411 |  |
| Cape Colony. .......... ........ 94 | Common Schools, U. S......... 294 | Denominations Religious.............. 298 |
| Capital Punishment............. 234 | Commons, House of....... ...... 380 | Deposits in Banks 182,49 - 527 |
| C'apitals of States ...............3397 | Compass, Variations of ......... - 0 | Derby, English...................... 84 : |
| " Foreign............367,384, 389 | Confederacy, U'ted Daughters. 349 | Detroit Bi-cent' nry Expos'n. . . 284 |
| Car Lines, N. Y. City. .......... 520 | Confederate Veterans' Ass'n.. 349 | Diphtheria, Deaths from....... 237 |
| Cardinals, College of............. 330 | Congregational Nat. Council... 323 | Diplomatic and C'onsular Lisist. . 420 |
| Catholic Benevolent Legion. . . 323 | Congress, Acts of Fifty-fifth. . 106 | Intercourse. . . . . . . .150-153,379 |
| \# Knights of America...... 323 | " Appropriations by ....... 106 | Dispensaries, Brooklyn.........539 |
| $\bullet$ Roman, Hierarchy in U.S. 330 | " Fifty-sixih............427-434 |  |
| Catholic Snmmer school....... 317 | " Party Divisions in........ 426 | " Between European Clitios, 74 |
| Catholics, Number of. | " Ratio of Represeutation in 425 |  |
| Cattle, Value of, in U. S........ 192 | Congregationalists.............. 327 |  |
| Cemeteries, New York City . . 507 | Commecticut Election Returns. 445 |  |
| Census, U. $-1.1900 \ldots . . . . .102,103$ | Constitution of the U.S. 141-145 |  |
| Central \& So. American Trade. 388 | Constitutions of States in U.S. 388 | District of Columbia Gov't...... 396 |
| Century, 'Wentieth ............ 35 | Consuls, Foreign, iu U. S..... 424 | Divorce aws. $\qquad$ |
| Cereal (ropsand Exports... . 191 | N. Y. City . . . 498 | Dock Departmeñt, N . Y ............. 490 |
| Chamber of Commerce. . . . . . . . 506 | S., Abroad............. 420 |  |
| Champagues Imported........ 197 | Consumption, Deaths from..... 237 |  |
| Charities and Correction, N. Y. 490 | Continents, A rea of ............. 57 |  |
| Chautauqua Rystem............ 317 | " Population of .............. 57 | Dukes, Table of Eritish .......... 380 |
| Cheese Exports................... 198.19 |  | Duration of Life................. 57 |
| Chemistry in 1899................. . 29.29 | Copper Production.........199, 13.00 | Duties on Imports............10.15, 155 |
|  | Copper Production.........199. 200 |  |
| Childbirth, Deaths from....236,237 | Copyright Law |  |
| China, Army and Navy........354 | Corn Crop, Statistics.......190, 191 | E |
| and Japan Mails ........... 73 | Cotton, statistics of. .... ... 194, 195 |  |
| " Opening of the Empire.... 386 | Countries of the World ......... 367 | Earthi, Facts About the.... 57 |
| Chinese Pcpulation in U. S. .... 392 | County Clerk's Office, N. Y.... 490 | Earth's Atmosphere.. ........... 35 |
| Chosen Frients, Order ofi....... 323 | Court of Clairas ................ . . 402 | Easter in 1900..................... 25 |
| ('hristian \& Mission. Alliance..334 | Courts, British . ................. . 377 | * Tahle of Dates . . . . . . . . . . . 39 |
| Endeavor society.........33as | State (see each State Elec- | Eastern Star. Order of...... . . 320 |
|  | tion Returns). | Eclipses in 1900................ 2829 |
| ('hristians, Number of. . . . . . . . 327 | " of N. Y. City. ........ 491, 492 | Education, Board of, N. Y. 490, 508 |
| ('hronological ('ycles and Eras, 25 | " of New York State....434, 435 | - Chantauqua System....... 317 |
| Chronology, New Testament.. 39 | " of U. S...................... 402 | " J. F. Slater Fund.......... 316 |
| Church 1)ays in 19(0............ 25 | County Officers in N. Y....... 490 | " Peabody Fund............... 316 |
| Fstablished, of England.. 378 | Cows, Milch, Value of, U. S.... 192 | " Statistics of. ............ .292, 283 |
|  | Creeds, Populatiou of Eartlı by 327 | Egypt, A rea, etc. ............ 367, 387 |
| hurches, NV. Y. City ........... 501 | Cricket ....................250, 251 | Eight-Hour Labor Laws........ 134 |
|  |  |  |

Election Returns Begin.
Elections, Presidential
state, When Next Occur. . 398 Electoral Vote, byApport' nm' 4439 Vote for President......118.439 Vote in 1900.
.439 Votes since 1789
.118
Electrical Progress in 1899..230,231 Eleventh Army Corps Ass' $\mathbf{n}$. . 345 Eliks, Order of.
.323
Elongation, Greatest. Ember Days.
Embezzlements in the U. S
Employés in U. S
in the U. S.
Endowments, Colleges
England, see "British."
English Derby Established Co.inurch
Holidays, Old.
Speaking Religious Communities $\qquad$
". Plays of 1899.
Epiphany in 1900.
Episcopalians.
.25
Epochs, Beginning of
Epworth League.
$\qquad$
Eras, Chronological $\qquad$

## Erysipelas, Deaths from

European Languages Spoken
Military Resources. Military Resources. ...92,302
Sovereigns............367,370
Events, Historical, Dates of.
Events, Historical,
i. ${ }^{25}$

13,338
$\qquad$
.81, 82
Exchanges in N. Y. City.........507
Excise Dept., N.Y. City..
Executions in United States..... 235
Executive Mansion Rules
Expansion, National, in Party
Platforms.
126, 127
Expenditures, U.S. Goverum' t. 153
Exploration and Discovery...
Exports.
166. 167, 168, 191, 192

Exposition, Detroit Bi-cente' y. 284

## Glasgow International.

" Ohio Centennial

- Pan-A merican
$\because$ Paris, 1900
$\qquad$
St, Louis
Expresses, N. Y. Cit ity..............508


## F

Facts about the Elarth
57
Failures in United States...
.183
Famous Old People of 1900.
Farm Animals.
Farmers' Alliance, National.
Farms and Farm Products.
Fast and Feast Days.
Fastest Ocean Passages
Federal Government. ........ 399

Ferries from New York City... 523
Fevers, Deaths from.
Fiction in 1899
Field Officers U.S. S. Army........... 406
Fifty-fifth Congress, Acts of. . 106
Fifty-sixth Congress.. .......427-43
Financial statistics.
Fire Dept., N. Y. City.. 490,510 ,
Insurance Statistics
Rules in Case of.
Fires, Loss by, in United States.
Fisheries of United States.
Fishing, Open Seasons for.
Fixed Stars.
............. . 34,35
lags, storm \& Weather Sig. . 62, 63 Transatlantic Lines..... . 188
Florida Election Returns. .
Flowers, State.
Fly-Casting Records.
Football Records.
aame laws
Generals, U. S. Ärmy
238, 239
Geographic Names, U.
Geographical Progress in 1899,
278, 279
Geological society of A merica. 288
" Strata.....
Georgia Electiou Returns.
German Empire.
Royal Family.
Germany, Army and Navy,
Diplomatic Intercourse $\ldots 152$
Government of... ....... 368,382
Gin, Production of
Glasgow Int'nat'l Exhibition..... 28
Gold Deposited in U.S. Mints. 178
Production of.
U. S., in Circulation.

176,17
Golf
20ั8
Good Fellows, Royal Society............22
Good Friday in 1900.
Good Roads, National League. 38
Good Templars, Order of...... 32
dould Fanily.
Governments of the Earth....077, 364
Governors of States.
Grain Production of $\mathfrak{U}$. $\because \stackrel{S}{ }$
trand Army or the Republic. . . 340
Gravity, A cceleration of ...........
Specific
Great Britain, see "British.

- rreek C'alendar for 1900

Letter College Societies..... 509
Royal Family.
Guam.

## H

Hack and Cab Fares, N. Y. 512
Hammer-Throwing Records.
Hams, Production of
Harvard Baseball
Boat Races
.......... 247,248

Foreign-Born Inhabitants in
Hawaii PAGE Hay Prod............................. 93 Hey, Production of .............. 190
75 Heads of Goveruments....... .13, 369 8 Headquarters of Regiments... 408 4 Health Department, N. Y.436, 489 Heart Disease, Deaths from ... 237 Height, Buildings, in N. Y..... 537

Points in N. Y. City ...... 512
Help in Accidents................. 232
Help in Accidents................. 232
Hibernians, Order of................ 324
$7 \begin{aligned} & \text { Hiberuians, Order of.......... } 3.34 \\ & \text { Highways Commissioner, } \mathbf{N}\end{aligned}$
Historical Ass'n, American.... 287
" Events, Dates of............ 41
Hockey Records....................... 261
Hog statistics. ....................... 192
Holidays, ('hurch.................25, 31
" Engli $\mathrm{H} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
Holland Dames............................ 31,351
Home Circle, Order of...............324
Homes and Asylums in N.Y.C. 494
Soldiers', U.S.
Homestead Entries, U.S......... 163
Eraterual Organizations ...........22-325 Homicide in U.S.................. 234
Free Baptist Young People.... 335 Homœopathy, American Inst. 288
Freemasonry ......................3i8-320 Horse-Racing Records.......24i-243
289 Horses, Value of, in U. S....... 192
374 Hospitals, Brooklyn................ 529
40 N. Y. City........................ 540
Hotels, Manhattan Boro.,N. Y. .537
188 House of Commous........ ...... . 380 of Lords. ................. . 377,380
of Representatives......429-434
Huguenot society................. 341
Human Family..................... 57
Hunting, Open Seasons for......... 238,239
Hurdle-Racing Records....242, 205
Hurricane Signals ................ 63

I
ICE, STRENGTH OF...いい........ 61
Ice Hockey ........................... 261
Idaho Election Returns......... 448
Illegitimacy in Europe............ 236
Illinois Election Returns...... . . 449
Immigrants into U. S.............. 101
Immigration Commiss'r, N. ${ }^{\text {Y }} .488$
Immiortals, the Forty... .......... 289
Imports $. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .166 .167,168$
Indebtediless of Nations. ........ 173
of the States \& 'Territories. 173
India, Government of. ........... . 379
Indian, the American .... ..... 161 Population in U. S...... 161,392
Indiana Election Returns...... 4 ā0
Indians, Expenditures for....... 159
Insanity statistics ...... ......... 235
Inspection of SteamVessels... 488
Insurance Statistics .........184, 185 Interest Rates in $\mathbf{N}$. $\mathbf{Y}$. Sav-
ings Banks...... . . . . . . . . . 497, 527 Interest Tables and Laws....78,79 Interior Department Officiais. . 400 Secretaries of the ........... 149
Internal Revenue Officers, N. Y 488 Receipts.
.158
Interstate ('ommerce Com. ..... 400
Iowa Election Returns.......... 452
Ireland, Government of.......... 377 Statistics of...............375,381
Irish Catholic Union .................. 32
National Organizations......... 31
Iron and Steel Tonnage in U.S. 169 World's Production of 199.200
Italian Government......... 368,383 Royal Family. 372
Italy and Colonies
367,387 Army and Navy of,

352, 353, 383
" Diplomatic Intercourse. . 152

## J

JAPAN，ARMY AND NAVY．．
PAGE Japanese Empire 354 Jewish Caleudar for 1900 Era Jews，Number of Judginents，When Outlawed．． 79 Lords，House of 491 of New lorkstat ．．．．434，435 of States．（see Fiach state Election Retarins．）
of United－ .402 Julian Period and lear． 25 Juniping Records

253 Jupiter，Planet － 0 k（ity． 490,5 36 Justice，U，S．Jepartmant ol．．．． 400 Justices of the U．S．Suprenle Court siuce 1789．

## I

KaNsas Election Returns .453 Kentncky Ilection Returus ．．．．． 404 Klug Allred Memorial
Kinrs＇s Daughtel＇s and Sons．
Knighis and Ladies of Homor
of（iolden Eagle．．
of Honor．
of Labor．
abee． $\qquad$
$\qquad$
＂of Maccab $\qquad$
6 of Prthias．
＂of St．John andĭalca．
＊Templars．．

## 1.

LABOF：ISFORMATION．．．．．．124， 135 Party，Socialist．
， 181
Lacrosse Records．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 267
Ladies＇Catholic Bent．V．Ass＇ 11.
Lamd Claims，U．S．C＇ourt． Forces of Enrope．． Ohices，U S
Lan：di，एnh］ic，in［T．S．．．．．．152， 163
Languages Fnoken，Europeath． 5
Lart，Prouluct
Latin Tinion．
Latitnke and Iongitude．
Latter－Day saints．
Law Conrts，Ni．V．City．
Fxaminations N． $\mathbf{N}$ ．הtate
Schnoli in：$T^{T}$ ．....
n－Tennis Recouds．
Lawn－Tenmis Recorl．
fawvers＇（＇iub，N．S．
Lawsers＇（iuh，N．S．City
I，nati，Prothetion of
［．．．．．．
200,301
I，engle American W＇heelmen ． 388
American atunicipalities 145
Learued societies，Alserican．
Legacy Tax．
Legal Fxecutions in U．S．．．．． Holiderys．
Legatimus，Poreign，in U．©．．．
Jegim of Honsor．A nserican． £egislation in 1899，Review 107－ E\＆giclatu：e，N．S．State．
Iesisiatmres，ray and Termas of Wembers．．．．
Legisiatnres．（Gee Eiveh Shate

cessions Begin
Lent in 1900.
Lmprがy in Intiat．
Liberty Party，Nationai．
Linraries，ぶ． $\mathbf{Y}^{\frac{1}{2}}$（＇ity．．．．．．
Life，Ifmman，Imation of
Yie Insuranch Ritutinties．
Life－saving Service．
Light，Velocity of．
Light－Monse Fstablishment．．
Tight－Honses．
Lightning，I $\cap$ ss hv．
Linltations，stathtes of

PAGE Liquor Statistics．．．．．．．．．

197， 198
44 Loand Of ．．．．．．．．． 327,392 Longitucie and Latitude．

131 Marshall John Day ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 8
267 Marshals，Uuited States．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 402

79 Lords，House of．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

Louisiana Election Returns．．．．．． 456 Loyal Iegion，Military Order ol 345 Luther Leagne of America Lutherans，Number of．．．
Lynchings in U．S．

Military Resources of Europe in A vailable Men．．．．．92， 352
＊S Service Kegulations in Europe
．．． 352
＂Societies of U．S．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．340－349
Militrength of Nations．．．．．．．． 352
Militia Ages，Population by
in N．I．City．
515， 238
Naval
$.419,515$
$\qquad$
Minera！Yroducts of U ． $\mathrm{S} . . .$.
Minlug Engineers，Institute of． 288
Ministers，Foreign，in U．S．．．．．．． 423
of European Countries．．．． $26 \%$
U．S．，Abroad
Minnesota Election Letnrus．．． 461
Mints，Deposits at U．S．．．．．．．．．． 178 Superintendents of ．．．．．．．．．． 401
Missions，Am．Board Foreign． 335
Mississippi Election Heturn ．．． 462
MACCABEES，KNIGHTS OF．．．．．．．． 324
Magnetic Declinations．．．．．．．．．．．．． 60
Mails，Donestic and Foreign．69－74
Maine Hilection Returus．．．．．．．． 457
Malarial Fever，Deaths trom．．237
Malt Liquors，statistics．．．．．197， 198
Munhattau El．R．R．．．．．519，548－551
Mankind，liaces of
.58
Manhfactures in U．S．．．．．．．．．．．．
Map N．${ }^{\prime}$ ．City Assembly Dis－
tricts and Wards．．．．542，543
South Arrica．
Maple sugar，1＇rodiction of ．．．．． 195
Maps of B＇klyn Railroads．．546，547
Manhattan EI．RH．，N． $5 \cdot 50,551$
Marine Corps，United States．． 411
Markets，New Yorls City＇．．．．．．．． 514
Marriage and Divorce Laws．．．．． 233

Haryland Election Returns．．．．． C＇ollege of ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 31 ．
Giranid Lodges，U．ふ．．．
Masons，Knights＇Ienip
Negro，Lodges of

> Royal A relı.
$\qquad$
scottish Rite $\qquad$
Masonry，vegrees in ．．．．．．．．318， 31 ．
Massachusetts Election Ret＇ıs． $4: 8$
ctame Ialws
I athematical Society，A Mer．．．．． 288
MayHower Descendants．．．．．．13，341
Mayors of New York City ．．．．． 513
of Clties in United SLates． 395
Measles，Deaths from
Neasures，Domestic
Metric fiysten of
Hissouri Election Returis．
Mohammedan Calendar．．
Mohammedanism
Molasses Productiou．．．．．．．．． 327
Monarchies and Republics．．．．．．． 57
Monarchs of Europeai Conil－
tries
369,571
Monetary Statistics．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．176－179
Moner in Circulation，U．S．．．．．．． 180
Not Presented for Re－
Orders，Postal ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．71， 73 Express．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．i8
Moneys，Foreign．．．．．．．．．．．．78，175，1i6
Montana Election Returns ．．．．f6゙t
Montana Election Returns ．．． 564
Month！（alendars for 1900．． 4556
Monumelits，N．．S．C＇ity．．．．．．．．．．514
Moon，Information A honl． $36,37.38$
Moon＇s Plases in 1900
Moolilight（＇hart lor 1900．．．．．．．．．． 37
Mortality Statistics．
Mortgage Statistics，U．S．．．．．．．．．．． $19 \dot{H}^{\circ}$
Molntains，Highest，on Eartl 57,67
Mt．Vernon Ladies＇Associat＇ 11.343
Mules，Value of，in U．
Minnicipal Council，N．Y．．．．．．．．48y
（＇ourts，N．Y．City．．．．．．． 491
League，National
Statistics，N．Y．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 490
Murders In U．S．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．234
Museums \＆Music Halls，N．V．． 493
Mnsical People，$A$ ges，etc．．．．．．．． 272
Mystic Circle，Order of．．．．．．．．．．．．． 324
Mystic Shrine，N obles of the．．． 320

## N

NAPHTHA STATISTICS．．．．．．．． 199
National A carlemy of Design ．． 280 A curjemy of Sciences．．．．．． 288 Arts Club．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 28 Ass＇n Den：ocratic Clulis，

Naval Veterans．．．． 347
Bank Examiner，N．Y．．．． 488
Bank Statistics．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 180
Council of Women．．．．．．．．．． 225
Democratic（ommittee．．．132
Jental Association ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 889
Filncational Ass＇n．．．．．．．．． 31 ．
Encamuments．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． i4 $_{4} 6^{\circ}$
Expansion in Political
Platforms．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．126，127

## Farmers＇Allinnce．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

（iersraptıic society．．．．．．．．．．．．．y：
（irange．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 183
ixuari．
419.515

Lemgue for（rood Roads．．．． 388
Mrnnicipal J．eague．．．．．．．．．．． 145
l＇arty Plat forms ．．．．．．．．．．．124
Provident Union．．．．．．．．．．．． $3: 24$
Reןuhlican League ．．．．．．．．．． 132 Sichipture sincisty ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 281 Societyspanish－A M．W＇sr． 348 Spiritualists＇Association． 388

| National Union, Order of, ..... 3 Pat | Occurrences During Printing.. 13 | Population of Mexico.... ...... 389 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ationalities in U.S............ 392 | Ocean Stea | \%/ of New York Citit..... 505,514 |
| Nations, Coinage of............. 179 | Oceans, Depth of............. ${ }^{57}$ |  |
|  | Odd Fellowship, Information. 321 |  |
|  | west 'Ter Exposition.......... 284 | " of the Earnors.............539 |
| Nautical Almanac, U. S........ 41 | Ohio Election Returns......474,475 | " of U. S. by Nationality....39\% |
| aval A cademy of U. S........ 404 | Oklahoma Election Returns. . . 475 | " " by Sex, Nativ- |
| War | Old People of 1900, Famous.... 80 |  |
| - ish-American War |  |  |
| ". Architects, Soclety of....... 289 | Oregon Election Returns........ 476 |  |
| - Examining and Retiring | Oriental society, A merican..... 288 |  |
| Boards ................... | Ornithologists' Union, A mer. . 288 | Pork, Production of............... 192 |
| " Militia |  |  |
| " Observator | Oxford-Cambridge Boat Races.249 | Portugal and Colonies......367,387 |
| ". Officers, Customs......... 401 |  | Portuguese Royal Family...... 372 |
| Ord |  | Port Wardens, N. Y. City ....... 490 |
| " Orderof the United States 344 |  |  |
| \% Training Ships, U. S.....418 |  | Postmasters of cities in U.S.... 401 |
| Navies of the Wor |  | Post-Office, Brooklyn ......... 5.9 |
| Nay at New | Pain |  |
| British.. | Palm Sunday in 1 | " N.Y. City................... 517 |
| " Captains \& Corr.manders 412 | Panama Car | " Statistics, U. S., ............172 |
| " Department | Pan-A m | to Crop in U. S............. 190 |
| " Flag Officers .............13, 411 | Paris Exposition of 190c....282-284 | Potato Raci |
| ". in the Civil W | Parks, New York City. 490,516,538 | Potomac, soclety of Army , 13, 345 |
| "\% of the Revolut | Parliament, Br | Powders (Gun), Strength ...... 350 |
| ". Pay Table | Party Divisions in Congress | ous Metals, Statistics...178,179 |
| " Rank of O | " Platforms..............124-1:5 |  |
| ". Secretaries | Passenger Stations, Great..... 221 | Preshyterian Assemblies....... 332 |
| flic |  | Preshyterians, Number of ..... 327 |
| .S., Vessels.. . $13,365,413$-418 |  | PresidentialCahinetOfficer: $14 \%$-100 |
| Yards, United istates.....417 | Patriotic Women Patrons of IIusbai | \%. Election, 1909.............115 |
| ebraska Election Returns... 403 | Panperism | ". Flections 1789 to 1896...118,119 |
| Necrology for 1899. ${ }^{\text {St. }}$. ...13, 83-85 | Pawnbroke |  |
| Negroes in United Stat | Peabody Education l'und......316 | Vote $\ldots$..................433,440 |
| otune, Planet . $\ldots$............38 | Peace Confe |  |
| etherlands and | 90 | Presidents of the U.S............ $146^{\circ}$ |
| " Army and Navy......352, 363 | Pennsylvania Flect' 11 Jeturns.476 |  |
| Royal Family | Peusion Agencies. ......165,400,4×8 | Princeton Eootball Records. .... 264 |
| Nevada Election Returns...... 466 | People's Party National Com- | Prisoners' 'ommutation Table. 236 |
| Fng. Order Protection... 324 |  |  |
| V Hamp. Election Returis, 407 | Capita Statístics....170, 171, 173 | Produce, Minimitm Weights of. 77 |
| New Mexico Election Returns.467 | Periodic come | Prohibition Nat'1 (ommittee..132 |
| New Testament Chronology. | Petroleum, Production of. | Property, Assessed Valu' n . .... 345 |
| ewspaper Statist | Phi Beta Kappa................ 316 | Property Losses by Fire....... 180 |
| ${ }_{\text {i }}$ Y. City Assembly Dists..... 543 | Philippine Islands. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | Protection in Party Platiorms 135 |
| " Covernment. |  | Protestant Episcopal Bishops.. ${ }^{331}$ |
| " " Information begins.488 |  | Provident |
| " " Judiciary. | Philosomical Soc., American.. 288 | Psychological Ass' n , Aniericanz $\times 8$ |
| " ". Population of... 505, 514 | Plers, New York 'ity ......... 515 | PublicBuildings, Manha'nBoro 511 |
| " Stati | Pig Iron Produc | Debt of U. S.............. 174 |
| ". $\because$ V Vo | Pilgrim Fathers, Order of...... 324 | " ${ }^{\prime}$ " Cities in U. S. $\ldots$ \% 395 |
| "ew York Ga | Pilot Commissioners, N. Y.....490 | 亿 Improvem'ntBoard, N. Y. 489 |
| ${ }_{\text {ew }}$ Legislature, 1900............ 4378 | Pistol Records. ${ }^{\text {Plagues, }}$ Statistics of............. 259 <br> 17 | - Porters, New York city..512 |
| ". State Election Returns.... 468 | Planetary Configurations, 1900.. 30 | Pugilism ....................... 262 |
| \% State Government........ ${ }^{436}$ | Plays of 1899 | Pythias, |
|  | Pneumonia, Deaths from....... 237 |  |
| Zoological soclety........... 289 |  |  |
|  | Pole Star.Mean'Time of Transit 33 | 2 |
| ht Signals on stea | Pollee Dept |  |
| les of the Mystic Shrine... 320 | Political Conimittees | QuA |
|  | - Conventions. | uarantine Commissioners. |
| Norway, Ginvernment of. | \% Record of 1899,........... 128 | Qutcissilver, Productiou of...... 20 |
| wegian Royal Family........ 374 | Pool Reeor |  |
| merals, Roman and | ularVote |  |
| Numismatic and Archæo cal Society | Population, All (coutries.i.. 367 | 16 |
|  |  |  |
|  | by |  |
| 0 | of | Rasing Records, Horse......24i-243 |
|  | of C'a |  |
|  | of (entral \& So. America, 388 | " Eanings \& Expenses. 2044 -221 |
| Ohituary Roll for 1899..... 13, 83-85 | of Cities of U. S........393,345 |  |
| rv | " of (t. Britain\& I reland.375, 381 |  |
| ulations of Plane | est Cities of Fiarth 390 | in N. Y. City........519,5il, 550 |


|  |  | S. Carolina Election Returns. . . 478 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rail road Maps.................. 546 -5. | Rus Imperial Family ...........373 | S. Dakota Election Returns....479 |
|  | Rye, Production of.............. 190 | South African War...........94-96 |
| " Officials .................205-221 | R | Sovereigns of Europe.......370-374 |
| " Passengerstations, N. Y. 510 |  | Spain and U. S. Treaty ... . . $\quad .88-90$ |
| © Speed Records |  | Army and Navy......352, 353 Diplomatic Intercourse.... 153 |
| " Statistics of U. S.......204-2\%4 | 8 | Government of............ 368 |
|  |  | Sp |
| " stocks, | Sack-Racing Records, ....... 253 | 1alties in U. S. Army... 410 |
| " Tra | Safe Deposit Co's in N. Y..498,5 | m. War, Nat'l Society. 348 |
| Railwa | salt, Production of............... 200 | Naval and Military |
| Raiufall, Normal, | Salvation Arm |  |
| of Foreign Clities.. |  | al Family ............... . 373 |
| T | Santiago, Society of Army......348 | Spanish Ministry............ 13, 368 |
|  |  | Speakers of U.S. Ho |
| Rates of Postage.............69-73 | Sayings Banks, N. ${ }_{6}$. City . 497,027 | resentatives..................... 147 |
| atio of Repres Congress | Banks statistics...............18: <br> R Royal Family | Specific Gravity .... .............. 58 |
| Ratio of Silver to Gold ......... 177 | scarlet Fever, Deaths from.....237 | Spindles in Uperation.............. 194 |
| Ready Refereuce Calendar. 42.43 | ol Ships, U. S............... 418 | Spirits, Statistics of.........197,198 |
| Real Estate Mortgag | 4 | Spiritualists, National Ass' n . . 338 |
| Realty and Personalt | New York City........ 509,528 | Sporting Records Begin........ 240 |
| ear-Admirals, U | science Associatious.............287 | Spring, Beginning of, 1900...... 25 |
| Receipts \& Expendit | Sciences, Nat'l A | stage, the......................... 272 |
| Rechabites, Order of | Scientific Alliance of N. Y..... 289 | Stamp Tax........................ 15. |
| Record of Events in 18 | " Progress in 1899........290, 291 | Standard Time.................. 26 |
| Records, Commissioner, N. Y..490 | Scotch-I rish society.........13, 341 | star, Nearest to Earth........... 38 |
| Red Cross, American National. 279 | Scotland, Government of......377 | 'Table ....... ................. 33 |
| Redemption of U.S. Notes..... 179 | Population of .........375, 381 | Stars, Morning and Evening... 25 |
| Red Men, Order of | Scottish Clans, Order of........ 325 | " ${ }^{\text {che Fixed .............. } 34,35}$ |
| Reformed Churches | Scottish Rite Masons........318.319 |  |
| Church in America ......... 333 | scrofula, Deaths from.......... 237 | "t and Terri. Indebtedness. 173 |
| " Episcopal Bishops......... 331 | sculpture.... V - ${ }^{\text {abio............ } 280}$ | " and Territorial Receipts.. 158 |
| egents' Examinations, N. Y..b36 | Sea, Objects Visible at.......... 61 | " and Territorial Statistics.. 397 |
| erents, University of N. Y. ...436 | Seasous, t | " Capitals....... .................. 397 |
| Reginients, Headquarters of. . 408 | Secretaries, | " Committees, Political. 129,130 |
| Register's Office, N. Y.......... 490 | Senate, N. Y | " Constitutions..............388 |
| Registration of Voters | President | " Department O.fficials........ 399 |
| Regular Army and Navy | Senators,U.S | " Elections......................... 398 |
| Reigning Families of Eu | Servian Royal | " Flowers.......................... 189 |
| Religions Statistics..........337-332 | Settlers and D | " Legislation in $18999 . . .10{ }^{\text {a }}$-114 |
| Representation in Congress, Ratio of | America. | ־ Militia...................... 419 |
| Representatives in Congr's.429-434 |  | "Officers, (See Each State |
| Republic, Grand Army of the.. 346 | Sheriff's Office, N. Y............ 490 | U. s. Secretaries of......... 148 |
| Republican National and State | Shipboard, Time on............... 27 | States and the Union ........... 397 |
| Committees. | Shipbuilding in U. S.............. 169 Shipping, A merican \& Foreign. 169 | Statistical Ass' n, American...... 288 |
| ". Leagne, National ..........132 | Comnissioner in N. Y.... 488 | Statues in N. Y. City........... 614 |
| " Party Platforms. .....i24,127 | Shotgun Records ............... 262 | Statutes of Limitations.......... 79 |
| Republics and Monarchies. ... 57 | Shot-Putting Records.......... 251 | Steamboats from N. Y. City.... 526 |
| Revenues, U.S.Governm't...... 158 | Sidewalks, New York City.... 500 | Steamships from N. Y. City ${ }_{\text {K }}{ }^{5} .522$ |
| Revolution, Dames of the......351 | Signals, Weather.............62, 63 | Transatlantic.........186-188 |
| " Daughters of the.........350 | " Night, on Steamers....... 188 | Steam Vessels, Inspection...... 488 |
| " Navy of the............356-366 | Silver Deposited in U. S. Mints. 178 | Steel, World's Production of. . 199 |
| "Sons of the | * Dollar, Market Prices of... 176 | Stocks, Prices of Leading.13,202. 203 |
| Revolver Recor | " Production of.............. 176 | Storm signals.................... 63 |
| Rheumatism, Deaths fro | " Purchases by U. S......... 177 | Street-Cleaning Dept., N. Y. C. . 489 |
| Phode Island Election Returns 478 | " Question in Party Plat- | St. Andrew, Brotherhood of.. . . 337 |
| Rifle Records................... 240 |  | St. Louis Exposition. ............. . 285 |
| Rifles Used by Princip |  | is Naval Order of.............. 348 |
| Ritualistic Calendar............... 44 | " Repubican Uirculation........ 180 | St. Vincent de Paul Society.... 334 |
| Rogation Days | Skating Records.................. 26. | Submarine C'ables .............. 227 |
| Roman Catholic Hierarchy .... 330 | S | Sub-Treasury, N. Y.............. 488 |
| Roman Er | Small-Pox, Death | Suffrage Qualifications... . 136-138 |
| Roque, or Croquet, Records. . 251 | Smokeless Powders. | "Woman..................... 138 |
| Rough Riders' Association..... 348 | Social Science Ass' n, American. 288 | Sugar Prodnction. ................ 195 |
| Roumanian Royal Family ....333 | socialist Labor Party ............ 131 | Suicide, Statistics of............ 235 |
| Rowing Records . . . . . . . . . 247-2-49 | Trade \& Labor Alliance. . 134 | Summer, Beginning of, 1900.... 25 |
| Royal A cademy ................. 281 | Societies in N. Y. City. ..... 524, 523 | Sun on Meridian. .............45-56 |
| "Arcanum | Soda, Production of................ 200 | " Mean Distance of......... 38 |
| Arch Masons......... ..... 319 | Solar System.................... 38 | Sun's Declination. ............... 32 |
| " Family of England.........370 | Soldiers' Homes, U. S............ 87 | Sunday-School Statistics....... 329 |
| " Families of Europe... .... 371 | Sons of Confederate Veterans.. 349 | Supreme Court of U. S......146,402 |
| " Masonic Order of Scotland 320 | " of Israel..........................e.e33 | " " N. Y.. .434, 435, 491 |
| " Templars of Temperance. $3 * 5$ | of Temperance. | Surrogate's Court, N. Y. City . . 491 |
| Rulers of Nations............ 13, 369 | " of the Amer. Revolution...343 | Surveyors of Customs.......... 401 |
| Rum, Production of............ 197 | " of the Revolution | Survivors, War of 1812.........1165 |
| Running Records | " of Veterans, U. S. A....... 347 | Sweden, Government of........ . 368 |
| Russia, Army \& Navy of. $352,353,383$ | Sorosis....................................... 32 | :" and Norway, A rea, etc.... 367 |
|  | South \& Central A mer. Trade. . 388 | Swedish Royal Family ......... 374 |
| Russian Calendar for 1900...... 44 | 4 " American Armies and | Swimming Records............. 254 |
| " Empire. ................. |  | wine, Value of, in U. S......... 192 |

SEE THE BUYER'S GUIDE, PACES 549~559.

| T | PAGE | W |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PAGE | United States Army............. 405 | PAGE |
| TAMMANY, SOCIETY OF........ 341 | " and Canada Commission. .100 | WAGES, WORKINGMEN'S...... 168 |
| Tariff Rates, U. S. . ..........154, 155 | " Army Generals. . . . . . 405, 410 | Walking Records........................ 262 |
| " Question in Party Platf' msi24 | " Army Recruiting Require- | War, Civil, Statistics of........ 87 |
| Tax Commissioners, N. Y. State 436 | ments. | " Department Officials ...... 399 |
| " Department,N. Y.City. .. 490 | Assay Office | " of 1812, Societies of. ......... 344 |
| " Rate, U. S. Cities........... 395 | " Assistant Treasurers...... 401 | " of 1812, Survivors.......... 165 |
| " War Revenue..........155-157 | " Bankruptcy Law........... 183 | "\% Revenue Taxes.........155-157 |
| Taxable Property of U.S. Cities.395 | " Civil Service Rules....104,105 | \% Secretaries of .............. 148 |
| Tea Statistics....... ............. 198 | " Colonies......... . . . . . . . . 93 | " Veterans, Society of Sons. 347 |
| \% Tax .......................... 157 | " Constitution................141-145 | Wards in N. Y. C'ity............. 542 |
| Telegraph Information $228,229.230$ | " Courts................... 402,4 | Wars of U. S. Troops Engaged 86 |
| Telephone Statistics........ 229,230 | " Currency Circulation...... 180 | Warships of U. S. . . . . . . 3 356-366, 413 |
| Telescopes, Large . ........... 35,290 | " Customs Duties..........154,155 | Washington, D. C. . . . . . . . . 153,396 |
| Temperance, Sons of........... 322 | " Daughters 1812,Society...er. 351 | State Election Returns.... 485 |
| Temperature. Normal, in U. S. 64 | * Diplomatic and Consular | Water Commissioners, N. Y... 489 |
|  | Service ........................ 420 | High, Various Places.. ...... 67 |
| Tennessee Election Returns... 449 |  |  |
| Tennis Records ................. ${ }^{540}$ | " Forestry Statistics. ......... 189 | Weather Bules for foretelling 61 |
| Territories of United States. 397,398 |  | ". Signals.......................... 62 |
| Texas Election Returns........481 | spector, N. Y............... 488 | Weight-Throwing Records..... 251 |
| Theatres, New York City... 493, 535 | " Marine Corps............... 411 | Weights, Domestic... . . . . . . . . 58 |
| Theological Schools in U.S... 294 | " Marshals | Measures, Metric.......... 75 |
| Theosophy | " Military Academy .... ... 404 | "6 of Great Britain. ........... 78 |
| Thermometers, Compa | " Military Departments..... 406 | " of Produce . ............ ........ 77 |
| Scales............................ 61 | " Naval A cademy........... 404 | West Point Military A cademy..40-4 |
| Tide Tables.. ...................66,67 | " Naval Enlistment. ........ 417 | W. Virginia Election Returns..486 |
| Time Difference Between New | " Navy.. ........13,365, 411-418 | Wheat Harvest Calendar ...... 190 |
| , York and Foreign Cities 27 | " Naval Stations............. 418 | Statistics.............. 190, 191 |
| " Divisions of ............... 26 | " Notes, Redemption of.... 179 | Wheelmen, League Amer'ı. . 388 |
| " Mail, from New York.... 74 | " Pension Statistics. .164, 165,400 | Whiskey, Production of....... 197 |
| " on Shiphoard................ 27 | " Post-Office Statistics........ 172 | White Cross Society ............. 388 |
| " Standard. | " Public Debt......................174 | Whooping Cough, Deatlis from 237 |
| Tin, Production of.............. 199 | " Public Lands.......................162, 163 | Wind signals................... . 63 |
| Tobacco, Production of......... 192 | " Receipts \& Expenditures. 159 | Winds, Velocity of, in U. S..... . 65 |
|  | " Senate.............. 147, 427,428 | Wine, Statistics of ........197, 198 |
| Tonnage, | " Supreme Court........ 146, 402 | Winter, Beginning of, 1900..... 25 |
| Tornado Statistics............... 63 | * Veteran Navy............. 348 | Wisconsin Election Returns...486 |
| Tract Society, American..... 336 | " Warships........... $356-366,413$ | Woman Suffrage........... 13, 138 |
| Trade, Foreign of U. S . . . 166. 167 | Unitarians....................... 327 | Woman's Christian 'Temper- |
| Transatlantic steamers....186-188 | Universa. Peac - Conference.... 98 | ance Union $\ldots$............... $1 \%, 334$ |
| Treasury Department Officials. 199 | Universalist Gen'l Convention. 333 | Woman's Relief Coorps.......13, 247 |
| " Secretaries of the........ 148 | Universities of U. S. . . . . . . 295 -315 | Women's Clubs, Federation of. 325 |
| Treaty with Spain............ 88-90 | University Boat-Racing.....247-249 | Woodmen, Fraternal Order. . . 325 |
| Troops in Wars of U. S........... ${ }^{86}$ | ". Extension....................... 317 | Wool, Statistics of ................. 193 |
| Trotting Records.................... 242 | Uranus, Planet...................28, 38 | Workingmen's Wages............. 168 |
| Trust Companies in N. Y...498,523 | Utah Election Returns......... 483 | Workmen, United Order of.... 325 |
|  |  |  |
| " in Party Platforms.....126 |  | "Statistics of Countries of.. 367 |
| Turf, the American........241-243 |  | World's Ecumenical Mission- |
| Turkey, Army \& Navy of. . 352,353 | V | ary Conference.................. 334 |
| * Government of............368 |  | Wurtemberg, Royal Family ... 374 |
| Turkish Empire.................367 | Valuation, Assessed, of | W yoming Election Returus... 488 |
| Twentieth Centur | ROPERTY IN U. S. . . . . . . . . 395 |  |
| Twilight Tables............ . . . .45-56 | Value of Foreign Coins........ . 175 |  |
| Typhoid Fever, Deaths from.. 237 | Vanderbilt Family . ......... 268,269 |  |
|  | Vaulting Records................. 253 | Yachting Records . . . . . 2556, 257 |
| U | Venezuelan A ward.............. 82 |  |
|  | Venus, Planet..................... 38 | Boat Races $\qquad$ |
| NION ARMY CORPs, SOCIET'S. 345 | Vermont Election Returns.... 483 | " Football...................... 264 |
| "Veteran Legion............ 347 | Veterans, sons of... $\because \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots . .347$ | Yellowstone National Park..... 163 |
| " Veterans' Union........... 347 | Vice-Presidents of U.S.,List.13,147 | Young Men's Christ. Ass' ns..... 336 |
| Unitarian Ass' n , A merican..... 333 | Virginia Election Retırns...... 484 | "People's Christ' n Union...334 |
| United A merican Mechanics. 325 | Volunteer Lite-Saving Corps.. 525 | * Women's Christ. Ass' $\mathrm{ns}, 13,336$ |
| ". Confederate Veterans..... 349 | Volunteers of America............ 339 |  |
| " Daughters of Confederacy. 349 | V Officers of..............405, 409 | $\mathbf{Z}$ |
| " Society Free Baptists ..... 335 | Vote, Popular \& Electoral..118, 439 |  |
| " Sons Confederate Vets.... 349 | Voters, Registration or. | N OF . . . . . . . 199 |
| " Workmen, Order of.......325 | " Qualifications for | Zionist Movement............... 334 |

## Jforiculture in the anited Stateg.

THE floriculture industry $\ln$ the United States in the census year was made the subject of a special investigation by the Census Bureau, with the following results, the statistics applying solely to the business of flower merchants or florists:

| Number of establishments. | 4,659 | Product of year: Rose bushes, . . . . . . . . . 49,056,253 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Square feet of glass covering | 38,823,247 | " Hardy plants and shrubs $38,380,872$ |
| Value of establishments. | 38,355.722 | " ${ }^{\prime}$ All other plants.......... 152,835,292 |
| Men employed. | 16,847 | Total value of product. .................... \$12.036,477 |
| Women employed | 1,958 | Cut flowers in addition. ..................... $14,175,329$ |

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## Articles.

Volume. Page
Actors and Actresses, Professional and Non-Professional Names of.............. in the World.
888... 135

Alien Iandholders in the United States..1888... 90 A:merica's Cup, Record of Races for......... $1894 . . .278$ Arbitration Treaty with Great Britain... $1898 . . .87$ Australian Ballot System
Bartholdi Statue Described....................... 1887
Battle Calendar of the Republic ............... 1899.
Bible Statistics.. $\qquad$
Boodle Aldermen of New York, List of.. 1888 ... 118
British Throne, Order of Succession to... $1896 . .351$
Bryant's Index Expurgatorius................. 1893.
Cemeteries, National.
1894.

Cemetery Population, U. S..............................................227
Census, Eleventh U. S. , How Taken...... $1890 . . .57$
Centuries Ago................................................... 1894
Cliicagó, Information About................................................................... 43
Chicago, Maps of...................................................... $1893 . . .423$
Chicago, World's Falr................................... $1891 . .$.
1892... 67
.1893... 75
1894... 81

Chinese Exclusion Act................................. $1894 . . .106$
Chinese Treaty with the U. S................1895.. 100
Clearing-Houses of the World, Statistics
of..
1890... 96

Coins, American, Prices of Rare............ 1888 .. 112
College Fraternities........................................ $1893 . . .183$
Columbian Postage Sitamps Described... $1893 . . .150$
Columbus to Veragua, Pedigree............ $1894 \ldots . .182$
Commonest Proper Names in Use............. $1898 . . .256$
Conemangh Flood.
1898... 256

Constitutional Amendments, Proposed...
Counterfeits, Dangerons.
1890
Cuba, Description and Map........................... 1899.
Cyclones, Statistics for 87 Years.................. 1889.
Czar's Universal Peace Proposal.
24
Diplomatic Intercourse with Foreign
$\qquad$
Dispensary Liquor Law of S . . C........................................... 1084
Divorce Law's of All the States...................... $1894 . . .200$
marthquake Record of 1891....................... $1892 \ldots . .190$
Electrical Facts.
.1841... 152

Erie Canal, Dates of Opening and Clos-
ing.
1898... 32

Executions by Electriclty ........................................................... 14
Faribault System of Education................ $1893 . . .185$
Fecundity, Statistics of.
Fisheries of the United States..
Flag, American.
Floriculture in the United States
$.1893 . . .150$

Flower, New York State....................
$\qquad$ 1892... 246
$.1892 . .140$

Governors of States, List of, from the Revolution.
1892... 66
......................... ......... .......... 1896... 125
Hawaii, Joint Resolution Annexing....... $1899 . . .96$
Hundred Best Books, Lubbock ................. 1895... 247
Hudson River, Dates of Opening and Closing
1898... 32

In Darkest England................................1891... 189
Income Tax of 1894.
1895 .. 92
Index Expurgatorius................................... $1893 . . .192$
Influence of the Moon on the Weather... $1898 . . .52$
Inter-Continental Railway......................... $1891 . . .150$
International Marine Conference............ 1890... 56
Labor Commission U. S., Recommenda-
tions of...................................................... 1895.
Labor Movement in Ü.S., Chronology of 1892. Labor Strikes, Tahular History of....... 1895 Lake Erie, Dates of Opening and Closing.. 1898.
Land Areas in the U. S. and Europe......1890.. 96Articles.

Volume. Page.

Liberty Enlightening the World, Stat-
Library of Congress............................................................................... 24Lightning, Damage by, in the United
States, statistics of. ..... 1889 ..... 23
Marine Conference, International 1890. ..... 1890... 56
Marriage Laws of All the States
f
Persons A warded 1899 ..... 84
Mining Claims, Land Office Procedure in.. 1890. ..... 95
Mormons, The. 1897. ..... 329
Ministers,1895... 124
National Bank Capital, Where Held. ..... 1888... 104
National Cemeteries1894... 295
Naral Guns, Range of ..... $.1892 \ldots 252$
Naval Vessels of the Great Powers, Listsof1899... 344
Navigation of the Erie Canal, Dates of
Opening and Closing for 6 ..... 1898... 32
Novels, Hundred Greatest. ..... 1895. 246
Pan-American Conference ..... 1890... 60
Population of Nations of the World, 1890... 206
Porto Rico, Description and Map ..... 1899... 80
Postage stamps, Old, Prices of. ..... 1888... 113$.1893 . .150$
Postal Statistics of the World ..... 1590. ..... 90
Presidents of the U. S., their Biographies in Brief. ..... 1897... 116
Prohibition Party, Growth of.
1890... 105
Produce. Comparative Prices of
1892... 154
Railroad Facts
1895.. 48
1895.. 48
Railroad Strike of July, 1891
Railroad Strike of July, 1891
1891... 150
America.
1893... 131
1893... 131
Shakespearian Table ..... 1893... 185
Silver Purchase Repeal Legislation ..... 1894... 102
Silver Question ..... 18861888... 68
Single Tax Explained ..... 1898... 86
South Carolina Liquor Law
1899
Spanish-American War, History of....... 1899 ..... 64
Stage, Professional and Non-Profes-
sionel Names of Actors and Actresses. 1St. Mary's Canal, Dates of Opening andClosing1891... 37
Sub-Treasury Schenie of the Farmers'
Alliance.189291
Suicide Statistics of the U. S.............................. ..... 1840... 132
Tariff Legislation, 53d Congress ..... 1895. . 86
Taxation of Bank Issues, U. S. ..... 1895... 101
Telegraphic Statistics of the World.. ..... 1893... 149
Telescopes in the U. S., Large. ..... 1889... 124
Tornadoes, statistics of for 87 ..... 1889... 24
Torpedo service of the World.1892... 140
Utah, Act Admitting. ..... 1895117
Utah Commission, Report of ..... 1890... 161
Venezuelan Boundary Treaty. ..... 1896... 67
Veto Power of the Execntive in All the ..... 58
States.
States.
Vine Cultivation in the United States................................. ..... 140
Volapilk. 1892. ..... 195
Water Supply of American Cities ..... 1888... 109
Wealth of Nations. ..... 114
Weather Wisdom ..... 1886... 160
Whist, Laws of
-
World's Colnmbian Exposition ..... 1891.
1893
World's International Expositions, Listof1892... 74

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Somp weeks are occupied in printing a volume so bulky as The World Almanac, and it is necessarily put to press in parts or "forms." Changes are in the mean time occurring. Advantage is taken of the going to press of the last form to insert information of the latest possible date, which is done below. The readers of the almanac are requested to observe these additions, corrections and changes, and it would be well to make note of them ou the pages indicated.
41. Anniversaries: September 12, Battle of North Point, near Baltimore, 1814.
83. Death Roll of 1899: Additional deaths were-Jacob Bright, 78. London, November 8; George H. Chickering. piano manufacturer, Milton, Mass. November 17; Charles Coghlan. 58, actor, Galveston. Tex.; Evan E. Settle, 51. Representative iu Congress, Owenton, Ky , November 16; Gerson Siegel. 59, of the Siegel-Cooper Company, merchant New York, November 15; Alvin Saunders, 82, ex-Governor of Nebraska, Omaha, November 1; Divigh L. Moody, 62, evangelist, East Northfield, Mass., December 22; Henry W. Lawton, 56, Major General U. S. V., battle of San Mateo. Luzon, December 19; Bernard Quaritch, 82. bibliophile, London, December 17; Dorman B. Eaton, civil service relormer, New York City, December 23
97. Samoan Treaty: Signed by the representatives of Germany, Great Britain, and the United States at Washington, December 2, 1899. It goes to the Senate for ratification.
115 Republican National Convention: Philadelphia, June 19, has been selected by the National Committee as the place aud time for the Convention of 1900
133. Union Reform Party National Committee: R. S. Thompson, Chairman, Springfield, O. ; A. G Eichelberger, Secretary, Baltimore. Md.
138. American Woman Suffragist Association: Susan B. Anthony elected President. Anna Howard Shaw, Vice-President; Rachel Foster Avery, Secretary.
138. Woman Suffrage: An association of women opposed to the suffrage has also been organized in Oregon. A woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution will be submitted to the people in June, 1900.
147. Vice-Presidents of the United States: George Clinton was of Scotch-Irish lineage.

178 Monetary deposits of gold and silver at the mints and assay offices to January 1, 1899: Gold, $\$ 1,834,003,721$. 87 ; silver, $\$ 799,820.735 .40$. Total, $\$ 2,633,824,456.91$.
202-203. On December 18, in consequence of a panic in the market, there was a general fall in the prices of stocks below the lowest given of many of the stocks, in the tables printed on these pages.
331. Old Catholic Archbishop: His address is Duvall, Keewaunee County, Wis.
331. Irotestant Episcopal Bishops: Rev. Robert Codman, Jr., of St. John's Church, Boston, was elected Bishop of Maine, December 14.
334. Woman's Christian Temperance Union: Lillian M. N. Stevens is President; Susanna M. D. Fry. Chicago, Secretary.
336. Young Women's Christian Associations: The Executive Committee, Mrs. J. Herbert Tritton, Chairman, is composed of fourteen British ladies, and Miss Annie M. Reynolds, an American, is the World Secretary. The week of prayer is second week in November, instead of October.
338. Epworth League: Rev. Wilbur P. Thirkfield, D. D., has been chosen General Secretary, succeeding Rev. E. A. Schell, resigned.
340. Founders and Patriots of America, Officers of the General Court, 1899-1900: Governor-General, Stewart L. Woodiord; Deputy Governor-General, Samuel E. Meigs; Secretary-General, Charles M. Glazier, Hartford,Ct. ; Treasurer-General, Samuel V. Constant; Registrar-General, William A. Mitchell.
341. Society of Mayflower Descendants: New York Society: John Taylor Terry elected Governor; Levi P. Morton, Deputy-Governor; Jeremiah Richards, 83 Grand Street, Secretary.
341. Scotch-Irish Society: President, Hon. O. P. Temple, Nashville, Tenn. ${ }^{\text {Hon }}$. Vice-President and Honorary Secretary, Rev. J. S. MacIntosh, D. D., LL. D., 220 Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia.
343. Society of the Cincinnati: Asa Bird Gardiner has been elected President and James M. Varnum Vice-President. of the Rhode Island Society.
345. Society of the Army of the Potomac: Brevet Major-General D. McM. Gregg has been elected President.
345. Medal of Honor Legion: Theodore S. Peck, Burlington, Vt. elected Commander; George W. Brush, Brooklyn, N. Y., Senior Vice-Commander; John W. Heard, U. S. A., Junior ViceCommander; Llewellyn G. Estes, Washington, D. C.. Adjutant. Next annual convention in Brooklyn.
347. Woman's Relief Corps Auxiliary to the G. A. R.: Harriet J. Bodge, Hartford, Ct., National President; Charlotte $E$. Wright, New Haven, Ct.: National Secretary. The membership in 1899 vas 141,930. Expended for relief during the year, $\$ 180$.375.94.
351. Daughters of the Holland Dames: Board of Managers for 1900, Mrs. E. A. Hoffman, Mrs. A. C. Chenowith, Mrs. W. Budd, Mrs. R. Benson, Miss Vanderpoel.
365-366. The New Navy: Where differences in details between this list and those on pages 413 to 417 appear, the latter should be accepted as the latest revised at the Navy Department.
366. Vessels of the United States Navy: The officially revised data concerning the equipment of the vessels of the navy appears on pages 413-415.
368. upanish Ministry: Count of Torreanaz has succeeded Señor Bas as Minister of Justice.
369. Heads of Governments: Walther Hauser was elected President of Switzerland for 1900 on December 14.
374. The French Pretenders: Princess Isabella of Orleans married Prince Jean of Orleans in England, October 30, 1899.
405. The Army: Major-General Leonard Wood, 'U. S. V., has been appointed to the command of the Department of Cuba, succeeding Major-General'John R. Brooke.
411. Navy Department: Certain bureau chiefs have the temporary rank of rear-admiral, but do not actually hold a commission as such, vide Paymaster Kenny.
413. United States Navy: The Secretary of the Navy in his annual report, December, 1899, recommended the building of eighteen additional war vessels; being three armored cruisers, three protected cruisers, and tweive gunboats.

# ADVERTISING INDEX. 




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Losses Paid in the United States Exceed Seventy-five Millions of Dollars.

## Cye axtorlx.

## JOSEPH PULITZER.

THE crowning triumph for and the completion of a great international service by The World occurred on October 3, whell the Anglo-Venezuelan Boundary Arbitration Commission rendered its unanimous decision, which was promptly accepted by both Governments. Thus the victory of that common sense which Gladstone declared was the only thing needed was complete, and the dispute of nearly sixty years' duration was ended.

It was a victory above all for the principle of arbitration. It was a victory for publicity. It illustrated the mighty power for good of a great, free, fearless, and independent newspaper, and its moral force in the community and nation. When President Cleveland sent his warlike message to Congress, asking for commission to "determine the true divisional line" between Venezuela and British Guiana, and proclaiming that the attitude of Great Britain in its announced purpose to take from Venezuela by force what it claimed as its territory threatened the "peace and safety" of the United States and "the integrity of ourfree institutions,' The World condemned the proposition and the menace that accompanied it as a "grave blunder." It insisted that "the question of a boundary is essentially a question of fact and of history, and, as such, eminently fit to be settled by impartial arbitration."

The World appealed to the consciences of the two peoples; it stood almost alone among the press of this country, and with the might of public opinion against it. All the jingoes in America cried for war. The British press and British statesmen said sloomily that war could not be averted.

The World did not pause. It secured in response to its cabled inquiries messages of peace and good will from Gladstone, Canon Farrar, prelates, and statesmen. The Prince of Wales, departing from traditional rules of royal etiquette, addressed the American people through The World, expressing his hope for a prompt settlement of the dispute. The voice of passion was stilled. The tide of sentiment on both sides of the Atlantic was turned, and every voice was for peace. On June 6, 1897, a treaty of arbitration between Great Britain and Venezuela was ratified. Venezuela chose Chief Justice Fuller and Associate Justice Brewer, of the United States Supreme Court; Great Britain named Lord Herschell and Justice Collins, of the Queen's Bench, and these four agreed upon Professor Martens, Counselor to the Russian Foreign Office, as the fifth member of the board to settle the longstanding dispute by the methods of peace.

The plaudits of the whole English-speaking peoples on both sides of the ocean followed, and later the Peace and Arbitration Societies of Great Britain, taking advantage of the presence of Mr. Joseph Pulitzer, Director of The World, in London, presented an address to him in recognition of the services of the great newspaper of which he is the inspiration and guiding spirit in averting war.

The result justifles the bold championship of peace by The World. The forecast is fulfilled. Conscience and common sens's have triumphed through arbitration. War and aggression have both been avoided and substantial justice has been done to all. Civilization was advanced a century in a few months by the mighty force of a great newspaper, which has steadily for its object the welfare of mankind and the advancement of A merican civilization.

## THE SOUTH AFRICAN CONFLICT.

When the war cloud first hovered over South Africa, The World opened direct comrnunication with President Kruge in the interest of the new diplomacy of publicity and received an immediate response. President Kruger chose to make his appeal to civilization through The World and presente a mos remarkable state decument for the consideration of civilization. Ou September 7 , disregardin: $\mathrm{ul}^{\prime}$ quibbles and iutricacies of diplomacy, he summed up the issues as they appeared to the Boe sayin. that the crisis was due to a certain section of British residents, "to whom the very existenc $0^{f}$ the republic is an eyesore," aud who, "not content with the best mining laws in the world
wished also to have complete control of legislation and administration, the destruction of the republic, and $h$ romplet coutrol of the richest mines in the world." He concluded sarlly that "we liave no such owerful friend as you proved to be to Venezuela and other republics. We have strong faith that the cause freedom and republicanism will triumph in the end." The Worbin cabled President Kruger' message in full to Joseph Chamberlain. British secretary for the Colonies, who was quick to reply iin a reference to the British Blue Book for his side of the controversy,

President Kruger answered throngh The World that his Government had ever been ready to submit the dispute to arbitration, and suggested that a board of arbitration be selected, two members by Fingland, two by the Transvaal, and the fifth by the President of the United States or the President of cwitzerland, concluding with: "We have yielded everything but the life of the republic. We wish most earnestly for arbitration to prevent a war which would be an outrage against religion and humanity.

THE WORLD immediately set going the movement for arbitration, which resulted in the most powerful petition ever drawn to President McKinley, asking him to offer the kindly offices of the American Government in mediation of the dispute which had reached a stage that threatened the existence of two sister republics.

President Steyn, of the Orange Free State, cabled his grateful indorsement of The World's effort for peace and 1 rging the necessity for speedy action

Prem.e W. R. Schreiner, of the British Cape Colony, cabled from Cape Town his appreciation and cympatny with the movement for a peaceful settlement of the South African difficulties.

A rchbishop Croke cabled: "Avert war by all honorable means."
Cardinal Logue said: "I am most anxious for peace."
The Archbishop of York, Archbishop of Canterbury, Right Hon. Leonard Courtenev, M. P , Michael Davitt, and other prelates, statesnen, and public men of England indorsed THe W'orld's effort to secure peace, while the siguers of the petition to President McKinley in this country made it the most formidable document of the kind and the most representative of A merican feeling since the Declaration of Independence. Among the signers were ex-Senators George F. Edmunds and John Sherman, Archbishop Ireland, Gen. O. O. Howard, President Jordan, of Leland Stanford University; Donald G. Mitchell, Ifayor Phelan, of San Francisco; President Warren, of Bostou University: Frederic R. Coudert, ex Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson, ex-Senators Manderson and Ingalls, ex-Represeutative Breckinridge, John P. Altgeıd, Augustus Van Wyck, William B. Hornblower, Eruest H. Crosby, T. Estrada Palma, Carl Schurz, Horace Boies. J. Sterling Morton, Archbishops Kain and Christie and sixteen Bishops of the Roman Catholic Church, Bishops Potter, Dudley, Whittle, Hare, and fourteen other Protestant Episcopal Bishops, ninety university and college presidents, forty Federal and state judges, the Governors of thirty-five States, one hundred and eight senators and Congressmen, State officers, mayors, editors, clergymen, lawyers, business and professional men, and thousands of others of lesser note.

A great mass-meeting was held in Carnegie Hall in indorsement of The World's petition. The petition wastaken to Vashington by a delegation of representative men on October 26. The President replied in effect that he should not offer his services as mediator unless formally asked to do so by the disputants. though the British Government made a similar offer to him at the beginning of the Spanish War.

But events moved too fast for peace on this polite form of preventing war. With clear insight the President of the Transvaal realized that to delay meant to provide better means for the destruction of the South African Republics. He therefore boldly warned England that unless troops were withdrawn by a fixed hour war would begin, and served notice to civilization through The World in words that have already become historic:
"The republics are determined that if they must belong to England a price will be paid which will stagger humanity."

Then came the clash of arms. Having done all it could to avert the war, THE World now turned its attention to its next highest duty-that of presenting the earliest, most graphic, and complete report of each movement in the war. It retained Lieut. Winston Spencer Churchill, the talented son of Lord and La:ly. Randolph Churchill, with the American blood of the Jeromes in his veins, as its special corresponde't in the field.

Ir presented to its readers an immense map of the section of South Afrlca whlch was the scene of the conflict, with carefully compiled descriptive statistics of the country. It printed comprehensive articles on Cecil Rhodes, the uncrowned diamond king and maker of modern Africa; the war itself, by Lieutenant-General Schofield: the arms and marksmanship of the Boers, by Maxim, and life in Boerland, by H. C. Hillegas, the American authority on South African matters. Lieutenant Churchill was aken prisoner by the Boers, and E. F. Knight, one of the ablest war correspondents on earth, took his place, only to be wounded at the famous fight at, Belmont. He heroically dictated a graphic account of that battle, the best account that came over the cable. John Stuart, a third correspondent of THE WORLD, was cut off by the Boers at Ladysmith, all of which proves that THE WORLD did not err in selecting its correspondents, for the place for a war correspondent is inyront, where he runs the risk of being shot or captured in getting accurate news at first band. The World has presented the fullest and earliest news from the beginning of hostilities.

## TAXING FRANCHISES.

THE World's crusade against unjust taxation, and its long fight for tax reform, was a memorable feature of the last session of the Legislature. It began January 11 by showing that to meet the extraordinary expenses resulting from the consolidation of more than 100 corporate commminities into Greater New York, a tax rate of $\$ 2.60$ seemed necessary on an increased valuation of $\$ 421,000$,000 ; that real estate would be a burden, while the possessors of $\$ 7,000,000,000$ of personal property in New York would swear off all but $\$ 500,000,000$, leaving real estate to bear the burden of taxation. It called for a revision of th? scheme of taxation, and Governor Rooseveltresponded with a recommendation to that effect. 'T'uree city wards held meetlngs, five taxpayers' assoclations also held meetings to indorse The World's crusade. The Real Estate Excliange and the Real Estate Board of Brokers joined with THF World.

THE WORLD revealed that the franchises of corporations nolding monopoly for railway tracks, subways, and other.privileges in the street were worth not less than a billion dollars, and that these and other tangible franchise properties enjoying privileges of inestimable value from the people were paying nothing for them. If taxed they would yleld enough revenue to raise the city's debt limit by at leastione,hundred million dollars thus enabling the city to issue the necessary bonds for constructIng a rapid transit road and to go on with the East River bridges,

Senator John ford prepared a bill and presented it to the Legislature, providing for the taxation of all franchises and epecial privileges. A citizens' mass-meeting at Lenox Lycemm indorsed the bill,
and The Worlo sent able lawyers to Albany to present arguments for the passage of the bill before the Committee on Taxation. On March 21 a whole page of editorial matter set forth the injustice and inequality o the tax laws as they then existed. A petition bearing 19,000 signatures was presented at Albany by The World. The Franchise Tax bill became a law. The first effect was a renewal of the work of the Rapid Transit Commission. It was the most important legislation in this State in several years.

## THE EDITORIAL FORUM.

THESUNDAY WORLD's Editorial Forum, an innovation in journalism, has been made brilliant by the contributions of some of the best minds of America and Europe. Among those who have contributed to the discussion of living themes in these columns are Grover Cleveland. "American Citizenship;' Brig.-Gen. Frederick Funston, "The Filipino as a Fighteri", Frank R. Stockton, "The Way Out of the Philippine Embarrassment;" Assemblyman Mazet, "The Lesson of the Investigation," and Rev. Dr. Chas. H. Parkhurst, "The Devil a Poor Saint,' a review of the Mazet Investigation; Paul Leicester Ford, "Democracy and the Fighting Line;", Margaret Sangster, editor of Harper"s Bazar, "How Women May Win Success in Journalisin;" Dr. T. H. Salisbury, "The Course Dinner a Public Nienace;" John Sherman, "What Shall We Do with the Philippines?"; Count Ivan Tolstoi, "Is War Against the Will of God?' Ira D. Sankey, "song as a C'ivilizer;'" Collis P., Huntington, "Education for Bread Winners;' Senator Depew, "The Value of Stump Speaking;' John W. Bookwalter, "Will Russia Take a Hand in the War?'' Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, "The Future of Cuba;'" President Walter's. Logan, New York Bar Association, "The Injustice of Large Inheritances;' David Belasco, "Has the Bad 'Woman of the Stage a Good Influence p"' the Right Hon. Wiiliam E. Lecky, of the Dublin University, "Present State of Morality in the World:" John Burroughs, "A. Lesson in Thinking;" Marquis of Lansdowne, "England's Military Statns in the 'Transvaal;"'Elizabeth Cady Stanton, "One Way to Abolish Unhappy Marriages;' Bishop Willia m Croswell 'Doane, "The social Crisis and How It Should Be Met;' Maarten Martens, Holland's foremost author, "To England," in verse ; Charles Broad way Rouss, merchant prince, "Getting There First;', Nathan straus, philanthropist, "Should the Word, 'Charity' Be Abolished?', Dr. Edward Hecker, of Weisbaden, "To Cure Insomnia Without Drugs;' Hudson Maxim, inventor of the Maxim guns, " Arms and Marksmanship of the Boers;', Dr. Depew, "A Review of Irving's 'Robespierre:', Duita. "The Doom of Art:", Rev. Newell'Dwight Hillis, successor of Beecher and Lyman Abbott in the pulpit of Brooklyn's Plymouth Church, "Fiction and Poetry the Great Instructors of To-Day;" Lillian Russell, "Divorce;" Israel Zangwill, "What Is Yiddish?"' Prof. Cesare Lombroso, the world's greatest criminologist, "Crime Among the Rich:" Pierre Loti, of the French Academy, "Behind the Eye of the Cat;', United States Senator Henry M. Teller, "Uncle Sam in the Far East:'" Amelia E. Barr, "Do the Dead Remember?" Dr. Talmage, "My Full-Blooded Cow;" Marconi, the electrical wizard, "Teegraphy Without Wires;', sir Thomas Lipton, " Why So Few Irishmen Are Coming to America Now;" President Francis Patton, of the Princeton University, "Morality of College Boys;" Rudyard Kipling, "The Law and the Lady:", Russell Sage, "The Money Market;'" Rev. Robert Collyer, the blacksmith preacher, "How Sball We Fill the Churches?" Mary E. Wilkins, greatest of New England novelists "A Are the Best Stories True ?', John C. Sheehan, "How the Philippines Will Increase McKinley's Political Power;"' Menry Clews, successful banker, "Beefsteak as a Civilizer;" Senator William B. Allison, "The Boom of the Century;" Henry Labouchere, the great editor and reformer of Londou, "The Unholy War;", John Kendrick Bangs, the humorist, "The New Disease, the Loving-Cup Industry;', Senator Mark A. Hanna, "False Prophets and Tin Gods;'" President James J. Hill, of the Great Northern Railroad, "The New Prosperityand Its Stumbling Block:' Susan B. Anthony, "Resnlts of Forty Years, a Retrospect;" D. O. Mills, "Ruinous Extravagance of the Poor;", ex-Mayor Wm. L. Strcug, "A Lesson in the Price of Wool;" Mrs. Russell sage, "Women Will Vo:e in 1914," a prophecy; Wm. R. Merriam, Director-General of the Census, "New York at the End of the Next Century.'

## AS A MEDIUM OF COMMUNICATION.

When prince or politician, or church dignitary, or scientist, or other publicist desires to express his views to the great American public, he naturally seeks the great representative newspaper of the country. THE WORLD is so considered, and it is recognized as a newspaper bent on printing all the facts, giving fair expression to both sides, as is evidenced by the number and character of those who have used it as a medium of communication.

Ambassador White addressed the American people through THE World in an impressive summing up of the work of the International Peace Conference at The Hague, saying: "It marks the first stage of the abolition of the scourge of war.'

The last great public utterance of the late Congressman Nelson Dingley, Chairman of the Ways and Means Commiltee of the House of Representatives, was in the form of an addre ${ }^{-s}$ to the people, in which he presented an able and remarkable exposition of the finances of "Empire," and he chose THE WORLD as the medium through which to reach the people.

Emperor William II. talked to the people of this country through THE WORLD of a closer union of the United States with Germany.

Cardinal Gibbons, head of the Roman Catholic Church in America, reached the people through THE WORLD in a 3,000-word communication on "'The Cancer of Divorce.'

Vice-President Figuere, of San Domingo, informed the American people through a despatch to THE WORLD that the assassination of President Heureaux was a murder, not a political killing. This gave much relief to those having commercial connections likely to be injured by an uprising in the "Black Republic,"

## THE RAMAPO ROBBERY.

More water than New York uses goes to waste over the Croton dam, yet the Board of Public Improvements would have given a contract to the Ramapo Water Company, by which it had the privilege of selling $\$ 5,000,000$ worth of water to the city every year for forty years, had it not been that The Worms discovered and exposed the scheme. By the Ramapo robbery the city would have been mulcted in eight years for more than the whole Croton lands, aqueducts, and reservoirs cost, and the life of the contract made it worth $\$ 200,000,000$ to the conspirators. After the exposure the Board of Public Improvements showed signs of being ready to defy the public, and THE WORLD secured an injunction forbidding the Board to make the contract and killed it.

## WOMAN'S ADVANCE IN THE WORLD.

The pages of THe World are guide posts in the progress of civilization, the advance of the people toward that higher life which is the ideal of the sociologist, and in no phase of the onward march has there been anything more conspicuous than the uplifting of woman during the last half of the century. And her advance has been by her own energy and exertion, unaided, as Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton well says. by any party, clique, or conspicious body of men. Women havegiven to The World in the past years many thoughtful, timely articles. Among these contributors have been Susan B. Anthony, who resolutely opposed the entirely feminine inovement to keep Roberts, the Mormon Representative-elect, out of Congress, and Mrs. Stanton, the two "(irand Old Women', of America, who have battled for the emancipation of their sisters, as they did fifty years ago for the freedom of the black slaves.

Grace Corneau, Countess de St. Maurice, who accompanied the party of Viceroy and Lady Curzon to India as The World's special representative at the Maharajah's splendid court, contributed several articles, not the least interesting of which recounted her own experiences hunting real Bengal tigers in the jungles.

Pattl's own story of her life, her three husbands, and her greatest love story illustrated the marvellous capacity of the human heart for youthfulness when its owner is happy.

Mmes. Bernhardt and Rejane on the Dreyfus trial.
Helen Gardiner, life-long friend of Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, and author of "The Unofficial Patriot'' and "The Rev. Griffith Davenport," wrote after the death o. the great agnostic on "The Heart Cry of Ingersoll's Family."

Mrs. John Gilbert marked her eightieth year by writing for The World about her first appearance on the stage, illustrated by many rare photographs.

Lady Drummond, widow of the grandson of the Earl of Perth, and wife of Harry Masters, a Brooklyn mechanic, told the story of her elopement to America with the Earl's grandson, who became a laborer, and, dying, left her penniless, but with a little daughter who may some day become Lady Drummond.

Mrs. Coghlan. wife of Capt. J. B, Coghlan, of the Raleigh, in her husband's defence.
Mrs. Fred. Funston, wife of "Fighting Fred," now a Brigadier-General, told about the life of a hero's wife after spending her honeymoon on the firing line in the Philippines.

Mrs. Harry J. Collins narrated the story of herlife in Alaska.
Mrs. Leonard Wood wrote the story of her life in Santiago and the work of her husband, General Wood, in Cuba.

There were tlmely articles by Emma Nevada, the famous singer; "Jennie June" (Mrr3. J. C. Croly), first President of Sorosis; Mrs. John King Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Burton Harrison, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Beatrice Harraden, and Maude Adams.

## BABE RETURNED-KIDNAPPERS PUNISHED.

Baby Marion Clarke was kidnapped in Central Park on Sunday, May 21. In twenty-four hours every man, woman, and child in New York was searching for the lost baby. Her parents were frantic. The mother became prostrated. For eight days the country was aroused, excited, and angry over this dastardly outrage. On May 23 THE WORLD offiered a reward of $\$ 1,000$ to any one "whn shall furnish to the Chief of Detectives of the New York City police force information leading to the recovery of the chlld, and leading to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who planued, executed, or abetted said kidnapping.'

On May 21 two women with a girl baby rented a room for the night in the home of Mrs. James Cosgriff in Brooklyn. On May 23 Mrs . Cosgriff saw a picture of Baby Mariou Clarke in The World. She notified Chief McClusky of her strange guests, who had been overheard saying they were going to a place the name of which ended in "burg,' the fare to which was $\$ 2.50$. McClusky's men were soon scouring the regions of Sloatsburg, N. Y. Meantine Ada B. Carey, postmistress at St. John's, a lonely hamlet in the Ramapo Mountains, a few miles from Sloatsburg, had seen that picture, and she immediately recognized it as the portrait of a strange child in the custody of a strange visitor to her post-office, and set out to find a justice of the peace and get a warrant. Mamie Conklin, of St. John's, saw this woman and child and her suspicious were aroused. Her father sent a telegram to Capt. McClusky, which gave him the first information of where the child was. George Beauregard Barrow and his wife were arrested Day 29, near St. John's, with Baby Clarke in their hands, and "Carrie Jones," the nursemaid, whose real name was Belle Anderson, was identified by a picture In THE WORLD and arrested at Sur mit, N. J., on June 2. Baby Marion was restored to her pareuts.

All three kidnappers were indis ted, tried, and convicted within two weeks, and are now serving heavy sentences in State prisons. On June' 2 Capt. Mcclusky in accordance with THE World's offer, divided the reward between Mrs. James Cosgriff and Austin Conklin.

## INTERESTING SPECIAL FEATURES.

The publication of the Rev. Charles M. Sheldon's wonderful book, "In His Steps," as a serial in THE World was one of the most talked-of exploits of journalism during the year.

It was followed by H. G. Wells' remarkable story, "When the Sleeper Wakes,', which told of the new life opened to a man who, falling asleep in the nineteenth, awakes in the twenty-first century.

Miss Maude Adams' charming narrative of "Romeo and Juliet, 'in which she was playing at the time, and a delightful prose version of "Barbara Frietchie,' by Julia Marlowe, for whom it had been dramatized, were among the literary features of THE W ORLD.

The World had the pleasure of introducing the famous actress, Miss Clara Morris, as a story writer of no small talent.
"The New Decameron'" made ten days of story telling in which A. Conan Doyle, Maurice Jokai, William Le Queu, Julian Hawthorne, the late Grant Allen, George R. Sims, Gilbert Pariker, Justin H. McCarthy, W. Clark Russell, and S. Baring Gould took part.

Hugh Bonner, ex-Chief of the New York Fire Department, wrote a series of true stories of the exploits of the army of heroes from the head of which he had just retired.

Dr. Talmage's Saturday lectures followed Revivalist Moody's one-minute sermons, and John Swinton's articles on social and labor questions kept both company.

Of great interest to amateur and professional sports were the lessons in billiards by Jacob Schaefer, "The Wizard of the Cue;" in wrestling, by Ernest Roeber; in boxing, by Terry McGovern; in dancing, by Prof. Carl Marwig, each fully illustrated and diagrammed.

## WHAT OTHER PEOPLE SAY ABOUT THE WORLD.

The Buffalo Times-Some citizens of the United States, under the lead of one of its enterprising journals, the New York World, made an effort (in behalf of the Boers) to put in practice the principles and fine theories of The Hague Peace Conference. The opportunity was a fine one to apply the plan formulated by the conference.

The Worcester Spy-The New York World continues its efforts to induce the President to suggest to Great Britain that arbitration is better than war in the case of the Boers. It is pertinent at this time to inquire what the great Peace Conference at The House in the Woods accomplished last Summer. Many days were given up to the agitation of olive branches and plans for universal peace. Yet there is no peace. Hardly was the convention over when the tocsin of war sounded.

Omaha World-Herald-President McKinley has rejected the monster petition of the New York World praying him to offer his services as mediator between England and the Transvaal. The World-Herald believes that alike from a religious, a humane, or a political staudpoint the President's action is indefensible.

Leslie's Weekly-We doubt if any newspaper has ever before succeeded in getting behind it such powerful influences in the professional, political, social, and business world as the New York World gathered together in its spirited effort to secure the friendly mediation of the United States between Great Britain and the South African Republics. The W'orld's petition to the President, asking him to offer the friendly services of this country in the field of arbitration, was the legitimate outcome of the great Peace Congress at The Hague, and the first real and practical effort since the close of that congress to carry out its purpose. It is not surprising that the great New York newspaper had the earnest and prompt support of every thoughtful man who realized the horrors of war and the beneficent influences of peace.

Middletown Daily Argus-The New York World is just now made especially attractive by a new style of illustratiou, which has been copied by other metropolitan dailies and by papers in the large Western cities. It is a sort of crayon imitation, and is particularly effective, that of the late President Faure being pronounced especially good.

Trenton True American-The New York World is entitled to the credit of having takent the initiative in breaking the mystery that has so sedulously been kept around the Adams poisoning case.

William Barnes, Jr., editor of the Albany Journal-The modern development of newspapers is certainly along the lines of The World's departure. The people more and more desire to hear what others have to say.
B. F. Paine, Cleveland Press-There is and always will be a demand for the opinions of people who have studied things social, political, religious, economic, and scientific. That demand you have, I take it, undertaken to supply with editorials signed by such men as Sherman, Tolstoi, Sampson, and Sankey, presented in The World's Editorial Forum.

Clark Howell, Atlanta Constitution-The Editorial Forum appeals to the common sense of the reading public, and is a distinct recognition of the demand of intelligence rather than a surrender to seusationalism.
E. A. Grozier, Boston Post-In my opinion the Editorial Forum of The World is a very excellent feature, appealing, as it does, to intelligent and thought ful people.
E. H. Clement, Boston Transcript-I have admired greatly from the first The World's Editorial Forum. It seems to me the augury and realization of a better journalism.

Harrisburg Telegraph-The New York World is engaged in an enterprise that the press of the country will heartily indorse-it is exposing the Christian scientist healers, and doing it in such a way as must drive the quacks out of business. More power to it, and may it keep up the work until the sham is riddled to pleces.
M. Paul de Rousiers' book on "American Social Life," Paris-The influence of certain American journals is great. The New York Wornd enjoys an incontestable anthority.

Oshkosh Times-A Tammany man sued THE WORLD for $\$ 75,000$ and got six cents. The verdict is more cruel than the original libel.

Paris Journal des Debats-THE World has many detractors, but even more readers. Xt is the most widely read sheet in the United States. It often prints more than a millioil copies in a day.

## COMPELLING COMPENSATION FOR FRANCHISES.

When street railway competition in New York was reduced to two companies, through the absorption of all the others, and these two "pooled their issues", and agreed to divide up the eighty miles of streets for which each had asked a franchise, THE World pointed out that this meant an absence of that competition which would make the public sale of the franchises a real auction. Each company asked only or a franchise for such streets as had been allotted to it in the combine, and offered to the city 3 per cent of the gross receipts for the first five years, and 5 per cent for the twenty years remaining of the term of the franchise. The World protested that these were the most valuable franchises the city had to give, with a monopoly of the traffic from the city to Yonkers, and that much higher compensation should be given. It showed that sixteen street surface railways alone, capitalized at $\$ 78,600,000$, with gross earnings in 1896 of $\$ 13,869.000$, paid into the city treasury on franch'se account only $\$ 192,000$. The Board of Estimate saw the light, and fixed the rates for the first sixteen-mile franchise at 4 per cent or the first five years, 6 per cent for the secoud five years, 8 per cent for the third five years, and 10 per cent for the remaining ten years.

## DEFEAT OF THE ASTORIA GRAB.

The defeat of the attempt of the Astoria Light, Heat, and Power Company to grab a monopoly of the city's streets, under the guise of a bill before the Legislature purporting to be intended only to give the Consolidated Gas Company the right to lay pipesunder the East River, connecting the company's new works on the Long Island side with its feed pipes on the New York side, was one of the notable services of THE World to the public of New York City.

## INCREASE OF TEACHERS' SALARIES.

One of the proudest publie services performed by The World during the past year was that of securing for the 10,000 teachers in the public schools of the Imperial City of America, through the passage of the Ahearn 'Teachers' Salary bill, assurances of a steady and steadily increasing return in wages. It made an immediate increase in the salary appropriation of above $\$ 500,000$, and gave zealous teachers something to look forward to.

## FIRST NEWS IN THE WORLD.

Other newspapers got their first news from the columns of THE World regarding these happenings during 1899:

The death of Vice-President Hobart.
The railway disaster at West Dunellen, near Bound Brook, N. J., January 10, in which sixteen persons were killed and more than thirty injured.

The safety of all the passengers on the American line steamship Paris, about whose fate all America was worrying.

The result of the Jeffries- Fitzsimmons prize fight for the world's championship.
Richard Croker's explanation on behalf of the city administration of the doubling of assessments for taxation purposes.

The first statement of Harry Cornish in the Mrs. Adams poisoning case.
The neglect of the ashes of Col. George E. Waring, Jr.
The retirement of Secretary of War R. A. Alger from the President's Cabinet.
Of the hardest battle on latid in the Philippines, the news of which was given to Presideut McKinley in Thomasville, Ga., March 25, first by THe Worid.

The confession of James Billings to William Johnson that he murdered Susie Martin in March, 1894.
The solution of the mystery of the murder of Benjamin Nathan through the death of Freme McCready, thirty years after the tragedy.

The confession of Martha Place, electrocuted for the murder of her stepdaughter, Ida Place, March 21.

Accounts of the progress of the record-making automobile expedition from Buffalo to New Yurk by the only reporter on the vehicle.

Commander Lucien Young's startling discovery regarding the blowing up of the Maine with guncotton November 25. Secretary of the Navy Long got the first news of it from The World.

The storyrf the secret marriage of Anna M. Wright to the late Thomas J. Havemeyer.

## COMMEMORATIVE AND SPECIAL NUMBERS.

The special numbers of THE WORLD in commemoration of historical events, or celebration of National, State, or municipal occasions, are famous all over the land.

The year began with the New Year's number. It had twenty-four pages of marvellous printing in colors, reproductions of great works of art, photographs, and original drawings all delicately colored; a splendid review of the historical aspects of progress, by John Bach Mcmaster; review of the century from a religious viewpoint, by Rabbi (iustav Gottheil and Rev. Lyman Abbott; "The Development of the Press," by Pustmaster-fieneral Charles Emory Smith; "Mercantile Progress," by Robert Dun Douglas; "One Hundred Years in the United States Army," by Major-Gen. Nelson A. Miles; "The West," "by ex-Senator John J. Ingalls; "What the Century Has Done for Women, " by Julia Ward Howe, "A Century in Medicine," by Dr. George F. Shrady; "The Player and the Playhouse," by Joseplı Jefferson.

The "Jackson's Day", number, next in order chronologically, was scarcely less interesting, with its graphic account of the life of "Old Hickory," the battles of Buena Vista and New Orleans.

## THE NATION'S DAY OF MOURNING.

The Memorial Day WORLD presented portraits in half-tone of oyer 200 of the nation's heroes who laid down their lives that the glory of the constellation in the old flag sbould not be dimmed, besides pictures of New York's hero dead in that group of martyrs who fell in the Spanish War, with the story of how and where they fell. There were thoughful contributions, too, bs Gen. Nelsou A. Niles, Gen. Arthu MacArthur, Gen Frederick Funstou, Gen. Lloyd Wheaton. Gen. Irving Hale, Gen. Joseph E. Wheeler, the late Col. Robert G. Ingersoll, the Rev. William s. Rainsford, the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, Mrs. Jefferson Davis, Mrs. Fliza Rogers Sigsbee, wife of the commander of the Maine, and Mrs. John A. Logan.

## SPECIAL NUMBERS。

The Thanksgiving number was conspicuously tine. It consisted of seven parts, and included a "Hymn of Thanksgiving," written specially for THE World by Fanny J. Crosby, with music by Ira D. Sankey.

There was the Summer Fashion number, with its special half-tone supplement in colors, portraying styles in verything for men and women from top to toe.

The Coast number wa a cinematograph of the joyous vacation life along the shore from Sandy Hook to Barnegat, in colors and half tone.

The Horse show number told exactly what was the proper thing in dress for the opening event of the town season, with a two-page series of color pictures and photographs taken expressly for The World, and presented a full-pase reproduction in colors of Gilbert Gaul's painting, "The Horse

The Victorian number, on Her Majesty's birthday, in addition to a splendidly illustrated story of Queen Victoria and her own message of thanks to The World, presented conments on her life
and character from ex-President Harrison, President Porfirio Diaz, of Mexico; Mrs. John A. Logant, and character from ex-President Harrison, President Porfirio Diaz, of Mexico; Mrs. John A. Logan, Mrs. Jefferson Davis, President Angell, of the University of Michigan; Bishop Doane, of Albany; Bishop Cheney, of Chirago; Bishop Ninde, President Jordan, of Stanford University; Marie Corelli, Lady Jeune, Susan B. Anthony, and the Governors of many States and the representatives of the great women's societies.

On the first anniversary of the Battle of Manila Bay and the "Greatest News Beat of the Century,'s scored by Tha World in it account of that battle, days ahead of any other newspaper, a sailor can attain, was given with a special half-tone supplement in colors.

The Dewey number was another conspicuous triumph. It was a feature of the city's welcome to the nation's idol, It was accompanied by a srand, large portrait of the Admiral in colors; the story of George Dewey's life, from the cradle to the $\Delta$ dmiralty, written by John R. Spears, the historian of the American Navy, and enriched by a multitude of graphic illustrations; a spirited two-page picture in colors of the Battle of Manila Bay, and a fine picture of the Dewey Arch of Triumaph in Madison Square as illuminated the night of New York City's reception to the returning hera.

The Pulitzer Building, home of THe World, was splendidly decorated and illuminated during the Dewey celebration, and the Statue of Liberty in the harbor was made a blaze of glory by night by The World.

The Christmas number, December 10, had as its leading feature an original story by Mark Twain, "My First Lie, and How I Got Out of It, and was a conspicuous addition to the liteiature of the year.

## MINOR SERVICES.

After long, patient, hard work by THE Worcn for open-air public gymnasiums for the benefit of the youth of the tenement-house district, Seward Park was turned over to the Outdoor Recreation League last Summer, and a completely equipped gymnasium and layground established there.

Two new recreation piers, making eleven in all of these delightful breathing spots on our river fronts, have been opened during the year under the Walker law, the passage of which was secured by THE WORLD.

The boys' club idea of THE WORLD, furtber extending the usefulness to the people of the public school-houses, is under experiment in two of the school-houses at present and a dozenclubs of embryo statesmen hold forth during the week in their free club rooms.

Thanks to THE WORLD's sturdy championship of common sense, the delicatessen dealers and other caterers to the poor can no longer be molested by the Sunday-closing associations or other intolerant reformers who would curtail persoral liberty.

The World made a careful canvass and found that 25,000 children were crowded out of school for lack of room. It entere 1 upon a crusade for new school-houses, and, after a seven months'fight, a bond issue of $\$ 7,673,640$ was authorized by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and approved by the Municipal Assembly, and the work of building twenty- Conr new schools was begun

THE WORLD scored a victory in its fight against the soft-coal nuisance, securing indictments against those who persisted in polluting and darkening the atmosphere of the city with soft-coal smoke, their speedy trial, and prompt conviction and punishment.

After giving to its readers the best account of the "drifting" races of the Columbia, and Shamrock, and chrouicling the eight failures to get wind enough to race. THE WORLD, jo ning with the Loudor Mail, offered a $\$ 500$ cup for a special race or races between the yachts on a triangular course on the first windy day. Sir Thomas Lipton gratefully thanked THE World for the generous offer, and would have accepted the proposition bad it not bappened that ou the last trial it was "nothing but Shamrock weather," and he manfully and in a sportsmanlike way, couceded that "the Columbia was the better boat and could outsail the shamrock in any kind of race.' ${ }^{\prime}$

After the disastrous Windsor Hotel fire THE WORLD made a special effort to ascertain the name of every fireman who had distinguished himself by special heroism in that holocaust. It published a long roll of honor, with the portraits and brief biographies of the men, together with a graphic account of the especial deed of bravery and self-sacrifice performed by each.

Through THE WORLD's exposure of the cruelty and mismanagement of the Elmira Reformatory, and its advocacy of the establishment of a reformatory for New York City. the plans for such an institution on Riker's Island came about.

The scheme in the Municipal Council to make a park out of the triangle at Twenty-second and Twenty-third streets, Broadway and Fifth avenue, at a cost to the city of $\$ 3,000,000$. was killed. The secret purpose was tọ give the Metropolitan Street Railway more room for its switching yard at this point.

## ABOLISHING SWEAT SHOPS.

The exposure of the cruelties practised, and the dangers menacing the young girls and children employed in the sweat shops, where government and civilian clothing was made. resulted first in the decision of the Army and Navy Departments that no more uniforms should be made in these vile places. and then, by the passage of the Costello "Anti-Sweat Shop" bill by the Legislature, Governor Roosevelt appointed Jacob A. Ris a special commissioner to investigate the sweat shops. Citizens in mass-meeting indorsed the bill. the Central Federated Union, the President of the Board of Health, and several clergymen approved THe Wormb's crusade, and he Governorsigned the bill. Mr. Riis said of The World's fight against the sweat shops: "It is the best thing that has been done for the women and children, to whom starvation wages are paid. Doing away with the sweatshop evil means better pay and shorter hours for thousands."

## BROCKWAYISM CURBED.

THe Worcd's long war against "Brockwayism', has resulted at last in the abolishing of the paddle, the strap. and the chain as implemeuts of punishment in the Elmira Reformatory, thongh not until Z. R. Brockway, the Superintendent of this institution for the reformation of young first offenders against the law, had admitted that thirty-three reformatory inmates had become insaue in the first ten months of 1899, and had been sent to the State Hospital for Insane Criminals. THE Vorld exposed the brutality of Brockway by scores of sworn witnesses. Many judges flatly refused to sentence young criminals to Elmira after that, and until Goveruor Roosevelt selected a new board of managers. The new board has put a stop to his methods, and no inmate will ever again be paddled or chained to the floor.

## EXPERTS AND SPECIALISTS AS REPORTERS FOR THE WORLD.

Commissioner Peck. representative of this Government at the Paris Exposition, wrote a full report in May of the progress of the work and America's share in the exposition

President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western Railroad. wrote a convincing article showing why his road makes eight hours of rest compulsory among its employés

Rear-Admiral William T. Sampsou reported for THE WORLD on the work of the Naval Reserve in the Cuban campaign.

Senator Depew and Representative William Astor Chanler reported the opening of their respective bodies of Congress for The World.

MUSIC FOR THE MILLIONS.
THE WORLD treated its readers to a library of music last Summer by a unlque and gigantic enterprise which involved the printing and distribution to its readers of ten pieces of music, songs by empnent and popusar composers, to the number of over 5,000,000.

## THE END OF ALGERISM.

When the scandals in the management of the War Department had demonstrated the necessity for a change, THE World demanded a surcease of Algerism. It kept up the fight until more than half the newspapers in the United States joinec in asking for the dismissal of Secretary Alger from the Cabinet. The World published, in reduced fac-simile, editorials from 132 daily uewspapers of all parties, sustaining its position. It showeu that the United States Government nad spent $\$ 99,660$ in an investigation, in which the investigators had plainly whitewashed the Secretary. Alger lefl the Cabinet July 19, and The World was ahead of all its contemporaries in publishing the news.

## TO HARLEM IN FIFTEEN MINUTES.

"To Harlem in Fifteen Minutes', has been THE WORLD's slogan in its long campaign for rapid transit. When other obstacles had been eliminated and the Rapid Transit Commission had formulated a plan for the underground road it was found that the city's debt was close up to the constitutional limit. The Legislature was asked to amend the law so that the tunnel might be built by private parties. THE WORLD suggested a people's syndicate, and, as an evidence of its sincerity, pledged itself to take $\$ 7000,000$ worth of the $\$ 75,000,000$ capitalization necessary. The balance needed was otfered within three days. At the recent election, however, an amendment to the Constitution was ratified by the people separating county debts from city debts, for the purpose of computing the bond-issuing capacity of the city, ana this at once provided available funds. A half dozen qualified firm. hav.prepared to bid for the work of constructing the road, and the year 1900 promises to see the work begun.

## LIFTING THE PARNELL MORTGAGE.

When Lord Mayor Tallon, of Dublin, and John Redmond, M. P., visited America and appealed on behalf of the Irish people for assistance in paying off the long overdue mortgage upon the home of the late leader and idol of the home rulers, Charles Stewart Parnell, The Worldjoined in the work, and in three days more than enough money was raised, and the home of Ireland's greatest leader of modern days was saved.

## THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The movement to secure a Public Library Building to house the Astor Lenox-Tilden City Library, and to be opened in the evenings and on Sundays, and to provide a circulating library for the poor, which was :tarted by The World, was crowned with success when on April 4 the Board of Estimate authorized, and the Municipal Assembly approved, the issue of $\$ 500,000$ in bonds to pay the expense of removing the old reservoir from the site selected in Bryant Park, Fifth Avenue, Forty to Fortysecond street. The work was begun within a month, and the $\$ 2,500,000$ library bullding will be reared and ready for occupancy by 1902.

THE AMSTERDAM AVENUE GRAB.
After a fight lasting 108 days, in which the most powerful political influence and the ablest legal talent in New York was arrayed against THE WORLD in its effort to save Amsterdam Avenue, in New York, from the street railway corporation which, reckless of the lives aud limbs of the school children, men, and women who must cross this crowded thoroughfare daily, would have laid four parallel tracks for electric cars there, and indeed did actually go on with the work aud laid five miles of tracks, the measure known as the "Amsterdam Avenue bll"" passed the Legislature and became a law.

## THE WORLD'S SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

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The astronomical calculations in this ALmanac wereexpressly made for lt ity J, Morrison, M, A., M. D., Ph. D., of Washington, D. C. . and are expressed in local mean time.

## Chronological Eras.

The year 1900, which is a common year of 365 davs, corresponds to the year 7408-09 of the Byzantine era. to $5660-61$ of the Jewish era, the year 5661 beginning at sunset on September 23 ; to 2653 since the foundation of Rome according to Varro, to 2647 of the era of Nabonassar; to 2676 of the Olympiads (the fourth year of the 669th Olympiad beginuing July 1, 1900): to 2560 of the Japanese era, and to the 33d year of the Melji; to 1317-18 of the Mohammedan era or the era of the Hegira the year 1318 beginning on May 1. 1900. The 125th year of the Independence of the United States of America begins on July 4, 1900.

Date of Beginning of Epochs, Eras, and Periods.


## The Seasons.

Vernal Equinox, Spring begins Summer Solstice, Summer begins Autumnal Equinox. Autumn begins WinterSolstice, Winter begins


## Morning Stars.

Merctry. -Jan. 1 to Feb. 9; March 24 to May 30 , Aug. 1 to Sept. 13 , Nov. 20 to end of year Venve. -July 8 to end of year
Mars, -January 16 to end of year. Jupiter.-Jan. 1 to May 27: Dec. 14 to end of year SATURN. -January 1 to June 23.

## Evening Stars.

Mercury. - February 9 to March 24; May 30 to August 1; September 13 to November 20. VENUS. - January 1 to July 8 MARS. - January 1 to January 16 JUPITER. - May 27 to December 14. SATURN. -June 23 to December 29.

Note. - An inferior planet is a morning star from Inferior to Superior Conjunction, and an evening star from Superior to Inferior Conjunction. A superior planet is a morning star from Conjunctiou to Opposition and an ovening star from Opposition to Coujunction.

## Church Memoranda for 1900.

| January | April. | July. | October. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Monday. | 1 v . Sunday in Lent. | 1 iii. Sunday aft. Trinity | 1 Monday. |
| 6 Epiphany | 8 Palm Sunday. | 8 iv . | 7 xvii. Sun. aft Trinity |
| 7 i . Sun. aft. Epiphany | 13 Good Friday. | 15 V . | $14 \times 1$ xviil $\quad \because \quad: \quad \because$ |
| 21 iiii. $\because \quad \because$ | 15 Easte: Sunday. 22 Low Sunday. |  | $28 \times 1$. |
| 28 iv. " $\because$ | 29 ii. Sunday aft. Easter |  | November. |
| February. | May. | us | 1 Thursday. |
| Thursday |  | Wednesda | $4 \times \times 1$. Sun aft. Trinity |
| 4 Quadragesima Sunday | 1 Tuesday. | 5 viii.Sunday aft. Trinity | $11 \times 10$ |
| 11 Septuagesima Sunday | 6 iii. Sunday aft. Easter. | 12 ix. ${ }^{1}$ | $18 \times 8 \times 1 i$. |
| 18 Sexagesima 25 Qninquagesima | 13 iv. 20 Rogation Sunday | 19 x . | 25 xxiv. <br> 30 St. |
| 27 Shrove Tuesday | 24 Ascersion Day |  | December |
| 28 Ash Wednesday | 27 vi. Sunday aft, Easter. | Septembe |  |
| arc | June. |  | 2 Advent Sunday |
| 1 Thursday |  | 1 Saturday | 9 ii . Sunday in Aavent |
| $41 \mathrm{ii}$. Sunday in Lent. | $1{ }^{1}$ Friday | 2 xii Sundayaft. Trinity | 16 iii. 23 |
| 18 ilii | $1{ }^{1}$ Trinity Sunday. | ( ${ }^{9} \times 111$. | 23 iV. 25 Christma |
| 21 Thurs. (Mi-Careme) | 171 Sunday aft. Trinity | $23 \times 7$ | 27 St John Evang |
| 25 iv. Sunday ir Lent. | 24 it | 36 xvi | 31 Monday |

## 登mber amy Biogation Days.

Ember and Rogation Days are certain periods of the year devoted to prayer and fasting. Ember Days (twelve annually) are the Wednesday, Friday, and saturday after the first Sunday in Lent, after the feast of Pentecost (Whit Suuday), after the festival of the Holy Cross (September 14), and after the festival of si. Lucia (December 13). Ember Weeks are the weeks in which the Ember Days appear.

Rogation Days are the three days immediately preceding Holy Thursday or Ascension Day.

## (

THE Roman Catholic Days of fasting are the forty days of Lent, the Ember Days, the Wednesdays and Thursdays of the four weeks in Advent, and certain vigils or eveuings prior to the greater feasts. In the American Episcopal Church the days of fasting or abstinence to be observed, according to the Book of Commou Prayer, are the forty days of Lent, the Ember Days, the three Rogation Days, and all the Fridays of the year except Christmas Day. In the Greek Church the four principal fasts are those in Lent, the week succeeding Whitsuntide, the fortuight before the Assumption and forty days before Cbristmas.

## Bivinions of ceime.

The interval between two consecutive transits of a fixed star over any meridian or the interval during which the earth makes one absolute revolution on its axis is called a Sidereal Day, and is invariable, while the interval between two consecutive transits of the Sun over any meridian is called an Apparent Solar Day, and its length varies from day tc day by reason of the variable motion of the earth fin its orbit, and the inclination of this orbit to the equator, on which time is measured.

A Mean Solar Day is the average or mean of all the apparent solar days in a year. Mean Solar Time is that shown by a well-regulated clock or watch, while Apparent Solar Time is that shown by a well-constructed sum-dial; the difference between the two at any time is the Equation of Time, and may amount to 16 minutes and 21 seconds. The Astronomical Day begins at noon and the Civil Day at the preceding midnight. The sidereal and Mean Solar Days are both invariable, but one day of the latter is equal to 1 day, 3 minutes, and 56.555 seconds of the former.

The interval during which the earth makes one absolute revolution round the Sun is called a Sidereal Year, and consists of 365 days, 6 hours, 9 minutes, and 9.6 seconds, which is invariable.

The Tropical Year is the interval between two consecutive returns of the Sun to the Vernal Equinox. If this were a fixed point, the Sidereal and Tropical Years would be identical; but in consequence of the disturbing influtnce of the moon and planets on the spheroldal figure of the earth, the Equinox has a slow, retrograde mean motion of $50.26 / \prime$ anuually, so that the Sun returns to the Equinox sooner every year than he otherwise would by 20 minutes 23.6 seconds; the Tropical Year, therefore, consists of 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, and 46 seconds. The 'ropical Year is not of uniform length; it is now slowly decreasing at the rate of .595 second per century, but this variation will not always continue.

Julius Cæsar, in B. c. 45, was the first to reform the calendar by ordering that every year whose date number is exactly divisible by 4 contain 366 days, and all other years 365 days. The intercalary day was introduced by counting the sixth day before the Kalends of March twice; hence the name bissextile, from bis, twice, and sex, six. He also changed the beginning of the year from 1st of March to the 1st of Jauuary, and also changed the name of the fifth month (Quintilis) to July, after himself. The average length of the Julian year is therefore $3651 /$ days, which, however, is too long by 11 minutes and 14 seconds, and this would accumulate in 400 vears to about three days. The Julian Calendar continued in use until A. D. 1582, when the date of the beginning of the seasons occurred 10 days later than in B; c. 45 , when this mode of reckoning time was introduced.

The Gregorian Year was introduced by Pope Gregory XIII. with the view of keeping the Equinox to the same day of the month. It consists of 363 days, but every year exactly divisible by 4 aad the centurial jears which are exactly divisible by 400 contain 366 days; and if in addition to this arbitrary arrangement the centurial jears exactly divisible by 4,000 contain 366 days, the error in the Gregorian system will amount to only one day in about 20 centuries. If, however, 31 leap years were intercalated in 128 years, instead of 32 as at present, the calendar would be practically exact and the error would not amount to more than a day in 100,000 years. The length of the mean Gregorian Year may therefore be set down at 365 days, 5 hours, 49 minutes, 12 seconds. The Gregorian Calendar was introduced into England and her colonies in 1752 , at which time the Equinox had retrograded 11 days since the Council of Nice in A. D. 325, when the festivai of Easter was established and the Equinox occurred on March 21 ; hence September 3, 1752, was called September 14. and at the same time the commencement of the legal year was changed from March 25 to January 1 , so that the year 1751 lost the months of January aud February and the first 24 days of March. The difference between the Julian and Gregorian Calendars is now 12 days. Russia and the Greek Church still employ the Julian Calendar for civil and ecclesiastical purposes.

## Etanmaxy eime.

Primarily, for the convenience of the railroads, a standard of time was established by mutual agreement in 1883, by which trains are run and local time regnlated. According to this system, the United states, extending from 650 to 1250 west longitude, is divided into four time sections, each of 150 of longitude, exactly equivalent to one hour, commencing with the 75th meridian. The first (eastern) section includes all territory between the Atlantic coast and an irregular line drawn from Detroit to Charleston, S. C., the latter being its most southern point. The second (central) section includes all the territory between the last-named line and an irregular line from Bismarck, $\mathcal{N}$. $\mathrm{D}_{\mathrm{i}}$, to the mouth of the Rio Grande. The third (mountain) section includes all territory between the lastnamed line and nearly the western borders of Ilaho, Utah, and Arizona. The fourth (Pacific) section covers the rest of the country to the pacific coast. Standard time is uniform inside each of these sections, and the time of each section differs from that next to it by exactly one hour. Thus at 12 noon in New York City (eastern time), the time at Chicago (central time) is $110^{\prime}$ clock A. M. ; at Denver (mountain time), 10 o'clock A. M., and at San Francisco (Pacific time), 9 O'clock A. M. Standard time is 16 minutes slower at Boston than true local time, 4 minutes slower at New York, 8 minutes faster at Washington, 19 minutes faster at Charleston, 28 ininutes slower at Detroit, 18 minutes faster at Kansas City, 10 minutes slower at Chicaro, 1 mlnute faster at St. Louis, 28 minutes faster at Salt Lake City, and 10 minutes fasterat San Francisco.

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A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS BETWEEN ANY TWO DAYS WITHIN TWO YEARS．

|  | $\dot{\text { En }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\text { © }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\Xi}{\Xi} \\ \text { H. } \end{gathered}$ | 育 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \frac{1}{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3} \\ & \stackrel{y}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | ச் | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ | 追 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 岂 | $\frac{\tilde{2}}{4}$ | な્工 | $\underset{\text { E゙ }}{\text { ® }}$ | $\underset{\text { E }}{\underset{y}{E}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{80}{2} \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ |  | 世 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \\ & 18 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ©゙ } \\ \stackrel{R}{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 32 | 60 | 91 | 121 |  | 182 | 213 | 244 | 274 | 305 | 33 | 1 | 366 | 397 | 42 | 456 |  | 517 | 47 | 578 | 609 | 639 |  |  |
|  |  | 33 | 61 | 92 | 122 | 153 |  | 21 |  | 275 |  |  |  | 367 | 39 | 426 | 457 | 48 | 518 | 24 | 579 | 610 | 640 | 1 | ， |
|  |  | 34 | 62 | 93 | 123 | 151 | 18 | 215 | 46 | 276 | 307 | 337 |  | 368 | 394 | 4.7 | 458 | 488 | 519 | 549 | 580 | 611 | 641 | 672 | 02 |
|  |  | 35 | 6 | 94 | 124 | 155］ | 185 | 216 | 247 | 277 | 3118 | 338 | 4 | 369 | 440 | 428 | 459 | 489 | 520 | 550 | 581 | 612 | 642 | 673 | 03 |
|  |  | 3 | 64 | 95 | 125 | 156＇ | 186 | 217 | 248 | 278 | 309 | 339 | 5 | 370 | 401 | 429 | 460 | 490 | 521 | 551 | 58 | 613 | 643 | 6：4 | 704 |
|  |  | 37 | 65 | 96 | 126 | 157 | 187 | 21 | 249 | 279 | 310 | 340 | 6 | $3: 1$ | 402 | 430 | 461 | 491 | 5：2 | 55.2 | 58 | 614 | 644 | 675 | 705 |
|  |  | 38 | 66 | 97 | 127 | 158 | 188 | 219 | 250 | 280 | 311 | 341 | 7 | 372 | 403 | 431 | 462 | 492 | 523 | 6 b | 58 | 615 | 4 | 67 | 06 |
|  |  | 39 | 67 | 98 | 128 | 159 | 189 | 2 | 251 | 281 | 312 | 34 |  | 373 | 404 | 432 | 4 | 493 | 52 |  | 58 | 616 | 646 | 67 | 507 |
|  |  | 49 | 68 | 99 | 129 | 160 | 190 | 2 | 252 | 28 | 313 | 34 | 9 | 374 | 405 | 43 | $45^{4}$ | 494 |  |  | 586 | 617 | 647 | $6: 8$ | 08 |
| 1 | 10 | 41 | 69 | 100 | 130 | 161 | 191 | 2 | 2 D 3 | 28 | 314 | 344 | 10 | 375 | 406 | 434 | 465 | 495 | 52 | $5{ }^{5}$ | 587 | 618 | 64 | 67 | 769 |
|  | 11 |  | 70 | 101 | 131 | 162 | 22 | 2 | 254 | 28 | 315， | 340 | 11 | 376 | 407 | 425 | 466 | 496 | 52 | 55 | 588 | 619 | 629 |  | 1 |
| 12 | 12 | 43 | 71 | 102 | 132 | 163 | 193 | 20 | 255 |  | 316 | 346 | 12 | 377 | 408 | 435 | 467 | 497 |  |  | 589 | $6 \geq 0$ | 650 |  | 1 |
| 13 | 13 | 44 | 72 | 103 | 133 | 164 | 194 |  | 256 | 28 | 31 | 347 | 13 | 378 | 409 | 437 | 468 | 498 | 52 | 55 | 590 | 621 | 65 | 68 | 712 |
|  | 14 | 45 | 73 | 104 | 134 | 165 | 195 | 22 | 257 | 28 | 318 | 34 | 14 | 379 | 410 | 438 | 468 | 499 | 530 | 560 | 591 | 622 | 6 | 68 | 13 |
| 15 | 10 | 46 | 74 | 105 | 135 | 166 | 196 | 22 | 258 | 28 | 319， | 349 | 15 | 380 | 411 | 439 | 470 | 500 | 531 | 56 | 592 | 623 |  |  |  |
| 16 | 16 | 47 | 75 | 106 | 136 | 167 | 197 | 2 | 259 | 28 | 320 | 350 | 16 | 381 | 412 | 440 | 471 | 50 |  |  | 593 | 624 | 65 |  |  |
| 17 | 17 | 48 | 76 | $10 \overline{7}$ | 137 | 168 ， | 198 | 2． | 260 | 29 | 331 | 3 3 | 17 | 382 | 413 | 441 | 472 | 503 |  |  | 59 |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 18 | 49 | 77 | 108 | 138 | 169 | 99 |  | 261 | 29 | 322 | 35 | 18 | 383 | 414 | 4.42 | 473 | 503 |  |  | 59 | 6. |  |  | 17 |
| 19 | 19 | 50 | 78 | 109 | 139 | 170 | 200 | 23 | 26. | 24 | 2 | 3 | 19 | 38 | 415 | 443 | 474 | 50 |  |  | 59 | 021 |  |  | 18 |
| 20 | 20 | 51 | 79 | 110 | 140 | 171 | 201 |  |  | 29 | 32 | 5 |  | 385 | 416 | 444 | 475 | $50 \pm$ |  |  |  | 628 |  |  | 19 |
| 21 | 21 |  | － 0 | 111 | 141 | 12 | 202 |  | 20 | 29 | 325 |  | 21 | 38 | 417 | 445 | 476 |  |  |  |  | 629 | 659 | 69 | 22 |
| 22 | 22 | 53 | 51 | 112 | 142 | 173 | 203 | 234 | 205 | 29 | 326 | 35 | 22 | 287 | 418 | 446 | 477 | 50 |  |  | 59 | 630 | 661 |  |  |
| 2. | 23 | 54 | 82 | 113 | 143 | 174 | 204 | 235 | 266 | 29 | 327 | 35 | 23 | 388 | 419 | 447 | 478 | 508 | 50 | 20 | 600 | 631 | 661 | 69 | 2 |
| 4 | 2 | 55 | 83 | 114 | 144 | 175 | 205 | 23 | 26 | 29 | 328 | 3： | 2 | 389 | 420 | 448 | 479 | 51.9 | 44 | 5 | 601 | 232 |  |  |  |
| 25 | 25 | 56 | 84 | 115 | 145 | 176 | $200^{\circ}$ | 23 | 268 | 29 | 339 | 35 | 25 | 390 | 421 | 449 | 480 | 510 | 541 | 51 | 602 | 633 |  | 694 |  |
| 26 | 26 | 57 | 85 | 115 | 146 | 177 | 207 | 238 | 269 | 299 | $330^{\prime}$ | $3{ }^{\circ}$ | 26 | 391 | 422 | 450 | 481 | 511 | 54 | 572 | 603 | 634 | 654 | 695 |  |
| 27 | 27 | 58 | 86 | 117 | 147 | 178 | 208 | 23. | 270 | 300 | 331 |  |  | 392 | 423 | 451 | 482 | 512 | 54 | 573 | 604 | 635 | 605 | 696 |  |
|  |  | 59 | 87 | 118 | 148 | 19 | 219： | 240 | 271 | 201 | 332 | 倍 |  |  | 24 | 402 | 48 | L13 | 54 | 574 | 50． | 200 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 88 | 119 | 149 | 180 | 210 | 241 | 272 | 302 | 333＇ | 3 | 29 |  |  | 453 | 484 | 51 |  | 57 | 606 | 637 |  | 698 |  |
|  | 30 |  | 89 | 120 | 150 | 181 | 211 |  | 273 | 30 | 324 | ， | 30 | 395 |  | 434 | 485 | 515 | 546 | 57 | 607 | 63\％ | 668 | 699 |  |
|  | 131 |  | 90 |  | 151 |  | 212 |  |  |  |  | 36 | 31． | 39 |  |  |  |  |  | 57 | 608 |  | 669 |  |  |

The above table applies to ordinary years only．For leap year，one day must be added to each number of days after February 28.

EXAMPLE．－To find the number of days between June 3，1900，and February 16，1901：The fig－ ures opposite the third day in the first June column are 154；those opposite the sixteenth day in the second February column are 412．Subtract the first from the second product－i．$e_{0}, 154$ from 112，and the result is 258 ，the number of days between the two dates．

## cime infrecte

BETWEEN THE CITY OF NEW YORK AND THE PRINCIPAL FOREIGN CITIES．


## Ball cimm au Syipyoary．



On shipboard，for purpose of discipline and to divide the watch fairly，the crew is mrstered in two divisions，the starboard（right side，looking toward the liead）and the Port（left）．．．The day com－ mences at noon，and is thus divided：Afternoon Watch，noon to 4 p．M．；First Dog Watch， $4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$ ．to 6 P．M．；Eecond Dog Watch， 6 P．M．to 8 P．M．；First Watch， 8 P．M，to Midnight；Middle Watch， 12 A．M．to $4 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$ ．：Morning Watch， $4 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$ ．to $8 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$ ．：Forenoon Watch， 8 A．M．to nnon．This makes seven Watches，which enables the crev to keep them alternately，as the Watch which comes on duty at noon one day has the afternoon next day，and the men who have only four hours＇rest one night have eight hours the next．This is the reason for having Dog Watches，which are made by dividing the hours between 4 P．M．and 8 P．M．into two Watches．Time is kept by means of＂Bells，＂although sometimes there is but one Bell on the ship．－Whitaker．

#  

ASTRONOMICAL SIGNS AND SYMBOLS.

$\bigcirc$ The Sun. The Moon. Mercury. venus. the Earth.

| 0 | Mars. |
| :--- | :--- |
| U | IJpiter. |
| h | Saturn. |
| \# | Iranus. |
| $\Psi$ | Neptune. |

Conjunction. Quadrature. Opposition. Ascending Node. Descending Node.
rwo heavenly bodies are in 'conjunction ' $(\delta)$ when they have the same Right Ascension, or are on che same meridian, $2 \quad$ e.. when one is due north or sout? of the other; if the bodies are near each other as seen from the earth, they will rise and set at the same time; they are in 'opposition' (8) when in opposite quarters of the heavens, or when one rises just as the other is setting. "Quadrature" is half way between conjunction and opposition. By "greatest elongation" is meant the greatest apparent angular distance from the sun; the planet is then generally most favorably situated for observation. Mercury can only be seen with the naked eye at this time. When a planet is in its " ascending' ( $\Omega$ ) or "descending' ( $\because$ ) node it is crossing the plane of the earth's orbit. The term • Perihelion " means nearest, and "Aphelion farthest, from the sun. An "occultation" of a planet or star is an eclipse of it by some other body usually the moon

## 1 -OCCULTATIONS.

During the vear 1900 there will be two occultations of Saturn and one of Uranus by the Moon. visible in this country The dates of immersion and emersion-that is, or beginning and endingexpressed in loca mean time. are, for the places below. as follows.

SATURN

| Place. |  | mmersion. | Emersion. | Immersion. | Emersion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bo | March 2 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{M} .7 \text {. } \\ & 3 \mathrm{IH} .7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{ccc} \text { D H. } & \text { M. } \\ \text { Julv } & 10 & 19.0 \text { р. } \end{array}$ |  |
| New York |  | 4148.2 A. м. | $2563 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{M}$. | 1011 1.6 Р. м. | 111221.3 A. M. |
| Washington |  | 4 1 31.0 A. m. | 238.0 A.m | 101043.0 P. M. | 11125.0 A. M. |
| Charleston, S. C. |  | $24{ }^{1} 12164.4$ A. M. | $\begin{array}{\|cc\|}2 & 13.4 \\ 1 & 48.7 \\ \text { A.M. M. }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lllll}10 & 10 & 22.8 & \text { P. M. } \\ 10\end{array}$ | 101148.7 P. M. |

URANUS.

| Place. | Immersion. | Emersion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston. |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { H. } & \mathrm{M} . \\ 7 & 0.9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| New York | 265539.1 P. M. | $6 \quad 49.6$ Р. м. |
| Washington | 265 26.0 P.M. | 6 39.0 P. м. |
| Sewanee, 「eml | 26 (4 39.8)* ${ }^{\text {P P.M. }}$ | $5 \quad 58.4$ P. M. |

- Before sunset.

The immersion of Urauns occurs during twilight; a small telescope or a good opera-glass will therefore be necessary to obtain a clear view of it.

> II -ECLIPSES.

In the year 1900 there will be three Eclipses; two of the Sun and one of the Moon, as follows :

1. A total Eclipse of the Sun May 28, visible as a partial or total Eclipse throughout the whole of North America except the extreme western part of Alaska, that part of South America north of a line drawn from the Gulf of Guayaquil to Georgetown in British Guiana, the whole of Europe, the northern and central portions of Africa, and the nortbwestern jart of Asia. The path of the total Eclipse begins at 8 h .6 m . A. M. Washington mean time in Latitude $17050^{\prime}$ North and Longitude $116^{\circ}$ 38 ' West, which point is in the Pacific Ocean southwest of Cape St. Lucas, old Califoruia; moving in a northeasterly direction it enters Mexico about midiway between Mazatlan and the mouth of the San Pedro River passing almost directly over Gonzales, Mazapil. Potosi, Monterey, and Cadereyta in Mexico: Edinhurgh. Tex., and enters the Gulf of Mexico about 40 miles north of Brownsville, Tex. ; after traversing the northwest corner of the gulf it passes over Morgan City and New Orleans, La. : Bay St. Louis, Mississippi City Biloxi and Scranton, Miss. ; Mobile, Evergreen. Rutledge, and Union Springs, Ala. : Columbus, Thomaston, Barnesville, Mouticello. and ireensboro, Ga.; New Market and Chester S. C. ; Momrue, Troy Carthage, Osgood. Moncure, Raleigh, Nashville, Lewisburg. Halifax. Jacksou, and Winton, N C.; Suffolk, Princess Anue Portsmonth, Newport News, Norfolk. Virginia Beach, aud Capes Henry and Char.es, Va. It then enters the Atlantic, still moving In a northeasterly direction until it arrives at or near Latitude 450 North, when it gradually changes

## ASTRONOMICAL PHENOMENA FOR THE YEAR 1900-Continued.

its direction and moves southeasterly, passing directly over the city of Coimbra, in rortugal, a little to the north of Ciudad Real in Spain. and enters the Mediterranean at a point in Latitude 38071 North and Longitude $0 \circ 40$, West, near the mouth of the River Segura; after crossing the Mediterranean it passes over the city of Algiers, skirts the coast of Tripolif for $10{ }^{\circ}$ of Lougitude and terminates at sunset in Upper Egypt at 11 h .25 m . A. M., Washington mean time, in Latitude $25021^{\prime}$ North and Longitude $31037 \prime$ East, having traversed $1481 / 40$ of Longitude in $3 \mathrm{~h}, 19 \mathrm{~m}$. The entire duration of the Eclipse is 5 h 23 m . During the passage of the shadow over the United States it moves at an average rate of 41 miles per minute and its diameter when passing over Norfolk, Va., is about 60 miles.

The dates of beginning and ending of the partial and total phases at the following places in the United States are given below and are expressed in local mean time (not standard time):

| Place. | Eclipse Begins. |  |  |  | Total Eclipgr. |  |  |  | Eclipse Eads. |  |  | Angle or Porition at |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Begins. |  | Ends. |  |  |  | Begin. | End. |
| Boston | May 28 | $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{D} & \mathrm{H} \\ 28 & 8 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}{ }^{\text {M }} 6$ | A. M. | No Totality. |  |  |  | 10 | ${ }^{\text {M }}$ M 9 | A. M. | 2520.5 | 8405 |
| New Yor |  | 287 | 531 | A. M. |  |  |  |  | 10 | 28.1 | A. M. | 2520.8 | 8301 |
| Chicago. |  | 286 | 55.6 | A. M. | , |  |  |  | 9 | 11. 7 | A.M. | 2430.6 | 9105 |
| Cincinnati. |  | 287 | 3.5 | A.M. |  |  |  |  | 9 | 25.7 | A. M. | 2480.6 | 8508 |
| Washington.......... |  | 287 | 35.8 | A. M. | ، |  |  |  | 10 | 6.9 | A. M. | 2520.9 | 8108 |
| Williamsburg, Va.. |  | 287 | 34.8 | A. M. |  |  |  |  | 10 | 8.3 | A. M. | 2050.5 | $7808$ |
| Richmond, Va ${ }_{\text {Charleston }}$ S.... |  | 287 | 31.1 | A. M. |  |  |  |  | 10 | 3.7 43.0 | A.M. ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 2040 2590 | $7905$ |
| Charleston. S. C...... |  | 287 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |  | A. M. |  | 7304 |
| New Orleans |  |  | $\stackrel{26.1}{ }$ | A.M. | $7$ | 29.4 |  | $31.0$ | 8 |  | A. M. | 2560.6 | 7506 |
| Mobile. |  | 286 | 35.5 | A.M. |  | 406 |  | 41.0 | 8 | 59.7 | A. M. | 2560.8 | 7503 |
| Raleigh. |  | 287 | 23.6 | A. M. |  | 33.7 | 8 | 35.1 | 9 | 549 | A. M. | $256{ }^{\circ} 2$ | 7704 |
| Norfolk. Va ${ }^{\text {V }}$, V ... |  |  |  | A. M. |  | 47.4 48.9 |  | 48.8 | 10 | 9.9 | A. M. | 2560.4 | $77^{\circ} \mathrm{B}$ |
| Virginia Beach, Va |  | 287 | 37.2 | A.M. |  | 48.9 | 8 | 50.5 | 10 | 11.7 | A. M. | 2560.5 | 770.7 |

The angle of position is estimated from the north point of the Sun s limb toward the East.
The Eclipse as seen from New York.


Horizon of New York,
2. A partiai Eclipse of the Moon June 12, visible in the United States. The duration of this Eclipse 1: only 73 milutes, and is therefore barely visible without telescopic aid:

| Place. | Begins. |  | Ends. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston. | $\text { June } \mathrm{D}_{2}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{M} . \\ 10 & 40.2 \text { р. м. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{M} \\ & 10 \end{aligned} \mathrm{~m}^{7} 5 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{~N} .$ |
| New York | 12 | 10 28.4 P. M. | 10 35.7 P. M. |
| Washingtou | 12 | 10 16. 2 р. M. | 10 23.5 P. M. |
| Charlestou. |  | $10 \quad 4.7$ P. M. | 1012.0 P M. |
| Chicago.. |  | $9340 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. | 10413 P. M. |
| Cincinnati | 12 | 9 46.4 P.м. | 9537 р.м. |
| St I ouis. ... | 12 | 9 23.6 P. м. | 930.9 р. м. |
| New Orleans | 12 | 9 24.2 P. M. | 9315 P м. |
| Deuver......... | 12 | 824.6 Р. м. | 8319 P. M. |
| $\underline{\text { San Francisco. }}$ | 12 | 714.7 Р. м. | 722.0 P. M. |

## Local Mean Time.

Angle of position at beginning $176{ }^{\circ}$ East and at end 1800 East from the north point of Moon's limb. Magnitude of the Eclipse 0001 , the Moon's diameter being regarded as unity.
3. An arcular Eclipse of the Sun November 21-22. invisible in America: visible in Central and Southern Africa, Australia, Borneo, and the Southern Philippine Islands.
III. - PLANETARY CONFIGURATIONS.
(New York Mean Time.)

| H. M. | D. H. M |
| :---: | :---: |
| Jan. 1845 P. M On d e | 86 A.m. 9 ¢ © inferior |
|  | $8747 \times \mathrm{M} .4{ }^{8} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  |
| 7812 р.м. \% \% h | 145 A.m \% stationary. |
| $161212 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$ of | 228 P.M Ód ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| 26756 А. M. 4 ¢ | 23 5 PM O in aphelion. |
| 2836 А M. И ¢ ¢, h. S. $2^{\prime}$. | 24.9 A.M 9 ¢ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | Aug. ${ }^{3} \quad 3$ A.m. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
|  | $5 \quad 342 \mathrm{Am} .4$ |
|  |  |
| 24511 P. M. ${ }^{2}$ | 109 Р. М. 9 |
| 28112 P. M. | 148 A. m, of gieatest brillian |
| 28540 PM . $\delta^{\circ}$ | 1910 A м. \% gr.elong. W. 18032 |
| Mar. 2121 Pm . | 20126 P M. ${ }^{2} \mathrm{O}$ |
| 4330 Am . ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | $21.553 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{~m}$. 0 ¢ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
| $4{ }_{8} 6$ A.m. \% in perihelion. | 2312 A.s. 23 ¢ |
| 8 ¢ A. M \% gr.elong. E. 18016'. | 254 P.M $21 \square \odot$ |
| 1410 F. M. ostationary. | 265 A. M \% in perihelion. |
| 18.2 P. 18 , in perihelion. |  |
|  |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll} 22 & 7 & 57 \text { А. м } & 4 \\ 24 & 3 & 29 & \text { А. м. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| 241012 P.m. ¢ ¢ ¢ inferior. | 172 A M ¢ gr.clon |
|  | $18.650 \mathrm{A.M}$ |
| 277 P. M. 21 stationary. | $191220 \mathrm{F.m}$. ${ }^{\text {O }}$ ¢ |
| 29457 P M. \% ¢ ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 2212 A.m. ${ }_{2}$ 口 ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ |
| 30148 A.м. \% ठ | 24.250 P.M. \% \% ¢ |
|  | $\begin{array}{llll} 29 & 54 \text { A. M } & 24 \\ 30 & 11 & 17 & \text { P M. } \\ \hline 2 \end{array}$ |
| 310 A.M. of d ${ }^{\text {o }}$ | Oct. 107 A.m. \% in aphelion. |
| 69 A.m. 6 stationary. |  |
| $\begin{array}{llll}14 & 3 & \text { A.M. } \\ 18 & 12 & \text { P. M. } \\ \text { P }\end{array}$ |  |
| 2010 A M. ${ }_{2} 10$ d | 25954 A.M. \% O' |
| 219 ¢.м. 9 ¢ gr.elong.W. $27^{\circ} 91$. | 2674 P.м. 4 |
| 27739 A. M ¢ ¢ | $28830 \mathrm{A.M},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~h}$ O |
| ${ }_{27}^{27} 2_{9}^{2} \quad \stackrel{\text { P M. }}{ }$ | Nov $2911 \quad \mathrm{P}$ M. \% gr. elong. |
| 28 9 P M. O gr. elong. E. $45^{\circ} 35^{\prime}$. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 17157 P.m. ${ }_{2}$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 18 8 $17 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m}$. ${ }^{\text {o }}$ ¢ |
| $\begin{array}{llll}26 & 9 & \text { A. M } \\ 27 & \text { O }\end{array}$ | $20741 \begin{aligned} & \text { A.M. } \\ & 21\end{aligned}$ |
| 28545 A. м . |  |
| $30 \quad 2$ A.м. \% ¢ ¢ superior. | 231219 P.m. 4 ठ |
| 31443 PM ¢ ${ }^{\text {d C }}$ | 24.75 P. M. ${ }^{4}$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
|  |  |
|  | 12738 P M. Of |
| 132 Р.м. of 2 , Gemin. |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}13 & 6 & \text { P.M. } \\ 15 & 9 & \text { P. M. } \\ \\ \text { P }\end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{array}{lll}15 & 9 & \text { P.M. } \\ 22 & 5 & \text { A.M } \\ \text { O }\end{array}$ | 19 20 23 A. M. ${ }^{2}$ |
| $\begin{array}{llll} 22 & 5 & \text { A.M } \\ 23 & 12 & \text { P. M } & \text { O } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $21-35 \mathrm{~A}$ м. 21. |
| 24240 Am \% ${ }^{2}$ | $22 \quad 754 \mathrm{A.m}. \mathrm{I}_{2}$ |
| $28340 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. 9 | 2210 A.M. O\% H. \% ¢ N. $0034^{\prime \prime}$. |
|   <br> 29 2 <br>   <br> 1  |  |
|  |  |

The planetary confiqurations serve to identify the planets and to mark the time when they are in critical points of their apparent orbits as seen from the centre of the eartin, the general station from which all astronomical phenomena are supposed to be viewed. imless the contrary is distinctly stated.

The conjunctions of the moou with the planets when viewed from the earth's sarface may differ from the above dates as much as $\pm 20$ miuutes ol even more by reason of the monn's parallax in Right Ascension. For the mere purpose of observatlon the above dates are sudfciently accurate for all places.

## 选egal 敃olioans in tye Various states.

January 1. New Year's Day: In all the States (including the District of Cohmbia) except Massachusetts, Mississippi, and New Hampshire.
January 8. Anniversary of the Battle of New Orleans: In Louisiana
Jantary 19. Lee's Birthday: In Florida, Georgia, North Carollna, South Carolina, and Virginia.
February 12. Lincoln's Birtrday: In Connecticnt, Illinois, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Peunsylvania, and Washington (state).
febiviary (Third Tuesday). Spring Electinn Day: In Pemnsylvania.

FELBUARY 2\%. WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY: In all the sitates (including the District of Columbia) except Mississippi.

February 27, 1900. Mardi-Gras: In Alahama and the parish of Orleans, Louisiana.
March 2. AnNiversary of Texan IndePENDence: In Texas.
April 4 1900. State Election Day: In Rhode Island.
A PRII 6. CONFENERATE MEMORIAL DAY: In Louisiana.
A Flrif 13. 1900. Good Firiday: In Alabama, Louisiana, Maryland, Pennsylvanla, Tennessee. April 19. Patriots Day. In Massachusetts.
April 21 Anniversary of the Battle of San Jacinto: In Texus
aphil 26. Confederate Memorial Day: In A labama, Florida, and Georgia
May 10. Confedehate Memorial Day: In Nortll Carolina and Sonth Carolina.
May (Second Friday). Confederate Day: in Tennessee.
May 20. Anniversary of the Signing of the Meciklenbiyrg Declaration of Inde. PeNDENCE: In North Caroina.

MaY 30. Decoration Day: In all the States and Territories (and District of Columbia), except Alabarna. Arkansas, Florida, (ieorgia, Idaho, Loulisıana, Mississippi, New Mexico, North Carolina, Sonth Caronna, Texas, and Virginia.

June 3. Jefferson Davis' Birthday: In Florida and Georgia.
JUTY 4. INDEPENDENCE DAY: In all the States and the District of Columbia.

July 24. Pioneers Day: In Utah.
ACGUST 2. 1900. INLECTION DAY: In North Carolina-for State oficers, Legislature, county officers, etc.

August 16. Bennington Bartle Day: In Vermont.

SEPTEMBER 3. 1900. LABOR DAY: In all the States and Territories (and District of Columbia). except A rizona, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, North Cavolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, and Vermont Is observed in Wyoming, but is not a legal holiday.
September 6, 1900. Labor Day: In North Carolina.
SEPTEMBER 9. ADMISSION DAY: In California.

November 1. All Saints' Day: In Louisiana.

November Genfral Flertion Day: In Arizona, C'alifornia, Colorado, Idabo, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tenuessee, Texas, West Virginia, Washington, V'isconsin, and W yoming, in the years when elections are held in these States. In 1900 the date is November 6.
NOVEMBER 25. Labor DAY: In parish of Orleans, Louisiana.
November 1900. Thankegaving Day (either the fourth or last Thursday in November in 1900, as the President may determine): Is observed in all the states, and in the District of Columbia, though in somestates it is not a statutory holiday.
DECEMBFR 25. CHRISTMAS DAY: In all the States, and in the District of Columbia.
sundays and Fast Days are legal holidays in all the states which desiguate them as such.
There are no statutory holidays in Mississippi and Nevada, but by common consent the Fourth ot July, Thanksgiving, and Chrlstmas are observed as holidays in Míssissippi. In Kansas Decoration Day, Labor Day, and Washmgton's Birthday are the ouly legal holldays by legislatlve enactment; other legal holidays are so only by common consent. In New Mexico Decoration Day, Labor Day, and Arbor Day are holidays when so designated by the Governor.

Arbor Day is a legal holiday in Arizona, Minnesota, North Dakota, Wisconsin, and Wyoming, the day being set by the Governor: in Texas, February 22; in Nebraska, A pril 22, Montana, May 8; Utall, Apris 15: Rhode Island, May 11; Florida, first'Friday in February; Georgia, first Friday in December; Colorado (school holiday only), third Friday in April; Idabo (school holiday only), first Fiday aiter May 1.
Every Naturday after $120^{\circ}$ clock noon is a legal holiday in New York, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Tennes ee, Virginia, and the city of New Orleaus, and in Newcastle County, Del. . except in St. George's Hundred; in Lonisiana and Missouri in cities ot 160,000 or more inhabitants; in Ohio in cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants; and June 1 to August 31 in Denver, Col. In the District of Columbia for all purposes respecting the presentation for payment or acceptance or the protesting of all commercial paper whatsoever. In Connecticut and Maine banks close at 12.noon on Saturdays.
There is no national holiday, not even the Fourth of July. Congress has at various times appointed special holidays. In the second session of the Fifty-third Congress it passed an act making Labor Day a public holiday in the District of Columbia and it has recognized the existence of certain days as holidays, forcommercial purposes, but, with the exception named, there is no general statute on the subject. The proclamation of the Presideit designating a day of Thanksgiv. ing only makes it a legal holiday in those States which provide by law for it.

## 

THese holidays, with their names, had their origin in mediaval England wheu the State religion was that of the church of Rome, and they are still observed generally or in some parts of England, Scotland, and Ireland.

January 6. Twelfth Day, or Twelfth-tide, sometimes called Old Christmas Day, the same as Epiphany. The previous evening is Twelfith Night, with which many social rites have long been connected.

Frbruary 2. Candlemas: Festival of the Purification of the Virgin. Consecration of the lighted candles to be used ln the church during the year.
February 14. Old Candlemas. St. Valentine's Day.
March 25. Lady Day: Annunciation of the Virgin. April 6 is old Lady Day.
June 24. Midsummer Day: Feast of the Nativity of John the Baptist. July 7 is old Midsummer Day.
Juiy 15. St. Swithin's Day. There was an old superstition that if rain fell on this day it would continne forty days.
august 1. Lammas Day Originally in England the festival of the wheat harvest. In the Church the festival of St. Peter's miraculous deliverance from prison. Old Lammas Day is August 13.

Stptember 29, Michaelmas: Feast of St. Michael, the Archangel. Old Michaelmas is October 11.
November 1. Allballowmas. All-hallows, or All Saints' Day. The previous evening is All-hallow e'en, observed by home gatberings and old-time festive rites.
November 2. All Souls' Day: Day of prayer for the souls of the dead.
November 11. Martinmas : Feast of St. Martln. Old Martin. mas is Novernber 23.

December 28. Childermas. Holy Innocents Day.
Lady Day, Midsummer Day, Michaelmas, and Christmas are quarter (rent) days in England, and Whitsunday, Martinmas, Candlemas, and Lammas Day in Scotland

Shrove Tuesday, the day before Ash Wednesday, and Maundy Thursday, the day before Good Friday, are observed by the Church. Mothering Sunday is Mid-Lent Sunday, in which the old rural custom obtains of visiting ol.e's parents and making them presents.

| 1900. | January. |  |  |  | February. |  |  |  | March. |  |  |  | April. |  |  |  | May. |  |  |  | June. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - | 1 | 11 |  | $\bigcirc$ |  | 11 |  | - | 1 | 11 |  | - | 1 | 11 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 11 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 11 |  |
| 1 | 23 | 5 | 20 6 | S. | 176 | 3 47 | 53 37 | S. | 7 | 33 10 | 44 52 | S. | 4 | 33 56 | 34 | N. | 15 | 23 | 18 | N. | 22 | 13 | 48 | N. |
| 1 3 | 22 | 49 | 25 |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 4$ |  | 6 | 47 | 54 |  | 4 | 19 | 42 |  | 15 | 41 | 19 |  | 22 |  |  |  |
| 4 | 22 | 43 | 17 |  | 16 | 12 | 15 |  | 6 | 24 | 51 |  | 5 | 42 | 37 |  | 15 | 58 | 36 |  | 22 | 26 |  |  |
| 5 | 22 | 36 | 42 |  | 15 | 54 | 8 |  | 6 | 1 | 42 |  | 6 | 5 | 26 |  | 16 | 15 | 50 |  | 22 | 33 |  |  |
| 6 | 22 | 29 | 40 |  | 15 | 35 | 45 |  | 5 | 38 | 29 |  | 6 | 28 | 8 |  | 16 | 32 | 48 |  | 22 | 39 |  |  |
| 7 | 22 | 22 | 12 |  | 15 | 17 | 7 |  | 5 | 15 | 11 |  | 6 | 50 | 14 |  | 16 | 49 | 30 |  | 22 | 45 |  |  |
| 8 | 22 | 14 | 17 |  |  | 58 | 13 |  | 4 | 51 | 49 |  | 7 | 13 | 13 |  | 17 | 5 | 55 |  | 22 | 51 |  |  |
| 9 | 22 | 5 | 56 |  | 14 | 39 | 3 |  | 4 | 28 | 24 |  | 7 | 35 | 35 |  | 17 | 22 | 2 |  | 22 | 56 |  |  |
| 10 | 21 | 57 | 9 |  | 14 | 19 | 40 |  | 4 | 4 | 55 |  | 7 | 57 | 48 |  | 17 | 37 | 52 |  | 23 | 1 |  |  |
| 11 | 21 | 47 | 57 |  | 14 | 0 | 2 |  | 3 | 41 | 23 |  | 8 | 19 | 54 |  | 17 | 53 | 25 |  | 23 | 5 |  |  |
| 12 | 21 | 38 | 19 |  | 13 | 40 | 10 |  | 3 | 17 | 49 |  | 8 | 41 | 52 |  | 18 | 8 | 40 |  | 23 | 9 |  |  |
| 13 | 21 | 28 | 16 |  | 13 | 20 | 5 |  | 2 | 54 | 12 |  | 9 | 3 | 40 |  | 18 | 23 | 36 |  | 23 | 13 | 15 |  |
| 14 | 21 | 17 | 49 |  | 12 | 59 | 47 |  | 2 | 30 | 34 |  | 9 | 25 | 20 |  | 18 | 38 | 14 |  | 23 | 16 | 25 |  |
| 15 | 21 | 6 | 56 |  | 12 | 39 | 16 |  | 2 | 6 | 54 |  | 9 | 46 | 50 |  | 18 | 52 | 33 |  | 23 | 19 | 11 |  |
| 16 | 20 | 55 | 40 |  | 12 | 18 | 33 |  | 1 | 43 | 13 |  | 10 | 8 | 10 |  | 19 | 6 | 33 |  | 23 | 21 | 32 |  |
| 17 | 20 | 43 | 59 |  | 11 | 57 | 38 |  | 1 | 19 | 31 |  | 10 | 29 | 21 |  | 19 | 20 | 13 |  | 23 | 23 | 28 |  |
| 18 | 20 | 31 | 56 |  | 11 | 36 | 32 |  | 0 | 55 | 49 |  | 10 | 50 | 22 |  | 19 | 33 | 34 |  | 23 | 24 | 59 |  |
| 19 | 20 | 19 | 28 |  | 11 | 15 | 15 |  | 0 | 32 | 6 |  | 11 | 11 | 11 |  | 19 | 46 | 35 |  | 23 | 26 |  |  |
| 20 | 20 | 6 | 38 |  | 10 | 53 | 46 |  | 0 | 8 | 24 | S. | 11 | 31 | 50 |  | 19 | 59 | 16 |  | 23 | 26 | 8 |  |
| 21 | 19 | 53 | 25 |  | 10 | 32 | 8 |  | 0 | 15 | 18 | N. | 11 | 52 | 18 |  | 20 | 11 | 37 |  | 23 | $2{ }^{-1}$ |  |  |
| 22 | 19 | 39 | 50 |  |  | 10 |  |  | 0 | 38 | 58 |  | 12 | 12 | 34 |  | 20 | 23 | 37 |  | 23 | 26 | 5 |  |
| 23 | 19 | 25 | 53 |  | 9 | 48 | 23 |  | 1 | 2 | 38 |  | 12 | 32 |  |  | 20 | 35 |  |  | 23 | 26 |  |  |
| 24 | 19 | 11 | 34 |  | 9 | 26 |  |  | 1 | 26 | 16 |  | 12 | 52 |  |  | 20 | 46 | 34 |  | 23 | 25 |  |  |
| 25 | 18 | 56 | 54 |  | 9 | 4 |  |  | 1 | 49 | 51 |  | 13 | 12 |  |  | 20 | 57 |  |  | 23 | 24 |  |  |
| 26 | 18 | 41 | 53 |  | 8 | 41 | 38 |  | 2 | 13 | 25 |  | 13 | 31 |  |  | 21 | 8 |  |  | 23 | 22 |  |  |
| 27 | 18 | 26 | 32 |  | 8 | 19 |  |  | 2 | 36 | 55 |  | 13 | 50 |  |  | 21 | 18 |  |  | 23 | 20 |  |  |
|  | 18 | 10 | 50 |  | 7 | 56 | 29 | S. | 3 | 0 | 23 |  | 14 | 9 | 46 |  | 21 | 28 | 9 |  | 23 | 17 | 30 |  |
| 29 | 17 | 54 | 49 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 23 |  |  | 14 | 28 | 31 |  | 21 | 37 | 38 |  | 23 | 14 |  |  |
| 30 | 17 | 38 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  | 3 | 47 | 7 |  | 14 | 47 | 2 |  | 21 | 46 | 44 |  | 23 | 11 |  | N |
| 31 | 17 | 21 | 50 | S . |  |  |  |  | 4 | 10 | 23 | N. |  |  |  |  | 21 | 55 | 27 | N |  |  |  |  |


| 1900. | July. |  |  |  | August. |  |  | September. |  |  | October. |  |  |  | November. |  |  |  | December |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 11 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | " | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | " | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 11 |  | 0 | 1 | 11 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 1 | 11 |  |
| 1 | 23 | 7 | 14 | N. | 18 | 1 | 48 N. | 8 | 17 | 6 N. | 3 | 11 | 46 | S. | 14 | 27 | 6 | S. | 21 | 49 | 25 | S. |
| 2 | 23 | 3 | 11 |  | 17 | 46 | 32 |  | 55 | 15 | 3 | 35 | ${ }^{4}$ |  | 14 | 46 | 13 |  | 21 | 58 | 31 |  |
| 3 | 22 | 58 | 23 |  | 17 | 31 | 0 |  | 33 | 17 | 3 | 58 | 18 |  | 15 | 5 | 5 |  | 22 | 7 | 11 |  |
| 4 | 22 | 53 | 21 |  | 17 | 15 | 11 |  | 11 | 11 | 4 | 21 | 30 |  | 15 | 23 | 43 |  | $2 \cdot 2$ | 15 | 26 |  |
| 5 | 22 | 47 | 56 |  | 16 | 59 | 4 |  | 48 | 59 | 4 | 44 | 38 |  | 15 | 42 | 5 |  | 22 | 23 | 16 |  |
| 6 | 22 | 42 | 6 |  | 16 | 42 | 42 |  | 26 | 40 | 5 | 7 | 43 |  | 16 | 0 | 12 |  | 122 | 30 | 39 |  |
| 7 | 22 | 35 | 53 |  | 16 | 26 | 3 |  | 4 | 14 | 5 | 30 | 44 |  | 16 | 18 | 3 |  | 22 | 37 | 35 |  |
| 8 | 22 | 29 | 17 |  | 16 | 9 | 9 |  | 41 | 43 | 5 | 53 | 41 |  | 16 | 35 | 37 |  | 22 | 44 | 5 |  |
| 9 | 22 | 22 | 17 |  | 15 | 51 | 59 |  | 19 | 5 | 6 | 16 | 34 |  | 16 | 52 | 55 |  | 22 | 50 | 9 |  |
| 10 | 22 | 14 | 54 |  | 15 | 34 | 33 |  | 56 | 23 | 6 | 39 | 21 |  | 17 | 9 | 55 |  | 22 | 55 | 45 |  |
| 11 | 22 | 7 | 9 |  | 15 | 16 | 53 |  | 33 | 35 | 7 | 2 | 3 |  | 17 | 26 | 38 |  | 23 | 0 | 54 |  |
| 12 | 21 | 59 | 0 |  | 14 | 58 | 58 |  | 10 | 42 | 7 | 24 | 40 |  | 17 | 43 | 3 |  | 23 | 5 | 36 |  |
| 13 | 21 | 50 | 29 |  | 14 | 40 | 48 |  | 47 | 45 | 7 | 47 | 10 |  | 17 | 59 | 9 |  | 23 | 9 | 50 |  |
| 14 | 21 | 41 | 36 |  | 14 | 22 | 25 |  | 24 | 44 | 8 | 9 | 34 |  | 18 | 14 | 57 |  | 23 | 13 | 36 |  |
| 15 | 21 | 32 | 20 |  | 14 | 3 | 47 |  | 1 | 38 | 8 | 31 | 52 |  | 18 | 30 | 26 |  | 23 | 16 | 55 |  |
| 16 | 21 | 22 | 42 |  | 13 | 44 | 56 |  | 38 | 30 | 8 | 54 | 2 |  | 18 | 45 | 35 |  | 23 | 19 | 46 |  |
| 17 | 21 | 12 | 42 |  | 13 | 25 | 52 |  | 15 | 18 | 9 | 16 | 5 |  | 19 | 0 | 24 |  | 23 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 9 |  |
| 18 | 21 | 2 | 21 |  | 13 | 6 | 35 |  | 52 | 3 | 9 | 37 | 59 |  | 19 | 14 | 52 |  | 23 | 24 | 3 |  |
| 19 | 20 | 51 | 38 |  | 12 | 47 | 5 |  | 28 | 46 | 9 | 59 | 46 |  | 19 | 29 | 0 |  | 23 | 25 | 30 |  |
| 20 | 20 | 40 | 34 |  | 12 | 27 | 23 |  | 5 | 26 | 10 | 21 | 24 |  | 19 | 42 | 47 |  | 23 | 26 | 28 |  |
| 21 | 20 | 29 |  |  | 12 | 7 | 29 |  | 42 | 5 | 10 | 42 | 52 |  | 19 | 56 | 12 |  | 23 | 26 | 58 |  |
| 22 | 20 | 17 | 23 |  | 11 | 47 | 24 |  | 18 | 42 N . | 11 | 4 | 11 |  | 20 | 9 | 16 |  | 23 | 27 | 0 |  |
| 23 | 20 | 5 | 17 |  | 11 | 27 | 7 |  | 4 | 42 S. | 11 | 25 | 21 |  | 20 | 21 | 57 |  | 23 | 26 | 33 |  |
| 24 | 19 | 52 | 51 |  | 11 | 6 | 39 |  | 28 | 6 | 11 | 46 | 19 |  | 20 | 34 | 15 |  | 23 | 25 | 38 |  |
| 25 | 19 | 40 | 4 |  | 10 | 46 | 1 |  | 51 | 31 | 12 | 7 | 7 |  | 20 | 46 | 11 |  | 23 | 24 | 15 |  |
| 26 | 19 | 26 | 59 |  | 10 | 25 | 12 | 1 | 14 | 56 | 12 | 27 | 44 |  | 20 | 57 | 43 |  | 23 | 22 | \% 4 |  |
| 27 | 19 | 13 | 33 |  | 10 | 4 | 14 | 1 | 38 | 20 | 12 | 48 | 9 |  | 21 | 8 | 52 |  | 23 | 20 | 4 |  |
| 28 | 18 | 59 | 49 |  | 9 | 43 | 6 |  |  | 44 | 13 | 8 | 22 |  | 21 | 19 | 37 |  | 23 | 17 | 17 |  |
| 29 | 18 | 45 | 46 |  | 9 | 21 | 49 | 2 | 25 | 6 | 13 | 28 | 23 |  | 21 | 29 | 57 |  | 23 | 1. | 1 |  |
| 30 31 | 18 | 31 46 | 25 | N | 8 | 38 | 23 N. | 2 | 48 | 27 S . | 13 | 48 | 10 |  | 21 | 39 | 53 | S. | 23 | 10 | 18 | S |

## 

The mean obliquity of the ecliptic for the year 1900 is $23^{\circ} 27^{\prime} 8^{\prime \prime} .26$. Mean annual diminution, $0^{\prime \prime} .46$.

The present accepted value of the solar parallax is $8^{\prime \prime} .81$ at the earth's mean distance. which is $92,790,000$ miles, with a probable error of about 75,000 miles more or less.

The eccentricity of the earth's orbit is 0.016771 ; we are therefore $3,112,560$ miles nearer to the sun at perihelion (January 1) than at aphelion (about July 1).

Length of the sidereal year, 365 days, 6 hours, 9 minutes. 9.6 seconds of mean time.
Length of the tropical year (from equinox to equinox), 36.5 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes, 46.07 seconds of mean time.

Mean distance from earth to moon, 238, 850 miles.
The length of a second's pendulum, that is, one which vibrates once in a second, in vacuo.

## ASTRONOMICAL CONSTANTS-Cmtinued.

at any place whose latitude is $l$, is $39.01254+0.20827 \sin 2 l$ inches. At New York it is 39. 101.3 inches.

The acceleration of gravity in one second of mean solar time is $32.086528+0.171293 \sin 2 l$ feet. The half of this is the distance through which a body falls (in a vacuum) in one second.

The velocity of light is 186,330 miles per second.
Light requires 8 minutes and 18 seconds to pass from the sun to the earth when at its mean distance, as given above; therefore, when we look at the sun we see him not where he actually is, but where he was about 8 minutes and 18 seconds ago; his true place is then always in advance of his apparent place.

## pare Stax.

MEAN TIME OF TRANSIT (AT NEW YORK) AND POLAR DISTANCE OF POLE STAR.

| 1900 | January. |  | February. |  | March. |  | April. |  | May. |  | June. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { H. } \\ & \text { s. } \\ & \text { cid } \end{aligned}$ | Upper Transit. | Polar Distance. | Lower Transit. | Polar Distance. | Lower <br> Transit. | Polar Distance. | Lower Transit. | Polar Distance. | Lower Transit. | Polar Distance. | Lower Transit. | Polar Distance. |
|  | P. M. | 0111 | A. M. H. M.S. | 0111 | A. M. H. M. S. | 0 1 11 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A. M. } \\ & \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{M} . \mathrm{S} . \end{aligned}$ | 0111 | P. M. H. M. S. | O 111 | P. M. M. | O 1 11 |
| , | 62834 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}13 & 8\end{array}$ | 43757 | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 13 & 7\end{array}$ | 24728 | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 1312\end{array}$ | 124524 | 11321 | 104337 | 11330 | 8424 | 11337 |
| 11 | $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 58 & 54\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 13 & 7\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}3 & 58 & 29\end{array}$ | $1 \begin{array}{lll}1 & 13 & 8\end{array}$ | 284 | $1 \begin{array}{llll}1 & 13 & 14\end{array}$ | $12 \quad 6$ | 11324 | 10 4 | 11333 | $8 \quad 254$ | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 13 \\ 1\end{array}$ |
| 21 | 51925 | 1137 | 3191 | 11310 | 12841 | 11317 | $112252 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m}$. | 11327 | 92510 | 11335 | 72345 | 11339 |


|  | JULy. |  | August. |  | SEftember. |  | October. |  | November. |  | DIECMBER. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lower Transit. | Polar Distance. | Upper Transit. | Polar Distance. | Upper Transit. | Polar Distance. | Upper Transit. | Polar Distance. | Upper Transit. | Polar Distance. | Upper Transit. | Polar Distance. |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { P. M. } \\ \text { H. M. S. } \end{gathered}$ | 0111 | $\begin{gathered} \text { A. M. } \\ \text { H. M. } 8 . \end{gathered}$ | 0111 | A. M. | 0111 | A. M. H. M. | 0111 | P. M. H. M.S. | O 11 | P. M. H. M S. | 0111 |
| 1 | 64437 | 11339 | 44514 | 11336 | 24347 | 11329 | 1246 | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 13 & 18\end{array}$ | 104020 | 1137 | 84211 | 11257 |
| 11 | $\dot{6} 505$ | 11339 | 464 | 11334 | 2435 | 11326 | 12650 | 11315 | 10059 | 113 | $8 \quad 245$ | 11254 |
| 21 | $\begin{array}{llll}5 & 2619\end{array}$ | 11338 | 32654 | 11332 | 12521 | 11322 | $112336 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}_{0}$ | 11311 | 92136 | 1130 | 72318 | 11252 |

From June 16 to August 1 both the upper and lower transits take place during daylight. The azimuth at the time of greatest eastern or western elongation can be easily computed from the formula:

$$
\sin A=\frac{\sin p}{\cos l}
$$

where $A$ denotes the azimuth, $p$ the polar distance, ind $l$ the latitude of the place.

## DATE OF GREATEST ELONGATION.

To find the time of greatest eastern or western elongation, let $H$ denote the hour angle, and $l$ and $p$ as before, then we shall have
$\cos I I=\tan p \tan l$.
And the hour angle in mean time is

## $I_{\mathrm{m}}=H^{\circ} \times 0.0664846$.

- This quantity, $H \mathrm{~m}$, added to or sul,tracted from the time of transit given above, according to the elongation required, will give the mean time of the greatest elongation at any place whose north latitude is $l$.


## Star eafole.

FOR IDENTIFYING THE PRINCIPAL FIXED STARS.

| Namb of Stab. | eclination | On Meridian. | r or St | eclination | On Meridian. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Upper. Lower. H. м. |  | N 128 | Upper. Lower. H. M. H. M. |
| ${ }_{\gamma}$ Andro | N 2831 | $118.0+1040.0$ | a Leonis (Regulus) | N 1228 |  |
|  |  | $13.2+1044$ |  |  | 5 |
| $a$ a ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | N 5058 | $042.2+1115$ | a |  | 5 |
| ${ }_{B}$ Persei (Algol) | N 4034 | $139.9+1337.9$ | a Coronæ | N 274 | +13 $27.5+120.5$ |
| a Tauri (Aldebaran) | N 1618 | + $38.2+156.2$ | aScorpii (Anta | S 2612 | $+1459.3+257.3$ |
| a Anrige (Capella) | N 4554 | + 347.1 + 1545.1 | aLyræ (Vega) | N 3841 | $+179.3+57.3$ |
| 8 Orionis (Rigel). | S 819 | + $347.6+1 \overline{1} 45.6$ | aAquilæ (Alta | N 836 | $+1821.4+619.4$ |
| a Orionis (Betelguese). | N 723 | + $427.6+1625.6$ | aCygni | N 4455 | $+1913.5+711.5$ |
| a Canis Majoris (Sirins). | S 1635 | $518.4+1716.4$ | aCephei | N 629 | $+1951.5+749.5$ |
| a (reminurum (Castor) .. | N 327 | $65.7+183.7$ | a A quari | S 049 | +2035.8+83.8 |
| $\beta$ freminorum (Pollux) | N 2816 | $616.6+1814.6$ | $a \mathrm{Piscis}$ A | S 3010 | $+2127.1+925.1$ |
| ${ }^{\text {a Canis Minor... }}$ | N 529 | $611.6+189.6$ | a Pegasi (Mar | N 1439 | $2134.7+932.7$ |
| To find the time of the star's transit add or substract, according to the sign, the numbers in the second column of figures to the date of the transit of the pole star given above. Thus, for a Andromedæ February 1 . Lower Transit of Polar Star is 4 h .37 .9 m . A. M., to which add |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Cye 护ixe Starg.

Spectroscoprc and other observations show the fixed stars to be self-luminous bodies-suns to other systems of planets. An analysis of their lightindicates the presence of the same chemical elements that exist in our own sun and the earth, togetler with others unknown in our solar system.

Owing to their prodigious distance from us, they present no appreciable disc when viewed through the most powerful telescopes. So far as we know, Alpha Centauri-a brilliant star of the Southern Hemisphere-is our neawest leighbor, yet its distance is so great that light which travels 186,330 miles per secoud requires about 31,2 years to reach us. This distance is approximately 224,000 times the radius of the earth's orbit, or about $20,720,000,000,000$ miles, and yet this is a mere trifie compared with the distance which intervenes between us and other stars whose parallax has been approximately determined.

Thus, light requires $211 / 9$ years to come from Sirius, 251/2 years from Arcturus, 48.3 years from Polaris, while the time required from the telescopic stars is immensely greater. An English astronomer, Halley, in 1718, was the first to discover that the so-called fixed stars have a proper motion of theirown, which displaces them slightly with reference to each other. This motion is very small-a fraction of a second in a year on an average. About 150 stars have a motion of one second annually. The largest proper motion known is that of 1830 Groombridge, of the seventh magnitude, and sometimestcalled the "runcway" star; it has an annual drift of seven seconds, sufficient to enable it to complete the circuit of the heavens in 185,000 years.

The star 61 Cygni (sixth magnitude) has an annual proper motion of 511.2; Alpha Centauri, 3".7; Arcturus, 211.1 , and Sirius, 111.1.

Since the time of Ptolemy, Arcturus has moved more than a degree, and Sirius about half that amount. The direction of motion is in general different for each star, but the angular observed "proper motion"' can furnish but little information of what the real or linear motion through space is. Arcturus is rushing toward us at the rate of nearly sixty miles per second and sirius receding from us at the rate of nineteen miles per second, and similar results are found for many other stars; thus, of the seven bright stars forming the "Great Dipper'' in Ursa Major, the one nearest the pole is approaching, while the remainder are rapidly receding from us.

## REMARKABLE STARS.

Many stars have disappeared, or have ceased to emit light enough to render them visible. Thus, the 55 th of Hercules was observed by Herschell in 1781 to be of a ruby red color, but in 1791 it disappeared and has not been seen since

Changes in the brightness of certain stars have been observed in a dozen or more; thus, in the time of Eratosthenes, the star in the claw of the scorpion (now known as Beta Libri) was the brightest in the constellation, but at the present time it is a whole magnitude below Antares, which ranks as a first magnitude star. The two stars Castor and Pollux, in the constellation Gemini, were catalogued by Beyer as Alpha and Beta respectively, the former being the brighter, but now the latter is notably the brighter of the two.

Another conspicuous example is Eta Argus (not visible in this country); it varies from the first to the seventh magnitude. In 1813 it was nearly as bright as Sirius, butat present it is of the seventh maguitude, scarcely visible to the naked eye. This star is situated in the midst of a nebula which, probably in some unknown manner, influences its brightness. Alpha Orioniskand Alpha Cassiopeiae also show variations of brightness, but in a far less degree. In 1866, May 10-12, a star in the constellation Northern Crown blazed out as of the second magnitude, remained so for some four or five days, and then during five or six weeks gradually faded away to its original brightness, for it was before the outburst, and is now, only a ninth or tenth magnitude star, not visible without telescopic aid. During its maximum brightness its spectrum exhibited the brightlines of hydrogen-like our own sun Some mighty conflagration of incandescent hydrogen was evidently going on on its surface. In 1876 a similar phenomenon appeared in the constellation Cygnus. In this instance the star attained the second magnitude, at which it remained for a few days, and then gradually faded away to the fifteenth magnitude.

The last temporary star was very peculiar; it suddenly appeared in the great nebula of A ndromeda in the year 1885. It never rose above the fifth magnitude, but in six months it absolutely disappeared; no trace of it can now be found.

VARIABLE STARS.
The most notable of this class of stars is Mira Stella, or the wonderful star in the constellation Cetus, or the Whale. It has been known since 1596 , is a faint twelfth magnitude star, but once everyeleven months it runs up to the third or second magnitude, and then back again, occupying about 100 days in its rise and fall. The star Algol, or Beta Persei, is another conspicuous example. Its period of variation is 2 days 20 hours 48.9 minutes. During most of the time the star remains of the second magnitude; it falls to the fourth magnitude in about $41 / 2$ hours; remains at its minimum brightness for about 20 minutes, and then in $31 / 2$ hours returns to its original condition.

No satisfactory explanation has yet been found to account for these stellar phenomeua.
In the case of Algol. however, it evidently appears to suffer a partial eclipse by the interposition of a huge dark companion revolving around it. If such is the case, the mass of Algol must be absolitely prodigious compared with our sun in order to cause so rapid a revolution of the attendant dark body.

DOUBLE AND MULTIPLE STARS.
Many stars which appear single to the naked eye are found to be double when viewed through a telescope of even moderate power. About 10,000 such couples are known, and the number is increasing. In a few instances three or four such stars are found so close together that they appear to the unaided eye as a single star. Of the most familiar doubles we may mention C'astor, Zeta Ursae Majoris, or the star in the middle of the handle of the Great Dipper; Gamma Virginis, Beta Cygni, and Alpha Herculis, and, as examples of multiple stars, Theta Orionis (the trapezium of Orion), Zeta Concri, and Epsilon Lyrae.

Two stars may, and many of them do, lie on or nearly the same straight line from the earth, and thus appear as one star. Such stars are called "optically double," but no real connection exists between them.

Stars which are very near each other and come under the influence of their mutual attraction are called "Binary Stars.', In such cases the stars revolve around their common centre of gravity, but, as is frequently the case, one of the stars is comparatively very small, and may be regarded as revolving around the larger one. Among the notable binary stars whose periods have been determined may be mentioned Sirius, Alpha Geminorum (Castor), Alpha Centauri, 61 Cygni, Zeta Ursae Majoris, l'il:ris, and probably Procyon. The first five have periods of 44,997 (?), 77, 450 (?), and 61 years
respectively. The companion of Procyon has not yet been discovered, but there is no doubt of its existence, because the position of Procyon is disturbed by some attracting body to such a degree that it must be taken into account in computing the position of the star as given in the nautical almanacs.

Of the multiple stars we have space only to mention three. Zeta Concri, the two large stars of which revolve around their common centre of gravity in nearly circular orbits less than $2 / 1$ in diameter and in a period of about sixty years, while the third star, very small and more distant, revolves around the closed pair in an orbit not yet well determined. In the case of Epsilon Lyrae, we have two pairs physically connected and revolving around their common centre of gravity in a period of thousands of years. In Theta Orionis we have another group, not in pairs, but at nearly equal distance from each other and forming a very complicated system.

## STAR CLUSTERS.

There are also many groups of stars, called clusters, containing from a hundred to many thousand stars; some of these are well known and visible to the naked eye, as the Pleiades and Hyades; some require telescopic aid to resolve them into stars, as Praesepe in Cancer and the cluster in the sword handle of Perseus, while others appear as faint white patches and are resolved into stars by the most powerful telescopes. The galaxy or Milky Way is an enormous cluster encircling the heavens and composed of stars from the tenth magnitude down. Scattered also apparently at random throughout the illimitable regions of space are great numbers of faintly shining bodies of prodigious magnitude and known as "nebulae.", Some 12,000 of these have been already catalogued.

Two or three are visible to the naked eye, for instance, the nebula in the girdle of Andromeda, in which the temporary star of 1885 appeared; the great nebula in Orion, which in its great variety of details far surpasses all others. No telescope has or ever will resolve these into stars, for the reason that they are not composed of stars. The spectroscope informs us that they are for the most part incandescent gaseous bodies, in which the work of creation of stars (suns) and planetary systems is doubtless going on.

## 3atge erfescopes.

WITH the: view of solving thelproblems of sidereal astronomy, several gigantic telescopes are in course of construction. The largest ever made is now being erected in Paris, France, for the exhibition of 1900. It has two object glusses, each 4 feet in diameter and each weighing 1,600 pounds, one for visual observations and the other for photographic work. The tube is nearly 200 feet long and made of steel about 1-10th of an inch in thickness and weighs 21 tons; its diameter in the largest part is 59 inches, and is composed of 24 separate pieces screwed together.

It would be practically impossible to mount this monster instrument in the ordinary way, owing to its great weight and the consequent instability and flexure to which it would be subject, not to mention the huge dome which would be required to protect it. The tube is therefore placed in a horizontal position, ranging north and south, and resting on eight cast-iron pillars supported on masonry. In order to obviate the effects of expansion by heat, the supports can slide on a system of rails attached to the piers. In front of the mirror is a large plane mirror or siderostat, so mounted that when moved by clock mechanism it will reflect into the telescope the rays falling upon it from a celestial body. The observer is thus enabled to view the object at his ease.

The siderostat weighs $61 / 2$ tons; the diameter of the great mirror is 78 inches. Assuming the lenses to be correctly figured, this telescope will, in light-grasping power, exceed thegreat Yerkes telescope in the ratio of 36 to 25 , and the Lick in the ratio of 16 to 9 , but owing to the loss of light by reflection from the siderostat these ratios will be considerably reduced. The instrument will doubtless render good service in astronomical photography, in resolving very close double stars, and in other delicate problems of observational astronomy.

Another monster telescope is in course of construction for the new Allegheny Observatory. The object glass is to be 32 inches in diameter, and to be ground and figured by Mr. Brashear, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

Other large telescopes, already mounted, are as below:


The list of those from 18 to 6 inches aperture is now too numerous to tabulate.

## 

The early Egyptians divided the day and night each into twelve hours, a custom adopted by the Jews or Greeks probably from the Babylonians. The day is said to have first been divided into hours from B. C. 293, when a sun-dial was erected in the temple of Quirinus, at Rome. Previous to the invention of water-clocks, B. C. 158, the time was called at Rome by public criers. In early England one expedient for measuring time was by wax candles, three inches burning an hour. The first perfect mechanical clock was not made until about A. D. 1250. Day began at sunrise among most of the Northern nations, at sunset among the Athenians and Jews, at midnightamong the Romans, as with us.

## (1)

THE earth's sensible atmosphere is generally supposed to extend some forty miles in height, probably farther, but becoming at only a few miles from the surface of too great a tenuity to support life. The condition and motions of this aerial ocean play a most important part in the determination of climate, modifying, by absorbing, the otherwise intense heat of the sun, and, when laden with clouds, hindering the earth from radiating its acquired heat into space. The amount of heat absorbed in its passage through the atmosphere will depend upon the thickness of the stratum which the rays have to penetrate, and this on the meridian altitude of the sun. - Whitaker.

## 

THe first century began with the first day of the year 1 and ended with the last day of the year 100. It could not end with the last day of the year 99 , for 100 , not 99 , years make a century. The Nineteenth Century, therefore, ends at midnight on December 31, 1900, and the Twentieth Century then begins.

## 

| $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Phase． | 鳯 | Boston． | New York． | WASHINGTON． | Charleston． | CHiCago． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | New Moon． <br> First Quarter． <br> Full Moon． <br> Last Quarter． <br> New Moon． | 1 8 15 23 30 | H．   <br> 9 8 A．M． <br> 12 56 A．M． <br> 2 23 ．．M． <br> 7 9 е．M． <br> 8 38 P．M． | H． M．  <br> 8 56 A．м． <br> 12 44 A．M． <br> 2 11 Р．м． <br> 6 57 P．м． <br> 8 27 Р．м． | H． M．  <br> 8 44 A．M． <br> 12 32 A．M． <br> 1 59 P．M． <br> 6 45 P．M． <br> 8 14 P．M． | H． M．  <br> 8 3. A．M． <br> 12 20 A．M． <br> 1 48 P．M． <br> 6 33 P．$M_{0}$ <br> 8 3 P．M． |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & i \\ & \hat{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \text { Hen } \end{aligned}$ | First Quarter． Full Moon． Last Quarter． | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 14 \\ 22 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 39 & \text { A．M．} \\ 9 & 6 & \text { A．M．} \\ 12 & 0 & \text { Р．}\end{array}$ | 11 <br> 8 <br> 184 A．M． <br> 11 <br> 48 <br> A．M． | $\begin{aligned} & 1115 \\ & 8 \\ & 42 \\ & 11 \\ & 11 \\ & \text { A. A. M. } \\ & \text { A. M. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{rlrl} 11 & 4 & \text { A. M. } \\ 8 & 31 & \text { A. M. } \\ 11 & 25 & \text { A. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1033 \text { A. M. } \\ & 8 \\ & \hline \\ & 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 를 } \\ & \text { 药 } \end{aligned}$ | New Moon． <br> First Quarter． <br> Full Moon． <br> Last Quarter． <br> New Moon． | $\begin{array}{\|r} 1 \\ 8 \\ 16 \\ 24 \\ 30 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 629 \text { A. M. } \\ 1238 \text { A. M. } \\ 316 \text { A. M. } \\ 1240 \\ 134 \\ \hline \text { A. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rlr} 6 & 17 & \text { A. M. } \\ 12 & 26 & \text { A. M. } \\ 3 & 4 & \text { A. M. } \\ 12 & 28 & \text { A. M. } \\ 3 & 22 & \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 6 & 6 & \text { А. M. } \\ 12 & 15 & \text { A. M. } \\ 2 & 52 & \text { A. M. } \\ 12 & 17 & \text { A. M. } \\ 3 & 11 & \text { Р. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrrr} \mathrm{d} & 5 & 35 & \text { A. M. } \\ 7 & 11 & 44 & \text { P. M. } \\ 2 & 2 & 21 & \text { A. M. } \\ 23 & 11 & 46 & \text { P. M. } \\ & 2 & 40 & \text { Р. M. } \end{array}$ |
| 范 | First Quarter． Full Moon． Last Quarter． New Moon． | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 14 \\ 22 \\ 29 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \hline \end{array} 59 \text { Р. м. } .$ |  | $\begin{array}{rrr} 3 & 35 & \text { г. м. } \\ 7 & 43 & \text { Р. м. } \\ 9 & 14 & \text { A. M. } \\ 12 & 4 & \text { A. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrrr} 3 & 4 & \text { P. м. } \\ & 7 & 12 & \text { е. M. } \\ & 8 & 43 & \text { А. M. } \\ 28 & 11 & 33 & \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ |
| $\underset{\sim}{\text { cic}}$ | First Quarter． Full Moon． Last Quarter． New Moon． New Moor． | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 14 \\ 21 \\ 28 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 843 \text { А. м. } \\ 1040 \text { А. м. } \\ 335 \\ 954 \\ \text { P. М. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rl} 8 & 31 \\ 10 & \text { А. м. } \\ 10 & 28 \\ \hline & \text { A. м. } \\ 9 & 42 \\ \text { Р. А. } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 749 \text { А. м. } \\ & 949 \text { A. M. } \\ & 240 \text {. M. } \\ & 859 \text { A. M. } \end{aligned}$ |
| E゙ | First Quarter． <br> Full Moon． <br> Last Quarter． <br> New Moon． | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 12 \\ 19 \\ 26 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{rl} 2 & 3 \\ 10 & \text { A. M. } \\ 8 & 4 \\ \text { P. M. } \\ 8 & 1 \\ \text { P. M. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rl} 1 & 51 \\ 10 & \text { А. м. } \\ 7 & \text { Р. м. } \\ 7 & 19 \\ \text { Р. м. м. } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 18 \text { А. м. } \\ 948 \text { P. M. } \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| $\stackrel{\vdots}{\Xi}$ | First Quarter． <br> Full Moon． <br> Last（quarter． <br> New Moon． | $\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 12 \\ 19 \\ 26 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 729 \text { г.м. } \\ 838 \text { А. . } . \\ 1247 \\ 859 \text { А.м. } . \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 718 \text { Р. м. } \\ 826 \text { А. м. } \\ 1235 \text { А. м. } \\ 847 \text { А. М. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 7 & 5 & \text { Р. м. } \\ 8 & 14 & \text { А. м. } \\ 12 & 23 & \text { А. M. } \\ 8 & \text { А. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 2 \\ 12 \\ 12 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{array}$ |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{n} \\ & \stackrel{y}{n} \\ & \stackrel{6}{4} \end{aligned}$ | First Quarter． <br> Full Moon． <br> Last Quarter． <br> New Moon． | $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 10 \\ 17 \\ 24 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 12 & 1 & \text { P. M. } \\ 4 & 46 & \text { P. M. } \\ 7 & 2 & \text { A. M. } \\ 11 & 8 & \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1149 \text { А. м. } \\ 434 \\ 650 \\ 6 . \\ 10 \\ 57 \\ \text { А. м. M. } \\ \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rl} 11 & 37 \\ 4 & \text { A. M. } \\ 6 & 28 \\ \hline & \text { P. M. } \\ 10 & 44 \\ \text { A. M. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1126 \text { А. M. } \\ 410 \\ 627 \\ 103 . \mathrm{A} . \mathrm{M} . \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| O． 品 $\stackrel{0}{0}$ के | First Quarter． Full Moon． Last Quarter． New Moon． | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 9 \\ 15 \\ 23 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 312 \text { А. м. } \\ 1222 \text { А. . . } \\ 413 \text { Р. М. } \\ 313 \text { Р. М. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rll} 3 & 0 & \text { A. м. } \\ 12 & 10 & \text { A. M. } \\ 4 & 1 & \text { Р. M. } \\ 3 & 1 & \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{rrrr} \mathrm{d} & 2 & 5 & \text { A. M. } . \\ 8 & 11 & 16 & \text { P. M. } \\ & 3 & 7 & \text { Р. M. } \\ 2 & 7 & \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Li } \\ & \stackrel{0}{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | First Quarter． <br> Full Moon． <br> Last Quarter． <br> New Moon． <br> First Quarter． | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 8 \\ 15 \\ 23 \\ 31 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 320 \\ & \begin{array}{lll} 3 & 20 & \text { р. м. } \\ 7 & 28 & \text { A. M. } \\ 4 & 0 & \text { A. M. } \\ 7 & 37 & \text { A. M. } \\ 2 & 27 & \text { A. M. } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Full Moon． Last Quarter． New Moon． First Quarter． | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 13 \\ 22 \\ 29 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 616 \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \hline \end{array} \mathbf{\text { г. м. м. }} .$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 6 & 4 & \text { P. M. } \\ 9 & 41 & \text { P. M. } \\ 2 & 21 & \text { A. M. } \\ 12 & 39 & \text { P. M. } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 540 \\ 9 \\ 9 \\ 18 \\ 18 \\ 12 \\ 18 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr} 5 & 9 & \text { р. м. } \\ 9 & 47 & \text { Р. . . } \\ 1 & 27 & \text { А. М. } \\ 11 & 45 & \text { A. . } \end{array}$ |
| 亗 | Full Moon． Last Quarter． New Moon． First Quarter． | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 13 \\ 21 \\ 28 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 5 \\ & 7 \\ & 7 \\ & 9 \\ & 9 \end{aligned} \text { А. м. м. м. м. }$ | $\begin{aligned} & 542 \text { А. м. } \\ & 546 \\ & 75 \\ & 85 \\ & 8 \\ & 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{lll} 5 & 19 & \text { А. м. } . \\ 5 & 23 & \text { P. м. } \\ 6 & 42 & \text { P. м. } \\ 8 & 29 & \text { P. м. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 448 \text { А.м. } \\ & 452 \text { Р. м. } \\ & 611 \\ & 758 \\ & 7 . \text { Р. м. } \end{aligned}$ |

## faomlight $\mathfrak{C b y a t}, 1900$.



Explanation. -The white spaces indicate the amount of moonlight each night. Thus, January 8, February 7, etc., the moon sets at or near midnight, when the former half only of the night has moonlight; January 15, February 14, etc., the time of full moon, when for two or three nights in succession moonlight lasts all night; January 22, February 21, etc., when the moon rises at or near midnight and the latter half of the night has moonlight, and January 30, March 1, etc., the time of new moon, when for two or three nights in succession there is no moonlight.

## 

| Name, | Mean Distance fromisun, Millions of Miles. | Sidereal Period Days | Orbit Velocity, Niles per Second. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mean } \\ \text { Diameter, } \\ \text { Miles. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mass, } \\ \text { Earth } \end{gathered}$ | Volume, <br> Earth $=1$. | Density <br> Earth $=1$ | Gravity at Surface, Earth $=1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {Sun }}$ |  |  | 23 to 35 | 866,400 3,030 | 331100 0.125 | 1310000 0.056 | 0.25 <br> 2.23 | 7.65 0.85 |
| Venas |  | 224.701 | 21.9 | 7,700 | 0.78 | 0.92 | 0.86 | 0.83 |
| Earth. | 92. | 365. 256 | 18.5 | 7,918 | ${ }_{0}^{1.00}$ | 1.00 | 1.00 | ${ }_{0} 1.00$ |
| Mars..... | 141. | (686.950 | 15.0 8.1 | 86,500 | 316.0 ${ }^{107}$ | ${ }^{1} 152$ | 24 | 0.35 |
| Saturn. | 886.0 | 10759.22 | 6.0 | 71,000 | 94.9 | 721 | 0.13 |  |
| Uranus .-. | 1781.9 | 3068682 | ${ }_{3}$ |  |  | 65 | 0.22 | 0.91 |
| Neptune... | 2791.6 | 60181.11 | 3.4 | 34,800) | 17.1 | 85 | 0.20 | 0.88 |

The number of asteroids discovered up to present date is about 430. A number of these small planets have not been observed since their discovery, and are practically lost. Consequently it is now sometimes a matter of doubt, until the elements have been computed, whether the supposed new planet is really new, or only an old one rediscovered.
"It is supposed that a Centauri, one of the brightest stars of the Southern Hemisphere, is the nearest of the fixed stars to the earth. The researches on its parallax by Henderson and Maclear gave, for its distance from the earth, in round numbers, $20,720,000,000,000$ miles. At the inconceivably rapid rate at which light is , propagated through space, it would require about $31 / 2$ years to reach the earth from this star., '-Whitaker.

## . Tilf jotoon.

The mean distance of the Moon from the Earth is 238,850 miles; its mean sidereal revolution round the Earth is 27 days, 7 hours, 43 minutes, 11.46 seconds; its mean synodical revolntion, or the period from new moon to new moon, is 29 days, 12 hours, 44 minutes, 2.87 seconds; the ecceutricity of its orbit is 0.0549 , and its diameter is 2,162 miles. The Earth being taken as unity, the density is.61; mass, 1-81; volume, 1-50, and gravity, 1-6; that is to say, the Earth would weigh as mucli as 81 Moons, is 50 times larger, and a pound of matter at the Moon's surface would, if transferred to the Earth, weigh 6 pounds.

## 3jccionic comrets.

OBSERVED AT MORE THAN ONE PERIHELION PASSAGE.

| Name. | Perihelion Passage. | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Period } \\ \text { (Years) } \end{array}$ | Perihel. Dist; Earth's Orbit=1. | Eccentricity. | Namp. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Perihelion } \\ & \text { Passage. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Period } \\ \text { (Years) } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Perihel. } \\ \text { Dist; } \\ \text { Erth's } \\ \text { Orbit=1. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Eccentricity. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Encke. | 1885, Mar. 7 | 3.3 | 0.34 | 0.846 | Biela | 1852, Sept. 23 | 6.6 | 0.86 | 0.755 |
| Tempel | 1883, Nov. 20 | 5.2 | 1.34 | 0.553 | D'Arre | 1884, Jan. 13 | 6.7 | 1.33 | 0.626 |
| Barnard ...... |  | 5.4 | 1.28 | 0.582 | Faye | 1881, Jan. 22 | 7.6 | 1.74 | 0.549 |
| Tempel-Swift. | 1886, May 9 | 5.5 | 1.07 | 0.656 | Tuttle... | 1885, Sept. 11 | 13.8 | 1.02 | $0.821$ |
| Brorseu ...... | 1879, Mar. 30 | 5.5 | 0.59 0.88 | 0.810 | Pons-Broo | 1884, Jan. 25 | 71.5 72 | 0.77 1.20 | 0.955 0.931 |
| Tempel ....... | 1885, Sept. 25 ) | 6.5 | 2.07 | \%.405 | Halle | 1835, Nov. 15 | 76.4 | 1.20 | - |

## Wretcorites.

These bodies are now considered to be the débris of disintegrated comets, since the greater number of them, and especially the showers, revolve around the sun in orbits which are identical with
those of comets no longer visible. Omitting sporadic meteors, which can be seen on almost any clear those of comets no longer visible. Omitting sporadic meteors, which can be seen on almost any clear night, and which appear to be describing iudependent orbits of their own, the principal meteric groups are those of Angust and November. The orbit of the former extends to an unknown distance beyond the orbit of Neptune, while the latter reaches only a slight distance beyond the orbit of Uranus. Meteors are not uniformly distributed around their entire orbit, but occur in groups of such immense size that it soletimes takes a year or two for the swarm to pass a given point, although moving with planetary velocity. The principal groups, or showers, are known as the Leonids, Andromedes, and Perseids; the first have a period of about thirty-three years; the second of thirteen years, and the third are not limited to any date, bat appear more or less abundant for a week or two about the 1st of August erery year. Many great showers are on record, but the most notable one in recent times occured in November, 1833; others took place November 13-14, 1866 and 1867, and another may be expected about the 14 th or 15 th of November, 1900.

When a meteor enters the earth's atmosphere it becomes intensely heated, owing to the resistance and friction, and, if small, is completely consumed; but if large enough its passage is accompanied by a continuous roar, with tremendous explosions, which can be heard for distances of forty or fifty miles. Meteors vary in size from mere grains of sand to several tous, and consist for the most part of iron and nickel, hut no fewer than twenty-four terrestrial elements have been found in them.

We may confidently expect a meteoric shower about the 14th of November, 1900 and it is hoped that observers throughout the country will be on the alert during this time, for if the shower at all approaches that of 1833 it will form one of the grandest sights that is likely to greet mortal vision.

## 国astcx Silloav.

A Table Showing the Date of Easter Sunday in Each Year of the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries.

| 1801-April 5. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1802-April 18. |  |
| 1803-April 10. | 18 |
| 1804-A pril 1. |  |
| 1805-April 14. |  |
| 1806-April 6. | 1840-April 19. |
| 1807-Mar 29 | 1841-April 11. |
| 1808-April 17. | 1842-Mar. 27. |
| 1809-A pril 2. | 1843-April 16. |
| 1810-April 22. | 1844-Ap |
| 1811-A pril 14. | 1845-Mar. 23. |
| 1812-Mar. 29. | 1846-A pril 12. |
| 1813-A pril 18. | 1847-A pril 4. |
| 1814-A pril 10. | 1848-A pr |
| 1815-Mar. 26. | 1849-A pril 8. |
| 1816-April 14. | 1850-Mar 31. |
| 1817-April 6. | 1851-April 20. |
| 1818-Mar. 22 | 1852-April 11. |
| 1819-A prilil. | 1853-Mar. 27. |
| 1820-April 2. | 1854-A pril 16. |
| 1821-A pril 22. | 1855-A pril 8. |
| 1822-April 7. | 1856-Mar. 23. |
| 1823-Mar. 30. | 1857-April 12. |
| 1824-A pril 18. | 1858-Ap |
| 7825-A |  |
| 1826-Mar. 26. | 1860-April ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 1827-April 15. | 1861-Mar. 31. |
| 1828-A pril 6. | 1862-April 20. |
| 1829-April 19. | 1863-April 5. |
| 1830-A pril 11. | 1864-Mar. 27. |
| 1831-A pril 3. | 1865-April 16. |
| 1832-A pril 22. | 1866-April 1. |
| 1833-A pril 7. | 1867-A pril 21. |
| 1834-Mar. 30. | 1868-April 12 |



|  | 1935-A pril 21. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 1936-A pril 12. |
|  | -Mar. 28. |
|  | 1938-A pril 17 |
|  | 7939-April) |
|  | 940-Mar. 24. |
|  | Apri |
|  | 1942-A pril 5. |
|  | 1943-A pril 25 |
|  | A pril |
|  | 45-April |
|  | 1946-A pril 21. |
|  | 1947-A pril |
|  | 1948-Mar. 28 |
|  | 1949-A pril 17 |
|  | 950-A pril |
|  | 91-Mar. |
|  | 1952-A pril |
|  | 1953-A pril |
|  | 954-A pril |
|  | A pril 10. |
|  | 1956-A pril 1. |
|  | 1957-A pril 21. |
|  | 1958-A pril |
|  | 1959-Mar. 29 |
|  | 1960-A pril 17. |
|  | 1961-April 2 |
|  | 1962-A pril 2 |
|  | 1963-A pril 14. |
|  | 1964-Mar. 29. |
|  | 1965-A pril 18. |
|  | 1966-April 10. |
|  | 967-Mar. 26. |

1968-A pril 14. 1969-April 6 1970-Mar. 29. 1971-A pril 11. 1972-A pril 2. 1973-A pril 22. 1974-April 14. 1975-Mar. 30. 1976-A pril 18. 1977-April 10. 1978-Mar. 26. 1979-A pril 15. 1980-A pril 6. 1981-A pril 19. 1982-A pril 11. 1983-A pril 3. 1984-A pril 22. 1985-A pril 7. 1986-Mar. 30. 1987-A pril 19. 1988-A pril 3. 1989-Mar. 26. 1990-A pril 15. 1991-Mar. 31. 1992-A pril 19. 1993-A pril 11. 1994-A pril 3. 1995-A pril 16. 1996-A pril 7. 1997-Mar. 30. 1998-A pril 12. 1999-A pril 4. 2000 -f April 23.1

## New ecstament (eytomalogw.

ZAHN, the latestand most important of the German biblical scholars, has published (1899) his conclusions as to the chronology of New Testament literature and leading New Testament events, in substance as follows :

Year A.D.
Death and Resurrection of Christ. Probably 30 The events recorded Acts i.-viii., 1 to about 30-34
Conversion of St. Paul...........Beginning of $\quad 35$ Conversion of St. Paul.......... Beginning of cus, interrupted once by a journey to A rabia. Flight from Damascus, first visit to Jerusalem, and stay at Tarsus .
Peter at Joppa and Cæsarea.......Beginning Luke a church member at Antiochia. Paul brought from Tarsus to Antiochia by Barnabas, either Summer or Autumn of. Death of James Zebedai, imprisonment of Peter, flight of the latter and other prophets from Jerusalem ......................Easter Visit of Peter and others from Jerusalem to Antiochia. Letter of St. James.
First mission tour of Paul, Spring 50 to Fali A postles convene in Jerusalem, Beginning of Start of second mission tour of St. Paul, Spring of Arrival at Corinth...........About November Epistle to the Galatians........ Beginning of First Epistle to the Thessalonians, Spring of Second Epistle to Thessalonians....Summer Journey from Corinth to Ephesus, before Pentecost........................... About May Beginning of the third mission tour from Antiochia to Ephesus... Probably Summer Arrival at Ephesus........... A bout February Short visit to Corinth from Ephesus. Last Epistle of St. Paul to the Corinthians, End of 56 or beginning of Letter of the Corinthians to St. Paul. First Epistle of Paul to the Corinthians.. Easter Departure of Paul and Timothy from Ephesus by way of Troas to Macedonia, Abont or after Pentecost Second Epistle to the Corinthians, About November or December Journey of Paul from Macedonia to Corinth, A bout New Year

58

Epistle to the Romans during a three months' stay in Greece and Corinth,

About February Journey by way of Macedonia, Troas, Miletus, etc., to Jerusalem. Arrival in Jerusalem and beginining of captivity in Cæesa-

Year A.D. rea Defence before Festus............................................. Departure from Cæsarea. September Arrival at Rome......................................... March Epistles to Ephesians, Colossians, and Philemon........................................... Summer Second Epistle of St. Peter..........Beginning Matthew writes his A ramaic Gospel,

Beginning Epistle to Philippians............. Summer of Paul free again ............ Late in Summer of Journey of Paul to Spain.. Fall 63 or Spring Arrival of Peter in Rome.. Fall 63 or Spring First Epistle of Peter................... Spring of Mark in Rome, engaged on the completion of his Gospel ...................................... Persecution under Nero and crucifixion of
 58

Return of Paul from Spain and visitation of the Eastern congregation, I. Timothy and Titus. . Spring to Fall of 58 68
60 60

## 62

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64

Stay at Nicopolis........................... Winter of Paul beheaded........ End of 66 or beginning Publication Gospel of Mark. ....... Beginning Departure of St. John and other A postles to the province of Asia................ Beginning Epistle of Jude . Beginning Gospel and Acts of Sit. Luke....... Beginning Epistle to the Hebrews............... Beginning Origin of the Greek Matthew..... Beginning Gospel and the Fpistles of John.... Between 8 A pocalypse of St. John.............. Beginning Death of St. John ...................... Beginning

# Tatule of jathroratule Bates. 

B. c.

1183 Fall of Troy.
1082 Era of the Great Pyramid.
878 Carthage founded.
776 Olympic Era began.
753 Foundation of Iome.
588 Jerusalem taken by Nebuchadnezzar.
536 Restoration of the Jews under Cyrus.
503 Expulsion of Tarquins from Rome.
480 Xerxes defested Greeks at Thermopyla.
55 Crasar conquered Britain.
4 Birth of Jesus Christ.
A. D.

29 The Crucifixion.
70 Jerusalem was destroyed by Titus.
313 Constantise converted toChristianity
410 The liomans abandoned Britain.
827 Egbert, first king of all England, Oct. 14.
1066 Battle of Hastings. Norman Conquest
1096 The Crusades began.
1172 Ireland was conquered by Henry II.
1215 King John granted Magna Charta, June 15.
1265 First Representative Parliament in England.
1415 Battle of Agincourt, Oct. 25.
1431 Joan of Arc was burnt, May 30.
1.153 Constantinople taken by the Turks.

1455 The Wars of the Roses began.
1462 The Bible was first printed at Mentz.
1471 Caxton set up his printing press.
1486 Tlie feuds of York and Lancaster ended.
1492 Columbus discovered America, Oct. 12
1517 The Reformation began in Germany.
1519 Cortez begran the conquest of Mexico.
1535 The first English Bible printed.
1539 Monasteries were closed in England.
1558 Accession of Queen Elizabeth, Nov. 17
1555 Revolt of the Netherlands began.
1572 The St.Bartholomew Massacre, Aug. 24
1588 The Spanish Armada defeated, July.
1600 East India Company first chartered.
1603 Union of England and Scotland, March 24.
1605 The (iunpowder Plot in England.
1607 Jamestown, Va., was settled.
1609 IIudson River first explored.
1 1ilt Shakespeare died, April 23.
161S 'Thirty lears' Warin Germany began.
1620 Pilgrims by the Mayflower landed. 1623 Manhattan Island settled.
1634 Maryland settled by Roman Catholics 1636 thode Island settled by Roger Williams.
1640 Cromwell's Long Parliament assemhled.
1649 Charles I. was beheaded, Jan. 30.
1653 Oliver Cromwell became Lord Pro
A. $\mathbf{v}$.

1660 Restoration of the Stuarts.
1664 New York conquered from the Dutch. 1664 The great plague of London.
1666 The great fire of L,ondon began Sept.2.
1679 Ilabeas Corpus Act passed in England.
1682 Pennsylvania settled byWilliamPenn 1685 Revocation of the Edici of Nantes, Oct. 22.
1688 James II. abdicated, Dec. 11.
1690 Battle of the Boyne, July 1.
1690 F'irst newspaper in America; a Boston.
1704 Gibraltar was taken by the English.
1713 Peace of Uirecht, A pril 11.
1714 Accession of House of Hanover, Aug. 1 715 First Jacobite Rebellion in Great Britain.
1720 South Sea Buhble.
1745 Battle of Fontenoy, April 30.
1745 Second Jacobite Rebellion in Great Britain.
1756 Black Hole Snffocation in Calcutta. 1757 Clive won Battle of Plassey in India 1759 Canada was taken from the French. 1765 Stamp Act enacted.
1773 Steam engine perfected by Watt.
1773 Tea destroyed in Boston Harbor, Dec. 16.
1775 Battle of Lexington, April 19.
1775 Battle of Bunker 1lill, June 17.
1776 Declaration of Independence, July 4.
1777 Burgoyne's surrender, ©ct. 17.
1779 Capt. Cook was killed, Feb. I4.
1781 Cornwallis' surrender at York town, Oct. 19.
1788 First gettlement in Australia, Jan. 26.
1789 The French Revolution began Jnly 14
1789 W'ashington first inaug'ted President 1793 Cotton-gin invented by Whitney.
1793 Lonis XV1. of France executed,Jan. 2
1796 Vaccination discovered by Jenner.
798 The Irish Jebellion.
1799 Battle of Seringapatam ; death of Tippoo.
1799 Bonaparte declared First Consul, Nov. 10.
1801 Union of Great Britain and Ireland, Jan. 1.
1803 Lonisiana purchased from the French
1804 Bonaparte became Emperor of France
1805 Battle of Trafalgar; death of Nelson.
1807 Fulton's first steamboat voyage.
1812 Second war with Great Britain.
1812 The French expedition to Moscow.
1813 Perry's victory on Lake Erie, Sept. 10
1814 The printing machine invented.
1814 Scott's "Waverley " published.
1815 Battle of New Orleans, Jan. 8.
1815 Battle of Waterloo, June 18.
1815 Battle of Waterloo, June 18.
1819 First steamship crossed the Atlantic. 1899 Universal Peace Conference.
1899 The South African War.

1820 Missouri Compromise adopted.
1823 Monroe Doctrine declared, Dec. 2.
1828 First passenger railroad in the United States.
1830 Revolution in France, Orleanisi succession.
1832 S. Carolina Nullification Ordinance.
1835 Morse invented the telegraph.
1835 Seminole War in Florida began.
1837 Accession of Queen Victoria, June 20
1845 Texas annexed.
1846 Sewing machine completed by Elias Howe.
1846 The 1rish Potato Famine.
1846 British C'orn laws repealed, June 26.
1846 War with Mexico began.
848 French Revolution. Republlc succeeded.
1848 Gold discovered in Callfornia, Sept.
1851 Gold discovered in Australia, Feb. 12
1851 First InternationalExhibit'n, London
1852 Louis Napoleon became Emperor, Dec. 2.
1853 Crimean War began.
1857 The Great Mutiny in Indla.
1857 The Dred Scott decision.
1859 John Brown's raid into Virginia.
1860 South Carolina seceded, Nec. 20.
1861 Emancipation of the lussian serfs.
1863 Lincoln's Emsncipation I'roclamation, Jan. 1.
1863 Battle of Gettysburg, July 1-3.
1865 Lee surrendered at Appomatiox, April 9.
1865 I'resident Lincoln assassinated, April 14.
1866 Battle of Sadowa. Prussia beat Austria.
1867 Emperor Maximilian of Mexico executed.
1867 The Dominion of Canada established 1870 Franco-Gierman War began, July 19. 1870 Capitnlation of French at Sedan, Sept. 1.
1870 Rome became the capital of Italy.
1871 The Gierman Empire re-established.
1871 'The Irish Church was disestablished.
1871 The great fire in Chicago, (Ict. 8-11.
1872 The great fire in Boston, Nov. 9.
1876 Centennial Exposit'n at Philadelphia
1881 President Gartield shot.
1882 British occupation of Egypt.
1889 Brazil became a Republic.
1893 World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago.
1894 Chinese-Japanese War began.
1895 Cuban Revolution began, Feb. 20.
1897 The Turkish-(ireek War.
1898 The spanish-American War.

## 

In September, 1793 , the convention decreed that the common era should be abolished in all civil affairs, and that the new French ers should begin on September 22,1792 , the day of the true autumasal equinox, and that each succeeding year ahould begin at the midnight of the day on which the true autumnal equinox falls. The year was divided into twelve months of thirty isys each. Iu orilinary years there were five extra days, from the 17 th to the 21 st of our September, and at the end of every fourth year was a sixth complimentary day. This reckoning was first used on November 22, 1793, and was continued until llecember 31, 1505 , wheu it was discoutinued, and the Gregorlan calendar, used throughout the rest of Europe, was resumed. The following were the dates for the year 1804, the last complete year of this style of reckoning:

| Vendemiaire | (Vintage), September 23 to October 22. | Germinal | (Budding), March 22 to April 21. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brnmaire | (Foggy), ()ctober 23 to November 22. | Floreal | (Flowery), April 21 to May 20. |
| Frimaire | (Sleety), November 22 to 1)ecember 21. | Prairial | (I'asture), May 21 to June 20. |
| Nivose | (Snowy), December 22 to January 21. | Messidor | (Harvest), June 20 to July 19. |
| l'luviose | (Rainy), January 21 to February 20. | Thermidor | ( Kot), July 20 to Angust 19. |
| Ventose | (Windy), February 20 to March 19. | Fructidor | (Fruit), Augusi 19 to September 18. |

The months were divided into three decades of ten days each, but to make up the 365 five were added at the end of September: I'rimidi, dedicated to Virtue; Duodi, to (ienius; Tridi, to Labor; Quartidi, to Opinion, aud Quintidi, to Rewards. 'T'o l.eap Year, called (Hympic, a sixth day, September 22 or 23 , Sextidi, "the day of the Revolution," was added.
'To each tenth day, thirty-six in all, were assigned thirty-six "Fetes Decadaires," decreed by the Natioual Convention on the eighteenth Irairial, in honor of the Supreme Being and Nature, the Human Race, the French Ieople, Benefactors of IIumanity, Martyrs for Liberty, Liberty and Equality, the Republic, Liberty of the World, Love of Country, Ilatred of Tyrants aud Traitors, Truth, Justice, Modesty, (ilory and Immortality, Friend iip, Frugality, Courage, Good Faith, Ileroism, Hisinteresteduess, Sitoicism, Love, ('oujugal Fidelity, f’aternal Love, Maternal Tendernesa, Filial Piety, Infancy, Childhood, Manhood, ()Id Age, Sickness, Agriculture, Industry, Our Ancestors, Onr Posterity, (ioodness.


## *imruexgaticts.

DATES OF HISTORICAL EVENTS CUSTOMARILY OR OCCASIONALLY OBSERVED.

Jan. 1. Emancipation Proclamation by Lincoln, 1863.

Jan. 8. Battle of New Orleans, 1815.
Jan. 17. Franklin born, 1706.
Jan. 17. Battle of the Cowpens, S. C., 1781.
Jan. 18. Daniel Webster born, 1782.
Jan. 19. Robert E. Lee born, 1807.
Jan. 27. German Emperor horn, 1859.
Feb. 12. Abraham Lincoln born, 1819.
Feb. 15. Battle-ship Maine blown up, 1898.
Feb. 22. (ieorge Washington born, 1732.
Feb.22-23. Battle of Buena Vista, 1847.
March 5. Boston Massacre, 1770 .
March 15. Andrew Jackson born, 1767.
March 18. Grover Cleveland born, 1837.
A pril 1. Bismarck born, 1815.
April 9. Lee surrendered at Appomattox, 1865.
A pril 12. Fort Sumter fired upon, 1861.
A pril 12. Henry Clay born, 1777.
A pril 13. Thomas Jefferson born, 1743.
April 14. Lincoln assassinated, 1865.
A pril 19. Primıose Day in England, Lord Beaconsfield died, 1881.
April 19. Battles of Lexington and Concord, 1775.
April 23. Shakespeare born, 1564.
April 27. General Grant born, 1822.
April 30. ¿Washington was inaugurated first Presi-
May 1. Dewey destroyed the Spanish fleet at Manila, 1898.
May 13. First English settlement in America, at Jamestown, 1607.
May 13. The Society of the Cincinnati was organized by officers of the Revolutionary Army, 1783.
May 20. Mecklenburg, N, C., Declaration of Independence, $\mathbf{1 7 7 5}$.
May 24. Queen Victoria born, 1819.
June 6. General Nathanael Greene born, 1742.
June 15. King John granted Magna Charter at Runnymede, 1215.
June 17. Battle of Bunker Hill, 1775.
June 18. Battle of Waterloo, 1815.
June 28. Battle of Fort Moultrie, Charleston,

July 1. Dominion Day in Canada,
July 1-2. General assault on Santiago de Cuba, 1898.

July 1-3. Battle of Gettysburg, 1863.
July 3. Cervera's fleet was destroyed off Sautiago, 1898.
July 4. Declaration of Independence, 1776.
July 14. The Bastile was destroyed, 1789.
July 16. Santiago surrendered, 1898.
July 21. Rattle of Bull Run, 1861.
Aug. 13. Manila surrendered to the Americans, 1898.

Aug. 16. Battle of Bennington, Vt, 1777.
Sep. 1. Capitulation of Sedan, 1870.
Sep. 8. Battle of Eutaw Springs, S. C., 1781.
Sep. 10. Battle of Lake Erie, Perry's victory, 1813.

Sep. 11. Battle of Lake Champlain, McDouough's victory, 1814.
Sep. 13. Battle of Chapultepec, 1847.
Sep. 14. City of Mexico taken by the U.S. troops, 1847.

Sep. 17. Battle of Antietam, 1862.
Sep. 19-20. Battle of Chickamauga, 1863.
Sep. 20. Italians occupied Rome, 1870.
Oct. 7. Battle of King's Mountain, N. C., 1780.
Oct. 8-11. Great fire of Chicago, 1871.
Oct. 12. Columbus discovered A merica, 1492.
Oct. 17. Burgoyne surrendered at Saratoga, 1777.
Oct. 19. Cornwallis surrendered at Yorktown, 1781.

Nov. 5. Guy Fawkes Day in England. The Gunpowder Plot discovered, 1604.
Nov. 9. Great fire of Boston, 1872.
Nov. 10. Martin Luther born, 1483.
Nov. 25. British evacuated New York, 1783.
Dec. 2. Battle of Austerlitz, 1805.
Dec. 14. Washington died, 1799.
Dec. 16. Boston "Tea Party,' 1773.
Dec. 16. The great fire in New York, 1835.
Dec. 22. Mayflower pilgrims landed at Plymouth Rock, 1620.
Dec. $25-26$. Battle of Trenton, N. J., 1776.
Dec. 29. William Ewart Gladstone born, 1809. S. C. , 1776.

## ลieamy Biefurere entmoax. - 1 .

For ascertaining the Day of the Week for any given T'ime from the Beginning of the Christian Era to the Year 2200.

TABLE OF CENTURIES.

| G | F | E | D | C | B | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | G | F | E | D | C | B |
| B | A | G | F | E | D | C |
| C | B | A | G | F | E | D |
| D | C | B | A | G | F | E |
| E | D | C | B | A | G | F |
| F | E | D | C | B | A | G |

Fisures below for the Gregorian New Style. Refer to the letters above.
$-\left|\begin{array}{l|l|l|l|}\hline 15 & 16 \\ 19 & 20\end{array}\right|-\left|\frac{17}{21}\right|-\left\lvert\, \frac{18}{22}\right.$
Figures below for the Julian Old Style. Refer to the letters above.


|  | 05 | 11 | 16 | 22 |  | 33 | 39 | 44 | 50 |  | 61 | 67 | 72 | 78 |  | 89 | 95 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00 | 06 |  | 17 | 23 | 28 | 34 |  | 45 | 51 | 56 | 62 |  | 73 | 79 | 84 | 90 |  |
| 01 | 07 | 12 | 18 |  | 29 | 35 | 40 | 46 |  | 57 | 63 | 68 | 74 |  | 85 | 91 | 96 |
| 02 |  | 13 | 19 | 24 | 30 |  | 41 | 47 | 52 | 58 |  | 69 | 75 | 80 | 86 |  |  |
| 03 | 08 | 14 |  | 25 | 31 | 36 | 42 |  | 53 | 59 | 64 | 70 |  | 81 | 87 | 92 |  |
|  | 09 | 15 | 20 | 26 |  | 37 | 43 | 48 | 54 |  | 65 | 71 | 76 | 82 |  | 93 | 9 |
| 04 | 10 |  | 21 | 27 | 32 | 38 |  | 49 | 55 | 60 | 66 |  | 77 | 83 | 88 | 94 |  |

Directions.-1. In the Table of Centuries find the first two figures of the year desired, and in the Table of Years find the last two figures of that year The letter at the intersection of the columns of the two tables is the Year Letter. 2. Under the Year Letter in the Table of Months find the Key Figure opposite the month desired. 3. The day of the week desired can then be found in the Table of Days at the intersection of the columns of the Key Figure and the day of the month.*

Key Figure.

| 1 | Sun. | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thu. | Fri. | Sat. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thu. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. |
| 3 | Tue. | Wed. | Thu. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | Mon. |
| 4 | Wed. | Thu. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | Mon. | Tue. |
| 5 | Thu. | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. |
| 6 | Fri. | Sat. | Sun. | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thu. |
| 7 | Sat. | Sun. | Mon. | Tue. | Wed. | Thu. | Fri. |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
|  | 15. | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 |
|  | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 |
|  | 29 | 30 | 31 |  |  |  | 1 |

TABLE OF MONTIIS.

|  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Leap } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | Jan. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 |
|  | Feb. | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|  | Jan. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
|  | Feb. | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  | Mar. | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  | Apr. | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 |
|  | May | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
|  | June | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|  | July | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 |
|  | Aug. | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
|  | Sept. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
|  | Oct. | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 1 | 2 |
|  | Nov. | 6 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|  | Dec. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |

[^1]
## Bicaow Hiffurute Calcmoax. -2.

For ascertaining any Day of the Week for any given Time within Two Hundred Years from the introduction of the New Style, 17553, to 1952 inclusive.

| YEARS 1753 TO 1952. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 过 |  | \| |  | \| |  | ® |  | $\frac{80}{\frac{8}{4}}$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow{8}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1753 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1754 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1781 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1782 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1800 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1801 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1828 q \\ & 1829 a \end{aligned}$ | $1856 \mathrm{q}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1884 q \\ & 1885 a \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1900 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1901 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1928 \mathrm{~h} \\ & 1829 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1755 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1756 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1783 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1784 \mathrm{p} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1802 \mathrm{~b} \\ & 1803 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1830 \mathrm{~b} \\ & 1831 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1858 \mathrm{~b} \\ & 1859 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1886 b \\ & 1887 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1902 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1903 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1930 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1931 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | b |  | 5 |  |  | 4 | 6 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 7 | 35 |  |  |
| 1757c | $\begin{aligned} & 1785 \mathrm{c} \\ & 1786 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1804 \mathrm{~h} \\ & 1805 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1832 h \\ & 1833 d \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1860 \mathrm{~h} \\ & 1861 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1888 \mathrm{~h} \\ & 1889 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1904 \mathrm{k} \\ & 1905 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1932 \mathrm{k} \\ & 1933 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | c |  | 62 |  | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 1 4 | 46 | 2 | 4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1759 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1760 \mathrm{q} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1787 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1788 \mathrm{q} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1806 e \\ & 1807 a \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1834 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1835 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1862 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1863 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1890 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1891 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1906 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1907 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1934 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1935 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | d |  | 25 |  | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 61 | 1.4 | 47 | 712 | 5 | 57 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1761 a \\ & 1762 b \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1789 a \\ & 1790 b \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1808 k \\ & 1 \mathrm{so9f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1836 k \\ & 1837 f \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1864 \mathrm{k} \\ & 1865 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1892 \mathrm{k} \\ & 1893 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19081 \\ & 1909 \mathrm{~b} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19361 \\ & 1937 \mathrm{~b} \end{aligned}$ | e |  | 36 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 | 72 | 25 | 51 | 1 | 6 | 61 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1763 \mathrm{c} \\ & 1764 \mathrm{~h} \end{aligned}$ | $1791 \mathrm{c}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1810 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1811 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1838 g \\ & 1839 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1866 \mathrm{~g} \\ & 1867 \mathrm{~d} \end{aligned}$ | $1894 \mathrm{~g}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1910 \mathrm{c} \\ & 1911 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1938 \mathrm{c} \\ & 1939 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | f |  | 7 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 4 | 62 | 25 | 5 | 3 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1765 \mathrm{~d} \\ & 1766 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1793 \mathrm{~d} \\ & 1794 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18121 \\ & 1813 b \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18401 \\ & 1841 \mathrm{~b} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18681 \\ & 1869 b \end{aligned}$ | $18961$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1912 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 1913 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1940 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 1941 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $\underline{5}$ |  | 14 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 |  | 7.3 | 36 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1767 a \\ & 1768 k \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1795 \mathrm{a} \\ & 1796 \mathrm{k} \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1814 \mathrm{c} \\ & 1815 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $1842 \mathrm{c}$ | $1870 \mathrm{c}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1898 \mathrm{c} \\ & 1899 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $1914 a$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1942 a \\ & 1943 \mathrm{~b} \end{aligned}$ | h |  | 3 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 73 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 4 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1769 \mathrm{f} \\ & 17 \% 0 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | $1797 \mathrm{f}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1816 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 1 \mathrm{~S} 17 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $1844 \mathrm{~m}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1872 \mathrm{~m} \\ & 1873 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1916 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1917 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1944 \mathrm{n} \\ 1945 \mathrm{~g} \end{array}$ | k | 5 | 1 |  | 2 | 5 | 7 | 3 |  | 51 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1771 d \\ & 17721 \end{aligned}$ | 1799d | $\begin{aligned} & 1818 a \\ & 1819 b \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1846 a \\ & 1847 b \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1874 a \\ & 1875 b \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1918 d \\ & 1919 e \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1946 \mathrm{~d} \\ & 1947 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | 6 |  | 7 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 36 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1773 \mathrm{~b} \\ & 1774 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1820 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1821 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1848 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1849 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1876 \mathrm{n} \\ & 1877 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1920 \mathrm{p} \\ & 1921 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1948 \mathrm{p} \\ & 1949 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | m |  | 4 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1775 \mathrm{f} \\ & 1776 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | - | $\begin{aligned} & 1822 \mathrm{~d} \\ & 1823 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1850 \mathrm{~d} \\ & 1851 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1878 \mathrm{~d} \\ & 1879 \mathrm{e} \end{aligned}$ |  | $1922 \mathrm{f}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1950 \mathrm{f} \\ & 1951 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | n |  | 2 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 4 |  | 62 | 5 | 5 |  | 3 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1777 \mathrm{e} \\ & 1778 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1824 \mathrm{p} \\ & 1825 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1852 \mathrm{p} \\ & 1853 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1880p } \\ & 1881 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1924 \mathrm{q} \\ & 1925 \mathrm{a} \end{aligned}$ | 1952q | p | 4 | 7 | 1 | 1. | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 47 | 3 | 35 | 1 | 13 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1779 \mathrm{~b} \\ 1780 \mathrm{n} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|l} 1826 f \\ 1827 g \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1854 \mathrm{f} \\ & 1855 \mathrm{~g} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1882 \mathrm{f} \\ 1883 \mathrm{~g} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1926 \mathrm{~b} \\ & 1927 \mathrm{c} \end{aligned}$ |  | q | 2 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 7 |  | 25 | 1 | 13 | 6 | 61 |

Note. -The letters in the list of "Years from 1753 to 1952,'' refer to the table headed with the Months, the figures in which refer to the same figures at the head of the table of Days. For example: To know on what day July 4, 1900, will fall look for 1900 in the table of Years. The letter $g$ is attached. Look for the same letter in the table of Months and in a parallel line under July is the figure 7 , which directs to column 7 in the table of Days below, in which it will be seen that July 4 falls on Wednesday.

This improved calendar was made for THEWORLD Almanac by Arthur Cunningham, of Columbus, 0 .

TABLE OF DAYS.

|  | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Monday | Tuesda | Wednesday 1 | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | SUNDAY |
| Tuesday | Wednesday 2 | Thursday 2 | Friday | Saturday 2 | SUNDAY | 2 Monday |
| Wednesday 3 | Thursday 3 | Friday 3 | Saturday | SUNDAY 3 | Monday | Tuesday 3 |
| Thursday 4 | Friday | Saturday | SUNDAY | Monday 4 | Tuesday | W ednesday 4 |
| Friday | Saturday 5 | SUNDAY | Munday | Tuesday 5 | Weduesday | Thursday 5 |
| Saturday | SUNDȦY | Monday 6 | Tuesday | Wednesday 6 | Thursday | Friday |
| SUNDAY | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday 8 | Thursday | Friday | Saturday | SUNDAY |
| Tuesday 9 | Wednesd. 9 | Thursday 9 | Friday | Saturday 9 | SUNDAY | Monday |
| Wednesd. 10 | Thursday 10 | Friday 10 | Saturday 10 | SUNDAY 10 | Monday | Tuesday 10 |
| Thursday 11 | Friday 11 | Saturday 11 | SUNDAY 11 | Monday 11 | Tuesday | Wednesd. 11 |
| Friday 12 | Saturday 12 | SUNDAY 12 | Monday 12 | Tuesday 12 | Wednesd. | Thursday 12 |
| Saturday 13 | SUNDAX 13 | Monday 13 | Tuesday | Wednesd. 13 | Thursday | Friday 13 |
| SUNDAY 14 | Monday 14 | Turesday 14 | Wednesd. 14 | Thursday 14 | Friday | Saturday 14 |
| Monday 15 | Tuesday 15 | Wednesd. 15 | Thursday 15 | Friday 15 | Saturday | 5 SUNDAY 15 |
| Tuesday 16 | Wednesd. 16 | Thursday 16 | Friday 16 | Saturday 16 | SUNDAY | 6 Monday 16 |
| Wednesd. 17 | Thursday 17 | Friday -17 | Saturday 17 | SUNDAY 17 | Monday 17 | 7 Tuesday 17 |
| Thursday 18 | Friday 18 | Saturday 18 | SUNDAY 18 | Munday 18 | Tuesday 18 | Wednesd. 18 |
| Friday 19 | Saturday 19 | SUNDAY 19 | Monday 19 | Tuesday 19 | Wednesd. 19 | 9 Thursday 19 |
| Saturday 20 | SUNDAY 20 | Monday 20 | Tuesday 20 | Wednesd 20 | Thursday 20 | Friday 20 |
| SUNDAY 21 | Monday 21 | Tuesday 21 | Wednesd. 21 | Thursday 21 | Friday 21 | 1 Saturday 21 |
| Monday 22 | Tuesday 22 | Wednesd. 22 | Thursday 22 | Friday 22 | Saturday | 2 SUNDAY 22 |
| Tuesday 23 | Wednesd. 23 | Thursday 23 | Friday 23 | Saturday 23 | SUNDAY 23 | 3 Monday 23 |
| Wednesd. 24 | Thursday 24 | Friday 24 | Saturday 24 | SUNDAY 24 | Monday | 4 Tuesday 24 |
| Thursday 25 | Friday 25 | Saturday 25 | SUNDAY 25 | Monday 25 | Tuesday 25 | Wednesd. 25 |
| Friday 26 | Saturday 26 | SUNDAY 26 | Monday 26 | Tuesday 26 | Wednesd. 26 | Thursday 26 |
| Saturday 27 | SUNDAY 27 | Monday 27 | Tuesday 27 | Wednesd. 27 | Thursday 27 | Friday 27 |
| SUNDAY 28 | Monday 28 | Tuesday 28 | Wednesd 28 | Thursday 28 | Friday 28 | Saturday 28 |
| Monday 29 | Tuesday 29 | Wednesd. 29 | Thursday 29 | Friday 29 | Satnrday 29 | SUNDAY 29 |
| Tuesday 30 | Wednesd. 30 | Thursday 30 | Friday 30 | Saturday 30 | SUNDAY 30 | Monday 30 |
| Wednesd. 31 | Thursday 31 | Friday 31 | Saturday 31 | SUNDAY 31 | Monday 31 | Tnesday 31 |

## Ritualistic Calendar.

Colors for the Altar in Use in Ritualistic Episcopal Churches in the United States.
White. -From the First Service (First Vespers) of Christmas Day to the Octave of Epiphany, inclusive (except on the Feasts of Martyrs); on Maundy Thursday (for the celebration); from the First Service of Easter Day to the Vigil of Pentecost (except on Feasts of Martyrs and Rogation Days); on 'Trinity Sunday, Conversion of St. Paul, Purification, Annunciation, St. John Baptist, St. Michael, St. Luke, All saints, Saints who are not Martyrs, and Patron Saints (Transfiguration and Dedication of Church).

Red. - From First Vespers of Pentecost to the First Vespers of Trinity Sunday (which includes Ember Days), Holy Innocents (if on a Sunday), and Feasts of all Martyrs.

Violet.-From Septuagesima to Maundy Thursday (Easter Eve); Advent Sunday to Christmas Eve; Vigils, Ember lays (except in Whitsun Week), and Rogation Days; Holy Innocents (unless on Sunday). Black. - Good Friday and at funerals. Green. - Ali other days.

These regulations as to colors are general. A more minute code changing with each year is published in the church almanacs.

MARRIAGEs should not be celebrated from Advent Sunday till eight days after Epiphany; Septuagesima till eight days after Easter; Rogation till Trinity Sunday.

## Jewish Calendar, 1900.

| New Moon. Fasts, Frasts, etc. |  |  | New Moon, Fasts, Feasts, etc. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5660. |  | 1900. | 5661. |  | 1900 |
| Sebat 1 | New Moon. | Jan. 1 | Tisri 1 | New Moon (New Year). | Sept. 24 |
| Adar $\quad 1$ | Purim. | Feb. $\quad 13$ | $\square$ 3 <br>  10 | Fast of Guadaliah. | \% 26 |
| Veadar 1 | New Moon. | March 2 | "19 | Feast of Tabernacles. | Oct. |
| Nisan 1 | New Hoon | ${ }^{6} 31$ | 22 | Feast or Eighth Day. | 15 |
| $\cdots 15$ | Passover. | April 14 | 6 23 | " Rejoicing with the Law | 16 |
| Yiar 1 | New Moon.. | \%6 30 | Hesvan 1 | New Moon.. | 24 |
| $\cdots{ }^{\prime} 14$ | Second Passo | May 13 | Kislev 1 |  | Nov. 23 |
| Siran . 1 | New Moon. Pentecost... | June $\begin{array}{rr}16 \\ \end{array}$ | Tebet | Dedication of the Temple.. ...... New Moon. | Dec. $\quad 17$ |
| Tamuz 1 | New Moon... | Jne 28 |  | New Moon............................. |  |
| $\mathrm{Ab} \quad 1$ | Fast of Tan | July $\quad 14$ | 10 | Fast of 'Tebet | ${ }_{\text {Jan. }} 1901$ |
|  | Fast of Ab (Destruction of |  | Sebat 1 | New Moon.... | 21 |
| Elul 1 | Jerusalem ).................................................. | Aug. $\quad 26$ |  |  |  |

The year 5660 is an embolismic common year of 384 days, and the year 5661 is an ordinary perfect year of 355 days.

Mohammedan Calendar, 1900.

| Year. | Names of Months. | Mon | Begins. | Year. | Names of Months. | Month | Begins: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \overline{1317} \ldots \\ \because \\ \because \\ \because \\ \because \\ \hline . . . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 1318... | Muharram (New Year) | May | 1,1900 |
|  |  |  | 3, 1900 |  | Saphar. | June | 31, "، |
|  |  | Ma | 3, " | $\because$ | " Iİ | July | 29, ' |
|  |  | April | 2, ${ }^{\prime}$ |  | Jomadhi I | Aug. |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Rajab. | Sept. |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | Shabaal | Nov. | 24, ${ }^{2}$ |

Greek Church and Russian Calendar, 1900.
A. D. 1900, A. M. 8009.



|  |  | Cslendar for Boston, <br> New England, N' Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, N. and S. Dakota, and Oregon. |  |  | Calendar for <br> New York City, Connecticut, Penilisyl vania, Ohio, Indiana, Northern California. |  |  | Calendar forWAshivGTo,Virginia, Kentucky,Missouri, Kansas, Colorado,Utah, Nevada,snd Central Californas. |  |  | Calendar for <br> Charleston, <br> Georgia, Alabama, <br> Louisiana, Texas, New <br> Mexico, Arizona, and Southern Californis. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\dot{\varepsilon}$ | 㻤 |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { SUN } \\ \text { SETS. }}}{ }$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sun } \\ \text { RISES. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SUN } \\ \text { SETB. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& s. } \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises. | $\underset{\text { SETs. }}{\substack{\text { SUN }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. } 4 \text { s. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Sus }}{\substack{\text { Suses. }}}$ | $\underset{\text { Sets. }}{\substack{\text { Sust. }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& } 8 . \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Th | 714 | 5. 14 | 741 | 710 | 518 | 742 |  | H. <br> 5 | H.  <br> 7 43 | 656 | H.  <br> 5 3 |  |
|  | Fr | 713 | 515 | 858 |  | 519 | $8 \quad 57$ | 75 | 523 | 856 | 655 | 534 | 854 |
|  | Sa | 711 | 516 | $10 \quad 13$ |  | 520 | 1011 | 7 | 524 | $10 \quad 9$ | 654 | 534 | 103 |
|  | S | 710 | 517 | 1126 | 76 | 521 | 1123 | $7 \quad 3$ | 525 | 1119 | 653 | 535 | 1110 |
|  | M | 79 | 518 | A. M. | $7 \quad 5$ | 522 | A. M. | 7 | 526 | A. M. | 652 | 536 | A. M. |
|  | Tu | 78 | 519 | 1236 | $7 \quad 4$ | 523 | 1232 | 7 | 527 | $12 \quad 27$ | 651 | 537 | 1215 |
|  | W |  | 520 | 142 | $7 \quad 3$ | 524 | 138 | $7 \quad 0$ | 528 | 132 | 650 | 538 | 117 |
|  | Th |  | 522 | 243 | 72 | 525 | 238 | 659 | 529 | 233 | 649 | 539 | 217 |
|  | Fr | $7 \quad 5$ | 523 | 338 | 7 | 526 | 333 | 658 | 530 | 327 | 648 | 540 | 310 |
| 10 | Sa | 74 | 525 | 425 | $7 \quad 0$ | 528 | 420 | 657 | 531 | 414 | 647 | 541 | 358 |
| 11 | S |  | 526 | 5 | 659 | 529 | 5 | 656 | 532 | 456 | 646 | 542 | 442 |
| 12 | M | $7 \begin{array}{ll}7 & 1\end{array}$ | 527 | $5 \quad 39$ | 658 | 530 | 536 | 655 | 533 | 532 | 645 | 543 | 520 |
| 13 | Tu | 659 | 529 | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 9\end{array}$ | 656 | 531 | $6 \quad 6$ | 654 | 534 | 6 | 645 | 544 | 554 |
| 1 | W | 658 | 530 | rises. | 655 | 533 | rises. | 653 | 535 | rises. | 644 | 545 | rises. |
| 15 | Th | 657 | 531 | 659 | 653 | 534 | $7 \quad 0$ | 652 | 536 | $7 \quad 0$ | 643 | 546 | 72 |
| 16 | Fr | 656 | 533 | 758 | 652 | 536 | 757 | 651 | 538 | 757 | 642 | 547 | 755 |
| 17 | Sa | 655 | 534 | 857 | 650 | 537 | 855 | 650 | 539 | 854 | 641 | 548 | 849 |
| 18 | S | 654 | 535 | 957 | 649 | 539 | 954 | 649 | 540 | 951 | 640 | 549 | 943 |
| 19 | M | 653 | 537 | 1057 | 648 | 540 | 1054 | 647 | 541 | 1050 | 639 | 550 | 1039 |
| 20 | Tu | 651 | 538 | 1159 | 646 | 541 | 1155 | 646 | 542 | 1150 | 638 | 551 | 1136 |
| 21 | W | 649 | 540 | A. M. | 645 | 543 | A. M. | 644 | 543 | A. M. | 637 | 552 | A. M. |
| 22 | Th | 648 | 541 | 10 | 643 | 544 | 1255 | 643 | 545 | 1250 | 636 | 552 | 1234 |
| 23 | Fr | 646 | 543 | 20 | 642 | 545 | 154 | 641 | 546 | 149 | 635 | 553 | 132 |
| 24 | Sa | 644 | 545 | 255 | 640 | 547 | 250 | 640 | 547 | 245 | 634 | 554 | 228 |
| 25 | S | 642 | 546 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 47\end{array}$ | 639 | 548 | 342 | 638 | 549 | 336 | 633 | 555 | 320 |
| $26$ | M | 641 | 547 | 431 | 638 | 549 | 427 | 637 | 550 | 422 | 632 | 555 | 410 |
| $27$ | Tu | 639 | 548 | 511 | 637 | 550 | 5 | 636 | 551 | 5 | 631 | 556 | 454 |
|  | W | 638 | 549 | 546 | 636 | 551 | 544 | 635 | 552 | 542 | 630 | 557 | 536 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day of } \\ & \text { Mlonth. } \end{aligned}$ |  | ( $\begin{gathered}\text { Day or } \\ \text { Moxic. }\end{gathered}$ |  | Day or ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Movth. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 12 12m.  <br> 13 49 | 7 | $12{ }^{1} 1422$ | 13 | $12142{ }^{\text {H. }}$ | 19 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}$ | 24 | ${ }_{12}^{\text {H. }} 1213{ }^{\text {m. }}$ \% ${ }^{\text {s. }}$ |
| 2 | 121356 | 8 | 121424 | 14 | 121423 | 20 | 121356 | 25 | 121315 |
| 3 | 12143 | 9 | 121426 | 15 | 121420 | 21 | 121349 | 26 | 12135 |
| 4 | 12149 | 10 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 14 & 27\end{array}$ | 16 | $12 \begin{array}{llll}12 & 14 & 17\end{array}$ | 22 | 121341 | 27 | 121255 |
| 5 | 121414 | 11 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 14 & 27\end{array}$ | 17 | 121413 | 23 | 121333 | 28 | 121244 |
| 6 | $\mid 121418$ \| | 12 | $121427 \mid$ | 18 | $\begin{array}{\|lll\|}12 & 14 & 8\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |

TWILICHT.

| Placks. | Feb. | B | Ends | Feb. | Begins, A. m. | Ende, P. m. | Feb. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, p. M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston | 1 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { H. } \\ 5 & 37\end{array}$ | н. ${ }^{\text {\% }} 50$ | 11 | H. ${ }_{5}^{\text {M. }}$ | H. ${ }^{\text {m. }}$ | 21 | H. ${ }_{5}^{\text {\% }} 14$ | H. <br> 7 |
| New York. | 1 | 536 | 651 | 11 | 527 | 71 | 21 | 515 | 713 |
| Wash'ton. | 1 | 535 | 652 | 11 | 526 | $7 \quad 2$ | 21 | 515 | 713 |
| Charleston | 1 | 530 | 657 | 11 | 524 | 75 | 21 | 515 | 713 |


|  | Calendar forBosToN,New England, N. Y. State,Michigan, Wisconsin,N. and S. Dakota,and Oregon. |  |  | Calendar for New York City, Connecticut, Pennsyl-vania, Ohio, Indiana, vania, $\mathrm{Ohio}, \mathrm{In}$ andIllinois, Nebraska, and Northern California. |  |  | Calendar for Washington Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevads, and Central California. |  |  | Calendar for Charleston, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and Southern California. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| คิ |  | $\underset{\text { SETS }}{\text { SUN }^{2} .}$ |  |  | SUN |  | SUN | Sun |  | ${ }_{\mathrm{kg}}^{\mathrm{N}}$ | $\underset{\text { SExs. }}{\text { Stin }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R, \& } . \end{aligned}$ |
| , |  | 550 | sets | 635 | 552 | sets. | 634 | 553 | sets. | 629 | 558 | set |
| Fr | 636 | 551 | 747 | 634 | 553 | 746 | 633 | 554 | 744 | 628 | 558 | 740 |
| Sa | 635 | 552 | 9 | 633 | 554 | 9 | 632 | 555 | 858 | 627 | 559 | 851 |
| S | 634 | 553 | 1018 | 631 | 555 | $10 \quad 12$ | 630 | 556 | 1011 | 626 |  | 10 |
| 5 M | 632 | 554 | 1129 | 630 | 556 | 1124 | 629 | 557 | 1119 | 625 | 6 | 11 |
| Tu | 630 | 555 | A. M. | 629 | 557 | A. M. | 627 | 5 | A. | 623 |  | A. M. |
| W | 629 | 556 | 1234 | 627 | 558 | 1229 | 626 | 559 | 1224 | 622 |  | 2 |
| Th | 627 | 557 | 132 | 625 | 559 | 126 | 624 | 60 | 121 | 621 | 6 |  |
| Fr | 625 | 558 | 22. | 624 |  | 217 | 623 | 6 | 211 | 620 |  | 155 |
| 10 Sa | 623 | 559 | 34 | 622 |  | 30 | 621 | 6 | 255 | 618 | 6 | 2 |
| 11 S | 621 | $6 \quad 0$ | 340 | 621 | 6 | 336 | 620 | 6 | 332 | 616 |  | 320 |
| 12 M | 619 |  | 412 | 619 | 6 | $4 \quad 9$ | 618 | 6 | 45 | 615 | 6 | 35 |
| 13 Tu | 618 |  | 440 | 617 |  | 437 | 617 | 6 | 435 | 612 |  |  |
| 14 W | 616 |  | $5 \quad 5$ | 615 |  | 5 | 615 | 6 | 5 | 611 |  | 458 |
| 15 Th | 615 |  | rises. | $6_{6}^{6} 14$ | 66 | rises. | 614 | 6 | rises. | 610 | 610 | rises |
| 16 Fr | 613 |  | $6 \quad 50$ | 612 | 6 | 648 | 612 | 6 | 647 | $6 \quad 8$ | 610 | 6 |
| 17 Sa | 611 |  | 749 | 611 | 6 | $7{ }^{7} 47$ | 611 | 6 | 745 |  | 611 | 73 |
| 18 S | 69 |  | 851 | $6 \quad 9$ | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 9\end{array}$ | 847 | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 9\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 9\end{array}$ | 844 |  | 611 | 8 |
| 19 M |  |  | 951 |  | 610 | 947 |  | 610 | 943 |  | 612 | 930 |
| 20 Tu |  | 610 | 1052 |  | 611 | 1047 |  | 611 | 1042 |  | 612 | 0 |
| 21 W |  | 611 | 1151 |  | 612 | 1146 | 6 | 612 | 1140 |  | 613 | 112 |
| 22 Th | 6 | 612 | A. M. |  | 613 | A. m. |  | 613 | A. M |  | 613 | A. M |
| 23 Fr | $6 \begin{array}{ll}6 & 1\end{array}$ | 613 | 1247 | 6 | 614 | 1242 |  | 614 | 1236 | $6 \quad 0$ | 614 | 12 |
| 24 Sa | 559 | 614 | 139 | $5 \quad 59$ | 615 | 133 | 559 | 615 | 128 | 559 | 615 |  |
| 25 S | 557 | 615 | 223 | 558 | 616 | 219 | 558 | 616 | 214 | 558 | 615 |  |
| 26 M | 555 | 616 | 34 | 556 | 617 | 30 | 556 | 617 | 257 | 557 | 616 | 2 |
| 27 Tu | 554 | 618 | 340 | 5 | 618 | $\begin{array}{lll}3 & 37\end{array}$ | 555 | 618 | 335 | 556 | 617 | 3 |
| 28 W | 552 | 619 | 413 | 552 | 619 | 411 | 553 | 619 | 410 | 555 | 617 |  |
| 29 Th | 550 | 621 | 445 | 551 | 620 | 445 | 552 | 620 | 445 | 554 | 618 | 4 |
| 30 Fr | 548 | 622 | sets. | 549 | 621 | sets. | 550 | 621 | sets. | 552 | 618 | set |
| 31/ Sa | 547 | 623 | 749 | 548 | 622 | 746 | 549 | 62 | 743 | 55 | 61 | 7 |

SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| Day of |  | \|l|Day or <br> Mosth. |  |  | - | \|lay $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day or } \\ & \text { Mowth. }\end{aligned}$ |  | \| $\begin{gathered}\text { Day of } \\ \text { Month. }\end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | H. | 8 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}$ | 14 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{lll} \hline \mathrm{H} . & \mathrm{m} & \mathrm{~s} \\ 12 & 9 & 2 \\ \hline \end{array}\right.$ | 20 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}$ | 26 |  |
| 2 | 121220 | 9 | 121043 | 15 | 12 l | 21 | 1212 7 | 27 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 5 & 29\end{array}$ |
| 3 | 12128 | 10 | 121028 | 16 | 128848 | 22 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 7 & 1\end{array}$ | 28 | $12 \quad 511$ |
| 4 | 121155 | 11 | $12 \begin{array}{llll}12 & 12\end{array}$ | 17 | $12 \quad 831$ | 23 | 12643 | 29 | $12 \quad 453$ |
| 5 | 121141 | 12 | 12956 | 18 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 8 & 13\end{array}$ | 24 | $12 \quad 624$ | 30 | $12 \quad 434$ |
| 6 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 11 & 27 \\ 12 & 11 & 13\end{array}$ | 13 | $12 \quad 939$ | 19 | $12 \quad 755$ | 25 | $12 \quad 66$ | 31 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 4 & 16\end{array}$ |

TWILICHT.

| Places. | Mar. | Begins, A. M. | Ends, p. m. | Mar. | Beglns, A. m. | Ends, P. M. | Mar. | Begins, A. M. | Ends, p. M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston. | 1 | H. 5 | 723 | 11 | H. 4 | H. 7 | 21 | $4{ }^{\text {H. }} 27$ | H. 7 |
| New York | 1 | 53 | 722 | 11 | 447 | 733 | 21 | 430 | 745 |
| Wash' ton. | 1 | 54 | 721 | 11 | 449 | 731 | 21 | 433 | 742 |
| Charleston | 1 | 56 | 719 | 11 | 453 | 727 | 21 | 440 | 735 |


| 4th Month． |  |  |  |  | APRIL， 1900. |  |  |  |  |  | 30 Days． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咅 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { घ゙ } \\ & \text { a } \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\right\|_{N e}$ | lenda Bosto land， nd $S$ ． d Ore |  |  |  |  |  | lendar ASHINe nia，Ke hh， Ne atral | y, orado， nis． |  | alendar f <br> harlesto <br> na，Texa <br> ico，Ariz <br> thern Ca |  |
| 勛 | 凩 | Sun Rises． | $\underset{\text { SETS. }}{\substack{\text { SUN }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { RISEs. }}{\text { SUN }}$ | $\underset{\text { SETS. }}{\substack{\text { SUNS }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. } A \text { s. } \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUTV } \\ & \text { SETs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { RUNE } \\ \text { RISES. }}}{ }$ | $\underset{\text { SETS }}{\substack{\text { SuN }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& } 4 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | S | ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{\text {H．}}^{6} \stackrel{\text { M．}}{6}$ | 95 | 546 | 623 | $9{ }^{\text {H．}} \times$ | 547 | 622 | 857 | $\stackrel{\text { H．}}{5} 50$ | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { н．} \\ 6 & 19\end{array}$ |  |
| 2 | 2 M | 544 | 625 | 1016 | 545 | 624 | 1011 | 546 | 623 | 106 | 549 | 620 | 950 |
|  | Tu | 542 | 626 | 1119 | 543 | 625 | 1114 | 544 | 624 | $11 \quad 9$ | 547 | 621 | 1052 |
| 4 | 4 W | 540 | 627 | A．M． | 541 | 626 | A．м． | 542 | 625 | A．M． | 546 | 621 | 1147 |
|  | 5 Th | 538 | 629 | 1214 | 539 | 627 | 129 | 540 | 626 | 123 | 544 | 622 | A．M． |
| 6 | Fr | 536 | 630 | $1 \begin{array}{ll}1 & 1\end{array}$ | 538 | 628 | 1256 | 539 | 627 | 1251 | 543 | 623 | 1236 |
| 7 | Sa | 534 | 631 | 140 | 536 | 629 | 146 | 537 | 628 | 131 | 542 | 623 | 118 |
| 8 | S | 533 | 632 | 213 | 535 | 630 | 210 | 536 | 629 | 26 | 541 | 624 | 156 |
|  | M | 532 | 633 | 242 | 533 | 632 | 240 | 534 | 630 | 237 | 539 | 625 | 229 |
| 10 | Tu | 530 | 634 | 38 | 531 | 633 | 36 | 533 | 631 | $3 \quad 5$ | 538 | 626 | 30 |
| 11 | W | 528 | 636 | 333 | 529 | 634 | 332 | 531 | 632 | 332 | 537 | 626 | 330 |
| 12 | Th | 526 | 637 | 356 | 528 | 635 | 357 | 530 | 633 | 357 | 536 | 627 | 358 |
| 13 | Fr | 524 | 638 | 421 | 526 | 636 | 422 | 528 | 634 | 423 | 534 | 628 | 428 |
| 14 | Sa | 523 | 639 | 447 | 525 | 637 | 449 | 527 | 635 | 451 | 533 | 628 | 459 |
| 15 | S | 521 | 640 | rises． | 524 | 638 | rises． | 525 | 636 | rises． | 532 | 629 | rises． |
| 16 | M | 520 | 641 | 844 | 522 | 639 | 840 | 524 | 637 | 835 | 531 | 630 | 821 |
| 17 | Tu | 518 | 642 | 946 | 521 | 640 | 940 | 522 | 638 | 935 | 529 | 630 | 919 |
| 18 | W | 516 | 643 | 1043 | 519 | 641 | 1037 | 521 | 639 | 1033 | 528 | 631 | 1015 |
| 19 | Th | 515 | 644 | 1135 | 517 | 642 | 1129 | 519 | 640 | 1124 | 527 | 632 | 118 |
| 20 | Fr | 513 | 645 | A．M． | 516 | 643 | A．M． | 518 | 641 | A．M． | 526 | 633 | 1156 |
| 21 | Sa | 512 | 647 | 1221 | 514 | 644 | 1216 | 5 | 642 | 1211 | 525 | 633 | A．M． |
| 22 | S | 510 | 648 | 12 | 513 | 645 | 1258 | 516 | 643 | 1254 | 524 | 634 | 1242 |
| 23 | M | 58 | 649 | 138 | 511 | 646 | 135 | 514 | 644 | 132 | 523 | 635 | 123 |
| 24 | Tu |  | 650 | 211 | 510 | 647 |  | 513 | 645 | 27 | 522 | 636 | 21 |
| 25 | W |  | 651 | 242 | 5 | 648 | 241 | 511 | 646 | 241 | 520 | 636 | 239 |
| 26 | Th | 5 | 652 | 313 | 5 | 649 | 313 | 510 | 647 | 314 | 519 | 637 | 316 |
| 27 | Fr | 5 | 653 | 345 | 5 | 650 | 347 | 5 | 648 | 349 | 518 | 637 | 354 |
| 28 | Sa |  | 654 | 420 | 5 | 651 | 423 | 58 | 649 | 426 | 517 | 638 | 435 |
| 29 | S | 5 | 656 | sets． |  | 652 | sets． |  | 649 | sets． | 516 | 639 | sets． |
| 0 | M | 459 | 657 | 859 | $5 \quad 2$ | 653 | 854 | $5 \quad 5$ | 650 | 849 | 515 | 641 | 833 |

## SUN ON MERIDIAN．

| DAy or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 12 | 358 | 7 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 2 & 12\end{array}$ | 13 | $12 \times 034$ | 19 |  | 25 | ${ }^{\text {H．}} 11{ }^{\text {11 }}$ |
| 2 | 12 | 340 | 8 | 12155 | 14 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 0 & 19\end{array}$ | 20 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 58 & 54\end{array}$ | 26 | 115745 |
| 3 | 12 | 322 | 9 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 1 & 39\end{array}$ | 15 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 0 & 4\end{array}$ | 21 | 115841 | 27 | 115755 |
|  | 12 | $3 \quad 5$ | 10 | $12 \begin{array}{lll}12 & 122\end{array}$ | 16 | 115949 | 22 | 115829 | 28 | 115726 |
| 5 | 12 | 247 | 11 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 1 & 6\end{array}$ | 17 | 1115935 | 23 | $1 \begin{array}{llll}11 & 58 & 17\end{array}$ | 29 | 115717 |
| 6 | 12 | 230 | 12 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 0 & 50\end{array}$ | 18 | 1115921 | 24 |  | 30 | 11575 |

TWILIGHT．

| Places． |  | Begins，A．м． | Ends，P．M． |  | Begins，A．M． | Ends，P．M． | Apr． | ｜Begins，A．m． | Ends，P．M． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston ．． | 1 | H． <br> 4 <br> 4 <br> M． | H． <br> 8 <br> 7 | 11 | H． 3 36 | ${ }^{\text {H．}} 1{ }^{\text {m．}}$ ． | 21 | ${ }^{\text {H．}}$ \％ 25. | \％．${ }^{\text {H．}} 32$ |
| New York． | 1 | 410 | 758 | 11 | 350 | S 12 | 21 | 331 | 826 |
| Wash＇ton． | 1 | 414 | 754 | 11 | 356 | S 7 | 21 | 337 | 820 |
| Charleston | 1 | 424 | 743 | 11 | 410 | 752 | 21 | 355 | 82 |



| 6 th Month. |  |  |  |  | JUNE, 1900. |  |  |  |  |  | 30 Days. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{8} \\ & \stackrel{y}{3} \\ & \stackrel{8}{\#} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { nd, } \mathrm{W} \\ & \text { S. } \\ & \text { S. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\substack{\text { New } \\ \text { Cone } \\ \text { Mania, } \\ \text { Illoios } \\ \text { North }}}{\text { N. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | for on, as, New zons, California. |
|  | ® | SUN <br> Rises. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SETS. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Sun |  |  | Sun | on | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{SuNS}_{\text {RIBs. }} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SgTs. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Fr | 426 | H.  <br> 7 $\stackrel{\mathrm{M}}{2}$ | 1042 | 432 | H. <br> 7 <br> 1 <br> 1 | $\begin{array}{ll}10 & 39\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{lll}4 & 37\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { H. } \\ 7 & 19\end{array}$ | 1035 | 453 |  | H. ${ }_{10} \stackrel{\text { M. }}{2} 5$ |
|  | Sa | 426 | 730 | 1111 | 431 | 724 | $11 \begin{array}{ll}11 & 9\end{array}$ | 436 | 719 | $11 \quad 6$ | 453 |  | 1059 |
|  | S | 425 | 730 | 1137 | 430 | 725 | $11 \begin{array}{ll}11 & 37\end{array}$ | 436 | 720 | 1136 | 453 | $7 \quad 3$ | 1131 |
|  | M | 425 | 731 | A. M. | 430 | 726 | A. M. | 436 | 720 | A. м. | 452 | 74 | 4 A. м. |
|  | Tu | 424 | 732 | 121 | 430 | 727 | 121 | 436 | 721 | 121 | 452 | $7 \quad 4$ | 4120 |
|  | W | 424 | 733 | 1226 | 429 | 727 | $12 \quad 27$ | 435 | 721 | $12 \quad 27$ | 452 | $7 \quad 5$ | 51229 |
|  | Th | 424 | 733 | 1250 | 429 | 728 | 1252 | 435 | 722 | 1254 | 452 | $7 \quad 5$ | 1259 |
|  | Fr | 423 | 734 | 117 | 429 | 728 | 120 | 435 | 723 | 122 | 451 | 76 | 6 130 |
|  | Sa | 423 | 735 | 146 | 428 | 729 | 150 | 434 | 723 | 153 | 451 | 7 | 24 |
| 10 | S | 423 | 735 | 221 | 428 | 730 | 225 | 434 | 724 | 230 | 451 | $7 \quad 7$ | 243 |
|  | M | 422 | 736 | $3{ }^{3} 1$ | 428 | 730 | 36 | 434 | 724 | 311 | 451 | $7 \quad 7$ | 326 |
|  | Tu | 422 | 736 | 350 | 428 | 731 | 355 | 434 | 725 | 411 | 451 | 78 | 8 417 |
|  | W | 422 | 737 | rises. | 428 | 731 | rises. | 434 | 725 | rises. | 451 | 78 | rises. |
|  | Th | 422 | 737 | 9 | 428 | 732 | 857 | 434 | 726 | 852 | 451 |  | 838 |
|  | Fr | 422 | 738 | 940 | 428 | 732 | 937 | 434 | 726 | 933 | 451 | $7 \quad 9$ | 922 |
|  | Sa | 422 | 738 | 1015 | 428 | 732 | $10 \quad 13$ | 434 | 727 | $10 \quad 10$ | 451 | $7 \quad 9$ | $10 \quad 3$ |
| 17 | S | 422 | 738 | 1047 | 428 | 733 | 1046 | 434 | 727 | 1044 | 451 |  | 1040 |
| 18 | M | 422 | 739 | 1117 | 428 | 733 | $11 \begin{array}{ll}17\end{array}$ | 434 | 727 | 1117 | 451 | 710 | 1116 |
|  | Tu | 422 | 739 | 1147 | 428 | 733 | 1148 | 434 | 728 | 1149 | 452 | 710 | 1152 |
|  | W | 423 | 739 | A. M. | 428 | 733 | A. M. | 434 | 728 | A. M. | 452 | 710 | A. M. |
|  | Th | 423 | 740 | 1219 | 428 | 734 | 1221 | 434 | 728 | 1223 | 452 | 711 | 1229 |
|  | Fr | 423 | 740 | 1252 | 429 | 734 | 1255 | 435 | 728 | 1259 | 452 | 711 | 19 |
|  | Sa | 423 | 740 | 133 | 429 | 734 | 137 | 435 | 729 | 141 | 453 | 711 | 154 |
| 24 |  | 423 | 740 | 215 | 429 | 735 | 220 | 435 | 729 | 225 | 453 | 711 | 240 |
|  | M | 424 | 740 | 36 | 430 | 735 | 311 | 435 | 729 | 316 | 453 | 711 | 333 |
|  | Tu | 424 | 740 | $4 \quad 3$ | 430 | 735 | 48 | 436 | 729 | 413 | 453 | 711 | 429 |
|  | W | 424 | 740 | sets. | 430 | 735 | sets. | 436 | 729 | sets. | 453 | 711 | sets. |
|  | Th | 425 | 740 | 841 | 430 | 735 | 837 | 436 | 729 | 833 | 454 | 712 | 822 |
|  | Fr | 425 | 740 | $9 \quad 10$ | 431 | 735 | 98 | 436 | 729 | $9 \quad 5$ | 454 | 712 | 857 |
|  | Sa | 425 | 740 | 939 | 431 | 735 | 937 | 437 | 729 | 936 | 454 | 712 | 930 |

SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| ( ${ }_{\text {DAY OF }}$ |  | ( Day or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 7 |  | 13 |  | 19 |  | 25 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}$ |
| 2 | 115744 | 8 | 115846 | 14 | 115958 | 20 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 1 & 15\end{array}$ | 26 | $\begin{array}{ll}12 & 2\end{array}$ |
| 3 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 57 & 54\end{array}$ | 9 | 11158 | 15 | 12011 | 21 | 12128 | 27 | $12 \quad 245$ |
| 4 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 58 & 4\end{array}$ | 10 | 115910 | 16 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 0 & 23\end{array}$ | 22 | 12141 | 28 | $12 \quad 258$ |
| 5 | 115814 | 11 | 115921 | 17 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 0 & 36\end{array}$ | 23 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 1 & 54\end{array}$ | 29 | $12 \quad 310$ |
| 6 | 115824 | 12 | 115933 | 18 | $12 \quad 049$ | 24 | $\left\|\begin{array}{lll}12 & 2 & 7\end{array}\right\|$ | 30 | $12 \quad 322$ |

TWILICHT.

| Placks. | June. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, P. M. | June. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, p. m. | June. | Begins, A. м. | Ends, P. Ms. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston. | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {H. }} 17$ |  | 11 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {H. }} \stackrel{1}{\text { r. }}$ | ${ }_{9}^{\text {H. }} 51$ | 21 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {H. }}{ }^{\text {N/ }}$ | $\stackrel{\text { H. }}{9} 55$ |
| New York.. | 1 | 229 | 926 | 11 | 223 | 937 | 21 | 222 | 941 |
| Wash' ton.. | 1 | 241 | 914 | 11 | 236 | 924 | 21 | 235 | 928 |
| Charleston. | 1 | 313 | 843 | 11 | 39 | 851 | 21 | 39 | 854 |



SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \overline{D_{\triangle Y} \text { or }} \\ & \text { MONTH. } \end{aligned}$ |  | DAY or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | H. ${ }_{12}{ }^{\text {m. }}$ | 8 | $12 \quad 447$ | 14 | H. m. <br> 12 5 | 20 | ․   <br> 12  m. | 26 |  |
| 2 | 12345 | 9 | 12456 | 15 | 12542 | 21 | 1266 | 27 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 617\end{array}$ |
| 3 | $12 \quad 356$ | 10 | $12 \quad 5$ | 16 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 5 & 47\end{array}$ | 22 | 12612 | 28 | 12616 |
| 4 | 1248 | 11 | $12 \quad 513$ | 17 | $\begin{array}{cccc}12 & 5 & 53\end{array}$ | 23 | $12 \quad 614$ | 29 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 615\end{array}$ |
| 5 | 12418 | 12 | 12521 | 18 | 12558 | 24 | 12616 | 30 | 12613 |
| 6 | 12428 | 13 | $12 \quad 528$ | 19 | 1262 | 25 | $12 \quad 617$ | 31 | 12611 |
| 7 | 12438 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TWILICHT.

| Placks. | July. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, | July. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, p. m. | July. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston | 1 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {H. }} 14$ | 954 | 11 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {H. }} 24$ | H.  <br> 9 45 <br> M.  | 21 | H. ${ }^{\text {M. }} 39$ | ${ }_{9}^{\text {H. }} 34$ |
| New York. | 1 | 227 | 940 | 11 | 237 | 934 | 21 | 249 | 923 |
| Wash' ton | 1 | 240 | 927 | 11 | 249 | 922 | 21 | 30 | 912 |
| Charleston. | 1 | 313 | 854 | 11 | 320 | 850 | 21 | 329 | 843 |


| 8th Month. |  |  |  | AUGUST, 1900. |  |  |  |  |  | 31 Days. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ne |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ORK } \\ & \text { cutt } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $10, \mid$ |  |  | or $\stackrel{N}{\mathrm{~N},}$ s, New ona, lifornia. |
| 咸 | $\underset{\text { RISES. }}{\substack{\text { Sun }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SETS. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Moc} \\ & \mathrm{~B}, \dot{d} \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SETs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { on } \\ & \substack{s} \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises. | $\begin{gathered} \text { SUN } \\ \text { SETS. } \end{gathered}$ | Moon R. \& s. | $\begin{gathered} \text { RUN } \\ \text { Risks. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SETs. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R.\& } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 W | 451 | 721 | 948 | 455 | 717 | 950 | 5 | 712 | 953 | 512 | 659 | $10 \quad 2$ |
| 2 Th | 452 | 720 | 1017 | 456 | 716 | 1021 |  | 711 | 1024 | 513 | 658 | 036 |
| 3 Fr | 453 | 719 | 1051 | 457 | 715 | 1055 | 5 | 710 | 110 | 514 | 657 | 1114 |
| 4 Sa | 454 | 717 | 1131 | 458 | 714 | 1136 | 5 | 79 | 1141 | 515 | 657 | 1156 |
| 5 S | 455 | 716 | A. M. | 459 | 712 | A. M. | 5 | 78 | A. M. | 515 | 656 | A. M. |
| 6 M | 456 | 715 | 1218 | 50 | 711 | 1223 | 5 | 7 | 1229 | 516 | 655 | 1245 |
| ${ }^{7} \mathrm{Tu}$ | 457 | 714 | 114 | 51 | 710 | 119 | 5 | 7 | 125 | 517 | 654 | 141 |
| 8 W | 458 | 712 | 217 | 5 | 79 | 222 | 5 | 7 | 228 | 517 | 653 | 235 |
| 9 Th | 459 | 711 | 327 | 5 | 7 | 331 | 5 | 7 | 336 | 518 | 652 | 348 |
| 10 Fr | 50 | 710 | rises. | 5 |  | rises. |  | 7 | rises. | 519 | 651 | rises. |
| 11 Sa | 5 | 78 | 719 | $5 \quad 5$ |  | 718 | 5 | 7 | 717 | 519 | 650 | 713 |
| 12 S | 5 | 77 | 751 | 5 | 74 | 751 | 5 | $7 \quad 0$ | 752 | 520 | 649 | 752 |
| 13 M | 5 | 76 | 823 | 5 | 73 | 825 | 510 | 659 | 826 | 521 | 648 | 830 |
| 14 Tu | 5 | 74 | 857 |  | $7 \quad 2$ | 859 | 511 | 658 | $9 \quad 2$ | 521 | 647 | $9 \quad 9$ |
| 15 W |  | $7 \quad 3$ | 933 |  |  | 937 | 512 | 656 | 941 | 522 | 646 | 951 |
| 16 Th |  | 7 | 1014 | $\begin{array}{lll}5 & 9\end{array}$ |  | 1018 | 513 | 655 | 1023 | 523 | 645 | 1037 |
| ${ }_{17} \mathrm{Fr}$ |  | $7 \quad 0$ | $11 \quad 0$ | 510 | 658 | $11 \quad 5$ | 514 | 654 | 1110 | 524 | 644 | 125 |
| 18 Sa |  | 659 | 1152 | 511 | 657 | 1157 | 515 | 652 | A. M. | 524 | 643 | A. M. |
| 19 S | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 9\end{array}$ | 658 | A. M. | 512 | 655 | A. M. | 516 | 651 | $12 \quad 2$ | 525 | 642 | 1218 |
| 20 F | 510 | 656 | 1248 | 513 | 654 | 1253 | 516 | 650 | 10 | 526 | 641 | 114 |
| 21 I'u | 511 | 654 | 148 | 514 | 653 | 153 | 5 17 | 649 | 157 | 526 | 640 | 212 |
| 22 W | 512 | 652 | 249 | 515 | 651 | 253 | 518 | 647 | 257 | 527 | 639 | 39 |
| 23 Th | 513 | 651 | 351 | 516 | 650 | 354 | 519 | 645 | 357 | 527 | 637 |  |
| 24 Fr | 514 | 650 | 451 | 517 | 648 | 454 | 520 | 644 | 455 | 528 | 636 |  |
| 25 Sa | 515 | 649 | sets. | 518 | 647 | sets. | 521 | 643 | sets. | 529 | 635 | sets. |
| 26 S | 516 | 648 | 70 | 519 | 645 | 71 | 522 | 641 | 71 | 530 | 634 |  |
| 27 M | 517 | 646 | 725 | 520 | 644 | 727 | 523 | 640 | 728 | 530 | 632 | 733 |
| 28 Tu | 518 | 644 | 752 | 521 | 642 | 754 | 524 | 639 | 756 | 531 | 631 | 84 |
| 29 W | 519 | 643 | 820 | 522 | 641 | 823 | 525 | 637 | 826 | 532 | 630 | 836 |
| 30 Th | 520 | 641 | 851 | 523 | 639 | 855 | 525 | 635 | 90 | 532 | 629 | 912 |
| 31 Fr | 521 | 639 | 928 | 524 | 637 | 933 | 526 | 634 | 939 | 533 | 627 | 952 |

SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { DAy of } \\ & \text { Montr. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | (tay $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day op } \\ & \text { Month. }\end{aligned}$ |  | ( $\begin{aligned} & \text { DAY op } \\ & \text { Moxth. }\end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | H. | 8 |  | 14 | ${ }_{12}{ }_{12}{ }^{\text {m. }}$ | 20 | (12. | 26 |  |
| 2 | $12 \quad 6 \quad 3$ | 9 | 12520 | 15 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 4 & 19\end{array}$ | 21 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 3 & 1\end{array}$ | 27 | 12126 |
| 3 | $12 \quad 5 \quad 59$ | 10 | $12 \quad 511$ | 16 | 1248 | 22 | $12 \quad 246$ | 28 | $\begin{array}{llll}12 & 1 & 8\end{array}$ |
| 4 | $12 \quad 554$ | 11 | $12 \quad 5 \quad 2$ | 17 | $12 \quad 355$ | 23 | $12 \quad 231$ | 29 | 12051 |
| 5 | $12 \quad 548$ | 12 | 12452 | 18 | $12 \quad 342$ | 24 | $12 \quad 215$ | 30 | $12 \quad 033$ |
| 6 7 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 5 & 42 \\ 12 & 5 & 35\end{array}$ | 13 | 12442 | 19 | $12 \quad 329$ | 25 | $12 \quad 159$ | 31 | $12 \quad 0 \quad 14$ |

TWILIGHT.

| ack | Aug. | Begins, 4. m. | Ends, p. m. | Aug. | Begins, A. m. | En | Aug. | Begins, A. m. | Ends, p. m. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston.. | 1 | ${ }^{\text {H. }}{ }_{5}^{\text {M }}$ | H. 9 ${ }^{\text {ar }}$ | 11 | ${ }_{3}^{\text {H. }} 1{ }^{\text {m }}$ | F. ${ }^{\text {F }}$ M ${ }^{\text {M }}$ | 21 |  | H. ${ }^{\text {m }} 3$ |
| New York. | 1 | 36 | 96 | 11 | 322 | 848 | 21 | 335 | 831 |
| Wash' ton. | 1 | 315 | 857 | 11 | 329 | 841 | 21 | 341 | 824 |
| Charleston. | 1 | 340 | 832 | 11 | 350 | 820 | 21 | 359 | 87 |


| 9th Montr. |  |  |  |  | SEPTEMBER, 1900. |  |  |  |  |  | 30 Days. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 咅 } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { a } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ®ँ } \\ & \text { B̈ } \end{aligned}$ | Nev |  | Y. State, consin, kota, . |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { endar } \\ & \text { Yor } \\ & \text { Yout, } \\ & \text { Ohto } \\ & \text { rebrara } \\ & \text { re } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Calendar f Ashingto Kansas, <br> ah, Neva | lorado, <br> rnia. |  | endar f <br> RLESTO <br> a, Tlabas <br> o, Arizo <br> ern Cal |  |
| ค̊ | ฝึ | $\begin{gathered} \text { SUN } \\ \text { RIsEs. } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { SUN } \\ \text { SETS. }}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& } 8 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SETT. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \end{aligned}$ | Sun | $\begin{gathered} \text { SUN } \\ \text { SETS. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. \& } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { RISES. }}{\substack{\text { Sise }}}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { SUN } \\ \text { SETS. }}}{ }$ | Moon E. \& 8 . |
| 1 | Sa | 523 | 637 | 1011 | 525 | 635 | 1016 | ${ }_{\text {H. }}^{5} \mathrm{~L}$ | 633 | 1022 | 534 | 626 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { H. } \\ 10 & \stackrel{\text { m }}{38}\end{array}$ |
| 2 | S | 524 | 636 | 112 | 526 | 633 | 117 | 528 | 631 | 1113 | 534 | 625 | 1129 |
| 3 | M | 525 | 634 | A. M. | 527 | 632 | A. M. | 529 | 629 | A. M. | 535 | 624 | A. M. |
|  | Tu | 526 | 633 | 120 | 528 | 630 | 125 | 530 | 627 | 1210 | 535 | 622 | 1226 |
|  | W | 527 | 631 | 15 | 529 | 629 | 110 | 531 | 626 | 116 | 536 | 621 | 128 |
| 6 | Th | 528 | 629 | 215 | 530 | 627 | 219 | 532 | 624 | 223 | 537 | 620 | 234 |
| 7 | Fr | 529 | 627 | 330 | 531 | 625 | 332 | 533 | 623 | 335 | 537 | 619 | 342 |
|  | Sa | 530 | 625 | 446 | 532 | 623 | 447 | 534 | 621 | 448 | 538 | 617 | 453 |
| 9 | S | 532 | 623 | rises. | 533 | 621 | rises. | 534 | 620 | rises. | 539 | 616 | rises. |
| 10 | M | 533 | 621 | 654 | 534 | 619 | 656 | 535 | 618 | 658 | 539 | 614 | 74 |
| 11 | Tu | 534 | 619 | 731 | 535 | 618 | 734 | 536 | 617 | 737 | 540 | 613 | 746 |
| 12 | W | 535 | 618 | 811 | 536 | 616 | 815 | 537 | 616 | 819 | 541 | 612 | 832 |
| 13 | Th | 536 | 616 | 857 | 537 | 615 | $9 \quad 1$ | 538 | 615 | 96 | 541 | 611 | 921 |
| 14 | Fr | 537 | 614 | 946 | 538 | 614 | 953 | 539 | 614 | 958 | 542 | $6 \quad 9$ | 1014 |
| 15 | Sa | 538 | 612 | 1044 | 539 | 611 | 1049 | 540 | 612 | 1054 | 543 | 68 | 1110 |
| 16 | S | 539 | 610 | 1143 | 540 | 69 | 1147 | 541 | 611 | 1152 | 543 | 66 | A. M. |
| 17 | M | 540 | $6 \quad 9$ | A. M. | 541 |  | A. M. | 542 | 69 | A. M. | 544 | 65 | 127 |
| 18 | Tu | 541 | $6 \quad 7$ | 1244 | 542 | 66 | 1248 | 543 |  | 1252 | 545 | $6 \quad 4$ | 1 |
| 19 | W | 542 |  | 145 | 543 |  | 148 | 543 |  | 151 | 545 | $6 \quad 3$ | 21 |
| 20 | Th | 543 | 6 | 245 | 544 | 63 | 247 | 544 | $6 \quad 4$ | 250 | 546 | 6 | 257 |
| 21 | Fr | 544 | $6 \quad 2$ | 345 | 545 | $\begin{array}{lll}6 & 1\end{array}$ | 346 | 545 | 6 | 347 | 546 | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 0\end{array}$ | 351 |
| 22 | Sa | 545 |  | 443 | 5 46 | 559 | 443 | 546 | 60 | 1 444 | 547 | 558 | 445 |
| 23 | S | 547 | 558 | sets. | 547 | 558 | sets. | 547 | 558 | sets. | 547 | 557 | sets. |
| 24 | M | 548 | 556 | 556 | 548 | 556 | 558 | 548 | 557 | 6 | 548 | 556 | $6 \quad 6$ |
| 25 | Tu | 549 | 554 | 623 | 549 | 555 | 626 | 549 | 555 | 629 | 549 | 555 | 638 |
| 26 | W | 550 | 552 | 654 | 550 | 553 | 658 | 550 | 553 | 72 | 550 | 553 | 713 |
| 27 | Th | 551 | 551 | 729 | 551 | 551 | 733 | 551 | 551 | 738 | 550 | 552 | 752 |
| 28 | Fr | 552 | 549 | $8 \quad 9$ | 552 | 549 | 814 | 5 52 | 550 | 820 | 551 | 550 | 835 |
| 29 | Sa | 553 | 547 | 856 | 553 | 548 | $9 \quad 2$ | 5 52 | 549 | 97 | 551 | 549 | 923 |
| 30 | S | 554 | 545 | 950 | 554 | 546 | 955 | 553 | 547 | 10 | 552 | 548 | 1017 |

SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day of } \\ & \text { Month. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Day or Monte. |  | (Diy or <br> Mowth. |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}\text { Day or } \\ \text { Movtri }\end{gathered}\right.$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}$ | 7 |  | 13 |  | 19 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}$ | 25 | ${ }_{10}^{\text {H. }} 1 \mathrm{ll}^{\text {N. }}$ |
| 2 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 59 & 37\end{array}$ | 8 | 115738 | 14 | 115532 | 20 | 115325 | 26 | 115121 |
| 3 | $\begin{array}{llllll}11 & 59 & 18\end{array}$ | 9 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 57 & 17\end{array}$ | 15 | $11 \begin{array}{lll}11 & 11\end{array}$ | 21 | 111534 | 27 | 11510 |
| 4 | 1115858 | 10 | 115656 | 16 | 115450 | 22 | 115243 | 28 | 115040 |
| 5 | 1115838 | 11 | 115635 | 17 | 115428 | 23 | 115222 | 29 | 115021 |
| 6 | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|lll\|}11 & 58 & 18\end{array}\right\|$ | 12 | $\|115614\|$ | 18 | $111547 \mid$ | 24 | $111521 \mid$ | 30 | 11501 |

TWILIGHT.

| Achs. | Sept. |  | Ends, |  | Begins, 4. w. | Ends, p. | Sept. | . | Ends, p. M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston | 1 | ${ }_{3}{ }^{4} 45$ | 814 | 11 | 359 | 754 | 21 | ${ }_{4}^{4} 12{ }^{\text {m. }}$ | H. ${ }^{\text {H. }} 34$ |
| New York. | 1 | 350 | 89 | 11 | 43 | 750 | 21 | 415 | 731 |
| Wash'ton. | 1 | 355 | 84 | 11 | 47 | 746 | 21 | 418 | 728 |
| Charleston | 1 | 49 | 751 | 11 | 417 | 736 | 21 | 420 | 720 |


|  | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |  |  |  |  | Calendar for New York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Northern California. |  |  | $\left\|\left\|\begin{array}{c}\text { Calendar for } \\ \text { Washington, } \\ \text { Virginia, Kentucky, } \\ \text { Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, } \\ \text { Utsh, Nevada, } \\ \text { and Central California. }\end{array}\right\|\right.$ |  |  |  | Calendar for Charleston, Georgia, Alabama, Maxico, Arizons and Southern Californis. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| El |  |  |  | SETS. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \mathrm{R}, 4 \mathrm{~A} . \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises. | Sun SETS. | Moon |  |  |  | Moon | Sun RIsEs. | SUN. |  |  |
|  | 1 M |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{\text {m. }} 44$ | 1050 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{H} \cdot \stackrel{\mu}{5} \\ 5 \\ 5.5 \end{gathered}$ |  | 10 | ${ }_{5}^{\mathrm{H}} 5 \mathrm{x} \cdot \mathrm{M}$ |  |  | 5110 | 53 |  |  |  |
|  | 2 Tu |  | ${ }_{5}^{5} 56$ | 542 | 1156 | 556 | 542 | A. м. | 555 | 5 |  | 1 | 554 |  |  |  |
|  | 3 W |  | 557 | 540 | A. M. | 557 | 5411 | 121 | 5 56 |  | 542 | 12 | 554 | 544 | 4412 | 1217 |
|  | Th |  | 558 | 538 | 16 | 558 | 539 | 19 | 557 |  | 540 | 112 | 555 | 542 | 42 | 122 |
|  | 5 Fr |  |  | 537 | 219 | 559 | 538 | 221 | 558 |  | 539 | 223 | 556 | 541 | 412 | 229 |
|  | 6 Sa |  |  | 535 | 334 | 60 | 536 | 335 | 559 |  | 537 | 7335 | 557 |  | 403 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 534 | 450 |  | 535 | 450 |  |  | 536 | 449 | 557 | 539 | 394 | 448 |
|  | 8 M |  |  | 533 | rises. |  | 533 r | rises. |  |  | 534 | rises. | 558 | 537 | 37 ri | rises. |
|  | 9 Tu |  |  | 531 | 62 |  | 531 |  |  |  | 533 | 6 | 559 | 536 | 36 |  |
|  | W |  |  | 529 | 648 |  | 529 | 652 |  |  | 5 | 656 | 60 | 535 | 357 | 710 |
|  | 1 Th |  | 6 | 528 | 739 |  | 528 | 744 |  |  | 530 | 749 | 6 | 534 | 34 | 84 |
|  | 2 Fr |  |  | 526 | 834 |  | 526 | 839 |  |  | 528 | 844 |  | 532 | 329 |  |
|  | 3 Sa |  |  | 525 | 934 |  | 525 | 939 |  |  | 527 | 794 | 6 | 531 | 31 |  |
|  | 4 S |  | 610 | 523 | 1036 | 68 | 5231 | 1040 |  |  | 525 | 51044 | 6 | 530 | 3010 | 1057 |
|  | 5 M |  | 611 | 521 | 1137 | 6 | 5221 | 1141 |  |  | 524 | 41144 | 63 | 529 | 2911 | 1155 |
|  | 6u |  | 612 | 520 | A. M. | 610 | 520 | A. м. |  |  | 522 | A. м. |  | 527 | 27 A | A. m. |
|  | 7 W |  | 613 | 518 | 1239 | 611 | 5191 | 1241 | 610 |  | 521 | 11244 | 65 | 526 | 212 | 1252 |
|  | 8 Th |  | 614 | 516 | 138 | 612 | 517 | 140 | 611 |  | 519 | 9142 | 6 | 525 | 51 | 147 |
|  | 9 Fr |  | 616 | 514 | 237 | 613 | 516 | 238 | 612 |  | 518 | 238 | 66 | 524 | 24 | 240 |
|  | 0 Sa |  | 617 | 512 | 335 | 614 | 514 | 335 | 613 |  | 516 | 1334 |  | 523 | 233 | 333 |
|  | 1 S |  | 618 | 511 | 433 | 615 | 513 | 432 | 614 |  | 514 | 431 | 0 | 5 |  |  |
|  | M |  | 620 | 59 | 532 | 616 | 511 | 529 | 615 |  | 512 | 227 | 6 | 521 | 215 | 520 |
|  | 3 Tu |  | 621 |  | sets. | 617 | 510 | sets. | 616 |  | 511 | 1 sets. | 6 6 9 | 520 |  |  |
|  | 4 W |  | 622 | 56 | 531 | 618 | 59 | 535 | 617 |  | 510 | - 540 | 610 | 518 |  |  |
|  | 5 Th |  | 623 | 5 | 610 | 619 | 57 | 614 | 618 |  |  | 8619 | 611 | 517 | 17 |  |
|  | 6 Fr |  | ${ }_{6}^{6} 24$ |  | 655 | 620 |  | 70 | 619 |  |  | 775 | 612 | 516 | 16 | 721 |
|  | 7 Sa |  | 625 | $5 \quad 2$ | 746 | 622 | 55 | 751 | 620 |  |  | 6756 | 612 | 515 | 158 | 812 |
|  |  |  | 6 | 50 | 844 | 623 | 54 | 848 | 621 |  |  | 853 | 613 | 514 | 14 |  |
|  | 9 M |  |  | 459 | 946 | 624 | 5 | 950 | 622 |  |  | 4955 | 614 | 513 | 1310 | 107 |
|  | 0. Tu |  | 629 | 458 | 1052 | 625 | 501 | 1055 | 624 | 24 |  | 31059 | 615 | 512 | 1211 | 119 |
|  | W |  |  |  | A. M. | 626 | 459 | A.m. | 5 |  |  | 2 А. м. | 616 | 511 | 11) | A. M. |
| SUN ON MERIDIAN. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( Dax or |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{rl} \mathrm{n} \cdot 4 \\ 11 & 49 \end{array}$ | 4. | 8 |  | ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | M. |
|  |  | 1149 | 4923 |  |  | 4719 | 15 | 1145 |  | 21 |  | 114442 | 27 |  |  | 4358 |
|  | 1 | 1149 | 494 | 10 | 114 | $47 \quad 3$ | 16 | 1145 |  | 22 |  | 114433 | 38 |  | 143 | 4353 |
|  |  | 1148 | 4845 | 11 | 114 | 4647 | 17 | 1145 | 25 | 23 |  | 114424 | $4{ }^{4} 29$ |  | 143 | 4349 |
|  | 1 | 1148 | 4827 | 12 | 114 | 4632 | 18 | 1145 |  |  |  | 114417 | 730 |  | 43 | 4345 |
|  |  | 1148 | 4810 | 13 |  | 4617 | 19 | 1145 |  | 5 |  | 114410 | 031 |  | 143 | 4343 |
|  |  | 1147 | 4752 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| TWILICHT. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Placks. |  |  | Oct. \| Begins, A. m. $\mid$ |  |  | Ends, p. M. | - Oct. | Begins, A. s. |  | Ends, p. s. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  | v. 10 Oct. | Begins, A. x |  |  |  |
| Boston...... |  |  | ... | ${ }_{4}{ }^{\text {a }} 2{ }^{\text {m }}$ |  | ${ }^{\text {H. }} 715$ | 11 | ${ }^{\text {mi }}$ |  |  |  | 21 | ${ }_{4}^{4 .} 46$ |  |  | 43 |
| Noston...... |  |  |  | 1.4 | 26 | 714 | 11 |  | 36 |  | 57 | 21 | 447 |  |  | 43 |
|  |  |  |  | 1 | 27 | 712 | 11 | 4 | 37 |  | 56 | 21 | 447 |  |  | 43 |
|  |  |  |  | 1 4 | 32 |  | 11 |  | 3 |  | 54 | 21 | 447 |  |  | 42 |


| 11 тh Month. |  |  |  | NOVEMBER, 1900. |  |  |  |  |  | 30 Days. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Calendar for Boston <br> New England, N. Y. State, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Oregon. |  |  | Calendar for <br> New York City, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, and Northern California. |  |  | Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevala, and Central California. |  |  | Calendar for Charleston Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, New and Southern California. |  |  |
| คึ คึ | Ris | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SETS. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Sun Rises. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SuN } \\ & \text { SETs. } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{\mathrm{R}}^{\mathrm{M},}$ | Sun Rises. | $\underset{\text { SuTs. }}{\substack{\text { SUN }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. } \& \in \mathbb{N} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Sus }}{\text { Suss }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SUN } \\ & \text { SERS. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moon } \\ & \text { R. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 Th |  |  | 121 | 627 | 458 | H. ${ }^{\text {M. }} 4$ | 626 | 5 | ${ }_{12}{ }^{\text {H. M. }} 6$ | 617 | 510 | 1213 |
| 2 Fr | 33 | 454 | 112 | 629 | 457 | 112 | 627 |  | 114 | 617 | 59 | 118 |
| Sa | 634 | 453 | 225 | 630 | 456 | 225 | 628 | 459 | 225 | 618 | 5 | 225 |
| 4 S | 635 | 451 | 340 | 631 | 455 | 339 | 629 | 458 | 337 | 619 | 5 | 333 |
| M | 636 | 450 | 456 | 633 | 454 | 453 | 630 | 457 | 451 | 620 | 5 | 443 |
| 6 Tu | 638 | 449 | rises. | 635 | 453 | rises. | 631 | 456 | rises. | 621 |  | rise |
| W | 639 | 448 | 523 | 636 | 452 | 528 | 632 | 455 | 532 | 622 | 5 | 547 |
| Th | 641 | 447 | 617 | 638 | 451 | 622 | 633 | 454 | 627 | 623 | 54 | 643 |
| 9 Fr | 642 | 445 | 718 | 639 | 450 | 722 | 635 | 453 | 728 | 624 | 5 | 743 |
| 10 Sa | 643 | 444 | 820 | 641 | 449 | 825 | 636 | 452 | 830 | 625 | 5 | 844 |
| 11 S | 644 | 443 | 925 | 642 | 448 | 928 | 637 | 451 | 932 | 626 | 5 | 944 |
| 12 M | 645 | 441 | 1028 | 643 | 447 | 1031 | 638 | 450 | 1034 | 626 | 51 | 1042 |
| 13 Tu | 646 | 440 | 1135 | 644 | 446 | 1131 | 639 | 449 | 1133 | 627 | 5 | 1139 |
| 14 W | 648 | 439 | A. M. | 645 | 445 | A. M | 640 | 448 | A. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 628 | 5 | 0 |
| 15 Th | 649 | 438 | 1229 | 646 | 444 | 1230 | 641 | 447 | 1231 | 629 |  | 1233 |
| 16 Fr | 650 | 438 | 127 | 648 | 443 | 127 | 642 | 447 | 127 | 630 | 459 | 127 |
| 17 Sa | 652 | 437 | 2 25 | 649 | 442 | 224 | 643 | 446 | 223 | 631 | 458 | 220 |
| 18 | 653 | 436 | 325 | 650 | 441 | 323 | 645 | 445 | 321 | 632 | 458 | 315 |
| 19 M | 654 | 435 | 422 | 651 | 440 | 419 | 646 | 444 | 416 | 633 | 457 | 4 4 |
| 20 Tu | 655 | 434 | 522 | 652 | 440 | 518 | 647 | 444 | 514 | 634 | 457 | 75 |
| 21 W | 656 | 434 | 621 | 654 | 439 | 616 | 648 | 443 | 312 | 635 | 456 | 558 |
| 22 Th | 658 | 433 | sets. | 655 | 438 | sets. | 649 | 443 | 3 sets. | 635 | 456 | sets. |
| 23 Fr | 659 | 432 | 542 | 656 | 438 | 547 | 650 | 442 | 252 | 636 | 456 |  |
| 24 Sa | 70 | 432 | 638 | 657 | 437 | 643 | 651 | 442 | 648 | 637 | 455 | 73 |
| 25 S | 7 | 431 | 739 | 658 | 437 | 744 | 652 | 441 | 748 | 638 | 455 |  |
| 26 M | 7 7 | 431 | 846 | 659 | 436 | 848 | 653 | 441 | 852 | 639 | 455 |  |
| 27 Tu | 74 | 431 | 952 | 7 | 436 | 955 | 654 | 440 | 957 | 640 | 455 | $10 \quad 5$ |
| 28 W | $7 \quad 5$ | 430 | 111 | 7 | 436 | 114 | 655 | $4 \cdot 40$ | 114 | 641 | 455 | 11 |
| 29 Th | 76 | 430 | A. M. | 7 | 435 | A. M. | 656 | 439 | A. M. | 642 | 454 | 4 A. M. |
| 30 Fr |  | 430 | 1211 | 73 | 435 | 1211 | 657 | 439 | 1212 | 643 | 454 | 1213 |

SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { DAY Or } \\ \text { Montr } \end{array} . \end{aligned}$ |  | (1)Day or <br> Moxtr. |  | (1)Day or <br> Mowth. |  |  |  | ( $\begin{gathered}\text { Day or } \\ \text { Montru. }\end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 7 | 114347 | 13 | 114423 | 19 | H. M.  <br> 11 4. s. <br> 10   | 25 | ${ }^{\text {H. }}$ |
| 2 | 114340 | 8 | 114351 | 14 | 114432 | 20 | 114544 | 26 | 114725 |
| 3 | 114340 | 9 | 114355 | 15 | 114442 | 21 | 114559 | 27 | 114745 |
| 4 | 114340 | 10 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 44 & 1\end{array}$ | 16 | 114452 | 22 | 114615 | 28 | 11485 |
| 5 | 114341 | 11 | 11447 | 17 | 11454 | 23 | 114631 | 29 | 114826 |
| 6 | 1114344 | 12 | 1114415 | 18 | 114516 | 24 | 114648 | 30 | 1114848 |

TWILICMT.

| Places. | Nov. | egins, A. st. | Ends, | No | gins, 1. m. | Ends, p. m. | Nov. | Begins, A. s. | Ends, p. st. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston.. | 1 | 4. 4. 5. | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { H. } \\ 6 & 29\end{array}$ | 11 | 59 | 619 | 21 | ${ }_{5}^{\text {H. }}{ }^{\text {M. }}$ | ${ }_{\text {H. }}^{6}$ \% 12 |
| New York. | 1 | 458 | 629 | 11 | 58 | 620 | 21 | 518 | 614 |
| Wash' ton. | 1 | 457 | 630 | 11 | 57 | 621 | 21 | 516 | 616 |
| Charleston | 1 | 454 | 633 | 11 | 52 | 626 | 21 | 510 | 622 |


|  |  |  |  | Calendar for New York City, Connecticut, PennsylIllinois, Nebraska, and Northern California. |  |  | Calendar for Washington, Virginia, Kentucky, Missouri, Kansas, Colorado, Utah, Nevada, and Central California. |  |  | Calendar for Charleston, Georgia, Alabama,ouisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, and Southern California. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| คึ | Sun | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { SETs. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\underset{\text { Rises. }}{\substack{\text { Sun } \\ \text { Rise }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \substack{\text { SUN } \\ \text { SErs. }} \end{gathered}$ |  | Sun Rises. | $\begin{gathered} \text { SUN } \\ \text { SETS. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { SUN } \\ \text { Rises. } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { SETS }}{\substack{\text { SUN }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { on } \\ & \text { s. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 |  |  | 122 |  | 434 | 121 | 658 | 439 | $1{ }^{\text {H. }}$ 20 | ${ }^{6} 44$ | ${ }^{\text {H. }} 4$. |  |
| 2 S |  | 429 | 234 | 7 | 434 | 233 | 658 | 439 | 230 | 644 | 454 | 25 |
| 3 M | 710 | 428 | 348 | 7 | 433 | 345 | 659 | 438 | 342 | 645 | 454 | 332 |
| 4 Tu | 711 | 428 | 50 | 7 | 433 | 457 | 70 | 438 | 453 | 646 | 454 | 441 |
| 5 W | 713 | 428 | 612 |  | 433 | 68 |  | 438 | 63 | 647 | 454 | 548 |
| 6 Th | 714 | 428 | rises. |  | 433 | rises. | 7 | 438 | rises. | 648 | 454 | rises. |
| 7 Fr | 715 | 428 | 60 | 710 | 433 | $6 \quad 5$ | 7 | 43 | 610 | 649 | 454 | 624 |
| 8 Sa | 716 | 428 | $7 \quad 5$ | 711 | 433 | $7 \quad 9$ | 7 | 438 | 714 | 649 | 454 | 726 |
| 9 S | 717 | 428 | 811 | 712 | 433 | 814 | 7 | 438 | 817 | 650 | 454 | 827 |
| 10 M | 717 | 428 | 914 | 713 | 433 | 916 |  | 438 | 919 | 651 | 454 | 926 |
| 11 Tu | 718 | 428 | 1016 | 714 | 433 | 1017 | 7 | 438 | 1019 | 652 | 454 | 023 |
| 12 W | 719 | 428 | 1116 | 715 | 433 | 1116 | 7 | 438 | 1117 | 652 | 455 | 1118 |
| 13 Th | 720 | 428 | A. M. | 715 | 433 | A. M. |  | 439 | A. M. | 653 | 455 | A. M. |
| 14 Fr | 721 | 428 | 1215 | 716 | 434 | 1214 |  | 439 | 1213 | 654 | 455 | 1212 |
| 15 Sa | 722 | 428 | 113 | 717 | 434 | 111 | 710 | 439 | 110 | 654 | 455 | 15 |
| 16 S | 723 | 429 | 211 | 718 | 434 | 29 | 711 | 439 | 26 | 655 | 456 | 159 |
| 17 M | 724 | 429 | 311 | 718 | 434 | 3 | 711 | 440 | 3 | 656 | 456 | 253 |
| 18 Tu | 725 | 429 | $4 \quad 9$ | 719 | 435 | 4 | 712 | 440 | 41 | 656 | 457 | 348 |
| 19 W | 725 | 429 | 58 | 720 | 435 | $5 \quad 3$ | 713 | 440 | 459 | 657 | 457 | 444 |
| 20 Th | 726 | 430 | $6 \quad 5$ | 720 | 436 | $6 \quad 0$ | 714 | 441 | 555 | 658 | 457 | 539 |
| 21 Fr | 726 | 430 | sets. | 721 | 436 | sets. | 714 | 441 | sets. | 658 | 458 | sets. |
| 22 Sa | 727 | 431 | 530 | 721 | 436 | 534 | 715 | 442 | 539 | 659 | 458 | 553 |
| 23 S | 727 | 431 | 635 | 722 | 437 | 639 | 716 | 442 | 643 |  | 459 | 655 |
| 24 M | 727 | 432 | 743 | 722 | 438 | 746 | 716 | 443 | 749 | 70 | 459 | 758 |
| 25 Tu | 728 | 432 | 853 | 723 | 438 | 854 | 717 | 443 | 856 | 7 | 50 | $9 \quad 2$ |
| 26 V | 728 | 433 | 102 | 723 | 439 | 103 | 717 | 444 | 104 | 70 | 50 | 106 |
| ${ }^{2} 7$ 'Th | 728 | 434 | 1112 | 723 | 440 | 1112 | 718 | 444 | 1111 | 71 | 5 | 1110 |
| 28 Fr | 729 | 434 | A. M. | 724 | 440 | A. M. | 718 | 445 | A. M. | 7 | 5 | A. |
| 29 Sa | 729 | 435 | 1222 | 724 | 441 | 12.22 | 718 | 446 | 1220 | 7 | $5 \quad 2$ | 1215 |
| 30 S | 729 | 436 | 134 | 724 | 442 | 132 | 719 | 446 | 129 | 72 |  | 121 |
| M | 30 | 436 | 246 | 724 | 442 | 242 | 719 | 447 | 238 | 7 | 54 | 229 |

## SUN ON MERIDIAN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day or } \\ & \text { Month. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { DAy or } \\ & \text { Montr. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | (1)Day or <br> Month. |  | (1)Day or <br> Moxtr |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 |  | 8 | ${ }^{\text {H. }}$ | 14 | ${ }^{\text {8. }} 11{ }^{\text {m. }}$ | 20 |  | 26 | ${ }_{12}^{\text {8.0 }}$ |
| 2 | 114933 | 9 | 115228 | 15 | 1115517 | 21 | 115815 | 27 | $\begin{array}{lll}12 & 1 & 15\end{array}$ |
| 3 | 114956 | 10 | 115255 | 16 | 115546 | 22 | 115845 | 28 | $12 \quad 14$ |
| 4 | 115020 | 11 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 53 & 23\end{array}$ | 17 | 115615 | 23 | 1115915 | 29 | $12 \quad 214$ |
| 5 | 115045 | 12 | $\begin{array}{llll}11 & 53 & 51\end{array}$ | 18 | 1115645 | 24 | 115945 | 30 | $12 \quad 24$ |
| 6 | 115110 | 13 | 115419 | 19 | 1115715 | 25 | 12015 | 31 | $12 \quad 312$ |
| 7 | 11 $5136 \mid$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TWILIGHT.

| Placzs. | Dec. | Begins, A. n. | Ends, P, M. | Dec. | \| Eegins, A. m. | Ends, p. м. | Dec. | Begins, A. M. | Ends, p. м. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boston. | 1 | H. ${ }_{\text {H. }}^{5} \mathbf{2 9}$ | H. ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$. 9 | 11 | H. ${ }_{5}^{\text {H. }} 38$ |  | 21 | ${ }_{5}^{\text {н. }} \mathrm{M}$ M. | ${ }_{6}^{\text {H. }} 12$ |
| New York. | 1 | 527 | 611 | 11 | 536 | 611 | 21 | 542 | 614 |
| Wash' ton.. | 1 | 525 | 613 | 11 | 533 | 614 | 21 | 540 | 617 |
| Charleston. | 1 | 517 | 620 | 11 | 525 | 622 | 21 | 531 | 626 |

## 

According to Clark, the equatorial semi-diameter is $20,926,202$ feet $=3963.296$ miles, and the polar semi-dianeter is $20.851,895$ feet $=3950.738$ miles. One degree of latitude at the pole $=69.407$ miles. One degree of latitude at the equator $=68.704$ miles.

POPULATION OF THE EARTH BY CONTINENTS.
(From Proceedings of the Royal Geographical Society for January, 1891.)

| Conti- |  | inhabita | nts. | Co |  | Inhabitan | NTs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DENTAL | Square Miles. | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Persq. } \\ & \text { Prile. } \end{aligned}$ | NENTAL | Square Miles. | Number. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per Sq. Sq. } \\ & \text { Mile. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Africa ........ | 11,514,000 | 127,000,000 | 11.0 | Enrope. | 3,555,000 | 380,200,000 | 106.9 |
| America, N . | 6,446,000 | 89,250,000 | 13.8 | Polar Reg... | 4,888,800 | 300,000 | 0.7 |
| America, S. Asia ........ | $6,837,000$ $14,710,000$ | $36,420.000$ $850,000,000$ | 57.7 | Total | 51,238,800 | 1,487,900,000 | 29. |
| Anstralasia | 3,288,000 | 4,730,000 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |

The above estimate was made by Ernest George Ravenstein, F. R. G.S., the geographer and statistician, and is for 1890.

An estimate of population of the earth, made by Drs. Wagner and Supan, editors of "Bevölkerung der Erde" (Perthes, Gotha, 1891), is as follows: Europe, 357.379,000; Asia, $825,954,000$; Africa, 163,953,000: America, 121, 713,000; Australia, 3,230,000; Oceanic Islands, $7,420,000$; polar regions, 80,400 . Total, $1,479,729,400$. The estimate of area of the continents and islands by the same authorities is $52,821,684$.

Ravenstein's estimate of the earth's fertile region, in square miles, is 28, 269, 200; steppe, 13,901,000; desert, 4, 180, 000; polar region, 4, 888, 800.

The population of the earth at the death of the Emperor Augustus, estimated by Bodio, was 54,000,000. The population of Europe hardly exceeded $50,000,000$ before the fifteenth century. - Mulhall.

The area and cubic contents of the earth, according to the data of Clark, given above, are: Surface, 196,971,984 square miles; cubic contents, $259,944,035,515$ cubic miles.

Murray (Challenger expedition) states the greatest depth of the Atlantic Ocean at 27,366 feet; Pacific Ocean, 30,000 feet; Indian Ocean, 18,582 feet; Southern Ocean, 25,200 feet; Arctic Ocean, 9,000 feet. The Atlantic Ocean has an area, in square miles, of $24,536,000$; Pacific Ocean, 50,309,000; Indian Ocean, 17,081,000; Arctic Ocean, 4, 781,000; Southern Ocean, $30,592,000$. The highest mountain is believed to be Deodhunga, one of the Himalayas, 29,002 feet.

For population of the earth according to creed, see Religious Statistics.

> POPULATION OF THE EARTH ACCORDING TO RACE. (Estimated by John Bartholomew, F. R. G.S., Edinburgh.)

| Race. | n. | Race. | ocation. | T11 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Indo-Germanic or } \\ & \text { Aryan (white) } . . . . \end{aligned}$ | Europe, Persia, etc................... $545,500,000$ | Hottentot and Bush- man (black).......... | a |  |
| Mongolian or Turain- |  | Malay and Polynes- | Anst ralasia |  |
| ian (yellow and | (reater part of ${ }^{\text {A }}$ (2............630,000,000 | ian (brown) | \& Polynesia | 35,000 |
| brown) ................. | Asia................ | American Indian (red).... ................ | North \& so. | 15 |
|  | 15 | Total |  | 1,410,650,00 |

The human family is subject to forty-four principal governments. As to their form they may be classified as follows: Absolute monarchies, China, Korea, Morocco, Persia, Russia, Siam, Turkey; Limited monarchies, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, British Empire, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, Netherlands, Portngal, Roumania, Scrvia, Siveden and Norway, Spain; Republics, Argentine Republic, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Eeuador, France, Guatemala, Hayti, Honduras, Mexico, Niearagua, Orange Free State, Paraguay, Peru, Salvador, San Domingo, Switzerland, Transvaal, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela. Besides these are the undefined despotisms of Central and South Africa, and a few insignificant independent States.

The average duration of human life is about 33 years. One-quarter of the people on the earth die before age 6, one-half before age 16, and only about 1 person of each 100 born lives to age 65. The deaths are calculated at 67 . per minute, 97,790 per day, and $35,639,835$ per year; the births at 70 per minute, 100,800 per day, and $36,792,000$ per year.

EUROPEAN LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LIAN- } \\ & \text { GUAGES. } \end{aligned}$ | Number of Persons SPOKEN BY. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Propor- } \\ \text { TION OF } \\ \text { THE } \\ \text { WHOLE } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { LAN- } \\ \text { GUAGES. } \end{gathered}$ | Number of Persons DPOKEN BY. |  | PROPOR- <br> TION OF THE <br> Whole. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1801. | 1890. | 1801. 1890. |  | 1801. | 1890. | 1801. | 1890. |
| English ..... | 20,520,000 | 111,100,000 | $12.7-27.7$ | Portugnese | 7,480.000 | 13,000,000 | 4.7 | 3.2 |
| French ...... | 31.450 .000 30.320 .100 | 51,200,000 | 19.412 .7 | Russian.... | 30,760.000 | 75,000,000 | 19.0 | 8.7 |
| German...... | $30,320.000$ $15,070.000$ | $75,200.000$ $33,400.000$ | 18.7 18.7 <br> 4.3 8.3 | Total ...... | 161.800,000 | 401,700,000 | 100.0 | $\frac{.}{100.0}$ |
| Spanish ..... | 26,190.000 | 42, 800.000 | 16.210 .71 |  |  |  |  |  |

These estimates by Mrulhall (1891) exhibit the superior growth of the English language in the last ninety years. Another authority (see "Finglish-Speaking Religions Communities') estimates the number using the English language in 1895 at over 124,130,000. English is fast becoming the polite tongue of Europe.

## まiates of Mantíno.

THE following is compiled from the arrangement by the Ethnologist Figuier and others:
WHITE RACE.
Teutonic Family...........Scandinavians, Germans, English.
European
Latin Family..................French, Spaniards, Italians, Moldo-Wallachian
Branch.

Aramean
Branch.
Slavonian Family.........Russians, Finns, Bulgarians, Servians, Magyars, Croats, Tchecks, Poles, Lithuanians.
Greek Family..............Greeks, Albanians. Libyan Family..............Egyptians, Berbers.
Semsian Family.................Prarsians, Jews, Sy Shians, Kurds, Armenians, Ossetines. Georgian Family...........Georgians.
Circassian Family.........Circassians, Mingrelians.
yellow race.

| yperborean Branch. | Lapp Family................Samoiede, Kamtschadale, Esq and Koriak Families. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Mongolian | Mongol Family ............Mongols, Kalmucks, Buriats. |
| Branch. | rk Family...............Turcomans, Kirghis, N |

Sinaic
Branch.
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Chinese Family...........Chinese. } \\ \text { Japanese Family........ Japanes. }\end{array}\right.$

| Hindoo | \{ Hindoo Family............Sikhs, Jats, Rajpoots, Mahrattas, Bengalese, (ingale |
| :---: | :---: |
| Branch. | \{ Malabar Family..........Malabars, Tamals, Telingas. |
| Ethiopian | Abyssinian Family......Abyssinians, Berabras, Gallas. |
| Branch. | Fellan Family.............Fellans. Javanese Battas, Bougis |
| Malay Branch. | Polynesian Family.........Maoris, Tongas, T'ahitians, Pomotouans, Marquesans, sandMicronesian Family wichians. |

Southern
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Andian Family. } \\ \text { Pampean Family }\end{array}\right.$ $\qquad$ Quic RED RACE.

Branch $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Papuan Faminy...........Fijians, New Calodonians, Etc. } \\ \text { Andaman Family }\end{array}\right.$
ranch. Andaman Family.........Andamans, Australians.

## Spurific Gravitn.*



The weight of a cubic foot of distilled water at a temperature of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. is 1,000 ounces A voirdupois, very nearty, therefore the weight (in ounces, A voirdupois) of a cubic foot of any of the substances in the above table is found by multiplying the specific gravities by 10 thus:-one cubic foot of oak weighs $\mathbf{1 , 1 7 0}$ ounces; one cubic foot of marble 2,700 ounces, and so on. * Compared with water.


| Substances. | Keaumur. | Centigrade. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fahren- } \\ \text { heit. } \end{gathered}$ | Su | Reaumar. | Centigrade. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fshren- } \\ & \text { heit. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| romine freezes | 17.60 | $-220$ | - $7.6^{\circ}$ | Silver | 8000 | 0 | 8320 |
| Olive oil freezes at. | 8 | 10 | 50 | Sodium fuses | 76.5 | 95.6 | 204 |
| Quicksilverfreezes | 31.5 | 39.4 | -39 | Sulphur fuses | 92 | 115 | 239 |
| Water freezes at. | 0 | . | 32 | Tin fuses at. | 182 | 228 | 442 |
| Bismuth metal fuses | 211 | 264 | 507 | Zinc fuses at | 329.6 | 412 | 773 |
| Copper fuses | 963 | 1, 204 | 2,200 | Alcohol boils | 63 | 74.4 | 167 |
| Gold fuses at.. | 1,105 | 1,380 | 2,518 | Bromine boils | 50 | 63 | 145 |
| Iron fuses at | 1,230 | 1,538 | 2,800 | Ether boils at.. | 28.4 | 35.5 | 96 |
| Lead fuses at | 260 | 325 | 617 | Iodine boils at | 140 | 175 | 347 |
| Potassium fuses | 50 | 62.5 | 144.5 | Water boils at | 80 | 100 | 212 |

Authorities vary on some of these points. The best are given.

## che Geologital Strata.

THE strata composing the earth's crust is divided by most geologists into two great classes: 1. Those generally attributed to the agency of water. 2 . To the action of fire; which may be subdivided as follows: (a) Aqueous formations, stratified, rarely crystalline (sedimentary or fossiliferous rocks; metamorphic or unfossiliferous). (b) Igneous formations, unstratified, crystalline (volcanic, as basalt; platonic, as granite).

The geological record is classified into five main divisions or periods: 1. The Archæan, lifeless and dawn of life. 2. The Palæozoic (ancient life). 3. The Mesozoic (middle life). 4. The Cenozoic (recent life). 5. Quaternary, the age in which man's first appearance is indicated.


## cable of paxguttic 进ctimations,

Or Variations of the Compass for the Epoch Jantary, 1900-With the Annual Change from 1895 to 1900 for the Principal Places in the United States.
A plus $(+)$ sign denotes West Declination; a minus $(\rightarrow)$ sign East Declination. For the ammal change a plus sign denotes increasing West or decreasing East declination, and a minus sign the reverse.
(Specially prepared for The World Almanac from reports of the United States Coast and Geodetic survey.)


EXTREME VALUES.


## CONQUESTS.

| Cuba | Havana............ 238 | \| $8222 \mid-248+3.8$ | Haw': | 110nolnlu ......... 21181 | $15752-1012-1.8$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Santiago........... 20 0 | 75 $50-048+3.0$ | Ispauds | Waimea............ 2021 | $15538-920-1.8$ |
| Porto | San Juan.......... 18 189 ${ }_{\text {Prence }}$ | $667+045+2.0$ $6640+035+2.0$ | Philiu- |  |  | Rico. Ponce............... $17596640+035$ + 2.0 pinew.... Manila

$\square$
*Manila, 120581 East.

## Tyermometers.

Comparative Scales.

| Reanmur, $80^{\circ}$, | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Centi- } \\ & \text { grade, } \\ & 100^{\circ} . \end{aligned}$ | Fahrenheit, $212^{\circ}$. | Water Boils |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76 | 95 | 203 | Level. |
| 72 | 90 | 194 |  |
| 68 | 85 | 185 |  |
| 63.1 | 78.9 | 174 |  |
| 60 | 75 | 167 | Alcohol Boils. |
| 52 | 65 | 149 |  |
| 48 | 60 | 140 |  |
| 44 | 55 | 131 |  |
| 42.2 | 52.8 | 127 | Tallow Melts. |
| 40 | 50 45 | 122 |  |
| 33.8 | 42.2 | 108 |  |
| 32 | 40 | 104 |  |
| 29.3 | 36.7 | 98 95 | Blood Heat. |
| 25.8 | 32.2 | 90 |  |
| 24 | 30 | 86 |  |
| 21.3 | 26.7 | 80 |  |
| 16 | 25 | 77 |  |
| 12.4 | 15.3 | 60 | Temperate. |
| 10.2 | 12.8 | 55 |  |
| 5 | 10 | 50 |  |
| 5.8 | 7.2 | 45 |  |
| 4 | 5. | 41 |  |
| 1.3 | 1.7 | 35 |  |
| $-0.9$ | $-1.1$ | 30 | Freezes. |
| - 4.5 | -5 | 23 20 |  |
| -8 | $-10$ | 14 |  |
| -9.8 | -12.2 | 10 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & -12 \\ & -14.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} -15 \\ -17.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | 5 0 |  |
| -16 | - 17.8 | $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ -4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Zero Fahr. |
| -20 | -25 | -13 |  |
| -24 | -30 | $-22$ |  |
| -28 | -35 -40 | -31 -40 |  |

## (iules fox youctellimg the deleatyer.

## ADAPTED FOR USE WITH ANEROID BAROMETERS.

A RISING BAROMETER.
A rapid rise indicates unsettled weather.
A gradual rise indicates settled weather.
A rise with dry air and cold increasing in Summer indicates wind from the northward; and if rain has fallen, better weather may be expected.

A rise with moist air and a low temperature indicates wind and rain from the northward.

A rise with southerly winds indicates fine weather.
A STEADY BAROMETER.

With dry air and seasouable temperature indicates a continuance of very fine weather.

## a falling barometer.

A rapid fall indicates stormy weather.
A rapid fall with westerly wind indicates stormy weather from the northward.

A fall with a northerly wind indicates storm, with rain and hail in Summer, and snow in Winter.

A fall with increased moisture in the air, and heat increasing, indicates wind and rain from the southward.

A fall with dry air and cold increasing in Winterindicatessnow.
A fall after very calm and warm weather indicates rain with squally weather.

The barometer rises for northerly winds, including from northwest by north to the eastward for dry, or less wet weather, for less wind, or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when rain, hail, or snow comes from the northward with strong wind.

The barometer falls for southerly wind, including from southeast by south to the westward, for wet weather, for stronger wind or for more than one of these changes, except on a few occasions, when moderate wind, with rain or snow, comes from the northward.

The above printed rules are in use by the Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club of New York.

Duration of Different Kinds of Weather in the Several Storms-Vicinity of New York.

| Critical Winds. | Clear <br> Hours. | Cloudy Hours. | Rain Hours. | Clearing Hours. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| South to Southwest | 9 | 8 | 8.3 | 14 |
| South to Southeast. | 14 | 13.4 | 15.6 | 15.4 |
| East to Northeast.. | 20 | 17.6 | 31 | 20.6 |

LINE OF PERPETUAL SNOW.
The line of perpetual snow varies with latitude, and is as follows in feet above sea-level:

| Latitude. | Feet. | Latitude. | Feet. | Lattiude. | Feet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 15,260 | 30................................ | 11,484 | 60.. | 3,818 |
| 10. | 14,764 | 40. | 9,000 | 70 | 1,278 |

OBJECTS VISIBLE AT SEA-LEVEL IN CLEAR WEATHER.
The following table shows the distance at sea-level at which objects are visible at certain elevations:

| Elevation-Feet. | Miles. | Elevation-Feet. | Miles. | Elevation-Feet. | Miles. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1.31 | 30. | 7.25 | 90 | 12.25 |
|  | 2.96 | 35. | 7.83 | 100 | 13.23 |
|  | 3.24 | 40 | 8.37 | 150 | 16.22 |
| 7 \%............................... | 3. 49 | 45 | 8.87 | 200 | 18.72 |
|  | 3.73 | 50 | 9.35 | 300 | 22.91 |
| $\xrightarrow{9}$ | 3.96 | 60 | 10.25 | , 500 | 29.58 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 . \\ & 20 . \end{aligned}$ | 4.18 5.92 | 70 80 | 11.07 11.83 | 1,000 mile.. | 33.41 96.10 |
| 25.............................................. | 6.61 |  |  |  | 96.10 |

## STRENGTH OF ICE.

Recently formed ice (and on the surface) one inch and a half thick will support a man; four inches thick will support cavalry; five inches thick will support an eighty-four pound cannon; ten inches thick will support an army; eighteen inches thick will support a railroad train.

## 

The Weather Bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture in 1895 issued a bulletin giving these facts: That for the five years ending December 31,1894 , there were 1,120 lives lost from lightning in the United States, 41 average of 224 per year, nearly all in the six months from April to september, the maximum death rate being in June and July.

In the nine years ending December 31,1893 , there were 4,175 fires caused by lightning, with a property loss of $\$ 14,309,180$.

## と秋atycr Siguals

## OF THE WEATHER BUREAU，U．S．DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE．

The Weather Bureau furnishes，when practicable，for the benefit of the general public and those interests dependent to a greater or less extent upon weather conditions，the＇Forecasts＇＇which are prepared daily，at 10 A．M．and 10 P．M．，for the following day．These weather forecasts are tele－ graphed to observers at stations of the Weather Bureau，railway officials，and many others，and are so worded as to be readily communicated to the public by means of flags or steam－whistles．The flags adopted for this purpose are five in number，and of the form and dimensions indicated below：

EXPLANATION OF FLAG SIGNALS．

No． 1.
White Flag．
No． 2.
No． 3.
No． 4.
No． 5.
Blue Flag．White and Blue Flag．Black Triangular Flag．White Flag with black square in centre．


Clear or fair weather．

ain or snow．


Cold wave．

When number 4 is placed above number 1， 2 ，or 3 ，it indicates warmer；when below， colder；when not displayed，the temperature is expected to remain about stationary．During the late Spring and early Fall the cold－wave flag is also used as a frost－warning flag to indicate anticipated frosts．

When displayed on poles，the signals should be arranged to read downward；when displayed from horizontal supports，a small streamer should be attached to indicate the point from which the signals are to be read．

## WHISTLE SIGNALS

The warning signal，to attract attention，will be a long blast of from flfteen to twenty seconds duration．After the warning signal has been sounded long blasts（of from four to six seconds duration）refer to weather，and short blasts（of from one to three seconds duration） refer to temperature；those for weather to be sounded first．
Blasts．
Indicate．
One long Fair weather．
Two long
$\qquad$
Three long．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Local rain or snow．
Blasts．
Indicate．

By repeating each combination a few times，with an interval of ten seconds between，possi－ bilities of error in reading the signals will be avoided，such as may arise from variable winds or failure to hear the warning signal．

Communications with reference to the display of these symbols and signals should be ad－ dressed to the Director of the Climate and Crop Section of the State or Territory in which the station is located，or to the Chief of the Weather Bureau，Washington，D．C．（For wind signals，see next page．）

The several States and Territories（with headquarters）in which sections of the Climate and Crop Services of the Weather Bureau are in operation，are as follows：

Alabama，Montgomery． Arizona，Phœenix． Arkansas，Little Rock． California，San Francisco． Colorado，Denver． Florida，Jacksonville． Georgia，Atlanta． Idaho，Boise． Illinois，Chicago． Indiana，Indianapolis． Iowa，Des Moines． Kansas，Topeka． Kentucky，Louisville． Louisiana，New Orleans． Maryland，Baltimore （for Delaware and Maryland）．

Massachusetts，Boston
（for New England）．
Michigan，Lansing．
Minnesota，Minneapolis．
Mississippi，Vicksburg．
Missouri，Columbia。
Montana，Helena．
Nebraska，Lincoln．
Nevada，Carson C＇ity．
New Jersey，New Brunswick．
New Mexico，Santa Fé．
New York，Itbaca．
North Carolina，Raleigh．
North Dakota，Bismarck．

Ohio，Columbus．
Oklahoma，Oklahoma，
Oregon，Portland．
Pennsylvania，Philadelphia，
South Carolina，Columbia．
South Dakota，Huron．
Tennessee，Nashville． Texas，Galveston．
Utah，Salt Lake City．
Virginia，Richmond．
Washington，Seattle．
West Virginia，Parkersburg．
Wisconsin，Milwaukee．
Wyoming，Cheyenne．

## 

The Athenians began the year in June，the Macedonians in September，the Romans first in March and afterward in January，the Persians on August 11，the ancient Mexicans on February 23，the Mo－ hammedans in July．The Chinese year，which begins early in February，is similar to the Moham－ medan in having 12 months of 29 and 30 days alternately；but in every nineteen years there are seven years which have 13 months．This is not quite correct，and the Chinese have therefore formed a cycle of 60 years，in which period 22 intercalary months occur．

##  of the weather bureau, u. S. department of agriculture. STORM SIGNALS.



Northeasterly winds.


Southessterly winds.


Northwesterly winds.


Southwesterly winds.

INFORMATION SIGNALS.

STORM.
Red, Black Centre.

White Pennant.
GREAT LAKES.
Red Pennant.


COAST. Red Pennsnt.


Westerly winds.


## Easterly winds.

Storm Signats. - A red flag with a black centre indicates that a storm of marked violence is expected.
The pennants displayed with the flags indicate the direction of the wind; red, easterly (from northeast to south); white, westerly (from southwest to north). The pennant above the flag indicates that the wind is expected to blow from the northerly quadrants; below, from the southerly quadrants.

By night a red lightindicates easterly winds, and a white light above a red light westerly winds.
Information Signal. - Red or white pennant displayed alone. - When displayed at stations on the Great Lakes indicates that winds are expected which may prove dangerous to tows and smaller classes of vessels, the red pennant indicating easterly and the white pennant westerly winds.

When displayed at stations on the Atlantic, Pacific, and Gulf coasts indicates that the local observer has received information from the Central Office of a storm covering a limited area, dangerous only for vessels about to sail to certain points, and serves as a notification to shipmasters that lnformation will be given them upon application to the local observer. Only the red pennant is displayed on the coasts. No night information or hurricane signals are displayed.

Hurricane Signal. -Two red flags with black centres, displayed one above the other, indicate the expected approach of tropical hirricanes, and also of those extremely severe_and dangerous storms which occasionally move across the Lakes and Northern Atlantic coast.

## Tormato Statistics.

Property loss by tornadoes. Prepared by the Chief of the U.S. Weather Burea $\bar{u}_{.}$(Latest data.)

| States. | 1890 | 1891 | 1892 | 1893 | 1894 | 1895 | 1896 | 1897 | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama.............. |  | \$7,000 |  | \$125,000 | \$1,500 | \$30,600 | \$5,000 | \$600 | \$169,700 |
| Arkansas.... |  |  | \$4,500 | 45,400 | 508,600 | 1,000 | 1,700 | 22,200 | 583,400 |
| Florida |  |  |  |  | 2,000 |  |  |  | 2,000 |
| Georgia | 0 |  |  | 212,500 | 2,000 | 22,000 |  | 6,000 | 243,001 |
| Indiana | 500 | 9,500 |  | 13,000 | 2,500 | 12,000 12,000 | 103,000 3,000 | 00 | 938,000 47,500 |
| Iowa. | 29,000 | 8,500 | 58,000 | 274,500 | 39,400 | 60,000 | 75,000 | 4,500 | 548,500 |
| Kansas |  | 7,500 | 371,500 | 371,500 | 9,000 | 120,000 | 272,000 | 7,000 | 935,410 |
| Kentucky | 2,841,500 | 2,500 |  | 80,000 |  |  | 6,000 | 2,000 | 2,959,000 |
| Louisiana. |  |  |  | 70,000 | 6,000 | .... | 90,000 | 6,000 | 172,000 |
| Maine |  |  | 13,000 |  |  |  | .... | ... | 13,000 |
| Massachuse |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .... | 28,000 |
| Michigan . |  |  |  | 240,000 | 1,000 |  | 400,000 | 4800 | 60,000 645,800 |
| Minnesota. | 16,000 | 15,000 | 103,500 | 12,280 | 419,500 |  | 2,000 | 17,000 | 585,200 |
| Mississipp |  | 19,000 |  | 277,000 | 8,800 |  | 5.750 | 5,000 | 315,550 |
| Missouri.. | 18.500 | 71,000 | 13,000 | 50,000 | 1.500 |  | 12,904,900 |  | 13,058,900 |
| Nebraska. | 480,000 | 6,200 | 90,000 | 29,000 | 1,900 | 6,000 | 50,00'0 |  | 663,100 |
| New Jerse |  | 2,000 | 8,500 |  |  | 70,000 | .... | 500 | 80, 200 |
| New York |  | .... | 25,000 | 22,000 |  | ..... |  | 18,000 | 65.400 |
| North Caro | 15,000 | .... | 27,500 | 20.000 | 51,000 | $\ldots$ | 1,000 104,000 | .... | 21,000 197,500 |
| Oklahoma \& İnd. Ter |  |  | 2,000 | 60,000 | 2,000 |  | 5,800 | 103,000 | 173,100 |
| Pennsylvania.. | 427, 000 | 1,000 | 7,000 | 4,000 |  |  | 118,000 |  | 634,000 |
| South Carolina. |  | 1,000 |  | 13,000 | 500 |  | 1,500 |  | 15,000 |
| South Dakota |  | 400 | 15,000 |  | 15,500 | 29,000 | 21,000 |  | 80,900 |
| Tennessee | 60,000 |  | 2,000 | $22,000$ |  | 6,000 |  | ... | 90,000 |
| Texas. |  | 28,000 | 54,000 | 290,700 | 119,600 | 15.000 | 175,000 | $\ldots$ | 682,300 |
| Wiscons |  | 4.000 |  | $\dddot{3,500}$ |  | i00 |  |  | 7,600 |
| Tota | $\overline{\$ 4,449,500}$ | 186,600 | ,118,C00 | ,42,300 | 1,192,900 | 83,70 | 14,348,350 | $\overline{\$ 197,600)}$ | \$23, $\overline{447,50}$ |

## Normal ©emperature ant Diainfall

IN THE UNITED STATES.
Table Showing the Normal Temperature for January and July, and the Normal Annual Precipitation at Weather Bureau stations in gach of the states and 'Territories, also the Highest and Lowfest Temperatures ever Reported from EACH OF SAID STATIONS, TO SEPTEMBER 1, 1899.
(Prepared in the office of the Chief of the Weather Burean, U. S. Department of Agriculture, for The Worly Almanac for 1900.)


The minus ( - ) sign indicates temperature below zero. *Not now a station of the Weather Bureau, and report is therefore for the period preceding its discontinuance as a station.

Eemperature and Rairfall of forcigu Citics.

| Crits. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Annual } \\ \text { Anvare } \\ \text { Reinfol, } \\ \text { Tncheses. } \end{gathered}$ | Critres. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \text { Annaal } \\ \text { Average } \\ \text { Render } \\ \text { Incheses. } \end{array}$ | Citris. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alexandria |  | 10 |  | 59.2 | 41 |  |  |  |
| Amsterdam |  |  | Gene |  | 32 | Nice. |  | 29 |
| Archangel. | 50.1 | 6 | noa. | ${ }_{49.1}^{61}$ | 44 | Odess | . 0 | 71 |
| Athens. | . 0 |  | gue. | 52.0 |  |  | 51.3 | 22 |
| Barcelona |  |  | van |  | 91 | Port sail |  |  |
|  |  | 24 | Hong Kon | 仡 | 101 | Pras | ${ }^{50.2}$ | 14 |
| Bermua |  | 46 | Honor |  | 30 | Quito |  |  |
| Birmingha |  |  | Jerusa | ${ }^{62.6}$ | 16 | Rio de Jan | ${ }^{7} 7.2$ | ${ }_{81}^{29}$ |
| Bombay: | 81.3 57.0 | 38 | Lisison | 61.4 | 27 | Rottera |  | 23 |
|  |  | 29 | Londo |  |  |  |  | 108 |
| nos |  | $\cdots$ | Madeir | 66.0 | 25 | Smyraa | 60.0 |  |
|  | ${ }_{82}{ }^{2} 2$ |  |  | 58.2 | 20 | St. Peters |  | 17 20 |
| cuth |  | 76 39 | Manchest |  | 36 | Sydney ... |  | 49 |
| e Tow | 62.0 | ${ }^{23}$ | Manila | $78.4$ |  | Tobolsk | ${ }^{32.0}$ |  |
| errapon |  | 610 | Marseilles | 58.3 | 23 | Valdivia | 0 | (06 |
| ristian |  | $\cdots$ | Mexic | 57.0 60.9 |  | Ven | 4 |  |
|  | 46 | 19 | Milan | 55.1 | 38 | Ver |  | 80 |
| Dellit ${ }^{\text {Dublin. }}$ | 77 | $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 29 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Monter | . 0 | 44 | Warsaw | 56.2 |  |
| Ediuburgh | 47.1 | 38 | Moscow... |  |  | Warsaw ............. |  |  |

## 905 inches.

Note, -The mean annual temperature of the globe is $50^{\circ} \mathrm{Fahr}$. The average rainfall is 36 inches.

## Uelocity of ©eximos in the ofrited States.

AVErage hourly velocity of the wind at selected stations of the United States Weather Bureau, also the highest velocity ever reported for a period of five minutes. (Prepared by W. L. Moore. Chief of the Weather Bureau, and revised to October 1, 1899, for The World Almanac.)

| Stations, |  |  | Stations. |  |  | Stations. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Abilene. |  |  | El Paso, Texas. |  | $\overline{78}$ | Philadelphia, | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Mi} \\ & \hline 10 \end{aligned}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{Mi}}$ |
| Albany, N. Y | - 6 | 70 | Fort Smith, Ark....... | 5 | 49 | Pittsburgh, Pa .......... | 6 | 42 |
| Alpena, Mich | 9 | 72 | Galveston, Texas .... | 10 | 72 | Portland Me. | 5 | 54 |
| Atlanta, Ga. | 9 | 49 | Havre, Mont............. | 11 | 76 | Red Bluff. Cal | 7 | 60 |
| Bismarck. N. D. | 8 | 74 | Helena. Mont........... | 6 | 60 | Rochester N. | 11 | 78 |
| Boisé City, Idaho | 4 | 40 | Huron, S. D............. | 10 | 69 | St. Louis, Mo | 11 | 80 |
| Boston, Mass | 11 | 72 | Jacksonville, Fla..... | 6 | 70 | St. Paul, Minn | 7 | 60 |
| Buffalo, N. Y ........... | 11 | 90 | Keokuk, Iowa......... | 8 | 60 | St. Vincent, Minn | 9 | 65 |
| Charlotte, N. C. ......... | 5 | 49 | Knoxville, Tenn...... |  | 84 | Salt Lake City, Utah |  | 60 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn... | 6 | 60 | Leavenworth, Kan... | 7 | 60 | San Diego Cal.. | 6 | 40 |
| Chicago, IIl. | 9 | 84 | Louisville. Ky........... | 7 | 57 | San Francisco, Cal... | 9 | 60 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio | 7 | 59 | Lynchburg, Va........ | 4 | 50 | Sauta Fé. N. M | 6 | 51 |
| Cleveland, Ohi | 9 | 66 | Memphis. Tenn........ |  |  | Savannah, Ga ....... | 7 | 80 |
| Custer, Mont. | 7 | 72 | Montgomery, Ala...... | 5 | 48 | Spokane, Wash........ | 4 | 48 |
| Denver. Col. | 7 | 96 | Nashville, Tenu...... | 6 | 75 | Toledo Ohio ....... .... | 9 | 72 |
| Detroit, Mich. | 11 | 76 | New Orleans, La..... | 7 | 60 | Vicksburg Miss....... Washington, D C.... | 6 | 60 |
| Dodge City, K | 11 | 75 | New Y ork City, N.Y. | 9 | 73 | Washington, D. C..... | 5 | 66 |
| Duluth, Minn. |  | 78 | Omaha, Neb......... | 8 | 60 |  | f |  |
| Eastport, Me ... | 9 | 78 | Palestine. Texas........ | 8 | 60 |  |  |  |

STANDARD TABLE SHOWING VELOCITY AND FORCE OF WINDS.

| Description. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Miles } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { Hour. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feet } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { Minnte. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Feet } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { Second. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Force in' lbs. per Square Foot. | Description. | Miles Hour. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Feet } \\ \text { per } \\ \text { Minute. } \end{gathered}$ | Feet Second. | Force in lbs. per Squar: Foot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Perce |  | 88 | 1.47 | 005 |  |  | 2640 | 44.0 | 4428 |
| Just p |  | 176 | 2.93 | $0 \div 0$ |  | 35 | 3.080 | 51.3 | 6027 |
|  |  | 35 | 4.4 5.87 | 079 | Very high win |  | 3.520 | 58.6 66.0 | 7.872 9963 |
| Gentle breez | $\left\{\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 5\end{array}\right.$ | 440 | 7.33 | .123 | Stor | 50 | 4.400 | 73. 3 | 12300 |
|  | $\{10$ | 880 | 14.67 | . 492 |  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}60 \\ 7\end{array}\right.$ | 5. 280 | 88.0 | 17.712 |
|  | 0 | 1.320 | 22.0 29.3 | 1.107 |  |  | 6,160 | 102.7 117.3 | 24. 108 |
| Brisk g | 2 | 1,760 | 29.3 36.6 | 1.968 3.075 | Hur | 80 100 | 7,040 8800 | 117.3 | 31 49200 |

## 

FOR GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, NEW YORK HARBOR.
(Specially prepared from the Tide-Tables of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey for 'The World Almanac.)
New York Mean Time. To express in Eastern Standard Time, subtract 4 minutes.

| 1900. | January. |  | February. |  | March. |  | April. |  | May |  | June. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Day of Month. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M | A. M | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | M. | A. M. | P. M. |
| 1 | H. 7 7 84 | $\mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{M}$. | H. M 8.56 | H. M. |  | $\mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{M}_{1} 19$ | H. ${ }^{\text {M }}$ A 4 | H. M. ${ }^{\text {M }} 3$ | H. M. | H. M. |  | ${ }_{11}{ }_{\text {H. }}$ |
| 2 | 823 | 854 | 946 | 1019 | S 38 | 97 | 950 | 1021 | 1033 | 1049 | 1153 | 1154 |
| 3 | 913 | 946 | 1034 | 1110 | 924 | 955 | 1040 | 1113 | 1119 | 1140 |  | 1246 |
| 4 | 10.3 | 1039 | 1123 |  | 1011 | 1045 | 1134 |  |  | 1220 | 1239 | 137 |
| 5 | 1053 | 1133 | $\begin{array}{ll}12 & 4 \\ 1 & 4\end{array}$ | 1216 | 1059 | 1139 | 12 1 1 9 | 1239 152 | 1235 132 | 125 230 | 124 2 | 228 315 |
| 6 | 1145 | 1241 | $\begin{array}{ll}1 & 4 \\ 2\end{array}$ | ${ }_{2} 116$ | 1235 | 1255 | 1 2 14 | 1514 | 132 2 2 | 230 326 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 11$ | 315 359 |
| 8 | 129 | 142 | 310 | 339 | 139 | 28 | 3 17 | 47 | 327 | 414 | 41 | 443 |
| 9 | 232 | 246 | 411 | 445 | 244 | 324 | 414 | 457 | 417 | 455 | 446 | 524 |
| 10 | 334 | 354 | 57 | 544 | 348 | 430 | 54 | 539 | 52 | 532 | 535 | 65 |
| 11 | 431 | 456 | 559 | 634 | 440 | 525 | 546 | 615 | 542 | 67 | 624 | 648 |
| 12 | 526 | 555 | 644 | 717 | 535 | 612 | 624 | 648 | 619 | 642 | 79 | 732 |
| 13 | 617 | 647 | 725 | 755 | 620 | 651 | 659 | 719 | 655 | 718 | 755 | 816 |
| 14 | 74 <br> 7 | 735 819 | 8 8 8 | 831 9 | 659 7 3 | 725 | 7 8 8 | 750 823 | 733 812 | 754 834 | 843 | 9 9 50 |
| 16 | 829 | 90 | 97 | 933 | 85 | 827 | 834 | 856 | 854 | 916 | 1024 | 1040 |
| 17 | 96 | 936 | 936 | 959 | 834 | 856 | 911 | 934 | 939 | 103 | 1118 | 1131 |
| 18 | 940 | 1010 | 103 | 1033 | 93 | 925 | 949 | 1017 | 1029 | 1051 |  | 1215 |
| 19 | 109 | 1039 | 1030 | 118 | 933 | 100 | 1034 | 114 | 1125 | 1145 | 1225 | 115 |
| 20 | 1035 | 1112 | 116 | 1151 | 105 | 1039 | 1129 | 1159 |  | 1229 | 126 | 218 |
| 21 | 114 | 1146 | 1151 |  | 1046 | 1124 |  | 1232 | 1244 | 135 | 231 | 320 |
| 21 | 1136 |  | 1243 | 1244 | 1134 |  | 1.1 | 148 | 150 | 241 | 337 | 419 |
| 23 | 1230 | 1219 | 145 | 152 | 1216 | 1233 | 211 | 31 | 256 | 343 | 441 | 516 |
| 24 | 122 | 110 | 254 | 318 | 120 | 147 | 320 | 45 | 40 | 440 | 541 | 69 |
| 25 | 221 | ${ }^{2} 14$ | 45 | 440 | 230 | 311 | 425 | 53 | $\begin{array}{ll}5 & 1 \\ 5\end{array}$ | 534 | 636 | 659 |
| 26 | 325 | 331 | 59 | 546 | 343 | 426 | 524 | 555 | 557 | 626 | 729 | 746 |
| 27 | 428 | 453 | 67 | 641 | 448 | 526 | 618 | 645 | 650 | 715 | 819 | 833 |
| 28 | 530 | $\begin{array}{ll}6 & 1 \\ 6 & 59\end{array}$ | 71 | 731 | 546 | 619 7 | 711 | 734 | 741 | $8{ }^{8} 5$ | 96 | 916 959 |
| 30 | 6 <br> 7 <br> 19 | 659 751 |  |  | 6 7 89 | 756 | 844 | 911 | 8 | 8 939 | 1034 | 9 1059 |
| 31 | 89 | 840 |  |  | 816 | 844 |  |  | 109 |  |  |  |
| 1900. | July. |  | August. |  | September. |  | October. |  | November. |  | December. |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Day of } \\ & \text { Month. } \end{aligned}$ | A. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M. | A. | 8. | A. | P. M. | A. | M. | A. M | . |
| 1 | ${ }_{11} \mathrm{H} 14$ | H. M1 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{H} . \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathbf{1 1} 34 \end{aligned}$ | H  <br> 11 M <br> 1  | H. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { H. M. } \\ & 1216 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{12}{ }_{12}{ }^{\text {M }}$ | H. M. | ${ }^{H}{ }_{2} \mathrm{M}_{2}$ | H. M. | $\mathrm{H}_{3}{ }^{\text {M }} \dot{5}$ | ${ }_{3}{ }_{3}{ }_{20}$ |
| 2 | 1154 | 1141 |  | 1213 | \} 1217 | 113 | 113 | 152 | 329 | 348 | 46 | 424 |
| 3 |  | 1233 |  | 1259 | 120 | 220 | 234 | 34 | 430 | 449 |  | 525 |
| 4 | 1210 | 114 | 1244 | 154 | 243 | 331 | 351 | 414 | 525 | 546 | 557 | 622 |
| 5 | 1244 | 159 | 143 | 257 | 410 | 439 | 454 | 516 | 617 | 639 | 650 | 715 |
| 6 | 131 | 253 | 259 | 43 | 517 | 541 | 549 | 611 | 77 | 730 | 740 | 87 |
| 7 | 230 | 346 | 421 | 54 | 613 | 634 | 641 | 7.2 | 758 | 821 | 829 | 859 |
| 8 | 341 | 440 | 536 | 61 | 74 | 724 | 729 | 750 | 847 | 911 | 918 | 950 |
| 9 | 454 | 533 | 634 | 654 | 752 | 811 |  | 838 |  |  | 104 | 1043 |
| 10 | 557 | 624 | 725 | 744 | 839 | 858 | 9 9 | 925 1016 | 1026 | 1058 | 1053 | 1134 |
| 11 | 651 | 713 | 814 | 832 | 926 | 9 44 1084 | 955 1057 | 1016 | 1119 | 1158 | 1140 |  |
| 12 | 743 | 81 | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 1 \\ 9 & 49\end{array}$ | 919 10 | 1016 | 1033 | 1047 | 1111 |  | 1216 | 1227 | 12.27 |
| 13 | 831 920 | 849 936 | 949 1040 | 105 | 119 | 11 12 12 | 1153 |  |  | 1 2 11 | 1 2 | 1 2 |
| 14 | 920 1010 | 936 1025 | 11133 | 1053 | 1225 | 12 1 1 | 1216 | 1242 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 6 \\ 3 & 4\end{array}$ | 2 3 3 | $\begin{array}{rr}2 & 13 \\ 3 & 3\end{array}$ | 210 2 |
| 16 | 11.2 | 1114 |  | 1229 | 138 | 213 | 237 | 251 | 356 | 40 | 348 | 346 |
| 17 | 1154 |  | 1242 | 131 | 253 | 319 | 343 | 351 | 441 | 448 | 431 | 437 |
| 18 | 126 | 1253 | 150 | 236 | 4 4 | 420 | 435 | 443 | 520 | 531 | 513 | 526 |
| 19 | 14 | 154 | 34 | 341 | 53 | 514 | 521 | 530 | 556 | 6 | 554 | ${ }_{6} 13$ |
| 20 | 28 | 257 | 415 | 441 | 552 633 | ${ }_{6}^{6} 41$ | 6 6 | 611 6 | 632 |  | 635 | 656 |
| 21 | 318 | 4.0 | 518 | 536 | 633 | 642 | 63.5 | 647 | 77 | 724 | 716 | 741 |
| 22 | 425 | 458 | 612 | 625 | 711 | $\bigcirc 21$ |  | 721 | 742 |  | 759 | 825 |
| 24 | 529 625 | 553 644 | 659 789 | 7 7 49 | 8816 | ¢ 825 | 840 | ¢ 81 | 819 | 839 920 | 8.43 928 | 910 959 |
| 25 | 716 | 7 | 817 | 825 | 845 | 854 | 844 | 854 | 941 | $10^{-6}$ | 1014 | 1049 |
| 26 | 82 | 814 | 850 | 857 | 915 | 919 | 919 | 932 | 1026 | 1058 | 11.2 | 1142 |
| 27 | 844 | 854 | 923 | 926 | 1045 | 951 | 956 | 1014 | 1116 | 1155 | 1152 |  |
| 28 | 924 | 929 | 952 | 951 | 1020 | 1026 | 1040 | 114 |  | 1210 | 1239 | 1249 |
| 29 | 959 | 10.3 | 1019 | 1016 | 11.1 | 1111 | 1129 |  | 1259 | 19 | 139 | 149 |
| 30 31 | 11032 | 1028 | 1052 | 1049 1129 | 1149 |  | $\begin{array}{rr}12 & 4 \\ 1 & 9\end{array}$ | 1226 131 |  | 215 | 242 344 | $\begin{array}{rr}1 & 55 \\ 4 & 4\end{array}$ |

## HIGH-TIDE TABLES-Continued.

## TIME OF HIGH WATER AT POINTS ON THE ATLANTIC COAST

The local time of high water at the following places may be found approximately for each day by adding to or subtracting from the time of high water at Governor's Island. N. Y., the hours and minutes annexed.

| Albany, N. Y........ ........................add |  | 31. | New Haven, Ct................................add | $H$. 3 | $\mathrm{Mi}_{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annapolis, Md... ..............................add | 8 | 57 | New London. (tt...............................add | 1 | 22 |
| Atlantic City, N. J........................s. ${ }^{\text {Sub }}$. |  | 20 | Newport, R. I.. ......... ...................sub. |  | 22 |
| Baltimore, Md........ ........ ..... .. .......add | 10 | -2 | Norfolk, Va....................................add |  | 58 |
| Bar Harbor. Me................................add | 2 | 46 | Norwich, Ct............ . ......................add | 2 | 0 |
| Beaufort, S. C.. ... ........ .................sub |  | 8 | Old Point Comfort, Va............... ....add |  | 39 |
| Block Island, R. I .........................sub. |  | 34 | Philadelplia, I'a.... ......... ...............arld | 5 | 41 |
| Boston, Mass.....................................add | 3 | 22 | Plymouth, Mass. . ............ . . . . . . . .add | 3 | 12 |
| Bridgeport, Ct.s.................. .............add | 3 | 2 | Point Lookout, Md........ .................add | 4 | 49 |
| Bristol, R. I... .......................... ........sub. |  | 14 | Portland, Me............ .. .. ... ............add | 3 | 10 |
| Cape May, N. J... ...........................add |  | 10 | Portsmouth, N. II........................add | 3 | 16 |
| Charleston, S. C.......................... ...sub. |  | 42 | Poughkeepsie, NT. Y ....., ................add | 3 | 51 |
| Eastport, Me........ ....... ..................add | 3 | 0 | Providence, R. I.. .......... ..............., add |  | 7 |
| Fernandina, Fla............................sub. |  | 18 | Richmond, Va.................................add | 8 | 48 |
| Gloncester, Mass.................... .........add | 2 | 55 | Rockaway Inlet, N. Y... ........... ...sub. |  | 25 |
| Hell Gate Ferry, East River N. Y ..add | 1 | 53 | Rockland, Me.................................add | 3 | 1 |
| Isles of Shoals. N. H.......................add | 3 | 11 | Rockport, Mass................................add | 2 | 50 |
| Jacksonville, Fla............... .............add |  | 37 | Salem. Mass................. ................... .add | 3 | 9 |
| Key West, Fla.................................add | 1 | 24 | Sandy Hook: $\uparrow$ J . ... ..................sub. |  | 32 |
| League Island, Pa.............................add | 5 | 23 | Savannah Ga... ............... ...... ......add |  | 7 |
| Marblehead, Mass.............. .............add | 3 | 2 | Southport (Smithville), N. C... ..... sub. |  | 43 |
| Nahant, Mass.......................... .......add | 3 | 2 | Vineyard Haven, Mass...................add | 3 | 36 |
| Nantucket, Mass..... .....................add | 4 | 21 | Washington, D. C................. ..........add | 12 | 1 |
| Newark, N. J...... . . ........ . . . . .......add |  | 54 | Watch Hill, R. I............................add |  | 42 |
| Nesv Bedford. Mass........................sub. |  | 10 | West Point, N, Y ..........................add | 2 | 47 |
| Newburyport, Mass... . .... .............add | 3 | 16 | Wilmington, N . C... ......................add | 1 | 0 |

Example. - To find the approximate time of high tide at Atlantic City, N. J., on any day find first the time of high water at New York under the desired date, and then subtract 20 minutes, as in the above table: the result is the time of high water required.

# (freatest ホltiture in 廷acy State. 

FROM THE RECORDS OF THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

| State OR TERRITORE. | lace. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Heig't } \\ \text { Feet. } \end{array}\right\|$ | STATE OR Territory. | e. | $\begin{aligned} & { }^{\text {Heig't }} \\ & \text { Feet. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | CheanhaMt. | 2.407 | Mon |  |  |
| Alask | Mt. McKin | 20,460 | Nebra | White Riv |  |
| A rizol | San Francisco | 12,794 | Nevada | Wheeler Peal | 13.036 |
| Arkansas | Magazine Mt. | 2,800 | N. Hampshire. | Mt. Washin | 6,286 |
| California | Mt. Whitney. | 14.898 | New Jersey..... | Kittatinny M | 1.6330 |
| Colorado | Blanca Pea | 14,464 | New Mexi | Cerro Bla | 4.269 |
| Commecticu | Bear M | 2,355 | New York | Mrt. Marcy (Adirot | 5.379 |
| Delaware | Jupont | 282 | North Carolina | Mt. Mitcliell | 6. 703 |
| D of Columbia.. | Tenley | 400 | North Dakota . | Sentinel Bu |  |
| Florida | Mossyhea | 263 | Ohio |  |  |
| Georgia | Enota Mt | 4,798 |  |  |  |
| Idabo | Hyndman | 12,1173 | Oregon | Mt. Hood. | 1.225 |
| In | War | 1009 | Pennsylvan | Negro Mt | 2,826 |
| Indiana | Haley | 1.140 | Rhode Island. | Durfee Hill |  |
| Indian Territ'y | Sugarloa |  | South Carolina.. | Rocky Mt. (P | 600 |
| Iowa | Ocheyeda | 1.554 | Couth Dakota... | Harney Peak | 7.368 |
| Kansas | Kanarado | 3.9013 | Tennesse | Mit. Lecon |  |
| Kentucky | Big Black MI. (Harlan Co. ) | 4,100 | Texas .. |  | 7. 730 |
| Louisiana | Mansfield | $\begin{array}{r} 321 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | Utah. | Mt. Emmul | 8.694 |
| Maine | Katahdin MIt. | 5,200 | Vermont | Mt. Mansfiel | 4.430 |
| Maryland | Great Backbone M | 3.400 | V'irginia.. | Mt. Rogers ( | 5.719 |
| Massachusetts.. | Mt. Greylock. | 3.535 | Washington | Mt. Rainie | 4.500 |
| Michigan... | Porcupine Mt |  | West Virgin Wisconsin. | Spruce Mt. (Pendleton Co | 4.860 |
| Mississippi | Pontotoc Ridg | . 5 ti6 | W yoming | émont |  |
| Missouri | Cedar Gap | 1.675 |  |  |  |

Note.-The above table was prepared for The World A laranac by the Geographic Branch of the United States Geological Survey. It should be stated in connection with this table that it presents only points whose heights are matters of record, and that in several cases in the high mountain region of the far West and the Pacific Slope it is well known that there are higher points within the State or Territory whose heights are not yet known with accuracy, and consequently cannot he given.

This table was revised by the United States Geolozical'Survey to November 1, 1899.

* Western end of Beaver County, Oklahoma, reaches 5,000 feet elevation.


## Zatiture and zomgiture cable.

(Longitude Reckoned from Greenwich.)
Specially prepared for The World Almanac.


## (Revised December, 1899, at the New York Post-Office, for The World Almanac.) DOMESTIC RATES OF POSTACE.

All mailable matter for transmission by the United States mails within the United States is divided into four classes, under the following regulations:

First-Class Matter.-This class includes letters, postal cards, and anything sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, or anything containing writing not allowcd as an accompaniment to printed matter under class three.

Rates of letter postage to any part of the United States, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof.
Rates on local or drop letters at free delivery offices, two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. At offices where there is no free delivery by carriers, one cent per ounce or fraction thereof.

Rates on postal cards, one cent (double or "reply"' cards, two cents). Nothing must be added or attached to a postal card, except that a printed address slip may be pasted on the add ress or message side. The addition of anything else subjects the card to letter postage. A card containing any threat, offensive dun, or any scurrilous or indecent communication will not be forwarded. The rule that has heretofore existed excluding from the face of a postal card words indicating the occupation or business of the addressee has been revoked. In future these additions, or others of a like general character, will be held to be constructively a part of the address, and therefore permissible. Cards that have been spoiled in printing or otherwise will not be redeemed.
"Private Mailing Cards', bearing written messages may be transmitted in the mails, domestic and foreign, at the rate of a cent apiece, stamps to be affixed by the sender; such cards to be sent openly in the mails, to be no larger, and to be approximately of the same form, quality, and weight as the stamped postal card now in general use in the United States.

To be entitled to the privileges given by this act of Congress, mailing cards must conform to the following conditions:

1. Each card must be an unfolded plece of cardboard, not exceeding $31 / 4$ by $51 / 2$ inches, and not less than $215-16$ by $415-16$ inches in size.
2. The quality and weight must be substantially that of the Government postal card of like size.
3. They may be of any color which dues not interfere with the legibility of the address.
4. Each card must bear these words at the top of the ardrress side: "Private Mailing Card-Authorized by act of Congress of May 19, 1898," placed thereon by me ins of printing or hand-stamp.
5. Cards conforming to the conditions of paragraphs 1 to 4, inclusive, are admissible for transmission in the domestic mails, including Porto Rico, Guam, and the Philippine islands, and to places in Canada and Mexico, at the postage rate of one cent each, prepaid by stamps affixed.
6. Cards conforming to the condittons of paragraphs 1 to 4 , inclusive, will be rendered admissible to the Postal Union mails by the addition of the words "Postal Card-Carte Postale" on the face near the top, either by writing, printing, or hand-stamp, at the postage rate of two cents each, prepaid by stamps affixed.
7. The message on the cards may be in writing or in print, and the message side may bear advertisements and illustrations in any color.
8. The face of the cards shall be reserved for postage stamps, postmarks, and addresses, which latter may be in writing, printing, or by means of a stamp or ahdesive label of not more than three-fourths of an nch by two inches in size; provided that the sender may in the same manner place his name and address on the back or the face of the card, and that advertisements and illustrations may be printed on the face of the cards if they do not interfere with a perfectiy distinct address and postmark.
9. When Private Mailing Cards are prepared by printers and stationers for sale, they should, in addition to conforming to all the conditions of paragraphs 1 to 4 , inclusive, bear on the face near the top the words "Postai Card-Carte Postale," which addition will render them admissible to the Postal Union, as well as the domestic mails. Such cards should also bear in the upper right-hand corner of the face an oblong diagram containing the words "Place postage stamp here," and across the bottom the words "This side for the address,"
10. The words "Private Mailing Card" are permissible only on cards that conform to the conditions prescribed by this order; other cards bearing these words, or otherwise purporting to be issued under authority of the act of May 19, 1898, are inadmissible to the mails.
11. The privilege given by the act is not intended to work a discontlnuance of the Government postal cards. These will be issued and sold the same as heretofore.

Rates on specially delivered letters, ten cents on each letter in addition to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps are sold at post-offices, and must be affixed to such letters. An ordinary ten-cent stamp affixed to a letter will not entitle it to special delivery. The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post-office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

Prepayment by stamps invariably required. Postage on all letters should be fully prepaid, but if prepaid one full rate and no more, they will be forwarded, and the amount of deficient postage collected on delivery ; if wholly unpaid, or prepaid with less than one full rate and deposited at a post-office, the addressee will be notified to remit postage; and if he fails to do so, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office; but they will be returned to the sender if he is located at the place of mailing, and if his address be printed or written upon them.

Letter rates are charged on all productions by the typewriter or manifold process, and on all printed imitations of typewriting or manuscript, unless such reproductions are presented at post-office windows in the minimum number of twenty identical copies.

Letters (but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope. There is no limit of weight for first-class matter.

Prepaid letters will be reforwarded from one post-office to another upon the written requestof the person addressed, without additional charge for postage. The direction on forwarded letters may be changed as many times as may be necessary to reach the person addressed.

Second-Class Matter.-This class includes all newspapers, periodicals, or matter exclusively in print and regularly issued at stated intervals as frequently as four times a year, from a known office of publication or news agency, to actual subscribers or news agents, and transient newspapers and publications of this character mailed by persons other than publishers. Also periodical publications of benevolent and fraternal societies, etc. This applies to all reports and the like made by officers of societies organized under the lodge system and having a membership of a thousand persons, and of the bulletins and proceedings of strictly professional, literary, historical, and scientific associations and institutions, trade unions, etc., provided only that these be published not less often than four times a year, and that they be printed on
and be bound in paper. Publishers who wish to avail themsclves of the privileges of the act are required to make formal application to the department through the postmaster at the place of publication, producing satisfactory evidence that the organizations represented come within the purview of the law, and that the object of the publications is to further the objects and purposes of the organizations.

Rates of postage to publishers, one cent a pound or fractional part thereof, prepaid in currency. Publications designed primarily for advertising or free circulation, or not having a legitimate list of subscribers, are excluded from the ponnd rate, and pay third-class rates.

Whenever the general character and manner of issue of a periodical publication is changed in the interest of the publisher, or of an advertiser or other person, by the addition of unusual quantities of advertisements, or of matter different from that usually appearing in the publicathon, or calculated to give special prominence to some particular business or businesses, or otherwise-especially where large numbers of copies are circulated by or in the interest of particular persons, or where there is to be an excessive number of alleged sample copies mailed, or where the issue is to be sold at a special and different price than that charged for the customary issnes, the second-class rates of postage will be denicd that issue; and if there be repeated instances of such irregularities, the publication will be excluded from the mails as second-class matter.

Such "'Christmas," "'New Year,s," and other special issues, including "Almanacs," as are excluded from second-class privileges by the terms above specified may be transmitted by mail only when prepaid by postage stamps at the rate applicable to third-class matter-one ceut for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Publications sent to actual subseribers in the county where published are free, unless mailed for local delivery at a letter-carrier office.

Rates of postage on transient newspapers, magazines, or periodicals, one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof. It should be observed that the rate is one cent for each four ounces, not one cent for each paper contained in the same wrapper. Second-class matter will be entitled to special delivery when special delivery ten-centstamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage. Transient second-class matter must be so wrapped as to enable the postmaster to inspect it. The sender's name and address may be written in them, but any other writing subjects the matter to letter postage. The name and address of the sender may also be written on the wrapper.

Third-Class Matter.-Mail matter of the third class includes printed books, pamphlets, engravings, circulars (in print or by the hectograph, electric-pen, or similar process), and other matter wholly in print, proof-sheets, corrected proof-sheets, and manuscript copy accompanying the same.

The rate on matter of this class is one cent for cach two ounces or fraction thereof.

* Manuscript unaccompanied by proof-sheets must pay letter rates.

Third-class matter must admit of easy inspection, otherwise it will be charged letter rates on delivery. It must be fully prepaid, or it will not be forwarded.

The limit of weight is four pounds, except single books in separate packages, on which the weight is not limited. It is entitled, like matter of the other classes, to special delivery when special delivery stamps are affixed in addition to the regular postage.

Upon matter of the third-class, or upon the wrapper or envelope inclosing the same, or the tag or label attached thereto, the sender may write his own name, occupation, and residence or business address, preceded by the word "from," and may make marks other than by written or printed words to call attention to any word or passage in the text, and may correct any tymographical errors. There may be placed upon the blank leaves or cover of any book, or printed matter of the third-class, a simple manuscript dedication or inscription not of the nature of a personal correspondence. Upon the wrapper or en velope of third-class matter, or the tag or label attached thereto, may be printed any matter mailable as third-class, but there must be left on the address side a space sufficient for the legible address and necessary stamps.

Fourth-Class Matter.-Fourth-class matter is all mailable matter not included in the three preceding classes which is so prepared for mailing as to be easily withdra wn from the wrapyer and examined. It embraces merchandise and samples of every description, and coin or specie.

Rate of postage, one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof (except seeds, roots, bulbs, cuttings, cions, and plants, the rate on which is one cent for each two ounces or fruction thereof). This matter must be fully prepaid, or it will not be forwarded. The attixing of special delivery ten-cent stamps in addition to the regular postage entitles fourth-class matter to special delivery. (See remarks under "first-class matter."

Articles of this class that are liable to injure or deface the mails, such as glass, sugar, needles, nails, pens, etc., must be first wrapped in a bag, box, or open envelope and then secured in another outside tube or box, made of metal or hard wood, without sharp comers or edges, and having a sliding clasp or screw lid, thns securing the articles in a double package. The public should bear in mind that the first object of he department is to transport the mails safely, and every other interest is made subordinate.

Such articles as poisons, explosives, or inflammable articles, live animals, insects, or substances exhaling a bad odor will not be forwarded in any case.

Firearms may only be sent in detached parts.
The regulations respecting the mailing of liquids are as follows: Liquids, not ardent, vinous, spirituous, or malt, and not liable to explosion, spontaneous combustion, or ignition by shock or jar, and not inflammable (such as kerosene, naphtha, or turpentine), may be admitted to the mails for transportation within the United States. When in glass bottles or vials, such bottles or vials must be strong enough to stand the shock of handling in the mails, and must be inclosed in a metal, wooden, or papier mache block or tube, not less than three-sixteenths of an inch thick in the thinnest part, strong enough to support the weight of mails piled in bags and resist rough handiing: and there must be provided, between the bottle and said block or tube, a cushion of cotton, felt, or some other absorbent sufficient to protect the glass from shock in
handling; the block or tube to be closed by a tightly fitting lid or cover, so adjusted as to make the block' or tube water tight and to prevent the leakage of the contents in case of breaking the glass. When inclosed in a tin cylinder, metal case, or tube, such cylinder, case, or tube should have a lid or cover so secured as to make the case or tube water tight, and should be securely fastened in a wooden or papier mache block (open only at one end), and not less in thickness and strength than above described. Manufacturers or dealers intending to transmit articles or samples in considerable quantities should submit a sample package, showing their mode of packing, to the postmaster at the mailing oftice, who will see that the conditions of this section are carefully observed. The limit of admissible liquids and oils is not exceeding four ounces, liquid measure.

Limit of weight of fourth-class matter (excepting liquids), four pounds.
The name and address of the sender, preceded by the word ' 'from," also any marks, numbers, names, or letters for the purpose of description, such as prices, quantity, etc., may be written on the wrapper of fourth-class matter without additional postage charge. A request to the delivering postmaster may also be written asking him to notify the sender in case the package is not delivered.

Registration. - All kinds of postal matter may be registered at the rate of eight cents for each package in addition to the regular rates of postage, to be fully prepaid by stamps. Each package must bear the name and address of the sender, and a receipt will be returned from the person to whom addressed. Mail matter can be registered at all post-offices in the United States.

An indemnity-not to exceed $\$ 10$ for any one registered piece, or the actual value of the piece, if it is less than $\$ 10$-shall be paid for the loss of first-class registered matter.

Domestic Money Orders. - Domestic money orders are issued by money-order post-offices for any amount up to $\$ 100$, at the following rates:

For sums not exceeding $\$ 2.50,3$ cents; over $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 5,5$ cents; over $\$ 5$ to $\$ 10,8$ cents; over $\$ 10$ to $\$ 20,10$ cents : over $\$ 20$ to $\$ 30,12$ cents; over $\$ 30$ to $\$ 40,15$ cents; over $\$ 40$ to $\$ 50,18$ cents; over $\$ 50$ to $\$ 60,20$ cents; over $\$ 60$ to $\$ 75,25$ cents; over $\$ 75$ to $\$ 100,30$ cents; two cents is added to each fee for war tax.
stamped Envelopes.-Embossed stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers of several denominations, sizes, and colors are kept on sale at post-offices, singly or in quantities, at a small advance on the postage rate. Stamps cut from stamped envelopes are valueless; but postmasters are authorized to give good stamps for stamped envelopes or newspaper wrappers that may be spoiled in directing, if presented in whole condition and with satisfactory evidence.

All matter concerning lotteries, gift concerts, or schemes devised to defraud the public, or for the purpose of obtaining money under false pretences, is denied transmission in the mails.

Applications for the establishment of post-offices should be addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster-General, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information.

The franking privilege was abolished July 1, 1873, but the following mail matter may be sent free by legislative saving clauses, viz. :

1. All public documents printed by order of Congress, the Congressional Record and speeches contained therein, franked by Members of Congress, or the Secretary of the Senate, or Clerk of the House.
2. Seeds transmitted by the Secretary of Agriculture, or by any Member of Congress, procured from that Department.
3. All perfodicals sent to subscribers within the county where printed.
4. Letters and packages relating exclusively to the business of the Government of the United States, mailed only by officers of the same, publications required to be mailed to the Librarian of Congress by the Copyright law, and letters and parcels mailed by the Smithsonian Institution. All these must be covered by specially printed "penalty" envelopes or labels.
5. The Vice-President, Members and Members-elect and Delegates and Delegates-elect to Congress may frank any mail matter, not over two ounces in weight, upon official or departmental business.

All communications to Government officers and to Members of Congress are required to be prepaid by stamps.

Suggestions to the Public (from the United States Offictal Postal. Guide).-Mail all letters, etc. as early ao practicable, especially when sent in large numbers, as is frequently the case with newspapers and circulars.

All mail matter at large post-offices is necessarily handled in great haste and should therefore in all cases be so plainly addressed as to leave No room for doubt And no excuse for error on the part of postal employes. Names of states should be written in full (or their abbreviations very distinctly written) in order to prevent errors which arise from the similarity of such abbreviations as
Cal., Col. ; Pa., Va., Vt.; Me., Mo., Md. : Ioa., Ind.; N. H., N. M., N. Y., N. J. N. C., D. ©.
 especially necessary in addressing mail matter to places of which the names are borne by several post-offices in different States.

Avoid as much as possible using envelopes made of flimsy paper, especially where more than one sheet of paper, or any other article than paper, is mclosed. Being of ten handled, and even in the mailbags subject to pressure, such envelopes notinfrequently split open, giving cause of complaint.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mail except either by means of a money order or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewelry in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means o. ultimately bringins some clerk or letter-carrier to ruin.

See that every letter or package bears the fuli name and post-office address of the writer, in order to secure the return ol the letter, if the person to whom 1 is directed cannot be found. A much larger portion of the undelivered letters could be returued if the names and addresses of the senders were always fully and plainly written or printed inside or on the envelopes. Persons who have large
correspondence find it most convenient to use "special request envelopes;'" but those who only mail an occasional letter can avoid much trouble by writing a request to "return if not delivered," etc.. on the envelope.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc, into a street mailing-box, or into the receptacle at a post-office, alway, see that the packet falls into the box and does not stick in its passage; observe, also, particularly, whether the postage stamps remain securely in their places.

Postage stamps should be placed on the upper right-hand corner of the address side of all mail matter.

The street and number (or box number) should form a part of the address of all mail matter directed to cities. In mos, cities there are many persons, and even firms, bearing the same name. Before depositing any package or other article for mailing, the sender should assure himself that it is wrapped and packed in the manner prescribed by postal regulations; that it does not contain unmailable matter nor exceed the limit of size and weight as fixed by law; and that it is fully prepaid and properly addressed. The postage stamps on all mail matter are necessarily cancelled at once, and the value of those affixed to packages that are afterward discovered to be short-paid or otherwise unmailable is therefore liable to be lost to the senders.

It is unlawful to send an ordinary letter by express or otherwise outside of the mails unless it be inclosed in a Government-stamped envelope. It is also unlawful to inclose a letter in an express package unless it pertains wholly to the contents of the package.

It is forbidden by the regulations of the Post-Office Department for postmasters to give to any person information concerning the mail matter of another, or to disclose the name of a box-holder at a post-office.

Letters addressed to persons temporarily sojourning in a city where the Free Delivery System is in operation should be marked "Transient', or "General Delivery,' if not addressed to a street and number or some other designated place of delivery.

Foreign books, etc., infringing Cnited States copyright are undeliverable if received in foreign mails, or mailed bere.

The foregoing rates, rules, and suggestions apply to postal matters in the United States.

## foreign fuails.

POSTAGE RATES AND CONDITIONS.
The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follc ws: Letters, per 15 grams (1/2 ounce).
Postal cards, each...
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces. 5 cents.
Commercial papers (such as learal and insurance Packets not..................................................... 1 cent.
papers, deeds, bills of lading, invoices. $\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { Packets in excess of } 10 \text { ounces, for each } 2\end{array}\right.$
manuscript for publication, etc.)... $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Samples of merchandise. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Packets not in excess of } 4 \text { ounces. } \\ \text { Pat............. }\end{array}\right.$

Packets in excess of 4 ounces. for each 2 ounces or fraction thereof
1 cent. Registration fee on letters or other articles.

2 cents. 1 cent.

Ordinary letters for countries of the Postal Union (except Canada and Mexico) will be forwarded, whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid at least partially. Mail matter for Hawaii and Cuba, if addressed to persons in the service of the United States, should be prepaid at Domestic Rates, and at Postal Union Rates if addressed to other persons. Domestic rates apply to Porto Rico, Guam, and the Philippine Islands.

CANADA.
Letters, per ounce, prepayment compulsory................................................................................ 2 cents.
Postal cards, each 4 ounc..................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................................
Merchandise, not exceeding 4 pounds (samples 1c. per 2 oz.), per ounce.
1 cent.
Commercial papers, same as to other Postal Union countries.
Registration fee.
8 cents.
Any article of correspondence may be registered. Packages of merchandise are subject to the regulations of either country to prevent violations of the revenue laws; must not be closed against inspection, and must be so wrapped and inclosed as to be easily examined. Samples must not exceed 12 ounces in weight. No sealed packages other than letters in their usual and ordinary form may be sent by mail to Canada.

Mails for and via United States Postal Agency at Shanghai go at domestic rates and conditions, except letters ( 5 cents) and postal cards ( 2 cents). Sealed packages prohibited.

MEXICO.
Letters, newspapers, and printed matter are now carried between the United States and Mexico at same rates as in the United States. Samples are 1 cent for 2 ounces; limit of weight, 12 ounces, Merchandise other than samples may only be sent by Parcels Post. No sealed packages other than letters in their usual and ordinary form may be sent by mail to Mexico, norany package over 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight.

## SAMPLES.

Packets of samples of merchandise are admissible up to 350 grams ( 12 ounces) in weight, and the following dimensions apply to all Postal Union countries: 30 centimetres ( 12 inches) in length, 20 centimetres ( 8 inches) in width, and 10 centimetres ( 4 inches) in depth, or if they are in the form of a roll, 12 inches in length and 6 inches in diameter. Merchandise of salable value and goods not in execution of orders, or as gifts, must be paid at full leiter rate.


PARCELS POST.
Unsealed packages of mailable merchandise may be sent by Parcels Post to Jamaica (including Turk's Island), Barbadoes, the Bahamas, British Honduras, Mexico, the Hawaiian Islands (Sandwich Islands), the Leeward Islands, the Republic of Colombia. Costa Rica, Salvador, British Guiana, Danish West Indies (St. Thomas, St. Croix, and St-John) and the Windward Islands (St. Lucia, St. Vincent, Grenada. and the Grenadines), Trinidad, including Tobago, Chile ( 20 cents per pound), and Newfoundland, Honduras (Republic of), and Germany, at the following postage rate: For a parcel not exceeding one pound in weight, 12 cents; for each additional pound or fraction thereof, 12 cents. The maximum weight allowed is eleven pounds-the extreme dimensions allowed for Mexico, Costa Rica, and Colombia being two feet length by four feet girth, and for the other conntries not more than three feet six inches in length, nor more than six feet in length and girth combined. Parcels must be wrapped so as to permit their contents to be easily
examined by postmasters. Poisonous, explosive, and inflammable substances are excluded. Parcels may be registered for 8 cents each to any of the above places, except Barbadoes.

Rates and conditions to countries not in the Universal Postal Union are now the same as those to Universal Postal Union countries.

CENERAL REGULATIONS RESPECTING FOREICN MAILS:
Postage can be prepaid upon articles only by means of the postage stamps of the country in which the articles are mailed. Heuce articles mailed in one country addressed to another country which bear postage stamps of the country to which they are addressed are treated as if they had no postage stamps attached to them

Unpaid letters received from the Postal Union are chargeable with 10 cents per 15 grams (1/8 ounce). Insufficiently prepaid correspondence of all kinds is chargeable with double the amount of the deficieut postage.

Matter to be sent in the mails at less than letter rates must be so wrapped that it can be readily examined at the office of delivery, as well as the mailing office, without destroying the wrapper.

Newspapers and periodicals sent in the mails to foreign countries other than those of the Postal Union should be wrapped singly Those sent by publishers to regular subscribers in Canada and Mexico are transmissible as in domestic mails except that packages addressed to Mexico must not exceed 4 pounds 6 ounces in weight.

The United States two-cent postal card should be used for card correspondence with foreign countrics (except Canada and Mexico. to which countries the one-cent card is transmissible), but where these cards cannot be obtained, it is allowable to use for this purpose the United States one-cent postal card with a one-cent United States adhesive postage stamp attached thereto. Private cards can now be used if conforming in size, etc., to government cards. and bearing words "Postal C'ard-Carte Postale."

Mail matter of all kinds received from any country of the Postal Union is required to be reforwarded at the request of the addressee, from one post-office to another, or to any foreign country embraced in the Postal Uniou, withont additional charge for postage

All articles prohıbited from domestic mails are also excluded from circulation in the mails to and from fortigu countries. Postal cards or letters addressed to go around the world will not be forwarded, being prohibited.

The art of March 3. 1883. imposes a duty of 25 per cent ad valorem on all printed matter not therein otherwise provided for, without regard to mode of importation. Under said act all printed matter, except newspapers and periodicals, and except priated matter other than books imported in the mails for personal use, is subject to the regular duty of 25 per cent ad valorem.

## FOREIGN (INTERNATIONAL) MONEY ORDERS.

There are now in operation postal conventions for the exchange of money orders between the United States and the following countries. viz.: Switzerland, Great Britain and Ireland, Germany, France, Italy, Canada and Newfoundland, Jamaica, New South Wales, Victoria, New Zealand, Queensland the Cape Colony the Windward Islands, the Leeward Islands, Belgium, Portugal, Tasmania. Hawaii Sweden, Norway. Japan. Denmark. Netherlands, Dutch East Indies, the Bahamas, Trinidad and Tobago. British Guiana, Republic of Honduras, Austria, Hungary, Hong Kong, Salvador, Bermuda, Luxembourg, south Australia, Cuba. Porto Rico, Chile, British Honduras, Egypt, Finlaud, and Korea

Upon receiving an international money order from the issuing postmaster the remitter must send it, at his own cost to the payee, if the latter resides in Canada, Great Britain and Ireland, Queensland Cape Colony, France and Algeria, New Zealand, New South Wales, Victoria, Tas: mania Hawaii, Jamaica, Leeward and Windward Islands and Constantinople, Bahamas, Trinidad and Tobago, British Guiana Hong Kong, Bermuda. South Australia. Cuba, Porto Rico, and British Honduras.

But the order should be retained by the remitter if the intended beneficiary live in any of the fol lowing named countries: Germany. Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Italy, Belgium, Portugal, Sweden, Norway, Denmark. British India, Egypt, Japan, Salvador, Luxembourg, Chile, Fınlaud, and Korea, in which case it is of no value except as evideuce of deposit of the sum therein mentioned. Another and different form of order will be forwarded to the payee by the exchange office in the country of payment.

The rates of commission or fees charged for the issue of all international money orders are as fol lows: For sums not exceeding $\$ 10$. 10 cents : over $\$ 10$ and not exceeding $\$ 2020$ cents; over $\$ 20$ and not exceeding $\$ 30,30$ cents ; over $\$ 30$ and not exceeding $\$ 40,40$ cents ; over $\$ 40$ and hot exceed. ing $\$ 50,50$ cents ; over $\$ 50$ and not exceeding $\$ 60$. 60 cents ; over $\$ 60$ and not exceeding $\$ 70,70$ cents ; over $\$ 70$ and not exceeding $\$ 80$. 80 cents; over $\$ 80$ and not exceeding $\$ 9090$ ceuts; over $\$ 90$ and not exceeding $\$ 100$. one dollar.

Domestic rates and regutations apply to money order sfor Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands.

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Figures in parentheses indicate number of daysin transit from port of embarkation
The Post-Office Department allows 5 days for transmission of mails from New York to San Francisco 6 days from New York to Vancouver. B C. 5 days from New York to Tacoma. Wash and S days from New York to Lonrlon Eng
Leave London. Eng., every Friday for Aden (10) Bombay (15), Colombo (18). Singapore (22-25), Hong Kong ( 29 ; 32 ). Shanghai ( 35 ) Yokohama ( 3941 ) By Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co. and Messageries Miaritimes.
Leave San Francisco, (al. about every 9 to 16 days for Singapore (35-40), Hong Kong (29), Shanghai (26), Yokohama (19). By Pacific Mail and Occidental and Oriental Steamship lines
Leave Vancouver, B. C about every 28 days for Hong Kong (22), Yokohama (14) By Canadian Pacific Steanship Line
Leave Tacoma. Wash., about every 10 to 35 days for Hong Kong (27-29). Yokohama (16) By Northern Pacific Steamship Co

AUSTRALIA MAILS. - Mails for West Australia are all sent via London, Eng.
Leave San Francisco. Cal., every 2 to 14 ays for Honolulu, Sandwich Islands ( 7 ) ; and every 28 days for Apia (15). Anckland New Zealand (19). Sydney, New Sonth Wales (24). By Oceanic Steamship Co. Mails also leave Vancouver, B. C., about every 28 days.
Leave London. Eng. , every Friday for all parts of Australia. New Zealand, Tasmania, etc.

74 Distances Between European Cities.

## 

As indicated by the Official Postal Gnide, showing the distance by shortest routes and time in transit by fastest trains from New York City.

| Citirs in United Statbs. | Miles. | Hours. | Citige in Unitrd States. | Miles. | Hours. | Cities in United States. | Miles. | Hours. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albany, N. Y | 142 | 436 | Detroit, Mich.. | 743 | 25 | Portland, Ore | 3,181 | 1141/2 |
| Atlanta, Ga | 882 | $241 / 4$ | Galveston, 'Tex | 1,789 | 561/6 | Prescott, Ariz | 2,724 | 94 |
| Baltimore, Md. | 188 | 6 | Harrisburg Pa..... | 182 |  | Providence, R . | 189 | 6 |
| Bismarck, N. Dak | 1,738 | 6016 | Hartford, ct.... ... | 112 | 4 | Richmond, | 344 | $111 / 4$ |
| Boisé City, Idaho.. | 2,736 | $921 / 2$ | Helena, Mont. . | 2,423 | 89 | St. Louis, | 1,048 |  |
| Boston, M | 217 410 | 111/2 | Hot Springs, Ar <br> Indianapolis, In | $\begin{array}{r}1,367 \\ 808 \\ \hline 1,48\end{array}$ | 55 23 | St. Paul, Minn....... | 1,310 <br> 2,402 <br> 102 |  |
| Cape May, | 172 | $51 / 2$ | Jacksonville, Fla | 1,077 | 32 | San Francisco | 2,452 | 112\% |
| Carson City, Ne | 3.036 | 1091 | Kansas City, Mo | 1,302 | $381 / 4$ | Santa Fé, N. M | 2,173 | 82 |
| Charleston, S. C | 804 | 2114 | Louisville, | 854 | 30 | Savannah, Ga. | , 905 | 26 |
| Chattanooga, Tenn. | 853 | 32 | Memphis, Tem! | 1,163 | 40 | Tacoma, Wa | 3,209 | 127 |
| Cheyenne, Wyo | 1,899 | 54 | Milwaukee, Wis | 985 | 2914 | Topeka, Kal | 1,370 | 48 |
| Chicago, rll. | 900 | 25 | Montgomery, Ala | 1,057 |  | Trenton, N . | 57 |  |
| Cincinnati, 0 | 744 | 23 | Montpelier, Vt...... | , 327 | 1014 | Vicksburg, Mi | 1,288 | 50 |
| Cleveland, O | 568 | 191/6 | New Orleans, | 1,344 | 40 | Vinita, Ind. Ter.... | 1,412 |  |
| Columbus, | 624 | 20 | Omaha, Neb | 1,383 | 43 | Washington, D | 228 | 61.6 |
| Concord, N. H |  |  | Philadelphi | 90 | 3 | Wheeling, ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 446 | 1414 |
| Deadwood, S. Dak.. | 1,957 | 6512 | Pittsburgh | 431 | 13 | Wilmington, | 117 |  |
| Denver, Col | 1,930 | 6016 | Portland, Mr | 325 | 12 | Wilmington, | 593 | 20 |

DISTANCES AND MAIL TIME TO FOREIGN CITIES FROM THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

| By Postal Route to- | Miles. | Days | By Postal Route to- | Miles. | Days |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adelalde, via San Francisco | 12,845 | 34 | Ha | 1,413 | 3 |
| Alexandria, via London | 6,150 | 13 | Hong Kon | 10.590 | 25 |
| Amsterdam, $\because \quad \because$ | 3,985 | 9 | Honolulu, | 5,645 | 13 |
| Antwerp, $\quad$, | 4,000 | 9 | Liverpool | 3,540 | 8 |
| Athens Brazil. | 5,625 | 12 | London, via Quee | 3,740 | 8 |
| Bangkok, Siam, via San Frai | 12,990 | 43 | Madrid, via London. | 4,925 | 8 |
| Batavia, Java, via London | 12,800 | 34 | Melbourne, via San Francisco | 12,265 | 32 |
| Berlin, via London. | 4,385 | 9 | Mexico City (railroad) ........ | 3,750 | 5 |
| Bombay, " | 9,765 | 24 | Panama ...... | 2,355 | 7 |
| Bremen, | 4,235 | 8 | Paris | 4,020 | 8 |
| Buenos Ayres. | 8,045 | 29 | Rio de Janeir | 6,204 | 23 |
| Calcutta, via Londo | 11,120 | 26 | Rome, via London | 5,030 | 9 |
| Cape Town, via London | 11,245 | 27 | Rotterdam, via Lond | 3,935 | - |
| Constantinople, via Londo | 5,510 | 11 | St. ${ }^{\text {P P }}$ Petersburg, via | 5,370 | 10 |
| Florence, " | 4.800 | 10 | Shanghai, via Sau Franci | 9,920 | 25 |
| Glasgow | 3,375 | 10 | Stockholm, via London | 4,975 | 10 |
| Greytown via New | 2,810 | 7 | Sydney, via San Francis | 11,570 | 31 |
| Halifax, N. S. | 645 | ${ }_{9}^{2}$ | Valparaiso, via Pana | 5.910 | 37 |
| Hamburg, via Londo | 4,340 | 9 | Vienna, via Londou | 4.740 | 10 |
| Hamburg, direct. | 4,820 | 9 | Yokohama, via San Francisco | 7,348 | 20 |

Bistances Detwon 全uropean Ceitics.

TRAVELING DISTANCES<br>BETUEEN THE<br>PRINCIPAL CITIES IN EUROPE IN MILES.

LIVERPOOL 202
PARIS 489287
Madrid $9081397 \overline{1195}$
 ANTWERP $1 \overline{1530} 1119 \quad 211 \quad 472 \quad 270$
 $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { BERLIN } & 178 & 497 & 1889 & 1582 & \overline{6} 74 & 948 & \overline{746}\end{array}$ BERNE 611 678 $4601602 \overline{1183}$ 359 $848 \quad \overline{645}$





 CONBTANTINOPLE 12051725 In 138






## 

The Metric System has been adopted by Mexico, Brazil, Chile, Peru, etc., and except Russia and Great Britain, where it is permissive, by all European nations. Various names of the preceding systems are, however, frequently used : In Germany, $1 / 2$ kilogram $=1$ pound ; in Switzerland, 3-10 of a metre $=1$ foot, etc. If the first letters of the prefixes deka, hecto, kilo, myria, from the Greek, and deci, centi, mili, from the Latin, are used in preference to our plain English, 10, 100 , etc., it is best to employ capital letters for the multiples and small letters for the subdivisions, to avoid ambiguities in abbreviations: 1 dekametre or 10 metres $=1 \mathrm{Dm}$.; 1 decimetre or $1-10$ of a metre $=1 \mathrm{dm}$.

The METRE, unit of length, is nearly the ten-millionth part of a quadrant of a meridian, of the distance between Equator and Pole. The International standard Metre is, practically, nothing else but a length defined by the distance between two lines on a platinum-iridium bar at $0^{\circ}$ Centigrade, deposited at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, Paris, France.

The Litre, unit of capacity, is derived from the weight of one kilogram pure water at greatest density, a cube whose edge is oue-tenth of a metre and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a metric ton.

The GRAM, unit of weight, is a cube of pure water at greatest density, whose edge is one-hundredth of a metre, and, therefore, the one-thousandth part of a kilogram, and the one-millionth part of a metric ton.

One silver dollar weighs 25 grams, 1 dime $=21 / 2$ grams, 1 five cent nickel $=5$ grams.

The Metric System was legalized in the United States on July 28, 1866, when Congress enacted as follows:
"The tables in the schedule hereto annexed shall be recognized in the construction of contracts, and in all legal proceedings, as establishing, in terms of the weights and measures now in use in the United States, the equivalents of the weights and measures expressed therein in terms of the metric system, and the tables may lawfully be used for computing, determining, and expressing in customary weights and measures the weights and measures of the metric system.,

The following are the tables annexed to the above:
Measures of Length.

Metric Denominations and Values.

| Myriametre. | 10,000 metres. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Kilometre | 1,000 metres. |
| Hectometr | 100 metres. |
| Dekametre | 10 metres |
| Metre. | 1 metre. |
| Decimetr | 1-10 of a metre. |
| Centimetre | $1-100$ of a metre. |
| Millimetr | 1-1000 of a metre. |

Equivalents in Denominations in Use.
$\quad 6.2137$
0.62137
miles.
mile, or 3,280 feet 10 inches.
328
393.7
39.37
feet inches.
3.937
0.3937
inches.
inches.
0.0394
inch. miles. 328 feet 1 inch.
393.7 inches.
$\begin{aligned} 39.37 & \text { inches. } \\ 3.937 & \text { inches. }\end{aligned}$
0.3937 inch.
0.0394 inch.

## Measures of Surface.



## METRIC SYSTEM-Continued.

## WEIGHTS.

## Metric Denominations and Values.

| Names. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of of } \end{aligned}$ | Weight of What Quantity of Water at Maximum Density. | A voirdupols Weight. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Miller or tonne | 1. 000.000 | 1 cubic metre. | 2204.6 pounds. |
| Quintal... | 100.000 | 1 hectolitre. | 220.46 pounds. |
| Myriagram....i.i. | 10,000 | 1 litre... | 2. 2046 poun |
| Hectogram... | 100 | 1 decilitre.. | 3. 5274 ounces. |
| Dekagram | 10 | 10 cubic centimetres | 0.3527 ounce. |
| Deciaram |  | $1-10$ of a cubic cent | 15. 1.5432 grain |
| Decigram.. | 1-100 | 10 cubic millimetres | 0. 15432 grain. |
| Nilligram ...................... | 1-1000 | 1 cubic millimetre....................... | 0.0154 grain. |

TABLES FOR THE CONVERSION OF METRIC WEIGHTS AND MEASURES INTO CUSTOMARY UNITED STATES EQUIVALENTS AND THE REVERSE.
From the legal equivalents are deduced the following tables for converting United States weights and measures:

## METRIC TO CUSTOMARY.

CUSTOMARY TO METRIC.

## Linear Measure.

| $\overline{M e-}$ |  | $\mathrm{Me}-$ | Kilome- | - |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tres=Ins. | Metres $=$ Feet . | tres $=$ Yards. | tres = Mile | timetres | Feet=Metres. |  |  |
| $1=39.37$ | $1=3.28087$ | $1=1.093623$ | $1=0.62137$ | $1=2.54$ | $1=0.304798$ | $1=0.914393$ | $1=1.60935$ |
| $2=78.74$ | $2=6.56174$ | $2=2.187246$ | $2=1.24274$ | $2=5.08$ | $2=0.609596$ | $2=1.828787$ | $2=3.21869$ |
| $3=118.11$ | $3=9.84261$ | $3=3.280869$ | $3=1.86411$ | $3=7.62$ | $3=0914393$ | $3=2.743179$ | $3=4.82804$ |
| $4=157.48$ | $4=13.12348$ $5=16.40435$ | $4=4.374492$ $5=5.468115$ | $4=2.48548$ 5 | $4=10.16$ | $4=1.219191$ | $4=3.657574$ $5=4.571966$ | $4=6.43739$ |
| $6=236.22$ | $6=19.68522$ | $6=6.561738$ | $6=3.72822$ | $6=15.24$ | $6=1.828787$ | $6=5.486358$ | 08 |
| $7=275.59$ | $7=22.96609$ | $7=7.655361$ | $7=4.34959$ | $7=17.78$ | $7=2.133584$ | . 400753 | 1.26543 |
| $8=314.96$ | $8=2624696$ | $8=8.748984$ | $8=4.97096$ | $8=20.32$ | $8=2.438382$ | $8=7.315148$ | 2. 87478 |
| $9=354.33$ | $9=29.52783$ | $9=9.842607$ | $9=5.59233$ | $9=22.86$ | $9=2.743179$ | $9=8.229537$ | $9=14.48412$ |

SQuare Measure.
Cubic Measure.

## SQUARE MEASURE.



Liquid Measure


Dry Measure.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1=2.8375$ | $1=0.35242$ |
| $2=5.6750$ | $2=0.70485$ |
| $3=8.5125$ | $3=1.05727$ |
| $4=11.3500$ | $4=1.40969$ |
| $5=14.1875$ | $5=1.76211$ |
| $6=17.0250$ | $6=2.11454$ |
| $7=19.8625$ | $7=2.46696$ |
| $8=22.7000$ | $8=2.81938$ |
| $9=25.5375$ | $9=3.17181$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=35.315$ | $1=0.02832$ | $1=6.452$ | $1=0.09290$ | $1=0.836$ |
| $2=70.631$ | $2=0.05663$ | $2=12.903$ | $2=0.18581$ | $2=1.672$ |
| $3=105.947$ | $3=0.08495$ | $3=19.354$ | $3=0.27871$ | $3=2.508$ |
| $4=141.262$ | $4=0.11326$ | $4=25.806$ | $4=0.37161$ | $4=3.344$ |
| $5=176.578$ | $5=0.14158$ | $5=32.257$ | $5=0.46452$ | $5=4.181$ |
| $6=210.894$ | $6=0.16990$ | $6=38.709$ | $6=0.55742$ | $6=5.017$ |
| $7=247.209$ | $7=0.19821$ | $7=45.160$ | $7=0.65032$ | $7=5.853$ |
| $8=282.525$ | $8=0.22653$ | $8=51.612$ | $8=0.74323$ | $8=6.689$ |
| $9=317.840$ | $9=0.25484$ | $9=58.063$ | $9=0.83613$ | $9=7.525$ |

## Liquid Measure.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=2.957$ | $1=0.94636$ | $1=3.78544$ |
| $2=5.915$ | $2=1.89272$ | $2=7.57088$ |
| $3=8.872$ | $3=2.83908$ | $3=11.35632$ |
| $4=11.830$ | $4=3.78544$ | $4=15.14176$ |
| $5=14.787$ | $5=4.73180$ | $5=18.92720$ |
| $6=17.744$ | $6=5.67816$ | $6=22.71264$ |
| $7=20.702$ | $7=6.62452$ | $7=26.49808$ |
| $8=23.659$ | $8=7.57088$ | $8=30.28352$ |
| $9=26.616$ | $9=8.51724$ | $9=34.06896$ |

## METRIC SYSTEM-Continued.

WEIGHT (AVOIRDUPOIS).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1=0.15$ |  | 1. |  |  | $1=28$ | $1=0.45359$ |  |
| $2=0.3086$ |  | $2=4.40924$ | $2=1.9684$ | $2=12.9598$ | $2=56.6491$ | $2=0.90719$ | 2 $2=2.0161$ |
| $3=0.4630$ | $3=105.822$ | $3=6.61386$ | $3=2.9526$ | $3=19.4397$ | $3=85.0486$ | $3=1.36078$ | $3=3.0482$ |
| $4=0.6173$ | $4=141.096$ | $4=8.81849$ | $4=3.9368$ | $4=25.9196$ | $4=113.3981$ | $4=1.81437$ | $4=4.0642$ |
| $5=0.7716$ | $5=176.370$ | $5=11.02311$ | $5=4.9210$ | $5=32.3995$ | $5=141.7476$ | $5=2.26796$ | $5=5.0803$ |
| $6=0.9259$ | $6=211.644$ | $6=13.22773$ | $6=5.9052$ | $6=38.8793$ | $6=170.0972$ | $6=2.72156$ | $6=6.0963$ |
| 0803 | $7=246.918$ |  | $7=6.8894$ | $7=45.3592$ | $7=198.4467$ |  | $7=7.1124$ |
| $8=1.2346$ | $8=282.192$ | $8=17.63697$ | $8=7.8736$ 9 | $8=51.8391$ | $8=226.7962$ | $8=3.62874$ | $8=8.1284$ |
| $9=1.3889$ | $9=317.466$ | $9=19.84159$ | $9=8.8578$ | $9=58.31$ ) | $9=255.1457$ | 94.08233 | $9=9.1445$ |

## THE METRIC SYSTEM SINPLIFIED.

The following tables of the metric system of weights and sueasures have been simplified as much as possible for The World Almanac by omitting such denominations as are not in practical, everyday use in the countries where the system is used exclusively.

## TABLES OF THE SYSTEM.

Length. -The denominations in practical use are millimetres (mrn.), centimetres (cm.), metres $(\mathrm{m}$.) and kilometres ( km .).
$10 \mathrm{~mm} .=1 \mathrm{~cm}$. $100 \mathrm{~cm} .=1 \mathrm{~m} .: 1,000 \mathrm{~m} .=1 \mathrm{~km}$. NOTE. - A decimetre is 10 cm .
Weight.-The denominations in use are grams (g.), kilos* (kg.), and tons (metric tons).
$1,000 \mathrm{~g} .=1 \mathrm{~kg} .1,000 \mathrm{~kg} .=1$ metric ton.
CRpacity.-The denominations in use are cubic centimetres (c. c.) and litres (1.).
$1,000 \mathrm{c.c}-11$. NOTE, - A hectolitre is $10 \sim 1$. (seldom used).
Relation of capacity and weight to length: A cubic decimetre is a litre, and a litre of water weighs a kilo.

## APPROXIMATE EQUIVALENTS.

A metre is about a yard; a kilo is about 2 pounds a litre is about a quart; a centimetre is about $1 / 3$ inch; a metri ton is about same as a ton; a kilometre is about $\%$ mile; a cubic centimetre is about a thimbleful ; a nickel weighs about 5 grams.

PRECISE EQUIVALENTS.

| 1 acre................... $=0.40$ |  |  |  | kilometres....... |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 bushel................... $=35$ | litres .............. 35.24 | 1 millimet | - |  | . 0394 |
| 1 centimetre........ $=.39$ | inch............. . 3937 | 1 ounce |  | grams |  |
| 1 cubic centimetre $=.06$ | cubic inch... . 0610 | 1 ounce (Tr |  | grams |  |
| 1 cubic foot........... $=0.0$ | cubic metre. 0283 | 1 peck................ $=$ |  |  |  |
| 1 cubic inch.......... $=16$ | cubir cent. $\dagger 16.39$ | 1 pint... $\cdot . . . . . . . . . .=$ | .47 | litre. | . 4732 |
| $\mathbf{1}$ cubic metre..... $=\mathbf{3 5}$ | cubic feet....35.31 | 1 pound.............. $=$ | . 45 | kilo. | 4536 |
| 1 cubic metre....... - | cubic yards... 1.308 | 1 quar (dry)...... $=$ |  | litres. | 1.101 |
| 1 cubic yard........ 0.76 | cubic metre... 7645 | 1 quart (liquid).. $=$ | .95 | litr | 9464 |
| 1 foot......... | centimetres 30.4と | 1 sq . centimetre $=$ | . 15 | Sq. inch | 1550 |
| 1 gallon. | litres..... ..... 3. 785 | 1 sq. foot........... $=$ | . 09 | sq. metre | 0929 |
| 1 grain.. | gram.......... 0648 | 1 sq. inch |  | sq. c'timetr's. | 6.452 |
| $1 \mathrm{gram} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .=15$ | grains ...........15. 48 | $1 \mathrm{sq} \text {. metr }$ |  | sq. yards...... | $1.196$ |
| 1 hectar............... $=12.5$ | acres...... .... 2.471 | 1 sq. metre......... $=$ |  | sq. feet. | $0.76$ |
| 1 inch.................... $=25$ | millimetres. 25.40 | 1 sq. yard. |  | sq. metre......... | 8361 |
| 1 kilo................... $=\mathbf{2 . 6 2}$ | pounds ........ 2.205 | 1 ton (2,240 lbs |  |  | . 0 |
| 1 litre......... ......... $\quad .91$ | quart (dry)... . 9081 | 1 ton (metric).... $=$ | 1.1 | ton (2,000 lbs.) | 1.102 |
| 1 litre .................. $=1.1$ | quarts (liq'd) 1.0.51 | 1 ton (metric).... $=$ | .98 | ton ( $2,240 \mathrm{lbs}$.) | 9842 |
| 1 metre................ $\quad 3.3$ | feet............. 3. 281 | 11 yard................. | .91 | metre........ ...... | . 9144 |
| *Contraction for kilogram | $\dagger$ Centimetres. |  |  |  |  |

## 

THE following are minimum weights of certain àrticles of produce according to the laws of the United States:



Salt. - Weight per bushes as adopted by different States range from 50 to 80 pounds. Coarse salt in Pennsylvania is reckoned at 8 pounds, and in Illinoi. at 50 pounds per bushel. Fine salt in Pennsylvania is reckoned at $6 \%$ pounds, in Kentucky and Illinois at 55 pounds per bushel.

## facasutes and delrights of creat xritain．

The measures of length and the weights are nearly，practically，the same as those in use in the United states．The English tou is 2,240 lbs．avoirdupois，the same as the long ton，or shipping ton of the United States．The English hundredweight is 112 lbs ．avoirdupnis，the same as the long hundredweight of the United states．The metre has been legalized at 39.37079 inches，but the lengti． of 39.370432 inches，as adopted by France，Germany，Belgium，and Russia，is frequently used．

The Imperial gallon，the basis of the system of capacity，involves an error of about 1 part in 1，836： 10 lbs ．of water $=277.123$ cubic inches．

Measures of Capacity．

| NAMKS． | Pounds of Water． | Cubic Inches． | Litres． | United States Equivalents． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 gills $\quad=1$ pint ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.35 | 34.66 | 0.56793 | 1． 200322 liquid pints． |
| 2 pints－ 1 quart．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2.5 | 69.32 | 1． 13586 | 1．20032 \％quarts |
| 2 quarts $=1$ pottle | 5 | 138.64 | 2.27173 | 2．4006 66 |
| 2 pottles＝ 1 gallon ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10 | $27 \% .27$ | 4． 51346 | 1． 20032 ＇ 6 gallons． |
| 2 gallons $=1$ peck．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 20 －¢ | 551．55 | 9． 086992 | 1．0：3152 dry pecks． |
| 4 pecks＝ 1 bushel．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 80 5\％ | 2218． 19 | 36．31766 | 1． 03152 ＂bushels． |
| 4 bushels $=1$ coomb．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 320 А家 | 8872.77 | 145．39062 | 4．12606＂ 4 |
| $\underline{2}$ coombs $=1$ quarter | 640 d | 17745.54 | 290.7813 | 18．2521＊ |

## 20ncstic corcights and Axeaturcs．

Apothecaries＇Weight： 20 grains $=1$ scruple； 3 scruples $=1$ dram； 8 drams -1 ounce； 12 ounces $=1$ pound．

Avoirdupois Weight（short ton）： $2711-32$ grains $=1$ dram； 16 drams $=1$ ounce； 16 ounces -1 pound； 25 pounds $=1$ quarter； 4 quarters $=1$ cwt．； 20 cwt．$=1$ ton．

A voirchupis Weight（long ton）： $2711-32$ grains $=1$ dram； 16 drams $=1$ ounce ； 16 ounces $=1$ pound； 112 pounds $=1$ cwt．$; 20 \mathrm{cwt}=1$ ton．

Troy Weight： 24 grains $=1$ pennyweight； 20 pennyweights $=1$ ounce； 12 ounces $=1$ pound．
Circular Heasure： 60 seconuls 1 minute； 60 minutes $=1$ degree； 30 degrees $=1$ sign； 12 signs － 1 circle．

Cubic Measure： 1,728 cubic inches $=1$ cubic foot； 27 cubic feet $=1$ cubic yard．
Dry Heasure：${ }^{2}$ pints $=1$ quart； 8 quarts $=1$ peck； 4 pecks $=1$ bushel．
Liquid Measure： 4 gills $=1$ pint； 2 pints $=1$ quart； 4 quarts $=1$ gallon； $313 / 2$ gallons -1 barrel； 2 barrels $=1$ hogshead．

Long Ifeasure： 12 inches $=1$ foot； 3 feet $=1$ yard； $51 / 2$ yards $=1$ rod or pole； 40 rods $=1$ fur－ long； 8 furlongs $=1$ statute mile $; 3$ miles $=1$ league．

Mariner＇s Measure： 6 feet $=1$ fathom； $1 \_0$ fathoms $=1$ cable length； $71 / 8$ cable lengths $=1$ mile； 5,280 feet $=1$ statute mile； 6,085 feet $=1$ nautical mile．
－quare Measure： 144 square inches $=1$ square foot； 9 square feet $=1$ square yard； $301 / 4$ square yards $=1$ square rod or perch； 40 square rods $=1$ rood； 4 roods $=1$ acre； 640 acres $=1$ square mile； 36 square miles（ 6 miles square）$=1$ towuship．

Time Measure： 60 seconds $=1$ minute； 60 minutes $=1$ hour； 24 hours $=1$ day； 7 days $=1$ week； 365 days $=1$ year； 366 days $=1$ leap year．

FOREIGN MONEYS．
English Money： 4 farthings $=$ penuy（ $d$ ）； 12 pence $=1$ shilling（ $s$ ）； 20 shillings -1 pound（ $£$ ）．
French IIoney： 10 centimes $=1$ decime； 10 decimes $=1$ franc．
ferman Money： 100 pfennig＝ 1 mark．
Russian IIoney： 100 copecks $=1$ ruble．
Anstro－Hunsarian Money： 100 krevtzer I florin．
For United states equivalents，see tables of＂Value of Foreign Coins in U．S．Money．＂
Note－France，Belgium，Greece，Italy，and Switzerland constitute what is known as the＂Latin＂ Union，and their coins are alike in weight and fueness，occasionally differiug，however，in rame． The same system has been in part adopted by spain，Servia，Bulgaria，Russia，and Roumania，but they have not joined the Union．Francs and centimes of France，Belgium，and Switzerland are respectively designated lire and centissimi in Italy；drachmai and lepta in Greece；dinars and paras in Servia； peseta and centimos in Spain；leys and banis in Roumania；leya and stotinkis in Bulgaria．Similarly the Scandinaviancountries，Norway and Sweden and Denmark，employ coins of the same weight and fineness，their names being also alike．Most of the South American States possess a standard coin， equal in weight and fineness to the silver 5 －franc piece generally termed a＂peso．＂－Whitaker．

## まoman any static ส゙untexats．



## Compound Knterest をable．

COMPOUND INTERFST ON ON゙E DOLLAR FOR 100 YEARS（REVISED）．

| Amount | Years． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Accumuls- } \\ & \text { tion. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Amoust | Years． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { l'er } \\ & \text { cent. } \end{aligned}$ | Accimula－ tion． | Asount | Years． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent. } \end{gathered}$ | Accumulation－ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \＄1 | 100 | 1 | \＄2．70，5 | \＄1 | 100 | 412 | \＄81．58，9 | \＄1 | 100 | 10 | \＄13，780．63 |
| 1 | 100 | 2 | $7.24,5$ | 1 | 100 | 5 | 131．50， 1 | 1 | 140 | 11 | 34，064．34，6 |
| 1 | 100 | $21 / 6$ | 11．81，4 | 1 | 100 | 6 | 339． 30,5 | 1 | 100 | 12 | 83，521．82， 7 |
| 1 | 100 | 3 | 19．21， 8 | 1 | 100 | 7 | $8 \times 7.72,1$ | 1 | 100 | 15 | 1，174，302． 40 |
| 1 | 100 | $41 / 2$ | $31.19,1$ $50.50,4$ | 1 | 100 | 8 | 2，109． 78,4 | 1 | 100 | 18 | 5，424，106．40 |


| States and Territories. | Interest Laws. |  | Statutes of Limitations. |  |  | States and Territorirs, | Interest Laws. |  | Statutes of Limitations. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Legal Rate. | Rate Allowed by Contract. | Judgments, Years. | Notes, Years. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Open } \\ \text { Ac- } \\ \text { counts, } \\ \text { Years. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Legal } \\ & \text { Rate. } \end{aligned}$ | Rate Allowed by Contract. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Judg. } \\ \text { ments, } \\ \text { Years. } \end{array}$ | Notes, Years. | Open Accounts, Years. |
| Alabama | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Perct. } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per ct. } \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | 20 | $6^{*}$ | 3 | Nebrask | Per ct. | Per ct. 10 |  |  |  |
| Arkansas | 6 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 3 | Nevada. | 7 | Any rate. |  | 6 | 4 |
| A rizona | 7 | Any rate. | 5 | 5 | 3 | N. Hampshire | 6 | Any 6 | 20 | 6 | ${ }_{6}$ |
| Calilornia | 7 | Any rate. | 5 | $4 \dagger$ | 2 | New Jersey ... | 6 | 6 | 20 | 6 | 6 |
| Colorado ... | 8 | Any rate. | 6 | 6 | 6 | New Mexico.. | 6 | 12 | 7 | 6 | 4 |
| Connecticut | 6 | ( $j$ ) | $\ddagger$ | (e) | 6 | New York.. | 6 | $6+$ | $20(i)$ | 6 | $6 ¢ 8$ |
| Delaware.. | 6 | 6 | (c) | $6 \\|$ | 3 | North Carolina | 6 | 6 | 10 | $3^{*}$ | 3 |
| D. of Columbia | 6 | 10 | 12 | 3 | 3 | North Dakota. | 7 | 12 | 10 | 6 | 6 ¢§ |
| Florida. | 8 | 10 | 20 | 5 | 4 | Ohio.. | 6 | 8 | $5 \ddagger \ddagger$ | 15 | 6 |
| Georgia. | 7 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 4 | Oklahoma | 7 | 12 | $5(h)$ | 5 | 3 |
| Idaho... | 8 | 12 | 6 | 5 | 4 | Oregon... | 6 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| Illinois. | 5 | 7 | $7 \pm \pm$ | 10 | 5 | Pennsylvania. | 6 | 6 | $5(f)$ | $6 \\|$ | 6 |
| Indiana | 6 | 8 | 20 | 10 | 6 | Rhode Island. | 68 | Any rate. | $20^{\circ}$ | 6 | 6 |
| Iowa. | 6 | 8 | $20(d)$ | 10 | 5 | South Carolina | 7 | 8 | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| Kansas. | 6 | 10 | 5 | 5 | ${ }^{3}$ | South Dakota. | 7 | 12 | $10(l)$ | 6 | 6 |
| Kentucky |  | 6 | 15 | 15 | 5 (a) | Tennessee. .... |  | Any rate. | 10 | 6 | 6 |
| Louisiana | 5 | 8 | 10 | 5 | 3 | Texas.. | 6 | 10 | 10才 $\ddagger$ | 4 | 2 |
| Maine. | 6 | Any rate. | 20 | $6 \\|$ | 6 \%§ | Utah. | 8 | Any rate. | 8 | 6 | 4 |
| Maryland | 6 | 6 | 12 | 3 | 3 | Vermont.. | 6 | 6 | 8 | 6 | 6\$§ |
| Massachusetts. | 6 | Any rate. | ${ }^{20}$ | 6 |  | Virginia.. | 6 | 6 | 10 | $5^{*}$ | $2 \pi$ |
| Michigan. | 5 |  | $6^{*}$ | 6 |  | Washington .. | 7 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 3 |
| Minnesota. | 6 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 6 | West Virginia. | 6 | 6 | 10 | 10 | 5 |
| Mississippi | 6 | 10 | $7{ }^{7}$ | 6 | 3 | Wisconsin | 6 | 10 | 20(i) | 6 | 6 |
| Missouri | 6 8 8 | Any ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | 10 $10(b)$ | 10 | 5 | Wyoming . | 8 | 12 | $5(k)$ | 5 | 8 |

* Under seal, 10 years. $\dagger$ If made in State; if outside, 2 years. $\ddagger$ No law and no decision regarding judgments. § Unless a different rate is expressly stipulated. \| Under seal, 20 years. IIStore accounts; other accounts 3 years. $\dagger \dagger$ New York has by a recent law legalized any rate of interest on call loans of $\$ 5,000$ or upward, on collateral security. $\ddagger \ddagger$ Becomes dornant, but may be revived. §§ Six years from last item. (a) Accounts between merchants 2 years. (b) In courts not of record. 5 years. (c) Ten years in New Castle County, twenty years in Kent and sussex counties, Del. (d) Twenty years in Courts of Record; in Justice's Court 10 years. (e) Negotiable notes 6 years, non-negotiable 17 years. ( $f$ ) Ceases to be a lien after that period. ( $g$ ) If obtained before Justice of Peace, 6 years. ( $h$ ) On foreign judgments 1 year. ( $i$ ) Is a lien on real estate for only 10 years. ( $j$ ) Any rate, but only 6 per cent can be collected at law. ( $k$ ) And indetinitely by having execution issue every 5 years. ( $l$ ) Ten years foreign, 20 years domestic.
YEARS IN WHICH A GIVEN AMOUNT WILL DOUBLE AT SEVERAL RATES OF INTEREST.

| Rate. | At Simple Interest. | At Compound Interest. |  |  | Rate. | At Simple ${ }^{*}$ Interest. | At Compound Interest. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Compounded Yearly. | Componnded Semi-Annually. | Compounded Quarterly. |  |  | Comporinded Yearly. | Compounded Semi-Annually. | Compounded Quarterly. |
| 1 | 100 years. | 69.660 | 69.487 | 69.237 | 6 | 16.67 | 11896 | 11.725 | 11.639 |
| 11/2 | 66.66 | 46.556 | 46.382 | 46.297 | 61/2 | 15.38 | 11.007 | 10. 836 | 10.750 |
| 2 | 50.00 | 35.003 | 34.830 | 34.743 | 7 | 14. 29 | 10. 245 | 10.074 | 9.966 |
| 216 | 40.00 | 28. 071 | 27.899 | $\stackrel{27.748}{ }$ | 71/2 | 13.33 | 9.584 | 9.414 | 9.328 |
| 3 | 33.33 | 23.450 | 23.278 | 23.191 |  | 12. 50 | 9.006 | 8.837 | 8.751 |
| 31/2 | 28.57 | 20.149 | 19.977 | 19. 890 | $81 / 2$ | 11. 76 | 8.497 | 8.327 | 8.241 |
| 4 | 25.00 | 17.673 | 17.501 | 17.415 | 9 | 11.11 | 8. 013 | 7.874 | 7.788 |
| 412 | 22.22 | 15.747 | 15.576 | 15.490 | 9312 | 10.52 | 7.638 | 7.468 | 7.383 |
| 5 | 20.00 18.18 | 14.207 12.942 | 14.035 | 13.949 12.689 | 10 | 10.00 8.34 | 7.273 6.116 | 7.103 5.948 | 7.313 5.862 |
| 51/2 | 18.18 | 12.942 | 12.765 | 12.689 | 12 | 8.34 | 6.116 | 5.948 | 5. 862 |

SIMPLE INTEREST TABLE.
(Showing at Different Rates the Interest on $\$ 1$ from 1 Month to 1 year, and on $\$ 100$ from 1 Day to 1 Year.)


## 

Age (Age at the last birthday is given. The list was made up for January 1, 1900.)
97. Ex-seuator Bradbury, of Maine.
96. Thomas Sidney Cooper, R. A.; Rev. Dr. Thomas L. Sawyer, oldest minister of Universalist Church.
95. IIon. David Wark, "Father of the Canadian Senate."
94. James Martineau, philosopher; Benjamin D. Silliman, oldest living graduate of Yale.
92. Ernest W. G. B. Legouve, oldest French Academician.
90. Cassius M. Clay, Admiral Keppel, R. N.; ex-Secretary of the Navy Thompson.
89. Pope Leo XIII., Lord Armstrong.
87. Samuel Smiles, biographer; Bishop Clark, of Rhode Island; Charles L. Tiffany, jeweller; exSenator John H. Reagan, of Texas.
85. Verdi, the composer; Baroness Burdett-Coutts.
84. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Adolf Menzel, German painter.
83. Jx-Senator Dawes, Rev. Newman Hall, Daniel Huntington, painter; Philip James Bailey, poet: Parke Godwin, Russell Sage, Bishop Wilmer, Josiah Crosby, of Maine.
82. Professor Mommsen, historian; King Christian of Denmark, Sir Joseph Hooker, botanist; ex-Senator John M. Palmer, Erastus Dow Palmer, sculptor, of Albany, N゙. Y.; George F. Watts, R. A.
81. Ex-Senator Evarts, Prince de Joinville, ex-Senator Hampton. Professor Bain, ex-Secretary Boutwell,
c0. Queen Victoria, ex-Prime Minister Crispi, General Longstreet, John Ruskin, Lord Playfair, Duke of Cambridge, Julia Ward Howe, Bishop Huntington, Dr. Thomas Dunn English.
79. Herbert Spencer, John Tenniel, cartoonist; Florence Nightingale, Mrs. G. H. Gilbert, actress; Princess Mathilde Bonaparte, Susan B. Anthony.
78. Professor Virchow, Duc de Broglie, Sir William H. Russell, journalist; Rev. Dr. Storrs, Sir Charles Tupper, Ristori, tragic actress; Sims Reeves, singer; Prince Hohenlohe-Schillingfuerst.
77 Bishop Whipple, Got, French comedian; Edward Everett Hale, Professor Alfred R. Wallace, Abram S. Hewitt, Rev. Henry M. Field, Donald G. Mitchell, Rev. Dr. Theodore I. Cuyler.
76. Duke of Argyll, Thomas Wentworth Higginson, Max Muller, ex-Secretary Sherman, Professor Goldwin Smith, ex-Speaker Grow, Li Hung Chang, Rev. Dr. Hobert Collyer, Miss Yonge, novelist.
75. Professor Huggins, astronomer; Eastman Johnson, painter; ex-Vice-President Levi P. Morton, George Macdonald, novelist.
74. Sir William Aitken, pathologist; Richard H. Stoddard, poet; Professor March, philologist.

73 Karl Blind, Marquis of Dufferin, ex-Empress Eugenie, Senator Hoar.
72. Sir William Harcourt, statesman; Pere Hyacinthe, Professor St. George Mivart, Sagasta, Spanish statesman; J. H. Stoddart, comedian Marquis of Ripon.
71. Sir Henry James, lawyer; De Freycinet, Frencr statesman; ex-Senator Edmunds,General Gourko, Russian commander; Ibseu, dramatist; ex-President Dwight, of Yale; Jules Verne, Count '1 olstoi, Justice Gray, of the Supreme Court; King Albert of Saxony, Berthelot, French statesman; ex-Mayor strong, of New York ; Lord Pauncefote, Clara Barton.
70. General Booth, Salvation Army leader; Joseph Jefferson, Carl Lchurz, Senator Allison, Senator Cullom, King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, Viscount Peel, Murat Halstead
69. President Diaz, of Mexico; Emperor Francis Joseph, ex-Queen Isabella, J Q. A. Ward, sculptor; Rev. Joseph Parker, English pulpit orator: Marquis of Salisbury, Albert Bierstadt, Louise Michel, French agitator; Salvini, tragedian; ex-Secretary Tracy, irme. Janauschek, actress; General Oliver O. Howard.
68 Archdeacon Farrar, General Gillaffet, French soldier; President Gilman, of Johns Hopkins; George J. Goschen, Frederick Harrison, positivist ; Henry Labouchère, journalist; Henri Rochefort, Victorien Sardou, General Schofield, Senator Frye, Joachim, violinist; Sir George Nares, Arctic explorer; A mbassador Choate.
67. •ield Marshal Lord Roberts, British Army; Rev. Dr. Talmage, Maggie Mitchell, actress; Sir Edwn Arnold, poet; Professor Vambery, Andrew D. White, Justice Shiras. Professor William Crookes, General Gordon, of Georgia; ex-Senator Quay, General Ignatieff, George H. Boughton, R. A.
66. Chief Justice Fuller, Field Marshal Lord Wolseley, Denman Thompson, actor; Justice Harlan, exPresident Harrison, Duke of Devonshire (Lord Hartington), Clarence Fdmund Stedman, poet; John L. Toole, comedian; Lewis Morris, poet: Frank stockton, novelist.
65. Senator Depew, President'Eliot, of Harvard University; Augustus J. C. Hare, author; Sir Johe Lubbock, Cardinal Gibbons.
64. Leopold II., King of the Belgians; Whistler, painter; Rev. Lyman Abbott, President Charles K. Adams, Bouguereau, French painter ; ex-Secretary Carlisle, Andrew Carnegie, Bishop Potter, Theodore Thomas, Paul Du Chaillu, "Mark Twain," Charles Francis Adams, Alfred Austin, poet; Major-General shafter.
63 Edward John Poynter, President of the Royal Academy ; Professor C. F. Chandler,Thomas Bailey Aldrich, Alma-Tadema, painter: W. S. Gilbert, dramatist; Brigadier-General Joseph Wheeler, Major-General Wesley Merritt, Joseph Chamberlain, ex-Secretary Alger.
62. Ex-President Cleveland, Whitelaw Reid, General Horace Porter, W. D. Howells, novelist; General Lew Wallace, William L. Alden, author; Dr. Angell, ex-Minister to Turkey; Edward Eggleston, novelist ; Dwight L. Moody, evangelist; Justices Brewer and Peckham, Miss Braddon. Swinburne, poet Rear-Admiral Dewey.
61 Sir Walter Besant, novelist; Professor James Bryce, Archibald Forbes, journalist; John Hay, Secretary of State; Sir Henry Irving, Lecky, historian: John Morley, John Wanamaker, President Loubet, Bret Harte, Generals Brooke and E. S. Otis.
60. Rear-Admiral' Schley, General Sir Redvers Buller, General Miles, ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed, Archbishop Corrigan.

[^2]
## Arcorid of zeucirts in 1899.

Jan. 1. Eostilities began in Samoa between rival claimants for the throne.

Jan. 6. Lord Curzon of Kedleston assumed the Viceroyalty ol India.
Jan. 9. Railrosd wreck at West Dunellen, N.J.; seventeen dead, fifty badly injured.

Jan. 12. Commissary-General Eagan aspersed the veracity of General Miles before the War Investigating Committee at Washington.
Jan. 23. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis accepted the call to Plymouth Church, Brooklyn.

Jan. 25. Adelina Patti married Baron Cederstrom at Brecon, Wales.
Feb. 1. The American flag was raised at Guam; Commander Taussig, of the Bennington, first Governor.
Feb. 6. Prince Alfred, heir to the dukedom of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, died.

Feb. 7. Commissary-General Eagan was suspended for six years from the army. The courtmartial had recommended dismissal from army.

Feb. 10. The President signed the Peace Treaty witt Spain.

Feb. 15. Fire in Brooklyn Navy Yard destroyed $\$ 1,000,000$ worth of property.
Feb. 16. President Faure, of France, died suddenly.

Feb. 18. M. Emile Loubet was elected President of France.

Feb. 20. Russia deprived Finland of certain liberties in home government.

Feb. 28. Roland B. Molineux was arrested for the murder o Mrs. Kate J. Adams in New York. He was first indicted March 1.

March 1. The Sagasta Ministry resigned in Spain.

March 1. Steamer Labrador was wreck3d off Scottish coast, near Tobormory. No lives lost.
March 5. China refused Italy's demand for a lease of San Mun Bay as a naval base.
March 5. Naval powder magazine at Toulon, France, was blown up, with sixty killed, 100 injured.
March 7. Josephine, the six-year-old daughter of Rudyard Kipling, died of pneumonia in New York.

March 17. Windsor Hotel, New York, was burned, with great loss of life.

March 17. The Queen Regent of Spain signed the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States.

March 20. Mrs. P'ace was electrocuted at Sing Sing, N. Y., for the murder of her stepdaughter.

March 21. Anglo-French treaty, agreeing on Nile boundary, was signed.

March 30. English excursion steamer Stella was lost on Casquet Rocks, near island of Alderney; 73 persons drowned.

March 31. Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy convicted, at New York, of the murder of Dolly Reynolds.

April 1. Attack on American and British naval forces by Mataafa's followers at Apia, Samoa; one British and two American officers killed.

April 4. Cuban Military Assembly voted to disband army and to dissolve.

April 5. Marriage of William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and Miss Virginia Fair at Newport, R. I.

April 7. Fatal fire at residence of Wallace $C$. Andrews in New York; several persons burned to death.

April 11. "Idle Hour," country home of William K. Vanderbilt, on Long Island, burned.

April 18. Resolutions were introduced in the Massachusitts Legis ature revoking the order banishing Rogor Williamsin 1635.
April 21. Ex-Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania, was acquitted of a charge of conspiracy to use State funds for private gain.

April 23. Sam Hose, a negro, was burned by a Georgia mob for the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Orawford.

April 25. Three hundredth anniversary of Cromwell's birth was celebrated in England.

April 27. Tornado in Northern Missouri; very sever $\rightarrow$ at Kirksville and Newtown. Forty-two persons killed and more than 100 injured.

April 28. Mrs. Annie E. George was acquitted of charge of murdering George D. Saxton, at Canton, Ohio.
April 28. Marriage of Mrs. Jessie A. Sloane and erry Belmont at Greenwich, Ct.
Aprs. 29. Roting miners at Cœur d'Alene, Idaho, destroyed mining property.
May 2. Th Italian Cabinet resigned.
May 4. Andrew Carnegie sold his interest in the Carnegie Steel Company.

May 12. Ex-Gov. Roswell P. Flower died.
May 13. Fatal collision on the Reading Railroad; twenty-five killed and about fifty injured.

May 14. Rev. Dr. Charles A. Briggs was ordainec to the Protestant Episcopal priesthood.

May 15. Thberculosis Congress at Berlin convened.

May 16. Dr. Edward E. Hale resigned pastorate ᄂ South Congregational Church, Boston, after for-ty-three years' service
May 16. The Earl of Strafford was killed by railroad train in England.

May 21. TLe steamship Paris ran aground on the Manacles. Shewas afterward towed off and saved. May 21. Baby Marion Clark was kidnapped at New York. She was found at Garnersville, N. Y. June 1. Barrow, the kidnapper, and his accomplices were tried, convicted, and sentenced to imprisonment

May 25. Prof. Arthur T. Hadley was chosen President of Yale University.

May 30. President Kruger, of the Transvaal, and Sir Alfred Milner conferred at Bloemfontein regarding the grievances of the Outlanders.
May 30. Bronze bust of Thomas Paine was unveiled at New Rochelle, N. Y.
June 1. Major Marchand was received with enthusiasm in France.
June 2. French Court of Cassation decided in favor of a revision of the Dreyfus verdict.

June 3. Esterhazy admitted that he wrote the bordereau in the Dreyfus case.

June 4. President Loubet, of France, was attacked by a mob at the races.
June 8. General Luna, the Filipino leader, was assassinated by order of Aguina!do.
June 12. The Dupuy Ministry in France was defeated by a vote of 321 to 173, and resigned.
June 12. Tornado in Minnesota and Wisconsin. Two hundred and fitty killed at NewKichmond. Wis.
June 14. Bronze statue of ex-President Arthur was unveiled in Madison Square, New York.
June 15. The first formal meeting of the Venezuelan Arbitration Commission opened.
June 16. United States Minister Bellamy Storer was received in formal audience by the Queen Regent of Spain.

June 22. M. Waldeck-Rousseau succeeded in forming a new French Ministry.

June 26. The Shanrock launched on the Thames.
June 26. The International Council of Women opened in London.
June 29. Harvard was victorious in three boat races with Yale.

July 4. Floods in Texas; three hundred negroes were drowned.
July 7. President's call for ten regiments to quell insurrection in Philippines was issued.
July 7. Augustin Daly, dramatist and theatrical manager, died in Paris.
July 7. The wife of Capt. Francis W. Dickins, U.S.N., was killed by gasoline explosion at Washington.
July 10. Death of Grand Duke George of Russia, Czarevitch.

## RECORD OF EVENTS IN 1899-C intinucd.

July 14. French soldiers killed their officers in French Soudan.
July 16. Beginning of strike on Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines.
July 19. Secretary of War Alger resigned. Elihu Root succeeded him July 22.

July 20. Five Italians were 1ynched at Tallulah, La., for the murder of Lr. J. F. Hodge.

July 24. Reciprocity treaty with France was signed.
July 26. President Heureaux, of San Domingo, was assassinated.
July 27 . Robert G. Ingersoll died.
July 29. Final sitting of Peace Conference at The Hague.
July 3). Yellow fever broke out at Hampton, Va.
Aug. 6. Disaster to a trollev car at Bridgeport, Ct., caused 29 deaths.
Aug. 6. Ferry gangplank gave way at Bar Harbor, Me.; twenty drowned.
Aug. 7. Dreyfus trial opened at Rennes, France.
Aug. 8. Hurricar + in Porto Rico; reported 2,000 were killed.

Aug. 14. Attempted assassination of Maitre Labori at Rennes.
Aug. 20. Anti-government riot and bloodshed in Paris.
Aug. 27. Revolution in the Dominican Republic succceded.
Sept. 9. The court-martial at Rennes, France, deslared Captain Dr yfus guilty.

Sept. 12. Cornelius Vand rebilt died.
Sept. 14. National Export Exposition opened at Pbiladelphia.
Sept. 19. Captain Dreyfus was pardoned.
Sept. 21. Anti-Trust Conference at Chicago ended.
Sept. 26. Admiral Dewey arrived in New York Harbor.
Sept. 28. The Seventh international Geographical Congress opened in Buriin.
Sept. 29. Naval parade in New York Harbor in honor of Admiral Dewey.
Sept. 30. A land parade in the City of New York in honor of Admiral Dewey.
Oct. 2. The Venezuelan Boundary Commission announced its a ward.
Oct. 9. The President laid the corner-stone of
the new Federal Building at Chicago, after great military and civic review.
Oct. 10. The Transvaal Reputlic sent an ultimatum to Great Britain and invaded Natal October 12, which began the South African war.

Oct. 12. England and the United States agreed on a temporary arrangement of Alaska boundary dispute.

Oct. 12. Reported earthquake in Java, killing 4, 300 people.
Oct. 14. The Dismal Swamp Canal was opened. It was orig.nally surveyed by George Washinaton. Oct. 20. General Jimenez was elected President of he Dominican Republic.
Oct. 20. The American yacht Columbia won the thir i straight race from Shamrock.

Nov. 7. Cruiser Charleston was wrecked on a reef on northwest coast of Luzon, Philippines.
Nov. 8. England relinquished its territorial claims in Samoa.
Nov. 8. Memorial to Miss Winnie Davis, the "Daughter of the Confederacy," was unveiled at Richmond, Va.
Nov. 9. Admiral George Dewey was married to Mrs. Mildred M. Hazen at Washington, D. C. Nov. 12. Puerto Cabello, Venuzuela, surrendered to General Castro after holding out for two days.

Nov. 15. Roland B. Molinerex was placed on trial for murder.
Nov. 19. Rev. Dr. Richard S. Storrs resigned as pastor of the Church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn, N.Y. Nov. 20. Kaiser Wilhelm arrived at Windsor Castle in a visit to England.
Nov. 21 Vice-President Hobart died at Paterson, N. J.

Nov. $\because$. The Khalifa of the Soudan was killed in battle.
Nov. 24. Kaiser Wılhelm visited Blenheim Paiace, England.
Nov. 28. Harper Brothers' publishing house, New York, failed.

Dec. 2. Samoan partition treaty was signed at W ashington.

Dec. 4. The Fifty-sixth Congress convened
Dec. 6. A mob at Maysville, Ky., burned a negro for aasaulting and killing a white woman.

For events in the Phılippine warsee page 91; for the South African war see page 94.

## 

THE Anglo-Veneznelan Boundary Arbitration Commi sion, after a session at Paris, France beginning June 15, 1899, on October 3. 1899, rendered the following award by unanimous agreement.

The arbitrators were ('hief Justice Fuller, Associate Justice Brewer, Lord Chief Justice Russell of Killowen, , ir Richard Henn Collins, and Professor Martens, Fx-President Marrison, General B. F. Tracy, M. Mallet-Prevost. and the Marquis of Rojas were counsel for Venezuela, and Attornev-General sir Richard Webster and Sir Robert Reed for Great Britain.

The undersigned, by these presents, give ant publish our decision deternining and judging, touching and concerning the questions that have been submittel to us by said arbitrali $n_{;}$an l, in conformity with said arbitration, we decide, declare, and prononnce definitely that the line of frontler of the coluny of British Guians and the United States of Venezuela is as follows:

Starting on the coast at Point Playa, the frontier shall follow a straight line to the confluence of the Barlma and the Maruima. Thence following the thalw if the latter to the s urce of the $C$ rentin, ctherwise called the Cutari, liver.

Thence it shall proceed to the contluence of the IIai.owa and the Anakuru; ihence f ll wing the thalweg for Amakurn to lis s u ce in the Plain of lmataka; thence iu a suthwesierly directi n al ng the highest ridge of the lmataka Mountains to the lighest p int of the Inataka Chain, opposite the sou ce of the Barima and the principal chann of the Imataka Mountains: thence in a southesst direction t., the s urce if the Acarabisl.

Following the thalweg of the Acarabisi to the Cuynni, the northern bank of which it shall follow in a westerly direction fo the coufluence of the Cuyuni and the Vanamu; thence along the thalweg of the Vamanu to its westernmost source, thence in a straight line to the summit of Mount Rorsima; thence to the source of the Cotinga.

From this point the frontier shall follow the thalweg of the Cotinga to its confluevce with the Takutu; thence along the thalweg of the Takuta to its source; thence iu a straight liue to the most. westeru point of the Akarai Mountains, the highest ridge of which it sball follow to the source of the Corentiu, whence it will follow the course of the river.

It is stipulated that the frontier hereby deliminatel reserves and in no way prejudices questions actually existlng or that may hereafter arise between (ireat lBritain and the Kepublic of Brazil, or between the Kepublic of Brazil and Venezaela. In fizing the above delimitation, the arbitrators consider and declde that, in time of peace, the livers Amakuru and Barinia shalf be open to navigation by the merchant shipping of all nations, due reserve being made with regard to equitable regulations and the payment of like dıes and other like imposts. on condition that the dues levied by Veneznela and British finiana on ships traversing the parls of those rivers owned lyy thein respectively shall be imposed in accordance with the same tariff on Venezuelan aud British vessels. These tariffs are not to exceed those of all other countries. The award proceeds also upon the condition that neither lenezuela nor British (iuiana shall impose any customs duty on goods carried in vessels, ships, or boats passing throngh these rivers, such customs being levied only on goods landed upon Venezuelan territory or on he territory of (ireat Britain respectively.

## Ticaty $\mathbf{z i n l l}$ of 1899 .

Age at death is given in parentheses ' vocation, place, cause, and time of death when known follow.

Abdullah ol Taishi, Khalifa of the Soudan (50), near Jebel Gedir, Soudan: killed in battle Nov 24.
Alfred, Prince, son and heir of the Duke of SaxeCoburg and Gotha (25), at Meran, brain malady. Feb. 6.
Alger, Horati: (65), writer of juvenile books. Natick, Mass, July 18
Allen, Grant (51), author and naturalist. London, England, Oct 25
Annenkoff, Michel (61), Russian engineer and soldier, St. Petersburg, Jan. 22.
Appleton, William H. (85), publisher. Riverdale, N. Y., Oct 19

Armstrong. Sir Alexander, Br iish naval officer and Arctic explorer, London, July 5.
Aspinwall, Lloyd (38), clubman, New York, nephri tis. July 10.
Atherton, Alice (40) actress New York, pneumonia, Feb 4.
Atkinson, William $Y$ (45) ex-Governor of Georgia, Newnan, Ga., Aug 8
Averoff. George (70), Greek philanthropist. Alexandria, Egypt, Aug 3
Baker, Lewis (67), journalist and diplomat, Washington D C., pernıcious anæmıe, A pril 30.
Barrows, Walter M (52). Congregational clergyman, Mackina iv Isıand, Mich, Bright s disease, Aug 10.
Bartlett, David L. (83), iron manufacturer. Baltinore, Md., pneumonia. May 11
Bausa, Augustine (78), Cardinal Archbishop of the Roman Catholic Church, Florence, Italy, April 15
Baxter Elisha (72), ex-Governor of Arkansas, Batesville, Ark . June 2.
Beaufort, Duke of Henry Charles Fitzroy Somerset (76). London, April 30
Becker, Thomas A. (67), Roman Catholic Bishop of Savannah. Washington D C., July 29
Berry Charles A. (47), clergyman, Bilston, England. Jan 31
Biddle, Alexander (89), ex-soldier and railroad man, Philadelphis, Pa., May 2.
Blaikie. Willıam G. (79), clergyman and theolozical writer, North Berwick. Scotland, June 11.
Blanco. Antonio finzunan (70). ex-President of Venezuela, Paris, France, July 29
Bland, Richard P. (64), Representative in Congress, Lebanon, Mo grip June 15.
Bonaparte Prinoe Napoleon Charles (64), Rome, Feb. 12.
Bonhenr, Rosa (78), animal painter. Fontainebleau, France. May 25.
Bonner, Robert (75), publisher and horseman, New York. general debility July 6.
Brentano, August (46), bookseller Fiushing, L. I. May 10.
Bright. Jacob (78). M. P, brother of John Bright, Rochdale, England, Nov 8
Brumby, Thomas M (44), Lieutenant U. S. N., Dewey's tlag lieutenant at. Manila, Washington, D C., typhoid tever, Dec 17
Buckalow. ('harles R. (78), ex-United States Senator. Bloomsburg, Pa., Msy 19
Buechner, Frederick. K. C. L. scientist and author, Darmstadt, Germany May 1
Bun-en, Robspt Wilhelm Eberliard (89), scientist, Heldelberg. Germany, Aug 16.
Busch, Moritz the biograpter of Bismarck, Germany. Nor 16.
Oarpenter, Charles C. Rear-Admirai U S. N.. retired, Boston sujcide April
Castelar, Ion Exailio (67). Spanish statesman, Murcia, Spain. pulmonary catarrh, May 25

Chauncey, Henry, Jr. (43), Colonel Eighth Regiment, N. G. N Y Lenox, Mass.. Sept. 27.
Chennevieres. Charles Philippe de, Marquis (79), officer of several art institutes in Paris, Paris, France, April 2
Cherbuliez, Charles Victor (70), novelist and critic, Paris, Frarce, July 1.
Chickering, George H., piano manufacturer. Boston, Nov. 19
Chitty. Sir Joseph William (71), jurist, London, England, Feb. 15.
Cilley, Bradbury $\underset{\sim}{F}$ (61). professor of ancient languages, Exeter, N. H., March 31
Clarke, John S. (66), comedian and theatrical manager, England, Sept 25.
Clinton, Henry L. (79), lawyer, New York, Bright's disease and rheumatism
Uole, E. W. (65), coal and iron operator. New York, heart disease, May 24.
Colomb, Philip Howard (68), Vice-Admiral British Navy, Botley, England, Oct 14.
Copleston, John H., jouinalist, Brighton, England, June 5.
Crawford, John W. (36), Representative in Congress from Texas, Washington, D. C.. heart disease, March 2.
Crosby. Pierce (76). Rear-Admiral U. S N, retired, Wasbington. D. C., June 15.
1)aly, Angustin (61). dramatist and theatrical manager, Paris, heart disease, June 7.
Daiy. Charles P (84), jurist, Sag Harbor, L. I. a poplexy, Sept. 19
Danford, Lorenzo (70), Representative in Congress from Ohio, St, Clarrsilte, O., heart disease, June 19
Danforth, George F. (80). jurist, Rochester N Y., apoplexy, Sept. 25
Davis. George R. (59). Director-General of the World's Fair at Chicago, 1893, Chicago, III.. heart disease, Nov. 25.
Dawson, Sir John William (79), educator, geologist, and scientific anthor. Montreal, Canada, Nov. 19.
De Goesbriaud, Louis (83), Roman Catholic Bishop of Burlington, Burlington, Vt. old age, Nov. 3.
D'Ennery. Adolphe Philippe (88), playwright Paris, Jan, 25.
Dingley, Nelson (67) statesman, Washington, D. C., pneumonia. Jan 13.

Duggan, James (74). Roman Catholic Bishop, St Louis, March 27.
Edeson, G orge R. (60), comedian, Philadelphia, Pa., April 18
Edgar, Sir James, Canadian statesman, Toronto, Canada, July 31.
Egbert, Harry C. (60), Colonel U. S A., killed in battle in the Philippines, March 26
Ellerbe, William H (40), Governor of South Carolina, Sellers, S. C., consumption, June 2.
Ellis, Thomas E. (40), Liberal whip, M. P., London, England, April 5
Erckmann, Emile (7T), novelist collahorated with Chatrian, Lanneville, France, March 14.
Ermentrout, Daniel (62), Representative in Congress, Readıng, Pa., Sept 17.
Esher, Yiscount Wiliiam Baliol Brett (84). Master of the Rol:s, London, England, May 24
Eustıs, James B (65), ex-Ambassador to France, Newport, R. 1, pneumouia. Sept 9
Farrer Baron Thomas H. (80). writer on trade and fiuance, England, Oct 12
Fanre, Francobs Fielix (58), President of France, Paris, apoplexy Feb 16
Fielf, Stepherid. (83). Associite Justace U. S Supreme Court. Washington, D.C., kudney diserse, April 9

Field, Walbridge A. (66), Chief Justice of Massachusetts, Boston, Mass., heart disease. June 15
Flagler, Daniel W., Brigadier-General U. S A:Chief of Ordnance, Old Point Comfort, Va.. rheumatism, March 29.
Flower, Roswell P. (64), financier, ex-Governor of New York, Eastport, L. I., heart disease, May 12.
Force, Manning F., soldier and jurist, Sandusky, O., May 8.

Ford, Sir Francis Clare (69), British diplomatist, Paris. France, Jan. 31.
Foster, Birket (74), artist, London, March 28.
Galton, Sir Douglas (77), sanitarian, England, March 10.
Garland, Augustus H. (67), statesman, ex-AttorneyGeneral, Washington, D. C., apoplexy. Jan. 26
George Alexandrovitch, the Czarevitch. Grand Duke of Russia (28), consumption, June 10.
Goelet, Robert (58), financier and real estate owner Naples, Italy, heart failure, April 27.
Grant, Baron Albert (69), promoter, London, Aug. 30
Greene, George S. (98), soldier and civil engineer. Morristown, N. J, old age, Jan 28.
Greene, Nathanael (90), President Rhode Island Society of the Cincinnati, Middletown, R. I.. July 8.
Harlan, James (79), ex-Secretary of the Interior, ex- United States Senator from Iowa, Mt. Pleas ant, Ia., congestion of the lungs, Oct. 5
Harris, Samuel (85), Professor Emeritus Yale Theological Seminary, Litchtield, Ct., old age. May 28
Hayden. Henry Rogers (62). insurance journalist, East Hartford, Ct. cancer, March 2
Hayward, Monroe Leland (59) United States Senator from Nebraska, Nebraska City, Neb, paralysis, Dec. 5.
Heine, Charlotte (99), sister of the poet Heine, Germany, Oct. 14.
Henry, Guy V. (60), Brigadier-General U. S. A, New York, pneumonia, Oct 27.
Herschell, Farrer, Baron (62), statesman, former Lord Chancellor of England, Washington, D. O. angina pectoris, March 1.

Hervé, Aimé Marie Edouard (64), journalist, Member French Academy. Paris, Jan. 4.
Heth, Henry (74), ex-Confederate general and historian, Washington, D. C., Bright's disease, Sept. 27.
Heureaux, Ulisses (53) President San Domingo, assassinated, July 26.
Higgins, Eugene (57), politician, Baltimore, pneumonia, Jan. 13.
Hilton, Henry (75), financier and lawyer. Saratoga, N. Y, Aug. 24.

Hirsh, Baroness Clarade, philanthropist, Paris, France, April 1.
Hobart, Garret A. (55) Vice-President of the United States, Paterson, N. J., heart disease, Nov. 21.
Hoffman, Walter J. (45), surgeon and naturalist, Reading, Pa., consumption, Nov. 9.
Holliday, Frederick W. M. (71), ex-Governor of Virginia, May 28.
Holmes, John (87), classical scholar, brother of Oliver Wendell Holmes, Cambridge, Mass , Jan. 27.

Hornby, Sir Windhann, K. C. B (87), British Admiral, London, England, apoplexy, June 28
Howell, George R. (66), State Archivist of New York, Albany, N. Y., pneumonia, April 6.
Hutchinson, Benjamin P. (70), grain speculator, "Old Hutch," Lake Geneva, Wis,, heart disease, March 16.
Hyde, Henry B. (65), President Equitable Life Assurance Society, New York, heart disease, May 2.
Ingersoll, Robert G. (66), orator and lawyer. Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., heart disease, July 21.
Ismay. Thomas Henry (62), founder White Star line, London, England, Nov. 23
Ives, Frank (33), champion bililard player, at Progreso, Mexico, consamption, Aug. 31.

Jackson, Cornelia Jefferson (62), actress, New York. March 2.
Jewett, Sara, actress, Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 27. Johnson, Helen C., superintendent of Massachusetts Woman's Reformatory. London, England, angina pectoris, June 28.
Johnston, William Preston (68), President of Tulane University, New Orleans, Lexington, Va., July 16.
Jones, Henry (68), "Cavendish," whist expert and surgeon, England, Feb. 16.
Julian, George W (82), lawyer, ante-bellum member of Congress and abolitionist, Irvington, Ind., July 7.
Kaiulani. Hawaiian Princess (23), Honolulu, inflammatory rheumatism, March 6.
Keeley. Mrs Robert (93), actress, London, pnenmonia, March 12
Kellogg, Samuel H. (60), theologian and missionary, Landour, India, apoplexy, May 2.
Kemper, Delaware, ex-Confederate general, U. S. Uonsul to Amoy, China, Alexandria, Va., June 30.
Krementz, Philippo (80), Cardinal Archbishop of Cologne. Cologne, Germany, May 5.
Lamson, Charles M. (56), clergyman, St. Johnsbury, Vt., neuralgis of th heart, Aug. 8.
Lawrence, William (80), ex-Comptroller of the Treasury, jurist and writer, Bellefontaine, O., May 8 ,
Leitner, Gottlieb W. (69), linguist (Oriental languages), Bonn, Germany, March 24.
Leland, Warren F. (55), botel proprietor, New York, appendicitis.
Logan, John A. (34), Major U. S. A., killed in battle in the Philippines, Nov. 12.
Lord, Daniel (53), lawyer, New York, pleurisy, April 5.
Luna, Antonio, Filipino General, assassinated in the Philippines, June 8.
MacKenzie, John, missionary and administrator, Griqualand West, South Africa, in March.
Marie Louise, Princess Ferdinand of Bulgaria (29): Sofir, pneumonia, Jan. 31.
Marlborough, Duchess of. Frances Anne (77), widow of the seventh Duke, London, England, bronchial catarrh, April 16.
Marryat, Florence (62), author and actress, London, England, Oct. 27.
Marsh. Othniel Charles (67), palæontologist Yale University, New Haven, Ct., pneumonia. March 18.
Mathews Lizzie Weston, actress, widow of Charles Mathews, Brighton, England, Jan. 4.
McKinney, Philip W' (65), ex-Governor of Virginıa, Farmvilie, Va., March 1.
McLellan, Isaac (93). "Poet of the Rod and Gun," Greenport, L. I., Aug. 20.
Medill, Joseph (76), journalist, editor of the Chicago Tribune, San Anton10, Tex, March 16.
Menier, Albert (40), chocolate manufacturer, near Paris, heart disease, July 30.
Mergenthaler, Ottmar (45), inventor of the linotype machine, Oct 28.
Merrill, Samuel (77), ex-Governor of Iowa, Los Angeles, Cal., paralysis, Aug. 31.
Mertel, Theodolphus (93), Cardinal, Allumiere, Italy, July 11
Miles, William Porcher (77), sugar planter, former statesman. Burnside, La., May 11
Milier, Lewis (70). President of Chautauqua Assembly, manufacturer and philanthropist, New York, Feb. 17.
Moir, John (92), ex-President of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, Edioburgh, Scotland, May 14.
Monier-Williams, Sir Monier (80), Sanscrit scholar, England, April 11.
Moore, John G. (52), banker, New York, June 23.
Morrill, Justin S. (89), U. S. Senator from Vermont (served forty-four years, longer than any other member of either house). Washington, $D$. C., pneumonia, Dec. 28, 1898

Mowbray, Sir John R. (84), Father of the House of Commons, London, England, April 23.

Murray. James O. (72). Dean of Princeton University, Princeton. N J., stomach trouble, March 27.
Napier, Francis, Baron Napier and Ettrick (80), British dipiomatist and administrator, Florence, Italy, Dec. 19, 1898
Neely, Henry Adams (69), Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Maine, Portland, Me., Oct 31.
Newman, John P. (73), Methodist Episcopal Bishop, Saratoga, N. Y.. July 5.
Nicholson, Henry A. (55), naturalist, Jan. 19.
Northumberland, Duke of, Algernon George Percy (89), London, Jan; , ${ }^{\text {. }}$
"Nun of Kenmare," "Sister Mary Frances Clare," Mary Frances Cusack (69), writer, Leamington, England, June 7.
Ogiesby, Richard J. (75), ex-United States Senator and ex-Governor of Illinois, Elkbart, Ill., April 24.
O'Hara, William (82), Roman Catholic Bishop of Scranton, Scranton, Pa., Eeb. 3.
Pacheco, Romualdo, ex-Governor of California, Oakland, Oil., Bright's disease, Jan. 24.
Pailleron, Edouard J. H. (65), poet and dramatist, Paris, France, April 20.
Penzance, James Plaisted (83), British jurist, England, Dec. 11.
Perry, Amos ( 87 ), historian, Librarian of the Rhode Island Historical Society, New London, Ct., apoplexy, Aug. 11.
Picking, Henry (59), Rear-Admiral U. S. N., Boston, Mass., heart disease. Sept. 8.
Pierce, Henry Niles, Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Arkansas, Little Rock, Scpt. 5.
Pierpont. Francis H. (84), first Governor of West Virginia, Pittsburgh, Pa., March 24.
Pillsbury, Charles A. (57), miller, Minneapolis, Minn, heart trouble, Sept. 17.
Plant, Henry B. (80), founder of Plant system of railways, New York City, heart disease, June 23.
Ponisi, Mme. (80) [Elizabeth Wallis], actress, Washington, D. C., Feb. 20.
Pope, Charles R. (67), theatrical manager, New York City, July 2.
Post, Lily, comic opera singer, San Francisco, Cal., heart trouble, April 5.
Price, Sir Rose Lambert (62), author and soldier, London, England, April 17.
Prince, Frederick O. (81), ex-Mayor of-Boston, Boston, Mass., June 6.
Rector, Henry M. (83), ex-Governor of Arkansas, Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 12.
Reuter, Baron Pau!'Julius de (83), founder of Reuter's Telegraph Company, Nice, Italy, Feb. 25.
Reynolds, Joseph J. (77), soldier, Washington, D. C., paralysis, Feb. 26.

Rhea, Hortense (55) [Hortense Barbe Loret], actress, Montmorency, France, May 10.
Richardson, John Peter (68), ex-Governor of South Carolina, Columbia, S. C., heart disease, July 6.
Richardson, Locke, elocutionist, Berlin, cancer, June 15.
Remero, Matias (62), Mexican diplomatist, Washington, D. C., appendicitis, Dec. 30, 1898. -rpes, John C. (63), military critic and historian, Boston, Mass., Oct. 27.
Routledge, Edmund (53), publisher and author, London, Aug. 25.
Ruspoli, Prince di (61), ex-Senator and ex-Mayor of Rome, Rome, Italy, Nov. 29.
Salisbury, Marchioness of, Georgina Alderson (68). wife of the Prime Minister, London, England, paralysis, Nov. 20.
Sarcey, Francisque (71), dramatic critic, Paris, May 15.
Scheurer-Kestner, Auguste (66), French statesman, Paris, Sept. 19.
Schoenborn, Count Francis (55), Cardinal Archbishop of Prague, June 25.
Semmes, Thomas J. (75), lawyer, New Orleans, La., June 23.
Sexton. James A. (55), Commander-in-Chief G. A. R., W ashington, D. O., grip and kidney disease,

Shook, Sheridan (71), politician, ex-theatricai manager, and brewer, Red Hook, N. Y., April 27 , Sinn, William E. (65), theatrical manager, Pittsfield, Mass., Aug. 9.
Slater, Horatio Nelson (65), manufacturer, Magnolia Beach, Mass., Aug. 12.
Slater, James H. (73), ex-United States Senator from Oregon, Le Grande, Ore., Jan. 28.
Smart, John (61), landscape painter, London, England, June 1.
Smith, George (93), millionaire, banker, London, England, paralysis, Oct. 10.
Smith, Joseph A. (86), actor, Philadelphia, Pa., gastritis, Aug. 2.
Smyth. Frederick (80), ex-Governor of New Hampshire, April 22.
Southworth, Mrs. E. D. E. N. (80), novelist, Washington, D. C., June 30.
Sprague, Mrs Kate Chase (59), Washington, D. C., liver disease, July 31.
Stahl, Richard, musical director, New York, inflammatory rheumatism, July 5.
Steinthal. Heymann (74), philologist, Berlin, Germany, March 14.
Stille, Charles J. (80), ex-Provost of University of Pennsylvania, historical writer, Atlantic City, N. J., heart disease, Aug. 11.

Stotsenburg, John M (41), Nolonel U. S. A., killed
in battle at Quingua, Philippines, April 22.
Strafford. Earl of, Henry William John Byng (78), England, railroad accident, May 16.
Strauss, Johann (74), composer, Vienna, June 3.
Symons, Sir William Penn (56), British military commander, killed in battle, South Africa, Oct. 25.
Tabor, Horace A. W. (69), mining speculator, Denver, Col., appendicitis, April 10.
Tait, Lawson (54), surgeon, London, England, June 13.
Taylor, Charles F. (72), surgeon, Los Angeles, Cal., grip, Jan. 25
Tennyson, Arthur, brother of Alfred Tennyson, London, England, June 27.
Thomson, Frank (58), President Pennsylvania Railroad, Merion. Pa., acute indigestion, June 5. Thurber, Horace K (71) merchant and publicspirited citizen, Hailey, Idaho, July 20.
Tiemann. Daniel F (95), oldest hiving ex-Mayor of New York, New York, June 29.
Tucker. Gideon J. (73), jurist and lawyer, New York, July 25.
Vanderbilt, Cornelins (56), millionaire and railroad magnate, New York, apoplexy, Sept. 12.
Vogel, Sir Julius (64), colonial statesman and writer, London. March 13.
Von Caprivi, Count Leo (68), ex-Chancellor of the German Empire and soldier, skiren, Prussia, heart failure, Feb. 6.
Walsh, Patrick (59), journalist and 3x-United States Senator, Augusta, Ga., paralysis March 19.
Watterson. John A. (55), Roman Catholic Bishop of Columbus, O., Columbus, O., April 17.
Webb, William H. (83). shipbuilder and marine architect, New York, Oct. 30.
Weill, Alexander (88). French novelist and publicist, Paris. France, April 19.
Wells, J. Madison, ex-Governor of Louisiana, Lecompte, La., Feb. 28.
Whitney. Mrs. William C., society leader, Westbury, L. I., paralysis, May 6.
Wiedemann, Gustav (73), professor of physics and chemistry, Leipsic, Germany, March 24.
Wilde. William C. K, journalist, London, England. March 13,
Williams, John (81), Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Connecticut, Middletown, Ct., grip, Feb. 7.
Worrell, Jennie (49). actress, Brooklyn, burns, Aug. 11.
Wright, Horatio G. (79), Brigadier-General and Engineer U. S. A., Washington, D. C., July 2
Young, John Russell (58), journalist, diplomatist, Librarian of Congress, Washington, D. O., Bright's disease, Jan. 17.

STATEMENT OF THE NUMBER OF UNITED STATES TROOPS ENGAGED.

| Wars. | From- | To- | Regulars. | Militia and Volunteers. | Total.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| War of the Revol | April 19,1775 | April 11,1783 | 130,711 | 164,080 | 81 |
| Northwestern Indi | Sept. 19,1790 | Aug. 3,1745 |  |  |  |
| War with Franc | July 9,1798 | Sept. 30,1800 |  |  | 4,593 |
| War with Tripoli | June 10,1801 | June 4,1805 |  |  | +3,330 |
| Creek Indian Wa | July 27.1513 | Aug. 9,1814 | 600 | 13.181 | 13,781 |
| War of 1812 with Gr | June 18.1812 | Feb. 17.1815 | 85,000 | 471,622 | 576,6222 |
| Seminole Indian War | Nor. 20.1817 | Oct. 21, 1818 | 1,000 | 6,911 |  |
| Black Hawk Indian l | April 21,1831 | Sept. 31,1832 | 1,339 | 5,126 | 6,465 |
| Cherokee disturbance or removal......... | $1836$ | $1837$ |  | $9.494$ | 9,494 13.418 |
| Creek Indian War or disturbance Florida Indian War | $\text { May } 5.1836$ | Sept. 30.1837 | 11, 9369 | 12,483 29,953 | 13,418 |
| Florida Indian War A roostook disturba | Dec. 23.1835 | $\text { Aug. } 14,1843$ | 11,169 | 29,953 1,500 | 41,122 1.500 |
| War with Mexico. | A pril 24.1846 | July 4,1848 | 30,954 | 73,776 | 112,230 |
| A pache, Navajo, and | Apr 1849 | 1855 | 1,500 |  | 2.501 |
| Seminole I | 1856 | 1858 |  | 3,687 | 3,687 |
| Civil Warł......................................... | 1861 | 1865 |  |  |  |
| Spanish-American War <br> Spanish-American War.......................... | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { April } 21,1898 \\ 1899 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\text { Aug. } 12,1898$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 74,717 \\ 60,000 \end{array}$ |

* Including all branches of the service. $\dagger$ Naval forces engaged. $\ddagger$ The number of troops on the

Confederate side was about 600,000 . § Troops actually engaged, about 60,000 .

## Sorvicts 新onres.

Locations of Homes for Disabled United States Soldiers and Sailors, and Regulations FOR ADMISSION TO THEM.

## NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

President of the Board of Managers...........General William B. Franklin, Hartford. Ct.
Secrelary........................................................ General Thomas J HendersoL Princeton Ill.
General Dicasurer.................................Major J. M. Bermingham, Hartford Ct.
There are branches of the National Home at Dayton, O. : Milwaukee, Wis., Togus, Me. ; Hampton, Va. ; Leavenworth, Kan., Santa Monica, Cal.; Marion, Ind., and Danville, Ill. The aggregate number of inmates is about 27,1000 .

## REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.

1. An honorable discharge from the United States service.
2. Disability which prevents the applicant from earning his living by labor
3. Applicants for admission will be required to stipnlate and agree to abide by all the rules and regulations made by the Board of Managers, or by its order; to perform all duties required of them, and to obey all the lawful orders of the oflicers of the Home. Attention is called to the faci that by the law establishing the Home the members are made subject to the Rules and Articles of War, and will be governed thereby in the same manner as if they were in the Army of the United States.
4. A soldier or sailor must forward with his application for admission his Discharre Paper. and when he is a pensioner, his Pension Certificate, and if he has been a member of a State Home, his discharge from that Home, before his application will be considered, which papers will be retained at the branch to which the applicant is admitted, to be kept there for him, and returned to him when he is discharged. This rule is adopted to prevent the loss of such papers and certificates, and to hinder fraudulent practices; and no application will be considered unless these papers are sent with it, If the original discharge does not exist, a copy of discharge, certified by the War or Navy Department, or by the Adjutant-General of the State, must accompany the application.

Soldiers or sailors whose pensions exceed $\$ 16$ a month are not eligible to the Home unless the reasons are peculiar, and are explained to the manager and are satisfactory to him. Those who have been members of state Homes must have been discharged from those Homes at least six months before they can be admitted .0 a branch of the National Home, except by a vote of the Board of Managers. Applicants are requested to conform strictly to the above requirements.

There are State Homes for disabled volunteer soldiers provided by the states of California, Colorado, Connecticut, Idaho, Illinois, Incliana, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota. Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Khode Island, South Dakota, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin, and W yoming.

## UNITED STATES HOME FOR REGULAR ARMY SOLDIERS.

The United States Soldiers' Home in the District of Columbia receives and maintains discharged soldiers of the regular army. All soldiers who have served twenty years as enlisted men in the army (including volunteer service, if any), and all soldiers of less than twenty years' service who have incurred such disability, by wounds, disease, or injuries in the line of duty while in the regular army, as unfits them for further service, are entitled to the benefits of the fome.

A pensioner whoenters the Home may assign his pension, or any part of it, tc his child, wife, or parent, by filing written notice with the agent who pays him. It not so assigned, it is drawn by the treasurer of the Home and held in trust for the pensioner, to whom it is paid in such sums as the commissioners deem proper while he is an inmate of the Home, the balance being paid in full wheu he takes his discharge and leaves the Home.

Inmates are subject to the Rules and Articles of War, the same as soldiers in the army. They are comfortably lodsed, fed, and clothed, and receive medical attendance and medicine, all without cost to them. There are 1,250 men now receiving the benefits of the Home.
The Board of Commissioners consists of "the feneral-in-Chief commanding the army, the SurgeonGeneral, the Commissary-General, the Adjntant-General, the Quartermaster-General, the Judge-Advocate-General, and the Governor of the Home.'

Applications for admission to the Home may be addressed to the "Board of Commissioners, Soldiers' Home, War Department, Washington City, D. C. "' and must give date of enlistment and date of discharge, with letter of company and number of regiment for each and every term of service, and rate of pension, If any, and must be accompanied by \& medical certlficate showing nature and degree of disability if any exists.

## 

NUMBER OF MEN IN THE UNION ARMY FURNISHED BY EACH STATE AND TERRITORY FROM APRIL 15. 1861. TO CLOSE OF WAR.

| Statrg and Territories. | Number o <br> Men Fur. nished. | Aggregate Reduced 10 s Standing | Statrs and Tкheitorize. | Number of <br> Men Fur- <br> nished. | Aggregate <br> Reduced <br> Three <br> tears Thre Yean.Standing. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama |  | ${ }_{7}^{1.611}$ | New Y | 448.850 | 392,270 |
| Arkansas | 15.725 | 15.735 | Ohio Oft | 313.180 | 3,156 |
| Colorad | 4903 | 3.697 | Oregon | 1,810 | 1.773 |
| Con | 55,864 | 50.623 | Penusylvan | 337.936 | 265.517 |
| Delaw |  | 10.322 | Rbode Islan | 23,236 | 17,866 |
| Florida.. | 1,290 | 1.290 | South Carol |  |  |
| Georgia. | 259.0929 | 214,133 | Tennessee | 31.092 1.965 | 26.394 1.632 |
| Indiana | 196363 | 153.576 | Vermont | 33.288 | 29,068 |
| Iowa | 76 | 68.630 | Virg |  |  |
| Kausas... | 20.149 | 18.706 | West W Wisconsi | 91,327 | 79.15 |
| Louisiana. | 75. 524 | 4.654 | Dakota.. |  | 5 |
| Maine. | 70107 | 56.776 | District of col | 16.534 | . 506 |
| Massachus | 146.730 | 124,104 | Montana. |  | .030 |
| Michigan. | 87.364 | 80111 | New Mex | 6.5061 | 4.432 |
| Minnesota. | 24,020 | 19,693 | Utah | 64 | 64 |
| Missouri. | 109,111 | 86530 |  |  |  |
| Nebraska | 3.157 | 2,175 | S. |  |  |
| Nevada | 31,080 | 30,849 | U.S. Color | 93,441 | ,789 |
| New Jersey .............. | 76,814 | 57,908 | Total....... | 2,778,304 | 2,326,16 |

The number of casualties in the volunteer and regular armies of the United States, during the war of 1861 -65, according to a statement prepared by the Adjutant-(feneral's office, was as follows Killed in battle. 67058 : died of wounds, 43.012, died of disease, 199,720; other causes, such as accideuts, murder. Coufederat $\epsilon$ prisous etc., 40154 ; total died, 349,944 , total deserted, 199.105. Number of soldiers in the Confederate service who dled of wounds or disease (partial statement), 133,821. Deserted (partial statement). 104,428. Number of United States troops captured during the war, 212,608; Confederate troops captured. 476,169 . Number of United States troops paroled on the field, 16,431 ; Coufederate troops paroled on the field. 248,599 . Number of Tuited States troops who died while prisnners, 30,156; Confederate troops who died while prisoners, 30,152.

THE GREAT BATTLES OF THE CIVIL WAR.
From 'Regimental Losses in the American Civil War.' by Wm. F. Fox, Lieutenant-Colonel, U.S. V ) As to the loss in the Union armies, the greatest battles in the war were:

| Date. | Battle. | Killed. | Wounded. * | Missing. | Aggregate. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 1-3, 1863 | Gettysburg | 3,070 | 14,497 | 5,434 | 23,001 |
| May 8-18, 1864........... | Epottsylvania............. | 2,725 | 13,413 | 2,258 | 18,396 |
| May 5-7, $1864 . . .7$. | Wilderuess...... . . . . . . . | 2,246 | 12,037 | 3,383 | 17,666 |
| September 17, May 1-3, 1863. | Antietamt Chancellorsvill | 2.108 1.606 | 9,549 9,762 | 753 5,919 | 12,410 |
| September 19-20, 1863.. | Chickamanga...... ...... | 1,656 | 9,749 | 4,774 | 16,179 |
| June 1-4, 1864 | Cold Harbor | 1.844 | 9,077 | 1,816 | 12,737 |
| December $11.14,1862$ | Fredericksburg | 1,284 | 9.600 | 1,769 | 12,653 |
| A ugust 28-30, 1862... | Manassas $\ddagger . .$. | 1, 747 | 8,45'2 | 4,263 | 14,462 |
| April 6-7, 1862 | Shiloh...... ... ...... | 1. 754 | 8,408 | 2,885 | 13.047 |
| December $31,1862$. June 15-19, 864. | Stone River§... ${ }_{\text {Petersburg (assault) }}$...... | 1,730 1,688 | 7.802 8.513 | 3,717 1,185 | 13,249 |

* Woundea in these and the following returns includes mortally wounded.
$\dagger$ Not including jouth Mountain or Cramptous Gap
$\ddagger$ Including Chantillv. Rappahannock, Bristol Station, and Bull Run Bridge.
Including Kuor Gap and losses on January 1 and 2, 1863
The Union losses at Bun Run (first Manassas). July 21, 1861, were: Killed. 470; wounded, 1, 071 captured and missing 1 793: aggregate. © 334

The Conlederate losses in particnlar engagements were as follows: Bull Run (first Manassas). July 21, 1861, killed. 387, wounded, 1.582, captured and missing. 13. aggregate, 1.982. Fort Donelson, Tenn., Feb. 14-16, 1862, killed, 466 , wounded. 1.534, captured and missing, 13, 829 ; aggregate, 15,829. Shiloh. Tenn., April 6-7, 1862. killed. 1. 723 , wounded. 8012 ; captured and missing 959 aggregate, 10694 , Seven Days Battle, Virginia. June $25-J u l y$ 1. 1862, killed, 3.478 wounded 16.261 ; captured and missing. 875 ; aggregate, 20.614 . Second Mauassas, Aug. 21-Sept. 2 1862, killed. 1.481, wounded and missing, 7,627 ; captured and missing, 89 ; aggregate, 9.197 . Antietam cam paign. Sept. 12-20, 1862, killed. 1886 ; wounded. 9.348; captured and missing 1367 . aggregate 12.601. Fredericksburg: Dec. 13, 1862, killed, 596 , wounded, 4,068, captured and missing 651 aggregate. 5.315 . Stone River, Tenn. Dec 31,1892 , killed, 1.294; wounded, 7.945 ; captured and missing. 1.027; aggregate, 10.266. Chaucellorsville, May 1-1. 1863, killed, 1.665; wounded. 9.081 ; captured and missing. 2,018, aggregate, 12 764. Gettysburg July 1.3, 1863, killed. 2.592; wounded, 12,706: captured and missing 5 150: aggregate.20,448. Chickamauga, Sept. 19-20, 1863. killed, 2,268: wounded, 13.613 captinred und missing, 1.090; aggregate, 16971.

Gettysburg was the greatest battle of the war. Antietam the bloodiest. The largest army was assembled by the Confederates at the seven days' fight; by the Uniouists at the Wuderness.

## (Ty) Exaty of 接ace wity Spair.

THE treaty of peace between the United States and Spain was signed by the members of the Joint Commission at Paris, December 10, 1898. The full text of the treaty is as follows :

The United States of America and Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain, in the name of her august son, Don Alfonso XIII., desiring to end the state of war now existing between the two countries, have for that purpose appointed as plenipotentiaries :

The President of the United States:
William R. Day, Cushman K. Davis, William P. Frye, George Gray, and Whitelaw Reid, citizens of the United States:

And Her Majesty the Queen Regent of Spain:
Don Eugenio Montero Rios, President of the Senate : Don Buenaventura de Abarzuza, Senator of the Kingdom and ex-Minister of the Crown; Don José de Garnica, Deputy to the Cortes and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court; Don Wenceslao Ramirez de Villa Urrutia, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Brussels, and Don Rafael Cerero, General of Division.

Who, having assembled in Paris and having exchanged their full powers, which were found to be in due and proper form, have, after discussion of the matters before them, agreed upon the following articles:

## ARTICLEI.

Spain relinquishes all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.
And as the island is, upon its evacuation by Spain, to be occupied by the United States, the United States will, so long as such occupation shall last, assume and discharge the obligations that may under
international law result from the fact of its occupation for the protection of life and property.

## ARTICLE II.

Spain cedes to the United States the island of Porto Rico and other islands now under Spanish sovereignty in the West Indies, and the island of Guam, in the Mariannes or Ladrones,

## ARTICLE III.

Spaincedes to the United States the archipelago known as the Philippine Islands, and comprehending the islands lying within the following lines:

A line running from west to east along or near the twentieth parallel of north latitude, and through the middle of the navigable channel of Bachti, from the one hundred and eighteenth to the one hundred and twenty-seventh degree meridan of longitude east of Greenwich, thence along the one hundred and twenty-seventh degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich to the parallel of four degrees and forty-five minutes north latitude, thence along the parallel of four degrees and forty-five minutes north latitude to its intersection with the meridian of longitude one hundred and nineteen degrees and thirty-five minutes east of Greenwich, thence along the meridian of longitude one hundred and nineteen degrees and thirty-five minutes east of Greenwich to the parallel of latitude seven degrees and forty minutes north, thence along the parallel of latitude seven degrees and forty minutes north to its intersection with the one hundred and sixteenth degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich, thence by a direct line to the intersection of the tenth degree parallel of north latitude with the one hundred and eighteenth degree meridian of longitude east of Greenwich, and thence along the one hundred and eighteenth degree meridian of longitude east of $G$ reenwich to the point of beginning.

The United States will pay to Spain the sum of $\$ 20,000,000$ within three months after the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty.

## ARTICLE IV.

The United Staces will, for ten years from the date of exchange of ratifications of the present treaty, admit Spanish ships and merchandise to the ports of the Philippine Islands on the same terms as ships and merchandise of the United States.

ARTICLE V.
The United States will, upon the signature of the present treaty, send hack to Spain, at its own cost, the Spanish soldiers taken as prisoners of war on the capture of Manila by the American forces. The arms of the soldiers in question shall be restored to them.

Spain will, upon the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, proceed to evacuate the Philippines, as well as the island of Guam, on terms similar to those agreed upon by the Commissioners appointed to arrange for the evacuation of Porto Rico and other islands in the West Indies under the protocol of August 12, 1898, which is to continue in force till its provisions are completely executed.

The time within which the evacuation of the Philippine Islands and Guam shall be completed shall be fixed by the two Goveruments. Stands of colors, uncaptured war vessels, small arms, guns of all calibres, with their carriages and accessories, powder, ammunition, live stock, and materials and supplies of all kinds belonging to the land and naval forces of Spain in the Philippines and Guam remain the property of Spain. Pieces of heavy ordnance, exclusive of field artillery, in the fortifications and coast defences shall remain in their emplacements for the term of six months, to be reckoned from the exchange of ratifications of the treaty ; and the United States may in the mean time purchase such material from Spain if a satisfactory agreement between the two Governments on the subject shall be reached.

## ARTICLE VI.

Spain will, upon the signature of the present treaty, release all prisoners of war and all personsdetained or imprisoned for political offences in connection with the insurrections in Cuba and the Philippines and the war with the United States.

Reciprocally the United States will release all persons made prisoners of war by the American forces, and will undertake to obtain the release of all Spanish prisoners in the hands of the insurgents in Cnba and the Philippines.

The Government of the United States will at its own cost return to Spain, and the Government of Spain will at its own cost return to the United States, Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines, according to the situation of their respective homes, prisoners released or caused to be released by them, respectively, under this article.
ARTICLE VII.

The United States and Spain mutually relinquish all claims for indemnity, national and individual, of every kind, of either Government, or of its citizens or subjects, against the other Government

## THE TREATY OF PEACE WITH SPAIN-Continued.

which may have arisen since the beginning of the late insurrection in Cuba and prior to the exchange of ratifications of the present treaty, including all claims for indemnity "nr the cost of the war. The United States will adjudicate and set'le the claims of its citizens against Spain relinquished in this article.

ARTICLE VIII.
In conformity with the provisions of Articles I. , II. and III. of this treaty, Spain relinquishes in Cuba and cedes in Porto Rico and other islands in the West Indies, in the island of Guam, and in the Philippine Archipelago all the buildings, whatves, barracks, forts, structures, public highways, and other immovable property whick in conformity with law belo $g$ to the public domain and as such belong to the Crown of Spain.

And it is hereby decl॰ red that the relinquishment or cession, as the case may be, to which the preceding paragraph refers, cannot in any respect impair the property or rights which by law belong to the peaceful p. session of property of all kinds of provinces, municipalities, public or private establishments, ecclesiastical r vic bodies, or any other associations having legal capacity to acquire and possess property in the aforesa:d territories, renuunced or ceded, or of private individuals, of whatsoever nationality such indjviduals may be.

The aloresaid relinquishment oi cession, as the case may be, includes all documents exclusively referring to the sovereignty relinquished or ceded that may exist in the archives of the peninsula. Where any document in such archives only in part relates to said sover zignty a copy of such part will be furnished when ver it shall be requested. Like rules shall be reciprocally observed in favor of Spain in respect of documents in the archives of the islands above referred to.

In the aforesaid relinquishment or cession, as the case may be, are also included such rights as the Crown of spain and its authorities possess in respect of the official archives and records, executive as well as judicial, in the islands above referred to, which relate to said islands or the rights and property of their inhabitants. such archives and records shall be carefully preserved, and private persons shall, without distinction, have the right to require, in accordance with the law, anthenticated copies of the contracts, wills, and other instruments forming part of notarial protocols or files, or which may be contained in the executive or judicial archives, be the latter in Spain or in the islands aforesaid.

## ARTICLE IX.

Spanish subjects, natives of the peninsula. residing in the territory over which Spain by the present treaty relinquishes or cedes her sovereignty, may remain in such territory or may remove therefrom, retaining in either event all their rights of property, including the right to sell or dispose of such property or of its proceeds: alld they shall also have the right to carry on their industry. commerce, and professions, being subject in respect thereof to such laws as are applicable to ther foreigners In case they remain in the territory they may preserve their allegiance to the Crown of Spain by making, before a court of record, within year from the date of the exchange of ratifications $f$ this treaty, a declaration of their decision to preserve such allegiance; in default which sclaration they shall be held to have renounced it and to have adopted the nationality of the territory in which they may reside.

The civil rights and political status of the native inhabitants of the territories hereby ceded to the United States shall be determined by the congress.

## ARTICLE X.

The inhabitants of the territories over which Spain relinquishes or cedes her sovereignty shall be secured in the free exercise of their religion.

ARTICLE XI.
The Spaniards residing in the territories over which Spain by this treaty cedes or relinquishes her sovereignty shall be subject in matters civil as well as criminal to the jurisdiction of the courts f the country wherein they reside, pursuant to the ordinary laws goveruing the same; and they shall ave the right to appear before such courts and to pursue the same course as citizens of the country to which the courts belong.

## ARTICLE XII.

Judicial proceedings pending at the time of the exchange of ratifications of this treaty in the territories over which Spain relinquishes or cedes her sovereignty shall be determined according to the following rules:

First-Judgments rendered either in civil suits between private individuals, orin criminal matters, before the date mentioned, and with respect to which there is no recourse or right of review under the Spanish law, shall be deemed to be final, and shall be executed in due form by competent authority in the territory within which such judgments should be carried out.

Second-Civil suits between private individuals which may on the date mentioned be undetermined shall be prosecuted to judgment before the conrt in which they may then be pending, or in the court that may be substituted therefor.

Third-Criminal actions pending on the date mentioned before the supreme Court of Spain against citizens of the territory which by this treaty ceases to be Spanish shall continue under its jurisdiction until final judgment; but, such judgment having been rendered, the execution thereof shall be committed to the competent authority of the place in which the case arose.

## ARTICLE XIII.

The rights of property secured by copyrights and patents acquired by Spaniards in the Isla $\quad$ d of Cuba, and in Porto Rico, the Philippines, and other ceded territories, at the time of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty, shall continue to be respected. Spanish scientific, literary, and artistic works not subversive of publicorder in the territories in question shall continue to be admitted free of duty into such territories for the period of ten years, to be reckoned from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of this treaty.

## ARTICLE XIV.

Spain shall have the power to establish consular officers in the ports and places of the territories the sovereignty over which has either been relinquished or ceded by the present treaty.

## ARTICLE XV.

The Government of each country will, for the term of ten years, accord to the merchant vessels of the other country the same treatment in respect to all port charges.including entrance and clearance dues, light dues. and tonnage duties, as it accords to its own merchant vessels not engaged in the coast wise trade.

## THE TREATY OF PEACE WITH SPAIN-Continud.

This article may at any time be terminated on six months' notice given by either Government to the other.

## ARTICLE XVI

It is understond that any obligations assumed in this treaty by the United States with respect to Cuba are limited to the time of its occupancy thereof; but it will upon the termination of such occupancy advise any Government established in the island to assume the same obligations.

## ARTICLE XVII.

The present treaty shali be ratified by the President of the Unlted States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate there of, and by Her Majesty the queen Regent of spain; and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington within six months from the date hereof, or earlier if possible.

In faitl whereof we, the respective plenipotentiaries, have signed this treaty and have hereunto affixed ourseals.

Done in duplicate at Paris, ihe tenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.
[SEAL.]

> William R. Day, CUSHMAN K. DAVis, WILLIAMP. FRYE, GLORGEGRAY, WHITELAW REID,

## Eugenio Montero Rtos, <br> B. De Abarzeza. J. De garnica, <br> W. R. De Villa Urrutia, Rafael cerero.

The treaty was transmitted to the Senate by the President on January 4. 1899.
After over four weels' discussion the Senate, on February 6, ratified the treaty by a vote of 57 to 27 , a vote of two-thirds of the Senators present being necessary. The vote in detail was as follows:

For Ratification (57)-Senators Aldrich, R. ; Allen, P. : Allison, R. : Baker, R. : Burrows, R. ; Butler, P.: Carter, R. ; Chandler, R. : Clark, R.: Clay, D. : Cullom, R.: Davis, R.: Deboe, R. : Elkins, R. ; Fairbanks, R. : Faulkner, D. : Frye, R. : Foraker, R. : Gallinger. R. ; Gear. R. ; Gray, D. : Hanna, R. : Hansbrough, R. ; Harris, P . Hawley, R. : Jones (Nev. ). S. : Kenney, D. : Kyle, Ind. ; Lindsay. D. ; Lodge, R.; Mantle, R. : McBride. R.: McEnery, D ; McLaurin, D. : McMillan, R.; Mason, R.; Morgan, D. : Nelson, R. : Penrose, R. : Yerkins, R. : Pettus, D.: Platt (N. Y.), R. ; Platt (Conn.), R. ; Pritchard, R. ; Quay, R. . Ross., R.; Sewell. R.: Shoup, R.; Simon, R.; Spooner, R.: Stewart, S.: Sullivan, D.; Teller, S.; Thurston, R. : Warren, R. ; Wellington, R. ; Wolcott, R.

40 Republicans, 3 Populists, 10 Democrats, 3 Silver, 1 Independent.
Against Ratification (27)—Senators Bacon, D. ; Bate, D. ; Berry, D. : Caffery, D. : Chilton, D. ; Cockrell, D. : Daniel, D. ; Gorman, D. ; Hale, R. ; Heitfeld, P. ; Hoar, R. : Jones (Ark.), D. ; Mallory, D.: Martin, D.; Mills, D. ; Mitchell, D. ; Money, D. : Murphy, D. ; Pasco, D. ; Pettigrew, R. ; Rawlins, D. Roach, D. ; Smith, D. ; Tillman, D.: Turley, D. ; Turner, P.; Vest, D.

22 Democrats, 3 Republicans, 2 Populists.
Pairs-Cannon and Proctor (Reps.) with White (Dem.) and Wetmore and Wilson (Reps.) with Turpie (Dem. ).

The President signed the treaty February 10, and it was transmitted to Spain and received the signature of the Queen Regent March 17. The copy of the treaty belonging to the United States was received here early in April, and on April 11 following the officia; exchange of ratffications the President issued his proclamation of peace, which was in the following terms:

Whereas, A treaty of peace between the United States of America and Her Majesty the Queen qegent of Spain, in the name of her august son, Don Alfonso XIII., was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries at Paris ou the teuth day of December, 1898, the original of which, in the Spanish language, is word for word as follows:
[Here text of treaty is included.]
And, whereas, The said convention has been daly ratified on both parts, and the ratifications of the two Governments were exchanged in the city of Washington on the eleventh day of A pril, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine:

Now, therefore be it known, that I, William McKinley, President of the United States of America have cansed the said convention to ne marle public, to the end that the same and every article and clause thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington this eleventh day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine, and of the indepeadeace of the United States the one hundred and twenty-third.

William McKinley.
By the President: John Hay. Secretary of State.
Dates. - The Epanish-American War began April 21, 1898; Peace Protocol signed August 10. President appointed United States Peace Commissioners August 26; joint sessions of the United States and Spanish Commissioners began in Paris October 1: the treaty was signed by the Joint Commissioners December 10 ; transmitted to the Senate by the President January 4, 1899 ; ratified by the Senate February 6; signed by the President February 10; signed by the Queen Regent March 17; ratifications exchanged April 11.

## 

THE Philippine group. lying off the southern coast of Asia, between longitude 120 and 180 and latitude 5 and 20 approximately, number about 2.000 islands, great and small, in a land and sea area of 1,200 miles of latitude and 2, 400 miles of longitude. The actual land area is about 140,000 miles. The six New England States, New York, and New Jersey have about an equivalent area. 'The island of Luzon, on which the capital city (Manila) is situated, is the largest member of the group, being about the size of the state of New York. Miudanao is nearly as large, but its population is rery much smaller. The latest estimates of areas of the largest islands are as follows. Luzon, 44,400; Mindanao, 34,000: Samar, 4,800: Panay, 4.700; Mindoro, 4,000; Leyte, 3, 800; Negros, 3,300 Cebu, 2,400.

The estimates of population vary from $7,500,000$ to $10,000,000$. A conservative estimate is $8,000,000$. The late Spanish masters had never caused a census to be taken, and, indeed, some parts of the islands are yet unexplored and inhabited by tribes nearly savage. Racially the inhabitants are principally Malays. The country has been in the possession of spain since 1565, and the religion introduced by the proprietors has long been that of the natives. The church has been a strong raling power and the priesthood numerous. There are thirty different races, all speaking a different dialect.

The following memoranda was prepared by Major-General F. V. Greene for the Government: CLIMATE.
The climate is one of the best known in the tropics. The islands extend from 50 to 210 north latitude, and Manila is in $14035 \%$. The thermometer during July and Augnst rarely goes below 790 or above 850 . The extreme ranges in a year are said to de 610 and $9 \%$, and the annual mean 810 . There are three well-marked seasons, temperate and dry from November to Februarv, hot and dry from March to May, and temperate and wet from June to October. The rainy season reaches its maximum in July and August, when the rains are constant and very heavy. The total rainfall has been as high as 114 inches in one year.

Yellow fever appears to be unknown. The diseases most fatal among the natives are cholera and small-pox, both of which are brought from China. Low malarial fever is brought on by sleeping on the gronnd or being chilled by remaining without exercise in wet clothes; and diarrhoa is produced by drinking bad water or eating excessive quantities of fruit. Almost all of these diseases are preventable by proper precautions even by troops in campaign. The sickness in our troops was very small, much less than in the cold fogs at camp in San Francisco.

## MINERAL WEALTH.

Very little is known concerning the mineral wealth of the islands. It is stated that there are deposits of coal, petroleum, iron, lead, sulphur, copper, and gold in ihe various islands, but little or nothing has been done to develop them. A few concessions have been granted for working mines, but the output is not large. The gold is reported on Luzon, coal and petroleum on Cebu and Iloilo, and sulphur on Leyte.

## AGRICULTURE.

Although agriculture is the chief occupation of the Filipinos, yet only one-ninth of the surface is under cultivation. The soil is very fertile, and even after deducting the mountainous areas it is probable that the area of cultivation can be very largely extended and that the islands can support population equal to that of Japan ( $42,000,000$ ).

The chiel products are rice, corm, hemp, sugar, tobacco, cocoanuts, and cacao. Coffee and cotton were formerly produced in large quantities-the former for export and the latter for home consumption; but the coffee plant has been almost exterminated by insects and the home-made sotton cloths have been driven out by the competition of those imported from England. The rice and corn are principally produced in Iuzon and Mindoro and are consumed in the islands. The rice crop is about 765,000 tons. It is insufficient for the demand, and 45,000 tons of rice were imported in 1S94, the greater portion from Saigon and the rest from Hong Kong and Singapore; also 8.669 tons (say 60.000 barrels) of flour, of which more than two-thirds came from (hina and less than one-third from the United States. The cacao is raised in the southern islands, the best quality of it at Mindanao. The sugar cane is raised in the Visayas. The rop yielded in 1894 aboll 235,000 tons o! raw sugar, of which one-ten'h was consumed in the islands, and the balance, or 210.000 tons, valued at $\$ 11.000$,000 , was exported, the greater part to China, (ireat Britain, and A ustralia. The hemp is produced in Southern Luzon, Mindoro. the Visayas, and Mindanao. It is nearly all exported in bales. In 1894 the amount was 96,000 tons, valued at $\$ 12,000,000$. Tobacco is raised in all the islands, but the best quality and greatest amount in Luzon. A large amount is consumed in the islands, smoking being universal among womell as well as the men, but the be t quality is exported. The amount in 1894 was 7,000 tons of leaf tobacco, valued at $\$ 1,750.000$. Cocoanuts are grown in Southern Luzon and are used ir various ways.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.
The Bureau of Foreign Commerce of the State Department gives the following figures, partly for 1896 and partly for 1897:

| Countries. | Imports from Philippines. | Exports to Philippines. | Countries. | Imports from Philippines. | Exports to Philippines. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Britain | \$6,223,426 | \$2 063.598 | India | S7,755 | ¢ 880,136 |
| France. | 1,990,297 | 359,796 | Straits Settlements | 274,130 | 235.101 |
| Germany | -223,720 | 774,9:8 | New South Wa:es. | 119.550 | 176.854 |
| Belgium. | 273,240 | 45,660 | Victor.a.......... | 180 | 178,370 |
| Spain.. | 4,819,344 | 4,973,589 | United States | 4,383,740 | 94,597 |
| Japan. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $1,329,300$ 56,137 | 92,823 97,717 | Total | \$19,702, 819 | \$9,174.093 |

THE PHILIPPINE WAR OF 1899.
February 4-The Filipinos, under Aguinaldo, attacked the American defences at Manila. The A mericans assumed the offensive the next day, and in the fighting which ensued for several dars the American loss was 57 killed aird 215 wounded. Five hundred Filipinos were killed 1,000 wounded, and 500 captured.
February lu-Battle of caloocan. In all the engagements which followed to the end of the year in a warfare largely desultory the Americans were almost uniformly cuccessful, the enemy retreating after making a more or less determined stand
March 13-19-(ieneral Wheaton attacked and occupied Pasig.

## THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS-Continu d.

March 21-30-General MacArthur advanced toward and captured Malolos.
April 25-May 5-General MacArthur captured Calumpit and San Fernando.
April 22-May 17-General Lawton led an expedition to San Isidro.
June 10-19-Generals Lawton and Wheaton advanced south to Imus.
June 26-(Heneral Hall took Calamba.
Military operations were partially suspended during the rainy season, but General MacArthur captured Angeles August 16 .

Meanwhile the southern islands were occupied by the American forces. Iloilo by General Miller February 11, Cebu by the Navy March 27, and Negros, Mindanao, and the smaller islands subsequently.

A treaty was concluded with the Sultan of Sulu, in which his rights were guaranteed, and he acknowledged the supremacy of the United States.

The Philippine Commission appointed by the President, and composed of President J. G. Schurman, of Cornell University ; Professor Dean Worcester, Charles Denby, late Minister to China: Admiral Dewey, and General Otis, began its labors at Manila March 20 and continued until ordered home in September. The Commission prepared and submitted its preliminary report to the President at Washington November 2 . The commission issued a proclamation to the people of the Philippine Islands on April 4, the conditions of which were, in substance, as follows:

1. The anpremacy of the United States must and will be enforced throughout every part of the archipelago, and those who reaiat cau accomplish nothing except their own ruin.
2. The amplest liberty of self-government will be granted which is reconcilable with the just, stable, effective, and economical administration, and compalble with the sovereign rights and obligaticne of the United States.
3. The civil rights of the Filipinos will be guaranteed and protected, their religious freedom will be assured, and all will have equal standing before the law.
4. Honor, justice, and friendship forbid the explnitation of the people of the islands. The purpose of the American Government la the welfare and advancement of the Philippine perple.
5. It guaranters an honest and effective civil service, in which, in the fullest extent practirable, natives shall be employed.
6. The collection and application of taxes and other revenues will be put upa a sound, bunest, and ec nomical basis. The pnblic funds, raised justly and ccllected henestly, will be applied caly to defraying the proper expenses of the establishment and maintenance of the Philippine Government, and such general improvemenis as public interes 8 demand. Lccal funds collected for local purposes shall not be diverted to other ends. With such prudent and h. nest fiscal administration it is believed the needs of the Government will in a short time become compatible with a cunsiderable reduction in axalion.
7. The establishment of a pure, speedy, and effective administration of juslice, by which the evils of delay, corruption, and exploitation will be effectually eradicated.
8. The cunstruction of roads, railr ads, and other means of communication and transportation, and other public works of manifest advantage to the people, will be promoted.
9. Dumestic and foreign trade and commerce and other industrial pursuits and the general development of the conntry in the interest of its inhabitants will be the constant object of solicitude and fostering care.
10. Effective provision will be made for the establishment of elementary achools, in which the children of the people will be educated. Appropriste facilities will also be provided fir higher education.
11. Reforms lu all departments of the Government, all branches of the public service, and all corporations closely touching the common life of the penple must be undertaken without delay and effected conformably with common right and justice, in a way to satisfy the well-founded demands and the highest sentimente and aspi-ations of the Philippine people.

With the advance of the dry season military operations on a much larger scale than heretofore were begun, the army of nccupation 1 aving been reinforced by 30,000 men.
September 28 -General MacArthur, after several days' fighting, occupied Porac.
October $1-10$-General Schwan's column operated in the south part of Luzon, and captured Rosario and Malabon.
November 7-A military expedition on board transports, under General Wheaton, captured Dagupan. November 14-Major Bell entered Tarlac.
November 14-Brisk fivhting near San Jacinto. Major John A. Logan was killed.

in the hands of the United States authorities; that the President of the Filipino Congress, the
Filipino Secretary of State, and Treasurer were captured, and that nly small bands of the enemy
were in arms, retreating in different directions, while Aguinaldo, a fugitive with a small escort, was being pursued toward the mnuntains.
November 26-The Nary captured Vigan on the coast.
December 11-The President directed General Otis to open the ports of the Philippines to commerce. December 19-General Lawton was killed in attacking San Mateo.

## feilitary Betources of zutope in Gule= Bodict ftem.

| Nations. | Population Capable of Bearing Arms.* | Nations. | Population Capable of Bearing Arms.* | Nations. | Population Capable of Bearing Armis.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Austria. | 9,800,000 | Great Britain†...... | 12,000,000 | Russiaf | 22,000.000 |
| Belgium | 1,460.000 | Greece .................. | 495.000 | Spain ..................... | 4,200,000 |
| Denmark | 490000 | Italy | 7,500 000 | Sweden \& Norway | 1,600,000 |
| France .................. | 9.550000 | Netherlands | 1,050 000 | Switzerland......... | 720,000 |
| Germany............... | 12.000,000 | Portugal........... | 1,170,000 |  |  |

*Inclusive of persons engaged in the general and local civil administration, railroads, necessary tillers of the soil, and others who would no be spared to the field except as a last resort. to Great Britain includes Canada and A ustralia, but not other colonies or India. $\ddagger$ Russian population in
Europe only is considered. Behind it are the hordes of Tartary and Central Asia.

## zexctution gaxision Zitles.

THE Cabinet will meet T uesdays and Fridays from 11 A. M. until l P. m.
Senators and Representatives will be received from 10 A . M. to 12 M . excepting on Cabinet days.
Visitors having business with the President will be admitted from 12 to 1 o' clock daily, exceptin ${ }^{\text {r }}$
Cabinet days, so far as public business will permit.
The Fast Room will be open daily, Sundays excepted, for the inspection of visitors, between the hours of $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. and 2 P . M.

By direction of the President.
John Addison Porter,
Secretary to the President.

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 the philippines and tutuila.For an account of the Philippine Islands see page 90. For Tutuila, the island of the Samoan group ceded to the Uz:ted States, see page 97.

## HAWAII.

Hawaii was annexed to the United States by joint resolution of Congress July 6, 1898. A bill to create Hawaii a territory of the United States is before Congress. Meanwhile the old government continues. The text of the joint resolution of annexation was printed in THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1899, page 96 .

The area of the several islands of the Hawaiian group is as follows: Hawaii, 4,210 square miles; Maui, 760; Oahu, 600; Kauai. 590; Molokai, 270; Lanai, 150; Nihau, 97; Kahoolawe, 63. Total, 6,740 squar miles.

At the time of the discovery of the islands by Captain Cook in 1778 the native population was about 200,000 . This has steadily decreased, so that at the last census the natives numbered but 31,019 , which was less than that o the Japanese and Chinese immigrants settied in the islands. A census taken early in 1897 revealed a total population of 109,020, d.stributed according to race as follows:

|  | Males. | Females. | Total |  | Males. | Femal | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hawaiians.... | 16.399 | 14.620 | 31.019 | Portugue | 8,202 | 6,898 | 15,100 |
| Part Hawaiians...... |  |  |  | Americans........... |  |  |  |
| Japanese. ............. | 19,212 19,167 | 5,195 2,449 | 24.407 21,616 | British ................ | 1,406 | 844 | 2,250 |

The remainder were Germans, French, Norwegians, South Sea Islanders, and representatives of other natioualities. The A mericar population is 2.73 per ceut of the whole.

There are 71 miles of railroad and about 250 miles of telegraph in the islands. Honolulu, the capital, with a population of 28,061 , is lighted by electricity, and has most of the local features of an enterprising American city. The bulk of the business is done by Americans and Europeans.
of sugar, of which it is said the Hawaiian Islands are much more productive in a given area than those of the West Indies, the exportation was $520,158,232$ pounds in 1897. Of coffee, the exportation was 337,158 pounds in 1897 ; of rice, the exportation was $5,499,499$ pounds in 1897. In the matter of imports, nearly all of the necessities of life, aside from sugar, fruits, and vegetables, are imported, the products of the United States being given the preference in nearly all cases.

## PORTO RICO.

The island of Porto Rico, over which the flag of the Cnited States was raised in token of formal possession on October 18, 1898, is the most eastern of the Greater Antilles in the West Indies and is separated on the east from the Danish island of St. Thomas by a distance of about fifty miles, and from Haytt on the west by the Mona passage, seventy miles wide. Distances from San Juan, the capital, to important points are as follows: New York, 1,420 miles; Charleston, S. C., 1, 200 miles; Key West, Fla. $\mathbf{1}, \mathbf{0 5 0}$ miles Havana, 1,000 miles.

The island is a parallelogram in geueral outline, $=08$ miles from the east to the west, and from 37 to 43 miles across, the area being about 3,600 square miles, or somewhat less than half that of the State of New Jersey (Delaware has 2.050 square miles and Coninecticut 4,990 square miles). The population according tcan ennmeration made in 1887 was 798,565 , of whom 474.933 were whites, 246, 647 mulattoes, and 76,90 E negroes. The present estimated population is 900,000 .

Porto Rico is unusually fertile. and its dominant industries are agriculture and lumbering. In elevated regions the vegetatiol o, the temperate $z$ ne is not unknown. There are more than. 500 varieties of trees found in the forests, and the plains are full of palm, orange, and other trees. The principal crops are sugar, coffee, tobacco, cotton, and maize, but bananas, rice, pineapples, and many other fruits are important products. The largest article of export from Porto Rico is coffee, which is over 63 per cent of the whole. The next largest is sugar, 28 per cent. The other exports in order of amount are tobacco, honey, molasses. cattle, timber, and hides.

The principal minerals found in Porto Rico are gold, carbonates, and sulphides of copper and magnetic oxide of iron in large quantities. Lignite is found at Utuado and Moca, and also yellow amber. A large variet y of marbles, limestones, and other building stones are deposited on the island, but these resources are very undeveloped. There are salt works at Guanica and salinae on the south coast, and at Cape Rojo ou the west, and these constitute the principal mineral industry in Porto Rico.

There are 137 miles of railway, with 170 miles under construction, and 470 miles of telegraph lines. These connect the capital with the principal ports south and west. submarine cables run rom San Juan to St. Thomas and Jamaica. The principal cities are Ponce, 40,000 inhabitants; Arecibo with 30,000 , and San Juan, the capital, with 25,000 .
at present Porto Rico is governed as a military department of the United States.

## GUAM.

The island of Guam, the largest of the Marianne or Ladrone Archipelago, was ceded by Spain to the United States by Article 2 of the Treaty of Peace, concluded at Paris December 10, 1898. It lies in a direct line from San Francisco to the southern part of the Philippines, and is 5,200 miles from San Francisco, and 900 miles from Manila. It is about 32 miles long and 100 miles in circumference, and has a population of about 9,000 , of whom about 6,000 are in Agana, the capital. The inhabitants are mostly immigrants or descendants of immigrants from the Philippines, the original race of the Ladrone Islands being extinct. The prevailing language is Snanish. Nine-tenths of the islanders can read and write. The island is thiclls wooded, well watered and fertile, and possesses an excellent harbor.

Commander Taussig,o the United States gunboat Bennington, took possession of the island and raised the United States flag over Fort Santa Cruz on February 1, 1899. The President appointed Captain Richard P. Leary, U. S. Navy, Governor of Guam, and he arrived there in July, 1899, and issued a proclamation to the inhabitants announcing the establishment of the authority of the United States, which would be exerted for the security of their persons and property and the confirmation of all their private rights.

The United States flag was hoisted over Wake Island in February, 1899. by Commander Taussig, of the Bennington, while proceeding to Guam. It is a small island in the direct route from Hawaii to Hong Kong, about 2,000 miles from the first, and 3,000 miles from the second.

#  <br> THE COUNTRIES AND COLONIES INVOLVED IN THE WAR. 

THE BOER REPUBLICS.

THE two Boer republics of South Africa lie in the southern part of Africa, directly north of Cape Colony, and nearly surrounded by British territory, which stretches along their entire western and northern boundaries and occupies one-nalf of the space between theil eastern boundary and the Indian Ocean, while the other half is occupied by the territory of Portuguese East Africa. Their territory is thus entirely in the interior, having no port on the crean, although the distance from their eastern boundary to the Indian Ocean is less than 200 miles. They werc originaliy populated by Dutch residents of Cape Colony and Natal who became dissatisfigd with British rule.

## ORANGE FREE STATE.

The Orange Free State is the older of the two organizations, having been founded originally by Boers who quitted Cape Culony in 1836.

The arta of tie Orange Free State is estimated at 48,326 square miles, ond the population, according to the census of $1890,77.716$ whites and 129,787 natives. The chier industry is agriculture and stock raising, the territory consisting of undulating plains, which afford excellent grazing. Diamond alldgold mines are worked, the diamond production being of considerable value. The great Kimberley diamond mines are located just outside and west of the territory of the Orange Free State. A railway, constructed by the Cape Colony Government, connects Bloemfontein, the capital of the Orange Free State, with the ports of Cape Colony and Natal, also with the capital of the South African Republic. which lies at the north.

## SOUTH AFRICAN REFUBLIC.

The South African Republic, or the Transvaal, as it is frequently termed, lies immediately north of the Orange Free State, and was formed by a party of Boers who left C'ape Colony in 1835 for Natal, but withdrev from that colony on its annexation to the British Crown.

The area of the republic is 119,139 square miles; the white population, estimated, for 1898, is 345,397 , and the native population, 748,759 . 'The seat of government is Pretoria, with a white population of 10,009 . The largest town is Johannesburg, the mining centre of Witwatersrand gold fielrls, having a population within a radius of three miles, according to the census of 1896, of 102,078 persons, of which ummber 50,907 were whites, 9,52 Malays, 4,807 coolies and Chinese, 42,533 Kaffirs, and 2,879 of mixed race. One-third of the population of the republic is estimated to be engaged in agriculture, the lands of the republic generally, outside the mining districts, being extremely producrive, and the demand for farm products in the mining regions very great, even in excess of the local products at the present time. The gold mines are now the most productive iu the world, and have already turned out gold to the value of more than $\$ 300,000,000$, and, according to the estimate of experts, have still $\$ 3,500,000,000$ "in slght." The republic is connected with the ports of Cape Colony, Natal, and Lorenzo Marquez (the latter in Portuguese East Africa) by rail.

## CAPE COLONY.

Cape Colony, which occupies the most southerly part of Africa, came under British control in 1796. It was originally a colony of Holland and was conquered by the British in war with that country in 1796, was restored to the Dutch in 1803, again occupied by the British in 1806 and formally ceded by treaty to Great Britain in 1814, forming a part of the whole of south Africa which has been claimed by the British as their territory under the treaty.

The area of Cape Colony is varionsly stated at from 277,000 to 292,000 square miles, the length from north to south being nearly 600 miles and the breadth about 450 miles, though this statement of ares and length includes British Bechuanaland, which was incorporated with Cape Colony in 1895 , and whose area alone was 51,425 square miles. The total population of the colony is now given as 2, 011,305 , of which number aoout 400.000 are white the greater number being of Dutch descent. The principal events since the British came finally into control are: The first Kaffir war, in 18:34; the removal of a portion of the Boers to Natal and the Orange Free State, in 1886; the second Katlir war, in 1847; introluction of representative government, in 1853; first diamond discovery, in 1867; introduction of responsible government, in 1872; incorporatlon of Transkein territories with the colony, in 1885; annexation of Pondoland, in 1894; and annexation of Bechuanaland, in 1895. The minera's include extremely rich deposits of copper, yielding a percentage of from 32 to 36 per cent, the exports of 1887 amouiting to 27,329 tons, valued in round terms at $\$ 1,500,000$. Coal of considerable value is also produced. The most valuable mineral product, however, is that of diamonds, already referred to, which are chiefly found at Kimberley, which lies well at the north of Cape Colony territory and immediately adjacent to the territory of the Orange Free State. The total exportation of rongh diamonds from Cape Colony from 1867 to 1897 is stated as $£ 83,311.087$. These mines employ large numbers of people, the importation of articles required by them and the exportation of products of the mines mostly passing through Cape Town, the chief city of the colony.

## NATAL.

The British colony of Natal lies northeast of Cape Colony and was settled by the Dutch. Great Britain claimed the territory and took military possession of it in 1843. Including Zulu:and the colony has an estimated area of 35,000 square miles and had a population ir 1-98 of 829,000 , of which 61,000 are Enropeans. The principal crop for export is sugar, though quantities of corm, wheat, oats, and other cereals are grown, while tea planting, which has been recently introduced, occupies 2,664 acres, the yield for 1897 being 849,000 pounds. The coal fields of the colony are of large extent and of considerable importance, the output in 1897 being $\mathbf{2 4 4}, 000$ tons. Large forests of valuable timber abound.

The railroads in operation are 487 miles in length, and are all constructed and operated by the Government. The main line extelds from the port of Durban to Pietermaritzburg, the capital, and thence to the border of the South African Republic, 307 miles distant from the port of Durban (Port Natal), with an extension from the borifer of Johanneshurg, the centre of the great gold-mining interests, and Pretoria, the capital of the South African Republic, and from Pretoria a railroad line also extends eastward to Lorenzo Marquez on Delagoa Bay, in Portnguese territory.

The province of Zolnland, which is now a part of Natal, comprises about two-thirds of the country formerly under Zulu kings, and is chiefly populated by natives. The population of Zululand and British Anatongaland is given as 180,000 .


RAILWAY DISTANCES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

| CAPE TOWN to Miles. | Johannesburg...........1,014 | Pretoria................. ${ }^{\text {Miles. }} 740$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| De Aar................... 501 | Pretoria................. 1,040 | DURBAN to |
| Kimberley ................ . 647 | DELAGOA BAY to | Pietermaritzburg ...... . 70 |
| Vryburg. ................. 774 | Komatı Poort............ 5\$ | Ladysmith ............... 189 |
| Mafeking...... ... ..... 870 | Pretoria...... ............ 349 | Harrismith............... 249 |
| Ramathlabama .. ...... 882 | Johannesburg ........... 395 | Qlencoe........... . ...... 231 |
| Patpye. ................... 1.133 | PORT ELIZABETH to | Newcastle. ............... 268 |
| Buiuwayo ............. 1361 | Naauwpoort ..... . ..... 270 | Lang s Nek....... ...... 301 |
| Naauwpoort . ........ 570 | Norval's Pont .............. 328 | Charlestown............... 304 |
| Norval's Pont. ............ 628 | Bloemfontein............ 450 | Volksrust. ............ . . 308 |
| Bloemfontein. ...... ...... 750 | Villoens Drift. ............ 659 | Johannesburg.......... 483 |
| Viljoens Drift...... ...... 959 | Johannesburg...... ..... 714 | Pretoria ................... 511 |

## EVENTS IN THE WAR TO DECEMEER 15, 1899.

May 31,1899-A conference between Sir Alfred Milner, Governer of Cape Colony, and the Presidents of the Dutch Republics was held at Bloemfontein. in which terms for the adjustment of the claims of the Outlanders were discussed, but no agreement was reached.
June 1-October 10-Negotiations proceeded between the Governments of Great Britain and the Transvaal, while the Legislature of the latter adopted laws regarding the franchise which were not cceptable to the former. Meanwhile both countries prepared energetically for war, and the Orange Free State announced its determination to support the Transvaal in case of hostilities.
October 10-The Transvaal sent the following ultimatum to the British fiovernment
First-That all points of motual difference be regulated by friendly recourse to arbitration, or by whatever amicable way may be agreed upon by this Government and Her Majesty's Government.

Second-That all troops on the borders of this Kepublic shall be instantly withdrawn.
Third-That all reinforcements of troops which have arrived in South Africa since June 1, 1899, shall be removed from Sonth Africa within a reasonsble time to be agreed upon with this Government and with the mutual assurance and gusrantee on the part of this Government that no attack upon or hostilities against any porion of the possessions of the British Govern ment shall be made by this Republic during the further negotiations, within a period of time to be aubsequently agreed upor. between the Governments ; and this Government will, on compliance therewith be prepared to wilhdraw the armed burghers of this Republic from the borders.

Fourth-That Her Msjesty's troops which are now on the high sess shall not be landed in any part of Sonth Africa.
This Government presses for an immediate and affirmative answer to these four questions and earnestly requests Her Majesty's Government to return an answer before or upon Wednesday, October 11. 1899, not later than 5 o'clock p. m.

It desires further to add that in the unexpected event of an answer not satisfactory being received by it within the interval, It will with grest regret be compelled to regard the action of Her Majesty's Government as a formal declaration of war and will not hold itself responsible for the consequences thereof, and that, in the event of any further movement of troops occurring within the sbove-mentioned time in a nearer direction to our borders, this Government will be compelled to regard that also as a formal declaration of war.
October 12-The British reply being unsatisfactory the Transvaal Boers invaded Natal, advancing toward Newcastle, where the British under Generals White and Symons were on the defensive,
October 13-The British evacuated Newcastle and fell back on Ladysmith, where there was a strong British force.
October 20 -The siege of Kimberley by the Boers began.
October $20-$ Battle of Dundee in Natal, in which the British repulsed the Boers; British loss, 215 in killed and wounded.
October 21-Battle of Elandslaagte; General French captured the Boers' position; British loss in killeu and wounded, 257.
October 24-General White repulsed a Free State force at Rietfontein, near Ladysmith.
October 29-The siege of Ladysmith by the Boers began.
October $30-$ In a sortie near Ladysmith the British were entrapped and defeated, and the Boers captured 870 prisoners.
November 2-Communication with Ladysmith was cut off by the Boers.
November 3-The British evacuated Colenso in Natal.
November 6-The Boers shelled Mafeking, and an attack on the British position was repulsed.
November9-The first British transport carrying re-enforcements reached Cape Town and proceeded to Durban.
November 16-A British armored train near Eastcourt. Natal, was wrecked by Boers, and 56 prisoners, including Winston Churchill, were captured.
November 23-Near Gras Pan Lord Methuen attacked the Boers and drove them from their position. November 26-Battle of Modder River, a sanguinary British victory.
December 10-The British under General Gatacre were led into a Boer ambuscade near Stormberg Junction, and lost 1,000 men, including 672 captured.
December 10-11-Lord Methuen failed to take the Boer positions at Spytfontein after desperate fighting and lost heavily, General Wauchope being killed.
December 15 -General Buller was severely defeated while attempting to force the Tugela River, near Colenso; his loss was over 1,000 men and eleven guns." British losses to date in killed, wounded, and missing, 7,630 .

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THE Anglo-American League was organized by British gentlemen at a meeting held at Stafford House, London, July 13, 1898, the Duke of Sutherland presiding. The avowed urpose of the League is the promotion of friendly feeling between the two English-speaking गeoples, those of the United States and the British Empire. The League is not political in its aims, and does ot ontemplate the advocacy of a political alliance. The following Executive Committee was appointed at the meeting:

The Right Hon. James Bryce, M. P., Chairman; the Duke of Sntherland. Honorary Treasurer: the Earl of Jersey, Earl Grey, the Earl of Crewe, Lord Coleridge, Horace Plunkett. M. P.; Sir Stafford Northcote, Bart., M. P. ; Sir William Holdsworth, Bart. M. P. ; Thomas Burt. M. P. ; John E. Ellis, II. P. ; Percey W'. Bunting, H. W. Massingham, Alfred 'C. Harmsworth, George W yudham, M. P.; E. J. C. Morton, M. P.; Sir David Dale, Bart. : Sir Walter Besant, sir W. Martin Conway, Ihomas H. Ismay, Rev. C. A. Berry, D. D. Professor J. Westlake, Professor A. V. Dicey, W. T Stead, T. Fisher Unwin (with power to add to their number). The temporaryoffices are at 6 King's Bench Walk Temple, E. C., London.

The American response to the action of the League appears in the following declaration which was signed in August, 1898, by numerous citizens of the United States:

We, citizens of the United States of America, desire to express our most hearty sppreciation of the recent demonstrations of sympathy and fellowship with this country on the part of citizens of the various countries comprised in the British Empire. We earnestly reciprocate these sentiments, recognizing as we do that the same language and the same principles of ordered liberty should form the basis of an intimate and enduring friendship between these kindred peoples-a friendship destined to hasten the day of peace snd good-will among all the nations of the earth.

The promoters of the declaration were the following gentlemen:
Whitelaw Reid, Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. U.; James W. Alexander, Charles C. Beaman, John L. Cadwalader, ex-Secretary John G. Carlisle, John Claflin. Archbishop M. A. Corrigan, Frederic R. Coudert, William E, Dodge, Elbridge T. Gerry, Richard Watson Gilder, Abram S. Hewitt, Thomas L. James, Daniel S. Lamont, Seth Low, Frank D. Pavey. Bishop HenryC. Potter, George L. Rives, Carl Schurz, Edmund C, Stedman, Gen. Wager Swayne, J. Kennedy Tod, Benjamin F. Tracy, Cornelius Vanderbilt, William C. Whitney, D. O. Eshbaugh, Secretary, 32 Nassau Street, New York.'

## (1)! Sanman Settement.

IT was officially announced at Berlin and London on November 8, 1899, that an agreement, subject to the approval of the United States, had been concluded between Great Britain and Germany, by virtue of which the Samoan act was repealed, and the islands of Upolu, Savaii, and the small adjacent islands went to Germany as free property, and the island of Tutuila and its subsidiary islands to the United States. Great Britain renounced any claim to the Samoan lslands, and Germany, in turn, renounced any claim to the Tonga Islands and to Savage Island in favor of Great Britain, and also ceded Choisenl and San Isabel, the two easterly is lands of the Solomon group, with therr insular surroundings, to Great Britain.

The consular representatives of the two powers in Samoa and the Tonga Islands were to be withdrawn for the present, and German subjects were to have the same rights as British subjects in regard to free and unimpeded enlistment of native laborers in the whole of the Solomon group in the possession of Great Britain, including Choiseul and San Isabel.

A further agreement concluded between Germany, Great Britain, and the United States was to the effect that the question of compensation for clanns for damages during the late trouble was to be submitied to an mperial court of arbitration, which will decide all claims. King Oscar of Sweden and Norway was selected as the arbitrator. The treaiy is subject to ratification by the United States Senate.

TUTUILA AND THE HARBOR OF PAGO-PAGO.
Tutuila, the Samoan island which, with its attendant islets, becomes a possession of the United States, in case the tri-partite treaty is ratified by the Sanate, covers, according to the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department, fifty-four square miles, and has 4,000 inhabitants. It possesses the most valuable island harbor, Pago-Pago, in the South Pacitic, and perhaps in the entire Pacific Ocean. Commercially the island is unimportant at present, but it is extremely valuable in its relation to the commerce of any nation desiring to cultivate transpacific commerce Mr. Goward, who was eent by the United States Government to arrange for a treaty for the harbor of Pago-Pago, said:

The capacity of this harbor is sufficient for the accommodation of la ge fleets; andlocked, It ; safe from harricanes and etorms, and conld essily be defended from tand or sea at.ack at a small expense. In a naval point of view it is the key position to the Samoan group, and likewise to Central Yolynesia, and is especislly located for protection of American commerce. The Samoan Archipelago is, by reason of iss geographical position in Central Polynesia. IVing in the course of vessels from San Francisco to Auckland, from Panama to Sydney, and from Valparaiso to China and Japan, and from being outside the harricane track, the most valuable group in the South Pacific. Situated half way between Honolulu and Auckland, Pago-Pago would be a most convenient stopping place or coaling atation for vessels or steamers, either for supplies or the exchange of commodities. With the Pacific majl sleamers making it a port for coaling, it would necessarily become the controlling com mercial place in that part of Polynesia.

Ex-Chief Justice Chambers, of Samoa, says of Pago-Pago that "The harbor could hold the entire naval force of the United Status, and is so percectly arranged that only two vessels can enter at the same time. The coaling station being surrounded by nigh bluffis cannot be reached by shelis from outside."

The Samoan Islands in the South Pacific are fourteen in number, and lie in a direct lina drawn from San Francisco to Auckland, New Zealand. They are 4,000 miles from San Francisco, 2,200 miles from Hawaii, 1,900 miles from Auckland, 2,000 miles from Sydney, and 4,200 miles from Manila. The inhabatants, numbering 34.060 , are native Polynesians and Christians of different denominations. There are about 500 Europeans resident in the islands Schools are attached to the churches. Apia, on the island of Upolu, has been the capital.

In 1889 Great Britain, Germany, and the United States signed an act as protectors of the island, but recognizing the independence of the Samoan Government, and the right of the natives to elect their chief or king, and to choose a form of Government according to their own laws and customs. A supreme court was established, consisting of one judge, and this court had jurisdiction in all cıvil suits concerning property, and all suits between foreigners and natives The troubles in Samoa which have disturbed the island for several years have arizen from trade rivalry among the foreigners, and the claims of rival chieftains among the natives for the kingship. In 1898 Mataafa and Malietoa Tanu were at war, and in a batile in January, 1899, the latter was overthrown. He was, however, supported by the Americans and British, and in the course of subsequent events their naval forces were brought in conflict with Mataafa and his followers, and there was one battle in April in which officers and men of both forces losi their lives. The German officials and residents were favorable to Mataafa.

In June, 1899, the three signatory powers appointed a commission to proceed to Samoa and adjust the difficulties there. The High Commissioners appointed were Bartlett Tripp on the part of the United States, C. N. E Elliott on that of Great Britan, and H. Sternberg on that of Germany. At Apia July 25 a treaty was signed by the commission which abolished the kingship and established a government composed of an administrator to be chosen by a disinterested power, who would be assisted by a council of delegates from the three signatory powers, and to this government a liberal measure of authority was given. Pending the ratification of this arrangement by the United States, Great Eritain, and Germany, those powers concluded the ogreement by which the Samoan group, with the exception of Tutuila, becane German territory, Tutuila the property of the United States. and Great Britain withdrew from all territorial interest, receiving compensation from Germany elsewhere

##  <br> THE following are the members of the Light-House Board:

Hon. Lrman J. Gage, Secretary of the Treasury and ex ofhcio President of the Board, Washington. D. © Commodore Francis J. Higginson. U. S. Navy. Chairman Washington. D. C Colonel Walter S. Franklin. Baltimore, Md.
Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, Supelinteudent'U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey, Washington D C. Colonel George L. Gillespie, Corps of Eugineers. U. S Army, New York City. Captain Yates Stirling, U. S. Navy, Washington D C
Lieutenant Colonel A. Mackenzie, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army Washington. D. C.
Captain Thomas Perry. U. S. Navy, Naval secretary, Washington. D C
Major R. L. Hoxie, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army. Engineer Secretary Washington, D. C.
At the close of the fiscal year there were under the control of the Light-House Establishme it . Light-houses and lighted beacons. 1.739, light-ressels in position 46 light-vessels for relief. 7 electric and gas buoys in position, 78 , fog-signals nperated by steam or hot air, 160, fog-signals operated by clock- work. 217; post-lights on Western rivers. 1 411: day or unlighted beacons 475 : whistling-buoys in position, 70; bell-buoys in position 116.

## Cye Oniousal 引cate Coutcrente of 1899.

THE Rescript of the Emperoz of Russia, proposing an intervational conference to consider terms of universal and permanent peace throughout the world, was printed in THE WORLD AlmaNac for 1899, page 106.

The Peace Conference assembled at The Fague, Netherlands, May 18, 1899, and continued in session until the day of final adjourument, July 29, 1899.

The following were the nations represented at the Conforence at its opening, with the names of their delegates:

Austria-Hungary. - Count von Welsersheimb, First Secretary of the Austrian Foreign Office, Ambassador Extraordinary; M. Okoliesanyé Okalicona, Minister at the Court of The Hague: Court and Ministerial Councilor Mérey.

Belgium. - M. Beernaert, Minister for Foreign Affairs; Chevalier Descamp-David, Senator; Count de Grelle-Rogiar, Minister at The Hague.

China. - Yang Yu, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg.
Denmark.-Fr. E. de Bille, Minister at the Court of st. James; Col. Van Schnack, a fomner Minister of War.

France.-M. Bourgenis, a former Premier; M. Bihourd, Minister at The Hague; Baron Estournelles de Constant, Leputy; Vice-Admiral Pephan; Brig.-Gen. Mrounier; Lonis Renault. Professor of Law. Germany. - Count Munster, Ambassador at Paris; Baron von Stengel, of the Munich University; Prof. Dr. Zorn, of the University of Königsberg; Capt. Siegel, Nivval Attaché at the German Embassy in Paris; Col. Gross von Schwarzhoff, commanding the Ninety-fourth Regiment of Infantry. Great Britain. - The Right Hon. Sir Julian Pauncefote, Her Majesty's A mbassador at Washington; Sir Henry Howard, Minister at The Hague; Vice-Admiral Sir Johu Fisher; Major-Gen, Sir John Ardagh.

Ituly. - Count Nigra, Minister at the Court of Vienna; Count Zernini, Minister at The Hague; Gen. Zuccari; Capt. Bianca, of the navy.

Japan. - Baron Hayashi, Minister at the Court of St. Petersburg; Col. Uyehara; Capt. Sakomoto, of the navy; J. Monoto, Ambassador at Brussels.

Netherlands. - Sir A. P. C. van Karnebeck, a former Foreign Minister and Denuty; Major-Gen. den Beer Poortugael, Privy Councilor, a former War Minister; Prof. Asser, Privy Councilor, and MI. E. N. Rabuseu, member of the Upper House.

Norway and Sweden. - Baron Bildt, Minister at the Court of Rome.
Persia.-Gen. Mirza Riza-Khan, Minister at the Court of st. Petersburg.
Portugal.- Count de Macedo, Minister at Madrid; A ugostino d'Ornellas, Minister at St. Petersburg; Count de Selir, Minister at The Hague.

Roumania.-M. Al Beldiman, Ambassador at the Court of Berlin; M. T. Papinin, Minister at The Hague; Col. C. Coanda.

Russia.-Baron de Staal, Col. Jilinsky, Col. Count Barantzew, Capt. Scheine, of the navy; Lieut. Outchinnekow, of the navy ; Prof. de Martens.

Servia. -M. Myatovitch, Minister in London,
Siam. - Phya Suriya, Anibassador; Dr. Ch. Corragioni d'Orelli, Secretary of Legation; M. E. Roliu, Consul-General in Belgium.

Spain. - The Duke de Tetuan, M. de Villa Urrutia, Ambassador at Brussels; M. de Bageur, Minister at The Hague.

Switzerland.-Dr. S. Roth, Minister at the Court of Berlin; Col. A. Kuzli and Mr. E. Odier, both members of the National Council.

Turkey.-Turkhan Pasha, Privy Councilor; Nourey Dey, Secretary-General of the Foreign Office; Abdulla Pasha, Lientenant-General; Rear-Admiral Mehemed Pasha.

United States of Amprica. - Seth Low, President of Colnmbia University; Andrew D. White, Ambassador at Berlin; Stanford Newe!, Minister at The Haguc; ('apt. William Crozier, of the Ordnance Department, U S. A.: Capt. A. T. Mahan, of the navy, and Frerierick Holls as Secretary.

Subsequently delegates also appeared at the Conference from Greece, Luxembourg, Montenegro, Bulgaria, and Mexico, making the total number of countries represented twenty-six.

The work of the Conference had been previously outlined by the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Count Muravieff, as follows:

1. An understanding not to increase for a fixed period the present effective of the armed military and naval forces, and at the same time not to increase the budgets pertaining thereto; a preliminary examiuation of the means by which a reduction might even be effected in future in the forces and budgets above mentioned.
2. To prohibit the use in the armies and fleets of any new kind of firearms whatever, and of new explosives, or any powders more powerful than those now in use either for riles or cannon.
3. To restrict the use in military warfare of the formidable explosives already existing, and to prohibit the throwing of projectiles or explosives of any kind from bs!loons or by any similar means.
4. To prohibit the use in naval warfare of submarine tornedo boats or plungers, or other similar engines of destruction ; to give an undertaking not to construct vessels with rams in the future.
5. To apply to naval warfare the stipulations of the Geneva Convention of 186i, on the basis of the articles added to the Convention of 1868.
6. To neutralize ships and boats employed in saving those overboard during or after an engagement.
7. To revise the declaration concernivg the laws and customs of war elaborated in $18 i 4$ by the Conference of Brussels, whlch has remained unratified to the present day.
8. To accept in principle the employment of the good offices of mediation and facuitative arbitration in cases lending themselves thereto, with the object of preventing armed conflicts between nations; au understanding wlth respect to the mode of applylng these good offices, sod the establishment of a uniform practice in using them.

It is well understood that all questions concerning the political relations of States and the order of things established by treaties, as generally all questions which do not directly fall within the programme adopted by the Cabinets, must be absolutely excluded from the deliberations of the Conference.

The Conference was opened by Queen Wilhelmina, as hostess, and Baron de Staa! as the representative of the Emperor of Russia aud as President of the conference made a formal statement of its business. Three committees were constituted: 1. On Armaments; 2. On Rules of War; 3. On Arbitration. These were subsequently divided into sections to which separate subjects were referred.

On following days presidents and vice-presidents of the committees were chosen. The sections met and considered their subjects and reported to the committees. These in turn accepted or rejected the results of the sections and reported to the C'onference, which acted upon their conclusions.

## THE RESULTS.

In reference to armaments, the opinion of the Conference was expressed in the following words: "The Conference considers that the limitation of nilitary charges, weighing upon the world at the present time, is greatly to be desired in the interest of an increase of the material and moral welfare
of humanity," and also, "The Conference is of the opinion that the governments-taking into account the propositions made in this Confereuce-should make a study of the possibility of an agreement concerning the limitation of armed forces on land and sea and of naval budgets.

In the revision of the Laws of War, the lollowing results, among others, were reached: The absolute prohibition of pillage and of the destruction or confiscation of works of art; an elaborate and humane system of regulations concerning the rights, duties, and privileges of prisoners of war; the extension of the Geneva Red Cross rules to naval warfare; the adoption and extension of the laws formulated by the Brussels Conference for the conduct of land warfare.

The proposition of the American delegates that private property, not contraband of war, shall be excepted from capture on the high seas, was not adopted by the Conference. The prohibition of the use of asphyxiating shells and expanding bullets in war was voted for by all the nations except the United States and Great Britain (Portugal abstaining from voting), and, therefore, was not adopted.

## THE COURT OF ARBITRATION.

The most important achievement of the Conference was based on the report of the third committee, which was accepted by the Conference after several modifications-a treaty which, when ratified by the Senate of the United States, constitutes and establishes a court for the arbitration of disputes between nations.

The Arbitration Treaty consists of sixty-one articles, divided into four titles: First, On the Maintenance of General Peace, consisting of one declaratory article; second, On Good Offices and Mediation; third, On International Commissions of Inquiry; fourth, On International Arbitration.

The following is a summary of the treaty:
Article 1.-With the object of preventing, as far as possible, reconrse to force in international relations, the signatory powers agree to use all endeavora to effect by pacific means s settlement of the differences which may arise among them.

Artiele 2.-The signatory powars decide that in cases of serious differences or conflict they will, before appealing to arms, have recourse, so far as circumstances pervit, to the good offices or mediation of one or several friendly powers.

Article 3.-Indepsndently of this, the signatory powers deem it useful that several of the powers not committed to the arbitration scheme shall, on their own initative, offer, as far as circumstances permit, their good offices or mediation to the contending States. The right of offering their good ofices belongs to powers not connected with the conflict, even during the course of hostilities, which act can never be regarded as an unfriendly act.

Article 4.-The part of mediator consiats in reconciling conflicting claims and appeasing resentment which may have arisen between contending States.

Article 5.-The functions of mediator cease from the moment it may be stated by one of the contending parties, or by the mediator himself, that the compromise or basis of an amicable understanding proposed by him has not been accepted.

Article b.-Good offices and mediation bave the exclusive character of counsel, and are devoid of obligatory force.
Article 7. -The acceptance of mediation, unless otherwise stipulated, may have the effect of interrupting the obligation of preparing for war. If the acceptance supervenes after the opening of hostilities it shall not interrupt, unless by a convention of a contrary tenor, military operations that may be proceeding.

Article 8. -The signatory powers agree in recommending the application of special mediation in the event of threatened interruption of pesce between members. Contending States may each choose a power to which they will intrust the mission of entering into a negotiation with a power chosen by the other side with the object of preventing a rupture of pacific relations, or, in the event of hostilities, of restoring peace.

Articles 9 to 14 provide for the institution of an international Commission of Inquiry for the verification of facts in cases of minor disputes not affecting the vital interest or honor of States, but impossible of settlement by ordinary dipiomacy. The report of an Inquiry Commission will not force an arbitral judgment, leaving the contending parties full liberty to either conclude an amicable arrangement on the basis of the report or have recourse ulteriorly to mediation or arbitration.

Articles 15 to 19 set forth the general object of and benefits it is hoped to derive from the arbitration court, and declare that signing the convention implies an undertaking to submit in good faith to arbitral judgment. The summary of the proposed treaty continues:

Article 20 .-With the cbject of facilitating an immediate recourse to arbitration for international differences not regulated by diplomatic means the signatory powers undertake to organize in the following manner a permanent Court of Arbitration, accessible at all times and exercising its functions, unless otherwise stipulated, between the contending parties in conformity with the rules of procedure inserted in the preseat conveution.

Article 21. This court is to have competency in all arbitration cases, unless the contending parties come to an understanding for the establishment of special arbitration jurisdiction.

Article 22.-An international bureau established at The Hague and placed under the direction of a permanent SecretaryGeneral will serve as the office of the court. It will be the intermediary for communications concerning meetings. The court is to have the custody of archives and the management of all administrative affairs.

Article 23.-Esch of the signatory powers shall appoint within three months of the ratification of the present article not more than four persons of recognized competence in questions of international law, enjoying the highest moral consideration, and prepared to accept the functions of arbitrator. The persons thus nominated will be entered as members of the court on a list, which will be communicated by the bureau to all the signatory powers. Any modification of the list will be brought by the bureau to the knowledge of the signatory powers. Two or more powers may agree together regarding the nomination of one or more members, and the same person may be chosen by different powers. Members of the court are to be appointed for the term of six years. The appointments are renewable. . In case of the death or resignation of a member of the court, the vacancy is to be filled in accordsnce with the regulations made for the original nomination.

Article 24 . -The signatory powers who desire to apply to the court for a settlement of differences shall select from the general list a number of arbitrators, to be fixed by agreement. They will notify the bureau of their intention of applying to the court, and give the names of the arbiurstors they may bave selected. In the absence of a convention to the contrary an arbitral tribunal is to be constituted in accordance with the rules of Article 1. Arbitrators thus nominated to form an arbitral tribunal for a matter or question will meet on the date fixed by the contending pariies.

Article 25.-The tribunal will usually sit at The Hague, but may sit elsewhere by consent of the contending parties.
Article 26.-The powers not signing the convention may apply to the court under the conditions prescribed by the presnt convention.

Article 27.-The signatory powers may consider it their duty to call attention to the existence of the permanent conrt to any of their friends between whom a conflict is threatening, which must always be regarded as a tender of good offices.

The United States delegates attached to their acceptance of Article 27 the following declaration: 'Nothing contained in this convention shall be so consurued as to require the United States of America to depart from its traditional policy of not intruding upon, interfering with, or entangling itself in the political questions or internal administration of any foreign state; nor shall anything contained in said convention be so construed as to require the relinquishment by the United States of America of its traditional attitude toward purely American questions.'

Article 28. - A permanent council, composed of the diplomatic representatives of the signatory powers residing at The Hague and the Netherlands Foreign Minister, who will exercise the functions of President, will be constituted at The Hague as soon as possible after the ratification of the present act. The council will be charged to establish and organize an international bureau, which will remain under its direction and control. The council will notify the powers of the constitution of the court and arrange its installation, draw up the standing orders and other necessary regulations, will decide questions likely to arise in regard to the working of the tribunal, have absolute powers concerning the appointment, suspension, or dismissal of functionaries or employes, will fix the emoluments and salaries, snd control the general expenditure. The presence of five members at duly convened meetings will constitute a quorum. Decisions are to be taken by a majority of the

## THE UNIVERSAL PEACE CONFERENCE OF 1899-Continuled.

votes. The council will address annually io the signatory powers a report of the labors of the conrt, the working of its administrative services, and of its expenditure.

Article 29.-The expenses of the bureau are to be borne by the signatory powers in the proportion fized for the International Bureau of the Universal Postal Union.

Article 30. -The powers who accept arbitration will sign a special act, clearly defining the object of the dispute, as well as the scope of the arbitrators. The powers' act confirms the undertaking of the parties to submit in good faith to the arbitration judgment.

Article 31.-Arbitration functions may be conferred upon a single arbitrator, or on several arbitrators designated by the parties at their discretion, or chos $n$ from smong the members of the permanent court established by the present act. Unless otherwise decided, the formstion of the srbitration tribunal is to be effected as follows: Esch party will appoint two arbitrators, who will choose a chief arbitrator. In case of a division, the selection is to be intrnsted to a third power, whom the parties will desiguate. If an agreement is not effected in this manner, each party is to designate a different power, and the choice of a chief arbitrator is to devolve upon them.

Article 32.-When an arbitrator is a sovereign, or head of a State, the arbitral procedure depends exclusively on his augnst decision.

Article 33 . -The chief arbitrator is President de jure. When the tribunal does not contain a chlef of arbitration, the tribunal may appoint its own President. He may be designated by the contending parties, or, failing this, by the arbitration tribunal.

Articles 34 to 50 provide for the appointment of Conncilors, the selection of the languages to be employed, and the rules of procedure in the court, whose sittings are to be behind closed doors.

Article 51 provides that a judgment agreed to by a majority vote is to be set forth in writing, giving the full reasons, and is to be signed by each member, the namority recording its dissent and signing it. Articles 52 and 53 drect that the decision of the court shall be read at a public sitting in the presence of the agents or couns of the conteuding parties, who shall fiually decide the matter at issue and close the arbitration proceedings

The concluding clanses relate to the revision of proceedings in the case of the discovery of a new fact, and provide that each power shall bear its own expenses and agreed share of the cost of the tribunal without relerence to the penaities imposed.

The Senate of the United States will have to act on the Arbitration Treaty before its acceptance is conclusive as to this couutry.

## Ty) ひlitco Siatce amy camaxa.

TEXT OF THE AGREEMENT FOR TIIE TEMPORARY SETTLEMENT OF THE ALASKA BOUNDARY LINE.
THE following is the text of the modus vivendi negotiated between the State Department of the United States and the British Foreign Ollice, the Anglo-American Joint High Commission to adjust all outstanding questions between the United States and the Dominion of Canada liaving been unable to reach a conclusion at the time of the adoption of this agreement, October 20, 1899:

It is hereby agreed between the Governments of the United States and of Great Britain that the boundary line between Canada and the Territory of Alaska, in the region about the head of Lynn Canal, shall be provisionally fixed without prejudice to the claims of either party in the permanent adjustment of the intermational boundary, as follows:

In the region of the Dalton Trail, a line beginning at the peak west of Porcupine Creek, marked on the Map No. 10 of the United States Commission, December 31,1895 , and on kheet No. Is of the British Commission, December 31, 1S95, with the number 6,500; thence rumning to the Klehini (or Klaheela) River, in the direction of the peak north of the river, marked No. 5,020 on the aforesaid United States map and No. $5,0-25$ on the aforesaid British map; thence following the high or right bank of the said Klehini River to the junction thereof with tlie Chilkat River, a mile and a half, more or less, morth of Klukwan, provided that persons proceeding to or from Porcmpine Creek shall be freely permitted to follow the trail between the said creek and the said junction of the rivers into and aeross the territory on the Canadian side of the temporary line wherever the trail crosses to such side, and subject to such reasonable regulations for the protection of the revenue as the Canadian Governmeat may prescribe, to carry with them over such part or parts of the trail between the said points as may lie on the C'anadian side of the tenaporary line such goods and articles as they desire, without being required to pay any customs duties on such goods and articles, and from said junction to the summit of the peak east of the Chilkat River, marked on the aforesaid Map No. IO of the United states Commission with the number 5,410 , aud on the Map No. 17 of the aforesaid British Commission with the number 5,490 .

On the Dyea and Skaguay irails, the summits of the Chilkoot and White passes.
It is understood, as formerly set forth in communications of the Department of State of the United States, that the citizens or subjects of either power found by this arrangement within the temporary jurisdiction of the other shall suffer $n o$ diminntion of the rights and privileges which they now enjoy.

The Government of the United States will at once appoint an officer or officers, in conjunction with the officer or officers to be named by the Government of Her lBritannic Majesty, to mark the temporary line agreed upon by the erection of posts, stakes, or other appropriate teniporary marks.

THE JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.
The followlng are the members of the United States and British Joint High Commission for the settlement of the outstanding questions between this country and Canada. Since the adoption of tio modus vivendi by the direct action of the Governments of the United States and Great Britain the Commission has held no further sessions, but its duties continue:

On the Part of Great Britain and Canada. - Baron Russell of Killowen, Lord Chief Justice of England, Chairman; Sir Wilfred Lanrier, Premier of Canada; Sir Richard J. Cartwright, Minister of Trade and Commerce; Sir Louis (i. Davies, Minister of Marine and Fisheries; John Charlton, M. P., and Sir James S. Winter, Premier of Newfoundland.

On the Pert of the United States.-United states Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiann, Chairman; United States Stnator Charles J. Fanlkner, of West Virginia; Representativesereno J. Yayne, of New York; John W. Foster, former Secretary of State and ex-Minister to spain, Russia, and Mexico; John A. Kasson, of Iowa,former Minister to Cermany and Austria, and T. Jeflerson Coolidge, of Massachusetts, former Minister to France

Baron Russell succeeded Lord Herscluell, an original member, who died in March, 1899. Senator Fairbanks succeeded Senator Gray, of Delaware, who resigned September, 1898, and Mr. Fayue succefded Mr. Diagley, of Maine, who died January, 1899.

## 

| YEAR. | Total Alien Passengers. | Ytar. | Total Alien Passengers. | Ytap. | Total <br> Immigrants. | YEAR. | Total <br> Immigrants. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1820 | 8.385 | 18 | 89 | 18 | 89 |  |  |
| 1821 | 9,127 |  | 104,565 | 18 | 174,524 | 188 | 603.322 |
| 1822 | 6,911 | 1843 | 52,496 | 1864 | 193,195 |  | 518.592 |
| 1823 | 6.354 | 1844 | 78,615 | 1865 | $247,453$ | 188 | 395,346 |
| 1824 | 7,912 | 1845 | 114,371 | 1866 | 163,594 |  | $334,203$ |
| 182 | 10,199 | 1846 | 154,416 | Fisca | rend'g June 30 | 1888 | - 490,109 |
| 182 | 10,837 | 1847 | 234,968 | 1867 | ..... 298,967 | 1888 | . 546,889 |
| 18 | 18,875 | 1848 | 226.527 |  | 282,189 | 1889 | . 444,427 |
|  | 27.382 | 1849 | 297,024 | 1869 | 352,569 | 1890 | . 455.302 |
| 18 | 22,520 | 1850 | 369,986 | 1870 | 387,203 | 1891 | . 560.319 |
|  | $23.322$ | 1851 | 379,466 | 1871 | 321,350 | 1892 | . 623.084 |
| 1831 | 22,633 | 1852 | 371.603 | $18^{\prime}{ }^{2}$ | 404, 806 | 1893 | 502,917 |
| 1832 | 60,482 | 185 | 368.645 | 1873 | 459.803 | 1894 | . 314,467 |
| 1833 | 58,640 | 1854 | 427,833 | 1874 | 313,339 |  | . 279,948 |
| 1834 | 65,365 | 1855 | 200,877 | 1875 | 227,498 | 1856 | 343,267 |
| 1 18 | 45.374 | 1856 | 195,857 | 1876 | 169,986 | 1897 | 230.832 |
| 18 | 76.242 | 1857 | 246.945 | 1877 | 141,857 | 1898 | 229,299 |
| 1837 | 79,340 | 1858 | 119,501 | 18.8 | 138.469 | 18 | 311,715 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1838 \\ & 1839 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38.914 \\ & 68.069 \end{aligned}$ | 1859 | $\begin{aligned} & 118.616 \\ & 150,237 \end{aligned}$ | 1879 | 6 |  |  |
| $1840$ | 84,066 | 1861 | 89,724 | 1881 | 669,431 | $789$ | $250,$ |

Of the whole number of immigrants in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, 178,748 came through the customs district of New York, 10.735 through Baltimore, 12,271 through Bostou, 8,360 through Philadelphia, 2,274 through San Francisco, and $\dagger 16.911$ through other ports; total, 229,299.

The reported occupations of immigrants arriving during the fiscal year 1898 were as follows: Laborers, 52,531 ; farmers, 16.243 ; servants. 23.656 ; carpenters, 2,904; miners, 1,604 ; clerks, 2,031; tailors, 3,826 ; shoemakers, 3.229 ; blacksmiths, 1.152 . The total number of professional immigrants vas 1.342 ; of skilled laborers. 33,145 ; of miscellaneous, 104,238 ; of no occupation (including women and children), 90,425 ; occupation not stated, 144; total, 229,299. The principal nationality of immigrants in the yearending June 30 , 1899, was: Italian, 98,730 ; Irish, 32,345 ; Polish, 28,466; German, 26,631; Scandinavian, 23, 249; Slovak. 15; 838; English, 10 ; 712.

* Immigrauts from the British North American possessions and Mexico are not included since July 1, 1885.
† Includes 10, 737 through Canada.
NATIONALITY OF IMMIGRANTS BY DECADES, 1841 TO 1890. (Compiled by the Superintendent of the Census.)

| Countries | 1841 to 1850. | 1851 to 1860. | 1861 to 1870. | 1871 to 1880. | 1881 to 1890 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| England | 32,092 | 247,125 | 251,288 | 440.961 | 649,052 |
| Ireland | 780,719 | 914,119 | 456.593 | 444,589 | 655,381 |
| Scotland | 3.712 | 38,331 | 44,681 | 88,925 | 149,856 |
| Wales .............. | 1.261 | 6.319 | 4,642 | 6,779 | 11,990 |
| Great Britain, not specified. . | 229,979 | 132.199 | 349,766 | 7,908 | 11, 147 |
| Total United Kingdom... | 1,047,763 | 1,338,093 | 1,103,970 | 989,163 | 1,466,426 |
| Austria. |  |  | 9,398 | 69,558 | 226,020 |
| Belgium | 5,074 | 4,738 | 7,416 | 7,278 | 17,506 |
| Denmar | 539 | 3,749 | 17,885 | 34,577 | 88.108 |
| France | 77,262 | 76,358 | 37,749 | 73,301 | 50.460 |
| Germany | 434,626 | 951,667 | 822,007 | 757,698 | 1,452,952 |
| Hungary |  |  | 448 | 13,475 | 127.678 |
| Italy | 1.870 | 9.231 | 12,982 | 60.830 | 307,095 |
| Netherlands | 8,251 | 10.789 | 9,539 | 17,236 | 53,701 |
| Norway and Sweden | 13,903 | 20,931 | 117,798 | 226,488 | 560, 483 |
| Russia and Poland | . 656 | 1,621 | 5.047 | 54.606 | 265,064 |
| Spain and Portug | 2,759 | 10,353 | 9,047 | 9,767 | 5.564 |
| Switzerland....... ${ }^{\text {a }}$........ | 4,644 | 25,011 | 23,839 | 31,722 | 81,987 |
| All other countries in Europe | 155 | 116 | 234 | 1. 265 | 22,770 |
| Total Europe. .......... | 1,597,502 | 2,452,657 | 2,180,399 | 2,316,964 | 4,725,814 |
| China | 35 | 41.397 | 68.059 | 122.436 | *59,995 |
| Total | 82 | 41,458 | 68,444 | 123,068 | 63.932 |
| Africa. | 55 | 210 | 324 | 221 | *375 |
| Canada. | 41.723 | 59,309 | 181,713 | 430,210 | 392,802 |
| Mexico. | 3.271 | 3078 | 2,386 | 5,164 | +1,913 |
| Central America. | 368 | 449 | 96 | 1229\} |  |
| South America. | 3.579 | 1.224 | 1.443 | $1.152\}$ | 1.646 |
| WestIndies. | 13,528 | 10.660 | 9.698 | 14.461 | * $\ddagger 26,487$ |
| Total A merica | 62,469 | 74,720 | 198,336 | 451,216 | 422,848 |
| All other countries | 53.143 | 29.169 | 19.249 | 23.226 | 25,759 |
| Aggregate... | 1,713.251 | 2,598,214 | 2,466,752 | 2,944,695 | 5,238,728 |

[^3]
## for 1889

As the reports for British North American Provinces and for Mexico have been discontinued since
1885 by the Treasury Department, the figures here represented only cover five years of the decade. An estimate based upon the immigration of the years from 1881 to 1885 , inclusive, would give 785,604 to British North America for the decade from 1881 to 1890, and 3,826 to Mexico, making the aggregate for A merica 817,563 , instead of 422,848 .

Mulhall estimates the number of individuals who emigrated from Europe in 73 years, 1816 to 1888, at 27.205,000. Of these, 15.000,000 went to the United States. From 1890 to 1896 he gives $5,395,000$ emigrants, of which $2,924,000$ went to the United States.

The following was specially prepared for The World A lasanac for 1900 by the Census Office:
The next census, to be talken in July, 1900, will be the Twelfth Census of the Uuited States since the adoption of the Constitution. The act providing for taking the Twelfth Census was passed during the closing days of the Fifty- fifth Congress, and became a law March 3,1899 .

The first and second censuses, taken in 1790 and 1800 respectively, were simply an enumeration of the population for the purpose of determining the basis of representation in Congress. Since 1810 the census has been extended in scope in compliance with the demands of the public for statistics concerning various subjects, until in 1890 it covered fifteen or sixteen general topics.

The act providing for the taking of the Twelfth Census malkes considerable change in the methods heretofore pursued. In the first place, it will be well to call attention to the fact that the act of March 3, 1899, recognizes and makes a proper division of the worls into administrative and statistical branches. The act provides for a general staff to take charge of the work, namely, a Director, an Assistant Director, five Chief statisticians, a Chief Clerk, a Disbursing Clerli, and Geographer. The act does not require that the Director of the Census shall be a statistician, but provides that the Assistant Director shall be an experienced, practical statistician, and it is contemplated by the act that he shall practically supervise the gathering of the statistics and their proper publication under the superiutendence of the Director.

THE DIRECTOR OF THE CENSUS AND HIS OFFICIAL STAFF.
The following generat officers have been appointed to superintend the taking of the census: Hon. William R. Merriam, of St. Paul, Minn, Director; Dr. F. H. Wines, of Illinols, Assistant Jirector; Mr. W. C. Hunt, of the District of Columbia, Chief Statisticiau in charge of the Population Division; Mr. I. G. Powell, of Minnesota, Chief Statistician in charge of the Agricultural Division; Mr. S. N. D. North, of Massachusetts, Chief Statistician in charge of Manufactures; Mr. W. A. King, of the District of Columbia, Chief Statistician in charge of Vital Statistics; Prof. W. A. Wilcox, of cornell University, Chief Statistician in charge of Methods and Results; Mrr. Edward McCauley, District of Columbia, Disbursing Clerk; Mr. A. F. Childs, District of Columbia, Chief Clerk, and Mr. Henry Ganuett, District of Columbia, Geographer.

The Chief Statisticians will have immediate charge of the work in connection with the collection and publication of the statistics concerning the subjects assigned to them. The Geographer's most important duty is to divide the country into enumerators' districts.

THE SCOPE OF THE CENSUS.
The subjects to be covered by the Twelfth Census are not as numerous as those undertaken by the Eleventh Census. The census proper will be limited to four general subjects, namely, population, agriculture, mortality, and manufactures, being those in which the information to be obtained must be secured either wholly or for the greater part by house-to-holse canvass of the enumerators. The act provides that the reports of these subjects shall be designated as and coustitute the "Census Reports," and requires that such reports shall be publizhed not later than the 1st of July, 1902. A number of subjects of investigation in the Tenth and Eleventh Censnses are omitted, but only those upon which statistics are collected and published by other branches of the Government, such as railroad transportation, information in regard to fisheries, water power, etc.

After the work on the four general subjects above referred to is completed the Director of the Census is authorized to collect statistics relating to special classes, including the insane, feebleminded, deaf, dumb, and blind; to crime, pauperism, and benerolence, including prisoners, paupers, juv nile delinquents, and inmates of benevolent and reformatory institutions; to deaths and births in registration areas; to social statistics of cities; to public indebtedness, valuation, taxation, and expenditures; to religious bodies; to electric light and power, telephone, and telegraph business; to transportation by water, express business, and street railways; to mines, mining, and minerals. The reports relating to minos, mining, and minerals must be published on or before July 1, 1903. The reports on these subjects shall be designated as "Special Reports of the Census Olfice.

On all subjects of inquiry the subjects will be simplified as much as possible, and much matter which has heretofore been included, but which never reached any practical statistical results, will be dropped, and the work concentrated upon lines which will produce statistics of recognized value.

THE LOCAL SUPERVISORS.
The enumeration will be superintended by three hundred local supervisors, two of whom have been appointed for the district of Alaska and one for the Ha waiian Islands. The Census act does not contemplate a census of the Philippine Islands, Porto Rico, nor Cuba. The census which is now being taken in Cuba and Porto Rico is being done uader the direction of the War Department, as the islands are being governed by the military arm of the Government. Each supervisor will have charge of a certain territory or district, consisting of a number of counties, or, in some cases, one county only, and in others a whole state.

The Geographer of the Census Office, as before suggested, has charge of the division of the superVisors' districts into enumerators' districts, and at the present writing has completed the division of the 300 supervisors' districts. The law provides that each Supervisor of Census shall be charged with the performance, within his own district, of the following duties: To consult with the Director of the census in regard to the division of his district into sub-divisions most convenient for the purpose of enumeration; to designate to the Director suitable persons and, with the consent of the Director, to employ such persons as enumerators within his district; to communicate to enumerators the necessary instructions and directions relating to their duties; to examine and scrutinize the returns of the enumerators, and in event of discrepancies or deficiencies appearing in the returns for his district, to use all diligence in cansing the same to be corrected and supplied; to forvard to the Director of the Census the completed returns for his district in such time and manner as shall be prescribed by the Director, and to nake upand forward to the Census Orfice the accounts required for ascertaining the amount of compensation due to each enumerator in his district. The compensation of the supervisors will be not less than the sum of $\$ 1,000$, which sum is to be in full compensation for all services rendered and expenses incurred by them. There are only three or four supervisors in the country who will make more than $\$ 1,000$.

THE ENUMERATORS.
The sub-divisions assigned to the enumerators will generally agree with the minor civil divisions of the country, such as townships, villages, election districts, wards, precincts, etc, as they are variously designated in different States; and while the supervisors prepare the original sclieme for the creation of enumeration districts, the office must, in the mean time, ascertain the correct description of every one of the minor civil divisions referred to in the whole country, and be prepared to correct, if necessary, the work of the supervisors in this direction. This part of the woik forms practically the basis of the whole enumeration.

The enumerator will be charged with the collection in his sub-division of the facts and statistics
required by the population schedule and such other schedules as the Director of the Census may determine shall be used by him in connection with the taking of the census. The enumerators, as is well known, make a house-to-house canvass to obtain the information desired by the Census Bureav. In the largest cities of the country the collection of statistics concerning manufacturing establishments will be withdrawn from the enumerators and placed in charge of special agents. It is desired by the Census Office that these special agents shall be men who are familiar with the particular subject or subjects assigned to them, and as far as possible have a technical knowledge of the same.

The industries of the country have been grouped into sixteen classes, such as, first, food and kindred products; second, textiles; third, iron and steel and their products; fourth, lumber and its remanulactures; fifth, leather and its finished products, etc. An expert special agent, who has a thorough knowledge of the subject, will be placed in charge of one of these groups, and he will have general supervision of the woriz in connection with his sub-division, under the direction of the Chief Statistician in charge of manufactures.

COMPENSATION OF TEE ENUMERATOPS.
The compensation of the enumerators will be ascertained aad fixed by the Director of the Census, in the following manner: In sub-divisions where he shall deem such allowance sufficient, an allowance of not less tha, two nor more than three cents for each living inhabitant and for each death reported; not less than 15 nor more than 20 cents for each farm; and not less than 20 nor more than 30 cents for each establishment of productive industry enumeraied and returned may be given in full compensation for all services. For all other sub-divisions per diem rates skall be fixed by the Director of the Census, according to the difficulty of enumeration, having reference to the nature of the region to be canvassed and the deusity or sparseness of settlement, or other considerations pertinent thereto; but the compensation allowed to any enumerator in any such district shall not be less than $\$ 3$ nor more than $\$ 6$ per day of ten hours' actual field work each. The sub-divisions to which the several rates of compensution shall apply shall be designated by the Director of the Census at leasitwo weeks in advance of the enumeration. No claim for mileage or travelling expenses shall be allowed any enumerator in either class of sub-divisions, except in extreme cases, and then only when authority has been previously granted by the Director of the Census, and the decision of the Director as to the amount due any enumerator shall be final. The specia' agent will receive a compeusation of $\$ 4$ to $\$ 6$ per day and actual nscessary travelling expenses, aud an allowance in lieu of subsistence not exceeding $\$ 3$ per day during his necessary absence from his usual place of residence.

HOW THE CIENSUS WILL BE CANVASSED.
The returns from the supervisors will commence to come in by the middle of July, $\mathbf{1 9 0 0}$, and as the canvass approaches completion, will be received by the carload. As the schedules are received, they must be sorted, arranged, counted, and stored ready for tabulation by thedifferent civisions; the delinquent enumerators and missing schedules must be hunted up and looked after; the accounts of the supervisors and enumerators closed and paid, and the odds and ends of the work finished.

The information on the enumerators' sheets will be transferred in the Census Office to cards, about three by six inches in size. This is done for the purpose of tabulating the information in the electrical counting or tabulating machines. Bricfly, the plan is first to prepare a card for each person enumerated, sliowing all the characteristics of such person. The cards used for this purpose are about three by six inches and are printed with letters and symbols arranged so that by punching holes in the proper spaces a description is obtained of tine race, sex, color, age, conjugal condition, birthplace of person, of father, mother, years in the United States, occupation, school attendance, etc. These cards, though only seven-thousandths of an inch in thickness, would form a stack, if piled one on the other, about nine miles high and will weigh about two hundred tons.

This transcript of the original returns of the enumerators to the punched cards will be done with small machines something like a typewriter, called "keyboard•punches." About one thousand of these keyboard punches will be used and the entire work of transcribing the seventy-five millions or more individual records will be done in about one hundrsd working days, or nearly four months. These punched record cards are then counted or tabulated in the electrical tabulating machines. These machines are provided with a circuit-closing device into which the cards are rapidly fed one by one. The holes in the cards coutyol the electric circuits through anumber of counters which will as desired count the simple facts as to the number of males, of females, etc., or the most complicated combination which the statistician may ask for. After the cards for a given district are thus passed through the tabulating machines we know the number of native-born white males of voting age; we know the number of white children under five years of age born in this country with both parents native-born, or the number of such children with one or both parents foreign-born. In short, it is simply a question for the statisticians to decide the information wanted and the electrician to make the proper connection from the counters and relays to the circuit-controlling device into which the cards are fed. The methods employed for checking the proper working of the machinesare ingenious and interesting. If the card is not completely punched, or if some item has been overlooked, or if it is not properly fed to the machine, or is placed upside down, or, in fact, if everything is not all right, the machine refuses to work and the card is rejected; neither will the machine work if the circuits controlling device is operated without a card in place. It is hoped by the means suggested to count the seventy-three or four million of penjle and glke the results to the country by ! ree last days of the vear 1900. There will be about 1, 850 clerks employer in handling the cards and in using the tabnlating machines, preparing the work to go to the printing office.

## A CENSUS OFFICE BUILDING,

A contract has been entered into between the Director of the Census and a citizen of the District of Columbia, for the construction of a building in which the Census Office will be located. In the last census the office force was scattered among nine or ten buildings, which, of course, precluded a properand efficient handling of the office force. It was deemed proper to obtain a building which would contain the entire force, as the law requires that the census work nroper shall be finished in two years, and this necessitates the hardest and most efficient kind of work. It is expected that the building will be completed about January 1, 1900, and soon after the first of the year the headquarters of the Census Office will be moved into the new building.

The absolute necessity of baving no delay with the printing and binding of the Census Report makes it requisite that the Census Bureau should have its own printing office. Provision has, therefore, been made in the new building for a printing department.

The task of counting and tabulating the census returns will require an enormous office force. It is expected that nearly 2,800 people will be employed. in the Census Bureau for some time after July, 1900. The Census act provides that all perans employed in the burean, above the grade of skilled laborers, shall be appointed subject to an examination. A series of examinations is being condncted in various cities of the country for the purpose of obtaining a competent clerical force, and it is sincerely hoped that the results obtained will be such as to jus jify the large expenditure which will be made in taking the enumeration and publishing the returns。

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(Revised for this issue of THE WORld Almanac by the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission.)
THE purpose of the Civil Service act, as declared in its title, is "toregulate and improve the Civil Service of the United States." It provides for the appointment of three Commissioners, a chief Examiner, a Secretary, and other employés, and makes it the duty of the Commissioners to aid the President as he may request in preparing suitable rules for carrying the act into effect: to make regulations to govern all examinations held under the provisions of the act, and to make investigations and report upon all matters touching the enforcement and effect of the rules and regulations. The address of the Commission is Washington, D. C.

## EXTENT OF THE SERVICE.

The number of positions in the Executive Civil Service of the United States on June 30, 1896, was 178,884 , of which 79,988 were classified competitive positions, and 98,896 were unclassified or excepted. By the President's order of May 29, 1899, all deputy collectors of internal revenue were excepted from competitive examination, and all office and field deputies in offices of United States marshals were excluded from classification. These and other exceptions and exclusions under the order above mentioned, together with the growth of the service. from natural causes and the exigencies of the SpanishAmerican war, will alter these figures somewhat; but complete data of a later date is not available.

## DIVISIONS OF THE SERVICE.

The rules require that all that part of the Executive Civil Service of the United States which has been or may hereafter be classified under the Civil Service act ahall be arranged in branches as follows: The Departmental Service, the Customs Service, the Postal Service, the Government Printing Service, and the Internal Revenue Service.

The Departmental Service includes all officers and employés who on the one hand are not appointed subject to the consent of the Senate, and on the other hand are above the grade of laborer, and who are serving in or on detail from the Departments, Commissions, and Offices in the District of Columbia, the Railway Mail Service, the Indian Service, the Pension Agencies, the Steamboat Inspection Service, the Marine Hospital Service, the Light-House Service, the Life-Saving Service, the Revenue Cutter Service, the Mints and Assay offices, the Sub-Treasuries, the Engineer Department at large, the Ordnance Department/at large, the Land Ofice Service, and the force employed under Custodians of Public Buildings, and in the U. S. Penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan. In addition to these ars included all other employés (except laborers and persons whose appointments are subject to the consent of the Senate) whose duties are clerical or medical, or who serve as watchmen, messengers, draughtsmen, engineers, firemen, computers, or as superintendents of construction, superintendents of repairs, or foremen under the Supervising Architect of the Treasury, or who are in any branch of the Treasury Department not enumerated above. The Customs Service includes all officers and employes between the extremes before mentioned who are serving in any customs district. The Postal Service includes all similar otfices and employés at free-delivery post-cffices. The Government Printing Service and the Internal Revenve Service cover all like positions in the branches indicated by their designations.

## APPLICATIONS.

Persons seeking to be examined must file an application blank. The blank for the Departmental Service at Washington, Railway Mail Service, tbe Indian School Service, and the Government Printing Service should be requested directly of the Ciril Service Commission at Washington. The blank for the Customs, Postal, or Internal Revenue Service must be requested in writing of the Civil Service Board of Examiners at the office where service is sought. These papers should be returned to the officers from whom they emanated

Applicants for examination must be citizens of the United States, and of the proper age. No person using intoxicating liquors to excess may be appointed. No discrimination is made on account of do not apply to any person honorably discharged from the military or naval service of the United States by reason of disability resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty.

## EXAMINATIONS.

The applicants to enter the services designated are examined as to their relative capacity and fitness. For ordinary clerical places in the Departmental, Customs, and Internal Revenue Services the examination is confined to orthography, penmanship, copying, letter-writing, and simple arithmetic. Patent exaniners are examined in physics and technics, mathematics, chemistry, and mechanical drawing. Meat inspectors are examined in letter-writing, veterinary anatomy and physiology, veterinary pathology, and meat inspection. One ot the tests for post-office and railway mail clerks is an exercise in reading manuscript addresses. Specimen sets of questions will be furnished by the Commission upon request. Examinations are held twice a year in every State and Territory at fixed times and places. All examinations relate as nearly as possible to the duties to be performed, and, wherever practicable, include experience and practical tests. No applicant is admitted to an examination in any one of the different recognized trades, such as those in the Government Printing Office, unless he has had five years' experience in his trade, one year of which must have been as a journeyman. This information is obtained by personal questions relating to the applicant's experienceat his trade and the certificates of persons who have employed him. No one is certified for appointment whose standing in any examination is less than $i 0$ per centum of complete proficiency, except applicants whose claims for military or naval preference under Section 1.754 R . S. have been admitted. These need ohtain but 65. The law also prescribes competitive examinations for promotion in the service A certificate is given to each person examined, stating whether be passed or failed to pass. For positions in the classified service where technical qualifications are needed special examinations are held In the Departinental Service they are hold for the State Department, the Pension, Patent, and Weather Bureaus, Geological and Coast Surveys, Engineer Department at lorge, Ordnance Department at large, etc. For places which do not require technical qualifications the number of applicents is usually excessive, and only those who ai qin high grades have a good chance for appointment. There is always a good demand for male stenographers.

UNITED STATES EXECTIIVE CIVIL SERVICE-Continued.

## EXCEPTED PLACES.

Among the places excepted from examination or subject only to non-competitive examination are the following: Two private secretaries or confidential clerks to the President and each of the heads of departments; one for each head of bureau appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, if authorized by law; all persons appointed solely by the President; attorneys, assistant attorneys, and special assistant attorneys. The excepted positions throughout the departments were increased in number by the President's order of May 29, 1899, but are too diverse to summarize and too numerous to menticn here specitically.

## APPOINTPENTS.

Upon the occurrence of a vacancy, the appointment to fill it, if not made by promotion, reduction, transfer, or reinstatement (for all of which provision is made by the Civil Service rules), must be made by selection from the eligibles of highest grade on the appropriate register. In the Executive Departments at Washington and in the Government Printing Office a ppointments are a pportioned amoug the States and Territories on the basis of population. Every appointment is made for a probationary period of siz months. Whenever there are no names of eligibles upon a register for any position in which a vacancy exists, and the public interest requires that it be filled before eligibles can be provided by the Commission, such vacancy may, subject to the approval of the Commission, be filled by appointment without examination and certification until an eligible can be provided by the Commission. The number of women applying for clerical places is greatly in excess of the calls of appointing officers. The positions to which the largest numbers of them are appointed are those of assistant microscopist in the branch offices of the Bureau of Animal Industry at the various stockyards throughout the country, and teachers, matrons, seamstresses, etc., in the Indian Service. A few receive appointments as stenographers and typewriters in the Departmental Service, and a few are appointed to technical and professional places.

## PREFERENCE CLAIMANTS.

Persons who served in the military or naval service of the United States, and were discharged by reason of disabilities resulting from wounds or sickness incurred in the line of duty, are, muder the Oivil Service rules, given certain preferences. They are released from all maximum age limitations, are eligible for appointment at a grade of 65, while all others are obliged to obtain a grade of 70, and are certified to appointing ofticers before all others. Subject to the other conditions of the rules, a veteran of the rebellion or of the war with Spain, or the widow of any such person, or any army nurse of either war, may be reinstated without regard to the length of time he or she has been separated from the service.

## PROVISIONS CORCERNINC POLITICAL DISCRIMINATION, ASSESSMERTS,ETC.

The Civil Service rules provide that no person in the Executive Civil Service shall dismiss, or cause to be dismissed, or make any attempt to procure the dismissal of or in any manner change the official rank or compensation of any other person therein, because of his political or religious opinions or affiliations; that no removal shall be made from any position subject to compctitive examination except for just cause and upon written charges filed with the head of the department or other appointing officer, and of which the accused shall have full notice and an opportunity to make defence; and that no person in the Executive Civil Service shall use his official authority or official influence foi the purpose of interfering with an election or controlling the result thereof. Such rules also provide that any person in the Executive Civil Service who shall wilrully violate any provision of the Civil Service act or rules shall be dismissed from ofnce.

The Civil Service act contains provisions forbidding any person in the service of the United States from levying upon or collecting from persons in the Executive Civi! Service contributions to be devoted to political objects, the collection of such contributions by any person in any public building of the United States, or discrimination against persons who do not make such contributions or render political service. A violation of any of the provisions concerning political assessinents, or their collection in a public building of the United States, is declared to be a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding three gears, or by such fine and imprisonment both in the discretion of the court. The act also declares that when rules to carry its provisions into effect shall bave been promulgated, "it shall be the duty of all officers of the United States in the departments and offices to which any such rules may relate, to aid, in all proper ways, in carrying said rules, and any moditications thereof, into effect."

## POLITICAL ACTIVITY OF OFFICIALS.

An executive order of July 14, 1886, which is still in force, warns office-holders that, while individual interest and activity in political affairs are by no means condemned, they must bear in mind that their time and labor are due to the Government, and that they should scrupulously avoid, in their political action as well as in the discharge of their official duty, offending, by obtrusive partisanship, their neighbors who have relations with them as public officials.

## THE UNCLASSIFIED EXECUTIVE CIVIL SERVICE.

The portion of the Executive Civil Service which is not classified embraces the following: All officers nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate, including members of the Oabinet, assistant secretaries, certain chiets of bureaus, etc., in the Executive Departments at Washington, oollectors, naval officers, survejors, and appraisers in the Customs Service, collectors in the Internal Revenue Service, and first, second, and third class postmasters. Otber uclassified positions are fourth class postmasters, the employés of the District of Columbia, the employés of the Library of Oongress, clerks in post-offices not having free delivery, mere laborers and workmen, certain positions having a compensation of less than $\$ 300$ a year, and the Consular Service. Examinations for positions in the service last named are non-competitive, and conducted by a board of the Department of State.

A considerable number of positions were excluded from classification by the President's order of May 29, 1899, principally in the Departments of the Interior, War, and Navy outside of Washington.

##  THIRD (SECOND REGULAR) SESSION.

THE principal bills of a public nature which became laws during the third session (the preceding session having been a special session, begiuning March 15, 1897, and the first regular session beginning December 6, 1897) of the Fiity-fifth Congress were as follows:

An act providing for a National Exposition of American products and manufactures at the city of Philadelphia, for the encouragement of the export trade. December 21, 1898.

An act granting extra pay to officers and enlisted men of United States Volunteers. January 12, 1899.

An act providing for additional Circuit Judges in the Fifth and Sixth Judicial Circuits. January 25, 1899 .

An act to establish \& national military park to commemorate the campaign, siege, and defence of Vicksburg. February 21, 1899.

An act providing an additional Circuit Judge in the Third Judicial Circuit. February 23, 1899.
An act to provide for an appropriate national celebration of the establishment of the seat of government in the District of Columbia. February 28, 1899. The President was authorized to appoint a committee of citizens from the country at large to act with a committee appointed by Congress to prepare plans for the celebration, and $\$ 10,000$ was appropriated for the purpose. [See page 153.]

An act to supplement and amend an act, entitled, "An act for the erection of a new CustomHouse in the City of New York, and for other purposes, " approved March 3, 1891. March 2, 1899. Authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to acquire the Bowling Green site and to prepare plans for a new Custom-Honse at a cost not to exceed $\$ 3,000,000$. The present Custom-Hnuse property ou Wall Street to be sold for not less than $\$ 3,000,000$.

An act for the investigation of leprosy. March 2, 1999.
An act for increasing the efficiency of the Army of the United States, and for other purposes. March 2, 1899. [The Provisional Army act.]

An act making an appropriation to carry out the obligations of the treaty between the United states and Spain, concluded December 10, 1898. Narch 2. 1899.

Anact to set aside a portion of certain lands in the State of Vashington, now known as the Paclfic Forest Reserve asa public park. to be known as the Mount Ramier National Park. March 2, 1809.

An act creating the office of Admiral of the Navy. March 2, 1899. The President was authorized to appoint an Admiral of the Navy, who shall not be placed on the retired list except upon his own application, and when the Admiral dies the office ceases to exist.

An act to reorganize and increase the efficiency of the persounel of the Navy and Marine Corps of the United States. March 3. 1809 (The NavF Personnel act.)

An act for the protection of birds. preservation of game, and for the prevention of its sale during certain ciosed seasons in the District of Columbia. March 31899.

Anact to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on Sunday in the District of Columbia. Warch 3, 1899 .

An act to provide for taking the twelfth and subsequent censuses. March $3,1899$.
An act to eticourage the holdlug of a Pau American Exposition on the Niagara frontier, within the county of Erie or Niagara, in the State of New York, in the year 1901. March 3, 1899

An act to encourage the bolding of the Ghio Centennial and Northwest Territory Exposition at the city of Toledo. O. Murch 31899 The expositlou is to be held in 1902 or 1903 , as the Ohio Legislature may determine and display the resources of the United States, the Philippines, Cuba, Hawaif,
and Porto Rico The other countries of America ate to be invited to exhibit. The United States and Porto Rico. The other countries of Am
Government will contribute aspecial exhibit

An act to amend an act entitled. "An act to relmburse the Governors of States and Territorles ror expenses incurred by them in aiding the United States to raise and organize and equip the Volunteer Army of the United States in the existing war with Spain,", approved July 8, 1898, and for other purposes. Narch 3. 1899 .

The principal measures before the Fifty-fifth Congress which failed to become laws were: To establish a territorial government in Hawail; to establish a code of laws in Alaska; to prohibit unauthorized dealing in railroad tickets by \&calpers; to establish a government armor plateplant; to provide for a Pacific ocean telegraph cable; to provide for a subsidy to promote shipbuilding, and sev eral monetary reform bills which were reported from committees to the House of Representatives.


|  | 1893. | 1894. | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899. | 1900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Deficl | \$14,934, 1 cs | \$21,226,495 | \$9,450,820 | \$8,519,981 | \$13,900,106 | \$8,594,417.64 | $\overline{347,165,001.82}$ | \$46,892,724.75 |
| Legislative, Executive, and Judicial.. | 21.901066 | 21,866,303 | 21,343,977 | 21,885.818 | 21,519,751 | 21 690,766.90 | 21,625,846.65 | 23,394,051.86 |
| Sundry Civil. | 26.854625 | 27.550,158 | 25,856.432 | 35,096.045 | 29.812,113 | 34,314,970.47 | 33,997,752.70 | 39,381,733.86 |
| Support of the Army | 24, 309, 500 | 24.235 6311 | 23.592.885 | 23,252.608 | 23,278,403 | 23,129,344.30 | 23,193,392.00 | 80.430.204.06 |
| Naval Servlce...... | 23,543.26 | 22104061 | 25,366,827 | 29,416.077 | 30,562,661 | $33.003,234.19$ | 56,098,783.68 | 48,099,969.58 |
| Indian Serrice. | 7.66+.068 | 7,884,240 | 10,754,733 | 8,762.751 | 7,390.497 | 7.674,120.89 | 7 673,854.90 | 7.501,775.81 |
| Pivers and Harbors. | 22.065.218 | 14,166,153 | $20,043,180$ | 11.452,115 | 15944,147 | 19,266, 412.91 | 14,492,469.56 | 25,100,038.94 |
| Forts \& Fortiticatious | $2.734, \cdots$ | 2,210.055 | 2427,004 | 1,904,558 | 7,377,888 | 9,517,141.00 | 9,377.494.00 | 4,9^9,902.00 |
| Military Academy. | , | -432,556 | 406,535 | 461, 262 | 449,520 | 479,572.83 | 453,689.23 | 575,774.47 |
| Post-Office Depart... | Indefinite. | Indefinite | Indefinite. | Indefivite. | Indefinite. | Indefinite | Indefinlte. | Indefinite. |
| Pensions. | 140̂, 737.350 | 166.531,356 | 151.581,570 | 141,351,570 | 141,328,580 | 141.263.880 00 | 141, 233,830.00 | 145,233.830.00 |
| Consular sad Diplom. | 1,604,312 | 1,557,445 | 1.864,787 | 1,574,459 | 1,643,559 | 1,695,308.76 | 1.752,208.76 | 1,714,533.76 |
| Agricultural Depart. . | 3,233,061 | 3,323,500 | 3,226,915 | 3,303,750 | 8,255,532 | 3,182,902.06 | 3,509,202.00 | 8.726,022.00 |
| District ot Columbia. | 5,317,361 | 5,413,224 | 5 544, 297 | 5,745, 443 | 5,900,319 | 6,186,991.06 | 6,426,880.07 | 6,834,535 77 |
| Miscellaneous.. | $3.381,019$ | 520,666 | 623,858 | 297,668 | 423,304 | 1,150,464, 59 | 6,044,898.26 | 28,721,653.41 |
| Totals | SU4,710,1981 | 19.011 .817 | 301.788,520 | 93,057,105 | \$302 756,386 | 311,179,557.51 | $673,050,293.60$ | 842,509,750.27 |

## State fegislation if 1899.

THE following summary of the more important legislation effected by State Legislatures in 1899 is compiled from the address of the Hon. Charles F. Manderson, of Nebraska, presiding oficer, before the American Bar Association in August, 1899:

Alabama.-Primary elections are guarded and frauds thereat punished.
Game laws of stringent character have been epacted and song birds are protected.
A full system of quarantine is established.
When receiver of corporations is appointed, labor wages shall be preferred claims.
A dispensary law for the sale of liquor has been passed.
Detaching or uncoupling trains, palling bell corils or emergency valves, obstructing tracks, interfering with switches or slgnals without authority, stealing a ride, or discharging firearms from trains, are all made misdemeanors.

A license tax on nearly ail occupations has been provided for.
Cotton and other agricultural products and pig iron are exempt from taxation in the hands of the producers or purchasers for prompt shipment.

Arizona. - Age of consent has been ralsed from fourteen to seventeen years.
Eminent domain may be exercised by pipe-line companies.
Exemption to heads of families reduced from $\$ 1,000$ to $\$ 500$ personal property, and homesteads from $\$ 4,000$ to $\$ 2,500$.

It is made a misdemeanor to deface or show disrespect to the National flag.
Property acquired by either husband or wife during marriage is declared common property, and can only be alienated by both joining in the deed.

Compulsory education in schoois is required.
Railroacis commenced within one yearand constructed at the rate of twenty-five miles each year are exempt from taxation for ten years, and when canals and reservoirs for distribution of water for mining, manufacturing, and agricultural purposes shall be commenced withiu one year they shall be exempt for fifteen years.

Arkansas.-The people in 1900 vote upon an amendment authorizing surety companies to be taken on ofticial bonds.

Physicians and trained nurses cannot be compelled to testify as to information from a patient.
Cigarettes mist not be sold or given to any person under twenty-one years of age, nor tobacco to a minor under fifteen.

Mills and factories must pay employés in currency, and for advance payments must not discount more than 10 per cent per annum.

Coal must be weiglied before screening as the basis for miners' pay.
A railroad commission is established with power to fix rates and maintain control and supervision over railroads.

Physiology and hygiene must be taught in schools with special reference to the effect of alcohol upon the human system.

Marriage following seduction does not terminate prosecution, which shall be renewed if party abandons wife, who may be a witness against her husband.

An anti-trust law was passed.
California. - Constitutional amendments are to be submitted reducing the Supreme Court from seven to five Judges, providing three Courts of Appeal and defining the jurisdiction of said courts; giving the Legislature power to control primary elections; exempting Stanford University and Lick School, church property, and State, county, and district bonds from taxation.

Much legislation was had in regard to the charters of municipalities. Prominent among them are the following, regarding San Francisco: The legislative power i- lodged in eighteen supervisors elected at large. The Mayor presides and has the power of veto, but such veto may be overridden by fourteen votes. If 15 per cent of the voters petition for a particular ordinance to be voted upon, it must be submitted, and if a majority of votes favor it it becomes a law at once. Every ordinance granting a franchise or for lease or sale of any public utility must be submitted to a vote. The city charter is amendable by vote of the people. No street railiroad franchises shall be granted for more than twenty-five years and must be advertised and bid for. No bid shall be received for less than 3 per cent of the gross receiptsfor the first five years. The city retains the right to regulate fares. it is declared to be the purpose of the city to acquire and nltimately own all its public utilities and the charter points out the steps to be taken to acquire such ownership.

It is unlawful to publish, without consent of party, the portrait of any living person except those holding office or convicted of crime.

A fine is imposed for publishing an article tlackening the memory of the dead, or impeaching the honesty, integrity, virtue, or reputation of the living, or calling attention to their natural or alleged defects, unless the name of the author is attached to the matter printed.

Coloredo.-Constitutional amendment will be voted upon in 1900, changing the method of adopting amendments to the Constitution.

For Irrigating and domestic purnoses a large amount has been appropriated to sink artesian wells. The State is to build a State bicycle path between points named in the act.
Bicycles and sewing machines are made exempt fiom seizure for debt.
A State Game and Fish Commission is to be appointed with extraordinary powers.
Three-fourths of the jury may render verdicts in all civil causes.
A State Board of Library Commissioners is created. Cities may levy a tax for public libraries.
Compulsory education is required.
Connecticut.-Constitutional amendments were proposed providing that a plurallty of votes shall elect State officers and fixing the minimun and maximum number ot state Senators.

Divorces petitioned for to the General Assembly must receive attention from the Attorney-General. In divorce roceedings the court mas direct notice to non-resident defendants.

Adulteration of food is punished. No bakery shall be in*a cellar and all shall be inspected.
No child under fourteen years of age shall be employed during school hours. No employe shall be coerced not to join a labor organizatfon. The Inspector of Factories is to examine all factories and workshops and see that they are well ventilated, that the machinery is well guarded and sanitary condition perfect.

A Highway Commission is created to supervise and control all state roads. Wide tires shall be used on heavy vehicles.

Compulsory attendance is required in schools.
Delaware.-A State Board of Agriculture and Horticulture is created. Orchards and nursery stock are to be inspected, and penalties inflicted for selling stock subject to insects, pests, or disease.

An elaborate law has been enacted authorizing in very liberal fashion the incorporation of any organization or combination except tor banking purposes.

The state Board of Health is authorized to establish a Pathological and Bacteriological Laboratory to prevent the spread of infectious diseases. Candy shall not be adulterated. The State Medical Council may revoke physicians' licenses for persistent inebriety, conviction of crime, practising criminal abortion, or publicly advertising special ability to treat or cure chronic incurable diseases.

Florida.-A State Bureau of Vital Statistics is created. The State Board of Health is continued, and is to examine all lodging-houses coutaining ten rooms or more and regulate their sanitary condition.

A fire insurance '" valued policy"' law has been passed.
A State Board of Eclectic Medical Examiners is to be appointed by the Governor to examine graduates of the eclectic schools only.

The Railroad Commission is given enlarged powers and can fix rates. Common carriers must give ticket-agent certificate of authority to sell tickets, and all other persons are forbidden to sell the same. Firing guns from trains is forbidden, and it is made a misdemeanor to "beat one's way" on a railroad.
(feorgia.-A most interesting piece of legislation, action under which will be watched with much interest, is that creating a Commission of the Governor, State Treasurer, and ComptrollerGeneral, which is to create and issue State bank notes, to be furnished to state banks to the extent of not exceeding 75 per cent of their paid-up capital. These notes are to be a first lien upon the bank's assets, and stockbolders are liable for their redemption to an amount equal to the capital stock owned. A reserve fund of 25 per cent of its outstanding notes shall be kept on hand in legal tender notes or specie. If the United States Government shall attempt to collect the tax of 10 per cent upon State bank notes, provided by the Federal law, the Attorney-General is required to test the constitutionality of the Federal statute.

Idalio. - Constitutional amendment is to be voted upon authorizing the investment of the permanent school fund in real estate mortgages, as well as in Government, State, and municipal bonds.

A State Engineer is to be appointed to inspect dams and dykes, and a Game Warden with stringent protective provisions.

A State Board of Examiners is created to examine and llcense physicians and surgeons; also a State Board of Examiners for dentists.

A State Board of Horticultural Inspection is ordered, with power of inspection of all fruit orchards and nurseries. the destruction of stock diseased, and the establishment of quarantine regulations.

A Bureau of Immigration, Labor, and Statistics is established.
In civil actions verdicts may be rendered by three-fourths, and in misdemeanor by five-sixths of a jury of twelve.

Eight hours made a day's labor on public works. Employés are prohibited from making any agreement with employers not to become or continue a member of a labor organization, under penalty of fine or imprisonnient. A State Board of Arbitration is created.

A State Inspector of Mines and a State sheep Inspector are to be appointed. with much power vested in them. Police officers shall not be brought into the State and specially deputized.

Illinois. - A Board of Inspectors of five one from each of the following organizations: The Horticultural Society, the Dairyman's Association, the Retail Dealers' Association the Butter and Egg Board, and League of Commission Merchants, is created, with power to inspect and license commission merchants. The office of State Entomologist is created. with power of inspection of orchards and nurseries.

A "Juvenile Court"' is established, distinct from all other courts, in counties of over 500.000 inhabitants, for the trial care, and disposition of all dependent, neglected, and delinquent childrell.

Pawners' societies are authorized, their rate of compeusation for advances fixed, and the storage of pawns and pledges and the sale thereof regulated.

The Board of Pardons is granted greater powers. among which is the right to parole criminals confined in the state penitentiary.

The public exhibition for pecuniary gain of persons who have been conspicuous through some criminal act. which Las a tendency to degrade human morals, or such exhibition of their pictures, or articles belonging to them, or the exhibition of persons whose deformity would attract public curiosity, is prohibited.

A State Food Commissioner is created, with power to inspect all food and see to the punishment of those who adulterate the same.

Deception, misrepresentation, false advertlsing, false pretences, and unlawful force in the procuring of employés to work are prohibited, and failure to state the existence of a strike, lockont, or other labor trouble shall be deemed false advertisement and misrepresentation. punishable by fine and imprisonment. It is declared a felony. with imprisonment in the penitentiary for from one to five years, to hire persons to guard with arms or deadly weapons other persons or property, and any person coming into the State with deadly weapons to so guard other persons or property, without a written permit from the Governor. shall be similarly punished.

Free employment offices are establi?hed, one in each city of over 50,000 people. and three in cities of over 1,000,000. These offices and the officials are to be sustained by the state.

The State Board of Health is to examine and license all physicians and surgeons. A state Board of Veterinary Examiners is created, and no veterinarian is to practise without a license. The State Board of Health is to supervise all lodging-houses, and the amount of air space therein in every sleep-ing-room to each person is fixed by law.

A State Mining Board of fire members is created to bave supervision of mines.
In addition to the five members of the board, the Governor is to appoint seven Inspectors of MInes. All these officials are paid by the State and have important powers. Very minute legislation is had as to the character of construction and the machinery of all mines, and safety appliances.
"Parental or Truant Schools" are established in cities, in which children guilty of babltual truancy or of habltual violation of public school rules shall be confined and tanght.

What was known as the "Allen Bill" was repealed by the last Legislature. The blll repealed was passed two years ago, and permitted the extension of street railway franchises by municipalities from twenty to fifty years. The law just enacted restricts the old condition, and no franchise can be granted for a longer period than twenty years.

Indiana.-The importation of indigent children is forbidden, under heavy penaltles, except as permitted by the State Board of Charties. which is granted great power.

A voter selling or offering to sell his vote at any general, special. or primary eiection. or convention, for money or property or thing of value, or for the promise of favor or hope of reward, or shall accept naney, property, or thing of value with the promise or pretence of voting or refraining from - voting for any candidate, shall be disiranchised for not less than ten nor more than twenty years,


#### Abstract

A 'mob'' is declared to be any collection of individuals assembled for any unlawful purpose, intending to injure any person by violence and without authority of law, and the act of violence committed is declared to be "lynching." When such violence results in death, those participating, or aiding and abetting, shall suffer death or imprisonment for life, and those present, but not participating, shall be imprisoned not less than two nor more than twenty-one years. The law provides for impeachment of officers from whose custody prisoners are taken by mobs, and where bystanders, being called upon, refuse to assist the officer in defending the prisoner, they are subject to fine and imprisonment.

A Public Library Commission is created, to which is given an appropriation for the purchase of "travelling libraries," which are to be carried about the State and loaned to local libraries, clubs, granges, colleges, societies, study circles, and other associations.

A Labor Commission is organized, composed of two members, one who shall have been for not less than ten years an employe for wages and who shall be affiliated with the labor interest; the other who shall have been for not less than ten years an employer of labor, both to be forty years of age and over, not members of the same political party, and neither to hold any other office. Such Commission, upon receipt of information of a strike, boycott, or other labor complication, shall put themselves in communication with the parties to the controversy, with a view to induce the parties to arbitrate. The arbitration board shall consist of the two Labor Commissioners, the Circuit Judge, and one to be selected by each of the contending parties, and the courts are charged with the duty of enforcing the award.

A "Department of Inspection"' 1 created to carry out the provisions of a drastic and far-reaching law that provides with much detail and among other resnlts the following: No person under fourteen shall be employed in any manufacturing or mercantile establisliment, and no person under sixteen and no female under eighteen years of age shall work in such establishment more than sixty hours each week, and no person under sixteen shall be thus employed who cannot read and write the English language. Female labor in manufacturing shall not be employed between $100^{\prime}$ clock p. . . and $6 o^{\prime}$ clock A. M. No young person is permitted to operate any elevator.

Wages must be paid weekly to all who labor or are "in any other service for hire," and where parties employing neglect so to do suit s to be brought and 50 ver cent of the amount of the judgment shall be added as a penalty to be paid to the school fund. Unskilled labor on public work shall not receive less than fifteen cents an hour.

The principle of referendum in application to municipal ownership appears in an act providing that no ordinance for the purchase of or establishment of any water works or lighting plant or the granting of any franchise for the establishment or operation of any water works or lighting plant, street railroad, telephone, or telegraph company in any incorporated town shall go into effect until thirty days after its passage and until voted upon at the polls, if within thirty days a referendum is demanded by 40 per cent of the legal voters of such incorporated town.


Kansas.-Constitutional amendment increasing the supreme court Judges will bo votod upon in 1900.

Dealing in futures and "bucket shop " transactions are prohibited under heavy ponalties.
The Board of Police Commissioners, created originally to enforce the prohibitory liquor law, has been abolished. This will practically bring about local option or home rule in liquor matters.

A Court of Visitation is created to take the place of the Board of Rallroad Commissioners, which is abolished. The three judges are elective in 1900, and meantime are appointed. The court is invested with more power than has ever been conferred by law upon any human tribunal. It is to be in perpetual session, and is given greater power over railroads, express, and telegraph companies than ean be exercised by their own board of directors or general officers. The court has legislative, executive, and judicial powers with in itself. It fixes rates, and determines their reasonableness. It apportions charges among common carriers, classifies freight, compels train service, orders the building of depots, regulates crossings, prescribes rules for running of trains, and in short all railroads are operated under its direction and guidance. When its orders are disobeyed it tries the culprit, making its own rules of procedure. Any nerson may complain, and at the cost of the State, and with the aid of numerous officials, created for the purpose, the so-called trial is had. It shall investigate strikes, and if it finds the railroad company at fault it shall rectify matters by orders, and if the company dees not obey the order the court shall seize and operate the road. If the strikers are at fault it shall order them to cease the strike. In questions of rates or service raised by any complainant, the company is presumptively wrong in the first instance. It is presumed to be guilty until it proves its innocence.

A "Charter Board," composed of the Attorney-General, Secretary of State, and State Bank Commissioners, is created. It grants all charters, regulates foreign insurance companies doing business in the State, inquiring as to their solvency.

The political disabilities of those who bore arms against the United States are removed.
A novel law provides for an annual convention of labor organizations. The delegates shall elect a President, Vice-President, Secretary, and Assistant Secretary, who shall constitute the State Board of Labor and Inductry. The Secretary shall be the Commissioner of Labor and Industry and Factory Inspector, and the Assistant Secretary shali be his assistant. Miners are to hold a similar convention, and the Secretary elected by such convention shall be the State Inspector of Mines. This eloction of salaried State officials by a part of the citizens acting in irresponsible conventions is certainly a new departure.

Wages must be paid in money. Travelling libraries are provided for. The office of Oil Inspector is created.

Maine.-It is a misdemeanor to advertise for sale debts, dues, accounts, or demands owing by any person, unless the party advertising is an executor, trustee, sheriff, or other official.

Intoxication from the use of intoxicating liquors, opium, or other drugs is made cause for divorce.
Interest on personal 'oans with pledge of personal property is limited to the rate of 3 per cent monthly for three months, and 15 per cent per annum thereafter on sums of $\$ 200$ or less.

Library Commissioners are to be appointed by the Governor to encourage free public libraries.
Ticket "scalping"' is made a misdemeauor, and none but agents of railroads are allowed to sell personal or limited tickets, and same when unused must be redeemed by the company.

Shareholders in trust and banking companies are responsible to the creditors of their companies to an additional amount equal to the par value of their shares, and an assessment may be ordered by the court upon complaint of a bank examiner.

Massachusetts.-Bicycle paths are protected.
A Board of cattle Commissioners is created, with power to suppress contagious diseases, establish hospitals, and quarantine and kill cattle incurably diseased, without compensation to the owner.

The Bertillon method of identifying criminals is adopted.
Process butter must be stamped "Renovated Butter."
Collectors of debts dressed in a way to attract public attention are prohibited.

An elaborate law has been enacted relative to the descent and distribution of real and personal eroperty.

Each town must elect a tree warden to care for public shade trees.
Weekly payment of wages to laborers is required.
Street railways are authorized to act as common carriers for packages and small parcels.
No bank shall do business as a trust company.
Michigan. - Brokers and commission men dealing in farm products must give bond. A.dultera tion of linseed oil and ground feed is forbidden. Bicycle paths are protected.

The city of Detroit was authorized to construct, acquire, maintain, and operate street railways.
Process butter and oleomargarine must be labelled.
A State Forestry Commission is established.
A State Board of Registration in Medicine is created, to examine and license all physicians and surgeons. A State Veterinary Board is ordered to examine all veterinarians, A State Board of Examiners of Barbers is created to examine and license barbers.

Women physicians shall be employed where women are restrained.
Horse-shoers are to be examined and licensed by a Board of Examiners appointed by the Governor of the State.

Interest is reduced to 5 per cent and by contract may be 7 .
No child under fourteen shall be employed in any manufacturing establishment, and no child under sixteen shall work who cannot read and write, nor between 6 P. M. and 7 A. M.

A State Free Library Board is created.
A 'mob"' is defined to be any collection of persons pretending to exercise correctional power over other persons by violence and without authority of law, and the act exercised is called "lynching." The person injured and the legal representatives of those killed may recover from the county to the extent of $\$ 5,000$, the county having recovery over against the parties guilty of lyuching.

County Judges may secretly grant license to and secretly perform the marriage ceremony for females about to give birth to a bastard child, whether the female is of marriageable age or not. Marriage is forbidden to persons having syphilis or other private diseases under peualty of five years' imprisonment, and husband, wife, and physician may be witnesses.

A tax of 3 per cent on the gross earnings within the State of express, and $21 / 2$ on telephone companies is imposed. A 5 per cent tax is levied upon all bequests of over $\$ 500$ to those who are not heirs and certain relatives and regularly adopted children.

An Anti-Trust law was passed.
Minnesota.-The Governor is to set apart a day for tree planting and to inculcate a sentiment for protection of birds.

The raising of sugar beets is encouraged, and sugar beet seed is to be distributed.
Bicycle paths are protected, and those throwing on any highway that which will injure bicycles or puncture tires are guilty of a misciemeanor.

Husband and wife are not liable for the debts of each other.
A State Dairy and Food Commissioner is to be appointed, with important duties devolving upon him. "Milkmen in cities and towns must be licensed. Dairies are regulated. It is a misdemeanor to sell ' 'renovated or boiled butter' without stamping it. The use of chemicals to preserve butter, milk, or cheese is prohibited.

A iaw governing, with much detail, primary elections for the nomination of candidates and another permitting the use of automatic voting machines have been erracted.

The preservation and growth of forests is encouraged and a State Board of Forestry is created.
A State Board of nine citizens is created to constitute tribunals of appeal from complaints of grain inspection. Their decision as to grade of grain is final.

Horses shall not be "docked," and docking their tails is made a misdemeanor.
Interest is reduced from 7 to 6 per cent.
"Travelling Libraries" are provided for, and a state Library Commission is created.
A Naval Reserve is established, composed of eight companies.
Fences over six feet high, maliciously erected for annoyance of neighbors, are declared a private nuisance, and may be abated.

Railroad Commissioners, heretofore appointed by the Governor, are hereafter to be elected. All narrow-gauge railroads are to be made of standard gauge. Rates ou grain, flax, lumber, live stock, and coal in force for sixty days shall not be raised, except by authority of railroad commission. Free transportation shall be given to shippers of live stock. A caboose with a toilet room shall be attached to all live stock and emigrant trains.

Compulsory attendance at schools is enforced, and a truant officer is to be appointed.
Ilissouri。-Constitutional amendments are submitted providing for authorizing a jury to return a verdict upon two-thirds of their number concurring therein, and allthorizing counties to levy a special tax of 15 cents on each $\$ 100$ of valuation for road and bridge purposes

A State Poultry Association is created, with the Governor a meraber of tive Executive Board.
A State Board to examine and license barbers is created.
A law striking at departmentstores becomes operative. Business in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants is divided into classes, seventy-three in number. These classes are divided into groups or grades, and it is made unlawful to expose or offer for sale in the same establishment, under a minit of management, goods, wares, and merchandise at retail of more than one of the classes or groups without having obtained a license. The Governor appoints in each city a License Commissioner, who shall receive applications and issue licenses. The license shall not be less than $\$ 300$ nor more than $\$ 500$ for every class or group, two-thirds of the license tax to be paid to the city and one-t'hird to the state. Heavy penalties of fine or imprisonment are imposed upon those doing business in violation of the act, which is declared to be for the purpose of regulating department stores.

The Governor is to appoint Election Commissioners to supervise elections in cities of over 100,000 inhabitants. Candidates for Judge shall not be nominated at a convention where candidates for other offices are neminated.

The office of beer inspector is created. He is appointed by the Governor and is to inspect all beer and malt liquor and place his stamp upon that which is good. As a counteracting influence the law providing for the inspection of watermelons has been repealed and the office in each county of watermelon inspector has been abolished.

A manager, inspector, and board of trustees of a fruit experiment station are to be appointed by the Governor.

When goods are made under unclean or unhealthy conditions they siaall be labelled by the Labor Commissfoner "Tenement made" or "Made under unhealthy conditions" in letters two inches long and it is made unlawful to remove such tag.
ro one shall work in a bakery room more than six dajs in one week, nor if afflicted with consumption, scrofula, or skin disease, and no one shall sleep in such room.

Eight hours is made a day's work in all mines except coal mines. Coal mined must be weighed before being screened and no contract to the contrary shall bind the parties thereto. Miners shall be paid at least once in every fifteen days and shall be given one hour above ground for each meal. The Governor shall appoint two mine inspectors, who are given much power in regard to mines.

All inheritances, except to direct heirs or persons dependent upon the testator, shall be taxed 5 per cent. The Anti-Trust law was strengthened.

Montana.-The office of court reporter is abolished in the Supreme Court and the Judges thereof are required to report their own decisions, being paid extra compensatiou therefor.

A State Board of Horticulture is created, with extraordiuary powers for the inspection of trees and nursery stock, with power to condemu and destroy that which is infected or diseased beyond cure.

Stealing a ride upon a railroad is made a misdemeanor.
Nebraska.-The blanket system in elections has been amended so that a vote may be cast for all Presidential Electors and individually for all other candidates. Primary elections are controlled. Voting machines may be used. Under heavy penalties, candidates for nomination and election are forbidden to expend money for any purpose excent personal expenses, which are limited to $\$ 100$ where there are 5,000 voters, for each additional 100 voters to $25,000 \$ 1.50$, and not over 50,000 voters $\$ 1$ for each 100. After both nomination and election each candidate must file a verified statement of his expenditures fully itemized. Treasurers of parties must also file such statement.

A Food Commissioner is to be appointed by indirection, thus evading a constitutional inhibition. The Governor is to be the Commissioner, with power to appoint a deputy to perform the duties. He is to inspect and control the manufacture aud sale of butter, cheese, and vinegar. Imitatiou of said foods must be marked and venders licensed.

A State Board of Examiners of Embalmers is to be appointed to examine and license embalmers. Also a State Board to examine and license barbers.

An elaborate law has been passed regulating the formation, licensing, and operation of all insurance companies. The Governor is made Insurance Commissioner, with power to appoint a deputy to perform the labor.

No female shall be employed in any manufacturing or mercantile establishment, hotel, or restaurant more than sixty hours per week, and ten hours shall be for them a day's labor. Seats shall be provided for them. No child under ten years of age shall be employed, and none under fourteen during school terms.

Railroads must not work trainmen or telegraph operators over eighteen hours consecutively.
Nevada. - Inspection of causes and remedies for diseases of live stock is provided for by a State Live Stock Inspector.

A State Board of Medical Examiners is created to examine and license physicians and surgeons.
Counties may, on petition of two-thirds of the voters, purchase or construct telephone lines.
United States Senators may be nominated and voted for.
New Hampshire.-At the November election, 1900, the question of holding a constitutional convention will be submitted.

Attorneys are not to be held liable for fees of conrt officers.
Deposit books of banks shall be verified at least ouce in four years.
Plumbers shall be examined and licensed. street cars shall inclose their platforms to protect employés. Embalmers shall be examined and licensed by the State Board of Health.

The Governor is to appoint a state liquor agent from whom all liquors shall be bought by the liquor agents appointed by city and town authorities. The act prescribes the manner of sale of all liquors in the state.

New Jersey - A State Board of Children's Guardians is created, with large powers over friendless and poor children who become public charges.

Civil service seems to be applied to policemen in that they cannot be removed except for cause.
A State Sewage Commission is created, with power to prevent the pollution of streams, create sewage districts, and authorize the construction of sewers by condemwation proceedings and assessments upon municipalities. Horses are recognized as proper human food after inspection, and when slaughtered and offered for sale the meat shall be labelled 'horse flesh.'

Laborers not engaged in agricultural pursuits or water-men shall be paid their wages every two weeks, and agreements to the contrary are void.

New Mexico.-Banks shall annually publish names and amount of deposit whenever account has not been drawn upon for three years.

Cattle shall be inspected before shipment and a record shall be kept of cattle slaughtered, with description and names and addresses of venders.

Legislation is had to prevent pollution of springs, wells, and streams. Where corporations collect money from employés for medical attendance they shall erect and maintain pest-houses.

Juries are selected by three persons appointed by the district court, and the party demanding a jury shall pay $\$ 24$ a day in advance as jurors' fees, to be taxed as costs,

A Territorial Commerce Commission is created, with most extraordinary powers. Corporations producing, refining, and selling coal oil, or any product of petroleum, must be licensed and pay $\$ 500$ yearly to the State. Those who do not produce but sell only, pay a small license as wholesale or retail dealers. The Commission has the power to fix the miuimum and maximum price at which oil shall be sold, and heavy penalties, with revocation of license, are imposed for selling under or over the prices fixed.

New York.-Concentrated feed stuffs shall be sold in packages showing quantity and quality. Sizes of barrels and packages containing fruit are regulated.

Fraudulent and illegal use of secret society badges is made a misdemeanor.
Bicycle paths are protected. It is a misdemeanor to test endurance in bicycle riding or racing in a contest by riding more than twelve out oi twenty-four hours.

Cities of 250,000 inhabitants or more may establish hospitals for treatment of pulmonary diseases. The Board of Examiners shall be continued to examine and license horse-shoers.

The rules of the civil service are greatly extended. The state and city officials, except those elected and those appointed by the Governor and Legislature, or appointed under statutes by name, also all heads of departments, election officers, and superintendents, principals, and teachers in public schools, are brought under the civil service, with a system of competitive examinatiou for all except laborers.

Corporations for supplying light, heat, or power through electricity may have the use of streets, The personal liahility of oficers and directors is guarded.

Renovated Butter' ' shall be labelled.
Voting machines are to be tested and selected. The Governor is given enlarged powers for the protection of the elective franchise and the punishment of crimes against the election laws.

Aneight-hour law was passed, the main feature of which is the prohibition of the use of materials in public contract work, if like wages were not paid where the material was prenared as were paid
where it was used. No child under eighteen years of age zro no female shall be employed in any factory using any emery or polishing wheel.

The high liceuse law has been strengthened.
Slot machines are prohibited, with prosecution of owner and destruction of machine.
A franchise ax bill has become a law. Hitherto the tangible real and personal property only of corporations wa axable. Hereafter franchises will be assessed for tazation.

Trusts and pocsic control rates of transportation bet ween this country and Europe are forbidden. Contracts and combinations to monopolize commodities in common use, to restrict competition in the sale or price thereot $o 1$ prevent the pursuit of any business or trade are declared illegal and void and are punishable by inn ana imprisomment.

North Carolina_- Custintional ameudment is to be voted npon fixing the suffrage for males; requiring a residence of naturaiized ol native-born citizens of two years in the State: the payment of poll-tax for the previous year, and ability to read and write any section oi the Constitution in the English language. The educatıonal qualification shall not apply to those who were entitled to vote January 1, 1867, and to their lineal descendants.

Corporations, foreign, may be domesticated by filing charter with Secretary ot State and paying legal fees. The Railway Commissıon is abolished, and in its stead a Corporation Commission is to be elected, with large powers as tc fixing rates of charges in railroad, transportation, express, telephone, and telegraph lines. It is also o regulate banks. trust and insurance companies, and is to assess the property of transportation companies.

An elaborate election law has seen passed creating a State Board of Elections, which appoints the county boards. All voters mus be registered aiter payment of poll-tax.

The office of Commissioner of Insurance is creaied, with great power and stringent provisions.
Labor Day is made a 'egal holiday. The office of Commissioner of Labor and Printing is ereated.
Local option for sale or 'iquors is provided for, and thf dispensary system is adopted as to zertain counties. A rebate of one-halt the road tax is allowed to chose who use broad-tire wagons.

A general tax law was passed About all occupations pay a ficense tax. Telegraph, telephone, and express companies pay 2 pel sent on gross receipts 1 cm state business. Corporations are taxed according to capital stock. All incomes derived from property not already taxed, and of over \$1.000 derived from salaries or fees, shall be taied.

Formation of trusts is prohibited and neavy penalties, with forfeiture of charter, inficted. Contracts in relation thereto declared void.

North Daketa.-Corporations for religions or charitable pusoses shall not acquire more than $\$ 100,000$ in value of real estate.

Dairy products are placed under control of the Commissioner of $\dot{A} \equiv$ riculture; licenses are required to be taken by dairymen, and renovated butter, oleomargarine, and +...ed cheese must be label'ed.

Game and fish are protected, the office of State Game Warden created, and license to hun must be had, with fee of $\$ 25$ to nou-residents and 75 cents to resiants.

Ten years' adverse open and undisputed possessiou make itle to real estate.
Free text books are provided for schools and physical training must be tanght.
Oklahoma.-A Bank Commissioner is to lye appointed, and a law was passed regulating ioe organization and business of banking and duties and liabilities of officers and stockholders.

The Australian Ballot law with the "blanket" provision for voting was passed.
A Department of Geology and Natural History is established with the duties signified by the title. School districts are required to levy a tax for public libraries. The law is compulsory.
Notes and mortgages given by members of building and loan associations are exempt from taxation.

A Chief Grain Inspector is to be appointed, with supervision of all warehouses, elevators, and granaries. License and bond are required and a complete system of grain inspection is provided

Oregon. - The people will vote upon constitutional amendments providing for the initiative and referendum system of enacting laws and for universal suffrage.

A Board of Examiners of Barbers is appointed and barbers must be examined, licensed, and registered. A state Biologist is to be appointed.

Police duty shall not be performed by imported armed men, nor shall such bodies be brought into the State or maiutained, except by the municipality. Crimes may be prosecuted by information, and Grand Juries may be dispensed with.

A State Board of Dental Examiners is appointed and dentists must se examined and licensed.
A Game and Forestry Warden is to be appointed, with large executive powers.
A pure food bill was passed and the people are to elect a Dairy and Food Commissioner to analyze food, issue stamps for food sold that is adulterated, and prosecute offenders.

Interest has been reduced from 8 to 6 per cent.
The Railroad Commissioner law has been repealed and there is no such law in Oregon.
Convicts are to work on public highways. Wide-tire vehicles secure to owner a rebate on road tax.
A Board of Text Commissioners is created for uniformity of text books. The entire school system has been remodelled.

The State Board of Equalization of Taxation is abolished.
Pennsylvania, - A Board of Accountant Examiners is created to examine and license all who desire to act as public expert accomntants. and noue but those holding the certificate of the board shall act as such.

The coustruction of bicycle paths is anthorized. and wilful iujury thereto is made a misdemeanor.
In cities of first class a Bureau of Building Inspection is required, attached to the Department of Public Safety, under the control of the Director of Public Safety. The law at great length and with minutest detail regulates the construction of buildings.
The sole of what is commouly called soiled';

The sole of what is commonly called "boiled" or "process", butter is prohibited, unless the same is marked "Renovated Butter." The sale of oleomargarine and butterine is regulated.

The public health is proposed to be guarded by prohibiting the sale of goods in second-hand bottles and jars. The establishment or maintenance of additional hospitals: pest-houses, and burying grounds, in the buit-up portion of cities, is prohibited.

A state Board of Free Library Commissioners is created to advise free library associations, and to establish "Travelling Libraries:" The minimum school term shall be seven months.

Wife mav be a witness adverse to her husbaud where he in any action sets up an attack upon her character. This is to be the rule in criminal cases, and in civil actlons where the husband is sued for necessaries furnlshed the wife.

Ihode Island. - A State Commission is to be appolnted by the Governor to proiect birds, and prosecute those molesting them.

Kidnapping children is made a felony. Probation offices are provided to tako charge of juvenile offenders, who shall be kept separate from adults.

Primary elections and caucuses are regulated. Every political party shall elect a Btato commelitice.

South Carolina.-A license is required for trading in sea island cotton in the seed. It is a misdemeanor for a cotton buyer to refuse to receive bales of cotton after purchasing by sample, where the bale weighs over three hundred pounds, because of lightness. Maximum charges have been prescribed for handling and selling tobacco by warehousemen. Fertilizers are to be inspected by the trustees of the Clemson Agricultural College. The state Board of Health shall enforce quarantine laws as to ive stock.

The charters of cities and towns may be amended by vote of the electors. Cities of 45,000 inhabitants shall not create debt or liability beyond the income of the current year without a vote of two-thirds $0^{s}$ the Council and then two-thirds of the qualified voters.

State Board of Healtb may enforce vaccination, and those interfering or resisting shall be punished by fine or imprisonment, "which shall not stand in lieu of vaccination,"

Fire companies that combine to make rates of insurance shall have licenses revoked.
Seats shall be furnished for female employés. Wages of discharged employés shall become due immediately.

The law giving the jovernor power to appoint police officers to enforce the Dispensary Liquor law has been repealed. The use of the impression of the palmetto tree on bottles is prohibited.

South Dakota.-At the election of 1898 the people voted that the manufacture and sale of liquor should be under exclusive State control and conducted by salaried agents of the State. At the general election of 1900 the question of the repeal of this article will be voted on.

Cat tle shall not be loaded upon cars, or shipped, or driven from the State, except by the owner or on his written consent.

Registration of all voters must be had this year. An elaborate law has been enacted regulating manufacture and sale of food and providing against the adulteration therof.

The initiative and refereudum is to be applied both as to State anc municipalities under laws passed in compliance with the constitutional amendment adopted by the people in 1898.

Mine owners before employing laborers must post on their property a true copy of all mortgages and incumbrances. To divulge telegraph and telephone messages without written consent of sender is made a misdemeanor.

Tennessee.-Battlefields are protected, and those removing or injuring any monument, marker, fence, or other structure upon or adjacent thereto are punishable by fine.

Cemeteries are not to be located within ten miles of city upon any stream ox water-shed supplying same with water.

In certain populous counties primary elections are to be held under the general election law.
Wages of all employés to the extent of $\$ 30$ are exempt.
Grave robbery is made a felony, punishable with imprisonment not less than two years. Bodies of those dying in penal or charity institutions, when unclaimed by friends or relatives, shall be turned over to regularly incorporated medical and dental colleges.

Satnrday afternoons and the second Friday in May, known as Confederate Decoration Day, are made public holidays.

All coupons, scrip. punchouts, and store orders issued to empioyés must be redeemed in money for their face value, if presented within thirty days of issue. Contractors on public works must give bonds to pay for all material and labor. Counties must work county prisoners on public roads. A State Shop axd Factory Inspector is to be appointed by the Governor, with large powers.

Written consent of parent or guardian to marriage is required for persons under sixteen years of age. All statutes on maintenance and champerty are repealed.

Mouopoly in news is prevented by requiring agencies to sell news to all newspapers and publishers at the same price.

Retiring partners are exempt from further liability after four weeks' published notice.
Single railroads shall not monopolize narrow mountain passes.
An elaborate revenue law was passed, with specific occupation and business taxes on nearly every form of business.

Uniform text books are required in public schools, to be selected by a State Commission.
Texas.-Acting under the provision of the Constitution of the United States, providing that on the application of two-thirds of the States a convention shall be called for proposing amendments to the Constitution, the Legislature of Lexas requests Congress to call such convention.

A State Entomologist is to be appointed to take means to destroy insects injuring cotton. Commercial fertilizers are to be analyzed. Public weighers to the number of five in each city are to be
appointed by the Governor in all cities which receive annually 100,000 bales of cotton for sale or shipappointed by the Governor in all cities which receive annually 100,000 bales of cotton for sale or shipment. All other cities and connties are to elect public weighers. They are to weigh all cotton, wool, zrain, and sugar sold or offered for sale, and mark the weight on the packages contanning the same.

Quantity and quality of wheat and corn and products thereof must be marked on the package.
In each city, town, and village a "Corporation Court" is established, with limited civil and criminal jurisdiction.

Trades unions are astablished and members are authorized, and it is made legal for them to induce bv peaceable means other persons to accept or quit employments or pursuits, but they shall not invade the premises of another without his consent.

A railroad law was passed inflicting severe penalty, imprisonment in the penitentiary for not eess than ivo nor more than five years, for any person giving rebates or drawbacks, charging one shipper more tain another, giving unreasonable preference, or unjust discrimination. Companies must furnish cars on oemana and deposit of one-fourth freight charges, under heavy penalties, General officers must reside in ind keer their offices in the state of Texas. The Railroad Commission is given power to fix emergenev rates to prevent interstate rate wars.

A Tax Commission is appointed to devise ways and means for securing a more efficient method of taxation. A Revenue Agent is to be appointed by the Governor to enforce the revenue laws and investigate and check up all receiving and disbursing officials.

A strong Anti-Trust law has been enacted, with heavy penalties, including fine, forfeiture of charter. and inability to collect $10 r$ any article sold or contract made. It prohibits trusts, pools,
monopolies, or interference with competition in articles of commerce, insurance premiums, or the gathering or distribution of news. Whitecapping is defined to be the pesting or sending of any anonymous notice or threats to do personal violence with antent to interfere with the right of any person to occupy any premises, precinct, or county, or to follow any occunation.

Utah.-A State Institute of Art is established, with a State Board to govern and control.
The State Board of Pardons may parole convicts who have served the minimum term fixed by law, except those convicted of murder.

Primary elections are regulated and illegal voting thereat punished.
A State Fish and Game Commissioner is appointed, with large po
appolnt a County Game and Fish Warden. A State experimental fruit farm is established.
Title by adverse possession cannot be acquired against municipalities.

Vermont.-Age of consent changed from fourteen to sixteen years.
A State Bacteriological Laboratory is established A Board of Prison Commissloners is established to investigate applications for pardons and report to the Governor.

The Governor shall appoint a State Highway Commissioner, with large powers as to highways.
The Governor is to appoint a Board of Normal School Commissioners to take charge of Normal and Training Schools.

No Probate Court shall accept a foreign surety company on any bond unless it has deposited with the Insurance Commissioners securities worth $\$ 100,000$.

Street cars must be equipped with fenders and guards.
Washington.-Constitutional amendment to allow $\$ 300$ exempt from cazation to heads of families. A bounty is given to sugar from beets. A State Hop Inspector is to be appointed.

Bicycles are declared baggage, and paths are protected.
A State Dairy Commissioner is to be appointed, with large powers. Skimmed milk and cheese made therefrom must be labelled in large letters. Milk cans must be marked showing capacity and all milkmen in cities must be licensed.

Electric power companies are given the power of eminent domain, and those interfering with electric currents are to be punished.

The office of State fame Varden is created. A pure food bill was passed. The State Board of Pharmacy shall examine and license all druggists.

A "Horse-Shoers Board of Examiners' is required to ezamine, register, and license ail horseshoers in cities.

It is a misdemeanor to oacklist an employé. Eight hours made a day's work on public works. C An elaborate mining law, similar to Colorado's law, has been passed.

The State Board of Pardons has been abolished.
Compulsory school attendance is required in cities of over 10.000 inhabitants.
West Virginia. - The people will vote in 1900 upon an amendment that no charter of incorporation shall be granted to any church or religious denomination; but societies may be formed for missionary purposes.

A bandoned and neglected children, helpless aged persons, and animals are placed under the care of a State Board called "The West Virginia Humane Society," a part of which board shall be women. Orphan children and those in almshouses may be placed in homes by Children's Ald Socleties.

The State establishes three hospitals, each under a State Board, for frce treatment of those hurt in mines and on railroads. Otners injured or hurt may be treated at cost to the State. Embalmers are to be examined and licensed by a State Board of Embalmers.

The fire insurance " valued policy" law has beeu adopted.
Eigh $\dagger$ hours is made a day's labor on all public works.
Days of grace on negotiable iustruments are abolished. A state Board of Pardons is created to consider and advise the Governor as to pardons. commutations of sentence, and reprieves.

Wisconsin.-Age of consent changed from fourteen to eighteen years
Judges shall not be paid salary until they file oaths that no cause pending has remained undecided for ninety days after submission.

Renovated butter' shall be stamped and sold as such.
Primary elections and caucuses a re stringently regulated.
Factories and workshops are regulated very strictly as to sanitation, air space, and conveniences. Clothing and cigars shall not be manufactured in living rooms by those not members of the famlly. Cigars shall not be manufactured under ground. The mill supply is carefully guarded.

Trees and nursery stock shall be inspected and any incurably diseased destroyed.
' $\because$ The place of payment of time checks is fixed. Notice to quit employment or discharge employé must be reciprocal. It is a finable offense to threaten discharge or to promise higher wages to influence a person's vote, or to coerce any person to agree not to join any labor union as a condition for employment. Seats shall be furnished for female employés. Travelling llbraries are provided for.

Legislative agents and counsel employed to promote or oppose legislation, affecting the pecuniary interests of any person or cornoration, must have their names recorded in a legislative docket provided for the purpose. No other person shall thus act under heavy penalty. Within thirty days after adjournment of the Legislature the employer must file with he Secretary of State asworn statement showing in detail all the expenses and expenditures of such agent or counsel.

Marriage licenses must be obtained at least five days before marriage. Heretofore licenses to marry were not required, and Wisconsin was a Gretna Green for adjoiniug States.

Minors under fourteen shall not be employed except during vacation of public schools. Those under sixteen shall not work more than ten hours in any one day, nor before 6 in the morning nor after 9 at night.

It is made unlawful for any political committee, candidate for office, State, county. or municipal officers, to ask for or receive any pass or frank on any railroad, express, or telegraph company for the free transmission of any person, property, or message. The penalty for violation is very severe, being fine from $\$ 200$ to $\$ 1,000$, or imprisonment in the penitentiary from one to five years.

A Commissioner of Taxation is to be appointed, and a very extensive tax law was passed looking to a uniform and improved system. Taxes are imposed on gifts and legacies of property worth over $\$ 10,000$, of 5 per cent when not to an immediate heir, and 1 per cent to those of kin.

Wyoming.-Bounties, both State and county, are given for destruction of certain wild animals.
Children deserted, orphaned, or surrounded by evil and corrupting influences, are under court orders to be cared for, and given to any active society organized to sccure homes for such children.

Husband and wife may be witnesses against each other in many cases in which heretofore they were barred. The office of Game Warden is created.

An elaborate law has for its object the selection of jurors, and compelling the performance of jury duty. A juror must be a male citizen able to understand the English language, and appear upon the last assessment roll. When it is recalled that woman suffrage obtains in Wyoming this exaction of jury duty from the males of the State only is worthy of note.

Where a husband spends his earnings for liquors, or in gambling, and his wife or family are deprived of the common necessaries of life, the wife may serve notice upon the liquor dealer not to furnish liquor to, or the gambling-house not to permit the husband to game, and after such notice the keeper of the liquor or gaming house is liable for all damages to wife or children.

A State Board of Medical Examiners is created, and no person shall practice without examination.
Officers incurring liability for municipalities beyond the lawful limit are made individually liable upon their bonds.

Persons derailing trains, boarding trains to rob, or placing explosives upon the track with intention to blow up or derail, or firing bridges or trestles with intent to wreck cars or trains, shall be punished with death or life imprisonment. Schools are to be fnrnished with free text bools.

Headgear obstructing view of any other person in theatres must be removed, or fine ensues

## che 揭esiantial zection of 1900.

THE next Presidential electlon will take place on Tuesday. November 6, of the present year.
The President and Vice-President of the United States are chosen by officials termed "Electors" in each State, who are, under existing state larws, chosen by the qualified voters thereof by ballot, on the first Tuesday after the first Monday of November in every fourth year preceding the year in which the Presidential term expires.

The Constitution of the United States prescribes that each State shall "appoint." in such manner as the Legislature thereof may direct. a number of electors ectual to the whole number of Senatorsand Representatives to which the State may be entitled lu Congress; but no Seuator or Represeatative or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be au elector The Constitution requires that the day when electors are chosen shall be the same throughout the United States. Att he beginning of our Government most of the electors were chosen by the Legislatures of their respective States, the people having no direct participation in their choice; and one State, South Caroina, continued that practiee down to the breaking out of the Civil War. But in all the States now the electors are, under the direction of State laws, chosen by the people oo a general State ticket.

The manner in which the choseu electors meet and ballot for a President and Vice-President of the United States is provided for in Article XII. of the Coustitution, and is as follows:

The electors shall meel In their rospective Ststes, and vote by bsillot for President and Vice. Preaident. one of whom, at
 President, and ln distinct bsilota 1 he person voted for ss Vice-President; and they shall make distinct fists of all persons voled for as President, and of sll persens voted for as Vice-President. and of the namber of rotes for each, which lists they shall sign and certify, snd transmit, sesiled, to the gest of government of the Unlted States, directed to the President of the senate.

The same article then prescribes the mode in which the Congress shall count the ballots of the electors, and announce the result thereof, which is as follows:

The President of the Senate shall, In the presence of the Senate and House of Representatlves, open sill the cerlificates, and the votes shsil thon be counted, the person naving the greatest number of rotes for President shall be President. If such number be a majorily of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons
 shall choose fmmediately, by ballot, the President. But 1 c choosing the President the votes sbsil be trken by States, the repre. -entation from each State having one vote; s quornm for this parpose shall consist of s member or members from two-thirds or the States, snd a majority of all the States shall be neceasary io a oboice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose s President, whenever the right of cholce shall devolve upon them, before the fourth doy of Msrch next following, then the Vice-President shall act gs President, as in the ease of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. Tha person having the greatest number of votes as Vice-Fresident shall be the Vice-President, if sucb nnmber be a majority of the whole number of fectors appolnted; and if oo person bava a majority, then from the two bighest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a querum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and a majorlty of tha whole namber shall be necessary to e choice.

The procedure of the two houses, in case the returns of the election of electors from any State are disputed, is provided in the "Electoral Count", act, passed by the Forty-ninth Congress. The act directs that the Presidential electors shall meet and give their votes on the second Monday in January next following their election. It fixes the time whes Congress shall be in sessiou to count the ballots as the second Wednesday in February succeeding the meeting of the electors.

The Constitution also defines who is eligible for President of the United States, as follows:
No person except a astnral-born cltizen or $s$ cltizen of the United States st the time of the adoption of this Constifution
Nin ohall be elligible to the office of Prealdent; nelther shall any person be eilig'ble to that office who shall not have attasped to the ag of shirit 6 . ve years.

The qualifications for Vice-President are the same.

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## IN THE NATIONAL OEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS

1832. Democratic National Convention at Baltimore. Jackson nominated by acclamation.
1833. Democratic National Convention at Baltimore. First balbt, Van Buren. N. Y., 143, Cass Mich, 83, Johnson, Ky..24. Buchanan Pa., 4 Ninth and last ballot, Polk. Tenn. 232; Cass. 17; Van Buren, 10.
1834. Democratic National Convention at Baltimore. First ballot, Cass, Mich. 125 : Buchanan, Pa. 55 ; Woodbury, N H. 53; Calhoun, S. C.. 9. Worth, N. Y., 6. Dallas, Pa. 3. Fourth and last ballot, čass, 242: W'oodbury, 8. Buchanan, 4.
1835. Democratic National Convention at Baltimore. First ballot, Cass, Mich., 116. Buchanan, Pa., 93; Marcy, N. Y., 27 : Douglas, I11., 20; Lane, Ore., 13, Forty-ninth and last ballot, Pierce, N.
H., 282 ; scattering, 4 . H., 282 ; scattering, 4 .
1836. Democratic Vational Jonvention at Cincinnati. First ballot, Buchanan, Pa., 135; Plerce N. H., 122; Douglas, Ill., 33; Cass, Mich., 5. Seventeenth and last ballot, Buchanan, 296.

1856 . Republican National Convention at Philadelphia. First and ouly ballot, Fremont, Cal., 359: McLean, Ohio, 196.
1860. Democratic National Convention at Charleston, S. C. First ballot, Douglas, Ill. 145:
 65; Hunter, 16 ; Lane. 14: Dickinson, 4; Davis, 1. No choice. The Convention adjourned to meet at Baltimore, where Dougla was nominated on the second ballot, the vote being, Douglas, 181; Breckinridge, Ky., 7 ; Guthrie, Ky. 5 , Seymour, N. Y., 1 ; Bocock, Va., 1.

The Convention of the anti-Douglas Democrats at Baltimore bominated Breckinridge, who had 105 votes, without opposition.
1860. Republican National Convention at Chicago. First ballot, Seward, N. Y., 13746. Lincola, T11., 102 ; Chase, Ohio. 49 ; Bates, Mo. 48; Dayton, N. J. 14 ; McLean, Ohio, 12. Third and last ballot, Lincoln, $2811 / 2$ : seward, 180; Chase, 244 : Bates, 22 ; MicLean, 8 ,
1864. Demecratic National Convention at Chicago. First and ouly ballot, McClellan, N. J., $2021_{2}$; seymour, N. Y., 2316.

1864 . Reppiblican National Convention at Baltimore. Lincoln was nominated without opposition, except that Grant received the vote of Missouri.

18G3. Democratic Natlonal Convention at New York. First ballot, Pendleton, Ohio, 105; Johnson, Tenn.. 65; Haneock, Pa., 33: Doolittle, Wis., 13; Hendricks, Ind., 2. (Scatteriag votes
 Adams, Mass. : McClelland, Ill.; Pierce, N. H. ; Kofman, N. Y. ; Field, Cal, and Seymour, Ct. ; Twenty-second and last ballot, Seymour, N. Y., was nominated by acclamation.

## BALLOTS FOR CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT-Continued

1868. Republican National Convention at Chicago. Grant was nominated unanimously.
1869. Democratic National Convention at Baltimore. First and only ballot. Greeley, N. Y. 688; Bayard, Del. 15. Black, Pa, 21; Grosbeck, Ohio, 2.
1870. Republican National Convention at Philadelphia. Grant was nominated unanimously.

## 1876.

Democratic National ConvenTION, ST. LOUIS, JUNE 28.

| Candidates. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 1 \mathrm{st} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total vote...... | 738 | 738 |
| Necessary to a choice* | 492 | 492 |
| Tilden, N. Y. | 4031/2 | 508 |
| Hendricks, Ind | 1333\% | 85 |
| Hancock, Pa. | 77 | 60 |
| Allen, O | 5 n | 54 |
| Bayard. Del. | 56 | 11 |
| Parker. N. J | 18 | 18 |
| Broadhead, Mo. | 19 | . |

Tilden nominated on 2d ballot.

Republican National Convention, Cincinnati, June 16.

| Candidatis. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1 \mathrm{st} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} \\ \mathrm{Ballot} . \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { sd } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 4 \mathrm{~h} \\ \text { Ball ot. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { stb } \\ & \text { Ballot. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 6th } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 7th } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total vote. | 758 | 743 | 752 | 749 | 749 | 748 | 756 |
| Necessary to a choicet. | 379 | 372 | 377 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 379 |
| Blaine, Me | 291 | 298 | 293 | 292 | 287 | 308 | 351 |
| Morton, Ind | 125 | 112 | 113 | 108 | 93 | 85 |  |
| Bristow, Ky | 113 | 114 | 121 | 126 | 114 | 111 | 21 |
| Conkling, N. Y | 96 | 93 | 90 | 84 | 82 | 81 |  |
| Hayes, 0. | 65 | 64 | 67 | 68 | 102 | 113 | 384 |
| Hartranft, | 58 | 63 | 68 | 71 | 69 | 50 |  |
| Jewell, Ct...... | 11 | .. | .. |  |  | .. | .. |

Hayes nominated on the seventh ballot.
*Two-thirds vote necessary to a choice in the Democratic National Conventions. TMajority vote necessary to a choice in the Republican National Conventions.

| 1880 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Democratic National Convention, Cincinnati, June 23, 24. | Republican National Convention, <br> Chicago June 7.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Candidater. | 18t ${ }_{\text {18, }}$ | 31st Ballot. | 32 d Ballot. | $\begin{gathered} \text { 33d } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34 \mathrm{th} \\ & \text { Ballot. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 35 \mathrm{th} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36 \text { tb } \\ \text { Ballot } \end{gathered}$ |
| Total vote .............. 738 738 <br> Necessary to a choice 492 492 | Total vote .............. |  | 755 $3 \% 8$ | 755 378 | 755 378 | 756 379 | 756 379 | 755 |
| Fancock, Pa........... 171 320 | Grant, Ill. | 304 | 308 | 309 | 309 | 312 | 313 | 306 |
| Beyard. Del ............ 1531/2 113 | Blaine, Me | 284 | 276 | 270 | 275 | 275 | 257 | 42 |
| Payne, O................ 81 | Sherman, 0 | 93 | 118 | 117 | 110 | 107 | 99 | 3 |
| Thurman, O............ 681/2 50 | Edmunds. Vt | 34 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |  |
| Field, Cal................ 65 651/8 | Washburne, Ill | 30 | 37 | 44 | 45 | 30 | 23 | 5 |
| Morrison, Ill.............. 62 | Windom, Minn | 10 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 |  |
| Hendricks Ind.......... 50381 | Garfield, O..... | . | 1 |  | 1 | 17 | 50 | 399 |
|  | Conkling, N. Y | . | 1 | . | .. | .. | . | .. |
| $\underset{\text { Rcattering......................... }}{\text { Randall, Pa }} \quad \underset{+}{1281 / 2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hancock nominated 2 y acclamation, after the second ballot. <br> * Ewing O., 10, Seymour, N. Y., 8, Loveland. Col., 5. McDonald. lnd. 3: Parker, N.J., 1; Black, Pa., 1 Jewett, 0,1 English, Ind.. 1 : Lathrop Mich. 1. IEnglish, Ind., 19. Parker, N. J 2 Jewett, O. 1. <br> Garfield nominated on the thirty-sixth ballot. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## 1884.

DEmocratic National Conven tion, Chicago, JULY 11.

| Camdidates. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 18 t \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \mathrm{~d} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total vote. ............... | 820 | 820 |
| Necessary to a choice. | 547 | 547 |
| Cleveland, N. Y | 392 | 683 |
| Bayard, Del | 170 | 8112 |
| Thurman. O. | 88 | 4 |
| Rasdall Pa. | 78 | 4 |
| McDonald, In | 56 | 4 |
| Carlisle. Ky | 27 | . |
| Flower, N. Y | 4 | . |
| Hoadly O. | 3 |  |
| Hendricks. Ind | 1 | $40^{1} 1$ |
| Tilden, N. Y.. | 1 | . . |

Cleveland nominated on $2 d$ ballot.

Repeblican National Convention,
CHicago, June 6.


Blaine nominated on the fourth ballot.

## BALLOTS FOR CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT-Continued.

## 1888.

Democratic National ConvenTION, ST. LOUIS, JUNE 6.

Candidate.
Cleveland, N. Y...... $\{$

Cleveland nominated by acclamation, without a ballot.

Republican National Convention, CHICAGO, June 22, 24, 25.

| Candidates. | 1st Ballot. | 2dilot. | 3d Ballot. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 4 \mathrm{th} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\frac{5 \text { th }}{\text { Ballot. }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 6th } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { 7th } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 8th } \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total vote. | 830 | 830 | 830 | 829 | 827 | 830 | 831 | 830 |
| Nec'ry to a choice | 416 | 416 | 416 | 415 | 414 | 416 | 416 | 416 |
| Harrison, Ind | 80 | 91 | 94 | 217 | 213 | 431 | 278 | 544 |
| Sherman, O. | 229 | 249 | 244 | 235 | 294 | 244 | 231 | 118 |
| Alger, Mich | 84 | 116 | 122 | 135 | 142 | 137 | 120 | 100 |
| Gresham, Ind.... | 111 | 108 | 123 | 98 | 87 | 91 | 91 | 59 |
| Allison, La. | 72 | 75 | 88 | 88 | 99 | 73 | 76 | .. |
| Depew, N | 99 | 99 | 91 |  | . | . | .. |  |
| Rusk, Wis. | 25 | 20 | 16 | . | .. | $\cdots$ | . | . |
| Phelps, N. J. ..... | 25 | 18 | 5 | - | . | . | $\ldots$ | . |
| Ingalls, Kan | 28 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mckinley, O...... |  | 3 | 8 | 11 | 18 | 40 | 15 | $\frac{4}{5}$ |
| Blaine, Me. | 35 40 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 35 4 | 42 3 | 18 | 4 | 15 | . |

Harrison nominated on the eighth ballot.

* Fitler, Pa., 24; Hawley, Ct., 13; Lincoln, Ill., 3; on first ballot.

1892. 

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVEN-

| Candidates. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered}18 \mathrm{st} \\ \text { Ballot. }\end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total vote | 9093/8 |
| Necessary to a cho |  |
| Clevela | 61736 |
| Hill, N. Y | 114 |
| Boies, Ia. | 103 |
| Gorman, M | 36\% |
| Stevenson, | 162/3 |
| Scattering* | 23 |
| Cleveland nominated on the first ballot. "Carlisle. Ky., 14; Morrison, Ill.,3; Campbell, O., 2 ; Russell, Mass., 2; Pattison, Pa., 1; Whitney, N. Y., 1 . |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Republican National Conventions. MINNEAPOLIS, JUNE 7, $9,10,11$.

| Candidates. | 18t ${ }_{\text {1stlot. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total vote. | 9041/6 |
| Necessary to a choice. | 453 |
| Harrison, Ind. | $5351-6$ |
| Blaine, Me.... | 182 1-6 |
| McKinley, | 182 |
| Reed, Me. Lincoln, | 1 |

Harrison nominated on the first ballot.
1896.

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENtion, Chicago, July 10.

| Candidates. | $\begin{gathered} 18 t \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}$ | 5th Eallot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total vote | 752 | 766 |
| Necessary to a choice. | 502 | 512 |
| Bryan, Neb. | 119 | 500 |
| Bland, Mo | 235 | 106 |
| Pattison, Pa | 95 | 93 |
| Matthews, Ind | 37 | 31 |
| Boies, Ia.. | 80 | 26 |
| Stevenson, | 7 | 8 |
| Blackburn, Ky | 83 |  |
| McLean, O | 54 |  |
| Scattering*. | 37 |  |
| Not voting.. | 178 | 162 |

Bryan nominated after the fifth ballot, enough changes being made to give him more than 512 votes.
*Tillman, S. C., 17; Pennoyer, Ore., 8. ; Teller, Col., 8; Russell, Mass.,2; Hill,N.Y. Y. $;$ Campbell,0.1.

Republican National Convention, ST. LOUIS, JUNE 18.

| Candidates. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 1 \mathrm{st} \\ \text { Ballot. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total vote. Necessary to a choice. | $\begin{aligned} & 906 \\ & 454 \end{aligned}$ |
| McKinley, O... | 6611/8 |
| Reed, Me.... | $841 / 2$ |
| Quay, Pa.....̈. | 611/2 |
| Allison, Ia.... | 351/2 |
| Cameron, Pa. | 1 |
| Blank ....ere.......e. . . . . | 4 |

McKinley nominated on the first ballot,

[^4]FROM 1789 TO 1896.

## AGGREGATE POPULAR VOTE AID ELECTORAL VOTE FOR CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT AT EACH ELECTION.

Note, -There is, properly speaking, no popular vote for President and Vice-President; the people vote for electors, and those chosen in each state meet therein and vote for the candidates for President and Vice-President. The record of any popular rote for electors prior to 1824 is so meagre and imperfect that a compilation would be useless. In most of the states, for more than a quarter century following the establishment of the Government, the State Legislatures "appointed'" the Presidentic! electors, and the people therefore voted only indirectly for them, their choice being expressed by their votes for members of the Legislature. In this tabulation only the aggregate electoral votes for candidates for President and Vice-President in the first nine quadrennial elections appear.

## ELECTORAL VOTES.

1789. Previous to 1804, each elector voted for two candidates for President. The one who received the largest number of votes was declared President, and the one who received the next largest number of votes was declared Vice-President. The electoral votes for the first President of the United States were: George Washington, 69; John Adams, of Massachusetts, 34; John Jay, of New York, 9; R. H. Harrison, of Maryland, 6; John Rutledge, of south Carolina, 6; Johu Haucock, of Massachusetts, 4; George Clinton, of New York, 3; Samuel Huntingdon, of Connecticut, 2; John Milton, of Georgia, 2; James Armstrong, of Georgia; Benjamin Lincoln, of Massachusetts, aud Edward Telfair, of Georgia, I vote each. Vacancies (votes not cast), 4. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President.
1790. George Washington, Federalist, received 132 rotes; John Adams, Federalist, 77 ; George Cinton, of New York, Republican ( $\alpha$ ), 50 ; Thomas Jefferson, of Virginia, Republican, 4; Aaron Burr, of New York, Republican, I vote. Vacancies, 3. George Washington was chosen President and John Adams Vice-President.
1791. John Adams, Federalist, 71; Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 68; Thomas Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 59; Aaron Burr, of New York, Republican, 30 ; Samuel Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 15; Oliver Ellsworth, of Connecticut, Independent, 11; George Clinton, of New York, Repnblican, 7 ; John Jay, of New York, Federalist, 5 ; James Iredell, of North Carolina, Federalist, 3 ; George Washington, of Virginia; John Henry, of Maryland, and S. Johnson, of North Carolina, all Federalists, 2 votes each; Charles Cotesworth Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 1 vote. John Adams was chosen President and Thomas Jefferson Vice-Presicient.
1792. Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 73; Aaron Burr, Republican, 73 ; John Adams, Federalist, 65 ; Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 64; John Jay, Federalist, 1 vote. There being a tie yote for Jefferson and Burr, the choice devolved upon the House of Representatives. Jefferson received the votes of ten States, which, being the largest vote cast for a candidate, elected him President. Burr received, the votes of four States, which, being the next largest vote, elected him Vice-President. There were 2 blank votes.
1793. The Constitution of the United States having been amended, the electors at this election voted fer a President and a Vice-President, instead of for two candidates for President. The result was as follows: For President, Thomas Jefferson, Republican, 162 . Charles C. Pinckney, Federalist, 14. For Vice-President, George Clinton, Republican, 162; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 14. Jefierson was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.
1794. For President, James Madison, of Virginia, Republican, 122; Charles C. Pinckney, of South Carolina, Federalist, 47 ; George Clinton, of New York, Republican, 6, For Vice-President, George Clinton, Republican, 113; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 47; John Langdou, of New Hampshire, 9; James Madison, 3; James Monroe, 3. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Clinton Vice-President.
1795. For President, James Madison, Republican, 128; De Witt Clinton, of New York, Federalist, 89. For Vice-President, Flbridge Gerry, of Massachusetts, Pepublican, 131; Jared Ingersoll, of Pennsylvania, Federalist, S6. Vacancy, 1. Madison was chosen President and Gerry Vice-President.
1796. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 183; Rufus King, of New York, Federalist, 34. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, of New York, Republican, I83; John Eager Howard, of Maryland, Federalist, 22; James Ross, of Pennsylvania, 5; John Marshall, of Virginia, 4 ; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, 3. Vacancies, 4. Monroe was chosen President and Tompkins Vice-President
1797. For President, James Monroe, of Virginia, Republican, 231; John Q. Adams, of Massachusetts, Republican, 1. For Vice-President, Daniel D. Tompkins, Republican, 218 ; Richard Stockton, of New Jersey, 8 ; Daniel Rodney, of Delaware, 4 ; Robert G. Harper, of Maryland, and Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, 1 vote each. Vacancies, 3. James Monroe was chosen President and Daniel D. Tompkins Vice-President.

ELECTORAL AND POPULAR VOTES.

| Year of Election, | Candidates for President. | States. | Polit- ical Party. | Popular Vote. | Plnrality. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \mid \text { Elec- } \\ \text { torsi } \\ \mid \text { Vote. } \end{array}$ | Candidates for <br> Vice-President. | States. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Polit- } \\ & \text { ical } \\ & \text { Party. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1824...... | Andrew Jackson. <br> John Q. Adams*........ <br> Henry Clay. <br> Wm. H. Crawford..... | Tenn. Mass. Ky Ga.... | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Rep ... } \\ & \text { Rep ... } \\ & \text { Rep... } \\ & \text { Rep... } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 155,872 \\ 105,321 \\ 46,587 \\ 41,282 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 50,551 \\ & \cdots \cdots \\ & \cdots \end{aligned}$ | (b) 99 84 37 41 | John C. Calhoun*...... Nathan Sanford....... Nathaniel Macon...... Andrew Jackson....... M Van Buren........ Henry Clay............ | S. C... N. N. C.. V. Tenn.. N. Y.. Ky ... | Rep... Rep... Rep... Rep.. Rep... Rep... | $\begin{array}{r}182 \\ 30 \\ 24 \\ 13 \\ 9 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1828....... | Andrew Jackson*. . . . . | Menn.. | $\overline{\text { Dem. }}$ Nat. | $\begin{aligned} & 647,231 \\ & 509,097 \end{aligned}$ | 138,134 $\ldots$ | 178 83 | John C. Calhoun*...... Richard Rush......... William Smith........ | S. C... Ps.... S. C... | Dem. <br> Nat. <br> Dem. <br> Dem | $\begin{array}{r}171 \\ 83 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 1832....... | Andrew Jackson*...... <br> Heary Clay. <br> Jolm Floogd. <br> Willism Wirt (c)........ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tenn.. } \\ & \text { Ky... } \\ & \text { Gs.... } \\ & \mathrm{Md} . . . . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\text { Dem. . }} \\ & \text { Nat. } \\ & \text { Ind.... } \\ & \text { Anti-M } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 687,502 \\ 530,189 \\ 33,108 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 157,313 \\ \ldots \\ \ldots \end{gathered}$ | [ 219 | M. Van Buren*......... <br> John Sergeant. ......... <br> Renry Lee. . . . . . . . . . . . <br> Arnos Ellmaker (c) <br> Wm. Wilkins. | $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}_{1} .$. $\mathrm{Pa} . . .$. $\mathrm{MIass} .$. $\mathrm{Pa} \ldots .$. $\mathrm{Pa} \ldots .$. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \hline \text { Dem. ... } \\ \text { Nat. } \\ \text { Ind.... } \\ \text { Anti-M } \\ \text { Dem... } \end{array}\right.$ | 189 <br> 49 <br> 11 <br> 7 <br> 30 |
| 1836........... | Martin Van Buren* .. W. H. Harrison. . . . . . Hugh L. White. $\qquad$ Daniel Webster...... Willie P. Mangum.... | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{l\|} \hline \text { N. Y... } \\ \text { O..... } \\ \text { Tenn.. } \\ \text { Mass... } \\ \text { N. C... } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dem.. } \\ & \text { Whig.. } \\ & \text { Whig.. } \\ & \text { Whig.. } \\ & \text { Whig.. } \end{aligned}$ | $\} \begin{aligned} & 761,549 \\ & 736,656\end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,893 \\ & \cdots \cdot\{ \end{aligned}$ | 170 73 26 14 11 | R. N. Johnson (d)* .... Francis Granger. John Tyler. William Smith | $\left\|\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Ky.... } \\ \text { N. Y.... } \\ \text { Va..... } \\ \text { Ala .... } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Dem... } \\ \text { Whig... } \\ \text { Whig . } \\ \text { Dem.. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 147 \\ 77 \\ 47 \\ 23 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS-Continued.

| Year of Election. | Candidates for President. | States. | Politleal Party | Popular Vote. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Plu- } \\ & \text { rality. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Elec- } \\ \text { toral } \\ \text { Vote. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Candidates for Vice-President. | States. | Political Party | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Elec- } \\ & \text { toral } \\ & \text { Vote. } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | W. H. Harrison\#........ Martin Van Buren.... James G. Birney....... | $\frac{0}{N}$ | Whig.. Lib ... | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 1,275,017 \\ 1,128,702 \\ 7,059 \end{array}\right\|$ | $146,315$ | $\begin{array}{r} 234 \\ 60 \end{array}$ | John Tyler*. <br> R. M. Johnson <br> L. W. Tazewe <br> James K. Poll | Vy. Ka. Tenn... Yenn. |  | 34 48 11 |
| 15 | Jarme <br> Henry <br> James |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} \overline{1,337,243} \\ 1,299,068 \\ 62,300 \end{array}\right\|$ | $38,17$ | $\begin{aligned} & 170 \\ & 105 \end{aligned}$ | George M. Dal <br> T, Frelinghuyse <br> Thomas Morris | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pa} \\ & \mathrm{Na} \end{aligned}$ |  | 70 05 |
| 18 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Whig. } \\ & \text { Demo } \\ & \text { F. Soil. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|} \hline 1,360,101 \\ 1,22,544 \\ 291,263 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 139,557 | 163 127 | Millard Fillmore.*..... William O. Butler..... Charles F. Adams..... |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Whig. } \\ & \text { Dein } \\ & \text { F. Soli. } \end{aligned}$ | 163 127 |
| 18 | Frankin Pie Winfield Sco John P. Hal Daniel Webs | N. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dem... } \\ & \text { Whig } \\ & \text { F.D.(i) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 1,601,474 \\ 1,380,575 \\ 156,149 \\ 1,670 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 220,896 \\ \ldots . \end{gathered}$ | 254 <br> 42 | William R. King William A. Grab George W. Julia |  |  | 54 42 4 |
| 18 | James Buchan John C. Frem Millard Fillm |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dem.. } \\ & \text { Rcp... } \\ & \text { Amer. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 1,838,169 \\ 1,341,264 \\ 874,538 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 496,905 | $\begin{aligned} & 174 \\ & 114 \end{aligned}$ | J. C. Breckinrldge*...... William L, Dayton.... A. J. Donelson. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dem .. } \\ & \text { Rep ... } \\ & \text { Amer.. } \end{aligned}$ | 14 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Abraham } \\ & \text { Stephea A } \\ & \text { J.C. Brecl } \\ & \text { John Bell. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { III } \\ & \text { III } \\ & \text { Ky } \\ & \text { Ten } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,866,352 \\ 1,375,157 \\ 845,763 \\ 589,581 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 491,195 | $\begin{array}{r}180 \\ 12 \\ 72 \\ 39 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Hannibal Hamlla* H. V. Johnson. Joseph Laze. Edward Everett. | Me.... Ga. Ore... Mass. | Rep... <br> Dem. <br> Unlon | 180 <br> 12 <br> 72 <br> 78 <br> 88 <br> 218 |
|  | Abraham Li George B. A |  |  | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 2,216,067 \\ & 1,808,725 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | 407,342 |  | Andrew Johnson*...... George H, Pendleton.. |  | ep .. | 19 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ulysses S. } \\ & \text { Horatio S } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 305,456 |  | Schuyler Colfax*...... <br> F. P. Blair, Jr.......... | Ind | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rep .. } \\ & \text { Dem.. } \end{aligned}$ | 14 |
| 18 | Ulysses S. Grant*....... Horace Greeley........ Charles O'Conor. ...... James Black.......... Thomas A. Hendricks.. B. Fratz Brown........ Charles J. Jenkins...... David Davls............ |  | Rep <br> D, <br> Dem <br> Tem <br> Dem <br> Dem <br> Dem <br> Ind. | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 3,597,070 \\ 2,834,079 \\ 29,408 \\ 5,608 \end{array}\right\|$ | $762,991$ | $\begin{aligned} & 286 \\ & \ddot{0} \\ & \ddot{4} \\ & 18 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | Henry Wilson* <br> B. Gratz Brown <br> John Q. Adams. <br> John Russell. <br> George W. Julian <br> A, H. Colquitt. <br> John M. Palmer. <br> T. E. Bramlette <br> W. S. Greesbeck. <br> Wills B. Machen. <br> N. P. Banks. . | Mass.. Mo.... Mass.. Mich.. Ind.... Ga .... III.... Ky.... | Rep... D. L... Dem.. Temp. Lib... Dem.. Dem.. Dem.. Dem.. Dem. Lib.... | 286 47 |
|  | Samuel J. Tilden........ Rutherford B, Hayes.... Peter Cooper........... Green Clay Smith...... James B. Walker...... |  | Rep, ... Grenb Pro.... Amer.. | $4,033,950$ 81,740 9,552 2,636 2, | 250,935 | $\begin{aligned} & 184 \\ & \mathrm{~h} 185 \end{aligned}$ | T. A. Hendrick William A. Wh Samuel F. Cary Gideon T. Stew <br> D. Kirkpatrick. | N. Y.. O.... O..... N. |  | 184 185 |
|  | James A. Garfield ${ }^{\text {* }}$ <br> W. S. Hancock. <br> James B. W eaver <br> Neal Dow. <br> John W. Phelps. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{~Pa} \\ & \mathrm{Iow} \\ & \mathrm{Me} \\ & \mathrm{Vt} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 4,449,063 \\ 4,442,035 \\ 307,306 \\ 10,305 \\ 707 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 7,018 $\cdots$ | $\begin{aligned} & 214 \\ & 155 \end{aligned}$ | Chester A. Arthn Willam H. Engli B. J. Chainbers. H. A. Thompson. S. C. Pomeroy... |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Dem... } \\ & \text { Gre'nb } \\ & \text { Pro.... } \end{aligned}\right.$ | ${ }_{155}^{214}$ |
| 1884........... | Grovar Cleveland*...... James G. Blaine....... John P. St. John....... Benjamin F. Butler.... P. D. Wigginton...... |  | Dem .. Rep... Pro... Peop.. Amer.. | $\begin{array}{r} \hline 4,911,017 \\ 4,818,334 \\ 151,809 \\ 133,825 \end{array}$ | $62,68$ | $\begin{gathered} 219 \\ 182 \end{gathered}$ | T. A. Hendricl John A. Logan William Danie A, M. West.. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1...... } \\ & \text { Miss.... } \\ & \text { Mis. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Rep } \\ \text { Pro...... } \\ \text { Peop .. } \end{array}\right\|$ | 218 |
| 1 | Grover Cleveland. Benjamin Harrison* Clinton B, Fisk. Alson J. Streeter. R. H. Cowdry. James L. Curtis. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} . \\ & \text { Ind } \\ & \text { In } \\ & \text { II } \\ & \text { II. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Rep... Pro.... U.; L... Ud. Amer. | $5,538,233$ <br> $5,410,216$ <br> 249,907 <br> 148,105 <br> 2,808 <br> 1,591 | $98,017$ | $\begin{aligned} & 168 \\ & 233 \end{aligned}$ | Allen G. Tharman Levi P. Morton* John A, Brooks. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> C. E. Canningham. W, H. T. Wakefield... James B. Greer. $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N. Y... } \\ & \text { Mo..... } \\ & \text { Mrrc... } \\ & \text { Kann... } \\ & \text { Tenn. } \end{aligned}$ | Rep .. Pro... U'di... U'd $\mathbf{L}$. Amer.: | ${ }_{268}^{168}$ |
| 1 | Grover Cleveland*..... Benjamin Harrison. <br> James B. Weaver. $\qquad$ <br> John Bidwell. <br> Simon Wing. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | N. Y.. <br> Ind ... <br> Iowa... <br> Cal <br> Mass... | Dem .. Rep... Peop.. Pro... Soc. L. | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 5,556,918 \\ 5,176,108 \\ 1,041,028 \\ 264,133 \\ 21,164 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 380,810 | $\begin{array}{r} 277 \\ 145 \\ 22 \end{array}$ | Whitelaw Reid. <br> James G. Field <br> James B. Cranfill <br> Charles H. Matchett.. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rep... } \\ & \text { Peop.. } \\ & \text { Pro.... } \\ & \text { S:oc. L. } \end{aligned}$ | 277 145 22 |
| 1896 | William Mckinl William J. Brya William J. Brya Joshua Levering Charles H. Matc Charles E. Bentl | $\begin{aligned} & 0 . \\ & \mathrm{Oe} \\ & \mathrm{Ne} \\ & \mathrm{Md} \\ & \mathrm{Ml} \end{aligned}$ | Dem. <br> Pop. <br> Pro.. <br> N. De <br> Soc, I <br> Nst. | $7,104,779$ <br> $6,502,925$ <br> 132,007 <br> 133,148 <br> 36,274 <br> 13,969 | 601,854 | $\begin{aligned} & 271 \\ & 176 \end{aligned}$ | Garret A. Hoba <br> Arthur Sewall. <br> Thomas E. Wa <br> Hale Johnson.. <br> Simon B. Buckn <br> Matthew Magu <br> James H. South | $\|\overline{\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{J} . .}\|$ | Rep... Dem. Pop. .. Pro... N. Dem Soc. L. Nat. (j) | 271 176 |

*The candidates starred were elected. (a) The first Republican Party is claimed by the present Democratic Party as its progenitor. (b) No candidate having a majority of the electoral vote, the House of Representatives elected Adams. (c) Candidato of the Anti-Masonic Party. (d) There being no choice, the Senate elected Johnson. (e) Eleven Souchern States, being within the belligerent territory, did not vote. (f) Three Southern States disfranchised. (g) Horace Greeley died after election, and Democratic electors scattered their vote. (h) There being a dispute over the electoral votes of Florida, Louisiana, Oregon, and South Carolina, they were referred by Congress to an electoral commission composed of eight Republicans and seven Democrats, which, by a strict party vote, awarded 185 electoral rotes to Hayes and 184 to Tilden. (i) Free Democrat. (j) Free Silver Prohibition Party. (k) In Massachusetts. There was also a Native A merican ticket in that State, which received 184 votes.

Note.-For popular and electoral rote by States in 1892 and 1896 see tables beginning election returns.

# おrimipal ctusts im tye anniter States.* 

(Prepared for The World Almanac by Byron W. Holt.)
I.-TWO HUNDRED LEADING CORPORATE TRUSTS. (Corrected to November 30, 1899.)

## Present Namr of Teust.

| Present Namr of Trust. |  |  | Location <br> Principal Office. | Present Capitalization. $\dagger$ <br> (With Rates of Interest and Dividends. $\ddagger$ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Com. Stock. | Pref. Stock. | Bonds. |
| Alabama Con. Coal \& Iron Co. (5 prop.) | $\overline{1899}$ | N | Birmingham.. | $\$ 2,500,000$ | \$2,500,000 (7) |  |
| Amsl. Copper Co. ( 6 copper properties) | 1899 |  | New York.... | $75,000,000(8)$ |  |  |
| American Agricultural Chemical Co. (23 fertilizer plants): | 1899 | Ct. | New York.. | 16,500,000 | 16,500,000 (6) |  |
| Amerlcan Automstic Weighing Machine Co. ( 3 companies, all in U.S.)......... | 1899 | Eng... | New York.. | £135,000 | $£ 135,000$ (6) |  |
| American Axe \& Tool Co. (16 plants)... | 1889 | Kу... | New lork.... | 3,87:500 (6) g |  |  |
| Am Beet Sugar (prop, in Neb. \& S. Cal.) | 1899 |  | New York.... | 15,000,000 | 4,000,000 (6) |  |
| American Bell Telephone (controls 51 comprnies with $\$ 153,324,516$ capital). | 18791880 | Mass. | Boston. | $25.886,300$ (15) |  | \$10,000,000 (4) |
| American Bicycle Co. ( 56 plants)....... | 1899 | N.J | New Yor | 20,000,000 | 10,000,000 (7) | 10,000,000 (5) |
| Am. Car \& Foundry Co. (railroad cars) | 1899 |  | New York | 29,090,000 | 29,090,000 (7) |  |
| American Cement Co. ( 6 mills in Pa.and N.Y.,cement properties, wharves, etc.) | 1899 | N. J.. |  | 2,100,000 |  | 1,000,000 (5) |
| Am. Chicle Co. (6 large chew.gum firms) | 1899 | N.J.. |  | 6,000,000 (6) | 3,000,000 (6) | 1,000,000 (5) |
| American Cotton Oil Co. (123 properties) | 18831889 | N. | New Yo | 20,237,100 (4) | 10,198,600 (6) | 3,068,000 (8) |
| Am. Edible Nut Co. (peanut combine).. | 1899 1893 | N |  | 5,000,000 |  |  |
| American Electric Heating Corporation. | 1893 |  | Boston | 10,000,000 |  | 500,000 (5) |
| Americsn Felt Co. (nearly all in U. S.). | 1899 |  | New Yor | $\because, 5: 0,000$ | 2,500,000 | 500,000 |
| Am, Fisheries Co. (15-18 menhaden cos.) | 1898 | N. | New Yor | .8,000,000 | 2,000,000 (7) |  |
| American Glue Co. | 1891 |  | Boston | 1,400,000 | 700,000 |  |
| Am. Hide \& Leather Co. (30 companies, 85 per cent upper lesther output). | 1899 | N. J.. | New York. | 11,500,000 | 13,000,000 (7) | 9,000,000 (6) |
| American Ice Co. (ice companies of N. Y., Phila., Balt., Wash., and N. J.)... | 1899 | N.J.. | New York. | 22,939,100 (1) | 12,440,400 (6) | 1,255,000 |
| Am. Iron \& Steel Co. (several iron and steel cos. of Lebanon and Reading)... | 1899 | Pa. |  | 12,000,000 | $3,000,000$ (5) |  |
| American Jute Bagging Mfg. Co........ |  |  |  | $2,800,000$ $2,000,000$ |  |  |
|  | 1899 | Ohio - |  | 2,000,000 | 1,500,000 |  |
| American Linseed Oil Co. (82 plants) | 1887 1898 <br> 1891 1892 | N. J. ... | Chicago. | $15,475,000$ $8,400,000$ | $15,475,000$ $3,500,000$ |  |
|  | 1891 1892 <br> 1897 $\ldots .$. | N.J. | New Yor | $8,000,000$ $14,500,000$ (7) | $\begin{aligned} & 3,500,000 \\ & 14,4140,000 \end{aligned}$ | 3,000,000 (6) |
| Am.Ordnance Co. (guns, projectiles, etc.) | 1896 |  | Dist. of Col | 2,500,000 |  |  |
| Am. Pastry \& Mfg. Co. ( pie bakers, N.Y.) | 1899 | N. J | New York | 2,000,000 | 1,000,000 |  |
| Ann. Pneumstic Service (consol, 4 cos.) | 1899 | Del.. | Bosto | 5,000,000 | 5,000,000 (6) |  |
| Am. Radiator Co. (4 leading companies) | 18921899 | N.J.. | Chic | 5,000,000 | $3,000,000$ (7) |  |
| American School Furniture Co.......... | 1899 | N. J. |  | 10,000,000 |  | 1,500,000 |
| Am. Sewer Pipe Co. (51 big companies). | 1899 | N. J | Pittsburgh. . . | 12,500,000 | 12,500,000 |  |
| Am.Ship building Co. (shipbld. on Git.L.) | 1899 | N.J | Cleveland.... | $7,600,000$ | 7,600,000 (7) |  |
| American Silk Mifg. Co. (8) lk thread)... | 1899 | N.J.. | New London.. | $7,500,000$ | $5,000,000$ (6) |  |
| American Sods Fountain Co. | 1891 | N.J | New York. | 1,250,000(51/4)b | 2,500,000(6,8)b |  |
| American Smelting \& Refining Co | 1899 | N.J.. | New Yor | 27,400,000 | $27,400,00$ (7) | 2,133,000 (6) |
| American Steel \& Wire Co. or | 18981899 | N.J. | Chicago | 50,000,000 | $40,000,000$ (7) | 101,656 |
| American Steel Casting Coo | 18911894 | N. J |  | 4,200,000 (7) |  |  |
| Am. Steel Hoop Co. (10 companles) | 1899 | N.J. | New Yor | 19,000,000 | 14,000,000 (7) |  |
| Am. Straw Board Co. (19 plants). ... | 18891893 | II1.... | Chicago..... | 6,000,000 (1) |  | 829,389 (6) |
| Am Sugar Refining Co. (70 per cent all) | 18871891 | N.J.. | New lork.... | 36,968,000 (12) | 36,968,000 (7) |  |
| Am. Switch Co.( 12 switch and frog cos.) | 1899 |  |  | 5,500,000 | 5,500,000 (6) |  |
| Am. Thread Co ( 13 cotton thread cos. controlled by English Colton Co. ).... | 1898 | N.J.. | New Yor | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 (5) | 6,000,000 (4) |
| Ara.Tin Plate Co.(281 mills, 95 p.c.of all) | 1898 | N.J.. | Chicago | 28,000,000 | 18,000,000 (7) |  |
| Am.Tobacco Co.(plug bus, sold in 1898). | 1890 . | N.J | New Lork | 54,500,000(7,100) | 14,000,000 (8) | $3,580,000$ (6) |
| Am. Type Founders' ${ }^{\text {Cob }}$ ( 23 cos, in U. S.) | 18921896 | N.J | New York | $4,000,000$ (4) |  | 1,000,000 (6) |
| Am Wiadow Glass Co. ( 80 per cent all) | 1899 | Pa. | l'ittsburg | 13,000,000 | 4,000,000 (7) |  |
| American Warp-Drawlng Machine Co.. | 1899 |  |  | 2,300,000 | 200,000 |  |
| Am. Woodworking Machinery Co. (14 firms-in recetvers' hands). | 1897 | N.J.. | New Yor | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 (7) | 1,200,000 |
| Am Woollen C'o (meu's woollens) | 1899 | N.J | Boston. | 29,501,100 | 20,000,000 (7) |  |
| Americsn Wringer Co............. | 1891 | R. I. | 1:hode Island. | 850,000 (8) | 1,650,000 (7) |  |
| Am Writing Paper Co. (22 companies) | 1894 | N.J. |  | 9,500,000 | 12,500,000 (7) | $17,000,000$ |
| Asphati Co. of America ( 95 per cent all) | 1899 | N.J. | Philad.lphia.. | $30,000,000$ |  | $30,000,000$ (5) |
| - ttantic Snuff Co. (all but 2 compsnies) | 1898 | N. | Nashville | 2,000,000 | 8,000,000 |  |
| Baltimore Brick Co. (22 plants)......... | 1899 | N. | Baltimor | 1,500,000 | 600,000 (6) |  |
| farber Asphalt Paving Co. (pools with other companles ) | 18871896 |  | New York. | 5,000,000 |  |  |
| Booth. A., \& Co. (fish and oysters, 4. concerns) | 1898 | Ill. | Chicago...... | $3,000,000$ | 2,500,000 (8) | 2,000,000 |
| Eorsz Consolldsted, limitted (cons. 12 pria, boras propertites of world). | 1899 | Eng | London .... | $£ 600,000$ | $\mathcal{£} 800,000(51 / 2)$ | £800,000 (4\%) |
| Biass Foundry \& Machiue Co. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1898 | N.J | Jersey Clty... | 6,000,000 |  |  |
| Brunswick-Balse-Cchlender Co. (billiard 2sbles etc.) | 1882 | Ohio.. | New York.. . | 1,500,000 |  |  |
| Callfornia Fruit Canners' Assoclation. | 1899 | Cs | San Francisco | 3,500,000 |  |  |
| Cslifornia Winamakers Corporation(al lied with California Wine Ass'n)...... | 1894 | Cal.. | Sun Francisco | 10,000,000 |  |  |
| Carvegic Steel Co. ( 15 iron, steel, and :oke compsuies). | i894 |  | Pittsburgh. .. | $35,000,000$ |  |  |
| Central Foundry Co. ( 95 per cent soll pipe sutput United Ststes)....... | 1894 | N.J.。 | New York.... | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 (?) | 4,000,000 (6) |
| Centra) Hudson steambuat Co. (9 Hud sca River wosts) | 1899 |  |  | 4,00,090 | 600,000 | 500,000 |

## Present Namr of Trust

Central New York Brewing Co．．．．．．．．．．．
Chicago Junction R＇y \＆Union Stock lards Co．（meat packing，cattle， 3 cos．） Chicago Milk Co．（ $3 / 4$ milk supply）．．．．．． Chicago companies）
City of Chicago Brewing \＆Malting Co （English and American companies）．．． Cleveland \＆Sandusky Brewing Co．（11 breweries）．
Colorado Fuel \＆Iron（consolidated Col orado Coal \＆Iron Co．）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Col．Elec．Car－light．\＆Brakt Co．（3 cos．） Commouwealth Electric Co．（ 12 com－ panies，pools with Edison）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Consolidated Ice Co．（all artificial ice compsnies in Pittsburgh）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Con．Lk．Super．Co．（ 4 cos，water power Consolidated Rubber Tire Co．．
Consolidated Smelting \＆Refining Co． （ 11 big cos．in U．S．and Mezico）．．．．． Continental Cement Co．
Cont＇nt＇l Cotton Oil Co．（i South rn cos．） Continental Tobacco Co．（ 7 plug cos，and plug interest of Am．Tob．Co．）． Diamond MatchCo．（ mills in U．S．\＆Eng．） Distilling Co．of America．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Electric Boat C0．（absorbed 3 cos．）．．．．． Electric Storsge Battery Co．（absorbed other cos．in 1895 ；owns $3 / 5$ Elec．V．Co．） 1888 Electric Vehicle Co．（organizes and operates automobile companies．）．．．．．．． Erie Tel．\＆Tel．Co．（ controls 4 ＇phone companies in 7 W ．and S．States）．．．．．
Federal Steel Co．（many mills \＆props．）． General Aristo Co．（photographic sup plies； 6 concerns）
General Chem．Co．（consol several cos．） 1899
General Electric（pools with other cos．）． Glucose Sugar Refin．Co．（most in U．S．） Great Lakes Towing Co．（tow boats）．．． Hspana－American Co．（ 7 cigar cos．）．．．．． Herring－Hall－Marvin（safe combine）．．．． Indurated Fibre lodustries Co．． Int．Power Co．（plants in R．1．and Mass．） International Automobile \＆Vehfcle Tire Co．（3 rubber tire compsuies）．
Int．Car Wheel Co．of U．S．snd Cansda． lnternatlonal（Flosting）Elevating Co．． Internations！Heater Co．（4 companies）． Int．Paper Co．（ 30 newspaper mfrs．）．．．． International Silver Co．（ 24 plate cos．）．． Inter．Steam Pump Co．（ 5 largest in U．S．）
Knickerbocker lce Co．，Chicago（20 coa．） Kodak Limited Co．（consol．Eagland， French，（ierman，and $\Lambda$ m－rican cos ）． Lake Dredgers＇Ass＇n（ 123 owners of dredges on Great Lakes）．
Lake superior Con．Iron Dlines．
Manhattan Spirit Co．（wood alcohol）．．．
Macbeth－Evans Glass Co．（5 chlmney cos．， 60 per cent of all in U．S．）．．．．．．． Marsden Co．of Phila．（cellulose and smokeless powder trust）．
Maryland Brewing Co．（17 Balt．cos．）．． Met．Tobacco Co．（selling comitue）． Milw＇kee \＆Chi．Brew．Co．（Eig．交Am．） Mt．Vernoo Woodberry Cotton Duck Co． （ 14 mills， 90 per cent of all in U．S．）． Monongahela River Con．Cosl \＆Coke Co．（river consolidiation）．
Nat．Bisc．Co．（most large bakers in U．S．）
National Carbon Co．（all companies in
L＇nited States and $3 / 4$ in world）．．．．．．．． National Cash Register Co．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

## National Casket Co

Nat．Enamelling \＆Stamp Co．（4 cos．）． National Glasa Co．（tableware trust）．．． Nat．Lead Co．（ 26 white lead，etc．，plants） Nat．Salt Co．of N．J．（ 95 per cent all）． Natlonal Ssw Co，（controlled by Diston）． Nat．Screw Co．（Am．Co，\＆ 13 other cos．） National Shear Co．
Nationsl Starch Mfg．Co．（20 cos．；agree－ ment with others）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． National Steel Co．（8 soft steel plants）． 1899 National Tin Plate \＆Stamped Ware Co． 1899 Nat．Tube Co．$(17$ cos．， 90 pr．ct．output）．$|899|$

1899

1899 | 1898 | $\ldots$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1892 | .. |
| 1899 | $\ldots$ |



## 运 <br> Ofice．



$\qquad$ Present Capitalization．$\dagger$
（With Rates of Interest and Dividends．$\ddagger$ ）

| Com．Stock． | Pref．Stock． | Bonds． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \＄2，200，000 | \＄1，800，000（7） | \＄2，200，000（6） |
| 6，500，000（8） | 6，500，000（6） | 12，939．000（b） |
| 3，000，000 | $3,000,000$（7） | 12，939．000（b） |
| 3，500，000 | 2，500，000 |  |
| $£ 625,000$ | $£ 625,000$（8） s | £3，166，000（6） |
| 3，000，000 | 3，000，000 | 6，000，000（6） |
| $17,000,000(11 / 4) \mathrm{e}$ $10,000,000$ | 13，000，000（4）a | 7，792，000（5，6） |
| 10，000，000 | ．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．． |
| 3，000，000 | ．．．．．．．．． | 2，500，000（5） |
| 2，000，000 | 2，000，000 |  |
| $14,000,000$ $4,000,000$ | $6,000,000(7)$ $4,000,000(6)$ | 3，500，000（5） |
| 4，000，000 | 4，000，000（6） |  |
| 27，000，000 | 27，000，000 |  |
| 5，000．000 | 5，000，000（7） |  |
| 3，000，000 | 2，762，000（7） |  |
| 48，846，100 | 48．844，600（7） |  |
| 15，000，000（10） |  |  |
| $45,250,000$ $4,997,800$ | $31,250,000$ $1,190,000$ | 1，899，000．（6） |
| 11，875，000 | 5，000，000（1） | 450，000（5） |
| $7,000,000$（2） | $5,000,000$（8） |  |
| $5,000.000(4)$ $46,484,000(11 / 4)$ | $53,0261,000$（6） | $\begin{array}{r}7,905,000 \\ 28,334,000(5,6) \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| 2，500，000 | 2，500，000（7） |  |
| 12．500，000 | 12，500，000（6） |  |
| 18，276，000（6） | 2，551，200（7） | 5，700，000（5） |
| 24，027，310（6） | 12，619，000（7） |  |
| 1，675，000 | $1.675,000$（7） | ．．．．．．． |
| 5，000，000 | 5，000．e60（7） | ．．．．．．．． |
| 1，650，400 | 1，650，000（7） | ．．．．．．．． |
| $1,000,000$ $7,400,000$ | 600，000（3） | 225.000 |
| 1，500 000 | 1，500，000 |  |
| 3，225，01\％ | 1，775，000（7） |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.200,010(12) \\ & 900,0100 \end{aligned}$ | 900,000 | －．．．．．． |
| 17，443，850（1） | 22，406，700（6） | 8，782．000（6） |
| 9．946，0听 | 5.111500 （7） | 3，542，000（6） |
| 15，000，000 | 8850,060 （6） |  |
| 4．000，000 | $3,000,000$（6） | 2000,000 （6） |
| $£ 1,000,000$ | £600，000（6） | ．．．．．．．．． |
| 5．000，000 | ．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．． |
| 28，722，0140 | ．．．． | ．．．．．．． |
| $5,000,000$ | ．．．．．．． |  |
| 2，000，000 |  | ．...... |
| 30，782，200 | 1530,000 （6） |  |
| 3，252，100 | $3,250,000$（6） | 7，500，000（6） |
| 500,000 $£ 775,100$ | $500,000(10)$ $£ 775,000(51 / 2)$ | $£ 3.500,000$ |
| £770，100 | £775，000（51／2） | $£ 3,500,000$（5） |
| 9，500，000 |  | 13，000，000（5） |
| 20，000．000 | 10，000，000（7） | 10，000，000（6） |
| 29，200，000（4） | 23，200，000（7） | 1，729，000（6） |
| 5，500．000 | 4，510，000（7） | ． |
| $4,000.000$ | 500,000 （7） | ．．．．．．．． |
| 6,000000 |  | ．．．．．．．． |
| 15.100 .900 | 7，375，000（7） | ．．．．．．．． |
| 3，000， 0100 |  |  |
| 14．905． 300 （1） | 14．904，000（7） | 12，608 |
| $3,500.010$ 2.000 | $2,400,0100$ 600.000 | ．．．．．．．．．． |
| 10，000 100 |  | ．．．．．．．． |
| 1，500，600 | 1，500，000 |  |
| 4，450．700（1） | 4．066，200（2） | 3，042，000（6） |
| $32.000 .000=$ | 27.000 .400 （？） | 2，561，000（6） |
| 10，000．100 | 10.000000 （7） | ．．．．．．．．． |
| \＄0，000，000 | 40，000，000（7） | ．．．．．．．．． |

## Persent Name of Trubt.

National Wall Paper Co. (30 cos.).
New England Cotton Yarn ( 9 yarn mills)
Niles-Bement-Pond Co. (tool works con.)
Otis (Fassenqer) Elevator Co. ( 13 cos .)
Pacific Am. Fish. Co. (salmon canners). Pacific Coast Biscuit Co. (11 firms)...... Paterson Brewing \& Malting (princips breweries in Paterson).
Penn. Central Brew. Co. (12 breweries).
Pillsbury-Washburn Flour Mills Co...
Pittshurgh Brewing Co..
Pittaburgh Coal Co. (rail coal consol.
Pittsburgh Laundry Co.
Yittsburgh Plate Gilasa Co..
Pitts. Stove \& Range Co. (9 etove cos.).
Pressed Steel Car Co. (consol. 2 cob.)....
Republic Iron \& Steel Co . 29 bar and
forge iron companies, etc.)............
Royal Baking Powder Co. (consol. principal companies)..
Ruiber (ioods Mfg. Co. (consol. mechani esi goods companies).
San Frincisco Pr-weries, Limited.
Shelby Steel Tube Co. (weldless tubes) Seacoast Packing Co. (bardines consol. outside of Standard).
Sloss-Sheffield Iron \& Steel Co. ( 6 props.)
Southe"n Car \& Foundry Co.
Sperry Flour Co. (California compsnies).
Standard Mets] Co. ( 10 companits car journat bearings).
Stanilard Sboe Machinery Co. ( 5 compani a not in United Company)..
Standard Oif (petroleum refineries).
Standsrd Rope \& Twine Co.
Stenl Tired Car Wheel Co. (6 or 7 cos.). .
St. Louis Breweries, Limited.
Tennessee Coal, 1ron \& liailroad Co
Tidewater Oil Co. (consol. 4 companies)
Trenton Potteries Co.
Union Bag \& Paper Co. ( 90 per cent ail
Union Carbide Co. (consol. all cos.) ....
Union Steel \& Chain Co. ( 78 propertiea)...
Union Switch \& Signal Co. (consol. wilh Nat, S. \& S. Co.)
Union Typewriter Co. ( 5 leading cos.)..
United Brew. Co. ( 13 brew. in Chicago).
United Fruit Co. (10 big cos. trop. fruits)
United Gas lmprovement Co. (controls gas, etc., companies)
United Lighting \& Heating Co. (8 companies, oil-light interests of U. S.)..
United Paper Co, (tissue paper)...
United Shoe Machinery Co.
United Starch Co. (4 concerns, ali outside National Starch Co.).
United Zinc Co. (consol. 4 companies).
United States Cast-Iron Pipe \& Foundry Co. ( 13 cos., all in Sonth and West)..
U.S. Bobbin \& Shuttle Co. (5 concerns,

90 per cent output)......................
U.S. Dyewood \& Extract Co.(all in U.S.)
U. S. Envelope Co. ( 10 cos., 90 p. c. all)
U. S. Finishing Co. (3 dyeing and print-
ing companies).
U. S. Flour Milling Co. ( 24 big mills)...
U. S. Glass Co. (flint glass, not in Nationsl Glass Co. .
U. S. Leather Co. (sole leather).
U. S. Playing Card Co. (allied with 3 other companiea)..
U.S. Rubber Co. (boot and shoe output) U. S. Varnish Co. (sll in L'nited States)
U. S. Worsted Co. (19 largest mills) ..

Vermont Marble Co..
Virgins-Carolina Chemical Co. ( 27 fertilizing factories).
Virginia 1 ron, Cosl \& Coke Co........
Welsbach Commercial Co. ( 3 cos.)........
Western Union Telegraph (consol. with other companies 1881, 1887, and 1894)
Westinghouse Air-Brake Co. (consolidated Am. \& Boy. companies (n 1898). Westinghouse Electric and ManufacturIng Co. (pools with General Electric).
Wheeling Consolidated Coal Co . (consolidated 4 bituminous coal mines)

| $\vec{x}$ | When First |
| :--- | :--- | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ \hline 9 \\ 99 \\ 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{g}$ If Re-formed,

 | Whers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4ncorporated. | Location

Princips
O§ice. New York..
Jersty City..
New York...
New York..

1899
1897
1899
1899 1891 1899 $1 \$ 99$ 1899 1899
897
1899
1899
1892
1899
1899 1872 1872
$1896^{\circ}$
1898 1887 1888 892 1899 1899
1898
1899 1893
1898
1899
1882 1899 1892 1899 1899 1899

1899

Present Capitalization $\dagger$
(With Rates of Interedt and Disidends.f)

| Com. Stock. | Pref. Stock. | Bonds. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$27,931,500 | \$7,500,000 (8) |  |
| 5,0110,000 | 5,010,000 (7) | \$5,700,000 (5) |
| $5,000,000$ | 2,000,000 (6) |  |
| 6,000,000 | 4,000,000 (6) |  |
| $5,010,000$ |  |  |
| $2.000,000$ | 950,000 (7) | 1,000,000 (6) |
| 3,000,000 |  | 3,000,000 |
| 2,800,000 | 2,800,000 (8) | 2,800,900 (6) |
| $£ 500.000$ | £500,000 (8) | £ 875,000 (6) |
| 6,500,000 | 6,500,000 | $6,500,000(6)$ |
| 30,80^.000 | $30,800,000$ (7) |  |
| 1,750.000 | 1,750,000 |  |
| 9,850,000 (4) | 150,000 (12) |  |
| 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 (7) |  |
| 12,500,000 (6) | 12,506.000 (7) | ......... |
| 27,352,000 | 20,852,000 (7) | ......... |
| 10,000,000 | 10.000,000 (6) |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 12,114,900 \\ £ 84,000 \end{array}$ | $6.396,900(7)$ $£ 126,000$ (3) | $\ddot{¢} 400,000$ |
| 10,000,000 | £12ヶ,000 (3) | ¢400,000 |
| 3,000,000 |  |  |
| 7,500,000 | 6,700,000 (7) | $3,835,000(41 / 2,6)$ |
| $1,750,000$ $10,000,000$ | 1,750,000 | .......... |
| 4,000,000 | 1,800,000 (7) |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2,500,000 \\ & 97.250,000(30) \end{aligned}$ | 1,500,000 (7) | …..... |
| 12,001,000 |  | $10,378,000(5,6)$ |
| $\because, 000,000$ |  |  |
| £900,un0 (4) | $£ 900,000$ (8) | 4,961,000 (5) |
| $20,0100.0(10$ (1) | 1,000,000 (8) e | 10,985,000 (6, 7) |
| 5,000.000 |  | -........ |
| $1,750,000(5)$ $16,000,000$ | $1,250,000(8)$ $11,000,000(7)$ | .......... |
| $16,000,000$ $6,000,000$ |  |  |
| 30,000,000 | 30,000,000 (7) | 10,000,000 |
| 997,950 | 397,600 (6) | 679,000 (5) |
| 10.400,000 | $8,015,000(7,8)$ |  |
| 5,463,100 |  | 3,413,000 (6) |
| 10,471,100 (10) |  |  |
| 15,000,000 (8,15) |  | 1,000,000 (6) |
| 6,000,000 | 6.000 .000 | ......... |
| 1,500,000 | 1,560,000 | ....... |
| $8,660,725(21 / 2)$ | 8,657 700 (6) |  |
| 3,500,000 | $2.500,000$ (6) |  |
| 5,000,000 | 1,000,000 (8) |  |
| 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 (?) |  |
| 1,020,000 | 650,000 (7) | 300,000 (6) |
| 4,000,000 | 6,0190,019) (6) |  |
| 750,940 | 3,750,000 (7) | 2,000,000 (6) |
| 1,000,000 | 2,000,000 (7) | 1,750,000 (5) |
| 3,500,000 | 5,000,000 (6) | 7,500,000 (6) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3,458,100 \\ & 62,854,600(2) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 690,000 \\ 62,254,600(5) \end{gathered}$ | $5,280,000$ (6) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3,600,000 \\ & 23,666,400(4) \end{aligned}$ | $23,525,500$ (8) | 5,000,000 (5) |
| 18,040,000 | 18,000,000 |  |
| 20,000,100 | 16,010,000 (?) |  |
| 3,000,000 |  | 680,000 |
| 8,963,200 (4) | 9,685,000 (8) |  |
| $8,425,000$ $3,560,000$ | $3,500,000$ (7) | 8,425,000 (5) |
| $97,370,000$ (5) |  | 15,356,282 (5,6, 7) |
| 10,950,000 (25) |  |  |
| 9,463,150 | 3,996,750 (\%) | 4,350,000 (5) |
| 5000,000 | ......... | $\ldots$ |

[Tkese references apply to the three precedIng pages.]
*Trast, as populsils understood masns a conselidation, combine, pool, or agreement of two or more natnrally com petiag concernd, which establishes a limited monopoly with power to fiz prices or rates in any hdustry or group of indus. trles. Only the more Important or perfect trusts are contanced in this list, over 500 are known to exist.

Nstural monopolies, such as rallroads, straet rallways, gas, electric light, and water companies, ars not classed as trusts because they are not composed of naturally comprting concenns. Consolidations and price and rate-fixing agreements in these ladustries exist in nearly every city in the country.
$\dagger$ The smount of stock lesued is taken when known; when not known the amonnt authorized is given.
If the trust 1s old enough to haps had a dividend pertor the divldend given is for the last calendar or fiscal year, unless it is marked (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (g), in which case It was last paid in the jear 1897, 1896, 1895, 1894, 1893, 1892, or 1891, respeciively.
II. -SIXTY-FIVE PRINCIPAL UNINCORPORATED TRUSTS.*

| Present Namb op Trustof |  | Location Princlpal Office. | Capltal. 8 | Present Name of Trust. $\dagger$ |  | Locatlon Principal Office. | Capital. $\$^{\text {S }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Am. Knit Uaderwear Ass'n (45 mills in New York)... ........ | 1899 |  | \$15.000,000 | Mfrs.' Paper Co. of Chicago (sell'g agency for many mills) | 1898 |  | \$10,000,000 |
| Am'tlon Mftrs. Ass'n(cartridges) | 1583 | New York | 4,000,000 | Mach, Silk \& Sewing Silk Ass'n. |  |  | $3,000,000$ |
| Anthracise Cosl Trust (a few companies fix prices). | 1892 |  |  | Maple Ftooring (Mfrs.' Ass'n).. Michigan Salt Ass'n (renews | 1898 |  | 2,000,000 |
| Associate Wine Dealers with Cat. Wincmakers' | 1899 |  |  |  | 1876 |  | $4,000,000$ $0,000,000$ |
| Atlantic Passenger Steamship |  |  |  | National Ass'n of Axle Mfrs.... | 1895 | Pittsburgh. | 5,000,000 |
| Pool (renewed io 1849) | 1899 |  | 100,000,00. | Nat. Ass'n of Chamber Suits and |  |  |  |
| Bessemer Ore A ssocistion. | 1830 | Cle | $20,000,000$ | Case M frrs, (90 p. c. of mfrs.).. |  |  | 00 |
| Bolt \& Nut Ass'n (several ass'ns cartiage. stoves, tire, etc.).. . | 1868 |  | 10, | Nationsl Dining Table Ass'n (39 firm8).. | 1899 | Chicago.... | ,000,000 |
| Belting Mfrs. Ass'n (fiz prices, 32 firms, 12 different Slates).. |  |  |  | National Hay Ass'n (500 firms fix prices). | 1893 |  |  |
| Broom Mfrs.' Ass'v of U.S (60) mfrs., exp'd Oct, 14, renewed) |  |  |  | Nat. Mirror Mfis, As'n (40 cos.) | 1898 |  | 5,000,000 |
| mfrs., exp'd Oct. 14, renewed) Box Board Mfrs: Ass'n (pulp | 1809 |  |  | Nat. Boot and Shoe Mfg. Ass'n <br> (95 manufacturers). | 1899 |  |  |
| bosrd, prices) | 18 |  |  | New England Ins. Exchange |  |  |  |
| Brcom Twine (selling combine). | 1898 |  | 500,000 | (84 fire insurance companies) a | 1883 | Bost | 58,537,167 |
| Buggy-body and Carriage-body |  |  |  | N. Carolina Pine Timber Ass'n. |  |  | 20,000.000 |
| Makers | 1899 |  | 4,000,000 | Northw'n Plow \& 1mpl't Ass'n. |  |  | 10.000,000 |
| California Rsisiu frowers Ass'n <br> (2,000 growers, 60 packing h. ) | 1898 |  |  | Oitcloth Pool (table,en'm'd, etc.) Prfat Cloth Pool ( 30 mills fix | 1887 |  | 1,500,000 |
| Beef Trust ( several big cos.). | 1890 |  | 100,000,000 | prices). | 1898 |  |  |
| Cedar Shingles Mfis.' Ass'n, Waahington (limits produe'n) | 1898 |  |  | Puget Sound Packers' Ass'n (8 <br> big salmon packers).... ..... | 1899 | Seattle...... |  |
| Central Lumber Co. of Califor'a | 1896 |  | 70,000,000 | Shot sad Lead Mfrs. Ass'n |  |  |  |
| Chemical Combine (pharmacsutical mannfacturers)... ...... | 18 |  |  | (fixes prices) ............... | 1890 |  |  |
| Chicago \& Northw. Grabsries Co. <br> (sgreements with other cos.).. | 1896 |  |  | (internationsl agreement).... Soapmakers' Combination (most |  |  | 6,000,000 |
| Columbia River Canneries Co. (fish psckers).. | 1898 |  |  | of the big Western cos.)...... <br> Southern Yarn \& Hosiery Ass'n | 1899 |  | 50 |
| Commercial Chem. |  | Port |  | (18 largest mills). <br> Steel Beams Ass'n (fixes prices) | 1899 |  | $100$ |
| Copper Sheets \& Bolis Mfrs.As. | 1898 | Pitt | 5,000,000 | Steel Rsil Mitrs.' Ass'0 (all big |  |  |  |
| Derby Hat Pool ( 4 big compsatss sell together) | 1899 |  | $3,000,000$ | companies agree) Straw Wrap'g Paper Mifrs.'Ass'n | 1884 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 50,000,000 \\ 4,000,000 \end{array}$ |
| Dynamite l'oul (3 big Cal. cos.) . | 1897 |  | 2,000,000 | Theatrical Trust ( 50 blg ones |  |  |  |
| Fruit Desp. Co. (fruit sell, ag'y) |  |  | 5,000,000 | Fiorking together) ............. | 1898 |  | 0,000,000 |
| Electrotypers, N.Y. City \& vic.. | 1897 | New | $5,000,000$ | Toilet Sosp | 1899 |  | 3,000,000 |
| Grain Elevators on Great Lakes (10 or more companies pool).. |  |  |  | U. S. Eaves Trough and Conductor Pipe Associstion. .......... | 1897 | Pittsburgh.. | 2,00 |
| Grape Growers' Pool (agree on prices, Northern ()hio). | 1898 |  |  | U. S. Psper Bag Mfrs.' Ass'n (i0 concerng not in U. B. \& P. Co.) | 1899 |  | 4,000 |
| Georgia Saw Mill Ass'n (lumbe men of S. Car. and Florida). |  |  | 5,00,000 | Western Elevator Ass'n (40 leadlog in Buffalo) $\qquad$ | 1897 | Buff |  |
| Hot-Air Furnsce Mfrs.' Ass'n. |  |  | 5,000,000 | Wholesale Drugglsts' National |  |  |  |
| Linen Thread Co.(8elling agen |  |  |  | Ass'n ( 25 firms) b. . .......... | 1814 |  | 25,000,000 |
| for 3 companies) | 1898 | Paterso | 4,000, | Wholesale Grocers of New Eng.c | 1875 | Boston..... | 75,000,000 |
| Lake Carriers' Ass'n (3 lines, pool prices) | 1898 |  | 20,00 | Window Shade Mfrs.' Ass'n (nearly all in United States). | 1896 |  |  |
| Lumber Vealers of Texas (co bine on prices) |  |  | 5,000.000 | Wire 'loth Mfrs.' Ass'n of America ( 12 firms) ............. |  |  | 5,000,000 |

* These trusts consiat of price and rate-fixing agreements, profit-sharing pools, selling or buying agencies, product-restrict ing agreements, etc. The oumber of such trusta is very great. They exist in nearly every industry, and in nearly every State and city. A few of those given may be incorporated.
$\dagger$ Many of these trusts have no specific names.
$\ddagger$ Some of these trusts have been operative for many years. Some are renewed periodically, as the Michigan Salt Association every five yesrs. Some are ineffective a part of the time because of disagreements. Some, like tho Paris Green Combine, are effective for only a few months in a year, and do not reappear every year.
§ The capital of the allied concerns is usually estimated. In such cases as the Anthracite Coal and Steel Rail trusts only such part of the capital of the allied concerns is taken as is believed to be devoted to the particnlar industry considered.
(a) Similar fire insurance ssisocialions for fixing rates, terms, condlions, etc., exist in all sections of the country and in most States and cities. They are nominally inactive in several States with strong "anti-compact" laws. The combined capital of the insurance companies working more or less harmoniously together 1s about $\$ 30,000,000$.
(b) Thls association maintains prices of proprietary medicines by refusing to haudle goods sold to wholesalers who cut prices. Similar local associations of jobbers and retailers regulate prices of most leading articles in States, counties, and clties.
(c) Wholessle grocers' associations exist every starch, baking powder, and of many other leading articles in maintaining uniform prices.


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## DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN PLATFORMS ON THE QUESTIONS OF THE CURRENCY, THE TARIFF, TRUSTS, AND OUR FOREIGN POLICY. FROM THE PLATFORM OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY. ADOPTED AT CHICACO, JULY 9.

The Money Question.-Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the Constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by Congress under the Constitution made the silver dollar the money unit of value and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit.

Demonetization Act of 1873 Condemned.-We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money-lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

Opposed to Gold Jiouometallism. - We are unalterably opposed to monometallism which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy, and its adoption has brought other uations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American, but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that indomitable spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the War of the Revolution.

Free silver Coinase. - We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1 without waiting for the aid or consent of any other mation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender equally with gold for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

The Tariff. - We hold that tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate betreeu class or section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the Government, honestly and economically administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the Republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in National elections, and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industry, proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade, and deprived the producers of the great A merican staples of access to their natural markets

Trusts and Pools.-The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems, and the formation of trusts and pools require a stricter control by the Federal Goverument of those arteries of commerce. We demand the enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission and such restrictions and guarantees in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

The Monroe Doctrine. -The Monroe doctrine, as originally dectared and as interpreted by succeeding Presidents, is a permanent part of the foreign policy of the United States, and must at all times be maintained.

## FROM THE PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY, ADOPTED AT ST. LOUIS,

 JUNE 18.The Currency Question. -The Republican party is unreservedly for sound money. It cansed the enactment of the law providing for the resumption of specie payments in 1879 ; since then every dollar has been as good as gold. W'e are malterably opposed to every measure calculated to clebase our currency or impair the credit of our country. We are therefore opposed to the free coinage of silver except by interuational agreement with the leading commercial nations of the world, which we pledge ourselves to promote, and until such agreement can be obtained the existing gold standard must be preserved. All our silver and paper currency must be maintained at parity with gold, and we favor all measures designed to maintain inviolably the obligations of the United States, and all our money at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth.

The Tariff.-We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American industrial independence and the fouudation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its reasonable application it is just, fair, and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly, to sectiunal discrimination, and individual favoritism.

We denounce the present Democratic tariff as sectional, injurious to the piblic credit, and destructive to binsiness enterprise. We demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the Government, but will protect American labor from degradation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedules. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the conditions of the time and of production; the ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country demands a right settlement, and then it wants rest.

The Monroe Doctrinc.-We reassert the Nonroe doctrine in its full extent, and we reaffirm the right of the United States to give the doctrine effect by responding to the appeal of any A merican States for friendly intervention in case of European encroachment. We have not interfered, and shall not interfere, with the existing possessions of any European power in this hemisphere, but these possessions must not, on any pretext, be extended. We hopefnily look forward to the eventual withdrawal of the European powers from this hemisphere, and to the uitimate union of all of the Englishspeaking part of the continent by the free consent of its inhabitants.

Foreign $\{2$ elations.-Our foreign policy should be at all times firm, vigorons, and dignified, and all our interests in the Western Hemisphere carefolly watched and gluarded. The Hawail:n Islands should be controlled by the United States, and no foreign power should be permitted to interfere with them; the Nicaraguan Canal should be huilt, owned, and operated by the Cnited States, and by purchase of the Danish Islands we would secure a much-needed naval station in the West Indies.
[The entire platforms of all the political parties, adopted in 1896, were printed in The World ALMANAO for 1897.]

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## RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED BY POLITICAL STATE CONVENTIONS LAST YEAR DEFINING THEIR POSITION ON NATIONAL ISSUES, GROUPED BY TOPICS. <br> THE CURRENCY.

## DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowno - We, the Democrats of Yowa, in convention assembled, unqualifiedly and unreservedly indorse the Chicago platform of 1896 in whole and in detail, and declare our unwavering fidelity and adherence to the same.

IXentucky. -The Democrats of Kentucky, in convention assembled, reaffirm, without the shghtest qualification, the principles and policies declared in the Democratic National platform, adopted at Chicago in 1896. Our faith in bimetallism is vindicated by events. * ** The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the only ratio at which bimetallism can be restored, and opposition to it is confined to those who oppose bimetallism at any ratio and to chose who misapprehend or ignore the reasons which led three National conventions to adopt it.

Massachusetts. - Particularly do we reiterate our belief in the financial plank of the Chicago platform, and renew our demand for the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 .

Neoraska.-The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the natural and necessary ratio and the opponents of that ratio have nothing to offer in its place but the evasive and ambiguous phraseology which for years furnished to the gold-standard advocates a mask behind which to hide while they secretly labored to make gold monometallism permanent.

Dhio.-We heartily reaffirm the entire Chicago pidtform of 1896, and we especially emphasize the financial plank therein, and we coutinne to demand the free aud unlimited coinage of silver and gold as equal in primary money at the rate of 16 to 1 . independent of all other nations in the world.

## REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Iown.-We readopt the following declaration from the fowa Republican platform of 1898: "The monetary standard of this country and the commercial world is gold. The permanence of this standard must be assured by Congressional legislation giving to it the validity and vitality of public law All other money must be kept at a parity with gold.' And we urgently call upon our Senators and Representatives in Congress to lend their best endeavors to enact these propositions into law.

Ifentucky. - We reaffirm our adherence to the principles and policies proclaimed by the last National Republican Convention, except as to the rivil service. We regard it as settled beyond dispute that the maintenance of a sound currency through che Republican Administration and legislation is the foundation upon which rests the most remarkable period of industrial progress, commercial activity, and general prosperity within the experience of the people of the United States.

Maryland. - We believe in the gold standard, and that all our currency should be made by law redeemable in gold coin at the option of the holder.

Massachusctts. - The Republican party stands inreservedly pledged oo maintain che existing gold standard, and we look with confidence to the Fifty-sixth Congress for the enactment of measures to so perfect our monetary system that there shall be ample money for the expanding business of the country, and to so arm and guard the Treasury that it can at all times protect the National credit.

Nebraska. - We adhere unequivocally to the gold standard, and are malterably opposed to the free coinage of silver Gold has been our standard since 1834, and is now the standard of every civil ized and important country in the world
Oinio. - The Republican party of Ohio reaffirms ue principles declared by the St. Louis platform, * * William McKinley, *** the wise and patriotic defender and advocate of honest money,

Pennsylvania.-We reaffirm the principles of our party declared in the National platform by the St. Louis Convention. The Republican party of Pennsylvania siands unequivocally and unreservedly for sound money, and favors a currency:with which to pay the wages of labor and the earnings of capital, the soldier, and pensioner as good as gold the world over. To further these ends we believe in maintaining the existing gold standard, and are unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 .

## PROTECTION.

## DEMOCRATICCONVENTIONS.

Iowa. - We demand what they (the trusts) be suppressed by the repeal of the protective tariff and other privilege-conterring legislation responsible for them.

Kentucky. - We denounce *** the protective tariff laws, known as the McKinley and Dingley bilis, whereby there is a discrimination in favor of corporate wealth and against individual enterprise.

## REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Iowa, - We sommend the action of the Iowa delegation in Congress in its support of protection, of the Dingley tariff, of the maintenance of the gold standard, and in its faithful support of the Administration of President McKinley in his policy in peace and war.

Maryland. - We continue to favor such a system of import duties as shall protect American industries and provide sufficient rerenue for the expenses of Government, economically administered.

Massachusetts. - A tariff lav has been enacted abundantly adequate to meet the expenses of the Government on a peace footing and so adjusted in its relations to our foreign and domestic trade that it has already lifted the country into a state of industrial activity and prosperity without precedent in our history, or parallel in the world.

Pennsyivania. - We renew and emphasize our allegiance to the policy of protection, which is the bulwark of our industrial development and the foundation of the prosperity of our country. We cordially indorse and heartily approve the wise course pursued by our representatives in Congress in the enactment of the Dingley tarifi law.

## TRUSTS.

## DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowa. - We view with alarm the multiplication of hose combinations of capital commonly known as trusts, that are concentrating and monopolizing industry. crushing out Independent producers of limited means. de troyng competition restricting upportunities for labor, artíficially limiting promuction and raising prices, and creating an industrial condition different from state socialism only in the re-pect that under socialism the be refits of production would go to all, while under the trust sys tem they go to increase the fortune of these institutions: ** *It is our solemn conviction that the trusts must be destroyed or they will destroy iree goverument, and we demand that they be suppressed by the repeal of the protective tariff and other pri vilege-conferring legislation responsible tor them and by the enactment of such legislation, state and National. as will aid in their destruction.
kientucky. - We believe the trust is the result, in large measure, of the policies adonted and pursued by the Republican party, chief among which are the dernonetization of silver, by which the vol ume of currency has veen kept below the demands of business, and the enactment and enforcement of ricious, unwise, and unpatriotic legislation, such as the protective tariff laws, known as the Mckinley and Dingley bills whereby there is a discrimination in favor of corporate wealth and against individual enterprise We favor the destruction of the result as well as the removal of che causes. The re-establisliment of independent bimetallism at 16 to 1 and the repeal of all protective tariff laws would do more to cripple and destroy the organization and operation of the trusts than any other laws.

Maryland. - We view with alarm the multiplication over the land of such gigantic industrial and commercial trusts, the outgrowth of Republican legislation. as stifle competition, threaten popular goverument, increase the cost of living, and curtail the individual rights of the people. and we favor vigorous measures by the States and by Congress to repress this great and growing evil.

Massachusetrs. - We pledge our-elves to give due trial to such remedies as may hasten the dis integration of trusts-for example, a compulsorvsystem of publicity for all trust records and accounts, a Federal law prohibiting a monopoly from malnig more divergent prices for its products in different parts of the country than are warranted by differing freight rates, thus preventing underselling in one State to drive out competitors at the expense of the consumer in other states, where the monopoly is complete. and a more rigid enforcement of the law against railroad discriminations, pending the actual government ownershlip and operation of all railroads, which this convention denands

Nebraska. - The industrial trusts springing up on every hand testify to the Administration sindifference to monopoly or its inability to cope with it. We denounce the failure of the Administraiton to enforce the present law acainst trusts or to recommend new laws if the present law is deemed in sufficient. We are opposed to the principle of monopoly wherever it manifests itself. We demand the enforcement of the present Federal law the enactment of such new legislation as may be necessary, and a constitutional amendment if the present Constitution is construed io protect trusts, to the evd that the monopolization of indus ry by private corporations may be absolutely prevented.

Ohio. - We declare that all unlawful combinations of capital are the legitimate fruits of a gold standard and other corrupt Republican legislation on questions of the tariff, and we demand that all articles the prices of which are controlled by the trusts be placed on the free lists.

Pennsylvazia. - We are opposed to all combinations of capital calculated to produce monopoly, or restran trade as being inconsistent with the spirit of free institutions, and if their establishment cannot be constitutionally prevented, we hold that they should be so regulated and limited by proper legislation that individual eflort and opportunity shall not be impaired.

## REPUBLICAN CON゙VENTIONS.

Iown.-To maintain che welfare of the people is the object of all governments. Industry and commerce should be left free to pursue their method according to the natural laws of the world, but when the business aggregations known as trusts prove hurtful to the people they must be restrained by Nationat laws, and if need be abolished.

IK eatracky.- We pledge he Republican party of Kentucky to the enactment of all such laws as may be necessary to prevent trusts, pools. combinations, or other organizations from combining to depreciate helow its real value or to enhance the cost of any article, or to reduce the proper emoluments of labor.

Maryland, -We strongly favor laws to successfully suppress trusts and all combinutions wheh create monopoiy. It was the Republican party which passed the Federal law against trusts, and which is mforcing it so far as States' rights permit,

Mrssachusetts.- The Republican party of Nassachusetts is unqualifiedly opposed to trusts and monopoly, and the canitalization of fictitions and speculative valuations, and reiterates its declaration in the platrorm of 1804 against stock- watering in all forms, and points to the existing legislation, and especially to the anti-stock-watering laws of that year passed by a Republican Legislature and signed hy a Republican Governor, as proof of its progress, sincerity wisdom, and courage upon this issue. It believes that similar laws enacted by all the States in connection with the Federal Trust law already passed by a Republican Congress would put an end to the danger from the growth of great combinations and trusts.

Nebraslia.-The Republican party now. as always, opposes trusts and combinations baring for their purpose the stifing of competitiou and arbitrarily controlling production or fixing prices. but we also recognize that legitimate business interests, fairly capitalized and honestly managed ave built up onr industries at home, given the largest employment tu labor at the highest wage, and have enubled us to successfully compete with foreign countries in the markets of the world.

Ohio. - We commend the action of the Seventy-third Geveral Assembly of Ohio in passing the stringent law now on our statute bonks, prohibiting the organization of trusts, and we denounce such unlawful combinations as inimical to the interests of the people.

## MILITARISM-NATIONAL EXPANSION-THE PHILIPPINE WAR.

## DEMOCRATIC CONVENTIONS.

Iowa. - We also condemn the war against the Philippines, believing it to hare been 'nspired by Great Britain for the purpose of producing conditions that will force an Anglo-A merican alliance. And we not only protest against the war and demand its termination by extension to the Filipinos of the same assurance given to the Cubans, but we record our deep-seated antagonism to an alliance
with Great Britain or any other European power, and express our detestation of the attempts made in British interests to disrupt the friendly relations which have uniformly obtained between the United states and Germauy. We oppose conquest of the Philıpnines, because imperialism means militarism, because militarism means goverument by force, and because government by force means death tu government by consent, destruction of political and industrial freedom, the obliteration of the equality of rights and the assassination of democratic institutions.

Kentucliy.- We declare the conduct of the present National Administration as to the Philippines to be repugnant to every line of the Bill of Rights, the Constitution, and the Declaration of Independence.

Maryland. - We declare cur unalterable opposition to the creation and maintenance of a large standing army in time of peace, and we insist upon the supremacy of the civil over the military authority.

Massachusetts.-To the war with Spain - a war rightly waged in the cause of humanity, and which was forced upon an unwilling Republican Administraticu by the iusisteuce of the Democrats in House and Senate-there has succeeded a war of criminal aggression in the Phlippines. We hold that this war is wantou and needless. It is in violation of the priuciples of American constitutional liberty, not only because it is prosecuted by the Administration without the Congressional action which the Constitution prescribes, but because it is a denial of that right of self-goverament which, from the day our forefathers faced the British at Concord Bridge, has been a cardinal precept of American political philosophy, until now William McKinley, with the applause and overt sympathy of the British Government, has discarded it We comand that of the Philippines as well as of the Cubans it shall be said to-day that they are and of right ought to be free and iudependent, and we hold that such a declaration, coupled with the expression of the purpose of the United states to protect the islands from the assaults of any foreign power, would speedily restore order, purge our National honor of the stain put upon it by injustice and bad faith, and advance A merican trade in the far East. Back of the gaudy trappings of, mperialism lurizs the less spectacular but more terrifying form of militarism. Against a great standing army the Democracy, both of State and nation, has resolutely set its face, but in the reiterated demands for more and more troops to subdue the Tagalos may be detected the purpose to have ultimately more soldiers to employ at bome.

Nebraska.-We believe the Filipinos should bave received the same treatment as the Cubans, and that, as the Cubans ryere assured of nitimate independence and protection, so the Filipinos should have been assured in the beginning of our nation's intention to give them Judependence as soon as a stable government should be established, aud protection from outside interterence. Such assurances should be given now.

Ohio. - We are radically and unalterably opposed to imperialism in the United States of America. When wh have solved some of the race problems that confront us at home, then hy example we can proclaim the blessings that flow from free institutions, and thus procure "benerolent assimilation" without "criminal aggression,' *** We demand that the Cubans and Filipinos not oaly be permitted but encouraged to establish independent republics, deriving all of their governmental powers from the consent of the governed. * * * A large stauding army in our republic is a menace to liberty.

## REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

Iown.-There shall be no division among us until all in arms against the flag shall confess the flag's supreme rights and honor and shall know that even if the farthest East it is the sign and promise of equal law, of justice and liberty throughout the land and to all the inhabitants thereof.

Kentucliy.-We declare our confidence in the policies adopted and the measures taken by the President to restore order and to establish progressive government in Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines, and we pledge him our continuous support until these objects are fully attained.

Maryland.-While we deplore the insurrection in the Philippine Islands, wherein by cession from spain we acquired the right of sovereignty duty demands that we retain and pacify them, and safeguard the interests of commerce until the prohlem of their final disposition be solved in such manner that the giory of our flag be not sullied nor the liberty it stands for restrained.

Massachusetts.-We commend the tact, the patience, the skill, and the statesmanlike spirit with which the President has approached the perplexing problems arising from the war. Under the treaty with Spain, the law of nations put upon the United states the responsibilitv for the peace and security of life and property, the well-being and the future government of the Plilippine Islands; accepting this responsibility it is our profound trust that the present hostilities can we brought to an early termination, and that Congress, guided by a wise and patriotic Administration, will establish and maintain in those islands, hitherto the home of tyrants, a government as free, as liberal, and as progressive as our own, in accordance with the sacred principles of liberty and self-government upon which the American Republic so securely rests.

Nebraska.-While we deplore the insurrection in the Philippine Islands. Fet we recognize the duties and obligationsimposed upon our nation by the victory of our navy and the matchless valor of our arms, resulting in the treaty of Paris, which imposed upon the President the duty of maintaining the authority of the United States over the territory acquired thereby, and solong as there is one gun pointed at an A merican soldier, so long as there is an armed enemy assaulting our flag, so long must patriotic and loyal Americans uphold our President in effecting protection, tranquillity, and peace to all who recognize our lawful occupation.

Ohio.- To the same master guidance, controlled by the great principles that have shaped the bigh destiny of the Republican party from Lincoln to McKinley, the people can safely commit the solution of the momentous problems of the future of Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands. Their wise solution will vastly increase our foreign trade, spread American civilization abroad, and add to the honor and power and glory of this great nation.

Pennsylvania. - We promise him (the President) our faithful cupport in the prosecution of the war in the Philippines, in order that the supremacy of the flag planted there by the valor of our army and navy may be maintained. To sive continued employment to the industry, ingenuity, and skill of the American mechanic and laborer we must find new markets abroad for our surplus products. The commercial control of additional territory will afford new markets which will necessarily increase our commerce and develop our manufacturing interests. We have ceased to be content wit supplying products for home consumption alone. We must keep pace with other nations in seeking new fields for our commerce, and to this end we support the policy of industrial, commercial, and National expansion.

## 鲑Olitical Zifcory of 1899.

Jan. 11. Chief Justice Jonathan Ross was appointed United States Senator from Vermont to fill vacancy caused by the death of Justin S. Morrill.
Jan. 11. Connecticut Republican Legislative Caucus nominated Joseph R. Hawley for Senator, the ninth ballot being: Hawley, 117; Fessenden, 69; Bulkeley, 8; Russell, 4.

Jan. 17 Maine Legislature re-elected Eugene Hale, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Hale, 111; Samuel L. Lord, Dem., 15.

Jan. 17. Connecticut Legislature re-elected Joseph R. Hawley, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Hawley, 178; Daniel N. Morgan, Dem., 57.

Jan. 17. Minnesota Legislature re-elected Cushman K. Davis, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Davis, 116; Charles A. Towne, Dem., 62.
Jan. 17. Massachusetts Legislature re-elected Henry Cabot Lodge, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Lodge, 190;A. S. Bruce, Dem.. 72.

Jan. 17. New York Legislature elected Chauncey M. Depew, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Depew, 111; Edward Murphy, Jy , 83.
Jan. 18. Indiana Legislature elected A. J. Beveridge, Republican, Senator.
Jan. 18. Missouri Legislature re-elected Francis M. Cockrell, Democrat, Senator.

Jan. 18. Michigan Legislature re-elected Julius O. Burrows, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Burrows, 110: Daniel J. Campau, Dem., 13.

Jan. 24. Nevada Legislature re-elected William M. Stewart, Silverite, Senator, his vote on joint ballot being 24. A. A. Cleveland received 6 and W. W. Williams 10.

Jan. 24. New Jersey Legislature elected John Kean, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Kean, 51; James Smith, Jr., Dem., 29.

Jan. 24. Wyorning Legislature re-olected Clarence D. Clark, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Clark, 47; J. E. Osborn, Dem., 8.

Jan. 25. West Virginia Legislature elected $N a-$ than B. Scott, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Scoti, 48; McGraw, Dem., 46; Goff, Rep., 1.

Jan. 25. Texas Legislature elected Charles A. Onlberson, Democrat, Senator without opposition.
Jan. 28. Montana Legislature elected William A Clark, Democrat, Senator, the seventeenth and last ballot being: Clark, 54: Conrad, Rep., 27; Marshall, Rep., 4. Eleven Republicans voted for Clark.

Jan. 31. Wisconsin Legislature elected Josepli V. Quarles, Republican, Senator over Timothy E. Ryan, Democrat.

Feb. 1. Washington State Legislature elected Addison G. Foster, Republican, Senator.
March 1. Michigan Republican State Convention at Jackson nominated candidates for Judiciary and University Regents.
March 8. Mfchigan Democratic State Convention at Kalamazoo nominated candidates for Supreme Court Justice and University Regents. Ballot for Justice: Thomas E. Barkworth, 445; Allan B. Morse, 327.

March 8. Nebraska Legislature elected Monroe L. Hayward, Republican, Senator, the ballot being: Hayward, 74; W. V. Allen, Dem. and Pop., 58.
March 10. Utah Legislature adjourned without electing a Senator. The last ballot was: McCune, 20; George Q. Cannon, 19; F. J. Cannon, 7; King, 4; J. H. Moyle, 4; Powers, 4; Nebeker, 1; Sutherland, 2.
March 13. Delaware Legislature adjourned without electing a Senator after 113 ballots, the last being: Addicks, Union Rep., 21; Du Pont, Rep., 9; Biggs, Dem., 6; Handy, Dem., 5; Gray, Dem., 4; Saulsbury, Dem., 3; Higgins, Rep:, 2.
March 19. California Legislature adjourned without electing a United States Senator.
April 3. Michigan Statellelection for Supreme Court Justice and University Regents was carried by the Republicans.
April 4. Wisconsin State election for Judiciary. The only candidates were non-partisan.

April 5. Phode Island State election was carried by the Republicans.
April 19. Florida Legislature elected James P. Taliaferro, Democrat, Senator, the ballot being: Taliaferro, 59; Pasco, Dem., 30; Call, Dem., 6.
April 20. Pennsylvania Legislature adjourned without electing \& Senator, the final ballot veing: M. S. Quay, Rep., 93; George A. Jenks, Dem., 85; B. F. Jones, Ind. Rep., 69. Necessary to a choice, 124.

June 2. Ohio Republican State Convention at Columbus nominatod a State ticket, with George K. Nash for Governor. He was nominated on second ballot: Nash, 289; Daugherty, 211; Jones, 76; Nevins, 82; Douglas, 60; Durban, 46; Hull, 39; Orr, 17.
June 15. Pennsylvania Democratic Stato Convention at Harrisburg nominated candidates for State Treasurer and two Judges.

Junc 28. Kentucky Democratic State Convention at Louisville nominated a State ticket, with William Goebe! for Governor on the 26th ballot over Stone and Hardin.
July 13. Kentucky Republican State Convention at Lexington nominated a State ticket, with W. S Taylor for Governor. He was nominated without opposition.
July 27 Kentucky Populist State Convention at Frankfort nominated a State ticket, with John G. Blair for Governor. Wharton Barker, of Pennsylvania, was indorsed for President.

Aug. 2. Iowa Republican State Convention at Des Moines nominated a State ticket, with L. M. Shaw (without opposition) for Governor.
Aug. 2. Maryland Democratic State Convention at Baltimore nominat d a State ticket, with John Walter Smith for Governor by acclamation.

Aug. 16. Kentucky Democrats opposed to William Goebel met at Lexington and nominated John Young Brown for Governor.
Aug. 16. Iowa Democratic State Convention at Des Moines nominatcd a State ticket, with Fred. E. White for Governor. The ballot for Governor was: White, $7401 / 2$ : Sells, 192; Daugherty, 106; Bashor, 841/2; Daly, 30; Genung, 13 The ticket was indorsed by the Populists.
Aug. 22. Nebraska Democratic State Convention at Omahr nominated S. A. Holcomb for Supreme Court Judge by acclamation. The ticket was indorsed by the Populists and Silver Republicans.

Aug. 24. Pennsylvania Republican Convention at Harrishurg was controlled by ex-Senator Quay, and nominated candidates for State Treasurer and Judges.
Aug. 24. Mississippi Democratic State Convenvention at Jackson nominated a State ticket, with A. H. Longino for Govenor.

Aug. 30. Ohio Democratic State Convention at Zanesville nominated a State ticket, with John R. McLean for Governor. He was nominated on first ballot, which was: McLean, 4021/2; Killourne, 227; Sherwood, 57; Haskell, 55; Rice, 2916; Seward, 25.
Sept. 6. Maryland Republican State Convention at Baltimore nominated a State ticket, with Lloyd Lowndes for Governor.
Sept. 21. Massachusetts Democratic State Convention at Boston nominated a State ticket, with Robert Treat Paine (unanimously) for Governor.
Sept. 21. Nebraska Republican State Convention at Omaha nominated M. B. Reese for Supreme Court Judge on the first ballot.

Oct. 6. Massachusetts Republican State Convention at Boston nominated a State ticket, with Winthrop M. Crane for Governor by acclanation.

Nov. 7. State officers were elected by the Republicans in Iowa, Massachusetts, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and South Dakota: by the Democrats in Maryland and Mississippi, and by the Fusionists in Nebraska. The result was divided in Kentucky. Republican Legislatures were elected in New York and New Jersey, and a Democratic Legislature in Virginia. The City of New York was carried by the Democrats by 50,000 majority.

## Bemorvatic National and State Committees.

## DEMOCRATIO NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

| DEMOCRATIO NATIONAL COMMITTEE. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| airman ........ James K. Jones. . Wash'gt'n, Ark. | Mississippi ...... W. V. Sullivan .... Oxfo |
| Secretary.........C. A. Walsh. . . . . Ottumwa, Ia. | Missouri ...... . William J. Stone.. St. Louis. |
| Treasurer ........ James L. Norris... Wash'gt'n, D.C. | Montana.........John J. McHatton |
| Alabama.. ...... Henry D. Clayton..Eufaula. | Nebraska........ W. H. Thompson. Grand Island. |
| Alaska...........Chas. D. Rogers....Sitka. | Nevada .......... Clayton Belknap...Virginia City. |
| Arizona......... W. H. Burbage.... Holbrook. | New Hampshire. True L. Norris. .... Portsmouth. |
| Arkansas., ......Thomas O. McRae.Prescott. | New Jersey ...... Philip D. Baker...Vineland. |
| Oalifornia. ......J. J. Dwyer .........San Francisco. | New Mexico.....H. B. Fergusson... Albuquerque. |
| Colorado......... Adair Wilson..... . Durango. | New York. .......Frank Campbell...Bath. |
| Connecticut. . . . Alexander'Troup... New Haven, | North Carolina. .Josephus Daniels.. Raleigh. |
| Delaware........Richard R. Kenney. Dover. | North Dakota...I. P. Baker......... Bismarck |
| Dis. of Columbia.(Vacant by death). | Ohio ....... . . . . . John R. McLean. . Cincinnati. |
| Florida.. ........ Samuel Pasco......Monticello. | Oklahoma...... Whit M. Grant....Oklahoma City |
| Georgia ......... Clark Howell, Jr. . .Atlanta. | Oregon.... ......J. H. Townsend...Dallas. |
| Idaho ...... ...... George Ainslie. . . . . Boise. | Pennsylvania....J. M. Guffey........ Pittsburgh. |
| Illinois.... ......Thomas Gahan ....Chicago. | Rhode Island.... Rich. B. Comstock.Providence |
| Indiana.........J.John G. Shanklin..Evansville. | South Carolina..B. R. Tillman......Trenton. |
| Indian Territory.Thomas Marcum..Muscogee. | South Dakota....James M. Woods. . Rapid City. |
| Iowa.... . . . . . . .C. A. Walsh....... . Ottumwa. | Tennessee.......JJames M. Head.... Nashville |
| Kansas...... ....J. G. Johnson.......Peabody. | Texas...........James G. Dudley..Paris. |
| Kentucky ........ Urey Woodson. . . . Owensboro. | Utah............. A. W. McCune. .... Salt Lake City. |
| Louisiana....... N. C. Blanchard....Shreveport. | Virginia. ........Peter J. Otey ...... Lynchburg. |
| Maine.... ...... Seth C. Gordon. ... Portland. | Vermont......... BradleyB.Smalley.Burlington. |
| Maryland.. ...... Arthur P. Gorman.Laurel. | Washington....Wm. H. White... Seattle. |
| Massachusetts...Geo. FredWilliams Dedham. | West Virginia...John T. McGraw . Grafton. |
| Michigan........D. J. Campau...... Detroit. | Wisconsin .......E. E. Wall. .i. ..... Milwaukee. |
| Minnesota.......T. D. O'Brien...... . St. Paul. | Wyoming . . . . . Wm. H. Holliday ..Laramie. |

DEMOCRATIO STATE COMMITTEES.

| States. | Chairmen. | Post-Offices. | Secretaries. | Post-Offices. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | Robert J. Lowe. . | Birmingham | Nathan L. Miller | Birmingham. |
| Arizona | W. A. Rowe | Prescott. | Reese M. Ling. | Prescott. |
| Arkansas | Carroll Armstrong | Morrillton | Gray Carroll. | Little Rock. |
| Californi | Seth Mann.... | San Franci | Ben. M. Maddox | Visalia. |
| Colorado | Milton Smith | Denver | Rod. S. King. | Denver. |
| Connectic | M. B. Carey. | Ridgefield | D. T. McNamara | New Haven. |
| Delawa | John Biggs. | Wilmington | Edward D. Hearn | Georgetown. |
| Florida | W. A. Rawls | Tallahassee. | John C. Cooper. | Jacksonville. |
| Georgia | F. G. du Bigni | Savannal | Douglas Glessne | Griffin. |
| Idaho | John Hailey | Boise | Frank Martin.. | Boise. |
| Illinoi | W. W. Watson | Mt. Ver | F. E. Eldred | Chicago. |
| $\mathrm{di}$ | Parks M. Martin | Spencer | A. H. Wample | Gosport. |
| Iowa | Geo. A. Huffman | Des Moine | E. H. Bickford. | Greenfield. |
| Kansas | J. M. Love . | Arkansas Ci | W. H. L. Peppere | Concordia. |
| Kentuck | P. P. Johnston | Lexington... | R. O. Cochran.... | ormandy. |
| Louisiana | E. B. Kruttschnitt | New Orlea | R. S. Landry.. | New Orleans. |
| Maine | Geo. E. Hughes. | Bath. | Fred. E. Beane | Hallowell. |
| Maryland | Murray Vandiver | Baltimor | Spencer Watkins | Bethesda. |
| Massachuset | Chris. T. Callahan | Holyoke | Wm. S. McNary. | Boston. |
| Michigan. | Daniel J. Campau. | Detroit | Chas. S. Hampto | Petoskey. |
| Minnesota | L. O. Rosing..... | Cannon F | T. R. Kane..... | St. Paul. |
| Mississippi | C. P. Miller. | Meridian | C. M. Thurma | Jackson. |
| Missouri .. | S. B. Cook | Mexico | Virgil Conkling | Carrollton. |
| Montana | Wm. M. Cockreli | Great Fa | David Marks.. | Helena. |
| Nebrask | James C. Dahlman. | Omaha | Lee Herdman | maha. |
| Nevada | Charles Gulling. | Reno. | J. H. Dennis | Reno. |
| New Hampshi | John T. Amey.. | Lanca | Henry W. Georg | Barnstead. |
| New Jersey. | Wm. B. Gourley | Paterson | William K.Deve | Asbury Park. |
| New Mexico | Chas. ${ }^{\text {F. }}$ Easley | Santa F | A. B. Reneham. | Santa Fé. |
| New York. | Frank Campbel | Bath | John U. Carlisi | Watertown. |
| North Carolina | F. M. Simmons. | Raleigh | John W. Thomp | Raleigh. |
| North Dakota | Thomas Kleinogel | Fargo.. | E. C. Carruth.. | Grand Forks. |
| Ohio. | John H. Blacker. | Chillico | James I. Gorma | ronton. |
|  | Jasper Sipes. ... | Oklahoma | Frank Stevens. | Waukomis |
| Oregon | R. S. Sheridan | Roseburg | W. J. D'Arcy | alem. |
| Pennsylvania | John S. Rilling | Erie ... | J. W. Moyer | Pottsville. |
| Rhode Island | Franklin P. Owen | Providen | John E. Conley | Providence. |
| South Carolin | Wilie Jones. ... | Columbi | U. X. Gunter, | olumbia. |
| South Dako | John A. Bowl | Sioux Fa | Daniel J. Conway.. | Sioux Falls. |
| Tennessee. | M. C. Fitzpat | Hartsvil | John S. Denton.... | Cookeville. |
| Texas. | C. K. Bell. | Fort Wor | R. E. L Saner. | Dallas. |
| Utah | James H. Moy | Salt Lake City | J. M. Cohen. | Salt Lake City. |
| Vermont | John H. Sente | Montpelier . | C. A. G. Jackson | Montpelier. |
| Virginia | J. Taylor Ellys | Richmond. |  | Walker's Ford. |
| Washington | H. T. Jones .. | Deep Cree | Thomas Malony |  |
| West Virgini | Andrew Edmisto | Weston | William A. Oh | Charleston. |
| Wisconsin.. | George W. Peck. | Milwau | C J Noel. | Marinette. |
| W yoming | John A. Martin | Cheyenn | James M. Fenwic | Laramie. |

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

| National Convent | 180 Hill Revis |
| :---: | :---: |
| Charrman........ Mark A. Hanna..Cleveland, O. | Mississippi ......James Hill.... ....Jackson. |
| retary........ Charles Dick...... Chicago, Ill. | Missouri......... R. C. Kerens. ...... St. Louis. |
| Treasurer.. ......James G. Cannon. .New York. | Montana......... Chas. E. Leonard.. Helena. |
| Alabams......... Wm. Youngblood.. Montgo | Nebraska.. ......J. M. Thursto |
| laska............ S. C. Johnson ...... Juneau. | Nevada..........C. H. Sproul |
| Arizon\&. . . . . . . . W. M. Gritfith. . . . . Florence. | New Hampshire. P. C. Cheney....... Concord. |
| Arkansas. ...... Powell Clayton.... Eureka Springs | New Jersey ...... G. A. Hohart...... Paterson. |
| California........J. D. Spreckels.... San Francisco. | New Mexico.. .... Solomon Luna..... Los Lunas. |
| Colorado . . . . . . J. F. Saunders. .... Denver. | New York.. |
| Connecticnt. ....S. Fessenden.......Stamford. | North Carolina..J. E. Boyd |
| Delaware...... .James H. Wilson.. Wilmington. | North Dakota.... W. H. Robinson.... Mayville. |
| Dist. Columbia.. Myron M. Parker.. Washington. | Ohio............Charles |
| Florida...... .... J. C. Long. ......... St. Augustine. | Oklahoma.......Henry E. Asp |
| Georgia..........Judson W. Lyon. . Atlanta. | Oregon ...... . . . George A. Steele... Portlan |
| Idaho . . . . . . . . . . George F. Shoup. . . Boise. | Pennsylvania.. ..Matthew S. Quay.. Beaver |
| Illinois.... ......T. N. Jamieson.... Chicago. | Rhode Island.... Charles R.Brayton. Providence, |
| Indiana.......... W. T. Durbin...... Anderson. | South Carolina..E. A. Webster. ... Orangeburg |
| Indian Ter. .......L. L. E. Bennett...... Muscogee. | South Dakota.. . A. B. Kittredge.... .Sioux Falls. |
| Iowa ............. A. B. Cummins.... Des Moines. | Tennessee........W. P. Brownlow. . Jonesboro. |
| Kansas.... ...... Cyrus Leland, Jr... Leavenworth. | Texas ............John Grant......... Sherma |
| Kentucky........John W. Yerkes. . Danville. | Utah.............L. R. Rogers. ...... Ogden. |
| Louisiana........ A. T. Wimberley.. New Orleans. | Vermont....... . Geo. F. Childs.....St. Albans |
| Maine..... ......J. H. Manley ...... Augusta | Virginia ......... G. E. Bowden...... . Norfolk. |
| Maryland. .......G. L. Wellington.. Cumberland. | Washington......P. C. Sullivan......Tacom |
| Massachusetts. . Geo. L. Von Meyer. Boston. | West Virginia. ..N. B. Scott. |
| Michigan. . . . . . . George L. Maltz. . . . Detroit. | Wisconsin........ Henry C. P |
| Minnesota.......F. L. Hubbard. . . . Red Wing. | Wyoming........W. Vandevanter...Cheyenne. |

REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEES.

| States. | Chairmen. | Post-Offices. | Secretaries. | Post-Offices. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | William Vaughan. | Birmiagham | C. F. Johnson. | Mobile. |
| Arizona. | Charles A. Drake. | Tucson | J. K. Cor | 'ucson. |
| Arkansas | Henry M. Cooper | Little Rock | W. S. Holt | Little Rock. |
| Californis | Frank McLaughlin | San Francisc | E. C. Hart | San Francisco. |
| Colorado | Richard Broad, Jr | Golden.. | Wm. R. Freema | Denver. |
| Connecti <br> Delaware | O. R. Fyler Hugh C. Browne | Torrington Wilmingto | Samuel A. Eddy Wm H Heald | Cana |
| Florida. | Henry S. Chubb | Gainesville | Joseph E. Lee | Jacksonville. |
| Georgis | W. H. Johnson, pro | Atlanta | John H. Dev |  |
| Idaho.. | John T. Morrison. | Caldwe | J. W. Murphy | Boise. |
| Illinoi | Chas. S. Kannells | Jacksonville | J. R. B. Van Cle | Springfield. |
| Indian | Chas. S. Hernly. | New Castl | Sam'l H. Spoon | Indianapolis. |
| Io | H. O. Weaver | Wapello | C. W. Phillips. | Maquoketa. |
| Kansa | Morton Albaug | Kingman | Frank L. Brown | opeka. |
| Kentucky | O. M. Barnett.. | Hartford | K. J. Hampton. | Winchester. |
| Lousiana. | P. F. Herwig | New Orle | L. J. Joubert. | New Orleans. |
| Maine. | Joseph H. Manley | Augusta | Byron Boyd | Augusta. |
| Marylan | Thos. J. Shryock | Baltimor | L. A. Thompson | Baltimore. |
| Massachus | A. H. Goetting. | Springfi | L. W. Standish | oston. |
| Michigan. | Arthur F. Mars | Allegan | H. A. Sherman | Cassopolis. |
| Minnesota | John H. Steele. | Minneap | C. A. Rasmusse | Red Wing. |
| Mississipp | A. M. Lea. | Vicksbur | C. A. Simpson | ass Christian. |
| Missouri | Thos. J. Akins. | Humans | A. F. Shriner | L. Louis. |
| Montan | Joseph P. Woolman. | Helena | Thomas B. Mill | Helena. |
| Nebrask | R. B. Schneider. | Fremont | P. O. Hedlund. | incoln. |
| Nevada. | R. K. Colcord. | Carson Ci | E. D. Vanderli | Carson City. |
| New Hamps | Jacob H. Gallinger. | Concord. | Lonis G. Hoyt. | Kingston. |
| New Jersey | Franklin Murphy.. | Newark | A. S. Barber, J | Voodbury. |
| New Mexi | E. L. Bartlett | Santa F | Max Frost | anta Fé. |
| New York | Benj. B. Odell, J | Newburg | Reuben IL Fox | ew York City. |
| North Carolina | Albert E. Holton | Winston | W. S. Hyams | akersville. |
| North Dakota | W. H. Robinson. | Mayville | M. H. Jewel | ismarck. |
| Ohio | Myron A. Norris | Youngsto | P. W. Durr | Imwood Place. |
| Okla | Wm. Grimes. | Kingfishe | H. F. Ardery | uthrie. |
| Or | Geo. A. | Po | Graham Glass, | ortland. |
| Pennsylvania. | Frank Reeder | E | Chas. E. Voorh W. R. Andrews. | hiladelphia. hiladelphia. |
| Rhode Island. | Hunter C. Whi | Providen | Eugene F. War | rovidence. |
| South Carolin | R. R. Tolbert. | Greenw | James H.Johns | olumbia. |
| South Dakota | Chas. N. Herried | Eureka | Frank Crane. | atertown. |
| Tennessee. | W. P. Brownlow | Jones | J. C. R. McCa | Huntingdon. |
| Texas | E. H. R. Green. | Terrell | W. Edgar East | an Antonio. |
| Utah | Wesley K. Walton | Salt Lak ${ }^{\text {Oit }}$ | Julia Farnswo | It Lake City |
| Vermont | Geo. H. Babbitt . | Bellows Falls. | Alfred E. Wats | Partford. |
| Virginia | Park Agnew | A lexandr | Asa Rogers. | etersburg. |
| Washingto | John H. Schively. | Seattl | J. W Lysons | eattle |
| West Virgin | W. M. O. Dawson | Charle | A. B. White | arkersburg. |
| Wisconsin. | Joseph B. Tre | Monroe | G. P. Stickne | Milwaukee. |
| Wyoming | J. A. Van Orsd | Ch | Fred. Bo | Cheyenne. |



## 

(NON-FUSION.)
Appointed by the National Convention at Cincinnati, O., September 6, 1898.


## Socialist zayox 㨡arty.

National Corresponding and Financial Secretary-Henry Kuhn, 61 Beekman Street, New York City. Recording Secretary-John J. Kinneally. Treasurer-Alvan S. Brown. National Executive Committee-The preceding and Lucien Sanial. Arthur Keep, Peter Fiebiger, Patrick Murphy, and Joseph H. Sauter.

The party is organized in local organizations known as "sections," such sections existing in thirtytwo States and two Territories. Any ten persons in any city or town of the United States may form a section, providing they acknowledge the platform and constitution of the Socialist Labor Party and do not belong to any other political party. In places where no section exists, or where none can be formed, any person complying with the aforesaid provisions may become a member-at-large upon application to the National Executive Committee. Sections are not permitted to charge initiation fees. All questions of importance arising within the party are decided by general vote. At each meeting of the section a chairman is elected, and the same rule holds good with all standing committees.

## Ňational pemocratic Ňational Committer.

Appointed by the National Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., September 2, 1896.
Chairman................................ George Foster Peabody, 27 Pine Street, New York. Secretary...................................JoHn P. FRenzel, Indianapolis, Ind.

## Brobiution Ňational committee.

| Chairman <br> Vice-Chairman Secretary $\qquad$ | Samuel Diceie, Albion, Mich. <br> James H. Tate, Dyer, Tenn. <br> W. T. Wardwell, 26 Broadway, New York. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. ......J. C. O | ississippi . . . . Henry Ware . . . . . . Pass |
| Arkansas ......Geo. C. Christian ..Eureka Springs. | R. T. Bond. . . . . . Frayette. |
| J. A. B. Wilson....San Francisco. |  |
|  | n. |
| lorado ......JJohn Hipp, ........ Denve | NewHampshire H. O. Jackson..... . Littlet |
| nnecticut....F. C. Bradley ......North Haven. | B. Vale......Manchester. |
| J. N. Stanley ...... Highland Park. | Nicholson ...Haddonfie |
| J. R. Maloney ...... Washington. | Wm. T. Wardweli.. Ne |
| J. R. Jewell | mira. |
| Aloysius Green .. . Whitesville | rth Carolina. T. P. Johnson.......Salishury. |
| W. F. Alexander.... Waldo. |  |
| Frank J. Sibley..... Atlanta. | orth Dakota..H. M. Kiff |
| A. A. De Loach.... Atlanta. | nsylvania ..A. A. Steve |
| O. W. Stewart ....Ch | H. ${ }_{\text {D }}$ |
| C. M. Whipple $\ldots$... Rockford. | ode Island ..H. B. Metc |
| F. T. McWhirter...Indianapoli | h Qui |
|  |  |
| W. L. Ferris.. . . . . . Cherokee. | nessee ...... .J. A |
| Geo. W. Bain ...... Lexington. | R. S |
| J. H. Moore........Covingt | J. B. Cran |
| -V olney | E. C. |
| N. F. Woodbu | H. W |
| Levin S. Melson.... Bishopville. | rinia . ......J. W. Bod |
| Frank M. Forbush. Boston, | ashington....C. D |
| A. W. Richardson. . Springfield. | est Virginia . T. R. Ca |
|  |  |
| Minnesota ..... B. B. Haugan ...... Fergris Falls. W. J. Dean ......... Minneapolis. | Olse |
| Siluex zixpublía | atallal ©ommittee. |
| Alabama. ......Cutler Smith ...... Mobil | Missouri.. ......J. D. Clarkson.....Cart |
| kanasas.......Thomas | Mont |
| nia ...... Nathan Cole, Jr... Los Angeles. | Nebraska. ...... D. D. Gre |
| Colorado..... . . A. M. Stevenson.. . Denver. | New Jersey... James H. Fleming. Newa |
| Connecticut....J oseph Sheldon... . New Haven. | New York...... B. S. Dean.........Jamestown |
| Delaware ......C. G. Prettyman. . . Milford. | North Dakota..H. M. Creel........ De |
| Idaho...... ....F. T. Dubois....... Blackfoot. | Ohio............J. J. Harper. ...... Wash'ton |
| Illinois.........J. N. Teller.. ......Chicago. | Oklahoma.......F. S. Peck., ....... Edmond. |
| Indiana........F. J. Van Vorhis. Indianapolis. | Oregon........ C. W. Talmadge...McMinnvil |
| Iowa........... William Connor... Des Mones. | South Dakota..B. H. Lien......... Sioux Fall |
| Kansas .... ....F. B. Lawrence. ... Eldorado. | Utah. |
| Kentuc | W |
| uisiana ......s. L. Carey ........Jenni | ${ }_{\mathrm{W}}^{\mathrm{W}}$ |
| orman Cameron.. ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | W |
| Michigan.......C. E. Watkins..... Grand Rapids, | Wy |

## 

The National Republican League of the United States was organized in Chickering Hall, New York City, December $15-17,1887$, by delegates from about 350 Republican clubs of the United States, assembled in national conventiou, pursuant to a call issued by the Republican Club of New York City. It is composed of the Republican clubs of the United States, organized by States and united in a national organization. Its purpose is "Organization and Education." It aims to enlist recruits for the Republican party, particularly the younger men and the "first voters." National conventions have since been held at Baltimore, Md., February 28, :S89; Nashville, Tenn., March 4, 1890; Cincinnati, O., April 23, 1891; Buffalo, N. Y., September 16. 1892; Louisville, Ky., May 10, 1893; Denver, Col., June 26, 1894 ; Cleveland, O., June 19, 1895 , Milwaukee, Wis. , August 25, 1896; Detroit, Mich., July 13, 1897, and Omaha, Neb., July 13, 1S98. Officers-President, George Stone, San Francisco, Cal.; Theasurer, Mahlon D. Young, Philadelphia; Secretary, D. H. Stine, Newport, Ky. Headquarters, Auditorium Hotel, Chicago.

## ZLitucty $\ddagger$ arty National $\mathbb{C}$ entral Committex.

Chairman .................................................................... L. B. LOGAN, Alliance, O.<br>Vice-Chairman. ................................................................. Porn P. St.Joнn, Olathe, Kan.<br>Secretary ............. .................................................... D. J. Thomas, Alliance, 0.

## National association of Democratic cluts.

President-Chauncey F. Black, Pennsylvania. Treasurer-William A. Clarke, Butte, Mont. Secretary-(Vacant). Executive Committee-Benton McMillin, Tennessee; George H. Lambert, New Jersey; E. Chambers Smith, North Carolina: C. C. Richards, Utah: John R McLean, Ohio; E. B. Howell, Georgia; H. D. Money. Missis ippi; James C. Dahlman, Nebraska; Stephen M. White, California; Edward Murphy, Jr. New York; Lloyd L. Jackson, Maryland; John L. Mitchell, Wisconsin; Charles J. Faulkner. West Virginia; William J. Stone, Missouri; George Fred. Williams, Massachusetts; J. L. Slayden, Texas; J. C. Sibley, Pennsylvania. Headquarters, Hutchins Building, Tenth and D streets, N. W., Washington, D. C.

## Natinnal dyanteg Gllame

President-Elwood Furnas, Nevada, Iowa.
Vice-President-Hon. A. L. Stuntz, State Centre. Iowa.

Secretary and Treasure: August Post, Moulton, Iowa.
Lecturer-George E. Lawrence, Marion, Ohio.
The following is the platform of the National Farmers' Alliance:
That the National Farmers' Alliance will adhere to the principles set forth in our declaration of purposes, and maistain the order as the opponent of unjust trusts and combines, and favor the education of our membership in political sentiment, in harmony with our principles, controlling no political party and being controlled by none, but each individual may use his own judgment in the exercise of his right of franchise and in his choice of methods by which our demands may be secured.

That we favor the enactment into law of an effective anti-option bill prohibiting gambling in farm products.

That we favor such strict legislation, both State and National, as will prohibit the adulteration of all food products.

The National Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union, a statement in reference to which appears below, is a separate organization covering all of the southern, most of the Western, and some of the Eastern States. At its annual meeting in 1890, at Ocala, Fla., it adopted what is known as the Ocala platform. (See The World Almanac for 1891, page 93.)

## 

President-J. C. Wilborn, Old Point, S. O. Vice-President-Jacob J. Miller, Waynesboro, Pa. Secretary-Treasurer-A. B. Welch, Victor N. Y Lecturers-J. P. Soss?man, Charlotte, N. C.: J. C. Hanley, St. Paul, Minn.

The platform of the Union, besides calling for the government control of railroads, telegraphs, and telephones, and the election of United States Senators by the people, makes the following demands:

We demand a National currency, safe, sound, and flexible; issued by the General Government only; a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all dues, and an equitable and efficient means of distribution of this currency, directly to the people, at the minimum of expense and without the intervention of banking corporations, and in sufficient volume to transact the business of the country on a cash basis. (a) We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1. (b) We demand a graduated income tax. (c) That our National legislation shall be so framed in the future as not to build up one industry at the expense of another. (d) We believe that the money of the country should be kept as much as possible in the hands of the people, and hence we demand that all National and State revenues shall be limited to the necessary expenses of the Government economically and honestly administered. (e) We demand that postal savings banks be established by the Government for the safe deposits of the savings of the people, and to facilitate exchange. ( $f$ ) We are unalterably opposed to the issue by the United States of interest-bearing bonds, and demand the payment of all coin obligations of he United States, us provided by existing laws, in either gold or silver coin, at the option of the Government and not at the option of the creditor.

We demand that no lanci shall be held by corporations for speculative purposes or by railroads in excess of their needs as carriers. and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the Government and held for actual settlers only We demand free mail delivery in the rural districts. We demand that the inhabitants of all the territory coming to the United States as the result of the war with Spain be as speedily as jossible permitted to organize a free government of their own, based on the consent of the governed.

## National Grauge, 羽atroms of 隹ugiantry.

Master-A aron Jones, South Bend, Ind Overseer-O H. Hale, North Stockholm, N. Y. LecturerAlpha Messer, Rochester. Vt. Sleward-John T. Cox, Redington. N J. Assistant Steward-J. A. Newcomb, Golden. Col. Chaplain-S. O Bowen. Eastford, Ct. Treasurer-Mrs Eva s. McDowell, Columbus, O. Secretary-John Trimble, Washington, D. C. Gatekeeper-A. B. Judson, Silver City, Iowa. Ceres-Mrs. Lena M. Messick. Bridgeville. Del. Pomona-Mrs. Sarah G. Baird. Edina Mills, Minn. Htora-Mrs. E. L. A. Wiggin. Maysville Centre Me. L. A. S.-Mrs. Amanda M. Horton, Fruit Ridge, Mich. Secretary's 4ddress-John Trimble, 514 F Street, Washington, D. C.

The following reforms are officially favored by the National Grange, representing the farmers of the United States: 1. Postal savings banks. 2. Enactment of pure food laws. 3. Rural freemail delivery. 4. Additional powers to the Interstate Commerce Commission. 5. Speedy construction of the Nicaragua Canal by the United States. 6. To prevent the pooling of railroads. 7. Impartial investigation of foreign trade relations. 8. Elertion of United States Senators by popular vote. 9 . Settlement of international differences by arbitration.

The National Grange has established 27,689 subordinate granges in 44 States and Territories.

## Gemeral zator orgamizations.

American Federation of Labor.-President, Samuel Gompers, 423 G Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. ; Secretary, Frank Morrison, same address; Treasurer, John B. Lennon, Bloomington, Ill. ; First Vice-President, P. J. Maguire, Philadelphia, Pa.; Second Vice-President, James Duncan, Boston, Mass, Third Vice-President, James O'Connell, Washington, D. C. ; Fourth Vice-President, John Mitchell, Indianapolis; Fifth Vice-President, Max Morris, Denver, Col. ; Sixth Vice-President. Thomas I. Kidd, Chicago, Ill. The Federation is composed of 71 affiliated national unions, 11 State branches. 110 city central unions, and 6.4 local unions. The aggregate membership is 700.000 . The affiliated unions publish about 235 weekly or monthly papers, devoted to the cause of labor. The official organ is the American Federationist, edited by Samuel Gompers. About 400 organizers of local unions are acting under the orders of the Federation. The objects and aims of the American Federation of Labor are officially stated to be to render employment and the means of subsistence less precarious by securing to the workers an equitable share of the fruits of their labor.

As means to this end, it proposes: First-A free federation of all trade and labor unions in America. Second-The establishment of self-governing unions of wage-workers in every trade and legitimate occupation, without exception, where none now exists. Third-The formation of public opinion by the agencies of platform, press, and legislation. Fourth-The furtherance of civilization and industrial progress by securing to the workers a reduction in the hours of labor.

Kuights of I abor. - General Master Workman, John W. Parsons, New York City; General Worthy Foreman, I. D. Chamberlain, Pueblo, Col.; General Secretary-Treasurer, John W. Hayes, 4313 Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Executive Board-Andrew D. Best, New York; Henry Bostock, Pendleton, Ind.; J. S. Fitzpatrick, Montreal, Canada. This organization claims a membership of 200,000 . General Assembly organized at Reading, Pa., in 1878.

Socialist Trade and Labor Alliance. - Was organized in New York in December. 1895, by trades unions seceding from the Knights of Labor and the American Federation of Labor. Its numerical strength is 25,000 . Its purpose is stated by its promoters to be: To supplant what is known in the labor movement as pure and simple trades unionism. The former scatters its forces by dividing them among the "capitalistic", political parties. The Alliance unites the economic with the political struggle, and is backed by the Socialistic Labor party. The General Secretary is William L. Brower, 23 Duane Street, New York City.

For "Statistics of Labor Strikes" see The World A lmanac for 1898, page 94.

## Fluot zegislation.

## ANTI-BOYCOTTING AND ANTI-BLACKLISTING LAWS.

THE States having laws prohibiting boycotting in terms are Colorado, Illinois, and Wisconsin.
The States having laws prohibiting blacklisting in terms are Alabama, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Utah, Virginia, and Wisconsin.

The following states have laws which may be fairly construed as prohibiting boycotting: Alabama, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Vermont, and Wisconsin.

The following States have laws which may be fairly construed as prohibiting lacklisting: Georgia, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, and South Dakota.

In the following States it is unlawful for any employer to exact an agreement, sither written or verbal, from an employé not to join or become a member of any labor organization, as a condition of employment: California, Colorado, Idaho, Indiana, Massachusetts, Ninnesota, Missouri, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania.

The Worlo Almanac is indebted to Commissioner Wright, of the U. S. Department of Labor, for the summary of eight hours, anti-boycotting, and anti-blacklisting laws, and the table on the next page, revised to date.

EIGHT-HOUR LAWS.
California.-Eight hours of labor constitute a day's work, unless it is otherwise expressly stipulated by the parties to a contract. The time of service of all laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed upon any public works of, or work done for, the state, or for any political sub-division thereof, whether the work is to be done by contract or otherwise, is limited and restricted to eight hours in any one calendar day, and a stipulation that no workman, laborer, or mechanic in the employ of the contractor or sub-contractor shall be required or permitted to work more than eight hours in any one calendar day, except in cases of extraordinary emergency, shall be contained in every contract to which the state or any political sub-division thereof is a party. In the case of drivers, conductors, and gripmen of street-cars for the carriage of passengers, a day's work consists of twelve hours. Employment of minor children for more than eight hours per day is absolutely prohibited, except in vinicultural or horticultural pursuits, or in domestic or household occupations,

Colorado.-Eight hours constitute a day's work for all workingmen employed by the State, or any county, township, school district, municipality, or incorporated town.

Connecticut.- Eight hours of labor constitnte a lawful day's work unless otherwise agreed.
District of Columbia.- Eight hours cunstitute a day's work for all laborers or mechanics employed by or on behalf of the District of Col'mbia,
T. Idaho.-Eight hours' actual work const tute a lawful day's work on all State and municipal works.
lllinois.-Eight hours are a legal day's work in all mechanical employments, except on farms, and when otherwise agreed; does not apply to service by the day, week, or month, or prevent contracts for longer hours.

Indiana.-Eight hours of labor constitute a legal day's work for all classes of mechanics, workingmen, and laborers, excepting those engaged in agricultural and domestic labor. Overwork by agreement and for extra compensation is permitted. The employment of persons under fourteen years of age for more than eight hours per day is absolutely prohibited.

Kansas.-Eight hours constitute a day's work for all laborers, mechanics, or other persons employed by or on behalf of the State or any county, city, township, or other municipality.

Massachisetts.-Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen, and mechanics employed by or on behalf of any city or town in the commonwealth.

Missouri.-Eight hours constitute a legal day's work. The law does not prevent an agreement

## LABOR LEGISLATION-Continued

to work for a longer or a shorter time and does not apply to laborers and farm hands in the service of farmers or others engaged in agriculture.

Montaua.-Eight hours constitute a legal day's work for persons engaged to operate or handle any first-motion or direct-acting hoisting engine, or any geared or indirect-acting hoisting engine at any mine employing fifteen or more men underground when the duties of fireman are performed by the person so engaged ; also for any stationary engineer operating a stationary engine developing fifty or more horse-power when such engineer has charge or control of a boiler or boilers in addition to his other duties. The law applies only to such steam plants as are in continuous operation or are operated twenty or more hours in each twenty-four hours, and does not apply to persons running any engine more than eight hours in each twenty-four for the purpose of relieving another employe in case of sickness or other unforeseen cause.

Nebraska.-Eight hours constitute a legal day's work for all classes of mechanics, servants, and laborers, except those engaged in farm or domestic labor.

New Jersey.-Eight hours constitute a day's labor on any day whereon any general or municipal election shall be held.

New York.-Eight hours constitute a day's work for mechanics, workingmen, and laborers, except in farm or domestic labor. Overwork for extra pay is permitted, except upon work by or for the State or a municipal corporation, or by contractors or sub-contractors therewith. The law applies to those employed by the State or municipality, or by persons contracting for State work, and each contract to which the State or a municipal corporation is a party shall contain a stipulation that no workman, laborer, or mechanic in the employ of the contractor, sub-contractor, etc., shall be permitted or required to work more than eight hours in any one calendar day, except in cases of extraordinary emergency.

Ohio.-Eight hours shall constitute a day's work in all engagements to labor in any mechanical, manufacturing, or mining business, unless otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract. But in case of conductors, engineers, firemen, or trainmen of railroads, a day's work consists of ten hours.

Pennsylvania.-Eight hours of labor shall be deemed and held to be a legal day's work in all cases of labor and service by the day where there is no agreement or contract to the contrary. This does not apply to farm or agricultural labor by the year, month, or week, to labor in factories, laundries, and renovating establishments, or to labor on street rail ways.

Eight hours out of the twenty-four shall make and constitute a day's labor in penitentiaries and reformatory institutions receiving support from the State, also for all mechanics, workmen, and laborers in the employ of the State, or of any municipal corporation therein, or otherwise engaged on public works; this shall be deemed to apply to mechanics, workingmen, or laborers in the employ of persons contracting with the State or any municipal corporation therein, for the performance of public work.

Utah.-Eight hours constitute a day's work upon all public works and in all underground mines or workings, smelters, and all other institutions for the reduction or refining of ores,

Wisconsin.- In all engagements to labor in any manufacturing or mechanical business, where there is no express contract to the contrary, a day's work shall consist of eight hours; but the law does not apply to contracts for labor by the week, month, or year. In all manufactories, workshops, or other places used for mechanical or manufacturing purposes, the time of labor of children under the age of eighteen, and of women employed therein, shall not exceed eight hours in the day.

Wyoming.-Eight hours' actual work constitute a legal day's work in all mines and public works.
United States.-Eight hours shall constitute a day's work for all laborers, workmen, and mechanics who may be employed by or on hehalf of the United States.

LIST OF BUREAUS OF LABOR AND LABOR STATISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES


The Idaho state Constitution anthorizes a Bureau of Immigration, Labor, and statistics, but the Legislature has never made appropriations for its support or enacted laws therefor.

## Aualifications fol Yoting ill zaty State of tye Ornion.

(Commanicated to The World Almanac and corrected to date by the Attorneys-General of the respective States.)
Iv all the States except Colorado, Idaho, Utah, and Wyoming the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. Women are entitled to vote at school elections iu several States. They are entitled by law to full suffrage in thẹ States of Colorado, Idaho, Utah, and Wyoming. (See article entitled "Woman Suffrage.")


* Australian Ballot law or a modification of it in force + Or a person noable to read the Constitution in English and to write his name. (a) Or citizens of Mexico who shall have elected to become citizens under the treaties of 18.8 and 1854 . Poll-tix must be paid for current year. (b) Women can vote in school elections. (c) Clergymen are qualified after six months' residence in precinct. (d) Also public embezzlers, persons guilty of bribery, or dishonorably discharged soldiers from the United States service, unless reinstated. (e) Only actnal resideoce required. (f) If unable to read and write, the right to register and vote is conditional on his bona-fide ownership of property assessed in the State at a valuation of not less than $\$ 300$, and, if such property be personal only, all taxes due shall have been paid.

| States. | Requirements as to Citizenship. | Previous Residence Required. |  |  |  | Persons Excluded from Suffrage. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | State. | County. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { In Pre- } \\ \text { cinct. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| N.Hamp | Citizen of the United States ( $a$ ) | 6 mo . | mo.. | 6 | 6 | Insane or paupers. |
| N. Jersey* | Citizen of the United States. | 1 yr... | 5 mo. |  |  | Idiots, paupers, insane, convicted of crime, unless pardoned or restored by law. |
| N. M. Ter. | Citizen of the United State | $6 \mathrm{mo}$. | $3 \mathrm{mo.}$. |  | 30 dys | Convicted of felony, unless par loned, U. S. soldier or camp follower, Indians ( $h$ ). |
| N. York*.. | Citizen who shall have been a citizen for ninety days prior to election. | 1 yr... | $4 \mathrm{mo.}$. | 30 dys | 30 dys | Offenders against the elective franchise rights,being guilty of bribery, and betting on elections, and persons convicted of bribery or of any infamous crime and not restored to citizenship by the Executive. |
| N. C'ar | Citizen of the United States.... | $1 \mathrm{yr} . .$. | 90 dys |  |  | Convicted of felony or other infamous crime, idiots, lunatics (i). |
| N. Dak. ${ }^{*}$.. | Citizen of the United States and civilized Indian. $\dagger$ ( $\alpha$ ) | $1 \mathrm{yr} . .$. | $6 \mathrm{mo.}$. |  | 90 dys | Under guardianship, persons non compos mentis, or conunless restored to civil rights. |
| Ohio*. | Citizen of the United States (a) | 1 yr ... | 30 dys | 20 dys | 20 dys | Idiots, insane, and felons, persons in U.S. military and naval service on duty in Ohio. |
| Okla.Ter... Oregon | Citizen of the United States ( $\alpha$ ) White male citizen of United | $6 \mathrm{mo}$. | 60 dys None. | 60 dys None. | 30 dys None. | Indians having tribal relations. Idiots, insane convicted of fel |
| Oregon*... | White male citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention (a). | 6 mo . | None. | None. | None .. | Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, Chinese. |
| Penna. | Citizen of the United States at least one month, and if 22 years old or more must have paid tax within two years. | 1 yr. |  |  | 2 mo. | Convicted of perjury and fraud as election officers, or bribers of voters. |
| Rhode |  |  |  | $6 \mathrm{mo.}$. |  | nt felo |
| S. Car. | Citizen of the United States (e) | $2 \mathrm{yr}(\mathrm{c})$ | 1 yr... | 4 mo.. | $4 \mathrm{mo}$. | Convicted of felony, crimes against election laws, unless pardoned, idiots, insane, paupers. |
| S. Dak. | Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention, Indian who has severed tribal relations ( $a$ ). | 6 mo § | 30 dys | 10 dys | 10 dys | Under guardianship, insane, convicted of treason or felony unless pardoned, U.S. soldiers, seamen, and marines. |
| Tenn. * | Citizen of the U.S. who has paid poll-tax of preceding year. | 1 yr... | 6 mo. |  |  | Convicted of bribery or other infamous offence. |
| Texas* | Citizen of the U. S. or alien who has declared intention six months prior to election. | 1 yr... | 6 mo. |  | (d) | Idiots, lunatics, panpers, convicted of felony, United States soldiers, marines, and seamen. |
| Utah*...... | Citizen of the United States, male or female, who has beell a citizen ninety days. | $1 \mathrm{yr} . .$. | $4 \mathrm{mo}$. |  | 60 dys 30 dys | Idiots, insane, colvicted of treason or crime againstelective franchise, unless pardoned. |
| Vermont* | Citizen of the United States..... | $1 \mathrm{yr} .$. |  | 3 mo. | 30 dys | Those who have not obtained the approbation of the board of civil authority of the town in which they reside. |
| Virginia* | Citizen of the United States.... | $1 \mathrm{yr} .$. |  | 3 mo. |  | Idiots, lunatics ( $f$ ). |
| Wash'n* | Citizen of the United States and all residents of Territory prior to Statehood ( $a$ ). | 1 yr... | 90 dys | 30 dys | 30 dys | Idiots, lunatics, convicted of infamous crimes, Indians not taxed. |
| West Va. * | Citizen of the state................... | $1 \mathrm{yr} .$. | 60 dys |  | (d) | Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicted of treason, felony, or bribery at elections. |
| Wis. *....... | Citizen of United States or alien who has declared intention. | $1 \mathrm{yr} .$. |  | 10dys | 10 dys | Under guardianship, Indians having tribal relations, insane, convicted of treason or felony, betting on elections. |
| Wyom. *... | Citizen of the United States, male or female. | $1 \mathrm{yr} .$. | 60 dys |  | 10 dys | Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crimes, unable to read State Constitution in the English language. |

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## Hiequitements Regarding Begigtration of Voterg.

(Continuation of "Qualifications for Voting," on preceding pages.)
THE registration of voters is required in the States of Alabama. California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois (at each Congressional election), Louisiana. Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nevada. New Jersey. North Carolina, Pennsylvania (voter not registered can vote upon proof of residence). South Carolina, Tennessee, Utah, Virginia, and the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico.

In New York it is required in cities and villages containing upward of 5,000 population. Personal appearance not required in towns or villages of less than 5,000 inhabitants.

In Vermont must take freemen's oath before voting first time, no registration required.
In Iowa in cities having 3,500 inhabitants. In Nebraska in cities of over 7.000 inhabitants.
In Kentucky in cities and towns having a population of 3,000 or more, in Kansas in cities of the first and second class, in North Dakota in cities and villages of 1.000 inhabitants and over, in Ohio in cities of first and second class, in Maine in all cities and in towns having 500 or more voters. In Oklahoma Territory in cities of the first class.

In Missouri it is required in cities of 100.000 inhabitants and over. and in Wisconsin in cities of 2,000 inhabitants or more and in townships of 3,000 inhabitants or more.

In Rhode Island non-taxpayers are required to register yearly before December 31. In Texas in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or over. South Dakota has a registration law, but if voter is not registered he may prove qualifications when he offers to vote.

In the state of Washington all voters in all cities and towns and all voting precincts having a voting population of 250 or more must be registered.

The registration of voters is not required in Indiana or New Hampshire. It is prohibited in Arkansas and West Virginia by constitutional provision.

Oregon has a registration law which requires all persons desiring to exercise the right of voting to register with a notary public, justice of the peace, or the county clerk, between the first Monday in January and the fifteenth day of May, 1900, and between those dates biennially thereafter. If elector has not registered he may, by proof of his residence and qualifications upon his own oath and that of six electors who know him, be permitted to vote.

In Wyoming no person can vote without registering. If sick or absent at time of registration, can make proof of fact by two witnesses, and be registered on election day.

## むญロMan Suffrage.

In 1899 woman suffrage bills were defeated in the Legislatures of Massachusetts, Maine, Connecticut, Vermont, Illinois, Oklahoma, Arizona, Indiana, Missouri, Michigan. and California.

Woman suffrage amendments to the Constitution were defeated by the people in the State elections of 1898 in South Dakota and Washington.

In Colorado, Idaho, Utah, and Wyoming women have full suffrage and vote for all officers, including Presidential electors. The Woman Suffrage law was adopted in W yoming in 1870, and in Colorado in 1893, and woman suffrage is a constitutional provision in Utah and Wyoming.

In Indiana women may hold any office under the school laws, but cannot vote for any such officer.
In Kansas women exercise the suftrage largely in municipal elections.
In some form, mainly as to taxation or the selection of school ofticers. woman suffrage exists in a limited way in Arizona, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Iowa. Kentucky, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont. Washington. and Wisconsin.

In many European countries, in Australia and New Zealand in Cape Colony, in Canada, and in parts of Iudia women vote on various terms for municipal or school officers.

In the British House of Lords, June 26, 1899, a bill legalizing the election of women as councillors and aldermen was defeated by a vote of 182 to 68 .

The New York State Association Opposed to the Extension of Suffrage to Women is an organization of women having its headquarters in New York. The Executive Committee is as follows: Mrs. Francis M.Scott, Chairman; Miss Eleanor G. Hewitt, Mrs. George White Field, Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Mrs. Giibert E. Jones, Mrs. Elihu Root, Mrs. George Waddington, Mrs. Rossiter Johnson, Mrs. Winfield Moody, Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, and Mrs. George Phillips. Mrs. Phillips is Secretary, 445 West Twenty-irst street, New York, and Mrs. Waddington, Treasurer. There are also societies in Massachusetts (Mrs. Robert W. Lord, Boston, Secretary), Illinois (Mrs. James B. Barnet, Chicago, secretary), Iowa, and W ashington, and others are being organized.

The National Women's Suffrage Association, Miss Susan B. Anthony, President, Mrs. C. Chap. man Catt, Chairman of the Committee on Organization; office, Pulitzer Building, New York.

## 

THE ocean and lake coasts of the United States are picketed with the stations of the Life-Saving Service attached to the United states Treasury Department. Sumuer I. Kimball is general superin-
tendent with headquarters at Vashington and there is a corps of inspectors, superintendents. tendent, with headquarters at Washington, and there is a corps of inspectors, superintendents. station keepers, and crews, extending over the entire coast line, together with a Board on Life-Saving Appliances, composed of experts selected from the Revenue Marine Service, the Army, the Life-Saving service, and civilians.

At the close of the last fiscal year the life-saving establishment embraced 265 stations, 193 being on the Atlantic coast, 56 on the lakes, 15 on the Pacific coast, and 1 at the falls of the Ohio, Louisville, Ky. In the following table are the statistics of the service:

|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Year Ending } \\ \text { June 30, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Since Introduction of Life-Saving System in 1871, to June 30, 1899. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Year Ending } \\ \text { June 30, } \\ 1899 . \end{array}$ | Since Introduction of Life-Saving System in 1871, to June 30, 1899. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disasters...................... | 428,640 | 11,170 $169,4: 8,599$ | Shipwrecked Persons Succored |  |  |
| Value Property Saved.... | \$6,261,900 | *132,021,447 | Days' Succor Aforded.. | 1,450 | 36,649 |
| Value Property Lost. . | \$1,842,740 | \$37,407,152 | Vessels Totally Lost on U. S. |  |  |
| Persons Involved................ | 3,903 | 85,891 | Coasts. . | 72 |  |
| Persons Lost. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 56 | 908 |  |  |  |

In addition to the foregoing there were 294 casualties to smaller craft, such as sailboats, rowboats, etc., on which there were 671 persons, of whom 664 were saved and 7 lost. The cost of the maintenance of the service during the year was $\$ 1,509.831 .01$.

## Naturalization $\mathbf{3}$ abws of tye $\mathbb{C M n i t e}$ States.

The conditions under and the manner in which an alien may be admitted to becone a citizen of the United States are prescribed by Sections 2,165-74 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

## DECLARATION OF INTENTIONS.

The alien must declare upon oath before a circuit or district court of the United States or a district or supreme ccurt of the Territories, or a court of record of any of the States having common law jurisdiction and a seal and clerk, two years at least prior to his admission, that it is, boma fide, his iutention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince or state, and particularly to the one of which he may be at the time a citizen or subject.

## OATH ON APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION.

He must at the time of his application to be admitted declare on oath, before some one of the courts above specified, "that he will support the Constitution of the United States, and that he absolutely and entirely renounces and abjures all allegiance and fidelity to every foreign prince, potentate, State, or sovereignty, and particularly, by name, to the prince, potentate, State, or sovereignty of which he was before a citizen or subject," which proceedings must be recorded by the clerk of the court.

## CONDITIONS FOR CITIZENSHIP.

If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court to which the alien has applied that he has made a declaration to become a citizen two years before applying for final papers, and has resided continuously within the United States for at least five years, and within the State or 'ferritory where such court is at the time held one year at least; and that during that time " he has behaved as a man of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same, ' he will be admitted to citizeuship.

## titles of nobility.

If the appiicant has borne any hereditary title or order of nobility he must rake an express renunciation of the same at the time of his application.

## SOLDIERS.

Any alien of the age of twenty-one years and upward who has been in the armies of the United States, and has been honorably discharged therefrom, may become a citizen on his petition, without any previous declaration of intention, provided that he has resided in the United States at leasi one year previous to his application, and is of good moral character. (It is judicially decided that residence of one year in a particular State is not requisite. )

## MINORS.

Any alien under the age of twenty-one years who has resided in the United States three years next preceding his arriving at that age, and who has continued to reside therein to the time he may make application to be admitted a citizen thereof, may, after he arrives at the age of twenty-one years, and after he has resided five years within the United States, including the three years of his minority, be admitted a citizen ; but he must make a declaration on oath and prove to the satisfaction of the court that for two years next preceding it has been his bona fide intention to become a citizen.

CHILDREN OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS.
The children of persons who have been duly naturalized, being under the age of twenty-one years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if dwelling in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof.
citizens' children who are born abroad.
The children of persons who now are or have been citizens of the United States are, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the U'nited States, considered as citizens thereof.
chinese.
The naturalization of Chinamen is expressly prohibited by Section 14, Chapter 126, Laws of 1882 .

> protection abroad to naturalized citizens.

Section 2,000 of the Revised Statutes of the United States declares that "'all naturalized citizens of the United states while in foreign countries are entitled to and shall receive from this Government the same protection of persons and property which is accorded to native-born citizens."

## the right of suffrage.

The right to vote comes from the State, and is a State gift. Naturalization is a Federal right and is a gift of the Union, not of any one State. In nearly one-half of the Union aliens (who have declared intentions) vote and have the right to vote equally with naturalized or nativeborn citizens. In the other half only actual citizens may vote. (Sce Table of Qualifications for Voting in each State, on another page.) The Federal naturalization laws apply to the whole Union alike, and provide that no alien may be naturalized until after five years' residence. Even after five years' residence ard due naturalization he is not entitled to vote unless the laws of the state confer the privilege upon him, and he may vote in several states six months after landing, if he has declared his intention, under United States law, to become a citizen.

## plasport $\mathbf{~ L e g u l a t i o n s . ~}$

Rules governing the granting and issuing of passports in the United States:

1. By Whom Issued.-No one but the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports in the United States.-Revised Statutes, seca. $4 \cup 75,40 \div 8$.

A citizen of the United States desiring to procure a passport while he is temporarily abroad should apply to the diplomatic representative of the Inited States in the country where he happens to be; or, in the absence of a diplomatic representative, to the consulgeneral of the United States; or, in the absence of both, to the consul of the United States. The necessary statement may be made before the nearest consular officer of the United States.
2. To Citizens Oxly -The law forbids the granting of a passport to any person who is not a citizen of the United States.Revised Statutes, sec. 4076.

A person who has only made the declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States cannot receive a passport.
3. Applications.-A citizen of the United States in this country in order to procure a passport must make a written application, in the form of an affidavit, to the Secretary or State.

The affidavit must be attested by an officer suthorized to administer oaths, and if he has an official seal it must be affixed. If he has no seal, his officisl charscter must be authenticated by certificate of the proper legal officer.

If the applicant signs by mark, two attesting witnesses to his signsture are required.
The applicant is required to state the date and place of his birth, his occupation, and the place of his permanent residence, and to declare that he goes abroad for temporary sojourn and intends to return to the United States with the purpose of residing and performing the duties of citizenship therein.

The applicant must take the oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States.
The application must be accompanied by a description of the person applying, and should state the following particulars, viz.: Age, __ years; stature, __ feet __ inches (English measure); forehead, _; eyes, __; nuse, __; mouth, __ chin, ; hair, - ; complexion, -; face, -.
The application must be accompanied by a certificate from at least one credible witness that the applicant is the person he represents himself to be, and that the facts stated in the affidavit are true to the best of the witness's knowledge and belief.
4. Native Citizens.-An application contsining the information indicated by rule 3 will be sufficient evidence in the case of native citizens.
5. A Person Born Abroad Whose Father Was a Natife of the United States -In addition to the statements required by rule 3 , his application must show that his father was born in the United States, has resided therein, and was a citizen at the time of the applicant's birth. The Department may require that this affidavit be supported by that of one other citizen acquainted with the facts.
6. Naturalized Citizens. - In addition to the statements required by rule 3, a naturalized citizen must transmit his certificate of naturalization, or a duly certified copy of the court record thereof, with his application. It will be feturned to him after inspection. He must state in his affidavit when aud from what port he ennigrated to this country, what ship he sailed in, where he has lived since his arrival in the United States, when and before what court he was naturalized, and that he is the identical person described in the certificate of naturalization. The signature to the application should conform in orthography to the applicant's name as written in the naturalization paper, which the Department follows.
7. The Wife or Widow of a Naturalized Citizen. - In addition to the statements required by rule 3 , she must transmit for inspection her husband's naturslization certificste, must state that she is the wife or widow of the person described therein, and must set forth the facts of his emigration, naturalization, and residence, as required in the rule governing the application of a naturalized citizen.
8. The Child of a Naturalized Citizen Claiming Citizenship Through the Naturalization of the Father.-In addition to the statements required by rule 3, the applicant must state that he or she is the son or daughter, as the case may be, of the person described in the naturalization certificate, which must be submitted for inspection, and must set forth the facts of his emigration, naturalization, and residence, as required in the rule governing the application of a naturalized citizen.
9. Expiration of Passport-A passport expires two years from the date of its issuance. A new one will be issued upon a new application, and if the applicant be a naturalized citizen, the old passport will be accepted in lieu of a naturalized certificate, if the application upon which it was issued is iound to contain sufficient information as to the emigration, residence, and naturalization of the applicant.
10. Wife, Minor Children, and Servants.-When an applicant is accompanied by his wife, minor children, or servant, being an American citizen, jt will be sufficient to state the fact, giving the respective ages of the children and the citizenship of the servant, when one passport will suffice for all. For any other person in the party a separate passport will be required. A woman's passport may include her minor children and servant under the above-Damed conditions.
11. Professional Titles. - They will not be inserted in passports.
12. Fee - By act of Congress approved March 23, 1888, a fee of one doilar is required to be collected for every citizen's passport. That amount in currency or postal money order should accompany each application. Orders should be payable to the Disbursing Clerk of the Department of State. Drafts or checks will not be received.
13. Blank Forms of Application.-They will be furnished by the Department to persons who desire to apply for passports, upon their stating whether they are native or naturalized citizens or clsim through the naturalization of husband or father. Forns are not furnished, except as samples, to those who make a business of procuring passports.
14. Addrass.-Communications should be addressed to the Department of State, Passport Division, and each communication should give the post-office address of the person to whom the answer is to be directed.
15. Rejection of Application. - The Secretary of State nay refuse to issue a passport to any one who, he has reason to believe, desires it for an unlawful or improper purpose, or who is nasble or unwilling to comply with the rules.

Section 4075 of the Revised Statutes of the United States providing that " the Secretary of State may grant and issue passports, and cause passports to be granted, issued, and verified in foreign countries by such diplomatic or consular officers of the United States, and under such rules as the President shall designate and prescribe for and on behalf of the United States," the foregoing rulea are hereby prescribed for the granting and issuing of passports in the United States.

The Secretary of State is authorized to make regulations on the subject of issuing and granting passports additional to these rules and not inconsistent with them.

Executive Mansion, Washington, May 21, 1898.

## 

AN EXECUTIVE ORDER issued by President Harrison Sept. 4, 1890, requires that uniform usage in regard to geographic nomenclature and orthography shall obtain throughout the Executive Departments of the Government, and particularly upon maps and charts issued by the various departments and bureaus. To this Board must be referred all unsettled questions concerning geographic names which arise in the departments, and its decisions are to be accepted by the departments as the standard authority in such matters.

MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.
Chairman-Henry Gannett, United States Geological Survey.
Secretary-Marcus Baker, United States Geological Survey.
Andrew H. Allen, Department of State; A. B. Johnson, of the Light-House Board; Commander Joseph E. Craig, Hydrographic Office, Navy Dppartment; A. Von Haake, Post-Office Department: Otis T. Mason, Mmithsonian Institution; Herbert (r. Ogden, United States Coast and Geodetic Survey; Harry King, (ieneral Land Office; Capt. G. W. Goethals, Captain of Engineers, U. S. A.

## Coirstitution of tye $\mathfrak{M m i t e y}$ States.

Preamble.
We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquillity, provide for the common defence, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

## ARTICLE 1.

Legislatlve powers.
House of Representatives.

Qualifications of Representatives.
Apportionment of Representatives.

Vacancies, how filled.
Officers, how appointed. Senate.

## Classification of

 Senators.Qualifications of Senators.
President of the Senate.

Senate a court for trial of impeachments.
Judgment in case of conviction.
ElectionsofSenators and Representatives.
Meeting of Congress.
Organization of Congress.

Rule of proceedings.
Journals of each House.

Adjournment of Congress.
Pay and privileges of members.

Other offices prohibited.

Revenue bills.
How bills become laws.

Section I. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section II. 1. The House of Representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several States, and the electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.
2. No person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and whe shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.
3. Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, aud excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons. The actual enumeration shall be made within three years after the first meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within every subsequent terno of ten years, in such manner as they shall by law direct. The number of Representatives shall not exceed one for every thirty thousand, but each State shall have at least one Representative; and until such enumeration shall be made, the State of New Hampshire shall be entity led to choose 3; Massachusetts, 8 ; Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, 1; Connecticut, 5; Nerr York, ó; New Jersey, 4 Pennsylvania, 8; Delaware, 1 ; Maryland, 6 ; Virginia, 10 ; North Carolina, 5 ; South Carolina, 5, and Georgia, 3.*
4. When vacancies happen in the representation from any State, the Executive Authority thereof ahall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies.
5. The House of Representatives shall choose their Speaker and other officers, and shall have the sole power of impeachment.

Section III. 1. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote.
2. Immediately after they shall be assembled in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the Senators of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the second year, of the second class at the expiration of the fourth year, and of the third class at the expiration of the sixth year, so that one-third may be chosen every second year: and if vacancies happen by resignation, or otherwise, during the recess of the Legislature of any State, the Executive thereof may make temporary appointment until the next meeting of the Legislature, which shall then fill such vacangies.
3. No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained to the age of thirty years, and been nine years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant ot that State for which he shall be chosen.
4. The Vice-President of the United States shall be President of the Senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided.
5. The Senate shall choose their other officers, and also a President protempore, in the absence of the VicePresident, or when he shall exercise the office of President of the United States.
6. The Senate shall have the sole power to try all impeachments. When sitting for that purpose, they shall be on oath or affirmation. When the President of the United States is tried, the Chief Justice shall preside; and no person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members present.
7. Judgment in cases of impeachment shall not extend further than to removal from office, and disqualification to hold and enjoy any office of honor, trust, or profit under the United States ; but the party convicted shall nevertheless be liable and subject to indictment, trial, judgment, and punishment, according to law.

Section IV. 1. The times, places, and manner of holding elections for Senators and Representatives shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by law make or alter such regulations, except as to places of choosing Senators.
2. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every year, and such meeting shall be on the first Monlay in December, unless they shall by law appoint a different day.

Section V. 1. Each House shall be the judge of the elections, returns, and qualifications of its own members, and a majority of each shall constitute a quorum to do business; but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may be authorized to compel the attendance of absent members in such manner and under such penalties as each House may provide.
2. Each House may determine the rales of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behavior, and with the concurrence of two-thirds expel a member.
3. Each House shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and from time to time publish the same, excepting such parts as may in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the members of either House on any question shall, at the desire of one-fifth of those present, be entered on the jomrnal.
4. Neither House, during the session of Congress, shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days, nor to any other place than that in which the two Houses shall be sitting.

Section VI. 1. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a compensation for their services, to be ascertained by law, and paid out of the Treasury of the United States. They shall in all cases, except treason, felony, and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the session of their respective Houses, and in going to and returning from the same; and for any speech or debate in either House they shall not be questioned in any other place.
2. No Senatur or Representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time; and no person holding any office under the United States shall be a member of either House during his continuance in office.

Section VII. 1. All bills for raising revenue shall originate in the House of Representatives, but the Senate may propose or concur with amendments, as on other bills.
2. Every bill which shall have passed the House of Representatives and the Senate shall, before it become a law, be presented to the President of the United States; if he approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to that House in which it shall have originated, who shall entrr the objections at large on their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If after such reconsideration two-thirds of that House shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other House, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if approved by two-thirds of that House it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both Houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be enterec. on the journal of each House respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the President within ten days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the Congress by their adjournment prevent its return; in which case it shall not be a law.

* See Article XIV., Amendments.


## Approval and 3. Every order, resolution, or vote to which the concurrence of the Senate and House of Representatives may

 $\checkmark$ eto powers be necessary (except on a question of adjournment) shall be presented to the President of the Unitec States and of the Presi- before the same shall take effect shall be approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by twojent. thirds of the Senate and the House of Representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.
## Powers vested Section VIII. 1. The Congress shall have power:

in Congress. To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence and general welfare of the United States: but all duties, imposts, and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.
2. To borrow money on the credit of the United States.
3. To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several States, and with the Indian tribes.
4. To establish an uniform rule of naturalization and naiform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States.
5. To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standard of weights and measures.
6. To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.
7. To establish post-offices and post-roads.
8. To promote the progress of science and useful arts by securing for linaited times to authors and Inventors the exclusive rights to their respective writings and discoveries.
9. To constitute tribunals inferior to the Supreme Court.
10. To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas, and offences against the law of nations.
11. To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water.
12. To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years.
13. To -vide and maintain a navy.
14. To esles for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.
15. T e for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel ns pr ide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may b em 1 . $\mathrm{d}^{2}$ the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively the appointment of the officers, aud t ity of training the militia according to the discipline prescrimed by Congress.

17 I evercise exclusive legislation in all cases wnassuever over such iistrict (not exceeding ten miles square) as min session of particular States and the acceptance of Congress, bccome the seat of Government of the United shtes, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the Legislature of the State in $w$ ic se same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, d̈ry-docks, and other needful buildings.

30 make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and a. powers vested by this Constitutiou in the Government of the United States, or in any department or
officer Lereof. officer cereof.
Immigrants, Section IX. 1. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the States now existing shall think how adunitted. proper to admit shall not be prohibited by the Congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but

Habeas corpus.
Attainder.
Direct taxes.
Regulations regarding customs duties.
Moneys, how drawn.
Titles of nobility prohibited. a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.
invas. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.
3. No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.
4. No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid, unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.
5. No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any State.
6. No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one State over those another, nor shall vessels bound to or from one State be obliged to enter, clear, or pay duties in another.
7. No money shall be drawn from the Treasury but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a $\mathrm{r} \in \mathrm{g}$ nlar statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time. trust nuder them shall, without the consent of the Congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title any kind whatever from any king, prince, or foreign state.
Powers of Section X. 1. No State shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation, grant letters of marque and reStates defined. prisal, coin money, emit bills of credit, make anything but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts, pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.
2. No State shall, without the consent of the Congress, lay any impost or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts, laid by any State on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the Treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the Congress.
3. No State shall, without the consent of Congress, lay any duty of tonnage, keep troops or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another State, or with a forejgu power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

## ARTICLE II.

Executive pow-
Sbction I. 1. The Executive power shall be vested in a President of the United States of America. He shall er, in whom hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the Vice-President, chosen for the same term, be vested. elected as follows:

Electors.

Proceedings of electors.

Proceedings of of the whole number of electors appointed, and if there be more than one whe have such majority, and have an equa the House of number of votes, then the House of Representatives shall immedistely choose by ballot one of them for Presiden ${ }^{*}$ Represem-and if no person have a majority, then from the five highest on the list the sald House shall in like manner choose tatives. the President. But in choosing the Presideut, the vote shall be taken by States, the representatior from eac State having one vote. A quorum, for this purpose, shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a majority of all the States shall be necessary to a choice. In every case, after the choice of the President, the person having the greatest number of votes of the electors shall be the Vice-President. But if there should remain two or more who have equal votes, the Senate shall choose from them by ballot the Vice-Presi dent.]*
Time of choosing electors.
4. The Congress may determine the time of choosing the electors and the day on which they shall give their votes, which day shall be the aame throughout the United States.

* This clanse is superseded by Article XII., Amendments.


## Qualifications of the President.

 5. No person except a natural born citizen, or a citizeu of the United States at the time of the adoption of this Constitution, shall be eligible to the office of President; neither shall any person be eligible to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years and been fourteen years a resident within the United States,6. In case of the removal of the President from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the

Provision in
case of his disability.

Salary of the President.

Oath of the President.
Duties of the prove ano duties of the said office, the same shall devolve on the Vice-President, and the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation, or inability, both of the President and Vice-President, declaring what officer shall then act as President, and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability be removed or a Presideut shall be elected.
7. The President shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased
nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected, and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.
8. Before he enter on the execution of his office he shall take the following oath or affirmation :
"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the ottice of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution of the United States."

Section II. 1. The President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States when called into the actusl service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments upon any subject relating to the duties of thelr respective offices, and he shall have power to graut reprieves and pardons for offences against the United States except in cases of impeachment.
May make trea-
2. He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make treaties, provided twoties, appoint thirds of the Senators present concur ; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the a mbassadors, Senate shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the Supreme Court, and all other judges, etc. officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law ; but the Congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers as they think proper in the President alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.
May fill vacancies.
3. The President shal. have power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the Senate May make recby granting commissions, which shall expire at the end of their next session.
Section III. He shall from time to time give to the Congress information of the state of the Union, and to and vene Congress. the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive anbasst to and officers of the United States.
How officers
Section IV. The President, Vice-President, and all civil officers of the United States shall be cemoved from may be re office on impeachment for and conviction of treason, bribery, or other high crimes and misdemeanors. moved.

Judicial power, how invested.

Section I. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one Supreme Court, and in such inferior courts as the Congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the Snpreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall at stated times receive for their services a compensation which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.
To what cases it Section II. 1. The judicial power shall extend to all cases in law and equity arising under this Constitution, extends. the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more States, between a State andicitizens of another State, between citizens of different States, between citizens of the same State claiming lands under grants of different States, aud between a State, or the citizens thereof, and foreign States, citizens, or subjects.
Jurisdiction of
2. In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consnls, and those in which a State shall be the Supreme party, the Supreme Court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before-mentioned the Supreme Court. Court shall have appellate jurisdiction both as to law and fact, with such exceptions and under such regulations as the Congress shall make.
Rules respecting trials.

Treason defined. State where the said crmes shall have been conmitted; when wot committed within any State the trial shall the such place or places as the Congress may by law have directed.
Section 111. 1. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemes, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.
2. The Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

## ARTICLE IV.

Rights of States
Section I. Full faith and credit shall be given in each State to the public acts, records, and judicial proceedaud records. ings of every other State. And the Congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records, and proceedings shail be proved, and the effect thereof.
Privileges of Section II. I. The citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in citizens. the several States.
Executive requisitions.
2. A person charged in any State with treason, felony, or other crine, who shall flee from justice, and be found in another State, shall, on demand of the Executive authority of the State from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the State having jurisdiction of the crime.
Laws regulating 3. No person held to service or labor in one State, under the laws thereof, escaping into another shall, in conservice or la- sequence of any law or regulation therein, be discharged from such service or labor, but shall be delivered up on bor. claim of the party to whom such service or labor may be due.
Section III. 1. New States may be admitted by the Congress into this Union; but no new State shall be formed or erected within the jurisdiction of any other State, nor any State be formed by the junction of two or inore States, or parts of States, without the consent of the Legislatures of the States concerned, as well as of the Congress.
New States, how
formed and admitted.
Power of Con-
2. The Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the terrigress over tory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this Constitution shall be so construed as to public lands. prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular State.
Republican government guar. anteed.

Section IV. The United States shall guarantee to every State in this Union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion, and, on application of the Legislature, or of the Executive (when the Legislature cannot be convened), against domestic violence.

## ARTICLE $\mathbf{V}$.

Constitution,
how smended
The Congress, whenever tivo-thirds of both Houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to th: Constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall mill proposing amendments, which, n either case, shall be valid to all intents and -
when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or i the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; be made prior to the yesr one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in clauses in tbe Ninth Section of the First Article; and that no State, withot equal suffrage in the Senate.
Validity of debts recognized.

1. All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this Constitution shall be as valid against the United States under this Constitution as under the Confederation.

Supreme law of 2. This Constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof and all the land de-treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the fined. land, and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby, anything in the Constitutic or laws of any State to the coutrary notwithstanding.
Oath; of whom 3. The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several State Legislatures, and required and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or for what. affirmation to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.
Ratification of The ratification of the Conventions of nine States shall be aufficient for the establishment of this Constitution the Constitu-between the States so ratifying the same. tion.

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

## ARTICLE I.

Religion and Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; free speech. or abridging the freedom of speech or of the press : or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Governmen for a redress of grievances.

## ARTICLE II.

Right to bear A well-regulated militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and bear arms. arms shall not be infringed.

Soldiers in time
No soldier shall, in time of pesce of peace. war but in a manner to be prescribed by law.

## ARTICLE IV.

Right of search.
The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized.

## ARTLCLE $\mathbf{V}$.

Capital crimes
No person shall be held to answer for a capital or other infamous crime unless on a presentment or indictment and arrest of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, wheu in actual service, in therefor. time of war or public danger; nor shall any person be subject for the same offence to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb ; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

## ARTICLE VI.

Right to speedy In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial, by an impartial trial. jury of the State and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the aceusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor, and to have the assistance of counsel for his defence.

## ARTICLE VII.

Trial by jury. In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved, and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-exsmined in any court of the United States than according to the rules of the commor law

## ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.
ARTICLE IX.
Ennmeration of The enumeration in the Constitution of certain rights shal. not be construed to deny or disparage others rerights. tained by the people.

## ARTICLE X.

Reserved rights The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are re. of States. served to the States respectively, or to the people.

## ARTICLE XI.

Judicial power. The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States, by citizens of another State, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign State.

## ARTICLE XII.

Electors in The electors shall meet in their respective States, and vote by ballot for President and Vice-President, one of Presidential whom at least shall not be an inhabitant of the same State with themselves: they shall name in their ballots the elections. person voted for as President, and in distinct ballots the person voted for as Vice-President: and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as President, and of all persons voted for as Vice-President, and of the number of votes for each, which list they shall sign and certify, and transmit, sealed, to the seat of the Government of the United States, directed to the President of the Senate; the President of the Senate shall, in the presence of the Senate and II ouse of Representatives, open all the certificates, and the rotes shall then be counted: the person having the grestest number of votes for President shall be the President, if such number be s majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons haring the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those roted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose inmediately, by ballot, the President. But in choosing the President, the rotes shall be taken by States, the representation from each State having one rote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the States, and a inajority of all the States shall be nfcessary to a choice. And if the House of Representatives shall not choose a President, whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the Vice-President shall sct as President, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the President. The person having the grestest number of votes as Vice-President shall be the Vice-President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed, and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list the Senate shall choose the Vice-President; a quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of Senators, and s majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no persun constitutionally ineligible to the office of President shall be eligible to that of Vice-President of the United States

## ARTICLE XII.

Slavery pro $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a panishment for crime whereof the party ahall have } \\ & \text { hibited. } \\ & \text { been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction. } \\ & \text { 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation. }\end{aligned}$

## CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.


#### Abstract

\section*{ARTICLE XIV.}

Protection for 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and aubject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the all citizens.

Appointment of Representa- tives. United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of peraons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male members of such State, being of twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens ahall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State. Rebellion 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-Pres ${ }^{\text {d }}$ dent, or against the holding any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previoualy taken an United Statea. oath, as a niember of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any Stale Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability. The pnblic 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment debt. of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection and rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the Joss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations, and claims shall be held illegal and void. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

\section*{ARTICLE XV.}

Right of auf- 1. The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or frage. by any State on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. 9. The Congress shall have power to enforce the provisions of this article by appropriate legislation.


## RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The Constitution was ratified by the thirteen original States in the following order :

Delaware, December 7, 1787, unanimously.
Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787, vote 46 to 23. New Jersey, December 18, 1787, unanimously. Georgia, January 2, 1788, unanimously.
Connecticut, January 9, 1788, vote 128 to 40.
Massachusetts, February 6, 1788, vote 187 to 168.
Maryland, April 28, 1788, vote 63 to 12.

South Carolina, May 23, 1788, vote 149 to 73.
New Hampshire, June 21, 1788, vote 57 to 46.
Virginia, June 25, 1788, vote 89 to 79.
New York, July 26, 1788, vote 30 to 28.
North Carolina, November 21, 1789, vote 193 to 75.
Rhode Island, May 29, 1790, vote 34 to 32.

## RATIFICATION OF THE AMENDMENTS.

I. to X. inclnsive were declared in force December 15, 1791.
XI. was declared in force January 8, 1798.
XiI., regulating elections, was ratified by all the States except Connecticut, Delaware, Massachusetts, and New Hampshire, which rejected it. It was declared in force September 28, 1804.
XIII. The emancipation amendment was ratified by 31 of the 36 States; rejected by Delaware and Kentucky, not acted on by Texas; conditionally ratified by Alabama and Mississippi. Proclaimed Decem'er 18, 1865:
XIV. Reconstruction amendment was ratified by 23 Northern States; rejected by Delaware, Kentucky. Maryland, and 10 Southern States, and not acted on by California. The 10 Southern States subsequently ratified under pressure. Proclaimed July 28, 1886.
XV. Negro citizenship amendment was not acted on by Tennessee, rejected by California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, New Jersey, and Oregon; ratified by the remaining 30 States. New York rescinded its ratification January 5, 1870. Proclaimed March 30, 1870.

## National juunitipal zeague.

President-James C. Carter, New York. First Vice-President-Charles Richardson, Philadelphia. Second Vice-Pr sident-Samuel B. Capen, Boston. Third Vice-President-Thomas N. Strong, Portland, Ore. Fourth Vice-President-Edmund J. James, Chicago. Fifth Vice-President-H. Dickson Bruns, New Orleans. Secretary-Clinton Rogers Woodruff, 1112 Girard Building, Philadelphia. Treasurer-George Burnham, Jr., Philadelphia. Executive Committee-Chairman, Charles J. Bonaparte, Baltimore; Hector McIntosh, Philadelphia; Joseph A. Miller, Providence; George W. Ochs, New York; Harry A. Gartield, Cleveland; Oliver McClintock, Pittsburgh, Pa. ; William G. Low, Brooklyn; Dudley Tibbits, Troy; F. N. Hartwell, Louisville: John A. Butler, Milwaukee; George W. Guthrie, Pittsburgh, and the officers. The League is composed of associations formed in cities of the United States, and having as an object the improvement of municipal government. It has no connection with State or National parties or issues, and confines itself strictly to municipal affairs. Any association belonging to the League may withdraw at any time.

In affiliation with the National League are over seventy municipal reform associations, comprised of the Good Government Clubs, Municipal Leagues, Reform Leagues, Taxpayers' Associations, and other local reform associations of cities throughout the Union.

## 

President-H. V. Johnson, Mayor of Denver, Col. Vice-Presidents-J. A. Johnson, Mayor of Fargo, N. Dak. ; C. T. Iriscoll, Mayor of New Haveu, Ct. ; W. C. Flower, Mayor of New Orleans. Treasurer-Thomas P. Taylor, Bridgeport, Ct. Secretary-B. F. Gilkison, Downing Building, New York City. Trust-es-J. Adger Smyth, Mayor of Charleston, S. C.; Chas. S. Ashley, Mayor of New Bedford, Mass, , and J. T. Hartley, Columbus, Ohio.

Theohjects of the League of American Municipalities are as follows: The general improvement and facilitation of every branch of municipal administration by the following means: First-The perpetuation of the organization as an agency for the co-operation of American cities in the practical study of all questions pertaining to municipal administration. Second-The holding of annual conventions for the discussion of contemporarreous municipal affairs. Third-The establishment and maintenance of a central bureau of information for the collection, compilation, and dissemination of statistics, reports, and all kinds of information relative to municipal government. The membership of the League includes nearly all of the important cities in this country. The annual meeting for 1900 will be held at Charleston, S. C.

# puesionents of the amiter States. 



* Jackson called himself a South Carolinian and his biographer, Kendall, recorded his birthplace in Lancaster County, S. C., but Parton has published documentary evidence to show that Jackson was born in Union County, N. C., less than a quarter mile from the South Carolina line. + The Democratic party of to-day claims lineal descent from the first Republican party aud President Jefferson as its founder. $\ddagger$ Political parties were disorganized at the time of the election of John Quincy Adams. He claimed to be a Republican, but his doctrines were decidedly Federalistic. The opposition to his Administration took the name of Democrats and elected Jackson President.

More details of the lives of the Presidents were given in The World Almanac for 1897, pages 116 and 117.

## 

The Presidential succession is fixed by chapter 4 of the acts of the Forty-ninth Congress, first session. In case of the removal, death, resignation, or inability of both the President and Vice-President, then the Secretary of state shall act as President until the disability of the President or Vice-President is removed or a President is elected. If there be no Secretary of State, then the Secretary of the Treasury will act; and the remainder of the order of succession is as follows: The Secretary of War, Atlorney-General, Postmaster-General, Secretary of the Navy, and Secretary of the Interior. The acting President must, upon taking office, convene Congress, if not at the time in session, in extraordinary session, giving tweuty days' notice. This act applies only to such Cabinet officers as shall have been appointed by the advice and consent of the Senate, and are eligible under the Constitution to the Presidency.


| Namb. | Servicr. | Born. | Died. | Names. | Service | Born. | Died. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 18 | Sa |  |  | $\overline{1873}$ |
| John Rutledge, S. C........ | 178 | 1739 | 1800 | Levi |  | 1789 | 1851 |
| William Cushi | $1789-181021$ | 17 | 1810 |  | 1846-1870 23 | 1794 | 157 |
| ames Wils | 1789-1 |  |  |  |  |  | 74 |
| ohn Blair, | 1789-1796 | 173 | 1800 | John A. Camphell, Ala... | 1853-1861 | 18 | 188 |
| obert H. Harri | 1789-1 | 1745 | 1790 | Nathan Clifford, M | 1558-1881 2 | 180 | 1881 |
| ames Iredell | 17 |  |  | Noah H. Swayn | 1861-1881 2 | 1804 | 1884 |
| William Paterson, | 1793-1806 13 | 17 | 1806 | David Davis | 1862-1876 15 | 181 |  |
| hn Rulledg | 1795-1795 | 1739 | 1800 | Stepheu J. Field, Cal | 1863-189734 | 1816 |  |
| amuel Chas | 1796-1811 | 1741 | 1811 | Salmon P. Chase, | 1864-1873 | 180 |  |
| Oliver Ellsworth, | 1796-1800 | 1745 | 1807 | William stron | 1870-188 | 181 |  |
| Bushrod Washingt | 1798-1829 31 | 1762 | 1829 | Joseph P. Bradley, | 1870-1892 | 181 |  |
| Ifred Moore | 1799-1804 | 1755 | 1810 | Ward Hunt, ${ }^{\text {N }}$. | 1872-1882 10 | 181 | 1886 |
| hn Mfarshall, | 1801-1835 34 | 1755 | 1835 | Morvison R. Waite, Ohio... | 1874-1888 14 | 181 | 1888 |
| Villiam Johnson, | 1804-183430 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brock. Livingston, | 1806-1 | 1757 | 1823 | William B. Hoods, Ga | 1850-1 | 1824 | 1887 |
| homas Todd, | 1807-1 | 1765 | 1826 | Stanley Matthews, Ohi | 1881-1 | 1824 |  |
| oseph Story, M | 18 | 179 | 1815 | Horace Gray |  | 1828 |  |
| abriel Duval, Mc | 1811-18 | 1752 |  | Samuel Blatchford, N. Y.. | 1882-1893 11 | 18. | $183: 3$ |
| mith Thompson, | 1823-1843 | 1767 | 1843 | Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Miss... | 1888-1893 | 18 | 189 |
| obert Trimble | 1826-1828 | 1777 | 1828 | Melville W. Fuller | 1888 | 1833 |  |
| ohn McLean, | 1829-1861 32 | 1785 | 1861 | David J. Brewer, Kan. | 1889- | 1837 |  |
| enry Baldwin, P ames M Wayne | $.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1779 \\ & 1790 \end{aligned}$ | 1844 | Henry B. Brown, M | 890 |  |  |
| , orr P. Taney, Md | 1836-1864 28 | 1777 | 1864 | Howell E. Jacksou, Tenu | 1893-1895 | 1832 | 189 |
| ilip P. Barbour | 1836-1841 | 1783 | 1841 | Edward D. White, La | 18!3- | 1845 |  |
| ohn Catron, | 1837-1865 28 | 1786 | 1865 | Rufus W. Peckham, N | 1895- |  |  |
| ohn McKinle | 18 | 1780 | 1852 | Joseph McKenna, |  | 1843 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\frac{\text { Should changes occur in these tables and those on the following four pages while Tur Axmanac is passing through the }}{\text { Per }}$ press, they will be found noted on page 13.

## Vice=puresiments of tye ©miter States.

|  | Namm. | Birthplace. |  | Paternal Ancestry. |  |  |  | Place of Death. | $\stackrel{\dot{\sim}}{\text { む̈ }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | John Adam | Quincy, Mass.......... | 1735 | English. . . | Mass.. | 1789 | Fed .. | Quincy, Mass . . . . . . | 1826 | 90 |
| 2 | Thomas Jefferson | Shadwell, Va........... | 1743 | Welsh.... | Va.... | 1797 | Rep... | Monticello, Va . . ... | 1826 | 83 |
| 3 | Aaron Rurr...... | Newark, N. J | $175{ }^{\circ}$ | English | N. Y.. | 1801 | Rep... | Staten Island, N. Y .. | 1836 | 80 |
| 4 | George Clinton. | Ulster Co., | 1739 | English | N. Y. . | 1805 | Rep.*. | Washington, D. C... | 1812 | 73 |
| 5 | Elbridge Gerry. | Marblehead, Mass | 1744 | English | Mass.. | 1813 | Kep... | Washington, D. C... | 1814 | 70 |
| 6 | 1)aniel D. Tompkins..... | Scarsdale, N. Y.. | 1774 | English..... | N. Y.. | 1817 | Rep... | Staten Island, N. Y.. | 1825 | 51 |
| 7 | John C. Calhonn. . . . . . | Abbeville, S. C. | 1782 | Scoteh-Irish. | S. C.. | 1825 | Rep... | Washington, D. C... | 1850 | 68 |
| 8 | Martin Van Buren...... | Kinderhook, N. Y. | 1782 | Duteh. | N. Y.. | 1833 | Dem. . | Kinderhook, N. Y... | 1862 | 79 |
| 9 | Richard M. Johnson.... | Louisville, Kıy . . . | 1780 | English | Ky | 1837 | Dem. . | Frankfort, Ky . . . . | 1850 | 70 |
| 10 | John Tyler. . . . . . . . . . . | Green way, Va | 1790 | English | Va | 1841 | Dem. . | Richmond, Va ....... | 1862 | 72 |
| 11 | George M. Dallas. . . . . | Philadelphia, Pa...... | 1192 | English | $P a$ | 1845 | Dem. . | Philadelphia, Pa .... | 1864 | 72 |
| 12 | Millard Fillmore . . . . . . | Summer Hill, N. Y.... | $1800 \cdot$ | English | N. Y. | 1849 | Whig. | Buffalo, N. Y . . . . . . | 1874 | 74 |
| 13 | William 12. King........ | Sampsou Co., N.,C.... | $178{ }^{\circ}$ | English | Ala.. | 1853 | Dem. | Dallas Co., Ala ..... | 1853 | 67 |
| 14 | John C. Breckiuridge.... | Lexington, Ky........ | 1821 | Scotch.. | Ky | 1857 | Dem.. | Lexington, Ky...... | 1875 | 54 |
| 15 | Hannibal Hamlin . . . . . . | Paris, Me.............. | 1809 | English | Me... | 1861 | Rep... | Bangor, Me......... | 1891 | 81 |
| 16 | Andrew Juhnson. . . . . . . | Raleigh. N. C. . . . . . . | 1808 | English | Tenn. | 1865 | Rep... | Carter Co., Tenn.... | 1875 | 66 |
| 17 | Schuyler Colfax......... | New York City, N. Y.. | 1823 | English..... | Ind... | 1869 | Rep... | Mankato, Minn . .... | 1885 | 62 |
| 18 | Henry Wilsnn .......... | Farmington, N. H..... | 1812 | English..... | Mass.. | 1873 | Rep... | Washington, D. C... | 1875 | 63 |
| 19 | William A. Wheeler... | Malone, N. Y | 1819 | English . .... | N. Y.. | 1877 | Rep... | Malone, N. Y.. | 1887 | 68 |
| 20 | Chester A. Arthur. . . . | Fairfield, Vt........... | 1830 | Scotch-1rish. | N. Y.. | 1881 | Rep... | New York City, N.Y. | 1886 | 56 |
| 21 | Thos. A. Hendricks .... | Muskingum Co., O..... | 1819 | Scotch-1rish. | Ind... | 1885 | Dein.. | Indianapolis, Ind.... | 1885 | 66 |
| 22 | Levi P. Morton. . . . . . . . | Shoreham, Vt......... | 1824 | Scotch. | N. Y.. | 1889 | Rep... |  | - | . . |
| 23 | Adlai E. Stevenson. . . . . . | Christian Co., Ky ..... | 1835 | Scotch-Irish |  | 1893 | Dem.. |  |  |  |
| 24 | Garret A. Hobart. . . . . . | Long Branch, N. J.... | $1 \times 44$ | English | N. | 1897 | Rep. |  |  | . |

## 引uesionnts pro tempure of tife duitea States Semate

| Congres. | ars. | Name. | State. | Born | Died. | Congress. | Years. | Name. | State. | Born. | Died. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1789 -9 | Pichard |  | 1739 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1837 |
|  | 179929 | Richard | N. H. | 1732 1739 | ${ }_{1819}^{1794}$ | ${ }_{20}^{20-22}$ |  | Sammel |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}{ }^{3}$ | 1794-95 | Ralph Izard |  | 1742 | 1804 | 22, |  | Hugh |  | 1773 |  |
| 3, 4 | ${ }_{\text {17995-96 }}^{17}$ | Henr |  | 1753 | 1799 |  | - 1834.35 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1796-97$ 1797 | William Bin |  | 1751 | 1804 | ${ }_{24-26}$ |  | John ryler |  | 1786 | ${ }_{883}^{182}$ |
|  |  | William B |  | 1729 | 1808 | 26, 27 | 1841-42 | T |  | 1:87 |  |
| 5 | 1797-98 | Jacob Rea |  | 1752 | ${ }^{1816}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 1798 | ${ }^{\text {The }}$ | N. Y. | 17460 | 1813 <br> 1810 | 29, |  | D. R. At |  | ${ }^{1807} 1$ | 1886 1853 |
| 5 | 1799 | James R |  | 1762 | 1847 | 32, 33 | 1852 | D. R . Atch |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }^{1799-1}$ | ${ }_{\text {Samuel }}^{\text {Sam }}$ |  | 1732 | 1803 <br> 1807 | ${ }_{34}{ }_{34}$ | 1854 18 18 | Jesse D |  | ${ }^{1819} 1$ |  |
| 6 | $1800-18$ | John |  |  | 1827 |  | 1857 |  |  | 1802 |  |
| 6 | 1801 | James Hillho | ct. | 1754 | 1832 | -38 | 1861 |  |  | 1802 |  |
| 7 | 180 180 | Abraham Bal |  | ${ }_{1754}^{1754}$ | 18 | -38 | 18 | Da |  |  |  |
| 8 | 180 | Jobn Brown |  | 1757 | 1837 |  | 1867 | Benj. F. Wade...... |  | 1800 | 1878 |
| ${ }_{8}^{8}$ | ${ }_{18}^{180}$ | Jesse |  | 1757 | ${ }^{1837}$ | ${ }_{4}^{41 .} 4{ }^{42}$ | 1869 | ${ }^{\text {Hed. }}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 180 | Samuel Smith |  | 1752 | 1839 | 44, 45 | 1875 | Thomas W. Fe |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {Stephen }}^{\text {Stenn }}$ John Mil |  | 1757 | 181 |  | 18 | A. G. Thurman... ${ }_{\text {Thomas } \mathrm{F} \text {. Bayard.. }}$ |  | 1813 1828 |  |
| 11 | 1809 | Andrew |  | 1755 | 1835 | 47 | $1881-83$ | Da |  | 1815 | 1886 |
|  | 181 | John Gail |  | 1770 | ${ }_{184}^{182}$ | ${ }_{49}^{48}$ | 1883 | Geo. F. Edmu |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1845 | 49-51 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 13 |  | Jos. B. |  | 1750 | ${ }_{1821}^{1831}$ | 52 |  |  |  | 37 |  |
|  | 1814-18 | Joh | s. c.. |  | ${ }^{1826}$ |  | 1893-95 |  |  |  |  |
| [15, ${ }_{16-19}^{16}$ | ${ }_{182}^{181}$ | Ga |  | 1775 |  | 54-5 | 1895- |  |  |  |  |

## Spraturi of tye dx. S. 7houtie of Hiepresentatiocs.

| Congress. | Years. | Name. | State. | Born. | Died. | Congress. | Years. | Name. | State. | Born. | Died. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1789-91 | F. A. Muhlenburg. |  | 1750 | 1801 | 28 | 1843-45 | John W. Jones. | Va.. | 1805 | 1848 |
| 2 | 1791-93 | Jonathan Trumbull | Ct. | 1740 | 1809 | 29 | 1845-47 | John W. Davis | Ind | 1799 | 1850 |
| 3 | 1793-95 | F. A. Muhlenburg. |  | 1750 | 1801 | 30 | 1847-49 | Robert C. Winthrop.. | Mass.. | 1809 | 1894 |
| 4, 5 | 1795-99 | Jonathan Dayton | N. J.. | 1760 | 1824 | 31 | 1849-51 | Howell Cobb. | Ga | 1815 | 1868 |
| 6 | 1799-1801 | Theo. Sedgwick. | Mass.. | 1746 | 1813 | 32, 33 | 1851-55 | Linn Boyd.. | Ky... | 1800 | $18: 9$ |
| 7-9 | 1801-07 | Nathaniel Macon. | N.C. | 1757 | 1837 | 34 | 1855-57 | Nathaniel P. Banks .. | Mass.. | 1816 | 1894 |
| 10, 11 | 1807-11 | Joseph B. Varnum. | Mass.. | 1750 | 1821 | 35 | 1857-59 | James L. Orr.. | S. C. | 1822 | 1873 |
| 12, 13 | 1811-14 | Henry Clay........ | K y ... | 1777 | 1852 | 36 | 1859-61 | Wm. Pennington | N.J.. | 1796 | 1862 |
| 13 | 1814-15 | Langron Che | S.C.. | 1776 | 1857 | 37 | 1861-63 | Galusha A. Grow |  | 1823 |  |
| 14-16 | 1815-20 | Henry Clay. | Ky... | 1777 | 1852 | 38-40 | 1863-69 | Schuyler Colfax. | Ind. | 1823 | 1885 |
| 16 | 1820-21 | John W. Taylor | N. Y.. | 1784 | 1854 | 41-43 | 1869-75 | James G. Blaine | Me. | 183C | 1893 |
| 17 | 1821-23 | Philip P. Barbour | Va.... | 1783 | 1841 | 44 | 1875-76 | Michael C. Kerr. | Ind. | 1827 | 1876 |
| 18 | 1823-25 | Henry Clay. | K ${ }_{\text {.... }}$ | 1777 | 1852 | 44-46 | 1876-81 | Samuel J. Randa | Pa | 1828 | 1890 |
| 19 | 1825-27 | John W. Taylo: | N. Y.. | 1784 | 1854 | 47 | 1881-83 | John W. Keifer. | Ohio | 1836 |  |
| 20-23 | 1827-34 | Andrew Stevens | Va.... | 1784 | 1857 | 48-50 | 1883-89 | John G. Carlisle | K y . | 1835 |  |
| 23 | 1834-35 | John Bell. | Tenn. | 1797 | 1869 | 51 | 1889-91 | Thomas B. Reed | Me | 1839 |  |
| 24, 25 | 1835-39 | James K. Polk | Tenn. | 1795 | 1849 | 52, 53 | 1891-95 | Charles F. Crisp. | G8. | 1845 | 1896 |
| 26 | 1839-41 | R. M. T. Hun | Va.... | 1809 | 1887 | 54,55 | 1895-39 | Thomas B. Reed..... | Me | 1839 |  |
| 27 | 1841-43 | John White. | Ky. | 1805 | 1845 | 56 | 1899- | David B. Henderson. |  | 1840 | . . |

## 抱㲘ionntial $\mathfrak{C}$ abinet ©ffers.* <br> SECRETARIES OF STATE.

| Prebidents. | Cabinet Officers. | Residences. |  | Presidents. | Cabinet Officers. | Residences. | Date of Ap-point- ment. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Washington | Thomas Jefferson........ |  | 1789 | Taylor ... | John M. Clayton ....... |  | 1849 |
|  | Edmund Randolph..... |  | 1794 | Fillmore... | Daniel Webster.......... | Mass... | 1850 |
| Adams.. | Timothy Pickering |  | 1795 | Pierce. | Edward Everett........ |  | 1852 |
|  | John Marshall. |  | 1800 | Buchana | Lewis Cas | Mich | 1853 |
| Jefferson...... | James Madison............ |  | 1801 |  | Jeremiah S. Black..... | Pa....... | 1860 |
| Madison ..... | Robert Smith.............. | Md | 1809 | Lincoln..... | William H. Seward... | Ni, Y... | 1861 |
|  | James Monroe............ | Va | 1811 | Johnson |  |  | 1865 |
| Monroe. ...... <br> J. Q. Adams | John Quincy Adams ... |  | 1817 | Grant | Elihu B. Washburn ... |  | 1869 |
| Jackson. ...... | Martin Van Bur | N. Y | 1829 | Hayes. | William M. Evarts ... |  | 1869 |
| - | Edward Livingst |  | 1831 | Garfield........ | James G. Blaine........ | Me | 1881 |
| "، ........ | Louis McLane. |  | 1833 | Arthur......... | F. T. Frelinghuysen... | N. J..... | 1881 |
|  | John Fo |  | 1834 | Cleveland ... | Thomas F. Bayard.... |  | 1885 |
| Van Buren. |  |  | 1837 | Harrison. | James G. Blaine......... |  | 1889 |
| Harrison...... | Daniel ${ }_{\text {c }}$ W | Mas | 1841 |  | Wohn W. Foster ........ | Ind...... | 1892 |
| Tyer............. | Hugh S. |  | 1843 | Clevela | Richard Olney ......... | M11....... | 1893 |
| ", | Abel P. Upshu | Va | 1843 | McKinley | John Sherman | Ohio... | 1897 |
| Polk.. | John C. Calhou | S. | 1844 |  | William R. Da | Oh | 1897 |

SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ol |  | 1795 |  |  |  | 3 |
| Adam |  |  | 1797 | Buch | How |  | 1857 |
|  |  |  | 1801 |  |  |  | 1860 |
|  | Albert | P | 1801 | 6 |  |  | 1861 |
| Madis | George |  | 1809 |  | William P. Fesse |  | 1864 |
| ". | George W. Cam <br> Alexander J. Da | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \mathrm{Te} \\ \mathrm{~Pa} \end{array}$ |  | Johnso | Hugh McCulloc | Ind | 65 |
| ، 6 | William H. Cr |  | 1816 | Grant | George S. Boutwell... |  | 1865 |
| Monroe ... | Richard |  | 1817 |  | Wm. A. Richardson... |  | 1873 |
| J. Q. Adams | Richard Rush. |  | 1825 |  | Benjamin H. Bristow | Ky | 1874 |
| Jackson | Samuel D. Ingh |  | 1829 |  | Lot M. Morrill........... |  | 1876 |
|  | Louis McLane |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1831 \\ & 1833 \end{aligned}$ | Hayes | John Sherman |  | 1877 |
|  | William <br> Roger B. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1883 \\ & 1833 \end{aligned}$ | Garfiel Arthur | William Windom....... | Mi | 1881 |
| ، | Roger B. Ta <br> Levi Woodbu |  | 1833 | A | - |  | 1881 |
| Van Buren.. |  |  | 1837 |  | Hugh McC |  |  |
| Harriso | Thomas E |  | 1841 | C | Daniel Mannin |  | 1885 |
| Tyle |  |  | 1841 |  | Charles S. Fairchild.... |  | 1887 |
|  | Walter Forwa <br> John C. Spenc |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1841 \\ & 1843 \end{aligned}$ | H | William Windom....... | Minn | 1889 |
|  | George M. Bibb |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1843 \\ & 1844 \end{aligned}$ | Cleveland | Charles Foster............ <br> John G. Carlisle |  | 1891 |
| Polk | Robert J. Walk |  | 1845 | McKinley | Lyman J. Gage | III. | 1897 |
| Tayl | William M. Me | Pa |  |  |  |  | 189 |

## SECRETARIES OF WAR.

| hington | Henry Knox. Timothy Pickering...... James McHenry | Mass...\| | 1789 1795 1796 | Taylor... Fillmore | Edward Bates. Charles M. Co | $\mathrm{Ma}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1849 \\ & 1850 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams |  |  | 1797 | Fierc | Charles M. Co | La. | 1850 |
|  | Jo |  | 1800 |  | John B. F |  | 1857 |
|  | Samuel Dexter | Ma | 1800 |  | Joseph Holt. |  | 1861 |
|  | Roger Gris |  | 1801 | Lincol | Simon Camer |  | 1861 |
| Jefferson .... | Henry Dearborn | Mas | 1801 |  | Edwin Mi: Stant |  | 1862 |
| Madison .. | William Eustis |  | 1809 | Johnson ... |  |  | 1865 |
| ، $6 . . . . . .$. | John Armstro <br> James Monroe |  | 1813 |  | U. S. Grant (ad. in.)... | Ill.. | 1867 |
|  | William H. Cra |  | 1815 |  | John M. Schofiel | N. Y... | 1868 |
| Monroe. | Isaac Shelby.. |  | 1817 | Gran | John A. Rawlins. | Ili........ | 1869 |
|  | Geo. Graham (ad |  | 1817 |  | William T. Sherman.. | Ohio | 1869 |
|  | John C. Calh |  | 1817 |  | William W. Belknap.. |  | 1869 |
| J. Q. Adams | James Barbo |  | 1825 |  | Alphonso Taft.......... | Ohi | 1876 |
| Jackson | Peter B. Po John H. Ea | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N. Y... } \\ & \text { Tenn... } \end{aligned}$ | 1828 |  | James Don Cameron.. |  | 1876 |
|  | Lewis Cas |  | 1831 |  | Alexander Ramse | Min | 1879 |
| Van Bur.... | Benjamin F. B |  | 1837 | Garfield | Robert Ti Lincoln |  | 1881 |
| Van Buren.. | Joel R. Poinse |  | 1837 | Arthur |  |  | 1881 |
| Marrison .... | John Bell | Tenn... | 1841 | Cleveland | William C. Endicott.. | Mas | 1885 |
| Tyler ............ |  |  | 1841 | Harrison | Redfield Proctor... |  | 1889 |
|  | John McLean | Ohio Y... | 1841 | Cleveland | Stephen B. Elkins...... Daniel S. Lamont |  | 1891 |
| 6 | James M. Porter |  | 1843 | McKinley | Russell A. Alg |  | 1897 |
|  | William Wilkin | N. Y | 1844 |  | E | N. Y. . | 1899 |

[^6]SECRETARIES OF THE INTERIOR.

| Presidints. | Cabinet Offcers. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Resil- } \\ & \text { dences. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { of Apt- } \\ \text { point } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Pbrsident | Cabinet Officera | Resi= <br> dences. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Date } \\ & \text { of Ap- } \\ & \text { point } \\ & \text { point } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Taylor. | Th | Ōh | 18 | Gran |  |  |  |
| Fillmore | James A. Pearc |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Thos. M. T. Mrk |  | 185 | Ga | Carrsel J. Kir |  |  |
| rce | Robert McCle | Mich | 1853 |  | Henry M. Telle |  |  |
| Buchana | Jacob Thomp | Miss | 1857 | Clevela | Lucius Q. C. L |  |  |
| Lincols | Caleb B. Smith John P. Usher.. | Ind | 1861 |  | Joh |  |  |
| Johnson |  |  | 186 |  | Hoke Smith |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | David R. F |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1866 |  | Cornelius |  |  |
| SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | George Cabot* $\qquad$ Benjamin Stoddert......... | Mass. | 179 | Tyler |  |  |  |
|  |  | Md..... | 1798 | Polk ............. | John Y. Mason............. George Bancroft. | Mass.... | 1844 |
|  |  |  | 1801 |  | William B. Preston ...... |  |  |
|  | Jacob Crowninshield..... |  |  | Taylor.......... |  |  |  |
| Madison | Panl Hamilton William Jones $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Mass... } \\ \text { S. . C.... } \end{array}$ |  | Fillmore....... | William A. Graham...... |  |  |
|  | B. W. Crowninshiela... | Mass... | 1814 | Pierce........ | James C. Dobbin.. ......... |  |  |
| nr |  |  | 1817 |  |  | C........ | 185718651865186 |
|  | smith Thompson.......... Samuel L. Southard.. |  |  | Lincoln ....... <br> Johnson | Gideon " Welles................ |  |  |
|  | Samuel $L_{i}$, | N. ${ }^{\text {C..... }}$ | 1823 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Johnson ....... } \\ & \text { Grant .......... } \end{aligned}$ | Adolph E. Borie.............. | Pa........ |  |
| Jackson........ |  |  |  |  | Richard W. Thompson.. |  | 1869 1869 1869 |
|  | Jovi Woodbury..................Levhlon Dickerson........ |  | 1829 | Hayes ........... |  | Ind .... |  |
|  |  | N: ${ }^{\text {c.... }}$ | 1834 <br> 1837 <br> 18 |  | William H. Hunt | W. Va.. | . 1881 |
| n ${ }^{\text {Bu }}$ | Mahlon Dickerson......... |  |  | Garfield....... |  |  |  |
| riso | James K. Paulding.. ..... George E.: Badger. |  | $\begin{array}{\|} 1838 \\ 1841 \\ 1841 \end{array}$ | Arthur........ | William E. Chandler.... Nenam C. Whitney..... | N. H.... | 18821885188918931898 |
| er ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Abel P. Upshur |  | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} 1841 \\ 1843 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Cleveland.. | Hilary A. Herbert John D. Long. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ala ....... } \\ & \text { Mass. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Va ..... } \\ & \text { Mass... } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

*A ppointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate, but did not act.
SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE.

|  | Ne |  | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POSTMASTERS-CENERAL.* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| W ashington | Samuel Osgood............. | Mass ... | 1789 | B | Jo |  |  |
|  | Timothy Pickering....... |  | 1791 |  | Horatio King................. | Me...... | 1861 |
|  | Joseph Habersham. |  | 1795 | L | Montgomery Blair........ | Md...... | 1861 |
| Adams... |  |  | 1797 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Gideon Gra |  | 1801 |  | Alexander W. Randali | W is | 1866 |
| Madison |  |  | $1809$ |  | John A. J. Cresswell.... |  | 1869 |
|  | R |  | 1814 | - ، | James W. Marshall...... Marshall Jewell............ | Va...... | 1874 |
|  | John McI |  | 1823 |  | James N. Tyner |  | 1876 |
| J. Q. Adams |  |  | 1825 | Hay |  | Tenn... | 1877 |
| Jackson........ | William T. Barry. ......... <br> Amos Kendall............... | K | 1829 | Garfiel | Horace Maynard. Thomas L. James........ |  | 1880 |
| $n \mathrm{~B}$ |  |  | 1837 <br> 1840 | Arthur. | Timothy O. Howe......... | Wis.... | 1881 |
| Harrison. | Francis Granger |  | 1841 |  |  |  | 1883 |
| Tyler. |  |  | 1841 | Cl | Willia |  | 1885 |
| Polk | Cave Johnson |  | 1841 |  | Don M. Dickinson........ | Mic | 1888 |
| Taylor. | Jacob Collam |  | 1849 | Clevela |  |  | 1889 |
| Fillmore. | Nathan K. | ${ }^{\mathrm{N}}$. | 1850 |  | William |  | 1895 |
|  | Samuel D. Hub | ${ }_{\text {Pt. }}$ | 1852 | McKinley | James A. Gary |  | 1897 |
| Pierce... <br> Buchana | James Campbe <br> Aaron V. Brot | $\mathrm{P}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1853 \\ & 1857 \end{aligned}$ |  | Charles Emory Smith.. |  | 189 |

* The Postmaster-General was not considered a Cabinet officer until 1829.

ATTORNEYS-CENERAL.


## ATTORNEYS-GENERAL-Continued.

| Presidents. | Cabinet Officers. | Residences. | Date of Ap-pointment. | Presidents, | Csbinet Officers. | Residences. | Date of Ap-pointment. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tyle | John J. Crittenden. | Ky | 1841 | Johnson | William M. Evarts | N. Y | 1868 |
|  | Hingh S. Legare.............. | S. C..... | 1841 | Grant . | Ebenezer R. Hoar | Mass. | 1869 |
| 6 | John Nelson | Md... | 1843 |  | Amos 'T. Ackerman | Cta. | 1870 |
| Polk | John Y. Mason | Va...... | 1845 |  | George H. Williams...... | Ore | 1871 |
|  | Nathan Clifford | Me...... | 1846 |  | Edwards Pierrepont ..... | N. Y... | 1875 |
|  | Isaac Toucey... |  | 1848 | '6 ........... | Alphonso Taft.. | Ohio ... | 1876 |
| Taylor.. | Reverdy Johns |  | 1849 1850 | Hayes ......... | Charles Devens. Wayne MacVeas | Mass... | 1878 |
| Pierce | Caleb Cushing.............. | Mass... | 1853 | Arthur ........ | Benjamin H. Brewster.. |  | 1881 |
| Buchan | Jeremiah S. Blac |  | 1857 | Cleveland | Augustus H. Garland... | Ark | 1885 |
|  | Edwin M. Stanto |  | 1860 | Harrison | William H. H. Miller... | Ind. | 1889 |
| Lincoln . | Edward Bates | Mo...... | $1861$ | Cleveland ... | Richard Olney | Mass | 1893 |
|  | Titian J. Coffey (ad. in. ). <br> James Speed | $\mathrm{Pa} . . .$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1863 \\ & 1864 \end{aligned}$ | McKinley | Judson Harmon.... .... | Ohio | 1895 |
|  | James Speed <br> James speed................. |  | 1864 |  | John W. Griggs. | N. | 1897 |
|  | Henry Stanbery.. | Ohio | 1866 |  | John W. Criggs. | N. | 1897 |

Note. - Since the foundation of the Government, the individual States have been represented the following number of times in Cabinet positions: Massachusetts, 30; New York, 30; Pennsylvania, 26; Virginia, 22 ; Ohio, 22 ; Maryland, 16; Kentucky, 15; Connecticut, 9; Indiana, 9; Georgia, 8; Tennessee, 8 ; Illinois, 7 ; Missouri, 7; Maine, 6 ; South Carolina, 6 ; Delaware, 5 ; Wisconsin, 5 ; Michigan, 5 ; New Jersey, 5; Mississippi, 4; North Carolina, 4; Iowa, 4; Louisiana, 3; Minnesota, 3; New Hampshire, 3 ; West Virginia, 3 ; Vermont, 2 ; Alabama, 1 ; Arkansas, 1 ; Colorado, 1 ; Nehraska, 1 ; California, $1_{i}$ Oregon, 1 . The States which have not been represented in the Cabinet are: Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Washington, Wyoming.

## Diplomatic Entercourse.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS ACCREDITED TO PRINCIPAL EUROPLAN COUNTRIES, AND MINISTERS FROM THOSE COUNTRIRS TO THE UNITED STATES.
All representatives not otherwise designated bore the title of minister plenipotentiary or envoy extraordinary or both.

## CREAT BRITAIN.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO GREAT BRITAIN.

| Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date.* | Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Washington. . | Thomas Pinckn | S. | 1792 | Taylor. | Abbott Lawren | Mass... | 1849 |
| "' ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Rufus King. ................... | N. ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ | 1796 | Fillmor | Joseph R. Inger | Pa. | 1852 |
| John Adams.. | " 6 ................... | " | 1796 | Pierce. | James Buchanai |  | 1853 |
| Jefferson.... | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { James Monroe.............. } \\ \text { William Pinkney }\end{array}\right.$ | Va. | 1803 1806. |  | George M. Dalla |  | 1856 1856 |
| Madlson. | Jonathan Itussell, ch. d'aft... | R. I | 1811 | Buchans | Charles Francia A da | Mass | 1856 |
| 6 | John Quincy Adams. | Mass | 1815 | Johnson. | " |  | 1861 |
| Monroe | J. Adams Smith, ch. d'aff.... |  | 1817 | " | Reverdy Johnson. | Md | 1868 |
| " | Richard Rush............. |  | 1817 | Grant. | John Lothrop Motley | Mass | 1869 |
| J. Q. Adams.. | Rufus King | N. | 1825 |  | Robert C. Schenck. | Ohio | 1870 |
|  | Albert Gallatin | P | 1826 | " | Edwards Pierrepo | N. Y | 1876 |
| "6 | W. B. Lawrence, | N. | 1827 | Hayes | John Welsh. | Pa. | 1877 |
|  | James Barbour.. |  | 1828 |  | Wm. J. lloppin, ch. d' | N. Y.... | 1879 |
| Jackson. | Louis McLane. |  | 1829 | G | James IRussell Lowell | Mass... | 1880 |
|  | Washington 1rving, ch. d'aff. | N. Y .... | 1831 | Garfield...... |  |  | 1880 |
| 4 | Martin Van Buren............. | " 6 | 1831 | Arthur....... |  |  | 1880 |
| 4 | Aaron Vail, ch. d'aff |  | 1832 | Cleveland. | Edward J. Phelps. | Vt. .... | 1885 |
| " | Androw Stevenson. | Va. | 1836 | Harrison. | Robert T. Lincoln. |  | 1889 |
| Tyler. | Edward Everett | Mas | 1841 | Cleveland. | Thomas F. Bayard, amb | Del.. .. | 1893 |
| Polk. | Louis McLane. |  | 1845 | McKinley.... | John Hay, ambassador. | Ohio.... | 1897 |
| " ${ }^{\text {coylo..... }}$ | George Bancroft........ | N. Y. | 1846 | " 6 | Henry White, ch. d'aff. | R. ${ }_{\mathbf{Y}}$ | 1898 |
| Taylor...... | J. C. B. Davis, ch. d'aff. ..... |  | 1849 | 6 | Joseph H. Choate, amb.. | N. Y | 1899 |

BRITISH MINISTERS TO THE LNITED STATES.

| Sovereigns. | Ministers. | Date.* | Soverimigs. | Ministers. | Date.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| George III... | George Hammond. | 1791 | Victoria. | Henry Stephen Fox. .................... | 1836 |
| \% | Phineas Bond, ch. d'aff | 1795 |  | lichard Pakenham..................... | 1844 |
| 4 . 4. | Robert Liston. | 1796 | " | John F. T. Crampton, ch. d'aff | 1847 |
| * | Edward Thornton, ch. d'aff............ | 1800 | 4 | Sir llenry Lytton Bulwer............. | 1849 |
| " | Anthony Merry | 1803 | " | John F. T. Crampton, ch. d'aff. ........ | 1851 |
| " | David M. Erskine. | 1806 | " | envoy and min.. | 1852 |
| ${ }_{6}$ | Francis James Jackson. ................... | 1809 | 6 | Philip Giriffith, ch. d'aff................. | 1853 |
| 16 .... | John Philip Morier, ch. d'aff........... | 1810 | " | John Savile Lumley, ch. d'aff.......... | 1855 |
| 16 | Augustus John Foster................ | 1811 | \% ...... | Lord Xapier. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1857 |
| " | Anthony St. John Baker, ch. d'aff..... | 1815 | " $6 . .$. | Lord Lyons............................ | 1859 |
| * | Charles Bagot . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1816 | ، | Joseph Ilume Burnley, ch. d'aff....... | 1864 |
| George IV.... | Gibbs Craw ford Antrobus, ch. d'aff... | $1819$ |  | Sir Frederick W. A. Bruce............. | 1865 |
|  | Sir Stratford Canning.................. | $1820$ | "6 | Francis Clark Ford, ch. d'aff............ | 1867 |
| " | Henry Unwin Addington, ch. d'aff.... Charles IRichard Vaughan. | $\begin{aligned} & 1823 \\ & 1825 \end{aligned}$ | "6 | Sir Edward Thornton.................... | 1868 1861 |
| Whlliam I $\mathrm{V}_{\text {c... }}$ | Charlea Richard Vaughan............... | 1825 | , | Lionel S. Sackville West. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1881 1889 |
| Whiam IV... | Charles Bankhead, ch. d'aff. ............ | 1835 | " | \| 6 " " ambsssador.... | 1893 |

[^7]FRANCE.
UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO FRANCE.


FRENCH MINISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.

| Govrinment. | Ministers. | Date. | Government. | Ministers. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Louis XVI... | Count de Mousti | 1788 | Napoleon III.. | Counl de Sart | 1851 |
| " | M. Otto, ch. d'aff. ....................... | 1789 |  | Viscount Jules Treilhard, ch. d' | 1859 |
| " | Colonel Ternant........................ | 1791 | " | Henri Mercier....................... | 1860 |
| Convention... | Edmond C. Genet. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1793 | " | Viscount Jules Treilhard, ch. d'aff.... | 1863 |
| Directory.... | Joseph Fauchet | 1794 | " | Louis de Geofroy, ch. d'aff. ........... | 1864 1865 |
| Consulate..... | Pierre Auguste Adet.................. | 1795 1795 | " | Marquis de Month Jules Berthemy | 1865 1866 |
| Consurate...... | L. A. Pichon, | 1801 | ".. | Count de Faverney | 1869 |
| Napoleon 1... | General Turre | 1805 | " | Prevost Paradol | 1870 |
|  | M. Seru | 1811 | " | Jules 1 Serthemy | 1870 |
| Louis XV111.. |  | 1811 | Nat. Defence.. | Viscount Jules Treilh | 1870 |
| ". | G. Hyde de N | 1818 | Pres. Thiers.. | Henry de Bellonnet, ch. d'aff........... | ${ }_{1872} 187$. |
| Charles X.... | Count de Menou, Baron de Mareuil | 1822 1824 | Pr.MacMahö |  | 1872 1874 |
| " | Count de Meno | 1827 | " | F. de Vaugelas, ch | 1876 |
|  | Roux de Roche | 1830 | " | Mamime Outrey. | 1877 |
| L. Philippe... | M. Serurier. | 1831 |  | Theodore J. D. | 1882 |
|  | Alphonse Pageot, ch. d'aff............ | ${ }_{1837}^{1835}$ | Pres. Grevy..- | J. Patenotre | 1891 |
| " | Edouard Pontois...................... | 1839 | Pres. Carnot.: |  | 1891 1893 |
| " | L. Adolph Aime Fou | 1840 | Pres. Faure... | " ama ${ }^{\text {c }}$ ".............. | 1893 |
| " | Alphonse Joseph Yver Pageot.......... | 1842 |  | Jules Cambon, ambas | 1898 |
| L. Napoleon.. | Guillaume Tell Lavallee l'oussin....... <br> E. A Olivier Sain de Boislecomte. | $\begin{aligned} & 1848 \\ & 1850 \end{aligned}$ | Pres. Loubet.. |  | 8 |

AUSTRIA AND AUSTRIA-HUNCARY.
UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO AUSTRIA.

| Presidinats. | Ministers. | States. | Date. | Presidente, | Ministers. | States. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Van Buren... | Henry A. Muhlenberg. ........ |  | 1838 | Grant | John Jay .... | N. Y... | 1869 |
|  | J. R. Clay, ch. d'aff. . . . . . . . . . Daniel Jenifer. |  | 1840 | 6 | Godlove S. Orth................ | Ind. .... | 1875 |
| Polk | Wm. H. Stiles, ch. d'aff |  | 1845 | Hayes. | John A. Kasson | lowa. | 1877 |
| Taylo | J. Watson Webb, ch. d'a | N. | 1849 | Gaxfiel | Willian Walter Phel | N.J. | 1881 |
| Fillm | C. J. McCurdy, ch. d'aff. |  | 1850 | Arthur | Alphonso Taft. | Ohio | 1888 |
| " | T. M. Foote, ch. d'aff |  | 1852 | " | John M. Fra | N. Y ... | 1884 |
| Pierc | H. R. Jackson, min. r |  | 1853 | Cleveland | A. M. Kiely. | Va. .... | 1885 |
| Buchana | J. Glancy Jones. | Pa. ..... | 1858 | " | James Fenner Lee, ch. d'aff.. | Md..... | 1885 |
| Lincoln | Anson Burlingame | Mass | 1861 | " | Alexander R. Las | Ga..... | $1887$ |
| Johnson | John Lothrop Motl George W. Lippitt, | R. | 1861 | Cleveland | Frederick 1), Gra | N. Y.... | 18.9 1893 |
|  | John Hay, ch. d'a |  | 1567 | McKinley .... | Charlemagne Tower............ | Pa....... | $1897$ |
| 6 | Henry M. Watts. | Pa. | 1868 | " | Addison C. Harris | Ind.... | 1899 |

AUSTRIAN MINISTERS TO THE YNITED STATES.

| Emperiors. | Ministers. | Date. | Emperors. | Ministers. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ferdinand I.. | Baron de Mareschal $\square$ Chevalier Hulsemann .............. | 1838 | Franz Joseph. |  | $1875$ |
| Franz Joseph. |  | 1841 1841 | " | Chevalier E. S. von Tavera, ch. d'aff.. Baron Ernest von Mayr............. | $\begin{aligned} & 1877 \\ & 1879 \end{aligned}$ |
| "6 | 6 6 min. res....... | 1855 | 6 | Count Lippe-Weissenfeld, ch. d'aff. ... | 1881 |
| "6 | Count Nicholas Giorgi, min. res........ | 1863 | " | Baron Ignatz von Schaeffer............ | 1882 |
| 6 | Count Wydenbruck................... | 1565 | " | Count Lippe-Weissenfeld, ch. d'aff.... | 1885 |
| 46 | Baron de Frankenstein, ch. d'aff...... | 1867 | 6 | Chevalier E. S. von Tavera............. | 1887 |
| 46 | Baron Charles de Lederer.............. | 1868 | ، | L. Hengelmuller von Hengervar. .... | 1895 |
| 6 | Baron von Schwarz Senborn. | 1874 |  |  |  |

RUSSIA.
UNITED STATES MLNISTERS TO RUSSLA.

| Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. | Presidentis. | Ministers. | States. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Madiso | John Quincy Adams | Mass | 1809 | Lincol | Bayard Taylor.. | N. | 1862 |
| " | Levett Harris, ch. d'aff...... | Pa. | 1814 |  | Cassius M. Clay | Ky. | 1863 |
| " | William Pinkney............. |  | 1816 | Grant. | Andrew G. Cu |  | 1869 |
| Monroe. | George W. Campbell. ......... | Ten | 1818 | " | James L. Or | S. C | 1872 |
|  | Henry Middleton. . | S. ${ }^{4}$ | 1820 | 4 | Marshall Jewell................ | Ct...... | 1873 |
| J. Q. Adarns.. | "6 * | " | 1820 | " | Eugene Schuyler, ch. d'aff.... | N. Y.... | 1874 |
| Jackson...... | John Randolph. | Va | 1830 | " | George H. Boker............... |  | 1875 |
| / | James Buchanan | Pa | 1832 | Hayes. | E. W. Stoughton.............. | N. Y. | 1878 |
|  | John R. Clay, ch. |  | 1833 |  | Wickham Hoffman, ch. d'aff.. |  | 1879 |
|  | William Wilkins. |  | 1834 |  | John W. Foster. . . . . . . . . . . . | Ind.. . | 1880 |
| " ${ }^{\text {\% }}$... | John R. Clay, ch. d'a |  | 1835 | Garfield | Wickham " ${ }^{\text {He............. }}$ |  | 1880 |
| Van ${ }_{6} 6$ | George M. Dallas. |  | 1837 | Arthur | Wickham Hoffman, ch. d'aff. | N, Y.... | 1881 |
| 46 | W. W. Chew, ch. d's |  | 1839 | " | Willism H. Hunt. ............. | Ohio.... | 1882 |
| Tyler. | Charles S. Todd. | Ky | 1841 | Cleveland. | George V. M. Lot | Mic | 1885 |
| Polk. | Ralph J. Ingersoll. ............. |  | 1846 |  | Lambert Tree.... |  | 1888 |
| . | Arthur P. Bagby.............. | Als | 1848 | Harrison. | George W. Warts, ch. d'aff... | Pa. | 1889 |
| Fillmore | Nell S. Brown. | Te | 1850 |  | Charles Emory Smith |  | 1890 |
| Pierce. | Thomas H. Seymon |  | 1853 | " | Andrew D. White | N. $\mathbf{Y}$ | 1892 |
| Buchanan. | Francis W. Pickens |  | 1858 | Cleveland. | Clifton R. Breckinrldg |  | 1894 |
| " .... | John Appleton |  | 1860 | McKinley.. | Ethan A. Hitcheock |  | 1897 |
| Lincoln...... | Cassius M. Clay | Ky...... | $\begin{aligned} & 1861 \\ & 1862 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | Charlemagne Tower, |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1898 \\ & 1899 \end{aligned}$ |

RUSSIAN MINISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.


## GERMANY.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO THE GERMAN EMPIRE.

| Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. | Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grant | George Bancroft.. | N. ${ }^{\text {\% }}$. | 1871 | Arthur .. | A. A. Sargent | Cal..... | 1882 |
| " | Nicholas Fish, ch. d'aff...... |  | 1874 | ${ }^{6}$ * | John A. Kasso | Iowa. .. | 1884 |
| " | J. C. Bancroft Davis.......... |  | 1874 | Cleveland | George $H$, Pendlet | Ohio... | 1885 |
| Hayes. | H. Sidney Everett, ch. d'aff. . | Mass... | 1877 | llarrison.... | William Walter l'helps...... | N.J.... | 1889 |
| "i | Bayard Taylor............... | Pa | 1878 | Cleveland.... | Theodore kunyon, amb....... | " | 1893 |
| " $6 . .$. | H. Sidney Everett, ch. d'aff.. | Mass. .. | 1878 | " | Edwin F. Uhl, smbassador.. |  | 1896 |
| Garfield...... | Andrew D. White............ | N. Y.... | 1879 1881 | McKinley .... | Andrew D, White, amb....... | N. Y.... | 1897 |

GERMAN MINISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.

| Emperors, | Mlnisters. | Date. | Emperors. | Ministers. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| William I... | Baron Alvensleben, ch. d'sff. | 1871 | William 11.. | A. von Mumm, ch. d'aff................ | 1891 |
| " | Kurd von Schlozer. | 1871 | " ... | Theodore von Holleben................. | 1892 |
| " | Count von Beust, ch. d'a | 1882 | " 6 .... | Baron von Saurma-Jeltsch, amb....... | 1893 |
| \% 6 | Karl von Eisendecher | 1883 | " | Baron Max von Thielmann, amb...... | 1-95 |
| William II.... | H. von Alvensleben Connt Arco Valley. | 1884 | " $\quad$ - | Herr von Holleben, ambassador....... | 1898 |

## ITALY.

UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO ITALY.

| Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. | Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lincoln | George P. Marsh. | Vt | 1861 | Cleveland. | John B. Stallo | Ohio | 1885 |
| Johnson. | ${ }^{6}$ 6 |  | 1861 | Harrison. | Albert G. P'or | Ind | 1889 |
| Grant. | " 6 |  | 1861 | - | William Potter . . . . . . . . . . . . | Pr.0. | 1892 |
| Hayes. | 48 46 |  | 1861 | Cleveland. | J. J. Van Alen, ambassador* . | R. I.... | 1893 |
| Garfield. | $4{ }^{4}$ |  | 1861 | Mekla .... | Wryne MacVeagh, amb. | Pa. | 1893 |
| Arthur. | m Waldorf |  | 1861 1882 | McKinley.... | William F. Draper, amb. | Mass... | 1897 |

[^8]ITALY-Continued.
ITALIAN MINISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.

| Krngs. | Ministers. | Date. | Kings. | Ministers. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V. Emanuel .. | Chevalier Joseph Bertinatti. | 1861 | V. Emanuel .. | Baron Alberto Blanc........... | 1875 |
| . Emanul | Romeo Cantagalli, ch, d'aff. | 1866 | Humbert ..... | Prince Camporeale, ch. d'aff........... | 1880 |
| "6 | Chevalier Marcello Cerruti.............. | 1867 | " 6 ..... | Baron de Fava........................... | 1881 |
| "6 | Count Luigi Colobiano, ch. d'aff...... | 1869 | "6 ... | Marquis lmperiali, ch. d'aff | 1891 |
|  | Count Luigi Corti . ...................... | 1870 | "6 | Baron de Fava...... | 1892 |
| 4 | Count Litta, ch. d'aff................... | 1874 | " | " " ambassador. | 1893 |

SPAIN.
UNITED STATES MINISTERS TO SPAIN.

| Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. | Presidents. | Ministers. | States. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Washington.. | W. Carmichael, ch. d'aff.. | Md. | 1790 | Lincoln.. | Carl Schurz | Wis. | 1861 |
| " | William Short, min. res.. | Va. | 1794 | " | Gustavus Koerne |  | 1862 |
| " 6 | Thomas Pinckney. | S. C.... | 1794 | $46 . . .$. | H. J. Perry, ch. d'aff | N. H... | 1864 |
| " | David IIumphreys |  | 1796 | "6 ........ | John P. Hale. | " ${ }^{\text {c... }}$ | 1865 |
| Jefferson..... | Charles Pinckney. | S. C.... | 1801 | Grant. | Daniel E. Sickles. | N. Y... | 1869 |
| ، | G. W. Erving, ch. d'aff...... | Mass... | 1805 | ${ }^{6}$ | Alvey A. Adee, ch. d'aff..... | " | 1873 |
|  |  |  |  | Hayes | Caleb Cushing................... | Mass... | 1874 |
|  | were broken off from 1808 to 1814. |  |  | Hayes. | James Russell Lowell......... <br> Lucius Fairchild. | Wis.... | 1877 |
| Madison. | G. W. Erving. . . . . . . . . . . . . | Mass... | 1814 | Garfield....... | "6 ${ }^{6}$ |  | 1880 |
| Monroe. | John Forsyth. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | Ga. | 1819 | Arthur | Hannibal Hamlin | Me..... | 1881 |
| , | Hugh Nelson. | Va. | 1823 | 6 | John W. Foster. | Ind .... | 1883 |
| J. Q. Adams.. | Alexander H, Everett | Mass | 1825 | Cleveland | Jabez L. M. Curry |  | 1885 |
| Jackson...... | Cornelius P. Van Ness. | Vt...... | 1829 | " | Perry Belmont. | N. Y... | 1889 |
| " | A. Middleton, Jr., ch. d'aff... | S. C | 1836 | Harrison. | Thomas W. Palm | Mich... | 1889 |
| Van Buren | John H. Eaton......... | Tenn | 1837 | ، | E. Burd Grubb.. | N. J.... | 1890 |
| 6 | Aaron Vail, ch. d'aff | N. ${ }^{\text {Y }}$... | 1840 | Cl | A. Loudon Snow | Pa...... | 1892 |
| Tyler.... . . . | Washington 1rving............ |  | 1842 | Cleveland.... | Hannis T'aylor... |  | 1893 |
| Polk........... | Romulus M. Saunders. ........ | N. C... | 1846 | McKinley.... | Stewart L. Woodford ........ | N. Y... | 1897 |
| Taylor ........ | Daniel M. Barringer.......... |  | 1849 |  | Official relations with Spain |  |  |
| Pierce ........ | Pierre Soule.... |  | 1853 1855 |  | were broken off, April, 1898, |  |  |
| Buchanan | Augustus C. Dodge William Preston.. | K 1 . | 1855 1858 | ${ }^{6}$ | to April, 1899. <br> Bellamy Storer.................. | Ohio. .. | 1899 |

SPANISH MLNISTERS TO THE UNITED STATES.

| Sovereigns. | Ministers. | Date. | Sovereigns. | Ministers. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carlos IV... | Diego de Gardoqui, ch. d'aff........... | 1785 | Isa bella II.. | Gabriel Garcia y Tassa | 1857 |
|  | Jose Ignacio de Viar, ch. d'aff......... | 1789 | " | Facundo Goni............................ | 1867 |
| "6 .... | Jose Ignacio de Viar, \{ joint $\}$.... | 1791 | Provis. Gov.. | Mauricio Lopez Roberts................ | 1869 |
| "6 .... | Jose de Jaudenes, \{ch. d'aff.\} .... | 1791 | Amadeo 1... | Admiral Don Jose Polo de Berna | 1872 |
|  | Carlos M. de lrujo..................... | 1796 | Pr. Figueras.. | "6 66 64 680 | 1872 |
| 6 | Valentin de Foronda, ch. d'aff......... | 1807 | " Castelar.. | " ${ }^{\text {" }}$ | 1872 |
|  | Official relations with Spain were |  | rrano | Antonio Man | 1874 |
| Fernan. VII. |  | 1809 | ${ }_{66}$ | Jose Brunetti, ch. d'aff................. | 1878 |
| 6 | Mateo de la Serna, ch. d'aff | 1819 | 6 | Francisco Barca del Corral | 1879 |
| " | Francisco Dionisio Vives. | 1820 | " | Enrique lupuy de Lome, ch. d'aff...... | 1883 |
| " | Joaquin de Anduaga | 1821 | " | Juan Valera y Alcala Gialiano.......... | 1884 |
| " | F. H. Rivas y Salmon, ch. d | 1823 | Alph. III. | Emilio de Muruaga. | 1886 |
| " | Francisco Tacon. | 1827 |  | Miguel Suarez Guanes | 1890 |
| M. Christina.. | ${ }^{6} 6$ | 1827 | 6 | Jose Felipe Segario, ch | 1891 |
| Isabella II.... | Angel Calderon de la Ba | 1835 | 4 ..... | Enrique Dupuy de Lome | 1892 |
| " | Pedro Alcantara Argaiz | 1839 | 6 .... | E. de Muruaga. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1893 |
| "6 .... | Fidencio Bourman, ch. d'aff............ | 1844 | 4 \% 6 | Enrique Dupuy de Lome................ | 1896 |
| " 6 .... | Angel Calderon de la Barca, min. res.. | 1844 | 6 | Louis I'olo y Bernabe................... | 1898 |
| "6 .... | Jose Maria Magallon, ch. d'aff. ....... | 1853 |  | Diplomatic intercourse broken off by |  |
| "6 | Leopoldo Augusto de Cueto | 1854 |  | the war. |  |
| 6 | Alfonso Escala | 1855 |  | Jose Brunetti, Duke of Arcos........... | 1899 |

## 

President McKinley's annual message to Congress December 5, 1898, had the following:
"In the year 1900 will occur the centennial anniversary of the founding of the city of Washington for the permanent capital of the Government of the United States by authority of an act of Congress, approved July 16,1790 . In May, 1800 , the archives and general offices of the Federal Government were removed to this place. On the 17 th of November, 1800 , the National Congress met here for the first time, and assumed exclusive control of the federal district and city. This interesting event assumes all the more significance when we recall the circumstances attending the choosing of the site, the naming of the capital in honor of the father of his country, and the interest taken by him in the adoption of plans for its future development on a magnificent scale.
"A movement lately inaugurated by the citizens to have the anniversary celebrated with fitting ceremonies, including, perhaps, the establishment of a handsome permanent memorial to mark so historical an occasion, and to give it more than local recognition, has met with general favor on the part of the public.
'I recommend to the Congress the granting of an appropriation for this purpose, and the appointment of a committee from its respective bodies. It might also be advisable to authorize the President to appoint a committee from the country at large which, acting with the Congressional and District of Columbia Committees, can complete the plans for an appropriate national celebration."

A mpropriate action was taken by the Fifty-fifth Congress at its third session. See "Acts of the Fifty-afth Congress.'

#  

## A TABLE OF LEADING ARTICLES IMPORTED，GIVING RATE AT ENTRY BY THE TARIFF ACT OF 1897.

N．e．s．indicates＂when not elsewhere specified．＂Tables showing comparison with the Rates by the Tariff of 1883 and the McKinley Taritf of 1890 were printed in The WORLD ALMANAC for 1895，and the Wilson Tariff of 1894 and the Dingley Tariff of 1897 in the edition ol 1898.

| Articles． | Tariff Rate． | Articles． | Tariff Rate． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alcohol，amylic，or fusel oil． | $1 / \mathrm{c}$ ．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{D}$ D． | Earthenware，porcelain，etc．，dec－ |  |
| A nimals for breeding purpos |  |  |  |
| Beads | 35 p．c．ad val． | Engrav |  |
| eef，mutton，an |  | Extracts．me |  |
| Beer，ale，not in | 20c．\％gal． | Fertilizers，guan |  |
| Beer，porter，and |  | Firearms |  |
| Bindings，cot | 45 p．c．ad val． | Fish，Am |  |
| Bindings，flax |  | Fish，sm |  |
| Bindings，wo | 5uc．\％th．and 60 p．c．ad val． | Flannels | s0 p．c．ad val． |
| lanket | 22c．\％th．and 30 p．c．ad val． | Flannels，value 40c． | 33c．\％10．and 35 p．c．ad val． |
| Blankets，value 40c． | 33c． | Flax，manufacture Flowers，artificial． | 450 p. c．ad val． |
| nnets， | 60 p．c．ad val． | Fruits，preserved in their own juice． |  |
| ooks，charts，map |  |  | 35 p．c．ad val． |
| Books，over 20 years old，for public libraries | Free． | Fruits，apples．．． <br> Fruits，oranges， | 25c．$\overline{8}$ bu． <br> 1c．管朗． |
| Bronze，manufactures of．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 45 p ．c．ad val． | Fur，manufacture | ． |
| rushes |  | Furniture，wood． |  |
| utter，and s |  | Glassware，pla |  |
| Buttons，sleeve and | ${ }_{45}^{50}$ p．c．ad val． | Glass，polished plate，not over 16x24． | 8c．\％sqi foot． |
| Canvas for sails． |  | Glass，silvered，not over 16x24．．．．．．． |  |
| Caps，fur and lea | 22c．每 sq．yd．\＆ | Glass bottles，over 1 pint．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1c． 810. |
|  | 40 p．c．ad val． | Glucose | 11／2c．\％\％Ib． |
| Carpets，two－ply | 18c of sq．yd．\＆ | Glue，value not over 7c．per |  |
|  |  | Hair of hogs，curled for mattresses． |  |
|  | 40 p．c．ad val． | Hair manufactures， |  |
| arpets，Wilton，Axminster，velvet | 60c．\％sq．yd．\＆ 40 pe ad val | Hair，human，unmanufact | 20 p．c．i not drawn，free |
| Cattle（over one | 271／2p．c．ad val． | Hams and baco |  |
| Cheese，all kinds |  | Hay |  |
| Cigars and cigare | 84.50 \％ F ．and 25 p．c．ad val． | Hemp cordage． <br> Hides，raw．dried，salted，pickle | c．ad |
| Clocks，n．e．s | 40 p．c．ad val． | Honey |  |
| lothing，ready－made，cotton，n．e．s． |  | Hoops，iron |  |
| lothing，ready－made，linen，silk， |  | Hops． |  |
| and woolle | Free． | Horse |  |
| oal． | 67c．${ }^{\text {P }}$ ton． | India－rubber，nıa | val |
| offee |  | India－rubber，vtilcan |  |
| nfectionery， | 50 p．c．ad val． （if more than | Instruments，metal Tron manufactures | dd |
|  | 15 c. | Iron screws， 12 inch or less in length |  |
| Copper，ma |  | Iron，tinned plate |  |
| Cotton gloves |  | Ivory，manufacture |  |
| Cotton handkerchief |  | Jewelry |  |
| Cotton handkerchiefs，hemstitched． |  | Knit goods，wool，value not over |  |
| tton hosier | 50c．to $\$ 2$ ฤ doz． pairs and 15 |  | 44c．of th．and 50 p．c．ad val． |
| Cotton shirts and drawe | p．c．ad val． <br> 60c．to $\$ 2.25$ \％ | Knit goods，woollen apparel， 30 to 40c．© Cb ．． |  |
|  | doz．\＆ 15 <br> p．c．to 50 p．c．ad val． | Knit goods，woollen apparel，over 40c． 7 7 10. |  |
| Cotton plushes，nnbleache |  | Knit go |  |
|  | 25 p．c．ad val． | Lard |  |
| otton webbin otton curtain | $\frac{45}{50} \text { p. c. ad }$ | Lead， |  |
| Cutlery，more th | 20c． 7 piece d | Leather man | 35 p．c．ad val． |
|  |  | Limen m |  |
|  | $\$ 1.15$ p．doz． |  |  |
| y， | 16 c ．each and | Malt，harl |  |
|  | lō p．c．ad val． | Matches，fricti | ， |
| Cutlery，table knives，over $\$ 4$ | $45 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c} . \mathrm{ad}$ val． | Matting，cocoa and | \％sq．yard． |
| Diamonds（uncut，free），cut and set |  | Micerschaum pipes |  |
| Jiamonds，cut，but not set．．．．．．．． |  | Molasses，n．e．S．．．．．．． |  |
| rugs（crude，free）， | 1／4c．B $\quad$ and <br> 10 p．c．ad val． | M | th gal．（i）． <br> p．c．ad val． |
| Dyewoods，crude． |  | Musical inst |  |
| woods， |  | Nails，cut |  |
| Earthenware，con | 5．p．ad val． | N |  |
| Earthenware，porcelain，p | 55 | Newspapers，per | ee． |

UNITED STATES CUSTOMS DUTIES－Continued．

| Articles． | ff F | Articles． | Tariff Rate． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1cloth，value over 25 | $8 \text { to } 20 \mathrm{c} .7 \mathrm{gq} \text {. }$ | Soap，castile Soap，toilet，perfumed | $11 / 4 \mathrm{c} .7{ }^{7}$ |
| Oil， | gal．．in es，etc． | Spirits，except <br> straw manufac | c． |
| Oil，whale and seal，foreign， n ，e s．．． |  | Sugars，not above 16 Dutc |  |
|  | 8c．$P_{\text {e }}$ gal． | Sugars，above 16 Dutch s |  |
| Onions |  |  |  |
| Opium，liquid preparations．．．．．．．． | 40 p．c．ad val． | Tin，o |  |
|  |  | Tin plate |  |
| Paintings and marble statuary Paper manufactures，n．e．s． | ${ }_{35}^{20} \text { p.c. ad }$ | Tobacco， stemmed ．．．．．．． |  |
| Paper stock，crude．．．．．．． |  | Tobacco，if stem |  |
| Pepper，cayenne，unground．．．．．．．．．． Perfumery，alcoholic．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | Tobacco，all other leaf，stem |  |
|  |  p．c．ad val． | Tobacco，unmanufactured， stemmed． |  |
| Photograph albums． <br> Photograph slides． <br> Pickles． <br> Pins，metallic． <br> Pipes of clay，common，40c．覴 gross． <br> Poultry，dressed． <br> Potatoes． <br> Pulp wood，for paper－makers | 35 p．c．ad val． | Umbrellas，silk or |  |
|  |  | Vegetables，natural， n ． |  |
|  |  | Vegetables，prepared or pre |  |
|  |  | Velvets，silk， 75 p．c．or mor | $\$ 1.50$ 管逞．and |
|  | 1 |  | 15 p．c．ad val． pe ad val |
|  |  | Wbeat，bushel |  |
|  |  | Willow for |  |
|  | mechanical－ |  |  |
| Quicksilver． <br> Quinine，sulphate，and saits． <br> Railroad ties，cedar <br> Rugs，Oriental． |  |  | \＄2 \％doz． |
|  |  | Wines，champag |  |
|  | ${ }_{10}^{20}$ p．c．ad val． | $\text { to } 11$ |  |
|  | 40 p．e．ad val． | ines，champagne to 1 qt．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |
| Salmon，dried or smoked Salt． |  | Wines，still，in casks containing |  |
|  | 2c．桉 100 B. packages； bulk． | more than 14 p．c．absolute alcohol． Woods，cabinet，sawed Wool，first class． $\qquad$ Wool，second class $\qquad$ | 50c．符 gal． $\$ 1$ to $\$ 2$ \％${ }^{\circ}$ M t 11c．${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{HD}$ ． 12c． |
| Sauces，n，e．s．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 40 p．c．ad val． | Wool，third class，n．e．s．，above |  |
| Sausages，all oth |  |  |  |
| Sealskin sacques． |  | over 30c．7 |  |
| Silk，raw． |  | Wool or worsted yarns，value 30 to |  |
| Silk，spun in skeins |  |  |  |
| Silk laces，wearing |  | Wool or worsted yarns，value over |  |
|  |  |  | $1 .$ |
| Skins，tanned and dressed．．．．．．．．．．． 20 p．c．ad val． |  | Woolleu or worsted clothin | c．$-\& 60$ |
| Slates，manufactures of，n．e．S．．．．${ }^{20}$（ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Smokers＇articles，ex．clay p |  |  |  |

＊The Dingley Tariff increases rates on women＇s and children＇s gloves uniformly 75c．per dozen pairs；on men＇s gloves the rates are the same as the Wilson rates．（a）Valued at more than 50 c norlb．， 33 c ．per lb．and 40 per cent ad val．（b）Specific duties ranging from $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 6$ on each artiol ah，${ }^{7} 35$ per cent ad val．（c）On goods above 40c．and not above 70c．per lb．；duty on goods above 7 c 44 c ．per lb．and 55 per cent ad val．（d）Value $\$ 1$ per 1 b ．， 20 c．per 1 b ．and 15 per cent ad val．，with in－ creasing duty of 10 c ．per lb ．for each 50 c ．additional value up to $\$ 2.50$ ；all over $\$ 2.50$ per $1 \mathrm{lb}, 60 \mathrm{c}$ ．per 1 b ． and 15 per cent ad val．（e）Wool valued at 12 c ．per 1 lb ．or less， 4 c ．per $1 \mathrm{~b} . ;$ above 12 c ．duty is 7 c ．per 1 b ． $(f)$ Two prices only in Dingley bill，30c．and less，and above 30 c ．（ $g$ ）If not over 10c．per ib． （ $h$ ）If valued at $\$ 150$ ；if more， 25 per cent ad val．（i）Above $560,6 \mathrm{c}$ ．per gal．（ $j$ ）And 15 to 9 上er cent ad val．（ $k$ ）On woollen an additional duty of 44 c ．per 1 b ．（ $($ ）Chemical wood pulp，1－6c．per

## 

TAXES IMPOSED BY CONGRESS UNDER REVENUE ACT APPROVE JUNE 13，．1898．

## TAX UN FERMENTED LIQUORS－TOOK EFFECT FROM DATE OF AOT．

Beer，lager beer，ale，porter，and other similar fermented liquor，per barrel of 31 gallons．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 2$ （ $71 / 2 \mathrm{per}$ cent discount on all sales of stamps．）

ANNUAL SPECLAL TAXES－TOOK EFFECT JULY 1， 1898.
Bankers using a capital（including surplus）not exceeding $\$ 25,000$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\$ 50$
For every additional $\$ 1,000$ in excess of $\$ 25,000$
Brokers（except those paying tax as bankers）．
Pawnbrokers
50
Commercial brokers 20

Proprietore of theatres，museunis，and concert halls in cities of more than 25,000 population，as shown by last preceding United States census

100
Proprietors of circuses．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 100
Proprietors of other public exhibitions or shows for money ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 10
Proprietors of bowling alleys and billiard rooms，for each alley or table
5
TOBACCO，CIGARS，CIGARETTES，AND SNUFF．
Tobacco and snuff，manufactured
12 cents per pound
Cigars and cigarettes：
Cigars weighing more than 3 pounds per 1,000
$\$ 3.60$ per M．

## WAR REVENUE TAXES-Continued.

Cigars weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1,000 ..... $\$ 1.00$ per M.
Cigarettes weighing more than 3 pounds per 1,000 ..... 3.60 per M
Cigarettes weighing not more than 3 pounds per 1,000 1.50 per M.
Dealers in leaf tobacco and manufacturers of tobacco
When annual sales do not exceed 50,000 pounds ..... $\$ 6$
When annual sales exceed 50,000 and do not exceed 100,000 pounds ..... 12
When annual sales exceed 100,000 pounds ..... 24
Dealers in tobacco whose annual sales exceed 50,000 pounds ..... 12
Manufacturers of cigars :
When annual sales do not exceed 100,000 cigars. ..... 6
When annual sales exceed 100,000 and do not exceed 200,000 cigars ..... 12
When annual sales exceed 200,000 cigars, ..... 24

## STAMP TAXES-TOOK EEFECT JULY 1, 1898.

Bonds, debentures, or certificates of stock and indebtedness issued after July 1, 1898, on each $\$ 100$ of face valuevalue or fraction thereof
Sale or agreement to sell stock in any association, company, or corporation, on each $\$ 100$ of facevalue or fraction thereof
Sale or agreement to sell any products of merchandise, at any exchange, board of trade, or similar place :

$$
\text { For ench } \$ 100 \text { in value }
$$

1 cent
For each additional $\$ 100$ or fraction thereof...................................................... 1 cent
Bank check, draft, or certificate of deposit not drawing interest, or money order at sight.
2 cents
Bill of exchange (inland), draft, certificate of deposit drawing interest, or money order other than at sight or on demand, or promissory note (except bank notes), and original domestic money orders issued by the United States after July 1, 1898:
For a sum not exceeding $\$ 100$.
2 cents
For each additional $\$ 100$ or fraction thereof
2 cents
Bill of exchange (foreign) or letter of credit (including orders by telegraph, or otherwise, for the payment of money issued by express or other companies, or any person), drawn in, but payable out of, the United States:
If drawn singly or otherwise than in a set of three or more -
4 cents

## Not exceeding $\$ 100$

For each additional $\$ 100$ or part thereof

4 cents
If drawn in sets of two or more-
For every bill of each set not exceeding $\$ 100$

2 cents

## For each additional $\$ 100$ or part thereof.

Bill of lading or receipt (other than charter party) for merchandise for export................... 10 cents
Bill of lading, manifest, or receipt, and each duplicate thereof, express and freight.............. 1 cent
Telephone messages costing 15 cents or over..........................................................each,
Bonds of indemnity
1 cent
Certificates of profit and transfers thereof, on each $\$ 100$ or part of 50 cents
Certificates issued by port warden or surveyor. ............................. 2 cents

Charter contracts or agreements, or renewals or transfers of :
For vessels not exceeding 300 tons. \$3
Fơr vessels exceeding 300 and not exceeding 600 tons. 5
For vessels exceeding 600 tons. 10
Broker's note or memorandum of sale ..... 10 cents
Conveyance deed or instrument or writing transferring realty :
When value exceeds $\$ 100$ and does not exceed $\$ 500$ 50 cents
For each additional $\$ 500$ or fraction thereof. ..... 50 cents ..... 1 centTelegraphic despatch.
Custom-house entry of merchandise:
Not exceeding $\$ 100$ in value. ..... 25 cents
Exceeding 100 and not exceeding $\$ 500$ ..... 50 cents
Exceeding $\$ 500$ ..... 50 cents
Entry for withdrawal of merchandise from customs bonded warehouse
Life insurance policies (except any fraternal beneficiary society or order, or farmers' purelylocal coōperative company or association, or employés' relief associations operated on thelodge system or local coöperation plan, organized and conducted solely by the membersthereof for the exclusive benefit of its members and not for protit):For each $\$ 100$ or fractional part of
On policies issued on weekly-payment plan..................................................................... premium Insurance policies (marine, inland, fire), except purely coöperative or mutual, on each dollar of the a mount of premium
16 of 1 cent
Insurance policies (casualty, fidelity, and guarantee), on each dollar of amount of premium . 1/8 of 1 cent Lease, agreement, or contract for rent:
Not exceeding one year. 25 cents
Exceeding one year and not exceeding three years. ..... 50 cents ..... $\$ 1$
Exceeding three years.
Exceeding three years.
Manifest for entry or clearance of vessel for foreign port :When registered tonnage does not exceed 300 tons.1
When registered tonnage exceeds 300 tons and does not exceed 600 tons.3
5When registered tonnage exceeds 600 tons
Mortgage or pledge of lands, estate, or property, real or personal, or assignment, transfer, orrenewal of:
Exceeding $\$ 1,000$ and not exceeding $\$ 1,500$. ..... 25 cents
On each $\$ 500$, or fractional part of, in excess of $\$ 1,500$. ..... 25 cents

## WAR REVENUE TAXES-Continued.


MIXED FLOUR-TOOK EFFEOT 60 DAYS AFTER PASSAGE OF ACT
Person, firm, or corporation making, packing, or repacking.

On each $1 / 2$ barrel or package containing more than 49 pounds and not more than 98 pounds.
On each $1 / 4$ barrel or package containing more than $241 / 2$ pounds and not more than 49 pounds.

1 cent per barrel
On each $1 / 8$ barrel or package containing $241 / 2$ pounds or less.......................................1/2 cent per barrel

## CUSTOMS DUTIES.

Tea imported from foreign countries
............................................................. 10 cents per pound

SUMMARY OF INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS FROM 1872 TO 1899, INCLUSIVE.

| Fiscal Years. | Spirits. | Tobacco. | Fermented Liquors. | Banks and Bankers. | Miscellaneous. | Adhesive Stamps. | Collections Under Repealed Laws. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1872 | \$49,475,516 | \$33,736,171 | \$8,258,498 | \$4,628,229 | \$442,205 | \$16,177,321 | \$19,053.007 |
| 1873 | 52.099,372 | 34,386,303 | 9,324, 938 | 3,771,031 | 461,653 | 7,702,377 | 6,329,782 |
| 1874 | 49.444,090 | $33,242,876$ | 9,304,680 | 3,387,161 | 364,216 | 6,136,84ら | 764,880 |
| 1875 | 52,081,991 | 37,303,462 | 9,144,064 | 4,097,248 | 281,108 | 6,557,230 | 1,080,111 |
| 1876 | 56,426,365 | 39,795,340 | 9,571,281 | 4,006,698 | 409,284 | 6,518,488 | 509,631 |
| 1877 | $57,469.430$ | 41,1ut, 547 | 9,480,789 | 3,829,729 | 419,499 | 6,450,429 | 238,261 |
| 1878 | $50,420,816$ | 40,091,755 | 9,987,052 | $3,492,932$ | 346,008 | 6,380,405 | 429,659 |
| 1879 | 52,570,285 | 40,135,003 | 10,729,320 | 3,198,884 | 578,591 | 6,237,538 |  |
| 1880 | 61,185, 509 | 38,870,149 | 12,829,803 | 3,350,985 | 383,755 | 7,668,394 |  |
| 1881 | -67,153,975 | 42,854,991 | 13,700,241 | 3,762,208 | 231,078 | 7,924,708 | 152,163 |
| 1882 | 69,873,408 | 47,391,989 | 16,153,920 | 5,253,45\% | 199,830 | 7,570,109 | 78,559 |
| 1883. | 74,368,775 | 12.104,250 | 16,900,616 | 3,748,995 | 305,803 | 7,053,053 | 71.852 |
| 1884 | 76,905,385 | 26,062,400 | 18,084,954 |  | 289,144 |  | 265,068 |
| 1885 | 67,511,209 | 26,407,088 | 18,230,782 | $\ldots$ | 222,681 | .... | 49,361 |
| 1886 | 69,092,266 | 27,907,363 | 19,676,731 |  | 194,422 |  | 32,087 |
| 1887 | $65,766,076^{\circ}$ | 30 083,710 | 21,918,213 | 4,288 | 219,058 |  | 29,283 |
| 1888 | 69,287,431 | 30,636,076 | 23,324,218 | 4,203 | 154,970 |  | 9,548 |
| 1889 | 74,302,887 | 31,862,195 | 23,723,835 | 6,174 | 83,893 | .... |  |
| 1890 | 81,682,970 | 33,949,498 | 26,008,535 | 69 | 135,555 |  |  |
| 1891 | 83,335,964 | 32,796.271 | 28,565,130 |  | 256,214 |  |  |
| 1892. | 91,309,984 | 31,000,493 | 30,037,453 |  | 239,532 |  |  |
| 1893 | 94,712,938 | 31,843,556 | 32,527,424 |  | 166,915 |  |  |
| 1894 | 85,259,252 | 28,617,899 | 31,414,788 | 2 | 1,876,509 |  |  |
| 1895 | 79,862,627 | 29,707,918 | 31,640,618 |  | 1,960,794 |  |  |
| 1896 | 80,670 071 | 30,711,629 | 33,784,235 | 135 | 1,664.545 |  |  |
| 1897 | 82008,543 | 30710,297 | 32,472.162 | 85 | 1.426,506 |  |  |
| 1898. | 92,547,000 | 36230,522 | 39,515,421 | 1,180 | 2,572,696 | 791,418 |  |
| 1899. | 99,283,534 | 52,493,208 | 68,644,558 | .... | $99^{2 \times 5} 5.453$ | 43,837,819 | -..... |

Of the receipts in 1899 classed as "Miscellaneous,' ' $\$ 1,235,435$ was from legacies. $\$ 4,921,593$ from special taxes on bankers, billiard rooms, brokers, and exhibitions, a ad $\$ 643,446$ from excise tax on gross receipts, under the War Revenue Law of 1898.

RECEIPTS BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE $30,1899$.

| States and Territories. | Aggregate Collections. | States and Territories. | Aggregate Collections. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | $\$ 508,296.92$ | Montana, Idaho, and U | \$681,097.21 |
| Arkansas | 269,936.30 | Nebraska and N. and S. Dak | 3,428,079.38 |
| Califoruia and Nevada | 4.348,693 48 | New Hampshire, Maine, Vermo | 1,341,036.09 |
| Colorado and W yoming | 1,248,135.22, | New Jersey. | 8,074,251.18 |
| Counecticut and Rhode | 2,916,769.03 | New Mcxico and Arizona | 132,867.28 |
| Florida | 682422.50 | New York | 46,634,980 98 |
| Georgia | 941.72630 | North Ce | 4,921,016.91 |
| Illinois | 47 359,523.87 | Ohio | 21,341,065. 75 |
| Indiana | 17,213,070.47 | Oregon, Washington, and Alas | 1,074,921.81 |
| Iowa.. | 2,403,256. 26 | Pennsylvania | $23335,573.53$ |
| Kansas, Indian Ter., aud Oklahoma | 944,825.37 | South Car | 284,278 15 |
| Kentucky. | 22,215,234.23 | Tenne | 2,173,895 50 |
| Louisiana and Mississip | 2,254.173.74 | Texas | 1,577,833 59 |
| Maryland, Del., D C., and 2 Va.Dists. | 8.130,409.41 | Virgini | 4.815 .851 .18 |
| Massachusetts. | $8.1533,62036$ | West Virgini | 1.430 106. 77 |
| Michigan | 4,643,795.49 | Wisconsin | 9,467.065 41 |
| Missouri. | 16,369,075.34 | Total. | \$273,484,573.44 |

## gestimatry delealty of the OMited Stateg.

Spectal Agent J. K. Upton, of the Eleventh Census, prepared the following estimate of the true valuation of all property in the United States in 1890:

The total true valuation of the real and personal property in the country at the close of the census period 1890 amounted to $\$ 65,037,091,197$, of which amount $\$ 39,544,544,33$ ? represents the value of real estate and improvements thereon and $\$ 25,492,546.564$ that of personsl property, including railroads, mines, and quarries. At the same time the total assessed value of reat and personal property tased was $\$ 25,473,173,418$, of which amount $\$ 18,956,556,675$ represented real estate and improvements thereon and $6,516,616,743$ personal property.

The true valuation is what would be deemed a fair selling price for the property, and is thus termed in distinction from the assessed valuation, which is a value placed upon certain taxable property for taxation purposes only. The true valuation of property for 1890 is classified as follows
Real estate, with improvements thereon.
*39,544,544.333
Live stock on farms and ranges, farm implements, and machinery. 2,703,015,040
Mines and quarries, including product on hand 1,291,291.579
Gold and silver coin and bullion. $1.158,774948$
$3,058,593,441$
8
Machinery of mills and product on hand, raw and manufactured 3,058,593,441
Railroads and equipments, including $\$ 283,498,519$ street railrosds 8,485,4,47,323
Telegraphs, telephones, shipping, and canals.
701,755,712
Miscellaneous.
7,893,708,821
Total
\$65 037.(91,197
The estimated increase of wealth from 1880 to 1890 by Special Agent Upton was 49 per cent. A proportionate increase from 1890 to 1900 would indicate wealth of nearly $\$ 100,000,000,000$ at the beginning of the twentieth century

REVENUE BY FISCAL YEARS

| Years. Ending June 30. | Cas | $\begin{aligned} & \text { erna } \\ & \text { enn } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Direct } \\ & \text { Tax. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sales } \\ & \text { of Public } \\ & \text { Lands. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Other Miscellaneous Items. | Total Revepue. | Excess of Revenue over Expenditures Expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866 | \$17 | \$ |  |  |  | \$29,036,314 |  | 03 |
|  | 176,417,811 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 133,091,335 |
| 1868 | 164,464,600 | 191, | 1,788,146 | 1,34 | 29,2 | 17,745,404 | 405,.638,083 | 8 |
|  |  | 15 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 187 | 216,370, | 130,642, | 580,350 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,388,547 \\ 2,575,714 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}$ | 15,106,051 | 374,106, | 6,088 |
| 1873 |  | 113,7 | 315,255 | 2,882,312 | 11,560 | 17,161,270 | 333,73 | 43, |
|  | 163,103,8 |  |  | 9 | 5,037 | 15,431,915 | 288, | 13, |
|  | 148,071, | 116,70 | 93\%,799 | 1,129, | 4.029,281 | 17,456,776 | 287,482,039 | 9,022.242 |
|  | 13 | 118 |  | 976,2 | 405,777 | 18,031 | 269,000 | 0,30 |
| 1878 | 130,170 | 110,581, |  | 1.079, | 317,102 | 15.614 | 257 |  |
|  | ${ }^{13765}$ | 113,50 |  | 1,016 | 110 | 21 | 退3,827 | 8 |
| 1881 | 198,159,6 | 135,264, | 1,517 | 2,201 |  | 20,154, | 360,782 | 100,069 |
| 1882 | 220,410,7 | 146, | 160,1 |  |  | 31,70 | 403,525 | 145,543,811 |
| 1883 | 214,706 |  | 108, |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1884 | 195,067.490 | 121, | 70,721 |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{21,}$ | 323 | 104, |
| 1886. | 192,905,023 | 116,80 | 108.240 |  |  |  | ${ }_{336}$ | ,9 9 |
|  | 217,286. | 118,823 |  | 9,25 |  | ,00 | 371,403 | 103,4 |
|  | 219 |  | ,56b | 11,2 |  | 24,677 | 375 | 111 |
| 18 | 2 | 130,88 |  |  |  |  | 387 | 87,01, |
|  | 249,060,303 | 14, 686 |  |  |  |  | 392,612,44 | 26,838,5 |
|  | 177,452,964 | 153,971, |  | 3,261, |  | 20,201 | ${ }_{354,937,78}$ | 9,914 |
|  | 355, | 160,296, |  | 3,182, |  | 18,253,8 | 385,81 | ,34 |
|  | 131,818 | 147,111 |  | 1, |  | 17 | ${ }^{297}$ |  |
|  | 15 | 143,412.672 |  |  |  |  | 313,390.00 | ${ }_{*}$ |
|  | 100,02.192 | 146 |  |  |  | 23,614, |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1,243,129 |  | 83,505,319 | 404,511,082 | 38, |
|  | ,141, | 272,486,648 |  |  |  | 37,024. | 515,652, | *89,898,657 |


| ding June 30. | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Premium on on } \\ \text { Luans sand } \\ \text { Purhase of } \\ \text { Bonds, ctc. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Other Civil } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Miscllan'ous } \\ & \text { Items. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{N}^{2} \mathrm{ara} \end{gathered}$ | Indians. | Pensions. | Interest on | $\underset{\substack{\text { Ordinary } \\ \text { Expenditures. }}}{\text { OT. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$41, |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |
|  | 10.813 |  |  | ${ }_{25}^{31,775,503}$ | ${ }_{4}^{4,642,532}$ | 2,93000 |  |  |
| 1869. | 1,674,6 | 56,44, | 78,501 | 20,000,758 | 7,042,923 | 88,47 | 130,694,243 | 322,865,278 |
|  | 15,996 | 53 |  | 21,780,230 | 3,40 |  | 129,235,498 | 309,653,561 |
| 1871 | 9,016 | 60,4 |  | 19,4 |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | 6,958,267 |  |  | 21,249,810 | 7,0 | ,33 | 1173 | 277,517,963 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,355,074 | 69,641,593 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 41,120,646 | 21,497,626 |  |  |  | 393 |
| 1877 |  |  |  | 14,959,935 |  | 27 | $\begin{aligned} & 100,24 \\ & 97,12 \end{aligned}$ | 8, |
| 1878 |  | 53,177 |  |  |  | 27,13 | 102 | 236,9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 35,121,482 |  |  |
|  |  | 54,71 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1881 | 1,061,2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 257,981,440 |
|  |  | 68 | 48 | 15 |  |  |  | 244,126, 2 |
|  |  | 77.94 |  | 16, |  |  |  |  |
| 1886 |  | 74,16 | 34,324,153 | 13, | 6,099,158 | 63,40 | 50,580,146 | ,48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1888 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 04,244 | 81 |  | ${ }_{22}$ | 6,708,047 |  | 36,099,284 | 318,040,711 |
| 1891 | 10,401,221 | 110,048,167 |  | 2 | 8,5 | 124,415,951 | 37,547,135 | 365,773 905 |
|  |  |  |  | 29 | 11,1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 103 |  |  | 13,34 |  |  | 383,477,954 |
|  |  | 10 |  |  | 10,2 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1897 |  | , | 48,950, 267 | 34 |  | 141 | 0 | 365,774.159 |
| 1898 |  |  |  | 58,848,763 |  | 147, | 37,585,056 | 443,375,387 |
|  |  | 119,334,761 | 228,834,154 | 14, | 12,784 | 139,387,353 | 39,895,940 | 605,551,323 |

The total receipts of the United States from the beginning of the fovernment, 1789, to 1899 have been: From customs, 98,108 ,398,207; internal wevenue, $\$ 5,452,642,131$; direct tax, $\$ 28,131,944$; public lands, $\$ 292,829,824$; miscellaneous, $\$ 926,532,426$; total, excluding loans, $\$ 15,518,806,619$.

The total expenditures of the United States from the beginning of the Government, 1789, to 1899 have been: For clvil and miscellanenus, $\$ 3,111,516,255$; war, $\$ 5,401,414,800$; pavy, $\$ 1,512,730,414$; Indians, $\$ 358,170,220$; pensions, $\$ 2,517,731,380$; interest, $\$ 2,942,194,849 ;$ total, $\$ 15,893,759,218$.

* Expenditures in excess of revenue.


## patent ©ffice procerure.

THE rollowing statement has been revised by the Patent Office for The World A LMANAC ror 1900: Patents are issued in the name of the United States, and under the seal of the Patent Office, to any person who has invented or discovered any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, not known or used by others in this country before his invention or discovery thereof and not patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, before his invention or discovery thereof or more than two years prior to his application, and not in public use or on sale in the United States for more than two years prior to his application, unless the same is proved to have been abandoned; and by any person who, by his own industry, genius, efforts, and expense, has invented and produced any new and original design for a manufacture, bust, statue, alto-relievo, or bas-relief; any new and original design for the printing of woolen, silk, cotton, or other fabrics; any new and original impression, ornament, pattern, print, or picture to be printed, painted, cast, or otherwise placed on or worked into any article of manufacture; or any new, useful, and original shape or configuration of any article of manufacture, the same not having been known nor used by others before his invention or production thereof, nor patented nor described in any printed publication, upon payment of the fees required by law and other due proceedings had.

Every patent contains a grant to the patentee, his heirs or assigns, for the term of seventeen years, of the exclusive right to make, use, and vend the invention or discovery throughout the United States and the Territories, referring to the specification for the particulars thereof.

If it appear that the inventor, at the time of making his application, believed himself to be the first inventor or discoverer, a patent will not be refused on account of the invention or discovery, or any part thereof, having been known or used in any foreign country before his invention or discovery thereof, if it had not been before patented or described in any printed publication.

Joint inventors are entitled to a joint patent; neither can claim one separately. Independent inventors of distinct and independent improvements in the same machine cannot obtain a joint patent for their separate inventions; nor does the fact that one furnishes the capital and another makes the invention entitle them to make application as joint inventors; but in such case they may become joint patentees.

No person otherwise entitled thereto will be debarred from receiving a patent for his invention or discovery, by reason of its having been first patented or caused to be patented by the inventor or his legal representatives or assigns in a foreign country, unless the application for said foreign patent was filed more than seven months prior to the filing of the application in this country, in which case no patent shall be granted in this country.

## APPLICATIONS.

Applications for a patent must be made in writing to the Commissioner of Patents. The applicant must also file in the Patent Office a written description of the same, and of the manner and process of making, constructing, compounding, and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art or science to which it appertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make, construct, compound, and use the same; and in case of a machine, he must explain the principle thereof, and the best mode in which he has contemplated applying that principle, so as to distinguish it from other inventions, and particularly point out and distinctly claim the part, improvement, or combination which he claims as his invention or discovery. The specification and claim must be signed by the inventor and attested by two witnesses.

When the nature of the case admits of drawings, the applicant must furnish a drawing of the required size, signed by the inventor or his attorney in fact, and attested by two witnesses. In all cases which admit of representation by model, the applicant, if required by the Patent Office, shall furnish a model of convenient size to exhibit advantageously the several parts of his invention or discovery.

The applicant shall make oath that he verily believes himself to be the original and first inventor or discoverer of the art, machine, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he solicits a patent; that he does not know and does not believe that the same was ever before known or used, and shall state of what country he is a citizen and where he resides. In every original application the applicant must distinctly state under oath that the invention has not been patented to himself or to others with his knowledge or consent in this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his application, or on an application for a patent filed in any foreign country by himself or his legal representatives or assigns more than seven months prior to his application. If any application for patent has been filed in any foreign country by the applicant in this country or by his legal representatives or assigns, prior to his application in this country, he shall state the country or countries in which such application has been filed, giving the date of such application, and shall also state that no application has been filed in any other country or countries than those mentioned; that to the best of his knowl. edge and belief the invention has not been in public use or on sale in the United States nor described in any printed publication or patent in this or any foreign country for more than two years prior to his appl:cation in this country. Such oath may be made before any person within the United States authorized by law to administer oaths, or, when the applicant resides in a foreign country, before any minister, chargé d'affaires, consul, or commercial agent holding commission under the Government of the United States, or before any notary public of the foreign country in which the applicant may be, provided such notary is authorized by the laws of his country to administer oaths.

On the filing of such application and the payment of the fees required by law, if, on examlnation, it appears that the applicant is justly entitled to a patent under the law, and that the same is sufficiently useful and important. the Commissioner will issue a patent therefor.

Every patent or any interest therein shall be assignable in law by an instrument in writing ; and the patentee or his assigns or legal representatives may, in like manner, grant and convey an exclusive right under his patent to the whole or any specified part of the United States.

## REISSUES.

A reissue is granted to the original patentee, his legal representatives, or the assignees of the entire Interest when, by reason of a defective or insufficient specification, or by reason of the patentee claiming as his invention or discovery more than he had a right to claim as new, the original patent is inoperative or invalid, provided the error has arisen from inadvertence, accident, or mistake, and without any fraudulent or deceptive intention. Reissue applications must be made and the specifications sworn to by the inventors, if they be living.

## CAVEATS.

A caveat, under the patent law, is a notice given to the office of the caveator's claim as inventor, In order to prevent the grant of a patent to another for the same alleged invention upon an application filed during the life of a caveat without notice to the caveator.

Any citizen of the United States who has made a new invention or discovery, and desires further

## PATENT OFFICE PROCEDURE-Continued.

time to mature the same, may, on payment of a fee of ten dollars, file in the Patent office a caveat setting forth the object and the distinguishing characteristics of the invention. and praying protection of his right until he shall have matured his invention. Such caveat shall be filed in the confidential archives of the office and preserved in secrecy, and shall be operative for the term of one year from the filing thereof. The caveat may be renewed, on request in writing, by the payment of a second fee of ten dollars, and it will continue in force for one year from the payment of such second fee.

The caveat must comprise a specification, oath, and, when the nature of the case admits of it, a drawing, and, like the application, must be limited to a single invention or improvement.

## FEES.

Fees must be paid in advance, and are as follows: On filing each original application for a patent, $\$ 15$. On issuing each original patent, $\$ 20$. In design cases: For three years and six months, $\$ 10$; for seven years, $\$ 15$ : for fourteen years, \$30. On filing each caveat, $\$ 10$. On every application for the reissue of a patent, $\$ 30$. On filing each disclaimer, $\$ 10$. For certified copies of patents and other papers in manuscript, ten cents per hundred words; for certified copies of printed patents, eighty cents. For uncertified printed copies of specifications and drawings, of patents, for single copies, or any number of unclassified copies, five cents each; for copies by subclasses. threc cents each; by classes, two cents each. and for the entire set of patents issued, in one order, one cent each. For recording every assignment, agreement, power of attorney, or other paper, of three hundred words or under, $\$ 1$; ot over three hundred and under one thousand words, $\$ 2$; of over one thousand words, $\$ 3$. For copies of drawings, the reasonable cost of making them. The Patent Ofirice is prepared to furnish positive blue-print photographic copies of any drawing, foreign or domestic, in the possession of the office, in sizes and at rates as follows: Large size, $10 \times 15$ inches, twenty-five cents; medium size, $7 \times 11$ inches, fifteen cents; small size, $5 \times 8$ inches, five cents. An order for small-sized copies can be filled only when it relates to the drawings of an application for patent.

## PATENT OFFICE STATISTICS.

The receipts of the Patent Office during the year ending December 31, 1898. were $\$ 1.137,734.48$, and expenditures, $\$ 1.136,196.20$. Receipts over expenditures, $\$ 1,538.28$.

The following is a statement of the business of the office for the year ending December 31, 1898: Number of applications for patents ....... 33.915 Number of patents granted, including reNumber of applications for desigu patents 1,843
Number of applications for reissue patents 1,84 Number of trade marks registered............. 1,238 issues and designs

22,267
Number of applications for registration of
Number of labels registered 200
trade marks.....................................
Number of applications for registration of labels.

1,796
Number of prints registered 35

Number of applications for prints ...........
Number of caveats filed
Total
39,683 950 ; number of caveats filed, 109.074 ; number of original patents, including designs. issued, 623,535 . Receipts to December $31,1898, \$ 35,447,065.54$; expenditures, $\$ 30,429,868.52$; net surplus, $\$ 5,017,197.02$. The largest number of patents granted for an article prior to January, 1895. has been for carriages and wagons, 20,000 , and for stoves and furnaces, 18,000 . The next largest has been for harvesters, 10.000 ; lamps and gas fittings, 10,000 ; boots and shoes, 10,000, and packing and storing vessels, 10.000, approximately.

## 

(Population in 1890 as Reported by the Census.)

|  | 16 | Kansas........... | 1 | Pueblos | 8,278 |  | 2,489 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Califor | 15.283 | Maine | 132 | Six |  | Washing | 10,837 |
| Colorado | 1,034 | Maine ........... | 140 | Six Nations. | 5,304 | W isconsi |  |
| Connect |  | Massachusetts |  | North Carolina.. | $231$ | W yoming ........... | 1,806 |
| Florida | 215 | Michigan ........ | $6,991$ | Cherokees. | $2,885$ | War Department |  |
| Georgia |  | Minnesota ...... | 7,065 | North Dak Oklahoma | $7.952$ | Apaches, Mr. |  |
| Idaho. |  | Mississippi ...... |  | Oklahom |  |  | 384 |
| Indiana........... | $8 \cdot 71$ | Montana | 10.573 | Soutb Da | 19,845 | Indians in prison | 84 |
| Indi'n Ter' tory <br> Five Civ. Tribes | 8,708 66,289 | Nebrask <br> Nevada | $\begin{aligned} & 3,864 \\ & 4.956 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa....... | $\bigcirc$ | New Mexic | 20,521 |  |  |  |  |

INDIAN POPULATION IN DETAIL.
The total Indian population of the United States, exclusive of Alaska. but inc?:7ding 32,567 counted in the general census, being the taxed or taxable Indians, numbers 249,273 . 'The following table gives the division of the Indians in detail:
Indians on reservations or at school, under control of the Indian office (not taxed or taxable).. 133,382 Indians incidentally under the Indian office, and self-supporting:

The five civilized tribes, Indians and colored-Cherokees. 29,599; Chickasaws, 7,182;
Choctaws, 14,397; Creeks, 14.632; Seminoles, 2.561; total, 68.371. 'Total Indians,
52.065 ; total colored Indian citizens and claimants, 14,224 ; grand total..
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Six Nations, Saint Regis, and other Indians of New York.
Eastern Cherokees of North Carolina. 8,278

Indians taxed or taxable, and self-sustaining citizens, counted in the general census (98
cent not on reservations)....................................................................................................................... 5,304

Indians in State or Territorial prisons.
Total
249,273

## 

## (Prepared for The World Almanac by the General Iand Office, November, 1899.)

THE following is a tabular statement showing land surface area and the number of acres of public lands surveyed in the following land states and Territories up to June 30, 1899; also the total area of the public domain remaining unsurveyed within the same, etc.

| Land States And Territories. | Area, Land Surface. |  |  |  | Land States A.ND <br> Territorizs. | Area, Land Surface. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Acres. | Square Miles. |  |  | Acres, | Square Miles. |  |  |
| Alaba | 32,6577,920 | 51,028 | $32,557,920$ |  |  | Nevada... | 70,336,640 | 109,901 | 36,308,749 | 34,027,891 |
| Arkansa | $33,543.680$ | 52412 | $33,543,580$ |  | N. Dakota. | 44,910,080 | 70,172 | 35,027,972 | 9.882,108 |
| California | 99, 969,920 | 156.203 | 76,460, 557 | 4, 2 | Onio | $26,162,730$ | 40,723 | 26,062,720 |  |
| Colorado | 66,348,150 | 103,684 | 61,660,377 | 4,6x. 783 | Oresou | 61.277,440 | 95,746 | 44,859, 322 | 16,418,118 |
| Florida | $35,1072,544$ | 54801 | $30,832,684$ | 4,239,456 | S. Dakota... | 4 $2,206,400$ | 76,885 | 42,290,433 | $6,915,9 \dot{7}$ |
| Illinois | $35.842,569$ | 56,014 | 35,842,560 |  | Wisconsin.. | 35,274,880 | 55,117 | 35,274, 880 |  |
| Indiana | 22.950400 | 35, 60 | 22,950, 4 (10 |  | W'ashingt'n | 42,746, 880 | 66,792 | 25, 5 62,996 | 16,183,884 |
| Iowa | $35, b+60$ | 55, 697 | 35, 64, 6,080 |  | Wroming . | 62,433,280 | 97,552 | 53,181,256 | 9,252, 024 |
| Idaho | $53,298,4140$ | 83,2.1 | 17,384,542 | 55.908,898 | A laska | $368,103,680$ | 575.162 | 1,145 | 368,102, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 5 |
| Kansas | 52,382 720 | 81.848 | 52,382,720 |  | $\pm$ rizuna $\ldots$ | $72.42,320$ | 113,738 | 17,398,913 | $55,393,407$ |
| Louisiana | 29,055,360 | 45,349 | 27,175, 212 | 1,880,148 | Dist. of Col. | 37,760 | 59 |  |  |
| Michigan | 36.819,200 | 57.530 | 36,819,200 |  | Indjan'l er. | 19,658,880 | 30,717 | 19.658 .880 |  |
| Minnesota. | 51,198, 180 | 79,997 | 47,091,402 | 4,106,678 | N. Mexico.. | 78,428,800 | 122,545 | 50,875,576 | 27,553,224 |
| Mississippi | 29,68, 12 20 | 46,383 | $2.7,685,120$ |  | Otlahoma.. | 24,774,400 | 38,710 | 24,774,4c0 |  |
| Missouri | 43.795,840 | 158.431 | 43,795, 810 |  |  | $52,541,440$ | 82,096 | 17,760,686 | 34,780,754 |
| Montana | 93.593 .600 | 146,240 | 31,29., 4018 | 62,299,692 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nebraska | 49.137,280) | 75, 777 | 4.9,087,7.97 | + 49,483 | Total | 2,270,557.440 | 3,547,746 | 1,094,348,027 | $715,191.813$ |

* This estimate is of a very general nature, and affords no index to the disposable volmme of land remaining nor the amount available for agricultural purposes. It includes Indian and other public reservations, unsurveyed private land claime, as well as surveyed private land claims, in the districts of Arizona, California, Colorado, and New Mexico; the sixteenth and thirty-sixth sections reserved for common schools; unsurveyed lands embraced in railroad, swamp land, and other grants; the great mountain areas; the areas of unsurvejed rivers and lakes, and large areas wholly unproductive and unarailable for ordinary purposes.

PUBLIC LANDS VACANT AND SUBJECT TO ENTRY AND SETTLEMENT IN THE PUBLICLAND STATES AND TERRITORIES, JULY 1, 1899.

| States AND Territories. | Surveyed Land. | Unsurveyed Land. | Total Area. | States and Territories. | Surveyed Land. | Unsurveyed Land. | Total Area. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama | 428,883 |  | 428,883 | Monta | 18,535, 420 | $\overline{50,538,066}$ | 69,073,491 |
| Alaska | * | 359,492,760 | 359,492, 760 | Nebrask | 10,221,56'7 |  | 10,221,567 |
| Arizolia | 10,887, 865 | 41,337,556 | $52,225,461$ | Nevada | $29.168,462$ | 32,158.278 | 61326,740 |
| A rkansas | 3,833,423 |  | 3,833,423 | New Mexic | 43,558, $0: 39$ | 13,492, ${ }^{\text {a }} 1$ | 57.050,650 |
| California | 34,762,949 | 8,162,\%47 | 42,925,296 | North Dazota | 12,091,904 | 7,836 126 | 19,928,030 |
| Colorado | 35.647 .881 | 4,5,8, 110 | 40,185.991 | Uklahoma | 6,240230 | 2,480 | 6,292.700 |
| Florida | 1,532, 766 | 153,662 | 1.690,428 | Oregon | 24,145,544 | 11,182, 694 | 35,328,338 |
| Idaho | 11,670,535 | 32,325, 773 | 43,990,408 | South Dakota | 11,076,557 | 1,030,557 | 12,107,114 |
| Kansas | 1,059,664 |  | 1,05,, 664 | Utah | 9,770,066 | 34,034,441 | 43,804,507 |
| Louisiana | 528.062 | 65,018 | 593,080 | WVashingio | 5,386,940 | 6,369 845 | 11,756,785 |
| Michigan | 473,013 |  | 473,(113 | Wisconsin | -374,243 |  | , 374,243 |
| Minnesota | 3,317,486 | 2,309,908 | 5,627,394 | W yoming | 42,709,311 | 6,068.032 | 48,777,343 |
| Mississippi | $285,730$ |  | 285,730 |  |  |  |  |
| Missouri . | 449,029 |  | 449,029 | Grand total,acr | 318,205,724 | 611,102,344, | 9:29,308,068 |

* The unreserved lands in Alaska are mostly unsurveyed and unappropriated.
$\dagger$ This aggregate is exclusive of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Iowa, in which, if any public land remains, it consists of a few small isolated tracts. It is also exclusive of military and Indian reservations, reservoir sites, and timber reservations, and tracts covered by selections, filings, railroad grants, and claims as yet unadjudicated, a part of which may in the future be added to the public domain.

The receipts of the General Land Office in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, were: From disposal of public land, $\$ 2,594,690$; disposal of Indian land, $\$ 442,914$; depredations on public land, $\$ 15,050$; sales of timber (act March 3, 1891), $\$ 3,065$; sales of timber (act June 4, 1897), $\$ 1,499$; sales of Governmentt property, $\$ 1,972$; for furnishing of records and plats, $\$ 10,947$; from fees and commissions, 890,702 . Total cash receipts, $\$ 3,070,137$.

Railroads during the fiscal year selected 751,002.37 acres, and State selections were $\mathbf{1 , 3 5 4 , 1 8 5 . 6 2}$ acres.

PUBLIC LANDS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.
STATEMENT OF NUMBER OF ACRES ENTERED ANNUALLY UNDER THE HOMESTEAD AND TIMBER CULTURE ACTS, FROM JULY 1, 1866, TO JUNE 30, 1899, INCLUSIVE.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { YEar } \\ \text { ENDING } \\ \text { JuNE } 30 . \end{gathered}$ | Homestead Eniries. | Timber Culture. | Year <br> Ending <br> JuNe 30. | Homestead Entries. | Timber Culture. | Year Ending June 30. | Homestesd Entries. | Timber Culture. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{1867}$ | 1,834,513 |  | 1878 | 4,496,855 | 1,902,0:38 | 1889 | 6,029,230 | 2,551,069 |
| 1868 | 2,332, 151 |  | 1879 | 5,267,385 | 2,775,503 | 1890 | 5,531,678 | 1,787,403 |
| 1869 | 2,693,482 |  | 1880 | 6,054,708 | 2,169,484 | 1891 | 5,040,393 | 969,006 |
| 1870 | 3,754,203 | ....... | 1881 | 5,028,101 | 1,763,799 | 1892 | 7,716,062 | 41,375 |
| 1871 | 4,657,355 |  | 1882 | 6,348,045 | 2,546,686 | 1893 | 6,808,791 | 10,989 |
| 1872 | 4,595,435 |  | 1883 | 8,171,914 | 3,110,930 | 1894 | 8,046,968 | 4,209 |
| 1873 | 3,760,200 | 50,246 | 1884 | 7,831,510 | 4,084,464 | 1895 | 5,009,491 | 3,589 |
| 1874 | 3,489,570 | 851.226 | 1885 | 7,415,886 | 4,755,006 | 1896 | 4,830,915 | 1,226 |
| 1875 | 2,369,782 | 473.694 | 1886 | 9,145,136 | 5,391,309 | 1897 | $4.452,289$ | 646 |
| 1876 | 2,867,814 | 599,918 | 1887 | 7,594.350 | 4.224,397 | 1898 | 6.206,557 | 160 |
| 1877 | 2,176,257 | 524,55'2 | 1888 | 6,670,616 | 3,735,305 | 1899 | 6,177,587 | 80 |

Lands patented by the United States up to June 30, 1897: To States for wagon roads, 1,987,027.58 acres; to states for canal purposes, 4,433,073.06 acres; to States and corporations for railroad purposes, $87,915,326.79$ acres; under river improvement grants, $1,406,210.80$ acres; total, $95,741,638.23$ acres.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICES.

| State o: <br> Territory. | Lsnd Office. | State or Territory. | Land Office. | State or <br> Tereitory. | Land Office. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama.... | Huntsville. Montgomery. | Iowa. Kansas | Des Moines. Colby. | No. Dakota... Oklahoma... | Minot. Alva. |
| Alaska | Sitka. |  | Dodge City. |  | Enid. |
| ' | Circle City. | " | Topeka. | " | Guthrie. |
| $\because$ | Peavey. | Louisiana ... | Wakeeney. | $\because$ | Kingfisher. |
| Arizona | Rampart City. Prescott. | Louisiana ... | Natchitoches. <br> New Orleans. | $\because \quad \cdots$ | Mangum. <br> Oklahoma |
|  | Tucson. | Michigan.... | Marquette. | $\because$ | Perry. |
| Arkansas.... | Camden. | Minnesota... | Cookston. | " | Wood ward. |
| い | Dardanelle. | " | Duluth. | Oregon ...... | Lagrande. |
| " | Little Rock. | " | St. Cloud. | " | Oregon City. |
| California... | Eureka. | Mississippi .. | Jackson. | " | Burns. |
| $\because \quad .$. | Independence. | Missouri..... | Boonville. | $\because$ | Roseburgh. |
| $\because$ | Los Angeles. | . | Ironton. Spring field. | Dal | The Dalles, |
| $\because$ | Redding. | Montana..... | Bozeman. |  | Chamberlain. |
| $\because$ | Sacramento. | " | Helena. | $\because$ | Huron. |
| $\because$ | San Francisco. | $\because$ | Kalispell. | $\because$ | Mitchell. |
| $\because$ | Stockton. | $\because$ | Lewistown. | $\because$ | Pierre. |
| $\cdots$ | Visalia. | * $\quad . .$. | Missoula. | ، | Watertown. |
| Colorado. | Akron. | Nebraska.... | Alliance. | Utah. | Salt Lake city. |
|  | Del Norte. Denver. |  | Brokenbow. | W ashington. | North Yakima |
| $\because$ | Durango. | " | McCook. | " | eattle. |
| $\because \quad$. | Glenwood Springs. | $\because \quad$. | North Platte. | $\because$ | Spokane. |
| $\because$ | Gunnison. | " 6 | O'Neill. | " | Vancouve |
| $\because$ | Hugo. | . $\quad .$. | Sidney. | $\because$ | Walla Walla. |
|  | Lamar. |  | Valentine. | Wiscons | Waterville. |
|  | Leadville. <br> Montrose. | Nevada...... <br> New Mexico. | Carson City. | Wisconsin. . | Ashland. |
| $\because$ | Pueblo. | New Mexico. | Las Cruces. | い | Wausau. |
| Florida...... | Sterling. |  | Roswrell. | Wyoming .. | uffalo. |
| Idaho......... | Blackfoot. | No. Dakota. . | Bismarck. | " | Douglas. |
|  | Boise. | No. $\quad$ Okta.. | Devil's Lake. | $\because$ | Evanston. |
| $\because$ | Cour d'Alene. | $\because \quad$. | Fargo. | " | Lander. |
| $\because$ | Hailey. <br> Lewiston. |  | Grand Forks. |  | Sundance. |

## 

THE reservation known as the Yellowstone National Park, set apart for public uses by an act of Congress passed in 1872, covers a tract of about sixty-five miles in length, from north to south, and about fifty-five miles in width, from east to west, lying chiefly in Northwestern Wyoming, and overlapping, to a small extent, the boundaries of Montana, on the north, and Idaho, on the west. This gives an area of 3,312 square miles, a tract that is nearly the area of the States of Rhode Island and Delaware combined, and nearly half as large as the State of Massachusetts. The Rocky Mountain chain crosses the southwestern portion in an irregular line, leaving by far the greater expanse on the eastern side. The least elevation of any of the narrow valleys is 6,000 feet, and some of them are from 1,000 to 2,000 feet higher. The mountain ranges which hem in these valleys are from 10,000 to upward of 11,000 feet in height, Electric Peak (in the northwest corner of the park, not far back of Mammoth Hot Springs) having an elevation of 11,155 feet, and Mount Langford and Turret Mountain (both in the Yellowstone Range) reaching the height of 11, 155 and 11, 142 feet respectively.

NUMBER OF PENSIONERS ON THE ROLL JUNE 30. 1899.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Location or } \\ & \text { Agency. } \end{aligned}$ | Gexeral Law |  |  |  |  | Act of June 27, 1890. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Number ot } \\ \text { pensioners } \\ \text { on the roll } \\ \text { June 30, } \\ 1899 \text {. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Number of <br> pensioners <br> on the roll <br> June 30, <br> 1398. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Army. |  |  | Navy. |  | Army. |  | Navy. |  |  |  |
|  | Inv |  | Widows, etc. | Invalids. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Widows, } \\ & \text { etc. } \end{aligned}$ | Invalids. | Widows, etc. | Invalids. | Widows, etc. |  |  |
| Topek |  |  | 6,281 |  |  | 57. | 13,393 |  |  | 109,096 | 108.532 |
| Columbus | 37,469 | 53 | 11.957 |  |  | 45,422 | 11,604 |  |  | 106,355 | 106,450 |
| Chicago | 26,615 | 66 | $7,431$ | 1,013 | 328 | -6,087 | 8, 1:38 | 3,478 | 871 | 75,585 | 76,067 |
| Indianap' <br> Philarielp' | 35,971 | 39 | 5,883 | $\bigcirc 683$ | 305 | 18.661 | 11,81:3 | 1,917 | 1,066 | 69,496 63,716 | 12 |
| Des Moine | 22, 993 | 58 | 4, 06:3 |  |  | 25,113 | 5,011 |  |  | 57,941 | 15 |
| Knoxville | 9,313 | 33 | 3,784 |  |  | 25,430 | 8,459 |  |  | 57,552 | 087 |
| Washington | 14,862 | 83 | 4,212 | 939 |  | 23,447 | 6,645 | 2,954 | 1,009 | 56.266 | 28 |
| Boston | 14,07 | 53 | 6,529 | 1,187 | 5 | 18,539 | 9,735 | 3,134 | 1, 445 | 55.667 | 55 |
| New York | 11.635 | 32 | 5,3, 1 | 682 | 4 | $18,234$ | 11,395 | 2,606 | 1,583 | 52.585 |  |
| Mrilwaukee | 20,471 | 29 6 | 4.350 |  |  | 21, 727 | 4, 721 |  |  | 51,763 | 51,881 |
| Pittsburgh | 12,936 | 20 | 4,106 6,001 |  |  | 2, 7,127 | 7,070 |  |  | 49,510 | 47,394 |
| Buffalo | 18, 480 | 14 | 6,001 |  |  | 17, 7 , 563 | 5,545 |  |  | 46,9,1 | 47,079 45,113 |
| Loulsvil |  | 9 | 3,078 |  |  | 12,321 |  |  |  | 29,017 |  |
| San Fra |  | 56 | 966 |  | 40 | 14,225 |  | 36 |  | 26,67 |  |
| Augu | 9,148 | 6 | 2,643 |  |  | 6,120 |  |  |  | 19,7: | 20,070 |
| Conco |  | 4 | 2,770 |  |  | 5,403 |  |  |  | 19,027 | 19.396 |
| Tota |  | $6 . \overline{3}$ | 90,608 |  |  | 405,987 | 124,127 | 14.925 | 6,139 | 991,519 | 993.714 |
| Inc. during year....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. during year....... | 10,24 | 2 | 1,949 | 11 |  | .... | ... | ... | .... | 2,19 | .... |

Pensioners of the war of 1812 -Survivor, 1 ; widows, 1,998 . Pensioners of the war with Mexico -Survivors. 9.204 ; widows, 8,175 . Indian wars-Survivors, 1,656; widows, 3,899. War with Spain -Invalids, 123; widows, 177.

NUMBER OF PENSION CLAIMS, PENSIONERS, AND DISBURSEMENTS, 1861-99.

| Fiscal Year End ing June 30. | $\frac{\text { Arxy and Nary. }}{\text { Claims Allowed. }}$ |  | Total Number of Applications Filed. | Total Number of Claims Allowed. | Number of Pensioners on theRoll. |  |  | Disbursements. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Invalids. | Widows, etc. |  |  | Invalids. | Widows, etc. | Total, |  |
| 1861 |  |  | 2,487 |  | 4.337 4.341 | 4.209 3.818 | $\begin{aligned} & 8,636 \\ & 8,159 \end{aligned}$ | \$1,072.461.55 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1862 \\ & 1863 \end{aligned}$ | 4,121 | 763 | 49,33:2 | 7.8884 | 4,341 | 3,418 | 8,159 14,791 | $\begin{array}{r} 790.384 .76 \\ 1,025.139 .91 \end{array}$ |
| 86 | 17.041 | 22.446 | 53.599 | 39,487 | 23,479 | 27.656 | 51.135 | 4,504.616.92 |
| 86 | 15,212 | 24959 | $72.68 \div$ | 40.171 | 35.880 | 50.106 | 85.986 | 8.525.153.11 |
| 1866 | 22, 883 | 27.294 | 65.256 | 50,177 | 55.652 | 71,070 | 126.722 | 13.459,996.43 |
| 1867 | 16.58 안 | 19,853 | 36.753 | 36, 48.2 | 69.565 | 83.618 | 153,183 | 18.619.956.46 |
|  | 9,460 | 19.461 | 20.763 | 28.921 | 75,957 | 93, 6886 | 169,643 | 24.010981 .99 |
| 1869 | 7,292 | 15.904 | 26,0: 6 | 23,196 | 82.859 | 105.104 | 187,963 | 28.422 884.08 |
| 1870 | 5,721 | 12,500 | 24.851 | 18.221 | 87.521 | 111,165 | 198,686 | 27.780811 .81 |
| 1871 | 7,934 | 8.399 | 43.964 | 16,562 | 93.391- | 114.101 | 207.495 | 33.077383 .63 |
| 187 | 6,468 | 7. 2.44 | 26.391 | 34,333 | 113,954 | 118,2\% | 232.299 | $30.169,341.00$ |
| 8 | 6,551 | 4.073 | 18.303 | 16,052 | 119.500 | 118,911 | 238,411 | $29.155,289.62$ |
| 18 | 5,937 | 3.152 | 16. 73.4 | 10,462 | 121.623 | 114.613 | 236,241 | 30.593, 749.56 |
| 18 | 5.760 | 4. 73.36 | 18. 70.4 | 11,152 | 122, 389 | 111.832 | 234. $8 \times 1$ | 29,683.116.63 |
| 1876 | 5.360 | 4.376 | 23.523 | 9,97 | 124. 239 | 107,898 | 232.137 | 28,351.599. 69 |
| 187 | 7,282 | 3.861 | 22.715 | 11,326 | 128, 72:3 | 103,381 | 232.104 | 28,580.157.04 |
| 1878 | 7.414 | 3.550 | 44.587 | 11,962 | 131.649 | 92.349 | 223.998 | 26, 844.415. 18 |
| 18 | 7.243 | 3,379 | 57.118 | 31,346 | 138.615 | 104.140 | 242.755 | 33,780,526.19 |
| 1880 | 10.176 | 4,455 | 141, 4666 | 19,545 | 145.410 | 105,392 | 250,802 | 57,240,540.14 |
| 188 | 21.394 | 3.920 | 31.116 | 27,394 | 164.110 | 104,720 | 268, 830 | 50,626.538.51 |
| 188 | 22,946 | 3.959 | 40, 939 | 27,66.t | 182, 633 | 103.064 | 285.697 | 54, 296, 280. 54 |
| 188 | 32,014 | 5.303 | 48,766 | 38,162 | 206.012 | 97.616 | 303,658 | 60,431.972.85 |
| 1884 | 27.414 | 6.366 | 41.785 | 34, 192 | 225.470 | 97,286 | 323.756 | 57.273,536. 74 |
| 188 | 27.580 | 7,743 | 40.918 | 35.767 | 247.146 | -97,979 | 345.125 | $65,693,706.72$ |
| 1856 | 31.937 | 8.610 | 49.893 | 40,857 | 270.346 | 95, 437 | 365.783 | $64,584.270 .45$ |
| 188 | 35.283 | 11.217 | 72.465 | 55, 194 | 306.298 | 99, 709 | 406.00 | 74.815.486.85 |
| 188 | 35.843 | 10,816 | 75,726 | 60.252 | 343, 701 | 108,856 | 452,557 | 79,646,146.37 |
| 1889 | 36.830 | 11.924 | 81.200 | 51.921 | 373.699 | 116,026 | 489,725 | 89, 131,968. 44 |
|  | 50.395 | 14.612 | 105.044 | 66,637 | 415,654 | 122, 290 | 537.944 | 106, 493,890. 19 |
| 1891 | 41.381 | 11.314 | 363.799 | 156.486 | 536.521 | 139,339 | 676.160 | 118,548.959.71 |
| 1892 | 17.876 | 7,287 | 193.345 | 224.047 | 70:3. 242 | 172,826 | 876,068 | 141,086,948. 84 |
| 1893 | 10.232 | 7.295 | 119.361 | 121.630 | 759.706 | 206.306 | 966,012 | 158, 155,342.51 |
| 189 | 6,129 | 4.225 | 40.148 | 39.045 | 754,382 | 215.162 | 969.544 | $140.772,163.78$ |
| 189 | 5,415 | 3,627 | 37,060 | 39, 18.5 | 750.951 | 219,567 | 970.524 | 140,959,361. 00 |
| 18 | 3,864 | 3,912 | 33,749 | 40,374 | 747,967 | 222,557 <br> 229 | 970,678 976.014 | $139,280.075 .6$ |
|  | 3,726 | 4,619 | 37.524 | 52,1618 | 746,829 760.853 | 2292, 861 | 9.6 .014 993.714 | 149, 748.818 .00 |
|  | 1,975 | 3,460 | 48,765 | 37,077 | 753,451 | 238,068 | 991,519 | 139, 4882, 696.00 |
| Total | 584, | , |  | 616,391) |  |  |  | 423,592,488.00 |

## UNITED STATES PENSION STATISTICS-Continued.

## Pension Agencies and Geographical Limits, June 30, 1899.



* Excepting the States in the Louisville and Washington districts.

The expenses of the Pension Bureau and of pension agencies in disbursing the pension fund during the fiscal year were $\$ 3,854,774.23$. From 1866 to 1899 inclusive, this expense has been $\$ 65,715,-$ 183.98. The names of the pension agents will be found in the list of officials of the Federal Government.

PENSIONERS IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY.

| Alabama... | 3,692 | Idaho. | 1,350 | Michigan | 45.17 | N |  |  | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaska T... |  | Illinois ... | 70,476 | Minn ...... | 16.554 | N. Dak... | 1,762 | Vermont... | 9,480 |
| Arizona T.. | 651 | Indiana- | 67.095 | Miss.. ..... | 4,095 | Ohio ..... | 105.627 | Virginia.. | 8.820 |
| Arkansas.. | 10,472 | Indian T. | 2.812 | Missouri.. | 53,876 | Okla. T.. | 6.861 | Washing'n | 5,765 |
| California. | 17,566 | Iowa ..... | 37,955 | Montana | 1,461 | Oregon | 5,031 | West Va... | 13,067 |
| Colorado | 7,438 | Kansas... | 41,791 | Nebras'a | 17,611 | Penn ...... | 104,681. | Wisconsin. | 28,005 |
| Conn | 12,058 | Kentuc'y | 28.927 | Nevada .. | 266 | R. Island | 4,404 | Wyoming . | 279 |
| Delaware. . | 2,743 | Louis'a... | 5,246 | N. Hamp | 9,042 | S. Car'a... | 1,627 | Foreiga | ,306 |
| D. of Col..... | 8.679 | Maine....̈ | 20.532 | N. Jersey | $20,824$ | S. Dak..... | $4.814$ |  |  |
| Florida... | 3.021 3,674 | Maryla'd Mass... ... | 12,939 | N. Mex... | 1,559 87,527 | Tenn ....... | $\begin{array}{r} 18,327 \\ 7,955 \end{array}$ | Total.... | 991,519 |

The oldest pensioner on the rolls June 30, 1899, was Hiram Crouk, aged 99 years.
WIDOWS OF REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIEPS ON PENSION ROLLS JUNE 30, 1599.

| NAME OF WIDOW. | Age. | Name of Soldier. | Service of Soldier. | Widow's Residence. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Damon, Esther S. | 85 | Damon, Noah | Massachusetts troops. | Plymouth Union, Vt. |
| Jones, Nancy. | 85 | Darling, James | North Carolina troops. | Jonesboro, Tenn. |
| Mayo, Rebec | 86 | Mayo, Stephen | Virginia troops.... | Newbera, Va. |
| Snead, Mary.. | 83 | Snead, Boivdoin | Virginia troops.. | Parksley, Va. |

It will be seen that it is possible that the widow of a Revolutionary soldier may be drawing a pension in the year 1916. For a similar reason the widow of a veteran of the late Civil War may be living in 2002, and of the war with Spain in 2050.

SURVIVOR OF THE WAR OF 1812 ON PENSION ROLLS JUNE 30, 1899.

| Name. | Age. | Service (troops). | Town. | State. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cronk, Hiram. | 99 | New York | North Western... | New York. |

Mrs. U. S. Grant and Mrs. J. A. Garfield receive pensions of $\$ 5,000$ a year; Mrs. Phil. Sheridan has $\$ 2,500$; elght, including Mrs. John C. Fremont, Mrs. Logan, and Mrs. George B. McClellan, receive $\$ 2,000$ a year, and forty-five receive $\$ 1.200$ a year. Among these are the widows of Generals Banks, Gresham, Custer, Doubleday, Hartranft, Robert Anderson, Casey, Gibbon, Kilpatrick, Mower, Paul, Ricketts, Warren, and Roussean, and Admiral Wilkes. Among the notable pensioners who receive pensions of $\$ 100$ a month are John A. Mcclernand, of illinois; ex-Senator John M. Thayer, of Lincoln, Neb. ; Franz Sigel, of New York, and John C. Black, of Chicago.

The following are the ratings per month for disabilities incurred in the service:
-Army.-Lieutenant-colonel and all officers of higher rank, $\$ 30$; major, surgeon, and paymaster, $\$ 25$; captain and chaplain, $\$ 20$; first lieutenant and assistant surgeon, $\$ 17$; second lieutenant and enrolling officer, $\$ 15$; enlisted men, $\$ 8$.

Navy.-Captain and all officers of higher rank, commander, surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, $\$ 30$; lientenant, passed assistant surgeon, surgeon, paymaster, and chief engineer, $\$ 25$; master, professor of mathematics, and assistant surgeon, $\$ 20$; first assistant engineer, ensign, and pilot, $\$ 15$; cadet midshipman, passed midshipman, midshipman, warrant officers, $\$ 10$; enllsted men, $\$ 8$.

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(Prepared for The World Almanac by the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department.)

## EXPORTS.

Merchandise and Specie Exported from the United States During the Fiscal Year
Ended Junk 30, 1899.

| Articles. | Quantities. | Values. | Articees. | Quantities. | Values. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Domestic Merchandise. |  |  | Oils. Domestic Merchandise. |  |  |
| Agricultural Implements...... | .... | \$12,432,197 | Oils: Auimal .................galls. | 2,109,504 | ¢704,127 |
| Animals... | .... | 37,880,916 | " Mineral, Crude . . . . . . . galla. | 113,088,060 | 5,202,892 |
| Books, Maps, Engravings, and other Printed Matter. |  | 2,656.13 ${ }^{\circ}$ | " Mineral, liefined or Manuf'd. |  | $51,070,276$ $13,809,335$ |
| Breadstuffs - Corn............... bush. | 174,089,094 | 68,977,448 | Paper, and Manufact |  | 6,477,>84 |
| " Wheat.............bush. | 139,432,815 | 104,269,1:9 | Paraftine, Paraffine Wax.........libs. | 6,0030,684 | $6.804,684$ |
| " Wheat Flour........bbls. | 18,485,6:0 | 73,09 ;,870 | Provisions: Beef Products...... . Ibs. | 476,030,644 | 34,087,614 |
| Carriages, Horse aud Railroad Cars... |  | 7,812,375 | " Hog Products......Jbs. | 1,178,2¢5,645 | 115,179,343 |
| Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Medicines. |  | 10,995,289 | " Oleomargarine......lis. | 147,939,814 | $9,693,362$ $8,919,078$ |
| Clocks aud Watches.... |  | 1,863,431 | " Dairy Products. |  | 7,629.211 |
| Coal: Anthracite. . . . . . . . . . . . . .tons | 1,571,581 | 6,475,596 | Seeds. Clover...................lba. | 19,982,234 | 1,264,922 |
| "6 Bituminous.................tons | 3,450,45 | 7,185,43 | ". All other...................... |  | 3,814,474 |
| Copper Ore.................................... | 5,910 | 440,575 1593 | Spirits, Distilled. .......proof galls. | 3,419,091 | 2,495,612 |
| tr Manufactures of. |  | 15,9>3.529 | Sugar, Molasse8, and Syrup....galls. | 15,752,730 | 1,910,241 |
| Cotton, Unmanufactured........... Ibs. | 3,787,919,1:2 | 210,089,576 | \%. Refined...............lbs. | 9,462,228 | $426,202$ |
| " Manufactures | .... | 23,566,914 | Tobacco. Unmanufactured.......lbs. | 283,613,122 | $25,467,218$ |
| Cycles, and Parts of................. | .... | 2,047,788 | " Manufactures of . . . . . . . . | .... | 6,178,9:8 |
| Fibres, Vegetable, and Textile Grasses, and Munufacturing of. |  | 3,093,102 | Vegetables. ${ }_{\text {Wood, and }}$ Manuactures uf. . . . . . . . . |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,799,400 \\ 41,489,526 \end{array}$ |
| Fish... ............................. |  | $5,169,811$ | All other Articles.................... |  | 103,969,057 |
| Fruits, Apples, Green or lipe..... bbls. | 350,222 |  |  |  |  |
| Fruits and Nuts, all other............. | .... | $\begin{aligned} & 6,687,02 b \\ & 3,092,846 \end{aligned}$ | Total Exports, Domestic Mdse.... Exports, Foreign Merchandise... |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,203,931,222 \\ 23,092,080 \end{array}$ |
| Furs and Fur Skins. ....................... <br> Hops.. | 21,145,512 | $3,092,845$ $3,626,144$ | Exports, Foreign Merchandise.... |  | 23,092,080 |
| Instruments for Scientific Purposes.,.. |  | 4,399.180 | Gold..... \{ Domestic... |  | \& $27,478,412$ |
| Iron and Steel, Manufactures of. |  | 93,716,031 | Gold..... \{Foreign..... |  | 10,013,674 |
| Leather, and Manufactures of |  | 23,466,985 | ver.... \{ Domestic.... |  | 51,168,770 |
| Musical Instruments |  | 1,791,843 | Foreign..... |  | 5,150,285 |
| Naval Stores | 167,170,869 | 9,989,955 | al Exports, Domestic \& Toreign |  | 20,864 |

## IMPORTS.

Merceandise and Epecie Imported Into the United States During the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1899.

| Articles. | Quantities. | Values. | Articless. | Quantities, | Values. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Merchandise. |  |  | Merchandise. |  |  |
| Animals. | $\ldots$ | $81,336,525$ | Molasses......... . . . . . . . . . . . galls. | 5,821,556 | \$789, 776 |
| Art Works... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2,458,978 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | Musical lnstruments.............. .... |  | 1,058,421 |
| Books, Maps, etc. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,856,577 | $3,08.3,391$ $1,458,252$ | Paints and Colors................... |  | 1,207,440 |
| Breadstuffs . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,856,57 | 2,544.765 | Paper Stock. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 2,191,589 |
| Chemicals, Drugs, Dyes, and Medicines | .... | 42,681,504 | Salt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . lbs. | $363,782,933$ | 55x,922 |
| Clooks and Watches............ ..... |  | 1,335,988 | Seeds. | 363,782, | 1,221,¢45 |
| Cosl, Bituminous. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .tons | 1,258,784 | 3,595,793 | Silk, Mannfactures of |  | 25,109,074 |
| Coffee . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Ibs. | 831,827,063 | 55,275,470 | " Unmaunfactur |  | 32,479,527 |
| Cotton, and Manufactrres of........... | - | 37,278,496 | Spices................. . . . . . . . . . . . . |  | 2,782,301 |
| Earthenware and China.............. | .... | 7,603,959 | Sugar. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1 bs. | 3,98ก,250,569 | 94,964,120 |
| Fibres, Vegetable, and Manufactures of. |  | 45,457,687 | 'rea............................ | 74,089,899 | 9,675,081 |
| Fish..................................... | .... | 5,959,929 | etc..........................lbs. | $67,342,107$ | 11,843,357 |
| Fruits and Nuts.. | .... | 18,317,201 | Tobacco, and Mannfactures of. . . . . . . |  | 12,044,252 |
| Furs, and Manafactures | .... | 10,661,262 | Toys. |  | 2,265,542 |
| Glass and Glassware.... | .... | 4,183,828 | Wines. |  | 6,590,206 |
| Ilats and Bonnets, Materials for. | .... | 2,426,726 | Wood, and Manufactures of |  | 14,502.355 |
| Hides and Skins... |  | 4, ,988,043 | Wool, and Manufactures of. |  | 22,155.518 |
| Hops...................... ${ }^{\text {lbs }}$ | 1,319,319 | 591,755 | All other Articles.. | .... | 80,201,634 |
| India Rubber and Gutta-Percha, and Mannfactures of. | .... | 32,370,098 | Total Merchandise | .... | \$697,148.489 |
| Iron and Steel, and Manufactures of. . | $\ldots$ | 12,100,440 |  |  |  |
| Jewelry and Precious Stones, and Manufactnres of Gold andSilver.... |  | 17,650,413 | Specie: Gold |  | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 83,964,603 \\ 30,675,056 \end{array}$ |
| Lead, and Manufactures of. . |  | 2,784,611 |  |  |  |
| Ieather, and Manufactures of......... |  | 11,116,647 | Total Imports............. . . . .. | . | 8816,728,148 |
| Liquors, Spirituous and Malt.......... | .... | 4,632,957 |  |  |  |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

VALUE OF IMPURTS AND EXPORTS OF MERCHANDISE, 1873-99.

| YrarEndingJune 30. | Expurts. |  | Total Exports. | Imports. | Total Exports <br> and <br> rmports. | Excess of Exports. | Excess of Imports. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic. | Foreign. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1873 | \$505,033,439 | \$17,446.483 | \$ $522,479,922$ | \$64, 135,210 | \$1,104,616,132 |  | \$119,65ً',000 |
| 187 | 569,433,421 | 16,849,619 | 586,283,040 | 567,406,342 | 1,153,689,382 | \$18,875,698 |  |
| 1875 | $499,284,100$ | 14,158,611 | 513,442,711 | 533,005,436 | 1,046,448,147 |  | 19,562,725 |
| 1876 | 525.582,247 | 14,802,424 | 540,384.671 | 460, 441,190 | 1,001,125,861 | 79,643,481 |  |
| 1877 | 589,670,224 | 12,804,996 | $602,475,220$ | 451,323,126 | 1,053,798,346 | 151,152,094 |  |
| 1878 | 680,709,268 | 14,156,498 | 694,865, 766 | 437.051,532 | 1,131,917,298 | 257,814,234 |  |
| 1879 | 698,340,790 | 12,098.651 | 710,439,441 | 445,777,775 | 1,156, 217,216 | 264,661,666 |  |
| 1880 | 823,946,353 | 11,692,305 | 835, 638,5อิ8 | 667,954,746 | 1,503,593,404 | 167,683,412 |  |
| 1881 | 883,925, 347 | 18,451,399 | 902,377,346 | 642,664.628 | 1,545, 041,974 | 20.9,712,718 |  |
| 1883 | $733,239.732$ | 17,302,525 | 750,542,257 | 724,639,574 | 1,475,181,831 | 25,902,683 |  |
| 1883 | 804,223,632 | 19.615,770 | 833,839,402 | 723,180,914 | 1,547,020,316 | 100,658,488 |  |
| 1884 | 724,964,852 | 15,548,757 | 740,513,509 | 667,697,693 | 1,408,211,302 | 72,815,916 |  |
| 1885 | 726,683,946 | 15,506,809 | 742,189,750 | 577,527,329 | 1,319,717,084 | 164,662,426 |  |
| 1886 | 665̈,964,529 | 13,560,301 | 679,524,830 | 635,436,136 | 1,314,960,966 | 44,088,694 |  |
| 1887 | 703,022,923 | 13,160,288 | 716,183,211 | 692,319,768 | 1,408,5012,979 | 23,863,443 |  |
| 1888 | 683,862,104 | 12,092,403 | 695̄,954,507 | 723,957,114 | 1,419,911,621 |  | 28,002,607 |
| $18 \times 9$ | 730,282,609 | 12,118,766 | 742,401,375 | 745,131,652 | 1,487, 533,027 |  | 2,730,277 |
| 1890 | 845,243,328 | 12.534,856 | 857,828,684 | 789,310,409 | 1,647,139,093 | 68,518,275 |  |
| 1891 | 872,270,283 | 12,210,027 | 881,480,810 | 844,916,196 | 1,729,397,006 | 39,564,614 |  |
| 189:3 | 1,015,732,(111 | 14,546,137 | 1,030,2;8,148 | 827,402,462 | 1,857,680,610 | 202,875,686 |  |
| 1893 | 831.030,785 | 16,634,409 | 847,665 ${ }^{\text {, }} 194$ | 866,400,922 | 1,714,066,116 |  | 18,735,728 |
| 1894 | 869,204,937 | 22,935,635 | 892,140,572 | 654,994,622 | 1,547,135, 194 | 237,145,950 |  |
| 1895 | 793,392,599 | 14,145, 266 | 807,538,165 | 731,969,965 | 1,539,508,130 | 75,568,200 |  |
| $189{ }^{\circ}$ | 863,200,487 | 19,406,451 | 882,606,938 | 779, 224,674 | 1,662,331,612 | 102,882,264 |  |
| 1897 | 1,032,007,603 | 18,985,953 | 1,050,993,556 | 764,730,412 | 1,815,723,968 | 286,263,144 |  |
| 1898 | 1,210,291,913 | 21.190417 | 1,231,482,330 | 616,050,654 | 1,847,532,984 | 615,481,676 |  |
| 1899 | 1,203,931,2:2 | 23.092,081) | 1,227,023,302 | 697,148.489 | 1,924,171,791 | 529,874,813 |  |

The imports and exports of specie are not included in the above table.
VALUE OF IMPORTS INTO AN゙D EXPORTS FROM THE UNITED STATES OF MERCHANDISE, YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1899.

| Countries. | Exports. |  | Imports. | Countries. | Exports. |  | Imports. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic. | Foreign. |  |  | 1)omestic. | Foreign. |  |
| Austria-Hungary........ | \$7,14, 419 | \$-30,516 | \$6,551.256 | Bulivia | 831, 2:8 |  |  |
| Azores \& Madeira Islands | -360,892 | 291970 | 9, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | Brazil | 12,142,830 | ¢96,206 | \$57, 775.747 |
| Belgium. | 48,866,076 | 291.957 | 10,55\%,030 | Chile. | 2,106,106 | 1,018 | 2,942,962 |
| Denmar | 16,594,809 | 11,019 | 281,198 | Colombia | 2,990,071 | 52,020 | 5,126,731 |
| Fran | 59,069,112 | 1,5:7, $5 \times 7$ | 62,146,056 | Ecuador | 880,392 | 2,199 | 1,054,653 |
| German | 153,265,513 | 2,506,666 | 84,225,777 | Guianas. |  |  |  |
| Gibralta | 566,536 | 1,425 | 17,996 | Bratish | 1,704,204 | 45,341 | 3,500,207 |
| Greece | 213,507 | .... | 944,521 | Ditch | 443,378 | 379 | 1,651,009 |
| Greenland, Iceland, etc.. | 159 |  | 78,418 | Fren | 168,670 | 1,420 | -37,9:9 |
| Italy .................... | 24, 892,037 | 142,903 | 24,832.746 | Paraguay | 10,751 |  | 160 |
| Malta, Gezo, | 143,105 | 975 | 9,770 | Perı. | 1,323,483 | 2,167 | 1,496,978 |
| Netherland | 78,727,644 | 578,354 | 14,457,620 | Uruguay | 1,216,488 | 26,334 | 1,281,109 |
| Portugal | 4.130,730 | 1,670 | 2,975,5U4 | Venezue | 2,811,859 | 39,775 | 6,507,847 |
| Roumania | 146,018 |  |  | Aden. | 993,741 |  | 1,924,941 |
| Russia, Baltic, etc...... | 7,29\%,706 | 8,362 | 2,830,223 | China. | 14,437,422 | 56,018 | 15,619,268 |
| Russia, Black Sea....... | 1185,599 | .... | 1,710,161 | East Indies : |  |  |  |
| Servia.. | 217 |  |  | British | 4,3:8,819 | 3,117 | 32,560,312 |
| Spain | 9,0:88,995 | 8,812 | 3,982,363 | Dutch. | 1,548,936 | 37 | 21,313,945 |
| Sweden and N | 12,204,947 | 12342 | 2,605,555 | French | 7,632 |  | *9 |
| Switzerland | 266,956 | 776 | 14,826,480 | Hong Ko. | 7,637.041 | 95,484 | 2,479,274 |
| Turkey in Europ | 352,3:4 | 2,153 | 2,359,830 | Japau | 17,158,9\%0 | 105,718 | 26,i16,814 |
| Gt. Britain and 1 | 505,668,925 | 6,109,780 | 118,488,217 | Korea. | 141,679 |  | 41,8 |
| Berminda. | 1,046,351 | 19,037 | 494,812 | Russin, Asiatic | 1,541,197 | 1,929 | 113,562 |
| British Honduras....... | 491,323 | 9,479 | 198,203 | Turkey in Asia......... | 167,173 | 570 | 3,284, 50 |
| British North America: |  |  |  | All other Asia. . . . . . . . | 124,678 |  | 78,4:1 |
| Nova Scotia, N. Brunswick, etc. | 4,323,869 | 386,179 | 3,702,990 | British Australasi | $19,624,896$ 274,576 | 152,233 12,548 | $3,502,402$ 290,557 |
| Quebec, Ontario, etc.. | 72,592,900 | 6,433,630 | 23,031,743 | Hawailan Islands | 9,006,671 | 29S,799 | 17,831,463 |
| British Columbia... | 4,093,610 | 144,772 | 4,486,234 | Tonga, Samoa, | 56,522 |  | 26,183 |
| Newfoundland and |  |  |  | Philippine Islan | 401,258 | 2,935 | 4,409,774 |
| Labrador........... | 1,587,198 | 8,299 | 383,168 | British Africa. | 15,130,790 | 24,8:0 | 1,306,74 |
| Central American States: |  |  |  | Canary Island | 211,289 | 5,337 | 24,193 |
| Costa Rica. | 1,210,057 | $3 ก, 893$ | 3,581,899 | French Africa | 542,508 | 1,047 | 585,629 |
| Gratemala | 1,071,811 | 31,152 | 2,111,264 | Liberia. | 18,402 | 10 | 9,390 |
| Hondura | 787,522 | 44,494 | 911,849 | Madagasca | 1,134 |  | 1,475 |
| Nicaragu | 1,018,312 | 168,199 | 1,514,630 | Portuguese Africa....... | 1,504,240 | 768 | 11,705 |
| Salvado | 617,302 | 8,107 | 1,085,703 | Spanish Africa......... |  | .. |  |
| Mexico . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 24,2 $2,5,5 \times 8$ | 1,199,547 | $2 \chi, 995,722$ | Egypt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 494,196 | ... | 7,489,929 |
| Miquelon, Langley, etc.. | 192,5¢9 | 2,115 | 86,283 | Tripoli | 278 |  | 60,066 |
| West Iudies: |  |  |  | All other Africa......... | 859,759 | 96 | 946,927 |
| British | 8,618,024 | 133,793 | 14,150,4<2 | All other 1slands and |  |  |  |
| Danish | 495,833 | 2,233 | 579,328 | Ports . . . . . . . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| Dutch | 4:0,7:32 | 3,703 | 246,912 | Auckland, Fiji, and Nor- |  |  |  |
| French | 1,531,573 | 11,411 | 28,735 | folk Islands. | 10,121 |  | 926,843 |
| Hayti. | 2,269,113 | 186,853 | 2,455,966 | German Oceaui | 27,573 |  |  |
| Santo Doming | 1,016,467 | 57,546 | 3,125,779 | Guam. | 6,883 |  | 10,649 |
| Cuba $\mathrm{Porto} \mathrm{Rico.................}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 17,247,952 \\ 2,633,400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,36 \times, 425 \\ 52,448 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,408,828 \\ 3,179,827 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Porto Rico........... Argentine Republic..... | $\begin{array}{r}2,633,400 \\ -228,768 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}52,448 \\ 324,142 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,179,827 \\ & 5,112,561 \end{aligned}$ | Tots | 1,203,931,222 | \$23,092,080 | \$697,148,489 |

# Emports and exports at furíntixal 捡orts 

OF THE UNITED STATES．

| Customs <br> Districts． | Year Ending June 30. |  |  |  | Customs <br> Districts． | Year Ending June 30. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Imports． |  | Exports． |  |  | lmports． |  | Exports． |  |
|  | 1893. | 1899. | 1898. | 1899. |  | 1898. | 1899. | 1898. | 1899. |
| Baltimore．．． | \＄3，907，118 | \＄9，151，155 | \＄118，845，580 | \＄107，156，240 | New York． | \＄402，281，050 | \＄465，559，650 | \＄44，515，794 | $\$ 459,444,217$ |
| Boston and Charlestown | 51，475，094 | 52，097，960 | 117，531，903 | 128，037，149 | Norfolk and Portsm＇th． | 201.030 | 208，005 | 13，978，4i8 | 13．831，233 |
| Brunswick．．． | 31，630 | 52，45，975 | 10，602，410 | 10，421，488 | Pensacola．． | 182，234 | 53，400 | 8，211．429 | 14．214，690 |
| Charleston． | 1，311，533 | 997，879 | 11，449， 130 | 8，059，158 | Philadelp＇a． | 31，419，997 | 41，222．528 | 56.244 .436 | 60.950 .065 |
| Detroit | 2，206，033 | 2，153，229 | 13，309，801 | 13，615，977 | Puget S＇und | 5．058， 069 | 7，239，718 | 17，918，626 | 15，200．340 |
| Galveston．．．． | 1，166，180 | 2，921，366 | 68，428，621 | 78，470， 681 | San Fran．．． | 42，821，945 | 35，746，577 | 41，2\％3，759 | 30，214，904 |
| New Orleans． | 9，664，457 | 11，917，659 | 112，826，681 | 87，993，277 | Savannah．． | 391，634 | 376，154 | 28，938，166 | 24，029，572 |
| N＇wy＇rt News | 1，066，727 | 1，332，426 | 30，287，521 | 28，177，817 |  | 1，631 | ， | ） |  |

## 

（Compiled for The World Almanac by the U．S．Bureau of Foreign Commerce．）

| CuUstries． | Imports． | Exports． | CoUntries． | Imports． | Exports． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Britaiu．．．．．．．．．．．． | S2，289，094，000 | \＄1，430，814，000 | Guatemala． | \＄3，880，000 | \＄19，775，000 |
| Irance．． | 1，077，441，000 | 901，985， 000 | Nicaragua． | 2，789，000 | 3，095，000 |
| Gernamy | 1，303，680，000 | 952，415，000 | Argentine Republic．．． | 107，428，000 | 133，829，000 |
| Italy． | 273，438，000 | 236，074，000 | Brazil ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 105，393，000 | 130，188，000 |
| Russia | 281，006，000 | 30゙4，492，000 | Chile | 50，437，000 | 49，860，000 |
| Swede | 99，625，000 | 94，600，000 | Ecuador | 6，972，000 | 4，034，000 |
| Denmar | 121，940，000 | 86，564，000 | Paraguay | 2，822，000 | 2，207，000 |
| Norway | 71，275，000 | 45，323，000 | Peru． | 8，138，000 | 12，768，000 |
| Spain． | 122，000，000 | 142，290，000 | Uruguay | 24，784，000 | 30，276，（100 |
| Switzerland（special |  |  | Venezuela | 13，241，000 | 21．510，000 |
| commerce）．．．．．．．．．． | 205，603，000 | 139，698，000 | British Ind | 291，992，000 | 324，822，000 |
| Belgium．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $632,847,000$ | 582，840，000 | China | 145，447，000 | 104，125，000 |
| Greece．． | 22，156，000 | 15，575，0100 | Japan． | 138，196，000 | 81，072，000 |
| Austria－Hungary． | $362,102,000$ | 306，497，000 | Cape Colony | $80.887,000$ | 117，343，000 |
| Netherlands．．．．．．．．．．．． | 682， 911,000 | 599，820，0c0 | Natal．．．．．．．．． | 25，905，000 | 10，716．000 |
| Fortugal． | $55,439.000$ | 41，087，000 | New South Wales． | 143，333，000 | 110，216，000 |
| Turkey in Europ | 105，908，000 | 60，500，000 | New Zealand． | 44，825，000 | 50，884，000 |
| Canada．． | 140，323，000 | 154，152，000 | Victoria．． | 81，605，000 | 77，242，000 |
| Mexico． | $50,869,194$ | 148，4n3， 834 | Queensland． | 26，420，000 | 44，241，000 |
| Costa Rica．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 4，258，000 | 5，659， 600 |  |  |  |

The figures for Sweden，Norway，Austria－Hungary，the Netherlands，Spain，Greece，Portugal， Chile，Ecnador，and Queensland relate to the year 1897，no later statistics being available．The im－ ports for Gintemala are given for 1898，but the exports refer to 1897．The figures for Costa Rica are for the tiscal year ending in March，1899．Imports for Venezuela are given for 1897；for exports， no later figures can be obtained than those relating to 1896．The figures for Peru are exclusive of Iquitos，uo returns having been rece ived from there．

## 

Accordivg to the United States Census of 1890 ，the number of persons engaged in manufactures In tive United states in the census year was $4,712,622$ ，and earned wages were $\$ 2,283,216,529$ ．

The value of products，including receipts from custom work and repairing，was $\$ 9,372,437,283$ ； number of establishments reporting， 322,638 ；capital，$\$ 6,139,397,785$ ；cost of materials used． $\$ 5,021,453,326$ ．

The value of the products of woollen mills in 1890 was $\$ 133,577.977$ ；worsted mills，$\$ 79.194 .652$ ； carpet mills，$\$ 47.770,193$ ；hosiery and knitting mills，$\$ 67.241,013$ ；cotton mills，$\$ 267,981,724$ ； silk mills，$\$ 87,298.454$ ；lumber and timber products，$\$ 465,934,244 ;$ chemicals，$\$ 177,811,833$ ．

No general statistic；of manufactures have been collected since tlie last census．The manufac－ turing industries of the United States will be covered by the Census of 1900．The detailed report of products by States was printed in The World Almanac for 1899.

## まりa！t $\sqrt{5}$ urnate Cayatity．

Total number of charcoal，anthracite，and coke furnaces in blast in the United States，and their total and average weekly capacity．（Tons， 2,240 pounds．）From the publications of the American Statistical Society，

| Dates． | Charcoal． |  |  | Anthractie and Coke． |  |  | Bituminous and Cokr． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Furnaces } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Blast. } \end{gathered}$ | Total Weekly Capacity． | Average Weekly Capscity． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Furnaces } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Blast. } \end{gathered}$ | Total Weekly Capacity． | Arerage Weekly Capacity． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Furnaces } \\ \text { in } \\ \text { Blast. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Weekly } \\ & \text { Capacity. } \end{aligned}$ | Averace Weekly Capacity． |
| January 1，1893．． | 15 | 4.725 | 315 | 29 | 20，669 | 713 | 146 | 202，585 | 1，388 |
| January 1，1897．． | 21 | 6，356 | 302 | 32 | 19，525 | 610 | 107 | 137.695 | 1，287 |
| Jaunary 1，1896． | 21 | 5，379 | 256 | 59 | 39，714 | 673 | 160 | 190，287 | 1，189 |
| January 1，1895．． | 19 | 5,395 3,759 | 229 | 37 30 | 21，182 | 572 510 | 127 83 | 148.810 88,937 | 1，172 |
| January 1，1893．． | 40 | 9，045 | 226 | 70 | 31，167 | 443 | 140 | 135449 | 2its |
| January 1，1892．． | 56 | 12，448 | 222 | 98 | 39，681 | 426 | 161 | 139，389 | 856 |

## Gmerictir and $\mathfrak{y}$ oreign Syipping.

UNITED STATES VESSELS, 1899.

| Class. | Engaged in ForeignTrade |  | Engaged in CoastwiseTrade. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Tonnage. | Number. | Tonnage. |
| Steamers. | 357 | 355,913 | 6,470 | 2,115,981 |
| Sailing Vessels | 927 | 481,316 | 13,510 | 1,849,332 |
| Barges.................................................................. | 1,284 | 837,229 | 19,980 | 3,965,313 |

The entire number of documented vessels is $22,728,0$, which 6,837 were steamers and 15,891 were vessels other than steamers, all aggregating $4,864,238$ tons.

The estimated value of the whole amount of floating property under the flag, according to the last census, was $\$ 215,069,296$. The statistics of the above table are for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899.

## SHIPBUILDING IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following table shows the class, number, and tonnage of the documented vessels built in this country during the last four years reported:

| Class. | 1896. |  | 1897. |  | 1898. |  | 1899. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number. | Tons. | Number. | Tons. | Number. | Tons. | Num. | Tons. |
| Sailing Vessels ..... | 369 | 65,237 | 338 | 64,309 | 359 | 34,416 | 420 | 98.073 |
| Steam Vessels...... | 286 | 138,028 | 288 | 106,153 | 394 | 105, 8:38 | 4:39 | 151,058 |
| Canal-Boats......... | 13 | 22,397 | 70 195 | 10,216 $11,5 \div 8$ | -20 | 2,386 37.818 | ${ }_{401}^{13}$ | 1,411 49,496 |
| Total ................. | 723 | 227,097 | 891 | 232,233 | 952 | 180,458 | 1,273 | 300,038 |

IRON AND STEEL TONNAGE BUIL'IN THF UNITED STATES, 1870-1899.

| Years. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sailing } \\ & \text { Vessels } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Barges. } \end{aligned}$ | Steam Vessels. | Total. | Years. | Sailing Vessels and Barges. | Steam <br> Vessels. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1870 | 679 | 7.602 | 8,281 | 1885 | 731 | 43,297 | 44,028 |
| 1871 | ...... | 15.480 | 15,480 | 1886 | 692 | 14,215 | 14,907 |
| 1872 | ...... | 12,766 | 12,766 | 1887 | 92 | 34,261 | 34,353 |
| 1873 | ...... | 26.547 | 26,547 | 1888 | 746 | 35,972 | 36.718 |
| 1874 |  | 33,096 | 33,096 | 1889 | 33 | 53,479 | 53.512 |
| 1875 |  | 21,631 | 21,631 | 1890 | 4,975 | 75, 402 | 80,377 |
| 1876 | ...... | 21,346 | 21,346 | 1891 | 6,309 | 99.309 | 105,618 |
| 1877 | ...... | 5.927 | 5,927 | 1892 | 5,282 | 46.092 | 51,374 |
| 1878 |  | 26.960 | 26,960 | 1893 | 13,104 | 81,428 | 94,532 |
| 1879 |  | 22,007 | 22,007 | 1894 | 4,649 | 46,821 | 51,470 |
| 1880 | 44 | 25.538 | 25,582 | 1895 | 5,975 | 42,619 | 48.594 |
| 1881 | 36 | 28.319 | 28,355 | 1896 | 16,832 | 96,388 | 113,2\%0 |
| 1882 |  | 40.096 | 40,096 | 1897 | 46.158 | 78,236 | 124,394 |
| 1883 | 2.033 | 37,613 | 39,646 | 1898 | 13,765 | 45.501 | 62.266 |
| 1884.. | 4,432 | 31,200 | 35,632 | 189 | 28,361 | 103,018 | 131,379 |

COMPARATIVE GROWTH OF THE TONNAGE OF TH\& MERCHANT NAVIES OF THE UNITED STATES AND OF THE PRINCIPAL MARITIME COUNTRIES OF EUROPE FROM 1850 TO 1898.

| Countries. | 1850. | 1860. | 1870. | 1880. | 1890. | 1894. | 1895. | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American. | 3,485, 266 | 5,299,175 | 4,194,740 | 4,068,034 | 4,424,497 | 4,684,029 | 4,635,930 | 4,703,880 | 4,769,020 | 4,749,738 |
| British. | 4,232,962 | 5,710,968 | 7,149,134 | 8,447,171 | 11,597,106 | 13,192,566 | 13,424,146 | 13,563,597 | 13,641,116 | 13,998,508 |
| French. | 688,153 | 996,124 | 1,072,048 | 919,298 | 1,045,102 | 1,128,369 | 1,154,783 | 1,148,970 | 1,248,739 | 1,242,091 |
| Norwegian....... | 298,315 | 558,927 | 1,022,515 | 1,518,655 | 1,584,355 | 1,703,920 | 1,713,611 | 1.705, 12.2 | 1,679,8ャ2 | 1,694,230 |
| Swedish. |  |  | 3.46,862 | 542,642 | 475,964 | 505,669 | 515,010 | 552,888 | 560, 841 | 605,991 |
| Danish. |  |  | 178,646 | 249,466 | 280,065 | 362,358 | 366,585 | 388,540 | 431,153 | 511,958 |
| German |  |  | 982,355 | 1,182,097 | 1,569,311 | 1,841,014 | I, 865,490 | 1,930,460 | 2,006,950 | 2,453,324 |
| Dutch. | 292,576 | 433,922 | 389,614 | 328,281 | 378,784 | 467,872 | 469,695 | 497,451 | 465,736 | 455,609 |
| Belgia | 34,919 | 33,111 | 30,149 | 75,666 | 110,571 |  | 116,331 | 132,46 | 134,891 | 151,842 |
| Italian |  |  | 1,012,164 | 999,196 | 816,567 | 835,274 | 838,101 | 821,953 | 822,876 | 875,551 |
| Austro-Hungarian. |  |  | 329,377 | 290,971 | $269,6.48$ | 302,656 | 308,119 | 295,8u5 | $32.4,332$ | 380,414 |
| Greek............. |  | 263,075 | 404,063 |  | 307,6.40 | 373,523 | 381,180 | 385,935 | 397,896 | 283,643 |

The above tables have been compiled from the report of the Commissioner of Navigation of the United States. The same authority gives the tonnage of the merchant navy of the United States in 1899 as $4,864,238$.

## 

FROM 1869 'TO 1899, INCLUSIVE.
(Compiled by the Bureau of Statistics, Treasury Department.)

| Years. | Estimated PopulationJune 1. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Debt, } \\ & \text { less } \\ & \text { cash iu } \\ & \text { Treas- } \\ & \text { ury. } \end{aligned}$ | Interest paid. | Net ordinary receipts. | Net ordinary expenditures. | Dis-burse-ment forpen-sions. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { COINAGE, PER } \\ & \text { CapITA OF } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Gold. | Silver. |
| 1869 | 37.756,000 | ¢64.43 | 83.32 | 89.82 | \$8.55 | \$0.78 | \$0.47 | \$0.03 |
| 1870 | 38,558.371 | 60.46 | 3.08 | 10.67 | 8. 03 | . .72 | . 60 | . 04 |
| 1871 | 39555.000 | 56.81 | 2.83 | 9. 69 | 7.39 | . 84 | . 53 | 08 |
| 1872 | 40596000 | 52.96 | 2.56 | 9.22 | 6.84 | . 74 | . 54 | 06 |
| 1873 | 41677.000 | 50.52 | 2.35 | 8.01 | 6.97 | . 70 | 1.37 | 15 |
| 1874 | 42,796.000 | 49.17 | 2.31 | 7.13 | 7.07 | . 71 | 82 | 10 |
| 1875 | 43.951 .000 | 47.55 | 2. 20 | 6.55 | 6.25 | 68 | . 75 | 36 |
| 1876 | 45137.000 | 45.66 | 2.11 | 6.52 | 5.87 | 63 | 1.03 | . 51 |
| 1877 | 46.353000 | 43. 56 | 2.01 | 6.07 | 5.21 | . 62 | . 95 | . 64 |
| 1878 | 47,598.000 | 42.01 | 1. 99 | 5.41 | 4.98 | 56 | 1.05 | 60 |
| 1879 | 48.866,000 | 40.86 | 1. 71 | 5.60 | 5.46 | 69 | . 80 | 56 |
| 1880 | 50.155 .783 | 38. 27 | 1.59 | 6.65 | 5.34 | 1.14 | 1.24 | . 55 |
| 1881 | 51.316 .000 | 35.46 | 1. 46 | 7.01 | 5.07 | 1.98 | 1.89 | . 54 |
| 1882 | 5.2 .495 .000 | 31.91 | 1. 09 | 7.64 | 4.89 | 1. 03 | 1.26 | 53 |
| 1883 | 53.693000 | 28.66 | 96 | 7.37 | 4.90 | 1.13 | . 54 | 54 |
| 1884 | 54.911 .000 | 26.20 | . 87 | 6. 27 | 4.39 | 1.04 | . 44 | . 52 |
| 1885 | 56.148 .000 | 24.50 | . 8.4 | 5.77 | 4.64 | 1.17 | . 49 | 51 |
| 1886 | 57,404.000 | 22.34 | . 79 | 5. 76 | 4.15 | 1.13 | . 50 | . 56 |
| 1887 | 58.680000 | 20.03 | . 71 | 6.20 | 4.47 | 1.27 | . 41 | . 60 |
| 1888 | 59.974 .000 | 17.72 | . 65 | 6.32 | 4.33 | 1.33 | . 52 | . 57 |
| 1859 | 61.289 .000 | 15. 92 | . 53 | 6. 01 | 7.85 | 1.45 | . 35 | . 58 |
| 1890 | 62,622 250 | 14. 22 | . 47 | 6.44 | 4. 75 | 1. 71 | . 33 | . 63 |
| 1891 | 63,975.000 | 13.32 | . 37 | 6. $1 \frac{1}{1}$ | 5.55 | 1.85 | . 46 | . 43 |
| 1892 | 65.403 .000 | 13. 86 | . 35 | 5.43 | 5.28 | 2.16 | . 53 | 19 |
| 1893 | 66.826 .000 | 12.55 | . 34 | 5.77 | 6.87 | 2.37 | . 85 | . 13 |
| 1894 | 68,275,100 | 13.17 | . 37 | 4. 36 | 6. 48 | ${ }_{2}^{2.07}$ | 1.17 | . 13 |
| 1895 | 69.753,000 | 12.93 | . 44 | 4.49 | 5.11 | 2. 03 | . 85 | . 08 |
| 186 | 71.263 .000 | 13. 41 | . 48 | 4.59 | 4.94 | 1. 96 | . 65 | . 33 |
| 1897 | 72.807 .000 | 13.55 | . 47 | 4.78 | 5.02 | 1. 94 | 1.02 | 25 |
| 1898 | 74.389000 | 13. 81 | 46 | 5.45 | 5.96 | 1.98 | 1.05 | 31 |
| 1899. | 76,011.000 | 15.20 | 53 | 6.78 | 7.97 | 1.83 | ..... | .... |


| YEARS | $\begin{gathered} \text { INTERNAL REV- } \\ \text { ENUE. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { A mount } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { money } \\ \text { in the } \\ \text { United } \\ \text { States. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Money in circulation. | Coin value of paper money July 1. | Commercial ratio of silver to gold. | Customs Revenue. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Collected. | Expenses of collecting. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aver } \\ & \text { valore } \\ & \text { d } \end{aligned}$ | e ad rate of | Expenses |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { lected } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { capita. } \end{aligned}$ | On dutiable. | ```On free and dutia- ble.``` | of collecting customs revenue. |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Perct. } \\ 4.59 \end{gathered}$ | \$18.95 | \$17.60 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cents. } \\ & 73.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ratio. } \\ & 15.60 \end{aligned}$ | \$4.68 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per ct } \\ & 47.22 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Perct } \\ & 44.65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Perct. } \\ 2.99 \end{gathered}$ |
| 1869. | 54.19 4.79 | 4.59 3.92 | 18.73 | 17.60 17.50 | 85.6 | $15.57$ | +4.96 | 47.08 | 4.2.23 | 3.20 |
| 151 | 3. 62 | 5. 30 | 18.75 | 18.10 | 89.0 | 15.57 | 5.12 | 43.95 | 38.94 | 3.18 |
| 1872 | 3.22 | 4.36 | 18.79 | 18.19 | 875 | 15.63 | 5.23 | 41.35 | 37.00 | 3. 21 |
| 1873 | 2.75 | 4.69 | 18.58 | 18.04 | 86.4 | 15.92 | 4.44 | 38.07 | 26.95 | 3.76 4 |
| 1874. | 2.39 | 4.40 | 18.83 | 18.13 | 91.0 | 16. 13 | 3.75 | 38.53 40.62 | 26.88 28.20 | 4.49 4.47 |
| 1875. | 3.52 2.59 | 3.89 3.38 | 18.16 | 17.16 16.12 | 87.2 89.5 | 16.59 | 3.51 | 40.62 | 28.20 39.19 | 4.47 4.53 |
| 1876. | 2.59 2.56 | 3.38 2.99 | 17.53 16.46 | 16.12 15.58 | 89.5 | 17.88 17.22 | 3. 27 | 42. 89 | 39.19 26.68 | 4.53 4.96 |
| 187 | 2.32 | 2.96 | 16.62 | 15.32 | 99.4 | 17.94 | 2.67 | 42.75 | 27.13 | 4.48 |
| 1879 | 2.32 | 3.10 | 21.52 | 16. 75 | 100 | 18.40 | 2. 73 | 44.87 | 28.97 | 3.99 |
| 1880 | 2.47 | 2.95 | 24.04 | 19.41 | 100 | 18.05 | 3.64 | 43.48 | 29.07 | 3.23 |
| 1881. | 2.64 | 3.20 | 27.41 | 21.71 | 100 | 18. 16 | 3.78 | 43. 20 | 29.75 | 3.22 |
| 188.2 | 2. 79 | 2. 80 | 28.20 | 22.37 | 100 | 18.19 | 4.12 | 42.66 | 30.11 | 2.95 |
| 1883. | 2.69 | 3.06 | 30.61 | 22. 91 | 100 | 18.64 | 3.92 | 42.45 | 29.94 | 3.07 |
| 1884. | 2.21 | 3.47 | 31.06 | 23.65 | 100 | 18.57 | 3.17 | 41. 61 | 28.44 30.59 | 3.44 |
| 1885. | 2.00 | 3.42 | 32.37 31 | 23.02 21.82 | 100 | 19.71 | 3. 36 | 45.86 45.55 | 30.59 30.13 | 3.58 3.33 |
| 18 | 2.03 2.02 | 3.06 3.22 | 31.51 32.39 | 21.82 | 100 | 21.13 | 3.65 | 47.10 | 31.02 | 3.16 |
| 188 | 2.07 | 2.92 | 34.40 | 22.5 | 100 | 21.99 | 3.60 | 45.63 | 29.99 | 3. 27 |
| 1889. | 2.13 | 2.88 | 33.86 | 22.52 | 100 | 22.09 | 3. 60 | 45.13 | 29.50 | 3.14 |
| 1890. | 2.28 | 2.65 | 34.24 | 22.8 | 100 | 19.76 | 3.62 | 44.41 | 29. 12 | 2.99 |
| 1891 | 2.28 | 2.75 | 34.31 | 23.41 | 100 | 20.92 | 3.38 | 46. 28 | 25. 25 | 3.175 |
| 1892. | 2.35 | 2.52 | 36. 21 | 24.44 | 100 | 23. 72 | 2.66 .2 .97 |  | 21.26 23.49 | 3.75 3.32 |
| 1893. | 2.41 | 2.57 | 34.70 35.39 | 23.85 24.28 | 100 | 26.49 32.56 | 2.97 1.90 | 49.58 519.06 | 23.49 20.25 |  |
| 1894. | 2.15 2.06 | 2.55 2.62 | 35 34.39 34 | 24.28 <br> 2.2 <br> 2.3 | 100 100 | 32.56 31.60 | 1. 2.14 | 51. 06 41.75 | 20.25 20.23 | 4.43 |
| 1846 | 2.06 | 2.62 | 32.86 | 21.10 | 100 | 30.66 | 2. 20 | 40. 18 | 20.67 | 4.52 |
| 1597 | 2. 42 | ${ }_{2} .46$ | 34.25 | 22. 49 | 100 | 34.28 | 2.37 | 42.41 | $\div 1.89$ | 4.01 |
| 1898. | 2.30 | 2.17 | 35, 39 | 24.71 | 100 | 35.03 | 1.96 | 40.20 |  | 4.7 |
| 1899. | 3.60 | 1.59 | 36.12 | 25.00 | 100 |  | 2. 66 | 50.21 | 29. | 3.5 |


FROM 1869 TO 1899, INCLUSIVE.
(Compiled by the Bureau of Statistics, Treasury Department.)

| Yrars. | Merchandise Imported for Consumption, per capita. | Domestic Merchandise. |  | Imports and Exports of Merchandise Carried in American Vessels. | Consumption of Wool. |  | Per Cent of Dom |  | Production | Exported. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Exports, } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { capita. } \end{aligned}$ | Exports of Agricultural Products (per cent of total exports). |  | Total, per capita. | Per Cent Foreign. | Cotton. | Wheat. | Corn. | Mineral Oil. |
| 1869 | \$10.45 | \$7. 29 | 75.35 | Per cent. 33.18 | Pounds. 5. 78 | 17.8 | 57.01 | 13. 27 | . 91 | 60.101 |
| 1870 | 11. 06 | 9.77 | 78.40 | 35.59 | 5.43 | 22.7 | 65.98 | 20. 72 | 24 | 61.37 |
| 1871 | 12.65 | 10.83 | 70.74 | 31.87 | 5.73 | 29.4 | 72. 39 | 22.30 | 98 | 69.62 |
| 1872 | 13.80 | 10.55 | 74.13 | 29.15 | 6. 75 | 45.3 | 67.44 | 16.88 | 3.60 | 54.60 |
| 1873 | 15.91 | 12.12 | 76.10 | 26.37 | 5. 67 | 33.2 | 65.47 | 20.80 | 3.67 | 57.85 |
| 1874 | 13. 26 | 13.31 | 79.37 | 27.17 | 4.81 | 17.5 | 70.03 | 32.54 | 3.86 | 51.233 |
| 1875 | 11.97 | 11. 36 | 76.95 | 26. 21 | 5. 28 | 23.1 | 70.69 | 23.60 | 3.53 | 46. 50 |
| 1876 | 10. 29 | 11. 64 | 71.67 | 27.67 | 5.21 | 18.3 | 70.75 | 25.58 | 3.86 | 68.69 |
| 1877 | 9.49 | 12.72 | 72.63 | 26.91 | 5.16 | 16.3 | 68.97 | 19.73 | 5.66 | 64.54 |
| 1878 | 9.21 | 14.39 | 77.07 | 26.31 | 5. 28 | 16.9 | 71.23 | 25.29 | 6.49 | 54.02 |
| 1879 | 8.99 | 14. 29 | 78.12 | 22.99 | 5.03 | 14.2 | 67.74 | 35.82 | 6.33 | 50.42 |
| 1880 | 12.51 | 16. 43 | 83.25 | 17.43 | 6.11 | 34.9 | 65. 73 | 40.18 | 6.43 | 31.41 |
| 1881 | 12.68 | 17.23 | $8{ }^{2} .63$ | 16.49 | 5. 66 | 17.3 | 68.47 | 37.38 | 5. 46 | 44. 29 |
| 1882 | 13.64 | 13.97 | 75.31 | 15.77 | 6.36 | 19 | 67.23 | 31.82 | 3.71 | 39.21 |
| 1883 | 13.05 | 14.98 | 77 | 16. 04 | 6. 62 | 18.7 | 67.20 | 29.33 | 2.58 | 54. 13 |
| 1884 | 12.16 | 13. 20 | 73.98 | 17.16 | 6.85 | 20.6 | 67.56 | 26. 49 | 2. 99 | 53.55 |
| 1885 | 10.32 | 12.94 | 72.96 | 15. 29 | 6.69 | 18 | 68.96 | 25.86 | 2.95 | 61.11 |
| 1886 | 10.89 | 11. 60 | 72.82 | 15.52 | 7.39 | 28.9 | 64.68 | 26.48 | 3.35 | 50.21 |
| 1887 | 11.65 | 11. 98 | 74.40 | 14.30 | 6. 68 | 27.4 | 68.71 | 33.66 | 2.48 | 50.67 |
| 1888 | 11.88 | 11. 40 | 73.23 | 13.98 | 6.31 | 28.9 | 65. 83 | 26.23 | 1.74 | 49.37 |
| 1889 | 12.10 | 11.92 | 72.87 | 14. 34 | 6.33 | 31.8 | 69.33 | 21.31 | 3.57 | 46. 09 |
| 1890 | 12. 35 | 13.50 | 74.51 | 12. 87 | 6. 03 | 27 | 68.15 | ${ }_{2} 2.31$ | 4.85 | 36. 06 |
| 1891 | 13.36 | 13. 63 | 73.69 | 12.46 | 6. 43 | 30.8 | 67.36 | 26.60 | 2.15 | 29.73 |
| 1892 | 12.44 | 1553 | 78.69 | 12.34 | 6.72 | 33.1 | 65.13 | 36.88 | 3. 72 | 37.35 |
| 1893 | 12.64 | 12.44 | 74. 05 | 12. 20 | 7.05 | 35.7 | 65.99 | 37.20 | 2.89 | 45. 10 |
| 1894 | 9.32 | 12. 73 | 72.28 | 13. 30 | 5. 08 | 14.2 | 71.20 | 41.47 | 4. 11 | 53. 26 |
| 1895 | 10.48 | 11. 37 | 69.73 | 11. 70 | 6.32 | 46.1 | 69.83 | 31.46 | 2.36 | 50.76 |
| 1896 | 10.66 | 12.11 | 66.02 | 12.00 | 6.88 | 45.9 | 65.00 | 27.07 | 4.70 | 47.44 |
| 1897 | 10.84 | 14.17 | 66. 23 | 11.00 | 8. 26 | 57.8 | 70.59 | 33.93 | 7.83 | 44.78 |
| 1898 | 789 | 16. 27 | 70.54 | 9.30 | 5.34 | 48.9 | 67.82 | 40.91 | 11. 14 | 47.17 |
| 1899 | 9.02 | 15.84 | 65.20 | 8.90 | 4.40 | 32.8 | 65.37 | 32.97 | 9.21 | 45.73 |


| Yearg. | Consumption per capita of- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Tonnage <br> of Vessels <br> Per cent <br> annual in- <br> crease or <br> decrease <br> $(+$ or -$)$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Raw | Wheat | Corn. | Sugar. | Coffee. | Tea. | Dis. tilled spirits | Malt Liq'rs. | Wines. |  |
|  | Lbs. | Bush. | Bush. | Lbs. | Lbs. | Lbs. | Proof galls. | Galls. | Galls. |  |
| 1869 | 12.88 | 5.21 | 23. 79 | 35 | 6.45 | 1.08 | 1.69 | 5.21 |  | $+4.76$ |
| 1870 | 12.82 | 5.41 | 22.62 | 33 |  | 1.10 | 2.07 | 5.31 | .32 | +2. 41 |
| $1{ }^{187}$ | 14.10 | 4. 69 | ${ }_{2}^{27.40}$ | 36.2 | 7.91 | 1.14 | 1. 62 | 6.10 | . 40 | +.85 |
| 187 | 11.10 | 4.79 | ${ }_{2}^{21 .} 098$ | 40.4 <br> 39 | 7.28 | 1. 46 | 1.68 | 6. 66 | . 41 | +3.62 |
| 1874 | 13.60 | 4.81 4.46 | 20.95 | 41.5 | 6.89 | 1. 1.27 | 1.63 |  | . 48 | +5.82 |
| 1875 | 11.90 | 5.38 | 18.66 | 43.6 | 7.08 | 1. 44 | 1.50 | 6. 71 | . 45 | +1.10 |
| 1876 | 14. 77 | 4.89 | 28.14 | 35.2 | 7.33 | 1. 35 | 1.33 | 6.83 | . 45 | 11.83 |
| 1877 | 14.03 | 5. 01 | 26.13 | 38.9 | 6. 94 | 1. 23 | 1.28 | 6.58 | . 47 | -. 86 |
| 1878 | 13. 71 | 5.72 | 26.37 | 34.3 | 6. 24 | 1.33 | 1.09 | 668 | . 47 | - 70 |
| 1879 | 15.90 | 5.58 | 26.61 | 40.7 | 7.42 | 1.21 | 1.11 | 7.05 | . 50 | $-1.02$ |
| 1 ¢¢0 | 18.94 | 5.35 | 28.88 | 42.9 | 8. 78 | 1.39 | 1. 27 | 8.26 | . 56 | -2.43 |
| 1 s 51 | 19.64 | 6.09 | 31.64 | 44.2 | 8.25 | 1.54 | 1.38 | 8.65 | . 47 | -. 25 |
| 1882 | 16.15 | 4.98 | 21.92 | 48.4 | 8. 30 | 1.47 | 1.40 | 10.03 | . 49 | +2.66 |
| 1883 | 20.80 | 6.64 | 29.24 | 51.1 | 8.91 | 1.30 | 1. 46 | 10. 27 | . 48 | +1.67 |
| 1884 | 16.30 | 5.64 | 27.40 | 53.4 | 9.26 | 1.09 | 1.48 | 10.74 | . 37 | +. 84 |
| $1>85$ | 15.16 | 6.77 | 81.04 | 51.8 | 9.60 | 1.18 | 1.25 | 10.62 | . 39 | $\bigcirc .12$ |
| 1886 | 19.59 | 4.57 | 32.60 | 56.9 | 9.36 | 1.37 | 1.26 | 11.20 | . 45 | -3.16 |
| 1887 | 16.84 | 5.17 | 27.68 | 52.7 | 8.53 | 1.49 | 1.21 | 11. 23 | . 55 | $\overline{-61}$ |
| 1888 | 19.59 | 5.62 | 23.86 | 56.7 | 6.81 | 1.40 | 1.26 | 12. 80 | . 61 | +2.10 |
| 1889 | 17.23 | 5.34 | 31.28 | 51.8 | 9. 16 | 1.29 | 1. 32 | 12.72 | . 56 | +2.75 |
| 1890 | 18.50 | 6. 09 | 32. 09 | 52.8 | 7.83 | 1.33 | 1.40 | 13.67 | . 46 | +2.71 |
| 191 | 22.02 | 4.58 | 22.79 | 66.1 | 7.99 | 1.29 | 1. 42 | 15. 28 | . 45 | +5. 88 |
| 1.92 | 24.03 | 5.91 | 30.33 | 63.5 | 9.63 | 1.37 | 1.50 | 15.10 | . 44 | +1. 71 |
| 1893 | 17.07 | 4.85 | 23.66 | 63.4 | 8.25 | 1.32 | 1.51 | 16.08 | 48 | +.79 |
| 1894 | 15.91 | 3.41 | 22.76 | 66 | 8.01 | 1.34 | 1.33 | 75.18 | 31 | $-2.50$ |
| 1895 | 22.48 | 4.54 | 16.98 | 62. C | 9.22 | 1.38 | 1.12 | 14.95 | 28 | -1.03 |
| 1896 | 18.40 | 4.78 | 30.19 | 61.6 | 8.04 | 1.31 | 1. 00 | 15.16 | 26 | +1.47 |
| 1897 | 18.46 | 3. 88 | 28, 91 | 64.5 | 9.95 | 1.55 | 1.01 | 14.69 | 53 | +1.38 |
| 1. | 25. 26 | 4. 21 | ${ }_{20}^{20} 73$ | 61.1 | 11.45 | .91 | 1.10 | 15.64 | 28 | $\bigcirc{ }^{-10}$ |
| 1899 | 27.06 | 5.95 | 22. 98 |  | 10.55 | . 96 | 1.15 | 14.96 |  | +2. 41 |

#  

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & \text { Y'EAR } \end{aligned}$ | No. of PostOflices. | Extent of Post Routes in Miles. | Revenue of the Department. | Expenditure of the Department. | Amount Paid for |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Salaries of Postmasters. | Transportation of the Mail. |
| 1865 | 20,550 | 142.340 | \$14.556.159 | \$13,694 728 | \$3.383.382 | \$6.246 884 |
| 1870 | 28.492 | 231, 232 | 19.772 .221 | 23998837 | 4,673,466 | 10884 65:3 |
| 1875 | 35,547 | 277873 | 26,791.360 | 33.611309 | 7,049 936 | 18.777201 |
| 1876 | 36,383 | 281.798 | 27, 895,908 | 33.263 .488 | 7397397 | 18.361.048 |
| 1877 | 37345 | 292.820 | 27.468 .323 | 33.486322 | 7 295, 251 | 18529.238 |
| 1878 | 39.258 | 301.966 | 29,277517 | 34.165,084 | 7.977852 | 19.262 .421 |
| 1879 | 40855 | 316.711 | 30.041 .983 | 33,449,899 | 7,185 540 | 20.012,872 |
| 1880 | 42.989 | 343888 | 33,315,479 | 36542.804 | 7,701,418 | 22 255,984 |
| 1881 | 44.512 | 344,006 | 36785.398 | 39,251 736 | 8,298,743 | 23.196 .032 |
| 1882 | 46,231 | 343.618 | 41,876,410 | 40,039,635 | 8.964,675 | 22,846,112 |
| 1883 | 47.863 | 353166 | 45,508.693 | 42,816 700 | 10,319 441 | 23067323 |
| 1884 | 50,017 | 359,530 | 43,338, 127 | 46,404, 960 | 11,283,831 | 25359816 |
| 1885 | 51.252 | 365.251 | 42.560 .844 | 49.533.150 | 11,431.305 | 27,765 124 |
| 1886 | 53.614 | 366.667 | 43,948. 423 | 50.839,435 | 11 348,178 | 27,553 239 |
| 1887 | 55,157 | -373,142 | 48,837610 | 52,391,678 | 11999.481 | 28,185,769 |
| 1888 | 57.281 | * 403,977 | 52,695.176 | 55.795 .358 | 12,600.186 | 29.151168 |
| 1889 | 58,999 | * 416159 | 56,175,611 | 61.376,847 | 13,171.382 | 31893,359 |
| 1890 | 62,401 | 427,991 | 60.882097 | 65.930,717 | *13.753.096 | 33.885,978 |
| 1891 | 64,329 | 439, 027 | 65.931,786 | 71,662,463 | 14,527,000 | 36805,621 |
| 1892 | 67,119 | 447,591 | 70,930,475 | 76323,762 | 15,249,565 | 38837236 |
| 1893 | 68,403 | 453, 832 | 75,896,933 | $81.074,104$ | 15,862 621 | 41.179 .054 |
| 1894 | 69,805 | 454, 746 | 75, 080, 479 | 81,324, 414 | 15,899,709 | 45,375,359 |
| 1895 | 70,064 | 456 0. 0.6 | 76, 983, 128 | $86,790,172$ | 16,079,508 | 46:336,326 |
| 1896 | 70,360 | 463,313 | 82,499,208 | 90,626,296 | 16,576,674 | 47,993,067 |
| 1898 | $71,022$ | 470,032 480,462 | $82,665,462$ | 9.94 .077242 | 16,917,621 | 49,862,074 |
| 1898 | $73570$ | 480.462 | 89012.618 | 98.033 .523 | 17,460,621 | 51780,283 |
| 1899 | 75,000 | 496.948 | 95,021,384 | 101, 632,160 | 18,223,506 | 53,331,557 |

*Includes mail messenger and special office service. Of the whole number of post-offices at the close of the fiscal year, June $30,1899,3.993$ were Presidential offices and 71.007 were fourth-class offices.

The number of pieces of postal matter of all kinds which pass through the mails of the United States annually is abou. $6,576,310,000$. The annuai aggregate number of letters transmitted through the post-offices of the world may be estimated at $8,000,000,000$, and of newspapers, 5,000,000.000.

## Builaing ant zoan stsociatiouts.

(Statistics compiled by the United States Commissioner of Labor.)
General Results for the United States. *

|  | Local. | National. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of associatio | 5598 | 240 | 5838 |
| Number of shareholders. male | a 710.156 | a 209.458 | a 919,614 |
| Number of shareholders, female | a 263.388 | a 44,440 | a 307,828 |
| Number of shareholders, total. | L 1,359.366 | ¢ 386.359 | bl 745,725 |
| Average number of shareholders per association | $b 244.5$ | ¢ 1,637.1 | 4301.2 |
| Number of shareholders who are borrowers... | c 402.212 | c 53,199 | c 455,411 |
| Percentage of shareholders who are borrowers Number of shares.............................. | c 29.83 | c 13.77 | c 26.25 |
| Number of shares | d10.381.031 | d2.874,841 | d 13255872 |
| Total net assets............ | \$413647.228 | $\$ 37,020.366$ $e 7.2$ | \$450667.594 |
| Average net assets per sharehold | $e \$ 303.11$ | $e ¢ 8673$ | e\$257. 26 |
| Average value of shares. | $e$ S39.75 | $e$ e S12.12 | e 83418 |
| Total profits | \$74.402 969 | \$6 261, 147 | \$80.664,116 |
| A verage size of loans | f $\$ 1133$ | $f \$ 920$ | f81,120 |
| Homes acquired..... | g 290,803 | $g 23,952$ | g314,755 |

* These statistics are for 1893, being the latest general statement for the whole country that has been compiled. For a partial statement for 1895-96 see The World almanac for 1899 page 169.
a Associations not reporting, local 1.503, national 66, total 1.569. b Associations not reporting local 38, national 4, total 42. c Associations not reporting, local 69, national 4. total 73 . d Associations not reporting, local 18, national 4, total 22 . e Based on 5,535 local associations, 226 national associations, total 5.761. f Based on 2,128 local associations, 45 national associations, total 2173. $g$ Associations not reporting, local 1,326, national 68, total 1,394.

Ont of the most interesting facts shown by the report relates to the age of the associations. While building and loan associations had their birth in the decade of years from 1840 to 1850 with pethaps here and there one prior to the first date named, the report shows that the average age of all the associations is but 6.2 years, the local associations having an average age of 6.3 years, and the nationals an average of only 2.5. Of the locals 2.394 are under 5 years of age, 2.163 are 5 years or under 10 years of age, and 589 are 10 years or under 15 years of age, making a total of 5,146 associations out of the whole number under 15 years of age. There are but 433 over 15 years of age. These figures certainly show that the building and loan associations of the country are entirely modern institutions and have reached their great proportions during the last ten or fifteen years. This, in connection with the fact that they have net assets of over $\$ 450.000,000$. have made total profits of more than $\$ 80.000,000$, hare helped to secure probably over 400,000 homes and are semi banking institutions conducted by ordinary men not trained as bankers, but yet have met with remarkably few losses, shows conclusively the strong hold which building and loan associations have taken upou the public. - Commissioner W right.

## fnocoteaness of Nations.

COMPILED FROM THE ELEVEN'\& H UNITED STATES CENSUS, 1890.


* Inclusive of tloating debt, but exclusive of annuities, whoste capitalized value is estimated by good aulkority to be not less than $\$ 2,000,000,000$.

The national debts of the larger nations 141898 or 1899 were as follows: Anstria-Hungary, 1899, $\$ 2,574,378,500$; France, 1899, $\$ 5,970,965,000$; German Fmpire, 1899, $\$ 524,204,853$; Prussia, $1899, \$ 1,578,016,666$, Great Britain and Ireland, 1899, $\$ 3323,819,000$ : Italy, 1899, $\$ 2,482,814$, , 812; Spain, 1898, $\$ 1.709,000,000 \cdot$ Russia, 1899. $\$ 1,759437000$ United States, 1899 \$2,092,686, 021. 42.

## Fnoctrontwis of tye States and cruitories in 1890. COMPILED FROM THE ELEVENTH UNITED STATES CENSUS.

| Geographical Divisions. | Totalcombined Debt* Less Sinking Fund. | Per capita of Combined Debt. |  | Geographical DIVISIONS. | $\|$Totalcombined <br> Debt* Less <br> Sinking Fund. <br> 1890. | Per Capita of Combined Debt. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1890. | 1 | 1880. |  |  | 1890. | . |
| North Atla | \$467,968,615 | \$26.89 | \$37.28 |  | \$11,275.319 | \$5.90 | . 01 |
| Mai | \$15,600.777 | \$23.60 | \$35.81 | Misso | 51, 557.568 | 19.24 | 27.79 |
| N. Hamp | 8,148,36\% |  | 31.10 | N. Da | 3842790 | 21. 03 | 3.57 |
| Vermont... | 3.785,373 | 11.39 | 13.54 |  | 6.613.707 <br> 15.536 .772 |  | 82 |
| Massachusett Rhode Island | 81,550,027 | 36.42 37.75 | 51.55 46.91 | Kansas | 40.629 .022 | 14.67 28.47 | 16.56 15.97 |
| Connecticu | 23,703.478 | 31.76 | 3.). 33 | Sonth |  |  |  |
| New York. | 201,763,217 | 33, 64 | 43.06 |  |  |  |  |
| New Jersey | 49.333589 | 34.14 | 4366 | K | \$19 432.885 | \$10.46 | 59.09 |
| Pennsylvan | 71041675 | 1351 | 25.03 | Tenuess | $29,543.843$ | 16. 71 | 26.42 |
|  |  |  |  | Alabama | 18.930,867 | 12.51 | 14.25 |
| South Atla | 165,107,113 | 18.64 | 22.10 | Mississip | 6. 011,347 | 4.66 | 38 |
| Delasvare | \$2,919,0 | \$17.3\% | 16.17 |  | 33.335497 20.172 .063 |  |  |
| Maryland | 42,175,408 | 4046 | 44.31 |  | 10 828,809 | 9.60 | 13.37 |
| Dist. of Columbia. | 19,781050 | 85.86 30.70 | $\begin{array}{r}126.66 \\ 30 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| W. Virginia | 2, 532,460 | 30.70 3.32 | 2.65 |  | 43,641,12 | 14.41 | . 85 |
| N. Carolina | 11,117'445 | 6.87 | 12.83 | Montan | \$2,918,893 | \$22.09 | \$19.54 |
| S. Carolina | 13,295.637 | 11.55 | 14.25 | W yomin | 1,647 381 | 27. 14 | 9.88 |
| Georgia | 20,272095 | 11.03 | 1274 | Colorarlo | 2. 831538 |  |  |
|  | 176.619 |  | 9.89 | N | 2831538 | 18.44 |  |
| North C | 320,238,281 |  |  | At | 67.501 | $\begin{array}{r} 49.28 \\ 3.69 \end{array}$ | 81 |
| Ohio | \$71.065,386 |  |  |  | 1337.501 | 29.23 | 2.48 |
| Indiana | 24,442,631 | 11.15 | 9. 28 | Idaho | 1.594,333 | 18.89 | 7.05 |
| Illinois. | 41, 841.649 | 10.94 | 15.07 |  | 2,479,860 | 7.90 | 4.86 |
| Michigan | 16.941.928 | $8.09$ | 736 | Ca | 15,569,459 | 12.89 | 19. |
| Wisconsin Minnesota | $10.440,580$ 26.050 .929 | 6.19 20.01 | 14.519 |  |  |  |  |

[^9]
## 

OFFICIAL S'I'ATEMENT OF NOVEMBER 1, 1899.
Interest-bearing Debt.
Funded loan of 1891.
$\$ 25.364,500.00$ 559,653,100 10 37.30000

Refunding certificates.
Loan of 1904 100,000,0000. 00
Loan oi 1925. 152.315. 400 (10

Two-twenties of 1898 $198,678,720.00$

Aggregate of interest-bearing cebt, exclusive of United States bonds issued to Pacific railroads.
$\$ 1,046,049,020.00$
Debt on which Interest has Ceased since Materity.

Aggregate debt on which interest has ceased since maturity
$\$ 1,210,030.26$

## Debt Bearing no Interest.

United States notes.
\$346,681,016. 00
Old demand notes. 53,847 50
National bank notes:
Redemption account.
35,145,799. 00
Fractional currency. 6,881,408. 66

Aggregate of debt bearing no interest $\$ 388.762,071.16$
Certificates and Notes Issued on Deposits af Coin and Legal-tender Notes and purchases of Silver Bullion.

Gold certificates.
$\$ 15$ 2.438,119 00
/ Silver certificates
Certificates of deposit
Treasury notes of $\mathbf{1 8 9 0}$
$400.6 .33,504.00$

A ggregate of certificates and Treasury notes, oflset by cash in the Treasury. $\$ 656,664,903.00$

Classification of Debt November 1. 1899
Interest-bearing debt
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity.
$1,210,03026$
Debt bearing to interest
388,762,0i1 10
Aggregate of interest and non-interest
Certificates and Treasury notes offset
$1,436^{\circ}, 021,12142$
Certiticates and Treasury notes offset
by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury

656,664,903. 10
Aggregate of debt, iucluding certifi
cates and Treasury notes........... $\$ 2$,
CASH in the Treasury

## Gold certificates.

Silver certificates.
\$152.438,119 0ヒ
Certiticates of deposit,
act June 8, $18 \mathrm{I}_{2}$
$400633,504.00$
Treasury notes of 1890
13,765,000.00
Fund for redemption of
uncurrent Niational
bank notes...............
Outstandiug checks and
drafts.....................
Disbursing officers' bal-
ances accounts, etc..............
$\$ 9,290,514.35$
6,547.834.84
57.031,598.42

Agency acount, etc... 6.229.408.47
79,099,400. 08
Gold re.
serve ... $\$ 100,000,000.00$
Net cash
balance. . 189,391,540 44
289,391,550 64
Aggregate
$81,025155.849 .13$
Cash balance in the Treasury Novem
ber 1, 1899
. $\$ 289,391,54004$

## 

Statement of outstanding Principat of the Publuc Del,t of the United. States on January 1 of each Year from 1791 to 1842 , inchusive, on July 1 of each Year from 1843 to 1886, melusive; on Decemb̈er 1 of each Year fiom 188\% to 1892, inclusime, ame on November 1, trom 1893 to 1899 , inclusive.

(Proclaimed by the Secretary of the Treasury October 1, 1899.)

| Country. | Standard. | Monetary Unit. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Value in } \\ & \text { U. S. Gold } \\ & \text { Dollar. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Coins. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argent. R. | Gld\&Sil | Peso.. | \$0.96,5 | Gold argentine ( $\$ 4.82,4$ ) and 1/2 argentine. |
| Austria H. | Gold | Cro | .20,3 | Silver: peso and divisions. florins ( $\$ 3.85 .8$ ). ducat ( $\$ 2.28,7$ ), and 4 ducats ( $\$ 9.14,9$ ). Silver: 1 and 2 florins. Gold: present system-20 crowns ( $\$ 4.05,2$ ) and 10 crowns ( $52.02,6$ ). |
| Belgium.... | Gld Silvil | Franc |  | Gold: 10 and 20 francs. Silver: 5 francs. |
| Bolivia ...... Brazil........ | Sold ... | Boliviano...................... Milreis....... ............. | $\begin{array}{r} 43,6 \\ .54,6 \end{array}$ | Silver: boliviano and divisions. <br> Gold: 5,10 , and 20 milreis, Silver: $1 / 2,1$, and |
| Canada. | Gold |  |  |  |
| Cent. Am. | Silver... | Peso | - 43.6 | Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Chile..... | Gold .. | Peso | . 365 | Gold: escudo (\$1.82.5), doubloon (\$3.65), and condor (\$7.30). Silver: peso and divisions. |
|  | Sil | $\ldots\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Shanghai } \\ \text { Haikivan } \\ \text { Tientini.. } \\ \text { Chefoo ... } \end{array}\right\}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 64.4 \\ 71.8 \\ 6 \times 3 \\ .67 .4 \end{array}$ |  |
| 010 | Silver... | Peso ............... .. ........ | 43,6 | Gold: condor ( 39.64 .7 ) and double-condor. |
| Costa Rica. | Gold ... | Colon | . 46.5 | Goldi $2,5,50$, and 20 colons ( $\$ 9.30,7$ ). Silver: |
| Cuba. | Gld\&Sil | Pes | . 92 | Gold: doubloon ( $\$ 5.01 .7$ ). Silver: peso. |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Denmark.... } \\ & \text { Ecuador.... } \end{aligned}$ | told.... | Cro <br> Sucre.. | . 43.6 | Gold: condor ( 59.64 .7 ) and double-condor. |
|  | Gold | Pound (100 piasters).. | 4.94,3 | Golc pound ( 100 piasters); $5,10,20$, and 50 |
| an |  | Mark |  | piasters Silver: $1.2,5,10$, and 20 piasters. |
| nce | Gld | Franc | 19.8 | Gold: 5, 10, 20, 50, and 100 francs. Silver: 5 |
| Germany . |  |  |  | Gold: 5, 10, and 20 |
| Gt. Britain | Go | Pommd | 4. 86,6316 | Gold: sovereign (pound sterling) and 1/6 sov'gn. |
| Greece | Gld\&: | Drachr | 19 | iold: $5,10,20,50$, and 100 drachmas. Silver: |
| Hayti | Gld\&Sil | Gourde | .96,5 | Silver: gou |
| India |  | Rupeet | . 207 | Gold: mohur (\$7.10,5) Sil.: rupee and div'ns. |
| Italy | (ild | Lira | .19.3 | Gold: 5, 10, 20. 50 , |
| Japan.. ...... | Gol | Yen...................... | .49,8 | (fold: $1,2,510$, and 20 yen. Silver: 10,20 , |
| Liberia | Gold | Do |  |  |
|  | Silver.. | Dollar., | 47.4 | ld. dollar ( $\$ 0.98 .3$ ), 21/5, 5, 10, and 20 dol- |
|  | Gld\&Sil |  |  | Gold: 10 florins, silver: $1 / 2,1$, and $21 / 2$ florins. |
| N foundl d | Gold | Dollar | 1.01 | Gold 2 dollars (\$2.02 |
| Norway | Gold |  | 1 | Gold: 10 and |
| Portugai | Gold | Nilreis |  | Gold |
| Russia ...... | Gold .... | Ruble.. | 515 | . |
| Spain. |  |  |  | Crown\& half crown silver: $1 / 4,1 / 2$, \& 1 ruble. |
|  |  |  |  | Gold: 10 |
| Switz'land | Gld | Franc |  | Gold: 5. 10. 20,50, \& 100 francs, Silver: 5 fr'3, |
| Turkey. | Gol 1 | Piast | 07,4 | Gold: $25,50,100,250$, |
| gnay... | Gold | Peso | 1.03 .4 | Gold: peso. Silver: peso and divisions. |
| Venezuela.. | Gld\&Sil | Boliv | . 19.3 | Gold: 510 5 bolivars. 20, 50 , and 100 bolivars. Silver: |

* Not rucluding Costa Rica +Value of the rupee to be determined by consular cerificate.

TABLE SHOWING THE VALUE OF FOREIGN COINNS AND PAPER NOTES IN AMERICAN MONEY BASED UPON THE VALUES EXPRESSED IN THE ABOVE TABLE.

| Nember. | British £ Sterling. | German Mark. | French Franc. Italian Lira. | Chinese Tael (Shanghai). | Dutch Florin. | Indian <br> Rupee. | Russian Gold Ruble. | Austrian Crown. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | \$4.86.61/2 | \$0.23, 8 | \$0.19.3 | \$0.64.4 | \$0.40,2 | \$0. 20.7 | \$0.51,5 | \$0.20,3 |
| 2 | 9.73,3 | 0.47,6 | 0.38 .6 | 1.28 8 | 0.80, 4 | $0.41,4$ | 1.03 | $0.40,6$ |
| 3 | 14.59.91/2 | 0.71,4 | $0.57,9$ | 1.93 .2 | 1. 20,6 | 0.62 .1 | 1.54,5 | 0.60,9 |
| 4 | 19.46,6 | 0.95,2 | 0.77, 2 | 2. 57.6 | 1. 60,8 | 0. 82.8 | 2.06 | $0.81,2$ |
| 5 | 24.33,21/2 | 1.19 | 0.96 .5 | 3.22 | 2.01 | 1.03,5 | 2.57 .5 | 1. 01,5 |
| 6 | 29.19.9 | 1.42 .8 | 1.15,8 | $3.86,4$ | $2.41,2$ | 1.24.2 | 3. 09 | 1. 21, 8 |
| 8 | $34.06,51 / 8$ $38.43,2$ | 1.66 .6 $1.40,4$ | 1.35, 1 | 4.50.8 $5.15,2$ | 2.81 .4 3.21 .6 | 1.44 .9 1.65 .6 | $3.60,5$ 4.12 | 1. $1.62,1$ |
| 9 | 43. $79,81 / 2$ | 2.14,2 | 1.73,7 | 5. 79,6 | 3.61 | 1.86,3 | 4.63,5 | 1.82, 7 |
| 10 | 48. 66,5 | 2.38 | 1.93 | 6.44 | 4.02 | 2.07 | 5.15 | 2.03 |
| 20 | 97.3:3 | 4.76 | 3. 86 | 12.88 | ¢.04 | 4.14 | 10.30 | 4.06 |
| 30 | 145.99 .5 | 7.14 | 5. 79 | 19.32 | 12. 06 | 6. 24 | 15.45 | 6. 09 |
| 40 | 194.63 | 9.52 | 7.72 | 25.76 | I6.08 | 8. 28 | 20. 10 | 8.1 |
| 50 | 2118.32,5 | 11.90 | 9.65 | 32.20 | 20.10 | 10.35 | 25.75 | 10.15 |
| 100 | 186.65 | 23.80 | 19.30 | 64.40 | 40.20 | 20.70 | 51.50 | 20.50 |

# Montary Statistics. 

(Compiled from the Report of the Director of the Mint.)
APPROXIMATE AMOUNT OF MONEY IN THE WORLD, JANUARY 1, 1899.

| Countries. | Monetary System. | Ratio BetweenGold and Full Legal Tender Silver. | Ratio BetweenGold and Limited Tender Silver. | Gold Stock. | Silver Stock. | Uncovered Paper. | Per Capita. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Gold. | Silver. | Paper. | Total. |
| United S | Gold 3 | 1 to 15.98 | to 14.95 | \$962,900,000 | \$639,000,000 | \$319,500,000 | \$12.65 | \$8.40 | \$4.20 | $\overline{\$ 25.26}$ |
| United Kingd |  |  | 1 to 14.28 | 462,300,000 | 111,900,000 | 111,600,000 | 11.50 | 2.78 | 2.77 | 17.05 |
| France. | Gold |  | 1 to 14.38 | 810,600,000 | 420,100,000 | 161,100,000 | 21.05 | 10.92 | 4.18 | 36.15 |
| Germany | Gold |  | 1 to 13.957 | 672,800,000 | 208,200,090 | 156,700,000 | 12.86 | 3.98 | 3.00 | 19.84 |
| Belgium | Gold and Silver | 1 to 15 1-2 | 1 to 14.38 | 30,000,000 | 45,000,000 | $82,500,000$ | 4.54 | 6.82 | 12.50 | 23.86 |
| Italy | Gold and Silver | 1 to 15 1-2 | 1 to 14.38 | 98,000,000 | 43,900,000 | 124,900,000 | 3.09 | 1.38 | 6.52 | 9.99 |
| Switz | Gold and Silver | $1 \begin{aligned} & 1 \text { to } \\ & 15 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1\end{aligned} 1-2$ | 1 to $1+.38$ | 24,000,000 | 10,700,000 | 17,400,000 | 7.74 | 8.45 | 5.61 | 16.80 |
| Greece | Gold and Silver | 1 to 15 1-2 | 1 to 11.38 | 500,000 | 1,500,000 | 29,100,000 | . 21 | . 62 | 12.12 | 12.95 |
| Spain | Gold and Silver | to t-2 | 1 to 14.38 | 53,400,000 | 37,800,000 | 187,500,000 | 2.92 | 2.06 | 10.24 | 15.22 |
| Portuga | Gold |  | 1 to 14.08 | 5,200,000 | 9,600,000 | 75,200,000 | 1.02 | 1.88 | 14.74 | 17.64 |
| Rouman | Gold an |  |  | 13,100,000 | 7,100,000 | 20,200,000 | 2.42 | 1.31 | 3.75 | 7.48 |
| Servis | Gold a |  |  | 1,000,000 | 1,800,000 | 3,600,000 | 41 | 75 | 1.56 | 2.66 |
| Anstria-Hung |  |  | I to 13.69 | 221,400,000 | 147,300,000 | 103,000,000 | 4.82 | 3.21 | 2.24 | 10.27 |
| Netherlands | Gold | to 15 5-8 | 1 to 15 | 30,200,000 | 56,400,000 | 47,200 000 | 6.04 | 11.28 | 3.44 | 26.26 |
| Norway |  |  | 1 to 14.88 | 8,600,000 | 2,300,000 | 5,100,000 | 4.10 | 1.09 | 2.43 | 7.62 |
| Sweden | Gold |  | 1 to 14.88 | 13,000,000 | 6,500,000 | 29,500,000 | 2.60 | 1.30 | 6.90 | 9.80 |
| Denma |  |  | 1 to 14.88 | 16,900,000 | 5,400,000 | 5,900,000 | 7.35 | 2.35 | 2.66 | 12.26 |
| Russia | Go |  | 1 to 23.24 | 740,400,000 | $81,900,000$ |  | 5.69 | . 63 |  | 6.32 |
| Turkey. | Gold |  | 1 to $15.7-8$ | 50,000,000 | 40,000,000 |  | 2.07 | 1.66 |  | 3.73 |
| Austral | Gol |  | 1 to 14.28 | 132,100,000 | 7,000,009 | 22,500,0 | 25.90 | 1.37 | 4.41 | 31.68 |
| Egypt | Gol |  | 1 to 15.68 | $30,000,000$ | 6,400,000 |  | 3.16 | . 65 |  | 3.71 |
| Mexico |  | 2 |  | 8,600,000 | 106,000,000 | 4,000,000 | . 66 | 8.15 | . 31 | 9.12 |
| Central Am. | Sil |  |  | 1,000,000 | 11,400, 000 | 18,100,000 | . 30 | 3.35 | 5.32 | 8.97 |
| South A |  | 1 to 15 1-2 |  | 72,700,000 | $29,000,000$ | 1,159,300,000 | 191 | . 76 | 30.51 | 33.18 |
| Japan | Go |  | 1 to 32.36 | 54,000,000 |  |  | 1.20 | 65 |  | 1.75 |
| India C . | Sil | 1 to 15 |  | ...... | $568,400,000$ | $47,400,000$ |  | 1.91 | 16 | 2.07 |
| StraitsSettlements |  |  |  |  | 242,000,000 |  |  | 53.82 |  | ${ }_{53.82}$ |
| Canad | Gol |  | 1 to 14.28 | 20,000,000 | 5,000,000 | 40,500,000 | 3.70 | . 9 | 7.5 | 12.13 |
| Cuba | Gold and | 1 to 15 1-2 |  | 2,000,000 | 1,500,000 |  | 1.11 | . 83 |  | 1.94 |
| Hayti | Gold an | 1 to 15 1-2 |  | 1,200,000 | $3.500,000$ | 3,700, | 1.20 | 3.50 | 3.7 | 8.40 |
| Bulga | Gold an | 1 to 15 | 1 to 14.39 | 1,000,000 | 6,800,000 |  | . 30 | 2.06 |  | 2,36 |
| Sism |  |  |  | 20,000,000 | 193,400,000 |  | 4.00 | 38.68 |  | 42.68 |
| Hawai | Gold and | to 15.98 | 1 to 14.95 | 4,000,000 | 1,000,000 |  | 40.00 | 10.00 |  | 60.00 |
| Cape Co | Gol |  | 1 to 14.28 | $37,500,000$ | 1,000,000 |  | 17.86 | . 47 |  | 18.33 |
| S. Afric | Gol |  | 1 to 14.28 | 29,200,000 | 1,200,000 |  | 26.64 | 1.09 |  | 27.63 |
|  | Go |  | 1 to 15 1-2 | 4,100,000 | 500,000 | 10,800,000 | 1.58 | 19 | 4.15 | 6.92 |
| Total....... .. |  |  |  | 631,700,00 | \$3,836,100,000 | ,836,300,0 | \$3.61 | \$2.91 | 8. | \$8.57 |

* July 1, 1399. † Except Venezutia, Chile, and Peru.

WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF GOLD AND SILVER IN 1898.

| Countries. | Gold. |  | Silver. |  | Countries. | Gold. |  | Silver |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | fin | la | Oz., fine. | Dollars. |  | Oz., fine. | Dollars. |  |  |
| United States. | ,118,398 | 64,463,000 |  | 70,38.1, 500 | Argentina |  | *137,700 | 383.479 |  |
|  | 411,187 | 8.500,000 | 56,738,000 | 73,358. 200 | Boliv | 16,617 | *343.500 | 8,204.568 | *10,607,900 |
| Canada,N'wf'l'd | 669,445 | 13.838,700 | 4,452,3:3 | E, 156,500 | Chile | 16,482 | *340.700 | 2,591.998 | *3,351,300 |
| Africs. | 3,890,204 | 80,428,000 |  |  | Colom | 109,483 | 2,263,200 | 5,483,717 | 7,090,100 |
| Australasia | 3,13i, 644 | 64,860,800 | 12,021,682 | 15.543,200 | Brazil | 76,613 | 1,583, 200 |  | , |
| Russia. | 1,231,791 | 25,463,400 | 278,492 | 360,100 | Venezuela | *61,151 | 1,057,400 |  |  |
| Austra-Hungary | 89,9>4 | 1,8:9,500 | 1,814,294 | 2,345,700 | Guians (British) | 99,105 | 2,048.700 |  |  |
| Germany | 3,561 | 73,660 | 5,511,516 | 7,203,600 | Guiana (Dutch). | 27,532 | 669.100 |  |  |
| Nolway |  |  | 173,3"1 65 | 224,100 | Guiana (French). | 79,547 $* 30,380$ | 1,644,400 |  |  |
| Sweden | 4,044 8,027 | $\begin{array}{r} 83600 \\ 165,900 \end{array}$ | 65,345 804,512 | 84,500 $1,040.200$ | Peru... | $* 30,380$ <br> 22,917 | 628,000 473,700 | 1,951 716,008 | $2,522.800$ 925.700 |
| Spain. | *1,833 | 37,400 | *5,957,965 | 7,703,24.0 | Japan. | 38,253 | 790,800 | 1,669,856 | 2,146,100 |
| Greece |  |  | 981,356 | 1,268 800 | China | 294,059 | 6,078,700 | 1,66, 85 | 2,146,100 |
| Turkey | +353 | 7,300 | +225,225 | 291,200 |  | *49,350 | 1,020,200 |  |  |
| France <br> Greal Britain. | 321 | 6.600 | $* 542,913$ <br> 211,342 | 701.900 273.300 | $\xrightarrow{\text { India (British)... }}$ | 316,431 31,973 | $\begin{aligned} & 7,781.500 \\ & 660,900 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

Fine oz. of gold. $\$ 20.671834+$ : of silver, $\$ 1.292929+$, coining rate in U. S. silver dollars. *1897. ${ }^{1896}$.
The Londou "Statist " estimates the producion of the Transvaal gold mines from 1887 to 1898 inclusive at $\$ 382,440,240$.
VALUE OF A UNITED STATES SILVER DOLLAR PURCHASABLE WITH A DOLLAR AT THE A VERAGE LONDON PRICE OF SILVER, EACH YEAR SINCE 1880.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Calendar } \\ & \text { YEARS. } \end{aligned}$ | Bullion Valur of a SilverDollar. |  |  | Grains of Pure Silver, at Average Price, Purchasable with a United States Silver Dollar.* | $\begin{gathered} \text { CALENDAR } \\ \text { YEARS. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bullion Valug of a Silver } \\ \text { Dollar. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | Grains of Pure <br> Silver, at A ver- <br> age Price, Pur <br> chasale with a <br> United States <br> Sllver Dollar.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Highest. | Lowest. | Average. |  |  | Highest. | Lowest. | Average. |  |
| 1880 | \$0.896 | \$0 875 | \$0.886 | 41949 | 1890 | \$0.926 | \$0.740 | \$0.809 | 458.90 |
| 1881 | 896 | . 862 | 881 | 42187 | 1891 | . 827 | . 738 | . 764 | 485.93 |
| 1882 | 887 | 847 | 878 | 42283 | 1892 | . 742 | . 642 | . 674 | 55081 |
| 1883 | 868 | .847 | 858 | 43269 | 1893 | . 657 | . 517 | . 604 | 614.65 |
| 1884. | 871 | . 839 | . 861 | 431.18 | 1894 | . 538 | .457 | . 491 | 756.11 |
| 1885. | 847 | . 794 | . 823 | 451.09 | 1895. | . 532 | . 461 | . 505 | 735.14 |
| 1886 | 797 | . 712 | . 769 | 48277 |  | .541 | . 504 | 522 | 71120 |
| 1887 | 799 | 733 | . 758 | 489.78 | 1897. | . 505 | 400 | . 467 | 794.96 |
| 1888 | 755 752 | . 711 | 727 | 51066 51348 | 1. | 481 | 424 | . 456 | 814.14 |

[^10]
## MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued.

## COMMERCIAL RATIO OF SILVER TO GOLD.

| 16 | 14.94 | 103. | 15.37 | 1812 | 15.63 | 1881. | 18.16 | 1890. | 19.76 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1700. | 14.81 | 1864. | 15.37 | 1873 | 15.92 | 1882 | 18.19 | 1891. | 20.92 |
| 1750. | 14.55 | 1865 | 15.44 | 1874 | 16.17 | 1883. | 18.64 | 1892 | 23.72 |
| 1800. | 15.68 | 1866. | 15.43 | 1875 | 16.59 | 1884 | 18.57 | 1893 | 26.49 |
| 1825. | 15.17 | 1867. | 15.57 | 1876 | 17.88 | 1885 | 19.41 | 1894 | 32.56 |
| 1850. | 15.70 | 1868. | 15.59 | 1877. | 17.22 | 1886 | 20.78 | 1895 | 31.60 |
| 1860 | 15.29 | 1869. | 15.60 | 1878. | 17.94 | 1887 | 21.13 | 1896 | 30.66 |
| 1861. | 15.50 | 1870. | 15.57 | 1879 | 18.40 | 1888 | 21.99 | 1837 | 34.28 |
| 18 | 15.35 | 1871. | 15.57 | 1880. | 18.05 | 1889. | 22.09 | 1898 (9 mo.) | 35.40 |

BULLION VALUE OF $3711 / 4$ GRAINS OF PURE SILVER AT THE ANNUAL AVERAGE PRICE OF SILVER.

| Year. | Value. | Year. | Value. | Year. | Value. | Year. | Value. | YEAR. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1837 | \$1.009 | 1873 | \$1.004 | 1880 | \$0.886 | 1887 | $\overline{\$ 0.757}$ | 1893 | \$0.603 |
| 1840 | 1.023 | 1874 | . 988 | 1881 | . 876 | 1888 | . 727 | 1894 | 491 |
| 1850 | 1. 018 | 1875 | . 964 | 1882 ....... | . 878 | 1889 | . 723 | 1895 | 506 |
| 1865 | 1.035 | 1876 | . 894 | 1883 | . 858 | 1890 | . 809 | 1896 | . 522 |
| 1870 | 1.027 | 1877 | . 9291 | $1884 \ldots .$. | . 859 | 1891 | . 7674 | 1897 | .467 .456 |
| 1871. | 1.025 | 1878. | . 891 | 1885 | . 823 | 1892 | . 674 |  | . 456 |

PURCHASES OF SILVER BY THE UNITED STATES.

| Act Authorizing. | Fine Ounces. | Cost. | A verage Price |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February 12, 187 | 5,434.282 | \$7.152.564 | \$1.314 |
| January 14, 1875 | 31,603 906 | 37,571.148 | .189 +1.058 |
| February 28, 1878 | 291,292.019 | 308,199,262 | 1.058 |
| July 14, 1890 (to November 1, 1893, date of the repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July 14, 1890)...... | 168,674,682 | 155,931.002 | . 924 |
| Total................... | 497,004,889 | \$508,853,976 | \$1.024 |

SOURCES OF GOLD AND SILVER PRODUCT OF THE UNITED STATES.
In answer to the many interrogatories received by the Bureau of the Mint relative to the sources of the production of the precious metals in the United States, the following table, compiled from reports made by the mint vificers and ageuts, as to the sources of production for the calendar year 1898, shows the distribution among the various gold and silver prodncing States and Territories of the amount of gold and silver extracted from quartz, the amount of gold obtained from placer, and the amount of silver obtained from lead ores and copper ores as by-products.

| States. | Goud. |  | Siliver. |  |  |  | Gold. |  | Silver. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quartz. | Placer. | Quartz. | Lead Ores. | Copper Ores. | Stateg. | Quartz.. | Placer. | Quartz. | Lead Ores. | Copper Ores. |
| Alabama | Fine Ozs, | Fine Ozs, <br> 165 | Fine Ozs. | ae Ozs. | Fine Ozs. | N.Car'lina | Fine $\overline{\text { Ozs }}$ 3,227 | Fine Ozs. | Fine Jzs. | Fine Ozs. ... | $\overline{\text { Fine Ozs. }}$ |
| Alaska... | 64,591 | 67,175 | 88,474 |  |  | Oregon.... | 44,567 | 14,289 | 128,320 |  |  |
| Arizons*. . | 115,697 | 6,000 | 1,500,000 | 297,784 | 500,000 | S. Carolina | 5,008 | 90 | 325 |  |  |
| California | 584,144 | 1 1 5.332 | 278,600 | 157.413 | 265,745 | S. Dakota. | 278,905 | . | 138,383 |  | . |
| Colorado.. | 1,110,893 | 26,540 | 4,636,267 | $\dagger 18,545,070$ |  | Tennessee. |  | 5 | 1 | .... | ... |
| Georgia... | 1,1,829 | 1,653 | 4, 493 |  | .... | Texa | 111,767 |  |  |  |  |
| Idaho .... | 57,225 15 | 34,453 28 | $1,400,078$ 2 | 3,856,622 | . | Utah. | 111,767 160 | $85$ | 1,344,636 | 5,062,459 | 163,161 $\ldots$. |
| Michigan.. | 3 |  |  |  | $3{ }^{32,457}$ | Wash'gton | 24,152 | 5,459 | 209,5:8 | 120,000 | . |
| Montana.. | $222,20{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 31,662 | 2,558,759 | 2,763,991 | 9,495,912 | Wyoming. | 218 | 24 |  |  |  |
| Nevada... N. Mexico. | $\mathbf{Y} 45,554$ 36,181 | 5,028 3,092 | 571,088 381,362 | 402,610 106,697 | ..... | Total | 2.812,5 | 372,2 | 716 | 1,312, | 0,457.275 |
| N.Mexicor | 36,1 | 3, | 381,302 | 100,65 | ..... | Total | 2,012,5 | 372, | 12,16,882 | 1,312, | ,457,275 |

* Estimated. + Lead and copper ores.

It would appear from the above that less than one-third of the silver product of the United States is derived from mines producing silver ores proper, and that considerably more than twothirds of the entire silver output of the United States is a product from the smelting of lead and copper ores, although this product is frequently more valuable than the other metals contained.
Approximate Value of the Product of Gold and Silver in the United States in the Calendar Year 1898, Distributed by Producing States and Territories, as Estimated by the director of the Mint.

| States and Territories. | Gold, Value. | Silver, Coining Value | Total Valne. | States and Territories. | Gold, Value. | Silver, Colning Value. | Total Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | \$5,000 | \$129 | \$5,129 | New Mexic | \$539,000 | \$549,883 | \$1,088,883 |
| Alaska. | 2,524,800 | 119,467 | 2,644,267 | North Carolina. | 84,000 | 905 | 84,905 |
| Arizons | 2,465,100 | 2,904,954 | 5,370,054 | Oregon.... | 1,177,600 | 168,081 | 1,34E,681 |
| Californi | 15,637,900 | 830,443 | 16,468,348 | South Carolina | 104,200 | 388 | 104,588 |
| Colorado | 23,195,300 | 29,498,958 | 52,694,258 | South Dakota. | 5,699,700 | 196,913 | 5,896,613 |
| Georgia | 128,600 | 616 | 129,246 | Tennessee. | 900 |  | 900 |
| Idaho. | 1,716,900 | 6,560,065 | 8,276,965 | Texas. | - 3 3¢0 | 611,426 $8,385,810$ | $611,726$ |
| Iowa. | 100 |  |  | Utah | 2,285,400 | 8,385,810 | $10,671,210$ |
| Maryland | 600 |  | 500 | Virginia.. | 4,500 |  | $4,500$ |
| Mickigan | 100 | 41,891 | 41,991 | Washington | 766,500 | 328,921 | $1,095,121$ |
| Minnesota | 100 |  | 100 | Wyoming.. | 5,300 | 129 | 5,429 |
| Montans. | $5,126,900$ $2,9 ¢ .1,500$ | $19,144,663$ $1,040,808$ | $24,271,563$ $4,035,308$ |  | \$64,463,000 | \$70,384,485 | 134,847,485 |
| $\frac{\text { Nevadan........... }}{\text { Nors.-The com }}$ | value of sil | 1,040,808 | $\underline{1898}$ was 59 | Total............ | n 1897 it wa | 60 cents. | 134,841,485 |

## MONETARY STATISTICS-Contınued.

GOLD AND SILVER DEPOSITED AT THE MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THEIR ORGANIZATION TO JANUARY 1, 1898.

| Locality. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. | Locality. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alaba | \$260,841.26 | \$469.81 | \$261,311.07 | N. Carolina... | \$11,906,2:8.28 | \$077,9:8.01 | \$11.974.256.23 |
| Alaska | 2,537,783.34 | 28,363.06 | 2,566,146.40 | Oregon........ | 24,0 9,8 11.69 | 120,954.23 | 24,180.798.92 |
| Arizona | 8,909,817.99 | 14,117,738.40 | 23,027,5 6. 9 | Sonth Carolina | 2,555,609.13 | 5,136.39 | 2,560,74.52 |
| Californis | 776,268,535.53 | 4,3>9,140.81 | 780,657,676.34 | South Dakota.. | 62,153,515.43 | 1,190,009.8:3 | 63,343,525.26 |
| Connecticu | 125 82 |  | 125.82 | Tennesse | 91,513.28 | 16.91 | 91,530.19 |
| Colorado | 76,169,763.09 | 25,006,122.59 | 101,175,885.68 | Texas | 10442.43 | 3.457.51 | 13,899.94 |
| Georgia | 9,611,772.89 | 8,8*9.87 | 9,620,662.76 | Utah. | 2,002,1:9.13 | 19,943,281.08 | 21,945,460.21 |
| Idaho.. | 38,357,090.01 | 2,010,669.73 | 40,367,759.74 | Vermo | 79,741.87 | 93.68 | $79,485.55$ |
| Iowa. | 1,169.54 | 6.4: | 1,175.96 | Virginia | 1,771,050.78 | 4i4.60 | 1,571,525.38 |
| Maine | 6,311.0b | 22.90 | 6,733.96 | W ashington | 1,4:3,0 2.85 | 20,665.98 | 1,473,678.^3 |
| Maryland | 18,003.91 | 41.83 | 18,050.74 | West Virginia. | 104. 99 | 1.99 | 105.88 |
| Michigan | 501,991.91 | 4,183,502.84 | 4,685,494.75 | W isconsin | 325.73 | 7.12 | 332.75 |
| Minnesota | 8,912.89 | 114.188 | 9,026.97 | W y yming..... | 901,056.68 | 13,511.66 | 914,578.34 |
| Missouri | 96.71 | 359.11 | $455 . \times 2$ | Other sources | 42,1;3,559.38 | 42.962,128.86 | 85,135,981.24 |
| Montana | 79,070,112.19 | 22,243,493.08 | 101,313,605.27 | Unrefine | 1,186,459.055.85 | $\overline{24 \times, 825,677.76}$ | $\overline{1,435,284,733.61}$ |
| Nebraska | 2,340.26 | 273,226.13 | $275,566.39$ $144,147,258.85$ | Refined. | 573,160,406.81 | 544.180,06ก.69 | $1,117,240,467.50$ |
| Nevada........ N. Hampshire. | 38,955,646.79 481.34 | 105,091,612.06 | $144,147,258.85$ $4 \times 3.09$ | Grand total. | -1,759,519,461.66 | 793,005,738.45 | $\frac{2,5: 2,525,2 \cup 1.11}{}$ |
| New Mexico.. | 6,619,649.7? | $7,144,: 07.54$ | 13,763,857.31 |  |  |  |  |

PRODUCT OF GOLD AND SILVER FROM MINES IN THE UNITED STATES, 1876-1898.

| Calendar Year. | Gold. |  | Sulver. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fine Ounces. | Value. | Fine Onuces. | Commercial Value. | Coining Value. |
| 1876. | 1,930,162 | \$39,900.000 | 30.009 .000 | $\$ 34,690,000$ | \$38.800,000 |
| 187 | 2 268 \% 88 | 46.900 .000 | 30.783000 | 36.970000 | 39,800.000 |
| 1878 | 2.476 .800 | 51,200,000 | 34.960,000 | 40.270 .000 | 45.200000 |
| 1874 | 1881.787 | 38.900000 | 31.550000 | 35, 430.000 | 40,800000 |
| 18 | 1.741500 | 36000,000 | $30.320,000$ | 34.720 .000 | 39.200000 |
| 1881 | 1.678612 | 34.700000 | 33,260,000 | 37,850.000 | 43.000000 |
| 1882 | 1572.187 | 32500000 | 36,200 000 | 41.120000 | 46800000 |
| 1883 | 1.451. 250 | 30000.000 | 35.730000 | 39, 660,000 | 46,200 000 |
| 188 | 1,489.950 | 30800.000 | 37.800 .000 | 42.070 .090 | 48800000 |
| 188 | 1.538.325 | 31800000 | 39,910,000, | 42500.000 | 51.600000 |
| 1886 | 1,693,125 | 35000.000 | 39,440 000 | 39230000 | 51.000000 |
| 1887 | 1.596375 | 33,000,000 | 41.200 .000 | 40.410000 | 53,350.000 |
| 18 | 1604841 | 33,175 000 | 45.780000 | 43.020000 | 59, 195000 |
| 1889 | 1.587000 | $32.800,000$ | 50.000000 | 16,750.000 | 64.646.000 |
| 1890 | 1,588,880 | 32845000 | 54.500000 | 57.225000 | 70.465 .000 |
| 1891 | 1.604840 | 33.175000 | 58.330.000 | 57.630 .000 | 75 417,000 |
| 1892 | 1,596 375 | 33,000 000 | 63.500000 | 55563.000 | 82.101 .000 |
| 189 | 1. 739323 | 35,955 000 | 60.000000 | 46.800000 | 77,576.000 |
| 189 | 1. 910813 | 39500000 | 49500,000 | 31.422,000 | 64000,000 |
| 189 | 2.254760 | 46610000 | 55727.000 | 36.445 .000 | 72.051,000 |
| 189 | 2,568 132 | 53,088,000 | 58.835 .000 | 39,655.000 | $76,069.000$ $69.63-000$ |
| 189 | 2,774 935 | 57363,000 | $53,860.000$ | 32.316 .000 | 69.637 .000 |
| 1898. | 3,118,398 | 64,463,000 | 54, 438,000 | 32,118,000 | 70,384,000 |

COINAGE AT UNITED STATES MINTS.
Total coinage of the mints since their organization. 1792 (Philadelphia), to June 30, 1899, is as follows: Gold Coins.

Silver Coins.*
Nickel, Copper, and Bronze.
Dble. Eagles . $\$ 1,479$ 704. 12000 Dollars.
. $\$ 492.106 .849 .005$ cent pieces, nickel. $\$ 16,044.061 .20$ Eagles.
Hall Eagles. 3 dollar pleces Quar. Eagles. 303 101 100.00 Trade Dollars 35 リ65.924.00 3 cent pieces, nickel. 941.344. 48 1619 376.00 Quarter Dollars 60.891.781.25 1 cent pieces, copper $28,927,807.5020$ cent pieces.
19.499:337.00 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dimes } \\ & \text { Half Dimes }\end{aligned}$ 4,880,219.40 $1 / 2$ cent pieces, copper 912.020 .00 Dollars
$4,880,219.40$ 1/2 cent pieces, copper
200 720.00 9,661. 211.35 39,9:26. 11

Total..... $\$ 2.088,062,270.00$ Total $.8770 .8811,938.15$

Total
.832 .169 .175 .58

* Not fncluding $\$ 2,501,052.50$ Columbian souvenir half dollars aud $\$ 10,005.75$ Colunbian souvenir quarter dollars issued iu 18:3.

PRODUCTION OF THE PRECIOU'S METALS SINCE 1492.
The following table exhibits the production of gold and silver for periods since the discovery of America and the commercial ratio of silver to gold at the end of each period:

| Years. | Gold. | Silver-Coinıng Value. | Rat | gars | Gold | Silver-Coining Value. | Ratio. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1492-1520 | \$107.931.000 | \$54,703,000 | 10.75 | 1861-1870 | $\longdiv { \$ 1 , 2 6 3 , 0 1 5 , 0 1 0 }$ | \$507,174,040 | 15.56 |
| 1521-1560. | 204,697,000 | 297.226,000 | 11. 30 | 1871-1880 | 1,150,814,000 | $918,518.000$ | 18. 05 |
| 1561.1000 | 189,012,000 | 597,244000 | 11. 80 | 1881-1890 | 1,059,892,000 | 1,298,820,000 | 19.76 |
| 1601-164U | 223,572.000 | 678,800.000 | 14.00 | 1891 | 130.66:0.000 | 177,352,000 | 20. 92 |
| 1641-168u | 239,655.000 | 584,691,000 | 15. 60 | 1892 | 146,248,100 | 198,114,400 | 23. 72 |
| 16811720. | 313,491,000 | 579,869,000 | 15. 21 | 1893 | 157,494,810 | 213,944,400 | 26. 49 |
| $1721.176^{\circ} 0$ | 580,727,000 | 801.712,000 | 14. 75 | 189 | 181.175,600 | 212,829,600 | 32.56 |
| 1761.1800. | 511.675,000 | 1,273,468,060 | 1509 | 1895 | 1.98.763,600 | 216, 5 ¢6, 900 | 31.60 |
| 1801-1810 | 118,152.000 | 371,677.000 | 15. 61 | 1896 | 202,221.600 | $203,1166^{4}, 200$ | 30.66 |
| 1811-1820 | 76,063,000 | 224,786,000 | 15. 51 | 18 | 238,812, 100 | 212,134,800 | 34.28 |
| 1821-1830 | 94,479,000 | 191,444,000 | 15. 80 |  | 287.428,600 | 213,715,400 |  |
| $1841-1850 .$ | 363.928.040 | $324,400.000$ | 15. 83 | ota | \$9,508,317,200 | \$10,972,431, |  |
| 1851-1860 | 1.332,981,000 | 372,261.000 | 15.29 |  |  |  |  |

MUNETARY STATISTICS-Continued.
COINAGE OF NATIONS.

| Countries. | 1896. |  | 1897. |  | 1898. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. | Gold. | Silver. |
| United States. | Q47,053,060 | \$23,089,899 | \$76,028.435 | \$18.4 7,297 | \$77,985,758 | \$23,034,033 |
| Mexico | 565,985 | 21,092,:97 | 417,176 | 19.608,4:9 | 599,442 | 22,066,445 |
| Great Britain | 23,402,560 | 6,470,352 | 8,654,764 | 4,583,688 | 28,204,336 | 6,200,237 |
| Australasia | 34,602,786 |  | 37,289,873, |  | 3:1,4i3,387 | $\cdots 31$ |
| India*. |  | 5,579,692 |  | 25,227,996 | $\because 1$. | 26,685,134 |
| France | $21.719,880$ |  | 42,726,251 | 8492 | 34,2:4,02? | 7.720,000 |
| Germany | 25.133,476 | 2,718,368 | 30,14,656 |  | 42,675.087 | $3.701,600$ |
| Russia $\dagger$ | 10,284 | 30,985,566 | $\ddagger 170,614,861$ | $\ddagger 35,392,493$ | 135.788,949 | 21,373,189 |
| Austria-Hungary§ | 33,898;739 | 7,404, ${ }^{4} 11$ | 33,640,553 | 5,722,330 | 14,367,563 | 1,369,352 |
| Eritrea.... |  | 771,800 |  |  | ...... | ...... |
| Spain. |  | 5,386.9+2 | 2,890,407 | 6,724,106 | ...... |  |
| Italy. |  | , | 147,965 | 307957 | ...... | 528,650 |
| Servis. |  |  |  | 1,014, 24 |  | 143,399 |
| Japan. | 1,125,000 | 13,397,062 | 31,600,410 | 4,266,028 | 16,002,641 | 8,159,857 |
| Portugal. | $\because \cdot$ | 1,900, 00 | - ... | 864,000 |  | 1,100,8+4 |
| Netherlands. | - | 428,130 | ...... | 9.4800 | 437,259 | 562,800 |
| Norway | ...... | 67.000 | ...... | 147.400 |  | 147,400 |
| Sweden. |  | 109,00? | ...... | 535,319 | 1,880,022 | 795,072 |
| Denmark |  | 1 |  | 135,513 | 267,046 | 53,800 |
| 8 witzerlan | 1,544,000 | 1.930 | 1,544,000 |  | 1,544,000 | 424,600 |
| Turkey. | 50,114 | 7.473 | 920,962 | 440,435 | 1,385,536 | 442,721 |
| Egypt. |  | 562, 770 | ...... | 519,830 | .... | 856,114 |
| Abyssinia. | ...... | 375 |  | 720,133 |  | 401,440 |
| Hong Kong. |  | 1,700,000 |  |  |  | 3,150,000 |
| Chins...... | . ..... | $8,73,630$ | ...... | 10,636,955 | ...... | 4.308800 |
| Indo-Chi | 230 | 12,542, ${ }^{72}$ |  | 2,773,428 |  | 4,589,800 |
| Tunis. | 232 | ${ }_{140}^{347}$ | 632,500 | 347 | 579,232 | 217,000 |
| Costa Rica.. |  | $9-200$ | $\dddot{465,433}$ | ....... | 606,071 | 39,864 |
| Argentina. | 982,715 |  | ...... | . |  |  |
| Bolivia.. | ....... | 1,508,087 | ...... |  |  | 1,348,094 |
| Peru. |  | 2,704,831 |  | 449,507 | 195,161 | 120,020 |
| Colombia |  |  |  | 652,450 |  | ...... |
| Ecuador. |  | 169, 298 |  | 623,687 |  | ..... |
| Chile | 5,424,686 | 677,877 | 49 |  |  |  |
| San Domingo. |  | i. | ...... | 606.071 | ...... | 1,415,102 |
| Porto Rico |  | 167,240 | ... .. | ...... | ..... | ... ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Gorman East Africa. | . |  |  |  | ... | 174,9¢0 |
| Straits Settlements. |  | 453,554 |  |  |  | 454,000 |
| Congo State |  | 193,000 |  |  |  |  |
| Morocco. |  | 598,655 |  | 873,509 |  | 606,418 |
| Siam. |  | 3. $32 \%, 752$ | ...... | ...... | 302 | $5,33 \times, 048$ |
| Pereia. |  |  |  |  | 85,200 | 5,984, (00 |
| Belgium. |  |  |  |  |  | 96.500 |
| All other | 356,000 | 205,000 |  | 127,440 | 112 | 8.748 |
| Totsl | \$195,599,517 | \$153,404,410 | \$437,719,345 | \$142,380,588 | \$395,477,905 | \$149,289,935 |

*Rupee calculated at. coining rate, $\$ 04737$, † Silver ruble calculated at coining rate, $\$ 07718 \quad \ddagger$ Ruble caiculated at coining rate, $\$ 0$ 514555, ukase January 3, 1897 \& Florin calculated at coining rate, $\$ 0.4052$, under the Coinage act of August 2, 1892 .

PRECIOLS METALS CONSUMED IN THE ARTS IN 1898.

| Countries. | Goud. |  | Silver. |  |  | Countrize. | Gold. |  | SILVER. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Kilos. | Vatue. | Kilos. | Coining Value. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commerc'l } \\ \text { Value. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Kllos. | Value. | Kilos. | Coining Value. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Commerc'I } \\ \text { Value. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Aust. Hung | 4.173 | \$2,773.380 | 62,313 | \$2.590,980 | \$1 182.300 | Parag | 3 | \$1.990 | 100 | \$4.160 | \$1,900 |
| Belgium .. | 2543 | 1,090 080 | 20,000 | 831,200 | 379300 | Portug | 955 | 634,690 | 5,600 | 932,730 | 106,200 |
| Brazil | 750 | 498.450 |  |  |  | Russi | 4087 | 2,716,220 | 95,000 | 8,948,200 | 1,801,700 |
| Egypt | 1077 | 715,770 | 5.034 | 209.210 | 95.500 | Sweder | 442 | 298,050 | 3,264 | 135,650 | 61,900 |
| England | 21080 | 14.609,770 | 194,600 | 8.087.670 | 3.690 .600 | Switzerland | 6,000 | 3,987 600 | 55000 | 2,285,800 | 1,043,100 |
| France. | 18.240 | 12,122.300 | 156,850 | 6.477 .130 | 2.955 .700 | U. S | 17,155 | 11,400.940 | 238.432 | 9,909,230 | 4,521,900 |
| Germany | 10.743 | 7139,800 | 150.000 | 6.2:34,000 | 2.844700 | All othe | 5,000 | 3,323, 600 | 50,000 | 2,078,000 | 948,200 |
| 1taly $\mathrm{Netherlands}$. | 5.000 557 | $3,323,000$ 370,180 | $\begin{array}{r}21.000 \\ 9, \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 872.750 376,280 | 398.3011 171,900 | Tot | 97,804 | \$55,000,22 | 065,289 | 44,273,400 | 20,203,200 |

REDEMPTION OF UNITED STATES NOTES IN GOLD
The total redemptions of notes ingold and the exports of that metal during each fiscal year since the resumption of specie payments have heen as follows:

| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FISCAL } \\ \text { YRAR. } \end{gathered}$ | United States Notes. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasury Notes } \\ \text { of } 1890 . \end{gathered}$ | Total. | Exporta of Gold. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | United States Notes. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasury Notes } \\ \text { of } 1890 \text {. } \end{gathered}$ | otal. | Exporta of Gold. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879 | \$7.976.698 |  | \$7,376,698 | \$4,587,614 | 189 | \$5,986,070 |  | \$5,986,070 | \$86,362,654 |
| 1880 | 3780.638 |  | 3.780,638 | 3,639,025 | 1892... | 5.352,243 | \$3,773.600 | 9.125 .843 | 50,195,327 |
| 1881 | 271750 |  | 271.750 | 2,565,132 | 1893 . | $55,319.125$ | 46,781.220 | 102100,345 | 108,680,844 |
| 1882... | 40000 |  | 40.000 | 32,287,880 | 1894 | 68,242,408 | 16,599742 | 84,842,150 | 76,978.061 |
| 1883... | 75.000 |  | 75.000 | 11,600,888 | 1895 .. | 109,783,800 | 7,570,398 | 117,354,198 | $66,131.183$ |
| 1884 | 590.000 |  | 590.000 | 41,181,957 | 1896... | 158.307.581 | 5,348.365 | 158,655,956 | 112,409.947 |
| 1885. | 2,2\%3,009 |  | 2,222.000 | 8,477,892 | 1897 | $68.372,423$ | 9,828,991 | 78,201,914 | 40,412 151 |
| 1886... | 6,863,699 |  | 6.863,699 | 42,952,191 | 1898.... | 22,301, 110 | 2,696,253 | 24,997,903 | 15.406.391 |
| 1887.. | 4.224.073 | .......... | 4,224,073 | 9,701,187 | 1899... | 18,645,015 | 6997.250 | 25,642,265 | 37,507.771 |
| 1888... | 692.5 .6 730.143 | ....... | 692,596 | 18,376,234 |  |  | 595.848 | , 105.687 |  |
| 1889.... | 732,143 |  | 730,143 732,385 | 17,274,491 | Total | 8035,509.868 | 882,090.820 | 5,106,007 | 31.37,903 |

## 

THE NATIONAT BANKS OF THE UNITED STATES,
(From the annual report of the Comptroller of the Currency.)

| $\underset{\text { Ending }}{ }$ Sept. 1. | No. of Banks. | Capital. | Surplus. | T | Total <br> Net Earnings. | Ratio of Dividends to Capital. | Ratio of Dividends to Capital and Surplus. (7.81 | Ratio of <br> Earuings <br> to Capital and <br> Surplus. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1875.. |  |  | \$134.123,649.00 |  |  |  |  | 22 |
| 18 |  | 454, 215, 06 | 120.145.649.00 | 36,111,473.00 | 45, 186,034.00 | 8.02 | 6.35 | 8 |
| 1882 | 2, | 473,947,715 | 133,570,931.00 | 40,791,928.00 | $53,321.234 .00$ | 8.73 | 6.81 | 8 |
| 1883 | 2,350 | 494,640,140 | 141. 232, 187.00 | 40.678 .678 .00 | 54.007148 .00 | 8.30 | 6.50 |  |
| 188 | 2,582 | 518,605, 725 | 147,721,475.00 | 41.254.473.00 | 52,362 783.00 | 8. 00 | 6.20 | 8. |
| 18 | 2,665 | 524,599.602 | 146,903,495.00 | 40,656 121.00 | 43,625.497.00 | 7.80 | 6.00 | 6 |
| 18 | 2,784 | $532,459,921$ | 155,030,884.00 | 42,412. 80:3.00 | 55,165 385.00 | 7.96 |  | 8. $0^{2} 2$ |
| 188 | 3,049 | $578,462,765$ | 173.913.440.97 | 44.152.407.92 | 64,50686966 | 7.98 | 6.12 |  |
| 188 | 3,093 | 583,539.145 | 184.416,990.92 | 46,531, 657.89 | $65,360.486 .73$ | 8.02 | 6.10 |  |
| 188 | 3,170 | 596,302,518 | 194, 818, 192. 19 | $46,618,060.27$ | $69,618,265.07$ | 7.82 | 5. 89 |  |
| 1890 | 3,353 | 625,089,645 | 208. 707, 786. 00 | $51,158,88: 3.33$ | 72,055,563.52 | 8.19 | 6.14 |  |
| 1891. | 3,577 | 660, 108. 261 | 222.766,668.00 | $50,795,011.00$ | 75.763,614,00 | 7.70 | 5. 76 | 8.60 |
| 1892 | 3,701 | 679,076,650 | $237,761.865 .23$ | 50,400,713.93 | 66;658,015.27 |  | 5. 50 | 7.27 |
| 1893. | 3.759 | 684,342,024 | 246,918,673.11 | $49,633,195.99$ | 68,750,952.09 | 7.25 | 5.33 | 7.38 |
| 1894 | 3,755 | 672,951,450 | 246,001, 328.00 | 45,333, 270.00 | $41,955,248.00$ | 6. 17 | 4.09 | 4.05 |
| 189 | 3,716 | 660, 287,065 | 247, 466,002.00 | 45,969,663.00 | 46,866,557.00 | 6.96 | 5.06 | 5.15 |
| 1896 | 3,682 | 652,725, 750 | 248,235,323.00 | 45.525,947.00 | 49,742 | 6.97 | 505 | 5.52 |
| 1897 | 3.620 | 638,173, 895 | 249,044,948.00 | $42,39+2+1.00$ | 44.273.314.09 | 6.64 | 4.78 | . 99 |
| 1898 | 3,581 | 615,818, 725 | 244,281 879.00 | 44.291,971.00 | 50,032,972. (1) | 7.17 | 5.15 | 5. 82 |
| 1899 | 3,56 | 608,674,895 | 247,930,970, 06 | 46,691,502.00 | 54, 346, 692.00 | 7.67 | 5.45 | 6.34 |

## Average Daily Receipts of National Banks.

The following table shows the number of banks, their total receipts, and the percentage of checks of such total, in twenty-three principal cities and elsewhere, on a given day in 1892 (September 15):

| Cities. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No. of } \\ & \text { Banks. } \end{aligned}$ | Receipts. | Percentage of Checks, etc. | Cities. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { No. of } \\ & \text { Banks. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Receipts. | Percentage of Checks, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York | 48 | \$130,976,963 | 92.36 | Kansas Cit | -9 | \$4.168.021 | 93.46 |
| Chicago | 21 | 25,078, 114 | 94.52 | St. Josep | 4 | 610.775 | 91.63 |
| St. Louis | 8 | 2,390.070 | 87.83 | Omaha | 9 | 3,190,258 | 95. 76 |
| Boston | 55 | 27.339.245 | 93.11 | Brooklyu. ............ | 4 | 1,124.720 | S1. 55 |
| Albany. | 6 | 1,175,496 | 95.33 | St. Yaul.. | 5 | 2.382 .940 | 97.00 |
| Philadelphi | 41 | 23,369,882 | 93.92 | Minneapoli | 7 | 2.195 .787 | 96. 60 |
| Pittsburgh | 26 | 4, 102, 424 | 90.02 | San Francisco...... | 2 | 510,393 | 83.39 |
| Baltimore... | 22 | 4,836,972 | 82.46 | Des Moines.......... | 3 | 333,440 | 88.40 |
| Washington . <br> New Urleans. | 12 | $\begin{array}{r} 940,470 \\ 1,498,735 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 66.65 \\ & 87.16 \end{aligned}$ |  | 281 | \$116,514,324 | 92.74 |
| Louisville | 9 | 950. 421 | 91.86 |  |  |  |  |
| Cincinnati | 12 | 6.137.507 | 94.64 | Total all cities.. | 329 | \$247.491.287 | 92.54 |
| Cleveland ..... ...... | 8 | 1,835.908 | 92.79 | Banks elsewhere.. | 3,144 | 83.713.926 | 84.9 |
| Detroit................. Milwauke...... | 6 3 | 1,658 194 | 91.82 90.93 | Total U. S. | 3,473 | \$331,205,213 | 90.61 |

UNITED STATES CURRENCY CIRCULATION.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fiscal } \\ & \text { Year. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amonnt } \\ \text { in Circulation. } \end{gathered}$ | \|Circulation per Capita. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fiscal } \\ \text { Year. } \end{gathered}$ | $\text { in } \stackrel{A}{\mathbf{C}}$ | Circulati per Capi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FISCAL } \\ & \text { Y FAR }^{2} \end{aligned}$ | in Circulation. | per Capits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1860 | \$435.407.252 |  | 188 | 28 | \$19.41 | 1891.... | 81.497,440.707 |  |
| 1865 | 714.702 .995 |  | 1851 | 1.114.238.419 |  | 18 |  |  |
| 1870 | 675.212 .794 | 17.50 | 1889 | 1.174 .290 .419 | 22.37 | 189 | 1596.701 .245 | 23.85 |
| 1872 | 738.309 .549 | 18.19 | 188:3. | 1.230.305.646 | 22.91 | 189 | 1.660. 508.708 | 24. 28 |
| 1873 | 751,881,803 | 18.04 | 1884 | 1,243 925.969 | 22.65 |  | 1.601,968,47 |  |
| 1874. | 776, 083, 033 | 18.13 | 188 | 1.292.568.615 | 23.02 |  | 1.506.631,026 | 21.10 |
| 1875 | 754.101, 947 | 18.16 | 1886 | $1.252,700.525$ | 21.82 | 18 | $1.640 .808,946$ | 22.49 |
| 1876 | 727.609.338 | 16.12 | 1887 | 1.317.539.143 | 22.45 | 18 | 1,837.859,895 | 24.66 |
| 1877 | 722314.883 | $15.58$ | 1888. | $1,372,170,870$ | 22.88 | 1899 | 1,904,071,881 | 25.00 |
| 1878. | 729.132 .634 818.631, 793 | $15.32$ | 1889 1890 | $1,380.361 .649$ $1,429.251,270$ | 22.52 22.82 | 189. | 1,001,071,881 |  |
|  | 818.631,793 | 16.75 | 0 | 1,429,251,270 | 22.8 |  |  |  |

Statement Showing the A mounts of Gold and Silver Coins and Uertificates. United States Notes, and National Bank Notes in Circulation October 1. 1899.

|  | General Stock Coined or Issued. | In Treasury. | Amount in Circula- tion Oct. 1, 1899. | Amount in Circula tion Oct. 1, 1848. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gol | \$867.833.173 | \$221.271,988 | \$646.561.185 | \$62\%,649,812 |
| Standard | 482,122.376 | 413,367, 133 | $68.755,243$ | $60.788,828$ |
| Subsidiary | 76, 523,333 | 2,477,571 | 74.045 .762 | 66,587, 940 |
| Gold Certificates | 135, 501. 119 | 36,827.560 | 98.673,559 | 35.393,909 |
| Silver Certificate | $405,197.504$ | $5.043,623$ | 400.153, 881 | 393, 425,735 |
| Treasury Notes, Act J | 91.167 .280 | 1,210,105 | 89,957.175 | ¢6,704,23 |
| United States Notes......................̈) | $\begin{array}{r} 3.16,681,016 \\ 16,100,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31,726,416 \\ 230,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 314,9,54,600 \\ 15,570,000 \end{array}$ | $\text { 291,660. } 165$ |
| Currency Certificates, Act June 8,1872 <br> National Bank Notes | 243,372, 22: | 3,640,442 | 239,731,781 | 231,750,720 |
| To | 2,66-4,498,024 | \$715,794,8:38 | \$1,948,703,156 | 1,816,596,392 |
| Population of the United States October 1, 1899, estimated by the Comptroller of the Currency at $76,561,000$; circulation per capita, $\$ 25.45$. |  |  |  |  |

BANKING STATISTICS-Continued.
BANKINC STATISTICS OF EUROPE.

| Countries. | Issue. | Gold. | Silver. | Total. | Ratio of Bullion. | Capital. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Brit | \$209,000,000 | $\$ 201,000,000$ | \$6,000,000 | \$207,000,000 | 99 | \$1,420,000,000 |
| Franc | 766,500,000 | 372,500,000 | 243500,000 | 616,000,000 | 82 | 700,000,000 |
| German | 304,000,000 | 182,500,000 | 82,000,000 | 264,500,000 | 87 | 425,000,000 |
| Russia. | 474, 000,000 | 604,500,000 | 23,000,000 | 627,500,000 | 136 | 210,000,000 |
| Austri | 306,000 000 | 154,000,000 | 52,500,000 | 206,500,000 | 80 | 225,000,000 |
| Italy | 208,000,000 | 80,000,000 | 12,500,000 | 92,500,000 | 44 | 125,000,000 |
| Spain | 251,000,000 | 48,000,000 | 54,500,000 | 102,500,000 | 41 | 105,000,000 |
| Portugal | 71,500,000 | 5,500,000 | 9,500,000 | 15,000,000 | 21 | 30,000,000 |
| Sweden. | 36,500,000 | 10,500,000 | 4,000,000 | 14,500 000 | 40 | 45,000,000 |
| Norway | 15,500,000 | 9,000,000 | , | 9,000,000 | 58 | $25.000,000$ |
| Denmark | 22,000,000 | 15,000,000 | ........ | 15,000,000 | 68 | 10,000,000 |
| Netherlan | 83,500,000 | 14,000,000 | 35,000,000 | 49,000,000 | 58 | 70,000,000 |
| Belgium | 95,000,000 | 18,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 21,000,000 | 22 | 55,000.000 |
| Switzerlan | 40000000 | 18.500,000 | 1.500,000 | 20,000,000 | 50 | 30,000,000 |
| Greece | 27,000,000 | 500,000 |  | 500,000 | 62 |  |
| Rouman | 28,500,000 | 11,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 12,000,000 | 42 |  |
| Servia. | 4,500,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,500,000 | 2,500,000 | 56 |  |
| Bulgaria | 500,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 400 | ......... |
| Total | \$2.878,010,000 | \$1,746,500,000 | \$5530,500,000 | \$2,277,000,000 | 79 | \$3,475,000,000 |

These approximations sre by Mulhall, and are for March, 1896, except the statement of capital, which is for 1890 .
TRANSACTIONS OF THE NEW YORK CLEARING-HOUSE.

## (For tiscal years ending September 30.)

| Year, | No. of Banks | Capital. | Clearings. | Balances Paid in Money. | Average Daily Clearings. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average Daily } \\ & \text { Balances Paid } \\ & \text { in Money. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Balances } \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Clearings } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1851 | 60 | \$61, 162,700 | \$48.565,818,212 | \$1,776.018,162 | $\overline{\$ 159.232 .191}$ | \$5,823,010 | 3.5 |
| 1882 | 61 | $60.962,700$ | $46.552,846,161$ | 1,595.000,245 | 151,637,935 | $5.195,440$ | 34 |
| 1883 | 63 | 61,162,700 | $40,293.165,258$ | 1.568 .983 .196 | 132,543,307 | $5,161,129$ | 3.9 |
| 188 | 61 | 60,412.700 | 34.092,037,338 | 1.524,930,994 | 111,048,982 | $4.967,202$ | 4.5 |
| 1885 | 64 | 58,612,700 | 25,250.791,440 | 1,295.355,252 | $82,789,480$ | 4,247.069 | 51 |
| 1886. | 63 | 59.312 .700 | $33,374,682,216$ | 1,519,565,385 | 109,067.589 | 4.965,900 | 4.5 |
| 1887 | 64 | 60,862,700 | $34,872,848,786$ | 1.569,626.325 | 114,337, 209 | 5,146,316 | 4.5 |
| 1888 | 63 | $60,762.700$ | $30.863,686.609$ | 1,570,198,528 | 101,192,415 | $5,148,192$ | 5.1 |
| 1889 | 63 | 60,762,700 | 34.796, 465,529 | 1,757.637,473 | 114.839.820 | 5,800,784 | 5.0 |
| 1890 | 64 | 60,812,700 | 37,660,686,572 | 1,753,040,145 | 123,074,139 | 5,728,889 | 4.7 |
| 1891 | 63 | 60.772 .700 | 34,053, 698,770 | 1,584,635,500 | 111, 651, 471 | 5,195.526 | 4.6 |
| 1892 | 64 | $60,422,700$ | 36,279.905.236 | $1.861,500.575$ | 118,561,782 | 6,083,335 | 5.1 |
| 1898 | 64 | 60,922,700 | 34, 421, 380,870 | 1,696.207.176 | 113,978,082 | $5,616,580$ | 4.9 |
| 1894 | 65 | 61.622,700 | 24, 230.145.368 | 1,585, 241,634 | $79,704.426$ | 5,254,611 | 6.5 |
| 1895 | 66 | 62,622,700 | $28,264,379,126$ | $1.896,574.349$ | 92,670,095 | 6,218,276 | 6.7 |
| 1896 | 65 | 60.622,700 | $29,350,894,884$ | 1,843,289,239 | 96,232,442 | 6. 043,571 | 6.2 |
| 1897 | 65 | 59,022,700 | 31,337,760.948 | 1,908,901.898 | 10.3.434,954 | $6,300,046$ | 6.0 |
| 1898. | 64 | 58,272,700 | 39, 853, 413,948 | 2,338,529,016 | 131.529,419 | 7,717,918 | 5.87 |
| 1899. | 64 | $58,922.700$ | $57,368,230,771$ | 3,085,971,3,0 | 189,961,029 | $10,218,448$ | 5.37 |

EXCHANGES OF CLEARING-HOUSES OF UNITED STATES CITIES. ExCHANGES FOR Y EARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30-

## Clearing-

 House atBoston. Chicago. Philadelphia St. Louis San Francisco Baltimore.. Pittsburgh. Cincinnati. Kansas City. New Orleans. Minneapolis.. Detroit Louisville Other cities.$\frac{1899 .}{\$ 57,368.230,771}$ $6,784.183 .97$ 6,868.946.314 4,575,299,372 1,608.007,344 914,851,684 1,276,120,171 1,353,022,951 $709,519.900$ 622.485,593 442,659,109 517,797.428 398,644,554 391, 115, 296 5,578,777,312
$\left.\frac{1898}{\$ 39,853,413,948} \right\rvert\,$ 5,351, 600, 239 3,685,831, 027 1,423, 195, 100 811,987,041 888.166,431 941.681'039 649,286.750 $165,437,200$ 445, 082,489 463,010,490 341,644,496 341,'259,026 5.308.943.359
1897. $\$ 31,337,760,948$
$4,952,927,911$ $\stackrel{180,}{\$ 29,350,894,884}$ 4,554,116,109 4,538,505,883
3,383.903,806
1,182.015,146
692,806,487
718,899,600
773.459,833
603.546,200

509,330,339
327,544,213
395,656, 444
310.508,887

210,717,076
$4,425,894,007$
1895.
$\overline{\$ 28,264,379.126}$ 4,629,303.920
4,541,435,624
3,395,864.543
1,218,425,682
671,892.105 685.004, 866 711, 773.043 653.228. 500 507,805,333 451,679,488 337 201, 924 338,343,355 309.894.324 $4,395,360,095$ Total....... $\overline{\$ 88,909,661,776} \overline{\$ 65,924,820,769} \overline{\$ 54,030,253,695} \overline{\$ 51,922,299,114} \overline{\$ 51}, 111,591,928$ These Clearing-House returns were prepared for The World Almanac by the manager of the New York Clearing-House.

## ESTIMATE OF THE AMOUNT OF UNITED STATES PAPER PMONEY THAT WILL NEVER BE PRESENTED FOR REDERPTION.

| Krnd. | Total Issued, Iucluding Reissues. | Amount Outstanding. | Estimsted Loss. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States notes | \$2,854,525,808 | \$346,681,016 | \$5,488,900 |
| Treasury notes of 1890 | 371,073,000 | 114,867,280 | 55,770 |
| Gold certificates | 1,506,039,300 | 38,782,169 | 207,600 |
| Silver certificates | 1,426,790,000 | 375,479,504 | 711,800 |
| Carrency certificates. | 1,380,250,000 | 62,340,000 |  |
| Summary of United S | \$7,538,678,108 | \$938,149,969 | \$6,464,000 |
| National bank note Total. | $2,064,079,225$ $\$ 9,602,757,333$ | \$ $\$ 1,168, \overline{166}, 194$ | $6,581,300$ $\$ 13,045,300$ |

This estimate was made by the Secretary of the Treasury, April 18, 1898.

NUMBER JF DEPOSITORS, AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS, AND AVERAGE TO EACH DEPOSITOR, 1898-99.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { States } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Teritories. } \end{gathered}$ | Number of Depositors. | Amount of Deposits. | Average to Each Depositor. | States and Territories. | Number of Depositors. | Amount of Deposits. | Average to Each Depositor. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine. | 173,309 | \$62,583,435 | \$360. 69 | Louisiana. | 10,094 | \$3,105,461 | \$307.65 |
| N. Hampshire... | 133,174 | 52,131 879 | 391.45 | Texas................ |  |  |  |
| Vermont ........ | 113,369 | 36.526,750 | 32219 | Tennessee ......... | 17,678 | 2,023,686 | 114.47 |
| Massachusetts | a 1,465,960 | $509,215,854$ <br> $70,589,065$ | 347.36 501.29 | S'thern States | 43,068 | \$8,713,884 | \$202. 32 |
| Connecticut | 375,810 | 163,482,499 | 435.01 | h |  |  | 1 |
| N. Eng. States | 2,402,637 | \$894.529,482 | \$372.31 | Indiana | 20,191 | 5,323,607 | 263.66 |
|  |  |  |  | Illinois. .............. | 164,216 | $650,898.655$ | 309.95 |
| New York... | 1,865, 653 | 816,144,368 | 437. 45 | Wisconsin ......... | 2,350 | 405,196 | 172. 42 |
| New Jersey...... | c 189,674 | 52,120,6.44 | 274.79 | Minnes | a $\begin{array}{r}46,000 \\ \text { a }\end{array}$ | $10,864,288$ $48,147,861$ | 236.18 362.05 |
| Pennsylvania Delaware ..... | 334,178 | $97,404,243$ $4,512,769$ | 291.47 288.52 | Iowa. | a 132,986 | 48,147,861 | 362.05 |
| Maryland | 166,337 | 55,564,940 | 334.05 | West'n States | 455.505 | \$153,690,489 | \$337.41 |
| Dis.of Columbia |  |  |  | Calif | c 209,908 | 145,943,163 | 637. 75 |
| Middle States. | 2,571,483 | \$1,025,746 984 | \$398.89 | Utah | 5,217 | 1,742,972 | 334.00 |
| West Virginia... | 4,127 | 324,081 | 78. 33 | Pacific States. | 215,125 | \$147,686.135 | \$636. 51 |
| North Carolina South Carolina. | 7,604 a 3,565 | 1,218.319 | 160.22 572.89 | United States. | 5,687,818 | \$2,230,366,954 | \$892.13 |

$a$ Partially estimated. $b$ Savings deposits in State institutions having savings departments-abstract of report included with State banks. c December 31, 1898.

No returns for $1898-99$ from the following states and returns for previous years are given: Alabama, 1893-94, depositors. 2.500; amount of deposits. $\$ 102.347$. Florida, 1894-95, depositors. 1.148 , amount of deposits, 8205,710 . New Mexico, 189-1-95, depositors, 217 amount ol deposits, $\$ 37,951$. Washington, 1894-95, depositors, 5.512 ; amount of deposits, $\$ 1,148,104$. Oregon, 1895-96, depositors, 1,631; amount of deposits, $\$ 972,298$. Georgia, 1896-97, depositors, 5,384 ; amount of deposits, $\$ 288,010$.

SAVINGS BANKS, DEPOSITORS, AND DEPOSITS IN THE UNITED STATES EVERY TEN YEARS FROM 1820 TO 1890 AND ANNUALLY SINCE.

| Yzar. | Number of Banks. | Number of Depositors. | Deposits. | Year. | Number of Banks. | Number of Depositors. | Deposits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1820 | 10 | 8.635 | \$1.138.570 | 1592. | 1059 | 4,781.605 | \$1.712.769.026 |
| 1830 | 36 | 38,085 | 6.973 .304 | 1893 | 1.030 | 4,230.599 | 1.755 150.957 |
| 1840 | 61 | 78,701 | 14.051.520 | 1-94 | 1,024 | 4.757687 | 1.747, 961, 280 |
| 1850. | 108 | 251,554 | 43.431.130 | 1895... | 1,017 | 4.575519 | 1,810,597,023 |
| 1860 | 278 | 643.870 | 149.277.504 | 1896 | 988 | 5.065,494 | 1,907,156,276 |
| 1870 | 517 | 1.630.846 | 549.874 .358 | 1897. | 980 | 5,201,132 | 1,939 376.035 |
| $18 \subset 0$ | 629 | 2,335, 58.2 | 819.106.973 | 1898 | 979 | 5,385,746 | $2,065.631 .298$ |
| 1890 | 921 1.011 | 4, 258,893 | 1.524 .844 .506 1.623 .079 .749 | 1899 | 942 | 5,687,818 | 2,230.366,954 |

The above and following tables were compiled from the report of the Comptroller of the Currency.

NUMBER OF DEPOSITORS AND AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

| Countries. | Number of Depositors. | Amount of Deposits. | A verage <br> Deposit. | Countries. | Namber of Depositors. | Amount of Deposits. | Average Deposit. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 3,924,912 | \$658.921,560 | \$167.88 | switzerl | 1,196.590 | \$178,792.290 | \$149.42 |
| Hungary | 995, 397 | 226,151,760 | 227.19 | United King | 7,964.826 | 815,686,750 | 102. 35 |
| Bavaria | 665,943 | 57,638,605 | 86.55 | Australasia | 894,879 | 130,485.880 | 115.81 |
| Belgium | 1,145,408 | 113,500.080 | 9909 | Canada | 175,500 | $57,578,975$ | 327.97 |
| Denmar | 949, 854 | 165.920.525 | 165.95 | Cape C | 51.161 | 8,490 920 | 169.21 |
| France | 8.986,631 | 829,783,735 | 92. 33 | India | 653,892 | 28,4134460 | 43. 60 |
| Italy. | 4.137.908 | 331,330,1u0 | 80.07 |  | 6.963 | 861.520 | 123. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| Netherla | 740.024 | 43,073.460 | 58.20 |  | 6.401 | 2,8:1,420 | 44.71 |
| Norway | 40,053 | 60.533 .905 | 112.08 | Cro | 114,491 | 12,270,405 | 107. 22 |
| Prussia | 1,460,858 | $\begin{gathered} 939,757,555 \\ 98,170,720 \end{gathered}$ | 150.23 67.20 | Total. | 40,921,248 | \$4,593,949,450 | \$144.2 |

The computation of the savings deposits of the woid shows that they amount to the enormous sum of nearly seven billions of dollars. The depositors in the savings banks of the world, therefore, would now be capable of advancing the amonnt of the war indemnity which France paid to Germany after 1870 seven tinnes over. The depositors of the United States alone could cover the amount nearly twice over, and those of France, Prussia, and Great Britain could almost cover it from the deposits of either country alone. The Empire of Austria-Hungary ranks third in the amount of savings deposits and fourtb in the amnunt per capita. but the figures for the two divisions of the Empire are separated in the table. These figures cover the depositso all saving 5 banks in the countries named-the private and stock savings banks as well as the government bauks-but they on not include the great deposits in the commercial banks. The figures are marie up by the Bureall of Statistics from material taken from the reports of the Comptroller of the Currency.-Journal of Commerce.

## 

EXTRACTS FROM THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY ACT OF JULY 1, 1898.
SEC. 4. WHO MAY BECOME BANKRUPTS. - (a) Any person who owes debts, except a corporation, shall $u$ entitled to the benefits of this act as a voluntary bankrupt.
(b) Any natural person (except a wage-earner or a person engaged chiefly in farming or the tillage of the soil), any unincorporated company, and any corporation engaged principally in manufacturing, trading, printing, publishing, or mercantile pursuits, owing debts to the amount of one thousand dollars or over, may be adjudged an involuntary bankrupt upon default or an impartial trial, and shall be subject to the provisions and entilled to the benefits of this act. Private bankers, but not national banks or banks incorporated under State or Territorial laws, may be adjudged involuntary bankrupts.

SEC. 7. DUTIES OF BANKRUPTS. - (a) The bankrupt shall (1) attend the first meeting of his creditors, if directed by the court or a judge thereof to do so, and the hearing upon his application for a discharge. If tiled; (2) comply with all lawful orders of the court; (3) examine the correctness of all proofs of claims iled against bis estate; (4) execute and deliver such papers as shall be ordered by the court: (5) execute to his trastee transfers of all his property in foreign countries; (6) immediately inform his trustee of any attempt, by bis creditors or other persons, to evade the provisions of this act, coming to his knowledge; (7) in case of any person having to his knowledge proved a false claim against his estate. disclose that fact immediately to his trustee; (8) prepare, make oath to, and file in court within ten days, unless further time is granted. after the adjudication if an involuutary bankrupt, and with the petition if a voluntary bankrupt, a schedule of his property, showing the amount and kind of property, the location thereol, its money value in detail, and a list of his creditors, showing their residences, if known (if unknown that fact to be stated). the amount due each of them, the consideration therenf, the security held by them, if any, and a claim for such exemptions as he may be entitled to, all in triplicate, one copy of each for the clerk, one for the referee, and one for the trustee; and ( 9 ) when present at the first meeting of his creditors, and at such other times as the court shall order. submit to an examination concerning the conducting of his business, the cause of his bank ruptcy his dealings with his creditors and other persons, the amount, kind, and whereabouts of his property, and, in addition, all matters which may affect the administration and settlement of his estate; but no testimony given by him shall be offered in evidence against him in any criminal proceedings.

Provided, however that he shall not be required to attend a meeting of his creditors, or at or for an examination at a place more than one hundred and fifty miles distant from his home or principal place of business, or to examine claims except when presented to him, unless ordered by the court, or a judge thereof for cause shown, and the bankrupt shall be paid his actual expenses from the estate when examined or required to attend at any place other than the city, town, or village of his residence.

FAILURES IN THE UNITED STATES.


# 3Life Rusurance Statititics. <br> CONDITION OF REGULAR LEVEL PREMIUM COMPANIES JANUARY 1, 1899, AND BUSINESS THE PRECEDING YEAR.* 



[^11]INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR TVENTY YEARS」
The following table shows the receipts and disbursements of the "old-line" life insurance com. panies reporting to the New York Insurance Department for twenty years:

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Enar } \\ \text { Ending } \\ \text { Dec. } 31 . \end{gathered}$ | No. of Companies. | Total Income. | Total Payments for Losses, Endowments, snd Annusties. | Total Payments for Lapsed, Surrendered, and Purchased Policies | Total <br> Dividends to Policyholders. | Total <br> Payments to Policy holders. | Tazes, Commissions, and other Expenses | Total Disbursements. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1879 | 34 | \$77,700,403 | \$31,634,522 | \$12.2 | \$13,479,613 | \$577,371,958 | \$11,208,133 |  |
| 1880 | 34 | 77.403,445 | 30,032,17! | 9,923 ט26 | 13,171,992 | ,12, | 12,851,312 |  |
| 1881 | 30 | $79.820,513$ | 31,068.144 | 8,497,354 | 12,579,151 | 52,144,649 | 13,089,414 | 65,484,68 |
| 1882 | 30 | 85,070.134 | 29.826,874 | 9,255.077 | 13,555,105 | 52,637 056 | 13,338,788 | 66,242,34 |
| 1883 | 29 | 92,562,763 | 33,894,306 | 8,837,857 | 13.417.464 | 56,149,627 | 15,295,264 | 1,743,58 |
| 188 | 29 | 96,974,376 | $35,602,544$ | 9,503,530 | 13,043,498 | 58,149,572 | 18,153.435 | 5.632,09 |
| 1885 | 29 | 105,527,865 | $38,524.822$ | 9,630,269 | 12,963,660 | 61,218,751 | 18,715,267 | 80.209, 549 |
| 1886 | 29 | 116,961,315 | 38,276,390 | 9,433,379 | 13,218,286 | 60,928,054 | 21,066,540 | 82,319,09 |
| 1887 | 29 | 130,657.526 | 42,827.054 | 10,413,379 | 14,852.624 | 68,003,557 | 25,031,101 | 93,447,28 |
| 1888 | 30 | 147.024.431 | 48,564,964 | 11,234,569 | 14,324,827 | 74,129,360 | 27,905,878 | 103,369,145 |
| 1889 | 30 | 168,184.699 | 53.081,834 | 12,24U,142 | 13,951,069 | 79,273,667 | 34,898,168 | 114,503,360 |
| 1890 | 30 | 187.424,959 | 58,64ヶ 610̆ | 13,827,225 | 14,271,501 | 86 707,341 | 39,616,782 | 126,653,530 |
| 189 | 29 | 201,931,425 | $62,731,497$ | 16,230.891 | 13,941,226 | 92,953,614 | 42,350,372 | 135,792,04 |
| 1892 | 31 | 243,024,998 | 72,576,866 | 15.658.759 | 14,386,195 | 102,621,820 | 49,665. 730 | 152,890,333 |
| 1893 | 32 | 236,683,206 | 75,903,820 | 19,839,418 | 14 823,176 | 110,556,414 | 55, 205, 336 | 166,512,254 |
| 1894 | 33 | 255,624,478 | 78,313,162 | 23,154,108 | 14.577.455 | 116,054,725 | 61,073,545 | 177,863,333 |
| 1895 | 35 | 256, 897,210 | 84,7.1,622 | 22,889,493 | 15,297.604 | 122,978,718 | $62,052,872$ | 185.,772,902 |
| 1896 | $3{ }^{3}$ | 279,373,107 | 90,146,264 | 26,368,039 | 17.483,169 | 134,219,515 | 64,160.732 | 199,173,299 |
| 1897 | 35 | 301,268,179 | 92,688,307 | 26,431,312 | 18,425,197 | 137,544,815 | 67,582,025 | 205,856,394 |
| 1898. | 35 | 320,306. 16 | 98,465.681 | 26,436,307 | 19,694,634 | 144,566,622 | 72,667.590 | 218,0 |

Total assets of the 35 companies last reported, $\$ 1,450,555.708$, surplus as to policybolders, $\$ 211,156,246$.

## ASSETS OF AND AMOUNT INSURED BY T:HE PRIHCIPAL AMERICAN COM-

 PANIES JANUARY 1, 1899.| Companies. | Insurance in Force. | Gross Assets. | Companies. | Insurance in Force. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gross } \\ \text { Assets. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$987 | \$257.790,512 |  | \$115, 678,483 | \$22,035,448 |
|  | 970,496,975 | 277,573.348 | Bankers' Li | 114,868,000 | 3,107,158 |
| New | 944,021,120 | 215.944,811 | New Englan | 110,281,154 | 28,109,074 |
| Metropoli | 666.210,715 | 43,495.931 | Travelers', | 97,352,821 | 20,787,113 |
| Northwestern Mutual, Wis. | 457,712,738 | 115,493,790 | Provident Sa | 92, 592,137 | 2,708,428 |
| Prudential, | 414.548,837 | 28.887,196 | Hartford Life | 85.774,005 | 2,832,027 |
| Mutual Res | 269, 169,321 | 3,450,720 | National, | 80656,558 | 16,131,263 |
|  | 244,575,582 | 67.098 .746 | German | 76,133,103 | 25,211,910 |
| John Hancock Mut., Mass.* | $167.138,344$ | 12,488,177 | Fidelity Mutir | 75,045,844 | 2,209.790 |
| Penn Mutual | 163, 524,302 | 35,503,118 | State Mutual Life, | 69,517,218 | 14,735,178 |
| Connecticut | 158,078,850 | 64,193,295 | Coveuant Mutua | 58,838,000 | 465,852 |
|  | 157,392,432 | 50,218,937 |  | 57,166,445 | ,322,561 |
| Provident Life \& Trust, | 122,735,550 | $37,395,017$ | Northwesteru Life, Chi | 54,828,400 | 1,141,236 |
| Union Central, Ohio... | 120,573,677 | 20,816,240 | Washington Life, N. Y | $52,311,363$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,034,951 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |

## LIFE INSURANCE IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES.ł

| ES. | Force. | Premiums. | Year's <br> Losses. |  | ursnce in Force. | Premiums. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | \$14,129.548,072 | \$339,280,913 | \$165,718.804 | Aust | \$370,621,530 | \$14,613,420 | 84 |
| Great Britain | 3,290,521.720 | 126,4;8,455 | 78,496, 735 | Scand | 128,213.755 | 4,365,360 | 4 |
| Germany | 1,320,163,685 | 50,313,925 | 16,767,830 | IRussia | 47.925,979 | 1,757,681 | 584,70 |
| France. | 695,231,5501 | 40, 251,080 | 10,647,060 | Switz | 70,390,250 | 3,025,100 | 1,170,2 |

* Inclades Industrial business. \& Assessment or psrtial companies. $\ddagger$ From most recent reports. § Including assessment bosiness ( $87,799,428,000$ lnsurance in force), on which no part of the fulure premlum is collected in advance.


#  <br> CONDITION AND TRANSACTIONS OF COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN THE UNITED STATES JANUARY 1, 1898. 

| Number of Companies. | Capital. | Assets Exclusive of Premium Notes. | Net Surplus. | Cash Premiums Re- ceived during Year. | Total Cash Iucome during Year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 321 Stock......... 183 Mutual...... | $\$ 73,229,136$ | \$400,551.757 | \$161,102,530 | \$161, 730,957 | \$178,320,217 |
| Number of Companies. | Paid for Lesses during Year. | Paid for Dividends during iear. | Expeuses other than Losses and Divi- dends during Year | Total I isbursements during Year. | Risks Written during Year. |
| $\overline{324}$ Stock ........ 205 Mntual...... | \$90,051.512 | $\$ 15,658,862$ | \$55, 568,135 | \$165,178,509 | \$16,500,000,000 |

* Approximation. These statistics of fire insurance business in the United States are, with the exception of the estimate of risks written during the year, compiled from "The Insurance YearBook,' published by The Spectator Company, They do not include the retmrns of a few stock companies and some 600 inutuals and town and county nutuals, whose transactions are purely local and individualiy of small volume.
CONDITION OF THE PRINGIPAL JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES DOING BUSIHESS IH THE SNITED STATES JANUARY 1, 1899.*

| Companies. | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{G} \\ \mathrm{As} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Capital. | Net Surplus. | 1 Companies. |  | pital | Net Surplus. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| İverp. Ton Amer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,470,077 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ,000.006 | 15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 583,331 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| henix, |  | 1,000,000 | 1,520,709 |  |  | 500,000 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2,133,943 | 500,000 | 980,162 |
| Springtield |  | 1,500,000 |  |  | 2,078,169 | 300,000 | 729,668 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queen, New | 4,668,341 | 500,000 |  |  | 1, |  |  |
|  | $4.612,500$ | 1,000.000 |  |  |  |  |  |
| N. Bri |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scottish Union \& | 4,200,127 | +200.000 | 1,986,240 | Americ | 1,861,941 | 600,000 | 486,072 |
| Fireman's Fund, |  | 1,000,000 | 1,361,730 | Mancheste |  | + 200, 000 | 584,172 |
| Connect | 3,780,000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C | 3,772,794 | +200,000 |  |  | 1,700,15 | 400,000 |  |
|  |  | 200.000 | 1,379,725 | Weste |  | +200,000 | 634,207 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franklin |  | 400,000 | 1,150,150 |  | 1,620,27 | 702,875 |  |
| Phæenix, | 3,164,605 | +200,000 | 1,357,683 | Hamb |  | 200,000 | 707,500 |
| New Ham |  | 1,000,000 |  | Spring Garden, |  |  |  |
| Hanover, | 3,076,292 | 1,000,000 | 705,711 | United F | 1,532,554 |  | 251,368 |
| American | 3,009,952 | 1,600,000 |  | Union | 1, | 200,000 | 793,698 |
| London \& Lanca |  | $\dagger 600,000$ | 1,078,370 |  |  |  |  |
| Niagara Fire, N | 2,788,741 | 500,000 | 771,777 |  |  | 200,000 |  |
| Westche | 2,727,143 | 300,000 | $1,134,520$ | Detroit |  | 0 |  |
| Sun, En | 2,724,972 | $+200,000$ | 1,075, 037 | Brition |  |  | 517,429 |
| American Fi | 2,710,728 | 500,000 | 504,733 | American Fire, | 1.24 | 400,000 | 368,728 |
| * Annual statements ol the fire insurance companies are rendered to the insurance departments during the month of Janmary; therefore the statistics of condition in 1899 were not ready when this publication went to press. <br> $\dagger$ The New York law requires a deposit of $\$ 200,000$ from foreign companies with the insurance department. This is treated by the department as "deposit capital," and the surplus stated in the next column is "surplus beyond deposit capital" and other liabilities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

ANRUAL PROPERTY LOSSES IN THE UNITED STATES BY FIRES-1875-98.

| Years. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Aggregate Property } \\ \text { Loss. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Aggregate Insur ance Loss. | Years. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggregate Property } \\ \text { Loss. } \end{gathered}$ | Aggregate Insurance Loss. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1875. | \$78,102,285 | \$39,325,400 | 1889. | \$123,046,833 | \$73,679,465 |
| 1876. | 64,630.600 | 34.374,500 | 1890. | 108,993,792 | $65,015,465$ |
| 1877 | 68,265,800 | 27,398,900 | 1891. | 143,764,967 | 90,576,918 |
| 1878. | $64,315,900$ | 36,575,900 | 1842. | 151,516,098 | 93,511,936 |
| 1879. | 77.703,700 | 44,464,700 | 1893. | 167,544,370 | 105,994,577 |
| 1880. | 74,643,400 | 42,525,000 | 1894. | 140,006,484 | 89,574,699 |
| 1881. | 81,280,900 | 44,641,900 | 1895 | 142,110,233 | 84,689,030 |
| 1882. | 84,505,024 | 48,875,131 | 1896. | 118,737,420 | 73,903,800 |
| 1883. | 100,149,228 | 54,808,564 | 1897 | 116.354570 | 66,722,140 |
| 1884. | 110,(108,611 | 60,679,818 | 1898. | 130,593 905 | 73,796,080 |
| 1885. | 102,818,796 | 57,430,789 | 1899 | *115, 400,000 | * $65,000,000$ |
| 1886. | $104,924,750$ |  |  |  |  |
| 1887. | 120,283, 055 | 69,659,508 | Total 25 years... | \$2,700,586,386 | \$1,577,698,528 |
| 1888....... | 110,885,665 | 68,965,724 |  |  |  |

Estimated.
The flgures in the last table, from 1875 to 1898 , inclusive, are taken from the Chronicle Fire Tables.

## Tye fleet of Teamgatamtic 引assingex Steamevs．

Includes only regular passenger lines from New York．Offices and piers are in Manhattan Borough unless otherwise stated．

| Steamships． | Built． |  | Builders． | Tonnage．Horse <br> Power． |  |  |  | Commander． | Dimensions in Feet． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | － | Place． |  | 这 | \％ | $$ |  |  | 容 | 咢 | － |

NEw YORK AND
foot W．2Ist St．
State of Nebraska．

State of Nebraska．

ALLAN－STATE LINE．
（Office， 53 Broadway．）
Lond．\＆Gl＇gowCo．，Ld ${ }^{2580} 4000$
State Line Established 1872.
1880）（tlasgow
1872 Glasgow．．．
Lond．\＆Gl＇gowCo．，Ld ．．．｜4522
650 Perry
$385143 \quad 32$
Laurentian． NEW YORK AND SOUTHAMPTON， Pier foot Fulton St．，N．R．
AMERICAN LINE． （Office， 73 Broadway．）

ESTABLISHED 1892.

| St．Lou | 1894 Philadelphia | Wm．Cramp \＆So | 62920000 | P | 35.863 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| St．Paul | 1894 Philadelphia | Wm．Cramp \＆Sons． | 58741162920000 | Jamiso | 535.863 | 42 |
| Paris． | 1829 Glasgow．．．．． | J．\＆G．Thomson．． | $628910795{ }^{\prime 2} 200002000$ |  | $580 \quad 63.3$ | 42 |
| New York | 1888 Glasgow | J．\＆G．Thomson．． | 631810803,200002000 | Robe | ．580 63．3 | 42 |

New YORK AND
foot W． 24 th St． ANCHOR LINE．
（Office， 17 Broadway．）
Established 1852.


NEW YORK，QUEENSTOWN，AṄD CUNARD LINE．
Liverpool，Pier foot Clarkson St．$\}$（Office， 29 Broadway．）
（Onfice， 29
5000＇1．2950 30000＊｜Walker．．．．．． 620 65． 343


NEW YORK，PLYMOUTH，（MERBOURG， ，HAABURG－AMIERICAN
SOUTHAMPTON，BOULOGNE，ANDHAM－
burg，Pier foot 1st St．，Hoboken．


| Deutschlan |  | V |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| irst Bisma | 1890 Stettin | Vulcans．B | ． 10000164002800 | Barend |  |  | 40 |
| ugusta Victo | 1889 Stettin | Vulcan S．B． | ． $1000013500 \geq 500$ | Kaemp | 220 | 56 | 38 |
| olumbia | 1889 Birkenl | Laird B | ．． 800013500 | Vogelgesang | 465 | 56 | 38 |
| Kaiser Fried | 1893 Dantzig | Schichau S． | ． 1250017000 |  | 600 | 64 | 44 |
| Pennsylvan | 1897 Belfast | Harland \＆V | ． 125006000 |  |  | 62 | 43 |
| retoria | 1897 Hamb | Blohm \＆Vo | ． 125006000 | Karl |  |  | 42 |
| raf W | 1897 Hambu | Blohm \＆Vos | ． 130006000 | K |  | ¢ | 42 |
| tric | 1897 Stettin． | Vulean S．B． | 130006000 ．． | Ba |  | 62 | 42 |
|  | 1894 stettin | Vulcan S．B． | $8^{8000} 55000$ | Ressin | 460 | 52 | 32 |
|  | 1894 Hambu | Blohm \＆ | 80005500 | Leitha |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{rm}$ | 1896 Newcas | Palme | 70003000 | Magin． |  | 50 | 30 |
| Arcadi | 1896 Belfast | Harland | 70003000 ．． | Marten | 400 | 49 | 30 |
| al | 1896 Belfas | Harland | 70003000 ．． | Pietsch | 400 |  |  |
|  | 1896 Newcas |  | 70003000 | Kuhn |  | 53 | 39 |
| da | 1896．Newcast | Palm | 70003000 |  | 400 |  | 30 |
| dria | 1896 Newcast |  | 70003010 | Re |  | 50 |  |
| mb | 1896 Flensbu | Flensburg | 50435000 | Froeh |  |  |  |
| Alesia． | 1896 Flensbu | Flensburg S．B | 50505000 | Krech． |  | 32 | 25 |
| Aragonia | 1896 Flensbu | Flensburg S．B | 52505000 ．． | H．Sch |  | 32 |  |
| Bulgaria | 1898 Hambu | Blohm \＆ | ． 102364000 | Hahn |  |  |  |
| Brasilia | 1898．Belfast | Harland \＆ |  | Schro |  |  |  |
| Belgra | 1899，Hambu | Blohm \＆V | 109604000 |  |  |  |  |
| Batavi |  | Blohm \＆V | 109604000 |  |  |  |  |
| EW YORK，BOU DAM，and Rot 5 th and 6 th sts． | LOGNE，AMSTER－ erdam，Plers foot ，Hoboken． | HOLLAND－AM <br> NETHERLANDS－A <br> （Office， 39 B | ERICA LINE． <br> MERICAN LIN゙E roadway．） | Establi |  |  |  |
| otterd | 1897／Belfas | Harland \＆Wolff． | 50008000 |  |  |  |  |
| Spaarnda | 1881 Belfas | Elarland \＆Wolff | 31234539 ．．3500． | Steng | 430 |  |  |
| Maasdam | 1872 Belfast | Harland \＆Wolff | 2702 3934 ．． 3500 | Bakk | 420 |  |  |
| erkend | 1881 Belfa | Harland \＆Wolff | 26543657 ．． 2500 | Bruins | 410 |  |  |
| msterda | 1979，Belfas | Harland \＆Wolf | 26813627 ．． 2500 | Roggereers． | 411 |  |  |
| Statendar | 1898 Belfast | Harland \＆Wo | 700010500 ．． 5500 | Van der Zee． | $525$ |  |  |
| Potsdam | Ifamburs | Blohm \＆Voss | ．． 122500 ．． | Bonjer |  |  |  |
| yndra |  | Harland \＆Wolf |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noordam | ．Relfast． | Harland \＆Wolff | $12=00$ |  |  |  |  |

Established 1847.
＊23，500 registered．
† Bullding．

$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { NEW YORK, CHRISTIANIA, CO- } \\ \text { PENHAGEN, AND STETTIN, }\end{array}\right\}$ SCANINAVIAN-AMERICAN LINE. PENHAGEN, AND STETTIN, $\}^{\text {Pier foot } 4 \text { th St., Hoboken. }}$ (Office, 28 State St.)



ESTABLISHED 1870.


Established 1879.


| PASSENCERS L |  |  | ARDED |  | AT NEW |  | Y YORK BY PRIMCIPAL LINES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cabin | age. | Cabin | ger- | Cabin | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Steer- } \\ & \text { age. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Cabin | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Steer- } \\ \text { age. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Cabin | age. | Cabi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Steer } \\ & \text { oge. } \end{aligned}$ |
| North G |  | $53,22$ |  | $40,4151$ | 13,555 | 54,180 |  |  |  | $\frac{11,984}{}$ | $\overline{4,493}$ | $\frac{10,557}{}$ |  | $\overline{13,517}$ |
| Cunard. | 16,692 | 20,463 | 15,196 | $17,3031$ | 17,999 | $20,681$ |  | olland-America. | 3,365 | 14,273 | 2,871 | 10,503 | 4,350 | 10,809 |
| Hamburg | 8,056 | 20,092 | 10,866 | 17,323 | 16,371 | 44,512 |  | hingvalla (Copenhagen) | 679 | $2,661$ | 860 | 3,201 | -986 | 5,231 |
| White Star | 10,332 | 20,764 | 10,104 | 19,271\| | 11,607 | 21,220 |  | an-State (Glasgow).. | 1,341 | 1,128 | 1,823 | 1,050 | 2,260 | 1,464 |
| Anchor (Gla | 5,080 | 4,177 | 6,478 | 19,372 | 6,979 | 24,287 |  | nchor (Mediterranean). |  | 15,588 |  | .. |  | .. |
| America | 5,037 | 5,819 | 14,443 | 11,322 1 | 16,85S | 12,830 |  | ) | 1,872 |  | 1,820 | .. |  |  |

## *Prince, Fabre, and Hamburg-American lines from Mediterranean Ports.

TIME AND DISTANCE REQUIRED TO STOP STEAMERS.
The following calculations as to the length of time and distance required to stop a steam vessel going full speed ahead when the propelling machinery is reversed were made for London Engineer:

|  | Displacement. | Horse Power. | Speed. | Distance. | Time. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Etruria (Cunard)......... | 9,680 | 14,321 | 20.18 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feet. } \\ & \text { 2,464 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Seconds. } \\ & 167 \end{aligned}$ |
| Lepanto (Itailan)....... | 4,680 | 15,040 | 18 | 2,582 | 192 |
| Columbia (U. S.)....... | 7,350 | 17,991 | 22.8 | 2,147 | 135 |
| Yorktown (U. S.) ...... | 1,700 | 3,205 | 16.14 | 889 | 83.9 |
| Bancroft (U. S.)........ | -832 | 1,170 | 14.52 | 965 | 91 |
| Cushing (U. S.)......... | 105 | 1,754 | 22.48 | 301 | 18.4 |
| Wiborg (Russian) ....... | 138 | 1,308 | 19.98 | 873 | 23.6 |

# yastest बitantic Occan Bacisagcs. 



THE RECORD-BREAKERS IN THIRTY EIGHT YEARS.
The following is the succession of steamships which have broken the record since 1866, with their running time. The route in all cases was that between New York and Queenstown, east or west.


American sailing ship A. G. Ropes arrived off Sandy Hook March 91,1898 , in 19 days from Liverpool, Eng., having made the trip from Cape Clear ( Irish coast) to Sandy Hook ( 2,700 hnots) in 17 days, an a areage of nearly 150 knots a day. Most transatlantic records of sailing vesseis are from New York to Liverpool or Quicenstown. There is no record on file from Liverpool to New York, excepting that of the Young America, which made the trip to Liverpocl in 18 days aud came back in $: 3$ days. The famous Dreadnaught once sailed to Liverpool from New York in 13 days 8 hours, and the Red Jacket in 13 days 11 hours 25 minutes.

## 

| Lines. | Funnel Marks. |
| :---: | :---: |
| American. | Black, white |
| Anc | Blacir. |
|  | Black, white band in centre, blue star in centre of white band. |
| Cunard | Red, with black rings and black |
| French | Red, with black |
| Hamburg-Amer | Express service, buff; regula |
| Netherlands-Am. | Black, white band, with |
| Nor. Ger. Lloyd.. | Cream |
| Red Star.. | Black, white band, black |
| Scandinav.-Amer | Yellow, with white band and bluestar, and black top. |
| WhiteS | Cream, with black top. |
| Vilson. | Red, with black top. |

$\frac{\text { Night Signals. }}{\text { Blne light forward, red light amidships }}$ and blue light aft.
White lantern, then a red.
Black, white band in centre, blue star in Red-green light.
Blue light ind two roman candles, each throwing out six blue balls.
Blue light forward, white light amidships, and red light aft.
Two red-white-blue lights, in quick succession, at stern.
Three red lights forward, aft, and amidships, at same time.
Two blue-red lights, one forward one aft. Three red lights, one forward, one aft. and one amidships, simultaneonsl 5 .
One white-red, followed by one red-white light.
Two green lights simultaneous! y, Two red lights, about 60 feet apart

## 300

| Lines. | Flags. | Lines. | Flags. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American......... | White, with blue spreadeagle in centre. | Netherl'nds - Am | Green, white and green, N. A. S. M. in black letters in the white. |
| Anchor | White swallowtail flag, with red anchor. | North Ger. Lloyd | Key and anchor crossed in centre of a laurel wreath, in blue on |
| Cunard | Red flag, golden lion in centre.. |  | a white field. |
|  | White flag, red ball in corner, with company's Lame. | Red Star. Scandinav.-Amer | White swallowtail flag, red star. White, with seven-pointed blue |
| Hamburg-Amer. | White and blue flag, diagonally quartered, with a black anchor and yellow shield in centre, bearing the letters H.A.P.A.G. | White Star...... Wilson . ......... | Red swallowtail flag, containing white star. <br> White pen't, red ball in centre. |

## Tuiter States focestry statistics.

## (Corrected by the Chief of the Division of Forestry, U. S. Department of Agriculture.)

 FOREST AREA.THE total forest area in the United States is estimated at $1.094,514$ square miles, or about 699. 500,000 acres, which is $361 / 2$ per cent of the total land area, Alaska not included. - Gannett.

The total annual consumption of manufactured forest products in the United States, according to the figures of the Census of 1890 , is more than $18.000,000,000$ cubic feet, divided approximately as follows: Lumber market and manufactures, $2,250.000,000$ cubic feet; fuel, $15,000.000,000$ cubic feet: railroad ties, $27,000,000$ cubic feet; fencing, $30,000,000$ cubic feet; other items, $1,000,000,000$ cubic feet. The amount of cubic feet of standing timber necessary to produce these quantities of usable material is immensely greater, probably almosi double. The value of the annual products of our forests was estimated by the Census of 1890 at $\$ 1.038 .616,947$.

At the present rate of cutting the forest land of the United states cannot long meet the enormous demand made upon it. By far the greater part of the white pine has been cut, and vast inroads have been made into the supply of other valuable timbers. In many sections of the country more timber falls by fire than by the axe. The average annual loss from fire is probably not less than $\$ 20,000,000$.

Forest Preservation.
For the preservatlon of the forests, the State of New York first instituted a Forest Commission in 1885. Several radical changes have been made in the law, which now provides for a "Commission of Fisheries, Game, and Forests,' to which is delcgated the enforcement of the fish and game laws, the care of the Adirondack Park, and the State Forest Preserve. The Legislature of 1897 authorized the purchase of lands in the Adirondacks as an addition to the Park and Forest Reserve to the amount of $\$ 1,000,000$, to which $\$ 500,000$ in 1898 and $\$ 300,000$ in 1899 have since been added. A state College of Forestry has been opened at Cornell University, and has charge of 30,000 acres of State land as a demonstration forest in the Adirondacks Better methods of handling spruce lands have been introduced on 100,000 acres of private forests, under the direction of the Division of Forestry, U. S. Department of Agriculture. The States of Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Maine, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania, and Wisconsin also have special commissions under their forestry laws. The Pennsylvania Legislature of 1897 provided for the purchase of three forest reserves of not less than 40,000 acres each, and the IVisconsin Assembly appointed a commission to formulate and recommend forest legislation. Minnesota has probably the best forest fire law of any State, with a Chief Fire Warden as executive officer. In New Jersey and North Carolina the Geological Survey is specially charger with forest interests.

A national organization known as the American Forestry Association, composed of delegates from the States, meets annually. F. H. Newell. Washington. D. C., is Corresponding Secretary. Local or State Associations have been formed in California. Connecticut, Colorado. Ohio. New York, Pennsylvania, Kentucky, Massachusetts, Indiana, North Carolina, South Caroliua. Washington, Minnesota, Texas, Utah, North Dakota, Wisconsin, and New Jersey.

By act of March 3, 1S91, the President is anthorized to make public forest reservations. Seventeen such, comprising 17,968,440 acres, were established in Colorado, New Mexico, California, Arizona, Wyoming, Oregon, and Washington, previous to 1897. On February 22, 1897. President Cleveland proclaimed 13 additional reserves, with a total area of $25,683,840$ acres.

These reservations were made upon the recommendation of a committee of the National Academy of Sciences after thoroughly investigating the subject at the request of the President. The Sundry Civil bill which passed Congress June 4. 1897, temporarily suspended the reservations of February 22, until the act of March 1, 1898, ordered their survey by the Director of the Geological Survey, and appropriated $\$ 150,000$ therefor. The bill provides that lands more suitable for agriculture than for forestry shall be permanently restored to the public domain. It also authorizes the Secretary of the Interior to formu ate sirch rules and regulations for the care and management of the forest reservations as may in his judgment be necessary. Since its passage extensive additional areas have been reserved in Arizona, New Mexico, South Darota, Montana. Utah, Wyoming, and California, and the attitude of the West toward the reserves has radically changed for the better. The total area of the forest reservations is now $46,425,527$ acres.

## ARBOR DAY.

The individual States have striven to encourage tree-planting by appointing a certain day in the year, to be known as Arbor Day, for the voluntary planting of trees by the people. The following States and Territories have since then, by legislative enactment or otherwise, established an annual Arbor Day: Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Idaho. Illinois, Indiana, Lowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Lonisiana, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Montana, Nissouri, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota. Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvanla, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Vermont. Virginia. West Virginia, Wisconsin, Wvoming-44 in all; in twenty-one states, by act of legislature; in six States, as legal holidays: in five as holidays for schools. (see Legal Holidays.)

## State flowres.

THE following are "Sstate Flowers," as adopted in most instances by the votes of the public
school scholars of the respective Statcs:
Alabama......................................Golden Rod
Arkansas........................................................... Aster California............................... California Poppy Colorado ......... . ............................ Columbine Delaware...................................................... Blossom
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
 Maine......................... ${ }^{*}$ Pine Cone and Tassel Miunesuta........Cypripedium or Moccasin Flower
Missouri. $\qquad$ Golden Rod

Montana. .Bitter Root
Nebraska
New Jersey, state tree.
New Nort Rose. state
New Ork, Rose; state tree....................... Maple North Dakota. Golden Rod
Oklahoma Territory.... $\qquad$ Oregon * Mistletoe Rhode Island Violet; State tree...... Oregon Grape Vermont........................................................... Clover
Washington.
Rhododendron

In other states the scholars or State Legislatures have not yet taken action. In Illinois in the vote on the leading State flower by the pupils of the schools the Rose. Violet, and Golden Rod received the largest number of votes, in the order named, although no State flower was adopted. In Massachusetts the Trailing A rbutus and the Blue Flag were strongly urge. , but no flower was adopted In Tennessee the Golden Rod is advocated. In Kansas the Sunflower is usually known as the State flower.

* Adopted by State Legislature, not by public school scholars.

GRAIN PRODUCTION OF THE UNITED STATES.
THE following are the United States census reports of the production of the principal cereals in the United States in the several census years together with the reports of the U. S. Department of Agriculture 1 or 188898.

| EARS. | Indian Corn | W | Oat |  | Rye | Buckwheat. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bushels. } \\ & 592071 \quad 104 \end{aligned}$ | $100485940$ | Bushels. $146.584179$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { Bushels. } \\ 5.167 .015 \end{array}$ | Bushels <br> 14188813 | s. |
|  | 838792742 | 173104.924 | 172.643 .185 | 15.825 898 | 21.101380 |  |
| 1870 | 760944549 | 287745.626 | 282.107.157 | 29. 761,305 | 16918.755 | 9.821 .21 |
| 1880 | 1754861535 | 459479.503 | 407.858900 | 44113.495 | 19831545 | 11 b17 327 |
| 1888 | 1.987790000 | 415868.000 | 701.735000 | 63884.593 | 28412011 | 12000000 |
| 180 | 2.112892000 | 490.560 .000 | -51.515.000 | * 78000.000 | *30.000.0(4) | 11000.000 |
| 1814 | 1489970000 | 399.262 .000 | 523.621.000 | -68000 000 | *25 000000 | -11 (1)0 000 |
| 18:17 | 2060154000 | 611.780 .000 | 73S.394 000 | * 80.000 .000 | *33000 000 | -12 1209000 |
| 1843 | 1.628464 .000 | 515.949 .000 | 661.035000 | * 72.000000 | *30 000000 | *11000000 |
| 1893 | 1.619.496 131 | 396131,725 | 638.854850 | 69869495 | 26555446 | 12132311 |
| 18 | 1,212,770 052 | 460.267.416 | 662.056 .928 | 61.400 .465 | 26.727 .615 | 12.668209 |
| 18 |  | 467.103.000 | S.24 444000 | 87.373 .000 | 27.210000 | 15.341,000 |
|  | 2,283 875000 | 427.684.000 | 707.346,000 | $69,695,000$ | 24.364,000 |  |
| - | 1 902.967.933 | 530.149 .168 | 698787809 | 66685127 | $27.363: 324$ | 1+997,451 |
| 8 | 1.924,155 000 | 675.149 .000 | 730.905 .000 | 55.762 .000 | 25.657 .000 | 11,722.000 |

* Estimated by the Cincinnati Price Chorrem.

The hay crop of the United States in 1898 was estimated at $66,377.000$ tons, potato crop 192,306000 bushels. The last officially reported estimate (1888) of the hop crop was 1,987.790.000 pounds, of peanuts 2600.000 bushels.

THE WHEAT CROP OF THE WORLD, IN BUSHELS, 1898.

| OUNTRIES | Bushels. | Co | Bu | Countries. | Busheis. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United | 597294000 | Bulga | 45978000 | British In | 212890.000 |
| Cana | 68169.000 | 1taly | 11 , 337.00.) | Egy | 17.020000 |
| Arg | 63844000 | Spain | 97042000 | Algeria | 24115000 |
| Chil | 18444000 | Franc | 350431000 | Austral | 36.857090 |
| A ustr Tung | 41.144000 130525000 | Germany Belgium | 111798.000 |  | 57551000 |
| Hung Roum | $\begin{array}{r} 130525000 \\ 69519 \\ \hline 0640 \end{array}$ | Belgium Great B | $\begin{array}{ll} 51 & 281 \\ 63 & 040 \\ 84.000 \end{array}$ | The Worl | 2.670,822,000 |
| urkey in E | 102150000 | Ru | 74.55000 |  |  |

* With Croatia and slavonia + With Sheria and Asia Minor

The estimate of production of wheat in 1898 was made by the Ifungarian Minister of Agriculture.
The rye crop of principil countries in 1s:15 was Austria, 132,000.000 bushels; Russi:1,780,000.000 ; France. 72,000,000. Germany. 244,000.000; Belgium, 20,000,000, Spain, 36,000, (600: Netherlauds, 12000,000 . scaudinavia, 68,000 000 -Mulhall.

## WHEAT HARVEST CALEADAR.

Janmary - Australia, New Zealand. Chile Argen tine Republic.

February and March-Upper Egypt India.
April-Lower Egypt, India, Syria, Cyprus, Persia. Asia Miuor Mexico. Cuba.

May-Texas Algeria Central Asia, China Japan, Morocco.

June-California Oregon Mississippi, Alahama, Georgia, North Carolina, Soutb Carolina, Tennessee Virginia Kentucky, Kansas Arkansas. Utab. Colorado Missouri, Turkey. Greece, Italy, Spain Portugal south of France.

The tables of wheat harvest calendar and of pricecember-Burman, New south wales,
The tables of wheat harvest calendar and of prices of wheat in the chicago market from 1860 to 1899 inclusive were compiled by Charles B Murray editor of the Cincinnatı Price Chrrent.

PRICES OF WHEAT (CHICACO MARKET). 1860.99

| Years. | Months of Lowest Price. | Yearly Range of Prices. | Months of Highest Price. | Years. | Months of Lowest Price. | Yearly Range of Prices | Months of Highest Price. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1560 | December | 66 @1.13 | April. | 1880 | August | $863 / 2$ a 1.32 | Jamary. |
| 1861 | June and July | $55 @ 125$ | May. | 1881 | Jannary | 9538 c 14314 | October |
| 1862 | January ... | 64 @ 921/2 | August. | 1582 | December | 911/8@140 | Apriland May |
| 1863 | August | 80 @1 121/2 | vecember. | 1883 | October | 40 (\%1 1316 | Julle. |
| 1864 | March | 1.07 @226 | June. | $188 \pm$ | December | 6812a 96 | Februa |
| 1865 | December | 85 a 155 | January. | 1885 | March. | 733/3 9134 | April. |
| 1866 | February | . $77 \times 203$ | November. | 1886. | October |  | January. |
| 1867 | August.. | 1.55 @.2 85 | May. | 1887 | August | 66:5/8@ 943/4 | . 1 une. |
| 1868 | November | 1.041/2@20 | July | 1888 | April | 7118@200 | September. $\dagger$ |
| 1869 | December | 7516146 | August. | 1889 | June | 7516 a $1.053 / 4$ | February. |
| 1870 | A pril | $7514 \times 1.311 / 2$ | July. [Sept | 1890 | February | 7414.01.0514 | A ugust. |
| 1871 | August | 991/2@132 | Feb. April, and | 1891 | July...... | 85 (al 16 | A pril. |
| 1872 | November |  | August. | 189\%2 | October | $\begin{array}{lll}63381 & 913 / 4\end{array}$ | February. |
| 1873 | September | 89 @ 1.46 | July | 1893 | July ${ }^{\text {a }}$.... | 543/8 88 | A pril. |
| 1874 | October | $813 / 6128$ | A pril. | 1894 | Septe'ber | 50 @ $60.1 / 4$ | April. |
| 1875 | February | 831/4101.3613/4 | August. December. | 1895 | January |  | May. |
| 1877 | August | 1 011601 761\% | May. | 1897 | April | 64381.09 | December |
| 1878 | October | -77 @1.14 | A pril. | 1898 | October | 621\% @185 | May. $\ddagger$ |
| 1879 | January | 815k@1331/6 | December | 1899 | Nov'mber | 65. (a) $791 / 2$ | may. | Ohio -ndiana Niand New York. Pennsylvania, sin, Southern Minnesota Nebracka. Upper C'anada, Roumania Bulgaria Alust xia- Fuugary, Nouth of Russia. Germany, witzerland, South of England.

August-Central and Northern Minnesota. the Dakotas, Manitona Lower Canada. Colombia, Belgium, Netherlauds, (ireat Brıta.n, Demmark, Po land. Central Russia.

Septemberand october-Scotland, Sweden. Norway. North of Russia
November-Pern, Sonth Africa.
December-Burmah, Newsouth wales.

## ©ye yadin cereal crops of the aniter States.

STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION OF INDIAN CORN, WHEAT, AND OATS IN 1898.
(Compiled from the Report of the Department of Agriculture.)

| States and Territories. | Corn. |  |  | Wheat. |  |  | Oats. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Acres. | Bushels. | Value. | Acres. | Bushels. | Value. | Acres. | Bushels. | Value. |
| Maine | 10,893 | 435.720 | \$209,146 | 1,808 | 85,256 | \$31,378 | 140,217 | 5,047,812 | \$1,716,256 |
| New Hamp | 23,823 | 976,743 | 449,302 | 516 | 9,804 | 9,020 | 30,538 | 1,007,754 | 382,947 |
| Vermont. | 46,142 | 1,98.4,106 | 873, 107 | 3,870 | 87,075 | 78,368 | 108,090 | 4,107,420 | 1,437,597 |
| Massachusetts | 39,091 | 1,563,640 | 766,184 |  |  |  | 15,121 | 483,872 | 179,033 |
| Rhode Island | 7,7:0 | 262,820 | 168,205 |  |  |  | 3,653 | 98,631 | 36,493 |
| Conuecticut | 44,805 | 1,657,785 | 862,048 | 300 | 6,000 | 5,280 | 19,949 | 562,562 | 202,522 |
| New York. | 474,895 | 15,671,535 | 6,738,'160 | 379,069 | 8,036,263 | 5,786,109 | 1,408,238 | 38,726,545 | 12,005,229 |
| New Jersey | 252, 2:3 | 9,334,841 | 3,733,736 | 124,616 | 2,168,318 | 1,582,872 | 1,98,137 | 1,923,4>5 | 596,280 |
| Pennsylvan | 1,221,355 | 45,190,135 | 18,076,054 | 1,520,568 | 26,609,940 | 18,094,759 | 1,163,043 | 27,098,902 | 8,129,671 |
| Delaware. | 208,784 | 5,219,600 | 1,618,076 | 74,343 | 988,762 | 682,246 | 17,587 | 386,914 | 116,074 |
| Maryland | 585,9:5 | 18,163,985 | 6,357, 995 | 767,316 | 11,739,935 | 8,217,954 | 78,335 | 1,527,532 | 442,984 |
| Virginia | 1,761,662 | 38,756,564 | 13,564,797 | 753,625 | 10,626,112 | 7,013,234 | 427,369 | 6,880,641 | 1,995,386 |
| North Caro | 2,433,600 | 34,070,400 | 14,650,272 | 573,331 | 5,274,645 | 4,114,223 | 443,260 | 6,338,618 | 2,345,289 |
| South Caroli | 1,751,907 | 17,519,070 | 8,058,772 | 111,482 | 1,181,709 | 1,110,806 | 244,658 | 4,208,118 | 1,893,653 |
| Georgia. | 2,954,072 | 26,586,648 | 12,761,591 | 260,736 | 2,6u7,360 | 2,555,213 | 433,521 | 7,196,449 | 3,454,296 |
| Florida | 471.608 | 4,244,472 | 2,122,236 |  |  |  | 40,461 | 623,099 | 336,473 |
| Alabam | 2,645,412 | 39,681,630 | 16,269,468 | 43,309 | 619,708 | 467,737 | 320,433 | 5,383,274 | 2,207,142 |
| Mississipp | 2,218,393 | 39,931,074 | 15,573,119 | 2,165 | 30,094 | 24,978 | 130,070 | 2,406,295 | 1,010,644 |
| Lonisiana. | 1,319,915 | 23,758,470 | 9,740,973 |  |  |  | 36,593 | 662,333 | 251,687 |
| Texas | 4,213,468 | 105,336,700 | 35.814,478 | 631,653 | 9,248,464 | 6,356,956 | 711,166 | 21,121,630 | 5,914,056 |
| Arkans | 2,268,261 | 45,365,220 | 13,155,914 | 212,276 | 2,335,036 | 1,354,321 | 317,089 | 7,229,629 | 2,096,592 |
| Tennessee | 2,941,067 | 76,467,742 | 22,175,645 | 1,059,097 | 13,980,080 | 9,366,654 | 361,232 | 6,755,038 | 1,891,411 |
| West Virgi | 700,994 | 20,328.826 | 7,521,666 | 421,500 | 5,816,700 | $4,129,857$ | 149,265 | 2,910,668 | 873,200 |
| Kentucky | 2,747,653 | 85,177,243 | 22,997,856 | 939,314 | 14,465,436 | 8,968,570 | 422,592 | 9,4 ${ }^{\text {j6, }} 061$ | 2,5:5,836 |
| Ohio. | 2,779,147 | 102,828,439 | 27,763,679 | 2,491,312 | 42,103,173 | 27,788,09.4 | 897,222 | 27,724,160 | 6,653,798 |
| Michiga | 981,606 | 33,340,604 | 11,335,805 | 1,637,:89 | 34,061,851 | 21,799,585 | 847,032 | 27,782,650 | 7,501,316 |
| Indiana | 3,587,627 | 129,154,572 | 32,288,643 | 2,463,207 | 38,426,029 | 24,208,398 | 1,093,790 | 31,938,668 | 7,345,894 |
| Illinoi | 6,665,327 | 199,959,810 | 49,989,952 | 1,757,668 | 19,334,348 | 11,600,609 | 3, 444,951 | 88,303,579 | 20,309,823 |
| W iscon | 1,00:4,355 | 35,327,425 | 9,491,6ヶ9 | 760,554 | 13,689,972 | 8,077,083 | 1,790,671 | 64,643,223 | 15,514,374 |
| Minne | 954,125 | 30,532,000 | 7,327,680 | 4,963,159 | 78,417,912 | 42,345,672 | 1,550,925 | 56,298,578 | 11,822,701 |
| Iowa | 7,285,710 | 254,999,850 | 58,649,966 | 1,328,7:0 | 22,189,624 | 11,538, 604 | 3,620,239 | 123,428,126 | 29,622,750 |
| Mliss | 5,951,211 | 154,731,486 | 41,777,501 | 1,439,230 | 14,104,454 | 8,321,428 | 933,304 | 15,866,168 | 3,649,219 |
| Kans: | 8,302,628 | 132,842,048 | 34,538,932 | 4,573,198 | 64,939,4:2 | 32,409,706 | 1,482,736 | 26,689,248 | 6,871,635 |
| Nebraska | [,559,746 | 158,754,666 | 34,926,027 | 2,114,592 | 34,679,309 | 16,299,275 | 1,752,182 | 56,245,042 | 11,249,008 |
| South Dak | 1,003,927 | 28,109,956 | 6,465,290 | 3,390,397 | 42,040,923 | 21,020,462 | 601,738 | 16,126,578 | 3,386,581 |
| North Dal | 24,308 | 461,852 | 166,267 | 3,864,892 | 55,654,445 | 28,383,767 | 490,573 | 15,060,591 | 3,915,754 |
| Montana | 1,598 | 44,744 | 29,531 | 71,188 | 2,100,046 | 1,218,027 | 61,047 | 2,478,508 | 867,478 |
| W yoming | 2,477 | 39,632 | 21,798 | 22,136 | 5:4,623 | . 361,990 | 13,282 | 414,398 | 165,759 |
| Culorado | 172,994 | $3,113,892$ | 1,245,557 | 255,877 | 6,729,565 | 3,768,556 | 85,564 | 3,063,191 | 1,255,908 |
| New Mex | 24,2:8 | 509,418 | 285,274 | 192,728 | 4,586,926 | 2,843,894 | 6,998 | 271,522 | 111,324 |
| Arizon |  |  |  | 24,307 | 770,53¢ | 708,889 |  |  |  |
| Utah | 8,053 | 169,113 | 101,468 | 182,328 | 5,105,184 | 2,756,799 | 24,432 | 969,950 | 368,581 |
| Neve |  |  |  | 36,699 | 1,064,271 | 1,011,05? |  |  |  |
| Idano. |  |  |  | 135,384 | 4,196,904 | 2,140,421 | 29,411 | 1,282,320 | 461,635 |
| Washingt | 5,700 | 68,400 | 28,728 | 969,134 | 23,453,043 | 12,664,643 | 78,043 | 3,270,002 | 1,308,001 |
| Oregon | 13,656 | 327,744 | 196,646 | 1,205,281 | 24,708,260 | 15,319,121 | 183,465 | 4,953,555 | 1,981,422 |
| California | 45,510 | 1,184,040 | 734,105 | 1,343,341 | 12,224,403 | 8,801,570 | 58,888 | 1,943,304 | 971,652 |
| Oklahoma. | .... |  |  | 951,463 | 14,176,799 | 7,371,935 |  |  |  |

 EXPORTS OF THE MAIN CEREALS FROM THE UNITED STATES.

| Fiscal Years July 1 to June 30. | Corn. |  |  | Wheat. |  |  | Oats. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bushels. | Aggregate Value. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { Value } \\ \text { per Bush } \end{gathered}$ | Bushels. | Aggregate Value. | Average Value per Bush | Bushels. | Aggregate Value. | Av'ge Value pr Bush |
| 1876-77 | 70,560,983 | \$41,621,275 | \$0.58.7 | 40,325,611 | \$47,135,562 | \$1.16.9 |  |  |  |
| 1877.78. | $85,461,095$ | 48,033,358 | 56.2 | 72,404,961 | 96,872,016 | 1.33 .8 | 3,715,479 | \$1,177,926 | \$0.34.4 |
| 1878-79 | 86296,252 | 40,655,120 | 47.1 | 122,353,936 | 130,701,079 | 1.06 .8 | 5,452,136 | 1,618,644 | 29.6 |
| 1879-80 | 98, 169,87\% | 53,298,247 | 54.3 | 153,252,795 | 190,546,305 | 1.24 .3 | 766,366 | 308,129 | 40.2 |
| 1880-81 | 91,908,175 | 50.702,669 | 55.1 | 150,565, 477 | 167,698,485 | 1.11.3 | 402,904 | 186,899 | 46.3 |
| 1881-82. | $43,184,915$ | 28,845,830 | 66.7 | 95,271,802 | 112,929,718 | 1.18 .5 | 625,690 | 298,349 | 47.6 |
| :882-83. | 40,586, 325 | 27,756,08.2 | 68.3 | 106,385,828 | 119,879,341 | 1.12 .6 | 461,496 | 233,843 | 50.6 |
| 1883-84 | 45,247,490 | 27,648,044 | 61.1 | 70,349,012 | 75,026,678 | 1.06.6 | 1,760,376 | 700,694 | 30.9 |
| 1881-85 | 51,824,416 | 28,003,863 | 54.0 | 84,653,714 | 72,933,097 | 86.2 | 4,191,692 | 1,589,640 | 37.9 |
| 1885-86 | 63,655,433 | 31730,922 | 49.8 | 57,759,209 | 50,262,715 | 87.0 | 5,672,694 | 1,944,772 | 34.3 |
| 1886-87 | 40307,252 | 19,347,36। | 47.9 | 101,971,949 | 90,716,481 | 89.0 | 440,283 | 179,634 | 40.8 |
| $1887-88$ | 24,278,417 | 13,355,950 | 55.0 | 65,789,261 | 56,241,168 | 85.3 | 332,564 | 143,284 | 43.4 |
| 1888-89 | $69.592,929$ | 32,982,277 | 47.4 | 46,414,129 | 41,652,701 | 89.7 | 624,226 | 245,562 | 39.3 |
| 1889-90. | 101,973,71I | 42,658,013 | 41.8 | 54,387,767 | 45,275,906 | 83.2 | 13,692,776 | 4,510,055 | 32.9 |
| 1890-91 | 30 768,213 | 17,652,687 | 57.4 | 55,131,948 | 51,420,272 | 93.2 | 953,010 | 405,708 | 42.6 |
| 189192. | 75,451,849 | 41,590, 460 | 55.1 | 157,280,351 | 161,399,132 | 1.02 .6 | 9,435, 078 | 3,842,559 | 40.7 |
| 1892-93. | 46,037.274 | 24,587,511 | 53.4 | 117,121,109 | 93,534,970 | 79.8 | 2,380,643 | 951,920 | 39.0 |
| 1893-94. | 65,324,841 | $30.211,154$ | 46.2 | 88,415,230 | 59,407,041 | 67.2 | 5,750,266 | 2,027,935 | 35.2 |
| 1894-95. | 27,691,137 | 14,650,767 | 52.9 | 76,102,704 | 43,805,663 | 67.5 | 569,977 | 200,793 | 30.4 |
| 1895-96. | 99,992. $\times 35$ | 37.831 .862 | 37.8 | $60,150.080$ | 39,709.868 | 65.5 | 13,012.590 | 3.497,611 | 26.8 |
| 1896-97 | 175,998684 | 53, $¢ 18,736$ | 30.4 | 79,375,372 | 59,782,665 | 75.3 | 35,077.828 | 8,752, 201 | 24.9 |
| 1897-98 | 206,5 177,282 | 73,502,237 | 30.7 | 1+6.623,250 | 144,272,84! | 88.3 | 69, 20,696 | 20,591,438 | 29.8 |
| 1898-99. | 174, $489,0: 4$ | 63,97\%,448 | 39.6 | 139,432,815 | 104,26?,169 | 75.0 | 30,309,778 | 9,787,5-10 | 32.8 |

## ©

HOGS PACKED AND MARKETED, YEAR ENDING MARCH 1, 1899.

| Cities. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Number } \\ \text { Inogs. of } \end{array}\right\|$ | Cities. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Number of } \\ \text { Hogs. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Cities. | umber of Hogs. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chicago | 8,016,675 | Cedar Rap | 483,625 | Buffalo. | 0 |
| Kansas | $3.107,053$ | Cleveland | 4 4 6, 624 | Other Places East | 185,000 |
| Omaha. | 1.977,922 | Louisville | 459,521 | Receipts at New |  |
| St. Lou | 1.580,286 | Ottumwa | 502,173 | York, Philadel- |  |
| Indianapoli | 1,098 556 | Nebraska C | 288, 816 | phia, and Balti- |  |
| Milwaukee | 1,098.408 | St. Joseph | 1,120,449 | phore and Bat | 2,978,000 |
| Sioux City | 696,893 | Detroit... | 310,600 |  |  |
| Cincinnat St. Paul.. | 696,059 354,485 | Other Places Boston..... | 1,764,828 $1,737,000$ | $\text { Total } 1899 .$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29,791,000 \\ & 26,134,000 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

DISTRIBUTION OF HOG PRODUCTS EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED STATES.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Countries, } \\ 1897-98 . \end{gathered}$ | Bacon. <br> Pounds. | Hams. Pounds. | Pork. Pounds. | Total <br> Meats. <br> Pounds. | Lard. <br> Pounds. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggregate, } \\ 1897-48 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aggregate, } \\ & \text { 1\& } 46-97 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggregate, } \\ \text { I } 895-96 . \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United King | $\overline{473,201,692}$ | 153,549,559 | 31,691,732 | 658,442,983 | 241,077,725 | 899,520,708 | 731,256,560 | 661,357,839 |
| France... | 2,370,965 | 1,182,618 | 112,900 | 3,666,483 | 21,307,239 | 24,973,722 | 23,362,350 | 34,494,639 |
| Germ | 51,524,565 | 11,963.631 | 9,617,039 | $73,105,235$ | 233, $5 \cdot 44,879$ | 305,950,114 | 197,917.:82 | 134,097,5:6 |
| Belgit | 47,386.442 | 16,461,853 | 2,3:2,623 | 66,170,918 | 36,251.077 | 102,421.995 | 69,408,12 | 61,835,270 |
| Nether | 20,683.357 | 2,607,2:5 | 9,312,442 | 32,668,0:4 | 63, 663,059 | 96,331,133 | 76,511,487 | 42,578,216 |
| Denma | 2,204,339 | 387,361 | 413,177 | 3,004,877 | 9,20:,095 | 12, 211,972 | 5.437,494 | 7,737,998 |
| Sweden | 5,000,989 | 291,992 | 1,342,6i9 | 6,635,650 | 5,145,417 | 11, 881,097 | 11,912,5:6 | 9,644,243 |
| Spai |  | 373 |  | 373 | 34,179 | 34.552 | 128,008 | 73,345 |
| Ital | 4,54:1,277 | 89,48: | 249,931 | 4,882,190 | 3,836.818 | 8,719,0:8 | 2,510,936 | 850,344 |
| Cub | 10,736,3*2 | 3,532,940 | 267,600 | 14,536,922 | 20,139.515 | 34.676,437 | $40,534,401$ | 35,940,821 |
| Hayti | 1,998 | 135.266 | 8,545,500 | 8,682,764 | 2,2:8,532 | 10,922, 596 | 14, 474,343 | 15,668,265 |
| Porto | 4:6,3:1 | 602.415 | 3,556,700 | 4.655,506 | 3,509,131 | 8,204,437 | 9,530,145 | 9,804,165 |
| British W | 314,934 | 921,375 | 9,154,858 | 10,391,167 | 2,351,:71 | 12,772,788 | 11,7-8,213 | 15,342.695 |
| Mexi | 95,100 | 211,471 | 14,679 | 321,250 | 3,402,758 | 3. 424,008 | 7,56:331 | 3,781,160 |
| Braz | 7,857,354 | 33,016 | 32,300 | 7,922,670 | 15,362,399 | $23,2 \cdot 5,09$ | 29.463,167 | 32,71 1,927 |
| Colom | 18,460 | 156,021 | 154,039 | 328,520 | 2,057,865 | 2,386,385 | 3,253, 114 | 2,174,859 |
| V'enezuela | 35.848 | $476,5 \times 3$ | 19,890 | 532, 321 | 6,7:8,553 | 7,260, 004 | 7,258,636 | 7,740,056 |
| British Gu | 26,541 | $2 \div 2.956$ | 3,145,900 | 3,395,397 | 375,680 | 3,771,073 | 3,409.058 | 5,725,774 |
| Peru, | 3,45 | 25,038 | $4.0 \div 0$ | 32,42 | 49:3,047 | b25,539 | 43.1,161 | 167.553 |
| Quebec, Ontario, | 19,582.620 | 5,551,247 | 11,419,941 | 36,553,2,8 | 6,232,275 | $42,785,4 \times 3$ | 23,702,153 | 23,8:0.113 |
| Nova Scotia, et | 114,2:32 | 185,177 | 1,275.650 | 1,575,059 | 195.247 | 1,770,506 | 4,080.295 | 4,128,193 |
| Newfoundland, | 2,523 | 56,9:1 | 3,056,200 | 3,115,644 | 161,772 | 3,277,416 | 3.710,432 | 5,157,187 |
| All other | 3,903,570 | 1,541.291 | 4,587,593 | 10,032,454 | 31,396,822 | 41,429,276 | 23,059,317 | 16,527,979 |
| Year, to June 30. | 650,108,933 | 200,185,861 | 10,357,363 | 950,65, 157 | 709,341,015 | 1,658, 965.202 | 1,300,731,310 | 1.133,421,167 |
| Value | \$16,380,918 | \$.8,987,525 | \$5,722,036 | \$ 11.090, 79 | \$,9,710,672 | \$110,801,151 | \$32,580,867. | \$ $53,675,922$ |

*Includes Manitoba, Northwest Territories, and British Columbia.
The tables of statistics of hog products were compiled by the Cincinnati Price Current.
The Department of Agriculture reported the following farm animals in the United States on January 1, 1899 : Horses, $13,665,307$, value, $\$ 511,074,813$; mules, $2,134,211$, yalue, $\$ 95,963,261$; milch cows, 15990 115. value, 8474233.925 ; oxen and other cattle, 27.994 .225 , value. 5637,931 ,135 ; sheep, $39,114,453$, value, $\$ 107.697,550$; swine, $38,651,631$, value, $\$ 170,109,743$.

## alonuttion of Cobacro.

STATEMENT OF PRODUCTION IN THE UNITED STATES IN THE YEAR ENDING JANUARY I, 1895 , FROM THE REPORT OF THE SECRETARY OF AGRICLLTLRE.

| States. | Acres. | Pounds. | Value. | States. | Acres. | Pounds. | Value. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arkansas | 1.932 | 1.195 .908 | \$131.550 | N. Carolina. | 63.510 | 42.043 .620 | 83.783.926 |
| Connect | 6. 731 | 10,176908 | 1.628.305 | Ohio | 37.493 | 32.468.938 | 1.753.32:3 |
| Illinois | 2980 | 1790980 | 132.533 | Peunsylvania. | 21.341 | 26.228.08. | 2.360 .528 |
| Indiana. | 5369 | 3841.952 | 199.782 | Tennessee... | 39.300 | 26,724.000 | 2.405.160 |
| Kentuck | 236927 | 183.615, 425 | 10,099,023 | Virginia | 54.592 | 35,593.984 | 2,135.633 |
| Maryland | 11.822 | 7.010380 | $420 \quad 623$ | West Virginia. | 3.737 | 2,634.585 | 263.459 |
| Massachusetts. | 2.323 | 3.449655 | 344.966 | Wisconsil | 18.066 | 14,669.592 | 792.158 |
| Missouri. | 11.581 | 8296749 $6,934,620$ | 7.5,004 | Tota | 523, 103 | 406,678.385 | $27,760,739$ |

Estimate for 1896 by the Department of Agriculture: A rea, 595,000 acres; product, 403,004,000 pounds; value, $\$ 24,258,000$; yield per acre, 678 pounds. This is the last year that an estimate has been made by the Department.

## gaity products.

EXPORTS OF DAIRY PRODUCTS FROM TIE UNITED STATES, 1897-99.

| Fiscal Years. |  | Butter. |  | Cherse. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantities, Pounds. | Values. | Quantities, Pounds. | Values. |
| 1897 |  | 31345.224 | \$4,493,364 | 50.944 .617 | \$4.636,063 |
| 1898 |  | $25.690,025$ | 3.864,765 | $53,167.280$ | 4,559,324 |
| 1899 |  | $20.247,997$ | 3,263,951 | 38,198,753 | 3.316,049 |

The production of butter and cheese in the United States in the last census year was 1,220,000,000 pounds. This was a third of the production of the whole world.

## Statistics of druol int the antite States.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ending } \\ & \text { June30 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Production. (a) | Imports. | duction and Imports. | Wool Exported | Foreign Wool Exported. | Total Wool Exported. | Retained for Home Consumption. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \begin{array}{l} \text { Im- } \\ \text { ported } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Pounds | Pounds |  |  |
| 1880 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23.3 |
| 1880 | 242,500,000 | 128,131, ${ }^{\text {55,964,23}}$ | 295, | 191,551 |  |  |  | 35.5 18.9 |
| 1882 | 272,000,000 | 67, 861, 744 | 339,861, 744 | 116,179 | 3,831,836 | 3,948,01 | 335,913,729 |  |
| 1883 | 290,000,000 | 70,575,478 | 360,575,478 | 64,474 | 4,010,043 | 4,074,517 | 356,500,961 | 19.7 |
| 1884 | 300,000,000 | 78,350,651 | 378,350,651 | 10,393 | 2,304,701 | 2,315,093 | 396,035,558 | 20.8 |
| 18 | 308,000,000 | ,596,170 | 378,596,170 | 88,000 | 3,115,339 | 3,203,345 | 375, 892, 825 | 18.8 |
| 1886 | 302,000,000 | 129,084,958 | 431, 084,958 | 2,138,080 | 6,534,426 | 8,672,506 | 422, 412,452 | 30.6 |
| 1887 | 285,000,000 | 114,038,030 | 399, 038, 030 | 257,940 | 6,728,292 | 6,986,232 | 392,051,99 | 29.1 |
| 1888 | 269,000,000 | 113,558,753 | 82,558, 753 | 22,164 | 4,359,731 | 4,381,89 | 378,176,85 | 30.0 |
| 1889 | 265,000,000 | 126,487,929 | 391,487, 229 | 141,576 | 3,263,094 | 3,404,670 | 388,083,059 |  |
| 1890 | 276,000,000 | 105,431,285 | 381.431,285 | 231,042 | 3,288,467 | 3,519,509 | 377,911,776 | 28.4 |
| 1891 | 285,000,000 | 129,303,648 | 405,303,648 | 292,922 | 2,638,123 | 2,931,0 | 402,372,603 | 31.8 |
| 1892 | 294,000,000 | 148, 760,652 | 442,670,652 | 202,456 | 3,007,563 | 3,210,019 | 439,460.633 | 33.6 |
| 1893 | 303,000,000 | 172,435,838 | 475, 433,838 | 91,858 | 4,218,637 | 4,310.495 | 471,123,343 | 36.2 |
| 1894 | 298,000,000 | 55,152,558 | 353,152,558 | 520,217 | 5,977,407 | 6,494,654 | 346,654,904 | 15.6 |
| 189 | 310,000,000 | 206,033,906 | 516,633,906 | 4, 279,109 | 2,343,081 | 6,622,190 | 509,411, 716 | 39.8 |
| 1896 | 273,000,000 | 230,911,473 | 503, 911, 473 | 6,945,981 | 6,028,236 | 12,972,217 | 490,939,256 | 46.0 |
| 1897(b) | $259,153,251$ | 350,852,026 | 610,005,277 | 5, 271,535 | 3,429,063 | 8,700.598 | 601,304,679 | 57.8 |
| 1898 (b) | 266, 2720,684 | 132, 795,302 | 9,5 | 121.139 | 2,504,83 | 2,625,971 | 396,890,01 | 32.8 |
| 1899 (b) | 272,191,330 | 76,736,2 | 48,927,5 | 1,683,41 | 12,411,9 | 14,095,335 | 334,832,20 | 19.2 |

(a) Calendar year, estimates of Department of Agriculture.
(b) Estimates of National Association of Wool Manufacturers, Boston, Mass.

THE WORLD'S PRODUCTION OF WOOL IN 1899.
(Fistimated for The World Almanac from the latest returns by the National Association of Wool Manufacturers.)

| COUNTRIES. | Pounds. | Cou | Pounds. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rth A merica: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Great |  |  |  |
| British Provinces.. | $12,000,000$ | Irela |  |  |  |
| Mexico............... | 5,000,000 | France |  |  |  |
| Tot | 289,191,330 | Por | 0 |  | 280,000,000 |
| Central America and West Indies.. | 5,000,000 | Italy* | 21,451,000 | Africa: |  |
|  |  | Austria-Hungary Russia, inc. Poland. | $64,300,000$ | Algeria and Tunis.. | 30,425,00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South America: |  | urkey and |  |  |  |
|  | $1,500,000$7.500 .000 | All other Europe.. | $\begin{aligned} & 67,500,000 \\ & 14,000,000 \end{aligned}$ | All other Africa.... <br> Total | 0 |
| Brazil |  |  |  |  | 425,000 |
| Uruguay........... | $\begin{aligned} & 90,000,000 \\ & 15,000,000 \end{aligned}$ | Total Europe..... | 944,153,215 | Australasia. Oceauica <br> Grand total. |  |
|  | $15,000,000$$20,000,000$ | Asia: <br> Russia Central Asia......... British India. | 60,000,000 <br> 46,000,000 <br> 85,000,000 |  | $0$ |
| Veneznela. All other South |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ,00 |  |  |  | 2,681,819,545 |

* Fleece washed. Great Britain and Ireland, product of 1898. † Washed and unwashed.

THE WORLD'S WOOL SUPPLY SINCE 1360.

| Countries. | $\begin{aligned} & 1860 . \\ & \text { Pounds. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1870 . \\ & \text { Pounds. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1880 . \\ & \text { Pounds. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1898 . \\ & \text { Pounds. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1899 . \\ & \text { Pounds. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Ki | 140,000,000 | 150,000,000 | 149,000,000 | *138,657,440 | 15 |
| Continent of | 500,000.000 | 485.000.000 | 450,000,000 | 805.761,000 |  |
| North Ame | 110,000, 000 | 176,000.000 | 270,000.000 | 283, 720,684 | 289, 191,330 |
| Australasia | 60,000,000 | 175,000,000 | 308,000,000 | 533.000,000 | 520,000,000 |
| Cape Good H | 26,000,000 | 43,000,000 | 60,000,000 | 105, 060.000 | 105,000,000 |
| River Plate. | 43,000 000 | 197,000,000 | 256,000,000 | 460,000,000 | 460,000,000 |
| Other cou | 76,000,000 | 69,000,000 | 133,000,000 | 363, 475,000 | 363,475,000 |
| Grand tot | 955,000,000 | 1,295,000,000 | 1,626,000,000 | 2,689,614,12 | 2,681,819,545 |

[^12]SHEEP IR THE UNITED STATES, SANUARY 1.

|  | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number................................ | 38,298,783 | 36,818,643 | 37,656,960 | 39,114,453 |
| A verage price per head . . . . . . . . . . . . Total value....................... | 65, $167,731.70$ | 67,020,942 | 92,721,133 | 7,697.530 |

THE WORLD ALMANAC is indebted for the wool statistics of 1897, 1898, and 1899 to the National Association of Wool Manufacturers, Boston, Mass. , S. N. D. North, Secretary.

## cye Cotton supply. <br> CROP OF THE UMITED STATES FOR SEVENTY-ONE YEARS.

THE following statements are furnished by the New York "Commercial and Financial Chronicle":


The returns are for the years ending September 1. The average net weight, per bale, for 1899 is 487 pounds.

## EXPORTS AND DOMESTIC CONSUMPTION OF AMERICAN COTTON.

|  | $\frac{1898-99 .}{\text { Bales. }}$ | $\frac{1897-98 .}{\text { Bales. }}$ | $\frac{1896-97 .}{\text { Bales. }}$ | $\frac{1895-96 .}{\text { Bales. }}$ | $\frac{1894-95 .}{\text { Bales. }}$ | $\frac{1893-94 .}{\text { Bales. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |$\left|\frac{1892-93 .}{\text { Bales. }}\right| \frac{1891-92 .}{\text { Bales. }}$

Exp. to Europe Consumption,
U.S.,Can.,etc..

Total...........

Bales. 7,146,009 7,270,8985,874,9224,565,01 $7,270,8955,874,9224,565,0146,630,2725,183,6454,354,7905,815,365$ $4,030,448 \quad 3,459,1263,057,3952,843,7083,081,8252,508,8502,786,0772,832,908$ $\overline{11,176,457} \overline{10,730,024} 8,932,317 / 7,408,722 \overline{9,712,1577,692,495} \overline{7,140,867} \overline{8,648,273}$

COTTOR CONSUMPTION OF THE WORLD.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { NSUMPTION, BALES, } \\ & 500 \text { LBS. } \end{aligned}$ | Great Britain. | Continent. | United States. | India. | All Others. | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 2 |  | 1,938,000 | 570,000 | ........* |  |
| 1888-89 | 3,073,000 $3,016,000$ | 3,256,000 | 2,148,000 | 667,000 | .... | 8,717,000 |
| 1889-90 | 3,2,27,000 | 3,432,000 | 2,185,000 | 791,000 |  | 9,635,000 |
| 1890-91 | 3,384,000 | 3,631,000 | 2,367,000 | 924,000 | 150,000 | 10,456,000 |
| 891-92 | 3,181,000 | 3,619,000 | 2,576,000 | 914,000 | 160,000 | 10,450,000 |
| 2-93 | 2,866,000 | 3,661,000 | 2,551,000 | 918,000 | 25,000 | 10,216,000 |
| 1893-94 | 3,233,000 | 3,030,000 | ${ }_{2}{ }^{2}, 743,000$ | 1,074:000 | 250.000 | 11,538,000 |
| 1895-96 | 3,276.000 | 4,160,000 | 2,572,000 | 1,105,030 | 419,000 | 11,532,(00 |
|  |  | 4,368,000 | 2,738, 000 | 004,000 | 8,0 | 11,822,000 |
| 1897-98 |  |  | 2,962,000 | 141,000 | 713 | 12,876,000 |
| 1898-99 | 3,519,000 | 4,836,000 | 3,553,000 | 1,297,000 | 727,000 | 13,932,000 |

Note. - The above does not include American cotton consumed in Canada, Mexico, and burnt,
SCURCES OF COTTON SUPFLY, 1899-1900.
The following shows the actual requirements in 1898-99 and the estimate of Ellison \& Co. for 1889-1900:

|  | 1898-99. | 1897-98. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Actual Bales. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total Actual } \\ \text { Bales. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| America.... | 10,677,000 | 9,926,000 |
| East Indies | $800,000$ | $641,000$ |
| Other Co Total. | $\begin{array}{r} 866,000 \\ \hline 12,343,000 \end{array}$ | $\frac{974,000}{.541,000}$ |
| Average Weig | 12,343, 494.2 | 491.3 |
| Bales of 500 lb | 12,200,000 | 11,339,000 |

SPINDLES IN OPERATIOR.

|  | 1899. | 1898. | 1897. | 1896. | 1895. | 1894 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Great Britain.. | 45,400,000 | 44,900,000 | 4.1,900,000 | 44,900,000 | 45,400,000 | 45,270,000 |
| Continent ...... | 32,500,000 | 31,350,000 | 30,320,000 | 29,350,000 | 28,250,000 | 27,350,000 |
| United States.. | 17,938,000 | 17,570.000 | 17,356,000 | 16,811,000 | 16,133,000 | 15,841,000 |
| East Indies..... | 4,200,000 | 4,100,000 | 4,000,000 | 3,933,000 | 3,810,000 | 3,650,000 |
| Total. | 100,038,000 | 97,920,000 | 96,576,000 | 94,994,000, | 93,593,000 | 92,111,000 |

## THE COTTON SUPPLY-Continued.

THE COTTON GROP OF THE UNITED STATES BY STATES.
The following compllation by the Commercial and Financial Chronicle covers estimates for the seven seasons from 1892 to 1899.


## Etgat 3xvorutton.

Mulpall gives the following estimates of the production of cane and beet sugar in the world in English tons:

| 8s. | Cane. | Beet. | Total. | Years. | Cane. | eet. | Total. | Years. | Cane. | Beet. | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tons. } \\ 1,100,000 \end{gathered}$ | Tons. 50,000 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tons, } \\ 1,150,000 \end{gathered}$ | 1870. | $\underset{1,850,000}{\text { Tons, }}$ | Tons. 900,000 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Tons. } \\ 2,750,000 \end{array}$ | 1894. | Tons. 3,260,000 | $\overline{\text { Toธs. }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tons. } \\ & 7,050000 \end{aligned}$ |
| 18 ¢0. | 1,200,000 | 200,00n | 1,400,010 | 1880. | 1,850,000 | 1,810.000 | 3,670,000 | 1897. | 2,430,000 | 4,780,000 | 7,210,000 |
| 1860. | 1,830,000 | 400, 000 | 2,200,000 | 1889 | 2,580,000\| | 2,780,000 | 5,360,000 | 1898 | 2,850,000 | 4,550,000 | 7,500,000 |

Mulhall gives the following statistics: The five principal countries that produce beet sugar are as follows, in tons, the report being for 1897: Germany, 1,840,000; Austria, 930,000 ; France, 700,000; Rucsia, 700000 ; Belgium, 280,000. Other countries produced 330,000 tons.

Willett \& Gray's circular reports the following production of tons of beet sugar in the United States, by States, in 1898: New York, 3,200; Illinois, 3,400 ; Michigan. 32,000; Minnesota, 3,600; Nebraska, 9,200; New Mexico, 2,000; Colorado, 3,000 ; Utah, 7,800 ; Oregon, 1800 ; Washington, 2,000; California, 54,000 ; total, 122,000 . The ton in the above statement is the long cre $-2,240$ pounds.

The estimate by Licht of cane sugar production in the countries of the world in the season of 1898-94 was, in metric tons, as follows: Cuba, 850,000 ; Java, 480,000 ; United States, 265,000 ; Philippine Islands, 265,000; Brazil, 260,000; Hawaiian Islands, 135,000; Mauritius, 125,000; Demerara, 110,000; F,gypt, 70,000; Barbadoes, 65,000; Per1, 65,000; Porto Pico, 60,000; Triuidad, 50,000; Guadeloupe, 40,000; Reunion, 37,000 ; Martiuique, 32,000 ; Jamaica, 25,000 ; Lesser Antilles, 25,000 ; total, $2,960,010$ metric tons.

Mulhall gives consumption of sugar of all kinds in various countries per inhabitant as: Great Britain, 83 pounds; United States, 63 pounds; Germany, 31 pounds; France, 28 pounds; Belgium, 27 pounds; Austria, 17 pounds; Russia, 15 pounds.

CANE SUGAR AND MOLASSES PRODUCED IN THE UNITED STATES, VARIOUS YEARS FROM 1872 TO 1898.
(Prepared by the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department.)

| Year, | Sugar. |  |  |  | Mozasses. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Louisians. | Other Sonthern States. | Total. |  | Louisiana. | Other Southern States. | Total. |
| 1872-1873. | Pounds. 125,346,493 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pounds; } \\ & 9,486,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pounds. } \\ 134,832,493 \end{gathered}$ | Long Tons. 60,193 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gallons. } \\ & 8.898 .640 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Galiong. } \\ & 601,000 \end{aligned}$ | Gallons. |
| 1879-1880. | 198,962,273 | 8,688,000 | 207,877,278 | 92,802 | 12,189,190 | 1,211,000 | 13,400,190 |
| 1889-1890. | 237,490,271 | 18,276,000 | 305,766,271 | 136,503 | 18,431,988 | 3,950,000 | 22,381,988 |
| 1893-1894. | 595,473,374 | 15,352,244 | 610,825,618 | 272,913 | 18,469,529 | 8,439,197 | 26,908,726 |
| 1894-1895. | 710,827,438 | 18,565,123 | 729,392,561 | 325,621 | 28,334,513 | 9,282,561 | 37,617,074 |
| 1895-1896. | 532,494,652 | 11,139,074 | 543,633,726 | 242,693 | 21,663,410 | 5,569,547 | 27,232,957 |
| 1896-1897. | 631,699,561 | 12,475,762 | 644,175,323 | 287,578 | 20,380,130 | 6,886,927 | 27,707,057 |
| 1897-1898.... | 695,101,878 | 12,850,000 | 707,951,878 | 316,183 | 22,241,510 | 7,093,634 | 29,335,441 |

SUGAR CONSUMED IN THE UNITED STATES, VARIOUS YEARS FROM 1884 TO 1898.
(Prepared by the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department.)

| Calendar Yeap. | Refined Product of Imported Sugar. | Domastic Product. |  |  |  |  | Total. | Consumption per Capita. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Manufactured from Imported Molasses. | Cane. | Maple. | Beet. | Sorghum and Other. |  |  |
| 1884. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tons. } \\ & 1,098,090 \end{aligned}$ | Tons. 60,000 | Tons. <br> 135,243 | Tons. 25,000 | Tons. 737 | Tons. 313 | Tons. $1,309,383$ | Pounds. 58.4 |
| 1890. | 1,257,292 | 63,282 | 136,503 | 25,000 | 2,800 | 1,500 | 1,476,377 | 52.8 |
| 1894. | 1,700,635 | 15,000 | 271,336 | 5,000 | 20,443 | 300 | 2,012,714 | 66.0 |
| 1895. | 1,572,438 | 15,000 | 324,506 | 7,500 | 30,000 | 300 | 1,949,744 | 62.6 |
| 1896 | 1,670,963 | 603 | 243,220 | 5,000 | 40,000 | 800 | 1,960,086 | 61.6 |
| 1897. | 1,760,607 | 150 | 289,009 | 5,000 | 41,347 | 300 | 2,096,263 | 64.5 |
| 1898. | 1,638,937 | 1,700 | 317,447 | 5,000 | 33,960 | 300 | 1,997,344 | .... |

## 

IN THE UNITED STATES, CENSUS OF 1890.

| States and Territories. | Total Number of Farms. | Acres in Farms. | Estimated <br> Value of Farm Products, 1889. | States and Territories. | Total <br> Number <br> of <br> Farms. | Acres in Farms. | Estimated Value of Farm Products, 1889. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | 62,013 | 6,179,925 | \$22,049,220 | South Da | 50,158 | 11,396,460 | 22,047,279 |
| New Hampshire.... | 29,151 | 3,459,018 | 13,761,050 | Nebrask | 113,608 | 21,593,444 | 66,837,617 |
| Vermont | 32,573 | 4,395,646 | 20,364,980 | Kansas | 166,617 | 30,214,456 | 95,070,080 |
| Massachusett <br> Rhode Island | 34,374 5,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,998,282 \\ 469,281 \end{array}$ | 28,072,500 | N. C | 1,923,822 | 256,586,994 |  |
| Connecticut | 26,350 | 2,253,432 | 17,924,310 |  |  | , |  |
| New York | 226,223 | 21,961,562 | 161,593,009 | Kentuck | 179,264 | 21,412,229 | 65,948,485 |
| New Jersey | 30,8:8 | 2,662,009 | 28,997,349 | Tennes | 174,412 | 20,161,583 | 55,194,181 |
| Pennsylvan | 211,557 | 18,364,370 | 121,328,348 | Alabam | 157,772 | 19,853,000 | 66,240,190 |
| N. Atlantic | 658,569 | 62,743, | \$418,309,066 | Lo | 144,318 69,294 | $17,572,547$ $9,544,219$ | $73,342,995$ <br> $54,343,9 \grave{3}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Texas | 298,120 | 51,406,937 | 111,699,430 |
| Delaware | 9,381 | 1,055,692 | 6,481,590 | Olklaho | 8,826 | 1,606,423 | ,440,375 |
| Maryland | 40,798 | 4,952, 390 | 26,443,364 | Arkansa | 124,760 | 14,891,356 | 53,128,155 |
| Virginia | 127,600 | 19,104,951 | 42,244,458 | S. Centra | 1,086,772 | 156,448,294 | \$48 |
| West Vir | 72,773 | 10,321,3:6 | 20,439,000 |  |  |  |  |
| North Carolin | 178,359 | 22,651,896 | 50,070,530 | Montana | 5,603 | 1,964,197 | 6,273,415 |
| South Ca | 115,008 | 13,184,652 | 51,337,985 | Wyomin | 3,125 | 1,830,432 | 2,241,590 |
| Georgia | 171,071 | 25,200,435 | 83,371,482 | Colorado | 16,389 | 4,598,941 | 13,136,810 |
| Flor | 34,228 | 3,674,486 | 12,086,330 | New Me | 4,458 | 787,882 | 1,784,820 |
|  |  |  |  | Arizon | 1,42 | 1,297,033 | 1,045,970 |
| S. Atla | 749, | 100,15 | 2,8 | $\mathrm{U}$ | 10,517 | 1,323,705 | 4,891,460 |
| Ohio | 251,430 | 23,352,408 | 133,232,498 | Idah | 6,61 | 1,661,416 | 2,705,660 $3,848,930$ |
| Indian | 198,167 | 20,362,516 | 94,759,262 | Washing | 18,056 | 4,179,190 | 13,674,930 |
| Illinois | 240,681 | 30,498,277 | 184,759,013 | Oregon. | 25,530 | 6,909,888 | 19,026,120 |
| Michigan | 172,344 | 14,785, 636 | $83,651,390$ | Califo | 52,894 | 21,427,293 | 87,033,290 |
| Wisconsi | 146,409 | 16,787,988 | $70,990,645$ |  |  |  |  |
| Minneso | 116,851 | 18,663,645 | 71,238,230 | Western | 145,878 | 47,282,233 | \$155,662,995 |
| Iowa | 201,903 | $30,491,541$ | 159,347,844 | Grand to |  |  |  |
| North Dakot | 27,611 | $7,660,333$ | $\begin{array}{r} 109,121,024 \\ 21,264,938 \end{array}$ |  | 4,564, | 623,218,619 | 2,400,107,454 |

## 

## NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF REAL ESTATE MORTGAGES IN FORCE JANUARY 1, 1890, BY STATES AND TERRITORIES. <br> (Compiled from the Census Report of 1890.)

| STATES AND TERRITORIES. | Number. | Amount. | States AND Territories. | Number. | Amount. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | 35,732 | \$39,027,983 | Neb | 155,377 | \$132,902,322 |
| Arizona | 1,474 | 2,348.519 | Nevada | 1,256 | 2,194,995 |
| Arkansa | 25,138 | 14,366.595 | New Hamps | 25,189 | 18,968,259 |
| Californi | 112,637 | 2.17,050.181 | New Jersey. | 141,704 | 232,565,919 |
| Colorado | 54,600 | 85,058,793 | New Mexic | 57,523 | 6,644,673 |
| Connectic | 57,996 | 79,921,071 | New York. | 579,472 | 1,607,874,301 |
| Delaware | 9,641 | 16,122,693 | North Carolin | 47,404 | 21,471,428 |
| District of Col | 23,923 | 51,986,589 | North Dakota. | 38,767 | 25,777,480 |
| Florida. | 20,681 | 15.505,119 | Ohio | 271,055 | 259,842,188 |
| Georgia | 48,519 | 27,387,590 | Oregon. | 22,553 | 22,928,437 |
| Idaho. | 3,143 | 3,167,249 | Pennsylvania | 518,165 | 613, 105,802 |
| Illinois | 297, 233 | 384,299,150 | Rhode Island | 20,999 | 36,778,243 |
| Indiana | 171,420 | 110,730,643 | South Carolina | 27,065 | 13,780,302 |
| Iowa | 252,559 | 199,774,171 | South Dakota | 60,221 | 36,115,773 |
| Kansas | 298,884 | 243,146,826 | Tennessee. | 39,470 | 40,421.396 |
| Kentucky | 60,284 | 45,693,749 | Texas | 93,877 | 93,864,178 |
| Louisi | 20,372 | 28.513 .900 | Utah | 5,908 | 8.040,829 |
| Maine | 58,851 | 32,627,208 | Vermont | 34,388 | 27,907,687 |
| Maryland | 53,908 | 64,577.803 | Virginia | 34,192 | 28,691,726 |
| Massachus | 178,202 | 323,277,668 | Washington | 29,632 | 44,078,449 |
| Michigan | 222, 761 | 150,472,700 | West Virgin | 29,357 | 19,702,505 |
| Minnesota | 195,580 | $197,745,989$ | Wisconsi | 164,826 | $121,838,168$ |
| Mississipp | 30,767 192,028 | 19,075,980 | Wyomin | 3,028 | $4,967,065$ |
| Montana | 192,028 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,609,772 \\ & 8.729,907 \end{aligned}$ | Total. | 4,777,608 | \$6,019,679,985 |

## fisionties of the eluiter Sotates.

Value of the Fishing Industry, Census Year 1890, by States.
Alabama, $\$ 154, \$ 71$; Alaska, $\$ 2,410,818$; Calitornia, $\$ 3,044,731$ : Connecticut, $\$ 1,871,413$; Delaware, $\$ 250,865$; Florida, $11,339,869$; Georgia, $\$ 123,563$; Lllinois, $\$ 23,836$; Indiana, $\$ 21,693$; Loulsiana, $\$ 681,284$; Maine, $\$ 2,225,806$; Maryland and District of Columbia, $\$ 6,460,759 ;$ Massachusetts, $\$ 7,531,194$; Michigan, $\$ 934,005$; Minnesota, $\$ 6,238$; Mississippi, $\$ 245,699$; New Hampshire, $\$ 91,481$; New Jersey, $\$ 3,625,890$; New York, $\$ 5,041,259$; North Carolina, $\$ 1,027,669 ;$ Ohio, $\$ 618,683$; Oregon, $\$ 868,406$; Pennsylvania, 495,$153 ;$ Rhode Island, $\$ 725,675$; South Carolina, $\$ 202,602$; Texas, $\$ 313,832$; Virginia, $\$ 3,641,282$; Washington, $\$ 934,940$; Wisconsin, $\$ 399,272$. Total, $\$ 45,312,818$.

## 

PRODUCTION OF FERMENTED LIQUORS AND DISTILLED SPIRITS.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } \\ \text { Ending } \\ \text { June } 30 . \end{gathered}$ | Fermented Liquors. | on of Distilled Spirite, Exclusive of Brandy Distilled from Fruit. |  |  |  |  |  | Production of Fruit Brandy. $\dagger$ | Total Production of Distilled Spirits. $\ddagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bonrbon Whiskey. | Rye Whisk | Alcohol. | Rum. | Gin. | PureNeutral Spirits. |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Gallons. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13,347,111 | 15,414,148 | 6,341,991 | 21,631,009 | 2,439,301 | 54,656 | 20,657,97 | 1,023,147 | 17 |
| 1881 | 14,311,028 | 33,632,615 | 9,931,609 | 22,988,969 | 2,118,506 | 549,596 | 23,556,608 | 1,799,861 | 119,528,011 |
|  | 16,952,085 | 29,575,667 | 9,224,777 | 15,201,671 | 1,704,084 | 569,134 | 27,871,29 | 1,430,054 | 107,283,213 |
|  | 17,757,892 | 8,662,245 | 4,784,654 | 10,718,706 | 1,801,960 | 545,768 | 23,295,253 | 1,281,202 | 75,294,510 |
|  | 18,998,619 | 8,896,832 | 5,089,958 | 12,385,229 | 1,711,158 | 641,724 | 28,538,680 | 1,095,428 | 76,531,167 |
|  | 19,185,953 | 12,277,750 | 5,328,043 | 13,436,916 | 2,081,165 | 639,461 | 27,104,382 | 1,489,711 | 6,405,074 |
|  | 20,710,933 | 19,313,819 | 7,842,540 | 11,247,877 | 1,799,952 | 656,607 | 26,538,581 | 1,504,880 | 81,849,260 |
|  | 23,121,526 | 17,015,034 | 7,313,640 | 10,337,035 | 1,857,223 | 747,025 | 27,066,219 | 1,601,847 | 9,433,446 |
|  | 0,219 | 7,463,609 | 5,879,690 | 11,075,639 | 1,891,246 | 872,990 | 29,475,913 | 1,408,732 | 1,688,188 |
| 1889 | 25,119,853 | 21,960,784 | 8,749,768 | 10,939,135 | 1,471,054 | 1,029,968 | 30,439,354 | 1,775,040 | 91,133,550 |
|  | 27,561,944 | 32,474, 784 | 13,355,577 | 11,354,448 | 1,657,808 | 1,202,940 | 34,022,619 | 1,825,810 | 111,101,738 |
|  | 30,497, 209 | 29,931,415 | 14,345,389 | 12,260,821 | 1,784,312 | 1,293,874 | 35,356,126 | 1,804,712 | 117,767,101 |
|  | 31,856,026 | 29,017,797 | 13,436,827 | 14,490,987 | 1,956,318 | 1,338,617 | 37,690,335 | 3,667,465 | 118,436,506 |
| 1893 | 34,591,179 | 40,835,873 | 16,702,240 | 12,250,380 | 2,106,765 | 1,424,490 | 37,577,052 | 2,358,548 | 131,010,330 |
|  | 33,362,373 | 15,518,349 | 10,026,544 | 10,570,070 | 1,864,595 | 1,287,977 | 35,377,115 | 2,948,158 | 92,153,650 |
|  | 33,589,784 | 18,717,153 | 12,321,543 | 8,819,923 | 1,777,083 | 1,176,669 | 21,564,238 | 1,960,176 | 81,909,771 |
|  | 35,859,250 | 16,935,862 | 9,153,066 | 9,960,301 | 1,490,283 | 1,098,376 | 25,564,738 | 3,403,832 | 89,992,555 |
|  | 34,462,822 | 6,113,726 | 4,969,220 | 9,503,353 | 1,294,157 | 1,159,314 | 16,877,306 | 1,813,427 | 64,279,075 |
|  |  | 13,439,4 | 8,818,2 | 11,672, | 1,340, | 1,267,580 | 20,613,20 | 2,906,198 | 83,668,411 |

*Of not more than 31 gallons. †Including apple, peach, and grape. $\ddagger$ lucluding also high wines and miscellaneous apirits.
The production of wines in the United States in 1890 was $24,306,905$ gallons, of which California produced $14,680,000$, New York $2,528,250$, and Ohio $1,934,838$ gallons.

## MALT LIOUORS.

The brewers of the United States, according to the Brewers' Journal, sold in the revenue year ending June 30, 1899, 36,581,114 barrels of malt liquors. The sales in the largest cities in the United States in the year ending June 30, 1896, were as follows, in barrels: New York City, 4,918, 808 ; Chicago, 3,198,222; Milwaukee, 2,222,818; St. Louis, 2,070,331; Philadelphia, 1,996,743; Brooklyn, $1,926,828$; Cincinnati, $1,217,343$; Newark, $1,227,506$; Boston, $1,224,524$. By states the largest sales in the same period were: New York, 10,047,349; Pennsylvania, 4,047,055; Illinois, 3,580,724; Wisconsin, $2,846,614$.

#  <br> INTO THE UNITED STATES, IN QUANTITIES. 

|  | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Malt Liquors, in bot | 1,038,641 | 1,048,994 | 733,535 | 869,957 |
| Spirits, "Distilled and Spirituous Compounds, "......... | 2,244,763. | 1,915,650 | 1,777,202 | 1,927,470 |
| Spirits, Distilled and Spirituous Compounds, Brandy, proof, gallons. | 259,704 | 337,5 | 2 |  |
| Spirits, Distilled and Spirituous Compounds, all other, proof, gallons. |  |  |  | \} 1,389,352 |
| Wines, still wines i | 2,834,898 | 2,997,952 | 1,930,870 | 2,240,387 |
| still wines in bottles, doz | 314,190 | 309,281 | 268,921 | 247,464 |
| Champagne and other sparkling, doze | 246,393 | 228,628 | 223,827 | 351,112 |

VALUES.
Malt Liquors...................................................... $\$ 1,665,016 \$ 1,560,293$ \$1,201,303|\$1,456,971
Spirits, Distilled, and Compounds
2,137,634 $\quad 3,850,114$ 2,134,794 $2,158,538$ Wines
$7,107,005 \quad 6,862,465 \quad 5,969,180 \quad 6,516,126$

## 

IN THE UNITED STATES, IN GALLONS.

| Year <br> Ending <br> June 30. | Distilled Spirits Consumed. |  |  | Wines Consumed. |  | Malt Liquors Consumed. |  | Total Consumption. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Domestic | is. | Imported Spirits. | Domestic | Imported Wines. | Domestic Malt Liquors. | Imported Malt Liquors |  |
|  | From Fruit. | All Other. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1881. | 1,701,206 | 67,426.000 | 1,479,875 | 18,991,819 | 5,231,106 | 442,947,664 | 1,164,505 | 38,882,175 |
| 1882 | 1,216.850 | 70,759,548 | 1,580,578 | 19,934,856 | 5,628,071 | 524,843,379 | 1,536,601 | 625,499,883 |
| 1883. | 1,253,278 | 75,508,785 | 1,690,624 | 17,406,028 | 8,372,152 | 549,616,338 | 1,881,002 | 655,728,207 |
| 1884. | 1,137 056 | $78,459,845$ | 1,511,680 | 17,402,938 | 3,105,407 | 588,005,609 | 2,010,908 | 691,653,443 |
| 1885. | 1,468,775 | 67,689,250 | 1.442,067 | 17,404,698 | 4,495,759 | 594,063,095 | 2,068,771 | 688,632,415 |
| 1886. | 1,555,994 | $69,295,361$ | 1,410,259 | 20,866,393 | 4,700,827 | 640,746,288 | 2,221,432 | 740,796,554 |
| 1887. | 1,211,532 | 68,385,504 | 1,467,697 | 27,706,771 | 4,618,290 | 715,446,038 | 2,302,816 | 821,138,648 |
| 1888 | 888,107 | 73,313,279 | 1,643,966 | 31,680,523 | 4,654,545 | 765,086,789 | 2,500,267 | 879,767,476 |
| 1889 | 1,294,858 | 77,802,483 | 1,515,817 | 29,610,104 | 4,534,373 | 777,420,207 | 2,477,219 | 894,655,061 |
| 1890. | 1,508,130 | 84,760,240 | 1,561,192 | 23,896,108 | 5,060,873 | 853,075,734 | 2,716,601 | 972,578,878 |
| 1891. | 1,219,436 | 88,335,483 | 1,602,646 | 23,736,232 | 5,297,560 | 974,427,863 | 3,051,898 | 1,097,671,118 |
| 1892. | 1,961,062 | 95,187,385 | 1,179,671 | 23,033,493 | 5,434,367 | 984,515,414 | 2,980,809 | 1,114,292,201 |
|  | 1,687,541 | 98,202,790 | 1,307,422 | 26,391,235 | 5,596,584 | 1,071,183,827 | 3,362,509 | 1,207,731,908 |
| 1894 | 1,430,553 | 88,046,771 | 1,063,885 | 18,040,385 | 3,252,739 | 1,033,378,273 | 2,940,949 | 1,148,153,555 |
| 1895. | 1,102,703 | 75,228,928 | 1,496,860 | 16,582,657 | 3,054,392 | 1,040,259,039 | 3,1133,067 | 1,140,764,716 |
| 189 | 1,440,810 | 68,069,563 | 1,541,504 | 14,599,757 | 4,101,649 | 1,077,325,634 | 3,300,531 | 1,170,379,448 |
|  | 1,146,131 | 69,789,991 | 2,230,711 | 33,940,319 | 4,647,988 | 1,066,307,704 | 3,002,558 | 1,181,065,402 |
|  | 1,411,448 | 79,207,887 | 916,549 | 20,567,317 | 3,113,633 | 1,160,651,991 | 2,457,348 | 1,268,326,173 |

## ชatime

THE following table shows estimates of wine production by the principal wine-producing countries of the world in 1891 and 1897, the authority for the first estimate being Cousul Chancellor, of Havre, in the United States Consular report for September, 1896 ; the second by the French publication the Moniteur Vinicole:

| COUNTRIES | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Chancellor, } \\ & 1891 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moniteur } \\ & \text { Vinicole, } \\ & 1897 . \end{aligned}$ | Countries. | Chancellor, 1891. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Moniteur } \\ & \text { Vinicole, } \\ & 1897 . \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Italy | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gallons. } \\ 923,250,000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gallons. } \\ & 685,836,750 \end{aligned}$ | Turkey.. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gallons. } \\ & 73,000,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gallons. } \\ & 49,556,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Spain. | $897,654,000$ | 519,338,000 | Bulgaria | $70,000,000$ | 28,797,800 |
| France | 789,425,000 | 854,713,420 | Greece | 38,000,000 | 31,704,000 |
| Portugal | 115,300,000 | 66,050,000 | Uuited Sí | 23,721,000 | 30,303,740 |
| Austria-Hunga | 98,000,000 | 81.260,000 | Germany | 13,500,000 | 55,482,000 |
| Algeria. | 75 | $115,402,560$ $66,050,000$ | Roumani | 500,000 | $85,544.000$ $33,025,000$ |

The total protuction of wine in the world in 1897 (including Chile, 73,976,000 gallons) was $2,843,478,9^{2} 0$ gallous.

According to a report of the British Board of Trade, the consumption of wine in 1896 in the United Fingdon was 15,7\%6,000 gallons, or 0.40 per head of the population; France, 1, 137, 224, 000 gallons, or 29.50 per head; Germany, $55,198,000$ gallons, or 1.06 per head; United States, 16,578,000 gallons, or 0.22 per head.

## Zece 3ncoutctorn of tile extory.

The Brewers' Journal of New York, quoting from the Vienna publication, Gambrinus, gives the following estirnate of the production of malt liquors by countries in 1888, by bectollters (a bectoliter is equal to 26.414 galions):

| Cotntries. | No. of Breweries. | Hectoliters. | COUNTRIES. | No. of Breweries. | Hectoliters. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| German Enapire | $\overline{20,340}$ | 66,415,320 | Swerien.... | 540 | 2,102.000 |
| Great Britain and Ireland... | 8,072 | 58,245,511 | Netherlands | 389 | 1,483,290 |
| United States................ | 1.978 | 62,801, 822 | Norway. | 47 | 379, 000 |
| Canada, A ustralasia, Central <br> \& So. America \& Nexico |  |  | Rolmnan | 17 | 75, 788 |
| Austria-Hungary............ | 1,602 | 21,035.689 | Luxembou | 13 | 155, 0 |
| Belgium | 3,140 | 13,509,046 | Spaln | 36 | 84.540 |
| France. | 2,546 | 9,557,616 | Italy | 89 | 114,000 |
| Russia | 1,047 | 5,4.51,142 | creec | 10 | $8 \% 490$ |
| Denmark | 324 | 1,934,243 | Bulga | 29 | 79.840 |
| Switzerland | 275 | 1,879.567 | Servia | 10 | 68,700 |

The total number of breweries in the world in 1898 was 40,959 , and thelr output $247,489,272$ hectoliters of beer.

## 

|  | P.C. |  | P.c. |  | P.C. 1 |  | P.c. |  | P.c. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beer |  |  | 10.2 | Claret. | 13.3 | Mar | 20.2 | (7in |  |
| or | 4.5 | Rhin | 11.0 | Burgun | 13.6 | Made | 21.0 | Bran | 53.4 |
| Ale | 7.4 | Orange | 11.2 | Malaga | 17.3 | Port. | 23.2 | Rum | 53.7 |
| C'ide | 8.6 | Bordea | 11.5 | Canary | 18.8 | Curaç | 27.0 | Whisi | 53 |
| Pe | 8.8 | Hock | 11.6 | Sherry | 19.0 | Aniseed | 33.0 | Whiskey, Bou | 54. |
| (1) | 9.3 | Gooseberry | 11.8 |  | 19.0 | Marasch | 34.0 | Whiskey, Ry |  |
| os | 9.6 | Champagn | 12.2 | ra |  | Chartre |  | Whisk |  |

The ptrcentage as above incicated is by volume. "Proof spirit" contains 49.24 per cent by Weight, or 57.06 per cent by volunie, of absolute alcohol.

Mulhall gives the average percentag us alcohol in Purton's ale as 8.2; Bass' ale, 8.4; Edinburgh ale, 4.4 ; Guinness' ale, 6.8 ; London porter, 4.1 ; L.ondon beer, 3. 9 ; lager' beer, 3.2.

## Cea mix cofter.

TEA.
THE production of tea in 1883, by countries, according to Mulhall (his latest estimate), was In pounds: China, 290,000,000; India, 90,000,000; Japan, 40,000,000; Ceylon, 19,000,000; Paraguay, 10,000,000; Java, 7,000,000.

The consumption of tea was estimated by the same authority for 1892 as follows, in pounds: Great Britain and Treland, 201,000,000; United States, $85,000.000$; Fussia, 71,000,000; Canada, 20,000.000 ; A ustraiia, 28.000,000; various other countries, $21.000,000$.

The innpoitation of tea into the United States in the fiscal year of 1893 was $68,778,361$ pounds, valued at $\$ 3,715,136$.

## COFFEE.

The total production of coffee in 1888-99, according to Dimn ring \& Toon, cited in the United States consular reports, was, 111 hags of $12^{2} 2$ pounds: Brazil (Rio, 3,000,000; Santos, 5,000 000: Victoria, Bahia, and Ceara, 720,000), 8,720.000; Central America, 1,022,000; Venezuela, 900,000; Hayti, 485,000; Mexico, 325,000; Ceylon and British India, 267,000; Java, 244,000; Porto Rico, 260,000; British West Indi s, 100.0. 10.

The consumption hy countries, accordfne to Mulhall, was in 1897, in tons: United States, 320, 000; Great Britan, 12,000; France, 77,000; (iermany, 136,000; Belkilm, 25,000; A ustria, 40,000; Italy, 13,000. The remainder was consmmed by the conntries in which it was grown.

The importation of coffee into the United States in 1899 was $836,693,053$ pounds, valued at \$55.286, 430.

The English are the greatest tea drinkers among western nations, the Americans the greatest coffee driukers.

#  

| Year <br> Eving <br> June 30 | Production.* |  | Exportation Mingral liefinzd, or Manupactured. |  |  |  | Total.(Including Residuum. $\dagger$ ) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Barrels (of 42 gallons). | Callons. | Mineral Crude. Gallons. | Naphthas, Benzine, Gasoline. Gallons. | Illuminating. Gallons. | Lubricating (Heavy Paraffine, etc.). Gallons. | Gallons. | Value. |
| 1883 | 30,510,830 | 1,281,454,860 | 52,712,306 | 17,070,53\% | 419,821,081 | 10,182,342 | 505,931,622 | 444,913,079 |
| 1884 | 23,419,633 | 984,884,586 | 67,186,329 | 15,045,411 | 415,615,693 | 10,515.535 | 513,660,092 | 47,103,248 |
| 1885 | 24,218,438 | 1,017,174,396 | 81,037,992 | 15,822,853 | 458,243,192 | 13,002.483 | 574, 668, 80 | 50, 577,947 |
| 1886 | 21,858,785 | 918,068,970 | 80,246,763 | 12,311,197 | 469,471,451 | 12,526,069 | 577,781, 552 | 50, 199,844 |
| 1887. | 28,064,841 | 1,178,723,322 | 76,082,878 | 15,735,239 | 480, 245,811 | 16,510,513 | 592,803, $\because 67$ | 46.824,915 |
| 1885 | 28,283,483 | 1,187,905,286 | 85,538,725 | 12,066,921 | 456,487,221 | 22,889,529 | 578,351,638 | 47,042,403 |
| $188$ | 27,612,025 | 1,159,705,050 | 72,947,383 | 14, 100,054 | 502,257,455 | 25,166,913 | 616,195,459 | $49,913,677$ |
| 1890 | 35,163,513 | 1,476,867,546 | 95,450,653 | 12,037,483 | 523,295,030 | 30,162,522 | 664, 068,170 | 51,403,089 |
| 1891 | 45,822,672 | 1,924,559,224 | $91,415,095$ | 12,171,147 | 571,119,805 | 33,514,730 | 709,819,439 | 52,026,734 |
| 1892 | 54, 291,980 | 2,280,263,160 | 103,592,767 | 12,727,978 | 564,596,658 | $33,591,076$ | 715,365,819 | 44, 4 , ${ }^{\text {a }}$, 992 |
| 1893 | $50,507,136$ | 2,121,383,712 | 111,703,508 | 17,301,005 | 642,239, 816 | 32,432,857 | 804, 221,230 | 42, 142,058 |
| 1894 | 48,412,666 | 2,033,331,972 | 121,926,349 | 15,555,754 | 730,368,626 | 40,190,577 | 908,252,314 | 41,499,805 |
| 1895 | 49,344,516 | 2,072,469,622 | 111,285,264 | 14,501,224 | 714,859,144 | 43,418,942 | 884,502,1182 | 46,660,082 |
| 189 | 52,892,276 | 2,221,475,592 | 110,923,620 | 12,349,319 | 716,455,565 | 50,525,520 | 890,458,994 | 62, 383,403 |
|  | 60,960,361 | 2,560,335,162 | 131,726,243 | 14,249,028 | 871,350,626 | 50,199, 345 | 973,514,946 | 62,635,037 |
| 1898..... | 60,568,081 | 2,543,859,402 | 113,297,397 | 16,252,929 | 824,426,581 | 60,299,365 | 1,034,249,876 | 56,125,578 |

* Production is for calendar year preceding the fiscal year. + Residuum-tar, pitch, and all other from which the light bodies have been distilled. In 1898 this amounted to $19,973,604$ galious.

The above is compiled from the Report of the Bureau of Statistics of the Treasury Department.
Over $5,000,000,000$ gallons of petroleum, according to the Tressury Bureau of Statistics, are now produced annually in the world. Of this amount $2,500,000,000$ are produced in the United Siates, $2,250,000,000$ in Russla, and the remainder is distributed among a dozen countries, Austria producing $87,000,000$; Sumatra, $22,000,000, \mathrm{Java}, 30,000,000$; Carada, $29,000,000$.

## 

Compiled for The World almanac by R. P. Rothwell, C. E., M. Fi. F. S. S., editor of "The Mineral Industry.'

The production of corper in the world in 1898, stated in long tons, was as follows: United States, 239,241; Spain and Portugal, 53.225; Chile, 24,850; Japan, 25,175; Germany, 20,085; Mexico, 15,668; Australasia, 18,000; South Africa, 7,050; other countries, 31,025 ; total, 434,329 tons.

The conper production of the United States in 1898, in pounds, was distributed as follows: Arizona, 111, 823.864 ; California, 21,5 53,229 ; Coloradio, $10,870,869$; Michigan, 156, 669,098 ; Nioutana, $216,979,334$; Utah, $5,385.246$; Eastern and snuthern states, $4,478,218$; all others, $2,134^{-}$989; copper in sulphate (b), 7,015,375; total, 535,900,232, (b) Including ouly the copper in sulphate obtained as a by-product.

The production of tin in the world in 1898, in long tons, was as follows: England, 4,200; straits Settlements, 45, 001 ; Australasia, 3,220; Banka, Billiton, and Singkep, 14, $\mathbf{3 8 0}$; Bolivia, 4,464; Austria (e), $4 \varrho^{\text {; Germany (e), 935; Japan (e), 39; Mexico (e), 5; Portugal, 70; Russia (e), 5; total, }}$ 73,268. (e) Estimated.

The production of zinc in the world in 1898, in metric tons, was as follows: Austria, 7,229; Belgium, Holland, and the Rhine district of Germany, 191.836; Upper Silesia, 99,232; France and Spain, 32,649; England, 27,625; Russia, 5,664; United States, 103, 514; total, 467, 749 .

## 3ucoutction of 諍ig deon amy Steal

IN PRINCIPAL COUNTRIES, IN METRIC TONS.


* Estimated.


## 

| Pronucts. | Cus- <br> tom- <br> ary <br> Meas- <br> ures. | 1897. |  |  |  | 1898. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantity. |  | Valne, Place Prod'n. |  | Quantity. |  | Value, Place Prod'n. |  |
|  |  | Customary Measures. | Metric Tons. | Totals. | $\mathrm{M} . \mathrm{Per} \text { Ton. }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Customary } \\ & \text { Measures. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Metric } \\ & \text { Tons. } \end{aligned}$ | Totals. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { M. Ton. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Ores and Minerals. <br> (First Products.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asphaltu | Sh. T. | 27,397 | 24, 854 | 486,620 | 19.58 | 25,690 | 23,306 | 482,175 | 20.69 |
| Asphaltic | ${ }_{\text {Sh. }}$ T. | 2,390 | 2,168 | 11,450 | 5.28 | 14,099 | 12,791 | 70,495 | 5.51 |
| Bituminous |  | 47,470 | 43,065 | 136,173 | 3.16 | 49,536 | 44,938 | 146,275 | 3.26 |
| Barytes |  | 26,430 | 23,977 | 105,720 | 4.41 | 28,247 | 25,626 | 112,988 | 4.41 |
| Bauxite |  | 20,590 | 20,919 | 51,475 | 2.46 | 26,791 | 27,220 | 66,978 | 2.46 |
| Borate of | Sh. T. | 19,400 | 17,600 | 388,000 | n 22.05 | 15,335 | 13,911 | 306,700 | n 22.05 |
| Bromine. |  | 487,149 |  | 136,402 | 617.19 | 486,978 | 221 | 136,354 | 617.19 |
| Cement, nat |  | 7,890,573 | 1,073,742 | 3,976,050 | 3.70 | 8,161,078 | 1,110,552 | 3,819,995 | 3.41 |
| Cement, Portl | Bbls. F | 2,430,903 | 441,060 | 3,724,905 | 8.45 | 3,584,586 | 650,383 | 6,168,106 | 9.48 |
| Chrome ore. |  |  |  | 1,550 | 10.17 | 100 | 102 | 1,000 | 9.8\% |
| Clay produc |  |  |  | 56,487,527 |  |  |  | 58,470,543 |  |
| Coal, anthr |  | 52,645,133 | 47,759,351 | 85,857,717 | 1.80 | 52,848,605 | 47,943,940 | 81,445,937 | 1.70 |
| Coal, bitumin | Sh. T. | 148,155,567 | 134,405,549 | 120,013,372 | . 89 | 165,208,025 | 149,875,737 | 128,419,354 | . 86 |
| Coal, cannel. | Sh. T. | 56,511 | 51,266 | 153,145 | 2.99 | 49,889 | 45,259 | 134,700 | 2.98 |
| Cobalt oxide |  | 19,300 | < 8 8,754 | 30,880 | k 3.53 | 9,640 | k 4,373 | 15,424 | k 3.53 |
| Copper sulphate |  | 16,731,247 | 7,589 | $645,8 \div 6$ | m 85.10 | 28,061,501 | 12,729 | 956,697 | m 75.18 |
| Corundum... |  | 293 | 266 | 19,10 | 74.47 | 786 | 713 | 63,630 | 89.24 |
| Emery |  | 1,900 | 1,724 | 92,000 | 53.36 | 2,956 | 2,682 | 143,800 | 53.62 |
| Feldspar |  | 21,901 | 22,251 | 111,392 | 5.01 | 21,350 | 21,692 | 107,147 | 4.94 |
| Fluorspa | $\mathrm{Sh}_{\text {Sh. T. }}$ | 4,739 | 4,299, | 36,264 | 8.44 | 12,145 | 11,018 | 86,985 | 7.89 |
| allers | Sh. T. | 17,195 | 15,599 | 92,398 | 5.92 | 15,553 | 14,110 | 87,365 | 6.19 |
| arn | Sh. T. | 2,261 | 2,051 | 66,353 | 32.35 | 2,882 | 2,615 | 82,930 | 31.71 |
| raha |  | 1,756 | 1,593 | 52,680 | n 33.07 | 2,675 | 2,427 | 80,250 | n 33.07 |
| Graphite, |  | 993,138 | k 450,484 | m 44,691 | k. 10 | 1,647,679 | k 747,382 | m 148,291 | k. 20 |
| Graphite, |  | 1,200 | 1,089 | 11,400 | 10.47 | 1,200 | 1,089 | 11,400 | 10.47 |
| Gypsum |  | 300,369 | 272,493 | 889,177 | 3.26 | 348,686 | 316,326 | 989,589 | 3.13 |
| Iron o |  | 18,235,406 | 18,527,772 | 30,941,379 | 1.67 | 20,655,865 | 20,986,359 | 37,593,674 | 1.79 |
| Magnesite |  | c 1,907] | 1,730 | c 7,628 | 4.41 | c 2,355 | 2,136 | c 9,420 | 4.41 |
| Manganese |  | 158,600 | 161,147 | 328,176 | 2.04 | 217,782 | 221,279 | 481,127 | 2.17 |
| Mica, scra | Sh | 2,852 | 2,615 | - 28,820 | 11.02 | 3,529 | 3,201 | - 39,837 | 12.44 |
| Mica, shee |  | 118,852 | k 53,911 | 83,298 | k 1.55 | 109,968 | k 49,881 | 91,432 | k 1.83 |
| Moly beni |  | Nil. | Nil. | Nil. | Nil. |  |  | 400 | 57.14 |
| Monszite. |  | 40, |  | 2,000 | 110.23 | d 150,000 | 68 | e 7,500 | 110.23 |
| Natural |  |  |  | - 10,000,000 |  |  |  | e 10,500,000 |  |
| Ochre (p) Petroleum |  | 57 ${ }^{42,590}$ |  | 39,372,111 | n 42.13 | 41,950 | 38,057 | 461,450 | - 12.13 |
| Petroleum, | \% | $57,124,783$ $1,007,367$ | 7,992,046 | $39,372,111$ $3,022,101$ | 4.93 2.95 | $51,774,465$ $1,257,645$ | 7,243,509 | 42,100,522 | 5.81 |
| Phosphate |  | 1,007,367 | 1,023,485 | 3,022,101 | 2.95 | 1,257,645 | 1,277,717 | 4,355,025 | 3.41 |
| Precious |  | 133,368 | 135,502 | -404,699 | 2.99 | 191,160 | 194,219 | - 1125,000 | 3.03 |
| Salt (q) |  | ,822,923 | 2,009,625 | 3,898,556 | 1.94 | 18,756,394 | 2,382,197 | 4,753,664 | 2.00 |
| Silics, br |  | 20,233 |  | 323,561 |  | 33,419 |  | 590,254 |  |
| Diatom |  | 3,000 | 2,722 | 30,400 | 11.17 | 1,392 | 1,263 | 11,002 | 71 |
| Flint. |  | 28,407 | 25,771 | 55,817 | 2.17 | 35,593 | 32,290 | 73,313 | 2.27 |
| Sand, |  | e 750,000 | 762,000 | e 1,125,000 | 1.48 | e 800,000 | 812,800 | e 1,178,560 | 1.45 |
| Pumice |  | 1,700 36,502 | 1,542 | 8,500 342,186 | n 5.51 | 144 38,859 |  | $\begin{array}{r} \\ 438 \\ \hline 1050\end{array}$ | n 5.51 |
| Grindst |  | 36,502 | 33,114 | 342,186 | 10.33 | 38,859 | 35,253 | 438,675 | 12.44 |
| Whetst |  |  | 1,480 | 97,229 5,475 | 3.70 |  |  | 107,990 3,367 |  |
| Slate, roefin |  | 932,124 | 281,872 | 2,829,526 | j 3.04 | 1,136,632 | 343,715 | 2,958,496 | f 2.60 |
| Ms nufa |  |  |  | 595,105 |  |  |  | 528,856 |  |
| Pigment |  | 6,857 | 6,221 | 57,863 | 9.30 | 7,886 | 7,154 | 70,671 | 9.88 |
| Soapstone. |  | 16,904 | 15,335 | 169,040 | n 11.02 | 18,862 | 17,111 | 158,635 | 9.27 |
| Soda, natural (r) |  | 6,350 | 5,761 | 95,400 | 16.56 | 7,150 | 6,486 | 94,650 | 14.59 |
| Stone, for buildi Stone, limestone |  | 4,247,688 |  | e $30,000,009$ |  |  |  | 32,500,000 |  |
| Stone, lithograph |  | ,210,688 |  | Nil. | Nil. | 112 | 5,30, 102 | 2, ${ }^{\text {n } 204,940}$ |  |
| Strontinm |  |  |  | 200 | \% 5.05 |  |  |  | n 21.95 |
| Sulphur |  | 1,690 | 1,717 | 34,814 | m 20.28 | 2,726 | 2,770 | 59,754 | m 21.57 |
| Sulphurlc acid |  | 42,352 | 38,421 | 699,655 | m 18.21 | 47,558 | 43,144 | 970,183 | m 22.49 |
| Talc, comm |  | 10,164 | 9,221 | 90,905 | 9.86 | 9,112 | 8,2:3 | 78,645 | 9.51 |
| Talc, fibrou |  | 52,836 | 47,933 | 283,685 | 5.92 | 54,807 | 49,721 | 285,759 | 5.75 |
| Tungsten |  | (b) | b) |  | (b) | 78, 865 | 80.13 | 17,398 | 217.12 |
| Uraniura o |  |  |  | 9,010 | 600.67 |  | 80 | 16,500 | 550.00 |
| Wulfenite. |  |  |  | Nil. | Nil. | 12 | 11 | 144 | 13.09 |
| Zinc sulph |  | il. | il. | Nil. | Nil. | 145 | 132 | 4,640 | 35.15 |
| Zinc ore, expor |  | 9,251 | 8,393 | 211,350 | 25.18 | 11,78: | 10,648 | 299,870 | 28.06 |
| Zine, white (s) | T. | 26,262 | 23,825 | 1,686,020 | 70.77 | 32,727 | 29,708 | 2,226,796 | 74.96 |
| Est. prod. unspecifi |  | .... |  | 5,000,000 |  |  |  | 5,000,000 |  |
| Totgls. |  |  |  | 407,913,912 |  |  |  | 433,659,14 |  |
| Inminum.. |  | 4,000,000 | ,814,388 | ,400,000 | k. 77 | ,200,000 |  |  |  |
| ntimo |  | 1,500,000 |  | 107,250 | 157.72 | 2,000,000 | 907 | 165,000 | 181.92 |
| Copper |  | 501,370,295 | 227,420 | t 55,351,281 | 243.40 | 535,900,232 | 243,083 | t 63,129,047 | 259.70 |
| Ferroma | L. T.. | 173,695 | 176,474 | - 7,989,970 | 45.28 | 213,769 | 2:7,189 - | マ 10,474,681 | 48.23 |
| Ferromoly |  | Nil. | Nil. | Nil. |  | 2,100 |  | 1,050 | 1,102.30 |
| Gold |  | 2,864,576 | k 89,092.4 | 59,210,786 | k 664.60 | 3,148,642 | -97,933 | 65,052,430 | ¢ 664.60 |
| Iron, p | L. T.. | 9,478,985 | 9,630,649 | v 91,009,633 | 9.45 | 11,560,165 | 11,745,128 | v110,165,372 | 9.38 |
| Irldiu |  | 20.25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ead | sh. T. | 197,718 | 179, | 14,156,603 | 78.93 | 228,475 | 207,271 | m17, $=12,710$ | 83.33 |
| Moly bd |  | Nil. | Nil. | Nil. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 9,550 | k 4,332 | 11,9:87 | k 2.76 |
| Nickel. |  | 33,700 | k 15,286.2 | m 11,667 | k. 76 | 11,145 | k $5,055.3$ | m 3 3,845 | k . 76 |
| atinum | Oz. w. | 200 | k 6.2 . | 2,468 | 396.78 | 300 | k 9.3 | 3,837. | 411.25 |



METALS PRODUCED FIROM FOREIGN ORES AND BULLION (as).

| Metals. | Customary <br> Measures. | 1897. |  |  | 1898. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quantities. |  | Values. | Quantities. |  | .Vslues. |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Customary } \\ & \text { Measures. } \end{aligned}$ | Kilograms. |  | Customary Messures. | Kilograms. |  |
| Coppe | Pounds.. | 26,938,254 | $12,219,112$ | $\$ 2,973,983$ |  |  |  |
| Gold | Troy ozs .. | $584,983$ | 18,195 $83,568,000$ | $12,091,599$ $6,595,577$ | $1,065,552$ 89,209 | 33,142 $80,929,874$ | $22,024,960$ |
| Lead | Short tons. | 92,117 | 83,568,000 | 6,595,577 | 89,209 | 80,929,874 | $6,744,200$ |
| Silver. $\qquad$ <br> Total values. $\qquad$ | Pounds.. | $4,099,390$ $40,218,776$ | $1,859,000$ $1,250,934$ | $1,419,209$ $24,046,806$ | $7,127,784$ $39,784,000$ | $3,233,142$ $1,237,560$ | $2,459,085$ $23,472,560$ |
|  | Troy 0zs | 40,218,776 | 1,250,934 | 24,046,806 | 39,784,000 | 1,237,560 | 23,4,72,560 |
|  |  |  |  | 47,127,174 |  |  | \$58,948,125 |

(a) Except where otherwise specified. (b) Not enumerated. (c) Amount or value of crude mineral. (d) Partly estlmated. (e) Estimated. (f) Amount recovered as a by-product. (g) Barrels of 300 lbs. (b) Barrels of 400 lbs . (i) Includes manganiferous iron ore; this is not duplicated in the report of lron ore. (j) Value per square, i. e. 100 sq. ft., lapped snd laid; the weights are calculated on the basis 3 squares $=2,000$ lbs., but these figures are only approximately correct. ( $k$ ) Kilograms or per kilogram. (1) Reduced to a basis of $66^{\circ} \mathrm{B}$. (m) Average market price at New York. ( n ) Nominal. ( 0 ) Value before grinding. (p) Includes ochre, umber, sienns, and oxide of iron. (q) lncludes salt used for the manufacture of alksli; the barrel of salt weighs 280 lbs. ( $r$ ) Reduced to a basis of 58 per cent ash. (s) Includes a small amount msde from spelter. ( $t$ ) Average value of lake copper at New York, less 0.25 c . per 1 b . ( u ) Includes spiegeleisen, though the total value is reckoned as if the whole product were ferromanganese. (v) Average market price at Pittsburgh. (w) Troy oz. ( $x$ ) Flasks of 76.5 lbs. (y) Barrels of 42 gals. (z) Includes a comparatively small amount made directly from ores. (aa) Not included in the preceding tables.

Abbreviations : Sh. T., dhort tons (2,000 lbs.); L. T., long tons ( $2,240 \mathrm{lbs}$.) ; M. T., metrlc tons ( $2,204.6 \mathrm{lbs}$.).
The foregoing statistics of "Mineral Products of the United States," and the table which follows of "Coal Production in the United States," were compiled by $\mathbf{R}_{0}$. P. Rothwel. C. E., M. E. , editor of "The Mineral Industry.

## 猲roxuction of coal.

AREA OF THE WORLD'S COAI-FIELDS, IN SQUARE MILES
China and Jspan, 200,000 ; United States, 194,000 ; India, 35,000 ; Russia, 27,000 ; Great Britain, 9,000 ; Germany, 3,600 ; France, 1,800 ; Belglum, Spsin, and other countries, 1,400. Total, 471,800.

The coal-fields of Chins, Japan, Great Britain, Germany, Russia, and India contain apparently $303,000,000,000$ tons, which is enough for 700 years at present rate of consumption. If to the ahove be added the coal-fields in the United States, Canads, and other countries, the supply will be found ample for 1,000 years. lmproved machinery has greatly increased the yield per miner, and thus prodnced a fall In price to the advantsge of all industries.

The production of the principal coal conntries in 1898 in long tons ( 2,240 I口s.) was: United Kingdom, $202,042,000$ tons; United States, $196,282,000$ tons ; Germany, $91,055,000$ tons; France, 30,337,000 tons; Belgium, 21,720,000 tons; Spain, (1896). 1,853,000 tons; Canada, $3,380,000$ tons: New South Wales (1896), 3,750,000 tons; India, 4,063,000 tons; Rusaia, 9,229,000 tons; Japan, $5,080,000$ tons. There is also a large production of cosl in China, but statistics are indefinite.

Complled from the teport of "The Mlneral Industry," covering product of 1898 WTES.

## pounds.

| States. | Tons. | States. | Tons. | States. |  | Stater. | Tona. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | 6,466,741 |  | 4,117,359 | Nebraska...... | 500 | Tennessee....... | 3,084,748 |
| Arkansas*. | 1,134,064 | Kansas | 3,860,405 | New Mexico*.... | 863,583 | Texas............ | 726,133 571,417 |
| California | 135.795 | Kentu | 3,542,132 | North Carolins.. | 6,144 124,526 | Utah........... | 571,417 $1,640,000$ |
| Colorado. | 4,174,037 | Maryland | 4,621,618 | North Dakota... | 14,053,829 | Virginia...... .. | $1,640,000$ $1,988,288$ |
| Georgis. | 240,000 | Mitchigsn. | 178,035 |  | $14,053,829$ 65,871 | West Virginis .. | 16,499,840 |
| Illinols* | $18,599,299$ $5,435,896$ | M1ssourl*. Montana. | $2,838,152$ $1,450,471$ | Oregon. | 117,047,633 | W yoming....... | 3,181,905 |
| Indian Territory | 1,458,098 | Montana |  | Pentoslvala. |  |  |  |

#  

OU'SSTANDING STOCK, BONDED INDEBTEDNESS, AND MILEAGE. Highest and Lowest Prices on the New York Stock Exchange in 1898 and 1899.

| Stocks. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stock } \\ \text { Outstanding, } \\ \text { Jsnuary 1, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Bonded } \\ \text { Indebtedness, } \\ \text { Jsnnary 1, } \\ \text { 1899. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mile- } \\ & \text { sge: } \end{aligned}$ | Date Payment Last Dividend Declared.* |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Highest } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Lowest, } \\ & 1898, \end{aligned}$ | Highest and Lowest, 1899:" |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adams Expr | \$12.000,000 | \$12,000,000 |  | Dec. 1,'98 | 2 | 180 |  |
| American Car \& Foundry Co commo | 27,600,000 | .... |  |  |  |  | , |
| American Car \& Foundiry Co. pref..... | $\begin{aligned} & 27,600,000 \\ & 30,237,100) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 13/4 |  | 3/8 |
| American Cottwia Oil Co. commu American ('ottou Onl Co, pref. | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 30,237,100 \\ 10,198,600 \end{array}\right\}$ | 3,068,000 | \% | Dec. 1,98 |  | 393  <br> $903 / 8$ 156 <br> 156  | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 97 \% \end{aligned}$ |
| Americall Express | 18,000,000 |  |  | July 1,'99 | 3 | 1501116 | $1603 / 133$ |
| American Maltin | 13,145,000 |  |  |  |  | 369425 | $311 / 10$ |
| American Malting | 13,145,000 |  |  | ct. 15, '99 | 13/4 | 8758 $761 / 4$ | 87 45 |
| Am. Sinelting \& Refining | 27,400,000 |  |  |  |  | , | $591 / 23476$ |
| Am. Smelting \& lienining | 27,400,000 |  |  |  | $13 / 4$ | .. .. | 9.17380 |
| American steel \& Wire Co. comin | 50,000,000 |  |  |  |  |  | $721 / 2{ }^{\text {4, }}$ |
| American Steel of Wire Co. pre | $40,000,000$ $36,968,000$ |  |  | Oct. 14,'99 |  |  | $\begin{array}{l\|l} 10 \overline{0} & 9.316 \\ 182 & 123 / 2 \end{array}$ |
| American sugar Refinmg Co.t | $\begin{aligned} & 36,968,000 \\ & 3,968,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 182 & 1231 / 4 \\ 123 & 110 \end{array}$ |
| American Sugar Refining Co. Anerican Tinplate Co. comm | $\begin{aligned} & 36,968,000 \\ & 23,000,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Oct. 2,'99 | $13 / 4$ | 61 | $\begin{array}{cc}123 & 110 \\ 523 / 4 & 33\end{array}$ |
| American Tinplate Co. p | 18,000,000 |  |  | 99 |  |  |  |
| A merican Tobacco | 17,00,000 |  |  |  | 118 |  | 22.41 |
| Arcerican Tobacco | 11,935, 000$\}$ |  |  |  |  | $1353 / 411$ | 150 |
| Auscouda Copper |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atchison: Topeka | 102 | 174 | ,948 |  |  |  | $1247 / 8$ |
| Atchison, Topeka \& Sa | 114,199,530 |  |  | July 20,99 | 13/4 | 58, 5 | 68 |
| Battimore \& Ohio co: | 35,000,000 | 127 | C47 $\{$ |  |  | ${ }^{12}$ | 1/8 |
| Baltimore \& Ohio | 35,000.000 |  | , |  |  |  | 13 |
| Sroozly |  |  |  | Ju | 3 | 140\% 110 | $1 \begin{aligned} & 137 \\ & 160\end{aligned}$ |
| Canada southe | 15.000,000 | 19 | 457 | Au |  | 581/8 44\% | 64 |
| Canadian Pacı | 65,000,000 |  | 6,678 | Oc | 2 | 90 |  |
| Chesapeake \& | E0,541,400 |  | 0 | Oct. $25,19 y$ |  | 269173 | 31.4 |
| Chicago \& Altou | 22,230,600 | 8,650,8ヘ̃0 | . 843 | O |  | $71 \% 150$ | 1751216 |
| Chicago. Burlingto | 84,340,500 | 126,412 | 5,800 | - |  |  | 1491/4 |
| Chicago \& East I1 12013 | 6,197,800 | 20,155,000 |  | aly | 2 | 66 |  |
| Chicago \& East Illinols | 5,830,700 | 20,150,000 |  | Oct. | $11 / 8$ |  | 1325811 |
| Chicago Great We | 21,198,895 |  |  |  |  |  | 181,2 |
| Chicago Great Western p | 11,160,000 |  |  | 9 | 2 | 54 | $851 / 250$ |
| Chicago Great Western pref. | 7,444,190 |  |  |  |  |  | 441,28 |
| Chicago, Indianapolis \&\% Lonieville..... | 10,500, 000 | 13,177,000 | 535 |  |  |  |  |
| Chicaso, Judianapolis \%z Loulsville pref | 5,000,000 | 10,17\%,000 | 535 | Mar. 30, '99 |  | 6 | 493/4 30 |
| Chicago, M1wankee \& st. Paul. | 46,732, 100 |  |  | Oct.21, 99 \{ |  | 2094 | $1361 / 812$ |
| Chicago, Miswaukee est. Paul | 32, 243,900 |  |  |  |  | 16678140 | 1791 106 |
| Chicago \& Northwe |  |  | 5,077 | July 6,'99 |  | 143 | 173141 |
| Chicago \& North | 22,396,600 |  |  | Oct. 6,'99 |  | 1911/2 163 | $211^{1 .} 1881 / 2$ |
| Chicago. Rocls Island \& | 50,410,000 | 66,0 | 3,568 | Nov. 1,'99 |  |  | 1221/8108 |
| Chicago, St. P., Minn. \& Oma | 18,551,000 |  |  |  |  | 9465 | 126 |
| Chicago, st. P. Jinn. \& Oma | 11,256,800 $\}$ |  |  | Aug. 20,99 |  |  |  |
| Clicago Terminal \& Trans | 13,400,050 |  |  |  |  |  | $251 / 4 \quad 71 / 2$ |
| Chicago Termmal \& Tran |  |  |  |  |  | 37122 | 361 |
| Cleve. Clucinnatı, Chic. \& St, Lou | $28.000,000\}$ |  | 05 | Aug. 15, 98 |  | $\begin{array}{c\|c} 4725 \\ 050 \end{array}$ | 657/8, 421/8 |
| Cleve. Cin., Chac. \& st. Lowis pre | 10,000.000 | 55,18 |  | Oct. 20, 99 | 11/4 |  | 106 |
| Colorado Fuel ¿ Iron Co. cum | 13,040,000 | 1,04 |  |  |  | 32 y |  |
| Colorado d southern | 30.16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Colorado \& Southern | 8,500 |  |  |  |  | 5ug | 581\% |
| Colorado \& Southern 2 d pr | 7,986,299 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consolidated Gas Compauy | 37,730,000 | 2,1 |  | 9 | 1 | 61 | 33163 |
| Contmental Tobacco (o. comp | 30,000,400 |  |  |  |  |  | $57 / 83$ |
| Contimeintal Tobacco Co pre | 30,000,000 |  |  |  |  |  | 35,68 |
| Delaware \& Hudsou Canal | 35,100.600 | 5.000 .000 | 689 | Sept. 15,'49 |  | 141/2 | 125\% |
| Delaware, Lackawanua \& | 26,200.000 | 3.067 v00 | 124 | Oct. 20,'99 | 13 | $593 / 1413$ | 194. |
| benver \& Rio Grande | 38000000 |  |  |  |  |  | 53/ |
| Uenver \& Pio Gra | 23,650.000 |  |  | uly 17,98 | 2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1st } \\ & 2 d \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federas -iteel Co. | 45,233,600 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Federal steel | 52, 99300 |  |  |  |  | $81 /$ | 931 |
| General Electri | 18,275 0 | 6,000 ט09 |  | -1 | 11 | 961 | 125 |
| (ilucose Sugar Refining ('o. | 24,127,30u |  |  | c. 1,99 | 11 | $721 / 66$ | 7639148 |
| Glucose sugar Refining C'o. | 12619010 |  |  |  |  | $1033{ }^{107}$ | 110 |
| Great Nortliern pref | 50 utiv 000 |  |  | 07. $2, ' 99$ |  | 17418122 | 195 |
| Hocking Valley comm | 6) 1100,000$\}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $375 / 2$ |
| Hocking Valley p | 10,100,000 5 |  |  |  |  |  | 661/4, |
| Iowa Central |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa Central | $5571,361\}$ | 6, |  |  |  | 25 |  |
| Kansas City | 23, | \$3,000 |  |  |  |  | 17\%/8 |
| Laclerie Gas | ?,50,00 |  |  |  | 11/2 | 541437 | 81 51 |
| Laclede Cas p | 2,500,000 $\}$ | 10,000,000 |  | une 15,'99 | 2\% | 9612 | 103195 |



* Report for 1899 to November 11. † Unlisted stocks. $\ddagger$ Including extra dividend of $1 / 2$ per cent. $\$$ Includes extra dividend of 75 cents.

The WORLD ALMANAC is indebted to "Bradstreet's" for the stock list and prices of stocks.
The total sales of shares at the New York Siork Exchamse in 1898 were 113, 470,383 ; in 1897 were $77,245,747$; in 1596 were $64,140,576$; in 1845 ware $73,000,000$; in 1894 were $49,075,0: 32$; in 1893 were $50,977,839$; in 1892 were 85,875 os 22 ; in 1891 weme $(64,045,217$; in 1890 were 56,126 ,365 , in 1889 were $60,823,904$ in 1848 were $62,815,722$; in 1887 were $85,921,028$; in 1886 were 102,852,804; in 1885 सere $90,320,707$; in 1884 were $96,865,325$; in 1883 were $96,037,905$; in 1882 were 113, 720,655; in 1881were11; 392,685; in 1880 were $97,200,000$; and in 1879 were $74,165,652$.

## Hailvoad Statistícs.

MILEAGE, ASSETS, LIABILITIES, EARNINGS, EXPENDITURES, AND TRAFFIC OF SURFACE STEAM RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES.

This table was compiled from "Poor's Manual of Railroads of the United States for 1899."

| Mileage of Railroads. Side Tracks and Sidings. | $\begin{array}{r} 184,894.33 \\ 60,344.54 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total Track | 245,238. 87 |
| Steel Rails in Track | 220,803. 87 |
| Iron Rails in Track | 24,435.00 |
| Locomotive Engines, Number... | 36,746 |
| Cars, Passenger........................ | 25,844 |
| ", Baggage, Mail, | $\begin{array}{r}8,049 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| " Freigh | 1,284,807 |
| Total Cars | 1,318,700 |
| Liabilities. |  |
| Capital Stock | \$5,581,522,858 |
| Bonded Debt. | 5,635,363,594 |
| Unfunded Debt | 368,182,584 |
| Current Acco | 383,682,168 |
| Total Liab | 968,751,204 |
| Assets. |  |
| Cost of Railroad and Equipment. $\$ 10,256,275,585$ |  |
| Real Estate, Stocks, Bonds, and Other Investments................. | 1,594,565,979 |
| Other Investments |  |
| Current Accounts | $265,264,972$ $169,261,166$ |
| Total Assets | \$12,285,367,702 |
| Excess of Assets over Liabilities. | \$316,616,498 |


| Miles of Railroad Operated........ | 184,532.61 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Passenger Train Mileage | 344,761,142 |
| Freight " | 542,824,509 |
| Mixed 6 | 17,424,581 |
| Total | 905,010,232 |
| Passengers Carried. | 514,982,288 |
| Passenger Mileage. | 13,672,497,664 |
| Tons of Freight Moved | 912,973,853 |
| Freight Mileage........... | 4,566,173,191 |
| Traffic Ear |  |
| Passeng | §272,589,591 |
| Freight | 868,924,526 |
| Miscella | 108,044,607 |
| Total Traffic Revenue | \$1,249,558,724 |
| Net Earnings............................. | \$389, 666, 474 |
| Receipts from Other Sources..... | 104,536,904 |
| Total Available Revenue. | \$494,203,378 |
| Payments from Available | Revenue. |
| Rentals, Tolls, etc. | 862,740,145 |
| Interest on Bonds. | 237,133,099 |
| Other Interest. | 5,069,290 |
| Dividends on Stock................... | 94,937,526 |
| Miscellaneous. | 35,681.080 |
| Total Payment | \$435,561,140 |
| Surplus..................................... | \$58,642,238 |

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS OF RAILROADS IN THE UNITED STATES, 1888-98.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 163 | 4,640,239,578 |  |  | 1,318 | 229, 101,144 |  |
| 18 | 164 | 4,809.176,651 |  |  | 356,209,880 | 231, 259,810 |  |
|  |  | 0,555.225 |  |  | 358,638,520 | 232,569,089 |  |
| 189 | 13,433 | 5,080,032,904 |  |  | 364,591,109 | $39,616,284$ |  |
|  | 75,508 | 99 |  |  | 539,276 | 237, 620,367 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 327,505,716 | 242,943,243 |  |
|  | 仡 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,290,730,567 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $42,415,494$ | $81,364,854$ |
|  | 1,133 | $\mathbf{5}, 453,782,046$ | $411,058$ | $2,866,62$ | $338,170,195$ | $231.046,819$ | $82,630,989$ |
|  | 1 | 5,581,522,8 | $5,635,363$ | $8,{ }^{\prime}$ | $389,666,474$ | 237,133,099 | $94,6$ |

## SUMmARY OF RAILWAY MILEAGE IN THE UNITED STATES.

(From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

| Year. | Mileage on June 30, of Years Mentioned. |  |  |  | Miles of Line per 100 Sq. Miles.* | Miles of LIne per 10,000 Inhab1tants. $\dagger$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Official. | Unofficisl. | Total. | Increase Over Preceding Year. |  |  |
| 1898 | 185,370.77 | 1,025.55 | 186,396. 32 | 1,967.85 | 6.28 | 25.61 |
| 1897 | 182,919.82 | 1,508.65 | 184,428.47 | 1,651.84 | 6.21 | 25.78 |
| 1896 | 181, 153.77 | 1,622.86 | 182,776.63 | 2,119.16 | 6.15 | 26. 00 |
| 1895 | 179,175.51 | 1,481.96 | 180,657.47 | 1,948.92 | 6.08 | 26. 16 |
| 1894 | 176.602.61 | 2,105.94 | 178,708.55 | 2,247.48 | 6.02 | 26.36 |
| 1893 | 170,332,30 | 6,128.77 | 176,461.07 | 4,897. 55 | 5. 94 | 26.51 |
| 1892 ......... | 165,690.97 | $5,872.55$ | 171,563.52 | 3,160.78 | 5.78 | 26.27 |

[^13]
##  <br> WITH A SYNOPSIS OF LAST ANNUAL REPORT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE AS

 SUBMITTED TO "THE WORLD ALMANAC" BY THE RAILROAD COMPANIES.

## Atlantic Coast Line.

[Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina.]
*See foot note.
Baltimore \& Ohio R.R.
[New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois. ]
For year ending June $30,1898$.
Total earnings...... $\$ 27,722,787$
Operating expenses $20,276,091$
Net earnings..... $\$ 7,446,696$
Other income. $\qquad$ 890,072
Total net income. $\$ 8,336,768$
Interest, rents, etc. 8,146,727 Surplus.......... $\$ 190,041$

## Baltimore and Ohio

 Southwestern R.R.[West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri.]
For year ending June 30, 1898.
Total earnings..... \$5,904,317
Operating expenses $4,916,805$
Net earnings. .... $\$ 1,987,512$
Otherincome....... 2,250
Total net income. $\$ 1,989,760$
Interest, taxes, etc.. $2.089,334$
Deficit............. $\$ 99,574$
Bangor and Aroostook R.R.

## [Maine.]

For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings........ $\$ 929,253$
Operating expenses. 537,737
Net earnings........
\$391,516
Total payments....... 342,649 Surplus................... \$48,866

## Boston and Albany R.R.

[Massachusetts, New York.]
For year ending June $30,1899$.
Total earnings..... \$9,122,013
Operating expenses 6,677,662
Net earnings..... \$2,444,351
Other income......... $\quad 203,022$
Total net income $\$ 2,647,373$
Int'st, rentals, etc. $2.415,980$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Ry., $4,713.61 \mathrm{~m}$. ; Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Ry., 1.087 .6 m. ; Southern California Ry., 488.2 m . ; Santa $\mathrm{Fe} \mathrm{Pa}-$ cific R.R., 818.55 m ; ; San Francisco and San Joaquin Valley R. R., 306.27 m . Total mileage, $7,414.23$. Express Co.-Wells, Fargo \& Co.

Atlantic Coast Line R. R. of Va., 97.4 m . - Wilmington and Weldon R. R., 769.08 m .; Norfolk and Carolina R. R., 109.70 m ; Atlantic Coast Line R. R. of South Carolina, 739.28 m . Total mileage, 1,605.76.
Express Co,-Southern.

Main Stem and Branches, 747.04 m . Philadelphia Div., 129.42 m. ; Pittsburgh Div., 391.70 m . ; New York Div., 5.30 m .; West Virginia and Pittsburgh, 157.07 m . : Trans-Ohio Div., 773.27 m . Total mileage, 2,203.80. Express Co, United States.

Main Line, Belpre, O., to East St. Louis, Ill., 532.34 m .; Springfield Div., 228.2 m .; Portsmouth Div., 55.4 m .; Hillsboro Div., 21.4 m ., Marietta Div.. 11.1 m . Louisville Div., 53.3 m.; Bedford Br. 11.4 m.; Carbondale Br., 5.7 m ; Watson to New Albany, 7.4 m . Total mileage, 926.2.

Express Co.-United States.

Oldtown to Tan Buren, Me., 221 m ; Milo Junction to Greenville, 48.8 m . Ashland $\mathrm{Br}_{\text {. }}$, 42.8 m . F Fort Fairfield Br., 13.2 m. ; Katahdin Iron Works Br., 13 m .; Limestone Br., 15.9 m . Total mileage, 354.7. Express Co.-American.

Main Line, Boston, Mass., to Alhany, N. Y., 202 m . ; Ware River Br., 49 m . Athol Br., 45 m . ; Pittsfield and North Adams Br., 19 m. ; Hudson
and Chatham Br., 17 m . Milford Br ., 12 m .; Webster Br., 11 m .; other branches, 39 m . Total mileage, 394.
Express Co.-Adams; American.

Chairman of the Board, Aldace F. Walker, New York; President, E. P. Ripley, Chicago, Ill.; 1st Vice-President, E. D. Kenna, Chicago. Ill.: 2 d Vice-President, Paul Morton, Chicago, Ill.; 3d Vice-President, J. M. Barr, Chicago, Ill.; General Manager, retapeka, Kan.; Secretary, E. Wilder, Topeka, Kan. General Offices, Chicago, Ill.;New York Offices, 59 Cedar Street, 377 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Alex. Hamilton; VicePresident, H. Walter; General Manager, J. R. Kenly; Traffic Manager, T. M. Emerson. General Offices, Wilmington, N. C.; New York Office, 229 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

Chairman of Board, Wm. Salomon, New York; President, John K. Cowen; Ist'Vice-President, Oscar G. Murray; 2d Vice-President and General Manager, F. D. Underwood; Secretary, C. W. Woolford. General Offices, Baltimore, Md.; New York Office, 434 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Fdward R, Bacon, New York: Vice-President and General Manager, W. M. Greene, Cincinnati, U. Secretary, M. B. Wild, New York. General Offices, Cincinnati, O.; New York Office, 2 Wail Street, Manhattan Borough.

President, A. A. Burleigh; VicePresident and General Manager, F. W. Cram. General Offices, Bangor, Me.

President, William Bliss: VlcePresident, Edward D. Hayden; General Manager, W. H. Barnes. General Offices, Boston, Mass.

[^14]
## 206 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-com.



Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgl Railway.
[New York aud Pennsylvania.]
For year ending June $30,1899$.
Total earnings ..... $\$ 3,801,969$
Operating expenses $2,441,394$
Net earnings . . . . $\$ 1,360,515$
Total payments.... $\$ 970,624$
Balance........... $\$ 389,951$
Dividends........... 120,000
Surplus ............ $\overline{\$ 269,951}$
Burlington, Cedar Rryids and NortheruRailway.
[Iowa, Minnesota, S. Dalrota.]
For year ending Dee. 31, 1898.
Total earnings...... \$4,545,643
Operating expenses. $3,114,822$
Net earnings...... $\$ 1,430,821$
Other receipts........ 60,123
Total net income. . $\$ 1,490,944$
Total payments.... $1,106,480$
Surplus............. $\$ 384,464$
Canada Atlantic Railm way.
[Quebec and Ontario.]
No financial report of this road obtainable.
Canadian Pacific Railway.
[New Brunswick, Maine, Vermont, Quebec, Ontario, Michigan, Manitoba, ASsiniboia, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columinia.]
For year ending June $20,1849$.
Total earnings......\$27,231,321
Operating expenses $15,762,225$
Net earnings..... $\$ 11,469,095$
Other income. 4 23,366
Total netincome. $\$ 11,892,461$
Total paymentst... $7,008,684$
Surplus $\qquad$ $\$ 4,883,777$
Central of Georgia Railway.
[Georgia and Alahama.]
For year ending June $30,1899$.
Total earnings....... . $\$ 5,767,345$
Operating expenses. 3,966,711
Net earnings....... $\$ 1,800,634$
Otherincome........ 215,218
Total net income .. $\$ 2,015,852$
Total payments..... 1,956,961
Surplus............. $\$ 58,888$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Western Div. (Boston to Portland), 115.31 m . ; Eastern Div. (Boston to Portland), 108.29 m . ; Conway Jct., Me., to N. Conway, N. H. 73.37 m .; Worcester, Mass., to Rochester, N. H., 94.48 m : Boston, Mass., to Groveton, N. H., $222.3^{22} \mathrm{~m}$. ; Concord. N. H., to White River Jct., Vt., 69.50 m.; White River Jct., Vt., to sherbrook, P. Q., $142.25 \mathrm{~m} . ; \mathrm{N}$. Cambridge Jct. to Northampton, Mass., 98.77 m. ; springfield, Mass., to Keene, N.H., 74 m .; other branches, 716.80 m . Total mileage, $1,710.59$. Express Co.-American.

Main Line and Branches, 283.72 m . Clearfield and Mahoning Div. , 27.76 m. ; Allegheny and Western Ry., 60.05 m . Total mileage, 371.53. Express Co.-American.

Main Line, 426.04 m .; Iowa City and W. Ry, 73.02 m ; Cedar Rapids, Iowa Falls and N. W. Ry., 512.48 m . Cedar Rapids and Clinton Ry., 81.94 m.; Chicago, Decorah and Minn. Ry., 23.30 m. ; Waverly Short Line, 5.68 m. ; Davenport, Iowa and Dakota Ry., 31.51 m . Total mileage, 1,153.97.
Express Co.-United States.
Ottawa to Swanton, 143 m. ; Hawkesbury Pr., 21 m .; Rockland Br., 16 m. ; Ottawa, Arnprior and Parry $\mathrm{S}^{\prime} \mathrm{d}$ Div., 267 m . Total mileage, 447. Express Co.--Canadian.

Eastern Div., $1,785 \mathrm{~m}$; Ontario and Quebec Div., $1,259 \mathrm{~m}$. Atlantic Dir., 689 m. ; Western Div., 3,285 m. ; Pacific Div., 766 m . Total mileage 7,784 .*
Length of Main Line, Montreal to Vancouver, 2,904.8 m.
Steamship lines: Royal Mail Iine Vancouver, B. C., to Japan and China; Slocan Lake Line; Upper Lake Line; Iake Okanagan Line; Columbia and Kootenay Line.
Express Co.-Dominion.
Columbus-A ndalusia, 139 m . ; Griffin Carrollton, 60 m . ; Macon-Athens, 104 m . ; Gordon-Porterdale, 86 m . Savannah-Atlanta, 294 m ; MillerAugusta, 54 m ; Upson County R . R., 16 m . ; Savannah-Tybee, 18 m . Birmingliam-Macoa, 257 m . : Co-lumbus-A mericns, 63 m . ; Eufaula and Ozark Br., 59 1n.; Perry-Ft. Valley, 12 m . ; Macon-Montgomery, 224 m . Smitinville-Columbia, 169 m . : Cuthbert-Ft. (iaiues, 22 m . Opelika-Roanoke, 39 m ; Colum bus-Greenville, 51 m . Tctal wite age, $1,586$.
Express Co.-Southorn.

General Officers.

President, Luclus Tuttle; 1st VicePresident, T. A. Mackinnon; 2d Vice - President, W. F. Berry; Asst. General Manager, Frank Barr. General Offices, Boston, Mass.

President, Arthur G. Yates, Rochester, N. Y.; Vice-President, Adrian Iselin, Jr., New York; Secretary, John H. Hocart, New York. General Offices, Rochester, N. Y.; New York' Office, 36 Wall Street, Manhattan Borough.

Fresident, C. J. Ives; Vice-President, Robert Whiliams; Secretary, S. S. Dorwart. General Offices, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

President, C. J. Bootk Secretary, A. W. Fleck; General Manager' E. J. Chamberlin. General Offices, Ottawa, Ont.

Chalrman of the Board, W. C. Van Horne; President, T. G. Shaughnessy; Secretary, Charles Drinkwater; Freight Traffic Manager, G. M. Bosworth; Asst. General Manager, D. McNicoll. General Offices, Montreal, Quebec; New York Offices, 59 Wall Street, 353 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

एresldent, H. M. Comer; VicePresident, John M. Egan; Traffic Mansker, E: H. Hinton. General Offices, Savannah, Ga.; New York Office, 317 Broadway, Manbattan Borough.
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND
FINANCIAL DATA.

## Central Railrond of New

 Jersey.[New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania.]
For year ending Dec. 31, 1898. Total earnings ..... $\$ 13,187,270$
Operating expenses $\quad 8,068,313$
Net earnings . . . . $\$ 5 \check{5}, 118,957$
Other receipts. 596,526
Total netincome. $\overline{\$ 5,715,483}$
Total payments.
5,432,629
Surplus.
\$232,854

Central Vermont Railroad.
[Connecticut, Massachusetts, Vermont, Quebec.]
For year ending June 30, 1898.
Total earmings...... \$3,217,518
Operating expenses. $2,584,509$
Net earnings...... $\$ 633,009$
Total payments..... 327.700
Surplus............. $\$ 305,309$
Chesapeake \& Olio Ry.
[Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio. 1
For year ending June 30, 1839.
Total earnings...... $\$ 12,009,839$
Operating expenses. $8,077,381$
Net earnings...... $\$ 3,932,455$
Total payments, less
other income...... $\frac{3,226,325}{\$ 706,130}$
Chicago and Alton R. IR.
[Illinois and Missouri.]
For year ending Dec. 31, 1898.
Total earnings. ..... $\$ 6,286,569$
Operating expenses $3,869,796$
Net earnings....... $\overline{\$ 2,416,773}$
Other income......... 246,291
Total netincome.. $\overline{\$ 2,663,064}$
$\begin{aligned} & \text { Total payments....... } \frac{2,863,189}{\$ 200,120} \\ & \text { Deficit........... }\end{aligned}$
Chicage and Eastern Illinois Railroad.${ }_{66}$ Evansville Ronte。',
[Indiana and Illinois.]
Fbr year endin June 30, 1899.
Total earnings*..... $\$ 4,581,560$
Operating expenses. 2,712,920
Net earnings...... $\$ 1,868,640$
Other income........
Total net income.. $\$ 2,065,329$
Total payments. .. $1,964,731$
Surplus............ $\$ 100,598$
Chicago and Northwestern Railvay. - "The Northwestern Line."
[Michigan, Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, $N$.
Dakota, South Dakota.]
For year ending May 31, 1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 38,016,313$
Operating expenses $24,8,88,514$
Net earnings....... \$13,187,599
Other income........ 543,977
Total net income. \$13,731,576
Interest\&dividends. 10.096 .250 Surplus.............. $\$ 3,635,326$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.
New York to Scranton, 191.66 m . Newark Br., 10.62 m .; 'South Br. 15.78 m. ; Perth Amboy Br., 23.38 In. ; High Bridge Br, 57.22 m .; Lehigh and Lackawanna Br., 37.43 m . sundry branches in New Jersey 12.17 m : ; sundry brauches in Pennsylvania, 91.18 m . New Jersey Southern Div., 182.85 m . ; Freehold and Atlantic Div.. 24.47 m . i New York and Long Branch R. R., 38.04 m . Total mileage , 684.80.
Express Co.-Uniteo States. On New York and Long Branch R. R., Adams ; United States.

Southern Div., 161 m.: Northern Div., 360 m . Total mileage, 521.

Express Co.-American.

Louisville Div., 84.4 m. ; James River Div., 311.2 m. ; Big Sandy Div., 48.2 m.; Richmond Div., 197.4 m . ; Peninsula DIv., 84 m. ; Washington Div, $93.5 \mathrm{~m} .:$ Huntington Div.. 337.3 m. : Cincinnati Div, 165.4 m .; Lexington Div., 143.5 m . Total mileage, $1,464.7$.
Express Co. -Adams.

Chicago to East St. Louis, 280.70 m . Coal City Line, 24.48 m . ; Dwight to Washington and Lacon, 79.75 m . Roodhouse to Kansas City, 25042 m . Bloomington to Wann, via Jacksonville, Godfrey, and Upper Alton; 158 m . : Mexico to Cedar City, 50.19 m . Total mileage, 843.51 .
Express Co.-United States.

Main Line, 451.12 m ; branch lines. 112.86 m. : leased lines, 61.20 m .; trackage rights, 23.09 m . ; Marion, Ill., to Thebes, Ill. 62.50 m . Total mileage, 710.77.
Evansville and Terre Haute R. R. 167.7 m . i Evansville and Indianapolis R. R., 145.95 m .
Express Co. -American. On E. \& T. H. R. R. and E. \& I. R. R., United States.

Wisconsin Div., 556.85 m. Galena Div. 405.7 m. ; Iowe Div., 618.43 m .; Madison Div., $009.27 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Ashland Div., $803.82 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Peninsula Div., 464.44 m. ; Winona and St. Peter Div., 500.69 m. : Northern Iowa Div., $404.41 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Dakota Div., 723.93 m. ; Western Iowa Diจ., 320.20 m . Total mileage, $5,307.80$. Seee also the "Northwestern Line."
Express Co.-American.

## General Officers.

President, J. R. Maxwell ; 1st VicePresident, C. H. Warren; 2d Vice-President, S. M. Williams; General Traffic Manager, J. Lowrie Bell. General Otices, 143 Liberty Street, Manhattan Borough, New York.

Chairman, Chas. M. Hays, Montreal, Qne. ; President, F. C. smith; Vice-President and General Manager, E. H. Fitzhugh. General Oltices, St. Albans, Vt.; New York Office, $3 \overline{3} 3$ Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, M. E. Ingalls, Cincinnati, O. ; 1st Vice-President, George T. Bliss, New York; 2d Vice-President, Decatur Axtell, Richmond, Va. ; Secretary, C. E. Wellford, Richmond, Va.; General Manager, George W. Stevens, Richmond, Va. General Offices, Richmond, Va : Cincinnati,Ohio; New York Office, 362 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, S. M. Felton; VicePresident and General Manager, C. H. Chappell: Secretary, Alex. Millar. General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Office, 120 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

Chairman of the Board H. H.Porter; President, M. J. Carpenter; Vice-President, O.S.Ly ford; VicePresident and Treasurer, C. W. Hillard; Secretary, H. A. Rubidge. General Offices, Chicago, III.
E. \& T. H. R. R. and E. \& I. R. R.-President, $\mathrm{H}_{\text {, }}$ C Barlow Secretary, G. S. Wright. General Offices, Evansville, Ind.; New York Office, 58 New Street, Manhattan Borough.

President, Narvin Hughitt, Chicago, Ill. ; Vice-President and Secretary, M. L. Sykes, New York City; $2 d$ Vice-President, M. M. Kirkman; 3d Vice-President and General Traffic Manager, H. R. AcCullough; General Manager, John MI. Whitman. General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 52 Wall Street, 461 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

[^15]208 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-con.


Chicago Great
ern Railway,
WestLeaf Route,
[Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Kansas.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings...... \$5,867,739 Operating expenses $3,943,516$
Netearnings..... $\$ 1,924,223$
Total payments...... $1,791,894$
Surplus ................ $\$ 132,329$

Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Ry. -6"Monon Route, 9
[Indiana, illinois, Kentucky.] For year endiizs Jun 30, 1899. Total earnings...... $\$ 3,501,121$ Operating expenses $2,354,950$

Net earnings..... \$1,146,171
Other income...... 86,686
Total net income. $\$ 1,232,857$
Fixed charges....... $\quad 958,109$ Surplus. $\qquad$ $\$ 274,748$

## Chicago, Milvaukee and

 st. Paul Railway.[Illinois, Wisconsin, Michlgan, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, South Dakota,
North Dakota. 1
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 38.310,633$ Operating expenses $23,96^{\circ} 2,837$
Net earnings..... $\$ 14,347,79_{6}$
Other income..
Total net income. $\$ 14,465,207$
Interest and divi-
dends...
Surplus.
9,169,050

Divisions, Mileage and Operating Express.

Main Line and Branches, 581 m .; Kalkaska Br., 33 m . Total mileage, 614.
Detroit, Grand Rapids and Western R. R., 451 m .

Itxpress Co.-American.
Express.

General Officers.

President, Charles Mr. Heald, Grand Rapids, Mich. ; Vice-President, E. V. R. Thayer, Boston, Secretary, Charles' A'erriam, Boston. General Offices, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Lines in Illinols, $1,443.04 \mathrm{~m}$. in Iowa, 765.55 m . ; in Missouri, 134.68 m .; in Wisconsin, 223.09 m . ; in Minnesota, 38.46 m . Total mileage, 2,604.82. The "Burlington Route" also comprises the following railroads: Burlington and Missouri River R. R., in Nebraska, $3,513.58 \mathrm{~m}$. ; Hannibal and St. Joseph R.R., 297.3 m.; Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs R.R., 309.5 m . ; St. Louis, Keokuk and Northwestern R.R., 240.4 m. ; Chicago, Burlington and Kansas City Ry., 220.9 m . ; Burlington and Northwestern Ry.: 52.5 m .: Burlington and Western Ry, 70.7 m . ; Humeston and Shenandoah R.R., 112.5 m . ; Keokuk and Western R. R., 259.79 m. ; Fulton Co. Narrow Gauge, 59.30 m . ; Dead wood Central, 9.87 m . Total mileage of Burlington System, 7,751.16.
Express Co. -Adams.

Minneapolis to Chicago, 436.67 m . Oelwein to Kansas City, 359.95 m . Manly $\mathrm{Br}_{\text {. }} 49 \mathrm{~m}$; Hampton Br . 64 m. ; Dekalb Br., 5.81 m .; Cedar Falls Br., 7.10 m .; Mankato and Red Wing Line, 94 m ; Mantorville Br., 7.50 m . Total mileage, $1,024.03$. Express Co. -Wells, Fargo \& Co.

Indianapolis, Ind., to Chicago, T11., 183.5 m. . Lafayette and Louisville Line, 235.3 m . Michigan City Div., 59 m . French Lick Br., 18 m . Switz City Br., 41.4 m . Total mileage, 537.2.

EXPRESS Co.-American.

Lines in Illinois, 317.94 m ; in Wiscon$\sin , 1,650.71 \mathrm{~m}$; in Iowa, $1,702.07 \mathrm{~m}$. in Minnesota, $1,120.09 \mathrm{~m}$.; in North Dakota, 118.21 m . in in South Dakota, $1,101.06 \mathrm{~m} .:$ in ifissouri, 140.27 m . in Michigan, 152.08 m . Total mileage, $6,302,43$.
Express Co. -United Stater.

President, C. E. Perkins, Burlington, Iowa;1stVice-President, J. C. Peasley, Chicago, Ill.; 2d VicePresident, George B. Harris, Chicago, Ill.; Secretary, T. S. Howland, Boston, Mass.; General Manager, W. C. Brown. General Offices, Chicago, Ill. ; New York Office, 379 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.
General Offices of Hannibal and St. Joseph R. R., at St. Louis, Mo.
General Offices of Burlington and Northwestern Ry., at Burlington, Iowa.
General Offices of Burlington and Missouri River R. R. in Nebraska, at Omaha, Neb.
General Offices of Humeston and Shenandoah R. R. at Clarinda, Iowa.

President, A. B. Stickney; VicePresidents, C. W. Benson, Ansel Oppenheim, and Arnold Kalman: General Manager, S. C. Stickney; Secretary, R. C. Wight. General Offices, St. Paul, Minn., and Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 18 Wall Street, 319 Broadway Manhattan Borough.

President and General Manager, W H. McDoel, Chicago, Ill.; VicePresident, A. J. Thomas, New York: Secretary, J. A. Hilton, New York. Geueral Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Office, 80 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

Chairman, Roswell Miller, New York; President, A. J. Earling, Chicago, Ill. ; Vice-President, Frank S. Bond, New York City, General Manager, W. G. Collins, Chicago; Secretary, P. M. Myers, Milwaukee, Wis. General Offices, Chicago, I11., and Milwaukee, Wis.; New York Offices, 30 Broad Street, 381 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND
FINANCIAL DATA.

Chicago, Rock Isiand and Pacitie Railway. [Illinois, Iowa, Missouri, Nebraska, Kansas, Okiahoma Ter., Indian Ter. . Colorado.
For year ending Mrch. 31, 1899
Total earrings..... $\$ 220,667,914$ Operating expenses $13,676,110$

Net earnings..... $\$ 6,991,8{ }^{\prime} 4$
Other income...... 710,467
Total net income. $\$ 7,702,2 ; 1$
Total payments.... 5, 889,544
Surplus .... ....... $\overline{\$ 1,812,728}$
Cincinnati, Hamilton \& Dayton laxilway.
[Ohio and Incliana.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings..... \$5,135,385 Operating expenses $3,659,406$
Net earnings..... \$1,475,979
Other income...... 106,118
Total netincome. $\$ 1,582,097$
Total payments.... 1,411,737
Surplus............ \$170,360
Cleveland, Cincinnati, Clincago and it. Honis Railway.-66Big Four Route."
[Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois. ]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings..... $\$ 14,719,362$
Operating expenses 10645,556
Net earnings..... \$4, 073,806
Other income. $\qquad$ 23,592
Total net income. $\$ 4,097,398$
Total payments...
3,373,710
Surplus........... $\$ 723,688$

Colorado and Southern Railway.-66 The Col. orado Read."
[Colorado, Wyoming, New
Mexico, and Texas.]
No financial report issued
for 1899. Fiscal year closes
June 30, 1900.

Delaware and 㹔udson Railroad.
[Pennsylvania, New York, Vermont.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings..... $\$ 10,277,740$ Operating expenses $5,828,227$
Net earnings. .... $\overline{\$ 4,449,513}$
Other income......
9,545
Total netincome. $\$ 4,459,058$
Total payments.... $2,768,710$
Surplus........... $\$ 1,690,347$

## Delaware, Lackawanna

 and VVestern Railroad. [New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania.]For year ending June 30, 1849
Total earnings. ... $\$ 8,759,684$ Operating expenses $3,958,643$
Net earnings..... $\$ 4,801,041$
Total payments.... $2,467,826$ Surplus. ........... $\overline{\$ 2,333,215}$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Illinois Div., 236.51 m . ; Iowa Div. $1,068,76 \mathrm{~m}$. ; Missouri Div. . 286.91 m . Nebraska Div., 250.44 m . Kansas Div., $1,124.30 \mathrm{~m}$. ; Colorado Div., 376.94 m . ; Oklahoma Div. , $16^{67.3:}$. . Indian Ter. Div., 108.19 m . Total mileage, 3,619. 37.
Express Co. -United States.

Cincinnati and Toledo Line, 202.03 m . Indianapolis Div., $98.9^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$.;Wellston Div., $188 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Delphos Div., 98.27 m .; Cincinnati and Dayton R. R., 14 m . ; North Baltimore Div., 21 m . Findlay Div., 17.60 m ., Piqua and Troy Br. R. R., 8.30 m . Home Ave. R.R., 3.50 m . Total mileage, 651.60. Express Co.-United States.

Cleveland-Indianapoiis Div., 341 m . Mt. Gilead Short Line, 2 m.; Cin-cinnati-Sandusky Div., 320 m .; St. Louis Div., 266 m ; ; Chicago Div., 377 m. ; Cairo Div., 270 m. ; Peoria and Eastern Div., $352 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ White Water Div., 71 m .; Michigan Div., 299 m. : Kankakte and Seneca Div. 42 m . Total mileage, 2,339.
Express Co.-American.

Pueblo Dist., 134.05 m . ; Trinidad Dist. 113.65 m. : New Mexico Dist., 191.86 m. Clear Creek Dist., 65.49 m . ; Ft. Collins Dist., 148.97 m .; Platte Cañon Dist., 98.36 m . ; Leadville Dist., 71.24 m . : Glınnison Dist., 164.25 m . ; W yoming Dist. , 153.68 m . Total mileage, 1,141.55.
Express Co.-Wells, Fargo \& Co.

Pennsylvania Div., 157 m ; Saratoga and Champlain Div., 343 m .; Susquehanna Div., 187 m. ; Adirondack Ry.. 57 m . Total mileage, 744.
Express Co.-National.

Main Line, 115 m. ; Buffalo Div., 214 m. ; Morris and Essex Div., 120 m.; Bloomsburg Div., 80 m . ; Syracuse and Binghamton Div., 81 m . ; Cayuga Div., 34 m . ; Utica Div., 105 m .; Sussex R. R., 30 m . ; Oswego and Syracuse Div., 35 m . ; other branches, 86 m . Total mileage, 900. Express Co.-United States.

## General Officers.

President, W. G. Purdy; VicePresident and General Manager, H. A. Parker; 2d Vice-President, Robert Mather; 3d Vice-Presi dent, J. M. Johnson. General Offices, Chicago, I11. ; New York Offices, 13 William 'street, 305 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, M. D. Woodford; VicePresident, Eugene Zimmerman; General Manager, C. G. Waldo; Secretary, F. H. Short. General Offices, Cincinnati, O.

President, M. F. Ingalls; VicePresident, J. D. Layng, New York; General Manager, C. E. Schaff; Secretary, E. F. Osborn. General Offices, Jincinnati, O. New York Office, Grand Central Station, Manhattan Borough.

Chairman of the Board, G. M. Dodge, New York; President and General Manager, Frank Trumbull; Vice-President and Traffic Manager, B. L. Winchell; Secretary, Charles Wheeler; Assistant Secretary. Harry Bronner, New York. General Offices, Denver, Col. ; New York Offices, 20 Broad Street and 398 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, R. M. Olyphant, New York; Vice-President, James Roosevelt; 2d Vice-President, H. G. Young, Albany, N. Y. ; Secretary, F. M. Olyphant, New York. General Offices, 21 Cortlandt Street, Manhattan Borough, New York.
President Adirondack Ry., R. S. Grant, 21 Cortlandt Street, Manhattan Borough, New York.

Chairman of the Board, Samuel Sloan: President, W. H. Truesdale; Vice-President, E. R. Holden; Secretary, Frederick F. Chambers; Tratfic Manager, B. D. Caldwell. General Offices, 26 Exchange Place, Manhattan Borough, New York.

210 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-con.
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND
FINANCIAL DATA.

Denver and Rio Grande Railroad.
[Colorado and New Mexico.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings..... \$9,270,24
Operating expenses $5,710,350$
Net earnings...... $\$ 3,5599,897$
Other income 110,327
Total net income. $\$ 3,670,224$
Total pasments.... $3,637,084$
Surplus..... ...... $\$ 33,140$
Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic Railway. Cothe,
[Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings........ \$2,007,724

| Operating expenses | $1,332,372$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Net earnings........ | $\$ 675,352$ |

Other income....... 5,281
Total netincome.. $\quad \$ 680,633$
Total payments... Deficit 929, 484 Erie Railroad.
[New York, New Jersey, Peunsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings..... ©33,52,703 Operating expenses 25,169,926
Net earnings..... \$8,582,777
Other income....... $5.57,576$ Total net income $\$ 9,140,353$
Total payments.... 8,486, 等5 Surplus............ $\$ 653,798$

Fitchburg
Railroad.
661100 gnc
Tumue! Route.,
[Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont,New York.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Totai earnings...... $\$ 7,647,080$ Operating expenses. $5,312,555$

Net earnings. . .... $\overline{\$} 2,334,525$
Total payments...... $2,222,260$
Surplus............. $\$ 112,265$

Flint and Pere Marquette Railroad.
[Michigan.]
For year ending Dec. $31,1898$.
Total earnings........ $\$ 3,063,208$
Operating expenses $\quad 2,279,023$
Net earnings.. .....- $\$ 784,180$
Total payments..... 642,896
Surplus............... $\$ 141,284$

Florida Central and Peninsular Railroad.
[South Carolina, Georgia, Florida.]
For year ending June 30, 1898.
Total earnings. .... \$2,701,165
Operating expenses $1,747,293$
Net earnings. .... $\$ 953,872$
Other income......
5,460
Total net income $\$ 959,332$
Total payments...
628,678

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Denver to Grand Junction, 461.86 m . Salida to Grand Junction, 209.04 m . Mear's Junction to Silverton, 319.86 m.; Antonito to Santa Fe, $12 \overline{0} .70 \mathrm{~m}$. Pueblo to Trinidad, 91.33 m . ; other branches, 458.25 m . Total mileage, 1,666.04.
Express Co.-Denver \& Rio Grande.

Main Line, 517.44 m ; ; other branches, 52.28 m . Total mileage, 569.72.

## Express Co.-Western.

Erie Division: New York Dir., 207 m. ; Delaware Div., 128 n. ; Susquehanna Div.. 140 m .; Jefferson Div., 69 m. ; Tioga Div, 65 m . ; Rochester Div., 147 m .; Buffalo Div., 204 m . Allegheny Div., 128 m. : Bradford Div. 71 m .

Ohio Division: Meadville Div., 228 m. ; Cincinnati Div., 197 m . ; Mahoning Div., 161 m. ; Lima Div , 127 m . ; Chicago Div., 142 m.
Greenwood Lake Div., 48 m ; ; Northern R.R. of New Jersey, 28 m . Drange Br., 4 m . ; Cald well Br., 6 m . Total mileage of Erie R. R., 2,166 . Express Co.-Wells, Fargo \& Co.
Main Line, Boston, Mass., to Troy, N. Y., 191 m. ; Vermont to Rotterdam Junction, 61 m . A Ashburnham Junction to Bellows Falls, 54 m . Saratoga and Schuylerville Br., 26 m . W Worcester Br. 36 m . ; Marlboro and Hudson Br., 12 m . ; Milford Br., 21 m.; Turner's Falls Br., 3 m. ; Ashburnham Br., 3 m .; Bennington Br., 5 m .; Peterboro and Shirley Br., 24 m. ; Monadnock Br., 16 m .; Watertown Br. 7 m . Total mileage, 459.
Express Co.-American; National. Main Line, 274.69 m. ; Bay City Div.: 14.55 m . ; Flint River Div 19.51 m ; Marbor' Beach Div., 18.4 m .; Mit. Pleasant Div., 14 m.; Harrison Div. 17 m. ; Port Austin Div., 92 m. ; Fastern Div., 90 m . ; Manistee Div., 27 m . ; Almont Div., 34 m. ; Detroit $\mathrm{Br}_{\mathrm{I}}, 24.60 \mathrm{~m}$. Total mileage, 625.75. "Ludington Line" steamers to Milwaukee, 93 miles, Luding-ton-Manitowoc Line, E8 miles.
Express Co.-American.

Northern Div., 282 m ; Western Div. 234 m. ; Central and Southern Divs., 433 m . Total mileage, 949 . This road is now part of the Seaboard Air Line System.
EXPRass Co.-Southern.

## General Officers.

Chairman of the Board, George Coppell, New York; President and General Manager, Edward T. Jeffery, Denver, Col. : Secretary, Edgar H. Booth, New York. General Offices, Denver, Col. : New York Offices, 47 William Street, 353 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Samuel Thomas, New York; 1st Vice-President, T. G. Shaughnessy, Montreal, Can. 2d Vice-President and Generai Manager, W. F Fitch, Marquette, Mich.; Secretary, George H. Jhurch, New York. General Offices, Marquette, Mich.; New York Office, 45 William Street, Manhattan Borough.

President. E. B. Thomas; Ist VicePresident, Geo. M. Cumming; 2d Vice-President, W. F. Merrill; $3 d$ Vice-President, Andrew Donaldson; 4th Vice-President, G. G. Cochrau: Secretary, J. A. Middleton. General Offices, 21 Cortlandt Street, Manhattan Borough, New York.
Chicago and Erie R. R.-President. J. G. McCullough; Secretary, D. Bosman. General Offices, 21 Cortlandt street, Manhattan Borough, New York.

President, E. D. Codman; General Traftic Manager, A. S. Crane. General Ofiices, Boston, Mass.

President, W. W. Crapo, New Bed ford, Mass.: Secretary, H. C. Potter, Jr.; General Manager, S. T. Crapo. General Offices, Sag inaw, Mich.

President, J. S. Williams, Richmond, Va.; General Manager, E. St. John, Portsmouth, Va. General Offices, Jacksonville, Fla, : New York Offices, 32 Nassau Street, 371 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.


## Georgia and Alabama

 Railway.[Cteorgla and Alabama, j
Foryear ending June 30, 1899
Total earnings...... $\$ 1,270,104$
Operating expenses $\quad 083,018$
Net earnings. .... $\$ 307,086$
Fized charges not reported
by the company.
Georgia southerm and Fiorial ry. - ${ }^{66}$ Sil wanee Rivor Route."
[Georgia and Florida.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings..... $\$ 853,797$

| Total earnings..... |
| :--- |
| Operating expenses |

Net earnings.
\$258,083
3,301
Other income......

| Total net income | $\$ 261,384$ |
| :---: | ---: |
| Total payments.... | 181,250 |

Surplus........... $\$ 80,134$
Grand Rapids and Indiana linilway.
[Indiana and Michigan.]
For year ending Dec. 31, 1898
Total earnings........\$2,171,717
Operating expenses $1,575,4 \% 5$
Net earaings....... $\$ 595,622$
Total payments..... 483,701
Surplis
\$112,921

## Grand Tmunk Eailway.

[Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Quebec, Ontario, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan.
For year endin! June 30, 1849,
Total earnings..... \$25, 056,145
Operating expelises $17,323,617$
Net earnings...... $87,727.628$
Other income...... 1,016,5:6
Total net income. $88,744,244$
Total payments.... 6,993,752 Surplus . . . . . . . . . . $\$$ ? $7,750,452$

## Great Northern Rail

 way.[Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dalkota, Montana, Iahho, Washington. 1
For year ending June $30,1849$. Total earnings. ... \$85,017,908 Operating expen- as 16,115,679
Net earnings. .... $\$ 8,912,224$
Other income...... 2,673,825
Total net income. $\$ 11,576,049$
Total payments.. .. 9,788,857 surplus. .......... $\$ \overline{1,787,192}$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Jacksonville to Miami, 366 m . ; Titusville Br., 47 m . O Orange City Junction Br., 27.4 m . ; other branches, 7.6 m . Total mileage, 448. Also connects with Steamsh:p Lines from iciami : Key West, Havana, Nassau, N. P.
Express Co. -Southern.

Fort Worth, Tex., to Texline, 452.4 m . Express Co. - Wells, Fargo \& Co.

Savannah, Ga., to Montgomery, Ala. 340 m . ; Columbus Div., 39 m .; Al bany Div., 49 m. ; Fitzgerald Div., 31 m . Total mileage, 459 . This road is now part of the Seaboard Air Line System.

## Express Co.-Southern.

Macon, Ga., to Palatka, Fla., 285 m . Express Co.-Southern.

Richmond, Ind., to Macizinaw City Mich., 460 m ; Traverse City Div., 26 m . ; Muskegon Div., 40 m. ; Manistee Br., 19 m . $\boldsymbol{i}$ Harbor Springs Br., 6 m .; Lake City Br., 25 m . ; other branches, 12 m . Total mileage, 588. Express Co.-Adams.

Eastern Div.i $948 \mathrm{~m} .:$ Middle Div. $1,497 \mathrm{~m}$. ; Northern Div., 895 m. Western Div., 845 m . Total mileage, 4,186 .
Fxpress Co.-Canadian. On Chicago and Grand Trunk Ry., National.

Great Northern Ry., 4.092.33 m. ; Eastern Ry. of Minnesota. 33944 m . Montana C'entral Ry, 261.69 m . Wilmar and Sioux Falls Ry, 205 g m . ; Dulutl, Watertown and Pacific Ry., 69.84 m . Total mileage, $4,968.55$. Express Co, -Great Northern.

## General Officers.

President, H. M. Flagler, New York; Vice-President and General Manager, J. R. Parrott; 2d Vice-President, R. W. Parsons; 3d Vice-President, J. E. Ingraham; Traffic Manager, J. P. Beckwith; Secretary, J. C. Salter, New York. General Offices, St. Augustine. Fla.; New York Otfice, 26 Broadway. Manhattan Borough

President, Frank Trumbull, Denver, Col. ; Vice-President and Traffic Mánager, D. B. Keeler, Fort Worth, Tex. : Vice-President, T. F. Dunaway, Denver, Col. : Secretary, George Strong, FortWorth, Tex. General Offices, Fort Worth, Tex.; New York Office, 398 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, John S. Williams, Richmond, Va.: Vice-President and General Manager, E. St. John, Portsmouth, Va. General Offices, Savannah, Ga.; New York Office, 371 Broadway, Manhattan.

President, Samuel Spencer, New York: Vice-President, Wm. C. Shaw; Secretary, Ben. C. Smith. General Offices, Macon, Ga.

President, James McCrea, Pittsburgh, Pa. ; Vice-President, W. R. Shelby; General Manager, J. H. P Hughart; secretary, R. R. Metheany. General Oftices, Grand Rapids, Mich.

President, C. Rivers Wilson, London, Eng.; General Manager, Chas. Mi. Hays. (ieneral Offices, Montreal, Quebec; New York Office, 290 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, J. J. Hill: Vice-President, W. P. Clough: 2 d VicePresident. D. Miller; 3 d VicePresident, James N. Hill; Secretary, F. T. Nichols, New York; General Traffic Manager, F. B. Clarke. General Ottices, St. Paul, Minn. : New York Offices, 27 Pine Street, 375 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

212 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-con.
SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND
FINANCIAL DATA.

## Houstonand Texas Cen-

 tral Railroad.
## [Texas.]

For year ending June 30, 1899.

Total earnings...
Operating expenses.
Net earmings. ...... \$1,391,625 $\$ 3,805,626$

Other income.
Total net income. $\$ \overline{\$ 1,392,325}$
Total payments...... Surplus. $\begin{array}{r}1924,422 \\ \hline \$ 467,903\end{array}$
Illimois Central IRailroad.
[Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, South Dakota, Kentucky Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama. $]$
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings. .... $\$ 28,114,689$
Operating expenses $19,56^{\circ} 2,262$
Net earnings..... $\$ 3,552,427$
Other income. 2,581,078 Total net income. $\$ 11,133,505$ Total payments.... $11,089,544$ Surplus........... $\$ 43,961$
Intercolonial Railway.
[Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec. J
For year ending June $30,1898$.
Total earnings..... . . $\$ 3,117,670$
Operating expenses. 3,257,649
Deficit............... $\$ 139,979$
Internationai and (ixeat Northern Railroad.
[Texas.]
For year ending Dec. 31, 1898.
Total earnings....... $\$ 3,990,854$
Operating expenses. $2,789,500$
Net earnings. ..... $\overline{\$ 1,201,354}$
Other income........ $\quad 1,867$
Total net income.. $\$ 1,203,221$
Total payments...... $\frac{1,156,700}{\$ 46,521}$
Lowa Centrai ianilway.
lowa Central ik
[Iowa and Illinois.]
For year ending June 30. 1899.
Total earnings ..... \$2,135,550
Operating expenses $1,495,679$
Net earnings. $\$ 639,871$
Interest, taxes, etc. 624,540
Surplus
$\$ 15,331$
Ifrnsas City. Fort scott
and Memphis Railroad
[Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Arkansas, Missouri, Kansas.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings....... $\$ 6,203,243$ Operating expenses $4,364,088$
Net earnings........ $\overline{\$ 1,839,155}$
Other income......... 41,667
Total net income.. $\overline{\$ 1,880,822}$
Fixed charges........ 1,852,488
Surplus........... $\$ 28,334$
Kansas City, Pittsburg
Gnd Gulf Railroad. $\frac{\square}{9}$ [Missouri, Indian Ter., Arkansas, Texas, Lonisiana.] For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings....... \$3,593,505 Operating expenses $2,678,499$
Net earnings..... $\$ 915,006$
Other income..
Total net income. 39.874
ncome. \$954.850 Deficit..............

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Main Line, 338 m. ; Western Div., 115 m.; Waco Br., 47 m . Total mileage, 500.

Express Co. -Wells, Fargo \& Co.

Illinois Central R. R., 705.50 m . ; Kankakee and Southwestern R. R. 131.26 m. ; Chicago and Springfield R.R., 111.47 m . ; Chicago, Havana and Western R. R., 131.62 m. ; Rantoul R. R., 74.43 m . ; Chicago, Madison and Northern R. R., 231.30 m . ; St. Louis Div. (St. L., A. \& T. H. R. R.) 239. 04 m . ; Chicago and Texas R.R. 78.70 m . ; Dubuque and Sioux City R. R., 599.59 m ; ; Chicago, St. Louis and N. O. R. R., $1,244.88$ m. other branches, 130.95 m . Total mileage, 3,678.74.
Yazoo and Miss. Val. R.R., 969.13 m. Express Co. - American.
Halifax and Montreal Line, 836.73 m . st. John Br., 89.22 m . ; Truro and Sydney Line, 214.17 m .; Oxford and Pictou Br., 69.10 m . ; other branches, 105.65 m . Total mileage, $1,314.87$. Express Co.-Canadian: Dominion.

Gulf Div., 282 m. ; Columbia Br., 50 m . San Antonio Div., 415 m. ; other branches, 78 m . Total mileage, 825. Express Co.-Pacific.

North and South Divs., 169 m. ; Eastern and Illinois Divs., 190 m .' ; State Centre Br., 27 m .; Newton Br., 30 m.; Belmond Br., 64 m .; Stony City Br., 39 m . ; Montezuma Br., $1.4 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Albia and Centreville Ry., 24 m . Total mileage, $55 \%$.
Express Co.-Adams.
Main Line, 735 m . ; Rich Hill Br., 24 m. ; Kansas City and Joplin Div. 79 m . ; Current River R.R., 81 m .; Kansas City, Clinton and Springfield Ry., 154 m .; Bessemer Br., 11 m . ; Cherryvale Line, 74 m . ; Aberdeen $\mathrm{Br}_{\mathrm{i}}, 13 \mathrm{~m}$.; Aarora Div., 33 m . Total mileage, $1,204$.
Express Co.-On lines north of springfield, Mo. Adams; on lines south of Springfield, Mo., Southern.

Kansas City, Mo., to Port Arthur, Tex. 786 m . ; other branches, 45 m. Total mileage, 831.

## General Officers.

President, Thomas H. Hubbard, New York; Vice-President and General Manager, G. A. Quinlan; Secretary, E. W. Cave; Traffic Manager, C. W. Bein. General Offices, Houston, Tex. ; New York Offices, 23 Broad Street and 349 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Stuypesant Fish, New York; Vice-President, J. C. Welling; 2d Vice-President, J. T. Harahan; Secretary, A. G. Hackstaff, New York. General Offices, Chicago, Ill.; New York Offices, 214 and 387 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.
General Offices, Yazoo and Mississippi Valley R. P., Memphis, Tenn., and Chicago, 11.

General Mranager, D. Pottinger. General Offices, Moncton, N. B.

President, George J. Gould, New York; 1st Vice-President, S. H. H. Clark, Omana, Neb.; 2d VicePresident, Frank J. Gould, New York; 3d Vice-President and Gieneral superintendent, L. Trice; Secretary, A. R. Howard; Asst.' Secretary, H. B. Henson, New York. General Offices, Palestine, Tex. ; New York Offices, 195 and 391 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.
President. R. J. Kimball, New York; Vice-President, Geo. R. Moore, New Sork; Acting General Manager, J. N. Tittemore, Marshalltown, Iowa; secretary, S. S. Jones, New York. General Offices, Marshalltown, Iowa; New York Office, 20 Broad Street, Mauhattan Borough.

Chairman Board Directors, H. H. Hunnewell, Boston, Mass.; President and General Manager, Edward.S. Washburn; secretary, C. Merriam, Boston, Mass. General Otilices, Kansas City, Mo.

Receivers, S. W. Fordice and W. Withers; General Manager, J.A. Edson, General Offices, Kansas City, Mo. ; New York Office, 1 Nassau Street, Manhattan Borough.

## Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-con.

Lake Erie and Western Railroad. - ${ }^{66}$ Natural Gas Route."
[Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings. .......\$3,538,407
Operating expenses. $1,970,622$
Net earnings.. ...... $\$ 1,567,785$
Interest, taxes, etc... 775,550
Surplus.................... $\$ 792,235$
Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway [New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings..... $\$ 21,649,206$
Operating expenses 13,901,574
Net earnings..... \$7,747,632
Other income.......
292,108

Total net income | $\mathbf{8}, 039,740$ |
| :---: |

Total payments.... 7,252,092 Surplus............ $\$ 787,648$
Lehigh Valley Railroad. [New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania.]
For year ending Nov. 30, 1898.
Total earnings..... $\$ 19,742,537$
Operating expenses $14,188,227$
Net earnings..... $\$ 5,554,310$
Other income...... 1,244,94ธั
Total net income. $\overline{\$ 6,799,255}$
Fixed charges...... 6,325,151
Surplus.
$\$ 474,104$
Long Island Railroad.
[Long Island, New York.]
For year ending June 30.1899.
Total earnings....... $\$ 4,622,474$
Operating expenses $3,311,371$
Net earnings...... $\$ 1,311,103$
Other income......... 161,999
Total net income. $\overline{\$ 1,473,102}$
Total payments. .... 1,223,031
SLrplus....,........, $\$ 250,071$

## Louisville, Evansville

 and Sit. Louis Consolidated Railroad.-66Air Line.'9[Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri.]
For year ending June 30,1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 1,630,164$
Operating expenses. 1,160,969
Net earnings...... $\$ 469,195$
ther income....... 24,252
Total net income. $\$ 493,447$
Fixed charges not reported.

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

General Officers.

Chairman of Board, F. W. Whitridge; President,
; Vice-President and' Secretary, L. M. Schwan, New York; Vice-President and General Manager, George L. Bradbury, Chicago, Ill. General Offices, 80 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York; Chicago, Ill., and Indianapolis, Ind.

Eastern Div., 185 m. ; Toledo Div., 190 m. ; Michigan Div., 286 m. ; Western Div., 101 m. ; Franklin Div., 137 m. ; Detroit Div., 159 m . ; Lansing Div., 224 m. ; Kalamazoo Div. , 131 m . Total mileage, 1,413.
Express Co.-Buffalo to Cleveland, American; Buffalo to Cbicago, United States.

Main Line, New York to Sayre, Pa. 268.37 m .; Lehigh Valley Ry. of N. Y. and branches, N. Y. State Line to Buffalo, 280.86 m . ; Coal Branches 116.60 m. ; Pottsville Div. 39.63 m . I. and N. Y. R. R., 115.37 m . Bowman's Creek Br. and State Line and Sullivan R. R., 74.66 m . ; Elmira and Cortland Br., 139.14 m . ; Naples Br., 29.4 m . ; Montrose Ry., 27.24 m . other branches, 239.30 m . Total mileage $1,330.60$.
Express Co.-United States.
Main Line, Long Island City to Greenport, 94.42 m .; Long Island City to Great Neck, 13.59 m. ; Bushwick to Sag Harbor, 95.66 m .
Branches-Floral Park to Creedmoor, 1.91 m .; Mineola to Oyster Bay, 14.56 m .; Mineola to Hempstead Crossing, 1.50 m.; Hicksville to Old Northport, $15.05 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Manor to Eastport Junction, 5.49 m .; Whitestone Junction to Whitestone Landing, 4.82 m . ; Flushing Junction to Bushwick Junction, 1.63 m . Valley Stream to New York and Rockaway Beach R.R.Junction,5.53 m. ; Pearsalls to Long Beach, 6.41 m. ; Long Island City to Flushing Junction, 2.29 m .; Floral Park to Babylon, 19.56 m. ; Garden City to Hempstead, 1.23 m .
Leased Lines-New York and Rockaway B. R.R., 5.17 m.; North Shore Branch, 30.29 m . ; Manhattan Beach Ry. 18.99 m . ; Brooklyn and Jamaica R. R., 10.23 m. ; Montauk Ext. R. R., $20.84 \mathrm{~m} . \mathrm{F}^{\mathrm{F}}$. Y. Bay Extension R. R., 6.12 m . ; Great Neck and Pt. Washington R. R., 4.19 m . Total mileage, 379.48 .
Express Co.-Long Island.

Louisville to St. Louis, 273 m. ; Evansville Div., 54 m.; Rockport Div., 16 m. ; Lincoln City and Cannelton Div., $23 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Venice Br., 7 m . Belleville Br., 1 m . Total mileage, 374.

Express Co.-Adams.

Chairman of the Board, Chauncey M. Depew, New York; President, W. H. Newman, Cleveland, O.; Vice-President and Secretary, E. D. Worcester, New York; General Superintendent, P. S. Blodgett, Cleveland, O. General Offices, Grand Central Station, Manhattan Borough, New York, and Cleveland, 0.

President, Alfred Walter: VicePresident, John B. Garrett, New York; Secretary, John R. Fanshawe; General Traffic Manager, H. H. Kingston, New York. General Offices, Philadelphia, Pa.; New York Office, 26 Cortlandt Street, Manhattan Borough.

President, W. H. Baldwin, Jr.; Vice - President, Charles, $\mathbf{M}$. Pratt, New York City. General Offices, Long Island City, Queens Borough, New York, and 32 Nassau Street, Manhattan Borough, New York.

Receiver and General Manager, Geo. T. Jarvis. General Offices, Louisville, Ky.

214 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-Con.

| SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND |
| :--- |
| FINANCIAL DATA. |

Louisville and Naslaville

## Railrond.

[Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 23,759,486$
Operating expenses $15,731,588$
Net earnings. $\qquad$ $\$ 8,027.898$
Other income...... 540,645
'Total net income $\overline{\$ 8.568,543}$
Total payments... $7,789,643$ Surplus $\$ 778,900$
Maine Central Railroad. [Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Quebec.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings..... \$5̃, 022,097
Operating expenses $3,283,337$
$\begin{array}{rr}\text { Net earnings..... } & \$ 1,738.760 \\ \text { Other income. ...... } & 81,071\end{array}$
Other income.........
Total net income $\$ 1,819,831$
Total payments....
Balance........... 1,368,178

Dividends, etc..... \$451,653
surplus. ........... 397,976

Michigan Central R. K .
[New York, Ontario, Michigan,Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.] For year ending Dec. 31, 1898. Total earnings..... $\$ 14,046,148$
Operating expenses $10,545,972$
Net earnings. .... $\$ 3,500,176$
Other income....... 44,678
Total net income. $\$ 3,544,854$
Interest, rentals,
dividends, and
Canada So. Ry...
3,540,121
Surplus.............-\$4,733
Minneapolis\& St. Houis Railroad. - ${ }^{6}$ Albert Lea Route."
[Minnesota, 1owa.S. Dakota.] For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings...... $82,500,104$
Operating expenses $1,522,705$
Net earnings..... $\$ 977,299$
Otherincome........
140,90:
Total net income. $\overline{\$ 1,118,202}$
Total payments.... 954,123
Surplus............. $\$ 164,079$
Alinneapolis, st. Paul nad Sjanlt ste Marie Railway-66sion Lime." [Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakola. 3
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 4,413,312$
Operating expenses 2,704,003
Net earnings. .... $\$ 1,709,279$
Fixed charges...... $1,334,221$
Surplus............. $\$ 375,058$

## Mobile and Ohio IR. I .

[Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky
Tennessee, Nississippi, Alabama. $]$
For year ending June 3n, 1899. Total earnings. S4,128,388
Operating expeilses $3,079,522$
Net earnings. \$1,048,886
Other inrome ...... 402,764
Total mint income. $\$ 1,451,630$
Total rrvneuts. .. $1,416,275$
Divisions, Mileage, and Operating
Cincinnati to Louisville, 110 m . Louisville to Nashville, 186 m .; Nashville to New Orleans, 625 m . Memphis Junction to Memphis, 259 m. ; St. Louis to Nashville, 320 m . ; Louisville to Lexington, 94 m . other branches, $1,564 \mathrm{~m}$. Total mileage, 3,158.
Express Co.-Adams Express for places north of Nashville, Guthrie, and Henderson. Southern Express for places on Henderson Division from Henderson to Nashville; the Memphis Line, Guthrie to Memphis, and lines south of Nashville. Portland to Vanceboro, via Augusta, 250.90 m .; Cumberland Junction to skowhegan, 91.20 m . ; Bath to Lewiston and Farmington, 76.30 m ; Belfast Br., 33.13 m .; Dexter Br., 30.77 m. ; Bucksport Br., 18.80 m.; Stillwater Br., 3.01 m.; Enfield Br., 3.03 m.;Mt. Desert Br. (including steam Ferry), 48.83 m . ; Portland to Lunenburg, 109.10 m. ; Quebec Junction to Lime Ridge, 108.18 m .; Bath to Rockland (including Steam Ferry), 48.99 m . Total mileage,822.98.

Express Co. - American.

Main Line, Buffalo to Chicago, 535.4 m. ; Toledo Div., 59 m . ; St. Clair Div., 66.4 m. ; Grand Rapids Div., 94.5 m .; Mackinac Div., 182.3 m . ; Air Line Div., 103.7 m . ; Saginaw Div., 115.3 m. ; Bay City Div. 109 m. . Saginaw' Bay and N. W. 'Div., 62.9 m . ; otiner branches, 315.1 m . Total mileage, $1,643.6$.
Express Co.-American.

Albert Iea and Southery Divs. , 261.36 m. Western and Pacific Diss. 216.87 m . ; Southwestern Div., 154 in. Total mileage, 632.23.
Express Co. - United States.

Wisconsin and Peninsula Div., 494.1 m. : Minnesota Div., 550.3 m . ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Bismarck Line, 191.5 mi ; LRapid 'River Br., 28 m . Tutal mileage, 1,263.9.
Express Co - Western.

Mais Line, Cuiro, Ill., to Mobile, Ala., $493 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Aberdeen Br., $9 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Starkville Sr... 11 m. ; Artesia, Miss. to Montgomery, Ala. 182 m . Warrior Br. 9 m ; ; Blocton Br., 13 m . : St. Louis, Mo., to Cairo, III. (operated under lease), 152 ml ; Millstadt Br. 7 m . Total mileage, 8:6. Mobile and Bay shore IRy., 42.34 m .

Eurp:... . . ...... $\$ 35,805$

## General Officers.

President, Milton H. Smith, Louisville, Ky.; Chairman of Board, August Belmont, New York; 1st Vice-President, Stuart R. Knott, Louisville, Ky.: 2 d Vice-President, A. M. Quarrier, New York; Secretary, J. H. Ellis; General Manager,J. ©. Metcalfe. General Offices, Louisville, Ky. New York Offices, 120 and 353 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Lucius Tuttle; VicePresident and General Manager, George F. Evans. General Oitices, Portland, Me.

Chairman of the Board, Chauncey M. Depew, New York; President, H. 'B. Ledyard,' Detroit, Mich. ; Vice-President and Secretary, E. D. Worcester, New York General Offices, Grand Ceutral Station, Manhattan Borough, New York; Chicago, Ill. ; Detroit, Mich.

President, Edwin Hawley, New York; Vice-President and General Manager, L. F. Day; Secretary, Jos. Gaskell. Generaloffices, Minneapolis, Minn. ; New York Offices, 17 Broad Street and 349 Broadway, Manhattan Bornugb.

President, Thomas Lowry; VicePresident, John Martin; General Manager, F. Pennington; Secretary, C. F. Clement. Cieneral Offices, Minneapolis, Miun. ; New York Offices, 59 Wall sitreet, $3 \overline{3} 3$ Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

Chairman of the Board, W. Butler Dumcan, New York: President, F. L. Pussell, Moblle, A la.; Vice-President, J. II. Fay, New Gork; Secretary, Hemry Tamn, Mobile, Ala. General othees, Mobile, Ala. ; New York Oftice. 11 Pine street, Manhattan Bor.r.gh.

| SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND |
| :--- |
| FINANCIAL DATA. |

Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway; "'The Katy Route."
[Nissouri, Kansas, Indian Territory, Texas.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earuings..... $\$ 11,930,334$
Operating expenses $8,012,828$
Net receipts ..... $\overline{\$ 3,917,506}$
Other income....... 61,588
Total net income. $\$ 3,979,094$
Total payments.... 3,430,411
Surplus............ \$648,683

## Missouri Pacific Rail-

 way.[Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Indian Territory, Arkansas, Louisiana.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. (Including Iron Mountain Line.)
Total earnings..... \$23,866,616
Operating expenses 18,010,683
Net earnings..... \$55,855,933
Other income....... $1,066,030$
Total net income $-\$ 6,921,953$
Total payments... $5,870,589$ Surplus.......... $\overline{\$ 1,051,364}$
Noshville, Chattanooga aul St. Leuis Railway -6 Lookoat Miountain R $\quad$ nute. ${ }^{2}$
[Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky.]
For year ending June 30, 1899 Total earnings. ..... $\$ 6,618,861$
Operating expenses. $4,438,647$
Net earnings. . . . $\$$ \$2,180,214
Other income....... ${ }^{30,481}$
Total net income $\$ 2,210,695$
Total payments...... 1,956,160 Surplus
$\$ 254,535$
New England Railroad.
New York Central and Hudsou River Raile road.
[New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania.]
For yecrr ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings.... $\$ 46,184,657$
Operating expenses 29,128,981
Net earnings..... $\overline{\$ 17,055,676}$
Other income...... 4,344,672
Total net incone. $\overline{\$ 21,380,348}$
Total payments.... 15,765,296
Surplus........ $\$ 5,615,052$ The report, covers the operations of the system east of Buffalo, with the exception of the leased lines: Syracuse, Geueva and Corning Ry, Fall Brook Ry., Pine Creek Ry. Beech Creek R. R., Dunkirk, Allegheny Valley and Pittsburgh R. R.
Wallkill Valley R. R.

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.
Missouri, Kansas \& Texas: St. Louis to Denison (St. Louis Division), 658 m.; Kansas City to हitevens, 173 m .; Hannibal to Franklin Junction, 105 m . ; Juuction City to Parsons, 157 m .; Paola to Kansas City Junction, 86 m ; ; Mcalester to Krebs, 5 m . ; A toika to Coalgate, 14 m. . Labette to Mineral City (Mineral Ry.), 17 m .
Misouri, Kansas \& Texas Ry. of Texas: Denison to Houston (Via Greenville, Dallas, and Hillsboro), 445 m. ; Denison to Hillsboro (via Fort Worth), 151 m .; Denison to Sherman, 11 m .; Greenville to Mineola, 50 m ; Denton to Dallas, 37 m .; Whitesboro to Henrietta, 86 m .; Echo to Belton, 7 m .; Smithville to San Marcos, 55 m.; Trinity to Colmesneil, 66 m .;Warner to Ray, 6 m .; Henrietta to Wichita Falls (oper ated for Wichita Falls Ry.), 18 m ; Houston to Galveston (joint track), 50 m . Total mileage, 2,197 .
Express Co.-American.

Missouri Pacific Ry, $1,513 \mathrm{~m}$.; Missouri Pacific Ry. Independent Br . Lines, $1,651 \mathrm{~m}$. ; St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Ry., 1,773 $\mathrm{m}_{\text {: }}$; Central Br. Ry., 388 m . Total mileage, 5,325 .
Express Co.-Pacifia

Main Line, 457 m . ; McMinnville Br . 69 m. ; Sequatchie Valley R. R. 62 m. ; Tracy City $\mathrm{Br}_{\mathrm{B}}, 20 \mathrm{~m}$.; Centreville Br., 63 m .; Shelbyville Br., 8 m ; Lebanon Br ., 31 m .; Western and Atlantic P. Pu, 156 m.; Huntsville and Gadsden Line, 122 m . . Columbia Line, 66 m . Memphis and Paducah Div., 254 m .; Jeft Line, 30 m . Total mileage, 1,338.
Express Co.-Southern (probably).
Now part of New York, New Haven New York Central and Fudson River R.R., 819.45 m. ; Troyand Greenbush R.R., 6 m .; Spuyten Duyvil and Port Morris R. R., 6.04 m. ; West Shore R. R., 495.20 m .; New Jersey Junction R. R., 4.85 m .; New York and Harlem R. R., 135.90 m .; Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg R. R., 624.35 m . ; Dunkirk, Allegheny Vai' ley and Pittsburgh P. R., 90.60 m ; Beech Creek R.R., 157.38 m .; Mohawk and Malone Ry., 181.50 m ; Carthage and Adirondack Ry.,46.10 m . - Gouverneur and Oswegatchie R. R. 13.05 m . New York and Putnam R. R., 61.21 m.; Tivoli Hollow R. R., 1.23 m .; Fall Brook Ry., 100.70 m. ; Pine Creek Ry., 74.80 m .; Syracuse, Geneva and Corning Ry., 64.82 m. ; Wallkill Valley R. R., 32.88 m . Total mileage, 2,916.06.

Express Co.-American. National Express on West Shore R. R.

## General Officers.

General Officers of the SystemPresident, Henry C. Rouse, New Yorik; Vice-President and General Manager, A. A. Allen, St. Louis, Mo.; Traffic Manager, C. Haile, St. Louis, Mo. : Vice-President, Chas.G. Hedge, New York; Secretary, S. Halline, New York. fficers of Missouri, Kansas \& Texas Ry. Co. of Texas-VicePresident and General Manager, A. A. Allen, St. Lonis, Mo.; 2d Vice-President, J. N. Simpson, Dallas, Tex.; Secretary, Elton Hoyt, Dallas, Tex.
General Offices-St. Louis, Mo.; Parsons, Kan.; Dallas, Tex.; New York Offices, 45 Wallstreetand 309 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, George J. Gould, New York: Vice-President, C. G. Warner, St. Louis, MJ. ; General Manager, W. B. Doddrídge, St. Louis, Mo. : Secretary, A. H. Calef,New York, General Offices, St. Louis, Mo. ; New York Offices, 195 and 391 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, J. W. Thomas; General Manager, J. W. Thomas, Jr. Traffic Manager, H. F. Smith; Secretary, J. H. Ambrose. General Offices, Nashville, Tenn.; New York offices, 120 Broadway, Manhattan Borough. General Offices of Western and Atlantic R. R., Atlanta, Ga.


New York, New Haven and Hartford Kailroad.
[Massachusetts, Rhode Island Connecticut, New York.]
For year ending June 30, 1899 Total earnings...... $\$ 37,143,917$ Operating expenses $25,581,256$
Net earnings...... $\$ 11,562,661$ Other income...... 623,425
Total net income. $\$ \overline{12,186,084}$
Total payments.... 11,978,801
Surplus............ $\$ 207,283$

New York, Ontario and Western Railway.
[New York, Pennsylvania.] For ybar ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings..... \$4,346,163 Operating expenses
and taxes......... 2,835,861
Net earnings..... $\overline{\$ 1,510,302}$
Other income...... 167,918
Total net income.. $\overline{\$ 1,678,220}$
Total payments.... $1,0 \overline{3} 4,502$
Surplus ...... ..... \$623,718
cew Yoric, Susquehanna \& Western Railroad.
[New Jersey and New York.] For year ending June 30, 1899 . Total earnings.... . \$2,446,653 Operating expenses 1,368,621

Net earnings..... \$1,083,032
Other income .. .. 28,903
Total net income. $\overline{\$ 1,111,935}$
Total payments.... 945,147
Surplus............ $\$ 166,788$

## Norfolk and Western

 Railway.[Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, Ohio.]
Foryear ending June 30,1899.
Total earnings..... $811,827,129$
Operating expenses $\quad 7,939,193$
Net earnings..... $\$ 3,888,036$
Other income....... 23,364
Total net income. $\$ 3,911,400$
Total payments.... $2,241,714$
Surplus............ $\$ 1,669,686$
Divisions, Mileage, and Operating
Express. Express.

Buffalo, N. Y., to Chicago, Ill., 523 m .
EXPRESS Co.-Nations.

New York Div., 92 m : Hartford Div., $155 \mathrm{~m} . \dot{\text {. H:ghland Div. }} 182$ m. ; Midland Div., 148 m .; Norwich Div., 89 m . ; Central Div., 86 m. Sew London Div. 50 m ; Valley Div., 46 m . ; Northampton Div., 142 m. ; Naugatuck Div., 61 m. ; Berkshire Div., 148 m. ; Danbury Div., 74 m . ; Worcester Div., 89 m. ; Stonington Div., $86^{\circ} \mathrm{m}$. ; other divisions (Eastern District), 645 m . Total mileage, 2,047 . Marine District is composed of the Fall River Line, Providence Line, Norwich Line, and Stonington Line steamboats.
EXPRESS CO.-Adams.

Main Line, Cornwall, N. Y., to Oswego, N. Y., 271.75 m. ; Delhi Br., 16.84 m. ; Wharton Valley R.R., 6.80 m. ; New Berlin Br., 22.38 m . ; Utica Div., 31.30 m. ; Rome Br. , 12.78 m .; Scranton Div., 54.05 m . ; Ellenville Br., 7.80 m . ; Pecksport Ry., 3.69 m . ; Weehawken, N. J., to Cornwall, N. Y. (trackage rights), 53.07 m . Total mileage, 480.46.
Express Co.-Adams.

Main Line, Jersey City, N. J., to Stroudsburg, Pa. 101 m. ; Wilkes Barre \& Eastern R.R., 65 m . ; Middletown Div., 34.2 m .; other branches, 38 m . Total mileage, 238.2. Express Co.-National.

Main Line, $1,434.62 \mathrm{~m}$; branches, 116.13 m . T'otal mileage, 1,550.75.

Express Co.-Southern.

General Officers.

Chairman of the Board, Chauncey M. Depew, New York; President, W. H. C'anniff, Cleveland, O, ; Secretary, Chas. F. Cox, New York. General Ofices, Cleveland, O.; New York Offices, Grand Central Station, Manhattan Borough.

President, John Mr. Hall; VicePresident, Wm. D. Bishop, Sr. General Manager, W. E. Chamberlain. Boston. General Offices, New Haven, Ct.; New York Oifices, (irand Central Station; Marine District, Pier 19, N. R., Manhattan Borough.

President, Thomas P. Forvler; VicePresident, J. B. Kerr; General Manager, J. E. Childs; Secretary, R. D. Rickard. General Offices, 56 Beaver street, Manhattan Borongh, New York.

President, E. B. Thomas; 1st VicePresident, G. M. Cumming; 2d Vice-President, W. F. Merrill; Secretary,J. A. Middleton. General Offices, 21 Cortlandt Street, Manhattex Borough, New York.

President, Henry Fink, New York; General Manager, L. E. Johnson, Roanoke, Va. Secretary, A. J. Hemphill, New York. General Offices, Reanoke, Va.; New York Offices, 40 Exchange Place and 487 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND Financial Data.
Northern Pacific Rail-
[Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, Manitoba.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 26,048,673$
Operating expenses $12,349,452$
Net earnings...... $\$ 13,699,221$
Other income...... 1,001,607
Total net income. $\$ 14,700,828$
Total payments.... $13,667,546$
Surplus. ........... $\$ \mathbf{\$ 1 , 0 3 3 , 2 8 2}$
66 Northwestern Line."
[Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, South Dakota, North Dakota, W yoming.] For year ending Dec. 31, 1898. (Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. \& Omaha Ry:*)
Total earnings...... $\$ 9,590,993$ Operating expenses.. 6,091,563

Net earnings...... $\overline{\$ 3,499,430}$
Interest, dividends,
and rentals........ 3,362,808
Surplus............ $\$ 136,622$
See "Chicago\& N. W.Ry."
Oregon IRailroad and Navigation Co.
[Oregon, Washington, Idaho.] For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings...... $\$ 7,005,977$
Operating expenses. 4,288,272
Net earnings ....... $\overline{\$ 2,717,707}$
Other income........ 73,107
Total net income. $\$ 2,790,814$
Total payments..... 1,577,987
Surplus,............. $\$ 1,212,827$

Oregon Short Line Rail-
road. Wyoming, Idaho,
[Utah, Wy
[Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, Montana, Oregon.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earnings...... \$7,577,108
Operating expenses. 4,751,620
Net earnings....... $\overline{\$ 2,825487}$
Other income......... 437,649
Total net income. $\overline{\$ 3,263,136}$
Total payments..... 2,916,773
Surplus............ $\$ 346,363$
Pennsylvana Railiond.
[New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, District of Co-
lumbia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois.]
For year ending June $30,1899$. Lines Fast of Pittsburgh and Erie (see next page).
Total earnings..... $\$ 67.119,533$
Operating ex penses $46,025,425$
Net earnings. . . . $\$ 21,093,608$
Other income. . ... $5,343,025$
Total netincome. $\overline{\$ 26,436,633}$
Total payments.... $26,090,623$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

General Officers.

St. Paul, Minn., to Portland, Ore. $2,056 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ other divisions and branches, $2,579 \mathrm{~m}$. Total mileage, 4,635.
This company also operates the North. Pacific S.S. Line from Tacoma, Wash., to Victoria, China, and Japan, and from Seattle, Wash., to Victoria, V. I.
Express Co, Northern Pacific.

Comprising the Chicago and Northwestern Ry., $5,307.80 \mathrm{~m}$. (see C. \& N. W. Ry.); Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Ry., $1,559.25$ m.; Fremont, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley R.R., $1,300.53$ m.; Sioux City and Pacific R. R., 107.42 m . Total mileage, 8,275.
Express Co, -american.

Portland, Ore., to Huntington, Ore. 404 m .; Spokane Div., 262 m . Moscow Br., 28 m . ; Pomeroy Br., 30 m. ; Dayton Br., 13 m .; Connell Br., 53 m . ; Heppner Br., $4 \dot{5} \mathrm{~m}$. ; Elgin Br., 21 m . ; Walla Walla Br., 47 m .; Burke Br., 87 m . ; Seltice Br., 48 m . : Dixie and Dudley Br., 14 m . ; Wallula Br. 66 m . ; Waverly Br., 5 m . Total mileage, 1.123.
Steamer Lines: Portland, Ore., to San Francisco, Cal., 660 m .; River Division, 353 m . Portland to China and Japan.
Express Co.-Portland, Ore, to Huntington-Pacific; Portland. Ore., to Spokane-Great Northern; Portland, Ore. , to San FranciscoWells, Fargo \& Co.

Lines in Utah, 482.49 m. ; in Wyoming, 92.34 m . in Idaho, 707.51 m .; in Montana, 183.03 m . ; in Oregon, 15.41 m . Total mileage, $1,480,78$.

Express Co.-Pacific.

Pennsylvanla R.R., $1,713 \mathrm{~m}$.; United R. Rs. of New Jersey, 477 m.; Philadelphia and Erie Pr. R., 568 m.; Northern Central Ry., 390 m .; Philadelphia, Wilmingtou and Baltimore R. R., 669 m. ; West Jersey and Sea Shore R. R., 309 m .; Cumberland Valley R. R., 163 m .; Allegheny Valley R. R., 273 m .; Paltimore, Chesapeake and Atlantic Ry., 87 m . ; Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburgh, $4,421 \mathrm{~m}$. Total mileage, 9,070.
Express Co. -Adams.

President, C. S. Mellen; VicePresident, D. S. Lamont, New York; 2d Vice-President, J. W. Kendrick; $3 d$ Vice-President, J. M. Hannaford; Secretary, G. H. Earl, New York. General Offices, St. Paul, Minn.; New York Offices, 35 Vall Street and 319 Broadway. Mauhattan Borough.

Officers of C. , St. P., M. and O. Ry.: President, Marvin Hughitt Chicago, Ill. ; Vice-President, M. L. Sykes, New York; 2d Vice-President and General Traftic Manager, J. T. Clark, St. Paul, Minn. ; General Manager, W. A. Scott, St. Paul, Minn.; Secretary, E. E. Woodman, Hudson, Wis. ; General Manager F., E. and M. V. R. R., Geo. F. Bidwell, Omaha, Neb. General Offices of Northwestern Line, Chicago, Ill.; St. Paul, Minn.; New York Offices, 52 Wall Street and 461 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

Chalrman of the Board, F. H. Harriman, New York; President, A. L. Mohler; Sécretary, W. W. Cotton. General Offices, Portland, Ore.; New York Office, 120 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Edward H. Harriman New York; Vice-President and General Manager, W. H. Bancroft, Salt Lake City; Vice-President, Wm. D Cornish, New York; Secretary, Alex. Millar, New York. General Offices, Salt Lake City, Utah; New York Office, 120 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

Piesident, A. J. Cassatt; 1 st Vice-President, John P. Green ; $2 d$ Vice-President, Chas. E. Pugh; 3d Vice-President, S. M. Prevost; General Manager, J. B. Hutchinson; Secretary, John C. Sims. General Offices, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia; New York Offices, $1195^{\circ}$ Broadway and 1 Astor House, Manhattan Borough. Surplus.
$\$ 346,010$

[^16]
## 218 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-Con.

## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD LINES WEST OF PITTSBURGH.

On the lines west of Pittsburgh operater by the Pennsyivania Company and the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Cbicago, and St. Louis Railway Company the results for 1898 were as follows:

Net profit on Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago, and St. Louis Railway Company's lines.
\$1,220,048
Net proft on lines directiy operated west of Pittsburgh....................................
Less loss or which the P. R. R. is responsible.
\$1,885,708
Leaving net profit on all lines west of Pittsburgh.
$\$ 1,880,745$

Rental, interest, etc 4,117, 042

## SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND Financial Data.

PMiladelphin and Reading lanilway.
[New Jersey, Pennsylvania.]
For year ending June 30, 1894,
Total earnings. ..... $\$ 22,456,192$
Operating expenses. $14,634,038$
Net earnings..... \$7,822,151
Other income....... $1,300,268$
Total netincome. $\$ 9,122,4 \geqslant 2$,
Total paymients.... 8,897,679
Surplus............ 224,743

Plant system.
[South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida.]
For year ending June 30, 1898. (Sav., Fla. \& Western Ry.)
Total earnings......... $\$ 3,645,424$
Operating expenses $2,715,323$
Net earnings........ $\$ 930,101$
Other income.......... 144.095
Total net income. \$1.074,196
Total payments......
877, $5+3$
Surplus.
\$196,6ジ3

Queen and Crescent Ronte.
[Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana.]
For year ending June 30, 1899.
Total earuings...... $\$ 4,691,281$
Operating expenses $3,106,226$
Net earnings....... $\$ 1,585,005$
Other income.
Total net income. $\$ 1,5 \times 5,224$
Total paymeuts. ..... 1, $411, b 63$
Surplus. $\qquad$ $\$ 173, \overline{6} 61$

Divisions, Mrileage, and Operating Express.

Reading Div., 548.25 m . ; Philadelphis Div. $48.21 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ New York Div. 222.42 m . ; Atlantic City R. R., 167.13 m. ; Shamokin Div., 241.14 ml . Reading and Columbia Div., 181.08 m. ; Wilmington and Northern R. R., 88.41 m . 'Total mileage, $1,456.64$. Express Co. - United States

Savanuah, Florida and Western Ry. $1,028 \mathrm{~m}$.; Charleston and Savannan Ry., $113 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Brunswick and Western R . ${ }^{\text {R., }} 171 \mathrm{~m} \cdot \mathrm{C}$ Alabama Midland Ry., 208 m ; Silver Springs, Ocala and Gulf Ry. 65 m . Sanford and St. Petersburg R.12., 152 m. ; Florida Southern R. R., 249 m. ; St. John and Lake EustisR.R., 49 m. ; Southwestern Alabama R.R., 37 m . ; other oranches, 105 m . Total mileage, 2,177. Also steamer lines.
Rxpress Co. -Southern.

Comprising the following lines: Cincinuati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Ry. 338 m .;New Orleans and Northeasterı R.R., 196 m. ; Alabama and Vicksburg Ry., 142 m .; Vicksburg, Shreveport and Pacific R. R., 171 m. : Alabama Great southern R. R., 296 m . Total mileage, 1,143.
Express Co.-Southern. For places in Ohio and Kentucky on C., N. O. \& T. P. Ǐy., Adams.

## Rio Grande Western

 Railwey.[Colorado and Utah.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earuings..... $83,352,988$ Operating expenses $2,19 \overline{0}, 8 \measuredangle 5$
Net earnings..... $\overline{\$ 1,157,123}$ Other income...... 144,280
Total net income. $\$ 1,301,403$
Total payments.... 1,149,368
Crand Junction, Col., to Ogden, Utah, 328 m . ; San Pete and Sevier Br., 124 m . ; Tintic Range Br., 48 m . Utah Central Br., 33 m .; Coal Mine Br., 24 m .; Bingham Br., 14 m .; Altia Br., 10 m . ; Provo Cañon Br ., 26 m .; Sunnyside Br., 11 m . ; other branches, 19 m . Total mileage, 637. Express Co.-Wells, Fargo \& Co.
C., N. O. \& T. P. Ry.-Chairman of Board, H. F. Shoemaker, New York; President, Samuel, Spencer. New York; secretary, A. 'Telford, Cincinnati, Uhio.
Ala. G. S. R. R.-President, samuel spencer, 80 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New Yoris; 1st Vice-President, A. B. Andrews, Raleigh, N.C. ; 2 d VicePresident, IV. W. Finley, Washington, D.C. ; General iranager, F. S. Ganinon, Washington, D. C: N.O. \& N. E., A. \& V., and V., S. \& P.R.Rs.-President, C. C. Harvey New Orleans, La. ; secretary N.O. \& N. H. R. R., John F. Brent, New Orleaus, La.; Secretary V., S. \& P. R. R., D. Graff, Manhattan Borough, New York.

President, Joseph S. Harris; First Vice-President, Theodore Voorbees; $2 d$ Vice-President, C. E. Henderson; Secretary, W. R. Taylor. General Ofices, Philadelphia, Pa.

President, R. G. Erwin; VicePresident, M. F. Plant; 2d VicePresident, F. Q. Brown; Secretary, R. B. Smith. General Oifices, 12 West Twenty-third Street Manhattan Borough, New York, and Savannah, Ga.

## General Officers.

President, W. J. Palmer,New York; Vice-President, George F. Peabody, New York; 2d Vice-President and General Mauager, D. C. Dodge, Denver, Col. ; Secretary, G. A. Krause, New Sork. Geueral Olfices, Salt Lake ('ity, Utah; New York Office, 11 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

[^17]SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND
FINANCIAL DATA.
San Antonio and Arrinsas Pass Railway.
[Texas.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings..... \$2,046,781
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Operatingexpenses } & 1,592,668 \\ \text { Net earnings..... } & \$ 454,113\end{array}$
Total payments.... 913,107
Deficit.
\$458,994

## Seaboard Ar Line.

[Virginia, North Carolina,
South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama.
For year ending June $30,1598$. Total earnings...... $\$ 4,011,554$ Operating expenses. $2,607,904$
Net earnings...... $\$ 1,403,650$
Total payments..... 1,157,579
surplus............ \$246,071
Not inclnding Fla. Central \& Pen. R. R. or Ga. \& Ala, Ry.

Sonthern Railway.
[District of Columbia, Virginia, Nortl Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Tennessee, Kentucky.]
For year ending June 30, 1899 Total earnings..... $\$ 35,323,586$ Operating expenses $17,356,355$
Net earnings ....
$\$ 7,997,331$
Other income.......
328.459

Total net income. $\overline{\$ 8,325,800}$
Total payments.... 7,414,188
Surplus $\qquad$ $\$ 911,612$

Southern Pacific Com-panyo-66 Sunset, Dgten and Shasta Lonves."
[Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, California, Nevada, Oregon, Utah. $]$ For year ending Jun 30, 1598. Total earnings........ $\$ 58,477,498$ Operating expenses. $51,354,896$

Net earnings..... $\$ 1,122,602$
Total payments.... 1,299,258
Surplus............. $\overline{\$ 2,823,344}$

St. Joseph and Crand Hiand Railway, and Kanses City nud Omala Railvay.
[Missouri, Kansas, and $\mathrm{Ne}-$ braska. 3
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings,......... $\$ 1,261,060$ Operating expenses. 912,650
Net earnings...... $\$ 348,410$
Other income...... 102,180
Total net income.. $\$ 450,590$
Total payments....
Surplus
$\begin{array}{r}441,362 \\ \hline \$ 9,228\end{array}$

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating Express.

Houston, Tex., to Kerrville, Tev., 309 in. ; Kenedy, Tex., to Corpus Christi, Tex., 88 m .; Reckport Br., 21 m . Lockhart Br., 54 m . ; Alice Br., 43 m . ; Waco Br., 171 m . Total mileage, 686.
Express Co.-Wells, Fargo \& Co.

First Div., 265 m. ; Second Div., 410 m. , Third Div., 288 m . ; Georgia and Alabarna Ry., 459 m . ; Florida Central and Peninsular R. R., 949 m . Total mileage, $2,3 i 1$.

## Expriess CO. -Southern.

Washington Div. , 338.54 m ; Norfolk Div., 795.34 m .; Charlotte Div., 379.67 m . A Atlanta Div., 540.73 m .; Birmingham Div., 548.04 m . ; Richmond Div., 284.82 m. ; Asheville Div. 350.80 m. ; Columbia Div., $519.89 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ Macon Div. , 387.18 m . ; Anniston Div., 562.18 m . ; Knoxville Div. 465.54 m . i Memphis Div., 331.70 m . ; Louisville Div., 130.10 m .; Charleston Div, 339.01 m , i Janville IDiv., 277.80 m . Total mileage, 6,252.29.

## Express Co. -Southern.

Pacific System: Central Pacific R. Ru, $1,359.1 \mathrm{~m}$. ; Oregon and C'alifornia R. R., 655.76 m . ; Southeru Facific R. R. of California, $2,339,48 \mathrm{~m}$.; Southern Pacific R. R. of Arizoma, 392.90 m . ; Southern Pacific R. R. of New Mexico, $167.45 \mathrm{~m} . ;$ New Mexico and Arizona R. R., 88.10 m. ; Sonora Ky: of Mexico, 262.60 m . ; south Pacific Coast Ry., 104 m . Atlantic Systen: Louisiana Western R. R., 147.23 m. ; Morgan's Louisiana and Texas R.R.,318.20m.; Galveston, Harrisburg and san Antonio Ry. 998.16 m .; Texas anl New Orleans R. R., 216.30 m . ; Iberia and Vermillion R. R., 16.13 m . New York, Texas and Mexican R. R., 91 m .: Gulf, Western Texas and Pacific Ry. 111.20 m . Total rail mileage, $7,174.72$. Steamer lines, $3,375 \mathrm{~m}$.

## Express Co. - Wells, Fargo \& Co.

St. Joseph'and Grand Island Ry., 252 m. ; Kunsas City and Omaha IIy., 152 m ; Fairbury and Mecool Junction Line, 50 m . ; St. Joseph to Kansas City, 60 m . Total mileage, St. Joseph and Grand I. Ry., 312; Kansas City and O, Ry., 202. Express Co. -Wells, Fargo \& Co.

## General Officers.

President, T. E. Stillman, New York: Vice-President and General Manager, M. D. Monserrate ; Secretary, Reagan Houston, General Offices, San Antonio, Tex.; New York Offices, 23 Broad Street and 349 Broadway, Manhattan Borongh.

Presiđent, John S. Williams, Richmond, Va.; Vice-President and General Manager, E. St. John, Portsmouth, Va. General Offices, Portsmouth, Va. ; New York Office, 371 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, Samuel Spencer, New York; list Vice-President, A. B. Andrews, Raleigh, N. C.; $2 d$ VicePresident, W. W. Finley, Washington, D. C. ; 3d Vice-President and General Manager, Frank S. Gannon, Washington, D. C.; Secretary, Josiah F. IIill, New York; Traftic Mranager, J. M. Culp. General Offices, Washington, D. C. ; New York Offices, 80 and 271 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

President, C. P. Huntington, New York; Vice-President, T. H. Hubbard, New York; 2d VicePresident, George Crocker, San Francisco, Cal.; 3d Vice-President, J. C. Stubbs, San Francisco, Cal. ; 4th Vice-President, J, Kruttschnitt, San Francisco, Cal.; Secretary, E. C. Wright, San Francisco, Cal. A Acting VicePresident, I. E. Gates, New York; General Manager, J. Kruttscinitt, San Francisco, Cal. General Onices, San Francisco, Cal. ; New Yorik Offices, 23 Broad'Street and 249 Broadways Manhattan Borough.

President, Wm. L. Bull, New York; Vice-President, Heary Budge, New York; secretary, W. S. Wilson, New York; General Manager, V. P. Robinson, Jr., St. Joseph, Mo. General Offices, St Joseph, Mo. ; New Yorik Offices, 28 and 38 Broad Street, Míanliaitan Borough.
Kansas City and ()maha Ry.-President, K. C. Benedict, New York; Vice-President, F. K. Pendleton, New York; Secretary, S. L. Parrish, New York; General Manager, W. P. Robinson, Jr., St. Joseph, Mo. General Offices, St. Joseph,Mo. ; 44 Broadway, 27 Willjam st., Manhattan, NeW York.

## 220 Principal Railroad Systems of United States \& Canada.-con.

SYSTEMS, LOCATION, AND
FINANCIAL DATA.

## St. Louis \& San Francisco Railroad."Frisco Line."

[Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas,
Indian Territory, Oklahoma Territory, Texas.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings....... \$7,226,663 Operating expenses. 4,341 191
Net earnings...... $\$ 2,885,472$ Other income........ 77,160
Total net income. $\overline{\$ 2,962,632}$
Total payments.... ${ }_{2,737,832}^{2,}$
Surplus........... \$224,800

St. Louis Southwestern Railway system.-, "Cotton Belt Route," [Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas.]
For year ending June 30,1899
Total earnings...... $\$ 5,862,338$ Operating expenses. 4.209,088
Net earnings...... $\$ 1,653,250$
Other income........ 84,457
Total net income.. $\overline{\$ 1,737,707}$
Total payments..... 1,158,030
Surplus ............ \$579,677


Texas and Pacific Railway.
[Louisiana and Texas.]
For year ending June 30, 1899. Total earnings...... $\$ 8,251,810$ Operating expeuses. $5,309,022$
Net earnings...... $\$ 2,942,788$

| Other income. ..... |
| :---: |
| Total net income. |
| \$3,039.019 |
| 10.231 |

Total net income. $\$ 3,039.019$
Total payments..... $1,504,990$
Surplus............. $\$ 1,534,029$

Toledo and Ohio Central Railway, and Kanawha and Michigan Ry, "Ohio Central Lines."
[Ohio and West Virginia]
For year ending June 30, 1899. (Toledo and Ohio Cent. Ry.*) Total earnings...... $\$ 1,897,867$ Operating expenses. $1,266,453$
Net earnings...... \$601.414
Other income.
24,854
Total net income.. $\$ 626,268$
Total payments..
Surplus.

Divisions, Mileage, and Operating
Express.

St. Louis Div., 583.8 m. ; Kansas Div. 325.7 m , ; Atlantic and Pacific Br ., 212 m . ; other branches, 538.8 m . Total mileage, 1,660.3.
Express Co. -Wells, Fargo \& Co.

St. Loulis Southwestern Ry. : Main Line, 418 m . ; Delta Br., 51 mm . New Madrid Br., 5.7 m .; Little Rock Br., 41.7 m . ; Shreveport Br. 59. m .; Gray's Point Terminal Ry., 16.4 m . Total mileage, 592.7 .

St. Louis Southwestern Ry. of Texas: Main Line, 304.6 m . ; Sherman Br., 109.9 m . ; Fort Worth Br., 97.2 m .; Hillsboro Br., 40 m . ; Tyler Southeastern Ry., 88.6 m . ; Dallas Br., 25.2 m . Total mileage, 665.5. Grand total mileage, $1,258.2$.

## Express Co.-Pacific.

Ic dianapolis, Ind., to St. Louis, Mo. 240 m , Terre Haute \& Logansport Ry., 182 m. ; Peoria Div., 174 ma . Centre Point Div., 8 m . Total mileage, 606.
Express Co.-Adams.

Eastern Div., 512 m ; New Orleans Div., 359 m . ; Rio Grande Div., 621 m ; New Roads Extension, 25 m . Total mileage, 1,517 .
Express Co.-Pacific.

President, D. B. Robinson; VicePresident and General Manager, B. F. Yoakum; Secretary, F. H. Hamilton; Assistant Secretary, Frederick' Strauss, New York. General Offices, St. Louis, Mo. New York Offices, 15 Broad Street and 385 Broadway, Manhattan Borough.

General Officers.

President, Edwin Gould, New York, Vice-President and General Manager, Russell Harding, St. Louis, Mo.; General Traftic Manager, A. s. Dodge; Secretary, G. Erbelding, New York. General Oftices, St. Louis, Mo., and 195 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York. General Offices St. L. S. W. Ry. of Texas and Tyler Southeastern Ry., Tyler, Tex.

Receiver, V. T. Malott, Indianapolis, Ind.; President, James McCrea, Pittsburgh, Pa.; General Manager, J. J. Turner, St. Louis, Mo.; Secretary, George E. Farrington, Terre Haute, Ind.

President, George J. Gould; VicePresident, S. H. H. Clark; 2d Vice-President, Frank J. Gould, New York; 3d Vice-President and General Manager, $L_{\text {. }}$ S. Thorne, Dallas, Tex. ; Secretary, C. E. Satterlee, New York. General Offices, 195 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York, and Dallas, Tez.

President, Stevenson Burke, Clereland, O. ; Vice-President, Chas. G. Hickox, Cleveland, O.; VicePresident K. \& M. Ry., R. W. Hickox, Cleveland, O. : General Manager, J. M. Ferris; Secretary, L. D. Kelley. General Offices, Toledo, $\mathbf{O}$.

Toledo to Bremen, 0. , 173.10 m . ; New Lexington to Corning, $0 ., 12.31 \mathrm{~m}$.; Whitmore to Thurston, O., 145.27 m.; Alum Creek to Truro Junction, O., 4.20 m . Total mileage, 334.88 ; Kànawha \& Michigan Ry., 152.80.
Express Co.-United States.

[^18]

Comparative Summary of Employes and Average Daily Compensation.
(From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

| Class. | 1898. |  | 1897. |  | 1896. |  | 1895. |  | AVERAGEDaIlyCompensation. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Num- } \\ & \text { ber. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Per } 100 \\ & \text { miles } \\ & \text { of line. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | Number. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per 100 } \\ \text { miles } \\ \text { of line. } \end{gathered}$ | Num- ber. | Per 100 miles of line. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { bur. } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Per 100 } \\ \text { miles } \\ \text { of line. } \end{array}\right\|$ |  |  |  |
| General office | 4,956 | 3 | 4.890 | 3 | 5,372 | 3 | 5,407 | 3 | \$9.73 | \$9.54 | \$9.19 |
| Other officers | 3,925 | 2 | 3,830 | 2 | 2,718 | 1 | 2,534 | 1 | 5.21 | 5.12 | 5.96 |
| General office | 26,845 | 15 | 26,837 | 15 | 26,338 | 14 | 26,583 | 15 | 2.25 | 2.18 | 2.21 |
| Station agents | 30,699 | 17 | 30,049 | 16 | 29,523 | 16 | 29,014 | 16 | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1.73 |
| Other stationm | 78,603 | 43 | 74,569 | 41 | 75,919 | 42 | 73,569 | 41 | 1.61 | 1.62 | 1.62 |
| Enginemen | 37,939 | 20 | 35.667 | 19 | 35,851 | 20 | 34.118 | 20 | 3.72 | 3.65 | 3.65 |
| Firemen | 38,925 | 21 | 36,735 | 20 | 36,762 | 20 | 35,516 | 20 | 2.09 | 2.05 | 2.06 |
| Condinctor | 26.876 | 15 | 25,322 | 14 | 25,457 | ? 14 | 24,776 | 14 | 3.13 | 3.07 | 3.05 |
| Other traim | 66,968 | 36 | 63,673 | 35 | 64,805 | 36 | 62,721 | 35 | 1.95 | 1.90 | 1.90 |
| Machinists | 28,832 | 16 | 28,229 | 15 | 29,272 | 16 | 27,740 | 16 | 2.28 | 2.23 | 2.26 |
| Carpenters | 40,374 | 22 | 37,740 | 20 | 38,846 | 621 | 35,564. |  | 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.03 |
| Other shopn | 99,717 | 54 | 91,415 | 50 | 95, 613 | 3 5 | 88,661 | 50 | 1.70 | 1.71 | 1.69 |
| Section forem | 30,771 | 17 | 30,414 | 17 | 30,772 | 17 | 29,809 | 17 | 1.69 | 1.70 | 1.70 |
| Other trackmen | 184,494 | 100 | 171,752 | 94 | 169, 564 | $4{ }^{4}$ | 155,146 | 87 | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.17 |
| Switchmen, flagmen, and watclimen | 47,124 | 25 | 43,768 |  | 44,266 | 54 | 43,158 |  | 1.74 | 1.72 | 1.74 |
| Telegraph operators and despatehers | 22,488 | 12 | 21,452 | 12 | 21,682 | 212 | 20,984 | 12 | 1.92 |  |  |
| Employees-acc't floating equipment | 6,349 | 3 | 6,409 | 3 | 5,502 | 3 | 5,779 | 3 | 1.89 | 1.86 | 194 |
| All other employés and laborers. | 98,673 | 53 | 90,725 | 49 | 88,467 | 7 49 | 83,335 | 47 | 1.67 | 1.64 | 1.65 |
| Total .... | 874,558 | 474 | 823,476 | 449 | 820,6\% | 454 | \|785, 034 $\mid$ | 441 |  |  |  |

## 

(From Statistical Report of the Interstate Commerce Commission.)

| Yeae Ending June 30. | Employes. |  | Passengers. |  | Othet Persons. |  | Total. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Killed. | Injured. | Killed. | Iajured. | Killed. | Injured. | Killed. | Injured. |
| 1891. | 2,660 | 26,140 | 293 | 2,972 | 4,076 | 4.769 | 7,029 | 33,881 |
| 1892. | 2,554 | 28,307 | 376 | 3,297 | 4,217 | 5,158 | 7,147 | 36,502 |
| 1893. | 2,727 | 31,729 | 299 | 3,229 | 4.320 | 5,435 | 7,346 | - 40,393 |
| 1894 | 1,825 | 23,422 | 324 | 3,034 | 4,300 | 5,433 | 6,447 | 31,889 |
| 1895. | 1,811 | 25,696 | 170 | 2,375 | 4,155 | 5,677 | 6,106 | 33,748 |
| 1896. | 1,861 | 29,969 | 181 | 2,873 | 4, 406 | 5,815 | 6.448 | 38,687 |
| 1897. | 1,693 | 27,667 | 222 | 2,755 | 4,522 | 6,269 | 6,437 | 36.731 |
| 1898... | 1.958 | 31,761 | 291 | 2,945 | 4.689 | 6,176 | 6,859 | 40.882 |

The total number of passengers carried in 1898 was $501,065,681$, as against $489,445,198$ in 1897 , 511,772,737 in 1896, 507,421,352 in 1895, and 540,688, 199 in 1894.

| Kind of Accident. | Employzs. |  | Passengers. |  | Others. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Treep | assing. | Not Tre | espassing. |  | otal. |
| Year ending June 30, 1898. | Killed. | Injured. |  |  | Killed. | Injured. | Killed. | Injured. | hilled. | Injured. | ki.led. | Injured. |
| Coupling and uncoupling ......... | 279 | 6,988 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Falling fromi trains and engines... | 473 | 3,859 | ... | ... | .... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overliead obstructions............... | 51 | 397 |  | - | 2i |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collisions | 180 | 1,071 | 48 | 619 | 24 | 48 | 5 | 41 | 29 | 89 |
| Derailments. | 133 | 732 | 34 | 515 | 32 | 74 | 2 | 33 | 34 | 106 |
| Other train accidents | 53 | 490 | 2 | 150 | 30 | 23 | 3 | 7 | 31 | 30 |
| At highway crossings | 21 | 48 | 4 | 16 | 151 | 202 | 502 | 905 | 653 | 1,107 |
| At stations.............. | 54 | 1,957 | 33 | 530 | 301 | 487 | 40 | 2.45 | 341 | 632 |
| Other causes | 714 | 16,219 | 110 | 1,115 | 3,525 | 3,915 | 67 | 297 | 3,552 | 4,212 |
| Total....................... | 1,958 | 31,761 | 221 | 2,245 | 4,06? | 4,149 | 617 | 1,427 | 4.980 | 6,170 |

Train accidents for twenty-six years ending December 31, as computed by the Pailroad Gazftie:

| Kind of Accident. | 1898. |  | 1895.1 | 1895. 1 | 1894. ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1893. 1 |  | 1891. | 1890.1 | 889. | 1888. | 1583-8: ${ }^{*}$ * | 1578-82. ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 1873-7.* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Collisions. | 1.012 | 731 | 514 | 602 | 613 | 9961 | 1,062 | 1,137 | 1,041 | 74.9 | 804 | 548 | 417 | 295 |
| Derailn | 1,144 | 873 | 792 | 810 | 8731 | 1,2121 | 1,165 | 1,204 | 1,004 | 759 | 1,032 | 723 | 646 | 719 |
| Other acciden | 73 | 54 | 51. | 75 | 74 | 99 | 100 | 103 | 101 | 61 | 99 | 76 | 43 | 61 |
| Total | 2,2 | 1,658 | 1,357 |  | , | 2,307.2 | 2,3 | 2,4 | 2,146 | E69 | 1,985 | 1,347 | 1,109 | 1,055 |

* Average per year for five years.


## 

THE Board of Trade report Shows:

| Casualtes, United Kingdom. | 1898. |  | 1897. |  | Castalties, United Kingdoas. | 1898. |  | 1897. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Killed. | Yajured | Killed. | Injured |  | Killed. | Injured | Killed. | Injured |
| Passengers. | 25 | 632 | 18 | 324 | Passengers, train accid'ts, etc.. | 25 | 632 | 18 | 524 |
| Employés. | 15 | 110 | 9 | 140 | Passengers, other causes....... | 128 | 1,238 | 115 | 1,315 |
| Other persons.. | 2 | 3 | 7 | 12 | Employés, train accidents, etc. | $15^{1}$ | 310 | 9 | 140 |
| Total. | 43 | 745 | 34 | 476 | Employes, other causes | $\begin{aligned} & 488 \\ & 522 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}4,039 \\ 324 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 501 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,989 \\ 334 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total..................................... | 1,179 | 6,343 | 1,165 | 6,102 |

The last item, 522 killed, includes 402 trespassers.

NOTAELE FAST RUNS OF PASSENGER TRAINS FOR LONG DISTANCES.

| Datr. | Rxilroad. | Terminsls. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dis- } \\ & \text { tance, } \\ & \text { Miles. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Inclo } \\ \hline \text { Time, } \\ \text { H. M. } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Srops. } \\ \begin{array}{c} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May, 184 | Great West | London | 53.25 | 0.47 |  |  |
| July, 1885. | West Shore | East Buffalo-Frank | 201.7 | 4. 00 | 50.4 |  |
| Aug., 1888. | London, N. WV. \& Caledonian......... | London-Edinburgh | 400 | 7. 38 | 52.4 | 3 |
| Sept., 1891. | New York Central \& H. R. . . . . . . . | New York-East Bu | 436. 32 | 7.19.5 | 59.56 |  |
| Nov., 1891. | Peunsylvania .... | Jersey City-W | ${ }_{21}^{227} 37$ |  |  | 3 |
| Mar., 1892. | New York Central \& H. R. ${ }^{\text {New }}$......... | On | 51. 67 | 0.46 | ${ }^{7} \mathbf{6 7 . 3 8}$ | 0 |
| Nov., 189 | New York Ceutral \& | Chittenango-s | 116.1 | 1. 50 | 63.38 | 0 |
| May, 1.93. | New York C'entral \& | Syracuse-Roch | 80. | 1.11 | 68. | 0 |
| May, 1893. | New York Central \& | New York-Chic | 964 | 19. 57 | 48.20 | 10 |
| Aug., 1894. | Plant System, Atlantic Coast Line | Jacksonville-Richmo | 661.5 | 12. 51 | 51.48 | 26 |
| Aug., 1894. | Plant System, A. C. L., Pa. | Jacksonville-Washingt | 760.9 | 15. 49 | 49.37 | 34 |
| April, 1895. | Peunsylvania...... ................... | Camden-Atlantic City | 58.3 | 0.453/4 | 76.50 | 0 |
| Aug., 189. | London \& North western ............ | London-Aberdeen |  | 8.32 | 63. 2 |  |
| Sept., 189. | New York Central \& H, R, | New York-Bu |  |  |  |  |
| Sept., 1835. |  | Chicago-Buffalo |  |  |  |  |
| Gct., 1845. | Pennsylvania. | Jersey City-Philade | 89.76 | 1.83 | 57.9 |  |
| Oct., 1845. | Long Island | Long Island City-Amag | 104 | 1.46 | 58.9 |  |
| M1ar', $1886^{\circ}$. | Phila., Wilmington \& Baltimore.. | Baltimore-Gray's Ferr | 92.5 | 1.28 |  | 1 |
| Feb., 1897. | Chicago, Burlington \& Qu | Chicago-Denver | 1,025 | 18.52 | 58. | 20 |
| Mar, ,1897. | Central R. R. of New Jers | Jersey City-Washingt |  | 4.8 |  | ( ) |
| A pril, 1>97. | Lehigh Val., Black Diamond Exp. | Alpine, N. Y.-Geneva Junc., N. Y | 43.96 | 0.33 |  | 0 |
| July, 1897. | New Y ork Central \& H. R.*. | Syracuse-Buffal | 149 | 2.23 |  |  |
| Ang., 1897. | Union Pacific | North Platte-Oma |  | 4.39 |  |  |
| Dec., 1847 | Union Pacif | North Platte-Council | 293.7 | 4.57 |  |  |
| Jan., 1898. | Erie R. R., newspaper train | Jersey City-Buffalo. |  | 7.30 | 59.68 |  |
| Feb., 1848 | A.T. \& S. F., 'Santa Fe Route' | La Junta, Col.-Dodge City, Kan. | . 204.4 | 3.44 | 56.78 |  |
| May, 1848. | Chicago \& Alton. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. .............. | Willow Spring-Springtie | 168.1 | 2.46 | 60.7 |  |
| July, 1809. | Yehigh Val., Black Diamond Exp. | Sayre-Buff | 177 |  |  | 2 |
| Jan., 1899. | Burlington Rou | Burington-Clyde | $\begin{gathered} 206 \\ 74 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.20 \\ & 0.65 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 61.85 \\ & 68.58 \end{aligned}$ |  |

*By Empire State Express." $\ddagger$ Including stops. § Exclnding stops. IT Exclusive of stops, or 63.61 miles per honr including stops. Made the trip trom Chicago to New York, 952 miles, in 17 hours 45 minutes 23 seconds (or 54.20 miles per hour including ten stops). (a) Including "slow-ups" for taking water, changing engines, etc. (b) Deducting stops, 64.08 miles per hour.

FASTEST RECORDED RUNS FOR SHORT DISTANCES.

| Date. | Railrosd. | Terminals. | Distance, Miles. | Time, m. s. | $\underset{\text { Miles }}{\text { per }}$ <br> Hour. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July, 1890.. | Phil. \& Reading. | Skillmans-Belle Meade | 4.1 | 2.30 | 98.4 |
| Aug., 1891.. | Phil. \& Reading. | Somerton- | 1 | 0.39 .8 | 90.5 |
| Nov., 1842.. | Phil. \& Reading. | Somerton-Parkland. | 5 | 3.25 | 87.8 |
| Nuv., 1892.. | Central of New Jersey | Fanwood -Westfield, N. J............ | 1 | 0.37 | 97.3 |
| Mas, 1893.. | N. Y. Central \& H. R. | Grimesville- | 1 | 0.35 | 102.8 |
| Mav゙, 1893.. | N. Y. Central \& H. R. | Crittenden-"'EmpireState Exp.' | 1 | 0.32 | 112.5 |
| May, 1893.. | N. Y. Central \& H. R. | Looneyville-Grimesville............ | 5 | 3.60 | 100 |
| Aug., 1895.. | Pennsyivania.. | Landover-Anacosta ... . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5.1 | 3.00 | 102 |
| Aug., $1898 .$. | V ahash..... | Boody-Blue Mound | 6 | 4.7 | 87.45 |
| Jan., 1899.. | Burlington Route......... | Siding-Arion......................... | 2.4 | 1.20 | $130(c)$ |

(c) Four stop watches caught the time, but there was no speed indicator on the engine. The fastest time on record was made on the Burlington Route, January, 1899, in a run from Siding to Arion, 2.4 miles in 1 minute 20 seconds, or 130 miles an hour. The fsstest time on record for a distance of over 440 miles was made by the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern R.R. from Chicago to Buffialo, in October, 1895. The fastest !ong-distance run less than 410 miles was on the New York Central R.R. Sept. 11, 1895 , from New York to Buffalo, $4361-2$ miles, iu 407 minutes actual time. Average speed $641-3$ miles an hour, with two stops and 28 slow-ups

The fastest regular trains in the United States, for a shorter distance, are believed to be the New York Central "Empire Statc Expreas," between New York and Albany, 143 miles in 160 minntes (regular also New York to Buffalo, 440 miles in 489 minutes; excluding stops, an average of 63.4 miles an hour), and those between Washington and Baltimore, on the Baltimore and Ohin Railroad, 40 miles in 45 minutes, a speed of 53.33 miles an hour. The run from Washington to New York, 295.3 miles, is made in 5 hours. Deducting 12 minutes for the Jersey City Ferry and 10 minutes for the Canton Ferry, the rate of speed is 48.6 miles per hour. The "Cougressional Limitsd," on the Pennsplvania Railroad, makes the run in 5 hours 5 minutes, but the distance is 227 miles

The Londou and Southwestern makes the run from Dorchester to Wareham, 15 milea 2 chains, in 15 minates, equal to 60.1 miles per hour. The Caledouian Railway of Scotland makes a short run of $321 / 2$ miles at 59.1 miles an hour.

The London and Northwestern ruas a train from Loadon to Crewe, 158 mles, without a stop, at 52.6 miles an hour. The Great Western runs three trains irom Paduington Station, London, w Exeter and back, which make 194 miles each without a stop. The fastest of these is timed at 56 miles an hour. The same road runs two expresses from London to Birmingham, 1291/2 miles, without a stop. One of these makes the journey at an average of 53.5 miles an hour. The Great Western also runs an expresa to South Wales, which makes the run from Paddington to Bath, 106 miles 70 chains, at 54.3 miles an hour, withont a atop.

Of long-distance runs in France crie is made by the Paris-Orleans line from Paris to Bordeaux, which runs 363 miles at exactly 54 miles an hour, iucluding stops. This is comparable with the New York Central's Empire State Expresa, which runs from New York to Buffalo, 440 miles, at 53.4 miles an hour. The best runs of such distance to be found in Great Britain sre from Kings Cross to Edinburgh by the Great Northern, etc., 393 miles at 50.7 miles an hour; and from Euston to Glasgow, by the Northwestern, etc., 401.0 milss, st 50.2 miles an hour.

Fast running train on Philadelphia and Reading route (July 2, 1897) -Camden to Atlantic City, 55.5 miles, in 48 minutes; average speed, 69.35 miles per hour. On August 15, 1898, on P. \& R. and C. R. R. of N.J., "Royal Blue Line," between Elizabeth, N. J., and Jenkintown, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ listance of 69 miles, in 61 minutes, including 2 "slow-ups," some of the miles being traversed in 38 seconds.

The quickest run between Jersey City and W: shington, 231 miles, was made on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, March 2, 1897 (by a special triv, bearimy Vice-Presideut-elect Hol,art and party), in 4 hours- 8 minutes, making the running time, including "ylow-upg" for taking water, changing engines, etc., 60 miles an hour. This beat the time of the "Aunt Jaek" train, made by the Madiaun Square Theatre Company March 10, 1890, which was 4 hours 18 minutes, each way, going and returning.

The Jarrett and Paluer speciai theatrical train, Jersey City to San Francisco, June, 1876, made the fastest time between the two oceans- 3 days 7 hours 39 miautes 16 seconds.
ayeleage speed, including stops, of gorelgn express tralng per hour in miles.
Englaud, 51.75 ; Germany, 51.25 ; France, 49.88 ; Eelyium, 45.04 ; Holland, 44.73 ; Italy, 42.34 ; Austria-Hungary, 41.75.

# Fiailtoax Commityious. INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION. 

## WASHINGTON, D. C.

Martin A. Knapp, of New York, Chairman. | Charles A. Prouty, of Vermont<br>Judson C. Clements, of Georgia.<br>Joseph W. Fifer, of Illinois.

James D. Yeomans, of Iowa.
Edward A. Moseley, Secretary.

Martin S. Decker, Asst. Secretary.

## STATE RAILROAD

Alabama Railroad Commission-Montgomery. James Crook, Chairman, Jacksonville; A. E. Caffce, Marion; Osceola Kyle, Decatur; V. C. Grilhn, secretary, Montgomery.

Arkausas 12ailroad Commission-Little Rock. Robert Neill, Chairman, Batesville; J. G. Wallace, Russellville; Henry W. Wells, Monticello: C.'S. Collins, Secretary, Little Rock
California Railroad Commission-San Francisco. E. B. Edson, Chairman, Gazelle; C. S. Jaumeister, San Francisco; N. Blackstock, Ventura; Wm. T. Sesnon. Secretary, San Francisco.
Colorado Siate Board of EqualizationW. H. Griffith, Secretary, Denver, Col.

Convecticnt Board of Railroad Commise sioners-Hartford. W. F. Willcox, Chairman, Chester; William O. Seymour, Ridgefield; O. R. Fyler, Torrington; Henry F. Billings, Clerk, Hartford
Florida Railroad Commissioners-Tallahassee. Henry E. Day, Chairman, Gainesville; J. M. Bryan, Kissimmee; J. L. Morgan, White Springs; John L. Neeley, Secretary, Tallahassee.
Creorgia Railroad Coinmission-Atlanta. I. N. Trammell, Chairman, Marietta; S. R. Atkinson, Atlanta; Thomas C. Crenshaw, Jr., Cartersville; J. D. Massey, Secretary, Atlanta.
Kdalio State Board of EqualizationState Auditor and Secretary, Boise City.

Ilinois Railroad and 'Warehoise Com-mission-Springfield. C. J. Lindly, Chairman, Greenville; charles S. Rannells, Jacksonville; Joseph E. Bidwell, Chicago; Ẃm. Kilpatrick, Secretary, Springfield
Indiana Board of Tax CommissionersIndianapolis. The Governor of the state, Chairman; the Secretary of State, the Auditor of State, John Wingate, Commissioner, Wingate; T. B. Buskirk, Commissioner, Paoli.
Iowa Boavd of Railroad Commission-ers-Des Moines. E. A. Dawson, Chairman, Waverly; Welcome Mowry, Elberon; D.J.Palmer, W ashington; D. N. Lewis, Secretary, Des Moines.

Kansas Conrt of Visitation-Topeka. W. A. Johnson, Presiding Judge, Garnett; L. S. Cruin, Oswego; J. C. Postlethwaite, Jewell City; A. J. Mratt, Solicitor, Wichita.

Kentucky Railroad Commission-Frankfort. John C.Wood, Chairman, Mt. Sterling; H. S. Irwin, Louisville; J. F. Dempsey, Madisonville; Samuel D. Brown, Speretary, Frankfort.

Lonisiana Railroad Commission-Baton Rouge. C. L. de Fuentes, Chairman, New Orleans; R. N. Sims, Jr., Donaldsonville; W. L. Foster Shreveport; W. M. Barrow, Secretary, Baton Ronge.

Maine Lailroad Commissioners-Augusta. Joseph B. Peaks, Chairman, Dover; Frederic Danforth, Gardiner; B. F. Chadbourne, Biddeford; E. C: Farrington, Secretary, Augusta.

Dassachusetts Board of ikailroad Com-missioners-Boston. James F. Jackson, Chairman, Fall River; H. B. Goodwin, Cambridge; George W. Bishop, Newtonville; William A. Crafts, Secretary, Boston; Fred. E. Jones, Accountant, Brookline; George F. Swain, Bridge Engineer, Boston.
Michigan Commissioner of RailroadsLansing. Chase S. Osborn; Chas. H. Chapman, Deputy Commissioner; Elliot F. Moore, Mechanical Engineer.

Ainnesota Railrond anil Warchonse Commission-St. Paul. Ira B. Mills, Chairman; (ieorge L. Becker, P. M. Ringdal; A. K. Teisberg, Secretary, St. Paul.

## COMMISSICNERS.

Hississippi Railroad Commission-Jackson. J. J. Evans, Chairman, Aberdeen; M. M. Evans, Moss Point; John D. McInnis, Meridian; John A. Webb, Secretary, Jackson.
Hissonri Kailroad and Warehonge Conimission-Jefferson City. Joseph Flory, Chairman; T. J. Hennessey, Wm. E. McCully; James Harding, Secretary.
Nebraska State Board of Transporta-tion-Lincoln. TheState Auditor, Chairman; the Secretary of State, the Attorney-General, the Commissioner Public Lands, and State Treasurer. Secretaries-J. W. Edgerton, Grand Island; G. L. Laws, Lincoln; James C. Dahlman, Omaha.
New Hampshire Railroad Commissiou -Concord. Henry M. Putney, Chairman, Manchester; E. B. S. Sanborn, Franklin Falls; Josiah G. Bellows, Clerk, Walpole.

New York Board of Railroad Commis-sioners-Albany. Ashley W. Cole, Chairman; F. M. Baker, George W. Dunn; John S. Kenyon, Secretary.
North Carolina Corporation Commission - Raleigh. Franklin McNeill, Chairman; Sam. L. Rogers, E. C. Beddingfield; H. C. Brown, Secretary.
North Dakota Commissioners of Rail-roadis-Bismarck. John Simons, Chairman, Valley City; L. L. Walton, Lemert; Henry Erickson, Towner; W. A. Stickley, Secretary, Fessenden.
Ohio Commissioner of Railroads and Telegraphs-Columbus. R. S. Kayler Commissioner, Columbus: E. H. Archer, Chief Clerk, Columbus; J. C. Morris, Inspector, Youngstown; N. C. Ailes, Recording Clerk, Columbus; C. M. Runyan, Statistical Clerk, Columbus.
Oregon Railroad Commission-Abolished by the Legislature, October, 1898.

Pennsylvania Burean of RailwaysHarrisburg. Isaac B. Brown, Superintendent.
Ridode Island Railroad CoamissionirProvidence. E. L. Freeman.
South Carolina Railroad Commission-ers-Columbia. W. D. Evans, Chairman, Cheraw; C. W. Garris, Bamburg; J. C. Wilborn, Old Point; D. P. Duncan, Secretary, Columbia.

Sonth Dakota Railroad Commissioners -sioux Falls. W. T. La Follette, Chairman, Chamberlain; Alex. Kirkpatrick, Wissington; W. G. Smith. Sturgis: H. W. Sawyer, Secretary; Sioux Falls; C. C. C. Crandall, Auditor, Sioux Falls.
Tennessee Railroad Commissioners Nashyille. N. W. Baptist, Chairman; J. N. MreKenzie, Thos. L. Williams; Frank Avent, Secretary.
Texas Railroad Commission - Austin. John H. Reagan, Chairman; L. J. Storey, Allison Mayfield; J. J. Arthur, Secretary.
Vermont Sitate Railroad Commissioners - Montpelier and Burlington. D. J. Foster, Chairman, Burlington; A. E. Watson, Hartford ; John D. Miller, Wallingford; Miss W. L. Brigham, Clerk, Burlington.
Virginia Railrond Commission - Richmond. James C. Hill, Chairman; E. G. Akers, Secretary.
Wisconsin Railroad Commissioner Madison. G. I. Pise; James S. Stack, Deputy Commissioner.
Wyoming
Board of Equallzation Cheyenne. The State Treasurer, President; the state Auditor, Secretary; the Secretary of state, Member; F. J. Neswander, Clerk.

## ふailvont exaftic of the caxorly.

| Countrits | Miles of Railroad | Cost of Roads and Equipments. | Passengers Carried. | Tons of Freight Carried. | Receipt | Expenditures. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe ...... | 161.200 | \$18.335.000.000 | 2,460.000,000 | 1,043,000.000 |  | 00 |
| A merica | 232.060 | 14.550.000.000 | 610000.000 | 820,000,000 | 1.305.000.000 | 910.000.000 |
| Africa | 8.580 | 515000000 | 24,000.000 | 000.000 |  |  |
| Asia | 26.150 | , 775.000 .000 | $\begin{array}{r} 226.000,000 \\ 60.000,000 \end{array}$ | 12,000 000 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,000,000 \\ & 53,500,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55.000,000 \\ & 31,500.000 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | 442,2 | , 0 | 380,000,000 | 1,920,000,000 | 5,000,00 | 0 |

This table of statistics of the railroads of the world is by Mulhall, and represents the business of the year 1897 .

RAILROAD MILEAGE BY COUNTRIES.
The following statement by Engineering represents the world's railway mileage at the beginning of 1898:

| Countries. Miles. | Countries. <br> Miles. <br> 649 | Countries. ${ }_{\text {Miles. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All if Germany .................. 30,072 | Central America......................... $\quad 649$ | Malsy Archipelago.................. ${ }^{\text {M }}$. 162 |
| Austro-Hungary (including Bosnia etc.) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 21,042 | Total, North America. . . . . . . . . . 2 210,906 |  |
| Great Britain and Ireland............. 21,528 | United States of Colombia. .......... 348 | Cochin China, Pondicherry, Malacca, 239 |
| France............................. 25,838 | Cuba............................. . . 1,111 | and Tonquin ..................... 239 |
| Rusela (including Finland)......... 25.164 | V'eдеzuelя........................... 637 | Total, Asia. . . . . . . . . . . . . ....... 31,102 |
| Italy. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ 9,717 | San Domingo....................... 117 | Total, Asia. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 31,102 |
| Belginm. . . . . . . . . ................. 3 .690 | Brazıl .......... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 8,513 |  |
| Netherlands (Including Luxembourg) 1,956 | Argentina............................ . 9,483 | Esypt.............................. ${ }^{\text {, } 776}$ |
| Switzerland ........................ 2,279 | Paraguay ............................ 158 | Algeria and Tunis ................. 2, 722 |
| Spain ................................. . . . 6,823 | Uruguay............................. 1,125 | Cape Colony and Natal ............ 2,271 <br> 162  |
| Portugal ............................ 1,474 | Chile ............................... . . . 2,679 | South African Republic............ 462 |
| Denmark............................ $1,58$. | Peru............................... . 1,042 | Orange Free State .... ........... 713 |
| Norwsy ............................. 1,211 | Bulivia................................ . 625 | Mauritius, Reunion, Congo, the 2,034 |
| Sweden . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 6,356 | Ecuador............................. . 188 | Soudan, and other States......... 2,034 |
| Servi\&.................................... . . . . . . . . . 1,800 | British Guiana.................. 22 | Total, Africa...................... 9,978 |
| Roumanis....................................................................... 595 Greece......... | Jamaics, Barbados, Trinidad, Mar- tıaque, ad Porto Rico | Australia and Oceanica............. $\overline{\text { 14,384 }}$ |
| European Turkey, Bulgarla, and | tinique, ad Porio Rico | Australia and Oceanica............ 14,384 |
| Roumelia......................... 1,696 | 4 | Recapitulation : |
| Malta, Jersey, Man................ . 70 | British India........................ . 21,138 | Europe................... . ........ . 163,216 |
|  | Ceylon.............................. 29. | North America...... =............ 210,906 |
| Total, Enarope . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 163,216 | Turkey in Asia. ..................... 1,569 | South America $\qquad$ 26,834 |
|  | Russia is Asia. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3,321 |  |
| United States........................ . 185,466 | Persia................................ ${ }^{\text {Dutch India }}$. 34 | Australısia. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 14,384 |
| Canada. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 16, 19.1 | Dutch India......................... 1,301 |  |
| Newfonsdland...................... 568 | Japan......... ................... 2,520 | Total.. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 456,420 |
| Mexivo. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7,431 | Portuguese India.................. 51 |  |

## 2aximan paileage in tye ornitey States.

BY STATES AND TERRITORIES.

| State or Terbitory. | Mileage on June 30, 1898. |  |  | State or Territory. | Mileage on June 80, 1898. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Officlal. | Unofficial. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Mileage. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Official. | Unofficial | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Mileage. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Alabal | 3,888.65 | 31.25 | 3,919.90 | New | 2,215.73 | 21.80 | 2,237.53 |
| Alaska.. |  |  |  | New Mexi | 1,533.79 | 6.00 | 1,539.79 |
| Arizona | 1,324.50 | 15.60 | 1,339.50 | New York | 8,292.32 | 7.50 | 8,299.82 |
| Arkan | 2,820.63 | 40.95 | 2,861.58 | North Carolina........... | 3,590.51 | 19.00 | 3,609.51 |
| Californi | 5,412.32 | 55.59 | 5,467.91 | North Dakota.. ........... | 2,584.42 |  | 2,584.42 |
| Colorado | 4,547.71 | 63.47 | 4,601.18 | Ohio........... ................ | 8.71776 | 18.38 | 8,736.14 |
| Connecticut | 1,0119.05 | ..... | 1,009.05 | Oklahom | 511.75 |  | 1511.75 |
| Delaware | 351.12 | ..... | 351.12 | Oregon | 1,567.92 | 31.46 | 1,59938 |
| District of Columbia... | 3.14.75 |  | 29.75 | Pennsylvani | 9,833.05 | 76.46 | 9,90451 |
| Florida....................... | 3,140.12 | 86.50 | 3,231.62 | Rhode Islan | 223.65 |  | 2283.05 |
| Georgia. | 5,390.87 | 95.00 | 5,485. 87 | South Caroli | 2665.32 | 23.00 | ${ }_{2}^{2,688.32}$ |
| Idaho.. | 1,094.41 |  | 1,094.41 | South Da | 2,790. 58 |  | 2,802.79 |
| Illinois | 10.849.07 | 2.60 | 10,80̄1.67 | Tennessee | 3,089.87 | 1950 | 3,109.37 |
| Indiana........... | 6,399.46 | 1.00 | 6.400 .46 | Texas. | 9,543.62 | 106.40 | 9,650.02 |
| Indian Territory | 1,188.99 |  | 1,188.99 | Utah | 1,417.65 | ..... | 1,417.65 |
| Iowa... | 8,511.73 | 6.40 | 8,518.13 | Vermont | 992.81 |  | 992.81 |
| Kansas | $8,790.41$ |  | 8.790 .41 | Virginia | 2,660. 69 | 15.50 | 3.676 .19 |
| Kentuck | 3.093.41 | 12.00 | 3,105.41 | Washingto | 2.792 .23 | 37.00 | 2.829.23 |
| Louisian | 2,434.45 | 67.00 | 2,501.45 | West Virgin | 2.065 .58 | 17.50 | 2,143.08 |
| Maine. | 1,776.21 |  | 1.776 .21 | W isconsin. | 6,374.27 | 24.00 | 6,398.27 |
| Maryland | 1,316.27 | 9.43 | 1,325.70 | W yoming | 1,179.97 | ...... | 1,179.97 |
| Michigan. | 7,953 73 | 21.05 | 7.974.78 | Grand total in U. S. 1898 | 185.370.77 | 1,025.55 | 186,396.32 |
| Minnesot | 6,216.96 |  | 6,216.96 | Grand total in U. S. 1897 | 182,919.82 | 1,508.65 | 184,428.47 |
| Mississip | 2,671.22 | 1000 | 2,681.22 | Grand total in U.S. 1896 | 181,153.77 | 1,623.86 | 182,776.63 |
| Missouri. | 6,753.66 | 8.90 | 6,762.26 | Grand tota' in U. S. 1895 | 179.175.51 | 1,481.96 | 180,657 47 |
| Montana | 2,915.46 |  | 2,915.46 | Grand total in U. S. 1894 | 176,602.61 | 2,105.94 | 178708.55 |
| Nebrask |  |  | 5,604.30 | Grand total in U. S. 1893 | 170.332.30 | 6,128.77 | 176,461.07 |
| Nevada. | $898.35$ |  | 898.35 | Grand total in U.S. 1892 | 165,690.97 | 5,872.55 | 171,563.52 |
| New Hampshire | 1,239.08 |  | 1,229.08 | Grand total in U. S. 1891 | 164,602.79 | 3,799.95 | 168,402.74 |

## © 1 atals.

STATHMENT showing the cost and date of construction, length, number of locks, and navigable depth of the principal canals of the United States used for commercial purposes.

| Canals. | Cost of Construction.* | When Completed | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Len'h } \\ & \text { miles. } \end{aligned}$ | No. of Locke. | Depth feet. $\dagger$ | Location. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albemarle and Chesa | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 1,641,363 \\ 1,500,000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1860 \\ & 18+7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 44 \\ 9 \end{array}$ | 1 | ${ }_{11}{ }^{71-2}$ | Norfolk, Va., to Corrituck Sound, N. C. Savannab River, Ga., to Augusta, Ga. |
| Angusts. <br> Blaek River. | $\begin{aligned} & 1,500,000 \\ & 3,551,954 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18+7 \\ & 18+9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 109 | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | Savannah River, Ga., to Augusta, Ga. Rome, N. Y., to Lyons Falls, N. Y. |
| Cayuga | 2,232, 633 | 1839 | 25 | 11 | 7 | Montezuma, N. Y., to Cayuga and Seneca Lakes, N. Y. |
| Champlain | 4,04,000 | 1822 | 81 | 32 | 6 | Whitehall, N. Y., to Waterford, N. Y. |
| Chesapeake and D | 3,730,2:0 | 1829 | 14 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | 9 | Chesapeake Citr, Md., to Delaware City, |
| Chesapeake and Ohio.... | 11,290,327 | 1850 | 184 | 73 | 6 | Cumberland, Md., to Washington, D. |
| Companys. | 90,000 | 1847 | ${ }^{22}$ |  |  | Mississippi River, La, to Bayoul |
| Delaware and Ra | $4,888,749$ $2,4 \times 2$ | 1838 | 66 | $\begin{array}{l\|} 14 \\ 33 \end{array}$ |  | New Brunswick, N. J., to <br> Easton, Ps., to Bristol, P |
| Des Moines Rapi | 4,582,009 | 1877 | 71-2 | 3 | 5 | At Des Moines Rapids, Mississippi River. |
| Dismal Swamp | 2,800,000 | 1822 | 22 |  | 6 | Conneets Chesapeake lay with Albemarle |
| Erie. | 52,5-10,800 | 1825 | 381 | 72 | 7 | Albany, N. Y., to Buffalo, N. |
| Fairfie |  |  | 41 1-2 | Noze. |  | Alligator River to Lake Mattimusk |
|  |  | $18+3$ | 42 | $\ddot{26}$ |  | Carroll, O., to Nelsomvill |
| Illinois and, Michic. | $7,357,787$ | 1818 | $1 / 12$ | 15 | 6 | Chicago, ill., to La Salle |
| Illinois and Mississipp | 565,643 | 1895 | 41.2 |  | 7 | Aroand lower rapids of Rock Riv., III. Connects with Miss. R. |
| Lehigh Coal and Navigstion Co. | 4,455,000 | 1821 | 108 | 57 | 6 | Coalport, Pa.2 to Easton, Pa. |
| Louisville and Portlan | 5,5,8,631 | 1872 | 21 |  |  | At Falls of Ohio River, Louisville, Ky |
| Miami and Erie. | 8,012, 880 | 1835 | $27 \frac{1}{4}$ | 93 | 5 1-2 | Cincinnati, O., to Toled |
| Morris | $6,100,000$ | 1836 | 103 | 33 | 5 | Easton, Pa., to Jersey City, |
| Muscle Shoals and E Newberne and Beau |  | 1889 | 16 3 | Nove. |  | Big Mruscle Shoals, Temo., to Elk Rive Clubfoot Creek to Harlow Creek, N. C. |
| Ogeech |  | 184 | 16 |  | 3 | aunah River, da., o Oge |
| Ohio | 4,695,209 | 1835 | 317 | 150 | 4 | Cleveland, O , to Portsmouth, |
| Oswego. | 5,2.39,526 | 1823 | 28 | 18 | S |  |
| Pennsylvan | $7,731,750$ 5888,892 | ${ }_{1873}^{1839}$ | 193 25 | None. |  | Columbia, Northumberland, Wilkes-Barre, Euntingdon, Pa. From Keweenaw Bay to Lake Superior. |
| Port A |  | 1899 | 7 |  | 26 | Port Arthur, |
| Banta Fe | 70,000 | 1880 | 10 |  | 5 | Waldo, Fla., to Melrose, F |
| Sault Ste. Mar | 4,000,000 | 1\$95 | 3 | 1 |  | Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at St. Mary's River |
| Schuylkill Navigation Company | 12,461,600 | 1826 | 108 | 71 | $61-4$ | Mill Creek, Pa., to Philadelphia |
| Sturgeon Bay and Lake Mich'n. | 99,661 | 1881 | 11.4 | Noze. | 15 | Between Green Bay and Lake Michigan. |
| St. Mary's | 7,909,667 | 1896 | 11-3 |  | 21 | Connects Lakes Superior and Huron at Sault Ste. Marie, Mick |
| Susquehann | 4,931,345 | 1840 | 45 | 32 | 5 1-2 | Columbis, Pa., to Havre de Grace, Md. |
| Walhonding | 607,269 | 843 | 25 | 11 | 4 | Rochester, O., to Roscoe, O . |
| Wellan | 23,796,353 |  | 263-4 | 55 | $14$ | Connects Lake Ontario and Lake Erie. |

*And improvements. $\dagger$ Navigable depth.
The Harlem Riter Ship Canal, connecting the Hudsod River and Long Island Sound, by way of Spuyton Duyvil Creak and Harler River, was opened for traffic on June 17, 1895, and cost about $\$ 2,700,000$.

## Suez Canal.-The Suez Canal is ninety-two milles long and cost about 102,950,000.

Mancarstbr Suip Canal_-Cost of canal about $\$ 77,000,000$. For the half year ending June 30,1899 , the gross revenue of the Ship Canal proper amounted to $£ 124,183$, and the expenditure to $£ 91,359$, leaving a net balance of $£ 32,826$. The Bridgewater canals furnished an additional net revenue of $\mathcal{£} 21,904$, making a balance available to meet fixed charges amourticg to $£ 55,795$. The Interest on debentares issued to the public requilres $£ 44,742:$ a mortgage on surplus lands absorbs $\mathcal{L} 1,000$, and the interest on the debentares held by the Manchester Corporation amounts to $£ 112,500$, makiug a total sum of $£ 158,24 \%$. There is consequently a deficit for the half year of $£ 102,447$. A comparison with the corresponding period in 1898, however, shows that some progress is being made, the gross receipts of the Ship Canal showing an increase of $£ 17,488$, while the total net balance expanded by $£ 11,126$. Should the present growth of revenue be maintainod it will be some nine years before the undertaking ia able to overtake its tixed charges.The Economist.

Baltic Canal.-Also known as the "North Sea and Baltic" and "Kiel" Canal. The canal is a waterway of great strategical importance for the Imperial fieets. It permits the German Laval forces to concentrate themselves either in one sea or the other in a very few honrs.

Panama Canal-Length, $481-2$ miles; estamared time of transit, 14 hours. The construction of a canal with lecks has been pronounced practicable by an internatinnal board of French, Englisn, German, Russian, and Amei ican engineers. The new plans provide for the usual system of locks and dams. Good harlors exist at the Atlantic and Pacific terminals. The canal is practicably inished from Colon to Bujen, 14 miles; this however, is the least expensive part. The great trouble is in passing through the Culebra Ridge. The width of the canal will be 160 feet at the top and 72 feet at the bottom, except through the ridyr, where it will be 78 feet at the top and 29 feet at the bothom. The cost of completing the canal, it is said, will not exceed $\$ 100.000,000$. Abous $\$ \$ 75,000,000$ is eatimated as having aiready been exnended on the canal, resulting in the accomplishment of about 40 per cent of the er.tire amount of excavation that will be required. Time required for completion, about ten years.

Nicaragua Canal.-Projected to connect the Attantic and Pacific oceans, using the waters of Lake Nicaragua. Total dlstance from ocean to ocean, 189.9 miles, depth of canal, 3 C feet; least width at bottom, 100 feet; time transit from ocean to ocean, 44 hours; length of Lake Nicaragua, 110 miles; average width, 40 miles; surface area, about 2,600 square miles; area of watershed of lake, about 8,000 square miles.

From New York to Sao Francisco by water, around Cape Horn, the distance at present is 15,660 miles by the Nicaragua Canal the distance between the same points will be 4,907 miles, a saving of 10,753 miles. The distances in statute miles from New York to the Pacific Ocean by the principal land and water routes are as follows. By water to Cape Horn, 7,897, by Southern Pacific Rail. read, 3,709; by Canadian Pacific Railroad, 3,619, by Central Pactific Rsilroad, 3,262, br Northern Pacific Railrosd, 3,237, by Nicsragua Canal, 2,519. Distance from Manils to New York in naxticai miles, va Suez Cansl, 11,565; via Niasragua Cadal, 1.746. Distance from Manila to London in nautical miles, vis Suez Canal, $9,60 \mathrm{~m}$; via Nicaragua Canal, 14,880. Estımated cost of constructhon of Nicaragua Canal by Nicaragua Canal Commission was $\$ 125,000,000$; time required for construction, a oout seven years

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## (From report issued by the International Bureau of Telegraph Administrations.)

THE following table sets forth the entire system of submarine cables of the world, meluding those along the shores and in the bays, gulfs, and estuaries of rivers, but excepting those in lakes and the interior watercourses of continents. The list includes all cibles operated by private companies, and in addition thereto uuder the name of each nation is given the list of cables operated by the government of that uation.

Companiks.

Anglo-American Telegraph Co.:
Transatlantic System-Valentia (Iieland) to Heart's Content (Newfoundland).
Minon, near Brest (France) ${ }^{\text {) }}$, to ${ }^{\text {stit. }}$ Pierre-Miquelon.
Commmication on A merican - coasts.

European Communication

## Total.

Commercial Cable Co.:
Transatlantic System-Waterville (1 reland) to Canso (Novaricotia). Canso, N. S., to New York.........
Canso, N. Comso, N. sumication in Europe..........
Total
Direct United States Cable Co.:
Ballinskellig's Bay (Ireland) to Halifax (Nova Scotia).............
Halifax, N.S., to Rye Beach, Total.
Western Union Telegraph Co.:
Transatlantic system-Sennen Cove, near Peuzance, Eingland, to Dover Bay, near Canso, N. S... Dover Bay, N.S., to New York.. Gulf of Mexico System..

## Total.

Compagnue Française des Câbles Telsgraphiques.
Brest (France) to Cape Cod, Mass. Brest (France) to St. Pierre-Miq St Pierre to Cape Cod, Mass. Other branch lines.

## Total.

African Direct Telegrriph Co
Blacle Sea Telegraph Co.
Brazilian Subinurine Telegrapin Co.:
Carcavellos, near Lisbon (Portugal), to Vadeira, to St. Vincent (Cape Verde Island), to Pernambuco (Brazil)

|  |  | Companizs. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Central and South American Telegraph Co. | 15 | 7,500 |
| 4 | 7,510 | Compagnie Allenurude des Câbles Télegruphique. | 1 | 1,114 |
|  |  | Compuniu Telegn afico-Telefonica del |  | 28 |
|  |  |  | 1 | 8 |
| 9 | 1,964 101 | Plata.................. $\ldots$......... | 1 | 28 |
|  |  | Direch Spanish Telegraph Co | 4 | 710 |
| 15 | 12,293 | Direct liest India Cable Co.: |  |  |
|  |  | Bermuda - Turls's Island, and Turk's Island - Jamaica. ....... | 2 | 1,280 |
| 3 | 6,893 | Eustern aud south African Ielegraph |  |  |
| 1 | 826 511 | Co. | 13 | 8,907 |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | 511 839 | Eastern Extension Australasia and China Tplegraph Co.. | 27 | 17,359 |
|  |  | Easlern Telegraph Co.: |  |  |
| 7 | 9,069 | Anglo-Spanish - Portuguese System. | 13 | 5.374 |
|  |  | System West of Malta............... | 18 | 5,713 |
| 1 | 2,564 | Italo-Greek System | 1 | 503 |
| 1 | 535 | Austro-GreekSyste | 12 | 699 |
| 2 | 3,099 | Greek Sistem.. | 4 | 578 |
|  | 3,059 | Turkish System | 15 | 842 |
|  |  | Esypto-Eirupean | 5 | 3,427 |
|  |  | Egyptian system. | 13 | 11805 |
| 2 | 5,107 | Egypto-Indian Sy | 13 | 11,800 |
| $\stackrel{2}{8}$ | 1,776 | Tota | 84 | 29.318 |
|  |  | Furope and Azores Telegraph | 2 | 1,053 |
|  |  | Great Northen Telegraph Co.: <br> Cables in Enrope and Asia | , | 6,982 |
| 19 | 4,720 | Halifax and Bcrmuda Crible Cóor | 1 | 850 |
| 1 | 3,250 | Indo-Europeun Telegraph Co............ |  | 14 |
| 1 | 2,291 | India Rubber, Gulta Percha, and Telegroph Horks Co. |  | 140 |
| 2 | 422 | 刀fexican Teierraph C ¢ | 3 | 1,528 |
|  |  | River Plate Telegraph | 1 | 3 |
| 24 | 11,511 | South Americain Crule Co................. | 2 | 2,049 |
|  | 2,938 | United Siates and Hayli Tetegraph | 1 |  |
| 1 | 337 | West African Telegraph Co.............. | 11 | 2,977 |
|  |  | West Coast of America Telegraph Co. | 8 | 1,966 |
|  |  | Western and Brazilian Telfgraph Co. | 16 24 | 61639 4,639 |
| 6 | 7,375 | Grand tota | 323 | 151,06 |

CAELES OWNED BY NATIONE.

| Anstria. | 41 |  | Argentine Republic and Braz | 49 | 119 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Belgium | 2 | 55 | Australia and Niew Zealand.. | 31 | 345 |
| Denmark | 73 | 235 | Bahama Islands. | 1 | 218 |
| France. | 54 | 5,035 | British America........................ | 1 | 200 |
| Germany. | ${ }_{58}^{58}$ | 2,225 | British India (Indo-European |  |  |
| Great Britain and Ireland | 135 | 1,989 | Telegraph Departnieut)............ | 111 | 1,919 |
| Greece. | 45 |  | China................................... | 2 | 118 |
| Holland | 24 |  | Cochin China and Tonquin.......... | 2 | 774 |
| Italy... | 39 | 1,061 | Japan.................................... | 70 | 1,508 |
| Norway | 325 | 324 | Macao..... | 1 | 2 |
| Portugal | 4 |  | Nouvelle Calédonie.................... | 1 | 1 |
| Russia Spain. | 15 | $\begin{array}{r}1,744 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | Netherlands Indies.................. | 7 | 881 |
| Sweden | 14 | -96 | Island.... | 1 | 3 |
| Switzerla Turkey. | $23^{2}$ | ${ }_{344}^{10} 1$ | Total | 1,141 | 19,883 |

## Celegu apt zates

BETWEEN NEW YORK CITY AND PLACES IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA
EXPLANATION: Day rate, $40-3$ means 40 cents for ten words and 3 cents for each additional word; night rate, 30-2, means 30 cents for ten words and 2 cents for each additional word. address and signature are free. Rates given are Western Union rates.


## TELEGRAPH RATES-Continued.

## TELEGRAPH RATES TO FOREICN COUNTRIES.

These rates are from New York City. The address and signature are included in the chargeable matter, and the length of words is limited to fifteen letters. When a word is composed of more than fifteen letters, every additional fifteen or the fraction of fifteen letters will be counted as a word.

| Per Word. | Per Word. | Per 1 ord. | Per Word |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Algeria............ $\$ 0.32$ |  | Martinique ......... $\$ 1.00$ | Santo Domingo..... \$1.32 |
| Alexandria(Egypt) . 56 | Denmark........... 31.35 | Matanzas ........... . 25 | Scotland ............ .2 |
| Antigua........... 86 | Ecuador............. 1.25 | Melbourne, Vic 1.43 |  |
| Argentine Repub.. 1. 00 | England............. . 25 | Mexico (ity, \$1.75,10 wds. | Sicily |
| Austria............. . 34 |  | Nassau (Bahamas). . 35 | Siam |
| Barbadoes.......... . 96 | Germany........... . 25 | Natal (So. A frica).. 1.23 | Singap |
| Belgium............ . 25 | Gibraltar............ . 43 | New south Waies.. 1. 45 | spain. |
| Bermuda............ . 42 | Greece............... . 38 | New Zealand ....... 1.52 | St. Thom |
| Bolivia............. 1.25 | Guatemala.......... . 55 | Norway ............. . 35 | Sweden |
| Brazil................. 1.35 | Havana ............ . 25 | Orange Free state.. 1.23 | Switzerla |
|  | Hayti............... 1.55 | Panama $\qquad$ 97 | Sydney |
| Burmah............ 1.27 | Holland............ . 25 | Paraguay ........... 1.00 | langier |
| Callao (Peru)...... 1.25 | Hungary............. . 34 | Penang.............. 1.35 | Tasmania............ 1.58 |
| Cairo (Egypt) ...... . 61 | India............... 1.23 | Peru................. 1.25 | Transv |
| Cape Colony (S.Af.) 1. 23 | Ireland ............. . 25 | Porto Rico ........... . 75 | Trinidad ............. 1.0 |
| Ceylon.............. 1.25 | Italy................ . . 32 | Portugal ............. . 39 | Turkey (Europe)... . 37 |
| Chile...................... 1. 1.25 |  | Queensland........... 1.50 | Turkey (Asia)...... . 47 |
| China................. 1.60 | Japan................ 1. 76 | Roumania .......... . 36 | Uruguay ............ 1.00 |
| Cochin China...... 1.35 | Java................ 1. 17 | Russia (Europe).... . 43 | Venezuela............ 1.60 |
| Colon................ . 97 | Korea (Seoul)...... 1. 96 | Russia (Asia, West) . 50 | Vera Cruz, 81.75 , 10 wds. |
| Cyprus.............. . 56 |  | Russia (Asia, East). . 56 | Victoria (Aus.)..... 1.43 |

## TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE STATISTICS.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CCMPANY.
Statement exhibiting the mileage of lines operated, number of offices, number of messages sent, receipts, expenses, and profits for $1866,1870,1875,1880$, and 1850, and each year from 1893 to 1899 Inclusive:

| Xear. | Miles of Poles and Cables. | Miles of Wire. | Offices. | Messages. | Receipts. | Expenses. | Profits. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1866. | 37,380 | 75,686 | 2,250 |  |  |  |  |
| 1870. | 54,109 | 112,191 | 3,972 | 9,157,646 | \$7,138,737.96 | \$4,910,772. 48 | \$9,227, 265.64 |
| 1875. | 72,833 | 179,496 | 6,565 | 17,153,710 | 9,564,574.60 | 6,330, 414.77 | 3,229,157.83 |
| 1880. | 85, 645 | 239.534 | 9,077 | 29,215,509 | 12,782,894.53 | 6,948,956.74 | 5,883,987.79 |
| 1890. | 183,917 | 678,097 | 19,382 | 55,878,762 | 22,38i,028.91 | 15,074,303.81 | $7,318,725.10$ |
| 1893. | 189,986 | 769,201 | 21,078 | 66,591,858 | 24,978,412.96 | 17,482,405.68 | 7,496,087.28 |
| 1894. | 180,309 | 790,792 | 21,166 | 58,632,237 | 21.852,655.09 | 10,060,170.00 | 5,792,485.00 |
| 1895. | 189,714 | 802,651 | 21,360 | 58,507,315 | 22,218,019.18 | 16,076,6兹9.97 | 6,141,389.21 |
| 1896. | 189,918 | 836,939 | 21,725 | 58,760,444 | 22,612, 236.28 | 16,714,756.10 | 5,897 980.18 |
| 1897. | 199,614 | 841,002 | 21,769 | 58,151, 684 | 22,638,859.16 | 16,900, 6 5 6.68 | 5,738,203.13 |
| 1898 | 189,847 | 874,420 | 22,210 | 62,173,749 | 28,915,732.78 | 17,820,581. 52 | 6,090,151.26 |
| 1899. | 189,856 | 904,633 | 22,285 | 61,398,1ว7 | 28,954,312.05 | 18,065,579.19 | 5,888,732.86 |

The average toll per message in 1868 was 104.7 ; in 1889 was 31.2 ; in 1890 wess 29.4 ; in 1891 was 32.5 ; in 1892 was 31.6 ; in 1893 was 31.2 ; in 1894 was 30.0 , in 1890 was 30.7 ; in 1806 was 30.9 ; in 1897 was 30.5 ; in 1898 was 30.1 ; in 1899 was 30.8 . The average cost per message to the company in 1868 was 68.4 ; in 1889 was 22.4 ; in 1890 was 22.7 ; in 1891 was 23.2 ; in 1892 was 22.3 ; in 1893 was 28.7 ; in 1884 was 29.3 ; in 1895 was 28.3 ; in 1896 was 24.0 ; in 1897 was 24.3 , in 1898 was 24.7 ; in 1899 was 25.1.

The Postal Telegraph Cable Company also transacts business over a portion of the United States, but the company declines to furnish information of its wire mileage, etc.

GROWTH OF THE TELEGRAPH SERVICE IN THE WORLD.
Number of messages, 1870: Norway, 466.700. Sweden, 500,300; Denmark, 513,628 ; Germany, 8,207,800; Netherlands, 1,837,800; Belgium, 1,998,800; France, 5.683,800; Switzerland, 1,629,385; Spain, 1,050,000 Italy. $2,189,000$; Austria, $3,388,249$; Hungary. 1,489.000; United States, $9,157,646$; Great Brltain and Ireland, 9,650,000.

Number of messages, 1895-96: Norway, $2,000,000$; Sweden, $3,000,000$; Denmark, $1,602,365$; Germany, $32,134,472$; Netherlands, 4, 385,010 ; Belgium, 8,307,193; France, $52,000,000$, Switzerland, $6,000,000$; Spain, $4,084,704$; Italy , 8,842,383; Austria, 12,602,632; Hungary, $9,929,844$; United States, $70,000,000$; Great Britain and Ireland, 78,839,610.

## TELEPHONE STATISTICS.

The following are the latest statistics made publlc by the American Bell Telephone Company, which practically monopolizes the telephone business of the United States. The figures are for $\underline{\text { January } 1 \text { of each year: }}$

|  | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899 |  | 1896. | 1897. | 1898. | 1899. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exchanges. | 927 | 967 | 1,025 | 1,186 | Mlles of wire submarine | 2,083 | 2,818 | 8,675 | 2,973 |
| Branch offices......... | 686 | 832 | 937 | 1,008 | Total miles of wire. | 459,788 | 836,845 | 626,403 | 772,989 |
| Miles of wire on poles. | 260,324 | 286.652 | 327,315 | 396,508 | Total circuits. | 287,871 | 284,645 | 295,904 | 338,293 |
| Miles of wire on build 'gs | 12,861 | 12,584 | 13,776 | 15,329 | Total employó | 11,980 | 14,485 | 16,682 | 19.668 |
| Miles of wire undergrnd | 184,51立) | 234,801 | 282.634 | 3E8,184 | Total stations. | 281,6\%5 | 336,844 | 884,230 | 465,180 |

The number of instruments in the hands of licansees under rental at the beginning of 1899 was 1,124,846. The number of exchange connections deily in the United States is $8,838,070$, or a total per year of over $1,231,000,000$. The average number of daily calls per subscriber was $82-10$. The capital of the company is $\$ 25,886,300$.

The long-distance company had January 1 1899, 10,079 miles of pole line and cable, and 128,275 miles of wire connecting 285 offices.

On January 1, 1898, Germany had 173.981 telephone statlons; Sweden and Norway, 52,950 ; France, 45,000 ; Russia, 20,108; all Continental Europe, 408,180 ; Great Britain (1899). 108,084; Uniteel States (1899), 465,180 .

## Electrical 3 rogresis ill 1899.

IN GENERAL.
THE close of the year 1899 found the electrical industry in all its departments in a remarkable and unprecedented state of prosperity and progress. The general increase in our export trade was shared by electrical manufacturers, but not to such an extent as will obtain in the near future, on account of the fact that just at present the domestic market cannot be promptly supplied with electrical products. Throughout the country electrical shops are crowded to their utmost capacity, and if the present prosperity continues, facilities for manufacturing will have to be materially increased. Recently pubfished statistics from an authoritative source estimate that the total American capital in the electrical industry, almost the whole of it producing a rate of return far above the avelage narket price of money, reaches the surprising grand total of $\$ 3,260,000,000$. These results have been accomplished practically in the last twenty years and indicate a future for electrical development that can scarcely be imagined.

Careful students of the situation believe that the greatest electrical progress, outside of the field of pure invention, will lie in the direction of cheapening the cost of production and distribution of electric current. The alternating current. which can be much more economically transmitted to distant points, will, it is thought, eventually displace the direct current, except for special services.

Another electrical exposition was held in the Madison Square Garden, New Jork City, dinring May, 1899. A handsome collection of electrical apparatus and devices was made, but no startling novelties were shown. A demonstration of wireless telegraphy on a small scale attracted considerable interest, and an extensive collection of electromobiles was exhibited. The most interesting of these was an electric railway repair wagon.

The National Export Exposition, held at Philadelphia during the Fall months, utilized the electric current liberally for decorative purposes, and also included a department devoted to the exhibition of electrical apparatus.

THF TELEGRAPH.
The principal advance of the year has been in the development of wireless telegraphy. There has been reported a test of a new system of very high speed telegraphy in Austria. This system is no great novelty. Two Hungarian engineers, Pollak and Virag, conceived the idea of using a system practically. similar to that employed on cables for high-speed telegraphy. The messages are first given to an operator of a typewriter machine, which punchescertain arrangements of loug and short holes in a paper strip, similar to that used in the familiar "ticker," corresponding to the letters of the alphabet. These noles are so arranged that when the paper tape is run through a proper sending machine certain positive and negative impulses corresponding to each letter will be sent out on the line. For example, the letter A consists of one positive and one negative impulse; the letter B of one negative and three positlve impulses, and so for the other letters of the alphabet. This tape, once prepared, can be sent through the sending machine with great speed. The machine is very simple. A spool, over which runs the tape, has two metallic rings imbedded in it under the holes on the sides of the tape corresponding to positive or negative impulses. Over these two springs bear upon the paper strip. When a hole passes on either side, the corresponding spring presses through it upon the cylinder of metal beneath, completing an electrical circuit. Through this arrangement the line is given connection with the positive or negative side of the sending battery in such conbinations as indicate each letter. The impulses arrive at the receiving end, and traverise a simple galvanometer arrangement which deflects to left or right accordingly as the impulses are positive or negative. A mirror monnted upon the moving part of the instrument reflects a bean of light which is allowed to fall on a sensitive photographicpaper tape or sheet moved by clockwork. In this way the right and left deflections are recorded. A speed of over 100,000 words per hour on long lines has been attained with this system.

Signor Marconi and several assistants came to New York City in sieptember to report the international yacht races of Sandy Hook by wireless telegraphy. sending apparatus were located aboard two steamships, which followed the yachts, and receiving stations were placed, one on the cableship Mackay-Bennett, anchored near the Sandy Hook Lightship, and the other on shore at the Highlands of Navesink. Bulletins of the progress of the race were sent from the following steamships to the Mackay-Bennett, and were received on a Morse tape recoriler. They were then translated, written out, and telegraphed to New York City over a smbmarine cable, the end of which was connected to telegraph instrunents aboard the Mackay-Bennett. The cable-shin was used for the experiments, which were successful. under the auspices of the Posial Telegraph Cable Company and the Conmercial Cable Conpany. The Western Union Telegraph Company also had an ocean telegraph station off Sandy Hook in the form of a schooner at anchor with the end of a cahle aboard connected with telegraph instruments. Newspaper tugs carried their bulletins to the schooner, from which they were telegraphed io New York in the ordinary manner.

The Signal Corps of the army made several experiments with Marconi's system of wireless telegraphy, with a view to its adoption by the corps for military use. The Navy Department also appointed a board of officers to report on lests made with the system between the cruiser New York, the battle-ship Massachusetts, and the torpedo-boat Porter. It is understood that neither of these tests was completely successful, and that it is doubtful if the Govermment adopts the system, chiefly on account of the high value Mr. Marconi places on bis system and patents, about the validity of which there seems to be some loubt.

At the close of the year it was estimated that about $\$ 250,000.000$ was invested in telegraphs in the United States. This includes the money invested in the plants of the two great companies, railroad telegraphs. messenger systems, and fire and police telegraphs.

THE TELEPHONE.
Telephony progressed during the last year at more rapid strides than any other branch of electrical development. The Bell intere-ts in the Midde Northern States were practically combined into one system, which has become known as the Erie System, and which is probably at the present time the most extensive of the licensees of the American Rell Telephone Company The Bell companies on the Pacific coast were also practically combined into one organization The number ol instruments issued by the American Bell Telephnne C'ompany to its licensees was che largest in its history. The company's system now includes about 500,000 subscribers, and represents a value of probably $\$ 225,000000$.

The system of the New York Telephone Company had at the end of the year 1899 over 37.000 stations in the boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx, this heing a gain of about 10 . U00 stations for the year In Greater New York there was a total of over 49.000 stations, the boronghs of Brooklyn, Queens, and Richmond oeing served by a separate company. The number of public stations added to the system during the year was sroportionate. In the matter of direct underground distribution of suhscribers' lines much progress was made, and at present about 70 per cent of the stations are connected by wires which go overhead at no point between the telephone instruments
and the switchboard. During the year che company opened two new exchanges operated on the common battery system, and installed new switchboards operating on this system in three of its old exchanges. The new system has proven very popular with subscribers on acoount of the marked gain in rapidity and accuracy of operation. The work of converting the remaining portions of the company's system to this basis is now in progress. The company has reduced its rates for service, and practicaily the entire system has been put on the " measured service"' basis.

The "independent" telephone movement progressed greatly during the year, chiefly in the Middle Western states. There are now nearly 3,000 "'independent'" telephone exchanges in the United States, serving about $250,0 c 0$ subscribers, at rates usual y lower than the Bell charges for the same service. Toward the close of the rear a number of prominent capitalists formed the Continental Telephone, Telegraph, and cable Company, with a paid-in capital of $\$ 25,000.000$. The object of the company, it was announced, was to connect together the "independent"' exchanges throughout the country and to provide them with a long-distance service similar to that provided by the American Telephone and Telegraph Company for the licensees of the American Bell Telephone Company. The formation of the C'ontinental Company, in the opinion of many, indicated that the American Bell Telephone Company would at last have a real competitor in its formerly exclusive field.

ELECTRIC LIGETING.
The most noteworthy development of electric lighting during the year was the increased use of the long-burning inclosed arc lamp, especially for street lighting. 'shase economical and efficient lamps are rapidily extending their field of usefulness, and there are probably 125,000 of thembu service in Greater New York alone.

The Devey celebrations in New York City and elsewhere were wonderfully enhanced by the use of electric lamps for decorative lighting. At the night ceremonies in New York the city was literally aflame with light. The Dewey Arch in Madison Square was an artistic glow of radiance, and searchlights, located on high places, pierced the heavens with their beams. The largest electric sign ever constructed was that on the Brooklyn Bridge. It was composed of letters nearly forty feet high. forming the words "Welcome Dewey," and could be seen from a long distance down the bay.

Soldiers returning from the war were weicomed in their home cities by arches and avenues of triumph, electrically illuminated.

Central clectric-light stations look forward to the charging of storage batteries for the operation of electromobiles as a profitable source of revenue for their periods of light load, and are arranging to care for a large number of such customers.

While no exact statistics of electric lighting in the United States are obtainable, conservative estimates place the amonnt of canital now invested in this $\mu$ ranch of the ind ustry at $\$ 1,000,000,000$, There are in service at the present time about 500,000 arc lights and over $20,000,000$ incandescent lamps. In Greater New York alone there are thirty-five alectric-light stations. generating current for 1,000.000 incandescent lamps, 30,000 arc lights and about 25,000 horse power of small motors for varions purposes. It is believed that the capital invested iu isolated electric-lighting plants in Greater New York approximates $\$ 25,000,000$.

ELECTRIC POTVER.
The principal development of the year in the electric power branch of the industry was the change in the aititude of machine-tool bailders toward the use of direct connected electric motors for driving tools. Formerly builders of tools were opposed to the use of motors. as involving extraordinary ev.pense and, to a certain extent, doubtful operation. But the evident advantages of such a combination appealed to purchasers. The electrical manufacturing companies overcame such defects as existed, and machine-tool builders are now clamoring for motors to attach to their product. Several electrical manufacturing companies have entirely done away with belting, and are operating their entire plants by electric motors.

The new first-class battle-ships Kearsarge and Kentucky are completely equipped electrically. and all their auxiliary apparatus is driven by electric motors.

The plants of both the Niagara Falls Power Company and the Niagara Falls Hydraulic and Power Manufacturing Company were materially increased during the year. The vicinity of Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N. Y., is now supplied by electric carrent for power purposes almost exclusively.

ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION.
This field of electric development experienced a healthy growth during the year, chlefly in the increase in the number of plants generating electric current by water power and transnittlng it to distant points for use. One plant in California generates current tu this manner, and transmits it a distance of eighty-three miles for local service. The high prices for copper during the year enabled the raanufacturers of aluminum wire and cable to place their product in competition with copper, and several plants are now using aluminum transmission lines with satisfactory results.

## ELECTRIC TRACTION.

Properly included under this head is the wonderful progress made during 1899 in the development of the electromobile, or horseless carriage, propelled by electricity supplied by storage batterles. These vehicles are rapidly coming into use and their first cost is gradually being cheapened. Public electromobile service is now an established institution in New York and also in Boston, as well as several other cities in a smaller degree. Physicians especially have found that even at the present high prices for electromobiles their cost of maintenance compares favorably with that of vehicles drawn by horses. The Automobile Club of America, which includes in its membership a large number of owners of slectromobiles, was formed toward the close of the year and promises to do a greai deal for the development of this class of transportation, as well as giving valuable assistance to the "good-roads"' movement. It las been pretty thoroughly demonstrated that the electromobile is the most economical and available type of horseless vehicle for use on city streets, but at the present time, when it is difficult to have the requisite storage batteries recharged outside of cities and towns, the steampropelled vehicle seems to be the best adapted for interurban or touring use.

During the year the Third Avenue Railroad Company, of New York, changed over its entire system from cable traction to the underground conduit electric system. The engineering prolsems involved were of the most intricate and complicated character. Service was interrupted for but a fow hours, and then only after the period of heavy traffic had passed. In fact, several sections of the company's road were transposed almost instantly from cable tc electric traction. If present plans are carried out in the time now expected it will be but a short while hefore every street rallw ay in the city of New York will be completely electrically equipped on the underground conduit system.

The street railway service of the United States is now performed almost entirely by electric traction. It is estimated that the capital liabilititios of the street railways of the conntry at the close of the year were in the vicinity of $\$ 1,700,000,000$. TEore are about 950 electric railways in the Unfled States.

## 

Drowning. 1. Loosen clothing. if any. 2. Empty lungs of water by laying body on its stomach, and lifting it by the middle so that the head hangs down. Jerk the body a few times. 3. Pull tongue forward, using handkerchief, or pin with string, if necessary. 4. Imitate motion of respiration by alternately compressingand expanding the lower ribs, about twenty timesa minute. Alternately raising and lowering the arms from the sides up above the head will stimulate the action of the luugs. Let it be done gently but persistently. 5. Apply warmth and frictiou to extremities. 6. By holding tongue forward, closiug the nostrils, and pressing the "Adam's apple" back (so as to close entrance to stomach). direct inflation may be tried. Take a deep breath and breathe it forcibly into the mouth of patient, compress the chest to expel the air, and repeat the operation. 7. DON'T GIVE UP! People have been saved after Horrs of patient, vigorous effort. S. When breathing begins, get patient into a warm bed, give WARM drinks. or spirits in teaspoonfuls. fresh air, and quiet.

Burus and scalds. Cover with cooking soda and lay wet cloths over it. Whites of eggs and olive oil. Olive oil or linseed oil, plain, or mixed with chalk or whiting. Sweet or olive oil and limewater.

Lightning. Dash cold water over a person struck.
Sinstroike. Loosen clothing. Get patient into shade and applyice-cold water to head. Keep head in elevated position.

Mad Dog or Snake Bite. Tie cord tight above wound. Suck the wound and cauterize with caustic or white-hot iron at once, or cut out adjoining parts with a sharp knife. Give stimulants, as whiskey, brands, etc.
stinge of Venomons Insects, etc. Apply weak ammonia, oil, salt water, or iodine.
Frinting. Place flat on back ; allow fresh air, and sprinkle with water. Place head lower than rest of bods.

Tests of Death. Hold mirror to mouth. If living, moisture will gather. Push pin into flesh. If dead the hole will remain, if alive it will close up. Place fingers in front of a strong light. If alive. they will appear red ; if dead, black or dark. If a persou is dead decomposition is almost sure to set in after 72 hours have elapsed. If it does not, then there is room for investigation by the physician.

Cinders in the Eye. Roll soft paper up like a lamplighter, and wet the tip to remove. cr use a medicine dropper to draw it out. Rub the other eye.

Fire in Cne's Clothing. Don't run-especially not downstairs or out-of-doors. Roll on carpet or wrap in woollen rug or blanket. Keep the head down, so as not to inhale flame.

Fire from Kerosene, Don't use water, it will spread the flames. Dirt, sand, or flour is the best extiuguisher, or smother with woollen rug, table-cloth, or carpet.
kuffecation from Inhaling llluminating Gias. Get into the fresh air as soon as possible and lie down. Keep warm. Take ammonia-twenty drops to a tumbler of water at frequent intervals ; also, two to four arops tincture of nux vomica every hour oï two for five or six hours.

## Antirotes fox poisons.

First. Send for a physician.
Second. INDUCE VOMITING, by tickling throat with feather or finger. Drink hot water or strong mustard and water. Swallow sweet oil or whites of eggs.

Afids are antidotes for alkalies, and vice verisa.
SPECIAL POISONS AND ANTIDOTES.
Acids, muriatic, oxalic, acetic, sulphuric (oil of vitriol), nitric (aqua-fortis). Soap-suds, magnesia, lime-vater.

Prussic acid. Ammonia in water. Dash water in face.
Carbolic acid. Flour and water, mucilagin,us drinks.
Alkalies. Such as potash, lye, hartshorn, ammonia. Vinegar or lemon iuice in water.
Arsenic, rat poison, paris green. Milk, raw eggs, sweet oil, lime-water. flour and water.
Bug poison, lead, saftpetre, corrosive sublimate, sugar of lead, blue vitriol. Whites of eggs or milk in large doses.

Chloroform, chloral, ether. Dash cold water on head and chest. Artifcial respiration. Piece of ice in rectum. No chemical antidote.

Carbonate of soda, copperas, cobalt. Soap-suds and mucilaginous drints.
lodine, antimony, tartar emetic. Starch and water. Astringentinfusions. Stronc tea cannin.
Mercuryasditssalts. Whites of eggs, milk mucilages.
Nitrate of silver, lnnar caustic. Salt and waler.
Opinm, morphine, landannm, paregoric, soothing powders, or syrups, Strong coffee, hot bath. Heep awake and moving at any cost.

Sirychnine, tincture of nux vomica. Mustard and water, sulphate of zine. Absolute quiet. Pluo the ears.

## 

Crawl on the floor. The clearest air is the lowest in the room. Cover head with woollen wrap, wet if possible. Cut holes for the eyes. Don't get excited.

Ex-Chief Hugh Bonner, of the New York Fire Department. gives the following rules applying to houses, flats, hotels, etc.:

Familiarize yourself with the location of hall windows and natural escapes. Learn the locatlon of exits to roofs of adjoining buildings. Learn the position of all stairways, particularly the top landing and scuttle to the roof. Should you hearcry of "fire," and columns of smoke fill the rooms, above all KEEP COOL. Keep the doors of roums shut. Open windows from the top. Wet a towel, stuff it in the mouth, breathe through it instead of nose, so as not to inhale smoke. Stand at window and get benefit of ontside air. If room fills with smoke keep close to floor and crawl along by the wall to the window.

Do not jump unless the blaze behind is scorching you. Do uot even then if the firemen with scaling ladders are coming up the building or are near. Never go to the roof, unless as a last resort and you know there is escape from it to arljoining buildings. In big buildings fire a!ways goes to the top. Do not jump through flame within a buildingwithout first covering the head with a blanket or heavy clothlng and gauging the distance. Dou't get excited; try to recall the means of exit and if any fremen are in sight DON'T JUMP.

If the doors of each apartment, especially in the lower part of the house, were closed every night before the occupants retired there would not be such a rapid spread of flames.

## Paxriage ant Bivorce fatws.

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)
Marriage Licenses. - Required in all the States and Territories except New Mexico, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Oklahoma, and South Carolina; required in the District of Columbia.

Marriage, Prohibition of.-Marriages between whites and persons of negro descent are prohibited and punishable in Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Indiana, Kentucky, Maryland, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, Nevada, North Carolina, Uklahoma, Oregon, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Utah, Virginia, and West Virginia; but are "valid and effectual in law for all purposes' in Michigan.

Marriages between whites and Indians are void in Arizona, Nevada, North C'arolina, Oregon, and South C'arolina.

Marriages between whites and Chinese are void in Arizona, Nevada, Oregon, and Utah.
Marriage between first consins is forbidden in Arizona, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Montana, Nevada, New Hampshire, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Washington, and Wyoming, and in some of them is declared incestuous and void, and marriage with step-relatives is forbidden in all the itates except C'alifornia, Colorado, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Louisiana, Minnesota, Nebraska, New Mexico, New York, North Carolina, Oregon, Utah, and Wisconsin.

Connecticut prohibits the marriage of an epileptic, imbecile, or feeble-minded woman uuder 45 years of age, or cohabitation by any male of this description with a woman under 45 years of age.

Marrigge, Age to Contract, Without Consent of Parents.-In all the States which have laws on this subject 21 years is the age for males; and for females 21 years in Connecticut, Florida, Illinois, Kentucky, Louisiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Virginia, West Virginia, and Wyoming, and 18 in all the other states having laws, except Maryland, in which it is 16 years.

Marriages, Foislable,-Marriages are voidable in nearly all the States when contracted under the age of cousent to cohabit.

Divorce, Previons Residence Required.-Six months in Idaho, Nebraska, Nevada, South Dakota, 'Yexas, and W yoming, one year in Alabama, Alaska, Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Georgia, Illinois, Indian Territory, lowa, Kansas, Kentucky, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, New Hampshire, New Mexico, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Islaud, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia, Washington, and Wisconsin; two years in Florida, Indiana. Maryland, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Vermont; three years in Connecticut, New Jersey, and Massachusetts (if when married both parties were residents; otherwise five years); no statutory provision in Delaware and Louisiana.

Divorce, Ab-olnte, Cansen for. - The violation of the marriage vow is cause for absolute divorce in all the States and Territories, except South Carolina, which has no divorce laws.

Physical incapacity is a cause in all the States except California, Connecticut, Idaho, Iowa, Loulsiana, New Mexico, New York, South Carolina, Tezas, and Vermont. In most of these States it renders marriage voidable.

Wilful desertion, six months in Arizona; one year in Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Kentucky, Minnesota, Missouri, Montana. Nevada, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Utah. Wisconsin, Washington, and Wyoming; two years in Ala-. bama. District of Columbia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Mississippi, Nebraska, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Tenuessee; three years in Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetis, New Mampshire, Ohio, Texas, Vermont, and West Virginia; five years in Louisiana, Virginia, and Rhode Island, though the court may in the latter State decree a divorce for a shprter period. Both parties living apart without cohabitation, five years, in Kentucky; ten years, Rhode Island.

Habitual drunkenness, in all the States and Territories, except Illinois, Maryland, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Texas, Vermont, and Virginia. "Intoxicaiion from the use of intosicating liquors, opilm, or other drugs.' in Maine.

Imprisonment for feiony, or conviction for felony, in all the States and Territories (with limitations), except Florida. Maryland. New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, and South Carolina.
"Cruel and abusive treatment," ." intolelable cruelty," "extreme cruelty," "repeated cruelty," or "inhuman treatment,' in all the States, except Maryland, Michigan, New York, south Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West Virginia.

Failure by the husband to provide. six montbsin A rizona; one yearin C'alifornia, Colorado. Idaho, Nevada, and Wyoming, two years in Indiana, three years in Delaware; notime specified in Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan. Nebraska, New Mexico, Rhode 1sland, Utah, Vermont, W ashington, and Wisconsin.

Fraud and fraudulent contract, in Connecticut, Delaware, Georgia, Kansas, Kentucky, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Vermont, and Washington.

Absence without being heard from, three years in New Hampshire and Ohio; seven years in Connecticut and Vermont; voluntary separation, five years, in Wisconsin. When reasonably presumed dead by the court, in Rhode Island.
, Ungovernable temper 'in Kentucky; "habitual indulgence in violent and ungovernable temper,' in Florida; 'cruel treatment outrages, or excesses as to render therr living together insupportable,, in Arkansas, Kentucky Louisiana Missouri, Tennessee, and Texas; ,indignities as render life burdensome," in Missouri. Oregon, Pennsylvania. Tennessee, Washington, and Wyoming. Attempt to murder the other party, in Ilinois, Louisiona, and Tennessee.

Insanity or idiocy at time of marriage, in Arkausas, Colorado. District of Columbia, Georgia, Iowa, and Mississippi; insanity lasting ten years, in Washington; incurable insanity and two years' confinement in an asylum in North Dakota; insanity and six years' confiuement in an asylum, on six years' residence in Idaho.

Other causes in different states are as follows: "Husband notoriously immoral before marriage, unknown to wife," in West Virginia, "fugitıve from justice, in Virginia, "gross misbehavior or wickedness, ' in Rhode Island: "any gross neglect of duty," in Kansas and Ohio; "refusal of wife to remove into the State," Tennessee; "mental incapacity at time of marriage," in Georgia; "three years with any religious society that believes the marriage relation unlawful, "in Massachusetts; joining any religious sect that believes marriage unlawful, and refnsing to cohabit six months," in New Hampshire; "parties cannot live in peace and union," in Utah; "vagrancy of the husband," in Missouri and W yoming: "refusal of wife to cohabit for twelve months," in North Carolina, "excesses, ilu Texas; "where wife by cruel and barbarous treatment renders condition of hasband Intolerable, " in Pennsylvania.

In Georgia an absolute divorce is granted only after the concurrent verdict of two juries, at different terms of the court. In New York absolute divorce is granted for but one canso, adultery.

Collusion and connivance bar a divorce, also any condonation of a violation of the marriage vow.
(Compiled from United States Census Bulletin, 352.)

| Elements. | Prisoners in the U. S. in 1890. with Nativity and Parentage. |  |  | Paupers* in the U. S. in 1880, with Nativity and Parentage. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aggre- } \\ & \text { gate. } \end{aligned}$ | Men. | Women. | Aggregate. | Men. | iv viuen. |
| The United States | 82,329 | 75,924 | 6,405 | 73.045 | 40.741 | 32.304 |
| White | 57,310 | 52,894 | 4.416 | 66,578 | 37,387 | 29,191 |
| Native | 40,471 | 38.156 | 2,315 | 36,656 | 19.375 | 17.281 |
| Both parents native | 21.037 | 20.101 | 936 | 21.519 | 11,123 | 10, $3^{\prime \prime} 6$ |
| One parent foreign. | 2, 881 | 2.729 | 152 | . 949 | $\begin{array}{r} 5: 38 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 411 |
| Both parents foreign | 12.601 | 11,766 | 835 | 3580 | 2.176 | 1,404 |
| Ont or both parents | 3,952 | 3,560 | 392 | 10,608 | 5,538 | 5.00 |
| Forelgn Jorn..... <br> Birth place unkno | 15,932 907 | $\begin{array}{r}13,869 \\ \hline 869\end{array}$ | 2,063 | 27.648 | 16.938 | 10,710 |
| Colored........... | 25,019 | 23.030 | 1,989 | 6,467 | 3,354 | 1,2,113 |
| Negroes | 24,277 | 22,305 | 1.972 | 6.418 | 3,326 | 3,092 |
| Chinese | 407 | 406 |  | 13 | 12 |  |
| Japanese | 323 | 312 | 15 | 3̈6 | $1 \ddot{16}$ | 20 |

*Statistics of pauperism apply only to inmates of almshouses. Outdoor pampers are not considpred and there is no way of ascertaining their number in the United States, but it is comparatively small compared with that of European countries.
of the 114,620 parents of the white prisoners 45,732 were native, 60,153 were foreign born, and the birthplaces of 8,735 were reported as unknown. Omitting the unknown, the percentage of prisoners of the native element was 43.19 and of the foreign element 56.81.

As to nationalities of the 60,150 foreign parents of American prisoners 29184 were Irish, 9,987 German, 5,997 English, 4. ©64 English Canadian, 1.996 Scotch, 1. 483 Mexican, 1.209 Italian, and 1,036 French. Other nationalities were below 1,000.

Of the 133.156 parents of the white paupers 45.215 were native, 63.587 were foreign born, and 24,354 unknown as to birthplace. Omitting the unknown, as in the case of prisoners, 41.56 per cent of the paupers were of native and 58.44 per cent of foreign extraction.

As to nationalities of 63,587 foreign parents of A merican paupers 32,421 were Irish, 15,629 German, 4,688 English, 2,012 English Canadians, 1,392 Scotch, and 1,368 Swedish. Other nationalities were below 1.000.

## PAUPERISM IN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

1890. Registered public paupers in England and Wales, 780,451 ; Ireland, 107,129; France, 290,000; Germany, 320,000; Russia, 350.000: Austria, 290.000: Italy, 270,000 .

HOMICIDE IA THE UNITED STATES.
The census bulletin presenting statistics of homicide in the United States in 1890 was prepared by Frederick H. Wines, special agent on pauperism and crime. The following is the summing up of the results of his investigations :

Of 82,329 prisoners in the United States June 1, 1890, the number charged with homicide was 8,386, or 8.97 per cent.

Omitting 35 who were charged with double crimes, 6,958 of them (or 94.65 per cent) were men, and 393 (or 5.35 per cent) were women.

A - $\sim$ color, 4,425 were white 2,739 negroes, 94 Chinese, 1 Japanese, and 92 Indians.
As to the nativity of the 4,425 whites, 3,157 were born in the United States, 1,213 were foreign born, and the birthplace of 55 is unknown.

A careful and accurate inquiry into the parentage of those born in the United States results in the mathematical conclusion that 56.14 per cent of homicides committerl by white men and women is chargeable to the native white element of the population, and 43.86 per cent to the foreign element. On the same scale of 4,614 to 3,605 , the negro contribution to homicide is represented by $5,4.8$.

The percentage of those who can both read and write is 61.73 ; of those who can read only, 4.84; of those who can do neither, 33.43 . Of the negroes, more than one-half can neither read nor write; of the Indıans, nearly two-thirds. The percentage of illiteracy among the foreigu boru is nearly or quite three times as great as that among the native whites.

The number who have received a higher education is 253 , or 3.44 per cent.
The number employed at the time of their arrest was 5,659 ; unemployed, 1,225 ; unknown, 467.
The habits of 973 , in respect of use of intoxicating liquors, are not stated. The remaining 6,378 are classed as follows: Total abstainers, 1,282 ; occasional or moderate drinkers, 3,829 ; drunkards, 1,267 .

As to their physical condition, 6,149 were in good health, $600 \mathrm{ill}, 283$ insane, 24 blind, 14 deaf and dumb, 18 idiots, and 263 crippled.

According to the Chicago Tribune there were 7,840 homicides in 1898, as against 9,520 in 1897 , and 10.652 in 1896.

## CAPITAI PUNISIIMENT.

The States in which the death penalty is forbiden by law are Coloradn, Rhode Island, Maine, Michigan, and Wisconsin. It was abolished in Iowa, but afterward restored. In Rhode Island the
only alternative is imprisonment for life. In Kansas the signature of the (fovernor is necessary to an execution. The death penalty is inflicted in all the states for murder, except the five ubove named; and in addition, in Louisiana, for rape, assault with intent to kill, administering poivon, arson, and burglary; in Delaware and North C'arolina, for rape, arson, and burglary; in Alabama, for rape, arson, robbery, treason, immoral relations with female under ten years of age, or married woman by falsely personating her husband; in Georgia, for rape, mayhen1, and arson; in Missouri, for perjury and rape; in Virginia, Wont Virginia, South Carolina, and Mississippi, for rape and arson; in Florida, Kentucky, Tennessee, rexas, and Arkansas, for rape; in Montana, for arson of dwelling by night: in Maryland, for any variety of arson, In some of these instances the court may, in its discretion, substitute imprisonment. States in which the judge may substitnte life imprisonment for the death penalty on the recommendation of the jury are: A labama, A rizona, Califoruia, South Dakota, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Mississippi, Nehraska, Ohio, Oklahoma, and South Carolina, and those in which a like discretion is given to the trial court are: Minnesota, New Mexico, North Dakota, and Texas. In Utah the court may exercise the discretion if the jury so recormmends. In New York and Ohio the death penalty is now inflicted by the means of electricity.

## Stitiren.

IN European cities the number of suicides per $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 0}$ inhabitants is as follows: Paris, 42; Lyons, 29; St. Petersburg. 7; Moscow, 11; Berlin, 36; Vienna, 28; London, 23, Rome. 8; Nilan, 6; Madrid, 3; Genoa, 31 ; Brussels, 15; Amsterdam, 14; Lishon, 2; Christiania, 25 ; stockholm. 27. Constantinople, 12; Geneva, 11; Dresdeu, 51 Madrid and Lisbon sbow the lowest, Iresden the highest figure.

The average annual suicide rate in countries of the world per 100,000 persons living is given by Barker as follows: Saxony. 31.1; Denmark, 25. 8; Schleswig-Holstein, 240 ; Austria, 21. 2; Switzerland, 20.2. France, 15.7; German Empire, 14.3; Hanover, 14.0; Queensland, 13.5; Prussia, 13.3; Victoria, 11. 5; New South Wales, 9.3 ; Bavaria, 9.1 ; New Zealand,9.0. Sonth Australia, 8.9; Sweden, S.1; Norway, 75 : Belgium, 6.9 ; England and Wales, 69 , Tasmania, 5.3 ; Hungary, 5.2 ; Scotland, 4. 0 ; Italy, 3.7; Netherlands, 3.6 ; United States, 3.5; Russia, 2.9, Ireland, 1. 7; Spain, 1.4.

The cau es of suicide in European countries are reported as follows: Of 100 suicides: Madness, delirium, 18 per cent; alcoholism, 11 ; vice, crime, 19 , dififerent diseases, 2 ; moral sufferings, 6 . family matters, 4 ; poverty, want, 4 ; loss of intellect, 14 ; consequence of crimes, 3 ; unknown reasons, 19.

The number of suicides in the United states, six years, 1882-87, was 8,226. Insanity was the principal cause, shooting the favorite method; 5,386 acts of suicide were committed in the day, and 2,419 in the night. Sunmer was the favorite season, June the favorite month, amd the 11 th the favorite day of the month. The month in which the largesi number of suicides occur is July.

The number of suicides in 45 United States cities in the decade 1889-1898 was 16,409 In the principal cities the mumber was: New York, 3319; Chicago, 2.937, Brooklyn, 1.359: St. Louis, 1,269 ; Philadelpiia, 1,165 ; Boston, 693 . The highest rate per 100000 of population was St. Louis, 25.6 , and the lowest Holyoke, Mass., 3.3. These figures are by Frederick L. Hoffman, in the New York Spectator for June 15, 1899

## 

Kynchings. $-1891,192 ; 1892.235$; 1893. 200 1894, 190; 1895 171; 1896, 131; 1897, 166; 1898, 127 Total. 1412

The lyachings in 1898 were distributed as follows: Arkansas. 17; South Carolina, 14; Georgia. 12: Missouri, 6 Kientucky, 6; Lolisiana, 6; Texas. 3; Maryland. 2; Oklahoma, 1; Washington, 1 : VVyoming, 3 , Ininois, 1 . Indiana. 1; Mississippi, 15, Indiau Territory, 3: New Mrexico, 1; Alabama, 12, North Carolina. 4: Temnessee, 6 ; Virginia, 4; West Vırginia, 1: Florida 1; Alaska, 1, Kansas 1. Montana. 1. Of the total number 102 were negroes, 23 whites and 2 Indians. Up to September 11 there were 92 persons Iynched in the Unted States in 1899.

Legal Executionso-The number of legal executions in 1898 was 109. as compared with 128 in 1897, 122 in 1896 . $1: 32$ in 1895 , 132 in 1894,126 in 1893 and 107 in 1892 . The legal executions in see, 2, Missouri 5, Florida. 1, Maryland, 1: Massachusetts, 3: Oregon, 2; Minnesota, 2; Connecticht, 1; Onio. 2: Georgla, 8; Virginia. 8, South Carolina, 4, Texas, 10; North Carolina, 2; Indian Territory, 2; Kentucky 3 ; Calilornia, 10 , New York. 3 . Illinois. 6 , Washington, 1 . Pennsylvania, 7 ; New Jer ey 1 There were 72 hanged in the South and 37 in the North. of whom 60 were whites, 48 blacks, and 1 Chinese. The crimes for which they were executod were murder, 100 and assault. 9 .

Embezzlements. - The record of embezzling, forgery, defaulting, and bank-wreckage for 1898 showed a material decrease, being but $\$ 5,851$ 263, as compared with $\$ 11248,084$ in 1897 and being much the smallest total since 1588 . Of the total number of cases reported, nine persons stole over $\$ 50,000$ each, nine over $\$ 100.000$ each, obe over $\$ 200000$ one over $\$ 300000$ one over $\$ 400$.-
000 and two over $\$ 500.000$ each. Stolen hy city and county officials. $\$ 976.846$ from banks $\$ 2$;000 and two over $\$ 500.000$ each.
901 , $\$ 91$; by agents, $\$ 510.595$. forgeries, $\$ 324$ 2 200 ; from loan assoclations, $\$ 399,800$; by postmasters, \$21,143; miscellaneous stealings. $\$ 1066$, 788 .

These statistics were compiled by the Clucago Tribune.

## 

The Incane. -The total number of insane in the United States on June 1, 1890 (census of the United States), was 106.485 -whites, 99719 ; negroes. 6.535 ; Chinese. Japanese, and civilized Indians, 231. The number of incane males was 53.473. and of insane females 53.012. The total number of insane reported in 1880 was 91.959 . The number of insaue in each 100.000 of the popnlation in 1890 was 387.0 for the foreign whites, 140.5 for the native whites and 88.6 for the colored. In 1880 the corresponding figures were 398.5. 161.9, and 91.2

The proportion of insanity wasmuch greater among the whites than among the negroes, and very much greater among the foreign born than among the native horn.

The number of insane in asylums in 1890 was 74,028 -whites. 69.729 ; negroes, 4,299 . The num ber of in <ane in asylums in each 1,000 of insane was: Whites, 699 ; negroes. 658.

The number of insane admitted to public institutions Irom 1581 to 1889 inclusive. was 190, 458. The number admitted to private ins titutions in the same period, 13833.

Reports from thirty states to the Committee on States of the National Conference of Charities and Correction showed 102,000 insane persous in 1896. At this rate the whole United States would have 145,00 insane.

The Feeble Minded.-The total number of feeble minded in the United States on June 1. 1890, was 95. G09-whites, 84.997 ; negroes, 10,574 ; males, 52.962 ; females 42,647; native-born whites, 75,910: foreign-horn whites 9,087 .

The Deaf and Dinnib. - The total number of deaf mutes in the United States on June 1, 1890, was 40.592 -whites, 37,447 ; negroes, 3 .115, otbers 30 , males 22429 females, 18,163; natlve-born whites, 33,278 ; foreign-horin whites, 4.169

The number of persons so deaf as to be unable to hear loud conversation on Jume 1, 1890, was 121,178 , of whom 80,611 were able to speak. The latteı were 49,278 males. 31,338 females, 77,308 whites, 3,308 negroes.

The Blind. - The total number of blind in the United States on June 1, 1890 was 50.568 -whites, 43.351 ; negroes, 7,060 ; others, 157; males, 28.080 ; females, 22.488 , native-born whites, 34,205 : foreign-born whites, 9,146 . The number of blind in one eye only was 93,988 .

The number of insane persons in Great Britain and Ireland in 1895, according to Mulball, was 123 396, or 3, 160 per million population; Austria (1S90). 102.080 . Huagary ( 1890 ) 65 545., The number of insaue in Germany in 1884 was 103,100; France, 93,900; Russia, 80000.

## 那任玉omers＇Commutation $\mathbb{C}$ able．

THE following table shows the time subtracted for uniformly good conduct from the terms to which prisoners are sentenced under the regulations in force in the State prisons of New York：

| Sentiexcy． | Cosomutation． |  |  | Remaining Short Term． |  |  | Sentencer． | Commutation． |  |  | Remaining Short Term． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Years． | Months． | Days． | Years． | Months． | Days． |  | Years． | Months． | Days． | Years． | Months． | Days． |
| $1 \begin{aligned} & \text { Years．} \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ |  | 2 |  |  | 10 |  | $11 \begin{aligned} & \text { Years．} \\ & \text { che．}\end{aligned}$ | 3 | 11 |  | 7 | 1 |  |
| 11／2．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | 3 | ． | 1 | 3 | ． | 111／2．．．．．．．． | 4 | 1 | i5 | 7 | 4 | iŏ |
| 2 ．．．．．．． | ．． | 4 | ．． | 1 | 8 | ． | $12, \ldots .$. | 4 | 4 |  | 7 | 8 | － |
| 21／2．．．．．．． | ． | 6 | ． | 2 | $\because$ | ．． | $121 / 2 . \ldots \ldots$. | 4 | 6 | 15 | 8 | 11 | 15 |
| ${ }_{316} \ldots \ldots .$. | ． | 10 | ．． | 2 | 8 | ． | $131316 . . . . .$. | 4 | 11 | 15 | 8 | 3 6 | 15 |
|  | i |  | $\ldots$ | 3 |  | ． | 14 …．．．．． | 5 | 2 |  | 8 | 10 |  |
| 41／2．．．．．．． | 1 | 2 | 15 | 3 | 3 | 15 | 1416．．．．．．．． | 5 | 4 | i5 | 9 | 1 | 15 |
| 5 ．．．．．．． | 1 | 5 | is | 3 | 7 |  | $15 . \ldots . .$. | 5 | 7 |  | 9 | 5 |  |
| $51 / 2 \ldots \ldots$. | 1 | 7 | 15 | 3 | 10 | 15 | 151／2．．．．．．．． | 5 | 9 | 15 | 9 | 8 | 15 |
| $6{ }^{616 . . . . . . . . ~}$ | 1 | 10 | 15 | 4 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 15 | $16.16 . . .$. | 6 | $\ddot{2}$ | 15 | 10 | 3 | 15 |
|  | 2 | 3 |  | 4 | 9 |  | 17 17．．．．．．．． | 6 | 5 |  | 10 | 7 |  |
| 71／2．．．．．．．． | 2 | 5 | 15 | 5 |  | iŏ | 1712．．．．．．．． | 6 | 7 | 10ั | 10 | 10 | is |
| 8 ．．．．．．．． | 2 | 8 |  | 5 | 4 |  | 18 ．．．．．．．． | 6 | 10 |  | 11 | 2 |  |
| 81／2．．．．．．．． | 2 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 7 | 15 | 1816．．．．．．．． | 7 |  | 15 | 11 | 5 | 15 |
| 9 9，．．．．．． | 3 | 1 |  | 5 | 11 |  | $19 . . . . .$. | 7 | 3 |  | 11 | 9 |  |
| 91／3．．．．．．． | 3 | 3 | 15 | 6 | 2 | 15 | 193／2．．．．．．． | 7 | 5 | 15 | 12 | 4 | 15 |
| $10.1{ }^{10} \ldots \ldots$. | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 8 | 15 | 6 | 6 9 | 15 | 30 | 11 | ${ }_{10}^{8}$ | ．． | 18 | 4 | $\ldots$ |

## 

BIRTHS PER 1，000 INHABITANTS．

| CoUntries， | 1865. | 1885. | 1896. | Countries． | 1865. | 1885. | 1896. | Countries． | 1865. | 1885. | 1896 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Austria | 37.7 | 38.3 | 39.0 | France | 26.3 | 24.7 | 22.7 | Norway | 31.7 | 30.9 | 300 |
| Bavaria | 36.9 31 | 38.7 |  | Hungary | 40.6 | 45． 0 | 41．1 | Prussia | 39.1 | 372 | 373 |
| Belgium． | 31.4 35 | 31.0 | 29.0 29.9 | Italy． | 38.3 35 | 37.8 34 | 35.1 32.0 | Sweden | 26.2 | 39.4 | 275 |
| England | 35.4 | 33.3 | 29.9 | Ne | 35.9 | 34.8 | 32.0 | Switzerland | 31.7 | 28.2 | 30.7 |


#### Abstract

The statistics for 1865 are from M．de Foville＇s work，＂France Economique．＇，Those for 1885 and 1896 from Mulhall．The most important fact to be learned from them is the steady decrease of the birth rate in most Eurorean nations．

In＂Statistique Humaine de la France，＂M．J．Bertillon presents the following table showing that the French are the least prolific and the Germans the most prolific people of Europe：

Number of children born alive annually per 1，（000 women of 15 to 50 years：France，102，Ireland， 114；Belgium，127；England，136；Netherlands，137；Spain，141；Prussia，150；Bavaria， 156.

The most productive age for mothers is 15 co 24 ，for fathers from 23 to 31 ．Of 100 mothers， 48 of the said age will have child ren yearly；of 100 fathers，only 34 ．The reproductive age of men may be


 said to cease at 60 ，although at 65 the chance of paternity is 3 in 1,000 ，at 69 is 2 in 1,000 ．－Mulhall．The birth rate per 1， 000 inhabitants in the United States，in 1890 ，was estimated by Dr．Billings， of the Census Office，as about 31．5．

As to the decreasing birth rate，Dr．Billings says：＂It is probable that the most important factor in the change is the deliberate and voluntary avoidance or prevention of child bearing on the part of a steadily increasing number of married people，who not only prefer to have but few children，but know how to obtain their wish．＂Dr．Cyrus M．Edson agrees with Dr．Billings as to the fact of the deliber－ ate avoidance of child bearing，but thinks that the principal cause is the physical and nervous de－ terioration of the women of the United States，and this，he asserts，is largely due to the severe strain of modern life aud education．

BARRENNESS．－One woman in 20 and one man in 30 are barren－that is， 4 per cent of population． It is found that one marriage in 20 is barren，say 5 per cent．Among the nobility of England 21 per cent have no children，owing to intermarriage of cousins．no less than $41 / 2$ per cent of the present nobility being married to cousins．－Mulhall．

Dr．S．D．Van Meter，of Denver，doubts the accuracy of the theory that consanguinity in marriage is a cause of barrenness，and attributes it to a physical cause．

CHILDBIRTH，DEATHS IN．－The average for 20 years in England and Wales has been 32 per 10.000 births－that is， $11 / 2$ per cent of all mothers die sooner or later in childbirth．－Mulhall．

IlLEGITIMACY．－The number of illegitimate births per 10000 women in 1896 was．England， 50 ； Scotland，87：Ireland．24；France，79，Germany，75，Austria，239；Hungary，151：Italy，98；Swit－ zerland，53；Sweden，125；Norway，92；Denmari，133；Netherlands，42；Belgium，111．－Muihall．

## 

Officers elected at the annual meeting at Minneapolis，in 1899．President，Dr．Peter H．3ryce Toronto，Ontario；First Vice－President，Dr．H．M．Bracken．Minneapolls，Minn．；Second Vice－Presıdent， Dr．Juan Breña，Zacatecas，Mexico；Treasurer，Dr．Henry D．Holton，Brattleboro；Vt．；Secretary Dr．C．O．Probst，Columbus，O．

## Prortality Statistics.

DEATHS IN THE UNITED STATES IN THE CENSUS YEAR 1889-90.
(Prepared for The World Almanac by the Census Office.)

|  |  | Whitr.* |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{cc} \text { Under } & \text { Five } \\ \text { Years of } & A G E \end{array}\right\|$ |  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { States } \\ \text { AND } \\ \text { TERRITORIEs. } \end{array}$ |  | Whits.* |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { تٌ } \\ & \text { 응 } \end{aligned}$ | Under FiveYgars of Age. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 范 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { y } \\ \frac{0}{3} \end{gathered}$ | © |  |  |  |  |  | 逆 |  |
| Alabama | 20 | 15 | 320 | 10,591 | 3,880 | 847 | Nevada. | 434 | 217 | 181 | 17 |  |  |
| Arizoua |  | 301 | 169 |  | 130 |  | N. Hamp.. | 7,074 | 5,704 | 849 | 17 | 1,809 |  |
| Arkansas. | 14,391 | 10,089 | 274 | 3,627 | 3,874 | 1,168 | N. Jersey. | 30,344 | 22.227 | 6,330 | 1,344 | 11,829 |  |
| California. | 17,703 | 10,605 | 5,286 | 1,281 | 4,234 | 119 | N. Mexico | 2,522 | 2,234 | 167 | 29 | 1,014 |  |
| Colorado | 5,453 | 3,929 | 921 | 86 | 1,875 |  | New York | 123,117 | 85,592 | 33,148 | 1,903 | 43,580 | 715 |
| Conne'tic' | 14,470 | 10,733 | 3,182 | 309 | 4,188 | 106 | N. Carolina | 18,420 | 10,886 | 69 | 7,234 | 4,021 | ,680 |
| Delaware | 3,107 | 2,0*6 | 241 | 695 | 805 | 282 | N. Dakota. | 1,716 | 1,067 | 593 | 4 | 763 |  |
| D. of Col. | 5,955 | 2,512 | 522 | 2,898 | 1,054 | 1,437 | Ohio. | 49,844 | 38,494 | 8,151 | 2,000 | 15ั,395 | 655 |
| Florida. | 4,145 | 2,108 | 176 | 1,806 | 726 | 642 | Oklahoma. | 352 | 302 | 15 | 30 | 13 |  |
| Georgi | 21,174 | 9,356 | 269 | 10,971 | 3,667 | 4,321 | Oregou | 2,575 | 1,959 | 386 | 38 | , |  |
| Idaho | 711 | 522 | 105 | 34 | 246 |  | Penn'va'ia | 73,530 | 56,401 | 12,648 | 2,383 | 24,82 | 932 |
| Illinois | 53,123 | 39,336 | 11,650 | 1,031 | 20,795 | 340 | Rhode Is'd | 7,559 | 5,344 | 1,939 | 24 | 2,62 | 73 |
| Indian | 24,180 | 20,505 | 2,185 | 862 | 7,317 | 298 | S. Carolina | 1.2495 | 4,730 | 178 | 10,448 | 1,767 | 3,786 |
| Iowa. | 17,521 | 13,381 | 3,221 | 162 | 5,187 | 54 | S. Dakota. | 2,705 | 1,869 | 733 | 11 | 1,001 |  |
| Kausas | 12,018 | 9,593 | 1,321 | 701 | 4,278 | 248 | Tennessee. | 23,854 | 15,229 | 428 | 7,573 | 5,363 | 2,754 |
| Kentucky | 23,877 | 17,446 | 1,177 | 4,479 | 6,789 | 1,572 | Texas. | 26,478 | 18,096 | 1,841 | 5,190 | 7.9 | 1,938 |
| Louisiana | 16,354 | 6,953 | 1,494 | 7,716 | 3,094 | 2,592 | Utah | 2,118 | 1,488 | 574 | 11 | 83 |  |
| Maine | 10,044 | 8,590 | 1,3.64 | 34 | 1,835 |  | Vermont | 5,425 | 4,556 | 575 | 13 | 1,154 |  |
| Maryland | 18,000 | 11,279 | 2,012 | 4,421 | 5,346 | 1,981 | Virginia | 23,232 | 11,600 | 400 | 10,819 | 3,93 | 3,999 |
| Mas' chu'ts | 45,112 | 32,747 | 11,327 | 630 | 15,109 |  | Wash'gt'n | 2,695 | 1,750 | 512 | 65 | 8 | 14 |
| Michigan. | 25,016 | 18,117 | 5,746 | 412 | 8,267 | 127 | West Va. | 8,275 | 7,228 | 328 | 519 | 2,724 | 178 |
| Minnesota. | 15,488 | 10,389 | 4,775 | 98 | 6,375 | 35 | W isconsin. | 18,662 | 11,508 | 6,493 | 101 | 6,01 | 24 |
| Mississippi | 14,899 | 5,834 | 177 | 8,560 | 2,095 | 2,896 | Wyoming. | 414 | 258 |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 32,435 \\ 1,012 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 24,499 \\ 625 \end{array}\right\|$ | 4,005 | 2,794 |  |  | Totals. | 72,944 | 596,055 | 140,075 | 114,313 | 264,7 | 41,911 |
| Nebra | 8,445 | 6,591 | 1,451 |  | 3,570 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * Including birthplace unknown; total number, 22,501. † Exclusive of Indians on reservations. CAUSES OF DEATHS IN THE UNITED STATES IN THE CENSUS YEAR 1889-90. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Causis. |  |  |  |  | Total | Deat |  |  | gs. |  |  | tal | th |
| Scarlet Fever........................... |  |  |  |  |  | 5,969 | Dia | F |  |  |  |  |  |
| Measles........................................ |  |  |  |  |  | 9,256 | Cancer | and T |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,432 | Consum | ptio |  |  |  | 102, |  |
| Whooping Cough |  |  |  |  |  | 41,677 | Pneumo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Enteric Fever.. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27,058 \\ & 18,594 \end{aligned}$ | Child B | rth and | Puerp | Dise | eases |  | 257 |

CAUSES OF DEATHS IN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.
APPROXIMATE RATIOS OF VARIOUS DISEASES IN 10,000 DEATHS.

| Diskases. | England. | France. | Germany. | a. | Italy. | Switzerland. | Belgium. | Nether- | Seandi- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| op |  | 400 | 390 |  | 360 |  | , |  | 350 |
| Bronchit | 1,150 | 310 | 400 | 1,500 | 30 160 |  | 480 | 180 | 330 |
| Consumption | 1,100 | 1,120 | 1,270 | 1,960 | 900 | 1,110 | 1,820 | 950 | 1,020 |
| Diphtheria. | 65 | 360 | 270 | 210 | 360 | 304 | 280 | 130 | 230 |
| Heart Dise | 620 | 298 | 230 | 200 | 580 | $\ddot{3} 85$ | 190 | iöó | 20 |
| Measles . | 184 | 180 | 100 |  |  | 46 | 165 | 150 |  |
| Pneumonia | 519 | 720 100 | 400 | 1,150 70 | 540 | 600 50 | 450 | 570 50 | 100 |
| Rheumatism | 41 | 35 | 25 | 40 |  |  |  |  | 40 |
| Scarle | 402 | 20 | 160 | 90 | 10 | 146 | 140 | 40 | 360 |
| Scrofula. | 130 | 130 | $\ddot{8}$ | 180 | 60 | $\ddot{54}$ | 150 | 100 | 120 |
| Typhoid Fever | 210 | 720 | 450 | 480 | 240 | 184 | 460 280 | 460 180 | 18 |

The above table is on the authority of Mulhall, as are also the following statements:
Cancer. - Mental worry, says Dr. Herbert Snow, of the Cancer Hospital, is the chief exciting cause of cancer. In 1891-95 the average number of deaths from cancer in England was 21, 194. About 60 per cent were females. Goitre. - There are 420,000 goitrous people in France and 2 per cent of conscripts are rejected for this cause. Leprosy. - There are 131,618 lepers in India, 98,982 males and 32,636 females. No other country in the world approaches India in this respect.

Plagues. - There were 196 destructive plagues in Europe from 1500 to 1840, but the most terrible recorded was that commonly known as the Black Death, which came from Persia into Europe in 1346. It was preceded by myriads of locusts, which filled the wells and poisoned the water of the countries east of the Caspian Sea. At Bagdad 500,000 people died in 90 days; at Cairo the mortality reached 10,000 in 24 hours. In Europe it lasted four years, and was supposed to have carried off 24,000,000 persons, more than 30,000 towns and villages being depopulated. So late as 1350 ships were met at sea with all on board dead. A mong the cities which suffered were: London, 100,000 deaths; Florence, 100,000 ; Valencia, 100,000; Venice, 70,000; Naples, 60,000; Paris, 50,000; Genoa and Vienna, 40,000 each.

## Aynopsis of Game Laws revised to January 1,1900. Changes are laable to occur.

NEW YORK.
Deer,-Open season in Kings, Queens, Nassau, and Suffolk Counties and Long Island Sound first two Wednesdays and the first two Fridays in November, elsewhere from August 15 to November 15; but absolutely prohibited in Ulster, Greene, Delaware, and Sullivan Counties prior to August 15, 1901. (Venison lawfully killed may be possessed till November 15. If possessed from Novemler 15 to 20 , possessor or seller must prove that the killing was done within the lawful periods or out of the State.) Taking deer alive for breeding in state parks permitted at any time anywhere. Only two can be killed or taken alive by auybody each season. Fawns must never be killed or caught. No traps, salt licks, or other devices shall be made or used. No jacklight or any other artiticial light shall be used prior to June, 1902. Dogs must not be used for houuding purposes, nor be permitted to run at large in forests where deer iuhabit, by owner or persous having charge of same prior to A ugust 15,1902 . This prohibitiou as to dogs does not apply to Long Island. Dogs while chasing deer in violation of law may be killed by any person. Hounding deer in Dresden and Putnam, Washington County, before 1907 is forbidden. Only one carcass may be transported from county where killed.

Moose, Elk, Caribon, and Antelope shall not be hunted, killed, possessed, or sold at any time. Meat of same, however, may be possessed or sold in the season of lawful possession.

Beaver. - Must not be caught or killed at any time.
Black and Cray Squirrels shall not be killed, except from Sept. 1 to Dec. 15 inclusive; on Long Island and Long Island sound, open season from Nov. 1 to Dec. 31 inclusive.

Hares and Rabbits.-Shall not be killed, nor (except in that portion of Long Island which is embraced in the City of New York) shall they be possessed in Long island and Long Island Sound. except from Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, both inclusive. Use of ferrets is prohibited. In the counties of Livingston, Wyoming, Erie, Sullivan, Oneida, Orange, Schoharie, Montgomery, Fulton and Hamilton, Albany, Greene, Ulster, and Columbia, hares aud rabbits shall not be kiled except from Sept. 1 to Dec. 15. The owner of any inclosed or uccupied farm lands may, of himself or by any member of his household, kill rabbits and English hares on his own premises at any time.

Web-footed Wili! Fowl.-Except wild geese and brant. Opeu season is from September 1 to May 1. Open season in Kings, Queens, Nassau, and Suffolk Counties and Long Island Sound (wild geese and brant not excepted) from October 1 to April 30 . On the Hudson River south of the 'troy dam, boats propelled by hand or a floating device may be used for the purpose of shooting webfooted fowl. Must not be killed or caught in any way save with gun raised at arm's length, and fired from the shoulder withont other rest. Boats propelled by hand and floating devices may be used in Long Island sound, Great South Bay west of Smith's Point. Shinnecock, Gardiner, and Peconic Bays, and sailboats may be used in Long Island Sound, Gardiner and Peconic Bays in pursuit of wild fowl. Hours limited between sunrise and sunset.

Quail. -Open season from November 1 to December 15. Can be sold and possessed from November 1 to December 31, but possession thereof after December 15 is forbidden unless it be proved by the possessor that said birds were killed within the lawful period for killing, or outside the State, and in the counties of cenesee and Montgomery at no time prior to January 1, 1903. These provisions do not apply to Robin's Island or Gardiner's Island.

Partridge or Grouse and Woodcock.-Upen season in Long Island and Long Island Sound from Nov 1 to Dec. 31. (Woodcock can be killed from Aug. 1 to Dec 31.) Nor shall either of such birds be possessed. dead or alive, or sold, after Jan. 5. Possession thereof during the first five days of January is forbidden, unless it be proved by the possessor or seller that said birds were killed within the lawful period for killing the same on Long Island. (Open season for woodcock in Richmond County from Jnly 4 to Dec. 31 ; in Clinton, Essex, Warren, Fulton and Hamilton Counties, Aug. 16 to Dec.15. In Rensselaer County woodcock and grouse protected to Sept. 1, 1903.) Open season elsewhere from Sept. I to Dec. 15 ; in Oneida ('ounty from Sept. 1 to Nov. 15 ; in Ulster County from Oct. 1 to Dec. 15. Not more than thirty-six of above-named birds to be killed or taken alive yy any person in any open season. Caunot be sold or possessed except from Sept. 1 to Dec. 31, but possession or sale thereof after Dec. 15 is forbidden, unless it is proved that the birds were caught or killed in the lawful period or out of the state. This provision does not apply to Long Island. Transportation (not more than twelve at any one time) allowed only when with owner. No partridge or grouse shall be snared, trapped, or netted. Meadow larks must not be killed, or possessed after they are dead, at any time

English Snipe, Plover, Hail, Bay Snipe, or Sbore Bird.-Must not be killed or possessed during May, June, July, and August. Open season in Long Island and Long Island Sound July 1 to Dec. 31. Meadow Mens.-Meadow hens, mud hens, gallinule or water chicken, or grebe shall not be killed or possessed from Dec. 31 to Aug. 15 in Long Island and Long Island sound. Vild BirdsoMust never be killed, caught, or possessed, liviny or dead, nor nests robbel or needlessly destroyed, except English sparrow, craue, hawk, crow, raven, crow-blackbird, commou blackbird, or kingtisber.

Mongolian Pleasant. -The killing, exposing for sale, or possession after killing is prohibited. This probibition does not apply to Suffolk County, where they may be killed from Oct. 1 to Jan. 31.

Bass, Pickerel, and Pike.-Open season for black bass and Oswego bass from June 15 to December 31: in Jeffersonl County, June 10 to December 31; in Lake George and Schroon Lake August 1 to December 15 ; in waters of Thousand Islands, June 10 to December 31 ; in Kings, Queens, Nassau, and Suffolk Counties and Long Island Sonnd, May 30 to December 31; in Jamaica Bay angling is lawful every day. Pickerel, pike, or wall-eyed pike may be caught and yossessed between May 1 and last day of February. Warren County (Lake George). -Fish of any kind must not be taken from East Brook and West Brook tributaries, in town of Caldwell, IIarris or Edmund Brook, Indian Brook, and Finkle Brook. in the town of Bolton, at any time prior to year 1903 . No person shall fish in any manner in Lake (ieorge or Glen Lake or tributaries for any pike-perch or any great northern pike between January 1 and June 15, or bullheads between January 1 and July 1 ; nor black bass or Ossvego bass from any of the watersin the town of Horicon between January 1 and July 10. Perch may be caught by angling in Lake (feorge at any time. Black bass must be ten inches long, not more than twenty-four to be taken by any person in one day, and in waters of Thousand Islands not more than twelve must be canght by a single person in one day,

Salt-water Striped 13ass less than eight inches in length shall not be intentionally taken from any of the waters of New York State, nor possessed; nor shall any person fish for or take any striped bass from the Hudson River with a net of any kind between March 31 and July 1.

Muskallonge.-Openseason from May 30 to last day of February. In waters of Thonsand Islands June 10 to Dec. 31. Salmon. - Open season from March 1 to Aug. 15. Must be fifteen inches long.

Salmon Trout and Land-locked salmon. -Open season from May 1 to sentember 30, except that in the counties of Dutchess, Ulster, Sullivan, Orange, Rockland, Putnam, Westchester, and Richmond land-locked salmon, otherwise known as ouananische, shall not be caught, except from April 1 to June 30, both inclusive. In Kings, Queens, Nassau, and Suffolk Counties and Long Island

## GAME LAWS-Continued.

Sound from April 1 to September 30. Must be fifteen inches long and must not be molested while spawning. Transportation allowed only when with owner.

Tront.-Open season from April 16 to August 31 In Kings. Queens, Nassau, and Suffolk Counties and Long Island sound from March 29 to August 31. Must be six inches long. Must not be molested while spawning. Transportation allowed only when with owner. Private ponds or streams must not be stocked with trout of any kind taken from the waters of the State.

Sbooting on Sunday. fishing within fifty rods of State fisheries and fishways, drawing off water to catch fish. using dynamite, pollution of waters, and stocking of the Adirondack waters with any fish, except of the salmon and tront families probibited Fishing through the ice in waters innabited by trout, salmon tront. or land-locked salmon prohibited. This probibition does not apply to Lake Ontario. Lake Erie. the Hudson and Niagara Rivers, nor Silver Lake in Wyoming County from January 1 to February 15. Salmon, black bass, trout, salmon trout, pike, and perch, caught in nets, in fishing tor other fish in the Hudson River must be cast back.

## NEW JERSEY.

Hunting on Sunday prohibited. Open Season. Quail or Partridge, Hare Rab-
bit....................................Nov. 10 to Jan. 1 Woodcock .. During July and Oct

1 to Dec. 10 Ruffed Grouse (sometimes
called part ridge or pheasant). Oct. Upland Plover or Dove............ ug Engish Snipe Mar 1 to Äp 30. Sept. Reed \& Rail Bird \& Marsh Hen. Aug. Web-footed Wild Fowl.. $\qquad$ ..Sept.

Squirrels.....During Sept. and Nov. 10 to Dec. 10 Brook Trout (not less than six melhes in length).............
Black and Oswego Bass (must
be at least nine inches lorg). May 30 to Dec. 1 Pickerel ................................. 1 to Feb. 20 Deer and Ring-necked Pheasant caunot be taken, killed, or posses prior to April 1. 1902. (Does not apply to preserves established A pril I, 1899)

Woodcock, Quail, $12 u f f e d$ Grouse, Partrialge, Gray Squirrel. -Must not be killed between December 1 and October 1 No person shall rill or have iu possession more thau five ruffed grouse in any one day or thirty-six in any one year. Woodcock. quail, and ruffed grouse. when killed, must inot be conveyed beyond the limits of the sitate.

Deer- - Must not be killed at any time.
Sora, Rail. - Must not be killed in the counties of New Haven, Fairfield, and Litchfield between January 1 and August 20, or in other countse between Jannary 1 and September 1.

Wild Fowl. - Wild duck, goose. or brant must not be killed in May, June, July, and August, or with any other gus than is commonly raised at arm's length and fired from the shoulder. Shooting at wild towl from any vessel propelled by steam of sails or from any boat or other structure attached thereto is strict!y prohibited

Firare, Rabibit.-Must not be killed between December 15 and October 15. (Use of ferrets on premises of anotber is torbidden )

Mongolisul or Chimese Pheasanta, -Must not be caught or killed prior to October 1. 1900.
Trout. - Brook brown or rainbow trout must be caught only with hook and line between A prill and july 1 Brook trout musi be at least six inches long. Not more than thirt y to be takenin one day. Blacfi Bras. - Must not be killed between May 1 and July 1. Must be caught with hook and line only This does not apply to any person taking black bass from any waters owned or leased by him, or to the towns of Canton Farmington, or West Hill Pond, provided such hlack bass is not to he sold.

Pickerel and Piire.-Possession of any dead pickerel or wall-eyed pike less than twelve inches long is prohidited.

Hunting and fishing on Sunday unlawful.
Wild Turkey Pbeasant, Grouse, Open Season. Quail, Partridge, Prairie
Chicken........................ Oct. 15 to Dec. 15
Web-footed Vild Fowl..............Sept. 1 to May 1 Plover ............................................ 15 to Jan. 1 Woodcock, During July and.....Oct 15 to Dec. 15
Rail and Reed Birds................. Sept. I to Dec. 1
Elk and Deer (dogs must not
be used).............................Nov. 1 to Dec. 1
Squirrels............................................ 15 to Dec. 15
Hares and Rabbits..................Nov. 1 to Dec. 15
It is unlawful at any season of the year to kill any elk. deer. fawn, wild turkey pheasant, grouse, quall, partridge, or woodcock for the purpose of selling tbe same.
It is unlasvful for any one person to kill in any one day more than ten ruifed grouse, commonly called pheasants, or more than fifteen quail or Virginia partriclge, or more than ten woodcock, or more thau two wild turkeys, or to kill in any one MASSAC
Shooting or fishing on Sunday is nrohibited.
Open season.

## Black Bass(except in Connecticut

River and tributaries)..........
Tront. Lake Trout, and Land-
shire. Hampshire, and Frank-
$\operatorname{lin}$ Counties ......
June 1 to Dec. 1

April 1 to Sept. 1
Trout, Lake Trout, and Land-
locked salmon. in Berkshire,
Hampshire, and Franklin
Counties ....................... April 1 to Aug. 1
Salmon ......................................... 1 to Aug. 1
Grouse, Partridge, or $W$ icock Sept. 15 to Jan. 1
(Must not be transpi ied beyond limits of the
8tate.)
Quail
Oct. 15 to Jan 1

LVANIA.
season more than two deer. Mongolian English, or Chinese pheasant must not be killed or caught at any time prior to 1902.

## Open Secuson.

Speckled Trout........................ Apr. 15 to July 15 Lake Trout................................... 1 oSept. 30 Black Bass and Wall-eyed Pike
(Susquehanna Sa!mon)........May 30 to Dec. 31 Green Bass (except in Lake Erie)June 1 to Jan. 1 Pike and Pickerel....................June 1 ぃ Jan. 31 Salmon and (rilse (over 3 ibs. ) Mar. I to Ang. 15 1n Pike County. open season for salmon or sperkled trout. May 1 to Angust 1 ; for pike and picierel, June 1 to February 15.

Delaware River. - No person shall catch or kill, in the Delaware River, any black bass, rock bass, or wall-eyed pike between January 1 and May 30. Must le at least nine inches in length; rock bass five incbes in length.
Tioga County. - It is unlawful to catch for the purpose of sale any speckled trout or black bass. USETTS.
Duck or Teal
Open season.
plove 15 Wild Pireon, Gull Gray Squirrel. Hare, or Rabbit.Sept. 15 to May $\frac{1}{1}$

Introduced Pheasants.-Taking, killing, or possessing. except for purposes of propagation, is prohibited until 1901.
Deer must not be chased or killed prior to November 1, 1903.
No rahbit, gray squirrel, or chipmunk, or any land bird except the English sparrow. shall be canght or killed on Cape Ann at any time.

Wild birds (unless noted above) must not be taken or killed at any time except English sparrows crow blackbirds, crows, jays birds of prey, wild geese etc.

## Ziffe ̉iecords of 1899.

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)

SPORTSMEN'S ASS'N TOURNAMENT, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, N. Y.
March 9 -21-Individual Championship MatchOpen to all, 100 shots off hand; 25 -ring target; distance 100 feet; any 22 -calibre rim-fire rifle allowed; shot in strings of ten shots. Competitors shot their ten strings during the tournament as the desired:
F. C. Ross, Brooklyn.... 2,425 L. C. Buss, Manhattan... 2,412 Louis P. Ittel, Pittsburgh 2,417 Louis Flach, Zettler R. C. 2,409 H. M. Pope, Harlford... 2,413

Continuous Match-Open to all ; off hand ; on 25ring target; distance 100 feet; any 22-calibre rim-fire rifle allowed: possible 150 points:
H. M. Pope
149 Gus Zimmerman.
Louis Buse..................... 149 149 Henry Holges. . . . . . . . ....... 148
L. S. Pillard............. 149
E.
H. M. Pope............... 149 Gus Zimmermann........... $148_{149}^{\text {Louis Buss............... } 149}$ Henry Holges. . . . . . . . . . 147
E. S. Pillard............ 149
Possible 375 points:

364

Fifty-Shot Record Scores, 200 yards offhand, German ring target:
August 12 -Pittsburgh Rifle Club Range, Pittsburgh, Pa. - L. P. Ittel made $\mathbf{1 , 1 5 0}$ points out of a possible 1,250.
Three-Shot Scores, 200 yards offhand, possible 75 points, German ring target:
September 2-AtZettler Rifie Club Tournament, Greenville Shooting Park, Jersey City, N. J.Louis Buss, of New York City, made the pos-

* sible 75 points.

Ten-Shot Score, 200 yards off hand, Standard American target:
September 4-At the Denver Rifle Club's Range, Denver, Col. -D. W. King made 96 out of a possible 100.
September 4-At Strafford County Rifle Association Range, Dover, N. H.-Bert Wentworth made 97 , tieing the record to date.
October 14-At Manhattan Rifle and Revolver Association Range, New York City-Dr. W. G. Hudson made 95.
Military Rifle, $\mathbf{1 0}$-shot score, 800 yards:
September 4-New Jersey Rifle Association, Fall Meeting (Winchester Match)-Sergeant George H. Doyle, New York, made 48 points out of a possible 50.
September 4-9-New Jersey state Rifle Association, eighth annual meeting, Hilton Trophy Match, 500 and 600 yards. First, New Jersey tean, 1,089; second, Georgia team, 1,079; third, District of Columbia team, 1.025. Hignest individual score, Dr. W. G. Hudson, of the New Jersey team, 98 out of a possible 105.
Interstate Military Match-200 and 500 yards. First, District of Columbia team, 1.006, secund, Georgia team, 1,006; third. New Jersey team, 959 ; fourth, New Hampshire team, 894. Highest individual score a tie between Private Appleby, of District of Columbia team, and Private C. S. Richmond, of Georgia team; score 89.
President's Match-Individual Military Champlonship of America-200,300.500,600, 800, and 1,000 yards. First, Lieutenant F. C. Wllson, Georgia, 267 ; second. Colonel ( $\underset{\text { G }}{ }$ T. Cann, Georgia. 259 ; third, Private C. S. Richmoud, Georgia, 249 ; fourth, Sergeant G. H. Doyle, New York, 248. Possible score, 300 points. Sixteen entries, representing tive states.
Wimbledon Cup fatch-30 shots, ossible 150 points, 1,000 yards; six eutries First, Lieutenant $\underset{F}{ }$. C. Wilson. Georgia, 140 second, Private W. G. Hudson, New Jersey, 134; third, Colonel G. T. Cann, Georgia, 113.'

Interstate Military Revolver Team Match-25, 50 , and 75 yards; United States standard target A; 10 shots at each distance; possible 150 points; five entries. First, First Regiment Cavalry Georgia Volunteers, 432 ; second, Sixth Battalion District of Columbia National Guard, 424: third, First Troop National Guard New Jersey, 420. Highest individual score was a tie between Sergeant R. P. Constantine, First Georgia Volunteers, and Private Fred. Agens, First Troop National Guard New Jersey, each with 105.
Individual Military Revolver Championship Match $-25,50$, and 75 jards; six shots each distance; United States standard target; reduced to 100 yards; possible score 90 points; four entries. First, Lieutenant R. H. Sayre, New York, 75; second, Lieutenant Sumner Paine, Massachusetts, 74 ; third, Private C. S. Richmond, Georgia, 74.

Ten-shot Score, 25 -ring target, 25 yards, possible 250:

A pril 1-L. P. Hansen, Jersey City, 250.
October 17-L. Flach, New York City, 250.
100-Shot Score-200 yards, German ring target, off hand:
September 14-At Shell Mound Park, san Francisco, Cal., F. E. Mason made 2.271. His score was made in 10-shot strings, as fillows: $218,231,222,225,229,229,232,227237,221$.
Muzzle Rest-10-shot score. 200 yards. Standard American rest target:
October 18-At Walnut Hill Range, Massachusetts, Mrs. S. E. Briggs made 119 points, out of a possible 120. (Telescope.)
Muzzle Rest-200 yards, 10 shots, possible 100. Standard American target, ofthand:
October 14-Strafford Cuunty Rifie Association Range, Dover, N. H., Harry Wentworich made full score, 100 points.

Note-This score on the rest target counts 115 out of a possible 120.
November 7-Annual Election Day Individual Championship Match, shot at Greenville Shooting Park, Jersey City, N. J.; 100 shots otf hand, 200 yards, German riug target, possible 2500 points, 20 entries:
First, Michael Dorrler, Jersey City. 2, 246; sec${ }^{r}$. ond, Fred. C. Ross New York CIty 2,208 ; third, Dr. W. G. Hudsou, New York City, 2. 182.

Hir, hest 10-shot score, possible 250:
First, Michael Dorrler, 232; second, George schlicht. 231.
November 7-Anuual Election Day Individual Championship Match, at. Shell Mound Park. Nan Francisco, Cal.: 100 shots, 200 yards, German ring target, offland:

First, F. FF. Mason, 2, 209; second, F. P. Schus-
ter, 2.204 ; third, D. W. McLaughlin, 2.181. Best 10-shot score:
F. F. Mason, first, 235: F. P. Schuster, second, 231.

Ten-Shot Score-200 yards, German ring target, offthand:
November18-At Greenville Shooting Park,Jersey City, N. J., L. P. Hansen made 240 points nut of a possible 250 . His shots are as follows: 24 , $24,24,24,25,22,23,25.24,25-240$.
Norx-Hansen's score ties the record.
Nore-Hansen's score ties the record.
Sepiember 14-At Shell Mound Park San Frast cisco, Cal., F. E. Mason made 237 . His shots are as follows: $25,22,24,24,22,24,24,24$, 24, 24-237.
Ten-Shot score; possible 50; 500 yards; Creedmoor target:

November j-Denver, Col., Rifle Club-C. C. Ford made the following scores: $50,48,48$, 50 . On November 13 he made 49, 50, 50, 50.
These scores are consecutive.

#  RECORD OF EEST PERFORMANCES. 

RUNNING.
Dashes-Best at All Distances.
(Revised to December 1, 1899.)


Heats-Best Twoin Three.

| 1/4 mile . |  |  | Oct. 19,1888 |  | . 0.22 /4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | , | Dallas, | Nov. 1,1890 | 0.48 |  |
|  |  | Va | Oct. 5,1894 | $0.471 / 4$ 0.55 | 0.47\% |
| 5/8 mile | Kusie S., aged, by rron Ha | Santa Ros <br> Dallas, Te | Aug. 23,1889 | 1.00 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.553 / 2 / 2 \\ & 1.00 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | \{ Lizzie S., 5, by Wanderer, 118'lbs........... | Louisville, K y | Sept. 18,1883 | 1.1314 | 1.1316 |
|  | Tom Hayes, 4, by Duke of M' trose, 107 lbs . | Morris Pk. $\mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}$. (st.c) | June 17,1892 | 1.101/2 | 1.1234 |
| \%/8 | Hornpipe, 4, by Imp. St. Mungo, 105 lbs | Chicago (Westside). | July 19,1888 | 1.30 | 1.30 |
|  | Guido, 4, by Double Cross, 112 | Chicago (Wash.Park) | July 11.1891 | 1.41 | 1.411/3 |
| $11-16 \mathrm{~m}$ | slipalong, 5 , by Longfellow | Chicago (Wash.Park) | Sept. 2,1885 | 1.5u1 | 1.48 |
| 114 | Gabriel, 4, by Alarm, 112 lb | Sheepshead Bay, N. Y | Sept. 23,1880 | 1.56 | 1.56 |
|  | Glenmore, 5 , by Glen Athol | Sheepshead Bay,N.Y | Sept. 25,1880 | 2.10 | 2.14 |
| 11/8 ' | Keno, 6, by Chillico |  | Sept. 16,1880 | 2.431/8 | 2.09 |
|  | le of Nelson, 5, won |  |  |  | 2.45 |
|  | Bradamante, 3, by War | Jackson | Nov. 17,1877 | 3.32 |  |
|  | Norfolk, 4, by Lexingto | Sacramento | Sept. 28,1865 | 5 | 5.2916 |
|  | \{Ferida, 4, by Glenelg, 105 | Sheepshead Bay.N. Y | Sept. 18,1880 |  |  |

* Course, 170 foot less than $3 / 4$-mile.
$\dagger$ Races against time.
St. a. straight course.


## THE AMERICAN TURF-RECORD OF BEST PERFORMANCES-Continued.

## Heats-Best Three in Five.

| Dist. <br> Mile. | Name. | Place. | Date. |  | Time. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Haddington, 6 , by Haddington, 118 lbs. | Petaluma, Cal. | Aug.28,' 83 |  | 0.491/20.50 | .493/4 |
| 34 | Gleaner, aged, by Glenelg, 112 lbs . | Wash.Park, Chic. | July 5,'86 |  | 1.15 1.141 | 1.1512 |
|  | Thad Stevens, aged, by Langford, 100 lbs . | Sacramento, Cal. | July 8,'73 | .. | 1.431/2 1.461/8 | 1.45 |
|  | Thornhill won the first and second heats in L'Argentine, 6 llo lbs | t. Lo | junel4.79 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.43 \\ & 1.43 \end{aligned}$ | i.44 | 1.473/4 |
| $11-16$ | Dare Douglas, 5 , by Leinster First and third heats were dead heats. | Sacramento, Cal. | Sept.23,'87 | $1.511 / 21.5112$ | 1.51161 .54 | 1.5018 |

HURDLE RACES.


| Distance. | Name. | Place. | Date. | Time. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 mile by a yearling. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Pansy McGregor. } \\ \text { Adbell* }\end{array}\right.$ | Holton, Kan. (kite)...... <br> San José, Cal. (reg. | Nov. 18,1893 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.2354 \\ & 2.23 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Arion*. | Stockton, Cal. (rite)..... | Nov. 10,1891 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.23 \\ & 2.1084 \end{aligned}$ |
| " 6 two-year-old.. | Jupe | Boston, Mas | Sept. 28,189 |  | 213 |
| 1 " " three-year-old | Fantasy | Nashville, Tenn. (reg.) | Oct. 17,1893 |  | 2.089 |
|  | \{ Directur | Nashville, Temn. (reg.) | Oct. 18.1893 |  | 2.0514 |
| . 6 four-year | Fantasy | Terre Haute, Ind. (reg.). | Sept. 13,1894 |  | 2.06 |
| "6 five-year-old.. | \{ Bingen. | Louisville, Ky. | Sept. 26,1898 |  | $2.06 \%$ |
| 1 " 6 six-year-old.. | ARalph | Nashville, Ten | Oct. 19,1894 Sept. 19,1894 |  | 2.0394 |
| Best 3 heats | Alix. | Terre Haute, Ind | Aug. 17,1894 | 2.06 2.061/4 | 2.0514 |
| 2 miles. | \{ Greenlander ..... | Terre Haute, Ind | Nov. 4,1893 |  |  |
|  | Col. Kuser....... | Vienna, Austria | Sept. 28,1899 |  | 4.282-5 |
|  | \{ Nightingale | Minneapolis, Minn........ |  |  | 7.1636 6.5516 |
|  | \{ Bertie R. $\dagger$ | Blackpool, England. | Sept.11,1899 |  | 6.58 9.58 |
|  | Senator | San José, Cal. (reg.) | Nov. 2.1894 |  | 10.12 |
| 5 * | Bishop He | Oakland, Cal. (reg.) | Oct. 14,1893 |  | 12.3098 |
| 10 ' | $\{$ Controlle | san Francisco, Cal. (reg.) | Nov. 23,1878 |  | 27.233/4 |
| 20 " |  | New Y ork, N. . (reg.) |  |  | 26.15 |
|  | General Taylor*.... | San Francisco | Feb. 21,1857 |  | 47.59 |
| 50 " | Ariel**............. | Albany, N. Y. | $-1816$ |  | 55.4036 |
|  | Conqueror | Centreville, | Nov. 12,18シ3 |  |  |
| To Vagon. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 mile in a race....... . .... | The Abbot | Hartford | July 4,1898 |  | 2.1214 |
|  | Hopeful. | Chicago, Ill. | Oct. 12,1878 | 2.161/22.17 | 2.17 |
| Best 3 heats. | \{ General Butler... | Fashion Track, L. | June 18,18+3 |  | 4.561/4 |
| 2 miles.................... | Prince | Centreville, L. 1 | Sept. 15,1957 |  | 7.58 |
|  | Fillmo | San Francisco, Cal | April18,1863 |  | 13.16 |
| 10 | Julia A | San Francisco, Ca | June 15,1858 |  | 29.041/2 |
| 20 | Controller | San Francisco, Cal.. | April20,1878 | . | 58.57 |

## Under Saddle.



## By Teams.

1 mile. Maud S. and Aldine, at Fleetwood Park, N. Y., driven by W. H. Vanderbilt to a road wagon (not a record), 2. 151,2, June 15, 1853.
1 mile. Belle Hamlin and Honest George, at Providence, R. I., driven by E. F. Geers to skeleton wagon with bicycle wheels, for a record, 2.1214, September $23,1892$.
1 mile. Belle Hamlinand Justina, at Independence, Iowa (kite-shaped track), driven by their breeder, C. J. Hamlin, 72 years old, to skeleton wagon, for a record, 2.131/4, October 24, 1890.

1 mile (in a race). Rose Leaf and Sally Simmons, driven by George Starr, at Columbus, Ohic, September 27, 1894, 2.1514.
*Against time. †Alias Polly G.' $\ddagger$ World's trotting record.

THE AMERICAN TURF-RECORD OF BEST PERFORMANCES-Coninued.
3 heats (in a race). Arab and Conde, driven by O. A. Hičrok, won in straight heats over the Bay District track, San Francisco, November 26, 1887, from Lindsay's Jane L. and Palatina. Time, $2.301 / 2,2.23,2.183 / 4$.

With Running Mate.

| Distance. | Name. | Place. | Date. | Tin |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ayres P.* | Kirkwood, Del. (kite) | July 3,1893 | $\ldots$ | 2.031 |
| PACING-IN HARNESS. |  |  |  |  |  |
| mi |  |  |  |  |  |
| " | Star Pointer | Spring | Oct. 14.1899 |  |  |
|  | \{Directly*. | Galesburg, İ | Sept. 20,1894 |  | ${ }_{2} 2.053$ |
| , two-year-o | Ecstacy. | Lexington, | Oct. 15,1898 |  | 2.10 |
| 1 "، three-jear-old | Klatawah | Louisville, | Sept. 28,189 |  | 2.051/2 |
| 1 "، four-year-o | Lady of the | Glens Falls, | Oct. 12.1899 |  |  |
| 2 miles... | Chehalis.. | Salem, Ore | Oct. 6.1897 |  | 4.1994 |
| 3 " . | \{ James K. Pol | Centreville, L. I. (reg.) | Sept. 13,1847 |  |  |
|  | Joe Jefferson*. | Knoxville, Iowa (reg.) Knoxville, Iowa (reg.) | Nov. ${ }^{\text {Notra }}$ |  |  |
|  | Fisherman | San Francisco, Cal. (reg.) | Dec. 19,1874 |  |  |
| mile, bes | Star Poin | Boston | Sept. 18,1896 |  | 2.0334 |

To Wagon.


Under Saddic.
1 mile.....................|Johnston............|Cleveland, Ohio..........|Aug. 3,1883|......|.....| 2.13
By a Team.


With a Runuing Mate.
1 mile (pacing).............|Flying Jib \& mate. |Chillicothe, Ohio (kite)..|Oct. 4,1894|......|.....| $1.58 \frac{1}{4}$

* Against time. †World's pacing record.


| Year. | Owner and Winner. | Sire. | Subs. | Starters. | Time. | Second. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 | Mr. H. Chaplin's Hermit. | Newminster | 256 | 30 | 2.52 | Marksman. |
| 1868 | Sir J. Hawley's Elue Gow | Beadsman | 262 | 18 | 2.43 1-2 | King Alfred. |
| 1869 | Mir. J. Johnstone's Pretende | Adventure | 247 | 22 | 2.52 1-2 | Pero Gomez. |
| 1870 | Lord Falmouth's Kingeraft. | King To | 252 | 15 | 2.45 | Palmerston. |
| 1871. | Baron Rothschild's Favonius | Parmesan | 209 | 17 | 2.50 | A Albert Victor. <br> King of the Forest |
| 1872 | Mr. Savile's Cremorne | Parmes | 191 | 23 | 2.45 1-2 | Pell Mell. |
| 1873. | Mr. Merry's Doncaster | Stockwell | 201 | 12 | 2.50 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Gang Forward. }\end{array}\right.$ |
| 1874. | Mr. Cartwright's Ceorge Frederick. | Marsyas | 212 | 20 | 2.46 | Couronne de Fer. |
| 1875. | Prince Batthyany's (ialopin | Vedette | 149 | 18 | 2.48 | Claremont. |
| 1876 | Mr. A. Baltazzi's Kisber. | Puccanee | 226 | 15 | 2.44 | Forerunner. |
| 1877 | Lord Falmonth's Silvio | Blair Athol.... | 245 | 17 | 2.50 | Glen Arthur. |
| 1878. | Mr. C'rawfurd's Seftou | Speculum | 231 | 22 | 2.56 | Insulaire. |
| 1879. | Mr. Acton's sir Bevy | Favonius. | 278 | 23 | 3.02 | Palmbearer. |
| 1880 | Duke of Westminster's Bend | Doncaster | 257 | 19 | 2.46 | Robert the Devil. |
| 1881 | Mr. P. Lorillard's Iroquois. | Leamingto | 248 | 15 | 2.50 | Peregrine. |
| 1882. | Duke of Westminster's Shoto | Hermit. | 198 | 14 | 2.45 3-5 | Quicklime |
| 1883. | Sir F. Johnstone's St. Blaise | Hermit | 215 | 11 | 2.48 2-5 | Highland Chief. |
| 1884 \{ | Mr. J. Hammond's St. Gat | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Rotherhill or } \\ \text { The Rover. }\end{array}\right\}$ <br> Stirling. ....... | 189 | 15 | 2.46 1-5 |  |
| 1885. | Lord Hasting's Melton. | Master Kildare. | 189 | 12 | 2.44 1-5 | Paradox. |
| 1886 | Duke of Westminster's Ormond | Bend Or ... .... | 199 | 9 | 2.45 3-5 | The Bard. |
| 1887.. | Mr. Abington's Merry Hampton | Hampton | 190 | 11 | 2.43 | The Baron. |
| 1888.. | Duke of Portland's Ayrshire. | Hampto | 158 | 9 | $2.421-5$ | Crowberry. |
| 1889. | Duke of Portland's Donova | Galopin. | 169 | 13 | 2.442 .5 | Miguel. |
| 1890. | Sir James Miller's Sainfoin. | Springfield. | 233 | 8 | 2.49 1-4 | Le Nord. |
| 1891. | Sir F. Johnstone's Commo | Isonomy . ...... | 203 | 11 | 2.56 4-5 | Gouverneur. |
| 1892.. | Lord Bradford's Sir Hugo | Wisdom.... .... | 259 | 13 | 2.44 | La Flèche. |
| 1893.. | W. H. McCalmont's Isingla | Isonomy | 229 | 11 | 2.33 | Ravensbury. |
| 1894. | Lord Rosebery's Ladas. | Hampton | 224 | 7 | 2.45 4-5 | Matchbox. |
| 1895.. | Lord Rosebery's Sir Visto | Barcaldin | 228 | 15 | 2.43 2-5 | Curzon. |
| 1896. | Prince of Wales' Persimmo | St. Simon | 276 | 11 | 2.42 | St. Frusquin. |
| 1897. | J. Gubbins' Galtee More | Kendal. | 291 | 11 | 2.44 | Velasquez. |
| 1898... | J. W. Larnach's Jeddah | Janissar | 276 | 18 | 2.47 | Batt. |
| 1899.. | Duke of Westminster's Flying Fox.. | Orme | 264 | 12 | 2.42 4-5\| | Damocles. |

## まasevall.

## THE PROFESSIONAL ARENA.

## THE NATIONAL LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP SEASON OF 1899.

THE professional baseball season of 1899 ended the eighth year's existence of the major League with its twelve-club circuit, and it would have been the most profitable season of its career but for the faulty management which characterised the running of the League's business, this costly drawback comprising the coutinuance of the abuse known as "kicking" -disputing the decisions of the um-pires-with its sequence of unruly conduct on the field, an evil which had had such damaging finaucial effect in 1898. It will be remembered that when the National League was reconstructed in the Fall of 1891, and took its pick of the American Association clubs, and became a twelve-club organization and the ruling power in the professional world, the transaction cost the National League magnates $\$ 186,000$. This great indebtedness was, however, paid off by the major League by the close of the season of 1893, thereby showing how profitable the twelve-club League had been up to 1894. From that date, however, the financial profits of each season began to decrease, and the cause of it was the gradual growth of the evil of "kicking," the result being the driving away from the grandstands the reputable class of the patrons of the game. In 1897 an era of positive turbulency began in the ranks of the players of the League clubs, and it was carried to such a disgraceful extent by a minority of the League teams that at the conventiou of that year repressive measures were adopted by the League magnates, and it was expected that 1898 would see an improvement shown. Instead, however, chings went on from bad to worse, and, to increase the trouble, discord in League councils began to manifest itself, and the result was that the season of 1898 turnedout to be the poorest financially known in the history of the major League. The Spanish War was, however, charged with being the main cause of the falling off in gate receipts in 1898, and the season of 1899 was looked forward to as one likely to compensate in receipts for that of the previous year. But again was the same costly mistake made in 1899 as in 1898 , and with it came great disappointment in the failure of the cash returns to equal the rosy anticipations of financial success indulged in by the magnates in the Spring of 1899. Losing sight of the true cause of the failure, quite a cry was made in 1894 for a return by the League to the old plan of an eight-club circuit in the place of the so-called "top-heavy twelveclub circnit," the advocates of the return to old plans forgettiug that it was the abuses that had beeu allowed to continue which had cansed the falling off in patronage, and not the number of clubs comprising the League circuit. To add to the cause of failure, a condition of "syndicate baseball" was allowed to exist, which not only helped to lessen the patronage, but also to risk the loss of the valuable prestige of playing professional baseball in its integrity, which the National League had secured by years of labor in behalf of honest ball playing. The National League with its twelve-club organization has yet two years more to live, and no constitutional change can be made in the way of reducing the number of its clubs vithout unanimous consent, and that consent is not at the League's command. Of course the clubs in excess of eight in the circuit could be bought out, but the costly experiment of 1891 is not likely to be again tried, and therefore the twelve-club circuit is liable to continue until the expiration of the major League's life occurs in the Fall of 1901.

What is needed at the hands of the League magnates to make the League season of 1900 one of great financial profit is, for them firstly to do away with the existing drawback to financial success of rowdyism in the ranks; secondly, to put an end to the damaging effect of syndieate baseball in lowering the prestige of the professional business for honest work, and lastly to even up the playing strength of the League teams to an extent sufficient to insure more evenly contested pennant races. Merely changing the League's circuit from twelve to eight clubs won't do it; the magnates must dig out the root of the existing evil.

The story of the pennant race of 1899 is figuratively told in brief in the appended table, which shows how each club stood in the race at the end of the season, and which club excelled in victories in the two divisions of the record:

CHAMPIONSHIP RRCORD OF 1899.

| Clubs. | First Division Clubs. |  |  |  |  |  |  | Second Division Clubs. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per Cent of Vic- } \\ & \text { tories. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { घi } \\ & \text { " } \\ & 0 \\ & \text { مि } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{50} \\ & \frac{5}{-0} \\ & \text { an } \\ & \frac{5}{3} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brooklyn |  | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 39 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 62 | 101 | 47 | 682* |
| Boston. | 6 | $\cdots$ | 5 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 36 | 10 | 5 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 11 | 59 | 95 | 57 | . 625 |
| Philadelphia | 6 | 9 | $\because$ | 7 | 7 | 10 | 39 | 6 | 9 | 6 | 10 | 12 | 12 | 55 | 94 | 58 | . 618 |
| Baltimore. | 6 | 7 | 6 | -• | 8 | 4 | 31 | 9 | 9 | 6 | 10 | 9 | 12 | 55 | 86 | 62 | . 581 |
| St. Louis. | 4 | 6 | 7 | 6 |  | 8 | 31 | 7 | 6 | 9 | 10 | 8 | 13 | 53 | 84 | 67 | . 556 |
| Cincinnati | 6 | 4 | 4 | 9 | 5 | .. | 28 | 10 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 14 | 55 | 83 | 67 | . 553 |
| Defeats. | 28 | 34 | 30 | 37 | 36 | 39 | 204 | 50 | 43 | 49 | 61 | 60 | 76 | 339 | 543 | 358 | . |
| Pittsburgh | 6 | 4 | 8 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 31 |  | 7 | 8 | 7 | 11 | 12 | 45 | 76 | 73 | . 510 |
| Chicago. | 5 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 8 | 38 | 6 |  | 7 | 7 | 4 | 13 | 37 | 75 | 73 | . 507 |
| Louisville | 3 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 33 | 6 | 7 |  | 7 | 12 | 10 | 42 | 75 | 77 | . 493 |
| New York. | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 21 | 6 | 6 | 7 | - | 7 | 13 | 39 | 60 | 90 | . 400 |
| Washington | 3 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 23 | 3 | 9 | 2 | 7 |  | 10 | 31 | 54 | 98 | . 355 |
| Cleveland. | 0 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 4 |  | 12 | 20 | 134 | . 130 |
| Defeats. | 19 | 23 |  | 25 |  | 28 | 154 | 23 | 30 | 28 | 29 | 38 | 58 | 206 | 360 | 545 | .. |
| Grand total of defeats...... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 358 | $\overline{73}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 903 |  |

* By a decision of the Board of Arbitration rendered on October 25, 1899, the Brooklyn club had its official record of October 15 changed through throwing out of the record nine of its championship victories and five of jts defeats, a result due to a misunderstanding of the League law in the case of piaying Wrigley in their September and October games. But the forfeiture of the games did not change the relative position of the Brooklyn club in the penaant race record, nor those of the clnbs which played againat the Brooklyns with Wrigley in the latter's team, though it did change the percentage figures of eaoh, but only to a slight extent.

It will be seen that while the Brooklyn and Phlladelphia clubs were tied in victories over first division clubs，Brooklyn was charged with the fewer defeats at the hands of the clubs of the first division，and in both re pects the Brooklyn team led the Boston team by having more victories and fewer defeats．In first divisiou club games，therefore，while Brooklyn bore off the palm，Philadelphia was second and Boston third．In victories over second division clubs，however，while Brooklyn led， Boston was second and Philadelphia third．In the aggregate Boston secured second place in the race and Philadelphia had to be content with third place．

The intersectional campaign in the pennant－race arena was a one－sided affair，as it has been for several years past，the six Eastern teams defeating their six Western opponents by the record of 284 victories to the West＇s 206．Brooklyn led the Eastern contingent，and St．Louis and Louisville were tied for the lead on the part of the West，the respective tail－enders being Washington and Cleveland． Here is the record in full：

EAST VS．WEST RECORD FOR 1899.

| Eastrrn Clubs． Record． |  |  | $\stackrel{\text {－}}{\stackrel{\text { d }}{\sim}}$ | 世边 | Western Clubs． Record． | 宽 | 号 | 安 | W\％ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brooklyn | 56 | 24 | 80 | ． 700 | St．Loui | 41 | 41 |  |  |
| Boston．． | 53 | 29 | 82 | ． 646 | Louisville | 41 | 41 | 82 | ． 500 |
| Philsdel phia | 50 | 33 | 83 | ． 602 | Cincinnat | 40 | 42 | 82 | ． 488 |
| Baltimore ． | 48 | 32 | 80 | ． 600 | Pittsburgh | 39 | 42 | 81 | ． 481 |
| New York | 41 | 41 | 82 | ． 500 | Chicago | 33 | 46 | 79 84 | ． 418 |
| Washington． | 36 | 47 | 83 | ． 431 | Clevelas | 12 | 72 | 84 | ． 143 |
| Totals．．．．．．．．．． | 284 | 206 | 490 | ．． | Totals．．．．．．． | 206 | 284 | 490 | ．． |

The success of the Brooklyn club in winning the League pennant in 1899 gives the club the unique record of being a four－times winner of pennant races．The club began its career in 1883 by winning the Interstate League＇s pennant of that year，and it ended its American Association membership in 1889 by winning that organization＇s pennant．Then it began its National League history by winning that League＇s pennant race the first year of its membership，and in 1899 won the major League＇s pen－ nant race．Here is the Brooklyn Club＇s pennant－winning record from 1883 to 1899 inciusive：

THE BROOKLYN CLUB＇S RECORD．

| Yram． | Club． | Mansger． | Won． | Lost． | Played． | Per Cent． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883. | Brooklyn | George Taylor．．．．．．．．．．．． | 65 | 33 | 98 | ． 668 |
| 1889. | Brooklyn | W．McGonnigle．．．．．．．．．．． | 93 | 44 | 137 | ． 679 |
| 1890. | Brooklyn | W．McGunnigle．．．．．．．．．．． | 86 | 43 | 129 | ． 667 |
| 1899. | Brooklyn | E．Hanlon ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 101 | 47 | 148 | ． 682 |

The only four－times winners of pennant races in four successive years known to League history were the old＂Boston Red Stockings，＂of the decade of the seventies，and the＂St．Louis Browns，＂ of the eighties，the respective records of the two clubs being as follows：

| Year． | Club． | Manager． | Won． | Lost． | Pla＇d． | Per Ct． | Year． | Clnb | Mavager． | W0 | Los | Pls＇ | Per Ct |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1872．． | Boston．． | H．Wright．．． | 39 | 8 | 47 | ． 830 | 1885 | St．Louls． | W．Comiskey | 79 | 33 | 112 | ． 705 |
| 1873. | Boston | H．Wright． | 43 | 16 | 59 | ． 728 | 1886 ．．．． | St．Lonis． | W．Comiskey | 93 | 46 | 139 | ． 669 |
| 1874. | Boston | H．Wright．．． | 43 | 17 | 60 | ． 717 | 1887 ．．．． | St．Lonls． | W．Comiskey | 95 | 40 | 135 | ． 704 |
| 1875. | Boston | H．Wright．．． | 71 | 8 | 79 | ． 809 | 1888 ．．．． | St．Louls． | W．Comiskey | 92 | 43 | ［35 | ． 681 |

The following table shows which player excelled in each department of the game．Thus it will be seen that Delehanty led in having the best base－hit average；Eiy in making the most sacrifice hits；McGraw in excelling in stealing bases；Hughes in having the best percentage of victories in games pitched in，and Peitz the best catching record，while the leaders in the four infield and three outfield positions were Beckley，McPhee，Cross，Davis，as infielders，and Kelley，Brodie，and Keeler in the ontfield，no player being named for any position（except the pitcher and catcher）who had not played in at least 100 games：

| Departarnt of the Gamir． | Player． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 号 } \\ & \text { 空 } \\ & \text { on } \\ & \text { H } \end{aligned}$ | Club． |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 菏 } \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { 砒 } \\ & \stackrel{0}{6} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base Hits． | Delehanty | L．F． | Philadelphi | 145 | ． 408 | ． 971 | 133 | 38 | 5 |
| Sacrifice Hits． | Ely．．．． | S．S． | Pittaburgh． | 138 | ． 288 | ． 932 | 64 | 9 | 29 |
| Base－Running | McGraw | 3B． | Baltimore． | 118 | ． 390 | ． 948 | 140 | 73 | 2 |
| Fielding． | Beckley | 1B． | Cincinnati． | 135 | ． 333 | ． 987 | 59 | 11 | 9 |
| Fielding． | McPhee | 2B． | Cincinnati． | 106 | ． 883 | ． 958 | 58 | 20 | 8 |
| Fielding． | Cross | 3 B ． | St．Louis． | 141 | ． 292 | ． 957 | 17 | 16 | 8 |
| Fielding． | Davis． | S．S． | New York | 111 | ． 348 | ． 944 | $69$ | 38 | 8 |
| Fielding． | Kelley | L．F． | Brooklyn． | 144 | ． 329 | ． 976 | 107 | 31 | 11 |
| Fielding． | Brodie | C．F． | Baltimore | 138 | ． 309 | ． 982 | 80 | 20 | 17 |
| Fielding． | Keeler | R．F． | Brooklyn． | 143 | ． 376 | ． 970 | 141 | 44 | 17 |
| Pitching． | Hughes |  | Brooklyn． | 35 | ． 261 |  | 17 | 1 | 2 |
| Catching． | Peitz．．． | C． | Cincinnati． | 91 | ． 271 | 953 | 45 | 9 | 10 |

The official statistics of the League＇s championship season of 1899 are，of course，too voluminous for the reviewing article of the ALMANAC．We give below an analysis of the batting，base－running， fielding，and pitching of the Leagie campaign，showing which the ten leading players are in batting， base－running，and felding averages，as also the list of the single players who led in each position of the game for the entire season．Here is the list of the ten players who have played in 100 games and
over, giving their base-hit percentages and also those of their fielding, their names being given in the order of their base-hit averages:

| Players. |  | Clubs. |  |  |  |  | Players, |  | Clubs. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Delehanty. | L. F. | Philadelphis. |  | . 408 | . 971 |  | Williams | 3B. | Pittaburgh... |  | $\overline{.352}$ | . 898 |
| 2. Burkett.... | L. F. | St. Louis ... | 138 | . 402 | . 933 |  | , Tenney.. | 18. | Boston . . . | 150 | . 350 | 976 |
| 3. McGraw | 3B. | Baltimore | 118 | . 390 | . 943 |  | Beaumont | C. F. | Pittsburgh | 104 | . 350 | 926 |
| 4. Keeler | R.F. | Brooklyn | 143 | . 376 | . 970 |  | Clarke | L. F. | Louisville. | 117 | . 348 | . 963 |
| 5. Wagner | 3B. | Louisville. | 144 | . 359 | \|.907) | 10. | Dsvis.. | S.S. | New York. | 111 | . 348 | . 944 |

The table showing which were the first ten of the season of 1899 in base-stealing, run-getting, and in sacrifice hits is appended, the names being given in the order of their percentage per game:

|  | Playkrs. | 通 | Clubs. |  |  |  | Players. | 号 | Clnbs. |  |  |  | Playkrs. |  | Clubs. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 McGra | 3B | Baltimore. | 118 | . 6186 |  | McGraw |  | Baltimore. | 118 | 1.1684 |  | El |  | Pittsburgh |  |  |
|  | Sheckard | R F | Baltimore. | 147 | . 5170 |  | Keeler | R F | Frooklya. | 143 | 3.9860 |  | M | L F | Pitts |  | . 1863 |
|  | 3 Lange. | C F | Chicsg | 107 | . 4219 |  | Delehant | L F | F Philadel's | 145 | 5 . 9172 |  | Long |  | Bostor | 45 | . 1724 |
|  | 4 Mertes | L F | Chicago ... | 109 | . 3944 |  | Thomas | C F | F Philadel's | 148 | . 9121 |  | Cross |  | St. Lonis.. |  | . 1634 |
|  | 5 Heidrick | R F | St. Louis.. | 147 | . 3877 |  | Stahl.. | R F | Foston.... | 148 | . 8527 |  | Thoma | C F | Philadel'a |  | . 1597 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {H }}$ Holmes | L | Baltimore. | 138 | . 3405 | 6 | Clarke | L F | Lonisville. | 147 | 7.8435 |  | Tenney. |  | Boston. |  | . 1466 |
|  | Thomas | C | Philadel'a | 148 | . 3378 |  | Williams.... | 3B | Pittaburgh | 153 | .8237 |  | Selbach |  | Cincinnati | 139 | . 1438 |
|  | Clarke | L F | Louisville. | 147 | . 3197 | 8 | Burkett...... | $\underline{L}$ | F St. Lonis.. | 138 | . 83333 |  | Ritche | 2 B | Louisville. | 147 | 1428 |
|  | DeMont'ville | 2B | Baltimore. | 143 | . 3153 |  | McGann |  | Wash'ton | 138 | . 8333 |  | Heidri | R F | St. Louis. . | 147 | 1360 |
|  | Keeler ...... | 2 F | Brooklya. | 143 | . 3076 | 10 | Van Haltren. | C F | F New York | 33 | 3. $7777 /$ |  | Lowe. | 2 B | Boston.. | 152 | . 1240 |

## THE MINOR LEAGUE ARENA.

Financial success was not a feature of the minor league campaign of 1809 , with perhaps a few exceptious, this result being maiuly due to the great business fault of the clubs in paying too large salaries in proportion to the paying circuits of most of the leagues. They established salary boundary lines, too, for the clubs and then failed to live up to them. Moreover, they followed the bad example of the major League as regards the abuse of "kicking," and this acted as another drawback to financial profit for their club investments, the general result being that only a minority lived up to their schedule engagements the season through. A consequence of this was that there were several of the minor leagues which disbanded before the season was half over. The record of the minor leagues which finished the season with most of their clubs intact is as follows:

| League. | Winging Club. | Won. | Lost. | Per Cent. | Tail-End Club. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Difference } \\ & \text { in Foints. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weatern. | Indisnspol | 75 | 47 | . 615 | Buifil | . 184 |
| Eastern | Rochester | 72 | 44 | . 621 | Eyracus | . 257 |
| New Englan | Newport. |  | 16 |  | Taunton | . 450 |
| Atlantic....... | Nichmond... | 50 87 | 16 53 | . 658 | Paterson Grand Rapids..... | . 5371 |

The International, Canadian, Indiana, Illinois, and Southern, Western Association, and Texas Leagues all failed to finish their rospective seasons.

Of the State Leagues, the Connecticut and New York were the most successful, the New Haven club winning the former and Rome the latter. The California League did not close its season of 1899 until The World Almanac had gone to press, and at that time the Sacramento Club held the lead. In November, 1899, the Western League changed its name to the American League, and this ably managed organization, together with the Eastern League, will lead the minor leagues in 1900 , as in the past.

## THE COLLEGE CLUB RECORDS.

More college club teams took part in the amateur campaign of 1899 than ever before, the university teams in the South and West showing up to better advantage than hitherto. In the Fast the interest in the college arena was monopolized by the annual contests between the Harvard, Yale, and Princeton University teams, their championship record giving the palm to Princetou, as will be seen by the appended record:

| Date. | Contesting Clubs. | Where Played. | Pitchers. | Innings. | Score. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May 13 | Princeton vs. Harvard. | Princeton | Ilildebrand-Morse | 9 | 10-2 |
| May 27 | Princeton va. Harvard | Cambridge | Hildebrand-Fitz. | 9 | 12-2 |
| June 3 | Yale vs. Frinceton. | New Have | Robertson-Hildebrand.............. | 9 | 8-0 |
| June 10 | Princeton $\nabla 8$. Yale Princeton Vs. Yale | Princeton. | liildebrand-Robertson. . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9 | $6-2$ $11-4$ |
| June 17 | Princeton va, Yal Yale va. Harvard | Cambridge | Hildebrand-Cook . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 9 | $11-4$ $2-0$ |
| Jane 27 | Harvard ve. Yale | New Have | Fitz-lRobertson | 9 | 4-3 |
| July 1 | Harvard $\mathrm{\nabla}$ a. Yale | New York | Morse-Robertson | 9 | 13-10 |

The summary of the above games is appended:

| Clubs. | Princeton. | Yale | Harvard. | Victories. | Per Cent of Victories. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Princeton. |  | 2 | 2 | 4 | . 800 |
| Harvard.. | 0 | i | 2 | 2 | . 400 |
| Yale.. | 1 | 1 | . | 2 | . 333 |
| Defeats... | 1 | 3 | 4 | 8 | .... |

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INTERNATIONAL RACES.

1869, August 27 Oxford (Eng.) four beat Harvard (Am.) four over the Putney-Mortlake course on the Thames by three clear lengths. Time, 22.20 4-5.
1876 A ugust 28, 29. Four-oared crews of Yale and Columbia (Am.). First Trinity, Cambridge (Eng.) and Dublin (Ire.) rowed in the open amateur race at the centennial Regatta, Philadetphia. In a mile and a half, straightaway, with a slight current, Dublin was beaten in the first round and liale and First Trinity in the second round, whlle Columbia withdrew.
18\%6, september 1. Over the same course, in the International Inter- University race, Yale won in 9.103 , with Columbia second in 9.20 , while First Trinity did not finish, one of the crew fainting half-way down the course.
1878, July 4, At the Henley-on• Thames Royal Regatta, one mile and five-sixteenths, against a slight current, four-oared crews of Columbia (Am.) and Dublin (Ire.) were beaten in the first trial heat for the Stewards' Cup.
1878, July 4, 5. At the same regatta Columbia won the Visitors' Challenge Inter-University race in 8.42 , beating Univ, College, Oxford; Jesus College, Cambridge, and Hertford College, oxford.
1881. July 2. At Heuley-on-Thames (Eng.), one mile and five-sixteenths, against a slight current, match between four-oared crews of Hertford College, Oxford University (Eng.), and Cornell Uuiv. (Am.), Hertford won easily. Cornell running into the bank when behind, near the filish.
1895, July 9, 10. Henley on-Thames Royal Regatta one mile and five-sixteenths, against a slight current, race fol the Grand Challenge Cup in eight-oared shells. In the first round Cornell University (Am.) rowed over alone, Leander Rowing Club failing to siart. In the second round Trinity Hall. Cambridge University (Eng.), beat Cornell by seven lengths in 7.15.
1896, July 7. Henley on-Thames Royal Regatta, one mile and five-sixteenths, against a slight current, eight-oared shells, for the Grand Challenge Cup. Yale University (Am.) was beaten by Leander Rowing Club (Eng.) in first round of trial heats.

## HARVARD AND YALE UNIVERSITY EIGHTS.

The Harvard and Yale University eights have rowed as follows-distance, four miles straight:

| Date. | Course. | Winner. | Time. | Loser. | Time. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 1876 | Springfield, Mass. | Yale | 22.02 | Harvard | 22.33 |
| June 30, 1877 |  | Harvard. | 24.36 | Yale | 24.44 |
| June 28, 1878. | New London, Ct. |  | 20.443/4 |  | 21.29 |
| June 27, 1879. |  |  | 22.15 |  | 23.58 |
| July $1,1880 \ldots \ldots$. | $\because$ い | Yal | 22.13 | Haryar | 25.09 22.19 |
| June 30, 1882. | 6 6 | Harvard.... | 20.47 | Yale | 20.50112 |
| June 28, 1883 | $\because$ " |  | 24.26 |  | 25.54 |
| June 26, 1884. | "s 6 | Yale....... | 20.31 | Harvard. | 20.46 |
| June 26, 1885. | 6 | Harvard... | $25.151 / 2$ | Yale | 26.30 |
| July 2, 1836 | 6 | Tale ........ | 20. 21 $^{2} 11 / 4$ | Harvard. | $21.053 / 3$ |
| June 29, 1888 | " 6 |  | 20.10 | is $\quad . .$. | 21.24 |
| June 29, 1889. | 6 | - | 21.30 | " | 21.55 |
| June 27, 1890. | " 6 |  | 21. 29 | ${ }^{6}$ | 21.40 |
| June 26, 1897 | 6 | Harvar | 21.23 | Yale .. | 21.57 |
| July 1, 1892 | 6 | Yale | 20.48 | Harvard. | 21.421/2 |
| June 28, 1894 | " |  | ${ }_{2} 2.47$ | ، | 24.40 |
| June 281895. | 6 | " | 21.30 | ' | 22.05 |
| June 29, 1899 | ، | Harva | 20.521/2 | Yale | 21.13 |

## HARVARD AND YALE-PREVIOUS RACES.

Previous races in which Harvard and Yale have rowed are summarized as follows:
1852, August 3. Lake Winipiseogee. Centre Harbor, N. H. two miles straight to windward, in eight-oared barges, class of 1853, Oneida, of Harvard, beat Halcyon, of Yale, two lengths.
1855, July 21 . Connecticut River, at Springfield, three miles with a turn, barges Iris (eight-oared) and Y Y. (four-oared), of Harvard, beat Nereid and Nautilus (both sixes), of Yale. Al owances, 11 seconds per oar, Time: Iris, 22 m . Y. Y., 22.03 - Nereid, 23.38. and Nautilus, $24,58$.
1858, no race. Georse E. Dunham, stroke of the Yale crew, was drowned at Springfield, six days before the race, in a collision while at practice.
1859, July 26. Lake Quinsigamond, Worcester, Mass. three miles with a turn, Harvard shell, 19. 18; Yale shell,20.18. Harvard lapstreak, Avon, 21 13; Brown lapstreak, Atlanta, 24, 40. Same course, July 27, in Citizens' Regatta. Yale shell, 19.14; Harvard, 19.16.
1860, July 24. Lake Quinsigamond, Harvard, 18.53: Yale, 19.05; Brown, 21.15.
There were no further races until 1864, when they were renewed by University six-oared crews, at three miles with a turn, and with the following results:

| Date. | Course. | Winner. | Time. | Loser. | Time. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Julv 29, 1861. | Lake Quinsigamon | Yale | 19.01 | Farvard. | 19.43316 |
| July 28, 1865 |  |  | 17 421/3 |  | 1809 |
| July 27, 1866 | " ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Harvard | 18.43 | Yale | 19.10 |
| July 19. 1867. | $\because 6$ |  | 18.13 |  | 19.251/2 |
| July 24, 1868. | \% 6 | 8 | 17483 | © | $18.351 / 2$ |
| July 23,1869 | Lake Saltonstall | $\because$ | (Foul) | 6 | $18.11$ Disq. |

In 1871 was begun what were then known as the Inter-University Races, in which Harvard and Fale were contestants.
1371, July 21. At Springfield, three miles straight. Massachusetts Agricultural, 16.461/2; Harvard, 17.231/2; Brown, $17.471 / 2$.
1872. July 24. At Springfield, same course, Amberst, 16.33; Harvard, 16.57; Amherst Agricultural, 17.10; Bowdoin, 17.31; Williams, 1759 : Yale, 18.13.

## UNIVERSITY BOAT－RACING－Continued．

1873，July 17．At Springfield，same course，Yale， 16.59 ；Wesleyan，17．09；Harvard，17．361／2；Am－ herst，17．40；Dartmouth，18．07；Columbia，18．16；Massachusetts Agricultural，18．261／2； Cornell，18．32；Bowdoin，18．491／2：Trinity， 19.32 ；Williams，19．45．
1874，July 18，At Saratoga，N．Y．，three miles straight，Columbia，16．42；Wesleyan，16．50；Har－ vard， 16.54 ：Williams， 17.08 ，Cornell， 17.31 ：Dartmouth， 18.00 ；Trinity， 18.23 ；Princeton， 18．38；Yale fouled and was withdrawn．
1875，July 14．At Saratoga，N．Y．，Cornell，16．531\％；Columbia，17．041／；Harvard，17．05；Dartmouth， 17．1012；Wesleyan，17．131／2；Yale，17．141，Amberst，17．291 ；Brown，17．331／6：Williams， 17．431／2；Bowdoin，17．501／2；Hamilton and Union not timed；Princeton was withdrawn．
1876．July 19．At Saratoga，N．Y．，Cornell，17．011，；Harvard，17．051／6：Columbia，17．081／6；Union， 17．27\％；Wesleyan，17．5S $1_{2}$ ；Princeton，18．10．Yale refused to enter，but rowed Harvard an eight－oared race．

## FRESHMEN EIGHTS．

Previous to 1880 a number of races were rowed by＂Freshmen＇crews of the several universities and colleges，with six oars．In 1880 an agreement was entered into by Harvard and Columbia to row an eight－oared race annually at two miles straightaway．Subsequently，first Yale，then Cornell，and fually University of Penusylvania were admitted to these races，and after 1885 each annual contest was between some two，three，or four of these five universities．

| Date． | Course． | Winner． | Time． | Loser． | Time． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July 7． 1880 | New London，Ct． | H | 11.32 | lumb | 11.37 |
| June 30， 1881 | Back Bay，Bosto |  | 9．053／4 |  | 9.2134 |
| July 1，1882 | Harlem River，N． | Colum | 10.56 | Harvar | 11.10 |
| June 27． 1883 | New．London，${ }_{\text {Ct }}$ | Harva | 11.03 | Columbia | $11.22$ |
| June 25，1885 | ＂$\because$ ¢ 6 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Hary | 12.22 | Columbia | 13．12 |
| July 1．1886＊＊ | и $\quad$ 亿 $\ldots$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 11.53 |  | 12.10 |
| June 30， 1887. | ، | Colum | 11．139／4 | Harvard | 11.35 |
| June 2s． 1888. June 27， 1889. | い $\quad$ औ | Harvard．．． | 112．24 | Columbi | 12.08 <br> 12.28 |
| June 24， 18 | ، 6 ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Cornell | 11．061／4 | \｛ Yale | 11.25 |
| June 27． 1890 | ．f ${ }^{6}$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | Columbia | 10.54 | Harvard．．．． | 11.29 10.57 |
| June 24， 1891 |  | ．． | 9.41 | \｛Yale ．．．．．． | $9.531 / 2$ 9.56 |
| June 9， 1892 | Ithaca，N．Y | Cornell | 10.56 | Columbia．． | 11．24 |
| July 1， 1892 | New London，C | Yale | 12．031／6 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Columbia．} \\ \text { Harvard．．}\end{array}\right.$ | 12.20 |
| June 28， 1893 | い ． | ＂ | 10.23 | Columbia． | 10.47 11.02 |
| June 28， 1894. |  | ＇6 | 11.15 |  | 11.24 11.56 |
| June 27， 1895 | ． | ． | 10.28 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Columbia． <br> Harvard． | $\begin{aligned} & 11.181 / 6 \\ & 10.22 \end{aligned}$ |
| June 251896 | Poughkeepsie，N． | Cornel | 10.18 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { U. of } \mathrm{P} . . \\ \text { Columbia. } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.261 / 2 \\ & 10.51 \end{aligned}$ |
| June 23， 1897 |  | Yale | 9．131／2 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Harvard．} \\ \text { Cornell．．}\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.2616 \\ 9.291 / 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| June 30， 1897 |  | Cornel | 9.211 | Columbia． <br> U．of P．． | $\begin{aligned} & 9.223-5 \\ & 9.231-5 \end{aligned}$ |
| June 23， 1898. | New L | Y | $11.223-$ | \｛ Harvard． | 11.231 .5 |
| uly 2， 1898. |  | Cor |  | Columbia． | 11.12 |
| ，2，1808． | Loga Lake， N | Corn |  | U．of P．．． | 11． 13 |
| June 26， 1899. | Poughkeepsie，N． |  | 9.55 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Columbia．} \\ \text { U．of P．．．．}\end{array}\right.$ | 10.00 10.10 |
| June 29， 1899. | New London，Ct | Harva | 9．331／6 | Yale ．．．．．．．．． | 9．401／8 |

＊Yale sank at half－way．

## INTERCOLLEGIATE ROWING ASSOCIATION．

In 1883 and afterward a race for fours was rowed at a mile and a half straight，under the auspices of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association．
1883，July 4．At Lake George，N．Y．，Cornell，11．57：University of Pennsylvania，12． 29 ；Princeton， 12.40 ；Wesleyan， 12.47.

1884．July 7．At Saratoga，N．Y．University of Pennsylvania，8．39\％4：Cornell，8．41：Princeton，8．49； Columbia． 9 25，and Bowdoin，not timed．
1885，July 4．At Lake Quinsigamond（Worcester），Mass．，Cornell finished first in 9．1012，followed by Brown，Bowdoin，and University of Pennsylvauia．Referee decided Cornell disqualified for a foul，ordered Brown and Bowdoin to row over，and placed University of Penasylvania third． July 15，same course，Bowdoin，8， 26 ；Brown，second．
1886，July 3．At Lake George，N．Y．，Bowdoin，8．06；University of Pennsylvania，second．Won by $11_{2}$ lengths．
1887，July 5．At Lake Quinsigamond，Cornell defeated Bowdoin by 2 feet，in 9．283／4．

## SUBSEQUENT INTER－UNIVERSITY RACES．

After the demise of the Intercollegiate Rowing Association races were rowed as follows：
1889．June 27．A match between Cornell，Columbia，and University of Pennsylvania，in eight oared shells，was rowed at three miles over the New London course，from Winthrop＇s cuint，up river．Cornell winning somewhat easily．Columbia second．Time not accurately taken，owing to darkness．Sald to be between 15.3 and 16．4．

## UNIVERSITY BOAT-KACING-Continued.

1890, June 26. Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania by slx lengths in a three-mile race at New London. Time, 14.43.
1891, June 25. Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania by six and Columbia by thirteen lengths in a three-mile race at New London. The time, $14.27 \frac{1}{2}$, breaks record.
1892, June 15. Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania by six lengths in a three-mile race at Ithaca, The time was 17.26.
1893, July 8 . Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania in a four-mile race at Lake Minnetonka. The time was 23.52 .
1894, June 16. Cornell defeated University of Pennsylvania in a four-mile race by two and a half lengths on the Delaware. Tine, 21 121/6:
1895, June 24. Columbia defeated Cornell in a four-mile race by six leugths on the Hudson River at Poughkeepsie. Time, 21.25. University of Pennsylvania did not enter on account of a damaged boat.
1896, June 26. At Poughkeepsie. Cornell, 19.59; Harvard, 20.08: Pennsylvania, 20.18: Columbia, 21.25. 1897. May 29 On Lake Saltonstall, Ct. , two miles stralglitaway, in still water, elght-oared shells. Yale, 10.54; University of Wisconsin, 1104.
1897. June 25. At Poughkeepsie. Cornell, 20.34; Yale, 20. 44 ; Harvard, 21. 00.

1897, July 2. At Poughkcepsie. Cornell. 20.47 4-5; Columbia, 21.20 2-5, University of Pennsylvania swamped at half-way.
1898. June 23. On the Thames River, at New London. Ct.. four miles straightaway, with the tide, eight-oared shells. Corne!1. 23.48; Yaie, 24.02; Harvard, 24.35.
1898. July 2. On Saratoga Lake, three mlies straightaway, in still water, eight-oared shells. Unlversity of Pennsylvania,15.51.3; Cornell.16.06, Univ. of Wisconsin,16.10. Columbia, 1621.
1899. June 27. At Poughkeepsie, four miles straightaway. with the tide. University of Pennsyl vania, 20.04; University of Wisconsin, 20.051/2; Cornell, 20.13; Columbia, 20.20.

## THE NATIONAL REGATTA.

The twenty-seventh annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen was rowed on the Charles River, Boston, Mass., July 28 and 29. Course one mile and a half straightaway. The list of winners foilows:

Intermediate single Sculls-F B. Greer, East Boston. Mass. Time, 10.49
Association Single Sculls-John Rumobr, Rat Portage Canada. Time, 10.25.
Championship Senıor Single Sculls-E. H. Ten Eyck, Worcester, Mass. Time, 10.1614.
Senior Pair-Oared Shells-Vesper B. C., Philadelphia. Pa. Time, 10.33.
Intermediate Double Scuils-Jeffries Point P. A. Fast Boston, Mass. Time, 10.023\%.
Senior Double Sculls-Wachusetts B. C., ot Worcester, Mass. Time 9.19\%.
Intermediate Four-Oared Shells-New York Athletic Club, New York. Time, 9.42.
Senior Four-Oared Shells-Pennsylvauia Barge Club, Philadelphia, Pa. Time 8.4818.
Senior International Four-Oared Shells-Brockville R. C. Brockville, nntario. Time, 9.10.
Intermediate Eight-Dared Shells-Boston Athletic Association, Boston, Mass. Time, 8.04.
Senıor Eight-Oared Shells-Pennsylvania Barge Club, Philadelphia, Pa. Time, 7.404.

## Tive Onfortocamurioge boat まates.

| Year. | Date. | Winner. | Course. | Time. |  | Won by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1876 | April 8. | Cambridge. | Putney to Mortlake | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{M} . \\ & \mathbf{2 0} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{S} \\ 20 \end{gathered}$ | Won easily, |
| 1877 | March 24 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 24 | 8* | Dead heat. |
| 1878 | April 13. | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 22 | 13 | 10 lengths. |
| 1879 | April 5 | Cambridge | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 18 | 31/2 lengths. |
| 1880 | March 22 | Oxford. | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 23 | 334. lengths. |
| 1881 | April 8 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 51 | 3 lengths. |
| 1882 | April 1 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 20 | 12 | 7 lengths. |
| 1883 | March 15 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 18 | 31/3 lengths. |
| 1884 | April 7 | Cambridge | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 39 | $21 / 4$ lengths. |
| 1885 | March 28 | Oxford. | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 36 | 3 lengtis. |
| 1886 | April 3 | Cambridge .... | Putney to Mortlake | 22 | 29 | 29 length. |
| 1887 | March 26 | Cambridge | Putney to Mortlake | 20 | $52 \dagger$ | $24 / 2$ lengths. |
| 1888 | March 24 | Cambridge | Putney to Mortlake | 20 | 48 | 6 lengths. |
| 1889 | March 30. | Cambridge | Putney to Mortlake | 20 | 14 | $23 / 1$ lengths. |
| 1890 | March $20 . . . .$. | Oxford..... | Putney to Mortlake | 22 | 3 | 1 length. |
| 1891 | March 21 | Oxford. | Putney to Mortlake | 22 | 0 | 124 length. |
| 1892 | April 9 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 19 | 21 | $21 / 4$ lengtins. |
| 1893 | March 22 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 18 | 47 | $23 / 2$ lengths. |
| 1894 | March 17 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 21 | 38 | $31 / 2$ lengths. |
| 1895 | March 29 ...... | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 20 | 50 | 1461 lengths. |
| 1896 | March 28....... | Oxiord | Putney to Mortlake | 20 | 1 | length. |
| 1897 | April 3. | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake | 19 | 11 | $21 / 3$ lengths. |
| 1898 | March 2 | Oxford | Putney to Mortlake. | 22 | 15 | 122 lengths. |
| 1899 | March 25. .... | Cambridge...... | Putney to Mortlake. | 21 | 4 | 314 lengths. |

* In 1877 the Oxtord bow damaged his oar. 1 In 1887 Oxford No. 7 broke his oar.


## Cricket.

## (Revised to December 1, 1899.)

THE season of 1899 finished with its customary series of international matches. Prince Ranjitsinhji brought over with him a team of English amateurs, undoubtedly the strongest that has visited this country; in fact, one of the best teams that it would be possible for any one to secure in England at the present time. The Prince is undoubtedly the foremost cricketer to-day, and he was fortunate in having among his team six other players worthy of a position on an All- England Eleven.

The schedule was short, only five games being played, but the team zame over at such a late date that it was practically inipossihle to arrange more games. The Inglishmen won three games in a most decisive manner. A summary of the games and the averages follow:
XXIT. $205,20,35$, 185 , Philadelphia Colts' KXif 205 and 95 for ten wickets, Sept. 29,30, Oct. 2, at Haverford, Philadelphia: Prince RanIsimhjl's XI. 435; Gentlemen of Philadelphia, 156 and 106. Oct. 4, 5, at Iivingston, Staten Island, N. Y.: Prince Ranjitsinhjı's XI., 330 New York, XI V., 149 and 132 for ten Nickets Oct. 7, 9,10 , at Manheim, Philadelphia: Prince Ranjitsinhij's XI., 863 , Gentlemen of Philadel phia, 85 and 147. Oct. 12.13, at Toronto, Canada: Prince Ranjitsinhji's XI., 267 (declared forseven wickets); Canada, 87 and 174 .

## BATTING AVERAGES.

| Batsman. | Inns. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Not } \\ & \text { Out. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Most in } \\ \text { Inns. } \end{array}$ | Runs. | Aver. | Batsman. | Inns. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Not } \\ & \text { Out. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c} \text { Most in } \\ \text { Ians. } \end{array}\right.\right]$ | Runs. | Aver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Fi. Stoddar | 5 | 1 | 74 | 234 | 58.50 | C. I.Robson......... | 5 | 2 | 43 | 85 | 28.33 |
| A. C. MacLaren | 4 | 0 | 149 | 231 | 57.75 | C. I. Townsend...... | 5 | 0 | 28 | 96 | 19.20 |
| K.S. Ranjitsinhji | 3 | 0 | 68 | 167 | 55.66 | S. M. J. Woods. ...... | 4 | 0 | 38 | 48 | 12.00 |
| G. Brann... | 4 | 1 | 137* | 150 | 50.00 | G. C. B. Llewell | 5 | 1 | $20^{*}$ | 39 | 9.75 |
| G. L. Jessop | 5 | 0 | 66 | 201 | 40.20 | W. P. Robertso | 5 | 1 | 8* | 10 | 2.50 |
| B. J. T. Bosanquet | 5 | 0 | 56 | 193 | 38.60 | A. Priestley... | .. | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |

${ }^{*}$ Not out.
BOWLING AVERAGES.

| Bowler. | Ba | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Maid- } \\ & \text { ens. } \end{aligned}$ | Hu | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wick- } \\ & \text { ets. } \end{aligned}$ | Aver | Bowler. | Balls. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Maid- } \\ \text { ens. } \end{gathered}$ | Runs. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wick- } \\ & \text { ets. } \end{aligned}$ | Aver. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G. L. Jesso | $\overline{582}$ | 55 | $\overline{129}$ | 24 | 5.37 | B.J.T. Bosenq | 389 | 34 | 163 | 9 | 1144 |
| G. Brann. | 55 | 5 | 11 | 2 | 5.50 | C. I. Townsel | 225 | 13 | 91 | 7 | 130 |
| C. I, Robso | 120 | 3 | 58 | $\bigcirc$ | 8.27 | S. M. J. Woods | 465 | 29 | 210 | 13 | 16.15 |
| A. E. Stoddart | 661 | 68 | 215 | 22 | 9.77 | K. S. Ranjitsiul | 60 | 8 | 17 | 0 | . 00 |
| G. C. B. Llewell | 756 | 66 | 245 | 22 | 11.13 | A. C. MacLaren | 0 | 2 | 9 | 0 |  |

## UNITED STATES VS. CANADA.

The annual international cricket match between Canada and the United States was playei on the grounds of the Rosedale Club, Toronto, Canada, August 7 and 8. The match was one of the most interesting and closely contested played in years, and resulted in a win for the United States team by 34 runs. The scores were as follows: United States, 206 and 219. Canada, 222 and 169.

## THE NAEIPAX CH?P.

The contests for the championship of the principal clubs of Philadelphia resulted as follows:


PETROPOLITAN DISTRICT LEACUT.
In the Metropoitan District League series the summary for the season and the averages for the first ten men was ao follows:

| Clues. | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Drawn. | Clubs. | Piayed. | Won. | Lost. | Drawn. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K. A. C. (Team "A",'). <br> K. A. C. (Team 'B''). Manhattan................ | $\begin{array}{r} * 9 \\ 49 \\ 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 7 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{7}{2} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Staten Island............ New York............... Newark. | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & * 8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 6 \\ 60 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |

* Newark Club forfeited one game to each of the Knickerbocker Clubs.
LEAGUE BATTING AVERAGES.

"Knickerbccker A. C. "A A." + Knickerbocker A. C. "B." $\ddagger$ Not out.
LEAGUE BOWLING AVERAGES.

"Knickerbocker A. C. "A." †Manhattan. $\ddagger$ Knickerbocker A. C. "B."


## NEW YORK CRICKET ASSOCIATION.

The following are the records for the association championship series and the averages of the first ten men:

| Clubs. | Played. | Won. | Lost. | Drawn. | Clubs. | Plaged. | Won. | Lost. | Drswn. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paterson (Team A).. | 10 | 8 | 0 | 2 | Manhattan II | 10 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Kearny............. ... | 10 | 5 | 3 | 2 | Kings County. | 10 | 2 | 6 | 2 |
| Brooklyn........... | 10 | 4 | 4 | 2 | Paterson (Team B). | 10 | 2 | 6 | 2 |

ASSOCIATION BATTING AVERAGES.


ASSOCIATION BOWLING AVERAGES.

| Bowler. | Balls. | Maid- ens. | Runs. | Wick- ets. | Aver. | Bowler. | Balls. | Maid- ens. | Runs. | Wickets. | Aver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L. Livingston* | 233 | 9 | 58 | 27 | 2.14 | A. Rice* | 438 | 14 | 159 | 25 | 6.36 |
| J. W. Hoopert | 558 | 31 | 160 | 24 | 4.70 | A. G. Rainbo | 585 | 11. | 267 | 40 | 6.67 |
| W. Moddst. | 442 | 14 | 138 | 29 | 4.75 | M. McHale* | 204 | 6 | 87 | 13 | 6.69 |
| H. Rushton $\ddagger$ | 641 | 30 | 234 | 40 | 5.85 | W. S. Patmore\\| | 381 | 11 | 165 | 22 | 7.00 |
| J. W. Taylorys. | 329 | 5 | 127 | 21 | 6.01 | A. Brown\\|..... | 343 | 10 | 157 | 20 | 7.85 |

*Kearny. † Paterson "A."
$\ddagger$ Manhattan. § Paterson " $B$."
A Brooklyn.

## cronuet-izoque.

THE eighteenth annual tournament of the National Croquet Association was held on the lawns of the Norwich Croquet Club, at Norwich, Ct., August 15 to 19. The championship was won by C. G. Williams, of Washington (a newcomer), who won his series with a record of 12 games won and $210 s t$. W. H. Wahly, of Washington ( last year's champion), was second, with 11 games won and 3 lost.

In the second division Washington's representative was again successful, and first honors were won by P. N. Peck, with a record of 13 games won and 1 lost.

First honors in the third division resulted in a tie between W. H. Congdon, of Norwich, and E. Wahly, of Washington, with scores of 10 games won and 1 lost.

Mr. Wahly conld not remain to play off the tie game, which was awarded to Mr. Congdon.
Owing to the scientific development of the game, as played by members of the National Association as distinguisned from the-oid time or ordinary croquet, the Association has considered it aivisable to change the name to the National Roque Association under which title it will bereafter be known.

## 

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)
(A W) American and also world's record. (A) American record (W) World's record, made abroad.

| Event. | Amateur. |  | Professional. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Distance. } \\ \text { Ft. } \\ \text { In. } \end{array}$ | Nsme. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Distance. } \\ & \text { Ft. In. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Throwing 56-1b. weight from 7-ft. circle. | J. S. Mitchel (A W) | $35 \quad 101 / 2$ | P. Foley (A)........ | 28 |
| Throwing $56-1 \mathrm{~b}$. Weight, standing at mark | J. S, Mitchel (A W) |  |  |  |
| Throwing siblo. weight, het. lers. standing | W. J. M. Barry (W). | $27 \quad 0$ |  |  |
| Throwing jab-lb. weiglit for height........ | J. S. Mitchel (A W) | 15 63/6 |  |  |
| Throwing $56-1 \mathrm{~b}$, weight over a ba | J. S. Mitchel (A W). | 13 73/4 |  |  |
| Throwing 12-1b, hanmer, standing........ | W. L. Coudion (A W) | 12411 | G. Perrie (A W) | $133 \times 51 / 2$ |
| Throwing 12-1b. hammer from $\overrightarrow{\text {-ft.circle }}$ | W. L. Coudon (A W) | 164 | '1. Carroll (A W).... | $183 \quad 6$ |
| Throwing 14-1b. hammer, standing......... Throwing $14-1 \mathrm{~b}$. hanamer from 7 - ft . circle. | W. L. Coudon (A W) | 1154 |  |  |
| Throwing 1b-1b.hammer,standing........ | W. O. Hickok (A W) | 113 " ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | G. H. Johnstone (W). | 119 01/2 |
| Throwing 16-1b. hammer from 7 -ft. circle | J. Flanagan (A V) | 1678 | T. Carroll (A W).... |  |
| Throwing $16-1 \mathrm{~b}$. hammer from 9-ft. circle. | J. Flanagan (A W). |  |  |  |
| Throwing 21-13, hammer, standing........ | C.Queckberner(A W) | 82 31\% | G. Davidson (W)... | $79 \cdots$ |
| Throwing $21-1 \mathrm{~h}$. hammer from 7-ft. circle. | C. Queckberner (A W) | $90 \quad 3$ | T. Carroll (A W)..... |  |
| Throwing 21-1b. hammer from 9 -ft. circle. Putting 12-1b, shot* |  | $55 \quad 2$ | T. Carroll (A W) ${ }^{\text {J. }}$ M ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ${ }_{50}^{121} 10$ |
| Putting 14-1b. shot* | G. R. Gray (A W | $51 \quad 51$ |  |  |
| Putting 16-1b. shot* | G. R. Gray (A W) |  | G. Perrie (W) |  |
| Putting 18-1b. Shot* | G. R. Gray (A W) |  |  |  |
| Putting 24-1b. shot | R. R. Gray (A W) | 33 |  |  |
| Throwing discus ( 41.2 lbs .) from 7 -ft. circle | C. Henneman (A WV) | $118 \quad 9$ |  |  |

* Amateur style, 7 -ft. run. Professional style, 7-ft. 6-in. run.


## 

(World's records only. Revised to December 1, 1899.)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { DIS- } \\ \text { TANCE. } \end{gathered}$ | Professional. | Time. | Amateur. | Time. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dis. } \\ \text { TANCE. } \end{gathered}$ | Professional. | Time. | Amsteur. | Time. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 yds | H | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { M. } & \text { s. } \\ \ldots . & 51 / 4 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{cc} M . & S \\ \ldots 1 \end{array}$ | 31/6m | P. Cannon. | H. M. S. <br> ... 17021 1-5 | WG George | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { H. Mr. } \mathrm{s} . \\ & . \mathrm{l}_{17} 10 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | L.E. Myers |  |  | P. Cannon | ... 1925 3-5 | GCrossland | ... 19283 3- |
| 75 | James Qu | 7/4 | L. H. Cary |  | 43 | J. Gr | ... 2248 | S. Thomas | ... 2225 |
|  |  |  | B.J. Wefers | $7^{73-5}$ |  | J. W | ... 2440 | . Thomas | ... $24533-5$ |
|  |  |  | W | . 8 | 51/2" | C. Pr | ... 28361 1- | . Thomas | ... 27423 3-5 |
| 100 " | E. D | ... $93-5$ |  | $\because \quad 945$ |  | J. W | . 2950 | S. Thomas | ... 3017 |
| 100 |  |  | B.J. Werers | - 9 4-5̄ |  | C. Pri | ... $34021-5$ | . Thomas | 32562 |
| 100 |  |  | W. T. Mac- | 94-5 |  | J. White | $\begin{aligned} & \text { … } 3445 \\ & \ldots \end{aligned}$ | Thomas | $\begin{array}{lll} \cdots 35 & 36 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 100 |  |  | phersou. | $94-5$ | ${ }_{8}^{71 / 646}$ | C. Price. | $.3925$ | Thomas George | ... 3818 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ... 4450 | WG Geor |  |
| 100 |  |  | H. | 4-5 |  | J. Ho | 4521 | W C Geor | 46 |
|  |  |  | ury |  |  | Pric | $50093-5$ | W G George | ... 4851 |
| 100 |  |  | J. H. Ru | -5 |  | W.Cum'ings | ... $51063-5$ | W G George | 20 |
|  |  |  | CHSherrill | ... 11115 | 101/2"* | F. E. Bacon. | . 5349 |  |  |
| 110 |  |  | W. Baker | ... $11111-5$ |  | F. E. Bacon. | . 5628 | W G George | .. 57093 - |
| 120 |  | 171/8 | B. J.Wefers | .. $11 \begin{aligned} & \text { 2-5 }\end{aligned}$ | 12 * | L. Bennett | $i$ |  | 11243 |
|  |  |  | CHSherri | .. 12 2 -5 |  | (Deerfoot). |  |  |  |
| 130 | W. Johnso | 1218 | W. Bak | .. 13 | 13 | J. Howitt. . | 11031 | S. Thomas | 11055 |
| 18116" | H | 12 |  |  |  | J. Howi | 11612 | S. Thomas | $116411-5$ |
| 135 |  |  | CABradley | ... 13 3-5 | 15 | J. Howitt. | 12200 | S. Thoma | 12215 2-5 |
| 140 | H. Hutchens | ... 131\% |  |  |  | J. Howitt. | 12806 | GCrosslan | 12846 |
| 150 | H.Hutchens | ... 141/2 | B.J. Wefers | .. 14 3-5 | $\begin{array}{ll} 17 \\ 18 \end{array}$ | Len Hurst. | 13415 | GCrossland | 13427 |
|  |  |  | W. Baker. |  |  | Len Hurst. | 14048 | GCrossland | 14010 |
| 200 | G | 19 | EH Pelling | ... 19 4-5 | 19 | Len Hurst. | 14805 | GCrossland | 14600 |
| 200 " |  |  | ARDowner | ... 19 4-5 | 20 " | P. Byrnes... | 15400 | GCrossland | 15154 |
| 220 " | H.Hutchens | .. 21 4-5 | B.J.Wefers | S... 21 | 21 | G. Mason. | 20836 | GA Dun'ng | 20610 |
| 250 | H.Hutchens | ... 251/4 | W. T. Mac- | -... 243 3-5 | 22 | G. Mason. | ${ }_{2}^{2} 1617$ | GA Dun' 1 E | 21248 |
|  |  |  | pherson. |  |  | G. Maso | ${ }_{2}^{2} 2333$ | GA Dun' 1 g | 21950 |
|  | H. Hutchen | $5 \cdot \ldots{ }_{22}$ | B.J. Wefers |  |  | G. Masol | ${ }^{2} 3004$ | GA I)un'ng | ${ }_{2}^{2} 2705$ |
| 400 " | A.R.Downer | .... 44 4-5 | W CDowns | ... $43{ }^{\text {IV }}$ | $30 \cdot$ | , Mason. | 31509 | I.A.Squires | $\begin{array}{llll}2 & 3 \\ 3 & 17 & 3616\end{array}$ |
| 440 " | R. Butte |  | W. Baker | r | 40 " | J. Bailey | 43427 | J. E. Dixon | 44654 |
| 500 ' | J. Power |  | T. E. Burke | ... 574 4-5 | 50 | G. Cartmrig' | $555041 / 2$ | J. E. Dizou | $618261-6$ |
| 600 | J. Nuttal | 113 | r | e 111 | 60 | G.Cartwrig't | 73033 | W C Davies | 82330 |
|  | E. | 113 |  |  |  | G. Little w' d | 90315 | W C Davies | 100925 |
| 660 |  |  | L.E. Myers |  |  | G. Littlew ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d | 103350 | W C Davies | 114540 |
| 700 | J Pudie | 129 | L.E. Myers | 131 |  | C. Rowell | 120015 | AWSinclair | 150000 |
| 800 |  |  | L.E. Myers | $1442-5$ | 100 | C. Rowell. | 132030 | 3. Saunders | 173014 |
| 880 " | F. S. Hewitt | 1 531/6 | C. H. Kil Kil- | - $1532-5$ | 110 | C. Rowell. | $152040$ | J. Suunders | 201310 |
| 1000" | W.Cun | 217 | L.E. Myers | 213 | 120 | C. Rowell. <br> C. Rowell. | 164810 19 | J. Saunders | 224723 |
| 1320 " | W. Richards | 307 | T.P.Con'eff | 1) 302 | 140 | C. Rowell. | 205030 |  |  |
| 1 m . | W.G.George | $412 \%$ | T.P.Con'eff | f1 $4153-5$ | 150 | C. Rowell. | 222825 |  |  |
| 114. | W Lang. | 530 | T.P.Con'eff | 1) $5.384-5$ |  | C. Rowell | 350928 |  |  |
|  | W.Cum'ings | 6 43\% | T.P.Con'eff WG George | f 646 | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \\ & 383 \end{aligned}$ | C. Rowell. <br> C Rowell | $\begin{aligned} & 581706 \\ & 801345 \end{aligned}$ |  | . ... ... |
|  | Wi. | $9111 / 8$ | WG George | $9172-5$ | 450 | J. Alber | 95.2618 |  |  |
|  | P. Canno | $12061-5$ | WG George | e 1206 | 500 | P.Fitzger'ld | 1091829 |  |  |
| ${ }_{3}^{21 / 96 "}$ |  | 141916 | S. Thomas | S 1206 | 560 623 | G. Hazael. G. Littlew'd | $\begin{array}{lll} 125 & 24 & 45 \\ 141 & 40 & 30 \end{array}$ |  | ... ... ... |

Greatest distance run in one hour- 11 miles 1,243 yards, by F. E. Bacon, at Rochdale, England, Tune 19, 1897 . By an amateur, 11 miles 932 yards 9 inches, w: G. (4eorge, London, England, July 28,1884. G. Crossland (amateur) ran $201 / 2$ miles in 1 h .54 m .37 s , at Inndon, England, Sept. 22. 1894. A Mile in Four Starts.-L. H. Myers covered the distance in $3 \mathrm{~m} .314-5 \mathrm{~s} .$, at New York, Oct. 22, 1883. One-Mile Relav Race. $-3 \mathrm{~m} .212-5 \mathrm{~s}$., New York A thletic Club team, M. W. Long, H. S. Lyons, T. E. Burke, and B. J. Wefers, on Manhattan Field, New York, Aug. 28, 1897. Each man ran 440 yards.


| Distancr. | Harales. | Height. | Name. | Time. | Distance. | Hurdles. | Height. | Name. | Time. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 P ards. | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Ft. In. } \\ 36 \end{gathered}$ | T. P. Curtis. . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sec. } \\ & 54-5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 9 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{t}} . \mathrm{In} . \\ 366 \end{gathered}$ | J. B. Hanna..... | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sec. } \\ 293-5 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 5 | 26 | A. A. Jordan..... | $81-5$ | 220.......... | 10 | 26 | A. C. Kraenziein. | 23 3-5 |
|  | 5 |  | A. A. Jorda | $83-5$ | 220......... | 10 | 30 | C. T. Wiegaud.... | 28 4-5 |
|  | 5 | 36 | S. Chase. | 91-5 | 220. | 10 | 36 | J. Lafon............ | 3416 |
| 80. | 7 | 26 | A. A. Jordan | 101/8 | 250 | 10 | 26 | G. Schwegler..... | 31 4-5 |
| 80. | 7 | 36 | A. A. Jordan.... |  | 300. | 10 | 26 | A. C. Kraenzlein. | 36 3-5 |
| 100. | 8 | ${ }_{3}^{2} 6$ | A. F. Coneland . | 124-5 | 300........ | 6 | 30 | G. B. Shaw. | $363-5$ |
| 100.......... | 8 | 36 | H. L. Williams... | 133/2 | 300.......... | 10 | 36 | G. 13. Shaw. | 392-5 |
| 120. | 10 | 26 | A. F. Copeland... | 143-5 | 300....... | 10 | 36 | T. M. Donovan... | 39 2-5 |
| 120. | 10 | 36 | A. C. Kraenzlein. | $15^{1-5}$ | $1-5$ mile.. | 10 |  | F. C. Puffer...... | 444 4-5 |
| 135. | 10 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 6 \\ 3\end{array}$ | G. B. Shaw....... |  | 440...... | 10 | $\begin{array}{ll}2 & 6 \\ 3 & 0\end{array}$ | J. Buck..... | 56 2-5 |
| 138.. | 10 | 36 | W. R. Pollock.... |  | 440 | 10 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 0 \\ 3 & 6\end{array}$ | G. B. Shaw....... | $571-5$ |
| 140. | 10 | 36 | G. B. Shaw...... | 381-5 | 440 | 10 | 36 | A. H. Holder.... | 58 4-5 |
| 145. | 10 | 36 | G. B. Shaw....... | $183-5$ | $440 .$ | 12 | 30 | S. Morris..... | 59 4-5 |
| 200. | 10 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 6 \\ 3 & 6\end{array}$ | F. C. Puffer <br> D. Morgan | 263 3-5 |  |  | 2 8 6 |  |  |
| 200... | 12 | $\begin{array}{ll}3 & 6 \\ 3 & 0\end{array}$ | D. Morgan........ G. B. Shaw....... | 281/8 26 |  | 20 | 36 | W. H. Mcalister | 69 |

# Tumping and U大autimg necorot. 

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)
(AW) American and also world's record. (A) American record. (W) World's reco:ld, made abroad.

| Evint. | Amatrur. |  | Profisbional. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name. | $\begin{array}{l\|l\|} \hline \text { Distance. } \\ \text { Ft. In. } \end{array}$ | Namo. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Distance. } \\ & \text { Ft. In. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Standing high jump, without weights. | R.C. Ewry ( |  |  |  |
| Standing high jump, with weights....... |  |  |  |  |
| Running high jump, without weights.... | M.F.Sweeney (AW) |  | M. F. Sweeney (A W) |  |
| Runniug high jump, with weights . $\ldots$.... |  |  | R.W. Balker (AW | $6 \quad 61 / 6$ |
| Standing jump, for dist'e, without w' ts | R. C. Ewry ( A W) |  | J. Darby (W) | 12 |
| Standing jump, for distance, with weights | J. Chandle | 12916 | J. Darby (W) G. Hamilt | 14 |
| Standing jump, for distance, with weights Standing three jumps, without weights . | G. L. Helwig (A W B. Doherty ( W ) | 12 | G. W. Hamilto | 14 |
| Standing three jumps, with weights.. | J. Chandler (W) | 3310 | J. Darby (W) |  |
| Standing three jumps, with weights. |  |  | P. J. Griffin (A) | 412 |
| Running jump, for distance, without iv' ts | A.C.Kraenzlein(AW) | 24 436 | J. P. Watson (A) |  |
| Running jump, for distance, with weights |  |  | J. Howard (W) |  |
| Stand'g hop, step, and jump, witho't w' ts | J. Cosgrove ( |  |  |  |
| Runn'g hop, step, and jump, witho't w'ts Runn'g hop, step, and jump, witho't w'ts | W: McMa <br> E. B. Bloss | $\begin{array}{ll} 49 & 23 \\ 48 & 6 \end{array}$ | Burrows (A | 488 |
| Runn'g two hops and jump, without w' ts | J. B. Connolly ( i $^{\text {) }}$ | $49 \quad 036$ | T. Burrows (A W) |  |
| Standing two jumps, without we ghts.... |  |  | H. M.Johnsoll (A | 22 |
| Standing two jumps, with weights. |  | .... | J. Darby (W). |  |
| Standing five jumps, without weigh |  |  | J. Darby (W) |  |
| Standing five jumps, with weights. Standing ten jumps, without weigh |  |  | J. Darby |  |
| Standing ten jumps, with weights |  |  | Drroy (W) | 130 |
| Stand double put \$ |  |  | W. Marsh (W |  |
| Pole vanlt for heigla | R. G. Cla | 11 101/2 | G.Musgrove (W) | $10 \quad 10 \%$ |
| Pole vault for dista | A. H. Gree |  |  |  |
| Bar vaulting, with two | A. H. Brundage (A) | $7 \quad 7$ |  |  |
| Fence vaulting, with two ha |  | $\begin{array}{ll} 7 & 394 \\ 9 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Running high kick |  | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 8 \\ 9 & 1\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Hitch and kick. | $\mathrm{C} R$ | $\begin{array}{ll}9 & 1 \\ 9 & 1\end{array}$ |  |  |

* August 29, 1899, at Boston, Mass.
$\dagger$ A. A. U. rules.
§ Stand, one hop, two strides, one hop, two strides, and a jump.


## 



## Gnuatent potato watimg.

## (In all races of this kind the potatoes are gathered one at a time.)

$\&$ potatoes, 2 yards interval, with 5 yards additional at finish, total distance 149 yards-31 2-5s. J. J. Crowley, Medford, Mass. September 16, 1899.

10 potatoes, 5 feet interval, total distance 183 1-3 yards-492-5s., B. G. Woodruff, New York City, August 17, 2894.
10 potatoes, 2 yards interval, total distance 220 yards-51 1-5s., G. R. Preston, New York Oity, November $25,1882$.
10 potatoes, 2 yards interval, with 5 yards additional at finish, total distance 225 yards- $514-5 \mathrm{~s}$. W. H. Roberts, Bergen Point, N. J., September 3, 1888.

12 potatoes, 4 feet interval, total distance 208 yards -55 s , C. G. Carr, Rochester, N. Y., June 16, 1877.

15 potatoes, 2 yards interval, total distance 480 yards-1m. 57 1-48., E. P. Harris, Amherst, Mass. October 9, 1881
15 potatoes, 5 yards interval, tot\&l distance 1, 290 yards $-4 \mathrm{~m} .403-8 \mathrm{~s} ., \mathrm{H}$. F. Snow, Hanover, N. H. May 22, 1879.
25 potatoes, 1 yard interval, total distance 650 yards $-2 \mathrm{~m} .391-2 \mathrm{~s} ., \mathrm{M}$. Brewer, Williamstown, Mass., Octriber 18, 1879.
30 potatoes, 1 yard interval, total distance 930 yards $-3 \mathrm{~m} .32 \mathrm{~s} .$, C. Donaldson, Clinton, N. Y., May 28, 1581.
50 potatoes, 1 yard interval, total distance 1 mlle 790 yards-11m. 29s., ${ }^{7}$. R. Starke, Montreal, P. Q., June 8, 1878; 9m. 23 1-2s., J. Shaw, Manchester, Eng., A ugust 10, 1874.

50 potatoes, 1 yard interval, but the basket 10 yards instead of 1 yard from the first potato, total distance 1 mile 1, 690 yards -13 m .15 s , T. R. Pakeman, Cheltenham, Eng., April 6, 1892.

## Smimming ziccorys.

UnLess expressly stated otherwise all performances are by amateurs. (A.) America. (Aus.) Australasia. (Eng.) England.

| Distance. | Time. | Name. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 yards straightaway (still water) | $\begin{array}{llll} \hline \text { н. } & \text { м. } & \text { s. } & \\ \text { … } & \text {... } & 14 & 4-5 \end{array}$ | W. C. Johnson (A.). |
| 50 yards straightaway (still water). | ... ... 31 4-5 | W. B. Izard (A.). |
| 75 yards straightaway (still water) | - $\cdots 5245$ | W. C. Johnson (A.). |
| 100 yards (still water) | $1 \begin{array}{lll}183-5\end{array}$ | E. C. Schaeffer (A.). |
| 100 yards (2 turns, still water) | $1{ }^{1} 0045$ | J. H. Derbyshire (Eng.). |
| 110 yards straightaway | 114 | J. Nuttall (Pro.. Eng.). |
| 120 yards ( 5 turns, still water) | 118 | J. II. Tyers (Eng.). |
| 150 yards ( 7 turns, still water). | - 139 | J. H. Tyers (Eng.). |
| 160 yards (3 turns, still water) | 214 | R. C. Wallace (A.). |
| 160 yards ( 7 turns, still water) | $1{ }_{1} 47$ 2-5 | J. H. Tyers (Eng.). |
| 200 yards (still water). | 220 | J. H. Tyers (Eng.). |
| 220 220 yards (still water) | ${ }_{2} 5333-5$ | E. C. Schaefler (A.). |
| 250 yards (Staley Bridge Baths) | $\cdots$ | J. Nuttall (Pro., Eng.). |
| 300 yards (Blackpool Baths) | $3 \begin{array}{llll}3 & 47 & 1-5\end{array}$ | F. (: Lane (Fing.). |
| 400 yards (9 turns, still water) | $5151-2$ | J. Nuttall (Pro., Eng.). |
| 400 yards. | 5441 1-4 | J. Nuttall (Pro., Eng.) |
| 440 yards (still water) | $6483-5$ | E. C. Schaeffer (A.). |
| 500 yards (still water) | ... $6 \quad 6381-4$ | J. Nuttall (Pro, , Eng. ). |
| 500 yards ( 15 turns, still water) | ... 6 45 | J. H. Tyers (Eng.). |
| 600 yards. | ... 840 | J. Finney (Pro., Eng.). |
| 880 yards ( 7 turns, open still water) | ... $12071-2$ | J. Nuttall (Pro., Eng.). |
| 880 yards ( 35 turns, still water) | ... 1217 | J. A. Jarvis (Eng.). |
| 1,000 yards ( 23 turus, still water) | $\begin{array}{lllll}\text {... } & 13 & 54 \\ 13 & 1-2 \\ 59\end{array}$ | J.Nuttall (Pro., Eng.) |
| 1,00\% yards ( 39 turns, still wate 8 / mile (Hollingsworth Lake) | ... 13 53 $3-5$ <br> $\cdots$. 21 05  | J. H. Tyers (Eng.). <br> J. I Collier (Pro Eng). |
| 8 mile (5 turns, still water). | ... 2000 | J. H. Tyers (Eng.). |
| 1 mile ( 7 turns, still water) | .. 26 37 1-5 | F. W. Jarvis (Eng.). |
| 1 mile (3 turns, still water). | 2608 | J. Nuttall (Pro., Eng.). |
| 2 miles ( 175 turns, still water) | $108071-2$ | Dr. P. Neumann (A.). |
| 3 miles (263 turns, still water) | 14549 | Dr. P. Neumanu (A.). |
| 4 miles ( 351 turns, still water) | !23 29 3-4 | Dr. P. Neumann (A.). |
| 5 miles (439 turns, still water) | !58 00 1-2 | Dr. P. Neumann (A.). |
| 5 miles 495.69 yards ( 8,500 metres) straightaway (with current). |  | C. Riedel. |
| 15 miles (Lambeth Baths) | $7 \quad 35 \quad 56$ | W. II. Peckwith (Pro., Eng.). |
| 20 miles (with current). | 45946 | E. Mercardier (A.). |
| 35 miles (Dover to Calais) | $21 \quad 45 \quad 00$ | Capt. M. Webl) (Pro, Eng. ). |
| 40 miles (with tide, Thames Rive | $9 \quad 57 \quad 00$ | Capt. M. Wehb (Pro., Fng. |
| 74 miles (14 hours per day) | 840000 | Cant. M. Webb (Pro., Eng. |
| 94 miles ( 10 hours per day) | $60 \quad 00 \quad 00$ | W. Beckwith (Pro., lug.). |

WOMEN SWIMMERS.


SWIMMING ON BACK.


## 

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)

## AMATEUR.

J. F. Powers, of the New York Athletic Club, won the individual athletic champlonship of the
A. A. U. at Bergen Point, July 4, 1899.
C. Fulforth holds the record for running the bases, 1584 seconds.
E. D. Irwin holds the running high jump record on skates, 3 feet $31 / 8$ inches.
F. McI)aniells liolds the running broad junip record on skates, 21 feet 7 inches.
B. Quinn holds the record for throwing the lacrosse ball, 497 feet 716 inches.
R. C. Camphell holds the record for throwing the basehall, 381 feet 216 inches.
C. R. Partridge holds the record for batting the baseball, 354 feet 10 inches.
W. H. Game holds the record for throwing the cricket ball, 382 feet 3 inches.

Using both hands and feet, C. F Raynor climbed up 35 feet 8 inches of rope in 144.5 seconds.
Using both hands and feet. IL Strange climbed up and down 60 feet of rope in 4 minutes.
Using the hands alone, B. Sanford climbed 18 feet of rope in $51-5$ seconds.
Using the hands alone, E. E. Allen climbed 38 feet of rope in $201 / 8$ seconds.

## 

The twentieth annual meeting of the American Canoe Association was held at Hay Island, in the St. Lawrence River, August 4 to 18. The first week was, as usual, principally given up to preparation, and the second week to racing. A summary of the laces follows:

Combined Sailing and Paddling, decked canoes-Won by J. R. Stewart'„ Wasp, Irondequit Club. Novice sailing - Won by F. G. Palmer's Hoonyali, New York.
Trophy Nailing-Won by C. E. Archibald's Mat, Roval Canadian.
War-Canoe Race, A. C. A. championship-Won by Ah-Yan-Dora-Wah, of the Bohemian Club, of Brockville.

Open-Canoe Sailing-Won by C. E. Archibald's Mab II.
Combined sailing and Paddling, open canoes-Won by C. E. Archicald's Mab II.
Atlantic Divisiou Cup-Won by Louis May's Aziz, New York.
Central Division Cup - Won by C. B. Forbush.
Western Division Cup-V on by F. © . Huntington's Norma, Milwaukee Club.
Trophy Paddling - Won by J. Smith.
Paddling, double blades-Won by J. Smith.
Tandem Paddling-W on by F. Taylor and J. Smith, Toronto Club.
Paddling, single blades-Won by J. Smith.
Novice Paddling-W on by R. H. Parmenter.
Paddling, four men - Won by Percival, Lynch, McNeil, and Stott, of Britannia C'ub.
Gardiner'Cup (Western Division, paddling) - Won by W. M. Clark.
There was no start for the Dolphin 'Trophy, and no entries for the ladies' siugle and tandem paddling events.

The feature of the meet was the great interest taken in the war-canoe championship, which was paddle lover a course of one mile straight. No less than seven canoes, with crews of fifteen each, were entered; the contest was keen, the winuers having only a few feet to the good at the fiuish.

## 

THese casts, except as stated below, were made at the National Rod and Reel Association tournaments, held at Central Park, New York, and the statement of records was contributed to THE WORLD Almanac by Mr. A. N. Cheney, of Glens Falls, N. Y.

Light Rod Conlest (rods not to exceed 5 ounces in weight): Reuben C. Leonard, 95 feet, made 1888.
Lithi Rod Contest (rods not to exceed $53 / 4$ ounces in weight): Peter Cooper Hewitt, 100 feet $51 / 2$ inches. Madison Square Garden, 1897.

Single-Manded ${ }^{\prime} l y$-Casting, Amateur: R. C. Leonard, 85 feet, made 1882; R. B. Lawrence, 85 feet, made 1888.

Switch Fly-Casting: H. W. Hawes, 102 feet, made 1887, with trout rod 11 feet long.
Single-Hunded Fly-Casting, Expert (Out of Doors): W. D. Mansfield, 133 feet, 1899, San Francisco. [Note.-Mr. Manstield is an expert only in the sense that he outclasses all competitors, not being a proiessional in any respect.]

Single-Handed F ty-Custing, Expert (Indoors): R. C. Leonard, 120 feet. Madison Sq. Garden, 1898.
Sulmon Casting: H. W. Hawes, 158 feet, made 1858.
Minnow Casting for Black Bass: F. B. Davidson, average of five casts, 167 1-5 feet. Made at Chicago, Ill., A ugust 25, 1894.

Minnow Crsting for Black Bass: E. C. Sturges, average of five casts, 140 feet 11 inches. Made at Camp Lake, Wisconsin, July 4, 1891.

Siriped Bass Crusting (Liuhl): H. W. Hawes, average of five casts, 129 6-10 feet, made 1884.
Striped Bass Casting (Heary): Longestsingle cast, W. H. Wood, 250 feet, made 1885.

* Striped Bass Casting (Heavy): John A. Roosevelt, average of five casts in lane 35 feet wide, 204 feet 3 inches. Made 1884.

Fly Casting for Black Bass: R. C. Leonard, 101 $1 / 2$ feet. Madison Square Garden, 1857.

* This is a world's record for casting in a lane.

ENGLISH FLY AND BATT CASTING RECORDS.
(These records were compiled by Mr. A. N. Cheney for The World Almanac.) SALMON FLY-CASTING, AMATEUR.
SALMo........ 140 ft. 3 in. | *John Enright ( 2895 )................................... 147 feet

C. M. P. Burns.................................................................................................. 108 feet

Mr. P: D. Mallock ....... TROUT FLY-CASTING-SINGLE-HANDED ROD,
Mr. Rauben Wood (of Syracuse, $\dddot{\mathrm{N}} . \dddot{\mathrm{Y}}$. ). $.82 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \mid \mathrm{Mr} . \mathrm{Hyde}$ Clarin, $\}$ tie...................... $\ddagger 74$ feet
John Enright..................trout FLY-CASTING-TWO-HANDED ROD.
Edgar S. Shrubsole (1896) . ............................................................................................... 90 feet

THAMES BAIT-CASTING, AMATEUR. \&
Mr. R. Gillson.............................. 191 ft .11 in ,
LONGEST CAST HEAVY (3-OUNCES) SINKRR.
Mr. Hobden.
Notw-In minnow casting for black bass, Mr. Davidison used a half-ounce sinker. Mr. Sturges used a quarter-ounce sinker. Under these conditions Mr. Sturges made a single cast of 148 feet, an: Mr. Davidson a single cast of 173 feet.

* Mr. Hardy's cast was made in a tournament with a rod of 18 feet. Mr. Enright's cast of 147 feec was made in a tournament with a 20 -foot salmon rod. Afterward with the same rod he made an exhibition cast, before reliable witnesses, of 151 feet 3 inches.
$\dagger$ This distance was made by measuring the line after casting.
$\ddagger$ This cast of Messis. Marston and Clark is given in English reports as the best, but for some unknown reason Mr. Wood's cast of 82 feet 6 inches and Mr. George M. Kelson's cast of 81 feet have been entirely overlooked, although both are records at an international tournament.
$\S$ In Thames casting the line is coiled at the feet of the caster.
If Nottingham casting the cast is made from the reel, as is done in Amerlca.


## Facytimg ill 1899.

The eleventh contest for the America's Cup was the chief yachting event of the year. The Royal Ulster Yacht Club challenged for the cup on behalf of Sir Thomas Lipton, who built and brought over the cutter Shamrock. The Shamrock was built by Thorneycroft at Milwall, near London, from designs by Will Fife, Jr. The yacht was built of manganese bronze, with aluminum topsides, and her spars were of nickel steel. For the defence of the cup, Commodore J. Pierpont Morgan, of the New York Yacht Club, placed an order with the Herreshoffs, and the Columbia was built at Bristol and succossfully launched by moonlight on June 10. C. Oliver Iselin was made manager of the yacht. The Defender was put in commission and given a steel mast to be used as a trial boat. W. Butler Duncan, Jr., was put in charge of this boat. Captain Charles Barr was engaged as skipper of the Columbia, and the yacht was manned with sailors from Deer Island, Me. Captain Rhoades had charge of the Defender, and the crew were Scandinavian sailors. The two yachts met in several races during the year, and Columbia won every eveat, although the margin in some races was very small. The record of these races is as follows:


## * Defender did not finish.

' The Colnmbia allowed the Defender 1.8 seconds a mile, so the Columbia won every race, the closest margin being on August 10, when she had 6.5 seconds to spare.

The Shamrock was tried twice against the Britannia and won each race by a large margin, and she was considered a dangerous boat. Ey special agreement with the New York Yacht Club the Erin was allowed to tow the Shamrock on the voyage across the Atlantic. The yachts left Glasgow on August 3 and were fourteen and one-half days crossing the ocean. The Shamrock crossed under yawl rig, and as soon as she reached this port she was fitted with her racing rig and then sailed off Sandy Hook to get in proper trim. The Cup races were set to begin on October 3 , and a few days before that time both yachts were put in the dry-dock to be cieaned. They were measured on October 2 by John Hyslop, with the following result:

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Columbis, } \\ & \text { feet. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Shamroek, } \\ & \text { feet. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Columbia, } \\ \text { feet. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Shamrock, } \\ & \text { feet. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Length on the load water line.. | 89.66 | 87.69 | Length of gaff. . . . . . . . . . . ........ | 64.95 | 67.64 |
| Length from the after end of |  |  | Iength of topmast................ | 64.60 | 58. 06 |
| the main boom to the forward |  |  | 80 per cent of topmast.......... | 51.60 | 46.45 |
| point of measurement........ | 181.62 | 189. 13 | Height from the upper side of |  |  |
| Length from the foreside of the mast to the forward point of |  |  | the main boom to the topsail halyard block | 134.75 | 128. 28 |
| measurement. | 73.35 | 79.46 | Square root of the sail area | 114.61 | 116.15 |
| Length of spinnaker pole. | 73.35 | 79.46 | Wailing length........ | 102.135 | 101.92 |

On these flgures the Columbla had to allow the Shamrock 6.3 seconds in the thirty-mile races.
H. F. Lippitt represented the New York Yacht Club on the Shamrock, and H. MacGildowney served for the Royal Ulster Yacht Club on the Columbia. Great precantions were taken to keep the course clear, the Government having detailed revenue cutters and torpedo boats for the service, and Captain Robley D. Evans being in charge. The yachts went ont to the starting point on the morning of October 3, and were sent off in a light north-northeast wind. The course was fifteen miles to lpeward and return. The wind was baffling ou the way out, and first one boat then the ether took thulead. Beating home the Shamrock took the lead, and when the time limit was up the finishing line was fourmiles away and the Shamrock led by about two hundred yards. The summary of that trial was:

|  | Start. | First Mar |  |  | First Mark. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | ${ }_{1}^{\text {H. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Columbia beat Shamrock 2 m .44 s . on the run out.
October 5-A notherattempt was made to sail the first race in a light breeze from north west by west The course was to leeward and return. Columbia started at 11.00.53, Shamrock at 11.01.05. It was a day of calms and baffling winds, which later in the afternoon came from the southeast, making it a beat to the mark. Therace was stopped at 4.40 with Shamrock slightly in the lead and the mark boat three miles away.

October 7 -The yachts started in a fair north-northeast wind to run to the outer mark. The Columbla crossed at 11.21.02, Shamrock at 11. 21.19. The wiud soon got light and fluky. Shamrock turned the outer mark at 1.36.25, having gained twenty-six seccnds on the run. Columbla turned at 1.36.34. The wind at this time was very light. Shamrock kept her lead until the race was stopped at 4.30 o' clock, with the finishing line three miles away.

October 10-A thick fog kept the yachts at their anchorages in the Horseshoe. No race.
October 12-More fog and no wind. Race post poned again.
October 14-No wind. Another postponement.
Octcber 16-A race was made and Columbia won. The wind was light from east, and the first leg was to windward. The Columbia got the better of the start, being to windward, and she gradually drew away from the Shamrock. The outer mark was turned at 1.48 .19 , and on the run home the

Columbia gained a little more. It rained during the day and was very misty. The table of the race follows:


Columbia beat the Shamrock 10 m .14 s . elapsed time, and 10 m .8 s . corrected time.
October 17-The yachts started promptly in a fair breeze from east by south. The course was triangular, ten miles to a leg, and the compass courses were east by south, southwest one-half west, and northwest. Shamrock'crossed first and after twenty-five minutes sailing parted a port shroud and carried away her topmast. By special agreement, if one boat broke down the other was to finish the race, so the Columbia sailed over the course alone. When the accident happened the boats were on even terms, Columbia being to windward. The table:


Shamrock was repaired in the Erie Basin; 3,300 pounds of lead were put on board and the yacht was remeasured. The extra lead made her water line 88.98 feet, having increased it 1.29 feet, and she had to allow Columbia 16.20s.

October 19-An attempt was made to sail the third race of the series, but the yachts could not finish in time. The wind was northwest by north and they started to leeward. After turning the outer mark the wind hauled to west, but was too light to send them home, and the race was stopped at 4. 30 o' clock, with the finishing line two miles away. The table:


October 20 -In a strong breeze from north by east the Columbia won the last race. It was a run down the wind to the outer mark, and the yachts travelled nearly twelve knots an hour. Both had up working topsails. Beating back Columbia took in her topsail, and a little later Shamrock took in hers, but with half the journey over she set a club topsail. It was a grand race. Sir Thomas Lipton said he was satistied Columbia was the better boat and that he would challenge again. The table:


## SEAWANHAKA CHALLENGE CUP.

The Seawanhaka-Corinthian Yacht Club challenged the Royal st. Lawrence Yacht Club for the Seawanhaka Cup and sent the Constance to Montreal. The Canadian boat was the Glencairn III. The first race was sailed July 26. The course was to windward and return, and the Constance won. The times were: Constance, 2.18.28; Glencairn, 2, 20. 43 .

The second race was sailed July 31, over a triangular course, and Constance won again. The times were: Constance, 2. 04; Glencairn, 2.04.55.

The third race, to wind ward and return, was won by the Glencairn. The times were: Glencairn, 2.28.26; Constance, 2.31.32.

The fourth race, over a triangular course, lwas won by the Glencairn. The times were: Glencairn, 2.20.43; Constance, 2.26. 22.
in the fifth race the Seawanhaka Club objected to the course as laid. It was changed and then the Constance grounded. The Glencairn sailed over alone. The Constance protested, but the protest was not allowed, and the cupremained in Canada.

## CANADA CUP RACES.

The Canada Cup, won by the yacht Canada, of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, some years ago, was raced for at Toronto. The challenging yacht was the Genesee, of the Rochester Yacht Club, and the defending yacht was the Beaver. The first race was sailed August 22. The Genesee won by 1 m . 22s. The times at the finish were: Genesee, 3.25 .10 ; Beaver, 3. 26.32.

The second race was won by the Genesee by 39s. The times at the finish were: Genesee, 4.45.57; Beaver, 4. 46.36.

The third race was also won by the Genesee, this time by 10 m .47 s . The finishing times were: Genesee, 3. 32.11; Beaver, 3.42.58. The Genesee was designed by Hanley, and the Beaver by Payne, of Southampton, England.

## OTHER YACHTING EVENTS.

All the yacht clubs held their usual regattas. The New York and A tlantic clubs had very successful cruises, and the Larchmont Yacht Club had a week of racing on the Sound. During the New York Yacht Club cruise the cups given by Capt. J. J. Astor were sailed for. The Columbia won the $\$ 500$ cup for sloops and the Amorita won the $\$ 1,000$ cup for schooners.

The Gould Cup for schooners, raced for under the auspices of the Atlantic Yacht Club, was won by the Katrina.

The Atlantic Club had an ocean race from Shelter Island to Sandy Hook. The Katrina won, Sachem was second, Ramona third, and Coronet fourth.

The Larchmont Cup for schooners was won by the Colonia.

## VALKYRIE-DEFENDER RACES IN 1895.

In 1895 the Valkyrie III. and Defender raced for the cup. In the first race, sailed September 7 in a light wind over a course 15 miles to wind ward and return, the Defender won by 8 m . 49 s . The times made by the two yachts were: Defender, 5.00 .24 ; Valkyrie, 5. 08. 44. The Valkyrie allowed 29. 10 s. The second race, over a triangular course, the Valkyrie finished first by 47 s , but was disqualified for fouling the Defender. The third race Defender sailed alone, Valkyrie withdrawing after the start.

## Ceye crolf Seasion of 1899.

ONLY two points of public importance resulted from the action of the annual meeting of the United States Golf Association. One was the promulgation of a more stringent rule defining the status of an amateur. as follows:

Section 9. No person shall be considered an amateur golfer who has played for a money prize in a match or in an open competition; or who has received money for giving lessons or exhibitions of his skill in the game of golf; or laid out or taken charge of golf links for hire; or who has ever carried clubs for hire after attaining the age of fifteen years; or who has ever personally made for sale golf clubs, balls, or any other articies connected with the game of golf, or who, after the adoption of this section as amended, shall be classed as a professional in any athletic sport.

Section 10. No person shall be eligible to compete for the amateur championship of this association who does not conform to the conditions of section 9 , or who after January 1, 1897, has received compensation for services performed in any athletic organization, or who plays the game or frequents golf courses for the purpose of exploiting his business; nor shall any one be eligible to compete who hereafter shall enter any golting competition under an assumed name. Any person having become ineligible by a violation of any of the provisions of this section may be duly reinstated upon his givlug satisfactory evidence of meriting it. Only members of clubs belonging to this association and those entitled under the rules of an associate or allied club to the use of the links, in whole or in part, for a period not less than the entire current season, may compete for the amateur and women's championships. Competitors must enter for the championships through the secretaries of their respective clubs, who, in sending in their names, shall be held to certify that the players are qualified amateur golfers in accordance with the terns of sections 9 and 10 .

The other was the result of a suggestion of the president, that the interests of golf needed the establishment of local associations. The suggestion resulted in the voluntary establishment of the Metropolitan Association, the Connecticnt League of Golf Clubs, the Pittsburgh League, the Assoclated Golf Clubs of Chicago, the Central New York Golf League, the Western Golf Association.

The following oflicers of the United States Golf Association were appolnted for the year: President, W. B. Thomas; Vice-Presidents, Ransom H. Thomas and H. T. Whigham; Secretary, R. Bage Kerr, 26 Broad street, New York; Treasurer, George D. Fowle; Committee, John Reid and A. M. Coats.

The amateur championship was contested on the Onwentsia Links, Chicago, from Monday, July 3, to July 8, over an eighteen-hole course. The greens were in well-nigh perfect condition; the weather, excepting for rain on the first day, was faultless. There were 112 entrants, of whom thirty-two only received the preliminary round of thirty-six holes medal play. The thirty-two qualified continued the contest by playing in matched pairs; by this means the thirty-two was reduced first to sixteen; then to eight, then to four, and finally, on the last day, to two. The best score in the qualifying round was made by Charles B. Macdonald, of the Chicago Golf Club, but the match play resulted in H. M. Harriman, who entered from the Long Island Golf Club, defeating last year's champion, Findlay $s$. Douglas, in the final round, two up and one to play. Mr. Harriman's success marks the advent of the American-born golfers to the highest amateur honors. The following table traces the contest between the thirty-two who qualified for match play, and shows at a glance the progress of the game each succeeding day:

Qualified.
John Reid, Jr., Sterling Beckwith, A. M. Robbins, Richard Sykes, Walter Travis, A. H. Smith, Jasper Lyach, C. A. Lineaweaver, Tind.ay S. Douglas, Wm. Waller, H. H. Cummings, D. K. Forgan, G. G. Hubbard, W. E. Eagan, Wm. Stuart, J. A. Tyng. J. G. Thorp, Sheldon Carey, W. B. Smith, H. MeBride, Wm. McCawley Wm. Holabird, Jr. C. B. Macdouald, Stuart Stickney, Roderick Terry, Slasen Thompson, H. M. Harriman, W. C. Carnegie, J. F. Curtis, Walter Fairbanks, H. P. Toler, H. C. Smith,

Tuly 4.
John Reid, Jr., \{ up, 6 to play. A. M. Robbins, \} up.
Walter Travis, $10 \mathrm{up}_{1} 9$ to play. C.A.Lineaweaver 1 up, 37 holes. Findlay Douglas, \} up, 12 to play. D. R. Forgan, 2 up, 1 to play. \}G. G. Hubbard, \} 8 up, 6 to play. J. A. Tyng, 6 up, 5 to play. J. G. Thorp, \} up 7 to play. W. B. Smith, \} 13 up, 12 to play. Wm.Holabird, Jr. 6up, 5 to play. \}C. B. Macdonald, \} 14 up, 12 to play. Roderick Terry, \} $2 u^{2}, 1$ to play. H. M. Harriman, $\{10$ up, 8 to play. W'Iter Fairbanks $\}$ after 40 holes. H. P. Toler. $\} 4$ up, 3 to play.

July 5.
July 6.
July 7.
July 8.
John Reid, Jr., 1 up.

Walter Travis,
$3 \mathrm{up}, 1$ to play.

FindlayDouglas, 13 up, 11 to play.
G. G. Hubbard, 5 up, 4 to play.

Walter Travis, 2 up, 1 to play.
J. G. Thorp, 2 up, 1 to play.
C. B. Macdonald, 6 up, 4 to play.


Harriman's play throughout, with few exceptions, was very brilliant, Douglas in the long game was more than his equal, but in putting was erratic.

The fifth annual open championship was played September 14 and 15, over the course of the Country Club of Baltimore, Md.-one of the most difficult courses in the country, covering for the thasty-six holes (eighteen twice around) 10.838 yards of naturally rolling land. The weather was id al throughout. The first day's medal play, September 14, reduced the seventy-nine entrants to eight, whose scores ranged from 315 to 333 . All the previous champions. Willie Dunn, 1894 ; Horace T. Rawlins, 1895; James Foulis, 1896; Joseph Lloyd, 1897, and Fred. Herd, 1898, were among the competitors; as was H. M. Harriman, the amateur champion.

## THE GOLF SEASON OF 1899-Continued.

The championship was won by Wille Smith, of the Midlothian Golf Club, Chicago, with a total of 315, eleven strokes better than the next three competitors. His play in rounds was:

## First round.

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllllll}3 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 2 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 6 & 3 & 4 & 5-77 \\ 5 & 5 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 5 & 3 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 3-82\end{array}$
Second round
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllll}5 & 5 & 4 & 5 & 3 & 5 & 3 & 5 & 4 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 7 & 4 & 5 & 3-82 \\ 3 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 4 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 6 & 4 & 4 & 5-79\end{array}$
Fourth round
Total
.$\overline{315}$
The women's champlonship, and putting and driving contests took place over the links of the Philadelphia Country Club, at Bala, near Philadelphia, October 10-14. Eighteen holes medal play in the qualifying round, and eighteen holes match play until the contest was determined. The links of Bala were slightly shortened for the occasion, to 5,42C yards. There were seventy-nine eutrants, of whom seventy-four played in the qualifying round October 10 , whereby the sixteen to continue the match play were selected. The annexed table gives all the details of the plays:

| QUALIFYING RoUnd, Oct. 10. Octobe. 11. October 12. October 13. October 14. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Mrs. C. F. Fox............... 103 Mrs. Fox, |
|  | Miss Beatrice Hoyt........... 97, 3 3 up, 2 to play. |
|  | Miss Florence McNeely.....107) Miss Sands, 1 up, 20 holes. |
|  | Miss Anna Sands ........... 101 , 7 up, 5 to play, $\quad$ Mrs. Fox, |
|  | Mrs. J. F. McFadden...... 107 ) Mrs. McFadden, $\quad$, 1 up, 19 boles. |
|  | Miss Genevieve Hecker..... 105$\} 1$ up, 20 |
|  |  |
|  | Miss Marion Oliver.......107, 3 up, 2 to play, $\}$ Miss Underhill, |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | Miss Pauline Mackay ....... 1047 Miss Mackay, 3 up, 2 |
|  | Mrs. A. DeWitt Cochrane..103 Mrs. Cochrane, $\}$, 5 up, 4 to play. |
|  | Miss G. M. Bishop............106\} 5 up, 3 to play. Miss Cassat |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | The "long driving' contes was won by Miss Marion Oliver, with a drive of 164 feet 8 inches. |
|  | The fourth intercollegiate championships were contested over the Garden City Links, October |
|  | 24-28. Yale's ieam of five was drawn against Princeton's, and the latter won by six points to four. |
|  | Harvard's team was drawn against Columbia's, and the former won, fourteen points to nothing. The |
|  | concluding match was won by Harvard's team, ten points to one. <br> For the individual championship there were twenty-four starters over eighteen holes. The |
|  | qualifying round rediced these to eight. The match round resnlted as follows: |
|  | Percy R. Pyne, Princaton..........86) Pyme, |
|  | J. A. Edwards, Columb |
|  |  |
|  | E. M. Byers, Yale..................86\} z up, to play. $\{$ Pyne, |
|  | John Stuart, Princeton.............. 82 S Stuart |
|  | Jas. G. Averell, Harvard .........82) Averell, $8^{\text {a }}$, up, 4 to play. |
|  |  |

## Zievolver ant zistol hecorys, 1899.

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)

## SPORTSMEN'S ASS'N TOURNAMENT, MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, N. Y.

 MARCH 9-21-Match A, Any Revolver Championship; sights strictly open-This match called for five six-shot targets, a target to consist of six consecutive shots; Standard target, 23 -inch bull's-eye; possible 60 points each score:Dr. A. A. Webber, Brooklyn Revolver Club.
Dr. R. H. Ssyre, Knickerbocker Revolver Club................. 290
Alexander Stein, New York Clity. . 82
J. A. Dietz, New York Clty 88
C. Smith, Massachusetts. . 282

Match B, Military Revolver Championshipstandard target, $23 / 4$-inch black; five targets of six shots each, a target to consist of six consecutive shots; distance, 20 measured yards: possible 60 points each score:
Dr. Webber $\qquad$ 274 Z. C. Talbot 269
C. Smith. .272 Effingham Wilson. .269

## A. L. Smith .271

Match C. Pistol Championship-Open to all; 22-calibre pistols; targets same as in Match A: best five targets; six shots each; distance, 20 measured yards; possible 60 points each score:

## Dr. Webber

$\qquad$ $284 \mid$ J. B. Crabtree. .275
Z. Q. Talbot....................278|J. W. Christiansen................. 271

Match D, Police Revolver Championship-Only 32-calibre police revolvers; sights open; trigger pull not less than 2 pounds: best five targets, six shots each, consecutive; Standard target, 4 -inch bull's-eye; distance, 20 yards: possible 60 points each score:
Dr. Webber
285 H. M. Olney.
.265
Hr. S. Seeley..................277
Effingham Wilison...........266

Military Revolver Record-25 shots, 50 yards, ofthand. U. S. elliptical target.
July 8-At Savanna!, Ga. Ci. S. Richmond made a clean score of 25 consecutive bull's-eyes.
100-shot Pistol Record-50 yards. Standard American target.
August 15-At Shell Mound park range, San Fran-
cisco, Cal. J. E. Gorman made 929 points out
of a possible 1,000 . This score ties the record.
Military Revolver Record- 100 shots, 50 yards, ofthand. U. S. elliptical target.
September 20-At Glendale Shooting Park, Glendale, L. I., Dr. A. A. Webber shot for a record score; he made 455 points out of a possible 500,90 of the 100 shots being in the bull's-eye.
Pistol Record Score-50 shots, 50 yards, off: hand. Standard American target.
september 24-At Shell Mound Park, San Francisco, Cal., J. E. Gorman made 465 points out of a possible 500 .
September 9 -At Walnut Hill range, Mass.. T. Anderton made 464.
Pistol 22 Calibre Record- $\mathbf{1 0}$-shot score, possible 100, 50 yards. Standard American target.
September 9-Walnut Hill range, Mass., C. H. Eastman made 96.
October 21 -Walnut Hill range, Mass., J. T. Humphrey made 96.
July 23-Golden Gate Rifle and Pistol Club, San Francisco, Cal., J. E. Gorman made $\mathbf{9 6}$.
Military Revolver Record-50 yards, two scores of six shots each, each score to be shot in one minute time, possible 60 points. U.S. elliptical target.
October $21-A t$ Walnut Hill range, Mass., J. T. Humphrey made 58.
October 2S-E. E. Patridge made 59.

## Billiaros Iifcorvs.

## (Revised to December 1, 1899.)

Three-Ball Straight Rail. -Highest run on recordi, 1,531 , on a $5 \times 10$ table, by Maurice Vignaux at Paris, France, April 10-14,1880, against George F. Slosson. Harvey McKenna, the celebrated rail player, in an exhibition game on a $5 \times 10$ table scored a run of 2,572 , and an average of $416 \%$, at Boston, Mass., December 21, 1887; and Jacob Schaefer, in a match game played at San Francisco, Cal., in 1890, scored a run of 3,000 points on a $41 / 2 \times 9$ table. His average was 750 . The best average at the three-ball straight-rail game, on a $5 \times 1 \mathrm{C}$ table, is $3331 / 3$, by Jacob Schaefer, at Central Music Hall, Chicago, May 15, 1879.

Cushion Caroms.-Highest run, 77, on a $5 \times 10$ table, by William Sexton, at Tammany Hall, New York, December 19, 1881, against Jacob Schaefer. Best tournament average, 10 in 200 points, on a $5 \times 10$ table, by Jacob Schaefer, at Chicago, November 10, 1887. Best match average, 476-106 in 500 points, on a $5 \times 10$ table, by George F . Slosson, at Chicago, A pril 4, 1887.

Frank C. Ives made a run of 85 in exhibition tournament play for an announced purse of money, Bumstead Hall, Boston, Mass., April 14 . There was no award of prize money.

Balk-Line dime, -Highest run at 8 -inch balk-line game, 329 on a $5 \times 10$ table; the highest average is $4452-67$; both by Maurice Vignaux, at Paris, January, 1884.

Highest run at 14 -inch balk-line game, anchor nurse permitted, 566 , by Jacob Schaefer, New York, December 16,1893. At anchor nurse barred, Frank C. IVes made 359, at Chicago, December 6,1894,

Jacob Schaefer made a run of 111 in exhibition tournament play at 18-inch balk-line game, with one carom permitted when object balls were within the balk-line or anchor-box space. Central Music Hall, Chicago, Ill. , May 22, 1896.

With anchor nurse allowed, in tournament play, Jacob Schaefer made an average of 100 at 14inch balk-line game, New York, December, 1893, and Frank C. Ives made an average of 100, C'hicago, January, 1894. Ives made an average of 63 2-10 at anchor barred, New York, November 13, 1894.

Frank C. Ives made a single game average of 50 at 18 -inch balk-line game, in exhibition tournament play, with but five caroms permitted when object balls were within the anchor-box space. Madison Square Garden Concert Hall, New York, April 2, 1886.

Frank C. Ives made a single game average of $1921-24$ at 18 -inch balk-line game, with but one carom permitted when object balls were within any balk-line or ancbor-box space, in exhibition tournament play. Central Music Hall, Chicago. Ill., May 21, 1896

George Sutton made a run of 215 at 14 -inch balk-line game, a record for piayers below the first grade (kaown as "short-stops"') Chicago, June, 1897 . W. A. Spinks made an average of 40 at 14-inch balk-line game, a record for "short-stops," Pittsburgh, Pa., March, 1897.

The best amateur records in competition are held by Wayman C. McCreery, of St. Louis, who made a high run of 139 and an average of $131 / 3$ (for 400 points) in the Class A championship tournament, at New York, February 13, 1899. The best run for Class B amateurs is 97, made by J. Byron Stark, of New York, and the best average 10 10-29 (for 300 points), also held by Stark.

English Game.-John Roberts, of London, England, holds the record for the highest run, 1,392, scored at English "spot-barred', billiards (the recognized game in England now), 1894. W. J.' Peall, of London, England, holds the record for the highest run, 1,888, with "spot-stroke," permitted, scored in a match game, 1890 ; in an exhibition game he scored 3,304 at the same style of play. BILLIARDS EVENTS IN 1898-99.
During the year just ended billiard lovers were treated to two hig professional matches between George F. Slosson and JacobSchaefer, and amateur championship meetings under the auspices of the Amateur Athletic Union, in two sections, for Class A and Class B players. The A. A. U.'s efforts to control amateur billiards were prosecuted vigorously and successfully until October, when two factions rebelled against the Union's restrictions and formed their own organizations, one in New York and a second in Chicago. The A. A. U. did not relinquish the struggle, but announced its usual championship tournaments to correspond with those of last Winter, and barred out those who played in the inregistered tournaments.

The A. A. U. championships for last Winter were both contested for at the Knickerbocker A. C. in New York. The tournament for Class B players began December 4,1898, and ended December 19, 1898. The championship was won by J. Byron Stark, of New York, who won six games and lost none. His best average was 10.34, his highest run 47, and his grand average 7.72. Alexander Taylor, of Chicago, and J. De Mun Smith, of St. Louis, tied for second, and Taylor won on the play-off. The style of game was 14 -inch balk-line, the games being 300 points each. Referee, Edward McLaughlin.

The Class A amateur championship tournament was held at the Knickerbocker A. C. New York, February 14-19, 1899. Three players were entered, Martin Mullen, of Cleveland; Wilson P. Foss, of Haverstraw, N. Y., and Wayman C. McCreery, of St. Louis. Each played the others twice, the games being 400 points each at 14 -inch balk-line, with ten shots allowed in the anchor spaces. Mullen won the championship, beating Foss twice and winning and losing with McCreery, His final record was 3 games won and 1 lost, his grand average 8.29, and his best run 73. Foss finished second, beating McCreery both times but losing twice to Mullen. His record was: Won 2, lost 2; high run, 133; grand average, 8.26. McCreery won only one game in the series, his record being: Won I, lost 3 ; high run, 139; grand average, 9.16. Two new amateur records were created by McCreery in his first game (against Mullen), when he averaged $131 / 3$ (for 400 points), and made a run of 139 . Referee, Edward McLaughlin.

A match was played early in the Spring between George F. Slosson and Jacob Schaefer, with two games, one each at 18 -inch balk-line and cushion caroms. These took place at the Lenox Lyceum, New York, May 15 and 22, 1899. The result was as follows: Balk-line-Schaefer, 600; average, 13 28-44; high run, 139. Slosson, 418; average 9.31-43; high run, 62. Cushion caroms-Slosson, 400 ; average, $452-87$; high run, 34 . Schaefer, 359 ; average, 4 15-86; high run, 55 . Referee, Frank A. Keeney, of Brooklyn, The stakes were $\$ 500$ a side on each game.

Another match was played between George F. Slosson and Jacob Schaefer in the Fall, the style of play being at cushion caroms for three nights. It took piace at the Madison Square Garden Concert Hall, New York, Octoher 30, 31, and November 1, 1899. The result was as follows: First nightSlosson, 300 ; average, $452-62$; high run, 37 . Schaefer, 185 ; average, $261-62 ;$ high run, 21 . Second night-Slosson, 300 ; average, $363-79$; high run, 22. Schaefer, 310 ; average, $376-78$; high run 35. Third night-Slosson, 300 ; average, 5 10-59; high run, 21 . Schaefer, 262; average, 434-57; high run, 41. Grand totals-Slosson, 900 ; Schaefer, 757. Grand averages-slosson, 4.56; ichaefer, 3.84. Highest runs-Slosson, 37; Schaefer, 41. Referee-Frank A. Keeney, of Brooklyn. The stakes weret $\$ 500$ a side.

Frank C. Ives, who was generally referred to as the "Napoleon" of billiards, died of consumption at Progreso, Mexico, August 30, 1899. By most students of the game he was considered to be the greatest professional billiardist that ever lived, and a study of the records 20 his credit, as shown above, proves his right to this praise.

## Food Xiecorts for 1899.

WHEN 1899 began the world's championship at continuous pool was held by Jerome R. Keogh, of Scranton, Pa. Early in the Winter Keogh played a three-night exhibition match at Daly's Academy, in New York, with Alfred De Oro, of New York, the former champion.

De Oro then challenged Keogh for the championship and the match was played in Chicago, April 10, 11 , and 12, 1899, under the regular championship conditions, 600 balls, 200 each night. The score follows: First night-De Oro, 208; Keogh, 145. Second night-De Oro, 192; Keogh, 118. Third night-De Oro, 200; Keogh, 252. Totals-De Oro, 600; Kengh, 515.

Fred. J. Payton, of Omaha, Neb. challenged De Oro for the championship, and this match was played at Daly's Academy, in New York, November 30, December 1and 2, 1899. The score follows: First night-De Oro, 205; Payton, 182. Second night-De Oro, 199; Payton, 170. Third aightDe Oro, 196; Payton, 127. Totals-De Oro, 600; Payton 479.

## Statillg Zifcorts.

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)
All performances are by amateurs, except where marked (Pro.)-professional. Except when otherwise stated, all performances are from a standing start, and without assistance from the wind.


## Ke zeacticy.

The A mateur Hockey League, composed of the New York A thletic Club, Crescent A thletic Club, Brooklyn Skating Club. St. Nicholas Skating Club, Montclair Athletic Club, and the Hockey Club of New York, included five teams in its championship series of 1898-99, representing all but the Crescent Athletic Club of the clubs named above.

The League championship was won by the Brooklyn Skating Club, the Hockey Club of New York being second, by the following score:

| Clubs. | Games. |  |  | Goals Scored. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Won. | Drawn. | Lost. | For. | Against. |
| Brooklyn Skating Club. | 8 | 0 | $\bigcirc$ | 43 |  |
| Hockey Club of New York. | 5 | 1 | 2 | 27 | 12 |
| New York A thletic Club. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 16 | 14 |
| Montclair Athletic Club. | 1 | 0 | 7 | $\stackrel{9}{5}$ | 27 |
| St. Nicholas Skating Club. | 1 | 0 | 7 | 5 | 38 |

The League championship for the season of $1897-98$ was won by the New York Athletic Club, which also won the title for 1896-97.

The Intercoliegiate Hockey League was formed during the season of 1898-99 with Yale, Brown, Columbia, and the University of Pennsylvania. The championship games were played in the artificial ice rinks of New York, Brooklyn. and Philadelphia, Yale finally winning the championship by the following score:

| Clubs. | Games. |  |  | Goals Scored. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Won. | Drawn. | Lost. | For. | Against. |
| Yale University.. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 4 |
| University of Pennsylvania | 2 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 6 |
| Brown University ... | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 7 |
| Columbia University. | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 7 |

(Revised to December 1, 1899.)
(Am.) American. (Aus.) Australasia. (Eng.) England.


## GREATEST DISTANCE IN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS.

127 miles 1,201 yards
120 miles.
W. Howes (Eng. )...........................

120 miles...............
A. W. Sinclair (Eng. ${ }^{(20 . . .}$

## Syot=ctur liccords of 1899 .

(Revised to December 2, 1899.) (These records were compiled by Edward Banks, sec.-Treas, of the Interstate Association.) JaNUARY 21 -Holmesburg Junction, Pa. - Contest for E. C. Cup and inanimate target championship of America. R. O. Heikes, 129; F. D. Fulford, 123.

January 23-24-Grand Prix de Monte Carlo.-124 entries. Won by M. Moncorge.
February 21-22-Garden City, L. I.-Amateur championship at Carteret Club. Won by George 8. McAlpin, 96 ; Lonis T. Duryea, second, 95.

March 2-15-R. O. Heikes won Sportsmen's Association Championship, Madison Square Garden.
April 12-14-Grand American Handicap,Elkivood Park, N. J. -25 live hirds; $\$ 25$ entrance; handicaps from 25 to 33 yards; 278 entries. Six men tied on straight scores of 25 each, and won $\$ 305.05$ aplece; twenty-five men tied on 24 , and each won $\$ 105.05$; forty-nine men tied on 23 , and each won $\$ 36$. The cup was won by T. A. Marshall, of Keithsburg, Ill., with 58 straight; C. M. Grimm, of Clear Lake, Ia, was second, with 57 out of 58 .

April 14-Elkwood Park, N. J. -100 live hirds per man; $\$ 100$ a side; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. F. S. Parmelee, 94 ; J. L. Brewer, 89.

May 3-Perv, Ind. - A squad of five men at the Peru tournament-Dr. O. F. Britton, Indianapolis, Ind. F F. D. Alkire, Woodlyu, O.; E. D. Rike, Dayton, O.; J. L. Head, Peru, Ind., and H. W. Cadwallader, Danville, Ill.-shooting at 20 targets each, unknowr angles, made a world's record of 100 straight.

May 4-Lincoln, Neb. -The world's record for a squad of five men, shooting at 20 targets each, made at Peru, Ind., May 3, was equalled by a squad at the Nebraska state shoot, composed is follows: George Rogers, Lincoln, Neb.; A. B. Daniels, Deuver, Col.; W. S. Duer, Hastings, Neb. : C. A. Young, Springfield, O., and F. S. Parmelee, Omaha, Neb.

May 8-Peoria, Ill. - A squad of five men, composed as follows: E. D. Fulford, Utica, N Y.; C. M. Powers, Decatur. III.: F. Gilbert, Spirit Lake, Ia, ; R. O. Heikes, Dayton, O., and C. A. Young, Sprinqfield, O., made a new world's record at target shooting, scoring 193 straight.

May 8-Peoria, 111.-C. A. Young, Springfield, O., broke 211 targets straight, the longest run on record.

May 11-Peoria, Ill-W. R. Crosby, of $\mathrm{O}^{\prime}$ Fallon, Ill., won Board of Trade diamond badge, with a score of 60 straight on live birds.

May $20-$ St. Louis, Mo. -W. R. Crosby won the open competition for the E. C. Cup and the inanimate target championship at Missouri itate shoot, scoring 265 out of 300 targets; Fred. Gilbert and C. A. Young were tied for second, with 262 breaks each.

## SHOT-GUN RECORDS OF 1899 -Continued.

May 20-St. Louis, Mo.-A. B. Daniels won the open competition for the Du Pont trophy at live birds, scoring 45 straight.

May $20-$ St. Louis, Mo.-C. A. Young won the open competition for the Republic trophy at live birds, scoring 119 out of 120 ; J. A. R. Elliott second, with 117 out of 119.

May $22-$ St. Louis, Mo. -Match at 100 live birds per man; $\$ 100$ a side; 30 yards rise ; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Elliott, E6; Dr. J. W. Smith, 88.

June 6-Buffalo, N. Y. - In the opening target event at the New York State shoot there were 161 entries, the largest number of entries on record in a target event.

June 24 -Batavia, N. Y.-Contest for the E. C. Cup and the inanimate target championship. W. R. Crosby, 128: J. A. I. Elliott, 124.

July 1-Denver, Col. - Match for the Du Pont trophy; 100 live birds per man. J. A. R. Elliott, 98; A. B. Daniels, 97.

Juiy 14-Lyndhurst, N. J.-Match at 100 live birds per man; $\$ 100$ a side; 30 yards rise; 40 yards boundary. H. B. Money, 95; Aaron Doty, 95; tie not shot ofï.

July 18-Springfield, O. -Match for the Republic Cup; 100 live birds per man; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Elliott, 93; C. A. Young, 92.

July 21-Kent, 0 . - Match for the cast-iron medal at 100 live birds per man; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Enliott, 95; R. O. Heikes, 94.

July 24 -Batavia, N. Y. - Match for the E. C. Cup and the inanimate target championship. J. A. R. Elliott, 136; W. R. Crosby, 132.

August 23-A tlantic City, N. J.-Match for the E. C. Cup and the inanimate target championship. W. R. Crosby, 139; J. A. R. Eliott, 128.

August 24 -Atlantic City, N. J.-Match for the cast-iron medal; 100 live birds per man; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Elliott, 95 ; C. A. Young, 93.

September 19-Holmesburg Junction, Pa. Match at 100 live birds perman; $\$ 100$ aside; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. K. Elliott, 96; E. H. Buckwalter, 92.

September 21-Yardville, N. J. Match for the cast-iron medal; 100 live birds per man; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Elliott, 95 ; C'harles Zwirlein, 81.

October 3-Kansas City, Mo. - Contest for the Sportsmen's Review trophy; 100 live birds per man 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. W. R. Crosby, 98; J. A. R. Elliott, 97.

Ociober 4 -Kansas City, Mo.-Contest for the Republic Cup; 100 live birds per man; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Elliott, 100 straight; W. R. Crosby, 97.

October 13-Batavia, N. Y.-Contest for the E. C. Cup and the inanimate target championship. W. R. Crosby, 132; R. O. Heikes, 130.

October 26-Nashville, Tenn.-Contest for the cast-iron medal; 100 live birds per man; $\mathbf{3 0}$ yards rise; 50 yards boundary. J. A. R. Elliott, 99 ; J. De Bow, 93 .

November 24-25-Kansas City, Mo-Team race, ten men a side, between Omaha and Kansas City; 50 live birds per man; 30 yards rise; 50 yards boundary, Umaha team, 439 ; Kansas City team, 437 . December 2 -Lyndhurst, N. J. -Match for the Republic Cup, between J. A. R. Elliott and Aaron Doty; 100 live birds per man ; 30 yards rise; 40 yards boundary. Elliott, 91 ; Doty, 81.

## Howling.

(Revised to December 4, 1899.)
THE Interstate Bowling League was organized in Brooklyn November 21, 1895. The opening championship series was played in the Spring of 1896. The New York Club won the champlonship with 20 games won and 12 lost. The New York Club won in 1897 with a record of 37 games won and 11 lost, and also won the championship in 1898 with a record of 48 games won and 12 lost. In 1899 the Niagara Falls Club withdrew from the League, and Olean, Erie, and Rochester clubs were admitted to membership. The record for 1899 follows:

| Clubs. | New York. | Brooklyn. | Buffaio. | Rochester. | Erie. | Olean. | Games Won. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New York. |  | 7 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 45 |
| Brooklyn | 5 |  | 7 | 8 | 10 | 8 | 38 |
| Buffalo... | 4 | 5 |  | 5 | 6 | 8 | 28 |
| Rochester. | 1 | 4 | 7 | $\because$ | 7 | 7 | 26 |
| Erie. | 2 | 2 | 6 | 5 |  | 6 | 21 |
| Olean. | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | 22 |
| Games lost. . . . . . . . . . | 15 | 22 | 32 | 34 | 39 | 38 | .. |

The Empire Club, of New York, in a game in the Harlem League at the Harlem Palace Alleys on November 27, 1899, made a score of 1,103, which is the competition record since the adoption of the two-ball game by the American Bowling Congress. The individual scores made in this game were: Voorhees, 236; Mische, 233; Stoff, 212; Sohl, 192; Arnold, 230. Total, i, 103. Strikes, 29 ; spares, 15 ; breaks, 6.

Bowlers credited with the maximum (300) score on regulation alleys are: Charles Starr, Golden Rod; W. B. Sellers, Echo Club; Joln Howick. Western Club, of Detroit; G. Wadleigh, New Jersey A. C. ; C. B. Stoddard, Buffalo; "Les" Freude, Mutual B. C., and R. Menninger, Brooklyn.

The winners of the principal tournaments last season were: American National, Albion, of Paterson; Arlington Head-Pin, Astoria No. 1; Greater New York Tournament, Metropolitan; Associated Cycling Clubs of New York, Royal Arcanum Wheelmen; Arlington National of Brooklyn, Metropolitan; Brooklyn Royal Arcanum Sub-Tournament, Gilbert Council; Arlington League of New York, Fidelia; Morning Newspaper League, the Sun; Commercial League, Passavant \& Co.; United Bowling Clubs, Rosedale; Kings County Tournament, Templeton; Suburban Athletic League, Rosevilie A. A. ; Brooklyn National, Manhattan; Uncle Sam National, Golden Rod; Morris and Essex League, Roseville A. A. ; North Side League, Knickerbocker; Brooklyn Royal Arcanum, Gilbert Council; Arlington Hall Women's Tournament of Brooklyn, Senate Club; Harlem Mepublican Club, Phœnix; Wholesale Drug Trade Association, Colgate \& Co.; New York Royal Arcanum League, Our Council; A thlete Head-Pin Tournament, Fidelia; Brooklyn Women's Bowling League, Monarch Club; Bank Clerks', Chase National Bank; Associated Cyycling Clubs of Long Island, Class A, Bushwick, Class B, Tamaqna; Yorkville League, Village No. i. Harlem League, Belvidere.

In the Greater New York Bowling Club tour 294 games were played, 235 resulting in victories. The team established a world's record for foreign alleys at Fostoria, Ohio, February 14, by rolling a score of 1,045 pins.

## fFootball Biccorys.

The football season of 1899 was one of the most interesting in the history of the great American college game. It was notable for the fact that so many first-class teams were developed. Of the so-called "Big Four," Harvard was the only team that has played throughout the season without a deieat The Indians, however, scored 10 points against them.

Princeton. Yale, and the University of Pennsylvania have been beaten by colleges that were supposed to have been in the second class. Columbia for the first time in more than twenty years developed a formidable team, and after stopping the Princeton team from scoring more than 11 points, defeated the Yale team by a score of 5 to 0 . Cornell defeated Princeton by a score of 5 to 0 , and followed this up by defeating Columbia by a score of 29 to 0 . Lafayette showed its right to be considered a factor in the football world by defeating University of Pennsylvania and Cornell. The team from the Indian Training School displayed remarkable strength this season. Indeed, the Indians played better football this season than ever before. The fact that they defeated the University of Pennsylvania and Columbia and scored 10 points against Harvard demonstrates this. The question as to which college had the best team is rather a complicated one. There are those who believe that Harvard has a clear right to the honor, basing their claim on the fact that Harvard has won every game it has played this season, and has only been scored against once. Those who believe that Princeton is entitled to the honor base their claim on Princeton's defeat of Yale after the latter had prevented Harvard from scoring against them. The following figures will doubtles keep experts busy in discussion for some time to come.

INTERCOLLEGIATE FOOTBALL ASSOCIATION.
The records of the first eight years of the Intercollegiate Football Association are summarized in the following table, which shows the number of games won by each college each year.


* Columbia was dropped in 1884.

The Association was reorganized in 1885 with the following members: Yale, Princeton, Harvard, University of Pennsylvania, and Wesleyan. The record from that year to date follows:

| College. | 1885. | 1886. | 1887. | 1888. | 1889. | 1890. | 1891. | 1892. | 1893. | 1894. | 1895. | 1896. | 1897 | 1898 | 1899 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yale........ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Princeton.. | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Harvard.. | 0 | 2 | $\stackrel{3}{0}$ | 2 | 2 | ${ }^{*}$ |  |  | + | . | $\cdots$ | . | $\ldots$ | . | . |
| Univ. of Pa. | 0 1 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 | 1 1 1 | 1 | 1 | $\stackrel{2}{0}$ | + | $\ldots$ | . | .. | $\cdots$ | .. |  |

*Harvard withdrew from the Intercollegiate Association late in 1889, but played an independent game with Yale at Springfield, Mass., each year after until 1895. Then after an interval of three years the elevens again met in 1897. These games resulted as follows:
1890-Harvard, $12:$ Yale, 6.
1891 -Yale, $10 ;$ Harvard, 0.
1893-Yale, 6 ; Harvard, 0. 1894-Yale, 12, Harvard, 4.
1898-Harvard, 17 ; Yale, 0. 1892-Yale, 6; Harvard, 0. 1897-Yale, 0; Harvard, 0.
1899-Harvard, $\mathbf{0}$; Yale, $\mathbf{0}$.

+ University of Pennsylvania and Wesleyain withdrew.
The scores of the Yale-Harvard, Yale-Princeton, and Harvard-Princeton games are as follows. The system of scoring previous to 1898 was 4 points for tnuchdown, 2 points for goal from touchdown, 5 points for goal from field, and 2 points for safety. The season of 1898 was played under the revised scoring rules, 5 points for touchdown and 1 point for goal from tr uchdown, goal from field and safety counting the same:

1883-Yale, 23; Harvard, 2.
$1884-$ Yale, 52 : Harvard, 0.
1885-No game played.
1886-Yale, 29; Harvard, 4.
1887-Yale, 17; Harvard, 8.
1883-Yale, 6; Princeton, 0.
*1884-Yale, 6: Princeton, 4.
1885-Princeton, 6; Yale, 5.
*1886-Yale, $4 ;$ Princeton, 0.
1887-Yale, 12 ; Princeton, 0
1888-Yale, 10 : Princeton, 0

* Game unfinished.

1883-Princeton, 26; Harvard, 7.
1884-Princeton, 34; Harvard, 6.
1886-Princeton,12; Harvard, 0.

YALE-HARVARD.
1888-Harvard forfeited 1889 - Yale, 6 ; Harvard, 0. 1890-Harvard, 12 ; Yale, 6. 1891 - Yale, 10; Harvard, 0. 1892-Yale, 6 ; Harvard, 0. YALE-PRINCETON. 1889-Princeton, 10 ; Yale, 0. $1890-Y a l e, 32$; Princeton, 0. 1891 - Yale, 19 ; Princeton, 0. 1892-Yale, 12; Princeton, 0. 1893-Princeton, 6; Yale, 0. 1894-Yale, 24; Princeton, 0.

HARVARD-PRINCETON.
1887-Harvard, 12; Princeton, 0. 1895-Princeton, 12; Harvard, 4. 1888-Princeton, 18: Harvard, 6. 1889 -Princeton,41; Harvard,15.

1893-Yale. 6; Harvard, 0. 1894-Yale, 12 ; Harvard, 4. 1897 - Yale, 0; Harvard, $\mathbf{0}$. 1898-Harvard, 17; Yale, 0. 1899-Harvard,' 0; Yale, 0.

1895-Yale, 20; Princeton, 10. 1896-Princeton, 24: Yale, 6. 1897-Yale, 6; Princeton, $\delta$. 1898-Princeton, 6 Y Yale, 0 1899-Princeton, 11 ; Yale, 10. 1896-Princeton, 12 ; Harvard,0.

NEW YORK STATE INTERCOLLEGLATE ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.
Wesleyan won the championship of 1899 from Colgate, Union, and Hamilton.
INTERSCHOLASTIC FOOTBALL.
The championship of the New York Interscholastic A. A. Was won by De La Salle Institute.
St. Paul School, of Garden City, won the championship of the Long Island Interscholastic Athletic League.

The annual match between Brooklyn High School and Polytechnic Preparatory School was won by the latter by a score of 11 to 6 .

## FOOTBALL RECORDS—Continued.

## ATHLETIC CLUB FOOTBALL.

On November 7. 1899, the Orange A. C. defeated the Knickerbocker A. C., by a score of 11 to 10. Among other games played in 1899 were:

October $21-\mathrm{K}$. A. C. , 32; Murray Hill, 0 . October $28-\mathrm{K}$. A. © , 6 ; Newark A. C., 0. November 11-Duquesne A. C., 47 ; K. A. C., 0.

November 18-Duquesne A. C., 29; Orange A. C., 0. November 25-Orange A. C. ; 6; Newark A. C., 0.

COLLEGE GAMES IN 1899.
September30-Harvard, 29; Williams, 0.
September 30-Yale, 23; Amherst, 0.
September 30-Brown, 17, Holy Cross, 0.
Neptember 30-W esleyan, 27; Aggies, 0.
September 30-University of Penn ,20; Lehigh, 0.
September 30-Dartinouth, 16; Exeter. 5.
October 4-Columbia, 26; Rutgers, 0.
October 4-Yale. 46; Trinity, 0.
October 4-Harvard, 13; Bowdoin, 0 .
October 4-University of Penn. . 47; Bucknell, 10.
October 7-Yale, 28: Bates, 0.
October 7-Princeton. 5; Annapolis Academy, 0. October 7-Columbia, 21 ; Union, 0.
October 11-Harvard, 41; A mherst, 0.
October 11 -Univ. of Penn. 33; Unjv. Va, 6.
October 11 -Princeton, 12; Lafayette, 0
October 14-Princeton, 11; Columbia, 0
October 14-Harvard, 18 ; W est Point Cadets, 0. October 14-Carlisle Indians, 16 ; Univ. Penn., 5. October 14-Yale, 12, Dartmouth, 0. October 14-Annapolis, 12; Georgetown, 0.
October 14-University of Chicago, 17; Cornell, 6. October 14-Syracuse Univ., 10; N. Y'. Univ., 5. October 14-A mherst, 0 : Trinity 0. October 14-Bucknell, 5; Lehigh, 0.
October 18-Harvard, 29 ; Bates, 0.
October 18-University of Penn. 17; Wesleyan, 6. October 18 -Princeton, $12 ;$ Penn. State College. 0 October 18 -Columbia, 40 ; New YorkUniversity, 0.
October 18-Yale Freshmen, 0; Phillips Andover Academy, 0.
October 21-Princeton, 23; West Point Cadets, 0. October 21-Columbia, 18: Amherst, 0.
October 21-Yale, 6; Wisconsin, 0.
October21-Harvard, 11 ; Brown. 0.
October $21-$ Hamiltón Coll., 35; N. Y. Univ.. 0.
October 21 -Lafayette, 6 ; Üniversity of Penñ. . 0.
October 21 -Anuapolis Academy, 6 ; Penn. State College, 0.
October 21-Cornell, 6; Lehigh, 0.
October 21-Carlisle Indians, 16; Dickinson, 5. October21-Williams, 12; Dartmouth, 0.
October $25-$ Princeton, 17; Lehigb, 0.
October 25-A mherst: 11 ; Bowdoin, 6.
October 25-Williams, 12; Trinity, 0.
October 28-Columbia, 0; Yale, 5.
October28-Harvard, 22; Carlisle Indians, 10.
October 28-Cornell, 5 ; Princeton, 0.
October 28-Univ. Chicago, 5; Univ. Penn., 5.
October 28-Michigan, 5 ; Illinois, 0.
October $28-$ Wesleyan, 41 ; Union, 0.
October 28-West Point Cadets, 6; Dartmouth, 2. October 28 -Lehigh, 50 ; New York University, 0.
October 28-Lafayette, 5; Annapolis Academy, 0.

November 1-Columbia, 46: Stevens, 0.
November 4-Harvard, 16 ; Univ. of Penn. 0.
November 4-Princeton, 18; Brown, 6.
November 4--Yale, 24; West Point, 0.
November 4-Annapolis, 12: Univ. of N C. 0. November 4-Lafayette, 17 : Lehigh. 0.
November 4-Univ of Mich., 38. Univ Va. 0
November 4-Wesleyan, 11; Dartmouth, 0.
November 4-Georgetown, 17 . Maryland, 0.
November 7-Cornell, 29, Columbia, 0.
November 8-Princeton, 30 ; Univ. of N. C. $\mathbf{0}$.
November 11-Princeton, 12 ; Carlisle Indians, 0. November 11 -Harvard, 11 ; Dartmouth, 0. November 11-Univ. Penn. 11; Univ, Mich., 10. November 11-Lafayette, 6 ; Comell, 5.
November 11-Yale, 42, Penn. State College, 0. November 11-Columbia, 16. West Point, 0.
November 11-Williams, 38, Amnerst, 0 .
Norember 11-Annapolis Cadets, 35 ; Trinity. 0.
November 11-Rutgers, 6; New York Univ, 5.
November 11 -Wesleyan 16. Holy Cross, 0 .
November 11-Union College, 0 ; Hamilton, 0 .
November 18 -Columbia, 22 ; Dartmouth, 0 .
November 18 -Princeton, 6; Wash.-Jeff., 0.
November 18-Princeton Freshmen, 19: Yale Freshmen, 6.
November 18-Fastman College, 5; College City of New York, 0.
November 18-N. Y. Univ, 18 ; Stevens Inst., 6.
November 18 -Wesleyan, 40, Amherst, 0.
November 18-A nnapolis A cademy, 17; Lehigh. 0 November 18-Brown. 18 , Boston College, 0 November 18 -Lafayette, 12 , Bucknell, 0
November 18-Georgetown Univ.. $0_{i}$ Univ. Va. 0. November 18-West Point Cadets, 12; Syracuse, 6. November 18 -Univ Kan., 36 ; Univ. Neb., 20 . November 18-Univ. of Wis., 19; Minnesota, 0. November $2^{2} 2$-Rutgers, 59 ; College City N. Y.. 0. November 22-Hamilton, 18 ; Trinity, 0
November 25-Priuceton, 11: Yale, 10.
November 25-Carlisle Indians, 81 ; Oberlin, 0. November 25-Harvard Freshmen, 54; Yale Freshmen, 0.
November 25-Brown, 16; Dartmonth, 5.
November 25 -Wesleyan, 11; Williams, 5.
November 25-Hamilton, 17; N Y Univ., 0.
November 25-Univ Chicago, 29 ; Minnesota, 10. November 25 -Lafayette, 35 ; Lehigh, 0.
November 25-Univ. of Peun. Freshmen, 19; Cornell Freshmen, 18.
November 29-Carlisle Indians, 45: Columbia, 0. November 29-Univ. of Penn. 20 Cornell, 0.
November 29-Univ. of Wis., i7; Univ. Mich., 5. November 29-Univ. of Chicago, 17; Brown, 0.

## NOTABLE SCHOOL GAMES IN 1899.

The results of championship games played by the New York Interscholastic Athletic Association and Long Island Interscholastic Athletic League follow:

NEW YORK.
October 26-De La Salle 40; Berkeley, 0 . October 27-Trinity, 18: Columbia Grammar, 0. Uctober 31-Cutler, 50 ; Dwight, 0.

November 15-De La Salle, 11; Trinity, 5.

## LONG ISLAND.

October 25-Pratt Institute, 28; '"Poly Prep , 6. October 28-Pratt Institute, 28; Brooklyn High, 6. November $7 \rightarrow$ Brooklyn High, 10 ; Erasmus Hall,6. November 8-St. Paut, 29 ; Pratt Institute, 0. November 15-St. Paul, 39; "Poly Prep.," 0.

November 18-Pratt Institute, 24 ;Erasmus Hall, 0. November 18-St. Paul, 23. Brooklyn High, 0. November 23-Erasmus Hall. 6; "Poly Prep.,' 6. November 28-St. Paul, 33; Erasmus Hall, 5. November 30 -"Poly Prep.,' 11 ;Brooklyn High,6.

October 7-De La Salle, 6; Bedford A. C. , 0. October 14-St. Paul, 17; Yale Freshmen, 5 October 21-St. Francis Xavier,5; Flushing High, 0 October 21-Princeton Freshmen. 15, St. Paul, 0.

October 21-Morristown High, 11: Columbia Grammar, 6.
November 18-"Poly Prep."" 6; Hackettstown Military Academy 6.

## Bicycling Riecorys.

Notz -Only records which have been accepted by the Chairman of the Racing Board, L. A. W., are given in this table.
PROFESSIONAL PERFORMANCES.

COMPETITION

| Miles. | Tine. <br> H. M. S. | Name. | Place. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-3. | . 45 | F. E. Schefski. | Santa Donica |  |
| 1-2. | . 563 3-5 | W. Fred. Sims. | W ashington. | Aug. 3, 98 |
| $2-3$ | $1.211-5$ | C. 12. Coulter. | Denver.. | Oct. 3, 96 |
| 1. | 1.49 | James Michael | Buffal | July 3, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |
|  | 3.37 3-5 | James Michael | Buffal | July 3, '97 |
| 3 | 5.28 | James Michael | Manh'n B'ch. | Sept. 25, '97 |
| 4 | $7.164-5$ | James Michael | Manh'n B'eh. | Sept. 25,97 |
| 5 | 9.05 3-5 | James Michae] | Cambridge... | Sept. 18, 97 |
| 6 | 10.5045 | James Michael | Cambridge... | Sept. 18, '97 |
|  | 12.42 2-5 | James Michael | Cambridge | Sept. 18, '97 |
|  | 13.39 4-5 | Tom Linton.. | WillowGrove | Aug 6,'98 |
|  | 16.29 | Tom Linton. | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 10 | 17.04 3-5 | Tom Linton | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 11. | 18.49 1-5 | Tom Linton. | WillowGrove | Aug. 6,'98 |
| 12. | 20.31 3-5 | Tom Linton. | WillowGrove | Aug. 6,'98 |
| 13 | 22.21 1-5 | H. D. Elkes. | WillowGrove | Ang. 6, '98 |
| 14 | 24.00 4-5 | H D. Elkes... | Willow Grove | Aug. 6, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| 15 | 25.384 .5 | H. D. Elkes... | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 16 | $27.173-5$ | H. D. Elkes. | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 17 | 23.58 2-5 | H. D. Elkes... | Willow Grove | Aug. . 6, '98 |
| 18 | 30.39 2-5 | H. D. Elkes... | WillowGrove | Aug. 6,'98 |
| 19 | 32.29 | H. D. Elkes... | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '9 3 |
| 20 | 84.02 | H. D. Elkes... | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 21 | 85.A5 2-5 | H. D. Elkes... | Willow Grove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 22 | 37.28 2-5 | H. D. Elkes... | WillowGrore | Aug. 6, '98 |
| 23 | 39.14 3-5 | H. D. Elkes... | Willow Grove | Aug. 6, '98 |
| $24 .$ | 40.58 4-5 | H. D. Elkes... | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '98 |
|  | 42.42 | H. D. Elkes, | WillowGrove | Aug. 6, '9x |
|  | 48.56 2-5 | James Michael | Manh'n B'ch. | Sept. 25, '97 |
|  | 50.51 | James Michae] | Manh'n B'ch. | Sept. 25, '97 |
|  | 1.00.35 3-5 | James Michael | Manh'n B'ch. | Sept. 25, '97 |
|  | 2.11.09 3-5 | Frank Waller. | Cambridge. | Aug. 16, '94 |
| 0 | 4.33.52 | T. A. Barnaby | Cambridge. | Aug. 16, '94 |




HOCR RECORD-FLYING START, PACED.


HOUR RECORDS-FLVING START, UNPACED, AGAINST TIME.

| HRs. | MIs. Ids. | Name. | Place. |  | Date. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.... | 25600. | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, | Col. | July | 9, '98 |
| 2 | $431-2$ | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, | Col. | July | 9, '98 |
| 3 | $623-4$ | W.W.H:mil'n | Denver, | Col. | July | 9, '98 |
| $4 .$ | 815 | W.W.Hamil'n | 1)enver, | Col. | July | 9, '98 |
|  | 100 32 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, | Col. | July | 9, '98 |

ONE-HOUR RECORD-TANDEM.
flying start, unpaced.


## QULNTUPLET.

FLYING START, UNPACED.
1....... 1.46 2-5
$\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Callahan-Butler- } \\ \begin{array}{c}\text { Pierce-Walsh- } \\ \text { Coleman. }\end{array}\end{array}\right\} \left.\begin{gathered}\text { Cambridge, } \\ \text { Mass. }\end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ Aug. 1,'96

AGAINST TIME-FLYING START, ENPACED.

| Miles. | Time. <br> H. M. 3 . | Name. | Place. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-4. | $.261-5$ | A | drver, Col. |  |
| 1-3. | . $3+1$ 1-5 | W.W. Hamil'u | oronado, Cal | March 2, 96 |
|  | . 55 3-5 | Wm. Martin.. | Newby Oval. | Aug. 24, '98 |
|  | 1.55 4-5 | W.W. Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | June 18, '98 |
|  | 4.16 | A. B. Hughes. | Uenver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
| 3 | 6.3245 | F. J. Titus.. | Willow Grove | July 2,'98 |
| $4$ | 8.50 | F. J. Titus | Willow Grove | July 2,'98 |
| 5 | $11.051-5$ | F. J. Titus. | Willow Grove | July 2,'98 |
| $6$ | $13.501-5$ | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,98 |
| $7$ | 16.10 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,98 |
| $8$ | 18.31 2-5 | W.W.Hamil' | Denver, Col. | July 9,'98 |
|  | 20.50 | W. 17. Hanil'u | Denver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
| 10 | 23.09 2-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9, 98 |
| 11 | 25.314 -5 | W.W.Hanil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9, '99 |
| 12 | 27.55 2-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
| 13 | 30.171 1-5 | W.W.11amil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,'98 |
|  | 32.39 1-5 | W.W. Hamil'u | Denver, Col. | Jaly 9, '98 |
|  | 35.03 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,'98 |
|  | 37.28 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,'98 |
|  | 39.53 4-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
|  | $42.182-5$ | W. W. Hamil' | Denver, Col. | July 9,98 |
| 19 | 44.423-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,98 |
| 20 | 47.08 2-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,98 |
|  | $49.342-5$ | W.W. Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9,'98 |
|  | 52.00 3-5 | W.W. Hamil'n | Denrer, Col. | July 9, '98 |
| 23 | 54.26 2-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
|  | 56.53 4-5 | W.W.Hamil'n | Deaver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
|  | 59.13 2-5 | W.W. Hamil'n | Denver, Col. | July 9, '98 |
| $50$ | 2,16.03 | John Lawson.. | Memphis . | Nov. 17, 96 |

## FLying start, paeed

| 1-4. | . 22 2-5 | Major T | Woodside | Nov. 5, '98 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1-3. | . 29 4-5 | Major Taylor. | Woodside P'k | Nov. 14, '98 |
| 1-2. | . 453.5 | Major Taylor. | Woodside P'k | Nov. 13, '98 |
| 2-3. | . 53 3-5 | W.W.Hamil'u | Coronado, Cal | Mar. 2, 96 |
|  | $1.082-5$ | Major Taylor. | Woodside P'k | Nov. $\pm 6,988$ |
|  | 1.28 | E.A. McDuffie | New Bedford. | June 29, '99 |
|  | 3.13 3-5 | Major Taylor. | Woodside P'k | Nov. 5,'98 |
|  | 5.22 4-5 | James Michael | New Orleana. | Nov. 12,'96 |
|  | 7.15 | James Michael | New Orleans. | Nov. 12, '96 |
|  | 9.07 4-5 | James Michael | New Orleans. | Nov. 12, '96 |
|  | 11.00 1-5 | James Mlichat | New Orleans. | Nov. 12, '96 |
|  | 12.53 3-5 | James Michael | New Orlesns. | Nov. 12, '96 |
|  | 14.453 | James Michael | New Orleans. | Nov. 12, '96 |
|  | 16.40 2-5 | James Michael | New Orleans. | Nov. 12, '96 |
|  | 18.331 1-5 | James Michael | New Orleans. | Nov. 12, '96 |

TANDEM AGALNST TIME.
flying start, paced.

| Miles. | Time m. s: | Name. | Place. | Date. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.....$2 \ldots \ldots$$3 \ldots \ldots$ |  | Fowler-Church. | $\overline{\text { Willow Gro }}$ | Nov. 6, 97 |
|  | $3.4)^{2-5}$ | Fowler-Charch. | Willow Gro | Nov. 6, '97 |
|  | 5.311 -5 | Fowler-Church. | Willow Gro | Nov. 6, '97 |
|  |  | TRIPLET AGA <br> flying star | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TIME. } \\ & \text { ICED. } \end{aligned}$ |  |


flying start, paced.
$\left.\begin{array}{l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { McDuffie-Fowler- } \\ \text { Church. }\end{array}\right\} \mid$ Willow Gro|Oct. 26, '97
QUADRUPLET IN COMPETITION,
FLYING START, UNPACED.
1-2....|.493-5|\{c|c|c|c|c| $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Phillips-Bradis- } \\ \text { Irons-Miller. }\end{array}\right\} \mid$ Chicago... $\mid$ Oct. 12, '97 QUADRUPLET.
FLYing start, paced.
$\left.1 . . . . .|1.402-5| \begin{array}{c}\text { SanHerick-Bradis- } \\ \text { Vhillips-Bainbridge }\end{array}\right\} \mid$ Chicago.... $\mid$ Oct. 2, '97
ONE-HOUR RECORD-TR1PLET.
FLYivg start, LNPACED.
$\left.\overline{\text { Mcs. }}\left|\frac{\text { Yds. }}{28 \ldots . .}\right| \frac{\text { Name. }}{\text { 75. }}\left|\frac{\text { Place. }}{\text { Kiser-Miller-Gardner... }}\right| \frac{\text { Date. }}{\text { Bellair, Fla. }} \right\rvert\, \frac{\text { March }}{6,98}$

## Zacrosise in 1899

CRESCENT ATHLETIC CLUB TEAM

| Date | Opposing Team， | Where Played． | Goals Scored |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 苞 | 容家 |
| $\overline{\text { April } 15}$ | Columbia Unıversit | Bay Ridge，N．Y C． | 11 | 5 |
| April 22. | Stevens Institute．．．． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． | 12 | 2 |
| April 27. | College City of N．Y．． | Bay Rıdge，N．Y．C． | 14 |  |
| April 29. | Johns Hopkins Univ ． | Baltimore ．．．．．．．．．． | 5 |  |
| May 6．． | Swarthinore College．． | Bay IRidge，N．Y C． | 7 | 0 |
| May 11． | Cornell Unlversity．． | Bay Ridge，N．Y C． | 5 | 2 |
| May 18．． | Harvard University ．． | Bay Ridge，N．Y C． | 5 | 2 |
| May 20．． | Johns Hopkins Univ．． | Bay Ridge，N．Y C． | 6 | 3 |
| May 27．． | S．I．Lacrosse Club． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． | 6 | 2 |
| May 30．． |  | Bay Ridge N．Y．C． | 11 | 8 |
| June 3.. | Excelsior，Brampton． | Bay Ridge．N．Y．C． | 4 | 2 |
| June 10．． | Montreal A．C．．．．．． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． | I | 3 |
| June 17．． | Osgoode Hall． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． | 11 | 3 |

## COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY TEAM．



COLLEGE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK TEAM．
April 14．Stevens Institute．．
April 15．Lehigh University．．．．So，Bethlehem，Pa．．． May 8．．Staten Island L．C．．．Berkeley Oral
May 30．．Lehigh University ．．
Bergen Point，N．${ }^{\prime}$
STATEN ISLAND LACROSSE CLUB TEAM．

| April 8 | Stevens Institute．．．．States IS | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Apri＇ 15 | Colnmbia University．．Staten Isl | 2 |
| Aprli 22. | College City of N．Y．．Berkeley | 46 |
| Apri！ 29. | Cornell University．．．．Staten Is | 5 |

HARVARD UNIVERSITY TEAM．

| Date． |  |  | Goals Scored． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Opposing Team． | Where Played． |  |
| April 11． | Lehigh Uni reraity | So．Bethlehern， | 0 11 |
| April 18. | Stevens Institute．．．．．． | Hoboken，N．J | 0 |
| Apri］ 21. | Swarthmore College．． | Swarthmore， $\mathbf{P a}$ | 08 |
| April 22. | Johns Hopkins Univ．． | Baltimore，Md． | 020 |
| May 12．． | Columbia University．． | New York City ．．． | 36 |
| May 13．． | Crescen ${ }^{\text {A A．C．．．．．．．．}}$ | Bay Ridge．N． $\mathrm{Y} . \dot{\mathbf{C}}$ | 25 |
| May 13．． | Cornel，Un，versity．．． | New York City．．． | 011 |

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY TEAM．

| April 8. | Columbia University | New Yors City．．．．．． | 9 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April 22. | Harvard University．． | Baltimore，Md． | 20 | 0 |
| April 29. | Crescent A．C．．．．．． | Baltimore，Md |  | 5 |
| May 6．． | Stevens Institute．． | Baltimore，Md | 12 | 1 |
| May 12．． | Lehigh University． | So．Bethlehem，Ps．． | 11 | 3 |
| May 20．． | Crescent A．C．．．．． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． 1 | 3 |  |

STEVENS INSTITUTE TEAM．

|  | 14．${ }^{\text {C }}$ |  | 7 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| April | 18．Harvard University． |  | 7 |  |
| April | 22．Crescent A．C． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． | 2 | 12 |
| April | 26．Columbia University． | Hoboken， | 8 |  |
| April | 29．Staten Island L．C．．． | Staten Is | 3 |  |
| May | 6．．Johns Hopkins Univ．． | Baltimore，Md | 1 | 18 |
| May | 9．．Swarthmore College．． | Hoboken，N | 2 |  |
|  | 12．．Cornell University ．．． | Hoboken，N． | 2 |  |
|  | 20．．Lehigh University．． | Hoboken，N． | 5 |  |

## LEHIGH UNIVERSITY TEAM．



SWARTHMORE COLLEGE TEAM．

| April 21 | Harvard Unvers |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| May 3．． | Lehigh Universit | So．Bet | 2 | 2 |
| May 6. | Crescent A． | Bay Ridge，N．Y．C． | 0 | 7 |
| May 9. | Stevens Ins | Hoboken | 1 | 2 |
| May 13. | Columbia Universi | Swarthmor | 5 |  |

## 

## HOLDERS OF CHAMPIONSHIPS．

Bantam Weight－Terry McGovern，of Brooklyn．Welter Weight－＂Mysterious Billy＇Smith． Feather Weight－George Dixon，of Boston． Light Weight－Frank Erne，of Buffalo．

PRINCIPAL

Middle Weight－Robert Fitzsimmons．
Heavy Weight－James J．Jeffries，Los Angeles，CaJ．

Jim Jeffries defeated Bob Fitzsimmons in 11 rounds for world＇s championship at Coney Island on June 9 ．

Tom Sharkey defeated ．＇Kid＇s McCoy in 10 rounds at Lenox A．C．on January 10.
Jim Jeffries received decision over Tom Sharkey in 25 －round bout at Coney Island on November 3 ＇Kid＇＂McCoy defeated Joe Choynskin 25 －round bont at San Francisco on March 4.
Pedlar Palmer won from Billy Rotcbfort，of Chicago，or foul in third round in London on A prill 17.
Frank Erne，of Buffalo，won light－weight championship from＂Kid＂Lavigne in 20 rounds at Buffalo on July 3

Frank Erne and Jack O＇Brien fought a 25 －round draw for light－weight championship of the world at Coney Island on December 4.
＂Kid＂McCoy was knocked out in one round by Jack McCormack at Chicago on August 18.
Terry McGovern defeated Joe Bernstein at Broadway A．C．in 25－round bout on A pril 29.
Terry McGovern defeated Pedlar Palmer，of England，in one round for the bantam－weight cham－ pionship of the world at＇Tuckahoe on September 12.

Frank Erue won a decision from George McFadden in 25－round bout at Lenox A．C．on May 9.
George Dixon beat Will Curley in 25－round go at Broadway A．C．on November 2.
＂Kid＂，McPartland secured decision over Spike Sullivan in 25 －round bout at Lenox A．C．May 23.
Frank Erne knocked out Dal Hawkins in 7 rounds at San Francisco on March 3.
Joe W alcott knocked out Dan Creedon in 1 round at Lenox A．C．on April 25.
Billy Smith secured decision from Charley McKeever in 20 －round bout at Broadway A．C．Nov． 8.
Joe Gans defeated George McFadden in 25 －round contest at Broadway A．C．on October 31.
George McFadden knocked out＂Kid＂，Lavigne in 19 rounds at Broadway A．C．on October 6.
Tommy Rvan defeated Frank Craig in 10 rounds at Coney Island on September 18.
Tommy West，beat Frank Craig in 14 rounds at Broadway A．C．on November 24.
＂．Kid＇，McCoy and Joe Choynski fought 6－round draw at Chicago on October 6.
＂Kid＂，McCoy knocked ont Steve O＇Donnell in 6 rounds＇at Broadway A．C．on September 19.
＂Kıd＂McCoy beat Jack McCormack in 8 rounds at Lenox A．C．on September 27
Tom Sharkey knocked out Jack McCormack in 2 rounds at Philadelphia on January 30.
Bob Fitzsimmons knocked out Jeff Thorne in 1 round at Chicago on October 28

## 

## THE VANDERBILTS.

DESCENDANTS OF COMMODORE CORNELIUS VANDERBILT.
Born on Staten Island, N Y., 1794; married, 1st, Sophia Johnson, 1813; 2d, Frances Crawford, 1869;

| Children. |
| :---: |
| 1. Phebe Vanderbllt, b 1815, <br> m. James M. Cross, 1841; d. <br> 1853. |



Nors.-In the pedigrees of the Vanderbilta and Astors the dates in some instances, partlcularly of the older branches and of brancbes residing abiosd, sru subject to c.rrection. The above table sind that of the Astors were submitted to members of the respactive familien and were revised by them to the best of their knowledge.

THE VANDERBILTS-ContInued.

| Children. | Grandchildren. | Great-Grandchildren. | Great-Great-Grandchildren. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4. Emily Vanderbilt, b. 1823; m. Willism K. Thorn, 1849; d. 1896. | 1. William K. Thorn, b. 1851. |  |  |
|  | 2. Emily Thorn, b. 1853; m.,1st, Daniel King, 1869; 2d,James C. Parrish James C. Parrish, 1873. | 1. Louise Alice King, b. 1870; m. Alexander Baring. |  |
|  |  | 2. Emily Parrish, b. 1874; m. Edward Post, 1896. |  |
|  |  | 3. Herbert Parrish, b. 1876. |  |
|  | 3. Lena Thorn, b. 1858 ; m. Gustar Kissell, 1881. |  |  |
| 5. Cornelius Jeremiah Vanderbilt, b. 1825; d. 1882. |  |  |  |
| 6. Eliza Vanderbilt, b. 1828; m. George Osgood, 1849; d. 1895. |  |  |  |
| 7. Sophia Vanderbilt, b. 1830; m. Daniel Torrance, 1849. | 1. Alfred Torrance, b. $1850 ; \mathrm{m}$. Bertha Anthony,1872; d. 1885. |  |  |
|  | 2. Marie Torrance, b. 1852 ; m. John Hadden, Jr., 1873. | 1. John Hadden, b. 1874. |  |
| 8. Maria Alecia Vanderbilt, b. 1831 ; m., 18t, N. La Bau, 1847. | 1. Bertha V. La Ban; m. George M. Brown. |  |  |
|  | 2. Edith La Ban; m. Tiffany Dyer. |  |  |
|  | 3. Lillian La Ban; m. Ist, Eugene Blois; 2d, Jose Aymar, 1897. |  |  |
| 9. Catherine Vanderbilt, b. 1834; m., 1st, Smith Barker, 1850; 2d, Gustave Lafitte, 1861 ; d. 1887. | 1. Clarence Johnson Barker, b. 1853; d. 1896. |  |  |
|  | 2. Catherine Barker, b. 1857. |  |  |
|  | 3. Morris Lafitte, b. 1863. |  |  |
| 10. Marie Louise Vanderbilt, b. 1835 ; m., 18t, Horace Clark, 1851; 2d, Robert Niven, 1860; d. 1891. | 1. Louise Clark, b. 1853; m., 1st, | 1. Edith Lyman Collins, b. 1876; m. Count Czay Kowaki (Rechid Bey), 1897. |  |
|  | Clarence L. Collins, 1874; 2d, Capt. Barty Midford; 3d, M. L. Souberbille; d. 1895. |  |  |
|  | 2. Charlotte E. Niven; m. Count de Sers. |  |  |
| 11. Frances Vanderbilt, b. 1836; d. 1866. |  |  |  |
| 12. George Vanderbilt, b. 1841; d. 1863. |  |  | - |

## THE COULDS

## DESCENDANTS OF JAY GOULD.

Born May 27, 1836; married Mary Moore, 1861 ; died, 1892.

| Children. | Grandchildren. | Great-Grandchildren. | Great-Great-Grandchildren. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. George Jay Gould, b. 1864; m. Edith Kingdon, 1887. | I. Jay Gould, b. 1888. <br> 2. Marjorie Gould, b. 1889. <br> 3. Kingdon Gould, b. 1890. <br> 4. Vivian Gould, b. 1891. <br> 5. Edith Helen Gould, b. 1892. | , |  |
| 2. Edwin Gould, b. 1866; m. Sarah Shrady, 1892. | 1. Edwin Gould, b. 1894. <br> 2. Frank Miller Gould, b. 1899. |  |  |
| 3. Helen Miller Gould, b. 1870. |  |  |  |
| 4. Howard Gould, b. 1871 ; m. Katherine Clemmons, 1898. |  |  |  |
| 5. Anna Gould, b. 1875 ; m. Count Boniface de Castellane, 1895. | 1. Boniface de Castellaue, b. 1897. 2. Frank de Castellane, b. 1899. |  |  |
| G. Frank Gould, b. 1878. |  |  |  |

## THE ROCKEFELLERS.

DESCENDANTS OF WILLIAM A. ROCKEFELLER. Born 1811; married Eliza Davidson.


## THE ASTORS.

## DESCENDANTS OF JOHN JACOB ASTOR.

Born at Waldorf, Germany, 1763; married Sarah Todd, cousin of Henry Brevoort, in New York, 1785; died, 1848.


THE AMERICAN MULTI-MILLIONAIRES-Continued.
THE ASTORS-Continued.


* The descendants of the Boreels live in Europe, and the last generation is not given here in full.


## zeing sufrey facmorial.

THE one-thousandth anniversary of the death of King Alfred will be celebrated in England in 1901. The Queen has given the movement her patronage, and the memorial will take the form of a bronze statue of King Alfred to be erected in his royal city of Winchester. A committee lias been formed in America to coöperate with the movement, and its members include Col. John Hay, the Secretary of State; Bishop Potter, and the Presidents of Harvard, Yale, and Johns Hopkins Universities. King Alfred being the founder of Great Britain's maritime supremacy, a naval disp ay will be held, and the largest armored cruiser in the world, to be launched in 1901, will be christened King Alfred. Wolvesey Castle, the ancient residence of the English Kings, near Winchester, will be secured as a memorial museum. The sum of $£ 30,000$ will be raised to carry out the plan.

## Getorg' bitut of Gmrxica.

President-Louis Aldrich. First Vice-President-Frank W. Sanger. Second Vice-President-John Drew. Treasurer-Andrew A. McCormick. Secretary-Edwin Kinowles. Assistant Secretary-Adolph Bernard. Trustees-Antonio Pastor, Augustus Piton, A. M. Palmer, Harrison Gray Fiske, T. Henry French, William H. Crane, Frank G. Cotter, F. F. Mackay, Wm. A. Brady, De Wolf Hopper, Francis Wilson, Roland Reed, B. F. Keith, Charles H. Hoyt, Eugene Tompkins.

The Actors' Fund 'was established in 1882, to provide assistance for disabled and needy members of the theatrical profession, and burial for such as leave no means therefor. From organization to date of the last financial report there has been contributed to the fund, in various ways, about $\$ 550,000$. and dnring that time there has been expended for relief, burials, medicines, hospital charges. etc., over $\$ 350.000$. The amount of the Fund June 7,1898 , was $\$ 196,615$. The number of anual members of the Fund at that date was 862 , and of life members 118. There are 20 honorary members, Including ex-President Cleveland. Chauncey M. Depew, and Ignace Paderewski.

## Tye Stage.

BIRTHPLACES AND BIRTH YEARS OF DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL PEOPLE.


## 

A RECORD OF THE NEW PLAYS PRODUCED IN THE THEATRES OF NEW YORK FROM DECEMBER 1, 1898 , TO DECEMBER 1, 1899, WITH THE RUN OF EACH PRODUCTION.

Dec. 5, 1898-Star. "A Spring Chicken," 8 times.
Dec. 5-Columbus: "Lost in Siberia," 8 times.
Dec. 6-Knickerbocker: "The Hesd of the Family," 32 times.
Dec. 12-People's: "Under the Dome," 8 times.
Dec. 19-Harlem Opera House: "Vagabondia," 8 times.
Dec. 24 -Broadway: "The Sorrows of Satan," 24 times.
Dec. 26-Empire:, "Phroso," 51 times.
Dec. 26-Herald Square: "The Little Host," 22 times.
Dec. 26-People's: "Remember the Maine," 8 times.
Dec. 26-Star: "A Female Drummer," 8 times.
Jan. 2, 1899-Knickerbocker: "Nathan Hale," 58 times.
Jan. 5-Irving Place: "Das Erbe," 7 times.
Jan. 9-Garrick: "Zaza," 163 times; September, October, 21 times; total, 184.
Jsn. 9-Waliack's: "The Termagant," 7 tlmes.
Jan. 9-Fourteenth Street: "A Romance of Athlone," 90 times.
Jan. 11-Casino: "Ls Belle Helene," 49 times.
Jan. 15-Herald Square: "That Man," 16 times.
Jan. 15-Madison Square: "Because She Loved Him So," 141 times.
Jan. 15-Academy of Music: "The Ragged Earl," 32 times.
Jan. 15-Grand Opera House : "The Evil Eye," 8 times.
Jan. 15-People's: "Chattanooga," 8 times.
Jan. 15-Star: "Daughters of the Poor," 8 times.
Jan. 30-Broadway: "The Three Dragoons," 43 times.
Jan. 30-Metropolis: "Through the Breakers," 8 times.
Jan. 31-Heraid Square : "The Rev. Griffith Davenport," 28 times.
Feb. 1-Manhattan: "Mlle. Fifi," 94 times.
Feb. 2-Irving Place : "Busch und Reichenbach," 8 times.
Feb. 6-Wallack's: "At the White Horse Tsvern," 65 times.
Feb. 6-People's : "K nobs o' Tennessee," 8 times.
Feb. 6-Daly's: "The (子reat Ruby," 140 times.
Feb. 6-Irving Place: "Jugendfreunde," 7 times.
Feb. 14-Empire : "Lord and Lady Algy," 95 times.
Feb. 16-1rving Place: "Freiwild," 7 times.
Feb. 20-Bijou: "Brown's in Town," 16 times.
Feb. 27-Knickerbocker: "The King's Musketeer," 48 times.
Feb. 27-Columbus: "Johnny on the Spot," 8 times.
Feb. 28-Irving Place: "Auf der Sonnensette," 7 times.
Feb. 28-Herald Square: "By the Sad Sea Waves," 39 times; Fourteenth Street, 24 times; Manhattan, 8 times; total, 71 times.
March 2-Victoria: "A Reign of Error," 148 times.
March 6-Garden: "The Last Chapter," 24 times.
March 6-People's: "The Victorian Cross," 8 times.
March 13-Lyceum: "Americans at Home," 18 times.
March 13-Columbus : "The King of the Opium Ring," 8 times.
March 13-Broadway: "The Musketeers," 36 times.
March 13-Metropolis: "The Air Ship," 8 times.
March 13-Irving Flace: "Cyrano von Bergerac," 14 times.
March 20-Casino: "In Gsy Paree," 42 times.
March 20-Columbus: "London Life," 8 times.
March 28-Fourteenth Street: "Report for Duty," 15 tlmes.
March 29-Lyceum: "J John Ingerfield," 13 times.
March 30 -Fifth A venue : "Little 1taly," 5 times.
April 3-Bijou: "The Purple Lady," 36 times.
April 3-Wallack's: "The Cuckoo," 56 times.
April 10-Lyceum: "Rnpert of Hentzau," 32 times.
April 10-Knickerbocker: "Colinette," 41 times.
April 10-People's: "Finnegan's Four Hundred," 8 times.
April 11-Fifth Avenue: "Citizen Pierre," 7 times.
April 24-New York: "The Man in the Moon," 186 times.
April 24-Manhattan: "The Manicure," 8 times.
April 25-Irving Place: "Fuehrmann Henschel," 7 tlmes.
April 29-Herald Square: "An Arabian Girl," 33 times.
May 1-Fourteenth Street: "Mother Goose," 16 times.
Msy 9-Lyceum: "His Excellency the Governor," times.
Msy 9-American. "We Uns of Tennessee," 24 times.
May 22-Wallack's: "My Cousin," 7 times.
July 12-Casino: "The Rounders," 130 times.

Ang. 28, 1899-Wallack's: "A Little Ray of Snnshine," 21 times.
Aug. 28-Academy: "The Last of the Rohans," 48 times
Aug. 28-Fourteenth Street: "A Young Wife," 56 times.
Aug. 28-Criterion : "The Girl from Maxim's," 64 times.
Aug. 28-Star: "A Soldier of the Empire," 8 times.
Sept. 2-Madison Square: "Why Smith Left Home," 73 times.
Sept. 2-Manhattan: "Mr. Smooth," 25 times.
Sept. 4-B:jou: "In Paradise," 56 times.
Sept. 7-Lyceum : "Miss Hobbs," still running Dec. 1.
Sept. 11-Empire : "The Tyranny of Tears," running Dec. 1.
Sept. 12-Fifth Avenue: "Becky Sharp," running Dec. 1.
Sept. 15-Broadway: "The Ghetto," 43 times.
Sept. 16-Herald Square: "The Only Way." 33 times; Garden Theatre, 40 times; total, 73 times.
Sept. 18-Knickerbocker: "Cyrano de Bergerac," 14 times
Sept. 18-Wallack's: "The Gadfly," 14 times.
Sept. 18-Victoris: "The Rogers Brothers in Wall Street," still running Dec. 1 .
Sept. 21-Weber \& Fields': "Whirl-I-Gig" and "The Girl from Martin's," former still running, Dec. 1, latter 40 times.
Sept. 25-Manhattan: "A Stranger in a Strange Land," 49 times.
Oct. 2-Wallack's: "Peter Stuyvessnt," 30 times.
Oct. 2-Garrick: "My Innocent Boy," 16 times.
Oct. 3-lrving Place: "Renaissance," 7 times.
Oct. 9-Star: "Through the Breskere," 8 times.
Oct. 16-Herald Square: "Children of the Ghet to," 43 times
Oct. 16-Fourteenth Street: "The Dairy Farm," still running Dec. 1.
Oct. 16-Garrick: "The Girl In the Barracks," 24 times; at Madison Square, 8 times; total, 32 times.
Oct. 16-Irving Place: "Maedel als Kekrut," 21 times.
Oct. 16-Star: "The Policy Players," 8 times.
Oct. 23-Casino: "The Singlng Girl'" still running Dec. 1.
Oct. 23-Criterion: "Barbars Frietchie," still running Dec. 1.
Oct. 24-Brosiway: "More than Queen," 34 times.
Oct. 24-Daly's: "The Song of the Sword," 39 times.
Oct. 26-Empire ; Students" matinee : "The Flower of Yeddo," "On the Arcady Trail," "Nell."
Oct. 26-Weber \& Fields': "The Other Way," still running Dec. 1.
Oct. 27-Bijou: "Sister Mary," still running Dec. 1.
Oct. 30-K nickerbocker: "Robespierre," 15 Limes.
Oct. 31-Wallack's: "A Rich Man's Son," still running Dec. 1.
Nov.
Nov. 6-Garrick: "Sherlock Holmes." still running Dec. 1
Nov. 6-Kosier \& Blal's: "Around New York in 80 Min utes," still running Dec. 1.
Nov. 8-Irving Place: "Das Opferlamm," 12 times.
Nov. 13-Manhattan : "Papa's Wife," still running Dec. 1.
Nov. 13-Madison Square: "Make Way for the Ladies," still running Dec. 1.
Nov. 17-Empire: Students' matinee: "The Fan," "Drusilla," "Afterthoughts."
Nov. 20-Knickerbocker: "The Elder Miss Blossom," still running Dec. 1.
Nov. 21-Irving Place: "Die Herren Sohne," 8 times.
Nov. 27-Daly's: "The Manouvres of Jane," still running Dec. 1.
Nov. 28-Herald Square: "A Greek Slave," still running
Nov. 28-Empire: Students' mstinee: "Osbern and Ur. syne."
Nov. 29-Broadway: "Ben Hur," still running Dec. 1.
Nov. 30 -Irving Place: "Hofgunst," atill running Dec. 1.
Besldes those at the "combination" hnuses and by stock companles, the most important revivala of the year have been: Academy of Music, Oct. 9 to Nov. 11, "The Old Homestead;" Acsdemy of Music, Nov. 13, still running Dec. 1, "Way Down East;" Garden Thestre, Nov. 20, atill running Dec. 1, "Cyrano de Bergerac."

SOME NEW PLAYS AND IMPORTANT REVIVALS AT THE PRINCIPAL LONDON THEATRES, DECEMBER 1, 1898, TO DECEMBER 1, 1899.

| Dec. | 31, 1898-Royalty : "A Little Ray of Sunshine." | June | 12-Adelphi : Sarah Bernhardt as Hamlet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jan. | 5, 1899-Her Majesty's: "The Ambasssdor" and | June | 19-Duke of York's: "An American Citizen." |
|  | "The Repentance," | Aug. | 31-Haymarket: "The Degenerates." |
| Feb. | 13-Lyceum: "The Only Way." | Sept. | 16-Drury Lane: "Hearts Are Trumps." |
| March | 8-Comedy: "A Lady of Quality." | Sept. | 20-Her Majesty's: "King John." |
| April | 6-Criterion: "The Tyranny of Tesrs." | Sept. | 21-Prince of Wales' "Moonlight Blossom." |
| April | 8-Globe: "The Gay Lord Quex." | Oct. | 28-Haymarket: "The Black Tulip." |
| April | 12-He: Majesty's : "Carnac Sahib." | Oct. | 28-Terry's: "The Featherstones." |
| April | 15-Lyceum. "Robespierre." | Nov. | 27-Yrince of Wales': "The Canary." |
| June | 6-Duke of York's: "The Cowboy and the Lady." | Nov. | 29-Savcy " The Rose of Persia." |

## Zliterature in 1899.

## THE NOTABLE BOOKS OF THE YEAR.

An average of 5,000 books per year comes from the presses of the publishers of the United States. A look at the titles of these books brings clearly before the mind of an experienced reader the leading events of the year. Daring 1899 the subjects most talked of in America were the territory conquered in 'he Spanish-American War-Cuba, the Philippines-Hawaii, the annexed possessions; expansion; Kipling's dangerous illness; the Dreyfus trial; the triumphal return of Admiral Dewey; the South African conditions; and the unprecedented popularity of fiction by American authors.

FICTION
At the turn of the year all the world was reading Page's "Red Rock," Hopkinson Smith's " Caleb West." Harold Frederic's "Gloria Mundi," Miss Johnston's "Prisoners of Hope," Caskoden's "When Knighthood Was in Flower," and Westcott's "David Harum," and these books are still popular throughout the land, the latter having sold 350,000 copies. Bearing date 1899 came "Richard Carvel," by Winston Churchill, a story of the American Revolution, introducing Washington, Paul Jones, Fox, and Horace Walpole, and already 220,000 are printed. "Janice Meredith." by Paul Leicester Ford, covering the same period, bids fair to become a dangerous rival. "The Market Place," by Harold Frederic, has also stood a mong the six best-selling books of a month. Kipling's books were mach read, in a measure owing to the widespread anxiety at the time of his illness, and the year was rich in Kiplingiana of every kind-stories, birthday books, calendars, criticisms, explanations, etc.
"Via Crucis," by F. Marion Crawford, is a romance of the second crusade, introducing Queen Eleanor of France and Bernard of Clairvaux. "The Open Question." by C. E. Raimond, was a serious novel dealing with the question of heredity; "Windyhaugh," by Graham Travers, a plea for goodness and womanliness as beyond all intellectual gifts for women; "Taming of the Jungle," by Dr. C. W. Doyle, a strong story of India; "Children of the Mist," a highly original novel, of Devonshire, Eng, by Eden Phillpotts; "Cashel Byron's Profession," an arraignment of the artificiality of polite society in England, by Bernard Shaw, the playwright, whose hero is a prize-fighter; "The Sword of Justice," by Sheppard Stevens, dealing with the French and Indian War, and a valuable study of Indian customs; "The Mormon Prophet," by Lily Dougall, a character study of Joseph Smith, and "The King's Mirror," by Anthony Hope.

Grant Allen died recently, and then it was discovered that "The Typewriter Girl" and "Rosalba." both purporting to be the work of Olive Pratt Rayner, were from his pen; and under his own name appeared "Miss Cayley's Adventures," describing European travel. Among the new works of standard authors were Crockett's "Kit Kennedy," Harraden's "The Fowler," Edward F. Benson's "Mammon \& Co.," Gissing's "Crown of Life," Besant's "The Orange Girl," Miss Murfree's "Story of Old Fort Loudon," Stockton's "Vizier of the Two-Horned Alezander," Richard Harding Davis'" The Lion and the Unicorn," Mrs. Burton Harrison's "Circle of the Century," Henry James' "The Awkward Age," W. D. Howells' "Ragged Lady," and Charles Dudley Warner's "That Fortune."

Fiction dealing with the sea, the railroad, and the telegraph was a feature of the year. To this class belong "In Hampton Roads," by Charles Eugene Banks and George Crain Cook, a story of the Civil War, dealing with the invention of ironclads, and detailing the work of the Merrimac and the Monitor; Bullen's "Cruise of the Cachalot" and "Idylls of the Sea," Hamblen's "Yarn of a Bucko Mate" and Hains' "Wind Jammers." The railrond is made romantic in Merwin Webster's "The Short Line War,", Warman's "Snow on the Headlight" and "The White Mail," and Hill's "Stories of the Railroad," while Brady's "Tales of the Telegraph" does the same for that method of communication. Also a feature of the year were novels dealing with questions of education and social problems, the tone in most being of a very high morality. "Of such were Stuart's "Averages," Dowson-Moore's "Adrian Rome," Whiteing's "No. 5 John street," one of the most widely read of the books of the year, dealing with the contrasts of poverty and luxury in London; Mallock's "Tristram Lacy," White's "Differences," Sherwood's "Henry Worthington, Idealist," a study of department store problems: Sawyer's "A Local Habitation" (labor problems and journalism), Pendered's "Michael Rolf, Englishman" (real and artiticial class distinctions and prejudices), and Lynde's "The Helpers "(study of gambling). Very strong were "McTeague," a San Francisco study by Frank Norris, and "The Maternity of Harriott Wicken," by Mrs. Dudeney, a story of heredity too realistic for fiction. A feature of the year was also the dramatization of fiction and the turning of plays into novels. At the moment Dickens' "Tale of Two Cities." Wallace's "Ben Hur," Thackeray's "Vanity Fair." Zangwill's "Children of the Ghetto," Anthony Hope's "Phroso," etc., are on the stage, while Sazdou's "Robespierre," Rostand's "Cyrano de Bergerac," etc., have been lengthened into novels.

The short stories of special merit were: Wharton's "Greater Inclination," Chesnutt's "The Conjure Woman," Dawes' "Stories of Colonial Mansions," Hewlett's "'Little Novels of Italy," Catherwood's "Mackinac Lake Stories," Risley's "Men's Tragedies," Brown's "Tiverton Tales," King's "Stories of the War of 1898,' and Hopkinson Smith's "The Other Fellow."

## POLITICAL AND SOCIAL.

Books relating to the Spanish-American War and its consequences are grouped here regardless of their biographical, descriptive, or historical bearings. Also books on South Africa. William T. Stead made a trip to all the capitals of Europe to gather information of the political situation of 1899 regarding the Peace Rescript of the Czar of Russia and American expansion. The result was "The United States of Europe on the Eve of the Parliament of Peace;" "Can We Disarm?" arguments for and against, by Joseph McCabe and George Darian; "Future of War," by I. S. Bloch, discussing technical, economic, and political relations: "The Federation of the World," by Benjamin F. Trueblood, Secretary of the American Peace Society; "Anglo-Suxon Superiority," by Edmund Demolins; "The History of American Expansion" and "Uur Four New Possessions," by Murat Halstead; "Our Nation's Peril," by Louis G. James, against imperialism; "Imperialism and the Tracks of Our Forefathers," by Charles Francis Adams (against); "The Imperial Republic," by J. O. Fernald, assistant editor of the Standard Dictionary (favors); "Imperial Democracy," by David Starr Jordan (against expansion); "The Foreign Policy of the United States," discussions before the American Academy of Political and Social Science: Democracy," by James Hervey Hyslop, Professor of Logic and Ethics in Columbia University-a remarkable exposition of true democracy, its duties, privileges, and responsibilities: "Everything About Our New Possessions," by T. J. Vivian and Ruel P. Smith (chiefly statistics). Henry Cabot Lodge wrote "Our War with Spain," an authoritative book; books on Hawaii were written by William Fremont Blackman, Edmond James Carpenter, Caspar Whitney, and Lucren Young; the Philippines were desoribed from every point of view by Rev. Ambross Coleman, Amos Kidder Fiske, Lala, F. D. Millet, John W.

## LITERATURE IN 1899-Continued.

Taylor, and G. J. Younghusband. Fifteen books. of more than average merit. related to Cubs; among the authors were Hobson, Kennan, Bonsal, Wheeler, etc.: important books dealt with Porto Rico; Amos Kidder Fiske wrote of the West Indies as a whole, and Sigsbee of the ill-fated Maine. There were five biographies of Admiral Dewey, of which the best is John Barrett's.

Fo irteen books dealt with Africa as a whole and with various sections, and nine books dealt with the South African conditions; the authors were Knox-Little, Olive Schreiner, Hillegas ("Oom Panl's People"), Mary H. Kingsley, etc.

Municipal government, trusts, labor problems, etc., were dealt with in Seth Low's "Trend of the Century." Henry Wallaoe's "Trusts and How to Deal with Them," Hirsch's "Democracy, Against Trusts and Free Silver," Weber's "Growth of Cities," Bemis' "Municipal Monopolies," James' "Growth of Great Cities," Breen's "Thirty Years of New York Pclitics," Marat's "Labor Literature," Flynt's "Tramping with Tramps," George's "Involuntary Id leness of Labor," Prevez's "Economic Aspects of Charity," Stephens' "Working People," Ferris' "Pauperizing the Rich," Veblen's "Theory of the Leisure Class," Gordon's ",Government Ownership of Railroads," David Starr Jordan's "Economics," Daniels" "Public Finance," and Francis Amasa Walker's "Discussions on Economics and Statistics." Of great interest to industrial America are Sargent's "Corn Plants," Wilkinson's "Story of the Cotton Plant," Myrich's "American Sugar Industry," and Stewart's "Shall We Grow the Sugar That We Consume ?" Alsotimely are Cook's "Comparative Study of the Negro Problem," Cross' "The Negro and the Sunny South," and Love's "Disfranchisement of the Negro." The woman problem produced "Occupations of Women," "Ideal New Woman," Dana's "Woman's Possibilities," Dodge's "What Women Can Earn," Heinzen's "Rights of Woman," and Marholm's "Studies in the Psychology of Women."

## BIOGRAPHY AND HISTORY.

The year was unusually rich in biography and correspondence. "Who's Who in America," edited by Leonard, is modelled on the book that has appeared annually in England for fifty-one years. "James $\mathbf{R}$. Lowell and His Friends," by E. E. Hale; Mrs. Julia Ward Howe's "Reminiscences," T. W. Higginson's "Contemporaries," the men and women of the fifties in America; E. P. Roe's "Reminiscences," Fisher's "True William Penn," P. L. Ford's "Many-sided Franklin," Hapgood's "Abraham Lincoln," Cathey's "Abraham Lincoln," Gorham's "Life of Stanton," "Art Life of William Morris Hunt," etc,

English biography included "The Life of George Borrow" (Bible in Spain), "Stevenson's Letters," Spurgeon's "Antobiography,", "Life of Lewis Carroll" ("Alice in Wonderland"), "Letters of Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning," Justin McCarthy's "Reminiscences," Mrs. Oliphant's "Autobiography," Monkhouse's "Kipling, " and Clemens' "Ken of Kipling," etc.

From the French we have Victor Hugo's "Memoirs," "Personal Opinions of Balzac," "Dreyfus' Letters to His Wife," Steevens' "Tragedy of Dreyfus," Harding's "Story of Dreyfus," and Decle's "Trocper 3809," dealing with conditions in the French Army making possible a "Dreyfus affair." Other European celebrities were covered in three lives of Leo XIII., and one announced by F. Marion Crawford, not quite ready; two lives of Bismarck, two biographies of Elizabeth, Empress of Austria (assassinated in the Spring), Stillman's "Crispi," "Reminiscences of Prince Krapotkin," etc.

Of historical importance are Edwin A. Grosvenor's "Contemporary History of the World," covering the last fifty years; Ripley's "Races of Europe," Trevelyan's "American Revolution," of which the first volume promises a fine work: Ropes' "Story of the Civil War," brought to special attention by the death of the author: Wise's "End of an Epoch," United States history to the end of the Civil War; the fifth volume of McMasters' "History of the United States," McCarthy's "Story of the People of England," Maclay's "American Privateering," Matthews' "Navy in 1861-1878." Wagner's "United States Army and Navy," Laughton's "From Howard to Nelson," Clowes' "Royal Navy," etc.

## DESCRIPTION AND TRAVEL.

Heilprin's "Alaska and the Klondike," Hemstreet's "Old New York," Shoemaker's "Quaint Corners of Philadelphia," "Monumental Guide to Gettysburg," Simpson's "Edinhargh Days," Johnson's "Among English Hedgerows," "Famous Homes of Great Britain," "Troubadours at Home," "Feadal Chateaux of France," Meldrum's "Holland," Ransome's "Japan," Hearn's "In Ghostly Japan," Steevens' "In India," Mrs. Bird Bishop's "Yang-tse-Valley," Penfield's "Egypt.'

## LITERARY MISCELLANY.

Beers' "English Romanticism in the Eighteenth Century," Corson's "Introduction to Milton," Wiener's "Yiddish Literatnre," "Literatures of the World (Austrian, Japanese, Hangarisn)," Darrow's "Realism," Hyde's "Literary History of Ireland,", Trent's "Authority of Oriticism," Smith's "Stories of Great National Songs," Cross' "English Novel," Max Muller's "Old Lang Syne," two series of reminiscences of literary subjects, Johnson's "Testimony of Shakespeare's Sonnets," two books on Edgar Allen Poe, one by Fruit, the other by Benton; Dominic's "Contemporary French Novelists," D. G. Mitchell's "American Lands and Letters," covering to Fenimore Cooper; Kipling's "From Sea to Sea," and several other works made up from Kipling's writings.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

"The Man with the Hoe," a poem in a book by Edward Markham, was one of the most discussed literary products of the year; Dunbar's "Lyrics of the Hearthstone" and Realf's "Poems" were also much read; a memorial edition was published of the poems of Timrod, the ill-fated Southern singer. Of interest to theatre, opera, and concert patrons were Wagnalls" "Stars of Opera," Annesley's "Standard Opera Glass," the memorial volume for Anton Seidl, Stebbins' "Charlotte Cushman," Huret's "Sarah Bernhardt," "Reminiscences of Mrs. Drew," Hiatt's "Ellen Terry and Her Impersonations," Huneker's "Mezzotints in Modern Music," Henderson's "Orchestra," "How Music Developed," etc.

The year was phenomenally rich in books on painters and musicians. George William Jordan's essays that made so great a success as editorials in the Saturday Evening Post, of Philadelphia, were issued as "Kingship of Self-Control," and other books dealing with ethics were Robert Grant's "Search-light Letters,", Hamilton Mabie's "Life of the Spirit," Fiske's "Through Nature to God," Lecky's "Map of Life," Knowlton's "Art of Thinking," Drummond's "City Without a Church," Van Dyke's "Fisherman's Luck," four examinations of "Christian Science," and a book a mong the sensations of the year, said to have sold nearly $3,000,000$ copies, was Sheldon's "In His Steps; or, What Would Jesus Do?" Bernard Shaw. in "The Perfect Wagnerite," tried to prove that Wagner's music was meant to show up the social conditions of the modern world, and "Mr. Dooley in the Hearts of His Countrymen" is almost as good as the original Dooley volume. Works on education of great value were also a feature of the year.

## 

## DIRECTIONS FOR SECURING COPYRIGHT UNDER THE REVISED ACTS OF CONGRESS, <br> INCLUDING THE PROVISIONS FOR FOREIGN COPYRIGHT, BY ACT OF MARCH 3, 1891.

Section 4,952 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in force December 1, 1873, as amended by the act of June 18, 1874, as amended by the act of March 3, 1891, provides that the author, inventor, designer, or proprietor of any book, map. chart, dramatic or musical composition, engraving, cut, print, or photograph or negative thereof, or of a painting, drawing, chromo. statuary, and of models or designs intended to be perfected as works of the fine arts, and he executors, administrators, or assigns of any such person, shall, upon complying with the provisions of this chapter have the sole liberty of printing, reprinting, publishing, completing, copying, executing, finishing, and vending the same and, in the case of a dramatic composition, of publicly performing or representing it, or causing it to be performed or represented by others. And authors or their assigns shall have exclusive right to dramatize or translate any of their works for which copyright shall have been obtained under the laws of the United States.

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The printed title required may be a copy of the title-page of such publications as have title-pages. In other cases, the title must be printed expressly for copyrigh' entry, with name of claimant of copyright. The style of type is immaterial, and the print of a typewriter will be accepted. But a separate title is required for each entry, and each title must be printed on paper as large as commercial note. The title of a periodicat must include the date and number; and each number of a periodical requires a separate entry of copyright. Blank forms of application are furnished to applicants.

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The legal fee for recording each copyright claim is 50 cents, and for a copy of this record (or certificate of copyright under the seal of the office) an additional fee of 50 cents is required, making $\$ 1$, if certificate is wanted, which will be mailed as soon as reached in the records. No money is to be placed in any package of books, music, or other publications. A bank check to order avoids all risk. In the case of publications which are the production of persons not citizens or residents of the United States, the fee for recording title is $\$ 1$, and 50 cents additional for a copy of the record. Certificates covering more than one entry in one certificate are not issued. Bank checks, money orders, and currency only taken for fees. No postage stamps received.

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The original term of copyright runs for twenty-eight years. Within six months before the end of ihat time, the author or designer, or his widow or children, may secure a renewal for the further term of fourteen years, making forty-two in all.

## RENEWALS.

Application for renewal must be accompanied by printed title and fee; and by explicit statement of ownership, in the case of the author, or of relationship, in the case of his heirs, and must state definitely the date and place of entry of the original copyright. Within two months from date of renewal the record thereof must be advertised in an American newspaper for four weeks.

TIME OF PUBLICATION.
The time of publication is not limited by any law or regulation, but the courts have held that it should take place "within a reasonable time." A copyright may be secured for a projected as well as for a mmpleted work. But the law provides for no caveat or notice of interference-only for actual entry us iitle.

## ASSIGNMENTS.

Copyrights are assignable by any instrument of writing. Such assignment, to be valid, is to be recorded in the office of tile Librarian of Congress within sixty days from execution. The fee for this record and certificate is $\$ 1$, and for a certified copy of any record of assigument $\$ 1$.

A copy of the record (or duplicate certificate) of any copyright entry will be furnished, under seal of the office, at the rate of 50 cents each.

## (c) $)$ C5s.

Black.


White.
White to play and mate in three moves.

Black.


Whits.
White to play and mate in three moves.

The above problems, the first by J. Drtina and the second by A. Silvestre, are selected as two of the most remarka ble compositions which appeared during the last year.
1899 Was replete with the usual number of interesting and important events which mark the close of a great century of chess development.
In the fourth cable match for the Newnes Trophy between the American and British players, March 10 and 11, the Americans won by the score of 6 to 4, the pairing and results being as follows :

| Americans, | Britise. | Americans. | Britisie. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H. N. Pillsbury........ 0 | J. H. Blackburne...... I | H. G. Voight. . . . . . . . . 18/8 | H. Jacobs. |
| J. W. Showalter...... 1 | H. E. Atkins........... 0 | S. P. Johnston......... $1 / 8$ | C. D. Locock... ...... 16 |
| J. F. Barry.............. 1 | T. F Lawrence. . . . . 0 | F J. Marshall.... ....... 1/8 | G. E. Wainwright .... $1 / 2$ |
| A. B. Hodges.......... 1 | E. M. Jackson......... 0 | C. J. Newman. ......... $1 / 8$ | G. E Bellingham.... $1 / 8$ |
| Edwara Hymes....... $1 / 2$ | D Y, Mills ............. $1 / 2$ | D. J. Baird................ 36 | H. W. Trenchard.... $1 / 8$ |
| Total............... $\overline{31 / 2}$ | Total..................112. | Total.................. $\overline{23 / 2}$ | Total................. $\overline{21 / 2}$ |

Each side has now won two matches; the grand totals being 1916 games to 181/2, in favor of the Americans, who now hold the trophy. Arrangements are being made for the fifth contest.

An international cable match was played between the American and British Universities April 21, and was won by tbe British, with the score of $31 / 2$ to $21 / g$. The contest will be an annual affair, as Prof. Isaac L. Rice has donated a handsome international trophy for that purpose.

The annual intercollegiate tournament was held as usual during Christmas week, 1898, and resulted in favor of Harvard with 10 victories; Columbia, 816; Yale, 21/2, and Princeton 3. This makes five successive wins for Harvard since Columbia won in 1892 and 1893.

The State Chess Associations held their annual meetings and tournaments on Washington's Birthday in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Ohio. and Virginia. William M. DeVisser won the championship cup of the New York State Association, and S. Lipschutz carried off the first prize of the tournament of the midsummer meeting, held at Saratoga August 2830

Janowski, the distinguished Polish champion, played two matches with Showalter. Winning the first by the score of 7 to 2 with 4 draws, and losing the second match by 8 to 4 and 1 draw.

The chief event of the year was the great International Tournament held in London durlng July, in which Champion Lasker carried off the first prize against a field of the leading masters of the world, the following being the names and scores of the players :


As there were but nine prizes, it may be noted as a remarkable fact that for the first time in his eventful career ex-Champion Steinitz was not placed.

It may also be noted that Tschigorin, who only won the seventh prize, carried off the chief honors in the Russian National Tournament subsequently held at Moscow, the winners being : Tschigorin 10, schiffers 7 $/$. Lewitki 7. Lebedew 61/2, Janowitsch 6, Hellbach and Nenarokow $5 \not / 6$.

Preparations are beiug made for an international tournament to be held on a grand scale in connection with the forthcoming Paris Exhibition.

The following are the solutions to the problems of 1898, contained in last year s ALmanac:

$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { PROBLEM NO. } & \text { 1-BY GILBERG. } \\
\begin{array}{l}
\text { White. } \\
\text { 1. Black. } \\
\text { 2. B-Q Kt } 6 .
\end{array} & \text { 1. PxB. } \\
\text { 3. Mates. } & \text { 2. Moves. }
\end{array}
$$

PROBLEM NO. 2-BY GILBERG.

White.

1. $\mathrm{Q}-\mathrm{K} \mathrm{Kt} 4$.
2. B-Q B 4.
3. 

Q Mates.

Black

1. $P-Q$ B 6.
2. Moves.

## *rographical 扫rogress fir 1899.

A RETROSPECT of the explorations and discoveries of 189G reveals greater perseverance and activity in Polar expeditions and in the exploration of the Dark Continent than in any other field of geographical research. The following is mainly an outline of the achievements of noted explorers in these and in other quarters of the globe.
poLAR EXPLORATION.
About the middle of February, 1899. after wintering in a canvas-covered hut at Cape Tegetthoff, Hall Island, latitude $80^{\circ}$ North, the American explorer, Mr. Walter Wellman, with three Norwegians and forty. five dogs, started north. The expedition had two objects ir view-the discovery of the North Pole and ihe exploration of Franz Josef Land, in the latter of which Mr. Wellman was successful. and the mapping of the archipelago is now practically complete. About a month after leaving Winter quarters a fall into a crevasse necessitated Mr. Wellman's retreat. Otherwise 870 North would doubtless have been reached Many unknown regions were explored. notwithstanding this, and the subsequent ioss, through an earthquake. of some of the sledges and dogs. No vestige of Andrée was found. An Italian expedition, commanded by the Duke of Abruzzi, who had followed in the track of the American with the same objects in view was met by him in Frauz Josef Land on August 9, At 80.300 the two expeditions separated

A Swedishexpedition to East Greenland conducted by Dr. A. G. Nathorst found that the interior of Franz Josef Fjord lay 20 further east than was supposed, and that the fjord narrowed toward the interior and was much smaller than maps would indicate. A new fjord was also discovered connected with the southern branch of Franz Josef, and was named King Oscar's. It extends southward to Davy sound. two branches to the eastward connecting it with the sea. Besides this important discovery. both fjords were mapped, as also was Hurry Inlet, and the correct longitude of the Liverpool coast was ascertained Dr. Nathorst sailed about 800 nautical miles through the waters of Antarctic Sound, where no ship had ever passed. The expedition failed in its main object. the discovery of some iracesof Andrée. A Danish expedition from Copenhagen to East Greenland under the command of Lientenant Amdrup, R D. N., explored the coast as far as $671 / 20$, estaplishing depots at $660{ }^{\prime}$ ' and $67015 \%$. Further operations in the Arctic regions, with the object of discovering the northern side of Greenland, and thus, if possible, reaching the Pole, have been carried on by Lieutenant Peary and the Norwegian Captain Sverdrup, of the Fram, Dr. Nansen's vessel. The Peary auxiliary expedition, which sailed with supplies from St. John's on July 15. conveyed to Ellesmere Land Dr. Robert Stein, of Washington, and other explorers. Scientific observations and experiments were also made by the Russian Admiral Makaroff from the Yermak, a powerful vessel specially built for Polar exploration.

In the Antarctic regions German deep-sea exploration. besides proving that the Southern Ocean is of astonishing depth, has discovered indications of the nature of the Antarctic Continent, through fragments of granite, gneiss, and schist conveyed from the shores and dropped by icebergs. Professor Chun found Bouvet Island to be of volcanic origin. Its centre lies in latitude 54026 . 41 South, longitude 3024.2 ' East. It is 5.1 nautical miles from oast to west, and 4.3 from north to south. The loftiest point of its crater rim (Kaiser Wilhelm peak) is 3,067 feet high. One vast glacier covers the whole forming on two sides a wall of ice 400 feet in height. Soundings taken between Enderby Land and Kerguelen Island revealed great abysses 2,000 to 3.000 fathoms in depth. A nother Antarctic expesition, organized by Sir George Newnes under the British flag, after reaching Cape Adare, was assailed by terrific storms, After landing an exploring party and supplies, the vessel (Southern Cross) returned to New Zealaud.

## AFRICAN EXPLORATION.

In Africa Col. J. R. L. Macdonald explored the unknown regions lying to the north of Uganda, between the Nile and Lake Rudolf, collecting many facts respecting the drainage of those districts. He also discovered that the plateaus of Maus, Nandi, and the Guash Ngishu extend, at reduced elevations, far to the northward. For the first time the western shore of Lake Rudolf has been correctly laid down by Captain Austin. Another successful journey in the same quarter was undertaken by Captain Welby, who collected much interesting information respecting the numerous tribes through which he passed. A sclentific expedition to the Central African lakes, under the direction of J. E. Moore, found the greatest depth of Lake Nyasa to De 430 fathoms. An expedition in the French Congo, under the conduct of M. Fourneau, was also a notable success. Leaving Wesso February 14, M. Fourneau pushed on to the River Mambill, and thence through an uninhabited wilderness where no food could be found to a settlement of the Bakabos. After reaching the basin of the Ivindo, he turned north and then veered toward the west, reaching the Albombe on April 2. M. Fourneau then penetrated to the Pahuin country as far as the Bokowe. He reached Gabun on the loth of June. The journey from the upper Sanga to the coast was made via the River Como, a tributary of the Ogvive. An expedition to the southeast corner of the Cameroons via the Congo was sent out under Dr, Pleyn, and the upper course of the Ngoko (a branch of the Sanga). Which constitutes for sone distance the boundary between the French and the German territories, was explored. By traversing regious entirely uninhabited Dr. Pleyn reached the junction of the Bumba and the Ya, which, uuiting, form the Ngoko, and these in turn were explored. He found the country covered with primeval forest, rich in rubber and abounding in elephants. An expedition for the special study of the rubber plant was despatched to West Africa by the Committee on Colonial Agriculture in Berlin under the direction of Herr schlecter. Further explorations were made in the region of Bangweulu by Mr. Weatherby, and Mt. Kenya was climbed by Mr. Mackinder, who found it over 17.000 feet in altitude.

The remarkable journey across A frica accomplished by the French military expeditiou under Major Marchand proved of scientific as well as political importance. Two other French expeditions under Captains Voulet and Chanoine, after pursuing different routes, met at Lausanne Housa January 2. Hostilities having broken out between the French and the natives, charges of gross cruelty were preferred against Voulet and Chanoine and Colonel Klobb was sent out to investigate. Bloodshed followed and the leaders of both partles were killed. During the visit of the Marchand mission the correct latitude and longitude of the present capital of Abyssinla was determined by Captain Germain and Sub-Lieutenant Dy', that given on the best maps having been very inaccurate. A journey through the interior of Morocco was made by Dr. F. Weisgerber. who visited localities rarely, if ever, reached by Europeans, and the Tensift River, hitherto but partially known, was explored by Dr. Th. Fischer from the plain of El Hamar to the city of Morocco. A belt of black soil of astonishing fertilty was discovered, extending from Tensift to the Sebu, parallel with the coast, and interesting data respecting the foreland formation of the A tlas Mountains secured.

Further east a military expedition marched from Biskra to Onargla via Tougonrt, showing that troops could he marched over the sands and insurrections suppressed in the extreme south of Algeria.

## GEOGRAPHICAL PROGRESS IN 1899-Continued.

In the west another French expedition for the exploring of the upper Kavalli made its way from Bereby Rock, I vory Coast, to the Duo River. In Ashanti a lake situated near the Guinea coast was explored by a French missionary, M. E. Perregaux, who found a score of native fishing hamlets along its shores. Exploratory work was aiso done by M. de Béhagle at the source of the Gribingi River. In the south, the Zambesi was ascended by Major Gibbons, who remapped the river. rectifying many mistakes. He found the waterfalls much move numerous than laid down on maps.

EXPLORATIONS IN SOUTH AMERICA.
In the Western Hemisphere South America, particularly the southern portion, has during the past year yielded many of its secrets to the indelatigable efforts of explorers. In southern Chile a large river, the Rio Baker (Las Heras), was explored by Dr. Steffen. The river is the largest south of the Palena. It drains the whole region between latitude 46051 and $47030 \prime \mathrm{~S}$., and also Lakes Buenos Ayres and Cochrane. Extensive swamps skirt the banks. The valley is broad and inclosed by lofty snow-covered mountains. Dr. Steffen's claims of original discovery are, however, disputed by the Argentine explorer, Dr. F. P. Moreno. Dr. Paul Krüger traced the course of the Patagonian Rio Yelcho to the debouchure of the Corintos, proving thereby its identity with the Futaleupe (or Staleupe). He showed that the Futaleupe is not, as supposed, a continuation of the Rio Frio, a tributary of the Palena, but merely the upper portion of the Yelcho, which offers a comparatively easy route from the sea to the colonies in the interior. The so-called Palbitad Fiord to the southward, as shown on maps of that region, does not exist. A small stream, however was found in its place and named the Rio Palbitad.

GENERAL.
As a result of his explorations in Central America Dr. Carl Sapper contributed interesting facts as to the physical features of the northern regions. The original mountain system which covers a considerable area he found to be a continuation of the A rchæan arc of the eastern Sierra Madre of Mexico. In Asia much interesting information was collected by Robert T. Turley in a journey to "No Man's Land,'"Manchuria, and the picturesque and all but unknown gorges of Hun Kiang, surpassingly beautiful in their icy grandeur. From further south valuable additions to the geography of China were contributed by the French traveller, M. Bonin. Since last year Sha-si, the centre of the greatest weaving district of China, has been opened up to foreign trade.

From India two pioneer ascents in the Himalayas were reported, Biafo Glacier and Hispar Pass, by Fanny Babcock Workman, and also a Danish expedition to explore the upper valleys of the HinduKush, under the leadership of Lieuteuant Olufsen. Many interesting facts concerning the aborigines of the island of Formosa; have come to light, thanks to the explorations of the Japanese in that quarter. In North Borneo MIt. Kinabalu was ascended by H. T. Burls, who collected much interesting geological data. From Australia was reported an expedition, the object of which was the discovery of the remains of Dr. Leichradt's expedition, which was lost in the interior tifty-two years ago.

In Iceland, Mr. F. W. W. Howell'successfully accomplished the crossing of the Láng Jökull, accompanied by two Oxford men and two Icelanders.

There was considerable progress made during the year in oceanic research. Mr. R. E. Peake, in the steamship Britannia, secured 477 deep soundings in the North Atlantic, besides a large collection of deep-sea deposits, and made many deep-sea current and temperature observations. In the Pacific deep-sea investigation was continued by Alexander Agassiz from the United States steamer Albatross, and in the East Indian seas by Professor Weber on a Dutch warship. Operations in the Black and in the Caspian Sea have also been conducted by the Russians. About nine niles from Sebastopol an ancient city was unearthed by Dr, Kaspar, director of the Russian Archæological Society, and thousauds of ohjects were brought to light, including bronze and marble statues, and coins dating from the C'bristian Byzantine period.

## SEVENTH INTERNATIONAL GEOGRAPHICAL CONGRESS.

The Congress met in Berlin September 28. Baron Richthofen presided and delivered the address of welcome. Continuing he reviewed the geographical progress of the century. Sir Clements Markham, President of the previous Congress (London, 1895). then presented report of permanent bureau, and resigned his olfice. The report contained recommendations regarding the triangulation of Africa and the proposed map of the world on a scale of 1-1.000,000, and also announced that hydrographic research would shortly be undertaken in the North Sea by the British, German, and Scandinavian Governments in collaboration. He then outlined a proposed plan for the thorough scientific exploration of the entire South Polar region by means of two expeditions to be conducted simultaneously by Great Britain and Germany in cociperation in 1901. (Sums of money have already been donated by both governments, and also by private individuals, for this purpose.) About a hundred papers were read and discussed. Oceauographical exploration and the question of international uniformity in nomenclature received special attention. The geographical work of the United States Government was outlined by General Greely, of Washington. Resolutions passed favoled among other things a uniform map of the world as suggested, each sheet to be bounded by meridians and parallels, statistical population maps, maps on a natural scale, the furnishing of particulars as to method of surveying instruments employed and verification (recommending that all doubtful portions of maps be so indicated), and the adoption of the metric system in all geographical research and discussion. it was also recommended that the attention of governments holding foreign possessions be called to the necessity of obtaining more exact data as to population in uuorganized countries.

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INCORPORATED under ihe laws of the District of Columbia, October 1, 1881. Reincorporated, April 17.1893 , for the rellief of suffering by war pestilence, famine, flood, fires, and other calamities of sufficient magnitude to be deemed national in extent. The organization acts under the Geneva Treaty, the provisions for which were made in International Convention at Geneva, Switzerland, August 22, 1864, and since signed by nearly all civilized nations. The United States gave its adhesion by act of Congress, March 1.1882 . Ratified by the Congress of Berne. June 9. 1882. Proclaimed by President Arthur July 26, 18S2. Headquarters. Washington, D.C.

The officers of the A Anerican urganization are: Board of Consultation-The President of the United States and Members of the Cabinet.

Executive Offcers-Clara Barton, President; George Kennan, First Vice-President; Stephen E. Bartou, Second Vice-President Valter P. Phillips, General secretary; Dr. Julian B. Hubbell, General Field Agent. Directors-Clara Barton, Stepheu E. Barton. Dr. Julian B. Hubbell, George Kennan, Walter P. Phillips Peter V. De Graw, Dr. Joseph Gardner: Executive Committee-Stepheu E. Barton, Chairman; George ©. Boldt, Treasurer; Joseph Sheldon, Wm. B. Howland. <br> \title{
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鲃保ting any sculpture． <br> <br> NATIONAL ACADEMYOF DES：CN． <br> <br> NATIONAL ACADEMYOF DES：CN． <br> <br> COUNCIL，1899－1900．
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President．Frederick Dielman；Vice－President，J．G．Brown；Corresponding Secretary，H．W． Watrous；Recording Secretary，George H．Smillie；Treasurer，Lockwood De Forest；J．Carroll Beckwith， C．D Weldon．B．West Clinedinst，C．Y，Turner，H．Bolton Jones：Clerk of Academy，H．G．Grannis．

## NATIONA\＆ACADEMICIANS．

Elected，
1862．Beard William H．， 51 West 10 th St．
1894．Beckwith．J，Carroll， 58 West 57 thist．
1860．Bierstadt，Albert， 1271 Broadway．
1888．Blashfield，Edwin H．， 58 West 57 th St．
1859 Blauvelt，Charles F．．Annapolis，Md．
1893．Blum，Robert 90 Grove St．
1871 Boughton，George H．，London，Eng．
1872．Brandt，Carl L．．Hastings－on－Mudson，N，Y． 1863 Brevoort，J．R．， 52 East 23d St．
1881．Bridgman，Frederick A．，Paris，France．
1875．Bristol，John B．， 52 East 23d St．
1863 Brown，J．G．， 51 West 10th St．
1873．Butler，George B．，Century Club．
1875．Calverley，Charles， 107 East 27 th St．
1890．Chase，William M．， 234 East 15th St．
1849．Church，Frederic F．，Hudson，N．Y．
1885．Church，F．S．． 1512 Broadway．
1898 Clinedinst，B．West， 110 Fifth Ave．
1862．Colman，Samuel，Newport，R．I．
1851．Cropsey，J．F．Hastings－on－Hudson，N．Y．
1863．Dana，W้ P．W．，Paris，France．
1888．Dewing．Thos．W．， 911 Seventh Ave．
1883．Dielman，Frederick， 1512 Broadway．
1882．Gaul，Gilbert，170th St．near Tentli Ave．
1878．Gifford，R．Swain，152 West 57 th st．
1867．Griswold，C．C．， 139 West 55 th Kit．
1865．Guy，Seymour Joseph， 51 West 10 th St．
1868．Hall，George Henry，Rome，Italy．
1889．Hamilton，Hamilton，Baldwin＇s，L．I．
1859 Hart，James M． 11 East 14 th St．
1891．Hartley，J．S．，1 45 West 55 th St．
1861．Hazeltine，W．Stanley，Boston，Mass，
1863．Hennessy，W．J．，Lovdon，Eng．
1869．Henry，E．L．Century Club．
1865．Homer，Winslow，Scarboro，Me．
1897．Howe，W m．H．，Bronxville，N．Y．
1882．Howland，Alfred C．， 52 East 23d St．
1840．Huntington，Daniel， 49 East 20 th St．
1899．Inness，George，Jr．，Carnegie Hall．
1861．Johnson，David， 69 West 131st St．
1860．Johnson，Eastman， 65 West 55 th St．
185I．Jones，Alfred， 86 Trinity Place．
1894．Jones，Francis C．， 253 West 42 d St．
1883．Jones，H．Bolton， 253 West 42 d st．
1869．La Farge，John， 51 West 10 th St．
1897．Lippincott，Wm．H． 286 West 84 th St．${ }^{-3}$
1890．Low，W111．H．， 42 Wُ est 15th st．
1876．Magrath，William， 11 East 14tn St．

Elected．
1875．Martin，Homer D．，Century Club．
1885．Maynard，Geo．W．， 156 East 36 th St．
1875．Miller，Charles H．． 108 West 23d St．
1885．Millet，F．D．，Broadway，Eng．
1895．Moeller，Louis，Mount Vernon，N．Y．
1884．Moran，Thomas， 37 W est 22 d St．
1891．Mowbray，H．Siddons， 66 West 11 th St ．
1887．Murphy，J Francis， 222 West 23 d St．
1870．Nehlig．Victor，Paris，France．
1885．Nicoll，J．C． 51 West 10th St．
1897．Palmer，Walter L．， 5 Lafayette St．，Albany，
1884．Parton，Arthur， 52 West 23 d St．
1869．Perry，E．Wood， 51 West 10th St．
1880．Porter，Benj．C． 3 North Washington Sq．
1851．Richards，$T$ ．Addison，National Academy．
1878 Robbins，Horace Wolcott， 56 East 57 th St，
1863．Rogers，John，New Canaan，Ct．
1897．Sargent，John S．， 33 Tite St．，London，Eng．
1875．Sellstedt，L．G．，Buffalo，N．Y．
1861．Shattuck，A aron D．，Granby，C＇t
1888．Shirlaw，Walter， 3 North Washington Sq．
1890 Shurtleff，R．M． 44 West 22 d St．
$188^{\circ} 2$ Smillie，George H． 51 Fast 59 th St．
1876．Smillie，James D．， 156 Fast 36 th St．
1861．Sonntag，William L．， 120 East 22 d st．
1889．St．Gaudens，Augustus， 148 West 36 th St．
1858．Tait，Arthur F．， 82 Waring Place，Yon－ kers，N．Y．
1850．Tiffany Louns C． 335 Fourth Ave．
1891．Tryon，D．W． 226 West 59 th St．
1886．Turner，C．Y．， 35 West 14 th St．
1883．Yan Elten，Kruseman， 51 West 10 th St．
1565．Vedder，Elihu，Rome，Italy．
1891．Vinton，Frederic P．Boston，Mass．
1891．Walker，Horatio， 51 West 10th st．
1883．Ward，Edgar M．， 51 West 10th St．
1863．Ward，J．Q．A．， 119 West 52 d St．
1895．Watrous，Harry W．， 58 West 57 tlı St．
1886．Weir，J．Alden， 146 We ． 55 th St．
1866．Weir，John F．New Haven，C＇t．
1861．Whattredge，Worthington，summit，N．J
1898．Wiles，Irving R．， 106 West 55 th st．
1873．Wilmarth，Lemuel E．， 352 Adelphi St．， Brooklyn，N．Y．
1871．Wood，Thomas Waterman， 51 West 10th St． 1880．Yewell，George H．， 51 West 10 th St．

## ASSOCIATE NATIONAL ACADEMICIANS．

Allen，Thomas，Boston，Mass．
Barsey，George R． 7 West 43 d St．
Beaux，Cecilia，Philadelphia，Pa．
Bricher，A．T．， 2 West 14 th ． t ．
Brown，J．Appleton， 253 West 42 d St．
Bridges，Fidelia，Canaan，Ct．
Brush．George de F． 50 East 86 th St．
Bunner，A．F．． 146 West 55th St．
Butler，Howard Russell， 135 W． 47 th St．
Carpenter，Francis B． 8 East 231 st．
Champney，J．Wells， 96 Fifth Ave．
Clark，Walter， 93981 h Ave．
Coffin，William A． 58 West 57 th St．
Coleman，C．C．Rome，Italy．
Crane，Bruce， 939 Eighth Ave．
Curran，Charles C． 16 West 61 st St．
De Forest，Lockivood， 7 East 10 th St．
Dolph，J．H．， 58 West 57 th St．
Eaton，C．Harry，Leonia，N．J．
Ferguson，Henry A． 215 V＇est 54th St．
Fowler，Frank， 106 ivest 55 th St．
Freer，Frederick W．，Chicago，Ill．
Gay，Edward，Mount Vernon，N．Y．
Green，Frank Russell， 145 W .84 th St．
IIarper，Wm．St．John，Easthampron，N．I＇．
Harrison．Alexander， 118 Fast 40th St．
Lyman，Joseph，Century Club．
McCord，George H．， 52 East 23 d St．
McIlhenney，C．Morgan，Shrub Oak，N．Y．
Mayer，Constant， 1298 Broadway．
Minor，Robert C．， 58 West 57 th st．
Morgan，William， 939 Eighth Ave． Mosler，Henry，Carnegie Hall Studios． O＇Donovan，W．R．， 105 East 17 th sit． Ogilvie，Clinton， 52 East 23d Sit．
Parsons，Charles，New Milford，Ct．
Picknell，William L．，Paris，France．
Poore，H．I．，Orange，N．J．
Pottliast，Edward， 52 East 23 d St．
Remington，Frederic，New Rochelle，N．Y．
Sartain，William， 152 W＇est 57 th St．
Satterlee，Walter， 52 East 23d St．
Scott，Julian，Plainfield，N．J．
Smedley，Wm．T． 222 West $23 d$ St．
Story，George H． 230 West 59 th St．
Thayer，Abbott，Scarboro，N．Y．
Ulrich，Charles F．Munich．
Van Boskerck，R．W． 58 West 57 th St．
Walker，Henry O．， 152 West 55 th St．
Weldon，C．D．， 51 West 10th St．
Wiggins，Carleton，London．Eng．
Witt，J．II．， 1155 Broadway．
Loop，Mrs．Henry A．， 163 West 47 th St．
The addresses of members of the Academy，given in the list，refer to the city of New York when

## NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN-Continued.

not otherwise specitied. The National Academy was founded in 1826. The schools of the National Academy are open from the first Monday in October to the middle of May. Circulars containing rules, conditions of admission, and other details may be had on application at the Academy, corner Fourth A venue and East Twenty-third Street, New York.

## SOCIETY OF AMERICAN ARTISTS.

President-John La Farge. Vice-President-Kenyon Cox. Secretary-Douglas Volk. Treasurer -Samuel Isham. The above, with Edwin H. Blashfield, constitute the Board of Control. The address of the Secretary is 215 West Fifty-seventh Street, New York.

The society is composed of 110 members, which includes both sculptors and painters. Its annual exhibition takes place at the above address, generally about the last of March, and lasts until about May 1. Two prizes are awarded each year.

ROYAL ACADEMY.
President-Sir Edward John Poynter. Keeper-E. Crofts. Theasurer-Alfred Waterhouse. LibrarianW. F. Yeames. Secretary-Frederick A. Eaton. Registrar-C. McLean.

ROYAL ACADEMICIANS.
1898 Abbey, Edwin Austin.
1898 Aitchison, George.
1879 Alma-Tadema, Sir Lawrence.
1879 Armstead, Henry Haugh.
1896 Boughton, George Henry.
1891 Brock, Thomas.
1867 Cooper, Thomas Sidney.
1896 Crofts, Ernest.
1877 Davis, Henry Wra. Banks.
1891 Dicksee, Frank.
1887 Fildes, S. Luke.
1895 Ford, Edward Onslow.
1893 Gilbert, Alfred M. V. O.

1863 Goodall, Frederick.
1891 Gow, Andrew Carrick.
1881 Graham, Peter.
1898 Gregory, Edward John.
1890 Herkomer, Hubert.
1860 Hook, James Clarke.
1896 Jackson, Thomas Graham.
1898 Leader, Benj. Williams. 1876 Leslie, George Dunlop. 1898 Lucas, John Seymour. 1893 MacW hirter, John. 1877 Orchardson, Wm. Quilter. 1881 Ouless, Walter William. 1876 Poynter, Sir Edward John. Honorary Fetired Academicirns: 1853 , William Powell Frith; 1857,

1894 Prinsep, Valentine C.
1895 Richmond, Sir William Blake, K. C. B.
1881 Rivière, Briton.
1869 Sant, James.
1897 Sargent, John Singer.
1877 Shaw, Richard Norman.
1887 Stone, Marcus.
1888 Thornycroft, Wm. Hamo. 1885 Waterhouse, Alfred.
1895 Waterhouse, John Wm.
1870 Wells, Henry Tanworth. 1893 Woods, Henry. 1878 Yeames, Wm. Frederick. ; 1857, Frederick R. Pickersgill

## ASSOCIATES.

Bodley, George Frederick.
Bramley, Frank.
Brett, John.
Clausen, George.
Crowe, Eyre.
East, Alfred.
Forbes, Stanhope A.
Frampton, George James.
Hacker, Arthur.

Presidents of the Royal Academy. $\mathbf{- 1 7 6 8}$, Sir Joshua Reynolds; 1792, Benjamin West; 1805 , James Wyatt; 1806, Benjamin West; 1820, Sir Thomas Lawrence, 1830, Sir Martin A. Shee; 1850, Sir Charles Eastlake; 1866, Sir Edwin Landseer, elected, declined, Sir Francis Grant; 1878, Sir Frederic Leighton (Lord Leightou); 1896, Sir John Everett Millais, Bart. ; 1896, Sir Edward John Poynter.

## NATIONAL SCULPTURE SOCIETY.

The National Sculpture Society, with headquarters at New York, was incorporated in 1896. It is composed of lay and sculptor members, and has for its object the spreading of the knowledge of good sculpture, the fostering of the taste for ideal sculpture and its production, both for the household and museums; the promotion of the decoration of public and other buildings, squares, and parks with sculpture of a high class; the improvement of the quality of the sculptor's art as applied to industries, and the providing from time to time for exhibitions of sculpture and ebjects of industrial art in which sculpture enters. The officers are as follows:

President-John Q. A. Ward. Vice-Presidents-Charles De Kay and Charles Rollinson Lamb. Treasurer-I. Wyman Drummond. Secretary-Barr Ferree, No. 7 Warren Street, New York. Council-Class of $190 \%$ : Wm. T. Evans, Daniel C. French, James Brown Lord, C. Rollinson Lamb, F. Wellington Ruckstuhl, and Augustus St. Gaudens; Class of 1901: Herbert Adams, George B. Post, E. C. Potter, Charles De Kay, J. Q. A. Ward, and John De Witt Warner; Class of 1900: Samuel P. Avery, Karl Bitter, John J. Boyle, I. Wyman Drummond, Jonathan S. Hartley, and Barr Ferree.

## NATIONAL ARTS CLUE.

The National Arts Club was organized in the City of New York April 24, 1899. The President is George B. Post, President of the Fine Arts Federation, and recently President of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects. Spencer Trask is Treasurer, and Charles De Kay Secretary and Managing Director pro tem. The club-house is at No. 37 West Thirty-fourth Street, New York, where there is a fireproof gallery for the exhibition of industrial and fine art. The main purpose of the National Arts Club is to show to manufacturers new ways of improving the objects they produce, and making the same more salable in the markets of the world through addition of art, and further to open up to A merican artists new lines of endeavor by showing that art is not contined to the statue and the framed plcture.

## cue platis exposition of 1900 .

The information about the "Paris Universal International Exposition' given below has been compiled for The World Almanac especially for intending American exhibitors, and revised for the present edition. It may be accepted as being exact in all its details, inasmuch as it has been put together with the courteous aid of the French authorities in the office of M. A. Picard, Commissioner-General for the Exposition and by the Commissioner-General for the United States, 20 Avenue Rapp, Paris.

## INTENDING AMERICAN EXHIBITORS.

These should, in the first place, communicate direct with Mr. Ferdinand W. Peck, United States Commissioner for the Paris Exposition of 1900, Chicago, Ill., and not either to the French Minister of Commerce, the Commissioner-General of the Exposition, or the Paris office.

With this foreword of warning, which may save an immense amount of trouble to the intending exhibitor, the following is a brief survey of the mass of information, of general and special interest.

## SCOPE AND CHARACTER.

What the number of visitors to the Exposition will be it is, of course, as yet impossible to say; it is enough to remember that the number which visited the last Paris Exposition in 1889 was officially returned at over $32,000,000$, and to suppose that in 1900 , should nothing in ternationally disastrous, such as a great war, intervene, these figures will be largely-perhaps enormously-surpassed. Official estimates now used for all calculations place the number of visitors expected at between fifty to sixty millions. The American exhibits at the Exposition of 1889 were wholly unworthy of a great industrial people, but there is every promise that America will show, in the Exposition of 1900, by concrete examples in all branches of human industry, the moral and material progress she has made in the last half century.

ORIGIN AND HISTORY.
Officially, the origin of the Paris Exposition of 1900 dates from the month of July, 1892. The first Paris Exposition was held in 1855; the next in 1867, and the third and fourth in 1878 and 1889, respectively. Shortly after the closing of the last Exposition the idea of a great centennial international exhibition, to be held in the last year of the nineteenth century, was mooted by the public. but it was not until July, 1892, that an official move was made in the form of a communication from M. Jules Roche, the then Minister of Commerce, to President Carnot.

On July 13, following, a decree was issued by President Carnot, announcing a " universal exposition of works of art, and of industrial and agricultural products." A date was fixed (May 5 to October 31, 1900, subsequently changed to April 15 to November 5, 1900), preliminary studies were made and a financial scheme devised, and for convenience of organization the administration was divided into seven sections. These are:

## THE ADMINISTRATION.

1. Secretariat-General, which deals with all matters of general business, employment, medical, police, fire service, the press, and complimentary admission. 2. Architecture, which deals with the erection of palaces and pavilions, control of metallic structures and of all devices erected by foreign nations, colonies, and industrial exhibitors. 3. Roads, strects, parks, gardens, water, and lighting. 4. Exploitation, which deals with French, foreign, and colonial sections, installations, the fine arts, agriculture, catalogues, and diplomas. $\overline{5}$. Finance. 6. Litigation. 7. Fêtes.

Generally speaking, the Exposition and the works preliminary to it are under the control of M. Millerand, Minister of Commerce and Industry, Posts, and Telegraphs, but the entire execution has been confided to the following administration:

Commissioner-General, M. Alfred Picard; Director-General of Exploitation, M. Delaunay-Belleville (President of the Paris Chamber of Commerce); Director of A rehitecture, ML. Bouvard (InspectorGeneral of Architecture for the City of Paris); Director of Roads, Streets, Parks, etc., M. de France; Director of Finance, M. Grison; Director of Litigation, M. E. Moreau; Director of Fine Arts, M. Roujon; Director of Agriculture, M. Vassiliere; Delegate for Colonies, M. Charles-Roux; General Secretary, M. Henri Chardon.

## COST OF THE EXPOSITION.

The French Government estimates the total cost at $\$ 20,000,000(100,000,000$ francs $)$, and accordingly a guarantee fund for that amount has been brought into existence.

Of this total sum of $100,000,000$ francs the following allotments have been (approximately) made:

The Grand and Little Palaces of the
Fine Arts in the Champs-Elysées,
on and about the site of the demol-
ished Palais de l'Industrie.
inars.....
Buildings in the Champs de Mars ....
Buildings on the Esplanade des In-
Buildings on the Esplanade des In-
valides
Buildings on the Quais (including the
proposed Street of Venice)............

Fr. 21,000,000
18,000,000
5,000,000
$1,500,000$

Bridges across the Seine............... Fr. F, 5 . 000,000 Mechanical and Electrical Service.... $6,750,000$ Circular Railway......................... $\quad 1,500,000$ $\begin{array}{lr}\text { Illumination and Lighting.............. } & 800,000 \\ \text { Fountains and Gardens ................ } & 1,200,000\end{array}$ Fountains and Gardens ...................................................... $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 6 , 0 0 0}$
$\qquad$ The Jury

The works, it is calculated, will absorb 73,000,000 francs; the exploitation (advertisement, installation, etc. ), 12,000,000 francs, and the administration, 8,000,000 francs. The reserve is $7,000,000$ francs.

## THE PARIS EXPOSITION OF 1900-Continued.

## EXPOSITION BONDS.

This money coines from three sources: The French Government ( $20,000,000$ francs), the city of Paris ( $20,000,000$ francs), and bonds ( $60,000,000$ francs). Only the last named call for further remark, because, while the two sums first named are simple contributions, the Exposition bonds are not alone an ingenious financial device, but a source of periodical speculation and excitement to the people of France, and especially of Paris.

The bonds were issued by the State, in coöperation with five of the chief banks, which underwrote bonds to the amount of $62,400,000$ francs, receiving a commission of 5 per cent on the sales, and depositing 60,000,000 francs in the Caisse des Dépôts, where it remains at $21 / 2$ per cent interest until 1900 . No interest is payable to the general public, whe hold the bonds, having bought them at 20 francs each, but each bond entitles the holder to twenty tickets for the Exposition, and the holder, moreover, participates in twenty-nine drawings, comprising 4,313 prizes, ranging from 100 francs to 500,000 francs in value. If the Exposition, from any cause, should not take place, the State will redeem the bonds at par.

## GENERAL REGULATIONS.

The General Regulations were issued on August 7, 1894, and may be obtained on application to the Special Commissioners of the various countries, but for present use we give a résumé of those regulations which most concern intending American exhibitors. It will be of interest to say here that the United States has obtained more space at the forthcoming Exposition than it had in either the Exposition of 1878 or of 1889, while the State grant, too, is likely to be largely in excess of the grants in those years.

The space finally allotted to the United States in the Paris Exposition of 1900 is 200,000 square feet, as compared with 91,000 square feet in 1878, and 113, 300 square feet in 1889 ; and of this 200,000 feet more than 150,000 square feet have been allotted or assigned. The State grant by the United States in 1878 was $\$ 190,000$; and in 1889, $\$ 250,000$. In 1900 it is $\$ 1,210,000$. The following includes the principal regulations which concern intending American exhibitors:

1. All nations participate on equal terms.
2. Foreign exhibitors must correspond with the Commissioners of their respective countries, and cannot communicate directly with the Administration of the Exhibition, but this regulation does not apply to the proposed retrospective centennial exposition reviewing the progress achieved since 1800 in the various branches of production.
3. All machinery, so far as possible, must be operated on the grounds in full view of the public.
4. All works of art must be deposited at the Fine Arts. Building between February 15 and 20 , 1900, under arrangements to be prescribed by the Commissioner-General all expenses to be at the charge of the exhibitor, except in case of the retrospective centennial exposition (of collections, etc.), which may be borne by the administration. All expenses of installation, however, will be borne by the administration of Beaux Arts.
5. All industrial and agricultural products are admissible except those of an explosive, highly spirituous, or offensive character, unless they are inclosed in solid vessels of small dimensions. Applicants requiring gas or steam should state in their applications the quantity needed and all other desired information. The admission of foreign products will be authorized by the CommissionerGeneral upon the propositions of the Commissioners of the various countries, and certificates of admission will be delivered.
6. No charge will be made to exhibitors for space, water, gas, steam, or other motive power, but "connections "' must be supplied by the exhibitor.
7. Generally speaking, all expenses of packing, re-packing, installation, storage, and so on must be borne by the exhibitor.
8. Plans for special constructions must be submitted to and approved by the administration (sent through the Special Commissioner).
9. Exhibitors are invited to mark exhibits with the market price, but this is not compulsory.
10. The exhibits will be admitted to the country duty free, as the Exposition is constituted, for the time being, a bonded warehouse. Duty. however, will be levied on articles manufactured' on the spot.
11. The taking of general photographs is not forbidden, but no exhibit can be photographed or copied without special permission viséd by the administration.
classification of exhibits.
The exhibits will be divided intc eighteen groups, as follows: (1) Education and instruction. (2) Works of art. (3) Instruments and general methods of letters, sciences, and arts. (4) Machinery and processes of mechanism. (5) Electricity; (6) Civil engineering, transportation. (7) Agriculture. (8) Horticulture. (9) Forestry, hunting, fishing, crop-gathering. (10) A limentation. (11) Mines, metallurgy. (12) Decoration and furniture of public buildings and dwellings. (13) Cotton fabrics, textures, clothing. (14) Chemical industry (15) Various industries. (16) Social economy, hygiene, public assistance. (17) Colonization. (18) Territorial and naval armies.

THE JURY.
The jury will be, as in 1889, international, sub-divided into juries of class, juries of groups, and superior jury. Foreign jurors will be named by the Commissioners of the respective countries. The Foreign Commissioners will be ex officio members of the superior jury. The superior jury will finally revise the list of awards, and the distribution of diplomas will take place about the beginning of September, 1900.

## AWARDS.

Only diplomas will be granted, thus classified; Grand prize diplomas, gold medal diplomas, silver medal diplomas, bronze medal diplomas, and diplomas of honorable mention

The grand entrance to the Exposition of 1900 will be off the Place de la Concorde, close to
the Seine, but there will be a multitude of other entrances in the Champs-Elysées, the Champs de Mars, and the Esplanade des Invalides. The Exposition authorities themselves do not know what will be the most popular and striking feature of the Exposition, but it will doubtless prove to be one of the following, all of them novel and attractive: 1. The Streets of Old and New Paris, running along the embankment from the Place de la Concorde to the pont de l'Alma and on the Champs de Mars. This will illustrate the art and wit of France, and will contain palaces of dancing, song, and all that is refined in the curiosities of Paris. The directors of the Opéra and another leading, Paris theatre are engaged upon its elaboration. 2. M. Deloncle's telescope, bringing the moon's surface apparently within 40 kilometres ( 25 miles) of the spectator. 3. An Alpine Exhibition (by the French Alpine Club). 4. A city of gold, near the Trocadèro, showing every detail of gold production, with Californian miners and models of the mines. 5. A History of Costume. 6. A gigantic Turning Palace, or Revolving Tower, 100 yards high and lighted throughout by electricity. 7. The Grand and Little Palaces of the Fine Arts of all nations. 8. The Pavilion of the Press, and those of the special commissioners which will be scattered over the area. From here will probably be issued a daily trilingual news sheet. 9. An enormous Terrestrial Globe by the famous French geographer, M. Réclus, placed, owing to its size, outside the Exposition proper. 10. Palace of the Army and Navy and a Palace of Food, or Alimentation. 11. A Submarine Grotto. Besides the above, a piece of land along the Seine, to the left as one stands with one's back to the Eiffel Tower (which will be painted silver-gray), and facing the Trocadèro. will be the scene of many colonial villages within Exposition bounds. In addition to these there will almost certainly be a switchback; a colossal vat; an enormous bell: imitation of the Blue Grotto of Capri, of the fountain of Vaucluse: captive balloons; a cyclorama of the war of secession in America, and other devices to interest, charm, or amuse.

## THE EXTENT.

It is calculated that the Exposition of 1900 will cover 12 per cent more space than was occupied by the Exhibition of 1889. The ground will not be partitioned off by nationalities, but by sections, each section being devoted to a particular industry or art, and the processes of each art and industry being, so far as is possible, displayed in operation.

The site occupied includes the public grounds on both sides of the Seine, from the Place de la Concorde to the Pont de l'Alma, this area including the Champs de Mars, the Trocadèro, the Esplanade des Invalides, the Quai d' Orsay, the Quai de la Conference, the Cours la Reinè, and the part of the Champs-Elysées where until recently stood the Palais de l' Industrie, a landmark of the Exhibition of 1855.

## the united states building.

The United States building, which stands on the Quai d' Orsay on the Seine, amid the other buildings of the nations, is being erected according to the plans of Mr. Charles A. Coolidge, of New York, and M. Morin-Goustiaux, the French architect. It has a frontage of 85 feet and a depth of 90 feet, and the top of the dome will be 160 feet from the ground. One of the main features is a classic porch which opens on the Seine. Two hundred thousand dollars are being expended on United States buildings.

Exhibits other than works of art must be received at the Exposition between December 1, 1899, and February 28, 1900.

There are three offices that have been established by Commissioner-General Peck, at which information as to exhibits and copies of all rules can be had. These are in the Equitable building, New York; the Auditorium building, Chicago, and the Embassy of the United States, Paris.

## Otyer 年nternational and National Expositions.

1901. Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, N. Y. - Particulars appear on a following page.
1902. Flasgow International Exhibition-This will be held in Glasgow, Scotland, in the Summer of 1901. It will open May 1, and close October 31. It will be held on the site of the exhi-
bition of 1888 , and it is intended to present an illustration of the produce and manufactures of the British Empire and colonies, with adequate representation from other countries. The exhibition will be divided into sections, among which the following will receive attention: Fine art, history and archæology, locomotion and transport, electricity, labor-saving machinery, marine engineering, and sports. The River Kelvin will be available for the exhibition of naval shipbuilding and life-saving apparatus The charge for space within the building will be 3 s. ( 73 cents) per square foot, with a minimum charge of $£ 5$ ( $\$ 24.30$ ). Payment to the extent of 25 per cent must accompany the application.
1903. Detroit Bi-Centenary-It is proposed to celebrate the bi-centenars of the settlement of that city by an international exposition in 1901.
1904. Ohio Centennial and Northwest Territory Exposition at Toledo, O. On April 26, 1898, a bill was passed by the General Assembly of Ohio creating the Ohio Centennial and Northwest Territory Exposition "for the purpose of conducting and holding a public exposition in 1902, designed for the education, edification, and entertainment of the public, to show the great progress made along financial, industrial, commercial, and educational lines." To further advance the interest of the exposition the bill was followed by an act creating a commission of twenty-one members, one from each Congressional district: a local commission of nine members, and a centennial company of fifteen members, with a sum of $\$ 150,000$ toward preparing the grounds for the exposition. Toledo was selected as the location for the great exposition, and Bay View Park was accepted by the State as the site. This park contains 225 acres, a grater portion of it extending out into Lake Frie, where during the Summer months a fresh breeze is generally sweeping over the land. It has a frontage on Lake Erie of over a mile. The United States Congress passed a bill March 3, 1899, appropriating
$\$ 500,000$ for the purpose of "encouraging the holding of the Ohio Centennial and Northwest Territory Exposition at the city of Toledo, in the year 1902, for the exhibition of the resources of the United States, Hawaii, Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines, and the progress of American conntries, and for the display of the arts, industries, manufactories, and products of the soil, mine, and sea., It was also declared that such an exposition should be international in character. The Ohio Centennial Company is organized and working and has a capital stock of $\S 500,000$. The cost of preparing the park will exceed $\$ 300,000$. Many of the States have passed bills appropriating from $\$ 50,000$ to $\$ 100,000$, and nearly half a hundred societies of the territory interested have signified their intention of erecting suitable buildings for their use, some appropriating from $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 40,000$ for such purpose.
1905. The St. Louis Exposition to commemorate the purchase of the Louisiana Territory in 1803, will be held in that city in the Summer of 1903 . It is intended to raise $\$ 15,000,000$ for the purpose, of which the citizens of St. Louis will raise a third, the city of St. Louis will be bonded for a second third, and the last third is expected to be loaned by the United States. The river front near Jefferson Barracks is favored for the site. Ex-Governor David R. Francis heads a committee of 200 to further the details of the movement.

## 

AN exposition of the industries of the countries of the American continents, North and South, will be held at Buffalo, N. Y., near the Niagara frontier, in the Summer of 1901.

The following lstatement has been prepared by the Publicity Department of the Exposition for The WORLD ALMANAC:

Although the exposition will cover but 50 per cent of the ground space occupied by the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893, the Pan-A merican will, in many particulars, exceed the great Chicago Fair, and particularly in the magnificence of the electrical, aquatic, and horticultural displays.

It will not be as big, but it will be far more beautiful. Where at Chicago the acme of severely classical architecture was reached, the style adopted by the Advisory Board of Architects of the coming
exposition is a sort of an American renaissance-if the term be allowed. It will be in the warmer Southern style, and the buildings will be masses of color where the buildings at Chicago were of a dazzling white. Here the domes and minarets of the structures will be colored, and from a distance the red, green, and golden pinnacles of the buildings and the acres of flowers will look like a mass of flower beds

As first planned in 1897, the fair was to be held at Cayuga Island, near Niagara Falls, in the year 1899, and the fifty acres embraced by the island was thought to be ample ground. The preliminary work was done along those lines, and the Federal Government and the Government of the Empire State were approached and interested, and nearly $\$ 1,000,000$ was pledged. Then the SpanishAmerican War intervened, and it was deemed best to allow the project to slumber. When it was revived it was on broader lines. It had been a semi-private enterprise, but when new life was injected into it the men and women of the entire Niagara frontier were invited to come in and help the matter along. There was a veritable rush, and at one dinner tendered to Mayor Diehl, of Buffalo, $\$ 500,000$ was raised in three hours, and the million dollar mark of capital stock was passed in five days. Then the capital stock was increased to $\$ 2.500,000$, and tlie company was empowered to float bouds in a similar amount, thas placing $\$ 5,000,000$ at the disposal of the management, and the Federal Government soon followed with an appropriation of $\$ 500,000$, while the Empire State set aside $\$ 300,000$.

With that great sum on hand, and with possibilities of large appropriations from the Dominion of Canada, Mexico, the Central and South A merican Republics, and the various States of the Union for special buildings, all thoughts of Cayuga Island were set aside, and a site embracing 335 acres, and consisting of land north of and adjacent to the Delaware Park, at Buffalo, was selected.

The work is now being pushed as rapidly as skill and money can do it. The preliminaries are disposed of. The organization was completed with the advent of Director-General William $I$. Buchanan, who arrived in Buffalo on the first day of November, 1899, and immediately took the reins of government. Before Mr. Buchanan's arrival the work had been forwarded by a Committee on Organization, composed of President John G. Milburn and Chairmen Scatcherd, of the Executive Committee; Bleistein, of the Publicity Department; Baird, of the Exhibits Committee; Pierce, of the Concessions Committee; W. Caryl Ely, of the Transportation Committee; Hotchkiss, of the Printing and Supplies Committee; Adams, of the State and Foreign Relations Committee, and Treasurer George L. Williams, Commissioner-General John B. Weber, and Secretary Edwin Fleming, who carried on the bulk of the business untll the appointment of Newcomb Carlton, the Director of Works, who, with Directors George K. Birge and Carleton Sprague, of the Buildings and Ground Committee, accomplished large results.

From purposes to plans is but a short step, and itis not now amiss to tell what the management of the great fair expects to do. In the first place, it plans to show to the visitors the grandest display of electricity that the world has ever seen. As Buffalo intends in 1901 to prove her claim to the title of "The Electric City," which some have given her, it is but fitting that electricity should be the dominant feature of the coming exhibition, for the Cataract of Niagara is within a few miles, and the countless millions of horse-power of that great waterfall will be harnessed to produce the energy which will move the wheels, and turn the levers, and illuminate the buildings within the exposition gates. The electric fountains will be colored red, and green, and gold by thousands of electric bulbs, which will be skilfully made to furnish effects never hefore seen. All about the exposition grounds a grand canal will twist and twine, and at numerous points along that waterway there will be caverns and grottoes more beautiful than the famed ones of Capri, and in them will be the most charming electrical effects. Water cascades will flash lights in never ending beauty, and towers, domes, and pinnacles will be masses of radiance.

The facilities afforded by the location of the exposition are unusual. Buffalo is an ideal Summer city, and is the very hub of the most thickly settled section of the North American Continent. As gateway between the Prairie States of the West and the A tlantic seaboard, a vast flood of travel comes to her gates, and within the confines of a flve hundred mile circle no less than $40,000,000$ people live. A similar circle drawn about the city of Chicago would show a population of abont $2 \cdot, 000,000$, and statisticians claimed that over 90 per cent of the attendance at the World's Columbian Exposition came from within that 500 mile belt. The attendance at the World's Fair was something over $27,000,000$. That being so, a much greater number of people may be expected to visit the Pan-A merican Exposition of 1901.

## THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION OF 1901-Continued.

The Governor of New York, at the last session of the Legislature of that State, nominated the following Board of Managers of the New York exhibit at the exposition, and they were confirmed by the Senate: Daniel T. Lockwood, of Buffalo, President of the Board; Jacob Amos, of Syracuse Gaius C. Bolin, of Poughkeepsie ; Nicholas V. V. Franchot, of Oleau; William H. Gelshenen, of New York; Frederick Greiner, of Buffalo; John T. Mott, of Oswego; Leopold Stern, of New York, and George E. Vost, of Theresa.

The Chairman of the Committee on Publicity is George Bleistein, and the office of the committee is at 222 Ellicott Square, Buffalo.

## 

On March 30, 1899, the Congress of the United States appropriated 50,000 silver dollars in behalf of a monument to be erected in Paris by the school children of A merica in honor of Lafayette. The creation of the monument has been intrusted to Paul Weyland Bartlett, sculptor, of New York, who will be aided by Thomas Hastings, architect. The statue will be of equestrian style, and possibly will be the largest of the kind ever erected. Lafayette is seated facing the west, extending his sword in offering to Liberty. Its cost will be $\$ 150.000$, which has all been paid in, the popularcollection inaugurated by the secretary of the commission having proved an immense success, far surpassing in number of contributors, viz., 4.000,000, all previous records of public collections. The site of the monument, given by the French Government, isin the rery heart of Paris, and within the beautiful garden of the Tuileries, the exact spotbeing Lafayette Square, so named especially for the statue, and adjacent to the Gambetta monument. The unveiling and dedication exercises will take place in Paris on July 4, 1900, United States day at the Exposition. Robert J. Thompson, who originated this movement, is the Secretary of the Memorial Committee, aud his office is at the Auditorium building, Chicago. The Honorary President is Ferdinand W. Peck, the United States Commissioner for the Paris Exposition.

## $\mathfrak{J o H n ~ ふ a x s y a l l ~ 刀 a y . ~}$

THE American Bar Association at its annual meeting in 1899 appointed a committee to devise a plan for observing Febrnary 4, 1901, in honor of the illustrious Chief Justice John Marshall. This date $i$. the one-hundredth anniversary of the appointment of Marshall to the head of the judiciary of the United States.

## Ty) $\mathfrak{j w r o x t c t i o n ~ o f ~ w o o k s . ~}$

American and Imported Publications in 1895, 1896, 1897, and 1898, Recorded by "The PUBL'SHERS' WEEkLY," NOT INCLUDING GOVERNMENT WORKS AND THE Productions of the Minor Cheap Libraries.

| Drvisions. | 1895. |  |  | 898. | DIVISIONS. | 1895. | 8\%6. | 1897. | 1598. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fet | 1,114 | $\overline{1,114}$ | 869 | 905 | Biography and Memo | 180 | 209 | 205 | 195 |
| Law | 531 | 553 | 509 | 456 | Fine Arts and Illus. B | 140 | 177 | 139 | 163 |
| Juvenile | 375 | 319 | 369 | 373 | Physical and Math. Scie | 222 | 162 | 188 | 174 |
| Literary, History, | 468 | 672 | 415 | 332 | Useful Arts. |  |  | 110 | 112 |
| Theology and Religio | 506 | 460 | 492 | 446 | Sports and Amu |  | 72 |  | 42 |
| Education and Langua | 488 | 469 | 431 | 377 | Domestic and R | 52 | 61 |  | 3 |
| Poetry and the Dram | 309 | 291 | 247 | 303 | Humor and satire | 6 |  | 29 | 20 |
| History | 193 | 275. | 238 | 282 | Mental and Moral Philosophy. | 61 |  |  | 51 |
| Medical Science and Hygiene. Social and Political Science... | $\begin{aligned} & 163 \\ & 335 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 167 \\ & 289 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 153 \\ & 196 \end{aligned}$ | 188 | Tot | 5,469 |  | 4,928 |  |
| Description and Trav | 151 | 190 | 169 | 167 |  | 5,469 | 5,03 | 4,908 |  |

Of the production of 1898 there were 2,908 books by American authors, and 834 American reprlnts of foreigu authors.

BRITISH PUBLICATIONS FROM 1894 TO 1898 INCLUSIVE.

|  | 1894 |  | 1395 |  | 189 |  | 189 |  |  | 98. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Divisioxs. | New Books | New Eds. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { Books. } \end{aligned}$ | New Eds. | New Books. | New Eds. | New Books. | New | New <br> Books. | New Eds. |
| Theology, Sermons, Biblica |  |  |  |  |  | 100 | 594 | 109 | 535 | 153 |
| Educational, Classical, and Philological. | 615 | 127 | 660 | 111 | 529 | 114 | 692 | 236 | 732 | 189 |
| Juvenile Works and Tales... | 269 | 29 | 1,544 | 347 | 1,654 | 525 | 1,960 | 717 | 1,758 | 644 |
| Novels, Tales, and other F | 1,315 | 337 23 | 1,544 | 34 33 | 1,024 | 50 | 1,960 93 | 47 | 1,158 | 644 46 |
| Political and Social Econom | 141 | 21 | 163 | 23 | 247 | 99 | 531 | 110 | 437 | 7 |
| Art, Science, and Illustrated Works.. | 98 | 30 | 96 | 16 | 315 | 65 | 288 | 30 | 263 | 32 |
| Voyages, Travels, Geographica, Research | 282 | 68 | 263 | 75 | 191 | 32 | 173 | 48 | 133 | 39 |
| History, Biography, etc | 256 | 58 | 353 | 68 | 580 | 137 | 604 | 141 | 618 | 125 |
| Poetry and tue Drama | 160 | 21 | 231 | 16 | 284 | 123 | 298 | 129 | 290 | 81 |
| Year-Books and Serials | 328 | 2 | 311 |  | 313 |  | 422 |  | 347 |  |
| Medicine, surgery, etc. | 97 | 59 | 153 | 53 | 117 | 45 | 152 | 59 | 160 | 36 |
| Belles-Lettres, Essays, Monographs, etc. | 370 | 115 | 400 | 42 | 130 | 23. | 227 | 48 | 182 | 36 |
| Miscellaneous, including Pamphlets....... | 767 | 215 | 749 | 182 | 239 | 26 | 210 |  | 436 | 30 |
| Total | 5,300 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,185 \\ & 5,300 \end{aligned}$ | 0,581 | $\begin{array}{r} 935 \\ 5,581 \end{array}$ | 5,234 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,339 \\ & 5,234 \end{aligned}$ | 6,244 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,682 \\ & 6,244 \end{aligned}$ | 6,008 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,508 \\ & 6,908 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 6,485 |  | 6.516, |  | 6,573 |  | 7,926 |  | 7,516 |

In Germany in 1898 there were 23,739 productions, of which 3,633 covered education and juvenile literature, 3,061 fiction and plays, 2,144 theology, 2,078 legal and political science, 1,572 medical science, 1, 409 commerce, 1,406 language, 1,296 geography, 1,275 natural sciences and mathematics, and 1,054 history.

## (mmeritar 3 earmey Societies.

Actuarial Society of America.-President, Thomas B. Macauley; First Vice- President, Oscar B. Ireland, springfield, Mass. ; Necond Vice-President, Israel C. Pierson, New York City; Secretary, John Tatlock, Jr., New York City; Treasurer, John B. Lunger, New York City. The Actuarial Society of America was organized in 1889 for the purpose of promoting actuarial science, and is composed of the actuaries of life insurance companies and consulting actuaries. The membership embraces actuaries of Europe, Australasia, and Canada, as well as of the United States. Admission fee, $\$ 10$ : annual dues, $\$ 10$. Number of members, 112 .

American Academy of Medicine.--President, G. Hudson Makuen, Philadelphia; Secretary and Treasurer, Charles MicIntire, Easton, Pa. Next annual meeting, Atlantic City, N. J., June 2-4, 1900. Object-To associate physicians who are also alumni of academic (or scientific) colleges; to encourage intending physicians to pursue a regular course of study leading to a bacheior degree before entering upon the study of medicine; to investigate and discuss the various problems of "medical sociology." Entrance fee, $\$ 5$; dues, $\$ 1$ per annum. Present membership, 794.

American Academy of Political and Social Science.-President, Edmund J. James, Ph. D., University of Chicago; Corresponding Secretary, L. S. Rowe, Ph. D., University of Pennsylvania; General Secretary John Q. Adams, Ph. D. ; Clerk, N. Jones, Station B, Philadelphia. Founded in 1889 to promote the political and social sciences. Membership, 2,000, distributed among every State and 34 fureign countries. Annual fee, $\$ 5$; fee for life members, $\$ 100$. Annual meeting held in April.

American Antiquarian Society.-President, Stephen Salisbury, Worcester, Mass. ; Corresponding Secretaries-Foreign, Franklin B. Dexter, New Haven, Ct. $;$ Domestic, Charles F. Adams, Líncoln, Mass.; Recording Secretary, Charies A. Chase. Annual meeting is held at Worcester, Mass., in October. Domestic membership restricted to 140. Admission fee of United States members, \$5; annual dues of New England members, \$5.

American Asistic Association.-President, Everett Frazar; Vice-President, Samuel D. Brewster; Secretary, John Foord, P. O. box 1500, New York. The purposes of the society are to foster and safeguard the trade and commercial interests of the citizens of the United States and others associated therewith in the Empires of China, Japan, Korea, the Philippines, and elsewhere in Asia and Uceanica. Organized 1898. Annual dues, $\$ 10$.

American Association for the Advancement of Science.-President, R. S. Woodward, New York City; Permanent Secretary, L. O. Howard, Washington, D. C. ; General Secretary, Charles Baskerville, Chapel Hill, N. C.: Secretary of the Council, William Hallock, New York City; Treasurer, $\mathrm{R}_{0}$, S. Woodward, New York. The Association was chartered in 1874, being a continuation of the American Association of Geologists and Naturalists, organized in 1840. The membership is 1,695. Admission fee, $\$ 5$; annual dues, $\$ 3$. Next annual meeting, June 25, 1900, in New York City.

American Bar Association.-President, Charles F. Manderson, Omaha, Neb.; Secretary, John Hinkley, 215 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Mr. - Treasurer, Francis Rawle, Philadelphia, Pa. Each State is represented by one Vice-President. Membership, about 1,600. This Association of leading lawyers of the United States was organized in 1878.

Anerican Chemical Society.-President, Edward W. Morley, Adelbert College, Cleveland, Ohio; Secretary, Albert C. Hale, 551 Putnam Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.. The Society was organized in 1876 for "the advancement of chemistry and the promotion of chemical research." Publishes a monthly journal. Annual dues, $\$ 5$. Total membership, November 14, 1899, 1,555.

American Dialect Society.-President, Lewis F. Mott, New York City Secretary, O. F. Emerson, Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio. Organized in 1889 for 'the investigation of the spoken English of the United States and Canada, and incidentally of other non-aboriginal dialects in the same countries." Publishes "Dialect Notes" at irregular intervals. Annual fee, $\$ 1$. Membership, about 300. Any person or institution may become a member.

American Economic Association. - President, Arthur T. Hadley, LL D., Yale; Secretary, Walter F. Wilcox, Ph. D., Cornell University, Ithaca, N. Y. The objects of the Association are the study of economic sciences and the publication of papers thereon.

American Entomological Society.-President, Rev. H. C. McCook, D. D. ; Secretary, Henry Skinner, M.D., Philadelphia, Pa. Organized 1859; incorporated 1862. Object-The study of entomology. Membership, 131.

American Fisheries Society. - President, John W. Titcomb, st. Johnsbury, Vt. ; Recording Secretary, Seymour Bower, Detroit; Corresponding Secretary, J. E. Gunckel, Toledo, Ohio. Organized December, 1870 . Annual dues, $\$ 1$. Membership, 235. Next annual meeting at Wood's Holl. Mass., second week in July, 1900.

American Folklore Soclety.- President, Charles L. Edwards, University of Cincinnati, Uincinnati, Ohio: Permanent Secretary, W. W. Newell, Cambridge, Mass. Organized in 1888 for ' the study of foll klore in general, and in narticular the collection and publication of the folklore of North America." Membership fee, including a copy of "The Journal of American Folklore"' (quarterly), $\$ 3$ perannum.

American Geographical Societv.-Presidènt, vacant; Vice-Presidents, W. H. F. Moore, General Egbert L. Viele, C. C. Tiffany, D. D. : Corresponding Secretaries-Foreign, William Libbey, Jr. ; Domestic, Chandler Robbins; Recording 'Secretary, Anton A. Raven. Offices of the society, il West Twenty-ninth Street, New York City. The objects of the Society are to encourage geographical exploration and discovery; to investigate and disseminate new gengraphical information; to establish in the chief maritime city of the country, for the benefit of commerce and navlgation, place where the means will be afforded of obtalning accurate information for public use of every part of the globe. Organized in 1852; membership, 1,200. An nual dues, $\$ 10$; no entrance fee.

American Historical Association.-President, James Ford Rhodes, LL. D.; Secretary, Herbert B. Adams, Ph. D., LL. D, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md.: Treasurer, Clarence W. Bowen, Ph. D. Association founded 1884, incorporated by Congress 1889 . Object-The promotion of historical studies. Entrance fee, $\$ 3$; annual dues, $\$ 3$. Membership, 1, 350, including 110 life members.

American Institute of Architects. - President, Robert S. Peabody, Boston, Mass. $\mathrm{j}^{\text {Treasurer }}$ and Secretary, Glenn Brown, Washington, D. C. The Institute has 26 chapters, 416 fellows, 64 associate members, and 54 honorary members. The initiation fee is $\$ 5$; yearly dues of fellows, $\$ 10$; of associates, $\$ 5$. Established in 18.57 .

American Institute of Electrical Engineers.-President, Arthur E. Kennelly, Philadelphia, Pa. ; Secretary, Ralph W. Pope, at the executive offices, library, and reading-room, 26 Cortlandt Street, New York City. Entrance fee, $\$ 5$; annual dues, $\$ 10$. Monthly meetings at 12 West Thirty-first Street, New Yoris. Prints its transactions monthly. Membership, 1,136.

## AMERICAN LEARNED SOCIETIES-Continued.

American Institute of Homœopathy. - President, Ch. E. Walton, M. D., Lincoln, Neb.; General Secretary, Eugene H. Porter, M. D., 181 West Seventy-third street, New York City. Organized in 1844, and is the oldest medical organization in the United States. Has 2,000 members, representing every State in the Union, besides Cauada. Will meet at Cincinnati, Ohio, June, 1900.

American Institute of Mining Engineers.-President, James Douglas, New York City; Secretary, R. W. Raymond, 99 John Street, New York City; Treasurer, Theodore D. Rand, Philadelphia. Membership, 2,614. Organized, 1871. Annual dues, $\$ 10$.

American Mathematical Society.-President, R. S. Woodward; Secretary, F. N. Cole, Columbia University, New York; Treasurer, W. S. Dennett: Librarian, Pomeroy Ladue. Meetings held at Columbia University, New York. Society was reorganized as the American Mathematical Society, July, 1894. Object-To encourage and maintain an active interest in and to promote the advancement of mathematical science. Admission fee, $\$ 5$; annual dues, $\$ 5$; life membership, $\$ 50$. Membership, 330. The Society publishes two journals, the Bulletin and the Transactions.

Amprican Medical Association.-President, W. W. Keen, Philadelphia; Secretary-Editor, George H. Simmons, 61 Market Street, chicago, Ill. Next annual meeting, Atlantic City, N. J. June 5,1900 . Annual fee, $\$ 5$, entitles to a copy of weekly journal. Membership, over 8,000.

American Microscopical Society.-President, A. M. Bleile, Columbus, Ohio; Secretary, Henry B. Ward, Lincoln, Neb. : Treasurer, J. C.Smith, New Orleans, La. Incorporated at Washington, D. C., August, 1891. Object-The encouragement of microscopical research.

American Numismatic and Archæological Society, 17 West Forty-third Street, New York.-President, Andrew C. Zabriskie; Recording Secretary, Bauman L. Belden; Corresponding Secretary, George F. Kunz, New York City. Society founded in 1858 for the promotion of numismatics and archæology in the United States, possesses coiu and medal collection. Total membership, 250. Annual meeting held in New York City in March.

American Oriental Society.-President, D. C. Gilman, LL. D., Johns Hopkins University; Jorresponding Secretary, E. W. Hopkins, Yale University, New Haven, Ct. ; Recording Secretary, George F. Moore. Organized September 7, 1842, for the cultivation of learning in the Asiatic, African, and Polynesian languages, and the publication of works relating to these languages. Annual fee, $\$ 5$; no admission fee. Membership, 350.

American Ornithologists' Union.-President, Robert Ridgway; Secretary, John H. Sage, Portland, Ct. Organized 1883. Object-The advancement of its members in ornithological science, the publication of a journal of ornithology and other works relating to that science, etc. Annual dues, active members, $\$ 5$; associate, $\$ 3$. Membership, 824.

American :Philological Association. - President, Abby Leach, of Vassar; Vice-Presidents, S. B. Platner, of Adelbert, and Andrew F. West, of Princeton; Secretary and Treasurer, Herbert Weir Smyth, of Bryn Mawr. Initiation fee, $\$ 5$; annual dues, $\$ 3$. Has about 485 members.

American Philosophical Society.-President, Frederick Fraley, Philadelphiá; Secretaries, I. Minis Hays, Frederick Prime, Samuel P. Sadtler, R. A. Cleemann. Office of Society, 104 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Object-For promoting useful knowledge. Founded in 1743. Has 200 resident and 300 non-resident and foreign members.

American Psychological Association.-President, Prof. John Dewey: Secretary and Treasurer, Dr. Livingston Farrand, Columbia University. Organized in 1892 for "the advancement of psychology as a science." Membership, 110. Annual dues, $\$ 3$; no entrance fee.

American Social Science Association.-President, S. E. Baldwin, LL. D., New Haven, Ct. ; Treasurer, W.C. Le Gendre, 59 Wall Street, New York City; General Secretary, Rev. F. Stanley Root, New York City. Annual fee, $\$ 5$. The Association was founded in 1865.

American Society of Civil Engineers. - President, Desmond FitzGerald; Secretary, Charles Warren Hunt; Treasurer, John Thomson. Regular meetings first and third Wednesdays of each month (except'July and August) at 8.30 P. M. at the Society's house, 220 West Fifty-seventh street, New York City. Has 2,200 members. Instituted in 1852.

American Society of Mechanical Engineers.-President, Geo. W. Melville, Washington, D.C.; Secretary, Prof. F. R. Hutton, 12 West Thirty-first Street, New York City. Society House, 12 West Thirty-first Street, New York City. Total membership, all grades, 1,950. Two annual meetings, in Spring and Autumn, the latter in New York City in December. Initiation fee, members and associates, $\$ 25$; juniors, $\$ 15$. A nnual dues, members and associates, $\$ 15$; juniors, $\$ 10$. The Society was chartered in 1881. Membership is not limited in numbers.

American Society of Naturalists.-President, W. G. Farlow, Harvard; Vice-Presidents, H. C. Bumpus, Brown W. H. Howell, Johns Hopkins; F. H. Gerrish, Bowdoin; Secretary, T. H. Morgan, Bryn Mawr; Treasurer, John B. Smith, Rutgers College. Annual dues, $\$ 2$.

American Statistical Association. - President, Carroll D. Wright; Vice-Presidents, Richmond Mayo-Smith, A. M.; Horace G. Wadiin. Henry C. Adams, Ph. D.; John W. Dean, A. M.; Henry Gannett; Corresponding Secretary Worthington C. Ford, Public Library, Boston, Mass. ; Treasurer, John's. Clark. Membership, 5́56. Annual dues, $\$ 2$. Association organized, 1839.

Archæological Institute of America.-President, E. D. Perry, Columbia University; Secretary, Dr. Nelson McCrea, Columbia University.

Biographical Society of America. - President, Johnston L. de Peyster, New York City; Treasurer, Augustin H. Goelet; Recorder, Samuel Marsh. The objects of the Society are the encouragement of blographical research and the publication of authentic biographies of contemporaneous, prominent Americans.

Geological society of America.-President, B. K. Emerson, Amherst College; Secretary, H. L. Fairchild, University of Rochester; Treasurer, I. C. White; Editor, J. Stanley-Brown. Soclety founded in 1888 . Has 238 fellows.; Entrance fee, $\$ 10$; annual dues, $\$ 10$. Publishes ' Bulletin of the Geological Society of America."

National Academy of Sciences. - President, Wolcott Gibbs, Newport, R. I.; Vice-President, Asaph Hall, Cambridge, Mass.; Foreign Secretary, Alexander Agassiz, Cambridge, Mass. Home Secretary, Ira Remsen, Baltimore, Md. ; Treasurer, Charles D. Walcott, Washington, D. C. The Academy, incorporated by act of Congress March 3, 1863, "shall, whenever called upon by any department of the Government, investigate, examine, experiment, and report upou any subject of sclence or art; the actual expense ** * to be paid from appropriations which may be made for the purpose." There are at present 87 members, 1 honorary member, and 21 forelgn assoclates.

## AMERICAN LEARNED SOCIETIES-Continued.

National Dental Association.-President, B. Holly Smith, Baltimore, Md.; Recording Secretary, George H. Cushing, Los Angeles, Cal. ; Corresponding Secretary, Emma Eames Chase, St. Louis, Mo. Object-To cultivate the science and art of dentistry and all its collateral branches. Annual dues, $\$ 5$. The Association will meet at Old Point Comfort, Va., June 26, 1900.

National Geographic Society.-President, Alexander Graham Bell; Recording Secretary, J. Stanley-Brown: Corresponding Secretary, Willis L Moore; Foreign Secretary Eliza R. Scidmore; Treasurer, Henry Gannett. Headquarters at Washington, D. C. Its purpose is 'the increase and diffusion of geographic knowledge." It publishes a monthly magazine Annual dues for active members, $\$ 5$; corresponding m mbers, $\$ 2$. Tbere are 1,300 resident and 1.500 non-resident members.

New Kork Zoological Society.-President, Levi P Morton, Secretary, Madison Grant, 11 Wall Street, New York City; Treasurer, I. V. F. Randolph; Director, William T Hornaday. An nual dues, $\$ 10$; life membership, $\$ 200$. The Zoological Parli is under the management of the Society

Scientific Alliance of New York.-President, C. F. Cox: Treasurer, E. G. Love; Secretary, N. L. Britton, New York Botanical Garden, New York City The Council of the Scientific Alliance is composed of three delegates from eight scientific socipties. Object-To promote coöperation among the constituent societies, the cultivation of popularinterest, and particularly to procure a building in which all the societies shall be conveniently boused, and which shall become the scientific centre to the city.

Society of American Authors.-President, Rastus S. Ransom: Treasurer. Morris P Ferris, 71 Broadway. New York ('ity; Secretary, J Beverly Robinson. Object-The advancement of the interests and the protection of the rights of authors. Membership over 400.

Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers.-President, Clement A. Griscom; Secretary, Francis T. Bowles, 12 West Thirty-first Street, New York C'ity Object-The promotion of the art of shipbuilding commercial and naval. Incorporated under the laws of New York State. Headquarters, 12 West Thirty-first Street. New York City. Membership fee, $\$ 5$; annual dues, $\$ 5$. Has 6.25 members and associates.

## ©

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } \\ & \text { Elected. } \end{aligned}$ | Name. | Born. | Predecessor. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ernest Wilfred Gabriel Baptiste Legouve. | Paris, 1807. . . . . . . . | Ancelot. |
| 21862 | Jacques Victor Albe, Duc de Broglie.. | Paris. 1821 | Lacordaire Père. |
|  |  | Marseilles, |  |
| 41874 | Alfred Jean Francois Mézière | Paris, 1826 | t. Marc-Girardin. |
| 51876 | Marie Louis Antoine Gaston B | Nîmes, 1823 | Patin. |
| 61877 | Victorien Sar | Paris, 1831 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 71878 . \\ & 81880 . \end{aligned}$ | Edmund Armand, Duc d Audiffret-Pasq | Paris, 1823 | Dupanlo |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1880 \\ & 1881 \end{aligned}$ | Aimé Joseph Edmu | Paris, 1817 <br> Paris, 1839 |  |
| 101882 | Adolphe Louis Alber | Lyons, 1 | Augus |
| 111882 | Edouard Jules Henr | Paris, 183 |  |
| 121884 |  | Paris. 1842 | De Laprade. |
| 131884 | Joseph Louis F | Paris, 182 | J. B. Dumas |
| 14188 | Ludovic Halév | Paris, 1834 | Comte d' Hauss |
| 151886 | Vallery Clément |  | Comte de Fallo |
|  | Othénin P. de Cléron Comte d |  |  |
| 171888. | Jules Arnaud Arsèn Claretie |  | Cuvill |
| 181888. | Eugene Marie Melchior, Vicomte de V | Nice, 1848 | ésiré Nisa |
| 191890 | Charles Louis de Saulses de Freyci | Foix | mile Aug |
| 201891 | Louis Marie Julien Viau |  |  |
| 211892 | Ernest Lavisse |  | urie |
| 221893 | Vicomte Henri |  | Xavier Marmier. |
| 231893 | Paul Louis Thare |  | Pousset. |
| 241893 | Marie Ferdin |  | emoin |
| 251894 | Albert Sorel | Honfleur, | e. |
| 261894 | José Mar | , | De Ma |
| 271894 | Paul Bourget |  | Maxim |
| 281894 | Henri Houss |  | conte de Lisl |
| 291895 | Jules Lemait |  | n Victor Duruy |
| 301896 | Jacques Anatole |  |  |
| 311896 | Marquis Marie C. A. Costa de Bea | Nyotte, Savoy. | mille C. Don |
| 321896 | Gaston Bruno Paulin Par | 唖, 1 | s Pa |
| 331896 | Claude-Adhemar, dit Andre Th | Marly-le-Roi, 1833 | , |
| 341896 | Louis Jules Albert Comte Va | Paris, 1861 |  |
| 36189 | Gabriel Hanot |  | es simo |
| 371898 | Claude Jean Bap | Montbard, is |  |
| 38189 | Henri Leon Em | Orleans. 1 | Henri |
| 39189 | Paul Deschanel | Brussels. |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| * The French Academy is one of five academies, and the most eminent, constituting the Institute |  |  |  |
| France. It was founded in 1635 by the Cardinai Richelieu, and reorganized in 1816 . It is composed |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| the head of the State. It meets twice weekly, at the Palace Mazarin, 23 Quai Conti, Paris, and is "the highest authority on everything appertaining to the niceties of the French language, to grammar, |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| thetoric, an | d poetry, and the publication of the French |  | officer is the secretary, |
| who has a life tenure of his position. The present permanent secretary is Marie L. A. G. Boissier, who was elected an Academician in 1876. A chair in the Academy is the highest ambition of most literary |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Frenckmen. <br> The other academies of the Institute of France are: The Academy of Inscriptions and Belles- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Lettres, with 40 members; Academy of Sciences, with 68 members; Academy of Fine Arts, with 40 members (as follows: Painting, 14, sculpture, 8 ; architecture, 8 ; engraving, 4 ; musical composition, |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## Wevirm of Scirntific jprogress in 1899.

## ASTRONOMIY.

In this department of physical research considerable progress was made in 1899. Several new asteroids were discovered by the photographic method; some of these, however, may turn out to be old ones rediscovered, since the number of these small bodies is now so great that a strict account of their places in the heavens cannot be kept, very few astronomers having the inclination or time to undertake such a prodigious amount of labor.

Some three or four comets were also discovered-all telescopic and of little or no interest. A return of Biela's comet is announced, but an impression is entertained in some quarters that this comet has been disintegrated and reduced to a swarm of meteoric matter.

A branch of the Harvard University Observatory located on the Andes Mountains, near Arequipa, Peru, announced the discovery of a very faint satellite of Saturn. It was found by the photographic method; very few, if any, telescopes in the world cau show it. The satellite is exceedingly faiut, being of the fifteenth or sixteenth magnitude, and when viewed from Saturn itself it would appear only of the fifth magnitude, or two magnitudes below Hyperion, hitherto the faintest known object in the solar system. Notwithstanding this, it is fully 200 miles in diameter; its distance from the primary is estimated at $8,000,000$ miles, or more than thirty times the distance of our moon from the earth, and its period about eighteen months. Further observations are required to determine the elements of this faint but interesting body.

A gigantic telescope is in course of construction at Paris, France; its object glass has a diameter of 49.2 inches, or 9.2 inches more than the great Yerkes telescope at Williams Bay, Wis., and 13.2 inches larger than the Lick instrument at Mount Hamilton, Cal. In order to obviate the effect of chromatic aberration and to reduce the mechanical and optical difficulties to a minimum, it was decided to extend the focal length to sixty metres, or nearly 200 feet. The tube is of steel, formed by twenty-four separate tubes screwed together; weighs twenty-one tons, and has a diameter in the largest part of 59 inches. It would be practically impossible to mount such an instrument in the ordinary way owing to the great weight and to the instability and flexure to which it would be exposed, not to mention the difficulty in operating the enormous dome which would be required to protect it. These difficulties have been in part overcome, at the expense, however, of a considerable loss of light, by resting the tube in a horizontal position on cast-iron supports, so arranged that they can have a slight motion on a system of rails in order to neutralize the effect of expansion by heat. The tube is placed in the plane of the meridian, with the object glass toward the south, and in front of it at a convenient distance is placed a siderostat, or plane mirror, so mounted that when operated by clock work it will reflect the rays from a heavenly body into the tube of the telescope. The mirror has a diameter of 78 inches and weighs six and a half tons. There are two object glasses-one for visual observations, the other for photographic work. Each glass weighs 1,600 pounds.

In light-grasping power this instrument, compared with that of the most powerful in existence (the Yerkes glass), is as three to two, but in consequence of the loss of light by reflection from the siderostat this ratio will be considerably reduced. In regard to photography, however, it will doubtless surpass all other instruments, since, owing to its great focal length, photographic pictures of the moon, for instance, 20 or 22 inches in diameter, can be taken, and this of itself will constitute a marked progress in our knowledge of the physical constitution of our satellite.

Another monster telescope, intended for the Allegheny, Pa., Observatory is also in course of construction. The object glass is to be 32 inches in diameter, and from the well-known reputation of the maker, it is expected to be one of the finest in the world.

CHEMISTRY.
Experimentation with liquid hydrogen has resulted in the discovery of some wonderful and interesting properties, which may eventually be turned to practical account.

Atmosphericair, on entering a vessel containing liquid hydrogen, is at once frozen to a solid, and falls like a precipitate; a piece of cotton, or a glass rod, dipped into it and lighted gives the wellknown hydrogen flame; a small cork ball sinks at once in liquid hydrogen; a solid body immersed in it for a few seconds becomes so coid that it liquefies the surrounding air on its withdrawal, which runs off in drops, and if a tube containing air, or oxygen, be plunged into it, it is at once solidified. The actual temperature of liquid hydrogen is thought to be about 210 absolute. Very perfect vacua have been produced by placing tubes containing air in liquid hydrogen-so perfect, indeed, that an electric discharge cannot pass through them.

A new method of extracting nickel from its ores, which usually contain irou, cobalt, copper, etc., has been devised and successfully put into practice. It depends on the fact that nickel forms a volatile compound with C0, carbon monoxide-called nickel carbonyl, which boils at $1500^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$., and from which the nickel is again regenerated at $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

An investigation into the nature of helium has been made with the view of determining whether it is an element or a compound, as was at one time suspected. It is now shown to be a perfectly homogeneous body, and is therefore to rank hereafter as one of the elementary bodies existing in the sun as well as on the earth.

GEOLOGY AND EXPLORATION.
Geological researches were carried on in 1899 with uiabated vigor and with some very practical results. Among the regions which received more than the usual attention from geologists and explorers may be mentioned San Clemente Island, off the south coast of California; it is purely of volcanic origin, with some sedimentary rocks of the Miocene Age; also Edwards Plateau and the plain of the Rio Grande, and the famous crater lake of Oregon. This last is one of the most str:pendous works of nature, and considered in all its aspects, ranks with the grand canon of Colorado, the Yosemite Valley, and the Falls of Niagara. Such is the extraordinary beauty and grandeur of the region that a bill has been introduced in Congress to make it a National Park. The other regions which have been partially explored, from a geologic standpoint, are the Isthmus of Panama, Costa Rica, Jamaica, certain parts of Montana, North Labrador, and Tasmania, all of which have yielded results of great scientific and commercial importance.

Extensive coal-bearing districts have been discovered in the neighborhood of Crow Nest Pass, on the eastern side of the Rocky Mountains, and also on the Pembina River, in Northern Alberta, Canada. The seam, which is seventeen feet thick, crops out on the river bank and has been on fire for many years. Petroleum has been found on Pelican River, Northwest Territory, Canada; borings 800 feet deep have shown the existence of inexhaustible deposits of coal tar and natural gas.

Gold is found in all the streams flowing east of the Rocky Mountains, north of the international boundary line, especially on the Peace and Liard rivers, and in the Klondike regions. The metal is found in the disintegrated rocks of the Laurentian Plateau. The aggregate value of the minerals produced in this region during 1897 was $\$ 28,661,430$, an increase of 27 per cent on the preceding year.

Native silver in paying quantities has been found near Livingston, Davidson County, N. C., and two extensive beds of corundum have been discovered in widely separated parts of the world-one

## REVIEW OF SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS IN 1899-Continued.

in India, which also yields rubies and sapphires, the other in Renfrew County, Ontario; the latter occurring in dykes of syenite and quartz, intersecting the Laurentian gneiss.

All extensive iuvestigation of the Atlantic coast and lake regions of Canada and the United States has been carried on for many years, and conducts to the most astounding, if not alarming, results. The question of any progressive change in the level of our Atlantic coast and of the Great Lakes on our northeru frontier, is not only of great scientific interest, but also of great practical and national importance, for any change in the rise and fall of the water in these regions may have a profound effect on the value of property in their vicinity and on national boundaries. It is now pretty clearly shown that the earth movements which characterized the closing epochs of the Pleistocene period extend to the Great Lakes and are still going on.

This slow but continuous movement of the lake basin is destined eventually to turn the waters of the Great Lakes through the Illinois River into the Mississippi, resulting in the entire or partial flooding of the lower portion of the valley of that great river. Another great movement is going on on the Atlantic coast and the shores of Hudson Bay. South of Connecticut the land is subsiding at the rate of about two feet in one hundred years, while the land around Hudson and James's bays has actually risen seven feet during the present century. Bays and inlets in which the Hudson Bay Company's ships formerly wintered, over a century ago, will now scarcely float a rowboat, and rivers whose mouths were formerly navigable for ships for several miles are now no longer so, but enter the bay by a rapid or fall. Ancient beaches are easily seen on the eastern shore of Hudson Bay from fifty to seventy feet above the present high-water mark.

All these facts, pointing in a common direction, warrant the hypothesis that the tilting of the lake region, which was going on at the close of the glacial period, as shown by the slopes of all shore lines, is still in progress.

Observations show that in the case of Lake Superior there is a gradual rise of water at the west end and a falling at the east end, or, in other words, the west end is sinking and the east rising. The mean rate of change derived from a long series of observations is 0.42 feet in a hundred miles per century. It would appear then that the whole lake region is being lifted at one side and depressed on the opposite, so thatits plane is bodily canted toward the southwest. Certaingeneral consequences must necessarily flow from this movement independently of any irregularities that may be due to excessive rainfalls, or evaporation. Thus, it is found that on Lake Ontario the water is advancing on all shores; the same is true of Lake Erie, the most rapid change being at Sandusky and Toledo, Ohio. Around Lake Huron, the water is falling more rapidly in the north and northeast than in the south and southwest. At Lake Superior the water is advancing on the United States shore and receding on the Canadian, and a similar movement exists in Lake Michigan, the water of which is falling in the north and rising in the south at Chicago at the rate of 9 or 10 inches in 100 years. At the present rate, the discharge of the water of the lakes through the Illinois River into the Mississippi may begin and flow on uninterruptedly in about 800 years, aud in about 1,800 or 2,000 years the Illinois and Niagara rivers will carry about equal volumes of water. Chicago is, therefore, a doomed city; it stands on a sinking plain, which is now only a few feet above the level of Lake Michigan. A similar fate awaits Manhattan and Long Islands, the greater part of New Jersey, Delaware, and portions of Maryland, Virginia, and the Carolinas. This populous region, at present the centre of life, energy, and activity, is destined to be ultimately submerged beneath the Atlantic. This gradual subsidence of the Atlantic coast is probably due to a fault which is known to extend from New England to the Carolinas, and it was along this fault that the Charleston earthquake of 1886 was chiefly felt.

In confirmation of this relation between earthquakes and faults, it may be noticed that a recent investigation into the earthquake in Hereford, England, in 1896, shows that it also was due to a slip or fall along a fault many miles in length. There were in this case two foci or centres of disturbance, eight miles apart, between which there was no disturbance.

A meteorite, weighing ninety-six pounds nine ounces, was found near the Tombigbee River, Ala.; the date of the fall is unknown. It has all the characteristic depressions and marks of siderites in general. It consists chietly of very soft iron, which, however, is capable of a very high polish. An analysis gives iron 95 , nickel 4.1 , cobalt 0.4 , phosphorus 0.32 , carbon 0.16 , and sulphur a trace, per cent respectively.

During the year 1899 science was called upon to mourn for the loss of a few of her most distinguished votaries. Prof. Bunsen, the famous German chemist; Prof. Marsh, of New Haven, Ct., the foremost palæontologist of his time; Sir Edward Frankland, a celebrated English chemist; Dr. D. ${ }^{(1}$. Brinton, anthropologist, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Sir W. H. Flower, the eminent zoologist of the British Museum, have passed over to the majority, leaving behind them an imperishable record in their respective lines of scientific research.
J. M.

## Statisticg of the zoress.

Rowele's American Newspaper Directory for 1899 reports the number of newspapers published in the United States and Canada as 22,056 . Of these, 883 were Canadian publications. The following was the frequency of issue: Weekly, 15,688; monthly, 2,964; daily, 2,229; semi-monthly, 368; semiweekly, 445 ; quarterly, 182; bi-weekly, 74 ; bi-monthly, 59 ; tri-weekly, 47 -total, $22,056$.

The following table exhibits the number of papers printed in the several States and ('anada in 1899:

Alabama
Alaska
A rizona Arkansas
California
Canada, ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} \mathbf{f}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{d}^{\prime}{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{d}$
Colorado
Connecticut........
Delaware
Dis. of Columbia.
Florida
Georgia
Hawai
Idaho

232 Illinois

7 Indian Territory.
52 Indiana
259 Iowa.
698 Kansas
883 Kentucky
318 Loulisiana
197 Maine ..
42 Maryland
42 Maryland ......... 204 North Dakota.....
168 Michigan 632 Ohio .................. 808 Oklahoma 648 Oregon 226 Pennsylvania......
1,096 Porto Rico.

|  | Rhode 1slana. | 62 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | South Carolina. | 112 |
|  | South Dakota. | 263 |
|  | Tennessee | 300 |
| 392 | Texas. | 834 |
|  | Utah | 76 |
| 2,066 | Vermont | 8 |
|  | Virginia | 258 |
|  | Washington | 224 |
| 1,233 | West Virginia | 193 |
|  | W isconsin | 685 |
| 204 | W yoming | 45 |
| $1,448$ |  |  |

The total number of newspapers published in the world at present is estimated at about 50,000 distributed as follows: United States and Canada, 22,056; Germany, 6,000; Great Britain, 8,000 France, 4,300; Japan, 2,000; Italy, 1,500; Austria-Hungary, 1, 200; Asia, exclusive of Japan, 1, 000 Spain, 850; Russia, 800; Australia, 800; Greece, 600; Switzerland, 450; Holland, 300; Belgium, 300 ; all others, 1,000 . Of these more than half are printed in the English language.

## Statititics of 解umation.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF LIBERAL ARTS IN THE UNITED STATES.
(Prepared for The World Almanac by the Statistician of the United States Burean of Education.)


## Statisticg of serucation.

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES OF LIBERAL ARTS IN THE UNITED STATES.
(Prepared for The World Almanac by the Statistician of the United States Bureau of Education.)

©ebe Comman Scionolg of the Mriter States．

| States and | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pupils } \\ & \text { Enrolled. } \end{aligned}$ | Per cent of Popula－ tion Enrolled． | Average Daily At－ tendance． | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Total } \\ \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Teachers } \end{array}$ | States and Territories． | Pupils Enrolled． | Per ceat of Popula－ tion Enrolled． | Average Daily At－ tendance． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { Number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Te'ch'rs } \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\text { N．Atlantic Lliv．}}$ |  |  |  |  | $\overline{\text { N．Central Div．}}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Maine． | 134，405 | 20.50 | 97，6 | 727 |  | 810，285 | 20.69 | 618，667 | 25， 256 |
| N．Hampsh | 64，207 | 16． 10 | 47，717 | 2，711 | India | 566，157 | 25.06 | 432，931 | 5，223 |
| Vermont． | 65，532 | 19.61 | 48，050 | 2，786 | Illino | 939，163 | 18． 73 | 729，227 | 25，267 |
| Massachusetts | 455141 | 16.93 | 349，147 | 13，203 | Michiga | 496，020 | 22.00 | 347，114 | 15，673 |
| Rhorle Island． | 65，38 | 15． 68 | 47，370 | 1，852 | Wiscons | 435，914 | 20.69 | 287，000 | 12，465 |
| Commecticat | 147，833 | 17.12 | 105，002 | 3，943 | Minnes | 384，06 | 21.75 | 243，200 | 11.243 |
| New Jork | 1，203，194 | 17.56 | 827，652 | 34，385 | lowa． | 48，85 | $22^{\text {2．}} 13$ | 370，845 | 28，69 |
| New Jerse | 304，680 | 16.58 | 200，278 | 6，270 ${ }^{\circ}$ | Missouri | 688，583 | 22.49 | 440，692 | 15，2b¢ |
| Pemmsylvani | 1，175，482 | 18.93 | 864，625 | 28，480 | North Da | 67，375 | 19.13 | 41，155 | 3，637 |
|  |  |  |  |  | South | 89，001 | 21.90 | ， |  |
| ntic |  |  |  |  | Nebra | 273，914 | 23.48 | 173，930 | 9608 |
| elaware． | 33，174 | 19．16 | 22，693 | 0 | Kansas | 370，240 | 27.87 | 256，934 | 12，513 |
| faryland． | 236，0010 | 19.67 | 134，539 | 4，987 | West |  |  |  |  |
| Dis of colu | 44.69 | 15.67 | 34，383 | 1，107 | Montana． |  |  |  |  |
| Sirgillia | 26\％， 2317 | 21.58 | 213,421 | 8,575 6,808 | Wyoming | $\begin{aligned} & 35,070 \\ & 13,042 \end{aligned}$ | 11.26 | $\begin{array}{r} 23,400 \\ 8,700 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,(186 } \\ & 50 \% 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| W．Virginia．．．． | 236,188 <br> 394 <br> 15 | 27.27 22.78 | 159，768 | 6，808 7 | Colorado | 104，733 | 17.90 | 69，973 | 2，4こ2 |
| North（＇arclina． | 399，3，5 | 22.78 20.26 | 182．559 | 7，217 | New Me | 26，484 | 14.59 | 16，950 | 43 |
| fieorgia．． | 450，832 |  | 278，715 | 9，505 | Arizona | 14，613 | 16.80 | 0.011 | 435 |
| Florida | 103，455 | 21.06 | 74，004 | 2，792 | Utah | 70，8 | 26.75 | 49，6 | 1，334 |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ne } \\ & \text { Ida } \end{aligned}$ | 7，3 | 17.8 | 4，98 | ${ }_{818} 81$ |
| entral |  |  |  |  | Wa |  |  |  |  |
| Kentucky |  |  |  |  | Oregon |  | 22.82 |  |  |
| Temnessee | 481，585 | $2{ }^{25} .65$ | 338，176 | 9.135 | Califor | 259，459 | 17.36 | 185，42 | 7，432 |
| Alabama． | 348.899 | 20． 05 | 222，690 | 7，519 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mississipp | $3 \mathrm{hri}, 579$ | 25.38 | 223，900 | 7.903 3 | S．Atlantic Div． | －3，134， 725 | ${ }_{21 .} 63$ | $1,314,622$ | 46， |
| Louisiana | 182，341 | 13． 51 | 132,046 404,372 | 3,834 12,953 | S．Central Div．． | 2，875，3ti6 | 22.35 | 1，870，510 |  |
| Arka | 303，808 | 23.46 | 191，447 | 12,103 7,073 | N．Central Div．． | 5，669，572 | 22． 04 | 3，996，89\％ | 179，3i |
| Oktahom | 77，121 | 23.83 | 49，182 | 2，107 | Western Div． | 744,510 | 18.55 | 516，597 | 22.589 |
| Indian Territ＇y | ， | ．．．． |  | $\ldots$ | United States | 15，038，636］ | 20.68 | 10， 286,092 | 409.193 |



| Years． | Theological Schools． |  |  | Law Schools． |  |  | Medical Schools．＊ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Regular． | Homueopathic． |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \\ & \text { 品 } \\ & \text { z } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\oplus} \\ & \text { 菏 } \\ & \text { z } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{\text { 关 }}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3}}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 雲 } \\ \text { 2 } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\Phi} \\ & \text { 免 } \\ & \text { z } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ <br> ¢ <br> \＃ <br> ¢ <br> ¢ |  |
| 1890－91． | 143 | 734 | 7，328 | 54 58 |  | 5，252 | 95 | 2，147 | 14，538 | 14 | 311 | 1，230 |
| 1891－4．4． | 141 | 854 | 7，729 | 58 | ${ }_{5}^{507}$ | 6，073 | 95 | 2,423 | 14，934 | 14 | 299 | 1，086 |
| 1892－93． | 142 | 863 | 7，836 | 62 | 587 | 6，776 | 94 | 2，494 | 15，130 | 16 | 390 | 1，445 |
| 1893－94． | 147 | 963 | 7，658 | 67 | 621 | 7，311 | 109 | 3，077 | 17，601 | 19 | 478 | 1，666 |
| 1844－95 | 149 | 906 | 8，050 | 72 | 604 | 8，950 | 113 | 2，738 | 18，660 | 20 | 476 | 1，875 |
| 1895 | 144 | 869 | 8，017 | 73 | 658 | 9，780 | 116 | 2，902 | 19，999 | 20 | 493 | 1，956 |
| 18900－97 | 157 | 980 | 8，173 | 77 | 744 | 10，449 | 118 | 3，142 | 21，438 | 21 | 582 | 2，038 |
| 1897－98．．．． | 155 | 9 9\％ | 8，${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 83 | 845 | 11，615 | 122 | 3，423 | 21，002 | 21 | 629 | 1，786 |
| － | Dental Schools． |  |  | Schools of Pharinacy． |  |  | Nurse | Trainin | Schools． | Veterinary Schools． |  |  |
| 1890－91． | 28 | 518 | 2，016 | 30 | 194 | 2，884 | 34 | 255 | 1，613 | 9 | 95 | 513 |
| 1891－92． | 28 | 696 | 2，874 | 29 | 216 | 2，799 | 36 | 457 | 1，862 | 8 | 105 | 533 |
| 1892－93． | 29 | 513 | 2，852 | 31 | 264 | 3，394 | 47 | 556 | 2，338 | 7 | 114 | 564 |
| 1893－94．． | 35 | 794 | 4，152 | 35 | 283 | 3，658 | 66 | ．． | 2,710 | 8 | 118 | 554 |
| 1894－95． | 45 | 968 | 5，347 | 39 | 317 | 3，859 | 131 | ．． | 3.985 | 9 | 132 | 474 |
| 1895－96． | 46 | 854 | 6，399 | 44 | 354 | 3，873 | 177 |  | 5，094 | 10 | 139 | 382 |
| 1896－97． | 48 | 826 | 6，460 | 43 | 362 | 3.426 | 298 |  | 7，263 | 12 | 153 | 364. |
| 1897－48．．．．． | 50 | 961 | 6，774 | 45 | 401 | 3，538 | 377 |  | 8，805 | 14 | 173 | 326 |

＊There were also in 1897－98 6 Eclectic Schools，with 147 instructors and 538 students； 2 Physiomedical Schools，with 48 instruc－ tors aud 107 students．

## School ant coulege population in 1897＝98．

| Grades． | Number of Pupils． |  |  | Grades． | Number of Pupils． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Public． | Private． | Total． |  | Public． | Private． | Total． |
| Elementary（primary and gram－ mar） | 14，589，036 | 1，249，665 | 15，838，701 | Business schools．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 23，501 | 70，950 | 70,950 23,501 |
| Secondary（high schools， | 14，509，036 | 1，219，665 | 626，115 | Schools for deaf．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10，395 | 483 | 10，878 |
| seminaries） Colleges．．．． | 459,813 29,728 | 166,302 71,330 | 626,115 101,058 | Schools for blind． Institutions for feeble－minded．．．． | 3,744 8,866 | 6 | 3，744 9，232 |
| Professional school | 8，096 | 46，135 | 54，231 |  |  |  | 9，232 |
| Normal schools．．．． | 46，245 | 21，293 | 67，53s | Grand total United States．．． | 15，179，44 | 1，626，524 | 16，805，948 |

The number of business schools in 1897－98 was 337；reform schools， 90 ；schools for the deaf，105；schools for the blind， 36 ；instj－ tutions for the feeble－minded， 29.

# puimipal dmioevsities any colleges of tye omitcastates. TABLE ONE, 

The statistics embraced in this table were communicated to The World Almanac by the Presi dents of the respective institutions and represent their condition at the close of 1899

Persons writing to the different institutions for catalogues should inclose postage stamp for reply, and also indicate the reason for request.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { gix } \\ & \text { yin } \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | Coileges. <br> For explanation of signs, see page 311. | Location. | Denominationai Control. | President or Chairman of Faculty. | 感家 | Stu | Vol. umes in Library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | Add-Ran | W |  |  | 20 |  | 00 |
|  | Ri |  |  |  | 25 |  | 00 |
| 185 | drian |  | Meth. Prot |  | 13 | 175 | 6,000 |
| 187 | A labama Poly |  | Non Sect. | W.LeRoy Broun, M. A. LL. D | 31 | 347 | 12,989 |
| 186 | Albion Colleg |  | Meth. Epls | Rev J P Ashley.S.T.B, PhD |  | 454 | 15,000 |
| 18 | Alfred |  | Non sect. | Rev. Boothe C. Davis, Ph. D. | 24 | 17 | 12,136 |
| 181 | Alleghenv |  | Meth. Epis | William H Crawfor | 17 | 300 | 17,000 |
|  | Alma Coll |  | Presbyter' n | Rev. A F Bru | 20 | 254 | 17,v06 |
|  |  |  |  | J F Spence, A. M , LL. D.. | 30 | 40 | 1,000 |
| 1891 | American Univ | Washington, D | Meth. Epis. | John F Hurst, D D., LL. D |  |  |  |
| 1821 | Amherst Colle | Amberst, Mass | Non Sect.. | George Harris, D. D., LL D. | 36 | 380 | 00 |
| 187 | Amity Col | Coilege Springs | Non sect | Rev J C Calhoun.A.B., A.M. |  | 0 | 06 |
| 1807 | Andover Theol. | Andover, Mass | Congregat' 1 | George Foot Moore, | b | 25 | 5v,000 |
| 185 | Antioch College $\dagger$ | Yellow Springs, | Non-Sect. | William A. Bell M | 14 | 122 | 10,140 |
| 187 | Arkansas Colle | Batesville. | Presbyter' | Eugene R. Long, |  | 10 b | 4.100 |
|  | Armour Inst |  | Non-se | Rev F.W.Gunsaulus, D D. | 50 | 1,200 | 18.010 |
| 184 | heville |  | Non Sect | Arch A. Jones, A B A.M. | 17 | 175 | 2,250 |
| 186 | Atlanta Unive |  | Nou-Sect. | Horace Buinstead, D | 20 | 300 | 10.510 |
|  | Auburn Theol | , | Presbyter'n | Rev. G. B. Stew |  | 91 | 30.000 |
| 1869 | Augsburg seminary | Minneapolis, M | Lutheran.. | Georg Sverdrup |  | 180 | 1.000 |
| 186 | Augustana Coileg | Rock Island, Ill.. | Lutheran. | Rev O. Olsson. | 27 | 575 | 15000 |
| 1858 | Baker Universit | Baldwin, Kan | Meth. Epis | Lemuel H Murli |  | 568 | 8.000 |
| 1846 | Baldwin Unive |  | Meth. Epis. | Rev R. M Freshwa | 23 | 27 | 7000 |
| 188 | Barnard Colleg |  | Non-sect. | Emily J. Putnam, | 41 | 308 | 1,040 |
| 1864 | Bates Colleget |  | Free Bapt | George C Chas |  | 34 | 21.000 |
|  | Baylor Unive | Waco | Baptis | Oscar H Co |  | 45 | 8.400 |
| 1847 | Beloit | Beloit. Wi |  | E. D Eaton. | 25 | 412 | 24.500 |
| 1858 |  | Berea, Ky | No | Wm. G. Frost. | 28 | 69 | 16,000 |
| 81 |  | Lindsbor | Lutber | Rev C. Swensso |  |  | 4.500 |
| 1841 | Bethany College | Bethany | Discip | C A. Young, Pb | 10 | 10 | 3,006i |
| 1854 | Bethel College | Russel | Baptíst | Rev. E. S Alderm |  | 10 | 5.000 |
| 1851 | Bethel |  | Cumb. Pres | Chas. E. Stal |  |  |  |
| 1867 | Biddle Uni |  | Presbyter $n$ | Rev. D J Sande | 11 | 267 | li.vuo |
| 1869 | Boston Universit | Boston, | Meth. Epi | W. F. Warren, | 141 | 1.376 |  |
| 1794 | Bowdoin College. | Brunsw | Congregat' 1 | Wm. De Witt Hy |  | 360 | 64.000 |
| 1877 | Brigham Young | gan | Latter Day. |  |  |  | 2.109 |
| 1764 | Brown Univer | Providence, | Non-Sect. | V. H. P. Faunce, A. M | 75 |  | 100.000 |
| 188 | Bryn Mawr Colle | Bryn Maw | Non-Sect. | M. Carey Thomas, L |  |  | 30,593 |
| 1871 |  | Akron, | Univ'rsalist | Rev.Ira A. Priest, |  |  |  |
| 1846 | Bucknell Univers | Lev | Baptis | John H |  | 461 | 19.000 |
| 184 | Burritt College | Spenc |  | W. N. | 10 | 19 | 3.560 |
| 185 | Butler University |  |  | Scot Butler |  | 20 | 6,000 |
|  | Canisius College | Buffa |  | Rev. John |  | 27 | 22,000 |
| 185 | Capital Univers | Colum |  | F. W. Stellhorn, |  |  | 6.000 |
| 186 | Carleton Colleget | Northfield. 1 | Congreg | Rev. James W, |  |  | 15000 |
|  | Carson \& Newn | Mossy Creek | Baptist | J. T. Henders |  |  | 1.000 |
| 187 | Carthage Coll |  | Lutheran | Rev J M Ruthraufi | 12 | 16 | 5.660 |
| 188 | Case Sc. Appl. Scie |  |  | Cady Staley, Ph.D., |  |  | 2,000 |
|  | Catawba Colleg |  | Reformed | Rev G. C. C |  | 14 | 2.000 |
|  | Catholic Univ Am. $(f)$ | Washington, D.C. | R. Catholic. | Rev. Thomas J. Conaty, D.D |  |  | 30,369 |
| 185 | Central Colleget | Fayette, M | Meth. Ep S. | E. B Craighead, A M., LL D |  | 210 | 6.000 |
| 185 | Central Penn'a Coll + | New Berlin, Pa. | Evangelical | Rev A E Gobble, A.M , D. D |  |  | 5,200 |
|  | Central Tenn. Col.t | Nashville | Meth. Epis. | Rev. John Br |  |  | 4,325 |
| $185{ }^{\circ}$ | Central Uuiversity $\dagger$ | Pella, Iowa | Baptist | Asa B Bush, Ph. |  | 20 | 4.500 |
| 187 | Central University ( $\gamma$ ) | Richmond, | Presbyter n | L. H. Blanton. D. |  | 95 | 8,200 |
| 186 | CentralWesleyanC | Warrent | Meth. Epis | Geo. B Addicks, A. B. A A M |  |  | 6.500 |
| 1819 | Centre College | Danville | Presbyter'n | Rv. W.C. Roberts, D. D., LL. D | 16 | 241 | 13,124 |
| 185. | Chaddock Colle | Quincy, Ill | Meth. Epis. | A. M. Danely, A M., D D. | 13 | 250 | 2,000 |
| 1891 | Charles City College | Charles City, Iowa. | Germ. Met |  |  | 220 | 1,500 |
|  | Charleston College | Charleston, S. C | Non-Sect | Harrison Randol |  |  | 13.000 |
|  | Christian Univers |  | Disciples | ClintonLockhart,A.M., Ph.D | 22 | 150 | 1060 |
|  | laflin Univers | Orang | Meth. Epis | L. M. Dunton | 30 | 600 | 5.000 |
| 1870 | Clark Univer | Atlanta, | Meth. Epis. | Chas M. Melden, | 13 | 459 | 1.000 |
| 1887 | Clark University | Worcester, Ma |  | G. Stanley Hall. Ph. D. |  |  | 18.000 |
| 1890 | Clemson Agri. Co | Clemson Col, S.C. | Non | Henry S. Hartzog | 31 | 417 | 5,000 |
| 1881 |  | Cedar Rapids | Presbyter' n | Rev. S. B. McCurmick, D. D. | 16 | 215 | 3000 |
| 1818 | Colby |  | Baptist | Rev. Nathaniel Butler, D D. | 18 | 190 | 35000 |
| 1819 |  |  |  | Geo. E. Merrill, |  | 350 | 30,000 |
|  | College Cit | Manh'nBoro, N. Y |  | Alex. Stewart Webb, LL D | 60 | 2,046 | 32,326 |
| 187 | Colo | Colorado Sp's, Col |  | W. F. Slocum, B. D., LL. D |  | 510 | 29.000 |
| 1754 | Columbia Un | Manh'nBoro,N. Y |  | Low. L | 3397 | 2,2082 | 275.000 |
| 1821 | Columbian | Washington, D. C |  | B. L. Whitman, D D . LL. D. | 170 | 1,119 | 12,000 |
|  |  | Fort Wayne Ind. | Lutheran | Jos. Schmidt, A. |  | 169 | 4.310 |
|  |  | Mrt. Vernon, Iowa. | Meth. Epis. | Wm. F. King, D D.. L | 33 |  | 17.249 |
|  | Cornell Universi | Ithaca, N. Y...... |  | G. Schurman, D.Sc., LL.D | 284 | 2.5432 | 225,022 |

## 296 Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued.

|  | Colleges-Table One. <br> For explanation of signs, see page 311. | Locstion. | Denominationa! Control. | President or Chairman of Faculty. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stu- } \\ \text { dents* } \end{gathered}$ | Volumes in Library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 188 |  |  |  |  | 36 | 150 | 500 |
| 1842 |  |  |  | Nathan Green, LL.D.......... | 16 | 232 | 6,000 |
| $176^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  | 58 | 752 | 85,000 |
| 1837 |  |  | Pre |  | 10 | 152 | 12,000 |
| 188 |  |  |  |  | 10 | 323 | 600 |
| 183 |  |  |  | Geo. A. Harter, M.A., Ph. D. | 19 | 92 | 12,000 |
| 1831 | on |  |  | D. B. Purinton, Ph. D., LL | 21 | 37 | 20,000 |
| 1837 | De Pauw | Greencastle | Meth. |  | 29 | 62 | 24,630 |
| 18 | Des Moines | Des |  |  | 11 | 181 | 3,700 |
| 17 | Dickinson |  | Metls. Epis. | Geo. E. Reed, S. T. D., LL.D. | 2 | 468 | 40,000 |
| 18 |  |  | Congregat'l. | David B. Perry, A.M., D. D.. |  | 68 | 7,800 |
| 1891 | Dr | De | Christian | Wm. B. Craig, D.D., LL. D. | 56 | 1,259 | 7,000 |
| 18 |  |  | Meth. Epi | Henry A. Buttz, D.D., LL.D. |  | 10 | $50,000$ |
| 1873 D |  |  | Congregat'l. | Homer T. Fuller, P | 21 | 33 | 25,000 |
| 1847 |  | R |  |  | 17 | 241 | 7,000 |
| 18 | Flmira |  | Presbyter' $n$ |  | 19 | 11 | 5,000 |
| 18 |  |  |  | Rev.W.W.Staley,A.M.,D.D. | 10 | 12 L | 2,000 |
| 183 | Emory \& 1 |  |  |  | 0 | 10 | 10,000 |
| 83 |  |  |  | C. E. Dowman, A. M | 14 | 32 | 20,000 |
| 1883 |  | Empo | Presbyter'n | Rev. J. C. Miller, A. M., D. D. | 10 | 108 | 4.000 |
| 1839 |  | Due |  | Rev.F.Y.Pressly ( ${ }^{\text {chm. Fac }}$ ) | 6 | 10 | 3,000 |
| 1855 |  |  |  | J. H. Hardin, A.M., LL.D.. | 16 | 21 | 3,200 |
| 86 | Ewing |  |  | J. A. Leavitt, B. | 3 | 25 | 5,500 |
| 189 | Fairmount |  | C'ongregat'l. | Rev.N.J.Morrison, DD.LLD | 0 | 15 | 18,000 |
| 1888 |  |  | Congregat' 1. | H. | 1 | 15 | 3200 |
| 88 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 18 | 1.300 |
| 1867 | Fisk Unive | Nash | Congregat'l. | Erastus Milo C'rav | 30 | 50 | 6,632 |
|  | Fort Worth | Fort Wor | Meth. Epis. | Rev. O. L. Fisher, A.M.,D.D. | 47 | 911 | 5.000 |
| 185 | Franklin \& Marsha | Lancast | Ref. in U.S. | Rev. J. S. Stalır, Ph.D., D.D. | 27 | 332 | 35,000 |
| 183 | Franklin Colleget | Frankli | Baptist. | Rev. W. T. Sto | 12 | 27 | 11,745 |
| 182 | Franklin Col | New A | Non-se | Rev. W. A. Williar | 12 | 100 | 3,000 |
| 180 | Furman Univers | Greenvill | Bap | A. P. Montague, LL. D......... | 0 | 181 | 2,000 |
|  |  | Gal | Presbyter' n | Wm. D. Thomas, D.D., Ph. D. | 14 | 4 | 1,000 |
| 181 | General Theol | Manh'n | Prot. Epis | E. A. Holfiman, D. D., Dean. | 12 | 15 | 28,844 |
| 1848 | Geneva Colleg | Beaver Falls, Pa. | Ref. Pres | W. P. Jolinston | 14 | 20 | 4.500 |
| 18. | Georgetown Colle | Georgetown, Ky | Baptist | Arthur rager, | 21 | 300 | 12, 400 |
| 17 | Georgetow | Washington, D.C | R. Catholic. | lev. J. D. | 110 | 708 | 85,000 |
| 18 | Girard Col | Philadelphia, Pa. | Non-sect | A.H.Fetterolf, Ph.D., L.L.D | 67 | 1,773 | 16,574 |
|  | Grand River C. |  | C'hris, Union | liev. Geo. W. Mitchell, D.D. |  | 94 | 3,000 |
|  | Grant Universi |  | Meth. Epis. | Rev.John H.Race, A M, D.D | 67 | 8 | 6,000 |
|  |  | Gre | Meth. Epis | Dred Peacock, A.B.,A.M.. | 12 | $150$ | 6,000 |
| 179 | Gr'nville \& | Tusculum, Te | Presbyter' n | Rev. Jere. Moo | , | 10 | 7.800 |
| 189 | Greer Colle | Hoopeston, |  | J. C. Mcclure, | 4 | 22 | 2,000 |
|  | Grove City |  | Non | Rev.I.C. K | 18 | 62 | 4,000 |
|  | $G$ | G | Friends | Lewis L. Ho | 10 | 219 | 4,800 |
|  | Gus |  | Lutheran | M. Wahlstro | 19 | 31 | 7,300 |
|  | Hamiltou |  |  | M. W. Stryke | 22 | 16. | 40,000 |
| 185 | Hamline | st Yaul, | Meth. Ep | Rev. G. H. Bridgm | 61 | 45 | 6,500 |
|  | Hampden-s | Hamp.-sidney,Va | Non-Sect | Richard McIlwain | , | 123 | $15,000$ |
|  | Hampton | IIampton, Va .... | Non-Sec | Rev. H. B. Fris | 80 | 99 | 9,533 |
| 1828 | Hanover |  | Presb | D W. Fisher, I | 13 | 175 | 14.500 |
| 1834 | Hartford Theol. Sem |  | Con | Rev. C. D. Hartra | 17 |  | 72,000 |
| 1636 | Harvard University | Cambridge, |  | Charles W m. Eli | $44 \%$ | 4, $06{ }^{\circ}$ | 5こอ้,000 |
|  | Haverford | Haverfo | Friends | Isaac Sharpless, Sc. D , LL.D | 19 | 124 | 36,000 |
|  | Hedding |  | Meth. Epis | H. D. Clark | 12 | 200 | 2,000 |
|  | Heidelbe |  | Ref. in U. S |  | 28 | 381 | 15,000 |
|  |  | Co | Ieth. Ep.S | Rev. A | 12 | 142 | 5,300 |
|  | Henry Colleget | Campbell. Tex. | Non-Sec | T. H. Bridg | 17 | 18 |  |
| 185 | Highland Univer | IIighland, Kan | Presbyter'ı | Roy V. Mager |  | 70 | 5,000 |
| 185 | Hillsdale College | Hillsdale, Mich | Free Baptist | (ieorge F Mosh | 21 | 383 | 10.000 |
| 18 | Hiram Colle |  |  | Ely V. Zollars. A | 23 | 400 | 5,000 |
|  | Hiwassee | Hiwass | 入vil-is | Rev.J. E.-Low | 5 | , | 3,000 |
|  | Hobart Colle | Geneva, N I | P | Rev. Robt. E. Jon | 20 | 90 | 36,439 |
|  | Holy Cross | Worcester, M | $\mathrm{F}_{2}$. Caiholic | John F. Lehy.S.J | 29 | 300 | 13,000 |
| 186 | Hope Colle | Holland, Mic |  | Gerrit J Kollen, | 14 | 200 | 15,000 |
|  | Howard Co | East Lake, A |  | F. M. Ro |  | 133 | 1,500 |
| 1890 | Howard Payı | Rrownwood, Te |  | J. H. Gro | 10 | 230 | 2,000 |
|  | Howard Universit | Washington, D.C | Non-S | J. E, Rankin | 50 | 700 | 15,000 |
|  | Huron College | Huron, S. Dak | Presbyter | Rev. C. H. Frenc | 10 | 16 | 1,500 |
|  |  | Jacksonville, Ill. |  | M. E.Churchill, A | 10 | 239 | 10,000 |
|  | Ill. Wes | Bloomington, Ill | Meth. Epi | Edgar M. Smith. | 41 | 1,320 | 10,000 |
| 18 | Indiana Lnive | Bloomington, Ind | Non-Sect | Joseph Sivain | 65 | 1,050 | 33,000 |
| 1847 | Iowa Colleget | Grinnell, Iow | Congrega | Rev, George | 33 | 479 | 26,000 |
| 186 | Iowa State Colleget | Ames, Iowa. |  | V. M. Beardshear, I | 70 | 74 | 12,460 |
|  | Iowa W esleyanTıniv t | Mt. Pleasant.Iowa | 1: | Rev. F. D. Blakesl | 21 | 40 | 4,000 |
|  | John B. Stetson Un, $\dagger$ | De Land, Fla | $138$ | John F Forbes, A.M., Ph.D | 27 | 304 | 11,000 |
| 18 | Johns Hopkins U. (a) | Baltimore, Md | N | Daniel C. Gilman, | 126 | 65 | 90,000 |
|  | Kalanazoo C'ollege | Kalamazoo, Mi |  | A. (i. Slocum, I.L.D | 13 | 21 | 0,735 |
|  | Kansas Wesley |  | Meth. E | F.D.Tubbs, A.M. (Act. Pres.) | 18 | 58 | 3,000 |
| 1830 | Kentucky Un | Lexington, Ky (y) | Cliristian | Rev. Reuben L. Cave, D. D. | 15 | 361 | 14,272 |
| 1360 | Ky. Wesleyan | Winchester. | Meth. Ep. S. | Rev. Eugene H. Pearce, D. D. |  | 12 | 2.000 |
|  | 6 Kenyon Colleg | Gambier. | Prot. Epis. | Rev. W F. Peirce.M.A. LHD |  | 204 | 32,100 |
|  | Keuka College | Keuka Co | Free Bapt | Rev Geo. H.Ball, A.M., D.D. |  | 150 | 1,600 |


|  | Colleges-Table One. For explanation of signs, see page 311. | Location. | Denominational Control. | President or Chairman of Facnlty. |  | $\text { tur }{ }_{\mathrm{nts}}$ | Volumes in Library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1867$ | King Colleg | Bristol, Tenn...... | $\mathrm{Pr}$ | Rev. |  | 75 | 00 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 25 | 673 | 3,000 |
| 1881 | La Fayette C | La F |  | Geo. R. McNeill, A.M.,Ph.D. |  | $001$ |  |
| 1832 | Lafayette Co |  | Presbyter'n |  | 28 | 300 | 18,000 |
| 185 | La Grange Co |  |  | . | 14. | 150 | 00 |
| 18 | Lake Forest |  | Presbyter | James G K McClure, D. D.. | 125 | 1,389 | 1,426 |
| 1829 | Lane Theol. Se |  | Presbyter'n | Rev. Divid | 5 | 30 | 18,000 |
| 18 | La salle Colle | Philadelphi | R. Catholic. | Rev. Bro. 1s | 15 | 213 | 6000 |
| 18 | Lawrence Un | A ppleton, | Meth Epis | Samuel Plantz, Ph.D., D.D. | 22 |  | 16,210 |
| 18 | Lebanon Valle | Ann | U. Brethr | Rev $H$ U Roop. A.M., Ph.D. | 21 | $300$ | $10,000$ |
| 18 | Lehigh | S. Bethlehe |  | Thomas MI. Drown, LL.D | 37 | 411 | 100,000 |
| 18 | Leland Stanford | Palo Alto, | Non-Sect | David Starr Jordan, LL.D | 115 | 1,153 | 44.694 |
|  | Leland Univers | New O |  | Edward C. Mitc | 21 |  | 1,500 |
| 18 | Lenoir |  | Luther |  |  | 130 | 300 |
| 18 | Lenox | Hopki | Presbyter'n | Andrew G. Wils | 11 | 14 | 4,000 |
|  |  | Gl | Baptist. | Rev. J H. Burue | 11 | 165 | 1.000 |
| 1893 |  |  |  | Rev. S. P. Lon | 10 | 29 | 1,000 |
| 18 | Lincoln Univer |  | Cumb | Archelaus E. Tu | 11 | 18 | 2,500 |
|  | Livingstone Colle |  | Afric. M | Wm. H. Gol | 14 | 25 | 5,000 |
|  | Lombard College | Galesb | Universa | Charles E. Na | 13 | 173 | 7.000 |
| 1850 | Louisiana state Uni | Baton Rouge | Non-Seret | Ihomas | 21 | 326 | 21,000 |
|  | Macalester Colleg |  | Presbyter' | James Wal | 10 | 135 | 7.000 |
|  | Manhattan Colle | Manh'n | R.Catholic | Rev Bro. Justi | 36 | 71 | 9.352 |
|  | Marietta |  | Non-sect | Chamberl |  | 255 | 65.000 |
| 1819 | Laryv | Maryvill | Presbyter | $V$. Boardma | 16 | 380 | 11,000 |
|  | Mass. Agricul. Col | Amherst | Non-S | IIenry H Good | 19 | 13 | 19,600 |
|  | Mass. Inst. Techn'lg | Boston, | Non-Sect | James M. Craft |  | 1.209 | 50.149 |
|  | Mccormick Th. S. | Chicago | Presbyter | B. L. Hobson. D D (Act Chm. |  | 170 | 20.000 |
|  | McKendree Colleg | Lebanon | Meth. |  | 15 | 29 | 8000 |
|  | McMnnville Colleg | McMinn | Baptist. | I. L. Boardman, |  | 125 | 2.610 |
|  |  | Ma |  |  | 15 | 260 | 15.000 |
| 182 | Miami Uni |  | Non-Sec | Rev DavidS. Tapp | 15 | 132 | 15.300 |
|  | Mich Agric. Col | Lansing. | Non-Sec | J L. Snyder, M. A., Ph D. | 45 | 55 | 21.000 |
|  | Middlebury Coll | Middleb | - | Ezra Brai |  | 122 | 23.383 |
|  | Midland Co | Atchison, Kan | Luthera | Re | 14 | 182 | 6.000 |
| 1 | Milligan Colleg |  | Christian | Josephus Hop |  | 19 | 2,000 |
|  | Mills College $\ddagger$ | minary Park, | Non-Sect | Mrs C. T M |  | 16 | 6,000 |
|  | Millsaps |  | Meth. E | Wm. B Murrah, D | 13 | 20 | 5,000 |
|  | Milton Coll | Milton, W | 7th Day | Rv W C Whatford, |  | 3 | 4,750 |
|  | Miss. Ag. \& 1 |  |  | S |  |  | 6.709 |
|  |  |  |  | Rev W. T Low |  |  | 3.000 |
|  | Missouri Valley |  | Cumb. Pres. | Villiam H Blac | 13 | 205 | 5.025 |
|  | Monmouth Coll. + | Monmou | United Pres | Samuel R. Lyo | 20 |  | 6.000 |
|  | Moore's Litl | Moore's H | Meth. Epis. | Chas. WV. Lewi |  | 17 | 5.000 |
|  | Morgan Co | Baltimore, M | Meth. Epis | Rev.F J. Wagne |  | 10 | 5.000 |
|  | rningside ( ${ }^{\text {coll }}$ | Sioux City, Io | Methodist | W. S. Lewis, | 13 | 23 | 1,500 |
|  | MorrisBrownCollege | Atlanta, | Methodist | Rev J. M Hend | 15 |  | 1,500 |
|  | Morrisville Colle | orris | Meth. Epis |  | 10 | 146 | 4,200 |
| 18 | Mount Angel Colleg | Mount Angel, | R.Catholic | F. Dominic, O | 17 | 12 | 6.000 |
|  | Holyoke Coll | . Hadley, Ma | Non-sect | Mrs E. Storrs | 49 | 54 | 18.600 |
|  | Mt. St. Mary | Emmitsburg | R. Catholi | VeryRev W L.O | 36 |  | 25,000 |
|  | Mt. Union Colleg | Alliance. | Meth. Epis | Albert B Riker, D. D., A. M |  |  | 4.000 |
|  | Muhlenberg College | Allentown, | Lutheran | Rep Theo L. Se | 12 | 15 | 10,500 |
|  | Muskingum Colleget, | New Concord | United Pres. | Rev Jesse John | $15$ |  | 3,281 |
|  | Neb. Wesleyan Un. | University | Meth. Epis. |  | 20 |  | 3,000 |
|  | Nevada State Univ $\dagger$ |  |  | Joseph E Stubbs, | 23 | 33 | 7093 |
|  | Newberry Colleg | Newberry | Lutheran. | Geo. B Cromer. |  | 16 | 8,000 |
|  | New Orleans U. $\dagger$ |  | Meth. Epis. |  | $22$ | 364 | 5,000 |
|  | Newton Theol lnst. | NewtonCntre, Mas | Baptist | Rev Nathan E. Wood D.D. |  |  | 23,000 |
|  | New York Univ. (w) | New York City (w) | Non-Sect | H.M McCracken, D. D .LL. D | 142 | 1,735 | 49,945 |
|  | Niagara University. | NiagaraFalls, N.Y | R. Catholi | Rev. Patrick McHale, C. M | 2 |  | 10.000 |
|  | North Carolina Col | Mt. Pleasant, N C. | Lutheran | E. Bowers, A M. (Act |  |  | 4.000 |
|  | Northern 111. Col. $\dagger$ | Fulton, 111 | Non Sect | J. E. Bittinger, A | 12 | 18 | 3.400 |
|  | Nor' west | Alban | Meth. South | G. H. Burr, A |  |  | 1.000 |
|  | 1 Northwestern Coll. $\dagger . .$. |  | Evangelical | Rev H. J Kiekho | 18 | , | 5,000 |
| 185 | Nor' west'n Univ | Evanston | Meth. Epis | Henry W Roge | 222 | 2,018 | 38.582 |
|  | Nor' west' n Univ. $\dagger(q)$ | Watertown, Wis | Lutheran.. | A. F. Ernst.. |  | 13 | 3.719 |
| 18 | Norwegian Lu | Decorah, Iowa | Lutheran.. | R |  |  | 9.291 |
|  | Notre Dam | See"Univer | Notre Dame |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oberlin |  | Non-Sect | John H. Barro | 78 | 1,244 | 52.500 |
|  | Ogden | Bowling G Columbus, | Non Sect Non-Sect | Wm. A. Obenchain, A.M ... |  |  | 3.500 28.842 |
|  |  | Columb Athens, | Non-Sect <br> Non-Sect | W O.Thompson, D. D., LL.D. <br> Chas W. Super, Ph. D ,LL.D. | 114 | 1,125 | 28,842 16,000 |
|  | Obio Wesleyan |  | Meth. Ep | J. W. Bashfor | 94 | 1,315 | 35.000 |
|  | Olivet C | Oliv | Congreg | Rev.Willard G. Sperry,D.D. |  | 20 | 26,000 |
| 186 | DttawaU |  | Baptis | J. D S. Riggs, A. M., Ph.D | 20 | 50 | 3,500 |
|  |  |  | U. Breth | T. J. Sanders, A.M., Ph.D | 20 | 25 | 9.000 |
|  | Ouachita | Arkadelph | Baptist | John W. Conger, A.B.,A.M |  | 401 | 3.500 |
|  | xfo | xford 0 | Presbyter' n | Rev.FayeWalker D D.,A.M |  | 140 | 4.00 |
| 91 | Paci | Newberg, Ore | Friends | Thomas Newlin, A |  | 12 | 506 |
| 1848 | Pacific Universityt ( $q$ ) | Forest Grove, | Congreg | Thomas M | 13 | 216 | 9.300 |
|  | Park | Park | Presbyte | L. M. Mcafee (Ac | 23 | 378 | 12,00 |
|  |  | Fai | Presbyter |  | 13 |  | 5,000 |

298 -Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Contimued.

|  | Location. | Denominations Control. | Pre |  | $\underset{\text { dents * }}{\text { Stu- }}$ | Volumes in Library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Oskaloosa, Iowe | , |  |  |  | 00 |
| 1832 Pennsyl | tysb |  | H. W. McKnight, D.D LL.D |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{1}^{186929}$ Penua Militar | Chester | Non-sect | Col. Chas E. H |  | 137 | $1,500$ |
| 1876 Philander smith Coi. $\dagger$ | Little Rock, Arls | Meth. Epis |  | 15 |  |  |
| 1866 Philomath Colleget. | Philomath. Ore | U.Brethren | P. O. Bonebrake, A. M..... |  | 121 | 2,500 |
| 1881 Pike Colleget | Bowling Green, Mo |  | R. E. Downing. |  |  |  |
| 1891 Polytecbnic Colle | Fort Wo | Meth. |  | 12 |  | 1.800 |
| 1885 Polytechnic Institute | Brookl | Non-s | Henry | 47 | 700 | 9,000 |
| 1891 Portland University $\dagger$ | Po | Meth. | Ge |  | 340 | 0 |
| 1887 Pratt Institute† | Brook |  |  | 34 | 2,874 | 67,906 |
| 1880 Presbyterian Col. | Clint | Presby | Almon E.Spencer,B.A.M. A |  |  |  |
| 1812 Princeton Theol Sem | Princeton, | Pres | W.H.Green, D. D (Act. Pres.) | 12 |  | 0 |
| 1746 Princeton University | Princeton, | Non-Se | F. L. Patton, D.D , LL.D... | 85 | 1,100 |  |
| 1871 Proseminar Colle | Elmhurst, | Evange | Re |  |  | 3,500 |
| 1874 Purdue Universits $\dagger$ | Lafayett | Non-Sect. | James H. Smart, A.M. L |  | 751 | 9,000 |
| ${ }_{1879}^{1852}$ Racine Col | Racine, V | Prot. Epis. | Henry D Robinson, M. A. . |  |  |  |
| 1879 Radcliffe Co | Cambridge, Mass. | Non-Sec | Mrs. Elizabeth C. Agassiz. | 10 | 20 | 14,000 |
| Randolph-Macon | Ashland, Va. $(t)$. | th. Epis. | Rev.Wm.G.Starr,A.M.,D.D. |  | 127 |  |
| River Val. |  |  | Rev. E. P Robertson |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{1835} 1824$ Rensselaer Polly |  | Non-Sect | G W Macmillan | 1 | 160 |  |
| 1832 Richmond Co | Richmo | Baptist | W. | 18 | 260 | 13,800 |
| 1876 Rio Grande C | Rio | Free Bapt | Rev J. M. |  | 150 | 1,200 |
| 1851 Ripon Colleg | Ripo |  | Rev. Rufus C. | 16 | 163 | 10,000 |
| 1853 Ro |  | Lutheran. | J. D. Dre | 11 | 180 |  |
| k Hill | Elincott | R. Catholic |  |  |  |  |
| er William | Winter Park, | Baptist | Rev. | 14 |  | 5,000 |
| Rose Polins college | Terre Haute, Ind | ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Rutgers Co | v Br | h Ref d | ustin Scot | 28 |  |  |
| Rutherford | Ruth'f'd Col | Non-Sect | See note " $e^{\prime}$," on page 31 |  |  |  |
| an | San Anselmo. Cal | Presbyte |  |  |  | 0 |
|  |  | Met |  |  |  |  |
| 1870 Scotia semina | concord, | Presbyter' $n$ | Rev. D. J. Satt |  | 293 |  |
| 18 | south orange, N | R. Catholic. |  |  | 60 |  |
|  | Raleiga. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Baptist |  |  |  |  |
| 1887 Shurtleff Colleget.... | Upper Alton, III | Baptist | Rev.A.A.Kendr |  |  | 10.000 |
| Smimsoun Colleg |  |  | Charles E. |  |  |  |
| outh Carolina coll | Colum | Non-Sec | Wood |  |  | 32,000 |
| 1883 South Dakota U $+(\mathrm{q})$. | Mitchell | Meth Epi | Rev. W. I. Graham |  | 264 |  |
|  | Lousville | Ba | Wm. H. Whitsitt,D | 11 | 980 |  |
|  | Greensbor | M | Rev s. ${ }^{\text {M }}$ |  |  | 000 |
| ntucky Coll | Hopkinsville. Ky |  |  |  | 19 |  |
|  | Jackson, Ten |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | arksvilie, | Presbyt | Ooberts Hy |  |  |  |
| weste | Georgetown, | Meth. E | $\mathrm{Wm} . \mathrm{H}$ Rose. A is |  |  |  |
| outhwest K | Spring Hill, | R. Catho | Very Rev. Wm. Ty |  | 140 |  |
| tate Univ | Iowa City, Iowa | Non-Sect | George E. MacLean, LL.D... |  |  |  |
| 1879 State Univ. of KY. + § ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | Louisvill | Baptis |  |  |  |  |
|  | Ellicott | R. Catholic | Rer Ci S |  |  |  |
| 1843 St. Charles College.... | Elincott City, | R. Cath | Rev. C. B. Schrantz,S.S. A. M |  |  |  |
| ancis | Austin, Tex | R. Catholic | Rev.John T. |  |  |  |
| ancis Xavi | Manh n Boro | Catholic | Rev. T. E. Murphy, S.J..... | 31 | 731 |  |
|  |  |  | Henry Mor |  |  |  |
| John's College | Va | R. Catholic. | ${ }_{\text {The }}$ |  |  |  |
| John's College | Fordham | R. Catholic. | Rev. Rev. Tr J, Campb |  |  |  |
| 1857 St. John's Univer | Collegevill | R, Cathol | Rt. Rev. Peter Engel, Ph.D. |  |  |  |
| 1886 St. Lawrence Univ. ${ }^{\text {t }}$ | Canton, | Universa | Rev. Almon Gun | 13 | 140 | 12,953 |
| 1829 St. Louis Univer |  | R. Cathol | Rev. J. F. X. H |  |  |  |
| Mary's Coll | Ma | R. Cathol | Rev. James McCab |  |  |  |
|  | 12 | R. Cathol | Rev.John Fehrenba |  |  |  |
| 1874 St. Olaf Colleg | Northfield, 1 | Lutheran |  | 12 | 125 |  |
| 1889 St. Paul | St. Paul Park | Meth. Epis. | Rev. C W.Hertzler. A |  |  |  |
| St. St | Annandal | Prot. | Rev. Lawrence T. Cole, Ph.D |  |  |  |
| 1865 St. Vince | Los A | F. Catho | Rev. J. A A Linn. |  |  |  |
| 1869 Swarthmore Co | Swart | Friends | Re |  |  |  |
| 1886 Tabor Colleget.... |  | Meth. E |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 15 | 18 |  |
| 1867 Talladegacoh | dad |  |  |  |  | 6,000 |
| ${ }^{477}$ Taylor Un |  | , | ${ }_{\text {Rev }}$ Rev. A. Thom | ${ }_{23}^{14}$ |  |  |
| 1889 Teachers' Col | anh n Bor | Non-Sect. |  |  |  |  |
| - |  |  | Weophius B. Rot | 1 | 136 | 8,000 |
| Throop Poly. Inst |  |  | Valter A. Edwara | 21 | 300 | 1,700 |
| Trinity Colleget.... |  | Meth. Ep. S. | John C. Killgo, D. D., A. Mr. |  |  | 13,000 |
| in |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |
| rin | ana | cumb. Pres. | L.A.Johnson (Chm. of Fac.) |  | 245 |  |
| ${ }_{1834}^{1855}$ Tulane University $\dagger$ ( $n$ ) |  |  | Ro |  |  |  |

Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued.


300 Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued.

|  | Colleges-Table Oue. <br> For explansllon of signs, see page 311. | Location. | Decominst:onal Control. | President or Chairman of Faculty. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Stu } \\ \text { dants } \end{array}$ | Volumes in Library |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 184 | Willamette Univ. $\dagger$ | alem, | Meth Epis | Willis C. Hawley. A, M | 49 | 393 | 4,575 |
| $1{ }^{1} 93$ | William \& Mary Col. | Willıamsburg. Va | Non Sect. | Lyon G Tyler M A . LL. D | 14 | 194 | 14,0,0 |
| 1849 | William Jewell Col | Liberty Mo....... | Baptist .. | Jonn P Greene, D D., LL. D. | 23 | 330 | 12,000 |
| 1793 | Williams College .. | Williamst $n$ Mass | Non Sect | Frankin Carter, Ph D. LL, D | 31 | 385 | 42,850 |
| 1870 | Wilmington Colleget. | Wilmington, O... | Friends ... | James B. Unthank, M. Sc. | 8 | 150 | 2,500 |
| 1870 | Wilson Colleget ...... | Chambersburg, Pa | Presbyter'n | Rev.S A. Martin, D.D..... | 30 | 306 | 6, $\cup \cup 0$ |
| 1845 | Whtteuberg Colleg | Springfield, O | Lutheran |  |  |  |  |
| 18 y 4 | Wofiord Colleget | Spartanburg, S.C. | Meth Ep S | James H. Carlisle, LL. D. | 10 | 171 | 8,000 |
| $18 \text { 亿̄ }$ | Worcester Poly Inst | Worcester, Mass. New Haven, Ct. | Non-Sect Congregat'l. | T C.Mendenhall, Ph. D, LL. | 271 | 2,700 | 56.10 $30(1000$ |
| 1701 | Yale University ( $v$ ) . Yankton Colleget ... | New Haven, Ct. Yankton, S. Dak | Congregat'l. | Arthur T Hadley, LL, D. | 275 14 | $\begin{array}{r}2,700 \\ 251 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 301,000 6700 |
| 1890 | York Colleget...... | York, Neb. . | U Brethren | Wm. E Schell, A.M....... | 11 | 253 | 1 600 |

TABLE TWO-COMMENCEMENT DAYS, GRADUATES, ETC.

| Colleges. <br> Forexplanstion of signs, see page 311. | Commencement Day, 1900 | Gradu ates since Organizat:on.* |  | Earliest Graduate Living |  | Presedt Address. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add-Ran Christ. U. $\dagger$ | June 5 | 200 | 150 |  |  |  |
| Adelphi College $\dagger$ | June 8. | 25 | 25 | Rudolph Seldner | 1897 | oklyn, N. Y. |
| Adrian Colleget | June 21. | 453 |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama Poly. Inst. $\dagger$ | June 13 | 828 |  | L. | 872 | rrollton, Ala |
| A lbion Colleget | June 17. | 885 |  |  |  |  |
| Alfred University | June 21. | 751 |  | Harriet N. M. G | 1844 | Alfred Station, N. Y. |
| Allegheny Colleget.. | June 28. June 28. | 1,170 213 | 956 | Whlliam Reynold | 1837 | Meadville, Pa, |
| Alma Colleget. ${ }^{\text {Am. Temperance }}$. | June 28. | 213 152 | 212 |  |  |  |
| Am. Temperance | June 27 | 4,000 | 3,000 | Rev. Elias Riggs.................... | 1829 | Constantinople, T'k y |
| Andover Theo Sem | June 14.. | 2,116 |  | Prof. F. A Park, D. D., LL, D | 1831 | Andover, Mass. |
| Antioch Colleget ... | June 20.. | 230 | 192 | J B Weston, D. D........ | 1857 | Stanfordville, N. Y. |
| Arkansas Colleget | June 13 | $1: 9$ | 119 | Class of 768 graduates living |  | last report. |
| Armour Inst. Tech. $\dagger$ | June 20. . | 68 |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta University $\dagger$. | May 31. | 354 | 312 | Class of '76, several graduates | liv | ing by last report |
| Auburn Theol. Sem. | May 10. | 1,50 | 900 | Rev. I.Brayton, D. D. . LL.D. | 1836 | Poughkeepsie, N. Y. |
| Augsburg Seminary | May 4. | 374 |  | Rev. N. C. Brun | 1870 | Lake Mills, Iowa. |
| Augustana College $\dagger$ | May 31. | 881 | 812 | Andrew Jackson. | 1861 | Rush Point, Minn. |
| Baker Universily $\dagger$ | $J$ une 7 | (x) 400 |  | See note ' $m$,', on page 311. |  |  |
| Baldwin University† | June 14. | (x) 465 | 415 | Rosanna Walker |  | Needham Mass. |
| Barnard College | June 13. | 104 | 101 |  |  |  |
| Bates Colleget | June 28. | 904 | 843 | J H Rand. | 1867 | Lewiston. Me. |
| Baylor Univers | June 13. | 525 | 466 | Stephen D. Rowe....... | 1854 | Galveston, Tex. |
| Beloit Colleget | June 20. | 605 | 509 | Rev Joseph Collie, D D. | 1851 | Williams Bay. Wis. |
| Berea Colleg | June 6.. | 100 | 90 | George L. Pigg | 1873 | A nadarko, Ind. Ter. |
| BethanyColl. $\dagger$ (Kan.) | May 31 | 300 | 290 | Rev. Eric Glad |  | Kansas City. Kan. |
| Bethel Coll. (Ky ). . | June 14 | 236 | 200 | Rev. C P. Shiel | 1857 | Russellville, Ky. |
| Bethel Coll.t ('Tenn.) | June 21. | 256 |  | W. P Har | 1851 |  |
| Biddle University¢. | June 6. | 457 |  | D. W. Culp, D D., M D. | 1856 | Palatka, Fla, |
| Boston Universit | June 6 | 4.162 |  | Rev. John B. Foote, D D | 1850 | Sodus, IN Y. |
| Bowdoin College | June 28. | 4,676 | 2.712 | J. W. Bradbury, LL D | 1825 | Augusta, Me. |
| Brigham Young Col | June 15. . |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brown Universityt | June 20. | 5,114 | 2,5771 | Rev. E. A.Park, D.D ,LL. D | 1826 | Andover, Mass. |
| Bryn Mawr Coll. $\ddagger$ | June 7.. | 331 | 326 |  |  |  |
| Buchtel Colleget | June 20.. | 261 | 244 | See note " $e$,' on page 311. |  |  |
| Bucknell Univ. $\dagger$ | June 20. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Burritt Colleget | May 18... | 165 | 140 | Mrs. M. M. H | $\begin{aligned} & 1853 \\ & 1874 \end{aligned}$ | Chattanooga, Tenn. |
| Carleton Colleget | June 13. . | 353 | 311 | James J. Dow.... | $1874$ | Faribault, Minn. |
| Carson \& Newma | June 1.. | 206 | 170 | N. 工. Langford, M. | 1857 | Mossy Creek, Tenn. |
| Carthage Colleget.... | May 31.. | 179 | 169 | Rev. J. M. Cromer | 1875 | Kansas City. Mo. |
| Case Sc. A p'l. Science | June 7. | 197 |  |  |  |  |
| Catawba Colleget | May 17... |  | 22 | See note ' $t$., ' on page 311. |  |  |
| Catholic Un. A m. (c).. | June 6. | 150 |  |  |  |  |
| Central Penna. Col.t. | June14. . |  | 155 | Miss Kate Swin | 1859 | Philadelphia, Pa, |
| Central Tenn. Col.t( $d$ | May 31.. | 733 | 670 | George Bryan | 1870 | Nashville, Tenn. |
| Central Univ. $\dagger$ (Ia.). | June 20. . | 502 | $\ldots$ | H. F. Bousquet | 1860 | Pella, Iowa. |
| Cen. Wesleyan Coll. $\dagger$ | June 14. | 250 |  | Prof. J. H. Frick, A. B. , A. M. | 1866 | Warrenton, Mo. |
| Centre Coll. of Ky. | June 13 | 1,239 |  | David I. Caldr |  | Richmond, Mo. |
| Chaddock College.... | June 7. | 500 | 200 |  |  |  |
| Charles City Colleget | June 14. | 95 |  |  |  |  |
| Christian Univ.†.. | June 7. | 227 | 204 | John Shan | 1857 | Bunker Hill, Mo |
| Claflin Universit | May 17... | 500 |  | Wm.L. Bulkley, A. M., Ph. D. | 1882 | Brooklyn. N. Y |
| Clemson Agr. Col | June 7-10 | 78 | 78 | L. A. Sease..................... | 1896 | Lewiedale, S. C. |
| Coe Colleget. | June 6. | 98 |  | S. W. Stookey: Mrs.C.McKee. | 1884 | Marion, Ia, :S DiegoCal |
| Colby Colleget. | June 27. | 1,254 |  | Albert W. Paine | 1832 | Bangor. Me |
| Colgate University | June 21 | 2,000 | 1,545 | Philetus B. Spear, D | 1839 | Hamilton. N. Y |
| College of Charleston | June 26. | 448 |  | Henry L Pinckne | 1840 | Sumter County, S. C. |
| College City of N. Y. | June 24. | 2,075 |  | George W. Birdsal |  | New York City, N. Y. |
| Colorado Colleget.. | June 13. | , 75 |  | F. W Tuckerman |  | Washington. D.C. |
| ColumbiaUniversity. | June 13. | 16,483 |  | John Fletcher S |  |  |
| Columbian Univ | May 30. | 3,875 | 2,700 | Fred'k Perry Stanton |  | Stanton, Fla. |
| Concordia College | June 27. | 754 |  | J. A E. W. Mueller. |  | Chester, Ill. |


| Collegrs-Table Two. <br> Forexplanation of signs, see page 311. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Com- } \\ \text { mencement } \\ \text { Day, 1900. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Gradu- } \\ \text { atesesince } \\ \text { organi } \\ \text { zation. } \end{array}\right\|$ |  | te | 憵 | Present Address. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ge | June | 79 |  | Matthew Cavanau | 58 | Yo |
| Cornell University | June 21. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotner University | June 6.. | (x) 43 | 43 | Eilen B. Atwater | 1893 | Bethany, Neb. |
| Cumberland Univ.. | June ${ }^{\text {Jun }}$ \% | 8 8,068 | 3,200 |  | 25 |  |
| Davidson Coll | May 30 | 803 | ${ }^{460}$ | H. H. Kim | 1840 | Oz |
| Defiance Colle | June |  | 150 |  |  |  |
| Delaware College. | June 20. | 53.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Denison University | June 14. |  | 1.498 |  |  |  |
| De Pauw Univ | June 13. | $\begin{gathered} 2,110 \\ 111 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,498 \\ 108 \end{array}$ | Rev. T. A. Goodwin, D. D. . | $\begin{array}{\|} 1840 \\ 1875 \\ 1870 \end{array}$ | Indianapolis, Ind. Seattle, Wash. |
| Dickinson Colle | June 6. | 3,886 |  | Thos. Bowman, D. D. ., Ľ.̈. ${ }^{\text {J. }}$ | 1837 | St. Louis, |
| Doane College | June 14 | 154 | 149 |  |  |  |
| Drake Universit | June 14.0. | 1,000 | 700 |  |  |  |
| Drew Theolog. Sem Earlham College $\dagger$ | Apr. ${ }^{\text {dune } 13 .}$ | $900$ | 435 |  |  |  |
| Elon Colleget | June 8. | 57 | 57 |  |  | 佼 |
| Emory and H'y | June 12. |  |  | Villian |  | Holly |
| Emory Colle | June 13 | 1,219 |  | Francis A. Hil | 1842 | A mericus |
| Empowia Colleg | June 6. | 740 |  | Rev. J.O. Lind | 43 | Due West, ${ }_{\text {S }}$ |
| Eureka Colle | June 14. |  |  |  | 1860 | Eureka, Ill. |
| Fairmount Colle | Jun |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fargo Colleget | June |  |  | See note "o," on |  |  |
|  | June | 54 <br> 406 | $\begin{array}{r} 53 \\ 378 \end{array}$ | Rev. John P. James D. Bur |  | Warren, |
| Fort Worth Univ.t. | May 24 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Franklin \& Marsh | June 14 | 1,121 | 881 | E. V. Gerhart, D. D., Li.. D | 1838 | L̇ |
| Franklin Col $\dagger$ ( | June 14 |  | 237 |  |  | Cr |
| Furman Uuiversity $\dagger$ | Jun |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gare Colleget........ | June 5-8. |  | \%ั9 |  |  |  |
| General Theol.S | May 30. | 1,441 | 944 | Rev. | 1838 | Stamf |
| Geneva Colleget | May 31 |  | 9 |  |  | A1 |
| Georgetown Colleg | June 13 |  |  | John T |  | Y |
| Georgetown ${ }_{\text {Girard }}^{\text {Gollege }}$ | None | 4,554 |  | Theo. DeB |  | Philade |
| Grant Universi | Apr.24(p) | 646 |  | Rev. John J. Manker, D. D | 1871 | Ch |
| Greensbor |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Greer Colleget. | July 27. |  |  | Ad |  | Dexter, Yowa. . |
| ve city coneg | June 20 | 610 |  | Samuel Dodds, |  |  |
| Gustavus Adolphüst | May 23 | 265 | 26. |  |  |  |
| Hamilton College | June 28 | 2,362 | 1,474 | Dr. Samuel P. Eisho | 1826 | Cincinnati, |
| Hamline Univ $\dagger(x)$ | June <br> June 13. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hamptou Inst. $\dagger$ ( |  | 1,021 |  | Class of '71,12 gradu |  | last re |
| Hanover college | June 6. | 80 | 592 | Rev. Thomasw. Hynes, D D. |  | Gr |
| Hartiord Theol. | May |  |  | Rev. A. C. Thompson |  | Bost |
| Harvard Universit | June 27. | 22,781 | 12.757 |  |  | Philadelphia, Pa. |
| Haveriord college | June 15 | 493 | 401 |  |  |  |
| Hendrix College | June 20. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Henry Colleget | May 30 | 32 | 31 | J. A. A |  | Celeste, Tex |
| Highland Cniv. | June | ? ${ }^{2}$ |  |  | 1856 |  |
| Hillsdale College | June 21. | 375 |  | Mres note eliza scott |  | Grinnell, Iowa. |
| Hiwassee College $\dagger$ | May |  |  | Judge D. is |  |  |
| Hobart College. | June 20 | 1,415 | 950 | Sam. Percy McDonald, M. A. |  |  |
| Holy Cross Col | June 21. | 719 |  | Rt. Rev.J. A. Healy, Bisho |  |  |
| Hope Colleget. | June 20. | 386 |  | G. D |  |  |
| Howard Payne Co | Nay 30. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Howard Universit | June 1 | 1,654 | 1,210 | D. B. Nicho |  | Mission Hill, s. Dak. |
| Illinois Colleg | June 14. |  |  | Rev. Charles B |  | Jacksonville, In1. |
| Indiana Univer | June 20. | 2,146 | 1,465 | Andrew | 3 | 1 |
| Iowa state Colle... | June 13. | 1.000 |  | E, W Stantou, M |  |  |
| Iowa Wesley. Univ | June 14. | 547 |  | W. S. May | 1856 | C |
| John B. Stetson | May 22. | 117 | 115 | Harlan P. De Lan | 1886 | Fairport, N. Y. |
| Johns Hopkins | June 12 | 1.087 | 1,052 |  |  |  |
| Kansas Wesl Un | June 14. | 200 |  | Rev. H M | 18887 | Rocky Ford Coi. |
| Kent' ${ }^{\text {d Wesl }} \mathrm{n}$ c | May $31 . .$. | 154 |  | Ben. D Best, B . | 1888 |  |
| Kenyon College. | June 27 | 709 | 400 | Rev James C. Wheat, D. D. | 1831 | Lynny |
| Knox College | June - $-\ldots$ | 1,272 |  | Rev. J. Class in 46,3 graduates living | by | Morristown, Ten last report. |
| LaFayette Coll | May 30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lafaye | June 20. | 1,759 |  | Geo W. K | 6 | H |
| La Grange Colleget. | 1 | 222 |  | Rev. E. H |  |  |
| Lane Theol. Sem... | May ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | i,020 | 645 | Rev. Huntin |  | Providence, ${ }_{\text {cortland, }}$ N. Y . |
| Lawrence Uuiv. $\dagger$ | June 21. |  |  | Henry Coleman, |  | Lilwaukee, Wis |


| Colleges-Table Two. For explanation of signs, see page 311. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Com- } \\ \text { mencement } \\ \text { Day, } 1900 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Gradu- } \\ \text { ates since } \\ \text { Organi-- } \\ \text { Zation.* } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E* } \\ & \text { है } \\ & \frac{1}{4} \frac{0}{y} \end{aligned}$ | Earliest Graduate Living. |  | Present Address. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LebanonValley Col. $\dagger$ | June 14... | 284 | 260 | Al | 1870 |  |
| Lehigh University. | June 20.. | 1,074 | 1,023 |  | 1869 | Guatemala City, C.A. |
| Leland Stanford,Jr | May 30... | 952 |  |  |  |  |
| Lenoir College $\dagger$ Lenox Colleget | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { May 17... } \\ \text { June 14. } \end{array}\right.$ | 239 | 225 | Rev. R. L. Frit | 18928 |  |
| Lima Colleget | June 13. | 20 | 20 |  |  |  |
| Lincoln Univ. $\dagger$ (İil.) | June 14.. | 286 | 251 | A. J. Wallace, M | 1868 | D |
| Livingstone Coll. $\dagger$ ¢.. | Apr. 25. | 189 | 183 | John A.D. Bloice, A.M., D. D.. | 1887 | Philadelphia, Pa. |
| Lombard Colleget. | June 7. | 360 | 317 | Wm. R. Col | 1856 | Mount Pleasant, Iowa. |
| Louisiana State Un | June 27.. | 207 | 180 | Tilman L. Grim | 1869 | Poland, La. |
| Macalester College | June 6.. | 88 | 77 | J. K. Hall. ${ }_{\text {Rev }}$ | 1890 | Clarence, Iowa. |
| Manhattan College. | June 21. | 904 799 | 812 | Rev. J. P. Mc | 1866 | Middletown, N. Y. |
| Marietta Colleget | June 13. | 799 500 | 603 | Dr. John T. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1838 \\ & 1838 \end{aligned}\right.$ | Charleston, W. Va. |
| Maryville Colleget | May 31... | $\begin{aligned} & 500 \\ & 522 \end{aligned}$ | 501 | Jesse Walla | 1842 | Franklin, Tenn. |
| Mass. Inst. Tech. $\dagger$. | June 5. | 2,1:4 | 2,044 |  |  |  |
| McKendree College | June 14. | 820 |  | H.H.Horner;Johns' P Pierson | 1841 | LebanonIil;Burl't’uİa |
| McMinnville Col.t. | June 12. | 105 |  | John H. smith | 1884 | Astoria, Ore. |
| Mercer University. | June 6. | 850 | 650 | B. F. Thorpe, D. | 1841 | Perry, Ga. |
| Miami University | June 21. | 1,139 | 561 | Rev. J. G. Montfor | 1834 | Cincinnati, Olvio. |
| Mich. Agric. Col.t. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } 15 . \\ & \text { July } \end{aligned}$ | 1,500 | 679 |  |  |  |
| Middlebury College <br> Midland Colleget. |  | 1,500 | $\begin{array}{r} 564 \\ 58 \end{array}$ | Le Roy H. Kelse | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 1832 \\ 1891 \end{array}\right\|$ | Neponset, Mass. st Joseph Mo. |
| Milligan Colleget | June 13. | 109 | 106 | James H. Smith | 1882 | Butler, Tenn. |
| Mills College $\ddagger$ | May 23. | 520 | 492 | Mrs.M.E.Carpenter Vincent. | 1866 | New York City, N. Y. |
| Millsaps Colleg | June 12. | 75 |  | Alex. H. Shannon | 1898 | Nashville, Tenı. |
| Milton Colleget | June 27. | 286 | 220 | Nathan C. Twining. | 1867 | Ri |
| Miss, Agricul. Coll | June 20... | 248 | 233 | H. H. Harrington, Prof. Ch. | 1853 | College station, Tex. |
| Mississippi College. | May 31... | 290 |  | Rev. A. C. Carpenter. | 1856 | Louis |
| Missouri Valley Col. $\dagger$ | June 7. | 285 |  | Mrs. Mary Ann Orr, B. L. | 1890 | $\mathrm{St} . \mathrm{Lc}$ |
| Monmouth College | June - | 1,036 | 914 | Mrs. M. Findley Thompson. | 1858 | Monm |
| Moore's HillCollege | June 14. | 264 | 234 | Mrs. Jane Kahler | 1858 | San Fernando, Cal. |
| Morgan Colleget§ | May 31. | 350 | 235 | Rev. J. H. Griffin | 1877 | Washingto |
| Morris Brown Col | June $1 .$. | 34 | 33 | Laurin C. Simmo | 1890 | New York City, N. Y. |
| Morrisville College | June 6.. | 125 |  | H. Carr Pritchett, A. M | 1876 |  |
| Mt. Holyoke Coll. $\ddagger$ | June 20... | 2,671 |  | Mrs. Persis Woods Curt | 1838 | Rochester, N. Y. |
| Mt. St. Mary's Coll | June 27. | 563 |  | Rev. Wm. H, Elder, D.D | 1837 | Cincinnati, Ohio. |
| Mt. Union Colleget | July 21. | 2,286 |  | see note ' $n$,' on |  |  |
| Muhlenberg College. | June 21... | 463 | 430 | Wm. F. Muhlenberg, M.D. | 1868 | Reading, Pa. |
| Muskingum Colleget | June 21. | 435 | 374 | Rev. William Wilson, A.M. | 1846 | Leavenworth, Kan. |
| Neb.Wesleyan Univt | June 6. | 250 | 249 | Mrs. May Bliss | 1890 | Saginaw, Mich. |
| Newberry College. | June 20... | 197 | 189 | Jas. E. Houseal | 1869 | Cedarto |
| New York Univer. | June 9... | 15,325 |  | Joseph A. Saxton. | 1835 | New Y ork City, N. Y. |
| Niagara University | June 19.. |  |  | Rev. Edward W. McCarthy. | 1867 | Brooklyn, N. |
| North Carolina Coll. | May 30. |  | 55 | Prof. H. J. T. Ludwig, Ph.D. | 1871 | (1) |
| North. Illinois Col. $\dagger$ | June | 685 |  |  |  |  |
| Northwestern Col $\dagger$ | June | 446 | 419 | B. F. Drei |  | Circleville, Oh |
| Northw'n Un. $\dagger$ ( [II1.) | June -... | 5,719 |  | Samuel L. Eastm | 1859 | Algona, Iowa. |
| Northw'nUn.t(Wis.) | June | 175 | 166 | Prof. F. Pieper |  |  |
| Norwegian Luth. Col. | June 20... | 325 | 294 | R. B. Anderson | 1866 | Madison, |
| Oberlin Colleget | June 20. | 3,532 | 2,888 | Rev. Huntington L | 1836 | Cortla |
| Ogden College | June 14... | 45 |  | Loving W. Gaines | 1881 |  |
| Ohio State Uni | June 13... | 972 | 959 | Arthur B. Town | 1878 | New York City, N.Y. |
| Ohio University $\dagger$ Onio UVesleyan | June 22. | 502 2,671 | 2,426 | Rev. W D. Godm | 1846 |  |
| Olivet Colleget.. | June - | , 500 | 450 | Mrs. Cossar ; Mrs. Griswold.. | 1863 | Vermontville. |
| Ottawa University | June 6. | 165 | 158 | Alice Boomer, Jen. Sherman | 1888 | Grand I., Neb. ; India. |
| Otterbein Univ. $\dagger$ | June 13. | 550 | 425 | Kate Winter Hanby | 1857 | Los Angeles, Ca |
| Ouachita Bapt. Col. $\dagger$ | May 30... | 202 | 198 | Rev. Frank P. Turner, A B | 1888 | Harrisburg, Ill. |
| Oxford College $\ddagger$ | June 7.. | 780 |  |  |  |  |
| Pacific Colleget | June 13.. |  |  | C. J. Edwards; A. C. Stanbro. | 1893 | Newberg, Ore. |
| Pacitic Univer | June -... | 124 | 117 | Harvey W. Scott. | 186 | Portland, |
| Park Colleget | June 28... | 348 | 334 | Rev. W. T. Scot | 187 | Cleone |
| Peun Colleget | June 13. | 203 | 197 | Linda Ninde (Dorland) | 1875 | Los Angeles, Cal. |
| Pennsylvania Coll. $\dagger$ | June 14.... | 1,075 | 843 | Rev. W. F Eyster | 1839 | Crete, N |
| Penn. Military Co | June 13... | 346 | 314 | Thos. H. Lar | 1867 | St. Louis, |
| Penn. State Col.t | June 13... | 460 |  |  |  |  |
| PhilanderSmith Colt $\dagger$ | May 18... | 61 |  |  | 1888 | Little Rock, Ark. |
| Polytechnic Colleget Polytechnic Inst.... | June 6... | 48 -685 |  | Rev. C. L. Browning. ${ }^{\text {R }}$ | 1892 | Itasca, Tex. |
| Polytechnic Inst | June 72. | - 485 | 149 | R. ${ }_{\text {W. }}$ m. L. VanScoy, A. M. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1858 \\ & 1892 \end{aligned}\right.$ | Brooklyn, N. Y. <br> Ashland, Ore. |
| Pratt Institutet | June 21. | 1,345 |  |  |  |  |
| Presby'n Col. $\dagger$ (S | June 5. |  |  | Mrs. Rebecca Thompson | 1888 | Summerville |
| Princet'n Theol. Sem | May 8.. | (k) 4,957 | 2.859 | Rev J.C. I.owrie, D. D, LL. D. | 1833 | New York City, N. Y. |
| Princeton University | June 13... | 3,916 |  | See note " $v$ '' on page 311. |  |  |
| Proseminar College.. | June 22. | 800 | 700 | Rev. J. H. Dinkmey | 18 |  |
| Purdue University | June 6... | 1,045 |  | John Bradford Harp | 18 | Durango, |
| Racine College. | June 14... | 250 |  | Sayres G. Knight, B. S | 1854 | Racine, Wis. |
| Radcliffe College $\ddagger$ | June 26. | 278 | 278 | See note 's,', on page 31 |  |  |
| Randolph-Macon C. | June 15.. | 2,000 |  | Dr. Theo. S. Stewar |  |  |
| Red River Valley U. $\dagger$ | June 14. |  |  | James A. Kesle |  | Edgeley, N. Dak. |
| Rensselaer Poly, Ins. | June 13. | 1,280 | 893 | Abel Storrs |  | Lebanon, N. H. |
| Richmond Col. (Va | June 21. . |  |  | Rev. P. S. H |  | Chicago, Ill. |

Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued.

| Colleges-Table Two. For explanstion ot sigus, see page 311. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Com- } \\ \text { mencement } \\ \text { Day, 1900. } \end{gathered}$ | $\|$Gradu- <br> ates since <br> Organi- <br> zation.* | 菏菏 | Earliest Graduate Living. |  | Present Address. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rin Grande Colleget. | June 14. | 54 |  | Rev. Thomas D. Davis, A.M. | 1883 | Tecumseh, Neb. |
| Rıpon Colleget.. | June 20 | 231 | 215 | Luthera H. Adams | 1867 | Omro, Wis. |
| Roanoke College | June 13 | 467 | 418 | Thomas E. Kizer, A. | 1855 | Richmond, Va |
| Rock Hill Colleg | June 18.19 | 175 |  | Fhomas A. Whe | 1871 | Baltimore, Md. |
| Rose Poly. Institute Rutgers College | June 14 <br> June 20 . | 1,260 1,969 | 1,155 | S. S. Early and Ben. Mckeen <br> John M. Brown. | $\begin{aligned} & 1885 \\ & 1830 \end{aligned}$ | Terre Haute, In Pluckemin, N |
| Scotia Seminary $\ddagger$ | June 13. | 456 |  |  |  |  |
| Seton Hall College | June 13.. |  |  | John D | 1862 |  |
| Shaw University $\dagger$ ¢ | May 11. | 318 |  | Cæsar Johuson ; N. F. Roberts. | 1878 |  |
| Simpson Colleget | June 14. | 251 | 230 | Louise Anderson Bu | 1870 | Newkirk, Okla. Ter |
| Smith College $\ddagger$. | June-. | 1, 679 |  |  |  |  |
| South Carolina Col. $\dagger$ | June 13 | 2,115 |  | J V Glass ; | 1831 | Blain, S. C. |
| Southern Unıv $\dagger$ | June 13. |  | 300 | J. V. Glass; B. M Hu | 1860 | Birmíngham; Marion. |
| Southwest Kan. Col | June 13. | 190 | 185 | See note ' $w_{0}$ ', on page |  |  |
| Southw n Bapt. Un. | June 6. | 27 |  |  |  |  |
| Southw $n$ Pres. Un | June 13. | 301 |  |  |  |  |
| Southwestern Univ. $\dagger$ Spring Hill College. | May 21. | 401 | 308 | Rev. Jermudez | 1876 | Georgetown, Tex. <br> New Orleans, La. |
| State Univ of Iowat | June 7... | 5,260̈ |  | Dexter E | 1858 |  |
| State Univ $\dagger$ (Ky.) | May 17.. | 125 | 11 | A H. Payne, A. | 1883 |  |
| St. Edward s College | June 14.... | 90 | 87. | David J Shal | 1886 | Yoakum, Tex. |
| Stevens Inst. Tech | June 14. | 833 | 795 | J. Augustus Hen | 1873 | Lemont, Pa. |
| St. Francis Xavier C | June 25 | 775 | 626 | T M.Killeen; J. W. O'Brien | 1855 | Pt. Richmond; Bklyn. |
| St. John's Col. (D.C.) | June 19 | 120 |  | Joseph H. Benson, D. D. S. . | 1872 |  |
| St. John's Col (Md.) | June 20 | 586 | $387$ | Wm. Harwood, B. A. , M. A. | 18 | Annap |
| St. John's Col (N Y.) | June 20. | 934 | 739 | Augustine M. O' Neil . ....... | 1849 | Brookly |
| St. John's Un. (Minn | June 24. | 717 |  | Boniface Moll, A M | 1870 | St. Paul, Minn. |
| St. Lawrence Univ t | $J$ une 27. | 713 | 650 | Rev. Daniel Ballou | 1861 | Utica. |
| St. Louis University | June 27 | 1,086 |  | Rev. J. G. H. Kernion, A B | 1840 | St. Louis, Mo. |
| St. Mary sCol (Kan) | June 20.. | 284 |  | Rev R Dunne | 1882 | Chicago, Ill. |
| St. Mary s Col. (Ky.) | Jure 20... |  |  | Samuel Spalding | 1828 | Lebanon, Ky. |
| St. Olaf Colleget |  | $\begin{gathered} 45 \\ 167 \end{gathered}$ |  | C. J Rollefson... | 1890 | Grand Forks, N. Dak. |
| St. Paul s College... | June 6. June 14. | 167 305 | 266 | Rev Joseph Care | 1861 |  |
| St Vincent's College | June 22... | 125 | 101 | Isidore B Dock weiler, A. M. | 1887 | Los Angeles, Cal |
| Swarthmore College $\dagger$ | June 12... | 520 | 499 |  |  |  |
| Syracuse University $\dagger$ | June 13... | 2,636 | 2,000 | W Kr | 185ั2 | Lyons N Y̌, Alibion. |
| Tabor Colle | June 20. | 176 | 174 | B I Cummings | 1870 |  |
| TalladegaColleget (d) | June 12. | 160 | 146 | Rev. T. T. Benson. | 1876 | Brazoria, Tex. |
| Tarkio Colleget. | June 7. | 141 | 139 | William R. Littell | 1887 | Tarkio, Mo. |
| Teachers' College | June 7... | 556 |  |  |  |  |
| Thiel Colleget | June 2l.. | 220 | 200 | Class of 74.6 graduates living | by | last report. |
| Throop Poly. Inst. $\dagger .$. | June 14 ... | 86 |  | Class of 95.9 graduates living | by | last rep |
| Trinity College (Ct.) | June 27 | 1,275 | 836 | Dr. (furdon W Russe | 1834 | Hartford, Ct . |
| Trinity Col. f(N. C.) | June 6. |  |  | L. Johnson |  | Trinity, N. C. |
| Trinity Univ t (Tex.) | May --. |  |  |  | 1870 | Mexia, Tex. |
| Tufts Colleget | June 19 | 1,080 | 870 | Silas Bundy | 1860 | Old Town, Me |
| Tulane University. | June 21. | 4,881 |  |  |  |  |
| Union Christ'nCol. $\dagger$ | June 11. | 218 | 203 |  |  |  |
| Union Col $+(\mathrm{Ky}$. ) $\ldots .$. | $\text { June } 7 \ldots$ | 19 78 | $\begin{gathered} 19 \\ 78 \end{gathered}$ | J. P Faulkner; J.E.Thomas. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 1893 \\ 1800 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Barb'rv' $1, \mathrm{Ky}$; N. B'fd |
| Union Col. $\dagger$ (Neb.). ${ }_{\text {Union College( } \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{Y}^{\text {U }} \text { ) }}$ | May 29... | 78 5.027 |  | Miles W. Lewis Joseph D Husb | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 1895 \\ 18400 \end{array}\right\|$ | Atlanta, Ga. Rochester Y . |
| Union College(N.Y.) Union Theol Sem... | June 27... | 5.027 3,011 | 2,500 | Joseph D. Husb <br> Joseph A Saxt | 1828 | Rochester N New York Cit |
| Univ of A labama | June 20.. | 1,553 |  | James C. Fos | 1838 | Tuscaloosa, Ala. |
| Univ. of Arizonat | May 31. | 11 |  |  |  |  |
| Univ of Arkansa | June 21. | 681 | 610 | Class of 75,7 graduates living | by | las |
| Univ. of Chicagot | (b) | 1,950 | 1,875 | Thomas W..... ${ }^{\text {W }}$ | 1861 | Bath, M |
| Univ of Cincinnatit. | June 12. | (y) 429 | y) 420 | Rev. Frank Mc | 1877 | Cincinnati, Ohio. |
| Univ. of Colorado | June 7. | 612 | 594 | Rich. H. Whiteley | 1882 | Boulder, Col. |
| Univ of Denvert | June 13. | 449 |  | James O. Campbell, i | 1882 | Ogden, Utah. |
| Univ. of Georgia | June 20.. | 2,228 |  | Rev. A. H. Mitchell | 1828 | Summerville, Ala |
| Univ of Idaho $\dagger$ | June 13. | 31 |  | Stella Maude Allen | 1896 | Moscow. |
| Univ. of Illinoi | June 13. | 3,573 | 3,430 | James N. Matthews, M. D | 1872 | Mason, Ill. |
| Univ. of Kansas | June 6. | 1.610 |  | See note " $j$,"' on page 311. |  |  |
| Univ, of Mainet | June 13. | 580 | 547 | Benjamin F. Goul | 1872 | Hollister, Cal. |
| Univ of Michigant | June 21. | 16,169 |  | Edmund Fish | 1845 | Hillsboro, Ill. |
| Univ. of Minnesotat | June | 2,887 | 2,800 | See note 'i, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ ' on page 311. |  |  |
| Univ. of Mississippi | June - | 1,300 | 1,000 | Thomas Elliott Bugg. ... | 1851 | Starke, Fla. |
| Univ. of Missourif | June 6. | 2,103 |  | Robt. B. Todd | 1843 | New Iberia, La. |
| Univ of Montanat | June 6. |  |  | Mrs. Ella R Gle | 1898 | Missoula, Mont. |
| Univ. of Nashvillet | May |  |  | Edwin H. Ewing | 1826 | Murfreeshoro, Tenn. |
| Univ. of Nebraskat | Jurie 7 | 1,235 |  | jas.s. Dales: Wm. H. Snell. | 1873 | Lincoln, Neb. ; Tacoma |
| Univ. of N. Mexicot.. | June 7. |  | 29 | Charles E. Hodgin. | 1894 | Albuquerque, N. M. |
| Univ. of N. Carolina. | June 6... | 2,351 |  | Cadwallader Jones, A. B. | 1832 | Columbia, S. C. |
| Univ. of N. Dakotat. | June 14... | 128 | 124 |  |  |  |
| Univ. of Notre Dame. | June 14... |  |  | Rev D ${ }_{\text {D }}$ B Kilroy | $1849$ | Stratford, Ont. |
| Univ. of Oklahomat. | June 8. | 276 |  | C. R. Hume; R. P. Stoops.. | $1898$ | Anadarko, Ok;Bat.C'k |
| Univ. of Oregon | June 14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Un. of Pennsylvaniat | June 13. | 18,401 | 15,087 | Robt. B. Dävidson, | $182 \dot{6}$ | Philadel |
| Univ. of Rocheste | June 20 | 1,282 | 1.080 | Robt. B. Daviasor, A. |  | - |
| Univ. of S. Dakota | June 13 | 187 | 182 | Clarence $\mathbf{B}$ A | 1888 | Congo Free State, Af. |

304 Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Comtinued.

| Colleges-Table Two. For explanation of signs, see pago 311 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Com. } \\ & \text { mencement } \\ & \text { Day, } 1900 . \end{aligned}$ | Gradu <br> ates since <br> Organi. <br> zation.* |  | Earliest Graduate Living. |  | Present Address. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| iv of Tennesseet | June 20. |  |  |  | 1829 | Atlanta, Ga. |
| Univ of Texast | June 20 | 800 |  | Samuel Clark Red | 1885 | Houston, Tex |
| Univ. of the Pacifict. | May 24. | 51.9 |  | Geo. W. Blackfor |  |  |
| Univ. of the south | Aug. ${ }^{2}$ | 337 |  | J. J. Hanna, |  |  |
| Univ of Utah $\dagger$ | June 13. | 679 |  | am B | 1876 | Lake City, Utah. |
| Univ. of Vermont† | June 27. | 3,383 |  |  |  |  |
| Univ of Virginia..... | June 13. |  |  | Thos. S. Mc | 1829 |  |
| Univ. of Washingt'n $\dagger$ Univ. of Wisconsint | May 31. | 224 |  | Mrs.Clara McCarty Wilt, B.S. | 1876 | Tacoma, Wash. |
| Univ. of Woostert | June 14 | 950 |  |  | 1871 | mporia, Kan. |
| Univ of W yomingt.. | June 21. | 62 |  | W. H. Bramel | 1891 | Salt Lake City, Utah. |
| Upper Iowa Univ.t. | June 14. | 335 |  | Rev. J. L. Paine | 1862 | Fayette, Iowa. |
| Ursinus Colleget | June 14. | -357 | 22 |  |  |  |
| U. S. Mil. Academy | June | 3,939 |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Naval Acad. | June 8. | 2,398 |  | Rear-Ad. F.V.McNair, U.S.N | 1853 | Annapolis, Md. |
| Vanderbilt Univ. | June 20 | 3,600 | 3,200 | H. W. Morgan, M.D., D.D.S | 1875 | Nashville, Tenn. |
| Vassar College $\ddagger$ | June 13 | 1.509 |  |  |  |  |
| Villanova Colle | June 21. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Virginia Mil. Inst | June 21. | 1,711 | 1,200 | Dr. O. M. K | 1842 | Oliveville, Va. |
| Virginia Poly. Inst | June 21. | 266 |  | A.B. Davis |  | Richmond, Va |
| Wabash College.... | June 13. | 79 |  | John M | 1842 | ringfield, Mo. |
| Wake Forest College | May 31. | 665 |  | Dr. David R. |  |  |
| Washburn College† | June 13. | 172 | 168 | Rev. Perley M. | 1869 | rockton, Mass, |
| Wash Col. $\dagger$ (Mc.) | June | 167 | 142 | Eben F. Perkins |  | estertown, Md. |
| Wash. Col. $\dagger$ (Teun.) | May 10. |  |  | Judge O. P. Temp | 1844 | enn. |
| Washington Univ. ${ }^{+}$. | June 14 <br> June 2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,669 \\ & 3,849 \end{aligned}$ | 2,200 |  |  |  |
| Wash \&Lee Univ. | Juı |  | 2,800 |  | 27 |  |
| Wellesley College | June 26. | 1,729 | 1,667 |  |  |  |
| Wells College $\ddagger$ | June 14. | 175 | 168 | Jeannette Dagge | 1869 |  |
| Wesleyan Uni | June 27. | 2,122 | 1,544 | Daniel Henry Chase, LL | 1833 | Middlet |
| Western Colleget | June 14. |  |  |  |  |  |
| West. Maryl d Coll. | June 13. | 445 | 381 | William S Cr |  | n. |
| West. Reserve Univ | June 14. | 1,500 | 990 |  |  |  |
| Western Un. of Pa ${ }^{\text {Westfield }}$ + | June 14. | 1,760 |  | Daniel Agnew, | 1825 |  |
| Westminster C. (Mo.) | June 7 . | 274 | 239 | See note ${ }^{\prime} z$, "' on page 311 . |  |  |
| Westmin r Col $\dagger$ ( Pa ) | June 13. |  |  | Rev. W. P Shaw | 1854 |  |
| West Virginia Univ | June 21 |  |  | M. H. Dent. | 1870 | Grafton, W. Va. |
| Wheaton Colleget Whitman Colleget | June 28.. | 280 | $280$ |  |  |  |
| Whitman Colleget | $\text { June } 13 .$ | 307 | $\begin{gathered} 282 \\ 241 \end{gathered}$ | C. C. Gose................. |  | Walla Walla, Wash. Little Rock Ark |
| Wiley University | May 16.. | ${ }_{73}{ }^{2}$ |  | Rev. William Wes |  |  |
| Willamette Univ $\dagger$ | June 21. | 708 | 626 | T. H. Crawford, A. | 186\% | orvallis, Ore |
| William \& Mary C | June 29 |  |  |  |  |  |
| William Jewell Col. | June 13 |  |  | De Witt C. Alle |  | Brookl |
| Williams College... ${ }_{\text {Wilmington }}$ | June 27. | 3,760 | 1,250 | Joseph L. Partridge.......... |  | Brooklyn, N Y |
| Wilmington College $\dagger$ | June 22. | 99 |  | Miss Ellen C Wright, A. M. | 1875 | Wilmington. Ohio. |
| Wilson College $\ddagger \ldots$ | June 7. <br> June 12. |  |  | Samuel |  |  |
| Worcester Poly. Ins. | June 21 | 23 | 775 | Harry P Armsb |  |  |
| Yale University | June 27. | 19,000 | 10,500 | Benjamin D. Sillim | 1824 | , |
| Yankton College $\dagger$ | June 20 | 97 |  | Gustave G. Wenz | 1888 | Yanktou s Dak. |
| York College $\dagger$ | June 13 | 134 | 134 | Minnie Buswell | 1894 | Beatrice Neb. |

TABLE THREE-FINANCIAL STATISTICS OF UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES
Cost of Tuition and Other Expenses of Education Itemized, and Income from Prodoctive Funds and Benefactions During the Last College Year. CommuniCated to "The World almanac"; by the Colleges.

| Colleges For explanation of signs, see page 311. | TuitionCost per Annum. | Living Expenses, Board, etc. | Other Ex penses-Fees, Books, etc. | Productive FundsAmount of. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Receipts } \\ & \text { from } \\ & \text { Benefactions. } \end{aligned}$ | Total Income. Including Tuition or Inctidental Charges. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Add Ran Clristian Univ. | \$45 | \$125 | \$10 | \$16,000 | \$10 000 | \$20 000 |
| Adelphi College........ .. | 170 | 200-390 | 15 |  |  | 98537 |
| Adrian College ..... ........ | (m) 45 | ¢5 126 | 15 | 60.000 | 4,000 | 23092 |
| Alabama Poly. Institute. | ( $m$ ) 20 | 85-135 | 25 | \%\%\%000 | None. | 58182 |
| Albion College. | None. | 100 $120-240$ | 40 $10-50$ | 228,000 272,230 | 17150 7918 | 29000 45284 |
| Allegheny College | None. | 90-150 | 60 | 200.000 | 2000 | 25000 |
| Alma College... | 32 | 120-150 | None. | 220,000 | 140,000 | 155000 |
| Am. Temperance Univ..... | 25-40 | 72-100 | 20 |  |  |  |
| Amherst College | 110 | 400-600 | None. | 1500.000 | 60.000 | (c) 100.000 |
| Andover Theol. Sem........ | None. | 150 | 10 | 800,000 | 3,500 | 6000 46000 |
| Antioch College.................. | 37.50 | 145-163 | None. | 100.000 |  | 75000 |
| Arkansas College............. | 36-50 | 90-108 | 12-18 |  |  |  |
| Armour Inst. Technology | 75 | 200 | 15-35 | 1.500,000 | None. | 125,000 |
| Asheville College $\ddagger$........... | 100 | 275 80 | 10 | None. |  | 22,500 |


| Colleges-Table Three. For explanatiou of signs, see page 311. | TuitionCost per Annum. | Living Expenses, Board, etc. | Other Ex-penses-Fees, Books, etc. | Productive FundsAmount of. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Receipts } \\ \text { from } \\ \text { Benefactions. } \end{gathered}$ | Total Income, Including Tuition or Incidental Charges: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auburn Theological Sem. | None. | \$110 | None. | \$525,884 | \$9.879 | \$66,736 |
| Augsburg Seminary........ | \$25 | 70 | \$20 | Non | 7,108 | 12,247 |
| Augustana College .......... | 36 | 140 | 30 | 325,000 | 40,610 | 53,599 |
| Baker University............ | 28-32 | $72-135$ $100-110$ | 8-15 | 80,987 | 25,000 | 35,000 |
| Bald win University......... | 50 | 100-114 | 40 | 353,000 | 16,000 | 31,528 |
| Baylor University ............ | 50 | 100 | 15 | None. | None. | 28,000 |
| Beloit College. | 36 | 94-203 | 26-55 |  |  |  |
| Berea College ( K y.)......... | None. |  | 30 | 275,000 | 19,525 | 30.525 |
| Bethany College (Kan.)... | 32-50 | 92 130 | 15 |  | 12,000 | 22,000 |
| Bethany College (IV. Va.) Bethel College (K y.) ....... | 55 | 100-125 | 15 | 125,000 | None. | 16.500 |
| Bethel College (Tenn. )..... | 40 | 100 | 2 | On | None. | \$§2,600 |
| Bidale University.. | None. | 64 | 35 |  |  |  |
| Boston University........... | 110 | 36-180 | 25 | 950.000 | 55,000 | 237,991 |
| Bowdoin College............. | 75 | - 175 | - 50 | 629,096 | 4,760 | 63000 |
| Brigham Young College... | 10 | 80-100 | $15-30$ 45 | 1,158,676 | 10,440 | 29,417 |
| Brown University........... | 125 | 275 | 20 | 1,000,000 | 25.000 | 142,732 |
| Bryn Mawr College......... | +40 | 125 | 60 | -175,000 | 540 | 15,200. |
| Buchtel College............... | 50 | 152 |  | 400,000 |  |  |
| Burritt College... | 10-40 | 60-80 | 2-10 | None | None. | 2,750 |
| Butler University | 36-45 | 126-175 | 20-40 | 264,449 | Noue. | ... |
| Canisius College. | 40 | 200 | 20 | Ňune. | .... |  |
| Capital University .......... | 40 | - $90-140$ | 10-20 |  | 3,582 | 26, 898 |
| Carleton College.............. | 40 | $90-140$ 100 | 10-20 | 100.000 25.000 | 3,582 | 26,898 5,000 |
| Carthage College. | 32 | 115-170 | 10 | 55,000 | 10,000 | 12,600 |
| Case School Appl. Science | 100 | 125-250 | 30-50 |  | ...... | .....! |
| Catawba College............. | 13-40 | 60-80 | 20 | 30.000 | 22,340 |  |
| Catholic Uuiversity......... | + 75 | 300-500 | 20-50 | 90.805 140.000 | 22,340 | (c) 87,543 |
| Central College (NIo.).... | +160 $32-48$ | $75-100$ 100 | 20-50 | 140.000 33.000 | 13.500 6.000 | (c) 13.000 |
| Central Penn. College...... | 32-48 | 100 | 5-20 | 20.000 | 5,000 | 9.318 23.875 |
| Central Univ of Iowa | 24 | 75 | 20-30 | 25,000 |  | §§4,671 |
| Central Univ. of Ky | 60 | 175-240 | 50 | 150,000 | .. ... | 9 680 |
| Central Wesleyan College | 24-36 | 106-100 | 10 | 70,000 |  | 9650 |
| Charles City College.... | 36 | 106-100 | 15 | 18,000 | 10.400 | (c) 5,300 |
| Charleston College. .. .... .. | 40 | 103 | 10 | 299,000 | None. | 14,600 |
| Christian University ....... | 30 | 110-140 | 10 | 18,000 | 1,200 | 5,000. |
| Clafin University (a) | 20 | 100 | 10 | None. | 8,000 | 30,000 |
| Clark University (Ga.) | None. | 80 | 10 | None. | ...... |  |
| Clark University (Mass.) | (m) 40 | 140 | None. |  |  | 5000 |
| Clemson Agr. College........... | (m) 47 | 125-150 | 15-25 | 60.000 | 2,500 | 10,400 |
| Colby College. | 60 | 128 | 25 | 473,300 | 4,7ヵ8 | 30.379 |
| Colgate University | 60 | 150 | 25 | 1,500.000 | 30.600 | 93, 261 |
| College of City of N | None. | None. | None. | 45,050 | 500 | 189481 |
| Colorado College.. | 5 | 150-250 | 50 | 3.50,000 | 15.000 | 30,000 |
| Columbia University....... | 150-200 | 195-477 | 42-202 | 9.500000 | 518.667 | (c) 854326 |
| Columbian University.. | 100 | 160-240 | 20 | 256,075 | 2500 | 103359 |
| Concordia College............ | (t) 40 | 104-248 | 48 |  |  |  |
| Cornell College (Iowa).... <br> Cornell University(N. Y.) | 100-150 | 104-248 | 15 | 6467.482 | 1404.855 | (c) 26887 <br> 687998 |
| Cotner University | 30 | -0-125 | 35 | -Nolle | 13,000 |  |
| Cumberland University... | 50-100 | 90-140 | 10 | 90.000 |  | 15000 |
| Dartmouth College | 100 | 200-500 | 50 | 2,500 000 | 130.000 | (c) 120.000 |
| Davidson College. | 60 | 75-125 | 15-25 | 120.000 | 8,000 | 17.500 |
| Defiance College. | 30 | 80 | 10 | None. | 500 | '2,500 |
| Delaware College | (m) 60 | 125-175 | 25-50 | 83,000 | ...... | 40,925 |
| Denison University | 39 | 125-150 | 25 | 410.000 |  | 35,000 |
| De Pauw University. | None. | 180-250 | 40-50 | 290000 | 7.500 | 28,500 |
| Des Moines College .......... | 36 | 126-236 | 33 | 56,509 | 4955 | 11845 |
| Dickinson Colleg | 6. 25 | 125 | 90 | 3:0.000 | 16,902 | 43,000 |
| Doane College. | 24 | 104 | 30 | 76.657 | 8.150 | 27000 |
| Drake University............ | (u) 40 | 117-216 | 5-25 | 125,000 | 50.000 | (c) 40000 |
| Drew Theol. Semi | Noue. | 108 | 15 | 400.000 | 100000 | (c) 31000 |
| Drury College.... | 30-48 | 110-160 | 20 | 240.000 | 2,500 | 22.500 |
| Eartham College | 76 | 150 | 25 | 120.000 | 5,000 | 36,000 |
| Elmira College $\ddagger$ | 75 50 | - 2100 | 8 | 70.000 | .... . | ...... |
| Emory and Heury Coll..... | 50 | 118-150 | 10-25 | 28,000 |  | 8,000 |
| Emory College.. | 60 | 75-140 | 25 | 145,000 | 3883 | 28, 389 |
| Emporia College | 30 | 175 |  | None. | ...... | 9,006 |
| Erskine College.. | 30 | 115 | 20 | 86,000 | -..... |  |
| Eureka College.............. | 49 | 175 |  |  |  |  |
| Ewing College.. | 30 | 68-88 | 15 | 20000 | 25,000 |  |
| Fargo College.................. | 30 | 120.150 | 20-30 | 32,000 | 15.924 | (c) 11,900 |
| Findlay College................ | 32 | 100-150 | 8 | 51000 | 1,935 | 10,315 |
| Fort Worth University ... | 27.50 | 128-160 | 21 |  | 9.500 | 3,15 |
| Franklin College (Ind.) ... | 24 | 120 | 15 | 203,000 | 75,000 | (c) 17.600 |
| Franklin College (Ohio)... | 40 | 80 |  | Noue. | None. | \$82,400 |

306 Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued.

| Colleges-Table Three. For explanation of signs, see page 311. | TuitionCost per Annum. | Living Expenses, Board, etc. | Other Ex- penses-Fees, Books, etc. | Productive FundsAmount of. | Receipts from Benefactions. | Total Income, Including Tuition of Incidental Charges. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Franklin \& Marshall Coll. | None. | \$129.50 | \$85 | \$350,000 | \$15,000 | \$26,950 |
| Furman University.......... | \$50 | 60-100 | 25 | 65,000 |  | 11.950 |
| Gale College............. | 33 | 120 | ...... | 10,000 | 2,000 | 4,000 |
| Gen'l Theol. Sem. (P. E. ).. | None. | 225 | \% | 1,966,126 | 88,277 | 88,379 |
| Geneva College ................ | 42 | 108 | 92 | 111.000 | ...... | 11,000 |
| Georgetown College ( Ky . ) | 45 | 80-140 | 20 | 225,000 |  | 23,500 |
| Georgetown Univ. (D. C. ).. | 100 | 237 | 20 | 35,000 | 50,000 | (c) 131,585 |
| Grant College.................... | None. | None. | None. | 15,533,343 | None. | 1,411,289 |
| Grant University ............. | (t) 18-50 | 75 | 9 | 10,000 | 8,000 | 22,218 |
| Greensboro College $\ddagger$ | 60 | 130 | 25 | None. |  | 26,000 |
| Greenville and T'us. Coll | 29-38 | 105 | 10 | 1,800 | 2,300 | 4,200 |
| Girard College...... | 30 | 125 | 5 | 50,000 | None. | 17,500 |
| Grove City College........... | 43-100 | 111 |  |  | 6,500 | 25,000 |
| Guilford College.............. | 52 | 81 | 10 | 50,000 | 1,000 | 18,000 |
| Gustavus Adolphus Coll... | 29-45 | 150-175 | 15-25 |  |  | 17,000 |
| Hamilton College............. | 75 | 300 | 50 | 506,000 | 20,000 | (c) 36,000 |
| Hamline University........ | 36 | 100 126 | 22 |  |  |  |
| Hampden-Sidney College | 50 | 100-162 | 35 | 150,000 | 1,500 | 13,500 |
| Hampton Nor. \& A. I. (h).. | 30-70 | $80-100$ | None. | 726.401 | 136,416 | 159,084 |
| Hanover College. | None. | 125-200 | 40-50 | 200,000 | 10,000 | 13,000 |
| Hartford Theol. Sem | None. | 132 | 100 | 180,000 | 17,554 | 38,000 |
| Harvard University. | 150-200 | 200-500 | 25 up. | 11,766,371 | 1,544,329 | (c) $1,234,740$ |
| Haverford College... | 150 | 350 | 25 | 750,000 | 48,000 | 118,000 |
| Hedding College... | 44 | 100-150 | 15-20 | 30,000 |  |  |
| Heidelberg University | 36 | 125 | 25-50 | 100,000 |  | 9,590 |
| Hendrix College.............. | 60 | 100 | 20 |  | 1,100 | 5,000 |
| Henry College ................ | 45 | 85-100 | 12 | None. | None. | 15,000 |
| Highland Universit | 25 | 120 | 10 | 40,000 | 1,400 | 4,500 |
| Hillsdale College. | 1. 50 | 88 | 162 | 240,000 |  | 15800 |
| Hiram College................. | 36 | 100-133 | 25 | 150,000 | 40,000 | (c) $\mathbf{2 0 . 0 0 0}$ |
| Hiwassee College.............. | 30-40 | 100-100 | 25 |  |  |  |
| Hobart College........ ......... | 75 | 160-200 | 40.60 | 451, 873 | 44,065 | 78,668 |
| Holy Cross Colleg | 60 | 200 | 10 | 5,000 | ...... | 18,200 |
| Hope College (Mich. )....... | 18 | 125-175 | 25 | 206,329 |  |  |
| Howard College (Ala. ) | 60 | 100 | 25-35 | 13,000 | 34,000 | 47.000 |
| Howard University (D. C.) | (f) | 79 | 25 | 40,000 | 2,500 |  |
| Howard Payne College.... | 40-50 | 100 | 10 |  | 28,000 | 35,000 |
| Huron College................. | 30 | 95-125 | 15 | Noue. | 4,108 | 6,158 |
| Illinois College... | 50 | -125 | 15 |  | ...... | ...... |
| Illinois Wesleyan Univ... | 47 | 125-150 | 15 | 75,000 | ...... | $180 . .1$ |
| Indiana University.......... | None. | 150 | 38-53 | 600,000 |  | 130,000 |
| Iowa College. | 55 | 108-200 | 26-55 | 290,000 | 36,000 | 58,000 |
| Iowa State College. | None. | 150 | (y) | 682,833 | None. | 131,344 |
| Iowa Wesleyan Univ | 40 | 120 | 29 | 55,000 |  |  |
| John B. Stetson Univ....... | 60 | 148 | 10 | 200,000 | 5,000 | 25.000 |
| Johns Hopkins Univ ........ | 150-200 | 158 | 25-41 | 3,000,000 |  | \$ $\$ 75,000$ |
| Kalamazoo College ......... | 25.50 | 175-200 | 15-20 | 196,583 | 4,397 | 22,806 |
| Kansas Wesleyan Univ... | 33 | 60-100 | 20-50 | None. |  | 13,000 |
| Kentucky University........ | 22 | 160-200 | 42 | 203,581 | None. | ....... |
| Kentucky Wesleyan Coll. | 50 | 125-240 | ...... | 35,000 |  | ...... |
| Kenyon College................ | 100 | 300 | None. | 300.000 | 43,000 |  |
| Keuka College | 36 | 114 |  | 120,000 | 13,000 | 19,376 |
| King College. | 50 | 90-100 | 10-20 | 17,000 |  | 2,800 |
| Knox College. | 50 | 165 | 17 | 227,776 | 14,800 | (c) 28,078 |
| La Fayette College (Ala.) | None. | 90 | 18 | None. | 1,500 | -3,500 |
| Lafayette College (Pa. ).... | 100 . | 185 | 32 | 302,000 | 10,000 | 50,000 |
| La Grange College........... | 40 | 38-95 | 10 | 12,000 | 150 | 3,150 |
| Lake Forest College | 40 | 163-440 | 24 | 525,000 | 70,000 | (c) 104,000 |
| Lane Theological Sem .... | None. | 200 | 20 | 351,000 | None. |  |
| La Salle College............... | 80 | 17] | 20 | None. |  |  |
| Lawrence University....... | 6 | 111 | 35 | ...... | 12,000 | 24,600 |
| Lebanon Valley College... | 40 | 146 | 18 | ...... |  | 18,000 |
| Lehigh University........... | 60-100 | 175-320 | 25-50 |  |  | 110,000 |
| LelandStanford, Jr. Univ. | 20-30 | 180-225 | 10-60 |  | None. | 250,000 |
| Leland University........... | None. | 90 | 5 | 117,500 | 1.409 | 7,589 |
| Lenox College.................... | 30 | 90-140 | 6-20 |  |  |  |
| Liberty College................ | 20-40 | 120 | 15 | None. | None. |  |
| Lima College.................... | 25-40 | 100-150 | 6-15 |  | 12,000 | 17,000 |
| Lincoln University (Ill.)... | 25 | 200 | 10 | 59,540 | 4.850 | 9,847 |
| Livingstone College.......... | 65 | (i) | - 25 | 2,500 | 7,500 | 15,600 |
| Lombard College.............. | 35 | 75-125 | 25-30 | 153,000 | 6,000 | 21,000 |
| Couisiana State Univer.... | None. | 120 | 10-40 | ...... | None. | 47,333 |
| Macalester College............ | - 45 | 125-225 |  |  |  |  |
| Manhattan College........... | 75-100 | 125 250 | 5-20 | None. | None. | 39.366 |
| Marietta College.............. | 30 | 125-175 | 10 | 200,000 | 100,000 | (c) 21,000 |
| Maryville College............. | (m) 12 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ \hline 50\end{array}$ | 8 | 200, 000 | 10,000 | - 20,945 |
| Mass. Agricultural Coll.... | (m) 80 | -200 250 | 25 50 | 360,575 |  | 44,298 |
| Mass. Inst. Technology... | 200 | 200-500 | 35-40 | 1,109,464 | 78,820 | 331,035 |
| McCormick Theol. Sem... | None. | 125 | 75 | 470,000 |  |  |
| McKendree College........... | 36 | 123 | 10 | 35,000 | 2,500 | 5.060 |
| McMinnville College. | 33 | 100 | 15 | 40,000 |  | 4,600 |
| Mercer College.. | 55 | 75-10 | 12 | 165,000 | 34,000 | 42,000 |
| Miami University............. | None. | 108 | 40 | 73,875 | None. | 37,874 |
| Michigan Agricul. Col...... | (m) 15 | 150-225 | (y) | 694,000 | None. | 151,381 |

Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued.

| Culeges-Table Three. For explanation of signs, see page 311. | TuitionCost per Annum. | Living <br> Expenses, Board, etc. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Other Ex- } \\ \text { penses-Fees, } \\ \text { Books, etc. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Productive FundsAmount of. | Receipts from Benefactions. | Total Income, Including Tuitionor Incidental Charges. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middlebury College... | \$60 | \$145 | \$45 | \$384,000 |  | \$24,000 |
| Midland College.. | 30-40 | 100 | 15-25 | 24,657 | \$5,514 | 10,704 |
| Milligan College. | 24-36 | 100-136 | 15-40 | ...... | 600 | 4,100 |
| Mills College... | (i) 360 | (i) | 25 |  | 20,000 |  |
| Millsaps College. | - 30 | 108 | 18 | 110.000 | 1,500 | 11.000 |
| Milton College. | 24-36 | 120-200 | 5-15 | 83,743 | 26.50 | 10,083 |
| Miss, Agri. \& Mech. Col... | ( $m$ ) 20 | 85-74 | 35 | 98.575 |  | 66,115 |
| Mississippi College. | 35 | 85-125 | 20 | 39,000 | 3,300 | 10,400 |
| Missouri Valley College... | 25-40 | 100-160 | 5-20 | 112.000 | 1,500 | 20,415 |
| Monmouth College......... | 40 | 125 | 15 | 100.000 | - 950 |  |
| Moore's Hill College. | 36. 75 | 80-100 | 15.25 | 20,140 | 1,950 | 5,300 |
| Morningside College. | 30 9 | 108-126 | 25 | ..... | ...... |  |
| Morrisville College... | 40 | 75-100 | 18 | ...... | ...... | §§4,000 |
| Mount Angel College. | 50 | 150 | 10 |  |  |  |
| Mt. Holyoke College $\ddagger$ | 100 | 150-180 | 25-50 | 470,000 | 168,438 | (c) 112,600 |
| Mount St. Mary's College | (i) 300 | (i) | 30 | None. |  |  |
| Mount Union College....... |  | 90 | 20 | 62,800 | 2,106 | 16,584 |
| Muhlenberg College.. | 50-75 | 117-156 | 15-25 | 155,780 | 12,312 | (c) 16,892 |
| Muskingum College. | 38 | 85-100 | 8-12 | 36,500 | 8.246 | (c) 7, 723 |
| Nebraska Wesleyan Univ. | 20 | 120 | 10 | 10,000 | 12,909 | 17,902 |
| Nevada State University. | None. | $150-200$ $60-108$ | 10-30 | 32.000 | 12,000 | 56.522 6.000 |
| New York University...... | 100-180 | 206.400 | 35-55 | 2,239,859 | 827,000 | 595,768 |
| Niagara University... | 100 | 100 | 15 | None. |  | §§35,000 |
| North Carolina College... | 40 | 70-90 | 10-20 | 8000 | None. | 1.963 |
| Northern Illinois College.. | 40 33 | 150 | 15 |  |  | §\$2.000 |
| Northwestern Coll. (111.) Northwestern Univ (111). | $33-39$ $69-150$ | 125-200 | $10-20$ | 100,000 | 10.000 | 27,750 |
| Northwestern Univ. ( 111$).$ Northwest Missouri Coll.. | 69-150 | 122-262 | 15-50 | 2,465,827 None. |  | 15,000 |
| Oberlin College ...... | 50.75 | 125-250 | 15-75 | 1,002,477 | 65,758 | (c) 142,259 |
| Ogden College | 25-40 | 125-150 | 30 | 130,000 | None. | (c) 8,920 |
| Ohio State University...... | 15-60 | 144-348 | (y) | 552,617 | 925 | 277'593 |
| Ohio Univ. (A thens, O.)... | None. | 100-200 | 22-35 | None. | None. | 42.000 |
| Ohio Wesleyan Univ... | 46 | 150 | 25 | 1,080,631 | 250,000 | (c) 57,106 |
| Olivet College... | 45 | 110-150 | 25 | 130,000 | 52000 | 64.000 |
| Ottawa University | $27 \cdot 30$ | 90-150 | 10-15 | 80.000 | Nome. | 14,000 |
| Otterbein University........ | 41 | 110 |  | 70.000 | 2,500 | 17,500 |
| Ouachita Baptist College.. | 50 | 75-135 | 10 | None. | ...... | \$8 10.000 |
| Oxford College.............. . | 50 | 230 | 15 |  |  |  |
| Pacific College (Oreg. )...... | -35 | 100 |  | 8,000 | 6.000 | 8.500 |
| Pacific University........... | 30-45 | 75. 125 | 35 | 175,000 | $\ldots$ | ...... |
| Park College..... | 15-30 | $75-129$ $180-300$ | 10 | 200,000 160,000 | ...... | 13.000 |
| Penn College (Iowa). | 38 | 100-125 | 9 | 160,000 |  | §§8,100 |
| Pennsylvania College....... | 30 | 122-215 | 26-45 | 210,000 | 5,500 | 26,757 |
| Penna. Military College... | (m) 500 | (i) | 160 |  |  |  |
| Pennsylvania state Coll... | (m) 100 | 180 | 50 | 517,000 | None. | 115,679 |
| Philander Smith College.. | 12 | 70 | 5 | None. | 2,146 | 3,546 |
| Philomath College.......... | 25 | ( $\begin{array}{r}100 \\ 70-200\end{array}$ | 11-41 | 5,000 | 5,000 | 13,250 |
| Polytechnic Institute....... | 200 | 250-350 |  | 110,000 |  | 13,20 |
| Portland University......... | 44-52 | 90-108 | 55-65 | None. | 1,200 | 6,300 |
| Princeton Theol. sem...... | None. | -909 9 | 12 | 1,304,794 | 7,360 | 83,407 |
| Princeton University...... | 150 None. | $200-500$ 160 | 35-50 | 340.000 |  | 161,032 |
| Radcliffe College $\ddagger$ | 200 | 300 |  | 400,000 | 54,249 | §§72,847 |
| Randolph-Macon College. | 75 | 120 | 35 | 120,000 |  |  |
| Red River Valley Univ..... | 36 | 108-144 | 10-20 | 3,000 | 1,141 | 2,450 |
| Rensselaer Poly. Inst...... | 200 | 190-370 |  |  |  |  |
| Richmond College (Ohio). | 36 | 100.150 | - 15 | None. | 0... | 3.000 |
| Richmond College (Va.)... | + 70 | 125-150 | - 25 | 270,000 | 20,000 | (c) 28,000 |
| Rio Grande College.......... | 24-28 | 100 | 10-30 | 69,000 | 200 | 6,200 |
| Ripon College..... | 30-36 | 92-150 | 24-33 | 201,548 | 30 | 20,240 |
| Roanoke College. | 50 | 84-140 | 20-40 | 65,000 | 7,200 | 14,200 |
| Rock Hill College............ | (i) 260 |  | 50 | None. | None. |  |
| Roger Williams Univ. ( $\alpha$ ).. | - 8 | 72 | 16 |  | 195 | §§1.170 |
| Rose Polytechnic Inst....... | 30-50 | 160-200 | 25 |  |  | ...... |
| Rutgers College.... | 75 | 126-216 | 39-69 | 600,000 | 5,0 |  |
| San Francisco Theo. Sem. | None. | 125 | None. | 4000,000 |  | 16,000 |
| Scio College.................... | 33 | 105 | 19 | None. | None. | 18,598 |
| Scotia Seminary .............. | None. | 45 | 17-24 | ...... | 9,173 | 14,914 |
| Seton Hall College ........... | (i) 300 | 42-64 | 30 $2-15$ | 31,238 | 3,401 | 34,545 |
| Shurtleff College.................. | - 56 | 135 | 2-15 | 129,145 | 14,793 | (c) 11,966 |
| Simpson College............. | 31-38 | 95-123 | 3-8 | 53,013 | 1,338 | 12,328 |
| Smith College.................. | 100 | -300 |  | 750,400 | 128,288 |  |
| South Carolina College..... | 40 | 90-130 | 45 | None. | 128,288 | 30,000 |
| South Dakota University. | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ \text { None }\end{array}$ | 100 | 15 |  |  | ... |
| Southern Bapt.Theo.Sem. <br> Southern University ........ | None. | 90 $140-170$ | 20 20 | 465,000 50,000 | 1,000 | 15,000 |
| South Kentucky College.. | 40 | 110-130 | 10 | 50,000 | 1,000 | 15,000 |

## 308 Universities and Colleges of the United States.-continued.

| Colleges-Table Three. For explanation of signs, see page 311. | TuitionCost per Annum. | Living <br> Expenses, Board, etc | Othe' Ex- penses-Ftes, Books, ttc. | Productive FundsAmount of. | Receipts from Benefactions | Total licome, <br> Including Tuttion : Incidental Charges |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S. W. Bapt. Univ. (Tenn.) | \$10-50 |  |  |  |  |  |
| S. W. Presb. Univ. (Tenn.) | 60 | 82-160 | \$76 | \$210.000 | \$45.000 | \$ $\$ 84,200$ |
| S thwestern Univ. (Tex.) | 60 | 90-150 | 25 22 | None. | 3000 | 9722 |
| Spring Hill College.......... | (i) 300 | i) | ...... | Nol | 1000 | 40.000 |
| state Univ. of Iowa......... | 25-75 | 126-25:2 | 5 | 25.000 | Noue | 154.876 |
| stevens Institute 'Tech.... St. Francis Xavier's Coll.. | (p) | 250-350 None. | $35-45$ 20 | 500.000 | 50.000 | (c) 58,000 |
| St. John's College (D. C. ).. | 100 |  | 15-20 |  |  | 11.800 |
| st. John's College (Md. )... | 75 | 160 | 20 | 1.000 | 14,200 | 22.000 |
| St. John's College (N. Y.) | 60 | 285 | 40 | 840,000 | None. | 20,000 |
| st. John's Univ. (Minn.). | 50 | 150 | 20-40 | None. | None. | 21350 |
| St. Lawrence U niversity... | 60 | None. | 30 10 | 361.016 None. | 11,491 | 24350 |
| St. Mary's College (Kan.) | 30 | 225 | 10 | None. | None. |  |
| St. Mary's College (Ky.).. | 30 | 120 | 15-20 | None | None. | \$ 812.000 |
| St. Olaf College............... | None. | 85 | 17 | 7.000 | 7.033 | 10123 |
| St. Paul's College | 33 | 140-150 | 15 | 20.000 | 1.500 | §3,000 |
| St. Stephen's College | None. | 225 | None. | 110,412 | 6,551 | 25,767 |
| Syracuse University | 100-135 | 250-400 | 25 | 703.359 | 64.965 | 206,627 |
| Tabor College.. | 39 | 150-300 | 25-50 | 100,000 | 11,353 | (c) 14,300 |
| Talladega College. | 4-8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tarkio College. | 30 | 115-160 | 14-21 | 59000 | 5,747 | 14.025 |
| Taylor University. | - 36 | 716 | None. | Noue. | 3,00 | 6,000 |
| 'Teachers' College.. | 75-150 | 125 | 10 | 62500 |  |  |
| Throop Poly. Inst | 75 | 220 | 10 | 28200 | 27.855 | 43,455 |
| Trinity College (Ct.) | 100 | 225-400 | 30-75 | -60,000 | 24088 | 96.640 |
| Trinity College (N.C.).... | 50 | 8500 | -25 | 275.000 | 93,000 | (c) 32000 |
| Trinity Univ. (Te | 40-50 | 85-130 | 10-30 | - |  |  |
| Tuits College. ... | 100-120 | 156195 | 45.105 | 1.700 .000 | 40,000 | 153,735 |
| Tulane University | 105 | 180-270 | 10.45 | 1,477000 |  | 105.000 |
| Union College (Ky.)... ... | 38 | 120100 | 10 | 7.500 | 1.700 | 4.000 |
| Union College ( Neb ) | 75 | 120150 | $\begin{array}{r}10-25 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ | 450602 | None. | 23.968 |
| Union Christian College... | 30 | 90-120 | 10-18 | 40,000 | 2,300 | 9,085 |
| Union Theological Sem. | 35 | 125150 | None. | 1,350.000 |  |  |
| Univ of Alabama. | (m) 40-125 | 130 | 40.50 | 300000 | None | 42.563 |
| Univ of Arizona | None. | 135 | 40-100 | 52000 | None. | (x) 52.000 |
| Univ of Arkansas | (m) 30 | 60.140 | 10-20 | 130000 | None. | 61,588 |
| Umiv of California. | (j) | 200-2:35 | None. | 2843,005 | 7.000 | 485175 |
| Univ of Chicago ............. | 120 | $\because 90$ | 150 | 4,095 940 | 683939 | c) 723083 |
| Univ of Cincinnati.. ..... ... | (r) $75-100$ | 100up. | 25.40 | 1.186,322 | 140000 | \$\$48000 |
| Univ of Colorado | (a) 20 | 1200 |  |  | None. | 80000 |
| Univ of Denver | 30-75 | 135-300 | 50.65 | 268.000 | 6,314 | 28,128 |
| Univ of Georgia. | None | 110 97 | 10.34 | 404,000 | None. | 60000 |
| Univ of Idaho... | (m) | 110-150 | $10 \cdot 25$ |  |  |  |
| Univ of Illinois | (o) | 159-233 | 30-50 | 475.444 | None. | 379,294 |
| Univ of Kansas | None. | 140-320 | (y) 53 | 142.000 | None. | 175500 |
| Univ of Maine... | (s) | 125171 | 53 | 1,019.901 | None. | 96, 122 |
| Univ. of Minnesota. | (v) | 175.250 | 150. 200 | 1.32, 000 |  | 398.177 |
| Univ of Mississippi | (l) 50 | 100-160 | 25.65 | 540000 | None. | 42.696 |
| Univ. of Missouri... | Hone. | 80-300 | 5 | (z) $1,234,819$ | 16,000 | 176.821 |
| Univ of Montana. | (m) | 150-200 | 20 | (r) |  | 35.000 |
| Univ. of Nashville ( $k$ )....... | 25 | 200 | 35 | (e) | None. | 43000 |
| Univ. of Nebraska...... | (l) 45 | 200 | 20 | 175.000 |  | 287.000 |
| Univ of New Mexico....... | None. | 350 | 5 |  | 20.000 | §§ 400 |
| Univ. of North Carolina... | 60 | 150-300 | 50 | 100,000 | 4,000 | 48000 |
| Univ of North Daknta..... | None. | 12.5 | 20 | None. | None | 45.000 |
| Univ of Notre Dame........ | 50-150 | 200-350 | 25-50 | None | 3,000 |  |
| Univ. of Omaha ................ | 36-100 | 100-108 | 20-50 | 135.000 | 5.000 | 22,000 |
| Univ of Oregon | None. | 150 | 30 | 185, 000 | None. | 44,963 |
| Univ. of the Pacific. | 50 | 210 | 25 | 30.000 | 1.500 | 25,000 |
| Univ. of Pennsylvania ..... | 100-200 | 350-500 | 25 | 2,935, 459 | 616,441 | 1,082. 145 |
| Univ. of Rochester. | 60 | 125-180 | 20-40 | 724.300 | 24.771 | 43248 |
| Univ. of the South. | 80-100 | 130-193 | 25 | 175.000 | 15,050 | 50441 |
| Univ. of South Dakota | 12-36 | 125-200 | 5-35 | None. | None. | 32000 |
| Univ. of South. California |  | 200 | - 20 | 150.000 |  | \$56.000 |
| Univ. of Tennessee. | (m) 60 None. | 100-175 | $35-90$ $25-50$ | 425,000 | None. | 77.149 150,000 |
| Univ. of Utah.. | 10 | 125-225 | 5-40 | 145, 000 | 2, 25 | 44.000 |
| Unic. of Vermont | 60 | 150200 | 90-140 | 250000 | 51.000 | 79.190 |
| Univ of Virginia. | (d) | 180 | 40 | 365,600 | 19,941 | 132.916 |
| Univ. of Washington | None. | 100-200 | 50 | None. | None. | 55.000 |
| Univ. of Wisconsin. | (m) 18 | 160 | 15-25 | 525,000 |  | 426.663 |
| Univ. of Wooster.. | 45-60 | 75-150 | $30-50$ | 350,000 | 20,000 | \$ $\$ 15.000$ |
| Univ. of Wroming. | None. | 150225 |  | None. | None. | 50.000 |
| Upper Iowa University... | 36 | 125-175 | 20 | 47,1000 | 3.000 | 16.000 |
| Ursinus College........ | 60 | 190 | 25 | 180,000 | 15,000 | 25.000 |

Universities and Colleges of the United States.-Continued. 309

| Colleges-Table Three. For explanation of signs, see page 311. | TuitionCost per Annum. | Living Expenses. Board, etc. | Other Ex- <br> penses-Fees, <br> Books, etc.$\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Productive } \\ & \text { Funds- } \\ & \text { Amount of. } \end{aligned}$ | Receipts from Benefactions. | Total Incorne, Including Tuition or Incidentat Charges. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. Military Academy..... | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dagger \\ & \S \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Vanderbilt Universit | \$85 | \$100-200 | \$40-60 | \$1,200,000 |  | \$100,000 |
| Vassar College $\ddagger$... | 100-115 | 300 | None. | 986,953 | \$33,578 | 292,882 |
| Villanova College | (i) 250 | (i) | 135 |  |  |  |
| Virginia Military I | 75 | 125 | 165 | 20,000 344,312 | None. None. | $\begin{aligned} & 52,200 \\ & 83,591 \end{aligned}$ |
| Wabash College...... | 28 | 110-165 | 30-40 | 460,000 |  |  |
| Wake Forest Colleg | 60 | 90-250 | 15-40 | 205,441 |  | 27,760 |
| Wa hburn College. | 40 | 125 | 10 | 70,000 | 5,668 | 20,396 |
| Washington Coll. (Md.) | 50 | 93 | None. | 25,000 | None. | 8,000 |
| Washington Coll. (Tenn.) | 27 | 50-65 | 10 | 5,000 | 2,523 | 6,184 |
| Wash'n ' Jefferson Coll. | 24 | 130-200 | -60 | 258.129 | 565 | 33,482 |
| Washington \& Lee Univ. | 50 | 80-180 | 30-50 | 630,915 |  | 45,000 |
| W ashington University... | 150 | 200-300 | 25-50 | 775,000 | 6,000 | 157,787 |
| Wellesley College $\ddagger$. | 175 | 225 | 20 |  | 193,000 | (c) 226.448 |
| Wells College $\ddagger .$. | 100 | 300 | 15-25 | 200,000 | 1,500 | 49.749 |
| Wesleyan University...... | 75 | 350-500 | (y) | 1,272,247 | 25,000 | 94.559 |
| Western College........... | 36 45 | 125-150 |  |  | 18,000 | 24,000 |
| Western Reserve Univ.... | 85-100 | 180 | 20-26 | 1,145,000 | 92,000 | 263.000 |
| Western Unip of Penna.. | 100. | 180 | 20 | 450,000 | 160,000 | (c) 95,000 |
| Westfield College.. | 30 | 85-114 | 13-28 |  | 6,000 | 9.950 |
| Westminster Coll. (Mo. )... | 50 | 85-160 | 12 | 209.017 | 633 | 13,129 |
| Westminster Coll. (Pa.).. | 42 | 95-140 | 15 | 80.000 | 7.600 | 23.000 |
| West Virginia University. | (m) 37.50 | 130-250 | 25 | 115000 | None | 147,000 |
| Wheaton College. | 24 | 150 | 50 | 52,000 | 20,000 | 32.000 |
| Whitman College | 48 | 144 | 23 | 175,000 | 85.000 | (c) 20,000 |
| Wilberforce Univ. ( | 14-17 | 78-100 | 10 | 30,400 | 8,629 | (c) 27.010 |
| Wiley University.. | 10 | 100 | 12 |  | 300 | 12,000 |
| Willamette University .... | 18-45 | 75-150 | 8 | 41,000 | 300 | 14,100 |
| William \& Mary College.... | 35 | 85-101 | 21 | 127.900 | 1,000 | 20.744 |
| William Jewell College.. | 40 | 100-150 | 25-35 | 213,000 | 15,000 | 20.000 |
| Williams College.. | 105 | 150-250 | 25 | 1,212,128 | 26,959 | 104.896 |
| Wilmington Coll. (Ohio)... | 39 | 120 | 20 | 30,000 | 800 | 5, 900 |
| Wilson Colleget..... | 60 | 190 | 12 | 200,000 |  | 76,000 |
| Wittenberg College | 50 | 120 |  |  |  |  |
| Wofford College. | 40 | 115-180 | 25 | 63,000 |  | 16,000 |
| Worcester Poly. Inst | 100-150 | 150.225 150.400 | 30 $20-100$ | 610,000 $5,000,000$ | 5,000 200,000 | 68.000 800,000 |
| Yankton College | 30 | 100-125 | 15-25 | 5,0 55,000 | 12,000 | 18,000 |
| York College................ | 26 | 75-90 | 10 | 50,000 | 5,000 | 6,800 |

## 式ounding of Notey colleges,

## FRATERNITIES, AND SOCIETIES.

THE University of Oxford has the reputation of having been founded by King Alfred in 872.
The first college of the University of Cambridge was founded by Hugo, Bishop of Ely, in 1257.
The University of Paris was founded by King Philip II. about 1200.
The first German university was at Prague, 1348.
Trinity College, Dublin, was incorporated by royal charter in 1591.
The University of Edinburgh was founded in 1582 by a charter granted by King James VI. of Scotland.

Harvard University had its beginning at Newtown, afterward Cambridge, Mass. , in 1636.
Yale University had its beginning at Saybrook, Ct, , in 1700, and was removed to New Haven in 1716.

William and Mary College, first steps taken toward establishing it in 1617, erected at Williamsburg, Va., and charter granted in 1693.

The first common schools established by legislation in America were in Massachusetts, 1645; but the first town school was opened at Hartford, Ct. , prior to 1642.

There are twenty-eight collegn Greek-letter societies in the United States, which have a membership of 100,000 , with some 650 active chapters and 350 inactive chapters. They own 70 houses or halls in various college towns and cities.

The oldest college fraternity is the Kappa Alpha, which was founded at Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., in 1825.

There are eleven women's college fraternities, the oldest being the Pi Beta Phi, founded at Monmouth College in 1867.

There are also 16 professional fraternities founded by professional schools attached to colleges, and these number some 50 active chapters and over 3,500 members.

In addition are a number of local fraternities.

## College ientowments.

List of Colleges and Universities reporting as having received $\$ 100,000$ or more in endowments, with names of donors. See also column of "Productive Funds" ou pages 304-309,

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | No | Lincoln | 0 | Various pers |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & 253,500 \end{aligned}$ | Not stated.U. S. Government. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 500,000 \\ & 360,575 \end{aligned}$ | Yarious persons. <br> Mass, and U. S. |
| a. P |  |  |  |  |  |
| fred Univ | 272,230 | Not stated. | Mass. Agricultural.. | 2,449,392 |  |
|  | 220 | Not stated. | M Cormick Theol. | 986,0 |  |
|  | 1,500. |  |  |  | Not stated. <br> C. and E. Starr. |
|  | 100,000 |  | Millsaps....... ........ | 107,000 |  |
| Armour | 3,000,000 | Philip D Armour. | Mt. Union.............. | 169,326 |  |
| tlanta |  | Various persons. |  |  | Not stated. Not stated. |
| burn | 950,000 |  | New York Univi...... | 3,278,887 | Not stated. |
| Bate | 100,000 | D | Northwestem (IIl.).. Oberlin. | 200,000 | Not stated. |
|  |  |  |  |  | U. S. Government |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 250,000 \\ & 301,000 \end{aligned}$ |  | Ohio State Univ. Ohio Wesleyan Univ. Pennsylvania........ | 552,617 |  |
|  |  | D. K. Pearsons and others. |  | $1,200,000$ 210,000 | Various persons. Not stated. |
|  |  | Notstated. others. | Pennsylvania........ <br> Penna. State College. | $\begin{array}{r} 210,000 \\ 517,000 \end{array}$ | Notstated. |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 250,600 \\ 1,676,322 \end{array}$ |  | Pratt Institute....... Princeton Th. Sem. | $4,000,000$$1,875,465$ | Charles Pra |
|  |  |  |  |  | Not stated. |
|  |  | Not stated. Brigham Young. | 1'riuceton Univ. (b).. | $1,875,465$ <br> 100,000 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 194555 \\ & 1,510,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 1,500,000 | John C. Green |
|  |  | Jrigham Young. | Purdue University... | 340,000 | Not stated. |
|  | * 2000000 | Nicholas Brown. J. D. Rockefeller. | Radcliffe. Ripon. | 700,000 |  |
| Case Schl. Appl. Sci. | 2,000,000 | J. D. Rockefeller. Leonard Case. | Ripon. <br> Rose Poly. Inst........ |  | Not stated. Cbauncey Rose. |
| Catholic University. | 1,827,032 | Various persons. <br> Ephraim Baynard and $\omega$ thers. | Smith.............. | 1,743,553 <br> 811,000 | Not stated. <br> E. O. Steveus and others. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clark Univ. (Mass. ) | 2,000,000 | Jonas G. Clark. James B. Colgate. Not stated. | Syracuse University | 2,054,443 | Not stated. $\mathrm{Caroline} \mathrm{L}. \mathrm{Macy}$. |
| ate | $\begin{array}{r} 1,500,000 \\ 368.000 \end{array}$ |  |  | 150,000 |  |
|  |  |  | Throop Poly, Ins |  | Amos G. Throop. |
| Columbi |  | seth Low. <br> Joseph Loubet. <br> W. W. Corcoran. | Tulane University... Union Christian..... | 1050,000110,000 | Paul Tulane. Various persons. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,100,000 \\ & 181,3 z 6 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Univ. of Alabama. | $\begin{aligned} & 300.000 \\ & 130,000 \end{aligned}$ | U S. Government. U. S. Government. |
|  | $1,750,000$200,000 | W. W. Corcoran. <br> Peter Cooper. Not stated. |  |  |  |
| ne |  |  | Univ. of California.. Univ. of Chicago | 11,710,054 | Various sonrces. |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 670,000 \\ 1,170,000 \end{array}$ | Not stated. <br> Ezra Cornell. <br> H. W. Sage. |  |  | and others, <br> Various persons. |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,500,000 \\ & * 300,000 \end{aligned}$ | H. W. Sage. Oliver H. Payne. | Univ. of Denver.... | $\begin{array}{r} 420.000 \\ 475.444 \\ +329.091 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  | Edward Tuck. Not stated. | Univ. of Illinois.... <br> Univ, of Cincinnati. |  | Various persons. <br> U S. Goverument. |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,000,000 \\ 300,000 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Various persons. Various persons. Not stated. |
|  |  | Not stated. Maxwell Chambers and others. | Univ. of Cincinnati. <br> Univ. of Maine | 1,186,322 <br> 243.400 |  |
|  | * 100,000 J | J. D. Rockefeller. | Univ. of Maine <br> Univ. of Michigan.. | $74.000$ |  |
| De Pau | $\begin{aligned} & 1,500,000 \\ & 200.000 \end{aligned}$ | Wm. C. De Pauw. Not stated. | Univ. of Minnesota. | $3,500,000$ | Minnesota, the U S. and J S.Pillsbury |
| Drew Theol |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drexe | $\begin{array}{r} 3,000.000 \\ 260,000 \end{array}$ | Anthony J. Drezel. Not stated. | Univ. of Mississippi. | ,000 | U. S. Gov., granted Feb. 20, 1819. |
| Drur |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 150.000 \\ & 200,000 \end{aligned}$ | Not stated. Not stated. | Univ. of Missouri ... . Univ. of Montana... |  | Various sources. <br> U. S. Government. |
| - | $3,366.626$ | Not stated. Various persons. | Univ. of N. Dakota.. Univ. of Penua...... | S'e note e | U. S. Government. <br> U. S. Government. |
| Georget |  |  |  |  | Iax. Somerville. <br> Notstated. <br> Andrew Carnegie. |
| Girard | 25,000.000 | Stephen Girard. Not stated. |  | *250,000 |  |
| Hamptou |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 100,000 \\ & 396,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Harvard | $* 350000$$* 500.000 ~$ | Jacob Schiff. Edward Austin. Henry C. Warren. Jacob P. Jones. | Univ, of Tennessee. . Univ. of Texas...... |  | A. S. Government U. S. Government. Not stated. |
|  |  |  |  | 20,00 |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} * \\ \\ 1,0000,000 \\ 1,000,000 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 20.000 |  |
| Haverfo |  |  | ande | 1,200 | Vanderbilt family. |
| Heidel | 150 | Jacob P. Jones. Various persons. |  |  | Mat |
| Hills | 240 |  |  |  |  |
| Hiram | 150,00 | No |  |  |  |
| Hob | $\ddagger 682$ | Various per |  |  |  |
| Iowa |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iowa State | 820, | stated. |  |  | ot |
| JohnB.Stetson | 200 | John B. St |  |  | e. |
| Johns | 3,000,000 |  |  |  |  |
| K |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lake Forest. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lane 'The | 502 | Not stat |  |  |  |
| T | 2,000,000 | Asa |  |  |  |
|  | 15. | Leland and wife. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,50 \\ & 7 \\ & 150 \end{aligned}$ | Various person O. C Marsh. |
| Lelan | 117,5 | T |  |  |  |

* Donated in 1899
$\dagger$ Since 1897. $\ddagger$ Amount of present net property.
§ $\$ 400,000$ by Samuel Cupples in 1899
(a) Productive funds, $\leqslant 11,666,371$. (b) College financial budget not published. (c) l'otal property and endowment. (d) 46,080 acres of land that cannot be sold for less than $\$ 10$ per acre. (e) 126,080 acres of land, none of which may be sold for less than $\$ 10$ per acre.


#  

TABLE ONE.

- All departments. + Co-education of the sexes. $\ddagger$ Education of women only. § For the education of colored students. $\$$ Teachers College is now part of Columbia University. $\ddagger \ddagger$ Medical Department at Mobile, Ala. $\dagger+$ At Chattanooga also,
§§Figures are for Franklin College. State College of Agriculture and Mech. Arts, and Law Dep't.
(a) Co-education in Medical Department.
(b) Not yet organized for instructiou. Is inrended solely for post-graduate work.
(c) No restriction as to color.
(d) Certain courses are open to women in Colum. bia University, with use of library, who are students of Barnard or Teachers' College.
(e) Negotiations pending for its transfer to another college at time ALMANAC was printed.
(f) Confined strictly to post-graduate work. The national university of the cburch.
(g) Academic and Technical Departments at Fayetteville: Law and Medical Dep'ts at Little Rock; Normal School(for negroes ), Pine Bluff, Ark
(h) Exclusive of 1,470 students of Teachers' College and 278 students of Barnard College.
(i) Presbyterian in sympathy,
(j) For Indians and colored youth, both sexes.
( $k$ ) Professors take Chairmanship in turn.


## TABLE

*All departments. + Co-education of the sexes. $\ddagger$ Education of women only. § For the education of colored students. TMedicine, May 14. Law. June 11; Undergraduate, June 21.
(b) Convocation days are first days of each quarter, January 1, A pril 1, July 1, October 1.
(c) Confined strictly to post-graduate work. The national university of the church.
(d) No restriction as to color.
(e) S. C. Cole, Akron, O. j. B. Pierce, Sharpsville, Pa.:A.S. Peckham, Hiram, O. : all class of '73.
( $f$ ) For Indians and colored youth.
(g) Co-education in medical school.
( $h$ ) Mary E. Eckstein, Charles Biermann. Wil low City, N. Dak.: Christian Arnold. Washing ton ; all class of 91.
(i) Warren C. Eustis, Owatonna, Minn, and Henry M. Williamson, Portland, Ore.; both class of 73. (j) L. D. L. Tosh, Argentine, Kan. : Murray Harris, Baird, Tex. ; Flora R. Coleman, Larv. rence, Kan ; P. Collins. Rodi. Pa. : all class of '73.
(k) Total number of students number of graduates unknown.
(l) J. E. Hurlbert. Cleveland, O. , and Mrs. Elmer E. Truesdall, Garrettsville, O. ; both class of '69. ( m ) J M. Caraness, Chanute, Kan. ; O. K. Hall and Rev. J. C. Hall, Hutchinson, Kan.; all class of ' 66 .
(n) J W. Gillespie, Washington, D. C. ; George
(l) Branch at Bellevue, Neb., also.
( $m$ ) Located in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
( $n$ ) Separate department for women in the H. Sophie Newcomb Memorial College.
(o) For both sexes, except that Adelbert College Annex is for women only.
(p) Dental and Law Schools at Chicago.
(q) Report at close of 1898.
( $r$ ) Schools Pharmacy and Medicine at Chicago.
(s) Academic and Law Departments at Austin; Medical at Galveston: Agricultural and Mechanical Branch at College Station, Tex.
( $t$ ) College for women at Lynchbuiǵ, Va.
(u) School of Mines at Rolla, Mo.
(v) Co-education in graduate courses only.
(w) Co-education in law, pedagogy, and gradu ate schools. The University proper is at University Heights, Bronx Borough, New York; Law School at Wasnington Square, New York
( $x$ ) College of Liberal Arts at St. Paul, Minn.; College Physicians and Surgeons Minueapolis.
(y) Medical Department located in Louisville. Statistics are exclusive of medical students and those in commercial college.
(z) A cademic Department only.

TWO:
Hester, Clereland, O. ; S. F. De Ford, Ottawa, O.; V. H. Dressler, Alliance, O. : all class of ' 58.
(o) James Mullenbach, Chicago, Ill ; Donald G. Colp, New Haven, Ct. ; Mary Curtiss, Moville, N. Dak. : all class of 96.
(p) Medicine, April 21; Theology, May 15; Law, June 1: Liberal Arts, May 23.
(q) Report at close of 1898.
(r) Rev Wm. T. Jackson, Emmettsburg, Iowa: Emma N.Steel. David City. Neb. ; both class of ' 64 .
(s) Annie L. Barber, Meadville. Pa. ; Grace R. Canfield, Cambridge, Mass. : Mrs. D. L. Tappan, Arlington. Mass.: all class of 83.
(t) Rev. G. C. Leonard, Newton, N. C. ; Rev. G. L. M. Lyerly, Crescent, N. C. i Dr. Moses Zoil, Mt. Pleasant, N. C. ; all class of ' 84.
(u) R. C. Anderson, Covington, Va. : H. E. C. Baskerville. Richmond. Va.; both class of 36. (v) W. C. Baker. Grand Haven, Mich. ; S. H. Pennington, Newark. N. J.: Geo. P. Tayloe, Roanoke, Va.; all class of ' 25 .
(w) A my Barnes Miller, Seattle, Wash, Alvah J. Graham, Winfield. Kan.: Olive Stubblefield. Robertson, Chandler, Okla. ; all class of 89.
$(x)$ Figures are for College of Liberal Arts only.
(y) Academic Department only.
(z) R. W. Baker, Fulton, Mo.; J. P. Broadwell, Shreveport, La.; Robt. McPheeters, Fulton; all class of 56.

## TABLE THREE.

+ At U. S. Military Academy tuition is free. C'adets are paid $\$ 540$ per year each by the Government, out of which they pay their own expenses for board, clothing, etc. ; living expenses average about $\$ 212$ per annum. $\dagger+$ Free to sons of ministers.
§ At U. S. Naval Academy tuition is free. Cadets are paid $\$ 500$ per year each by the Government, out of which they pay their own expenses for board. clothing, etc. ; living expenses average about $\$ 24$ per month.
$\ddagger$ Education of women only. $\ddagger \ddagger$ A mount indefinite, but income is about $\$ 250,000$. See also "College Endowments.
§§ Income from tuition, board, or incidental charges only.
(a) For colored students.
(b) College department, $\$ 12$ : professional, $\$ 60$.
(c) Exclusive of benefactions.
(d) Engineering, $\$ 100$; law. $\$ 100$; medicine, $\$ 120$ first year, $\$ 100$ second year, $\$ 60$ third year. (e) 30,240 acres of land.
(f) $\$ 70$ in medical departments : others free.
(g) Free to State residents, except in prof. courseo

Medical and law departments not included.
(h) For colored and Indian youth.
(i) Living expenses included in tuition charges.
(j) Free except in professional departments.
(k) Applies to Peabody Normal College only.
(l) Law department; no charge in other branches.
$(m)$ Free to State residents.
(n) 46,080 acres of land that cannot be sold for less than $\$ 10$ per acre.
(®) 111 graduate school and undergraduate classes tuition is free. Preparatory and special students, $\$ 15$ a year; law, $\$ 50$ a year: pharmacy, $\$ 75$ a year: medical school, \$105 a year.
(p) $\$ 150$ for students residing in New Jersey, $\$ 225$ for non-residents.
$(r)$ Free to residents of Cincinnati.
(s) Matriculation fee (first year only), residents, $\$ 10$; non-residents, $\$ 25$; annual fee, residents, \$30: non-residents, \$40.
( $t$ ) Free to clerical students.
(u) For College of Letters and Science; other departments vary.
(v) Law department, $\$ 55$; medicine, 890 ; free in other departments, with incidental fee of $\$ 5$ a term. (w) 2,000.000 acres of land, $\$ 600,000$ bonds.
(x) Federal, State, or Territorial appropriation.
(y) Charges for books, fees, etc., included in living expenses.
(z) And 50,000 acres unsold land; also about $\$ 40,000$ a year from U. S. Goverument.

## amcticair College $\mathfrak{C}$ bects.

THis collection of cheers has been made by The World AlmaNac, by correspondence with officials of the respective institutions, and revised to 1900 . It is believed to be the largest collection ever published.
Add-Run Christ' $n$ Univ. - "Boom el lacker, Boom el lacker,Boom el la bool Varsity, varsity ! Add-Ran U", Alabama Polytechnic Institute. - "Je hah, Je hah, Je hah hah hah, Auburn Auburn, rah rah rah. Auburn, Auburn is our cry. V-I-C-T-O-R-Y!',
Albion. - 'A-1'-b-i'-o-n', Bis Boom Bah, Albion, Rah! Rah! Rah!",
Alfred University, - "Rah! Rah! Rah! Zip, Rah, Boom! Aifred University, Give Her Room!'" Allegheny. - "Alleghe! Alleghe! Rah! Boom! Allegheny!'
Almic.-"One. two, three, Hip, hi, hoo, ray, A LMA, Rah Rah Rah! Alma!"'
Amherst. - "Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Amherst!"
Armour -Institute Trehnology. - "Arc-Mec-Chem-Elec, Armour Tech-Armour Tech!" Atlonta University. - "Rah! Rah! Rah!Ah!See! Atlanta Universi-ty!",
Baker University.-"B. U.! Rah, Rah,Rah! B. U.! Rah, Rah, Rah! Hoorah! Hoorah! Baker! taker! Rah! Rab! Rah!',
Baldwin University.-"U rah rah; B. Baldwin; U rah rah!"' (repeated with tiger.)
Bates. - "B-A-T-E-S-Rah Rah Rah! Boom-a-laka, Boom-a-laka, Boom, Bates, Boom!"
Beloit-" B-E-L-O-I-T, Rah! Rah! Rah!"'
Bethany (Kan.). -‘'Ki-I-Ki-I-Ki-Hippi-Ki-I-Bethany-she-is Hi-Hi-Hi!',
Boston University. - ' Boston, Boston, B-B-B-Boston, 'Varsity, 'Varsity, Rah! Rah! Rah!'" Bowdoin. -"B-o-w-d-o-i-n, Rah, Rah, Rah!"
Brighani Young. -" Ru Ri B' Y, Ru Ri B Y, Ru Ry Re, B. Y. C.!'"
Brown University. - " Rah! Rah!-Rah! Rah!-Rah! Rah!-Brown Brown Brown-Ki Yi Ki YiKi YiHicki Hicki Hoorah!'" (three times).
Buchtel.-'Hoo-Ray-Rah-Roo, Wah-Hoo. Wah-Hoo Hallaballoo, Hallaballoo, 'Rah, 'Rah, 'Rah, Buchtel!’
F-reknell University.-"Yah! Yah! Yoo! Bucknell! B. U. ! Wah' Hoo! Hoo! Wah! Bang!'"
Corthage. " "Rat-a-ta-throt! ta-throt! ta-throt! Tear-a-ta-lake! ta-lake! ta-lake! Kick-a-ma-bah! kick-a-ma-bah! Carthage College! Rah! Rah! Rah!'
Crse School Applied Sciences. -"Hoo! Rah! Ki! Rah! S-C-I-E-N-C-E! Hoi! Hoi! Rah! Rah! Case!!', Central Univ. of Iowa. - "C. U. I. Rah! Rah! Hurrah! Hurrah' Central, Central, Rah! Rah! Rah!',', Central Univ. of Ky. - "Razzle dazzle, razzle dazzle! Sis. boom ! Ah!Central University, Rah!Rah!Rah!", Central Wesleyon - ' Zip Zap, Knowledge! Bing, Bang, Clee! Cent'l Wesleyan College! Ree, Rah, Ree!"' Centre - "Rackety-cax! Coax! Coax!'(twice) Hooray! Hooray! Centre, Centre, Rah! Rah! Rah!",
Christian University. - "Boom-araka, boom-araka, boom-araka-ree; Rip-izipi, rip-izipi, rip-izipi-zee, Who are we? Christian University!"'
Cafin University-"Rah! Rah! Rah! Claf-1in-i-a!"
Cemson Agri. College. - " Rah, Rah, Rah; Re Re Re, Rip, Rah; Rip, Rah; C. A. C. Zip Boom!" Coe. -"Zip, Boom, Gee, C-O-E-Rah, Rah, Rah-Coe!',
Colby University. - "CoO-L-B-Y, Rah! Rah! Rah!"' (three times.)
Culgate University. - Hip hoorah, rah-rah, rah-rah Hip hoorah rah-rah, rah-rah; Colgate, Colgate, Rah-Rah-Rah; Colgate!'
College of Emporia.- "Hoorah, Hoorah U-pi-dee: Hoorab!! Tiger!!! C. of E. !"
College of the City if New York.-'.'Rah, Rah, Rah, C. C. N. Y.!''
Cotorado. - "Pike's Peak or Bust! Pike's Peak or Bust! Colorado College! Yell we must!" Columbia University. -'" Ray 'Ray 'Ray C-o-1-u-m-b-i-a!'
Columbian University. - "Whang! Bang! Sis' Boom! Ah! Columbian! Columbian! Rah! Rah! Rah!'" Cornell College. -"Zipp. Siss, Boom, Caw-w, Ca-w-w-nell; C. C. Tiger-la, Zipp Zipp Hurrah!!!"' Cornell Chiversity. - "Cornell! I Yell Yell Yell! Cornell!,'
Cotner University.- "Cotner Cotner Cotner the Cotner University-Don't you see !"'
Cumbertand University. - "Allegaro-garo-garan! Hi-yip, Ki-yip! Cumberland, Cumberland!"'
Dartmouth. - ''Walı hoo wah' wah hoo wah! da-da-da. Dartmouth! wah hoo wah' T-i-g-e-r!',
Drvidson. - "Hey lio, Hi ho! Wah, hoo, wah. Davidson, Ra. Ra. Ra!!'
Deluware.-" D-E-L-A-Ware-Siss-Boom-Tiger-Rah' Rah' Rah!'
Denison University. --' Heike! Heike! Rah, rah, rah, hoorah, hoorah, Denison! Denison!:,
De Pruzu University, - 'Zip, Rah, Who D-P-U! Rip, Saw ' Boom' Bah! Bully for old De Pauw!"
Des Moines. -"Three times three, D. M. C.!Rah, rah, rah! Rah. rah, rah! Rah, rah, rah!Des Moines!" Dickinson. - " Hip-rah-bus-bis-Dickinsonien-Sis-Tiger!"'
Doane. - "Do-Do, Do-Ra-Me, Fa-Fa, Sol-La-See, D o-a-n-e, DOANE!!!"
Drake University.- White and Blue, White and Blue, What's the matter with old D. U. Blue and White, Blue and White, Drake University-she's all right!'
Earlham. -"Rah, rah, rah; ri, ro, rem; E-A-R-L-H-A-M; thee! thou! rah!!!"
Emory. - "Osky-wow-wow! Skinny-wow wow! Wow-wow! Emory",
Emory und Henry. "Rah! Rah! Rah! Sispoo bah! Emory and Henry, Wah-hoo! Wah!",
Fisk University. - "Cliclety! Clackety! Sis' Boom! Bah! Fisk University! Rah! Rah! Rah!',
Franklin (Ind.).-‘F-r-a-n-k-1-i-n! Hurrah! Hurrah! We are her men! Boom-wah-boom! Wah, hoo-wah! Franklin, Franklin, rah, rah, rah!!
Franklin and Mrarshall. - "Hullabaloo, bala! (twice) Way-up, Way-up! F. and M.! Nevonia!",
Georgetown (D. C.).-"Hoya! Hoya! Saxa! Hoya! Hoya! Georgetown Hoya! Horah Doray Hai I Hickey, Hickey, Kai, Kai, Moky, Moky, Hay I Toe mei!
Georgetown (Ky.).-"Hullabaloo! Kanuck! Kaiuck! Belle of the Blue! Kentuck! Kentuck! Hooray! Hoo! Georgetown, too! Rah!!"'
Grant University, - "Hoo 'rah 'rah; Hoo 'rah 'rah; (Frant, Grant, rah, rah, rah!"'
Greeneville and Tusculum.-Whoop La, Unaka, Nolachucky, Chum' Whoop La, Rah, Rah, Greeneville and Tusculum!"'
Greensboro (Female) College - - Rah! Rah! Rah! Hip poo pee! We are the Girls of G. F. C.!',
Guilford.-" Boom la yo! Boom la yo! Guilford, Guilford. Ho! Ho! Ho!"
Hamilton. - "Rah! Rah! Hamilton! Road! Road! Road ""
Hamline University. - "Boom get a rat trap! Bigyer than a cat trap! Boom get a rat trap! Bigger than a cat trap! Boom! Cannibal! Cannibal! Zip! Boom! Bah! Hamline! Hamline! Rah! Rah! Rah!" Hanover - "Han-Han-Han-Han-o-ver!"
Harvard University.* * "Rāh rāh rāhh! rā̀h rāh rāh! rāh rāh rāh-Harvard!',
Haverford. -"Yo-Yo-Yo! (three times) Hav-er-ford!"'
Heidelberg University, "'Kili-kilik! Rah, rah! Zit, zit! Ha! Ha! Yai! Hoo! Bam! Zoo! Heidelberg!" Hillsdale.-"Hull-a-baloo, Wah, Whoo!' (twice) Whoo, Wah, Wah, Whoo, Hillsdale!'

## Hobart. - "Hip, Ho-bart! Hip, Ho-bart! Hip, Ho" Hip, Ho! Hip, Ho-bart!"

Howard University.-"Rah, rah, rah! Howard, Howard! Rah, Rah, Re!'"
Illinois. "Rah hoo rah, Boom a la ka, kick-a-rick-a-roi, Old Illinois, Boom zip boom, Tiger-zah!"
Illinois Wesleyan University.-"Wes-ley-an! Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! (twice) Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! I. W. - U. -Rah! Bully for Wesley-an!'’

Indiana University. - Gloriana, Frangipana, Indiana Kazoo Kazah! Kazoo Kazah Hoop la! IIoop la! State University ! Rah! Rah! Rah!'
Iowa State College. ${ }^{66}$ A-M-E-S! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! A-MI-E-S! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Hoo Rah! Hoo Ray! Ames College! I-O-A!',
Towa Wesleyan University. - "Rah, rah, rah! Hip, hi, hoo! I. -W. - U. !"
Johns Hoplcins University. - "Hullaballoo, Kanuck, Kanuck! Hullabalioo, Kanuck, Kanuck! Hoorah! Hoorah! J. H. U. !'
Kansas Wesleyan University.- "Hoorah, Hoorah, Wesleyan, Wesleyan, Rah, Rah, Rah!"'
Kenyon. "'Hika, Hika, Hika, K-e-n-y-o-n, Kenyon, Kenyon!'",
King. -"K. C. Ow! K. C. Ow! K. C. Bristol! Wow-Wow-Wow!"'
Knox, -"Zip rah! Boom rah! Knoxia! Knoxi! Knox! Knox! KNOX!"
Lafayette (Pa.).-" Rah! Rah! Rah! Lafayette!"'
Lawrence University. -"L-A-W-R-E-N-C-E! rah, rah, boom, rah, rah!"
Lehigh University. - "Hoo-rah-ray! Hoo-rah-ray! Ray, ray, ray, Lehigh, Lehigh, Lehigh!"
Lelaud Stanford, Ji., Uıiversity. -"Rah-Rah-Rah (twice) Rah! Rah-Stanford!"'
Lewox. - 'Tis no lie, 'tis no bluff! Lenox College pretty hot stufi!'"
Lincoln Univers ty (Ill.).-"Ki-yi-Moc-Kohn, Ra-ha-Lin-coln!""
Livingstone. -"Rah-rah-re, Who are we? Don't you see, Liv-ing-stone-stone-stone!"
Lombard University. - "Ra, re, ri, ro! Ring, ching, rang! Lombard! Lombard! Zip, boom, bang!"
Louisiana State Univ. - "Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Ree! Louisiana! Louisiana! State UV.!"
Manhattan. -"Rah! Rah! Rah! (three times) Manhattan!"
Mfarietta. -"Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Ma-ri-et-ta, Rah! Rah! Rah!"
Mcaryville, " Howee, how! Chilhowee! Maryville, Maryville, Tennessee!""
Massachisetts Agricultural. - "Rah! Rah! Rah-rah-rah! A-G-G-I-E-Rah-Rah, Rah-Rah-Rah!"
Mass. Inst. Tech.-"M. I.T. ran, rah, rah!M. I. T. rah, rah, rah! M. I. T. rah, rah, rah! Technology!"
NicKendree - "Rah, rah. rah! Hip, hi, he! Zip, boom! Rip, boom! Mcken-dree!"'
Mercer University.-"Rah! Rah! Rah! Uni-vee Siss-Boom-Bah!Ver-si-tee Mercer."
Miami University.-"Rah-Rah-Rah-M-I-A-M-I-Mi-am-I, Miami !"'
Michigan Agricultural. -"Hip! Hip! Hurrah! Hurrah! Hurrah! Uzz! Uzz! Uzz! M. A. C. !"
Middlebury. - "Midd', Midd', Middlebury! rah, rah, rah!"
Midland.-"Rah! Rah! Rah '; Mid! Land! Ah!; Zip! Kan! Boomerang!; Rah! Rah! Rah! R-a-y!" Mills (Woman's).-"Mills College. Zip, boom, bah! M. C. M. C., rah, rah, rah!"
Milton.-"Hoorah, Hoorah, for old Milton! Ho sah every daughter and son!",
Mississippi A. \& M. -"Hullahaioo, zip, bah! Hollabaloo, rip, rah! Hollaboom, sollyboom, lee, rah, zis! Lee, rah, ris! Lee, rah, ziss! A. \& M. Miss.!'
Missouri Valley.-"Wah-hoo-wah! Wah-hoo-wee! Hoo-rah! Hi-rah! M. V. C.!"
Monmouth.-" "Ho rah Ho roo Depa la Depa loo Rah si ki yi, Hot, Cold, wet or dry, get there Eli, Monmouth!"
Moore's Hill.-"Alle-ka-zook! Koax! Koax! Terre-o-rex! O-rex! O-rex! Hulla-ba-loo! Hulla-ba-la! Moore's Hill! Moore's Hill! Rah! Rah! Rah!'
Mt. Holyoke. -"H-o-1-y-o-k-e, Hol-yoke, Hol-yoke, are we !" (The cheer is sung by the girls.)
Mt. St. Mary's. " Rah! Rah! Rah! Siss! Boom! Ah! Mt. St. Mary's! Ha! Ha! Ha!"'
Mt. Union. "Karo, Kêro, Kiro, Kêé! Pah, Rah, Rah, for M. U. C.! Alikezenion, Alikezunion! Rah, Rah, Rah, for old Mt. Union!'
Muhlenberg.-"Rah, Rah, Rah, Rah, Muhlenberg!"
Nebraska Wesleycen University. - "Boom rah boom rah an, We We Wesleyan! Ne Ne Nebraskan O-man!'
Nevada State University.-"Wah Hoo Wah! Zip Boom Ah! Rah Rah Rah Nevada!'"
New York Univ. " Rah! Rah! Rah! N. Y. U., Siss! Boom! Ah! New York! New York! New York!'" Niagarce University. - "Rah, Rah, Rah, Ray, Ray, Ray N-I-A-G-A-R-A!;,
Northwestern College (Ill.). " Rah! Rah! Hoo-Rah! Rah! Rah! Hoo-Rah! Who Rah? You Rah. North-Western, Rah! Rah! Rah!''
Northwestern University (Ill.). -" Rah! Rah! Rah! U. Northwestern (Rah! five times)."
Notre Dame University. "Rah! Rah! Pah! Rah! Rah! Rah! The Gold, The Blue, Hoorah! Hoo! Notre Dame, Notre Dame, N. D. U.!"'
Oberlln. - "Hi!-O!-Hi, O!-Hi!O! Hi! Hi! O! Hi, O-ber-lin!"'
Ohio State University. -"Wahoo, Wahoo, Rip, Zip, Bazoo! I yell, I yell, for O. S. U.I"
Ohio University.- 'Wah-hoo, wah-hoo, Rip, rah, O-U-O-hi-O-U! 'Tiger!',
Ohio Wesleyan University.-"O-we-wi-wow! A-la-ka-zu-zi-zow! Ra-zee-zi-zu! Viva! viva! O. W. U. !"
Ottawa University. - OOttawa, Ottawa! Hoorah, Hoorah, Ottawa'Versity! Rah, Rah, Rah!,'
Otterbein University. - "Whoop, Hip, Whoop, Whoo! O. U., O. U. ! Hi-O-mine, Ot-ter-bein; Whoop, Hip, Whoo!'
Oxford.- "Boom-a-ling, Boom-a-ling Rip-Rah-Ro, Oxford College, O-hi-o!"
Park. - "P-A-R-K!Rah, rah, rah!Sis, boom, ah! Booma-lacka, booma-lacka! Boom! Park!Boom!" Parsons. -" Hi, yi! Hi, yi! Hippycanuri! Parsons!"
Pennsylvania College. - "Brackey Corax, Corix, Roree, Brackey Corax, Corix, Coree, Heigh Oh! Umpty Ah! Hulla Belloo, Bellee, Bellah, Gettysburg, Gettyshurg. Gettysburg! Rah, Rah-Rah!"' Pennsylvania Military. - "Hurrah! Hurrah!Hurrah! P. M. C. C.C. Attention! Halt!"
Penna. State - "Yell, yell, yell, again, we're from the land of William Peun! State! State! State!"
Polytechnic Institute (Brooklyn).- "Rah! Rah! Rah! Poly!"' (three times.)
Portland University. - "Kang-a-ga-ra, ga-ra, ga-zoom! Portland 'Varsity' zip-ra-boom!",
Princeton University. -"Hooray! Hooray! Hooray! Tiger! Sis! Boom! ah! Princeton!";
Purdue. "Purdue ! Purdue! Rah-rah! Rah-rah! (twice) Hoo-rah! Hoo-rah! Bully for old Purdue!"
Randolph-Macon College. - ', Rip, rah, rah! rip, rah, rah! Randolph-Macon Virginia! Callero! Callero! Yah-Yah-Yah!"
Rensselater Polytechnic Institute.-"Rah, rah, rah! Rah, rah, rah! Rensselaer!""
Roanoke, "'Rah! Rah!Rah! R-O-A, ! Rah! Rah! Rah! N-O-K! Roanoke!!!"
Rollins. -"Rah! Rah! Rah! Rollins!";
RoseP. I. -"R-P! R-P! Rah-Rah! Rah-Rah! (Hoo-rah! 3 times) Rose Polytechnic! Rah! Rah! Rah!"
Rutgers. - "Rah! rah! rah! bow-wow-wow! Rutgers!"
State University of Iowa.- "Haw, Haw, Hawk; Hi, Hi, Hi; Hawkeye, Hawkeye; S. U. I.!'"
State University (Ky.).-"S. U. -Rah, rah, rah, rah (twice) Hurrah! Hurrah!! State UniversityRah, rah, rah!

Stevens Institute of Technology. -"Boom-rah! Boom-rah! Boom-rah-Stevens!"
St. Francis Xavier. "Rah-rah-rah! Rah-rah-rah! X-A-V-I-E-R! Xavier!!"
St. John's (Md.). -"Rah, Rah, Rah! St. John's!"
St. John's (N. Y. ). "Rah! Rah! Rah! F-O-R-D-H-A-M! Fordham! and Rah-Rah-Rah-F-O-R-D-ham-ham-ham, Fordham!"'
St. Lawrence University. - "Rah, rah, rah, Rah, rah, rah, Rah, rah, rah, Laurentia!"'
St. Mary's (Kan.). " 'Hoop-la, Hoop-la, Who can gness? S-t. M-A-R-Y-S!"'
Siourthmore. - "Rah Rah! Rah Rah Rah! Rah Rah! Rah Rah Rah! Swarthmore!"'
Syrucuse University. - "Hip, Hoo, Rah! Hip, Hoo, Rah! Syracuse! Syracuse! Rah-rah-rah !"
Tabor.- "Boom-a-lack-a, boom-a-lack-a, Bow-wow-wow, Ching-a-lack-a, ching-a-lack-a, chow; chow-chow, Boom-a-lack-a, Ching-a-lack-a, Who are we, Who's from 'labor, We, we, we !!!'
Talladega. -"Ra ra ra, Ra ra ra, Talladegah, Alabamah, IR-r-r-1-a!"
Tarkio.-"Rip, bang! hip ho! get there, rain or snow! Set fire! Tarkio!!!"
Trinity, Hartford. -'Trinity! Trinity! boom-rah! boom-rah! Trinity!"
Tufts. -"Rah rah rah, rah rah Tufts! T-u-f-t-s-Rah rah rah!' (twice.)
Tulane University. - "Rah! Rah! Zip! Boom! Ah! Rah! Rah! Tulane!!"
University of Alabuma. - "Rackety; Yack, de Yack, de Yack! Rackety, Yack, de Yack, de Yack! Hullabaloo, Ifullabaloo, How d' you Do, How d'you DO $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ V-a-r-s-i-t-y!'
Univ. of Arkenscts. - 'Boomalacka Boomalacka wah whoo rà, Razzle dazzle gobble, gobble U. of A.!' University of California -"'Ha! Ha! Ha! Cal-i-for-ni-a! U. C. Berkeley! Zip! Boom! ah!",
University of Chicago. - "Chicago, Chicago, Chicago, go! Go it Chica-go it Chica-go it Chica-go!"'
Univ. of Cincinnati. - "Heila, Heila, Heilagan! Heila, Heila, Ha! Cincinnati Varsity, Rah! Rah! Rah!'" University of Colorado. -"I yell, all yell, we come pell-mell, Boom-rah, ra-zoo-Colorado State U.!" University of Denver.-"U, U, U, of D, Den-ver, Ver-si-ty!'Kai Gar Wa-hoo Zip boom-D. U. !"
University of Georgic. - "Hoo-rah-rah! Hoo-rah-rah! Rah! Rah! GEORGIA!'
University of Iuaho.- " Rah! Rah! Rah! (twice) Idaho! Id a ho! Boom! Bay! Bah!'
University of Illinois, "Rah-hoo-rah, Zip boom ah! Hip-zoo! rah-zoo! Jimmy, blow your bazoo! Ipzidyiki, U. of I. ! Illinois!!!'"
University of $\dot{K}$ ansas. - ${ }^{\text {Rock-Chalk! Jay-Hawk! K. U. !" }}$
University of Maine.- "Rah, rah, rah, Rah. rah, rah, Rah, rah, rah, Maine!"
Univ. of Mich. - "U. of M. Hurrah! Hurrah! Hōo-ráh !'Hōo-ráh ! Michigan! Michigan! ráh! ráh! ráh!",
Univ. of Minnesota. - "Rah, rah, rah, ski-U-mah-hoo-rah! hoorah!Varsity-Varsity! Minne-so-ta!"
University of Mississippi.-"Rah! Rih! Rah! Sis boom bah! Mississippi, Mississippi, Rah, rah, rah!"
University of Missouri.-"Tiger! Tiger! M.S. U. ! (three times) Rah
University of Nashville.-"Rickety ix, Ski ix, Ski ix, Rah Rah Rah! Rickety ix, Ski ix,Ski ix, Rah Ha Rah, Nashville!''
University of Nebraska. - "U, U, Uni-Ver-Ver-Ver-Si-ty-Ne-bras-ki-Oh My !!!""
University of North Carolina. -'Yackety yack Hooray hooray' (twice) Carolina Varsity Boom Rah, Boom Rah, Car-o-li-na!"
Univ. of North Dakota. - "Odz-dzo-dzi! Ri-ri-ri! Hy-ah! Hy-ah! North Dakota!'’ and Sioux war cry. University of Oklahoma. -"Hi Rickety Whoop te do, Boomer! Sooner! Okla. U!'"
Univ. of Omahc. - "Rah, rah, hah! Zip! Boom! Bah! U-ni-versity O-ma-ha!"
University of Oregon.-" Rah Rah Rah! Rah Rah Rah! Rah Rah Oregon!'
University of Pennsyivania: "Hoo-rah!Hoo-rah!Hoo-rah! Penn-syl-va-ni-a!"
University of Rochester. - "Hoi. Hoi, Hoi, Rah. Pah, Rah! Rochester!""
University of South Dakota. - "Da-ko-tá, Da-ko-tá, Uni-vi of Da-ko-tá!'"
University of Temnessef. -"U. of T. ! Rak ! rah! Rah! rah! (twice) Hur-rah! Hur-rah! Tennessee! Tennessee! Rah! rah! rah!"
Univ. of Texas. - "Hullabaloo: Hooray, Hooray ! (twice) Hooray! Hooray! Varsity! Varsity! U. T. A. !" University of the Pacific. "Hi! Ho! IIe!! Oh! U, P. P-a-c-i-f-i-c University!"' (three times.)
Univ. of the South. -"Rah! Rah! Ree! Vár-Si-Teé, Hey, hip! Hey, hip! Só-Wá-Née! Sewánee, Rah! Se-Wá-Nee, Rah! Sewánee, TIGER, S-S-S-s, Boom! Ah-h-h-h-h-h!'
University of Ltah. - "Rah Rah, Rah! (three times) Utah!
University of Vermont. - '•Rah, rah, rah! Rah, rah, rah! Vermont, Vermont! Rah, rah!"
University of Virginia. - "Wah! hoo! wah! Wah! hoo! wah! U-n-i-v. Virgin-i-a!""
Univ. of Wash. "U. of W.! Hiah, hiah! U. of W.! Siah, siah! Skookum, sliookum, Wash-ing-ton!' University of Hisconsin. - "U-Rah-Rah- Wis-con-sin!" (repeated three times with a tiger.)
Univ. of IIyoming. - 'Rah Rah Rah! Zip boom Zee! I.et 'erco, let 'ergo Varsity!! y-y-Wy-o-ming !!!', U. S. Military Acratemy. - Rah! Rah! Ray! Rah! Rah! Ray! West Point! West Point! Armay!', Upper Iowa Universily. - "Hawkeye! Hawkeye! U! I! U!
Vunderbill Lniv. -"Vanderbilt, Rah, Rah! (twice) Hoo Rah Hoo Rah Varsity Varsity Rah, Rah, Rah!', Virginia Polytechnic Inst.-Polytechs! Vir-gin-i-a! Rae! Ri! V. P. I.!"
Wabash. -"Hoorah! Hoorah' Hoorah! Smash! Hurrak for the Scarlet of Old Wabash! Hip Skitty Bow-wow, Wah-hoo-wah! Wahash! Wahash! Rah! Rah! Rah!"
Wake Forest. -"Rah! Rah! Rah! Whoop-la Ve 'Or et Noir' and W. F. C. !"
Washbum. - "Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah, Rah! Washburn! Washburn! Rah, Rah, Rah!"
Wash. and Jefferson, -"Wich-i-Koáx. Koáx, Koax! Wich-i-Koax, Koax. Noax! W. and J. Boom!" Wesleyan University - "Rah! Ral!! Rah! Rah! Wes-ley-an-a! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah! Rah!" Western Reserve Union. - "R-e-s-e-r-v.e, Rah, Rah, He-serve !'' (three times.)
Western University of Pennsylvania. - "Alleghenee! Genack! Genack! Hooray! Wup!",
Western Maryland. -"Rah, rah, rah! Rah, rah. ree! Rah, rah, hullabaloo! IV-M-C!"
Westminster (Fulton, Mo. ). -" Kah! Pah! Rah! Oh! yes, Sir! Vive-la, Vive-la, Westminster!"
Westminster (Pa.). "Rah, rah, rah, Oh-yes-sir, vivela, veve la West-min-ster!!"
West Virginia University - "Rah! Rah! Rhee! W. V. U.! Sis Boo Mah, Tiger!!':
Wheaton. - "Rah! Rah! Rah! (twice) Wheaton! Wheaton! Rab! Rah! Rah!";
Whitman.-" Breke-Ke-Kex, Koax, Koax (bis). ho-up, ho-up, parabaloo, Whitman!"'
Wilberforce University.-"Rha! Rha'! Rha!!! Wilberforce! Wilberforce! Rha! Rha!! Rha!!!',
Willamette University.- "Rah, Rah, Rah, Zip, boom, bah, Old Willamette, Ha, ha, ha!"
William Jcwell College. -"Yah Yah, Wow, Now, Wee; Iaka, Zu Zi Zee; Vivela, Vivela W.J. C. I'" Wofford. - Hackey! Hackey! Hackey! Sisboon! Rals! W. C., Reh! Rah! Rah!",
Worcester Polytechnic Institute. - 'Rah, Rah, Rah! Worcester Polyteck! Polly, Wolly, Olley, Molly, Worcester Polyteck!'’
Yale University. "- "Rah, Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah, Rah! Rah, Rah, Rah! Yale!"'
Yankton.-"O! Y! Hah!'Hah!'Hah! Yankton!'Yankton! Rah! Rah! Rah! Hah! Wah! Bish! Boom! Bah! Yankton! Yankton! I-Lank-ton-w h!'’

[^19](Communicated to The World Almanac by the Presidents of the respective institutions.)
Adelphi College Alabama Polytechnic Institute. . Orange and Blue.Allegheny College. .................... Pary Blue and Old Gold.
Amherst College............. White.Amherst College.......................... Yellow and Black.
Atlanta University. .Steel Gray and Crimson.
Baker University. ..... Blue and Gold.
Baldwin University Brown Ond Ye.
Barnard College
Blue and White.
Blue and White.
Bates College. .....  Garnet.
Berea College.Blue and Cream
Bethany College (Ksn.)......... Blue and Yellow.
Boston University
Bowdoin College.
White.
Bryn Mawr College

$\qquad$
Brown and White.
Yellow and WhiteBuchtel College....
$\qquad$Bucknell University.
Carleton College...Old Gold and Navy Blue.

$\qquad$
Carleton College. ................. MaizeCentral Tennessee College....... Brown sid Yellow
Clemson Agricultural College..Colby University.
$\qquad$Colgate University .............. Maroon avd Orange.
College City of New York...... Lavender.
Calorado College. Black and Gold.
Columbis University .....  Light Blue and White.
Orange and Blue.Cornell College (Iowa) . . . . . . . . . . . . Ioyal Purple.
Cornell University Carnetian and White.
Blue and WhiteCumberland University........... Blue, White, and Green.
Dartmouth College.. ..... Green.
Denison University.. ..... Red.
Old Gold.Dickinson College
Red sod White.Drake UniversityBlue and White,Drury College..Scarlet and Gray.Blue and Gold.
Fort Worth University Navy Blue and Gold.
Franklin and Marshall College. Blop and White
Franklin College (Ind.). Navy Blue and
Geneva College. ..... ge ( $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{C}$ ). . White and Gold
Georgetown Callege (Ky.). Blue and Gray.
Orange and BlackGirard College...
Grant University Grant University. ..... Old Gold and Nary Blue.Steel and Garnet.
Blue and Buff.Hampton Institute.Hanover College.Harvard University..

$\qquad$
Dark Red and Dark Blue.Blue and White.Hedding College................... Blue and Orange.
Heidelberg University. ..... ity ...............Crimson.
Hilledale College. ................. Ultra-Marine (Blue).
Hiram College. Cherry and Light Blue.Howard University
$\qquad$Illinois College. Red, White, and Blue.White and Blue.Illinois Weslevan University.... White and Olive Green.
Indiana University.
$\qquad$ White and Olive Green.Iowa CollegeCrimson and Cream.Iowa State College.Scarlet and Black.Cardinal and Gold
Iowa Wesleyan University. Purple and Whald
Purple and White.
John B. Stetson Unirersity
Johns Hopkins University.
$\qquad$ hite and Gold
Kansas Wesleyan University..$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Official-Black and Old Gold. }\end{array}\right.$Kansas Wesleyan University...Old Gold and Purple.Kentucky University and Blue
Kenyon College.Orange sand Bue
Lafayette College (Pa.)

$\qquad$
Maroon and White.Mauve.
Lake Forest University

$\qquad$
Lehigh University. ..... Black and Ruby Red. ..... Black and Ruby Red.rown and White.
Leland University
Leland University r., Üniv .....
Dark BlueLeland Stanford
Manhattan Callege.
$\qquad$Marietta College.
$\qquad$ Cardinal.Maryville CollegeMass. Agrienltural College
Mass. Institute of Technology.Green and White.... Garnet and Orange.Maroon and WhiteM.Kendree College.Cardinal and Silver Gray
Michigan Agricultural College. ..... Royal Purple.
Miss. Agri. and Mech. College. ..... Iaroon andMount Holyoke College.Light Blue.
Mount Union College. Royal Purple.
Mrhlenberg College. ..... Cardinal and Steel.
Nebraska Wesleyan University.
Nevada State Uuiversity Yellow and Brown
New York University.. ..... National Blue.Northwestern College (III.)....Cardinal and White
Northwestern University (Ill)..
Notre Dame University Goyal Purple.
Gold and Blne.Oberlin CollegeOhio UniversityOlive Green and
Ohio Wesleyan University Olivet College. $\qquad$ Black and Scarlet.
Ottawa University $\qquad$ Crimson.Sunflower Yellow.
Otterbein University
Oxford College Cardinal and Tan.
Park College.
Yellow and Blue.
Wine and CanaryPenn College
Navy Blue and Old Gold.Pennsylvania College

                            Orange and Dark BluePolytechnic Inst. (Brookiyn).Portland University (Ore.)....
    Portland University (Ore.)...... Crimson.
Pratt Institute (Brooklyn).......Cadmium Yellow
Princeton University.
. ........... .Cadmium Yellow.Princetan University
...................Orange and Black.Purdue UniversityOld Gold and Black.
Randolph-Macon College Ora
Crimson and Blue.Richmond CollCrimson.Rollins College.................... Royal Blue and Old Gold.Rutgers CollegeScarlet.Scio CollegePurple and Gold.
Seton Hall College
Shurtleff College.. Red and Yellow.Simpson College.
$\qquad$Red aud Old Gold
Smith College. ..... White.
Southwestern Presbyterian Uni ReJ
State University of Iowa. .OId Gold.
Old Gold and CrimsonStevens Inst. of TechnologySt. Francis Xavier CollereSt. Francis Xavier College.
St. John's College (N. Y.).St. Lawrence University.Silver Gray and Crimson.
St. Louis University.
Scarlet and Brown.
Scarlet and Brown.Swarthmore College.Syracuse University
Tarkio College. .
$\qquad$MaroonMaroonGarnet.
Taylor University
$\qquad$Orange.
Teachers' College (N... ..... (iv. $\underset{Y}{ }$. City).Purple and Cream.
Thiel College
Light Blueriaity College (Hartford)Tufts College
$\qquad$
Tulane University .....
Union Theological SeminaryUniversity of Alabama.nary..
....... Uuiversity of Arkansas. University of California. Uuiversity of Chicago. $\qquad$University of Cineinnati.University of Colorado
$\qquad$University of Denver
$\qquad$Uuiversity of Georgia.
$\qquad$
Blue and Gold.Blue and Old Gold.Brown and Blue.Olive and Blue.

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THE National Council, Phi Beta Kappa, is composed of fifty different college chapters in union. At the triennial session at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., September 7, 1898, the following officers and Senators were elected: President, J. A. De Remer, Schenestady, N. Y.; Vice-President, Prof. J. C. Van Benschoten, Middletown, Ct. ; Secretary and Treasiarer, Rev. E. B. Parsons, D. D., Williamstown, Mass. ; Senators, Joseph H Choate, New York City; J. A. De Remer, Schenectady, N. Y.; T. E. Hancock, Syracuse, N. Y.; Prof. Samuel Hart, D. D., Hartford, Ct.; Col. T. W. Higginson, Cambridge, Mass. ; Seth Low, New York City; H. W. Mabie, New York City; Prof. F. A. March, Easton, Pa. ; H. E. Scudder, Cambridge. Mass. ; Prof. J. C. Van Benschoten, Middletown, Ct. ; Prof. S. E. Baldwin, New Haven, Ct.; Prof. H. L. Chapman, Brunswick, Me. ; President D. C. Gilman, Baltimore, Md.; Rev. E. E. Hale, Roxhury, Mass.; Bishop J. F. Hurst. Washington, D. C. ; Col. William Lamb, Norfolk, Va. ; Prof. F. P. Nash, Geneva, N. F. ; Rev. E. B. Parsons, Williamstown, Mass. ; Presi deat C. F. Thwing, Cleveland, O. ; Prof. Adolph Werner, New York City.

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In 1867 and 1869 George Peabody established a fund of $\$ 3,500,000$, to be devoted to education is the Southern States of the Union. Unfortunately, $\$ 1,380,000$ of this amount was in Mississippi and Florida bonds, which those states repudiated. The fund was placed in the charge and control of 15 trustees, of which the Hon, Robert C. Winthrop, of Massachusetts, was the chairman. Mr. Peabody died in London in 1869. The trustees hold meetings annually, usually in New York. They fill vacancies cansed by death or resignation. But one of the original trustees survires-Ex-Senator Evarts. The present trustees are: William M. Evarts, who is President of the board; Chief Justice Fuller, First Vice-President; Rt. Rev. Bishop Whipple, Second Vice-President; Hon. Jabez L. M. Curry, LL. D., General Agent; Joseph H. Choate, J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York; President William Mckinley, of Ohio; Samuel A. Green, Richard Olney, and George F. Hoar, of Massachusetts; William Wirt Henry, of Virginia; ex-Mayor William A. Courtenay, of South Carolina; James D. Porter, of Tennessee; Henderson M. Somerville, of New York; President D. C. Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University; George Peabody Wetmore, of Rhode Island, and Charles E. Fenner, of Louisiana. Dr. Curry is general agent of the fund, with headquarters at Washington, D. C., and has charge of the distribution of the fund in the several Southern States. In its earlier history, the chief aim of the fund was to encourage and secure the establishment of public school systems for the free education of all children. That having been accomplished, the income of the fund is now used for the training of teachers through Normal Schools and Teachers' Institutes. At its session in October, 1896, the board declared it to be inexpedient to close the Trust in February, 1897, the power to do which was left to its discretion. In the thirty-one years since the organization of the Trust, over $\$ 2,585,182$ for education has been spent, as the income of the sum left by Mr. Peabody. Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan is the Treasurer.

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In 1882 Mr . John F. Slater, of Connecticut, placed in the hands of trustees the sum of $\$ 1,000,000$, for the purpose of "uplifting the lately emancipated population of the Southern States and their posterity." For this patriotic and munificent gift the thanks of Congress were voted, and a medal was presented. Neither principal nor income is expended for land or buildings. Education in industries and the preparation of teachers are promoted in institutions believed to be on a permanent basis. The board consists of D. C. Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University, as President; Chief Justice Fuller, as Vice-President ; Morris K. Jesup, as Treasurer; J. L. M. Curry, as Secretary and General Manager, and Bishops Potter and Galloway, and Messrs. William E. Dodge, William A. Slater, John A. Stewart, Alexander E. Orr, ex-Governor Northen, and Wm. L. Wilson. The fund is a potential agency in working out the problem of the education of the negro, and over half a million of dollars has already been expended. Schools established by States, denominations, and individuals are helped by annual donations. Among the most prominent are the Hampton Normal and Industrial, the Spelman, the Tuskegee, and schools at Orangeburg, S. C. ; Tongaloo, Miss.; Marshall, Tex. ; Raleigh, N. C. ; New Orleans, the Meharry Medical College at Nashville, etc.

## 

President-E, Oram Lyte, Millersville, Pa. Secretary-Irwin Shepard, Winona, Minn. TreasurerI. C. McNiel, West Superior, Wis. Depository of Association at 450 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D. C. Object-To elevate the character and advance the interests of the profession of teaching, and to promote the cause of public education in the United States. Annual dues for active members and for associate members, $\$ 2$. Annual meetings of the General Association are held in July. There are about 2.000 active, and an average of 8,000 associate members. The Association has a permanent invested fund of about $\$ 65,000$.

## สincxical 延ibrary Agsotiation.

President-Reuben G. Thwaites, Secretary and Superintendent of the Wisconsin State Historical Society, Madison, Wis. Vice-Presidents-Edwin H. Anderson, Carnegie Library, Pittsburgh; Mary iv. Plummer, Pratt Institute Free Library, Bruoklyn; Ernesi C. Richardson, Princeton University Library, New Jersey. Secretary-Henry J. Carr, Scranton (Pa.) Public Library. Reconder-Helen E. Haines, Library Journal, New York City. Treasiver-Gardner M. Jones, Salem (Mass. ) Public Library.

The American Library Association is a national body, organized in 18\%6, and incorporated in 1879. Its motto is: "The best reading, for the largest number, at the least cost." The Association seeks in every practicable way to develop and strengthen the public library as an essential part of the American educational system. It therefore strives by both individual effort and local organization to stimulate public interest in establishing and improving libraries, and thereby hring the best reading within the reach of all. The present membership of the Association is over 600 in number, and its successive annual meetings have been held in various places so as to accommodate all sections of the United States and Canada.

The next conference of the American Library Association, its twenty-second general meeting, is in he held at Montreal early in June, 1900.

## (Mntuctsity 䛼xtersiour.

THE American Society for the Extension of University Teaching was founded at Philadelphia in June, 1890. Its objects are: To organize groups of people into centres and to bring together these centres and competent lecturers, chosen from the list of instructors, whose qualifications to teach have been passed upon by the society; to coöperate as far as possible with institutions of learning and other bodies with the purpose of bringing to the many the best thought of the ferv; to keep the University Extension idea before the country by the Society's representatives and publicatious. It offers:

First-Education by means of systematic courses of lectures and classes in the subjects usually taught at high schools and universities.

Second-llustrated lectures and classes in literature, art, and science, with the purpose of teaching the appreciation of the beautiful, and rendering life more interesting and enjoyable.

Third-Lectures and classes in history, civics, and economics, designed to aid the citizen in studying the problems of free government and modern life. and to encourage a sense of responsibility, habits of sound thinking, and right conduct.

The Board of Directors of the American Society are: Charles A. Brinley, M. G. Brumbaugh, Charles E. Bushnell, Isaac H. Clothier, John H. Converse, Walter C. Douglas, Theodore N. Ely, Charles C. Harrison, William H. Ingham, JohnS. MacIntish, Frederick B Miles, Henry S. Pancoast, Joseph G. Rosengarten, Justus C. Strawbridge, and Stuart Wood. The officers are: President, Charles A. Brinley; Treasurer, Frederick B. Miles; Secretary, John Nolen.
since the organization there have been delivered under its auspices 5,084 lectures, usually in courses of six lectures each; the average attendance at each lecture has been 186, and the aggregate attendance 953,676 . The average annual attendance at courses is 17,500 , and of this number 10 per cent pursue the systematic reading and study recommended by the lecturers. During 1898-99 seven courses of lectures were given in Philadelphia to audiences made up mainly of artisans; the total attendance was 4,144 .

From Philadelphia the movement has extended to many States. In Rhode Island Brown University has organized many centres. In New York the University of the State. through its Secretary, Melvil Dewey, has arranged for Extension lectures in many important towns and cities. Rutgers College, as the agricultural college of New Jersey, has offered scientific oourses especially for the farmers of the State. The Universities of Wisconsin. Indiana, Kansas, and California have done much for their respertive states. Chicago University has provided a special University Extension Division, with three departments: (1) Lecture-study: (2) Class-work; (3) Correspondence. Couferences held from time to time in Philadelphia have been an important feature of the movement. The Society publishes valuable syllabi, giving a careful outline of the lectures, together with lists of recommended books and questions for essays in connection with the lecture courses. Circulars and information in reference to the movement can te obtained by addressing John Nolen, Secretary, Fifteenth and Sansom Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

## Tye $\mathfrak{C}$ yatuanqua Sbyitu of equtation.

President-Clem. Studebaker. South Bend, Ind. Chairman of Executive Committee and Acting Manager-Wilson M. Day. Cleveland. O. Secretary-W A. Duncan. Syracuse, N. Y ChancellorJohn H. Vinceut. Topeka, Kan. Superintendent of Department of Instruction-G. E. Vincent, Chicago, Ill. New York State Summer School. Charles E. Skinner, Albany. IV. Y. Superiniendent.

The Chrcutcuqua Assembiy was organized in 1874 as the result of a joint plan of Lewis Miller and John H. Vincent. It holds annual sessious during July and August at Chautauqua, N. Y. The plan includes courses of instruction in language, literature. science, and art. lecture courses, musicales, recitals, and coucerts, and various forms of entertainment and recreation.

The Chciutauqua Literary and Scientific Circle, Kate F. Kimball, Cleveland, O., Executive Secretary, was organized at Chautauqua in 1878. with the aim of continuing the influeuce of the Assembly throughout the year in all parts of the country. Since that time more than two hundred and fifty thousand members have been enrolled. The Circle aims to promote habits of reading and study in bistory, literature, science, and art. in connection with the routine of daily life. The course seeks to give 'the college outlook on the world and life. The essentials of the plan are: A definite course covering four years, each vear's course complete in itself; specified volumes approved by the counsellors allotment of time by the week and month, a monthly magazine with additional readings and notes a membership book with review outlines, and other aid. Individual readers may have all the privileges and local circles may be formed by three or four members. The time required is about oue hour daily for mine months. Certificates are granted to all who complete the course. Seals are affixed to the certificates which are granted for collateral and advanced reading. Any one may become a member of the C. L. S. C. by sending an application, together with 50 cents (the annual fee), tc Chautauqua Assembly. General Offices, Cleveland, O:

## catyolic Summex Seyool of smmexita.

President-Rev. Michael J. Lavelle, LL. D. New York. First Vice-President-Rt. Rev. Mgr. James F.Loughlin, D. D. Philadelphia, Pa. Second. Vice-President-Hon. Thomas J. Gargan, Boston, Mass. Treasurer-Rev John F. Mullany, LL. D. Syracuse, N. Y. Secretary-Warren E. Mosher, A. M. , Youngstown. Ohio Chairmum Expcutive Committee-Hon. John B. Riley, Plattsburg. N. Y. Chairman Buarel of Studies-Rev. Thomas McMillan, C.S. P. New York. Chairman Reading Circle Board-Rev. Morgan M. Sheedy Altoona, Pa.

A Roman Catholic Chautauqua or Summer School was opened at New London, Ct., in the Summer of 1892 under the auspices of distinguished clergymen and laymen, and the first meetings were held from गuly 30 to August 14. The association has since acquired a site at Cliff Haven, near Plattsburg. N. Y., on Lake Champlain, upon which the necessary buildings have been erected, and here the Summer School is held annually in July and August. The work of the institution is continued throughout the year by means of reading circles and study clubs on the University Extension plan.

# - Freematyoury. <br> THE DEGREES IN MASONRY. <br> <br> Lodge. 

 <br> <br> Lodge.}

1. Entered Apprentice.
2. Fellow Craftsman.
3. Master Mason.

## YORK RITE.

## Chapter.

4. Mark Master.
5. Past Master.
6. Most Excellent Master.
7. Royal Arch Mason.

## Council.

8. Royal Master.
9. Select Master.
10. Super Excellent Master.

## Commandery.

11. Red Cross Knight.
12. Knight Templar.
13. Knight of Malta.

## SCOTTISH RITE.

## Lodge of Perfection.

4. Secret Master.
5. Perfect Master.
6. Intimate Secretary.
7. Provost and Judge.
8. Intendant of the Building.
9. Elect of Nine.
10. Elect of Fifteen.
11. Sublime Knight Elect.
12. Grand Master Architect.
13. Knight of the Ninth Arch.
14. Grand Elect, Perfect 19 Grand Pontiff. and Sublime Mason 20 Master Ad Vitam. Conncils of Princes of 22 . Prince of Libanus. Jerusatem 23 . Chief of the Taber15. Knight of the East 24. Prince of the Taberorsword.

Councils of Princes of
Ilerusalem (Continued).

## 16. Prince of Jerusalem.

Chapters of Rose Croix.
17. Knight of the East and West.
18. Knight of the Rose

Croix de H. R. D. M
Consistories of Sublime
Princes of the Royal Secret.
nacle.

Consistories of Sublime Princes of the Royal Secret (Continued).
25. Knight of the Brazen Serpent.
26. Prince of Mercy.
27. Commander of the Temple.
28. Knight of the Sun.
29. Knight of St. Andrew
30. Grand Elect Knight, K. H. , or Knight of the Black and White Eagle.
31. Grand Inspector Inquisitor Commander.
32. Sublime Prince of the Royal Secret.
33. Sovereigu Grand In-spector-General of the 33d and Last Degree.

## MASONIC GRARD LODGES IN THE URITED STATES AND BRITISH AMERICA.

| Grand <br> LODGES. | No. Mem- bers. 1898.99 | Grand Secretaries. | Grand | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Memi- } \\ \text { bers. } \\ 1898-99 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Grand Secretaries. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A1 | 12 | H. | N |  |  |
| Arizo |  | G. J. Roskruge. Tucson | N. Brunswick | 9 | J. Twining Hartt, St John, |
| Arkansas | 13305 | F. Hempstead. Little Rock. | N. Hampshire | 9.224 | eaves, Concora |
| Brit. Columb | 1.339 | V J. Quinlan Victoria | New Jersey.. | 16970 | T. H. R. Redway, Trenton. |
| California | 19542 | G Johnson. San Francisc | New Mexico. |  | A. Keen. Albuquerque. |
| Canada. | 23.996 | J. J. Mason, Hamilton. | New York. | 98180 | M. L. Ehlers, N. Y. City. |
| Colorado | 7.60 | Parmelee, Denv | N. Carolina. | 10,500 | John C. Drewry, Raleigh. |
| Connectic | 17.232 | in H Barlow, Hartford | North Dakota | 2871 | F. J. Thompson, Fargo. |
| elaware | 2.176 | Bartram, Wilmi'gto | Nova Scotia | 3,45:3 | illiam Ross, Halifax |
| Dist. of Co | 5.298 | W. R. Singleton, Wash. | Ohio | 42,848 | J. H. Bromwell, Cincin'ti. |
| Florida. | 4,187 | W.P. Webster,Jacksonvi | Oklahon | 1.45 | S . Hunt, Stillwater. |
| Georgia. | 18,611 | V. A. Wolihin, Macon. | Oregon | . 090 | as. F. Robinson Eugene. |
| Idaho. | 1.240 | Theop. TV. Randall, Boise. | Pennsylvania | 52060 | m.A. Sinn, Philadelphia |
| Illinois | 54,080 | H. C. Dill, Bloomington. | Pr Ed. Island | 525 | N Mackelvie,Summerside |
| Indiana | 29,95 | W. H. Smythe, Indianapolis. | Quebec | 3,590 | J. H. Isaacson, Montreal. |
| India | 3.450 | Murrow, Atoka. | Rhode Isl | 5.164 | Baker, Providence |
| Iowa. | 47.9 | Parvin, Cedar Rapids | S. Carolina | 5840 | Inglesby, Charleston. |
| Kansa | 20.10 | Albert K. Wilson, Topeka, | South Dako | 4.460 | A. Pettigrew, Flandreau |
| Kentuc | 18.402 | H. B. Grant, Louisvi |  |  | hn B. Garrett, Nashville. |
| Louisian | 5.476 | R. Lambert, Nerv Orleans. | Texas | $30852$ | John Watson, Houston. |
| Maine | 22.191 | Stephen Berry, Portland. | Utah | 807 | Diehl. Salt Lake City |
| Manitob | 2.669 | W. G. scott, Winnipeg | Verm | 9.886 | on |
| Maryland | 7.784 | J. H. Medairy, Baltimore. | Virginia | 13.072 | Carrington, Richm'd |
| Massach'set | 39,334 | S. D. Nickerson, Boston. | W ashingto | 4,663 | Reed, Oly |
| Michigan . | 40.38 | S. Conover, Coldwater. | W. Virginia | 6,251 | Atkinson, Wheeling |
| Minneso | 15.906 | Montgomery. St. Paul. | Wiscon |  | J. W. Laflin, Milwaukee. |
| Mississip | 10 | L. Power, Jackson. | W yoming | 1,046 | W.L. Kuykendall, Saratoga |
| issour ontan |  | S |  |  |  |
| Nebras | 11,7\% | Francis E. White, On |  |  |  |

The returns of the Grand Lodges of the United States and British America for 1898-99 were as follows: Whole number of members, 836,549 ; raised, 43.542 ; admissions and restorations, $20,473$. withdrawals, $16,8 \times 9$; expulsions and suspensions, 669 ; suspensions for non-payment of dues, 19 12\%; deaths, 12,542. Gain in membership over preceding year, 19,322.

These Grand Lodges are in full affiliation with the English Grand Lodge. of which the Prince of Wales is Grand Master, and the Grand Lodges of Ireland. Scotland Cuba. Peru, South A ustralia. New South Wales, Victoria, and Mexico, and also with the Masons of Germany and Austria. They are not in affiliation and do not correspond with the Masons nnder the jurisdiction of the Grand orient of France; they, however, anliate with and recognize Masons under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Council. Freemasonry is under the ban of the Church in Spain Italy, and other Catholic countries, and the membership is small and scattered.

## FREEMASONRY—Continued.

## ROYAL ARCH MASONS.

Officers of the General Grand Chapter, 1897-1900.
General Grand Figh Priest-Reuben C. Lemmon, Toledo, O.
Dep. Gen. Grand High Priest-James W. Taylor, Luthersville, Ga.
Gen. Grand King-A. G. Pollard, Lowell, Mass. Gen. Grand Scribe-Joseph E. Dyas, Paris, Ill. Gen. Grand Treasurer-Wm. Wente, Manistee, Mich.
Gen. Grand Secretary-Christopher $\rightarrow$ Fox, Buffalo. Gen. Grand Captain of the Hosi-William C. Swain. Milwaukee.

The office of the General Grand Secretary is at Buffalo, N. Y.
The number of grand chapters, each representing a State or Territory (except Pennsylvania and Virginia), is 44 , and the number of enrolled subordinate chapters is 2,235 , exclusive of 18 subordinate chapters in the Territories of the United States, the Sandwich Islands, Chile, and the Chinese Empire, which are under the immediate jurisdiction of the General Grand Chapter.

The total membership of the enrolled subordinate chapters is 177,628. The degrees conferred in Chapters are Mark Master, Past Master, Most Excellent Master, and Royal Arch Mason. The next triennial meeting will be held at Cincinnati, in September, 1900.

The Grand Secretarial Guild of Freemasonry of North America was organized at the triennial convocation of Royal Arch Masons at Minneapolis in July. 1891. It is an association of Grand Secretaries and Grand Recorders of North America for the purpose of systematizing the secretarial labors of Freemasonry. The Guild meets twice every three years at the triennial convocations of the General Grand Chapter and Triennial Conclaves of the Grand Encampment. The officers are: President, Theodore S. Parvin, Cedar Rapids, Iowa; Secretary, William R. Bowen, Omaha, Neb. ; Treasurer, William H. Mayo, St. Louis, Mo.

## KNIGHTS TEMPLARS.

Officers of the Grand Encampment of the United States of America.

Grand Master-Reuben H. Lloyd, Cal.
Deputy Grand Master-Henry B. Stoddard, Tex. Grand Generalissimo-George M. Moulton, Ill. Grand Captain-General-H. W. Rugg, R. I.

Grand Senior Warden-William B. Melish, O. Grand Junior Warden-Joseph A. Locke, Me. Grand Treasurer-H. Wales Lines, Ct.
Grand Recorder-William H. Mayo, St. Louis, Mo.

The office of the Grand Master is at San Francisco, Cal., and of the Grand Recorder at St. Louis, Mo. The next triennial conclave (the twenty-eighth) will be held at Louisville, Ky., on the fourth Tuesday ir August, 1901.

The number of grand commanderies in the United States and Territories, each representing individual States and Territories (except that Massachusetts and Rhode Island are combined), is 43.

The number of commanderies nnder the jurisdiction of the Grand Encampment is 1,012 ; membership, 116,992. These are exclusive of subordinate commanderies in Delaware. Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Sandwich Islands, South Carolina, and Utah, with a membership of 1,412. Total membership, 118, 404.

The orders conferred in a commandery of Knights Templar are Red Cross, Knight Templar, and Knight of Malta. A Mason to obtain these orders must be a Master Mason and Royal Arch Mason in goodstauding, and a member of both lodge and chapter.

## ANCIENT ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE MASONS.

Supreme Council of Sovereign Grand Inspectors-General of the Thirty-third and Last Degree.
OFFICERS OF THE NORTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION.
M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander.........

Henry L. Palmer, Wis.
 Gr. Min. State-N. R. Ruckle, Ind.

The personal address of the Grand Secretary-General is Binghamton, N. Y. and the official address is 133 Stewart Building, New York C'ity.

OFFICERS OF THE SOUTHERN MASONIC JURISDICTION.

## M. P. Sovereign Grand Commander. <br> Thomas H. Caswell, Cal. <br> Secretary-General...........................................................................

The addresses of both of these officers are No. 433 Third Street, N. W., Washington, D C.
These grand bodies are in relations of amity with the Supreme Councils for France, England. Scotland, Ireland, Belginm, Brazil, the Argentine Republic, Uruguay, Paraguay, Peru, Portugal, Italy Mexico, Colombia, Chile, Central America, Greece, Canada, Cuba, Switzerland, Egypt. Tunis, and Spain.

## SOVEREIGN COLLEGE OF ALLIED MASONIC DEGREES FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Sovereign Grand Mraster-Rev. Hartley Carmichael. D. D. Demuty Grand Master-William Ryan. Grand Abbot-Right Rev A. M. Randolph, D. D. Grand Senior Warden-Frederick Webber. Grand Junior Warden-A. R. Courtney. Grand Almoner-Josiah H. Drummond. Grand Recorder-GeneralCharles A. Nesbitt. Grand Bursar-John Frederick Mayer. Grand Representative in England-The Earl of Euston. The addresses of the Sovereign Grand Master and Grand Recorder-General are Richmond, Va.

The Sovereign College governs the degrees of Ark Mariner, Secret Monitor. Tylers of Solomon. St. Lawrence the Martyr, Knight of Constantinople. Holy and Blessed Order of Wisdom, and Trinitarian Knight of St. John of Patmos, and is in communion with the Grand Council of Allied Masonic Degrees of England and Grand Ark Mariner's Council of England. It is the only Masonic body in the world that confers, in addition to ritual degrees, academic degrees, which it gives honoris causa. Its highest honor of this kind is "Doctor of Universal Masonry." Only the following Masons possess it: Prince Demetrius Rhodocanakis, of Greece; the Earl of Euston and William James Hughan, of Eng. land; D. Murray Lyon, of Scotland, and Josiah H. Drummond, of Maine.

## FREEMASONRY - Continued.

## ROYAL ORDER OF SCOTLAND.

officers of the provincial grand lodge for the united states of america.

Prov. Grand Master-Josiah H. Drummond, Me.
Prov. Dep. Grand Mfaster-Thos. H. Caswell. Cai. Prov. Senior Grand Warden-Geo. M. Moulton, III. Prov. Junior Grand Warden-Charles H. Fisk. Ky. Prov. Grand Secretary - W. Oscar Roome, D. C.
Prov. Grand Treasurer-Thos. J. Shyrock, Mrd.
Prov. Grand Steord Bearer-F. M. Highley, Pa.

Prov. Arand Chaplain-Rev. H. Carmichael, Va, Prov. First Grand Marischai-G. E. Corson, D. C. Prov. Second Grand Marischal-J. H. Olcott, D. C. Prov. Grand Steward-Allison Nailor, Jr, D. C

Wm. Bromwell Melish, 0.
Harrison Dingman.
H. H. Williams, Hawaii.

Prov. Grand Banner Bearer-Nich. Coulson, Mich. I Prov. Grand Guarder-James Hays Trimble, D.C.
This Provincial Grand Lodge has jurisdiction over the whole United States, and was instituted in 1878 with the late Bro. Albert Pike as Provincial Grand Master. It has no subordinate bodies, and the membership is 271 . It holds its cliarter from the Grand Lodge of the Royal Order of Scotland, at Edinburgh. The office of the Provincial Grand Master is at Portland, Me. ; of the Provincial Grand Secretary at Washington, D. C.

SOVEREIGN SANGTUARY OF ANCIENT AND PRIMITIVE FREEMASONRY.
RITE OF MEMPHIS-IN AND FOR THE CONTINENT OF AMERICA.
17. I. Grand Mraster-General. H. G. Goodale, 960 V. I Grand Chancellor-General. J. S. Phillips 950 V. I. Grand Administrator-General. W.F. Ford, 950 V. I. Grand Secretary-General..E. T. Stewart, $95^{\circ}$
J. Adelphi Gottlieb, M.A., M.D., LL. D., Legate of the M. I. Grand Master-General and Sovereign Sanctuary to Fureign Countries. M. A. Gottlieb. 950, Deputy Grand Representative and Assistant Grand Examiner Mystic Temple. Office of Deputy Grand Secretary-General and Grand Examiner of the Mystic Temple, state of New York, 304 West Oue Hundred and Fourth Street, New York City

The covereign Sanctuary is composed of Masons who have received the 95 th degree of Patriarch Grand Couservator of the Rite; and has jurisdiction over the continent of America. It was formally instituted in the United States in the year 1856. The American body is in aftiliation with the various Masonic powers of the world and has a regular exchange of Representatives with England. Ireland, New Zealand, Italy, Spain, Roumania, Egypt, etc. The Degrees of the Rite, which are ninety of in: struction and seven official, are conferred in the subordinate bodies of the Rite thus. Fourth to 18 th degree in a Chapter Rosc Croix; 19th to 42d degree in a senate of Hermetic Philosophers; 43d to 90th degree in a Council of Sublime Masters of the Great Work.

The A. and P. Rite of Memphis acknowledges the Blue Lodge as the fundamental basis of the institution, to which the Masonic allegiance of all its members is due, and from which there can be no deviation; therefore no Mason can be allowed to join the Masonic Order of Memphis unless he is a Master Mason of a lodge in good standing, working under a Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons.

## COLORED MASOHIC BODIES.

There are thirty-one grand lodges in as many different States of the United States and one in Canada. The Prince Hall Grand Lodge, of Massachusetts, is the oldest lodge, having been organized in the year 1808. It was the outgrowth of African Lodge, No. 459, the warrant for which was granted to Prince Hall and fifteen other colored Masons September 24, 1784. The number of colored Masons in the United States and Canada is 35.113 ; Royal Arch, 13,000; Knights Templar, 10,335: Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, 1,326; Ancient A ccepted Scottish Rite Masons. 5, 712. The Grand Lodge of New York, organized in 1848, has jurisdiction over thirty-three lodges, located in different parts of the State. The total membership is about 1,100. Enoch R. Spaulding, Oswego, N Y., is Grand Master.

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The Al cient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine is not a regular Masonic budy. but its membership is composed strictly of Masons who have reached the 32 degree, A. A. S. Pite (18th degree in England), or Knights Templars in good standing. There are 81 temples in the United States. and a total membership of about 52.000 .

The following are the imperial officers for the United States for 1900: Imperial Potentate, John H. Atwood, Leavenworth. Kan. Imperial Demuty Potentate. Lou. B. Winsor, Reed City, Mich.: Imperial Chief Rabbun. Philip C. Shaffer, Philadelphia, Pa, ; Imperiai Assistant Rabban Henry C Akin. Omaha, Neb. : Imperial Hiah Priest and I'rophet, George H. Green, Dallas, Tex. Imperial Oriental Gutice, (ieorge L. Brown, Buffalo. N. Y.; Imperial Treasurer, William S. Brown, 520 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Imperial Recorder, Benjamin W. Rowell, 2 S School Street. Boston Mass. Imperial First Ceremonial Master, Henry A. Collins, Toronto, 'an.; Imperial Second Ceremonial Master, Rial S. Peck. Hartford, Ct, Imperial Marshal, Alvah P Clayton. St. Joseph, Mo.; Imperial Captain of Guards, A rchibald N. Sloan. Chattanooga, Tenn.; Imperifl Outer Guard, Edwin I. Alderman. Cedar Rapids, Ia. The Order of the Nobles of the irystic Sbrine was instituted by the Mohammedan Kalif Alee, the cousin-german and son-in-law of the Prophet Mobammed, in the year of the Hegira 25 (A. D. 656), at Mekkah. in Arabia, as an Inquisition, or Vigilance Committee, to dispense justice and execute punishment upon criminals tho escape their just deserts throngh the tardiness of the courts, and also to promote religious toleration among cultured men of all uations.

## 

Grand Council for the Western Hemisphere: Grand Sheikh ul Allah, Max scheuer. 358 Broad way, New York; Grand Sheikh Khasat. John H. Russell: Grand Sheikh Mambar. Charles Sotheran. Grand Sheikh Baxesh, William H. Peckham; Grand Sherkh Fukir. P. F. D. Hibbs.

## (13)

This is a society composed of Masons in good and regular standing and their wives, mothers, sisters, and danghters, and the widows of Masons. No other persons are eligible to membership, The organization took its rise in the City of New York in 1868 . The order has exteuded over the Unitco states, and there are now twenty-eight grand chapters in as many States. In the state of New York there are 135 chapters and a membership of 9.181 , thirty-two chapters being in New York and Brooklyn. The principal officers of the New York Grand Chapter are, M. W' Grand Matron, Mrs M. Eva Williams, Binghamton; $R$. W. Grand Secretary. Mrs. Christiana Buttrick, New York City: I. W. Grand Treasurer, Mrs, Emma A. Smith, Brooklyn.

#  <br> SOVEREIGN GRAND LCDGE OF THE INDEPERDENT ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS. officers. 

Grand Sire-A. S. Pinkerton, Worcester, Mass. Deputy Grand Sire-A. C. Cable, Covington, Ohio. Grand Secretary-J. Frank Grant, Baltimore, Mi. Assistant Grand Secretary-Elvin J. Curry, Baltimore, Md.

Arand Chaplain-Rev. J. W. Venable, Hopkins ville, Ky .
Grand Marshot-J. B. Cockrum, Indianapolis, Ind. Grand Guardian-J. W. Bourlet, Concord, N.H. Grand Messenger-C. F. Lumsden, Raleigh, $\mathbf{N}$. C. GRAND LODGES AND MEMBERSHIP.
(Reported to the Annual Communication in 1899.)

| JURISDICTION. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Members } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Jurisdiction. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Members } \end{gathered}$ | JURISDICTION. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Members } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama. | 4,370 | Lower Prov. , B. N. A.. | 5,042 | Oklahoma Territory. | 1,997 |
| Arizona.. | 790 | Maine | 20,621 | Ontario | 23,052 |
| Arkansas. | 4,533 | Manitoba | 3,334 | Oregon. | 6,103 |
| British Co | 2,845 | Maryland ...... . . . . . . . | 8,482 | Pennsylv | 106,121 |
| California | 30,373 | Massachusetts........... | 50,981 | Quebec. | 2,795 |
| Colorado | 7,982 | Michigan ................. | 24,767 | Rhode | 6,187 |
| Connecticu | 16,778 | Minnesota.............. | 14,856 | South Carolina | 1,104 |
| Delaware | 2,582 | Mississippi............... | 1,872 | South Dakota | 3,813 |
| District of | 1,766 | Missouri ................... | 29,301 | Tennessee | 7,915 |
| Florida | 1,125 | Muntana. | $3,451$ | Texas | 10,560 |
| Georgia | 4,630 | Nebraska | 9,772 | Utah | 1,548 |
| Idaho | 1,913 | Nevada | 1,260 | Vermont | 4,933 |
| 1 | 51, 863 | New Hampshire....... | 12,804 | Virginia | 10,999 |
| Indi | 46,541 | New Jersey | 24,269 | Washingto | 7,197 |
| Iowa. | 38,691 | New York | 76,652 | Wisconsi | 15,602 |
| Kan | 22,120 | North Carolina.......... | 4,425 | Wyoming | 1,147 |
| Kentucky | 8,837 | North Dakota.......... | 393 |  | 829,669 |

The membership of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which includes the Grand Lodges of Australasia, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Switzerland, is 859.929 , female members not included. The American organization is not in affiliation with an English order entitled the Manchester Unity of Odd Fellows, who number 900,668 .

The Encampment branch of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows numbers 128,267 members; Rebekah lodges, sisters, 190,007; brothers, 123,156; Chevaliers of the Patriarchs Militant, 16,169. The next meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge will be at Richmond, Va., September 17-22, 1900.

The total relief paid by the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, year ending December 31, 1898, was $\$ 3,422.986,50$; brothers relieved, 98,277 ; widowed families relieved, 5,854 ; paid for relief of brothers $\$ 2,612,303.25$; for widowed families, $\$ 145,078.35$; education of orphans, $\$ 40,996.89$;
burying the dead, $\$ 624,608.01$.

## GRAND UFITED ORDER OF ODD FELLOWS OF AMFRICA. OFFICERS.

Grand Master-E. H. Morris, Chicago, Ill.
Deputy Grand Master-A. B. Lattimore, Boston, Mass.
Grand 7 reasurer-J. E. Reed, Cleveland, Ohio.
Grand Secretary-C. H. Brooks, Philadelphia, Pa
bile, Ala.; B. T. Thorncon, Indianapolis, Ind. August 31, 1897: Lodges enrolled, 2,281; households,1,070; P. G. M. Courcils, 182; Patriarchies, 88 D. G. Lodges, 36 . Total, 3,657.

Members in the lodges, according to last report, 118,500 ; households, 31,000 ; P. G. M. Councils, 3,937; Patriarchies, 2,100. Whole number of members, 155,537.

Paid to sick during year, $\$ 198,423.82$; paid to widows and orphans, $\$ 40,360.29$; paid for funerals, $\$ 96,400$. Amount invested and value of property, $\$ 1,867,597$.

## 

## THE INTERMATIONAL SURREME LODGE.

R. W. G. Templar-Jos. Malins, Birmingham, Eng. R. W. G. Counselor-Geo. F. Cotterill, seattle, Wash.
$\boldsymbol{R}$. $\boldsymbol{W}_{.}$G. V. Templar-Mrs. D. C. McKellar, Denny, Scotland.
R.W.G.S.J. Templars-Miss Jessie Forsyth, Boston, Mass.
R. W. G. Secretary-B. F. Parker, Milwaukee, Wis. R. W. G. Treasurer-W. Martin Jones. Rochester, N. Y.
P.R.W.G Templar-Dr. D.H.Mann, Brooklyn, N.Y. $\boldsymbol{R}$. W. G. Chaplain-Rev. F. B. Boyce, Sydney, New South Wales.

The last report of the R. W. G. Secretary returned the mumber of grand lodres in the world as 100 and the membership as 403,287 . The membership of the juvenile branch was 172,839 . The Good Templars, which is a beneficial order, based on total abstinence, are organized in nearly every State of the Union, England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, Germany, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Canada, West Indies, East, West, and South Africa, Anstralia, New Zealand, British India, Iceland, and other countries. All persons becoming members of the Order are required to subscribe to the following pledge: "That they will never make, buy, sell, use, furuish, nor cause to be furnished to otbers, as a beverage, any spirituous or malt liquors, wine, or cider, and will discountenance the manufacture and sale thereof in all proper ways."' The International simpreme Lodge will hold its next bieunial meeting at Stockholm, Sweden, second Tuesday in July, 1902.

## (1)ruex of the Souss of ermperamce. NATIONAL DIVISION OF NORTH AMERICA.

M. IT. Patriarch-A. G. Lawson. D. D., Camden,N.J. IF. W. Conductor-J. Mr. Walton, Kettleby, Ont. M. W. Associate-Mirs. A.M. Nix on, Roxbury, Mass. MI. W. Sentinel-John C. Clark, Bay View, Princ M. W. Scribe-B. R. Jewell. Stoneham, Más.

Mr. W. Treasurer-J. H. Roberts, Boston, Mass.
M. W: Chaptain-Rev. George W. Fisher, NewEdward Island. M. W. Supt. Y. P. Work-F. M. Bradley, Washington, D. C.
The Order of the Sons of Temperance was organized in the city of New York, September 29, 1842. It is composed of subordinate, Grand, and National Divisions. It has four National Divisions-one for North America, one for Great Britain and Ireland, and two fcr Australia. In the course of its existence it has had nearly four million members on its rolls. Its present membership in North America is 38,248 , of whom 14,848 are in the United States. Its fundamental principle is total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors. Its next convention will be held at Dalton, Mass., July 11-14, 1900.

##  <br> SUPREME LOUCE.

Supreme Chancellor-Thomas G. Sample, Pa Supreme Tice-Chancellor-Ogden H. Fethers, Wis. Supreme Prelate-James Moulson, N. B.
Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal-R. I. C. White, Nashville, Tenn.
Supreme Master of Exchequer-T. D. Meares,N. C.

Supreme Outer Guard-J. W. Thompson, D: C. S'upreme Inner Guard-William Simmons, Del. supreme Mraster at Arms-H. A. Bigelow, Wash. President Board of Control-J. A. Hinsey, Ill.
Major-General Uniform Rank-J. R. Carnahan, Ind.

Membership, January 1, 1899.

| Alaban | 7.556 | Illinois....... | 37,124 | Michigan | 11 | N. Dakota | 1,757 | V | 77 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Arizona...... | 711 | Indiana | 38,645 | Minnesota | 7,613 | Ohio | 55,972 | Virginia | 4,533 |
| A rkansas | 4,421 | Indian T | 1,622 | Mississippi | 5,389 | Okl | 1,073 | Washington. | 3,798 |
| Br . Columbia | 1,332 | Iowa. | 24,844 | Missouri | 19,759 | Ontar | 1,163 | W. Virginia.. | 7,134 |
| California. | 11,075 | Kansas....... | 11,286 | Montana. | 2,021 | Oregon ..... | 3,525 | Wisconsin | 8,226 |
| Colorado.... | 6,172 | Kentucky | 6,242 | Nebraska | 5,863 | Pennsylv'nia | 40,448 | Wyoming. | 2 |
| Connecticut.. | 6,087 | Louisiana | 6,334 | Nevada..... | 786 | Rhode Island | 2,953 | Subordinate |  |
| Delaware | 1,038 | Maine.. Manitob | 12,350 379 | New Hamp.. | 5,403 | S. Carolina. | 4,770 | lodges. | 15 |
| Dis. of C | 1,238 | Manitoba ${ }^{\text {Mar. }}$ Prov'. | 379 1,254 | New Jersey.. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { S. Dakot } \\ & \text { Tenness } \end{aligned}$ | 1,920 | Total | 70,798 |
| Georgia. | 5,795 | Maryland.... | 6,953 | New York... | 19,881 | Texas.. | 14,160 |  |  |
| Inaho........ | 1,165 | Massach'tts. | 14,617 | N. Carolina.. | 4,172 | Utah......... | 1,115 |  |  |

The phrase "subordinate lodges" above designates lodges in the Hawaiian Islands, Mexico, and the Province of Quebec, where there are no grand lodges. Mrembership of the Uniform Rallk (military branch), 45,680 . Membership of the Endowment Rank (life insurance branch) 57,401 , representing an endowment of $\$ 104,240,000$. Total paid beneficiaries to July 1, 1899, $\$ 13,611,000$. The office of the Supreme Keeper of Records and Seal is at Nashville, Tenn. Next convention of the Supreme Lodge will be held at Detroit, Mich., August 28, 1900.

## cye まonal Mecamum. <br> SUPREME COUNCIL.

Supreme Regent-W. Holt Apgar, Trenton, N.J.
Supreme Vice-Regent-J. A. Langfitt, Pittsburgh, Pa. Supreme Vice-Regent-J. A. Langfitt,Pittsburgh, Pa Supreme Orator-A. S. Robinson, St. Lonis, Mo. Sitting Past Supreme Regent-Edson M. Schryver,

Baltimore, Md.

Supreme 7 reasurer-E. A. Skinner, New York. Supreme Auditor-A. T. Turner Jr., Mass. Supreme Chaptain-E. A. Dow, Wisconsin. Supreme Warden-Isaac W. Caulfield, N. Y. City. Supreme Sentry-Carl Moller, Missonri.
Legal Adviser-John Haskell Butler, Boston. Mass.
The membership of the Order September 30, 1899, was 190,727 ; the number of grand conncils, 23 . and subordinate councils, 1,752. The Supreme Council was organized at Bostou June 23. 1877, and incorporated under the laws of Massachusetts. Number of deaths to September 30, 1899, 18,539. Benefits paid to September 30, 1899, \$53, $781,689.61$.

## 

According to the last reports of the supreme bodies of these organizations to The World ALMANAC, the membership of the principal fraternal organizations in the United states and Canada is as follows :

Odd Fellows*
Freemasons*
Knights of Pythias.
Modern Woodmen of America.
Ancient Order of United Workmen.
Improved Order of Red Men.
Royal A rcanum.
Knights of the Maccabees
Junior Order of United A merican Mechan-
ics..
Foresters of America
Independent Order of Foresters.
Woodmen of the World.
Ancient Order of Hibernians of America. Knights of Honor.
Knights and Ladies of Honor Knights of the Golden Tasle
Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. National Union.
Order of United
985.206

871,662
470,798
427,766
373,289
213,679
190,727
188,071
183,518
154.909
$15(1,000)$
114,643
105,983
22.184

67,000
60,000
60.000

51,000
betailed informat:on about the fraternal beneficiary societies will be found on the three pages following this. * Including colored organizations.

## 

American Legion of Honor.-Founded 1878; grand councils, 8; sub-councils, 525 ; members, 17,979 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 39,424,225$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 1,649,500$; Supreme Commander, Wm. N. Davenport, Buston; Supreme Secretary, Adam Warnock, Boston; Supreme Treasurer, George W. Kendrick, Jr., Philadelphia.

Ben Hir, Tribe of.-Founded 1894; Supreme Temple, Crawfordsville, Ind. ; subordinate courts, 519 ; members, 24,059 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 363,925$; benefits disbursed January 15 to October 15, 1899, \$120,775; Supreme Chief, D. W. Gerard, Crawfordsville, Ind. ; Supreme scribe, F. L. Snyder, Crawfordsville, Ind. ; Supreme Keeper of Tribute, S. E. Voris, Crawfordsville. Ind.

B'nai 13'rith, Independent Order of.-Founded 1843; grand lodges, 10; subordinate lodges, 454; members, 31,750 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 39,250,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 1,243,000$; President, Julius Bien, Maubattan Borough, New York; Vice-President, Simon Wolf, Washington, D. C. ; Secretary, Solomon Sulzberger, Manhattan Borough, New York; Treasurer, Jacob Furth. St. Louis.

Brith Abralıam Order,-Foundad 1859; grand lodge, 1 ; sub-lodges, 242; members, 17,352; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 1,371,987$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 105,700$; Grand Master, Samuel Dorf, Manhattan Borough, New York; First Deputy Grand Master, Robert Strahl, Brooklyn Borough, New York; Sccond Deputy Grand Master, Auson Stern, Boston; Grand Secretary, Leonard Leisersohn, Manhattan Borough, New York; Grand Treasurer, Samuel Wolf, Brooklyn Borough, New York.

Catholic Benevoient Legion.-Founded 1881; State councils, 7; subordinate councils, 603 ; members, 48, $0: 20$; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 10,115,914$; benefits dishursed last fiscal year, $\$ 1,158,633$; President, John C. McGuire, Brooklyn Borough, New York City; Vice-President, A. V.' Harding, New Brunswick, N. J.; Secretary J. D. Carroll, Brooklyn Borough, New York City; Treasurer, J. D. Keiley, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

Catholic Knights of America.-Founded 1877; subordinate councils, 589 ; members, 24,000 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 9,257,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$718,375; Supreme President, P. J. O'Connor, Savannah, Ga.; Supreme Vice-President, Wm. Blakeslee, Hallettsville, Tex.; Supreme Secretary, Joseph C. Carroll, St. Louis, Mo. : Supreme Treasurer, Gerard Reiter, St. Louis, Mo.

Catholic Mutual Benefit Association.-No report concerning this association obtainable when the Almanac was printed.

Chosen Friends, Order of.-Founded 1879; grand councils, 2; subordinate councils, 551; members, 22,140 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 13,055,965$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 793,711$; Supreme Councilor, H. H. Morse, Manhattan Borough, New York City; Supreme Recorder. T. B. Linn. Indianapolis. Ind. : Supreme Treasurer, W. B. Wilson, Newark, N. J.

Druids, United Ancient Order of.-Founded 1781 (in England), 1839 (in America); number of grand groves, 16 ; sub-groves, 387 ; total number of members (in America), $\mathbf{1 6}, 245$; benefits disbursed in America since 1847, $\$ 4,060,370$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 225,121$; Supreme Arch, Peter Schaffnit, St. Louis, Mo.; Supreme Secretary, H. Freudenthal, Albany, N. Y.; supreme Treasurer. Louis Krauss. La Fayette Ind.

Elks, Benevolent and Protective Order of.-Founded 1868; grand lodge, 1; sub-lodges, 475 ; members in the United States, 60,000 ; beuefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 750,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, 855,000 ; (trand Exalted Ruler, B. M. Allen, Birmingham, Ala.; Secretary G. A. Reynolds, Saginaw, Mich. ; Treasurer, E.S. Orris, Meadville. Pa.

Foresters, Ancient Order of.-Founded 1745; established in America 1836. The American branch is composed of 3 high courts and 393 subordinate courts, and has 37,669 members. Total membership throughout the world 900,056, as stated by the Foresters' Directory ou Dec. 31, 1898. The surplus funds of the society amounted to $\$ 31,696,385$, and its assets aggregated over $\$ 76,-$ 500,000 , Benefits disbursed since 1836, $\$ 108,500,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 5,000,-$ 000. Officers of the A merican branch are as follows: High Chief Ranger, E.A. Hayes, Buffalo, N. Y.; High Sub-Chief Rauger, Frederick Bersey, Brooklyn Borough, New York; High Court Treasurer, William A. Hunter, Manhattan Borough, New York; High Court Secretary, Robert A. Sibbald, Park Ridge, N. J.

Foresters of America.-Is a distinct organization, not in affiliation with the above. Its present jurisdiction is limited to the United States. Founded 1864, reorganized 1889; grand courts, 21 ; sub-courts, 1,381; members, 154,909; benefits disbursed since organization, \$6,762,077; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 324,159$, Supreme Chief Ranger, Thomas J. Ford, Pittsburgh, Pa. ; Supreme Sub-Chief Ranger, (: P. Rendou, Stockton, Cal.; Supreme Treasurer, T. F. Donahue, Providence, R. I. ; Supreme Secretary, E. M. McMurtry, Brooklyn Borough, New York City; Supreme Recording Secretary, S. B. Morriss, Fall River, Mass.

Foresters, Independent Order of.-Founded 1874; high courts, 40; subordinate courts, 4,000; members, 150,000; benefits dishursed since organization, $\$ 7,250,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 1,176,125$; Supreme Chief Ranger, Oronhyatekha, M. D. Toronto, Ontario; ViceChief Ranger, Victor Morin, Montreal, Quebec; Secretary, John A. McGillivray, Toronto; Treasurer, Harry A. Collins, Toronto.

Free Sons of Israel, Independent Order of.-Founded 1849; grand lodges, 3 ; subordinate lodges, 104 ; members, 13,000 ; benefits disbursed since organizatiou, $\$ 6,282,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 212,000$; Grand Master, Julius Harburger, Manhattan Borough, New Yorik; Deputy Grand Master, S. Hoftheimer, Manhattan Borough, New York; Secretary, I. H. Goldsmith, Manhattan Borough, New Yors; Treasurer, Louis Frankenthaler, Manhattan Borough, New York.

## STATISTICS OF PRINCIPAL FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS-Continued.

Good Fellows, Royal Society of.-Founded 1882; grand assemblies, 4; subordinate assemblies, 202 ; members, 10,$133 ;$ benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 3,518,496 ;$ benefits disbursed last iscal year, $\$ 305,155$; Premier, J. H. McGregor, Moutague, Me. ; Vice-Premier, W. H. Apgar, Trenton, N. J.' Necretary, A. J. Bates, Boston; Treasurer, James G. Whitehouse, Providence, R. I.

Heptasophs, Improved Order.-Founded 1878; conclaves, 620; members, 49.953; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 3,971,675$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 751,275$; supreme Archon, M. G. Cohen, Pittsburgh, Pa, ; Supreme Provost, Roswell B. Farren, New Haven, Ct. ; SupremeSecretary, samuel H. Tattersall, Baltimore, Md. ; supreme Treasurer, C. It. Ramsay, Boston.

Hibernians of America, Ancient Order of.-Founded 1836; subordinate divisions, 15, 312; number of members, 105,983 ; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 230,118$; National President, J. T. Keating, Chicago, Ill:; National Vice-President.J. E. Dolan, Syracuse, N. Y.; National Secretary, James O. Sullivan, Philadelphia, Pa. ; National Treasurer, P. T. Moran, Washington, D. C.

Home Circle.-Founded 1879: grand councils, 3; sub-councils, 210; members, 6,367; benefits disbursed since organization, $1,800,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 200,000$; supreme Leader, Franklin O. Barnes, C'helsea, Mass. ; Secretary, Julius M. Swain, Boston, Mass. ; Treasurer, John Haskell Butler, Boston, Mass.

Irish Catholic Benevolent Union.-Founded 1869; subordinate societies, 157; members, 14823 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 2,031,835$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 55,326$; President, Daniel Duffy, St. Clair, Pa. ; First V'ice-President, John F. Fogarty, Providence, R. I. ; Treasurer, Thomas J. Foley, Gloucester, N. J. ; Secretary, John E. Davis, Philadelphia.

Knights and Ladies of Honor. - Founded 1877; grand loclges, 15; sub-lodges, 1,136; members, 67,000 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 15,184,788$; belefits disbursed last fiscal year, \$1,191,000; Supreme Protector, L. B. Lockiard, Toledo, O. ; Secretary, C. W. Harvey, Indianapolis, Ind. ; Treasurer, George A. Byrd, Indianapolis, Ind.

Knights of Honor--Founded 1873; grand lodges, 36; subordinate lodges, 2,251; members, 72,184 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 68,156,501$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 3,841,500$; Supreme Dictator, Johu P. Sluannon, Elberton, Ga. ; supreme Vice-Dictator, D. S. Riggs, Boston, Mass.; Supreme, Assistant Dictator, Noah M., Givan, Harrisonville, Mo. ; Supreme Reporter, B. F. Nelson, St. Louis, Mo. ; Supreme 'Treasurer, Joseph V. Branch, St. Louis, Mo.

Knights of Malta, Ancient and IMnstrious Order,-Founded in Jerusalem, 1048; in America, 1889; grand commanderies, 6; sub-commanderies, 210 ; members, 25,000 ; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 45,000$; Supreme Commander, E. W. Samuel, Mount Carmel, Pa ; Supreme Recorder, Frank Gray, Philadelphia, Pa. ; supreme Treasurer, W. J. Rugh, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Kuights of St. John and Malta.-Founded 1883; grand encampment, 1 ; subordinate encampments, 80 ; members, 4,284 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 357,437$; benetits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 42,800$; Grand Commander, R. B. Treacy, Brooklyn Borough, New York City; Lieu-tenant-Grand Commander, WV. C. Bexfield, Buffalo, N. Y.: Grand Chancellor, Francis Houghtaling, Manhattan Borough, New York; Grand Almoner, Jacob Broschart, Manhattan Borough, New York.'

Knights of the Golden Eagie.-Founded 1873; grand castles, 16; sub-castles, 867; members, 60,000 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 1.704,417$; benefits di ibursed last fiscal year, $\$ 190,-$ 72 ; Supreme Chief, John B. Roberts, Somerville, Mass.; Snpreme Vice-Chief, S. M. Harlan, Union City, Ind.; Master of Records, A. C. Lyttle, Philadelphia, Pa. ; Keeper of the Exchequer, Timothy NcCarthy, Philadelphia, Pa.

Knights of the Maccabees.-Founded 1883; subordinate tents and hives, 3,600; members, 188,071 ; beuefits disbursed since orgauization, $\$ 7,610,679$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 1,271$,451 ; Supreme Commander, D. P. Markey; Supreme Lieutenant-Commander, H. M. Parker, Elyria, $\mathbf{O}$. ; Supreme Record Keeper, G. J. Siegle; Supreme Finance Kieeper, C. D. Thompson. All officers are located at Port Huron, Mich., except Lieutenant-Commander.

Ladiesg Catholic Benevolent Association.-Founded 1890; subordinate branches, 517; members, 50,000 ; benefits disbursed since organizatiou, $\$ 1,023242$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 210.500$; Supreme President, Mrs. E. B. McGowan, Buftalo, N. Y. ; Supreme Recorder, Mrs. J. A. Royer, Erie, Pa. ; Supreme Treasurer, Mrs. Mary E. Custelloe, Brooklyn Borough, New York City.

Mystic Circle, The Fraternal.-Founded 1884; grand rulings, 9; subordinate rulings, 366; members, 12,000 ; benefits dishursed since organization, $\$ 1,505,982$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 175,450$; Supreme Mystic Ruler F. H. Duckwitz, Philadelphia, Pa. ; Recorder, W. H. Snyder, Philadelphia, Pa. ; Treasurer, Milton Birch, Philadelphia, Pa.

National Provident Union.-Founded 1883; sub-councils, 70 ; members, 3,290; benefits disbursed since organizatiou, $\$ 1,0 \overline{3} 6,834$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 98,500$; President, James Younie, Brooklyn Borough, New lork (ity; Vice-President, Austin F. Knowles, Elizabeth, N.J.; Secretary of the Union, H. 'L. Carr, Brooklyn Borough, New York City; Secretary of the Treasury, H. D. W. Dye, Brooklyn Borough, New Y'ork City.

National Union.-Founded 1881; sub-councils, 800 ; members, 51,000 ; benefits dishursed since organization, $811,045,318$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 1,153,000$; President, H. H. Cabaniss, Atlanta, ca.; Vice-1'resident. WV. L. Wild, Akron, O. ; Secretary, J. W. Myers, Toledo, O. ; Treasurer, Charles' O. Evarts, Cleveland, O.

New England Order of Protection.-Fonnded 1887; grand lodges, 6 ; sub-lodges, 305 ; members, 27,220 ; benefits disbursed since oryanization, $\$ 2,269,851$; benefits clisbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 364,000$; supreme Warden, L. W. Shaw, Boston; supreme secretary, D. M. Frye, Boston; Suprenue Treasurer, Jolin P. Sanborn, Newport, R. I.

Pilgrim Fathers, United order of.-Founcled 1879; supreme colony, 1 ; subordinate colonies, 216 ; members, 25,200 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 3,520,000$; benefits disbursed
last fiscal year, s419,000; supreme Goveruor, J. S. Taft, Neene. N. H.; Supreme Secretary, James E. Shepard, Lawrence, Mass. ; supreme Treasurer, A. V. Bugbee, Lawrence, Mass.

Rechabites, Imdepentent Order of.-Founded 1835 (in England), 1842 (in America); number of teuts in America, 4 ; sub-tents, 35 ; members in America, 2,000 ; in world, 261,351 ; benefits dishursed last tiscal year in America, $\$ 3.039$ in world, $\$ 762,205$. Hight Chief Ruler, J. A. Cunningham, Lonaconing. Md.; High Deputy I:uler, Wm. C. Lenz, Washington, D. C. ; High Secretary, James II. Dony, A nacostia, D. C. ; High Treasurer, Mrs. Annie Gardner, Lonaconing, Md.

## STATISTICS OF PRINCIPAL FRATERNAL ORGANIZATIONS—Continu d.

Red Mien, Improved Order of.-Founded 1771 and 1834; great councils, 45; tribes, 2.082; members, 213,679 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 16,079,076$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 589,076$; Great Incohonee, George E. Green, Binghamton, N. Y.; Great Senior Sagamore, E. D. Wiley, Des Moines, Ia.; Great Junior Sagamore, Thos. G. Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind.; Great Chiel of Records, Charles C. Conley, Philadelphia; Great Keeper of Wampum, Wm. Provin, Westfield, Mass.

Royal Templars of Temperance.-Founded 1870; grand councils, 8 ; select councils, 527 ; members, 22,433 ; benefits disbursed siuce organization, $\$ 7,261,559$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year. $\$ 337,500$; Supreme Councilor, L. R. Sanborn, Buifalo, N. Y. ; Supreme Vice-Councilor, F. D. Muse, Sandy Lake, Pa. ; supreme Treasurer, Merchants' Bank, Bufialo, N. Y.: Supreme Secretary, E. B. Rew, Buffalo, N. Y.

Scotish Clans, Order of, -Founded 1878, grand clans, 2; subordinate clans, 103; members, 5,143 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 560,000$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 63,000$; Royal Chief, W. H. Steen, Braidwood, Ill. ; Royal secretary, Peter Kerr, Boston, Mass. ; Royal Treasurer, John Hill, St. Louis, Mo.

United American Mechanics, Order of.-Founded 1845; State councils, 20; sub-councils, 748 ; members, 50,342 ; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 151,094$; National Councilor, H. O. Holstein, Harrisburg, Pa. ; National Vice-Councilor, Elmer, E. Hill, Milford, N. H. ; National Secretary, John Server, Philadelphia, Pa, ; National Treasurer, Joseph H. shinn, Camden, N. J.

United American Mechanics, Jnmior Order of.-Founded 1853 ; State councils, 37 ; subcouncils, 2,164 ; members, 183,508 ; benefits dishursed since organization, $\$ 3,619,738$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 591.164$; National Councilor, Chas. Reimer, Baltimore, Md. Vice-Councilor, Charles Reeves, Seattle, Wash.; Secretary, E.' S. Deemer, Philadelphia, Pa.; Treasurer, J. A. Sohe, Biltimore, Md.

United Worlkmen. Ancient Order of.-Founded 1868; grand lodges, 37; sub-lodges, 4,993; members, 373.289 ; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 94,041,634$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 7,687,346$; Master Workman, Johu C. Bickford, Manchester, N. H. ; Recorder, M. W. Sackett, Meadville, Pa, ; Receiver, Jno. J. Acker, Albany, N. Y.

Woodmen of America, Fraternity of Modern.-Fonnded 1883; head camp, 1; local camps. 7,048 ; members. 427.766; benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 14.333,685$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 3,263,050$; Head Consul. W. A. Northcott, Greenville, Ill. ; Head Clerk, C. W. Hawes, Rock I lland, III.; Head Banker, Frank R. Crocker, Chariton, Ia.

Woodmen of the World.-Founded 1891 ; head camps, 3 ; local camps, 2,852 ; members, 114.643: benefits disbursed since organization, $\$ 2,976,756$; benefits disbursed last fiscal year, $\$ 949651$; Sovereign Commander, Joseph Cullen Root, Omaha, Neb. ; Sovereign Adviser, F. A. Falkenburg, Denver, Col. ; Clerk, John T. Yates, Omaha, Neb. ; Banker,' Morris Sheppard, Texarkana, Tex.

## Ňational council of ©xammen.

President-Fannie Humphreys Gaffney, 41 Riverside Drive, New York City.
Vice-President-al-Large-Maria P. Peck, Davenport, Ia.
Corresponding Secretary-Kate W. Barrett, Washington, D . C.

First Recording Secretary-Anna G. Spencer, Provdence, R. I.
Second Recording Secretary-Emeline B. Wells, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Honorary Presidents - May Wright Sewall and Mary Lowe Dickinson.

Trectsurer-Hannah G. Solomon, Chicago, Ill.
This or ranization is a central council of women, to which all National societies organized for any purpose whatsoever come to hear what other Na:ional societies are doing on other lines. They counsel together as to any reform, or movement, in which all might cooperate. It is the purpose to send a commission tc Cuba and Hawaii, to inquire into the conditions of women. The Council has a Cabinet, and is fashioned on a plan similar to the Senate of the United States. It is self-supporting, with the aid of patrons. Twenty National societies are represented in the Council; they aggregate a membership of $1.200,000$ women, the largest representative organization in the world. It is affiliated with the International Council of Women.

## 

President-Mrs. Rebecca D. Lowe, Atlanta, Ga.
Cor. Sec' $y$-Mrs. Geo. W. Kendrick, Jr.,Phila., Pa.
Vice-President-Mrs. Sarah S. Platt, Denver, Col. Treasurer-Mrs. Philip N. Moore, St. Louis, Mo. Recording Secretary-Mrs. E. A. Fox, Detroit, Mich. Auditor-Mrs. C. P. Barnes, Louisville, Ky.

The Board of Directors are: Mrs. Mary S. Lockwood, Washington, D. C. ; Mrs. Charles S. Morris, Berlin, Wis. Mrs. C. S. Kinney, Salt Lake City; Mrs. H. H. Pyle, Bricigeport, Ct. ; Mrs. F. A. Eastman, California; Mrs. Frances Ford, Omaha, Neb.; Mrs. Wm. Todd Helmuth, New York; Mrs. E. L. Buchwalter, Ohio; Mrs. Harriet Windsor. Des Moines, Iowa.

This organization, incorporated in 1892 , is composed of over 2,700 women's clubs, having a membership of 200,000 women in the United States and foreign countries. The purpose of the Federation is declared in its articles of incorporation to be "to bring into communication with one another the various women's clubs throughout the world, that they may compare methods of work and become mintually helpful. Constitutions of clubs applying for membership should show that no sectarianism o: nolitical test is required, and, while the distinctively humauitarian movements may be recognized, their chief purpose is not philanthropic or technical, but social, literary, artistic, or scientific culture." Meetings of the Federation are held biennially, the last meeting having been in June, 1898. There are 30 State federations auxiliary to the feneral Federation, and f.5 single cluhs in forty-one States. Several foreign clubs are members of the Federation-the Pioneer Club of London, Woman's Club of Bombay, and Educational Club of Ceylon, clubs in Australia. South America, etc.

## SOROSIS.

Sorosis, the first women's club in the United States, was founded at New York in 1868. The following are the officers elected at the annual meeting held in New York City, March 1, 1899:

President-Mrs. D. T. S. Denison. First Vice-President-Mrs. Emily Warren Roebling. Second Vice-President-Mrs, Alice B. Stimson. Third Vice-President-Rev. Phoebe A. Hanaford, Recording Secretary-Mrs. Miriam Mason Greeley. Corresponding Secretary-Mrs. Alice Gilbert Demorest, 68 East Sixty-sixth Street. Treasurer-Mrs. Katherine B. Foote.

## (1)tigtiall Scicure.

Mrs. Laura Lathrop, C. S. D., New York, has prepared the following statement for The World Almanac of the claims made on behalf of Christian science:

The revelation of Christian Science came to Rev. Mary Baker G. Eddy in the year 1866, and its truth and power were immediately demonstrated by signs following. For thirty-three years sinners have been reclaimed, depraved appetites for opium and intoxicating drinks have been destroyed, the sick have been healed of every disease, including insanity; the blind have received their sight, the deaf their hearing, shortened limbs have been elongated, crooked spines have been straightened, and law after law of the human mind has been broken. The one great text book of this science is "sclence and Health,"' with key to the Scriptures, by Mary Baker G. Eddy, supplemented by another book by the same author called " Miscellaneous Writings.". "science and Health'" is now in its one hundred and eighty-ffth edition and the demand for it is increasing daily. The Christian Science Publishing House is at 95 Falmouth Street, Boston, Mass, and here are published, besides the two books above mentloned, other works by the same author, also "'The Christian Science Monthly Journal,", "The Christian Science Weekly," and the "Christian Science Bible Lessons." In the October Journal for 1899 there were mentioned 2,524 practitioners, 389 regularly organized churches, 113 services where no church has as yet been organized, and 81 institutes. One hundred and twenty of these practitioners are in Greater New York, and sixty-seven in Manhattan Borough. There are six regularly organined churches of this denomination in New York City, three of which own church buildings. Two beautiful buildings are now being erected-one at the corner of Sixty-eighth Street and Central Park Wost, the other at the corner of Ninety-sixth Street and Central Park West.

Flourishing churches have been organized in London, England; Paris, France; Dresden, Berlin, and Hanover, Germany, and in Canada, Brazil, and Scotland. Many handsome church edifices have been built in different cities, and many others are in process of erection. The mother church is located in Boston, Mass., and those all over the country are its branches. Their services are uniform, consisting of two meetings on Sunday and one on Wednesday evening. Nosermonsare preached by a personal pastor, but a sermon made up of selections from the Bible and " Science and Health," with key to the Scriptures, is read by two readers. called the first and second readers. This church is emphatically a healing church, and many cases of restoration to health have been testified to during the past few years, brought about by attendance on one of these meetings.

Christian Science is demonstrable Christianity. Through the spiritual understanding of the teachings of Christ Jesus, its followers are enabled to obey His command to "heal the sick" and do the works He and His disciples did. The omnipotence, omnipresence, and omniscience of God are proved to be true. Christian science is not mind-cure, as that is popularly understood, because it recognizes but one mind, (iod. It is not faith-cure, because it does not perform its wonderful works through blind faith in a personal god, but through the understanding of man's relation to God. It is not mesmerism or hyphotism, because it denies absolutely the power of the human mind and human will, and claims no will but (God's. Through recognizing the one mind and man as the reflection of that mind. i. forever establishes the brotherhood of man. It is the perfect salvation from sin, disease, and death Christ Jesus came to bring. In "Rı.dimental Divine Science," Mrs. Eddy defines Christian science "\&s the law of God, the law of good, interpretiug and demonstrating the principle and rule of eternal harmony."

## (1) 1 EOSOMT12.

THE UNIVERSAL EROTHERHOOD.
THE Universal Brotherhood for the benefit of the people of the earth and all creatures was founded by Katherine A. Tingley, January 13, 1898, at New Yorls City. This organization is the outgrowth and expansion of the Theosophical society founded by H. P. Blavatsky, W. Q. Judge, and others at New York in 1875 and reorganized under William Q. Judge at its annual convention at Boston, Mass., in 1895. The constitution of the Universal Brotherhood was adopted by the Theosophical Society in America at its annual convention held in Chicago February 18, 1898, by which act the Theosophical Society in America became the Literary Department of the Universal Brotherhood.

The Universal Brotherhood, or the Brotherhood of Humanity, declares that brotherhood is a fact in nature. The principal purpose of the organization is to teach brotherhood, demonstrate that it is a fact in nature and make it a living power in the life of humanity. Its subsidiary purpose is to study ancient and modern religion, science, philosophy, and art, to investigate the laws of nature and the divine powers in man. It declares in its constitution that every member has a right to believe or disbelieve in any religious system or philosophy, each being required to show that tolerance for the opinions of others which he expects for his own.

There are over 150 lodges of the Universal Brotherhood in the United States and Canada, also lodges in England, Ireland, Sweden, Holland, France, Germany, Greece, India, Australia, and New Zealand. The central office of the organization is at 144 Madis $n$ A vemue, New York City.

The officers are: Katherine A. Tingley, Leader and Official Head; Frank M. Pierce, Secretary General; E. Allg. Nere heimer, Treasurer. All inquiries should be addressed to Frank M. Pierce, Secretary General, 144 Madison A venue, New York.

## THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY IN AMERICA.

The following statement has been prepared for The World Almanac:
The Theosophical Society in America is the Literary Department of the Universal Brotherhood. Its principal purpose is to puhlish and disseminate literature relating to Theosophy, brotherhood, ancient and modern religions, philosophies, sciences, and arts. Its subsidiary purpose is to essablish and bnild up a great library in which shall be gathered ancient and modern literature of value to the great cause of universal brotherhood.

The headquarters of the Theosophical Society in Anerica are at 144 Madison Avenue, New York. President, E. Aug. Neresheimer.

## THE ECLECTIC THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

An independent international body, with headquarters in New York City. Its objects are: "First, th formation of a nucleus of Universal Protherhond; secoud, the comparative study of the philosophical, religious, and scientific systems of the world; 'third, the manifestation of the divine powers in man." It is free from control byany "Esoteric section." Its cons:itution, under the form of the initiative and referendum, places final decisions with the votes of the membership.

First alection of oficers in January, 1900. For further information address the Chairman of the Committee for Theosophical Work, John M. Pryse, 17 West Ninety-eighth Street, New York City.

## zerigious statistics.

NUMBERS IN THE WORLD ACCORDING TO CREED.
THE following estimates, by M. Fournier de Flaix, are the latest that have been made by 2 competent authority. (See Quarterly of the American Statistical Association for March, 1892.)

| Creeds. | No. of Followers. | Creeds. | No. of Followers. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Christianity | 477,080,158 | 5 Buddhism .............................. | 147,900,000 |
| 2 Worship of Ancestors and |  | 6 Taoism .................................. | 43,000,000 |
|  | 256,000,000 | 7 Shintoism ............................. | 14,000.000 |
| 3 Hindooism 4 Mohammedanism ........................... | $190,000,000$ $176,834,372$ | 8 Judaism .................................................. | $7,186,000$ $17,681,669$ |
| CHRISTIANITY. |  |  |  |
| CHURCHES. | Total Followers. | CHURCHES. | Total Followers. |
| Catholic Ch $\overline{\text { urch........................ }}$ | 250,866,533 | Armenian Church..................... | 1,690,000 |
| Protestant Churches.................. | 143,237,625 | Nestorians........................ ....... | 80,000 |
| Orthodox Greek Church............. | 98,016,000 | Jacobites.................................... | 70,000 |
| Church of Abyssinia................................ | $3,000,000$ 120,000 | Total.. | 477,080,158 |

DISTRIBUTION OF SEMITIC ARYAN RACES.

| Geographical DIvisions. |  | Chbistianity |  |  |  |  |  | Mohammedanism. |  | Judaism. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Catholic Church. |  | Protestant Churches. |  |  | odox ches. |  |  |  |
| Europe |  | 160,165,000 |  | 80,812,000 |  | 89,196,000 |  |  | 629,000 | 6,456,000 |
| America |  | 58,393,882 |  | 57,294,014 |  |  |  |  |  | *130,000 |
| Oceanica <br> Africa |  | 6,574,481 |  | 2,724,781 |  |  |  |  | 699,787 000,000 | 400.000 |
| Asia <br> Total Followers. |  | 2,655,920$3,007,250$ |  |  | 2,750 |  | ,000 |  | , 535,585 | 200,000 |
|  |  | 230,866,533 |  | $\overline{143,237,625}$ |  |  | 6,000 | 176 | 834,372 | 7,186,000 |
| RELIGIOUS DIVISIONS OF EUROPE. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (JUNTRIES. | Catholic Church. |  | Protestant Churches. |  | Orthodox Churches. |  | Jews. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mohamme- } \\ & \text { dans. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Unclassifled |
| Russia.. |  | 600,000 |  | 0,000 | 73,3 |  | 3,400, |  | 3,000,000 | 290,000 |
| Germany ...................... | 7,100,000 |  | 29,4 | 78,000 |  |  | 590. |  | ...... | 82,000 |
| Austria-Hungary .......... |  | 1,100,000 |  | 80.000 | 3,1 |  | $\begin{array}{r}1,700.0 \\ \hline 49.0\end{array}$ |  | ..... | 100,000 84,000 |
| United Kingdom |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5.387,000 \\ & 6.500,000 \end{aligned}$ | 30,1 | 00,000 |  |  | 100.0 | 000 |  | 500,000 |
| Italy |  |  |  | 62,000 |  |  | 38.0 | 000 | ...... | 50,000 |
| Spain |  |  |  | 29,000 |  |  |  | 00 | .... |  |
| Relgium Roumania |  |  |  | 15,000 |  |  | 3.0 400.0 | 000 |  | $2.000$ |
| Roumania ...... | 100.000 |  |  | 15.000 11.000 | 4,800 | 000 000 | 400,0 60,0 | 000 | 2,708,000 | 55.000 |
| Ottoman Empi |  | 320.000 | , | 11,000 | 1,70 |  | 60,0 83.0 | 000 | 2,708,000 | 70.000 16.000 |
| Portugal | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5+5.000 \\ & 4,300.000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ,000 |  |  |  |  | ...... | 1.000 |
| Sweden | $\begin{aligned} & 0.000 \\ & 1,000 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 98,000 |  |  |  | 000 |  | 1000 |
| Switzerlan | 1,172.000 |  |  | 10,000 |  |  | 8.0 | 000 |  | 10.000 |
| Denmark | 1,13.000 |  |  | 89,000 |  |  |  | 000 |  | 4,000 |
| Greece | 10.0006.000 |  |  | 10,000 | 1,930 | 00C |  | 00 | 45.000 |  |
| Servia. | 6.00029.0001.000 |  |  | 1,000 | 1,973 | 000 | 5,0 | 000 | 15,000 | ..... |
| Bulgaria |  |  |  |  | 1,393 | 00 |  |  | 571,000 |  |
| Norway |  | 30.090 |  | 58,000 |  |  |  |  | 240,000 | 1.000 |
| Montenegro | 5.000 |  |  |  | 290,000 |  | ...... |  |  | 1,000 |
| Luxembourg | $\begin{aligned} & 200.000 \\ & 160,0 \vee 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | ...... | ....... |  |  |  |
| Malta |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \ldots . . . . \\ \ldots . . . . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ...... |  |
| Gibraltar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .... |  |
| Total Followers | 160,165,000 |  | 80,8 | 12,000 |  | 89,196 | 000 | 6,456,0 | 000 | 6,629,000 | 1,219,000 |

The distinction between followers and actual communicants should be observed.
ENGLISH-SPEAKING RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES OF THE WORLD.

Episcopalians
Methodists of all descriptions......
Roman Catholics.
Presbyterians of all descriptions
Baptists of all descriptions.
Congregationalists
Free Thiukers.
29.200,000 18.650 .000

15,500 000 12.250. 000 9,230.000 6,150.000 5,250,000
Lutherans, etc............
Unitarians
Minor religious sects.
Minor religious sects.
........
Of no particular religion.
English-speaking population.

2,800,000
2,600.000
5,500,000

17,000,000
$124,130,000$

A very large number-more than 18,000,000-of Hindoos, Mohammedans, Buddhists, and others in the East also speak and read English.

The estimates in the last table are from Whitaker's (London) Almanack, 1895.
The Encyclopedia Britonnica, last edition, makes a rough estimate of numbers of Protestants in the world speaking all civilized languages, and places the Lutherans at the head, with over 42,000,000 members (mostly in Germany and Scandinavia), and the Anglican Church second, with about 20,000,000 members. *United States census of 1890 .

## zirligious enominations in the Amiter States．

Statistics of Ministers，Churches，and Communicants or Members，compiled by The Independent and published in 1899.

| Denominations． |  |  | 家家䍖 | Denominations． |  | 第 | 它宫 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adventists： |  |  |  | Communibtic Societirs： |  |  |  |
| Evangelical． | 34 912 | 30 610 | 1，147 | Shakers．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | 16 7 | 1,650 1,600 |
| Advent Christ | 364 | 1，403 | 50，28s | Harmony | ．． | ， | ， 250 |
| Church of God | 19 | 29 | 647 | Separatista |  | 1 | 200 |
| Life snd Advent U | 60 | ${ }_{28} 8$ | 3，000 | Altruists．． |  | 1 | 25 |
| Charehes of God in Christ Jesus．．． |  | 95 | 2，872 | Church Triumphant（Koreshsn Ec－ |  | 5 | 205 |
| Total Adven | 1，483 | 8，195 | 84，454 |  |  | 31 | 30 |
| Armenta |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orthedo | ， | 17 | 5，624 | Congre | 575 | 6，614 | 25，864 |
| Evange | 10 | 17 | 300 |  |  |  |  |
| Total Armen | 15 | 21 | 5，924 | DUNKARDa： |  |  |  |
| Baptists： |  |  |  | German Bsptists（Conservatives）．． German Baptists（Old Order）．．．．．． | 2,405 150 | 850 100 | 90,000 4,000 |
| Regnlar，North．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．$\}$ | 17，165 | 28，935 | 2，324，170 | German Baptists（Progressive）．．．．． | 231 | 160 | 16，000 |
| Regular，South．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． ， | ， |  | 2，324，10 | Seventh－Day Bsptists（German）．．． |  | 6 | 194 |
| Six Principle． | 14 | 18 | 937 | Total Dunksr | 2，791 | 1，116 | 109，194 |
| Seventh－Day | 130 | 111 | 9，154 |  |  |  |  |
| Frowwill． | 1，350 | 1，571 | 91，981 | Epiacopaliana： |  |  |  |
| Original | 120 50 |  | 12， 28,000 | Protestsnt Episcopal | 4,754 103 | 6，295 | 679,604 9,743 |
| General． | 550 <br> 91 <br> 1 | 575 91 | 28,000 6,35 | Reformed Episcopa | 103 | 104 | 9，743 |
| United | 25 | 204 | 13，209 | Total Episcopalians． | 4，857 | 6，399 | 689，347 |
| Baptist Churel | 80 | 152 | 8，254 | Evangelical Bodirs． |  |  |  |
| Prinitive．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2，130 | 3，630 | 126，000 | Evangelical Associstion．． United Evangelical Churcher | $\begin{aligned} & 1,053 \\ & 426 \end{aligned}$ | 1，787 | 116，714 |
| Old Two Seed in the Spirit Predes－ tinarian．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 300 | 473 | 12，851 | United Evangelical Chur |  |  | $59,190$ |
|  |  |  |  | Totsl E | 1，479 | 2，471 | 175，904 |
| Tetal | 32，145 | 50，289 | 4，364，427 | Frirnde： <br> Friends（Orthodox） | 1，272 | 830 | 2，073 |
| Brrtare |  |  |  | Frienda（Hicksite） | 115 | 201 | 21，992 |
| Brethren in | 152 | 78 | 4，000 | Frienda（Wilburite） | 38 | 53 | 4，329 |
| Old Order，or Yorke | $7{ }^{7}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 214 525 | Friends（Primitive） | 11 | 9 | 232 |
|  |  |  |  | Total Frien | 1，436 | 3 | 118，6 |
| Total（River） | 179 | 111 | 4，739 | Frirnds of the Temple |  | 4 | 40 |
| Brbtaxen（Ply |  |  |  | firrman Evangelical Pbotretants | 45 | 55 | 36，500 |
| Brethren（L．） |  | 114 | 2，350 | Gbrian Evangelical Synod．．．．．．． | 872 | 1，130 | 199，234 |
| Brethren（IIL | $\cdots$ | 88 | 2，419 | Grrak Church： |  |  |  |
| Brethren（III．） |  | 86 | 1，235 | Greek Orthodox． | 4 |  | 5，030 |
| Brethran（1） | $\ldots$ | 31 | 718 | Russian Orthodo | 39 | 29 | 43，010 |
| Total（Plymouth） | ．．．． | 319 | 6，722 | Total Greek | 43 | 32 | 48，030 |
| Cathol |  |  |  | JBws．．． | 301 | 570 | 1，200，000 |
| Remar Cathol | 11.001 | 14，675 | 8，378，128 | Latter－Day Saintst： |  |  |  |
| Polish Branch | 34 |  | 15，（100 | Church of Jesus Christ of Latter－ |  |  |  |
| Old Catholic． Reformed Cat | 12 4 | 8 4 | 1,050 1,000 | Day Saints Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ | 1，700 | 96 | 300，000 |
|  |  |  |  | of Latter－Dsy Saints $\ddagger \ldots . . . .$. | 2，201 | 610 | 40，639 |
| tal | 11，051 | 14，6＂9 | 8，395，178 | Total Latter－Dsy Saints．．．．．．．． | 3，900 | 1，306 | 840，639 |
| Catholi | 95 | 10 | 1，491 | Lutherans： （General Bodies：） |  |  |  |
| Chinrar |  | 47 | $\ldots$ | General Synod．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1，196 | 1，496 | 190，839 |
|  |  |  |  | United Synod in t | 207 | 427 | 38，642 |
| Christ |  | 63 | 1，277 | General Council． | 1，214 | 2，056 | 347，268 |
| Christians： |  |  |  | Synodical Conference <br> （Independient Synods：） | 1，879 | 2，451 | 519，524 |
| Christians（Christian Connection）． | 1，391 | 1，424 | 107，868 | United Norwegis | 358 | 1，059 | 123，575 |
| Christian Church，South．．．．．．．．．． | 102 | 174 | 16，500 | Joint Syn | 449 | 608 | 86，097 |
| Total | 1，493 | 1，598 | 124，368 | Hauge＇s， | 89 | 217 | 17，4＊3 |
|  |  |  |  | Texas． | 11 | 11 | 1，289 |
| Risti | 20 | 40 | 14，000 | German of | 417 | 794 | 71，074 |
|  |  |  |  | Norwegian | 851 | 676 | 65，00 |
| Christi | 10 | 13 | 754 | Michigan Danish in | 65 47 | 88 | 7，860 |
| Cariett | 10，00 | 415 | 70，000 | Icelandic． | 7 | 25 | 3,000 |
|  |  |  |  | Iminanue | 45 | 51 | 6，118 |
| Curist |  |  | 18，2 | Norwerian，F | 50 | 60 | 5，500 |
| Chureb of God（Winnebrinarian） | 40 | 580 | 38，0n0 | Danish United．． | 17 83 | 145 | $\begin{array}{r}7,983 \\ 25,000 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Chtrem Triumphant（Schwein－ furth）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\ldots$ | 12 | 384 | Total Luthera | 6，432 | 10，513 | 1，526，552 |
| Churei of the New Jerchalem＊ | 117 | 100 | 6，702 | ldenstro |  | 0 | 20，000 |

## RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

| Denominatione. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \\ & \text { 0 } \\ & \text { H } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { d } \end{aligned}$ |  | Denominationa. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mennonites: |  |  |  | Prksbyterians (Continued): |  |  |  |
| Mennonite | 381 | 280 | 21,600 | United Presbyterian.............. | 873 | 899 | 114,287 |
| Bruederho | 9 | 5 | 352 | Presbyterian in U. S. of A. (South) | 1,448 | 2,873 | 217,075 |
| Amish | 246 | 118 | 12,751 | Associate Ch. of North America... | 12 | 31 | 1,053 |
| Old Amish | 75 | 25 | 2,438 | Associate Ref. Syuod of the South. | 95 | 125 | 10,868 |
| Apostolir | 2 | 2 | 209 | Reform Pres, in the U. S. (Synod). | 116 | 109 | 9,634 |
| Reformeu | 43 | 34 | 1,655 | Reform Pres. in N.A.(Gieci. Synod). | 41 | 50 | 6,288 |
| General Conferen | 104 | 50 | 9,173 | ReformPreab. (Covenanted)....... | 1 | 4 | 37 |
| Church of God in C | 18 | 18 | 471 | Reform Presb. in U. S. \& Canada. | 1 | 1 | 582 |
| Old (Wisler). | 17 | 15 |  | Total Presbyterian............... |  |  |  |
| Bundes Conf | 41 | 16 | 2,950 | Total Presbyterian................ | 11,703 | 14,891 | 1,542,401 |
| Defenceless. | 20 | 11 | 1,156 | Reformed : |  |  |  |
| Brethren in Christ. ................ | 45 | 82 | 2,953 |  | 633 1,029 | 683 1,660 | $\begin{aligned} & 110,713 \\ & 242,299 \end{aligned}$ |
| Total Mennonites | 1,001 | 656 | 56,318 | Christian Reformed. | 91 | 138 | 17,265 |
|  |  |  |  | Total Reformed | 1,753 | 2,481 | 370,277 |
| Methodists: <br> Methodist Episcopal | 16,693 | 25,371 | 2,705,601 | Salvation A |  | 740 |  |
| Union American M. E. . . . . . . . . | 63 | 61 | 2,675 | Saliation Army |  |  |  |
| Africsn Methodist Episcopal....... | 5,725 | 5,850 | 750,354 | Schwenkfelimang. | 3 | 4 | 306 |
| African Union Meth. Episcopal.... | 80 | 70 | 7,000 |  |  |  |  |
| African Methodist Episcopal Zion.. | 2,786 | 1,749 | 519,681 | Soctal Brethren | 17 | 20 | 913 |
| Metbodist Protestant. . . . . . . . . . . | 1.5.8 | 2,263 | 180,964 |  |  |  |  |
| Wesleyan Methodist................ | 600 | 470 | 16,500 | Society for Ethical Culture |  | 5 | 1,300 |
| Methodist Episcopal, South | 5,901 | 13,995 | 1,458,345 |  |  |  |  |
| Congregational Methodist.... | 210 | 240 | 12,500 | Spiritualists |  | 334 | 45,030 |
| Congregational Meth. (Colored)... | ${ }_{20}^{5}$ | 5 | 319 |  |  |  |  |
| New Congregational Methodist... | 20 | 35 | 1,200 | Theosophical Society. | .... | 122 | 3,000 |
| Zion Union Apostolic.............. | 30 | 322 | 2,346 |  | .... |  |  |
| Colored Methodist Episcopal...... | 2,187 | 1,300 | 199,206 | United Brethren : |  |  |  |
| Primitive Methodist | 180 | . 90 | 6,100 | United Brethren in Christ. | 1,724 | 3,206 | 242,602 |
| Free Methodist | 1,025 | 1,220 | 28,134 | United Brethren (Old Constitution) | 700 | 1,150 | 43,338 |
| Independent Methodist ........... | 88 | 15 | 2,569 |  |  |  |  |
| Evangelist Missionary.............. | 87 | 13 | 4,600 | Total United Breth | 2,424 | 4,356 | 285,940 |
| Total Methodists | 37,188 | 52,779 | 5,898,094 | Unitarians. | 561 | 454 | 75,000 |
| Moravians. | 125 | 120 | 14,553 | UnIVER8ALI8T8. | 758 | 787 | 48,856 |
| Presbytrrians: |  |  |  | Voluntares | 590 | 205 | 2,000 |
| Presbyterian in U.S. of A.(North). Cumberland Presbyterian........ | 7,062 1,699 | 7,369 3,021 | 954,942 180,635 |  | 54 |  |  |
| Cumberland Presbyterian (Colored). | 1,659 | - 224 | 13, 300 |  |  |  | 14,126 |
| Welsh Calvinistic................... | 105 | 185 | 12,000 | Grand Total. | 149,868 | 189,488 | 7,714,523 |

* Swedenborgians. $\dagger$ Mormons. $\ddagger$ Seceding Mormons.

The aggregate of $27,714,523$ represents actual church membership, and Includes all Catholics, but not all persons affillated by family ties to Protestant bodies. The larger of the Protestant bodies may claim twice the number of their communicants as nominal adherents.-Editor of the Almanac.

## Suntan =Stjool Statistics of sul countries.

The following table was compiled by E. Payson Porter, of New York, and Edward Towers, of London, Statistical Secretaries of the Seventh International Sunday-School Convention, for that body, at St. Louis, Mo., September 4 and 5, 1893. These are the latest figures reported, as the World's Convention, which was to have been held in 1897, was postponed until 1900.

| Countries. | Sunday Schools. | Teachers. | Scholars. | Countries. | Sunday Schools. | Teachers. | Scholars. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europr: |  |  |  | ASIA: <br> India, including Ceylon........ | 5,548 | 10,715 | 197,754 |
| England and Wales. | 37,201 | 585,457 | 5,976,537 | Persia. | 107 | 440 | 4,876 |
| Scotland.......... | 6,275 | 62,994 | 694,8:0 | Siam | 16 | 64 1 | 509 |
| Ireland. | 3,584 | 27,740 | 308,516 | China................ . . . . . . | 105 | 1,053 | 5,264 |
| Belginm | -89 | 310 | 4,112 | Japan . . .......................... | 150 516 | 390 | 7,019 25,833 |
| Austria. | 212 | 513 | 7,195 | Africa .............................. | ${ }_{2} 246$ | 8,455 | 161,394 |
| Denmark | 506 | 3,043 | 55,316 |  | ,246 | L |  |
| Finland | 6,853 | 11,5"4 | 147,134 | United States... | 123,173 | 1,305,939 | 9,118,432 |
| Germany | 1,450 5,900 | 3,800 $34,98: 3$ | 60,000 749,786 | Canada....................... | 8,386 | 69,521 | 576,, 64 |
| Germany | 5,900 | 34,98:3 7 | 749,786 180 | Newfoundland and Labrador.. | 359 | 2,275 | 22,976 |
| Italy. | 403 | 654 | 10,969 | West Indies.................. | 2,185 | 9,673 | 110,233 |
| Netherla | 1,560 | 4,600 | 163,000 | Central America and Mexico... | 550 <br> 350 | 1,300 | 15,000 |
| Norway | 550 | 4,390 | 63,980 | South America. . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 350 | 3,000 | 150,000 |
| Portugal | 11 | 56 | 1,066 | Oceanica: <br> Australasia |  |  |  |
| Russia. | 83 | 777 | 15,524 | Australasis,...................... | 4,766 1,474 | 54,211 2,700 | $\begin{array}{r} 586,029 \\ 42,909 \end{array}$ |
| Spain. | \%8 | 180 17 | 3,230 | Fiji Islands. <br> Hawailan Islands | $\begin{array}{r}1,474 \\ 250 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,700 1,418 | $\begin{aligned} & 42,909 \\ & 15,810 \end{aligned}$ |
| Sweden..... | 5,750 | 17,200 | 242,150 | Hawailan Islands............... <br> Other Islands. | 210 | 1,418 | 10,000 |
| Switzerland. ${ }^{\text {European Turkey }}$ | 1,637 35 | 6,916 | 113,382 1,564 | The World.................... | 224,562 | 2,239,7:8 | 20,268,983 |

The total number of teachers and scholars in the world, according to this report, was 22,508,661.
The table does not include the schools of the Roman Catholic and Nc ${ }^{-}$-Evangelical Protestant churches. The number of scholars in Roman Catholic Sunday-schools in the United Statcs is estimated at 800,000 by clerics.

The next World's Sunday-School Convention will be held in London in 1900.

# Koman ceatjolic faicuactym of the ontited States. 

| APOSTOLIC DELEGATION. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rev. Donatus Sbarett, Auditor, Washington, D. C. Abp. Ephesus, Papal Delegate, Washington, D. C. M. Rooker, Secretary, Washington, D. C. |  |
|  |  |
| Baltimore, Maryland. ....... James Gibbons, Cardinal.Cons 1868 | New York, New York. . . . . . M. A. Corrigan. . . . . . . .Cons. 1873 |
| Boston, Massachusetts....... John J. Williams.............. 1866 | Portland, Oregon. ........... Alexander Christie............ 1898 |
| Chicago, Illinois. . ........... Patrick A. Feehan............. 1865 | Pbilalelphia, Pennsylvania.. Patrick J. Ryan................ 1872 |
| Cincinnati, Ohio.... ....... William H. Elder ............ 1857 | St. Lonis, Missouri . . . . . . . John J. Kain. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1875 |
| Duburue, Iowa............. . John Hennessy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1866 | St. Paul, Minnesota........... John Ireland.................. . 1875 |
| Milwsukee, Wisconsin......Frederick Katzer.... ..... .... 1886 | San Francisco, California....Patrick W. Riordan........... 1883 |
| New Orleans, Lonisiaus. . . . . .P. L. Chapelle . ................ 1897 | Santa Fe , New Mexico..... .Peter Bourgade............... 1887 |
| BISHOPS. |  |
| Albany, New York......... Thos. M. Burke.... . . . . . Cons, 1894 | Louisville, Kentucky....... William G. McCloskey. .Cons. 1858 |
| Alton, Illinois. . . . . . . . . . . . . James Rysn.............. . . . . . . 1888 | Manchester, New Hampshire. D. M. Bradiev........ . . . . . 1854 |
| Belleville, Illinois............. J. Janssen. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1888 | Marquette, Michigan....... Frederick Eis.................. 1899 |
| Boise City, Idaho. . . . . . . . . . A. J. Glorieux. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1885 | Mobile, Alabama............ Edward P Allen............... 1897 |
| Boston, Massachusetts....... John Brady (Auxiliary)........ 1891 | Nashville, Tennessee........Thomas S. Byrne............. 1894 |
| Brooklyn, New York. . . . . . . C. E. McDonnell. . . . . . . . . . . 1892 | Natchez, Mississippi. . . . . . . . Thomas Heslin ................ . $1 \times \times 9$ |
| Buffalo, New York. ......... James Edward Quigley ....... 1897 | Natchitoches, Louisiana...... Anthony Durier............. . . 1847 |
| Burlington, Vermont.........J. S. Michaud.................. 1893 | Nesqually, W ashington...... Edward J. O'Dea......... ... 1896 |
| Charleston, South Carolina...H. P. Northrop............... 1882 | Newark, New Jersey........ W, M. W'igger................. 1881 |
| Cheyenne, Wyoming........Thos. M. Lenihan .. .......... 1897 | New York, New Yorls...... John M. Farley (Auxiliary)... 1896 |
| Cleveland, Ohio............. I. F. Horstmana............... 1892 | Ogdensburg, New York...... Henry Gabriels. ............... 1892 |
| Columbus, Ohio............. Vacan | Omaha, Nebraska............. Richard Scannell................ 185 ? |
| Concorlia, Kansas...........J. F. Cunningham............. 1898 | Peoria, Illinois. $\qquad$ J. L. Spalding. $\qquad$ 1877 |
| Covington, Kentucky........C. P. Maes..................... 1885 | Philadelphia, Pennsylvania..E. F. Prendergast (Auxiliary) 1897 |
| Dallas, Texas............... Edward J. Dunne............... 1893 | Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.... R. Phelan..................... 1885 |
| Davenport, lowa............ H. Cosgrove................... 1884 | Portland, Maine...........J. A. Healy.................... 1875 |
| Denver, Colorado ........... N. C. Matz ................ .... 1896 | Providence, Rhode Island..... M. Harkins. ................... 1887 |
| Detroit, Michigan........... John S. Foley................. 1888 | Richmond, Virginia.......... A. Van de V'yrer.............. 1889 |
| Duluth, Minnesota.......... James McGoldrick.............. 1889 | Rochester, New York. . . . . . . B. J. McQuaid. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1868 |
| Erie, Pennsylvania.......... John F. Fitzmaurice. . . . . . . . 1597 | St. Augustine, Florida. . . . . . John Moore.................... 1877 |
| Fargo, North Dakota. . . . . . . John Shanley.................. 1889 | St. Cloud, Minnesota. . . . . . . Jsmes 'Trobec. . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1897 |
| Fort Wrayne, Indiana........J. Rademacher................. 1883 | St. Joseph, Missouri.......... M. F. Burke.................... 1893 |
| Galveston, Texas........... N. A. Gallagher................ 1882 | Sacramente, California......Thomas Grace.................. 1896 |
| Grand Rapids, Michigan..... H. J. Ritchter................. 1883 | Salt Lake City, Utah........ Lawrence Scanlan.............. 1887 |
| Green Bay, W'isconsin....... Sebastian Messmer............ 1892 | San Antonio, Texas.. .......J. A. Forrest.................... 1895 |
| Gnthrie, Oklahom3..........Theodore Meerschaert. ........ 1891 | Savannah, Ceorgia......... Vacant. |
| Harrisbnrg, Pennsylvania....Jobn W. Shanahan........... 1899 | Scranton, Pennsylvania...... M. J. Hohan.............. ... 1896 |
| Hartford, Connecticut. ...... M1. Tierney .................... 1894 | Sioux Falls, Sonth Dakota....Thomas O'forman............ 1896 |
| Helena, Montana...........J. B. Brondel.................. 1879 | Springfield, Massachusetts....Thomas D. Beaven............ 1892 |
| Indianapolis, Indiana........S. F. Chatard.................. 1878 | Syracuse, New York.........P. A. Ladden................. 1887 |
| Kansas City, Missouri....... John J. Hogan................. 1868 | Trenton, New Jersey........J. James A. McFaul.. .......... 1894 |
| Kansas City, Missouri ... ....J. J. Glennon (Coadjntor).... 1896 | Tucson, A riznna............ Vacant.. |
| La Crosse, W' isconsin........James Schwebach............. 1893 | Vanconver Island.......... Vacant.......................... . . . . . |
| Laredo, Texas. . . . . . . . . . . . . P. Verdagner. ................. . . 1890 | Wheeling, West Virginis....P. J. Donahue.................. 1894 |
| Leavenworth, Kansas. .......L. M. Fink..................... 18. | Wichita, Kansas............J. J. Hennessy.................. 1888 |
| Lincoln, Nebraska...........Thomas Bonacum. ............. 1887 | Wilmington, Delaware. . . . . John J. Monoghan. ............ . 1897 |
| Little Rock, Arkansas....... Edward Fitzgerald.............. 1867 | Wilmington, North Carolina.Leo Haid. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1886 |
|  |  |

## Comege of carxilats. <br> CARDINAL BISHOPS.

| Name. Office or Dignity. | Nation. Age. Cr't'd.. | Name. Office or Dlgnity. | Nation. Age. $\mathrm{Cr}^{\prime} \mathrm{t}^{\prime} \mathrm{d}$. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mazzella, C.......... Bp. Albano | Italian..... $67 . . . .1886$ | Stefano, L. O. S..... Dean Sac. Co | Italian..... $72 . . .1873$ |
| Mocenni, Mario. . . . . . Bp. Sabin | Italian..... $86 . . . .1893$ | Vannutelli, S.........Bp. Frascati. | Italian......66.... 1887 |
| Parocchi, L. M...... Vicar-Gene | . Italian..... $83 . . . .1882$ |  |  |
| CARDINAI, PRIESTS. |  |  |  |
| Agliardi, A. . . . . . . . Abp, Caesa | Italian ....68.... 1896 | Lecot, Victor L ..... Rites. Indul. | rench. .... $69 . . . .1893$ |
| Cajecelatro, A... . . Abp. Cap | Italian .... $75 . . . .1885$ | Ledochowski, M..... Pref. Propaga | Polish..... $78 . . . .1872$ |
| Cassjares, A, M... .Ceremon'l Di | .Spanish . . . 66 .... 1895 | Logue, Michael...... Primate Ireland. | Irish....... 60.... 1893 |
| Cassli del Drayo, G. B. | . Italian.... $12 . . . .1899$ | Manara, Achille..... Bp. Ancona. | Italian..... $11 . . . .1895$ |
| Cassanas, S..........B | . Spanish ... $56 . . . .1895$ | Masella, G. A. .......Pf. Cong. Sac. | Italian..... i4.... $18 \times 5$ |
| Cassetta, Fr. di Pa | . Italian.... 59 ... 1899 | Matthieu, Fr. D.......Abp. Tnulouse | .French....61.... 1899 |
| Celesia, P. G. M. . . . Abp. Palerm | Italian...... $66 . . .1884$ | Alissia, James........ Abp. Gorizia. | Austrian.. 62 ... 1899 |
| Ciasca, Agos | Italian.... 65 ..... 1899 | Moran, P. F......... Abp, Sydne | Irish....... $70 . . . .1885$ |
| Cretoni, S.............Ab | . Italian .... $67 . . . .1896$ | Neto, J. S.......... Patriarch Li | Port.... . . $59 . .$. . 1884 |
| Di Canosss, L....... Bp. Vero | Italian..... $91 . . . .1877$ | Portanova, Gennaro. . Abp. Reggio Ca | Italian.... $55 . . . .1899$ |
| Di Pietro, Angelo.... Nuncio | . Italian..... . $11 . . .$. | Prisco, G............ Inilex. . . . . | Italian....67.... 1896 |
| Ferrari, A. A....... Abp. Mila | Italian..... $50 . . .1894$ | Rampolla, M1....... Secret | Italian..... . $57 . . . .1887$ |
| Ferrata, D .......... Abp, Thessal | Italian .... $53 . . .1896$ | Respighi, Pietro......A bp. Ferra | Italian.... 57 . ... 1899 |
| Ferreira, A. . . . . . . . Bp. Operto. | Port....... $71 . . .1879$ | Richard, F. M........ Abp. Paris. | French..... $81 . . . .1889$ |
| Francicanara di B., J.Abp. Catania. | Italian.... $54 . . .1899$ | Richelmy, Agostino. Alsp. Turin | Italian.... $49 . . .1899$ |
| Galeati, Sebastian.... Abp. Ravenna | Italian..... $78 . . . .1890$ | Sancha, C. M... ....Abp. Toled | Spanish.... $62 . . .1894$ |
| Gibbons, James...... Abp. Raltimor | American. . $66 . . . .1886$ | Sarto, J oseph........ Patriarch Ve | Italian..... $65 . . .1893$ |
| Goosens, P. L. . . . . . . A A p . Mechlin | Belrian.... $73 . . .1859$ | Satolli, Francis...... Abp. Lepanto. | Italian...... $61 . . . .1895$ |
| Gotti, G. M.......... Ssc. Cong. Rite | $\text { Itsu’7口 . . . .66 . . . } 1>95$ | Schlanch, L.......... Index Cere. Studi | Hungarian. $76 . . .1893$ |
| Heller, J ... ......... Bishons Regula | Anstrian... $74 . . . .1895$ | Sourrieu, P........... A App. Ronen..... | French..... $65 . . .1897$ |
| Herrera, I. . . . . . . . . Ahp. Composte | Aranish....64.... 1897 | Svampa, D. . . . . . . . . . Abp. Forli.. | Italian..... 49..... 1894 |
| Jacobini, D, M . . . . . Abp. Tyre... | dialian ..... $63 . . . .1896$ | Vannntelli, V......... Abp. Sardi | Spanish . . . 64.... 1890 |
| Kopp, George . . . . . . Bp. Breslan | Austrian....62.... 1893 | Vaughan, Herbert.... Abp. Westmin | English.... $67 . . . .1893$ |
| Langenieux, 3. M... Abp. Rheims. | French..... 76.... 1886 | Vaszary, Claudius....Primate Hungary | IIungarian.67.... 1893 |
| CARDINAL DEACONS. |  |  |  |
| Macchi, L. . . . . . . . . In | Italian . . . .68 . . . 1859 | Steinhuber, A ....... Relics Indnlgensis | German. . . $75 . . . .1895$ |
| Pierotti, R........... Studies. | Italian .... 66.... 1896 | Trombetta, Luigi. .................... | Italian ... $81 . . . .1899$ |
| Segna, F.. ........ Extra Ecc. Affair | Italian .....64... 1894 | Vivez y Tuto, G. C | Spanish...46.... 1899 |

## わisiops.

# BISHOPS OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES. 

Diocese.
Alabama-Richard Hooker Wilmer, Spring Hill Henry M. Jackson, Coadjutor, Eufaula

## Cons.

 Heary M.Jsckson, Coadjutor, Jaula........... 1891 Alaska-Peter Trimble Rowe (missionary), Juneau.... ..... 1895 Arizona aud New Mexico-J. M. Kendrick (miss.), Phœnix. 1889 Arkansas-William M. Brown, Little ILock. 1898Calitorni-William Ford Nichols, San Francisco ......... 1890
4 Sacramento: W. H. Moreland (missionsry)..... 189 Los Angeles: Joseph H. Johnson

1899
Coloradu_John Franklin Spaulding, Denver ......................... . . . 1873
Connecticut-Chauncey B. Brewster, Hartford. 1897
Dakota, N.-Samuel C. Edsall (missionary), Fargo........... 1899
"6 S.-Wrm. Hobsart Hare (missionary), Sioux Falls.. 1873
Delaware-Leighton Caleman, Wilmington..................... 1888
District of Columbia-Washington: H. Y. Satterlee. 1896
Florida-Edwin Gardner Weed, Jacksonville. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1886
"6 South: William Crane Gray (miss.), Orlando...... 1892
Georgia-C. Kinloch Nelson, Atlanta
Idaho-Boise: James B. Funsten (missionary).................... 1899
Illinois-Chicago: William Ellwsrd McLaren. 1893
1875
Quincy: Alexander Burgess............................ 1878
Springfield: Geo. Franklin Seymotr................ . 1878
Chas, R. Hale, Coadjutor, Cairo ...... 1892
Indiana-J. M. Fraucis, Indiananolis.
'6 Michigan City: John H. White. ...................... 1895
Kansas-Frank R, Millspaugh, Topeka
Kentucky-Thomas Underwood Dudley, Louisville........... 1875
. Lexington: Lewis W. Burton ...................... 1896
Louisiana-Davis Sessums, New Orleans............................... 1891
Maine-Vacant.
Daryland-William Paret, Baltimore........................... . 1885
Easton: William Forbes Adams................... 1875
Massachusetts-William Lawrence, Cambridge................... 1893
Michigan-Thomas Frederick Davies, Detroit...................... 1889
Marquette: Gershom M. Williams................. 1896
Western: George D. Gillespie, Grand Rapids.
Minnesota-Henry Benjamin Whipple, Faribault.
1875 Mahlon N. Gilbert, Coadjutor, St. Paul............ 1886 Dulnth: James D. Morrison (missionsry)........ 1897
Mississippi-Hugh Miller Thompson, Jackson................... 1883
Missouri-Daniel Sylvester Tuttle, St. Louis. 1867
"West: Edward Robert Atwill, Kausas City....... 1890
Montana-Leigh R. Brewer (missionary), Helens............ 1880
Nebraska-George Worthington, Omaha. 1885
A. L. Williams, Coadjutor, Omaha................ 1899

New Hampshire-William Woodruff Niles, Concord........ 1870
New Jersey-John Scarborough, Trenton.

## Diocese.

New Jersey-Newark: Thomas A. Starkey
New York-Henry Codman Potter, New York City.............
Cons Central: Frederick D. Huntington, Syraeuse... Weatern: William D. Walker, Buffalo. Western: William D. Walker, Buftalo.......... 1888 1883 Long Island: Abram N. Littlejohn, Garden City. 1869
North Carolinag E.Carolina: Alfred A.Watson, Wilnington. 1884 Asheville: J. MI. Horner (missionary)..... 1898
Ohio-William Andrew Leonard, Cleveland. ..... 1889
Southern : Boyd Vincent, Coadjutor, Cincinnati. . ..... 1889Oklahoma and Indian Ter.-F. K. Brooke (miss.), Guthrie. 1853

Oregon-Benjamin Wistar Morris (missionary), Portland... 1868| Oregon-Benjamin Wistar Morris (missionary), Portland... 1868 |
| :--- |
| Pennsylvania-Ozi William Whitaker, Philadelphis........ 1869 |
| 66 |

Pittsburgh: Cortlandt Whitenead........... 1882
Central: Ethelbert Talbot, South Bethlehem. 1887
Rhode Island-Thomas March Clark, Providence. .......... . 185
W. N. Mc Vickar, Coadjutor, Previdence... 1898

South Carolina-Ellison Capers, Columbia..................... 1893
Tennessee-Thomas F. Gailor, Memphis . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1893
Texas-George Herbert Kinsolving, Austin...................... . . 1892
Dallas: Alex. C. Garrett. .................................. 187
Western: James S. Johnston (miss.), San Antonio.. 1888
Utah-Abiel Leonard (missionary), Salt Lake City......... 1888
Vermont-Arthur C. A. Hsll, Burlington....................... 1894
Virginia-Francis McNeece Whittle, Richmond.............. . 1868
Robert A.Gibson, Coadjutor, Richmond............ 1894
Southern: Alfred M. Randolph, Norfolk.......... 1883
West Virginis-George William Peterkin, Parkersburg....... 1878
W. I. Gravatt, Coadjutor, Chsrlestown.... 1899

Wisconsin-Milwaukee: Isaac L. Nicholson ................. . . 1891
Fond du Lac: Charles C. Grafton............... 1889
Washington-Olympia: William M. Barker (miss.), Tacoma. 1893
Spokane: Lemuel H. Wells (maissionary).... 1892 Wyoming-Laramie: Anson R.Graves(miss.),Kearney, Neb. 1891 Africa-Cape Palmas: S.D.Ferguson (miss.).Harper,Liberis, 1885 China-Frederick R. Graves (mlsslonary), Shanghai......... 1893 Japsn-Tokio: John McKim (missionary) ...................... . 1893

Kyoto: S. C. Partridge (missionary elect).
1893
Charlea C. Penick, late Bishop of Cape Palmas, Africa
Retired, Richmond, Va
S. I.J.Schereschewsky, late Bishop of Shanghal, China

Retired, Tokio, Japan. .......................................... 1877
Thomas Augustus Jaggar, Bishop of Southern Ohio. He-
tired, Cincinnati.
1875
Channing Moore Williams, late Bishop of China and Japan
Retired, Osaka,Japan.
1866
Missionary work in new possessions and dependencies is in charge of the Bishop of Rhode Islasd as Presiding Bishop.
BISHOPS OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.


BISHOPS OF THE REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Residence.


Edward C'ridge. . Victoria, B. C.
. .Chicago, Ill.
Samuel Faliows

Residence.
P. F.Stevens. Orangeburg, S. C.
Jamea A. Latane.
Edward Wilson.

Baltimore, Md.
Motnehen, N. J

BISHOPS OF THE OLD CATHOLIC CHURCH IN THE UNITED GTATES.
Residence.
J. IR. Vilatte, Archbishop

Duvall
S. Kaminski, Bishop.

Bufalo, N. Y.
A. Kozlowski, Bishop.

Reaidence.

The riext triennial couvention of the Protestant Episcopal Church will meet at San Franeiseo, Cal., in October, 1901.
The mext quadrennial geueral confereuce of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be held May 2, 1900, the place to be deter-
mined by the buok committer.
The next qeveral conterence of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, will be hsld in 1902.
The fifteeuth geueral cuuucil of the Reformed Episcepal Church will be held at Baltimore, Md., June 6, 1900.

## purcsupteriam สssemblics.

OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERLAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.
Moderator-Rev. Robert F. Sample, D. D. , New $\mid$ Stated Clerk-W. H. Roberts, D. D., LL. D., 1319 York City.

Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa
TRUSTEES.
President-George Junkin, Esq. , Philadelphia. | Corresponding Secrelary-Rev. Edward B. Hodge, Treasurer-F. K. Hipple, Esq., Philadelphia. D. D. , 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. AGENCIES OF THE CHURCH.
The following may beaddressed at 156 Fifth Avenue, New York Clty, viz. : The Board of Home Missions, the Board of Foreign Missions, and the Board of Church Erection.

The following are located at 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa , viz. : The Trustees of the General Assembly, the Board of Education, the Board of Publication and Sabbath-school Work, and the Board of Ministerial Relief.

The Board of Missions for Freedmen is located at 516 Market Street, Pittsburgh, Pa, and the Board of Aid for Colleges and Academies at 115 Monroe street, Chicago, Ill.

The Church magazine, The Assembly Herald, has its office at 156 Fifth A venue, New York Clty. OFFICERS OF THE LAST GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES. *
Moderator-Rev. J. F.Cannon, D.D.,St. Louis, Mo. ; Permanent Clerk-Robert P. Farris, D. D., St. Stated Clerk-Rev. W. A. Alexauder, D.D., Louis, Mo.

Clarksville, Tenn.
President-E. Nye Hutchinson, Charlotte, N. C. |Secretary and Treasurer-John R. Farr, Esq., Charlotte, N. C.
sECRETARIES.
Foreign Irissions-S. H. Chester, D. D. , Nashville, | Education-Rev. J. H. Lumpkin, Memphis, Tenn.
Tenn Home Missions-J. N. Craig, D. D. Atlanta, Ga. Colored Evangelization-Rev. D. C. Lilly. Tusca-
Publications-J. K. Hazen, D. D., Richmond, Va

* Commonly known as the Southern Preshyterian Church.


## 

## (THROUGHOUT THE WORLD)

HOLDING THE PRESBY'TERIAN SYSTEM.
THis organization represents ten Reformed and Presbyterian Churches in the United States, with a constituency of $6,500,000$; the Presbyterian Church in C'anada, with a constituency of 600,000 , and more than 80 different denominations on the five continents other than North America, with a constituency of at least $23,000,000$ persons. The following are the orgauizations in the United States and Canada which are members of the Alliance:
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, COMMONLY KNOWA AB THE PRESBYTERIAN CHCRCH NORTH.
Stated Clerk-Rev. W. F. Roberts, D.D., LL. D., 1319 Walnut Street, Philadelphla, Pa.
Next meeting of General Assembly, St. Louis, Mo., May 17, 1900. (Communicants, 984, 434.)
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN THE UNITED STATES, COMMONLY KNOWN AS THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SOUTH.
Stated Clerk-Rev. W. A. Alexander, D.D., Clarksville, Tenn.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Atlanta, Ga., May 17, 1900. (Communicants, 221,022.) UNITED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH OF NORTH AMERICA.
Stated Clerk-Rev. William J. Reid, D.D., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Next meeting of the General Assembly, Chicago, Ill., May 23, 1900. (Communicants, 126,788.) CUMBERLAND PRUSBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Stated Clerk-Rev. J. M. Hubbert. Lebanon. Tenn.
Next meeting of the General Assembly, Chattanooga, Tenn., May 17, 1900. (Communicants, 177,578.)

REFORMED (DUTCH) CHURCH IN AMERICA.
stated Clerk-Rev. W. H. De Hart, Raritan, N. J.
Next meeting of the General Synod, Asbury Park, N. J., June 5, 1900. (Communicanta, 111,665.) REFORMED (GERMAN) CHCRCH IN THE UNITED STATES.
Stated Clerk-Rev. J. P. Stein, Reading. Pa.
Next meeting of the General Synod, Baltimore, Md., May 20, 1902. (Communicants, 242,300.) REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, GENERAL SYNOD.
Stated Clerk-Rev. James Y. Boice, 2213 Spring Garden Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Next meeting of the General Synod, Sparta, Ill., June 12, 1900. (Communicanti. 4,700.) ASSOCIATE REFORMED SYNOD OF THE SOUTH.
Stated Clerk-Rev. James Boyce, Huntersville, N.C.
Next meeting of the synod, Charlotte, N. C., November 9, 1900. (Communicants, 11,000.)
SYNOD OF THE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Stated Clerk-Rev. F. M. Foster, 341 West Twenty-ninth Street, New York City.
Next meeting of the synod. Cedarville, Ohio, May 30, 1900. (Communicants, 8, 875.)
WEISH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Treasuerer-Hon. T. Solomon Griffiths, Utica, N. Y.
Next meeting of General Assembly, Cambria, Wis., September, 1801. (Communicante, 12,600.) THE*PRMSBYTERIAN CHURCH IN CANADA.
Stated Clerk-Rev. Robert Carapbell, D. D. M Montreal, ('anada.
Next meeting of Genoral Assembly, Halifax, N. S., June 13, 1900. (Communlcents, 210, 326.)

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THIs Association was organized in Boston, Mass, May 25, 1825, and incorporated in 1847. Its objects, as defined in the report of the Committee on Organization, are as follows:

1. To collect and diffuse information respecting the state of Unitarian Christianity in our country. 2. To produce union, sympathy, and coöperation among liberal Christians.
2. To publish and distribute books and tracts, inculcating correct views of religion, in such form and at such price as shall afford all an opportunity of being acquainted with Christian truth.
3. To supply missionaries, especially in such parts of our country as are destitute of a stated ministry.

5 To adopt whatever other measures may hereafter seem expedient-such as contributions in behalf of clergymen with insufficient salaries, or in aid of building churches.

OFFICERS.

President-Hon. Carroll D. Wright, LL.D., Washington, D. C.
Vice-Presidents-Hon. Joseph W. Symonds, LL.D., Portland, Me.; Samuel Hoar, Concord, Mass, ; Hon. Dorman B. Eaton, LL. D., New York, N. Y. ; Hon. Daniel L. Shorey, Chicago, Ill.; Hon.'

Horace Davis, San Francisco, Cal. ; Hon. Thomas J. Morris, Baltimore, Md. Secretary-Rev. Samuel A. Eliot, Cambridge, Mass.
Assistant Secretary-George W. Fox, Boston, Mass. Treasurer-Francis H. Lincoln, Boston, Mass. The annual meeting is held

## (Tntucxgaligi crenexal rombemtom.

$1^{1 H e}$ Universalist General Convention has jurisdiction over the ecclesiastical organizations of the Universalist Church in the United States and Canadian provinces. It meets biennially, the next meeting being ordered for October, 1901. The Convention is composed of the presidents and secretaries of the State conventions, and of clerical and lay delegates from the State conventions. All laws relating to fellowship, ordination, and discipline originate in the General Convention, and it is the final court of appeal in all cases of dispute or difficulty between state conventions. It has funds to the amount of nearly $\$ 300,000$, the income of which, with the contributions of its constituency, is used for missionary and educational objects. The officers of the Convention are: President, Charles L. HutchinSon, Chicago, Ill. : Vice-President, Rev. I. MI. Atwood, D. D., Canton, N. Y. ; Secretary, Rev. G. L. Demarest, D. D., Manchester, N. H. ; Treasurer, Frank W. Wise, Boston, Mass.

The Young People's Christian Union of the Universalist Church was organized October 22, 1889, "to foster the religious life among the yoing people, to stimulate to all worthy endeavor, to train the young in the work of the Universalist Church, in the promulgation of its truth, and the increase of its power and influence." It has 12,000 members, and its general officers and executive board are: President, H. M. Fowler, Cleveland, O. ; Secretary, Rev. Alfred J. Cardall, 30 West Street, Boston, Mass. ; Treasurer, Rev. Omer G. Petrie, Palmer, Mass.; Miss Jennie L. Ellis, Pawtucket, R. I.; Rev. Edward G. Mason, Hightstown, N. J.; Miss Cora A. Wilder, Victor, N. Y. ; George F. Sears, Chicago, Ill.

## Cye Comgecgational National Commél

Is composed of delegates rrom Congregational churches, and was organized November 17, 1871. It meets once in three years, and the next triennial meeting will be held at Portland, Me., in October, 1901. The officers are: Moderator, Rev. Frederick A. Noble, of Illinois; Secretary, Rev. H. A. Hazen, D. D. , of Auburndale, Mass. ; Treasurer, Rev. S. B. Forbes, of Hartford, Ct. ; Registrar, Rev. W. H. Moore, of Hartford, Ct.

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Officers of the General Synod of the Reformed Church in America: President, Rev. George S. Bishop, D. D. ; Vice-President, Rev. W. H. Van Arsdale, D. D.; Stated Clerk, Rev. William H. De Hart; Permanent Clerk, Rev. William H. Ten Eyck, D. D.

The Treasurers of the Church agencies are: Synod's board of direction, F. R. Van Nest; foreign missions, Peter Donald; domestic missions, John S. Bussing; education, R. N. Perlee; publication, Abraham C. Holdrum. The Corresponding secretaries of the Boards are: Foreign missions, Rev. Henry N. Cobb, D. D. ; domestic missions, Rev. Charles H. Pool, D. D. ; education, Rev. G. H. Mandeville, D. D. ; publication, Rev. Isaac W. Gowen. Denominational headquarters, 25 East Twentysecond'Street, New York City.

* Known formerly as the Reformed Dutch Church.


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President-E. F. Eilert, New York City. (feneral Secretary-M. C. Olsen, Chicago, Ill. Recording Secretary-C. G. Grauer, Butfalo, N. Y. Ţeasurer-Cornelius Eckhardt, Washington, D. C.

The first National Convention of the Luther League of America was held at Pittsbu. h, Pa., October 30 and 31, 1895. The League is a Lutherau organization, linking together the Litheran young people who are laboring for the good of the Church by means of many individual societies of various names and styles of organization, each within its own immediate church. The constitution declares that its objects shall be "to encourage the formation of the young people's societies in all Lutheran congregations in America, to urge their affiliation with their resyective State or'Territorial leagues, and with this league to stimulate the various young people's societies to greater Christian activity and to fester the spirit of loyalty to the Cburch." The aggregate enrolled membership of the various local organizations represented in the national organization is over 70,000 . These are comprised in twenty istates, fourteen of which already have permanent State organizations. The first local organization adopting the title of "The Luther League", was organized by delegates of six Lutheran C'hurch societies in the city of New York, April 19, 1888.

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The following statement of the purposes of the society was prepared for The World Almanac by an officer of the Union:

The National W. C. T. U. was organized in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1874 , and is the sober second thought of the great woman's crusade. It is now regularly organized in the forty-five States of the Uniou, and in every Territory. Its headquarters are in Chicago, Ill., where it has a Woman's Temperance Publishing House that sends out over $118,000,000$ pages annually, and has seven editors and 110 employés. The Woman's National Temperance Hospital demonstrates the value of non-alcoholic medication. The Woman's Temperance Temple, costing over $81.000,000$, has been built in Chicago,

There are abont 10,000 local unions, with a membership and following, including the children's societies, of about half a nillion. The W. C. '1. U. has forty-four distinct departments of work, presided over by as many womeu experts, in the Natioual society, and in nearly every State. All the states in the Republic except two have laws requiring the study of scientific temperance in the public schools, and all these laws were secured by the W. C. T. U., also the laws forbidding the sale of tobacco to minors. Most industrial homes for girls were secured through the efforts of this society, as were the refuges for erring women. Laws raising the age of consent and providing for better protection for women and girls have been enacted by many Legislatures through the influence of the department for the promotion of social purity.

The World's W. C. T. U. was founded through the influence of the National Society in 1883, and already has auxiliaries in more than forty countries and provinces, The white ribbon is the badge of all the W.C. T. U. members, and is now a familiar emblem in every civilized country.

The headquarters of the National organization is The Temple, Chicago. The following are the officers: President, Mrs. Lillian M. N. Stevens, of Maine; Vice-President-at-Large, Miss Amua A. Gordon; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Susaniah M. D. Fry; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Clara C. Hoffiman.

## Society of Et. Uimeent of 引athl.

THIS great Roman Catholic organization is engaged in the important work of caring for the Roman Catholic poor in the large cities of the United states. Its head is the superior Council of the New York Circumscription, which has its olfice at No. 2 Lafayette Place. Local bodies, over which it has, in nearly all cases, jurisdiction, are known as Particular Councils.

The officers of the Superior Council are as follows: Spiritual Director, The Rt. Rev. Bishop John M. Farley, V. G. ; President, Jereniah Fitzpatrick; Vice-Presidents, Joseph A. Kernan and James E. Dougherty; Secretary, Thomas M. Mulry; Treasurer, Michael J. Scanlan. There are also twenty-two councilors. The principal work of the Particular councils consists in visiting the poor and relieving them, procuring situations for deserving persons out of employnient, and promoting attendance on the Sunday-schools of the Church. There are sixty-five councils in the city of New York.

## 

A World's Ecumenical Missionary Conference will be held in the city of New York in the year 1900 , possibly in the month of April. This Conference will be attended by representatives of Protestant missionary societies from all over the world. At the London Conference, the first of the kind to be held, 141 different missionary societies, representing almost as many different denominations of Protestant Christendom, were present. The United States and Canada furnished nearly 300 of the 1,500 delegates. This great missionary movement has as its chief supporter the American Board of Foreign Missions, the oldest of missiou bodies in America. The purpose of the Conference is to arouse interest in foreign missions. Great Britain and America kow do the bulk of this work.

## (eyristian amy getsionary suiamer.

OFFICERS: President and General Superintendent, Rev. A. B. Simpson, 690 Eighth Avenue, New York; Secretary, A. E. Funk; Treasurer, David Crear; Financial Secretary, Mrs. A. B. Simpson.

The Christian Alliance was founded in 1857. It combined with the International Missionary Alliance in 1897, and the present title was adopted. Membership consists of all professing Christians who shall subscribe to the principles of the order and enroll their names. The objects of the Alliance are stated to be "Wide diffusion of the Gospel in its fulness, the promotion of a deeper and higher Christian life, and the work of evangelization, especially among the neglected classes, by highway missions and any other practicable methods. " State auxiliary and local branches are being rapidly formed. Connected with the Alliance are the Missionary 'Training Institute. Institute for the Training of Home Workers, Berachah Home, and Berachah Orphanage. The headquarters of the Alliance are in New York, but its buildings are located at Nyack, V. Y.

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The Young People's Christian Union of the United Brethren in Christ was crganized June 5, 1890. It is a union of all forms of young people's societies within the Church, uniting them for the purpose of denominational direction. There are now in this Union 2,085 societies, of which 280 are junior societies. The total membership is 83.890 . A mission church has been built in Los Angeles, Cal., to which over $\$ 7,000$ has been paid. The Union is now building a church in Chicago. The principal officers are: Piesident, Professor J. P. Landis, D.D., Ph.D., Dayton, Ohio; Conresponding Secretary, Rev. H. F. Shupe, Dayton, Ohio; Recording Secretary, Diss Lizzie Sheets, Vermillion, Ill., Treasurer, E. Jay Rogers, Dayton, Ohio; Junior Superintendent, Rev. W. A. Dickson, Chambersburg, Pa. The fifth biennial convention will be held in Lebanon, Pa., June, 1900.

## Cfe Zionisi noummert.

The Zionist Movement aims at the setilement of Jews in Palestine, and has for its leaders abroad Max Nordau, of Paris; Dr. Herzl, of Vienna, and Chief Rabbi (iaster, of London, and in this country Dr. Richard Gottheil and Rabbi Wise, of New York. Some twenty-five colonies have already been settled in Paris from Southern and Enstern Europe, where anti-semitic antagonism takes the form of persecution. A Jewish colonial bank has been folnded in London with $\$ 10,000,000$ capital to promote the movement. The second International Zionist Convention was held at Basle, switzerland, in August, 1899. The President of the Federation of American Zionists is Dr. Richard Gottheil, and the Secretary is J. D. Morriscu, New York.

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THe following statistics and statement of the purposes of the organization were prepared for THE WORLD ALMANAC by Mr. John Willis Baer, General Secretary of the United Society of Christian Findeavor:

OFFICERS OF THE UNITED SOCIETY OF CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR, -Uffice, Tremont Temple, Boston, Mass, President, Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D.; Treasurer, Wm. Shaw; General Secretary, John W'ills Baer.

The first Society of Christian Endeavor was formed February 2, 1881, in the Williston Church, Portland, Me., by Rev. F. E. Clark pastor, for the purpose of training a large number of converts for the duties of church membership.

Each society is in some local church, and in no sense outside. It exists simply to make the young people loval and efficient members of the Church of Christ. It is the Church training the young. Its motto is, "For Christ and the Church." In November, 1899, there were 56,280 societies, With a membership of 3.376 .800 , chiefly in the United States and C'anada, and in Australia, Creat Britain, China, India, Japan, and in all missionary lands. It is found in about the same proportions in all the great evangelical denominations and in all their subdivisions. Wherever it has been established longest it is most fu_ly indorsed by pastors and churches.

Its essential features are the prayer-meeting pledge, honestly interpreted, the lookout, prayermeeting, and social committees, and the consecration meeting. Other committees are optional, and the constitution is entirely flexible in other points according to the needs of the local church.

The United Society is simply the bureau of information for all the societies. It prints the literature. supports one general secretary, and is the general headquarters of the work. It levies no taxes, however, and assumes no anthority. but every society manages its own affairs in its own way. It is supported by the sales of its literature, badges, etc. It is managed by a board of trustees, representing the great evangelical denominations, the President being Francis E. Clark, D. D. the founder of the society; General Secretary, John Willis Baer; Treasurer, William Shaw. The executive committee of the board of trustees meets quarterly to consult concerning the best interests of the society. The next international convention will be held in London, England, July 14-18, 1900.

The whole number of societies in the United States is 42,490 ; in the British Provinces, 3,$526 ;$ in foreign countries, $10,{ }^{2} 264$. Grand total. 56,280 societies, with an aggregate membership of $3,376,800$.

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THe head office of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions is at the Congregational House. Beacon Street, Boston, Mass. There are tho district offices, at the United Charities Building, Twenty-second Street and Fourth Avenue. New York City, Rev. C. C. Creegan, D.D., District Serretary, and at 153 La Salle Street, Chicago, III., Rev. A. N. Hitchcock, Ph. D., District Secretary. The following is a list of the officers of the Board elected at the last annual meeting: President, Samuel B. Capen, Esq. Boston, Mass.; Vice-President, D. Willis James, Esq., New Yori, N. Y.; Prudential Committee, E. B. Webb, D. D., Charles C. Burr. W. H. Davis, D. D., Albert H. Plumb D. D. William P. Ellison, G. Henry Whitcomb, Elijalı Horr, D.D., Col. C. A. Hopkins, Rev Wiliami w'. Jordan, Edward C. Moore, J. M. W. Hall, Samuel C. Däling; Corresponding Secretaries, Judson Smith, D. D., Charles H. Daniels, D. D. James L. Barton, D. D. ; Recording Secretary. Heary A. Stimson, D. D.; Assistant Recording Secretary, Edward N. Packard, D. D. ; Treasurer, Frank H. Wiggin; Auditors, E. H. Baker, E. R. Brown, Henry E. Cobb.

The American Board, which is the oldest foreign missionary society in the United States, was organized June 29, 1810 . During the past eighty-nine years of its history it has sent out over 2,000 missionaries, of whom 539 are now in service. Into the nearly 500 churches which have been organized by these missionaries there have been recelved about $13 \iota, 000$ members. The total receipts from the oeginning have been about $\$ 27.000,000$.

The mission fields now occupied by the Board are: Mexico; the Hawaiian and Micronesian Islands; Japan: North China, Sbansi. in Northwestern China; Foo Chow and Hong Kong, in Southern China: Cerlon; Madura, in Southern India: the Marathi field of Western India; East Central Africa; Southern Africa; West Central Africa; European and Asiatic Turkey; Austria, and Spain.

The present statistics are: 20 missions, 1,417 stations and out-stations; 1,705 places for stated preaching. with average congregations of $85.7 \div 1 ; 492$ churches, with 49.782 members, of whom 5,047 were added during the last year; 133 higher schools, with 9,088 pupils; 1.137 common schools, with 43.920 pupils; total under instruction 58.699 ; missionaries and assistant missionaries, 529 ; native pastors, preachers, teachers, and other native assistants. 3155 ; total nissionary force, 3,680 .

## Baptigt Joung 捙rople's amion of america.

THE Union represents the young people's societies connected with Baptist churches in all the States and Canada. The following are the International officers: President, John H. Chapman, Chicano, Ill, ; Vice-Presidents, L. J. P. Bishop, New York, N. Y. ; W. W. Gaines, Atlanta, Ga.; L. McNeill, Paisley, Ont.: General Secrecary Rev E. E. Chivers, D. D., 324 Dearborn street. Chicago, Ill: Recording Secretary. Rev. H. it. Reed. La Crosse, Wis.; Treasurer, Frank Moody, Milwaukee. Wis. The Union was organized July 7 and 8, 1891. It holds annual meetings.

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A GENERAL Society representing the cocal societies of young people of the Free Baptist Denominathon. The officers areas follows: President, E. P. Metcalf, Providence, R. I. ; Vice-President, Miss Mary Ward, Hillsdale, Mich. : Recording Secretary, Miss Agnes H. Collins, South Danville, N. H. ; Generat Secretary, Harry'S. IHers, Hillsdale, Mich. $:$ Generat Treasurer, Rev. Arthur Given, D.D Anburn, R. I. : Junior Superintendent, Mrs. Harry S. Myers, Hillsdale, Mich. ; Council. Rev. E. B Stiles, A damsville, R. I. Rev. T. J. Mawhorter, Wawaka, Ind.: Miss Lora A. Marsh, Mason. Mich.; Rev A. R. Paull, Thitman, Mass. ; Rev. J. H. Wolfe, Adams, Neb. ; Miss Minnie Leigh, Winnebago City. Minn. : Rev. G. A. Jackson, Hillsdale, Mich. : Miss Anna Fite, Marion, O., and Mr. C. H. Woodworth, Buffalo, N. Y.

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Officers of the international Committee. -Office, No. 3 West Twenty-ninth Street, New York. Chairman, Lucien C. Warner; Treasurev, Frederick B. Schenck; General Secretary, Richard C. Morse. Board of Trustees - Treasurer, John S. Bussing, New York City. The International Committee is the general executive of the Associations of North America. It consists of 45 representative Christian laymen, and employs a force of $4 \overline{5}$ secretaries.

Officers of the Central International Committee.-Headquarters, No. 3 Général Dufour, Geneva, Switzerland, Chairman, Edouard Barde; Sccretary, Ernest Farre; Treasurer, Henry Fatio; General Secretaries, Charles Fernaud and Christian Phildius. The committee is composed of members representing America, Australia, Austria-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, England, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Russia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Japan, and India

Officers of the State Executive Committee of New York, -General office, No. , West Twenty-ninth Street, New York. Chaiman, Edmund P. Platt; Teasurer, Harris H. Hayden; General Secretaries, Fred. S. Goodman and cieorge A. Hall; Office Secretary, F. F. Calyer. This committee was incorporated under the laws of New York, April 14, 1886, having for its object "the establishing and assisting loung Men's Christian Associations, and generally to provide for the spiritual, intellectual, physical, and social well-being of young men in accordance with the aims and methods of Young Men's Christian Associations of the State of New York." The membership in the State is 38,626, divided as follows: General, 21, 724 ; Railroad, 8,547; College, 2, 283; French and German, 771 ; Boys' Departments, 3.949; "sections," 581. A biennial meeting of the State Association, comprising the $1 \pm 5$ Associations and 20 "Sections" in the state, is held in February.

Officers of the Young Men's Christian Association of the City of New Yoris. General oftice, No. 3 West Twenty-ninth Street, New York. President, Cleveland H. Dodge; Treasurer, Samuel Sloan, Jr. ; General Secretary, Henry M. Orne.

There are 5,075 associations in the world, of which 1, 429 are in North America. The total membership of these American associations is 228,568 ; they occupy 344 buildings of their own, valued at $\$ 19,847,930$, and have a total net property of $\$ 19,341,272$, including 656 libraries, containing 474,685 volumes. They employ 1,275 general secretaries and other paid officials, and expended last year for current expenses-local, state, and international- $\$ 2,779,733$.

## 

THE work of the associations among women is fourfold: Physical-Systematic training in the gymnasium, health talks, holiday excursions, and outing clubs, social-Receptions and socials in home-like rooms, musical and literary entertainments, helpful companionships, noon rest, lunchrooms, boarding clubs, employment bureaus. Intellectual-Libraries and reading-rooms, educational classes, lecture courses, concerts, library, musical, and art clubs. Spiritual-Bible training classes, evangelistic meetings, personal work, Gospel meetings.

General statistics: Number of associations in (ireat Britain, 1,340; United States (Associations connected with the International Committee), 377 ; France, 270 ; Germany, 400 ; Denmark, 400; Sweden. 42; Norway, 16; Italy, 17; India, 65; Australasia, 46; Canada, 15; South Africa, 7. Membership of American associations, 35,000,

The International Association was formed in 1886. General office, 1004 Champlain Building, 126 State Street, Chicago Ill. Mrs. H. C. Tillman, Chairman; Mrs. C. M. Howe, Vice-Chairman.

The World's Y. W. C. A. was founded in 1893. General office, 26 George Street, Hanover square, London. Miss Annie M. Reynolds, Secretary. Twenty-one States have organized State associations. Each State holds an annual convention. The international convention occurs biennially. Each year three summer schools are held for the training of young women in Secretarial and Bible work. The Evangel, the official organ of the associations, is published monthly at chicago, Ill. The second week of October is observed as a day of prayer for young women. A special department is maintained for young women of colleges, and through this department the student volunteer movement is connected with the association work.

## ※nveican Bible Socicty.

THE American Bible Society was founded in 1816. It is a charitable institution, whose sole object is to encourage a wider circulation of the Scriptures without note or comment. It invites the contribution and cooperation of "all who accept the Bible as their rule of life and believe that every human being is entitled to know what it teaches concerning truih and duty." The President is the IIon. Enoch L. Fancher, of New York, and there are twenty-six vice-presidents, headed by the lion. J. L. Chamberlain, Maine. Among the others are General O. O. Howard, Vt.; Cortlandt Parker, N. J.; Hon. Frank M. Cockrell, Mo. ; Hon. John W. Foster, D. C.; T. A. Brouwer, N. Y. ; 'yrus Northrop, Minn.; James H. Carlisle, $\mathrm{s}^{2}$. ; Hon. Howard Van Epps, Ga.; James H. Taft, N. Y.; Annis Mérrill, Cal. ; Hon. W. P. Dillingham, Vt. Hon. David J. Brewer, I. C.: Hon. James A. Beaver, Pa. i D. C. Gilman, Md., and Hon. Benj. ITarrison, Ind. There are thirty-six managers, divided into four classes as to terms of office. The Secretaries are: Rev. E. W. (ilman D. 1)., Rev. John Fox, D. D., and Rev. W. I. Haven, D. D. The Treasurer is William Foulke. The issues for the year 1898-99 were $1,380,892$ copies, and for the eighty-three years of the existence of the society $65,962,505$ copies. This includes liibles in many foreign tongues, and the languages of several American Indian tribes. (The British and Forelgn Bible Society, established in 1804 , has distributed to date $\mathbf{1 6 0 , 0 0 9 , 3 9 3}$ copies.) The offices of the society are at the Bible House, Eighth Street, New York.

## ホumbiran Cuct Soricty.

This Society was founded in 1825. During seventy-four years it has been publishing books and tracts representing the best Chri tian literature approved by all Evangelical Christians. Its total issues at home, in twenty lanquages, number $475,758,587$ copies. It has helped Foreign Missions, in one hundred languages, to many millions of copies. Its colporteurs have visited 14, $\mathbf{S 6 1 , 0 0 8}$ families. Offices, 150 Nassau Street, New York. President, General O. O. Howard; Secretaries, William W. Rand, D. D. , and George L. Shearer, D. D.

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The following information about this organization was corrected for The World almanac by the Corresponding secretary, Mrs, Isabella Charles Davis:

Officers of the Central Council. -Office, No. 156 Fifth Avenue, New York Clity President, Mrs. F. Bottome; Vice-President, Miss Kate Bond; General Secretary, Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickiuson; Treasurer, Mrs. J. C. Davis; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Robert Sturgis; Corvesponding Secretary, Mrs. Isabella Charles Davis.

The Order of The King's Daughters and Sons is a religious order of service, composed of thousands of small circles of men, women, aud children united in oue great organization, that is estimated now to number over half a million members. It is an inter-denominational order, and its members may be found in all churches and in almost all nations. It was founded by ten women in New York City, and has spread over every State in the Union, and has its representatives in Canada, England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Italy, Germany, India, China, Japan, Turkey in Europe and in Asia, Australia, New Zealand, and other countries. Its members are bound individually and collectively to serve the needy and the suffering, to consider the poor, and to be helpful in good work. Each individual circle may choose its own field of labor, but cannot escape the obligations of service.

The badge is a small cross of silver, bearing the letters I. H. N. on one side and the date 1886 on the other, often worn with a knot of purple ribbon. The Order is an incorporated society, of which this little cross is the seal. Its headquarters are at No. 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

Its original circle of ten women, to which have been made some additions, forms now the Central Council or Executive Board of the Order. The officers of the International Order are members of thls Council. The first meeting of the original circle was held in New York City on January 13, 1886. It is now fourteen years old, and it ranks among the strongest and most useful societies of the world. It issues a weekly magazine called The Silver Cross, which is most helpful to the members of the Order, and takes a high rank among the religious and philanthropic periodicals of the country.

## (T)

The Order of the Daughters of the King was organized on Easter Evening, 1885. It is desired by its promoters that a careful distinction shall be made between the Daughters of the King and The King's Daughters. This is the older society, and differs from The King's Daughters in many important particulars. In the first place, it is more of an order than a society, and is distinctively Episcopal. Its work is definite, and is ' for the spread of Christ's kingdom among young women, 'and the "actlve support of the rector's plans in the parish in which the particular chapter may be located." Its badge is a cross of silver, a Greek cross fleury, and its mottoes are "Magnanimeter Crucem Sustine" and "For His Sake," Its colors are white and"blue-white, the old royal color of Israel, and blue, the color of the Virgin Mary, the "blessed daughter of Israel's King, the Mother of the King of Kings." Its constitution is framed, as far as is possible, in the terms of that of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, the work of the two organizations being similar. The officers of the Council are: President, Mrs, E. A. Bradley; Vice-President, Mrs. E. J. Warner; Secretary, Miss Elizabeth L. Ryerson; Treasurer, Mrs. John H. Kahrs. Office of the Council. Church Missions House, 281 Fourth Avenue, New York.

## (The Brotyeryooir of St. Furrem.

The following was prepared for The World Almanac by Mr. John W. Wood, General Secretary:
The Brotherhood of St . Andrew is an organization of men in the Protestant Episcopal Church. Its sole object is the spread of Christ's kingdom among men. It works under two rules, known as (1) The Rule of Prayer: To pray daily for the spread of Christ's kingdom among men, and that Christ's blessing may be upon the labors of the Brotherhood, and (2) The Rule of Service: To make an earnest effort each week to bring at least one man within the hearing of the Gospel of Jesus Christ.

The Brotherhood started in St. James' Church, Chicago, on St. Andrew's Day, 1883. It takes its name from the A postle who, when he had found the Messiah, first found his own brother Simon and brought him to Jesus. This Brotherhood in St. James' parish was started simply as a parochlal organization, with no thought of its extending beyond the limits of the parish. Its work, however, was so successful in bringing men to church that attention was called to it, and other Brotherhoods, having the same objects and the same rules, were formed in other parishes in Chicago and in different parts of the country. In 1886 there were about thirty-five of these separate Brotherhoods. It then was proposed to form them into one general Church organization. This was done in 1886. Since that time the Brotherhood has gone on growing, and at present has spread to all parts of the United States. There are now twelve hundred and twenty active chapters, with a membership of about thirteen thousand men. The Brotherhood idea has also taken root in Canada, and the Brotherhood of St. A ndrew in the Church of England in the Dominion of Canada has been formed, with one hundred and eighty chapters and two thousand men. A similar organization has been formed in the Scottish Episcopal Church. Forty chapters have also been formed in Australia, and have been organized into a Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the Church of England in Australia. June 12, 1896, the Brotherhood of St. Andrew in the Church of England was formed.

The officers for 1899-1900 are: President, James L. Houghteling, 164 Dearborn Street, Chicago; General Secretary, John W. Wood. 281 Fourth Avenue, New York: Treasurer, John P. Faure, 281 Fourth Avenue, New York; Editor of St. Andrew's Cross, John W. Wood, 281 Fourth Avenue. The General Secretary will furnish information and literature to any one who may be interested in the work.

## 

THIS organization, founded in 1888, held its first federal convention in the city of New York in 1893. It is composed of members of twenty-one evangelical denominations-the Reformed Church in America, the Reformed Church in the United States, the Congregational, Presbyterian (North, South, Canadian, and United), Methodist Episcopal, Methodist Protestant, Baptist, United Brethren, Lutheran. Reformed Episcopal, Church of Christ, Progressive Brethren, Friends, United Evangellical, Free Baptist, Federal, African Methodist Episcopal, and Evangelical Association. Its objects are embodied in the statement that "Any man can belong to the Brotherhood who will promise to pray daily for the spread of the kingdom of Christ among men, and to make an earnest effort each week to bring at least one man within the hearing of the Gospel., The number of chapters of the Brotherhood in the United States is 500 , and the membership 15,000 in 35 States. The Rev. Dr. Rufus W. Miller, the founder, Reading, Pa., is President of the Federal Conncil, and Rev. C. E. Wyckoff, Irvington, N. J., General Secretary and Treasurer. The Brotherhood Star, the organ of this order, is published monthly at 25 East Twenty-second Street, New York City.

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THE following statistics and statement of the purposes of the organization were prepared for THE World Almanac by Rev. Ediwin A. Schell, General -ecretary of the Epworth League:

OfFICERS OF THE EPWORTH LeAgUE. -President, Bishop William X. Ninde, Detroit. Mich.; Vice-Presidents: Department of Spiritual Work, Rev. W. I. Haven, Bible House, New York City; Department of Mercy and Help, Rev. E. M. Mills, D. D. Elmira, N. Y. ; Department of Literary Work, R. R. Doherty, Ph. D., 150 Fifth Avenue, New York City; Department of Social Work, John A. Patten, Chattanooga. Tenn. : General Secretary, Rev. Edwin A. Schell, 57 Washington Street, Chicago, Ill.; General Treasurer, Chas. E. Piper, 1601 Masonic Temple, Chicago. Ill. The Central Office of the Epworth League is located at 57 Washington street, Chicago, ill.

The Epworth League was formed in May, 1889, by the union of five societies then existing in the Methodist Episcopal Church, which had under their united jurisdiction about 1,50c local societies, or "chapters", and abont 6,000 members. On October 1, 1899, the Epworth League in the Methodist Episcopal Čhurch numbered 26, $\mathbf{7} 00$ chapters, with a membership of $1,900,000$.

Its purpose is to promote intelligent and loyal piety in the young members and friends of the church, to aid them in religious development, and to train them in the works of mercy and help. Its constitution provides for development along' social, intellectual, and religious lines. Its essential features are the weekly prayer-meeting, the "intellectual" and "mercy and lielp"' departments, and its harmony with the officiary of the church. There are no salaried officers, except the General Secretary

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President-Bishop w. A. Candler, Oxford, Ga. First Vice-President-Rev. J. W. Newman, Birmingham, Ala. serond Vice-President-Rev. W. T. Mcclure, Independence, Mo. Thurd Lice-Presi-dent-Rev. J. M. Barcus. Temple, Tex. Treasurer-0 W. Patton, Nashville. Tenn. General Secretary and Editor Epworth Era-Rev. H. M. DuBose, D. D., Nashville, Tenn. Assistant General Secretary-Mr. Gus. W. Thomasson, Nashville, Tenn. The League sprang from a movement inaugurated by the pastor of Trinity Church, at Los Angeles. Cal., in the year 1889. The League was authorized by the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. South, at St. Louis in 1890. The first League was organized at the First Church, Memphis. Tenn., January, 1891. At the General Conference in May, 1894, the central office of the League was established at Nashville, Ten. Five thousand and thirty-one chapters have been chartered, and the total membership is 271,445 . Texas leads with a membershio of $26.00^{r}$

## (cutite crost Socicty.

THE principal purposes of this organization are: (1) To urge upon men the obligation of personal purity ${ }^{(2)}$ to raise the tone of public opinioll upon the subject of morality; (3) to secure proper legislation in connection with morality-one law only for men and women.

The White Cross movement was begun publicly February 14. 1883. at Bishop-Auckland, England, by the Bishop of Durham. The work was taken up in this country by the Rev, B. F. De Costa, D.D., Rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, New York Cit5, aided by his young men, during the Winter of 1883-84. It has now spread throughout the United States and Canada.

The plat form of the White Cross is as follows:
"The member promises by the 'help of God (1) to treat all women with respect, and endeavor to protect them from wrong and degradation ; (2) to endeavor to put down all indecent language and coarse jests; (3) to maintain the law of purity as equally binding upon men and women; (4) to endeavor to spread these principles among my companions, and to try and help my younger brothers: (5) to use every possible means to fulfil the command, 'Keep THYsELf pure.

The officers are: Ppesident, Rev. A. B. Howard, 224 Waverley Place, New York; Secretary, Alfred Fenney, 224 Warerley Place New York. The Central White Cross Committee, representing the Protestant Episcopal Church at large, is composed of the Bishops of Chicago, New York, Minnesota, Central New York, and Pittsburgh, Rev. Drs. 30rgan Dix. J. H. Eccleston, and D. Parker Morgan, with E. P. Dutton, of New York. The Assistant Secretary is Rev. W.'W. Steel, 3916 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and the Treasurer E. P Dutton.

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The following statement was furnished The World Almanac by President H. D. Barrett:
The National Spiritualists' Association of the Cnited states of America and Dominion of Canada was organized September 29, 1893, in Chicago, Ill., and incorporated November 1. 1893, ander the laws of the District of Columbia, where its permauent heacquarters were established Its objects are: "The organization of the various Spiritualist societies of the United States and Canada into one general association, for the purpose of mutual aid and coapperation in beneroient, charitable. educational, literary, musical, scientific, religious, and missionary purposes, and euterprises germane to the phenomena, science, philosophy, and religion of Spiritualism."' There are 650 . ocal associations of Spiritualists in the United states and Canada, 16 State associations, and 52 camp-meeting associations devoted to the interests of Spiritualism. The bona fide membership of these associations is 150,000 , while the total number of Spiritualists in the United States and Canada is $1,500, C 00$. Three hundred and fifty lecturers, ministers, and plat form mediums are now actively engaged in promulgating the doctrines of Spiritualism. The number of psychics now before the pubicic frr rarious phases of phenomenal manifestations is 1,500 , while some 10,000 persons utillze their mediumistic gifts in their homes. The Spiritualists have 82 churches, temples, auditoriums, etc., in the Cnited states. The valuation of their public buildings, camp-meeting property, and real estate is $\$ 1,250,000$. The membership of the National Spiritualists' Association consists of Splrituaiist societies only. Ten regular perionicals, weeklies, and monthlies are published in the interests of Spiritualism.

The officers for the year ending October 19, 1900, are as follows: President, Harrison D. Barrett, Needham, Mass.: Vice-President, Hon. Harvey V. Richardson, East Aurora, N. Y.; Secretary, Mrs. Mary T. Longley, Washington, D. C. Treasurer. Theodore J. Mayer, Wrashirgton, D. C. Trustees, Hon. Davil P. Dewey, Grand Blanc, Mich. ; Illtyd C. I. Evans, Washington, D. C. Alonzo Thompson, Fullerton, Neb. ; Clarence D. Pruden, Minneapolis, Minn. ; Hon. Eber W. Bond, Willoughby, 0 . The permaneut headquarters of the Association are located at 600 Pennsylvania Avenue S. E., Washington, D. C. The eighth annual convention will be held in Cleveland, O., October 16, 17, 18, and 19, 1900 .

## © $\mathfrak{e}$ e Saluation anmu.

THis is a body of men and women organized in the form of a military force, its object belng the evangelization of the unchurched masses. It has its Internatioual Headquarters at 101 Queen Victoria Street, London, E. C., England, and the headquarters for the United States at 120 West Fourteenth Street, New York City. Its officers are: General, chief-of-staff, commissioner, or commander, colonel, brigadier, major, staff captain, adjutant, ensign, captain, and lieutenant.

The Salvation A rmy, known originally as the Christian Mission, was created at Mile End, London, July 5, 1865, by the Rev. William Booth, a minister of the "Methodist New Connection." The present name was adopted in 1878. At first treated with a good deal of derision and occasionally with violence from the classes among which it worked, its earnestness and remarkable achievements have gradually won the respect and encouragement of many of the most prominent divines and laymen of the evangelical denominations.

At the present time there are 15,300 officers, composed of men and women whose lives are entirely given to the work; 6,229 corps or sucieties operating in thirty-eight countries and colonies in thirty-four languages. There are some $2.500,000$ meetings held annually out duors and in. The number of periodicals printed or published is forty-four, with a combined weekly circulation of over a million. The annual rental roll is over $\$ 1,000,000$. The amount of property owned by this organization now exceeds $\$ 4$, 000,000 , and the annual income is $\$ 3,645,000$. The United States Division of the salvation Army has to-day 2,577 officers, 694 corps or societies, 21 slum posts, 14 rescue homes, with accommodation for 350 fallen women; 75 food and shelter depots, furnishing 27,000 meals monthly, and providing nightly beds for 4,664 of the homeless poor; 5 workin"-women's hotels, with accommodation for 128 women; 5 salvage brigades for collecting household waste, together with 7 wood and coal yards, furnishing temporary work for 337 unemployed men; 5 farms, and 2 children's bomes. The organization also has in the United States cavalry brigades, out-riders' circuits, maternity homes, labor bureaus, women's skielters, and an inquiry department, which looks up missing friends and relatives. Altogether there are 156 social institutions for the poor, under the charge of 325 officers and employés, accommodating 5,622 persons.

William Booth is the geueral and commander-in-chief of the forces throughout the world. His headquarters are at London. The United States commanders are Commander and Consul Booth-Tucker.

The army numbers, according to the last reports, 1,338 corps and 4,306 officers in Great Britain 831 corps and 1,527 officers in Australia, and 735 corps and 2, 709 officers in the United Staten. The organization extends to nearly all the countries of the world.

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THe commander-in-chief is Ballington Booth. The headquarters are at No. 1 Fourth Avenue, mearly opposite Conper Institute, New York City. The following statement has been prepared for The WORld AlmaNac in the office of the commander-in-chief:

The Volunteers of America is a religious organization, inaugurated in March, 1896, by Commander and Mrs. Ballington Booth in response to numerous requests on the part of American citizens. It is organized in true military style, having as its model the United States Army, but in conjunction with military discipline and methods of work it possesses a thoroughly democratic form of government, having as its ideal the Constitution of the United States of America. Its adherence to American principles has been further signalized by the movement having been incorporated. The object of the Volunteers is to reach with the Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ the millions of this and other countries which hitherto have been unreached by any existing religious organization. The fact is recognized that these untouched masses pervade every section of society, and while those of the lowliest walks of life-the poor, the vicious, the criminal, the drunirard, and others-will always be the objects of the tenderest solicitude of Volunteers, the teeming thousands of the middle class and the sinful and Godless in even aristocratic circles will also be confronted with the eternal truths of Divine revelation and the giorious Gospel of full salvation.

When it is remembered that this organization has not had the advantage of time in which to augment its forces and attain its present dimensions-being only inaugurated on March 9, 1896-not yet (December 1, 1899) four years old; that its growth bas been during a distracting war and in the midst of political and financial agitation, its friends think they may lay claim to a rise and progress phenomenal in Christian history in this country. There are at the present time eight regiments of sixteen hattalions; 150 staff officers in positions of responsibility. The Volunteers are established in some 150 cities and towns. During 1899 over $£ 80,000$ was raised by posts, $2.611,647$ persons were attracted to the open-air service, while $1,937,347$ persons attended indoor service.

The Volunteers will seek to coüperate with all the existing Evangelical Churches and religious organizations. To this end the commander-in-chief was ordained a "Presbyter of the Church of God in Generai." The Sacrament of the Holy Communion will be administered in the Volunteers' meetings by the commander-in-chief and properly qualified and ordained staff officers at least once a month. The Sacrament of Baptism is also recognized, but its observance is left perfectly optional to every individual Volunteer. There is a prison branch of the Volunteers, which has induenced 7,000 prisoners for good living.

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THE Mormons, or Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints, were organized A pril 6, 1830, with six members, by Joseph Smith, at Fayette, Seneca County, N. Y. After being driven by mobs from various places in Missouri, Ohio, and fllinois, they settled at Great salt Lake, Utah, under the leaderilip of Brigham Young, in 1847. He was the first President, and was succeeded on his death in 1877 by John Taylor, who was succeeded in 1887 by Wilford W oodruff. who died in 1889. The present President is Fran $i l i n$ D. Richards, and he and Brigham Young, Francis M. I.yman, John Henry Smith, George 'reasdale, Heber J. Grant, John W. Taylor, Marriner W. Merrill, Anthon H. Lund, Matthias F. Cowley, Abraham O. Wondruff, and Rudger Clawson constitute the Apostolic Quorum. The total Church membership is 300,000, and the number of Elders 1,700.

The Reorganized Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Saints is a separate body, having its headquarters at Lamoni, Iowa. It was organized in 1851, and is presided over by Juseph Smith, son of the Propinet. Its enrolled memhership is 40,639 , and it has 2,200 active ministers,

The tenets of these two bodies of Mormons were printed in THE WORLD ALMANAC for 1897, paga 329.

## Society of Colomial edars.

Governor-General-Frederic J. De Peyster, New York.
Deputy Governors-Generat-Howland Pell, for New York; R. M. Cadwalader, for Pennsylvania; Gen. Joseph L. Brent, for Maryland; A. J. C. Sowden, for Massachusetts; C. F. T. Beale, for the District of Columbia; George S. Wylie, for New Jersey; F. J. Kingsbury, for Connecticut; E. A. Chittenden, for Vermont; J. L. Lombard, for Illinois; Henry O. Kent, for New Hampshire; R. T. W. Duke, Jr., for Virginia; C. H. Sampson, for Missouri; E. M. Wood, for Ohio; J. Sterling Morton, for Nebraska; H. P. Upham, for Minnesota; Daniel L. Gooch, for Kentucky; S. R. Thorpe, for California; A. S. Dwight, for Colorado; Col. Philip Read, U.S. A., for Wisconsin; Gov. Elisha Dyer, for Rhode Island; J. A. Carson, or Georgia; T. H. Newberry, for Nichigan; H. A. Dupont, for Delaware; J. Kennedy Stout, for Washington; J. M. Glidden, for Maine. Secretary-General-Walter L. Suydam, 45 william street, New York. Deputy Secretary-Genercl-Gen. Howard R. Bayne, New York. Treasurer-General-Edward Shippen, Philadelphia. Registrar-General-George Norbury Mackenzie, Baltimore. Historian-General-T. J. 0. Rhinelander, New York. Chaplain-General-C. Ellis Stevens, Philadelphia.

The Society of Colonial Wars was instituted in 1892 to "perpetuate the memory of these events and of the men who, in military, naval, and civil positions of high trust and responsibility, by their acts or counsel assisted in the establishment defence, and preservation of the American Colonies, and were in truth the founders of the nation. With this end in view it seeks to collect and preserve manuscripts, rolls, and records; to provide suitable commemorations or memorials relating to the American Colonial period, and to inspire in its members the paternal and patriotic spirit of their forefathers, and in the community respect and reverence for those whose public services made our freedom and unity possible," Ellgibility is confined to an adult male descendant of an ancestor who fought in battle under Colonial authority, from the settlement of Jamestown, Va., in 1607, to the battie of Lexington, in 1775, or who served as Governor, Deputy-Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Member of the Council, or as a military, naval, or marine officer in the service of the Colonies, or under the banner of Great Britain, or was conspicuous in military, official, or legislative life during that period.

## Oratr of ffommors ant jpatriots of Furcica.

Governor-General-Gen. Stewart L. Woodford. Deputy Governor-General-William Armstrong Halsey. Secretary-Generai-Charles Mather Glazier. Treasurer-General-Charles Wurts Sparhawk. Attorney-General-William Raymond Weeks. Registrar-General-Edward Hagaman Hall. Historian-General-George Rogers Howell. Chaplain-General-Rev. John Gaylord Davenport, D. D. Counselors-General-Edward Payson Cone, Major Francis Lowell Hills, Hon. James Jerome Belden, Edward Pliny Chapin, Capt. Christopher C. Wolcott, U. S. N., Hon. Lucius Eugene Chittenden, Edward Lang Perkins, Theodore Melvin Banta, George Clinton Miller. The Order was founded in 1896, and was incorporated March 18, the object sta:ed in the articles of incorporation being "to bring together and associate congenial men whose ancestors struggled together for life and liberty. home and liappiness, in the land when it was a new and unknown country, and whose line of descent from them comes through patriots who sustained the Colonies in the struggle for independence in the Revolutionary War; 10 teach reverent regard for the names and history, character and perseverance, deeds and heroism, of the founders of this country and their patriot descendants; to teach that the purpose of the founders could have had no lasting result but for their patriot sons; to inculcate patriotism; to discover, collect, and preserve records, documents, manuscripts, monuments, and history relating to the first colonists and their ancestors and their descendants, and to commemorate and celebrate events in the history of the Colonies and the Republic.'

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A New hereditary-patriotic order, incorporated in 1899, but whose organization is yet incomplete. The incorporators are Walter S. Carter, Robert D. Benedict, Ralph E. Prime, Wi liam De Hertburn, Washington; William B. Davenport, S. Victor Constant, Robert Endicott, Henry Melville, Edward F. Dwight, P. Tecumseh Sherman, Everett V. Abbot, Rodney S. Dennis, and Grenville B. Winthrop. Its objects are: "To stimulate genealogical, biographical, and historical research, to publish patriotic manuscripts and records, to collect colonial and revolutionary relics, to preserve traditions, to mark patriotic graves, to locate and protect historic sites, to erect tablets and monuments, to aid in founding and erecting libraries, museums, and memorial buildings; and in all other fitting ways, through broad fellowship and coōneration, to perpetuate the memory of the Settlers and Defenders of the nation, and to exemplify and teach in all later generations their spirit of wise patriotism, to the end that we may loyally advance the purpose for which they struggled."

To be eligible, a person must be eighteen years of age, and have lineally descended (1) from a settler in one of the thirteen original Colonies, during the first thirty-three vears of its settlement; (2) from one who is also lineally descended from an ancestor who, between Miay 13, 1607, and A pril 19 , 1775, inclusive, rendered ciril or military service in the general government of such colony; and (3) who is likewise lineally descended from an ancestor who, between A pril 19, 1775, and September 13, 1783, inclusive, rendered actual service to the cause of American Independence, either as a military or naval officer, soldier, seaman, privateer, militia, or minute man, associator, signer of the Declaration of Independence, member of a Continental, Provincial, or Colonial Congress, or Colonial or State Legislature, or as a recognized patriot who performed or actually counselled or abetted acts of resistance to the authority of creat Britain; but no claim of eligibility through descent from a settler or from an ancestor who rendered colonial service to be valid unless the descendants of such ancestor in the line of descent of the applicant were patriots in the War of the Revolution. Women are eligible to admission, and junior chapters of the order are to be established.

## Aster club of 1847.

President-Gen. Egbert L. Viele, New York City. Vice-President-Col. John Campbell, J. S. A., Cold Spring, N. Y. Secretary-Macrae Sykes, Kingsbridge, New York City. Treusurer-Coi. Dè Lancey Floyd-Jones, U. S. A., Union Club, New York city.

This society, originaliy composed of officers of the United States armies who served in the war with Mexico, was formed in the City of Mexico in 1847 "with a view to cherish the memories and keep alive the traditions that cluster about the names of those officers who took part in the Mexican War.", Membership is confined to officers of the army, navy, and marine corps who served in the war or their blood relatives. Each primary member may nominate as his successor his son or a blood relative, who during the life of the primary member is known as associate-member, and on the death of the former is entitled, as his representative, to full membership. There are 240 members.

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#### Abstract

THE Society of Mayflower Descendants was organized in the city of New York December 22, 1894, by lineal descendants of the Mayflower pilgrims, "to preserve their memory, their records, their history, and all facts relating to them, their ancestors, and their posterity." Every lineal descendant over eighteen years of age, male or female, of any passenger of the voyage of the Mayflower, which terminated at Plymouth, Massachusetts, December, 1620 , including all signers of "The Compact," are eligible to membership. The initiation fee is ten dollars and the annual dues are five dollars. The annual meeting is held November 22, the anniversary of the signing of "The Compact.' Societies are organized in New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Ohio, Illinois, and the District of Columbia, with a membership of 2,000 . These societies have formed a national organization. The officers of the New York Society are as follows: Governor, Henry E. Howland; Depuly Governor, John T. Terry; Captain, Col. J. J. Slocum; Elder, Rev. Roderick Terry, D.D. ; Secretary, Edward W. Dewey, 52 Broadway: Treasurer. W. M. Grinnell, New York; Historian,


 R. H. 'Greene, New York
## Che 路ugtenot Society of $\mathfrak{m m e r i c a .}$

THis Society was organized April 12, 1883, and has its office in New York at No. 105 East Twenty-second Street. President, Frederic J. De Peyster; Vice-Presidents, William Jay, Rev. Lea Luquer, Henry M. Lester, A. T. Clearwater, Nathaniel Thayer, and Richard Olney, of Boston; William Ely, Prof. D. D. Demarest, of New Jersey ; C. M. Du Puv, Col. R. L. Maury, of Richmond, Va., and B. K. Neufville, of Charleston, S. C.; Treasurer, Georg. S. Bowdoin; Secretary, Mrs. James M. Lawton. Descent from Huguenot ancestors is the qualification necessary for membership.

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To aid the Home Rule movement in Ireland by constitutional methods and parliamentary agitation. President-Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet. Secretary-Joseph P. Ryan. Treasurer-John D. Crimmins. Headquarters, No. 47 West Forty-second Street.

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President-General-Hon. Thomas J. Gargan, Boston, Mass. Vice-President-General-Hon. John D. Crimmins, New York City. Secretary-General-'I homas Hamilton Murray, 77 Main street, Woon-
socket, R. I. Treasurer-General-Hon. John C. Linehan, (oncord, N. H. Librarian and ArchivistThomas B. Lawler, New York City There is also an executive council and a vice-president for each state.

The-society was organized at Boston, Mass., January 20, 1897, for the special study of the Irish element in the composition of the American people; to investigate and record the influence of this element in the upbuilding of the nation, and to collect and publish facts relating to and illustrating that influence. The Society draws no creed lines, and is non-political. Being an American organization in spirit and princ ple, it greets and welcomes to its ranks Americans of whatever race descent and of whatever creed who take an interest in the special nne of work. for which the Society is organized. It at present includes Roman Catholics, Protestant Episcopalians, Methodists, Presbyterians, Unitarians, and members of other denominations. The membership roll contains the names of gentlemen of the seventh, eighth, and ninth American generations., The membership is about 1,200 . The society issues an annual bound volume called the "Journal." The annual meeting is held in New York City.

## 

THis Society was organized in May, 1889, when the first Scotch-Irish Congress was.held at Columbia, Tenn. It is composed of the people of Scotch-Irish descent, residents of the United States and Canada. Its purpose is declared to be "the preservation of Scotch-Irish history and associations, the increase and diffusion of knowledge regarding the Scotch-Irish people, the keeping alive of the characteristic qualities and sentiments of the race, the promotion of intelligent patriotism, and the development of social intercourse and fraternal feeling." State societies are being formed, and the growth of the organization is expected to be large, as the race is widely extended over the Union, and particularly in the middle South, where such men as Andrew Jackson, John C. Calhoun, and 'Sam Houston were its types. Membership includes females as well as males. Cummunications may be addressed to the Honorary Secretary, Rev. J. S. MacIntosh, D. D., No. 220 Witherspoon Building, Philadelphia.

## Socicty of Tammany, ox columbiam oryex.

Grand Sachem-Thomas L. Feitner. Sachems-John Whalen, John F. Carroll, Daniel F. McMahon, John W. Keller, John J. Scannell, Charles F. Murphy, Randolph Guggenheimer, Maurice Featherson, Asa Bird Gardiner, George W. Plunkitt, George C. Clausen, John Fox, Thomas J. Dunn. Secre-tary-Thomas F. Smith. Treasurer-Peter F. Meyer. Sagamore-John T. Nagle. Wiskinkie-John A. Boyle.

This organızation was formed in 1789, being the effect of a popular movement in New York, having primarily in view a counterweight to the so-called "aristocratic" Society of the Cincinnati, It was essentially anti-Federalist or democratic in its character, and its chief founder was William Mooney, an upholsterer and a native-born American of Irish extraction. It took its first title from a noted ancient wise and friendly chief of the Delaware tribe of Indians, named Tammany, who had, for the want of a better subject, been canonized by the soldiers of the Revolution as the American patron saint. The first meeting was held May 12, 1789. The act of incorporation was passed in 1805. The Grand Sachem and thirteen Sachems were designed to typify the President and the Governors of the thirteen original States. William Mooney was tbe first Grand Sachem. The Society is nominally a charitable and social organization, and is distinct from the general committee of the Tammany Democracy, which is a political organization and cannot use Tammany Hall without the consent of the Society.

## Socicty of the $\mathbb{C}$ eimcimati.

GFNERAL OFFICERS.



President-General............................Hon. William Wayne, Pa,
Vice-President-Generai..........................Hon. Winslow Warren, Mass.
Secretary-General .............................Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL.D., R. I. Assistant secretary-General..................Hon. Nicholas Fish, N. Y.
Treasurer-General.................................... Mr. Frederick Wolcott Jackson, N. J. Assistant Treasurer-ffeneral...................Mr. John Cropper, Va.

The historic and patriotic Order of the Cincinnati was founded by the American and French officers at the cantonments of the Continental army on the Hudson at the close of hostilities in the War of the Revolution for American Independence in May, 1783.

In forning the society it was declared that, "To perpetuate, therefore, an well the remembrance of this vast event as the mutual friendships which have been formed under the pressure of common danger, and, in many instances, cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby, in the most solemn manner, associate, constitute, and combine themselves into one Society of Friends, to endure as long as they shall endure, or any of their eldest male posterity, and in failure thereof the collateral, branches who may be jndged worthy of becoming its supporters and members."
For convenience, thirteen State societies were formed, and one in France, under the direct patronage of Louis XVI. Upon the roll of original members appeared the names of all the great historic military and naval characters of the Revolution, and upon the roll of honorary members, elected for their own lives only, appeared many of the signers of the Declaration of Independence.

## THE RIOHT TO MEMBERSHIP.

All Continental officers who had served with honor and resigned after three years' service as officers, or who had been rendered supernumerary and honorably clischarged, in one of the several reductions of the A merican army, or who had continued to the end of the war, and all French officers who had served in the coōperating army under Count d'Estaing, or anxiliary army under Connt de Rochambeall, and held or attained the rank of colonel for such services, or who had commanded a French fleet or ship of war on the American coast, were entitled to become original members, and upon doing so were required to contribute a month's pay.

## STATE SOCIETIES.

There are nine active State societies-viz., those of Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut (revived 1893), New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, and South Carolina, and the one in France, which was dispersed at the Reign of Terror in 1793, is being re-established.

There were originally thirteen State societies, corresponding to the number of States at the close of the Revolutionary War. Several of these became dormant in the early part of the nineteenth century, but all these are now revived and reorganized, and those of New Hampshire, Delaware, North Carolina, and Georgia have been provisionally recognized, and may be restored to the general society at its next triennial meeting.

Membership descends to the eldest lineal male descendant, if judged worthy, and, in failure of direct male descent, to male descendants through intervening female descendants.

The general society is composed of the general officers and five delegates from each State society, and meets triennially. In 1854 it ruled that proper descendants of Revolutionary officers who were entitled to original membership, but who never could avail themselves of it, are qualified for hereditary membership, if found worthy, on due application.

GENERAL OFFICERS SINCE ORGANIZATION.
The following have been the principal general officers:
PRESIDENTS-GENERAL

1783 . Gen. George Washington, LL, D., Va. 1800..Major-Gen. Alexander Hamilton, LI. D.,
1805. . Major-Gen. C. Cotesworth Pinckney, LL. D. , s. C .
1825..Major-Gen. Thomas Pinckney, A. M., S. C.
 1844 . Brevet Major William Popham, N. Y. 1848...Brig.-Gen. H. A. Scammell Dearborn, A. M., Mass.
1854. Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL. D. , N. Y.
1896..Hon. William Wayne, Pa

## VICE-PRESIDENTS-GENERAL

1784. Major-Gen. Horatio Gates, LL. D., Va.
1787 .Major-Gen. Thomas Miffin, A. M., Pa. 1787..Major-Gen. Thomas Miffin, A. M., Pa. N. 1.
1785. .Major-Gen. C. Cotesworth Pinckney, LL. D. ,
1805..Major-Gen. Henry Knoz, A. Mr., Mass.
1811..Brig. -Gen. Johu Brooks, M. D., LL. D.,
1786. . Major-Gen. Aaron Ogden, LL. D., N. J.

1829 . Major-Gen. Morgan Lewis, A. M., N. Y. 1839 . Major the Hon. William Shute, N. J. $184 \&$. Hon. Horace Binney, LL. D., Pa. 1848 . Hon. Hamilton Fish, LL. D., N. Y. 1854 .Hon. Charles Stewart Davies, LL. D., Mass. 1s66..Mr. James Warren Sever, A. M., Mass. 1872..Hon. James Simons, A. M., S. C. 1881 ..William A rmstrong Irvine, M. D. , Pa 1887..Hon. Robert Milligan McLane, Md. 1896. Hon. Winslow Warren, Mass.

## SECRETARIES-GENERAL

1783 . Major-Gen, Henry Knox, A. Mr., Mass. $\left\lvert\, \frac{1857}{7}\right.$. Mr. Thomas McEwen, A. M. M. M., Pa. 1799 Major the IIon. William Jackson, Pa. $18: 29$. Mr. Alexauder W. Johmston, Pa. 1875 . Mr. George Washington Harris, Pa.
The last triennial meeting of the general society was held in the city of New York in May, 1899. The next triennial meeting will be held in Hartford, Ct, in May, 1902.

The office of the secretary-General is at Garden Clity, Long lsland, N. Y.
The number of living members of the society of the Cincinnati, as reported at the triennial meeting May, 1899 , including those of the newly re-admitted Virginia society, was 530. Ex-President Cleveland, Admiral Dewey, and Major-Generais Miles and Howard, U. S. A rmy, are honorary members of the New York State society; President Mrkinley an: $2 \vec{a}$-?resident Harrison are honorary members of the Pennsylvania State society, and Lieut-General John M. Schotield is an honorary member of the New Jersey State Society.

## SOCIETY OF THE CINCINNATI-Continued.

The following are the presidents, vice-presidents, and secretaries of the several State societies in active operation:

STATES.
$\overline{\text { Massachusetts. }}$ Rhode Island.:
Connecticut ....
New York....
New Jersey.. Pennsylvania. Maryland....... South Carolina. Virginia........

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| Secretaries. |
| :--- |
| David Greene Haskins. |
| George W. Olney. |
| Marris Woodruff Seymour. |
| Tallot Olyphant. |
| Wr. T. B. Inlay. |
| Francis Marinus Caidwell. |
| Thomas E. Sears. |
| George Hait Tucker. |
| Patrick H. Cary Cabell. |

State societies are organized in New Hampshire, Delaware, North Carolina, and Georgia, but are not yet admitted to active membership in the general society.

A society of "Daughters of the Cincinnati'" was organized in New York in 1894. It is not recognized by the Society of the Cincinnati, and its assumption of the society name was formally disapproved by the general society at its triennial meeting in May, 1896.

## Sons of the 隹cuolution.

General President-Ex-Gov. John Lee Carroll, Md. General Vice-President-Garrett D. W. Vroom, N. J. Second General Vice-President-Pope Barrow, Ga. General Treasurer-R. M. Cadwalader, Pa. Assistant General. Theasurer-Henry Cadle, Mo.

General Secretary-J. M. Montgomery, N. Y. Assistant Genwral Secretary-Wm. H. Harris, Md. Generat Registrar-Francis E. Abbott, Mass. Generat Historian-H. W. Dudley, IIl.
General Chaplain-Rt. Rev. H. B. Whipple, Minn.
The society of the "Sons of the Revolution" was originated in New York in 1875 by John Austin Stevens, in conjunction with other patriotic gentlemen of Revolutionary ancestry. The New York Society was instituted February 22, 1876; reorganized December 3, 1883, and incorporated May 3, 1884, to "keep alive among ourselves and our descendants the patriotic spirit of the men who, in military, naval, or civil service, by their acts or counsel, achieved A merican independence; to collect and secure for preservation the manuscript rolls, records, and other documents relating to the War of the Revolutlon, and to promote intercourse and good feeling among its members notv and hereafter." Eligibility to membership is confined to male descendants, above the age of twenty-one years, from an ancestor who as either a military, naval, or marine otficer, soldier, sailor, or marine, or official in the service of any one of the thirteen original Colonies or States, or of the National Government, representing or composed of those Colonies or states, assisted in establishing American independence during the War of the Revolution between the 19th day of April, 1775, when hostilities commenced, and the 19th day of April, 1783, when they were ordered to cease. The last triennial meeting of the general society was held at Denver, Col., beginning April 19, 1899. The next triennial meeting of the general society will be held in the city of Washington April 19, 1902.

The officers of the New York Society Sons of the Revolution are as follows: PresidentFrederick Samuel Tallmadge. Vice-President-Robert Olyphant. Secretary-Morris P. Ferris, 146 Broadway. Tieasurer-A rthur Melvin Hatch. Registrar-Prof. H. P. Johnston. Historian-Talbot Olyphant. Chaplain-Rev. Brockholst Morgan.

There are thirty Siate societies and a society in the District of Columbia. The aggregate membership is over 7,000, that of the New York State Society being over 2,000, and of the Pennsylvania State Society over 1,000.

## Sons of tye American Bicuolttion.

## national officers.

President-General-Franklin Murphy, N. J.
Vice-Pres.-Gen.-Jos. C. Breckinridge, D. C.
Vice-Pres, - Gen.-John Whitehead, N. J.
Vice-Pres. - Gen.-J. M. Richardson, O.
Vice-Pres.-Gen. -Jonathan Trumbull, Ct.

The National Society of "Sons of the American Revolution' ' was organized in New York A pril 30, 1889, and chartered in Connecticut in 1890. Its purposes are the same as those of the older organization, the "Sons of the Revolution." State societies exist in thirty-eight States, the District of Columbia, and Hawaii. A California society of descendants of Revolutionary patriots, entitled "Sons of Revolutionary Sires," organized July 4, 1875, having reorganized and changed its name in 1889, has been admitted to membership. A formal movement by this society and the "Sons of the Revolution" toward a union was attempted in 1892, and again in 1897, but was not successful. The total membership of the organization, according to the report of the Registrar-Geueral made at the annual congress of the general society at Detroit, Mich., April 30, 1899, is 9,690. The Massachusetts Society has 1,300 members, the New York Society over 1,100 members, and the Connecticut Society over 1,000 members.

The New York or Empire State Society was organized February 11, 1890. The following are the officers: President-Robert B. Roosevelt. Secretary-William W. Kenley, 1123 Broadway, New York. Treasurer-Richard T. Davis, Registrar-Teunis D. Huntting. Historian-Walter R. Benjamin. Chaplain-Rev. James M. King.

## 

The Washington estate at Mount Vernon, Va., is under the care and direction of the Mount Vernon Ladies ${ }^{1}$ Association of the Union. The founder of the Association, in 1854, was Miss Ann Parkela Cunningham, of South Carolina. She was the first Regent, and was succeeded in 1873 in that position by Mrs. Macalester Laughton. She died in 1891, and the present Regent is Mrs. Justine Vau Rensselaer Townsend, of New York (a great-granddaughter of General Philip Schuyler, and great-great-granddanghter of Philip Livingston, the signer of the Declaration of Independence). There are Vice-Regents for thirty-two States.

## Militaty Orate of forcigu chaws.

The Military Order of Foreign Wars of the Cinited States was instituted in the City of New York, December 27, 1894, by veterans and descendants of veteraus of one or more of the five foreign wars which the United States had heen engaged in, to wit: The War of the Revolution, the War with Tripoli, the War of 1812, the Mexican War, and the War with Spain, "to perpetuate the names and memory of brave and loyal men who took part in establishing and maintaining the principles of the Government"' in said wars, and "to preserve records and documents relating to said wars, and to celebrate the anmiversaries of historic events connected therewith." Since the establishment of the order the United States has fought its fifth foreign war. By an amendment to the constitution all American officers who participated in the war with Spain are rendered eligible to membership as veteran companions.

Members are entitled "companions," and are either "veteran companions'" or "hereditary companions." The former are commissioned officers of the army, navy, or marine corps of the United States who participated in any of the foreign wars of the United States. The latter are direct lineal descendants, in the male line only, of commissioned officers who served honorably in any of the said wars. Commanderies may be established in each of the States, and State commanderies now exist in the States of New York, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Illinois, California, Massachusetts, Florida, Maryland, District of Columbia, Ohio, Missouri, and Vermont.

The National Commandery was instituted March 11, 1896, by the officers of the New York, Pennsylvania, and Connecticut commanderies. The following are the officers of the National Commandery: Commander-General-Major-General Alexander S. Webb, U. S. A. Secretary-General-James H. Morgan, St. Paul Building, New York City. Treasurer-General-Edward S. Sayres. Registrar-GeneralRev. Henry N. Wayne. Historian-General-Captain Samuel E. Gross, U. S. V. Judge-Advocate-Gen-eral-Frank Montgomery Avery. Chaplain-General-Rev. C. Ellis Stevens. Recorder-General-Charles D. Walcott. There are Vice-Presidents-General representing each State society.

## Naval oryce of the omiter States.

The Naval Order of the United States is composed of a General Commandery and commanderies in the States of Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, New York, California, and Illinois, and in the District of Columbia. The General Commandery meets triennially on October 5, and the State Commanderies meet annually in the month of November. The Massachusetts Commandery is the parent Commandery, and was organized at Boston on July 4, 1890. The General Commandery was established three years later, on June 19, 1893. The Companions of the Order are officers and the descendants of officers who served in the navy and marine corps in any war or in any battle in which the said naval forces of the United States have participated. The membership clause, as adopted at the triennial congress held at Boston, October 5, 1895, provides for two classes of members: First, veteran officers and their male descendants, and, second, enlisted men who have received the United States naval medal of honor for bravery in the face of the enemy: The next triennial meeting will be held at New York in November, 1902.

The officers of the General Commandery are: Feneral Commander-Rear-Admiral John G. Walker. Vice-General Commanders-Admiral George Dewey, Rear-Admiral George E. Belknap, Colonel John Biddle Porter. General Recorder-Lieutenant-Commander Leonard Chenery. Assistant General Re corder-Rodney Macdonough. General Treasurer-Jarvis B. Edson, late U.S. N. General RegistrarJ. V. P. Tarner, late U. S. N. General Historian-Captain R. S. Collum, U. S. M. C. General Chap-lain-Rev. George Williamson Smith, D. D. General Council-Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley, Commodore Norman H. Farquhar, Chief Engineer George W. Melville, Captain Hobart H. Bellas, U. S. A. ; Medical Director George W. Woods, Captain Henry C. Taylor, Commodore John W. Philip, Lieutenant-Commander Edward M. Stedman, Paymaster John Randolph Carmody. The Commander of the New York Commandery, which is the largest in the order, is Admiral George Dewey.

## Socicticg of the ©alar of 1812.

SOCIETY OF THE WAR OF 1812 AND VETERAN CORPS OF ARTILLERY IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK.
Instituten as a military society by the veterans of the War of 1812 , on January 3,1826 , in the City of New York, and incorporated under the laws of the State of New York by the surviving veteran members, January 8, 1892.

The officers are: President-Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., D. C. L. Vice-President-Hon. Asa Bird Gardiner, LL.D. Secretary-Vacant. Assistant Secretary-Charles Isham. Treasurer-Charles Augustus Schermerhorn.

The original members comprise those who actually served in the military or naval forces of the United States during the War of 1812 , or on vessels other than merchant ships which sailed under commissions of letters of marque and reprisal from the United States in that war.

Eligibility to hereditary membership is confined to descendants of commissioned officers who actually served in the War of 1812, and descendants of former members of the Society in the state of New York, and of other military societies of 1812.

The purposes of the order are to inspire among the members and among the American people the patriotic spirit of the men who, during the War of 1812, defended their country against hostile encroachments on its rights and interests and caused its sovereignty and independence to be respected; to inculcate and maintain the great principles of the laws of nations for which they contenderl; to collect and preserve the manuscript rolls, records, and other documents relating to that war, and to commemorate the land and naval victories of the A merican arms in that war; to undertake and assist in the erection of proper memorials thereof; to pernetuate the mutual friendships formed in that war under the pressure of common danger, and to promote fellowship among the members of every degree.

## THE GENERAL SOCIETY OF THE WAR OF 1812.

Composed of federated State societies, in Maryland, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Massachusetts, Ohio, and other States. The officers are: President-Gencral-Hon. John Cadwalader, Philadelphia, Pa. Treasurer-General-Satterlee Swartwout, stamford, Ct. Servetctry-General-Henry Hobart Beilas, Germantown, Pa. Lineal descendants of soldiers and sailors (whether enlisted or sailing under letters of marque and reprisal) only are entitled to membership.

## nutitary Oryex of tye zomal zlegion.

Commander-in-Chief-Lieut.-Gen. John M. Schofield. Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief-Acting Volunteer Lient. Charles P. Clark. Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief-Brig. -Gen. Henry C. Merriam. Recorder-in-Chief-Brevet Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson. Registrar-in-Chief-Brevet Major William P. Hux'ord. Treasurer-in-Chief-Paymaster George De F. Barton. Chancellor-in-Chief-Brevet Bric.Gen. William L. James. Chaplain-in-Chief-Brevet Major Henry S. Burrage. Council-in-Chief-Brevet Major George W. Chandler, Rear-Admiral George Brown, Col. Charles A. Woodruff, Brevet MajorGen. John B. Sanborn, Capt. Roswell H. Mason.

The Military Order of the Loyal Legion of the United States was organized by officers and exofficers of the army, navy, and marine corps of the United States who took part in the Civil War of 1861-65. Membership descends to the eldest direct male lineal descendant, according to the rules of primogeniture. There are 20 commanderies, each representing a State, and one commandery representing the District of Columbia. The total membership of the Loyal Legion July 31, 1899, was 9,099.

ROLL OF COMMANDERIES.

|  | Headquarters. | Instituted. | ers. | Addres |
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| ate of Cal | San Franc |  | Bre |  |
| tate of Wis | Milwaukee |  | Capt |  |
| tate of Illino | Chicago | May 8.18 | Capt. Roswell H. | 76 M |
| District of C | Washing | Feb. 1,18 | Brevet Major Wm. P. | Atlantic Bl |
| State of Ohio. | Cincimna | May 3,1882 | Brevet Major A. M. Van Dyke.. |  |
| 10 State of Mich | St Papl | Feb. 4,1880 | Brevet Brig. -Gen. F. |  |
| 11. State of Minn.. | St. Paul | May 6,1885 | Capt. Davin L. Caukin |  |
| State of Oregon State of Mo ... | Portland | May 6,18 | Capt. Gavin E. Cay |  |
| State of MO | St. Louis | Oct. 21, | capt. Willa | Laclede B |
| State of K | , | Ocl. ${ }^{2}$ 2, 18 | Brevet Capt. Ge | Fort Leavenwort |
| 16 State of Iowa.. | Des Moi | Oct. 20,1886 | First Lieut. and Adj.J. W. Muffy |  |
| 17 State of Col | Denv | June 1,18 | Brevet Cap | Kittredge B |
| State of Ind | Indi |  |  |  |
| te of Vt |  |  | Li | coma. |

Commander-in-Chief, Headquarters, Philadelphia. Instituted October 21,1885. Brevet Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson, Recorder-in-Chief.

## Societics of the ©mion sumy of 1861=65. <br> SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF TENNESSEE.

President-Gen. Grenville M. Dodge, New York. Vice-Presidents-Col. W. A. Jenkins, Illinois; Coi. James Kilbourne, Ohio; Capt. Joseph Dickerson, Washington; Gen. R. A. Alger, Michigan; Capt. J. A. T. Hull, Yowa; Col. Charles Parsons, Missouri; Gen. R. W. Healy, Tennessee; James R. Stack, Indiana; Capt. H. A. Vastle, Minnesota; Gen. E. A. Carr, District of Columbia; Capt. F. H. Madgeburg, Wisconsin, and George Buckland, Ohio. Correspondin' Secretary-Gen. Andrew Hickenlooper, Cincinnati. Recording Secretary-Col. Cornelius Cadle, Cincinnati. Treasurer-Gen. Manning F. Force, Ohio. The Society was organized at Raleigh, N. C., April 14, 1865.

## SOCIETY OF THE AR聞Y OF THE CUMBERLAND.

Acting President-Gen. David S. Stanley. Corresponding Secretary-Gen. H. V. Boynton. TreasurerHon. John Tweedale. Recording Secretary-Col. J. W. Steele. Historian-Col. G. C. Kniffin. Executive Commitiee-Officers of the society ex officio, Gen. C. H. Grosvenor, Chairman; Gen. J. W. Burke, Gen. J. Barnett, Gen. R. A. Alger, Gen. A. Baird, Gen. T. J. Wood, Capt. J. W. Foley. The Society was organized in February, 1868, and its present membership is 500.

SOCIETY OF THE ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.
President-Brevet Brig. -Gen. Orlando Smith, U. S. V. Vice-Presiden/s-First Corps, Gen. Louis Wagner. U. S. V. ; Second Corps, Gen. R. N. Batchelder, U. S. A.; Third Corps, Capt. A. H. G. Richardson, U. S. V.; Fourth Jorps, Gen. George D. Ruggles, U.S. A.; Fifth Corps, Gen. James G. Grindlay, U. S. V.; Sixth Corps, sergt. Henry C. La Rowe, U. S. V.: Ninth Corps, Major James B. Horner, U.S. V.; Eleventh Corps, Gen. L. P. Di Cesnola, U.S. V.; Twelfth Corps, Lieut.-Col. John P. Nicholson, U. S. V.; Eighteenth Corps, Gen. Theodore S. Peck, U. S. V. ; Nineteenth Corps, Col. J. G. McNntt, U. S. V.; Cavalry Corps. Col. John J. McCook, U.S. V.; Signal Corps, Col. Samuel T. Cushing. U. S. V.; General Staff. Gen. Thomas Wilson, U. S. A. Treasurer-Brevet Lieut.-Col. Samuel Truesdell, U.S.V., 396 Canal Street, New York. Recording Secretary-Brevet Col. Horatio C. King, U. S. V., 375 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y. Curresponding Secretary-Col. Charles W. Scott, 222 Park Avenue, Chicago, 111.

The Society of the Army of the Potomac was organized in 1868. The present membership is 1,800.

## THE ELEVENTH ARMY CORPS ASSOCIATION.

President and Fistorian-Col. Aug. C. Hamlin, Bangor, Me. Vice-President of First Division-Gen. John T. Lochman. Vice-President of Second Division-Col. Thomas Reilly. Vice-President of Third Division-Capt. A. B. Searles. Vice-President of the Army of the Potomac-Gen. L. P. Di Cesnola. Recording Secretary-Capt. Francis Irsch, 1 Old Slip, New York. Treasurer-Capt. F. Wernock.

The Association was organized at Portland, Me. July 5, 1890. The membership is now about one hundred, and among the members are the following veteran officers: Gen. Franz Sigel, Gen. O. O. Howard, U. S. A. ; Gen. Carl Schurz, Gen. Julins Stahel, Gen. Orlando Smith, Gen. F. C. Winkler, Gen. E. W. Whittlesey, Gen. C. H. Howard, Col. F. A. Meysenburg, Col. J. C. Lee, Col. M. Weidrich, Col. Theo. A. Dodge.

# Commonder-in-Chief..........................................Albert D. Shaw, Watertown, N. Y. 

 Senior Vice-Com. ..Irvin Robbins,Indianapolis,Ind. Surgeon-Gen......Wm. H. Baker, Lyun, Mass, Junior Vice-Com. „Michael Minton, Louisville, Ky. Chaplain-in-Chief.Rev.J.L.Grimm, Baltimore, Md. OFFICIAL STAFF.Adjutant-General.
Thomas J. Stewart, Philadelphia, Pa.
Quartermaster-Gen. E.J. Atkinson,New York City. Judge-Adv.-Gen.. Ell Torrance, Minneapolis, Minn. Inspector-Gen..Nathan P. Pond, Rochester, N. Y. Sen. Aide-de-Camp.J. Cory Winans, Troy, O.

The National Council of Administration has 45 members, each department being represented by one member.


* New department officers are elected from January to April, 1900.

The number of Grand Army Posts June 30, 1899, was 6,905.
The first post of the Grand Army was organized at Decatur, Ill., April 6, 1866. The first National Encampment was beld at Indianapolis, November 20,1866. The next will be held at Chicago, Ill.

## NATIONAL ENCAMPPIENTS AND COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

| eı A. Hurlbut, Ill. | O. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1868-Philadelphia .....John A. Logan, Ill. | 1885-Portland, Me......S. S. Burdette, D. C. |
| 1869-Cincinnati . . . . . . John A. Logan, Ill. | 1886-San Francisco.... Lucius Fairchild, Wis. |
| 1870-Washington . . . . . John A. Logan, Ill. | 1887-St. Louis.......... John P. Rea, Minn. |
| 1871 - Boston . . . . . . . . . A. E. Burnside, Rhode Is. | 1888-Columbus, Ohio..William Warner, Mo. |
| 1872-Cleveland.........A. A. E. Burnside, Rhode Is. | 1889 - Milwaukee. . . . . Russell A. Alger, Mich. |
| 1873-New Haven ...... Charles Devens, Jr. , Mass. | 1890 - Boston.. ......... Wheelock G. Veazey, Vt. |
| 1874-Harrisburg . ...... Charles Devens, Jr., Mass, | 1891-Detroit............John Palmer, New York. |
| 1875-Chicaso...........John F. Hartranft Pa. | 1892 - Wachington...... A. G. Weissert, Wis. |
| 1876-Philadelphia......John F. Hartranft, Pa. | 1893-Indianapolis......John G. B. Adams, Mass. |
| 1877-Providence.......J. C. Robinson, New York. | 1894-Pittsburgh..... . . .Thos. G. Lawler, Ill. |
| 1878-Springfield .......J. C. Robinson, New York. | 1895- Louisville......... Ivan N. Walker, Ind |
| 1879-Albany . . . . . . . . . William Earnshaw, Ohio. | 1896-St. Paul............ ThaddeusS.Clarkson, Neb. |
| 1880-Dayton............ Louis Wagner, Pa. | 1897-Buffalo............John P. S. Gobin, Pa. |
| 1881-Indianapolis...... George S. Merrill, Mass. | 1898-Cincinnati........*James A.Sexton, Ill. |
| 1882-Baltimore ......... Paul Van Der Voort, Neb. | 1898- "...... W. C. Johnson, Ohio. |
| 1883-Denver ............... Robert B. Beath, Pa. <br> * Died February 5, 1899. | 1899 -Philadelphia.... Albert D. Shaw, N. Y. |

## 

AUXILIARY TO THE GRAND ARMY OF THE REPURLIC.
National President-Agnes Hitt, 40 When Building, Indianapolis, Ind. National Secretary-Ida S. McBride, Indianapolis, Ind.

This organization was created by the mothers, wives, daughters, and sisters of Union soldiers of the Civil War of 1861-65, for the purpose of aiding and assisting the Grand Army of the Republic, and to "perpetnate the memory of their heroic dead," to "extend needfnl aid to the widows and orphans,", to perpetnate the memory or the emulate the deeds of our arniy nurses," and to "inculcate lessons of patriotism and love of country among our children and in the communities in which we live." The organization is composed of departments, which are subdivided into corps.

## Sons of Ueterant, ©T. ร. ส.

Commander-in-Chief-A. W, Jones, Youngstown, O. Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief-A. L. Sorter, Jr., Mason City, Ia. Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief-W. L. Raynes, Battle Creek, Mich. Adjutant-General-W. E.' Baldwin, Youngstown, O.

Camp No. 1, Sons of Veterans, U. S. A. Was organized in the city of Philadelphia, September 29, 1879. The organization is composed of lineal descendants, over eighteen years of age, of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, or marines who served in the late Civil War. There are now about two thousand Camps, with a membership of one hundred thousand distributed among twenty-nine Divisions, corresponding to States, the general society or national body constituting the Commandery-inchief. Fach Camp has its own officers, the head officer being the captain. The principal officer of the Division is the Commander. The nineteenth annual encampment will be held at Syracuse, -N. Y., in September, 1900.

## Society of the Soug of cuax Fetexamg.

Tue Society of the Sons of War Veterans is composed of the male lineal descendants above the age of eighteen years of honorably discharged Union soldiers, sailors, or marines who served in the War of 1861-65 for a period of not less than six months (a part of said service having been at the front), unless discharged on account of wounds received in battle or killed in the discharge of duty.

Commander-in-Chief-W. F. Langschnltz, New York City. Deputy Commanders-Charles S. Watrous, Bridgeport, Ct. and Andrew Emerich, Montpelier, Vt, Adjutant-Genral-W. F. Kennedy, 110 East Forty-seventh Street, New York City. Quartermaster-General-John J. Harvey, New York City.

The objects are "to preserve and perpetuate the principles for which our ancestors fought in battle, to support, aid, and assist the Union soldiers and their widows, and for mutual benefit and advancement."

## Omion Geteran Zegion.

National Commander-W. R. Wooters, Philadelphia, Pa. Senior Vice-National CommanderJ. Ben. Renner, Cincinnati, $\dot{\text { O. . Junior Vice- National Commander-H. C. Zollinger, Fort Wayne, Ind. }}$,
Qurvermaster-General-Thomas J. Hubbard, Baltimore, Md. Adjutant-General-John N. Rober, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Union Veteran Legion was organized at Pittshurgh, Pa, March, 1884, and the National organi-
tion was perfected November 17,1886 . Encampmeuts are now organized in 21 states and the Diszation was perfected November 17, 1886. Encampmeuts are now organized in 21 states and the Dis-
trict of Columbia numbering 152 encampments. The membership is over 20,000 . To become a member, the applicant must have been an officer, soldier, sailor, or marine of the Union army, navy, or marine corps during the late Civil War, who votunteped prior to Juty 1,1863 , for a term of three years, and was honorably discharged for any canse, after a service of at least two continuous years; or was, at any time, discharged by reason of rounds received in the line of duty; also those wlio volunteered for a term of two years prior to July 22 , 1861, and served their full term of entistment, unless dis-
charged for wounds received in the line of duty; but no drafted person, nor substitnte, nor any one who has at any time horne arms against the United States is eligible. A statement by the Adjntant-General of the Legion says: "It is believed that those who entered the service prior to July, 1863, had but one object in view, and that was the nreservation of the Union. There were no bounties prior to that date, nor were there any fears of a draft; consequently, those who shouldered a musket or wielded a sabre felt that it was a sacred duty to offer their lives in defence of their country's honor."

## (TMion Ertexats deriou.

Commander-in-Chief-Charles W. Wood, Worcester, Mass. First Deputy Commander-in-ChiefJ. W. Long, Soldiers' Home, Kent Co., Mich. Second Deprty Commander-in-Chief-P. G. Harshbarger,
 McFarland, Worcester, Mass. Chief of Staff-Charles P. Battelle, Somerville, Mass.

The Union Veterans' Union was organized in Washington, D. C. in the year 1886. It is composed of honorably discharged Union soldiers, sailors, and marines, of good character, who served at least six months continuously, unless sooner discharged on account of wounds or injuries received in the line of duty, during the Civil War.

## Natiomal *马enciation of Nัanal yetclatm.

Commodore Commanding-George L. Seavey, Chicago. Ill. Fleet Cuptain and Chief of Staff-I. D. Baker, Boston, Mass. Fleet Commander-James A. Miller, Athens, O. Fleet Sccrelury-Frederick E. Haskins, 767 Washington Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The National Association of Naval Veterans was organized by delegates from the various associations of naval veterans throughout the Union at a meeting held in the City of New York, in January, 1887. Any officer, appointed or enlisted man who has served in the United States Navy, United States Marine Corps, or United States Revenue Marine Service during any portion of the time between A pril 12, 1861, and Angust 25, 1865, who has not borne arms against the United states, or been convicted of any infamous crime, and who has been honorably discharged or resigned by an honorable acceptance of resignation, is eligible to membership in this association. There are 41 local associations under the national charter, a paid membership of over 8,500 , and 3,000 contributing members.

## 

Honorary President-Clara Barton. Honorary Vice-Presidents-Admiral George Dewey, Mrs. John A. Logan, Rear-Admiral W. S. Schley, and Major-Gen. N. A. Miles. National Executive SecretaryHildegarde H. Langsdorff, M. D., Carlisle, Pa. National Advisory Council-The Governors of the various States and Territories and other prominent Americans.

This Society was organized August 12,1898 . Its headquarters are in Baltimore, Md. Local councils of the Society may, upon approval of the Executive Council, be formed in any commanity. Membership is open to all patriotic Americans. Men and women share equally the honors and duties of membership. The badge of the Society is a circular field of dark-blue enamel. The edge of the field is worked into thirteen points; on the field are thirteen golden stars encircling the letters "L. W. F.," which stand for the motto of the Society, which is, "Lest We Forget." The executive officers wear signet rings in the shape of eagle's claws grasping a sard, upnn which are engraved the letters "L. W. F., and the insignia of the rank of the officer. The membership fee, payable to the National Society, is $\$ 1$; patrons and patronesses pay $\$ 5$ annually, and life members, $\$ 100$ in one payment. The local fees are regulated by the local councils. The local councils have yreat freedom of action. All that is required of them is unswerving fidelity to the purposes of the National Society, the payment of yearly dues, and certain work on Memorial Day.

## Naval amy pailitaxy ©rox Spanisi= (nucxican xaxax.

Instituted February 2, 1899. Commander-Col. Theodore Roosevelt. Senior Iice-CommanderCapt. Henry C. Taylor. Junior Vice-Commander-Brig.-Gen, Wallace F. Randolph. SecretaryLieut. Walter J. Sears, Navy Department, Washington, D. C. Treasurer-Ensign Frank W. Toppan. Registrar-Lieut. Theodore C. Zerega. Chaplain-Charles H. Parks. Council-Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Brig.-Gen. J. W. Clous, Capt. Henry C. Taylor, Lieut. Alfred B. Frye, Ensign Frank W. Toppan, Major Parker W. West, Lieut. W. Butler Duncan, Jr., Brig.-Gen. Wallace F. Randolph, Lieut. Theodore C. Zerega, Lieut.-Commander Leonard Chenery, Lieut. Walter J. Sears, 'haplain Charles H. Parks, Major L. L. Seaman, Major T. C. Chalmers, Capt, A.J. Blecker, and Capt. John T. Hilton. Membership is composed of persons who served on the active lis, or performed active duty as a commissioned officer, regular or volunteer, during the war with Spain, or who participated in the war as a naval or military cadet. Membership descends to the eldest male descendant in the order of primogeniture.

## Society of tye Aump of Santiago of cutia.

Organized in the Governor's Palace at Santiago de Cuba, July 31, 1898. The constitution of the Society makes the following provisions:

The purpose of this organization is to record the history and conserve the memory of the events of the campaign which resulted in the surrender on the 17 th day of July, 1898, of the Spanish army, the city of Santiago de Cuba, and the military province to which it pertained.

The membership of the Societ $y$ shall cousist of all officers and soldiers of the United States Army (including Acting Assistant Surgeons and authorized volunteer Aides) who constituted the expeditionary force to santiago de Cuba, and who worthily participated in the campaign between the dates of June 14 and July 17, 1898, and who shall signify their wish for membership by making application and paying the dues.

The officers of the Sociely elected for the first year are as follows: President, Major-Gen. Wm. R. Shafter, U. S. V.; First Vice-President. Major-Gen. Joseph Wheeler, U. S. V.; Second Vice-President. M jor-Gen. J. Ford Kent, U. S. V.; Third Vice-President, Major-Gen. H. Wi.Lawton. U. S. V. Fourth Vice-President, Major-Gen. John Coulter Bates, U. S. V.; Secretary and Treasurer, Major Alfred C. Sharpe, Assistant Adjutant-General, U. S. V., Washington, D. C. Reqistrar-General, Major Philip Reade, Inspector-General, U. S. V. : Historian, Major G. Creighton Webb, Inspector-General, U. S. V.

## Cye Bougi kitors sisgociation.

Before the disbanding of the First Reginent United States Volunteer Cavalry, serving in Cuba, the members organized the Rough Riders' Association. All members of the regiment are eligible to membershin in the Association, and membership descends to the eldest sons of original members, as in the Order of the cincinnati, founded by the officers of the Revolutionary War. The following are the officers for the first year: President, Lieut.-Col. Alexander O. Brodie; Vice-Piesidents, Col. Theodore Roosevelt and Brig.- Gen. Leonard Wood; Secretary-Treasurer, Lieut. J. D. Carter.

## 

Instituted May 1, 1898. Incorporated July 26, 1899. Senior Member-Capt. Caspar F. Goodrich, U. S. M. Treasurer-P. A. Payinaster T. Hinsey, late U. S. N. Secretary-P. A. surgeon R. Lloyd Parker, late U.S. N., Pier 14 N. R., New York. The particular objects of the association are th. continuation of the good feeling and fellowship begun while commissioned officers on board or with the United States steamship St. Louis, and to perpetuate the memory of the part that vessel and her consorts took in the spanish-A merican' War.

## (Hmitey Statcs Urtcrai Nauv.

THIS organization was formed in the City of New York, September 21, 1899, and has 42 local bodies called squadrons and 3,000 members, composed ofonaval officers and enlisted men who served in the civil and Spanish wars. B. S. Osbon is Flag Officer*Commanding, and George H. Wood, Fleet Secretary. Headquarters, 15 Whitehall Street, New York.

## Curitey confervante veterams.

Commander-Gen. John B. Gordon, of Georgia. Adjutant-General and Chief if Staff-Major-Gen. George Moorman, New Orleans, La.

Army of Northern Virginia Department-Commander, Lieut. -Gen. Wade Hampton, Columbia, S. C.
Army of Tennessee Departm nt-Commander, Lieut.-Gen. Stephen D. Lee, Starkville, Miss. Adjutant-Generat-Brig.-Gen. E. T. Sykes, Columbus, Miss.

Trans-Mississippi Department-Commander, Lieut.-Gen. W. L. Cabell, Dallas, Tex. Adjutant-Genfral-Brig.-Gen. A. T. Watts, Dallas, Tex.

The Confederate Veteran, Nashville, Tenn., established by S. A. Cunningham, is the official organ of the association.

This association was organized at New Orleans June 10, 1889. Its avowed purpose is strictly social, literary, historical, and benevolent. Its constitution says that it "will endeavor to unite in a general federation all associations of Confederate veterans, soldiers, and sailors now in existence or hereafter to be formed; to gather authentic data for an impartial history of the war between the States; to preserve relics or mementoes of the same; to cherish the ties of friendship that should exist among men who have shared common dangers, common sufferings, and privations; to care for the disabled and extend a helping hand to the needy; to protect the widows and the orphans, and to make and preserve a record of the resources of every member, and, as far as possible, of those of our comrades who have preceded us in eternity.', State organizations are authorized, and are called Divisions. The present headquarters of the association are at New Orleans, La. Number of Camps, 1,170. Number of members, according to last report, about 45,000 . The last reunion of the veterans was at Charleston, S.C., in July, 1899. The next reunion will be at Louisville, Ky., in 1900.

## amitet Sons of comfererate Yeterang.

THE general society of this organization, which is composed of representatives of local camps throughout the United States, held its reunion in 1899 at Charleston, S. C. The following is the official roster:

Commander-in-Chief-Walter T. Colquitt, Atlanta, Ga. Adjutant-General, Chief of Staff-L. D. T. Quinby, Atlanta, Ga. Quartermaster-General-E. Leslie Spence, Jr., Richmond, Va. Surgeon-GeneralDr. Mike Hoke, Richmond, Va. Inspector-General-T. T. Stockton, Jacksonville, Fla. Chaplain-General-Rev. J. H. McCoy, Huntsville, Ala. Commissary-General-John I. Moore, Asheville, N. C. Judge-Advocate-General-John Marks, Napoleonville, La.

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President-Mrs. Kate Cabell Currie, Dallas, Tex. First Vice-President-Mrs. C. A. Forney, Hope, Ark. Second Vice-President-Mrs. Helen C. Plane, Atlanta, Ga. Rerording Secretary-Mrs. John P. Hickman, Nashville, Tenn. Corresponding Secretary-Miss Mary F. Meares, Wilmington, N. C. Theasurer-Mrs J. Jefferson Thomas, At!anta, Ga.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy was organized at Nashville, Tenn., September 10, 1894. It is composed of the widows, wives, mothers, sisters, and lineal female descendants of men who served honorably in the army and navy of the Confederate States, or who served in the Civil Service of the Confederate States or one of the Southern states, or who gave personal services to the Confederate cause. There are local federations, governed by State divisions, which in turn are subordinate to the National organization. The objects of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, as stated in the constitution of the Society, are 's social, literary, hisforical, monumeutal, benevolent, and honorable in every degree, without any political signification whatever.', It will endeavor: (1) To unite in the federation all bodies of Southern women now organized or that may hereafter be formed. (2) To cultivate ties of friendship among our women whose fathers, brothers, sons, and, in numberless cases, mothers, shared common dangers, sufferings, and privations; and to perpetuate honor, integrity, valor, and other noble attributes of true Soutlern character. (3) To instruct and instill'into the descendants of the people of the South a proper respect for and pride in the glorious war history, with a veneration and love for the deeds of their forefathers which have created such a nıonument of military renown, and to perpetuate a trutntul record of the noble and chivalric achievements of their ancestors. All with the view of furnishing authentic information from which a conscientious historian will be enabled to write a correct and impartial history of the Confederate side during the struggle for Southern independence. The organization now has 400 chapters in the United States, North and South, with about $8,00 C$ members.

## Soricty of the สxmm ant Naum of the confeyerate States IN THE STATE OF MARYLAND.

President-Gen. Bradley T. Johnson. Recording Secretary-Capt. Augustine J. Smith. Corresponding Secretary-John F. Hayden, Baltimore, Md. Treasurer-Capt. F. M. Colston. There are twelve vice-presidents and an executive committee of seven members. The Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States in the State ol Maryland was organized in 1871, "to collect and preserve the material for a truthful history of thr late war between the Confederate States and the United States of America; to honor the memory of our comrades who have fallen; to cherish the ties of friendship among those who survive, and to fulfil the duties of sacred charity toward those who may stand in need of them." The membership is 1,082 . The annual dues are $\$ 1$.

## Zicgular Grmu amo Ňav ontion.

National Commander-IIenry Shindler, Leavenworth, Kan Vice-National Commander-Stephen O. Tripp, Peoria, Ill. Adjutant-Generat-Richard J. Fanning, Columbus, Ohio.

The Regular Army and Navy Union was organized at Cincinnati and incorporated under the laws of Ohio in March, 1888. The national organization (called the National Corps) was organized in August, 1890. The Union admits to its ranks men now in the service who have served one or more terms and hold honorable discharges, also those now in civil life who have served in the army, navy, and marine corps of the United States and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, whether said service was before, during, or since the war. Officers who have served five years or more are also eligible to membership. There are at present 170 garrisons, with an estimated membership of 12,000.

#  COLONIAL DAMES OF AMERICA. <br> OFFICERS. 

President-Mrs. John Lyon Gardiner. First Vice-President-Mrs. Thomas Wren Ward. Second Vice-President-Mrs. James W. Geraid. Treasurer-Mrs. Oscar Egerton Schmidt. Secretary-Mrs. Timothy Matlack Cheesman, 109 University Place. Historian-Miss Julia Livingston Delafield. Advisory Council-Henry E. Howland, Franklin Bartlett, Lonis V. Bright.

The Society of the Colonial Dames of America was organized in the City of New York May 23, 1890, and was the first society of women for this patriotic purpose fonnded in this country. It was incorporated April 23, 1891. The society is purely patriotic and educational in its objects, which are : (1) To collect and preserve relics, mannscripts, traditions, and mementoes of the founders and builders of the thirteen original States of the Union, and of the heroes of the War of Independence, that the memory of their deeds and achievements may be perpetnated. (2) To promote celebrations of great historic events of national importance, to diffuse information on all subjects concerning American history, particularly among the young, and to cultivate the spirit of patriotism and reverence for the founders of American constitutional history.

This Society has already a large membership and chapters in many States. It is a distinct organization from that which follows.

## COLONIAL DAMES OF A ${ }^{\text {HinerICA. }}$

## OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY.

President-Mrs. Justine Van Rensselaer Townsend. First Tice-President-Mrs. Gillespie, Philadelphia, Pa. Second Vice-President-Mrs. W. W. Gordon. Savannah, Ga. Secretary-Mrs. William Reed, 103 Monnment Street W., Baltimore, Md. Assistant Secretary-Mrs. J. J. Jackson, Baltimore, Md. Treasurer-Miss Elizabeth Byrd Nicholas, 81 S Connecticut Arenue, Washington, D. C. Registrar-Mrs. Emil Richter, Portsmouth, N. H. This society is a distinct organization from the one described in the first paragraph.

The National Society is composed of delegates from the State societies. These exist in the thirteen original States and in twenty-two other states and the District of Columbia, and are all incorporated. The aggregate membership is 3,500 . The President of the New York State Society is Mrs. Samuel Verplanck. It is the sole custodian of the Colonial Museum in New York.

Under the constitution of the National Society it is prescribed that the members shall be women "who are descended in theirown right from some ancestor of worthy life who came to reside in an American Colony prior to 1750 , which ancestor, or some one of his descendants, being a lineal ascendant of the applicant, shall have rendered efficient service to his country during the Colonial period, either in the fonnding of a commonwealth or of an institution which has survived and developed into importance, or who shall have held an important position in the Colonial government, and who, by distinguished services, shall have contributed to the fonnding of this great and powerful nation."; Services rendered after 1776 do not entitle to membership, but are accepted for supplemental applications. There is no admission except through Colonial ancestry.

## DAUGHTERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

## OFFICERS OF THE NATIONAL SOCIETY.

President-Generat-Mrs. Daniel Manning. I'ice-President-General (in charge of organization of chapters)-Mrs, Eleanor Washington Howard. Vice-Presidents-General-Mrs, Ellen M. Colton, Mrs, William Lindsay, Mrs. Genrge M. Sternberg, Mrs. Charles W. Fairbanks, Miss Mary Isabella Forsyth, Mrs. George F. Fuller, Mrs. N. D. Sperry, Mrs. Estes G. Raihbone, Mrs. Daniel Newman, Mrs. Clement A. Griscom, Miss Annie Wheeler, Mrs. William P. Frye, Mrs. Julius C. Burrows, Mrs. Francis S. Nash, Mrs. Person C. Cheney, Miss Mary Boyce Temple, Mrs. Charles Averette Stakely, Mrs. A. L. Barber, Mrs. Green (lay Goodloe, and Mrs. Washington A. Roebling. Chriplain-Gencral-Mrs. Charles A. Stakely. Recording Secretary-General-Mrs. Albert Ackers, Nashrille, Tenn. Corresponding Secretary-General-Mrs. Fate Kearney Henry, 902 F Street, Washingtnn, D. C. Regisirar-General-Nrs. Susan R. 1 Ietzel. Treasurer-General-Mrs. Charles C. Darwin. Hislorian-General-Mrs. Mary J. Seymour. Assistant Historian-General-Mrs. Robert S. Hatcher.

The Societ y was organized in the city of Washington, D. C., October 11, 1890. The headquarters are in Washington. Its present membership is reported hy the Secretary-General to be abont 27,000 . Four hundred and ninety-two state chapters exist in forty-four states and Territories, the District of rolumhia, and Hawaii, presided over by regents. Chapter regents have been appointed for England and Canada.

Any woman may be eligible for membership who is of the age of eighteen years, and who is descended from an ancestor who, "with unfailing loyalty, rendered material aid to the cause of independence as a recognized patriot, as soldier or sailor, or as a civil officer in one of the several Colonies or States, or of the Tnited Colonies or States," provided that the applicant shall be acceptable to the Society. Every application for membership must be indorsed by at least one member of the National Society, and is then submitted to the Registrars-General, who report on the question of eligibility to the Board of Management, and upon its approval the applicant is enrolled as a member.

## DAUGHTERS OF THE REVOLUTION.

OFFICERS OF THE GENERAL SOCIETY.
President-Generat-Mrs. Henry Sanger Snow. First Vice-President-Gensral-Miss Adaline W. Sterling. Second Vice-President-General-Miss Saral E. Hunt, Recording Secretary-fcneral-Mrs. L. D. Galiison Corvesponding Secretury-Generai-Miss Virginia s. Stering. Treasurer-GeneralMiss Viola D. Waring. Registrar-General-Mrs. Joseph J. Casey. Historian-G̈encral-Mrs. Leslie C. Wead. Librarian-Gfneral-Mrs. H. Courtney Manning. Boaid of Managers-Mrs. J. P. Geran, Mrs. Charles A. West, Mrs. Andrew W. Bray, Mrs. Nathaniel S. Keay, Mrs. A. M. Ferric, Mrs, Wiliam S. Cogswell, Mrs. Charles W. Dayton, Mrs. Charles Francis Roe, Mrs. Thomas Hill, Miss Florence O. Rand, Miss Mary A. Kent, Mrs. Andrew Jacobs, Mrs. John P. Heath, Mrs. Willian R. Bowman.

The General Society was organized in the City of New York August 20, 1891. Eligibility to membership is restricted to "women who are lineal descendants of an ancestor

## PATRIOTIC WOMEN'S SOCIETIES-Continued.

who was a military or naval or marine officer, soldier, sailor, or marine in actual service under the authority of any of the thirteen Colonies or States, or of the Continental Congress, and remained always loyal to such authority, or descendants of one who signed the Declaration of Independence, or of one who as a member of the Continental Congress or of the Congress of any of the Colonies or' States, or as an official appointed by or under the authority of any such representative bodies, actually assisted in the establishment of American independence by service rendered during the War of the Revolution, becoming thereby liable to conviction of treason against the Government of Great Britain, but remaining always loyal to the authority of the Colonies or States." State societies exist in a large number of states. The office of the General Society is 156 Fifth Arenue, New York.

## DABES OF THE REVOLUTION.

President-Mrs. Edward Paulet steers. Vice-President and Registrar-Mrs. Montgomery Schuyler. Second Vice-President-Mrs. John F. Berry. Corresponding Secretary-Miss F. Dougherty. Treasurer -Mrs. Maud S. French. Historian-Miss Mary A. Phillips. Librarian-Mrs. Francis E. Doughty. Curator-Mrs. C. Van Allen Sidell. Chairman of Admission Committee-Mrs. Townsend C. Van Pelt. Chairman of Finance. Committee-Miss Sarah M. Westbrook.

The Society of Dames of the Revolution was organized in 1896. The regulation as to membership is that the Society shall be composed entirely of women above the age of eighteen years, of good moral character, who are descended in their own right from an ancestor who, either as a military, naval, or marine officer, or official in the service of any one of the thirteen original Colonies or States, or of the National Government representing or composed of those Colonies or States, assisted in establishing American independence during the War of the Revolution, April 19.1775, when hostilities commenced, and A pril 19,1783, when they were ordered to cease. Local chapters may be organized when authorized by the Board of Managers of the Society.

## UNITED STATES DAUCHTERS, 1812.

President-General-Mrs. W illiam Gerry Slade, N. Y. Fhrst Vice-President-General-Mrs. Louis W. Hall, Pa. Second Vice-President-Generat-Mrs. Nelson V. Titus, Mass. Third Vice-President-GeneralMrs. George A.Ludin. Secretary-Generul-Mrs. Leroy S. Smith, N. Y. Treasurer-General-Miss Helen G. Bailey, N. Y. Curaton-General-Mrs. Alfred Russell. Historian-General-Mrs. Henry C. Marshall, Pa. The office of the General Society is ath332 West Eighty-seventh Street, New York.

Membership Qualifications-Any woman overeighteen years of age of good character and a lineal descendant of an ancestor who rendered civil, military, or naval service during the War of 1812, or the period of the causes which led to that war (subsequent to the War of the Revolution), may be eligible to membership, provided the applicant be acceptable to the Society. In all the states the initiation fee is $\$ 1$.

The officers of the New York Society are: President-Mrs. William Gerry Slade. First Vice-President-Mrs Allen T. Nye. Second Vice-President-Mrs. J. C. Hatié. Recording Secretary-Mrs. H. C. Bailey, Corresponding Secretary-Mrs, Geo. A. Ludin. Assistant Corresponding Secretary-Mrs. Geo. W. Wallis. Treasurer-Mrs. G. E. Wentworth. Auditor-Mrs. James A. Striker. RegistrurMrs. Jacob Hess. Assistant Registrar-Miss Grace Jenkins. Historian-Mrs. Caspar W. Dean. Librarian-Mrs. H. C. Manning.

The United States Daughters, 1812, New York State, an organization distinct from the above, was organized March 18, 1892. Any woman is eligible to membership in the United States Daughters, 1812, who is lineally descended from an ancestor who, either as a military, naval, or marine officer, soldier, sailor, or marine. or an official, or in any effective manner and with unfailing loyalty assisted in establishing American independence during the War of 1812. The officers elected for the first term of four years are: President-Mrs. Edward P. Steers. Vice-Presideni-Mrs. D. Phœenix Ingraham. Secretary-Mrs. John W. French. Treasurer-Miss Lillian S. Hatié. Registrar-Mrs. Joseph J. Casey. The headquarters are in the City of New York.

## DAUGHTERS OF THE HOLLAND DARES.

Directress-General-Mrs. William Gihon. Deputy Directress-Generats-Miss Mary Van Buren Vanderpool, Mrs. A. C. (henowith. Treasuier-Mrs. Eugene Hoffman. Registrar-Miss Harriet Duer Robinson. Historian-Mrs. William Budd. Secretary-Mrs. A. C. Chenowith. "The Daughters of Holland Dames, Descendants of the Ancient and Honorable Families of New York," was incorporated for the purpose of erecting a memorial to commemorate the early Dutch period of our colonial history, and to preserve and collect historical documents relating to the same. The headquarters are at New York. This Society is not counected with the Holland Dames, of which Miss Lavinia Dempsey is Queen.

## HOLLAND DAMES OF THE NEW NETHERLANDS.

The Holland Dames of the New Netherlands and their " associate members," gentlemen of Dutch descent, are governed by a National Board of Management composed of Dames and a Council of State composed of "Sir Knights." The principal officers of the Board are: Queen-Miss Lavinia H. Van Westervelt Dempsey, National Regent-Mrs. Stewart Osborne. Dircciress-General-Mrs. J. C. Wy ycoff Mitchell. Recording Secretury-Mrs. Lina K. Trafton. Corresponding Secretary-Mrs. Henry A. Topham. Tiensurer-Mrs. May Banks Stacey. Historion-Mrs. Jesse Larrabee. Mistress of Cere-monies-Miss Fannie Wynkoop Clark. The officers of the Council are: Chairman-Hon. T. F. Reed. Chancellor of National Aftairs-Dr. Christopher Kiersted. Chancellor of Foreign Affairs-Hou. William L. Strong. Chancellor in Equity-Jesse Larrabee. Chamberlain of State-Guy C. Dempsey. Lord of the Admiralty-Frank Stewart Osborne. Secretary-W. Irving Van Imwagen. The affairs of the Society are submitter yearly to a meeting of delegates called the "Staaten Generaal," from Holland's Parliament. The Society's headquarters are the Waldorf-Astoria, New York.

## Tuy $\mathfrak{G r m e x}$ §tucugty of Europe.

TABLE SHOWING RESOURCES IN THE EVENT OF A GENERAL CONFLICT.
THE military and naval statistics embraced in the following tables were specially prepared for THE World Almanac by Captain W. R. Hamilton, Seventh Artillery, United States Army, and corrected from the latest official reports on file at the War Department, December, 1899:

LAND FORCES.

| Classes. | Germany. | France. | Italy. | AustriaHungary. | Russia | Great Britain. | Turkey. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ACTIVE ARMY \& RES. Officers. $\qquad$ | 23,240 | 22,211 | 17,246 | 17,512 | 28,638 | *7,826 | 8,112 |
| Non-com. Offs. \& Men.. | 2,301,646 | 1,982,720 | 584,640 | 762,620 | 1,186,516 | *209,181 | 198,340 |
| Non-combatants.. ... ... | 161,333 | 33,700 | 10,000 | 12,800 | 44,700 | 8,263 |  |
| Horses.. | 107,652 | 111,696 | 55,820 | 58,642 | 166,900 | 29,000 | 30,000 |
| Guns.. | 2,864 | 3,188 | 1,268 | 1,672 | 2, ${ }^{2,648}$ | 720 | 696 |
| Vehicles................ ..... First Reserve. | 31,400 | 32,112 | 14,200 | 17,300 | 29,120 |  |  |
| Officers...................... | 23,600 | 19,825 | 18,512 | 17,440 | 19,100 |  | 11,260 |
| Non-com, Offs. \& Men. | 2,326,511 | 1,982,470 | 594,656 | 392,246 | 2,632,300 | 82,126 | 502,300 |
| Non-combatants... .. | 9,349 | 18,620 | 3,682 | 4,600 | 18,500 |  |  |
| Horses. | 95,208 | 86,722 |  | 24,250 | 146,211 |  | 65,000 |
| Guns........ .................. | 2,024 | 1,820 | 744 | 1,200 | 3,636 | 412 |  |
| Vehicles... SECOND RESERVE. |  | 4,000 | ...... |  | 6,800 |  |  |
| Officers.................... | 19,718 | 18,922 | 19,684 | 23,000 | 18,252 |  | 500,000 |
| Non-com. Offs \& M Men.. | 1,110,636 | 968,000 | 968,240 | 512,590 | 1,324,758 | 124,779 | 500,000 |
| Horses... | ......... | 4 | ......... | ......... |  | 25,000 |  |
| GRAND WAR TOTAL. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Officers...................... | 66,558 | 60,958 | 55,442 | 57,952 | 65,990 |  | $\{19 ; 372$ |
| Non-com. Offs, \& Men.. | 5,738,793 | 4,933,190 | 2,047,536 | 1,667,456 | 5,143,574 | +686, 795 | $\{1,190,640$ |
| Horses.. | 202,860 | 198,418 | 55,820 | 82, 892 | 313,111 | 53,000 | -95,000 |
| Guns... | 4,88S | 5,008 | 2,012 | 2,872 | 6,124 | 1,132 | 696 |
| Infantry.. | 476,312 | 386,928 | 132412 | 178,800 | ธ68,280 | 144,653 | 146,390 |
| Cavalry.... | 73,914 | 71,300 | 27,648 | 38,388 | 127,700 | 19,386 | 30,000 |
| Artillery................. | 94,846 | 84,688 | 36,900 | 36,900 | 118,968 | 37. 250 | 19,120 |
| Engineers and Train... | 42,311 | 30,244 | 15,792 | 15,620 | 34,240 | 7,892 | 18,400 |
| Horses.. | 132,500 | 124,612 | 62,700 | 67,000 | 189,300 | 29,000 | 36,000 |
| Guns......................... | 2,864 | 3,188 | 1,268 | 1,672 | $2,648$ | 720 | 696 |
| Tot. PEACE Est' M'T. Men......................... | 687,383 | 573,160 | 212,752 | 269,708 | 949,188 | 217,007 | 213,910 |
| Horses. | 132,500 | 124,612 | 62,700 | 67,000 | -189,300 | 29,000 | 36,000 |
| Guns. .. ............ ........... | 2,864 | 3,188 | 1,268 | 1,672 | 2,648 | 720 | 696 |

This taive does not include fortress guns. * Includes regular forces in India and the colonies. $\dagger$ Includes volunteers, 231, 798, and militia reserve of $31,095$.

## LAND FORCES.

| Classes. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g } \\ & \text { B } \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \text { M } \end{aligned}$ |  | 京茄 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\text { © }}{0} \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { DANU } \\ \text { STAT } \\ \hline \text { Bul- } \\ \text { garia. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { UBIAN } \\ & \text { TES. } \\ & \hline \begin{array}{l} \text { Ser- } \\ \text { Via. } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Infantry | 48,204 | 32.860 | 45,600 | 22,406 | 11,050 | 118.000 | 19,000 | 24,000 | 51,243 | 32608 |
| Cavalry | 6,100 | 6,296 | 4,248 | 2.400 | 1,200 | 2920 | 3,200 | 2,780 | 7,900 | 2300 |
| Artillery | 12.400 | 8,754 | 12,784 | 9,520 | 2,922 | 9,521 | 9,460 | 4.800 | 3,000 | 2,000 |
| Engineers a | 3,980 | 2,498 | 1,970 | 1,347 | 3,611 | 6,782 | 3,312 | 1,972 | 2,000 | 1,392 |
| Total Active Army | 70,284 | 50,408 | 62,902 | 35,673 | 18,783 | 137,223 | 34,972 | 33,552 | 64,143 | 38,300 |
| East India Troops........................ |  |  | 47,920 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sanitary and Administrative Troops.......................................... | 18,120 | 5,200 | 4,722 | 3,078 | 1,200 | 4,194 | 1,786 | 2,000 | 2,400 | 2,679 |
| West India |  |  | 1,646 51,400 | $\begin{gathered} 1,100 \\ 410550 \end{gathered}$ | 42,400 | 81.000 | 96,412 | 71.500 | 38,000 |  |
| 1st Reserves. | 109,000 900,00 | 65,800 59,100 | $\begin{aligned} & 51,400 \\ & 80,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,650 \\ & 48,000 \end{aligned}$ | 42,400 163,000 | 81,000 | 96,412 130,000 | 115,200 | 38,000 168,708 | $\begin{array}{r} 84,000 \\ 132,000 \end{array}$ |
| Total Peace Stren | 88,404 | 55,608 | 117,190 | 39,851 | 19,983 | 141,417 | 36,758 | 35,552 | 66,544 | 40,979 |
| Total War Strength. | $\overline{1,097,404}$ | 180,508 | 248,590 | $1 \overline{128,501}$ | 225,383 | 498,417 | 263,170 | $2 \overline{22,252}$ | 268,241 | 256,979 |

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE AND AVAILABIJE STRENGTH OF POWERS.
Every year the young men who attain the age in which they are available for military service are enrolled, in advance, in every European country. These ages run generally from 21 to 45 , and this time is divided up by service, first, in the active army, which answers to our regular establishment; second, in the reserve to the active army; third, in the Laudwehr; fourth, in the Landsturm, in which they are never called out, except in time of war, and then for defence of the fatherland only.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY. - The registered number of young men attaining the age of military service in 1897 was 347,298 . Out of this, those fit for service numbered 191.300 , of which 136,000 were drawn for service as follows: Active army and navy, 106,000; Landwehr, 30,000. Obligatory ser vice commences on the first day of January of year young man attains 21 years. It consists of three years with colors, seven in active army reserve, two in the Landwehr, and the balance up to end of forty-fifth year of age in the Landsturm. From the number registered, there were exempted, postponed, etc., $155,198$.

## THE ARMED STRENGTH OF EUROPE－Continued．

GERMANY．－The registered number of young men in 1897 was 426,245 out of which 268,000 were required to fill annual contingent．There were that year 11,000 one－year volunteers．Liabillty commences with end of seventeenth year and ends with beginning of forty－fifth year．It is termed ＂Wehrpflicht．＂It is divided into two classes，＂Dienstpflicht＂．and＂＇Landsturmpficht．＂＇Thetwo foregoing terms translated mean＂Service Liability＂and＂Landsturm Liability．＂The soldier＇s term is two years with the colors，then leave of absence for five years，during which time be is called out for two trainings of eight weeks each．He then has five years in the first ban of the Landwehr．in which he has two irainings of two weeks each．His next step is five years in the second ban of the Landwehr，and the balance of his time in the Landsturm．The general staff，which is so much needed in the United states Army，in the German Army is a close and flexible organization which permeates the entire army and prepares it in peace for war，and in war conducts thestrategical and tactical operations． All regimental othcers have to do staff work，and to rise it is made a requisite that the officer must distinguish himself in the staff first．Hence between the regimental or line work and the stafl there is a constant interchange，a constant touch by which each is in sympathy with the other and works for the greatest good of the whole．

FRANCE．－In 1897 the registered number of men for military service was 342．644．After ex－ emptions，postponemeuts，etc．，there remained for service 268,500 ，or a few more than in Germany． This number，however，includes the postponements of former years All classes of citizens are liable to serve．The liability commences with the twentieth year and lasts till the end of the forty－ fifth year．It is divided as follows：Three years with the colors，ten with active arm：reserve，six in the territorial army，and the remaining six in reserve of territorial army

ITALY．－In 1897269,600 was the number registered．Out of this only 93,000 were drawn and the remainder excused．Former year exemptions to the number of 152.000 were enrolled．Service is in all classes and lasts for eighteen years．The first two are with the colors，the following ten are on leave，with thirty days service in traiming each year．＂he remaining six are the reserve of terri－ torial army．

Russia．－The number for 1897 was 985.200 the greatest number ever recorded．Out of this， 302,500 were drawn for active service．The soldier spends his first five years in the active army and the next thirteen in its reserve．There are two bans in this reserve．and all registered but not drawn except those exempted，are placed in second ban of the reserv？from the beginning．Their service in It is eighteen years，the same time as those who go directly in the active army all other men in the empire between ages of twenty－one and forty－fire constitute the militia and are called out for three years of home training．

TURKEY，－The Turkish forces are organized on the territorial system，the entire empire being divided into seven territorial districts．All Mussulmans are liable to military duty，but Christians and certain sects may pay an exemption tax．Many Nomads，Kurds etc．evade the duty though all are liable if caught．All conscripted are divided into the following classes． 1 Nizam，or regular army and its reserves，2．Redit，corresponding to Landwehr． 3 Mustahfurz．or Landsturm． Liability commences with twenty fourth year and lasts for twenty years：Active army four gears； Landwehr，four years；active army reserve，two sears，four years in second class of Landwehr，and remaining six in Landsturm．Great difficulty is experienced by the Turkish officials in trying to find the number liable to military duty．

Great Britain．－Interest is especially given to the and forces of Great Britain by reason of the Boer war in sonth Africa．The numbers given in foregoing table are correct up to July 1 ．Since then the forces have been greatly augmented，and nothing definite cav he known outside the British War Office．The British expect to have in South Africa by January 1 1900，a force of $70,00 \mathrm{C}$ men；but as the Boers can bring agaiust this number over 55,000 well－armed men，it is evident that ere the war is ended in victory for the English their forces must be increased to over 100．000，

NAVIES．

Class of Vessels．

Battle－ships，First Class．
Battle－ships，Second Class
Battle－Ships，Third Class
Coast－Defence Ships．
Armored Cruisers．
Cruisers，First Class．
Cruisers，Second and Third
Classes．．．．．．．
Gunboats，Sea－Going．
Gunboats，River．
Transports and Despatch Boats
Tugs，Repair，Water，Coal，and
Hospital Vessels．．
School and Training Ships
Subsidized and Auxiliary Ves－
sels．

Torpedo－Boat Destroyers．
Torpedo－Boats，First Class．．．．．．
Torpedo－Boats，Second and
Thind Classes．
Officers－Naval．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Seamen－Naval．
Officers－Marine．

Naval Reserves．
Heavy Guns．
Secondary and Machine Guns．

|  |  |  | ぶ |  |  |  |  |  | 家 | g 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 家 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 45 | 25 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | 6 | 5 | 2 |  | 2 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| 11 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 8 | 2 |  |  | 7 | － |  | 1 |
| 13 | 14 | 8 | 9 | 16 | 7 | 3 | 8 | 23 | 5 | 8 | 8 |  |
| 30 | 22 | 5 | 6 | 12 | 2 | 1 |  |  | ， | ．． |  | ． |
| 21 | 4 | 8 |  | 11 |  | 3 |  | 14 |  |  | ． | ． |
| 124 | 42 | 18 | 35 | 22 | 17 | 8 | 7 | 51 |  | 6 | 2 |  |
| 99 | 25 | 19 | 24 | － 25 | 5 | 17 | 8 | 43 | 4 | 17 | 13 | 20 |
| 7 | 29 | 9 | 10 | 39 |  | 52 | 2 | 3 |  | 5 | 18 | 27 |
| 44 | 41 | 6 | 14 | 37 | 27 | 2 | 2 | 19 |  | 1 | 3 | 4 |
| 125 | 48 | 43 | 60 | 43 | 6 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 36 | 21 | 13 | 9 |
| 43 | 9 | 14 | 6 | 9 |  | 7 | 8 | ． |  | 20 | 3 | 2 |
| 94 | 76 | 13 | 13 | 42 |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 94 |  | 12 |  | 5 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 123 | 25 | 12 | 5 | 31 |  | 4 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |
| 97 | 120 | 115 | 12 | 89 | 30 | 16 | 9 | 49 | 9 | 13 | 16 |  |
| 145 | 108 | 36 | 160 | 98 | 40 | 7 | 18 | 33 | 46 | 36 | 8 | 11 |
| 3.919 | 2，015 | 1.555 | 840 | 2.258 | 659 | 592 | 146 | 600 | 584 | 104 | 86 | 374 |
| 81.043 | 67，200 | 21.81 m | 23.590 | 41，853 | 12.900 | 6.790 | 1，190 | 9，2100 | 21，210 | 4，000 | 3，191 | 4，246 |
| 848 | 1.720 | 200 | 112 | 568 | 74 | 240 | 41） | 69 | 79 | 90 | 39 | ， 31 |
| 18，464 | 27，940 | 2，500 | 738 | 3.890 | 756 | 2，100 | 360 | 1，768 | 1，220 | 812 | 590 | 614 |
| 81，206 | 85，0010 | 37.040 | 19 ， 150 | 49，000 | 4.500 | 20，000 | 4，000 | 10，000 | 36，000 | 8，000 | 6，000 | 4，100 |
| 1，060 | 739 | 283 | 156 | 658 | 209 | 194 | 84 | 376 | 169 | 114 | 77 | ＋86 |
| 9，088 | 4，249 | 1，459 | 2，057 | 4,308 | 827 | 681 | 362 | 1，012 | 375 | 358 | 252 | 288 |

354 Rifles Used by the Principal Powers of the World．
NADIES OF OTHER POWERS．

| Cliss of Vessels． | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \overleftarrow{ष}^{2} \\ & \text { む̀ } \end{aligned}$ |  | 追 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \\ & \stackrel{e}{4} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 宮 | 号 |  | 号 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Battle－ships，First Class．．． | ． | － | ． |  |  | 6 | － | $\cdots$ | － |
| Batila－ships，Sucond（lass． | ； | － | $\stackrel{\square}{0}$ | I | ．． | 1 | ．． | ． | ．． |
| Battle－ships，Third Class．．． | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | ． | 1 | － | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |
| Coast－Defence ships．．．．． | 1 | 9 | 1 | 4 | －． | 3 | 6 | $\cdots$ | －． |
| Armored Cruisars．．．．． | ． | ． | 2 | 4 | ． | 7 |  | $\ldots$ | ． |
| Cruisers，First Clars． | ． | $\cdots$ | 1 |  | － |  | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | ．． |
| Cruisers，Sccond Class．． | 4 | 7 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 29 | 93 | 1 | － |
| Gunboats．． | 11 | 29 | 11 | 20 | 5 | 19 | 39 | 8 | 29 |
| Torpedo－Boat Deatroyers． |  | 3 | 6 | 3 | ． | 12 | 4 | ．． | ．． |
| Tur jedo－Boats，First Class． | 12 | 15 | 5 | 12 | 5 | 62 | 13 | ． | $\ldots$ |
| Torpedo－Wosts，Sccond and Third Clssscs． | 42 | 7 | 19 | 15 | 4 |  | 14 |  | ． |
| Despatch Boats，etc．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 2 | 6 |  | 5 |  | 2 | 3 | 1 |  |
| Trausports，Auxiliaries，etc | 3 | 13 | 20 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 2 |
| Tugs sind Hulks ．．．．．． | 11 | 11 | 7 |  |  | 4 |  | 1 | ． |
| Hesvy Guns．．．． | 48 | 98 | 28 | 62 | 14 | 178 | 234 | 4 | ． |
| Secondary and Mschine Gnns． | 251 | 487 | 534 | 538 | 32 | 1，312 | 522 | 24 | 71 |

สumies of 刃ucrico，Souti）Emerica，ano สsia．

| Classes． | Japan． | China． | Mexico． | Brazil． | Chile． | Argent． Rep． | India＊ | Venezuela |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Infantr | 68，620 |  | 14.200 | 16.700 | 14，200 | － 28,000 | 137．200 | 5，300 |
| Cavalry． | 7，evo | 100,000 | 5，161 | 2，800 | 3，000 | 3，200 | 42，000 | 1，690 |
| Artullery． | 6720 | 100，000 | 1，680 | 4，350 | 3，200 | 2，600 | 23，416 | 800 |
| Engiueers and train ．． | 4．914 |  | 97940 | 1，178 | 1，115 | － 950 | 11，600 | 500 |
| Total peace strength．．． | 87，874 | 100,000 500,000 | 21， 28.21 | 25，028 | 21．515 | 19， 750 | 214，216 | 8，290 |
| First reserves．．．．． | 26，400 | 500，000 | 28，240 | 25,632 51,478 | 28,800 48,000 | 22.700 46.000 | 200，000 | 150，000 |
| Total war strength | 402，274 | 600.000 | 151，221 | 102，138 | 98，815 | 88,450 | 414，216 | 158，290 |

＊Including vative and white troops．

## 



## RIFLES USED BY THE PRJNCIPAl, POWERS OF THE WORLD-Continued.

## RIFLES AND SILALL ARMS,

In official tests made recently comparing the Mauser, calibre. 30, and the Krag-Jörgenson, calibre. 30 , ritles, it was shown that from either gun twenty shots a miuute with a good degree of accuracy could be fired, while without aiming twenty shots conld be fired in forty, econds. When used as single loaders it was shown that forty shots could be fired with great accuracy in two minntes, while the continuity of magazine fire with either did not exceed that of the same when employed as single loaders, A practical test was further made with these two guns by taking a nmmber of men who had never before handled both guns, and were accustomed solely to the swinging block system of the springfield. It was found that twenty shots could be fired with fair accuracy ln one minute and fifty seconds. As these two rides were selected as the bighest of any type used by any of the great powers, they may be considered as the best milltary rifles made.

A mistake has been made by some military writers in late years in advocating the use of the magazine rifle. The normal supply of amminition a soldier carries about his person is $1: 20$ rounds, or about twelve pounds weight. At the rate of ten shots per minute, which sarely is reasonable, the supply would be exhausted in twelre minutes, while il the magazine were used and treaty shots a minute fired his supply would be entirely gone in six minutes. This consideration is a new factor in the discipline of the modern soldier, who is guided not only by the obedielree he inclines to give his officer, but by the training which enables him to do it, and to control himself and act with coolness, and take if necessary the initiative or obey that of others.

It is worthy of remark that notwithstanting the reported experienco of volunteers during the Spanish-A merican War the troopa in the Philippines soon learned that the Springfield rifle did more execution than the Krag on the Filpinos. It has the "stopping" effect, while the Krog, with higher velocity and greater range, passes through aien with their barely feeling lt. This, it is true, is only at certain ranges. At others the wound of the Krag-Jürgenson rifle is terrible. The cause was explained in The Vorld ALMANAC for 1899.

Some of the conclusins reachell by meaical onicers as to the effects of new small-calibre guns and powerful powters are: 1. That while weaponslike the Mauser leave nothing to be ciesired on the score of humanity, they are failures in that they do not serve the special service forwhich they were intended. Soldiers fire with the intention of putting as many as possi le of the enemy hors du combat, but when the bullets hore neat little holes through flesh and bone, and, except when vital organs are traversed, cause no shock to the system, then the soldier's tash is more difficult and prolonged. In other words, guns of tha Manser type prolong conflicts. 2. The missiles from new rifies do greater harm or are more effective at long range than at shurt, but, unlike the old bullets, clothing is not so apt to be carried into the flesh, and thus poison it. 3. Abdominal wounds are now almost always fatal.

## SDIOKELESS POWDERS

It is remarkable that it was the effort to producesmall arms which gave longer ranges, witu more searching powers, that led to the development of smokeless powder. A high authority on this subject says: "Its production had not been by design, and the dasirability of even this property (smokelessness) at the time was questioned by hish milicary \&uthority." As a yesumé of what may be considered the latest conclusions on this subject the same authority says: "At present there is unquestionable unanimity as to the desirability of the absence of smoire from the battlefield, but this absence of smoke is viewed by real soldlers not so much as a safeguard for themselves as for the advantage it carries with it in clearing the field forskilful action. The conclusion would seem to be that practical experience in the Santiago campaign sustains the claim that troops furnished with smokeless powder have theadvantage over troops which are not so supplied. This conclusion should, however, in turn be qualified by the fact that many line ofticers of our army of high rank, prior to the campaign, openly aud enphatically expressed their preference for the Springfield rifle even nsing smoky wor der. ${ }^{\text {² }}$

As a matter of fact, a satisfactory smokeless powder does not exist. Neither France, Germany, nor Russia possesses one, and they are continually experinenting with the hope of discovering some compound that will answer the many and hard tests required of it. England professes confidence in cordite, but when used in American guns it is found to erode the metal of the guns to such an extent as ta shorten their lives materially. All powders that amount to anything contain more or less of nitro-mlycerine. In small quantities, is in small-arm cariridges, there is no appreciable effect from erosion, but in larger giantities it is so great an element that a few discharges have been known to put guns out of service. It is still a problem, and to the iuventor or discoverer who first gets a satisfactory smokeless powde: there awaits a fame and fortune of immense pronortions

Lyddite, which figures so extensively in the British-Boer W ar, is a high explosive named from a small town in Kent, England, and is composed of picric acid brought into a dense state by fusion. Picric acid is obtained by the action of nitric acid en phenol or earbolic acid. Its destructire effect in a shell is eleven times that of powder, and it kills more by air concussion than flying fragments.

STRENGTH OF MODERN POWDERS AND HIGH EXPLOSIVES.

## Name of Explogive,

Perunite B.
Perunite C.
Perunite D.
Explosive gelatine
Rack-a-rock.
Hellofite.
Nitro-glycerine, best quality.
Nobel's smokeless powder.
Explosive gelatine mande from No. 5 nitro-glycerine
United Státes Navy gun-cotton.
Fulgurite

## Emmensite

French nitro-glycerine
Dynamite No. 1....................................

Percent-
age of Strength.
100.0
91.0
83.0
81.0
79.0

78,0
73.0
70.0
68.0
67.5
67.0
66.0
63.0
62.6

## Namil of Explosive.

## Cannonite

Amide powder.
Progressite.
Tonite
Bellite.
Oxonite.
Atlas powder, No. 1
Melinite
Silver fulminate.
Nercury fulminate.
Rifle powder.
Mortar powder.
Roseel's mixture
Americanite
Schnebelite

Percent-
age of Strength.
62.0
59.0
58.5
57.0
56.0
54.4
54.0
49.0
48.2
47.5
35.0
30.0
89.5
82.0
80.0

## Unitey States ख㐅axytips．

## A COMPLETE LIST OF THE WAR VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES FROM THE REVOLUTION TO THE PRESENT TIME（1775－1900）．

Giving the date of Purchase or Construction，the rig，class，armament，cost（so far as is known），and fate of every War Vessel owned by the United States for 125 YEARS．
Prepared for The World Almanac by Edgar Stanton Maclay．A．M．，Author of＂A History of the United States Navy，＂＂A History of American Privateers，＂＂Reminiscences of the Old Navy．＂ Editor of＂Wılliam＇Maclay＇s Journal＂（ U．S．Senator from＇Pennsylvania，1789－1791）．

## NAVY OF THE REVOLUTION．

NOTE．－Pur．，purchased；Bor．，borrowed；Capt．，captured．
WHEN the original thirteen Colonies began their struggle for independence they had，of course， no navy．Owing to the many dangers attending commerce on the high seas，not only from the interference of British cruisers but from those of other nations－to say nothing of buccaneers－most of our merchantmen had been constructed quite as much with a view to fighting as to carrying cargoes， so that many of our merchant craft were readily converted into formidable war vessels．The first four－ teet vessels in the following list were purchased merchantmen．The Alfred，for instance，had been the trader Black Prince and was renamed Alfred in honor of Alfred the Great；the Columbus had been the Sally，etc．On December 13， 1775 ，Congress authorized the construction of five 32 －gun， five 28 －gun，and three 24 －gun frigates．These are the vessels in the following list marked thus＊， and were the first regularly authorized and coustructed warships of the United States Navy：

| 気商 | Namr． | Rig．$\dot{\infty}$ | S | Remarks． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1775 | Al | Shlp ．．．．${ }^{24}$ | Pur． | The Colonial flag，bearing the motto，＂Don＇t Tresd on Me，＂was first displayed on a warship in this vessel，being hoisted by John Psul Tones，January，1776．The Alfred was captured by two British cruis－ ers st ses in | 1778 |
| 1775 | Andrea | Brig ．．．．． | Pur． | First United Ststes warskip to receive a foreign salute，the Governor of St．Euststia being removed for his indiscretion．Was burned in Dels－ ware Bay to prevent falling into enemy＇s hands．． | 177 |
| 1775 | Ca | Brig ．．．．． 14 | 4 Par． | While commanded by Csptain Joseph Olney was chased ashore by Brlt－ ish ：32－gun frigste Milford on coast of Nova Scotia and burned，March． | 1777 |
| 1775 | Col |  |  | Was chased ashore on Point Judith by British squadron，April 1．．．．．．．．． | 1778 |
| 1775 | Fly | Scho |  | Probably destroyed with the Wasp | 1777 |
| 1775 | Ham | Brig | 4 Pu | Rsn on rocks off Rhode island snd was condemned．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1776 |
| 1775 | Hornet．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 10 Pur．．． | Originally the trader Falcon．Burned in Delaware Bay to prevent falling into enemy＇s hands． | 1777 |
| 1775 1775 | Indepen |  | Pur．．． | All these sloops are supposed to have been destroyed in the Delaware |  |
| 177 | Sachem． | sloo |  |  |  |
| 1775 | Lexing | Brig ．．．．． 24 | 4 Pu | Captured off coast of France by British cutte | 1777 |
| 1775 | Provide |  | 2 Pur． | Blown up by her crew in the Penobscot to prevent falling into enemy＇s hsmds，August 13 | 177 |
| 1775 | Repri | Brlg ．．．．． 16 | 6 Pur | First United Ststes war craft to visit Europe，having Franklin as pas－ senger．Foundered off Newfoundland Banks，all perishing except the cook． | 17 |
| 1775 | Wasp | Schooner ． | Pur． | One of our first warships to put to ses，originally the Scorpion．Was blown up in Delawsre Bay to prevent falling into enemy＇s hands．．．．．． | 1777 |
| 1776 |  |  | 4 Built． | Built at Boston．Captured with the Providence when Charleston fell．．．． | 1780 |
| 1776 | Congress＊＊．．．．．．．．．． |  | 8 Built． | Built at Poughkeepsie snd was destroyed to prevent fslling into hands of enemy in North River． |  |
| 17 |  |  | 4 Built． | Built at Philadelphia and was captured by British（before she could get to ses）in the Delsware． |  |
| 177 | Dolp |  | Pu | Purchased in France，where she was fitted out．Supposed to have been destroyed in the Delaware． |  |
| 177 |  |  | Bui | Built at l＇hiladelphis．Was destroyed by enemy before she had re－ ceived her armament in Delsware Bay． |  |
| 1776 |  |  | Built． | Built at Boston and was captured at sea by British squadron in May ．．．． | 177 |
| 1776 | Montgomery＊．．．．．． |  | 24 Built． | Built at Poughkeepsie and destroyed in North River to prevent falling into the hands of the enemy． | 17 |
| 177 |  |  | Bu | Built in Rhode 1sland．Was captured by the enemy when Charleston surrendered，Msy． | 1780 |
| 1776 |  | Ship ．．．．． 32 | 32 Bullt． | Built st l＇ortsmonth，N．H．Was chssed ashore near the mouth of the Penobscot by British squadron and captured，the Americans escaping on land，September 27 | 1778 |
| 1776 |  |  | 32 Built． | Built in Philadelphia．Attscked 64 －gun ship Ysrmonth in order to save her convoy，and succeeded，though Randolph was blown up and 311 of her 315 men perished，March 7. | 1778 |
| 1776 | Revenge．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 10 Pur．． | Purchased in France，where she was fitted out．Sold in Philadelphis．．．． | 1780 |
| 1776 |  |  | Par． | Purchased in France，where she was fitted out，made several prizes，and was seized by French Government，May． | 177 |
| 76 |  |  | 28 Buil | Built at Norwich，Ct．，snd was captured sfter a severe action by a Brit－ ish squadron off the Delaware，August． | 178 |
| 76 |  |  |  | Built at Baltimore．Chased by British squadron in Chesapeake Bsy，and， running aground，was captured． | 1778 |
| 1776 |  |  | 32 Buil | Built at Philsdel phis and burned by her crew to prevent falling in ens－ my＇s hands in the Penobseot，August 13. | 1779 |
|  |  |  | 32 Built | Bulit at Philadelphia．Was burned in the Delaware by the onemy be－ fore she had received her armsment | 17 |
| 1777 | All |  | 32 Built． | Bullt at Salisbury，Mass．，and one of the most successful vessels in the navy of the Kevolution，having formed part of John Psul Jones squadron．She was sold at Philadelphia，June 3. <br>  | 1885 1881 |



Sumamary of the Lake Cbamplain Flotilla.-Seventeen vessels, carrying 118 guns, 210 swivels, and 1,061 men. The Liberty and Gates were not engaged in the fight.

## THE COUNTRY WITHOUT A NAVY.

On the close of the struggle for independence the navy had been reduced to a minimum, and by 1785 the last war craft had been sold. so that from 1785 to 1797 the country was without naval protectlon. The arguments against a standing army and a permanent navy are well summed up by william Maclay, who, with Robert Morris, represented Pennsylvania in the first United States Senate: "It is the design of the Court party to have a fleet and an army. This is but the entering wedge of a new monarchy in America, after all the bloodshed and sufferings of a seven years' war to establish a republic. The Indian war is forced forward to justify our having a standing army, and eleven unfortunate men, now in slavery in Algiers, is the pretext for fitting out a fleet., In another place Mr. Maclay said: "This thing of a fleet has been working among our members all the session. I have heard it break out often. It is another menace to our republican institutions.'

The fallacy of these argnments was soon demonstrated in a most forcible manner. British and other foreign maritime powers, and even the piratical states of Barbary, soon began to prey upon our commerce, causing losses to our merchants which amounted to millions of dollars. Washington saw the necessity of a permanent and progressive navy when he said in his message to Congress: "To an active, external commerce, the protection of a naval force is indispensable." and he added: "To secure respect to a neutral flag reguires a naval force organized and ready to vindicate it from insult or aggression." The losses the country sustained from the encroachments of aliens on its commerce were many times greater than tbe cost of maintaining a navy adequate for its protection would have been. Viewed in whatever light it'may be, the expense of maintaining a respectable and progressive navy is nothing more than a safe and economical insuranee on the prosperity of the country.

Congress was quickly brought to a recognition of this truth, and on April 30, 1798, a Secretary of the Navy was added to the President's Cabinet, Beiljamin Stod dert bein - the first to fill that office. The construction of a new hary was now begun in earnest, aid the firs group of warships, that was destined to make the United States navy famous, was comple ed.

It will be noted that in building the new navy, carronades, or guns uaving a short range but greater smashing power, were first generally introduced in Uniled States warships.

RECONSTRUCTION OF THE NAVY.
NOTE.-P., purchased. Vessels marked thus* were taken from the Revenue Service.


| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\Xi} \\ & \stackrel{\omega}{\mathrm{a}} \end{aligned}$ | Nasse． | Rig． | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \dot{0} \\ \overline{0} \\ 0 \end{array}\right\|$ | \| | 官 | Where Built． | Cost． | Sold，etc． | 訔 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1813 | Georgia | Ship． | 16 |  | 280 | Captured． |  | Recaptu | 1814 |
| 1813 | Greerwi | Ship．． | 16 |  | 338 | Captured．．．． |  | Burned． | 1814 |
| 1813 | Hellen． |  |  |  |  | Philadel phia． |  | Lost in Delaw | 1815 |
| ${ }_{1813}^{1813}$ | Hornet Peacock． | Sh | 18 | 54 ${ }^{5}$ | 509 | Georgetowa． Boston． | 2,200 $75,6 \pm 4$ | Sroken up | 1820 |
| 1813 | Fattlesnak | 3：i | 14 | 120 | 278 | Medford | 18，000 | Captured a | 1814 |
| 1815 | Vixen（2） | Bri | 14 |  |  | Savarn | 6，900 | Captured Dec | 1813 |
| 1813 ｜ | Wasp（3） | Ship． | 18 | 140 | 509 | New buryport | 77，459 | L．ost at sea | 1814 |
| 1814 | Argis（2） | sloon | 18 |  | 509 | Washingtoa． | ． | Burne | 1814 |
| 1814 | Eutalo | Sloop．．． |  | 15 |  | Philadesph | ．．．．．．． | Sold | 1816 |
| 1315 | Cararl． | －eloop．．． |  |  |  | Fhiladelohia | ．．．．．．． | Sold． | 1820 |
| 1814. | Columbis | dip． | 44 | ， | 1503 | Waukington． | ．．．．．．．． | Burne | 1814 |
| 154， | Corperation | Schr． |  |  |  |  |  | Sold | 1820 |
| 1814 | Despatch． | Schr． | 1 |  | 50 |  |  | So |  |
| 181．7 | Eagle（3） | Suhr． | 12 |  | 4 | New Orleans． | ธธ5，000 |  | 1820 |
| 1814． | Firelly |  | 18 |  | 333 | Baltimu | 17，435 | Sold for | 1816 |
| 1814 | Plamberu |  | 14 |  | 300 | Baltimore | 14，090 | Solui． | 1816 |
| 1814 | Fulton | Ship．．．． | 30 |  | 2000 | New Yor | 32v，000 | First steam |  |
|  | Guari |  | 44 | 409 |  | Philadelp | 267，554 | Broken u | 41 |
| 1814 | 1ndepe |  | 54 | 750 | 2257 | Bostun．． | 421，810 | Now a rece | 1900 |
| 1814 | Java． | h＇p | 44 | 400 | 1008 | Baltimore． | 232， 767 | Broken up |  |
| 1814 | 1 ynx． | chr．．．． | $t$ |  |  | Washington |  | Lost at sea | 1820 |
| 1814 | Prometheus | Br | 12 |  | 290 | Philadel phia | 20，000 | Sold | 1858 |
| 1814 | llanger（3） |  |  |  |  | Baltimore | 500 | Sold | 1810 ô |
| 1874 | Ruan |  |  |  |  |  |  | Transferred from 1s14，ani sold．．．． | 1816 |
|  | Spark | Brig． | 14 |  | 300 | Baltimore． |  | Sold for $\$ 1,500$ | 826 |
| 1814 | spitfire（3） Tchifonta． | Schip．．．． | 12 | ． | 266 | Balimore | 30，000 | Sold for \％，500 | 1816 |
| 114 | Tem Bowli |  | 12 |  | $2: 10$ | 1＇ortsmoath | 13，900 | sold． | 1818 |
| 1－14． | Torch． |  | 12 |  | 200 | Baltimore． | 13，060 | Sold | 1816 |
| 1814 | Torpedo． |  |  |  |  |  |  | Sold． | 1818 |
| 1814 | Washingten | hip | 74 |  | 225 | Portsmout | 235，301 | Broken up．． | $1843$ |

## LAKES ONTARIO，ERIE，AND CHAMPLAIN．

The following vessels were employed on Lake Ontarto during the war of 1812：14－gun br！g Oneid9， 243 tous ；71－gun ship New Orleazs， 2,895 zons； 44 gud ship C＇uppewa（2）， 1,745 tons； 44 gun ship Plattoburg， 1,243 tons；41－gun ship Saperior， 1，7is tons； 32 －guxe slup Mohawk，1，1wo tons；if gun ship General Pise，$\times 7 \overline{3}$ ions；20－gut ship Madison， 593 tons； 18 －gin irig Jefferson，420 tons； 18 －gun brig Joste， 429 tons； 16 －gan schoener $8 y / p h, 840$ tons（all the foregoing vessela were sold or broken up bj 1821 ）；9－gun scbecner Hamilton， 120 tons，wrecked 1813 ， 10 －gun schooner Scourge（2）， 120 pous，wrecked 1813 ， Q－gun schooner Gov，Tomplins， 96 tons，scld for $\$ 2,000$ in 1815 ； 7 －gun schooner tirowler， 53 tons，captured 1813 ；3－gnn achooner Peit， 50 tons，sold for $41,2 n 0$ in 1815；3－gun chboaser Lady of the Lalse， 39 tong，sold in 1815 ；3－gun scheoner Con－ gaest， 82 tons，soll for 82,540 in linle； 2 －gen schooner liair American， 82 toas，sold for 3525 in 1815 ； 2 －gun schooner（ontario （2），S1 tons，sold for il， 205 in 1815；2－gun schooner Asp（2）， 57 tons，sold for $\$ 155$ in 1＞15；2－gun schooner Julia， 53 tons，cap－ fafed in loỉ；2－gun schooner Elizabe $h$ ，sold in 1815 ；14－gun brig Kanger，sold in 1821.

On Le＇fe Erie were the $: ⿹ 勹 䶹$ gum hrig Lawrence，brosen up after the war； 20 －gun brig Niagara，broken up after the war； 4－gnn echooner Ariel，brokeu up after the war；3－gar brig Caledonia，sold after the war；2－gun schooner Scorpion，captured 1814；2－gun schooner Somers，capturad 1814；1－guu sloop Trippe，brohea up aiter the war，i－gun schooner Tigrees，captured $1814 ; 1$－mun schooner Porcupive，broken up after the war；1－gun schooner Ohio，captnred 1814,1 gun schooner Amelia，sold after the war ；1－gun schooner Gheni，brolen up after the war．

On Lake Champlain were the 11 －gan sloops Eagle（2）and Growler（2），whtck were captured by the British in 1813 and re－ eeptured by the Americans in 1814，and 8old in 1815 for $\$ 380$ each； 26 －gon ship Saratoga（2），sold in 1824；the 20 －gun brig Eagle（3），sold in 1824；17－gun sctooner Ticonderogs，sold In 1524；7－gun sloop Preble，soid for 92,430 in 1815；ter galleys， moanting 1 to 2 guns each，sold in 1815 ；6－gun sloop President（2），sold for $\$ 1,750$ in 1515 ，and 6 －gun sloop Montgomery，sold for $\$ 1,900$ in 1815

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\circ} \\ & \text { む̈g } \\ & \text { an } \end{aligned}$ | Name． | Rig． | 号 | 咅 | 产 | Where Built． | Cost． | Sold，etc． | ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{1815}{ }$ |  | Brig． | 14 |  | 370 | Middletown． | \＄26，000 | Lost at sea． | 1817 |
| 1815 | Chippewa | 5－18 | 14 |  | 390 | Warren，R． 1 | 52，000 | Lost at sea． | 1816 |
| 1815 | Cyau． | Siaip． | 34 | 185 |  | Captured． | 200，000 | Broken up | 1886 |
| 1815 | Fir brand． | scar | 12 |  |  | New orleana | 3，450 | Condemned． | 1819 |
| 1815 | Franklıu． | 5 | 74 |  | 801 | Phıladelphia．．． | 433，149 |  |  |
| 1815 | Saranac． | $1: \mathrm{T}$ | 14 |  | 370 | M1ddietown．．． | 26，000 | Sold． | 1818 |
| 1515 | Surpriae | seich． | 1. |  |  | New Orlean | 3，850 | Condemned | 1820 |
| 1817 | Fox．．． | Echar．．．． | 4 |  |  |  |  | Condemne | 1821 |
| 3819 | Columbus 2 ） | Ship．．． | 74 | 780 | 24＞0 | Washingion．． | 426，930 | Brokeu up | 1848 |
| 1420 | 1）lavar 2） | Ship．．． | 71 | 82. | 2633 | Gosport ．．．．． | 543，368 | Burned．．． | 1861 |
| 1＊90 | North Carolina | Sh！p | 74 | 891 | 2533 | Phiadelphia． | 431，852 | Broken up | 1858 |
| 1820 | （）hio（？） |  | 7. | 880 | \＆ 157 | New Yorts．．． | 547．889 | Broken up | 1868 |
| 1820 | Porpois．．． | Sc | 12 |  | 198 | Portamouth | 25，529 | Losz at sea | 1833 |
| 1821 | Alligator（3） | Sch | 12 |  | 198 | Boston | 26，909 | Lost at sea． | 1823 |
| 1821 | Doipha 2） | Scb | 12 | ．．．． | $1 \hat{3}$ | Pbiladelphia． | 25，389 | Sold． | 1835 |
| 1897 | （irampus． | schr．．． | 12 |  | 3si | Washington． | 23，627 | Lost off Cha | 1843 |
| $18 \%$ | Potoms | sibi | 4. | 480 | 1723 | Washington | 350，000 | Broken up | 1858 |
| $182 i$ | Sharls | Sc | 12 |  | 127 | Wasbinjton | 23，627 | Lost in Columbia | 1846 |
| 1892 | Bergle | Sichr．．．． | 3 | 31 | 52 | Baltimore．． | 111，190 | Sold． | 1885 |
| 152？ | Decoy． | Ship．． | 6 |  |  | Xew York | 6，500 | Sold． | $18: 6$ |
| 1829 | Ferret（2）． | Behr． | 5 | 31 | 51 | Baltimore． | 10，190 | Lost at se | 1825 |
| 1.22 | Fox（2）． | Sctir． | 3 | 31 | 51 | Paltimore． | 10，190 | Bold．． | 1838 |
| 1822 | Gr．yhound | Schr． | 3 | 31 | 65 | Baltimore． | 10，190 | Sold． | 1824 |
| 1429 | Jac ${ }^{\text {c }}$ all． | Neter． | 9 | 81 | 47 | Paltimore | 10.190 | Scid． | 1824 |
| 12 iva | Sea fivll | 8．fial＇ot | 3. |  |  | New Jork | 38，893 | Sold for \＄4，750 | 1840 |
| 1822 | Terri－r |  | 3. | 31 | 61 | Baltimore． | 10，19e | sold． | 1825 |
| 1822 | Weas 1 |  | ． | 31 | 53 | Baltimore． | 10，190 | sold． | 1825 |
| 1822 | Wild Cat． | Sch | 3. | 31 | 48 | Baltímore． | 10，190 | Lost at sea． | 1824 |



| $\stackrel{\dot{\Xi}}{\stackrel{\oplus}{\theta}}$ | NAME. | Rig. ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 号 | 号 | Where Bullt. | Cost. | Sold, etc. | ¢ ® ® |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1855 | Colorado. | Steam S 40 | 450 | 4750 | Gosport. | \$673,942 | Receiving ship, Boston. | 1900 |
| 1855 | Merrimac | Steam S 40 | 450 | 4350 | Charlestown | 638,942 | Burned at Norfolk...... | 1861 |
| 1855 | Minnesota | Steam S 40 | 480 | 4680 | Washington. | 689,643 | Naval Reserve, Massa | 1900 |
| 1855 | Niagara | Steam S 40 | 450 | 4780 | Brooklyn | 732,000 | Condemned. | 1881 |
| 1855 | Roanoke (2) | Steam S 40 | 450 | 4570 | Gospori.. | 692,000 | Cut down to an Ironclad, 1862 ; unserviceable. |  |
| 1855 | Sumter | Steam S 5 | 180 | 1170 | Gosport. | 392,000 | Sunk in a eollision, June $24 .$. | 1864 |
| 1855 | Wabash. | Steam S 40 | 450 | 4650 | Philadelphla | 687,000 | Receiving ship at Boston | 1900 |
| 1858 | Brooklyn | Steam S 22 | 380 | 3670 | Brooklyn | 584,000 | Condemaned. | 1890 |
| 1858 | Crusader. | Steam S 7 | 140 | 1360 | Washington. | 465,006 | Sold.. | 1865 |
| 1858 | Dakota. | Steam S 7 | 180 | 1575 | New York. . | 485,000 | Condemned. | 1873 |
| 1858 | Hartford | Steam S 24 | 380 | 2790 | Bosten. | 518,000 | Fitted with modern batte | 1900 |
| 1858 | Irequois. | Steam S 6 | 180 | 1575 | New York | 465,090 | Marine Hospital. | 1900 |
| 1858 | Lancaster | Steam S 18 | 240 | 3250 | Philadelphia. | 574,000 | Special service | 1909 |
| 1858 | Mohawk | Steam S 7 | 160 | 1240 | New York. | 487,090 | sold. | 1864 |
| 1858 | Mohican | Steam S 7 | 180 | 1900 | New York | 412,000 | Mare Islan | 1900 |
| 1858 | Mystic. | Steam S 5 | 135 | 1176 | Boston. | 398,000 | Sold. | 1865 |
| 1858 | Narraganset | Steam S 6 | 180 | 1580 | Boston. | 460, 000 | Condemred. | 1882 |
| 1858 | Pawnee. | Steam S 11 | 240 | 1460 | Philadelphi | 430,000 | Conderaned. | 1872 |
| 1858 | Pensacols. | Steam S 18 | 340 | 2700 | Pensacola. | 548,000 | Mare Island | 1900 |
| 1858 | Pocahon | Steam S 6 | 189 | 1380 | Norfolk. | 389,000 | Sold. | 1865 |
| 1858 | Pulaski. | St. SW ${ }^{4}$ | 120 | 9-9 | Norfolk | 230,000 | Sold. | 1863 |
| 1858 | Richmond | Steam S 24 | 380 | 3090 | Norfols. | 582,000 | League Island | 1900 |
| 1858 | Seminole. | Steam S 6 | 180 | 1430 | Baltimore | 424,000 | Condernned. | 1873 |
| 1858 | W yoming. | Steam S 7 | 180 | 1550 | Philadelphia | 516,000 | Condemned | 1876 |
| 1859 | Saginaw.. | St. SW. 3 | 120 | 660 | Philadelphia. | 267,000 | Condemn | 1872 |
| 1859 | W yandotte. | Steam S\| 5 | 120 | 970 | Boston.. | 268,000 | sold. ........ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1865 |

+First Un 'ed States warship to display our fiag in the Mediterranean. (Sie page 358.)
$\ddagger$ The keel ${ }^{\ldots}$. this vessel, with those of other 74 -gnn ships (the Virginia, Alabams, and New York), wes lald in 1818 , but work on her was suspesided until 1848. The others were never completed.

## THE NAVY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

At the outbreak of the civil war the navy of the United States consisted of 90 war craft, of which 21 were unserviceable, 27 were out of commission, and 42 were in commission. This force was rapidly increased by purchase, chartering, and building during the war, so that by March 10, 1865 , the navy list showed 717 vessels. The great majority of these vessels were craft purchased and fitted for the emergency, many of them being canal-boats, ferry-boats, while a number were sea-going passenger steamers, which cannot properly be counted as the regular warships of the United States Navy.

In 1861 the following side-wheel steamers were purchased and fitted for various services: Alabama, Aingusta, Bienville, Clifton, Commodore Barney, Commodore Perry, Connecticut, Delaware, De Soto, Florida, Hatteras (sunk by the Confederate cruiser Alabama), Island Belle, Jacob Bell, James Adger, John L. Lockwood, J. N.Seymour, J. P. Jackson, Keystone State, Morse, O.M. Pettit, Quaker City, Rhode Island, Santiago de Cuba, Satellite, State of Georgia, Stepping Stones, Thomas Freeborn, Westfield, W. G. Putnam, Whitehall, Wyandank, and Yankee, making a total of 32 sidewheel steamers. mounting in all' 160 guns, baving 26,686 tons, and custing $\$ 2,418,103$. As the war progressed the following side-wheel steamers were drafted into the service: Adela, Alexandria, Arizona, Baltimore, Banshee, Bloomer, Britannia, Cactus, Calhoun, Carrabassett, Coeur de Lion, Columbine, Commodore, Commodore Hull, Commodore Jones, Commodore Macdonough, Commo: dore Read, Cornubia, Cowslip, Duffodil, Darlington, Elk, Ella, Ellen, Fort Jackson, Geranium, Gettysburg, Glasgow, Granite City, Harriet Lane, Harvest ifoon, Heliotrope Hetzel, Hollybock, Honduras, Hunchback, Hyacinth, King Philip, Magnclia, Malvern, Mercury, Merrimac, Meteor, Mount Washington, Nansemond, Nita, Nyanza, Oleander. Philadelphia, Phillipi, Primrose, Rodolph, \$hokohon, Somerset, Southfield, Stockdale, Tallahatchie, Tennessee, Tritonia, Vanderbilt, and wave.

There were purchased in 1861 the following screw steamers: A. C. Powell, Albatross, Cambridge, Ceres, Cohasset, Currituck, Daylight, E. B. Hale, Flag, Flambeau, Heary Andrew, Henry Brinker, Huntsville, Isaac Smith, Louisiana, Madge, Merc dita, Montgomery, Monticello, Mount Vernon, New London, Norwich, Patron, Penguin, Potomska, R. B. Forbes, Reseue, Resolute, R. R.' Cuyler, Sachem, South Carolina, Stars and Stripes, Uncas, Valley City, Varina, Vietoria, Wamsutta, Western World, Whitehead, and Young Rover, having a total of 20,403 tors, mounting 175 guns, and costing $\$ 2,215,037$. During the war the following additional screw steamers were drafted into the service: Acacia, Admiral, Alert, Althea, A ries, Arkausas, Augusta Dinsmore, Bermuda, Buckthorn, Calypso, Camelia, Carnation, Cherokee, Circassian, Clover, Dai Ching, Dandelion, Dawn, Daylight, Dragon, Emma, Eureka, Fahkee, Faralones, Fortune, Fuchsia, Galatea, Gertrude, Glaucus, Gov. Buckingham, Grand Gulf, Hendrick Hudson, Home, Honeysuckle, Howquah, Huron, Hydrangea, Ida, Iris, Iuka, John Hancock, Jonquil, Kensington, Larkspur, Leslie, Lilac, Lodona, Maria, Marigold, Mary Sandford, Mayflower, Memphis, Dionterey, Montgomery, Narcissus, Neptune, Nereus, Newberne, Niphon, Norwich, Pilgrim, Poppy, Priacess Royal, Proteus, Queen, Rocket, Rose, Snowdrop, Speedwell, Standish, Stettin, Sunfuwer, Sweetbrier, Teaser, Triana, Tulip, Union, Vicksburg, Violet, Virginia, Young America, and Zouave.

There were purchased in 1861 the following ship-rigged sailing vessels: Charles Phelps, Courier, Fearnot, Ino, Kittatinney, Mornng Light, National Guard, Nightingale, Onward, Pampere, Romaß, Shepard Knapp, and William Badges, mounting 52 guns, having an aggregate of 9,998 tons, and costing \$313,503. The following barks were purchased: A. Houghton, A manda, Arthur, Brasifiera, Ethan Allen, Fernandina, Gem of the Sea, Gemsbok, Horace Beals, James C. Chambers, James L. Davis, J. C. Kuhn, Kingfisher, Midnight, Pursuit, Restless, Roebuck, and William G. Andersor, mounting 78 guns, with a total of 8,432 tons, and costing $\$ 357,400$.

The following schooners were purchased in 1861: Adolph Hugel, Arletta, Bahlo, Chotank, C. P. Williams, Daniel Smith, George Blunt, George Mangham, Hope, Henry Janes, John Griffith, Maria A. Wood, Maria J. Carleton, Matthew Vassar, Norfolk Packet, O. H. Lee, Orvetta, Para, Racer, Rachael Seaman, Sam Rotan, Sarah Brupn, Sea Foam, Sideey C. Jones, Sophonia. T. A. Fard, and William Bacon, mounting 48 guns, with a total of 5,203 tons, and costing $\$ 216,796$. Other saifing vessels taken into the service during the war were: Albemarle, the famous yacht Ameriea, Annie, Arlel, Beauregard, Ben Morgan, Carmita, Charlotte, Corypheus, Dart, Eugenie, Fox, Granite,

Ironsides, Jr., Julia, Pampero, Release, Renshaw, Rosalie, Sea Bird, Shark, Stonewall, Supply, Two Sisters, Wanderer, Wildcat.

On the Western rivers a fleet of war craft was hastily created, suited to the peculiar conditions of that service. They were all sold or broken up after the war. The river steamers Tyler, Conestoga, and Lexington were fitted up as gunboats and performed valuable services, on several occasions saving the army from defeat. The De Kalb, Carondelet, Cincinnati, Louisville, Mound City, Cairo, Pittsburgh, Benton, and Essex were formidable ironclads, which admirably withstood the heavy pounding they were subjected to. Another class of river ironclads were the Lafayette, Tuscumbia, Indianola, and Chillicothe. The powerful river steamers Queen of the West, Jonarch, Sumter, Samson, Lioness, Fulton, and Switzerland were fitted out as rams. Other vessels engaged ou the Western rivers were the Abeona, Abraham, Alfred Robb, Antelope, Argosy, Aȳenger, Benefit, Black Hawk, Brilliant, Champion, Choctaw, Clara Dolsen, Collier, Colossus, Covington, Cricket, Curlew, Dah ia, Daisy, Eastport, Elfin, Estrella, Exchange, Fairplay, Fairy, Fawn, Fern, Forest Rose, Fort Douelson, Fort Henry, Fort Ifindman, Gamage, Gazelle, Gen. Bragg, Gen. Birnside, Gen. Grant, Gen. Lyon, Gen. Pillow, Gen. Price, Gen. Suerman, Gen. Thomas, Glide, Grampus, Great Western, Grossbeck, Hastings, Funtress, Hyacinth, Ibex, Ion, Ivy, Judge Torrence, Ju iet, Kate, Kenwood, Key West, Laurel, Linden, Little Rebel, Ianhattan. Marmora, Mignonette, Mist, Mistletoe, Moose, Myrtle, Naiad, Naumkeag, Nettle, New Era, New National, Nyph, Oriole, Ouachita, Paw Paw, Peosta, Petrel, Prairie Bird, Queen City, Rattler, Red Royer, Reindeer. Ronneo, Signal, siiver Cloud, Silver Lake, Sovereign, Springfield, St. Clair, Sybil. Tawah, Tempest, Tenilessee, Tensas, Thistle, Undine, Victory, Vindicator, Volnnteer, and ${ }^{-2} 1 l i a m$ H. Erown.

The total number of vessels purchased by the Government durine the war was 418 , of which 315
 during the war was 211 , of which 143 were wooden vessels and 68 wre ironclads. These 211 war craft will now be given in detail as belonging to the navy proper n the civil war.

Abbreviations: W., Wood Hull; I., Iron Hull; S., Screw; SW., Sidewbeel; Mr., Monitor with a single turret: MDT., Monitor swith double turrets.

|  | Name. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \dot{3} \\ \substack{0 \\ 0 \\ \hline} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 枵 } \\ & \text { ㅇ } \end{aligned}$ | Where Built. | Cost. |  | Remarks. | 离 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1861 | Adirondack. | W. S. | 9 | 170 | 1,240 | New York. | \$125,000 |  | Wrecked near A baco, Avgust 23. | 864 |
| 1861 | Agavam. | S. SW. | 8 | 160 | $974$ | Portland.. | 157,000 |  | Dewey served in this yessel. Sold in | 1867 |
| 1861 | A Igonquín | W. SW. | 12 | 220 | 974 | New York | 157,000 |  | Sold 14.... | $1 \pm 69$ |
| 1861 | Aroostook | W. S. | 6 | 140 | 507 | Kennebuals | 90.50 |  | Sold in | 1869 |
| 1861 | Ascubmey | I. SW. | 8 | 150 | 974 | New York | 157,500 |  | Sold in | 1868 |
| 1861 | Caynga.. | W. S. | 6. | 140 | 507 | Portsmonth | 97,500 |  | Sold in | 1865 |
| 1861 | Chenang | W. 8W. | 8 | 160 | 074 | Broeklyn | 157,040 |  | Sold in. | 1858 |
| 1861 | Chicopee. | W. SW. | 8 | 180 | 974 | Bosson. | 157,500 |  | Sold in. | $180^{\circ}$ |
| 1861 | Chippewa | W. S. | 6 | 140 | 507 | New York | 101,800 |  | Sold in. | 1865 |
| 1861 | Chocura | W. S. | 4. | 130 | 507 | Boston. | 96,500 |  | Sold in. | 1857 |
| 1861 | Cimmerone | W. SW. | 10 | 170 | 860 | Bordentown, N . | 120,000 |  | Sold in | 898 |
| 1851 | Connemaug | W. SW. | 8 | 160 | 955 | Portsmoulh | 132,000 |  | Sold in. | 867 |
| 1861 | Eutaw . . | W. SIV. | 81 | 160 | 974 | Baltimor | 160,000 |  | Sold in. | 1865 |
| 1861 | Geraeste. | W. SIV. | 4 | 110 | 803 | Bostoa. | 132,000 |  | Sold | 1867 |
| 1861 | Housator | W. S. | 9 | 170 | 1,240 | Beston. | +110,000 |  | Sunk by a torpede in Charleston Harbor, Februsry 17........................... |  |
| 1867 | Huron | W. S. | 4 | 130 | 507 | Boston. | 101,000 |  | Sold in..... ............................ | 1869 |
| 1861 | 1 osco. | W. SW: | 8 | 100 | 974 | Baltimore. | 157,000 |  | Condemmed in | 1567 |
| 1861 | 1 tasca | W. S. | 4 | 130 | 507 | Philadelphis.. | 98,500 |  | Sold in. | 1865 |
| 1861 | Juniata | W. S. | 9 | 170 | 1,240 | Philadelyhia... | 480,000 |  |  |  |
| 1861 | Kanawh | W. 5. | 4 | 130 | 507 | East Haddam, | 97.509 |  | Sold in. | 1866 |
| 1861 | Katabdin | W.S. | 4 | 130 | 507 | Bath, Me. | 97,500 |  | Sold in | 1865 |
| 1861 | Kearsarg | W. S. | , | 170 | *1, 231 | Kistery | 540,000 |  | TVrecked on Koncador Reef, Feb. 2. | 1894 |
| 1861 | Keare be | W. 8. | 4 | 130 | 507 | Fhomaston, M | 100,500 |  | Sold 12. | 8'5 |
| 1861 | Kine | W. S. | ${ }^{6}$ | $1+0$ | 507 | Portland. | 94,500 |  | Sold in. | 865 |
| 1861 | Lenzpee | W. SW. | 8 | 150 | 974 | Brooklyn | 157.500 |  | Sols in. | 568 |
| 186] | Mackin | W. 8w. | 8 | 160 | $97 \pm$ | New York | 157,000 |  | Sold in. | 867 |
| 1861 | Mahask | W. SW. | 6 | 140 | S32 | Portsmouth | 132,000 |  | Sold in. | 858 |
| 1861 | Maratan | W. 8 W. | , | 140 | 785 | Bostor. | 180, ب00 |  | Sioid in. | 868 |
| 1861 | Marblehea | W. s. | 4 | 130 | 507 | Newburyport. | 95,009 |  | Sold in. | Sv8 |
| 1861 | Massasoit | W, sw. | 8 | 160 | 974 | Boston. | 157,600 |  | Sold in. | 867 |
| 18861 | Msltabegs | W. SW. |  | 160 | 974 | Boston. | 157,009 |  | Sold in. | 867 |
| 1861 | Hendots. | W. SII. | 8 | 160 | 974 | Brooklya. | 155,000 |  | Sold in. | 357 |
| 1861 | Metacom | W. Sw. | 8 | 160 | 974 | Broolily | 155,090 |  | Sold is | 818 |
| 18 ¢ 1 | Miami. | W, stv. | 8 | 149 | 730 | Philadelphia | 150,000 |  | sold is. | 565 |
| 1861 | Mingoe | W. SW. | 8 | 160 | 97.4 | Bordentown, | 157,000 |  | Rioln in. | 1857 |
| 1861 | Octerar | W. SWV. | 5 | 140 | 859 | New York. | 150,010 |  | Sold in. | 1866 |
| 1861 | Oneid |  | 9 | 180 | 1,032 | Sew Lork | +102,000 |  | Sunk in a collision in the Bay of Yedo, January 24. |  |
| 1861 | Osceola | W. SW: | 8 | 150 |  | Boston |  |  |  | $18 \div 7$ |
| 1861 | Ossipee | W. S. | 9 | 170 | 1,240 | Portsmout | tas,0<m |  | Condemned in | 890 |
| 1861 | Otsego | W. SW. | 8 | 169 | 974 | New Yow | 157,000 |  | Rupls by a torpedo, Decem | 1864 |
| 1861 | Cttaw | W. S. | 5 | 130 | 507 | Nety York ... | 85,000 |  | fold in. | 1865 |
| 1861 | Owasco | w.s. | 4 | 120 | 507 | Mystic liver, | 99,000 |  | Sold in | 2*5 |
| 1861 | Paul Jones. | FY. SW. | 6. | 140 | 863 | Bultimore. | 108,000 |  | Sold in | 1867 |
| 1861 | Pawtaxet. | W. SW. | 8 | 180 | 974 | Yortsmonth | 157,000 |  | Sold in. | 1867 |
| 1861 | Pembin | W. S. | 4 | 120 | 507 | New Jork | 88,000 |  | Sold in. | 865 |
| 1861 | Perobsc | W. S. | 5 | 1:0 | 507 | Belfast, Me | 97,800 |  | Sold in. |  |
| 1861 | Peoria | WV. STV. | 8 | 150 | 974 | New lork. | 157,009 |  | Sold in. |  |
| 1861 | Pinola | W. S. | 4 | 129 | 507 | Raltimore | 98,000 |  | Sold in. |  |
| 1861 | Pontiac | W. SW. |  | 169 | 974 | Philadelphis. | 157,000 |  | Sold in. | 1867 |
| 1861 | Pontonen | W. SW. |  | 160 | 974 | Portsmoath | 100,500 |  | sold in. | 1866 |
| 1861 | Port Noya | W. SW. | 8 | 140 | 805 | New Iork | 98,510 |  | Sold in. | 1966 |
| 1861 | Sapamore | W. 8 , | $\pm$ | 120 | 507 | I3oston. | 101,000 |  | Kold in. | 1866 |
| 1861 | Sassacus. | W, SW. | 8 | 160 | 974 | Yortsmout | 157,000 |  | sold in................................ | $1 \times 68$ |
| 1861 | Sciots | W. S. | 4 | $12 \theta$ | 507 | Boston | 101,000 |  | Sunk by a torpedo, raised and sold in. | 1865 |
| 1861 | Gebago. | W. 8W. | 6 | 140 | 852 | New York | 98,000 |  | Sold in... | 1867 |

United States Warships, 1775-1900.


|  | NAME. |  | 药 |  | * | Where Built. | Cost. | Remarks. | $\stackrel{\text { ¢ }}{\stackrel{\circ}{\oplus}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1808 | Shamokin. | I. SW. | 10 | 22 C | 1,020 | Philadelphia .. | \$171,000 | Sold in | 1869 |
| $1868$ | Shawnee | I. M. | , | 50 | 614 | Charlestown .. | 386,000 | Broken | 1875 |
| 1868 | Shiloh | I. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Cairo | 386,000 | Neme changed to Iris in 1869 ; sold 1n.. | 1874 |
| 1863 | Squardo | 1. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Charlestown | 395,000 | Neme changed to Algoma in 1869; broken up in. | $1874$ |
| 1863 | Suncook | 1. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Charlestown | 395,000 | Broken up in...................... | 1874 |
| 1863 | Tunxis. | I. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Philadelphia..... | 386,000 | Name changed to Otsego in 1869 ; broken up in. | 75 |
| 1863 | Umpqua | I. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Cairo | 395,000 | Seld in....... | 1874 |
| 1863 | Wampanosg........ | W. S. | 15 | 380 | 3,281 | New York |  | Xeme changed to Florida in 1869 ; condemned in. | $78$ |
| 1863 | Wassuc | I. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Portland. | 386,000 | Broken up in. | 1875 |
| 1863 | Waxsa | I. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Baltimo | 396,000 | Name changed to Niobe in 1869 ; broken up in. | 874 |
| 1863 | Weehawken | I. M. | , | 50 | 840 | Jersey City. | 400,000 | Sank, Decembe | 1863 |
| 1863 | Winnebago | I. MDT. | 4 | 110 | 970 | St. Louis.......... | 303,000 | Name changed to Tornado, 1869; sold. | 1874 |
| 1868 | Yazoe. | I. 11. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Philadelphia ..... | 395,000 | Sold in. | 1874 |
| 1868 | Yuma | I. M. | 2 | 50 | 614 | Cairo........ .... | 395,000 | Sold in | 1874 |
| 1864 | Agamenticus $\ddagger$...... | I. MDT. | 4 | 120 | *1,564 | Portsmouth ...... | +129,000 | Name changed to Terror in 1869 ; at Norfolk. | 900 |
| 1864 | Alert | W. S. | 10 | 180 | 837 | Portsmouth . |  | Never compl |  |
| 1864 | Algoms | W. S. | 12 | 280 | 1,380 | Philadelphia ..... |  | Broken up in | 1874 |
| 1864 | Antiets | W. S. | 25 | 420 | 3,177 | Philadel phia ..... |  | A athorized but never complet |  |
| 1864 | Arapahoe | W. S. | 13 | 240 | 2,348 |  |  | Authorized but never built............ |  |
| 1864 | Confance | W. S . | 12 | 240 | 1,380 |  |  | Authorized but never built. ${ }^{\text {a }}$. ......... |  |
| 1884 | Contoocook. | W. S. | 12 | 240 | 2,3£8 | Portsmouth | 560,000 | Name changed to Albany, 1869 ; sold. | 1872 |
| 1864 | Delaware. Detroit... | W. S. | 12 | 240 | 1,380 | (See Piscstaqua.) |  | Never com |  |
| 1864 | Dictat | I. M. | , | 60 | 3,083 | New York | 1,125,000 | Condemned | 1882 |
| 1884 | Duaderb | I. S. | 10 | 320 | 5,090 | New York | 1,125,000 | Sold in. | 1867 |
| 1864 | Epervi | W. S. | 10 | 180 | 1,831 | Portsmo |  | Never complete |  |
| 1864 | Guerrie | W. S. | 25 | 480 | 3,177 | Boston | 689,000 | Sold in. | 872 |
| 1864 | Hassal | W. S. | 13 | 280 | 3,365 |  |  | Authorized bat |  |
| 1864 | Idaho | W. S. |  | 240 | 3,281 | New Yor | 623,000 | Condemned in. | 872 |
| 1864 | Illino | W. S. | 25 | 480 | 3,177 | Portsmout |  | Never completed. |  |
| 1864 | Java. | W. s . | 25 | 480 | 3,177 | New York |  | Never completed. |  |
| 1864 | Kalamazo | I. MDT. | 4 | 120 | 3,200 | New York. |  | Name changed to Colossus in 1869 ; never completed. |  |
| 1864 | Kansas | W. 5. | 8 | 160 | 593 | New Yor | †73,000 | Condemned in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 880 |
| 1864 | Keosanqua | W. S. | 13 | 220 | 2,348 |  |  | A athorized but never b |  |
| 1864 | Kewaydin | W. S. | 25 | 480 | 3,177 | Boston. | 680,000 | Name changed to Pennsylvania in I869; sold in. | 1874 |
| 1864 | Maniton | W. S. | 13 | 240 | 2,348 | Boston. | 542,000 | N ame changed to Worceste | 1869 |
| 1864 | Mnumee | W. S. | 4 | 120 | 593 | New York. | †73,500 | Swld in. | 1869 |
| 1864 | Meredosis. | W.s. | 12 | 220 | 1,380 | New York |  | Aathorized but never buil |  |
| 1864 | Miantonomoh | I. MDT. | , | 120 | *1,564 | New York |  | Rebuilt in 1874 ; League Iela | 1900 |
| 1864 | Minnetonka. | W. S. | 25 | 480 | 3,177 | Portamou | 692,000 | Name changed to California in 1869 ; sold in | 1816 |
| 1864 | Monadrock | I. MDT. | 4 | 120 | *1,564 | Boston. | +128,000 | Rebuilt in 1875 ; at Manila | 1900 |
| 1864 | Mondamin | W. S. | 13 | 280 | 2,348 |  |  | A uthorized but never built |  |
| 1864 | Mosholn | W. S. | 13 | 280 | 2,348 | New Yor |  | Nume changed to Severn, 1869 ; sold.. | 1877 |
| 1864 | Nantask | W. S. | 10 | 180 | 900 | Boston. | 180,000 | Sold in.................................. | 1879 |
| 1864 | Nipsic | W. S. | 4 | 140 | *593 | Portsmont | 88,000 | Prget Soun | 1900 |
| 1864 | Nyack | W. S. | 25 | 120 | 593 | Now York......... | +92,000 | Cozderaned in......................... | 1883 |
| 1864 | Ont |  | 25 | 480 | 3,177 | New York |  | Nume changed to New York in 1869 ; never completed. |  |
| 1864 | Passa | I. MDT. | 4 | 120 | 3,200 | Portsmouth |  | Name changed to Massachusetts in 1869 ; never completed. |  |
| 1864 | Peacock | W. 5 . | 12 | 240 | 1,380 |  |  | A athorized but never built............ |  |
| 1864 | Pequot | W.S. | 4 | 110 | 593 | Boston | +88,000 | Condemmed in | 1875 |
| 1864 | Piscata |  |  | 450 | 3,177 | Portsmouth | 718,000 | Name changed to Delaware in 1869 ; sold in. | 1878 |
| 1864 | Puritan $\ddagger$ | I. MDT. | 4 | 120 | *3,265 | New York |  | Hebuilt in 1874 ; Norfolk. | 1900 |
| 1854 | Pushmata | W. S. | 13 | 260 | 2,348 | Philadelphis..... | 684,000 | Name changed to Congress | 1869 |
| 1864 | Quinnebaugh | W.s. | 10 | 160 | 831 | New York... | 216,000 | Condemred in......................... | 1890 |
| 1864 | Quinsigamon | I. MDT. |  | 120 | 3,200 | Boston. | 680,000 | Name changed to Oregon in 1869 ; <br> broken up in............................... | 1882 |
| 1864 | Resaca | W. S. | 10 | 160 | 900 | Wrahing | 212,000 | Condemned in......... | $18{ }^{\text {" } 5}$ |
| 1864 | 8aco. | W. S. | 3 | 120 | 593 | Boston. | +75,000 | Condemned | 1880 |
| 1864 | Ssrapls | W. S. | 12 | 360 | 1,380 |  | +15.0. | A athorized but never built............ |  |
| 1864 | Shackamaxon | I. MDT. |  | 120 | 3,200 | Philadelphía ..... |  | Nume changed to Nebraska In 1869 ; broken up in. | $18^{*} 5$ |
| 1864 | Shawmut | W. S. | 8 | 120 | 593 | Portsmouth . | †92,000 | Condemned in.. | 1882 |
| 1864 | Taghkanic | W. S. | 12 | 240 | 2,348 |  |  | A athorized but never built |  |
| 1864 | Tahgayuts. | W. S. | 13 | 240 | 2,348 |  |  | Aathorized but never built. |  |
| 1864 | Talladega | W. S. | 12 | 240 | 1,380 |  |  | Authorized but never built. |  |
| 1864 | Terror |  |  |  |  | (SesAgarmenticus) |  |  |  |
| 1864 | Tonawanda $\ddagger$ | I. MDT. | 4 | 120 | 1,564 | Philsdelphis..... | $\dagger 130,000$ | Name changed to Amphitrite in 1869 ; rebuilt in 1874; opecial service..... | 1900 |
| 1864 | Wanaloset. | W. S. | 13 | 240 | 2,34S |  |  | Aathorized bot never ballt.. | .... |
| 1864 | Watauga | W. S. | 13 | 240 | 3,365 |  |  | A athorized but never built. |  |
| 1864 | Willame | W. S. | 13 | 240 | 2,348 |  |  | Aathorized but never built |  |
| 1864 | Yantic | W. S. | 4 | 130 | 900 | Philadelphia ..... | +68,500 | Laid up. | 1900 |
| 1865 | Franklin | W. S. | 52 | 560 | 5,170 | Portsmouth ...... | 960,000 | Receiving ship at Norfolk | 1900 |
| 1867 | Alaska. | W. S. | 10 | 220 | 1,740 | Boston........... | 420,090 | Conderaned in....................... | 1881 |
| 1867 |  |  |  |  | 1,740 | New York........ | 418,000 | Name changed to Plymorth ln 1869 ; condemned in. | 1887 |
| 1867 | Omah | W. S. | 10 | 220 | 2,400 | Philadelphia... | 518,000 | Marine Hospltal | 1900 |


|  | Name. |  |  | 5 | ¢ | Where Built. | Cost. | Remarkg. | ¢ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1872 | Swstars | w.s. | 6 | 180 | 1,900 | New York. | \$412,000 | Condemn | 1897 |
| 1874 | Alarm | Ram. |  |  | 800 | New York | 182,000 | Sold in. | 1875 |
| 1875 | Alert. |  |  |  |  | Chester... | 284,000 |  | 1900 |
| 1875 | Marion | w. S. | 8 | 220 | 1,900 | Kittery | 392,000 | Marine School, Boa | 1900 |
| 1875 | Trenton | W. S. | 11 | 250 |  | New York. | 480,000 | Wrecked st Apia | 1892 |
| 1876 | Adams | W. S | 6 | 160 | 1,375 | Boston | 340,000 | Trasing ship | 1900 |
| 1876 | Alliance | w. S. | 6 | 160 | 1,375 | Norfolk | 355,000 | Trasining ahip | 1900 |
| 1876 | Enterprise | W. S. | , | 140 | 1,375 | K1ttery. | 360,010 | Marine School, Bos | 1900 |
| 1876 | Essex. | W. S. | 6 | 140 | 1,375 | Kittery | 360,000 | Trsining shıp | 1910 |
| 1876 | Ranger | 1. $\mathrm{S}_{5}$ | ${ }_{4}^{6}$ | 140 | 1.020 | Wilmington | 278,000 | Mste laland. | 1900 |
| 1879 1879 | Nipsic | W.s. | 4. | 140 140 | 1.375 1,250 | Washington. |  | Puget Sound ${ }_{\text {Purchssed }}$ in Scolls | 1900 1900 |
| 1879 | Thetis. | W.s. |  | 140 | 1,250 | ..... | .... | Purchssed in Scotlsnd; | 1900 |

*Old tonnage. +Price of machinery; hull built by the Government. †An sppropriation of $\$ 3,178,046$ w 23 msde in 1873 to rebuild the Agamenticus (Terror), Puritan, Miantonomoh, Tonswanda (Amphitrite), snd Monadnock. Their present tonnage is 3,990 , excepting the Terror and Puritan, which art 6,060 tons.

## THE NEW NAVY

On the close of the civil war most of the vessels which the Government bad under construction were left unfinished. A few were completed and were commissioned after the war. A large number were sold or broken up, and it was nol until 1883 that the first ships of our present navy were begun. The first was the Dolphin, which was soon followed by the Chicago, Boston, and Atlanta. From the initial letters of these new ships they came to be known as the "A, B, C. D' of the new nary.

Abbreviations: W., Wood; I., Iron; St., Steel; C., Composite Gunboat; S., Screw; TS., Twin Screws; Tr. Si, Triple Screws; MDT., Double Turret Monitor: TT.. Torpedo Tubes; M. B., Main Battery.

|  | Name. | Material snd Propulslon. | Guns. M. B. | $$ |  | Where Built. | Cost. | Msin Bsttery. | 㥑 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1883 | Atsnts. | St. S. | 8 | 284 | 3,000 | Ckester | \$617,000 | 28 in., 66 in | 1900 |
| 1883 | Bostor. | St. S. | 8 | 284 | 3,035 | Chester | 619,000 | 28 in., 66 in | 1900 |
| 1883 | Chicago | St. TS. | 14 | 409 | 5,000 | Chester. | 889,000 | 48 in., 86 in., 25 | 1900 |
| 1883 | Dolphin. | St. S, | 3 | 115 | 1,486 | Chester | 315,000 | 34 in | 1900 |
| 1887 | Baltimore | St. TS. | 10 | 386 | 4,500 | San Francisco | 1,325,000 | 48 in., 66 in | 1900 |
| 1887 | Charleston | St. TS. | 8 | 300 | 4,040 | San Francisco | 1,017,000 | 28 in., 66 in | 1900 |
| 1887 | Newark | St. 'TS. | 12 | 387 | 4,098 | Philadelphia. | 1,248,000 | 126 in | 1900 |
| 1887 | Petrel | St. S. | 4 | 132 | 892 | Baltimore... | 247,000 | 46 in . | 1900 |
| 1887 | Veauvius | St. TS. | 3 | 70 | 929 | Philadel phia. .... | 350,000 | 315 in dynamite gu | 1900 |
| 1887 | Yo.ktown | St. TS. | 6 | 200 | 1,710 | Chester ... ...... | 455,000 | 66 in .. | 1900 |
| 1888 | Bennıngt | St. 'TS. | 6 | 197 | 1,701) | Chester | 490,000 | 66 in . | 1900 |
| 1888 | Concord. | Sı. TS. | 6 | 193 | 1,700 | Cheater | 490,000 | 66 n | 1900 |
| 1888 | Maine. | St. TS. | 10 | 362 | 6,648 | Brooklyn........ | 2,600,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 410 \text { in., } 66 \text { in.; blown } \\ & \text { Havana.................... } \end{aligned}$ | 1398 |
| 1888 | Phıladelphia. | St. TS. | 12 | 384 | 4,410 | Philadelphia. .... | 1,350,000 | 126 in. | 1900 |
| 1888 | San Fraucisco | St. TS. | 12 | 388 | 4,093 | San Francisco.... | 1,428,000 | 126 in. | 1900 |
| 1888 | Stileto. | W S. | 3 TT. | 15 | 318 | Briatol | 25,000 | 3 torpedo tubes | 1900 |
| 1889 | Cushing | St. TS. | 3 TT. | 25 | 105 | Bristol. | 82,750 | 3 torpedo tubes. | 1900 |
| 1889 | Ralergh | St. TS. | 11 | 312 | 3,213 | Norfolk | 1,100,000 | 16 in., 105 in. | 1900 |
| 1889 | Texas. | St. TS. | 8 | 362 | 6,315 | Norfolk | 2,500,000 | 212 in., 66 in | 1900 |
| 1890 | Cincinnat: | St. TS. | 11 | 312 | 3,213 | Brooklyn.... .... | 1,100,000 | $16 \mathrm{in} ., 105 \mathrm{in}$. | 1900 |
| 1890 | Culumbia | St. Tl.S. | 11 | 469 | 7,375 | Philadelpha. .... | 2,725,000 | 18 in., 26 in., | 1900 |
| 1890 | Detıcit.. | St. TS. | 10 | 277 | 2,069 | Battimore........ | 612,500 | $26 \mathrm{in} ., 85 \mathrm{in}$. | 1:00 |
| 1890 | Marbiehead | St. TS. | 10 | 274 | 2,089 | Boston. | 674,000 | $26 \mathrm{in} ., 85 \mathrm{in}$. | 1900 |
| 1890 | Montgomery | Si. TS. | 10 | 274 | 2,089 | Baltimore | 612,500 | $26 \mathrm{in} ., 85$ in. | 1900 |
| 1890 | New York.. | St. TS. | 18 | 566 | 8.200 | Philadelphia. | 2,985,000 | 68 in., 124 in | 1900 |
| 1890 | Olympis | St. TS. | 14 | 429 | 5,870 | San Franciaco.... | 1,796,000 | $48 \mathrm{in} ., 105 \mathrm{in}$ | 1900 |
| 1891 | Bancrof | St. TS. | 4 | 130 | 839 | New Jersey...... | 250,000 | 44 in . | 1900 |
| 1891 | Buffalo | St. S. | 8 | 250 | 6,000 |  | 575,000 | 66 in. | 1900 |
| 1891 | Castin | St. TS. | 8 | 153 | 1,777 | Bath. ............ | 318,000 | 84 in. | 1900 |
| 1891 | Indian | St. TS. | 16 | 465 | 10,810 | Philadelphia. .... | 3,063,000 | 413 in., 88 in., 46 in | 1900 |
| 1891 | Katahdi | St. TS. | 4 | 121 | 2,155 | Bath. | 930,000 | 46 pounders. | 1900 |
| 1891 | Machias | St. TS. | 8 | 153 | 1,777 | Bath. . . . . . . . . . | 318,500 | 84 in . | 1900 |
| 1891 | Massachus | St. TS. | 16 | 450 | 10,810 | Philadelphis..... | 3,063,000 | 413 in., 88 in., 66 in | 1900 |
| 1891 | Minneapol: | St. Tr.S. | 11 | 496 | 7,375 | Philadelphia. .... | 2,690,000 | $18 \mathrm{in.} ,26 \mathrm{in} ., 84 \mathrm{in}$. | 1900 |
| 1891 | Oregon... | St. TS. | 16 | 460 | 11,000 | San Francisco.... | 8,222,810 | 413 in., 88 in., 46 in. | 1900 |
| 1892 | Ericsson | St. TS. | 3 | 23 | 120 | Dubuque. | 113,500 | 3 torpedo tubes.. | 1900 |
| 1892 | Topeka.. | I. S. |  | 260 | 1.814 | England.......... | 170,327 | 64 in........ | 190 |
| 1893 | Brooklyn | St. TS. | 20 | 541 | 9,215 | Philadelphia. .... | 2,986,000 | 88 in., 125 in | 1900 |
| 1893 | lowa | St. TS. | 18 | 484 | 11,340 | Philadelphia. .... | 8,010,000 | $412 \mathrm{in} ., 88 \mathrm{in}$. | 1900 |
| 1894 | Helena | St. TS. | 8 | 133 | 1,397 | New port News.... | 280,000 | 84 in . | 1900 |
| 1894 | Nashville | St. TS. | 8 | 133 | 1,371 | Newport Newa.... | 280,000 | 84 in. | 100 |
| 1894 | Wilming ton. | St. Ts. | 8 | 133 | 1,397 | Newport News.... | 280,000 | 84 in | 1900 |
| 1896 | Alabama ... | St. TS. | 18 | 585 | 11,565 | Philadelphia. .... | 2,650,000 | 413 in | 1900 |
| 1896 | Albany. | St. S. | 6 | 285 | 3,437 | England.......... | Purchased. | 66 in | 1900 |
| 1896 | Annspolis | C. S. | 6 | 115 | 1,000 | Elizabethport.... | 227,700 | 64 in . | 1900 |
| 1896 | Du Pont. | St. TS. | 3 | 30 | 165 | Bristol | 147,000 | 3 torpedo tubes. | 1900 |
| 1896 | Foote. | St. TS. | 3 | 25 | 142 | Baltimore | 97,000 | 3 torpedo tubes | 1900 |
| 1896 | llinols | St. TS. | 18 | 585 | 11,565 | New port News... | 2,595,000 | Now building. | 1900 |
| 1896 | Kearsarge. | 8t. TS. | 22 | 520 | 11,525 | Newport News... | 2,250,000 | Now building. | 1800 |
| 1896 | Kentucky.. | St. T8. | 22 | 520 | 11,525 | Newport News... | 2,250,000 | Now building | 1900 |
| 1896 | Marietta.. | C. S . | 6 | 115 | 1,000 | Ean Franciseo.. | 223,000 | 64 in. | 1900 |
| 1896 | New Orlesns. | St. S. | 6 | 320 | 3,437 | England. | Purchased. | 66 ln . | 1900 |
| 1896 | Newport... | C. S. | 6 | 115 | 1,000 | Bath. | 229,400 | 64 in. | 1900 |



On April $7,18 \subseteq 9$, the Presidcnt nsmed the twelve new warshljs authorized by Congress to be buılt, as folluws: Battle-shlps, PennsylFauia, New Jersey, and Georgia; armored cruisers, West VirGinia, Nubraska, aud Callfornia; cruisers, Denver, Des Noines, Chattarooga, Galveston, I'acoma, and Cleveland.

The battle-ships Pennsylvania, New Jersey, and Georgia are described in the act authorizing them as follows: "Three sea-going coast-line battle-ships, carrying the heaviest armor and nost powerful ordaance for vessels of tineir class upon a trial displacement of ahout $\mathbf{1 3}, 500$ tons, to be sheathed and coppered, and to have the hishest practicable ijpepd and great radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armor and ammament, not exceeding $\$ 3,600$, vo0 each.

The armored cruisers are similarly described, excent that they are to cost $\$ 4,000,000$ each and are to have a displacement of 12,000 tous,

The cruisers are described as "protected cruisers of about 2,500 tons trial diaplacement, to be sheathed and coppered, and to have the highest speed compatibie with gond cruising qualities, great radius of action, and to carry the most powerfnl ordmance suited to vessols of their ciass, and to cost, exclusive of armament, not exceeding $\$ 1,141,800$ each.

## Diflatiux zianti of (ofiters <br> IH THE SAITED STATES ARMY ANO NAVY.

## Generals rank with Admirals.

Lientenant-Generals rank with Tice-Admirals. Major-Generals razk with Rear-Admirals. Brigadier-Generals rank with Cormmodores. Colonels rank with Captains.

Lieuteuant-Colonels rank with Commanders.
Majors rank with Lieutenant-Commanders.
Captains rank with Lieutenants.
Lieutenants rank with Ensigns.

## 

| Countries. | Population. | Sq. Miles. | Capitals. | Losntries. | Popnlation. | Sq Miles. | Capitals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| China. | 402,580,000 | 4,218,401 | Peking. | Turbish Empire....... .. | 33,559,787 | $\overline{1.652,533}$ | Coustantın'ple |
| Britiah Empire* | 385,280,140 | 11,712,170 | London. | Europezn Tirkey .. .. | 4.790,0u1 | 6:3,8:5 |  |
| Russian Empir | 128,9:32,173 | 8,560,395 | St. Petersbarz | Aslatic Turkey | 16.133 .900 | 724, 1:0 |  |
| United States. | +78,000.000 | 3,602,990 | W ashingtou. | Sripolt | 1.000000 | 398,873 | Tripol |
| United States and Colonies | + 87,000.000 | 3,756,884 | Washington | Bulgaria | 3.154,375 | 37,860 | Sofa |
| Fhilippines | 8,000.000 | 143.000 | Mauila. | Egypt. | 9,500,060 | 400,000 | Cairo. |
| Porto Rico | 900,009 | 3,600 | San Juan. | Italy. | 29,699,795 | 110,665 | Rorse |
| Hawaii | 109,029 | 6,740 | Honolulu. | Italy and Colonies | 34, $0 \div 0.785$ | 425 764 | Rome |
| Tutuila, | 9,1100 | 500 |  | Ahyssiua | 4.500400 | 184.000 |  |
| Guam. | 4,000 | 54 |  | Eritrea | $6 \times 10,000$ | 56,303 |  |
| France ard C | 63,766.9 ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 3,357,856 | Paris. | Somal | 210.060 | 70.000 |  |
| France | 38,517,975 | 204,177 | Paris. | Spain | 17,550,216 | 196.173 | Madrid. |
| Colonie | 21,448,054 | 2,923,679 |  | Spanish Africa. | 437.000 | 203 iff? |  |
| Algeria | 3,870,000 | $26 ; 0,000$ | Alpiers. | Spanish istands | 127.172 | 1957 |  |
| Senegal, | 18:3,237 | 550.000 | St. Lonis. | Brazil. | 18,090.0¢0 | 3,219.000 | Rir Javein |
| Tunis. | 1,500,000 | 45,000 | Tunis. | M1 xien | 12,578,861 | 767 ' 16 | Cit) of Mexi.a |
| Cayenn | 26,502 | 46,69i | Cayenne. | Korea | 10,514 000 | 85, 000 | Seoul. |
| Cambodia | 1,500,000 | 32,254 | Saigon. | Congo | 8,000 (tra) | 872,000 |  |
| Cocbin-China | 1,223,000 | 3,1702 |  | Persia. | 7,5in3. 100 | $63 \mathrm{c}, 000$ | reberau. |
| Tonquin. | 12,000,000 | 60,000 | Hanoi. | Portusal. | 4.93.178 | 34,0 ' | Lishoa |
| New C | 62,752 | 7,624 | Noumea. | Portucal an i Colonies... | 11.073.651 | 951785 | Lisbon. |
| Tahiti | 12,800 | 462 |  | Portuguese Africs | 5,116,440 | 841025 | .... |
| Sahara | 1,109.000 | 1,550.000 |  | Portugrese Asia | 847503 | 7423 |  |
| Madagasc | 3,500,000 | 230.000 | Antanansrivo | Sweden and Noway | 6,755,842 | 297.321 |  |
| Gerraan Emy | 52,279,901 | 211,108 | Berisn. | Swetien. | 4,74.3,491 | $172,87 i$ | Stocknuim. |
| Prussia | 31,855,123 | 134.467 | Berliu. | Norway | 2, 0000917 | 124, $9+5$ | Kristiama. |
| Bavar | 5,589,389 | 29,291 | 3 Lunich. | Mnroces | $6.500,410$ | 319, 650 | Fer |
| Saxony | 3,500,513 | 5,289 | Dresten. | Bulgiom.. | 6,010.043 | 11, $3: 3$ | Bruss-1s. |
| Warte:n | 2,035,443 | 7,53] | Stuttgart. | Siom | 5700 nom | 280.550 | Bampleck |
| Baden | 1,556,817 | - 5,503 | Karlarube. | Rov:man | 5,374, .090 | 46, 011 | Buchareat |
| Alsace- | 1,503,987 | 5, 002 . | Strasburg. | Argentive | 4.042 .9010 | 1, $935.01:$ | Brasus Ayres. |
| Hesse | 95b, 170 | 2,97:5 | Darmstait. | Cnlombia | $4.6041,000$ | 231, 120 | Brenta |
| Mecklenb | 575, 140 | 5,137 | Schwerin. | Afghaoist | 4, ¢nO) (-0 | 279,08 | $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{~b} \times 1$ |
| Harabur | 622,5:30 | 158. |  | Chile | 3 ,.50,000 | 255,8 , 0 | Sanliago. |
| Bruns | 322.580 | 1,425 | Brunswick. | Peru | 3,004,000 | 40:,0.10 | Lims. |
| Oldenbur | 341,250 | 2,479 | Oldezburg. | Switz | 2.9352, 34 | 15.481 | Bertip |
| Saxe-We | 313, 668 | 1,387 | Weimar. | Bolivia | 2.516000 | 472,000 | La Paz. |
| Anhait | 217, +693 | $90{ }^{\circ}$ | 1)essau. | Greece. | 2,4;3.80\% | 2.1, $\mathrm{Y}_{1}$ | Atheris |
| Saxe-Meining | 214,697 | 933 | Meiningen. | Denmark | 2,1-2, 205 | 14,:80 | Coperivageo. |
| Sexe-Coburg | 198,717 | 750 | Gotha. | Dermark aud Cionies. | 2,280,193 | 101.40 | Cope hageia |
| Bremen. | 180, +13 | 94 |  | Icelar | -2,415 | 29,75 | Ph jejırik. |
| Suxe-Alted | 163,124 | 511 | Altenhurg. | Green | 9.780 | 46.7 .46 | (ic.lbaab |
| Lippe. | 123,250 | $4 \% 2$ | 1)etinold. | W:-5t I | 33,753 | 118 |  |
| Reuss (Younger line) | 112,118 | 319 | Gera. | $V$ eneruel | 2.441 .81 s | 556159 | Carscas. |
| Mecklenburg-Strelitz. | 98,373 | 1,131 | Neu Strulitz. | Servia. | 2.076, 0.33 | 18,757 | Belgrado |
| Schwarzburg-Rulolstadt | 83, 43,9 | 363 | 12ulolstadt. | \epaut | 2, $\times 60,1100$ | 56.800 | Kıatmandu. |
| Schwarzburg-Soud's's'n. | 73,023 | 333 | S'nderchausen | Culua. | 1, hilo, (10) | 41.655 | Hzpana. |
| Lubeck. | 76.485 | 115 |  | Oman | 1,600.000 | 81.000 | *iuscat. |
| Waldeck | 56,565 | 433 | Arolsen. | Cuatem | 1,5?5, 6,32 | 4F,774 | N Guatemala. |
| Reuss (Elder line) | 53, 187 | 722 | Greiz. | Ficnador | 1,300,000 | 14,003 | Qu:\% |
| Schauniburg-Lipwe | 32,20+t- | 131 | Buckeinrg. | Liberia | 1,0:0,209 | 14, ef: | Honraria. |
| German Africa. | 5,950,680 | 822,000 |  | Mayti | 1,211,625 | 29,8. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Portan Prince |
| Austro-IIungarian Empure. | 41,827,700 | 201,591 | Vienna. | Transeaal | 1,094,156 | 119,13n | Pretoria. |
| Japan. | 41, טes, ?40 | 147,669 | Tok!o. | Salvadar | 800.500 | 7.22 | San Salvaror |
| Netherlan | 1,450.870 | 12,680 | The Fiague. | Urugus | 840.725 | 72,112 | Minatevideo. |
| Netherlands and Colories | $33,012,2 \mathrm{Al}$ | 778, 187 | The Hague. | Khiva | 7100.009 | 22,320 | Khivs. |
| Borneo | 1,073,500 | 203, 714 |  | Paraguay | 600.000 | 145,000 | Asmucion. |
| Celebe | 2,000,000 | 72,000 |  | Hondura | $4 \geq 0$ 0no | 42,5\%8 | Temucigalpa. |
| Java. | 21,974, 161 | 50,813 | Batavia. | Nicaragus | +20.000 | 51, 6150 | Managua. |
| Molnce | 853.0r0 | 42, 120 | Amboyra. | Dominicen l ${ }^{\text {epub }}$ | (6) 6000 | 20.59f, | San Domingo |
| New Gnin | 200,010 | 150,755 |  | Montenest | 245,380 | 3,45ti | Cettinje. |
| Sumatra | 2,750,000 | 176,7:4 |  | Costa Riea | -09,683 | 19, 985 | Snn Jose. |
| Surinam. | 57,142 | 46,060 | Paramariho. | Orange Free State......... | 207,503 | 48,32h | Bloemfontein. |

* These estimates of the popilation and area of the British Empire include the recently acquirer great possessions in Africa. For statistics in detail see tabuiar page entitled "The British Empire." + Estimated for Jannary 1, 1900.


## Cisil 领its of 路upana Sovercigut.

Austria-Hungarr, Emperor of, $\$ 8,870,000$.
Bavaria, King of, \$1,412.000.
Belgium, King of, still.000.
Deminarls, King of, \$227,775; and Crown Prince, \$33,330.
Greec $\ddagger$ King of, $\$ 260,000$, including $\$ 20,000$ a year each from Great Britain, Frauce, and tiussia.
Itaiy, King of, $\$ 2,858,000$, of which $\$ 180,000$ for family.
Netherlands, King of, $\$ 220,000$, also a large revenue from domains, and $\$ 62,500$ for royal family, courts, and palaces.
Norway and sweden, King of, $\$ 5 \overline{50}, 525$.
Portugal, King of, $\$ 634,440$.

Yrussia, King of, $\$ 3,859,770$; also a vast amount of private property, castles, forests, and estates, out of which the coult experditure and royal family are paid.
Roumania, King of, $\$ 237,000$.
Russia, 'zar of, bas private estates of more than $1,000,600$ square miles of caltivated land and forests, hesides gold and other mines in Siberia. The annaal income has been estimated at about $\$ 12,000,000$.
Saxon5, King of, \$735,000.
Servia, King of, $\$ 240,000$.
Spain. King of, $\$ 1,400,000$, hesides $\$ 600,000$ for family.
Würtemberg, King of, $\$ 419,00^{2} 0$ - Barker's Facts.

#  

## December 1, 1899.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.
EMPIRE.
Minister Foreign Affairs-Count Goluchowski.
Minister Finance-B. Benjamin von Kállay Minister Finance-B. Benjamin von Kállay
$\left.\right|^{\text {Minister War-Baron Edler von Krieghammer. }}$
AUSTRIA.
Premier and Minister Agriculture-Count Clary-Aldringen.
Minister Defences-Count Welsersheimb.
Minister Railzoays-Dr von Wittek
Minister Publac Instruction-Dr. von Hartel.
Premier and Minister Interior-Koloman von Szell. |Minister Agriculture-Ignatius Daranyi.
Minister Defences-Baron Géza Féjerváry
Minister Commerce-Alexander von Hegedus.
Minister Education and Horship-Dr. J. Wlassitch. Minister Finance-Ladislas Lukajs.

Minister Finance-Herr von Kniazolucki.
Minister Interior-Dr. von Körber. Minister Justice-Dr von Stibral. Minister for Galicia-Dr. Kindinger.

## HUNGARY.

## FRANCE.

President and Minister Interior-Waldeck Rousseau.
Minister Foreign Affairs-M. Delcassé.
Minister Agriculture-M. Viguier.
Minister Finance-M Caillaux.
Minister Colonies-M. Decrals.
Minister Commerce-M. Millerand.
Minister Justice-Dr. Plosz.
Minister for Croatia-Erwin Cseh.
Minister at Court of Vienna-Count Emmanuel
szechényi.
Minister Marine-M. de Lanessan. Minister War-Gen, de Galliffet. Minister Public Works-M Baudin. Minister Justice and Worship-M. Monis.
Minister Instruction and Arts-M. Leygues.
Minister Posis and Telegraphs-M Mougeot.

## ANY.

Chancellor of the Empire-Prince Clovis von Ho-
henlohe-Schillingsfürst
Minister Foreign Affairs-Count von Bülow.
Minister Interior-Count von Posadowski-Wehner.
Minister Marine-Admıral Tirpitz.
Minister Justice-Dr Nieberding.
Minister Finance-Baron von Thielmann.
Minister Post.Office-Generai von Podbielski.
Minister Railrouds-Dr. von Thielen.

## ITALY.

President and Minister Interior-General Luigi Pelloux.

Minister of Finance-Signor Darmino.
Minzster Foreign Affairs-Marquis Visconti Venosta.
Minister Justice-Signor Bonasi.
Minister Treasury-Signor Boselli.
Minister War-General Mırri.
Minister Marine-Vice-Admiral Bettolo.
Minister Instruction-Signor Baccolii.
President of the Council-M. Dournovo.
Minister Foreign Affairs-Count Muravieff.
Minister Finance-M de Witte. Minister Agriculture-Signor Salaindra. Minister Public Works-Signor Lacava
Minister Posts and Telegrayhs-Signor Di San Giuliano.

Minister Interior-M Zipyegin.
Minister Instruction-M Bogolepoff.
Minister Imperial Household-Baron Frederiks.

## RUSSIA.

NETHERLANDS.
Presiden and Minister Foreign Affairs-M.W. H. de Beaufort.
Minester Interior-M. H. Goeman Borgesins. Minister Colonies-M J.T Cremer
Minister Justice-M. P. W. A. Cort van der Linden.
Minister Imperial Domains and Agriculture-M. Yermoloff.
Minister War-Lientenant-General Kouropatkin.
Minister Marine-Vice-Admiral Tirtoff.
Minister Justice-M Muravieff
D/inister Public Works-Prınce Khilkoff.

EELCIUM.
Premier, Finance, and Public Works-M. De Smet Minister Aariculture-M. van der Bruggen.
De Naeyer.
Minister War-M. K. Eland.
Minister Finance-M N. G. Pierson.
Minister Marine-M. J. J. A. Röell.
Minister Commerce-M. C. Lely.

Minister Foreign Affairs-Paul de Pavereau.
Minister Justice-M. van den Heuvel.
Minister Interior and Public Instruction-M, de Trooy. Minister War-General d'Alkemade.
SPAIN.
President of Council and Minister Foreign Affairs-
Sefior Silvela.
Minister War-General Azcarraga.
Minister Marine-Admiral Goməz Imaz.
Minister Interior-Senor Dato.
Minister Finance-Senor Villaverde.
Minister Public Works-Marquis Pidel.
Minister Justice-Oount Torreanaz.
, SWEDEN AND NORWAY.
sWEDEN.
Prime Minister-E. G. Bostrōm.
Minister Foreign Affairs-E. Orusebjōrn.
Minister Justice-P. S. L. Annerstedt.
Minister War-
Minister Marine-G. Dyrssen.
Minister Interior-T. E. von Krusenstjerı1o.
Minister Finance-Count H. H. Wachtmeister. Minister Instruction-N. L. A. Claëson.

## NORWAY.

President of Council and Minister of Justice-J. W. | Minister Justice-O. A. Zoam.
C. Steen.

Minister War-Colonel P. T. Holet.
Minister Interior-G. A. Thilesen.
Grand Vizier-Khalil Rifaat Pacha. Hinister Foreign Affairs-Tewfik Pachs.
Minister Interior-Memdouh Pacha. Minister Finance-Reshad Bey.
Minister Justice-Abdurrahman Pacha.

Minister Finance and Customs-E. Sunde.
Minister Public Worles-J. G. Lōvland.
Minister Religion and Instruction-V. A. Wexelsen.

## TURKEY.

Minister War-Riza Pachs.
Minister Instruction-Zuhdi Pacha.
Minister Marine-Hassan Pacha.

- Miniser Public Works-Zihnı Pacha.

Minister Worship-Ghalib Pacha.

DECEMBER $1,1899$.

| Country. | Official Head. | Title. | Born. | Acceded. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Abyssinia. | $\overline{\text { M }}$ | Fimp | 1843 T | March 12, 1889 |
| Afghanista | Abdur Rahr | 1 me | 1845 J | July 32,1880 |
| Annam | Thanh Thai | King | 1879 J | Jan. 30,1889 |
| Argentine Repub | Julio A. | Presid |  | Oct. 12,1898 |
| Austria-Hungary | Francis Josep | Emperor........ | Aug. 18,1830 | Dec. 2,1848 |
| Baluchistan. ... Belgium | Mir Mahmud. | Khan <br> King. |  |  |
| Belgium. Bokhara | Leopold II.. | Kin | April 9, 1835 | Dec. <br> Nov. <br> 12,1865 |
| Bolivi | General Pan | Presid |  | Oct. 24,1899 |
| Borne | Hasim Jalilal Alam | Sultan |  | May, 1885 |
| Bra | Sefior Campos Sa | Pres |  | Oct. 1898 |
| Bulga | Ferdinand. | Frince | Feb. 26,1881 | Aug. 11, 1887 |
| Chile | Frederico Err | Pre |  | Sept. 18, 1896 |
|  | Kuang Hsú (Dowager Empress rules) ................................... | Emperor | Aug. 3, 1872 | Jau. 12, 1875 |
| Colombia | M. A. Sanclement | Presiden | Oct. 28, 1814 | Aug. 6,1898 |
| Congo Fre | Lenpold (King of the Belgians) . | Sovereign | April 9,1835 | April 30,1885 |
| Costa Ric | Rafael Iglesias | President | 1864 | May 8,1898 |
| Dahomey | Guthili | King |  | Jan. 15,1894 |
| Denmark | Christian | Kin | April 8,1818 | Nov. 15,1863 |
| Dominican | Juan Isidro J | Pres |  | Nov. 11,1899 |
| Ecuador | General Eloy A | Presid |  | Sept., 1895 |
| Egypt. | Abbas Pach | Khéd | July 14, 1874 | Jan. 7,1892 |
| France | Emile Loub | Presid | Dec. 31,1838 | Feb. 18,1899 |
| Germany | William I1. | Emperor .... $\}$ | Jan. 27,1859 | June 15,1888 |
| Prussia | William <br> Otto. | king. . ....... <br> king. | April 27, 848 | June 13. 1886 |
| Saxony | Aber |  | April 23.1828 | Oct. 29,1873 |
| Würtem | William I | Kin | Feb. 25,1848 | Oct. 6, 1891 |
| Baden | Frederick | Grand | Sept. 9, 1826, | Sept. 5. 180̆6 |
| Hess | Ernst Loui | Grand | NJv. 25, 1868 | March 13, 1892 |
| Lippe- | Alexander (A. | Pril | Jan. 16, 1831 | March 20, 1895 |
| Anhalt | Frederick. | Duke | April 29, 1831 | Bay 22,1851 |
| Brunswi | Prince Albre | Regent | May 8,1837 | Oct. 21,1885 |
| Mecklenburg-Schwerin. | Frederick Francis IV.(A Regency). | Graud Dul | April 9,1882 | April 10,1897 |
| Mecklenburg-Strelitz. | Frederick | Grand Duke | Oct. 17,1819, | Sept. 6, 1860 |
| Oldenburg | Peter | Grand Duke | July 8,1827 | Feb. 27, 1853 |
| Saxe-Altenburg |  | Duk | Sept. 16, 1836 | Aug. 3,1853 |
| Saxe-Coburg and Gotha | Alfred (Duke of Edinbur | 1)uk | Aug. 6, 1844 | Aug. 22.1893 |
| Saxe-Meiningen | George II. | Duk | April 2,1826 | Sept. 20,1866 |
| Saze-Weimar | Karl Al | Gra | June 24,1818 | July 8,1853 |
| Waldeck-Pyrmont | Frederick | Princ | Jan. 20,1865 | May -12,1893 |
| Great Britain and Ireland | Victoria | Que | May 24,1819 | June 20,1837 |
| Greece | George | King. | Dec. 24,1845 | Oct. 31,1863 |
| Guatem | Manuel Estrado Cab | Presid | Dec. 24, 1856 | Sept. 25, 1898 |
| Hayti. | General Tiresias Simon | President | May 15, 1835 | March 31, 1896 |
| Hondur | Terencio Sie | Preside |  | Feb., 1899 |
| India, E | Victoria. | Empr | May 24,1819 | Jan. 1,1877 |
| Italy . | Humbert | King. | March 14,1844 | Jan. 9,1878 |
| Japan. | Mutsulito | Mik | Nov. 3,1853 | Feb. 13, 1867 |
|  | Seld Mehon | Kahn |  |  |
| Korea | Li Hsi | Emp | July 25, 1851 |  |
| Liberia | William David Coleman | Presiden |  | Nov. 13, 1896 |
| Luxemb | A dolphus (Duke of Nassau) | Grand | July 24,1817 | Nov. 23.1890 |
| rexico | (reneral Porfirio Diaz. | Pres |  | Dec. 1,1896 |
| Monac | Albert. | Prínce | Nov. 13,1848 | Sept. 10.1889 |
| Montene |  | Princ | Oct. 7,1841 | Ang. 14, 1860 |
| Morocc | Muley Abdul Azziz | Sultan | 1878 | June 11.1894 |
| Nepal. | Surendra Bikram ShamsherJang | Maharaj | 1874 | 1884 |
| Netherland | Wilhelmina, | Queey | Aug. 31,1880 | Sept. 6. 1898 |
| Nicaragua | General José S. Zel | Presid |  |  |
| Oman | Seyyid Feysal bin | Sultar |  | June 41888 |
| *Orang? | M. T. Steyn | Preside |  | Feb. 191846 |
| Paragua | Emilio A cev | Presid |  | Nov. 25.1898 |
| Persia. | Mnzafer ed | Shah. |  | May 1,1896 |
| Peru | Eduardo Rom | Presid |  | Alig. 14. 1899 |
| Portuga | Carlos | King. | Sept. 28,1863 | Oct. 19, 1889 |
| Rounza | Charles | King | April 20,1839 | March 261881 |
| Russia | Nicholas | Empe | May 18,1863 | Nov. 2, 189.4 |
| alvad | Tomas Rega | Presuden |  | Ňov. 19.1898 |
| Sarawa | Sir Charles | Raja | June 3,1829 | June 111868 |
| Servia | Alexander | King | Ang. 14, 1876 | March 6, 1889 |
| Siam | Khonlalong | King. | Sept. 21, 1853 | Oct. 11888 |
| Spain | Alphonso XIII. (a minor) | King. | May 17,1886 | Nay 17.1885 |
| Sweden and Norway | Oscar II....................... |  | Jan. 21, 1829 | Sept. 18.1872 |
| Switzerland | E. Mülle | Presiden |  | Dec. 21.1898 |
| *Transval(S.AfricanRep | Stephanus J. Paul Kruger | Presiden | Oct. 10, 8825 | Feb., 1898 |
| Tunis | idi Ali Pasha | Bey | Det. 5,181 | Oct. 28.1882 |
| Turke | Abdul Hamid | Sultan | Sept. 22, 1842 | Aug. 31. 1876 |
| United States of A merica. | William McK | President. | Jan. 29,1843 | March 4.1897 |
| Uruguay | Juan Liudolpho | President |  | March 11899 |
| Venezuel | Cipriano Castro. | President. |  | Nov. . 1899 |
| Zanzibar. | Hamoud bin Mohamed. | Sultan(Seyyid) | ) 1805 | Aug. 27, 1896 |

*Will probably lose their independence at the end of the war with Great Britain.

| ABEANGED ACCORDING TO．TEE DATRS OF THEIR ACCESSION TO THE THRONE． |  | ARRANGED ACCORDING TO THETE RESPECTIVE AGRS． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sotrbeigns． |  |
| Victoria，Queen of Great Britain，etc．．．．． 1837 | 18 |  | y．m．d． |
| Francis Joseph，Enaperor of Austria．．．．． 1848 | 18 | Leo XIIT．．Pop | $1089 \quad 929$ |
| Frederick，Grand Duke of Baden．．．．．．．．． 1852 | 25 | A dolphus，Grand Dinke of Linxembourg | $181782 \quad 5 \quad 7$ |
| Peter，Grand Duke，Oldenburg．．．．．．．．．．．． 1853 | 25 | Adolphus，Pr．of Schaumburg－Lippe．． | 1817825 |
| Charles，Crand Duke，Saxe－Weimar．．．．． 1853 | 35 | Christian IX，King of Denmark． | 181881823 |
| Frnest，Duke of Saxe－Altenburg．．．．．．．．．． 1853 | 26 | Charles，Grand Dnke of Saxe－Weimar． | 18188166 |
| John II．，Prince of Liechtenstein．．．．．．．．．180̄5 | 18 | Victoria，Queen of \＆reat Britain．．．．．．．． | $1819807$ |
| Henry XXII．，Pr．of Relnss（Elder line）． 1859 | 13 | Frederick William，Grand Duke of Meckienburs－sitrelitz |  |
| Nicholas，Prince of Montenegro．．．．．．．．．． 1860 | 19 | Mecklenburc－strelitz．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． <br> Gearge II．，Duke of Faxe－Meiningen | $\begin{array}{lll} 181980 & 2 & 13 \\ 1826 & 73 & 8 \\ 28 \end{array}$ |
| Frederick Mecklenburg－Strelitz．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1860 | 40 | George II．，Duke of Saxe－Meiningen Frederick Grand Duke of Baden． | $\begin{array}{llll} 1826 & 73 & 8 & 28 \\ 1 \times 26 & 73 & 3 & 21 \end{array}$ |
| Adolphus，Prince of Schaumburg－Lippe．18\％0 | 43 | Ernest，Inke of saxe－Altenburg | $82873-314$ |
| George I．，King of the（ireeks．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1863 | 17 | Peter，Grind Duke of Oldenbur | $1 \times 2772583$ |
|  | 45 | Albert，King of Saxony | 1828718 |
| Leopold II．，King of the Belglans．．．．．．．．． 1865 | 30 | Osciar I1．Fing of sweden and Norway | 1829／70 1110 |
| Charles，King of Ponmmania．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 18 湤 | 26 | Charies，Pruce of Schwarzburg－Sion－ |  |
| George II，Duke of saxe－Meiningen．．．． 1866 | 40 | dershausen | 183069424 |
| Henry XIV．，Prince of Reuss（ Y vunger |  | Francis Joseph，Emperor of A ustria． | 183069413 |
| line） $\square$ 1867 | 35 | Erederick，Duke of Anhalt | $831.68 \quad 8-2$ |
| Frederick，Duke of Anhalt．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1871 | 40 | Henry XlV．Pr，of Peuss（ ${ }^{\text {r }}$ ，nger | $1838.67 \quad 7 \quad 3$ |
| Oscar II．King of Sweden and Norway． 1812 | 43 | Leopold II．，King of the Belgians | $1885648=1$ |
| Alhert，King of siaxony ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．18．33 | 45 | Charles，King of Ronmania | 183960819 |
| Abdul Hamid，Sultan of Turkey．．．．．．．．．． 18 | 33 | John II．．Prince of Liechtenstei | $1840.59 \quad 226$ |
| Hambert I．，King of Italy ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 | 34 | Nicholas，Prince of Monteuegro | 34158233 |
| Leo XIII．．Pope．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1878 | 68 | Abdul Hamucl，Sultan． | $842 \quad 6738$ |
| Charles，Prince |  | Humbert I．，King of Italy．． | 1844595917 |
| havsen．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 | 49 | Alfred，Duke of Saxe－Coburg－ | $194+55 \quad 420^{\circ}$ |
| Alphonso XIII |  | George I．Iing of the（ireeks | 1845 540 |
| Otto I．，King of Patar | 0 |  | 8465393 |
| Whilan IL．，（erms | 29 | W゙illam，King of Wiirtem | 34851103 |
| Alexander I．，King of Sel | 13 |  | 8485188 |
| Alhert，Prince of Monaco | 41 | Albert，Prince of BIonaco | 8,1851117 |
| Charles I．，King of Portngal．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 18.189 | 26 | Wilither，Pr．of Schwarzb＇g－Rudol | 1852474 |
| Gunther，Pr．of Schwarzbure－Pidolstadi 1880 | 8 | Williara Il．，German Emperor． | 185940114 |
| Adnlthhns，（irand Dukenf Luxembuurg． 1880 | 13 | Adolphis．Prince of Liple－Detr | 185940511 |
| Wilhelmina，Queen of Vetherlands．．．．．．． 1890 | 10 | Charles I．King of Portuga | 18632534 |
| William．Kins of Wiiltentberg．．．．．．．．．．． 1 1 | 43 | Erederick，Prince of Waldecz | 1865 ＇34 1111 |
| Irnest Louis，（i and Duke of ILesse ．．．．． 1892 | 23 | Nicholas II．，Emperor of Russia | S483 31714 |
| Frederick，l＇rimee of Wialdecz．．．．．．．．．． 18 | 28 | Ernest Louis，（irand Duke of Hess | C08 3116 |
| Alfrea，Dinlise of Saxe－Cohury Goths ．．．． 1893 | 48 | Alezander I．，King of אervia． | 187623418 |
| Nicholes II．，Etinperor of Ruseia ．．．．．．．18．4 | 28 | Wilhelmina，Qtreen of Netherlan | $18801941$ |
| Acholphus，Princi of Lippe－Detmold．．．． 1895 | $20^{\circ}$ | Frederiek IV Grand Duke of M |  |
| Frederick IV．，Grand Duke of Mecklen－ <br> burg－Schwerin | 15 | Alphonso XIII．，King of Spain ．．．． | 1882 17 0 1 <br> 1886,13 7 14  |

COS＇Ob THE BRITISH ROYAL FANITLY．
The annulties raid by the Britisk people to the roval family for its support are as follows：The

 Duke of Connaught，$\$ 125,000$ ；Princess Beatrice，$\$ 30,(n 0)$ ；I）like nf Canbricge（the Queen＇s enusin），
 children of the Prince of Wales，$\$ 180.000$ ．Total．$\$ 2.650,000$ ．The Queen also reefires the revenues of the Duchy of Lancaster．During recent years these hive amonnted to abont $\$ 250,000$ per annum． When the royal children marry dowries are lisilally provified for them．The last of the Queen＇s chil－ dren to marry，Princess Beatrice，received $\$ 150,(1,0$ as dowry fron the British peopie by Parliamentary grant．The Duchess of Teck，the Queen＇s cousin．who died in 1897，enjoyed an annuity of $\$ 2 \overline{0}, 000$ ．

## THE RULERS OF FRANCE FROM THE REVOLUTION OF 1792. <br> （Whitaker＇s Almanack．）

The First Republic．
The National Convention first sat．
Sopt．21， 1792
Nivov．1，1785
The Consulate．
Bonaparte，Cambacérès，and Lebrun．．Dec．34，1799
Bonaparte，Consul for 10 years．．．．．．．．．．．May 6， 1902
Bonaparte，Consul for life．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．Aug．2． 1802
The Empire．
Napolenn I．decreed Emperor．
Napoieoll（beven reigned）．．．．．．．．ATay 18， 1801
．．died July 20， 1832
The Restoration．
Lonis XVIIL，re－enterad Paris ．．．．．．．．May 3， 1814
Charles X．（dep．July 30．1850，d．Nov．6，1830） 1824 The House of Orleans．
Louis Philippe，King of the French．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1830
（Abdicated Feb．24，18：3，died Aug．26，1850．）

## The Second Kepublic．

Provisional Gorernment formed．．．．．．．．Feb．22， 1848 Louis Napoleou elected Presillent．．．．．．．．Dec．19，1848

The Second Empire．
Napoleon III．elected Fmperor．．．．．．．．Not．22， 1852 （Deposed Sunt．4．1870，died Jan．9，1873．）

## The Third Republic．

Committee of Public Defence．．．．．．．．．．．Sept．4． 1870 I．A．Thicrs elpeted Presid nt．．．．．．．．．．A Ag．31． 1871 Marshai Mac Jahon elected President．May 24， 1878 Jules Grévy eiected Presiclent．．．．．．．．．．．．Jan．30． 1879 Marie F．S．Carnot elected President．．Dee． 3,1887 （A－sassinated at Lyoic，Jure 21，1994．）
Jean Casimir Perier elected President．June 27， 1894 Felix Francois Faure elected F＇res＇t．．．．Jan．17， 189 อ Emile Loubet，elected Presideut．．．．．．．．Feb．18， 1899

# 彐eigntug $\sqrt{y}$ amilies OF THE PRINCIPAL EUROPEAN COUNTRIES. <br> AUSTRIA-HUNGARY. 

Francis Joseph I., the Emperor of Austria and King of Finngary, was born August 18, 1830, and was proclaimed Emperor of Austrla after the abdication of his uncle, Ferdlnand I., on December 2, 1848. He was crowned King of Hungary June 8, 1867. He married, in 185-1, Elizabeth, a daughter of Duke Maximilian of Bavaria. She died by the hand of an Anarchist in Geneva, September 10, 1898. They had issue:

1. Archduchess Gisela, born 1856; married to Leopold, son of the Regent Luitpold of Bavarian Issue, two daughters and two sons.
2. Archduke Rudolph, late heir apparent, born 1853; died by suicide 1889. He married, 1881, Stephanie, daughter of the present King of the Belgians, and had issue one daughter, the Archduchess Elizabeth, born 1883.
3. Archduchess Marie Valerie, born 1888; married, 1590, Archduke Francis-Salvator of Tuscany.

On the death of the Crown Prince, in 1889 , the right of succession to the throne passer to the Emperor's eldest brother, the Archduke Charles Louis, who was born 1853. and died 1893; he married, 1862 (second niarriage), the Princess Annunciata, daughter of King Ferdinand 11. of Naples, and had issue the Archdure Ferdinand, born 1863, who is the heir presunptive to the throne and is unmarried; the Archduke Otto, boru 1865, and married to the Princess Marie Josefa of saxony, and has two sons (Archdukes Charles, born 1837, and Maximilian, boru 1895), the Archduke Ferdinand, born 1868, and unmarried, and the Archduchess Margaret sophia, borm 1870, who married, in 1393: Albert, Duke of Wirtemberg. By a third marriage, t ic Archake Charles Louis had two daughters.

The Emperor has a second brother, the A rchduke Louis Victor, born 1842, and who is unmarried.
There are eighty-six other archdukes and archduchesses of Austria, cousins of the Einperor, collateral relatives of the reigning house and menbers of the formerly reigaing branches of Tuscany and Modena. The family is descended from Count Rudolph of Hapsburg, who was elected Emperor of Germany in 1273.

## BAVARIA.

Otto, King of Bavaria, was born April 2\%, 1818, and succeeded his brother, Iudwig II., June 13, 1SS6, when that mad monarch committed suicide hy drowning himself in the Starnberg Lake. Otto is also crazy, and is shut upin one of his chateaux, hid the kingdom is goverued by Prince Luitpoh, his uncle, as regent. The latter is also the heir apparent to the throne; was bom in 1821 ; married, 1844 , the Austrian Archduchess Augusta of Tuscany, who is dead, and has four children:

1. Prince Louis, born 184õ; married the Austrian Archduchess Maria Theresa, and has seven daughters and foursons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Intupert, born 1869.
2. Prince Leopold, born 1810; married to the Austriau Arohduchess Gisela, daughter of the Em. peror Francis Joseph I. There are two laughters and two sons.
3. Princess Theresa, born 1 SJ0.
4. Prince Arnulf, married, and has a son.

King Otto has five cousins who bear prin ely titles, children of his dead uncle, A dalbert
The royal house of Bavaria comes from tre counts of Wittelsbach of the twelfth century. one of whose descendants was elevated to the rank of Elector, and a later one made King by Napoleon I.

## BELGIUM.

Leopold II., Kiug of the Eelgians, was born April 3,1835 , and was a son of Leopold I. , Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (uncle of Queen Victoria) who was elected King of the Belgians in 1831, and Princess Louise, daughter of King Lonis Philippe of France, The preseut King, who asconded the throne in 1855, was married, in 1853, to the Austrlan Archduchess Marie Henriette, and has the following children:

1. Princess Louise, born 1858; married to Prince Philippe of Saxe-Coburg-Cotha.
2. Princess Stephanie, born 1804: marriec, 1881, to the late Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria, and has one daugliter.
3. Princess Clementine, born $18 \% 2$.

The King's brother is Priuce Philipne, Count of Flanders, born in 1837; married to the Hohenzollern Princess Marie. He has renonticed his right to the throne in favor of his son, Prince Albert, who is, therefore, the present heir apparent. ILe had two sons, the eldest being Baldwia, who died in 1891, and the other, Albert, born in 18.5 Prince I'hilippe has also two daughters, Henriette, born 1870, and Josephine, born 18\%; married, 1834, to Priace Charles of Hohenzollern-sigmaringen.

The sister of the King is the hapless ex-Empress Carlotta of Mexico, widow of Maximilian. She was born in 1840, widowed in 1807, has no childıen, and is now insane.

## DENIARR.

Christinn IX., King of Denmark, born April 8, 1818, was Duke of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonder-burg-Gliicksburg, and succeeded to the throne of i) llinark by virthe of tieaty and the law of the Danish successiou on the death of his kinsman, Fre lerick VIt, in 1863. He married the Princess Louise of Hesse-Cassel, who died September 29, 1838, and has had the following offspring:

1. Prince Royal Frederick, born 1843; marrled to the Princess Lonise of Sweden in 1869 and has three daughters and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Christian, born in 1870, and married, 1898, Princess Alexandra, of Mecklenburg, and bas a son, born 1899: aud the second, Prince Charles, born 1872 ; married, 1896 , Princess Mand, third danghter of the Prince of Wales.
2. The Princess of Wales (Alexandra), born 1844; married the Prince of Wales, 1863, and has four living children.
3. The King of the Greeks (George I.), born 1845; married to the Grand Duchess Olga of Russia, and has one daughter and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Constantine.
4) The Dowager Empress of Russia (Dagmar), born 1847; married the late Czar Alexander III. in 1866, and has five children.
5. The Duchess of Cumberland (Thyra), born 1953; married the present Duke of Cumberland (English title), son of the ex-King of Hanover, in 1878, and has three sons and three daughters. She became insane in 1887.
6. Prince Waldemar, born 1858; married, 1885, the Princess Marie of Orleans, davghter of the Duke of Chartres, and has four suns and a daughter. He was elected reigning Prince of Bulgari: in 1886, but declined.

## REIGNING FAMILIES-Continued.

## GERMANY.

Whillam II.. German Emperor and King of Prussia, was born January 27, 1859; succeeded his father, the Emperor Frederick III, June 15, 1888. He married the Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein-Souderburg-Augustenburg (born 1858), and has had issue:

1. Frederick William, Crown Prince, born 1882; 2. William Eitel-Frederick, born 1883; 3. Adalbert, born 1884; 4. Angustus, born 1887; 5. Oscar, born 1888; 6. Joseph, born 1890; 7. Victoria Louise, born 1892.

The Emperor's brotber is Prince Henry, born 1862, and married, 1888, to his cousin, Princess Irene of Hesse, daughter of the late Princess Alice of England, and has two sons; and the Emperor has four sisters, all the children of the late Emperor Frederick and the Princess Victoria of England (Dowager Empress), who survives. The sisters are:

1. Princess Charlotte, born 1860; married, $18 \% 8$, to George, bereditary Prince of Saxe-Meiningen, and has one daughter.
2. Princess Victoria, born 1866; married, 1890, to Prince Adolphus of Schaumburg-Lippe (Regent of Lippe-Detmold).
3. Princess Sophia, born 18\%0; married, 1889, to Constantine, Crown Prince of Greece, and has two sons and a daughter.
4. Princess Margaret, born 1872; married, 1893, to Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, and has tbree sons.

The Emperor has an aunt, the Princess Louise, born 1838, married to the present Grand Duke of Baden; and he has a number of cousins, descendants of the brothers and sisters of the Emperor William I. One of these, Prince Albert, born 1837, is a field marshal in the German Armv, and another, Princess Margaret, daughter of the late Prince Frederick Charles, is the wife of the Jsritish Duke of Connaught, son of Queen Victoria. The reigning family is descended from Frederick of Hohenzollern, a German count, in 950, and Frederick W'illiam, the Elector of Brandenburg, 1640-88, whose son became King of Prussia.

## GREECE

George I., King of the Hellenes, born December 24, 1845, elected King in 1863. He is the son of the present King of Denmark, Christian IX., and brother of the Princess of Wales and the dowager Empress of Russia. He married, 1867, the Grand Duchess Olga, eldest daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia, grand uncle to the present Emperor. They hare had six living children, five sons and one daughter, The eldest son is:

Prince Constantine, born 1868; married, 1889, the Princess Sophia, sister of the present German Emperor, and has two sons, Prince George, born 1890, and Prince Alexander, born 1893, and a daughter, Princess Helen, born 1896.

The King's eldest daughter, Alexandra, married, in 1889, the Grand Duke Paul, uncle of the present Emperor of Russia, and died September 24, 1891, leaving a daughter and a son.

## ITALY.

Humbert Io, King of Italy, was born March 14, 1844, and was the eldest son of Victor Emmanuel, the first King of United Italy. He succeeded his father in 1878. He married, in 1868, his cousin Margherita, daughter of Ferdinand, Duke of Genoa, and they have had issue one child only:

1. Victor Emmanuel, Prince of Naples, heir apparent, born 1869; married, 1896, Princess Helene, daughter of Nicholas, Prince of Montenegro.

The following are the sisters of the King:

1. Princess Clotilde, born 1843 ; married, 1859 , to Prince Napoleon Jerome Bonaparte, the late head of the Bonaparte family, and has issue two sons and a danghter, Letitia. (See "Bonapartists. "')
2. Princess Pia, born 1847, and married, 1862, to the late King Louis of Portugal, and has two sons.

The late Prince_Amadeus, brother of the King, Duke of Aosta and ex-King of Spain, born 1845; married first in 1867, and had issue three sons-Emmanuel, now Duke of Aosta, born 1869; married, 1895, Princess 11elene of Orleans, daughter of the late Count of Paris, and they have had issue one child, born 1898, A madens; Victor, Connt of Turin, born 1870, and Louis, Duke of Abruzzi, born 1873. Prince A madeus married, second, 1888, his niece, PrincessLetitia, daughter of Prince Napoleon Bonaparte and the Princess Clotilde. By this second marriage he had a son, Humbert, Count of Salemi, born iu 1889.

The King's aunthy marriage, the Princess Elizabeth, widow of the Duke of Genoa, has a son (Prince Thomas, Duke of Genoa, married, 1883, Princess Isabella, daughter of Prince Adelbert of Bavaria, and has one son) and a daughter, the latter being King Humbert's wife. The family is descended from the Counts of Savoy, who flourished in the eleventh century.

## NETHERLANDS.

Wilhelmina, Queen of the Netherlands and Princess of Orange-Nassau, born August 31, 1880, daughter of the late King William III. and Emma, daughter of Prince George Victor of Waldeck.

The Queen's mother is the late Regent Queen Emma, whose regency lasted from the death of the late King, her husband, November 23, 1890 , until the end of the minority of her daughter, Augnst 31, 1898. The Queen's aunt is the Princeas Sophia, married to the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar. She has a son, Prince Charles, born 1844, and two daughters. This family, known as the House of Orange, is descended from the Princes of Orange, staitholders during the Dutch Republic.

## PORTUGAL

Charles I., King of Portugal, born September 28, 1863, son of the late King Louis and his spouse, the Princess Pia, daughter of King Victor Fmmanuel of Italy. He succeeded to the throne October 19, 1889. He married, 1386, the Princess Amelie of Orleans, daughter of the Count of Paris, and has two sons, Prince Louis Pbillippe, Iuke of Braganza, born 1887, and Prince Manuel, Duke of Beja, born 1889.

The King has a brother, Prince Alphonse, Duke of Oporto, born 1865, and unmarried; and an aunt married to the Prince of Hohenzollern-Sigmaringen, and has three sons.

The reigning family belongs to the House of Braganza, whose founder was an illegitimate son of King John I. (A. D. 1400) of the old line of Portuguese kings.

## REIGNING FAMILIES-Continued.

## ROUMANIA.

Charles I., King of Roumania, born April 30, 1839, is a son of the late Prince Charles of Hohenzollern-sigmaringen, and was elected "Lord of Roumania" by the nobles thereof in 1866 . He was proclaimed King in 1881. He married, 1869, Elizabeth, a daughter of the princely German House of Wied. He has no children.

The succession to the throne, in the event of his being childless, has been settled by the constitution of the kingdom upon his elder orother, Prince Leopold of Hohenzollern-sigmaringen; but he has renounced his right to the throne in favor of his son, Prince Ferdinand, born 1865, who is, therefore, the heir presumptive. He married the Princess Marie, eldest daughter of the Duke of Saxe-CoburgGotha (the British Duke of Edinburgh), January 10, 1893, and has a son, Prince Carol, and a daughter.

## RUSSIA.

Nicholas II., Emperor of Russia, was born May 18, 1S68, and succeeded his father, the late Emperor Alexander III. , November 1, 1894. He is married to the Princess Alice (Alix) of HesseDarmstadt, daughter of the Princess Alice of Great Britain, and has three daughters, Olga, born in 1895; Tatania, born in 1897, and Marie, born in 1899.

The late Emperor Alexander III., born in 1845; married, in 1866, the Princess Dagmar, danghter of the present King of Denmark. had issue three sons: 1. Nicholas, the present Emperor; 2. Grand Duke George (the late Czarevitch), born 1871, died 1899, 3. Grand Duke Michael, born December 4, 1878, and heir apparent since the death of his elder brother, and two daughters: 1. Grand Duchess Xenia, born A pril 6, 1875; marrled, August 6, 1S94, her cousin, the Grand Duke Alexander, and has a son and daughter, and 2. Grand Duchess Olga, born June 13, 1882. The uncles and aunts of the Emperor are:

1. Grand Duke Vladimir, born 1847; married, 1874, the Princess Marie of MecklenburgSchwerin, and has three sons and one daughter.
2. Grand Duke Alexis, High Admiral, born 1850. He is unmarried.
3. Grand Duchess Marie, born 1853: married to the Duke of Edinburgh, and has one son and four daughters.
4. Grand Duke Sergius, born 1857 ; married, 1884, Princess Elizabeth of Hesse-Darmstadt, daughter of Princess Alice of England, and has no issue.
5. Grand Duke Paul, born 1860 ; married, 1889, Princess Alexandra, daughter of the King of the Greeks. She died September 24, 1891, leaving a son, the Grand Duke Demetrius, and a daughter.

The Emperor has one grand uncle (son of the Emperor Nicholas I.), Grand Duke Michael, born 1832 , field marshal in the Russian Army: married, 1857, Princess Cecelia of Baden, and has issue six living children, the eldest daughter, Anastasia, born 1860 , being the wife of the late Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, His second son, Michael, having married outside of royalty, has been excluded from the army and his estates.

A grand uncle. the Grand Duke Constantine, born 1827; died January 12, 1892; married, 1848, Princess Alexandra of Saxe-Altenburg, and had issue tive children, the Grand Dulze Nicholas, born 1850, being the eldest, and the Grand Duchess Olga, born 1851, the eldest daughter, being married to the King of the Greeks.

A third grand uncle, the Grand Duke Nicholas, born 1831, field marshal in the Russian Army, died in 1891: married, in 1856, the Princess Alezandra of Oldenburg, and had issue two sons, the youngest of whom, the Grand Duke Peter, married, in 1889, Militsa, daughter of the present Prince of Montenegro and sister of Crown Princess Helene of Naples (Italy).

The Russian reigning family is descended from Michael Romanoff, elected Czar in 1613. The members of the family for over two centuries, however, have married so generally into the German royal houses that the present Romanoffs are practically, by blood, Germans; as much so as their kinsman, the head of the German Empire.

## SAXONY.

Albert, King of Sazony, born April 23, 1828, succeeded to the throne on the death of his father, 1873; marred, I853, Caroline, daughter of Prince Gustavus of Holstein-Gottorp-Vasa. They have no children.

The heir to the throne is the King's brother, George, born 1832 ; married, 1859, the Infanta Maria, daughter of the late King Ferdinand of Portugal. He has one daughter and five sons, the eldest of the latter being Prince Frederick, born 1865, and married, 1891, the Archduchess Louise of AustriaTuscany, and has two sons.

The King has one sister, Princess Elizabeth, born 1830, who married Prince Ferdinand of Sardinia, and is a widow.

The royal house of Saxony is one of the oldest in Europe, having given an emperor to Germany os early as the beginning of the tenth century. The Elector of Saxony was made King in 1815.

## SPAIN.

Alphonso XIY., King of Snain, born May 17, 1886, nearly six months after the death of bis father, Alphonso XII. His mother, Maria Christina, an Austrian princess, is the Queen Regent during his minority. He has two sisters, the Infanta Maria-de-las-Mercedes, born 1880, and the Infants Maria Theresa, born 1882.

The King's aunts are the Infantas Isabella, widow of the Count de Girgenti; Maria, wife of Prince Louis of Bavaria, and Eulalie, wife of Prince Antonio of Orleans, who visited the United States and the World's Fair in 1893.

The King's grandmother is ez Queen Isabella, born in 1830, crowned 1833, abdicated 1870. Her husband, the Infant Francis d Assisi, born 1822, is living.

The King's grand aunt, the Infanta Louisa, widow of the Duke of Montpensier (son of King Louis Philippe of France, now dead, was the mother of a son and daughter, the latter being the wife of the late Count of Paris, head of the House of Orleans.

A second cousin of the King is Don Carios, born in 1848, and a pretender to the Spanish throne, who is married, and has four daughters and a son, Prince Jaime, born in 1870.

The Spanish reigning family are Bourbons, descendants of King Louis XIV. of France.

## REIGNING FAMILIES-Continucd.

## SERVIA.

Alexander H., King of Servia, born August 14, 1876, son of King Milan I., who abdicated in 1889, and Natalie, danghter of Colonel Keschzo, of the Russian Imperial Guard. Alexander was proclaimed King in 1889, on the abdication of his father. He is the only child of his parents. The exKing obtained a divorce from Queen Natalie in 1888, but they were afterward reunited.

The present reigning house wps founded by Milos Todorovic Obrenovic, leader of the insurrection against the yoke oi Turkey in 1815-29. The Turkish Government recognized the quasi indenendence of Servia in 1829, and conffined the title of Obrenovic as reigning prince. The present King is the fifth of his dynasty, being descended from a brother of the foumier.

## SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Oscar II., Ting of Sweden and Norway, born January 21, 1829; son of Osear I., and grandson of Marshal Bernadotte. He married, 1S57, the Princess Sophia of Nassau, and has had four sons, the eldest of whom is the Crown Prince (fustavis, born 1858; married, 1881, to the Princess Victoria of Baden, and has three sons, born in 1882, 1884, and 1889 respectively. The King's other sons are: Prince Oscar, born 1859, married to Lady Ebba Munck, one of his mother's maids of honor, and relinquished his rights to the throne; Prince Carl, borm 1861, and married, 1897, Princess Ingeborg: second danghter of the Crown Prince of Denmarl, and Prince Eugene, born 1865. The King has a niece, Louise, marrled to ihe Crown Prince of Denmark. The royal family comes from Napoleon's Marshal Bernadotte, a Frenchman, who was elected heir apparent to the crown of Swedeu in 1810, and of Norway in 1514, and became King in 1518.

## WÜRTEMBERG.

William II., Ǐing of Wirtembers, born February 25,1848 , succeeded his uncle, King Charles I. , October 6,1591 . He married, 1877 , Princess Marie of Waldeck, who died, leaving a daughter, Pauline, born 1877. The King married, second, Princess Charlotte of schaumburg-Lippe, by whom he has no children.

The King's mother, Princess Catherine, is living, and he has an aunt, Princess Augusta, married to Prince Herman of Saxe-Weimar, with issue of four sons and two danghters. He has a number of cousins, one of them being the Duke of Teck, who was married to the English Prlncess Mary of Cambridge, who died in 1897.

## 

## BONAPARTIST.

Of the Emperor Napoleon I. and his brothers Joseph and Louis, male issue is now extinct. The Emperor's brothers Luclen and Jerome are represented by the following living descendants, and they constitute the present Imperialist house of France:

Prince Victor Napoleon (of the loouse of Jerome), born July 18, 1862, is the son of the late Prince Napoleon (who died March 18, 1891) and the Princess Clotilde, sister of King Ifumbert of Italy. The Prince has beeu recognized by his party as the undisputed head of the Bonaparte family. Ife lives in Brussels and is unnarried. Ifis only brother, Irince Louis $\mathbb{N}$ apoleon. horn 1864 , is an officer in the Russian Army. Ifls sister, Princess Letitia, born 1866, is the widow of Prince Amadeus of Italy, her ownuncle, by whom she had a son, Prince Humbert, born 1889.

The living annt of Prince Victor Napoleon is the Princess Mathilde, born 1820. marrled, 1840, Prince Demidotr of Russia; now a widow without children.

Prince Charles Napoleon, brotber of the late Cardinal Bonaparte, who died February 12, 1899, was the last represehtative of the eldest son of Napoleon's brot cr, Lucien, in the male line. He was born 1838; was married aud had two daughters-Marie, wife of Lieutenant Giotti, of the Italian Army, and Eugenie, unmarried. He had three sisters, married respectively to the Marquis of Roccaclvoine, count Primoli, and Prlnce Gabrelli.

Prince Roland Bonaparte is the only living male consin of Prince Charles Napoleon. He is a sou of the late Prince Pierre Napoleon Ronaparte; was born 1858 ; married, 1880 , the daughter of Blanc, the proprietor of the Monte Carlo gambling-bell. His wife died in 1882, leavin him a daughter and a fortune. He has onie sister, Jeanue, born 1861, and married to the Marquis de Villeneuve.

Ex-Empress Eugenie, widow of Emperor Napoleon III, was a daughter of Count Cyprien de Montijo, a Spanish grandee, and was born May 5, 1825. She married 1853. Became a widow 1873. IIer only son, Prince Louis Napoleon, was kilied in Zululand in 1879.

## BOUREON-ORLEANIST.

Robert, Duke of Orleans, born 1869, succeeded his father, the late Count of Parts, in 1834 as the head of the royal family of France. He married, in 1896, the Archduchess Marip-Dorothea, daughter of the A rchdulse Josepli, cousin of the Emperor of Austria. His mother (still living) was the spantsh Infanta Louise of Montpensier, and he has one brother and four sisters, the eldest of the latter being the Princess Amelie, who is married to the King of Portugal, and the second Helena, who is married to the Duke of Austa, nephew of the Jing of Italy.

The only uncle of the Duke of Orleaus is the Duke of Chartres, born 1840, and marrled to a dangter of the Prince of Joinville. The issue are two daughters and two sons, the eldest son heing Prmee Henry, born 1867, the eldest daughter, Princess Marie, being marited to Prince Waldemar of Denmark, and the second daughter, Princess Marguerite, veing married (in 1896) to Patrice Macirahon, Duke of Mugenta.

The only living grand uncle (son of King Lonis Philippe) of the Duke of Orleans is Francls, Prince of Joinville, born 1818, married to a daughter of Pedro 1. of Lrazil, and has one daughter and one son, the Dute of Tenthierre, born 1345.

The other grand uncles of the Duke of Orleans were: Henry, Duke of Aumale, haro 1822, died (chlldess) 1897 ; Anthony, Duhe of Montpensier, born 1824, died 1830 (marrien, 1832, a sister of Queen Isabella of Spain, a id had a danghter, the wife ol the count oi Paris, and a son, Prince Anthony, born 1860, who harried, 1888 , his cousin, the Infanta Fulalie of spain), and Louls, Duke of Nemours, horn 1814, died 1896. He was the father of two daughters and two sons, the eldest son being the Count of Eu, boru 1842, married to a danglter of Pedro II. of Brazil, and having three children, and the second son being the Duke of Alencon, horn 1844, and married to a Bavarian princess' (who was humed in the Phris bazaar fire in 189\%), and having two children.

By the death of the Count of Cbambord, in 1883, the elder line of the Bourbons of France became extinct, and the right of succession merged in the Count of Paris, grandson of King Louls Phll!pps, representative of the younger, or Orleans line.


Estimates of area and present popti. Li in whe Whitaker, and in some cases oy the $\cdots$ Statesman s Year-Bonk," except foz British ifr as nit :LA late acceskions there, which are corrected by RavenStein's fignres. The onfire pripulut: : of 'ae empire according to the estimates of the "Statesman's Year-Book," is $325,280,140$, , wh the total area, 11, 712, 170. The Tast Indian possessions extend over a territory larger thay he continent of Finrope without Russia; but the North American poseessions are greater still, and, inclucive of Hucson's Bay and the great lakes, have a larger area than the whole of Europe. British Africa and Anstralasia are the next possessions in size.

POPULATION OF TEE UNITED KINGDOM BY SUCCWSSIVE CENSUSES.

|  | 12 | 12 sı. | 1851. | 1862. | 1871. | 1882. | 1891. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Englat | 13,000, $5 \times 3$ | 35, ¢79,443 | 15,921,823 | 18,934 | 21.485 | 24,513,926 | 27,499,384 |
| Wales | 13.274 | 921,705 | 1,005,721 | 1,111,780 | 1,217,135 | 1.360,513 | 1,501,034 |
| Scotlan | 2\%, 286 | 2,600,184 | 2,838,743 | 3,062,294 | 8,300,018 | 3,735,573 | 4, (i83,103 |
| Ir | 7,537, 401 | 8,196,597 | 6,5:4,278 | 5,753,207 | 5,412,377 | 5,174,856 | 4,706,443 |
| Total | 21,058,594- | 26,730,929 | 27,390,029 | 28,227,485 | 31,484, 651 | 34,984,848 | * $77,888,439$ |

[^20]
#  

December 1, 1899.
Queen Victoria was born May 24, 1819; succeeded her uncle, King William IV., June 20,1837; married, February 10, 1840 , Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, who died on December 14, 1881. In the following table their children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, with their matrimontal alliances, are enumerated.
NANE.

## THE QUEEN

Descendants.*

1. Victoria Adelaide, Princfis Royal...................................... Frederick William (succ, as German sons, 1 daughter)
Charlotte. (Issue, 1 daughter)........
Henry. (Issue, 2 sons)
Sigismund.
Victoria.
Waldemar.
Sophia Dorothea. (İssue,2 sons, 1 dau.)
Margaret. (Issue, 3 sons)


$\left\lvert\,$| Born |
| :---: |
| 1819 |
|  |
| 1840 |
|  |
| 1859 |
| 1860 |
| 1862 |
| 1864 |
| 1866 |
| 1868 |
| 1870 |
| 1872 |
| 1841 |
| 1864 |
| 1865 |
| 1867 |
| 1868 |
| 1869 |
| 1869 |
| 1871 |
| 1843 |.\right.

Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence
George Frederick, Duke of York. (Issue 2 sons, 1 daughter)...........
Lonise Victoria. (Issue, 2 daughters)
Victoria Alexandra.
Maude Charlotte.
Alexauder.
.... ...........................
ice Maud
OF Hesse.
Victoria Alberta. (Issue, 1 son, 2 danghters)
Elizabeth
Irene Marie. (Issue, 2 sons)
Ernest Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse.
Frederick William.
Victoria Alice. (Issue, 3 daughters).
Mary Victoria.
4. ALFRED, DUKE OF SAXE-COBURGGotha, duke of Edinburgh.
Alfred Alexander.
Marie Alexandra Victoria............. 1 son, 1 daughter)........................
Victoria Melita. (Issue, 1 daughter) Alexandra Louise.
Beatrice.
5. Helena, Princess Christian........

Christian Victor............................
Albert John.
Victoria Louise
Louise Augusta.
Harold.
6. LOUISE, MARCHIONESS OF LORNE
7. Arthur, Duke of Connaught......

Margaret
Arthur Patrici...
Victoria Patricia
8. LeOpOLD, DUKE OF Albany.............

Alice Mary.
Leopold, 2 d Duke of Albany (posthusnous $\dagger$
9. Beatrice Mary Victoria Feodore.

Albert Alexander.
Victoria Eugénie Julia Ena.
Leopold Arthur Louis.
Maurice Victor Donald
The Queen's Cousins.

DUKE OF CUMBERLAND. (Issue, 6 children).
George, Duke of Cambridge.
AUGUSTA, DUCHEss OF MECKLENBURG-
STRELITZ. (Son and grandchildren)
Mary ADriaidk, DUCHess of TECK. ( 1 daughter $\ddagger$ and 3 sons).
The Queen has had eighty children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren, of whom seventy are living and ten are dead. * Queen's children in SMALL CAPS with numbers. Their children follow. +Heir to the Dukedom of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, $\ddagger$ Princess May (Mary), who was betrothed to the Duke of Clarence and after his death married his brother, the Duke of York.

## CTy $\mathfrak{y s i t i s h}$ Grovernmert.

## THE MINISTRY.

## Thr Prgesent Conservative Ministry.

Marquis of Salisbury
A rthur James Balfour.
Earl of Halsbury
Duke of Devonshire.
Sir Michael E. Hicks-Beach, Bart. Sir Matthew White-Ridley, Bart. Joseph Chamberlain.
Marquis of Lansdowne...............
Lord George Francis Hamilton....
Lord Balfour of Burieigh.
Viscount Cross.
George Joachim Goschen.
........
Henry Chaplin.
Lord James of Hereford
Duke of Norfolk*
Gerald William Bailfour
Lord Ashbourne.
Valter Hume Long.
Aretas Akers-Douglas.
Henry Torrens Anstruther. .....)
William Hayes Fisher.
Lord Stanley
Duke of Marlborough
Jesse Collings
W. St. John Brodrick

Earl of Selborne
Earl of Onslow..
George Wyndham.
Sir Richard Everard wiobster......
Sir Robert B. Finlay, q. C.


JANUARY 1, 1900

## Prime Minister.

Foreign Secretary.
First Lorl of the Treasury. Lord High Chancellor.
President of the Council. Chancellor of the Exchequer. Home Secretary. Colonial Secretary. Secretary for War. Secretary for India.
Secretary for Scotland. Lord Privy' Seal. First Lord of he Admiralty. President Board of Trade. Pres. Local Government Board. Chancellor Duchy Lancaster. Postmaster-General.
Chief Secretary for Ireland. Lord Chancellor for Ireland. President Board of Agriculture.
First Commissioner of Works.

* Not in the Cabinet.


## Junior Lords of the Treasury.

Paymaster-General.
Political Sccretary Home Office. Political Secretary Foreign Office. Political Secretary Colonial Office. Political Secretary India Office. Political Secretary War Odfice. Attorney-General.
Solicitor-General.

## HOUSEHOLD OFFICIALS.

## Lord Steward.

 Lord Chamberlain. Master of the Horse.Masier of the Buckhounds.

## SCOTLAMD.

Lord Balfour of Burleigh
Lord

Marquis of Lothian
Lord Kingsburgh (Macdonald).
Duke of Montrose.
Charles Scott Dickson, Q...............
Earl Cadogan (in the Cabinet)....
Gerald William Balfour
Sir David Harrel, k. c. B.
Lord Ashbourne.
John Atkinson, Q. C......................
ry and Keeper of Great Seal
Lord Justice-General. Lord Advocate.
Keeper of the Privy Seal. Lord Justice Clerk. Lord Clerk Register. Solicitor-General.

## IRELAND.

Lord-Lieutenant.
Clief Secretary.
Under-Secretary. Lord Chancellor. Attorney-General.

Thr Latr Liberal Ministry.
Earl of Rosebery.
Earl of Kimberley.
Earl of Rosebery.
Lord Herschell.
Earl of Rosebery.
Sir William Vernon-Harcourt. Herbert Henry Asquith, Q. C. Marquis of Ripon.
Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman.
Sir Henry Hartley Fowler.
Sir George O. Trevelyan, Bart. Lord Tweedmouth.
Earl Spencer.
James Bryce.
George John Shaw-Lefevre.
Lord Tweedmouth.
Arnold Morley.
John Morley.
Samuel Walker. *
Merbert Colstoun Gardner.*
Herbert John Cladstone.*
(Ronald C. Munro-Ferguson.
Richard Knight Causton.
William Alex. McArthur.
Charles Seale-Hayne.
Geo. W. Erskine Russell.
Sir Edward Grey, Bart.
Sydney Charles Buxton.

## Lord Reay.

Lord Sandhurst.
Sir Robert Threshie Reid, Q. C.
Sir Frank Lockwood, Q. C.
Marquis of Breadalbane.
Lord Carrington.
Earl of Cork aud Orrery.
Lord Ribblesdale.
Sir Geo. Otto Trevelyan, Bart. Lord Robertson.
John Blair Balfour, \&. C.
Marquis of Lothian.
Lord Kingsburgh.
Duke of Montrose.
Thomas Shaw, q. C.
Lord Houghton(now Earl Crewe). John Morley.
Sir David Harrel, c. в.
Samuel Walker.
The MacDermot, Q. C.

## COURTS OF LAW.

House of Lords-Lord High Chancellor, Earl of Halsbury, and such peers of Parliament as are holding or have held high judicial office.
Lords of Appeal in Ordinary-Lords Macnaghten, Morris, Davey, and Robertson.
Court of Appeals-Ex-Officio Judges, The Lord High Chancellor, the Lord Chief Justice of England, the Master of the Rolls, and the President of the Probate, Divorce, and Admiralty Division. Mraster of the Rolls, Sir Nathaniel Lindley, Lords Justices, Sir Archibald Lewin Smith, Sir John Rigby, Sir Joseph W. Chitty, sir Richard Henn C'ollins, Sir Roland Vaughn Williams, sir Robert Romer.
High Court of Justice, CHaNCery Division-President, The Lord High Chancellor. Justices, Sir Ford North, Sir James Stirling, Sir Arthur Kekewich, Sir Edmund W. Byrne, Sir H. H., Cozenc-Hardy, Sir George Farwell.
High Court of Justice, Queen's Bench Division-Lord Chipf Justice of Enaland, Lord Fussell of Killowen. Justices, Sir James Charles Mathew, Sir John Charles Day, Sir Alfred Wills, Sir William Grantham, Sir John Compton Lawrance, Sir Robert Samuel Wright, Sir Gainsford Bruce, Sir William Rann Kennedy, Sir Edward Ridley, Sir John C. Bigham, Sir Charles John Darling, Sir Arthur M. Channel, sir Walter Phillimore, Sir Thomas T. Bucknill.
High Court of JUSTICE, PROBATE, Divorce, AND ADMIRALTY DIVISION-President, Sir Francis Henry Jeune, K. C. B. Justice, Sir John Gorell Barnes.
Court of Arches-Judge, Sir Arthur Charles.
BANKRUPTCY CoURT-Judge, Sir R. S. Wright. Registrars, J. R. Brougham, H. S. Giffard, John E. Linklater, Herbert J. Hope, Fenry J. Mood.
Commissioners in Lunacy-Earl Waldegrave, Sir J. E. Dorrington, Bart., J. D. Cleaton. Legal, Charles S. Bagot, Wiliam Edward Frere, George Harold Urmson. Medical, F: Needham, J. A. Wallis, Edward Marriott Cooke.

This and the following pages of information about the British Empire have been revised for The WORLD ALMANAC for 1900 by the editor of Whitaker's Almanack, Loudon.

## ARMY．

Commander－in－Chief．
Military Secretary－Major－Gè．．Sir Coleridge Grove，K．C．B．
Adjutant－Generul－Gen．Sir Erelyn Wood．
Quartermaster－General－Lieut．－Gen．Sir Charles Mansfield Clark，Bart．
Director－General of Ordnance－Gen．Sir H．Brack－ enbury．
Director of Military Intelligence－Major－Gen．Sir John Charles Ardagh．

FIELD MARSHALS．
H．R．H．Duke of Cambridge，Hon．Col．－in－Chief． H．R．H．Prince of Wales．
Sir John Lintorn Arabin Simmons，Culonel Com－ mandant Royal Englneers．
Sir Frederick Paul Haines，Royal Scots Fusiliers．
Sir Donald Martin Stewart，Bart．，Member of In－

Director－General Micdical Department－Surg－Gen James Jameson
Inspector－General of Fortifications－Gen．Sir R． Harrison．
Inspector－General of Cavalry－Major－Gen．Henry Fi．Grant．
Chaplain－General－Rev．John Coz Fighill，D．D．
dian Council and Governor of Chelsea Hospital． Viscount Wolseley，Commaudrer－in－Chief．
Lord Roberts of Kandahar，V．C．，Commanding the Forces in Ireland．
H．H．Prince Edward of Saxe－Weimar，Colonel 1st Life Guards． GENERALS－ACTIVE LIST．

H．R．H．Prince Christian of Schleswig－Holstein．
Sir Robert Biddulph．
H．R．H．Duke of Connaught．
John Hart Dunne．
Sir Henry Eyelyn Wood，V．C． Sir Richard Harrison，K．C．B． Edward Francis Chapman，C．B．

Sir Redvers Henry Buller，V．C．
Alexander Geo．Montgomery－ Moore．
Sir W．Stephen Lockhart，Com－ mander－in－Chief，India．
H．S．Anderson，C．B．
Sir Howard s．Jones．
William Percival Tomkins．
Nathauiel stevenson．

H．P．H．Duke of Cumberland． Godfrey Clerk．
George N．Channer，V．C．
Frederick G．Le Grand． Sir Arthur P．Palmer． Sir IIenry B．Tuson． Cuthbert C．Suther．
Sir Henry Brackenbury．
Sir Francis W．Grentell．

## NAVY．

Lords Commiscrnaiers of the Admiralty．－Fi，st Lord，Rt．Hon．George J．Goschen，II．P．； Senior Noard Lord，Vice－Admiral Lord Walter Talbot Ferr；Second Naval Lord．Rear－A omiral Arch－ ibald L．Douglas；Third Novat Lorii und Controller，kear－Admiral Arthur K．Wilson，V．C．．Junior Naval Lord，Rear－Admiral Arthur William Moore，C．D．；Civil Lord．J．Austen Chamberiain，M．P．

A DMiRALS OF THE FLDET，－Hon．Sir Henry Keppel．H．R．H．Alfred Duke of dare－Gburg－ Gotha，Eiarl of Clanwilliam，Sir Algernon McLennan Lyous，Sir F．W．Pichards，Sir Nowell salmon， V．C．Honorary Admirals of the Flect．－H．R．H．Prince of Wales，H．I．M．William II．，German Emperor．

A dminals．－Sir Michael Culme－Seymour，Bart．；Mon．Sir Edmund Robert Fremantle，Sir Henry Fairfax，Sir James Elphinstone Erskine，Loftus Francis Jones，Edward S．Adeane，C．M．G．，Sir Rich－ ard E．Tracey，Sir Chas．F．Hotham，Lord Chas．T．Montagu－Douglas－Scott，sir Robert H．More－ Molyneux，Sir Nathaniel Bowden－smith．

Vice－ADmirais．－Lord Walter Talbot Kerr，George Digby Morant，Sir Edward Hohart Sey－ mour，Henry Craven St．John，Sir William Robert Kennedy，Sir John Arbuthnot Fisher，Eir Menry Frederick Stephenson，Charies George Farie，sir Compton Ldward Domville，sir Frederiek feorge Denham Bedford，Alvert Hastings Marliam，Alfred Taylor Dale，Sir Farry Ratrion，Cyprian A． G．Bridge，Edmund C．Drummond，Charles A．Cirdale，Sir John E．．T．Fullerton，Ernest Rice．

> FLAG-OFFICERS IN COMMISSIOV.

Nore，Adm．Sir N．Bowden－Smith．
Portsmouth，Adm．SirM．Culme－Sieymour，K．C．B． Plymouth，Adm．Sir Henry Fairfax．
Queenstown，Ireland，Rear－Adm．A．P．M．Lake．
Channel Squadron，Tice－Adm．Sir Harry Rawson：
Rear－Adm．A．D．Fanshawe．
Mediterranean，Adm．Sir John A．Fisher；Rear－ Adm．Sír cierard H．U．Noel（2nd）．
N．Am．and W．Indies，Vice－Adm．Sir F．G．D． Bedford：Comm．W．H．Henderson，Jamaica． China，Vice－Adm．Sir E．H．Seymour，K．C．B．i Rear－Adm．C．P．Fitz Gerald（2nd）；Comm．Fran－ cis Powell，Hong Kong．
Pacitic，Rear－sidm．L．A．Beaumout．

## THE ESTAELSHED CHURCH OF ENGEAND． <br> ENGLISH ARCHBISHOPS．

Trans．
18906．Canterbury，Frederick Temple，b． 1821.

East Indies，Rear－Adm．D．II．Bosanquet．
Australiu，Rear－Acim．Ingo L．Pearson．
Cape and W．Africa，Rear－Adm．Sir Robert Has－ tings Harris，K．C．B．
S．E．Coast america，Cupt．R．L．Groome．
Training Squadron，comım．Edmubós Poö．
Supt．，Fortsmouth，Rear－－ 1 dm ．I＇．Alarirh．
Supt．，Devonport，Rear－Adm．T．S．Jintison．
Supt．，Chatham，Rear－Adm．S．U．IIolland．
Supt．，Malta Dock，Rear－Adin．Rodney Maclaine Lloyd，C．B．
Supt．Naval Reserves，Vice－Adm．Sir Compton E．Domville．

App．
1896.
1890.

1895．Dus＇hum，Brooke Foss Westcott，b． 1825.
1805．Whrchester，Randall T．Davidson，b， $18 \pm 3$ ．
1830．Langor，Daniel Lewis Lloyd，b． 1814.
1894．Bath and Wells，G．W＇．Keinion，b． 1816.
1897．Brisfol，George Forrest Browne，$b$ ． 2833.
1892．Carlisle，John WFareiug Bardsley，$i, 1835$.
1888．Chester，Francis John Jayue， 0 ． 1545.
189．Chichester，Frnest R．
18ヶ5．L2y，Lord Alwyne Compton，b． 1825.
1885．Exeter，Edward H．Bickersteth，b， 1825.
18\＆3．Gloucester，Charles John Ellicott，b． 1819.
15\＄5．Hereford，John Percival，b． $1 九 35$.
18\＄5．Liricoin，Edward King，U．1S29．
1801．Ltensetd，Hon．Augustus Lerge，b． 1839.
1，Kar Liernool，John Charles Ryle，b， 1816.
Isees，Lilanclaff，Richard Lewis，b，I＇ 11.

Thrans．
1891．Fork，William Dalrsmple Maclagan，b． 1826. ENGLISH BISHGPS．

## DIPLOMATIC INTERCOURSE.

| Counteiss. | British Representatives Abroad. | Foreign Representatives in England. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentine Republic. | \# | Don F. L. Dominguez. |
| Austria-Hungary. | Sir Horace Rumbold, Bar | Count Franz Deym. |
| Belsium | Hon. Sir F. R. Plunkett, | Baron Whettnall. |
| Brazil | Edmund U. H. Phipps, | Chevaller A. de Souza Corrêa. |
| Chile | Audey | cun |
| Denmar | Sir Edmund D. Veitch Fane, K. | M. F. E. de Bille. |
| Ecuador | William Neithorpe Beaucle | Lon Celso Nevares. |
| Egypt | Rt. Hon. Visconnt Cromer, ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |
| France | Rt. Hon. Sir E.dmund J. Monson, G. C. | Ir. Paul Cambon. |
| Gerınan F | Pt. Hon. Sir Fraink C. Lasceli | Coint von Hatzfeldt-Wildenburg. |
| Greece | Sir Fidwin Henry Egerton, | Metaxas. |
| Guatem | George F. Birt Jenne | -1. José - aborio |
| Italy | Rt. Hon. Lord C'urrie, | aron De Renzis di Montanaro. |
| Japan | Sir Ernest Mason Sato | akaaki Kato. |
| Mexico | fir Henry Nevill Dering, B | Manuel Eturbé. |
| moroceo | ir Arthur Nicolson, |  |
| Persia | Sir Henry Morti | Baron Van Golstein van Oldenaller. |
| Peru | M1lliam Nelthorpe |  |
| Portuga | Sir Hugil (i, MacDonell, | L. de Soveral, (i. C. M. G. |
| Russia | Rt. Hon. Sir C. S. Scott, | NL. Georges de staal. |
| Servia | William Entrard Gosc | M. Chedomile Mrijatovitch. |
| Siam | (teorge Greville, C. M. G. | Marquis Maha Votha. |
| spain | Rt. Hon. Sir Henry D. Wolff, | Count de Rascon. |
| swedell and Norway | Hon. Sir Francis John Pazezham, K. C.M. G. | Count (arl Lewenhaunt |
| Switzerland.. | Frederick Rohert St. Joh | Mr. Charles Daniel Bourcart. |
| Turkey | Rt. Hon. Sir Nicolas R. O'Conor, G. | Costaki Pacha Anthropoulos. |
| United States | Rt. Iton. Lork Pauncefote, G. C. B. | Joseph H. Choate. |
| Uruguay | Walter Baring | Dr. Alberto Nil. |

## GOVERMMENT OF INDIA.

Viceroy and Gmeinor-General....... The Tit. Hon. Lord Curzon of Kedleston, G. M. S. I. G. M. I, E. Govemior of AFsbdas.
Governne of Bombay.
Licutenant-(forevror of Bengral. Arthur Elibank Havelock, G, C. M. G., (̇. C.I. E. ..............Hon, sir John Woodburn, K. C. S. I.

SECRETARIES TO THE GOVERNMEAT (F INDIA. Home. - John Prescott Hewett, C. I. I
Revenue and Agriculture - T. W. Iolderness, C. S. I.
Finance and Commerce - James Fairboirn Finlay, C. S. I.
ForEIen. -Sir William John Cuningham, C.S.I.
Minitary. - Major-tielı. Rellam J. Maitland, C. B.
Public Works. - E. I2. Upeott.
Agents to Governor-Gicneral: Central India, Lieut, Col. D. W. K. Barr, C.S. I. ; Rajputand, A. H. T. Martindale; Baluchistan, Hugh shakespear Barnes, C.s. I.
Resilkents. Huderabad, Sir T. J. C. Plowden, K. C.S.I.; Musore, Tíut. -Col. Donald Robertson; Cashmere, Lieut. - Col. Sir Adelbert C. Talbot, K. C. I. F. ; Barodic, Col. Norton Charles Martelli Nepal, Col. H. Wylie, C. S. I. ; Gwalior, Lieut.Col. J. H. Newill. Miltafy Establishnent.
COMMANDER-1N-CHIEF In India,-H. E, Gen. Sir William Sitewart Alex. Lockhart, G. C. B.
Ailitary Secretary, Col. F. S. Gwatkin.
Acjutant-General, Major-Gen. Sir W. G. Nicholson, K. C. B.

Quariermaster-Generdl, Major-Gen. Alexander Robert Badcock, C. Б., C.S.I.

## Lieut. - Generals Cominanding the Forces.

Madras. -Lient.-Gen. Sir C. B. Wolseley, K. C. B. Bombay. -Lieut. -Gen. Sir It. C. Low, G. C. B.
Bengal. -Lieut. -Gen. Sir George Luck, K. C. B.
Punjab. - Lieut, - Gen. sir A. P. Palmer, K. C. B.

## COLONIAL GOVERNORS.

New South Wales. --Earl Beauchamp, K. C. M. G. Victoria. -Lord Brassey, K. C. B.
South Australia. -Rt. Hon. Lord Tennyson.
Queensland. - Lord Lamington, K. C.M. G.
West Australia. - c'ol. Sir (ierard Smith, K. C. M. G Tasmania. - Viscount (formanston, K. C. M. ©. New Zealand. -The Earl of Ranfurly, K. C. MI. G. Cape Colony,-Sir Alfred Milner, ( $\underset{\text { C. C. M. G. }}{ }$ Natal. -IIon. Sir Walter F. Hely-Hutchinson. Malta. - (ien. Sir F. W. Grenfell, (F. C. B.
Gíuraltar. - Gen. Sir Robert Biddulph, G. C. B. Canada. - The Earl of Ninto.
Newfoundland.-Lieut.-Col. Sir H. E. McCallum, If. C. N. G.
Tamaica.-Sir A. W. L. Hemming, F. C.M. G. Barbados. -Sir James Snaw Hay, k. C. M. G. B.banas. - sir G. T. Carter, K.C. AI. G.

Bernidas-Lieut.-Gen.George Iigby Barker, C.B. Trimilad. -sir H. E. H. Jerningham, K.C.M.G. British cluiana. - Sir W. J. Sendall, K.C.M. G.

Hong Kong. -Sir Fienry A. Blake, fr. C. M. G.
Ceylon. - Col. Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph West Ridgeway. Fiji. - Sir G. T. Mr. O' Brien, K. C. M. G.
Sierra Leone.-Col. Sir Fredertck Cardew,K.C.M.G.
Straits Settlements. - Sir Charles Bullen Hugh Mitchell, (7. C. M. G.
Wind ward Islands. - Sir Alfred Moloney, K. C.M.G Leeward Islands.-Sir Francis Fleming, k. C. M. G. Falkland Islands. - William G. Wilson, C. M. G. Mauritins.-Sir Charles Bruce, K. C. M. ©.
Gold Coast Colony.-Sir F. M. Hodgson, K. C. M. G. British Honduras:-Col. David Wilson, C.M. G.
Lagos (West Africa).-Sir W. MacGiregor, K. C.
M. (7.

Gamhia (West Africa).-Sir R. B. Llewellyn, K C. M. G.

Niger Coast (West Africa).-Sir R. D. R. Moor, K. C. M1. G.

British East Afrlca, -Sir A. H. Hardinge, K.C. B.
Uganda.-Sir H. H. Johnston, R.C.B.

## ©

THE supreme legislative power of the British Empire is, by its constitution، vested in Parliament. This body consists of two houses, the Lords and the Commons.

## THE HOUSE OF LORDS.

The House of Lords is composed of che whole Peerage of England and of the United Kingdom, and of certain representatives of thf peerages of Scotland and Irelaur, but many members of these latter hav, also Englis. titles, whict give them seats in the House. The Duke of Buccleuch sits as Earl of Doncaster, and the Duke of Leinster as Viscount Leinster. Exclusive of 1 baron, whose claim is not established the House at present consists of 6 Princes of the Blood, 2 Archbishops, 22 Dukes, 22 Marquises, 123 Earls, 29 Viscounts, 24 Bishops, 317 Barons, 16 Scottish Representative Peers elected for each Parliament, and 28 Irish Representative Peers elected for life ( 1 Scottish and 2 Irish Representative Peers are also included as Peers of England) -in all, 587 members.

The Lord Chancellor of England is always the Speaker of the House of Lords.
A TABLE OF BRITISH DUKES.

|  | Title. | Name. | d |  | Heir to Title. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1868 | Abe | H |  |  |  |
| 1881 |  | H. R H Leopold 2 nd |  |  |  |
| 1701 | Ars | George Dougle Campbell, 8th Duke |  |  | c) Marq of Lorne, s. |
| 1703 | Athol | John J. H. H. Stewart-Murray, 7 th |  |  | Mara. Tullibardine, s. |
| 168 | Beaufo | H. A. W. Fitzroy Somerset, 9th Duke |  |  | Lord H. Somerset, b. |
| 169 |  | Herbrand Arthur Russell, 11th Duke. | 18 |  | Marq. of Tavistock, s. |
| 1673 | Buccleuch\&(1684) Queensberryt... | Wm. H. W. Montagu-Douglas-Scott, 6th Duke (a) | 1831 |  | Earl |
| 1801 | Cam | H. R. H. GeorgeWilliam Frederick, 2 nd Duke | 1819 |  |  |
| 187 | Cornaug | H. R. H. Arthur William Patrick, 1st Duke | 1850 |  | Prince Arthur, s. |
| 1841 | Cornwall \& (1469) Rothesay† ....... | H. R. H. Albert Edward, Prince of |  |  |  |
| 1799 | Cumberland | H. R. H. Ernest Augustus, 3rd Du |  |  |  |
| 169 | Devonshire | , 1 ared |  |  | Victor Cavendish, $\mathbf{n}$. |
| 186 | Edinburg | H. R. H. Alfred Ernest Albert, 1 st |  |  | Prince Alfred, s. |
| 18 | Fife.. | Alex. William George Duff, 1st Duke (c)... | $\begin{aligned} & 1849 \\ & 1821 \end{aligned}$ |  | None. Earl of Euston $s$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1675 \\ & 1643 \end{aligned}$ | Grafton.............. | Aug. Charles Lennox Fitzroy, 7 th Duke (d) | $1821$ |  | Earl of Euston, 8 . |
|  | Brandor.......... |  |  |  | Percy D. Hamiton, c. |
| 1694 | Leeds | rge Godolphin Osborne, 10th Du |  |  | Lord Fras. Osborne, b. |
| 1766 | Leinster** | Maurice Fitzgerald, 6th Duke (minor) |  |  | Lord D. Fitzge |
| 1719 | Manchest | William Augustus Drogo Montagu (e) |  |  | Cord C |
| 1702 | Marlboroug | Chas. R. J. Spencer-Churchill, 9 th Duke (f) | 1871 | 1892 | Marq. of Bland |
| 1707 | Montrose $\ddagger$ | Douglas B. M. R. Graham, 5th Duke...... | 1852 |  | Ma |
|  | Newcastle |  |  |  |  |
| 1438 | Norfolk | eny Fuala Poward 15u |  |  | Earl A rundel |
| 1766 | Northumberland | Henry George Percy, 7th Duk |  |  | Earl Percy, M. |
| 1716 | Portland | W. J. A. Cavendish-Bentinck, 6th Duke | 1857 |  | Marq. of Titchfield, s. |
| 1675 | Richmond\& $(1876)$ Gordon \& Lennox I675 | Charles H. Gordon-Lennox, 6th |  |  | Earl of 1 |
| 170 | Roxburghe $\ddagger$........ | Henry John Innes-Ker, 8th Dul |  | 1892 |  |
| 1703 | Rutland. | hn J. Robert Manners, 7 th Duke | 1818 | 1888 | Marq. of Granb |
| 1684 | St. Alban | CaarlesV. de Vere Beauclerk, 11th Duke (i). |  |  | LdOsborneBeanclerk, ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| 1547 | Somerset | Algernon St. Maur, 15th Duke | 851 | 189 | Lord Perc |
| 1833 | Sutherland. | Crom. Sutherland-Leveson-Gower, 4 th Duke | 1851 | 1892 | Marq. or Stafford, s . |
| 1814 | Wellington | Henry Wellesley, 3rd Duke ( $j$ ) | 1846 |  | Lord A. C. Wellesley, b. |
| 1874 | Westminster | Hugh Lupus Grosvenor, 1st Duke |  |  | Viscount Belgrave, gs. |
| $1892$ | Yorkt ........ | H. R. H. George Frederick Ernest, 1st Du |  |  | Pr. Edward of York, s. |

* Trish Dukes s, son; b, brother; gs, grandson; c, cousin; n, nephew; u, nncle.
* Irish Dukes. + Royal Dukes. $\ddagger$ Scotch Dukes. (a) Eighth Duke of Queensberry, descendant of the Duke of Monmouth, son of King Charles II. (b) Son of King George V., of Hanover. (c) Husband of the Princess Louise, eldest daughter of the Prince of Wales. (d) Descendant of Henry Fitzroy, first Duke, son of King Charles II, and Barbara, Villiers. (e) His mother was Miss Yznaga, of New York. ( $f$ ) His wife was Miss Consuelo Vanderbilt, daughter of William K. Vanderbilt, of New York. ( $g$ ) Premier Duke. ( $h$ ) Descendant of Charles Lennox, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and LouiseRenée de Queronailles. (i) Descendant of Charles Beauclerk, first Duke, son of King Charles II. and Nell Gwynne. ( $j$ ) Grandson of the great Duke of Wellington, the victor of Waterloo. (k) Husband of Princess Louise, sixth child of Queen Victoria.


## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The present House of Commons consists of 670 members -465 for England, 30 for Wales, 72 for Scotland, and 103 for Ireland.

The division of parties in the House of Commons, returned in the general elections of July, 1895, was as follows: Conservatives, 340 ; Liberal-Unionists, 71 ; Gladstone Liberals, 177; Nationalists, 71: Parnellites, 11; the ministerial majority being 152 ; it is now abo $t 140$, owing to bye-elections.

The Speaker of the House is the Rt. Hon. William Court Jully, Q. C., M. P. for Carlisle.

##  <br> Census of 1891.

ENGLAND.

| Counties. | Population | Counties. | Population. | Countirs. | Population | Countres. | opulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bedford | $\begin{array}{r} 160,704 \\ 238,09 \\ 185,284 \\ 188,961 \\ 730,018 \\ 329,571 \\ 266,549 \\ 528,5033 \\ 631,808 \\ 194,517 \\ 1,016,559 \end{array}$ | Essex. | 785,445599,947690,097115,949220,16257,751$1,142,24$$3,926,760$373,584472,78$3,251,671$ | Monmouth | 252,416454,516302,183506,030445,823185,66920,659236,339484,373$1,083,408$ | Suffolk <br> Surrey. <br> Sussex. <br> Warwick. $\qquad$ <br> Westmoreland <br> Wiltshire. <br> Worcester. <br> ...... <br> York $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 371,235 \\ 1,731,343 \\ 550,446 \\ 80,472 \\ 66,098 \\ 264,097 \\ 413,760 \\ 3,208,828 \\ \hline 27,483,490 \end{array}$ |
| Berks. |  | Glouceste |  | Norfolk |  |  |  |
| Bucks. |  | Hampshir |  | Northampton. |  |  |  |
| Cambridg |  | Heretord |  | umber- |  |  |  |
| Chester |  | Huntingd |  | Not |  |  |  |
| Cumbe |  | Ken |  | Oxford |  |  |  |
| Derby |  | Lancaste |  | Rutlan |  |  |  |
| Devon |  | Leiceste |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durset |  | Lincoln |  | Somers |  |  |  |
| SCOTLAND. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aberde | 284,03674.085226,38661,5843,29018,40437,17733,14098,01474,245 | Edinbu | $\begin{array}{r} 434,276 \\ 43,471 \\ 190,365 \\ 277,735 \\ 37,377 \\ 90,121 \\ 35,992 \\ 6,673 \\ 39,985 \\ 1,105,899 \end{array}$ | Linlithgow <br> Nairn <br> Orkney and <br> Shetland. <br> Peebles. $\qquad$ <br> Perth $\qquad$ <br> Renfrew. <br> Ross and Cro- <br> marty........ | 52,8089,15559,16414,750122,185230,81278,727 | Roxburgh <br> Selkirk. $\qquad$ <br> Stirling. $\qquad$ <br> Sutherland $\qquad$ <br> Wigtown <br> Zetland $\qquad$ <br> Total $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r}53,500 \\ 27,712 \\ 118,021 \\ 21,896 \\ 36,062 \\ \cdots \cdots \\ \hline 4,02 \overline{,}, 647\end{array}$ |
| Argyll. |  | Elgin |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Fite. |  |  |  |  |  |
| anff |  | Forfar |  |  |  |  |  |
| Berwi |  | Hadding |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bute |  | Inveruess |  |  |  |  |  |
| Caithness...... |  | Kincar |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clackmannan. |  | Kinross.... |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dumfries. |  | Lanark |  |  |  |  |  |
| W ALES. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Anglesey....... } \\ & \text { Brecon......... } \\ & \text { Cardigan........ } \\ & \text { Carmarthen. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50,098 \\ 57,031 \\ 62,630 \\ 130,560 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 118,204 \\ 117,872 \\ 77,277 \\ 687,218 \end{array}$ | Merioneth..... Montgomery.. Pembroke...... | $\begin{aligned} & 49,212 \\ & 58,003 \\ & 89,133 \end{aligned}$ | Radnor..........Total........... | ,79 |
|  |  | Denbig |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Flam |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | IRELAND. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEINSTER. | $\begin{array}{r} 40,936 \\ 419,216 \\ 70,206 \\ 87,261 \\ 65,563 \\ 52,647 \\ 71,038 \\ 76.987 \\ 64,883 \end{array}$ | Westmea | $\begin{array}{r} 65,109 \\ 111,778 \\ 62,136 \\ 124,483 \\ 438,432 \\ 179,136 \\ 158,912 \\ 173,188 \\ 98,251 \end{array}$ | Unster. <br> Antrim......... <br> Armagh........ <br> Cavan......... <br> Donegal ....... <br> Down........... <br> Fermanagh.... <br> Londonderry. <br> Mouaghan..... <br> Tyrone.......... |  | CONNAUGHT. Galway. $\qquad$ <br> Leitrim <br> Mayo $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Roscommon. <br> Sligo............. <br> Total. $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 214,712 \\ 78,618 \\ 219,084 \\ 114,397 \\ 98,013 \end{array}$ |
| Carlow. . |  | Wexford. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dublin. |  | Wicklow |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kildare. |  | MUNSTER. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kilkenn |  | Clare. |  |  |  |  |  |
| King's |  | Cor |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Lim |  |  |  |  | 4,704,750 |
| Meath |  | Tippera |  |  |  |  |  |
| Queen |  | Wate |  |  |  |  |  |

The population returns are from "The Statesman's Year-Book." The total population, including army, navy, and merchant seamen abroad $(224,211)$, is $38,104,973$,

## ©

## Lord Mayor.

Alfred James Newton,
Ald. Shff. Brayor
Aldermen.
Sir John Whittaker Ellis, Bart. .... 18721874
Sir Henry Edmund Knight, Kt.... 18841875
Sir Reg. Hanson, Bt., LLL. D. M. P. 18801881
Sir Joseph Savory, Bart., M. P..... 18831882

All the above have passed the Civic Chair.
Frank Green........................ 18911897
Sir Joseph Cockield Dimsdaie, Kit. 18911893
Marcus Samuel..................... 18911894
James Thomson Ritchie.............. $18911896^{\circ}$
John Pound............................ 18921895
Walter Vaughan Morgan............ 1892 i 1899

|  | George W yatt Truscott............. 1895 | 1898 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Richard Clarence Halse............ 1896 |  |
|  | Samuel Green......................... 1897 |  |
|  | Thomas Vesey strong................ 1897 |  |
|  | Thomas Boor Crosby, MI. D........ 1898 |  |


..... Richard Clarence Halse.............. 1896
… Samuel Gren............................ 1897
…. Thomas Vesey Strong.................. 1897
Thomas Boor Crosby, ii.............. 1898
$\ldots .$. Thomas Boor Crosby, $\mathrm{Xi} . . \mathrm{D}$


## qupultation of zontront.

## London Within Various Boundaries.

## Within the Registrar-General's Tables of Mortality.

Within the Limits of the County of London.
London School Board District.
City of London within Municipal and Parliamentary Limits
Metropolitan Parliamentary Boroughs (including the City)
Metropolitan and City Police Districts.

| Area in Statute Acres. | Population. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1881. | 1891. | 1896. |
| 74,672 | 3,815,544 | $\overline{4,211,743}$ | $\overline{4,411,710}$ |
| 75,442 | 3,834,194 | 4,232,118 | 4,433,018 |
| 75,442 | 3,834,194 | 4,232,118 | 4,433,018 |
| 671 | 50,658 | 37,705 | 31,148 |
| 75,442 | 3,834,194 | 4,232,118 | 4,433,018 |
| 443,421 | 4,766,661 | 5,633,806 |  |

## 

(For the Ministry, see page 36S. )
POLITICAL DIVISIONS IN THE REICHSTAG.

| Paeties. | Number of Members. | Parties. | Number of Nembers. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| German Conservatives. | 54 | İbersl Union................................ | 12 |
| Imperialists............................. | 23 | Liberal People's Party ....... ................. | 29 |
| National Social Reform Party (Antisemites) | 9 | Tational People's Party. socis! Democrats. | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 55 \end{array}$ |
| Centre (Clericals) | 10.4 | Alsatian (meaning Anti-cierman) | 8 |
| Poles...... | 14 | Independent (unclassified). | 30 |
| Natonal I | 43 | Total (with twp vacancies)............ | 396 |

The largest group, the Clericals or Centre, represents mainly the Rhine districts and South Germany. The conservatives, thollgh sometimes in opposition, especially on agrarian questions, are regarded as the ministerial party, and with them are allied the National Liberals and somesmaller groups, insuring the government a majority.

## THE ARMY.

The Commander-in-Chief is the Emperor.
Field-Ma*shal-Generals-Connt von Blumenthal, Prince George of Saxany, Prince Albrecht of Prussia, (irand Duke Frederick oi Baden, (rrand Duke Cinarles Alexander of Saxony, Baron von Loë, Count von Waliersee, Prince Leopold of Bavaria.
(reneral stat), (Wief-Count von schliefien.
Corps Commanders-First Conps, Eastern Prussia, Königsherg, General Count Finck von Finckenstein; Second ionps, Pomerania, Stettin, Lieutenant-Gelleral von Langenheck; Third Corps, Berlin, (ieneral von Ligniz: Fhom, Corns, Mag leburg, (ieneral von Klitzing; Fijth Corps, Posen, General von Bomsdortf; Sixth Corps, Breslau, General liereditary Prince of Saxe-Meiningen; Seventh Corps, Mïnster, General von Mikuch-Bmohberg; Zighth Corps, Cobleuz, Gelleral Mererlitary Grand Duke Frederick of Baden; Jinth (brps, Altona, Lieutenant-tienersl von Massosy; Tenlh Corps, Hanover, General von Seebeck; Eterenth Corps, Cassel, (iencral von Wittich; Twelfih Corps, Dresden, Field-Marshal-General ['rince George of Saxnny; Thirtcenth Corbr, Stutgart, General Yon Lindequist; Fourieenth Curps, Carlsruhe, Vacant: Fiftecnth cmps, strassburg, General Baron von Falkenstein; Sixteenth Corps, Metz, General Count von Iiaeseler; Seventeenth Crnps, Dantzic, General von Lentze; FFrst Bavaricn Army Chms, Mm,ich. (ieneral Prince Arnulf of Bavaria; Second Brvarinn Aimy Cmps, Würzburg, General Ritter von $\mathbb{X}$ ylauder. Commander of the Guards-General von Bock u. Polach.

## (3)

(For the Ministry, see page 368.)
President
Emile Loubet.
The annual allowance to the President of the Republic is 600,000 francs, with a further allowance of 600,000 rrancs for his expenses.

NATIONAL ASSEAKBLY.
Senate. - President, M. Fallières; Tice-Presidents, MM. Magnin, de Verruinac, Berenger, Deuiole, and Franck-Chanveau; Secretary-Gencral, M. Sorel.

Cfayber of Deputies, - Presicient, Mr. Paul Deschanel; Speretcry-General, MI. Eugene Pierre.
The number of senators is 300 , and they are at present polit:cally divided into about 250 Republicans and 50 representatives of the various shades of the opposition.

The Deputies number $\overline{5} 5 \overline{5}$, and are divided into the following groups: Moderate Republicans (Progressists), ministerialist, forming the Centre and led by, in addition to the ministry, MM. Poincaré Ribot, Rouvier, 285; (iroupe Isambart, a fusion of the Centre anti Left, led by MM. Isambart and Bazille, corresponding to moderate Radicals, 115 ; Radicals, forming the Left or Opposition, led by Ma. Brisson, Bourgeois, Mesureur, de la Porte, Dujardin-Boaumetz, and Lockroy, 55: Bocialists, forming the Extreme Left, led by MM. Millerand and Viviani, 40 ; Iadical-Socialists, led by MM. Goblet and Camille Pelietan, 33 : Anti-semites and N.stionalists, led by MM. Drumont, Millevoye, and Mouirand, 30; Pallies, Constitutional Right, monarelical converts to Republicanism, and nowv closely identifed with the Progressists, led hy Comte de Mrin. Count de l' Fntourbeillon, Count Greffulhe, and Baron de Mackan, 15 ; Monarchists and Imperialists, led by MM. Cochin, de l'Aigle, de Cassagnac, Prince de Lèon, and Prince d'A reuberg, 1.2.

## THE ARMY.

Military Governor of Paris-General Brugére.
Corys Conmanders-First Corps, Lille, General Jeannernd; Sccond Corps, A miens, General Des Garets; Thiril Corps, Rouen, General Lanzlois; Fhuth Corps, Mans, General Mercier; Fifth Corps, Orleans, General de Longuemar; Sixth (our)s, Chalons, General Kessler; Seventh Corvs, Besançon, Geueral Pierron; Eighth Corps, Bourges, (ieneral Goilart; Jinth Corps, Tours, General Rilf; Tenth Corps, Rennes, General Lucas; Eimerth chrps, Nantes, General Renouard; Tweifth Corps, Limoges, General Guioth; Thirtenth Corps, Clermont-Ferrand, (eneral Jacquemin; Pourtrenth Corps, Lyons, General Zérlé; Fifteenth Corps, IIarseilles, (Feneral Mretzinger; Sixteenth Corps, Montpelier, General FaureBiguet; Seventeenth Corps, Toulouse, (Eeneral de Sesmaisons; Eighteenth Chrps, Bordeaux, General Varaigue; Nineteenth Corps, Algiers, General Larchey; Twentielh Corps. Nancy, General Laplace.

## THE NA AVY.

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(For the Ministry, see page 368. ) COUNCIL OF THE EMPIRE.

## President.

.. His Imperial IIighuess the Grand Duke Michael Nicolaüvitch. THE ARMY.
The Commander-in-Chief is the Emperor.
Commander's of Mititary Conscripliuns-First Conscription, Transhaikalia, Lieutenant-General Grodekoff. Second Conscription, Cancasus, General of Infantry Prince (r. S. Golitzin. Third Conscription, Finland, Adjutant-General (General of Infantry Bubriknff, Fourlh Chmscription, Eastern Siberia, Vacant. Fifth Conscription, Kazan, Geveral of Infantry Mestcherinoff, Sixth Coniscription, Kiew, General Dragomiroff. Seventh Conscription, Moscow, H. I. H. the (irand Duke Sergius Alexandrovitch. Eighth Conscription, Odessa, General of Cavalry Count Ioussine-Poushkin. Ninih Conscription, Western Siberia, General of Cavalry Baron Taube. Tenth Cmscription, St. Petersburg, H. I. H. the Grand Duke Vladimir Alexandrovitch. Eleventh Conscription, is now a part of the Turkestan Conscription. Thelfih Conscription, Turkestan, Lieutenant-General Doukhovelsoi. Thirtcenth Conseription, Poland, Adjutant-General General of Infantry H. S. H. Prince Imeretinsky, Fourteenth Conscription, Vilna, General of Infantry Trotzky.

THE NAVY.
Commander-in-Chief, H. I. H. the Grand Duke Alexis Alezandrovitch.

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(For the Ministry, see page 368.)
PARLIAMENT.
President of the Scinate-SignorSaracco. President of the Chamber of Deputies-Signor Chinaglia. rSHE ARMY.
Chief of Staff-General Saletta.
Corps Commanders-Turin, Lieutenant-Ceneral Besozzi ; Alessaudria, Lientenant-General Ferrero; Verona, Lieutenant-General Corvetto; Eologna, Lientenaat-General Mirrl; Ancona, LientenantGeneral Baldissera; Florence, Lieutenant-General Cadornn; Rome, Lieutenant-Geueral Tournou; Naples, Lisutenant-General I. R. H. Prince of Naples; Bari, Lientenant-General Rugiù; Palerro, Lieutenant-General Abate; Piacenza, Lieutenant-Gencral Leone Pelloux; Milan, Lieutenant-General Bava-Beccaris.

## COMMANDERS OF MILITARY DIVISIONS.

1. Turin, Lieutenant-General Ottolenghi; 2. Novara, Lieutenant-General Prielli; 3. Alessandria, Lieutenant-General Rasini di Mortigliengo; 4. Cumeo, Licutenant-Geneial Fecia di Cossato: 5. Milan, Lieutenant-General Osio: 6. Erescia, Lieutenant-General Pistoia; 7. Placeuza, Lieutenant-General Marras; 8. Genoa, Lieutenant-General Tunini; 9. Verona, Lieureuant-General Guy; 10. Padua, Lieutenant-General Stevensons; 11. Bologna, Lieutenant-General Barriis; 12. Ravenna, Lieu-tenant-General Mtanacorda; 13. Ancona, Lieutenant-General Gazzurelli: 14. Chieti, LieutenantGeneral Riva; 15. Florence, Licutenent-Geueral Aymonino; 16. Leghorn, Lieutenant-General Heusch; 17. Rome, Lieutenant-(teneral Pedotti; 18. Perugia, Lientenant-General Valles; 19. Naples, Lieutenant-General Malacria: 20, Salerno, Lievtenant-Geueral Bugliolo; 21. Bari, LieutenantGeneral Onesti; 22. Catanzaro, Lieutenait-Genural La Halle; 23. Palermo, Lieutenant-General Appellius; 24 Messina, Lieutenant-General Gobbo; 25. Sardegna, Lieutenant-General Rogier.

THE NAVY.
Admiral-H. R. H. Prince Thomas, Duke of Genoa. Commanders of Squadrons-Active, ViceAdmiral Magnaghi; Reserve, Vice-Admiral Morin; Oceanic, Vice-Admiral Candiani; Instruction, Rear-Admiral Marchese.

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(For the Ministry, see page 368. )
THE AUSTRIAN REICH $二 R A T H$.
President of the Honse of Lm ds-एrines Allied Windischgritiz president of the House of DeputtesDr. Victor von Fuchs. Vice-Presidents-Professor Pientak, Johann Lupul.

THE HUNGARIAN REICHSTAG.
President of the House of Marmutes-Chunt Tibor Karolyi. President of the House of Representa-tives-Desiderius szilagy. Vice-2resident-Barou Bela Vay.

## THE ARAIF。

The Commander-in-Chief is the Emperor.
Corps Commanders-First Corps, Cracow, I. F. M., Baron E. Albori; Second Corps, Vienna, Count Üxkull-Gyllenband, F. Z. N.: Thiod Corps, Graz, L. F. M. ,E. von Sukovatti; Fourth Corps. Buda-Pesth, L. F. M. , Prince P. Lobkowitz; Fith Corps, Presburg, L. F. M.. Archduke Frederick. Sixth Corps, Kaschau, F. L. MI, Ludwig Fabini; Sevenh'Conps, Temesvar, L. F. M.. Schwitzer von Bayersheim; Lighth Corps, Prague, F. Z. M.. Count Grinne: Nuth Corp.e, Josefstadt, F MI L. Globus; Tenth Corps, Przemysl, F, Z, M., Anton Galgotzy i E'eventh Corps, Lemberg, L. F M., Ferdinand Fiedler: Twelfth Corps, Hermannstadt, F. Z. M., Probszt Edler von Uhstorfí, Thirteenth Corps, Agram, G. D. C., Baron A. Bechtoldsheim: Fourteenth Corps, Tunsbrūck, F. Z. M., Von Hold; Fifteenth Corps, Sarajewo, G. D. C. , Baron von Appel.

## GOVERNORS OF PROVINCES.

Lower Austria-Count E. Kielmansegg. Upper Anstria-Baron v. Puthon. Bohemia-Count Carl Coudenhove. Bukorvina-Baron F. Botirgoing. Carinthia-Ritter voll Fraydenegg. CarniolaBaron Victor v. Hein. Dalmatia-Military Commander E. David E. v. Khonfeld. Galicia-Prince Enstachlu Janguszko. Coast Land (Gorice, Istria. Trieste)-Count Leopold Goëss, Moravia-Baron Alois Spf s-Boden. Salzhury-Count St. Julien-Wallsee. Silesia-Count Joseph Thǔn. StyrlaVacant. Firol and Vorarlberg-Count Franz Nerveldt.

## Domitrion of $\mathbb{C}$ anada.

Governor-General (Salary, $\$ 50,000$ )
The Earl of Minto.
Ministry.
The salary of each member of the Dominion Cabinet holding a portfolio is $\$ 7.000$ per annum, except the Premier, who receives $\$ 8,000$. The present ministry was sworn into office July 11, 1896. It is liberal in politics.

Premier and President of the Privy Council-Rt. Hon. Sir Wilfred Laurier, G. C. M. G.
Secretcry of Slate-Hon. Richard W. Scott (Senator).
Minister of Trade and Commerce-Hon. Sir Richard Cartwright, G.C.M.G.
Misister of Justice-Hon. David Mills.
Minister of Marine and Fisheries-Hon. Sir Louis H. Davies, K. C. M. G.

Minister of Militia and Defence-Hon. Fred.jW. Borden.

Postmaster-General-Hon. William Mulock. Ninister of Agriculture-Hon Sydney A. Fisher. Mifinister of Phblic Works-Hon Joseph I. Tarte. Minister of Finance-Hon. William S. Fielding. Minister of Railways and Canals-Hon. A J, Blair. Minister of the Interior-Hon. Clifford Sifton. Minister of Customs-Hon. Wm. Paterson. Minister of Intand Revenue-Hon. Sir Henri G. Joly de Lotbiniere, K.C.M G.
Without Portfolio-Hon. Richard R. Dobell.
Hon. James Sutherland.
not in cabinet.
Solicitor-General-Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick.
The Senate (Dominion Parliament) is composed of 80 members, Hon. Sir C. A. P. Pelletier, K. C. M. G., Speaker, whose salary is $\$ 4,000$. Each Senator receives a sessional indemnity of $\$ 1,000$ and mileage. The House of Commons is composed of 213 members, Hon. Thomas Bain, speaker, whose salary is $\$ 4,000$ Each member of the House receives a sessional in demnity of \$1.000 and mileage. The members of the House of Commons are elected under the several Provincial Franchises, in accordance with a Federal act passed in 1898. The Senators are appointed for life by the Crown on the nomination of the Governor-in Council.
area, Population, and Seats of Government, and Lieutenant-Governors of THE Provinces.

| Provinces. | Area. Square Miles.* | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Popula- } \\ & \text { tion, } \\ & 1891 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | Seats of Goverument. | Lieutenant-Governors. | Ap-pointed. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alberta, | 100.000 | 25.278 | Regina. | Hon. A. E. Forget | 1898 |
| Assiniboia | 90.340 251.300 | 30,374 | Regina............ |  | $1898$ |
| Athabaska........... | 251,300 383.300 | 98,173 | Regina. Victoria. | Hon. Thos. R. McIunes | 1898 |
| British Columbia. Manitoba | 383.300 | +152.506 | Winnipeg | Hon. J. C. Pattersou | 1897 |
| New Brunswic | 28,200 | 321.270 | Fredericton | Hon. A. R. McClelan | 1896 |
| Nova Scotia | 20600 | 450,523 | Halifax. | Hon. M. B. Daly (2d term) | 1890 |
| Ontario...... | 222.000 | 2,114,475 | Toronto | Hon. Sir Oliver Mowat, G. C. M. G. | 1897 |
| Prince Ed ward Island | 2,000 | 199,088 | Charlottetown. | Hon. P. A. Macintyr | 1899 |
| Quebec... | 347350 | 1,488,586 | Quebec. | Hon. I. A. Jetté | 1898 |
| Saskatchewan | 114,000 | 11,146 | Regina. | Hon, A. E. Forge | 1898 |
| Mackenzie, Ungava, and Franklin ....... | 1.019.200 | 31,462 | Regina.......... | 6 6 ، | 1898 |
| Yukon | 198,300 |  |  |  |  |
| Keewatin | 756.000 | ........ |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| Great Lakes \& Rivers. | 47.400 |  |  |  | .... |
| Total............... | 3.653,946 | 4,823,875 |  |  |  |

*Land and water included in area. $+187,926$ by census of 1896.
High Commissioner in London. England, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G. C M. G. Salary, \$10,000.

The Dominion of Canada has an area of $3,653,946$ (including the Hudson Bay) square miles, and comprises one-sixteenth of the land surface of the globe. It is the largest of all the British possessions, Australia, the next in size, containing $2,944,628$ square miles. The Govermment of Canada is Federal. centred at Ottawa, which city is the capital of the Dominion, while the provinces and the Northwest Territories have their respective local Legislatures. The head of the Federal Government is the Governor-General, appointed by the Queen of Great Britain, and holding office for five years, his salary being paid by the Dominion Government.

The Lieutenant-Govemors of the several provinces are appointed by the Federal Government for a ierm of five years. The Legislatures are elected by the people of each province. The highest Court in the Dominion is the Supreme Court, composed of a Chief Justice and fire Judges, each of whom receives a salary of $\$ 7,000$ per annum, except the Chief Justice, who is paid an additional $\$ 1,000$. From the decisions of this Court the only tribunal to which appeal can be made is to the Judicial Committee of the Imperial Privy Council of Great Britain. The only other Federal Court is the Exchequer Court, presided over by a single Judge, for trying cases connected with the revenue. All others are of a provincial character, limited to jurisdiction in their respective provinces only.

## Finances.

Revenue (financial year ending June 30, 1893), $\$ 10,555,238$, of which $\$ 22,157,788$ was from customs; $\leqslant 7,881,001$ from excise ; $\$ 1,686,650$ from post-office $; \$ 3,873464$ from public works, including government railways; \$1,513,455 from interest on investments, and \$975. 792 from Dominion lands.

The expenditure on account of consolidated fund was $\$ 39,991,366$, of which $\$ 13.076,624$ was for interest; $\$ 1,399,422$ for civil government; $\$ 765,608$ for administration of justice; $\$ 729,829$ for legislation : $\$ 474,217$ for light-house and coast service ; $\$ 589,773$ for mail subsidies and steamship subventions; $\$ 952,581$ for Indians; $\$ 441,725$ for fisheries; $\$ 136,442$ for

## DOMINION OF CANADA-Continued.

geological survey and observatories; 8382.476 for arts, agriculture, quarantine and statistics; $\$ 1,514,472$ for militia and defence; $\$ 1,857.627$ for public works; $\$ 1,237.372$ for subsidies to provinces; $\$ 4,734,252$ for post office; $\$ 4,239,765$ for railways and canals; $\$ 971,320$ for collecting customs revenue; $\$ 140,553$ for ocean and river service $\$ 261,195$ for immigration, $\$ 865 ๊, 416$ for mounted police.

## Nattonal Debt.

The gross public debt of Canada on June 30,1898 , amounted to $\$ 338,375.984$, of which $\$ 227,958,836$ is payable in London, England, and the remainder in Canada. Among the amounts payable in Canada are government savings banks deposits, $\$ 50,111,119$, and Dominion notes, $\$ 22,178,193$. The total assets counted against gross public debt amount to $\$ 74,419,582$, of which amount $\$ 40,876,158$ are sinking funds.

## Militia.

The total strength of the Canadian militia June $30,1898-99$, was 36,650 men. including 2,461 cavalry, 1,734 field artillery, 2,378 garrison artillery, 328 engineers, 28,516 infantry. Attached to the military schools and colleges there are 986 men, who constitute the permanent force of Canada.

## Trade.

Exports fiscal year (1897-98) : To British Empire, $\$ 110,782,055$ : United States, $\$ 45,702,-$ 678; Germany, $\$ 1,837,448$; France, $\$ 1,025,262$, Belgium, $\$ 973,944$, Spanish West Indies, $\$ 1,179,459$; China, $\$ 363,191$ : Japan, $\$ 148,728$; Hoiland, $\$ 376,439$ : South America, $\$ 1,045,-$ 605; Hawaiian Islands, $\$ 137,062$. Total exports, $\$ 164,152,683$.

Imports fiscal year (1S97-98). From British Empire, $\$ 34,935,051$; United States, $\$ 86,900$, 702 ; Germany, $\$ 5,763,784$; France, $\$ 4,090,827$; Japan, $\$ 1,458,233$; Belgium. $\$ 1,450.197$. China, $\$ 882,534$; Spain and possessions, $\$ 1,108,183$ : South America, $\$ 1,299,188$. Greece, $\$ 168,586$; Dutch East Indies, $\$ 251,319$; Italy, $\$ 516.250$; Switzerland, \$352,098: Holland. \$415, 769. Total imports, \$140, 323.053.

Of the merchandise imported for home consumption, $\$ 74,625.088$ was dutiable, and $\$ 56,072,918$ free.

Imports of gold amounted to $\$ 4,390,844$, and the exports to $\$ 3,577,415$.

## Banks.

Chartered banks (September 30, 1899): Capital paid up, $\$ 64,517,248$; reserve fund, $\$ 29,591,762$; making total banking eapital, $\$ 94,110,000$; circulation redemption fund, $\$ 1,927,206$. Total assets, $\$ 427,870,875$; total liabilities, $\$ 331,908,896$; notes in circulation, $\$ 46,682,028$; deposits, $\$ 271,875,685$; loans and discounts, $\$ 289,418,281$.

Deposits in savings banks (1898): Post-oftice, $\$ 34,480,938$; Government, $\$ 15,630,181$; special, $\$ 15,482,100$. Total, $\$ 65,593,219$.

## RAILWAYS.

Canada has a network of railways, the total mileage of which at the end of June, 1898, was 16,870 miles.

## Fisheries.

The following is a statemelst of the money value of the fisheries within the Dominion of Canada, 1871-97 inclusive:

|  | ¢7,513,199.8 | 1880 |  | 1889 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1872 | 9,570,116.05 | 188 | 15, 817, 163.00 | 1890 | 17.725,000 00 |
|  | 10,547, 402.44 | 1882. | 16,824.092.00 | 1891 | 18,979.000.00 |
|  | 11, 681, 886.20 | 1883. | 16, 958, 192.00 | 1892. | 18,942,000 00 |
| 18 | 10,350,385. 29 | 1884. | 17,776, 404.24 | 1893. | 20.686, 661.00 |
| 1876 | 11, 117,000, 00 | 1885. | 17,722,973.18 | 1894. | 20, 719.573.00 |
| 1877 | 12,005, 934.00 | 1886. | 18, 672, 288.00 | 1895 | 20,185, 298.00 |
| 1878 | 13, 215, 686.00 | 1887. | 18,386, 103.00 | 1896 | 20,407, 424.00 |
| 1879. | 13,529, 153.00 | 1888. | 17,418.510.00 | 1897. | 22,783, 546.00 |

## General Statistics.

'Post-offices (year ended June 30, 1898), 9,282; number of letters mailed, 163, 128.000. Tonnage of sea-going vessels entered and cleared, $12,585,485$ tons register: tomnage of shipping engaged in the coasting trade, 29, 633,950 tons; tonnage of shipping engaged in the Great Lakes carrying between Canada and the United States, $12,160,631$ tons registered, carrying as freight $2,432,084$ tons weight and 488,716 tons measured; vessels built and registered, 278 ; tonnage, 24,522 ; light-houses, 816.

Population of Cities, Census of 1891.
Montreal, 216, 650 ; Toronto, 181,220; Quebec, 63,090; Hamilton, 48, 980 ; Ottawa, 44, 154 : St. John, 39,179 : Halifax, 38,556 ; London, 31,977 ; Winnipeg, 25, 642; Kingston, 19,264 ; Victoria, B. C. , 16, 841; Vancouver, B. C., 13,685 ; St. Henri, 13, 415 ; Brantford, 12,753 ; Charlottetown, 11,374; Hull, 11,265; Guelph, 10,539; St. Thomas, 10,370; Windsor, 10.322 ; Sherbrooke, 10, 110 ; Belleville, 9,914 ; Peterboro, 9,717 ; Stratford, 9,501 St. Cunégonle, 9,$293 ;$ St. Catharines, 9,170 ; Chatham, Ont., 9,052 ; Brockville, 8,793 Moncton, 8,765 ; Woodstock, Ont., 8,612 ; Trois Rivieres, 8,334 ; Galt, 7,535 ; Owen Sound, 7,497; Berlin, 7,425; Lévis, 7,301; St. Hyacinthe, 7,016; Cornwell, 6, 805 ; Sarnia, 6, 693; Sorel, 6, 669; New Westminster, 6, 641; Fredericton, 6,502; Dartmouth, N. S., 6, 249; Yarmouth, 6.0S9; Lindsay, 6,081; Barrie, 5,550; Valleyfield, 5,516 ; Truro, 5,102; Port Hope, 5, 012.

These pages of Canadian statistics were revised for The World Almanac for 1900 by George Johnson, Esq. , F.S.S., Statistician of the Department of Agriculture, Dominion of Canada.

THE OPENING OF THE EMPIRE TO COMMERCE,
(From the Report of the Burean of statistics of the 'Treasnry Department, 1899.)
THF more rapid development of the privileges of foreigners in (hina and of the introduction of moderu commercial methods dates from the treaty of shimonoseki, made between China und Japan in 1895 at the close of the wal between those nations and followed by a commercial treaty in 2846 The important features ul these treaties were thal they opened the waters of the principal rivers and canals to citizens of other nations, giving forelguers the right to purchase gonds or produce in the interior of china, to rent warehouses witbout the payment of special taxes or exaction, and to engage freely in all kinds of mannfacturing industries in the treaty ports, a so to import all kinds of machinery, paying only the stipulated import duties thereon and upon prodncts manufactured by them in China. paying only such inland transil dues as are leviable on imported merchandise (the latter provision having been somewhat modified bowever by the conmercial treaty)

While the Cllina-Japan trealy specifically conferred these provisions only on Japanese subjects, they at once became applicatle to the subjects of other natious having full treaty relations with (hina underthe most favored $13,10 n$ principle. The prompt resuit of this was a movement from all parts of the business world in the direction of China, and the establishment of business and manulacturingindustries, not only iu the old treaty ports, but in the new ones which were opened by thr Japanese treaty and by subsequent action of the Chinese Goverument. This was followed by ither evidences of $a$ disposition to adopt modern methods. The rail oad from Peking to Tientsin was quickly completed by the Cbinesetovemment, and agreements made looking to the construction by foremucapital of wher lines thousanns of mites m tengh, telegraphs were extended; electric roads, electrin liguts, and telephones mintroduced in the principal cities; mining ahd manufacturing concessions freely granted; the Wrest River, which penetrates >outhern Chua from (anton westward, was spened to commerce, and finally small steamors under foreign control were given pernission to penetrate to the interior limits of na rigationou all the rivers of the provincescontaining treaty ports.

The effect of this is already seen in the establishment of factories and busmess houms, lise coustruction of railioads, the extension and mmbtiplicatiou of steam navigation lines, and the oprning of mines in the great sections where tne nou and coal denosits are said to be the greatest in the kown woild.

## UONCESSIONS OBTAINED BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

On Norember 4 1xy? the German Government seized the purt of Klaochan on the northeastern coast of China asserting as the cause of its action the desire to obtain salisfaction for the murder of German missirnaties hy chuese on Noventher 1 of that year This por wash thyy acierman warShip until the annonucement of a treaty whth China by which the purt of Kianchan and adiacent territory were leasel) to (iemany for a term of mmety-ninc years, the (iemman fovernment being siven the right obland toupy construct forthications, and esiahbsh ef coailng and maral station, while German snbjects were to have the right to constrmet railways. onen mines, and trausac husiness in the rich mitrerat and aricultural piovince of shanthng in which Kinochat is located chinese ves sels howeve. 1.0 bave the same privileges in the pult of Kabchat that the German Goverument anghi decide to give to uher nations
 naval squadron to winter at Port Arthm on the Liaotung Peninsula which it bad whth (iermany aud France in 1895 tequired Japan to abandsu. i) Masch 27 1898 an agreemeut wassighed ov the Chmese Gavernmen bv which Port Arlhir and the adjacent port of Talien wan were teased for a term of twenty fise years to the Russian 'iovernment, the lease to se subsequently extended by nintual agreement This lease moluded són square mises of territory and all barbors hetween Port Arthur and Tatienwan the harbor of Port Artbui and a part ni lalicawan tos we for the sole use ol Russian and c'ninese men of war, Russua to have the pruvilege of extendug he trans-Siherian rail road tin ethoongh Manchnria te Purt Arthus and 'lalielswau aud to protect the same, during and after its consmenction by Russian I roopes

This aclion, hy which the northern side of the entrance to the Gulf of Pechili leading to che capital of Clina was placed under control oi Russia, beins unsatislactoy to the British dovernment a tease of the harbor of Wethatwei, on the opposite or smathern sirle of the entrance to the (iulf of Pecnili was made to Great Britain on A pril 2 ut the same yeat 1898 the lpase 10 be upolithe same terms as that by which Port Arthur was granted to Russian and to rontintie as long as Ruscia shonld occupy the peninsula of Liaotmor. Wetlamwer was occupell Ly (ireat Britam May 241898 , Dermis sion being given also 10 occnpy the istands of the Bay ol linking alin in sirp of land 10 mil es broad along its entre length with the privilege of electing fortifeatims and necupyitug the adjacent coast formilitary and naval purposes, the walled city ut Weihawei. lyins withil Chese inmits however to temain under control of the Chinese (forermmeut. On June 9,1898 , a lease wasalsomade 1,y Eng land of an area of abont 200 square miles on the mainland opposite its island of Jong king and $=\operatorname{lir}$ rounding the Chinese cuy of kowlonn which city however was to reman under Cbinese jurisdic 2hou, the lease io continne for a term of ainety nine years.

The concessions of terifory to cermany Russia dud Fngland led to a demand forsimstar privilegeshy the French (invermment. and wh A pril 13, 1898 the Chilese (fovernment Teased to France the harbor of Ywangchanwan, in the Leichan Peninsma on the somtheru coast, weat to the Frefich possession of Tunkin. and proterting in some degre the finlf of Tonk'u This jease was alsot ccom. panied by the privlege of connecting the French ferfiory of Toukin with the chanese puvince of Fmunanand the city of Vunnaufn. the harhor of Kwangchauwan to he nsed as a naval station. The tease was for ninety nine years and simplar in terms to th itmade with the ferman Government for Kianchau, carrying with it exchsive mume pmileges in the area to lee traversed by the moposed balloals In view of this agreemem, (irmat Britain therefore assumes that slse has nus the right to extend her Burmese railroad*it tolle province of Ymuan, ir. southwest China, through an agreement made with China Jamary 15, 1896 , by which att wivileges to France or Gireat Britan in the provinces of Yunnan and bzechalt showlil be given to toth cotmtres

These concessions to Germany, Russia, fireat Bitain and France which followed each otber so rapully in 1897 and 1898 , were followed in March, 1899 , by a demand hy the ltatian Governmen ${ }^{\circ}$ fi)rsmar arivileges at the purt of San Mun ant in A pril, 1899, somewhat similat demands are reported to have been made by Japan regarding certain lerritory on the coast opposite her island of Formosa.

In all of the above cases the countries obtaining possession of these ports have announced that at least a portion of each port. will be freely opeu w the commerce ni all nations (Port Arthur excepted), and the (ierman (invernment has already urcanged for the location of clinese chstom-houses at the docks which ir is buildug at Kianclan in orler ! o permit goods passing to or from the miterior of Chma to be exanitied aud pay duty at *2 at pomt, and a re-examiuation at the linits of the German terntory thus obviated

## Kustralian yfyciatiour

Movement for a federation of the Australian colonies began as far back as 1852, but the first convention having that purpose in view was held at Hobart in January, 1886. The colonies represented wer Victoria, Queensland, Tasmania, Western Anstralia, and Fiji. South Australia sent a representative to a subsequent meeting. This effort was abortive, but another conference look place in 1891 at sydney, N. $S$. W., which was attended by seven delegates from each of the colonies, except New Zealand, which sent three. Sir Henry Parkes, the Australian statesman, took an active part in the proceedings. A plan of federal government was proposed, which resembled in many of ts features that of the United sitates. A clraft bill to constitnte the "('ommonwealth of australia" was adopted by the convention, and it wasagreed tosubmit it to the approval of the individual legislatures of the several culonies. This bill met with success in the lower branch of but one colonal legislature-that of Victorial.

There was a conference of premiers of five Australian colonies held at Hobart in January, 1895, and the legislative assembly of New South Wrales passed a ferleral enabling act in November of that year, and notice of motion was given in ot!ner partaments to bring in a sim lar hil. But the first practical movement toward feleration was efiected early in 1898. A convention of representatives ot five co onies-New South Waies, Victoria, Tasmania, South Austraila, and T. estern Austratia (Queensland and New Teafand nut represented) - succeeded in drafting a constitution, which was submitted to the popalar ente of cach ol those colunies in June. 'I he constitution provided for a governorgencral appoint d by the Crown, a federal parliament composed of the Crown, represented by the governor-general, a senatc, and a honse of representatives. The powers of the parliament were set forth in thirty-nine artic es, and covered trade with other countries, taxation, coinage, weights and measures, © oreign corporations, pensions, arbitration, etc. Free trade betwern the states was recognized. The eifort receired a check in 1808 by the unwiltingness of New south Wales. But by a popular vote in 1593 all six of the contracting colonies, New sonth Wales, Victoria, south Australia, Queensland, Western Anstralia, and Iasmania, gave their adhesion to the plan. New Zealaud is not inclnted, but will be tiken in later, as will probably Fiji and British New Guinea. The assent of the Parliament of (ireat, Britain will he necessary, but that will not be devied, and the confederation will doubtless present itselt to Parliament when the South African war is over.

The following table shows the population and area of the several colonies of which it is proposed to make a nation. The figures are from the census of 1891:

| Colonies. | Area in Square Milles. | Fopulation. | Colosies. | Area in Square Miles. | Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New South Wales | 370.700 | 1,132,234 | Tasmania | 26,215 | 146,667 |
| Victoria. | 87, 8e 4 | 1,140,405 | Nesv | 104,03- | 626.63 |
| South Australi | 903,640 | 320,451 | Piji | 7, 423 | 125,402 |
| Queensland. | 668, 497 | 398.718 | British New Cul | 234,768 | 850000 |
| Western Australia | :1033,650 | 49,782 | Total. | $\overline{3.2} 46.729^{-}$ | 4.285,297 |

## Division of Gevica <br> AMCNG THE EUROPEAS POWERS.

|  | Area. | Population. |  | Area. | Poyulation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RTI-H AFRICA: Basu- | $2.417,755$$1,232,454$ | $39,833,953$$18.073,590$ |  | 920.520 | 10,200,000 |
| toiant Bechuanaland |  |  |  |  |  |
| ony, 'entral Africa, |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {East }}$ Arriea Protecto- |  |  | Italian Africa: Eritrea, Somatiland....... | 0 | 850,000 |
| rate, Zanzibar Protecto- |  |  | PORTUGUESE AFRICA: |  |  |
| rate, Mauritius, Natal, |  |  | Angola, the Congo, |  |  |
| Niger Coast Protecto- |  |  | and Islandis........ | 735,304 | 4,431,970 |
| Royal Niger Company, |  |  | Spanish africa: Rio |  |  |
| South Africa, West |  |  | de Oro, Adrar Fer- |  |  |
| Africa, Zulutand and |  |  | TURKISH A FRICA: T | 243,877 |  |
| French Africa: Alge- |  |  | poli and the Mediter- |  |  |
| ria, Senegal, Frencls |  |  | ranean Coast, Lgypt* | 798,738 | 8,117,265 |
| Soudan and the Niger, |  |  | State (Under the |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Gabcon }}^{\text {and }}$ Coast, Congo Regiou, |  |  | sovereignty of the King |  |  |
| Somati Coost, Madagas- |  |  | of the Eelgians)......... | 900,000 | 30.000, 000 |
| car and Islands...... |  |  | Total | ,697,548 | 113,243.07 |

* Egyptand the Egmptian Soudan, although nomina ly under the suzerainty of Turkey, are really controlled by Great Britain, and it is only a matter of time as to when they will be incorporated into the British Empire. Adding Egypt and the Soudan to the Empire would increase the figures above given to $2,817,755$ square miles and $46,651,218$ population.

The two Boer South African republics are not included in the British area, although Great Britain claims suzerainty and is figliting to establish it or for complete absorption.

The remaining territory of Africa unoccupied is a part of the great Desert of Sahara and the Independent states of Abyssinia and Liberia. Even this te ritory, except the last, is destined to pass under the power of the Europeans. The tahular figures are from "The Statesman's Year-Book.

Egyptian (British) and French territory in the soudan, according to British claims, tonch along the in: of the 27th degree of latitude. Priort, the revolt of the Mahdilin 1882 Egyptciaimed Darfar, Kordofdn, Senaar, Taka, the Equatorial Province, and the Bahr-el-Ghazal Province. Though authority over these was lost by the snccess of the Mahdi, Eyypt did not relinquish her claim, and her full anthority was resumed by the victories of General Kitchener in 1898 . The French were disposed to dispute these claims and assert a right to territory as far east as the banks of the Nile, thus covering the Bahr-el-Ghazal Province. Hence the appearance of Major Marchand at Fashoda on the Nile, many miles south of Khartoum. But this position the French have now avandoned.

# Central and Soutij אnuricau ©raxe. 

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

| Countries. |
| :---: |
| Argentine Republic |
| Bolivia |
| Brazil. |
| Chile |
| Colombia |
| Costa Rica |
| Dominican Republic. |
| Ecuador. |
| Guatema |


| Y'ear | Imports. | Exports. | CoUstries. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1898 | \$107,428,900 | \$133,829,458 | Hayti. |
| 1897 | 10,840,000 | 10,242,000 | Houdur |
| 1895 | 145,900,000 | 111,200,000 | Mexico |
| 1898 | 102,262,08 | 168,069,431 | Nicaragua |
| 1897 | 18,1:66,598 | 16,820,411 | Paraguay |
| 1898 | 4,258,896 | 5,659,218 | Peru |
| 1897 | 1,884,375 | 2,709,805 | Salvado |
| 1897 | 7.545,692 | 12,968,609 | Urugua |
| 1898 | 3,880,6088 | 15,377,460 | Veuezue |


| Year | Imports. | Exports. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1897 | \$0,363,798 | \$12,549.848 |
| 1898 | 1,166,441 | 1,235.952 |
| 1898 | 50,869,194 | 138478,137 |
| 1898 | 2,789,366 | 3,098,231 |
| 1897 | 2,203,359 | 1,955,803 |
| 1898 | 7,849, 665 |  |
| 1896 | 1,650,444 | 3690,276 |
| 1898 | 24,784,356 | 30,276,914 |
| 1897 | 13,241,000 | 17,996,252 |

The above returns, and those of population following, were furnished The World Almanac by the Director of the Bureau of the American Republics, Washington, D. C.

POPULATION ACCORDING TO LATEST ESTIMATES.

| Argentine Republic (official) | 4,000,000 | Honduras (estin | 420 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bolivia (estimate) ............. | 2,500,000 | Mexico (oflicial) | ,570, |
| Brazil (official) | 18,000,000 | Nicaragua (estimate) | 420.010 |
| Chile (official) | 3,500,000 | Paraguay (estimate) | 600.000 |
| Colombia (estim | 4,600,000 | Peru (estimate) | 3,000.0 |
| Costa Rica (official) | 309,683 | Salvador (officia | 810.5 |
| Ecuador (estimate) | 1,300.000 | Dominican Republi | 610.0 |
| Guatemala (official) | 1,535,632 | Uraguay (ofticial) | 810 |
| Hayti (estimate). | 1,211,625 | Veneznela | 2,444 |

The Bureau of the American Republics at Washington was established under the recommendation of the late International American Conference, for the prompt collection and distribution of commercial information concerning the American Republics. It publishes translations of the tarifis of the countries of Latin America reduced to the United States equivalents; also handbooks of these countries, and a monthly bulletin containing the latest information respecting their resources, commerce, and general features. Replies are also furnished to inquiries in relation to the commercial and other affairs of the countries, aud items of news giving recent laws of general interest, development of railways, agriculture, mines, manufactures, shipping, etc., are given to the press. The Bureau is sustained by contributions from the several A merican Republies in proportion to their population. The Director is William Woodville Rockhill, and Chief Clerk Williams C. Fox.

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Organized 1892. Acting President and Vice-President-General Roy Stone, Washington, D. C. Acting Secretary - Charles Freeman Johnson, San Francisco, Cal. Generat Western Secretary-S. Thornton K. Prime, Dwight, Ill. General Eastern Secretary-E. G. Harrison, C. E., Washington, D. C., Department of Agriculture. The purposes of the League are "to awaken general interest in the improvement of public roads, determine the best methods of building and maintaining them, secure the legislation, State or National, that may be necessary for their establishment and support, and conduct or foster such publications as may serve these purposes.

The State and Interstate Good Roads and Improvement Association, a Western organization, is also doing good work. The officers are William H. Moore, St. Lonis, Mo., President; R. C. Harki, Trenton, Mo., Secretary, and with its numerous anxiliaries it has $\mathbf{1 0 0}, 000$ members.

## 

President-Thomas J. Keenan, Jr., Pittsburgh, Pa: First Vice-Prcsident-Herbert WT. Foltz, Indianapolis, Ind. : Second J'ic-President-Robert T. Kingsbury, Keene, N. H.: Treasurer-J. C. Tattersall, Box 329, Trenton, N. J.; Secretary-Abbot Bassett, 5:3U Atlantic Avenue, Boston, Mass. Raring Board-Fred. Gerlach, Chicago, Ill.: A rthur W: Rominson, Boston, Mass. ; C. A Dimon, Philadelphia, Pa. ; J. W. Brigman, Lonisvilie, Ky.; W. I. Doty, Denver, Col. ; W'. B. Curtis, New York City.

Anv ama eir (white) wheelman, of good character. eighteen years of age or over, with the indorsement of two League members, is eligible to membership. Dues are $\$ 2$ first year, and $\$ 1$ subsequent years. Members have privileges obtained by Cyclists' Touring Club, in Europe, and by C'anadian Wheelmen's Association, in C'anada.

## tate Comstitutiong.

DATES OF PRESENT STATE CONSTITUTIONS.

| States. | Year. | States. | Year. | States. | Year. | States. | Year. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alahania | 18.5 | Kansas | 1859 | Ňevada............ | 1864 | South Carolina. | 1895 |
| Arkansas. | 1874 | Kentucky | 1891 | New Hampshire.. | 17.93 | Soutli Dakuta. | 1889 |
| C'ali ornia | 1879 | L.onisiana. | 1898 | New Jursey.......... | ${ }^{7} 1 \times 44$ | Jennesree. | 18.0 |
| Colorado. | 156 | Maine. | 1875 | New Mexico Ter... | §1500 | Texas .. ............... . | 1816 |
| Connecticut | 1818 | Maryland.. | $1 \times 67$ | Few I ork.......... | +18.4 | Utah. | 1896 |
| Delaware. | 1897 | Massachusetts | 1784 | North ('atolisa .... | 1875 | Vermont ........ | 1793 |
| Florida. | 1885 | Wichigan.. | 1850 | North Dakota..... | 1889 | Virgmia.............. | 1869 |
| Georgia | 1877 | Minnesota. | 1858 | Ohio.. | 1851 | Washingtow...... | 1889 |
| Idaho. | 1890 | Mississippi | 1891 | Oregon.... | 1859 | WVest Virginia...... | 1872 |
| Illinois. . | 1870 | Missouri. . | 1875 | Pennsylvania.* ..... | +1873 | W isconsin. . . . . | 1848 |
| Indiana... | 1851 | Montana. Nebraska. | 1889 | Rhode Island...... | 1842 | W j 0mingo. ............ | 1889 |

[^22]
# The salary of each racmber of the Cabinet is $\$ 15,000$. 

Secretary of Foreign Affairs-Señor Don Ignacio | Secretary of Finances-Señor Don José Ives LimMariscal.
Secretury of the Interior-Señor General Don Mantel G. Cosio.
Secretury of Justice and Public Instruction-Señor Don Joaquin Baranda.
Secretary of Improvemeats-Scñor Don Manuel Ferıandez Leal.

Area, Population, Constitution, and Government.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { States } \\ \text { thid } \\ \text { Terbitorifs. } \end{gathered}$ | Area Square Miles. | Population. | Capitals. | $\begin{gathered} \text { States } \\ \text { AND } \\ \text { Teritories. } \end{gathered}$ | Area <br> Square Miles. | Population. | Capitals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aguas C'alientes. | 2,951 | 10 | Aguas Calientes. | Queretaro | 3,558 | 227,233 | Queretaro. |
| Campeche ....... | 18,091 | 88,121 | Campeche. | San Luis Pot | 25,323 | 570,814 | San Luis |
| Chiapas... | 27,230 | 315,120 | San Cristobal. | Sinaloa | 33,681 | 258,845 | Culiacan. |
| Chihuahua. | 87,828 | 265, 831 | Chihuahua. | Sonora | 76,922 | 191,281 | Hermosillo. |
| Coahtula | 62.375 | 235, 633 | Coshuila. | Tabasco | 10,075 | 134,794 | S. Juan Bautista |
| C'olima. | 2,273 | อ5, 6717 | Colima. | Tamaulipas | 32,585 | 208,102 | Ciudad Victoria. |
| Duraugo | 38,020 | 294,366 | Durango. | Tepic (Ter | 11,279 | 148,766 | Tepic. |
| (inamajuato | 11,374 | 1,047,2:38 | Guanajnato. | Tlaxcala | 1,595 | 166,803 | Tlaxcala |
| (tuerrero | 25,003 | 417,621 | Chilpancingo. | Vera Cruz | 29,210 | 8550,975 | Vera Cruz. |
| Ifidalgo | 8,920 | 548,039 | Pachuca. | Yucatán | 35,214 | 298,039 | Merida. |
| Jalisco. | 31,305 | 1,107,863 | Guadalajara. | Zacatecas | 24,764 | 452,720 | Zacatecas. |
| Mexico. | 9,250 | 837,737 | Toluca. | L.California(Ter) | 58,345 | 42,245 | La Paz |
| Michoacán Morelos. | 24,881 | $\begin{aligned} & 889,795 \\ & 159,800 \end{aligned}$ | Cuernavaca. | Federal District. <br> Islands |  | 484,608 | City of Mexico. |
| Nuevo Leoll | 24,324 | 309,250 | Monterey. |  |  | .... |  |
| Оахаса... | 35,392 | 882,529 | Oaxaca. | Total. | 767,316 | 12,578,861 |  |
| Puebla | 12,207 | 973,723 | Puebla. |  |  |  |  |

The present Constitution of Nexico bears date February 5, 1857, with subsequent amendments. By its terms Mexico is considered a Federative Republic, divided into States, nincteen at the outset, but at present twenty-seven in number, with two Territories and one Federal District, each having a right to manage itsown local aflairs, while the whole are bound together in one boty politic by fundamental and constitutional laws. The powers of the Federal Government are divided into three branches-the lesislative, executive, and judicial. The legislative power is vested in congress, consisting of a House of Representatives and a Senate; the executive in a President, and the jurlicial in Federal Courts. Representatives elected by the suffirage of all male adults. at the rate of one member for 40,000 inhabitants, hold their places for two years. The qualifications requisite are to be twouty-five years of age and a resident in the State. The Senate consists of two members from each state, of at least thirty years of age, who hold their places for four years. Senators are elected indirectly, half of them being renewed every two years. The members of both Houses receive salaries of $\$ 3,000$ each a year.

The President is elerted by electors popularly chosen in a general election, holds office for four years, and, according to the last Amendment of the Constitution, there will be no prohibition to his re-election. In case of his sudden disability, the secretary of Foreign Affairs officiates in his place : in case of leave, death, or permanent disability, Congress elects a pro tempore President, who acts until, in either of the two last cases, a President is elected by the people. Con gress has to meet anmally from september 16 to December 15, and from April 1 to May 31, and a permanent committee of both Houses sits during the recesses.

## Finance And Commerce.

The Federal revenue collected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, exceeded \$5.9, 000 , 000 ; disbursements were about $\$ 52,000.000$; value of imports year ended June 30, $1899, \$ 50,869,194$; ralue of exports, $\$ 148,453,834$.

## Army and Navy.

The army consists of infantry, 22, 961 ; engineers, 766 : artillery, 2, 304; cavalry, 8, 454; rural guards of police, 2,365 : gendarmerie, 250 : total, 37.103 . There are over 3,000 officers. There is a fleet of two unarmored gun-vessels, each of 450 tons and 600 horse-power, and armed with 20 -pounders, one training-ship of 1,221 tons armed with four $4.72 \cdot$ guns, two $57 \mathrm{~m}-\mathrm{m}$ guns and two $32 \mathrm{~m}-\mathrm{m}$ guns, and three small gunboats.

## National Debt.

The external debt, contracted in Lonclon, is $£ 16.500,000$, and the total debt of the country was in 1897, in goid, $\$ 114,675,895.49$; in silver, $\$ 88,549,111.80$. Total, $\$ 203,225,-$ 067.34.

## Internal Improvenents.

Miles of railway in operation, 8,307 ; miles of telegraph line, about 42,500 ; post-offices, 1,770.

This information about Mexico, compiled mainly from the bulletins of the Bureau of American Republics, Washington, D. C. , was corrected to date for The World Almanac at the office of the Mexican Embassy at Washington.


[^23]
## 30pulation of tye ©uite States,*

AT NACH CENSUS FROM 1790 TO 1890.
(Compiled from the Reports of the Superintendents of the Census.)

| States and Territories. | 1810. | 1820. | 1830. | 1840. | 1850. | 1800. | 1870. | 1880. | 1890. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabama |  | 127,901 | 309,5 | 590,756 | 771,623 | 964,201 | 996,992 | 1,269,595 | 1,513,01 |
| A rizona |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9, uis | 40, 440 | 59, 120 |
| Arkansa |  |  |  |  | 92, 297 |  | ¢0.4.4, | 854.694 |  |
| Colorado |  |  |  |  |  | 34.2 .7 | 32,804 | 194, 327 | 41, 19.198 |
| Commect | 261,942 | 275,148 | 297,675 | 301,978 | 370,7 | 400.147 | 537.454 | 622, 500 | 746,258 |
| Dakota |  |  |  |  | 91532 | 112 | 125,175 | 145, 1408 | 93 |
| D. of ('o | 24 | 32,039 |  |  |  | 75, 080 | 1:1,700 | 7,62 |  |
| Fiorida |  |  |  | 54,477 | 87.445 | 1411,434 | 187,742 | 269,4:3 | 391,432 |
| Georgi | 252 | 340, | 516 | 641,392 | 906,185 | 1,057, 236 | 1.184,109 | 1,54is,180 | 1,83i,353 |
| Idaho |  |  |  |  |  |  | ,994 | 32,611 | 85 |
| Illinoi |  | 2 |  | 476.183 | 8อั1,470 | 1,711,251 | 2, $2,29,8,81$ | 3,077,371 | 3,826,351 |
| India | 24,3201 | 147,178 | 343,031 |  | $98 \times 416$ | 1,351,428 | 1,680,657 | 1,978,301 | 2,192,404 |
| Iowa. |  |  |  | 43,112 | 192,214 | 6, 4.913 | 1.194, 020 | 1,624.615 | 1,411. 856 |
| Kansas |  |  |  |  |  | 150 | 3ri4, 3s:4 | 9?6, 196 | 1,427,096 |
| Kentucky | 406,511 | 564.135 | 637,917 | 714,828 | 982,405 | 1,150,634 | 1,221,011 | 1,648,649 | 1,858,635 |
| Lonisiana | 76, 556 | 152.023 | 21 | 3.2,4]1 | 517762 | 708, 018 | 736,415 | $9.39,446$ | 1,11*,287 |
| Maine | +208,705 | 238.90 | 344 | , 143 | 83, 169 | 6:28, $2=9$ | 626.419 | $64{ }^{\text {c, }}$, $43{ }^{\text {a }}$ | と 6 |
| Maryland | 380.5-215 | 407.350 | 447, (10) | 471019 | 831134 | 1587, 4,49 | 7810.5 .4 | 934.943 | 1,442,290 |
| Massachus | d72, 0.42 | 523,179 | 610.48 | 737,699 | 694,514 | 1,231, (16\% | 1,45, 351 | 1,788, 1 ) 85 | 2.238,943 |
| Michigan | 4,262 | 8,i | 31,6ut | 212,267 | 397,654 | 74.11 | 114.659 | 1, ¢3.30 437 | 2. 34788 |
| Mimmesota |  |  |  |  | 6,077 |  | 4.9, ${ }^{\text {a }}$, \% |  | 1,301, 836 |
| Mississip |  |  |  |  |  |  | 831 | 1,131.29: | 1.289, 600 |
| Missolir | 20, $8 \cdot 10$ | ,507 | 140, 500 | 380, 02 | 682, 04. | 1,152.012 |  | $\begin{gathered} 2,168,380 \\ 34,1.29 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,6: 4,184 \\ 132159 \end{gathered}$ |
| ebra |  |  |  |  |  | 28. | 13.46 | 452.402 | $1,058,410$ |
| Nevada. |  |  |  |  |  | 6. 8 in | 42 | 62.2 | 45.761 |
| New Hamp | 21.4 | 244,022 | 269,328 | 4,574 | 317 | $2 r^{3}$ | 318 | 345,9,91 | 376,530 |
| New Jersey | -40, 5 ¢ 2 | 277,426 | 320,8 | 373,5i6 | 4.9 | 672. | 96 | 1,131,115 | 1,44,983 |
| New Mexic |  |  |  |  | 61,547 | 93.515 | 91, 774 | $119.5 \times 2$ | 153.593 |
| New York. | 959.049 | 1,3i2.112 | 1.918 | 2, 428,931 | 3, 197,394 | 3,854.735 | $4,28,754$ | 5, 11882,371 | 5.497, 8ã |
| North ('arcil | อิอัอัอว้บ | Dis 8 82: | T87, | 753,41 | 8.34,039 | 992, 622 | 1, $0: 1,361$ | 1,399,750 | 1,617 4.47 |
| Ohio. | 250,7 |  | 987, | 1,519, | 1,980 | 2,333,5 | 2,60 |  | 3,6i-, 19 |
| Oklahom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ,834 |
| Oregon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 174,763 | 313,767 |
| Pennsyiva | 810,091 | 1.077.507 | 1,375,238 | 1.72 | 2,311, 05 | 2,905, 213 | 3,521,951 | 4,282,891 | 5,235, 114 |
| Rhode Isla | 76, \%3. | 2e. 115 | 5, | 1118,830 |  | 174. | 217 | 27万, 3 \% | 344, 506 |
| South ('arolina. South Dakota. |  |  |  |  | $60^{\circ} 8,507$ | 7U3, | 7 \% 5 | 995,5 | $1,151,149$ |
| Temmessee. | 2 ij 1 | 43 | 58 | 82 | 1,002.715 | 1,1099 ¢, 1 |  | 1,342,359 | 1,76i |
| Texas |  |  |  |  | 212.89:3 | 5ut,215 | $818,5 i 4$ | 1,591,7-19 | 2,235,523 |
| Utah |  |  |  |  | 11,381 | 40,2 | 85, 786 | 143.95 | 207,905 |
| Vermont | 21\%,835 | 235066 | 280,62ั | 291.948 | 314.120 | 315 | 3av, 5 L | 332, | 332,422 |
| Virginia | 974,6\%0 | 1, Є๐ว, 116 | 1,211,405 | 1,239, | 1,421,661 | 1, wit | 1,225,163 | 1,512, | 1,655̄,980 |
| Washingto |  |  |  |  |  | 11, | 25.45 | ,id | 354,390 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 10.4.70 | 618.45 | 80 |
| W yoming |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1, ${ }^{1,118}$ | 20.489 | 1,686080 $60,7 v 5$ |
| T | 7,239,881 | 9,633,922 | 12,866,020 | 17,069,453 | 23,191,876 | 31,443,321 | 38,559,371 | 50,155,788 | 62,623,350 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The inhabitants of Alaska and the Indian Territory apo not incluled in the abore. The population of A laska in 1890 was 30,329 ; of tue Indian Territory? 179,0 . 2 . Total population of the United sitates in 1890, 62, 831, 400.

POPVLATION: CENSUS OF 1790.-Cnnnecticut, 237,245; Delaware, $59,0.5$; Georgia, 82,548 ; Kentucky, 73,677; Maine, 96,540 ; Marylank, ?19,728; Massachusetts, 388,757 ; New H mpshire, 141,885; New Jersey,
 Carolina, 24, ,078; F'empssee, 30, 541; Vernont, 85,425 ; Virginia. 747.610. fotal L. s., 3.929,214.

POPULATJON C'bNsus of 1800.-Connecticul, 251,062; 1)elaware, 64.273 ; District of Colnmbis, 14,093;
 422.845; Mississippi, 8,850; New Hampshire, 183,858; New Jersey, 211,243: New Vork, 589 , (ól; North
 Teunessee, 105,602: Vermont. 15́ $4,46 \overline{5}$; Virginia, 850,200 , Total U. S. , $5,308,483$.

Population Prior to 1790 (according to Bancroft): 1698, 200,000; 1714, 434,600; 1727, 580,$000 ; 1750$, 1,$260000 ; 1754, i, 425,000 ; 1750,1,645,000 ; 1770, \ddot{2}, 312,001 ; 1750,2,915,000(2,383,00 j$ white, 562,060 colored).

[^24]$\dagger$ Maine was a part of Massachusetts until its admission into the Union in 1820.

## plopulation of the druite Estates，

ACCORDING TO SEX，NATIVITY，RACE，VOTING，SCHOOL，AND MLILITAA AGES． （Compiled from the Reports of the Census of 1890．）

| States and Termitories． | Sex． |  | Nativity． |  | Race． |  | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { Voting } \\ \text { AGES. } \end{array} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Males } \\ 21 \text { Years } \\ \text { and over. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ | Scyool <br> AGEs． <br> Total <br> Popula－ <br> tion， 5 to <br> 20 Years． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Militita } \\ \text { AGES. } \\ \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Tota! } \\ \text { Popula- } \\ \text { tion, } \\ \text { Malcs. } \end{array} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male． | Femsie． | Native Born． | Foreign Lorn． | White． | Colored． |  |  |  |
|  | 757，456 | 755，561 | 1，498，240 | 14.777 | 5，${ }^{3} 80$ | 679，299 | 324．822 | 639，494 | 265，035 |
| Arizo | 36，571 | 23，049 | 40，825 | 18，795 | 55，530 | $4.0 \leqslant 0$ | 23，696 | 18，284 | 6 |
| A rkanse | 580， 755 | 542.434 | 1，115．915 | 14，264 | 818，752 | 309，427 | 257，808 | 476，185 | 214，708 |
| Califor | 700，059 | 508，071 | $841,8 \div 1$ | 366，309 | 1，111，572 | 96，458 | 462，289 | 360，289 | 343，001 |
| Colorad | 245， 247 | 166．951 | 328，205 | 83，990 | 404.468 | 7，730 | 164.920 | 113，150 | 140，441 |
| Connectic | 369，538 | 376，720 | 562．557 | 183，601 | 733．438 | 12.820 | 224，094 | 221，245 | 163，865 |
| Delaware | 85，573 | 82，920 | 150．，332 | 13，161 | 140，00＇6 | 28，427 | 47， 2 ¢ 9 | 57.496 | 36．076 |
| District | 109.581 | 120,808 | 211,632 | 18，770 | 154.645 | 75.697 | 64.5 | 74，176 | 47，623 |
| Florida | 201,947 | 189，475 | 368，490 | 22，932 | 2：4，919 | 165．473 | 6，213 | 155，676 | 79.604 |
| Georgi | 919，925 | 917，428 | 1，825，216 | 12，137 | 972.357 | 85¢ 246 | 398，122 | 7 71,027 | 336, |
| Idaho． | 51，290 | 33，095 | 66，929 | 17，405 | 82． 118 | 2，367 | 31，490 | 27，257 | 24 |
| I | 1，972，208 | 1，854，043 | 2，984， 104 | 842，347 | 3，758．420 | 57.87 .9 | 1，072，663 | 1，323，030 | 52， |
| Indian | 1，118，347 | 1，074，057 | 2．046，199 | 140，205 | 2，146，736 | 45，66i8 | 595，066 | 780.172 | $4{ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Iowa | 994，453 | 917，443 | 1，587，827 | $324,0<9$ | 1，901，085 | 10， 10 | อัะ0，332 | 701，182 | 399 |
| Kansa | 752.112 | 674，984 | 1，279，258 | 147，838 | 1，376， $\mathrm{y}^{\text {a }}$ | 50.543 | 383，251 | 540，170 | 295，3 |
| Kentuck | 942，758 | 915，877 | 1，799，274 | 59，355 | 1，5：30，453 | 208,173 | 450742 | 727，061 | 361 |
| Lollisi | 559350 | 599，237 | 1，068，840 | 49，747 | 5 52， 390 | 50.192 | 250，563 | 455，234 | 15，215 |
| Main | 332.590 | 328.446 | 582，125 | 78，961 | $6-4.63$ | 1，8：3 | 201，241 | 201，851 | 133，139 |
| Mary | 515，691 | 526，6\％9 | 948，094 | 94，296 | 820．34： | 215.897 | 270.73 | 370，832 | 205.816 |
| Massac | 1，087，709 | 1，151，234 | 1，581，80¢ | 657，137 | 2，21言373， | 23，5，0 | b̄⿹勹， 009 | 650,870 | 499，312 |
| Michigan | 1，091，780 | 1，002，109 | 1，250，009 | 543,880 | $2,072, x 4$ | 21.005 | 617.440 | 703，684 | 462, |
| Minneso | $695.3 \pm 1$ | 606，${ }^{\text {0 }} 05$ | 834，470 | $46^{7} 7.35 \mathrm{~b}$ | 1，296，159 |  | 376，036 | 454,804 | 304.2 |
| Mississip | 649.687 | 639，913 | 1，281，648 | 7，952 | 544, | 744，749 | 271.080 | 559.101 | 22\％，76 |
| Missou | 1，385，238 | 1，293，446 | 2，444，315 | 234.869 | 2，508，458 | 150，726 | 705，718 | 1，008， 335 | 566,448 |
| Montar | 87.882 | 44.277 | 69，463 | 43.096 | 137，2 | 4，8 | 63.415 | 30，240 | 55，490 |
| Nebra | 572，831 | 486，086 | 8อัถ， 363 | 202，542 | 1，040 | 12，02 | 301，500 | 384， 355 | 255.655 |
| Nevada | 29，214 | 16，547 | 31，บว์5 | 14，506 | 39.108 | 6，6．7 | 20，951 | 12，391 |  |
| New Ham | 180， 066 | 184，964 | 34，190 | 72，340 | 375，841 | 690 | 118，135 | 1（16， 611 | 79 |
| New Jerse | 720,819 | 724，114 | 1，115，958 | 328.975 | 1，396，5¢ | 48.332 | 413，530 | 464，992 | 313，683 |
| New Mex | 83，055 | 70.3 | 142，334 | 11，259 | 142，119 | 10814 | 44，951 | 52，543 | 36，065 |
| New York | 2，976，893 | 3，020，960 | 4，420，803 | 1，571，050 | －$, 423,3,52$ | 73，901 | 1，769．649 | 1．836，935 | 1，325，619 |
| North（＇aro | 799，149 | 818,798 | 1，614，245 | 3，702 | 1，055．，382 |  | 242，653 | 673，415 | 273，834 |
| North | 101，590 | 81.129 | 101，208 | 81，461 | 182，12？ |  | 55，959 | 59，324 | 48，608 |
| Ohio． | 1，855，736 | 1，816，580 | 3，213，023 | 459，243 | 3，584，81 | 87，511 | 1，016，46i | 1，271，031 | 767，975 |
| Oklalio | 34，733 | 27，101 | 59，094 | 2.740 | 58，8： | 3,018 | 19，161 | 21，642 | 15，084 |
| Oregon | 181．844 | 131，927 | 256，450 | 57，317 | 31.15 | 12，009 | 111，744 | 113，365 | 88，049 |
| Pennsy | 2，606，331 | 2，591，683 | 4，412，294 | 845，720 | 5，148．25\％ | 109，75： | 1，461．869 | 1，791，710 | 1，140，476 |
| Rhode Is | 168，025 | 177，4×1 | 239，201 | 100.305 | 337， 8 8， | 7，647 | 100，017 | 105， 534 | 75，317 |
| South Carol | 572，337 | 578，812 | 1，144，879 | 6，270 |  | 684.141 |  | 501，393 | 196，059 |
| South Dako | 180，250 | 148，อิอ์ | 237，753 | 91， 055 | 327，290 | 1. | 96．：30 | 113，900 | 79，219 |
| Tenues | 891，585 | 875，933 | 1，747．48y | 20.1029 | 1，336．03\％ | 4．014，88 | 402.45 | 720.872 | 324，214 |
| Texas | 1，172，533 | 1，062，970 | 2，082． 267 | 152，926 | 1，745， 435 | $4 \times 4,52$ | 535.948 | 924， 142 | 447，413 |
| Utah | 110，463 | 97，442 | 154，841 | 53，464 | 2（15）， 899 | 2.06 | 54.471 | 73， 337 | 45，139 |
| Vern | 169，327 | 163，095 | 288，334 | 44.088 | 3：31，418 | 1 ，（i） | 1．1．69？ | 101，457 | 67，203 |
| Virgin | 824，278 | 831，702 | 1，637，606 | 18，374 | 1．023．120 | $6 \mathrm{~F} 5 \times$ | 3，\％．78， | 671.779 | 295，340 |
| Washin | 217，562 | 131，828 | 259，389 | 90.005 | 340,513 | $x \times$－ | 145．918 | 97.863 | 124，850 |
| West Virg | 380，285 | 372,509 | 743，911 | 18．883 | 731.077 | 32， 517 | 1 $1 \times 1,400$ | 305， 66.4 | 147，334 |
| Wisconsin | 874，951 | 811，929 | 1，167，681 | 519，199 | 1，68， $1,1 / 2$ | 6， 4 | 461.322 | 603，84i | 347，4599 |
| Wyom | 39，343 | 21，362 | 45，792 | 14，913 | 54， 210 | 1，4 | 27，044 | 16，291 | 24，614 |
| To | 32，067，880 | 5470 | 53.370703 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The following was the number of foreign born inlobbitants in the United states 131 1890，accord－ ing to nationality：From Germany，2．784．894；Ireland，1．8il． 209 ；British A nerica neluding New－ foundland， 950,938 ；England， 409.092 ；sweden， 478.041 ；Norway，322．665；mootland，242．231； Russia，182．644；Italy，182，580；Poland．147．440；Femmark．132 543：Au＊iria，123，271；Bohemia， 118，106；France，113．174；C＇hina，lo6．688；Switzeriand，104．0tin）；IV ales， 103974 ；Netherlands， 81.828 ；Mexico， $77.853^{\prime}$ ；Hungary，G2．435；Belgium and Luxpnbourz：25．521；（uba and West Indies， 23,256 ；Portugal．15．996；Central and South America．6，198；spain， 6.185 ．India，including Asia，not specified，4，403；Japan，2，292；Greece，1，887；all others，41，729．Total foreign born， $9,249,547$ ．

The number of persons in the United states of foreign pareutuge，which includes persons born abroad and native children of foreigu born wersous（ 1890 ，ws． $20.6,6,0.16$ ，being 33.02 per cent of the population．The perceutage in 1880 was 29.75 ；in 1870 was 28.25.
 descent， $7,470,040$ ；Chinese， 107,475 ；Japanese． 2,034 ；civili ed Indians， 58 ，buf．Total，7，638．36i0．

Persons of African Deserent（＇lassifili，－Blacks，6，337，950；mulatoes，9j6，289；quad－ roons．105．135；octoroons，69．9：36．Total， $7,470.040$

Mississippi contained the largest number of pure negroes－657，393－and Vinginia the next largest number－621，781；Virginia contained the largest number of mulattoes，quarlroons，and octoroons－ 122，441－and Louisiaua the next largest number 50.953

ALIENS SPEAKING ENGLISH，－Classifyiug al ien population，according to their ability tpspeuk Eng－ lish， 791.876 ，or 68.25 per cent，can speak the Englinh language，and 368.538 .01 .31 .75 per cent，cannot

Jewish Pofelation of the finited States．－An e timate published in the American Jetvish Year－Book for $1809-1900$ makes the present Jewish pojmiatiou of the I＇nited Atates， $1,043,800$ ，of which New York bas 400,000

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Census of 1890.

Adams, Mass,...... 9, 213 Butte, Mont.........10, 723 , Escanaba, Mich... 6, 808 JeffersonCity, Mo. 6,742
Adrian, Mich...
Akron, O .
Akron, Ala. Cal....
Albany, N. Y.
Alexandria. Va... 8. 755 Cairo, Ill. 2\%.b01 Calais, Me............... 11, 1 tjo Cambridge, Mass. 7,290 Everett, Mass. Alexandria, va... -339 Canton, U.............. Allegheny, Pa....
Alliance, O..... Ill... $\qquad$ 105,28 Carbondale, Pa..... .25.228 Carlisle, Pa............ 7.607 Cartlıage, Mo..... Alton, Ill............... 11.283 Cectar Rapids, Ia.. 10. 294 ('hambersb' rg, Pa Altoona Pa....... 54.337 Charleston, ©. 54,863 Fond du Lac, W is. Atoona, Pa......... Americus, (ia..... 6,338 Charleston, W. Va 6, 743 Fort Scott, Kan.. Amesbury, Mass.. 3.798 Charlotte, Amsterdam, N. Y. 17,336 chattan ga, Tenu. Anderson, Ind.....10, 7 th chebuygan, Miss. Annapolis, Ma.... 7,60 1 (chelsea, Mass. Ann A rbor, Mich.. 9, 131 Chester, Pa. Anniston, Ala...... 9.998 chesenne, iv ro. Ansonia, Ct.......... $10,3+2$ Chicago, Ill... 11,0 Mass..... 14.050 Freeport, Ill.......... Arkansas, Kan.... 3,347 Chillicothe, U...... 11. 288 Frenınt, Neb...... Asheville, N. C..... 10.235 , Chip' wa F'alls Wis Ashland, $\mathrm{Pa} . . . . .$. . 7.346 (incinnati, U..... 296, 408 Fremont, $O$. Ashland, Wis........ Y. 956 Circleville, $0 . . . . . . .$. 6,556 Gresno, ('al.......... Ashtabula, O......... 8,338 clarksville, Tenn.. Astoria, Ure........ 6.181 Cleveland, U....... 26 I, 353 ( talion, U............... A tchison, Kall..... 13.96is Clinton, 1a............ 13.619 Galveston, Tex..... 13.619 Galveston, Tex.. Athens, Ga.......... 8, 6:3 Clinton, Mass...... 10. 424 Gardner, Mass....
Atlanta, Ga......... 6.5.53:3 Cohoes, N. Y...... 22.50! Geneva, N. Y...... Atlanta, Ga. (i,127 Glens Falls, N. Y.. Atlantic, N. J........ 13, 055 college P't, N. Y.. Attleboro, Mass... 7, 577 Colorado Sp's, Col
Auburn, ire....... 3.1. 250 Columbia, Pa....... Auburn, N. Y....... 25.35 Columbia, S. C....... Auburn, N. Y....... 25.85 Columbia, S. C....... 15, 353 Gloversville, N. Y I
Augusta, fa...... $33,30 \mathrm{v}$ Coltimbus, ( ia..... 17,303 Goshen, Ind........ 70,028 Fall River, Mas 5, 313 Faribault, Minn. 26,189 Findlay, 0. 10, 833 Fitchburg, Mass. 7, $6: 20$ Flint, Mich. 11.537 Fort smith, A rk... 29,100 Fort Wayne, Ind , 100 Fort Wayne, nd.. $30,39: 3$ Kenosha, Wis 1.235 Fort W orth, Tex.. 23,076 Keokuk, Ia... 27,909 Fostoria, U.......... 7,070 Key West, Fla. 9,239 K Kllingly, Ct. 6, $2 \cdot 21$ Kingston N 0.226 Fram'gh'm, M 11.690 Franklin, Pa......... 6,221 kingston, N. Y..... 21. 261 14, 850 Frederi 8,193 Knoxville, Temn.. 2 10,189 Kokomo, Ind... 22,535 ... 8,261 6, Laconia, N. H.... 7.141 La Crosse, Wis..... 25,090 10,818 Lafayette, Ind..... 16,243 6,5:4 Lancaster, O..
15, 264 Lancaster, Pa. 7,555 6,326 Lansing, Mich..... 13, 10'2 32.011

29,084 Lansingb'g, N. Y. 10,550
8,424 Laporte, Ind 7,557 Laranie, w yo....... 6,388 7,126 6,0.33 Leadville, Col......10,384 6,719 (trand Island, Neb 7,536 Leavenw'th, Kan 19,768
$\qquad$ 0.⿹27 Colunbus, ind.... Aurora, Ill.. $\qquad$ 14.575 Concord, N. H....... Baltimore, Md... 434, 439 Corning, N. Y...... Bangor, Me $\qquad$ 19. 103 corsicana, Tex. 88, 150 Gr'd Rapids, Nich 6 17,00t Green Bay, Wis..... 8,550 Greenbush, N. Y. 6,285 Greeuville, Miss...
8,590 Greenville, S. C....

50, 756 J dffersonville, Ind 10,666 11, Otis Jerse) C'ity, N.J. 163,003 74.3y8 Johmstou, R. I..... y, 78 6,520 Johustown, N. Y.... 7, 68 18, Ø53 Johnstown, Pa...... 21, 805 24, 037 Joliet, I11................ 213, 264 22,803 Joplin, Mo............... 93,943
6,01•2 Kalamazoo, Mich 17,853
8,436 Kankakee, III...... 9,025 12.024 Kansas city, Kan. 38,316 7,901 Kausas ('ity, Mo..132,716 11,946 Kearney ${ }_{2}$ Neb. 8,074 7,446 6,5;32 14, 03 6, 127 (ilens Falls, N. Y.... 9,509 Laredo, Tex.......... 11, 319 11. 140 Gloucester, Mass. 24,651 La Salle, Ill........... 9, 855 6,564 Lawrence, Kan..... 9,997 6,033 Lawrence, Ma s... 44,6.54 60.278 Lebanon, $\mathrm{Pa} . . . . . . .14,664$ y,06y Leominster, Mass 7,269 7,301 Lewiston, Me........21,701 Batavia, N. Y...... 7.22i cortland, N. Y..... 8,590 Greenville, S. C..... 8.658 Lexington, Ky..... 21,564 Bath, Me.............. 8. $72: 3$ Coumeil Blufis, Ia.. 21. 474 ( 7 reenwich, Ct...... 10.131 Lincoln, Ill.............. 6, 725 Baton Rouge, Lat...10, 478 Covington, Ky...... 37,371 Hackensack, N. J 6,004 Lincoln, Neb........ 55,154 Battle Cr'k, iich. 13, 197 Crauston, R. I..... 8, 099 Hagerstown, Md..10, 118 Lincoln, R. I.......... 20,355 Bay City, Nich.... 27,839 Crawf'dsville, Ind 6, U8母 Hamilton, O........17,565 Little Falls, N...... 8,783
Bavonne, N. J.....13, U33 Creston, Ia......... 7, 7, 200 Haunibal, Mo.....12,857 Little Rock, Ark.. 25,874 Beatrice, Xeb......13,836 Cumberland, Md.. 12.7.29 Harrisourg, Pa..... 39.385 Lockhaven, Pa.... 7,358 Beaver Falls, Pa.. 9, 735 Cumberland, R.I. 8.090 Harrison, N. J...... 8, 833 Lockport, N. Y......16.038 Belfast, Me.. ........ 5, 294 Dallas, Tex........... 38,067 Hartforl, (ct......... 53, 230 Logansport, Ind...13:3‘28 Bellaire, O........... 9.934 Danbury, ('t......... 16,55'2 Hastings, Neb......13,584 L'g IslandC.,N.Y. 30.506 Belleville, Ili........ 15.361 Danvers, Mass ..... 7,454 Haverhill, Mass... 27,412 Los Angeles, Cal.. 50,395 Beloit, Wis........... 6,315 Danville, Ill......... Benuington, Vt... 6,391 Danville, Pa......... 7.998 Helena, Ark...... Bethlehem, Pa..... 6,762 Danville, Va ........ 10.305 Helena, Mont...... 5,189 Lowell, Mass........ 77,696 Beverly, Mags..... 10, $8^{2} 21$ Daveuport, Ia...... 26, 872 Hendersou, Ky....13. 834 Ludington, Mich.. 7,517 Biddeford, Me..... 14, 443 Dayton, O............ 61, 2'20 Hobokell, N. J... Binghamtou, К. $1.35,005$ Decatur, I11........... 16, 841 Holyoke, Mass..... 35,637 Macon, Ga.............. 24,746

8,835 Lynchburg, Va.... 43.64s Lynn, Mass. 19, 709 Birmingham, Ala. 26, 178, Dedham, Mass..... 7, 123iMomestead, Pa....7 7,911 Madison, Ind......... 8, 8.966 Blackstone, Mass.. א, 138 , Defiance, 0.......... 7,644 Hoosick Falls, NY Bloomington, lil.. 20. 484 Delaware, O.......... 8, 224 Hopkinsville, Ky. 7,014 Madison, Wis.... Boone, Ia............ 6. $5^{20}$ Denison, Tex.......... 10.958 Hornellsville, N $\mathbf{N}$ $\qquad$ 13,426 Boone, Ia............ 6.520 Denison, Tex........ 10.958 Hornellsville, N Y
Boston, Mass..... 488.477 Denver, C'ol....... 106, 713 Hot Springs, Ark. 10.996 Malden, Mass 11,286 Braddock, Pa...... 8.5(i1 Detroit, Mich......205, 876 Hudton, Tex...... 27,557 Manchester, N. H. 44, 126 Braddock, Pa....... $8.5(i 1,514$ Detroit, Mich..... 205, 876 Hudson, N. Y...... 9.970 Manchester, Va... 9,246 Bradford, Pa.......10.514 Dover, .2. I.........12, 740, Muntington, Ind.. 7, 328 Manistee, Mich... 12.812 Brattleboro, Vt... 6.86\% Dubuque, Ia......... 30.311 Huntington, W Va 10,108 Manitowoc, Wis.. 7,710 Brazil, Ind........ 5.905 Dulnth, Minn....... 33,115 Huntsville, Ala... 7,995 Mankato, Minn... 8,838 Bridgenort, Ct..... . 48.866 Dunkirk, … Y..... 9.416 Hutchinsou, Kan.. 8, 682 Mansfield, O........ 13,473 Bridgeton, N.J.....13. 424 East Liverpool, 0 10,956 Hyde Park, Mass.. 10,193 Marblehearl, Muss 8,202 Bristol, (t............ 7.382, Easton, Pa........... 14, 481 Independence, Mo 6,380 Marietta, O........... 8, 273 Bristol, Pa.......... 6.5.3 E. Portlaid. Ore... 10.5:32 Indianapolis, Ind 105, 436 Marinette, Wis..... 11.523 Brockton, Mfass..... 27, 29.t E. Providence, RI 8. 422 Iowa City, Ia....... 7,016 Marion, Ind......... 8. 769 Brookliue, Mass...12. 10: E. St. Louis, Ill.. 15, 169, I ron M'tain, Mich 8,5yy Marion, O .......... 8, 827 Brooklyn........ $\left\{\begin{array}{l}* 57.163 \text { Eau (1aire, Wis... } 17.415 \text { Ironton, O.......... 10, Y39 Marlboro, Mass... 13, } 805 \\ \text { t806.343 Edgewater, }\end{array}\right.$

Brownsvilie. Tex.. 6, 134 Elgin, Ill.
Brunstwick, (fa...... 8, 459 Filizaheth (V...... Brunswick, Me..... 6.012 Elkhart, Sind......... Buffalo, N. Y....255 664 Elmira, N. Burlington, Ia..... 22. 565 El Paso, Tex ........
Burlington, N.
14.590 Enfield, Ct

Burlington, Vt..... 14.590 Enfield, Ct............ 7, 199 Jacksouville, J11...
Butler, Pa........... 8,734 Frie, Pa................ 40,634 Janesville, wis

7,745 Marquette, Mich..
 7. ${ }^{2} 23$ Ishpeming, Mich.. 11,197 Marshall, Ia........ 8,914
20.798 Martinsb'g, W Va 30, 893 Jackson, Tenn.....10, 039 Martin's Ferry, O 6,250
10.338 Jacksonville, Fla.. 17,201 Massillon, O........10,092 9,093 11.:360 Jackson, Mich......20, 798 Martinsb'g, W Va 7,226 0.338 Jacksonville, Fla. 2, 935 Massillon, 0 10,092

## POPULATION OF CITIES UF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Superior, Wis..... 11,983 |
|  |  | , |
| Menominee, Mich 10, fi | (6,083 Kockford, 111.......23 | coma, W゙ash...36,006 |
|  | 6,272 Rock I sland, Ill... 13 | P9 .... 6,054 |
| Meridian, Miss.... 10 (12 | 4 Rockland, Me..... 8 |  |
|  |  | Terre Hante, Ind. 30, 217 |
|  |  | Wifin 0 . 10.801 |
| Middleboro, Mass 6.0 | $8+212$ | 'i |
|  |  |  |
| Wu, N. Y 11 | 8 <acrimento. ('al. . 26, 3 |  |
| Middletown, O.... 7 . 6 | $1 \pm .001$ Siginaw, Mich. . 46322 | ''o |
| Middletown, Pa... 5.0 | 4.837 st. Alhans, Vt.... 7.771 | 'lopeka. |
|  | 6.564 sit. C'harles, MO.. 6.11 | Trenton |
|  | 2. T4- it. (loud, Mimn. 7.6 |  |
|  | 6.520 it. Johnshnry, lt. 6.567 |  |
| Min11 | 5.07\% st. Joseph. Mo. . 52, 324 | mion, N. J....... |
|  | Paris, Tex........... \& 254 кi. Inuts, Mo... 451 |  |
|  |  |  |
| Moline, | 302 stalem, |  |
|  | 7xi ut: - alina, Jan...... 6, |  |
| rristown. N.J. غi.15 | , 333 Kalt lake, Utah. . 44, 843 |  |
| Mount ('armel, P: S | 10 lins 2nn Antonio, Tex.37. 573 |  |
| Mt. Vermom. V. V 10.8 | y \%G dau 1 rancisto...29s. 19 | Viuc |
| Mount Verme | 6.347 - 41 Diego, ('al. . 16, 109 |  |
| Muncie, Ind......... 11.3 | \% :ndusky, O...... 18, 771 |  |
| Muscatine, Ia $\ldots$... 11. 45 |  |  |
| Muskeron, Mich.. $\because * 3,7$ |  | Wrallingford, C't.. 6 |
| Tanticoke, Pa......10, $0+4$ | l'eln, Ind............. 60.2 Sidratoga | Waltham, Muss. 18 |
| Nasluna, N. Hi...... 1!, ; |  |  |
| Nasluille, Temn.. 6 | 'hilatlelphia. 1.046j 964 Savannah, tia....43, |  |
| Natcle\%, Miss..... 1010 |  | Wash'ton, D. '.. .2330 |
|  | hornixvile. Pa... 8,514 S"ranton, P'......75, 212 | WFaslington, Ind. . 6 |
| Nangatuck, ('t...... 6. E I |  | Washi |
| Nebraskn (.Neb) 11.4y | jqual. ().... ......... 9.040 sedalia, NIO...... 14, 1,68 |  |
|  | Pittshurgh, Kan... 6. 697 velma, Ala, ..... $7,6{ }^{\text {¢ }} 22$ |  |
| Nevada, NIO........ |  | Watertow's |
| New Alpan! ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Ind.. 21 | 1 -hamokin, Pa.... 14, | Watertown |
| Newark, ㅅ. J. . 181 | it ts.011, Pa........ I I 30\% ̇harnn, Pa........ 7, 459 |  |
| Newntrk, $0 . . . . . . . . . .14$. | 1.267 Sheboy gan, Wis... 16.354 | Watervilie, Me... |
| N. Budfor | 7. 010 shenandoah, Ра. 15,944 |  |
| Newbern, \. ('..... 7.0 ' | lattsmonth. Jeb 8. $4 \% 2$ riberman, Tex.... $7,3: 35$ | Wa |
| . Brighton, N. V11;.42 | v120tih, Mass.. 7,314 nhrevepurt, La... 11,979 |  |
| ev. Britain, (1t 16;51 | ¢) 344 Ning ving, iv y 352 | W. Bay Ci: y Mich. 12, 181 |
| - Bransw k.N.J Is | ontiae, Mich...... 6. 290 Sioux ('ity, Ia.... 37.06 | I ${ }^{\text {dentbrook, Me.... } 6}$ |
| N゙ewharclı, N. Y... 23 Us |  | West Chester, Pa. 8 |
| New'ryp't, Mass 1.3.5.1 |  |  |
| Neweastle, 13a..... 11 | 425 Somerville, Mass. 40. | Westfield, Mass. . 9 |
| New ILaven, ( $1 . .81,29)$ |  | West Iroy, N. Y.. 12 |
| New I,oncion, ('t... 1 : 1 ) |  | We, |
| New thloans, La.24, U | ort. mouth, N. Il ¢).827 Southbridge, Mass. 7, 655 |  |
|  | ,'t nuonth, ().... 12 : |  |
|  | tsnouth, Va... 13, 2tis S. Omaha, Neh... \&,0ti2 | Wilkes- Ba |
| - - | sj spencer, Mass... \&.747 | Williamspo |
| Newton, Mass.....24: $;$ | 17 Graliane, Wrash... 19,922 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { New } \\ & \text { ('itr. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\text { Wilmington, } \cup \in l . .61 \text { 4: } 1$ |
| Norfol |  |  |
| Norristuwn, Pa... It | 6,512 jpringtield, 0, ...21 Seso | Winston, N . |
|  | 4 tannford, (t...... 15, 71) |  |
| Nort m'ton, Mass 14 |  | IV oonsocket, R.I. 20 |
| N. Attlels'ro. Mises 65 | 1.014 - iteelton, Pa...... 9,250 | Worcester, Mass. 84,1755 |
| Nurwak, |  |  |
| Nor | 2.6 \% sterens P'nt, Wis. F 804\% |  |
| Norwiclı, ('t........ I6 |  |  |
| Oakland, ('al.... . 4, in | Nillg. A inn.. 6.294 Stockton, C'a!..... 14, 42 |  |
| Oedenl. L'tah....... It mort |  | Ypsilanti, Mich... 6 |
|  |  |  |

There are, ascording to the censi of of 18.0 , in $t / \sim$ Luited States 3.715 citiea and viliaces baving over 1 , noo inhabitants each, 7 having 400.00 it he: ant, at 1 crer 21 havi 10000 ) and under $400000 ; 30$ havi 250.000 and under 100.001 ; 66 having 25,000 and under 50,$000 ; 92$ having $15,6,0$ and under $2=000 ; 1:<$ having 10,00 , and under 15,000 , and 94 having $\$, 000$ and under 10,003 .

3uonulation by State (efutusfo of 1895.


* By siate census of $1: 92$, 1'uphlation in 1892 of the territory now composing the city of New Vork (the (ireatir New Jork), $2,936,212$. For present estimated populationsee page 396 . t Federal census of Juns, J.430.
$\ddagger$ A s(b)wl census of ('hicagu in 1892 showed a population of cover $1,400,000$. See estimate of present population hy the Mayor on pace 395.

Fur estimnt ci, present puptilnion , 1300) of principal cities, see table entitled "Statistics of Citics in the United Sides," piges 305 and 396 .

THe statistics in the following table were furnished to The World Almanac by the Mayors of． the respective cities

| Critiss． | Areain Square Miles． |  | Net Public De＇st． | Assessed Valuation of all Taxable Property． |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Tax } \\ \text { Ratet } \end{array}\right\|$ | Mayors． | Terms Explre． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Albany，N． | $10 \frac{2}{4}$ | 100，000 | 62， 624.858 | \＄66，841， 395 | 90 | \＄2．06 | James H．Plessing．． | Dec．31，1901 |
| Alleghen | 8 | 1\％2ั， 000 | 4，525，406 | 82000,010 | 90 |  | James G．Wyman．．． | A pr．7，1902 |
| Atlanta， | 11 | 125,000 | 2，प37，500 | 52.000 .000 | 60 |  | Jemes 7．Woonweard． | Jan．7，1901 |
| Baltimor | 28.7 | 625.000 | $37,212,176$ | 365，817， 4 26 | 60 |  | Thomas 7．Hayes | May 3，1903 |
| Bay City | 10 | 35.000 | 585.000 | 10，49－3，583 | 80 |  | Alex．McEwan | A pr．3，1901 |
| Binghamto | 10 | 48，000 | 6，0，400 | 21，111．660 | 653／3 |  | Jerome De Jitt． | Dec．81，1901 |
| Boston， Ma | 43 | 5 5ั5． 100 | 54，222，184 | 1，489，308， 120 |  |  | Thomas N．H | Jan．6，1502 |
| Bridgepor | 13.4 | 65.009 | 1，224，110 | 59.877 .580 | 100 |  | Hugh Stirling | Nov．11，1901 |
| Brooklyn Bor | $65^{3 / 4}$ | $1,245,22 n^{2}$ | （ct） | a 655．092，aso | 65\％／3 |  | Incorp ${ }^{\text {de }}$ in City of | New Fork． |
| Buffalo，N．Y | 42 | 415．100 | 14，190，957 | 236，969， 535 |  |  | Comrad Dien | Dec． 31.1901 |
| Cambridge， | $61 / 2$ | 90，000 | 5，935， 141 | $90.060,000$ | 100 |  | E．R．Champ | Jan．1，1901 |
| Camden． | 9 | 85， 000 | 2， 5333,855 | 26，200，152 | 56 |  | Cooper B．Hi | Mar．1，1，91） |
| Charleston． 8 | $51 / 2$ | 67.0001 | 3．708．296 | －17，361， 111 | 40 | 2.55 | J．Adreer Smith | Dec．15，1967 |
| Chattanoog | 4 | 57,500 | 831，000 | 13，500，000 | 50 | 1.65 | Joseph Wassme | Oct．10，1901 |
| Chelsea，Ma |  | 35.660 | 1，1．8．920 | 23，405，294， | 100 |  | James Gould | Jan．2，190］ |
| Chicago， 111 | 1904＇ | 1，900，000 | 11．$-91,320$ | $220,966,447$ | 10 | 5．2ె3 | Criter H．Has ${ }^{\text {Hison．．}}$ | A pr．15，1901 |
| Cincinna | $35^{1}+1$ | 405．000 | 25，169， 3 2 | 198，739，$) 80$ | 58 |  | Gustuv Tajel． | Tlily 1，1900 |
| Clevelan | 33 | 400,000 | $12,468,411$ | 142，290， 175 | 25 |  | John H．Farley | A pr．10，1901 |
| （＇ohoes，N | 324 | 25，103） | 435， 108 | 11，663，880 | 100 |  | lames H．Mito | Apr．－1900 |
| Columbus | $16^{1 / 4}$ | 141．150 | 3，1อร้，496 | $64,344,900$ | 60 |  | amuel J．Swar | Apr．17，1901 |
| Council Blnff＇s，Iowa．． | 19 | 39,001 | $14^{7} .640$ | 4，530， 0 00 | 25 |  | Victor Jemninis | Apr．1，1900 |
| （ovisigton，K | 2 | 25.000 | 2，237， 503 | 24，126， 025 |  |  | IV．A．Johnson | 1：11．7，1964 |
| Dailas．Tex | c．1 1 | 60，Uitu | 1．740．（0） | 2，2，231，000 | 66\％／3 | 1.5 | Tohn 11. Traylo | Apr．6，1900 |
| Davenporc | － | 45.309 | 275，000 | 13，45＊， 250 | E） |  | Gearge，I＇Bake | Anr．4．：960 |
| Dayton， 0 | 11 | 100，009 | 3，240， 000 | 58，（100， 100 | 60 | 2.5 | J．$R_{\text {－}}$ Linctemut | Apr．10， 1900 |
| benver，（＇el | 49 | 170，000 | 1，950， 200 | $61,4,3,210$ | 40 | $b 3.3$ | H IV．Johnsom | A pr．I＇，19（il |
| Des Mo | 54 | 8a．U1 6 | 710，000 | 16．235，539 | 25 | 4.87 ． | Jobnt Mac Vicas | ADPr．20，2909 |
| Jetroit Mich | 29 | 343，410 | $3,296,761$ | 21ヶ，971，（7） | 70 | 1． 63 | Wi．C．Mayinury | Jаin．1，1902 |
| District of（\％oi | 6914 | $297.4{ }^{2} 2$ | 15，841， 820 | 190，458， 287 | $6{ }^{6} 6$ | 1.5 | vee note at fool next | pacie． |
| Dith！idue，［ | 12 | 50，（）u0 | 9－29，916 | 23，750， 415 | 63 | 1.10 | C．1T．Burg． | Apr．2， $190^{\prime} 0$ |
| Duluth， | 62 | 6．） 1419 | 2，150，250 | 26，865， 443 | 50 | 2.45 | Hpaly Ti！ | l！ar． 5.1461 |
|  | 9 | 51， 000 | $3,248,310$ | 17 492， 21 | 60 | 2.96 | W＇m．A．NL．Ма | July 1，990 |
| E | $72-5$ | 42.000 | 1， 120,0065 | 17，28\％，8ril | 100 | 2.82 | Fingor J）nton． | Mar． 5.1960 |
| E | 7 | 62,000 | 677.832 | 19，1：58，588 | 50 |  | Fohir Papine | Apr．5．1．43 |
|  | 41 | 101， 1000 | 3，812， 332 | $71,543,330$ |  |  | J，bn H．Al | Jこn． $7,1 \times 1$ |
| Fort VIayne | 6 | 32.000 | 310，600 | 22，100，090 | 75 |  |  | May 5，14．31 |
| Gramd Rapici，M | 13 | 115，100 | $2.1 \times 7,5(0)$ | 27，771，185 | 103 | f1．41 | imi：ge $R$ ，Perry | May 1．io：0 |
| Harrish | 1 | 60.140 | 1，023，000 | 25，500，000 | 50 |  | $J$ Jinn $A$ C Miluhe | Apr．7，19r2 |
| Hart | 17 | 77，100 | 3，758， 1000 | $63,5: 7,234$ |  |  | Miles B．fiestor | A 1 r．2， 1940 |
| Haverhili，slass．．．．．． | 32 | 28.060 | 1，46， 2,202 | 25，502，488 | 85 |  | Jrohl C：7icise（S | la11．1．1901 |
| Hobo | 136 | 62,460 | 1，359， 72 $^{2}$ | ［9，048，105 | 7） |  | Luturence Farran | May 1，1401 |
| Holyoke， | 16\％4 | 45.0100 | 1，5．39，514 | 36,415 ，840 |  |  | Arthnz B．Chapi | Jan．1，1901 |
| Indianapolis，In | 27.8 | 21：$)^{(0): 0}$ | 2，017，400 | 119，835，¢¢ |  |  |  |  |
| Jacksunville，Fia | 7． 6 | $3 \mathrm{Sa}, 100$ |  | 13．017， 070 |  |  | J．R，＇T．Bois | June 2u，igi |
| Jersey（ | 13 | 210,300 | $9.143,9,8$ | 91．8011，0141 | 70 | 2.84 | Filuerzed Ifoos． | May 1，2901 |
| Kansas | 211 | －ui），itle | $3.450,070$ | $50,000,1 \times(1)$ | 40 | C2 6 | talues If．Jup？ | AjM．2U，150 |
| La Crosse，ivis． |  | S20， 000 | 4．14，354， | 12，240，26i6 |  | $22^{-}$ | 11．A．Andrलon | A引1－．1017 |
| Lawrence，Ia | ¢11 | 55.043 | 2，420，319 | － $30,649,112$ |  | 1.5 | Temes F．Leunal | ．${ }^{\text {athl }} 1,19 \mathrm{i}$ |
| Little Roock Al | 1714 | $43^{3}, 003$ | 2：36，，（ui） | 12．129，875 |  | 72： | f．A．サי\％orisn | A j）r． 4.1901 |
| L，onisville，KY | $2:$ | 22350 | 8，388，（100 | 119．5．0．0．0itt |  | 1.81 | flumios P．Wia | Viov．17，19（1） |
| Lowell，Mi | 1．7＇ | ¢9．，（19） | 5.20 .3 ， 080 | $71.25 \mathrm{~B}, 3 \%$ | 100 | 196 | \％pentich Crowle | Jan，－2．19，i |
| Jywn．Ma | 11／1 | －3， 100 | 3，216， 290 | $51,081,948$ |  | 1. | WVlliam Mhepls | Jait．7．1．11 |
| Mantheste | 31 | Fill，, 10 | 1，920，100 | $31.441,8 \frac{1}{1}$ |  | 1.4 | William（＇．Ula | Tan．1．19．1 |
| Mennphis，Tenn | 10 | 135.160 | 2．907．707 | 40.0001 .74 |  | $1 .$. | f．J．Ii | Tikn．9，1403 |
| Milwaukee，W | 21 | $29 \% 1) 00$ | $6.23 \times .720$ | $151,971,983$ |  |  | 万 vikiS． 2 | Apr．it lavis |
| Minueapolis，式ion． | $3: 3$ | 335， 180 | 6，050， 14.5 | 168， $1(0)$ |  | $2 .+i$ | firmes fricly | Tais．7．19（1） |
| Moinile Aia． | ก̄ | （15， 1514 | 2， 250,183 | $10,3 \times 2$ ，9fi 4 |  |  | T．Cturi i Fur | 7far．15．1940 |
| Nashville | \％ | 11：1，834 | 8，318，810 | 3 in939 290 |  | 15 | Jcomes | （jet．10，1：1） |
| Newark | $1 \times 16$ | 255,1400 | 10，in：${ }^{\text {a }}$ ， $9+1$. | 144，35\％， 011 |  | 212 |  | －1ay 1，1960 |
| New Be－1ford，Mass．（c） | 193／4 | 6： $0^{(10)}$ | 3.408 （0） | \％r，352， 123 |  |  | IIAS \＆A \＆HLES | ari．1，1901 |
| New Brumswick， | 5 | 20， 1000 ！ | i， 017.959 ！ | 10，020．481 | 75 |  | Thlolas W̌illiam－ 11 | Iay 6，10\％］ |
| Citims． |  | CTY． | Pensona | צ．Citie |  |  | E． | Piksonalit． |
| Ratmme |  | 6，77\％，u19 |  | 53 Nilwas |  |  |  |  |
| Rufislo |  | 5，218，555 | 11，750， | ，950 New（\％ |  |  | 103，000，000 | 3．18，000，000 |
| Chicago． | 178 | 8，8：1，172 | 42， 165 | ，2i5＞emy lor | k ，ity | ，see ne | ext page． |  |
| Cincianst？ | 154 | $5,5:=, 190$ | 40，213， | 590 F＇hiladelu | ohia． |  | ．．．．．．．．879，295，355 | §859 301， 536 |
| Cleveland． | 104 | 4，932，280 | 37，355， | ， 405 Pitisbie， |  |  | 3．0，00n．0en | 31，\％0，，00 |
| 1） l trolt． |  | 1，343，730 | 45,627 ， | ，270 San Frın | vísco |  | ． $205,5,000$ | 119，8015，0，10 |
| Iodianapolis |  | 7，783，715 | －32， 072 ， | ，965 St．Louis |  |  | ． $307,741,270$ | （g） $43,5 \div 0,240$ |
| Louisfille．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 7，950，000 | 31，550， | ，000 |  |  |  |  |


Democrats in ifatice；Tepublicans in Roman；Citizens，Ponulist，Inceprnctent，Pribibizion，or
 ation for all pirposes．（a）See＂New York City，＂nexi page．（b）City tax，\＆1．50；ccunty，80 cents： school， 61 cents；State， 41 cents．（c）Report of Jan，1， 1899 ．（i）State，county，and city iax．（p）City tax $\$ 1.20$ ，county tax，$\$ 1.45$ ．（f）City，school，and highway tax；county and State tax，$\$ 1.06$ ．

| Cities． | Area in Square Siles． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Net } \\ & \text { Public } \\ & \text { Debt. } \end{aligned}$ | Assessed Valu．tion of all Taxable Property． | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Tax } \\ \text { Rate } \dagger \end{array}$ | Mayors． | Terms Expire． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New |  | 110，000 | §3，249，160 | \＄ $266,041,453-6{ }^{\text {a }}$ | \＄1．80 | cmotias | June 1，1901 |
| － | 228 | 32jo，000 | 14，952，318 | 141，（140，000 100 | 2.20 | Hatler C：Flo | May 4，1900 |
| ewport， | 3 | 24,000 | $6+1,000$ | 35112.300 |  | Pulrick J． 13 | Jan．3，1901 |
| ew |  | 30461 | 4，261，446 | 50， 111,020100 |  | B．W：il | an．10，1901 |
| New lork | 30 | 5095， 936 | （11） | 3．478．502，029 100 |  |  | 1，1902 |
| Omaha，Ne | 241\％ | 160，000 | 3，036，100 | $34,40,39925$ |  | Frank E．Moore | Iar．-1900 |
| Peoria，Il | 10 | 65,100 | 219.500 | Y，，00，000 10 |  | Henry W Lync | iay 6，1901 |
| Philadelph | 129 | 1，591，2i0 | 35， 163,295 | 1，238，596，991 80 |  | H Asubr | Apr．6，1903 |
| Pittsburg | $281 / 4$ | ถัอ， 000 | 8， 000,006 | ＋301，（10，000 8： |  | Wm．J．Dieht | $t$ pr．7，1903 |
| ortland | $17^{1 / 2}$ | 50，000 | 1，352，90？ | $44,6: 30,9000100$ | 2.1 | lrank W．Robinson | Mar．－，1900 |
| Portland， | 40 | 92，000 | $5,428,3{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 38，396，620 40 |  | IV．A．Struy． | June 1，1900 |
| Poughkeep | $23 / 4$ | 29，000 | 1，658，000 | 13，344，875 75 |  | Isaac WV．Hh | ec．31，1900 |
| Providence | 1814 | 170，000 | 14，438， $\mathrm{S}^{2}$ | 188，501，780 100 | 1.65 | William C．Buke | Jan．1，1901 |
| Quincy，Il | 716 | 45，000 | 1，200，000 | 5，000， 000 |  | Jolm A．Sleinbe | May 1，1901 |
|  |  | 90，000 | 1，552， 00 | $42.00 .5,545100$ |  | Adam II，Lea | pr． 1.1902 |
|  |  | 100，000 | 7，208，682 | $68,239,248100$ |  | Riclurd－15，Tieylor | Jnhe 30，1，00 |
| oche | 181 | 177，000 | 9，911，220 | 112， 93,440 | 1.64 | G＋urse A．Carnahan | Jan．1，1902 |
| ockfor |  | 35̇，000 | 246，850 | 5，563，41］8） | 5.64 | 二．IV．Brown． | May 1，1902 |
| Sacrameu |  | 35.000 | 150，000 | 15，510，000 00 | 1.30 | lieorge 15 | an．1，1902 |
| Saginaw，M | 121／3 | 60，000 | 1，284，060 | 15，01：，25 65 | $\therefore 17$ | 11illiam 13．Bu | Apr． 2.1900 |
| San Diego， |  | 22，000 | 28i，000 | 12，4， 40.8150 | 1．100 | Exwwin M． $\mathrm{r}^{\prime}(1)$ | Iay 1，1901 |
| San Frai | 413／4 | $30^{\circ} \mathrm{O}, 000$ | 54，U6＇6 | $\dagger \dagger 405,111,000$ | 1．6：3 | James V．Ilu | Jan．1，1902 |
| Savannah， |  | 68，460 | $3,27 \times, 900$ | 35．Ou，whe 75 | 1．4．） | Hermatil | 11．31，1901 |
| schenectad | 43／4 | 30，006 | 692，010 | 11，831，140 75 |  | Juht H． | dec．31，1901 |
| Scranto | 21 | 125．1000 | 575，461 | $31,000,00033$ |  | tames Mo | pr． 1.1902 |
|  | 28 | 80，100 | 3，5：0，100 | $32,363.292-60$ |  | 1 hos | ar．19，19 |
| Sioux city． | 47 | 50,1100 | 1．132，788 | 5，800，000 25 |  | Johth H．Qume | Apr．1，1900 |
| Somerville， |  | 62,000 | 1，202， 000 | 51，201．35u 100 |  | いEORGE（）．PR | Ja11．2， 3 901 |
| Springfield，I |  | 40，000 | 902，3a | 6，274，505 20 |  | L．E．Whee | pr．8，1901 |
| Springtield， | 38 | 61，238 | 1，730，703 | $69,869.847 \quad 85$ |  | I＇tlicon 1：H | a11．3，1911 |
| springtield， | 9 | 45.000 | \％i2，000 | 17，0i5，000 60 | 2.2 | צram lel Boielu | tpr．14，1901 |
| t．Josep |  | 75,000 | 1，1站，533 | 21,914, i4 40 | 2.81 | P．J．Kirsch | Apr．16，1900 |
| t．Louis， |  | 631,010 | 19，513，384 | $+1373,51,1,405365$ |  | Ilenry Ziegell | A pr． 8.1901 |
| St．Paul，Min |  | 200，00ti | 7，642，080 | $95,000,00060$ |  | tadrew R．Kie | whe 5，1900 |
| Syracuse，N．Y |  | 130，000． | 5，618，500 | $78,1064,009188$ | 1.92 | Jumertir Mcrie | Dec．31，1901 |
| Tacoma， |  | 48.0 | 4，420，944 | $22.549,84080$ | 1.15 | Iohnson Nick | Apr．17，1900 |
| Taun | $44^{1 / 4}$ | 30，000 | 1，158，634 | $20.518,32 \mathrm{z}$ 11：0 | 1.80 | Arthime MI．A | an．1，1901 |
| Toledo | 30 | 160，000 | 5，404，304 | $50,445,6 i 0 \quad 331 / 3$ | 3.15 | samuel If．Jo | A pr．1，1901 |
| Topek |  | 36，336 | 340.497 | 8 8it $943: 3$ |  | Dre | A 1r．1，19（1） |
|  |  | 65.000 | 1，345，6\％4 | 47，717．058 100 | 1.2 | Iani， | 比，31，1901 |
|  |  | $60,1) 00$ | 377.504 | 37，195，6\％\％ 100 | 1. | Riche d | 1）ec．31，1： |
| Washington， | $101-5$ | 232，462 | See lont | parse． |  |  |  |
| Wilkes－Barr | 5 | 57.010 | －395． 034 | $8,747,47 \pm 20$ |  | ， | Apr．1，19 |
| W | 64， | 35.000 | 60．， $2=1$ | 9，142，03b to |  | amuel ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．Wi | Apr．1，1902 |
|  | 1111 | 75,000 | 2，032， 4511 | 40，400），（100 100 |  | Jolin C！Fuhey | Jilly 1，1901 |
|  | 36 | 112.000 | $4.123,159$ | 112，336．1999 100 |  | Rulus B．Dodge | Jall．1，1901 |
| Youkers， | 21 | 400.000 | 2．871，013 | 35̄，439，320｜ | 2.1 | Leslie Sutherland． | DeC．1，1901 |

vemocrats in italics，Republicans in Roman；（＇itizens，Pomulist，Independent，Prohibition，or non－Political in smath Caps．$\ddagger \ddagger$ Mayrur Conway defines his politics as＂Republican and Progres－ sive Democrat．＇t† For division of reatty and personalty see preceding page．
＊＇rhis is the percentage of assessment npon actual valnation．tax on each \＄100 of assessed valuation for all purposes．$\ddagger$ Population of the boroughs as follows：Iranhatian， $1,980,223$ ；the 13 rolix， 168．867；Brooklyn， $1,245,226$ ；Queens，133，366；Richmond， 68,254 ．Arem in squats imles－Manhatian， 21．U7；Bronx， 39.33 ；Brooklyn， 6 b． 77 ；Queens， 123 95；Richmond， 57.19 ．＇Tax：ble valm：tims－3auhatan and 13 ronx，realty，$\$ 2,178,605.90 \overline{5}$ ，personalty，$\$ 490,482,930$ ；Brooklyn，re＂1 ty， $\$ 45.270,713$ ；Qupens，realty，$\$ 103,752.600$ ；persona！ty，$\$ 6,314,032$ ；Richmond，reaty，\＄10 $264.6,12$ ；personaity，
 \＄2．42．（a）Bonded debt，\＄289，379，05u．（b）Report of Jan．1， 1899.

## GOVERNMEAT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUAREIA．

The government of the District of Columbia is vesten by act of Cong F．．．．appinved July 11，1878，in three Commissioners，two of whom are appointed by the Fresident fron ci izs sof the District having had three years＇residence therein immediately preceding that appointment，and confirmed by the Senate．The other Commissioner is detailed by the Pre ident of the Thited sitates from the Corps of Engineers of the United States A rmy，and must have lineal rank senior to（aptan，or be a（＇aptain who has served at least firteen years in the Corps of Engineers of the A my．The con missinners appoint the subordinate official service of said government．The present conmissinners are Jobn B．Wight （Republican），President，whuse term will expire May 5，15uo；John W．IRnss（1）emocrat），whose term will also expire May 1900；Captain Lansing II．Beach（non－partisan f orps of Engineers， United States A rmy，detailed iluring the pleasure of the President of the Unitecistates．Thesecretary is Willam Tindall．＇The offices of the commissioners are 46 t Intisiana Avel ne，N．N＇，Washington．

Washington had a muncipal govermment from 1802 tuls．1．By an act approved Febriary 21， 1871，Congress provided a territorial forms of government ior the entire District of（olumbia．With a Governor，Secretary，Board of Public Works，and Conncil，appoint d by the President of the United States，and a House of Delegates and a delegate in Congryss elected by the citizens of sait d strict． This form of government was abolished June 20,1874 ，and a temporary government hy three Commissioners substituted．The lemporary goverument by thre（ 6 mmissioners was incorporated by act of July 11，1878．Congress makes all laws for the lisatret，bur has intristed to the Commis－ sioners authority to make police regnlations，building regntations，fum ing remarions，and otherreg－ ulations of a municipal nature．For area，population，asnessed valuation，ete，set preceding page．

THE THIRTEEN ORIGINAL S'TATES.

|  | States. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Delaware |
| 2 | Pennsylvania |
| 3 | New Jersey.. |
| 4 | Georgia ..... |
| 5 | Connecticut |
| 6 | Massachusett |
|  | Maryla |

Ratified the Constitution. | 8 |
| :--- |
| 9 |
| 9 |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 13 | 1787, December 7.

1787, December 12.
1757, December 18. 1-88, Jauuary 2. 1788, January 9.
1788, February 6.
1788, A pril 28.
$\qquad$ States.
South Carolina........
New Hampshire....
Virginia ..............
New York...........
North Carolina......
Ratified the Constitution.
1788 , May 23.
1788 , June 21.
1788, June 26.
1788 , July 26.
1789, November 21.
1790, May 29.

STATES ADMITTED TO THE UNION.

|  | States. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Vermont |
| 2 | Kentucky |
| 3 | Temnessee |
| 4 | Ohio. |
| 5 | Louisiana. |
| 6 | Indiana... |
| 8 | Mississippi |
| 8 | Illinois.. |
| 9 | Alabama |
| 10 | Maine... |
| 11 | Missouri |
| 12 | Arkansas. |
| 13 | Trichigan. |
| 14 | Florida. |
| 15 | Texas |
| 16 | Iowa... |

1791, March 4.

|  | States. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 17 | Wisconsin.. |
| 18 | California |
| 19 | Minnesota. |
| 20 | Oregon.. |
| 21 | Kansas. |
| 22 | West Virginia |
| 23 | Nevada. |
| 24 | Nebraska |
| 25 | Colorado.. |
| 26 | North Dakota |
| 27 | South Dakota. |
| 28 | Montana.. |
| 29 | Washington |
| 30 | Idaho........ |
|  |  |
| 32 | Utah..... |


| 1848, May 29. <br> 1850, september 9. <br> 1858, May 11. <br> 1859, February 14. <br> 1861, January 29. <br> 1863 , June 19. <br> 1864, October 31. <br> 1867, March 1. <br> 18.6, August 1. <br> 18-9, November 2. <br> 1889, November 2. <br> 1889, November 8. <br> 1889, November 11. <br> 1890, July 3. <br> 1890, July 11. <br> 1896, January 4. |
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Admitted. ${ }^{*}$ 1848, May 29.
1850, September 9. 1858, May 11.
1859, February 14
86: January 29
1864, October 31.
1867, March 1
18,6 , August 1.
18:9, November 2. 1889, November 8.
1889, November 11.
1890, July 3.
1896, January 4.

## 

| T | Organi | Territories. | d. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September 9, 1850 |  | 79 |
| Arizo | bruary 24, 1863 | District of | Juary 27, 1868 |
|  | June 30, 1834 |  |  |
| * Date when admission took effect is given from U. S. Census reports. In many instances the act |  |  |  |
| of admission by Congress was passed on a previous date. Ohio was recognized as a State by Congress |  |  |  |
| on the date given. The Census reports make the date November 29,1802 , the day the Convention to |  |  |  |
| form a constitution adjourned. t The Indian Territory has no urganized territorial government. <br> NEW Colosifal Possessions. - Provision will be made in the Fifty-sixth Congress for the organi- |  |  |  |
| zation of new civil governments for Hawaii, Porto Rico, Guam, Tutuila (Samoa), and the Philippine |  |  |  |
| Islands. At present the first narned continues under the old government. Porto Rico and the Phil- |  |  |  |
| ippines are goverued as military departments, and Guam by a Governor appointed by the President. |  |  |  |

## State amy Tevitoxial Etatigtics.

| States and <br> Territories. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross } \\ & \text { Area in } \\ & \text { S.juare } \end{aligned}$ M les.* | Extreme Breadth, Miles. $\dagger$ | Extreme Length, Miles. | Capitals. | CATE | Gross Area in Square Miles. | Extreme <br> Breadth, Miles. $\dagger$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Extreme } \\ \text { Length, } \\ \text { Miles. } \end{gathered}$ | Capitals. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A labama | 51 | 200 |  |  |  | 14 |  |  | Felena. |
| Alaska | 599,4.46 | 80 | 1.100 | Sitka. |  | 77.5 | 415 | 20 |  |
| Arizona T | 113,870 | 335 | 390 | Phœeni | N | 110,6 | 315 |  | - |
| A rkan: | 53.2 | 270 | 240 | Little Rock | New Ham |  | 90 | 18 |  |
| Californi | 158,2\% | 375 | 770 | Sacramento | New Jerse | 8,1 | 70 | 160 | nton |
| Colorado | 103.969 | 390 | 270 | Denve | N. Mexico | 122,687 | 350 | 39 |  |
| Con | 561 | 90 | 75 | Hartfor | New Yo | 53,719 | 320 | 310 | lban |
| Delawar | 2,380 | 35 | 110 | Dover | N. Caroli | 52,674 | 520 | $2 \cdot 10$ |  |
| Dist. o |  | 9 | 10 | Washingt | N. Dakot | 70,879 | 360 | 210 | Bisma |
| Florid | 8.9 | 0 | 460 | Tallaha | Ohio | 44,46 | 230 | 205 | olumb |
| Georgia | 59,4: | 250 | 315 | Atlanta | Oklaho | \$38.95 | 365 | 210 | uth |
| Idaho. | .82 | 305 | 490 | Boiscé Cit | Oregon | 96,8 | 375 | 29 | Salem. |
| Illinoi | 58,35 | , | 380 | Springfie | Pennsyl | 45,92 | 300 | 180 | arri |
| Indiana | ,vo | 150 | 265 | Indianapo | Rhode Isla | 1,247 | 35 | 50 | ew. |
| Indian | 31,15 | 210 | 270 |  | S. Carolina | 31,048 | 235 | 215 | olumb |
| Iowa | 55.27 | 300 | 210 | Des | South Dak | 77.58 | 380 | 245 | , |
| Kansa | 82,23 | 400 | 200 | Topeka. | Tenne | 42,05 | 430 | 120 | ashvi |
| Kentuck | 411,332 | - 350 | 175 | Frankfort. | Texa | 266,01 | 760 | 620 | ustin |
| Louisia |  | 505 | 275 | Baton Rouge | Uta |  | 275 | 345 |  |
| Maine | 33.6 | 205 | 235 | August |  | 9,5 | 90 | 155 | ontpelie |
| Maryland | 12,297 | 200 | 120 | Annapol | Virginia | 42.3 | 425 | 205 | ond. |
| Massachus | 8,5.16 | 10 | 10 | Boston. | Washing |  | 340 |  |  |
| Michigan |  | 310 | 400 | Lansi | W. Vir | 24.5 | 200 | 225 | Charleston. |
| Minnesot | 86 | 320 | 400 | St. Paul. | Wiscon | 65,8 | 290 | 300 |  |
| Mississip | 45,127 | 180 | $3 \geq 0$ | Jackson. | W yomin | 97. | 365 | 275 | Cheyenne |
| Miss | 69,137 | 300 | 280 | 1 | Total U. | 692,1 | \|12,720 | 1,600 |  |
| Areas of the new colonial possessions: Philippines, 143.000 square miles; Porto Rico, 3,600 ; ILawaii, 6. 740 ; 'Muni a, 500 ; Gnam, 54 (the General Land (office gives 175). <br> published by the Lnited states General Land Office. + Breadth is from east to west (l899) officially north to south. $\ddagger$ The ijistrict of Columbia was originally 100 square miles, but 30 miles were receded to Virginia in 1846 . § Inclnding the Cheroikee Strip and No Man's Land. H Breadth from Quoddy Head, in Maine, to Cape Flattery, in Washington; length from the 49th parallel to Brownsville, on the Rio Grande. This is exclusive of Alaska. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  | Governors． |  |  |  | Legislatites． |  |  | Time of Next |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| States and Territorigs． | Names． | Salaries | $\begin{aligned} & \text { L'gth } \\ & \text { Term, } \\ & \text { Years. } \end{aligned}$ | Terms Expire． | Next Session Begins． | Ann． or Bien． | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Limit } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Session. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Territorial E．ection． |
| Alaba | Joseph F．Johns | \＄3，0 | ， | Dec． $1,1.90$ | Nov．13，1900 | Bien． | 50 dys | A11g．6，1900 |
| Alask | John G．Brady | 3，000 | 4 | sept．2，1901 |  |  |  |  |
| Ari | N．O．Murpl | 2，600 | 4 | A pr．21，1901 | Jan．16，1901 | Bien． | 60 dys | V．6，1900 |
| A rkanse | Dan．W．Jon | 3.500 | 2 | Jan1．18，1941 | Janl．14， 1901 | bien． | 60 dys | sent．3，1400 |
| C＇alifo | Henry T．Gag | 6，000 | 4 | Dec．31，1902 | Jal1．7，1401 | Bien． | 60 dys | Nov．4，1902 |
| Colorad | Chas．S．Thom | 5,1000 | 2 | Jan．10， 1901 | Jant．2，1901 | Bien． | 90 dys | NOV．6， 1900 |
| Connec | （ieorge E．Loml | 4,000 | 2 | Jan 4，19＋1 | Jan．9．1901 | Bien． | cone． | §ัOV．6，1900 |
| Delawa | Ebe JV．Tunnell | 2.060 | 4 | Jan．19，14，1 | ．lanll．1，1ب4， | Bien． | 60 （ly | Nov．6，1941） |
| Florida | IVillicion D．Bloxh | 3，500 | 4 | Janı．1，1901 | Apr．2，13t1 | 13icn． | 60 dy | Nov．6，1900 |
| Georgia | Atlen D．Cancile | 3,090 | 2 | Nov．1，1900 | Oct． 24,1900 | Ann． | 50 dys | Uet．3，1900 |
| Idaho． | F3－ank Stewnenlur | 3，000 | 2 | Jan．${ }^{\text {d，14，14 }}$ | Jan．7，1901 | Bien | 60 dys | Ňov．6， $19(10$ |
| Illinois | John R．Tann | 6，000 | 4 | Jan1．11，1901 | Jan 01901 | Bien． | Nione． | Nov．6，1500 |
| Indiall | James A．Mou | 5，000 | 4 | Ja11．7，1901 | Jan．10，1901 | 13ien． | 60 dys | N゙ov．6，1900 |
| Iow | Leslie M．－har | 3，000 | 2 | $\mid J a n .1,1912$. | Jan，14，1：902 | Bien． | None． | Nov 6， 1900 |
| Kansa | W．E．Sitanle | 3.000 | 2 | Jall．11，19， 1 | Jan． $7,14(11$ | Bien． | 4）dys | Nov 6， $1: 00$ |
| Kentuc | W．N．Taylor | 6，500 | 4 | Dec．12， 1903 | J211．6，1402 | bien． | 60 dys | Nov．－，1403 |
| Lonisi | Murphy $J$ ． | 5，000 | 4 | Apr．3u，19＋0 | May 14，19： 0 | Bien． | 60 dy ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Apr．17，196，0 |
| Mai | Llewellyn Po | 2，010 | 2 | Jat1．1，1901 | Jan．2，1901 | lien． | Nione． | Sept．10，1900 |
| Maryla | John W．Smith | 4.500 | 4 | Jan．8， 19 l .4 | Jan．1，19\％ | l3ien． | 90 dys | 10v 5，1401 |
| Massachusetts | W．Murray（＇ | 8，000 | 1 | Jan．3，1901 | Jan．3，1940 | Ali11． | None． | Nov．6，1903 |
| Michiga | Hazen S．Pin | 4，000 | 2 | Dec． $81,19 \pm 0$ | Jan．2，1901 | Bien． | None | N゙OV．6，1400 |
| Mi | JOHY LIN | 5.000 | 2 | Janl．1，1！U1 | ．${ }^{\text {an．8，}} 1901$ | Bien． | 90 dys | N゙OV．6，1\％00 |
| Miss | A．H．Lmi | 3， 000 | 4 | Jan．1，19（1） | Jan． 5,1942 | bien． | Noile． | Nuv．3，19：3 |
|  | Lon T．Steph | 5．003 | 4 | Jan．1，1901 | J：111．9，1941 | Pien． | 70 drs | N゙OV．6，1900 |
| Montal | ROBERT B．S3 | 5.090 | 4 | Jan1．4，1941 | dan．T，1961 | Bien． | 160 dy | No¢V．6， 1910 |
| Nebrask | Wm．A．POYN | 2，500 | 2 | Jan 3，19U1 | Jan．1，1901 | Bie | 60 | Vov．6， 1900 |
| Nevada． | REINHOLD | 4，000 | 4 | Jan．1，1943 | Jt11．21，19 1 | fien． | 50 | Yov．4，1\％12 |
| N Hampshire | Frank W．Roliin | 2,000 | 2 | Jan．6，1901 | Jan．2，191 | Bien． | None． | Not．6，1900 |
| New Jersey | Foster M．Voorh | 10，600 | 3 | Jan． 16 1！d： | dain $9,1: 104$ | 1inn． | None | Nov．6，1940 |
| New Mexic | Miguel A．Otero＊ | 2，660 | 4 | Jan 1，1941 | da12．21，1901 | Bien． | 60 dys | Nov．6．1901 |
| New Yo | Theodore Ruosev | 10.000 | 2 | Dec．31， 19.4 | Jath．3，1940 | A111． | None． | Nov． 61940 |
| N．Carolina | Daniel L．Russe | 3.000 | 4 | Jan1．1．1901 |  | Bicn． | 60 dy | A Ug．2，1960 |
| North Dakota | F．B．Fanciser | 3,000 | 2 | Jan．1，1：01 | dall．8，196， | l3ien． | （i）dys | NOV． 6,1400 |
| On | George K． | 8,000 | 2 | Jan．13，190： | Jan．1，1 $\mathrm{H}^{\prime}$ | Bien． | ，onie． | Nov．6，191\％ |
| 0 | C．M．Barnes | － 2,640 | 4 | May 6，i901 | tank 8，1941 | l3ien． | 60 dys | N゙ov． 61940 |
| Oregou | T．＇T．fiee | 1，500 | 4 | Janl．8，1903， | Ja11．14，1911 | Bien． | 40 dys | Jwne 2，144， |
| Pennsylvania | Wn．A．Stoll | 10，（ti） | 4 | Jan．17．1943 | Jath．1，1：（1） | Bien． | Nore． | N゙ov．6， $19+10$ |
| Rhode Istand． | Elisha 1）yer． | 3，0110 | 1 | May 29.1900 | 1125 29，1：410 | An11． | Nonle． | Apr．4，1900 |
| S．Carolina | M．B．Mesture | 3，600 | 2 | Jan．18， 1 （n）1 | 1211．8，1：31 | Allin． | 49 d？ys | Nov．6，14\％0 |
| South Inakota． | A NDREW F． | 2.5001 | 2 | Jan1．1，1901 | Jan1．8，1401 | Bient． | 60 d ${ }^{2}$ | Nov．6，1900 |
| Temmesse | Benton IJ C，Milía | 4， 510 | 2 | Ja：1．İn，1901 | Ja11． 7.1940 | Pien | \％dy＇s | N゙ov．6，${ }^{1,400}$ |
| Texas． | Jospph I．Sa | 4，010 | 2 | Jan．13．194， | Jath．8．1901 | f3ien． | － － | Nov．5，1：＋10 |
| Ttah | Helser M．II | 2.000 | 4 | Jank． $7,19+1$ | Fal1．1才 1991 | Bien． | 60 dys | Ṅov． 61900 |
| Ve | Edward | L．$\% 00$ | 2 | Oct．3，14t1 | （ct．－14， 1 （1） | Bjen． | Noul ！ | （－1）4，1901） |
|  | J．Ilore I | 5，000 | 4 | Jans． 1 14tiz | Dec． 41001 | 13．en． | 90 dys | Ň：V．5，1，4）1 |
| Washin | J．R．İ | 4， $0: 10$ | 4 | Jan，11，1401 | Jan． 141801 | Pien． | 40 17 | Xiov．5． 1900 |
| West Virgin | Creorge \1．A | 2，500 | 4 | Nat：4．1901 | Jant．9，19＋1 | Piel |  | Nur．6， 1900 |
| Wisconsil | EGwayd Eirfielr | 5，000 | 2 | Jan．7，1911 | Jan．9，1941 | l3iei． |  | Nov．6，1000 |
| Wyuming | Jie Joreat Riclis ri | 2.500 | 4 | Ja11．2，1903 | Jan．8，1301 | Bien． | 4 Clysi | Nov．6，1900ł |

[^25]PAY AND TERMS OF MEMRERS OF LECISLATUREE．

| Enerse $\triangle N D$ <br>  comiss． | Salaries of Members， Annusl or Per Diem，while in Session． | Terms ofMkMbers，Ykars． |  | States an Teriet－ TORIES． | Salaries of Memoers， Annual or Pet Dien！，while in Session． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TERMS of } \\ & \text { DfbMBERS, } \\ & \text { IEARS. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { States and } \\ & \text { T'RRRI- } \\ & \text { turies. } \end{aligned}$ | Salaries of Members， Annual or Per Diem，while in Sission． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tersis of } \\ & \text { Mfapmes, } \\ & \text { Iears. } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Sens- } \\ \text { tors. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Repre } \\ & \text { sent- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sana- } \\ & \text { to } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Pepre } \\ \text { sent- } \\ \text { ative: } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Sens } \\ \text { tors } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { liopre } \\ & \text { sent- } \\ & \text { atives } \end{aligned}$ |
| Alsbama＊ | 84 per di | 4 | 2 | Maine＊ |  |  | 2 | Onio |  | 2 |  |
| Arizona＊ | \＄4 per 6 | 2 | 2 | Maryland＊ | ${ }_{4}$ | 4 | 2 | Oklah＇ma＊ | tsperdiem | 2 | 2 |
| Aremenas | \＄6 | 4 | 2 | Mass．＊ | 8.50 ann | 1 | 1 | （）regon |  | 4 | 2 |
| Callfornia＊ | 98 | 4 | 2 | Michigan＊ | 35 peer ciem | 2 | 2 | Penna | 等 | 4 | 3 |
| Colorado＊． | \＄7 | 4 | 2 | Miun． | $5{ }^{5}$ | 4 | 2 | P．Islat＇，${ }^{\text {\％}}$ |  | 1 | 1 |
| Cumn．＊ | \％ 300 ann | 2 | 2 | Miss＇sippi＊ | \＄400 | 4 | 4 | S． $\mathrm{C}^{\circ} \mathrm{I}$ 161） |  | 4 | 2 |
| Dela | S5́s per die | 4 | 2 | Missouri＊ | \＄5 per diemi | 4 | 2 | $\therefore$ Jatota | 5 | 2 | 2 |
| Fiorlda |  | 4 | 2 | Montana＊＊ | 6 | 4 | 2 | Tenn． |  | 2 | 2 |
| Cleorg | $\pm$＂ | 2 | 2 | Ṅehraska＊ | \＄300 ann．．． | 2 | $\stackrel{3}{2}$ | T＇exas＊ |  | 4 | 2 |
| Idaho＊ |  | 2 | 2 | Nevada＊ | 僦 per diem | 4 | 2 | Utalit． | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Illinols ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | \＄1，000 ses＇ n ． | 4 | 2 | N．Hamp． | 2006 alll | 2 | 2 | Yermont | ， | 2 | 2 |
| Indiana | \＄6 per diem | 4 | 2 | N．Jerses． | Sont | 3 | 1 | Virrinia＊ | \％ 1 | 4 | ， |
| Jowa＊． | \＄550 pr term | 4 | 2 | N．Mexico＊ | － 4 ner diema | 2 | ̇ | Wash ton＊ | \＄5 | 4 |  |
| Kanes | \＄3 per die | 4 | 2 | N．York＊ | \％1，300 Enl ．． | 2 | 1 | WV．Va，＊ | 4 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Kent＇cks | ${ }_{6} 5$ | 4 | 2 | N．Caro＇ $1 a^{*}$ | \＄4 per diem | 2 | 2 | Wrisc＇usin＊ | \＄500 \＆un |  | 2 |
| Louisiana | \＄5 | 4 | 4 | N．Dak．＊ | 85 | 4 | 2 | WFyonling＊ | tit per difm | 4 |  |

－States starred pay mileage also with aunual or per diem salaries．

## 



## THE CAEINET.

Arrangedin the order of succession for the Presidency declared by Chapter 4, Acts of 49 th Congress, 1st Session. $\ddagger$

Secretary of State-John Has, of Ohio.
Secretary Treusury-Lyman J. Gage, of Ill.
Secretary War-Elihu Root, of N. Y.
Attorney-General-John W. Griggs, of N. J.

Postmaster-General-Charles E. Smith, of Pa. Secretary Navy - John D. Long, of Mass. Secretary Interior-Ethan A. Hitcheock, of Mo. Secretary Agriculture-James Wilsou, of Iowa.

The salaries of the Cabinet officers are $\$ 8,000$ each.

## THE DEPARTMENTS.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

Assistent Secretary-David J. Hill, N. Y..... $\$ 4,500$ Second Ass't Secretary-A. A. Adee, I). C..... 4, 100 Third Ass't Spmetury-Thos. W. Cridler, W. Va. Chief Clerk-Wm. If. Michael, Neb. Ch. Dipl'tic Bureau-Sydney Y. Smith, D. C. Ch. Consulur Bureau-R.s. Chilton, Jr., D. C..

4,000 2,500

Ch. Indexes \& Archives-Pendleton King, N. C. \$2,100 Ch. Buлeuu Accounts-Frank A. Branagan, O.. 2,100 Ch. Bureuu Rolls \& Lib. - A. H. Allen, N. C.... 2,100 Ch. Bureau Foreign Commerce - Frederic Emory, Md.

2,100
Ch. Bu•еии Appointments-R. B. Mosher, Ky.. 2,100
$\qquad$

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Serretary-OliverL.Spanlding, Mich. \$1,5010 A ssistant Secretery-Horace A. Taylor, Wis.. 4,500 Assistant Secretary-Frank A Vanderlip, 111 Chief Clerk-Theo. F. Swayze, Ň. J.
Chief Appointment Div. - Chas. Lyman, C t .
Ch. Bookleeping Div.-IV. F. MacLeman, N. Y. Chief Public Monsys Dir-E. B. Daskam, C't.. Chief Crustoms Div.-A Adrew Johnsun, Vit.
Ch. Loans \& Cur. Div. - A. '1. Huntington, Mass. Ch. Stationery \& $P_{r^{\prime \prime}} g$ Din.-(Gं. Simmons, D. C.. Chief Aruits and Files Div--S. M. (vaines, Ky Chief Miscelleneous Din.-Lewis Jordan, Ind. Supu.Insp.-Gien.Steam Fes.-J.A. Dumont, ${ }^{\text {No }}$. $\mathrm{I}^{-}$ Director of Mint--(ieo. F. Roberts, Iowa. (fovemument Actuary-Joseph s. Mecoy. N. Ch. Bur. Statisties-Oscat P. Austin, D. C...... Sunt. Life-srtving Scrvice-s. I. Kimball, Me.. Naral See'y Light-House Bourd-'Lhomas Perry
Superi: Sirgeon-Gen.- Wialter iv yman, Mo...


Supervising Architect-James K. Taylor, Pa.. $\$ 4,500$ Sinst. Cocsit Survey-Henry S. Pritchett, Mo.. 6,000 Cum. of Navigution-E. T. Chamberlain, N. Y. 3,600 Compt. of Treasury-Robt. J. Tracewell, Ind. 5,500 Auditor for Theasury-Wm. E. Andrews, Neb. 4,000 suditor for Har Dept. - Frank H. Morris, O.. 4,000 Auditor for Int' $r$ Dept. - Wm. Youngblood, A la 4,000 Auditor for Niny Dept. -W. W. Brown, Pa... 4,000 Auditor'for State, sec.-Ernest G. Timme, Wis. 4,060 Auditor for P.O.Dent.-Henry A.Castle,Minu. 4,000 Tieasurer of U.S.-Ellis H. Roberts, N. Y... . Ћ, ve0 Assistant Ti.easiver-James F. Meline, Ohio.. 3,600 Regrister Treasury-Judson W. Lyons, Ga...... 4,000 Demuty Register-Nolen L. Chew, Ind........ 2,250 C) mp'r of Currency-Charles ( $\dot{x}$. Dawes, iil.... 5,000 Commis. Internet Rev.-Geo. W. Wilson, O.... 6,000 Dep. Com. Internal. Rev. - I2. Williams, Jr., La. 3,200 sisficitor Internat Rev. - (ieo. M. Thomas....... 4.500 Soticiton of Thectsu'y-M. D. O' Connell, Iowa. 4, 000 Chief Secret Service-Jno. E. Wilkie, Ill....... 3,501 Supt. Inmigration-T. V. Powderly, Pa....... 4, 400

## WAR DEPARTMENT.

Assistant Secretury-Gen. D. Meiklejoinn, Neb. \$4,500
Chief Clerk-John (. Scotielỉ....................... 2.ə00
Disinusing Clerk-IV.S. Yeatman, D. C......... 2,000
Adjutcant-Gen.-Brig.-(ien. H. C. Corwin..
Chief CYerk-R. Y. Thian, N. Y....................
 Chiof Clerk-W. A. De ('aindry, NU.............. Surreon-Gen.-Brig.-Gen. G. え̀. Sternberg...... $\overline{5}, 500$ Ass' $t$ Surr. -Gen.-Col. Charles IL Alden...... 3,250 Chief Crerk-George A. Jones.
Judge Adv-Gcn.-Brig.-Gen.G.N.Lieber, N. Y . Chies Cterk-I. W. Call.
Insp,-Gen.-Brig, - fen, J. C. Brecisinridge, Ky
Chief Clerk-Vrarren H. Orcutt.................... 1.800

Q'rmastea'-Gen.-Brig.-Gen. M. I. Ludington. . $\$ 5,500$
Chief Clerk-Henry D. saxton.................... 2,000 Irıymaster-Gen-Brig.-Gien. Aifred E. Bates. 5,500 (hief Clerk-G. D. Hanson, D. C................... 2,000
(\% of Engineers-Brig.-Gen. J. M. WViison....... 5,500
Chief Clerk-William J. Warren, N. Y.......... 2,000
Oficer Chrorge Pıtb, Bldg.- -T. A. Bingham....... 4,500
(hief Cierk-E. F. Concklin, X. Y.................. 2,100
(rardener-George H. Brown, I). C................. 1,800
Chief of Ordnance-Brig.-(ien.A.R.Buffington. 5,500
Glief Clerk-John J. (look, D). (..................... 2,000 (hief Sirmul Oificer-Brig.-(ien. A. W. Greely.. 5,500 (Thier Cterk-O. A. Nesmith....................... 1,800
Ch. Rec. \& Pen.Off.-Brig.-Gen. $\mathbf{H} . \mathrm{C} . A$ insworth 5,500

NAVY DEPARTMENT.
Assistant Secrotary-Chas. H. Allen, Mass. . . $\$ 4,500$
C'hief Clerk-! nj. F. Peters, Pa................. 2,500
Chief Yarcls ancd Docks-Civil Engineer M. T.
Endicott.............................................. 5.500

Chief Supplies uid Accumts-Rear-Admiral Albert D. Kennedy........................5,500 Chief Mredichue-Rear-Adm. W.K. VanReypen 5,500 Chief Equipment-Kear-Adin.R. B. Bradford 5,500 Chiff Chmstructor-Rear-Adm. P. Hichborn. . 5,500 Chief Navigution-R'r.Ad. A.S.Crowninshield 5,500

Judge-Adv.-Gen.-Capt. S. C. Lemly 83,500
Inspuector Pay Corps-F. C. Coshy................ 4,400
Pres. Nav. Exam. Board-Rear-Admiral
 B. J. Cromwell.. 6,3ヶ5

[^26]
## POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Chief Clerk-Blain W. Taylor, W.V.a......... $\$ 2,500$
First Assistant P. M. G.-Perry K. Heath. Ind. 4,000 Second Ass't P. M. G.-W.S. Shallenberger, Pa. 4,000 Third Assistant P.M.G.-E. (.Madden, Mich. 4,060 Fourth Ass't. P. M. G.-J. L. Bristow, Kan..... 4,000 Appointment Clerk-John H. Robinson, Miss. 1,800

Supt. Freeign Maits-N. M. Brooks, Va...... $\$ 3,000$
Supt. Money-Order-James T. Metcalf, Iowa. 3,000 Gen. Shipt. Railuoly M. S.-Jas. E. White, Ill. 3,500 Supt. Drcted-Letter Office-D. B. Leibhardi, Ind. 2,510 Chief P. O. Inspector-W. E. Cochran, Col... 3,000 Supt. and Disbursing Cl ' $k-\mathrm{R}$. B. Merchant, Va 2,100

## INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

First Ass' Secretary-Thomas Ryan, Kan. ..... $\$ 4,500$
Assistant Secretary-Webster Davis, Mo. 4,000 Chief Clerk-Edward M. Dawson. Md.
Ass't Atty. - Gen. - Willis Van Devanter, Wyo. Commis. Land Office-Binger Hermann, Ore. . Ass' $t$ Commis. - William A. Richards, Wyo Commis. Education-WM. T. Harris, Mass.. Commis. Pensions-H. Clay Evans, Tenn.

First Deputy Comn. of Pensions-Jas. L. Davenport, N. H. $\because 750$ | 5,000 |
| :--- | 5.000 5,000 3,500 3,000 5,000 3,600

Scond Denuty Com. of Pensions-Leverett M.
Kplly, Ill. ............................................ $\$ 3,600$ Kplly, Ill. ...................................... $\$ 3,600$ Ass't Commi.s. - A. Clarke Tonner, Ohio........ 3,000 Comnitis. Putfuts-C'harles H. Duell, N. Y.... 5,000 Ass' $t$ Commis.-Arthur P. Greeley, N. H...... 3,000 Commis. Railroads-James Longstreet, Ga.... 4,500 Direc. Geol. Surv. - Chas. D. Walcott, N. Y.. 5,000 Chief Clerk Geol. Survey-H. C. Rizer, Kan.. 2,250

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Solicitor-Gen.-John K, Richards, Ohio.
. $\$ 7,000$
Ass' t Atty. - (ien. -James E. Boyd, N. ©....... 5,000
Ass' $t$ Atty. - (ren. -John (i. Thompson, ill..... 5,000
Ass' t Atty-Gen.-Louis A. Pradt, Wis......... 5,000
Ass't Atty. - Gen. -Henry M. Hoyt. Pa....... 5,000
Ass't Atty. - Gen., Interior Dept.-Willis Van Devanter, Wyó.
Ass't Atty. - Gen. , Post-Öfice De......-James N.....
Tyner, Ind.

| Private Secretary to the Secretary-James W. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Chief | 2,500 |
| Appointment Clerk-Joseph B. Benmett, Wis | 2,000 |
| Chief Weather Burean-Willis L. Moore, 111. | 4,500 |
| Chief Bur. Animal Indust. - D. E. Salmon, N. | 4,000 |
| Director Experiment Stations-A. C. Tru | 3,000 |
| Chief Div, Publications-Geo. Wm. Hill, Minn. | . 2,500 |
| Chief Div. Accounts-F. L. Evans, | 2,500 |
| Chief Divzsion Soils-Milton Whitne | 2,510 |
| Amostologist-F. Lamson Scribn | 500 |
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Solicito State Dent.-William I.Penfield,Ind. $\$ 3,500$ Chief Clerk-Cecil Clay, W. Va.................. 2,750 Solicitor Treasury-M. D. O'Connell, Iowa.... 4, 500 Solicitor Int. Rev.-(ieo. Morgan Thomas, Ky. 4, 500 Law Clerk-A. J. Bentley, Ohio................... General Agent-Frank strong, A rk............... Appointment Clerk-Joseph P. Rudy. Pa...... Atty. for Pardons-Jas. S. Easlyy-smith, Ala. 2,400 Disbursing Clerk-Henry Rechtin, Ohio. . .... 2,300

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.



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Hastings, O .

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| Martin A. Knapp, N. Y., Chairman......... $\$ 7,500$ <br> Judson C. Clements, Ga............................. 7,5010 <br> James D. Yeomans, Iowa..... ........................ 7,. 7,500 | Charles A. Prouty, Vt. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 7,500$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Jnseph W. Fifer, [11.. ............................. 7,500 |
|  | Edward A. Moseley, Mass., Secretary...... 3,500 |
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| Robert P. Kennedy, O. | Henry Curtis, Ia. |
| UNITED States pension agents. |  |
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# UNITED STATES ASSISTANT TREASURERS. 

Sub-Treasuries.
Assistant Treasitrers.
Baltimore.
Buston.
Chicago
Cincinnati
New Orleans.
ti..... James M. Sloan.

Mints.
Carson City.. (Equipped as Assay Office).
Roswell K. Colcord, Assayer in charge.
New Orleans. ..................... Charles W. Boothby.

Sub-Treasuries.
New York.
Philadelphia. $\qquad$ Assistant Tiectsurers San Francisco.

Conrad N. Jordan.
John F. Finney. Barnard G. Farrar. ......Julius Jacobs.

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# MINTS 

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Superintendents
Philadelphia. Henry K. Boyer.
Sau Francisco. Frank A. Leach.

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Houlton, Me., Thomss H. Phair.
B ingor, Me., Albert Ii. Day.
Bith, Me., George Mloulton, Jr.
Belfast, Me., James S. Harriman.
Castine, Me., George M. W arren.
Ellsworth, Me., Henry Whiting.
Machias, Me., John K, Ames.
Kennebunk, Me., Edwin Parsons.
Eastport, Me., Gearge A. Curran.
Portland, Me., vacant.
Saco, Me., Freeland H. Oaks.
Waldoboro, Me., Freilerick B. Hight.
Wiscasset, Me., Daniel H. Moody.
York, Me., Edward H. Banks.
Portsmouth, N. H., Kufuz N. Elwell.
Bristol, R. I., Charles D. Eddy.
Newport, 1R. I., John H. Cozzens.
Providence, 1R. I., Ellery H. Wilson. Burlington, Vt., Olin Merrill.
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Rochester, N. Y., Henry Harrison.

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New York, N. Y., George R. Bidwell. Niagara Falls, N. Y., James Low Oydensburr, N. Y., Charles A. Kellogg. Oswego, N. Y., James H. Cooper. Sag Harbor, N. Y., Peter Dippel. Jersey City, N.J., M. I. Fayen, Asst. Col. Bridgeton, N. J., George W. MeCowan. Trenton, N.J., Roland Billingham. Somers Point, N. J., Walter Fifield. Newark, N. J., George L. Smith. Perth Amboy, N. J., Robert Carson. Tuckerton, N. J., Samuel P. Bartlett. Camden, N. J., F. F. Patterson, Asst. Col. Philadelphia, Pa., C. Wesley Thomas. Erie, Pa., Benjamin B. Brown. Wilmington, Del., William H. Cooper. Washington, D. C., William B. Todd. Annapolis, Md., Louis S Clayton. Baltimore, Md., William F. Stone. Crisfield, Md., Jaines C. Tawes. Alexandria, Va., Marshall L. King. Cape Charles City, Va., C. G. Smithers. Norfolk, Va., lichard G. Banks. Petersburg, Va., William Mahone Tappahannock, Va., Thomas C. Walker. Newport News, Va., Jesse W. Elliott. Richinond, Va., John S. Bethel. Beaufort, N. C., Christopher D. Jones. Newbern, N. C., Mayer Hahn. Eilenton, N. C., Kenneth R. Pendleton. Wilmington, N. C., John C. Dancy. Beaufort, S. C., Robert Smalls. Charleston, S. C., John R. Tolbert. Georgetown, S. C.. A. MceP. Hamby, Jr. Brunswick, Ga., Henry T. Dunn. Savannah, Ga., John H. Deveaux. St. Mary's, Ga., Budd Coffee. Mobile, Ala., Joseph W. Burke Shieldsboro, Miss., John P. Walworth. Natchez, Miss., David King.

Vicksburg, Miss,, Joseph H. Short. Apalachicola, Fla., William B. Sheppard. Cedar Keys, Fla., Samuel P. Anthony. Fernandina, Fla., John W. Howell. Jacksonville, Fla., William H. Lucas. Key West, Fla., George W. Allen. St. Augustine, Fla., Thomas B. George. Tampa, Fla., Matthew B. Macfarlane. Pensacola, Fla., John E. Stillman. New Orleans, La., Augustus T. Wimberly. Brasher, Li., Johu A. Thornton.
Brownsville, Tex., Charles H. Maris.
Corpus Christi, Tex., James J. Haynes.
Eagle Pass, Tex., Claremont C. Drake.
El Paso, Tex., Moses Dillon.
Galveston, Tex., Frank L. Lee.
Cleveland, $\mathrm{O}_{\mu}$, Charles F. Leach. Sandnsky, O., Edround H. Zurhorst. Toledo, Ó, John H. Pitck.
Detroit, Mich., John T. Rich.
Grand Haven, Mich., George A. Farr.
Marquette, Mich., John Quincy Arlams. Port Huron, Mich., Alexander R. Avery. Chicago, Ill.: William Penn Nixon. St. Paul, Minn., John Peterson. Duluth, Minn., Levi M. Willcuts. Milwankee, Wis., Charles B. Roberts. Great Falls, Mont., David G. Browne. San Francisco, Cal., John P Jackson. San Diego, Cal., Williain W Bowers. Los Angeles, Cal., John C. Cline. Eureka, Cal., Sterling A. Campbell. Astoria, Ore., John Fox.
Coos Bay, Ore., John Morgan.
Portland, Ore., Isaac L. Patterson.
Yaquina, Ore.. Charles B. Crosno. Port Townsend, Wash., F. D. Huestis. Sitka, Alaska, Joseph W. Ivey. Nogales, Ariz., William M. Hoey. Pembina, N. D., Nelson E. Nelson.

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Louisville, Ky., Cicero M. Barnett. Paducah, Ky., John R. Puryear. Memphis, Tenn., James Jeffreys. Chattanonga, Tenn., Thomas B. Stapp. Nashville, Tenn., Joseph W. Dillin. Knoxville, Tenn., Elijah W. Adkins. Kansas City, Mo., William L. Kessinger. St. Joseph, Mo., Williain L. Beuchle. St. Lonis, Mo., Charles H. Smith. Cincinnati, O., Lewis Voight, Sr. Columbus, O., Elmer J. Miller. Evansville, Incl., Walter S. Viele. Indianapolis, Ind., Archibald A. Young. Michigan City, Ind., Charles J. Robb. Cairo, Ill., Thomas 6. Elliott.

Galens, Ill., Rlchard S. Bostwick.
Peoria, Ill., Richard W. Burt.
Rock Island, III., Robert G. Pearce.
Burlington, Ia., Charles H. Ross.
Council Bluffs, la., Leander M. Shubert. Des Moines, Ia., Leander M. Shubert. Dubuque, Ia., John M. Lenihan. Sioux City, Ia., James H. Bolton. Denver, Col., Charles H. Brickenstein. Lincoln, Neb., Charles H. Morrill. Omaha, Neb, Callet Taylor. La Crosse, Wis., Robert Calvert. Grand Rapids, MIich., James A. Coye. San Francisco, Cal., Joseph S. Spear, Jr.

## NAVAL OFFICERS OF CUSTOMS.

## Boston, Mass., James O. Lyford. New York, N. Y., Robert A. Sharkey.

Nev York, Cornelius Van Cott, 1897.

Chicago, III., Charles Ulysses Gordon, 1897 Philadelphia, Pa., Thomas L. Hicks, 1847. Brooklyn, N.Y., Francis H. Wilson, 1897. St. Lotis, Mo., F. W. Baumhoti, 1898. Boston, Mass., Ilenry A. Thomas, 1897 Baltimore, Md., S. Davies Warfield, 1894 1899 (reappointed).
San Francisco, Cal., W. W. Montagne, 189 Cincinnati, O., Elias R. Monfort, 1899 Cleveland, O., Charles C. Dewstoe, 1899. Buffalo, N. Y.. ammel G. Dorr, 1899. New Orleans, La., John R. G. Pitkin, 1898. Pittsburgh, Pa., George L. Holliday, 189ヶ. Washingtrin, D. C.. John A. Merritt, 1899 Detroit, Mich., F. B. Dickerson, 1897. Milwankee, Wis., E. R. Stillman, 1898.

New Orleans, La., John Webre. San Francisco, Cal., John P. Irish. Baltimore, Md., Norman B. Scott, Jr. .

Newark, N. J.. James L. Hays, 1899. Minneapolis, Minn., S. B. Lovejoy, 1898. Jersey City, N. J., Peter F. Wanser, 1898. Louisville, K yo, Thomas H. Baker, 1897. Omaha, Neb.; Joseph Crow, 1899.
Rochester, N. Y., James S. Graham, 1898 St. Paul, Minn., Robert A. Smith, 1896. Kansas City, Mo., Samuel F. Scott, 1898. Providence, R. I., Ricbard Hayward, 1895 Denver, Col., John C. Tu omoly, 1899. Indianapolis, Ind., James W. Héss, 1898. Allegheny, Pa., James A. Grier, 1898. Albany, N. Y., C. E. Argersinger, 1899. Columbus, O., Robert M. Rownd, 1898. Svracuse, N. Y., Dwight H. Bruce, 1897. Worcester, Mass., J. Evarts Greene, 1897.「oledo, O., William H. Tucker, 1898.

Richmond, Va., Wray T. Knight, 1898. New Haven, Ct., Jas. A. Howarth, 1898. Lowell, Mass, Albert G. Thompson, 1898. Nashville, Tenn., Andrew W. Wills, 1898. Scranton, Pa., Ezra H. Ripple, 1897 Fall River, Mass., George A. Ballard, 1898. Atlanta, Ga., William H. Sinyth, 1897 Memphis, Tenn., L. W. Dutrow, 1849 Wilmington, Del., Hugh C. Browne, 1898. Dsyton, O., vacant by death. Troy, N. Y., Joseph A. Leggett, 1898. Grand liapids, Mich., L. K. Bishop, 1898. Reading, Pa., Augustus M. High, 1899. Cainden, N. J., Louls T. Derousse, 1898. Trenton, N. J.. Alexander C. Yard, I898. Lynn, Mass., E. Knowlton Fogg, 1898. Charleston, S. C., G. I. Cunningham, 1898.

## THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT-Continued.

THE UUDICIARY.

## SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES,

Chief Justice of the United States-Melville W. Fuller, of Illinois, born 1833, appointed 1888
 Reporter-J. C. Bancroft Davis, N. Y. Clerk-J. H. McKenney, D. C. Marshai-John M. Wright, Ky. The salary of the Chief Justice of the United States is $\$ 10,500$; Associate Justices, $\$ 10,100$ each; of the Keporter, $\$ 4.500$; Marshal, $\$ 3,500$; Clerk of the Supreme Court, $\$ 6,000$.
dipn. Civ Judoes App

1. I.e Baron B. Colt, R. I

Aクp. Cir. Judoes.
William L. Putnam, Mie 1884 1842
. William J. Wallace, N. Y......................... $1 \times 8.2$ E. Henry Laccmbe, N. Y

Nathaniel Shipman, C't.
George M. Dallas, Pa.
George Gray, I)el.
4. Nathan Goff, W. Y'a

Charles II. Simonton, S. C
5. Lon A. Pardee, La, T ....

1887
$1 \times 92$

David D. Shelby, Ala.
6. William H. Taft, Ohio
............................ . 1899 Horace H . Lurton, Ienn App.

Salaries, $\$ 6,001$ each. The jutges of each circuit and the justice of the Supreme Conrt for the circnit constitute a Circuit Court of Anpeals. The First Circrit consists of Maine, Massachuselts, New Hamyshire, Khode Island. Secon D-Connectient, New Iork, Vermont. Third-Delaware, New Jersey, l'enusylyania. Fourth-Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia. Fifth-Alabama, Florida, Georya, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, Sixth-Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee. Skyenth-Illincis, Indiana, Wisconsin. Etchth-Arkansas, Coloradn, Iadim and Okiahoma Territories, lowa, IKansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakotu, Utah, Wyoming. Nintr-Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oreyon, Washington.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS.
Chief Justice-Charles C. Nott, N. Y. Associute Judues-Lawrence Wreldon, Ill. ; Stanton J. Peelle, Ind. John Davis, 1). C.; Charles B. Howry, Miss. salaries, $\$ 4,500$ each. Chiej Clerk- Airchibald Hopkins, Mass. , E3,000.

UNITED STATES COURT OF PRIYATE LAND CLAIMS,
Chief Justice-Josenh R. Reed, IGwa. Justices-Wilbur F. Etone, Col. ; Henry C. Siuss, Kan. ; Thomas
C. Fuller, N. C.i Wiliam W. Jurray, Tenn. U. S. Attomey-Mathew G. Reynolds, Mo. OURT OF API'EALS OF THE DISTRICT OF COLLMBIA.
Chief Justice-Richard H. Alvey, Md., $\$ 0,500$. Justices-Martin F. Morris, D. C., $\S 6,000$; Seth Shepard, Tex., $\$ 6,000$. Clerh-Robert Willett, D. C. . $\$ 3,000$.

SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.
Chipf Justice-Edward F. Bingham, N. H. Associate Justices-Alexander B. Magner, Mr, ; Job
Barnard, Andrew C. Bradiey, 1). C. Harry M. Clabaugh, Md. © Charles C. Cole, D. C. salaries, \$5,000 each. Clerk-John IR. Voung, \$3,500.

DISTRICT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Districts.
Ala.: N. \& N
Ala. : N. \& M. John Bruce.
Alaska . $\qquad$ H. T. Toulmin. Addresses. sitiaries.

Chas s ohnson Sitka .......
Arizona....... Webster Street. . Phcenix
Ark. : E, D .Johu A. Williams. Little Rock. IV. D ..John Î. IRogers.. Fort Smith.

Cal. : N.D...John J. le Haven. San Francisco S. D.... Olin Wellhoru.... Los Angeles.. Colorado...... Moses Hallett.
Comnecticut. .W: K. 'Townsend. New Haven.
Delaware.....Id. (i. Bradford. Wilmiugton..
Fla. N. D. Charles swayne.. Pencacola
Ga.: N.D...Wm. T. Newmau.Atlanta
Idaho
Ill. : S. D...

Emory speer..... Macon.
Janıes 11. Beatty. Boise City.....
., S. D...William J. Allen.springfield
Indian Ter... $W \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{M}$. springer. Muscogee .. $\quad$.... IV.H. H. Clayton.S. McAlester.
." . ....Johu R. Thomas. Vinita....
Indiana ......John H. Balser. . Indianapolis.
Iowa: N. D...Oliver P'shiras... Dubuque.
S. D...JohuS. Woolson.. I les Moines.

Kansas ....... Wm. C. Hook..... Leavenworth
Kentuck 5 .....Wal W Evans.... Louisville.
La.: $\frac{\mathrm{E}}{\mathrm{F}} \mathrm{D} .$. Charles Parlange. New Orleans. W. D...Aleck Boarman..Shreveport.

Maine......... Ththan Webb.... Portland...
Maryland.... Thomas J. Morris. Battimore.
Mass........... Francis C. Lowell. Boston.......
Mich.: F. D...Henry H. swan . Iletroit.
W. D...H. F. Severens.... Grand Rapids Minnesota.... Wm. Lochren.....Miuneapolis..
Niss.: N. \& S.Henry C. Niles....Kosciusko..... 5,000
Montana.....Hiram $\dot{\text { Knowles. IIelena........ } 5,000}$ 5,000
5,000 5.000 5 ,(1) 0 5.1000 5.0010 5. (1)10 5,000 5.1no 5,000 5.060 5,000 5,000 5,010
5,010
5,000 5, 1000
5,000
5,000
5,000
5,000
5,000
5,000
5,1100
5,000
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,000

Districts.
Mo: : E. D...
Jidiges.
Addresses. Stalarips. Nebraska.....Wm. I1. Munger. Unaba....... 5,000 Nevada.......Thos, P. Hawley.. Carson City.. 5,000 N. H..... New Jersey. Wdgar Aldrich.... Littleton ..... 5,000 New Mexico. Wm. J. Mills..... Las Vegas.... 3,0v0 $\mathrm{N}_{i} \mathrm{Y}^{\top}:$ N. D..Alfred C. (Coxe.... Utica......... 5,000
i S. D.Addison Brown... Y. Y. City .... 5,000 $\mathrm{N}_{\text {is }}$ C. : E. D.. Thw. B. Thomas. Brooklyn .... 5,000
W.D.H. G. Ewart...... H' dersouv le 5,000 N. Dakota.... Chas. F. Amidun. Fargo......... 5,000 Ohio: N. D...A.J. Ricks........ (leveland.... 5,000 Oklahoma.... John IH. Burford...(inthrie....... 3 3,000 Oregon ........C. B. Bellinger.... Portland...... 5,010 Pa.: F. D.....J. B, McP'herson...Philadelphia 5 , (1nu ". W. D....Jos. Builington... Pittsburgh.... 5,000 R. Island..... A rthinr I. Brown. Providence .. 5,000 S. Carolina... Wm. H. Brawley. Charleston... 5,000 S. Dakota....John E. (arland...-ioux Falls.. 5,000 Teun.: E.\& Mi. C'harles D. C'lark. ('lattanooga. 5,000 ". W. D.E.S. IIammond . Memphis .... 5,000 Tex. : F. D...David I. Bryant..sherinan..... 5,000 W. D..Thos. S. Maxey...A Astin ....... 5,000 Utah Ont.....John A. Mirshail.sult Lake C. 040 Verniont......... If. Vheeler.... Prattlehoro.. 5,(400 Va.: E. D....E. Waddill, Jr. ..Richmond.. 5,010 W. W. D...John Paul ...... I Iarrisonburg 5,000 Washington..C. 11. Hanford....seattle........ 5,000 W. Virginia...J. J. Jackson.......Parkersburg. 5, 100 Wis, : E. D...W. H. Seaman....sheborgau... 5,000 Wroming ...JJohn A. Riner....Cheyenne..... 5,060

William R. Day, Ohio
7. William A. Woods, Ind............................ 1892

James G. Jenkins, Wis............................... 1893
Peters. Grosscun, 111................................... 1899
8. Henry C. Caldwell, Ark.............................. 1890

Walter H. Sanborn, Minn........................... 1892
Amos M. Thayer, Mo.................................. 1894
9. William W. Morrow; ('al........................ 1897

William B. Gilbert, Ore........................... 1892
Erskine M. Ross, Cal....................................... 1895

#  

| States. | District Attorneys. |  |  | Marshals. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Names. | Official <br> Address. | Dates of Commissions. | Names. | Official Address. | Dates of Com. missions. |
| Alabama,N.. | William Vaughan | Birmingham. | $\overline{\text { June } 1,97}$ | Daniel N. Cooper. |  |  |
| M. | W.s. Reese, Jr.... | Montgomery. | $\text { Apr. } 14,97$ | Leander J. Bryan | Montgomery. | $\text { Jan. 31, } 98$ |
| S | M.D. Wickersham | Mobile......... | $\text { July } 24,97$ | Frank Siminons. |  | Mar. 4,99 |
| Alask | Robt.A. Frier rich |  | Dec. 20, 98 | James M. Shoup. |  | June 26; 9 , |
| Arizona | Robt. E. Morrison | Presc | Feb. 15, 98 | Wm M, Griflith. | Theson. | June 15, 9 , |
| $\text { Arkansas, } \underset{W}{\mathrm{E}}$ | Jacob Trieber... James K. Barnes. | Little Roc Fort smit | $\begin{array}{ll} A p r & 0,97 \\ \text { yay } & 11,98 \end{array}$ | H. M. Coop | I, ittle Ro Fort smi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apr. } \\ & \text { Jun } \\ & 1,9, \\ & 9 \end{aligned}$ |
| California, N | Frank L. Coombs. | jan Francisco | Feb. 20, 99 | John H. Shine. | San Francisco | May 29, as |
| $\bigcirc$ | Frank P. Flint | Los Angeles | Apr. 8,97 | Heury Z. Usborne | Los Angeles | May 15, 98 |
| C | G. W. Whil for | Denver | Apr. 80, 97 | Dewey C. Bailey. | )enver. | June 5, |
| Connectic | C. W. Comstoc | Hartior | Apr. 2, 96 | Edson S. Bishop.. | New Hav | Alug. 8,98 |
| Delaware | Wm. M. Byrne. | Wilmingto | June 15,99 | John C. Short. | Wilmington | Jan. 10, 98 |
| Dist. of Co | Thos.II. Anderson | Washingto | Uct. 1,99 | Aulick Palme | Vashingto | Jan. 9, 98 |
| Florida, | John Fagan | Peńsacola | Jan. 31, 9\% | T. F. Mctiou | Pensacola | Jan. 10, ${ }^{4 .}$ |
|  | J. N. Stripling Edsar A. Ang | Jacksonvi | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jan. } 10,98 \\ & \text { A pr. } 13,97 \end{aligned}$ | Wohn F. Hor | Jacksonville.. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } 18,98 \\ & \text { June 25, } 97 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Marion Erivin |  | Apr. 13, 97 | John M. Ba | Aaco | June 15, 97 |
|  | Robert V. Coz e | Moscor | Jall. 10,98 | Frank C. liamsey | Boise | Dec. 20, 98 |
|  | S. H. Bethea | C'bicago | Dec. 20, 98 | J han C'. Ame | C'hicag | Dec. 18,97 |
|  | J. Otis Humphre | Springfiel | Jume 25,97 | Charles I'. Hitch | springfi | Jume 25, 97 |
| Indian | A. W. Wishard.. | Indianajol | Mar. 22, 97 | S. H. Kercheval. | Indianapolis.. | Mar. 22, 97 |
|  | Pliny L. sope | Vinita. | Apr. 14, 97 | Leo E. Bennett. | M uscogee | Jan. 10, |
|  | John H. Wilk | S. Mcate | Jan. 10, 98 | Jasper P. (irady.... | McAlester. | Apr. 19, 9, |
|  | W. B. Johuson | Ariniore | Janl. 14, 98 | Johns. ILammer. | Ardmo | Jan1. 1\%, 98 |
|  | H. G. McMillan | Cedar IRapids | Feb. ${ }^{2}, 98$ | Edward Knott. | I) | Fel). 19, 98 |
|  | Lewis Miles. | Corydon | Jan. 10,98 | (leo. M. Cluristian. | Jes Mioil | Feh. 28. |
| Kansas | Isaac E. Lambert. | Topelza | July 17,97 | Wm. Fi. stern | Topeka | Jan. 12, |
| Kentuc | Reuben D. ILill | Louisvill | Feh. 22, 98 | Ardison 1). James | Lonisvi | June 25, |
|  | J. W. (iurley. Jr Tilion (1 Filstmer | New Orleans. slıreveport | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } 26,96 \\ & \text { vec } 20,98 \end{aligned}$ | C'harles Fontelieu James M Martin | New Orleans. Sereveport | Dec. 20,9 Dec 10, 95 |
| Maine | Isaac W. Dyer | Portland | Jan. 10, 98 | H. B. Sainders... | Portlat | Feh. 23,'98 |
| Maryla | John C. Rose | Baltin | May 12,98 | Wiliam F. Airey | Baitin | July 17,'98 |
| Massachus'ts | Boyd B. Jones. | Rostol | Mar. 25̈, 97 | Chas. K. Darling. | Bostoll | Feb. 8,'99 |
| Michigan, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {W }}$. | Win. D. (iordon | Detroit,...... | May ${ }^{2}$ | William 12. Bates | Detroit | May 2,93 |
|  | George (i. Covell | Grand Rapids | Feb. 15,98 | A. Oren Wheeler. | (irand Pa | Feb. 14, 98 |
| Minnes | Robert (i. Hvans. | St. Panl | May 5.98 | W. H. Grimshaw. |  | Mar. 11, 99 |
| Mississ' pi, N. | M.A.Montg'm'ry |  | Jan1, 10:98 | i. M. Buchanan. |  | Sept. 26,99 |
|  | Albert M. Lea.. | Vicksb | Jan. 10:98 | Fred. W. Collins | , Tack | Jant 10998 |
| Missouri, E... | EdwardA. Rozier | St. Louis | Mar 9.98 | Louis C'. Bohle. | St. Lo | Apr. 18,98 |
|  | William Warmer. Win. B. Rodgers. | Kansas | Feb. ${ }^{\text {Feb. 28,98 }}$ | F. R. Durliam.... | Kansas | July 1,98 |
| ebras | W.S. Simmers.. | Omal | Dec. 20,48 | T. I. Mathews... |  | Oct. 25,99 |
| Nevada | S. Sinmmerfield | Carson | Jan. 10, 98 | I. F. Emmitt | Carson C | June 24, 48 |
| N.H'mpshire | chas. J. Hamblett | Concord | Mar. 15,9 | Eugene P. | ('oncor | Ntar. 13:99 |
| New Jersey | I. Kearney Rice.. | N. Brunswick | Feh. 13, 96 | Thomas J. Alcott | Trento | 1pr, 14,97 |
| New Mexico. | Wm. B. ('hilders. | Albuquerque. | Dec. 15, 96 | C. M. Foraker. | Albuque |  |
| New Y York, N | Chas. H. Brown... | Buffalo. | Oct. 25,99 | Wm. İ. Compton | Elmira | July 17:98 |
|  | Henry L. Bur ett | New Y | Jan. 14,98 | William Henkel. | New ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | Jall. 14, 98 |
|  | George H. Pettit. | Brookly | Dee. 20, 98 | Chas, J. Itaubert. | Brook | Mar. 6,:18 |
| N.Carolina, E | C. M. Bernard. | Raleigh | Jall. 31, 98 | lenry C. Dorkery | Rateigh | Jаи. 10,98 |
|  | Alfred E. Holton. |  | Janl. 10,98 | Jas. M. Milliken. | Greens | Mar. 30, 97 |
| orthDakota | Pat'k M. lourke. |  | May 9:98 | John E. Haggari. | Fargo |  |
| hio N | Samuel D. Dodge | Clevel | Dec. 12, 9\% | Mat. A. Smalley.. | C'leve'2 | Fcb. 18,96 |
|  | Wm. E. Bundy | Cincin | May 6,98 | Vivian J. Fagin... | Cincinna | Mar. 2,99 |
| Oklalıoma.... | J. W. Scotho |  | Nov. 18, 98 | C. H. Thompson.. | Giuthrie | Jan. 10,98 |
| regon | John H. Hall. | Portlan | Jan. 10,98 | Zoeth Hcuser |  | Jan. 10,98 |
| 'sylvania, E | James M. Beck. | Philadelphia. | Miar̀. 28,96 | James B. Reilly | Pliladelphia. | Apr. 4,96 |
|  | Daniel B. Heiner. | Pitisburg | Jant 10,98 | Fred. C. Leonard. | Pittsburgh | Jau. 15,98 |
| Rhode Island | Chas. A. Wilson.. | Provide | Jan. 10,98 | James $\triangle$. McCabe | Providen | Feb. 11,96 |
| So. Carolina.. | Abial Lathrop. | Charlest | July 24,97 | L. 1). Melton | Charlesto | Mar. 14, 48 |
| So. Dakot | James D. Flliott. | Siolix F | A pr. 3:97 | Edw. (t. Kennedy | Sioux Falls | Jan. 10,98 |
|  | Wm. D. Wright... | Knoxville |  | Rich. W. Austin.. | Knoxville. |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { " } \\ \text { " } \end{array}$ | A. M. Tillman. | Nashvi | Feb. 1.98 | John W, Overall. | Nashville | Mar. 9,98 |
|  | George Ran lolph | Memph | Junc 8,'98 | I'homas H. Baker | Memphis | Mar. 9,98 |
| exas, N. | Wm. H. Atwell. | Dallas | June 18,988 | George II. Green. | nallas |  |
|  | 11. C. McLemore. | Galvesto | Feh. 13, 99 | Johu Grant. | Paris | Mar. 1,98 |
|  | Henry Terrell. | San Antonio | June 6:98 | (ieo. L. Niebrecht. | San Antonio.. | Jan. 10,98 |
|  | C. O. Whittem | Salt Lakecity | June 8,98 | Glen Miller. | Salt LakeCity | Jan. 10.98 |
| Vermont | James L. Martin. | Brattleboro... | Jan. 10, 98 | Fred. A. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Rutland. | June 24,98 |
|  | Fdgar Allan. | Norfolk | Dec. 20, 99 | Morgan Treat | Kichm | Feb. 19,98 |
|  | Tho . M. Alderson | Aringd | Feb. 1,98 | S. Brown Allen. | Harrisonburg | Feb. 1,98 |
| Washington | Wilson R. (tay. | Seattl | Feb. 2, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Clarence TV. Ide. | Tacoma...... | July 1, ${ }^{\text {1,97 }}$ |
| West Virginia | Joseph H. Gaines. | Charle | May 25,'97 | J. K. Thompson. | Parkersburg | June 8,997 |
| Wisconsin, E. | Milton ( Phillips | Oshk | Apr. 22, 97 | Thomas I3. R | Milwanke | June 15,'98 |
|  | David F. Jo | La Cros | July 7,98 | Vm. H. Canon | Madi | Feb. 4, 96 |
| W yomin | Timothy F |  | Sept. 22,',98 | FrankA. Hads |  | Sept. 22,'98 |

N., Northern ; S., Southern; E., Eastern; W., Western; M., Middle.

## 

EACH Congressional District and Territory-also the District of Columbia-is entitled to have one cadet at the Academy. There are also twenty appointments at large, specially conferred by the President of the United States. The number of students is thus limited to three hundred and eightyone. At present there are two extra cadets at the Academy, who were authorized by Congress to enter it at their own expense from Venezuela and Costa Rica.

A ppointments are usually made one sear in advance of date of admission, by the Secretary of War, upon the nomination of the Representative. These nominations may either be made after com. petitive examination or given direct, at the option of the Representative. The Representative may nominate a legally qualified second candidate, to be designated the alternate. The alternate will receive from the War Department a letter of appointment, and will be examined with the regular appointee, and if duly qualified will be admitted to the Academy in the event of the failure of the principal to pass the prescribed preliminary examinations. Appointees to the Military Academy must be between seventeen and twenty-two years of age, free from auy infirmity which may render them unfit for military service, and able to pass a careful examination in reading writing, orthography, arithmetic, grammar, geography, and history of the United States.

The course of instruction, which is quite thorough, requires four years, and is largely mathematical and professional. The principal subjectstanght are mathematics, French, drawing, drill regulations of all arms of the service, natural and experimental philosophy, chemistry, chemical physics, mineralogy, geology, and electricity, history, international, constitutlonal, and military law. Spanish, and civil and military engineering, and art and science of war, and ordinance and gunnery. About onefourth of those appointed usually fail to pass the preliminary examinations. and but little over one-half the remainder are finally graduated. The discipline is very strict-even more so than in the army-and the enforcement of penalties for offences is inflexible rather than severe. Academic duties begin September 1 and continue until June 1. Examinations are held in each January and June, and cadets fonnd proficient in studies and correct in conduct are given the particular standing in their class to which their merits entitle them, while those cadets deficient in either ouduct or studies are discharged.

From about the micldle of June to the end of August cadets live in camp, engaged only in military duties and receiving practical military instruction. Cadets are allowed hut one leave of absence during the four years' course, and this is granted at the expiration of the first two years. The pay of a cadet is $\$ 540$ per year, aud, with proper economy, is sufticient for his support. The number of students at the Academy is usually about three hundred and fifty:

Upon graduating cadets are commissioned as second lieutenants in the United States Army. The whole number of graduates from 1802 to 1899 . inclusive, has been three thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine (3.939). It is virtually absolutely necessary lor a person seeking an appointment to apply to his Member of Cougress. The appointments by the President are usually restricted to sons of ofticers of the army and navy, who, by reason of their shifting residence, due to the necessities of the service, find it next to impossible to obtain an appointment from a Congressinnal District.

The Academy was established by act of Congress in 1502, An ammal Boarcl of Visitors is appointed, seven being appointed by the President of the United States, two by the President of the Senate, and three by the speake of the House of Representatives. They visit the A cademy in June, and are present at the concluding exercises of the graduating class of that year. The superintendent is colonel Albert L. Mil s, United states Army, and the military and academic staff consists of sixty-two persons. First Lieutenant William C. Rivers, First C'avalry, is adjutant.

The two oldest living graduates of the Military Academy are Joseph Smith Bryce, of the District of Columbia, and Thomas A. Davies, of New York, who were graduated in 1829.

## 

THERE are allowed at the Academy one naval cadet for each Member or Delegate of the United States House of Representatives, one for the District of Columbia, and ten at large. The appointment of cadets at large and for the District of Columbia is made by the President. The secretary of the Navy, as soon after March 5 in eacli year as possible must notify in writing each Member and Delegate of the House of Representatives of any vacancy that may exist in his district. The nomination of a candidate to fill the vacancy is made, on the recommendation of the Member or Delegate, by the Secretary. Candidates must be actual residents of the districts from which they are nominated.

The course of naval cadets is six rears, the :ast two of which are snent at sea. Candidates at the time of their examination for admission must be not under fifteen nor orer twenty years of age and physically sound, well formed, and of robust constitution. They are examined mentally by the academic board in reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, geography, English grammar. United States history, world s history, algebra through quadratic equations. and plane geometry (fire books of Chauvenet's Geometry or an equivalent). Deficiency in any one of these subjects may be sufficient to insure the rejection of the candidate. They enter the Academy immediately after passing the preseribed examinations, and are required to sign articles binding themselves to serve in the U'nited States Navy eight years (including the time of probation at the Naral Academy), unless sooner discharged. The pay of a naval cadet is $\$ 500$ a year, beginning at the date of admission.

Appointments to fill all vacancies that may occur during a year in the lower grades of the Line of the Nary and of the Marine Corps will be made from the naval cadets, graduates of the year. at the conclusion of their six rears' course, in the order of merit as determined by the Academic Board of the Naval Academy.

At least fifteen appointments from sich graduates are made each year. Surplus graduates who do not receive appointments are given a certificate of graduation, an honorable discharge and one year's sea pay

The Academy was founded in 1845 by the Hon. George Bancroft, secretary of the Nary in the Administration of President Polk. It was formally opened Getoher 10 of that rear, with Commander Franklin Buchanan as Superintendent. During the Civil War it was removed from Annapolis, Md., to Newport, R. I. . but was returned to the former place in 1865 It is under the direct supervision of the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department. Rear-Admiral F. V. McNair, United States Navy is the present Superintendent.

## 



GENERALS ON THE RETIRED LIST REGULAR ARMY.
Name. Rank. Residence.
Augur, C. C. ........ Brig.-Gen. Washington, D. C. Baird, Absalom.... ". Washington, D. C. Batchelder. Rich. N. $\quad$..New York City. Bell, William H.... ". Washington, D. C. Bliss, Zenas R.......Maj. -Gen. .Washington, D. C. Breck, Samuel.....Brig. -Gen.. Washington, D. C. Burke, Daniel W. Carlin, W. P...... Washington, D. C. Carlton, Caleb H... Carrollton, Ill.

Carpenter, L. H...
Carr, Eugene A....
Coppinger, J. J....
Craighill, W. P.....
Drum, R. C........ . 6
Du Barry, B.
Fessenden, F......
Forsyth, James W. Maj. -Gen Frank, Royal T....Brig.-Gen Graham, W. T....... Grierson, B. H....
$\because$ Hammond, W. A. is Hardin, M. D...... * Hawkins, John P.. " Holabird, S. B... $\quad$..London, England. Howard, Oliver O...Maj. -Gen...Burlington, Vt.

Name. Nunk
Long, Eli. Macfeely, R .
McCook. A. McD. Mills, Anson. ....
Moore, John...... Moore, John. Murray, Robert. Ovenshine, s, Pennington A.C.M. Rochester, W. B. Rucker, D. H Ruger, Thos. H.... Maj. - (fen Ruggles, George D.Brig.-Gen. Sawtelle, C. G
Schofield, John $\mathbb{M}$. Lient.-Gen Sickles, Daniel E. ..Maj. - (ien. Smith, William.... Brig,-Gen. Stanley, David S. Stanton, T. H.... Sullivan, Thos. C Week : George H Wheaton, Frank. Willcox, O. B Williams, Robert Wood, T. J.

Brig-Gen
Residence.
Plainfield. N. J. Washington, D. C.
Maj.-Gen..Paris, France Brig.-Gen. . Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. St. Paul. Minn. Berlin, Ciermany. Washington, I). C. Washington, I). C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Wrashington, $\mathrm{D}, \mathrm{C}$. Washington, D. C. Englewood, N. J. Chicago, Ill. New York City. st. Paul, Minn. Washington; D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, D. C. Washington, $D$. C . Washington, D. C. Dayton, 0
Maj.-(ien.
Brig.-Gen

The following are the dates of the future retirements of Generals now on the active list: MajorGeneral Wesley Merritt, June 16, 1900; Brigadier-(ieneral Guido N. Lieber. May 21, 1901: Chief of Engineers John M. Wison, October 8.1901; Brigadier-General Henry C. Merrian, November 13, 1901: Chief of Ordnance A. R. Buffington, November 22, 1901; Brigadier-General Elwell S. Otis, March 25, 1902; Brigadier-General George M. Sternberg. Jume 8, 1902; Brigadier-General John R. Brooke. Jnly 21, 1902: Quartermaster-General M. I. Ludington, July 4, 1903; Major-General Nelson A. Miles, August 8, 1903; Paymaster-General Alfred F. Bates, Jnly 15, 1904; CommissaryGeneral Charles P. Eagan, January 16, 1905; Brigadier-General Joseph C. Breckinridge, Januaiy 14,1906; Adjutant-General Henry C. Corbin, September 15, 1906 : Brigadier-General, James F. Wade, April 14. 1907 ; Brigadier-General Adolphus W. Greely, March 27, 1905; Brigadier-General Fred. C: A insworth, September 11, 1916.

GENERAL OFFICERS UNITED STATES VOLUNTEERS.
Ranz. GNNE
Command.
Major-General...... William R. Shafter.... Department of California.
Department of the Pacific.
. New York City.

## ORGANIZATION OF THE UNITED STATES REGULAR ARMY．

The Congress of the United States，by act of March 4，1899，reorganized the army on the follow－ ing basis：The President was anthorized to maintain the Regular Army at a s rength not exceeding 65,000 enlisied men，to be distributed among the several branches of the service，including the signal Corps，and to raise a force of not more than 35,000 volunteers to be recruited as he may deter－ mine from the conntry at large，or from Incalities where their services are needed．Under this pro－ vision the strength of the army is 100.000 men．

All enlistments for the volunteer force shall be for the term of two years and four months，unless sooner discharged．

The act also provides that the increased regnlar and rolunteer force shall continue in service only during the necessity therefor and not later than July 1， 1901.

## NILITARY DEPARTMENTS OF THE UNITED STATES．

Headrearters of the Arixy．－Commander， Major－Gen．N．A．Miles，Washington，D．C．
Divisinn of Cuba．－Consisting of the geograph－ ical departments and provinces of the Island of Cuba；headqıarters，Havana，Cuba．Commander， Major－Gen．J．R．Brooke．
IEEPARTM ENT OF CALIFORNIA．－States of Cali－ fornia and Nevada，the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies；headquarters，San Francisco． Cal．Commander，Major－（ien．W．K．Shafter．
DEPARTMENT OF THE COLORADO，－States of Wyoming（except so much thereof as is embraced in the Yellowstoue National Park），（olorado，and Utah，and the Territories of Arizona and Niew Mexico；headquarters，Denver，Col．Conmander， Brig．－（ien．H．C．Merriam．

DEPARTMENT OF TIE Columbia．－States of Washington，Oregon，Idaho（except so mncli of the latter as is embraced in the Yellowstone National Park），and the Terriory of Alaska；hearquarters， Vancouver Barracks．Washington．Commatuder， Major－Gen．W．R．Shafter．

DEPARTMENT OF DAFOTA．－States of Minne－ sota，North Dakota，Suith Dakota，Montana，and so much of wyoming and Id ho as is ennhraced in the Yellowstone National Park：headquarters， St．Panl，Minn．Commander，Brig．－Gen．J．F． Wade．
Departuent of the East．－New England States，New York，New Jersey，Pennsylrania， Delaware，Moryland．District of＇Columbia，West Virginia，Virginia，North Carolina，sonth Caro－ lina，Georgia．Florida，Alabama，Mississippi，and Louisiana；hearlquarters，Governor＇s island，N．Y． Commander，Major－（ien．Wesley Merritt．

DFPARTMENT OF HAVANA．－Consisting of that portion of the Island of Cuba embraced within the following houndaries：Beginning at the month of the Almendares River，thence south and east，fol－ lowing the Almendares to its tributary，the Rio

Grande；thence along the Rio Grande to near its head；thence north via Santa Maria del R＇sario to the headwaters of the Rio las Vegas；thence along the Izio las Vegas and the Rio Cojimar to the sea； heariquarters，IIarana，C＇uba．Commander，Brig．－ Gen．William Ludlow．

Departyent of the Lakes，－－States of Wis－ consin，Nichigan，Hlinois，Indiana，Ohio，Ken－ tucky，and Tennessee；headquarters，Chicago， Ill．Commander，Brig．－cien．T．M．Anderson．
departmentof Matanzas andsanta Clara． －Provinces of Natauzas and Santa Clara；head－ quarters，M，itanzas，Cuba．Commander，Brig．－ Gen．J．H．Wilson．
DEPARTMENT OF THE MISSOURT．－States of Iowa，Nebraska．Missouri，Kansas，and Arkansas， the Indian Territory，anfi the Territory of Okla－ homa；headquarters，Omaha，Jeb．Commander， Brig．－（ien．II．U＇Merriam．

DEPARTMENT OF THE PACIFIC．－Philippine Islands，healquarters，Manila．Philippine Islands． Commander，Major－Gell．E．S．Otis．

Dilartimpar of Porto Rico，I Island of Porto Rico，sunl the islands and keys ailjacent thereto： headquarters，San Juan，Forto Rico．Comman－ der，Brig．－Gen．G．W．Haris．

Department of Provinces of havana and PINAR DFL RIO．－Consisting of all that portion of the Island of Cusa within the limits of the Prov－ ince of Havana（except such portion as is em－ braced in the Department of Havana）and the Province of Pinar del Rio；headquarters，Havana， Cuba．Commander．Brig．－（ien．Fitzhngh Lee．
IDEPARTMENT OF \＆ANTIAGOAND PUERTOPRIN－ CIPE．－Provinces of santiago and Puerto Principe； headquarte s，Mantiago，Cuba．Cominander，Jiajor－ Gen．Leonard Wond．

Departmestcif Texas．－State of Texas：head－ quarters， s in Antonio．Tex．Commander，Col． Chambers McKıbin，Twelfth Infanfry．

# FIELD OFFICERS OF REGIMENTS，REGULAP ARAY． 

First Cavatry． Col．A．K．A molत̃． Lt．－Col．Thonas Č．Lebo． Maj．James M．Bell． Maj．Allen Smith
Maj．Frederick K．Ward． Second Cuvalry． Col．H．E．Noyes． Lt．－Col．W M．Wallace． Maj．A．G．Hennisee． Maj．Joseph H．Dorst． Maj．W．S．Schuyler． Third Coralry． Col．Samuel B．M．Young． Lt．－Col．H．W essells，Jr． Maj．Henry Jackson．
Maj．S．M．Swigert．
Maj．EdgarZ．Steever．
Fourth Caralry．
Col．Charles D．Vit is．
LJt．－Col．E．II．Hayes．
Maj．Louis H．Rucker．
Maj．Jacob A．Alleur．
Maj．Charles Morton． Fifth Crualry．
Col．TVm．A．Rafferty．
Lt．－Col．©．C．C．Carr．
Maj．C．L．Conper．
Maj．E．D．Dimmick．
Maj．Earl D．Thomas．

Sixth Cavatry． Col．S．S．Sumner． Maj．Eli L．Huggins． Maj．George S．Anderson． Maj．Alexander Rodgers． Seventh Carmbry． Col．Theo．A．Balilivin． 1．t．－Col．Jas．犬．Wheelan． Maj．Fcl．S．Godfrey． Maj．Winfield s．Er gerly． Maj．Ed．A．Godwin． Eiglutio Caralry． Col．Adma R．Chamee． It．－Col．WV．Ifatis． Maj．Chas，A．P．IIatlield． Maj．Henry Wr Sprole． Ninth Cticilry． Col．Thomas Meltregor． Tt．－Col．A．B．Welis． Maj．A．E．Vinulson． Miaj．Wm．C！Enthush． Mraj．M．B．Hughes． Tenth Cumary． Col．S．M．Whitside Lr．－Col．Francis Mnore． Maj．Richard H．Pratt． Maj．John B，Kerr． Maj．C．A．Stedman．

## Col．First Artillroy．F．Randelph． Lt．－Col．D．il．Kinzie．

 Mai．Jom F．Calef． Maj．Joh：ュ L．Ti mon． Maj．John Mi．K．Davis． Second Afrillery．
## Col．WM．I．Haskiu．

Lt．－Col．John P．Myrick． Maj．John C．Scanting． Maj．（reorges．（irimes． Maj．Renj．K．Roberts． Third Artillery． Col．It coh J．Rawles． It．－Con．Fdwari Field． Maj．H．W．Hecs． Maj．IV．A．If hhís． Fot rth Artulery．
Col．F．L．Guenthrt： It．－Col．Cias．B lininey Maj．f．M．Lancu－ier． Maj．F．V．．． 17 ．Andrus． Maj．Fredericls Euger． Firlh Arti lev！．

## Cal．insim I．Re lgers．

Lt－Coi Thtiv 3lいCven Maj．James N．Jigalls
Maj．J．B．Burbank．
Maj．Saldon A．Day．

Sixth Artillery． Col．F．B．Williston． It．－Col．F．（i，smith． Maj．Fammel Mr．Mills Maj．Wi iiam P．Vose． Maj．Willian Ennis．

Soventh Artillery． Col．If．（ .111 asbrouek． IL．－Col．©．A．Woodruff． Maj．Chas．Morris． Maj．J．P．Story． Maj．G．G．（ireenough． First Ins－ntry． Col．Abram A．Harbach． Lt．－Col．C．A．1）empsey． Maj．John J．O＇Comnell． Maj．Frank II．Edmmads． Maj．Frederick A．minih． Secomel Injuntry． Col．Julm C．Bates． 1t．－Col．A．W．corliss． Maj．A．Fi．Fowman． Maj．（＇haries B．ITall． Aíj．Marion P Maus． 27ird Infantry． Col．John II．Page． Lt．－Col．（I，A．Goodale． Taj．Frank D Baldwin． Maj．Edmund Rice． Maj．John W．Hannay．

Fourth Infantry.
Col. Robert H. Hall.
Lt. - Col. J. M. J. Sainno.
Maj Butler D. Price.
Maj. Philip Reade.
Maj. Walter s. scott.
Fifth Infantry.
Col. Richard Comba. Lt. -Col. Mott Hooton.
Maj. Jesse C. Chance.
Maj. Theo. F. Forbes.
Maj. George P. Borden.
Sixth Infantry.
Col. Edgar 1k. Kellogg.
Lt.-Col. Chas. W. Miner.
Maj. F. A. Whitney.
Maj. W. H. H. Crowell.
Maj. C. M. Rockefeller.
Seventh Infantry.
Col. Edwin M. Coates.
Lt. - Col. W. E. Donglert y
Maj. Wm. V. Richards.
Maj. F. M. H. Kendrick.
Maj. J. T. Van Orsdale.
Eighth Infantry.
Col. Georse M. Randall. Lt. -Col. Philip H. Ellis. Maj. John F. Stretch.
Maj. Henry P. Ray.
Maj. Wm, L. Pitcher.
Ninth Infantiy.
Col. E. H. Liscum.
Lt.-Col. C. A. Coolidge.

Miaj. J. M. Lee.
Maj. Morris C: Foote.
Maj. James Regan. Tenth Infuntry. Col. Ezra P. Ewers. Lt.: Col. S. H. Lincoln. Maj. Walter 'T. Duggan. Maj. Ralph W. Hojt.
Maj. Geo. Le R. Brown.
Eleventh Infantiy. Col. Isaac D, De Rnissy, Lt. Col. H. R. Brinkerhoff Maj. Charles L. Davis. Maj. Albert L. Myer. Maj. F. W. Miausfield.

Tivelfth Infantry.
Col. 'hambers Mǔibbil
Lt.-Col. John W. Budd. Maj Harry L. Haskell. Maj. Villiam Gerlach. Maj. Leven C. Alle॥. Thirtefnth Infantry. Col. William H. Bisbee. Lt. - Col Cyrns S. Ruberts Jiaj W. Anman.
Maj. Joseph W.Duncan Maj. ComelinsGardener.

Fourteenth Infantry.
Col. A aron S. Jawrett.
Lt.-Col.J. M. Thompson. Maj. (arroll H. Potter. Maj. William Quinton. Maj. Leen A. Matile.

Fifteenth Infantry. Col. Heward Moale. Lt.-Col. ('. Williams. Maj. John B. (iuthrie. Maj. Jas. A. Buchanan. Maj. (ieorge A. Cornish. Sixteenth Infantry. Col. Charles C. Hood. Lt.-Col. If m. F. Spurgin. Maj. Henry C. Ward. Naj. J. T. Kirkman. Maj. Sam. R. Whitall. Seventeenth Infantry. Col. Jacoh H. smith. [t.-col. Charles F, Robe. Maj. L. M. O'Brien. Maj. Chas. A. Williams. Maj. C'alvin D. Cowles.

Eiahteerth Infontry. Col. (tilverts. Carpenter. Lt. - Col.W. M. Van Horne Maj. Charle R R, Paul. Maj. Henry H. Adams.
ذaj. Wm. B. Wheeler.
Nimeteenth Sufuntry.
rel. -imon suyder.
Lt. -Col. W m. II. Boyle. Maj. John G. Leefe. Iaj. Joseph F. Inston. Maj. TLos. C. Woodbury.

Twentieth Irafontry.
Col. Loyd IVh atoll. Lt.-Col.W. S. Mcciakey.

Maj. James Miller.
Maj. Wm. P. Rogers. Maj. Jolin B. Rudman.

Twenty-first Infantry. Col. Jacob Kline. Lt. -Col. Wm. H. Clapp. Maj. Daniel Cornman. Maj. Ben. C. Lockwood. Maj. Willis Wittich.
Twenty-second Infantry. Col. John IV. French. Lt. - Col. Wilson T. Hartz. Maj. Chas. G. Penney. Maj. John A. Baldwin. Maj. Alfred Reynolds.
Twenty-third Infantry. Col. (ieorge W. Davis. Lt.-Col, R. I. Eskridge. Maj. Owen J. Sweet. Maj. Wm. II. W. James. Miaj. Edward B. Pratt. Twenty-fourth Tifantry. Col. Henry B. Freeman. Lt. - Col. Chas. Keller. Maj. Alired C: Markley. Maj. Henry IV ygant. Maj. Jannes E. Macklin.

Twenty-fifth Infantry. Col. A. S. Burt. Lt. -Col. S. P Jocelyn. Maj. David J, r'raigie. Maj. Charles H. Voble. Maj. David B. Wilson.

FIELD OFFICERS OF REGIMENTS, VOLUNTEER ARMY.

Twenty-sixth Infantry.
Col. Edmund Rice.
Lt. - Col. Jos. T. Dickman. Maj. F. D. Anderson. Maj. Franik A. Cook. Maj. Guy V. Henry, Jr.
Twenty-seventh Infantry. Col. James Mr. Bell.
Lt.-Col. A. S. Cummins. Maj. George L. Byram. Maj. Jdward B. Cassatt. Maj. Clyde D. V. Hunt.

## Twenty-eighth Infantry.

Col. Wm. E. Birkhimer. Lt.-Col. R. W. Leopard. Maj. (ieorge H. Morgan. Maj. Elmore F. Taggart. Maj. John B. Porter.
Twenty-ninth Infantry.
Col. Edward E. Hardin.
Lt.- (ol. H. H. Sargent.
Maj H. I. Hawthorne.
Maj. E. MI. Johnson, Jr.
Maj. David B. Case.
Thirtieth Infantry.
Col. Cornelius fardener. Lt.- Col. J. R. Campbell. Maj, L. A. Lovering. Maj. Matthew F. steele Maj. 'Lhos. L. Hartigan.

## Tuirty-first Infantry.

Col. James S. Pettit.
Lt. - Col. Webi, C. Hares. Maj. loyd M. Brett.
Maj. Hunter Liggett.
Maj. John E. MeMahon.
Thirty-second Infantry.
Col. Louis A. Craig.
L.t. - ('ol. L. H. Strother. Maj. Robt. E. L. Sipence. Maj. Morton J, Hemr. IIaj. Chas. Ellet Cabeli.

Thinty-third Infontry. Col. Luther R. Hare. Lt. - Col. Jolm J. Bre eton Maj. Marcus ]) Cronin. Maj. Peyton C. March. Maj. Simyer Edgar.
Thirty-fourth Infantry. Col. L. W. V. Kennon. Lt. -Col. Pobr. L. Howze. Maj. William A. Shunk. Maj Julins A. Pemm.
Maj. Joseph Wh heeler, Jr.
Thirty-fifth Infantry. Col. Wm. A. Kobbé. Lt-Col. F. H. Plummer. Maj. Rohert D. Walsh. Maj. Valter ( . Short. Maj. Albert Laws.

Thirty-sixth Infantry.
Col. J. Frankl'n Bell.
I.t.-Col. Wm. I.. (irove. Maj. Villiam 1. Luhn. Maj. JohnQ. A. Braden. Maj. William H. Bishop.
Thirty-seventh Infantry.
Col. Robert B. Wallace.
Lt. - Col. Thos. R. Hamer. Maj Charles' Boyd. Maj. Henry B. Orwig. Maj. B. F. Cheathan.
Thirty-eighth Infantry.
Col. George S. Anderson. Lt. -Col. Chas. J. Crane. Maj. Charles II. Muir.

Maj. W. A. Holbrook.
Maj. Lewis E. Goodier.
Thirty-minth Infantry. Col. Robert I. Builard. Lt.-Col. E. H. Crowder. Maj. (ien. T. Langhorie Maj. John H. Parker. Xiaj. Harry B. Mnllord.

## Fortich Infichtry.

Col. Edward A. Godwin. Lt. -fol. 13. A. l3yme. Maj. Wim. E. (raighill. Maj. Mi. M. McNamee. Maj. James F. Case.

## Forty-first Infantry.

Col. E. T. C. Richmond. Lt.-Col. JohinS. Mallory Maj. Palmer (i. W oud. Maj. Guy H. Pre-ton. MLaj. John H. Whoiley.

## Forty-second Infantry.

Col. J. Milton Thompson. Lt.-Col. John H. Beacom Maj. William C. Brown Maj. Edward C. (arey. Niaj. John R. Yrime.

## Forty-third Infantry.

Col. Arthnr Murray.
Lt.-CWl. Wilber E. Wilder Maj. Henry T. Allen. Maj. Lincoln C. A adrews Maj. Jolin C. Gilmore. Jr

Forty-fourth Infantry.
Col. Ed. J. McC'lernand. Lt.- Col. Wm. s. scott. Maj. Henry (: Hale. Maj. ©: C. Walcutt, Tr. Maj. Henry B. McCoy.

## Forty-fifth Infaniry.

 Col. Joseph H. Dorst. Lt.-Cul. James Parker. Maj. D. A. Trederick. Maj. Ediwin T. C'ole. Maj. T. K. Birkhaeuser.
## Forty-sixth Infantry.

 Col. Walter S. Schuyler. Lt.-Col. Edward B. Pratt. Maj. Sanmel W. Muler. Míaj. IIM. 1I. Johaston. Maj. William Broole.Forty-sceventh Infant, y. Col. Walter Howe.
Lt.-Col. C. R. Ldwards. Maj. Hugh D. Wise. Maj. Keller Anderson. Maj. James A. Shipton.

Forty-eighth Infantry. Col. William P. Invall. It.-Col. T IV. Jones. Maj. Sedgwick Rice. Maj. Alexander L. Dale. Maj. John Howard.
Forty-ninth Infantry. Col. William H. Berk. Lt. -Col. Arthur ( Ducat Maj. C. P. Johnson.
Naj. Ernest Hinds.
Maj. Geo. W. Kırkman.
Porto Rico Battalion Inf. Maj. L. P. Davidson.
Eleventh Regt. Cavalry. Col. James Lockett.
Lt. - Col. Charles G Starr.
Maj Thos. (z. C'arson.
Maj. Dennis E. Nolan.
Maj. Hugh T Sime.

## HEA DQUARTERS OF REGIMENTS. <br> (December 1, 1899.)

Engineer Battalion-Fort Totten, N. Y.
Signal Cbrps-Washington, D. C.
First Cavalry-Fort Meade, S. D.
S. cond Cavalry-Santa Clara, Cuba.

Third Covalry-Manila, P. I.
Fourth Cuvalry-Mani」a, P. I.
Fifth Cavtlry-Mayaguez, Porto Rico. Sixth Cuvalry-Fort Riley, Kan. Seventh Caralry-Quemados, C'uba.
Eighth Cuvalry-Puerto Principe, Cuba,
Ninith Cavaly y-Fort (irant, Ariz.
Tenth Cavalry-Manzanillo, Cuba.
Eleventh Cavalry-Manila, P. I.
Fitrst Artillery-Sullivans island, S. C. Second Artillery-Havana, Cuba.
Third Arrillery-Angel Island, Cal.
Fowth ditilleral- Furt Monroe, Va.
Fifth Artillery-Fort Hamilton, N. Y.
Sixth Artillery-Manila, P. I.
Seven!h Artillery-Fort Adams. R. I.
First Inicutiy-Pinar del Rio, C'uba.
Sceond Mujantry-Paso C'aballo, Cuba.
Third Infantry-Manila, P.I.
Fouth Infuntry-Manila, P. I.
Fijth Infentry-Santiago, Cuba.
Sixth Injantry-Manila, P. I.
Seventh Infantry-Fort Wayne, Mich.
Eighth Infantry-Quemados, Cuba.
Ninth Injuntry-Manila, P. I.
Teuth Infantry-Matanzas, C'uba.
Eleventh Infontry-San Juan, Porto Rico.
Tiweljth Infuntry-Manila, P. I.
Thirteenth Infantry-Mrnila, P. I.
Fourteenth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Fifteenth Infantry-I'uerto Principe. Cuba.

Sixteenth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Seventeenth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Eighleenth Injautry-Manila. P. I.
Nineteenth Infantry-Manila. P. I.
Twentieth Injantry-Manila, P. I.
Twenty-first Lufuntry-Manila, P. I.
Twenty-seconu Infontry-Manila, P. I.
Twenty-third Infantry-Mani a. $\mathbf{P} . \mathbf{I}_{\text {, }}$
Twenty-fourth Infoutry-Manila, P. I.
Twenty-sifth Infontry-Manila, $\mathbf{P}$.
Twenty-sixth Infantry-Manila, P. I
Twenty-seventh Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Twenty-eighth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Twenty-ninth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Thirtieth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Thirty-first Infantry-Manila. P. I.
Thuty-second Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Thirty-third Infantry-Manila. P. I.
1hirty-fourth Infontry-Manila, P. I.
Thirly-fljth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
2hirty-sixth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Thirty-seventh Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Thirty-eighth Infantry-Manila, $\mathbf{P}$. I.
Thirty-ninth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Fortieth Infantry-Manila, P. 1.
Forty-first Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Forty-second Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Forty-third Infantry-Manila, $\mathbf{P}$. I.
Forty-fourth Infantry-Manila, $\mathbf{P}$. I.
Forty-fifth Infantry-Manils, P. $\dot{\mathbf{I}}$.
Forty-sixth Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Forty-seventh Infantry-Manila, P. I.
Forty-eighth Infantry-Manila, P. I
Forty-ninth Infantry-Manila, P I.

ARMY PAY TABLE.

| Grade. | Pay of Officers in Active Sbevice. |  |  |  |  | Pay of Retired Ofpicrra. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yearly Pay. |  |  |  |  | Yearly Pay. |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { First } 5 \\ & \text { years } \\ & \text { Service. } \end{aligned}$ | After 5 years Service. | $\begin{gathered} \text { After } 10 \\ \text { years' } \\ \text { Service. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { After } 15 \\ & \text { years' } \\ & \text { Service. } \end{aligned}$ | After 20 years' Service. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ll} \text { First } & 5 \\ \text { years' } \\ \text { Service. } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { After } 5 \\ \text { years' } \\ \text { Service. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { After 10 } \\ \text { years' } \\ \text { Service. } \end{gathered}$ | After 15 years' Service. | After 20 years' <br> Service. |
| Major- | \$7.500 | $10 p . c$ | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. | $\overline{40 p . c}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brigadier-General | 5,500 |  |  |  |  | 4,125 |  |  |  |  |
| Colonel . . . . . . . . | 3,500 | \$ 3 3,850 | \$4.200 | * 84.500 | * $\$ 4,500$ | 2,625 | \$2,887 | \$3,150 | \$3,375 | \$3,3i5 |
| Lieutenant-C'olone | 3,000 | 3,300 | 3,600 | 3.900 | * 4,000 | 2,250 | 2,475 | 2,700 | 2,925 | $3,0 \subset 0$ |
| Major. | 2,500 | 2,750 | 3,000 | 3,250 | 3,500 | 1,875 | 2,062 | 2.250 | 2,437 | 2, 625 |
| C'aptain, mounted. | 2,000 | 2.200 | 2,400 | 2,600 | 2,800 | 1,500 | 1,650 | 1,800 | 1,950 | 2,110 |
| Captain, not mounted | 1,800 | 1,980 | 2,160 | 2,340 | 2,520 | 1,350 | 1,485 | 1,620 | 1,755 | 1, $8 \div 0$ |
| Ist Lieutenant, mounted | 1,600 | 1,760 | 1,920 | 2,080 | 2.240 | 1,200 | 1,320 | 1,440 | 1,560 | 1,680 |
| Ist Lieutemant, not mounte | 1,500 | 1,650 | 1,800 | 1,950 | 2.100 | 1,120 | 1,237 | 1,350 | 1.462 | 1,575 |
| 2d Lieutenant, mounted... | 1,500 | 1,650 | 1,800 | 1,950 | 2,100 | 1,125 | 1,237 | 1,350 | 1,462 | 1,275 |
| 2 Lieutenant. not mounted | 1,400 | 1,540 | 1,680 | 1,820 | 1,460 | 1,050 | 1,115 | 1,260 | 1,365 | 1,470 |

* The maximum pay of Colonels is limited to $\$ 4,500$, and of Lieutenant-Colonels to $\$ 4,000$.

The pay of non-commissioned officers is from $\$ 18$ to $\$ 34$ per month, and oi privates $\$ 13$ per month.

## 

Applicants for first enlistment must be between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five years, of good character and habits, able-bodied, free from disease, and must be able to speak, read, and write the English language.

No person under eighteen years of age will be enlisted or re-enlisted, and minors between the ages of eighteen and twenty-one years must not be enlisted without the written consent of father, only surviving parent, or legally appointed guardian.

Original enlistmenis will be confined to persons who are citlzens of the United States, or who have made legal declaration of their intention to become citizens thereof.

Married men will be enlistel only upon the approval of a regimental commander.
Applicants will he required to satisfy the recruiting officer regarding age and character, and should be prepared to furnish the necessary evidence.

For infantry and artillery the height must be not less than five feet four inches, and weight not less than one hundred aud iwenty (120) pounds and not more than one hundred and ninety (190) pounds.

For cavalry the height must be not less than five feet four inches and not more than five feet ten inches. and weight not to exceed one hundred and sixty-tive (165) pounds. No minimum weight is prescribed for cavalry, but the chest measures must be satisfactory.

The following are the rates of pay as fixed by law:


## Colonels of the Line-Infantry.

APPOINTED FROM CIVIL LIFE OR FHOM VUUUNTEER SERVICE. 1-Col. J. C. Bates. 2-Col. J. II. Page.
3-Col. C. IV. I)avis.
4-C'ol. S. sinjder.
5-Col. Loyel Wlieaton.
6-Cul. Jacob Kline.
7-C'ol. J. W. Frerreh.
8-C'ol.S. Ovenshiue.
9-Col. A. 太. Burt.
10-('ol. I.. MI. Cuates.
11-Col. G. M. IRandall.
12-Col. A. s. I)aggett.
is-Col. E. Moale.
14-Col. C. ( Hood.
lo-Cul. I. D. De Russy.
1-Col. E. B. Willicton.
2-Col. W. L. Haskill.
3-Col. W. H. Jandolph.

GRADUATED FROM WEST POINT.
1-Col. R. H. Hall.
4PPOINTED OFFICERS FROM THE
RANKS.

COLONFLS OF THE LINF-ABTIILERY.
1-Col. F. I. Gwenther.
2-c'ol. J. I. Ronlgers.
3-Col. H. C: Hasbrouck. 4-col. J. Rawles.

Appointed from civil or volunteor service, sl: graduated from West Point and appointed therefrom. 28 ; appointer from the ranks. 14: ufficors in the army (active list) who are graduates of West Point-staff, 249; line artillery, 22u; cavalry, 326 ; initutry, 478 ; officers of staff who were appointed from civil life or from volmiteer service, 24 ; oflicers' of staff who have risen from the ranks, 7 ; officers of line who were appointed from civil life, or promoted from volunteer service (active list)-cavalry, 77 ; infantry, 480 ; artillery, 72 ; oflicers of the line appointed from the rankscavalry, 37 ; artillery, 15 ; iufantry, 157.

RETIRED LIST.
Gencrals and colonels appointed to the recular ariv from civillife, or volunteers, 68 ; graduates of West Point, 8: ; otlicers of otber grades, from civillife, or vommieers, asp; appointed from West Point, 137; promoted irm the ranks. 7T; ollicem in the regular amy (active list) whe are gradnates of West Point, 1,302; who are non-graduates, 1,207 ; gradnates on the retired list, 219; mon-graduates on the retired list, 487; total number of officers who were graduates from TVest Point, 1,521; total number of ofticers who are non-graduates, 1,694 .

YOLUNTEER ARMY.
General officers in the present volnnteer service apponted from civil life during the SpanishAmerican War, 29; generals in the spanish-American War who were graduates of West Point, 27 ; generals in the Spanish-American War appointed from the army, non-graduates of West Point, 83 ; gradnates of West Point among field officers of volunteer reginents now in service, 33 ; of officers non-graduates, 187.

## 

|  | From To |  | From | To |  | From | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| George Wrashington*. | $1775178 \%$ | James Wi kinson§ | 1890 |  | Henry W. Halleckt. |  |  |
| Henry Knoxt.......... | $1-3174$ | Hemry l, arhornt |  |  | T.ysess S. (trantTi... |  |  |
| Josiah Harmel | 18811.91 | Jacois Brownt | 1815 |  | William T. sherman ${ }^{\text {F }}$ |  |  |
| Arthur st. Clai | 1.1192 | Alexand r Macul |  |  | Philip 15. Sherichanof. |  | $1 \times 88$ |
| Anthony wayme | 17421796 | Wintield contt | 18.4 |  | Tolur M. Schofipld $+^{* *}$ | 1888 | $1 \times 45$ |
| James W゙ikinson | 1,961:98 | Gieoige B Mcclellant.. | $1 \times 01$ |  | Nelsow A. Milest | 189 a |  |
| George Washiugtout | 1.981799 |  |  |  | Nelson A. AR |  |  |

* Washington was commissinned by the Continental Concre ceneral and commander-in-Chief of "the Army of the Enited ('olonies," $\Pi$ ? resignet , ) eunnter $2: 3,1753$. He was commissioned July 3.1798, Licutenant-1teneral. An act of Cingress 0 " Marchi3 $173!$ ermated the office of "tieneral of the Armies of the United states," but the ofice was mever filled. Washington died as IientenantGeneral. The first oificer with the rank of (ieneral under the jresent ciovernment of the United Stateswas (irant. tikank of Major-fienerı. $\ddagger$ Lientenanc-(ieneral. § Brigarlier-(ieneral. Josiah Harmer was a Lieutenant-Colonel and (ieneral-ini-Chef hy brevet. il Rayk of Ceneral. ** Created a Lientenant-General by act of Congress previous to his retirement.


## CASUALTIES IA THE ARMY DURING THE SPANISM-AMERICAN WAR.

Losses of Santiago Campaign-Killed: Officers, 23; ınen, 237. Wounded: Officers, 99; men, 1,332.

Losses of Porto Rico Campaign-Killed nficers, 0 ; men, 3. Wounded: Officers, 4 ; men. 36.
Losses of Manila ('ampaigh- Killed: Nilicers, 0 ; men. 17 , iF ounded: Officers, 10 : men, 96.
Total losses rom all ceuses, April 21 to Uotnher 1, 1898-Killed: Officurs, 33 ; men, 257. Wounded: Officers, 4; men, 61 . Jied of divease: Officers. $80 ;$ men, 2,485 . Total of 107 officers and $2,80: 3$ meu, or a percentage of 159-1.000, being an aggregate of 2,910 cut of a total of 274,717 oficers and men, the total of the war.


## COMMODORES.

RETIRED LIST.*
Rank. Name Rosidence. Pank, Name. Residence. Commodore. Albert G. Clary. . .San Mriguel, Azores Commodore..James H. Gillis. .Washington, D. C.


## *The grade of Commodore on the active list has been abolished.

The following are the dates of future retirements of Rear-Admirals now on the active list for age limit, mnder the lav: F. V. McNair, Jamary 13. 1001: Albert Kautz, Jannary 29, 1901: W. S. Schley, Oetober 9. 1901: W. T. Sampson February 91902 ; B. J. Cromwell, Fehruary 9, 1002; J. A. Howell, March 16, 1902; N. IV. Farquhar Adrili11. 19u2; J. W. Plilip, August 26. 1902. 13. F. Dry. January 16, 1903, (1. C. Remey, Angust 10, 1903; ,ilas Casey, September 11, 190;3: Lonis Kempff, October 11, 1903; (G. W. Sumner, December 31, 1303; A. H. MeCormick, May 3. 1!0f: J. C. Watson, August 24, 1904; F. Rodgers, October 3, 19ט4; A. S. Barker, March 31, 1905; F. J. Higginson, July 19, 1905.

THE NAVY.
Theactive list of the Navy comprises 1,340 commissioned and 177 warrant officers. The enlisted force numbers 14.603 men .

MARINE CORPS.
The United States Marine Corns consists of a force of 201 officers and $6,000 \mathrm{men}$. Brigadier-General Charles Heywood is command ant.

NAVAL JXAMINING AN゙D RETIRING BOARDS.
The Naval Examining Board consists of Rear- Admiral John A. Howell, President; Rear-Admiral Benjamin F. Das and Captain Fiwhels A. Conk, member's.

The Naval Retiring Board is composed of Rear-Admiral Bartlett J. Cromwell, President; RearAdmiras Benjamin F. Day, Captain Francis A. Cook, Miedical Director Grove S. Beardsley, and Medical Inspector William S. Dixon, members.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.
Superintendent, Captain Charles H. Davis Assistants. Lieutenant Benjamin W. Hodges; Professors of Mathematics, Stimson J. Brown (Astronomical Director), A. N. Skinner, T. J. J. See, and Milton Updegralf.

CAPTAIN: OF THE NAVY-ACTIVE LIST-DECEMBER 15, 1899.

| Name. | Present Duty. |  | NAME. |  | Cormmieslor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chsrles S, Cotton. | Com. Independen | May 28,92 |  | Eng. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Silas W. Terry | Naval Exam. Bo | $\text { Jan. } 9,93$ | John | Pope Tube Co., Hartford | Mar. 3,99 |
| Merrill Miller. | 'om. Ye | $\text { Feb. } \quad 25,93$ | Francla W. D | Com. Indiana | July 3,'98 |
| Job | Com. Richmond | April 27,93 | Lewis W. Kobinson.... | Inspec. duty, Mllwaukee | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Mortimer L. Johnson. | Capt Bosion Navy Yard | May 9,93 | George F. F. Wild | Com. Oreg | Ang. 10,'98 |
| Edwin M. Shepard... | Ins. 3d L. H. District.. | May 15,93 | Charles H. Davla. ..... | Supt. Nav. (Ibs., Wash'n | $\text { Aug. } 10,98$ |
| Robley D. Erans. | Mem Bd. Ins. \& survey. | June 27,93 | Bowmsn H. McCalla... | Com. Newark | Mar. 8,'99 |
| Frank Wildes. | Capt. New York N. Y | July 31,94 | Charles J. Trai | Com. Massach | Nov. 22,'98 |
| Henry | Com. T. S. Yerba Buena | Jan. 23,94 | Edwin White | Waiting order | Dec. 25,98 |
| Philip | W | April 11,'94 | William H. H | Navy Iard, Portsmouth. | Mar. 3,99 |
| Henry | War C | April 16.994 | Ralph Aston | Ins. Machin. Bkn. N. Y. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| George H. Wadleig | Com. Wabash.......... | July 10,94 | George W. Pi | Com. Monte | $\text { Mar. } \quad 3,99$ |
| A. S. Crowninsbiel | Cbief Bureau Navlgati'n | Juiy 21,94 | John McGowsn | Com. Monadnoc | Mar. 3,999 |
| James H. Fiands | fove Naval Hom | Sept. 7,'94 | James G. Green | Com. Nav. Sta.. Havana | Mar. 3,99 |
| Yates Stirlin |  | sept. 16.94 | Charles H. Kockw | Com. Chjcago | Mat. 3,99 |
| William C. V | Com. Frs | Nov. 11,'94 | James M. Forsyth. | Com. Baltimore......... | Mar. 3,99 |
| Joseph B. Cog | Com. Puget Sou | Nov. 18,'96 | George A. Converse | Bureau of Navigatlon... | Mar. 3,99 |
| Purnell F. Harringion | Capt. Portsmou | Mar. 1.'95 | Royal B. Bradford.. | Chief Bureau Equipment | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Louis J. Allen. | N. Y., Mare Island, C | Mar. $3,{ }^{\prime} 99$ | Joseph E. Crai | Hydrographer, Nav. Dpt | $\text { Mar. } \quad 3,9$ |
| George W. Melvil | Chief Bureau of Ste. | Mar. 3,'99 | Chsrles M. Tho | Navy Department....... | Mar. 8,99 |
| Nehemish M. Dye | Vaiting <br> Iem. lket | July 13,'97 | Albert S. Snow... | Com. New Y'ork | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Francis A. Coo | Iem. letiri nspector of | . 28,96 | George C. He Willsrd H. B | Com. Philadelphia...... <br> Duly with Alsbama | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Cbsrles E. Cla | pector of Kentucky.. <br> t. Leagut Island N.Y. | ne 21,96 | Willard H. Br William W. M | uly with Alabama.... Capt. Mare faland N. Y |  |
| Cbarles J. Barclay | Waiting orders......... | Oct. 1,96 | Edwin S. Houston | Capt. Mare island N. Y.. Com. Amphitrite...... | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Peter A. Rearick.. | Duty with Kear | Mar. 3,'99 | Edwin Longnecker | Com. New ()rleans..... | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Charles U. Sigsbee. | Com. Texas ... | Mar. 21,97 | George E. lde. | Com. Yosemite. | Mar. 25,'99 |
| Benj. P. Lamberton. | Waiting orders | May 11,98 | George M. Bool | Wsiting orders......... | Mar. 29,'99 |
| Richard P. Leary. | Nav. (iov. Isl. o | April 6,97 | Thomas Perry | Secy. Light-House Bd... | June 11,99 |
| Willism H. Whiting | Waiting order | June 19,'97 | Charles H. Stock to | Pres. Naval War College | July 8,799 |
| Charles f'Neif. | Chief Bureau Ordnan | July 21.97 | Ass Walker....... | Naval War College...... | Sept. 9,99 |
| Caspar F. Goodrich. | Com. Jowa. | Nept. 16,'97 | Oscar W. Farenhol | Navy I'ard, Bos* $3 \mathrm{n} . .$. | Sept. 25,99 |
| Fredch E. Chadwick Theodor* Jewell. | W'sitidg | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { Vov. } & 7.97 \\ \text { Feb. } & 1.98 \end{array}$ | Edward T. Strong | Navy Yard, Washington | Oct. 10,'99 |
| Theodor Wewell. | Com. Brookly | Feb. 1,98 | Robert E. Impey... | Com. Na. Sta., Key West | Nov. $2,{ }^{\text {'99 }}$ |
| William M. Folger ... | ien. lnsp. Kearsarge. | Feb. 6, 981 | Eugene W. Watson. | Capt. Navy Yard, Norf'k | Nov. 22,'99 |

COMMANDERS OF THE NAVY-ACTIVE LIST-DECEMBER 15, 1899.

## John F. Merry..... William C. Gibson.

 Washburn Maynard. Henry W. Lyon. James H. Dayton. Morris R. S. Mackenzie Charles S. Sperry. Frank Courtis. William W. Keisinger. Witliam T. Burwell.. John J. Hunker.Franklin Ilanford Robert M. Berry Samuel W. Very. Henry N. Manney. Chapman C. Todd. Joseph N. Hemphill Abraham B. H. Lillie.. Willism T. Swinburne. William H. Emory. George A. Bicknelf. Charles T. Hutchins. Seth M. Ackley Benjamin F. liiley. Harry Knoz.
Clifford H. West. John P. Merrell.
Joseph G. Eatod. Willism I. Moore Charles Belknar. Fernando P. Gilmore. Engene H. C. Leutze.
Uriel Sebree.
William A. Windsor.
Albert R. Couden.
Edwin C. I'endleton.
William Swift.
Heary B. Mansfield.
Charles R. Roelker.
Frederick M. Symonds.
Walton Cioodwin.
John I). Ford.
Albert Ross
Richardson Clover.
James M. Miller.
Frederick M. Wise.
John V. B. Bleecker
Andrew I)unlap.
John A. B. Smith
Edward H. (iheen
Wells L. Field
Harrisod (i. O. Colby
Leavitt C Logan.
Conway H. Aznold
William S. Cowles.
Charles O. Allibone

Com. Nav. Sta., Honnlulu| May Navy Yard, New York.
Ins. 2 d L. II. District...
Sept. Navy Yard, New York Oct. Com, Nav. Sta.,San Juan Com. Prairie...
Com. Yorktown Com. Essex
Com, Pensacols $\mathrm{N} . \dddot{\mathrm{Y}}$ Com, Wheeling Com. Tr. Sta.. New port.. Sept. Ins. 10th L. H. District.. Sept. Naval Home, Philadel'a. Feb. Com. Castine.

| Navy Iard, New York. | May |
| :--- | :--- |
| Navy Iard, Washington | May | Navy Lard, Washington Msy

Com. Detroit .......... June Navy Yard, New York. Sept. Nigy Yard, Portsmouth. Dec.
Mem. Bd. Ins. \& Survey Dec. Com. Monocacy......... Jsn. Naval Acad, Annapolis. Feb. Com. Concord.
Com, Abarenda
Com. I'rincelon

## Nary Yard, New York. Com. Monicomery <br> Com. Monlxomery

Naval Sta. Port Rosal.
Com. Dixie... Cuba
Navy Ysrd, New York. Jan.
Ins. I2th L. II. 1 isstrict.. Feb. Ins. Machin., Eliz'bthp't Mar Indian Head, Md.
Xavy Yard, Washington Mar.
Navy laru, New York..
Compral Lancaster ...
Mem. BI. Ins. \& Survey
Ins. 9th L. II. District. Com. Alams
1ns. Macbin., Baltimore
Com. Alliance
Chief lotelligence Office
Com. Scan iia.
Com. Enterprise.
Com sta de luzon
Com. Solace.
Navy Yard, New York. Com. Marietta
Com ladger.
Com. Marblehead..
Com. Machiss.
Com. Bennington..
Asst to Bureau of Nav.
Com. Wilmington.

9,93 Alexander B Bates..
4.933 Edward D. Taussig
${ }^{27}$,'93 John E. Pillabury..
1,93 Willtam H. Keeder
23,'94 Robert W. Milligan
16' ${ }^{9} 94$ George W. Baird.
$\because 2^{\prime} 94$ Richard Inch
10.'94 Harrie Webster

21,94 Daviel Delehanty.
7,94 Charles C. Cornwell.
16.994 Holland N. Stevenson.

30,94 Cbarles W. Rae..
2,'95 George H. Kearny...
1,'95 William S. Moore.
10,'95 Royal R. Ingersoll.
21,95 Adolph Marix.
15,'95 Duncan Kennedy.
1,'95 James D. J. Kelley.
28.55 Jefferson F. Moser.

29,'95 Raymond I'. Rodgers.
5,96 Seaton Schroeder.
2x,96 Franklin J. Drske.
4,'96 Thomas C. McLean.
4,96 William J. Barnette.
1,96 Francis H. Delano..
$1, ' 96$ Charles T. Forse.
1,'96 Edwin K. Moore.
10,96 Albion V. Wadbams.
18,'96 James I). Adams.
6,'96 Rıchard Wainwright
1,97 James R. Selfridge.
5,'97 William H. Everett
24,'97 John M. Hawley.
3,’99 John A. Rodgers.
14,'97 James W. Carlin..
21,'97 $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gottfried Blocklinger. }\end{aligned}$
6,97 Perry Giarst
James K. Cogswell.
3,'99 $\quad$ Frederic Singer...
19,'97 Arthur B. speyers.
21,'97 Ebenezer S. Primue
3.799, Nathan E. Niles..

28,97 Thomas H. Stevens.
16,'97 Julien S. Ogden.
26,997 George Cowle.
7,97 Charles P. Perkins...
5,97 Charles G. Bowman.
1,98 Willism P. l'otter
3,'99 william 11. Beebler.
28.'98 Giles B. Harber.

John B. Briggs.
Newton E. Mason..
Arthur P. Nazro..
11,'9s Willam W. Kımbail
5,98 William P. Day
8.'98 Daniel W. Mullañ

| Navy Yard, League Isl'd | 3,993 |
| :---: | :---: |
| In Charge 13th L. II. D.. | Aug. 10,98 |
| Navy Yard. Boston | Aug. 10,98 |
| Com. SI. Mary's | Aug. 10,98 |
| Navy Yard, Norfolk, Vs. | Ms |
| Supt. Sta., W. \& N. B ${ }^{\text {d }}$ g | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Naval Sta., Cavite, P |  |
| Bur. of Steam Enginee | Mar. 3 , 99 |
| Gov. Sailors' Snug Ha | Nov. 22,98 |
| Com. Naval sta., Cavite. | Dec. 25,98 |
| Ins. Machin., San Fran | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Naval Sta., Yerba Buena | Mar. 3,99 |
| Naval Acsd., Annapoli |  |
| Ins. Machin., Pbiladel's. | Mar. ${ }^{\text {M, }}$ |
| Naval Acad., Annapolis. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Ina. 4th L. H. District.. | Mar. ${ }^{\text {3,'99 }}$ |
| Ins. 11th L. H. District.. | Mar. 3, |
| Com. Rebolute | Mar. 3, |
| Com. Albatro | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Com. Nashville. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Navy Yard, Washingtnn | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Navy Yard, Mare Island | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Crm.l) on Juan deAustria |  |
| Com. Saratoga |  |
| Navy Yard, B | Mar. 3, |
| Ing. 14th L. H, Distric | Mar. 3, |
| Com. Helena. | Mar. 3, |
| Com. M nongah | Mar. 3, |
| Hydrographic | Mar. 3, |
| Naval Acad.. Annapolis. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Ins. 8th L. H. Distr | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Com. Iris. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Com. IIartford | Mar. 3,'99 |
| In Charge bith L. H. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Com. Culgoa.. | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Enlistment Duty | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Naval Acad., Annapoiiz. | Mar. 3,99 |
| Ins. 1st L. H. District. | Mar. 3.'99 |
| In Charge 7th L. H. D). | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Navy Yard, New York. | Mar. ${ }^{\text {3,'99 }}$ |
| Navy Yard, League Isl'd | Mar. 3,'99 |
| Navy Yard, Norfolk. | Mar. 25,'99 |
| Navy Yard, Norfolk | Mar. 29,'99 |
| Navy Yard, League Isl'd | June 11,'99 |
| Ins. Machin., Morris H'ts | July 8,'99 |
| Com. Michigan | July 13,'99 |
| Navy Yard, Mare Islan | Juty 13.'99 |
| Navy Yard, League 181'd | sept. 9,99 |
| Naval Attache, Berlin.. | Stpt. 22.'99 |
| Navy Yard, New York.. | Sept. 25,'99 |
| Com. Glacler. | Oct. 10,'99 |
| Torpedo Sta., Newport. | Nov. \%,99 |
| Com. Manlla | Nov. 22,'99 |
| Navy Yard, | Dec. 8,'99 |
| m. | Dec. 8,'99 |
| der Suspenelo | IJuly 8,'ı? |

## THE NAVY-Continued.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

| Name. |  |  |  |  | HorsePower | Cost. | Batteries. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Main. | Secondary. |
| Armored Vessels. seagoing iattle-ships. Alabama | B S | 1896 | 11,565 | 16 | 10,000 | \$2,650,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \text { 13-in. B L R, } 14 \text { 6-in. } \\ & \text { RF Finas. } \end{aligned}$ | 16 6-pdr. R F, 6 1-pdr. R F, 4 Colts, 2 3-in. R F field. |
| Georgia* <br> 1llinois*. | B S | $18:$ | 11,565 | 16 | 10,000 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (Plan } \\ 2,595,000 \end{array}$ | not yet determined.) $413-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{B} 1,12,146-\mathrm{n}$. | 16 6-pdr. R F, 6 1-pdr. R F, 4 |
| Indiana. | B S | 1891 | 10,810 | 15.547 | 9,738 | $3,063,000$ |  | Colts, 23 -in. 12 F field. 20 ti-pdr. R F, 7 1-pdr. R F, 23 In. R F field. |
| Jowa. | B S | 1893 | 11,341 | 17.087 | 12,105 | 3,010,000 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 12-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{BL} \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{R} 8 \text {-in. } \\ \quad \text { L LR, } 6 \text {-in. R } \end{gathered}\right.$ | 20 6-pdr. R F, 4 1-pdr. R F, 4 Colts, 23 -in. IR F field. |
| Kearsarge*. | B S | 1896 | 11,525 | 16.816 | 11,674 | 2,250,000 | $\begin{aligned} & 413 \text {-in. BL R, } 4 \text { 8-ln. } \\ & \text { B L R, } 14 \text { 5-in. R F } \end{aligned}$ | 20 6-pdr. R F, 6 1-pdr. R F, 4 Colts, 23 -in. R F field. |
| Kentucky*............. | B S | 1896 | 11,525 | 16 | 10,000 | 2,250,000 | 4 13-in. B I, R, 4 -in. B L. li, 145 -in. is F | 20 6-pdr. R F, 6 1-pdr. R F, 4 Colts, 2 3-in. R F field. |
| Maine*. | B S | 1898 | 12,300 | 18 | 16,000 | 2,885,000 | $412-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{B} \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{R,} 16 \text {-in. }$ li F guns. | 16 6-pdr. Maxim-Nordenfelt, 4 1-pdr. atomatic, 21 -pdr. F guns, $2 \%$-in. R F field, 2 Colt automatic. |
| Massachusetts... | $B 5$ | 1891 | 10,810 | 16.21 | 10,403 | 3,063,060 | 413 -iu. B L R, 88 in. B L R, $46-i n .12 \mathrm{~F}$ | 20 6-pdr. R F, 8 1-pdr. R F, 2 Colts, 23 -in. R F field. |
| Missouri*. | B S | 1899 | 12,230 | 18 | 16,000 | 2,885,000 | guns. <br> 4 12-in. B L R, 16 6-jn. <br> I F guns. | 16 6-pdr. Maxim-Nordenfelt, 4 1-pdr. automatic, 2 1-pdr. R F guns, 2 3-in. R F field, 2 Colt automatic. |
| New Jersey* | BS |  |  |  |  | (Plan |  |  |
| Ohio* | BS | 1599 | 12,440 | 18 | 16,000 | $2,899,000$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1 } 12 \text {-in. B L R, } 16 \text { 6-in. } \\ & \text { 1F Finas. } \end{aligned}$ | 16 6-pdr. Mazim-Nordenfelt, 4 1 -pdr. automatic, 2 1-pdr. 12 F guns, 2 3-in. K F field, 2 Colt antomatic. |
| Oregon. | B S | 1891 | 11,000 | 16. 79 | 11,111 | 3,222,810 | $\begin{aligned} & 413 \text {-in. B L R, } 8 \text {-in. } \\ & \text { B L R, } 4 \text { 6-in. R F } \\ & \text { guns. } \end{aligned}$ | 20 6-pdr K F. 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 Colts, 13 -in. 12 F field. |
| Pennsylranis*...... ... | BS |  |  |  |  | (Plan | not yet determined.) |  |
| Texas. | B S | 1859 | 6,31 | 18 | 8,610 | 2,500,000 | 21 -iu. B L, R, 6 6-in. 13 L R . | 12 6-pdr. R F, 6 1-pdr. R F, 437 mm . H R C, 2 Colts, 1 field. |
| Wisconsin*. | BS | 1899 | 11,565 | 16 | 10,000 | 2,674,950 | $\begin{aligned} & 413 \text {-in. B L, R, } 14 \text { 6-in. } \\ & \text { R F guns. } \end{aligned}$ | 16 6-pdr. R F, 6 1-pdr. R F, 4 Colts, 23 -in. 1 F F field. |
| APMONED CRUTSERS. Brooklya. ............... | ${ }^{\text {A }} \mathrm{C}$ | 1893 | 9,215 | 22 | 18,769 | 2,986,000 | 88-in. B 1, R, 12 5-in. 1i F guns. | 12 6-pdr. R F, \& 1-pdr. R F, 4 Colts, 23 -in. R F field. |
| California* | A C |  |  |  |  | (Plan | not yet determined.) |  |
| Nebraska* | A C |  |  |  |  | (1'lan | not yet determined.) |  |
| New lork | A. C | 1890 | 8,200 | 21 | 17,401 | 2,955,000 | 68 -in. 13 L Li, 12 4-in. 1 F g guns. | 3 6-pdr. R F, 2 1-pdr. R F, 2 Colts, 2 -in. R F field. |
| West Virginia* | AC |  |  |  |  | (1'lan | not yet determined.) |  |
| Katahdin. | R | 1891 | 2,155 | 17 | 5,068 | 930,000 | 4 6-pdr. R F. |  |
| Amphitrite... | C D | 1874 | 3,990 | 10.5 | 1,600 | $\dagger$ | $\begin{aligned} & 410-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{B} \mathrm{L,} \mathrm{R,} 2 \text { 4-in. } \\ & \text { R F guns. } \end{aligned}$ | 2 6-pdr. 12 F, 23 -pdr. R F, 237 mm. H R C, 5 l-pdr. R F G, 1 3-in. R F field, 1 Colt. |
| Miantonomoh | C D | 1874 | 3,990 | 10.5 | 1,426 | $\dagger$ | 410 -in. B L R. | 26 -pdr. R F (r, 23 -pdr. IR F G, b 1 -pdr. R F (i, 1 (iatling. |
| Monadnock. | CD | 18:3 | 4,005 | 12 | 3,000 | $\dagger$ | 410 -in. B L R, 24 -jn. R F guns. | 2 6-pdr. R F, 2 3-pdr. R F, 2 37mm. \\| li C, 2 1-pdr. R F G. |
| Monterey . . . . . . . . . . . . | C D | 1889 | 4,084 | 13.6 | 5,244 | 1,628,905 | $\begin{aligned} & 21 \%-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{BL} \mathrm{R}, 2 \text { 10-1n. } \\ & \mathrm{BL} \mathrm{~L} \text {. } . \end{aligned}$ | 6 6-pdr. R F, 4 1-pdr. R F, 2 Gatlings, 1 field. |
| Puritan. | C D | 1875 | 6,060 | 12.4 | 3,700 | † | 412 -in. B L R, 64 -in. <br> 12 F guns. | 6 6-pdr. R F, 237 -mm. H R C, 2 1-ndr. R F. |
| Terror. | CD | 1874 | 3,990 | 10.5 | 1,600 | $\dagger$ | $410-\mathrm{in}$. B L R. | 2 6-pdr. K F, 2 3-pdr. R F, 237 mm. H R C, 2 1-pdr. R F. |
| SGE. THRRET MONITORS. <br> Caдonicus................. | C D | 1862 | 2,101 | 6 | 340 | 622,963 | $215-\mathrm{ln} . \mathrm{S} \mathrm{B}$. | 2 12-pdr. H. |
| Catski | C 1 | 1802 | 1,875, | 6 | 340 | $427,706$ | $215-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{S} \mathrm{~B} \text {. }$ | None. |
| Jason | C D | $180^{2}$ | 1,875 | 5 to 6 | 340 | $429,766$ | $415 \text {-in. S } \mathrm{B} \text {. }$ | 2 12-pdr. H. |
| L.ehigh.. | C D | 1889 | 1, 2,5 | 5 to 6 | 340 | 422,726 | 215 -in. S B. | \% 12-pdr. H. |
| Mahops. | C D | 1502 | 2,100 | 6 | 340 | 635,3:4 | $215-\mathrm{in}$. S B. | 2 12-pdr. H. |
| Manhatian....... .... | CD | 1862 | 2,100 | 6 | 340 | 628.879 | $215-\mathrm{in}$. S B. | 2 12-pdr. H. |
| Montauk | CD | 1862 | 1,875 | 5 to 6 | 340 | 423,027 | 2 lo-n. S B. | $21 \because$ pdr. H. |
| Nahant. | C D | 1862 | 1,875 | 5 to 6 | 340 | 413,515 | $215-\mathrm{in} . \mathrm{S} \mathrm{B}$. | $212-\mathrm{pdr} . \mathrm{H}$. |
| Nantucket. | C D | 1862 | 1,875 | 5 to 6 | 340 | 408,091 | 21 -in. S B. | 2 12-pdr. M. |
| Arkansas*................. | $C D$ | 1899 | 3,235 | 111/2 | 2,400 | 960,000 | 2 12-in. B L R, 4 4-in. 1 FF . | 3 6-pdr. I: F, 5 1-pdr. R F, 2 Colts. |
| Con ${ }^{\text {recticut }}$ *. | CD | 1899 | 3,235 | 111/2 | 2,400 | 962,000 | $2{ }^{12-i n}, \mathrm{~B}$ L R, 44-ln. | 3 6-pdr. R F, 5 1-pdr. R F, 2 |
| Florida*. | C D | 1899 | 3,235 | 111/2 | 2,400 | 925,000 | $212-\mathrm{in}, \mathrm{BL} \mathrm{L}, 44-\mathrm{in}$. | 36 -pdr. R F, 5 1-pdr. R F, 2 |
| Wyoming*. | CD | 1899 | 3,235 | 111/2 | 2,400 | 975,000 | $\underset{\substack{\mathrm{RFF} \\ 2 \mathrm{RF} . \ln \\ \hline}}{ }$ | 3 6-pdr. R F, 5 1-pdr. R F, 2 Colts. |

VESSELS CF THE HIATTED STATES NAVY，－Continued．

| Namr． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 密 } \\ & \text { تِ } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \underset{\sim}{g} \\ \stackrel{y}{\leftrightarrows} \\ \vec{y} \\ \vdots \end{array}$ |  |  | 11 rse－ ［＇ower． | Cosi． | Batterizs． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Main． | Secondary． |
| I SAR：MEER STEEL Vessels． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Albany．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 3，4 47 | 20 | 7，5 |  | 6 6－in．P F guns， 44.7 － | 0 6－pdr．R F， 8 1－pdr R F， 2 |
| A lana | $1^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ |  | 3，1 | 15．11） | 4,001 | \＆ 1717,000 | 6－in．li F guns， 28 －in． | （i－pdr．R F， 4 1－pdr．R F， 2 Colis， 1 3－in．R F field． |
| Bat itaore | PC | 87 | 4,5 ． 1 | 40．03： | 10，0044 | 1，325，000 | L | b－pir．R F， 2 3－pilr．R F． 2 1 plr．R F ， $437-\mathrm{mm}$ ．I1 R C， 2 |
| Boston | PC | 1583 | 3，025 | 15.60 | 4，3011 | 619，000 | $6 \text {-in. B L 1, } 28 \text {-in. B }$ LR. | Colts， 1 3－in．l F field． <br> 2 b－pdr．R F ， 2 3－1ulr．R F， 2 <br> $1-\mathrm{p}$ r．R F， $247-\mathrm{mm}$ ．H R C＇， 2 |
| Coattanonga ${ }^{\text {＊}}$ ． | P C |  | 3，20， | 16 | 4，700 | 1，420，000 | 5－in． 12 F | $37-\mathrm{mm}$ ．II IR C， 1 （iatling． <br> 8 6－pilr．R F， 2 1－pir．R F＇， 2 |
| Chicsgo | $1^{\prime} \mathrm{C}$ | 1883 | 5，0 | 18 | 9，000 | 889，0ט0 | $1 \text { s-in. B L R, } 14 \text { 5-in. }$ RF guas. | 7 6－pdr．R F， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 Colts， 13 －in． R li field． |
| Cincinnati． | I＇C | 1890 | 3，21： | 19 | 19，000 | 1，100，000 | 115－iu．12 l guns． | $86-\mathrm{pdr}$ ．I F ， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 |
| Clevelan | PC |  | 3，20＇ | 16 | 4，700 | 1． 420,000 | 10 5－in．J F guns． | 86 －pdr，IR F， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 Colt automatic． |
| Columbia | PC | 1890 | 7，375 | 22.8 | 18，505 | 2，725，000 | 1 S－in，B I，IR， 2 （b－in， 13 LR， 84 －in． H Fguus． | 12 6－pdr．R F， 2 1－ndr．R F， 2 Colts， 1 3－in．if 1 field． |
| Denver＊ | PC |  | 3200 | 16 | 4，700 | 1，420，000 | 105－in．I：F guns． | 6－pdr．I F， 2 1－pir．IR F， 2 |
| Hes Moi | PC |  | 3，200 | 16 | 4，700 | 1，420，000 | 105 －in．R F guns． | 8 6－pdr． 1 R F，y l－pdr．R F， 2 |
| Letroit． | C | 1890 | 2，059 | 19 | 5，22： | 612，500 | 10 5－in．12 F guns． | 6 b－pdic．is F， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 Colts， 13 －in． 12 F field |
| Galveston＊ | 1 C |  | 3，2＇0 | 16 | 4，700 | 1，420，000 | 10 5－in．IR F guns． | 8 6－pdr．K F， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 |
| Marblehea | C | 1890 | 2，0s： | 18 | 5，451 | 674，000 | 10 5－in．R F guns． | 6 6－pi！r．R F，\＆1－pdr．R F， 2 colts． |
| Miuneapolis | PC | 1891 | 7，375 | 23.073 | 20，862 | 2，690，000 | 18 －in．B L，1， 2 6－in．B | 12 6－pdr．R F， 2 1－pir．R F， 2 （＇olis， 1 3－iu．If F field． |
| Slontgomery ．．．．．．．．．．．． | C | 1890 | 2，005 | 19 | 5，580 | 612，5：14． | 105 －in． K l F guns． | 6 6－pdr． 1 k k， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 Colts． |
| Newalk | PC | 18： 8 | 4, | 19 | 8，869 | 1，278，000 | 12 6－in． R F guns． | 8 ti－pdr．R F， 2 Colts， 237 －mm． |
| New（rleans．．．．．．．．．．．． | P C |  | 3，4； | 20 | 7，500 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \text { 6-in. } 12 \mathrm{~F} \text { gans, } 4 \text { 4.i- } \\ & \text { in. fir gins. } \end{aligned}$ | 10 －i－pdr．R F， 8 1－pdr．R F， 2 Colts． |
| （1）ympia．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | P C | 18.41 | 5，870 | 21.68 b | 17，31． | 1，796，000 | 105 －in．R línas． 48 －in． B 1．IR，mounted iu Harbette twriets， armor $3 \frac{1}{2}$ and $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$ ． | 14 6－pdr． 12 F， 7 1－pdr．R F， 1 Gatling． |
| 1＇hiladelphis．．．．．．．．．．．． | P C | 1888 | 4，410 | 19．68\％ | 8，815 | 1，350，000 | 12 6－in． 12 F guns． | 4 6－pdr．R F， 43 －pdr．R F， 2 1－pdr． 1 R F， 2 Colis， 237 －mm． RC．I 3－in．R F field． |
| kaleigh．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | P C | 1889 | 3，210 | 19 | 10，00． | 1，1 0,000 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{ccc} 10 \text { s-in. R } & \text { F guns, } 1 \\ 6-i n . ~ i s ~ L ~ R . ~ \end{array}\right.$ | 8 6－pd：K F， 4 1－pir．R F， 1 Colt， 13 －in． 12 F field． |
| Keins Mercedes $\ddagger$ ．．．．．． | C |  | 3，090 | 17 | 3700 |  |  |  |
| San Francisco．．．．．．．．．． | PC | 1888 | 4，095 | 19.525 | 9，91 | 1，4．3，000 | 12 6－in．B L iR． | 12 6－pdr．ii F， 2 1－pdr．IN F， 2 Colts． |
| Tacoma＊ | PC |  | 3，200 | 16 | 4，700 | 1，420，000 | 10 5－in．R F guns． | 8 6－pdr．R F， 2 1－pdr．R F， 2 Coll automatic． |
| guvbuats， <br> Bancroft | G B | 1891 | 839 | 14 | 1，213 | 250，000 | 4－in．R F guns． | 8 3－pdr．R F， 1 1－pdr．R F， 1 Colt． |
| Benningion | G B | 1888 | 1，710 | 17 | 3.4336 | 490,000 | 6 6－in．B L IR． | 2 6－pdr．R F，2 3－pdr．R F， 2 $37-\mathrm{mm}$ ． 11 RC 2 （iatlings． |
| Castine． | G B | 1897 | 1，7ii | 16 | 2，199 | 318,500 | ¢ 1－in． 12 F guns． | 4 6－pdr．if F， 2 1－pdr．li $\mathrm{F}, 1$ colt |
| Concord ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | G B | 1880 | 1，710 | 16 | 3，405 | 490，000 | （i）6－in．B L R， | 2 6－pdr．R F， 2 3－pdr，lk F， 2 37 －mm． 11 RC C， 2 fiatl ngs． |
| Don Juan de Austria ${ }_{+}^{+}$． | G B |  | $1.15 i^{\prime}$ | 14 | 1600 | 180，00m |  |  |
| Helens．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | （i 13 | 1394 | 1，39； | 15 | 1，988 | 250，000 | 4－in． R F guns． | $\frac{1}{6}$ b－pdr．IR F， 4 1－pdr．If F， 2 Colts． 13 －in．field． |
| Isla de Cubst． | G 13 |  | 103 | 14 | 1000 | 215， 0 （11） | is．i－＂ i ．F F guns． | 4 6－pdr． $12 \mathrm{k}, 3$ Nordenfeits． |
| Isla de Luzon ${ }_{+}^{+}$ | G 13 |  | 1．150， | 14 | $100 n$ | 215,000 | is 4．i－in． K F guds． | 4 b－pir．（\＆F゙， 4 No denfelts． |
| Machias．． | G B | 1891 | 1，774 | 15 | 2，04 | 318，500 | 84－11． l F＇guus． | 4 ti－pdi．R F，e I－pdr．Li F 1 colt． |
| Nashville．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | G B | 1894 | 1，37i | 16 | 2，531 | 280,000 | 84－in．IL F guns． | 4 6－pdr．R F， 2 1－pdr．I：F， 2 Colts， 13 －in． 11 li tield． |
| No．16＊． | G B |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| l＇etrel． | G B | 1587 | 892 | 11 | 1，095 | 247，000 | 46－in．B 1．R． | 2 3－pdr．R Fi， 1 1－pdr．R F， 2 $37-\mathrm{mm} .11 \mathrm{RC}, 2$ tis linge． |
| Topeka ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | G B |  | 1，814 | 16 | 2，000 | 170，327 | 6 4－in．R F guns． | 6 3－pdr．If F，\＆1－pd．li F， 1 Colt． |
| Wilmington．．．．．．．．．．．． | G B | 1894 | 1，397 | 15 | －1，894 | 280,000 | 84 －in．IR F guns． | 4 6－pdr．R F， 4 1．pdr．R F， 4 Colis． |
| Yorktown ．．．．．．．．．．． | G B | 1887 | 1，710 | 16 | 3，392 | 455,009 | 6 6－iu． K F guns． | 2 6－pdr．R F， 2 3－pdr．R F， 4 1－pdr． 1 F F， 2 Colts． |
| Annapolis．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | C G B | 1897 | 1，060 | 13 | 1，227 | 227，700 | $64-\mathrm{in}$ ．R F guns． | 4 ti－pdr．K F ， 2 1－pdr．R F， 1 Colt． |
| Marietta．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | C G B | 1897 | 1，000 | 13 | 1，054， | 22：3，000 | 64 －in．li F guns． | 4 6－pdr．R F， 2 1－pdr．R F，${ }^{1}$ Colt， 1 ふ－iu．KF field． |

## THE NAVY-Continued.

VESSELS OF THE UNITED STATES RAVY.-Continued.


THE NAVY-Continued,

small unarmored gunboats.
Albauy, Alvarado + , Belusan, Calamianes, Callao + , El Cano ${ }_{+}^{-1}$, Guardoqui, Leyte + , Manileno, Mariveles, Mindanao,+ Mindoro, l'ampango, l'anay, Paragua, Samar, Sandoval $1_{+}$, Urdaneta, Vasco. These vessels are all of a tounatge less than 500 , having a speed of 8 to 19 knota .
*Building or building contracted for. †Appropriation to complete monitors, \$3,178,046. \#Captured from Spain.
old nayal veseels.
OId Iron Vessels.-Alert, Monocacy, Mlchlgan, and langer. These have a tonnage varying from 550 to 1,370 ; horsepower, 190 to 850 , and speed, 8.5 to 11.2 knots.

Old Wooden Vessels.-Adams, Alliance, Enterprise, Essex, Hartford (recently rebuilt), Lancaster, Marion, and Mohican. These have a tonnage varying from 900 to 3,250 ; horse-power, 220 to 2,000 , and speed, 7.5 to 12 knots.

The above are steam vessels. In addition to the old navy vessels enumerated above, are the following sailing vessela: Training-ship Constellation, 8 guns, built 1854; Training-ship Monongahela, built 1862, and school-shipa St. Mary's and Saratoga.

## Nafal tugs.

The following tuge are a part of the Naval Service: Fortune, Iwana, Leyden, Narkeeta, Nina, Petrelito, Rapido, Standish, Sureste, Trafic, Triton, Unadilla, Wahneta, samoset, l'enacook, and l'awtucket. These bave a tonnage varying from 187 to 450 , horse-power of from 147 to 500 , and speed of from 8.5 to 13 knots.

The following wooden vessels are unfit for further sea service : Receiving-ships Frauklin, Pensacola, Richmond, Wabash, and Independence, the Nipsic and Constitution.

The following vessels are beng used by various State naval militia: Fern, Marion, Minnesota, Portsmouth, Yantic, Dale, New Hampshire, and st. Louis.

The Jamestown, Umaha, and Iroquois have been transferred to the Marine Hospital Service.
AUXILIARY NAIY.

Of the vessels purchased by the Navy Department for the purpose of forming an auxiliary fleet during the war with Spain, 88 still remain in its poasession. These comprise cruisers, tugs, and colliers, a number of which are being employed on special service.

DIMENSIONS, COAL SUPPLY, ARMOR, AND COMPLEMENT.


THE NAVY－Continued．

| DIMENSIONS，COAL SUPPLY，ARMOR，AND COMPLEMENT－Continued． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vesmrls． |  |  |  | Type of Engine． |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{8} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \stackrel{3}{3} \\ & \stackrel{y}{8} \end{aligned}$ | Armor． |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Protec- } \\ \text { tive } \\ \text { Deck. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Comple MENT． |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Bnoker | $\begin{aligned} & \text { E- } \\ & \text { 4 } \\ & \dot{\circ} \\ & \dot{4} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{*} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{*} \end{aligned}$ | ¢ ¢ L H |  | $\frac{\stackrel{0}{0}}{\frac{0}{2}}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ®̈ }}{\text { © }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ⿷匚山己 } \\ & \text { © } \\ & \text { 苞 } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { gi }}{\text { gi }}$ |
| Katahdin． | Ft. In. | Ft. In | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { Ft. In } \\ 15 & 0 \end{array}$ | T．S．，V．T．E． | Tons． 175 | Tons． 193 |  | In． |  |  | $\overline{\operatorname{In} n_{6}}$ |  | 7 | 90 |
| Kearsarge | 368 | $72 \quad 2$ | 236 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 410 | 1，645 |  | $161 / 2$ | 17 | 15 | 3to5 | 23 | 40 | 513 |
| Kentucky | 368 | $72 \quad 2$ | 236 | T．S．，V．T，E． | 410 | 1，645 | 4 | 161／2 | 17 | 15 | 3 to 5 | 2a | 40 | 514 |
| Machias． | 2040 | $32 \quad 1$ | 120 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 125 | 292 |  |  |  |  | 3／8 | 5－16 | 11 | 143 |
| Maine | 388 | $72 \quad 2$ | 236 | T．S．，V．T．E．． | 1，000 | 2，000 | 2 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 3to4 | 23／4 | 40 | 478 |
| Marblehead | 257 | 370 | 147 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 200 | 340 | 2 |  |  | － | 7－18 | 5－16． | 20 | 242 |
| Massachusetts | 348 | $69 \quad 3$ | 251 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 400 | 1，597 | 2 | 18 | 15 | 17 |  | 234 | 32 | 463 |
| Miantonomoh． | 259 | $55 \quad 6$ | 146 | T．S．，I，C． | 250 | 260 |  | 7 | 11.5 | ．． |  | 14 | 13 | 136 |
| Minneapolis． | 412 | $58 \quad 2$ | 226 | Tr．S．，V．T．E． | 750 | 1，891 | 4 |  |  |  | 4 | $21 / 2$ | 30 | 447 |
| Missouri．．． | 388 | $72 \quad 2$ | 236 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 1，000 | 2，000 | 2 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 3to4 | 23 | 35 | 478 |
| Monadnoc | 259 | $55 \quad 6$ | 147 | T．S．，H．T．E | 250 | 386 | ．． | 9 | 7.5 | 11.5 |  | 13 | 26 | 187 |
| Monterey． | 256 | $59 \quad 0$ | 1410 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 200 | 233 |  | 13 | 8 | 13 |  |  | 19 | 199 |
| Montgome | 257 | $37 \quad 0$ | 147 | T．S．，V．T．E． | 200 | 340 | 2 | ．． | ．． | ．． | 7－18 | 5－16 | 20 | 250 |
| Nashville | 220 | $38 \quad 1$ | 110 | T．S．，V．Q．E | 150 | 400 | ．． | ．． | $\ldots$ | ． | 3／8 | 5－16 | 11 | 167 |
| Newark． | 311 | $49 \quad 2$ | 189 | T．S．，H．T．E | 400 | 809 |  | ．． |  | ．． |  | 2 | 34 | 359 |
| New Orles | 346 | $43 \quad 9$ | 180 | 0T．S．，V．T．E． | 512 | 743 | 3 | $\cdot$ |  |  |  |  | 24 | 341 |
| New York | 380 | 6410 | $23 \quad 3$ | T．S．，V．T．E． | 750 | 1，290 | 2 | 4 | 5.5 | 10 |  |  | 40 | 522 |
| Ohio．． | 388 | $72 \quad 2$ | 23 | 6 T．S．，V．T．E． | 1，000 | 2，000 | 2 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 3 to 4 | 23／4 | 35 | 478 |
| Olympia | 340 | $53-$ | 21 | 6 T．S．，V．T．E． | 400 | 1，169 | 6 |  |  |  | 43／4 | 2 | 34 | 412 |
| Oregon． | 348 | $69 \quad 3$ | 254 | 4 T．S．，V．T． | 400 | 1，594 | 2 | 18 | 15 | 17 |  | $23 / 4$ | 32 | 462 |
| Petrel． | 176 | 310 | 117 | 7 S．S．，H．C． | 100 | 200 |  | ．． |  | ．． |  | 5－16 | 10 | 122 |
| Philadelph | 327 | 487 | 196 | ${ }^{\text {c T．S．，H．T．}}$ | 400 | 1，074 |  |  |  |  |  | $21 / 2$ | 34 | 355 |
| Purltan． | 290 | $60 \quad 1$ | 180 | 0 T．S．，11．C． | 307 | 314 |  | 14 | 8 | 14 |  | 2 | 22 | 208 |
| Raleigh | 300 | 420 | 180 | 0 T．S．，V．T．E | 350 | 460 |  |  |  |  | $23 / 2$ | 1 | 20 | 293 |
| Reins Mercedes | 279 | $43 \quad 3$ | 191 | 1 S．S． | 600 | 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| San Franclsc | 316 | $49 \quad 2$ | 189 | T．S．，H．T．E | 350 | 627 | 4 |  |  |  |  | 2 | $3 \dot{3}$ | 350 |
| Tacoma | 292 | 440 | 159 | 9 T．S．，V．T．E． | 467 | 700 |  |  |  | ． | 2 \＆ 1 | $11 / 2$ | 30 | 263 |
| Terrur． | 259 | $55 \quad 6$ | 146 | 6 T．S．，I．C．．．． | 250 | 285 |  | 7 | 11.5 | ．． |  |  | 26 | 151 |
| Texas． | 301 | $64 \quad 1$ | 226 | ${ }^{\text {T．S．，V．T．}}$ | 500 | 850 | 2 | 12 | 12 |  |  | 2 | 30 | 413 |
| Topeks． | 250 | 350 | 15 | 5 II．C．C． | 273 | 410 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 153 |
| Wilmington． | 250 | $40 \quad 0$ | 90 | 0 T．S．，V．T．E． | 100 | 300 |  |  |  |  | 3／8 | 5－16 | 10 | 188 |
| Wisconsin．． | 368 | $\begin{array}{ll}72 & 2\end{array}$ | 236 | $\mathrm{T}^{\text {T．S．，V．T．E．}}$ | 800 | 1.440 | 4 | $161 / 2$ | 14 | 15 | 3 to4 | 234 | 35 | 453 |
| W yoming． | 252 | 50 | 126 | ${ }^{\text {T T．S．，}}$ ，V．T，E． | 400 | 400 |  | 11 | 10 | 11 |  | $11 / 2$ | 7 | ． 124 |
| Yorktown． | 230 | $36-0$ | $14 \quad 0$ | 0 T．S．，H．T．E | 200 | 380 |  |  | ．． | ．． | $3 / 8$ | 3／8 | 14 | 181 |

Abbreviations．－B．S．．Battle－Ship；C．，Cruiser；C．D．，Coast Defence；T．S．，Training－Ship；A． C．，Armored Cruiser；P．C．，Protected Cruiser；D．G．B．：Dynamite Gunboat；I．C．Iron Cruiser；S．C． Steel Cruiser ；D．B．，Despatch Boat；G．B．Gunboat；B．L．R．，Breech－loading Rifle；T．B．，Torpedo Boat；T．D．，Torpedo－Boat Destroyer；C．G．B．，Composite Gunboat；R．F．（i．，Rapid Fire Gun；R．， Rifle when in main battery，Ram when referring to class；H．R．C．，Hotchkiss Revolving Cannon； R．F．，Rapid Fire；H．，Howitzer；R．C．，Riffed Cannon；Q．F．，Quick Fire；S．B．，Smooth Bore； pdr．，pounder；mm．，millimetres：W．T．．Whitehead Torpedo Tubes；S．T．B．，Submarine Torpedo Boat．Enginetypes：T．S．，Twin Screw；Tr．s．，Triple Screw；S．S．，Single Screw；H．C．，Horizontal Compound；H．C．C．，Horizontal Compound Cylindrical；H．T．E．，Horizontal Triple Expansion；I．C．， Inclined Compound；V．Q．E．，Vertical Quadruple Expansion•V．T E．，Vertical Triple Expansion．

## NAVY－YARDS

1．Brooklyn Navy－Yard，Brooklyn，N．Y．

2．Charlestown Navy－Yard，Boston，Mass．
3．Portsmouth Navy－Yard，near Norfolk．Va．
4．Kittery Navy－Yard，opp．Portsmouth，N．H．
5．League Island Navy－Yard， 4 miles from City Hall，Philadelphia，Pa．
There are naval stations at New London，Ct．；Port Royal，S．C．；Bremerton，Wash．；Key West， Fla．，a torpedo and training station at Newport，R．I．，and a training station on Yerba Bhena Island， Cal．，and the Naval War College，Newport，R．I．．Capt．Charles H．Stocktou，President．

Naval stations have within the past year been established at San Juan，Por：Rico；Havana Cuba； Honolulu，H．I．，and Cavité，Philippine Islands．The latter has steadily grown in importance，and at the present time employs over 1,000 men．

## UNITED STATES NAVAL ENLISTMEIUT．

All applicants for enlistment in the naval service nust be of robust frame，intelligent，of perfectly sound and healthy constitution and free from any of the following physical defects：Greatly retarded development，feeble constitution，inherited or acquired；permanently impaired general health，decided cachexia，diathesis or predisposition，weak or disordered intellect，epilepsy or other convulsions within five years，impaired vision or chronic disease of the organs of vision，great dulness of bearing or chronic disease of the ears，chronic nasal catarrh，ozaena，polypi or great enlargement of the tonsils． marked impediment of speech，decided indications of liability to pulmonary disease，chronic cardiac affections，large varicose veins of lower limbs，chronic ulcers，unnatural curvature of the spine，per－ manent disability of either of the extremities or articulations from any cause，defective teeth．

The term of enlistment is for four years．Wages for landsmen，$\$ 16$ per month；ordinary seamen， $\$ 19$ ；seamen $\$ 24$ ；stewards，mechanics，etc．，$\$ 16$ to $\$ 60$ ；coal passers，$\$ 22$ ．Ages limited to from 21 to 35 years，except landsmen， 18 to 25 ，and ordinary seamen， 18 to 30.

Boys between the ages of 15 and 17，of good physique，may，with the consent of their parents or guardians，be enlisted to serve an apprenticeship in the navy until they arrive at the age of 21 years． Their pay at enlistment is $\$ 9$ per month，which，with length of service，is increased to $\$ 21$ ．

## THE NAVY-Continued.

# VESSELS OF THE NAVY IN COMMISSION. 

DECEMBER, 1899.

NORTH ATLANTIC STATION.
Rear-Admiral Norman H. Farquhar, Commander-jn Chief.
Address vessels care of the Navy Departunent.

| New York, Flagship.Capt. A.S. Snow | Machias. . . . . . . . . . Com. A. C. Logan. | Texas . . . . . . . . . . . Capt. C. D. Sigsbee. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vetroit...........Com J N. Hemnphill. | Massachusetts...... Capt. C. J. Train. | Vixen... . . . . . . . . . Lt.-Cm.W.W. Kimball |
| Indiraล. ..........Capt. F W. Dickins. | Scorpion........... 5 Lt.-Com. A. P Day. |  | SOUTH ATLANTIC STATION.

Rear-Admiral Winfield S. Schley, Commander-in-Chief.
Chicazo, Flagship. .Capt. C H. Rockwell. | Montgomery.... ..Com. J. P. Merrell. | Wilmington. . ....Com. C. O. AlHbone. PACIFIC STATION.
Rear-Admlral Albert K sutz, Commander-In-Chlef.
Address vessels of this station care Navy Pay Office, San Francleco, Cal.
Inwa, Flagship.....Capt. C. F. Goodrich. Marblehead.........Com. H. G O. Colby. Ranger ............. Com. Wella K. Flald. Aharends..........Com. B. F Tilley. Philadelphıs ........Capt. G. C. Reiter.

## ASIATIC STATION.

Rear-Admiral John C. Watson, Commmander-in-Chief.
Address vessels of this station Manila, P. I., care Post-Oftice, San Francisco, Cal.

Biltimore, Flagship.Capt. J. M. Forsyth. B=onington.........Comi. C. H. Arnold. Rrooklyn............Capt. T F. Jewell.
Bratus
Bratus ........... . . .
Callao................ Lieut. B Tappsan.
C:atine................ Cour. S. W. Very. Celtic..................t.-Coin.N.J.K.Patch. Coucord.............. Com. S. M. Ackley. Culgoa................ Com. J. W. Carlin. Dnu Juan de AustriaCom. T. C. MieLean.

Glacier.............. Li.-Con. J. B. Briggs. Helens ............. Cun. E. K. Mnore. Iris. ..................... W. H. Everett. Isia de Cuba........Com. F. P. Gilinore. Isla de Luzon . . . . . . Com. J. V.B. Bleecker Manila ...............Lt.-Com. A. P. Niazro. Marietta. ............. Com. E. H. G heen. Monalnock........ C int. J. Mctzowan. Nrw Orleans.......Cipt. E. Longnecker. Munocacy .......... Cim. G. A. Bickuell.

Monterey
Nash ville .........Capt, G. W. Pigman. Newark. .......................... B. H. McCalls. Oregon . . . . . . . . . . .Capt. G. F. F. Wilde Petrel
Princeton........... Coin. H. Knox Wheeling..... .....Com. W. T. Burwell. Yorktown . . . . . . . . . Com. C. S. Sperry. Yosemite. . . . . . . . Capt. G. E. Ide.
$\qquad$

## TORPEDO BOATS.


Gwin...............Lleut. J. S. Doddridge (in addition to Talbut). Talbet
Lieut. J. S. Doddridge
TRAINING SHIPS.
dляma ......Com. W, Goodwin .......... San Francisco, Cal. |Essex........Com F. Conrtis............Care Nary Department.
Asma ....... Com. W. Gontwin $\qquad$ Care Navy Departinent Chesap sake ...Com. J. G. Eaton............ Annapolis, Md
Consteliainn.Com. J. J. Hunker..........Newport, IR. I. Lancester . . Cspt. C. M. Thomas. Care Alliance .... Com. A. Ross .... Monongabela.Com. A. V Wadhams are Nayy Department. Penongahela.Com. A. V Wadhams...... Care Nary Departm
Pensacola....Capt. Heury Glass........ San Francisco, Cal. STATE NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIPS.
Enterprisp....Com. F. M. Wise...........Bostnn, M:ss. $\quad$ St. Mary's...Com W. H Reeder.......New York, N. Y. Enterprise.... Com. F.

SPECIAL SERVICE.
Amphitrite...Capt. E. S. Honston...... Care Navy Department. | Michigan ....Com. C. P. Perkins . ..... Erie, Pa.
Dolphin .....Lt.-Com. W. H. H. South- Nero .........Lt.-Com. H. M. Hodges...Sad Francisco, Cal.
erland. ........................... Ergle............Com. F. F. Fletcher.... Gibara, Cuba. Cal. Irequois...... . Lieut. C. F. Pond.... ..... Honoluln, H. I

Sylph Vlu . . . . . Lieut. W. J. Maxwell...... Washington, D. C.
UNASSIGNED VESSEIS
 Dixie.........Lieut.-Com. J. M. Roper. Care Navy Ifepartment. Uncas. ........Lieut. T. J. Senn............San Junn, P. R.
Resulite. . . . . Corm. J. D. J. Kelley.......New York, N. Y.
RECEIVING SHIPS.
Franklin......Capt. W. C. Wise..........Norfolk, Va. Independence Capt, C. S. Cottou..........Navy Yard, Mare Isl'nd Wabash......Capt. G. H. Wadleigh.......Navy Yard, Bostob. Richmond....Capt. J. J. Read..

Navy Yard, Mare Isl'nd
Navy Yard, League Is'nd
FISH COMMISSION SEIPS.
Albatross . . . . Com . J. F. Moser..........San Francisen, Cal. I Fish Hawk..Mate J. A. Smith.......... . Fish Commis'a, Wash'n
"Com." stands for Commander in all cases in this list.

## UNITED STATES NAVY PAY TABLE.

| Rank. | $\stackrel{\Delta t}{\text { Ses.* }}$ | On <br> Shore <br> Duty. | On Leave or Waiting Orders. | Rank. | 8ea.* | On Leave or Waiting Orders. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Admiral | \$13.500 | -13,500 |  | Medical and Pay Directors |  |  |  |
| P\%ar-Admirals, first nine | 7.500 | 6.375 | .... | and Inspectors and Chief |  |  |  |
| Rear-Admirals, second nine. | 5,510 | 4.675 | .... | Engineers having the same |  |  |  |
| Captains. | 3.500 | 2975 |  | rank at sea. | 84, 400 |  |  |
| Commanders | 3.0010 | 2,550 |  | Fleet-Surgeons, Fleet-Pay- |  |  |  |
| Lieutenant-Comman | 2.500 | 2,125 |  | masters, and Fleet-Engi- |  |  |  |
| Lientenants. | 1.800 | 1.530 |  | neers............. | 4,400 |  |  |
| Lieutenants (Junior Grade).. | 1,500 | 1,275 |  | Surgeons, Paymasters. | (2,800 | \$2.400 | 2,000 |
| Ensigns....................... | 1,400 | 1,190 |  | and Chief Engi- |  |  |  |
| Chief Boatswain, Chief Gun- |  |  |  | ngers......... ................. | $(4,200)$ | 4,000 8,000 | $3,000$ |
| ners, Chief Carpenters, Chief Sailmakers.............. | 1,400 | 1.400 |  | Chaplains. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}2,500 \\ \text { to }\end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,000 \\ \text { to } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,600 \\ & \text { to } \end{aligned}$ |
| Naval Cadets...................... | 500 | 500 | $\$ 500$ |  | (2,800. | 2,300 | 1,900 |
| Mates. ...... ..... ... | 900 | 700 | 500 |  |  |  |  |

Warrnt officers are paid from $\$ 700$ to $\$ 1,800$, petty officers fromi $\$ 360$ to $\$ 400$, and enlisted men from $\mathbb{8 1 9 3}$ to $4 \$ 30$ per annum. *Or shons duty beyond sea.

## ©eye State Juilitia of the States of the XMfort.

STRENGTH OF THE NATIONAL GUARD AND OF THE AVAILABLE ARMS-BEARIXG POPULATION OF EACH OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES.
Compiled for The World Almaxac from records in the War Department and reports from State authorities up to December 1, 1899, by Captain W. R. Hamilton, Seventh Artillery, U. A. A.

| States and Territories. | Official State Designation. |  | Cavalry. | Artillery. | Infantry. | Total Number Aurliorized. | Tuial Liabl to MIBlifary sirvice. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alabam | Alabamia State Troo | 29 | ... | 77 | 752 | 33,500 | 260,0ud |
| Alaska. | No organized militia. |  |  |  |  |  | 5,000 |
| Arizons | National Guard of Ariz | 9 |  |  | 541 | 893 | 19,200 |
| Arkans | Arkansas State Guard. | 26 | 132 | 146 | 1,650 |  | 214,000 |
| California | Nstional Guard of California | 42 |  |  | 3,240 | 5.459 | 340,060 |
| Colorado. | National Guard of Colorado. | 1 | 102 | 74 | 460 | 3,500 | 140,000 |
| Connecticu | National Guard of Conuecticu | $21$ |  | 78 | 2,512 | 4,108 | 163.000 |
| Delawar | National Guard of Delaware | 3 |  |  | 600 | - 50 | 36,00t |
| District of Colum | National Guard District of C | 36 | 74 | 64 | 1,200 | 3,3,0 | 47,vou |
| Florida . | Florida State Troops... | 6 |  | 130 | 1,2.0 | 1,454 | 79.000 |
| Georgia | Georgia Volunteers. | 74 | 366 |  | 2,212 | 12,330 | 33\%, 000 |
| Ifawail | 11swaiian National G | 8 | 12 |  | 1,600 | N. Ltd. | 12, uto |
| Itaho | Idaho National Gusrd. | 1 |  | 208 | 104 | N. Lti. | 24,600 |
| Iilinois. | Illinois National Guard | 26 | 268 |  | 6,000 | 9,812 | 852,600 |
| Indiana | Indiana Legion. | 1 |  |  |  | 4.600 | 455.060 |
| Indian T | No organized nititiz |  |  |  |  |  | $30,000$ |
| Iows... | Iowa National Guar | 22 | $\times 2$ |  | 1,268 | 5,000 | $40,000$ |
| Kansas | Kansas Nationsl Gua | 6 |  | 67 | 1,240 | 1,412 | 295,000 |
| Kentuck | Kentucky National Guar | 1 |  |  | 1,500 | 3,500 | 360,000 |
| Louisian | Louisiana State National G | 47 | 63 | 712 | 1,892 | ?,728 | 205,000 |
| Mrine. | Nationsl Guard State of Mrsine | 9 |  |  |  | +,000 | 133,000 |
| Marylan | Maryland National Guard.. | 1 | ... |  | 1,4is | 2,265 | 204, 0.0 |
| Michiga | Michigan National Guard. | 1 |  |  |  | 3,64t | 462,060 |
| Massachu | Massachusetts Volunteer Milit | 24 | 252 | 728 | \$,196 | 6,354 | 499,000 |
| Minnesot. | National Guard of Minnesota | $\stackrel{6}{6}$ |  |  | 1,200 | +,500 | 304,000 |
| Miss ssip | Mississippi National Guard | 1 | 162 |  | 1.092 | 1.800 | 225,000 |
| Missour | National Guard of Missourl. | 14 |  | 142 | 1,872 | 3.000 | 56'6,000 |
| Montana | National Guard of M Montana | 1 | 46 |  | 162 | N. Lta. | 55,000 |
| Nebrask | Nebraska National Guard | $5$ |  | 67 | 930 | 2,000 | 253,000 |
| Nevada. | Nevada National Guard | s |  | 61 | 300 | 1,700 | 14,000 |
| New Hamp | New Hampshire National G | $i$ |  |  | 1,164 | 1,709 | -9,000 |
| New Jersey | National Guard of New Jersey. | 61 | 134 |  | 4,490 | 6,223 | 313,000 |
| New Mexic | National Guard of New Mexico | 8 | 214 | 29 | 382 | 1.500 | 36,000 |
| New York | National Guard State of New Y | $\times 2$ | 390 | 412 | 13,112 | 15,000 | 1,300,000 |
| North Caro | North Carolina National Guard | 24 |  |  | 892 | 1.800 | 273,090 |
| North Dak | North Dakota National Gua |  |  |  | 764 | 9.6 | 45,000 |
| Ohlo. | Ohio National Guard. | 18 | 741 | 756 | 1,4¢8 | 9.587 | 767,000 |
| Oklahom | Oklahoma National Gua | 9 |  |  | 414 | 500 | 15,000 |
| Uregon. | Oregon National Guard. | 12 |  | 90 | 702 | 2,164 | 87,000 |
| Pennsylvauia. | National Guard Pennsyl | 84 | 326. | 410 | 928 | 10,8:8 | 1,144,000 |
| Philip!ine Island | No militia organized... | . |  |  |  |  | 700,009 |
| Porto Rico....... | United States Volunteers, Purto |  |  | $\cdots$ | 300 | 300 | 1:5,060 |
| Rhode lsla:nd... | Brigade of Rhode Island Militis. | 7 |  | 62 | $1,376$ | 1,571 | 75,0ن0 |
| South Carolina. | South Carolina Volunteer State Troops | 1 | 492 | 279 | 1,512 | N. itt. | 196,000 |
| South Dakuta. . | South Dakota National Guard....... | 14 |  | 64 | 846 | 1,030 | 80,000 |
| Tennessee.. | Natioual Guard State of Tenness | 9 |  |  | 1,728 | N. Ltd. | 324,000 |
| Texas. | Texas Volunteer Guard. . | 44 | 156 | 281 | 1,614 | 3,000 | 446,600 |
| Utah. | National Gnard of Utah. | 20 |  | 212 | 600 | 900 | 46,000 |
| Fermont. | National Guard of Vermon | 9 |  | 98 | 737 | 870 | 67,000 |
| Virginia. | Virginia Volunteers. | 17 | 128 | 74 | 3,128 | 5,104 | 295,000 |
| Washington | National Guarl of Washingt | 23 | 126 |  | 1,262 | 1,600 | $124,000$ |
| West Virginis | West Virginia National Guard | 13 |  |  | 1,006 | 1,438 | 147,000 |
| Wi íconsin. | Wisconsin National Guard. | 31 | 63 | 97 | 1,624 | 3,000 | 348,000 |
| Wyoming..... | Wyoming National Guard.... | 11 | ... | 92 | 1,078 | 1,1 10 | 25,049 |

Nore.-The above table is incomplete. Many of the States have not reorganized their militias since the end of the spanish-American War of 1898. Others have their returns in an incomplete condition, while nome wi I not report any figure at present. -W, R. H.

## Nadal nulitia.

The Naval Milltia is now organized in eighteen States and in the District of Culumbia, as follows: Calfornia, Captain L. H. Turner; Connecticut, Lieutenant-Commander A. H. Day; District of Columbia, Commander S. G. Hopkins; Florida, Commander J. W. Fitzgerald; Georgia, Commander F. D. Aiken; Illinois, Captain 13 M. Shaffuer; Louisiana, Commander J. W. Bostick; Maryland, Commander I. E. Emerson; Massachusetts, Captain J. W. Weeks; Michigan, Commander G. Wilkes; New Jersey, Battalion of the East, Commander W. Irving, Battalion of the West, Commander H. R. Cohen: New York, Captain J. W. Miller; North Carolina, Commander G. L. Morton; Ohio, Lieutenant-Commander A. U. Betts, commanding First Battalion, Lieutenant-Commander G. R., McKay, commanding Second Battalion; Oregon, Lieutenant-Commander W. A. sherman: Pennsylvania, Commander J. S. Mruckle; Rhode Island, Commander W. MI. Little; Suth Carolina, Commander R. II. Pinckney; Virginia, (ommander H. L. C'annon.

The proper duty of the Naval Militia in time of war should be to man the coast and harbor defenes vessels, thus leaving free the regular force to carry on offensive operations at sea.

All matters relating to the Naval Militia come under the cognizance of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy. Total enlisted force of petty officers and men on January 1, 1899, 5, 439. The Navy Department transacts all its business with the Naval Militia through the Governorsand the AdjutantsGeneral of the States. The officer of the Navy Department at Washington having cognizauce of Naval Militia matters is Lleutenant W. H. H. Southerland, U. S. N.

## 造iplomatit ant eomstlat Sexbite.

AMBASSADORS EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTTARY.

Country.
Frauce........... H Great Britain...Joseph H. Choate, N. Y.... 17,500 ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND Argentine Rep. William P. Lord, Oregon. . $\$ 10,000$ Aust.-Iungary. Addison C. Harris, Ind..... 10,000 Belgium......... Laurence Townsend, Pa.... 7500
Bolifia.......... George H. Bridgman N.J.. 5,004
Brazil ......... Charles Page Bryan 11. . 12,000
Chile..............Henry L. Wilson, Wash.... 10,000
China ............ Ed

Colombia. ....... Charles Burdett Hart, W.Va 10,000
Ienmark........Laurits S. Swenson, Minn.. 7,500
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Ecuador ...........Archibald J. Simpson, Ariz. } & 5,000 \\ \text { Greece.........Arthur S. Hardy, N. H.*.. } & 6,500\end{array}$
Guatemala......W. Godfrey Hunter, Ky. $\dagger .$. . 10,000
Hayti..............Vm. F. Powell, N. J.§....... 5,000

## Country.

 Name and state.Sixtary.
Italy.......... William F. Draper, Mass. . $\$ 12,100$
Mexico......... Powell Clayton, Ark. ...... 17,500
Russia.........Charlemagne Tower, Pa.... 17,500

## ministers resident and consuls-general.



## CONSULAR SERVICE

C. G., Consul-General; C., Consul; V. C., Vice-Consul; D. C., Deputy Consul; C. A., Commercial Agent; Agt., Agent.

There are about 750 consular representatives of the United States of the several grades abroad. Those at the principal places in the world are given here. Where there are a consul and vice or deputy consul at the same place only the consul is given.



[^27]§ Also charge d'affaires to San Domingo.
ii Also Secretary of Legation at Costa Rica and Salvador.

DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE-Continued.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3,500 | Coaticook, Que..Jesse H. Johnson, Tex., C. . 1,500 |
|  | Collingw'd,Ont. William Small, D. C., C..... 2,000 |
| La Rochelle ....George H. Jackson, Ct. , C... 1,500 | Cork, Queenst..Daniel Swiney, Ohio, C ..... 2,000 |
| Lime.............. W. Gregoisa, Fran | Dawson, |
| Limoges . . . . . . Walter T. Griffin, N. Y. C.A. 1,500 | Ter..........J.James C. McCook, Pa., C.... 3,000 |
| Lyons . . . . . . . John C. Covert, Ohio, C.... 2,500 | Demerara. . . . . George H. Moulton, Col., C. 3,000 |
| Marseilles $\ldots$. . . Robert P. Skinner, Ohio, C.. 2,500 | Dover............ Francis W. Prescott Agt... $\quad \ldots 00$ |
| Mart'que, W. I. George L. Darte, Pa., C....... Monaco. ...... Emile de Loth, Monaco, Agt. M | Dublin............Joshua Wilbour, R. I., C.... 2,000 |
|  | Dundee............John C. Higgius, Del., C. ... 2,500 Dunfermline....John N. McCunn, Wis. C... 2,000 |
| Nice.............. Harold S. Van Buren, N.J., C. $^{\text {V }}$ 1,500 | Durban, Natal..A. H. Rennie, Natal, Agt... |
| Parls............John K. Gowdy , Ind. . C. G... 5,000 | Edinburgh......Rufus Fleming, Ohio, C..... $2,0.500$ |
| Paris............E.P. MacLean | Falmouth.......Howard Fox, England, C... Fees. |
| Paris. . . . . . . . . . J. Allison Bowen, Ill., D.C.G. | Fort Erle, Ont..Ossian Be |
| Rennes ......... Ernest Folliard, France, Agt. | Gibraltar........ Horatio J. Sprague, Mass., C. 1,500 |
| Rheims..........Wm. A. Prickitt, N. J. C.... 2,000 | Glasgow ... ....s. Samuel M. Taylor, Ohio, C... 3,000 |
| Roubaix.........Wm. P. Atwell, D. C., C...... 2,000 | Goderich, Ont. .Robert S. Chilton, D. C., C.A. 1,500 |
| Rouen...........E.M.J.Dellepiane,Cal.,V.C. Fees. | Guelph, Ont.... Charles N. Daly, N. J., C.... 1,500 |
| Saigon, | Haliiax, N. S....John G. Foster, Vt., C. G.... 3,500 |
|  | Hamilton, Ber.. W. Maxwell Greene, R.I., C. 2,000 |
| . Etienne. .... Hilary S. Brunot, Pa., C..... 2,000 | Hamilton, Ont..Jas. M. Shepard, Mich., C.... 2,000 |
| . Nazaire......Thos. Sankey, F | Hobart, Tasm... Alex. G. Webster, Tasm., C. Fees. |
| Pierre C ar Freema | Hong Kong. . . . R. Wildman, Cal., C. G....... 5,000 |
| Tahiti, | Huddersfield...Benjamin F. Stone, Ohio, C. 2,500 |
| Islands........Jacob L. Doty, N. Y., C....... 1,000 | Hull, Eng, ...... William P. Smyth, Mo., C... 1,500 |
| Tamatave,Mad- Miffin W Gibbs, Ark, C , ,000 |  |
| agascar.. ...... Miflin W. Gibbs, Ark., C... 2,000 | Kingston, Jam. Ethelbert Watts, Pa., C....... 3,000 |
| oulon............ Benj. A. Jouve, France, Agt. | Kingston, Ont. .Marsh. H.Twitchell, La., C. 1,500 Leeds. ......... Lewis Dexter, R I C..... 2,000 |
| x la Chapelle.Frank M. Brundage, Pit., C. . 2, $\mathrm{c}_{\text {co }}$ | Liverpool.......JJames Boyle, Ohio, C.......... 5,000 |
| aaberg.......John F. Winter, Ill., C....... 2,500 | Londonderry... P. T. Rogers, Ireland, Agt.. .... |
| berg....... .Louis Stern, Minn, C. A.... 2,000 | Limerick........Edmund Ludlow |
| Max Boucinsein, Ill. C..... 3,000 | London........ Wm. M.Osborne, Mass., ©.G. 5,000 |
| Berlin........... Frank H. Mason, Ohio, C.G. 4,000 |  |
| Bremen ........H. W. Diederich, D.C.. C. . .. 2,500 | Londou |
| meu......... . ${ }^{\text {eorge H. Murphy }}$ | London, Ont....Henry S. Culvert. Ohio, C. .. 1,500 |
| eslau.......... Charles W. Erdman, Ky., C. 1,000 |  |
| Brunswick...... Talbot J. Albert, Md., C.... ${ }^{2,000}$ | Malta...........J.John H. Grout, Jr., Mass., C. 1, 0 C0 |
| Chemnitz. . . . . . James C. Monaghan, R. I., C. 2,500 | Manchester.....W W. F. Grinnell, N. Y., C.. 3,000 |
| Coburg.......... Oliver J. D. Hughes, Ct., C. .. 2,000 | Melbourne......John P. Bray, N. Dak., C.G. 4,500 |
| Cologne. ........ John A. Barnes, Ill., C...... 2,000 | Moncton, N. B..G. Beutelspatcher, O., C. A. Frees. |
| refeld..........Julian Phelps, Iowa, C...... 2,000 | Montreal........John L. Bittinger, Mo., C. G. 4,000 |
| Dautzic.......... Philip Albrecht, | Nassau, N.P....Thomas J.McLain, Ohio, C. 2,000 |
| esden......... Charles L. Cole, Pa. , C. G.... 3,000 |  |
| üsseldorf...... George P. Pettit, Pa. , C...... 2,000 | Tyne..........Horace W. Metcalf, Me., C. . 2,000 |
| ankfort....... RichardGuenther, Wis., C.G. 3,000 | Newcastle, |
| Frelburg,Baden E. Theophilus Liefeld, Ct., C. 1,500 | S. W..........FrederickW. Goding, Ill, C. Fees. |
| Glauchau........George Sawter, Ct. , C....... 2,000 | Niagara Falls, |
| Hamburg....... Hugh Pitcairn, Pa., C....... 2,500 | Out............Harlan W. Brush, N.Y., C.. 1,500 |
| Hanover........Jay White, Mich. , C......... 1,500 | Nottingham....silas C. McFarland, Iowa, C. 2,500 |
| Kehl ............ Alexander Wood, Pa., C. ... 1,500 | Ottawa, Ont. ....Charles E. Turner, Ct., C. G. 3,000 |
| Leipsic..........B. H. Warner, Jr. , Md. . C. 2,000 | Plymouth.......Joseph G. Stephens, Ind., C. Fees. |
| übeck..........J.Jacob Meyer, Jr., Ger., Agt. $\quad .0$ | Port Hope Jnt.Harry P. Dill, Me., C. A..... 1,500 |
| ainz.......... Walter schumann, N. Y., C. 2,500 |  |
| , | ritius.........John P. Campbell, Cal., C. .. 2,000 |
| Munich . . . . . . . James H. Worman, N.Y., C. 2,000 | Pt. Sarnia, Ont. Neal McMillan, Mich., C.... 1,500 |
| Nuremberg. .... Gustave C.E.Weber, Ohio, C 3,000 | Portsmonth .... William J. Main, Eng., Agt. |
| Plauen.......... Thomas W. Peters, D. C., C. 2,500 | Pt. Stanley, F.I.John E. Rowen, Iowa, C.... 1.500 |
| Stettin . . . . . . . . John E. Kehl, Ohio, C....... 1,000 | Prescott, Ont. . Grenville James, N. Y., C... 1,500 |
| Stuttgart. . . . . . . Edward H.Ozmun, Minn., C. 2,500 | Quebec........ William W. Henry, Vt., C.. 1,500 |
| Weimar......... Thos. Ewing Moore, D.C., C. 2,000 |  |
| Zittau........... William K. Herzog, Ill., C.. 1,500 | St. Helena...... Robert P. Pooley, N. ${ }^{\text {Y }}$., C... 1,500 |
| Britain and Domi | St. John, N. B..Ira B. Myers, Ind., C........ 2,000 |
|  |  |
| den, Arabia...E.S. Cunningham, Tenn., C.. Fees. | St. John's, Que.Charles Deal, N.Y., C....... 1,500 |
| Antigua, W. I.. Henry M. Hunt, Ill., C..... 1,500 | St.Steph' ${ }^{\text {, N.B.Chas. A.McCullough, Me., C. }} 1$ |
| Auckland, N. Z..Frank Dillingham, Cal., C.. 2,000 | St.Thomas,Ont.Michael J. Burke, Inl, C.... $2,(00$ |
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## 式oreigu Comsuls in the Omitey states.

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## 

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, 55TH AN゙D 561H CONGRESSES.

| Stathes. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIFTY-FIFTH } \\ & \text { CONGRESS. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FIFTY- } \\ \text { SIXTH } \\ \text { CONGRESS. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | States. | Fifty-fifth Congress.* |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { FIFTY: } \\ & \text { SIXTH } \\ & \text { CONGRESS. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { घ் } \\ \text { ค่ } \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{\dot{2}}{\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\sim}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \circ \\ \hline 0.1 \\ \hline 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { घ゙ } \\ & \AA . \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\dot{\sim}}{\stackrel{y}{4}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\circ} \\ & 0 \\ & \text { \& } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { g్ర } \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\underset{\sim}{4}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{0} \\ & \dot{0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { घ் } \\ & \text { ค } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{4}}$ | - |
| Alabama.. | 8 |  | 1 |  |  |  | Nevada........... |  |  | 1 |  |  | 19 |
| Arkansas. | 6 |  |  | 6 |  |  | New Hampshire |  | $8$ |  |  |  |  |
| California........ | 2 | 3 | $2$ | 1 | 6 |  | New Jersey. ....... |  | $\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ 29 \end{array}$ |  | $12$ | $16$ |  |
| Colorado........ | $\cdots$ |  | $2$ |  |  | 21 | New york.. <br> North Carolina. | 5 | $29$ |  | 18 | 16 |  |
| Connecticut .... | "i | 4 |  |  | 4 | $\cdots$ | North Carolina.. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | $7$ | 1 |  |
| Florida. | 2 | $\cdots$ |  | $\dot{2}$ | . | $\cdots$ | Ohio. | 6 | 15 |  | 6 | 15 |  |
| ( ${ }^{\text {eorgia }}$ | 11 | $\ldots$ |  | 11 |  |  | Oregon |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Ifaho | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 II | Pennsylvania | 3 | 27 |  | 10 | 90 |  |
| lllinois | 5 | 17 | . | 8 | 14 |  | Rhode Island |  | 2 |  |  | 2 |  |
| Indiama | -4 | 9 | . | 4 | 9 | . | South Carolina.. | 7 |  |  | \% |  |  |
| lowa. | $\ddot{\square}$ | 11. |  | . | 11 | 1 | Tonth Dakota... | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| liansas. | - | $2$ |  |  |  | 1 | Tennessee........ | 8 | $2$ |  | 8 | 2 |  |
| İentucky........ | E | $4$ |  | 9 | 2 |  | Texas................. | 12 | 1 |  | 12 | 1 |  |
| Monisiana ....... | 6 |  | $\ldots$ | 6 |  |  | Utah | 1 |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |
| Maine <br> Maryland |  | $\frac{4}{6}$ |  | 2 | 4 |  | Virminia | 8 | 2 |  | 10 | 2 |  |
| Massachus | 1 | 12 |  | 3 | 10 |  | Washingtol | 2 |  |  |  | 2 |  |
| Michigan.. | 2 | 10 | $\cdots$ |  | 12 |  | West Virgin |  | 4 |  |  | 3 |  |
| Minmesota |  | 7 |  |  | 7 |  | Wisconsin. |  | 10 |  |  | 10 |  |
| Mississippi | ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | $1{ }^{1}$ |  |  | Wyoming | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Missouri <br> Montana |  |  | - | 12 |  |  | Total | $134+$ | 206 | 16 | 164 | 183 | 8** |
| Nebraska | 4 | 2 |  | 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* As constituted at the beginning of the first session. $\dagger$ Including 15 members classer as Fusionists, $\ddagger$ Including 3 members classed as Silver party. \| Colorado, one Populist, one Silver party. ©i The Idaho and Nevada Representatives are classed as Silver party. ** Six Populists, 2 Silver party.

PARTY DIVISIONS IN CONGRESS SINCE THE FORMATION OF THE REPURLICAN PARTY IN 1856.

| CONGRESSES. | YEARS. | Senate, |  |  |  |  | House of Representativer. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Dem. | Rep. | Amer. | Union. | Ind. | Dem. | Rep. | A mer. | Union. | Ind. |
| KXXV….... | $\overline{1857-1859}$ | 39 | 20 | 5 |  |  | 131 | 92 | 14 |  |  |
| ENXİ | 1861-1863* | 10 | 31 | .. | 2 | .. | 42 | 106 | 23 | 28 |  |
| YXVIIH | 186:3-1865* | 9 | 36 | $\ldots$ | 5 | .. | 75 | 102 |  |  | 9 |
| YXXIX | 1865-1867 | 11 | 41 | .. | . | $\ldots$ | 40 | 145 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |
| X1, | 1867-1869 | 11 | 42 | . | . | . | 49 | 143 |  | .. |  |
| N1/1 | 1869-1871 | 11 | 58 | .. | $\ldots$ | . | 78 | 151 | . | .. |  |
| $\checkmark 1.11$ | 1871-1873 | 17 | 57 | .. | $\cdots$ |  | 103 | 138 | . | . | ${ }_{1.4}{ }^{+}$ |
| Y1, 1 | 1873-1875 | 20 | 47 | . | $\cdots$ | 7 | 92 | 194 | .. | . | 1.4 |
| CHIV | 1815-18,7 | $\stackrel{29}{ }$ | 43 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $2+$ | 168 | 107 | . | . |  |
| yliv | 1879-1881 | 44 | 32 | $\cdots$ | $\because$ |  | 148 | 129 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $16 \ddagger$ |
| X1VII....... | 1881-1883 | 38 | 37 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 1 | 138 | 146 |  |  | $10 \pm$ |
| 11, 711 | 1883-1885 | 36 | 4011 | $\ldots$ | .. |  | 198 | 124 |  |  | 1 |
| ILIK | 1885-1887 | 34 | 42 | . | .. | .. | 204 | 120 |  |  | $1 \pm$ |
| 1............. .... | 1887-1889 | 37 | 39 |  | .. | .. | 168 | 153 |  |  | 4 |
| 1.1 | 1889-1891 | 37 | 39 |  |  |  | 1.9 | 166 |  |  |  |
| L11:............ | 1891-1893 | 39 | 47 | $\cdots$ |  | 29 | 236 | 88 |  | . | 8 |
| 1.111**......... | 1893-1895 | 44 | 38 | .. |  | 39 | $2: 20$ | 126 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 8 |
| 1.15 | 1895-1897 | 39 | 42 | . | $\cdots$ | 5 T! | 104 | 246 | .. | .. | 79 |
| Lic | 1897 1899499 | 34 | 46 51 | . | $\cdots$ |  | 1348 | $\underline{206}$ |  |  | 169 8.815 |

Parties as constituted at he beginning of each Congress are given. These figures were fiable to ch:inge by contests for seats, etc.

* During the Civil War most of the Southern States were unrepresented in Corgress.
$\dagger$ Liberal Republicans.
$\ddagger$ Greenbackers.
$\$$ David Davis, Independent, of Illinois.
If Two Virg nia senators were Readjusters, and voted with the Republicans.
fi People's party, except that in the House of Representatives of the Fifty-fourth Congress une member is classed as silver party.
** Tirree Senate seats were vacant (and continued so) and two Representative seats were unfilled (Rhode Island had not yet effected a choice) when the session began. Rhode Island subsequently elected two Republicans.
$\ddagger$ Five Populists, two Silver party, three Independents. $\$ \delta$ Including fifteen members classed as Fusionists. बiा Including three members classed as Silver party. There was one vacancy.
$\pm \ddagger$ Five Populists, three silver party.
बढा Four copulists. two illver arty, two Independents, two Fusionists, and four vacabcies, which will probably be filled by Republicans.


## (e)

BEEAN MARCH 4, 1899, AND ENDS MARCH 4, 1901.
SENATE.
President protemporf...................................William P. Frye, Rep., of Maine. Secretary..............................................William R. Cox, Dem., of North Carolina.

|  | Senstors. | \% | Post-Office Address. | Place of Birth. |  | College. |  | Preseut Vocation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1901 | A labama. <br> John T. Morgant |  | Selma | Tennessee |  |  |  | Not stated |
| 1903 | Edm'd W. Pettust. | D | Selma | Alabama | 18. 1 | Cliston................. |  | Lawyer |
| 1.90 | Arkansas. <br> James H. Berryt. | D. | Bentonville . | Alabama. | 1841 |  |  | awyer |
| 1903 | James K. Jonest. | I. | Washington. | Mississipp | 1839 |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1903 | California. George C' Perkins . | R. | Oakland | Mai | 1839 |  |  | Merchant |
| 1905 | A Republican...... Colurano. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1901 | Edw. O. Wolcott $\ddagger$ | R. | Denver | Massachusetts.. | 1848 | Harvard Law School | 1871 | Lawyer |
| 1903 | Henry M. Teller... CONNECTICUT. | 1 | Central City .. | New York...... | 1830 | Alfred University.. |  | Lawyer |
| 1.903 | Orville H. Platt.. | R. | Meriden | Connecticut | 1827 |  |  |  |
| 1905 | Joseph R. Hawley $\ddagger$ Delaware. | R. | Hartford | North Carolina. | 1826 | Hamilt | 1847 | Not stated |
| 1901 | Richard K. Kenney | D. | Dover | Delawar | 1856 |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1905 | A Republican...... Florida. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1903 | Steph. R. Mallory $\dagger$ | D. | Pensacola | South Carolina. | 1848 | George | 1869 | Lawyer |
| 1905 | J. P. Taliaferrot... Georgia. | D | Jacksonville.. | Virginia ........ | 1847 |  |  | Bank Pres. |
| 1901 | Augustus O. Bacon $\dagger$ | D. | Macon ........ | Georgia | 1839 | Univ. of Geor |  | er |
| 1903 | Alex. S Clay.......... IDaHo. | D. | Marietta | Georgia. | 1853 | Hiwassee (Pa.) | 1875 | Lawyer |
| 1901 | George L. Shoup $\ddagger$ | R . | Salmon City.. | Pennsylvania | 1836 |  |  | tated |
| 1903 | Henry Heitfeld.. Illinois. | P. | Lewiston. | Missour | 1859 |  |  |  |
| 1901 | Shelby M. Cullom.. | R. | Springfield... | Kentucky | 1829 | Rock Riv | 53 | Lawyer |
| 1903 | William E. Mason. IndIANA. | R. | Chicago......... | New York | 1850 | Birmingham |  | Lawyer |
| 1903 | Chas. W. Fuirbanks | R. | Indianapolis. | O | 1852 | Ohio Wesleyan | 872 | Lawyer |
| 1905 | Albert J Beveridge lowa. | R. | Indianapolis... |  | 1862 | De Pauw University. |  | Lawyer |
| 1901 | Johu H. Gear..... | R. | Burlington | New | 1825 |  |  | ot stater |
| 1903 | William B. Allison. | R. | Dubuque | Ohio............. | 1829 | Western Reserve |  | ot stated |
| 1901 | Iucien Baker. | R. | Leavenw orth | Ohi | 1847 |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1903 | William A. Harris $\dagger$ Kentucky | P. | Linwoor | Virgin | 1841 | Colun | 1859 | Farmer |
| 1901 | William Lindsayt. | D. | Frankfort | Virginia | 1335 |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1903 | Willianı J. Deboe.. | R. | Marion. | Kentucky | 1849 | F | 1875 | Lawyer |
| 1901 | Donelson Cafferyt. | D. | Franklin | Louisiana |  | U. Mar |  | Lawyer |
| 1903 | sam. D. MicEnery | D. | New Orleans. | Louisiana....... |  | Univ. of Virginia |  | Lawyer |
| 1901 | William P. Frye | R. | Lewiston | Main | 1831 | Bowdot | 1850 | Lawyer |
| 1905 | Eugene Hale....... Maryland. | R. | Ellsworth | Maine. | 1836 |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1903 | Geo. L. Wellington | R. |  |  |  |  |  | Railway Pres |
| 1905 | Louis E. McComas Massach USETTS. | R. | Williamsport. | Marylan |  |  | 186 | Lawser |
| 1901 | George F. Hoar... | $\mathrm{R}^{\mathrm{R}}$. | Worcester | Massachusetts. |  |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1305 | Henry C. Lodge.... Michigan. | R. | Nahant. | Massachusetts. . | 1850 | H | 1871 | Not stated |
| 1901 | James McMillan... | R. | Detroit ...... | Canada ......... | 1838 |  |  | Manufacturer |
| 1905 | Julius C, Burrows $\ddagger$. Minnesota. | R. | Kalamazoo. | Pennsylvania.. | 1837 |  |  |  |
| 1901 | Knute N isisonf... | R. | Alexandria.. | Norwa |  |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1905 | Cushman K. Davis $\ddagger$ Mississippi. <br> Wm. V. Sullivan* | R. | St. Paul....... |  | 1838 |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1905 | H. D. Moneyt..... | D. | Carrolltó | Mississippi | 1839 | Uviv. of Mississipp | 1860 | Lawyer |
|  | Missouri. George G Vest $\dagger$ | D. | weet Springs |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1945 | F. M. Cockrellt | D. | Warrensburg. | Missouri. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Montana. |  |  |  |  |  | 180 | Lawyer |
| 1901 | Thomas H. Carter.. | R. | Helena........ <br> Butte | Ohio. |  |  |  | Lawyer |
| 1905 | Wm. A. Clark ... NEBRASKA. | D. | Butte.......... | Pennsylvania.. |  | Lowaw esleyan Univ. |  | Mining |
| 1901 | John M. Thurston.. | R. | Om | Vermont |  | Wayland Tniv (Wis. |  | Lawyer |
| 1905 | Wm. V. Allen $\ddagger(c)$. | P. | Ma | Ohio |  | Upp |  | Lawyer |


D., Democrats, 26, R . Republicans. 52 ; P.. Populists, 5 : I., Independents, 3 ; S., Silver Party, 1. When A LMANAC went to press three Republicans were yet to be elected by the Legislature of California. Delaware, and Utah, and possibly Pennsylvania if the appointment of Mr. Quay by the fovernor is not accepted by the senate.

* Temporary appointment by the Goveruor, vice. E. C. Walthall, deceased. I Served in the Confederate Army during the Civil War $\ddagger$ Served in the Union Army during the Civil War. § Appointed by the Governor to fill vacancy caused by death of Justin S. Morrill.
( (t) Also Chairman Board of Directors of New Vork Central, Lake Shore, and Michigan Central Railroads. (b) Appointed by the (iovernor: but his admission to the Senate was not passed upou by that body when the ALMANAC went to press. (c) Appointed by the (iovernor to fill vacancy caused by death of M. L. Hayward.

Vocations. - Lawyers. 58; merchants 2; farmers, 4; nıanufacturers, 2: juurnalists, 2; miners, 2: railroad presidents, 2; president express company, 1: stock raiser, 1 ; bunk president, 1; coal and iron. 1: coal mining. 1, lnmber, 1 ; retired, 1 ; vocation not stated, 8 . Total. 87 , with three Senators yet to be chosen when this list was compiled. The oldest senator in years is Mr. Pettus, of Alabama, whu is 78; the youngest, Marion Butler. of North Carolina. who is 36 .

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

Alezander McDowell, Rep., of Pennsylvania.



The Fifty-siath Congress.-Continued.




THE FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS-Continued.

| $\begin{aligned} & \dot{E} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{E} \\ & \dot{E} \end{aligned}$ | Reprscoutatives, | (䞨 | Post-Oflice Address. | Place of Birth. |  | College. |  | Present Vocation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wisconsin-Continued. Alex. Stewart*. | R. | Wausau....... | Canada. | $1829$ |  |  |  |
| $10^{5}$ | John J. Jenkins* $\ddagger$ |  | Chip' wa Falls | England. | 1843 |  |  | Lawyer |
|  | Frank W. Mondell**.. |  | Newcastle | Missourl |  |  |  |  |

DELEGATLS FROM TERRITORIES.


[^28] Army during the Civil War. $\ddagger$ Served in the Union Army during the Civil War. $\delta$ Served in the Confederate Army during the Civil War, the Spanish-American War, and the war in the fhilippines. (a) Served in the Spanish-American War. (b) At the time the Almanac went to press Mr. Roberts had been refused seat in the House, pending action by the committee appointed to determine his eligibility. (c) Will resign in January, 1900, to become Governor of Maryland.

Vocations, -Lawyers, 233; farmers, 17 ; public officials, 2 , manufacturers, 14 : merchants. 6 ; journalists 6 ; bankers, 12 ; editors, 5 ; physicians, 2 ; retired, 3 ; real estate, 5 ; lumberman, 1 ; planter, 1 ; insurance, 2 ; teachers, 3 ; mining, 1 ; educator, 1 ; contractor, 1 ; speculator, 1 ; milling, 1 ; railroad agent, 1 ; timber lands, 1 ; stock raiser, 1 ; insurance surveyor, 1 ; operators, 2 ; civil engineers, 2 ; printer, 1 ; fruit packer, 1 ; brewer, 1 ; grain dealer, 1 ; tobacco, 1 ; oil producer, 1 ; advertising signs, 1 ; coal operator, 1 ; follow no vocation, 2 ; vocation not stated, 19 ; no detailed report, 3 ; total, 357 .

The oldest Representative is Mr. Grow, of Pennsylvania, boru in 1823; the youngest is Mr. John J. Fitzgerald, of New York, born in 1872.

OThFK Officers of the House of Representatives. - Rev. H. N. Couden, Chaplain; Henry Casson, Sergeant-at-Arms; Willian J. Glenn, Doorkeeper; Joseph C. McElroy, Postmaster.

## Duviciary of tye State of NVem Yout. <br> JUDCES OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

 $\$ 3,000$. Reporter-Edmund H. Smitb, Rep., Albany salary, $\$ 5,000$.

## JUDGES OF THE APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.

18t. The county of New York.

2d. The countles of Kings, Queens. Richmond, Suffolk, Rockland, Westchester, Putnam, Orange, Dutchess.

3d. The counties of Sullivan, Ulster, Greene, Columbia, Scoharie, Albany, Rensselaer, Fulton, Montgomery, Saratoga,
Wasbington, Warren, Hamilton, Essex, Clinton, Franklin, St. Lawrence, Delaware, Otsego, Broome, Chenango, Madison, Cortland, Tioga, Tompkins, Scbuyler, Chemung.
4 th. The counties of Herkimer, Oneida, Lewis, Jefferson, Oswego, Onondaga, Cayuga, Seneca, Wayne, Ontario, Yates, Steuben, Livingston, Monroe, Allegany, Wyoming, Genesee, Orleans, Niagara, Erie, Cattaraugus, chautauqua
.

Willlam F. Adams....
$\left\lvert\, \frac{\text { Residences. }}{\text { New York....... }}\right.$

Clerk-Willianı H. Shankland, Rep., Albany: Salary, $\$ 5,000$. Denuty-Richard M, Barber; salary,

## JUDICIARY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK-Continued.

## JUSTICES OF THE SUPRETE COURT.

THE yearly salaries of Justices of the Supreme Court are $\$ 7,200$, except in New York and kings counties, where they receive additional compensation from those counties.


* Judges of the former New Sork City Superior Court. † Judges of the former New Sork Court of Commou Pleas. All of limited furisdiction.
(January 1, 1900.)
Governor.............Theo. Roosevelt, Oyster Bay..Term ex. Dec, 31. 1900. .Salary, $\$ 10,000$ and mansion. Lieutenant-Governor.Timothy L. Woodruff, B'klyn. Secretary to the Governor

William J. Youngs.......... 1900.
" 5,000.

Secretary of State. $\qquad$ John T. McDonough, Albany ....'I'erm ex. Dec

## Comptroller

William J. Morgan, Bufialo
erm
State Treasurer.
Attomey-Gieneral.
State Enginee and..............John C. Davies, Camden............ .
ate Engineer and Surveyor. .
Supt. of Public Instruction ....
Superintendent of Insurance ... Charles s.sinner, w atertown.
Superintendent Banhing Dept...
Superintendent State Prisons...
Superintendent public
Deputy Secretary of State - J. B. H. Mongin.
Deputy Supt. of Insurance (1st)-Robert H. Hunter.
Deputy Supt of Insurance (2d)-Henry D. Appleton.
Tax Commissioner-J. Edgar Leaycraft, Dec. 31, 1900.
$\because \quad$ " $\quad$ George I. Priest, Dec. 31, 1901.
Salaries, $\$ 2,500$ each.

> CANAL BOARD.

Lieutenant-Governor, Timothy L. Woodruff.
Secretary of State, John T. McDonough.
Comptroller, Williain J. Morgan.
State Treasurer, John P. Jaeckel.
Attorney-General, John C. Davies.
State Engineer and Surveyor, Edward A. Bond.
Superintendent of Public Works.
The Tax Commissioners, with the Commissione
$\qquad$
Reilroad Commissioner-

| ex. Dec. | 31, 1900.. | lary, \$5,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1900.. | 6,000 |
| " ${ }^{6}$ | 1900. | 5,000 |
| 6 | 1900. | 5,000 |
| . | 1900.. | 5,000 |
| April | 6,1901.. | 5,000 |
| $\because$ Feb. | 11, 1900... | 7,000 |
| " May | 9, 1902 | 5,000 |
| $\because$ April | 17, 1903. | 6,000 |
| Dec. | 31, 1900 | 6,000 | Equalization.

STATE ARCHITECT.
George Lewis Heins, New York. Salary, $87,500$. COMMISSIONERS OF CANAL FUND.
Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, C'omptroller, State Treasurer, Attorney-General.

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CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONERS.
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Willard A. Cobb, Lockport.
William M. Collier, Auburn.
Silas W. Burt, New York.
Charles S. Fowler, Albany, Chief Examiner. Salaries of Commissioners, $\$ 2,000$ each.
State board of arbitration and mediation Francis B. Delehanty.
James M. Gilbert.
W. H. H. Webster.

Salaries, $\$ 3,000$ each. Dec. 31,1901 , all terms expire.
FISILERIES, GAME, AND FOREST COMMISSIONERS.
Barnet H. Davis, Palmyra.
Edward Thompson, Northville.
William R. Weed, Potsdam.
H. S. Holden, Syracuse.

Charles H. Babcock, Rochester.
President's salary, $\$ 3,000$.
THE GOVERNOR'S STAFF.
Adjt. - General and Chies of Staff
Military Secretary-Col. George C. Treadwell. Aides-de-Camp-Maj. Craig Wadsworth, Capt. William Littauer, Capt. F. Norton Goddard, Capt. Davids. Iglehart.

Detailed from the National Guard.
Aides-de-Camp-Lieut.-Col. William H. Chapin, 65th Regiment; Lieut.-Col. Harry H. Treadwell, 22d Regiment; Capt. George A. Wingate, $23 d$ Regiment; Capt. James M. Andrews, 36th Separate Company; First-Lieut. William I. Flanagan, 2d Battery; First-Lieut. Adrian W. Mather, 10th Battalion: 'First-Lieut. Frank J. Miller', 41 s Separate Company ; First-Lieut. Robert K. Prentice, Squadron "A", Second-Lieut. James W. Cleveland, 7th Regiment.

Detailed from the Naval Militia.
Aide-de-Camp-Lieut.-Com. Samuel D. Greene.
State factory inspector.
John Williams, Utica. ※alary, $\$ 3,000$.

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STATE FISH CULTURIST.
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A. N. Cheney. Salary, $\$ 3,000$.

COURT OF CLAIMS.
John M.Kellogg,Ogdensburg.) Salaries, $\$ 5,000$ each John F. Parkhurst, Bath. $\}$ and $\$$ ēu0 iu lieu of Charles T. Saxton, Clyde. expenses.
QUARANTINE COMMISSIONERS.
Hugh McRoberts, New York.
Edmund J. Palmer, New York. $\$ \$ 2,500$ each.
Frederick H. Schroede: Brooklyn. $\}$
STATE BOARL OF HEALTH.
S. Case Jones, M. D., Rochester, President.

Baxter 'T. Smelzer, M. D., Havana, Secretary. Salary, $\$ 4,500$.
Daniel Lewis, M. D. . New York.
Owen Cassidy, Moutour Falls.
Frederick W. Smith, MI. D. , Syracuse.
William T. Jenkins, M. D., New York.
Walter F. Villcox, Ithaca.
John C. Davies, Attorney-Geueral, $\epsilon x$ officio.
Edward A. Bond, State Engineer, ex ofticio.
Alvah H. Doty, Health Officer Port of N゙. Y., ex off.
COMMISSIONER OF LABOR STATISTIC'S.
John McMackin, New York. Salary, $\$ 3,000$. Deputy, Adner F. Weber.
STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS Harry H. Bender, Albany. Salary, $\$ 3,500$.
State sealer of weights and measures. Lewis Boss, Albany.

State inspector of gas meters.
Jastrow Alexander, New York. Salary, $\$ 5,000$.
STATE COMMISSION IN LUNACY'.
Peter M. Wise, Ugdensburg, $\$ 7,500 ; \mathrm{Wm}$. C. Osborn, $\mathbf{S N}_{5}, 000$; William L. Parkhurst, $\$ 3,500$. STATE GEOLOGIST.
F. J. H. Merrill. Salary, $\$ 3,000$.

KEGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY.
Anson Judd Upson, Chancellor; William Croswell Doane, Vice-Chuicellor: Theodore Roosevelt, Governor; Timothy L. Woodruff, Lieutenant-Governor; John T. MeDonough, Secretar; of State; Charles R.Skinner, Superintenileut of Public Instruction, exofficio. 18i3, Martin I. Townsend; 1874, Anson Judd Upson; 18i7, Chauncey M. Jeper; 1877, Charles E. Fitch: 1877, Orris il. Warren; 1878, Whitelaw Reid; 1881. William II. Watson; 1881, Henry E. Turner; 1883, St. Clair McKelway: 1885, Hamilton Harris; 1885, Daniel Beach; 18sib, (arroll E. Smith; 1890, Pliny T. Sexton; 1890, T. (inilford Smith; 1892, William C. Doane; 1843, Lewis A. Stimson; 1894, Rev. Eylvester Malone; 1845, Albert Vander Veer; 1897, Chester S. Lurd. secretary, Melvil Dewey, Albany.

# Zlegislature of the State of New 

SESSION OF 1900.<br>SENATE

President, Lieutenant-Governor Timothy L. Woodruff, Rep., of Kings County.

| Names of Senators. | Politics. P. O. Address. | Dist. Names of Senators. Politics. P. O. Address, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 John L. Havens | Dem..Centre Moriches | $26^{6}$ William L. Thornton . . Rep. . Monticello. |
| 2 James Norton | Dem. .Glen Cove. | 27 Hobart Krum* . . . . . . . . Rep. . .Schoharie. |
| 3 Thomas H. | Dem. . Brooklyn. | 28 Edgar T. Brackett*...... Rep...Saratoga Spr'gs. |
| 4 David Floyd Da | Rep... Brooklyn. | 29 Curtis N. Douglas ....... Dem. . Albany. |
| 5 Michael J. Coffey | Dem...Brooklyn. | 30 Frank M. Boyce......... Dem...East Schodack |
| 6 William J. La R | Dem..Brooklyn. | 31 George Chahoon*........ Rep...Ausable Fo |
| 7 Patrick H. McCa | Dem..Brooklyn. | 32 George R. Malby* ....... Rep |
| 8 Henry Marshall | Rep . . Brooklyn. | 33 James D. Feeter. ......... Rep...Little Fal |
| 9 Joseph Wagner | Brooklyn. | 34 Henry J. Cogges |
| 10 John F. Ahea | New York. | 35 Elon R. Brown* |
| 11 Timothy D. Sulliv | Dem..New York. | 36 Horace White*. ..........Rep...Syracuse |
| 12 Samuel J. Foley* | Dem. . New York. | 37 Nevada N. Stranahan*..Rep...Fulton. |
| 13 Bernard F. Martin | Dem..New York. | 38 William E. Johnson*....Re |
| 14 Thomas F. Grady* | Dem. .New York. | 39 Benjamin M. Wilcox*. .Rep...Auburn |
| 15 Nathaniel A. Elsbe | Rep...New York. | 40 Charles T. Willis....... Rep...Tyrone. |
| 16 Louis Munzinge | Dem..New York. | 41 Franklin D. Sherwood..Rep...Hornellsville. |
| 17 George W. Plunkit | Dem. New York. | 42 John Raines*............Rep...Canandaigua |
| 18 Maurice Featherso | Dem..New York. | 43 Cornelius R. Parsous*...Rep. . Rochester. |
| 19 , John Ford*. | Rep...New York. | 44 Wiliiam W. Armstrong. Rep...Rochester. |
| 20 Thomas F. Donn | Dem. New York. | 45 Timothy E. Ellsworth**. Rep...Lockport. |
| 21 Richard H. Mitche | Dem.. New York. | 46 Lester H. Humphrey*..Rep... Warsaw. |
| 22 William J. Grane | Dem. . Dobbs Ferr | 47 William F. Mackey......Dem. . Buffalo. |
| 23 Lours F. Goodsell | Rep...Highland Falls. | 48 Samuel J. Ramsperger. .Dem. .Buffalo. |
| 24 Henry S. Ambler | Rep...Chatham. | 49 George A. Davis.........Rep...Lancaster. |
| 25 Jacob Rice | Dem..Rondout. | 50 Frank W. Higgins*...... Rep...Olean. |
| * Members of the la pire December 31, $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$. | Senate. Senators ar Salary, $\$ 1,50 \mathrm{C}$ and mi | cted for two years. The terms of the above exe. |



## Assembly

| ALBANY. | ERIE, |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. | Dist. Names of Members. Polilics. P. O. Address |
| 1 Wm . L. Coughtry**....Rep. . . Slingerlands. | 1 John H. Bradley....... Dem.. Buffalo. |
| 2 James B. McEwan*.... Rep...Albany. | 2 Henry W. Hill**........ Rep. . . Buffalo. |
| 3 George T. Kelly* ......... Dem. . Albany. | 3 George Geoghan......... Dem.. Buffalo. |
| 4 Edward McCreary ....Rep...Cohoes. | 4 William Metzler......... Rep... Buffalo. |
| allegany. | 5 Henry Streifler**..... Dem. . Buffalo. |
| Almanzo W. Litchard*. Rep... Rushford. | 6 Nicholas J. Miller ....... Rep... Bufialo. <br> 7 John K. Patton* .......... Rep.... Tonawanda. |
| BROOME. | 8 Elijah Cook..............Rep....Hamburg |
| 1 James T. Rogers*.......Rep. . ${ }^{\text {Binghamton. }}$ | Essex. |
| 2 John H. Swift........... Rep. ..Union. | Orlando Beede*..........Rep... Beedes. |
| Cattaraugus. | NK |
| 1 William E. Wheeler....Rep...Portville. <br> 2 Albert T. Fancher**.....Rep... Little Valley. | Halbert D. Stevens......Rep...Malone. fulton and hamilton. |
| 1 Ernest G. Treat.. ........ . | William Harris.......... Rep... Northville. |
| ${ }_{2}$ George S. Fordyce ${ }^{*}$......Rep....Union Springs. chautaueva. | John J. Ellis* $\qquad$ Rep...Darien Centr |
| J. Samuel Fowler* ..... Rep...Broken Straw. | c. |
| S. Frederick Nixon*.....Rep... Westfield. CHEMUNG. | ylvester B. Sage........Dem..Catskill. HERKIMER. |
| Charles H. Kuipp........ Rep. .. Elmira. | Erwin E. Kelley*. ......Rep...Gray. |
|  | 1 Morgan Bryan* Rep Adams |
| am P. Allds*......... | ${ }_{2}^{1}$ Charles O. Roberts*.......Rep.....Philadelphia |
| Charles E. Johnson...... Rep. . Plattsburg. | kings. |
| COLUMBIA. | 1 John Hill Morgan. ...... Rep... . Brooklyn. |
| Martin M. Kittle. ........ Rep... Kinderhook. | 2 John McKeown*......... Dem. . Brooklyn. <br> 3 James J. McInerney*...Dem Brooklyn. |
| CORTLAND. | 4 Charles H. Cotton*...... Rep...Brookkyn. |
| George S. Sands*........ Rep... Cortland. | 5 Abram C. De Graw*..... Rep... Brooklyn. |
| A | 6 John Harvey Waite..... Rep. . .Brookl |
| Delos Axtell*............ Rep... Barbourville | 8 Thomas J. Farrell*...... Dem..Brookly |
| HESS. | 9 John J. Cain* ........... Dem. . Brooklyn. |
| John 'T. Smith* ......... Rep. . .Fishkil | 10 Charles E. Fiske......... Dem..Brooklyn. |
| 2 Williain A. Tripp*.......Rep...Rhineclitf. | 12 Frank J. Price........... Rep). ..Brooklyn. |

## ASSEMBLY-Continued.

| KINGS-Continued. <br> Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. <br> 13 George Siems*. ............ Dem. . Brooklyn. <br> Thomas P. Harkins.....Dem..Brooklyn. <br> Charles Juengst* .. ....... Dem.. Brooklyn. <br> Edward C. Brennan*....Rep...Brooklyn. <br> Harris Wilson*............Rep...Brooklyn. <br> Jacob D. Remsen, ........ Rep... Brooklyn. <br> Conrad Hasenfluy........ Dem. . Brooklyn. <br> William F. Delaney..... Dem .. Brooklyn. Joseph H. Adams.........Rep...Brooklyn. <br> LEWIS. <br> John L. Smith. ...........Rep...Constableville. <br> LIVINGSTON. <br> Otto Kelsey* .... ..........Rep. . .Geneseo. <br> MADISON. <br> Robert J. Fish* ............Rep. . Oneida. <br> MONROE, <br> Merton E. Lewis*.......Rep... Rochester. <br> Adolph J. Rodenbeck*..Rep....Rochester. <br> Richard Gardiner* .... .. Rep. ..Rochester. <br> Benjamin F. Gleason*...Rep. ..Brockport. MONTGOMERY. <br> Alphonso Walrath.......Rep...Fort Plain. NEW YORK. <br> Michael Halpin...........Dem.. New York. <br> James A. Rierdon*......Dem..New York. <br> Michael T. Sharkey*...Dem. .New York. <br> Patrick H. Roche*...... Dem..New York. <br> Nelson H. Henry*....... Rep. .New Jork <br> John F. Maher*.........Dem. New York. <br> Isidor Cohn.................Dem.. New York. <br> N. Taylor Phillips*.....Dem. New York. <br> Julius Harburger ${ }^{*}$...... Dem.. New York. John J. O'Connor*....Dem. New York. <br> Leon Sanders*.............Dem .New York. <br> Patrick F . Trainor*...... Dem . New York. <br> Louis Meister**..........Dem...New Yew York. <br> Samuel Prince.............Dem..New York. <br> James J. Fitzgerald. .... Dem..New York. <br> Charles P. Dillon*........Dem...New York. <br> Henry C. Honeck........Dem..New York. <br> Fdward H. Fallows*...Rep...New York. <br> Joserh Baum *........... Dem..New York. <br> Maurice M. Minton......Dem..New York. <br> John A. Weekes, Jr.....Rep...New York. <br> John J. O'Connell* .... . Dem. .New York. <br> Gherardi Davis** ......... Rep....New York. <br> Joseph I. (ireen*..........Dem..New York. <br> Moses R. Ryttenberg...Dem. New York. <br> Samuel F. Hyman...... Dem. .New York. <br> Vacant. $\dagger$ <br> John Poth, Jr.* ...........Dem. .New York. <br> John J. Egan*............. Dem.. New York. <br> William E. Morris.......Dem...New York. <br> John T. Darrison* <br> niagara. Rep. . Lockport. <br> Jay \&. Rowe*...............Rep...Johnson's Creek onEIDA. <br> William J. Sullivan*....Dem. Utica. <br> Lollis M. Martin*....... Rep...Clinton. <br> Fidward M. Marson.. ......Rep... Whitesboro. ONONDAGA. <br> Edward V. Baker .......Rep. .Marcellns. <br> If illiam Herrick.......... Dem . .Cicero. <br> Ahraham Z. Hyman.... Dem..Syracuse. <br> John T. Delaney*.........iep...syracuse. ONTARIO. <br> Jean L. Burnett*...................Canandalgua. <br> * Inembers of the last Assembly. Assemblymen <br> + Vacaucy caused by the death of Edward C. St <br> Republicans. <br> Jemocrats. <br> Independent Democrat.. <br> Vacancy..................... | ORANGE. <br> Dist. Names of Members. Politics. P. O. Address. James G. Graham* ...... Rep...Newburgh. <br> Louis Bedell*. ........Rep. .G'oshen. ORLEANS. <br> William F. Phipps...... Rep. . .Albion. oswego. <br> I Thomas D. Lewis*.......Rep...Fulton. <br> 2 Thomas M. Costello*....Rep. ..Altmar. otsego. <br> Andrew R. Smith....... Rep...Springfleld Cen. PUTNAM. <br> William W. Everett.... Rep. . Croton Falls. QUEENS. <br> I Charles C. Wissel ${ }^{*}$........Dem.. Fvergreen, L. I. <br> 2 Cyrus B. Gale. $\qquad$ <br> QUEENS AND NASSAU. <br> 3 George W. Doughty* ${ }^{\text {W }}$. Rep...Inwood. <br> RENSSELAER. <br> 1 Fugh Galbraith........... Rep...Troy. <br> 2 John F. Ahern. ..............Rep...Troy. <br> 3 Michael Russell*..........Rep...Troy. <br> RICHMOXD. <br> George Metcalfe .........Dem. . Great Kills. <br> RUCKLAND. <br> Frank P. Demarest...... Dem.. West Nyack. <br> ST. La WRENCE. <br> I Charles S. Plank........Rep....Waddington. <br> 2 Benjamin A. Babcock ${ }^{*}$. Rep. . .Brasher Falls. SARATOGA. <br> George H. West* .........Rep...Ballston spa. sCHENECTADY. <br> Andrew J. McMillan* . Rep....S. Schenectady. SCHOHARIE. <br> Daniel D. Frisbie. ....... Dem . Middleburg. SCHUYLER. <br> J. Franklin Barnes..... Dem .Watkins. sENECA. <br> Israel Y. Larzelere.......Rep. . Seneca Falls. stecben. <br> 1 Frank C. Platt............ Rep... Painted Post. <br> 2 Hratt C. Hatch*.........Rep...Atlanta. <br> SUFFOLK. <br> 1 Joseph M. Hallock* ..... Rep. . . Southold. <br> 2 Resi's H. Post*. .........Rep. Bayport. <br> sullivan. <br> Edwin R. Dusinbery....Rep...Liberty. tIOGA. <br> Daniel P. Witter*........Rep...Richford. <br> Benn Conger. $\qquad$ TOMPKINS. .Rep...Groton CLSTER. <br> 1 Robert A. Snyder*...... Rep. .. saugerties. 2 Thomas snyder...........Rep... High Falls. WARREN. <br> Charles H. Hitchcock* . Rep. . . Glens Fialls. <br> S. B. Irwin. WASHINGTON. $\qquad$ .Rep... West Hebrew. WAYNE. <br> Frederick W. Griffith...Rep....Palmyra. WESTCHESTER. <br> 1 John J. Sloane ...........Dem. . Yonkers. <br> 2 Alfred W. Cooley. .......Rep... Westchester. <br> 3 James K. A pgar**........ Rel... Peekskill. <br> WYoming. <br> Charles J. Gardner........ep... Warsaw. Yatys. <br> Edward M. Sawyer*....Rep... Dundee. <br> re elected for one year. Salary, $\$ 1,500$ and mileage. ue, עem. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> ......................................................... 1 |
| :---: | :---: |


| gtates and Teritories. | Populaz Vote. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bryan, | $\begin{aligned} & \text { McKinley, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | Palmer, N. Dem. | Levering, Pro. | Bentley, Nat. | Matchett Soc. L. | Pluralities. |  |  |
| Alab | 130.307 | 54 | 6,462 | 2,147 |  |  | 75 |  |  |
| Arkaisa | 110,10:3 | 37,512 |  | 839 | 893 |  | 72.591 B | 8 |  |
| California | 143.373 | 146,170 | 2,006 | 2,573 | 1,047 | 1,611 | 2,797 McK | 1 | 8 |
| Coiorado... | 161, 153 | 26.271 |  | 1.717 | 386 |  | 134.882 B | 4 |  |
| Connectic | 56,740 | 110,285 | 4,334 | 1, 808 | ...... | 1,223 | 53,545 McK |  | 6 |
| Delawar | 13, 424 | $\begin{aligned} & 16.804 \\ & 11.288 \end{aligned}$ | 877 654 | $\begin{array}{r} 355 \\ 1,778 \end{array}$ |  |  | 21.630 McK | 4 | 3 |
| Elorida <br> Georgia | 94, 232 | 60.091 | 2,708 | 5,613 |  |  | 34.141 B | 4 | .. |
| Ifaho. | 23,192 | 6.324 |  | 179 |  |  | 16,868 B | 3 |  |
| Illinoi | 464,682 | 607,130 | 6,390 | 9,796 | 793 | 1,147 | 142,498 McK |  | 4 |
| Ind | 305,573 | 323,754 | 2,145 | 3.056 | 2,267 | 324 | 18,181 McK |  | 15 |
| Frn- | 223.741 | 289,293 | 4.516 1.209 | 3.1921 | 6:30 | 453 | 65, 12.269 Jmaz |  | 13 |
| Kansas. | 171.810 | 159.541 | 1. 209 | 1,921 | 630 | ....... | 12,269 ${ }^{281} \mathrm{McK}$ | 10 |  |
| Kentucl | 217.890 | 218,171 | 5,114 | 4,781 |  | ...... | 55.138 Mck | $\cdots$ | 2 |
| Lonisi | 34,688 | 80,465 | 1,870 | 1.570 |  |  | 45,777 Mck |  | ¢ |
| Marylan | 104, 785 | 136.954 | 2,507 | 5.918 | 136 | 587 | 32224 McK |  | 8 |
| Massachn | 105,711 | 278.976 | 11, 749 | 2.998 |  | 2,114 | 173.265 Mck |  | 15 |
| Michigan | 236.714 | 293,582 | 6,879 | 5,025 | 1,995 | 297 | 56, 868 McK |  | 14 |
| Minnesota | 139.626 | 193.501 | 3,202 | 4,343 | ...... | 867 | 5:3,875 МСК |  | 9 |
| Mississip | 63,859 | 50.130 | 1,071 |  |  |  | 58, 729 B | 9 |  |
| Missonri. | 363,667 | 304,940 | 2,355 | 2,169 | 293 | 596 | 58, 727 B | 17 |  |
| Montan | 42.537 |  |  |  |  | 6 | 32.043 |  |  |
| Nebras | 115 | 102,304 |  |  |  |  | $13,56 ~ B$ 6,439 | 8 |  |
| New Hazm | 21650 | 57,444 | 3,520 | 67 | 49 | 228 | 35,794 M McK |  | 4 |
| New lersey | 133,675 | 221,367 | 6,373 | 5.614 | ...... | 3,985 |  |  | 10 |
| New York | 551, 369 | 819,838 | 18,950 | 16,052 |  | 17,667 | 268, 469 McK |  | 36 |
| North Carolin | 174,488 | 155,222 |  | 675 | 247 |  | 19.266 B | 11 |  |
| North Diakota | 20.686 477 | 56,335 |  |  |  |  | 5.649 McK |  | 3 |
| Orio. | 477,494 46.662 | $5 \times 5,991$ | 1,857 | 5,068 | 2,716 | 1,167 | 47,497 Mi , 117 K |  | 23 |
| Oregon.i. | $\begin{array}{r}46.662 \\ 433,228 \\ \hline 14\end{array}$ | $\bigcirc 78.80$ | 11.000 | 19,274 | 870 | 1,683 | 295, 07.2 Mc |  | 32 |
| Rhode Island | 14,459 | 37, 437 | 1,166 | 1,160 | 5 | , 558 | 22,978 McK |  | 4. |
| Soutl Carolina | 58,798 | 9,281 |  |  |  |  | 49.517 B | 9 |  |
| Soutli Dakota. | 41, 225 | 41, 042 |  | 685 | ...... |  | 183 B | 4 |  |
| Tennessee | 166,268 | 148, 773 | 1,951 | 3, 098 | ...... | ...... | 17.495 B | 12 |  |
| Texas. | 370,434 | 167,520 | 5,046 | 1,786 | ...... | ...... | 202.914 B | 15 |  |
| Utalı | 64,517 | 13.484 | 1.331 |  | ....... |  | 51,083 B | 3 |  |
| Virginia | 154.709 | 135,368 | 2,129 | 2,350 |  | 108 | 19.341 B | 12 |  |
| Washineto | 51,646 | 39, 15:3 | 1,668 | 968 | 148 |  | 12,493 B | 4 |  |
| West Virginia | 92.927 | 164, 414 | 677 | 1,203 |  |  | 11.487 McK |  | 6 |
| Wisconsin.. | 165.528 | 268,135 | 4,584 | 7,50 | 346 | 1,314 | 102,612 Mr |  | 12 |
| W yoming | 10655 | 10,072 | ...... |  | ..... | ...... | 583 B | 3 |  |
| Total.. | 502,92 | 7.104,779 | 33,424 | 32.007 | 13.969 | 36,274 |  | 176 | 271 |

* In both California and Kentucky one Bryan candidate for elector was elected.

Popular Fote, McKinley over Bryan.
Popular Vote, Mifcinley over all
Elcetoral Vote, MoKinley overBryan.
Niraght fusion ote ior Bryan....

## itraight Populist Vote for Total Popnlat Vote, $1896 .$.

$13,923,378$
POPULIST VOTE FOR BRYAN AND WATSON.
The Populist vote in 1896 was divided between the Bryan and Sewall Democratic ticket and the Bryan and Watson Populist ticket. A majority of the Popnlists voted for the former, and their votes are nerged in the aggregate. The following is a statement of the Populist popular vote for Bryan and Watson:

| Alabama............ ...24.059 | Kıansas.....................46,194 | New Hampshire. . . . . . . . . 379 | Vermont . . . . . . . . . . . . . 458 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Californis................ 21,744 | Maine. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2,487 | Ohio . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 26,015 | W yonilig ................ 286 |
| Colorado . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2,389 | Massachnsetts. . . . . . . . . . 15.181 | Penusylvania.............. 11,174 |  |
| Florida ............. ... 2,053 | Mississippi. ......... . . . . 7,517 | Tenuessee.................. 4,525 | 245,728 |
| Illinois . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1,090 | Nevada. ........ ....... 575 | Texas.................... 79,572 |  |

For Electoral vote for Vice-President in 1896 see The World Almanac for 1899.

## 

THE following is the electoral vote of the States as based upon the A pportionment act of Feb. 7,1891:


Electoral votes necessary to a choice.
取opulat and zectoxal Vote for purcsiocut，1868＝92．


 $\frac{1888 .}{\text { Electoral }}$気范 $\mathrm{o}^{\mathrm{r}}$
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 | 1892. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Popular Vote． | Electoral Vote． |

| Copular Vote． |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Clave－} \\ \text { land，}\end{array}$ | Harrison， | Weaver， |
| Bidwell |  |  |
| Pro |  |  | | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Clave－} \\ \text { land，} \\ \text { Dem．}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Harrison，} \\ \text { Rep．}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Weaver，} \\ \text { Pop．}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Bidwell } \\ \text { Pro．}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Wing，} \\ \text { S，Lab．}\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 198,138 | $\frac{\text { Pluralities }}{85,181}$ | $\frac{\square}{239} \overline{52,957 \mathrm{C}}$ |  |  |

States．
 Alabama．．．．．
Arkansas．．．． Colorado．．．． Connecticut
Delaware．
 Michigan．．．．



N．Carolina．
N．Carolina．



 80
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gl
2
号
Total．
Plurality

BY STATES, COUNTIES, AND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.


## ALABAMA-Continued.

The scattering vote for Governor in 1898 was: A.
J. Warner, Negro Rep., 3,$084 ;$ W.B. Witherspoon, Pro. , 1,327.
Bryan's Democratic vote in 1896 was 105,390, and the Populist vote, 24,917 .
Vote for State officers, August, 1896: For Governor, Joseph F. Johnston, Dem., 128,541; Goodwyn, Rep. and Pop., 89,290. Johnston's majority, 39,251.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Choctaw, Clarke, Marengo, Mobile, Monroe, and Washington. Geo, W. Taylor, Dem., 5,986; A. N. Johnson, Rep., 1,061. Taylor's majority, $4,925$.
II. Counties of Paldwin, Butler, Conecuh, Covington, Crenshaw, Escambia, Montgomery, Pike, and Wilcox. J. F. Stallings, Dem., 9,14 ² ; F. Simmons, Rep. 1,$620 ;$ J. H. Giddens, Ind., 209. Stallings plurality, 7,525
III. Counties of Barbour, Bullock, Coffee, Dale, Geneva, Henry, Lee, and Pussell. H. I). Clayton, Dem., 8,287; J. N. Fitzpatrick, Ind., 262. Clayton's majority, $8,02 \overline{5}$.
IV. Counties of Calhoun, Chilton, Cleburne, Dallas, Shelby, and Talladega. F. A. Robbins, Dem.. 6,915; W. F. Aldrich, Rep., 5,685. Robbins' majority, 1,230 .
V. Counties of Autauga, Chambers, Clay, Coosa, Elmore, Lowndes, Macon, Randolph, and Tallapoosa. Willis Brewer, Dem., 8,842; D. Smith, Rep., 2,504. Brewer's majority, 6,338 .
VI. Counties of Fayette, Greene, Lamar, Marion, Pickens, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, and Walker. John H. Bankhead, Dem., 7,009; D, Cooper, Rep., 2,942. Baukhead's majority, 4,067 .
VII. Counties of Cherokee, Cullman, De Kalb, Etowah, Franklin, Marshall, St. Clair, and Winston. J. L. Burnett, Dem. , 6,949; O. B. Street, Rep., 5,032; F. H. Lathrop, Pop., 3,992. Burnett's plurality, 1917.
VIII. Counties of Colbert, Jackson, Lauderdale, Lawrence, Limestone, Madison, and Morgan. Joseph Wheeler, Dem., 6,368. No opposition.
IX. Countlies of Bibb, Blount, Hale. Perry, and Jefferson. Oscar W. Underwood, Dem. 7,155 ; J. G. McEnery, Rep., 1,302 ; L. L. rality, 5,853 .

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Joseph F. Johnston; Secretary of State, R. P. McDavid; Treasurer, Geo. W. Ellis; Auditor and Comptroller, Walter S. White: AdjutantGeneral, W. W. Brandon; Attorney-General, C. G Brown; Superintendent of Education, J. W'. A bercrombie; Commissioner of Agriculture, Isaac F. Culver-all Democrats.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Thomas N. McClellan; Associate Justices, Jonathau Haralson, Joln R. Tyson, Henry A. Sharpe, and James h, Dowdell; Clerk, R. F. Ligon, Jr.--all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.
The Leglslature is orerwhelmingly Democratic.


Bentlev, Nat. Pro., received 893 votes in 1896.

## ARKANSAS-Continued.

## VOTE FOR STATE UFFICERS, 1896.

The vote for Governor in 1896 was: I. W. Jones, Dem. 91,114 H. L. Remmel, Rep.. 35,836: A. W. Files, Yop., 13,990 ; J. W. Miller. Pro.. 851. Jones' plurality 55278 . The vote for secretary of state was: A. (. Jiull, Dem.. 96,999: H. A. Reynolds, Rep. 40,319. Hull's majoricy 56.680.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Clay, Craighead, Crittenden, Cross Greene, Jackson, Lawrence, Lee, Mississippi, Phillips, Poinsett, Randolph. Sharp, St. Fraucis, and Woodrutf. P. D. McCulloch, Jr., Dem.. 4.103 ; scattering, 38. McCulloch's majority, 4,u65.
II. Counties of Bradley, Cleveland, Dallas, Drew, Garland, Grant, Hot Spring, Jefferson, Lincoln. Montgomery, Polk. saline, scott. and Sebastian. Joli:1 S. Little, Dem., 3,415: scittering, 8. Little's majority, 3,407.
III. Counties of Ashley, Calhoun, Chicot, Clark, Columbia, Desisa, Hempstead, Howard, Lafayette, Little River, Miller, Nevada, Ouachita, Pike, Sevier, and Union. Thomas C: McRae, Dem., 3,866; scattering, 1. McRae's majority, 3,865.
IV. Counties of Conway, Franklin, Johnson, Logan, Perry, Pope Pulaski, and Yell. W. L. Terry, I)em..3,665; scattering, 37. Terry's majority, 3,628 .
V. Counties of Benton, Boone, Carroll, Crawford, Faulkner, Madison, Newton, Searcy, Van Buren, and Washington Hugh A. Dinsmore, Dem., 6.423; J. T. Hopper, Rep., 2.706. Dinsmore's majority, 3,717.
VI. Counties of Arkansas, Baxter, Cleburne, Fulton, Independence, Izard, Lnnoke, Marion, Monroe, Prairie, stone, and White. S. Brundidge, Jr., Dem., 2,i32; scattering, 4. Brundidge's majority 2,728 .

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Daniel W. Jones: Secretary of State, Alex. (C. Hull; Treasurer. Thomas E. Little; Auditor, Clay Sloan: Attorney-(teneral, Jefferson Javis: Superintendent of Education. J. J. Doyne; Commissioner of Agriculture, Fra:k Hill; Land Commissioner, J. W. Colquitt-all Democrats.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Henry G. Bunn; Justices, Simon P. Hughes, C. D. Wood, Burrill B. Battle, and James E. Riddick; Clerk of the Court, P. D. English-all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.


CALIFORNIA.

| Countige. (57.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PRERIDENT, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ma- } \\ & \text { guire. } \\ & \text { Fus. } \end{aligned}$ | Gage, Rep. | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{McCo} \\ \text { mas, } \\ \text { Pro. } \end{gathered}$ | Harriman, Soc L |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mc. } \\ & \text { Kinley } \\ & \text { Kep. } \end{aligned}$ |
| A lamed | 8,308 | 12,080 | 220 | 496 | 8,316 | 3.378 |
| Alpine | 28 | 64 |  |  | 39 | 338 |
| Amador | 1,304 | 1,351 | 27 | 24 | 1.390 | 1,142 |
| Butte | 2,012 | 2,245 | 69 | 43 | 2,114 | 2,084 |
| Calav | 1,432 | 1.609 | 16 | 23 | 1,511 | 1,5:2 |
| Colusa | 1,076 | 664 | 18 | 30 | 1,243 | 569 |
| Contra | 1,472 | 1,893 | 29 | 22 | 1,370 | 1,825 |
| Del Nort | 315 | 354 | , | 13 | 328 | 343 |
| El Dorad | 1,415 | 1,332 | 26 | 34 | 1,067 | 1,124 |
| Fresno | 3,390 | 2,783 | 152 | 117 | 3.429 | 2,777 |
| Glenn | 828 | 561 | 14 | 7 | 825 | 477 |
| Humbo | 2,207 | 3,171 | 84 | 123 | 2.462 | 3,167 |
| Inyo | 508 | 478 | 17 | 13 | 532 | 286 |
| Ker | $1.886^{\circ}$ | 1,723 | 21 | 67 | 1,765 | 1,405 |
| Kings | 898 | 918 | 27 | 11 | 868 | 714 |
| Lake. | 757 | 62. | 50 | 30 | 850 | b50 |
| Lassen | 438 | 558 | 14 | 16 | 524 | 417 |
| Los Ange | 12.052 | 14,983 | 1,138 | 479 | 16,015 | 16,839 |
| Madera | 765 | 5อ8 | 16 | 17 | 744 | 455 |
| Marin | 945 | 1,345 | 8 | 47 | 877 | 1,450 |
| Maripo | 747 | 521 | 19 | 13 | 801 | 563 |
| Mendo | 2,188 | 2,004 | 56 | 25 | 2,410 | 2,067 |
| Merced | $10: 4$ | 801 | 32 | 18 | 1,119 | 639 |
| Modoc | 549 | 375 | 8 | 12 | 575 | 300 |
| Mono | 241 | 335 |  | 2 | 314 | 253 |
| Monte | 2,050 | 1.995 | 77 | 54 | 0,137 | 1,860 |
| Napa | 1.578 | 1.947 | 47 | 41 | 1.473 | 2,025 |
| Nevada | 1,971 | 2,577 | 50 | 19 | 2,137 | 1,981 |
| Orang | 1,181 | 1,492 | 177 | 32 | 1,709 | 1,900 |
| Placer | 1,808 | 2.216 | 34 | 26 | 1,463 | 1,885 |
| Plu | 544 | 600 | 8 | 8 | 585 | 6.74 |
| Riv | 1,518 | 2.118 | 179 | b 29 | 1,679 | 2,054 |
| Sacrame | 3,414 | 5,689 | 57 | 102 | 4,837 | 4,610 |
| San Benito.... | 984 | 738 | 19 | 14 | 963 | 732 |
| S. Beruardino. | 2.506 | 2688 | 223 | 98 | 2,740 | 2,811 |
| San Diego | 3,259 | 3,5146 | 144 | 208 | 3800 | $3 ., 507$ |
| San Francisco. | 24 6:32 | 28,218 | 134 | 1,388 | 30,512 | 30.820 |
| Sau Joaquin .. | 3,018 | 3,894 | 80 | 121 | 3,480 | 3,461 |
| S. Luis Obispo | 1,828 | 1,657 | 65 | 31 | 2,063 | 1,6\%1 |
| San Mateo... | 1.098 | 1,587 | 14 | 36 | 982 | 1,5149 |
| Santa Barbara | 1,736 | 2.072 | 95 | 95 | 1,916 | 1,940 |
| Santa Clara. | 4,883 | 6.8.21 | 179 | 292 | 5.218 | 6.404 |
| Santa Cruz. | 2,081 | 2,149 | 78 | 93 | 1.948 | 1,954 |
| Shasta, | 2,028 | 1598 | 52 | 71 | 1,908 | 1,193 |
| Sierra | 480 | 757 | 4 | 5 | 527 | 704 |
| Siskiy | 1,722 | 1.737 | 21 | 38 | 1, 111 | 1,405 |
| Solano. | 2.262 | 3,005 | 52 | 95 | 2.284 | 2.702 |
| Sonoma | 3.587 | 4,063 | 83 | 100 | 3.0 ¢0 | 4,005 |
| Stanisla | 1,336 | 1,1:7 | 38 | 21 | 1,385 | 907 |
| Sutter | 704 | 880 | 20 | 13 | 710 | 794 |
| Teham | 1,170 | 1,088 | 15 | 25 | 1,131 | 963 |
| Trinity | 584 | 687 | 7 | 14 | 488 | 493 |
| Tulare | 2,245 | 1.725 | 74 | 204 | 2,675 | 1,418 |
| Tuolumn | 1,598 | 1.219 | 49 | 42 | 1,300 | 835 |
| Ventu | 1,369 | 1,643 | 81 | 57 | $1.466^{\circ}$ | 1,550 |
| Yolo | 1,651 | 1,695 | 48 | 33 | 1,.61 | 1,476 |
| Yuba | 1,011 | 1,273 | 20 | 16 | 1,007 | 1,204 |
| Total | 129261 | 148354 | 4,297 | 5,143 | 143373 | 146170 |
| Plurality |  | 19.093 |  |  |  | 2,597 |
| Per cent. | 45.03 | 51.68 | 1.49 | 1.79 | 48.36 | 49.29 |
| Scattering |  |  |  |  |  | 237 |
| Whole vote. |  | 287. | . 064 |  | 296 | 503 |

In 1898 , he Republicans and United Labor combined on Gage, and the Democrats, People's D'arty, and Silver Republicans supporter Maguire.

Bryan's Populist vote was 21,i44. .One Bryan e'ector, J. W. Martin, was elected by a plurality of 148 votes. The scattering vote for President iu 1896 was: Palmer, Nat. Dem., 2.006; Levering, Pro., 2.573; Bentley, Nat. Pro, 1, 447; Matebett soc. L. , $1,611$.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIYES IN CONGRE8S, 1898. Districts.

I Counties of Del Norte, Humboldt, Lassen,
Marin, Mendocino, Modoc, Napa, Plumas, Shasta. Sierra, Siskiyou. Sonoma, Tehama, and Trinity. Emmett Seawell, Fus., 18,244; John A. Barham, Rep., 19,598. Barham's majority, 1,354 .

## CALIFORNIA-Continued.

II. Counties of Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Eldorado, Inyo, Mariposa, Mono, Nevada, Placer, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Sutter, Tuolumne, and Yuba. Marion De Vries,Fus, 25,$196 ;$ Frank D. Ryan, Rep., 20,400. De Vries' majority, 4,796.
III. Counties of Alameda, Colusa, Contra Costa, Glenn, Lake, Solano, and Yolo. John A. Jones, Fus., 14,051 ; Victor H. Metcalf, Rep., 20,502 : T. F. Burns, Soc. L., 1,309. Metcalf's plurality, 6,541 .
IV County of San Francisco (part). James H. Barry, Fus., 12,084; Julius Kahn, Rep., 13,695; J. P. Kelly, Ind. D., 594; W. J. Martin, Soc. L. . 1,000 Kahn's plurality, 1,611.
V. Counties of San Francisco (part), San Mateo, and Santa Clara. William Craig, Fus., 17,352 ; Eugene F. Loud, Rep., 20,254; E. T. Kingsley. Soc. L., 1,532. Loud's plurality. 2,902.
VT. Counties of Los Angeles, Monterey, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Santa Cruz, and Ventura. C. A. Barlow, Fus, , 20,499; Russel J. Waters, Rep., 24,050 ; J. T. Van Ransselaer, Soc. L., 1,132 . Waters' plurality. 3,551 .
ViI. Counties of Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Merced, Orange, Riverside, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, Stanislaus and Tulare. Curtis H. Castle, Fus., 20,680; James C. Needham, Rep., 20,793. Needham's majority, 113 .

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor. H. T. Gage; Lieutenant-Governor, J. H. Neff; Secretary of State, C. F. Curry: Treasurer, T. Reeves: Comptroller, E. P. Colgan; Adjutant-General, W. H. Seamans; Attorney(ieneral, T. I. Ford; Superintendent Education, T. J. Kirk; Surveyor-General, M. J. Wright-ali Republicans.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, W. H. Beatty; Associate Justices, T. B. McFarland, C. H. ( 'aroutte, R. (: Harrison, W. Van Dyke, F. W. Henshaw, Jackson Temple-all Republicans except Temple and Van Dyke; Clerk, G. W. Root, Republican.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.

|  | Sencte. | House. | Joint Ballot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans. |  | 59 | 85 |
| Deinocrats... | 14 | 19 | 33 |
| Populists.... | . | 2 | 2 |
| Independent. ........ |  | 1 | 1 |
| Republican majority | y 12 | 37 | 49 |

VOTE OF TH 4 STATE SINCE $18 / 2$.
Dem. Rep. Amer. Pro. Gr. Maj.


Plurality. +8 Dem. and 1 Rep. electors were chosen.

COLORADO.

| $\underset{\substack{\text { (56.) }}}{\text { Covitiss. }}$ | Gorkrior,1599. |  | Presingit,1896. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Thom- } \\ \text { s.s. } \\ \text { Fus. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Worl- } \\ \text { cott, } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{array} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mic- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Levg } \\ \text { ering } \\ \text { enige } \end{gathered}$ |
| Arapahoe | 23, 8 288 | 13, 038 | 43,000 | 8.048 | 374 |
| Archuleta |  |  | 392 | 141 |  |
| Baca. | 987 | 127 | ${ }^{135}$ | 125 |  |
| Bent | 387 |  | 599 | 196 |  |
| ul | 4, 069 | 1,866 | 6165 | 1,030 | 17 |
| Chaffee. | 1, 614 | $4{ }^{4} 4$ | 2620 | 140 |  |
| Cheyenne. |  |  | 105 | 87 |  |
| Clear Cree | $1,851$ |  | $3{ }^{356}$ | 101 |  |
| Conejos |  |  | 2,394 | $96^{\circ}$ |  |
| costil | 468 | 1,127 | 1057 | 368 |  |
| Custer. | ${ }_{9} 11$ |  |  |  |  |
| Delta.. | ${ }_{4}^{952}$ | 345 | 1.631 | 139 |  |
| Doures | 430 |  |  | 11 |  |
| Eaugle .. | 684 | 198 | 1.059 | 172 |  |
| Elbert | 537 | 343 | ${ }^{1} 167$ |  |  |
| El Paso | 10,596 | 5,745 | 8,065 | 6,245 | 96 |
| Fremon | 2,413 | 1,646 | 4,382 |  | 1 |
| Gariel | 1,447 | 412 | 2008 | 172 |  |
| Gilpin | 1,776 | 922 | 2.579 | 269 |  |
|  | 1,287 | 631 | ${ }^{25} 3$ | 15 |  |
| Hinsdale | ${ }^{1} 483$ |  | 2,707 | 19 |  |
| Huerfano | 800 | 1,930 | 936 | 928 |  |
| Jeffersol | 130 | 1,252 | 3244 | 300 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 133 |  |
| Kit Carso | 176 | 63 | 243 | 252 |  |
| Lake | 3,763 | 1,837 | $6{ }^{6} 34$ | 263 |  |
| Larime |  |  | 2,90 |  |  |
| Las Ani | 3,759 | 1,860 | 5,530 | 1124 |  |
| Lincolu | 121 | 127 | 210 | 122 |  |
| Logan |  |  |  | 231 |  |
| Mesa | 1,423 | 15 | 618 | 21 |  |
| Mineral |  | 1 | 827 | 11 |  |
| Montrose. |  |  | 1,371 | 182 |  |
| Morgan |  | 404 | 2411 | 469 |  |
| Otero. |  | 160 |  |  |  |
| Ouray | 1,939 | 135 | 2,204 |  |  |
| Park |  |  | 1,569 | 149 \| |  |
| Pitkins | 1,567 | 455 | 3805 | -28: |  |
| Prowe | 423 |  | 562 | 速 |  |
| Pueblo | 4,275 | 3.447 | 8419 | 1,319 |  |
| Rio Gran | 1,040 | 395 | 1431 | - 176 |  |
| Routt. | 1,005 |  | 1,124 | 122. |  |
| Saguache | 857 | 550 | 1190 | 175 |  |
| San Juan | 1,012 | 211 | 1,574 |  |  |
| San Mi | 1,233 | 517 | 2195 |  |  |
| Sedgwick | 74 |  | ${ }^{217}$ | 130 |  |
| nmit. | 730 |  | 1348 |  |  |
| Weld..... | 2,595 | 1,319 | 4,695 | 879 |  |
| Yuma | 248 | 153 | 454 | 180 | 11 |
| Total | 93, | 51, 051 | 161153 | 26, 271 | 1,71 |
| ali |  |  | 81 |  |  |
| er cent. |  |  | 84, 96 |  |  |
| Whole vot | 145 | ,023 |  | 189,687 |  |

In 1897 the Democrats and Populists united on a Fusion ticket for Supreme Judge and iu $18: 98$ for Governor.

Bryan's Democratic vote was 158,880 ; his l'opulist vote, 2,273

The scattering vote for President in 1896 was: Bentley, Nat. Pro., 386; Matchett, Soc. Le, 1019; Palmer, Nat. Dem., 1.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Arapahoe, Boulder, Jefferson, Lake, Larimer Logan, Morgan, Park, Phillips, Sedgwick, Washington. Weld, and Yuma John F. Shafroth, Fus., 43,111 ; Charles Hartzell, Rep., 18,580. Shafroth's majority, $24,531$.

## COLORADO-Conti $\mathfrak{\text { uted. }}$

II. Counties of Archuleta, Baca, Bent, Chaffee, Cheyenne, Clear Creek, Conejos, Costilla, Custer, Delta, Dolores, Douglas. Eagle, EIbert. II Paso, Fremont, Garfield, Gilpin, Grand, Gunnison, Hinsdale, Huerfano, Kiowa, Kit C'arson, La Plata, Las Animas, Lincoln. Mesa, Montezuma. Mineral, Montrose, Otero, Ouray Pitkin, Prowers, Pueblo, Rio Blanco, Rio Grande, Routt, Saguache, San Juan. San Mignel, and Summit. John C. Bell, Fus. 52,372 ; B. Clark Wheeler, Rep , 27.583 Bell's 111ajority, 21,759.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Chas. S. Thomas, Dem.: LieutenantGovernor, Francis Carney, Pop.: Secretary of itatie, E. F Beckwith, Pop. : Treasurer, John F. Fexl.r, Rep.; Auditor, Geo. W. Temple, Rep. Adjutant-General, J.C. Overmyer, Dem.; At-torney-(teneral. I). M. Campbell, Rep.; Superintendent of Education. Helen itrenfell, Rep.

## JUDICLARY

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John Campbell, Ren. ; Jnstices, Luther M. Goddard, Dem ; William H. Gaubert, Jem. ; Clerk, H. G. Clark, Rep.
state legislature, 1899.
Senate. House, Joint Ballot.


* Piurality. † Fusion of Pops. and Silver Dems.

CONAECTICUT.

| Colntizs. <br> (8.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mor- } \\ & \text { gan, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned}$ | Louns- <br> bury, <br> Rep$\|$Steele, <br> Pro. |  | Stodel Soc. L, | Bryan, Dem. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mc- } \\ & \text { Kinley } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ |
| W | 11,70 | 16,537 |  | 841 | 9,726 |  |  |
| ew Ha |  |  |  | 1,175 | 20,2125,771 |  | 30,26110,081 |
| ew Lon | 6, 6 | 7,895 | 25 |  |  |  |  |
| airfield |  | 16,934 | 132 | 477 | ${ }_{12}^{12,463}{ }^{1,927}$ |  | 22. 396 |
| Vind | 2, 11 | 4,093 |  | 36 |  |  | 5.4238.395 |
| tchfi | 4,505 | 6. 508 | 173 |  | 1,927 |  |  |
| Middlese | 3,010 | 4,398 | 127 | 24 | 2,245 |  | 5,664 |
| Tolland. . | 1,612 | 2,600 | 76 | 298 | 1,044 |  | 3,5\%6 |
| Total | $\overline{64,277}$ |  | 1,460 | 2.856 56, 740 |  |  | 110 |
| Pluralit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent | 42.93 | . |  | 1. 91 | 7 |  |  |
| catterin |  | $149, \text { e81 }$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7,365 \\ 174,390 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Whole vote. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The scattering vote for President in 1896 was: Palmer, Nat. Dem, 4,334. Levering Pro 1,808; |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Matchett, Soc. L. 1, 223 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In 1897 a constitutional provision that all voters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| must be able to read in the Eliglish language was |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| adopted b ular pote. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VOTE FOR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tricts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| I. Counties of Hartford and Tolland. Rohert |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J. Vance, Dem. 13, 520 ; E. Stevens Henry, Rep. 18,818; J. Powell, Soc. L. , 1,118: E. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| L. G. Hohenthal, Pro., 413. Henry's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CONNECTICUT-Continued.

II Countles of Middlesex and New Haven. James FI Webb, Dem., 23,556 ; Nehemiah D. Sperry, Rep., 27,004; G Mansfield, Soc. L. , 1,128: M. R. Kerr', Pro . 280. Sperry's plurality, $3,448$.
III. Counties of New London and Windham. Charles F. Thayer, Dem. 8, ,̄07; Charles A. Russell, Rep., 12,218; Stephen Crane, Pro.,315. Russell's plurality, 3,711.
IV. Counties of Fairfield and Litchfield. Charles P. Lyman, Dem. , 17,.54; Ebenezer J. Hill, Rep., 23,707; S. Murgatroyd, Soc. L. , 491; C. L. Beach, Pro., 301. Hill's plurality, 5.953 .

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT,
Governor, George E. Lounsbary ; LieutenantGovernor, Lyman A. Mills; Secretary of State, Huber Clark: Treasurer, Charles S. Mersick Somptroller, Thompson S. Grant; AttorneyGeneral, Charles Phelps; Adjutant-General, Louis N. Van Keuren; Insurance Commissioner, Edwlu L. Scofield-all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court of Errors: Chief Justice, Chas. B Andrews. Rep.: Associate Justices, David Torrance, Rep.; Frederic B. Hall, Rep.; Simeon E. Baldwin, Dem., and William Hamersley. Dem. Clerk, George A. Conant
state legislature, 1899.
Senate. House. Joint Brillot.


$$
\text { VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE } 1872 .
$$

|  | Dem. | Rep. | Gr | Lab | Pro. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | Plu.


| Countigs. (3.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasurer, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ross, Dem. | Ball, Rep. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Dem. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinles } \\ \text { Rep. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \mathrm{Pal} \\ \text { mer, } \\ \mathrm{N} . \\ \hline \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Lev. } \\ \text { ering. } \\ \text { Pro. } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ |
| Kent | 3,209 | 3,552 |  |  |  |  |
| New Cas | 8.266 | 9,749 | 9,632 | 12, 263 | 778 | 233 |
| Sussex | 3,230 | 4,243 | 3,792 | 4,541 | 99 | 122 |
| Total | 14,805 | 17,544 | 13,424 | 16, 804 | 87 | 355 |
| Per cent. | 43.93 | 2.739 52.06 | 42.67 | 3,360 <br> 53.41 | 2.79 | 1.13 |
| Scattering |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |

In the presidential election of 1896, the Governor. in certifying to the choice of electors, refused to include the vote of Kent County in the returns on the ground that no certificate from that county had been filed in compliance with the statute. Two certificates were returned, one signed by ten canvassers glving Bryan 2,047. McKinley 1,824, and one sigued by six canvassers giving B'yan 3,157; McKinley, 3.557 ; Palmer. 89 ; Levering. 11 .
In 1896 for Governor (omitting Kent County): Tunnell, Dem., 13,496; Higgins, Rep, 6,845; Hoffecker, Union Rep., 9,25 .
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.
The vote for Congressman in 1898 was: L. Irv ing Handy, Dem., 15,053; J. H. Hoffecker, Rep., 17.566; L. W Brosius, Pro., 454. Hoffectror's plurality, 2,513 .

## DELAWARE-Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Ebe W. Tunnell; Secretary of State, James H. Hughes; Treasurer, L. H. Ball; Commissioner of Insurance, Edward Fowler; Attor-ney-G€ueral, Robert C. White; Auditor, J. H Lingo; Adjutant-General, Garrett J. Llart-all Democrats except Ball and Lingo, Rep.

## JUDICIARY

Supreme Court: Chaucellor, John 12. Nicholson, Dem. ; Chief Justice, Chas. B. Lore, Dem. Associate Justices, Ignatius C. Grubh, Dem. W. C. Spruance, Rep.; James Pennewill, Rep. William H. Boyce, Dem. ; Clerk, William Virdin, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.

| Democrats. |  | Senate. House. |  |  |  | Ballot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 9 | 12 |  | 21 |
| Republicaus |  |  | 8 | 23 |  | 31 |
| forities.............. 1 Dem, 11 Rep. 10 Rep. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Dem. | Rep. | NV. D. | Pro. | M |
| 1872. | Presiden | 10,206 | 11,115 |  |  | 9 R |
| 1876. | President | 13,381 | 10.740 |  |  | 2,641 D |
| 1880. | President | 15,183 | 14,150 |  |  | 1.033 D |
| 1884. | President | 16,976 | 13,033 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.923 \mathrm{D} \\ & \text { Plu. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1886. | Governor. | 13,942 | 141 |  | 7,835 | 6,107 D |
| 1888. | President | .16,414 | 12,973 |  | 400 | 3,441 D |
| 1890. | Governor. | 17,801 | 17,258 |  | 138 | 543 D |
| 1892. | Presideut | 18.581 | 18,183 |  | 565 | 498 D |
| 1894. | Governor. | 18,659 | 19,880 |  | 189 | 1,221 R |
| $1 \times 96$. | Prasident. | .13,424 | 16,804 | 877 | 355 | 3,6:0 R |
| 1898. | Treasurer. | .14,811 | 17.549 |  | 454 | 2,738 R |

FLORIDA.

| Cudnties. <br> (45.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tesasurer, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prasident, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Whitfield, Dem. | Gay, Rep. | Bryan, Jem. \& Pop. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mc- } \\ & \text { Kinley } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | Palmer, N. D. | Levering, Pro. |
| Alachua...... | 1,020 | 273 | 1,545 | 645 | 11 | 44 |
| Baker | 149 | 61 | 247 | 33 | 14 | 2 |
| Bradford | 405 | 102 | 836 | 176 | 16 | 53 |
| Brevard | 436 | 132 | 5U5 | 337 | 17 | 43 |
| Calluoun | 121 | 37 | 205 | 52 | 3 | 26 |
| Citrus | 214 | 7 | 347 | 35 | 16 | 12 |
| Clay | 221 | 101 | 3005 | 230 | 6 | 20 |
| Columbia | 545 | til | 768 | $2 \pm 8$ | 16 | 30 |
| Dade | $4 \cup 8$ | 186 | 372 | 368 | 14 | 38 |
| De soto | 378 | 174 | 700 | 198 | 19 | 24 |
| Duval | 1,067 | 164 | $19!3$ | 1,462 | 16 | 313 |
| Escambia | 964 | 76 | 1285 | 238 | 12 | 138 |
| Franklin. | 211 | 61 | 294 | 146 | 3 | 13 |
| Gadsden | 663 | 4 | 597 | 66 | 9 | 24 |
| Hamilton | 315 | $2 n^{\circ}$ | 533 | 74 | 31 | 18 |
| Hernando | 139 | 2 | 281 | 37 | 4 | 6 |
| Hillsborough. | 1.982 | 150 | 2180 | 584 | 18 | 87 |
| Holmes...... | 277 | 35 | 396 | 51 | 8 | 19 |
| Jackson | 749 | 99 | 1285 | 280 ² | 11 | 33 |
| Jefferson. | 683 | ¢5 | 1909 | 242 | 18 | 18 |
| Lafayette..... | 202 | 19 | $2{ }^{20} 7$ | 13 | 12 | 4 |
| Lake.. | 466 | 149 | 870 | 302 | 14 | 54 |
| Lee.. | 227 | 36 | 220 | 74 | 1 | 15 |
| Leon | 1.239 | 23 | 1,298 | 947 | 21 | 26 |
| Levy. | 274 | 28 | 483 | 113 | 10 | 20 |
| Liberty. | 142 | 13 | 115 | 42 | 3 | 27 |
| Madison. | 325 | 39 | 885 | 144 | 12 | 25 |
| Manatee | 226 | 24 | 480 | 135 | 9 | 11 |
| Marion.. | 770 | 257 | 1130 | 480 | 32 | 129 |
| Monroe. | 285 | 70 | 452 | 369 | 26 | 59 |
| Nassau. | 347 | 35 | 572 | 310 | 14 | 60 |
| Orange | 479 | 170 | $1086^{\circ}$ | 565 | 15 | 74 |
| Osceola | 202 | 21 | 274 | 118 | 14 | 4 |
| Pasco......... | 811 | 27 | 482 | 70 | 4 | 6 |
| Polk. | 704 | 108 | 1.150 | 279 | 17 | 64 |
| Putnam | 681 | 507 | 990 | 816 | 36 | 52 |
| St. John's..... | 455 | 141 | 694 | 431 | 25 | 25 |
| Santa Rosa | 367 | 45 | 561 | 51 | 25 | 13 |
| Sumter. | 216 | 40 | 524 | 89 | 8 | 28 |
| Suwanee...... | 371 | 47 | 905 | 196 | 10 | 29 |
| Taylor | 115 | 15 | 255 | 31 | 2 | 6 |
| Volusia......... | 674 | 210 | 753 | 635 | 36 | 42 | L. B. Wombwell-all Democrats.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, R. $\mathrm{F}_{\dot{\prime}}$ Tuylur; Associate Justices, M. H. Afabry and F B. Carter; Clerk, B. B. Wilson-all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1849.
The Legislature is unanimously Dernocratin cousisting of 32 Senators and 68 litpresentatives.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE $18 \% 2$.


## *Plurality

CEORCIA.

| Counting. (137.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PRESIDEAT, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Candler, Dem. | Hegan, Pup. | Bryan, Denn. |  | I'al$\mathrm{Ni}^{\text {aner }} \mathrm{D}$. |
| Appling | 606 | 682 | 996 | 488 | 5 |
| Baker. | 438 | 21 | 527 | 62 | 1 |
| Baldwiu | 1,041 | 601 | 516 | 410 | 1. |
| Banks. | 746 | 754 | 574 | 389 | 11 |
| Bartow | 1.253 | 493 | 1.02b | 808 | 21 |
| Berrien | 562 | 131 | 6(16) | 250 | 24 |
| Bibb. | 418 | 12 | 1 河4 | 670 | 991 |
| Brooks | 40 | et | 5: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 423 | 12 |
| Bryan. | $5{ }^{\circ}$ | 15 | 25.4 | 171 | . |
| Bulloch | 1,604 | 1,144 | 1.042 | 511 | , |
| Burke. | 758 | 24 | 1,414 | 193 | 10 |



## GEORGIA-Continued.

IV. Counties of Carroll, Chattahoochee, Coweta, Harris, Heard, Marion, Meriweather, Muscogee, Talbot, and Troup. W. C. Adamson, Dem., 3,218; M. L. Covington, Rep., 19 ; scattering, 9. Adamson's plurality, 3,190.
V. Counties of Campbell, Clayton, De Kalb, Douglas, Fulton, Newton, Rockdale, and Walton. Leonidas F. Livingston, Dem., 3,027: A. R Bryau, Rep., 64; scattering, 12. Livingeton's plurality, 2,963 .
VI. Counties of Baldwin, Bibb, Butts, Fayette, Henry. Jones, Monroe, Pike, Spalding, and Upson. C. L. Bartlett, Dem., 3.008; scatterings 3. Bartlett's majority, 3.00 0 .
VII Counties of Bartow, Catoosa, Chattooga, Cobb, Dade, Floyd, Gordon, Haralson, Murray, Paulding, Polk, Walker, and Whitfield. John W. Maddox, Dem., 5,296; A. B. Austiu, Pop., 1,252; scattering, 17. Maddox's plurality, 4,044.
VIII. Counties of Clark, Elbert, Franklin, Greene, Hart, Jasper, Madisoll, Morgan, Oconee, Oglethorpe, Putnam, and Wilkes. W. M. Howard, Dem., 4,399 ; John A. Neese, Pop., 861; scattering, 2. Howard's plurality, 3.538 .
\{X. Counties of Banks, Cherokee, Dawson, Fanuiu, Forsyth, Gilmer, Gwinnett. Habersham, Hall, Jackson, Lumpkin, Milton, Pickens, Rabun, Towns, Union, and White. F. C. Tate, Dem., 9,275 ; J. P. Broolre, Pop., 3,456. Tate's majority, 5,819 .
X. Counties of Columbia, Glascock, Hancock, Jefferson, Lincoln, McDuffie, Richmond, Taliaferro, Warren, Washington, and Wilkinsou. W. H. Fleming, Dem., 2,290 ; Thomas E. Watson, Pop., 34; scattering, 22. Fleming's plurality, 2,256 .
XI. Counties of Appling, Brooks, Camden, Charlton, Clinch, Coffee, Dodge, Echols, Glynn, Irwin, Johnson, Laureus, Lowndes, Montgomery, Pierce, Telfair, Wayne, and Ware. W. J. Brantley, Dem.. 9,256; J. MI. Wilkinson, Rep., 4,112. Brantley's majority, 5,144.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor. Allen D. Candler: Secretary of State, Philip Cook; Treasmrer, W. J. Speer; Comptroller, W. A Wright; Adjutant-General, J. M. Kell; Attorney-General. J. M. Terrell; Superintendent of Education, f. R. Glenn; Commissioner of Agriculture, O B. Stevens-all Democrats.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Thomas J. Simmons; Associate Justices, Samuel Lumpkin, Henry T. L.ewis, Audrew J. Cobb, Wm. A. Little, and Wm. H. Fish; Clerk, Z. D. Harrison-al Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.


## VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

 Dem. Rep. Pro.

IDAHO.

| Counties. (21.) | IDAHO. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | Steun- <br> enberg Moss, <br> Fus. Rep. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \\ & \text { Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Me- } \\ & \text { Kinley } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Ada. | 1,503 1,682 | 1,531 | 851 | 27 |
| Bannock. | 1,288 $\quad 729$ | 1,363 | 228 | 7 |
| Bear Lake | 1,341 675 | 851 | 249 | 1 |
| Bingham. | $1,366 \quad 676$ | 1,232 | 194 | 12 |
| Blaine. | $794 \quad 187$ | 1.228 | 59 | 3 |
| Boisé. | 704 359 | 862 | 226 | 5 |
| Canyon | 959607 | 1,178 | 303 | 22 |
| Cassia. | 525427 | 579 | 129 | 3 |
| Custer. | $393-54$ | 599 | 29 | 2 |
| Elmore. | 406275 | 535 | 124 | 1 |
| Fremont | 1,731 556 | 1,526 | 121 | 8 |
| Idaho. | 1,025 615 | 1,121 | 377 | 7 |
| Kooten | -972 710 | 1,432 | 334 | 17 |
| Latah. | 8 'r9 1,696 | 1,870 | 1,036 | 10 |
| Lemhi. | 685 323 | 1,065 | 2012 | 2 |
| Lincoln. | 236280 | 305 | 74 | 1 |
| Nez Perc | $\begin{array}{lll}942 & 1.324\end{array}$ | 1,089 | 675 | 22 |
| Oneida.. | $1.0841,213$ | 1,092 | 315 | 7 |
| Owy hee. | $97616{ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1,140 | 97 | 4 |
| Shoshone. | $978 \quad 733$ | 1,760 | 497 | 4 |
| Washington | $630 \quad 507$ | 828 | 204 | 8 |
| Total | $\overline{19,407} \overline{13,794}$ | 43,192 | 6324 | 179 |
| Plurality | 5,613 - | 16,868 |  |  |
| Per cent.... | 48.8234 .75 | 78.10 | 21.29 | 0.60 |
| Scattering...... Whole vote. | $\begin{aligned} & 6,546 \\ & 39,747 \end{aligned}$ |  | 26,695 |  |

The scattering vote for Governor in 1898 was: Anderson, Pop., 5,371 ; and Johnson, Pro.. 1,175.

## VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1896.

For Governor, Frank Steunenberg, Pop., Dem., and Sil. Rep., 22,096; David Budlong, Rep., 6,441; M. F.Fowler, Pro., 239. Steunenberg's plurality, 15.6ї̆. Theother State officers were elected by pluralitics of about 7,000. All were elected on the Dem.-1'op. fusion ticket.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVF IN CONGRESS, 1898.
Edgar Wilson, Fus., 17,693; W. B. Hayburn, Kep., 13,056; James Gunn, Pop., 7,428 ; W. J. Boone, Pro., 914.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Frank Steunenberg: Lieutenant-Gorernor, J. H. Hutchinson; Secretary of State, M. Patrie; Treasurer, L. C. Rice; Auditor, B. Sinclair Attorney-General, S. H. Hays; Superintendent of Public Instruction, P. French; Adjutant-General, J. L. Weaver, Dem. ; State Engineer, D. W. Ross, Dem.

## JUDICIARY

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, J. IV. Ifuston Rep. A Associate Justices, I. N. Sullivan, Rep., and Ralph P. Quarles, Dem.; Clerk of the Court, Solomon Hasbrouck, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.
Senate. House. Joint Bullot

|  | Senate. | House. | Joint Bullot |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans....... | 9 | 12 | 21 |
| Silver Republicans... | 5 | 7 | 12 |
| Dem.-Pop. majority | y. ... | 11 | 4 |

VOTE OF THE TERRITORY AND STATE SINCE 18:


## ILLINOIS.

| Counties. (10\%.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasurer, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1 \times 96 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Dun- } \\ & \text { lap, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Whit } \\ \text { temore } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hess, } \\ & \text { Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | Boles, | Bryau, Fusion. | McRep. |
| Ada | 6,870 | 5.969 | 139 | 12 | 25 | 8,447 |
| Alex | 1674 | 1,937 | 13 |  | 1,813 | 2,802 |
| Bond. | 1,434 | 1,900 | 14 | 97 | 1,654 | 1,967 |
| Boone | 323 | 2,336 | 17 | 44 | 657 | 3,111 |
| Brown | 1,606 | 898 | 67 | 30 | 2.063 | 1,024 |
| Bure | 3,084 | 3998 | 99 | 202 | 3,961 | 5,474 |
| Calhoun | 1,019 | 707 | 12 | 6 | 1,176 | 795 |
| Carroll | 854 | 2,450 | 22 | 35 | 1,480 | 3,314 |
| ass | 2,276 | 1,694 | 19 | 52 | 2.470 | 1,946 |
| Champaig | 3,722 | 5,036 | 130 | 241 | 4,643 | S,780 |
| Christian | 4,110 | 3.463 | 88 | 103 | 4.639 | 3,857 |
| lark | 2,635 | 2,579 | 182 | 51 | 3.103 | 2,888 |
| lay | 1,993 | 1,961 | 68 | 52 | 2, 272 | 2,155 |
| Clin | 2,233 | 1,644 | 58 | 12 | 2,572 | 1,863 |
| Coles | 3,596 | 3,936 | 37 | 79 | 3,982 | 4, 534 |
| Cook | 47956 | 148558 | 2,545 | 1,682 | 152146 | 221823 |
| Crawfo | 2,019 | 2,094 | 71 | 1,29 | 2.342 | 2,172 |
| Cumberla | 1,873 | 1,715 | 30 | 58 | 2,098 | 1,355 |
| De Kalb | 979 | 3,406 | 10 | 233 | 1.881 | 5,598 |
| De Witt | 1986 | 2,452 | 25 | 56 | 2,3i0 | 2,587 |
| Dougla | 1,776 | 2,283 | 10 | 45 | 2,140 | $2.66{ }^{\text {b }}$ |
| Du Pag | 1,218 | 2,405 | 14 | 140 | 1,588 | 4,115 |
| Edgar | 3,536 | 3,473 | 60 | 107 | 3.729 | 3,822 |
| Edward | 592 | 1,381 | 28 | 44 | 852 | 1.572 |
| Effingh | 2,101 | 1,321 | 11 | 52 | 2.953 | 1,895 |
| Fayett | 2,717 | 2,821 | 269 | 72 | 3,627 | 2. 769 |
| Ford | 1,151 | 2,209 | 8 | 68 | 1,507 | 2,832 |
| Frank | 1,975 | 1,864 | 39 | 27 | 2,243 | 2,038 |
| Fultou | 5,000 | 5,285 | 180 | 106 | 5,979 | 6,195 |
| Gallati | 1,517 | 961 | 25 | 6 | 2,067 | 1,468 |
| Greene | 2,869 | 1,581 | 29 | 45 | 3, 983 | 2,365 |
| Grund | 1,504 | 2,955 | 26 | 202 | 2,074 | 3,246 |
| Hamilto | 1,963 | 1,421 | 39 | 19 | 2,408 | 1,767 |
| Hancoc | 4,202 | 3,695 | 78 | 108 | 4,581 | 4,250 |
| Hardin | 729 | 677 | 35 |  | 900 | 780 |
| Hend | 84 | 1,547 | 12 | 42 | 962 | 1,756 |
| Henry | 2,261 | 4,416 | 49 | 144 | 2,971 | 6,177 |
| Iroquo | 2,993 | 4,258 | 33 | 196 | 3,658 | 5,325 |
| Jackson | 3,133 | 3,459 | 27 | 69 | 3,631 | 3,879 |
| Jaspe | 2,265 | 1,602 | 66 | 83 | 2, 724 | 1,867 |
| Jeffers | 2,:64 | 2,264 | 124 | 81 | 3,588 | 2,603 |
| Jersey | 2,027 | 1,478 | 24 | 60 | 2,377 | 1,641 |
| Jo Dav | 2,282 | 2,690 | 28 | 66 | 2,391 | 3,594 |
| Johnso | 1,011 | 1,617 | 62 |  | 1,429 | 2,027 |
| Kane | 2,835 | 6,3b0 | 28 | 326 | 4,852 | 12, 133 |
| Kan | - 695 | 3.847 | 31 | 88 | 2,370 | 5,471 |
| Kenda | 506 | 1,377 | 7 | 87 | 774 | 2,128 |
| Knox | 2,141 | 5,602 | 72 | 189 | 3,480 | 7,681 |
|  | 1,350 | 2,879 | , | 138 | 1,777 | 5,027 |
| a | 7,290 | 9,214 | 127 | 185 | 8,108 | 11,548 |
| Law | 1,775 | 1,739 | 21 | 45 | 1,948 | 1,972 |
| Lee. | 1,675 | 3,227 | 15 | 114 | 2,469 | 1,797 |
| Livin | 3,850 | 4,768 | 41 | 191 | 4,068 | 5,436 |
| Logan | 3,528 | 3,230 | 17 | 86 | 3,389 | 3,430 |
| Macon | 4,510 | 5,115 | 45 | 155 | 4,756 | 5,216 |
| Macoup | 4,68u | 4,305 | 6. | 146 | 5,574 | 4.970 |
| Madison | ¢ั, 033 | 6,115 | 46 | 102 | b 344 | 7,431 |
| Marion | 3,157 | 2,650 | 196 | 79 | 3,835 | 2,870 |
| Marsha | 1,904 | 1,929 | 14 | 40 | 1,888 | 2,216 |
| ason | 2,270 | 1,787 | 13 | 59 | 2,407 | 2,100 |
| Massac | 607 | 1,405 | 19 | 19 | 869 | $2,0_{5} \div$ |
| McDonoug | 3,315 | 3,759 | 51 | 160 | 3,684 | 4, 5 |
| McHenr | 1,048 | 2,932 | 19 | 102 | 1,913 | 5, $\mathrm{C}^{-7}$ |
| McLean | 4,672 | 6,358 | 45 | 413 | 6,328 | 9.964 |
| Menard | 1,882 | 1,555 | 38 | 38 | 2,018 | 1,642 |
| Mercer | 1,482 | 2,618 | 73 | 73 | 2,329 | 3,129 |
| Monroe | 1,503 | 1,506 | 30 | 3 | 1,652 | 1,446 |
| Montgomery. | 3,504 | 3,172 | 50 | 136 | 4,117 | 2,622 |
| Morgan | 4,641 | 3,432 | 45 | 106 | 4,323 | 4,317 |
| oul | 1,823 | 1,491 | 39 | 33 | 2,077 | 1,711 |
| Ogle | 1,083 | 3,003 | 20 | 177 | 2,142 | 5,210 |
| eor | 6,772 | 7,989 | 47 | 287 | 9,068 | 10,486 |
| Perr | 2,066 | 2,121 | 35 | 77 | 2, 370 | 2,342 |
| Piat | 1,721 | 2,322 | 30 | 32 | 1,958 | 2. 579 |
| Pike | 3,519 | 2,233 | 303 | 98 | 5. 329 | 3,111 |
| Pope | 341 | 1,187 | 33 | 10 | 1. 074 | 1,852 |
| Pulask | 745 | 1,410 | 8 | 17 | 1,152 | 2,081 |
| Putnam | 392 | 599 |  | 26 | 479 | 708 |
| Rand | 2,861 | 2,720 | 45 | 105 | 3,081 | 3,024 |
| Rich | 1,75 | 15 | 172 |  | 2,062 | 1,693 |

ILLINOIS-Continued.

| Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treasurer, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Presidinnt, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dunlap, Dew. | Whittemore Rep. | Hess, <br> Pop. | Boles, Pro. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Fus- } \\ \text { ion. } \end{gathered}$ | Alc- <br> Kinley Kep. |
| Rock Island. | 3,931 | 5,932 | 63 | 104 | 4,6:2 | 7.323 |
| Saline | 1,970 | 2,203 | 36 | 28 | 2. 298 | 2.605 |
| Sangam | 8,474 | 8,278 | 43 | 32.2 | 8. 582 | 8.998 |
| Schuyler | 2,059 | 1,56] | 37. | 67 | 2.334 | 1,848 |
| Scott | 1,497 | 1,066 | 40 | 17 | 1.598 | 1. 261 |
| Shelby | 3,877 | 2,866 | 119 | 177 | 4,709 | 3. 071 |
| Stark | 793 | 1,380 | 63 | 82 | 1, 030 | 1. 636 |
| St. Clair | 6,497 | 7,002 | 85 | 153 | 8,345 | 8,900 |
| Stephens | 3, 762 | 3,735 | 17 | 143 | 3.776 | 4,728 |
| Tazewell | 3,539 | 3,250 | 27 | 123 | 3, 743 | 3,703 |
| Union. | 2,292 | 1,331 | 19 | $26^{\circ}$ | 2,948 | 1. 842 |
| Vermilio | 3,834 | 5,896 | 98 | 31.3 | 5,749 | 8, 567 |
| Wabash | 1,485 | 1,117 | 16 | 65 | 1.739 | 1.321 |
| Warren | 2,455 | 3,090 | 26 | 122 | 2,604 | 3.394 |
| Washing | 1,8:36 | 2,134 | 22 | 50 | 1,979 | 2.351 |
| Wayne | 2,469 | 2,677 | 98 | 140 | 3,102 | 2,906 |
| White. | 2,664 | 2,075 | 61 | 44 | 3,421 | 2,7\%1 |
| Whites | 1,901 | 3,679 | 39 | 136 | 2. 788 | 5,577 |
| Will. | 4,685 | 7,224 | 62 | 94 | 6,873 | 9, 24.9 |
| Williamso | 2,200 | 2,674 | 25 | 20 | 2.543 | 3 , 127 |
| Winnebago | 1,100 | 3,837 | 59 | 418 | 2. 417 | 8,242 |
| Woodford.. | 2,444 | 1,905 | 26 | 132 | 2, 453 | 2.447 |
| Total. | 405490 | 448940 | 7,986 | 11,753 | 464632 | 607120 |
| Plurality |  | 43,450 |  | 11, 153 | 464032 | 14.24 .48 |
| Percent | 46.15 | 51.09 | 0.87 | 1.35 | 42.68 | $55,60^{\circ}$ |
| Scattering .... Whole vote. | 4,018878,587 |  |  |  | 18,126 |  |

The scattering vote for Treasurer in 1888 was for Litchson, soc. L

The scattering vote for President in 1896 was: Palmer, N. D., 6,390: Levering, Pro.. 9,796; Matchett, Soc. L., 1,147; Bentley, Nat. Pro., 793. The Middle-of-Road Populist vote for Bryan was 1.040.

The vote for Governor in 1896 was: Altgelu, Dem.-Pop., 474.256; 'Tanner, Rep., $5 \varepsilon 7,637$; (世\&re, Pro., 14,582; Forman, N. D., 8,100. 'Tanuer's plurality, 113,381.
vote for representatives in congress, 1898. Districts.
I. County of Cook. Rollin B. Org:n, Dem., 20,424 ; James R. Mann, liep.. 37,500; James Hogan, Pop., 404; Theodore Neff, Pro., 414; B. Berlin, Soc. L., 568.
II. County of Cook. (1. Porter Johuson, Dem., 23,304; William Lorimer, Rep., 27,151; Charles O. Sherman, Pop., 700; Thomes H. Conpropot, Pro., 407; Herman Glaser, Soc. L., 421.
III. County of Cook. George P. Foster, Dem. 18,463; Hugh R. Belknap, Rep. 15,659 ; James E. McGrath. Pop., 206; William Kiellett, Pro., 65; Henry D. Dreisvogt, Soc. L., 242.
IV. County of Cook. Thomas Cusack, Dem. 18,876; Daniel W. Mills, Rep., 16,656; John T. Buchanau, Pop., 210; Thomas H. Gault. Pro. 130.
V. Connty of Cook. Edward T. Noman, Dem. 19,186; George E. White, Rep., 16, u18: William League, Pop., 334: Thomas L. Haines, Pro., 176 ; J. Collins, soc. L., 301.
VI. Connty of Cook. Emil Hoechster, Dem. 17,167; Henry S. Boutell, Rep., 18283 ; Roy 31. Goodwin, Pop., 22ā ; Johm (土. Battelshill, Pro. 86 ; Geo. Henderson, Soc. L., 284. VII. County of Cook (part) and county of Lake. Frank C. Rogers, Dem. 18,572; George E. Foss, Rep. 30,903 ; Henry H. Hardince, Pop. 4u3; Vasscher B. Barnes, Pro., 394 ; Charles Schmitt, ioc. L., $\mathfrak{\text { onf }}$.
VIII. Counties of Mchenry, De Kalb, Kane, Du Page, Kendall, and Grundy. John W. Conrad, Dem., 8,000; A lbert J. Hopkins, Rep., 19,$592 ; \mathrm{S}$. W. Johnson. Pro., 1,142.
IX. Counties of Bnone, Winmebago, stephenson Jo Daviess, Carroll, Ogle, and Lee. H. Wagner, Dem. 11,200 ; Kobert R. I Rep., 22.165; J F. Counatijn:an, Pro.

## ILLINOIS-Continued.

X. Counties of Whiteside, Rock Island, Mercer, Henry, Knox, and stark. Francis E. Andrews, Dem., 12,042; (1.0. W. Prince, Rep., 24,469;' Eugenio K. Hays, Pro., 509.
XI. Counties of Brreau, La Salle, Livingston, and Woodford. Manrice T.Molony, Dem., 16,564; Walter Reeves, Rep., 20,050 ; A rchibald Storrie, Pop., 277; John W. Hosier, Pro. 629.
XII. Counties of Will, Kankakee, Iroquois, and Vermilion. John M. Thompson, Dem., 14,178; Joseuh G. Cannon, Rep., 21,484; Samuel S. Jones, Pro., 682.
XIII. Counties of Ford, MeLean, De Witt, Piatt, Champaign, and Donglas. Jerome G. Quisenbery, Dem., 14,977: Vespasian Warner, Rep., 20,635; James M. Shaw. Pro., 863.
XIV. Counties of Putnam, Marshall, Peoria, Fulton, Tazewell, and Mason. Charles MI Barnes Dem., 19, 431 ; Joseph V. Graff, Rep 21,417: Stephen Martin, Pro., $690^{\circ}$.
XV. Counties of Henderson, Warren, Hancock, McDoncugh, Adams, Brown, and Schuyler. Joseph A. Roy, Dem., 20,901; Benjamin F. Marsh, Rep. $21,1 \neq 3$; II. W. Greer. Pop., 401: James M. Underhill, Pro., 571.
XVI. Counties of Cass, Morgan, Scott, Pike, Green, Macoupin, Calhoun, and Jersey. William E. Williarns Dem., 21,682; James H. Danskin, Rej.. 17.021; A. C. Wood, Pop., 514 : Howard C. Pliss, Pro., 491.
XVII. Counties of Menard, Logan, Sangamon, Macon, and Christian. Benj. F. Callwell, Dem., 23,293: Isaac R. Miils, Rep., 21,053: David L. Bunn, Pro., 573.
XVIII. Counties of Madison, Montgomery, Bond, Fayette, Shelby, and Moultrie. Thomas M. Jett., Dem.. 18,834; Benj. F. Johnson, Rep., 18,109. Ferdinand Morse, Pop., 477 ; John W. Killarn, Pro., 501 ; William W. Cox, Soc. L., 138.
$\boldsymbol{X I X}$. Counties of Coles, Edgar, Clark, Cumberland, Effingham, Jasper, Crawford, Richland, and Lawrence. Joseph B. Crowley, Dem., 21,520; Wrlliam IF. Jacobs, Rep., 20,006: Dixon T. Harbison, Pop, 597 ; William smith, Pro., 483.
XX. Counties of Clay, Jefferson, Wayne, Mamilton, Edwards, Wabash, Franklin, White, Gallatin, and Hardin. James R. Willlams. Dem., $183 \% 1$; Theodore G. Risley, Rep. 16,307 ; Wiiey NV. Green, Pop., 552 : William Bedall, Pro., 387.
XXI. Counties of Marion, Clinton, Washington, St. Clair, Monroe, Randolph, and Perry. Frederick J. Kern Dem., 19,956; William Nixon, Pro., 433; William F. Quellmalz, Pop., 466; Gustav Surber, Soc. L., 240.
XXII. Combties of Jackson, Union, Alezander, Pulaski, Johnson, Williamson, Suline Pope, and Massac. A. B. (tarrett, Dem. 14,1:1: G. TV. Smith. Ren, 17.200; Andrew J. Dougherty. Jr., Pro., 219.

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        PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
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Governor, John R. Tanner; Lieutenant-fovernor, W. A. Northcott; Seeretary of State, James A. Rose: Treasurer, F. K. Whittemore: Auditor, J.S. McCullongh; Attorney-(ieneral, E. C: Akin, Adjutant-General. J. N. Reece; Superintendent of Insirance, J. R. B. Van Cleave; Superintendent of Education, Alred Bayliss-all Tiepublicans.

## judictary.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, James II. Cartwright, Rep.: Associate Justices, J. W. Wilkin, Rep. I. N. Carter, Rep. A. MI. Craig. Nem. : Jesse I Phillips, Dem. B. D. Magruder, Rep. ; C.C.Boggs, Dem. ; Clerks of the Court, A.D. Cadwallader, Rep: C. Mamer, Rep.; Jacob O. Chance, Dem.

ILLINOIS-Continued.

| State legrslature, 1899. |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Democrats...... ....... 16 | 7187 |
| Republicans............ 34 | 81115 |
| Popnlists................ 1 | , |
| Prohibitionists......... 0 | 1 1 |
| Republican majority, 17 | $9 \quad 26$ |
| VOTE OF THE STATE <br> Dem. Rirp. | Since 187: Gi: Pro. |
| 1872. President. 184,772 241,237 | R |
| 1876. Presiclent. 259,601 278,232 | 17,207 ... 19,631 R |
| 1880. President. 277,321 318,037 | $20,358440 \quad 40,716 \mathrm{R}$ |
| 1884. President. 312,351 33i,463 | 10,576 12,074 25,118 R |
| 1886. Treasurer. 240,8b4 27 | 34,821 19 |
| 1888. Covernor. 355,313 367,860 | 6,394 18,874 12,54 |
| 1888. President. 348,371 370,473 | 7,090 21,695 22,112 R |
| 1890. Treasurer. 331,929 3 31,990 | 22,306 9,929 D |
| 1892. President. 425,281 399,288 | 22,207 25,870 26, |
| 1891. Treasurer. 321,551 455,788 | $60,06719,460134,237 \mathrm{R}$ |
|  | A. D) 14582113 |
| 1895. rovernor 474,256 587637 | 8.10014 .58 |
| 1890. President. 464, 632607,130 | $\begin{array}{lllllll}6,390 & 9,796 & 142,4\end{array}$ |
| 1898. Treasurer. $405,430418,940$ | 7,883 11,753 43,450 |

*Majority.
IMDIAMA.

| Counties. (92). | Secretary of State, 1898. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PRESIDENT, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ralston, Dem. | Hunt, Rep. | Worth Pro. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Morri- } \\ \text { son, } \\ \text { Pop. } \end{gathered}$ | Bryan, Dem. | McKinley Rep. |
| Adams | 2,654 | 1,2i1 | 71 | 39 | 3340 | 1613 |
| Allen | 8,479 | 6,285 | 117 | 47 | 9909 | -8,467 |
| Bartholomew. | 3,043 | 3,125 | 48 | 42 | 3198 | 3265 |
| Benton | 1,286 | 1,774 | 47 | 16 | 15 20 | 1948 |
| Blackfo | 1,898 | 1,719 | 117 | 44 | 2,272 | 2,154 |
| Boon | 3,630 | 3,106 | 74 | 84 | 3,800 | 3449 |
| Brown | 1,207 | 615 | 24 | 24 | 1480 | 726 |
| Carro | 2,293 | 2,501 | 43 | 25 | 2764 | 2,546 |
| Cass | 4,044 | 3,813 | 149 | 182 | 4851 | 4382 |
| Cla | 3618 | 3,147 | 37 | 18 | 3,785 | 3,897 |
| Clay | 3.550 | 3,194 | 148 | 140 | 4,482 | 3823 |
| Clin | 3, **'5 | 3,474 | 184 | 90 | 3.747 | 3607 |
| Crawfo | 1,622 | 1,324 | 45 | 47 | 1,659 | 1490 |
| Daviess. | 2,718 | 2,864 | 69 | 519 | $37 \times 5$ | 3120 |
| Dearbor | 2.815 | 2,189 | 65 | 6 | 3313 | 2,714 |
| Decatu | 2.368 | 2,i11 | 73 | 32 | 2,520 | 2,848 |
| De Kalb | 2.815 | 2,674 | 198 | 124 | 3678 | 3137 |
| Delawa | 8. 2 ¢5 | 5,493 | 273 | 49 | 4,253 | $7.3 \pm 0$ |
| Dubois | 2,214 | 986 | 25 | 38 | 3005 | 1215 |
| Elkhar | 4,340 | 5.393 | 4017 | 32 | 4986 | 6150 |
| Fayett | 1, 430 | 1,943 | 38 | 5 | I $60 y$ | 2145 |
| Floyd | 3,413 | 2,981 | 52 | 24 | 3544 | 3874 |
| Founta | 2,858 | 2,755 | 75 | 55 | 2997 | 2,809 |
| Frankli | 2.428 | 1,488 | 33 | - | 2844 | 1760 |
| Fultor | 2.284 | 2,158 | 54 | 2.5 | 2.409 | 2349 |
| Gibso | 3,043 | 3,289 | 188 | 135 | 3622 | 3471 |
| Gran | 3,754 | 6,727 | 458 | 8.2 | 5072 | 7.723 |
| Green | 2, S. 1 | 3,282 | 54 | 264 | 3,344 | 3,434 |
| Hanuil | 2,437 | 4,249 | 281 | 38 | 2,947 | 4643 |
| Hancocl | 2.654 | 2.086 | 80 | 34 | 2,886 | 2,2:3 |
| Harriso | 2,4i34 | 2,236 | 81 | 101 | 2,813 | 2,486 |
| Hendri | 2,049 | 3, 0932 | 119 | 14 | 2365 | 3409 |
| Menry | 2,228 | 3,590 | 295 | 37 | 2980 | 4,001 |
| Howara | 2,449 | 3.348 | 273 | 140 | 3199 | 4195 |
| Hunting | 3,486 | 3,631 | 187. | 30 | 3.750 | 4,117 |
| Jackson. | 3,243 | 2,326 | 100 | 85 | 3574 | 2,670 |
| Jaspe | 1,257 | 1,732 | 75 | 68 | 1608 | 2,082 |
| Jay | 8,111 | 3,260 | 223 | 112 | 3,680 | 3473 |
| Jefrerso | 2,362 | 3,041 | 48 | 20 | 2645 | $3,636^{\circ}$ |
| Jenning | 1,693 | 1.842 | 45 | 60 | 1850 | 2,040 |
| Johns | 2,791 | 2,158 | 123 | 103 | 3.083 | 2288 |
| Knox | 3, \%iv | 2,940 | 130 | 138 | 4349 | 3480 |
| Koscius) | 2,796 | S,911 | 148 | 17 | 3372 | 4342 |
| Ia (tran | 1.165 | 1,973 | 65 | 22 | 1665 | 2442 |
| Lake. | 3,015 | 3,807 | 67 | 24 | 3418 | 4883 |
| Lapor | 4,43.4 | 4,016 | 59 | 16 | 4511 | 4691 |
| Lavivren | 2,026 | 2,672 | 61 | 75 | 2421 | 3103 |
| Madison | 7,209 | 7,642 | 244 | 141 | 7.590 | 8,388 |
| Marion | 20,812 | 23, 191 | 563 | 85 | 20.654 | 127,351 |


| INDIANA-Continucd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Counties. | Secretary of State, 1898. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prksident, } \\ \text { 18'Jj. } \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Rals- } \\ & \text { ton, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned}$ | Hunt, Rep. | Worth, Pro. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Morri- } \\ \text { son, } \\ \text { Pop. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Bryan, Dem. | Mc- <br> Kinley <br> Rep. |
| Marshall. |  |  | 103 | 32 | 3588 | 2,938 |
| Martin | 1,380 | 1,433 | 9 | 152 | 1.719 |  |
| Miami | 3,443 | 3,14อิ | 151 | 51 | 3.603 | 3396 |
| Mouroe. | 2,1,9 | 2,333, | 45 | 771 | 2,423 | 2486 |
| Montgomery.. | 3.959 | 4,203 | 100 | 54 | 4183 | 4353 |
| Morgan | 2,340 | 2.620 | 74 | 32 | 2414 | 2688 |
| Neuton |  | 1,448 | 4 | $4: 1$ |  |  |
| Noble | 2, 5.19 | 3, 084 | 102 | 16 | 3,071 | 3312 |
| Ohio. | 547 | 705 | 9. |  | 63t | 705 |
| Orange | 1.6225 | 1,96\% | 36 | 92 | 1,797 | 2,044 |
| Owen | 1,939 | 1.639 | 89 |  | 2,0.0 | 1.751 |
| Par | 2,362 | 2,772 | 10.4 | 63 | 2,777 | 2,847 |
| Perry | 2,169 | 1,944 | 25 | 22 | 2,109 | 2.139 |
| Pike | 2,1,1 | 2,276 | 59 | 51 | 2,5.57 | 2, 3 2\% |
| Por | 1,721 | 2,487 | 40 | 17 | 2,02b' | 2853 |
| Posey | 2.705 | 2,418 | 76 | 105 | 3,113 | 2,526 |
| Pulaski. | 1,367 | 1,211 | 79 | 109 | 1,964. | , 1,345 |
| Putnam | 3637 | 2399 | $9{ }^{\circ}$ | 76 | 3.218 | 2.622 |
| Randolp | 1,925 | 4,253 | 124 | 85 | 2,677 | 4,6\%4 |
| Ripley. | 2,402 | 2,512 | 31 | 105 | 2,314 | 2,690 |
| Rush.. | 2,502 | 2,7i0 | 120 |  | 2,603 | 2,291 |
| Scott | 1,119 | 730 | 18 |  | 1,23i | 837 |
| Shelby | 3,668 | 2.798 | 182 | 30 | 3,808 | 3,219 |
| Spencer | 2,543 | 2,744 | 50 |  | 2,745 | 3,047 |
| sitarke | 1,227 | 1,166 | 19 | 15 | 1,21 t | 1,289 |
| St. Josep | 5,680 | 6,881 | 148 |  | 6,247 | 7,138 |
| Steuben. | 1,315 | 2,359 | 79 | 43 | 1,6,4 | 2,655 |
| Sullivan | 3.017 | 1,877 | 188 |  | 4.010 | 2,317 |
| Sivitzeri | 1,677 | 1.535 | 7 |  | 1,742 | 1,637 |
| Tippecanoe.. | 4,170 | 5,5.55 | 216 | 17. | 1.633 | 6,239 |
| Tipton. | 2,3:6 | 2,202 | 68 | 175 | 2,816 | - $2,26{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Union. |  | 1,023 | 41 |  | 415 | 1,118 |
| Vanderburgh. | 6,140 | 7,209 | 91 | 45 | 7,132 | 8,0h\% |
| Vermillion .... | 1,6:5 | 1,933 | 71 | 22 | 1,814 | 2,141 |
| Vigo. | 6,909 | 7,099 | 123 | 91 | 7.558 | 8,020 |
| Wabas | 2,652 | 3,748 | 145 | 25 | 2,891 | , 4,31, |
| Warren | 838 | 1,908 | 54 | 13 | 1100 | 2,045 |
| Warrick | 2,547 | 2.4.47 | 54 | 111 | 2,902 | 2,48. |
| Washington.. | 2,337 | 1, Yais | 27 |  | 2,613 | 2,214 |
| Wayne | 3.090 | 5,389 | 194 | 27 | 4,193 | 6,841 |
| Wells. | 3.020 | 1.980 | 91 | - 77 | 3,728 | 2,212 |
| White | 2,284 | 2,292 | 95 | 44 |  | 7 2,383 |
| Whitley | 2, 41 | 2,008 | 85 | 14 | 2,494 | ( 2,242 |
| Total... |  | 286643 |  | 5,86i | 305573 | 3329754 |
| Plurality...... |  | 17,518 |  |  |  | 15081 |
| Per cent....... |  | 49.96 | 1.7 |  |  | 450.81 |
| Scattering..... Whole vote. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,5 \\ & 573 \end{aligned}$ | . 315 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4,48 \\ & i, 135 \end{aligned}$ |

The scattering vote for Sccretary of State in 1398 was for Yochum, soc. L

Of the scattering vote for President in 1895 Leveriug, Pro, had 3,0こ5; Palmer, Nat. Dem., 2,155; Bentley, Nat. Pro., 2,268, and Matchett. soc. L., 929.

The vote for Governor in 1896 was: Benjamin F. Shively, Dem., 294,855; James A. Mount, Rep., 320,932 ; L. M. Christ. Pro., 2,y96; Thomas Wadsworth Pop., 8,525 ; J. (i, Kingsbury, Ňat. Pro. 2,500; P. H. Moore, Soc. L., 283. Mount's plurality, 26,077.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVESIN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Gibson, Posey, Pike, Spencer. Vanderourgh, and Warrick. Thomas Duncan, Dem., 19,337; James A. Hemenway, Rep., 20,383; Josephus Lee, Pro, 475. Hemenway's plurality, 1,046 .
II. Counties of Daviess, Greene, Monroe, Owen, Sullivan, Knox, Lavvrence, and Martin. Robert iV. Miers, Dem., 20,245 ; W. R. Gardiner, Rep., 18,656; W. J. Trout, Pro., 1,333. Miers' plurality, 1,539.
III. Comnties of Clark, Floyd, IIarrison, Duboic, Orange, Crawford, Perry, scott, and Washington. Willians T. Zenor hem., 21,111 ; J. P. Whitesides, Rep.. 16,791; (i. T. Mayfield, Pro., 356. Zenor's olurality, 4,300.

## INDIANA-Continued.

IV. Counties of Dearborn, Decatur, Jackson, Brown, Bartholomew, Jennings, Jefferson, Ohio, Ripley, and Switzerland. F. Mr. (irifith, Dem., 21,751; C. W. Lee, Rep., 19,733; J. N. Hughes, Pro., 213. Griflith's vlurality, 2,018 .
V Counties of Clay, Parke, Vermillion, Vigo, ITendricks, Morgan, and Putnan. Sannel If:ammil, Dem. , 22,305; (ieu. W. Faris, Thep., 22.557; W. E. C'arpenter, Pro., 6 $\$ 7$; A. S. Fartow, Yop., 195. Faris' plurality, 252.
VI. Counties of Fayette, Henry, Hancock, Franklin, Shelby, Union, Rush, and Tlayue. Charles A. Robinson, Dem., 19,844: J. E. Watson, Rep., 21,048; Samuel Walker, Fro., 121. Watsuà's plurality, 2,204.
VII. Commties of Marion and Johnson. Leon O. Bailey, Dem., $2326^{\circ} 9$; Jesse Overstreet, Ren., 25,868 ; iv. B. Campbell, Pro., 567 ; H. Knerst, Soc. L., 235. Overstrett's pluralıty, 2,599.
VIII. Coluties of Adams, Blackford, Delaware, Jay, Madison, Randolph, and Wells. O. B. Lotz., Dem., 24,021; George W. Cromer, Rep., 25,388; G. M. Martin, Pro., 908; J. A. Thompson, Pop., 297. Cromer's plurality, 1 دُं7.
IX. Counties of Boone, ('linton, Fountain, C'arroll, IIami toin, Montgonaery, and Tipton. Joseph M. ('head e, lem., 21,0307; Charles B. Landis, Kep., 22,44 ; F. H. King, Pro., bil: (feo. M. Thompsou, Pop., 327. Landis' plurality, $1,020$.
X. Counties of Benton, Laporte, Jasper, Tippecanoe, Warren, Lake, Newton, Porter, and White. John Rois, Dem., 20,246; jedward D. Crumpacker, Rep., 24,656. C'rumpacker's majority, 4, 2 ̄0.
XI. Connties of Howard, Cass, Grant, Hintington, Miami, Wabash. G. W. Meikels, 1)em., 20,281; (ieorge W. Sreple, Rep., 24,367; D. A. Mcllowell, Pro., 1,171; I: L. Wilson, Pop., 436. Steele's plurality, 4,086.
XII. Comnties of Allen, De Kalb, LaGrange, Noble, Sieuben, and Whitley. James M. Robinsonn, Den1., 19,484; C. D. Stemen, Rep., 18,014; II. ('. Mchrader, Pro., 448. Robiuson's plurality, 1.440.
XIII. Counties of Elkhart, Koscinsko, Fulton, Pulaski, Marshall, St.Joseph, and Nitarke. MI. M. Hathaway, D.m., 20,886; Abrabam 1. Brick, Rep., 23,268; 'T. Е. IVebb, Гто., 970: J. L. Korner, Pop., 217. Brick's plurality, 2,482.
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, James A. Niount; Lieutenant-Gorernor, V. S. Haggard; Secretary of state, U. B. Hnnt; Treasurer, L. Levy; Auditor, W. H. Ha t; Adjutant-(teneral, J. K. Gore; Attorner(remeral, W.L. Taylor: = une intendent of Instruction, F. L. Jones; Commissioner of Insurance, C. W. Neal; Commissioner of Public Lands, L. G. Rothschild; (hief oi Bureau of statistics, J.B. Conner; Geologist, W. S. Blatchley-all Republicans.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John V. Hadley ; Justices, James H. Jordan, A. Dowling, L. J. Monks, F. E. Baker; C.erik of the Court, R. A. Brown-all Republicans.

STATE LigGislature, 1899.
Senate. Horse. JointBallot.
Republicans ............. 29
Democrats

Republican majority. 8 | 60 |
| :--- |
| 40 |

61

INDIANA-Continued.
VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

Dem. Ren. Gr: Poo. Plu
1872 President. $163,6321 \times 5,147$ 18i4. Siec.state. 182,104 Int. 912 16,233
 1878. Nec. Ritate.19!.491 181, 755 3! 148
 1と8\%. Fee. sitite. $220,2242100601 \% 615$ 1 \&8t. President is 4.992 2:\%. 480 1886. Lt.- (iOV...223, 548231,922
1888. President.261, 013 265, 361

1 90). Sec. State. 233,891 214,302 1892. President. $25^{22} .740255,615$ 1844. sec. state. 2: $7.722283,405$ 1 s446 President. 305, 573 32:3, 754 1898. Sec. State. $264,12,286,643$

IOWA.

| Countira. (99.) | Governor,1899. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ \text { I } 896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White, D -m . | Shaw, <br> lep. | Atwood, Pro. | Lloyd, Pop. | Bryan, Dem. | $\underset{\text { Minley }}{\text { Mc- }}$ Rep. |
| Adair | 1,685 | 2,047 | 35 | 18 | 1,946 | 3,127 |
| Adams | 1,380 | 1,285 | 69 | 14 | 1, 701 | 1,736 |
| Allaniake'e | 1,739 | 2,251 | 23 | 2 | 1,897 | 2.471 |
| Appanoose | 2,3i6 | 2,935 | 51 | 36 | 2,940 | 3,046 |
| Atudubon. | 1,282 | 1,057 | 21 | 5 | 1,417 | 1,705 |
| Benton | 2,653 | 2,973 | 64 | 15 | 2, 264 | 3,604 |
| Blackhawk | 1,586 | 3070 | 106 | 11 | 2, 167 | 4,643 |
| Boolle | 1,96i | 2.471 | 186 | 8 | 2,801 | 3. 741 |
| Bremer. | 1,941 | 1,788 | 38 | 7 | 1,704 | 2,116 |
| Buchanan. | 1,742 | 2,437 | 178 | 5 | 2. 233 | 4,865 |
| Buena Vis | 786 | 1,818 | 82 | 24 | 1,178 | 2,368 |
| Butler. | 965 | 1,942 | 40 | 2 | 1372 | 2,670 |
| Calhoun | 806 | 2,027 | 36 | 6 | 1.280 | 2,698 |
| Carroll | 2,24 | 1,983 | 10 | 6 | 2,417 | 2, Ubib |
| ( 'ass | 1,759 | 2.590 | 24 | 35 | 2,240 | 2,959 |
| Cedar | 2,151 | 2,520 | 102 | 6 | 2,128 | 2.117 |
| ('erro fior | 951 | 2,235 | 127 | 8 | 1.408 | 3. 048 |
| Cherokee. | 1,160 | 1,733 | 105 | 11 | 1,464 | 2.343 |
| Chickasaw | 2,091 | 1,813 | 31 | 5 | 2, 084 | 1,967 |
| Clarke | 1.317 | 1,647 | 42 | 9 | 1,517 | 1,646 |
| Clay | 647 | 1,624 | 48 | 16 | 933 | 1,880 |
| Clayton | 2,753 | 2,606 | 65 | 8 | 2,910 | 3,302 |
| Clinton. | 4,234 | 4,024 | 35 | 13 | 4,590 | 5. 584 |
| ('rawfor | 2,252 | 1,953 | 95 | 9 | 2,396 | 2,189 |
| Dallas | 1,497 | 2.687 | 135 | 21 | 2.316 | 3,326 |
| Javis. | 1,958 | 1,546 | 40 | 51 | 2, $3 b^{\prime} 7$ | 1,652 |
| Decatu | 1,991 | 2.187 | 31 | 30 | 2.362 | 2,268 |
| Delaware | 1,277 | 2,110 | 46 | 10 | 1,778 | 2,799 |
| Des Moines | 3469 | 3,244 | 46 | 9 | 3,741 | 4549 |
| Dickinson. | 38 t | 1,063 | 67 | 12 | 517 | 1.131 |
| Dubuque | 5,931 | 3,863 | 47 | 8 | 6,570 | 5,203 |
| Emmet. | 328 | 931 | 96 | 6 | 559 | 1,429 |
| Fayette | 2,547 | 3,426 | 108 | 22 | 2,820 | 3, 522 |
| Floyd | 1.689 | 2,117 | 61 | 10 | 1,461 | 2.749 |
| Franklin | 461 | 1,743 | 23 | 1 | 894 | 2,439 |
| Fremont | 2,0:30 | 1.8 .8 | 40 | 15 | 2.85\% | 1,918 |
| Greene | 1,163 | 2,115 | 40 | 6 | 1, 629 | 2,605 |
| Grundy. | 1,169 | 1,661 | 46 | 3 | 1.206 | 1,894 |
| Giuthrie. | 1,652 | 2,294 | 72 | 8 | 2. 220 | 2,541 |
| Hanilton | 86.4 | 2,094 | 19 | 6 | 1,300 | 3.074 |
| Hancock | 800 | 1,875 | 32 | 9 | 1,007 | 1,975 |
| Hardin | 816 | 2,329 | 101 | 6 | 1,568 | 3.575 |
| Harrison | 2,641 | 2,775 | 117 | 46 | 3,214 | 2.839 |
| Heury | 1,707 | 2,355 | 67 | 15 | 2. 092 | 2,774 |
| Howar | 1,318 | 1,257 | 78 | 8 | 1, 50' | 1.929 |
| Humboldt | 559 | 1,504 | 13 | 5 | 1,783 | 2,010 |
| Ida. | 1,228 | 1,32, | 29 | 9 | 1,421 | 1,475 |
| Iow | 1.934 | 2,067 | 46 | 24 | 1,955 | 2. 2.391 |
| Jachson | 2,584 | 2,623 | 33 | 29 | 3.019 | 2,768 |
| Jasper | 3,009 | 3,330 | 84 | 424 | 3,279 | 7 3,713 |
| Jellerson | 1,297i | 2,072 | 75 | 11 | 1,772 | 2,478 |
| Johnson | 3,475 | 2,735 | 26 | 14 | 3,170 | 2, 110 |
| Jones | 2,140 | 2,586 | 66 |  | 2,143 | 3 3, 057 |
| Keokuk. | 2,620 | 2,927 | 127 | 10 | 2,891 | 3,166 |
| Kossuth | 1,748 | 2,501 | 28 |  | 1,861 | 1 2,980 |

IOWA-Continued.

| Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Goverior, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PERgident, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | White, Dem. | Shaw, Rep. | A:wood, Pro. | Lloyd, Pop. | Bryan, Dem. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Kep. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Lee | 4.437 | 3,288 | 44 | 22 | 5,153 | 4,847 |
| Linn | 3,465 | 5,735 | 203 | 16 | 5, 283 | 7,335 |
| Lonisa | 943 | 1,414 | 60 | 12 | 1,334 | 2,035 |
| Lilleat | 1,153 | 1,691 | 107 | 9 | 1.621 | 1,859 |
| Lyon | 1308 | 1,257 | 37 | 7 | 1,464 | 1. 568 |
| Madi | 1,828 | 2,232 | 64 | 152 | 2224 | 2,313 |
| Mahask | 3120 | 3,595 | 198 | 17 | 3974 | 4,256 |
| Marion | 2,506 | 2,526 | 127 | 29 | 3,119 | 2,741 |
| Marsh | 1,991 | 3,781 | 205 | 6 | 2,626 | 4, 541 |
| Mills. | 1685 | 1995 | 74 | 20 | 1,958 | 2,153 |
| Mitch | 567 | 1,752 | 46 | 2 | 1031 | 2,498 |
| Nonor | 1,665 | 1,638 | 52 | 63 | 2558 | 1.526 |
| Monro | 1,707 | 1,860 | 120 | 31 | 2.086 | 1.836 |
| Montgom | 1,132 | 2,291 | 50 | 11 | 1,634 | 2,927 |
| Muscatin | 2.8 .2 | 3,114 | 65 | 43 | 2,863 | 3627 |
| O'Brie | 1,380 | 1,843 | 21 | 12 | 1,562 | 2,421 |
| Osceol | 822 | 905 | 26 |  | 767 | 1.094 |
| Page. | 1,265 | 2,553 | 212 | 26 | 2,390 | 3,213 |
| Palo Alt | 1,35̄ | 1,619 | 41 | 9 | 1,547 | 1.595 |
| Plymouth. | 2,142 | 2,219 | 69 | 46 | 2,392 | 2,623 |
| Pocahonta | 1,212 | 1,683 | 49 | 10 | 1,377 | 1,866 |
| Polk | 4,313 | 7,189 | 363 | 48 | 7.087 | 11.127 |
| Pottawat' | 4,378 | 5,247 | 100 | 32 | 5,468 | 5,810 |
| Poweshie | 1,587 | 2,534 | 71 | 8 | 2013 | 2,969 |
| Ringgo | 1,218 | 1.997 | 60 | 12 | 1,6̄1 | 2,209 |
| Sac | 1,155 | 2,151 | 130 | 6 | 1,346 | 2, 513 |
| Scott | 4,197 | 4,448 | 48 | 9 | 4.032 | 6.449 |
| Shelby | 1,962 | 1,849 | 17 | 12 | 2,175 | 2,019 |
| Sioux | 1,532 | 2,332 | 40 | 6 | 1.898 | 2.841 |
| Stor | 887 | 2,917 | 115 | 6 | 1,589 | 3, 030 |
| Tam | 2, 448 | 2,710 | 96 | 5 | 2,596 | 3, 054 |
| Taylo | 1, 1,547 | 2,413 | 50 | 9 | 2,293 | 2,468 |
| Union | 1.731 | 2,021 | 123 | 38 | 2,425 | 2,196 |
| Van Bur | 1,702 | 2,232 | 44 | 9 | 2,076 | 2.478 |
| Wapello | 3,297 | 3,8n'5 | 87 | 83 | 4,041 | 4,319 |
| Warren | 1,905 | 2,497 | 139 | 21 | 2,214 | 2.826 |
| Washingt | 1,920 | 2,366 | 128 | 11 | 2,292 | 2. 882 |
| Wayne. | 1,861 | 2,074 | 129 | 18 | 2,115 | 2,101 |
| Webster. | 1,999 | 3,484 | 144 | 35 | 2.557 | 3,691 |
| Winnebago. | 331 | 1,321 | 34 | 13 | 714 | 1,912 |
| Winneshiek | 1,524 | 2,695 | 38 | 6 | 2.033 | 3.422 |
| Woodbur | 3,298 | 4.883 | - 172 | 51 | 4.876 | 6, 204 |
| Worth.... | 429 | 1,242 | 15 | 6 | 584 | 1,696 |
| Wright | 812 | 2,137 | 70 | 1 | 1,138 | 2,992 |
| Total. | 183326 | 23.9543 | 7,650 | 1,694 | 223741 | 289293 |
| Plurality. |  | 56,217 |  |  |  | 65,552 |
| Per cent....... | 42.29 | 55.25 | 1.76 | 0.39 | 42.82 | 55.46 |
| Scattering. ... <br> Whole vote. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,24 \\ 433,4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 246 \\ & , 459 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 513 \\ & 1,547 \end{aligned}$ |

The scattering vote in 1899 was: Kremer, Soc. L., 763; 11 eacock, United Christian, 483.

The scattering vote in 1896 was: Palmer, Nat Dem.. 4,516 ; Levering Pro., 3,192; Bentley, Nat. Pro. , 35̀2; Matchett, Soc. L., 4ప̄3.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVLS IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Lee, Louisa. Van Buren, and Washington. D. J. O'Connell, Fus. 14,568; 'Thomas Hedge, Rep., 17,817; J. W. Glasgow, Pro., 456. Hedge's plurality, 3,249 .
II. Counties of Clinton, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Muscatine, and Scott. Juhn J. Ney, Fus., 17,508; Joseph R. Lane, Rep., 18,790; J. B. Welzenback, Soc. L., 390; E. Elliott, Pro., 260: A. W. Ricker, Pop., 193. Lane's plurality, 1,282.
III. Counties of Blackhawk, Bremer, Buchanan, Butler, Delaware, Dubuque, Franklin, Hardin, and Wright. J. H. Howell, Fus., 15,493; David B. Henderson, Rep., 22, $\mathbf{0 1 2 ;}$ E. J. Dean, Ind., 78. Henderson's plurality ,7,019.
IV. Counties of Allamakee, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Clayton, Fayette, Floyd, Howard, Mitchell, Winneshiek, and Worth. T. T. Blaise, Fus., 13,849 G. N. Haugen, Rep., 21468 ; P. Wooding, Pro, 462 ; T.Tracy, Pop., 117 ; P. Woodman, Ind., 4 Haugen's plurality, 7,699

## IOWA-Continued.

V. Counties of Benton, Cedar. Grundy, Jones, Linn, Marshall, and Tama. L. J. Rowell, Fus. 15,$970 ;$ R. G. Cousins, Rep., 21,335 ; J. (i. Vall Ness, 1’ro. 719 J. W. Whimmer, Pop., 76; L. G. Wood, Ind., 42. C'ousins' plumaty, 5,365.
VI. Counties of Davis, Jasper, Keokuk. Mahaska, Momroe, Poweshiek, and Wapello. J. B. Weaver. Fus. 18,267; John 1., Lacey, Rep., 19, 388 ; L. L. 'Ttmer, Pro., 18 ; I4 ir. Morris, Pop., 294. Latcey's plurality, 1,471.
VII. Counties of Dallas, Madison, Marion, l'oll, story, and Warren. (: O. Holly, Fins., 12.2til; John A. T. Hull. Rep., 19,913; T'. (i. Orwig, Pro., 892; (. M. Iams, l’op., 501. Hull's plurality, 7,62 .
VIII. Counties of Adams, Appanoose, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Lucas, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union, and Wayne. G. L. Finn, Fus., 18,503; W. P. Hephurn, Rep. . 22, 2i: C. L. Parsons, Pro., 817 ; D. ( $:$ © 'owles, Pop., 402. Hepburn's plurality, 3,824.
IX. Counties of Adair, Auduhon, ('ais, (inthrie, Harrison, Mills, Montgonery, Pottawattamie, and shelly J. A. I.yous, Fus, 17,484: Smith 11 cPherson, 1?ep, 21,976 ;s.M. Blackman, Pro., 3i8; L. Itcimwell, Pop., 296. McPherson's plur ity, 4,493.
X. Counties of Boone, ('alhomi, Carroll, Crawford, Emmet, fircene, Hamilton, Hancock, Humbolit, Kussuh. Palo Alto, Poethontas, Webster, , and Winnehago E. A d rsol, Fus , 17,777 ; J. P. Dolliver, Rep. 20.180; P. of shaw, Pro., 613: A IVorelius, Pop., 1כ̄. Dolliver's plurality, 7.403.

XI, Counties of Buena Vista, (herokee, Clay, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Ifonona, ()' Brien, Osceoli, Plymonth, Sac, ,ioux, and Woodhury. A. S. (arretion, Fus, lo.117; Lot Thomas, Rep. 22.400; J.M. Hofiman, Pro., 723; J. O. McElroy, Pop., 353. Thomas' plurality, 6,283.
PRFAGENT STATE GOVERNMENT
Governor, Leslie M. Shaw; Lieutenant-Governor, J. (: Miltiman; Superintendent of Public Instruction, R. (: Marrett; Secretary of State, (ieo. L. bobson; Anditor, T. F. Merriam; Treasurer, John Herriott; At rney-(ieneral, Milton Remley; Adjutani-General, M. H. Beyers-all liepublicans.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, A. S. Rnhinson, Rep.; Assuciate Justices, Scott M. Ladd, Rep. ; (: T Granger, Rep.; Josiah Given, Rep.; (C. M. Waterman. Rep. :H. E Deemer. Rep.; Clerk of the Court, C. T. Jones, Rep.

STATE I. EGISLATERE, 1900.


KANSAS.

| Countirs. (106.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Presidinvt, } \\ 1890^{\circ} . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Leedy, } \\ \text { Fus. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stan- } \\ & \text { ley, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | Bryan, Dem. \& Pop. | McRep. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{D} \text {. } \end{gathered}$ | Lev. ering, Pro. |
| Allen | 1,334 | 1,812 | 1,660 | 1,833 | 22 | 21 |
| Aliderson | 1,568 | 1,605 | 1,892 | 1,780 | 14 | 35 |
| Atclisou | 2,177 | 2,259 | 2,965 | 3,326 | 16 | 10 |
| Barber | 663 | 654 | 735 | 597 | 4 | 10 |
| Barton | 1,433 | 1,248 | 1,516 | 1,215 | 18 | 4 |
| Bourbou | 2,200 | 2.538 | 3067 | 2,900 | 28 | 20 |
| Brown. | 2,001 | 2,55\% | 2,618 | 2,879 | 20 | 49 |
| Butler | 2,275 | 2,352 | 2,926 | 2,414 | 9 | 22 |
| Chase | 825 | 863 | 981 | 812 | 8 | 12 |
| Chantanqua. | 1,070 | 1,350 | 1,393 | 1,359 | 10 | 5 |
| Cherokee.. | 3.311 | 2,435 | 5,108 | 3,545 | 46 | 44 |
| ('reyenne | 299 | 284 | 322 | 327 | 4 | 4 |
| Clark. | 187 | 181 | 192 | 182 |  |  |
| Clay | 1,613 | 1,620 | 1,933 | 1,655 | 7 | 32 |
| Cloiz | 1.843 | 1.824 | 2,129 | 1.718 | 9 | 21 |
| Coifee | 1,733 | 1,864 | 2,194 | 2,000 | 36 | 32 |
| Comancl | 144 | 187 | 170 | 142 | 2 |  |
| Cowley | 2,805 | 3, 177 | 3,410 | 2,971 | 20 | 51 |
| Crawiord |  | 3,113 | 4,7005 | 3,868 | 38 | 24 |
| Decatur | $8(1$ | 620 | 1,032 | 594 | 4 | 3 |
| İickinsol | 1,9:40 | 2,270 | 2,392 | 2,241 | 16 | 28 |
| Domphatl | 1,1;2 | 2,304 | 1,332 | 3,549 | 8 |  |
| Douglas | 2,117 | 2,140 | -,574 | 3.582 | 17 | 42 |
| Edward | 412 | 384 | $4 \% 9$ | 322 | 2 | 5 |
| Elk | 1,3\%) | 1,381 | 1,4:0 | 1,339 | 4 | 7 |
| Ellis | 91.9 | 541 | 1,051 | 1,460 | 13 |  |
| Eltswor | 7.44 | 1, (35 | 994 | 1,084 | 1 | 5 |
| Fimmey | 290 | 4.0 | 365 | 505 | 1 | 1 |
| Ford. | 538 | 552 | 643 | 550 | 3 |  |
| Fratıklin | 2,219 | 2,360 | 3,152 | 2,609 | 9 | 23 |
| ciartield |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (ieary | 871 | 944 | 1,174 | 1,051 | 8 | 16 |
| (iove. | 201 | 320 | 204 | 279 | 14 | 4 |
| Eruliam | 630 | 405 | 648 | 343 | 3 | 3 |
| diratit | 36 | 52 | 60 | 51 |  |  |
| Giray. | 112 | 111 | 133 | 153 |  |  |
| (ireel | 33 | 99 | 76 | 121 |  | 2 |
| Greenwood | 1,73i | 1,715 | 2,062 | 1.835 | 10 | 12 |
| Hamilton | 157 | 204 | 216 | 185 | 3 | 1 |
| Harper | 1.143 | 988 | 1,335 | 819 | 11 | 13 |
| Hirvey | 1.307 | 1,945 | 1,681 | 2,48: | 17 | 24 |
| Hakkell........ | 38 | 72 | 54 | 81 | 3 |  |
| Hodyeman | 209 | 278 | 224 | 262 |  | 2 |
| Jackson. | 1,450 | 2,041 | 1,955 | 2,158 | 11 | 20 |
| Jelfer:on | 1,7,3 | 2,102 | 2,276 | 2,322 | 19 | 25 |
| . Jewell | 1,914 | 2.012 | 2,312 | 7,902 | 7 | 19 |
| Jinhnsut | 1,949 | 2, 021 | 2,462 | 2,313 | 23 | 30 |
| Kearaey | 111 | 177 | 172 | 172 | 1 |  |
| Kingnual | 1,015 | 1,110 | 1,393 | 988 | 12 | 16 |
| Kiowa | 214 | 266 | 246 | 250 | 3 |  |
| Liabette | 2979 | 3,027 | 3,569 | 3,206 | 20 | 34 |
| Laue. | 172 | 232 | 191 | 241 | 2 | 5 |
| Leavenworth. | 3,289 | 3,120 | 4,665 | 4,004 | 21 | 45 |
| Lincoln. | 990 | 840 | 1,382 | ,787 | 12 | 8 |
| Linn. | 1,901 | 1,909 | 2,425 | 2,153 | 21 | 16 |
| Logan | 150 | 277 | 170 | $2 ; 4$ | 3 | 2 |
| Lyon | 2,199 | 2,567 | 3,276 | 2,860 | 8 | 70 |
| Marion | 1,232 | 2,072 | 1,699 | 2,285 | 26 | 23 |
| Narshal | 2,354 | 2.871 | 2,776 | シ, 35.2 | 29 | 25 |
| McPhe | 1,860 | 2,333 | 2,324 | 2,269 | 14 | 28 |
| Meade | 142 | 198 | 493 | 203 | 1 | 2 |
| Miami | 2,046 | 2,270 | 2,812 | 2,541 | 23 | 13 |
| Mitcheli...... | 1,504 | 1,382 | 1,889 | 1,428 | 1 | 22 |
| Montgomery | 2,461 | 2,688 | 3.120 | 2,514 | 27 | 15 |
| Morris ....... | 1,161 | 1,425 | -1,456 | 1,484 | 15 | 15 |
| Morton |  |  |  | - 52 |  | 1 |
| Nemata | 2,145 | 2,316 | 2,478 | 2.568 | 11 | 26 |
| Neosho | 2,007 | 2,040 | 2,601 | 2,177 | 16 | 17 |
| Ness. | 455 | 413 | 527 | 354 | 1 | 16 |
| Norton | 966 | 1,059 | 1,260 | 941 | 3 | 26 |
| Osage | 2,592 | 2,579 | 3,482 | 2,903 | 5 | 48 |
| Osborne | 1,107 | 1.340 | 1,408 | 1,325 | 17 | 21 |
| Ottawa | 1.170 | 1312 | 1,486 | 1, - $^{\text {a }} 6$ | 5 | 13 |
| Pawnee | 609 | 554 | 635 | 499 | 11 | 6 |
| Phillips | 1,349 | 1,471 | 1,506 | 1.374 | 10 | 15 |
| Pottawatomio | 1,902 | 2,2405 | 2,380 | 2.508 | 23 | 13 |
| Pratt .......... | 648 | 607 | 8891 | 631 | 2 | 10 |

KANSAS－Continued．

| Counties， | Governor,$1593 .$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ : 996 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Leedy， Fus． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Stan- } \\ & \text { ley, } \\ & \text { liep. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Bryan， IVem． \＆Pop： | Mc－ Kinley E川． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { iner, } \\ \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{D} . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Lev－ ering， Pro． |
| Rawlins． | 523 | 470 | 609 | 439 | 2 | 1 |
| Peno | 2，458 | 2，413 | 3，133 | 3，373 | 22 | 28 |
| 1ери | 1，6．36 | 2，143 | 1，413 | 2， 1283 | 11 | 17 |
| Ric＇e | 1．308 | 1.705 | 1，731 | 1729 | 19 | 57 |
| Riley | 1，132 | 1，728 | 1，443 | 1.890 | 20 | 20 |
| Rooks | 830 | 841 | 911 | 817 | 5 | 7 |
| Push | 561 | 6419 | 645 | 515 | 4 | 4 |
| Russe | （ $*$ カ | $9{ }^{4} 0$ | 2．3 | $3(1) 2$ | $\rho$ | 19 |
| Saline | 1， 91.4 | 18 | 2，3，34 | 1，745 | 10 | 4 |
| Scut | 138 | $1 \geqslant 1$ | 1 181 | 91 |  | 1 |
| Sedrwi | 4，18i | 4，203 | 5，4：̈4 | 4， 122 | 17 | $5 \cdot$ |
| Seward | 56 | 88 |  | 100 |  | 1 |
| Shawnee | 3， 80.15 | 5，9\％i | 5， 536 | 6，9，8 | 31 | 78 |
| sileric | $35^{7}$ | 363 | 384 | 283 | 281 |  |
| sher | 339 | 33： | 40.7 | 2.91 | 1 |  |
| cillith | 1． 401 | 1， 5.4 | 2， 11 ， | 1，385 | 7 | 23 |
| Stia | 968 | 818 | 1，2＜3） | 710 | 1 | 8 |
| Stanton | 58 | 42 | j3 | 55 |  |  |
| Stev | 75 | 48 | 111 | 48 |  |  |
| ¢ mllune | 2，4：9 | 2，801 | 3，（1）4．9 | 2，515 | 12 | 37 |
| Thomins | 450 | 3， 6 | $45 \times$ | 3614 | 2 |  |
| ＇I＇rego． | 3゙15 | 294 | $3 \pm 0$ | 25.5 |  | 5 |
| Wiarannsee． | 114 | 1.434 | 1， 4.45 | 1，586 | 12 | 18 |
| Wallace． | \％9 | 163 | 124 | 181 |  |  |
| Washington | 1983 | 2,56 | $2, \hat{3} 41$ | 2，514 | 39 | 11 |
| Wiclıita． | 117 | 211 | 141 | 214 |  | 3 |
| Wilson | 1，349 | 1． 68 | 1，459 | 1.853 |  |  |
| Woodsor | 1.05 | 1．2） 3 | 1，1＊9 | 1，288 | 7 | 10 |
| Wyandott | 3.450 | $4.2 \times 6$ | 6， 8 H2 | 6，852 | 80 | 30 |
| Total | 138158 | $145+293$ | 171810 | 159241 | 1209 | 1，921 |
| Plurality |  | 151.24 | 12． $2 \cdot 79$ |  |  |  |
| Per cent． | 46.81 | 53．13 | 51.051 | 47.16 | 0.36 | 0.57 |
| Senttering．．．． |  |  |  |  | 62 |  |
| Whole vote． | 2.56 ， | 3.9 |  | 3866 | ， 134 |  |

Of the scattering veie for Governor in 1898，Pef－ fer，Pro．，had 1，092 and Lipsconis），soc．L．， 642 ．

Brvan＇s vote was：Hem．．12h， 456 ；Pop．45，354－ 171，8i0．Middle－oi－the－izoarl populists cast $1,2: 2$ votes．Rentley＇s vote was b＂30．The Democratic aud People＇s tickets hal the same electors．
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS， 1898.
At Large－J．J．Botkiu Fusion，130，901；W．J． Bailey．Rep．，14才，641；M．Williams，Fro．，2，021；F E．Miller，suc．L．，bivo．
Districts．
I．Counties of Atchison，Brown，Doniphan， Jackson，Jefferson，Leavenworth，Jemaha， and shawnee．W．IV．Price．Fus，16，187； C＇harles C＇urtis，Rep．，23899．Curtis＇majur－ ity，7， 712 ．
II．Counties of Allen，Anderson，Bourbon， Donglas，Franklin，Johnson，Linn，Miami， and Wy yandote．M．S．Peters，Fus．，19，0 24 ； J．1）．Buwersock，1kep．，21，029．Bowersock＇s majority，2，015．
III．Connties of Chautanqua，Cherokee，Cowley， Crawford，Elk，Labette，Montgomery， Neusho，and Wilson．F．B．Rid ely，Fus． 21,$739 ; \cdots, s$, Kirkpatrick，Rep．，20， 289 ．Lidge－ ly＇s majority，1，150．
IV．Counties of Butler，Chase，Coffey，Green－ wood，Lyon，Marion，Morris，Osage，Potta－ watomie，Wabaunsee，and Woodson．IL． S．Martin，Fus．．17，410；J．M．Miller，Fep． 20，312．Miller＇s majority， 2,902 ．
V．Counties of Clay，Cloud，Geary，Dickinson， Marshall，Ottawa，Republic，Riley，saline， and Washington．W．D．Vincent．Fus．，16，－ 505；W．A．Calderhead，Rep．，18，981．Cal－ derhead＇s major ty， 2,473 ．
VI．N．B．McCormick．Pop．，14，732；W．A．Reed－ er，Rep．，16，833；iv．©．ILoffer，Dem．，2，334． Reeder＇s plurality， 2,101 ．

## KANSAS－Continued．

VII．Jerry Sinmson，Fus．，24．8\％4；Chester J． Long，Rell．． 26 622．Long＇s majority， 1 if8． VOTE FOR STATE OF NICERS， $18 \%$ ．
For Governor，J．W．Jeedy，Dem．－Pop．．168，041；
 2.317 ；A．E．Kppio d Ind．，Foz；Douthard，Nat．， 757．Leedy＇s plurality，5， 111.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT．

Governor，W．E．Stanley；Lientenant－Governor． JI．E．J．chter；Sccretary of Ft ： 1 ，G．A．C＇lark； Treastrer，Frank Li．Grimes；Juditor，ifeo．E．Cole Attons－（ieneral，A．A．ciodard；－nperintendent of 1 fln itim，Fratk Ňeson：Commissioner of Agricalture F．1），（\％hmm：Adjntant－General，S． M．I＇ux；Superintendent of Insurance，W．V Cinurch－all Republicans．

## JUDICIARY．

Supreme Court：Chief Justice，Frank Doster Pop．：Associate Justices，W＇m．R．Snith，Rep．，and W．F．Johnston，Rep．；（lerk，D．A．Valentin，lep．
state legislature． 1899.
Smate．Hunse．Joint Ballot．

| Fusio | Smate． $\begin{aligned} & . \quad 12 \\ & \therefore \quad 28 \end{aligned}$ | Hunse． <br> 32 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { at } B C \\ 104 \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| votr of the state sines 1812. |  |  |  |  |
| 1872．President．．． $\begin{gathered}\text { Dem．} \\ 32.9 * 9\end{gathered}$ | kep. $66.805$ | Gr． | Pro． | ${ }_{* 3,535}{ }_{13}$ |
| 1－14．Governor．．．： 5 ，，${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 48．5．4 |  |  | ＊13．24．， |
| 1876．Presid ut．．．：7， 1002 | 78， 22 | 7，770 |  | 411．1：9 |
| 187\％．Genernor．．．37．2118 | 1．4．080 | 27.057 |  | 36.5 ？ |
| 18－0．Prevident．．．59， 889 | 121．5ะ0 | 19，110 |  | 1, |
| 1882．Governor．．．83，2：7 | 75．15\％ | ¢0，481 |  |  |
| 18－4．Preside 1t．．．n 1／2 | 154．306 | 16，．41 | 4. | 6 |
| 18د6．Goveruor．．． $115,6 \times 1$ | 14．，615 |  | 8, |  |
| 1888．President．．．102，i＋5 | 182， 004 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 i-k \\ & \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | 6，779 |  |
| 18：0．Governer．．． $31,: 57$ | 115．025 | $10.11: 2$ | 1，230 |  |
| 1842．President． | 15， 237 | 16，111 | 4.5 |  |
| 1894．Guvernar．．．26，709 | 148． 27 | $11 \times 29$ | 5， 46 |  |
|  |  | M $=$ |  |  |
| Ch．Jistice Dim，P．P． |  | $\text { N. } 11$ |  |  |
| 1596．President．．．1：1，810 | 1：19，541 | 1，209 | 1，921 |  |
| 134，158 | 143，：22 | Soc．L． | 1，0 |  |

＊DIajurity．
KEATUCKY．

| Countigs．(119.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 18: 99 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PRERIDENT, } \\ 1 \times 35 j . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Crebel } \\ \text { Dum. } \end{array}\right\|^{3}$ | Brown 1 lad． Dem． | Taylor Rep． | Blair， <br> Pop． | Bryan， <br> Dem． | Mc－ Kinley Rep． |
| Adair | 1， 243 | 93 | 1，609 | 7 | 1，345 | 1，612 |
| Allen | 1，185 | 55 | 1，489 | 41 | 1，450 | 1，5，5 |
| Andersou． | 1，152 | 67 | 1，127 | 8 | 1，286 | 1，101 |
| Ballard | 1，3， 1 | 45. | 555 | 38 | 1， 673 | 495 |
| Barreu | 2.743 | 71 | 2． 559 | 56 | 3，1045 | 2，052 |
| Bath | 1，5．4 | 5.9 | 1，5¢0 | 13 | 1，731 | 1，579 |
| Bell | 645 | 24 | 1.494 | 7 | 615 | 1，400 |
| Bnone | 1，886 | 193 | 6.97 | 1 | 2，317 | 781 |
| Bourbo | 2，174 | 57 | 2，200 | 14 | 2，210 | 2，5i8 |
| J3oyd | 1．470 | 17 | 1.868 | 5 | 1，241 | 2，187 |
| I，oyle | 1．453 | 45 | 1．412 | 13 | 1，266 | 1，487 |
| Bracke1 | 1，718 | 13 | 1，178 | 1 | 1，762 | 1，225 |
| Breathit！ | 1，506 | 2h） | 750 |  | 1，204 | 7.6 |
| Brectinrid | 1， 122 | 86 | 2129 | 66 | 2，202 | 2，270 |
| Bullitt． | 1，1n4 | 45. | －175 | 2 | 1，168 | 799 |
| Butler | 910 | 42 | 2.178 | ） | 1，139 | $1,90 \%$ |
| Calciwell | 1，（1） | 158 | 1，512 | 77 | 1530 | 1544 |
| Calloway | 2，125 | 41 | 647 | 93 | 2，572 | 561 |
| C＇ampl） | 4，401 | 172 | 4640 | 8 | 4，304 | 5，821 |
| C＇arlisle | 1，2017 | 33 | 469 | 69 | 1624 | 390 |
| Carroll． | 1，471 | 179 | 696 | 1 | 1，778 | 685 |
| Carter | 1，483 | 19 | 2，095 | 1 | 1，665 | 2，444 |
| Casey | 1，1180 | 14 | 1，521 | 2 | 1061 | 1，643 |
| C＇hristian | 2，816 | 112 | 3，471 | 30 | 3，143 | 4，525 |
| Clark | 2169 | 87 | 1，736 | 8 | 2，055 | 2，032 |

KENTTCKY－Continued．

| Countirs． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Gorfrnor, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Presingent, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Got ${ }^{2}$ ：${ }^{1}$ Dein． | Brown Ind． Dem． | Taylor Rep． | Blair， Prop． | Brysn， <br> Delli． | Mc－ Kinley Rep． |
| Clay | ， | 10 | 1，387 | 3 | 707 | 1725 |
| Clin | 322 | 9 | 948 | 1 | 364 | 1604 |
| Crittend | 1，397 | 77 | 1，701 | 25 | 1.576 | 15 万i |
| Cumberla | 481 | 17 | 1， 1,6 | 6 | $5 \div 1$ | 1154 |
| Daviess． | 3，811 | 251 | 3，274 | 68 | 4953 | 3.105 |
| Fdilun | 736 | 98 | 979 | 12 | $86^{3} 3$ | 950 |
| Elliott | 1，705 | 3 | 630 | ， | 1294 | 517 |
| Estill． | $9 \times 3$ | 14 | 1，183 | 32 | 929 | 1，153 |
| Fayett | $3,50 x$ | 188 | 3.277 | 8 | 3938 | 5.143 |
| Fleming | 1，969 | 43 | 1.890 | 11 | 2 U13 | 1，935 |
| Floyd． | 1，238 | 40 | 1， 182 | 5 | 1410 | 1，057 |
| Frankl | 2．471 | 100 | 1，416 | 34 | 2185 | 2175 |
| Fulton． | 900 | 6 | 369 | 12 | 1414 | 6013 |
| Gallatin | 881 | 34 | 492 | 2 | 933 | 396 |
| （xarrar | 1.148 | 11 | 1，297 | 6 | 11.1 | 1，595 |
| Gran | 1，10 | $110^{\circ}$ | 1，423 | 3 | 1832 | 1417 |
| Grave | 3，151 | 237 | 1．5ぐ2 | 14.4 | 4.699 | 1.628 |
| Grays | 1，243 | 145 | 1， $9+3$ | 200 | $2.00 \cdot$ | 1.814 |
| Green | 1 1，+61 | 60 | 1，324 | 12 | 1142 | 1.339 |
| Greenu | 1，3：2 | $2: 3$ | 1， 5 5 6 | ， | 136 | $1 \times 12$ |
| Hancue | 859 | 38 | 1，0．1 | 54 | 1080 | 1，026 |
| Hardis | 1，23t | 387 | 1，730 | 53 | 2，848 | 1.845 |
| Farlan | 243 | 23 | 1，364 | ， | 216 | 119 |
| Harris | $2.45 \overline{1}$ | 117 | 1， 28.9 | 9 | $26 \leqslant 40$ | 1，715 |
| Hart． | 1，646， | 102 | 2，086 | 0 | 1.951 | 1，999 |
| Hender | 2，944 | 157 | 2.107 | 57 | 4000 | 2750 |
| Henry | 2，051 | 105 | 1，568 | 12 | 2，115 | 1，711 |
| Hickmas | 1，433 | 40 | 637 | 24 | 1928 | 727 |
| Hopkins | 2，30， | $26^{2} 2$ | 2， 5.47 | 110 | 34,0 | 2，490 |
| Jacksol | 2.14 | 24 | 1，541 | 2 | 189 | 1517 |
| Jeflerson | 15,023 | 2，672 | 18，445 | 40 | 16，T07 | 29107 |
| Jessami | 1，391 | 32 | 1，185 | 6 | 1428 | 134.3 |
| Johns | 8.51 | 21 | 1．15 | 4 | 9.5 | 1744 |
| Kenton | 6，792 | 35. | 4，5：6 | 20 | 7，008 | 6160 |
| Kıott． | 873 |  | 438 |  | 793 | 404 |
| Kı0x | 783 | 19 | 2，115 |  | 883 | 2237 |
| Lar | 1，1ン7 | 8.9 | 1，100 | 17 | 1324 | 925 |
| Lanrel | 919 | 19 | 1.819 | 94 | 969 | 1.27 |
| Lawre | 1，520 | 19 | 1869 | 8 | 1，820 | 1466 |
| Lee． | 508 | 10 | 7.0 |  | 587 | 881 |
| Leslie． | 81 | 5 | 1，（1）2 | 3 | 81 | 913 |
| Letchel | 371 | 5 | 830 | 3 | $38 \times$ | 813 |
| Lewis | 1，352 | 17 | 2，197 | 25 | 14.3 | 2，348 |
| Lincoln | 1，－52 | 26 | 1，774 | ， | 16 | 183 |
| Livingst | 1，433 | 17 | 803： | 50 | 13.36 | 8，2 |
| Logan | 2，494 | 211 | 2,462 | 131 | 3246 | 2484 |
| Lyon． | $8(19)$ | 47 | ＋ioa | 43 | 969 | in3 |
| Madiso | 2，812 | 89 | 2.893 | 12 | 2，736 | 3110 |
| Mago | $8: 3$ | 11 | 1，151 | ， | 8．2is | 1118 |
| Mario | 1，ino | 68 | 1，394 | 4 | 1，816 | 1.975 |
| Marsha | 1.081 | 112 | 721 | 211 | 1.4 | 568 |
| Martin | 15.1 | ＋ | 644 | 1 | 207 | 730 |
| Mason． | 3.729 | 601 | 2， 5.57 | 11 | 2693 | 2575 |
| McCrac | 2，184 | 200 | 1，778 | 5.5 | 2， 153 | 2284 |
| McLean | 1，181 | 4. | 1， 18.3 | 52 | 1384 | 435 |
| Meade | 1，054 | 61 | 791 | 19 | 1519 | 781 |
| Menifee | $65 \%$ | 45 | 413 | ， | 6．30 | 359 |
| Mercer． | 1，381 | 134 | 1，657 | 55 | 1，745 | 1765 |
| Metcalf | 9.92 | 42 | 1,079 | 8 | 408 | 1153 |
| Monroe． | 750 | 8 | 1，562 | 13 | 792 | 1， 613 |
| Montgom | 1，35゙ち | 143 | 1.408 |  | 1 6it9 | 1484 |
| Morgan． | 1，558 | 20 | ． 480 | 19 | 1，6i3 | 910 |
| Muhlenb | 1，397 | 175 | 2.045 | 27 | 1710 | 2217 |
| Nelson．．． | 1.939 | 113 | 1.271 | 13 | 2233 | 1446 |
| Nichol | 1．627 | 89 | 1．184 | 17 | 18.8 | 1159 |
| Ohio． | 2，239 | 104 | 2，8．34 | 74 | 26.9 | 2653 |
| Oldham | 765 | 123 | 589 | ． | 9.15 | 691 |
| Owen． | 2,975 | 165 | 1，200 | 16 | 33 洼 | 1.086 |
| Owsley． | 243 | 9 | 1．0339 | 4 | $19 \%$ | 988 |
| Pendlet | 1，682 | 78 | 1，554 | 19 | $14: 39$ | 1，${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ ¢ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Perry． | 433 | 9 | 903 |  | 340 | 8.4 |
| Pike． | 1，526 | 94 | 2，150 | 4 | $1.9(1)$ | 2141 |
| Powell | 698 | 22 | 611 | 2 | 688 | 625 |
| Pulaslid． | 1，659 | 110 | 3，245 | 43 | 2099 | 3，668 |
| Robertson | 674 | 10 | 46.9 | － | $6{ }^{6} 66$. | 449 |
| Fockcastl | 812 | 12 | 1528 | 4 | 846 | 1480 |
| Rowan | 643 | 28 | 814 | 7 | $65)$ | 767 |
| Russe | 578 | 12 | 9.55 |  | 612 | $1(138$ |
| Scott． | 2，218 | 89 | 1，868 |  | 2，237 | 2，111 |

KENTUCKY－Continued．

| Counties． | Gevernor， 189．． |  |  |  | Presinent， 1896. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Goebel <br> Dem． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Brown } \\ \text { Ind. } \\ \text { Dem. } \end{gathered}$ | Taylor Rep． | Blair， Pop． | Bryan， <br> Dem． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kialey } \\ \text { Kep. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Shelby． | 2，332 | 137 | 1，825 | 44 | 2，524 | 2，029 |
| Simpsen | 1，270 | 85 | 795 | 36 | 1，531 | 888 |
| Spencer | 882 | 64 | 551 | 10 | 969 | 596 |
| Taylor． | 1，029 | 44 | 1，101 | 40 | 1，166 | 1，050 |
| Tocla | 1，512 | 101 | 1，725 | 31 | 1，707 | 1， 1.93 |
| Trigs | 1.180 | 84 | 1，188 | 57 | 1，533 | 1，295 |
| Trimble | 945 | 191 | 362 | 2 | 1，267 | － 418 |
| Union． | 2，538 | 54 | 1，116 | 47 | 3，183 | 1249 |
| Warren | 2.495 | 709 | 2， 215 | 36 | 3， 16 | $2.86{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Washing | 1，i15 | 59 | 1，433 | 18 | 1，536 | 1.573 |
| Wayne | 1．193 | 21 | 1，386 | 2 | 1190 | 1，413 |
| Webster． | 1，776 | 80 | 1671 | 59 | 2，471 | 1.484 |
| Whitley | 730 | 25 | 3091 | 10 | 862 | 3，130 |
| Wolle | 846 | 44 | 6 ¢5 | 5 | 981 | － 583 |
| Woodford | 1，446 | 54 | 1，399 | 5 | 1，54． $6^{\circ}$ | 1，665 |
| Total．． | 191331 | 12.140 | 193714 | 3， 038 | 217890 | 218171 |
| Plurality |  |  | 2.383 |  |  | 281 |
| Yel＇cent． | 47.47 | 3.01 | 48.00 | 0.75 | 48.87 | 48.92 |
| Scattering． |  |  | 85 |  | 9,8 | 895 |
| Whola vote． |  | 403. | ． 097 |  | 445. | ．775 |

## The seattering vote for Governor in 1899 was：

 Wallace，Pro．， $2,345^{\text {；}}$ Schmutz，Soc．L． 510.In the Presidential rote of 1896 WV ．B．Smith， the first Democratic elector，ran ahead of his tic ：et and was elected，thus giving one e．ectoral vote in Kentucky to Bryan．
The scattering vote for President in 1896 was： Palmer，Nit．Dem．，5，114；Levering，Pro．，4，i8l．
YOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS， 1898. Districts．

I．Coluties of Ballard，Caldwell，Calloway， Carliste，Crittenden，Fulton，Graves， Hickman，Livingston，Lyon，Marshall， Mec＇racken，and Trigg．Charles K．Wheel－ er，Dem．，10．580；G．W．Reeves，Rep．，5，－ 036．Wheeler＇s majority， 5,544 ．
II．Comuties of Clristian，Daviess，Hancock， Heallerson，IIopkins，McLean，Union，and Wehster．II．D．Allen，Dem．8，939；W． J．Fowler，Rep．， 4.463 ；G．W．Jolly，Ind．， 1.541 ；S．James，Pop． 569 ．Allen＇s plu－ rality，4，476．
III．Counties of Allen，Barren，Butler，Edmon－ Soli，Logan，Vetcalfe，Monroe，Muhlen－ perg，Simpson，Todd，and Warren．John S．Rhea，Vem．14．771；M．I＇．Creel，Rep； 11．748；J．S．Morsey，Pop．，394．Rhea＇s plurality，3，023．
IV．Counties of Breckinridge．Bullitt，Grayson， tireene，Hardin，Hart，Larue，Marion， Meade，Velson，Ohio，Taylor，and Wash－ ington．I）．H，Smith，Den．16，696：C． Bianford，Rep．12， 826 ；R．it，Mulin， Pup．，689．Smith＇s plurality，3，870．
V．County of Jefferson．Oscar Turner，Dem． 14，770：Walter Erans，Ren．，14．202；J．H．＇ Hanibrick，Ind．，421；A．Schmutz，Soc． L．，394．＇Turner＇s plurality， 568.
VI．Connties of Boone，Campbell，Carroll，Galla－ tin，（irant，Kenton，Pendleton．and Trimble．A．S．Berry，Dem．，13，130；W． M．Donaldson，Rep．，8，962．Berry＇s ma－ jority，4， 168.
VII．Counties of Bourbon，Fayette，Franklin， Henry，Oldham，Owen，scott，and Wood－ ford．Evan E．Sett＇e，Dem．，12．904；＇T．J． Harlin，liep．，6，168．Settle＇s majority， 6．736．
VIII．Counties of Anderson，Boyle，Garrard，Jessa－ mine，Lincoln，Madison，Mercer，Rockeastle， Shelby and spencer．G．G．Gilbert，Dem． 13．047；（4．M．Davidson．Rep．，12，206；IV． H．Ziesler，Iud．，435．Gilbert＇s plurality， 841.

## KENTUCKY-Continued.

IX. Countles of Bracken, Bath, Boyd, Carter, Fleming, Greenup, Harrison, Lewis, Lawrence, Nason, Nicholas, Robertson, and Rowan. Mordecai Williams, Dem., 16, 732; Samuel J. Pugh, Rep. , 16, 742. Pugh's majority, 10 .
X. Counties of Breathitt, Clark, Flliott, Estill, Floyd Johnsou, Knott, Lee, Martin. Magotm, Montgomery, Morgan, Menifee. Pike, Powell, and Wolfe. T. I. Fitzpatrick, Dem., 13,4í6; WV. J. seitz. Rep., 11,402. Fitzpatrick's majority, 2,054.
XI. Counties of Adair, Bell, Casey, Clay, Clinton, Harlan, Knox, Letcher, Leslie, Laurel, Metcalle, Owsley, Perry, Pulaski, Russell, Wayne, and Whitley. iI. 11. Tye, Dem. 3.319; Vincent Borei g, Rep, 10. 706 : J. D. White, Ind. Rep., 11, 244 ; A. J. Bowman. Pop., 102. Boreng 's plurality, 462 PRESENT STATE GOV RRNMENT
Governor, W. S. Taylor; Lieutenant-ciovemor, John MIarshall; Secretary of state, (aleb Iollers; Treasurer, Walter R. Inay; Anditor, John J sweeney; superintendent of Public Instruction, John Burke; Comnissioner of Agricnlture, J. W. Throckmorton: Attorney-Genema, Clitf J. Pratt; Adjutaut-Geueral, D. Collier-all Republicans. JUDIClars
Court of A ppeals: (hief Justice. Janses H. Fazelrig, lem.; Justices, J. 1). White, llem.; B. L. D. fuify, Rep.; George lu Relle, liep.; A. Follins Burnam, Kep. ; T. H. Paynter, lem. ; J. P. Hobson, Dem, ; Clerk, samuel J. shackelford, Dem.
state legislatere, 1900.
Senale. Hollse. Joint Ballot.
!emocrats.

| 26 | 20 | 80 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | 41 | 53 |
| $\overline{14}$ | $\frac{18}{18}$ | -32 |

Democratic majority 14
VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

1895. Gov... 163,024 172,400 16,911

4,186 8,91.2 R
1896. Pres. 217,890 218,171 … $5.1144,781 \quad 281 \mathrm{R}$ 1897. Clerk. 187,482 169,678 $7,2744,562 \quad 1,734 \quad 17,804 \mathrm{D}$ I. $D$.
1899. Gov... 191,331 193,714 3,038 12,140 2,346 2,383 R * Majority.

LOUISIANA.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Parishes. } \\ & (59 .) . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prksident, } \\ \text { 1N9h. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { President, } \\ & 18: 2 . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { PRES. } \\ & 1-88, \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bryan } \\ \text { Dem, } \end{gathered}$ | Mc- Kinley Rep. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { twer, } \\ \text { S. } \end{gathered}$ | Cleveland, 1)em. |  | Cleve- land, <br> Dein. |
| cadia... | 1.082 | 234 | 11 | 25,8 | 114 | 107 |
| Ascension. | 737 | 722 | 43 | 2.099 | 210 | 1,965 |
| Assumption | 344 | 1,070 | 40 | 1,2,6 | 7\% | 2.239 |
| A voyelles | 1,セูอ7 | 214 | 12 | 1,696 | 125 | 1.507 |
| Batoll 1 ., E | 1,412 | 595 | 58 | 1,0/2 | $6 \pm 0$ | 1,270 |
| 13aton IR, W | 237 | 2,9 |  | 1.487 | 227 | 373 |
| Bienville | 1.491 | 51 | 11 | 1.620 | 443 | 988 |
| Bussier | 1.146 | 22 | 10 | 2,914 |  | 2.155 |
| C'addo. | 1. 212 | 285 | 68 | 2,552 | 235 | 2,541 |
| C'alcasien | 2,658 | 891 | 30 | 1,089 | 664 | 1,420 |
| C'aldwell | biv | 26 | 3 | 6.0 | 234 | 882 |
| Cameron. | 254 | 37 | 6 | 180 | 5 | 203 |
| Carroll, Fast | 235 | 185 | 24 | 1,287 | 35 | 1,996 |
| Carroll, West. | 531 | 1 |  | 408 | 1 | 563 |
| Cataboula | 811 | 14 |  | 1.051 | 439 | 733 |
| Claiborne | 1,757 | 53 | 24 | 1,444 | 167 | 1,6อ ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Col cordia. | 1,08 | 80 | 7 | 3,593 |  | 2.477 |
| De Soto. | 1,940 | 158 | 26 | 1,598) | 298 | 1.020 |

LOUISIANA-Continued.

| Parishes. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prestident, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { President, } \\ 1892 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | Prks. <br> 1888. <br> Cleve- <br> land, <br> Dem. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bryan, Den. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pal- } \\ & \text { mer, } \\ & \text { N.D. } \end{aligned}$ | Cleveland, Dem. | Fusion Rep. Pop.* |  |
| Feliciana, Fi.. | 8 |  |  | , 3 อ | 96 | 6 |
| Feliciana, W.. | 919 | 44 | 19 | 1,593 |  | 95 |
| Frankli | 871 | 28 | 19 | 796 | 26 | 66 |
| Grant. | 780 | 123 | 13 | 206 | 519 | 84 |
| Iberi | 39 | 391 | 11 | 576 | 13 | 1.694 |
| Ibervi | 358 | 600 | 18 | 1,609 | 60 | 1,116 |
| Jacksol | 105 | 18 |  | 396 | 306 | 519 |
| Jeffersol | 1,383 | 352 |  | 1,275 | 235 | 59.4 |
| Lafaye | 825 | 167 | 18 | 664 |  | 1,373 |
| Lafour | 1.129 | 386 | 12 | 2,922 | 200 | 2,335 |
| Lincoln. | 1,241 | 40 | 25 | 695 | 1,475 | 842 |
| Livingsto | 693 | 72 | 3 | 333 | 225 | 77 |
| Madison | 1,248 | 96 | 12 | 3,433 | 1 | 2,523 |
| Morehouse | 53 | 46 |  | 1,16 | 82 | 1,286 |
| Natchitoel | 1.056 | 23 |  | 1,140 | 516 | 1,599 |
| rleans | 1.487 | 8,295 | 589 | 19,234 | 6,194 | 15, 473 |
| Ouachita | 2,712 | 93 | 11 | 2,iu1 | 241 | 2,702 |
| Plaquemin | 1,502 | 54) | 11 | 92\% | 1,133 | 703 |
| P'te Coup | 73 | 410 | 24 | 84 | 323 | 878 |
| Rapides | 2 bilu | 142 | 37 | 3,446 | 40 | 3,397 |
| ed Riv | 832 | 26 |  | 92 | 320 | 1,479 |
| Richlaı | (10 |  | 11 | 88 | 23 | 1,090 |
| cabine | 1,469 | 36 | 6 |  | '764 | 42 |
| St. Berna | 56.9 | 65 | 11 | 449 | 193 | - |
| st. Chart | 125 | - |  | 345 | 704 | 105 |
| st. Hele | 322 | 59 |  | 306 | 77 | 93 |
| St. Jame | -110 | 1,417 | 21 | 575 | 668 | 0 |
| St.Johı | 130 | 539 | 24 | 503 | 1,118 | 59 |
| St. Latudr | 1. 85 | 242 |  | 1,136 | 920 | 1.631 |
| st. Aiartis | 0i, 4 | 18. |  | 491 | 1.3 | 1, 069 |
| St. Mary | 5.1 | 580 | 93 | 1,311 | 284 | 1, 81 |
| sit. Tammin:n | ¢i:3 | 817 | 32 | 501 | 23 | 374 |
| Tangipahoal. | 1.129 | 395 | 5 | 786 | 132 | -8 |
| Tensas. | 1.1.8 | $2{ }^{2} 36$ | 16 | 2,351 | 213 | 2,787 |
| Terreh | 5.9. | 348 | 25 | 1,210 | 5,9 | 1,484 |
| Union. | $1.5 \times 6$ | $\varepsilon 6$ |  | 1,216 | 637 | 2,033 |
| Vermili | 02 | 196 | 5 | 316 | 22. | 977 |
| Vernon |  | 35 | 12 | 361 | 842 | 58 |
| Washing | 1,168 | 48 | 5 | 399 | 143 | 417 |
| Webster | 74 | 97 | 26 | 1,441 | 286 | 1,310 |
|  |  |  |  | 211 | 787 | 523 |
| Tor |  | , | 1,834 | 87.9 | 6,563 |  |
| Majority |  |  |  |  |  | 54,5 |
| Plurality <br> Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| catter |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whole vot |  | 1.046 |  | 114, |  | 574 |

Mckinley's separate votes were: Regular, 18,320; sugar Planters, 3,717.

* The Fision ticket contained 5 Harrison and 3 Wearer electors. The l'opulists rall 1,231 ahead of the Republieans, the highest Harrison elector receiviug 25,332 votes. Harrison's vote was $30,484$.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.

I Parishes of Plaquemines and St. Bemard, and lart of the cityof New ()rleans. Adolph Mejer Dem, $5 . i 22 ;$ (. W. Keating, Rep., 896. Meynr's majority, 4,523.

II Par shes of Jelierson, it. (harles, st. John Baptist, and St . Iames, and part of the city of New !rleans. K. (. lavey, lem. $6.8 \cup 2$; F. N. W icker, Rep., 1.054. "Davey's majacority, öni48.
III. Pari-hes of Ascension, Assumption, Calcasieu. (ameron, Iberia, lberville Iafayette, Lafourche, st. Xartin, st, Mary, Terrehome, alld Vermilion. Robert $F$. Brollseard, Nems., 4,929: (h rles Funte1ien, Rep. 974. Brons ard's majority, 3,955. IV. Parishenof Bientille. 13 is-ien, (addo, leseto, Gmant, Natchitelyst, Rapicles, Red River, sume, Vermon, Welster, amu Wimn. f': anor laraceale, Dem, 4, 424; Hardy I. Prian. Rep., 1,476. Brazeale's majority, 2.942.

## LOUISIANA－Continued．

V．Parishes of Caldwell，East Carroll，West Car－ roll，Catahoula，Claiborne，Concordia， Franklin，Jackson，Lincoln，Madison，More－ house，Ouachita，Richland，Tensas，and Union．S．Baird，Dem．，3，558；J．（土．Talia－ ferro，Rep， $1,096, H$ ．B．Taliaferro，Ind．， 151．Baird＇s plurality．2，462．
VI．Parishes of Acallia，Avoyelles，Baton Rouge， Fast；Baton Ronge，West，Feliciana，Eașt； Feliciana，West；Livingston，Pointe Coupée， St．Helena，St．Landry，St．Tammany，Tau－ gipahoa，and IV ashington．S．M．Robertson， Dem．，2，491．No oppositiou．

```
                pHESENT STATK GOVERSMaNT.
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Governor，Murphy J．Foster，Lieutenant－Governor，R．H． Snyder：Secretary of State．John T．Michel；Treasurer，A．V． Fournette；Auditor，W．W．Heard；Attornev－Gelleral，M．J．Cun－ ningham；Superintendent of Elucation，J．V．Calhoulr；Adjutant－ General，AllenJumel；Commissioner of Agriculture，Leon Jastrem－ ski，Commissioner of Insurance，John T．Michel－all Democrats．
JUDICTARY.

Supreme Court：Chief Justice，F．T．Nicholls；Associate Justices， Newton C．Blanchard，Lynn B．Watkins，Jos．A．Breaux，Frank A．Monroe；Clerk，T．MC．Hyman－all Democrats．
state legislature， 1899.
Senale．House．Joint Ballot．

＊Count of the Rep．Returning Board．† Combiaed Deni，vote． $\ddagger$ Combined Rep．vote．

MAINE．

| Countirs． <br> （16．） | $\begin{gathered} \text { GovErior, } \\ 1895 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Presinent, } \\ 1896 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lord， Dew | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pow- } \\ & \text { ers, } \\ & \text { R' p. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \hline \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Dem. } \\ \text { \& Pop. } \end{array}$ | Mc－ Kinley Rep． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pal- } \\ & \text { mer, } \\ & \text { N. D. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Iro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Androscoggin． | 2.468 |  | 2， 513 | 5，548 | 157 | 1 |
| A roostool | 1，342 | 3，25： | 1，384 | 4，8：9 | 42 | $2: 39$ |
| Cumberlan | 4，76i | 7，922 | 5．1．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 11017 | 450 | 224 |
| Franklin | 714 | 1，815 | 886 | 2，5，8 | 49 | 38 |
| Hanco | 1，436 | 3，596 | 1.793 | 4，305 | 119 | 51 |
| Kenne | 1，881 | 4.647 | 2,807 | 7．88！ | 106 | 191 |
| Kıox | 2，430 | 2，41］ | 1，903 | $3,2 \times 0{ }^{\circ}$ | 103 | 35 |
| Lincoln | 1，036 | 2，0 $\pm 1$ | 1.211 | 2，546 | 62 | 37 |
| Oxford | 1．01\％ | 2.805 | 1，6i7 | 4，759 | 159 | 67 |
| Peno | 2，54 | 5，067 | 4， 031 | 8，414 | 91 | 133 |
| Piscataq | jux | 1，197 | 1，004 | 2，342 | 36 | 46 |
| Sagadah | 437 | 1.517 | 957 | 2， 23 | 79 | 45 |
| Somers | 1，641 | 2，9：1 | 2，（1） 8 | 4，595 | 83 | 97 |
| Wald | 1，506 | 2，551 | 1，439 | 3，252 | 50 | 32 |
| Washin | 1，339 | 2，5ั2 | 1，984 | 4，627 | 111 | 50 |
| York． | 4，284 | 6，476 | 3，456 | 7，531 | 174 | 174 |
| Total | 29，497 | ， 2 | 1．688 | 80,465 | 1，871 | ． 5.7 |
| Plurality |  | 24，76 |  | 45.77 |  |  |
| Per cent | 33.72 | 62,03 | 29.2 | 67.8 | 1.5 | 1.38 |
| Scattering ．．．． Whole vote．． |  | $75$ |  |  |  |  |
| Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1898，Ladd，Pro．，had |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sewall）electoral ticket and 2，489 votes on the Populist（Bryan and Watson）electoral ticket，in 1896. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## MAINE－Continued．

The vote for Governor in 1896 was：M．P．Frank， Dem．， 34.387 ；L．P．Powers．Rep．， 82764 ；A．S．Ladd， Pro．2，661；L．C．Bateman，Pop．，3，332．Powers＇ plurality， 48377.
VOTE FOR REPREEENTATIVMS IN CONGRESB， 1898. Districts．

I．Counties of Cumberland and York．L．F． McKinney，Dem．9，072；Thomas B．Reed， Rep．14，598；D．P．Parker，Pro．673；Moulton， Peo．，53．Reed＇s plurality 5,525 ．
II．Connties of Androscoggin，Franklin，Knox， Lincoln，Oxford，and Sagadahoc．John Scott Dem．，8，126；Nelson Dingley，Jr．，Rep．， 15.149 ；A．J．Wheeler，Pro．394；Blanchard， N．D．，89．Dingley＇s plurality 7，023．
III．Counties of Hancock，Kennebec，somerset， and Waldo．F．W．Plaisted，Dem．，6，634； Edwin C．Burleigh，Rep．， 12,$854 ;$ O．S．Pills－ bury，Pro．503．Burleigh＇s plurality 6,220 ．
IV．Counties of Aroostook，Penobscot，Piscata－ quis，and Washington．A．J．Chase Dem．， 5，j34；C．A．Boutelle．Rep．，12，480；G．W．Park， Pro ． 451 ；Littlefield，Peo．， 244 ．Boutelle＇s plurality，6，946．

PRESENT STATE GOVERYMENT．
Governor，Llewellyn Powers；Secretary of State， Byron Boyd；Treasurer，F．M．Simpson；Adjutant－ Genera，John T．Richards；Attomey－General， William T．Haines；superintendent of Education， V．W．S etson；Insurance Commissioner，S．W． Carr－all Republicans．

## JUDICIARY．

Supreme Judicial Court：Chief Justice，John A． Peters；Associate Justices，Andrew P．Wiswell， Lucilins A．Emery，William H．Fogler，W．P．White－ house，Thomas H．Haskell，sewall（！．Strout，and Albert R．Savage－all Republicans except Strout； Clerk of the Court at Augusta，W．S．Choate，Rep． STATE LEGISLATURE， 1899.

Senate．House．Joint Ballot．

| Republicans． | Senate． | House．Jo |  | Joint Ballot． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 126 |  | 157 |
| Democrats ．． |  | 25 |  | 25 |
| Republlcan majority | 81 | 10 |  | 132 |
| VOTE OF．The State since 187 |  |  |  |  |
| Dem． <br> nt．．29，087 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rep. } \\ 61.422 \end{gathered}$ | Gr． |  | $\stackrel{P l u .}{{ }_{*} 22,33 \dot{\mathrm{R}}}$ |
| 1876．President．． $49,82{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 66，300 | 663 |  | 16，477 R |
| 18．F＇usion． 600 ．．． 16,47 |  |  |  |  |
| 1880．Governor．．73，786 | 73，597 |  | 418 | 189 F |
| 1880．President．65，171 | 74，039 | 4，408 | 285 | 8，868 |
| 1882．（quvernor．．63，852 | 72，724 | 1，302 | 395 | 8，872 R |
| 1884 Governor 58，0．0 | 77，779 | 3，147 | 1，157 | 19，709 R |
| ı884 President 51，556 | 71，716 | 3，994 | 3，160 | 20，060 R |
| 1886 Governor．56，242 | 68，893 |  | 3，873 | 12，651 R |
| 1888．President．． 50,481 | 73，734 | ${ }_{1,344}^{\text {Lab }}$ | 2.691 | 23，283 R |
| 1890．Governor． 45,331 | 64，214 | 1.298 | 2.981 | 18，883 R |
|  |  | Pim． |  |  |
| 1834．Provernor |  | 2，381 |  | R |
| 1834．Governor．．30，621 | 69，599 |  | 2，730 | R |
| 189⿳⺈冂大冖6．President．． 34688 | 80.465 | 1，870 | 1570 | 45，777 R |
| 1898．（fovernor．．29，497 | 54266 | 315 | 2，335 | 24，769 R |

＊Majority
MARYLAND．

| Countigs．(24.) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Govkrnor, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sinith， Dern． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lown- } \\ \text { des, } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ | Bryan， <br> Dem． | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{Mc}- \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Kep. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pal- } \\ & \text { mer, } \\ & \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{D} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Allegany | 4，190 | 4.691 | 3，911 | 5，466 | 57 | 236 |
| Anne Arund＇l | 3，564 | 3． 604 | 3，145 | 4，030 | 48 | 115 |
| Baltimore C＇y | 55，419 | 47，318 | 40.852 | 61，920 | 1，358 | 1，903 |
| Baltimore Co． | 9，547 | 7，677 | 7，121 | 9，206 | 280 | 512 |
| Calvert． | 955 | 1．329 | 882 | 1，295 | 6 | 49 |
| Carolin | 1，803 | 1，727 | 1， 650 | 1，686 | 25 | 110 |
| Carrol | 4， 165 | 3，877 | 3，811 | 4，048 | 35 | 209 |
| Cecil | 3，127 | 2． 509 | 2，909 | 3,130 | 88 | 99 |
| Charles | 1．341 | 2129 | 1，372 | 2，118 | 14. | 22 |
| Dorchester | 3，244 | 3，150． | 2，633 | 3，043 | 16 | 27 |

## MARYLAND-Continued.

| Countiss, | Governor, 1899. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pregident, } \\ 1 \delta 90_{0} . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Smith, Dem. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lown- } \\ \text { des, } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ | Bryan, | Mc- Kinley Rep. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pal- } \\ & \text { mer, } \\ & \text { N. D. } \end{aligned}$ | Levering, Pro. |
| Frederick | 5,867 | 5,741 | 5,214 | 6,353 | 88 | 279 |
| Garrett | 1,265 | 1,940 | 1,275 | 2,060 | 14 | 41 |
| Harford | 3,410 | 2,992 | 3,362 | 3, 373 | 73 | 292 |
| Howard | 2.050 | 1,582 | 1,787 | 1,978 | 36 | 59 |
| Kent | 2,284 | 2,363 | 1.981 | 2,398 | 8 | \% |
| Montgomery | 3.397 | 3,000 | 3,460 | 3,218 | 57 | 108 |
| Pr'ce George's | 2,936 | 3,100 | 2,505 | 3,250 | 27 | 2 a |
| Queen Anne's | 2,549 | 1,677 | 2,519 | 1,917 | 32 | 14 |
| Somerset | 2.596 | 2,582 | $\bigcirc{ }^{2}, 185$ | 2,646 | 15. | 451 |
| St. Mary's | 1.779 | 1,766 | 1.471 | 2,044 | 15 | 14 |
| Talbot. | 2.401 | 2,3:29 | 2.189 | 2,543 | 50 | 151 |
| Washington | 5,445 | 4,998 | 4,386 | 5,428 | 114 | 197 |
| Wicomico | 2,812 | 2,325 | 2,254 | 2.023 | 30 | 314 |
| Worcester | 2.663 | 1,588 | 1,962 | 1,756 | 20 | 379 |
| Total | 128409116286 |  | 104735 | 136959 | 2,507 | 5,918 |
| Plurality | 12,114 |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 32,224 \\ 54.60 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | 2.36 |
| Per cent | 51. 1246.30 |  | 41.75 |  | 1.00 |  |
| Scattering. |  | 94 |  | 723200,842 |  |  |
| Whole vote. | 251.183 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

The scattering vote for Governor in 1399 was: Pro. . 5,275: Soc. Dem., 420; Union Ref., $36^{\circ} 7$; Soc. L., 432.

Of the scattering vote for President in 1896, Matehett, Soc. L., received 587, and Bentley, Nat. Pro., 136.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Cointies of Caroline, Dorchester, Kent, Queen Anne's, fomerset, Talbot, Wicomico, and Worcester. J. W. Smith', Jem, 16,748: W. F. Jackson, Rep., 15, 823; .I. Swann, Pro., 1,823; W. Willis, Sil. D., 574.
II Baltimore City, counties of Baltimore, Carroll, Cecil, and Harford. R. B. Tippett, Dem. 20,436; William B. Baker, Rep., 20,806; H. J. Hollingsworth, Pro., 1,772.
III. Baltimore City. J, B, Schwatka, Dem. , 17,386; F. A. Wachter, Rep., 17,508; J. F. IIicks, Pro. . 718.
IV. Baltimore City, J. W. Denny, Dem., 17,260; Wm. W. NeIntire Rep., 16.664; T. S. Creney, Pro., 1,134; T. Meyer, Labor, 289.
V. Baltimore City. J. S. Cummings, Dem. 14, 672; S. ML. Mudd, Rep. 17.248; J. E.
Wetherald, Pro., 913; C. T. Parker, Ind. Rep., 277.
VI. Comnties of Allegany, Frederick, Garrett, Montgomery, and lirashington. T. A. Poppenterger, Dem. 14, 272; G. A. Pearce, Rep., 18,8i8; J. T. Baker, Pro., 1,167 .

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
(rovernor, John Walter Smith, Dem. : Secretary of State, Geo. E. Loweree, Dem. ; Comptroller, J. W. Ilering, Dem.; Treasurer, 'T. \}. Siryock, Rep.; Adjutant-lieneral, L. A. Wilmer, Rep. : AttorneyGeneral, Isidor Rayner, I)em. ; Superintendent of Education, E. B. Pretty man, Rep ; Commissioner of Insurance, F. Albert Kurtz, Rep.

## judiciary.

Court of Appeals: Chief Judge, James McSherry; Associate Judges, David Fowler, A. Iunter ISoyd, Henry Page, I. Thomas Jones, John P. Briscoe, S. D. Schmucker, and James A. Pearce; Clerk, Allan Rutherford-all Democrais except Schmucker and Rutherord, Republican.

$$
\text { STATE LEGISLATURE, } 1900 .
$$

| STATE LEGISLATURE, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Senate. | House. | Joint Ballot. |  |
| Demncrats ............ | 15 | 65 | 80 |
| Republicans........... | 11 | 26 | 37 |
| Democratic majority | $\mathbf{4}$ | -39 | 43 |

## MARILAND-Continued.

|  | vote of the state since 1872. |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Gr. | Pro. |  |
| 1872. | ident. 67,506 | 66,442 |  |  |  |
| 1876. | President. 91,180 | 71,981 |  |  | 19,599 D |
| 1880. | President. 93,706 | 78,515 | 818 |  | *15,191 |
| 1884 | President. 96,866 | 83,748 | 578 | 2,827 | *11,118 J |
| 1889. | President.106,168 | 99,986 |  | 4,567 | * 6.182 I |
| 18>9. | Comptrol. 103,900 | 96,527 |  | 3,741 | 7,393 |
| 91. | Goveruor.108,539 |  |  | 5,120 | 30,151 I |
|  | (esilent.113.86 |  | $799$ |  |  |
| 1893. | Comptrol 98.806 | 79,954 |  |  | 18,852 I) |
| 1890.. | overnor.106,169 | 124,936 |  | 7,719 | 18,7 |
|  |  |  | $2,507$ |  | , |
| $1 \times 97$. | C'omptrol.114, ubit | 121,173 |  | 6,09 | ,149 R |
| 1899. | Governor. 128,469 | 116,286 |  | 5,275 | 12,114 D |

## * Plurality.

MASSACHUSETTS.

| Counties. (14.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { GOVERNOR, } \\ 1839 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prestident, } \\ 18: 6 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Paine, Dell. | Crane, Rep. | Peare, <br> Soc. J. |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{array}$ | Palmer, N. 1). |
| Barnstable | 407 | 2.072 | 11 | 517 | 4,456 | 118 |
| Berkshir | 3,170 | 9,247 | 329 | 3,913 | 9,710 | 367 |
| Bristol | 5, 92, | 12.392 | 727 | 6,022 | 21,629 | $436^{\circ}$ |
| Dukes | 112 | 536 | 19 | 91 | 691 | 33 |
| Essex | 11,944 | 23.939 | 2, 132 | 15,025 | 37, 041 | 1,028 |
| Frankliu | 1, 661 | 4.025 | 85 | 1,110 | 5,671 | 297 |
| Hampden | 6. 757 | 10, 25.9 | 1.119 | 6, 787 | 16,064 | 518 |
| Hampshire | 1.807 | 4332 | 96 | 1,608 | 6,484 | $2 \div 5$ |
| Middlesex | 19.255 | 35, 605 | 1,709 | 19,591 | 57.281 | 2,713 |
| Nantucket | 99 | 343 | 1, 8 | 62 | 485 | 16 |
| Norlolk | 5, 260 | 10.127 | 45.9 | 4,990 | 16,897 | 918 |
| Plymouth | 2, 4tio | 6,676 | 613 | 3,39t | 13, 405 | 520 |
| Suffolk.. | 83,908 | 29, $51-1$ | 1,881 | 31.744 | 53, 633 | 3,1¢0 |
| Worcester | 11, 123 | 19.835 | 1, $22 \overline{2}$ | 10,85j | 3i, 579 | 1,337 |
| Total | 1038112 | 168902 | 10, 778 | 105711 | 27897611,749 |  |
| Plurality |  | 65, 100 |  |  | 173 ¢0ं |  |
| Per cent | 31.70 | 56.46 | 3.60 | 26.32 | 69.47 , | 2.92 |
|  |  | 13.664 |  |  | 5,132 |  |
| Whole Vot |  | 249,166 |  |  | 401.568 |  |

Of the scattering rote for Governor in 1899, Porter, Noc. Dem. hed 8,262, and Coats Pro. 7,402. In 1896 Bryan's Democratic vote was 9(1, 530; Pupnlist, 15, 181. Of the scattering vote in 1896, Levering, Pro., had 2,998 and Matchett. Soe. L., 2, 114.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.

1. Counties of Berkshire, Franklin (part), Hampden (part), alld Hampshire (part). C. P. Davis, Dem. 8,760 ; ( P P. Lawreuce, Rep., 14.315̈; E. A. I3ncikland, Soc. L., 1, 6'v2. Lawrence's p nrality, 5,5 5ू
II. Counties of Franklin (part), Yamprien (part), Fampshire (part), and Worcester (nart). R. F: Bisbee, Denm, 8, 0 5 ; F. H. (Fillett, Rep., 13,327; (i. I1. IV reun, Soc. L.. 707. (iillett's plurality. 5. 273.
III. Connties of Nidnllesix (part) and IToreester (part). J. R. Thaver, Dem., 11.167; J. II. 159.
IV. Counties of Niddlesex (part), Norfolk (part), and Warcester (part), 1. Porter Norse Dem., 8.485 ; (ienrge W. Weymonth, Rep. 14,411. W.ermnuth s mainrity 5,926.
V. Counties of Essex (part) and Mifllifesex (part). J. J. Flym, Den!. 13. 516; Ifilliam s. Knox, Rep., 14, 757. Knox's majority, 1. 01.
VI. County of Essex (part). Fhen Moody Boynton, Dem. 6.035; Wंillianı T. Mundr, Rep. 13,494; A.L. (illen, Dem. Noc., 1,390. Moody's plurality, 7,4is.

## MASSACHUSETTS-COntimutd.

VII. Counties of Fssex (part), Middlesex (part) and Sulfolk (pirt). W. L. Ramisdell Dem., 12,338; E. W. Roberts, liep. 16, $559 ;$ J. F. Maloney, Soc. L., 781. Ruberts' plurality, 4,221.
VIII. Counties of Middlesex (part) and Suffolk (part). (i. A. Perkins, I)em., 5,846: Samnel W. Mcc'all. Rep. 14,935; W. E stacey, Soc. L. 593. Mcc'all's plurality, $9,089$.
IX. Cuunty of suffolk (part). John F. Fitzgerald, Dem., 10,303; F. H. Krebs, Jr., Rep., $545^{\prime}$; J. A. (iallivan, Ind. I)em., 5,000; F. K. Bradman iiep.-Cit., 413. Fitzgerald's pimrality, 4853.
X. Counties of Sutfolk (part) and Norfolk (part). Henry F. Naphen, Dem., 17,149: S. . . Barrows, Rep., i3,909. Naphen's majority, 3,240.
XI. Counties of Rristcl, Middlesez, Norfolk, suffolk, and Worcester (parts of each). William H. Baker, !em., 10,709; Charles F. sprague, Kep., 17,001. siprague's majority, 6,2:2.
XII. Counties of Bristol, Norfolk, and Plymouth (parts of eaci). P. E. Brady, lem.. 6,210; William C. Lovering, tiep., 13,6̄̄3; J. (1' Fihelly, soc. L., 8i7. Loveriug's plurality, 7,i43
XIII. Counties of Barnstable, Bristol, Dukes, Nantucket. and Mlynotith (1)arts of each). Charles T. Luce, Hem., 4.868; Willianis. Grenle, Rep., 13,453; 'T. Nitevensou, Soc. L., 1,277. (ireene's plarality, 8,595. PRESENT STAPE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, W. Murray Crane; Lientenant-Governor, John L. Bates: Secre ary of State, W. M. Olin; Treasurer, E. S. Bradford: Auditor. John W. Kimbail: Adjntant-(itneral, Samuel I)alton: Attoruey-General, H. M. Knowlton; secretary of the Board of Edncation, Frank A. Hill; Fecretary of the Board of Agriculture. James W. Ntockwell; Insmrance Commissioner, F. L. C'utting-all Republicans.

## JITDC'TARY

Sinpreme Judicial Cont for the Commonweath : Chief Justice, Oliver W. Holmes; Justices, Marcus P. Knowlton, James M. Morton, John Lathrop, James Mr. Barker, Johu W. Hammond, and? William C. Loring ; Clerk of the C'ourt, Henry A. Clapp.

STATE LEGISLATERF, 1900.


VOTF OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.
1872. President. Dem. Rep. (Ar. Pro. Plu.
1876. President. 59, 195103,455 1880. Precicit. 1880. Presicent. $111,450110,015 \quad 4,548682 \quad 53,245 \mathrm{IL}$ 1884. President. 123,352 146.724 24.382 0,933 21,372 R 1880. Govemor. 112,58: 129, 116
1887. Governor. $118,39 \frac{1}{4} 136.010$ 1888. President. 151.8: 5132,892 1889. Governor.. 120, 383 127., 307 1840. Governor.. 140,50 , 1:1,44 1891. Governor.. 157,482 151, 1515

Lah.
1892. Governor.. 186,377 183,843 18n. President. 176.81.5 $212, \times 14$ 1 193 . Governor.. 10̄6, 41 E; 193513 1\%.4. Governor.. 123.4301 189, औし 1895. Governor.. 121,599 186,280-7,705 9170 D(m-P(in) Tep. 189f, Governor. 103, 562 258,204 14,104 4,472 154,542 R 1896 President.. 103, 112 278.976 11,.749 $2,998173.265 \mathrm{R}$ 1897. Govera@1.. 79,5:2 1 $15,095 \quad 13,879 \quad 4,948 \quad 85,543 \mathrm{R}$ 1898. Governct. 107,960 141,146

Soc. $\dot{L}$
1899. Fnvernor.. 103,802 168,902 $10,7,8 \quad 7,402 \quad 65,100 \mathrm{R}$

* Majority.

MICHICAS.

| Counties. (83.) | Govervor, 1898. |  | President,$1896 .$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Whiting, Dem. | Pingree, Rep |  | Mc Kinley Rep. | Palmer, N. D. | Levering, Pro. |
| Alco | 129 | 671 | 275 | 742 | 22 | 6 |
| Alger. | 352 | 761 |  | 801 |  | 5 |
| Allegar | 2,890 | 3,493 | 3,937 | 5,816 | 149 | 4 |
| Alpena | 1,188 | 1.766 | 1,665 | 1,775 | 26 | 13 |
| Antrim | 401 | 1, 328 | 1,228 | 1,886 | 58 | 39 |
| A renac. | 637 | 748 | 997 | 616 | 18 |  |
| Bara | 291 | 609 | 459 | 613 | 10 | 12 |
| Barr | 2,405 | 2,887 | 3,157 | 3,295 | 83 | 52 |
| Bay | 3,899 | 5,617 | 6,298 | 6.015 | 151 | 63 |
| Ben | 459 | 866 | 813 | 1,370 | 30 | 05 |
| Berrie | 1.122 | 6,096 | 4,793 | 6,673 | 271 | 117 |
| Brancl | 3. 240 | 3,411 | 3,977 | 3,298 | 74 | 40 |
| C'allio | 4636 | 5, 40i | 6,202 | 5,885 | 211 | 180 |
| ('ass | 2. 374 | 2,913 | 3012 | 3,025 | 5.9 | 64 |
| ('harlev | 429 | 933 | 978 | 1,652 | 24 | 38 |
| C'beboygan | 1.017 | 1, ě 4 | 1,616 | 1,5,4 | 16 | 12 |
| Chippewa | 914 | 1. 731 | 1,061 | 2,104 | 45 | 58 |
| Clare | 578 | 818 | 725 | 881 | 29 | 2 |
| Clintol | 2,82] | 3,04, | 3,467 | 3,478 | 65 | 63 |
| Crawfo | 263 | 3 Brb | 350 | 350 | 3 | , |
| Delta | 462 | 1.299 | 1,237 | 2,774 | 65 | 11 |
| Dickins | 3t2 | 2,001 | 527 | 2,609 | 56 | 41 |
| Eaton. | 3, 723 | 4, 364 | 4,6\%1 | 4,271 | 108 | 66 |
| En | 1, 123 | 1,515 | 1,337 | 1,727 | 48 | b9 |
| (ienc | 3,1อ้ | 4.8.4 | 4,914 | 5,640 | 102 | $12 \%$ |
| Gladwin | $300^{\circ}$ | 685 | 323 | 748 | 28 | 13 |
| Gogelbic. | 632 | 1, 583 | 837 | 1,983 | 48 | 26 |
| (ird iraverse. | 728 | 1, 400 | 1,745 | 2, อว้ว | 71 | 2 |
| (rratiot | 2,883 | 3,097 | 3,972 | 3,380 | 72 | 60 |
| Hillsda | 3,420 | 3.8.3 | 3,987 | 4.566 | 91 | 78 |
| Hotight | 1,271 | 4.468 | 1,005 | 6,139 | 178 | 295 |
| İurou | 1, 490 | 3,113 | 2,818 | 3,396 | 83 | 30 |
| Ingham | 4.0.94 | 4,523 | 5 641 | 4,966 | 81 | 111 |
| Ionia. | 4,138 | 4, $2 \times 7$ | 4,758 | 4,684 | 65 | 59 |
| Iosc | -5.5 | 1,096 | 913 | 1,468 | 38 | 17 |
| I2O1 | 286 | 1,795 | 236 | 1, 1 ¢ 1 | 24 |  |
| Isabe | 1,732 | 2,357 | 2,679 | 2,425 | 24 | 40 |
| Jaciss | 5, 468 | 4.643 | 6,515 | 6,209 | 127 | 149 |
| Kalamaz | 3, 747 | 5, 11:2 | 5,434 | 5,892 | 83 | 83 |
| Kalkaska | 1 16i | 710 | 422 | 947 | 27 | 18 |
| Kent | 7,924 | 15. 245 | 13, 584 | 17,053 | 318 | 397 |
| Kewee | 24 | 324 | 45 | 411 | 5 | 1 |
| Lake | 383 | 709 | 548 | 888 | 20 | 8 |
| Lapee | 1,915 | 2,937 | 3,066 | 3,810 | 105 | 101 |
| Leelanair. | 318 | 827 | 691 | 1.403 | 53 | 33 |
| Lenaw | 5, 538 | 5,529 | 6,300 | 6,861 | 143 | 148 |
| Living | 2, 113 | $2, \mathrm{Cli}$ | 2,996 | 2,894 | 76 | 73 |
| Luce | 258 | 357 | 236 | 358 | 16 | 17 |
| Mackinac | 542 | 673 | 805 | 806 | 36 | 9 |
| Macomb | 3. 030 | 3, 227 | 3,400 | 4,153. | 157 | 72 |
| Maniste | $1.97 \div$ | 2,465 | 2,487 | 2,697 | 94 | 35 |
| Marque | 1,295 | 3,214 | 1,980 | 5,110 | 79 | 100 |
| 1Frason | 943 | 1,741 | 1,580 | 2.1 if | 65 | 32 |
| Mecosta | 865 | 2, 050 | 1,9\% | 2,887 | 73 | 49 |
| Menomin | 1.045 | 1.843 | 1,4.99 | 3,105 | 47 | 22 |
| Mifdland | 1,000 | 1, 277 | 1,507 | 1,524 | 47 | 34 |
| Missauke | 50 C | 957 | 637 | 899 | 14 | 27 |
| Monrue | 3. $270^{\circ}$ | 3,288 | 4,209 | 4,053 | 74 | 51 |
| Montealḿ | 2,155 | 3, 243 | 3,651 | 4, $5: 33$ | 87 | 50 |
| M'ntm' ${ }^{\prime}$ 'ncy. | 203 | 510 | 330 | 479 | 2 | 6 |
| Muskegon ... | 1,764 | 4.271 | 3,110 | 4,682 | 83 | 71 |
| Newaygo | 1,097 | 2,094 | 1,943 | 2,649 | 30 | 44 |
| Oakland | 4,415 | 5, 442 | 5.352 | 5,840 | 180 | 129 |
| Oceana. | 955 | 2,178 | 1,637 | 2,534 | 61 | 213 |
| Ogemaw | 478 | 893 | à60 | 795 | 2 t | 18 |
| Ontonay | 308 | 572 | 416 | 758 | 25 | 7 |
| Osceola. | 617 | 1,614 | 1,17.3 | 2.270 | 69 | 52 |
| Oscoda | 62 | 188 | (2) | 308 | 9 | 1 |
| Otsego. | $4(12)$ | 898 | 550 | 859 | 14 | 10 |
| Ottawa | 2, 405 | 3, 914 | 3549 | 5,202 | 114 | 67 |
| Presque Isle.. | \%28 | 850 | 371 | 764 | 10 | 8 |
| Ruscommon. | 101 | 285 | 141 | 28.2 | 3 | 4 |
| Saginaw | 5. 206 | 7,102 | 8.792 | 8,362 | 183 | 75 |
| Sanilac. | 1,800. | 3,021 | 3,156 | 3,631 | $90^{\prime}$ | 93 |

## MICFTGAN-Continued.

| Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Guvervor, } \\ 189 \times . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1 \leqslant 96 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Whit- Pin- <br> ing,  <br> Den. gree, <br> Rep.  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Dem. } \\ \text { \& Pon. } \end{gathered}$ | Mc. Pal- <br> Kinley  <br> Rep. mer, <br>  N. D. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev. } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| schooleraft | 412818 | 549 | $975-13$ | 3 |
| shiawasse | 3.035 4,128 | 4.303 | 4,655 139 |  |
| st. Clair. | 3,750 6,109 | 5,127 | 7,164 161 |  |
| St. Jusep | 2,353 2,443 | 3. 968 | $3.185 \quad 51$ |  |
| Tuscola. | 2,058 4,130 | 3, 565 | 4.275 |  |
| Van Bure | 2,438 3,944 | 3,982 | 4,506 92 |  |
| Wrashtena | 4,5,2 4704 | 5,3¢1 | 5,677 215 | 110 |
| Wayne | 1927327689 | +26.216 | 36,617 906 | 261 |
| Wexford | 788 1,422 | 1,358 | 2,036 - 36 |  |
| Total | 168142 243329 | 236714 | 2935826,879 | 5, |
| Plurality | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ} 75097$ |  | 56, 868 |  |
| Per cent | 3995 57, 73 |  | ธ3. 92 | 0.9 |
| Scatterin | 9.783 |  | $2.292$ |  |

Of the scatterng vote for Govemor in 1898, Cheever, 『ro., had 7,000; Cook, Pop.. 1650 , and Hasseler, Soc. L., 1,1ul.

Of the scattering vote for President in 1896, Bentley, Nat. Pro., had 1.995, and Matchett, Soc. L., 297.

VOTE FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE, 1899.
An election was held inh April, 1899, for a Justice of the supreme Conrt aud two Regents of the State University. The vote for Judge was: Thomas E. Barkworth, Dem.-Pop. Fusion, 165,482; Clandius B. Grant, Rep, 216,828: Frank Baldwin Clark, Pro., 8,789; John B. Harris, Straight Pop. 4,856; (ieorge A. Eastman, Soc. L., 3,190. Grant's pluraiity, 51,346.

## VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1896.

For Governor, Charles R. Sligh. Dem.-Pop. 221,022; Hazen S. Pingree, Rep., 314.431: Rufus F. Sprague, N. T., 9, 738; Robert © Saftod, Pro, 5,499; John Gilberson, N. P., 1,944. Pingree's plurality, 83,409. The other siate officers were elected by pluralities averaging 22,000 less than Pingree's.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. County of Wayne (part). James H. Pound Dem., 15,401: J. B. (orliss, Rep., 16,659. C'orliss' majority, $1,258$.
II. Cunnties of Lenawee, Monroe, Jackson, Washtenaw, and Wayue (part). Orin H. Pierce, Dem., 19,999; Henry C. Smith, Rep.. 21,912. smith's majority, 1,913.
III. Counties of Branch. Hillsdale, Kalamazoo, Calhoun, and Eaton. A. M. Todd, Iem. 19,864; Washington (iardiner, Rep., 21,182. Gardiner's majority, 1,318.
IV. Counties of St. Joseph, Cass, Berrien, Van Buren, Allegan, and Barry. R. J. Jarvis, Dem., 17,146; E. L. Hami ton, Rep., 21.740. Ilamilton's majority 4,036.
V. Counties of Ottawa, Keut, and Ionia. George R. Perry, Dem., 1b,064; William A. smith, Rep., 22,021. Smith's majority, 5,957.
VI. Counties of Oakland, Genesee, Livingston, Ingham, and Wayne (part). (harles Fishback. Jem., 17,171; Samuel W. smith, Rep., 22,981. Smith's majority, 5,810 .
VII. Counties of Macomb, Lapeer. St. Clair, Sanilac, IIuron, and Wayne (part). Frederick E. Burton, Dem., 12,888; Edgar Weeks, Rep., 18,623. Weeks' majority, 5,735.
VIII. Counties of Clinton, Saginaw. Shiawassee, atid Tuscola. Ferdinand Rinckor, Nem.
 Forduey's majority, 1, ,uj.

## MICHIGAN-Continued.

IX. Counties of Muskemon, Oceana, Newaygo, Mason. Lake, Manistee. Wexford, Benzie, Leelanaw, and Manitou. C. J. Chaddock, Dem., 9,201: Roswell P. Bishup, Rep., 15,687. Bishop's majority, © ©,396.
X. Counties of Bay, Midland, (iladwin, Arenac, Ogemaw, Iasco. Alcona,Oscoda, (raw forl, Montinorency, Alpena, Presque Isle, Utsego, Cheboycial, and Emmet. R. . Kelly, Dem., 13,230; Rosseau O. Crumy, Rep., ló,482. ('rimp’s majority, $3,252$.
XI. Counties of Montcalm, fratiot, Isabella. Mecosta, Usceola, C'Iare, Roscommon, Missatukee, Kalkaska, Grand Traverse, Antrim, and Charlevoix. A. W. Nichols, Dem. 11.993: W1m. S. Mesick, Rep.,18,545. Mesick's majority, 6,746.
XII. Cownties of Delta, Schooleraft, Chippewat Machinac, Ontonagon, Marquette, Menominee, Dickinson, Baraga, Hutughton, Keweeuaw, Isle Royal, Alger, Lnce. Iron, ('ass, and rogehic. A. I. Ciurry, Dem. 8.921; ('arlos D. Kholdon, Rep., 19,895. Sue dou's majority, 10.974.

## PleEsENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Hazen S. Pingree; Lieutenant-Gev. ernor, O. IV. Robinson; Secretary of State, Just us $\therefore$ Stearns: Treasurer, (ien. A. Stcel; Amditu: Roscoe D. Dix; Attorncy-(ieneral, forace M. Oren ; Superintendent of Puhlic Instruction, Jason E. liammond; Iusurance Columissioner, Harry H. Stevens-ail lepublicans.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Jnstice, Robert M. Montgomery, Rep.; Justices, Frank A. Hooker, Rep.; Joseph B. Moore, Rep.; C'harles D. Long, Rep.; Gaudius I. Grant, liep. ; Clerk, Charles $\mathbb{C}$. Hopkins, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATERE, 1899.
S nutte. House. Joint Ballot.
Republicans

| 27 | 92 | 119 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\frac{5}{22}$ | $\frac{8}{84}$ | 13 |

Republican majority $\overline{22} \quad \overline{84} \quad \overline{106}$
VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

$\square$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN | NES | OTA. |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { JRRVNO} \\ & 18238 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | CESIDENT |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { vernor } \\ & 1898 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EESIDENT } \\ & \hline 1896 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Lind, } \\ \text { Fu- } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Brysn, } \\ & \text { Demp } \end{aligned}$ Dem. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \end{gathered}$ |  |
| (82.) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Lind } \\ & \text { Fion } \\ & \text { sion. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Eus- } \\ \text { tis, } \\ \text { tep. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Hige } \\ \text { ciugs, } \\ \text { Pros, } \end{array} \\ & \hline \text { ro. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan. } \\ & \text { Dem. } \\ & \text { \& Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mc- } \\ & \text { Kinley } \\ & \text { Rep. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro, } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Vatonwan <br> Wilkin. <br> Vinona... |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 585 \\ & 855 \\ & 3,528 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hep. } \\ & \hline 1,622 \\ & \hline 631 \\ & 3,935 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Aitkin | 406 893 |  |  | 344 |  |  |  | Vright. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A noka.. | -993 | 1,117 |  | ${ }_{985}^{791}$ | 9 |  |  | Yellow M |  |  |  |  | ,578 |  |
| Becker. | 417 | 441 | 11 | 213 | - |  |  | Total | 131980 | $\overrightarrow{111796}$ | 5,299 | 139735 | $503$ | , 348 |
| Benton. |  | 634 |  |  | +778 | 54 |  | lurality |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Big Stone |  | 2,428 | 105 | 2,744 | 4, 105 | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 56.70 |  |
| Brown ... | 1,550 | 904 | 21 | 1,469 | 1,807 | 42 |  | hol |  | $\begin{aligned} & 5,476 \\ & 5,562 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 64 |  |
| Cariton |  | 1,143 | 18 | 1,268 | 1,856 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carver | ${ }_{4} 14$ | -588 | 13 | 271 | 351 | 6 |  | Lon |  | , |  | a | 10n | oc. |
| Chippewa | 934 | 755 | 26 | 1,037 | 1.310 | 33 |  | 1,6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chisago . | 1,412 | 1, 932 | 59 | 1,908 | 1,594 | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 43 \end{aligned}$ |  | emoc |  | puist |  |  |  |  |
| Clay .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | e |  |  |  | ent |  |  |
| Cotton | 646 | 710 | 36 | 810 | 1,242 | 47 |  | Palmer | Dem., | 3, |  | t, |  |  |
| Crow win | 186 | 1,010 | 31 | 1,066 |  | 59 |  | The vote | Gove | ror | 1896 |  | hn |  |
| Dakota | 2,186 | 1,191 | 9 | 2,210 | 2,177 | $\frac{90}{86}$ |  | Fus., 162,254 | avid | I. Cl | gh, | 160 | 5,906; |  |
| Dodge. | $1{ }^{165}$ | , 202 | 5 | 1,361 | ${ }_{1}, 976$ | 8 |  | A. A. Ame | nd., 2,8 | $90^{\text {a }}$ | ug | s plar | rality |  |
| Douglas. | 1,110 | 1,899 | 107 | 1,107 | 3,116 | 82 |  | AOTE FOR R | Pressei | Tat | Es | Cong | GR | 838. |
| Fillmore | 1,527 | 2,219 | 111 | 1,939 | 4,185 | 167 |  | Districts | 咗 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freeborn | 1,8:8 | 3,107 | 113 | 1,426 | 5,748 | 118 |  | I. Counties | f Dod | ge, F | Imore | Freeb | born, | ous- |
|  | 1, |  |  |  |  | 167 |  | ton, | wer, | Ol |  | , |  |  |
| Hennepi | 19,633 1 | 14, | 710 | 20,500 |  | 450 |  | Wase |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Houston | 910 | 1, ${ }_{437}$ | 10 | ${ }_{341}^{991}$ |  | 47 |  | majo | y, 7,0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hubba |  |  | 9 | 730 | 1,490 |  |  | II. Counties | of Bl | lue | arth | Bro | n, Cot | n. |
| Isanti. | , 573 | $46{ }^{3}$ | 14 |  |  |  |  | II. Cowar |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jackson | 964 | 1,052 | 35 | 1,150 | 1,558 | 29 |  | ned | , Ly | , | tion | ur |  |  |
| Kanabec |  | ${ }_{995}$ |  | 1,638 | 2,181 | 38 |  | Nobl | Pipest | tone, | Red | , P | (ock |  |
| Kandiyo | 1, |  |  |  |  | 23 |  |  | Fus | 14.784. |  |  |  |  |
| Lac qui Parle | 1,198 | 893 | 61 | 932 | 1.620 | ${ }^{6}$ |  | 21,296. | McCle | ary's | majori | ity, 6,51 | 12. |  |
| Lake. | 2,088 | 1,620 |  | 2,003 | 2.235 | 65 |  | III. Counties | of Ca | rver, | Dalzot | ta, | oodh |  |
| Lincoln | 565 | 378 | 35 | 703 | 674 | 31 |  | sueur | -10 | G ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | deek |  |  |  |
| Lyon | 1,1 |  | 42 | 1,351 | 1,62 |  |  | Heat | ole, 1 | ep., 1 ? | 271. | Heatw | Wole' | ma- |
| Marsha | 1,233 | T, 51 | 32 | 1,2 | 1,20 | 15 |  | jority, 6 | 6,088. |  |  |  |  |  |
| artil | 1,472 | 957 | 89 | 1,327 | 1,739 | 93 |  | IV. Counties | of Chis | ag |  | anabe |  |  |
| Meeker | 1,795 |  | 38 | 1,536 | 2,094 | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 13 \end{aligned}$ |  | Frede | ashin | tev | , | 15.5 | F |  |
| Moriso | 2,058 | 1,187 | 62 | 1,734 | 1,960 | 51 |  | majorit | y, 4,35 | 0. |  |  |  |  |
| Rower | 80 | 1,783 | 80 | 1,407 | 3,379 |  |  | V. County | of He | nne |  |  |  |  |
| Murra |  | 6.88 <br> 0.88 | 32 | 183\% | 1,8013 | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nobles | 993 | 812 | 63 | 1,204 | 1,56 | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Norman |  | 1,059 | 113 | 1,304 |  | 83 <br> 83 <br> 8 |  | Carlon | Cas | , |  |  |  |  |
| Omims | 3,4 | 2,314 | 282 | 4,482 | 3,544 | 162 |  | dasea | , | , | Lacs 1 | To | W |  |
| Pine. | 931 | 535 | 12 | 875 | 1,152 | 13 |  | dis, | Lerb | che | A. |  |  |  |
| Pipes |  |  |  | 5,654 | 2,855 |  |  | Page M | orri | Rep | 22,194. | Morr | ris' m | ajor- |
|  | 576 |  | 50 |  |  | 3 |  | ity, 463. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rams | 11,770 | 9,876 | 324 | 12,04 | 17,522 | 77 |  | VII. Counties | of B | cker, |  |  |  |  |
| Red L | 1,084 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ougl |  |  |  |  |  |
| Redwo |  | 1, | 75 | 1,978 |  |  |  | Red La | ke, P | eau. |  |  |  |  |
| Rice | 1,733 | 2,095 | 121 | 2,002 | 3,483 | 143 |  | nd W | ilkin. | P. | Ril | dal, F | Fus., |  |
| Rock | $490$ | 780 | 32 | 765 | 1,209 | ${ }^{28}$ |  | ank | M. E | y. | 20 | E | Eddy |  |
| Roseau |  | ${ }^{28}$ | 20 | 7.412 |  | ${ }_{9}^{6}$ |  | rity, | 3,694. |  |  |  |  |  |
| St. | 4, | 4,459 | 108 | 7,706 | 9, | 29 |  | Pres | Ent ${ }^{\text {S }}$ |  |  | te |  |  |
| Scot | 1,5 | 611 | 49 |  |  | 8 |  | Governor, J | ohn Lin | nd: | eutena | t-Go | nverno | I. |
| Sibley | 1,553 | 1,110 | 18 | 1,251 | 1,826 | 19 |  | Smith; | Kary | S |  |  |  |  |
| Sbley | 4,061 | 1.900 | 63 | 4,911 | 2,873 | 43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steele | 1,091 | 1,435 | 72 | 1,248 | 2,044 | 80 |  | of Insuran |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sitey | 1681 |  | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & 39 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | as- |  | ablic |  | cept |
| Swift | 1, 1.48 | 1.629 | 3 | 1,739 |  | 98 |  | Lind and O'SL | aughn | essy, | Dem.- | Pop. |  |  |
| Tod | 1,048 | 1,628 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wabasha | 1,787 | 1,770 | 73 | 1,630 | 2,530 | ${ }^{76}$ |  | Supreme Cou | rt: |  | 穴 | , |  |  |
| Waden |  |  | 18 |  |  | 5 5 |  | Rep.; Asso | Pop | . |  |  |  |  |
| Waseca | 1,899 | 1,626 | 30 | 1,5 | 1,9 | 47 |  | L. W. Collin | Kiep. |  | Darius | F. Re | eese, R | and |



| MISSISSIPPI-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { GOVRRNOR, } \\ 18.9 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prasident, } \\ & 1896 . \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Longino, Dem. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Prew- } \\ & \text { ett, } \\ & \text { Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | Bryan, Dem.* | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Rep. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \text { N. } \mathrm{D} \end{gathered}$ | $\overline{\text { Lev- }} \text { ering, }$ Pro. |
| Pearl River. | 287 | 15 | 266 | 34 | 9 |  |
| Perry. | 414 | 14 | 419 | 30 | 2 |  |
| Pike. | 646 | 25 | 1380 | 120 | 28 | 0 |
| Pontutoc | 1,027 | 328 | 944 | 64 | 4 | 11 |
| Prentiss. | 753 | 215 | 973 | 59 | 18 |  |
| Quitınan | 181 | 1 | 171 | 40 |  |  |
| Rankin | 722 | 14 | 1.044 | 76 | 9 |  |
| Scott | 681 | 40 | 780 | $2{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |
| Sharkey | 131 | - | 19.1 | 22 | 1 |  |
| Simpson | 839 | 78 | 677 | 53 | 4 |  |
| Smith | 1,310 | 116 | 1077 | 1 | 2 |  |
| Sunfower | 24.9 |  | 459 | 24 | 6 |  |
| Tallahatchie | 331 | 20 | 779 | 23 |  |  |
| Tate | 509 | 36 | 1125 | 76 | 40 |  |
| Tippah | 738 | 77 | 1013 | 103 | 5 |  |
| Tishomingo. | 669 | 56 | 851 | 67 | 2 |  |
| Tunica | 140 | 4 | 174 | 62 | 4 |  |
| Union. | 55.3 | 57 | 1,252 | 114 | 7 |  |
| Warren | 496 | 12 | 867 | 183 | 143 |  |
| Washington.. | 458 |  | 611 | 98 | 44 |  |
| Wrayne. | 551 | 72 | 655 | 30 | 5 |  |
| Wrebster | 641 | 305 | 876 | 127 | 5 |  |
| Wilkiuson | 267 | 3 | 561 | 36 | - ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| Winston. | 510 | 229 | 1,195 | 32 | 11 |  |
| Yalobus | 844 | 86 | 1110 | 73 | 24 |  |
| Yazoo. | 410 | 25 | 1159 | 24 | 6 |  |
| Total | 4:273 | 6,097 | 63.253 | 4,8ı9 | 1.021 | 390 |
| Plurality | 87. 39 |  |  |  | 1.47 | 0.06 |
| Scatteriug. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Whole vote. |  | 370 |  |  | 513 |  |

*This is the combined Bryan and Sewall (F.S. D.) and the Bryan and Watson (Pop.) vote. The Bryan and Watson (Pop.) vote was 7,320 .
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Comuties of A lcorn, Itawamba, Lee, Lowndes, Monroe, Oktibbeha, Prentiss, and Tishomingo. John M. Allen, Dem., 2,468. No opposition.
II. Counties of Benton, De Soto, Lafayette, Marshall, Panula, 'Tallahatchie, Tippah, 'fate and Union. Thomas Spight, Dem., 2,919 scattering, 226
III. Counties of Boliver, Coahoma, Issaquena, Leflore, Quitman, sharkey, Sunflower, Tunica, Warren, and Washington. ThomasC.Catchings, Dem.. 2.288 ; U. J. Jones, Rep., 373; scattering, 45.
IV. Counties of Calhoun, Carroll, Chickasaw, Choctaw, Clay, Grenada, Kemper, Montgomery, Noxubee, Pontotoc, Webster, Winston, and Yalohusha. A. F. Fox, Dem. 3,461; Raleigh Brewer, 1’op, 1.090.
V. Conntles of Attala, Clarke, Holmes, Jasper, Lauderdale, I,eake, Neshoha, Newton, Scott, Smith, Wayne, and Yazoo. John S. Williams, Dem.. 4.943 ; J. R. S. Pitts, Iep., 142; scattering, 20.
VI. Counties of Arlams, A mite, Covington, Freene, Hancock, Itarrison, Jackson, Jones, Lawrence, Marion, lerry, Pearl River, Pike, and Wilkinson. F. A. Mc(Lain. Jem.. S, 276 ; M. M. Owens, Dem. , 1.39( N. C. Hathorn, Pop., 998 ; H. C. ' 1 urley, Rep., 427; scattering, 5 .
VII. Comnties of Claiborne, Copiah, Franklin, Hinds, Jefferson, Lincoln, Madison, Rankin, and simpson. Patricic Henry, Dom, 2278 ; E. F. Erennan, Rep., 156; J. T. Fellowly. 171. PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, A. H Longino; Lieutenant-(fovernor, J. T. Harrison; Secretary of state, J. L. Power; Treasurer, J. IV. Stowers; Auditor, W. Q. Cole; Soperintendent of Fitucation, H. L. Whitfield; Attorney-(feneral, Monroe Mcclurg; AdjutantGeneral, William Fenry-all Democrats.

## MISSISSIPPI-Continued.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Thomas H. Woods; Associate Justices, S. H. Terral and Albert U. Whitfield: Clerk of
ward W. Brown-all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1900.
The State Legislatire is wholly Democratic, except two Populists in the lower house.

*Plurality.
MISSOURi.

| Counties. (115.) | Judge Supremr Court, 1898. |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PRISIDENT, } \\ 18 y 6 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar- Finkel <br> shall, nburg, <br> Dem. Rep. | Voris, Peo. | Robinson, Pro | Bryan, Dem. | Mc- Kinley Kep. |
| Adair | 1,527 2,148 | 285 | 28 | 2,311 | 2,4(12 |
| Andre | 1,889 2,130 | 15 | 20 | 2,191 | 2,352 |
| Atchiso | 1,793 1,680 | 59 | 41 | 2,2i2 | 1.587 |
| Audrain | 3,216 1,129 | 74 | 80 | 3,984 | 1,609 |
| Barry | 2,328 2,158 | 63 | 90 | 3,151 | 2,320 |
| Barton | 2,037 1,602 | 47 | 9. | 2.824 | 1,496 |
| Bates | 2,0448 1,912 | 660 | 92 | 5, (173 | 2.522 |
| Bento | 1,402 1,803 | 31 | 29 | 1,762 | 1,957 |
| Holling | 1,356 $\quad 1,181$ | 24. | 4 | 1,485 | 1,272 |
| Boone | 3,471 739 | 73 | 20 | 5075 | 1,705 |
| Buchana | 6,573 5,523 | 26 | 84 | 7,335 | 6,85: |
| Butler | 1,631 1,347 | 50 | 9 | 1,743 | 1,635 |
| Caldwell | 1,535 2.024 | 155 | 19 | 2, (153 | 2,11. |
| Callaway | 3,755 1,316 | 19 | 8 | 4,358 | 1,819 |
| Camder | 1,015 1,351. | 33 | 10 | 1,287 | 1,335 |
| Cape (tir'rd'u | 2,017 2,543 | 222 | 51 | 2,473 | 2,492 |
| Carroll | 3,177 3,191 | 57 | 48 | 3,255 | 3,36\% |
| Carter | 673 527 | 2 | $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | 611 | 483 |
| Cass | 2,5:22 1,528 | 114 | 63 | 3,975 | 2,229 |
| Cedar | 1,494 1,693 | 249 | 21. | 2,4,00 | 1881 |
| Chariton | 2,904 1,492 | 53 | 16 | 4,3:1 | 2339 |
| Christia | 1,0522 1.857 | 90 | 7 | 1,729 | 1983 |
| Clark. | 1,910 1,930 | 5 | 46 | 2,107 | 1,953 |
| Clay | 2,882 4 ¢ 4 | 46 | 22 | 4, 071 | 924 |
| Clinton | 1,930 1,354 | 35 | 23 | 2,610 | 1,792 |
| Cole | 2,131 1,874 | 9 | 10 | 2,198 | 2,033 |
| Cooper | 2,646 2,424 | 67 | 10 | 3,028 | -2,111 |
| Crawfo | 1,287 1,410 | 12 | 16 | 1.383 | 1,447 |
| Dade | 1,736 1,816 | 79 | 23 | 2,36:3 | 1,797 |
| Dallas | 1,067 1,533 | 257 | 14 | 1,525 | 1,465 |
| Daviess | 2,604 2,273 | 83 | $70^{\circ}$ | 3,125 | 2,330 |
| De Kal | 1,707 1, 241 | 91 | 53 | 2,167 | 1,590 |
| Vent | 1,255 871 | 71 | 3 | 1,493 | 1.097 |
| Douglas | 500 1,688 | 867 | 10 | 1,700 | 1,598 |
| Dunklin. | 1,914 547 | 15 | 9 | 2975 | 961 |
| Franklin | 2,329 3 3,119 | 11 |  | 2,9(0) | 3797 |
| Gascona | 481 1,966 | 12 | 3 | 515 | 2180 |
| Gentry | 2,346 1,947 | 160 | 40 | 2,906 | 2 (2)0 |
| Greene | 4,965 5,107 | 322 | 50 | 6,527 | 5808 |
| Grundy | 1,087 2,117 | 18 | 29 | 1,675 | 2,778 |
| Harrison | 1,506 2, 561 | 174 | 38 | 2,582 | 2,956 |
| Heinry | 3,401 2,307 | 109 | 45 | 4,442 | 3,234 |
| Hickory | 7951,104 | 41 | 13 | 1,045 | 1,194 |
| Holt... | 1,631 2,181 | 23 | 32 | $2,(1) 36$ | 2397 |
| Howar | 2,626 882 | 28 | 15 | 3,317 | 1,353 |
| Howe | 1,8:2 2,013 | 257 | 30 | 2,373 | 1,892 |
| Iron | 7106469 | 8 |  | 1, (1) ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 607 |
| Jackson | 16,780 14, 511 | 328 |  | 20, 705 | 18.711 |
| Jasper | 5,550 5, 456 | 274 | 92 | 7,02b | 4,835 |
| Jefferson. | 2,856\| 2,674 | 23 | 29 | 2,785 | 2,875 |

MISSOURI-Continued.

| Counties. | Judge Supreme Colrt, 1898. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1 \$ 9 j^{3} . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Marshall, Dem. | Finkel nburg, Rep. | Voris, Peo. | Robinson, Pro. | Bryan, Dem. | McKinley Rep. |
| Johnsoll | 3,179 | 2,647 | 127 | 46 | 4,240 | 3.219 |
| Innox ... | 1,568 | 1,092 | 46 | 21 | 2155 | 1,246 |
| Lacled | 1.61 .1 | 1,620 | 200 | 28 | 2,120 | 1,598 |
| Lalaye | 3,529, | 2, 179 | 36 | 30 | 4,463 | 3,375 |
| Lawren | 2.928 | 2,993 | 54 | 38 | 3369 | 2,462 |
| Lewis | 2,174 | 1, 1110 | 40 | 14 | 2,624 | 1,581 |
| Liucol | 2.235 | 1,148 | 7 | $10^{\circ}$ | 3,003 | 1,504 |
| Linn | 2,509 | 2,639 | 59 | 45 | 3,327 | 3,015 |
| Livingsto | 2,481 | 2.171 | 261 | 74 | 3,353 | 2,377 |
| Mcl)onald | 1,296 | 1, $00^{2} 4$ | 50 | 21 | 1,676 | 908 |
| Macon | 3,622 | 3, 042 | 202 | 32 | 4,473 | 3,475 |
| Madison | 1,056 | 651 | 12 | 8 | 1,256 | 780 |
| Maries | 1,073 | 398 | , | 5 | 1.385 | 545 |
| Mario | 2,775 | 1.348 | 5 | 23 | 4,008 | 2,649 |
| Merce | 867 | 1,566 | 24 | 20 | 1, 4 (t) 5 | 1,958 |
| Miller | 1,5\%8 | 1,719 | 29 | 10 | 1694 | 1.807 |
| Nilssis | 1,196 | 708 |  | 4 | 1,673 | 1.074 |
| Monitea | 1,536 | 1,534 | 289 | 31 | 2,096 | 1,580 |
| Moniroe | 3,402 | 523 | 42 | 17 | 4,379 | 892 |
| Montgone | $2,10 \cdot \mathrm{l}$ | 1,810 | 39 | 64 | 2,272 | 1,920 |
| Morgan | 1,364 | 1,282 | 74 | 5 | 1,628 | 1,356 |
| New MIa | 1,107.3 | 275 | 3 | 1 | 1,639 | 480 |
| Newton | 2,306 | 2,037 | 88 | 113 | 3,029 | 2,174 |
| Nodawa | 3,899 | 3,4.48 | 48 | 44 | 4,577 | 3437 |
| Oregon | 1,344 | 505 | 74 | 5 | 1.783 | 576 |
| O.: 2 | 1,346 | 1,643 | 2 | 32 | 1,456 | 1,700 |
| Ozatr | 681 | 1.212 | 160 | 3 | 1,025 | 1,187 |
| P | 1,558 | 659 | 23 | 4 | 1,260 | ¿255 |
| Perry | 1,496 | 1,591 | 9 | 5 | 1,400 | 1,522 |
| Pettis | 3,652 | 3.482 | 15 | 38 | 4,2607 | 4,119 |
| 1help | 1,5(\%) | 1, 095 | 155 | 10 | 1,816 | 1,088 |
| Jike. | 3,420 | 2,182 | 12 | 9 | 3,839 | 2,884 |
| Platt | 2,815 | 796 |  | 14 | 3,191 | 1,044 |
| Polk | 2,141 | 2,455 | 253 | 31 | 2,711 | 2,564 |
| Pulas | 1,22i | 717 | 7 | 2 | 1,410 | 802 |
| Putna | 920 | 1,793 | 19 | 16 | 1,376 | 2,363 |
| Ralls | 1,905 | 502 | 10 | 5 | 2,297 | 814 |
| Rand | 2,743 | 1,120 | 33 | 27 | 4097 | 2162 |
| Ray | 2,88, | 1,45 | 16 | 36 | 3.49 | 2,003 |
| Reyud | 648 | 291 | 6 |  | 1,01a | 385 |
| Tipley | 1,147 | 646 | 31 | , | 1442 | 749 |
| St. Charle | 2, tris | 2,8,8 | 11 | 4 | 2,448 | 3,173 |
| st. Clair | 1,872 | 1,588 | 163 | 16 | 2,686 | 1,829 |
| st. Fran | 2,045 | 1,513 | 7 | 16 | 2,24ab | 1.664 |
| St. Genevi | 1,125 | 799 |  | 2 | 1,245 | 903 |
| St. Louis. | 2,976 | 4.976 | 28 | 23 | 3,403 | 6,210 |
| *t. Louis | 39, 647 | 48,900 | 220 | 88 | 50,091 | 65,708 |
| Saline | 3,836 | - 1,925 | 62 | 30 | 5,613 | 3,0อ̄ |
| Schuyle | 1,299, | 1,027 | 76 | 12 | 1,592 | 1,131 |
| Scotlaud | 1,678 | 1,143 | 78 | 14 | 2,077 | 1,203 |
| Scott | 1,356 | 474 | 8 | 7 | 1,906 | 751 |
| Shannor | 1,011 | 589 | 18 | 4 | 1,186 | 689 |
| Shelby | 2,202 | 909 | 23 | 23 | 2,850 | 1,275 |
| Stoddar | 1.948 | 1,089 | 58 | 12 | 2968 | 1,584 |
| Stone | 4123 | - 987 | 111 | 8 | 827 | 1,094 |
| Sulliva | 2,420 | 2,434 | 7 | 24 | 2.451 | 2,343 |
| Taney | 69豆 | -978 | 56 | 2 | 925 | 1,024 |
| Texas | 2,075 | 1,671 | 119 | 7 | 2,572 | 1,785 |
| Verıon | 3,364 | 1,668 | 41 | 44 | 5133 | 2,230 |
| Warren | 453 | 1,381 | 23 | 2 | 691 | 1680 |
| Washing | 1.422 | 1,5.6 | , | 6 | 1.458 | 1,547 |
| Vayne | 1,529 | 1, 1,583 | - | 7 | 1,565 | 1,418 |
| Webster | 1, E359 | 1,711 | 125 | 19 | 1,985 | 1666 |
| Wortl | 1,111 | 1,042 | 46 | 18 | 1,243 | 885 |
| Wrigint | 1,142 | 1,852 | 298 | 12 | 1,717 | 1,755 |
| Total | 285770 | 2505428 | 9,927 | 2,933 | 363667 | 304940 |
| Plurality | 30,342 |  |  |  | 58.727 |  |
| Percent. | 51.32 | ( 45.87 ) | 1.78 | 0.52 |  | 45.21 |
| Scattering |  |  |  |  |  | : |
| Whole vote |  | $5 \pm .6$, | ,821 |  | 674 | 119 |

Of the scattering vote f $n \mathrm{r}$ Judge in 1898 SanderSon, Soc. D., had 1,645 and Custerborder, Soc. L., 1,063 .
The scattoring vote in 1896 was: Palmer, Nat. D., 2,355 ; Levering, Pro.. 2,169 ; Natchett, Soc. L.,

## MI880URI-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Adair, Clark, Knox, Lewis, Macon, Marion, Putnam, Schuyler, scotland, and shelby. J. T. Floyd. Dem. 20,068 ; A. W. Seaber, Rep., 15,460 ; J. A. Lundon, Pcp., 738.
II. Counties of Carroll, Chariton, Grundy, Linn, Livingston, Monroe, Randolph, and sullivan. W. W. Rucker, Dem., 20,768; W. C. Irwin, Rep., $15,62 i ;$ H. Tudor, Pop. , 499.
IIT. Counties of Caldwell. Clay, CliLton, Daviess, De Kalb, Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Ray, and Worth. J. Dougherty, Dem., 19,560; J. C. Goodrich. Rep., 16,440; Ulysses A. Towns, Pop., 809.
IV. Counties of Andrew, Atchison, Buchanan, Ilolt, Nodaway, aud Platte. C. F. Cochran, Dem., 18,294; A. W. Brewster, Rep., 16, 261.
V. Counties of Jackson and Lafayette. W. S. C'owherd, Vemı, 20.487 ; J. W. Welborn, Rep., 17,144; scattering, 622.
VI. Cuunties of Bates, Cass, Cedar, Dade, Menry. Johnson, and st. Clair. David A. De Armond, Dem., 16,645; S. M. Jurden, Rep., 13,595 ; S. C. Brooks, Pop., 1,510 .
VII. Counties of Benton, Boone, (ireene, Ilickory, Howard, Pettis, Polk, and Saline. James Cooney, Dem., 22.506; W. G. Robertsıu, Rep., 17,642; D. T. Mitchell, Pop., 666.
VIII. Counties of Callaway, Camden, Cole, Cooper, Mallas, Laclede, Maries, Miller, Moniteau. Morgan, Osage, Phelps, and Pulaski. R P. Bland, Dem., 21,674 ; J. W. Voshall, Rep. 18,831; W. R. Hale, Pop., 271.
IX. Counties of Audrain, Crawford, Gasconade, Lincoln, Montgomery, Pike, Ralls, st. Charles, and Warren. Beauchamp Clark, Dem. 17,463; R. Shackelford, Rep., 14,449 ; H. Bell, Pop., 144.
x. Counties of Franklin and St. Louis, and city of Nt. Louis (part). M. Gill, Dem. , 13,254; I. Barthoidt, Rep., 19,850; C. E. Keefer, Soc. D., 247 ; J. J. Ernst, Soc. L., 126.
XI. City of St. Louis (part). E. A. Noonan, Dem., 18,6а̄7; Charles F. Joy, Rep., 21, 315; scattering, 813.
XII. City of St. Lonis (part). R. H. Kern, Dem., 12,989 ; Chas. E. L'earce, Rep., 15,300 ; scattering, 799.
XIII. Counties of Carter, Dent, Iron, Jefferson, Madison, Perry, Reynolds, St. Francis, St. Genevieve, Shammon, Texas, Washington, Wayne, Webster, and Wright. Edward Robih Dem., 21, 601; J. H. Reppy, Rep., 18.314 ; J. B. Dines, Pop., 702.
XIV. Counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cape Girardeau, Christian, Douglas, Dunklin, Howell, Mississippi, New Madrid, Oregon, Ozark, Pemiscot, Ripley, scott, Stoddard, Stone, and Taney. W. D. Vandiver, Dem., 21,771; G. M. Miley, Rep. . 18,650: Dewitt Esken, Pop., 2,02j.
XV. Counties of Barry, Barton, Jasper, Law reuce, McDonald, Newton, and Vernon. M. E. Benton, Dem., 20,202; F. E. Williams, Rep., $16,918$.
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Gover or Lin V. Stephens; Lieutenant-Governor, A. In. BoIte; secretary or state, A. A. Le*ienr; Tr asurer, F. L. Pitts: Auditor, J. Mr. sibert: Aljutant-General, M. Fred. Bell: At-torner-General, E. C. Crow; Cuperintendent of Ednctition, W. T. Carrington; Railroad and Wareholte c'ommissioners, J. Flory, T. J. Hennessey, and W. E. Mef ully ; Secretary State Board of Ayriculture, J. に. Ripper: Superintendent of Insurance, E. T. Orear-all Democrats, except J. Flory.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Clief Justice, James B. (fantt; Assuciate Jus ices, Thomas A. Sherwood, Gavon Ii. Burgess, Theo. Brace, L. Is. Valliant, W. (. Marshall, Democrats aud Waltour M. Robinson, Kiepublican; Clerk, J. R. Green, Dem.

## MIgsouri-Continued.

## STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

| Democrats, | Senat | Ho |  | $\begin{aligned} & B a l \\ & 105 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans |  | 58 |  | 67 |
| People's. |  |  |  |  |
| Democratic maj |  |  |  | 36 |
| VOTE OF | E STA | E SIN |  |  |
| Dem. | Rep. | Gr | Pro. | Plı. |
| 1872. President.. 151,434 | 119,196 | *2,429 |  | +32,237 D |
| 1876. President. . $20 ; 077$ | 145, 029 | 3,498 |  | 58,043 D |
| 1-80. President.. 208,609 | 155,567 | 35,045 |  | $55,042 \mathrm{D}$ |
| 1881. President..235,998 | $\ddagger \pm 02,929$ |  | 2,053 | $33,059 \mathrm{D}$ |
| 1858. President.. 261,974 | 236,257 | $\begin{gathered} U . \ddot{L} a b . \\ 18,632 \\ \text { Pop. } \end{gathered}$ | 4,589 | 25,717 D |
| 1892. President. . 268,398 | 226,918 | 41,213 | 4,331 | 41,480 D |
| 189 ${ }^{\text {jo. President. . } 363,667}$ | 304,910 |  | 2,169 | 58,727 D |
| 1898. Judge. .... 285,770 | 255,428 | 9,927 | 2,933 | 30,342 D |
| luding vote |  | $\mathrm{r}, \text { Ind. }$ | em. | Majority. | $\ddagger$ Republican and Greenback Fusion vote.

MONTANA.

| Gounties. (22.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Presioent, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1892 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Dein. } \\ & \text { \& Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \mathrm{Rep}^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Cleveland, Dem. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Harri- } \\ & \text { son, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | Weaver, Pop. |
| $\overline{\text { Beaverhead... }}$ | 1,246 | 154 | 7 | 463 | 729 | 155 |
| Carbon. | 739 | 365 |  |  |  |  |
| Cascade. | 1,920 | 953 | 15 | 1,184 | 1,295 | 337 |
| Choteau | 701 | 624 | 6 | 676 | 788 | 35 |
| Custer | 676 | 723 | 5 | 537 | 680 | 66 |
| Dawson | 177 | 385 | 3 | 268 | 343 | 23 |
| Deer Lod | 4916 | 446 | 8 | 2,152 | 1,930 | 1,319 |
| Fergus | 834 | 725 | 3 | 560 | 766 | 31 |
| Flathead | 1,260 | 413 | 6. |  |  |  |
| Gallatin | 1,649 | 423 | 36 | 1,144 | 998 | 80 |
| Granite | 1,546 | 61 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Jetferson | 2,188 | 153 | 1 | 730 | 740 | 447 |
| Lewis\& Clark | 4,007 | 1, (5) 7 | 20 | 2,093 | 2,014 | 1,073 |
| Madison. | 1,633 | 315 | 10 | 634 | 762 | 151 |
| Meagher | 1,305 | 333 | 1 | 735 | 839 | 298 |
| Missoula | 2,250 | 365 | 6 | 2,340 | 2,045 | 706 |
| Park. | 1,252 | 328 | 11 | 1,048 | 1,192 | 123 |
| Ravalli | 1,242 | 207 | 5 |  |  |  |
| Silver Bow | 9,992 | 1,275 | 29 | 2,648 | 3,251 | 2,473 |
| Siveetwat | 298 | 292 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Teton. | 321 | 293 |  |  |  |  |
| Valley | 204 | 175 |  |  |  |  |
| Yellowstone | 575 | 429 | 5 | 369 | 479 | 23 |
| Total | 42,537 1 | 10,494 | 186 | 17,581 | 8,851 | 7.334 |
| Plurality | 32,043 |  |  |  | 1,270 |  |
| Percent | 80.70. | 19.13 | 0.17 | 39.67 | 42. 54 | 16.55 |
| scattering..... <br> Whole vote. |  | 53,217 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 549 \\ 44,315 \end{array}$ |  |

Vote for Congress, 1898: A. J. Campbell, Dem., 23,351: T. C. Marshall, Rep.. 14.829; 'T. S. Hogan', Pop. , 11,607.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.
The Senate has 6 Republicans, 17 Iemocrats, 1 Populist; the House 10 Republicans, 56 Democrats, aud 4 Silver Republicans.

Present state government.
Governor, Robert B. Smith; Lieutenant-Goveruor. A. E. Spriggs; Secretary of State, T. S. Hogan; Treasurer T. E. Collins; Auditor, T. W. Poindexter, Jr. ; Attorney-General, C. B. Nolan; Adjutant-General, F. C. English; Supt. Education, E. A. Carleton; Com. Agriculture, J. H. Calderhead -all elected'on a Pem.-Pop. fusion ticket except English, Rep., appointed by Governor.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Theodore Brantley, Rep. ; Justices, W. H. Hunt, Rep. ; W. T. Piggott, Dem. ; Clerk, Henry (t. Rickerts, Dem.

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE ADMISSION.




Bryan's Democratic vote in 1896 was 7.802; his Populist vote, 575.
The vote for lRepresentative in ('ongress in 1898 was: Francis G. New ands, Silver Dem., 5,996; Thomas Wrenn, Pop., 3,111.

PRESENT STATE (:OVERNMENT.
Governor, Rembold Sadler: Lientenant-Governor, J. IR. Judge; Secretary of state, Engene Jowell; I'reasurer, D. M. Ryan; Conptroller, P. Davis; Superintendent of Pliblic Instruction, Orvis lins; Adjutant-(ieneral, d. R. Judge, ex officio; Attorney-(ieneral, W. D. Joues-all silver party except Ring, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATURF, 1899.
Senate. House. Joint Ballot.
Democrat.

| Repuhlicans | 1 C |
| :---: | :---: |
| Silverites. | $9 \quad 17$ |
| Independents | 13 |

Supreme Court : C'hief Justice, M. S. Bonnifield; Justices, W. A. Massey C. H'. Jelknap; ('herk, ex officio, Engene Howell-all of the: ilver party vote of the state sincle 1872. Dem. Iren). Prop. Silucr. Plu.

## 18i2. President....

1876. President....

1*30. President 7.847 7,146 $\qquad$
1x4. President.
1858. President.
1892. President. $\begin{array}{lll}9,308 & 10,343 \\ 9,511 & 8,732\end{array}$ $5.518 \quad 7.193$ 5,36 7,29
1894. (fovernor.
1898. Gresident.
$\begin{array}{rll}5,326 & 7,29 & 364 \\ 714 & 2,811 & 7,264 \\ 678 & 3,861 & 711\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lll}678 & 3,861 & 711 \\ \ldots . & 1,938 & \ldots\end{array}$ 2,060 $\quad 3,548$

701 D 1,075 R 879 I)
$\qquad$ 1,Q0:, JR
$\qquad$ 883 3,5ั70

## NEW JERSEY.

| Countizs. <br> (21.) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Governor, } \\ & 1845 . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Crane, Voor- <br> hees, <br> Dem. <br>  Rep. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \\ & \text { \& Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | Kinley Rep. | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \text { N. } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lev } \\ \text { ering, } \\ \text { Pro. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Atlantic | 2,830 4.107 | 2,533 | 5,005 | 119 | 0 |
| Bergen | 6,355 6 6,964 | - 5.531 | 8,545 | 151 | 13 |
| Burlingt | 5,437 6,819 | 4,610 | 9,371 | 406 | 306 |
| Camden | 6,807 10,912 | 6,380 | 16,395 | 280 | 390 |
| Cape May. | 1,160 1,726 | 929 | 2,136 | 50 | 35 |
| C'uinberland | 3,766 5,442 | 3.877 | 7,018 | 78 | 487 |
| Essex. | 27,575 32, 262 | 20, 509 | 42,587 | 4 | 540 |
| (tloncest | 2,958 3,772 | 2,981 | 4,727 | 7 | 216 |
| Hudson | 33, 0:33 22,134 | 28.133 | 33,626 | 927 | 207 |
| Hunterdo | 4,8ä 6 3,182 | 4.992 | 4.264 | 93 | 289 |
| Mercer. | $8,71110,023$ | 5.970 | 13.847 | 430 | 400 |
| Middlesex | $7,647 \quad 6,949$ | 5,976 | 9,304 | 350 | 14 |
| Monmout | 9,193 8,108 | 7,799 | 10,611 | 474 | 294 |
| Morris | 5,791 6,526 | 4,9:3 | 8,190 | 331 | 468 |
| Ocean | 1,314 ,753 | 1,068 | 3,384 | 80 | 123 |
| Passaic | 10,418, 11, 147 | 9,280 | 15.437 | 357 | 233 |
| Salem | 2,927 3,109 | 2,802 | 3.117 | 67 | 247 |
| Somerse | 3,182 3,529 | 2,508 | 4.388 | 159 | 126 |
| - ussex. | 3,165 2,452 | 2,975 | 3,045 | 49 | 123 |
| Union. | 7,03? 9,272 | 6,073 | 11.707 | 529 | 224 |
| 1 | $4.393 \quad 3,857$ | 5,013 | 4,063 | 62 | 344 |
| Total | $1583021640 \overline{10}$ | 133675 | 221367 | 6,3 | 5.614 |
| Plurality | - 5.499 |  | 87.693 |  |  |
| Per cent | 47.2648 .90 | 36.03 | 59.66 | 1. 72 | 1.51 |
| scattering | 12.812 |  |  |  |  |

The scattering vote for Governor in 1898 was: Landon, Pro.,
6,89 :; Maguire, Suc. I., $5,4.88$, and Schrayshuen, Pop., 491.
In 1897 an amendment prohiliting racecourse bookmaking was adopted by a vote of 7,443 to 69,642 . An amendment exténding suffrage for school officers to women was defeated by a vote of 75,170 to 65,021.

The scattering vote in 1896 was for Matchett, Soc. L.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Camden, Cape Nay, Cumberland, (lloucester, and sialem. S. I redell, Dern., 18,092; II. C. Loutlenslager, Rep., 23,864 ; (i. J. Haven, Pro. 1859 . F. F. Mills, bor. L., 164. Loudenslager's plurality, 5,772.
II. Counties of Atlantic, Burlington, Mercer, and Ocean. Jobn F. Hall, Dem., 17,367; J. J. Garduer, Rep. ${ }^{24,035 \overline{5} ; \text { J. J. Currie, }}$ Pro., 1,294 ; J. P. Wi Veigel, Soc. L., 153 . Gardner's plurality, 6,668.
III. Counties of Middlesex, Monmonth, and Somerset. P. Convery, Dem. 18,583; B. 1\%. Howell, lkep. 19,512: O. B. Bird, Pro., 670; F. W. Williams, soc. L. , 183. Huwell's plurality, 829 .
IV. Connties of Hunterdon, Morris, Sussex, and Warrell. J. 心. Salmon, Dem., 17,86b: J. I. B. Reiley, Rep. 15,207; F. P. Lerferts, Pro., 1,571 ; F. camphell, Soc. L., 70 . Salmon's plurality', 2,659.
V. Counties of Bergen and Passaic. F. J. Marley, Jem., l6.342; J. F. Sterart, Ren., 18,367; C. H. Stocking. Pro. 354; L. A. rality, $2,025$.
VI. Neivark ('ity (part of Essex County) H. G. Atwater, İen., 20,150: R. W. l'arker, Iep., 23,843; D. B. Rauh, Pro., 395; II. Carless, soc. L., 1,035. P'arker's plurality, 3,693.
VII. Part of Hudson County. W. D. Daly, Dem. 30,$270 ; 7$. K. Pangborn, ねep. 20,162; J. W. Brown, Pro., 258 ; G. P. Herrschalt, Soc. L., 1,723. Daly's plurality, 10,108.
VIII. County of Union and parts of Essex and Mudson. F. H. Suyder, Dem., 15,818 ; (. N. Fowler, Rep, 20,$280 ;$ J. C. Javis, Pro., 561 ; W. J. Canıphell, soc. L., 740 .
Fowler's plurality, 4,352 .

## NEW JERSEY－Continued．

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT．

Governor，Foster M．Voorhees；Secretary of State，George Wurls：Treasurer，G．B．Swain；Comptroller，W．S．Hancock； Attorney－General，Ssınnel H．Grey；Adjutant－General，W．S． Stryker；Superintendent of Education，C．J．Baxter；Commis－ sioner of Banking and Insurance，Willian Bettle－all Repub－ licans．

## JUDICIARY．

Supreme Court：Chief Justice，W．J．Marie，Rep．；Justices，D． A．Depre Rep．；J．Dixon，Rep．；B．Vansyckel，Dem．；C．G．Gar－ rison Dem．；J．H．Lippincott，Demi；W．．．Gmmmere，Rep．；G． C．Ludlow，Dem．；Gilbert Collins，Rep．；Clerk，William Riker， Jr Rep．
Court of Errors and Appeals：Judges，J．W．Bogert，G． Krueger，Frederis Adams，W．H．Vredenhurgh，Charles E．Hen－ drickson，James H．Nixon ；Chancellor，A．T．MeGill，and the Supreme Court Justices．

STATE LEGISLATURE， 1900.
Senate．Assembly．Joint Ballot．

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans | 14 | 44 |  | 58 |
| Demucrats． | 7 | 16 |  | 23 |
| Republican majority | 7 | $2^{\circ}$ |  | 35 |
| VOTE OF THE | STATE | SIP： | ． |  |
| Dem． | Rep． | Gr． | Pio | Plut． |
| 1872．President．． 76,800 | 91，566 |  |  | 14.860 F |
| 18：6．President．． 110 ，962 | 103，517 | 714 |  | 12，445 D |
|  | 120.555 | 2.617 | 191 | 2，010 D |
| 1884．President．．137，7：8 | 123，360 | 3，456 | 6，153 | 4.412 D |
| 1888．President．．151，493 | 144,344 |  | 7，904 | 7，149 1） |
| 1892．President．．171，042 | 156，068 | 1，237 | 8，131 | 14，974 D |
|  |  | ${ }_{\text {N．}}^{\text {N，D．}}$ |  |  |
| 1896．President． 133,675 | 164， 2101 | 6，373 | 5,814 6,893 | $\begin{array}{r} 87,042 \mathrm{R} \\ 5,499 \mathrm{R} \end{array}$ |

＊Majority．

## KEV HA \％

| Counties． <br> （10．） | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1 S 98 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stone， Dem． | Rol－ lins， Hep． | Bryan， Dein． \＆Pop． | Mc－ Kinley Rep． | Pal－ mer， N．D． | Lev－ ering， Pro． |
| Belknap | 2，526 | 2，224 | 978 | 3，465 | 263 | 58 |
| Carroll | 1，819 | 2，34］ | 1，214 | 2.800 | 175 | 57 |
| Cheshir | 1，968 | 3，4\％ | 1，272 | 4，818 | $2: 31$ | 45 |
| Coos | 2，478 | 2，566 | 1.489 | 3.253 | 149 | 35 |
| Graftou | 2.541 | 4，881 | 2． 306 | 6，195 | 459 | 119 |
| Hillsborough | 8，853 | 9，574 | 4， $966^{\circ}$ | 13， $08{ }^{\circ}$ | 917 | 144 |
| Nerrimack | 5，474 | 6，463 | 3，310 | 7， 715 | 562 | 150 |
| Rockinglam | 4，288 | 6，619 | 2．992 | 7，881 | 390 | 87 |
| Strafford | 3，248 | 4，498 | 2.259 | 5.483 | 173 | 63 |
| Sullivan | 1，458 | 2，046 | 1，6：5 | 2，750 | 201 | 27 |
| Total | 35，653 | 44，780 | 21，650 | 57，444 | 3，520 | 779 |
| Plurality |  | 9,077 |  | 35， 794 |  |  |
| Per cent．．．．．．． | 43.25 | 54.26 | 25．82 | 68.65 | 4.20 | 0.93 |
| Scattering ．．．． |  |  |  | 27 |  |  |
| Whole vote．． | 82. |  |  | 83，6 |  |  |

Bryan received 21,271 votes on the Democratic and 379 on the Populist electoral ticket．

The scattering vote for President in 180n was： Bentley，Nat．Pro．，49；Matchett，Soc．L．， $2 刃 8$.
VOTE FOR REFRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS， 1898. Districts．

I．E．J．Knowlton，Dem．18，518；C．A．Sipllo－ Way，Rep．，21．373；Vail，Pro．，550；Mellen， Soc．Iem．，194；Arnstein，Soc．L．， 309. Sulloway＇s plurality， 2,85 ．
II．W．F．Daniell，Jem．，17，266；F．G．Clarke， Rep．，22．395；Berry，Pro．，580；Blodgett，
1．Pop．， 56 ；scattering，74．Clarke＇s plurality， 5，129． PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT．
Governor，Frank W．Rollins；Secretary of State， Edward N．Pearson；Treasirer，Solon A．Carter； Adjutant－General，A．D．Ayling；Attorney－Geu－ eral，Edwin G．Eastman－all Republicans．

JUDIOIARY．
Șupreme Court：Chief Justice，Isaac N．Blod－

NEW HAMPSHIRE－Continuert．
gett，Dem．；Associate Justices，William M．（＇hase， Dem．；Frank N．Parsons，Rep．；Robert G．Pike， Rep．；R．R．W＇allace，Rep．；Robert J．Peaslee， Dem．，and John E．Young，Rep．；Clerk，A．J． Shurtleff，Rep．

## STATE LEGISLATURE， 1899.

Senate．House．Joint Ballot．

|  | Senate | H014e | Joint Ballot． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans | 22 | 249 |  | 271 |
| Democrats | 2 | 149 |  | 151 |
| Republic | 20 | 100 |  |  |
| YOTE OF THE | state | SIN゙C | 1876. |  |
| Dem． | Rep． | （x）． | Pro． | Pl |
| 1876．President．． 38.509 | 41，539 |  |  | $3,036) \mathrm{R}$ |
| 1880．Presicient．．40，794 | 44，85 | 523 |  | $4,058 \mathrm{~J}$ |
| 1884．President．．34，187 | 43,250 | 1，\％\％1 | 552 | 4． 143 3 12 |
| 1888．President．．43，382 | 45，724 |  | $1,55{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2，342 12 |
| 2．President．． |  |  | Irom． |  |
|  |  | N．$D$ ． |  |  |
| 1896．Governor．． 28,333 | 48，387 |  |  | 20,0 an 4 R |
| 1896．1＇resident．． 21,650 | 57444 | 3，520 | 779 | 35.794 R |
| 1898．Governor ．． 35,653 | 44，730 |  | 102 | 9，077 R |


| Counties．(18.) |  |  |  | NEW 颠EX：CO． |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Congreks, } \\ \text { lag8. } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CongRESs, } \\ 1096 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Per- } \\ \text { gusson } \\ \text { Dein. } \end{array}$ | Perea， 1Rep． | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fer- } \\ \text { gusson } \\ \text { Dem. } \end{gathered}$ | Catron Rep． | Dame， Silver． |
| Bernalil | 2，114 | 2，250 | 2， 0.49 | 2，659 | 23 |
| Chares． | 417 | 146 | ， 418 | 101 | 19 |
| Colfax． | 1，181 | 727 | 1，272 | 6 b | 6 |
| Doña | 1，154 | 1，286 | 1，258 | 1， 045 | ．．． |
| Ediy Grant | 3， 317 | 126 668 | 1， 413 | 126 | 1 |
| Guadalu］ | 1，397 | $5: 18$ | 1， 542 | 460 | $\ldots$ |
| Lincoln | 61.1 | 536 | 769 | 465 | ．．． |
| Mora | 1，114 | 1.147 | 1.112 | 1.112 | ．．． |
| Hio Arriba | 1，（18） | 1，684 | 1． 248 | 1， 496 |  |
| San Juan | 4 ，${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 182 | 445 | 1， 125 |  |
| San Miguel | 2，193 | 2，402 | 2.334 | 2，332 | 4 |
| Santa Fé． | 1，239 | 1，673 | 1，641 | 1，584 | 13 |
| Sierra | 495 | 317 | ， 677 | 168 | $\ldots$ |
| Socirro | 1150 | 1.407 | 1．445 | 1，200 | ．．． |
| Taos．． | $9{ }^{\circ} 8$ | 1，049 | 1，198 | 101 |  |
| Union | 512 | 505 | 524 | 375 | ．．． |
| Valerci | 45 | 1， 5.5 y | 2.5 | 1，61\％ | 1 |
| Total．． | 16，659 | 18， $22:$ | 18，948 | 17，C17 | 66 |
| Plirality |  |  | 1．931 | … |  |
| Percent.. | 47．08． | 52． 91 | 52． 58 | $47.2 \times 1$ | 0.19 |
| Whole vote | 3อั， |  |  | 36,031 |  |

PRESENTT TERRITORIAL GOVPRN゙MENT．
Governor，Miguel A．Otero，Rep．；Secretary， George II．Wallace，Rep）．Treasurer，J．H．Vanginn， Rep．；Auditor，L．D．Ortiz，Rep．；Adjntant－Cien－ eral，W．H．Whiteman，Kep．；Attorner－（ieneral， H．L．Bartlett，Rep．；Simpt．Liclucatiou，M．（：de Baca，Rep．
Supreme Court：C＇hief Justice，William J．Mills； Associate Justices，John R．McFie，J．W．C＇rum－ packer，F．WV．Paiker，ant C．C．Leland；Clerk， Jose D．Sena－all Republicans．

TERRITORIAL LEGISLATTVRE．
The Territorial Legislature has 6 Democrats and 30 Republicans in the two brauches．

VOTE OF THE TERRITORY SINCE 1878.

| 1878 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Denn. } \\ & 9,0 \mathrm{~h}^{2} 7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rep. } \\ & 9,739 \end{aligned}$ |  | Ifrij． $6 \div 2 \mathrm{R}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1880. | 9，562 | 10，835 |  | 1，273 R |
| 1882 | 13，378 | 15，062 |  | 1.684 R |
| 1884 | 12，271 | 15，122 |  | 2，851 R |
| 1886. | 16，225 | 12．347 |  | 3，888 D |
| 1888. | 16，151 | 14，481 |  | 1，650 D |
| 1890 | 17，206 | 15，142 |  | 2，064 |
| 1892. | 15，799 | 15，220 |  | 579 D |
|  | Dem． | Rep． | Pon． | Plu． 1 |
| 1894 | 15，351 | 13，113 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.835 \\ & \text { Silver. } \end{aligned}$ | 2，762 R |
| 1896. | 18，948 | 17.017 | 66 | $1,931 \mathrm{D}$ |
| 1898. | 16，559 | 18，722 | ．．．． | 2，063 R |

## FEEW YORK．

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS， 1898. Districts

I．Counties of Suffolk and Nassan，and Queens Boro，N．．Y City，Townsend scudder，Jem．，23，893；Joseph MI．Bel－ ford，Rep．，22，483；C．W．Mc＇ullough， Soc．L．，84；H．II．Randall，Pro．． $\operatorname{jō}^{2}$ ．
II．City of New Jork，Brooklyis Boro（1st， 2d， 5 th， 6 th， 7 Th，11th，and $20 t h$ Wrards）． John J．Fitzerald，Jem．，18，431；Denis M．Hnrley，Rep．I 4,323 ；Jeter Larsen， soc．L． 246 ；William Passage，Pro．． 109.
III．City of New Fork，Jrookiyil Boro 3 d， 4 th， 9 th ， 10 th， $29 t h, 11$ ards，and part of $22 d$ and $23 d$ Wrards，Ednund H．Driggs， 1）em．20．995； 11 m ．A．Prendergast， Rep．，19，8：2；＇Joel（ianss，suc．L．， 276 ； Asa F．smith，Pro．， 137.
IV．City of New York，Brooklyn Buro（12th， $8 \mathrm{th}, 24 \mathrm{th}, 25 \mathrm{th}, 26 \mathrm{~h}, 30 \mathrm{t} 1 \mathrm{l}, 31 \mathrm{st} 32 \mathrm{~d}$ Wards，and partof $22 d$ and 2311 Wards．） Bertram F．（layton 1）em．，24．581；I．
 Soc．L．，88u＇：Benj．Larzelere，Pro．136．
V．City of New Jork，lirooklyn Boro 18th， $2 i s t, 27 t h, 28: h$ hards and part of $13 t h$ and 19 th II ard），Frask（C．Wison， Dem．，19．579；（harles（i．Bemmett， Rell．，16． 6 b9；（ ̧uctav Rosenblatt，soc． L．，1，782；Horatio Berry，1＇ro．， 71
VI．City of New Jork，I3 mooklyn Buro 1fth， lôth， $16{ }^{6 t h}, 17$ th Wards and pa t of 13th aud 19 h Warls）．Sitcliell May．Fim．， 16．215；Henry（ 6 Fischer，lien．，11，\＆99； Wm．spooner，suc．L．． 1,029 ；isaac Carhart，Pro．．＇5．
VII．City of New York（1st and part of 2 d and $3 d$ Assembly Districts Manlattan Boro）and Richmond Boro（staten I．）． Nicholas Muller．Dem．，14，122；（＇has W．Townsend，Rep． 6,639 ；Julius Locs， Soc．L．， 208 ；W．P．F．Fergusun，Pro．． 107.
VIII．City of New York，Nlanhattan Boro （parts 2d，3d，5th，bth，7th，18th，25th As－ sembly Districtsi）．D．J．Riorlan．Dem．， 10716 ：J M．Mitchell．Rep．7，347；John Nagel，soc．L．，160；A．N．Piamer． Pro．， 33.
IX．City of New York，Tanhattan Boro（ $4: 1$ ） and $12 t h$ ，and parts of $21,6 \mathrm{th}_{\mathrm{h}} 8: \mathrm{h}$ ， 10th．16th Assenably Jistricts）Thos． J．Bradley，Jem．． 11694 ；John Stieb－ ling Rep．， 6,447 ；Lucien Santal，soc． L．，2．396；（夭．1；．Nayer，Pro．， 37.
X．City of New York，Manhattan Boro（9th aind 11 h ，and parts of $3 \mathrm{l}, 5 \mathrm{th}, 7 \mathrm{th}$ ．13th， 25th Assembly listrictal Amos J． C＇mmmings．Dem．18，859；Elijah M． Fisher，Rell，10．620；Thomas Ceely． Soc．L．，457；George Gethin，Pro．． 87.
XI．City of New York，Manhattan Boro （ 14 th，and parts of 6 th， $8 \cdot h, 10 \mathrm{hh}$, l6th Assembly 1 ，istricts）Willam sulzer， Dem．．14，364；W＇m．Volkel．liep．6，178； Howard Balkam．Soc．L．， 2310 ：（ieorge H．Mayer，I＇ro．， 27
XII．City of New lork，Manhattan Boro （20th and parts of 1xth，$-2,25$ ， 2711 Assembly listrict－（：uorge B．Mc－ Clellan，Den．，15．1us；Howard Conk－ ling Rep． $7.710 ; 11$ ．Ifosman，Suc，L． 509 ；W．（
XIII．City of N゙ew Jork．Xanhattan Boro （parts of $13 t h, 13 \pi 1,172 h, 23(1,24(h), 27 t h$, 29th Assembly jistricts，Jeffersion Levv，Dem．． 17 ， $885 \mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{~W}$ Perry，Fep．， 11，393；J．J．l．lick Foe．L．，643；John Mrckep．lro． 58
XIV．City of N゙ゃ：Jork，Manhattan Furo （iath．21st．2bith．atil parts of 15 th ． 17 th ，



 Wadiams，1＇ro．，llls．

## NEW YORK－Continued．

XV．City of New York，Manlattan Boro （30th，32d，33rl and parts of 23d，28th， 2．4th，31st，34th Assembly Iistricts） Jacol Ruppert，Dem． 31,292 ；Philip $B$. 1．ow，Rep．，20，848；W＇illiam Ehret，Soc． L．．1．4．3：Jeremiah Brooks，1ro．， 83.
XVI．City of Vew lork，Bronx Boro（35th and nart of $34 t h$ Assembly Districts）and W estchester County．John Q．Undrr－ hilt，lem，49，632；J．Irving Burns， Jep．，36，559；John＇J．Kinneally，Soc． L．，1，6\％3；C．F．Jewell，Pro．，432； W＇m．A．（＇ox，Chicago Plat．Dem．，62．
XVII．Comties of Rockland，Orange，and snl－ livath．S．D．Roberson，Velu．，15，5̄64； A．S．Tomp ins，Rep，19，195；Sanuel P．Felter，143；James C．Rider， 549.
XVIII．Connties of Putnam，Dutchess，and 1 lister．Thomas E．Benedict，Denl． 18：348；John H．Ketcham，Re1．，23，2I6； Lest or Howard， 641.
XIX．Counties of Colmmbia and Rensselaer． J．11．Livingston，Dem．，19，565：A．V．心． Cochrane，Rep．， 19,$593 ; 1$ ．A．Bolanir， soc．L．，210；Adam＇T＇．Myers，Pro：， 517.
XX．Comnty of A lbany：M．If．（Ilym，Dem． $20,02 \hbar$ ；（,$~ N$ ．Southwick，Rep．19，475；J．
C．Alexander，2b்̄：O．1I．Blodgett， 189.
XXI．Comities of ©reene，choharie，Otsego． Montgomery，and schenectady．ite－ phen L．Mayhew，Dem．，23，347；Johm K．Stewart．Rep．， 25,561 ；Arthur Play－ ford，362；smitl C．Niles， 904.
XXII．Countic of FnIton，Hamilton，Saratoga． and sit．Lawrence．Dennis B．Lhitey Dem．15，448；Lucins N．Littauer，irei．， 27.083 ；hiles E．Wilcox，soc．L．， 333 i Oren L：Whitney，Pro．1，342．
XXIII．Counties of Clinton，Franklin，Essex． Warren，and Washington．Louis W． Fmersin，Rep．， 25662 ；Jonathan K． Hoag，I＇ro．， 943.
XXIV．Counties of（）swego，Jefferson，and Lewis． E．＇I．Strickland，I em．，15 724；（＇harles A．Chickering，liep．，23，991：Eugene M Crabls，＇， 334.
XXV．Comities of Oneida and Herkinier Wralter Ballou，Dem．，19．160；J．S．Sher－ mian，Re1），22， 558 ；T．C．Bruckway， 858.
XXVI．Counties of Delaware，Clhenango． Broome，Tioga，and Tompkins．E．E． Pease Dem．，19，199；（i．W．Ray，Rep． 30，K＇7，Isate C ．And rews，Pro．，2．001．
XXVII．Connties of Onondaga and Madison． George H．（iilbert，Dem．14，207；Mi－ chacl E Driscoll．Rep．， 25,025 ；Thonas Crimmins，2，434；Charles 11 ．Tower， 932 ； John McCar hy，2，433．
XXVIII Connties of Cayilga，Cortland．Ontario， Wayne，and Yates．John H．Jonng， 1）emı，18，88L；Sereno E．Payne，Rep．， 29，536：Jolu W．Burms，Pro．，1，375．
XXIX．Comnties of Chemung，Schnyler，Sen－ eca，and steuben．Alhert L．（hilins， J）em．，18，311；（＇harles W．Gilliet，Rep．， 22，343：C．E．Decker，1，737．
XXX．Connties of（ienesfe，Íjvingeton，Niag． ara，Orleans，and Wyoming．James T．（fordon，Dem．，18，911：James W． W゙：adsworth，Rep．25， 299 ：Alvah Car－ penter，ए＇m．，1，5：3．
XXXI．Combty of IGme Je．John C．Fanning， 1e11．，17．227：James a E．（）Grady＇ 1it P．．21，i17：F．A．Sieverman， 1,165 ；B． H．Roherts， 900.
XXXII．C＇rinnty of Erie（part）．William $H$ ． ikya i．lem．，15，546；R．B．Nahany． Rep．，14，858．
XXXIf ．（＇ounty of Erie（part）．H．W．Richard－ son，Dem．．17，233；D．S．Alexander， Rep $22,924$.
XXISIV．Counties of Allegany，Cattaraugus，and Clautanqua．William J．Sansbury， Dem．，13．6＂tis；Warren 13．Hooker，Rep．， 25，856；A．Y．Freeman，1，654．

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Govirnor, } \\ \text { 1898. } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Chiep Justics, } \\ 1897 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President. } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Countirs. (61.) |  | Roose velt, Rep. | Kline, Pro. |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { Bacon, } \\ \text { Cit. } \\ \text { Union } \end{array}$ | Parker, Dem. | Wal. lace, Rep. | Cuno, Soc. L. | Baldwin, Pro. |  | Mc- Kinley Rep. |  | Levering, Pro. | Matchett, Soc. L. |
| Albany | 20, 232 | 19,307 | 196 | 285 | 62 | 16,765 | 17,991. | 279 | 224 | 17,818 | 22,263 | 359 | 207 | 187 |
| Allegany | 2,953 | 6,129 | 599 | 28 | 5 | 2,979 | 4.686 | 59 | 573 | 3,895 | 7.059 | 83 | 447 | 4 |
| Broonle. | 5,627 | 9,238 | 514 | 40 | 70 | 5,071 | 6,929 | 17 | 603 | 5,481 | 10,630 | 128 | 446 | 9 |
| Cattarang | 5,055 | 8,335 | 416 | 57 | 17 | 3,164 | 6,132 | 411 | 372 | 6.088 | 9,337 | 90 | 362 | 12 |
| Cayuga. | 5,568 | 8,792 | 246 | 103 | 66 | 3,29-1 | 6,345 | 37 | 324 | 5.846 | 10, 024 | 143 | 287 | 30 |
| Chautauqu | 5,294 | 12,014 | 560 | 65 | 20 | 3,1599 | 6,495 | 49 | 510 | 6.581 | 14,325 | 135 | 449 | 17 |
| Chemung. | 6,008 | 5,906 | 475 | 55 | 7 | 4,697 | 5,431 | 50 | 485 | 5,259, | 7,026 | 92 | 290 | 19 |
| Clinango | 3,656 | 5,779 | 271 | 56 | 14 | 2,491 | 4,363 | 29 | 333 | 3,973 | 6.338 | 104 | 297 | 14 |
| Clinton.. | 4,800 | 4,824 | 97 | 21 | 12 | 3,782 | 3,750 | 18 | 84 | 3,074 | 6,005 | 54 | 44 | 12 |
| Columbia | 5,159 | 5,446 | 143 | 19 | 5 | 3,589 | 4,898 | 9 | 133 | 4,373 | 6,654 | 175 | 175 | 3 |
| Cortland | 2,466 | 4,200 | 284 | 18 | 9 | 2,631 | 3,069 | 1 | 322 | 2,574 | 4,939 | 55 | 222 | 1 |
| Delaware | 4,029 | 6,515 | 370 | 24 | 25 | 3,266 | 4,828 | 18 | 373 | 4,400 | 7,790 | 94 | 272 | 9 |
| Dutchess | 7,939 | 10,527 | 343 | 53 | 15 | 6,202 | 8,790 | 66 | 519 | 6,634 | 12,127 | 244 | 387 | 30 |
| Erie | 36,441 | 34,199 | 505 | 1,493 | 65 | 34,910 | 34,755 | 808 | 632 | 30, 172 | 45.612 | 1,124 | 463 | 508 |
| Essex | 2,273 | 4.325 | 80 | 19 | 10 | 1,563 | 2,715 | 10 | 45 | 1,760 | 5,356 | 56 | 38 | 4 |
| Frauklin | 2,474 | 5,267 | 179 | 16 | 8 | 1,093 | 2,921 | 14 | 154 | ). 49 (1 | b,118 | 64 | 143 | 14 |
| Fulton \& Ha'ilton | 4,492 | 6,644 | 395 | 193 | 8 | 3,182 | 4,921 | 181 | 397 | 3,849 | 7,704 | 127 | 390 | 73 |
| Genesee........... | 2.716 | 4,680 | 229 | 25 | 6 | 1,195 | 2, 548 | 14 | 200 | 3,004 | 5,190 | 55 | 181 | 9 |
| Green | 4.019 | 4,063 | 147 | 48 | 5 | 3,711 | 3,507 | 21 | 159 | 3,688 | 4,540 | 88 | 158 | 18 |
| Herkime | 5,527. | 6,705 | 263 | 61 | 25 | 5,133 | 5,348 | 38 | 276 | 5,027 | 8,096 | 151 | 261 | 10 |
| Jefferson | 6,681 | 10,222 | 510 | 45 | 14 | 4,426 | 6,576 | 25 | 493 | 6,644 | 11.411 | 176 | 507 | 6 |
| Kings | 101526 | $83,146^{\prime}$ | 384 | 4,145 | 275 | 96.124 | 55, 563 | 3,964 | 752 | i6.883 | 109135 | 3,715 | 463 | 3. 481 |
| Lewis | 2.892 | 3,604 | 81 | 6 | 3 | 1,891 | 2,860 |  | 109 | 3,042 | $446{ }^{\circ}$ | 51 | 88 | 5 |
| Livingsto | 2,351 | 5,180 | 277 | 20 | 10 | 2,613 | 3,569 | 12 | 25.9 | 4,101 | 5,461 | 73 | 257 | 4 |
| Madison. | 3,490 | 6,141 | 320 | 70 | 13 | 2,000 | 3,995 | 53 | 340 | 3,580 | 7,588 | 106 | $26^{\circ} 8$ | 32 |
| Monroe | 18,093 | 20,748 | 714 | 970 | 93 | 15.566 | 18,183 | 520 | 485 | 17,158 | 26,288 | 395 | 511 | 466 |
| Montgon | 5,491 | 6.296 | 180 | 74 | 9 | 4,220 | 5, 204 | 30 | 234 | 4,759 | 7.082 | 141 | 111 | 36 |
| Nassau. | 1,153 | 5,415 | 51 | 28 | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 173476 | 112806 | 485 | 10,091 | 765 | 162825 | 71, 286 | 10,564 | 854 | 1356.3 | 15635̃? | 5541 | 683 | 10,025 |
| Niagas'a | 7,074 | 7,602 | 345 | 61 | 18 | 4,723 | 4,805 | 47 | 270 | 6,441 | 8626 | 143 | 2637 | 13 |
| Oneida | 14,077 | 15,449 | 574 | 280 | 44 | 9, 9998 | 13, 5tib | 243 | 804 | 11, 00? | 18.855 | 468 | 520 | 161 |
| Onondaga | 13,598 | 19,785 | 510 | 2,360 | 17 | 13,851 | 16,831 | 951 | 487 | 13, 695 | 25.032 | 206 | 405 | 713 |
| Ontario. | 4,781 | 6,573 | 269 | 29 | 17 | 3,447 | 5,130 | 24 | 39. | 5,485 | 7506 | 126 | 206 | 9 |
| Orang | 9,098 | 11, 411 | 332 | 135 | 18 | 8,637 | 10,501 | 223 | 373 | 89.1 | 14,086 | 249 | 304 | 57 |
| Orlean | 2881 | 4,232 | 315 | 12 | 5 | 1,467 | 2,026 | 12 | $286^{\circ}$ | $299 \%$ | $46{ }^{64}$ | 33 | 213 | 6 |
| Osweg | 6.346 | 10.184 | 395 | 31 | 15 | 4,548 | 7,603 | 16 | 319 | 6411 | 11,411 | 95 | 258 | 3 |
| Otsego. | 5,800 | 6,870 | 348 | 40 | 20 | 3,945 | 5,318 | 54 | 399 | 5820 | 8161 | 166 | 321 | . 9 |
| Putiam | 1,6อ1 | 1,901 | 36 | 7 | 3 | 916 | 1.707 | 2 | 68 | 1027 | 2364 | 53 | 42 | 9 |
| Queens. | 13,049 | 9,715 | 43 | 953 | 36 | 14, 718 | 11.503 | 1,045 | 236 | 11, 900 | 18,6.94 | 633 | 132 | 774 |
| Rensselaer | 14,693 | 14, 18.9 | 398 | $21:$ | 22 | 12. 42.2 | 13.409 | 170 | 349 | 13, 119 | 17.221 | 208 | 274 | 92 |
| Richmond | 6,723 | 4,577 | 113 | 216 | 24 | 5,972 | 3,598 | 165 | 173 | 4 $45 \%$ | 6170 | 293 | 145 | 138 |
| Rockland. | 3,374 | 3,282 | 89 | 23 | 8 | 3,353 | 3,023 | 19 | 76 | 3002 | 4.336 | 156 | 109 | 11 |
| St. Lawren | 4,989 | 12,587 | 438 | 65 | 11 | 1,975 | 6,838 | 47 | 395 | 5749 | 15,287 | 123 | 377 | 5 |
| Saratoga | 5.899 | 8,176 | 395 | 62 | 17 | 4,494 | 6,006 | 24 | 323 | 498. | 9638 | 157 | 362 | 17 |
| Schenectad | 4,011 | 4,617 | 138 | 213 | 7 | 3,527 | 3,614 | 78 | 89 | 3711 | 4903 | 103 | 115 | 75 |
| Schoharie | 4,310 | 3,567 | 131 | 10 | 2 | 3,527 | 3,217 | 6 | 146 | 42013 | 3838 | 54 | 135 | 4 |
| Schuyle | 1,622 | 2.343 | 193 | 7 |  | 1,248 | 1,985 | 7 | 132 | 1619 | 2, 5 (4) | 37 | 146 | 1 |
| Seneca | 3,434 | 3,450 | 90 | 13 | 7 | 2,728 | 3,010 | 12 | 90 | 3,21.3 | 3 8อิ ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 54 | 175 | 3 |
| Steuben | 7,536 | 10,639 | 888 | 114 | 16 | 5,489 | 7.919 | 40 | 801 | 7,971 | 12, 808 | 118 | 657 | 18 |
| Suftolk | 5,442 | 7,438 | 440 | 48 | 11 | 3,296 | 5,380 | 74 | 5.8 | 3872 | 9:388 | 367 | 409 | 61 |
| Sulliv | 3,325 | 3,900 | 96 | 24 | 2 | 3,008 | 3,474 | 9 | 79 | 3073 | 4,589 | 80 | 106 | 10 |
| Tioga | 2,926 | 4,100 | 265 | 15 | 2 | 1,670 | 3,123 | 15 | 269 | 2,824 | 484.9 | 40 | 224 | 4 |
| Tompkins. | 3,094 | 4,516 | 4.1 | 20 | 25 | 2,044 | 3,321 | 14 | 397 | $350{ }^{\circ}$ | 53.2 | 103 | 240 | 9 |
| Ulster.. | 9.174 | $10,6: 8$ | 222 | 36 | 8 | 9,350 | 7,903 | 31 | 247 | 8,141 | 11, $1(4)$ | 143 | 316 | 12 |
| Warren | 2,450 | 4,083 | 137 | 38 | 9 | 2,400 | 3,520 | 13 | 150 | 226.9 | 4,685 | 69 | 122 | 7 |
| Wrashington. | 3,400 | 7,117 | 409 | 27 | 14 | 1,689 | 4.138 | 7 | 278 | 3.234 | 8.139 | 133 | 260 |  |
| Wayne | 4.280 | 6,919 | 311 | 16 | $10^{\circ}$ | 2,574 | 4,805 | 10 | 228 | 4254 | 8 (139, | 77 | 220 | 8 |
| Westchester | 15,010 | 16, 653 | 254 | 637 | 54 | 12,997 | 13,371 | 558 | 624 | 11,752 | 19337 | 643 | 314 | 388 |
| Wyoming | 2,794 | 4,522 | 268 | 14 | 4 | 1,255 | 2,605 | 11 | 236 | 2,700 | 4,967 | 67 | 230 | 5 |
| Yates... | 1,785 | 3,189 | 193 | 16 | 8 | 1,861 | 2,484 | 22 | 153 | 2,086 | 3370 | 30 | 141 | 3 |
| Total | 043921 | 661707 | 18,383 | 23,860 | 2,103 | 554680 | 498791 | 20,854 | 19,653 | 551369 | -198.3 | 18.950 | 16,052 | 17,667 |
| Plurality |  | 17,786 |  |  |  | $6^{2} 0,889$ |  |  |  |  | 26846.9 |  |  |  |
| Percent .... | 47.70 | 49.02 | 1.36 | 1.77 | 0.15 | 50.93 , | 45.34 | 191 | 1.80 | 38. 76 | 57.53 | 1. 3 | 1.13] | 1. 24 |
| Whole vote. |  |  | 1,349.974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,423,87 |  |  |

Whole vote

## * Not including blank, defective, and scattering. + Not including $122,08: 1$ blank, defective, and scaltering. <br> VOIE OF THE S'TATE OF NEW YORK SINCE 1880.

Dem. Ren. Gr. Pro. Plu. 1889 Sec sit Dem. Rep. L. Lab Pro. Plu

 1882. (iov .... $535,318 \quad 342,464 \quad 11,974 \quad 25,783192,854 \mathrm{D}$ 1883.sec. Sta $427,525 \quad 446,103 \quad 7,221 \quad 18,81618,583 \mathrm{R}$ 1884. Pres.... 563,048 562, (1)1 $17,002 \quad 25,001 \quad 1,047 \mathrm{D}$ 1885 GOV .... $501,465 \quad 490,331 \quad 2,130 \quad 30,867 \quad 11,134 \quad$ D 1886. Cl. Ap. $468,455 \quad 460,637 \quad 2,181 \quad 36,414 \quad 7,818 \mathrm{D}$ U. Lah.
1887. Sec. Sta $469,888 \quad 452,811 \quad 70,055{ }^{\circ} \quad 41,80^{\circ} 0 \quad 17,077 \mathrm{D}$
1888. Pres.... $635,757 \quad 648,759 \quad 2,668 \quad 30,231 \quad 13,102 \mathrm{R}$


* Populist vote in addit $2 \mathrm{~m}, 15,409$. + Popul st vot, $17,05 \mathrm{o}$. Populist vote, 11,049. Dem. Reform vote (Wheeler), 27,202. § Populist vote, 6,916. || National Democrati vote, 18,950.

VOTE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 1898 AND 1899. BOROUGHS OF MANHATTAN AND BRONX.

| Assembly | Goternor, 1898. |  |  | Suprime Court, 1899. |  |  | Surrogate, 1899. |  | Sheriff, 1899. |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { GeneralSessions, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Van Wyck, Dem. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Roose- } \\ & \text { velt, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Han- } \\ \text { tord, } \\ \text { Soc. L. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bar- } \\ \text { rett, } \\ \text { D. \& R. } \end{gathered}$ | O'Gor. man, Dem. | Daly, Rep. | Thomas, Dem. | Varnum, Pep. | Grell, Dem. | $0^{\prime}$ Brien, Rep. | Foster, | $\begin{gathered} \text { Blanch- } \\ \text { ard, } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 3,651 | 1,209 | 36 | 3,773 | 3,078 |  | 3,077 | 73 | 3,067 | 0 | 3,071 | $0 \cdot$ |
|  | 5,081 | 1,64i | 104 | 5,344 | 4,364 | 1,210 | 4,405 | 1,179 | 4,288 | 1,314 | 4,333 | 1,20 |
|  | 4,975 | 2,282 | 76 | 5.586 | 4,062 | 1,680 | 4.091 | 1,651 | 4,015 | 1,754 | 4,039 | 1.69 |
|  | 3,880 | 2,095 | 548 | 4,415 | 3,122 | 1,500 | 3,185 | 1,451 | 3,060 | 1,604 | 3,143 | 1,51 |
|  | 3,650 | 3,956 | 77 | 6,069 | 3,064 | 3,179 | 3,065 | 3,187 | 3,081 | 3,183 | 3,031 | ,21 |
|  | 5,727 | 2,228 | 202 | 6,526 | 4,896 | 1,749 | 4,913 | 1,727 | 4,903 | 1,764 | 4,892 | ,75 |
|  | 4,864 | 2,885 | 73 | 6,34b | 4,055 | 2,467 | 4,107 | 2,413 | 4,015 | 2,548 | 4,043 | 2,483 |
|  | 2,285 | 1,760 | 383 | 3,915 | 2.625 | 1,334 | 2641 | 1,329 | 2,645 | 1,349 | 2,626 | ,345 |
|  | 4,671 | 3,192 | 119 | 6,029 | 3,824 | 2,451 | 3,846 | 2.457 | 3,713 | 2,610 | 3,784 | ,49 |
|  | 4,254 | 2,364 | 652 | 5,561 | 3,5. | 2,177 | 3,570 | 2,133 | 3,651 | 2,081 | 3,555 | ,15 |
|  | 4,454 | 2,364 | $1: 1$ | 5,198 | 3,588 | 1,718 | 3,605 | 1,746 | 3,549 | 1,824 | 3,570 | ,79 |
|  | 3,333 | 1,551 | 691 | 4,061 | 3,058 | 1,145 | 3,018 | 1124 | 3,017 | 1,207 | 3, 060 | 1,13 |
| 13. | 4,150 | 1,955 | 112 | 4,667 | 3,378 | 1,4;1 | 3,350 | 1,48:3 | 3,349 | 1,4,99 | 3,351 | 1,48 |
|  | 4.940 | 2,219 | 579 | 5,748 | 3,862 | 2,127 | 3,920 | 2,050 | 3,910 | 2,165 | 3,886 | ,12 |
|  | 4,557 | 2,440 | 168 | 5,193 | 3,494 | 2,505 | 3,475 | 2,499 | 3,496 | 2,526 | 3,458 | , 1 |
|  | 3,752 | 1,829 | 1,214 | 4,5? | 3,422 | 1,189 | 3,4t4 | 1,149 | 3,469 | 1,186 | 3,436 | 1,19 |
|  | 4.520 | 2,278 | 132 | 5,4.91 | 3,886 | 1,941 | 3,849 | 1,981 | 3,833 | 2,015 | 3,867 | 1,97 |
|  | 5,804 | 1,973 | 234 | 6, e 28 | -, 263 | 1,625 | 5,361 | 1560 | 5,1 | 1,746 | 5,278 |  |
|  | 4,756 | 5,775 | 107 | 8,788 | 4,143 | 4,851 | 4,154 | 4,846 | 4,129 | 4,861 | 4,113 | 4,9 |
| 20. | 5,5:3 | 2,261 | 178 | 6,590 | 4,432 | 2,438 | 4,450 | 2,421 | 4,350 | 2,547 | 4,415 | 2,45 |
|  | 5,976 | 7,586 | 143 | 11,614 | 5.171 | 6,777 | 5,192 | 6,724 | 5,233 | 6,729 | 5,112 |  |
|  | 5,486 | 2,236 | 155 | 6,122 | 4,510 | 1,911 | 4,5 | 1,860 | 4,4?1 | 1,920 | 4,512 |  |
|  | 6,076 | 5,52,9 | 183 | 10,241 | 5,855 | 4,643 | 5.88 .4 | 4,5,98 | 5,879 | 4,629 | 5,817 | 4,6 |
| 24. | 4,802 | 2,099 | 258 | 5,197 | 3,752 | 1,821 | 3,824 | 1,751 | 3, 224 | 1,795 | 3,802 | 1,74 |
|  | 3,040 | 4,246 | 43 | 5,252 | 2,271 | 3,149 | 2,2 |  | 2,24+1 | 3,035 | 2,256 | 3,0 |
|  | 4,021 | 2,174 | 498 | 4,728 | 3,260 | 2,106 | 3,388 | 2,408 | 3,339 | 2,062 | 3,278 |  |
|  | 2,756 | 4,052 | 25 | 5,246 | 2,258 | 3,105 | 2,252 | 3,117 | \%,264 | 3,100 | 2,235 | 3,1 |
| 28. | 4,861 | 2,09 | $53 \pm$ | 5,7ヶ9 | 4.272 | 1,723 | 4,308 | 1,684 | 4,286 | 1,759 | 4,304 | 1,69 |
|  | 3,729 | 5,230 | 50. | 7,195 | 3,103 | 4,058 | 3,273 | 3,981 | 3,368 | 3,900 | 3,175 |  |
| 30. | 5,953 | 2,830 | 555 | 6,770 | 4,811 | 2401 | 4,417 | 2,268 | 4,961 | 2,364 | 4,889 |  |
|  | 5,697 | 6,899, | 104 | 10.932 | 5,48 | 6,156 | 5,418 | 5,8!3 | 5,427 | 5,862 | 5,307 | 5,963 |
|  | 6,099 | 3,207 | 438 | 6,880 | 4,513 |  | 4,5 | 2,72 | 4,455 | 2,898 | 4,496 | 2,81 |
|  | 5,044 | 2871 | 204 | 6,248 | 4,278 | 2.228 | 4,356 | 2,132 | 4,312 | 2,230 | 4,319 | , |
|  | 8.737 | 5,552 | 411 | 12.020 | 7,836 | 4.625 | 7,911 | 4,434 | 7,794 | 4,6119 | 7,710 | 4,64 |
|  | 10, 060 | 6,735 | 581 | 12,113 | 7,bu7 | 4,982 | 9,008 | 5,873 | 9,030 | 5,891 | 8,849 | 6,04 |
| An- 1 |  | 186 | 14 | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | ... | 21.5 | 218 | 243 | 186 | 218 | 211 |
| nexed 2 | 1,970 | 1.006 | 35 | .. |  | . | 1,7\%0 | 1,147 | 1,770 | 1,06 ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | 1,76'9 | 1,05 |


For Governor, 1898, Kline, Pro., hal 459 , and Bacon, Cit. Union, 771. Supreme Co rt, 1.99, Kinneal!y, s. L., 9,257 ; Wright, S. L., 9,191; Manierre, Pro, 676; Crosby, Ind. Lab., 720. General Sessions, ('oyan, S. I., 9,419; Manlerre, Pro., 664. Surrogate, Lightbourn, S. L., 9,40s; Mlchards, Pro., 657. Sheriff, Cooper, S. L., 9,100; B ooks, Pro., 682,

BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN.

| Wards. | Govkrnor, 1898. |  |  | Dist. ATt' ${ }^{\text {², }}$ '99. |  | Siferify, 1899. |  | Register, 1899. |  | Co. Clerk,1599. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | w yck, <br> Uem. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Roose- } \\ & \text { velt, } \\ & \text { Ren } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Han- } \\ \text { ford, } \\ \text { Soc. } \end{array}$ | Clarke, Dem. | Steele, Rep. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Waiton } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned}$ | Neu. Rep. | Gray, D.m. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Howe, } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Hiblerty | Mayette Rep. |  |
|  | 1.823 1,241 | 2,243 | 24 18 | 1,474 | $1,896$ | 1,490 1.483 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,870 \\ 266 \end{array}$ | 1,305 | 2,046 | 1,404 | $1,933$ |  |
|  | 1,773 | 1,635 | 42 | 1,524 | 1,410 | 1,479 | 1,449 | 1,322 | 1,599 | 1,493 | 1,419 |  |
|  | 1,716 | 884 | 45 | 1,514 | 728 | 1,484 | 759 | 1,410 | 816 | 1.493 | 744 |  |
|  | 2,586 |  | 24 | 2,396 | 61 | 3,367 | 638 | 2315 | 673 | 2,36: | 637 |  |
|  | 4. | 2, | 55 | 4,287 | 1,7 | 4,233 | 1,78 | 4,730 | 1,90 | 4,2 | 61 |  |
|  |  |  | 47 | 3,0 | 3, | 3 , | 3,25 |  | 3,6 | 2,951 | 2,486 |  |
|  | 4,381 | 3,158 | 53 | 3,46 | $\stackrel{2}{2,561}$ | 3,747 | 2,580 | 3.4100 | 2,9131 | 3,694 | 2,517 |  |
| 10 | 4,738 | 2,190 | 59 | 3,863 | 2,255 | 3,773 | 2,341 | 3,482 | 2,617 | 3,810 | 2,276 |  |
| 11 | 2,436 | 1,817 | 36 | 2,138 | 1,50.2 | 2,129 | 1,507 | 1,993 | 1,644 | 2, (141 | 1,549 |  |
| 12. | 3.430 | 967 | 77 | 2,385 | 1, 057 | 2,292 | 1.151 | 2, 0 ¢ | 1,300 | 2,364 | 1,074 |  |
| 13. | 2510 | 2,201 | 65 | 2,289 | 1,705 | 2,129 | 1,8.18 | 1,850 | 2,128 | 2,08 | 1,852 |  |
|  | 3306 | 913 | 73 | 2,849 | 767 | 2,787 | 825 | 2,549 | 1,031 | 2,807 | 798 |  |
| 15 | 2,908 | 2,352 | 116 | 2,524 | 2.123 | 2,469 | 2,063 | 2,305 | 2,227 | 2,46 | 2,054 |  |
|  | 3.470 | 2,059 | 403 | 2,854 | 1,416 | 2,704 | 1,964 | 2,608 | 2,074 | 2,801 | 1,823 |  |
|  | 5,117 | 3,685 | 330 | 4,074 | 2,9i0 | 3,997 | 3,046 | 3,619, | 3,112 | 3,960 | 3,013 |  |
|  | 2,300 | 942 | 12\% | 2,(110. | 948 | 1,982 | 983 | 1,948 | 1,006 |  | 940 |  |
|  | 2,859 | 3,471 | 161 | 2,581 | 2,857 | 2,421 | 3,001 | 2,138 | 3,29 | 2,38 | 3,021 |  |
| 20 | 2,150 | 2,942 | 23 | 1,937 | 2,387 | 2,056 | 2,256 | 1,732 | 2,59 | 1,882 | 2,428 |  |
|  | 5.106 | 4.623 | 311 | 4,313 | 4,136 | 4,219 | 4,236 | 4,033 | 4,41 | 4,28 | 4,171 |  |
|  | 5,627 | 5,407 | 190 | 4,580 | 4,56.3 | 4,525 | 4,574 | 4,003 | 5,09 | 4.401 | 4, 684 |  |
|  | 3,903 | 8,116 | 43 | 3,472 | 6,800 | 3,522 | 6,679 | 2,88 | 7,35 | 3,212 | 6,984 |  |
|  | 2,255 | 2,285 | 43, | 1,969 | 1,979 | 1,995 | 1,956 | 1,788 | 2,147 | 1,910 | 2,015 |  |
|  | 3,440 | 4,809 | 90 | 3,312 | 4,178 | 3,239 | 4,113 | 2,920 | 4,45 | 3,13 | 4,25 |  |
|  | 4, 336 | 3,931 |  | 3,8.1 | 3,54:3 | 3,706 | 3,702 | 3,590 | 3,742 | 3,79 | 3,570 |  |
|  | 3,520 | 1,902 | 4 a 9 | 2,974 | 1,695 | $2.86{ }^{\circ}$ | 1,832 | 2,862 | 1,802 | 3,05 | 1,652 |  |
|  | 5.64 | 5,771 | 656 | 4,499 | 5,037 | 4,360 | 5,18 | 4,14 | 5,376 | 4,54 | 5,014 |  |
|  | 1,899 | 1,688 | 2 | 1,725 | 1,715 | 1,718 | 1,7e8 | 1,583 | 1,854 | 1,673 | 1.747 |  |
|  | 1,659 | 1,528 | 33 | 1,751 | 1,อัอ 3 | 1,705 | 1,606 | 1,6105 | 1,687 | 1,711 | 1,573 |  |
|  | 1,421 | 709 |  | 1,3;8 | 771 | 1,363 | 784 | 1,343 | 809 | 1,361 | 781 |  |
|  | 739 | 554 |  | 670 | 634 | 671 | 634 | 630 | 679 | 661 | 643 |  |
|  | 1,203 | 82,821 | 4,145 | 85,592 | 72,762 | 85,122 | 72,970 | 78,627 | 78,9iU | 8i,569 | 73,167 |  |

## VOTE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 1898 AND 1899-Continued.

BOROUGH OF QUEENS.


BOROEGH OF RICHMOND.


TOTAL VOTE FOR GOVERNOR IN 1893. - Vau Wyck, Dem. 294, 404; Roosevelt, Rep., 209,890; Hanford, Soc. L., 15,407 ; Kline, Pro. . 1,027; Bacon, Cit. U., 1,107. Van Wyck's plurality, $84,509$. VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN, MANHATTAN BOROUGH, 1899.

| Dist. | $\eta_{\text {emocrat }}$ |  | Republican. |  | Socialist. |  | Prohibitionist. |  | Labor. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ha | 3,108 |  | 853 |  | 12 |  |  |  |
|  | Kierd | 4,312 | Karm | 1,193 | Pomeranz...... | 117 | Keliogg. |  |  |
|  | Sharkey | 4,079 | Smith | 1,680 | Vollenschlager | 134 | Andrews |  |  |
|  | Roche.. |  | Brother | 1,447 | Levitch......... | 528 | Holden. |  |  |
|  | stump. | 3,077 | Helly | 3,119 | Robinson....... | 81 | Pfluger. |  | 68 |
|  | Sulliva | 4,903 ${ }^{1}$ | McNul | 1,674 | Wheatley...... | 158 | Banmgartner. |  |  |
|  | Maher. | 3,809 | Low | 2,642 | Deegan......... |  | Inmer... |  |  |
|  | ('ohn |  | Rose | 1,302 | Eckstein ...... | 404 | Tate. |  |  |
| $10 .$ | Harbur |  | Allen. | 1,009 | Hosman | 537 | Hame.... |  | Western..... 132 |
| 11. | O'Commo | 3554 | Hans | 1,747 |  |  | Johnson |  |  |
| 12 | Sanders | 2,978 | Ellis. |  | Klein | 620 | Brown. |  | Barondess. .. 973 |
| 13. | Trainor. | 3,290\| | Acc'ou | 1,569 | Hunte | 167 | Blight. |  |  |
|  | Meiste |  | D'Ro |  | Hunte | 421 | Wilbur |  |  |
|  | Smith. |  | Me\a | 3,009 | White. | 105 | Schweikert... |  |  |
| 16. | Prince |  | Cohen |  | De Leon | 2,044 | Dochtermann |  |  |
|  | Fitzgera |  | Farrel | 2,114 | Schoenf |  | Lindsay.... |  |  |
|  | Dillon. |  | Whitel |  | Diamond. | 303 | Conover |  | Donneliy..... 15 |
| 19. | stewart | 4,668 | Mazet. | 4,271 | Mittelberg |  | Mctrego |  | Prior.......... 62 |
|  | Honeck | 4,021 | Shea.. | 2,876 | Rowe... |  | Garney |  |  |
|  | Court... |  | Fallo |  | Mahlan |  | Winclies |  |  |
|  | Banm. |  | Pratt. |  | Wague |  | Couch. |  | 15 |
|  | Minton. | 5,901 | Southw | 4. 608 | Thomps |  | Rodgers |  |  |
|  | Fitzgeraid. | $3,740^{\circ}$ | Nugent | 1,882 | Bruna. | 190 | Gillespie |  |  |
|  | Goldthwaite.. | 2,330, | Weekes. | 2,987 |  |  | Sheldo |  |  |
|  | O'Connell.. <br> Lippincott. | $\begin{aligned} & 3,245 \\ & 2,373 \end{aligned}$ | Southmay |  |  |  | De Sarpe |  | Marhsch..... 724 |
|  | Green...... |  |  | 1,612 | Kenney.......... |  | Wadhaus. |  |  |
|  | Ryttenberg | 3,708 | Folks. | 3,559 |  |  | Sprague |  |  |
|  | Hyman. | 4,885 | Issing. | 2,246 | (iillhaus |  | Conklin. |  |  |
|  | Stone. | 5,634 | Slater | 5,564 | Bernstei |  | McNich |  | Dumlian...... 110 |
|  | Poth | 523 | Landman | 2,328 | Rosentha | 387 | (iage. |  | Persamy..... 448 |
|  | Egan. | 4,466. | Mccracken | 1,935 | Lederer. |  | Sage |  |  |
|  | Scanlon | 7,669 | Steurer. | 4,459 | sperle |  | McEIvee |  |  |
|  | Morris. |  | Root | 5,513 | Nrist |  | Bartow. |  | Harmige..... 28 |
| An. $\left\{\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array}\right.$ | Sloane. |  | Allerton Cooley |  | Petersol <br> Brown. |  | Perry. <br> Rose.. | 2 |  |

VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN, BROOKLYN BOROUGH, 1899.


VOTE FOR ASSEMBLYMEN, QUEENS AND RICHMOND BOROUGHS, 1899.
Queens: First District-Wissel, Dem., 6,296; Callahan, Rep., 4,044. Second District-Gale, Dem.. 4238 ; McKnight, Rep., 4,221. Third District (without Nassau County)-Townsend, Dem. 604, Douginty, Rep, 413 .

Richmond: Metcalfe, Dem, , 6,403; Hayes, Rep., 3,792; Driscoll, Soc. L., 245.

## NORTH CAROLINA．

Countiks．
$(96$,

## Alamance

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Caldwell．
Camdell
Carteret
（＇aswell．
C：aswell．．
Chatham
Cherokee
（＇how
（leveland
Columbus
Cravelu．．．．．．．．
Cumberland．
Curri
Davidson．
Davie．
Durham ．． Eugecombe． Forsyth Franklin Gaston． Gates Graham Granvilie．． Greene．． Guilford Halifax Harnett． Haywood． Hendersot Hertford Hyde．．
Iredell．
Jitckson
Johniton．
Jones
Lenoir．
Macoll．
Madicon．
Martin
McDowell
Mecklenburs
Meltehell
Montgomery．．
Moore
Na sh
New Hanover
Northampton
Onslow
Or：ルษе
Pamtico．．
Pacquotank Pender ．．．．．．
Person．
Pitt．
Randolph
Richmond
Robeson．
Rockingham
Rowan．
Rutherford．．
Sampsou．
Stauly．．．

| suage superior Court．1c98． |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President } \\ \text { is } 96 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ifsle， Dem． | Eares， Rep． | Bryan, | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Ren. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pal- } \\ & \text { mer, } \\ & \text { N. D. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lev } \\ \text { ering, } \\ \text { Pru. } \end{gathered}$ |
| $\overline{2}, 616$ | 2，289 | 2282 | 2314 | 2 | 10 |
| $8+2$ | 811 | 1109 | bi40 | 2 | 1 |

NORTH CAROLINA－Continued．

| Countiss． | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Judge Superior } \\ & \text { Court, 1898. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Praginent } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hake， Dem． | Eave8， Rep． | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Den. } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kiuley } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \text { N. } . ~ \end{gathered}$ | Lev－ ering， Pro． |
| Stokes | 1，679 | 1.904 | 1447 | 2069 |  | 2 |
| Surry | 2， 247 | 2， 291 | 2019 | 2590 | － 8 |  |
| Sirain | 744 | 701 | 838 | $5: 31$ | 2 |  |
| Transy | 606 | 646 | 595 | 637 | $4^{4}$ |  |
| Tyrrell Union | － 523 | 472 1.430 | $2{ }^{411}$ | 491 1 |  |  |
| Vance | 2． 1,210 | 1.430 1.791 | 2747 1465 | 1009 <br> 1745 | 22 2 |  |
| Wake． | 5．654 | 5，US4 | 5401 | 4705 | 19 | 11 |
| Warren | 1.217 | 2． 251 | 1213 | 2175 | 5 |  |
| Washington．． | 817 | 1，23i | 739 | 1.289 |  |  |
| Watanga | 1，115 | 1，1ออ | 1 U63 | 11.6 | 4 |  |
| Wayne | 3.454 | 2.538 | 3214 | 2248 | 1 | 23 |
| Wilkes | 1.741 | 2，649 | 1801 | 2，835 |  | 4 |
| Wilson． | 2，458 | 2.040 | 2715 | 1436 | 2 |  |
| Yadki | 1，007 | 1610 | 1093 | 1646 | 2 | 8 |
| Saucey | 977 | 854 | 1056 | 982 |  |  |
| Total | 1774.4 | 159511 | 174488 | 155222 | 578 | 675 |
| Plurality | 17，488 |  | $19,26{ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |
| Per cent．． | 52.80 | 47． 20 | 52.69 | 87 | 0.17 | 0.19 |
| Scattering．．．． Whole vote | 336, | 960 |  | 24 329 |  |  |

The scattering vote in 1896 was for Bentley，Nat． Pro．The vote for（＇hief Ju－lice in 1894 was：Shep－ ard．Dem．127，593；Faircloth，Rep．－Pop．，148，344． Faircloth＇s plurality，20，751．

## VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS， 1896.

For Governor，Cyrus B．Watson Jem．， 145 266； Daniel L．Russell liep．， 153 787；WY．A．Guthrie， Pop． 31,143 ．Russell＇s plurality 8,521 Most of the other sitate officers were elected on a Rep．－Pop． fusion ticket，by pluralities of about 39,000 ．
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS， 1898. Districts．

I．Counties of Beaufort，Camden，Carteret， Chowan，Currituck，Dare，（iates，Hert－ ford Hyde，Martin，Pamlico，Pasquotank， Perquimans，litt，＇Yyrrell，and Washington． J．H．Ninall，Denı．，19．782；Harry minner， Fus．，18，263：J．I．Whedbee，Ind．Rep．． 97．small s plurality 1,469 ．
II．Counties of Bertie，Edgecombe，Greene，Hali－ fax，Lenoir，Northampton，Warren，Wayne， and Wilson．W．F．Fountain，Dem．－Pop．， 14，947；（i．H．White Rep．． 17 よ́bl；J．B． Lloyd，Pop．， 2,447 ．White＇s plurality， 2,614 ．
III．Counties of Bladen，Craven，Cumberland， Dunlin，Harnett，Jones，Moore，Onslow， and sampson．C ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ．R．Thomas．Dem．． 16,008 ； John F．Fowler，Fus．， 15819. ＇Thomas＇ majority， 189.
IV．Counties of C＇latham，Franilin，Jobnston， Nash，Randolph，Vance，and Wake．J．W． Atwater，1）en，－Pop．19，419：J．J．Jen－ kins，F＇us．，18，581．Atwater＇s majority， 888.
V．Counties of Alamance，（＇aswell，Durbam， Granville，Guilford，Orange，l＇erson， Rockingham，and stokes．W．W．Kitchin， Dem．，20，869；太．B．A dams，Fus．， 18607. Kitchin＇s majority，2．262．
VI．Counties of Anson，Hrunswick，Columbus， Mecklenhurg，New Hanover，Pender， Richmond，Robeson，and Cnion．J．D． Bellanty，Ir．，Jent，23，168；O．1I．1）ockery， Fus．，17̄，329．Bellany＇s majority， 5,839 ．
VII．Counties of Cabarrus，Catawha，（＇leveland， Davidson，（iaston，Iredell，Lineoln，Mont－ gomery，Rowan，and Stauly．＇T．F．Kluttz， Dem．，20，563；M．H．H．（＇aldwell，Fus．， 14，661．Klutiz＇s majority，6，102．
VIII．Counties of Alexander，Alleghany，Ashe， Burke，Caldwell，Davie，Forsyth，Surry， Witauga，Wilkes，and Yadkin，E．F． Lovell，Deni．16，137；K．Z．Linney，Fus．， mey＇s plurality，1，277．

NORTH CAROLINA-Continued.
IX. Counties of Buncombe, Cherokee, Ciay, Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson McDowell, Macon, Madison, Mitchell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain, Trancylvania, and Yancey. W. T. Crawfon: Dem., 19,606; R. Pearson, Rep., 19,368; G. E. Boggs, Ind. Pop.,93. Crawford's plurality, 238.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT

Governor, Daniel L. Russell, Rep. ; LieutenantGovernor, C. A. Reynolds, Rep.; Secretary of State, Cyrus Thompson, Pop.; Treasurer, W. H. Worth, Pop.; Auditor, H. II. Ayer, Pop.; Attor-ney-General, Zeb Vance Walser, Rep.; Insurance Commissioner. James R. Young, Dem.; AdjutantGeneral, R. B. Royster, Dem.

## IUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, William T. Faircloth, Rep.; Justices .Robert M. Douglas. Rep. Walter Clark, Dem.; U. M. Furches, Rep., and W. A. Montgomery, Dem.; Clerk, Thomas s Kenan, Dem.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 2999.


| Countigs. (39.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PaEsident, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { H'lnes } \\ \text { Fu- } \\ \text { sion. } \end{gathered}$ | Fancher, Rep. | Bryan, Dem. | Ninley Rep. | Levering. Pro. |
| Barnes | 819 | 1.167 | 977 | 986 | 24 |
| Bensoll | 269 | 732 | 227 | 549 | 7 |
| Billings. | 6 | 92 | 27 | 78 | 1 |
| Bottineau. | 482 | 514 | 389 | 369 | 5 |
| Burleigh | 163 | 778 | 338 | 729 | 3 |
| Cass ... | 1,463 | 2,609 | 2,089 | 3050 | 48 |
| Cavalier | 812 | 982 | 1,158 | 730 | 12 |
| Dickey | 527 | 713 | 587 | 619 | 6 |
| Eddy | 202 | 398 | 243 | 278 | 2 |
| Emmons | 195 | 404 | 158 | 300 | 3 |
| Foster | 217 | 304 | 143 | 216 | 2 |
| Grand Forks | 2,563 | 1,409 | 1893 | 2,432 | 40 |
| Griggs | $365{ }^{\prime}$ | 377 | 560 | 318 | 7 |
| Kidder | 63 | 229 | 104 | 176 |  |
| La Moure. | 381 | 600 | 401 | 460 | 2 |
| Logan. | 16 | 137 | 25 | 70 |  |
| McHenry | 21.2 | 291 | 166 | 217 | 1 |
| McIntosh | 49 | 585 | 66 | 336 | .. |
| McLean | 52 | 299 | 79 | 124 | . |
| Mercer | 9 | 190 | 28 | 115 |  |
| Morton. | v14 | 867 | 393 | 752 | 3 |
| Nelson | 681 | 730 |  |  |  |
| Oliver | 67 | 94 | 58 | 59 |  |
| Pembin | 1,237 | 1,549 | 1,807 | 1,687 | 52 |

NORTH DAKOTA-Continued.

| Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | H'lines Fu- sion. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fan- } \\ & \text { cher, } \\ & \text { Relp } \end{aligned}$ | Bryan, Dem. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Me- } \\ \text { Kizer } \\ \text { kep. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Pierce. | 108 | 328 | 75 | $2 \cdot 2$ | 1 |
| J:amsey | 550 | 771 | 6005 | 869 | 12 |
| Ransonı | 614 | 779 | 5.9 | 750 | 11 |
| Richlal | 1,351 | 1,594 | 1,160 | 1,843 | 12 |
| Rolette | 220 | 427 | 3:11 | 346 | 8 |
| Sargent | 498 | 686 | 635 | \%R |  |
| Stark | 242 | 547 | $21{ }^{\circ}$ | 3,i) |  |
| Steele |  | 614 | 322 | 572 |  |
| Stutsman | 652 | 831 | 578 | 703 | 12 |
| Towne | 291 | 450 | 394 | 313 | 12 |
| Traill. | 65. | 1289 | nim | 1,673 | 20 |
| Walsh | 1,928 | 1.548 | 2,134 | 1.707 | 23 |
| Ward | 194 | 523 | 193 | 299 |  |
| Wells | 371 | 754 | 317 | 584 |  |
| W | 103 | 147 | 83 | 103 | -8 |
| Total. | 19,496 | 27,308 | 20,686 | 26,335 | 358 |
| Plurality |  | 7.812 |  | 5,549 |  |
| Per cent... | 41. 65 | 58.35 | 43.45 |  | 0.76 |
| Whole vote |  | 04 |  | 47,379 |  |

The vote for Governor in 1894 was: Jinter, Dem., 8,188; Allin. Rep., 23,523; Wallace, Pop., 9,354. Allin's plurality, 14,369.

## VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.

At Large.-Counties of Barnes, Benson, Billings, Bottiueau, Burleigh, Cass, Cavalier, Dickey, Eddy, Emmons, Foster, Grand Forks, Griggs, Kidder, La Moure, Logan, McFenry, McIntosh, McLean. Mercer, Morton, Nelson, Oliver, Pembina, Pierce, Ramsey, Ransom, Richland, Rolette, Sargent, Stark, Steele, stutsman, 'Iowner, Traill, Walsh, Ward, Wells, and Williams. H. M. Creel, Fus., 17,844; B. F. Spaulding, Rep., 27,776. Spaulding's majority, 10, 068.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, F. B. Fancher; Lieutenant-Governor, J. M. Devine; Secretary of State, Fred. Falley; Treasurer, D. W. Driscoll; Auditor, A. N. Carlblom; Attorney-General, J. If. Cowan; Superintendent of Education, J. G. Halland; AdjutantGeneral, Elliot S. Miller; Commissioner of Agriculture, H. U. Thomas; Commissioner of Insurance, $\mathcal{G}$. WV. Harrison-all Republicans.

## JUDICTARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Jnstice, J. M. Bartholomew; Justices, Alfred Wallin and N. C. Young; Clerk, R. D. Hoskins-all Republicans.

## STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.

The Legislature is composed of 78 Republicans and 15 Fusionists.
VOTE OF THE STATE AND TERRITORY SINCE 1884.
*1884. Congress.........
*1880. Congress.
*1888. Congress.........

| 1890. Governor........ | 12,733 | 25,365 | $\ldots .$. | 12,632 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |

1899 Fresidention.
1892. Governor 18,99 es
1894. Governor........
1896. President...... 2
1898. Governor. ...... 1

|  |  | F.A. | Maj. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 28,906 |  | 25,554 |
| 15,540 | 23,567 |  | 8,027 |
| 15.801 | 25,290 |  | 9, |
| 12.733 | 25,365 |  | 12,632 |
| 12,604 | 19,053 | 4,821 | ¢, 449 |
| Pop. |  | Pro. |  |
| 17,700 | 17 | 899 | 181 |
|  | 17,236 |  | 1,729 |
| Dem. |  |  |  |
| 8.188 | 23.723 | 9,354 | 14,369 |
| Dem. | Rep. | Pro. | Plu. |
| $20.68{ }^{\circ}$ | 26,335 | 358 |  |
| Fus. |  |  |  |
| 19,496 | 27,30 |  |  |

${ }^{*}$ Vote of the north half of Dakota Territory, correspondling to the present Ditete of North Dakota.


## OHIO-Continued.

IX. Counties of Fulton, Lucas, Ottawa, and Wood. S. E. Niece, Dem. 18,081; James H. Southard, Rep., 21.913; D. Miley, Union Ref., i6. Southard's plurality, 3,832.
X. Counties of Adams, Gallia, Jackson, Larvrence, Pike, and Scioto. A. Crabtree, Dem., 13,764; stephen Morgan, Kep., 19,297. Murgan's majority, 5,528 .
XI. Counties of Athens, Hocking, Meigs, Perry. Ross, and Viaton. (․ E. Peoples, I) $=\mathrm{m}, 16,434$; Charles If. Giosvenor. Rep, 19,8ik; (G. IV. 1)ollison, Union Ref., 17. Grosvenor's pluraiity, 3,3i2.
XII. Counties of Fairfield and Franklin. Johu J. Leutz, Dem., $2 \lambda, 232$; E. N. IIuggins, Rep., 20,530; W. WI. Johnson, Pro., 293: A. MI. 'mith, Union Ref., 233. Leatz's plurality, 702.
XIII. Counties of Crawford, Erie, Marion, Saildusky, Seneca, and W yandot. James A. Norto \%, Dem., 21,410; H. L. Wenuer. Rep., 17,606; O.J' Fry, Union Ref., 484; W. S. Payne, Pro., 43 . Nortou's plurality, 3,804 .
XIV. Counties of Ashland, Furon, Knox, Lorain, Morrow, and Richland. 'T. A. Gruber, Dem., 19,134; W. S. Kerr, Rep., 23,464. Kerr's majority , 3,330 .
XV. Counties of Guernsey, Morgan, Muskingum, Noble, and Washington. H. R. Scanhery, Dem., $16509 ; 11$. ©. Van Voorhis, Ren., 19,404. Vau Voorhis' majority, 2,895 .
XVI. Counties of Belmont, Carroll, Harrison, Jefferson, and Monroe. E. D. Moore, Dcm., 13,3:7; Lorerzo Danford, Rep., 15,263. Danford's majority, 2,886 .
XVII. Counties of Coshocton, Holmes, Licking, Tuscarawas, and Wayne. John A. McDowell, Dem., 19,989; G. E. Broome, Rep., 16,016. McDowell's majority, 3,973.
XVIII. Counties of Columbiana, Mahoning, and stark. C. C Weybrecht, Dem. 19,575; R. W. Tayler, Rep. 22,635 ; S. Borton, Soc. L., 686; G. C. Harvey. Pro., 614: L. B. Logan, Uuion Ref., 212 . Tayler's plurality, 3,060.
XIX. Counties of Ashtabula, Geauga, Portage, Summit, and Trumbull. Short termR. E. Nevin, Dem. 12.574; Charles Dick, Rep. 23,309. Dick's majority, 10,785. Long term-I.H. Phelps, Dem., 12612 ; Charles Dick, Rep., 23,3088. Dick's majority, $10,740$.
XX. Counties of Lake. Medina, and Cuyahoga (part). W. J. Hart, Dem. 11,992 ; F. O. Phillips, Rep., 16,894; R. Barthels, Soc. L., 975 ; M. O. Morton, Union Ref., 17. Phillips' piurality, 4,902.
XXI. County of Cuyahoga (part). L. A. Russell, Dem., 10,823; T. E. Burton, Rep., 17,599; J. J. Koller, Soc. L., 1,324. Burton's plurality, 6,776.

## OHIO-Continued.


#### Abstract

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT. Governor, George K. Nash; Lieutenant-Governor, John A. Caldwell; Secretary of State, Charles Kinney; 'Ireasurer, I-aac B. Cameron; Anclitor, W. D. Guilbert: Commissioner of Common schools, Lewis D. Bonebrake; AttorneyGeneral, John M. Sheets; Adjutant-General, H. A. Kingsley; SecretaryState Board of Agricnlture, V. W. Miller; ('ommissioner oi Iusurance, W. S. Matthews-all Republicaus.


## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, John A. Shauck; Associate Justices, T. A. Minshall, William Z. Javis, Marshall J. Williams, Jacob F. Burket, and William T. Spear; Clerk, Josiah B. Allen-all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1900. Senate. House. Joint Ballot.
Republicans.............
Iud. Republicans......
Democrats.................
Democrats.................. 9
Republican majority. $\begin{array}{llll}\overline{9} & \overline{14} & \overline{23}\end{array}$
VOTE OF THE State Since 1872.
1872. Pres.... 241,484 281,852 … 2,100 40,368 R
1876. Pres.....323.182 $330.698 \quad \ldots$.
1877. GOV......271,625 $249,105 \quad \ldots .{ }^{4}, 836 \cdot 22,520 \mathrm{D}$
$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 1879. Gov......319,132 } & 336,261 & 9,072 & 4,145 & 17,129 \mathrm{R} \\ 1 \times 80 \text {. Pres....340,821 } & 375,048 & 6,456 & 2,616 & 34,227 \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 1 } \vee 80 \text {. Pres.....340,821 } & 315,048 & 6,456 & 2,616 & 34,227 \mathrm{R} \\ \mathrm{I} \$ 1 . \text { Gov.....283,426 } & 312,735 & 6.330 & 16,597 & 24,309 \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
$1 \times 82$. Sec. of $\mathrm{S} .316,874 \quad 297,759 \quad 5,315 \quad 12,202 \quad 19,115 \mathrm{D}$


$\begin{array}{llllll}1886 \text {. Sec. of } \$ .329,314 & 341,095 & 2,010 & 28,982 & 11,781 \mathrm{R} \\ \text { Lutb. } & & \end{array}$
1897. Gov......333,205 $356,534 \quad 24,711 \quad 29,700 \quad 23,329 \mathrm{R}$
1888. Pres.....396,455 416.054 $3,496 \quad 24,350619,599^{\circ} \mathrm{R}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 1889. Gov.......379,423 } & 368,551 & 1,018 & 26,504 & 10,872 \mathrm{~J} \\ \text { 1890. Sec. of S. } 252,579 & 363,548 & 1,752 & 23,837 & 10,970 \mathrm{R}\end{array}$

1891. Gov......365,223 $386,739 \quad 23,472 \quad 20,228 \quad 21,511 \mathrm{R}$
1892. Pres....404,115 405,187 14,850 25,012 $1.10,2 \mathrm{R}$

$\begin{array}{lllll}\text { 1894. Sec. of S. } 276,902 & 413,939 & 49,495 & 23,237 & 137,087 \mathrm{R} \\ \text { 1890. Gov......334, } 519 & 427,141 & 52,675 & 21,254 & 92,622 \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
1895. Sec. of S. $475,471 \quad 525,020$

1997. Gov......401,750 429.915 1,661 7,558 28.165 R
1898. Sec. of $\mathrm{S} .317,074 \quad 408,213 \quad \underset{\square}{\cdots} . \dddot{R} . \quad 7,689 \quad 61.139 \mathrm{R}$

| Iع99. Gov.....368,176 | 417,199 | 7,799 | 5,825 | $49,033 \mathrm{R}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## OKLAHORA.

The rote for Delegate to Congress in 1898 was as follows: Keaton, Fus., 19,088 ; Dennis T. Flynn, Pep., 28.456; Hankins, Pop., 1,269. Flynn's plurality, 9,368 .

## TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE, 1900.

The Conncil stands: Democrats, 2; Fusion, 3; Republicans, 8. The House stands: Democrats, 3 ; Fusion, 3 ; Republicans, 17; Populists, 3.

## TERRITORIAL GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Cassins M. Barnes; Secretary, William M. Jenkins; Treasurer, F. M. Thompsoin; Attorney-General, H. S. Cunningham; Superintendent of Education and Auditor, S. N. Hop-kins-all Republicans.

## JUdiciary.

Supreme Conrt: Chief Justice, J. H. Burford; Associate Justices, C. E. Irwin, B. F. Burwell, B. T. Hainer, and John L. McAtee; Clerk of the Court, B. F. Hegler-all Republicans but McA tee, who is a Gold Democrat.

| Countiks. (32.) | Governor, 1898. |  |  | Prastidmt, 1836. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { King, } \\ \text { Fus, } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Geer, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lice, } \\ & \text { Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | Bryan, U.P. F.S.R. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mc- } \\ & \text { Kinley } \\ & \text { Kep. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \text { N. D. } \end{array}\right\}$ |
| $\overline{\text { Bake }}$ | 1,436 | 1,191 | 115 | 1,849 | 915 |  |
| Benton. | 12 | ${ }^{995}$ | 21 | 991 | 1,074 |  |
| Clakam | 1,772 | 2,161 | 141 | 2,385 |  |  |
| Clatson | 819 | 1,5 |  | 1,124 |  |  |
| Colum | 534 | 724 |  |  |  |  |
| Coos. | 1,013 | 457 | 139 | 1,552 | 1,105 |  |
| Crook. | 492 | ${ }_{6}^{667}$ | 25 | 6 |  |  |
| Douglas | 1,784 | 1,653 | 30 | 2,049 | 1,917 |  |
| Gilliam. | 34. | 554 | 44 |  |  |  |
| Grant. |  |  | 112 |  |  |  |
| Harn | 416 | 347 |  | 519 |  |  |
| ckso | 1,2\% | 1,35 | 389 | 2,3 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{84}$ | 439 | 51 | 1,189 |  |  |
| Lake.. |  | 433 | 10 | 83 |  |  |
| Lane | 1,885 | 1,929 | 138 | 2,598 |  |  |
| Linco | 414 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Limn | 2,02. | 1,902 | 145 | 2,731 | 2,06t |  |
| Marion | 2,713 | 3.216 | 70 | 3,420 | 3,74 |  |
| Morrow | 470 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Multnon |  | 0, 3 B | 266 | 6,446 | 1 |  |
| Polk | 1,1 | 1,2 |  | 1,333 |  |  |
| Sherman |  | 478 | 41 | 418 |  |  |
| Unatilla | 1,466 | 1,847 |  |  |  |  |
| Union | 1,4 | 1.6 | 245 | 2154 | 1,3 |  |
| Wallo | 354 |  | 170 | 640 |  |  |
| Wasco | 19 | 1,3 | 41 | 1,363 | 1,701 |  |
| Yamhill | 1,398 | 1,646 |  | 1,750 |  |  |
| Total | 542 |  | 2,878 | 46,66 |  |  |
| Plura |  | 24 | 3.38 |  |  |  |
| cattering. |  | 2,219 |  |  | 19 |  |
| Whole vote. |  | 85, ,7: ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ |  |  | 97,337 |  |

The scattering vote for Governor in 1895 was for Cintun, Pro.
The scattering vote of $1 \times 96$ was for Levering, Prc.
VOTE FOR RFPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.
I. R. M. Veateh, Fins, 19,237; Thomas H. Tongue, Rep, ,21.324; J. L. Hill, Pop., 1,833; L. H. Pelerson, Pro., 1,113. Tongue's plurality, 2,037.
II. C. M. Donatikon, Fus. 14,634: M. A. Moody, Rep., 21,291 H. E. Conrtney, Pop., 2,273 ; G. W. Ingalis, Pro., 1,120. Moody's plurality, 6,657.
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, T. 'T. Geer; Secretary of State and Auditor, F. I. Du bar: state Freasurer, C. S Moore; Superintendent of 1ublic Instruction, J H. Ackerman; Adjutant-General, (C, U. (Vantenbein; Attorney-General, D. R. N.' Biackiburn-all Republicans.

Supreme C'ourt: C'hief Justice, Charles E. Wol-verton:-Justices, Rnbert S . Bean and Frank A. Moore; Clerk, J. J. Murphy-all Republicans.

vote of the state since 1872.
Dem Rrp. Lab. Pro.
1872. Pres. $7,75311.818$
1876. Pres. 14,158 15,208
1880. Pres. 19.948 20,619
1884. Pres. 24.604 26,860
1888. Pres. 26,522 33,291


4,065 R
..... 1
1,050 R
671 R
$2,256 \mathrm{R}$
6,769 R
1892. Pres. $14,243 \quad 35,002$ 26,965 $2,281 \quad 35,813$
1894. GOV. 17,865 $41,139 \quad 26,1231,982 \quad 15.001 \mathrm{~F}$
1896. Pres. .... 48,579 ....
1898. Gov. $\quad \cdots$.

PENNSYLVANIA.

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Counties. } \\ & (67 .) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Treaserek, } \\ 1899 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President. } \\ 1896 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Creasy <br> Dern. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bar- } \\ & \text { yett, } \\ & \text { liep. } \end{aligned}$ | Cald well, Pro. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan } \\ & \text { Wemi, } \\ & \text { \& Pup' } \end{aligned}$ | McKinley lep. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \text { N. D. } \end{gathered}\right.$ |
| Atams. | 385 | 3,149. | 79 | 4 | 4,170 |  |
| Alleghel | 13,511 | 30.004 |  | 29,80y | 76,691 | 452 |
| Armstro | 4,459 | 5,621 | 75 | 3,825 | 6.325 | 22 |
| Beave | 3,104 | 4,365 | 190 | 4,32:2 | 6,842 | 37 |
| Bedf | 3,16i | 3,777 | 75 | 3,605 | 4,983 | 47 |
| Bert | 10,448 | 5.661 | 125 | 18,099 | 14,318 | 416 |
| Blai | 3,583 | 5,040 | 275 | 4,840 | 10,382 | 167 |
| Brad | 3,242 | 5,815 | 35 ¢ | 4388 | 9422 | 58 |
| Buch | 7.148 | 6,811 | 24.3 | 6685 | 9,798 | 312 |
| Butl | 3,654 | 4,785 | 23* | 5127 | 6821 | 26 |
| Camb | 6,213 | 6,845 | 276 | 6843 | 8865 | 81 |
| Came | 414 | 593 | 38 | 5 | 925 | 9 |
| Carbo | 3,428 | 2,912 | 138 | 3609 | 4534 | 130 |
| Centr | 4,260 | 3,814 | 163 | 4,546 | 4880 | 93 |
| Chest | 5,490 | 8, 02 J | 417 | 6 6) ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 14,232 | 246 |
| C'lario | 2,519 | 1.755 | 125 | 4097 | 3338 | 20 |
| Clear | 4, , 26 | 4.812 | 484 | $646^{\circ} 0$ | 7395 | 91 |
| Clinto | 2,597 | 2.332 | 122 | 3053 | 3486 | 104 |
| Columbi | 3.989 | 1,824 | 269 | 4904 | 3280 | 77 |
| Crawfo | 5,607 | 6,5,8 | 395 | 8383 | 7851 | 50 |
| Cumberla | 5,473 | 4.581 | 278 | 5202 | 6,178 | 102 |
| Dauphi | 5,356 | 8,504 | 664 | 6584 | 14,752 | 63 |
| Dela | 3,209 | 6,650 | 258 | 4,169 | 13,979 | 184 |
| Ell | 2,252 | 1,139 | 152 | 2.717 | 2807 | 44 |
| Eri | 4,550 | 7,180 | 375 | 9210 | 11.819 | 193 |
| Faye | 7,501 | 7829 | 220 | 8.349 | 9268 | 0 |
| Fores | 582 | 853 | 69 |  | 1,224 |  |
| Fra | 3.926 | 4,820 | 155 | 4425 | 6.747 | 139 |
| Fulto | 1,095 | 717 | 23 | 1246 | 1088 |  |
| Greene | 3, 0651 | 1706 | -37 | 4.198 | 2.453 |  |
| Hunting | 1,834 | 2,615 | 174 | 2305 | 4,969 | 97 |
| Indian | 1,200 | 3,517 | 213 | 2.752 | 5818 |  |
| Jeffer | 2358 | 3, 765 | 34 | 3671 | 5,500 |  |
| Junia | 1,596 | , 1,473 |  | 1819 | 2,059 |  |
| Lackaw | 8,234 | ! 8,576 |  | 11,873 | , 18,737 | 112 |
| Lancast | 4.854 | 13.128 | 254 | 81 | , 24,337 | 498 |
| Lawrenc | 1,624 | 3,187 | 349 | 3013 | 6,228 | 4 |
| Lebanon | 2,153 | 3.739 | 140 | 2815 | 7288 |  |
| Lehigh | 7710 | 5,002 | 14 | 9369 | - 9507 | ออ |
| Luzerne | 14,406 | 13, 153 |  | 17,305 | 22,718 | 304 |
| Lrcoming | 6,169 | $\pm .852$ | 712 | 7340 | 8,097 | 167 |
| McK | 1,845 | 3.414 | 396 | 3074 | 45.077 | 55 |
| Merc |  | 5.170 | 303 | 5500 | 7.262 | 31 |
| Mitii | 1,907 | 1.818 | 73 | 2059 | 2,662 |  |
| Niom | 2,594 | 826 | 9 |  | 1447 |  |
| Mont | 9.8*3 | 9.158 | 282 | 9985 | 17,329 | 06 |
| Montcur | 1,217 | 6.5 | 30 | 1.747 | 1,384 |  |
| Northampton | 8,6i:8 | 6.011 |  | 10 U33 | 9,764 | 560 |
| N'thumberl' d | 6,781 | 5,624 | 461 | 7,367 | 8,059 | 120 |
| Perry | 2,340 | 2,487 | 71 | 2477 | 3,537 | 54 |
| Phila | 40,371 | 110035 | 1,592 | 63,323 | 176462 | 3,115 |
| Pik | 178 | 345 | 1,52 | 1,123 | - 778 | 3, 25 |
|  | 1,830 | 2,172 | 244 | 2446 | 3.281 | 28 |
| schuy | 14, $12 \times$ | 11,936 | 235 | 14, 145 | 17.040 | 359 |
| Suyder. | 1,088 | 1,994 | 37 | - 351 | 2572 | 23 |
| Somerse | 1,430 | 3,508 | 128 | 2,295 | 5,861 | 14 |
| Sullivan | 1,159 | 1.000 | 76 | 1,300 | 1215 | 29 |
| Susquehanna.. | 3,206 | 4,053 | 427 | 3618 | 5,310 |  |
| Tioga... | 1,568 | 4,085 | 223 | 2,828 | 7,922 | 72 |
| Uni | 1,001 | 1.515 | 79 | 1186 | 2585 | 54 |
| Venang | 3,100 | 3,913 | 593 | 4599 | 5.133 | 32 |
| Warre | 1,876 | 3, 022 | S50 | 3,048 | 4846 | 2 |
| Washing | 4.928 | 6,770 | $20^{\circ} 9$ | 7384 | 10.798 | 2 |
| W'ayne. | 2,707 | 2,399 | 233 | 2473 | 3708 | 1 |
| Westmorel'd | 11.719 | 13,3 ̄h | 380 | 11,029 | 14,928 | 90 |
| Wyon | 1,417 | 1,918 | 120) | 1 155 | $\stackrel{4}{273}$ | 17 |
| York | 11,34 5 | 8,010 | 360 | 13, 054 | 12,258 | 365 |
| Tota | 32751 | 488000 | 18,072 | 433228 | 728300 | 11.000 |
| Pluralit |  | 110488 |  |  | 295072 |  |
| Percent | 41.43 | 55. 41 | 2.28 | 36, 20 | 60.90 | 0.90 |
| Scattering |  | , 0.4 |  |  | 21,827 |  |
| Whole vote. |  | 790.488 |  |  | 1,194,3 |  |

Of the scattering vote for Treasurer in 1899 Watkins, Pop., received 1,988 ; Clark, Soc. L., 375 : Wood, Uu.'Ref., 506; Creas', Anti-'Trust, 65 7.
The scattering vote in 1896 was: Levering, Pro. 19,274 i Matchett. Soc. L. 1638 ; Bentley, Nat. Pro., 8i0. Bryan's Populist vote was 6,108.

PENNSYLVANIA-Continued.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONG1RESS, 1898.

## Districts.

I. County of Philadelphia (part). M. F. Doyle Dem., 8,213; H. J. Hingham, Rep., 25,665; J. II. Holtz, Pro., 1.091; J. E. Leinon, League is. Hevel., 6 53.
II. County of Philadelphia (part). H. V. Hetzel. Dem., 3,850; R. Adams, Jr., Rep., 19,547.
III. (ounty of Philadelphia (part). W. McAleer, Dem., $\overline{,}, 216^{\circ}$; Rep. (for sanle candidate as Dem. ), 13,105 ; E. Mr. Marsh, Pro. 340.
IV. County of Puiladelphia (part). G. sibley, Dem., 12,200; J. R. Yoang, Rep., 41,627; C'. ( 1. Haiscock, Pro., 3,372.
$V$ County of Philadelphia (part). F. D. Wright, Dem., 9,$942 ; 1$. (․ Harmer, Rep., $39,239$.
VI. Counties ol Chester und Delaware. IV. H. Berry, Jem., 6,511; 'I.S. Buller, Rep., 15.169; J. 13. IRobinson, Citizens, 6,481; scaitering, 58.
VII. Counties of Bucks and Montgomery. C. Rorer. Jem., 17,872; I. P. Wanger, Rep., 21.567 ; H. Leopold, Pro., 1,195.
VIII. Connties of Northampton, Monroe, Pike, and Carbon. I. H. Barker, Iom., 16,400; W Kirkpatrick, Rep., 13,516.
IX Counties of Berks and Lehigh. D. Ermentront, Dem., 24,137; J. S. Parvin, Rep., 16,$613 ; \mathrm{W}$. W. towman, Pro., 934 ; I. P. Merkel, soc. L., 4 อ̄3.
X. County of Lancaster. A.J. Steinman, Dem., 7,083 ; M. Brosins, Rep., 17,482; W. I. Jackson, Pro., 1,202.
XI County of Lackawanna. M. F. Sando, Dem., 9,861 ; W. Connell, Rep., 11,404; F . Jeach, Pro., 2,$952 ;$ J. Burschel, soc. L., 329; F. Leach, Honest Govt., 213.
XII. County of Luzerne. S. W. Davenport, Dem.. 17,$220 ;$ M. B. Williams, Rep., 15,772; J. B. Hunter, Pro. 1,498.
XIII. County of Schuyllzill. J. W. Ryan Dem., 15,$042 ;$ C. N. Brumm, liep. 15,$542 ;$ P. W'alker, Soc. L., 176.
XIV. Counties of Dauphin, Lebanon, and Perry. W. W Gray, Dem., 9,926: M. E. Olmsted, Rep., 19,35̃2; L. L. (irumbine, Pro., 2,564.
XV. Counties of Bradford, Susquehanna, Wayne, and Wyoming. A. B. Gammell, Dem. 9,331 ; C. F. Wright, Rep., 14,541; C. S. Russell, Pro., 2,416.
XVI. Connties of 'Tioga, Potter, Lycoming, and Clin'on. J. F. Strieby, Iem., 12,858; H. B. Packer, Rep., 15,839; L. P. 'Thurston, Pro. 3,378.
XVII. Counties of Northumberland, Columbia, Montour, andSullivan. R. K. Polk, Dem., 14,792; W. H. Woodin, Rep., 12,487; J. IL. C'aldwell, Pro., 1,265.
XVIII. Counties of Franklin, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Snyder, Union, and Miffin. R. McMeen, Dem., 12921 ; T. M. Mahon, Rep., 17,722.
XIX. Counties of Adams, Cumberland, and York. E. D. Ziegler, Dem., 20,126; R. J. I.ewis, Rep., 19,016.
XX. Counties of Cainbria, Blair, Somerset, and Bedford. J. M. Walters, Dem., 17,858; J. E. Thropp, Rep., 19,30̃8; J J. Irwin, Pro., 2,091: J. McJahon, ©oc. L., 241.
XXI. Comnties of Westnioreland, Armstrong, Indiana, and Jefferson J. R. Spiegel, Dem. 16,191; 太. M. Jack, Rep., 23,277; T'. J. Baldridge, Pro.. 2,360.
XXII. County of Allegheny (part). (1.W. Acklin, Dem. 11,$049 ; \mathrm{J}, \mathrm{Dalzell}$, Rep., 25,$693 ; \mathrm{H}$. I. Castle, Pro., 1,219: V. Renimel, soc. L., 527; T. II. (irundy, Uniou, 121.
XXIII. County of Allegheny (part). J. H. Stevenson, Dem.. 5,608 ; WT. H. Graham, Rep., 14,008; F. (! Brittian, Rep. 691; E. Schwartz, soc. L., 223; W. A. Klinger, Union, 3 อั.

## PENNSYLVANIA-Continued.

XXIV. Counties of Fayette, Greene, Washington, and Allegheny (part). M. C. ("ochran, Dem., 21,290; E. F. Acheson, Rep., $2 \overline{5}, 524$.
XXV. Counties of Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer, and Butler. M. L. Lockwood, Dem., 15, 271 ; J. B. Showalter, Rep., 18,221; ; J. A. Bailey, Pro., 2,006.
XXVI. Counties of Crawford and Erie. A. Gaston, Dem., 13,516; (ì. H. Higgins, Rep., 13,482; F. A. Loveland, Pro., 1,291.
XXVII. Counties of Venango, Warren, Mckean, and Cameron. J. C. sibley, Dem., 14,138; (.W. Stone, Rep., 11,757; W.W. Hague, Pro., 1,223.
XXVIII. Counties of Clarinn Forest, Elk, Clearfield, and C'entre. J. K. P. Hull, Dem., 17,500 ; W. C. A rnold, Rep., 14,209; G. W. Rheem, Pro., 1,898.

At Large (two Representatives voted for). - F. P. Iams, Dem., 350,213 ; J. N. Weiler, Dem., 356,650 ; Galusha A. Grow, Rep., 532,488; S. A. Davenport, Rep., 520,730; Gruber, Pro., 48,600; Sharpless, Pro., 47,543, Jolnnston, Pop., 3,995; Weiler, Pop., 847; Root, Soc. L.. 4,495; Munro, Soc L., 4,300 ' Guss, Lib., 839 ; Slaw, Lib., 837 . Grow's plurality, 176,198; Davenport's p.urality, 164,123 .

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, William A. Stone; Lientenant-Governor, J. P. S. Gobin; Secretary of the Commonwealth, William W'. Griest; Treasurer, Jas. s. Beacom; Anditor-(ieneral, L. G. McCanley ; Adju-tant-General, Thomas J. Stewart; Attorney-dieneral, John P. Elkin; -uperintendent of Public Instruction, N. C. Schaeffer; Insurance Commissloner. Israel W. Durham; Commissioner of Banking, Thomas J. Powers-all Republicans except Schaefler, Dem.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Henry Green; Associate Justices, J. Hay Brown, James 'T. Nitchell, J. P. McCollum, John Dean, D. Newlin Fell, and s. I. Mestrezat; Prothonotaries, Eastern District, Charles S. Greene; Middle District, William Pearson; Westem District, George Pear-son-all Republicans except Justices McCollum and Mestrezat, who are Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.

|  | Senate. | House. | Joint Ballot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans, |  | 127 | 164 |
| Democrats | . 13 | 71 | 84 |
| Fusion. | 0 | 6 | 6 |
| Republican | y. 24 | 50 | 74 |

VOTE OF TIE STATE SINCE 1872.


RHODEISLAND.

| Counties. <br> (5.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Goternor, } \\ 1899 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Greene Dem. | Dyer, liep. | Bryan, Dem. | Mc Kinley Rep. | Palmer, N. D. | Levering, Pro. |
| Bristol |  | 949 | 424 | 1.321 | 35 | 42 |
| Kent | 8.8 | 1,812 | 645 | 2.817 | 84 | 75 |
| Newport | 1,521 | 2,762 | 1,092 | 3, 415 | 144 | 92 |
| Providence | 10,818 | 16,789 | 11,644 | 26.844 | 50.4 | 534 |
| Wrashingtou | 658 | 1,996 | $645^{\circ}$ | 3,040 | 119 | 357 |
| Total | 14,602 | 24,308 | 14,459 | 37,437 | 1,166 | 1,160 |
| Plurality |  | 9,706 |  | 229,978 |  |  |
| Per cent. | 33.86 | 56.31 | 26.33 | 68.34 | 2.11 | 2.13 |
| Scattering .... |  | $2 \geqslant 0$ |  | $5{ }^{5}$ |  |  |
| Whole vote. |  | 130 |  | 54,7 |  |  |

The scattcring vote for Governor in 1899 was: Herrick, Soc. L., 2,941; Peckham, Pro., 1,279.
The scattering vote for President in 1890 was: Matchett, suc. L., j̄อ̄; Bentley, Nat. Pro.,5.
Yote for representatives in congress, 1898. Disivicts.
I. John W. Hogan, Dem., 6,714: Melville Bull, Rep., 12,263; Charles T. Tilley, Pro. 482; E. W. Theinert, Soc. L., 1,117. Bull's plurality, 5,554 .
II. Lucius F. C. Garvin, Dem., 6,492; A din B. Capron, Rep., 9,041; Frank 13. Smith, 1’ro., 517; Charles H. I)ana, Soc. L., 1,534. Capron's plurality, 2.549 .
PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Gorernor, Elisha Dyer; Lieutenant-Governor, William Gregory ; Secretary of State, Charles P. Bennett ; Attorney-General, W. B. Tanner; fieneral Treasurer, Walter A. Read; Adjutant-General, F. M. Sackett ; Auditor, Cbarles C. Grey ; Superintendent of Education, T. B. Stockwellall Republicans.

## JUDTCIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Charles Matteson; Associate Justices, John H. Stiness, Pardon E. Tillinghast, George A. Wilbur, Horatio Rogers, W. W. Douglas, and Edward C. Dubois; Clerk of the Court, B. S. Blaisdell-all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1900.
Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

|  |  |  | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans. | 31 | 58 | 89 |
| Democrats. | 6 | 13 | 19 |
| Prohibitionisl | - | I | 1 |
| Pepubi | 25 | 44 | 69 |

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.
Dem. Rep. Gr. Pro. Plu.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1872. President. .. } 5,329 \\
& \text { 1876. Prasident. . } 10,712 \\
& 15,787 \\
& 10,102
\end{aligned}
$$

1880. I'resident. . 10,779 18.195
1881. I'resiclent. . 12,391 19,930
1882. 1'resident. . .17,530 21,968
$\because 336$
$\begin{array}{lll}\text {... } 1,250 & 4,438 \mathrm{R}\end{array}$
Nit.

1883. Governor. . $17,061 \quad 28,472 \quad \ldots \quad 2,950 \quad 11,411 \mathrm{R}$
1884. President. ..14.459 37,437 1,166 $\quad 1,160$ 22,978 R
1885. (tovernor. . 13,675 $\quad 21,309 \quad \ldots .2^{2,090^{\circ}} \quad 10,634 \mathrm{IR}$
1886. Govermor...13,224 $24,743 \quad \ldots \quad 2,012 \quad 11,519 \mathrm{R}$

## Soc. $L$

1899. Governor...14,602 $24,308 \quad 2,941 \quad 1.279 \quad 9,706 \mathrm{R}$

* Majority.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

| $\underset{(H 1 .)}{\substack{\text { Oownirs. }}}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Govervor, } \\ 1898 . \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { President, } \\ & 1896 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\square$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Dem. } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Mro- } \\ \text { Kimiey } \\ \text { Rep. }}}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pal- } \\ & \text { Part } \\ & \text { m. D. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Abbeville.. |  |  | 337 |  |
| Aliker... | 709 |  | 13. |  |
| Bamberg. | 449 |  | 368 |  |
| Barnvell. | 808 | 2,385 | 239 |  |
| Beaufort Berkeley. | 446 | ${ }^{289}$ | 444 143 |  |
| Charlesto | 1,142 | 1,6̄59 |  | 49 |
| Chester. | 5.8 | 1,254 | 76 | 10 |
| Chesterfiel |  | 1,465 | 220 |  |
| Colleton... | 599 | 1,450 | 343 |  |
| Cherokee. | 505 |  |  |  |
| Darlington | 544 | 1,625 | 201 |  |
| Dorcheste | 44 |  |  |  |
| Fairfield. | 379 | 1,078 | 54 |  |
| Florence. | 592 | 1,539 | 136 |  |
| Georgetow |  |  |  |  |
| Greenville | 677 | 2,718 | 8 | \% |
| (Iamptor |  | 1,072 | 25 |  |
| Horry | 807 | 1,372 | 196 |  |
| Kershat | 403 | 1,191 | 13 |  |
| Lancaster |  |  |  |  |
| taurens | ${ }_{9} 19$ | 1,943 | 111 |  |
| Lexingtou. | ${ }^{2} 18$ | 1.672 | 197 |  |
| Marion. | 1,144 | 1,936 | 313 | 11 |
| Mariborou | bit | +2 | 237 |  |
| Nerwber | 700 | 1.528 | 64 |  |
| Orangeburg | 1.359 | 1,392 | 199 |  |
| Pickens. | 374 | 1,261 | 170 |  |
| Richland.. | 332 | 925 | 468 | 29 |
| Spartanbur | 1,4i0 | 4,234 | 247 |  |
| Sumter. | 407 | 1,550 | 326 |  |
| Union. | 590 | 1.379 | 158 |  |
| Williamsi | 900 | 1,550 | 35.5 |  |
| York | 984 | 2,010 | 152 |  |
| Total | 28,109 |  | 9,281 | 828 |
| Per cent | .... | 85.33. |  | 1.20 |
| Whole vot |  |  | 68,907 |  |

There were two McKinley electoral tickets. The Regular Republican ticket received 5,058 and the "Reorganized Republican" ticket 4,223.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Berkeley (part), Charleston, Colleton (part), Beaufort, Georgetown, and Williamsburg. William Elliott, Dem., 3,030; George W. Murray, Rep., 1,529.
II. Counties of Aiken, Barawell, Saluda, Edgefield, and Hampton. W. J. Talbert, Dem., 4,$016 ;$ R. P. Chatfield, Rep., 122.
III. Counties of Abbeville, Anderson Newberry, Oconee, and Pickens. A. C. Latimer, Dem., 4.029 ; IR. R. Tolbert, Rep., 332.
IV. Counties of Fairfield, Greenville, Laurens, Richland, Spartanburg (part), and Union (part). Stanyarne Wilson, Dem., 4,467; P. S. Suber, Rep., 165.
V. Counties of Chester, Chesterfield, Kershaw, Lancaster, Spartanlurg (part), Union (part), and York. D. E. Findley, Dem., 4,230.
VI. Connties of Clarendon, Darlington, Florence, Horry, Marion, Marlborough, and Williamsburg (part). James Norton, Dem., 4,765̃; J. H. Evans, Rep., 151.
VII. Counties of Berkeley (part), Colleton (part), Lexington Orangeburg, Richland, and Sumter. J. W. Stokes, Dem., 4,438; James Weston, Rep., 505.

## SOUTH CAROLINA-Continued.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, M. B. MeSweeny; Lieutenant-fovernor, R. B. Scarborough; secretary of state, M. R. Cooper; 'reasurer, W. H. Tmmierman; Conıptroller, D. P. Derham; Attorney-(ieneral, G. D. Bílinger; Adjutant-General, J. W. Floyd; Superintendent of Education, J. J. MicMalian-all liemocrats.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Henry MeIver; Justices, Eugene B. Gary, I'a K. Jones, aud Y. J. Pope; Clerk, U. R. Brooks-ail Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899. Sfnate. Ifouse. Joint Brllot.

$\frac{\text { 1898. Governor........ } 28,1 v 9.1}{\text { SOUTH DAKO FA. }}$

| Counties. (53.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governur, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { PRESiDENT, } \\ 1846 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I.ee, Fus. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phil- } \\ & \text { lips, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Delln. } \\ & \text { \& Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | Me- Kinley Kep. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Anrora. | 500 | 358 | 479 | 387 | 12 |
| Beadle. | 8.44 | 98.1 | 915 | 935 | 24 |
| Bon Homme | 773 | 922 | 843 | 1.163 | 7 |
| Brookings | 1,306 | 954 | 1,288 | 1,263 | 42 |
| Brown | 1,649 | 1,662 | 1.827 | 1,618 | 22 |
| Brule | 689 | 479 | 658 | 441 | 5 |
| Buifalo. | ¢5 | 60 | 79 | 68 |  |
| Butte | 206 | 290 | 286 | 222 | 2 |
| Campbell | 310 | 551. | 369 | 449 | 3 |
| C'harles Mix | 788 | 647 | 594 | 698 | 11 |
| Clark. | 825 | 639 | 816 | 695 | 33 |
| Clay | 1,126 | 982 | 1,061 | 1238 | 82 |
| Codidington | 808 | 813 | 759 | 1,041 | 23 |
| Custer.. | 361 | 371 | 515 | 429 | 3 |
| Davison | 718 | 623 | 733 | 616 | 16 |
| 1)ay. | 1,154 | 858 | 1,230 | 1,171 | 36 |
| Denel. | 507 | 500 | 668 | 698 | 52 |
| Douglas. | 509 | 481 | 390 | 538 | 5 |
| Edniminds | 542 | 431 | 510 | 371 | 7 |
| Fall River | 347 | 420 | 555 | 532 | 4 |
| Faulk | 327 | 471 | 237 | 4:3) | 4 |
| Grant. | 610 | 838 | 902 | 1,009 | 21 |
| Gregury | 116 | 189 |  |  |  |
| Hamlin | $5: 1$ | 568 | 559 | 702 | 12 |
| Hand. | 564 | 488 | 567 | 451 | 7 |
| Hanson | 552 | 348 | 63.8 | 420 | 6 |
| Hughes. | 307 | 437 | 327 | 462 | 3 |
| IIutchinson | 343 | 1,094 | 458 | 1,413 | 14 |
| Hyde. | 111 | 209 | 121 | 223 | 2 |
| Jeramar. | 336 | 287 | 330 | 274 | 6 |
| Kingsbury | 917 | 844 | 1051 | 950 | 26 |
| Lake... | 843 | 751 | 999 | 864 | 11 |
| Lawrenc | 2, 212 | 2,581 | 2905 | 2210 | 36 |
| Lincoln. | 1,149 | 1,100 | 1393 | 1,516 | 16 |
| Lyman | 105 | 125 | 78 | 114 | 1 |
| Narshall | 65 ¢ | 545 | 694 | 5อ] | 15 |
| MeC'ook. | 810 | 618 | 1047 | 678 | 12 |
| MePherson. | 236 | 776 | 361 | 512 | 6 |
| Meade. | 630 | 473 | 802 | 550 | 3 |

SOUTH DAKOTA-Continued.

| Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1893 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prksidennt, } \\ 1896 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lee, Fus. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Phil- } \\ & \text { lips, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} \text { Bryan, } \\ \text { Dem. } \\ \text { \& lop. } \end{array}$ | McKinley Rep. | Levering, Pro. |
| Miner | 714 | 412 | 705 | 582 | 5 |
| Minnel | $2,26.4$ | 2, 030 | 2667 | 2429 | 52 |
| Moody | 874 | 762 | 1,012 | 780 | 7 |
| Pennington | 560 | 764 | 1,038 | 739 |  |
| Potter | 409 | 296 | 390 | 333 | 5 |
| Robert | 893 | 1,245 | 979 | 1,324 | 22 |
| sanborı | 533 | 441 | 500 | 530 | 14 |
| Spink | 1,071 | 1,079 | 1,061 | 1132 | 13 |
| stamley | $12 y$ | 76 | 140 | 89 | 2 |
| sully. | 228 | 241 | 198 | 262 | 3 |
| Turne | 725 | 1,225 | 950 | 1,616 | 14 |
| Union | 1,424 | $8 \times 2$ | 1.491 | 1297 | 17 |
| Walworth | $3 \div 9$ | 367 | 286 | 250 | 5 |
| Yankton | 1,147 | 1,146 | 1,350 | 1423 | 14 |
| Unorganized | 241 | 243 | 308 | 337 |  |
| Total. | 37, 319 | 36,949 | 41, 225 | 41,042 | 683 |
| Plurality. | 370 |  | 183 |  |  |
| Per cent. | 50.25 | 49.75 | 49.69 | 49.46 | 0.85 |
| Whole vote. | 74. | 276 |  | 82,950 |  |

VOTE FOR JUSTYC'ES SC'PREME COURT, 1839.
Corson, IRep., 24,201; Ianey, Rep., 24064 ; Fuller, Rep., 23,690; Sinith, Fus., 17,970; Keunedy, Fus., 18,035: Bennett, Fus. , 18,601.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT

Governor, Andrew E. Lee, Fus. ; LieutenantGovernor, John T. Kean. Rep.; Secretary of State, W. H. Rodile, Rep.; Treasurer. John Schamber, Rep. ; Auditor, James 1). Reeves, Rep.; Attorney-(ieneral, John L. lyle, Rep.; Superintendent of Education, E. E. Collins, Rep.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Dighton Corson Justices, Dick Haney and H. G. Fuller; Clerk, Miss Jessie Fuller-all Republicans. STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.

Sinute. House. Joint Ballot.
$\qquad$

| 28 | 59 | 87 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 17 | 28 | 45 |
| -11 | - | -31 |

Republican majority. $11 \quad 31$.
VOTE OF THE TERRITORY AND STATE SINCE 1886.

| 1886. | Congress* . . . . 28 , | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rep. } \\ 43.365 \end{gathered}$ | $F \cdot A$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1808. | Congress* . . . 250.44 | 44.906 |  | 19.863 |
| 1889. | Covernor. . . . 23.840 | $53.96 \frac{1}{4}$ |  | 30, 124 |
| 1840. | Governor. . . . . 18.484 | 34.487 | 24,591 | +9,896 |
| 1891. | Congress...... 7, 199 | 17,614 | $14.587$ | $\dagger 3.027$ |
| 1892. | lent..... 9,081 | 34,888 | 26. 244 | †8,344 |
|  | Dem. Rir |  | Pro. |  |
| 1894. | Gov... 8,75็็ 40,4 Dem.- | $26$ | 1.011 | 13, 833 |
| 1896. | President..... 41,225 | 41,042 | 683 | 183 |
| 1848. | (tovernor..... 37.319 | 36.949 |  | 370 |
| 1899. | Sup. C't.Judge 17,970 | 24201 |  | 6,231 |

* The rote of 1886 and 1888 was that of the comniles' of Dakota 'rerritory which now compose the state of South Dakota. † Plurality.

TENNESSEE.

| Counties. (36.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PRESIDENT, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | McMillin, Dem. | Fowler, Rep. | Bryan, Dem. \& Pol. | Nic- Kinley Rep. | Palmer, N. D. | Levering, Pro. |
| Anderson | 501 | 1,160 | 745 | 2,234 | 22 | 5 |
| Beajurd. | 1,757 | 985 | 2,596 | 2,151 | 70 | 50 |
| Beinton. | 1,093 | 447 | 1, 4nّ3 | 769 | 1 | 12 |
| Blerlsoe | 3ny | 372 | 4.8 | 785 | 12 |  |
| Blount | อ็5 | 1,274 | 971 | 2,652 | 3 | 48 |
| Bradley | 609 | 1,033 | 1,057 | 1.725 | 5 | 45 |
| ('ampliell | 386 | 1,300 | 571 | 2389 | 11 | 13 |
| Cannou | 835 | 469 | 1,276 | 778 | 10 |  |



## TENNESSEE-Continued.

## VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1896.

The vote for Governor was: Taylor, Dem. 156,228; Tillman, Rep., 149.374; Mims, Pop., il, 076 ; Hopwood, Pro., 2,831 . Taylor's plurality, 6,854 .

> PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Benton Mc\Iillin; Secretary of State, Williams. Morgan; Treasurer, Ed. B. Craig; Commissioner of Agriculture, Thomas Paine; Superintendent of Public Instruction, M. C. Fitzpatrick; Comptroller, Theo. F. King; Adju-tant-General, H. (.. Lamb; Attorney-General, G. W. Pickle-all Democrats.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, David L. Snodgrass; Justices, W. C. Caldwell, John S. Wilkes. W. K. McAllister, W. D. Beard, and A. W. Mr. M. Neil, S. F. Wilson, R. Mi. Barton, Jr. ; Clerk, James Turney-all Democrats.
state leggislature, 1899.
Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

|  | Senate. House. Joint Ballot. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Democrats............... | 28 | 57 | 105 |
| Republicaus........... | 5 | 22 | 27 |
| Democratic majority. | - | - | - |



* Majority. $\dagger$ A recount of the vote by the Legislature resulted in the rejection of certain returns for irregularities and elected Turney Governor.


## TEXAS.

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898.
I. T. H. Ball, Dem., 18,544; O. A. Blackwell, Rep., 5,751 ; J. H. Eagle, Pop., 3.289. II. S. B. Cooper, Dem., 22,086 ; J. A. McAyael, Rep., 2,093; T. J. Russell, Pop. 7,391. III. R. C. De Graffenreid, Dem. 17,996 ; H. D. Wood, Yop, 9.169 IV. J. L. Sheppard, Dem., 18,190; J. L. Whittle, Pop., 10,709. V. J. W. Bailey, Dem., 16.978; A. W. Acheson, Rep., 1,487; W. S. Holt, Pop., 4,345. VI. R. E. Burke, Dem., 25,116 ; A. J. Houston, Rep., 3,375; T. P. Gore, Pop., 9,677. VII. R. L. Heury, Dem., 22,203 ; R. Kingsbury, Rep., 2,197 ; A. W. Cunningham, Pop., 7,928. VIII. S. TV. T. Lanham, Dem., 18580 ; A. Springer, Rep., 2, 239 ; N. J. Shands, Pop., 11,138. IX. A.S. Burleson, Dem. ,20,378; (t. W. Jones, Ind., 12,632 . X. W. S. Robson, Dem., 16,462; R. B. Hawley, Rep., 17,757; J. W. Baird, Pop., 2,604. XI R. Kleberg, Dem. 18,$319 ; \mathrm{B}$. L. Crouch. Rep., 14,687. XII. J. I, Slayden, Dem., 16,363 ; ( 4. H., Noonan Rep., 10.472 ; A. B. Surber, Pop., 2.110. XIII. J. H. Stephens, Dem., 34,876; J. J. Eager,

| TEXAS-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  | TEXAS-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Counties. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Governor, } \\ & 1898 . \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Presidine } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | Countirg. | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Prgsidgnt, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Say- } \\ & \text { ers, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned}$ | Gibbs, Pop. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned}$ | Kinley Rep. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \mathrm{N} . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\left.\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Say- } \\ & \text { ers, } \\ & \text { Dem. } \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | Gibbs, Pop. | Bryan, Dem. | Mo Kinley Rep. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{Pal}- \\ \text { mer } \\ \mathrm{Ne} . \\ \mathrm{m} \end{array}\right\|$ | Levering, Pro. |
| Gonzales. | $\overline{2,313}$ | $\overline{2,088}$ | 3,814 | 645 |  |  | Nueces |  |  | 1,535 |  |  | ... |
| Gray. | 3,950 | 571 | 8,901 | 3,3 | 104 | 29 | Ochiltree <br> Oldham. |  |  |  |  |  | ... |
| Gregg. | 846 | 361 | 851 | 3,881 |  | 29 | Orange.. |  | 314 | 855 | 426 |  |  |
| Grimes | 2,224 | 2,371 | 2,467 | 2,017 | 48 |  | Palo Pint | 1,057 |  | 1,884 | 196 | 10 | $3$ |
| Guadalup | 2,500 | 712 | 1,310 | 2,2:29 | 56 | 2 | Panola. | 1,376 | 226 | 2,595 | 291 |  | 1 |
| Hale. | 211 | 74 | 275 |  |  |  | Parker. | 2,342 | 1,631 | 4,443 | 637 | 33 | 20 |
| Hall | 264 | 58 | 283 | 23 |  |  | Pecos. | 266 |  | 197 | 60 |  |  |
| Hamilton. | 1,144 | 1,091 | 1,954 | 354 | 18 | 20 | Polk. | 1,283 |  | 1,898 | 589 | 15 | 2 |
| Hansford.. | 21 |  | 16 | 17 |  |  | Potter | 264 |  | 299 | 52 | 5 |  |
| Hardem | 535 | 93 | 507 | 49 | 11 | 2 | Presidi | 824 |  | 517 | 418 | 4 | ... |
| Hardin. | 702 | 42 | 722 | 245 | 1 |  | Rains. | 520 |  | 828 | 215 |  | $\ldots$ |
| Harris | 6,275 | 610 | 6,175 | 5,760 | 86 | 34 | Randal | 118 |  | 124 |  |  | ... |
| Harrison | 3,803 | 61 | 2,130 | 1,595 | 11 | 26 | Red Riv | 3,179 | 2,638 | 3,631 | 1,560 | 16 |  |
| Hartley. | 111 | 12 | 97 | 19 | 1 |  | Reeves |  |  | 617 |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| Haskel | 342 | 95 | ${ }^{316}$ | 16 |  | 5 | Refugio | 309 | 32 | 179 | 147 | 9 |  |
| Hays. | 1,508 | 436 | 1,813 | 692 | 16 | 15 | Robert | 169 | 33 | 138 | 19 |  |  |
| Hemphil | 153 |  | 114 | 39 | 8 |  | Robertson | 2,984 |  | 2,869 | 2,660 | 13 | 5 |
| Henderso | 1,764 | 801 | 2,546 | 664 | 7 | 1 | Rockwall | 718 | 240 | 1,283 | 267 | 52 | 36 |
| Hidalgo. | 1,247 |  | 1,083 | 151 |  |  | Runnels | 452 | 266 | 615 | 109 | 7 | 5 |
| Hill.. | 3,860 | 2,014 | 7,125 | 1,195 | 122 | 58 | Rusk | 2,278 | 812 | 2,654 | 1,674 | 78 | 1 |
| Hood | 908 | 620 | 1,500 | 183 |  |  | Sabine. | 630 | 554 | 964 |  |  | ... |
| Hopki | 2,374 | 1,751 | 2,941 | ,475 | 55 | 86 | San Augustine | $55^{6} 6$ | 756 | 1,249 | 265 | 10 |  |
| Housto | 1,930. | 441 | 3,280 | 1,296 | 26 | 6 | San Jacinto. ... | 1,030 | 325 | 925 | 770 |  |  |
| Howa | 295 | 134 | 315 | 110 |  |  | San Patricio | 400 | 27 | 557 | 71 |  |  |
| Hun | 3,303 | 1,380 | 6,314 | 1,830 | 52 | 70 | San Sab | 871 | 524 | 1,182 | 118 | 14 | 1 |
| Irion | 142 | 14 | 157 | 45 |  |  | Scurry. | 306 | 317 | 333 | 39 |  | 6 |
| Jack. | 877 | 773 | 1,718 | 223 | 9 | 16 | Shackel | 225 | 100 | 395 | 117 |  |  |
| Jackso | 574 | 441 | 606 | 488 | 16 |  | Shelby | 1,3i1 | 370 | 3,044 | 186 |  | 35 |
| Jasper | 684 | 405 | 829 | 367 |  | 11 | Sherma |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jeff Davis | 246 | .. | 48 1161 | 102 | 6 |  | Smith | 3,157 | 1,641 | 4,017 | 2,603 | 36 | 8 |
| Jefferson. |  |  | 1,161 | 848 |  | 8 | Some | 328 | 357 | . 705 | $\stackrel{23}{ }$ | $\ldots$ | 2 |
| Johnso | 3,370 | 2,048 | 5,360 | 869 | 61 |  | Starr | 1,138 | 14 | 1,035 | 732 |  |  |
| Jones. | 512 | 419 | 542 | 44 |  |  | Stophen | 886 | 475 | 1,162 | 13 | 29 |  |
| Karnes | 850 | 476 | 1,369 | 389 | 3 | .. | Sterling. | 97 | 111 | 198 | 22 | ... |  |
| Kaufma | 2,882 | 776 | 3,781 | 1,211 |  |  | Stonowa |  |  | 204 | 17 | ... |  |
| Kendall. | 508 | 229 | 267 | - $\cup 6$ | ${ }^{-6}$ |  | sutton. | 315 | 58 | 175 | 186 |  | 2 |
| Kent. | 90 | 49 | 287 | 112 |  | $\cdots$ | Swlehe | 127 | 68 | 193 | 15 | 1 | 1 |
| Kerr. | 743 | 78 | 998 | 391 | 1 | .. | Tarran | 3,904 | 1,101 | 7,975 | 2,293 | 136 | 37 |
| Kimb | 229 | 185 | 325 | 96 |  |  | Taylor | 1,140 | 705 | 1,326 | 246 | 16 | 5 |
| King. | $10^{\circ}$ | 1 | 88 | 1 |  |  | Throckmorton | 188 | 100 | 271 | 52 |  |  |
| Kinney | $29 \%$ | ; | 149 | 457 | ${ }^{2}$ | $\cdots$ | Titus.. | 1,081 | 665 | 1,871 | 345 |  |  |
| Knox. | 296 | 96 | 992 | 18 | 2 |  | Tom Gr | ${ }^{656}$ | 59 | 777 | 465 | 18 |  |
| Lamar | 3,200 | 1,336 | 5,971 | 2,191 | 148 |  | Travis | 4,661 | 1,779 | 4,029 | 4,138 | 180 | 75 |
| Lampasa | 897 | 502 | 1,150 | 290 | 13 | 16 | Trinity | 910 | 666 | 1,270 | 443 | 3 |  |
| La Salle. | 361 | 21 | 248 | 261 |  |  | Tylor. | 971 | 218 | 1,508 | 480 |  |  |
| Lavac | 3,221 | 1,406 | 3,300 | 1,476 | 26 |  | Upehur |  |  | 1,918 | 822 |  | 7 |
| ee | 1,326 | 1,177 | 1,227 | 1,329 | 69 | 9 | Uvalde | 602 | 302 | 538 | 515 |  |  |
| Leon | 1,549 | 1,081 | 2,055 | 1,012 | 8 | 1 | Val Verde | 674 | 15 | 408 | 200 |  |  |
| Liberty.. | 976 | , 351 | , 890 | - 468 |  | 3 | Van Zandt | 2,189 | 1,886 | 3,560 | 691 |  | 35 |
| Limestoue.... | 2,729 | 1,664 | 4,940 | 1,169 | 3 | 37 | Victoria | 2,002 | 445 |  | 1,338 | 41 | ... |
| Lipscomb | 139 |  | 100 | 30 |  |  | Walker | 1,552 | 762 | 1,461 | 1,057 | 17 |  |
| Live Oak. | 376 | 104 | 506 | 50 | 1 |  | Wallor | 2,417 | 361 | 1,328 | 1,495 |  | 1 |
| Llano.. | 796 | 430 | 1,155 | 149 | 1 | 13 | Ward. | 161 | 73 | 102 | 71 |  |  |
| Loving | 159 | $\cdots$ | 54 | 30 |  |  | Washingto | 3,519 | 249 | 1,694 | 4,198 | 0 | 3 |
| Lubbock | 158 |  | 98 | - |  | 1 | Webb. | 1,850 | 3 | 1,184 | 2,067 | 3 |  |
| Madison. | 748 | 690 | 1,412 | 209 | 12 |  | Whartor | 1,030 | 157 | 890 | 1,166 | ... | ... |
| Marion | 429 | 454 | 704 | 1,408 |  | . | Wheeler |  |  | 81 | 21 |  |  |
| Martin | 113 | 7 | 97 | 22 |  |  | Wichita. | 948 | 130 | 800 | 165 | 3 | 5 |
| Mason. | 624 | 397 | 496 | 292 | 5 |  | Wilbarge | 603 | 176 | 872 | 137 |  | 14 |
| Matagorda | 687 | 67 | 671 | 561 | 3 |  | Williams | 3,541 | 1,750 | 5,083 | 2,151 | 4 | 00 |
| Maverick.. | 706 |  | 518 | 317 | 4 |  | Wilso | 1,686 | 1,019 | 2,302 | 191 | 15 | 2 |
| McCulloch | 477 | 207 | 364 | 132 |  |  | Wise. | 2,489 | 1,279 | 5,028 | 540 | 16 | 14 |
| McLenna | 3,657 | 1,116 | 7.384 | 4,126 | 158 | 86 | Wood. | 1,681 | 949 | 2,566 | 778 | 兂 | 4 |
| McMulle | 195 | 9 | 148 | 53 | 3 |  | Young | 743 |  | 1,115 | 99 |  | 1 |
| Medina. | 1,085 | 248 | 876 | 580 |  | 1 | Zapata | 676 |  |  | 390 |  | ... |
| Menard. | 381 | 73 | 349 | 124 |  |  | Zaval | 105 | 15 | 137 | 20 | 4 |  |
| Midland | 307 |  | 289 | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Milam. | 3,911 | 1,830 | 4,674 1,141 | 2,190 180 | 51 | 22 | Total. | 291548 | 114955 | $\begin{aligned} & 370434 \\ & 202914 \end{aligned}$ | 167520 | 5,046 | 1,786 |
| Mitcheli | 473 | 92 | , 368 | 147 | ${ }^{-7}$ | 5 | Per cent. | 71.72 | 28.28 | $60.05$ | 30.75 | $\dddot{0.93}$ | 0.33 |
| Montague..... | 2,254 | 689 | 4,615 | 375 | 51 | 25 | Scattering. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montgomery.. | 1,288 | 500 | 1,943 | 933 | 1 | .. | Whole vote. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moore. | 18 | 11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Morris. | 897 | 461 | 1,004 | 506 |  |  | Twenty-one | counti | ies w | hich | are | norgan | nized |
| Motley. | 183 | 12 | ${ }^{157}$ | 830 |  |  | and held no ele | ection | are o | mitted | from | the a | above |
| Nacogdoches.. | 1.976 | 1,808 | 2,894 | 830 | 37 | 11 | list. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Navarro. | 3,932 | 2,323 | 5,988 | 2,113 | 137 | 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newton | 91.9 | 115 | 625 | 345 |  | 15 | Bryan's Demo | cratic | vote | in 1896 | was | 290,862 | ; his |
| Nolan. | 358 | 158 | 356 | - 26 | - 2 |  | Populist vote, 79 | 9,572. |  |  |  |  |  |

## TEXAS-Continued.

PRESENT STATE゙ GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Joseph D. Sayers; Lieutenant-Governor, J. S. Browning i secretary of State, D. H. Hardy; Treasurer. J. W. Robbins; Comptroller R. W. Finley; superintendent of Public Instruction, J. S. Kendall; Commissioner of Agriculture, Jeff. Johnson; Adjutant-General, Thomas Scurry; Commissioner of General Laud Office Charles Rogan; Attorney-Geizeral, T. S. Smithall Democrats.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, Reuben R. Gaines; Associate Justices, Thomas J. Brown and F. A. Williams; Clerk, Chas. S. Morse-all Democrats.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.
The Legislature is composed of 148 Democrats, 2 Republicans, 7 Populists, and 2 Independents

VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.


* Plurality. $\dagger$ United vote for two candidates. $\ddagger$ Independent Republican.

UTAH.

| Counties. <br> (27.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  | Counties. | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Peesidint, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Dein. } \\ & \text { \& Pop. } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\mathrm{Kin}_{\mathrm{Din}}}{\mathrm{Mc}}$ Rep. |  | Bryan, Dem. \& Pop. | Mc- Kinley Rsp. |
| Beav | 1,058 | 206 | San Pete. | 3,388 | 1,805 |
| Box Eld | 1,878 | 741 | Sevier. | 1,859 | 504 |
| Cache | 4,389 | 832 | Summi | 3,386 | 251 |
| Carison | 664 | 83 | Tooele | 1.682 | 276 |
| Davis. | 1,749 | 403 | Uintah | 887 | 109 |
| Emery | 988 | 224 | Utah | 7,363 | 2,032 |
| Garfiel | 615 | 250 | Wasatch | 1,326 | 56 |
| Grand | 265 | 27 | Washington | 1,216 | 163 |
| Iron | 813 | 214 | Wayne. | 406 | 78 |
| Juab | 2,303 | 437 | Weber. | 6,336 | 1,365 |
| Kane. | 232 | 291 |  |  |  |
| Millard | 1,388 | 171 | Total. | 64,517 | 13, 484 |
| Morga | 579 | 138 | Plurality... | 51,033 |  |
| Piute. | 556 | 35 | Per cent. | 82. 43 | 17.17 |
| Rich. | 404 | 163 | Scattering |  |  |
| Salt Lake | 18,678 | 2,565 | Whole vote |  | . 022 |
| San Juan | 164 | 5 |  |  |  |

The scattering vote was for Palmer, Nat. Dem.
For Representative in Congress, 1898, the vote was: B. H. Roberts, Dem. , 35,$296 ;$ A. L. Eldridge, Rep., 29,631; W. Foster, Pop. , 2,878.

For Judge of the Supreme Court in 1898 the vote was: R. N. Baskin, Dem. 34,670; Zane, Rep.,31,573; J. II. Bowman, Pop., 1,484.

PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, Heber M. Wells; Secretary of State, J. T. Mammond; Attorney-General, A. C. Bishop; Auditor, M. Richards, Jr. ; Treasurer, James Chipman; Superintendent of Public Instruction, J. R. Park.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, George W, Bartch, Rep. ; Justices, J. A. Miner, Rep., and R. N. Baskin, Dem. ; Cierk, L. P. Palmer, Rep. state legislatere, 1899.
The Legislature is composed of 41 Democrats, 16 Republicans, and 6 Fusionists.

VERMONT.

| Counties. <br> (14.) | Governor, 1898. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mohoney, Dem. | Smith, Rep. | Bryan, Dem. \& Pop. | Mc- Kinley Rep. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{D} . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev* } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Addison | 530 | 3,860 | 404 | 4,314 | 36 | 81 |
| Bennington | 1,128 | 2,308 | 653 | 3,086 | 61 | 36 |
| Caledonia. | 884 | 2,405 | 729 | 3,474 | 120 | 94 |
| Chittenden | 2,354 | 3,086 | 1,416 | 4,743 |  | 54 |
| Essex. | 361 | 718 | 277 | 873 | 33 | 13 |
| Franklin | 1,572 | 3,691 | 1,150 | 3,444 | 107 | 72 |
| Grand Isl | 219 | 482 | 158 | 426 | 31 | 2 |
| Lamoille | 387 | 1,487 | 440 | 2,061 | 23 | 27 |
| Orange | 902 | 2,450 | 567 | 3,067 | 121 | 69 |
| Orleans | 443 | 2,493 | 442 | 3,412 | 56 | 46 |
| Rutland | 2,376 | 4,885 | 1,661 | 6,794 | 161 | 89 |
| Washington | 1,863 | 3, 585 | 1,396 | 4,476 | 177 | 66 |
| Windham. | 897 | 2, 664 | 670 | 4,829 | 190 | 50 |
| Windsor | 770 | 3,541 | 674 | 6,128 | 126 | 34 |
| Total | 14,686 | 38,555 | 10,637 | 51, 127 | 1,331 | 733 |
| Plurality |  | 23, 869 |  | 40,490 |  |  |
| Per cent.. | 27.03 | 70.95 | 16. Ј | 80.08 | 2.09 | 1. 15 |
| Scattering.... |  | 096 |  |  | 6 |  |
| Whole vote. | 54, | 337 |  | 63. | 844 |  |

Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1898, Wyman, Pro., had 1,075.
The vote for Governor in 1896 was: Josiah Grout, Rep., 53,246; J. H. Jackson, Dem. , 14,855; Joseph Battell, Pop. , 8,313; R. C. Whittemore, Pro., 755. Grout's plurality, 38,391 .

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Addison, Bennington, Chittenden, Franklin, Grand Isle, Lamolle, and Rutland. Herbert F. Brigham, Dem., 8,026; H. Henry Powers, Rep., 20,350; scattering, 8. Powers' plurality, 12,324.
II. Counties of Caledonia, Essex, Orange, Orleans, Washington, Windham, and Windsor. C. A. G. Jackson, Dem. . 5,967; William W. Grout, Rep., 17,728 ; scattering, 57 . Grout's plurality, 11,761.

## PRESENT STATR GOVERNMENT.

Gevernor, Edward C. Smith; Lieutenant-Govcrnor, Henry C. Bates; Secretary of State, Frederick A. Howland; Treasurer, John L. Bacon; Anditor, Orion M. Barber; Adjutant-General, T. S. Peck; Superintendent of Education, Mason S. Stone-all Republicans.

JUDICIARY.
supreme Court: Chief Justice, Russell S. Taft; Assistant Justices, Loveland Munson, John W: Rowell, John H. Watson, H. R. Start, L. H. Thompson, and James M. Tyler; Clerk, M. E. Smilie-all Republicans.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.
Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

|  | Senate. | House. | Joint Ballo |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Republicans | . 30 | 201 | 231 |
| Democrats |  | 42 | 42 |
| Prohibitionist |  | 1 | 1 |
| Non-Partisan | ... ... | 1 | 1 |
| Republica | y.. 30 | 157 | 187 |




## VIRGINIA-Continued.

of Petersburg. Sydney P. Epes, Dem., 8,633; R. T. Thorp, Rep., 5,889; Ellis, Rep, ${ }^{255}$. Epes' plurality, 2,744 .
v. Counties of Carroll, Floyd, Franklin, Grayson, Henry, Patrick, Pittsylvania, and the city of Danville. C. A. Swanson, Dem., 13,459; E. Parr, Rep., 9,858; Bennett, Pro., 193. Swanson's pluralit y, 3,601.
VI. Counties of Bedford, Campbell, Charlotte, Halifax, Montgomery, Roanoke, and the cities of Lynchburg, Radford, and Roanoke. Peter J. Otey, Dem., 10,759; C. A. Heermans, Rep., 2,310 ; Rutler, Rep., 2,535 . Otey's plurality, 8,224 .
VII. Counties of Albemarle, Clarke, Frederick, Greene, Madison, Page, Rappahannock, Rockingham, Shenandoah, Warren, and the cities of Charlottesville and Winchester. James Hay, Dem., 9.841; D. C. O'Flaherty, Silver Dem., 2,931. Hay's majority, 6,940.
VIII. Counties of Alexandria, Culpeper, Fairfax, Fauquier, King George, Loudoun, Louisa, Orange, Prince William, stafford, and the city of Alexandria. John F. Rixey, Dem. 6.469; Hughes, Ind., 616; Johnson, Pro.,136. Rixey's plurality, 5853 .
IX. Counties of Bland, Buchanan, Craig, Dickenson, Giles, Lee, Pulaski, Russell, Scott, Smyth, Tazewell, Washington, Wise, Wythe, and the city of Bristol. W. F. Rhea, Dem., 17,344; J. A Walker, Rep., 16,595. Rhea's majority, 749 .
x. Counties of Alleghany, Amherst, Appomattox, Augusta, Bath, Botetourt, Buckingham, Cumberland, Fluvanna. Highland, Nelson, Rockbridge, and the cities of Staunton and Buena Vista. J. M. Quarles, Dem., 10,784; R T. Hubard, Rep., 8.150; smith, Ind., 62. Quarles' plurality, 2,572.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1900.

|  | Senate. | House. | Joint Ballot. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Independents and |  |  |  |
| publicans............. | 2 | 7 | 9 |
| Democratic majority | 36 | 86 | 122 |

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, J. Hoge Tyler; Lieutenant-Governor, Edward Echols; Secretary of State, Joseph T. Lawless; First Auditor, Morton Marye; Second Auditor, Josiah Ryland, Jr.; Treasurer, A. W. Harman, Jr. ; Superintendent of Free Schools, J. W. Southall; Attorney-General, A. J. Monta-gue-all Democrats.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court of Appeals: President, James Keith; Justices, John W.Riely, John A. Buchanan, George M. Harrison, and Richard H. Cardwell; Clerk of the Court, G. K. Taylor-all Democrats.

Vote or the state since 1872.

|  | Dem. 91.654 | Rep. 93.468 | Pop. | Pro. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1876. Pres | 101,208 | 76,093 |  |  | 25,115 D |
| 1880. Pre |  | 84,020 |  |  | * $31,527 \mathrm{H}$ |
| 1884. Pres | 145,497 | 139,356 |  | 138 | 6,141 |
| 1885. Gov | 152,544 | 136,510 |  |  | 16,034 |
| 1886. Cong | 102.221 | 123,080 |  |  | , 8 |
| 1887. Leg | 119,806 | 119,380 |  |  |  |
| 1888. Pre | 151,977 | 150,438 |  | 1,678 | +1.539 |
| 1889. Gov | 162,654 | 120,477 |  |  |  |
| 1892. P | 163,977 | 113,262 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,1,{ }^{1275} \\ & \text { Pon. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 1893. Gov | 127,940 |  | 81,239 | 6,962 | +39,720 |
| 1896. Pres. | 154,709 | 135,368 | 2,129 | 2,350 | +19,341 |
| 1897. Gov. | 109,655 | 56,840 | .... | 2,743 | †ŏ2,8 |

[^29]WASHINGTON.

| Counties. <br> (34.) | Judge Supreme Court, 1898. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Presipent, } \\ 1896 . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Heus- <br> ton, <br> Fus. An- <br> ders, <br> Rep. | Bryan, Dem.\& Pop. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Rep. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pal- } \\ \text { mer, } \\ \text { N. D. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lev- } \\ & \text { ering, } \\ & \text { Pro. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Adams | $240-274$ | 363 | 243 | 9 | 11 |
| Asotin | 188243 | 254 | 214 | 15 | 3 |
| Chehalis | 1,079 1,213 | 1,312 | 1,267 | 38 | 20 |
| Clallam | 429 474 | 676 | 559 | 41 | 6 |
| Clarke | 9371,375 | 1,497 | 1,497 | 50 | 51 |
| Columbia | 674769 | 847 | 776 | 15 | 9 |
| Cowlitz. | $557 \quad 890$ | 935 | 989 | 39 | 23 |
| Douglas | 463 360 | 722 | 334 | 11 | 10 |
| Franklin | 5436 | 108 | 38 | 5 | 2 |
| Crarfield | 357 421 | 469 | 378 | 13 | 14 |
| Island | $125 \quad 239$ | 181 | 206 | 10 | 7 |
| Jetlerson | 317610 | 500 | 704 | 36 | 8 |
| King | 5.802 6,208 | 7,497 | 6,413 | 236 | 144 |
| Kilsap | $453-647$ | 702 | 728 | 26 | 29 |
| Kittitas | 842 1,022 | 1,246 | 1,044 | 40 | 23 |
| Klickitat | $378 \quad 842$ | 644 | 876 | 44 | 11 |
| Lewis | 1,231 1,524 | 1,584 | 1,594 | 70 | 37 |
| Lincoln | 699 1,104 | 1,715 | 781 | 56 | 31 |
| Mason | 372390 | 650 | 397 | 17 | 11 |
| Okanoga | $357 \quad 496$ | 912 | 284 | 38 | 11 |
| Pacific | $337 \quad 776$ | 512 | 925 | 50 | 19 |
| Pierce | $3,570 \quad 4.140$ | 5,404 | 4,641 | 166 | 58 |
| San Juai | $203 \quad 374$ | 283 | 411 | 8 |  |
| Skagit. | 1,078 1,387 | 1,573 | 1,268 | 50 | 8 |
| Skamania | 144114 | 239 | 129 | 15 |  |
| Snohomis | $\begin{array}{ll}1,852 & 1,8 \% 3\end{array}$ | 2,775 | 1.871 | 83 | 42 |
| Spokane | 2,928 3,890 | 5,725 | 2,701 | 104 | 111 |
| Stevens | 1,048 758 | 1,829 | 433 | 46 | 26 |
| Thurston. | -906 1,043 | 1,371 | 1,052 | 44 | 17 |
| Wahkiakun | $205 \quad 310$ | 376 | 290 | 20 |  |
| Walla Walla | 1,034 1,687 | 1,652 | 1,596 | 64 | 37 |
| Whatcom | 1,423 1,409 | 2,177 | 1,971 | 50 | 68 |
| Whitman | 1,652 2,035 | 3,578 | 1,592 | 112 | - 77 |
| Takima | 857 1,019 | 1,219 | 948 | 47 | - 12 |
| Total.. | 33,239 40,452 | 51,646 | 39,153 | 1,668 | 968 |
| Plurality |  | 12,493 |  |  |  |
| Per cent. | 43.6854 .52 | 55.19 | 41.84 | 1.78 | 1.03 |
| Scattering..... Whole vote | $\begin{array}{ll} 1,323 \\ 74,024 \end{array}$ |  |  | 48 |  |

The scattering vote for Judge in 1898 was for Young, soc. L.
In 1896 Democrats and Populists fused, each having two electors on the Bryan ticket. The scattering vote was for Bentley, Nat. Pro.
The vote for two Representatives in Congress in 1898 was: W. C. Jones, Fus., 33,052 ; J. H. Lewis, Fus., 36,385 ; W. L. Jones, Rep., 39,809 ; F. W. Cuchman, Rep., 38,983 ; W. A. Hamilton, Soc. L., 929 ; W. W'alker. Soc. L , 900. W. L. Jones' plurality, 3,484; Cushman's plurality, 2,603.

> PRESFNT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, John R.Rogers; Lientenant-Governor, Thurston Daniels; Secretary of State, W. D. Jenkins; Treasurer, C. W. Young; Auditor, Neal Cheatham; Attorney-fieneral, P. H. Winston; Adjutant-General, E. H. Fox; Supt. Education, F. .I. Browne-all Pop. except Winston, Silver Rep. JUDICIARY
Supreme Court: Chief Justice, M. J. Gordon; Associate Justices, R. O. Dunbar, M. A. Fullerton, T. J. Anders, J. B. Reavis; Clerk, C. S. Reiuhart all Republicans except Reavis, Dem.
state legislature, 1899.
Senate. House. Joint Ballot.


VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE ADMISSION

|  |  | Der | Rep. | Pop. | $P$ | Maj. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1889. | Governor | 24,732 | 33,711 |  |  | 8979 |
| 1890. | Congress. | 22,831 | 29,153 |  | 2,819 | 6,322 |
| 1892. | President. | 29,802 | 36460 | 19,165 | 2,542 | *6,658 |
| 1894. | Congress. | 14,160 | 34,812 | 25.140 | 209 | * 9 |
|  |  | Fis. |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Soc. $L$. |  |  |
| 1898. | dge. | .32,339 | 40,452 | 1,323 |  | *8, |

[^30]
## WEST VIRCINIA.

| Countifs. (55.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pregidiznt, } \\ 1892 . \end{gathered}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bryan, Dem. $\&$ Pop. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Rep. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Pa mer, N. D. | Lev- ering, Pro. | Cleveland, Dem. | Harrison, Rep. |
| Bar | $\overline{1,644}$ | 1,573 | 1 |  | 1,528 | 1,497 |
| Berkele | 2,085 | 2,497 | 54 | 20 | 2,133 | 2,259 |
| Boone. | 813 | 678 | 2 | 3 | 782 | 541 |
| Braxton | 2.188 | 1,473 | 8 | 28 | 1,790 | 1,113 |
| Brooke | 748 | 935 | 5 | 20 | 770 | 740 |
| C'abell | 2,959 | 3,038 | 22 |  | 2,890 | 2,328 |
| Calhou | 796 | 1,186 |  |  | 993 | 602 |
| Clay | 606 | 661 | 1 | 2 | 503 | 494 |
| 1)oddridg | 1,231 | 1,647 | 4 | 17 | 1,156 | 1,332 |
| Fayette | 2,783 | 4,544 | 11 | 53 | 2,232 | 2,665 |
| (ilmer | 1,356 | 1,000 | 3 | 8 | 1,187 | 816 |
| Grant | 372 | 1,306 | 3 | 8 | 400 | 1,155 |
| Greenbr | 2,414 | 1,661 | 21 | 18 | 2,299 | 1,259 |
| Hampshi | 1,908 | 676 | 15 | 2 | 1,878 | 523 |
| Hancock | 584 | 843 | 4 | 34 | 593 | 693 |
| Hardy | 1,146 | 547 | 45 |  | 1,215 | 381 |
| Harrison | 2,485 | 3,027 | 13 | 26 | 2,237 | 2,567 |
| Jackson | 2,286 | 2,529 | 6 | 26 | 1,883 | 2,131 |
| Jefterso | 2,454 | 1,283 | 62 | 27 | 2.530 | 1,093 |
| Kanawh | 4,819 | 6,989 | 28 | 47 | 4,549 | 5,078 |
| Lew is | 1,718 | 1,813 | 4 | 68 | 1,677 | 1,550 |
| Lincoln | 1,365 | 1,334 | 6 | 2 | 1.081 | 840 |
| Logan | 992 | 382 | 21 | 1 | 1,522 | 484 |
| Marion | 3,304 | 2,121 | 26 | 105 | 2,662 | 2,584 |
| Marsha | 2,107 | 3,560 | 17 | 112 | 1,848 | 2,568 |
| Mason | 2.493 | 3,066 | 11 | 10 | 2,260 | 2,600 |
| erce | 2122 | 2,389 | 5 | 12 | 1,827 | 1,651 |
| Minera | 1,307 | 1,548 | 10 | 40 | 1,279 | 1,356 |
| Mingo. | 1,204 | 632 | 3 | 2 |  |  |
| Mononga | 1,484 | 2,683 | 18 | 32 | 1,505 | 2,255 |
| Monroe. | 1,579 | 1,323 | 3 | , | 1,373 | 1,141 |
| Morgan | 432 | 1,107 | 24 | 01 | 582 | 910 |
| McDowel | $98 \%$ | 2,632 | 4 | 2 | 607 | 1,265 |
| Nichola | 1,226 | 908 | 5 | 62 | 1,063 | 728 |
| Ohio. | 5,016 | 6,720 | 77 | 68 | 5,220 | 5,061 |
| Pendleton | 1117 | 783 | 6 | 18 | 1,075 | 717 |
| Pleasants. | 887 | 922 | 4 | 3 | 855 | 713 |
| Pocahontas | 983 | 632 | 6 | 18 | 950 | 539 |
| Preston | 1,331 | 3,528 | 7 | 31 | 1,323 | 2,8b'6 |
| Putnam | 1,702 | 1,877 | 4 | 3 | 1,597 | 1,612 |
| Raleigh | 1103 | 1.150 | 4 | 2 | 965 | 871 |
| Randolp | 1969 | 1,427 | 10 | 14 | 1,622 | 839 |
| Ritchie. | 1,601 | 2,212 | 2 | 56 | 1,349 | 1,773 |
| Roane. | 2,126 | 1,848 | 5 | 11 | 1,709 | 1,452 |
| summe | 1,736 | 1,599 | 3 | 17 | 1,632 | 1,233 |
| Taylor | 1,306 | 1,838 | 7 | 21 | 1,158 | 1,522 |
| Tucker | 1,111 | 1,260 |  |  | 867 | 830 |
| Tyler | 1,799 | 2,430 | 7 | 22 | 1,106 | 1,449 |
| Upshur | 947 | 2,280 | 18 | 30 | 938 | 1.849 |
| Wayne. | 9,443 | 2,031 | 11 | 3 | 2,095 | 1,514 |
| Webster | 972 | 709 |  |  | 737 | 353 |
| Wetzel | 2.525 | 1,685 | 9 | 13 | 1,810 | 1,183 |
| Wirt. | 1,159 | 1,060 | 5 | 1 | 1,110 | 926 |
| Wood | 2,485 | 4,044 | 27 | 31 | 2,985 | 3,201 |
| W yoming | 613 | 735 |  |  | 577 | 591 |
| Total. | 92,927 | 104414 | 677 | 1,203 | 84,467 | , 293 |
| Plurality |  | 11,487 |  |  | 4,174 |  |
| Per cent. | 46.8 | 52. 42 | 0.29 | 0.41 | 49.32 | 6.94 |
| Scattering. Whole vo |  |  | 221 |  | 171, |  |

The scattering vote in 1892 was: Weaver, Pop..
4,166; Bidwell, Pro., 2,145.

## VOTE FOR STATE OFFICERS, 1896.

Governor: Watts, Dem., 93.974 ; Atkinson, Rep., 105,477: Fitzgerald, Pro., 1,054. Atkinson's plinrality, 11,503 .

VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Braxton, Brooke, Doddridge, Gilmer, Hancock, Harrison, Lewis, Marshall, Ohio, Tyler, Wetzel. J. V. Blair, Dem., 19,031; B. B. Dovener, Rep., 20,891 .
II. Counties of Barbour, Berkeley, Grant, Hampshire, Hardy, Jeffersnn, Marion, Mineral,

## WEST VIRGINIA-Continued,

Monongalia, Morgan, Pendleton, Preston, Randolph,Taylor,Tucker. John T. Mçraw, Dem., 22,720: Alston $\mathrm{G} .7 \mathrm{Tayton}$, ep., 23,344. III. Counties of Boone, ' lay, Fayette, Oreenbrier, Kanawha, Logan, Mercer, lingo Monroe, McDowell, Nicholas, Pocahontas, laleigh, summers Upshur, Webster, Wyoming. David E. Johnston, Dem., 22,802 ; W S. Edwards, Rep., 22,037. Johnston's plurality, 765 .
IV. Counties of Cabell, Calhoun, Jackson, Lincoln, Mason, Pleasants, Putnam, Ritchie, Roane, Wayne, Wirt, Wood. George I. Neal, Dem., 20.854; Romeo H. Freer, Rep., 21,727.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Geo. W. Atkinson; Secretary of State, W. M. O. Dawson; Treasurer, M. A. Kendall; Auditor, L. M. La Follette; Attorney-General, E. P. Rucker; Superintendent of Schools, J. R. Trotter; Adjutant-General, J. W. M. Appleton-all Republicans.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court of Appeals : President, M. H. Dent; Judges, John W. English, Henry Brannon, and H. C. McWhorter; Clerk, J. A. Holley-all Democrats except McWhorter, Rep.

STATE LEGISLATURE, 1899.


VOTE OF THE STATE SINCE 1872.

| . | sident . Dem . 29,537 | Rep. 32.283 | Gr. | Pro. | $M a j$. <br> 2,746 R |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1876. | President. .56,565 | 42,001 |  |  | 14,564 D |
| 1880. | President. .57,391 | 46,243 | 9,079 |  | *11,148 D |
| 1884. | President . 67.317 | 63,096 | 805 | 939 | *4,221 D |
| 1886. | Congress . . 65,184 | 64,279 |  | 1,492 | *905 D |
| 1888. | President. . 78,677 | 78,171 | 1,508 | 1,084 | 506 D |
| 1890. | Sup.Judge.78,5̇4 | 70,197 |  | 898 | 8,337 D |
| 1892. | President. .84,467 | 80,293 | Pop. 4,166 | 2,145 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,174 \mathrm{D} \\ & \text { Plu6. } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1894. | ongress . . 76,146 | 89,605 |  |  | 13,359 R |
| 1896. | Governor . .93,974 | 165,477 |  | 1,054 | 11,503 R |
| 1896. | President... 92.927 | 104,414 | 677 | 1,203 | 11,487 R |

* Plurality.

WISCONSIN.

| Counties. <br> (70.) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Governor, } \\ 1898 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Presinent, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sawyer, Dem. |  | Bryan, Dem. \& Pop. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mc- } \\ \text { Kinley } \\ \text { Kep. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Levering, Pro. |
| Adams | 420 | 1,055 | 391 | 1,432 | 16 | $2 \overline{7}$ |
| Ashland | 1,252 | 1,703 | 1,743 | 2,738 | 26 | 60 |
| Berron | 675 | 1,660 | 1,324 | 2,772 | 27 | 155 |
| Bayfield | 697 | 1,235 | 750 | 2,244 | 13 | 59 |
| Brown | 2,929 | อ3,476 | 3,841 | 5,436 | 69 | 88 |
| Buffalo | 1,611 | 1,640 | 1,302 | 2,301 | 51 | 61 |
| Burnett | 54 | 703 | 349 | 800 | 4 | 38 |
| Calumet | 1,411 | 1,370 | 1,869 | 1,547 | 27 | 28 |
| Chippewa | 2.150 | 2,273 | 2,929 | 3,601 | 35 | 84 |
| C'lark. | 948 | 2,148 | 1,318 | 3,328 | 39 | 97 |
| Columbia | 2,143 | 3,526 | 2,380 | 4,845 | 108 | 280 |
| Crawford | 1,305 | 1,720 | 1.509 | 2.323 | 24 | 38 |
| lane | 6,276 | 5,461 | $65 \% 1$ | 9,080 | 159 | 410 |
| Iodge | 5,384 | 3,534 | 4,900 | 5,610 | 236 | 120 |
| Door | 648 | 1,571 | 895 | 2,402 | 21 | 49 |
| Douglas | 1,578 | 2,862 | 2,527 | 4,274 | 48 | 96 |
| Dunn | 1,022 | 1,527 | 1,418 | 3.376 | 33 | 131 |
| Eau Cla | 1,850 | 2,648 | 2,364 | 4,522 | 52 | 186 |

WISCONSIN-Continued.

| Counties. | Governor, 1898. |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Saw. yer. Dem. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sco- } \\ & \text { field, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \end{aligned}$ | Bryan, D) m . \& Pop. | Mc- Kinley Rep. | Palmer, N D. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Lev- } \\ \text { ering, } \\ \text { Pro. } \end{gathered}$ |
| Fore | 120 | 297 | 129 | 488 | 2 | 6 |
| Fond lu Lac. | 4,194 | 4,201 | 4,933 | 6,174 | 128 | 157 |
| Forest | 132 | 185 | 172 | 406 | 2 | 15 |
| Grant | 2,947 | 4,449 | 3,683 | 5,315 | 67 | 188 |
| (ireen | 1,448 | 2,042 | 2,339 | 3,093 | 53 | 158 |
| Gre | 1,683 | 1,914 | 1,568 | 2,103 | 32 | 61 |
| Iowa | 1,848 | 2,285 | 2,060 | 3,115 | 61 | 174 |
| I ron | 473 | 696 | 472 | 1,288 |  | 26 |
| Jacks | 639 | 1,575 | 778 | 2,710 | 39 | 98 |
| J effers | 3,606 | 2,750 | 3,504 | 4,344 | 263 | 138 |
| Junea | 1,661 | 2,203 | 1,671 | 2,832 | 35 | 59 |
| Kenosl | 1,674 | 2, 027 | 1.732 | 2,827 | 62 | 40 |
| Kewane | 1,682 | 1,239 | 1,649 | 1.835 | 91 | 14 |
| La Cros: | 2,358 | 3,864 | 3,058 | 6,297 | 225 | 161 |
| La Faye | 1,982 | 2,228 | 2,236 | 2,919 | 59 | 114 |
| Langlad | 1,102 | 868 | 956 | 1457 | 38 | 23 |
| Lincol | 1,327 | 1,132 | 1,802 | 1,706 | 21 | 44 |
| Manitow | 3,707 | 3.265 | 3,919 | 4,430 | 104 | 62 |
| Marathon | 2,765 | 3,068 | 3.829 | 3,958 | 87 | 70 |
| Marine | 1,397 | 3.062 | 1,867 | 4,277 | 29 | 81 |
| Marquet | 840 | 1,210 | 849 | 1,476 | 20 | 25 |
| Milwaul | 19,484 | 20,283 | 26,536 | 35, 939 | 520 | 640 |
| Monroe | 1,848 | 2,591 | 2361 | 3,683 | 35 | 103 |
| Oconto | 1,157 | 1,945 | 1,290 | 2,836 | 35 | 59 |
| Oneida | 708 | 1,095 | 563 | 1,453 | 14 | 27 |
| Outagar | 3,074 | 3,784 | 4,096 | 5,433 | 106 | 139 |
| Ozauke | 1,544. | 857 | 1,947 | 1,535 | 62 | 30 |
| Pepin | 433 | 865 | 436 | 1,301 | 19 | 37 |
| Pierce | 621 | 1,771 | 1,412 | 3,724 | 38 | 156 |
| Polk | 384 | 1,822 | 891 | 2,861 | 23 | 61 |
| Portag | 2,137 | 2,219 | 2,890 | 3,537 | 54 | 82 |
| Price. | 515 | 951 | 550 | 1,448 | 19 | 37 |
| Racin | 2,850 | 3,846 | 3,975 | 5,849 | 104 | 213 |
| Richla | 1,430 | 1.852 | 2,098 | 2636 | 16 | 129 |
| Rock | 2,676 | 5,427 | 3,655 | 8282 | 86 | 237 |
| St. ('r | 1,481 | 2,111 | 2.475 | 3,462 | 38 | 158 |
| Sauk | 1,999 | 2,671 | 2,611 | 4.623 | 97 | 242 |
| Saw ye | 355 | 547 | 369 | 514 | , | 28 |
| Shawall | 1,451 | 1,863 | 1,594 | 3,035 | 32 | 54 |
| Sheboyg | 3,203 | 4,137 | 3.327 | 6,644 | 247 | 90 |
| Taylor | 921 | 869 | 710 | 1.387 | 27 | 20 |
| Trempealeau. | 827 | 1,994 | 1,394 | 4 3,306 | 24 | 152 |
| Vernon . . . . . | 111 | 2,440 | 1.627 | 4,393 | 28 | 102 |
| Vilas | 587 | 695 | 443 | 754 | 9 | 8 |
| Walworth | 1,313 | 3,352 | 1,894 | 5,347 | 57 | 282 |
| Washburn | 244 | 598 | 250 | -771 | 8 | 21 |
| Washingto | 2.583 | 2,094 | 2,404 | 2,877 | 86 | 31 |
| Wankesha | 3,221 | 5,6099 | 3,192 | 5,411 | 108 | 162 |
| Waupac | 1,189 | 3,274 | 1,577 | 5,472 | 65 | 129 |
| Waushara | 389 | 2,340 | 456 | 3,210 | 27 | 102 |
| Winnebago | 4,471 | 5,293 | 5,089 | 7,898 | 101 | 211 |
| Wood | 1,850 | 1,615 | 1,877 | 2,839 | 31 | 54 |
| Total | 135353 | 173137 | 165523 | 268135 | 4,584 | 7,509 |
| Plurality |  | 37,784 |  | 102612 |  |  |
| Per cent. | 41.08 | 52.55 | 36. | 59.93 | 1. 02 | 1. 68 |
| Scattering |  | 672 |  | 1,6 | 6 |  |
| Whole vote. 1 |  | 429 |  | 447. | , 411 |  |

Of the scattering vote for Governor in 1898, Worsley, Pop., had 8.577: Chapin, Pro., 8,078; Tuttle, soc. Dem., 2,544, and Riese, Soc. L., 1,473.
The scattering vote for President in 1896 was: Bentley, Nat. Pro., 346; Matchett, Suc. L., 1,314.
vote for representatives in congress, 1898. Districts.
I. Counties of Green, Kenosha, La Fayette, Racine, Rock, and Walworth. Clinton Babbitt, Dem., 11,447; Henry A. Cooper, Rep., 19,887; J. C. Huffman, Pro., 995. Cooper's plurality, 8,440 .
II. Counties of Columbia, Dane, Dodge, and Jefferson. James E. Jones, Dem., 15,768; Herman B. Dahle, Rep., 16,892; J. B. Smith, Pro., 856 . Dáhle's plurality, 1,124.
III. Counties of Adams, Crawford, Grant, Iowa, Juneau, Richland, Sank, and Vernon.
Thomas L. Cleary, Dem., 12,037 ; Joseph

## WISCONSIN-Continued.

W. Babcock, Rep., 19, 195; R. B. Griggs, Pro., 1,025. Babcock's plurality, 7,158.
IV. County of Milwankee (part). Joseph ( $\mathrm{A}_{\text {. }}$ Donnelly, Dem., 14.022; Theobold Otjen, Rep.. 15,903; R. Schilling, Pop., 2.227; L. A. Arnold, Soc. Dem., 993 ; J. Moser, Soc. L., 500. Otjen's plurality, 1,881 .
V. Counties of Milwankee (part), Uzankee, Sheboygan, Washington, and Waukesha. Chas. E. Armin, Iem., 13,233; Samuel Barney, Rep., 17,056; W. B. Rubin, Pop., 997; W. R. Nethercut, Pro., 424; George Eckelman, Soc Dem., 892; A. F. Hintz, Soc. L., 342. Barney's plurality, 3, 823 .
VI. Counties of Calumet, Fond du Lac, (Green Lake, Manitowoc, Marquette, Waushara, and Winnebago. Frank C. Stewart, Dem., 16,679; James H. Davidson, Rep., 20,107; W. H. Clark, Pro., 738. Davidson's plurality, 3,428 .
VII. Counties of Buffalo, Eau Claire, Jackson, La Crosse, Monroe, Pepin, and Trempealeau. Johı F. Doherty, Dem., 8,128; John J. Esch, Rep., 16,136; L. W. Wood, Pro., 689. Esch's plurality, 8,008.
VIII. Counties of Brown, Door, Kewaunee, Outagamie, Portage, Waupaca, and Wood. Phil. Sheridan, Dem., 13,668; Edward S. Minor, Rep., 16.910; J.W. Evans,Pro. 629. Minor's plinrality' 3,242 .
IX. Counties of Ashland, Clark, Florence, Forest, Iron, Langlade, Lincoln, Marathon, Marinette, Oconto, Oneida, Price, Shawano, Taylor, and Vilas. Wells M. Ruggles, Dem., 14,371; Alexander stewart, Rep; 20,825 ; Ed. Kerswill, Pro., 663. Stewart's plarality, 6,454 .
X. Counties of Barron, Bayfield, Burnett, Chippewa, Douglas. Dunn, Pierce, Polk, Sawyer, St. Croix, and Washburn. John R. Mathews, Dem. 8,436; John J. Jenkins, Rep., 17,601; C. Pieper, Pop., 864 ; W. B. Hopkins, Pro., 969. Jenkins' plurality, 9,165.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, Edward Scofield; Lieutenant-Governor, Jesse stone: Secretary of State, W. H. Froehlich; Treasurer. J. O. Davidson; attorneyGeneral, E. R. Hicks; superintendent of Education, L. D. Harvey; Insurance Commissioner, E. Giljohan ; Railroad Commissioner, Graham L. Rice -all Republicaus.

JUDICIARY.
Supreme Court: Chief Justice. John B. Cassoday, Rep: Associate Justices, John B. Winslow, Dem. Roujet D. Marshali, Rep.; Clerk, Clarence Kellogg.
state legislature, 1899.
Senate. Assembly. Joint Ballot.
De

Republican majority 29
vote of the state since 1872.
Dem.
Rep.
Gr.
Pro.
Dem. Rep. Gr. Pro. Plu
1872. President. 86,477 104,988 $\quad$ … $\quad \cdots$... $18,511 \mathrm{R}$
1876. President. 123,919 130,069 $1,506 \quad \cdots \quad 6.150 \mathrm{R}$

1879 Governor. 75,030 $100,535 \quad 12,996 \ldots . .25,505 \mathrm{R}$
1880. President. 114,634 144,397 7,980 … $29,763 \mathrm{R}$
1881. Governor. 69,797 81,754 $7,00213,22511,957 \mathrm{R}$
1884. President.146,459 161,157 4,598 7,656 14,698 R
1886. Governor.114,529 133,274 21,467 17,089 18,718 R
1888. President.155,232 176,553
1890. Governor. 160,388 132,068
1892. President. 177,335 170,791
1894. Governor. 142.250 196,150
1895. Sup. Court116,024 106,935
1896. President. 165,5023 268,135
1898. Governor. $135,353 \quad 173,137$

## U. Lab.

## 8,552 14,277 21,221 R

 $5,44711,24628,320 \mathrm{D}$ Pop.9,909 13,132 6,544 D 25,604 11,240 53,900 R
$\grave{N} \dot{D}$
$4,5847,509102,612 \mathrm{R}$ Pop. $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Pop } \\ 8,577 \\ 8,078 & 37,784 ~ R\end{array}$

ELECTION RETURNS-Continued.

| WYOMING. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Counties. <br> (13.) | Governor, |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { President, } \\ 1896 . \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Alger, } \\ \text { Den. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rich- } \\ & \text { ards, } \\ & \text { Rep. } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Viall, } \\ \text { Pop. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bryan, } \\ & \text { Demp } \\ & \text { Demp. } \end{aligned}$ | Mc- Kinley Rep. | Lev- ering, Pro. |
| Albany | 872 | 1.136 | $9$ | 1,073 | 1,220 | 26 |
| Big Horn | ${ }_{886} 8$ | 1,281 |  | 1,080 | 1,229 | 11 |
| Converse... | 464 |  | 1 |  | 585 | 12 |
| Crook. | 392 | 591 | 167 | 563 | 524 |  |
| Fremont. | 454 | 586 | 4 | 523 | 535 |  |
| Johnsoll. | 355 |  | 11 | 457 | 284 |  |
| Laramie | 1,574 |  | 10 | 1,628 | 1,776 | 16 |
| Natrona.. | 305 | 418 |  |  |  | - |
| Sheridan.... | 960 | ${ }_{8}^{607}$ | 164 | 1.104 | 877 | 12 |
| Sweetwater. Uinta. |  | 810 | 25 | ${ }^{996}$ | 754 | 16 |
| Uinta.. | 1,411 | 1,427 | 21 |  | 907 | 6 |
| Weston | 281 | 529 | 4 | 228 | 451 | 6 |
| Total. | 8,989 | 10,383 | 431 |  | 10,072 | 136 |
| Plitrality.. |  | 1.394 50.43 |  |  |  | . 60 |
| Percent...... |  |  |  |  |  | . 60 |

Bryan's Democratic vote in 1896 was 10,369 ; his Populist vote, 286.
The vote for Governor in 1894 was: Holliday, Dem., 6,965; Richards, Rep., 10,149; Tidball, Pop., 2,176. Richards' plurality, 3,184 .

The vote for Governor in 1892 was: Osborne, Dem. and Pop., 8,442; Ivinson, Rep., 7,446; Brown, Pro.. 416. Usborne's plurality, 1,691.
VOTE FOR REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS, 1898.
C. P. Arnold, Dem., 8,466; F. W. Mondell, Rep., 10,762: W. Brown, Pop., 443, Mondell's plurality, 2,296.

## WYOMING-Continued.

## PRESENT STATE GOVERNMENT.

Governor, De Forest Richards; Secretary of State, F. Chatterton; Treasurer, G. E. Abbott; Auditor, Leroy Grant; Adjutant-General, Frank A. Stitzer; Attorney-General, J. A. Van Orsdel; Superintendent of Education, ':, , $T$, 'Iynan-al Republicans.

## JUDICIARY.

Supreme Court: Chief Justice, C. N. Potter, Rep.; Associate Justices, Samuel T. Corn, Dem., and Jesse Knight, Rep.: Clerk, R. C. Morris.

## state legislature, 1899.

Senate. House. Joint Ballot.

Democrats.
6
13
Republican majority.. 3
3
32 $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ 48 \\ \hline 39\end{array}$
VOTE OF THE TERRITORY AND STATE SINCE 1878.

|  | Dem. | Rep. | Pop. | Scat. | M 10 ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1878. | Congress... 2,769 | 3,848 |  |  | 1,079 R |
| 1880. | Congress... 3.907 | 3,760 |  |  | 147 D |
| 1832. | Congress... 5,813 | 4,702 |  |  | 1,111 D |
| 1884. | Congress... 5,586 | 7,225 |  |  | 1,639 R |
| 1886. | Congress. | 8,259 |  | 1,113 | 7,146 R |
| 1888. | Congress... 7,557 | 10,451 |  |  | 2,894 R |
| 1890. | Governor.. 7,153 | 8,879 |  |  | 1,726 R |
|  |  | 8,454 | 7,722 | $\begin{array}{r} P \cdot 0 \\ 530 \end{array}$ | 732 |
| 1892. | Governor.. 8,442 | 7,446 |  | 416 | 1,691 D. |
| 94. | Governor. 6,965 | 10,149 | 2,176 |  | 3,184 R |
| 1896. | President.. 10,655 | 10,072 |  | 136 | 583 D |
| 1898. | Governor.. 8,989 | 10,383 | 431 |  | 1,394 R |

## 

CUSTOM-HOUSE.-Wall, corner William Street. Collector:-Geo. R. Bidwell.
Chief Clerk of Customs and Special Deputy Collec-tor:-Joseph J. Couch ( $\$ 5 . \mathrm{Cov}$ ).

Deputy Collector's. - Frank laymond,John Quackenbush, James A. Cryan, Dudley F. Phelps, Randolph H. Brown, Charles A. King, H. L. Swords, and H. E. Esterbrook ( $\$ 3,000$ each).

Cashier.-Jeremiah MI. Wood ( $\$ 4,500$ ), William Street, corner Exchange Place.

Acting Disbursing Agent.-Samuel W. Thompson (\$4.000).
Auditor:-Josiah S. Knapp ( $\$ 4,000$ ).
Naral Officer:-Robt. A. Sharkey ( $\$ 8,000$ ), 22 Exchange Place.
Comptrolle: - -H. W. Gourley ( $\$ 3.800$ ).
Surveyor--silas C. Croft ( $\$ 8,000$ ) Williám, corner Wall street.
Deputy Surveyors.-Daniel Dowling, T. F. Reed, John Steibling ( $\$ 2,500$ each ).
Appraiser:-Wibur F. Wakeman $(\$ 6,000)$,
Christopher and Greenwich Streets.
Assistant Appraisers.-G. W. Wanmaker, J. H. Brewer, Warner Sherwood, Edwin A. Hartshorn, Lyman P. ('arhart, Jos. P. skillman, Alex. Hamill, Michael Nathan, Harvey T. Audrews, Thos. C. Worden ( $\$ 3,000$ each).
SUB-TREASURY:-Wall, corner Nassau Street. Assistant Treasurer.-Conrad N. Jordan ( $\$ 8,000$ ). Demuty Assistant Tieasurer and Cashier:-Maurice L. Muhleman ( $\$ 4,200$ ).

Assistont Crshien:-George W. Marlor ( $\$ 3.600$ ). Assistont Cashier--Edward W. Hale ( $\$ 3,200$ ).
POST-OFFICE.- B' way and Park Row. See Index.
U. S. ASSAY OFFICE. - 30 W all street.

Superintendent. - Andrew Mason (\$4.000).
Assayer:-Herbert G. Torrey ( $\$ 8,000$ ).
Melter and Refiner.-Benjamin T. Martin ( $\$ 3,000$ ).

## INTERNAL REVENUE OFFICERS.

(Compensation of Collectors not to exceed $\$ 4,500$ a year for each district.)
Second District. 1 st. 2d, 3d, 4th, 5 th, 6 th, 8 th, 9 th, 15 th, and parts of the 14 th and 16 th Wards, Chas. H. Treat, Collector, 150 Nassan Street.
Third District. -7 th, 10 th, 11 th, 12 th , 13 th .17 th , 18th, 19th. 20th. 21st. 22d, and parts of 14th and 16th Wards, Ferd. Eidman, Collector, 47 E. 23d street.
Brooklyn Borough.-First District.-Embracing all of Long Island and Richmond Borough (Staten Island), Frank R. Moore, Collector, Post-Oftice Building, Brooklyn Borough.
NATIONAL BANK EXAMINER. - 45 B'way.
Examiner. - William H. Kimball (fees).
PENSION AGENCY. 398 Canal Street.
Pension Agent.-Michael Kirwin.
COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION.-Ellis Island.
Commissioner.-Thos. J. Fitchie ( $\$ 6,000$ ).
Assistant Commissioner.-Ed ward F. McSweeney ( $\$ 4,000$ ).
SHIPPING COMMISSIONEER. -4 Bridge Street. Commissioner:-Joseph M. Dickey ( $\$ 4,000$ ).
Deputy.-James P. Keeuan (\$2,000).

> LAW COURTS.-See Index.

WEATHER BUREAU.- 100 Broadway.
Locat Forecast Official.-Eben H. Emery.
STEAM VESSELS' INSPECTORS.-P. O. Blogg. Supervising Inspector:-Geo. H. Starbuck (\$3.000).
Local Inspectors - Peter C. Petrie and Thomas H. Barrett ( $\$ 2,500$ each).
U.S. LIFE-SAVING STATIONS. -17 State Street. Inspector.-C. A. Abbey.

## LIST OF OFFICIALS AND SALARIES.

Mayor.-Robert A. Van Wyck (\$15.000).
Secretary. - A. M. Downes, 6 City Hall ( $\$ 5,000$ ). Chief Bureau of Licenses. - David J. Roche $(\$ 2,800)$, City Hall.
Deputy.-Geo. W. Brown, Jr. $(\$ 2,000)$.
Borough Presidents.
Manhattan Borough.-James J. Coogan, 10 City Hall ( $\$ 5,000$ ); [ra E. Rider, Secretary.
Bromx Boro.-L. F. Haffen ( $\$ 5,000$ ), 3 d A ve. and 177th St.
Brooklyn Boro.-E. M. Grout ( $\$ 5,000$ ), 1 Boro. Hall.
Queens Boro. - Fredk. Bowley ( $\$ 3,000$ ), L. I. City.
Richmond Borough.-George Cromwell ( $\$ 3,000$ ), New Brighton.

## Council.

President. - Randolph Guggenheimer ( $\$ 5,000$ ). Vice-President.-John T. Oakley. City Clerk.-P. J. scully ( $\$ 7.000$ ). Deputy. - N. J. Hayes ( $\$ 5.000$ ). Leputy for Brooklyn Borough. -Jos. V. Scully.
DISTEICTS AND COUNCILMEN. (SALARY, $\$ 1,500$.)
Mreuthuttan Borough.-1, Thos. F. Foley, John T. Oakley, Martin Engel; 2 , Frank J. Goodwin, Geo. M. Mumdorf, PatrickJ. Ryder; 3, Harry C. Hart, Geo. B. Christman, John J. Murphy; 4, Eugene A. Wise, Stewart M. Brice, Herman Sulzer.

Bronx Borongh. -5, Wm. J. Hyland, Adolph C. Hottenroth, Bernard C. Murray.
Brooklyn Borotgh. -6, Chas. H. Francisco, Francis F. Williams, Conrad H. Hester; 7, Adam H. Leich, Henry French, Chas. H. Ebbets; 8, John J. McGarry, Wm. A. Doyle, Martin F. Conly.

Queens Borough.-9, David L. Van Nostrand, Joseph Cassidy.
Richmond Borough. - 10, Joseph F. O'Grady, Benj. J. Bodine.

## Aldermen.

President. -Thos. F. Woods. Vice-President.Wm. H. Gledhill. Clerk. - Michael F. Blake ( $\$ 5,000$ ). Boroughs and Districts. (SALARy, \$1,000) Manhattan Borough.-1, Michael Kennedy; 2, Jeremiah Cronin; 3, Joseph E. Welling; 4, Isaac Marks; 5, Joseph A. Flinn; 6, Frederick F. Fleck; 7, Chas. Culkin; 8, Hax J. Forges ; 9, Frank' L.'Dowling; 10. Henry W. Wolf; 11. Ẃm. H. Gledhill; 12, Jas. J. Smith; 13, Chas. Metzger; 14, John T. McMahon; 15, Robert Mulı; 16, Emil Newfeld; $\mathbf{1 7}$, John J. Tuomey ; 18, Jas. E. Gaffiney ; 19, David M. Holmes; 20, Thos. F. Woods; 21, Armitage Mathews; 22, Michael Ledwith; 23 , Henry J. Rottmann; 24, Frank Dıun; 25, Herbert Parsons; 26, E. F. McEneaney; 27, Jos, Oatmau; 28, John T. McCall; 29, Louis F. Cardani ; 30, George A. Burrell; 31, Elias Goodman; 32, Wm. F. Schneider, Jr.; 83, Thomas F. McCanl; 34 (Manhattan and Bronx Boroughs), L. W. McGrath.
Bronx Borourh. -35 th District, Henry Geiger; part 1st aud 2 d Assembly District, Westchester County, Frank Gass.
Brookly, Borough (Assembly Districts). $\mathbf{- 1}$, Robert $F$. Downing; 2, James J. Bridges; 3 , Moses J. Waler; 4, IVilliam H. C. Delano; 5, Peter Holler; 6, John Diemer: 7, Wm. Keegan: 8, Francis P . Kenny; 9, Frank Henne sy; $\mathbf{I O}$, F . J. Byrne; 11, S. W. McKeever; 12, Farnest A. Seebeck, Jr. ; 13, Owell J. Murphy ; 14, Patrick S. Keely; 15, Jacob J. Velten; 16, Wm. Wentz; 17, John Wirth; 18, James H. McInnes; 19, Bernard Schmitt; 20, Alex. F. Wacker 21, Charles Alt.
Richmond Borongh. -Johnl J. Vaughan, Jr.
Queens Borough.-Long Island City and Newtown, Joseph Geiser; Jamaica and Flushing, and that part of town of Hempstead in New York'City, Luke Otten.

Coroners, - (Criminal Court Building.)
Mranhattan Borough.-E. T. Fitzpatrick, J. E. Bausch, E. W. Hart, Antonio Zucca.
Bronx Boro-A. Mcowen and T. ir. Lynch.
Brooklyn Boro.-A. J. Burger and G. W. Delap.
Queens Borough.-Fhilip T. Cronin, Samuel S. Guy, Jr., Leonard Rouff, Jr., Jamaica, L. I.
Richmond Eoro.-J.Seaver and (̇. C. Tranter.
Department of Finance.- Stewart Building.
Comptroller.-BirdS. Coler ( $\$ 10,000$ ).
Deputy.-Michael T. Daly ( $\$ 7,500$ ).
Assistint Deputy.-Edgar J Levey ( $\$ 5,250$ ).
First Auditor of Accounts.-John F. Gouldsbury 21 Stewart Building ( $\$ 3,750$ ).

Collector of Assessments and Arrears-Edward Gilon, 35 Stewart Building ( $\$ 4,000$ ).

Receiver of Taxes.-David E. Austen, 57 Chambers Street $(\$ 5,000)$. Deputy.-J. J. McDonough. Brooklyn Borough. - Auditor. - Wm. McKinny Deputy Reeeiver of Taxes.-James B. Bouck. Collector of Assessments and Arrears.-Michael O' Keeffe.

Richmond Borough.,-Auditor.-Walter H. Holt. Deputy Receiver of Taxes. - Matthew S. Tully. Collector Assessments and Arreurs.-George Brand.

Collector of City Revenue and Superintendent of
Markets.-David O' Brien (Manhattan), ( $\$ 4,000$ ) .
City Paymaster:-JohnH. Timmerman, 65 Reade Street $(\$ 4,000)$.

CITY CHAMBERLAIN.-Patrick Keenan, 27 Stewart Building ( $\$ 12,010$ ).

Deputy.-John H. Camphell ( $\$ 5,000$ ).
Commissioners of the sinking Fund. Mayor, Comptroller, Chamberlain, President of the Council, Chairman Finance Committee, Board of Aldermen.

Kings County Treasurer's Office.
 Deputy-Thos. F. Farrell ( $\$ 3600$ ).
Board of Pubic Improvements. -13 to 21

## Park Row.

President.-Maurice F. Holahan ( $\$ 8,000$ ).
Secretary.-John H. Mooney ( $\$ 5.0019$ ).
Com. of Highways. -J. P. Keating ( $\$ 7,500$ ).
Deputies. -W. N. Shannon (Manhattan), T. R. Farrell (Brookiyn), J. H. Maloney (Bronx), J. P. Madden (Queens), ( $\$ 5,000$ each).

Com. of Sewers.-James Kane ( $\$ 7$, on (0) .
Deputies. - M. F. Donohue (Manhattan), T. J. Byrnes (Bronx), Wm. Bremman (Brooklyn), M. J. Goldner (Queens), H. P. Morrison (Richmond). Com. of Bridges.-J. L. Shea ( $\$ 7,500)$.
Deputies.-T. H. York (Manhattan), M. H. Moore (Bronx), H. Beam (Brooklyn), J. E. Backus (Queens).

Com. of Water Supply-W. Dalton (\$7,500).
Deputies.-T. J. Mulligan (Bronx), J. H. Haslin (Manha:tan), James Moffett (Brooklyn), Wंilliam Rasquin, Jr. (Queens), H. P. Morrison (Ricimond).
Commissioner of Street Cleaning-James McCartney $(\$ 7,500)$.

Deputies.-F. M. Gibson (Manhattan), P. H. Quinn (Brooklyn), J. Liebertz (Bronx), J. P Madden (Queens).

Commissioner of Public Buildings, Lighting, and Supplies.-Henry S. Kearny (\$7,50).
Deputies.-P. J. Dooling (Manhat.tan), George Best (Bronx), Joel Fowler (Queens), E. L. Miller (Richmond)

Department of Police.
Central Office and Bureau of Elections, 300 Mulberry street. House for Detention of Witnesses, 203 Mulberry Street.
Commissioners.-B. J. York, President; John B. Sexton, Jacob Hess, H. F. Abell ( $\$ \sigma_{0}, 000$ each). Grief of Police. - Wm. S. Devery ( $\$ 6,000$ ).
Deputies. - Wm. W. McLauglilin (Manhattan), MI. W. Cortright (Mauhattan and Bronx), John MacKellar (Brooklyn), P. H. Mr Laughlin (Brooklyn) Elias P. Clayton (Queens).

Inspectons.-Nicholas Brooks, John J. Harley, A.
A. Cross, W. L. Thompson, J. H. Grant, Geo. H.

Rhodes, John Brenuan, Thos. Murphy, Donald Grant, James Kane ( $\$ 3,500$ each).
Chief Clerk.-William H. Kipp ( $\$ 5.000$ ).
Supt. of Flertions.-T. F. Rudeubaugh $(\$ 6,000)$
Department of Health. - S. W. cor. 55́th St. and 6th Ave.
Plesideut and Commissioners.-Michael C. Murphy ( $\$ 7,500$ ), William T. Jenkins ( $\$ 6,000$ ), John B Coshy ( $\$ 56,000$ ), the President of Police Board and Health Officer of Port of New York ex officio.
Secretary.-Emmons Clark.
Law Jepartment. -Tryon Row. Corporation Counsel.-John Whalen $(\$ 15,000)$. Assistants. - Theodore Connoly, W. W. Ladd,
Tr. Chas. Blandy, Terrence Farley, H. Steinert, T. J. Creamer, and C. D. Olendorf ( $\$ 7,500$ each). Assistant Corporation Counsel for Brooklyn Boro.

- William J. Carr.

Bureau of Street Openings. -90 W. Broadway.

Department of Fire. -157 E .67 th St. Commissirner-JohuJ. scannell ( $\$ 7,500$ ).
Deputy for Bronklyn and Queens Boroughs. James H. Tully ( $\$ 5,000$ ).
Chief of Department. - Edward F. Croker ( $\$ 6,000$ ). Deputy Chief.-Jas. Dale (Brookiyn \& Queens).
Fire Marshal.- Peter Seery (Manhattan, Bronx,
and Richmond); Alonzo Brymer (Brooklyn and Queens) ( $\$ 3,000$ ).
Secretary.-A. T. Docharty.
Depart ment of Parks. - Arsenal, Central Park.
President, and Commissioner of Manhattan and Richmond Boroughs.-George C. Clausen $(\$ 5,000)$. Commissioner of Brooklyn and Queens Boroughs. George V. Brower ( $\$ 5,(100)$.
Commissioner of Bronx Boro.-A. Moebus ( $\$ 5,00 n$ ). Secretary.-Willis Holly.

## Department of Bnildings.

220 Fourth A venue and 2775 Third Avenue.
President, and Commissioner of Manhattan and Bronx Boroughs.-Thomas J. Brady ( $\$ 7,000$ ).
Secretary.-Alfred J. Johuson.
Commissioner of Brooklyn Borough. - John Guilfoy!e, Borough Hall ( $\$ 7,000$ ).

Commissioner of Richmond and Queens Boroughs. - Daniel Campbell ( $\$ 3,500$ ).

## Department of Trxes and Assessments. 280 Broadway.

President.-Thomas L. Feitner ( $\$ 8,000$ ); Edward C. Sheehy, Arthur C. Salmon (Brooklyn Borough), Thomas J. Patterson (Brooklyn Borough), ( $\$ 7,000$ each).
Department of Charities. - Foot E. 26th St.
Piesident, and Commissioner of Manhattan and
Bronx Boroughs.-John W. Keller ( $\$ 7,500$ ).
Deputy.-Thos. S. Brennan.
Commissioner of Brooklyn and Queens Boroughs.Adolph Simis, Jr. (\$7,500).

Deputy.-Edward Glinnen.
Commissioner of Richmond Borough.-James Feeney ( $\$ 2,500$ ).
Fepartment of Correction. -148 E. 20th St. Commissioner. - Francis J. Lantry (\$7,500).
Deputies.-N. O. Fanning (Manliattanand Bronx Boroughs), James J. Kirwin (Brooklyn and Queens Boroughs) ( $\$ 5,000$ each).
DepartmentDocks andFerries.-PierA,N.R.
President.-J. Sergeant Cram ( $\$ 6,000$ ).
Commissioners.--Peter F. Meyer ( $\$ 5,000$ ), Charles
F. Murphy ( $\$ 5,000$ ). Secretary. - Wm. H. 'Burke.

Commissioner of Jnrors.- 127 stewart B'ld'g. Chas. Welde (Manhattan and Bronx), ( $\$ 5,000$ ).
Special Commissioner.-H. W. Gray, 1115 th Ave,
Commis'rs of Accounts. - 115 stewart B'ld'g.
John C. Hertle and Edward Owen ( $\$ 5,000$ each).
Civil Service Commissioners.
Criminal Court Building.
Charles H. Knox, Alexander T. Mason, William N. Dykman (no salary).

Secretary. -Lee Phillips ( $\$ 6,000$ ).
Bureau IIunicipalstatistics.-13 Park Row. Chief.-John T. Nagle ( $\$ 3,510$ ).
Comimissioners. - Frederick W. Grube, Richard T.
Wilson, Jr., Harry P. Whitney, Julius G. Kugelman, E. Harvier, Antonio Rasines (no salary).
Public Administrator. 119 Nassau Street.
WM. II. Hoes ( $\$ 6,000$ ). F. W. Arnold, Asst.
Chiel Clerk.-Robert D. Bronson ( $\$ 2,200$ ).
Board of Education.-146 Grand Street. President.-Joseph J.Little.

- Secretary. - A. Emerson Palmer.

Borough Superintendent. John Jasper ( $\$ 7,500$ ).
School Board Brooklyn Boro.- Charles E. Rob-
ertson, Pres. ; George G. Brown, Sec.
Schorl Board Queens Boro.-F. De Haas Simon-
son, Pres.: J. H. Fitzpatrick, Sec. (Flushing, L. I.)
School Board Richinond BorO.-John T. Burke,
Pres. ; F. C. Vitt, Sec. (Stapleton, S. J.)
Secretary.-Arthur MciIullin ( $\$ 4,500$ ).
(For members of Board of Education, see Index. )
Board of Estimate and Apportionment.Stewart Building.
Members.-The Mayor, Chairman; the President Department of Taxes, Secretary; the Comptroller, President of the Council, and Corporation Counsel (no salary). Clerk.-Charles V. Adee.

## Rapid Transit Railroad Commissioners.-

 32 Nassa" t.Alexander E. Orr, Pres. lent; Woodbury Langdoll, Morris K. Jesup, (ieo. L. Rives, J. H. Starin, Charles S. smith. The Mayor and Comptroller ex officio. Commissioner's compensation is fixed by the Appellate Division of the supreme Court.
Secretary.-Bion L. Burroughs (\$2.500).
City Record. -2 City Hall.
Supervisor.-William A. Butler $(\$ 5,000)$.
Deputy Supervisor--Solon Berrick ( $\$ 2,500$ ).
Aqueduct Conimissioners.-280 Broadway.
Mayor, Comptroller, Commissioner of Public W orks ex officio.
Commissioners.-Maurice J. Power, John J. Ryan, Wm. H. Ten Eyck, John P. Windolph ( $\$ 5,000$ each), Secre riy.-H. W. Walker ( $\$ 4,000$ ).
B. ard of Assessors.- 320 Broadway.

Assessors.-Edward Cahill, Thomas A. Wilson. John B. Meyenborg, Edward McCue, and Patrick M. Haverty ( $\$ 3,000$ each).

Secretary. - Willian H. Jasper $(\$ 4,000)$.
New East River Bridge Commission. 49 Chambers sit.
Lewis Nixon, Pres. ; J. W. Boyle, Vice-Pres.; Jas. D. Bell, Sec. ; J. D. Fairchild, Treas. ; J. W. Weber, E. Lane, and the Mayor, Commissiouers. Chief Engineer's Office, 84 Broadway, Brooklyn.

## COUNTY OFFICERS.

COUNTY CLERK'S OFFICE.-Colnty C'rt-H'se County Clerk:-William Sohmer ( $\$ 15,000$ ).
Deputy.-George H. Fahrbach ( $\$ 6,000$ ). Fings County Clerk. - Peter P. Huberty. Demety.-Wyilliam J. Lynch.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE. - 32 Chambers Street.
Sheriff:-W m. F.Grell, (\$12, 000 and half the fees).
Under Sheriff-Henry P. Mulvany ( $\$ 5,000$ ).
Counsel.-Philip J. Britt ( 86,000 ).
Warden of County Jail.-Pat'k II. Pickett ( $\$ 3,000$ ).
Demuties. - J J. Murray, Andrew Roberts, 'T.
J. O'Donnell, silas Strauss, 'T. Halligan, Alex. J. Ahearn, Louis Leavitt, Frank Rinn, Thomas Radley, James Carraher, F. Walgering and F. J. Burn's (\$2,500 each).

Sheriff Kings Comity.-William Walton (fees).
Under Sheriff. - Wm. J. Bogenshutz.
Warden. - Richard Bergen
Deputy Sheriffs - Garrettson Morris, John J. Bradley, William Cunuingham, John P. Beardall. REGIS'TER'S OFFICE. - City Hall Park.
Register:-Isaac Fromme ( $\$ 12,000$ ).
Deputy.-John Von Glahn ( $\$ 5,000$ ),
Register - Kings County. - James R Howe (fees).
Deputy.-Warren C. Tredwell ( $\$ 5,000$ )
COMMISSIONER OF RECORDS-Hall of Records, Brooklyn.
Commissioner. - George E. Waldo ( $\$ 5,000$ ).
Deputy.-Frank M. Thorburn.

## STATE OFFICERS.

EXCISE DEPARTMENT.-1 Madison A venue. Special Deputy Commissioners.-( H eorge Hilliard (N. Y. County) $(\$ 4,000)$, H. W. Michell (Kings County), Geo. L. Nichol' (Richmond County).
STA TE BUREAU OF ELECTIONS. - 585 B' Way. Superintendent. - John Mccullagh.
Chief Deputy.-Clarence V. ( $\because$ Van Deusen.
QUARANTINE COMMISSIONERS.-11 B' way. Commissioners.-Edmund J. Palmer, President; Frederick H. Schroeder, Treas.; Hugh McRoberts ( $\$ 2,500$ each).

Health Officer-Alvah H. Doty, M. D. $(\$ 12,500)$.
Secretary.-Charles F. Bruder.
PILOT COMMISSIONERS.- 17 State Street.
Commissioners. - A. F. Higgins, J. H. Winches-
ter, W. B. Hilton, Thumas P. Ball, W. I. Comes.
Secretary.-Daniel A. Nash.
PORT WARDENS.-1 Broadway.
Wardens.-Hiram Calkins, President, Isaac W. Edsall, Robert B. Miller, Jonn H, Boland, Wilbur W. Capron, William O'Connor, Robert M. Johnston, John H. Gunner, and Jas. E. March (fees).
Secretary.-A. W. Dodge.
Collector:-John Regan.
State Tax Department.-Chas. Wilber, 84 Pulitzer Building.

#  <br> <br> APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT. 

 <br> <br> APPELLATE DIVISION OF THE SUPREME COURT.}

FIRST JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT, MADISON :QUARE.
Salary of Supreme Court Justices, $\$ 17,500$

Terms Fxpire.
Justices.
Charles H. Van Brunt, Pres. Justice.
.Dec. 31, 1911
George C Barrett ................................... 31, 1913 Edward Patterson............................ Dec. 31, 1500 Morgan J. O'Brien

Court opens at 1 P. M. Clerk-Alfred Wagstatf, salary. $\$ 5,000$.
A N APPELLATE TERM to hear appeals from the City and the Municipal Courts will sit in the County Court-House. This court is presided over by Justices Beekman, Giegerich, and O'Gorman, and Justices Truax, scott, and Dugro.

SUPREME COURT-SPECIAL AND TRIAL TERMS.

| Name. | Office. | Term Expires. | Name. | Office. | Term Expires. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Abraham IR. Lawrence. | Justice. | Dec. 31, 1901 | James Fitzgerald. | Justice.. | Dec. 31,1912 |
| Francis M. Scott. . . . . . | .. . | 31, 1911 | Leonard A. (ilegerich. |  | * 31, 1906 |
| Frederick Smyth. | \% | 31, 1910 | David Leventritt................ | " . . | ¢ 31, 1912 |
| Charles F. MacLean. | \% . - | 6 31, 1910 | John J. Freedrnan............. |  | * 31, 1904 |
| Charles H. Truax. | $\because \quad$. | 6 31,1910 | P. Henry Dugro.. |  | 6 31, 1900 |
| George P. Andrews | " 6 | 31, 1912 | David McAdam ... |  | 6 61,1904 |
| Miles Beach.......... | is ... | 6 31, 1907 | Henry A. Gildersleeve....... |  | い 631,1905 |
| James A. O'Gorman. | 6 6 | " 61,1913 | Henry R. Beekman.......... |  | " 31,1908 |
| Henry Bischoff, Jr........... | 16 | $\left.{ }^{6} 31,1903\right]_{1}$ |  |  |  |

Clerk.-County Clerk William Sohmer, ex officio; salary, $\$ 15,000$. Deputy Clerk.-G. H. Fahrbach; salary, $\$ 5,000$.
SURROGATES' COURT.-County Court-Iouse.
The Surrogates are elected for a term of fourteen years at an annual salary of $\$ 15,000$.


Clerk.-'Thos. F. Smith; salary, $\$ 4,500$.
Deputy.-Edward H. Pjepenbring; salary, $\$ 3,000$.

COURT OF ARBITRATION OF THE CHAM-
BER OF COMMERCE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. - 32 Nassau St. and 229 Broadway.

Arbitrator. - Enoch L. Fancher.

## Clerk.-George Wilson.

This court was established by act of the Legislature. Sessions are held at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, No. 32 Nassau St., and at the oflice of the Arbitrator, No. 229 Broadway, for the hearing and prompt settlement of controversies, disputes, and matters of difference arising among merchants, shipniasters, and others within the Port of New York. The privileges of this court are confined to no class, and the general public can submit their controversies to it for settlement

## MUNICIPAL COURTS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUCHS.

The Justices are elected for a term of ten years at an annual salary of $\$ 6,000$. The Clerks are appointed by the Justices for six years, and receive annual salaries of $\$ 3,000$.

First District. -Third, Fifth, and Eighth Wards and all that part of First Ward lying west of Broadway and Whitehall Street, including Governor's Island, Liberty Island, Ellis Island, and the Jyster Islands; New CourtHouse, No. 128 Prince Street; Daniel E. Finn, Justice, Frank L. Bacon, Clerk.
Second District.-All that part of First Ward east of Broadway and Whitehall Street, second, Fourth, Sixth, and Fourteenth Wards; corner Grand and Centre Streets; Herman Bolte, Tustice; Francis Mangin, Clerk.
Third District.-Ninth and Fifteenth Wards; Sixth A venue, corner West Tenth Street; William F. Moore, Justice, Daniel F. Williams, Clerk.
Fourth District. - Tenth and Seventeenth Wards; 30 First Street, George F. Roesch, Justice; John E. Lynch, Clerk.
Fifth District.-Seventh, Eleventh, and Thirteenth Wards. 154 Clinton Street; Benjamin Hofiman Justice.
Sixth District.-Eighteenth and Twenty-first Wards; cor. 23d St. and Second A venue; Daniel F. Martin, Justice: Abram Bernard. Clerk.

Seventh District.-Nineteenth Ward; 151 East Fif-ty-seventh Street; Herman Joseph, Justice; Patrick McDavitt, Clerk.
Eighth District.-Sixteenth and Twentieth Wards; 269 Eighth Avenue; Joseph H. Stiner, Justice; Thomas Costigan, Clerk.

Ninth District.-All of the Twelfth Ward north of East Eighty-sixth Street east of Lenox Avenue, and north of West One Hundred nd Tenth Street; 170 East One Hundred and 'Twenty-first Street; Joseph P. Fallon, Justice; William J. Kennedy, Clerk.
Tenth District.-Twenty-second Ward and all of the Twelfth Ward south of West One Hundred and Tenth Street and west of Sixth Avenue; 314 West Fifty-fourth Street; Thomas E. Murray, Justice; James J. Galligan, Clerk.
Eleventh District.-Northern part of Twelfth Ward, Court-room, corner One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue: Francis J. Worcester, Justice; Adolphe N. Du Mahaut, Clerk; Robt. Andrews. Asst. Cterk. Bronx Borough-First District. - All that part of the Twenty-fourth Ward which was lately annexed to the City and County of New York by Chapter 934 of the Laws of 1895 , comprising all of the late Town of Westchester, and part of the Towns of Eastchester and Petham, including the Villages of Wakefield anc Williamsbridge. Court-room, Town Hall, Main St., Westchester, New York City; Wm. W. Penfield, Justice John N. Stewart, Clerk. Bronx Borocgh.-second District.-Twentythird and Twenty-fourth Wards; East One Hundred and Fifty-eighth Street, eөrner Third A venue; John M. Tierney, Justice; Hutvard Spear, Clerk.

PART 1, TRIAL TERM, SUPREME COURT (the Criminal Term of the Court for the trial of Indictments), held by a Justice of the Supreme Court in the Criminal Court Building.
GENERAL 'SESSIONS (Parts 1, 2, 3. and 4), -In the Criminal Court Building, Centre and Franklin Streets. Held by the City Judge (Chief Justice), the Judges of the Court of General Sessions. and the Recorder.
The City Judge and the Judges of the General Sessions receive an annual salary of $\$ 12,000$ each: all are elected for a term of fourteen years.


Clerk of Part 1, Trial Term. Supreme Court, and of the Court of General Sessions (office in the Criminal Court Building),-Edward R. Carroll.

DIS'TRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE.-Criminal Court Building. Centre and Franklin Streets. The salary of the District Attorney is $\$ 12,000$ per annum: assistants to District Attorney, $\$ 7,500$ : deputy assistants' salaries vary.

| Namg. | Office. | Namb. | Office | Name. | Office. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asa Bird (aardiner | Dist.At. | James L.Gordon. | Deputy | Robertson Honey........ | Deput $\bar{y}$. |
| John Fi McIntyre. | Asst. | Moses Herrman. | , | John J. Connell......... |  |
| Henry w. Unger | " | John F. Cowan. | " | Cornelius F . Collins.. |  |
| James D. irccielland.... | " | Gerald H. Gr | " | Keyran J. O'Connor. ..... | " |
| Stephen S. Blake. | " | Chas. E. F. McCan | " | John Schwarzkoph...... | " |
| James J. Walsh........... | " | Thomas F. Byrne...... |  | Henry J. Goldsmith..... |  |
| Robert Townsend | " | Maurice B. Blumenthal. Daniel O' Reilly | " | James Dickson Carr..... |  |

DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE (Kings County).-District Attorney. John F. Clarke ( $\$ 10,000$ ) ; First Assistant, Robert H. Elder $(\$ 7,500)$; Assistants, Wm. C. Courtney ( $\$ 6,000$ ), Martin W. Littleton ( $\$ 6,000$ ), William Van Wyck, Frank X. McCaffry, Robert H. Roy ( $\$ 5,000$ each); Chief Clerk Arthur H. Walliley $(\$ 3,500)$.

## SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Criminal Court Building, Centre Street.

|  | Nam | Term Expires. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Judge | Elizur | uly 1, 1905 |
|  | Ephraim A. Jacob. | " 1, 1901 |
|  | John B. Mckean | "' 1, 1909 |
|  | William C. Holbrook | " 1, 1907 |

Court is open daily from $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to 4 P. m. ; Saturday, 9 A. M. to 12 m. William M. Fuller, Clerk. Salary, $\$ 4,000$.

## CITY MAGISTRATES.

|  | ,000.) Term E |
| :---: | :---: |
| Joseph M. D | .................. July 1, 1902 |
|  |  |
| John O. Mot | ، 1, 1905 |
| Charles A. Fl | " 1, 19 |
| Robert C. Corne | $\because 1,1905$ |
| W. J. Olmsted | May 1, 1907 |
| Clarence |  |
| Joseph Edward | 1. |
| John B. M | 1, |
| Lorenz Zel | ، 1, 19 |

## MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

First District-Criminal Court Building, Centre and Franklin Streets; Second District-125 Sixth Avenue (Jefferson Market); Third District-69 Essex Street; Fourth District-151 East 57th Street; Fifth District-170 East 121st Street; Sixth District-East 158th Street, corner Third A venue; Seventh District-54th Street, west of Eighth Avenue.

## 

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS. -Post-Office Building. Judges.-Rufus W. Peckham, Circuit Justice; William J. Wallare, E. Henry Lacombe, and Nathaniel Shipman, Circuit Judges. Clerk. - William Parkin; salary, $\$ 3,000$. Term. - Last Tuesday in October.
UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.-Post-
The Judges of the Federal Courts are appointed by the President.and confirmed by the United States Senate, for life.
Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court and Judge of the Circuit Court.-Rufus V . Peckham: salary, $\$ 10,000$.
Circuit Judges. - William J. Wallace, E. Henry Lacombe, and Nathaniel Shipman; salaries, $\$ 6,000$ each.
Cerk.-John A. Shields; salary, $\$ 3,500$
General Terms.-First Monday in April and third Monday in October.
Equity Term. - Last Mondas in February.
Terms of Criminal Court.-Second Wednesdays in January, March, May, October, December, and third in June.

UNITED STATES DISTRIUT COURT.-PostOffice Building.
Judge of the District Court.-A ddison Brown; salary, $\$ 5,000$.
Clerk--Samuel H. Lyman.
Stated Term.-First Tuesday in every month.
Special Term. - Every Tuesday for return of process.
United States District Attorney.-Henry L. Burnett; salary, $\$ 6,000$
Assistant District Attorneys.-Henry C. Platt, Ernest E. Baldwin, A rthur M. King, D. Frank Lloyd. Clarence E. Houghton, Harry P. Disbecker, Charles D. Baker; salaries range from $\$ 1,800$ to $\$ 3,600$.
Marshal. -William Henkel; salary, $\$ 5,000$.
Chief Deputy.-Denis shea; salary, $\$ 2,750$.
Commissioners.-John A. Shields, Samuel H. Lyman, Samuel R. Betts, Thomas Alexander,
Henry P. Butler, Samuel M. Hitchcock, Ed. L. Owen, Enos N. Taft, Daniel B. Deyo, Lorenzo somple, willam D. Jones, Whlitam $P$. Preutice. James L. Wiliams. Jonathan Deyo.

# INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY OR NEW YORK. 

In the following pages information of daily interest to citizens and visitors shout the City of New York is given, the subjects, for convenience of reference, being arranged alphabetically. This information is of the date of January 1, 19e0, but it must be borne in mind that changes in an active community like that of New York are continuousty going on, and that accuracy in details can only be guaranteed for the date of assue of the Almanac.

## (xuttyemucuts.

OPERA HOUSES AND THEATRES IN MANMATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS.

| Name. | Location. | Proprietors or Managers. | Seating Capacity.* | Prices of Admission. (Subject to Change.) | Performancea Begin, P. M. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acad $2 m y$ of Music .. | E. 14th St. and Irving Place. | Gilmore \& Tompkins.. | 3,500 | \$1.50, 1.00, 75c., 50 c |  |
| American Theatre .. | 8th Ave., nes | Geo. A. Kingsbur | 2,000 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c}$ | 15. |
| Berkeley Lyceum. | W. 44th St.. near 5th A | B. J. Blaodgood....... | 550 | Special eacn engagement.. |  |
| Bijou Theatre. | Broadway and 30th St.. | Rudolph A ronson .... | 1,200 | \$1.50, 1.00, 75c., 5 Uc., 25 c .. | 8.30 |
| Broadway The | Broadway and 41st st. | Jacob latt........ | 1,800 | $1.50,1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$ |  |
| Casino... | Broadway and 39th St | Geo. W. | 1,800 | $2.00,1.50,1.00,50$ | 8.10, mat. 2. |
| Columbus | E. 125 th St., n. Lexingtondv. | Jack H. | 1,949 | 1.00, 75c.. 50c., 25 c |  |
| Comique Theatre | Broadway and 29th St. | Leo Tel | 1,000 | 1.50, 1.00, $75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c} .$. | 8,15, mat. 2.15. |
| Criterion Theatr | Broadway and 44th S | Charles F | 1,850 |  | 8.30, mat. 2.15. |
| Daly's Theat | Broalway and 30th St | Daniel Fro | 1,100 | $2.00,1.50,1.00,50$ |  |
| Empire Theat | Broadway and 40th St | Charles F | 1,100 | $2.00,1.50,1.00,50$ | 8.15, mat. 2.15. |
| Fifth Avenue Thea | Broadway and 28th | Edwin Know | 1,500 | $2.00,1.50,1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$. | mat. 2 |
| Fourteenth st.Theatre | W. 14th St., near 6t | J. W. Rosen | 1,500 | $1.50,1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c}$. | 15 |
| Garden Theatre... | Madison Ave. and 27th | Charles Fro | 1,098 | $1.50,1.00,50 \mathrm{c}$ | 15, mat. 2.15. |
| Garrick Thea | 35th St., nea | Char | 800 | $2.00,1.50,1.00$ |  |
| Germania Thea | E. 8th St., near 13roadw | L. Hangen | 1,113 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$ | .15. |
| Girand Upera House.. | W. 23 St St and 8th A ve | Augustus 1 | 2,100 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} . .50 \mathrm{c}$ | m |
| Harlem Upera House.. | W. 125 th St., near 7 th A | A. Lichenste | 1,600 | $1.50,1.00,50 \mathrm{c}$ | 15, mat. 2.15 |
| Herald Square Theatre | Broadway and 35th St. | Charles E. | 1,200 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c}$., 50 | 15. mat. 2.15. |
| Irving Place 'Thestre.. | E. 15 th St. and 1 rving | H. Conrie | 1,196 | $2.00,1.50,1.00$ | 15 |
| Keith's U'won Sq. Th. | E. 14th St., uear Broadway. | B. F. Keith | 1,200 |  | . 30 |
| Knickerbocker The'tre | Broadway and 381h st | Al. Hayman | 1,564 | 2.00, 1.50 | 15, mat. 2.15. |
| Lexington Av. Op. II. | Lexington 4 ve., near | 11. Heuma | 1,500 | 1.00, 75 c ., $50 \mathrm{c} ., 25$ |  |
| London Thea | $235130 w$ | Jas. H. C | 1,100 | $75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 35 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c}$ |  |
| Lyceum Thea | 4tD | Vaniel | 650 | $2.00,1.50,1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} .$. | 8.15 , mat 2. |
| Madison Sq. Thea | 24th St., near Broa | Charles F | 646 | $2.00,1.50,1.00,75 \mathrm{c} . .50 \mathrm{c} .$. | 8.30 , mal 2.15. |
| Manhattan Theair | Broadway, near | Brady \& Z | 1,100 | 1.50, 1.00, $75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$ | 8.15, mat. 2.15. |
| Metropolis Theatr | 142 d St and 3 d A | Henry Roseub | 1,500 | 1.00, 75 c ., $50 \mathrm{c} ., 25$ | .15, mat. 2.15. |
| MetropolitanOp.House | Broadway. 39thand 40 t | Maurice Grau Op. | 3,400 | 5.00 dinwn to 1. |  |
| Miner \& Bowery 'l'h... | Bowery, near Broom | H. C. Mune | 1,850 | $75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c} .$, |  |
| Miner's 8th Ave. Th | 8th A ve., near 25 th Sit. | Edwin D. M | 2,000 | $75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 35 \mathrm{c}$, , 25 c | 15, mat. 2.15 |
| Miner's Theatie. | 125 th St. and Lexington S ve. | Edwin D. Min | 2,100 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 35 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c}, 15 \mathrm{c}$ |  |
| Murray Ilill Thea | Lexington $A$ ve, and 41 | Henry V. Don | 1,500 | $100,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 35 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c}$. | 8, mat. 2.15. |
| New York Theatre | Broadway and 44th S | Sire Bros |  | $2.00,1.50,1.00,75 \mathrm{c}$ |  |
| Otympic Thea | 3 d Ave. and 130th St | Jas. H. Curti | 1,080 | 1.00, 50c., 35 c ., $25 \mathrm{c} ., 15 \mathrm{c}$. |  |
| Pleasure Pa | E. 58th St., near 3d | Frederick F | 1,900 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} .25 \mathrm{c}$. | to 10.30. |
| Proctor's T | W. 23d St., near 6th | rederıck | 2,000 | $50 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c}$. | . 30 to 10.45 |
| Star Theatre | Broadway and 13th S | R. M. Guli | 2,200 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c}, 50 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c} ., 15 \mathrm{c} .$. | .15, mat. 2. |
| Thalia Theatr | Bowery, near Can | Feinman 1 | 1,706 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 35 \mathrm{c} ., 25 \mathrm{c} .$. |  |
| Third Ave. Theatr | 3d A ve., near 318t St. | A. H. She | 3,145 | 1.50 1.00, 75 c ., 50 c ., 250 | 8.15, mat. 2.15. |
| Tony Pastor's Theatre | E. 14th St., near 3d Av | Tony Past | 1,500 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 30 \mathrm{c} ., 20 \mathrm{c}$ |  |
| Victoris Theatre. | Broadway and 7th A ve. | Oscar Hammerste |  |  |  |
| W allack's Theatre. | Brosdway and 3uth St. | Theodore Moss. | 1,500 | $2.00,1.50,1.00$, |  |
| Windsor Theatre. | Bowery, near Canal St. | Heine \& Ho | 1,700 | $1.00,75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c} ., 35 \mathrm{c}$ | 8.15, mal. 2. |

* Seating capacity is glven, but there is nsually standing room in addition for a large number of persons. + Thestre, 1,400; Mustc Hall, 2,500; Concert Hall, 1,500. Theatre-goers should consult the daily papers as to time performance begins.


## MUSIC HALLS.

| Namr. | Proprietors or Managers. | Locatlon. | Seating Capaclty. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Broadway Music Hall.......... | Weber \& Fields. | Broadway and 29 th St. (Admission, $\$ 2.00$ to 50 c . Performance, 8.10 P. M.; matınee, 2.15 P. M. )........ | 1,500 |
| Carnegle Music Hall. | Sheldon \& Barr | W. 57th St., near 7th Av | +2,626 |
| Central Opera House Mus. Hall | Jacob kuppert. | 67 th St. and 3d Ave | 1,000 |
| Chickering Hall. | Chickering \& Sons | 5th Ave. and 18th St. | 1,250 |
| Eden Musee. | Richard G. Holla | W. 23 d St., tear 6 th A ve. ( 10 A. m. to 10 P. M. )....... | 800 |
| Koster \& Bial's |  | W, 34th St., near Broadway. (Adm., §1.50, \$1.00, $75 \mathrm{c} ., 50 \mathrm{c}$. Begins 8.15 P м.i Sat. mat., 2.15 P. M.). | 2,400 |
| Lenoz Lyceu | M D. Barry | E. 59th St. and Madison Ave. | 2,200 |
| Madison Square (iarden....... | Madison Square Garden Co. | Madison Ave., 26th and 27tb Sts. | 13,000 |

+ Carnegie Lyceum, seating capacity, 750 .
Musical entertainments are sometimes given in halls customarily used for other purposes, such as Cooper Union Hall, Masonic Temple Hall, Lyric Hall. Tammany Hall, Clarendon Hall, 114 East 13th St. Germania Assembiy liooms, 291 Bowry; Atlantie Garden, 50 Bowery; Grand Cential Palace, 43 d St. and Lexington Ave. seating capacity of the Amphithestre, 8,500 , Concert Hall, 2,500; Roof Garden, 10.000. American Institite, 19 West 4hth st.

MISEUMS.- Metropohtan Musenm of Art, 5th Ave. and 82d St. (Central Park), free on Tuesday, Wednesday. Thursday, Saturday, from 10 A. M. to 5.30 P. M., and on Monday and Friday from 8 to 10 P . M.; open on Sunday from I P. w. to half hour before sunset, on Monday and Friday, during the day, sdmssion ts 25 cents. Museum of Natural History, 8th Ave, and 79th St., is open to the pliblic free of charg' on Wed., Thurs., Fri., and Sat., trom 9 A. m 105 P. M., Sunday from 1 to 4 P, M, also on holidays and Tues. and Sat, evenings; admission on Mon, and Tues. is by membership ticket, or payment of 25 cents. Aquartum, Castle Garden, Battery. Zoological (iardens, Centraı Park, entrance 5 th Ave. and 64th St., and Bronx Park, 182 d St. and Southern Boulevard.

GROUNDS FOR OUTDOOR SPORTS.-Berkeley Oval, Morris Hetghts Manhattan Fteld, 8th Ave and 155thand 156th Sts.; Polo Grounds, 8th Ave, and 157 th and 158 th Sts.: New York Athletic on Travers Island, take New 11aven R. R. to Pelham Manor Y. M. C. A. Athletic, 1501h St and Harlem River. In Brooklyn Borough-Baseball Grounds, 3d St., between 3d and 4th Aves., reached by cars from Fulton Ferry or Bridge depo ${ }^{\circ}$, Brooklyn Driving Club, Boulevard and King'a High way, Crescent Athletic, take Fort Hamilton cars; Parade Grounds, Prospect Park New Jersey Athletic by Central R. R of N. J to Ave. A, Bayonne City. St. George's Crlcket, Hoboken. Staten Lsiand Athletic and Cricket, take Staten Lsland Farry and rallroad to Livingston, S. I.

## 

Association for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes， 912 Lexington A ve．Emil Calman，Prest． Association lor Relief of Respectable Aged In－ digent Females，Ansterdam Ave．．cor．W．104th St．Mrs．S．E．Degroot，Matron．
Asylum of the sacred Heart of Jesus， 251 W．14th St． Babies＇Shelter，Church Ifoly Communion，Recep－ tion House， $49 \mathrm{~W} .20 t h \mathrm{St}$ ．N．（）．Halstead，Supt．
Baby Fold，Uffice， 105 E .22 d St ．Mrs．L．太．Bain－ bridge，supt．
Baptist Honse for Aged，F．68th St．and Park A ve． Mrs．E．C．Pierson，Matron．
Baptist Ministers，20：0 V＇yse Av．M．M．Pogson，Supt．
Berachah Home for Rest and Healing， 250 W．44th St．；House Reception． 690 8th Ave．Mrs．O．S． Schultz，Supt．
Bloomingdale Insane Asslum，White Plains，N．Y．
Brace Memorial Lodging House， 9 Inuane St ． Rudolph Heig，Supt．
Chapin Home for the Aged and Infirm， 1 E1 E．66th St．Mrs．R．A．Macdonsid，Matron．
Charity Organization society， 105 E .22 d St．
Chebra Hachnosath Orcbin， 210 Madison St．
Children＇s Aid suciety，Executive Oftice，105 E． 22 d st．
Children＇s Fold，Wr．12゙5th Nt．，near St．Nicholas Ave．Miss（）．I＇．（＇leveland，Matron．
Christian Alliance Home， 250 KW ． 44 th st ．Mrs．F． J．MeDenald．
Christian Home for Intemperate Men， 1175 Medi－ son Ave．Geo．S．A very，Manager．
Christian League Industrial Home， 5 E．12th st Mrs．E．Pettis，Sunt．
Christian Workers， 129 E．10th St．Mrs．M．E． Marvin，Matron．
Colored Home and Hospital，1st A ve．，cor．65th St Miss E．R．Warnock，Matron．
Colored Orphan Asylum，Boulevard，near W．148a St．M．K．Sherwin，Supt．
Convalescents＇Home． 482 E ． 118 th St．Miss Pil－ grim，Matron．
Couperative Home for Self－Supporting Girls， 348 W．14th St．Mrs．S．G．Hull，Matrou．
Deaf and Dumb Institution， 11 th A ve．and 162d St． Dominican Convent Our Lady of Posary， 229 E ．： 63d st．
Door of Hope， 102 E．61st St．Miss A．J．Anderson， Matron．
Edgewater Creche， 105 E .22 d St ．
Elizabeth Home for Girls， 307 E ．12th St ．Mrs． S．Hurley，Matron．
Eva Home， 153 E． 62 d St．Mrs．E．N．Delaie，Matron． Five Points House of Industry， 135 Worth St．Win． F．Barnard．Supt．
Five Points Mission， 63 Park St．A．K．Sanford，Supt Foundling Asylum， 175 E． 68 th St．，near $3 d$ Ave．
Florence Niglit Mission， 21 Bleecker st．
Free Home for Destitute Young（firls， 23 E． 11 th St ． Miss S．E．Smythe，Supt．
French Evangelical Home for Young Women， 341 W．30th St．Miss Elsie Bolliet，Matron．
German Lutheran Emigrant Home， 26 state St． （ierman Odd Fellows＇Home，Office， 69 St．Mark＇s Il．13．Ludwig，supt．
Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum，Amster－ dam Ave．，near 136th St．Office， 22 Bible House Hebrew Infant Asylum， 490 Mott Ave．M．L． Newman，Supt
Hebrew sheltering Guardian Orphan Asylum Boulevard and W．150th st．L．Fauerbach，Supt． Hiram Deats Memorial Home for Children， 54 S ． Wiashington 太a．Miss H．K．James，Matron．
Home and Training school for Children， 419 W 19 th st ．
Hone for Aged and Infirm Hebrews，105th St．，near （＇olumbus Ave．Moritz Helm，Supt．
Home for Eriendless，for Females and Children， 30 E．30th St．Mrs．A．A．Rudgers，Matron．
Home for Incurables， $3 d$ Ave．，cor．F． 182 d St．I． C．Jones，supt．
Home Hotel Association， $146^{\circ} \mathrm{St}$ ．Ann＇s Ave．
Home for Protestant Immigrant Girls， 27 State St． Miss Alma Matthews．

Home for Old Men and Aged Couples，Amsterdam Ave．，cor．W．112th St．Mrs．M．J．Harwood， Matron．
Home for Relief of Destitute Blind，Amsterdam Ave．，cor．W．104th st．Miss Mary J．Handley．
Home for the Aged， 213 E ．70th St and 106th sit． near Columbus Ave．
Home for the Aged of the Church of the Iloly Communion， 41 W．20th st．
Home for Young Women， 49 W ．9th St．Miss E． G．Cunuingham，Supt．Branch at $3082 d$ Ave．
Hopper，Isaac T．，Home， 1102 d Ave．Miss Price． Matron．
House of Mercy（Protestant Episcopal），W．213th St．，Inwood，New York City．
House of liefuge，Randall＇s Island，boat ft．E．120th St．M．C＇arpenter，Supt．
House of the ciood shepherd，foot of E．goth St．
House of the Holy Comforter for Iucurables， $1492 d$ Ave．S．W．Dexter，Secretary．
House of the Holy Family， 136 2d A ve．
Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers， 225 E .11 th St．Miss S．Olliffe，Matron．
Industrial Christian Alliance， 170 Bleecker St．
Infant Asylum，Amsterdam A $\nabla$ e．，cor．bist St．
Insane Asylum，Ward＇s Isl．，Ottice， 1 Madison Av．
Isabella Heimath，Amelwrdam Ave．and W．190th st．J．W．Meyor，supt．
Jeanne d＇Are Home， 251 W． 2 th St．
Jennie Clarkson Home，cor． $2 d$ Ave．and 10th St．
Juvenil Asyl．，178th st．\＆Amsterdam A ve．，Re－ ception Room． 106 W．27th St．C．Blauvelt，Supt．
Leare and Watts＇Orphen House，Hawthorne Ave．， near City Line．G．R．Brown，supt．
Leo House for Gorman Catholic Immigrants， 6 statest．
Lutheran Pilgrim House， 8 state St．S．Keyl，Supt．
Mcauley＇s Wator Et．Míssion， 316 Waterst．S．H． Hadley，Supt．
Margarot Louica Home， 14 E．16th 3 ．Miss Cattell， supt．
Medical Missionary Home， 121 E． 45 th St．
Messiah Home for Children， 190 Mott Ave．
Methodist Episcopal Home，Amsterdam Ave．，cor． 92 d 8 t ．Miss H．E．Myers，Matron．
Mission of Our Lady of the Rosary for the Protec－ tlon of Young I mimigrant Girls． 7 State St．
Mission of the Immaculate Virgin 2 Lafayette Pl ．
Bonteflore Home for Chroulc Invalids，Boulevard and W．138th st．A．Hauemann，supt．
Mothere＇Hone， 531 E． 86 th St．
National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers， 41 Park Row．
Newsboys＇Lodging House， 9 Duane 5 t．
New York－asylums and Homes bearing prefix ＂New York＂will be found in this list minus the prefix．
New York City Lunatic Asylum，Blackwell＇s Island．Office， 1 Madison Ave．
Night Refuge for Homeless Women， 144 W ．15th St．
Orphan Asyl．of St．Vincent de Panl， 211 W .39 th St．
Orphan Asylum，Riverside Ave．，cor．W．73d St．
Orphanage，Church of the Holy Trinity， 400 E． 50 th St．
Orphan Home and A sylum of Protestant Episcopal Church，49th St．，near Lexington Ave．
Peabody Home for A ged Women， 2064 Boston Road
Presbyterian Home for Aged Women，73d St．，near Madison Are．Mrs．E．A．Reichel，Matron．
Protestant Half－Orphan Asylum，104th st．and Manhattan Are．Miss Sarah DeYoc．
Robertson，Gilbert A．，Ifome．to Bible Honse．
Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum for（iirls，Madi－ son Ave．\＆ 51 st St．；for Boys， 5 th Ave．，c． 51 st St Sailors＇Home， 190 Cherry St．F．Alexander，Nupi． Sailors＇Snug IIarbor，Staten Island，Ollice， 31 Nas－ sall St．
St．Ann＇s Home for Children， $90 t h$ St．and Ave．A． St．Barnabas＇House， 304 Mulberry St．
St．Bartholomew＇s Girls＇Home， $136^{\circ} \mathrm{E} .47 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{St}$ ． Mrs．F．O．Jones，Supt．
St．Benedict＇s Home for Destitute Colored Chil－ dren， 2 Lafayette Pl．

## ASYLUMS AND HOMES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS-Continued.

St. Clare House, 145 W. 14th St.
St. Helena's, 311 E. 14th St.
St. James' Home, 21 Uliver St.
St. John Baptist House, 233 E .17 th St.
St. John's Guild, 501 5th A ve., 105 W. 61st St. ;
Floating Hospital, Uffice, 1 Madison Ave.
St Joseph's Home for the Aged, 209 W. 15th St.
St. Joseph's Home, Destitute Children, 137 W. 31st. St. Joseph's Industrial Home, 65 E. 81st St.
St. Joseph's Orphan A sylum, 89th St., cor. Ave. A. St. Luke's Home for Indigent Christian Females,
89th St. and Madison Ave. Miss M. P. Darby, Sec. St. Mary's Home for Protection and Comfort of Young Woineu, 143 W . 14th St.
St. Philip's Parish Home, 1119 Boston Ave.
St. Zita' \& Temporary Home for Friendless W omen, 125 E. 52d St.
St. Saviour's Sanitarium, Inwood, New York City. Samaritan Home for the Aged, 414 W 22 d st
Scandinavian Immigrant Home, 24 Greenwich St Shelter for Heapectable Girls, 241 W. 14th St.

Sheltering Arms, 504 W .129 th St. Miss Richmond, supt.
Sick Children's Missiou, 287 E. Broadway
Sisterhood of the Good shepherd, 419 W . 19th St
Society for Prevention of Crueltw to Children, 297 4th Ave. E. T. Gerry, Prest.
Strachan, Margaret, Home, 103 W. 27th St.
Swiss Home, 1082 d Ave. Mrs. M. Lemp, Matron Temporary Home for Women, $2192 d$ Ave.
Trinfty Chapel Home for Aged Women, 221 W. 24th st.
Trinity Mission House, 211 Fulton St
Webb's Academy and Home for shipbuilders, Sedgwick Ave., cor. AcademySt. Stephen M. Wright, Sec.
West-mide Boys' Lodging House, 400 7th A ve
Wetmore Home for Friendless Girls, 49 S . Washington Sq. Mra. M. C. Lane, Matron.
Wilson Industrial school for Girls 125 St.Mark's Pl. Woman's Shelter, 243 Bowery.
Young Women's Christian Associatien, 7 E. 15th St

# art Gallerits in fandyatan boxougy. 

| Name. | Leeatien. | Admission. | Name. | Location. | Admisslon. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avery, S. P., | *65 Fifth A verue... | Free. |  | 20 East 16tt | Free |
| American Art Galleries. | 6 East 28d Street.... | 25 c . | Klaekser Art Gis | West 28 tL tre | Free. |
| American Water Color Saciety. | 58 |  | Knoedler \& Ce. | 55 Fifth. Arenue. | Free. |
| Blakeslee, Theron ${ }^{\text {J }}$ | 858 Fifth Avenu |  | Metrepolitan Museu of Art. | Fifth Avenue and 82d | Mon. \& Frí. |
| Boussod, Valadon \& Co | 808 Fifth A venue | Free. | Metrepoitaa Museum of Art. | St. (Central Park). | 25c.; other |
| Braun, Clement \& C | 257 Fifth A venue 166 Fifth Aronue. | Free. |  | St. (Central Park). | days free. |
| Durand-Ruel | 889 Fith Arenue | ce | National Academy of Berign. Schaus, William. |  |  |
| Fifth Avenue Art Galleries.. | 365 Fifth A veaue... | Iree | Society of American Artists. | 215 West 57 th Street. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Free } \\ & 25 \mathrm{c} . \end{aligned}\right.$ |
| Historical Society.. | 170 Second A venue.. | Intreduetion by Mlomber | Tooth, Arlhur, \& Sors... | 299 Fifth A venue.... |  |

The private galleries of wealthy New York people are eztensive, and the selections of paintings are of great merit and value. Among the most notable collectons are those of the Astors and Vazderbilts, H. O. Havemeyer, Wilfiam Rockefeller, Henry G. Marquand, John A. Garland, S. P. Avery, M. C. D. Borden, Grorge J. Gould, Isaac D. Fletcher, Col. O. M. Payne, Charles Stewart Sinith. Admission to view these galleries uay occasionally be obtained by applying by letter to the owners.

## ART SCHOOLS.

The principal art schools are: The Art Students' Leasue, 215 West Fifty-seventh Street; New York School of A pplied Design for Women, 200 West Twenty-third Street; Art Schools of the Cooper Union, and Art Schools of the National Academy of Design. For particulars as to instr ction, fees, and qualificaticns for admissior application must be made to the officials in charge.

## Aumy of tije OMiter States

## STATIONED IN AND ABOUT THE CITY OF NEW YORK. <br> Major-General Commanding the Department of the East-Wesley Merritt.

Personal Staff. -Aide-de-Camp-First Lieut. T. Bentley Mott, 7th Artillery. (Personnel of taff may be changed.)

## DEPARTMENT STAFF.

Adjutant-General.-Lieut. T. Bentley Mott (acting) Judge-Advocute. -Lieut. - Col. John W. Clous. Chief Quartermaster. -Col. James M. Moore. Commissary of Subsistence.-Major C. A. Woodruff. Chier Surgeon.-Col. Charles C. Byrne. Attending Surgeon.-Major James P. Kimball.
Chief Paymaster:-Lieut. -Col. Chas. I. Wilson.

Signal Officer. - Capt. Samuel Reber.
Artillery Inspector and Ordnance Officer.-Major John P. Story, 7 th Artillery.
Itispector-Gieneral.-Lieut.-Col. P. D. Vroom. Assistant to Inspector-Generat.-Maj.J.M. K. Davis Engineer Offcer. - Major John P. Story, 7th Arti! lery.

The headquarters of the department are at Governor's Island, New York IIarbor. Army Building, 39 Whitehall Street, Manhattan Borough, New York.

FORTS.

Name
Fort Columbus
Fort Hamilton $\qquad$ Governor's Island Narrows, Long Island
.Sandy Honk. N. J
J Throre'sNeck East Rive...Iajor J. B. Burbank. .
Fort Hancock $\qquad$ Throgg'sNeck, East River.Capt. W, R Hamilton
Fort Wadsworth $\qquad$ Narrows, Staten Island..
Fort Wood........... Liberty Island............................ Cajor. McArthur .......
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Lieut. C. McArthur ...
Fort Wood .............. Liberty Island.................. Lieut. C. McArthur ........
U.S. Proving Ground. Sandy Hook, N.J........ Frank Heath......

Commanding Officers. Major B. K. Roberts. Col. John I. Rodgers..

Troops. one battery 5 th Artillery. Hdqrs. and four batteries 5 th Artillery Three batteries 5 th Artillery One battery 7 th Artillery Three batteries 5 th Artillery . Recruits and casuals. Detachment of Ordnance. Fi. Slocum, David's I. Near New Rochelle......... Lieut. -Col.C.A. Woodruff. One battery 7th Artillery, Willets Point..........Near Whitestone............Major J. G. D. Knight. ..Battalion of Engineers.
Fort Totten.............Near Whitestone................ieut. Henry D. Todd, Jr. One battery 7 th Artillery.

## 

THE Clearing-House is at 77 Cedar Street, Manhattan Borough. Wm. Sherer is manager, Wm. J. Gilpin, assistant manager. Sixty-five banks are associated for the purpose of exchanging the checks and bills they hold against each other. Other banks, not members of the association, clear throngh members. The representatives of the members appear at the Clearing-House at 10 o' cloch A. m. every business day, with the checks and bills to be exchanged. The resulting balances are ascertained in about an hour, and before half-past one o'clock those indebted pay their balances, and after that hour the other banks receive the amounts due them. The Clearing-House has been in operation since 1853.

Following are extracts from the Manager's annual report for year ending September 30, 1899: The Clearing-House trausactions for the year have been as follows: Exchanges, $\$ 57,368,230,771.33$; balances, $\$ 3,085,971,370.53$; total transactions, $860,454,202,141$. 86 . The average daily transactions: Exchanges, $\$ 189,961,0 \div 9.04$; balances, $\$ 10.218,448.24$; total, $\$ 200,179,477.28$. Total transactions since organization of Clearing-House (46 years): Exchanges, $\$ 1,231,423,418,499.23$; balances, \$58,640;345,106.12; total, \$1,290,063, 763,605.35.

Banks are open from 10 A. M. to 3 P.m., and on Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 noon. Commercial paper, except sight or demand bills, falling due on Saturday, is payable on the following business day.

NATIONAL BANKS.

| Namp. | Loc | Capit | President. | Cashier. | scount Days. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American Exchange | 115 Broadr | \$5,000,000 | Dumont C | Edward Burns..... | i. |
| Astor ................. | 18 W .34 th | 350,000 | Geo. F. B | Geo. W. Pancoast. . |  |
| ank of Commer | Nassau, c.Cedar | 5,000,000 | J. P. Morgan, V. -P. | W. C. Duvall | Tues, and Fri. |
| Bank of New York | 48 Wall St | 2,000,000 | Ebenezer S. Mason. | Charles Oln |  |
| Bank of N. America. | 25 Nassau | 1,000,000 | WarnerVan Norden | Henry Chapin, Jr. |  |
| Bank of the Rep'bli | 2 W all S | 1,500,000 | Oliver S. Carter. . | Charles H Sto | Wednesday. |
| Bank of State of N. | 33 Villiam St | 1,200,000 | Richard L. Edwards | Beverly C. D |  |
| Broadway | 237 Broadway. | 1,000,000 | Francis A. Palmer | Chas. J. Day. | We |
| Butchers \& ${ }^{\text {d }}$ Drover | 124 Bowery. | 300,000 | G. F. Brinckerhoff. | Villiam H. C |  |
| Central | 320 Broad wa | 1,000,000 | Edwin Langdon | C. S. Y | Tues, and Fri. |
| ha | 83 Cedar St | 1,000,000 | H W. Cannon | J. T. Mills, |  |
| hat | 192 Broadwa | 450,000 | George Mr. Har | H. P. Dorem | Daily |
| Chemic | 270 Broadway | 300,000 | Geo. (1. William | Francis Halpi | Daily |
| Citize | 401 Broadw | 600,000 | Ewald Fleitn | Da | e |
| City |  | $\alpha 1,000,00$ | James | hits |  |
| n |  | 1.000,000 | Benj. Perkins. | Alfred H. Timpson | Tues. a |
| Domestic Exchange | §See note at | 300,000 | Robert D. Ken | Chas. H. Spencer . . | y. |
| East River | 682 Broadw | 250,000 | Raymond Je | Zenas E. Newell | Wed. an |
| ifth Nati | 3d Ave. \& 2 | 200,000 | S. Kelly | Andrew Thompson | Friday. |
| First Nati | 2 Wall St | 50¢,000 | George F. B | William B. Reed.. |  |
| Fourth N | 14 Nassau | 3,000,000 | J. Edwd. Simmon | C. H. Patterson | Tues. \& Thur |
| Gallatin | 36 Wall St | 1,000,000 | Fred. D. Tappe | muelWoolverton | We |
| Garfiel | 23d St. \& 6th | 200,000 | W. H. Gelshen | Po |  |
| Ha | 11 Nassau St | 1,000,000 | Jas. T. Wood | William Halls, | Tu |
| Hide an | John \& Willia | 500,000 | D. S. Ramsay | Clarence Foote | Daily. |
| Imp't'rs \& Traders' | 247 Broadway | 1,500,000 | E. H. Perkins, Jr | Edward Townsend | Tues. and Fri. |
| Irving | 287 Greenwi | 500,000 | Charles H. Fancher | James Dennison. | Tues, and Fri. |
| eather | 29 Wa | 600,000 | N. F. Palme | G. W. McGa |  |
| Liberty | Liberty \& W | 500,000 | Henry C. Tin | Henry P. Davison. |  |
| incoln | 32 East 42d st | 300,000 | Thomas L. Ja | William T. Cornell. | Wednesd |
| Market and | 81 Fulton | 900,000 |  | 1. ${ }^{\text {ros }}$ | Tuesday. |
| Mechanics' | 33 Wall St. | 2,000,000 | Horace E. Gar | G. W. Gart |  |
| ercan | 191 Broady | 1,000,000 | Fred'k B. Schenc | James V. Lot | Tues. and Fri. |
| erchant | 42 W all | 2,000,000 | R. M. Gallaway | Jos. W. Harrimau. |  |
| erchants | 257 Broad | 600,000 | P. C. Lou | Allen S. Ap |  |
| ational Par | 214 Broadwa | 2,000,000 | Edward E. Po | George S. Hicko | Tues, and Fri. |
| ational Un | 32 Nassau St | 1,200,000 | Joseph C. Headrix. | E. O. Leech | Daily. |
| New York Count | 8th Av. , cor | 200,000 | Francis L. Leland | F. M. Brees | Tues. and Fri. |
| N. Y. National Exch | 90 West B' wa | 300,000 | James Rowland | L. E. Pierson | Tues, and Fri. |
| inth National | 407 Broadway | 750,000 | John K. Cilley. | Hiram H. Nazro | Tues, and Fri. |
| henix | 49 W all St. | 1,000,000 | Duncan D. Parmly. | Alfred M. Bull | Tuesda |
| ab | 18 Broadwa | 500,000 | Samuel C. Bayne | J. F. Thomps |  |
| Second Nat | 5th AV., cor. 23d. | 300,000 | James Stillman | Joseph |  |
| Seventh Natio | 182 Broadway. | 300,000 | Wm. H. Kimba | George U. Adams. | Tues. |
| Shoe and L | 271 Broadway | 1,000,000 | John M. Cra | John I. Cole | Wean |
|  | Pine,cor. Nassau | 2,100,00 | V. P. Snyd | H. A. Smith | ednesday. |

## STATE BANXS.

Astor Place*.....
Bank of America
B' $^{\prime} k$ of N . Amst'dam Bank of Metropolis. Bowery
Bronx Bor'gh Bank
Colonial $\dagger$
Columbia
$\qquad$
Corn Exchange $\ddagger$
Fleventh 11 ard 5ıh Av. Bank of N. Y. Fourteenth Street
(iansevoort

23 Astor Place
44 Wall St.
B'way, cor. $39 t h$.
29 Union Square. 62 Bowery
731 Tremont AV. 480 Columbus Av 5th Av. cor. $42 d$. Will'm\& Beaver Ave. D, c.10thSt. 530 Fifth A ve. . 3 East 14 th St 3 East 14 th St ...
It 11 , cor. Hudson
$\$ 1,500,000$ Wirliam H. Perkins 250,000 Frank Tilford...... 300,000 Theodore Rogers. . 250,000 John S. Foster. 50, 000 Wm . II. Birchall. 100,000 Alexander Walker 300,000 Joseph Fox
1,400,000 William A. Nash 100,000 Henry Steers ...... 100,0(1) A. S. Frissell......... 101,000 George F. Vail....... 101,000 George F. Vail......
200,000 C.

Henry A. Patten...
W. M. Bemnet. ....
G. J. Baumann ...... C. Evans. Charles Essig. ...... Morris M. Corwin.. Win. C. Duncan. W. A. Eirifith... W.E. Williams, Ast Charles E. Brown Frank Dean Irving C. Gaylord..
F. J. Van Order...

Tues, and Fri. Tuesday. Thursday. Daily. Thursday.
Daily. Wednesday. Daily Tues and Fri. Friday. Daily. Daily.

* Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank. + Branches at Columbus Avenue and 66th and 10-4th Streets. $\ddagger$ Branches, Broadway and Spring Street, 23 Astor Place, Columbus Avenue and 72d Street, and Queeus County Bank. §Location not yet selected. a Capital may be increased Jan. 1, 1900.

STATE BANKS-MANBATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS-Continued.

| Name. | Location. | Capital. | President. | Cashier. | Discount Days. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| German-American | 23 Broa | \$750,0 0 | Casimir Tag |  | Mon. \& Thurs. |
| German Exchange. | 330 Bowery | 200,000 | Michael J. Ard | Charles L. Adrian. | Tues. and Fri. |
| Germania | 190 Bowery | 200,000 | Edward C. schaeler | J. A. Morschhauser | Tues. and Fri. |
| (ireenwic | 402 Hudson S | 200,000 | Johns. McLean... | William A. Hawes. | Tues, and Fri. |
| Hamilto | 215 W. 125th St | 200.000 100.000 | Edwin S. Schenck.. |  |  |
| Home | 303 W .42 d St. | 100.000 | George E. Ketcham. | J. P. Dun | isday. |
| Hudson | 260 Columbus |  | Fred. B. Flliott | Peter snyd |  |
| Munnattan (Com | 40 W all St | 2,050,000 | Stephen Baker. | D. H. Pierso | Mon. \& Thurs. |
| Mechanics \& Tr | 486 Broadwa | 400,000 | Leo Schlesinger | A. II, Dedere | Tues. and Fri. |
| Mount M | 85 E. 125th St | 250,000 | Thomas L. Watt | F. W. Livermore. | Dail |
| rutual | B'way, c. 33d | 200,000 | James Mcclenahan. | Walter Westervelt | Dail |
| Nassan. | 9 Beeknian St | 500,000 | F. H. Richardson.. | Wm. H. Rogers | Wed. and Sat. |
| N. Y. Produce | Prod. Exch. Bldg | 1,000,000 | Forrest H. Parker | Wm. A. Sherman. | Tues. and Fri. |
| Nineteenth Wa | 3 d A ve. \& 57 th St. | 100,000 | Joseph J. Kittel. | Louis H. Holloway | Tues, and Fri. |
| Orient | 122 Bowery. | 300,000 | Clinton W. starkey. | Nelson G. Ayres | Wednesd |
| Pacifi | 470 Broad way | 422,700 | Hardt B. Brundrett | Sam. (.) Merwin | Tues. |
| Peopl | 395 Canal St | 200,000 | Scott Foster | William Milne. | Daily |
| Plaza | 5 th Av, c. W. 58th | 100,000 | V. McMr. Mills | C. W. Parson | Daily. |
| Riv | 8th A ve., c. 57 thSt | 100,000 | H. C. Copeland | H. H. Bizallion | Daily. |
| Sta | 378 Grand St. | 100,000 | Oscar L. Richar | J. H. Rosenba | Friday |
| Twelfth Wa | 125th, c. Lex'n Av | 200,000 | Isaac A. Hopper | F. B. French | Thursd |
| Twenty-third Ward | 135th St. \& 3d Av. | 100,000 | Charles W. Bogart. | George E. Edwards | Daily. |
| Unionsquare. | 8 Union Sq., E... | 200,000 | Frederick Wagner | J. W. Scheu | Tues. a |
| Wells, Fargo \& Co's | 63 Broadway. | 500,000 | John J. Valentin | H. B. Parson |  |
| West side | 485 Eighth Ave.. |  |  | Theo. M. Bertime | Mon. \& Thurs. |
| Yorkville | 85th St., c. 3d Av. | 100,000 | R. Van Der Emde.. | W. L. Frankenbach. | Tues. and Fri. |

* Branch at 1707 Amsterdam Avenue, † Branch of the Corn Exchange Bank.


## 13aths for Sabirgs

IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGKS.

| Name. | Location. | Presldent. | No. of Depositors. | Deposits. |  | Surplus. | Business Hours. [Unless otherwise stated banks close at 12 noon on Saturdays.] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American .......... | 5th Av. \& 42d St. | Daniel T. Hoag....... | 4,630 | $\overline{\$ 1,118,000}$ | 31/2 | 850,400 | 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Monday, 6 to 8 P. M. also. |
| Bank for Savings... | 4th Av., c. 22d St. | Merritt Trimble | 133,015 | 59,134,000 | $\ddagger 4$ | 3,959.230 | 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Monday, $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$ to $6 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m}$. |
| Bower | 130 Bow | John D. Hick | 122,309 | 65,982,222 | $31 / 2$ | 5,720,634 | 10 A . M. to $3 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}$. |
| Broadm | 4 Park I | Francis A. Pa | 8,380 | 6,317.210 |  | 518,477 | $10 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{m}$. |
| Citize | 58 Bowery | Henry Ha | 30,120 | 11,523,633 | 31/2 | 1,600,918 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{Ms}$. |
| Dollar | Third Ave., cor. 14 th St. | John Haffe | 7,750 | 790,000 | 4 | 4,000 | 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Mon, and Sat., 7 to 9 P. M. also. |
| Dry Dock | 341 Bowery. | Andrew Mills. | 57,168 | 21,769,988 | 31/2 | 2,253,697 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. |
| East Kiver | 3 Chambers St | Wm. H. Slocum | 19,409 | 15,224,239 |  | 2,514,013 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. |
| Emigrant lndustrial | 51 Chambers St... | James McMaho | 87,576 | 55,637,210 | $31 / 2$ | 5,744,699 | 10 A . M. to 4 P . M. |
| Empire City ........ | 231 W. 125th St... | 1saac A. Hoppe | 8,000 | 1,250,000 | $31 / 2$ | 20,000 | 9 A. M. to 3 p. M.; Mon. and Sat., 7 to 9 P. M. also. |
| Excelsior | 23d St., c. 6th Av. | George C | 8,072 | 2,280,438 | 31/2 | 107,786 | 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Sat., 6 to 8 p. m. also, except in June, July, Ang., and Sept. |
| Franklin........... | 8th Av ., c. $42 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{St}$. | Archibald Turner | 28,153 | 8,230,675 | $31 / 2$ | 970,000 | 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Monday, 6 to 8 P. M. also. |
| German | 4th Ave., c. 14th St | Philip | 101,640 | 46,437,470 | $31 / 2$ | 4,498,417 | 10 A. M. to 3 P. m.; Monday, $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $8 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}_{\text {. }}$ |
| Greenwich | 248 Sixth A | John H. Rhoades..... | 74,085 | 37,144,000 | $31 / 2$ | 4,100,000 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}$. |
| Harlem | 2281 Third Ave... | Charles B. Tooker.... | 31,904 | 8,945,850 | 3 | 635,000 | 10 A. M. to 3 p. M.; Monday, 6 to $8 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}$. also. |
| Irving | 115 Chambers St.. | Wm. H. B. T | 16,000 | 9,850,000 | , | 833,000 | $10 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{m}$. |
| Manhattan | 644 Broadway | Joseph Bird | 19,022 | 9,025,635 | $31 / 2$ | 1,005,239 | 10 A. st. to 4 P. M. |
| Merchants' Clerks.. | 20 Union Sq., E.. | F. M. Hurlb | 13,634 | 8,297,739 | $31 / 2$ | 785,901 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$, to $3 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{M}$. |
| Metropolitan....... | 1 Third Ave.. | J, B. Currey |  | 8,065,751 | 4 | 655,598 | 10 A. M. to 3 p. M.; Monday, 5 to 7 P. M. also. |
| New York..... .... | Sth Ave., c. 14th.. | Peter A. | 26,000 | 14,432,538 | 4 | 2,179,877 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M} . ;$ Mondey, 5 to 7 P. M. also. |
| North River....... | 266 W. 34th St | Samuel D. St | 13,000 | 4,498,349 | $31 / 2$ | 324,491 | 10 A. M. to 3 p. m.; Monday, 6 to 8 P. M. also. |
| Seamen |  | William C. Sturges... | 79,453 | 44,000,000 |  | 4,936,000 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $2 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. |
| Uni | B'way, c. 32d St.. | Chas. E. Sprague.... | 66,948 | 16,411,391 | $31 / 2$ | 963,517 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M} \text {. to } 3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M} . ; \text { Monday, } \\ & 10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M} . \text { to } 7 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M} . \end{aligned}$ |
| United States . . . . . | 633 Madison Ave. | Const. A. Andrews ... | 6,304 | 799,152 | $31 / 2$ | 14,599 | 10 A . M. to $4 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m} . ;$ Mon, and Sat., 7 to 9 P. M. also. |
| West Side.......... | 56 Sixth Ave | Stephen G. Cook...... | 4,083 | 626,355 | 4 | 28,550 | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \text { A. M. to } 3 \text { P. M.; Mon. and } \\ & \text { Sat., } 6 \text { to } 8 \text { P. M. also. } \end{aligned}$ |

$\dagger$ Report of Janaary 1, 1899. $\ddagger$ Has allowed 4 per cent up to July 1, 1899, but rate may be lowered. §Subject to change.

## Safe Brposit Comparies in stanbatan zorough.

## American, 501 Fifth Avenue.

Bankers', 4 Wall street.
Central Park, 919 Seventh ivenue, 175 West 58th Street.
Colonial, 220 Broadway.
Garfield, Sixth Avenue and 23d Street.
Lincoln, 32 East 42 d Street, 45 East 41 st Street.
Manhattan Warehouse, 42 d Street and Lexington A venue; Seventh A venue and 52d Street.
Mercantile, 122 Broadway.

Merchants', West Broadway and Beach Street. Metropolitan. 3 Hast 14th street.
Mount Morris, Park Avenue, corner 125th Street. National Safe Deposit, 32 Liberty Street.
Produce Exchange, Broadway and Beaver Street. Safe Deposit Company of New York, 140 Broadway.
State Safe Deposit Company, 35 William Street. Stock Exchange 10 Broad Street.
Tiffany \& Co., 15 Union Square.

## Trust Companics in atarjattam bovough.

Am. Duposit and Loan Company, 120 Broadway. Atlantic Trust Company, 39 William Street.
Central Realty Bond and Trust Company, 59 Liberty Street.
Central Trust Company, 54 Wall Street.
Century Trust Company, $l$. Wall street.
City T=ust Company, 36 ' W all street.
Colonial Trust Company. 220 Broadway.
Continental Trust Company, 30 Broad Street.
Farmers' Loan and Trust Compauy, 20 and 22 William Street.
Federal Trust Company, Broadway and Wall Street.
Fifth Arenue Trust Company, 514 Fifth Avenue. Guaranty Trust Company, 65 Cedar street.
Holland Trust Company, 99 Cedar street.
Knickerbocker Trust Company, Fifth Avenue, corner 27 th Street, and 66 Broadway.
Manhattan Trust Company, 20 Wall sitreet.
Mercantile Trust Company, 120 Broadway.
Metropolitan Trust Company, 37 Wall Stfeet.
Morton 'Trust Company, 38 ベassau Street.

New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, 52 Wall street.
New York Security and Trust Company. 46 Wall Street.
New York Warehouse and Security Company, 11 William Stree ${ }^{*}$
North American Trust Company, 100 Broadway.
Produce Exchange Trust Companv. 26 Broadway.
Real Estrte Trust Compan, 30 Nassau street.
Southern Trust Company, so Broadway.
Standard Finance and Trust Company, 40 Wall street.
State Trust Company. 100 Broadway.
The Trust Company of America, 149 Broadway.
Title Guaranty and Trust Company, 146 Broadway.
Union Trust Company, 80 Broadway.
United States Mortgage and Trust Company, 59 Cedar street.
United States Trust Company, 45 Wall Street.
Washiugton Trust Company, 280 Broadway.

## 

## Representing Foreign Countries.

Argentine Repuhlic.-Carlos Rohl, C. G. ; Felix L. de Castro, V. C., Produce Exchange, Room 124.
Austria-Hungary.-Dr. Ferdinand Freyesleben, V. C., Acting Consul General, 33 Broadway.

Belgium.-Pierre Mali, C., 83 Worth St.
Bolivia.-Enrique Wulff, C. G., 15 Whitehall St.
Brazil. - Antonio Fontoura Xavier, C. G.; F. G. Leas. V.C. and Chancellor, 17 Statest.
Chile.-Fred'k A. Beelen. C. G., 135 W. 11th St.
China.-Chung Pao Hsi, C.; L. Wing, V. C., 26 W. 3th St.

Colombia.-Euardo Espinosa, C. G., 17 State St.
Corea.-See "Korea."
Costa Rica.-Dr Juan J. Ulloa, C. G., 66 BeaverSt.
Denmark.-L. O. G. Amundsen, Acting Consul. $6^{2}$ Wall St.
Dominican Republic.-Emilo C. Joubert, 31 Broadway.
Ecuador.-Fidel Garcia, C. G.; Rafael Zevallos, V. C. ; Luis Calderon, Chancellor.

Egypt.-See "Turkey."
France.-E. Bruwaert, C. G.; G. Velten, C.: A. Jouve, V. C.; A. Ritt Vice-Chancellor. 35 S . William St.
German Empire.-Karl G. Buenz. C. G. ; F. Ritschl. C. ; J. F. Bertram, Dr. Kurtz Scholz, V. C., Il Broadway.
Great Britain.-Percy Sanderson. C. G.; C. C. Bayley, C., 17 State St. - C. A S. Percival, V.C.; J. P. Smithers 2d V. C. Office for shipping seamen, 2 state St .
Greece.-Demetrius N. Botassi, C. G., 35 S. William St.
Guatemala.-Dr. Joaquin Yela, C. G.; Julius J. Yela, Chancellor, 4 Stone St.
Hawailan Republic.-Elisha H. Allen, C. G., 63
Wall St. Nicolas, C. G.; E. D. Basset, V. C., 35 S. William st.

Honcuras. - N. Bolet Peraza, C. G.. 40 Broadway. Hungary. -See "Austria."
Italy.-G. Branchi, C. G.; Count F. Prat, V. C.; G. Tosti, $2 d$ V. C., 17 state St.

Japan.-S. Uchida, C. Bennett Building, cor. Nassau and Fulton Sts.
Korea.-Everet Frazar, C. G., 65 Wall st.
Liberia.-Frederick W. Yates. C., 141 Broadway: C. T. Geyer, V. C., 19 William St.

Mexico- -Juan N.. Navarro, C.G.; A. Leon Grajeda. Chaucellor, 35 Broadway.
Monaco.-Auguste Joure, C., 35 s . William St.
Netherlands.-John R. Planten, C. G.; William M. B. Gravenhorst, ( S. 17 William St.

Nicaragua.-A. D. Straus, C. G., 18 Broadway.
Norway. - Christopher Ravn, C., 17 state St.
Orange Free State.-Charles D. Pierce, C. G., 135 Liberty st.
Paraguay.-Felix A scaigne. C. G., 187 Broadwas: W. E. Richards, C. 309 Broadway.

Persia.-H. Ruthren Pratt, C. G., 20 Broad St.
Peru.-Federico Bergmann, C. G., 15-25 Whitehall st.
Portugal.-Luiz A. de M. P. A. Taveira, C. G. ; A. A. Ferreira, V. C. ,Produce Exchange Annex, 1315. Russia. - W. Teplow, C. G.; G. Petersen, V. C., 22 state st.
San salvador.-N. B. Peraza, C. G. . 40 B'dway. Siam.-I. T. Smith, C. G., 1 East 39th St.
Spain--Jose de Navarro y Lopez de Ayala, C. G. ;
Mariano Fabregas Sotelo, V. C. . 18 Broadway. Sweden.-Christopher Ravn, V. C. 17 State St Switzerland. - J Bertschmann, C., 18 Exchange Pl. Trinidad. - J. de la Boissiere, C. G., 125 W .37 th St. Turkey.-Mundji Bey Fikri, C. G. 17 State St. Uruguay.-T. A. Eddy, C. ; W. B. Flint, V. C.: W. II. Coombs, Chancellor, 30 Broad st.

Venezuela.-Elias G. Esteves, C. G., 17 State St.

## wrioges in and suout the City of New Fork.

 BROOKLYN BRIDGE.Commissioner, John L. Shea, 13-21 Park Row, New York: Deputies, Henry Beam, Brooklyn, and Thomas H.' York, New York. Chies' Engineer and Superintendent, C. C. Martin.

The bridge connecting Manhattan Borough and Brooklyn Borough over the East River from Park Row, Manhattan Boro., to Sands and Washington Streets, Brooklyn Boro., was begun January 3, 1870, and opened to traftic May 24, 1883. Total cost of the bridge to December 1, 1897. about $\$ 21,000,000$.

The tolls are: For foot passengers, free; rail way fare, 3 cents, or 2 tickets for 5 cents; one horse, 3 cents; one horse and vehicle, 5 cents; two horses and vehicle, 10 cents; each extra horse above two attached to vehicle, 3 cents; bicycles, free. On July, 1, 1898, the bridge railway was leased to the elevated railroad companies (now operated by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit), paying therefor 8250 per day; trolley cars, 5 cents per round trip. About 120,000 surface cars cross the bridge each month. The carriageways are under control of the Bridge Commissioner, and about $\$ 60.000$ per annum is derived from this source.

The following are the statistics of the structure: Width of bridge, 85 feet. Length of river span 1,595 feet 6 inches. Length of each land span, 930 feet. Length of Brooklyn approach, 971 leet. Length of New York approach, 1,562 feet 6 inches. Total length of carriageway, 5,989 feet. Total length of the bridge, with extensions, $6,5: 37$ feet.

Size of Manhattan Borough calsson, $172 \times 102$ feet. Size of Brooklyn Borough caisson, $168 \times 102$ feet. Timber and iron in caisson, 5,253 cubic yards. Concrete in well holes, chambers, etc., 5,669 cuhic feet. Weight of Manhattan Borough caisson, about 7,000 tons. Weight of concrete filling, about 8,000 tons.

Manhattan Borough tower contains 46,945 cubic yards masonry. Brooklyn Borough tower contains 38,214 cubic yards masonry. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Brooklyn Borough, 45 feet. Depth of tower foundation below high water, Manhattan Borough, 78 feet. Size of towers at high water line, $140 \times 59$ foet. Size of towers at roof course, $136 \times 53$ feet. Total height of towers above high water, 278 feet.

Clear height of bridge in centre of river span above high water at $900 \mathrm{~F} ., 135$ feet. Height of floor at towers above high water, 119 feet 3 inches.

Grade of roadway, 34 feet in 100 feet. Height of towers above roadway, 159 leet. Size of anchorage at base, $129 \times 119$ feet. Size of anchorage at top, $117 \times 104$ feet. Height of anchorages, 89 feet front, 85 feet rear. Weight of each anchor plate, 23 tons.

Number of cables 4. Diameter of each cable, $153 / 4$ inches. Length of each single wire in cables, 3,578 feet 6 inches. Ulimate strength of each cable, 12, 600 tons. Weight of wire, 12 feet per pound. Each cable contains 5,296 parallol (not twisted) galvanized steel, oil-coated wires, closely wrapped to a solid cylinder, 1584 inches in diameter. Permanent weigłt suspended from cables, 14680 tons.

## NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY BRIDCE.

Andrew H. Areen, Chairman; Charles MI. Vail, Evan Thomas, R. Jomers Hayes, Isidor Straus, Commissioners; Evan Thomas, secretary; Charles'H. Swan, Assistant Secretary. Commissioners'
office, 214 Broadway, Manhattan Eorough. The Commissioners of the New Yori and New Jersey office, 214 Broad way, Manhattan Borugh. The Commissioners of the New York and New Jersey Bridge and the Sinking Fund Commissioners of the Clity of New York selected a location mid way between 59th and 60th streets, Manhattan Borough. The maximum length of span is 2,710 feet. Guaranteed cost of the bridge is $\$ 17,000,000$. The law provides that the bridge must be completed within ten years. The Union Bridge Conpany has made a contract with the companies to construct the bridge within six years from the time it commencos work, and gave a bond of $\$ 1,000,000$ for the faithful performance of the contract. It is intended to begin work of construction when the freight approaches to the bridge have bean approved by the Sinking Fund Commissioners of New York City.

## NEW EAST RIVER BRIDCE.

President, Lowie Nixor; Viea-Prosidont, Jemes W. Boylo; Seeretary, Jamee D. Bell; Treasurer, J. D. Fairchild. The offices of the Commission are at 49.81 Chambere Streat, Manhattan Borough. Chiof Engineer's office, 84 Broadway, Brooklyn Borough. The tower foundationa for the bridge in the borough of Manhattan areat the foot of Delaucey Slip, and in the borough of Brooklyn at a point between South Fifth and South Sixth Streets. The bridge will end at Norfolk Street in the borough of Manhattan, and just west of Roebling Street in the borough of Brooklya. The dimensions of the bridge are as follows: Main span, $1,600 \mathrm{ft}$.; entire bridge, between terminais, $7,200 \mathrm{ft}$. width of bridge, $118 \mathrm{ft} . ;$ minimum height of bridge above mean high water, 135 ft .; height of centre of cables al top of towere above high water, 335 ft ; width of carriage ways, each 18 ft .; width of two foot-walks, each 12 ft ; ; width of four trolley-cer tracks, enatre to contre. 10 ft ., width of two elevated railroad tracks, centre to centre 12 ft . New York slde-North caisson, 54.8 ft . below low water mark; south caisson, 70 ft . Brooklyn side-North caisson, 100 ft . below low water mark; south esiseon, 75 ft . The tower fonndetiens are $25 \mathrm{ft}^{\mathrm{ft}}$ above high water mari and the towers that are to be placed on top of then wlll be made of steal. The comated cost is about $\$ 12,000,000$. The structure may be completed in about seven years.

## NEW EAST RIVER BRIDGES.

On December 1, 1899, Bridge Commissioner.'hea sent a letter to Mayor Van Wyck and the Board of Estimate, asking for an appropriation of $\$ 1,000,000$ to begin the construction of the two projected bridges over the East River. Both these bridges will be of the cantilever construction. That which will extend from 60 th street, over Blackwell's Island, to Long Island City, will cost, according to estimates, $\$ 12,548,500$ and the other, which will have its Manhattan terminus at Pike Slip and its Brooklyn end at Washington Street, \$15, 833,600.

## ACROSS THE HARLEM RIVER,

Second A venue.
Third A venue.
Park Av. \& 133 d St. Madison A venue. Macomb's Dam.... West 173d Street.. Eighth A venue .... $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { N. Y. } \\ & \text { N. \& Putnam R R }\end{aligned}\right.$ Eighth Avenue.... N. Y. \& Putnam R. R. Bridge.
West 181st Street. Washington Bridge.

High Bridge, over which the Croton water of the old aqueduct passes, is 1,460 feet long, supported by 13 arches on granite piers, the highest arch heing 116 feet above water level. Washington Bridge, at 10 th Avenue and West 181st street, is 2,400 feet long and 80 feet wide. The central arches aue 510 feet each, and 135 feet above high water.

## Batys in fanmattan ant buon borougis.

The free public baths of the City of New York are located on the Hudson and East Rivers as
follows:

Hudson River.

## Battery.

Foot of Duane street.
*W West Twentieth Street.
". West Fifty-first Street.
" West Eighty-second Street.
" West One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street.

## East River.

Foot of Market Street.
" Corlears street.
" Fifth street.
". East Eighteenth Street.
" East Twenty-fourth Street.
". East Fifty-tirst Street.
" East Ninety-first Street.

- East One Hundred and Twelfth Street. East One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Street.

Visitors to the public baths are required to furnish their own towels and bathing suits. These must be removed when the bathers leave the place. The days for bathing in the season (June 12 to September 17) are: For females, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays; for men and boys, the other days of the week and half a day on Sunday. The hours for bathing are from 5 o'clock in the morning until $90^{\prime}$ clock in the evening. In very warm weather the bath-houses are open all night. Policemen are in attendance to preserve order and enforce the rules

The bath-houses will accommodate 400 persons at trips of twenty minutes each. Each bainer is allowed twenty minutes in the water In each bath-house are two tanks: for adults, 4 feet 6 inches of water; children, 2 feet 6 inches. Last year about $3,872,486$ baths were taken in the public baths about one-quarter by women and girls.

## 

American Veterinary, 141 W. 54 th St.
Babies', 659 Lexington Ave.
Bellevue, foot E . 26th St.
Beth Israel, 206 E. Broadway.
Colored Home and Hospital, ist Ave., cor. 65th St. Columbus, 226 E .20 th St.
Emergency for Women, 223 E. 26th St.
Flower, Ave. A., cor. F. 63d St.
Fordham Reception, 2456 Valentine Ave.
French Benevolent cociety, 320 W. 34th St.
General Memorial, 2 W. 106th St.
German, E. 77 th St., cor. Park Ave.
Gouverneur, Gouverneur Slip, cor. Front St.
Hahnemann, Park Ave., near E. 67 th St.
Harlem Eye, Ear, and Throat Infirmary, 144 E. 12 ith $^{\text {th }}$.
Harlem, 533 E. 120th St.
J. Hood' Wright Memorial Hospital, 503 W. 131st St.

Laura Franklin, Free Hospital for Children, 17 E . 111th St.
Lebanon, Westchester Ave., near Cauldwell Ave.
Loomis (for Consumptives), 104 W .49 th St.
Manhattan Eye and Ear, 103 Park Ave.
Maternity. E. 69th St., cor. 3d Ave.
Maternity Hospital of the New York Mother's
Home of the sisters of Misericorde, 531 E .86 th St.
Metropolitan Throat, 351 W .34 th St.
Mothers and Bables', 596 Lexington Ave.
Mrt.Sinai, Lexington A ve., cor. E. 66th St.
New Amsterdam Fye and Ear, 230 W. 38th St.
New York, 7 W .15 th St.
New York College of Veterinary Surgeons, 154 E . 57th St.
New York Eye and Ear Infirmary, 218 2d Ave.
New York Infirmary for Women and Child ren, 5 Livingston Place.
New York Medical College and Hospital for Women, 213 W. 54th St.
New York Ophthalmic and Aural Institute, 46 E . 12 th St.
New York Ophthalmic, 201 E .23 d St.
New York Orthopcedic, 126 E. 59th St.

New York Polyclinic, 214 E. 34th St.
New York Post-Graduate, 301 E. 20th St.
New York led Cross, 259 W .93 d st.
New York Sanitarium, 247 W .49 th St.
New York Skin and Cancer, $3302 d$ Ave.
New Yorls Society for the Relief of the Ruptured and Crippled, 135 E. 42 d St.
New York Throat and Nose, 244 E. 59th St
Nursery and Child's, 571 Lexington Ave.
Old Marion St. Maternity, $1392 d$ Ave.
Pasteur Institute, 313 W .23 d st.
Presbyteriau, 70th St., near Park Ave.
Riverside, North Brother Island.
Riverside (Reception), foot F. 16th St.
Roosevelt, W. 59th St., near 9th Ave.
St. Andrew's Convalescent Hospital for Women.
213 E. 17th St.
St. Andrew's Infirmary for Women, 37 W .126 th St. St. Ann's Maternity, 130 E. 69th St.
St. Elizabeth's, 225 W. 31st St.
St. Francis', 609 Fifth St.
St. John's Guild Floating Hospital for Children, office, 1 Madison Ave.
St. Joseph's, E, 143d St., cor. Brook A ve.
St. Joseph's Infirmary, E. 82 d St., $n$. Madison Ave St. Luke's, Amsterdam Ave., cor. W. 113th St.
St. Mark's, 177 2d Ave.
St. Mary's Free Hospital for Children, 407 W. 34 th St. St. Vincent's, 153 W. 11 th St.
Sanitarium for Hebrew Children, 148 Wooster St.
Seton (for Consumptives), Spuyten Duyvil.
Skene Hospital for Self-supporting Women, 40 W . 47th St.
Sloane Maternity, W. 59th St., c. Amsterdam A ve Society of Lying-in Hospital, 7 Livingston Place 314 Broome St.
Trinity Hospital, 50 Varick St.
United States Marine (office, Battery).
Willard Parker, foot E. 16th St.
Woman's, E. 50th st., cor. Park Ave.
Woman's Infirmary and Maternity Home, 247 W. 49th St.

## ©Mirty of Sixtwalks in fantiattan jorougy.


In Madison Ave. ..... 19 ft .
$" 5$ th A ve ..... 30
"st. Nicholas Ave. ..... 22 " 6 in" Park Ave. from E. 49th to E. 56th St.and from E. 96th St. to Harlem River 15 "
"West End Ave ..... 30 "
" Central Park West, from W. 59th St. toW. 110th, east side........ . . . . . . . . ...... 227 "
"Central Park West, from W. 59 th St. to W. 110th, west side ..... 25 "

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WITH NAMES OF PASTORS.

## BAPTIST. <br> Baptist Ministers' Conference meets every Monday at 11 A.M., at 1825 th Ave. <br> Abyssinian, 166 Waverley Pl. Robert D. Wynn. <br> Alexander A ve., cor. E. 141stSt. Adelbert Chapman. <br> Amity, W. 54th St., bet. 8th and 9th A ves. Leighton Williams. <br> Autioch, 136 W .32 d St. James W Fisher. <br> Ascension, $160 t \mathrm{t}$ St., bet. Morris and 4th Aves. <br> Beth Eden, Lorillard Pl., near E 187th St. Frank Johnson. <br> Calvary, W. 57 th St., bet. 6 th and 7th Aves. R. S. MacArthur. <br> Central, W. 42 d St.,near 8th A ve. F. M. Goodchild. <br> Central Park, E. 83d St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves. H. M. Warren. <br> Church of the Epiphany, 64th St. and Madison Ave. Howard L. Jones. <br> Church of the Redeemer, W. 131st St. , bet. Lenox and 7th Aves. J. C. St. John. <br> Day Star. 501 W. 157th St. J. W Scott. <br> Eagle Ave., Eagle Ave., near 162d St. H. Mar-

 schuer.Ebenezer (Primitive), 154 W. 36 th St.
Emanuel, 47 Suffolk St.
Emanuel'(German), 1151 1st Ave. Karl Roth.
Fifth A ve., 6 W .46 th St.
First, W. 79 th St., cor. Boulevard. I. M. Haldeman. First German, 336 E .14 th St G. A. Guenther.
First German, 220 E. 118th St. R. T. Wegener.
First Italian, cor. Oliver and Henry sts. Dassori.
First Seventh Day, 52 E. 23d St. J. G. Burdick.
First Swedish, E. 55th St., bet. 3d and Lexington Aves. A. P. Ekman.
Hope, cor. 104th St. and Boulevard. R. Hartley.
Immanuel, Williamsbridge. C. Grennell.
Lexington Ave., E. 1llth St. ©or. Lexington Ave. J. L. Campbeil.

Madison Ave., cor. Madison Ave. and E. 31st St H M. Sanders.
Mariner's Temple, 12 Oliver St. Henry Camp. Memorial, Washington Sq. S., corner Thompson. Edward Judson.
Morningside, W. il6th St.. near 8th Ave. D. A. MacMurray.
Morning Star Mission for Chinese, 17 Doyers St.
Mount Gilead, 104 E .126 th St. B. H. Walker.
Mount Morris, 5 th Ave. near W. 126th St. W. C. Bitting.
Mount Olivet, 161 W .53 d St. C. T. Walker.
North, 234 W. 11th St. C. E. Nash.
Pilgrim, Boston Road, near Vyse Ave. J. Hooper
Riverside, 92 d St., cor. Amsterdam Ave. R. B. Smith.
Second Ave., 1642 d A ve. J. A. Francis.
Second German, 407 W .43 d St. Gottlob Fetzer. Sharon, 203 E .97 th St. G. W. Bailev.
Shiloh, N. W. cor. 129th St, and Park Ave.
Sixteenth St., 257 W 16 th St A W. H. Hodder.
Sixty-seventh st. (German), 223 W .67 th St.
Thessalonian, 3d Ave. and 175 th St. J. I. Rivers.
Third German, 1127 Fulton Ave. R, Hoefflin.
Tremont, 1815 Washington Ave. A. E. Knapp.
Union, 223 West 67 th St. G. H. Sims.
Washington Heights. 145th St. and Convent Ave. B. B. Bosworth.
West 33d St., 327 W 33d St. E S Holloway.
Zion, 164 W. 26 th St. W. L. Hubbard.

## CONGREGATIONAL.

Bedford Park, Bainbridge Ave., cor. Suburban. Wayland Spaulding
Bethany, 10 th A ve, near 35 th St. N. M. Pratt.
Broadway Tabernacle, Broadway and 3ith St Chas. E. Jefferson.
Camp Meinorial, 141 ChrystieSt. Henry G. Miller.
Christ, Gray, cor. Tooping St. Henry M. Brown.
Forest Ave., E. 166th St. and Forest Ave. Adam Reoch.
Hope, E. 135th St. and Trinity Ave. Wm. T. Stokes.

Manhattan, W. 83d St. and Boulevard. H. A. Stimson.
North New York, E. 143d St. near Willis Ave. Wm. H. Kephart.
Pilgrim, Madison Ave.. cor. 121st St
Sherman Square, Sherman Sq. William Lloyd. Smyrna (Welsh), 206 E. 11th St. W. T. Williams. Spanish Evangelical, Madison Ave., cor. 121st st. Jas. M. Lopez.
Trinity, Washington Ave., cor. E. 176th St.

## DISCIPLES OF CHRIST.

Disciples of Christ. 323 W. 56th St. W. C. Payne.
Lenos Ave. Union, 119th St., near Lenox Ave.
J. M. Philputt.

Second, E. 169th St. . near Franklin A ve. S.T. Willis. EVANGELICAL.
Dingeldein Memorial (German), 429 E. 77 th St. C. Philipbar.

First Church of the Evangelical Association, 214 W. 35 th St. John Reuber.

German Evangelical of Yorkville. 339 E. 84 th St. Henry Heitler.
Second Church of the Evangelical Association, 424 W. 55th St. D. Schnebel.

St. Paul' s, 159 E. 112 th St. C. Buckisch.
Swedish Bethesda, 240 E. 45 th St. Karl Erixon.
FRIENDS.
East 15th St., cor, Rutherfurd Pl.
Twentieth St., 144 E. 20th St.

## JEWISH.

Adas Israel, 350 E. 57 th St. Moses Maisner.
Adereth El, 135 E .29 th St. L. A. Alexander.
Agudath Jeshorim, 115 E 86th St. A. Calman.
Ahawath B'nach, 71 sheriff'st.
Ahawath Chesed, 652 Lexington Ave. David Davidson.
Ansche Sfard, 99 Attorney St.
Anshe Ames, 44 E . Broadway.
Atereth Israel, 323 E. 82 d St. II. Krauskopf.
A teris Zwie, E. 121st St., near 1st Ave. Leopold Levkowitz.
Beth-El, 76th St. and 5th Ave. Kaufmann Kohler.
Beth Hamedrash Hagodal, 54 Norfolk St. Jacob Joseph.
Beth Hamedrash Shaari Torah, 80 Forsyth St.
Beth Israel Bikur Cholim, 72 d St. and Lexington Ave. F. Vidaver.
B'nai Israel, 225 E . 79th St. Jsaac Noot
B'nai Jeshuruu. 65th St. and Madison Are. Stephen S. Wise.
B' nai Peyser, 316 E. 4th St.
B' nee Sholom, 630 5th St. Daniel Loewenthal.
Brith Solam, 54 Pitt St. M. Wechsler.
Chaari Zedek, 38 Henry St. Leopold Zinsler.
Chefra Kadischa Talmud Thura, 622 5th St.
Julius Levy.
Darech Amuno. 278 Bleecker St. F Light.
Emuno Israel, 301 W . 29th St. A. Guranowsky.
First Galiz Duckler Mugan Abraham 87 Attorney st. Naftali Reiter.
First Roumanian Am. Congregation, 70 Hester St. Abram Zolish.
Kahal Adath Jeshurun, 14 Eldridge St.
Kehilath Jeshurun, 127 E. 82d St. Meyer J. Peikes. Kol Israel Ansche Poland, 22 ForsythSt. J Bloch. Leah M. Sholom, 23142d Ave.
Machzika Torah Anshar Sineer. 34 MontgomerySt Mate Lewi, 49 E . Broadway.
Meshkan Israel Ansche Suvalk, 56 Cbrystie Sit.
Mount Zion. 113thit. and Madison A ve. H Lustig. Nachlass Zw ee, 170 E. 114 th St. Philip H Diament-
Ohab Zedek, 172 Vorfolk St. Philip Klein.
Orach Chaim, 894 1st Ave. Abraham Neumark.
Rodopi shulom, 6sd St and Lexington Ave.
Ruanoph (imssmau.
Shaarai Berorho 138 E. 50th St. Gabriel Hirsch. Shiaral rephul:a, IV. 82 d st., near A msteldam Ave.
F. de sola Mendes.

## CHURCHES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS-Continued.

## JEWISH-Continued.

Shearith B'nai Israel, 638 6th St.
Shearith Israel, Central Park West, cor. 70th St H. P. Mendes.

Sons of Israel, 15 Pike St.
Talmud Torah, 38 Hester st . Hyman Weinstein.
Temple Emanu-El, 5 th Ave. and 43d St. Joseph Silverman.
Temple Israel, 125th St. and 5 th A ve. M. H.Harris. Tiffereth Israel, 126 Allen St. B. Silberman.
Zichron Ephraim, 67 th St., near Lexington Ave. B Drachman.

## LUTHERAN.

Advent, Boulevard, near 81stSt. G. F. Krotel.
Atonement, Edgecombe Ave. and 140th St. F. H. Knubel.

Bethany, 14 Teasdale Pl. J. F. W. Kitzmeyer.
Christ, 406 E. 19th St. George U. Wenner.
Church of Our Saviour, 179th St. and Audubon Ave. W. H. Feldman.
Danish Lutheran. 72 E. 128 th St. R. Anderson.
Emigrant House C'hapel, 26 'state St. H. J. Berkerneier.
Epiphany, 72 E. 128 th St. J. W. Knapp.
Grace, 123 W. 71st st. J. A. Weyl.
Gustavus Adolphus, 151 E. 22 d St. Mauritz Stolpe.
Harlem Swedish, 191 E. 121st.St. N. E. Kron.
Immanuel, 215 E .83 d St. J. C. Renz.
Immanuel, 88 th St., cor. Lex. Ave. E. Schoenfeld.
Our Saviour, 179th St. and Audubon Ave. W. H. Feldmann.

Redeemer, 127 W . 45 th St. Wm. Dallmann.
St. James'. Madison Ave., cor E. 73d St. J. B. Remensnyder.
St. John's. 81 Christopher St. John J Young.
St. John's, $217 \mathrm{E} .119 t \mathrm{~h}$ st. IH. C. Steup.
St. John's, Fulton Ave, and lioin St. H. Beiderbecke.
St. Luke's, 233 W. 42 dl St.
St. Luke's, Adams St. and Morris Park Ave. Van Nest. W. Eickmanu.
St. Mark S. 323 6th St. G. C. F. Haas.
St. Matthew's, 354 Broome St. J H. Sieker
St. Matthew's, E. 155'th St., near Courtlandt Are. Paul Schnelder.
St. Paul's. 313 W .22 d St. Leo Koenig
St. Paul s, 149 W. $123 d$ st. J. A. W. Haas.
St. Paul's, Westchester Ave. and 156 th St . G. Tappert.
St. Peter's, Lexington Ave. and 46th St. E. F. Moldenke and A. B. Moldenke
St. Yeter's, Alexander Ave and 141st St. H. A. T. Richter.
St. Stephen's Union Ave, near 165th St. H. Rippe.
Trinity. 139 A ve. B. Otto Graesser.
Trinity, W 100th St., near luth Ave. E. Brennecke. Washington Heights, Amsterdam Ave. and 156 th st. F. A. Tappert.
Zion, 339 E. 84 th St. H. Hebler.

## METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Denominational Headquarters, 150 5th Ave.
Allen St. Memorial, 91 Rivington St. B. F. Saxten. Battery Park 27 state St. F O Logren.
Bedford St. 28 Morton St. Charles A. Holla. Beekman Hill. 319 E. 50th St. D W Couch.
Blinn Memorial (German), 103 d St. and Lexington Ave Paul Quattlander.
Calvary. 129th St. and 7 th A ve W. P. Odell.
Centenary, Wash'n Av. \& E. 166th St. A. Ostrander. Century, Boston Rd, Williamsbridge. Angelo Ostrander
Chelsea, 329 W. 30th St. E. Hunt.
Church of the People 63 Park St. A. K. Sanford. church of the Saviour lugth St. and Madison Ave. F. Hermance.

Cornell Memorial, E. 76 th St., near 2 d Ave. C. P. rinker.
Duane 294 Hudson St. F. H. Carpenter.
Eighteenth St. 307 W 18th St. W. McK Darwood. Fleventh St. Chapel, 545 E . 11 th St. E. L. Fox. Fifty sixth St.. 440 W. 56 th St. W. F. Ottarson.

## METHODIST EPISCOPAL-Continued.

First German, 252 2d St. H. Muller.
Five Points Mission, 155 Worth St.
Fordham, 2700 Marion A ve.
Forsyth St., 10 Forsyth St. F. J. Shackleton.
Forty-fourth st., 461 W. 44th St. W. E. Clarke.
German, Elton Ave., cor. E. 158th St. H. Kastendieck.
German, 350 W. 40th St. F. H. Rey.
Grace, 131 W. 104th St. Philip M. Watters.
Hedding, 337 E .17 th St. J. H. Fairchild.
Hope of Israel Mission, 209 Madison St. A. C. Gaebelein.
Jane St., 13 Jane St. T. S. Bond.
John St., 44 John St. W. C. Blake.
Madison A v., Madison A V., c. 60 th St. A.Longacre. Metropolitan Temple, 587 th A ve. S. P. Cadman. Morris Heights, Morris Heights Station. G. H. Gregory.
Mott Ave., Mott A ve., cor. E. 150th St. J. S. Stone. North New York, Willis Ave., cor. E.141st St. W. H. Barton.

Olin, White Plains Road, Williamsbridge. T. L. Poulson.
Park Ave., Park Ave., cor 86 th St. E. S. Osbon.
Perry St., 132 Perry St. J. C. Coddington. Rose Hili, 221 E .27 th St. H. C. Weston.
St. Andrew's, 126 W. 76 th St. J. O. Wilson.
St. James', Madison Ave. \& 126th St. E. S. Tipple. St. Mark's, W. 53d St. \& 8th A ve. W. H. Brooks. St. Paul's, $\delta 6$ th St. and West End Ave. Geo. P. Eckman.
St. Paul's (German), 308 E. 55 th St. L. Walton.
St. Stephen's, Kingsbridge Road and Terrace View.
B. H. Burch.

Second St., 276 2 ${ }^{\text {d St. A. C. Morehouse. }}$
Seventh St., 24 7th St. F. H. Smith.
Sixty first St., 229 E. 61 st St. E. A. Dent.
Swedish, Lexington Ave., cor. E. 52 d st. 0. Swanson.
Thirty-fifth St., 460 W. 35th St. J. H. Phillips.
Thirty-seventh'St., 237 E. 37 th St. E. C. Hoag.
Tremont. Washington Ave., cor. E. 176th St. J.W.
Campbell
Trinity, 323 E. 118th St. James Montgomery.
Trinity, Main st., City Island. W. A. Richard.
Twenty-fourth St., 359 W. 24th St. Edwin Hunt.
Union, 48th St., near Broadway. B. C. Warren.
Wakefield, White Plains Road. J. J. Moffett.
Washington Heights, Amsterdam Ave., cor. 153d
St. A. E. Barnett.
Washington Sa., 133 W. 4th St. W. F. Anderson.
Westchester, West Farms Road. W. H. F.Fleming.
West Farms, 1264 Tremont Ave F. L. Strickland.
Willett St., 9 Willett St. I. A. Marsland.
Woodlawn, Woodlawn. N. B. Thompson.
Woodstock, E. 161st St., near Prospect Ave. N.
Hubbell.
METHODIST EPISCOPAL (AFRICAN).
Bethel, 239 W. 25th St. John M. Henderson.
Little Zion, 236 E. 117th St.
Union A merican, 230 E. 85th St. G. W. Long.
Zion, 351 Bleecker St. M. R. Franklin.

## PRESBYTERIAN.

Denominational Headquarters, 10 5 5 th Ave. Adams Memorial, 211 E. 30 th St. Jesse F. Forbes. Alexander Chapel, 7 King st. Hugh Pritchard. Bethany.E 137th St., n Willis Ave. G. W. F. Birch. Bohemian, 349 E. 74th st. Vincent Pisek.
Brick, 5th A ve., cor. 37th St. Maltbie D. Babcock.
Central, W. 57th St., bet. Broadway and 7th Ave. Wilton Merle Smith.
Christ, $228 \mathrm{~W}^{\text {. }} .35 \mathrm{th}$ St. R. R. Wightman
Covenant, 310 E. 42d st. G. S. Webster.
Fast Harlem, 116th St. .bet. 2 d and 3 d A ves.
Faith, 365 W. 48th St. J. H. Hoadley.
Fifth Ave.,5th A ve., cor. 55th ist. George T. Purves First, 54 5th A ve. Howard Duffield.
First, Tremont, Washington A ve.. near E. 174th St. George Nlxon.
First Union. 147 E .86 th St. M. S. Littlefield, Jr.
Fourth. West End Ave. and 91st st. J. Wllber
Chapman.

## CHURCHES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS-Continued.

## PRESBYTERIAN-Continued.

Fourth Ave., 4 th Ave. and 22d St. W. D. Buchanan. Fourteenth St. . 14 th St., cor. 2 d A ve. F. B. R:chards. French Evang., 126 W. 16th St. H. L. Grandlienard. Good Shepherd, 152 w . 66 th St. D. E. Lorenz.
Harlem. 125th St., near Madison A ve. D. Russell, Jr.
Knox, cor. 72d St. and 2d Ave. Wm. Hughes.
Lenox, 139th St., near 8th Ave. T. W. Smith.
Madison Ave., Madison Ave., cor. $53 d$ St. H. A Johnston.
Madison Sq., 24th St. and Madison Ave. Charles H Parkhurst.
Mizpah Chapel, 420 W. 57 th St. I. P. Withington. Morningside, Morningside Ave. and W $122 d$ st J. C. A. Becker

Morrisania First, Washington Ave. and 167th St. S. L. Hillier.

Mount Tabor, 176 E. 106 th St. H. G. Miller Mount Washington, Inwood. George S. Pa son. New York, 7 th Ave, and 128th St. D. J. McMillan. North, cor, 9th Ave, and 31st St.
Park. 86th St. \& Amsterdam A ve. A. P. Atterbury. Phelps Mission, 314 E. 35th St.
Phillips, Madison Ave. and E. 73d St. John E. Bushnell.
Riverdale, Riverdale. IraS. Dodd.
Romeyn Chapel, 420 E. 14th St.
Rutgers Riverside, Boulevard and W. 73d St. S. MeComb.
St. James', 211 W. 32d St. P. B. Tompkins.
Scotch, 95th st. and Central Park W. D. G. Wylie. Sea and Land, onl Heury St. J. H. Denison.
Second German 435 E . Houston St. Conrad Doench. Seventh, cor. Broome \& Ridge Sts. John T. Wilds.
Spring St., Spring St., near Varick St.
Thirteenth St. 145 W. 13th St.
Throgg's Neck, First, Ft. Schuyler Hoad. R. B. Mattice.
University Pl., University Pl., cor. 10th St. George Alexander.
Washington Heights, Amsterdam Ave. and 155th St. Johm C. Bliss.
West, 42 d St. bet. 5 th and 6 th Aves. A. H. Evans. West End, 105 th St. and A msterdam Ave. J. B. Shaw.
West Farms, 1243 Samuel St. Charles P. Mallery West Fifty-first St. 359 W. 51st St. T. Douglass. Westminster, $210-212$ W. 23d St. Robert F. Sample. Woodstock, E. 165th St. and Boston A ve. A. I.. R. Waite.
Zion (German), 135 E. 40th St., near Lexington A ve. M. Mueller.

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

Diocesan House, 29 Lafayette Place.
Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, Bishop of New York, 29 Lafayette Place.
Cathedral of St. John the Divine, Columbus A ve. and lluth St. C. C. Tiffany, G. F. Nelson, F. L. Humphreys, R. L. Paddock.
All Angels', 81st St., cor. West End Ave. S. Delancey Townsend.
All saints', 286 Henry St. W. N. Dunnell.
All Souls', Madison Ave. and 66th St. R. Heber Newton.
Anglo-American Free Church of St. George the Martyr, 222 W. 11th St.
Ascension, 36 5th A ve.. cor. 10th St. Percy S. Grant. A scension Memorial, 330 W .43 d St. J. F. Stern.
Beloved Disciple, 89th St., near Madison Ave. H. M. Barbour.

Calvary, 273 4th Ave., J. L. Parks; Chapel, 220 E. 23d St., S. H. Watkins; Galilee Mission, 346 E. $23 d$ St.
Chapel of Christ the Consoler, foot E. 26 th St. C. S. Brown.

Chapel of Sit. Elizabeth of Hungary, 2 W. 106th St. G. S. Pratt.

Chapel of the Comforter, 10 Horatio St. James sheerin.
Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Blackwell's Island. I. W. Beard.

Christ, Boulevard and W. 71st St. J. S. Shipman.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continued.
Christ. Riverdale J. W. Hegeman
Du St. Esprit, 30 W. 22 d St. A. V. Wittmeyer. Epiphany, 259 Lexington Ave. J Hutcheson. God's Providence Mission 330 Broome Sit. T G Littell.
Grace, 800 Broadway. W R Huntington.
Grace, Main St. . City Island. A. Forbes.
Grace, West Farms, 'I yse Ave.. near Tremon! Ave. A. J. Derbyshire.

Grace Chapel, 414 E. 14th St. George H. Bottome. Grace Emanuel, 212 E. 116th St. W. K. Mcciowan. Heavenly Rest, 5515 th Ave. D. P. Morgan.
Holy Apostles, 300 9th A ve. B. E. Backus.
Holy Comforter, 343 W. Houston st. W. A. A. Gardner.
Holy Communion, 324 6th Ave. H. Mottet.
Holy Cross, 43 A venue C. J. G. Cameron.
Holy Faith, E. 166th St., n. Boston Ave. V.C. Smith Holyrood, Kingsbridge Road and 18ist St.
Holy Sepulchre, E. 74th St., near Park Ave. T. P. Hughes.

Holy Trinity, W. 122d St. and Lenox Ave. H P. Nichols.
Incarnation. 205 Madison A ve., cor. 35 th St. W. M. Grosvenor.
Intercession, 158 th St. and 11th A ve. L. H. Schwab.
"Little Church Around the Corner" (Transtiguration), 5 E. 29th St. G. C. Houghton.
Mediator, 2937 Church St. : Kingsbridge. John Campbell.
Messiah, 95̄th St., near 3d Ave. G. M. Wilkins.
Mission of P. E. Charch, for Seamen, 21 Coenties slip. Isaac Maguire.
Our Saviour, foot Pike St. , E. R. A. R Mansfield Pro-Cathedral, 130 Stanton St. R. L. Paddock. Reconciliation, 242 E . 31st St. H. R. Wodleigh.
Redeemer. 136th St., near 7th Ave. W. E. Johnson. St. Agnes' Chapel ('Trinity Parish). 92d St. , near Columbus Ave. C. T. Olmsted.
St. Ambrose's, 117 Thompson St. Stephen Innes. St. Andrew's. 127th St. , near 5th Ave. G. R. Van De Water.
St. Ann's. St. Ann's Ave. , near E. luth St. G. W. Harris.

St. Ann's, W 150th St. Thomas Gallaudet.
St. Augustine's Chapel (Trinity Parish), 105 E. Houston St. A. C. Kimber.
St. Barnabas' Chapel, 306 Mulberry St. Geo F. Nelson.
St. Bartholomew's, 348 Madison Ave. D. H. Greer; Mission at 207 E. 42d St. ; Oriental Mission, 209 E. 42 d St., A. Yohannan: Swedish C'hapel, 121 E. 127th St., Hugo Holmgrem
St. Chrysostom's Chapel (Trinity Parish), 201 W. 39th St. T. H. Sill.
St. Clement's, 108 W. 3d St. E. H. Van Winkle. St. Cornelius', 423 W. 46 th St. I. C. Sturges.
St. Cornelius' Chapel, Governor's Island. E. H. C. Goodwin.

St. David's, 611 E. 158th St. Edward G. Clifton. St. Edward the Martyr, 109th St., near 5th A ve. E. W. Neil.

St. George's, Park Ave. , Williamsbridge. F. N. Strader.
St. George's, 7 Rutherfurd Pl. W. S. Rainsford. St. Ignatius', 56 W. 40 th St. Arthur Ritchie.
St.James', ', 'st St., cor. Madison A ve. E. W. Warren. St. James', Fordham, Jerome Ave., cor. St. James St. C. J. Holt.
St. John the Evangelist, 222 W . 11th St. A. B. Howard.
St. John's Chapel (Trinity Parish). 46 Varick St. P. A. H. Brown.

St. Luke's, Convent A ve , cor. W. 141st. J. T. Patey st. Luke's Chapel (Trinity Parish), Hudson St. opp. Grove St. P. A. H. Brown.
St. Mark's, $2 d$ Ave. and loth st. Loring G. Batten. St. Mark's Chapel, 288 E. 10th St. T. M. Sharpe. St. Mary's, Alexander Ave., cor. 142d St. J. Reynolds, Jr.
St Mary's, Lawrence St., near Amsterdam Are. H. R. Hulse.

St. Mary the Virgin, W. 46th st and 6 th $f$ \&e $G$. M. Christian.

## CHURCEES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS－Continued．

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL－Continued．

St．Matthew＇s，W 8th St．near Central Park．E． H．Kranz．
St．Michael＇s，Amsterdam Ave ． 1 ear W 99th St． J．P．Peters．
Si Paul＇s．Waslington Ave．，near 170 th St R．F Humphress．
St．Panl＇s（Trinity Parish），Broarlway and Vesey st．W．M．（ieer
St．Peter＇s，342 W 20 th St．O．S Roche．
st．Peter＇s，Westchester Ave．F．M（＇lendenin．
St．Philip’s， 161 WT． 25 th St．H．C．Bishop．
Si．Stephen＇s，591， IV $^{\circ} 46$ th St
st．Thomas＇，5th Ave．cor 53d sit．J．W．Brown St．Thomas Chapel． 230 E． $60 t h$ st．WV．H．Pott． Transfiguration（ $*$ Little Church Around the Corner＂＇） 5 E．29th St．G．C．Houghton．
Transtiguration Chapel，W．69th St．，near Boule－ vard．
Trimity，Broadway and Rector St．Morgan Dix．
Trinity Chapel， 15 W $25 t h$ St．WV H．Vibbert．
Trinity，E．l64th st，near Boston Rd．A．S．Hull．
Zion and st．Tinothy， 332 W．57th St．H．Lubeck．
REFORMED CHURCH IN AMERICA
Denominational Headquarters，Reformed Church Building． 25 E．22d St．
Anderson Memorial，cor．E．183d Sit，and Monroe Ave．J Hinter
Blonningdale．Boulevard，cor．W．68th St M．C． Peters．
Chnrch of the Comforter，Morris Ave．and Bonner Pl．H．V S．Myers
Collegiate， 5 th Ave．．cor．W 48th St．D．S．Mackey
Collegiate， 77 h St．and West End Ave．H．E．Cobb． Collegiate， 307 W． $34 t h$ 大t．J H．Elliott．
Collegiate Chapel， 113 Fulton St．C．F．Cutter．
Collegiate of Harlem．Ist Church． 191 E ．i21st St．J． Elmendorf and E．Tiltou，Jr．
Collegiate of Harleñ，2d Church，W．123d St．and Lenox Ave．
First Fordham，Kingsoridge Road，near Jerome Ave．J．M．Hodson．
Fourth Cernian $244 \mathrm{~W}^{\circ} .40$ th St．J H．Oerter
Lerman Evangelical Mission， 141 E ．Houston St． J．W Geyer
Grace， 845 7th A ve J R．Duryee．
Hamilton Grauge，W．145th st，and Convent Ave． C．B．Chapin．
Kıox Menorial Chapel．41st St．and 9th Ave． William Vaughen．
Madison Ave．，Madison Ave．，cor． 57 th St．A．E． Kittredge．
Manhattan，is Ave．B．Jacob Schlegel．
Marble C＇ollegiate， 5 th Ave．．cor．W． 29 th St．Darid J．Burrell．
Melrose，Elton Ave，cor．E．156th St．G．H．Miller Middle Collegiate 2d A ve．．near 7th St．J．G．Fagg Mott Haven． 3 d Ave．，cor． 146 th St．
Prospect Hill．Park Are．and E．89th St．D．McL． Quackenhush
South．Madison Ave，cor 38 th St．Roderick Terry Manor C＇hapel， 348 W Wbth St．，James Palmer； Rogers Chapel． 204 W .18 th St．．A．H．Fisll．
Union，Ogdell A ve and Birch st．Highbridge．J． B．Voorhees．
University Heights Collegiate Chapel，New York University．F \＆＊chenck．
Vermilye Chapel． 416 W ． 54 th St A．$I$ Bradshaw．
West Farms，Bostou Road，cor．Clover st．II．C． Weber．

## REFORMED EPISCOPAL．

First，Madison Ave．，cor．55th St．William T Sabine．

REFORMED CHURCH IN THE U．S． Bethany． 235 F． $109 t h$ St．Paul Gommerlatte． Harbor Nission， 30 state St．Paul somnerlatte． Martha Memorial， 419 W． 52 d St．Paul H．schnatz．

## REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN．

First， 123 W．12th St．James D．Steele．
Fourth， 304 W．122d St．T．M．Carlisle．
second． 227 W .39 th St．Robert M．Sommerville．
Thicd zus W． $23 d$ st．Finley M．Foster．

## ROMAN CATHOLIC．

Most liev．M．A．Corrigan，Archbishop， 452 Madi－ s（）ll Ave．
All saints＇Madison Ave．，cor．129th St．J．W．Power． Alliunciation，B．V．M．，Broadway，cor．131st St． W．L．Penny．
Ascension，107th St．and Amsterdam Ave．Michael F ．Reinhardt．
ASximption， 427 W． 49 th St．Henry Nieuwenhuis． Blessed Sacrament，W．71st St．，near Broadway． i1．A．Taylor．
Epiplany， 373 di Ave，D．J．McMahon．
（ithardian Angel， 513 W．23d Sit．John C．Henry．
Iluly Cross， 335 W． 42 d st．Charles McCready．
Holy Family，9th St．Unionport．J．S．Mechler． Ju！y Innocents， $126 \mathrm{~W}^{\prime}$ ． 37 th st．M．C！O＇Farrell． I1：ny N゙ame of Jesus，Amsterdam Ave．，cor． 96 th James M．Galligan．
Huly Rosary， 422 E .119 th St．Francis H．Wall Holy＇Trinity， 229 W． 82 d St．I．H．Bigley． Inminculaté Conception， 505 E .14 th St．J．Edwards． Innuticulate Conception（German）， 639 E．150th st． lleny（itteubein．
Maronte Chapel． 81 Washington St．G．Korkemas． Most IIoly Redeenier． 1653 d st．W．Tewes．
Most Irecions Blood 115 BaxterSt．F．Alhanasius． Nativity， 482 d Ave．William Everett．
Our Ladly of Good Counsel， 236 E． 90 th Sit．William J．（ $0^{\circ} \mathrm{k}$ lly．
Our Latly of Loretto， 303 Elizabeth St．N．Russo． Oni Lady of Mercy，E．184th St．，cor．Webster A ve． Arichael McEvoy．
Oill Lady of Mt．Carmel， 473 E． 115 th St．J． Dolan．
Oul I．ady of Perpetual Help， 321 E．61st St．John （土．Kissner．
Cur Lady of Sorrows， 105 Pitt St．C．Claude．
Our Lady of the Holy scapular of DIt．Carmel， 337 E． $28 t \mathrm{~h}$ st．M．Daly．
Our Lady of the Rosary， 7 StateSt．M．J．Henry． Our Lady of the Rosary at Pompeij， 214 Sullivan St． Authony Demo．
Our Lady Queen of Angels， 288 E .113 th St．T． Grossman．
Our Lady ．．Star of the Sea，＂Main St．，City Island． J．B．McGrath．
Sacred Heart，Anderson Ave．，near Birch St．J．
A．Mullen．
Sacred Heart of Jesus， 447 W .51 stSt ．J．F．Mooney． St Agnes ． 143 E．43d St．Henry A．Brann．
\＆t．Alphousus＇． 312 W．Broadwav．Peter Grein．
St．Ambrose， 515 W． 54 th St．Morgan J．O＇Connell． Sit．Andrew＇s，Duane St．，cor．City Hall Pl．L． Evers；
St．Amm＇s， 112 E .12 th St．Wm．A．O＇Neill．
St．Anselm＇s，Tinton Ave．，near E． 152 d St．Alexius Edelbrock．
St．Anthony， 153 Sullivan St．A．Da Roccagorga． st．Allgustine＇s，E．167th St．，cor．Fulton Ave．T． F．（iregg．
St．Benedict the Moor，W．53d St．J．E．Burke． $\therefore$ t．Bernard＇s， 332 W． 14 th St．Gahriel A．Healy．心．Buniface， 882 2d Ave．Ignatins M．Delveaux it．Brigid＇s， 123 A ve．B．Patrick F．Mcsweeny． St．C＇atharine of Genoa，W．153d St．，near Amsterdam Ave．F．F．Slattery．
St．（＇ecilia＇s，H．106th St．，near Lexington Ave． Michael M．J．Phelan．
St．（＇larles Borromeo， $142 d$ St．，near 7th Ave．H．J Gordon．
A1．（＇olumba＇s， 339 W．25th St．Henry Prat．
St．Elizabeth＇s， 187 th St．，cor．Broadway．Thos． F．l．ynch．
St．Elizabeth of Hungary，345 E．4th St．F．Denes．
－Francis de Sales， 234 E．96th St．J．I．Hoey．
it．Francis of Assisi， 139 W．31st St．Ludger Beck．
St．Francis Xavier， $36 \mathrm{~W}, 16 \mathrm{~h}$ St．T．E．Murphy．

## CHURCHES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS-Continued.

## ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

St. Gabriel's, 310 E. 37 th St. John M. Farley.
St. Ignatius, Park Ave., cor. E. 84th St. N. N. McKinnon.
St. James', 32 James St. John J. Kean.
St. Jerome's, Alexander Ave., cor. 137th St. P. W Tandy.
St. Joachim, 24 Roosevelt St. Oreste Alussi.
St. John Baptist, 209 W. 30th St. B. Schmitz.
St. John Evangelist, 355 E. 55th St. James J, Flood.
St. John s, 291: Church St., Kingsbridge. Edward J. O'Gorman.
St. Joseph's, 596 th A ve. D. P. O' Flynn.
St. Joseph's, 1850 Washington Ave. Peter Farrell.
St. Joseph's'(German), 408 E. 87 th St. A. Lammel.
St. Joseph's, 125th St. , oor. Columbus Ave. G. Huntmann.
St. Leo's, 11 E. 28 th St. Thomas J. Ducey.
St. Margaret's, Riverdale. James F. Kiely.
St. Mary Magdalen's, 527 E .17 th st. F. siegelack.
St. Mary's. 438 Grand st. Nicholas J. Hughes.
stt. Mary's, White Plains Road. John Carr.
St. Michael's, W. 32d St. \& 9th Ave. John A. Gleeson.
St. Monica's, 409 E. 79th St. James Dongherty.
St. Nicholas', 1252 d St. John B. Mayer.
St. Patrick's. Mott St., cor. Prince St. J.F.Kearney.
St. Patrick's Cathedral, cor. 5th Ave. and 50th St. iI. J. Lavelle.

St. Paul's, 121 E. 11/th St. John McQuirk.
St. Peter's, 22 Barclay st. James H. McGean.
St. Philip, Bedford Park. D. F. Burike.
St. Raphael's, 509 W. 40 th St. Mallick A. Cunnion. St. Raymond's, West Farms Road, W estchester. E. McKenna.

St. Rose of Lima, 40 Cannon St. Edward McGinley. St. Stanislaus', 43 stanton St. J. H. Strzelecki.
St. Stephen's, 149 E. 28th St. Charles H. Colton.
St. Teresa's, Rutgers cor. Henry St. J.T. McEntyre.
St. Thomas the A postle, W. 118th St., near St. Nicholas Ave. John J. Keogan.
St. Thomas Aquinas, 1271 Tremont Ave.
St. Valentine's, ith sit., Williamsbridge. J. Dworzak.
St. Veronica's, Christopher St., near Greenwich.
D. J. McCormick.

St. Vincent de Paul, 127 W .23 d St. Theo. Wucher. St. Vincent Ferrer, 871 Lex. Ave. P. V. Hartigan. Transfiguration, 25 Mott St. Thos. P. McLoughlin.

## UNITARIAN.

Denominational Headquarters, 104 E. 20th St. All Souls', 2454 th Ave. Thomas R. Slicer.
Lenox Ave., cor. 121st St.' Merle St. C. Wright.
Messiah, E. 3fth st., cor. Park Ave. Minot J. Savage and R. Collyer.

> UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

First, 250 W. 34th St. Thomas W. Anderson.
Harlem, 302 E. 119th St. J. Kirkpatrick.
Seventh Ave., 29 7th Ave. J. Howard Tate.
Third, 41 Charles St. James A. Reed.
Washington Heights, 172 d St. and Audubon Ave. J. C. K. Milligan.

West 44 th St., 434 W. 44th St. Homer H. Wallace. UNIVERSALIST.
Church of the Eternal Hope, 142 W. 81st St. W. S. Crowe.

Fourth (Divine Paternity), Central Park West and 76th St. Charles H. Eaton.

## OTHER DENOMINATIONS.

Am. Heb. Christ'n Mission, 105 E. 22 d St. B. Angel. Am. Mission to the Jews, 424 Grand St.
Aryan Lotus Circle, 144 Madison Ave. Miss Elizabeth Whitney, Supt.
Beacon Light Rescue Mission, 207 E. 125 th St. IV. P. St. Germain, Supt.

Broome st. Tabernacle, 395 BroomeSt. A. J. Kerr. Catharine Mission, 24 Catharine Slip. Margaret A. Delaney, supt.
Christian Israelites' Sanctuary, 1081st St. J.F.Ruge, Christian Reformed, 21 Bank ist.
Christ's Mission, 142 W .21 st St. Jas. A. O'Connor.
Church of the Strangers, W. 57th St. and 8th A ve. D. A. Blackburn.

Cremorne Mission, 104 W. 32d St. Charles Ballou, Supt.
De Witt Memorial, 280 Rivington St. W. T. Elsing. East side Chapel, 404 E. 15 th St.
Free Methodist Mission, 349 E . 1uth St.
Gospel Chapel, 305 W . 30 th St Allred Blewitt.
Gospel Tabernacle, 6928 th Ave. A. B. Simpson.
Greek Orthodox, 12 W. 11th St. A. A. Papageorgopoulos.
Hebrew Christian Mission, 126 Forsyth St. H. P. Faust.
House of the Lord's Mission, 190 Bleecker St. E. Ballou. Supt.
Italian Mission, 395 Broome St. Antonio Arrighi. Manhattan Chapel, 420 E. 26 th St.
Mariners', 46 C'atharine Sit. Samuel Boult.
McAuley's Water St. Mission, 316 Water St. S. H. Hadley, Supt.
New Jerusalem (Swedenborgian), 114 E. 35th St. J. K. smyth.

Olivet Memorial, 632 d St. A. H. McKinney.
146th St. Gospel Temperance Mission, near 3d Ave. People's, $23082 d$ Ave. Joseph Bennett.
People's 'I'abernacle, 232 E. 104th St.
H. M. Tyndall.
Russian Orthodox, 323 2d Ave. Alex. Hotovitzsky. Salvation Army, 122 W 14th.St.; 88 C'herry St.; 94 Greenwich St. ; 212 E. 125 th St. ; 512 E. 6 th St. ; 668 Courtlandt Are.: 352 W. 35th st.; 79 Bank St. ;
 E. 27 th St.; 144 th Ave. 142 d St. and Alexander Ave. E. D. Booth-Tucker, Commander.
Seaman's Rest Mission, 665 Washington St. Stafford Wright.
Strachan, Margaret, Chapel, 105 W. 27 th St.
Volunteers, 14 th A ve.; 212 E .125 th St. Ballington Booth, Commander.
Woods Memorial Chapel, 133 Ave. A. Daniel Redmond.
Young Men's Christian Association, 3 WV . 29 th St. ; 52 F. 23 d St. ; 153,222 Bowery; 158 E. 8 ;th St. ; 5 W.' 125th st. ; lōth St. near Broadway: 1422 d Ave.; 49 W .24 th St. ; 361 Madison Ave.; 129 Lexington Ave.; West End Ave., cor. 72d St.; Park Ave., near E. 151st St. ; 318 W .57 th St ., and Governor's Island.
Young People's City Mission, 219 E. 59th St. Mrs. Catharine Maislain.
Young Women's Christian Association, 7 E. 15th St. : 453 W .47 th St.

## Population of Greater スrem Yort.

THE following is a statement in detail of the popnlation of the various towns now included in the city of ITew York, as returned by the State census of 1892. For present population of New York City, see page 396.


## Now Fort eftamber of commucres.

Organizen April 5, 1768. Incorporated by George III, March 13, 1770. Reincorporated by the State of New York A pril 13. 1784. Its object is indicated in the following words of the original charter: "Sensible that numberless inestimable benefits have accrued to mankind from commerce : that they are, in proportion to their greater or lesser application to it, more or less opulent and potent in all countries: and that the eulargement of trade will vastly increase the value of real estates as well as the general opulence of our said colony," and "to carry into execution, encourage, and promote, by just and lawiul ways and means, such measures as will tend to promote and exteud just and lawful commerce.'

During the decade 1760-1770, according to Lord Sheffield's Observations, the average yearly value of American Colonial imports from Great Britain was $£ 1,763,409$, and of exports to the same country $£ 1,044,591$. Up to the evacuation of the city by the British and its occupation by the Americans, ou the 25th of November, 1783, the New York Chamber ot Commerce had Lad seven presidents, thirteen vice-presidents, eight treasurers, one secretary, and 135 members. In May. 1763, the Sandy Hook Light-house was lighted up for the first time. In 1786 the Chamber of Commerct first suggested the construction of the Erie Canal, and in 1784 petitioned the New York Legislature (which so ordered) that duties should be levied under a specific instead of an ud valorem tariff-a system of which the Chamber of Commerce has ever since been the constant advocate.

As a society the Chamber of Commerce consists of twelve hundred and fifty regular members Initiatory fees have varied between the sum of ten Spanish dollars, required in $\mathbf{1 7 7 0}$, and $\$ 25$, which is now demanded from every accepted candidate

The offices and meeting rooms are at 32 Nassau Street, Manhattan Borough. New York. Officers: President, Morris K. Jesup; Secretary, George Wilson: Theasurer. Solon Humphreys.

## 

| From the Battery. | From the City Hall. |  | From the Battery. | From the City Hall. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{14}{2 / 4}$ |  | To Rector Street Dey Street |  |  | To E. 54th Street. <br> $\because$ E. 58 th Street |
| 14, |  | - City Hall. |  |  | $\because \mathrm{E}$ E $63 \mathrm{3d}$ Street. |
| miles. |  | - Canal street. | $5{ }^{5}$ |  |  |
|  |  | " Spring street. | 5\% | 51/4 | " E. 7ith Street. |
| ${ }_{2}^{13}$ | mile | $\because$ E. Houston St. | $6^{6}$ | 519 | $\because$ F. 88d Street. |
| 31 |  | - E. 9th Street. | 64\% |  | $\because: \frac{\text { E. }}{}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & 247 \\ & 2818 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\therefore$ E. 14th Street | $63 \%$ | 64 | $\therefore$ E. 97 th Street |
| ${ }^{289}$ |  | $\because$ E. ${ }^{\text {E }}$ 24tb Street. | 71 | 68 | $\because \frac{\text { E. }}{\text { E }}$ 107th Street. |
|  | " | - E. 29th Street. | $7 \%$ |  | " E. 112th Street. |
| 31\% |  | $\because$ E. 34th Street. | 794 |  | E 117th Street. |
| ${ }_{4}^{39 / 4}$ |  | $\because \because$ E. 38th Street. |  |  | E. 121st Street. |
|  |  | - E. 49th Street. | 101/2 |  | W. 166 th Street. |

Every twenty blocks above Houston Street measure one mile.
CROSSTEWN DISTANCES.

The distance across the city:
At Battery Place is $1 / 2$ mile.
$\because$ Fulton Street is $3 / 4$ mile.
$\because$ Chambers Street is 1 mile.
From Twenty-third Street northward to One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street the width of the island averages from 2 to $21 / 4$ miles.

## 

To be quallited to serve a person must be not less than 21 nor more than 70 years of age, and he must be a male citizen of the United States, and a resident of the county of Nev York; and he is a resident within the meaning of the jury law if he dwells or odges here the greater part of the time between the first day of October and the last day of June He must be the owner, in his own right of real or personal property of the value of 8250 ; or the husband of a woman who is the owner, in her own right, of real or personal property of that value. He must also be in the possession of his natural faculties, and not be infirm or decrepit; intelligent, of good character, and able to read and write the English language understandingly.

## THE FOLLOWING PERSONS ARE ENTITLED TO EXEMPTION.

A Clergyman. Minister of any religion officiating as such, and not following any other calling. A practicing Physician, Surgeon, surgeon- Dentist, or Veterinary surgeon not following any other calling, and a licensed Pharmaceutist or Pharmacist while actually engaged in his profession as a means of livelihood. An Attorney or Counsellor-at-Law regularly engaged in the practice of law as a means of livelihood. A Professor or Teacher in a college, academy, or public school. not following any other calling. Editor, Editorial Writer, or Reporter of a daily newspaper regularly employed as such. and not following any other vocation. The holder of an office under the United States, or the State, or city, or county of New York, whose official duties, at the time, prevent his attendance as a juror. A Consul of a foreign nation. A Captain, Engineer, or other officer actually employed upon a vessel making regular trips; a licensed Pilot, actually following that calling. A Superintendent, Conductor, or Engineer employed by a Railroad Company other than a street railroad company or a Telegraph Operator, employed by a Telegraph Company who is actually doing duty in an office, or along the railroad or telegraph line of the company by which he is employed. Honorably discharged Firemen. Active and honorably dischargec Militiamen and active members of the old Guard. Stationary Engineers, Inspectors, Poll Clerks, and Ballot Clerks, or a person who is physically incapable. Grand, -heritf's, and Municipal Court Jurors.

## 

Brewers' Exchange, 109 and 111 E. 15th St.
Building Material Exchange of the City of New
York, 18 Cortland. St
Chamber of Commerce, 32 Nassau st.
Coal, 131 E. 58th St.
Coal and Iron, 21 Cortlandt St.
Coffee Exchange, 113 to 117 Pearl St. and 60 Beaver St.
Consolidated Stock Exchange, 60 Broadway and 21 New St.
Cotton Exchange, Beaver and William Sis.
Fruit Exchange, 78 Park Place.
Furniture Exchange, Grand Central Palace, Lexington Ave. and 44th St.
Jewellers' Board of Trade, 54 Maiden Lane.
Maritime Exchange, 8 Reaver St.

Mechanics and Traders' Exchange, 1127 Broadway.
Merchant Tailors' society, 241 Firth A ve.
Metal Exchange, 234 Pearl St
Mining Exchange, 38 New st.
N. Y. Board of Trade and Transportation, 203 Broadway.
N. Y. Furniture Board of Trade, 150 C'anal St.

New York Industrial Exchange, 38 New st.
New York Mercantile Exchange, 6 Harrison St.
N. Y. Produce Exchange. Broadway \& Beaver St.
N. Y. Stock Exchange, 10 Broad St. \& 13 Wall st. Real Estate Exchange, 59 to 65 Liberty St.
silk Association of America, 445 Broome st.
Stationers' Board of Trade, Benuett Building, 99
Nassau St.
Wool Exchange, West Broadway and Beach St.

## Cemeteries in and shout the city of New xork.

Unless otherwise stated, oftice addresses in this list are in Manhattan Borough.)

| Name. | Location. | Office. | Railroad or Ferry. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rlin | Arlington, N. J., $41-2$ miles from J. C.. | 239 W ashington St.,J.C. | Greenwoc La |
| Bay | Greenville, N. J, ${ }^{\text {, } 21-2 ~ m i l e s ~ f r o m ~ J . ~ C . ~}$ | At Cemetery | Cent. R.R. of N. J., or trolley from J. C. |
| Berge | Bergen, N. J.. ${ }^{11-2}$ milea from J. C.... | 2! Hoboken Ave., J. C. | Cortlandt, Desbrosses, W. 23d St. Ferries. |
| Ceda | Near Co | 123 E. $23 d$ St |  |
| Constable | Bergen Point, N. J., 7 miles from J. | At Cemetery | Cent. R.R. of N. J., or trolley frou J. C. |
| Cypress Hills | Myrtle Ave, and Jamaica Plank Road, Brooklyn Borough........................ | 1 Madison Ave., N. Y.. | Grand, Roosevelt, and Fulton Ferries, and also by cars from Brooklyn Bridge. |
|  |  |  | Trolley from Bklyn Ferries, or El. R.R's. |
| Fair |  | W. New | olley from St. George, Staten Island. |
| Frien | Prospect Park, Brooklyn Borough. | At Cemet | Fulton, Catharine, and Hamilton Ferries. |
| Green | Brooklyn Borough, N. Y. Main entrancea at Fifth Ave. and 25th St.; 20th St., cor. Ninth Ave. | 71 | Cars from Bridge Depot, Fulton, Wall, South, Catharine, and Hamilton Ferries. |
| boken | New Durham, N. J., 4 milea from Hoboken ferries. |  |  |
| Holy Cross | Flatbush, L. I. | Jay \& Chapel Sts., B'k'n | Fulton, |
| Holy Name (R. | Westside A ve., Jersey City Hei | Montgomery St., J. C.. | Cort |
| Holy Trinity (R. | Central Ave., East New York | At Cem |  |
| Jersey City | Newark Ave., Jersey City, N. |  | esbrosses, W. 23d St. Ferries. |
|  | On Harlem R.R., 23 miles from Grand Central Depot. |  | Ha |
| Linden H | East Williamsbu | 456 E. Houston St.,N.Y | Williamsburg |
| Luther | Jamaica Turnpike, near M | 75 Nassaun St, , ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | Trolley from |
| Machpel | New Durham, Hudson C | 108 W. 25th | Nor.R.R. of N.J.; N.Y.,S. \& W., W.S.R.R. |
| Machpelah (Heb) | Adjoining Cypress IIills Cemetery | At | s for "Cypress Hills," above. |
| Maple Grov | Hoffman Boulevard, about 6 miles from <br> L. I. City Ferry Depots. |  |  |
| Moravia | New | Located about six miles | from St. George Landing, Staten Island. |
| Mount H | Mount Hope, Westchest | 380 Sixth Ave., N. |  |
| Mount Ho | Jamaica A ve., Brooklyn | 210 E. 112th S | Trolley from B'way Ferry, Bkln Borough. |
| Mount N | Adjoining Cypress Hills C | 22 Bible Hous | Same ronte as for "Cypress Hills," above. |
| ount | Maspeth, L | At | Trolley from foot of Broadway, Brooklyn Borough, or E. 34th St. Ferry Depot. |
| oun | M |  | rolley from E. 34th St. Ferry Dep |
| New Yor |  | At Cemete | Cent. R.R. of N J.; trolle |
| Nyac | Nyack, N | Nyack, N. Y........... | Nor. R. R. of N. J., or West Shore R.R. |
| akl | Yonkers, N | 51 Warburton, Yonkers. | Trolley from Yonkers. |
| Pelha | Lafayette Ave., City Islan | Main St., City Islan | Horse-car from Bartow, on N. Hav. R.R |
| Potter's Fi | Flatbush, L. I., Brooklyn | Almshouse, Flatbus | Cars from W'nisburg and |
| Potter's F | Ha | 148 E. 20th St | Boat foot of E. 26th S |
| Rocklan | Sparkill, Rock | 124 W. 23d St., N. Y | Northern R.R. of N. J. \& West Sh. R.R. |
| St. John | Jamaica Turnpi | Jay \& Chapel Sts., B'k'n | Trolley from W'msb'g \& Fult |
| St. John's | Yonkers, N. Y. |  | N. Y. Central or Putnam Div. |
| St. Michael ${ }^{\text {S }}$ | Flushing Ave., Newtown, L |  | East 34th and 92d St. |
| St. Peter's (R | Tonnele Ave., Jersey City | Montgomery St., J. C... | Cortlandt, Desbrosses, W. 23d |
| Sleepy Hol | Tarrytown, N. Y | 130 Main St., Tarrytown | N. Y. Central or Putn |
| Staten Island | Richmond T rrace, near W. N. Brighton | Sec., 20 E.129th St., N.Y. | Whitehall |
| Trinity Chin | Amsterdam \& ve. and W. 153d St | 187 Fulton St. | Sixth or N |
| ashington | Near Parkville, | 141 Broadway |  |
| eehawken \& Palisade. | Hoboken, N. J., 2 mil | At Cem | Hoboken and Weehawken Ferrieg. |
| oodlawn | On Jerome Ave., in 24th Wa | 20 E. 23d St., N. | Harlem Div. N. Y. Central R. R. |

## 

(Office addresses in this list are in Manhattan or Bronx Borough, unless otherwise stated.)

## Adams.-Principal office, 59 Broadway. Other

 offices, 137 W . Broadway, 309 Canal St., 2 Great Jones St., 12 W .23 d St., $20 \mathrm{E} .42 \mathrm{~d} \mathrm{st.}$,48 th St. and Park Ave., 250 Grand St.. 701 8th Ave., 6 Reade St. 13 E. 14th st., 201 E .23 d St., 70 Maiden Lane, 9 Liberty St., 51 Howard st.., 3 W .22 d st., 180 and 577 Columbus A ve., 1183 and 18063 d Ave., 139 W. 125th St., 132 d st. and Willis Ave.; in Jersey City, 2 Exchange Pl. and Pier D, Pennsylvania R.R. Depot.American.-Principal office, 6 a Broadway. Other offices, 142 West Broadway, 302 Canal St., Lafayette Pl. and 4th St., 922 Broadway, 76 jth Ave., 121 E. 125th St., 275 W . 125th St., 138th St. and Railroad Ave., Vanderbilt Ave. and 4ōth St., Madison Ave and 47th St., 10th Ave and 30th St., 93 Bowery, 569 Columbus Ave., 131 E. 86th St.; in Jersey City, 109 Hudson st.
Davis, Turner \& Co. (Foreign). -27 State St.
Dodd.-Principal office, 1323 Broadway; No. 1 Astor House, $434,461,944,1196,1354$ Broadway, Liberty, Chambers (N. R.), Cortlandt, Desbrosses, and W. 23d St. Ferries, Pier 28, N. R.; Citizens' Line, foot of W. 10th St. ; People's Line, foot of Canal st. ; Providence Line, foot of Murray St. ; Stonington Line, foot of Spring St. ; Fall River Line, foot of Warren St. ; 5217 th Ave., 7376 th Ave., $24 \overline{5}$ Columbus Ave., $42 d$ St. and 6 th ' Ave., Grand Central Depot, 153 E. 1252th St., 273 W. 125 th st., 60 W .133 d St.; in Brooklyn Boro, 52 Nassau St., 4 Court St., 860 Fulton St., 98 Broadway; in Jersey city, 18 Exchange PI.
Downing's Foreign Express.-20 Exchange Place, 65 Beaverst.
Hub Express Co. -109 John St., 312 Canal St., 526 Prince St., 135 Crosby St.

International (Foreign). - 2 Battery Place
Loug Island. - Principal offices, foot of James Slip and foot of E. 34th St. Other offices, 304 C :nal St., 950 and 1313 Broadway, 142 West St., 180 Columbus Ave.; in Brooklyn Boro, 333 Fulton St., Flatbush and Atlantic Aves., Franklin and Atlantic A ves., Bushwick A venue I Depot, 118 Broad way
Morris' European and American Express.-18 and 20 Broadway.
National. -Principal office, 141 Broadway. Other offices, 88 Liberty, 158 Duane, 114 W . Broadway, 22 Hudson, 100 Maiden Lane, 96 Mercer. $16{ }^{2}$ Crosby, 79 E. 13th, 121,243 E. 125 th St., 138 th St. and Railroad Ave., 946 Broadway
foot of Franklin St., foot of WV. 429 d St. idis in Brooklyn

Boro, 8, 493, 1400 Fulton St., Kent Ave. and South 6th St., 1129 Myrtle Ave., 20 Alabama Ave., 3d Ave. and 25 th St. ; in Jersey City, 109 Hudson St. ; in Hoboken and Weehawken, West Shore R.R. Depot.
New York and Boston Despatch.-304 and 306 Canal St. 100 Maiden Lane, 40 Church st., Piers 18 and 36, N.R.; 163 Gold St. 96 Mercer St. , 17 W. 28 th St., 6 White St., 165 Croshy St., 950 Broadway, 16 W. 4 th St., 79 E .13 th St., 3443 d Ave. 234 columbus Ave. New York Transfer Company.-see Dodd.
Pitt \& Scott (Foreign).-39 Broadway.
Southern. -12 W .23 d St.-See Adams Express.
United States.-Principal olfice, 49 Broadway. Other offices, 940 and 1313 Broadway, 296 Canal St., foot of Christopher St., foot of Liberty St., 12 Ful ton St., foot of Whitehall St., 68 Gold St., 142 Wrest St. 150 Duane st., West Washington Market, 11 E. 14th St., $3423 d$ Ave., 35 W .3 St., 865 6th Ave.; in Brooklyn Boro, 8, 10, 493, 1400 Fulton St., South 6 th St. and Kent Ave., 1129 Myrtle Ave., 3 d Ave. and 25 th St., 722 Manhattan Ave., 20 Alabama Ave.; in Jersey City, 46 Montgomery St., Depot of Central R. R. of New Jersey at ferry; in Hoboken, on Ferry St., two blocks from Ferry, also in passenger depot of Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. at Ferry.

Universal (Foreign).-J. C. Metzger \& Co.,Agents, 15 Broadway.
Wells, Fargo \& Co.-Principal office, 63 Broadway. Other offices, 957 Broadway, 14 Park Place, 659, 1047 tth Ave., 310 Canal St., 96 Mercer St., 188 West St., foot of W. 23d St., 348 W. 59 th St., 235. 1 1̄62 3d Ave., 61 W. 125th st.; in Brooklyn Boro, 331, 338,726 Fulton St., 296 Flatbush Ave, 22 Dean St., 19 Bergen St., 106 Broadway, 1068 Bedford Ave.; in Jersey City, 299 Pavonia Ave. and at Ferry foot of Pavonia Ave., 613 Newark Ave., York and Green Sts.

Westcott.-14 Park Place, 314 Canal St., 111 4th Ave., 1216 Broadway, foot of Christopher St., foot of Barclay St., foot of Franklin St., foot of W. 42 d St , Grand Central Depot, 235 Columbus Ave., 61 W,' 12ãth St.; in Brooklyn Boro, 338, 726 Fulton St., 19 Bergen St. , 296 Flatbush A ve, 20 Dean St., 1068 Bedford Ave., 106 Broadway; in Hoboken, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western R. R. Statior - in Jersey City, all offices of Ogden's Express.

Express Money Orders are issued by all the principal express companies. Rates for money orders are as follows:


## Boaro of zeyunation in ftamtattan ant bionx Borougits.

Office, 146 Grand street. A. E. Palmer, Secretary. T. E. Bussey, Act. Secretary of schnol Board.


## Scyools in faxifattan and Bromx Borougis. GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

| No. | o. Location. | o. | Location. |  | Location. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\overline{3}$ |  |  |  | , |
|  | 2116 Henry St. | 41 | 40 Greenwich St. | 76 | Lexington A ve. and 68th St. |
|  | ${ }_{4} 483$ Rivington St. : Annex, | 43 | A msterdam Ave. \& 129th St. | 78 | Pleasant Ave. and 119th St. |
|  | Pitt St. | 44 | 12 North Moore | 79 | 422 1st st. |
|  | 140th St. \& Edgecombe Are. Madison A Ve. and 85th St. | $\begin{aligned} & 45 \\ & 45 \\ & 46 \end{aligned}$ | 225 W. .24th St. | 81 | 225 W. 41st St. <br> Mosholu Parkway, Bedford |
|  | Hester and Chrystie sts. 39 King St |  | St.: Annex, 155th St., near Amsterdam Ave. |  | Park. <br> 1st Ave. and 70th St. |
|  | 9 West End A Ve. and 82d St. | 47 | $22.5 \mathrm{EF}^{23 \mathrm{C}}$ | 83 | 216 E. 110th St. ; Annex, 225 E. |
|  | 117 th St . and St.Nicholas Ave. | 48 | ${ }_{237}^{124}$ E. 37 th | 84 | 430 W .50 th |
| ${ }_{12}^{11}$ | ${ }_{371}^{31}$ Madison St. | 50 | 211 E 20th St. | 85 | 735 E .138 th St. |
| 13 | 239 E . Houston St. | 51 | 523 | 88 | Lexington A Ve. and 96th St. |
|  | 22.5 E 27th st. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 53 \\ & 53 \end{aligned}\right.$ |  |  |  |
|  | 208 W. 13th St. | ${ }_{54}$ | Amsterdam Ave. \& 104th St | 89 | Lenox Ave. and 134th St. |
| 17 | 335 W 47th St. | 55 | 140 W 20th |  | Eagle Ave |
|  | 121 E .51 bist | 56 | ${ }_{176}^{351} \mathrm{~W}$. 118 thth St. St. Annex, 116 |  | Ogden Av Broome a |
|  | ${ }^{340}$ Chrystie | 57 | 176 Et , near Lexington Ave. | 93 | 93 d St. and A msterdam Ave |
|  | 55 |  | 317 W. 52 d |  | Annex 225 W. 99th |
|  | Stanton and Sheriff S |  | 2288 E. 57 th S | 94 | 68th st. and Amsterda |
|  | Iulberry and RayardSts. |  |  |  | $\text { Annex } 13 \text { st st. }$ |
|  |  |  | 3 d Ave, near 170th | 97 | A venue A and 81st St. |
|  | 420 | ${ }_{63}^{62}$ | $1{ }_{3 d}$ |  |  |
|  | $40 \mathrm{th} \text { sit }$ | 64 | 2436 Webster A ve., Fordham |  | Annex, 14th St. and A ve. C, |
| $\begin{aligned} & 29 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | Alb., Wash., \& Carlisle Sts. |  | Annex, Bedford Park |  | Westchester. ${ }_{\text {Wark }}^{\text {Pre. and }}$ 2d St., Will- |
|  | 88 th St, bet 2 d and 3 A Ares | 66 | Charch Ave., and West warms s |  | iamsbridge, Westchester. |
| $\begin{aligned} & 81 \\ & 38 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | 99 | Eastern Boulevard, near Elli- |
| 33 | 418 W. 28th St. |  | 114-124 W. 4 Sth St. |  | 's Neck, |
| $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | 3 Broome St. | 69 | 12 |  | W |
|  | 110 F | 70 | 209 E .75 th St. |  | Classon Point R |
| 37 | 119 E. 87th | 71 | 188-192 7 th St. | 101 | Matilda St, bet. Kossuth and |
|  | 8 clarke St. |  | Lexington A Ve., nr. 105 th St. |  |  |
| 39 | 235 E. 125th St.; Annex, 230 | 73 | 219 East 46th St. | $\left.\right\|_{103} ^{102}$ | Main \& Orchard Sts., City Iṣl. |

## PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

104413 E. 16th St.
105269 E. 4th St.
106222 Mott St.
107274 W .10 th St.
10864 Mott St.
10919132 d Ave.
11028 Cannon St.
11131 Vestry St.
11285 Roosevelt St.
11311 Downing St.
11475 Oliver St.
115501 Courtlandt Ave.
116 215 E. 32d St.
117 170 E. 77 th St.
118 Clinton Ave. Woodlawn.
119 135th St. and 8th Ave.
w 20187 Broome St.
121 102d St., bet. 2d and 气d Aves.
122 9th St. and ist Ave.
123263 W .124 th St.
12431 Horatio st.
125180 Wooster St.
$126536 \mathrm{E}$.12 th St.
127517 W .37 th St.
$128 \quad 179 \mathrm{E} .124$ th St.


132182 d St. and Wadsworth Ave.
133 Fox, simpson, and 167th Sts. 134293 Pearl St.
135 51st St and 1st Ave.
13668 Monroe St.
137 Essex Market, Grand\&Essex.
138 11th St. \& White Plains Ave., Williamsb'ge, Westchester
Pelham Ave., Bronxdale. Westchester.
140 116 Norfolk St.
141462 W. 58th St.
142 102d St., near 1st Ave.
143599 E. 140th St.
144 Vacant.
1451787 Weeks St.; Mount Hope
146 Spuyten Duyvil.
1485 th Ave., near Kingsbridge Road, Eastchester.
149184 Cherry St.
150 318 E. 96 th St. ; Annex, 310 E. 96th St.

No.

8 Pleasant Ave. and 119th St. 42 ist St.
Mosholu Parkway, Bedford Park.

216 E. 110th St. ; Annex, 225 E. 11uth St.
40 W. 138 Sh St.
Lexington A ve. and 96th St. Amsterdam Ave.\& W. 77 th St. 300 Rivington St.
Lenox Ave. and 134th St.
Eagle Ave. and 163d st.
ogden Ave., Higabriage. Broome and Ridge sts.
93d St. and Amsterdam Ave.; Annex 225 W. 99th SL 68th st. and Amsterdam Av.; 13-17 E. 125th St.
A venue $\mathbf{A}$ and 81st St. Ave., bet. Washington and Annex, 14th St. and Ave. C. westchester. iamstre. and 2 a st., Wh1 Eastern Boulevard, near Elliott Ave., Throgg's Neck,

Clatester Mint Re, near Classon Point Road. W' Main \& Orchard Sts., City Iṣl. 119th St. and Madison A ve.

91 st St. and 1st Ave.

| 151 | 91 st St. and 1st Ave. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 152 | Union A ve. and 149 th St. |

153 Andrews and Burnside Ave
154 St. Ann's A ve., bet. 147th and 148th Sts.
155 Anthony Ave. , bet. Tremont and Popham Place.
156 Trinity A ve. and $13 \mathrm{~s}_{\mathrm{t}}^{\mathrm{t}}$ St. 157 St. Nicholas Ave. \& 127 th St. 158 Ave. A, bet. 77th and 78th Sts. 159 119th St., bet. 2d and 3d Aves. Rivington and Suffolk Sts. 105 Ludlow St.
36 and 38 City Hall Pl.
509 E. 120 th St.
141st St., near Brook Ave.
108th and 109th Sts., bet. Amsterdam Ave. and Broadway. and 146th Sts.
168

School-houses in process of erection: 168, 104th and 105th Sts., bet. 1st and 2 d A ves.; 170, 111th and 112th Sts., bet. 5th and Lenox A ves ; 173, 183d st., bet. Beaumont and Cambreling Aves.; 174, Attorney St., bet. Rivington and Stanton Sts., 177, Market and Monroe Sits.

EVENING HIGH SCHOOLS.
$67 \mid 120$ W. 46 th St. $\| 20 \mid$ Rivington \& Forsy the. $1|50| 211$ E. 20 th St. ||103 |119th St. and Madison Ave.
EVENINC SCHOOLS FOR MALES.

30 Vandewater 5 st . Hester and Chrystio Sts.
8 Clarke St.
235 E. 125 th St.
212 W .13 th St.
357 W .35 th St.

43 129th St. \& A msterdam Ave. 22 Stanton St., cor. Sheriff St. 83216 E. 110 th St.
7942 1st St.
253305 th St.

| 25 | 330 5th St. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 54 |  |

40 23d St., near 2d A ve.
58 52d st., near 8th Ave.
$6 幺$ 157th Sit. and Courtlandt Ave.
70209 E. 75th St.
$75{ }_{25}{ }^{7}$ Norfolk St.
77 85th St. and 1st Ave.

EVENING SCHOOLS FOR FEMALES.

| EVENING SCHOOLS FOR FEMALES. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | Location. | NO. | Location | NO. | Location. |
| 2 | 116 Henry St. ${ }_{\text {King }}$ |  | 14th St., near 1st Ave. $233^{2} \mathrm{E}$ Houston St. | ${ }_{6}^{62}$ | 157th st. and Courtlandt Ave. |
| 7 | King st. , near Macdougalst. <br> 18r.7th st. |  | 1. E H 115 t . St. | 942 | Hester St, between Orchard |
|  | 203 Rivingtor, St. | 59 | 士. 57 t St., near 3d Ave. |  | and Ludlow Sts. |
| 2 | Mulbers ani: Bayard Sts. | 43 | 37 tl St. near 2 d Ave. | 92 | 154 Broome st. |
| 43 | 24 tk St. near 8th Ave. | 1: | 33.. W 47t上 St. |  |  |

BOYS. HICH SCHOOL. 60 Wesr 13t1 Street.

GIRLS H!CH SCHOOL. 3r East 12th street.

MIXED HICH SCHOOL. 157th street and 30 Avenue.

## NORMAL COLLECE,

 PARK AVE., CORNER EAST SLATY-EIGHTII ST.COLLECE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK
TWENIT-THIRD ST. AND LEXINGTO: AVE.

$1-165 \mathrm{~W} .29 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{St}$. ${ }^{2}-530 \mathrm{~W} .43 \mathrm{~d}$ St.
3-417 W. 17 th St.
4-110 Maiders Lane. 5-34 E. 14th st. 6-10 Cedarst.
7-2: Chambers St. 8-16 E. 51 si St. 9-5. E Broadway. 10- Stone St. 11-42. E. Houston St. 12-261 William st. 13-9c Wooste, St. $14-14$ E. 18th st. $15-269$ Henry St. $15-223$ E. $\geq 5$ th st. 17-91 Ludlow St. 18-1 2 W 10th St. 19-355 W. 25th St. 20-47 Marion St.

## 21-216 E 40th 3 t.

 22-159 E. 85th St. 23-235 W. 58 th St. 24-78 Mortor St. $25-3425 \mathrm{tl} \mathrm{st}$. $26-220 \mathrm{~W}$ 37th st. 27-173 Franklin St. $28-604 \mathrm{E} .11 \mathrm{tl}$ St. 29-160 Chambers st. 30-253 spriug st. 31-Elm, cor. White St. 32-105 John St. 33-4: Great Jones St $34-44 \mathrm{~W} 33 \mathrm{C}$ St. $35-323 \mathrm{E}$ 119th St. 36-1819 Park Ave. 37-82 Lawrence St. 38-1007 Amsterdam Ave. ${ }^{38-159}$ E. 67th St.41-2801 3d Ave.
42-Fulton Ave., n. 167 th. 43-Ft. 3d, St., E. R. (Fire Boat). 44-221 E 75th St. 45-Tremont Av..n. Daly. 46-E. 176th, n. Park Ave. 47-W. 113th St., near Amsterdam Ave.
48-2504 Webster Ave.
49-Blackwell's Island. $50-\mathrm{E} .166 \mathrm{th}$ St., n , 3 d
 Boat).
อั2-Riverãale A ve.
53-17E E. 104th St.
54-304 W 4ith St.
55-363 Broome st.
${ }^{50} 5-120 \mathrm{~W} .83 \mathrm{~d}$ St.

57-Castle Garden (Fire 58-81 Boat).
${ }_{59}^{58-81} \mathrm{~W} .115$ th St.
${ }_{59-18}$ w 137 th St.
$60-606 \mathrm{E} .137 \mathrm{th}$ St.
61-Main St.,Westchester
62-61 White Plains Ave., W3-W Williamsbridge.
63-W akefield.
64-Unionport.
$65-33$ W. 43 d St.
66-Ft. Grand st. , E. R., (Fire Boat).
67-170th St., near Audubon Ave.
68-1116 Ogden Ave.
$69-233 \mathrm{~d}$ St., near Katonah Ave.
70-Scofield Ave. City

Hook and Ladder Companies: 1-26 Chambers $2-126$ E. 50th. 3-108 E. 13th 4-7888th Ave. 5-96Charles. 6-77 Canal. $7-217 \mathrm{E}$. 28th. 8-7 North Moore. 9-209 Elizabeth. 10-191 Fnlton. 11 - 742 5 th St. $12-243$ W. 20 th. $13-159 \mathrm{E} .87 \mathrm{th} .14-120 \mathrm{E} .125 \mathrm{th}$. $15-\mathrm{Old}$ Slip. near Water. $16-159 . \mathrm{E} 67$ th. 17-E. 143d, near 3d Ave. 18-84 Attorney. $9-866$ Forest Ave. 20-157 Mercer 21-432 W 36th. 22766 Amsterdam Ave. $23-504 \mathrm{~W} .140 \mathrm{th}$.

## Baíroan zastifugcr Stations in suanyattan Borougy.

Baltimore \& Ohio, foot of Whitehall and Liberty streets.
Central of New Jersey, foot of Whitehall and Liberty streets; New Jersey Southern Division (in summer), foot of Rector street also.
Delaware, Lackawanna \& Western. foot of Barclay and Christopher streets.
Erie, foot of Chambers and West 23d Streets.
Lehigh Valley, foot of Cortlandt, Desbrosses, and West $23 d$ st reets.
Loug Island, foot of James Slip and East 34th St.
Atlantic Avenue Branch, junction of Flatbush and Atlanti Avenues, Brooklyn.
Manhattan Beach Division, foot of James Slip and East 34 th Street.
New Jersey \& New York, foot of Chambers and West 23d streets.
New York \& Long Branch, foot Liberty, Whitehall, Cortlandt, Desbrosses, and West $23 d$ Streets In Summer, foc Rector Street also.
New York'\& Rockaway Beach, foot of James Slip and East 34tu St Also Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn.

New York Central \& Hudson River, 42 d st. and 4th Ave. ; Harlem, 125th st. ; Mott Haven, 138th St. ; 10th Ave. and 3uth St.; Manliattan, 125th St., 1521 St ; Harlem Division, 4th Ave. and 42d, $86 \mathrm{th}, 110 \mathrm{th}, 125 \mathrm{th}, 138 \mathrm{th}$, and 183 d streets.
New York, New Haven \& Hartford, 4th Avenue and 42d Street.
New York. Ontario \& Western, foot of Fianklin and West 42 d Streets.
New York, susquehanna \& Western, foot of Cortlandt, Desbro-ses, and Wesi 23d Streets.
Northern of New Jersey, foot of Chambers and West $23 d$ Streets.
Old Colony, Grand Central Depot or via Fall River Line, foot of Murray Street.
Pennsylvania, foot of Cortlandt, Desbrosses, and West $23 d$ Streets.
Philadelphia \& Reading. foot of Whitehall and Liberty Streets.
Staten Island, foot of Whitehall Street.
West Shore, foot of Franklin and West 42d Streets.

##  <br> PRECINCT AND LOCATION.

1st. Old Slip and Front Street. 15 th. 79 1st A venue.
2d Liberty and Church Streets. 16th. 25 MercerStreet.
3d. City Hall.
4th. Brooklyn Bridge Arch.
5th. 9 Oak street.
6th. 1y Elizabeth Street.
7th. 24i Madison Street.
8th. 19 Leonard street.
9th. 135 Charles Street.
10th. 24 Macdongal Street.
11th 205 Mulberry Street.
12th. 105 Eldridge Street.
12 th. 105 Eldridge Street.
13th. Attorney and Delancey Sts. 26 th. 150 WV . Central Park, Arsenal.
14th. Union Market, E. Houstory 28 th. 432 E .88 th Street, and Sheriff streets.

17th. 23 W $20 t \mathrm{t}$. Street.
18th. 327 E .22 . Street.
19th. $137 \mathrm{WV} .30 t 1$ Street.
20th 434 W. 37 th Street.
21.st 160 E . 35th Street.

22d. 547 W .47 th Street.
23d. Grand Central Station.
24 th. 163 E. 51st Street.
$2 \mathrm{Eth} .153 \mathrm{E}, 67$ th Street

29th. 104th Street, near 3 d A venue.

30th. 134 W. 100th Street.
31st. 438 W .125 th Street.
32d. 148 E. 12bth Street.
33d. Amsterdam Avenue, cor. 152 d street.
34th. High Bridge.
35th. Alexander Avenue, cor. E. 138th street.
36 th. 160 th Street, cor. 3d Avenue.
37th. 1925 Bathgate Avenue.
38th. Town Hall, Westchester.
39th. Wakefield.
40th. 6 Kingsbridge Road.
41st. Bronx Park.
42d. Pier A, North River.

## Clubs in fantattam まocough.

PRINCIPAL CLUBS AND CLUB-HOUSES, SEE ALSO "SOCIETIES IN MANHATTAN BOROUGH.

| Name of Club. |  | Club-Hovse. | Memaership. |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Initiation } \\ \text { FeE. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Annual <br> Dues. |  | Secretary. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Limit. |  | PkKSENT <br> Number. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Resident. | Non-Resident. | Resident. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Non } \\ & \text { Resi- } \\ & \text { dent } \end{aligned}$ dent* | Resideut | Non-Resident. | Resident. | Non. Resident |  |
| Aldi | 1889 | 111 Fifth Ave | 500 | 100 | 400 | 52 | \$100 | $\$ 50.00$ | \% 775.00 | \$25.00 | Wm. E. Pulsifer. |
| Americ | 1883 | Mitton Point, Rye, N. ${ }^{\text {Y }}$ | 300 |  | 250 |  | 100 |  | 40.00 |  | T. L. Scovill. |
| Arion | 1854 | Park A ve. \& 59th St. . | 1,100 |  | 1,100 |  | 25 |  | 40.00 |  | C. Schiettinger. |
| Arkwrigh | 1893 | 320 Broadwa | 76 | None. | 644 |  | 50 | 20.00 | 50.00 | 20.00 | Ed. E. Huber. |
| Army and | 1875 | 16 W .31 st S | None. | None. | 200 | 1,200 | 25 | None | 30.00 | 5.00 | Willoughby Weston. |
| Authors. | 1882 | 7 th Ave. c. W. 5 bith Si. | Sone. | Vone. | 160 |  | 25 | 25.00 | 20.00 | 10.00 | Rossiter Johnson. |
| Barnar | 1894 | W. 56th St. \& 7th Ave. |  |  | 619 | 37 | 25 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 5.00 | Edward L. Parris. |
| Calumet | 1879 | $2{ }^{657}$ Fifth Ave | 600 | Noue. | 500 | 200 | None. | None. | 75.00 | 40.00 | Charles C. Bull. |
| Catholic | 1811 | 120 Central Park South | 1,000 |  | 700 | 200 |  | None. | 50.00 | 10.00 | Charles Murray. |
| Cent | 1847 | 7 W. 43 d St. | 1,000 | 300 | 1,016 | 187 | 150 | 100.00 | 60.00 | 30.00 | Henry E. Howland. |
| City | 1892 | 19 W 34th St |  |  | ¢00 |  | (b) 50 | 15.00 | 50.00 | 15.00 | James W. Pryor. |
| Colon | 1889 | B'way \& W.72 | 1,100 | Nune. | 900 | 100 | 100 | 50.00 | 70.60 | 35.00 | J ohn H.Judge. |
| Coney Island J | 1879 | 173 Fifth Ave | 600 |  | 600 |  | 50 | 50.00 | 25.00 | 25.00 | Cornelius Fellowes. |
| Congregational | 1879 | No Club-Hous | 200 | None. | 180 | 5 | 5 | Noue. | 10.00 | None. | Chas. L. Beckwith. |
| Corinthian Yac | 1886 | Tompkinsville, | 100 |  | 99 |  | 50 |  | 25.00 |  | J. B. Miley. |
| Craftsman's. | 1894 | 17 E. 22d St. . | 500 | None. | 250 | 40 | None. | None. | 15.00 | 8.00 | G. W. Arnold. |
| Democratic | 1871 | 617 Fifth Av | 3,000 | None. | 2,200 | 350 | 100 | 25.00 | 50.00 | 20.00 | Wm. E. Wyatt. |
| Deutscher P | 1885 | 21 City Hall |  |  | 110 |  | 10 |  | 20.00 |  | Gustav Schoch. |
| Downtown Ass | 186C | ${ }^{6} 0$ Pine St. | 1,000 | None. | 1,000 | 83 | 150 | 7.00 | 50.00 | 25.00 | Wm. R. Stewart. |
| Drug Trade | 1894 | 100 William | 300 | None. | 225 | 52 | 25 | 5.00 | 40.00 | 10.00 | Harry Hall. |
| Engineers | 1888 | 374 Fifth Ave | 1,000 |  | 416 | 401 | 50 | 25.00 | 50.00 | 25.00 | O. F. Nichols. |
| Germ | 1847 | 111 E. 58th S | None. |  | 1,176 |  | 20 |  | 40.00 |  | 12. F. Lang. |
| Groli | 1884 | 29 E. 32d St | 250 | 125 | 250 | 125 | 50 | 25.00 | 30.00 | 15.00 | Thos. G. Evans. |
| Ha | 189: | 253 Broadway | 600 | 200 | 600 | 137 | 50 | 50.00 | 50.40 | 25.00 | Jas, H. Kennedy. |
| Harle | 1886 | Lenox Are. \& 123 d St. | 400 | None. | 250 | 50 | None. | None. | 50.00 | None. | William D. Pack. |
| Harlem D | 1882 | 106 W .126 th St. | None. | None. | 400 |  | 10 |  | 10.00 |  | John G. I'heban. |
| Harlem Rep | 1887 | 145 W .125 th St. | None. | None. | 250 | 10 | 10 | 5.00 | 20.00 | 10.00 | S. A. Safford. |
| Harmonie | 1867 | 45 W .42 d St. | 650 |  | 650 |  | 200 |  | 125.00 |  | E. E. Wise. |
| Harvard | $180^{\circ}$ | $27 \mathrm{~W}, 44 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{St}$ | None. | None. | 910 | 410 | 10 | 10.00 | 10-20 | 10.00 | Walter Alexander. |
| Hudson | 1878 | Foot W. 127th |  |  | 84 | 12 |  |  | 18.00 | 2.10 | James R.Waterho |
| Jockey | 1894 | 173 Fifth Ave | 50 | Non | 50 | None. | 100 |  | 100.00 |  | F. K. Sturgis. |
| Knicker | 1871 | 319 Fifth Ave | 450 | None. |  |  | 300 |  | 100.00 |  | Jas. W. Appleto |
| Knicker | 1881 | College Point, | None. |  | 115 |  | 20 |  | 18.00 |  | J. O. Sinkins |
| Lambs | 1875 | 70 W. 38th St | 385 | 95 | 400 | 150 | $\ddagger 200$ | 100.00 | $\pm 50.00$ | 25.00 | John Drew. |
| La | 1887 | 120 Broadiva | 1,200 | None. | 1,200 | 275 | None. | Non. | 100.00 | 50.00 | Geo. T. Wilson. |
| Linco | 1872 | $12 \mathrm{E}, 8 \mathrm{sth}$ St. | Nolle. | None. | 400 | None. | None. | None. | 12.00 | 12.00 | Alex. H. Reid. |
| Lot | 1870 | 5.58 Fifth Av | 600 | None. | 585 | 341 |  |  | 75.00 | 30.00 | Chester S. Lord. |
| Manhattan | 1865 | 26th St. \& Marlison Ave | 1,500 |  | T00 | 600 | 250 | 250.00 | 100.00 | 25.00 | David B. Gilbert. |
| Manhattan | 1877 | 105 E. 22d St ...... .. | Nune. | None. | 207 | Notid. | 10 | 10.00 | 20.10 | 10.10 | Gustave Simonson. |
| Merchants | 1871 | 108 Leonard St | 350 | None. | 350 | 20 | 100 |  | 75.00 | 75.00 | Frederick S. Wells. |
| Metropolitan | 1891 | Fifth A ve. cor. Coth St. | 1,200 | 500 | 900 | 156 | 300 | 100.00 | 300.00 | 50.00 | Wm. W. Sherman. |
| New Comm | 1895 | 90 W . Broadway | 400 |  |  |  | 25 | '15.00 | 50.00 | 15.00 | James C. Harvey. |
| New York. | 1845 | 35 th St. \& Fifth A ve.. | 500 | None. | 400 | 200 | 100 | 50.00 | 75.00 | 37.50 | Howell H. Barues. |
| N. Y. Athleti | 1858 | Central Park South | 3,000 | 500 | 2,650 | 450 | 101 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 25.00 | Chas. L. Burnhain. |
| N. Y. Caledoni | 1856 | 846 Seventh Av | None. | None. | 500 - | Nouv. | 5 |  | 3.00 |  | James Morrison. |
| N. Y. Press $\dagger$. | 1872 | 34 W. 26 th St | None. | Vone. | 550 | 40 | 25 | 10.00 | 20.00 | 10.00 | Wu. S. Quigley. |
| N. Y. Railroa | 1877 | 12 W .31 stSt | None. | None. | 850 |  | None. | Nore. | 2.00 | 2.00 | W. W. Wheatiey |
| N. Y. Scottish | 1886 | 241 Fifth Ave | 250 |  | 100 |  | 5 |  | 5.00 | 2.00 | John Duncan. |
| N. Y. Turn Vere | 1850 | 85th St. \& Lex. Are | None. | None. | 679 |  | 5 | 5.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | F. Bucherer. |
| N. Y. Yacht. | 1844 | 67 Madison Ave. (2). | None. | Nore. | 1,400 |  | 100 |  | 50.00 |  | J. V. S. Oddie. |
| Players. | 1888 | 16 Gramercy Park. | 500 |  | 452 | 468 | 100 | 50.00 | 40.00 | 20.00 | Charles E. Carryl. |
| Progress. | 1864 | Cor. 5th Ave. \& 88d St. | 550 |  | 175 | 25 | 100 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 50.00 | Chas. M. Eisig. |
| Quill. | 1888 | No Club-Houso | 200 |  | 200 |  | 5 |  | 12.00 |  | F. H. Marling. |
| Racquet and | 1875 | 27 W. 43d St | 800 | 200 | 650 | 100 | 200 | 200.00 | 100.00 | 50.00 | H. C. Vortiner. |
| Reform | 1888 | 233 Fifth A | None. | 2,000 | 498 | 1,853 | 25 | Nonง. | 40.00 | 10-20 | Elwin Baldwin. |
| Republican | 1879 | 450 Fifth A | 9011 | None. | 536 | , 162 | 50 | 25.00 | 25.00 | 12.50 | Alfred E. Ommen. |
| Saint Nich | 1875 | 7 W .44 th St | 400 |  | 250 | 35 | 100 | 50.00 | 75.00 | 37.50 | C. S. Van Rensse! ${ }^{\text {er }}$. |
| Salmagundi. | 1871 | 14 W .12 th St | None. | None. | 251 | 52 | 25 | 25.00 | 25.00 | 10.00 | J. A. Thompson. |
| $\left.\begin{array}{c} \text { Seawanhaka } \\ \text { thian Yacht. Corin- } . . \end{array}\right\}$ | 1871 | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} 19 \text { E. 22d St. and }\} \\ \text { Oyster Bay, L. I. } \end{array}\right.$ | 500 | None. | 484 |  | 50 |  | 50.00 |  | Chas. J. Stevens. |
| Transportation | 1895 | Madison Ave. \& 42dSt. | 400 | 400 | $\checkmark 296$ | 341 | 50 | 50.00 | 40.00 | 20.00 | John Carstensen. |
| Turf and Field |  | 173 Fifth Ave. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Amos T. French. |
| Underwriters | 1898 | 73 William St. | 500 | None. | 470 | 85 | 25 | 5.00 | 25.00 | 5.00 | Harry Hall. |
| Union | 1836 | Fifth Ave. \& 21st St... | 1,437, | None. | 1,389 |  | 300 |  | 75.00 |  | Franklin Bartlett. |
| Union Leagu | 1863 | 39th St. \& Fifth Ave.. | 1,800 |  | 1,691 | 109 | 500 |  | 75.00 | 45.00 | Geo. S. Terry. |
| Universily. | 1865 | Fifth Ave. cor. 54 th St. | 1,700 | 1,300 | 1,647 | 1,223 | 200 | 100.00 | 75.00 | 35.00 | H. D. Auchincloss. |
| West En | 1888 | Amsterd'm A v. 181 st St. | 300 | 100 | 200 | 50 | 75 | 50 | 75.00 | 50 | M.S. Mannes. |
| Wool. | 1894 | W. B'way \& Beach St. | 450 | $\because 0$ | 400 | 180 | 50 | 15.00 | 30.00 | 10.00 | Juhn P. Faure. |

[^31]
## 

Army Building. Whitehall and Pearl Streets.
Assay Office, 30 Wall street.
Barge Office, foot of Whitehall Street.
City Hall, City Hall Park.
County Court-House, ('hambers St., near B' way.
Criminal Court Building, Centre and Franklin Sts.
Custom-House, Wall and William Streets.

Jefferson Market Court, 6 th Ave. and 10th Street. Ludlow Street Jail, near Grand Street. Post-Office, Broadway and Park Row. Register's Office, City Hall Park.
State Arsenal, 7 th A venue and 35 th Street
Sub-Treasury, Wall and Nassau Streets.
Tombs, Centre and Franklin Streets.

## 

RATES REGULATED BY LAW. - The city ordinance regulating the rates which may be charged customers by cabmen is as follows; distance is computed at twenty blocks to a mile north and south, and seven blocks to a mile east and west:

SFC. 434. The price or rates of fare to be asked or demanded by the owners or drivers of hackney coaches or cabs shall be as follows:

## Cabs.

1. For conveying one or more persons any distance, sums not exceeding the following amount: Fifty cents for the first mile or part thereof; and each additional half mile or part thereof, twentyfive cents. By distance, for "stops', of over five minutes and yot exceeding fifteen minutes, twen-ty-five celts. For longer stops, the rate will be twenty-five cents for every fifteen minutes or fraction thereof, if more than five minutes. For a brief stop, not exceeding five minutes in a single trip, there will be no charge.
2. For the use of a cab, by the hour, with the privilege of going from place to place and stopping as oftell and as long as may be required, one dollar for the first hour or part thereof; and for each succeeding half-hour or, part thereof, fifty cents, if agreed upon in advance, otherwise mileage rate will apply.

## Coaches.

3. For conveying one or more persons any distance, sums not exceeding the following amounts: Une lollar for the first mile or part thereof; and each additional half-mile or part thereof, fifty cents. By distance, for "stops" of over five minutes and not exceeding filteen minutes, forty ceuts. For longer stops, the rate will be forty cents for every filteen minutes. For a brief stop, not exceerling five minutes in a single trip, there will be no charge.
4. For the use of a coach, hy the hour, with the privilege of going frons place to place and stopping as often and long as may be required, one dollar and fifty cents for the first hour or part thereof; and for each succeeding half-hour or part thereof, seventy-five cents, if agreed upon in advance.
5. No cab or coach shall be driven by the time rate at a pace less than five miles an hour.
6. Line halls, two passengers, two dollars for first mile or part thereof; one dollar for each additional mile; fifty cents for each additional passenger.
7. Every owner or driver of any hackney coach or cab shall carry on his coach or cab one piece of baggage, not to exceed fifty pounds in weight, without extra charge; but for any additional baggage he may carry he shall be entitled to extra conlpensation at the rate of twenty-five cents per piece. SEE. 436. All disputes as to prices ordistance shali be settled by the Mayor's Marshat or the police.
SEC. 437. In all cases where the hiring of a hackney coach or a cab is not at the time thereof speci-
fied to be by the hour, it shall be deemed to be hy the mile; and or any detention, exceeding fifteen minutes, when so working by the mile, the owner or driver may demand at the rate of one dollar per hour.
SEC. 444. There shall be fixed in each hackney coach or cab, in such a manner as can be conveniently read hy any person riding in the same, a card containing the name of the owner of said carriage, the number of his license, ant the legal rates as specified in section 434 of this article printed in plain, legible character-, under a penalty of arrest, satid section to be provided by the License Bureau in pamphlet or card form, and to be furnished free to the owner of such hackney coach or cab, and such card shall be fa-tened to the buck of each cab or coach, on the inside thereof, at least two feet above the seat, or it shall be hung to or from a suitable fasiening fixed in the bacis of each cab or coach and be plainly visible.
sec. 449. 4ny person or persons who shall violate any or either of the provisions of above sections of this article shall be liable to a penalty of ten dollars.
Complaints for violations of the above ordinances may be made at the office of the Mayor's Marshal, Room 1, City Hall.
The following table of distances is published by the Mayor's Marshal:

From South Ferry to Wall Street, one-half mile, to City Hall, one mile; to Canal Street, one and one-half miles; to Honston street, two miles; to 4 th street, two and one-quarter miles; to 14 th Street, two and three-quarter miles to 24 th Street, three and one-quarter miles; to 37 th street, four miles; to $42 d$ street, four and one-quarter miles; to $62 d$ street, five and one-quarter miles; to $82 d$ Street, six and one-quarter miles; to 102 d Street, seven and one-quarter miles; to 122 d Street, eight miles.

EAST AND WEST, FROM BROADWAY to East River, across 14th street, one mile; to East River, across 23 d Street, one mile; to East River, across 34th Street, seven-eighths of a mile; to East River, across .12 d street, one mile; to East River, across 59 th Street, one and one-quarter miles; to North River, across 14 th Street, one and one-quarter miles; to North River, across 23d street, one and one-eighth miles; to North River, across 34 th Street, one and one-quarter miles; to North River, across 42d street, one mile; to North River, across 59 th Street, seven-eightins of a mile.

## 

Every Publle Porter must wear, in a conspicuous position, a badge bearing the number of his license, and is not entitled to receive any pay for services unless such a badge is worn, and if he shall demand a greater sum for his services than accords with the rates below, he shall not be entitled to any pay for the service.

Any Public Porter may decline to carry any article, if the distance he shall be required to go shall be more than two miles.

Public Porters shall be entitled to charge and receive for the carrying or convevance of any article, any distance within half a mile, twenty-five cents if carried by hand, and fifty cents if carried on a wheelbarrow or hand-cart: if the distance exceeds half a mile and is within a mile, onehalf of the above rates in addition thereto, and in the same proportion for any greater distance.

#  Bocotgity. 



## 

Aguilar Free Library, 113 E. 59 th St. , 176 E. 110th St., 197 E. B'way, 616 5th st. - Except Sat., 9 to 9. American Institute, 111 W . 38th St.-Open 9 A.m. to 6 P.M. ; $\$ 10$ initiation fee and $\$ 5$ per annum. American Museum of Natural History, Central Park W., cor. W. 77th St.
American Numismatic and Archrological Society, 17 W .43 d St.

Astor, 40 Lafayette Pl., free.-Open, except Sundays and holidays, in summer, 9 A.m. to 5 P.M.; Winter, 9 A.m. to 4 P M.

Benjamin \& Townsend, ft. E. 26th St. -Open daily, $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to 5 P . M.; Saturday, 9 A . M. to 12 M . Broome st., 395 Broome St., free.-Open Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 4 to 9 P.m.
Bryson, W. 120th St, nr. Boulevard.-Open 8.30 A.M. to 5 P.M. : Naturday 9 A.M. to 1 P.M.

Cathedral, 123 E. 50 th St.-Open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. City, 12 City IIall, free, -Open $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$, to 4 P. M. College Settlement Ass' n, 95 Rivington St.-Open on Wednesday from 3.30 to 5 P.M. and 7.30 to 9 P.M.; on Saturday 10 A.M. to 12 noon.
ColumbiaUniversity, W. 116 th \& A msterdam Ave Cooper Union, 8 th St. \& 4 th Ave. -8 A.m. to 10 P.M. De Witt Memorial, 286 Rivington St. -Open daily (except Sunday) from 3 to $8 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$
Harlem, 32 W .123 d St.-Open 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.
Historical Society, 1702 d A ve.-Open 9 A.M. to 6 P.M., except during August and on holidays.

Huntington Free Library, Westchester Ave., Westchester.-Open daily, except Sunday, 9 A.m. to 10 P.M. ; on Sundays from 2 to 9 P.M.
Kingsbridge Free, Riverdale Ave., Kingsbridge. -Open daily from 3 P. M. to 9.30 P. M.
Law Institute, $116 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{O}$. Bldg. $-9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$ to 10 P . M. Law Library of Equitable Life Assurance Society, 120 Broadway.-Open 9 A.M. to 7 P.M. ${ }^{\circ}$
Lenoz, 895 5th Ave.-Open 9 A.m. to 6 P. м. Loan Libraries for Ships, 76 W all St.
Masonic, 75 W .23 d St .-Open 7 to 10.30 P M.
Maimonides, 723 Lexington Ave.-Open $9 \mathrm{A.m}$. to 9 P.M.; Sat., 7 to 10 P.M.; Sun., 9 A.M. to 4 P.M. Mechanical Engineers ${ }^{3}, 12 \mathrm{~W} .31 \mathrm{stst}$ - Open daily, except sundays, 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.
Mechanics and 'Tradesmen's Free, 18 E. 16th St. Open daily from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.

Mercantile, Astor Place, 426 5th Ave., 120 B'way.-Open 8.30 A.m. to 6 P.m Rates: Clerks, $\$ 4$ per annum; others, $\$ 5$.
Metropolitan Museum of Art, Central Ple.\& E. 82d Mott Memorial Free Medical, 64 Madison Ave.Open 10 A. M. to 5 P.M.
New York Free Circulating, 49 Bond St., 1852 d Ave., 251 W .13 th St. 215 EE . 34th St. $226{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{W} .42 \mathrm{~d}$ St., i8 E. 125th Sit., i523 2d Ave., 130 W. 28 d St., 261 W .69 th st., 206 W .100 th St. -Open 9 A. s. to 9 P.M. ; Sundays, 4 to 9 P. M.

New York Library, Astor, Lenox, and Tilden Foundations.-40 La fayette Pl. 8955 th A ve.
N. Y. Port Soc., 46 Catharine St. -9 A. M. to 10 P. M. New York Society, 107 University Place.-Open 9 A.m. to 6 P.M. Reading Ihoom open 9 A.m. to 9 P.m. Olivet Memorial, 592 d St -Open 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Produce Exchange.-Open 9 A.M. to 4 P. M.
Protestant Epis. Ch. Mission Society for Seamen, 21 Coenties Slip.
Riverdale, Riverdale.-Open Mon., Wed., Fri., Sat., 8 to 10 P.m. ; Wed. and Fri., 2 to 4 p.m.

St. Agnes' Free, $121 \mathrm{~W} .91 \mathrm{st} \mathrm{sit}-,10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to 12 M . and 4 to 6 P. M.; 011 Tues. and sat., 8 to 9 P. M.
St. Aloysius', 208 E. 4 th st.-Open 'ruesdays and Thursdays from 7.30 to 9 P. M.

St. Barnabas', 38 Bleecker St -Open 7 to 10 P.m. Seamen's, 34 PikeSt., free.-Open 10 A.M. to 10 P. M. University Law and Pedagogy, University Bldg., Washington Sq. E.-Open 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.
University Settlement, 181 Eidridge St. -Open daily from 1.30 to IC P. M.
Washington Heights, Amsterdam Ave., near 156th St., free-Open $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to 12 M . and 1.30 to 9 P.m., except Sundays and holidays.

Webster, ft. E. 76th St.-Open 2 to 10 P. M.
Woman's Library, 9 E .8 th St.-Oper 9 A. м. to 4 P.M. ; $\$ 1.50$ per annum.

Young Men's Christian Ass'n, 52 E. 23d St., 153 Bowery, 1402 d Ave., 129 Lexington Ave., 5 W. 125th St., 361 Madison Ave., 531 W. 155th St. n. Boulevard, 318 W. 57 th St., 1018 E. 87 th St., 4 W. 29 th St., 222 Bowery, 49 WV .24 th St. -Open $8.30 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to 20 P.M.; Sundays 2 to 10 P.Mr. ; \$5 per annum. Young 'Women's Christian Ass' $\mathrm{n}, 7 \mathrm{E}$. 15 th St.-Open 9 A.M. to 9.15 P.m., Sundays excepted.

## Raxpors of tye (eity of

Before the Revolution, the Mayor was appointed by the Governor of the Province of New York; and from 1784 to 1820 he was appointed by the A ppointing Board of the State of New York, of which the Governor was the chief member. From 1820 to he amendment of the Charter, in 1830, the Mayor was appointed by the Common Council.

| Mayors. | Terms. | Mayors. | Terms. | Mayors. | Terms. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 Thomas | 1665 |  |  |  |  |
| 2 Thomas Delava | 1665 | 3 Ru'ert Walte | 1720-1725 | 64 James Harper | 845 |
| 3 Thomas Willett | 1667 | 3:Johannes Janse | 1725-1726 | 65 Wm . F. Havemeyer | 1845-1846 |
| 4 Cornelis Steenwy | 1668-1670 | 35 Robert Lurtin | 1726-1735 | 66 Andrew H. Mickle | 1845-1847 |
| 5 Thomas Delavall | 1671 | 36 Paul Richard. | 1735-1739 | 67/William V. Brady | 1847-1848 |
| 6 Matthias Nicolls. | 1672 | 37 John Cruger | 1739-1744 | $68 \mathrm{Wm} . \mathbf{F}$. Havemey | 1848-1849 |
| 7 John Lawrence. | 1673 | 38 Stephen Bayard. ........ | 1744-1747 | 69 Caleb S. Woodhu | 1849-1851 |
| 8 William Derv | 1675 | 39 Edward Hollan | 1747-1757 | 70 Ambrose C. Kingsland | 1851-1853 |
| 9 Nicholas de M | 1676 | 40 John Cruger, | 1757-1766 | 71 Jacob A.Westervelt | 1853-1805 |
| 10 S . van Cortlan | $167 \%$ | 41. Whitehead Hicks...... | 1766-1776 | 72 Fernando Wood | 1858 |
| 11 Thomas Delava | 1678 | 42 David Matthews, Tory. | 1776-1784 | 73 Daniel F. Tieman | 1858-1860 |
| 12 Francis Rombo | 1679 | 43 James Duane | 1784-1789 | 74 Fernando Wood | 1860-1862 |
| 13 William Dy | 168U-1681 | 44 Richard Varick........ | 1789-1801 | 75 George Opdy | 882-1864 |
| 14 Cornelis Steenwy | 1682-1683 | 45 Edward Livings | 1801-1803 | 76 C . Godfrey Gun | 864-1886 |
| 15 Gabriel Minville. | $1684$ | 46 De Witt ('linton........ | $1803-1807$ | 77 John T. Ho | 18ล9, 1868 |
| 16 Nichoıas Baya | 1685 | 47 Marinus Wi | 1807-1808 | 78 T. Coman(act' $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mayor) }\end{aligned}$ | $8{ }^{\circ} 8$ |
| 17 S. van Cortlandt | 1686-1687 | 48 De Witt Cli | 1808-1810 | 79 A. Oak | $18150-1872$ |
| 18 Peter Delano | $1689-1690$ | 49 Jacob Rad | 1810-1811 | 80 Wm. F. Havem | 1873-1874 |
| 19 John Lawrence. | 1691 | 50 De Witt Clinto | 1811-1815 | 81 S. B. H. Vance(Acting) | 1874 |
| 20 Abraham de Peyster | 1692-1695 | 51 John Ferguson |  | 82 Wiliam H. Wickham. | $1875-1876$ |
| 21 William Merritt..... | 1695-1698 | 52 Jacob Raitclifi | 1815-1818 | 83 Smith Ely | 1877-1878 |
| 22 Johannes de Peyster | 1698-1699 | 53 Cadwallader D.Colden. 1 | 1818-18:11 | 84 Edward Cooper | 879-1880 |
| 23 David Provost... .... | 1699-1700 | 54 Stephen Allen | 1821.1824 | 85 William R. Grac | 881-1882 |
| 24 Isaac de Riemer. | 1700-1701 | 55 William Pau | $1825-1826$ | 86 Franklin Edson | 883-1884 |
| 25 Thomas Noell... | 1701-1702 | 56 Philip Hone. | 1826-1827 | 87/William R. Grace | 885-1886 |
| 26 Philip French. | 1702-1703 | 57 William Pauldin | 1827-1829 | 89 Abram S. Hewitt | $1887-1888$ |
| 27 Williana Peartree. | 1703-1707 | 58 Walter Bowne......... 1 | 1829-1833 | 89 Hugh J. Grant | 1889-1892 |
| 28 Ebenezer Wilson. | 1707-1710 | 59 Gideon Lee................ | 1833-1834 | 90-Thomas F. Gilroy | 898-1894 |
| 29 Jacobus van Cortlandt | $1710-1711$ | 60 Cornelius W Lawrence 1 | 1834-1837 | $91^{1}$ William L. Stron | $1895-1897$ |
| 30 Caleb Heathcote....... | 1711-1714 | 61 A aron Clark............. 1 | 1837-1899 | 92 Robert A. Van Wyck.. | 1898-1901 |
| 31 John Johnson. | 1714-1719, | 62 Isaac L. Varian.... . . . . 1 | 1839-1841\| |  |  |

## 

Catharine, foot of Catharine Street, East River.
Centre, Centre street, bet. Grand and Broome Streets.

Clinton, bounded by Spring, Canal, West, and Washington streets.
Farmers', Gansevoort and West Streets.
Fulton, bounded by Beekman, Fulton, South, and Front streets.

Fulton Fish, South Street, opp. Fulton Market. Jefferson, (ireenwich Avemue and Gth Avenue. Tompkins, $3 d$ A venue, bet. 6th and 7 th Streets.
Union, East Houston and Columbia Streets.
Washington, bounded by Washington, West, Vesey, and Fulton streets.

West Washington, hounded by West, Washington, and Gansevoort streets.

## ftomuments and Statues in fantyattan zorougy.

Arthur, Chester A. , Madison Square.
Bartholdi Statue, see "Liberty," below.
BEETHOVEN, bronze bust, on a granite pedestal, 15 ft. high, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1884. Bolivar, equestrian statue of simon Bolivar, the South American soldier and statesman, West 81st St. entrance to Central Park.
Burass, bronze statue, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1880.
CERVANTES, bust of Cervantes, author of "Don Quixote,' in Central Park.
CoLUMBL'S, marble statue, in Central Park; unveiled 189.
Commerce, bronze figure, Central Park, near the 8th A ve. and 59th St. entrance; unveiled 1865.
Conkling, bronze statue, Madison Square Park, cor. Madison Ave. and 23 d st .
Cooper, Peter, statue in pariz opposite Cooper Union.
Cox, bronze statue of the statesman S. S. Cox erected by the letter-carriers, Astor Place.
De'Peyster, Abraham, statue in Bowling Green Park.
DODGE, bronze statue of William E. Dodge, at Broadway, 6th Ave., and 36 th St ; unveiled 1885.
Ericsson, statue of the inventor, on the Battery
Farragut, bronze statue, Madison Square Park, near 5th A ve. and 26 th st.
Franiklin, bronze statue. Printing House Square; unveiled 1872.
GARIBALDI, bronze statue, Washington Square; unreiled 1888.
GRANT, Ulysses S., tomb, Riverside Drive and 123d St. ; 160 feet high; dedicated A pril 27, 1897.
Greeley, bronze statue, at the front entrance of the Tribine Office; unveiled 1890.
GrEELEY, Greeley square, $33 d$ st. and Broadway.
Hale, hronze statue of Nathan Hale, the martyr spy of the Revolution; City Hall Park, near Broadway and Mail St.; erected by the Sons of the Revolution in 1893.
Halleck, bronze statue. Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1877.
Hamiltox, granitestatue of Alexander Hamilton, Central Park, on the East Drive, above the Metropolitan XIuseum of Art.
HaNcock, in Hancock Square, St. Nicholas Ave. and W. 124th st.
Heine, poet, Lorelei Fountain, Mott Ave. and 161st St.
Holley, bronze bust of Alexander Holley, Washington Square; unveiled 1890.
HUMBOLDT, bronze bust, Central Park, near the 5 th Ave. and 59th St. entrance.
HUNT, RICIIARDM., Memorial, 5 th Ave., opposite Lenox Library.
INDIAN HUNTER, bronze figure, Central Park, near lower entrance to the Mall.

Irving, bronze bust, Bryant Park, on W. 40th St. ; unveiled 1866.
LAFAYETTE, bronze statue, Union Square, lower end of Park: unveiled 1876.
Liberty Enlightening the World, on Liberty Island, in the Harbor, copper statue, on granite and concrete pedestal; statue, 151 feet high; pedestal, 155 feet higli; total height above low-water mark, 305 feet 11 inches; unveiled 1886 .
Liscols, brouze statue, Union Square, southwest corner; unveiled 1868.
Martyrs' Monument, Trinity Churchyard, in memory of the American soldiers and sailors who died in the British prison ships in the Revolutionary War.
Mazzini, bronze bust, Central Park, on the West Drive.
Moore, bronze bust of Thomas Moore, the poet, Central Park, near the Poud and 5th Ave. entrance; unvelled 1880.
Morse, bronze statue of the inventor of the telegraph, Central Park, near 5th Ave. and 72d St entrance; unveiled $18 \overline{1} 1$.
Obelisk, Central Park, near the Metropolitan Musemm of Art ; brought from Egypt, and erected 1877 ; it is of granite, 70 feet loug, and weighs 200 tons.
SCHILLER, bronze bust, Ceniral Park, in the Ramble; unveiled 1859.
Scott, bronze statue of Sir Walter Scott, Central Park, on the Mall; unveiled 1872.
SEVENTH REGIMENT, bronze figure of a soldier of this regiment, to commemorate its dead in the Civil War, Central Park, on the West Drive; unveiled 1874.
SEWARD, bronze statue, southwest corner of Madison square Park; unveiled 1876.
Shakespeare, bronze statue, Central Park, at the lower end of the Mall; unveiled 1872 .
Sims, bronze statue of Dr. Marion Sims, Bryant Park, north side.
STUYVESANT, marble effigy of Gov. Peter Stuyvesant, in the outer wall of St. Mark's Church.
ThE Pilgrim, brunze statue, Central Park, near E. 72 d St. entrance.

THORWALDSEN, bronze statue, 59 th St., facing 6 th Ave.
Washington, bronze equestrian statue, Union square, southenst side.
Washington. bronzes statue, at the entrance to the sub-Treasury Building, Wall st.; unveiled 1883.
WASHington Marble ARCH, Washington square, at the foot of 5 th Ave.
Webster, bronze statue, Central Park, on the West Drive, near 72d St.
Worth, granite shaft, in honor of Major-General Worth, U. S. A... at Broadway, 5th Ave., and 2ōth St. ; unveiled 18007.

## 

GROWTH OF THE CITY SINCE ITS EARLIFST DAYS.

-Including all the boroughs.

| FHIIfta in FH at | JTHdT 3B0t014, 515 |
| :---: | :---: |
| HEADQUARTERS NATIONAL | UARD, STATE OF NEW YORK, |
| (Temporary) Stewart Building, Commander | Broadway, Manhattan Borough. ...................IIajcr-General Chas. F. Roe. |
| Assisitivi Adjutant-Genteral. .. Lleut.-Col. S. H. O | Quuriermaster . . . . . . . . . . Lieut. Col. John I, Holly |
| Commissary................. Lieut. Col. Gilford IIurry | Aides-de-Camp-Maj. J. B. Holland, L. M, Greer, |
| Judge-Advocate... . . . Lieut.-Col. W m. Wr. Ladd, Jr. | Charles F. Van Benthuysen. |
| Engineer........................ Col. John Boga |  |
| First Brigade. - Headquarters, Central Commander | k West and 59th Street, Manhattan Borough. .......... Brigadier-General McCoskry Butt. |
| Assist. Adjt.-General..Lieut.-Col.Fred'k Fhisterer | Judge-Advocute. . . . . . . . . . . Maj. Herbert Parsons |
| Surgeon....................... Col. Nelson H. Henry | Inspector....................... Maj. Newbold Morris |
| Quantermaster........... Maj. Francis T. Underhill | Commassary........... . . . . Maj. Robert T. Varnum |
| Inspector Rifle Practice.....Maj. William M Kirby | Aide-de-Camp......... Capt. James W. Gerard. Jr. |

Engineer

|  | Armory. | Numbrical Strength. |  | Colonel. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name of Regiment or Battery. |  | Commis- <br> sioned <br> Officers. | Men. |  | Lieutenant-Colonel. | Major. |
| Ninth | 125 West 14th St.......... | 42 | 577 | William F. Morris... | Thos. B. Rand. ... | Sol. E. Japha. |
| Twelfth.... | Columbus Ave. \& 62d St.... | 43 | 739 | Geo. Rathbone Dyer. |  | Chas. S. Burns. |
| Twent - -second. | 67 th St. \& Broadway . . . . . | 44 | 675 | Franklin Bartlett. ... | N. B. Thurston.... | S. F. Hart. |
| First Battery... | 340 West 44th St........... | 6 | 85 | Captain | ouis Wendel, Comma | anding. |

Fifth Brigrde.-Headquarters, Park Ave., corner East Thirty-fourth St., Manhattan Borough.
 Assistant Adjutant-General.......................... Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas J. O' Donohue.

| Name of Regiment or Battery. | Armory. | Numerical Strength. |  | Colonel. | Lieutenant-Colonel. | Major. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Commissioned Officers. | Men. |  |  |  |
| Seventh.. | Park Ave. \& 67th St. | 46 | 1,004 | 1. Appleton........ | Wm. H. Kipp..... | Jas. C. Abrams. |
| Eighth. | Park Ave. \& 94th St. | 37 | 531 | Jas. M. Jarvis..... . |  | John G. Kerby . |
| Sixty-ninth. | 3d Are. \& 7th St. . | 33 | 519 | Edward Duffy. |  | Thos. F. Lynch. |
| Serenty-first... | Park Ave. \& 34th S | 41 | 643 | W. G. Bates....... |  |  |
| Second Battery. | 4th Are. \& 33d St. | 6 | 77 | Captain | David Wilson, Comm | anding. |
| Squadron A.... | Madison Ave. \& 94th St.... | 16 | 226 | Major O. | B. Bridgman, Comm | nanding. |
| Signal Corpr... | Park Ave. \& 34th St........ | 3 | 45 | Captain | Oscar Erlandsen, Com | mwanding. |

Naval Militia ot the State of New York, on September 30, 1899, consisted of Capțain J. W. Miller, commanding, and Staff of 6 Officers. Headquarters, U.S. S. New Hampshire, foot E. 28 th St. 1st Naval Battalion, U. S. S. New Hampshire, 22 officers and 300 men-322: 2d Naval Battalion, headquarters, foot 55 th St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 23 officers and 318 men- 341 ; 2 d Separate Naval Division, Rochester, N. Y., 4 officers and 86 men- 90 . Total, 759.

## 

| North River. |  | East River. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pier No. Street. | Pier No. Street. | Pier No. | Pier No. |
| A, New 1$\}$ Battery Pl | New 34 Canal. | 3 \& 4 Moore \& Broad. | Old 34 \& 35 Catharin |
| \& Old 1$\}$ Battery P1. | New 35 Spring. \& charl | 5 Broad \& Coenties | Old 36 C'atharine \& Mar- |
| -ld 2 \& $3\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Battery Pl. \& } \\ \text { Morris. }\end{array}\right.$ | New $36\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Spring \& Charl- } \\ \text { ton. }\end{array}\right.$ | Slip. <br> 6, 7, \& 8 Coenties Slip. | ket. <br> New 36 Jetlerson. |
| Old 4 Morris. | New 37 Charlton. | $9 \& 10$ Coenties \& Old | Old 36 Market \& Catha- |
| Old 5,6,$\}$ Morris \& Rec- | New 38 King. | slips. |  |
| \& 7 , tor. | New 39 W. Houston. | 11 \& 12 Old Slip. | 38 Market. |
| Old 8 Rector. | Ňew 40 Clarkson. | 13 Old Slip, nr. Wall. | 39 Market \& Pike. |
| Old 9 \& $\}$ Rector \& Car- | New 41 Leroy. | 14 Jones Lane. | 40 Pike. |
| 10 ) lisle. | Old 42 Canal. | 15 \& 16 Wall. | 42 Pike \& Rutgers. |
| Old 11 Carlisle. | New 42 Morton. | 17 Pine. | 43 \& 44 Rutgers. |
| Old 12 Albany. | New 43 Barrow. | 18 Maiden Lane. | 45 Rutgers \& Jeffer- |
| Old 13 Albany \& Cedar. | New 44 Christopher. | 19 Fletcher. | son |
| New 13 Cortlandt \& Dey. | New 45, 46, \& 47 W .10 th. | 20 \& 21 Burling Slip. | 46 Jefferson. |
| Old 14 Cedar. | New 48 W. 11th. | 22 Fulton. | 47 Jefferson \& Clin- |
| New 14 Fulton. | New Pier foot Bank. | 23 Beekman. \& | ton. |
| Old 15 Liberty. Vesey \& | New Pier foot Bethune New Pier foot Jane. | 24 Beekman \& Peck | 48 Clinton. <br> 49 Clinton \& Mont- |
| ew 15 \{ bet. Barclay, | New Pier ft. Gansevoort. | 25 \& 26 Peck Slip. | gomery. |
| Old 16 \{ Liberty \& Cort- | New Pier foot W 19th. New Pier foot W, 21st. | 27 Dover. <br> 28 Dover \& Roose- | 50 Montgomery. <br> 51 \& 52 Gouverneur. |
| Old 17 Cortlandt. | New Pier foot W. $2 \%$ d. | velt. | 53 Jackson. |
| New 18 Murray. | New 53 W .23 d . | 29 Rooserelt. | 54 Corlears. |
| New 19 Warren. | Old 54 Perry. | New29 Market. | 55 Cherry. |
| New 20 Chambers. | New 54 W. 24th. | 30 Roosevelt \& James | $50^{\text {\& }} 57$ Broome. |
| New 21 Duane. | New 55 W .25 th. | Slip. | 58 \& 59 Delancey. |
| New 22 Jay. | New 56 W 26th. | 31 James Slip. | 60 Rivington. |
| New 23 Harrison. | Old $561 / 2$ Gansevonrt \& | Old 32 James Slip. | 61 Rivington \& Stan- |
| New 24 Franklin. | O1d $50 \%$ Bloomfield. | New 32 Pike. | ton. |
| New 25 Nortb Moore. | New 57 W. 27th. | New 33 Oliver. | 62 Stanton. |
| New 26 Beach. | Old 58 Bloomfield. |  |  |
| Old 26 Barclay \& Park Pl. | New 58 W. 28th, | Recreati | Ion Piers. |
| Old 27 Park Pl. | Old 59 Little WV. 12th. |  |  |
| New 27 Hubert. | New 59.1 W .29 th. | Foot of F. 3d. | Foot of Barrow. |
| New 28 Laight. | New 60 W .30 th . | Foot of E. 24th. | Foot of W. 50th. |
| New 29 Vestry. | New 61 W .31 st . | Foot of E. 112th | Foot of W. 129th. |
| New 30 Vestry. | New 62 W .32 d . |  |  |
| New 31 Watts. | New 63 W. 33d. |  |  |
| New 32 Canal. |  |  |  |

## parts in fantyatan amo wrom Boroughs.

Headquarters, The Aresenal, Central Park.

Battery, foot of Broadway.
Bowling Green, foot of Broadway
Bronx, on Bronx River, north of Kingsbridge Road, east of Southern Boulevard. Zoological Garden.
Brvant, between 5th and 6th Aves. and W. 40 th and W. 42 d Sts.

Cedar, bounded by Sedgwick Ave., Juliet St., Wal ton and Mott Aves.
City Hall Park, Broadway, Mail St., Park Row, and Chambers'st.
Claremont, bounded by Elliott and Waluut Sts., Anthony and Fleetwood Aves., in the 24th Ward.
Corlears Hook, bounded by Corlears, Jackson, Cherry and South sts.
Crotona, east of 3d Are., south of Tremont Are. and 175th St., east of Boston Road and north of the $83 d$ Ward line.
East River Park, between Ave. B and East River and north of E. 84th St.
Hamilton Fish Park, Houston and Willett Sts.
Highbridge Park, boinnded by Harlem River, Amsterdam Ave, W. 170 th and W. 175th Sts.
Hudson Park, bounded by Hudson, Leroy, and Clarkson Sts.

Jeannette Park Coenties Slip, between Front and south Sts.
Madison square, between 5th and Madison Aves. and E. 23d and E. 26th sts.
Morningside Park between Manhattan, 9th, and Morningside Aves, and W. 110th and W. 123d Sts. Mount Morris Park. between Madison and Mt Morris Aves. and 120th and 124th Sts.
Pelham Bay, on Long Island Sound and East Chester Bay.
Riverside Park, between Riverside and 12th Aves. and W. 72d and W. 129th sts.
Rutgers Park, foot Rutgers st.
st. Mary's Park, Morrisania.
Stuyvesant Square, between Rutherfurd and Liv-
ingston Places and E. 15th and E. 17th Sts.
Tompkins Square, between Aves A and B and E. 7th and E. 10th Sts.
Union Square, between Broadway and 4th Ave. and E. 14th and E. 17 th Sts.

Vancortlandt Park, east side of Broadway, just
below the line of the city of Yonkers. dougai Sts. and Waverley Place and W, 4th St.
The new parks laid ont in the Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth Wards contain 1,881.40 acres.
The total area of parks and parkways recently acquired north of the Harlem River is $3,843.39$ acres. The cost was $\$ 9.90^{\circ} 9,603.04$.

The Speedway (Harlein River Drive), approach at 155 th St., 2 1-5 miles long, Cost to January $1,1910, \$ 3,025,000$, exclusive of value of the grou. $d$.

CENTRAL PARK.
The great park of New Y'ork exteuds from 59 th St. to 110 th St., being over $23 / 2$ miles long, and from 5 th Ave. to 8 th Ave., being over half a mile wicle. It covers 852 acres, of which 185 are in lakes and reservoirs and 400 in forest, wherein over half a million trees and shrubshave been planted. Thereare 9 niles of roads, $51 / 4$ of bridle paths, and $281 / 4$ of walks. The landscape architects of the Parls were Frederick Law Jlmsted and Calvert Vaux. Public park carriages can be fouad (except in Winter) at the entrances on 5 th Ave. and 8 th Ave. The fare for an extended ride throngh the Park is 25 cents. Work was begun on the Park in 1857. The following fanciful names have been officially applied to the several entrances to the Park: 5th Ave. and 59th St., Scholar's Gate; 6th Ave. and 59th St., Artist's Gate; 7 th Ave. and 59th St, Artisan's Gate; 9th Ave. and 59th St.. Merchant's Gate; 8th Ave. and 72d St., Woman's Gate; 8th Ave. and 81st St., Hunter's Gate; 8 th Ave. and 85th St., Mariner's Gate; 8th Ave. and 96 th St., Gate of All Saints; 8th Ave. and 100th st., Boy's Gate; 8th A ve. and 110th St., Stranger's Gate; 5th Ave. and 6ith St., Student's Gate; 5th Ave. and 72d St., Children's Gate; 5th Ave. and 79th St., Miner's Gate; 5 th Ave. and 90th St., Engineer's Gate.; 5th A ve. and 96th St. . Woodman's Gate; 5th Ave. and 102d St., Girl's Gate; 5th Ave. and 110th St., Pioneer's Gate; 6th Ave. and 110th St. . Farmer's Gate; fith Ave. and lluth St.. Warrior's (iate

FACTS ABOUT PUBLIC PARKS.
Union Square was purchased by the city in 1833 for $\$ 116,051$; Jadison Square in 1847, for $\$ 65,952$; Tompkins square, in 1834, for $\$ 93,358$; Washington Square, in 1827 , for $\$ 77,970$, and Manhattan Square, in 1839, for $\$ 04,657$. The latter is assessed as a part of Central Park. The other four are assessed at over $\$ 16,000,000$, and are easily worth $\$ 20,000,000$, while their original cost to the city was only $\$ 353,331$. Prospect Park, Brooklyn, contains 516 1-6 acres. In woodland, 110 acres; in lakes and watercourses, 77 acres; in meadows, 90 acres; in plantations, $2591-6$ acres; in drives, 9 miles; in bridle roads, 3 1-10 miles; in walks, 12 miles. Ocean Parkway is $51-2$ miles long and 210 feet wide. Eastern Parkwav is $21-2$ miles long and 210 feet wide. London has 271 public parks, containing 17.876 acres of ground. The largest European city park is in Denmark; it contains 4,200 acres. The great forest of Northern New York covers an area of $3,588,803$ acres. The Adirondack Park, or proposed reservation, includes 2,807,760 acres. The lands within the park line have been carefully classified lot by lot, with the following result: Primeval forest. $1,575,483$ acres; lumbered forest. $1,027,955$; denuded, 50,050 ; burned, 13,430; waste, 18,526; water, 57,104 ; wild meadows, 495 ; improved, 64.717 .

##  <br> Pawnbrokers in New York City are regulated by statute. The rate of interest fixed by law is 3

 per cent a month or any fraction of a month for the first six months, and 2 per cent per month for each succeeding month upon any loan not exceeding $\$ 100$, and 2 per cent a month for the first six months and 1 per cent a month for each succeeding mouth on any loan exceeding $\$ 100$. Pledges cannot be sold until after they have been kept one year, and then at public auction by a licensed auctioneer, after publication of at leastsix days in two daily newspapers designated by the Mayor. Pawnbrokers pay a license fee of $\$ 500$ to the city and are under the direct control of the Mayor and his Marshal. Their books must be kept open to the Mayor, Criminal Courts, Magistrates, and Police.
## PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY, 279 FOURTH AVE., BRANCH 186 ELDRIDCE ST.

Office hours: 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. ; Saturday to 6 P. M. Ticket good for one year only. Loans may be paid by instalments, in sums not less than $\$ 1$. Raie of interest: One per cent per month, or any fraction thereof. Only one-half month interest charged on all loans redeemed within two weeks after date of pledge. Condition of loan: Agreed to by the holder of the ticket in consideration of interest being charged at less than the rate allowed by lav, The Provident Loan Society of New York shall not be liable for loss or damage by ire, breakage, dampnes*, theft, or moths; nor shall it be liable in any event for more than 25 per cent in addition to the amount loaned.

The loan may be renewed at or before matnrity on payment of the full amount of interest due. accompanied by the ticiset. When making payment by instalment, the full amount of interest due on the sum loaned must be included, and the ticket must be returned. The interest due on the loan cannot be paid by instalment. The Society has thus far limited the classes of personal property on which it has made loans to clothing and so-called "jewelry," including under that designation all articles of gold or silver, precious stones, opera-glasses, eye-glasses, etc.

NOTICE-Care should be taken when addressing mail matter for delivery in New Iork City to designate the borough thereon, as many of the streets in the different boroughs bear the same name.

Cornelius Van Cott, Postmaster; Enward M. Morgan, Assistant-Postmaster; Edward S. Post, Second Assistant-Postmaster.

OFFICES AND OFFICE HOURS.
SECOND FLOOR.
Postmaster,-Room 1, south end. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Assistant-1'ostmaster. - Room 2, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.
Sinperintendent City Delivery.-Room 5, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A. ir. to 4 P. M.
Aiditor.-Rioom 9, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A. as. to 4 P. m.
Cashier.-Rooms 21 and 23, Park Rowside. Office hours. 10 A. m. to 3 P.m.
Mouey-Oviers.-Superintendent of Department, Room 42 , City Hall side. Offce hours, $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to 5 p. M. Domestic Aloney-Orders, Rooms 40 and 41 , City Hall side. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 ғ. м. Iuternational, Foom 41, City Hall side.

Inquiry Ofrice for Missing Letters, etc.-Room 14, Broadway side. Office hours, 9 A. m. to 4 P. M,

Singerintendent of Railway Mail Service.-Fifth floor, City Hall side. Office hours, $9 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{M}$, to 4 P. M.
mezzanine floor.
First landing at the head of main stairway, south end of building.
Wrter Department of Instruction. - Room 11, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P.m.
Assistant Custodian.-An officer of the Treasury Department in charge of the building and watch. Room 9, Park Row side. Office hours, $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to 4 P. M.

Registered letters and Parcels Department. - Windows for reception, Rooms 4 and 6, Broadway side. Office hours, 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Windows for Delivery, Rooms 4 and 6, Broadway side. Office hours. $9 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{M}$. to 6 P. M.
[All offices on the Second and Mezzanine Floors are closed on Sundays, and at $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{s}$. on holldays. No Money-Order or Registry business transacted on these days.]

## entrance floor.

Superiutendent of Mails.-Sec. 18, Park Row side. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 Р. M.
Bureau of lnformation. - South end (Retail Stamp Window).
Bank Window.-Sec. 11, Park Row side.
Poste Restante.-A to I Window, sec. 5, Park Row side; I to Z Window, sec. 5, Park Row side; Advertised Letter Window, sec. 6, Park Row side; Foreign Letter Window, sec. 7, Park Row side; Ladies' Window, sec. 8, Park Row side.

Foreign Supplementary Mail Window.-Sec. 16, Park Row side.
Superintendent Foreign Mail Department.-Sec. 18, Park Row side.
Superintendent Carriers' Depariment.-General P. O. District, sec, 12, Park Row side.
Postage Stamps, etc.-Stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers and postal cards. Sales in sums over \$5: Windows 1 and 2 , sec. 19, Broadway side, and 6 and 9 , south end. Sales in sums of less than $\$ 5$ : Windows 3, 4, and 5 , secs. 17 and 18 , Broadway side; windows 7 and 8 , sec. 3 , south end, and sec. 15, Park Row side.
open always.
Superintendent Ontgoing Domestic Letter Mails Department.-Sec. 17, Broadway side. Superintendeut General Post-Ofice Delivery Department.-Sec. 9, Park Row side.
Mail in Quantities.-For New York Clty delivery, received at Window 10, Broadwav side. For letters for outgoing domestic mails, received at Window 13, Broadway side. For letters for foreign countries, received at Window 16, Park Row side. Circulars received at Window 12, Broadway side. Mail in quantities must be assorted by states by the sender before mailing.

Delivery for Newspaper Exchanges. - Sec. 12, Park Row side.
Drops. - For outgoing domestic mails, sec. 15, Park Row side, and secs. 12, 13, 14, 15, Broadway side. For New York City delivery, sec. 10, Park Row side, and sec. 11, Broadway side. For foreign countries, sec. 17, Park Row side, and sec. 16, Broad way side.

Lock-Boxes.-South end and Broad way side. Lock-boxes for newspaper exchanges, Park Row side.

Ongeneral holidays, viz: January 1, February 12, 22. May 30, July 4, Labor Day, Election Day, Thanksgiving Day, December 25, and such days as the President of the United States, or the laws, or Governor of the State may designate as holidays, fast, and thanksgiving days. all mails are closed at 10 A , M., and only such carrier deliveries are made as may have been previously announced.

BRANCH POST-OFFICES IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGHS.

A, 142 Prince St., cor. West Broadway.
B, 380 Grand St., near Suffolk St.
C, 589 Hudson St., cor. Bethune St.
D, 25 and 27 Third Ave., near Eighth St.
E, $110-114$ West 32 d St., near Sixth Ave.
IT, 399 and 401 Third Ave., near 28 th St.
CT, 1648 Broadway, cor. 51 st St.
II', Lexington A ve., cor. 44th St.
1, Collumbus Ave., cor. 105th St.
1, 213 West 125 th St., near Seventh Ave.
K', 203 East 86 th St., near Third Ave.
Lt, 141 East 125 th St., cor. Lexington Ave.
N1, 1965 Amsterdam Ave., bet. 157th and 158 th Sts. N, Broad way, cor. 69th St.
O, 72 Fifth A ve., cor. 13 th St .
P, Prodnce Exchange Building.
11, Third Ave., cor. 150th St. (Morrisania).
S, Broadway, cor. Howard St.
[All branch stations are opened on week driggs Ave.
[All branch stations are opened on week days from 7 A. M. to $S$ P. m., for money-order business from $8 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $6 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$., for the registry of letters from 8 A . M. to $8 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. On Sundays stations are opened from 9 to 11 A . M., and on holidays from 7 to 10 A . m . No money-order or registry business transacted on Sundays or holidays. ]

## 518 Cfuil Service Zules in the City of Xew York.

Synopsis of regulations governing the admission of personsinto the civil service of the City of New York. Information may also be had by applying to the Secretary of Civil Service Commisslou, Crimfal Court Buldang. New Jork City.

Utider the 1 hite Civil Service Law, Chapter 370. Laws of 1809 . April 19, the rules apply to all bositions it the service of the City on New lork except ofticers elected by the people, all legislative offlcers and employés. heads ol any department, or superintendents, principals, or teachers in. public school. academy. of college. This requires "examinatious. wherever practicable, to ascertain the fitness of applicants for apnointment to the civil service ol said city." The Constitution requires that these examinations shall be competitive, "sofar as practice le.'

## APPLICATIONS.

Applications of corapetitors for positions included in Schedules B. C.D. E, and F must be addressed to the Secretary of the Municipal Civil service Commission, New York Citr; aud for all positions except firemen and park policemen must be accompanied with the following papers:

First-The affidavit of the applicant, showing that he is not less than eighteen years of age and a cltizen of the United Etates, giving his place of residence, with the street and number thereot if any: the place, nature and extent of his edncation. and of his business training and experience, and stating whether he has ever neen in the ciril service of the City of New York, or in the military or naval service of the United States, and it so, wheu and where.

Second-A statement whether such application is limited to any particular office or offices in the service.

Third - The certificate of four reputable persons of the City of New York, that they have been personally acquainted with the applicant for at least one year, and believe him to be of good moral character. of temperate and indusirious habits, and in atl respects fit for the service be wishes to enter, and that each of them is willing that such certificate should be published for public informaton and will upon request give such further information conceruing the applicant as he may possess.

The requirements as to citizenship and certificates of character, in case of persons applying for positions under Schedules $E$ and $F$ and the requirements as to citizenship in case of persons applying for positions under Schedule D, may be modified or dispensed with in the discretion of the Civil Service Commission. All applications for examination shals be filed in the office of the Secretary. and all application and other blanks shall be kep: a his office. and shall be procurable there only.

Applicants for the following positions must, before being admitted to examination. present satisfactory evidence as to the following facts:

First - If the position 10 be filled be that of physician, surgeon, medical officer. inspector of vaccination. or sanitary inspector, that the applicant is duly authorized by the laws of the state of New York to practise medicine and surgery.

Second-If the position to be filled be that of chemist or analyzer, that the applicant has received the degree of Rachelor of Sciences, or its equivalent. from some institution duly authorized by law to confer such degree.

In positions where the duties are professional. technical, or expert, the candidates will be required to show what preliminary training or technical education they have undergone to qualify them for such situations before they can be admitted to examination.

In all examinations for professional positions, or positions requiring technical knowledge, no person shall be placed on the eligible list who oltains a rating in techuical knowledge of less than 70 . Applications for positions included in schednle G must be addressed to the $\cdots$ Labor Clerk, etc."; For the boroughs of Manhattan, Bronx, and Richmond address "'New York.'
For the boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens address "Brooklyn.

## CONDUCT OF EXABINATIONS.

Applicants shall be admitted to examination upon the production of the official notification to appear for that purpose. Each applicant shall receive a number. which shall be indorsed upon his notification when produced, and the notifications so indorsed shatl be sealed in an envelope. Fach apphicant shall sign his examination papers with his number, omitting his name, and the envelope shall not be opened until all the examination papers have been received and the markings and gradings made.

All paper upon which examinations are to be written shall be furnished to the applicants by the examining board and s
identifying the same.

All examinations shall be in writing. except such as refer to expertness or physical qualities, and except as herein otherwise provided.

The sheets of questions shall be numbered and shall be given out in the order of their numbers, each, after the first, being given only when the competitor has returned to the examiners the last sheet given to him. In general, no examination shall exteud beyond five hours without intermission; and no questions giren ont at any session, to any candidate, shall be allowed to be answered at another session. Each applicant must complete his examination on the obligatory subjects before taking up any of the optional subjects.

Examiners of persons named for promotion shall personally question them concerning their office work and its purposes. in order to ascertain if they have a general and intelligent knowledge of the business in the department in which they are employed. and may require the persons examined to give a written description of the work done by them and its relation to the duties of others.

Each examiner shall exercise all due diligence to secure fairness and prevent all collusion and fraud in the examinations.

The time allowed for completing the examination shall be announced before the first paper is given out. For the obligatory subjects the examination shall be confined to a single day.

The following municipal departments and offices come under the jurisdiction of the Civil Service rules:

Accounts, Com. of.
Aldermen, Bcard of. Armory, Board of. Assessors, Board of. Aqueduct Commission. Bridges, Dept. of.
Brooklyn Disciplinary Training
School for Buys.
Brooklyn Public Library.
Buildings, Dept. of.
Change of Grade Com.
Charities, Dept. of Public.
City Record. Supervisor of

City Clerk.
Civil Service Commission. College of the City of New York. Correction, Dept. of. Coroners.
Council, The.
Court. City.
Court, City Magistrates. Court of Gederal Sessions. Courl, Municipal. Court of Special Sessions. Docks and Ferries, Dept. of.

Education, Dept. of. Estimate and Apportionment, Board of.
Finance Dept.
Fire Dept.
Health Dept.
Highways, Dept. of.
Jurors, Com. of.
Law Dept.
Mayor's Office.
Municipal Statistics, Burean of. Parks, Dept. of.

Public Buildings, Lighting, and Supply Dept.
Public Improvements, Board of. Police Dept.
President of Borough.
Rapid Transit Commission. Sewers, Dept. of.
Sinking Fuud Commission.
Street Cleaning, Dept. of. Street Openiugs, Burran of. Taxes and Assessinents, Dept, of. Water Supply, Dept. of.

The inspectors of elections and poll clerks are exempt from examination. Special patrolmen, appointed pursuant to section 269 of the New York City Consolidation act, are also exempt.

#  <br> OFFICE, 195 BROADWAY, MANIIATTAN BOROUGH. 

George J. Gould, President.
Alfred Skitt. Vice-President.
D. W. McWilliams, Secretary and Treasurer.
W. E. Baker, General smperintencient.

## MANHATTAN BOROUUH ELEVATED RAILROADS.

(See Maps, pacues 548, ๖49.)
Fare, Five Cents. Children under five years of age, free.
Fare, including transfer on the Manhattan Elevated aud Third A venue surface systems, Eight Cents. SECOND AVENUE LINE.
Trains will run between Sonth Ferry and 129th Street daily and Sunday at intervals of 2 to 6 minutes from $5.00 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $12.43 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. midnight. Time, 40 ininutes. Transfer to and from Third Avenue Line at Chatham Square. Through trains between Caual and 177th Streets 6.10 and $6.58 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. and 5.23 and 6.27 P. M. Sonth Ferry to 129 th Street and Second Avenue, 8.81 miles.

Solsth Ferry.
Hanover square.
Fulton and Pearl Sts. Frankliu scuare. Chatham Square. Canal and Allen Sts. Graid and Allen Sts. Rivington and Allen Sts.

1st St. and 1st Ave. 8 th St. and 1st Ave. lith St. and lst Ave. 19 th St. and 1st Ave. 23 d St. bet.1st and 2d Aves thist, and $2 d$ A ve.branch $86 t \mathrm{~h}$ St. and 2 d Ave. to 34th St. Ferry, E. R. $92 d$ st. and $2 d$ Ave.
$42 d$ St. and $2 d$ Ave. 50 th ist. and $2 d$ Ave. 57th St. and $2 d$ AVe. 6oth St. and $2 d$ Ave.
80th St. and 2 d Ave.

## THIRD AVENUE LINE.

Trains will run daily and Sunday between City Hall and 177 th Street at intervals of 3 to 6 minutes
 tween South Ferry and 129th Street at intervals of 6 minutes from $5.19 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to 12 midnight, then every 20 minutes to 5.19 A. M. Branch to Grand Central Depot every few minutes fron 6 A.m. to 12 P. M. daily. Branch to $34 t h$ street Ferry every few minutes from $5.30 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. to $12 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. daily. Time between City 1 Iall and 177 th Sireet, 52 minutes; Chatham Square to 129 th Sitreet, 33 minutes; South Ferry to $129 t h$ Street, 40 minutes. Transfer to and from Second Avenne Line at Chatham Square.

Trains will run daily and Sunday between 12yth Street and 177 th Street at an interval of 6 minutes from 5 A.m. to $12.45 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. . then every 15 minutes autil $5 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. Kunning time, 17 minutes from $129 t h$ Street (Seennd or Third A venue) to 177th Street.

129 th Street and Third Avenue to 177 th Street and Third Avenue, 3.73 miles.
Express trains leave 177 th Sitreet for City Hall 6.36 and $8.50 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$, and fronı City Hall 5.00 to 6.19 P. M.
South Ferry to 129th Street and Third Avenue, 8.53 miles; City Hall to 129th Street and Third Avenue, 7.57 miles.

South Ferry.
Hanover Square. Fultonand PearlSts. Franklin square. City Hall.
Chatham Square. Canal and Bowery. Grand and Bowery. Houston and Bowery. 9 th fit. and 3d Ave.
14 th St. and 3d Ave.

18 th St. and 3d Ave. 23 d st. and 3 d A ve. 28 th st. and $3 t$ Ave. 34th St. \& $3 d$ Ave., branch to sith St. Ferry, E. R. 42 d St . and 3 d A ve., branch to Grand Central Depot. 47 th st. and $3 d$ Ave. $53 d$ St. and $3 d$ A ve. 59th St. and 3 d Ave. 67 th St. and $3 d$ Ave.

STATJONS.
$175 t h$ St. aud $3 d$ Ave.
84th St. and 3.1 Ave.
8sth st. and 3 d Ave.
$99 t h$ St. and 3 d Ave.
lusth sit. and $3 \mathrm{~d} A$ ve.
116 th St. and 8 d Ave 125th sit. and 3 d Ave
$129 t h$ sit. aid $3 d$ Ave.
174 th St. and 3a Ave. Winis 177th St. and 3d Ave. lustust. $\}$ and Alexander (Tremont.)

149th St. and 3d Ave. 156th St. and 3d Ave. 161st St. and 3d Ave. $165 t h$ st. and $3 d$ Ave. 169th st. and 3 d Ave.
Wendover Ave. and 3d Ave.

143 d St.
$99 \mathrm{th} \mathrm{St}$.and 2 d Ave.
111th st. and 2d Ave. 11 th St. and 2d Ave. 121st st. and 2d Ave. 127th St. and $2 d$ Ave. $129 t h$ St. conuects with suburban Iapid Transit

Trains will run daily and Sunday between Sonth Ferry and Central Park or Harlem at intervals of $11 / 2$ to 4 minutes from 5.30 A.M. to 12 miduight, alternately to 58 th Street and 155 th Street, and from 12 midnight to 5.30 A.m. every 15 minutes to 155 th street. The 58 th Street station closes at midnight. A shuttle train is rum between 28 th Street and 50 th Street station from 8.18 P.m, and 12 midnight, a:1 main line trains after 7.50 P. Mr. from south Ferry going to 155th Street. The through time from South Ferry to 58 th Street is 27 minutes; to lō5th Street, 49 minutes. Passengers transferred at $59 t h$ Street to Ninth Avenue Line without extra charge. Crosstown (surface) cars run from Grand Central to 42d Street station.

South Ferry to 15öth Street and Eighth Avenue, 10.66 miles; South Ferry to 58th Street and Sixth A venue, 5.18 miles.

South Ferry.

## Battery Place.

Rector \& N. Church Sts.
Cortlandt \& N. Church.
Park Pl. \& Chureh St.
Chambers\&W. Broadw' y
Franklin \& W. Broadw' y
Grand \& W. Broadway.
Bleecker \& W. Broad wa

8 th St. and 6 th Ave.
14th St. and bth Ave. 18th St. and 6th Ave. $23 d$ St. and 6th Ave. 28 th St. and 6th Ave. 3.d St. and 6th Ave. $42 d$ St. and 6 th Ave. 50 th St. and 6 th A ve.

STATIONS.

NINTH AVENUE LINE.

53 d St. and 8 th Ave. 59 th St. and 9 th Ave. (down track only). 66 th st. a Collmmbus Ave. 135th St. and 8th Ave. $72 d$ St.and Columbus Ave. 140th St. ard 8th Ave. Sist St. \& Columbus Ave. 145th Sit, and 8th Ave. $93 d$ St. and Columbus Ave. 15óth St. \& 8th Ave., con104 th St. \& Columbus Ave. 116 th St. and 8 th Ave. I25th st. and 8th Ave.

Trains will run cially and Sunday from South Ferry to l35th Street every 4 to 6 minutes, and from 135th Street to South Ferry every 4 to 6 minutes between 5.81 A.M. and 11.15 P.M.; 11.15 P.M. to 5.31 A. M. between South Ferry and 59th Street, 8 to 15 minutes. Time, 24 minutes to $59 t h$ Street; 38 minutes to 135th Street.

Passengers transferred at 59 h Street to Sixth A venue Line without extra charge.
Express trains leave 155th Street for Rector Street 7.01 to $9.03 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$, , and Rector Street for l5jth Street 2.21 to $6.20 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$.

South Ferry to losth Street and Eighth Avenue, 10.07 miles, South Ferry to 59th Street and Ninth Avenue, 5.08 miles.

South Ferry.
Battery Place.
Bector \& Greenwich Sts.
Cortlandt \& Gr'nwlch Ei
Cortlandt \& Gr'nwich \&i
Bsrclay \& Greenwich Sts
stations.
Warren \& Groenwich Sis. Christopher* Greenwich. Franklin \& Greenwieh its 14th Et, and 9th Ave. Desbrobses\& Gr'mwlch Sts 22 d St. and 9th AVO. Honston \& Greenwloh Sts $80 t h \mathrm{St}$, and 9 th Ave.

3tth St. and 9th A ve. 42 d St. and 9 th $A$ ve. buth sit. and 9th AVE. 69th St. and Sth Ave.

## Hailcoads in faniontan amo brout bocoughs.

Fares on all New York car lines Five Cents. Children under five years of age free
Owing to changes being made in motive power and routes of the various lines, the information given is, of course, subject lo change.

Notice-Numbers following the names of the different routes indicate the railroad company operating the line, viz: (1) Metropolitan street Railway: oftice, 621 Broadway. (2) Central Park. North and East River Railroad: oftice 621 Broadway (3) Third Avenue Railroad: office, 3d Ave. and 65th St. (4) Dry Dock. East Broadway, and Battery Railroad; office. 605 Grand St. (弓) Metropolitan Crosstown Railway; olfice 62 Broadway 16) Christopher and Ceuth Street Rail. road; office, 170 Christopher $S t$ (7) Central Crosstown Railroad; office, 170 Christopher St (8) Twenty-third Street Railroad: office, 621 Broadway. (9) Forty-second and Grand Street Ferry Railroad; office. 621 Broadway. (114) Forty second Street, Manhattanville, and St. Nicholas Avenue Railway office, 118 E. 42d St. (11) Union Railway. 204 E 128th st. (12) Westchester Eleciric R. R. (13) Yonkers Electric R. R.

Ave. C Liue (1).-Starting from34th St, and 1 st Ave on 1st Ave to 23 d St., to Ave, A, to 17th St. . to Ave. C, to 3 d St., to 1st Ave. to Houston St, along Houston st. to West st., along West St. to Chambers st. Ferry. Returning from Chambers st. Ferry on West st. to Charlton st., to Prince St. , across


Tenth St. Ferry Branch. - Starting from luth st. Ferry on loth st. to Ave. D. to 1lth St., to Ave. C. to Pitt St., to Gouverneur St., to Madison st., to Montgomery St. Returning, Moutgomery St., to Ridge St., to Houston sit.. to Ave. C. to 10th St. Ferry.

Bleecker St, nud Brooklyn Bridge (8). -Starting at 23 d St. Ferry, N. R., on 13th Ave. to 14th St., to Hudson St., to Bleecker st., to Wooster St., to Canal St., across Broadway to Elm st. to Reade St.. to Centre St., to Park Row (Brooktyn Bridge). Returning from Brooklyu Bridge to Centre St., to Leonard st., to Elni st., to Canal st., oll ('anal St. to Crreenest., to Bleeckerst., to Macdougal St.. to W. 4th St. , to W 12 th St., to Hudson st., to 14 th st.. to 13 th Ave. to 23 d st Ferry, N. R.

Brooklyn Bridge and Fr lton Ferry (8), -starting from Brooklyw 13ridge on Park Rove to Beekman St., to South st., to Fulton Ferry. Returning from Fultou Ferry, on Fultou St. to William St., to Aun St., to Park Row, to Brooklyn Bridge.

Boston Avenue Line (11).-From 129 th St. and 30 Ave. Crosses Harlem River, and runs via $3 d$ Ave. through Mott Haven and Melrose to Boston Ave.. Morrisania, thence through Boston Ave. to West Farms. Returns hy same route. Through running time, 25 minutes,

Boulevard Line (10).-Leaves toot E. 34th St. Runs through list. A ye to 42 St., 7 th Ave.. Broadway, Boulevard, ManhattanSt to Fort Lee Ferry (W. 130th. St). Returns by same route.

13 Poadway Line (1).-Leaves South Ferry. Runs through Whitelaall st. and Broadway to 7 th Ave., to fgth St. (Central Park). Returns by same route to Broadway to Bowling Green. to State St. . to Whitehallst, to south Ferry.

Central Crosstown(7).-Leaves E.23d St Ferry. Runs throngh \& ve. A, 18th, Broadway, 14th, 7th Ave., W. 11th, West St. to Christopher St. Ferry Returns by West St., W. ilth. co 7 th Ave. to 14 th St., to Broadway, to 17 th St., to Ave. A, to E., 23 d St. Ferry

Chambers de Grandis. Ferry (5).-Leaves (irand St. Ferry, E. R. Punsthrough East. Cherry. Jackson, Madison, New Chambers, Chamibers to Pavonia Ferry. Returns through West St., Duane St. to New Chambers, Madıson to starting point.

Roosevelt Street Brunch (5). -From foot of Roosevelt, through South. James Slip, New Chambers, Chambers, to Pavonia Ferry, Returns through Duane, New Chambers to tarting point.

Christopher \& $10 t h s t$, ( 6 ) - Leaves Christopherst. Ferry Rmis through Christopher, Greenwich Ave., Clinton Pl., E. Sth. St. Mark S Pl., Ave A. F. 10 th to E. $10 t h$ St. Ferry. Returus liy E. 10th, Ave A. E. 9 th, Stuyvesant Pl.. 8th St.. Clinton Ml, freenwich Ave. W 10 in to Christopher St. Ferry

City IIall \& Ave. IB (4), -Leaves Ann st. aud Broadway. Runs through Park Row, E. Broadway, Clinton, A ve. B. lith 1st A ve., 34th St. to ferry

City Mall \& A ve. D (4).-Leaves AnuSt. snd Broadway. Runs through Park Row. E. Broad way, Grand, Columbia, Ave. D. 14 th A ve. A to E. zod St. Ferry. Returns same route to 14th, Ave. B, 10th, Ave. D, 8th, Lewis, Grand to starting point

Columbus Ave. (1).-Starting at 1vath St. and Columbus Ave., along Columbus Ave, and across the Boulevard to 9 th Ave., to 53 d st., to 7 th Ave and following the route ol the Broadway Cable to South Ferry. Returns oy the same route

Desbrosses \& Grand st. (4).-Leaves (irand St. Ferry, Runsthrough Grand, Sullivan, Vestry. Greenwich, Desbrosses to Desbrosses St Ferry. Returns by Desbrosses, Washington, Vestry, thence by same route to starting point.

Desbrosses St. Ferry Line (1).-Leaves 59th St. and 6th Ave, through 6th Ave to Carmine St. Varick, Watts, West to Desbrosses St. Ferry Returns by same route.

Desbrosses St. Ferry Line (5). -Starting at frand st. Ferry on Grand St., to East St, to Delancey St., across Bowery to Spring st. to W Broadway. ic Broome St. , to Sullivan St., to Watts St., to West St., to Desbrosses St. Ferry Returns by same route.

Eastchester Line (12).-From Mount Vernon to Eastchester. Time, 10 minutes.
Eighth Ave. (1).-Leaves Broadway and Vesey St. Ruus through Vesey, Church. Chambers. W. Broadway, Canal, Hudson, 8th Ave.. to Macomb's Lane to Harlem River. Returns by same route to West Broadway. Vesey St. to Broadivay.
$\mathbf{8 6 t h} \mathbf{5 t}$. Crosstown (i).-Leaves 100 t East 92 d Street. Runs throngh Avenue A to East 8 6th St.. through transverse road through Central Park, to 86 th Street and 81 h A velue Returus by same route.

86th at. (10). - Leaves Amsterdam Ave, and 86th . St, through 8bth St. To Riverside Drive
59th it. Crosstown (2).-Leaves ist Avenue aud $59 t h$ Street. Runs through $59 t h$ Street to 10th Avenue. Returns by same route.

First Are. Line (1),-Leaves foot Whitehall St. . to South Broad, Water, Old Slip, South, Montgomery, South, Corlears, Grand, Goerck, Houston, 2 d St.. Ave. I) 14 th, Ave. A, $23 \mathrm{~d}, 1: \mathrm{t}$ Ave, to 125 th St. Returns hy same route to Ave. D, 8th, Lewis, Houston Mangin, Grand, Corlears, Monroe Jackson, Front. South, Front, Whitehall, to south Ferry. This road passes all East River Ferries,

Fordham (111,-Starts from 129th St. and 3d Ave. Crosses Harlem River, through 3d A ve., Mott Haven, Melrose, Morrisania Claremont Park, Tremont, Fordnam to Bedford Park. Returns by same route.
$42 d \& G$ Gand St. (9).-Leaves Grand St. Ferry. Runs through Frand, Goerck, Houston. 2d St., Ave. A, 14th St, 4th Ave.. 23d St., Broadway fih Ave. 34th St., 10th Ave., 42d St. to Weehawken Ferry. Returns by same route
$42 d$. St. Line ( 10 ).-Leaves E. 34th St. Ferry, through 34th St. to Ist Ave., to 42 d St., to foot W. $42 d$ St. Transfers at $3 d$ Ave. witn $3 d$ Ave. Line. and at 7 th Ave. with Boulevard and loth Ave. Limes.

## RAILROADS IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUGH:-Contimued.

14thst. aud Union Square Line ( 6 ), -Leaves Christopher Street Ferry. Runs through Christopher Street to Greenwich strefc, to 9 th Avenue, to 14 th Street, to 4 th Avemue. Returns by 14 th Street to $9 t h$ A renue, 10 Gansevoort. to Washington, to Christopher, to Ferry

K4th St. Line (6).-Leares 14th sireet and 4th Avenue. Ruus through 14 th Street to North River. Returns by same route.

14th St. Fevry N. R. Line ( 5 ).-Leaves foot of Grand St., F. R. Runs through Fastst., to Delancey, spring, West Broadway, 4th Macdougal. Waverley Place. Bank, Greeuwich Ave. . West 13th, 13 th A ve. . Ferry foot West 14 th St.

Fonrth \& REadison Aves. (1).-Leaves Post-Oftice and Brooklyn Bridge. Runs through Park Row, Centre, Grand, Bowery, 4 th Ave to Grand Central Depot, thence by Vanderbist Ave. to $44 t h$ St. to Madison Ave., to $138 t h$ St. Branch $4 t h$ Ave, and Astor Place to Broadway.

Finton, Cortanit \& Barclay Gt. Ferries (1).-Leaves Fulton Ferry Runs through Fulton St. from south to West ist. thence every other car runs to either Barclay or Cortlandt St. Ferry

Crand dz Coptiznatt St. (4) - Leaves Graud St, Ferrv. Runs througl Grand, E. Broadway, Canal, Walker, W. Broadway, North Moore Washington to Cortlandt St. Ferry, Returns by Cortlandt, Greenwich, Beach. W. Broadway. Lispenard. Broadway. Canal St. , same route to starting point.

Hightridge Hine ( 11 ).-Starts from 129th St. and 3 d Ave. Crosses Harlem River, and runs via Southern Bonlevard to Willis Ave, to Melrose Ave., to I6Ist St., to Macomb's Dam Bridge. to Higbbridge. Returns bysame route. Through time 30 minutes.

Jerorne Ave, line (il). Leaves Macomb's Dam Bridge for Mt. Hope, Fordham Heights, Ford ham, Bediord Park, Williamsbridge, Wuodlawn Cemetery (Vancortlandt Park). Time, 30 minutes.

Lenox Ave. (1),-Starting at l4btb St. and Lenox Ave., along Lenox Ave. to 116 th st, to Manhattan Ave., to lo9th St. to Columbus Ave. Returns by the same route. Also leaves Lenox Ave. and 146 th sit.

Lexingtoin Ave. (1).-From 130th St. and Lexington Ave., along Lexington Ave. to 23d St. , to Broadiway. and the route of Broadway Cable Line to South Ferry. Retirnc by same route.

Fonnt Vermon Line (12).-Leaves West Farms. Runs through Van Nest (Morris Park Race Track), to Bronxdale, to Williamsbridge. to Woodiawn. to Wakefield, to Mount Vernon. Returns by same route. Through time, 40 minutes,

Mownt Vernon stations Line (12), -Leaves Mount Vernon Station N. Y, N. H. \& H.R.R. R Runs through First Street to Mount Vernon Avenue to Mount Vernon Station of Harlem Division N Y.C.\& H. R. R. Returns by same route. Through time, 10 minutes.

Ninth Ave. (1).-Leaves Washington and Fulton it. Runs through Fulton, Greenwich, 9 th Ave., Columous Ave. Boulevard. Amsterdam Ave. to 125th St.
$110 t h$ sit Line ( 10 ). - Leaves Fort Lee Ferry (foot W. 130th St.) and runs through Manhattan St., St. Nicholas Ave., 110ch St. to Ave. A. Returns by same route.

116 th st. Crosstown Line (1). -Leaves 109th St. and Columbus Ave., to Manhattan Ave. to 116 th st., to Lexington A ve., to 105 th St

125 th st. line (3). Starts from foot 125th St. E. R. Runs through 125th and Manhattan St. 130th sit th North River. Returns by same route.

Pelham Park Line.-Leaves Bartor station (on Harlem River branch of New Haven Rail road), and rupseast through Pelham Park to City Island. Returns by same route.

Pelham, Monnt Vernon, and New Rochelle Line (12),-Leaves Mount Vernon for Pelham Heights, Pelham Manor, Pelham, and New Rochelle Through time, 25 minutes.

Port Morris Line ( 11 ) - From 8th A ve, and 135th St. to Mott Haven, 138th St. to Port Morris Returns by same ronte. Through time, 20 minutes.
second Ave. (1).-Leaves Fulton Ferry, E. R. Runs through Fulton, Water, Peck Slip, South, Oliver, Park Row, Bowery. Grand, Forsyth, Houston, 2 d Ave. to E 10th St. Returns by 2 d Ave, to Chrystie, Grand, Bowery, Division, Park Rov, Pearl, Peck Slip. South to Fulton Ferry.

Second Ave. Electric Line (1), - Leaves 129th St. and 2 d Ave, Runs through $2 d$ Ave., to loth St. , stuyvesant, 4th A ve. , Bowery, Broome St., Centre St. , to Brooklyn Bridge.

Worth St Branch (1),-Runs from Broadway and Worth St. to Bowery, counecting with 2 d Ave. line Astor Place Branch (1)- Runs from Broadway and Astor Place to 4 th A ve.
Seventh Ave. (1),-Leaves 50 th St. aud 7 th Ave. Runs to (ireenwich Ave., Clinton Pl., Macdougal st. ${ }^{W} 4$ th St., Thompson St., Caual St., Broadway, Returns through Canal St. to Sullivan St., W 3 d St., Macdongal St., Clinton Pl., Greenwich Ave., ith Ave. to 50 th St,

Sixth Ave.(i).-Leaves corner Broadway and Veseyst. Runs through Vesey, Church Chambers, W. Broadway, Canal, Varick, Carmine. 6th Ave. to 59th St. and Central Park. Returns by same route to W Broadway and Vesey St. to Broad way.

Amsterdam Ave.-Leaves 1st Ave. and 59th St., Columbus Ave.. Boulevard. Amsterdam Ave, to 127th sit.

Southern Boulevard Line (11).-From 129th St. and 3d Ave, via Southern Boulevard, through Port Morris and Woodstock, to Boston Ave.. to Bronx River, West Farms.

Teuth Ave. (3)-Leaves foot E. 125th Street. Runs through 125th Street, Manhattan Street, anci Ainsterdam Avenue. to 1944 h street. Returns by same route.

Tenth Ave. (10)-Leaves E. 34th St. Ferry , through 34th St. to 1st Ave., 42 d St., 10th Ave., A msterdam Ave., Manhattan st. to Fort Lee Ferry (W. 130th St.). Returns by same route.

Third Ave. (3).-Runs from opposite the Astor Honse through Park Row, Bowery, 3 d Ave. . to 130 th St., and returns by same route. Also through 125th st. at its junction with 3 d A Ave.. to Amsterdam Ave., thence northerly along Amsterdam Ave to Fort George, at or about 194th St.

Thirt $\mathbf{y}$-fourth St. Crossfown (9).-Starting at 34th St. Ferry, E. R., on 34th St., to 10th Are..to 42 d St. to 42 d st. Ferry N. R. Returns by same route.

28 thand 29 th Sts. (1).-Leaves West 23 d Street Ferry. Runs through 13th Ave. to 24 th St., to 11 th Ave., to $28 t h$ St., to 1 ist Ave.. to E. 34 th Street Ferry. Returns by 1st Avenue to $29 t h$ Street, to 11 th A venue, to 2 th Street, to 13 th A venue, to W. 23 d St. Ferry.

Thirty-fourth Si. Branch (8).-Runs through $23 \dot{d}$ ist. to ist Ave. to 34 th St. Ferry. Returns by same route.

Fourteenth St. Branch (8).-Leaves West 23d St. Ferry runs through 13th Ave. to W. 14th St. to 11 th A ve.. thence to Union Square and 4th Ave.

Fremont, Westchester, and Unionpor Line (11).-From 177th St. and Jerome Ave. to Tremont. Fairmount West Farms, Van Nest, Westchester, Unionport. Through time, 35 minutes.

Western Belt Line (2). - Leaves South Ferry, Runs through Whitehall, Battery Pl., West St.,
Ave. to 53 d St. Returns by same route to Battery Pl. State St., South Ferry, passing all North 10th A ve. to 53d St. Returns by same route to Battery Pl., State St., South Ferry, passing all North' River ferries.

Yonkers Line (13), -From Mount Vernon through Dunwoodie to Yonkers. Also from Yonkers to Kingsbridge, via Lowerre, Mosholu, etc.

## Steantitits from New Yout city.

THis table gives the destination of the steamer, then the street from the foot of which the steamships sail, and the location of the office of the agent in Manhattan Borough, City of New York.

Amsterdam, 6th Et. Hoboken, Holland-America Line, Prodnce Exchange.
Antigua, W. 10 th st., (Quebee S. S. Co., 39 B' way. Antwerp, foot Fulton st. N. R., Red Star Line, 73 Broadway
Antwerp, Bethune St., Hoboken. Phoenix Line, 29 Broadway. After May 1, 1900, 22 State St. Baltimore, Mu., Yier 7, N. R.. New York and Baltimore Trans Co., on Pier.
Barbadoes, Martin Stores, Erooklyn Borough, Red Cross Line, 113 Pearl St.
Barbadoes, fout W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co.. 39 Broadway.
Bermuda, W. 10th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 39 B' way.
Bordeaux, Manhanset Dock, Jersey City, 32 Broadway.
Bremen, 2i St. , Hoboken, North German Lloyd. 5 Broadway.
Bristol, Eng., foot W. 29th St., Bristol City Line, 25 Whitehall si.
Buenos Ayres. Dock in Brooklyn Borough, Lamport \& Hoit Line, 19 Whitehall Si.
Buenos A yres, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, Norton Line, 115 Produce Exchange.
Callao, Mercliants' Line, W. R. Grace \& Co., Hanover Square.
Campeche, Wall st., New York and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 11" Wall st.

Cape Town, Africa, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, American-Airican Line, 115 Prouuce Exchange.
Carthagena, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 17 State St.
Charleston, S. C., foot of W. 10th Si., Clyde Line, 5 Bowling Green and 375 Broadway.
Christlania, 4 th St., Hoboken, EcandinavianAmerican Iine, 9 Stone St.
Cienfuegos, Wali st. Waydell \& Co., 132 Pearl St., or J. E. Warl \& Co., 113 Wail st.
Colon, foot TV. 27 th St., Panamぇ R. F. Steamship Line, 29 Broadway and on Pier.
Copenhagen, 1 st st., Hoboken. Hamburg-American Lilie, 37 Broariway.
Copenhagen, 4th st., Hoboken, scaudinavianAmerican Line stone St.
Costa Rica, W. 25 th St. . Atlas Line, 17 State St.
Curaça, Robert Stores, Brooklyn Dorough, Red " 1 "" Line, 135 Front St.
Curaçoa, Voodruft Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Royal Duteh W. I. Line, 32 BeaverSt.
Demerara, Woodruif stores, Brooklyn Borough, Royal Dutch W. I. Line, 32 Beaver st.
Demerara, Demerara S. S. Line. $13 \neq$ Wall St.
Demerara, W. $10 t h$ St., Quebee S. S. Co., 35 Broadway.
Dominica, W. 10 th St., Quebec S. S. Co., 39 Broadway.
Dundee, Manhanset Dock, Jersey City, Arrow Line, 11 Broadway.
Galveston, Burllog sllp, Mallory Line, Pier 20, E. $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{m}}$, and $385 \overline{13}$ roadway.

Genoa, 'Ist St., lioboken, Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway.
Geuor and Gibraltar, $2 d$ St., Hoboken, North German Lloyd, 5 Broadway.
Genoa and Gibraltar, Union Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 17 Broadway.
Glasyow, W. 24 th St., Anchor Line, 17 Broadway. Glasgow, W. 21st St., Allan-State Line. 53 Broadway.
Grevtown, W. 25 th St., Atlas Line, 17 State St. Halifax, Prentice stores. Brooklyn Borough, Ked Cross Line, 17 State St.
Hamburg, 1 st st., Hoboken, Hamburg-American Line, 37 Broadway.
Havans. Wallsi., New York and Cuba Mail S.S. Co., 113 Wall St.
Havre, Motton st. French Line, 32 Broadway.
Hayti, fout W. 25 th St., Atlas Line, 17 State Street.
Hayti, Woodruff Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Royal Dutch W. I. Line, 32 Beaver St.

Hull, foot Bethune St. , Wiison Line, 29 Broadway. After May 1, 1900, at 22 State St.
Jacksonvilie, toot W. 10th St., Clyde Line, 5 Bowling Green and $\mathbf{3} 75$ Broadway.
Key West, Burling Slip, Mallory's Line, Pier 20, E. 12., and 385 Broadway.

Kingston, Jamaica, foot W. 25th St., Atlas Line. 17 state St.
Laguayra, Woodruff Stores, Brooklyn Borough. Royal Dutch W. I. Line, 32 Beaver St.
Laguayra, Robert Store: Brookiyn Borough, Red "D', Line, $\mathbf{1} 35$ Front St.
Leghoru, Union Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Anchor Line, 17 Broadway
Leghorn, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, Prince Line, Produce Exchange Annex.
Leith, Manhanset Dock, Jersey City, Arrow Line, 11 Broadway.
Lisbon, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, Insular Navigation Co., 6 Hanover Sr.
Liverpool, foot Jane or Gansevoort St. , Cunard Line, 29 Broadway.
Liverpool. W. 11th St., White Star Line, 9 Broadway.
Livingston (Guatemala), Bowring \& Archibald, 17 state st.
London,W. Houston St., Atlantic Transport Line (National Line). 1 Broadway.
Manchester, Dock in Brookiyn Borough, Lamport \& Holt Line, 301 Produce Ex change.
Marseilles, Warren St., Brooklyn Borough. Fabre Line. 4 'South st.
Marseilles, Cnion Stores, Brooklyn, Anchor Line, 17 Broadway.
Martinique, W. 10th St., QuebecS. S. Co., 39 B'way Melbourne, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borougli, American and Australian Line, 115 Produce Exchange.
Kontevideo, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyu Borongh, Norton Line, 115 Produce Exchange
Montevideo, Dock in Bronklyn Borough, Lamport \& Holt Line, 19 Witehall St.
Montevideo, Atlantic Jock, Prooklyn Borongh, Prince Line, Produce Exachange A. nex.
Naples, Union Siores, Brooklyn Borough, Anchor Line, 17 Broadway.
Naples, Warren St., Brooklyn Borough. Fabre Line, 47 South St. (Hamburg-Am. Line and N. German Lloyd also call at Naples. See "Genoa and Gibral tar. ")
Nasssu, Wall St., New York and Cuba MailS.S Co., 113 Wall St.
Nassau, Bahamas S. S. Co., 63 Pinesit.
New Orleans, Pier 9, N. R.', Cromwell Line, Pier $9, \mathrm{~N} . \mathrm{P}$.
New Orleans, North Moore St., Southern Pacific Co., 349 Broadway and on Pier.
Norfolk and Old Point Comfort, Beach St., Old Dominion S. S. (co., on Pier.
Para, Martin Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Booth S. S Co , 88 (iold St.

Para, Martin Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Red Cross Line, 113 learl st.
Peruambuco, Dock in Brooklyn Borough, Lamport \& Holt Line, 19 Whitehall St.
Pernambuco, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, Sloman's Line, Produce Exchange Annex.
Philadelphia, foot O'iver St., Clyde Line, ou Pier.
Port au Prince, see "Hayti,",
Port Elizabeth, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, A merican and A frican Line, 115 Produce Fixch.
Portland, foot Market St., Maine S. S. Line, 222 South st.
Port Limon, W. 25th St., Atlas Line, 17 State Street.
Porto Rico, Enapire Stores, Brooklyn Borough, N. Y., and Porto Rico S.s. Line. 32 Broadway.

Forto Rico, Robert Stores, Erooklyn Borough, Red ''D', Line, 135 Front St.
Progreso, foot Wall St., New York and Cuba Mail S. S. Co. , 113 Wall St.

## STEAMSHIPS FROM NEW YORK CITY-Continued.

Puerto Cabello, Roberts Stores, Brooklyn Borongh, Red ' $D$ '' Line, 135 Front st.
Puerto Cabello, Woodrufi Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Royal Dutch W. I. Line, 32 Beave : st. Puerto Cortez, Prentice stores, Brooklyn Borough, Bowring \& A rchibald, 17 State st.
Queenstown, Cunard and White star Lines call here.
Richmond, Beacis St. , Old Domimon Line, on Pier. Lio de Janeiro, Atlantic Dock, Brooklyn Borough, Sloman's Line, Prodnce Exch. Annex.
Rio de Janeiro, Dock in Brooklyn Borough, Lamport \& Holt Line, 301 Produce Exchange, 19 Whitehall st.
Rotterdam, 6th St. . Huboken, Holland-Amerlea Line, 39 Broadway.
San Domingo, Roosevelt St. , Clyde Lin?, 5 Bowling Green (may change).
Santiago de Cuba, Wall st., New York and Cuba Mail Line, 113 Wall St.
Savannah, Spring St., Ocean S.S. Line, on Pier aud 317 Broadway.

Savanilla, W. 25 th St. Atlas Line, 17 state St. Soutirampton, Fulton ist., N. R., Amerioan Line, 73 Broadway.
Southampton, ©d St. Hoboken North German Lloyd Line, 5 Broadway.
St. John's, N. F., Prentice Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Red Cross Line, 17 state St.
Stettin, 1st St., Hoboken, Scandia Line, 37 Broadway.
Stettin, 4th St., Hoboken, Scand.navianAmericau Line, 9 Stone St.
Tampico, Prentice stores, Brooklyn, New York and Cuba Mail Line, 113 Wall sto
Trinilad, Woodruff stores, Brooklyn Borough, Royal Dutch W. I. Line, 32 Beaver it.
Trinidad, Union Stores, Brooklyn Borough, Trinidad Line, 29 Broadway.
Valparaiso, W.R Frace \& Co., Hanover Square. Vera Cruz, Wall St., New York and Cuba Mail Line, 113 Wall St.
Wilmington, N. C., Roosevelt St., E. R., Clyde Line 5 Bowling Green (may change), 375 ' Broad way.

## 

To Astoria.-From ft. E. 92d st.
"Bedloe's Isl. (Liberty Island).-From Battery.
" Blackwell's Island.-From ft. 28th St. ft 52 d St., ft. 10th St., ft. 116th st., E. R.
"Brooklyn Borough.-From ft. Catharine St. to MainSt., Brooklyn Boro. From ft. E. 10 th and ft. E. 23 d St. to Greenpoint Ave., Brooklyn Boro.
From ft. E. 23d St. to B'way, Brooklyn Boro. rom ft . E. Houston St . to Grand st., B' klyn Boro. From ft. Fulton St. to Fulton st., Brooklyn Boro.
From ft. Grand St. to Grand St.and Broadway, Brooklyn Boro.
" ". $\quad$ From ft. Roosevelt St. to Broadway, B'klyn Boro.
From ft . Wall St. to Montague St., B' klyn Boro.
From ft. Whitehall St. to Atlantic and Hamilton A ves., Brooklyn Boro.
From ft. Whitehall St., to 39th St., Brooklyn Boro.
" College Point (Queens Borough).-From ft. E.
"Fort Lee.-By trolley line from Undercliff, Take ferry at ft. W. 130 th St.
" Governor's Island.-From ft. Whitehall St.
" Hart's Island.-From ft. 116th St., E. R.
" Hoboken.-From ft. Barclay and Christopher Sts. to Newark and Ferry Sts., Hoboken
". From ft. W. 1ith St. to 14th St. Hoboken.

To Jersey City.-From ft. Chambers and W. 23d Sts. to Pavonia A ve.,Jersey City. (Erie, Northern of New Jersey, and N. J. \& N. Y. R. R.)
." .. . Fromft.Cortlandt,Desbrosses,and W. 23d Sts. to Montgomery st., Jersey City. (Pennsylvania R . R.,Lehigh ValleyR $R_{\text {., }}$, and New York, susquehanna \& Western R. R.)

From ft. Liberty and Whitehall Sts. to Communipaw, Jersey City. (Central R.R. of New Jersey.)
" ." " Pennsylvania Annex from ft. Fulton st, Brooklyn Borough, to Jersey City, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., Lehigh Valley R. R., and New York, Susquehanna \& Western R. R.
.. .. .. From ft. W. 13th st. to Bay St., Jersey City.
" North Brother Island. -From ft. E. 138th St.
" Queens Borough Long sland City).-From ft. E. Uth St. and James slip to Borden Ave., Long Island Sity (L I. R. R.).
"Randall's Island.-From ft. E. 26th \& E. 120th Sts.
" Richmond Borough (Staten Island). -From ft. Whitehall st. ' $s$ it. George, Staten Island. (Staten Island Rapid Transit R.R. and Trolley lines.)
is Ward's Island.-From t. E. 116th St.
" Weehawken.-From ft. Franklin and ft. W. 42d St. 'to W. Shore R.R. Depot ).
From ft. W. 42d St. to Old Slip, Weehawken.

## Teust companies in Brooklyn Borounto

## Brooklyn, 177 Montague Street.

Franklin, 166 Montague Street.
German-American Real Estate Title Guarantee Company, 40 Court Street.
Hamilton, 191 Montague Street.
Kings County, 344 Fulton Street.
Long Island Loan and Trust Company, 203 Montagues street.

Manufacturers', 198 Montague Street.
Nassau Loan and Trust Company, 101 Broadway. People's, 172 Montague street.
Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 175 Remsen street.
Williamsburg, Broadway and Kent Avenue, and 361 Fulton Street.

## 据rominent Societies and Ggsoriations

## (IN MANHATTAN AND BRONX BOROUCHS),

Actuarial Society, I. C. Pierson, Secretary, 141 Broadway.
Am. Bible Society, 6 Bible House. Edward W. Gilman, Sec.
Am. Church Missionary Society, 281 4th Ave. W. Dudley Powers, Sec.

Am. Dialect Suciety (Nat'l). E. H. Babbitt, Sec., Columbia University.
Am. Fine Arts Society, 215 W. 57th St. H. M. Barry, Sec.
Am.'Geographical Society, 11 W. 29th St. A. A. Raven, Sec.
Am. Institute, 113 W. 38th St. W. T. Peoples, Sec.
Am. Missionary Association, 105 E .22 d St.
A. F. Beard, sec.

Am. Protective TariffLeague,135 W. 23d St. W.
F. Wakeman, Sec.

Am. Seamen's Friend Society, 76 Wall St. W. C. Stitt, Sec.

Am. Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, 26 th St. \& Madison Ave. J.M. Knox,Sec. Am. Society of Civil Engineers, 220 W. 57 th St. C. W. Hunt.

Am. Sunday-School Union, 158 5th Ave. E. P. Bancroft, Sec.
Am.Tract Society, 150 Nassau St. W. IV.Rand, Sec
Am. Unitarian Association, 104 E 20th St. S.A.
Elliott, Sec.
Am. Water-Color Society, 53 E. 23d St. C. H. Eaton, Sec.
Am. and Foreign Christian Union, 105 E. 22d St. L. T. Chamberlain, Sec.
Architectural League, 215 W 57th St. M.E. Stone, Sec.

Art'Students' League, 215 W .57 th St. Alma De Mier, Sec.
Aryan Theosophical Society, 144 Madison Ave. Association for Befriending Children and Young Girls, 1362 d A ve. Mrs. H. L. Not, Sec. Association for Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, 912 Lexington Ave. Paul M. Herzog, Sec. Bar Association of City of New York, W. 44th St., near 6 th Ave. D. B. Ogden, Sec.

Beethoven Maennerchor, 210 5th St. F. W. Schultze, Sec.

Biographical Soc. of America, 109 University Pl. Blue Anchor Society, W. N. R. A., 105 E. 22d St. Miss A. Sanford, Sec.

Charity Organization Society, 105 E. 22d St. E. T. Devine, Sec.

Children's Aid Society, 105 E. 22 d St. C. L. Brace, Sec.

Christian Aid to Employment Society, 21 Bible
House. J. S. Stone, Sec.
Christian Alliance, 6928 th A ve. A.E. Funk, Sec.
Church Society of Promoting Christianity
Among the Jews, 281 4th Ave. W.A. Matson, Sec. Church Univ. Board of Regents, 29 Lafayette Pl. W. M. Hughes, Sec.

City Improvement Society, 12 E .23 d St. J. C. Pumpelly, sec.
City Vigilance League, 105 E. 22 d St. T. L. Mc-
Clintock, Sec.
Cong. Home Missionary Society, 105 E. 22d St.
J. B. Clark, Sec.

Cooper Enion, for Advancement of Science and
Art, 8th St. and 4 th Ave. A. S. Hewitt, Sec.
Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the
Protestant Episcopal Church, 283 4th Ave. Joshua Kimber, sec.

Evangelical Alliance, $105 \mathrm{E}, 22 \mathrm{~d}$ St. L. T. Chamberlain, Sec.
Gaelic Society, 64 Madison Ave. W.J.Balfe, Sec. German Liederkranz, 111 E. 58th St. R. F.

## Lang, Sec.

German Society, 13 Broadway. F. Lelimke, Sec.
Helping Hand Association, 416 W .54 th St. Mrs. E. H. Herrick, Sec.

Holland society, 346 B' way. T. M. Banta, Sec.
Home and Foreign Missionary Society of A. M.
E. Church, 61 Bible House. L. B. Parks, Sec.

Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association, 105
E. 22d St. Geo. S. Baker, Sec.

Huguenot Society, 105 E. 22 d St. L. Luquer, Sec.
Humane Assoc., $10^{-}$W. 48 th St. C. E. Latimer, Sec.
Industrial Christian Alliance, 170 Bleecker St.
A. W. Milbury, Sec.

International Order of the King's Daughters and Sons, 1555 th A ve. Mrs. I. C. Davis, Sec.
Irish Emigrant Society, 51 Chambers St. H. J Jackson.

Irish Nat'l Fed., 47 W. 42 d St. J. P. Ryan, Sec.
Jewelers' Relief Association, 12 Maiden Lane. M. J. Lissauer, Pres.

Ladies' Christian Union, 49 W. 9 th St. Mrs. Henry Bowers, Sec.
Law and Urder Society of State of New York, 34 Park Row
Linnæan Noclety, Central Park West, cor. W. 77 th St. W. W. Granger, sec.

Methodist Historical society, 150 5th Ave. Jas. M. Freeman, Sec.

Missionary Society, Chelsea Sq. F.Yarnall, Sec.
Nat'l Christian League for Promotion of Social Purity, 33 F. $22 d$ St. Mrs. I. N. Miller, Sec.

Nat'l Citizens Alliance, 41 Park Row. H. Nichols, sec.

Nat'l Humane Alliance, 287 4th Ave. E. C. Vick, Sec.
Nat' 1 League for the Protection of American Institutions, 1 Madison A ve. Jas. M. King, Sec. Nat'l Philatelic Society, 351 4th Ave. Walter S. Scott, Sec.

Nat'1 Sculpture Society, 215 W. 57th St. Barr Ferree, Sec.

Nat'l Society of New England Women, 332 W . 87th St. Mrs. B. B. Kenyon, Sec.

Natural Science Association of America, 114 5th Ave. W.S. Tisdale.
New England Society, 32 Liberty St. George wilson, sec.
N. Y. Academy of Science, Columbia University. Richard E. Dodge, Sec.
N. Y' Association of Working Girls' Societies, 19 E. 47th St. Miss M. Drayer, sec.
N. Y. Association for Improv.ng the Condition of the Poor, 105 E .22 d St. L. E. Opdycke, Sec.
N.Y Bible Soc., 66 Bible Honse. ('A.B.Pratt, Sec. N.Y. City Church Extension and Missionary Soc. of M. E. Church, 1505 th Ave. F. M. North. Sec. N. Y. City Mission and Tract Society, 105 E. 22 d St. A. K. Ely, Sec.
N. Y. Dorcas' Society, 52 W. 27th St. Miss A. J. Pomeroy, Sec.
N. Y. Flower and Fruit Mission, 104 E. 20th St. Miss F. L. Russell, Sec.
N. Y. Geneaiogical and Biographical Society, 226 W. 58th St. H. Calkins, Jr., Sec.
N. Y. Historical Society, 1702 d Ave. E. F. De Lancey, sec
N. Y.'Kindergarten Association, 105 E. 22d St. James M. Bruce, Sec.
N. Y. Ladies' Home Missionary Society, 63 Park St. A. K. Sanford, Supt.
N. Y. Law Institute, 116 P. O. Building. James C. Foley, Sec.
N. Y. Maennerchor Society, 203 E. 56 th St. G. Hegerfeldt, Sec.
N.Y. Practical Aid Society, 246 W. 37 th Sto E. I. Booth, Sec.
N. Y. Sangerbund, 207 E. 67 th St.
N. Y. Scottish C'eltic Society, 8 Union Sq.E. John Steele, Sec.
N. Y' Scottish Soc., 2415 th Ave. J. Duncan, Sec.
N. Y. Society for the Enforcement of the Criminal Law, 106 Fulton St. John J. Sleeper, Sec.
N. Y. Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, 2974 th Ave. E. F. Jenkins, Sec.
N. $\mathrm{I}^{2}$. Society for the Suppression of Vice, 41 Park Row. A. Comstock, Sec.
N. Y. Society of Pedagogy, 41 E. 8õth St. John W. Davis, Sec.
N. Y. Sunday-School Association, 10 E. 23d St. A. H. McKinney, Sec,
N. Y. Typographical Society, 106 Fulton St.
N. Y Zoological Soc., 69 Wallst. M. Grant, Sec.

## PROMINENT SOCIETIES AND ASSOCIATIONS-Continued.

Norwegian Soc., 192 3d Ave. C. W. Leeman, Sec. Ohiosoc., Waldorf-Astoria. W.H.Blymer, Sec. Old Guard, cor. Broadway and 49th St. E. P. Moore, Sec.

Oratorio society, 7th Ave., near 56th St. W. B. Tuthill, Sec.

Orphan Asylum Society, Riverside Ave, and W. 73 d St. Mrs. A. Maitland, Sec.

Patriotic League, 1565 th Ave. R. Franklin, Sec. Pennsylvania Society of New York. Barr Ferree, Sec., 7 Warren St.

Philharmonic Society, Carnegie Hall. A. Roebbelen, Sec.

Prison Association, 135 E. 15th St. W. M. F. Round, Sec.

Protestant Episcopal Society for the Promotion of Evangelical Knowledge, 2 Bible House. H. Dyer, Sec.

Provident Loan Society, 279 4th Ave. R. W. De Forest, Sec.

St. Andrew's Society, 105 E. 22d St, 287 E.Broadway. G. A. Morrison, Sec.
St. David's Soc., 105 E. 22d St. J. D. Evans, Sec.
St. George's Society, 70 Broad St. E. K. Bedell, Sec.

Scientific Alliance of New York, N. Y. Botanical Garden, Bronx Park. N. L. Britton, Sec.

Seventh Regiment Veterans, 150 Nassau St.
Society for Ethical Culture, 669 Madison Ave. Robert D. Kohn, Sec.

Society for Instruction in First Aid to the Injured, 105 E .22 d St. H. H. Truman, Sec.

Society for the Prevention of Crime, 105 E .22 d St. T. D. Kenneson, Sec.
Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, Randall's Island. N. Jarvis, Jr., Sec. Society of American Artists, $215{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{W}$. 57 th St. William D. Volk, Sec.

Society for the Relief of Half Orphans and Destitute Children, 110 Manhattan Ave. Mrs. J. L. Sutherland, Sec.
Society of Humanity, 28 Lafayette Place. Mrs. I. M. Batchelor, Sec.

State Charities Aid Association, 105 E. 22d St. H Folks, Sec.

Symphony Society, 7th Ave., near W. 50th st. Laura J. Post, Sec.

Tammany society, 143 E. 14th St. T. F. Smith, Sec.

Technical Society, 192 3d Ave. Wm.Mueser,Sec.
Unitarian society, 104 F .20 th St.
United Hebrew Charities, 356 2d Ave. I.S. Isaacs, Sec.

Union Veteran Legion, 8 Union Square.
University Settlement Society, 184 Eldridge St. S. M. Cromwell, Sec.

Veteran Firemen's Association, Lexington Ave., cor. 29th St. W. L. Clark, Sec.

Wagner Society, cor. 7th Ave. and 56 th St. E. G. Love, Sec.

White Cross Society, 224 Waverley Place. W. H. Smith, Sec.

Woman's Auxiliary Board Missions, 283 4th Ave. Miss J. C. Emery, Sec.

Women's Prison Association, 110 2d Ave. Mrs. Geo. H. Hepworth, Sec.

Young Men's Christian Assoclation, main office, 3 W .29 th St. B. K. Wiley, Sec.

Young Men's Christian Union, 700 Westchester Ave. R. S. Alcoke, Sec.

Young Men's Hebrew Association, 861 Lexington Ave. F.^Younker, Sec.

Young Women's Christian Association, 7 E. 15th St. Miss J. F. Bangs, Sec.

## Volurtere 3 iff $=$ Saing Corps.

THm Volnnteer Life-Saving Corps of the State of New York, "Inland Waters,' has 672 stations and over 6,000 enrolled members, all expert swimmers, yachtsmen, and boatmen, with about 2,300 boats, from dories to expensive sail, steam, and naphtha launches, and has fifteen lifeboats of its own. It covers all important points on all the lakes and rivers of the State from Montauk Point, L. I., to the shores of Lakes Erie and Ontario. It has saved 2,027 lives in six years, and has awarded 656 medals for heroic rescues from drowning. J. Wesley Jones, President, 63 Park Row, New York; Thomas Smith, Secretary; J. Wentworth White, Treasurer.

IIFE-SAVING STATIONS IN GREATER NEW YORK.
Boroughs of IIanhattan and Bronx.-Charles W. Disbrow, Commander and Secretary. Hudson River Division. -Frank A. Koch, Commander, from the Battery to Spuyten Duyvil. Eugene A. Reilly, Vice-Commander, Whitehall Ferry to Hell Gate.
Samuel L. Loew, Vice-Commander, Harlem River Division.
Stations-North River, Battery Park, Barge Office, Governor's Island Pier, Piers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10, 12, Franklin, Grand, Morton, Desbrosses, Forty-ninth, Fiftieth, Fifty-fifth, Sixty-first, Fightythird, Eighty-sixth, One Hundred and Second, One Hundred and Twenty-third, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth, One Hundred and Forty-ninth, One Hundred and Fifty-first, One Hundred and Fiftyfifth Streets; Cinder Beds and Audubon Park front to Inwood.

On Harlem River. - U. S. Canal, One Hundred and Sixty-second Street, Wyanoke Club, One Hundred and Fifty-third, One Hundred and Sixty-fifth Street, Lone Star Club. One Hundred and Fortieth, One Hundred and Forty-seventh, One Hundred and Forty-ninth, One Hundred and Thirty-second Streets, Friendship Club, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth, East Ninety-eighth, East Ninety-second Streets.

East River. -East Eighty-seventh, East Eighty-fourth Streets, Crgnet Club, Fast Seventy-sixth Street, Fast Side House, East Sixty-fifth, East Fifty-fifth, East Fifty-first Streets, Blacirwell's Island Ferry, Fast Forty-ninth, Street, Recreation Pier, East Twenty-fouith street; Rivington Street, East Fifth Street, Recreation Pier, East Third Street; Corleara Park, Grand Street, Jefferson Market, Dover Street, Coenties Slip.

Borough of Brooklyn.-Theo. Krombach, Commander, Brooklyn Division, Coney Island to Newtown Creek.

Stations Manhattan Beach, Coney Island, Norton's Point, Sheepshead Bay, Plum Island, Coney Island Creek, Bay Twenty-seventh Street, Ulmer Park, Gravesend Bay Íacht Club, Bensonhurst, Bath Beach, West Fnd Hotel, River View Pier, Bay Seventeenth Street, Fifty-eighth, Fifty-sixth, Fifty-third Street, Bay Twenty-first and Twentieth Street Piers, Gowanus Bay, Erie Basin, Amity, Harrison, Raltic, and Bridge Streets, Catharine Street Ferry, Wallabout Basin, North Eighth Street, New town Creek Bridges.

Borough of Queens.-Jamaica Bay, Thomas Smith, Commander.
Stations. C'auarsie, Bergen Beach, Ruffe Bar, Barren Island, Rockaway Beach, Broad Channel, Old Mill Creek, Aqueduct, Breakwater, Springfield.

Long Island Sound Divisions.-Ravenswood Boat Club, Clinton Avenue. Estoria, Bowery Bay, Steinway, College Point, North Beach, Seawanhaka Boat Club, Flushing, Samaford, and Oak Points, Pelham Park.

Borough of Richmond.-Port Richmond. Elm Park, Wect Brighton, Quarantine, South Beach, Crede's Hotel, Atlantic, and Miller's Hotel, DIidland Beach.

There are 100 stations in New York, 44 sub-statfons, and 408 boata in rervice.

#  

## to Landings on the hudson river during season of navigation.

Note.-Fares and piers are liable to change.

'TO LANDINGS NOT ON THE HUDSON RIVER.

| Mid | Landings. |  |  | Landings. | Fare. | ier-Stre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 Atlantic Highlands. N |  |  |  |  | lip. |
|  | - Bedloe's(Liberty) Isld | 25 Battery. |  | New Brunswick |  | N. R. |
|  | Boston, via Fall Rive | *3.00 Warren. |  | New Haven, Ct. |  | eck Slip. |
|  | 5 Boston, via Stonington ....... ${ }^{*}$ | *3. 00, spring. |  | New Haven, Sta |  | ey. |
|  | 8 Boston, via New London.... | *3.00 spring. |  | New Londo |  | pring. |
|  | 5 Boston, via Providence Line, $\dagger$ | +4.00 Murray. |  | Newport |  | Murray. |
|  | - Boston, Narrag' t Bay | 3.5e Peck Slip. |  | Northpo |  | Broome. |
|  | 59 Bridgeport, | . $5039, \mathrm{E} . \mathrm{R} . \ddagger$ |  | Orient, |  | , E. R. |
|  | 5 College Poin | $.10 \mathrm{E}, 99 \mathrm{th}$. |  | Perth A mb |  |  |
|  | Coney Island (in | .15 W. 22d |  | Pleasure B |  | W.13: Battery |
|  | 2 David's Island. | Pass 3, E. R. |  | Portchest |  | Clinton. |
|  | 8 Elizabethport, | 1519, E. R. |  | Providence | . 0 | urray. |
|  | 8 Essex, Ct. §. | 1. 50 Peck slip. |  | Providence, R. |  |  |
|  | 6 Fall River, | 00 Warren . |  | sett Bay | 2.50 | eck Slip. |
|  | Fishing Banks.. ......... Ex | 1.00 E 31 st . |  | Red Bank, ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |  | ranklin |
|  | . Fishing Banks.........Ex | . 50 E. 21st. |  | Rockaway ' ${ }^{\text {' }}$ |  | 20th (d). |
|  | 8 Ft.Hamilton, Ft. Wadswor | Pass. 3, E. R. |  | Roslyn. L. |  |  |
|  | 3 Fort Schuyle | Pass 3, E. R. |  | Rossville, S. |  | N. IR. |
|  | 8 Glell (ove, | . 35 Peck Slip. $\ddagger$ |  | Sag Harbor, |  | E. P. |
|  | Glen Island, N. Y.t.....Ex | . 40 Cortlandt (f). |  | Saybrook, |  | ck slip. |
|  | Governor's isian | Pass Whitehall. |  | Seabrigh |  | .13; Batt |
|  | 18 Great Nec | . 30 Peck Slip. $\ddagger$ |  | Sea Cliff, L. |  | eck Slip. $\ddagger$ |
|  | 5 Greenpo | 1.5015, E. R. |  | Shelter Island, |  | 15, E. R. |
|  |  | 35 crintoll. |  | South A mboy, |  |  |
|  | 0) Hartford, | 1.50 Peek Slip. |  | Southold, L. |  | 15. E. R. |
|  | 25 Highland | . 35 Franklin. |  | Stamfor |  |  |
|  | 55 Highland Beac | .35 W. 13th. |  | St. Gi |  | hiteh |
|  | 40 Huntington, | . 50 Ctinton. |  | Stoning |  |  |
|  | Keyp | . 30 Bloomfield. |  | Tompk |  | Whitehal |
|  | Long B | $5010 \mathrm{E} . \mathrm{R}$. |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 I. Branch, C. R. R.N.J. Boats | 1.00 Rector. $\dagger$ | 13 | Willets Poi | ass | 3, E. R. |
|  | Long Branch, Patten Line.. 1 | . 35 1V.13; Battery |  |  |  |  |

#  <br> NATIONAL AND STATE BANKS. 

| Name. | Location. | Capital. | President. | Cashier. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Discount } \\ & \text { Days. } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| B | Bedf'd \& Halsey | \$150.000 | E. G. Bl | Howard M. Smith.. |  |
| Broarl | 12 (iraham Ave. | 100,000 | H. Eatter |  |  |
| Brook | Clinton \& Fulton. | 300,000 | H. E. Hut | Thomas M. Halsey. |  |
| Eighth Wa | 3d A ve. \& 39th St.. | 100,000 |  | Wm J Brov | Tues and |
| Far Rockaw | Far Rockaway.. | 25,000 | S. R. Smith |  | Wednesday. |
| Fifth A venue | $9{ }^{\text {ath Si. \& }} 5$ thl Ave. | 100000 | A. P. Wells | I, Simonson | w |
| First Na | Kent Av.\& B wy | 300,000 | Johu G. Jen |  | wed and sat. |
| ushing | Flushin | 50,000 | Joseph Dykes.......... | W. H. D. Nin | Saturday. |
| amiltou | 79 Hamil tonAve. | 100.000 | Frank H. Pars | Wm. A. Conk | Tu |
| Jama ca ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | Jamaica | 50,000 | John H. Sutp |  |  |
| mas Coun | 12 Court St. | 150,000 | O. M. Dentor | J T Foult | Daily. |
| Manufact'e | 84 Broadway; | 252,000 | John Loughr | J. T. Fountain...... Chas. E. Wheeler... | Tues. and Fri. Tuesday. |
| ¢chanics' | Court\& Mon' | 500.000 100,000 | George W. W Henry J Old | Chas. E. Wheeler.... <br> Geo. W. Payntar.. |  |
| Merchants' | 808 Broadwa | 100,000 | E. M. Hendrick | Thomas | - |
| Nassau Natio | Court \& Rem | 300,000 | Thomas T. Barr | Edgar McDo |  |
| tional Ci | 350 Fulto | 300,000 | Charles T. Y oun | Henry M. Wells. | Daily. |
|  | 33 Grand St | 100,000 | Thomas W. Kile | Charles A. Sackett. | Tues. and Fri. |
| People's | B'way \& Greene. | 100,000 | James Gascoin | H. B. Coombe | Tues. and Fri. |
| Queens County | Long Island C'it | 100,000 | Walter E. Frew | James P. Besemer.. | Tues. |
| Schermerhorn | 3533 Schermerh' | 100,000 | Charles H. Roberts. | Arthur P. Smith... |  |
| Seventeenth W | 883 Manhat' n A 7 . | 100,000 | E. A. Walker. | W. H. Webster...... | Tues. |
| Sprague National | 4th A V. \& Atlantic | 200,000 | N. T. Sprague | James M. Doremus. | Daily |
| Twenty-sixth Ward. | 2590AtlanticA Court . | 100.000 100,010 | Ditmas Jew <br> S. M. Griswo | J. K. Alexan | Tues. a <br> Daily. |
| U11 | Court \&Mon'gue. | 100,000 100,000 | S. M. Griswo Charles M. F | James T. As Joseph B. P |  |
|  | oodhaven. |  | Wm. F. Wyck | John I. Wycko | Tues. and Fri. |

## 

| Name. | Location. | President. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Deposi- } \\ \text { tors. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Deposits. | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Rate } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { Int. } \end{array}\right\|$ | Surplus. | I Business Hours. [Unless otherwise stated banks close at 12 noon on Saturdays.] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brevoort..... | 1198 Ful |  | 4.150 | \$815,000 | 31/2 | \$15,000 | $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. |
| Brooklyn | Clinton\&Pierre- | Br | 59,177 | 34,024,761 | 3\% | 2,888,271 | $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$. ; Mon- |
| B | qrand Sts., cor. | Jo |  | 1,640,938 | 4 | 2 |  |
|  | Graham Ave. |  |  |  |  |  | day, 4 to 7 P. M. also. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 day, ${ }^{\text {do }}$ P P. M. Whed $\&$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.; Wed. \& Sat., 6 to 8 P. M. also. |
|  | $\mathrm{C}$ |  |  | 24,744,557 | $31 / 6$ | 2,06 | $9 \text { A. M. to } 3 \text { P. M. ; Mon- }$ |
| Dime of iamstu | 52 |  |  | 3 | 31/2 |  | 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. . Monday, 5 to 7 P. M. also. |
| E. Brooklyn. |  |  |  |  | $31 / 2$ |  | $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to 3 P . M. |
| East. Distric | Broadway and Gates Ave. | Le |  |  |  |  | 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. ; Mon. \& Sat., 6 to 8 P. M. also. |
| E. New York | Atlantic and Penna. Aves. | Fre | 4,222 |  | 4 |  | A. M. to 3 P. M. ; Monday, 'to 8 P. M. also. |
| German | Broadway and Buerum St. | Ch | 17, |  | 4 |  |  |
| Germania.... | 375 |  | 10.4 | , | 31/2 | 298, |  |
| Greater New Jork. | 5th Are., cor. 12th St. |  | 1,31 |  | 11 |  | day, 5 to P. M. also. 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.; Mon day, 7 to 9 P. M. also. |
| Greenpoint... | 845 Manhattan Ave. |  | 9,8 |  | 31/6 |  | $9 \text { A. M. to } 2 \text { P. M., Mon. \& }$ |
| Tamaica | Jamaica ........ | J. H. Sntph |  |  | 4 |  | 9 A . M. to 4 P . M |
| Kings County | Broadway and Bellord A ve. | James S. Bearns. | 11,4 | 6,657,285 | 4 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M} \text { to } 3 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M} . \\ & \text { day, } 4 \text { to } 7 \mathrm{P} . \end{aligned}$ |
| L. I. City* | Loug Isl'd C'ity. |  |  | 矿, 218 |  | 123,000 | $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$, to 4 P . M. |
| Queens Co. | Flushing. | Ge | 3,20' | 957,308 | .. | 75,000 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mon., } 4 \text { to } 7 \text { P. M. ; Wed., } \\ & \text { Thur. M. to } 3 \text { P. M. } \\ & \text { Thurs, } 7 \text { to } 8 \text { P. M. } \end{aligned}$ |
| S. Brooklyn. |  | A |  | 15,193,000 | 31/2 | 1,266, | A. M. to 3 P. M. ; Mon- |
| Williamsb'rg | ${ }_{175}^{\text {and Broadway }}$ | J. V. Mes | 81,00 | 34,500,0 |  | 4,000,000 | day, 6 to 8 P. M. also. 10 A . M. to 3 P. M. |

* Report of January 1, 1899. tSubject to chauge.


## Safe ioposit Co's in Brootwn and Oucems boroughs.

Bro klyn City, Montague and Clinton Streets.
Brookiyn Warehouse aud Storage C'ompany, 335 schermerhorn Street.
Eagle Warehouse aud Storage Company, 28 Fulton Street.
First National, Kent A venue and Broadway.

Franklin, 166 Montague Street.
Long Island, Fulton and Clinton Streets.
Mechanics and Traders', Franklin Street and Greenpoint Avenue.
Pioneer, 41 Flatbush A venue.

Gr. -Grammar.
No. Lecation.

1, Gr. Adams, cor. Concord st. 2, Gr. 46th st., near 3d ave.
3, Gr. Hancock, n' rBedfordave. 4,Int. Berkeley pl., near5́thave. 5., Gr. Dintield, cor. Johnson st. G, Int. 'Warren, near smith st
f, Int. Yort, near Bridge st. 8, Int. Middagin, near Henry st. 9. (ir. Sterling pl.cor. Vanderbilt ave.
10, Gr. 7 th ave., near 17 th st.
11, Gr. Washing on, near Greene ave.
12, Gr. Adelphi,near Myrtleave. 13, Gr. Degraw, near Hicks st.
14, Int. Navy, cor. Concord st.
15, Gr. 3d ave., cor. State st.
16, Gr. Wilson, n'r Bedford ave.
17, (ir. Driggs ave., cor. N.s̃th st.
18, (ir. Maujer, near Ewen st.
19, (ir. S. 2d, cor. Keap st.
20, Int. Union ave., near N. 2d st. 21, Pr. Mckibbin. near Ewen st. 22, Int. Java, n'r Manhattanave. 23, Gr. Conselyea, near Humbolut st
24, Int. Arion Pl., cor. Beaver st. 25., Gr. Lafayette,n'r Sumnerav.

26, Gr. Gates, near Ralph ave.
27, Gr. Nelson, cor. Hicks st.
28,Int. Herkimer, i' rlalphave.
29, Pr. Columbia, cor. Amity st.
30, Gr. Wolcott, u’rVan Bruntst.
31, Gr. Dupont, near Manhattan a ve.
32, Gr. Hoyt, cor. President st.
33, (ir. Heyward, near B'way.
34, Gr. Norman ave., near Eckford st.
$35, \mathrm{Gr}$. Decatur, cor. Lewis ave.
36, Gr. Stagg, n' r Bushwick ave.
37, (ir. S. 4th, near Berry st.
38, Pr. N. 7th, near Berry st.
: 9 , Int. 6th ave., cor. 8th st.
40, Gr. 15th st., near 4th ave.
41, Яr. Dean, cor. New Yorkave.
42,Int. St. Mark's, n'rClassonave
43, Gr. Boerım, near Ewen st.
44, Gr. Throop, cor. Putnam ave.
45, Gr. Lafayette, n'rClassonave.
46, Pr. Union, near Henry st.
47, Pr. Schermerhorn, n'r3d ave.
48, Pr. N. 1st, near Bedford ave.
49, Pr. Maujer, n'r (iraham ave.
50, Pr. S. 4 tn, n'r Havemeyerst.

Int. -Intermediate.

No. 51, Int. $\overline{\text { Neeker ave., cor. Hum- }}$ boldt st.
52, Pr. Ellery, near Broadway. 53 , Pr. Starr. near Central ave. 54, Int. Walwortih, n'rMyrtleave. 55, Int. Floyd,n'r Tompkinsave. 56, Pr. Bushwick ave., corner Madison st.
57, Pr. Reid ave, corner Van Buren st.
58, Pr. Degraw, near Smith st.
59, Pr. Leonard n'r Nassall ave. 60, Pr. 4th ave., cor. 20th st.
62, Pr. Bradford, ${ }^{\prime}$ 'rLiberty ave. 63, Pr. Hinsdale, near Glenmore ave.
64, Pr. Berriman, near Belmont ave.
60̇, Pr. Richmond, near Ridgewood ave.
66, Pr. Osborn, near Sutter ave
67, Int. N. Elliott pl., near Park ave.
68, Pr. Bushwick ave , cor. Kosciusko st.
69, Pr. Union ave., n'r Stagg st.
70,Int. Patchen ave., cor. Macon
st.
71, Int. Heyward, near Lee ave.
72, Gr. New Lots rd., corner
73, Gr. McDongall, cor. Rockaway ave.
74, Gr. Bushwick ave., corner Kosciusko st.
75, Int. Evergreen ave., corner Ralph st.
76, Int. Wyona, near Fulton st. 77, Gr. 2d st., near bth ave.
78, Gr. Pacific ave., $n^{\prime}$ r Court st. 79, Pr. Kosciusko, near Sumner 80, Pr. New York ave. and Herkimer st.
83, Int. 4th ave., cor. 36 th st.
83, Int. Bergen, corner Schenectady ave.
84, Int. Glenmore, cor. Stone ave. 85, Int. Evergreen ave., corner
86 , Int. Irving Fe., cor. Har87, Pr. Herkimer, cor. Raddepl. 88, Pr. Vandervoort ave., cor. Tharnes st.

Pr. - Primary.
No. Location.
89, Pr. Newkir'z ave., cor. E. 90, Gr. $\begin{aligned} & \text { E. B' was, cor. Locust st. } \\ & \text { E. New York, near }\end{aligned}$ 91, E. New York, near Al-
92, Rogers ave., near Robin93, Int Son st. (Annex No. 90).
8, Latrenceave. Det. Parkway and 3d st.
94, Gr Prospect ave., near Adams pl.
95, Int. Van Siclen, near Neck rd.
96,1 nt. Ocean ave., near Neck rd. 97, Int. Benson, cor. 25th ave.
98, Int. Ave. Z. cor. E. 26th st.
99, Int. Coney Isl. rd. \& Elm ave. 100, Gr. W. 3d, bet. Park pl. and Sheepshead ave.
101, Gr. 86th st., near 18th ave.
102, (ir. 71st st, and $2 d$ ave.
103, Gr. 14thave. bet. 53 d \& 54 thsts. 104, int. $92 d$ st., cor. 5 th ave. 105, Pr. Ft.Hamilton av., bet.58th and 59th sts (Br.No.103) 106, Gr. Hamburg \& Putnam avs. 107, Int. 8th ave and 13 th st.
108, Gr. Linvood, cor. Arlington ave.
109, Int. Dumont ave., bet. Powell and sackman sts.
110, Pr. Monitor st. \& Driggs ave. 111, Pr. Sterling pl., cor. Vanderbilt ave.
112 , Int. 67 th st. and 18 th ave.
113, Int. Evergreen ave. and Moffat st.
114, Int. Remsen, cor. Are. F.
115, Pr. A ve. M, near E. 94th st. (Branch of No. 114).
Knickerbocker ave. and Grove st.
117, Pr. Stagg st. \& Bushwick av. 118 , Int. 59th st. and 4th ave.
119. Flatlands.

1:0, $\quad$ Barren Island.
121, Pr. Flatlands.
122, Harrison ave. and Hey ward st.
Irving ave. \& Suydam st. 4 th ave. and 13 th st.
Blake and Thatford aves.
Meserole ave. \& Guernsey st.
Truant Jamaica ave., opp. EnSchool. $\mid$ field st.

## EVENINC SCHOOLS.

|  | Adams, cor. Concord |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2. | 46th st., near 3d ave. |
| 13. | Degraw, near Hicks s |
|  | 3d ave., cor. State st. |
|  | Driggs ave., cor. N. 5th |
|  | Maujer, near Ewen |
|  | Java, n'r Manhattan ave. |
|  | Wall, cor. Beaver st. |

33.. ... Heyward, near B' way.
40...... 15th st., near 4th ave.
45....... Lafayette, near Classon ave.
84...... Glenmore, cor. Stone are.
85....... Evergreen ave. and Cov-

| 100....... | W. 3d st.. bet. Park pl. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| High | and Sheepshead ave. |
| School, | Schermerhorn st., near |
| W. D. | 3d ave. |
| High |  |
| School, |  |
| E. D. | S. 2d, cor. Keap st. |

IPDUSTRIAL AND ASYLUM SCHOOLS.

NAME.

| Orphan Asylum Society of the city of Brooklyn... |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| R. C. Orphan Asylum Society (Boys).. |  |
|  |  |
| Einurch Charity Foundation of Long Island |  |
|  |  |
| Industrial School Association (Brooklyn, E. D.) |  |
| Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Hom for Destitute Children... |  |
| German Orphan Home.................... Convent of Sisters of Mercy |  |
|  |  |
| Convent of Sisters of Mercy <br> sheltering Arms Nursery |  |

Girls' High School.
Boys' High School
Training school. .
Manual Training High School.
Erasmus Hall High School..

Location.

## 1423-1435 A tlantic aventie

Albany and St. Mark's avenues.
Wilionghby, corner Sumner avenue. Albany avellue and Herkimer street. Dean street, corner Troy arenue. 141-153 south 3d street.
Sterling place, near Flatbush avenue. Grahan arenue, corner Montiose avenue.
273 Willoughby avenue.
157 Dean street.

OOLS.
Nostrand arenue, corner IIalsey street.
Putnam, corner Marcy avenue.
Ryerson street, near Myrtle ivenue.
Court street, corner Livingston street.
Flatbush avenue, near Liast Broadway.

## 习30st= (1)

Francis H. Wilson, Postmaster; William J. Taylor, Assistant-Postmaster: John Schenck, Secretary.

OFFICES AND OFFICE HOUPS.
ENTRANCE FLOOR.
Postmast er. -Room 2. Office hours, 9A. m. to 5 P . M.
Assistant-Post master. -Room 3. Office hours 9 A.m. to 5 P. M
Cashier. - Room 4. Ottice hours, 9 A.m. to 5 P M.
-nperintendent City Delivery.-Room 11 . Office hours. SA. M. to 5 p.s.
superintendenc of Mails.-Room 12. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 5 p.m.
Inquiry Department.-Room 8. Office hours, 8.a. M to 6 P.m.
Money-Order Department. - Rooms 6 and 7 . Dffice hours, 9 A. m. to 5 p. m.
Registry Department.-Room 9 . Office hours, 8 A.m. to 8 P. M,
Poste Restante.-Window in Johnson Street Corridor.
Postage stamps, etc. in amounts over S2. - Wholesale Window, Johnson Street Corridor.
Mail in Quantities.-Peceived at Window of Superintendent of Mails in Washington Street Corridor

Drobs.-In Washington Street Jorridor,
Lock Boxes.-Johnson Street Corridor.
On general holidays all mails are closed at $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. , and the first carrier delivery only is made.
ERANCH POST-OFFICES.
A, 14 and 16 Graham Avenue.
13, 1266-68 Fulton Street.
C. 1191 Third Avenue.
1), 1923 Fulton Street.
$E, 2618$ Atlantic A venue.
F, 830 Flatbush A venue.
( ${ }^{2}, 328$ Manhattan A venue.
H, Bath A venue, near 19th Street (Bath Beach
K, 13 th A venue and 55 th Sireet (Blythebourne).
L., Rockaway Avenue, between Avenues $F$ and G (Canarsie).
[Ali branch stations are opened on week days from 7 A.M. to 9 р. м. ; for money-order business from $8 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $6 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m}$. ; for the registry of letters from $8 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to 7 R.M. On sundays stations are open from 10 to 11 A. M., and on holidays from 7 to $10 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{m}$. No money-order or registry business is transacted on Sundays or holidays. ]

## 

Bedford Dispensary, 327 Ralph Ave. W. M. Clowminzer, Sec.
Brooklyn Diet Dispensary, 21 De Kalh Ave. Mrs. T. D. Hunting, Rec. Sec. Branches, 28 Sackett sit., 231 Lorimer st., 298 Howard Ave., and 883 Myrtle Ave.
Brooklyn Homœeopathic Dispensary (E. D. ), 194 S . 3d St. Geo. V. Tompkins, Sec.
Brooklyn Homœoopathic Hospital and Dispensary, 109 Cumberland St. Geo. H. Iler, Chief of Staff.
Brooklyn Hospital, Raymond St., near De Kalb Ave. C. V. Dudley, supt.
Brooklyn Maternity, 48 Soncord St. Mrs. Sidney Starbuck, Sec.
Brooklyn Throat Hospital, Bedford Ave., cor. S. 3d st. J. D. Bell, Pres.
Bushwick Hospital, 1038 Greene Ave. J. L. Macomber, Supt.
Bushwick and East Brooklyn Dispensary, 1099 Myrtle A ve. John W. James, Pres.
Central Dispensary, 2930 A ve. Wm.J. Gelston, Sec.
Central Homeopathic Dispensary, 298 Howard Ave. Mrs. H. M. Johnson, Sec.
Central Throat Hospital and Polyclinic Disp'y, B' way and Howard Ave. E. W. Wright, Sec. City Dispensary, 11 Tillary St. H. W. Beebe, Sec. Columbian Dispensary, 140 Clermont Ave. Geo. R. Kuhn, M. D. , Pres.

Dispensary (Church Charity Foundation), Atlantic Ave., cor. Waverly Ave.
Dispensary of the Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, 811 Bedford Av. LottieA. Cort, Pres.
E. D. Hospital and Dispensary, 108 S .3 d St. Geo. V. Tompkins, Sec.

Eclectic Dispensary, 142 PrinceSt. J. Wilshear,Sec. Eye and Ear Hospital, 94 Livingston St. F. H. Colton, M.D., Sec.
Faith Home for Incurables, Park Pl., cor. Classon Ave. S. B. Childs, M.D., Sec.
Gates A ve. Hंnmbeopathic Dispensary, 13 Gates Av.
German, st. Nicholas Ave. and Stanhope St.
Homøopathic Hospital, 109 Cumberland St. Walter Brewster, Sec.
Home for Consumptives, Kingston Ave., cor. Butlerst. Mrs. H. T. Rıchardson, Rec. Sec.
Kings Co. Hospital, Clarkson St. J.T. Duryea, Supt.

Kingston Ave. Hospital, Kingston Ave. aud Fennimore St. A.S. Ambler, supt.
Long Island Throat and Lung Hospital, 55 Willoughby st. I). M. Woolley, Sec.
Long Islaud College Disp'y, Pacitic St., near Henry Long Island College Hospital, Henry St., near Pacific St. (ieo. C. Blanke, sec.
Lutherisches Hospital, East New York Are., cor. Powellst.
Memorial Hospital for Women and Children, Classon Ave., cor. St. Mark's. Mrs, A. H. Tiftit, Sec.
Methodist Episcopal Hospital, 7th Ave., cor. 6th St. John S. Breckinridge, Supt.
Norwegian Lutheran Deaconesses' Home and Hospital. 46th St., cor. 4th Ave. A. Gundersen, Sec. Orthopedic Dispeusary, Brooklyn Hospital, Raymond St., near De Kalb. B. B. Mosher. Surgeon.
People's Dispensary, 55 Willoughby St. T. J. Kenna, Pres.
Plattdentscher Volksfest Verein. J. Lilentbal, Rec. Sec.
R. C. Charitable Hospital, Bushwick Ave. , near Manjer St. Sisters of Sit. Dominick.
Southern Dispensary, $5471 / 2$ Court St. Chas. E. Moore, Sec.
Skene's (Alex. J. C. ) Sanitarium, 759 President St. St. Catherine's Hospital (R. C.), Bushwick Ave., near Maujer St.
St. Christopher's Hospital for Babies, 283 Hicks St. St. Giles' Home (for Cripples), 419 Clinton St.
St. John's Hospital (Church Charity Foundation), Atlantic Ave., cor. Albany Ave. Rev. A. C. Burn. M. D., Supt.
St. Lazarus' Dispensary, 1423 Dean St.
St. Martha's Sanitarium and Dispensary, Dean St., cor. Kingston Ave. Mirs. J. M. Church, Sec. St. Mary's General Hospital, Rochester, Buffalo, and St. Mark's Aves. Sisters of Charity.
St. Mary's Maternity and Female Hospital, 155 Dean st. Sisters of Charity.
St. Peter's Hospital, Henry St., cor. Congress St. Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis.
U.S. Naval Hospital, Flushing Ave.. opp. Ryerson -St. G. W. Wood, Med. Dir.
Wells' Sanitarium for Nervous and Mental Diseases, 945 St. Mark's Av. T. L. Wells, M.D.,Supt.

#  <br> WITH NAMES OF PASTORS. 

## EAPTIST.

Baptist Temple (First in Pierrepont St. ), 3d Ave., cor. Schermerhorn St. Cortland Myers.
Berean, Bergen St., near Rochester Ave. L. Joseph Brown.
Bedford Ave., 906 Bedford Ave.
Bedfori Heights, Bergen St., cor. Rogers Are. William Tinker.
Bethany (colored), Vanderbilt Ave. , near Atlantic Ave. K. I. Grines.
Bushwick, Bushwick Arc., cor. Weirfield St. T. J. Whitaker.

Calvary, Sumner Ave, cor. Decatur St. William Needlam.
Calvary Branch, Ralph Ave., near Bergen St.
Central, Adelphi, near Myrtle. Albert B. Sears.
Central, Marcy Ave., cor. S. 5th St. Frederick E. Taylor.
Concord (colored). Duffield St., near Iistrtle Ave. W'm. 'T. Dixon.
East End, Van Sicklen Ave., near Glenmore Ave.
Emanuel. Lafayette Ave., cor. St. James'Pl. John Humpstone.
Emanuel Chapel. 131 Steuben St. W'm. J. Sholar.
First Flatbush, Nostrand Ave., cor. Lenox Road Henry J. Guller.
First, in East New York, Hendrix St., near Fulton. R. H. Baker.
First, E. D., Lee Ave., cor. Keap. M. F. Negus.
First German, E. D., ILontrose, near Union Ave. C. L. Marquardt.

First German, South Brooklyn, Prospect Ave., near 6th Ave.
First Swedish, Dean St., near 6th Ave. O. F. Engstroud.
Greene Ave. Greene Ave., near Lewis Ave. C. Woelfkin.
Greenpoint, Noble, near Manhattan. John Finch.
Greenwood, 4th Ave., cor. 15th. Robert B. Hull.
Greenwood, Chinese Branch, 183 12th St. M. Hamilton.
Greenwood, German Branch. 161 15th St. Gustave Apel.
Hanson Place, Hanson Pl. , cor. S. Portland Are. A. C. Dixon.

Hope, Union Ave, cor. Ten. Eyck. J. G. Ditmars. Lefferts Park, Ovington and 15th Aves. J. B. McQuillin.
Marcy Ave., Marcy Ave. cor. Putnam Ave. W. C. P. Rhoades

Menorial, 5108 th Ave. Dr. McBride.
Messiah (colored), Dean St.. near Troy Ave.
Ocean Hill, Rockaway Ave, cor. Somers st. Chas. S. Daniels.
Pilgrim, Patchen Ave. , cor. McDonough St. D. C. Hughes.

Second, Ainslie, near Graham Ave. WV. R. Mranl. Second German, 261 Wallabout St. H. Trumpp.
Sixth Ave., bth Ave., cor. Lincoln Pi. Chas. F. Willlams.
Strong Pl., Strong Pl., cor. Degraw St. Franiz P. stoddard.
Tabernacle, Clinton, cor. 3d Pl. Erwin Dennett. Trinity, Greene. cor. Patchen Ave. Harry Pethie.
Union Ave., Manhattan Ave., near Norman Ave. A. B. MacLanrin.

Washington Ave., Washington Ave., cor. Gates Ave. Robert MacDonald.
West End, 47 th St. . near 3d Ave. M. B. Russell. Windsor Terrace Mission, Greenwood Ave., cor. E. 7 th St. W. H. Sexton.
Wyckoff Ave. Wyckoff Ave., near Cooper Ave. E. Loucks.

## CONGREGATIONAL.

Atlantic Are. Mission, Atlantic, cor. Grand Ave. W. A. Kirkwood.

Beecher Memorial, Herkimer St., near Rockaway Ave. D. B. Pratt.
Bethel. of Plymoutl. Churćh, 15 Hicks St. C. A. French.
Bethesda, Ralph Ave., cor. Chauncey St. Charles Herald.

## CONGREGATIONAL-Continuea.

Brighton Chapel, Neptune Ave., ur. W. 5th St. Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave, cor. Cornelia st. Chas. W. King.
Central, Hancock St., near Franklin Ave. A. J. F. Behrends.

Clinton Ave., Clinton Ave., cor. Lafayette Ave. T. B. McLeod.

Immanuel Church, Decatur St. E. P. Ingersoll.
Lee Ave., Lee A ve., cor. Hooper St. S. H. Cox. Lewis Ave., Lewis, cor. Madison. R. J. Kent. Mayflower Mission, Jay St. , cor. High St. W. B. Allis.
Nazarene (colored), Adelphi St., near Fultou St. A. J. Henry.

New England. S. 9th St. , near Driggs Are.
Park, 6th Ave., cor. 7thist. B. 21 Taylor.
Parkville. M. P. Welcher.
Pennsylvania Ave., Pennsylvania n. Liberty Ave.
Pilgrim (siwedish), 413 Atlantic. K. F. Ohlson.
Pilgrim Chapel, Henry St., cor. Degraw st. E. H. Byington.

Pilgrims, Henry, cor. Remsen.
Plymouth, Orange, wear Hicks. Newell D. Hillis and Horace Porter.
Puritan, Lafayette Ave. . cor. Narcy Ave. J. C. Wilson.
Rockaway Ave, Rockaway Ave, near Blake St. south, President, cor. Court. Albert J. Lyman. St. James' Missiou, 97 (iwimuett At.
Tompkins Ave., Tompkins Ave., cor. McDonough St. R. R. Meredith.
Tompkins Ave. Ch. Branch, Marcy Ave., cor. Park Ave. R. Meredith.
Willoughby Ave. Chapel, Willoughby Ave., cor. Grand Ave. Samuel W. King.

## JEHISH STVAGOGUES.

Abawath Achim, Johnson Are., near Ewen St. Ahawath Chesed, cor. Lorimer and Stagg sits M. B. Newmark.

Baith Israel, Boerum Pl., cor. State St. M. Rosenstein.
Beth Jacob, Keap St. . near S. sth St. M. Edelman. Bikur Cholim, IVyona, near Fulton St.
Bnai Sholom, 9th St, near 5th Ave. A. Ettinger.
Chebrah Bnei Schlme, 148 Saret St. J. Newman.
Cong. Beth Elohim, State St., near Hoyt st. G. Taubenhaus.
Cong. Ohabai Sholom, Thatford St., near Belmont Ave. Harris Max.
Cook St. Synagogue, 44 Cook St. Ad. Spiegel.
scholes St. Synagogue, Scholes St., near Ewen St. Kalman Solomon.
Synagogue of Russian Jews, Seigel St.
Temple Beth El, of Greenpoint, 110 Noble St. Isidor Rachert.
Temple Beth Elohim, Keap St., near Division Ave. L. Wintner.
Temple Israel, Bedford Ave., cor. Lafayette Ave. L. M. Nelson.

## LUTTHERAN.

Bethlehem (German), Marion St., near Reid Ave. E. H. W. Kandelnart.

Bethlehem (Swedish), 3d Ave. and Pacific. F. Jacobson.
Bethlehem (Norwegian), Russell St., near Nassau Ave. E. C. Tollefson.
Calvary, Rochester Are. , near Herkimer st. H. E. Clare.

C'brist, 1084 Lafajette Are. H. S. Knabenschuh.
First Scandinavian, Manhattan Ave, near Milton st. K. Guamme.
German Evangelical, Schermerhorn St., near Court St. Jacob W. Loch.
Holy Trinity. Cumberland st., near Lafayette Ave. A. steimle.
Immanzel, 7th St., near 5th Ave. E. Roth.
Immanuel, Driggs A ve., cor. S. 5th. F. T. Koerner.

## CHURCHES IN BROOKLYN BOROUGH-Continued.

## LUTHERAN-Continued.

Immanuel (Swedish) Leonard St., near Driggs Ave. G. Nelsenius.
Messiah, Humboldt St., cor. Norman Ave. S. G. Trexler.
Norwegian, William, near Van Brant. Jacob Bo.
Uur Saviour (Danish), 9th St., near 3d Ave. R. Andersen.
Our Saviour (Norwegian), Henry St., near 4th Pl. C. S. Everson.

Redeemer, Bedford Ave, cor. Hewes st. S. G. Weiskotten.
Reformation, jchenck Ave., near Atlantic Ave H. P. Miller.

Salem (Danish), 128 Prospect Ave. L. H. Kjær.
St. James 46th St., near 4th Ave. H. C. A. Meyer.
St. John s Maujer St., near Graham Ave. J. P. Beyer.

St. John s. 84th St. and 13th Ave. Jouis Happ.
St. John s, New Jersey A ve, near Liberty Ave. J. F Holstein.

St. John's, Prospect Ave., near 5th Ave Fred. H. Bosch.

St. John s, E. D., Milton St., near Manhattan Ave. F. W. Oswald.
St. Luke s, Washington Ave., near le Kalb Ave. W.' Ludw, g.
St. Mark $\dot{\text { s }}$ Bushivick Ave., cor Jefferson St. August Emis Frey.
ot. Matthew s (German) E. 92d st., near Flatlands A ve. A. Wuerstlin.
St. Matthew s (German), N. 5th St., near Driggs Ave. Gustave Sommer.
St. Matthew's, 6 th Ave., cor. 2 d St. Albert H.
Studebaker. st. Th. Gros3
St. Paul's, Henry St., near 3d Pl. John Huppenbauer.
St. Paul's, Wyona, near Glenmore. J. F. Flath.
St. Paul's, E. D., S. 5 th St., cor. Rodney St. H. W. Hoffmann.

St. Paul's (Swedish), $392 \mathrm{McDonough} \mathrm{St}. \mathrm{J}. \mathrm{S}$. Brodeen.
St. Peter's, Bedford Ave., near De Kalb Ave. John J. Heischmann.
St. Peter's, E.D., Rodney St. , nearS. 24 St. F. Dietz.
St. Stephen's, Newkirk Ave., cor. E. 28 th St. L. D. Gable.

Trinity, Harrison St., cor. Tompkins Pl. J. Holthusen.
Trinity (Norwegian), 27th St., near 5th Ave. M. H. Hegge.

Wartburg Chapel, Georgia Ave. and Fulton St.
C. H. Loeber.

Zion, Locust St., near Grant st. Paul F. Jubelt.

## METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Andrew's, Pichmond St., near Etna St. F. G. Howell.
Bath Beach, Benson Ave, cor. Bay 14th St.
Bethany, Troy, cor. Herikimer. C.A. Cederberg.
Buffalo Ave., Buffalo Ave., cor. Bergen st. W. M. stonehill.
Bushwick Ave., Bushwick Ave., cor. Madison st. WV. A. Layton.
Carroll Parr (Norwegian), Carroll St. , near Hoyt St. S. E. Simonsen.
Central, S. 5th St., near Driggs. Geo. Adams.
Cropsey Ave., Cropsey, near 17th. J. H. Hater.
DeKalb Ave., De Kalb A ve., near Frankin Ave. J. B. Hamilton.

Eighteenth St.. 18th, near 5th Ave. F. A. Scofield.
Emanuel (Swedish), Dean St., near 5th Ave. H. W. Ecklund.

Embury, Decatur St., cor. Lewis A.ve. G. E. strohridge.
Epworth, Bushwick, cor. De Kalb. W. E. Schoonhoven.
Fennimore St., Fennimore St., cor. Rogers Ave. J. 1i. Bell.

First, Greenpoint, Manhattan Ave., near Java
St w H. Lawrence.

## METHODIST EPISCOPAL-Continued.

First Pl. . First Pl. , cor. Henry St. F. B. Stockdale.
Fleet St.. Fleet, cor. Lafayette. J B. Stockdale.
Fourth A ve., 4 th Ave., cor, 47 th . R. W. Jones. Grace, 7th Ave., cor. St. John's Pl. C.s. Wing. Grace, Bay Ridge. W. L. Davison.
Greenpoint Tabernacle, Manhattan Ave., opp. Noble St. D. A. Jordan.
fioodsell, Sheridan Ave., cor. Adams.
Hanson Pl., Hanson Pl., cor. St. Felix St. C. L. Goodell.
Janes, Reid Ave., cor. Mouroe St. O. F. Bartholow.
Kensington. J. F. Duinkerke.
Knickerbocier Ave., Knickerbocker Ave., cor. Raiph St.
Lenox Road, Lenox Rd., near Flatbush Ave. J. H. Hand.

New York A Ve., New York Ave., cor. Herkimer St. 4. S. Kavallagh.
North Fifth st., N. 5th St., near Bedford Ave. E. H. Dutcher.

Norwegian, 58 th St., near 12th Ave.
Nostrand A ve., Nostrand Ave., cor. Quincy St. J. H. Willey:

Pettit Memorial, Park Ave. , near Bedford Ave
Union, Powers St., near Lorimer. C. P. Corner.
Ridley Memorial, Lawrence Ave., near Ocean Parkway. Lemuel Richardson.
Russell Pl., Russell Pl., cor. Herkimer St. C.. Williams.
Sands St., Ifenry St, cor. Clark. A. MacRossie. Sheepshead Bay, Voorbees Ave., cor. Ocean Ave. T. Stephenson

Simpson, Clermont Ave., cor. Willoughby Ave. T. S. Henderson.

Sixth Ave., 8th St., near 6th Ave. S. O. Curtice. South Second St., S. 2d, near Driggs. R. S. Pardington.
South Third St. , S. 3d, cor. Union. W. Hamilton. St. John's, Bediord, cor. Wilson. D. G. Downey. St. Jude s, 56th st., near 11th. H. H. Du Bois.
st. Panl's', Richards st., near Sullivan st. Frederick Stiehler.
Summerfield, Washington Ave., cor. Greene Ave. J. R.' Thompson.
Sumner Ave., Sumner Ave., cor. Van Buren St. H. H. Beattys.

Tompkins Ave., Tompkins Ave., cor. Willoughby. W. W. T. Duncan.

Warren st, Warren St, near Smith. A. W. Byrt. Wesley, Glenmore Ave., cor. Atkins Ave. G. Loos.'
Williams Ave., Williams Ave., near Atlantic Ave. L. R. Streeter.
Windsor Terrace, Greenwood Ave., cor. Prospect. S. H. Smith.

York St. , York St. , near Gold St. W. M. Hughes. METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

## (german.)

First German, Marcy Ave, cor. Penn St. L. Wallon.
Greene Ave., 1171 Greene Ave. Wm. Fiesregen. Ridgewood Heights, cor. Woodward Ave. and Grove, St. A. Waihle.
St. John's, Sumuer Pl., near Flushing Ave. John Lange.
Vanderveer Park, cor. 38th St. and Ave. D. William Hesskamp.
Wyckoff St., Wyclioff St., near Smith George Albert Simons.

## METHODIST PRIMITIVE.

First, Park Ave, , near Canton. Richard Coolson. Orchard, Oakland St., near Nassau Ave. John J. Arnaud.

Welcome, Classon Ave., near Myrtle Ave. Joseph W. Norris.

METHODIST PROTESTANY.
Grace, E. 92d St., cor. Church Lane.
Trinity, s . 4th st., cor. Roebling st.


Ainslie St. , Ainslie, near Ewen. R. S. Dawson.
Arlington Ave., Arlington Ave., cor. Elton St. W. H. Wilson.

Bay Ridge, 82 d St., cor. 2 d Ave. W. R. Ferris.
Bedford, Dean St., cor. Nostrand Ave. Wm. J. Hutchins.
Bethany, McDonough St., near Howard Ave. John A. Billingsly.
Bethlehem Mission, 575 Atlantic Are. D. M. Heydrick.
Calvary, Liberty Ave., near Crescent St. C. T. Berry.
Central, Marcy Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave. J. F. Carson.
City Park Chapel, Concord St. , near Hudson Ave. G. S. White.

Classon Ave., Classon Ave., cor. Monroe St. Joseph D. Burrell.
Cumberland st., Cumberland St., near Myrtle A ve. H. S. Murdock.
Cuyler Chapel, 558 Pacific St. R. E. Locke.
Duryea, Ciermont Aye, bear Atlantic Ave. John E. Fray.
Ebenezer, Stockholm St., near St. Nicholas Ave. Chas. C. Jaeger.
Emanuel Chapel,Hamburg A ve., cor. Putnam Ave
Fifth German, Halsey St., near Central Ave. Chas. H. Schwarzbach.
First, Henry St., near Clark St. L. M. Clark.
First'German, Leonard St., cor. Stagg St. J. G. Hehr.
Franklin Ave., 163 Franklin Ave. Chas. Edwards.
Friedens, Willoughby Ave., near Broadway. Louis Wolferz.
Grace, Stuyvesant Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave.
Greene Ave., Greene Ave., near Reid Ave. Dan'l H. Overton.

Hopkins St. (German), Hopkins St., near Throop Ave. Arnold W. Fismer.
Lafayette A ve., Lafayette Ave., cor. S. Oxford St. David Gregg.
Memorial, 7th Ave., cor. St. John's Pl.
Mount Olivet, Evergreen Ave., cor. Troutman St. F. T. steele.
Noble St., Noble St., cor. Lorimer St. Thomas W. Campbell.

Olivet Chapel, Bergen St., near 6th Ave. J. G. snyder.
Prospect Heights, 8th Ave., cǫ 30th St. II. H. Fischer.
Ross St. (F. D.), Ross St., near Beadord A Te. J. Erskine Adams.
Second, Clinton St., cor. Remse.1 St. Alezan 'er McGaffin.
Siloam, Prince St., near Myrtio Aye. W. \& Alexander.
South Third St., S. 3d St. , cor. Driges Ave. Johi D. Wells and N. W. Wells.

Throop Ave., Throop Ave., cor. Willoughby Ave. L, R. Foote.
Westminster, Clinton St., cor. 2st PL. Frederick Campbell.

## REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN:

First, Prospect Pl., near 5th Ave.

> SWEDISH PRESBYTERL:N.

Swedish, 301 Pacific St.

> UNITED PRESBYTERIAN.

First, S. 1st St., cor. Rodney St. J. S. Hervey.
Second, Atlantic Ave, cor. Bond St. D. J. Petterson.
Westminster, Bainbridge St, and Hopkizson AFe. A. H. Crosbie.

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

## A. N. Littlejohn, Bishop.

## Advent, Bensonhurst. H. B. Gorgas.

All Salnts', 7 th Ave., cor. 7th St. W.A. Morrison. Ascension, Kent St., near Manhattan. J. A. Denniston.
A tonement, 17 th St., $n$ 'r 5 th Ave. E. H. Wellman. Calvary, S. 9th St., cor. Marcy Ave. C. L. Twing. Christ (E. D.), Bedford Ave., opposite Morton. Jas. H. Darlington.
Christ, Clinton, cor. Harrison. A. B. Kinsolving.
Christ, 3d A ve., cor. 68th St. Bishop Falkner.
Christ Chapel, Wolcott St., near Van Brunt St.
Church Foundation Chapel, Atlantic, near Albany Ave. A.C. Bunn.
Church of Our Saviour, Clinton St. , cor. Luquer St.
Good Shepherd, McDonough St., nearStuyvesant Ave. Robert Rogers.
Frace (E, D. ), Conselyea St., near Lorimer St. W. G. Ivie.

Grace, Hicks St., near Remsen. Frederick Burgess.
Holy Comforter Chapel, 44 Debevoise St. S. R. Bailey.
Holy Spirit, Bath Beach. J. C. Wellwood.
Holy Trinity, Clinton St., cor. Montague St. S. D. McConnell.
Incarnation, Gates Ave., near Classon Ave. John G. Bacchus.

Messiah, Greene Ave., cor. Clermont. St. Clair Hester.
Redeemer, Church of the, Pacific St., cor. 4th Ave. G. C. Carter.
St. Andrew's, 47 th St., near 3 d A ve. W.N.Ackley.
St. Ann's, Clinton St., cor. Livingstou St. Reese F. Alsop.

St. Augustine's, Canton St., near Park Ave. G. F. Miller.
St. Barnabas', Bushwick Ave., near Kossuth Pl. W. H. Brown.

St. Bartholomew's, Pacific St. , cor. Bedford Ave. T. B. Oliver.

St. Chrysostom's, Tompkins Ave., cor. McDonoug 4 St. Dean Babbitt.
St. Jlement s, Pennsylvania Ave., cor. Liberty. C. A. Hamilton.

St. George's, Marcy Ave., cor. Gates. W. A. Wasson.
St. James', st. James' Pi., cor. Lafayette Ave. Chas. W. Homer.
St. John's. St. John's Pl., cor. 7th Ave. Geo. F. Breed.
St. John's, 99th St., cor. Fort Hamilton Ave. Samuel Moran.
St. John's, Parkville. R. B. Snowden.
St. John's Mission, Atlantic Ave., cor. Albany. A. C. Bunn.

St. Jude's, 55 th St., near 13 th Ave. R. B. Snowden. St. Luke's, Clinton Ave., near Fulton St. H. C. swentzel.
St. Mark's, Adelphi St., near De Kalb Ave. S. S. Roche.
St. Mark's, Bedford Ave., cor. S. 5th St. S. M. Haskins.
St. Martin's, President St., cor. Smith St. F. W. Davis.
Ste. Margaret's, Van Brunt St., near President St. Sta Mary's, Classon Ave., near Willoughby Ave. J. C. Jones.

S参. Matthew's, Throop Ave., cor. Pulaski St. A. A. Morrison.

Ets Eitichael's, High St. , near Gold. A. Vance.
St Michael's, N. 5th St., near Bedford Ave. F. St. Faul's, Clinton St. , cor. Carroll St. H. M. Dumbell.
St. Pa'zl's, Church Lane, cor. St. Paul's Pl. T. G. Jackson.
Si. l'eter's, State St., near Bond. Lindsay Parker.
St. Stejhen's, Patchen Ave., cor. Jefferson Ave. 1. 2: Scuader.

St, Thoinas': CooperSt., cor. Bushwick Ave. J.
St, Mussell.

## CHURCHES IN BROOKLYN BOROUGH-Continued.

## PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL-Continaved.

St. Timothy's,. Howard Ave., near Atlantic Ave. W.I. Stecher.

Trinity, 26 th Ward, Arlington Ave., near Schenck Ave. N. K. Boss.

## REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

Grace, Fulton St., near Howard Ave. Euclid Phillips.
Holy Spirit, Nicholas Are., near Etna. Wm. P. Mackey.
Reconciliation, Jefferson Ave. , cor. Nostrand Ave. Henry J. Wood.
Redemption, Leonard St., near Norman Ave. Wm. M. McGrath.

## REFORMED.

Bay Ridge, 2d Ave. and 80th St. C. J. Scudder.
Bedford, Jefferson Ave., cor. Ormond Pl. W. D. Perry.
Bedford Ave. First Reformed, Bedford Ave., cor. Clymerst. Howard W. Eunis.
Bethany Chapel, Hudson Ave., near Myrtle Are. George N. Makely.
Bushwick, Bushwick Ave. , near N. $2 d$ St。 W. H. Jackson.
Canarsie, Canarsie J. Ficken.
East New York, New Jersey Ave., near Fulton St. J. M. Dickson.

Edgewood, idth St., near 14th Ave. W. T. Adams.
First, 7th Ave., cor. Carroll St. Jas. M. Farrar.
Flatbush, Flatbush Ave., cor. Church Lane. C. L. Wells.
Flatbush (Second), E. Broadway. Louis Goebel.
Flatlands, Neck Road, near Flatbush Ave. J. S. Gardner.
German, HerkimerSt., near Howard Ave. F. C. Erhardt.
German American, Chestnut St. W. J. H. Boetcher.
Grace, Lincoln Road, cor. Bedford Ave.
Gravesend, Neck Road, near Ocean Parkwr. . P. V. Van Buskirk.

Greenwood, 4lst St. , cor. 7th Ave. A. P. Stock-
weights, Church on the, Pierrepont St., near Monroe Pl. J. D. Adams.
KentSt., KentSt., near Manhattan Ave. Lewis Francis.
New Lots, New Lots Ave., cor. Schenck Ave. N. Pearse.
New Utrecht, 18th Ave., near 83d St. A. H. Brush. North, Clermont Ave., near Myrtle Ave. E. Van Slyke.
Ocean Hill, Herkimer St., near Hopkinson Ave. A. M. Quick.

Ridgewood, Evergreen. G. R. Israel.
South, 3d Ave., near 52d St. B. E. Dickhaut.
South Bushwick, Bushwick Ave., cor. Himrod. George D. Hulst.
St. Peter's, Union Ave., cor. Scholes. J. C. Guenther.
TwelfthSt., 12th St., near5th Ave. John E. Lloyd.
$=$ ROMAN CATHOLIC.

## C. E. + IcDonnell, Bishop.

Alı Saints' (German), Throop Ave., near Thorn. ton. George Kaupert.
Annunciation of the B. V. M. (German), N. 5th St. cor. Havemeyer St. F. X. Pauletigi.
Assumption $C^{f}$ the B. V. M., YorkSt. , cor. Jay St. J. J. Mčusıer.

Blessed Nacrament, Fulton St., cor. Market st. J. E. McCoy.

Chapel of St. John's Home, St. Mark's Ave., cor. Albany Ave. C. F. Vitta.
Chapel of St. Mary's Female Hospital, 155 Dean St. J. J. Marrin.
Chapel of St. Mary's General Hospital. John Baxter.
Chapel of St. Peter's Hospital, Henry St. cor. Congress St. Thomas Fitzgerald.

## ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Hopkinson Ave., cor. Pacific St. Rev. Fathers of Mercy.
Chapel of the Precious Blood, 212 Putnam Ave. Rev. Fathers of Mercy.
Chapel of the Visitation Convent, Willoughby Ave., cor. Clinton Ave. Rev. Clergy of St. John's Chapel.
Church of the Presentation, Rockaway Ave., cor. St. Mark's Ave. H. Hand.
Church of the Korrowful Mother, Morgan Ave., cor. Harrison Pl. John B. Zentgraf.
Fourteen Holy Martyrs, Central Ave., cor. Covert St. B. F. Kurz.
Guardian Angel, Boulevard, opposite Race Track J. J. Cullen.

Holy Cross, Churen Lane, cor. Prospect St. John T. Wonds.
Holy Family (German), 13th St., cor. 4th Ave. J. J. Hanselman.

Holy Name, 9th Ave., cor. Prospect Ave. Thos. S. O' Reilly.

Holy Rosary, Chauncey St., near Stuyvesant Ave. James McEnroe.
Holy Trinity (German), Nontrose Ave., near Ewen St. Peter Daufienbach.
Immaculate Conception Chapel, Bushwick Ave,
cor. De Kalb Ave. Rev. Clergy of St. John's Seminary.
Immaculate Heart of Mary, Fort Hamilton Ave., cor. E. 4th St. Jas. J. McAteer.
Nativity, Classon Ave., cor. Madison St. M. J. Moran.
Our Lady of Angels, Bay Ridge. M. J. Loftus.
Our Lady of Czestohowa (Polish), 25th St., near 4th Ave. Boleslaus Puchalski.
Our Lady of Good Commsel, Madison, near Ralph Ave. Eugene P. Mahony.
Our Lady of Loretto (Italian), Powell St. Stephen Gesualdi.
Our Lady of Lourdes, Hull St., near Broadway. E. H. Porcise.

Our Lady of Mercy, Debevoise Pl., near De Kalb Ave. Richard S. Foley.
Our Lady of Monnt Carmel (Italian), N. 8th St. , cor. Union Ave. Peter Saponara.
Our Lady of Perpetual Help, 5th Ave., near 59th St. John B. Daily.
Our Lady of Victory, Throop Ave., near McDonough St. Jas. J. Woods.
Sacred Heart, Clermont Ave., near Park Ave, John F. Nash.
sacred Heart Chapel, Villa de Sales, near Parkville. Rev. Clergy of St. Francis de Chantal.
Sacred Heart of Jesus and Mary (Italian), President St., cor. Van Brunt St. John Vogel.
St. Agnes', Hoytt. St., cor. Sackett. Jas. S. Duffiy.
St. Aloysius' (German), Onderdonk Ave., near Stanhope St. J. W. Hauptman.
St. Alphonsus' (German), Kent Ave., near Manhattan Ave. W. Guhl.
St. Ambrose, Tompkins Ave., cor. De Kalb Ave.
S. J. Crowley. St. Anthony's, Manhattan Ave., opposite Milton St. P. F. O'Hare.
St. A ugustine's, 6th A ve. and Sterling Pl. E. W. McCarty.
St. Barbara's, Central Ave. . cor. Bleecker St. Michael N. Wagner.
St. Benedict's (German), Fuiton St. , near Ralph Ave. John M. Hanselman.
St. Bernard's (German), Rapelye St. , cor. Hicks St. Joseph Traenkle.
St. Boniface's (German), Duffield St., near Willoughby St. George Feser.
St. Bridget's, Linden St. , cor. St. Nicholas Ave. Thos. F. McGronen.
St. Casimir's (Polish), Greene Ave., near Carlton A ve. A delbert Nawrocki.
St. Catherine's Chapel, Bushwick Ave., cor. Ten Eyck St. Rev. Clergy of Holy Trinity.
St. Cecilia's N. Heary St. , cor. Herbert St. Ed. J. McGolrick.

## ROMAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

St. Charles Borromeo's, Sidney Pl. , cor. Livingston St. James E. Bobier.
St. Edward's, Canton Division. Jas, F. Mealia.
St. Elias', 720 Leonard St.
St. Finbar's, Bath Beach. A. J. O'Rourke.
it. Francis' Chapel, 41 Butler st. Thomas Adams. St. Francis de Chantel, 57 th sit., near 13th Ave. G. Sieptier.

St. Francis of Assisi, Lincoln Road and Nostrand Ave. Francis X. Ludeke.
St. Francis of Assisium Chapel, Willoughby Ave., cor. Graham A ve. Rev. Clergy of St. Patrick's.
St. Francis Xavier's, C'arroll st., cor. 6th Ave. D. J. ILickey.

St. James' Pro-Cathedral, Jay St., cor. Chapel st. Peter Donohoe.
St. John the Evangelist's, 21st St., near 5th Ave. Thomas F. Lynch.
St. John's Chapel, Clermont Ave., near Greene Ave. J. J. Coant.
St. John the Baptist's, Willoughby Ave., near Lewis Ave. J. J. Sullivau.
St. Joseph's, Paciñc st., near Tanderbilt Ave. Patrick J. McNamara, V. G.
st. Leonard of Port Maurice's (German), Hamburg Ave., cor. Jefferson St. George Sanuler.
St. Louis' (French), Ellery St., near Nostrand Ave. Jules Jollon.
St. Malachy's, Van Sicklen Ave., near Atlantic Ave. Hugh B. Ward.
St. Mark's, Sheepshead Bay Rd., cor. E. 14th St. J. J. Heffernan.

St. Mary's, 85 th St., cor. 23d Ave. Chas. Wightman.
St. Mary's of the Angela (Lithuanian), S. 4 th and Roebling Sts. S. Malukos.
St. Mary of the Immaculate Conception, Leonard St., cor. Maujer St. Jas. F. Crowley.
St. Mary's Star of the Sea, Court St., cor. Luquer. Joseph P. O'Connell.
St. Matthew's, Utica Ave., cor. Degraw St. P. J. McGlinchey.
St. Michael's, 4th Ave., cor. 42d St. Henry A. Gallagher.
St. Michael's Archangel (Italian), Lawrence St., cor. Tillary St. P. Garofolo.
St. Michael's (German), Jerome St., near Liberty Ave. Bonaventure Fry, O. M. Capps.
St. Nicholas' (German), Powers St., cor. Olive St. J. P. Hoffman.
St. Patrick's, Kent Ave., cor. Willoughby Ave. Thos. Taafe.
St. Patrick's, Fort Hamilton. John G. Fitzgerald.
St. Paul's, Court St. , cor. Congress. William J. Hill.
St. Peter's, Hicks S't., cor. Warren St. Michael Fitzgerald.
SS. Peter and Paul's, Wythe Ave., near S. 2d St.

## ROMIAN CATHOLIC-Continued.

St. Rose of Lima's, I,awrence Ave., near Ocean Parkway. J. McAleese.
SS. simon and Jude, Gravesend. William L. Gardiner.
St. Stanislaus' (Scandinavian), 14th St., near 6 th Ave. C. H. Dumahut.
St. Stanislaus' (Polish), Driggs Ave., near Humboldt st. Leo Wysiecki.
St. Stephen's, Summit St., cor. Hicks St. N. J. Doran.
St. 'reresa's, Classon Ave., cor. Butler St. J. J. McNamee.
St. 'Thomas Aquinas', 4th Ave., cor. 9th St. James Donohue.
St. 'Thomas Aquinas', Flatbush Ave., near Ave. N. F. W. Dullea.

St. Vincent de Paul's, N. 6th St. , near Driggs Ave. Martin Carroll.
St. Vincent's Chapel, 7 Poplar st. W. L. Blake.
Transfiguration, Hooper St., cor. Marey Ave. Walter L. Power.
Visitation of the B. V. M., Verona St., cor. Richards. Wm. T. McGuirl.

## UNITARIAN.

First Unitarian Congregational Society, Pierrepont St., cor. Monroe Pl. John P. Forbes. Second, Clinton, cor. Congress. J. VV. Chadwick.
Third, Gates Ave. cor. Irving Pl. D. W.Wilson. Willow Place Chapel. W. A. Taylor.

## UNIVERSALIST.

All Souls' Church, S. 9 th St. , near Bedford Ave. John Coleman Adams.
Church of Our Father, Grand Ave., near Fulton St. A. J. Canfield.
Church of the Good Tidings, Quincy St., near Reid Ave. A.S. Yantis.
Church of Reconciliation, N. Henry St. , near Nassau Ave.
Prospect Heights, 6th Ave., cor. 9th St. A. E. and A. K. Wright.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

Church of Christ, Sterling Pl., near 7th Ave. M. E. Harlan.

First Free Baptist, Keap Sit., cor. Marcy Ave. R. D. Lord.

First Particular Baptist, 315 Washington St. Richard Daniels.
Friends' Meeting-House (Hicksite), Schernerhorn St, near Boerum Pl.
Friends' Meeting-House (Orthodox), Washington Ave, near Lafayette Ave. M. M. Binford.
Household of Faith, 617 Greene Ave. Wm. N. Pile.

## Nave of the almiter States.

UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION ENTRANCE, FOOI SANDS STREET, BROOKLYN BOROUGH.
Commandant-Rear-Admiral John W. Philip.

Captain of the Yard-Capt. Frank Wildes.
Ordnance Officer-Commander Wm. Swift.
Equipment Officer-Commander H. N. Manney. Medical Department-Med. Insp. J. A. Hawke. General Storekeeper-Pay Director Edwin Putnam.
Pay Office-Paymaster H. T. Wright.
Clothing Factory-Paymaster H. E. Drury.
Chief Engineer of the Yard-Com. J.A. B. Smith.
Civil Engineers-P. C. Asserson, Com. A. B. H.
Lillie, E. P. Goodrich, L. M. Cox.
Naval Constructor-F. T. Bowles.

Naval Hospital-Medical DirectorG. W. Woods. Naval Laboratory and Department of Instruc-tion-Medical Director ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{I}$. C. Walton.
Marine Barracks-Capt. R. H. Lane.
Inspection Board-Commander W. C. Gibson.
Survey and Appraisal Board - Commander Henry W. Lyon.
Purchasing and Disbursing Paymaster (280 Broadway, N.Y.)-Pay Director H. M. Denniston. Chaplain-Rev. S. D. Boorom.
Labor Board-Commander A. B. Speyers, Recorder.

Passes to the Navy Yard will only be recognized on the day stated on the pass. Passes can be secured by writing to the Captain of the Yard. A postage stamp must be inclosed. Visiting hours are between 10 A. M. and 4 P . M. Application to visit the ships in the yard must be made to the executive officers on board.

## 

ENGINE COMPANIES.

1-4th Are., near 52d St.
2-Van Brunt st., near seabring.
$3-$ Hicks St. . near Degraw St.
4-Degraw st., near Court sit.
5-Pierrepout St., near Fulton. b-Peurl St. , near Nassau sit. 7-Pearl st., near Concord st. 8 - Front st., near Bridge St.
9-(traham Ave., и. Myrtle Ave. 10-r'arlton Ave., nr. Myrtle Ave. 11-mynerst., near Bedford Ave. i2- 11 ythe Ave., near N. 8th St. 13-Powers St., n. ManhattanAve. 11-Merkmerst., nr. N. Y. Ave. 15-India St., near Franklin st. 10 --scholes St., near Union Ave. 17 - Ie Kalb Ave., nr. Lewis Ave. 18-Hart ist, near Central Ave. 19-Veau St., nr. Vanderbilt Ave. 20-11th St., near 7:h Ave.
$21-5.2 d .5 \mathrm{t}$, , near Bedford Ave. 22-Quincy St., nr. Patehen Ave.

1-Van Brunt St. , cor. Seabring.
2-Bedford Ave., nr. Myrtle Av. 3-Concord St. , near Gold St. 4-S. 3d st., near Driogs Ave.
5-Pacific st., near 6 th Ave.
6-Greenpoint Ave., near Mranhattan Ave.

23-Fireboat Seth Low, Pier ft, Main st.
21-15 Furman St.
$2 \overline{0}-$ Liberty A ve., nr. A shford St. 20 -state -st., near Jevinsst.
27-Herkimer St. ,ur Kalph Ave. 28-39t:1 st., cor. 5th Ave.
29-Kingsland Ave., cor. Frost.
30-Ellery sit., near Jarcy Ave. 21-1772 Eastern Parkway.
32-Firebort David A. Boody, Pier ft. N. Sth St.
33-Hull St. . near Broadway. 34-Bergen St., near Troy $\mathbf{~ i v e . ~}$ 35-Monroe st, , nr. Nostrand Av. 36-Liberty Ave., nr Marketst. 3i-Morgan Ave., cor. Grattan. 38-Norman Ave.,near Diamond. 39-4th Ave, near 6th St.
40-Prospeet A $\overline{\text { r., nr. Greenwood. }}$ 41-Bay Ridge Ave, near $2 d$ Ave. 42-92d St. , near 5th Ave.

HOOK AND LADDER COMPANIES.
7-New Jersey Ave., n. Jamaica Ave.
8-Seigel St. , near Graham Ave.
9-4th Ave., cor. 19th St.
10 -State St., near Boerum Pl.
11-Halsey St. ,near Sumner Ave.

43-18th Ave. and 86th St.
44-W. 15th it., near surf A ve. 45-WV. 8th st., near surf A ve. 46-E. 23d St., near Voorhees AT. 47-6uth st., 11 . New Litrecht Ave. 48-Church Ave., nr. Bedlord Av. 49-Rogers A ve., near Midwood. $50-$ hawrence Ave., near Ocean Parkway.
51-Wallabout Market.
5.-Central Ave., nr. Decaturst. 53-85th Sit., near 24 th Ave.
54-Town Hall, Gravesend.
55-Rogers Ave., near Ave. F.
57-Roekaway Ave. and Canarsie R. P. , Flatlands.

58-105 Jackson Ave., L. I. City. 59-71 fiale St., L. I. City.
60-687 Vernon Ave., L. I. City. 61-231 Radde St., L. I. City. 62-80 Main St., L. I. City. 63-354 Flushing A ve., L. I. City.

12-Madison St. , cor. Hamburg. 13-Rogers Ave., nr. Midwood st. 14-5th Ave., near 52 d st. 15-178 7th St., L. I. City. 16-443 Buckley St., L. I. City. 17-3ā6 Flushing Ave., L. I. City.

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(Headquarters, Municipal Building, Brooklyn.)

## Precinct and Location.

43d. 4th Ave. and 43d St.
44th. 5th Ave. and 16th St.
45th. Riehards and Rapelye Sts.
45 th. 6th Ave. and Bergen St.
47 th. 17 Butler St.
48th. Emmett and Amity Sts.
49th. 318 Adams St.
5uth. 49 Fulton St.
51st. Grand Ave. and Park Pl.
52d. A tlantic and Schenectady Aves.
bsd. Miller and Liberty Aves.

Precinct and Location.
54th. Ralp Ave. and Quincy St. 55th. Gates and Throop Aves. 56th. De Kalb and Classon Aves. 57 th. Flushing and Clermont A ves.
58th. Tompkins and Vernon A ves.
59th. Lee Ave, and Clymer St. 60th. Bedford Ave.and N. 1st St. 61st. Manhattan andGreenpoint Aves.
62d. Humboldt and Herbert Sts

Precinct and location.
63d. Stagg St. and Bushivick Ave.
64th. Hamburg and DeKalb Avs 65th. E.Parkway and Osbormint. 66th. 9th sit. and Ave. (i. 67th. Grant St., Flatbusb. 68th. Ocean and Voorhees Aves. 69th. W. 8th St., Coner Island. 70th. 19th Ave., near Bath. 71st. 86th St. and 7 th Ave.
72d. Coney Id. and Foster A vs.
73d. Prospect Pariz.

## 

Brooklyn, 197 Montague St.-Open daily from 8.30 A . M. to $9 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{M}$.

Brooklyn Public Library, headquarters, 26 Brevoort Place; branches at l80 Brooklyn A ve., Pennsylvania Ave. aud Fulton St., 48th Sit. and 4th Ave., and at old P. O. Building, Bedford Ave., near Broadway:

Flatbush Free Library, 5 Caton Ave.-Open daily
from 8.30 A . M. to 9 P. M. Saturdays until 10 P . 3.
Free Lending Library of the Union for Caristiau
Work, 67 Schermerhorn St.

Law Library, Room 16 Court-House
Long Island Historical society, Pierrepont and Clinton Sts.

Pratt Institute, Free, 215 Ryerson St.-Open daily from $9 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{M}$. to 9 P . M.

Young Men's Christian Association, 502 Fulton Street.

Young Women's Christian Association, Schermerhorn St. and Flatbush Ave.-Open daily froin $9 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. to $9 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{M}$.

## 

Academy of Music, 176 Montague Street. Amphion Theatre, 439 Bedford A venue. Bijou Theatre, Smith and Livingston Streets. Brooklyn Art Association, 174 Montague street. Brooklyn Institute of Arts and sciences, Bopd, near Fulton Sireet.
Brooklyu Music Hall, Broadway and Alabama Avenue.
Columbia Theatre, Washington and Tillary Sts.
Criterion Theatre, Fulton St., near Grand Ave.
Empire Theatre, Broadiway and Bedford Ave.

Gayety Theatre, Broadway and Troop Avenue. Girand Opera House, Elm Place, near Fulton St. Historieal Hall, cor. Pierrepont and Clinton Sts. II y de \& Behman's Theatre, Adams street, near Myrtle A venue.
Memorial Hall, Schermerhorn St., near Flatbush Avenue.
Montauk Theatre, 587 Finlton Street.
Park Theatre, 383 Fnlton Street.
Star Theatre, Jay Street, near Fulton street.
Young Men's Christian Association,502 Fultonst.

## 

Rreemts' examinations under the control of the University of the State of New York (office, Albany, N. Y.) will be held in 190c at the following times and places: January 22-26 inclusive, at Xew York, ant about 550 acudemes and high schonls; 61 subjects, March 28-30 inclusive, ai New Y rrk. and about 525 academies and high schools; 25 subjects. June 11-15 inclusive, at New Iork, and about 575 academies and high schools; all (79) suljjects. Sept. $20-27$ inclusire, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, Buffalu; 29 subjects. Sept. examinations are for professional and technical students only. Norning session begins $9.15 \mathrm{~A} . \mathrm{M}$. Afternoon session begins $1.15 \mathrm{P} . \mathrm{m}$.

Uviversity Credentials, Passcard-Any study. Preliminary (preacademic) certificate-Reading, writing, spelling, elementary English, arithnotic, geography. Medscal Student Certificate-For matriculates prior to May 9, 1893 , for any 20 sounts, allowing 10 for the preliminaries, not including reading and writing; for matriculates prior to May 13,1895 , for arithmetic, elementary English, geography, spelling, United States history, English composition, and physics, or any 50 counts, allowing 14 for the preliminaries; for matricnlates prior to Januarv 1, 1896, for any 12 acsdemic counts; for matnenlates prior to Jannary 1 , 1897, for any 24 academic counts. But all matriculates after January 1, 1897, must secure 48 academic counts.

Law Student Certificate-Advanced Eaglish, English composition, first year Latin, arithmetic, algebra, geometry, English history, United States history, civics, economics, or any 36 academic counts. The foregoing rule took effect Jannary 1, 1895. All students who had begun their law course or clerkship before January 1, 1895, as shown by the law school or Court of Appeal records, may aecure a certificate under the 1892 requirements, viz.: English composition, first year Latin, arithmetic, geometry, English and United States history, and civics, or any 30 counts including preliminaries.

Dental Student Certificate-Any 36 academic counts or their equirslents (for matriculstes before January 1, 1901).
Veterinary Student Certificate-Any 24 academic connts or their equivalents (for matriculates before Januagy 1, 1901).
Academic Certipicates-All preliminaries and any 24, $36,48,60$, etce, counts, if one-sixth of the first 24,36 , and 48 counte are In English. First Year Certificate-No certificate is issued for 12 counts unless it includes the preliminaries and first jear English (or English composition and 2 other English counts), United States history, and drawing, and either 4 counts in mathematice or physiology and hygiene and 2 optional counts. The first year in any foreign language msy be substituted for first year English in the first year certificate.

There is no limit of time, but all credentials issued by the University sre good till cancelled for cause. Studies necessary to obtain any credential may be passed at different examinations. Seventy-five per cent of correct snswers is required in all subjects. Answer papers will be reviewed in the regents' office, and all papers below standard will be returned to the candidates. For those accepted passcards will be issued.

Candidates not attending schools in which regents' examinations are held should send notice at lesst 10 days in advance, stating at what time and in what studies they wish to be examined, that required desk room may be provided at the most convenient place. Candidates who fail to send this advance notice can be admitted only so far as there are unoccupied seats.

Professional Certificates Without Examinations-Candidates having credentials which can be accepted in place of examinations ahould send them to the examination department.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.
The regents shall admit to any examination any candidate who pars a fee of $\$ 25$ and submits satisfactory evidence, rerified by oath, if required, that he-1. Is more than twenty-nne years of age; 2. Is of good moral character; 3. Has the general education required preliminary to receiring the degree of bachelor or doctor of medicine in this State; 4. Has studied medicine not less than four fuil school years of at least nine mouths each, including four satisfactory courses of at least six months each in four different calendar fears in a medical college registered as maintaining at the time a satisfactory standard. This requirement took effect January 1, 1898, and does not apply to students matriculated before that date who receive their degree before January 1, 1902; 5. Evidence that applicant has received the degree of bachelor or doctor of medicine from some registered medical school, or a diploma or license conferring full rights to practise medicine in some foreign country (original credentials).

Examinations for license to practise medicine in this State will be held as follows: January 23-26, May 22-25, June 19-22, September 25-28, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo. (Each candidate is notified as to exact place.)

DENTAL EXAMINATIONS.
The regents shatl admit to examination any candidate who pays a fee of $\$ 25$ and submits satisfactory evidence, verified by oath, If required, that he-1. Is more than twenty-one years of age; 2. Is of good moral character; 3. Has the general education required in all cases after August 1, 1895, preliminary to receiving the degree of bachelor or doctor of medicine in this State. Natriculates in a registered dental school before January 1, 1896, are exempt from the prelimiuary education requirement for degrees aud for admission to the licensing examinations; 4. Has satisfactorily completed a course of not less than three years in an institution registered by the regents as maintaining proper dental standards; 5. Evidence that applicant has received either a dental degres after graduation in course from some registered dental school, or after gradintion in course from a registered medical school with an M. D. degree has studied dentistry at least one year in a registered dental school, or a diploma or license conferring full right to practise dentistry in some foreign country, and granted by some registerad authority (original credentials).

Dates of dental examinations: January 23-26, May 22-25, June 19-22, and September 25-28, at New York, Albany, Syracuse, and Buffalo. (Each candidate is notified as to exact place.)

## VETERINARY EXAMINATIONS.

The regents shall admit to examination any candidate who pays a fee of $\$ 10$ and submits satisfactory eridence, verified by oath, if required, that he-1. Is more than twenty-one years of age; 2. Is of good noral character; 3. Has the general education required in all cases after July 1, 1897, preliminary to receiving a degree in veterinary medicine. Matriculstes in a registered veterinary medical school prior to Jannary 1, 1896, are exempt from the preliminary education requirement; 4. Has studied veterinary medicine not less than three full years, including three satisfactory courses, in three different academic years, in a reterinary medical school registered as maintaining at the time a satisfactory standard; 5. Has received a degree as veterinarian from some registered veterinary medical achool.

Dates of examinations: Jannary 23-26, May 22-25, June 19-22, September 25-28, at New York, Albany, Syracnse, and Buffalo. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

1. The full C. P.A. certificate is to be granted only to those at least twenty-five years of age who have had three years' satisfactory experience in the study or practice of accounting, one of which shall have been in the office of an expert public accountant. 2. Candidates having the required preliminary education and passing the required examinations, but lacking the age or the three years' experience required for the full C. P. A. certificate, may be certified as junior accountants under the same conditions as to residence and character. 3. Two examinations, in January and in June, are held annuallr. There are to be four sessions as follows: 1. Theory of accounts; 2. Practical accounting; 3. Auditing; 4. Commercial law. 4. Candidates must complete all subjects at a single examination as required in medicine. 5. Candidates for either the C. P. A. or the junior accountant certificate must be more than twenty-one years of age, and of good moral character. They must pay a fee of $\$ 25$, and must have the regents' academic diploms or its equivalent as prescribed for other professional examinations. Dates of exanınations, January 23-24 and June 12-13.

## 

To entitle an applicant to an examination as an attorney snd counselor he shall pay to the examiners a fee of $\$ 15$, and he must prove ( 15 days in advance) to the satisfaction of the Slate Board of Law Examiners: 1. That he is a citizen of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and a resident of the State, and that he has not been examined for almission to practice and been refused admission and license within three months immedistely preceding, which proof most be made by his own affidarit. 2. That he has studied law in the manner and according to the conditions prescribed for a period of three years, except that if the applicant is a graduate of any college or university his period of study may be two years instead of three; and except also that persons who have becn admitted as attorneys in the highest court of original jurisdiction of another State or country, and have remained therein as practicing attorneys for at least one year, may be sdmitted to such examination after a period of law study of one year within this State. 3. That the applicant has passed the regents' examination or its equiralent must be proved by the production of a certified copy of the regents' certificate filed in the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals. The examinations of all persons applying to be admitted to practice as attorneys and counselors in the Courts of Record of the State of New York will be held at 9 A . M. as follows:

1st Dept_In Manhattan Boro', at Court-House of Appellate Division, 111 Fifth Ave., Jan. 20 and Jnne 16. 2d Depto-In Brooklyn Boro, at Court-House, Jan. 20 and June 16. 3d Dept-In Albany, at Court-Honse, City Hall, Jan. 17 and June 19. 4th DeptIn Rochester, st Court-House, Jan. 17 and June 19. Special-for lst and 21 Dept. only-In Manhattan Boro', at Court-House of Appellate Division, 111 Fifth Ave., April 21. For the State-at-Large-In Syracuse, at University Hall, October 9.

Address communications concerning law examinations to F. M. Danaher, Secretary, Albany, N. Y.

## 

| Name and Location． |  | Herght． | Dimensions of Buildings | me and Location |  | 11 eight． | Dimeusions of Buildings． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| American Exchange Bank， Broadway anu Cedar St | 16 | 232 ft ， | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 39 \mathrm{ft} .9 \text { 12-in. } \\ 149 \mathrm{tt} .5 \\ \mathrm{z} 100 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 1-2 \mathrm{in} . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Jhaston Building．30－36 Broad St． Maiden Lane（Ño 1）．．．．．．． | 15 13 | 205 ft. 160 ft. | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \mathrm{ft} \quad 1-2 \mathrm{in} \\ & x .123 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & 85-4 \mathrm{in} . \\ & 25 \mathrm{ft} .9 \mathrm{in.} x \end{aligned}$ |
| American Surety Co．，Broad－ vay，cor Pine St． | 23 | $30 \mathrm{ft}$.1 ln ． | $\left.\begin{array}{\|cc\|} 84 \mathrm{ft} .8 \mathrm{in.} \\ 85 \mathrm{ft} .6 \\ \mathrm{fl} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Ganhatlan |  | roof top， 246 ft ． | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{ft} .2 \text { in. } \\ & 6 ? \times 125 \mathrm{ft} . \end{aligned}$ |
| American Tract Society． <br> Nassau，cor．Spruce St． | 23 | 306 | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 100 \mathrm{ft} .7 \mathrm{in}, x \\ 94 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} . \end{array}\right\|$ | y． |  | to top of towet， 348 ft ． |  |
| Astoria Hotel，344－350 Fift Ave． | 16 | 213 ft ． | $3 \begin{aligned} & 335 \mathrm{ft.} \times 98 \\ & \mathrm{ft} .9 \mathrm{kn} . \end{aligned}$ | Morton，110－116 Nassau St． | 12 | 15 | $\begin{gathered} 753-4 \times 142 \\ \times 112 \end{gathered}$ |
| Bank of Commerce，co Nassau and Cedar Sts． |  | 270 tt． | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 106 \mathrm{tt} .2 \mathrm{in}, \mathrm{x} \\ 109 \mathrm{ft} .6 \mathrm{in} \end{array}\right\|$ | Mutusl Life Insurance こo．， Liberty St． | 15 | To roof top， 210 ft ． to roof garoen， | $100 \times 125 \mathrm{ft}$ ． |
| Battery Park，State and Pearl Sts． | 11 | $1451-2 \mathrm{ft}$ ． |  | JutualReserve Life Ius．Co．， cor．B＇wsy and Duane St． <br> N．Y．Life Ins．Co．，346－ $34 \times$ Broadway | 14 | 230 ft ． <br> To roof top， 181 ft ． <br> 188 ft ，front： tower， 270 ft ． | $75 \times 125 \mathrm{ft}$ $60 \times 196 \mathrm{ft}$ |
| Bowhing Green Building， 5－11 Broadway． | 19 | 272 ft． 6 in． | $162 \mathrm{ft} . \times 201$ | New York Realty Co．，9－13 Maiden Lave | 15 | $203 \mathrm{ft}$.6 in ． | $\begin{aligned} & 56 \mathrm{ft.} 6 \text { in. } \mathrm{x} \\ & 78 \mathrm{ft} .5 \mathrm{~m} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Broadway（No．84）．．．．．．． | 12 | 154 | $\left\|\begin{array}{ccc} 44 \mathrm{ft} . & 6 & \mathrm{in} . \\ 58 \mathrm{ft} & 9 \mathrm{in} . \end{array}\right\|$ | O．B．Potter Trust，Broad－ way and Kector St． | 20 | 293 f | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \mathrm{tt} . \times 223 \mathrm{ft} . \\ & 10 \mathrm{in.} \end{aligned}$ |
| Chesebrough，Pearl State $=18$ ． | 11 | 161 ft ． | $142 \times 90 \times 46$ | Postal Telegraph Co．，cor． Broadway and Murray St． | 13 |  |  |
| Commerctal Cable， $20-22$ Broad st． |  | 255 ft ．，exclusive of doine． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} -15 \mathrm{ft} .11 .2 \mathrm{in} \\ 153 \mathrm{ft} .11 \mathrm{in} \end{array}\right.$ |  | 22 | 193 ft ．herght， | 155 ft deep $115 \mathrm{ft} .4 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x}$ |
| Corn Exchange Bank，cor． William and Buaver Sts． | 11 | 158 ft ． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 86 \mathrm{ft} .8 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} \\ 110 \mathrm{ft} .7 \mathrm{in} . \end{gathered}\right.$ | Queens Ins．Co．，cor．William | 13 | ${ }_{195}^{375} \mathrm{ft}$ ． 2 ft ． | t36 ft． 8 in ． <br> 41 ft .111 sin. |
| Downing Building， 106 and 10s Fulton St． | 15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { To roof top, } 179 \mathrm{ft} \text {. i } \\ & \text { to pen: house, } \\ & 190 \mathrm{ft} \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | 50 ft ．front， 74 ft ．rear， 103 ft ．drek | aud Cedar Sts． <br> Sherry＇s（Brokaw），Fifth | 11 | $161 \mathrm{ft}$.3 ln ． | $\begin{aligned} & x 68 \mathrm{ft} .11 \\ & 1.4 \mathrm{in} \\ & 93 \mathrm{ft.} \text { ic } \mathrm{in}, \end{aligned}$ |
| Dun（R．G．Dun）， 290 Broadnay， | 15 | 223 ft ． | $\begin{gathered} 608 \mathrm{ft} .15-8 \\ \mathrm{in}, \times 130 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 71-8 \mathrm{in} . \end{gathered}$ | Are，and 44th St． Singer Mfg．Cc． 85.89 Liberty St． | 14 | 197 ft ． | $\begin{gathered} \pm 225 \mathrm{ft} \\ 74 \mathrm{ft} .191-2 \\ \text { in. } \mathrm{x} 93 \mathrm{ft} . \end{gathered}$ |
| Exchange Court（W．W． Astor），Broadway and Ex－ change Place． | 12 | 160 ft ． | $\left\|\begin{array}{ccc} 129 \mathrm{ft} .9 & 1-4 \\ \text { in.x } 159 & \mathrm{ft} . \\ 4 & 1-2 \mathrm{in} . \end{array}\right\|$ | St．James，Broadway，cor． 26th St． | 16 | 204 ft ． | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \text { in } \\ & 94{ }^{3} 1-2 \times 148 \\ & 111-8 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Fifth Ave and $45 t^{\text {a }}$ St．．． | 13 | 164 ft ． | $75 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{x} 150 \mathrm{ft}$ ． | St．Paul Buılding，Ann St． | 26 | 308 ft ． | $39.4 \times 27 \times 104$. |
| Gillender，cor．Wall and Nassan Sts． | 16 | To roof top， $219 \mathrm{ft} .:$ to tower， 273 ft ． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 26 \mathrm{ft}, ~ 又 73 \mathrm{ft} . \\ 51-2 \mathrm{in} . \end{gathered}\right.$ | anod Broadway． <br> Standard Oll Building， $24-30$ | 15 | 263 ft ． | $2 \times 54.3 \times 83$ <br> $11+\mathrm{ft} .1 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x}$ |
| Home Life Insurance Co， 256 Broadway． | 16 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { To roof top, } 219 \mathrm{ft.} \\ & \text { to top of spire, } \\ & 280 \mathrm{tt} \text {. } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $55 \mathrm{ft} 6 \mathrm{in},$.x 109 ft. | Broadway Townsend，cor Broadway and 25 th $s i$ ． | 12 | 165 ft ． | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 207 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{iliu} \\ 89 \mathrm{ft.} 73-4 \mathrm{in} . \\ \mathrm{x} 132 \mathrm{i} 3-8 . \end{array}\right.$ |
| Hotel Netherland，cor，59th St．and Fifth Ave， | 17 | To roof top， 220 ft ． | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \text { Mansard roof } \\ \text { and bldg., } \\ 100 \times 125 \\ \text { ft. } \end{array}$ | Vincent Bulding，Broad－ way and Duan－St | 14 | 205 ft ． | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \mathrm{ft} .11 \mathrm{in} \cdot \mathrm{x} \\ & \mathrm{J10} 1 \mathrm{t} .71-2 \\ & \mathrm{in} . \end{aligned}$ |
| Hudson Realty Co．，32－34 Broadway． |  | 205 ft .6 in ． | $\begin{array}{r} 53 \mathrm{ft} .9 \mathrm{in.} x \\ 203 \mathrm{ft} . \end{array}$ | Waldorf Astoria Hot $\varepsilon$ l， 13－19 W．3tit St． |  | 214 ft ． | $85 \mathrm{ft.} \times 98 \mathrm{ft} .$ |
| Ivins Syndicate，13－21 Park Row． | 29 | To roof top， 309 ft ．； to tower 38 ： ft ． | $\begin{array}{r} 104 \mathrm{ft} .2 \mathrm{in} . \mathrm{x} \\ 153 \mathrm{ft} .1 \mathrm{in} \end{array}$ | Washiagton Life Ins．Con， Broadway and Liverty． | 19 | 273 ft ． | $\begin{aligned} & 53 \mathrm{ft} .9 \mathrm{~m} . \\ & 159 \mathrm{ft} .5 \mathrm{in} . \end{aligned}$ |

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＊Adams House，10th Avenue and 12 th Street．
＊Albemarle，Broadway and 24th Street．
＊Albert， 79 University Place．
＊A merican，6408th A venue
$\ddagger$ A shland， 41 h A venue and 24 th Street．
＊Astor House，Broadway，opposite Post－Office．－ $\dagger$ Balmoral，Lenox A venue and 113th street．
＊Bancroft House，Broadway and 21 st street．
＊Bartholdi，Broadway and 23d Street．
$\ddagger$ Belvedere， 4 th A venue and 18th Street．
＊Beresford， 1 West 81st street．
－Brevoort Honse， 115 th A venue．
$\ddagger$ Bristol． 5 th A venue and 42 d Street．
$\ddagger$ Broadway Central． 671 Broadway．
＊Buckingham， 5 th A venue and 50 th Street．
$\ddagger$ Cadillac，Broadway and 43d Street．
$\dagger$ Camhridge， 5 th A venue and $33 d$ Street．
＊Colonial， 125 th Sitreet and 8 th Avenue．
＊Colonnade，7：2 Broadway．
＊Continental，Broadway and 20th Street．
＊Cosmopo＇itan，Chambers St．and W．Broadway．
$\ddagger$ Endicott，Columbus A renue and 81st Street．
${ }^{*}$ Everett House， 4 th A venue and 17 th Street． + Fifth Avente， 5 th A venue and 23 d Street． tGilsey House，Broadway and 29 ch Street．
＊Grand，Broadway and 31st Street．
＊Grand Union， 4 th A venue and 42 d Street．
＊（irenoble．7th A venue and 56 th Street．
＊Herald Square．34th Street．near Broadway．
＊Hoffman House． 1111 Broadway
＊Holland House．5th A veuue and 30 th Street．
＊European Plan．†American Plan．$\ddagger$ American and European Plans．
${ }^{*}$ Imperial，Broadway and 32 d Street．
$\dagger$ Madison A venue Madison Avenue and 58 th St． $\ddagger$ Majestic， 4 Wrest 72d sitreet
HManhatian， $42 d$ street and Madison A venue．
＊Metropole．Broadway，41st and 42d Streets．
Metropolitan，Broadway and 27 th Street．
Mills（ N 0.1 ），Bleecker and Thompson Streets．
Mills（N゚○ 2），Rivington and Chrystie Streets．
＊Jorton Honse，Proadway and 14th Street．
$\ddagger$ Murray Hill．Park A venue and 40 th street．
$\ddagger$ Netherland，corner 5 th A venue and 59 th Street．
＊Kew York． 30 East 42 d street．
＊Normandie，Broadway and 38 th Street．
$\ddagger$ Park A venue，Park A yenne and $32 d$ Street．
$\ddagger$ Plaza， 5 th A venue and 59 th street．
＊st．Cloud Broadway and $42 d$ Street．
${ }^{*}$ St．Denis．Broadway and 11 tn street．
＊St，George，Broadway and 12 h street．
$\ddagger$ San Remo．Sth A venire and 75 th sireet．
$\ddagger$ Savoy，5th A vemue and 59th Street．
†‘herman Square．Boulevard and．West 71st St．
＊Sinclair House， 754 Broad way．
＊Smith \＆McNell＇s， 197 Washington Street．
Stevens House， 21 Broad way．
$\ddagger$ Sturtevant． 1186 Broadway．
＊Union Square， 16 Union Square
＊United States，Fulton and Water Streets．
$\ddagger$ Vendome，Broadway and 41st Street．
＊Waldorf－Astoria， 5 th A venue． 33 d to 34 th Street．
＊Westminster．Irviug Place and 16 th street．

##  second brigade, national guard, state of new york.

Headquarters, Hall of Records, Brooklyn Borough.
Commander.................................................................Brigadier-General James McLeer.

Assistant Adjutant-General,
Lieut.-Col. Brvt. Brig.-Gen. Jno.B.Frothingham
Surgeon ................... Lieut.-Col. Geo. R. Fowler
Ordnance .............................Major F. D. Beard
Quartermaster . . . . . . . . ........ Major P. H. McNulty
Inspector of Small.Armsfractice. MajorT. H. Babcock

|  | Major Edw. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Inspector | Major W. E. ('. Mayer |
| Commissar | Major Chas. W. Tra |
| Engineer. | Major J. W. Tumbridg |
| Aides-de- | pipt. John H. Shults |

Inspector
rout Iajor W. E. C. Mayer Major J. W. Tumbridge Capt. Ernestus Gulick. INFANTRY REGIMENTS IN BROOKLYN BOROUGH.


ARTILLERY, SIGNAL CORPS, ETC., IN BROOKLYN AND QUEENS BOROUGHS.

| Name. |  | Numerical Strength. |  | Commanding Officer. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Armory. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Commis- } \\ & \text { sioned } \\ & \text { Officers. } \end{aligned}$ | Men |  |
| Thira Batter | Clermo | 6 | 86 | Captain H. S. Rasquin. |
| 17th Separat |  | 5 | 66 | Captain John F. Klein. |
| Troop C...... | and A | 5 | 91 | Captain Chas. I. De Bev |
| 2 S Signal Co | $\ldots \mathrm{St} . .$. | 3 | 44 | Captain Chas. B. Laldw |

Total in Second Brigade (without Naval Reserve) on September 30, 1899: Officers, 179: men, 2,906, aggregate, 3,085 .

##  SHOWING SIZE, BOUNDARIES, AND VALLE.

Prospect, $5161 / 4$ acres, Prospect Park West, Coney Island Ave., Franklin, Ocean, and Flatbush A ves., value $\$ 27,735,000$.
Fort Greene, 30 acres, De Kalb Are., Washington Park, Ashland Pl., Willoughby St., Canton St., and aryrtle Ave., value $\$ 1,890,000$.
Bedford, 4 acres, Brooklyn and Kingston Aves. , Park Pl. and Prospect Pl., value $\$ 150,000$.
Tompkins, 734 acres, Tompkins, Greene, Marcy, and Lafayette Aves., value $\$ 400,000$.
City, 76 acres, Canton and Navy Sts., Park and Flushins Aves., value $\$ 325,000$.
City Hall, 16 acre. junction of Court and Fulton Sts., value $\$ 100,000$.
Carroll, 2 acres, President, Court, Carroll, and Smith Sts., value $\$ 390.000$.
Winthrop, 81/2 acres, Nassau ant Driggs Aves. , Monitor and Russell Sts., value, $\$ 325,000$.
Highland, 26 acres, Fórce Tube Ave. and Barbey St., facing Sunnyside Ave, value $\$ 250,000$. Sunset, 1414 acres, 41 st to 43 d st., 5 th to 7 th A ve. value $\$ 200,000$.
Red Hook, 6 acres, Richards, Dwight, Verona, and William Sts., value $\$ 150,000$.
Bushwick, icres, Knickerbocke and Irving A ves., Starr and Suydam Sts., value $\$ 150,000$.

East Side Lands, 50 acres, Washington Ave., Eastern Parkway, and Flatbush Ave., value $\$ 1.250,000$.
Parade Ground, 40 acres, Coney Island Ave.. Caton Ave., Ocean Ave., and Parade Pl., value $\$ 1.290,000$.
Concourse, 70 acres, East and West 5 th Sts., Sea Breeze Ave and the ocean, value $\$ 1,000,000$.

Dyker Beach, 144 acres, 7 th Ave. New York Bay, Bay 8th St., Cropsey, and 14th Aves., volue $\$ 300.000$.
Rensonhurst Beach, 8 acres, Bay Partway,

Gravesend Bay, 21st, and Cropsey Aves., value $\$ 38,000$.
Lincoln Terrace, 12 acres, Eastern Parkway, Buffalo Ave., President St., and Rochester Ave., value \$1:20 000.

Cauarsie Bach, 40 acres, Rockaway I arkway and Jamaica Bay, value $\$ 105,000$.
New Lots Playground, 3 acres. Sackman St., Newport, Christopher, and Riverdale Aves., value $\$ 16,000$.
Cooper, 17 acres, Maspeth and Morgan A ves. Sharon and Guilford Sis., value $\$ 55.000$.
Irving Sq., 315 acres, Hamburg and Knickerbocker Aves., Halsey and Weirfield Sts, value $\$ 70,000$.

Saratoga Sq. , 4 acres, Saratoca and Howard $A$ ves., Halsey and Macon sts., value $\$ 121,000$.
Linton, 3 acres, Bradford St., Blake, Dumont, and Miller Aves. , valne \$35.000.
Brooklyn Forest, 535 acres, between Jamaica Ave. and Union Turupike, Eldert Lane and Washington St., Town of Jamaica, value $\$ 1.250,000$.
Fort Hanilton, 7 acres, Fort Familton and Shore Road.

## PARKWAYS.

Onean Parkway, $51 / 2$ miles, Prospect Park to Coney Island, value $\$ 4,000,000$.
Eastern Parkway, $21 / 2$ miles, Prospect Park to Ralph Ave., $\$ 3,000,000$.

Eastern Parkway Fixtension, $2 \frac{1}{4}$ miles. Ralph A ve. to Ridgewood Park, value $\$ 1,300,000$.
Fort Hamilton Parkway, $43 / 2$ milea, Prospect Pariz to Fort Hamilton, value $\$ 1,000.000$.

Bay Parkway, 3 miles, Ocean Parkway to Bensonhurst Beach, value $\$ 1,000,000$.
Bay Ridge Park way (shore Drive) 3 miles, Fort Hamilton Ave, to Fort Hamilton, value $\$ 3$,600,000.

## 

(Bar Association Building, No. 42 West Forty-fourth Street, Manhattan Borough.) President-James C. Carter. |Vice-Pres,-Hamilton Odell. |Rcc. sceretary--x. B, Brownell. Vice-Pres,-William S. Choate. $\quad . \quad$ Herbert B. Turuer Cor. Scretary-bavid B. Ogden
Stephen H. Olin. Edmund Wetmore. Tiecsurer-B. Aymar Sands.
At the time of the last report of the Executlve Committee there were 1,516 meminers of the issoclation. It was instituterl in 1869, and its presidents have heen as follows: 1870 to 1s79, W111an 11 . Evarts; 1880 and 1881, stephen P. Nash; 1882 and 1883, Francis N. Bangs; 1884 and 1885, James $:$ Carter; 1886 and 1887, William Allen Buller; 1885 and 1889. Joseph H. ( 1 hate; 1890 and 1891 , Frederic R. Coudert; 1892 to 1894 , Wheeler H. Peckham; is95 and 1896, Joseph Larocque; 184\% to 1899, James C. Carter. The admission fee is $\$ 100$, and the annual dues from resident members, $\$ 40$, and from members having offices in New York c'ity and residing elsewhere, $\$ 20$; members neither residing nor having ottices in New York city shall be exempt from the payment of annual dues.

The Lawyers' Club. -120 Broadway, Mranhattan Boro, President-IT'mı. Allen Butler, Jr. Srcretary and Treasurer-George' T'. Wilson. 'Total membership, 1,500 . Membership is not restricted to lawyers. There are no entrance fees, but the annual dues of resident members are $\$ 100$, and of non-resident members, $\$ 50$. Non-resident members who are public officials, $\$ 25$ per annum, aud clergymen, whether resident or non-resident, the same.

## 

(Jandary 1, 1900.)
ACCORDING TO ESTIMATES MADE FOR THE WORLD ALMANAC BY THE GOVERNORS OF THE STATES AND TERRITORIES.
THE Governors were requested to make estimates of the present population of their respective States and Territories for The World Almanac for 1900. With a few exceptions all the States were heard from when this edition was ready for the press. Where the executives faled to respond in time the estimates were made by other State oticials, as indicated in the table, or their estimates made at the beginning of 1899 for this publication are used.

| States and Territories. | Estimated Population. | States and Territorids. | Estimated Population. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alab | 1,850,000 | Hon | 260,000 |
| Alaska. | (a) 40,000 | Nebras1 | 1,930,000 |
| Arizo | 105,000 | Nevaia | 60,000 |
| Arkan | 1,500,004 | New Hamp | 385,209 |
| Californ | 1.750,000 | New Jersey | 2,100,000 |
| Colorado | 650,000 | New Mexic | 289,829 |
| Conncetic | (e) 300,000 | New lork. | 7,100.005 |
| Delawar | 175,000 | North Carolin | 1,800,000 |
| District | (b) 287,462 | North Dako:a | 260,000 |
| Florida | (d) 525,000 | Ohio.. | 4,850,000 |
| Georgia | 2,201,000 | Oislahoma | 400,000 |
| Idaho. | 190,000 | Oregon | 500,000 |
| Illinois | 5,810,000 | Pennsyivauia | 6,200,000 |
| Indian | 2,830,000 | Rhode Istand | 421,583 |
| lowa. | 2,230,500 | South Caroli | 1,250,000 |
| Kansas | 1,440,000 | Souil Da | 400,000 |
| Kentuck | (e) 2,100,000 | Tennes | 2,000,000 |
| Loulisian | 1,260,000 | Texas. | (d) 3,500,000 |
| Maine | 700,000 | Utain. | \%80,000 |
| Marylan | (f) 1,150,000 | Vermont | 350,000 |
| Massach | (c) 2,846,670 | Virginia. | (e) 1,750,000 |
| Michiga | (f) 2,350,000 | Washingto | 500,000 |
| Minneso | 1,950,000 | West Virginia | 1,000,000 |
| Mississippi | 1,645,000 | Wisconsin. | 2,208,900 |
| .hissour....................... 1 , ${ }^{\text {a }}$, |  |  | 90,000 |
|  |  |  | 79,393,444 |

(a) Estimate for January 1, 1899. (b) By the Secretary of the Board of District Commissioners. (c) By Census Department of Massachusetts. (d) Estimated for the Governor by the Department of Agriculture. (e) By the Educational Dept. ( $f$ ) By the Secretary of State.

For the Indian Territory, of which a separate census has been made, 180,132 may be added.

## 3Lawn ©emmit ※iccorys.

## THE NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS, 1899,

The National Championship Lawn Tennis Tournament was held according to custom at che New. por: (R. I.) Casino from August 15 to 23.

Malcolin D Whitman successfully defended the title of national chen pior which he won in 1898. He also established an enviable record by passing through the entire season without a defeat.

The championship doubles were played in two sections, Eastern and Western, the winners meeting at Newport to decide the national championship. D. F. Daris and H. Ward won the Eastern section at Longwood during the week of July 24, easily winning from C. R. Budlong and Beaies C. Wright, 6-4, 6-2, $6-2$. The Western section of the tournament was played at the Kenwood Country Club, Chicago, July $\varepsilon$ and succeeding days, where there was the unusually large entry list of sixty-seven players. II H. Hackett and J. A. Allen defeated L. H. Wardner and W. L. Myers, 6-2, 6-3, 6-2 in the finals.

The winners of the East, D. F. Davis and H. Ward, and the winners of the West, H. H. Haclett and J. A. Allen, met at Newport. The Eastern pair won in a well-played match, 3-6, 6-3. 6-3, 6-1, and as L. E. Ware and G. P. Sheldon, Jr., champions of 1898, were unable to defend their title, Daris and Ward became champions for 1899 by default.

The Women's National Championships were held at Phiiadelphia curing the week of June 21. Miss Marion Jones, of San Francisco, won the single championship by default from Miss Juliette Atkinson, after defeating Miss Banks in the final round, 6-1, 6-1, 7-5. Miss Jones easily outclassed the other competitors, passing through the various rounds without losing a single set Miss Craven and Miss McAteer won the championship in doubles over Miss Rastall and Miss Banks, 6-1.6-1, 7-5. Miss Rastall and Mr. A. L. Hoskins, of the Belmont Cricket Club, won the championship in mixed doubles by defeatıng Miss Craven and Mr. Gardner, 6-4, 6-0, default.

## NATIONAL CHAMPIONS, 1899.

America-Singles, 11. D. Whitman. Doubles, D. F. Davis and Holcomb Ward. Women's Singles, Miss Marion Jones. Women's Doubles, Miss McAteer and Miss Jraven. Mixed Doubles, Miss Rastall and Mr. A. L. Hoskins. Interscholastic, Beales C. Wright. Intercollegiate-Singles, D. F. Davis (Harvard); Doubles, D. F. Davis and Holcomb Ward (Harvard).

Canada-Singles, M. D. Whitman. Doubles, M. D. Whitman and B C. Wright Women's Singles. Miss V Summerhayes.
England-Singles, R. F. Doherty Doubles, R. F. Doherty anc H. L. Doherty. Women's Singles, Miss Hillyard (5th time). Women's Doubles, Miss Hillyard and Miss Steedman.
Ireland-Singles, R. F. Doherty. Doubles, Riseley brothers.

SECTIONAL CHAMPIONS IN SINGLES, CUP HOLDERS AND OPEN TOURNAMENT WINNERS, 1899.

Southern (champ.)-J. C. Davidson.
District of Columbia (chanmp )-J. C. Davidson
New England (champ.)-A. E. Forte (wins the cup 94-96-99).
Hudson River (champ.)-C. S Bott.
Middle States (champ.)-M. D. Whitman.
Western (champ )-C. B Neel (wins cup 94-95-99),
Western (women's champ.)-Miss J. Atkinson.
Maine (champ.)-H. H. Hackett.
Massachusetts (champ.)-M. D. Whitman.
Rhode Island (champ.)-C. R. Budlong.
New York (champ.)-M. D. Whitman.
New Jersey (champ.)-Richard Stevens.
Pennsylvania (champ.)-Dr. R. N. Wilson.
Virginia (champ.)-M. A. Agelasto.
Pacific Coast (women's champ.)-Miss Marion Jones
Pacitic Coast (champ.)-George F. Whitney,

Canada (champ.)-M. D. Whitman.
Canada (women's champ.)-Miss V. Summerhayes. Niagara (international)-R. D. Little.
Niagara (international wonen's)-Miss Parker.
Chicago (nvitation)-W. S. Bond.
Metropoiitan (champ.)-E. P. Fischer.
Southampton (inv:tation)-M. D. Whitman.
Interscholastic (Columbia)-W. C. Grant (Tutor).
Interscholastic (Harvard)-B. C. Wright (Hopkinson, Boston).
Interscholastic (Princeton)-MI. Thompson (Lawrenceville, Pa.).
Interscholastic (Yale)-H. Miller (Hotchkiss, Lakeville).
Interscholastic (Maine)-S. Bradford (Thornton).
Interscholastic (Missouri)-George Adams (Smith, St. Louis).
Intercollegiate (Maine)-Mr. Summerbell (Bates).

Canadian (champ.)-M. D. Whitman and Beales C. Wright.

District of Columbia (champ.)-J. C. Davidson and J. P. Paret.

Eastern (champ.)-D. F. Davis \& Holcomb Ward.
Hudson River (champ.)-C. S. Bott and C. D. Millard.
Intercollegiate (Maine)-Dana \& Dana (Bowdoin).
Interscholastic (Maine)-Sibly and Harris (Portland High).
Metropolitan (champ.)-H. H. Hackett and J. A. Allen.
Middle States (champ.)-D F. Davis and Holcomb Ward.

New England (champ.)-H. H. Hackett and J. A. Allen.
New Jersey (champ.)-W. A. Larned and E. P. Larned.
New York (champ.) -J. P. Paret and R. D. Little. Pacific Coas (champ.)-Samuel Hardy and Sumner Hardy.
Pennsylvania (champ.)-R. N. Wilson and J. R. Carpenter, Jr.
Southern (champ.)-J. O. Davidson and J. P. Paret.
Western (champ.)-H. H. Hackett \& J. A. Allen. Western (women's champ.)-Misses C. B. Neely and Maud Jacobs.

The following committee, James Dwight, P. E. Presbray, E. P. Fischer, D, F. Davis, and Alfred Codman, at a meeting held in Boston Nov. 17, 1899, decided the ranking for 1899 to be in order named:

Over 1-6 of 15-M. D. Whitman. Scratch-Dwight F. Davis, William A. Larned. 2-6 of 15-J. P. Paret, Knight Collins, G. L. Wrenn, Jr., L. E. Ware, B. C. Wright, Holcomb Ward. R. F. Huntington, R. Stevens, E. P. Fischer, J. A. Allen. 4-6 of $15-$ S. C. Mildett, W. S. Bond, R. D Little, H. H. Hackett, E. R. Marvin, C. R. Budlong. 15-J. C. Davidson, A. Codman, R. McKittrick, E. P Larned, W. J. Clothier, N. H. Mundy. 15 and 2-6-K. Horton, J. R. Carpenter, H. E. Avery, W. C. जrant, Storer Ware, A. O. MacMaster.

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Department Sales, Entry and Bill Clerks, Salesmen, Entering Department, Shipping Cards, Transfer Journal, Salesman's Commission Book, Individual Cash Book, Purchase Journal, Abstract-sheet Method, Sales-checks, Summary-checks, Cashier's Coupon, Parker's Coupon, Charge Departinent, Credit Department, C.O.D. Sales, M. O. D. Sales, Clerk's Sales-book, Clerk's Abstract Book, Department Sales-book, Department Ledger, Proving Sales-checks, the Register-sheet Method, the Register Book Method, Retail Sales-ledger, Proof-ledger.
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# Paxatattan elebatex amy eyivo xuemue SURFACE RAILROAD SYSTEMS. Fare, Including Transfer, 8 Cents. <br> Stations. 

| Franklin St. | West to Franklin, Desbrosses, Chambers, Barclay and Cortlandt St. Ferries, N. R. <br> East to Grand St., E. R. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | West to Desbrosses, Franklin, Barclay. Chambers and Cortlandt st Ferries, N. $R$. <br> East to Grand, 10th and 23 d St. Ferries. E. R |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { West to Weet Shore Ferry. N R., and West to Broadway. } \\ \text { North to Fort Lee Ferry and via Amsterdam Are. to Fort George } \\ \text { East to 42d St.. E. R.. and 34th St.. E. R. (L. I. R. R.). } \end{array}\right.$ |
|  | North o Boulevard and Fort Lee Ferry. N. R., and Amsterdam Ave to Fort George. <br> South on Boulevard line $42 d$ St.. connecting East and North Rivers |
| 66th | Boulevard line to Fort Lee, N. R., and A msterdam Ave. to Fort George. South, Boulevard line to 42 d St. E R., and 34th St. . E. R. (L. I. R. R.) |
| $12$ | West to Fort Lee Ferry N R. North to Fort George. East to 125th St. and 3d Ave, and E. R. and via St. Nicholas Ave, to 110th St., 3d Ave. and E. R. |
| 135 | East to 138th St. and 3d Ave. and Bronx District. |
| 155 th S | East to 161st St. and 177 th St., 3 A Ave, and Bronx District. North, Jerome Ave. to Woodlarwn. |
|  | NINTH AVENUE LINE. |
| Cortlandt St. | West to Pennsylvanıa and Jersey Central Ferries. N. R. |
| Franklin St | West to Franklin and Desbrosses St. Ferries, N. K. East to Grand St. Ferry. E R. |
| Desbrosses S | West to Desbrosses St. Ferry, N. R. |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { West co West Snore Ferry, N R. } \\ \text { North. 19th and Amsterdam Ave. to Fort George and Boulevard !ine } \\ \text { to Fort Lee Ferry, N. R. } \\ \text { East to } 42 \text { s st.. E. R.. and } 34 \text { th St. . E. R. (L. I. R. R.) } \end{array}\right.$ |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { North. Boulevard line to Fort Lee Ferry, N. R. and Amsterdam Ine } \\ \text { to Fort George } \\ \text { South, Boul vard line to } 42 \mathrm{~d} \text { St., E. R., and } 34 \text { th St. E. R. (L. I. G. R.) } \end{array}\right.$ |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { West to Fort Lee Ferry, N. R., North to Fort George, } \\ \text { East to 125th St. and 3d Ave. and E. R., and via St. Nicholas Ave to } \\ 110 \text { th St., 3d Ave and E. R. } \end{array}\right.$ |
| 135 th St. | East to 138th St. and 3d Ave and Bronx District. |
|  | East to 161st St. and 177th St., 3d Ave and the Bronx District. North. Jerome ave to Woodlarvn. |
|  | SECOND AVENUE LINE. |
| Chathan Sq | East to Grand, 10th and 23d St. Ferries. E R |
|  | West to Desbrosses, Franklin, Chambers, Barclay and Cortlandt St Ferries. N R. <br> East to Grand St. Ferry. E. R. |
|  | West to Desbrosses, Frauklin. Chambers, Barclay and Cortlandt St Ferries, N. R. <br> East to Grand, luth and 23d St. Ferries, E. R. |
| th St. | East to 14th St., E. R., and 10th and Grand St. Ferries, E. R. |
| $42 d$ St. | East to E. R. and 34th St. (L. I. R. R.) Ferry. West to West shore Ferry, N. R. |
| 111 th St. | .East via 110 th St. to E. R. and Westvia 110th St, and St. Nicholas a ve to Fort Lee Ferry N R. |

THIRD AVENUE LINE.
Chatham Square J'c't.. . East to Grand, 10th and 23d St. Ferries, E. R.
Canal St................ (West to Jesbrosses, Franklin, Chambers, Barclay and Cortlandt s't. Grand St.................... Ferries, N. R.
East to Grand St. Ferry, E. R.
42d St.................... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { West to West Shore Ferry, N. R. }\end{array}\right.$
106th St......................Via 110th St., St. Nicholas Ave. to Fort Lee Ferry. N. R., East to 110th St., E. R
125th St..................... West to Fort Lee Ferry and Fort George and East to E. $\mathbb{B}$
$133 d$ st....................... Fiast to Unionport and Bronx District.
138th St..................... West to 135th St. and 8th Ave. and East to Port Morris and Bronx District.
149th St. ................... $\{$ East to Southern Bonlevard and Bronx District
161st St................... $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { West to Jerome Ave. to High Bridge. } \\ \text { East to Unionport, Westchester and Bronx District }\end{array}\right.$
177th St..................... West to Jerome Ave., East to Unionport, Westchester and Brons Iistrict.

# WHERE TO GET THE BEST OF EVERYTHING. <br> THE WORLD ALMANAC ADDENDA. THE BUYER'S GUIDE. 


#### Abstract

A list of reliable and enterprising firms who guarantee to give you the best of anything of each special line.


Abdominal Supporters, Trusses, Crutches, and Elastic Ntockings.<br>A. J. DITMAN,<br>2 Barclay St.,

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BOOK CO, 206 centre St., New York, manufacturers of cilmax security 'Binder, 20th Century Files, Empire Invoice Book, Eureka Adjustable Index Tabs, Climax Corrugated sheets 1orall binders.

Accounting Systems, for mercantile and manufacturing establishments, giving "per; petual", profit and loss statements and "going", balance sheets. Completest showings; cheapest to operate. ACCOUNT, AUDIT. AND ASSURance co., Ltd., 25 Pine St., New York.

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HOUSE, 191 Water St., N.Y. Plows, Cultivators, Baling Presses, Hay lutters. Horse Carts, Corn Sheliers, Griuding Mrills, Lawn Rollers, Incubators and Brooders, Brick Machlnery, Fanning Mills, Manure Spreaders, etc.

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ALLsopp'S is the only English Ale and Stout bottled by the Brewers. New York Office, Telephone, 824 Broad.

## Artesian Wells. <br> PHILLIPS \& WORTHINGTON, Contracting Engineers. Drilled and Driven Wells, Foundation Borings, Drainage, Diamond Drill, Core Work, and Complete Water Works, by contract or franchise. Washington Building, 1 Broadway, New York. Telephone, 1918 Broad.

"Artificial Human Eyes"-Made to order. Large stock on hand. Supply all eye infirmaries of creater New York and vicinity. Terms reasonable. Write for particulars, Establiched 1853. MAGER \& GOUGELMANN, 104 E. 12 th St., N. Y.

Artificial Limbs-C. A. FREES, 853 Broadway,
N. Y. (cor. 14th St.), manufacturer of Artificial Limbs of the latest and most approved patents; also appliances for shortened, deformed, and paralyzed limbs. Thousands in use. Catalogue free.

Asbestos Materials-R. M. Gilmour Mfg. Co. Asbestos Materials, Standard Hair Felts and Mineral Wool, Asbestos and Magnesia Pipe Coverings, Cements, Fibres, Board, Sheathings, Paper, Packings, Paints, Roofing, for sale or applied. 84 John St., New York.

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JOHN SULLIVAN \& SON, 356 Hudson St., New York, Manufacturers of Awnings. Tents, and Flags; Waterproof Horse, Truck, and Merchandise Covers. Waterproofing for the trade.

Bankers-REDMOND, KERR \& CO., Bankers, 41 Wall st. , New York. Members of New York Stock Exchange. Transact a general banking business. Deal iil high-grade Investment securities. Philadelphia correspondents: Graham. Kerr\& Co.

## Barrels and Casks.

J. COSGROVE \& SON, Cooperage,

154-156 Maiden Lane, near Front St., New York. Barrels and Casks, Half Barrels and Kegs Bought



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 to give you the best of anything of each special line.
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U.T. HUNGERFORD BRASS \& COPPER CO. Brass and copper in sheets, tubes, wire, rods, rivets, tacks, nails, etc. 121 Worth St, between EIm and CentreSts., New York. Telephone, 2144 Franklin.

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HOLLINGSWORTH, KIP \& ERSKINE,
Manufacturers of Brushes, 447 and 449 Greenwich St., New York.

Building and Loan Association-HOMES purchased for small cash payment; balance paid monthly same as rent. MORTGAGES paid off and additional advances made where conditions warrant. Investment sbares paying 5 and 6 per cent dlvidendsissued. New York building-Loan Banklag Co., 111 Fifth Ave, Now York.

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CAREFUL CARPET CLEANING CO.
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Carpets cleaned by steam, by hand, or on the floor. Coe \& Brandt, Proprietors. Telephone, 132-38.

THE H. C. BROWN CO. (Incorporated), Steam and Compressed-Air Carpet Cleansing, 221 East 38th St. New York. Branch office, 1535 Broadway. Telephone, 1,531 38th St.
J. \& W. WILLIAMS,

353 West 54th St. Established 1875.
Telephone, 366 Columbus. Send for prices.
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THE NEW YORK STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, W. H. JORDAN, Prop., 437-439 West 45th St.
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THE THOMAS J. STEWART CO.
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 <br> <br> THE BUYER'S GUIDE.}

## A list of reliable and enterprising firms who guarantes to give you the best of anything of eacin epscial life.

Chemical Apparatus-Elmer \& Amend, Estah. 18j1-Manufacturers and Importers of Chemical Apparatus and Chemicals. 205, 207, 209 and $2113 d$ Ave., cor. 18th St., New York. Largest stock in the United States of chemically pure Chemicals and Apparatus.

Chimney Renovators-GEORGE SMITH \& SON (Established 1840), 249 and 251 West 28 th St., Chimney Renovators and Contractors. We guarantee under any circumstance that if we have absolute charge and our advice is followed no chimney or flue will ignite. We will cure any chimney from smoking and make the draughts perfect.

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CHARLES S. LEVY Chiropodist,
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Branch Hoffman House Baths, 7 West 24th Street, New York.

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A. SCHTLTE, Imported, Key West, and Domestic Cigars, N. Y. Times Building, 39 Pa k Row, New York. Stores: N. Y. World Building, Postal Telegraph Building, 11 Wall St. Tel., 3707 Cort.

Cold St orage-Harrison Street Cold Storage Co.,
Co' Jrage and Freezing of Poultry, Butter, Eggs and se, 3, 5, 7, 9, and 11 Harrison'st. 77 and 79 Hudsun St., New York. Tel. 347 Franklin. Wm. Fellowes Morgan, Pres. D. J. McCarthy, Mgr.

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Electrician-JOHN T. WHITEHEAD, Electrical Contractor, 1024 Sixth Ave., bet. "7th and 58th Sts. , New York. Tel., 229038 th St. Electric Light Wiring, Burglar Alarms, Fans and Motors, Gas Lighting, Dynamos, Telephones. Repairs of Electrical Apparatus a specialty.

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Tel., 2181 John St.
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Engravers and Embossers-F. G. ALFORD \& CO. (Established 1884), Engravers, Printers, Embossers, Visiting Cards' Wedding Invitations, 99 and 98 Fulton St., s. e. corner William St., New York.

Tel., 685 John.
Express (Local).
NEW YORK DESPATCH \& DELIVERY CO., W. P. VAN HORN, 23 Great Jones St.,
New York City.
Felt.
AMERICAN FELT COMPANY,
Manufacturers of Every Description of Felt, 110 and 112 East 13th St., New York. Telephone, 1970 18th.

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PAIN', FIREWORKS CO., Manufacturers of Pain's Manhsttan Beach Fireworks. Public and Private Displays. Fireworks at wholesale and retail. No. 12 Park Place, New York.

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1 Fultou Fish Market, N.Y. Telephone, 22 John.
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JANFS\& K1R'TLND, Manufacturers of the BEFBE RANGFS AND FURNACES, 725 and 727 Sixth 4 ve . , New York. Our specialty is repairing of all kinds.

Galvanized Iron Range Boilers-L O , Koven \& Brother, manufacturers of Galvani. ed Iron Range Boilers, Expansion Tanks, Hot Water Tanks with steam coils inside, and heavy sheet-iron work of every description for factories, plantations and mines. Offlee, 18 Spruce St. , N. Y., U. S. A.

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Trefonsse and Foster Kid Gloves,
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Liquid Cauned oods, Flour, etc. All goods delivered free of charge. ASPELL \& CO.. 151 Hudson St and $2,4,6,7$ Hubert St., New York. Telephones, 429, 981 Frankiin.

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ABINGDON SQ. HOTEL, European Plan, 8th Ave. aud Abingdon Sq., N. Y. Newly furnished thronghout; rooms heated by steam, gas and electric light. European travellers will find the Abingdon Square unsurpassed, being within easy ccess of all steamship and steamboat landings. Rooms, \$1.0C and upward.

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HOTEL GRENUBLE, 7 th A ve and 56th St., N. Y. . under the management of Warren Leland, Jr. Broadway cable cars pass the door; elevated station within one block. Every modern comfort and convenience, and absclutely fireproof.

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## Burpee's Seeds Grow;

Because they are thoroughly tested for vitality, genuineness, and quality of strain.
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Because Fordhook Farms at Doylestown, Pennsylvania, are the completest trial grounds in America, and the trial system in practice there is to show actualities, not theories.
Because twenty-four years of intelligent study and labor, experiment and experience have crystallized into positive knowledge which goes to the planter with every package of Burpee's seedis.

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Because they are so thoroughly and naturally tested; are fresh, clean, and carefully handled; are of superior and definitely ascertained quality and produce true from the seed.

Burpee's Seeds have come to be a household word throughout the land, and good seeds properly planted are like Eind words fitly spoken. In both instances the results are manifold and gratifying.

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## THE EQUITABLE

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[^0]:    4) 
[^1]:    *Example, -To find the day of the week on which July 4, 1901, falls: Find 19 in the Table of Centuries and 01 in the Table of Years. The Year Letter at the intersection of their columns is $A$. In the Table of Months the key figure at the intersection of the A and July columns is 2. In the Table of Days the day of the week at the intersection of the key figure (2) and day of the month (4th) columns is Thursday, which gives the information desired.

    Leap Years, -For Leap Years use January and February at the top of the Table of Months opposite the words "Leap Year." In the Table of Years leap years are underlined. Years ending in 00 in Old Style dates are leap years; in New Style dates only when the Year Letter is $\mathbf{F}$.

[^2]:    At what age does one become "old" Five centuries ago a man was old at fifty. But the hale and hearty gentleman of to-day who has just turned sixty would probably protest against being classed among old people, even if famous. That his susceptibilities may not be wounded, therefore, a separating dash has been discreetly introduced after age sixty-five.

[^3]:    * Not given in 1890. $\dagger$ Reports discontinued after 1885.
    $\ddagger$ Includes Central and South America

[^4]:    The People's Party National Convention, at St. Louis, July 25, nominated William J. Bryan for President on the first ballot, which was: Bryan, 1,042; Norton, 321 ; Debs, 8 ; Donnelly, 1 ; Coxey, 1.

    The National Democracy, at their National Convention at Indianapolis, September 3, nominated Senator John M. Palmer for President on the first ballot. There were but two candidates, and the result of the bailot was as follows: John ML Palmer, Llinois, 76316; EdwardS. Bragg, Wisconsin, 1241/.

[^5]:    * Australiau Ballot law or a modification of it in force. † Indian must have severed tribal relations. § One year's residence in the United States prior to election required. (a) Women can vote in school elections. (b) Owners of real estate, one year. (c) Ministers in charge of an organized church and teachers of public schools are entitled to vote after six months' residence in the State. (d) Actual residence in the precinct or district required. (e) Who has paid six months before election any poll-tax then due, and can read and write any section of the State Constitution, or can show that he owns and has paid all taxes due the previous year on property in the State assessed at $\$ 300$ or more. (f) Or convicted of bribery at election, embezzlement of public funds, treason, felony, and petty larceny, duelists and abettors, unless pardoned by Legislature. ( $g$ ) Or persons non compos mentis, convicted of bribery or infamous crime, until restored to right to vote, under guardianship. (h) Except Pueblo Indians, if "acequia" officers. (i) Also those who deny the being of Almighty God.

    Residents of the District of Columbia never had the right to vote therein for national officers, or on other matters of national concern, after the territory embraced in it was ceded to the United States, and became the seat of the general government. But from 1802 to June 20, 1874, the citizens of Washington, and from January 1. 1790, to said date the citizens of Georgetown, were entitled to vote on municppal subjects and for certain municipal officers. The citizens of the portion of the District outside of Washington and Georgetown were entitled to the privilege of voting on municipal suhjects from April 20 , 1871 , to June 20, 1874, but that suffrage was abolished in the District of Columbia June 20, 1874, by an act of Congress of that date.

    For laws reqniring Registration of Voters, see next page.

[^6]:    * Should changes occur while The Almanac is passing through the press they will be found noted on page 13.

[^7]:    * Date of commission. + Now Lord Pauncefote.

[^8]:    * Mr. Van Alen was confirmed by the Senate bnt declined, and Mr. MacVeagh was appointed.

[^9]:    * The combined debt is composed of State debts, and county munieipal, and school district debts. For details see The Wurld almanac for 1898.

[^10]:    * 371.25 grains of pure silver are contained in a silver dollar.

[^11]:    * Including industrial policies. + According to the report made at the annual meeting of Mutual Benefit Life Associations, at Saratoga Springs, N. Y., June, 1897. It includes the returns of the fraternal orders. and is the latest. There were no returns made since that time, and the assessment business has meanwhile materially declined.

    The returns of life insurance in the first and third tables are from "The Insurance Year-Book," published by The spectator company.

[^12]:    *Returns of the United Kingdom are for the preceding year.

[^13]:    * On basis of $2,970,000$ square miles, which covers " land surface'" only, and excludes Alaska.
    + On basis of $72,801,571$, population for 1898 , which is reached by adding to the population of the United States in 1890, 62,801, 571, an estimated annual increase of 1,250,000 for each successive year.

[^14]:    * Annual report of Atlantic Coast Line of South Carolina (consolidation of Wil., Col. and Aug., Northeastern, Florence, Cheraw and Darlington, Manchester and Angusta railroads) for year ending June 30, 1899, shows total earnings, \$1,974,967; operatling expenses and taxes, $\$ 1,346,056$; net earnings, $\$ 0.58,911$.

[^15]:    * Evansville \& Terre Haute R. R. for year ending Jnne 30, 1899 (not included in Chicago \& Eastern Illinois report): Total earnings, $\$ 1,592,126$; operating expenses, $\$ 919,939$; net earnings, $\$ 672,187$; other income, $\$ 63,208$; total net income, $\$ 735,395$; total payments, $\$ 584,318$, surplus, $\$ 151,07 \%$.

[^16]:    * Fremont, Elkhorn \& M. V. R. R. for year ending May 31, 1899, as follows: Total earnings, $\$ 3,885,489$; total charges, $\$ 3,631,681$; surplus, $\$ 253,808$.

[^17]:    $\$ 252,035$

[^18]:    -Kanawha and Michigan Ry.-Total earnings, $\$ 634,064$; net earnings, $\$ 167,876$; total net income, $\$ 167,371$; total payments, $\$ 132,709$ surplus, $\$ 34,661$.

[^19]:    * The difference between the cheers of Harvard and Yale lies in the length of time it takes to give them. Harvard's cheer is long and deep; Y'ale's quick and sharp.

[^20]:    * Including 147,870 inhabitants of is!ands in the United Kingdom.

[^21]:    - Commanders of Squadrons cind Naral Stations-Mediterranean West, Vice-Admiral Fornier; Mediterranean Reserve, Rear-Admiral Gndin; Northert, Vice-Admiral Sallandrouze de Lamornaix; Atlantic, Fear-Admiral Secande; Pacific, Cuptain Marquis; Eantern, Rear-Admiral Courrejolles; Cochin China. Captair Reculoux: Indian Ocean. Captain Ifuguet; Algiers, Rear-Admiral servan; Cherbonrg, Vice-Admiral de Maigret. Commandant; Brest, Vice-Admiral Rarrera, Commandant; Lorient, Vice-Admiral Menard. Comimandant; Rochefort, Vice-Admiral Prouhet, Commandant; Toulon, Vice-Admiral de la Jaille, Commandant.

[^22]:    * New Jersey Constituthon was adopted June 29, 1844, amended mepternher 28. 1575. York Constitution was adopted November 6, 1894, and became operative January 1. 1895. \& Aew sylvania Constitution was adopted November 3,1873 , and became operative Jauuary 1,1874 . § Urganic act.

[^23]:    * New York State census of 1892. The population of the towit": fmbraced witl in the limits of "Gvester New York" is abont
    
     of pupalatiou of largest citi-s of the earth other than t onse of the Luiteil States hase been taken mainly from the "Statesman's Fear-Ruck" for 1899 . Tir cities of the Uuitedstat a ste )...ge "94.

    Nozr, Tin pornlati of Chinese cities other ti. an Cath $n$, Feiking, and Shanghal is omitter, because reports respecting it are nitterly uitmatworthr. There are forty or more (inves, cities whose inhabitants are numbered by rumor at from 200,000 to $1,000,004$ earli, but ni; official censusea have pver been tiaken; and setting aside consideratiou of the Oriental tondeucy to exaggeration, there is reason to believe that the eat mat sof population in many instances covered districts of country bearing the same names as the cities, instead of deanite muncipalitied.

[^24]:    * For present population of the Stat as, aceording to estimates made by the Governors thereof for The WORT, Almanac, see index. The new decennial census (the Twelfth) will be taken during the present yedr 1900.

[^25]:    Democratic forernors in italics，Repnhlions in Roman，silver barty anm Pombist mivali，CAPL Tals．＊Territorial fovernors are appointeri hy the presldent．$\dagger$ Noveraber 6，1900，Nevada elects one suprenie Conrt Judge and one Congressman．$\ddagger$ Election for Representative $n$ congress and for Fresidential electors November 6，1901，also memiers o Legislature and comity offi ers，Next general election for State officers November，1902．Next Fresidential elevtion，November b， 1900.

    Note．－The organization of new civil governments for Hawais，Porto Rico，Guam，Tutuila（Samoa）， and the Philippines will be provided for by the Fifty－sixth Congress．

[^26]:    * Private Secretary to the President, John Addison Porter, of Connecticut.
    + Vacant by the death of Garret A. Hohart.
    $\ddagger$ The Department of Agriculture was made an executive department and the Secretary of Agricul-
    ture made a Cabinet officer after the passage of the Succession act of the 49 th Congress.

[^27]:    * Also accredited to Roumania and Servia.
    $\dagger$ Also accredited to Honduras.
    $\ddagger$ Also accredited to Costa Rica and Salvador.

[^28]:    D., Democrats, 163. R., Republicans, 185. P., Populists, 6. S., Silver Party, 3.

    * Served in the Fifty-fifth House. ** Served in a previous House. $\dagger$ Served in the Confederate

[^29]:    * Hancock's actual majority in the State, the Democratic and Readjuster vote both being for him. † Plurality.

[^30]:    * Plurality.

[^31]:    * Initiation fee, $\$ 50$; members unde: twenty-five yea*s of age, \$25. + Report of January 1, 1899。 $\ddagger$ Initiation fee for professionals, $\$ 50 ;$ dues, $\$ 25$. (a) After May 1, 1900,37 West Forty-furth Street. Rendezvous at Bay Ridge, L. I. (b) Initiation fee suspended until 950 memberaare eurolled. No initiation fee when applicaut is under thirty years of age

    The returns in this table are of Jauuary 1,1900 , approximately.

[^32]:    Fish (Smoked and Kalt)-Meierdiercks \& Co. Curers. Packers, and Importers of Smoked aud Preserved Fish. Importers of the J. A. M. Crown Brand Scotcli Herring, J. A. M. A nchovies, O. K. Russian sardines anc sardelleu, smoked salmon, Sturgeon, Eels, etc. etc. 515 East 19th St., New York. Telephone, 2431-18th,

[^33]:    Lumber, Wholesale Hardwood.
    C. P. VOSBURGH,

    10 Wall St., New York.
    Car and cargo lotsonly. Sellers and buyers invited to call or correspond. Telephone, 681 Cortlandt.

[^34]:    Metal Goods Manufacturers-WILLIAM SCHIMPER\& CO., Manufacturers of Fine Sil-ver-plated Novelties. Sterling Silver and Metal Goods of every description. $320,322,324,326$ Ferry St., Hoboken, N. J. Telephone call, No. 170 Hoboken. Salesroom, 369 Broadway, New Jork (ity.

[^35]:    Sewer Pipe-ARTHUR N. PIERSON \& CO.,
    Wholesalers and Fxporters, Sewer Pipe, Flue Lining, and Drain Tile. No. 1 Park Row, New York' Phone 1532 C tlandt. orage Yards, Fort Lee, N. J. ; Long liland City $\rightarrow$ I.

[^36]:    TED 5,000 WANT TO MA R R
    many rich. LIST and PICTURES FREE. WTNTG
    WIU Walter McDonnell, C 40, Chicago, III

